

Iberol tablets : control of hypochromic anaemia in just 3 tablets a day.

Contributors

Abbott Laboratories

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control of hypochromic anaemia in just 3 tablets a day

ed, listless, she is relegated to the role of a spectator. You may recognize her as the typical IBEROL case—hypochromic anaemia. Specifically, her problem is a lack of iron. But she may need other important nutritional elements to supplement her diet for a more rapid and complete recovery.

IOL therapy provides sufficient iron (210 mg.) plus generous amounts of Vitamin B₁₂, folic acid and other B complex vitamins as well as standardized stomach-liver digest and ascorbic acid.

3 tablets a day—one after each meal—is the adult therapeutic dose.

The **secret of IBEROL potency and compactness** is in the ingenious use of the tablet itself as one of three sub-coatings which completely seal and protect the active ingredients. An outer sugar-coating gives the tablet a pleasant taste and odour.

Prophylaxis in pregnancy, old age or convalescence, one or two tablets daily is usually enough. In pernicious anaemia, IBEROL may be used as a supplemental haematinic. IBEROL is available in bottles of 25 and 100. Specify IBEROL for your next patient with iron-deficiency anaemia.

NOTE the individual potencies included in this one formula

3 IBEROL Tablets, the daily therapeutic dose for adults, supply . . .

FERROUS SULPHATE 1.05 Gm.
(representing 210 mg. elemental iron, the active ingredient for the increase of haemoglobin in the treatment of iron-deficiency anaemia).

plus

Aneurine Mononitrate 6 mg.
Riboflavin, B.P. 6 mg.
Nicotinamide, B.P. 30 mg.
Pyridoxine Hydrochloride, B.P.C. 3 mg.
Pantothenic Acid 6 mg.

plus

VITAMIN B₁₂ 10 mcg.
FOLIC ACID, B.P.C. 3.6 mcg.

plus

STOMACH-LIVER DIGEST 1.5 Gm

plus

ASCORBIC ACID, B.P. 150 mg.

IBEROL tablets

(IRON, F₁₂, FOLIC ACID, STOMACH-LIVER DIGEST WITH OTHER VITAMINS, ABBOTT)

Abbott Laboratories Limited

