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Contributors

Ince, Joseph.

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LATIN GRAMMAR or PHARMACY

JOSEPH INCE







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THE

BY THE EDITOR OF B. M. J.

LATIN GRAMMAR OF PHARMACY

FOR THE USE OF

MEDICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL STUDENTS

INCLUDING

THE READING OF LATIN PRESCRIPTIONS

LATIN-ENGLISH AND ENGLISH-LATIN

REFERENCE VOCABULARIES

AND PROSODY

RV

JOSEPH INCE, F.C.S., F.L.S., F.G.S

Associate of King's College, London; late Lecturer in Pharmacy to the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain; formerly Member of Council and Examiner.



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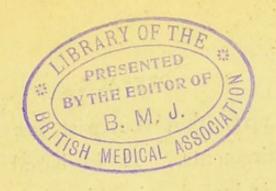
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PREFACE

This Manual of Medical Latin, specially adapted to Pharmacy and Therapeutics, is intended for the use of Medical and Pharmaceutical Students.

The latest arrangements now adopted in Public School teaching have been introduced; together with such technical instruction as the object of the work required; and great pains have been bestowed on giving accurate and complete directions for the reading of Latin Prescriptions.

It has been found necessary to re-construct and considerably enlarge the original Grammar; sections illustrating every variety of Medical Formulæ have been introduced; an English-Latin Vocabulary has been added; and it is hoped that the work may serve as a compendium of Latin Medicine and Pharmacy.

A carefully devised nomenclature derived from hospital practice and recent contributions to pharmacy

has sprung up within the past few years to meet modern requirements. It is based upon classical analogy and is included in this edition.

While a knowledge of elementary English Grammar has been assumed, the fullest explanation has been appended of the grammatical construction and distinctive character of the Latin language.

For the pronunciation of Latin words used in pharmacy, the first Vocabulary should be consulted.

JOSEPH INCE.

II, ST. STEPHEN'S AVENUE, SHEPHERD'S BUSH, LONDON, W.

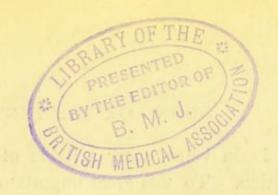


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THE LATIN GRAMMAR OF PHARMACY.

Many English words, such as are commonly used, are derived from Latin, as well as a large number of medical and scientific terms.

The Italian, French, Spanish, and Portuguese languages are taken from the same source.

The letters are the same as in English, excepting w, which is absent. The vowels are a, e, i, o, u, y; the rest are consonants. The diphthongs (or double vowels) are ae(x), oe(x), au, ei, eu, ui. There is no article in the Latin language.

In the ordinary English method of pronunciation, c and g are made hard before a, o, and u; and soft before e, i, and g. Of late it has been proposed to revive as nearly as possible the ancient pronunciation, and to adopt with some variations the continental method. In this system c becomes k and has a hard sound; the vowels lose their English value, and are read long or short according to their quantity; t before a vowel is never pronounced as sh; and other changes are included.

Syllables which are long have the mark - placed over their vowel; short syllables have the mark -. Doubtful syllables which are occasionally long or short, are marked \(\sigma\).

By quantity is meant the short or long pronunciation given to a vowel. This is determined by observing the quantity of words in Latin verse, every syllable of which has a definite pronunciation. To this great importance is attached. Some words change their signification according to their quantity. Thus malus (short a) means bad; malus (long a) means an apple tree; populus (long o) means a poplar; populus (short o) means the people. A vowel coming before a vowel will be short, and a diphthong or contracted syllable will be long. There are two numbers, Singular and Plural: the first denotes one object; the second, more than one. There are three genders, Masculine, Feminine and Neuter. When either masculine or feminine, the gender is called Common.

NOUNS OR SUBSTANTIVES.

Nouns are of five Declensions: in other words, there are five typical forms or patterns according to which they make their cases. These cases are six, and are arranged for convenience thus:—

- 1. Nominative. [Nomen, the naming case, or subject.]
- 2. Vocative. [Sign, O.]
- 3. Accusative. The object.
- 4. Genitive. [Sign, of.]
- 5. Dative. [Dărě, to give. Sign, to or for.]
- 6. Ablative. [Sign, by, with, or from.]

The endings of the different cases are added to what is called the stem, or the part of the word which remains unchanged. The changes which a stem-word undergoes are called Flexions.

The five declensions are known by the Character, that is the last letter of the stem, which stands before rum of um in the genitive case plural.

CHARACTER.

First Declension,	Α.	Ros-A-rum, of roses.
Second Declension,	0.	Ŏcŭl-ō-rum, of eyes.
Third Declension,	a consonant,	Lăpi-d-um, of stones.
	or I.	Ign-i-um, of fires.
Fourth Declension,	U.	Grăd-ŭ-um, of steps.
Fifth Declension,	E.	Dĭ-Ē-rum, of days.

Or it may be stated thus: the five declensions are known by the endings of their genitive plurals.

I. ārum. II. ōrum. III. um, or ĭum. IV. ŭum. V. êrum.

FIRST (OR A) DECLENSION

Includes nouns ending in \check{a} in the nominative case singular, and which form the genitive plural in \bar{a} rum. Nouns of this declension are feminine, unless the meaning shows them to be masculine. Thus, agricolă, a farmer, is masculine.

Nouns of the first declension are declined in the following manner:—

	Sin	gular.	Pli	ural.
Nom.	Rŏs-ă,	a rose.	Rŏs-æ,	roses.
Voc.	Rŏs-ă,	O rose.	Rŏs-æ,	O roses.
Acc.	Rŏs-ām	, a rose.	Rŏs-ās,	roses.
Gen.	Rŏs-æ,	of a rose.	Rŏs-ārum,	of roses.
Dat.	Rŏs-æ,	to or for a rose.	Rŏs-īs,	to or for roses.
Abl.	Rŏs-â,	by, with or from	Rŏs-īs,	by, with, or from
		a rose.		roses.

Observe these different endings, or flexions, of the same stem-word Ros. These endings are called the Cases; and these cases give the meanings.

The endings of the nominative and vocative singular are

both in \tilde{a} short. The ablative singular ends in \tilde{a} long. The genitive singular, nominative and vocative plural, end in a long. The genitive plural ends in \tilde{a} rum, and is the distinctive sign of this first declension.

The ending $\bar{\imath}s$ of the dative and ablative plural is long. We can thus form a table of these endings:

Declension I.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	ă	æ
Voc.	ă	æ
Acc.	ām	ās
Gen.	æ	ĀRUM
Dat.	æ	īs
Abl.	ā	is

Decline as Ros-ă, the feminine nouns:

Mātěria, matter. Aqu-ă, waler. Mistūr-ă, a mixture (med.). Caus-ă, a cause. Nātūr-ă, nature. Cœn-ă, a supper. Opera, work. Drachm-ă, a drachm (med.; Pilŭl-ă, a pill. gen. plur., drachmûm). Rēsīn-ă, resin. Gutt-ă, a drop. Tăbul-ă, a table. Hōr-ă, an hour. Tinctūr-ă, a tincture (med.). Libr-ă, a pound. Unci-a, an ounce. Lūn-ă, the moon. Mass-ă, a mass (applied to Vēn-ă, a vein. Vigilia, wakefulness. pills).

Copia, æ (f.), plenty, changes its meaning in the plural to copiæ, forces. A few words of the first declension have Abus

in the dative and ablative plural, to distinguish them from masculine nouns of the second declension.

Ex. Ăsĭnă, a she-ass, ăsĭnābŭs.

Dĕă, a goddess, dĕābŭs.

Ĕquă a mare, ĕquābŭs.

Fīlĭă, a daughter, fīlĭābŭs.

To distinguish them from-

Ăsinis, from asinus, an ass. Deis, from deus, a god. Equis, from equus, a horse. Filiis, from filius, a son.

Ălŏē (ἀλόη), a Greek word, belongs to this declension.

Nom. Ălŏē.
Voc. Ălŏē.
Acc. Ălŏēn.
Gen. Ăloēs.
Dat. Ălŏē.
Abl. Ălŏē.

SECOND (OR O) DECLENSION

Includes Nouns ending in us, er, and ir, masculine, except names of trees in us, which are feminine; and um, neuter. The genitive plural ends in orum.

A.

Nouns of the second declension ending in us, are declined in the following manner:

	Singu	lar.	Plu	ral.
Nom.	Ŏcŭl-ŭs,	an eye.	Ŏcŭl-ī,	eyes.
Voc.	Ŏcŭl-ĕ,	O eye.	Ŏcŭl-ĩ,	
Acc.	Ŏcŭl-ūm,	an eye.	Ŏcŭl-ōs,	eyes.
Gen.	Ŏcŭl-ĩ,	of an eye.	Ŏcŭl-ōrum,	of eyes.
Dat.	Ŏcŭl-ō,	to or for an eye.	Ŏcŭl-is.	to or for eves
Abl.	Ŏcŭl-ō,	by, with, or from	Ŏcŭl-īs,	by, with, or from
	an eye.		eyes.	

Decline in the same manner the masculine nouns:

Căpillus, a hair.
Congius, a gallon.
Culmus, a stalk.
Cyăthus, a cup.
Digitus, a finger.

Gallŭs, a cock.
Octāriŭs, a pint.
Scrūpŭlŭs, a scruple.
Succŭs, juice.
Syrūpŭs, syrup.

and

Names of trees, ending in us (feminine gender):

Alnus, the alder.

Fāgus, the beech-tree.

Fraxinus, the ash-tree.

Mālus, the apple-tree.

Mōrus, the mulberry-tree.

Ornus, the mountain ash-tree Pirus, the pear-tree. Populus, the poplar-tree. Prūnus, the plum-tree. Ulmus, the elm-tree.

Also, Crystallüs, f., a crystal.

Hümüs, f., the ground.

Hümī (used adverbially), on the ground.

B.

Nouns of the second declension ending in er and ir are thus declined:

	Sing	ular.	Plure	al.
Nom.	Pŭĕr,	a boy.	Pŭĕr-ī,	boys.
Voc.	Pŭĕr,	O boy.	Pŭĕr-ī,	O boys.
Acc.	Pŭĕr-ūm,	a boy.	Pŭĕr-ðs,	boys.
Gen.	Pŭĕr-ī,	of a boy.	Pŭĕr-ŌRŪM,	of boys.
Dat.	Pŭĕr-ō,	to or for a	Pŭĕr-īs,	to or for boy's.
		boy.		
Abl.	Pŭĕr-ō,	by, with, or	Pŭĕr-īs,	by, with, or
		from a boy.		from boys.
Nom.	Vir,	a man.	Vĭr-ī,	men.
Voc.	Vĭr,	O man.	Vĭr-ī,	O men.
Acc.	Vĭr-ūm,	a man.	Vĭr-ōs,	men.
Gen.	Vĭr-ī,	of a man.	Vĭr-ōrūm,	of men (poet.,
				vĭrûm).
Dat.	Vĭr-ō,	to or for a	Vĭr-īs,	to or for men.
		man.	A CONTRACTOR	
Abl.	Vĭr-ō,	by, with, or		by, with, or
		from a man.		from men.

Many nouns in *er* omit the *e* in all cases except the nominative and vocative singular; as, Măgister, *a master* măgistrum, măgistrī, măgistrō; plural, măgistrī, măgistrōs, măgistrōrum, măgistrīs.

Decline like Măgistěr:

Ägĕr, a field.

Arbitĕr, judge, umpire.

Cultĕr, a knife.

Libĕr, a book (but libĕr, free, libĕrī, children).

Ministĕr, a servant.

Table of endings (masculine and feminine) US, ER, IR:

Declension II.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	ŭs (ĕr, ĭr)	i
Voc.	ĕ {same}	ī
Acc.	um	ōs
Gen.	ī	ŌRUM
Dat.	ō	īs
Abl.	ō	īs

C.

Neuter nouns ending in um. The nominative, vocative, and accusative singular end in um. The nominative, vocative, and accusative plural end in \check{a} .

Singular.			Plural.		
Nom.	Balnĕ-um,	a bath.	Balně-ă,	baths.	
Voc.	Balnĕ-um,	O bath.	Balnĕ-ă,	O baths.	
Acc.	Balnĕ-um,	a bath.	Balnĕ-ă,	baths.	
Gen.	Balnĕ-ī,	of a bath.	Balnĕ-ōrum,	of baths.	
Dat.	Balnĕ-ō,	to or for a bath.	Balnĕ-īs,	to or for	
				baths.	
Abl.	Balnĕ-ō,	by, with, or	Balnĕ-īs,	by, with, or	
		from a bath.		from baths.	

Decline in the same manner:

Ăcētum, ī, vinegar.
Brāchi-um, ī, an arm.
Cŭbicŭl-um, ī, bedroom.
Föli-um, ī, a leaf.
Grān-um, ĭ, a grain.

Lign-um, ī, wood.

Mĭnĭm-um, ī, a minim (med.

i.e., "the least").

Ŏlĕ-um, ī, oil.

Vīn-um, ī, wine.

Castrum, i, (n. sing.) a fort, changes its meaning in the plural to castră, a camp.

A number of chemical and pharmaceutical substances belong to the neuter form of this declension, and are used in the singular; as,

Argentum, silver.
Aurum, gold.
Cuprum, copper.
Ferrum, iron.

Hydrargyrum, mercury.
Plumbum, lead.
Stannum, tin.
Stibium, antimony.

Also many pharmaceutical preparations used in the singular and plural:

Cērātum.
Collÿrĭum.
Dēcoctum.
Ēlectuārium.

Emplastrum.
Extractum.
Infūsum.
Lĭnĭmentum.

Table of endings of neuter nouns in UM:

Declension II.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	um	ă
Voc.	um	ă
Acc.	um	ă
Gen.	ī	ÕRUM
Dat.	ō	ĩs
Abl.	ō	ĩs

Three nouns of the second declension, though ending in us

Pělăgus, the open sca. Vīrus, poison. Vulgus, the multitude.

10 THIRD (CONSONANT OR I) DECLENSION.

They are not used in the plural. Vulgus is sometimes masculine.

Nouns in ius form the vocative singular in i; as, Filius, a son; voc. fili, O son. Mercurius, voc. mercuri.

Dĕus (m.), a god, is irregular, and is thus declined:

	Singular.	. Plural.
Nom.	Dĕŭs	dii or dî.
Voc.	Dĕŭs	dii or dî.
Acc.	Dĕum	dĕōs.
Gen.	Dĕī	dĕōrum
Dat.	Dĕō	diīs or dîs.
Abl.	Dĕō	diīs or dîs.

THIRD (CONSONANT OR !) DECLENSION.

Includes nouns which make the genitive singular in is; the dative singular in i; and the genitive plural in UM or IUM. The stems end either in a consonant or i.

A.

Masculine and feminine nouns increasing in the genitive singular; that is, having more syllables in the genitive singular than in the nominative. The genitive plural of such nouns is in UM.

	Singi	ular.	Plural.
Nom.	Pēs (m.)	, a foot.	Pěd-ēs, the feet.
Voc.	Pēs,	O foot.	Pĕd-ēs, O feet.
Acc.	Pĕd-em	a foot.	Pĕd-ēs, the feet.
Gen.	Pĕd-ĭs,	of a foot.	Ped-um, of the feet.
Dat.	Pĕd-ī,	to or for a	Pěd-ibus, to or for the
		foot.	feet.
Abl.	Pĕd-ĕ,	by, with, or	Pěd-ibus, by, with, or
		from a foot.	from the fect.

Nom.	Hŏmo,	a man.	Hŏmĭn-ēs,	men.
Voc.	Hŏmo,	O man.	Hŏmĭn-ēs,	O men.
Acc.	Hŏmĭn-em,	a man.	Hŏmĭn-ēs,	men.
Gen.	Hŏmĭn-ĭs,	of a man.	Hŏmĭn-um,	of men.
Dat.	Hŏmĭn-ī,	to or for a	Hŏmĭn-ĭbŭs,	, to or for
		man.		men.
Abl.	Hŏmĭn-ĕ,	by, with, or	Hŏmĭn-ĭbŭs	, by with or
		from a man.		from men.

In like manner, Lăpis, (m.) a stone:

Lăpis, lăpis, lăpidem, lăpidis, lăpidi, lăpide.

Lăpides, lăpides, lăpides, lăpidum, lăpidibus, lăpidibus.

Chemical compounds which end in ate in English and as in Latin, belong to the third declension, and are used in the singular. The genitive singular is ātis.

Ex.	Ăcētas.	Hydras.
	Arsenĭas.	Nitras.
	Benzŏas.	Phosphas.
	Carbonas.	Sulphas.
	Chloras.	 Tartras.
	Citras.	Valerianas.

The Latin pronunciation of these words is often disregarded in English. Thus we say a'cetate, and cárbonate. It is an affectation to do otherwise, for there is no classical authority for these terms.

Decline the following nouns, some increasing long, some short, in the genitive:

Æst-as, ātĭs, f., summer.

Ars, artĭs, f., art.

Cortex, cortĭcĭs, m. and f., bark.

Confectio, confectĭonĭs, f.

confection (med.).

Flōs, fl

Hĭems,

rectly

confection, jĕcur, j

Flōs, flōris, m., a flower.

Hiems, hiemis, f., winter (correctly, hiemps).

Hirūdo, hirūdinis, a leech, t.

Jecur, jecoris, n., the liver.

Liquor, liquoris, m., a fluid. Nux, nŭcis, f., a nut. Odor, odoris, m., a scent. Pars, partis, f., a part. Pulmo, pulmonis, m., a lung. Pulvis, pulvěris, m., a powder.
Sal, sălis, m., salt.
Rādix, rādīcis, f., a root.
[Ŏlĕum jĕcŏris ăsellī, cod's liver oil.]

There are many nouns of the third declension, each having a special nominative ending. The method by which they are declined can always be ascertained by taking the genitive case singular. Whatever precedes the *is* may be considered as the stem, to which the various case endings may be added.

Thus, lux (f.) *light*; genitive singular, lūc-is. Luc is here the stem; hence, lūc-em, lūc-ī, lūc-ĕ. Mucilāgo, *mucilage*; genitive singular, mucilāgin-is. Mucilāgin is here the stem; hence, mucilāgin-em, mucilāgin-ī, mucilāgin-ĕ. And so throughout.

B.

Nouns of the third declension not increasing in the genitive singular; that is, having the same number of syllables in the genitive as in the nominative. These nouns make the genitive plural in ĭum; as, Ignis, ignis (m.), fire; gen. plural, ignium. Tussis, tussis (f.), a cough, gen. plural, tussium.

These have been called "I Nouns."

Övis (f.), a sheep.

	Sin	gular.	1	Plural.
Nom.	Ŏvĭs,	a sheep.	Ŏv-ēs,	sheep.
Voc.	244	O sheep.	Ŏv-ēs,	O sheep.
Acc.	Ŏv-em,	a sheep.	Ŏv-ēs,	sheep.
Gen.		of a sheep.	Ŏv-ĭum,	of sheep.
Dat.		to or for a sheep.		to or for sheep.
Abl.	Ŏv-ĕ,	by, with, or from	Ŏv-ĭbŭs,	by, with, or from
		a sheep.		sheep.

Decline:

Ăvis, ăvis, f., a bird.
Clāvis, clāvis, f., a key.
Dŏsis, dŏsis, f., a dose (med.).
Febris, febris, f., a fever, acc.
febrem and febrim, abl.,
febrī.

Sĭtĭs, sĭtĭs, f., thirst (only in sing.).

Tussĭs, tussĭs, f., a cough.

Unguĭs, unguĭs, m., a nail.

Vītĭs, vītĭs, f., a vine.

Some of these words in is make the accusative singular in IM; as, Tussis, a cough; acc., tussim. Febris, fever; acc. febrim. Sitis, thirst; acc., sitim. Others make the accusative in in; as, dosin, a dose.

The ablative will then end in *i*; as, febrī, by a fever; sǐtī, by thirst; tussī, by a cough. Frātĕr, mātĕr, and pătĕr, make the genitive plural in UM; as, frātrum, mātrum, pătrum; of brothers, mothers, and fathers.

"I nouns" in ans and ens sometimes drop i in gen. plural: gigantes, gigantum, giants; părentum for părentium, of parents

Table of endings (masculine and feminine) of-

Declension III.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	various	ēs
Voc.	same	ēs
Acc.	em	ēs
Gen.	ĭs	UM or IUM.
Dat.	ĩ	ĭbŭs
Abl.	ě or i	ĭbŭs

C.

NEUTER NOUNS.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Nōmĕn, a name.	Nōmin-ă, names.
Voc.	Nōmĕn, O name.	Nōmin-ă, O names.
Acc.	Nōmĕn, a name.	Nōmĭn-ă, names.
Gen.	Nōmĭn-ĭs, of a name.	Nōmin-ūm, of names.
Dat.	Nōmin-ī, to or for a name.	Nōmin-ibus, to or for names.
Abl.	Nōmĭn-ĕ, by, with, or from	Nōmin-ibus, by, with, or
	a name.	from names.
Nom.	Corpus, a body.	Corpŏr-ă, bodies
Voc.	Corpus, O body.	Corpor-ă, O bodies.
Acc.	Corpus, a body.	Corpŏr-ă, bodies.
Gen.	Corpor-is, of a body.	Corpor-um, of bodies.
Dat.	Corpor-i, to or for a body.	Corpor-ibus, to or for bodies.
Abl.	Corpor-ĕ, by, with, or	Corpor-ibus, by, with, or
	from a body.	from bodies.
	Singular.	Plural.
	Non Ös (a hon	e) Ossă

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Ŏs (a bone)	Ossă
Voc.	Ŏs	Ossă
Acc.	Ŏs	Ossă
Gen.	Ossĭs	Ossĭum
Dat.	Ossī	Ossĭbŭs
Abl.	Ossĕ	Ossĭbŭs
Ōs.	oris (n.), the mon	uth, face.

Decline:

Căpăt, căpitis, the head.
Carmen, carminis, a song.
Cătaplasmă, cătaplasmătis, a poultice.
Crūs, crūris, a leg.
Ĕněmă, ěněmătis, a clyster.

Grāmen, grāminis, grass. Öpüs, öpĕris, a work. Pectus, pectoris, the breast. Sēmen, sēminis, a seed. Tempus, oris, time. Vulnus, vulneris, a wound.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Cochlěarě, a spoon.	Cochlear-ia, spoons.
Voc.	Cochlĕārĕ, O spoon.	Cochlear-ia, O spoons.
Acc.	Cochlĕārĕ, a spoon.	Cochlear-ia, spoons.
Gen.	Cochlĕār-ĭs, of a spoon.	Cochlear-ium, of spoons.
Dat.	Cochlear-i, to or for a	Cochlĕār-ĭbŭs, to or for
	spoon.	spoons.
Abl.	Cochlĕār-ī, by, with, or	Cochlear-ibus, by, with or
	from a spoon.	from spoons.
15000	and a selection of the selection of	
Nom.		Ănimāl-iă, animals.
Voc.	Ănimăl, O animal.	Ănimāl-ia, O animals.
Acc.	Ănimăl, an animal.	Ănimāl-ia, animals.
Gen.	Ănimāl-is, of an animal.	Ănimāl-ĭum, of animals.
Dat.	Ănimāl-ī, to or for an	Ănimāl-ibus, to or from
	animal.	animals.
Abl.	Ănimāl-ī, by, with, or from	Ănimāl-ibus, by, with, or
	animals.	from animals.

Table of endings of neuter nouns of-

Declension III.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	same)	ă or ĭă
Voc.	same \ variou	s same
Acc.	same)	same
Gen.	ĭs	UM or ĭum
Dat.	ī	ĭbŭs
Abl.	ĕ or ī	ĭbŭs

Attention must be paid to the following observation:

Nouns with two consonants before is in the genitive singular, and also neuters in e, al, ar, make the genitive plural in YUM; as,—

Dens, dentis (m.), a tooth; genitive plural, dentium.
Rētě, rētis (n.), a net; genitive plural, rētium.
Ănimāl, ănimālis, (n.), an animal; genitive plural, ănimālium.
Calcăr, calcāris, (n.), a spur; genitive plural, calcārium.

Adjectives of the third declension, and present participles with two consonants before *is* in the genitive singular, follow the same rule.

Ex. Ingens, ingentis, large; genitive plural, ingentium.

Pendens, pendentis, weighing; genitive plural, pendentium.

Neuters in e, al, ar, make i in the ablative singular.

Ăpĭs (f.), a bee, makes genitive plural, ăpum and ăpĭum, of bees.

Āēr, āĕrĭs (m.), air make make

IRREGULAR NOUNS.

Vīs (f.), strength.

Nom.	Vīs	vīrēs.
Voc.	none	vīrēs.
Acc.	Vim.	vīrēs.
Gen.	none	vīrĭum.
Dat.	none	vīrībŭs.
Abl.	Vī.	vīrībŭs.

Bōs (m.), an ox.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Bōs	bŏvēs.
Voc.	Bōs	bŏvēs.
Acc.	Bŏvem	bŏvēs.
Gen.	Bŏvĭs	bovum or boum.
Dat.	Bŏvī	bōbŭs or būbŭs.
Abl.	Bŏvĕ	bobus or bubus.

SĔNEX (m.), an old man.

Nom.	Sĕnex	sĕnēs.
Voc.	Sĕnex	sĕnēs.
Acc.	Sĕnem	sĕnēs.
Gen.	Sĕnĭs	sĕnum.
Dat.	Sĕnī	sĕnĭbŭs.
Abl.	Sĕnĕ	sĕnĭbŭs.

ĬTĔR (n.), a journey.

Nom.	Ĭtĕr	ĭtĭnĕră.
Voc.	Ĭtĕr	ĭtĭnĕră.
Acc.	Ĭtĕr	ĭtĭnĕră.
Gen.	Ĭtĭnĕrĭs	ĭtĭnĕrum.
Dat.	Ĭtĭnĕrī	ĭtĭnĕrĭbŭs.
Abl.	Ĭtĭnĕrĕ	ĭtĭnĕrĭbŭs.

Nom.	Jūpiter (or Juppiter).
Voc.	Jūpĭtĕr.
Acc.	Jŏvem.
Gen.	Jŏvĭs.
Dat.	Jŏvī.
AhI	Tově.

Also: Sŭpellex (f.), furniture. Sŭpellectilem. Sŭpellectilis. Sŭpellectili. Sŭpellectile.

Māně, the morning, is a neuter, indeclinable noun, commonly used as an adverb: maně, in the morning; also mānī, old, abl.

Amongst defective nouns are fas (n.), right; něfas (n.) wrong; nihil (n.) or nīl, nothing; ŏpus (n.), need; spontě, by one's own choice.

ADJECTIVES

Belong to the first, second, or third declensions; never to the fourth or fifth. They vary in gender, number, and case.

Adjectives of three endings, in us, a, um: or er, a, um, belong to the second and first declensions. The masculine and neuter endings are of the second declension. The feminine ending is of the first declension.

A.

Albus, white.

Singular.				Plural.			
	M.	F.	N.		M.	F.	N.
Nom.	Alb-ŭs	alb-ă	alb-um.	1	Alb-ī	alb-æ	alb-ă.
Voc.	Alb-ĕ	alb-ă	alb-um.	-	Alb-ī	alb-æ	alb-ă.
Acc.	Alb-um	alb-am	alb-um.		Alb-ōs	alb-ās	alb-ă.
Gen.	Alb-ī	alb-æ	alb-ī.		Alb-ōrum	alb-ārum	alb-ōrum.
Dat.	Alb-ō	alb-æ	alb-ō.	3	Alb-is	alb-īs	alb-is.
Abl.	Alb-ō	alb-ā	alb-ō.		Alb-is	alb-īs	alb-īs.

Decline:

Äcidus, ä, um, acid.
Altus, ä, um, high.
Äquosus, ä, um, watery.
Aureus, ä, um, golden.
Bonus, ä, um, good.
Idoneus, ä, um, fit.

Călidus, ă, um, warm.
Frīgidus, ă, um, cold.
Liquidus, ă, um, liquid.
Magnus, ă, um, great.
Parvus, ă, um, small.
Pūrus, ă, um, pure.

B.

NĭGĔR, black.

	Sin	igular.	Altra territoria		Plural.	
	M.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
Nom	. Nĭgĕr	nigr-ă	nigr-um.	Nigr-ī	nigr-æ	nigr-ă.
Voc.	Nĭgĕr	nigr-ă	nigr-um.	Nigr-ī	nigr-æ	nigr-ă.
Acc.	Nigr-um	nigr-am	nigr-um.	Nigr-ös	nigr-ās	nigr-ă.
Gen.	Nigr-ī	nigr-æ	nigr-ī.	Nigr-ōrum	nigr-ārum	nigr-örum.
Dat.	Nigr-ō	nigr-æ	nigr-ō.	Nigr-īs	nigr-īs	nigr-īs.
Abl.	Nigr-ō	nigr-ā	nigr-ō.	Nigr-īs	nigr-īs	nigr-īs.

Decline:

Ægĕr, ægră, ægrum, sick (the patient, med.). Āter, atră, atrum, jet black.
Pulchĕr, pulchră, pulchrum, beautiful.
(or pulcĕr, pulcră, pulcrum.)

C.

ASPER, rough.

Plural

		Duguar			Lurui.	
	M.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
N.	Aspĕr	aspěr-ă	aspĕr-um.	Aspĕr-ī	aspĕr-æ	aspĕr-ă.
Voc.	. Aspĕr	aspĕr-ă	aspěr-um.	Aspĕr-ī	aspĕr-æ	aspĕr-ă.
Acc.	Aspër-um	aspĕr-am	aspěr-um.	Aspĕr-ōs	aspĕr-ās	aspĕr-ă.
Gen	. Aspěr-i	aspěr-æ	aspěr-i.	Aspěr-ōrum	aspĕr-ārum	aspër-orum.
Dat	Aspěr-ō	aspěr-æ	aspĕr-ō.	Aspĕr-īs	aspĕr-īs	aspĕr-īs.
Abl.	Aspĕr-ō	aspĕr-ā	aspěr-ō.	Aspĕr-īs	aspĕr-īs	aspër-is.

Decline in the same manner:

Cincular

Miser, misera, miserum, wretched. Tener, tenera, tenerum, tender.

These adjectives should be learnt at first according to their declensions, and not by their three terminations.

The columns should therefore be read downwards and not across.

ADJECTIVES OF THE THIRD DECLENSION

May have three terminations, or two, or only one. When with one termination only in the nominative they are declined like nouns of the third declension; the ablative singular ending in e or i.

A.

ĀCĔR, keen, sharp.

	Singular.			Plural.		
	M.	F.	N.	M. and F.	N.	
Nom.	Ācĕr	ācrĭs	ācrĕ	Ācrēs	ācrĭă	
Voc.	Ācĕr	ācrĭs	ācrĕ	Ācrēs	ācrĭă	
Acc.	Ācrem	ācrem	ācrĕ	Ācrēs	ācrĭă	
Gen.	Ācrĭs	ācrĭs	ācrĭs	Ācrĭum	ācrĭum	
Dat.	Ācrī	ācrī	ācrī	Ācrĭbŭs	ācrĭbŭs	
Abl.	Ācrī	ācrī	ācrī	Ācrībus	ācrĭbŭs	

In the same manner:

Cĕlĕr, cĕlĕrĭs, cĕlĕrĕ, swift. Salūber, salūbris, salūbre, healthful.

B. Brěvis, short.

Singular.			Plural.		
	M, and F.	N.	M. and F.	N.	
Nom.	Brĕv-ĭs	brĕv-ĕ	Brĕv-ēs	brĕv-ĭă	
Voc.	Brĕv-ĭs	brĕv-ĕ	Brĕv-ēs	brěv-ĭă	
Acc.	Brĕv-em	brĕv-ĕ	Brĕv-ēs	brĕv-ĭă	
Gen.	Brĕv-ĭs	brĕv-ĭs	Brĕv-ĭum	brĕv-ĭum	
Dat.	Brĕv-ī	brĕv-ī	Brĕv-ĭbŭs	brĕv-ĭbŭs	
Abl.	Brĕv-ī	brĕv-ī	Brĕv-ĭbŭs	brĕv-ĭbŭs	

In the same manner:

Dulcis, sweet. Levis, light. Levis, smooth. Levis, mild.

Similis, like.

Similia (nom. pl.) similibus (abl. pl.) curantur.

Like things with like are cured.

C.

INGENS, &	great.	huge.
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	Singular.	Plural.		
	M. F. and N.	M. and F.	N. '	
Nom.	Ingens !	Ingent-ēs	ingent-ĭă	
Voc.	Ingens	Ingent-ēs	ingent-ĭă	
Acc.	Ingent-em, ingens	Ingent-ēs	ingent ĭă	
Gen.	Ingent-is	Ingent-ĭum	ingent-ĭum	
Dat.	Ingent-i	Ingent-ĭbŭs	ingent-ĭbŭs	
Abl.	Ingent-i or ĕ	Ingent-ĭbŭs	ingent-ĭbŭs	

Adjectives in x with a vowel—as, audax, ācīs, bold; fēlix, icīs, happy; tĕnax, ācīs, tenacious—have the genitive plural in ĭum; but vĕtūs, ĕrīs, old, has vĕtĕrēs, vĕtĕrum. Comparatives belong to the third declension, end in or, and have the genitive plural in um; as, altĭŏr, higher; gen. sing. altĭōrĭs, gen. pl. altĭōrum. The neuter nom. voc. and acc. singular ends in us; as—

Mĕlĭŏr	měliŭs) hottos	Pējōr	pējus (20
Mĕlĭōrem	mělĭŭs } better	Pējōrem	pējus } wors	ε.

MĔLĬŎR, better.

	Singular.		Plural.	
	M. and F.	N.	M. and F.	N.
Nom.	Mĕlĭŏr	mĕlĭŭs	Mĕlĭōr-ēs	mělĭōr-ă
Voc.	Mĕlĭŏr	mĕlĭŭs	Mĕlĭōr-ēs	mĕlĭōr-ă
Acc.	Mĕlĭōr-em	mĕlĭŭs	Mĕlĭōr-ēs	mĕlĭōr-ă
Gen.	Mĕlĭōr-ĭs		mělio	r-um
Dat.	Mĕlĭōr-ī		měliōi	r-ĭbŭs
Abl.	Mĕlĭōr-ē or	ī	měliō	r-ĭbŭs

Table of endings the same as for the third declension. Neuters in e are declined like cochleare.

FOURTH (OR U) DECLENSION

Includes nouns in us, chiefly masculine; and nouns in u, neuter. They make the genitive plural in čum.

	Singu	lar.	Plu	ral.
		M.		
Nom.	Grădŭs,	a step.	Grăd-ūs,	steps.
Voc.	Grădŭs,	O step.	Grăd-ūs,	O steps.
Acc.	Grăd-um,	a step.	Grăd-ūs,	steps.
Gen.	Grăd-ūs,	of a step.	Grăd-ŭum,	of steps.
Dat.	Grăd-ŭī,	to or for a step.	Grăd-ĭbŭs,	to or for steps.
Abl.	Grăd-ū,	by, with, or	Grăd-ĭbŭs,	by, with, or
		from a step.		from steps.

Decline in the same manner:

Haustus, ūs (m.), a draught. Spīritus, ūs, (med.) spirit.

Some nouns of the fourth declension make the dative and ablative plural in *ŭbŭs*. As—

Ăcŭs (f.), a needle; ăcŭbŭs. Ficŭs (f.), a fig; ficŭbŭs. Quercŭs (f.), an oak; quercŭbŭs.

Sometimes the dative $\tilde{u}\tilde{\iota}$ is contracted into \tilde{u} ; as, gradui, gradu.

IRREGULAR NOUN.

Dŏmŭs (f.), a house.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Dŏmŭs	Domūs
Voc.	Dŏmŭs	Domūs
Acc.	Dŏmum	Dŏmūs, dŏmōs
Gen.	Dŏmūs	Dŏmŭum, dŏmōrum
Dat.	Dŏmŭī, dŏmō	Dŏmĭbŭs
Abl.	Dŏmō	Dŏmĭbŭs
	Dŏmī, at home	(gen. old).

Table of endings (masculine and feminine) us:

Declension IV.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	ŭs	ūs
Voc.	ŭs	ūs
Acc.	um	ūs
Gen.	ūs	ŭum
Dat.	ŭi	ĭbŭs or ŭbüs
Abl.	ū	ĭbŭs or ŭbŭs

Neuter nouns in u:

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Cornū, a horn.	Cornŭă, horns.
Voc.	Cornū, O horn.	Cornŭă, O horns.
Acc.	Cornū, a horn.	Cornŭă, horns.
Gen.	Cornūs, of a horn.	Cornŭum, of horns.
Dat.	Cornū, to or for a horn.	Cornibus, to or for horns.
Abl.	Cornū, by, with, or from	Cornibus, by, with, or
	a horn.	from horns.

Decline in the same manner:

Gĕnū, a knee. Vĕrū, a spit, makes vĕrŭbus.

Table of endings (neuter) in U:

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	ū	ŭă
Voc.	ū	ŭă .
Acc.	ū	ŭă
Gen.	ūs	ŬUМ
Dat.	ū	ĭbŭs 51 50
Abl.	ū	ĭbŭs (ŭbŭs ĭbŭs ∫

FIFTH (OR E) DECLENSION

Includes nouns which make the genitive plural in ERUM, and are almost invariably feminine.

	S	Singular.		al.
Nom.	Făcĭēs,	the face.	Făcies,	faces.
Voc.	Făcies,	O face.	Făcies,	O faces.
Acc.	Făcĭ-em,	the face.	Făcĭēs,	faces.
Gen.	Făcĭ-ēi,	of the face.	Făcĭ-ĒRUM,	of faces.
Dat.	Făcĭ-ēi,	to, or for the face.	Făcĭ-ēbŭs,	toor for faces.
Abl.	Făcĭ-ē,	by, with, or from	Făcĭ-ēbŭs,	by, with, or
		the face.		from faces.

Dies, a day, is common, that is both masculine and feminine, in the singular, always masculine in the plural. Meridies, noon, is always masculine. The e of the genitive and dative singular is long when preceded by a vowel,—as, diei,—but short when preceded by a consonant; as, rei, of or to a thing.

		Singular.		Plural.
Nom.	Rēs,	a thing.	Rēs,	things.
Voc.	Rēs,	O thing.	Rēs,	O things.
Acc.	Rem,	a thing.	Rēs,	things.
Gen.	Rĕī,	of a thing.	Rērum,	of things.
Dat.	Rĕī,	to or for a thing.	Rēbŭs,	to or for things.
Abl.	Rē,	by, with, or from a	Rēbus,	by, with, or from
		thing.		things.

Spēs (f.), hope, has in the plural, only nom. voc. and acc.

COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES.

There are three degrees of Comparison: Positive, Comparative (more), Superlative (most); as, altus, high; altior,

higher; altissimus, highest (most or very high). The comparative is formed generally by adding ior, and the superlative by adding issimus to the positive, after taking away the ending of the genitive case; as, altus, gen. alt-ī, alt-ĭor, alt-issimus. Or it may be explained thus: the comparative and superlative may be formed from the positive by changing i or is of the genitive into ior or issimus.

Thus, dignus, worthy; gen. dign-i, dignior, more worthy. Ingens, great; gen. ingent-is, ingentior, greater.

Adjectives in the comparative degree are of two terminations, and belong to the third declension. Adjectives in the superlative degree are of three terminations, ending in us, a, um, and follow the second or first declension according to their terminations.

Adjectives ending in *er* add *rimus* in the superlative, not *issimus*; as, ācĕr, *sharp*; ācerrimus, *sharpest*. Observe that two r's result. So also vĕtus, *old*; vĕterrimus. Some adjectives in *ilis* form the superlative in *limus*.

Făcilis, easy; făcilior, făcilimus.
Difficilis, difficult; difficilior, difficilimus.
Similis, like; similior, similimus.
Dissimilis, unlike; dissimilior, disimilimus.
Grăcilis, slender; grăcilior, grăcilimus.
Humilis, low; humilior, humilimus.

Observe that the positives and comparatives contain the single l, and the superlatives the double letter (ll).

Some few adjectives are compared by means of the adverbs: măgis (more), maximē (most), valdē (greatly).

Adverbs formed from adjectives make the comparative in ius, and the superlative in e; as, rārūs, rārō (seldom), rārīùs, rārīssīmē; dignūs, dignē (worthily), dignīùs, dignīssīmē.

IRREGULAR COMPARISON,

Bŏnŭs, good; mĕlĭŏr, optĭmŭs.

Mălŭs, bad; pējŏr, pessĭmŭs.

Magnŭs, great; mājŏr, maximŭs.

Parvŭs, small; mĭnŏr, mĭnĭmŭs.

Multŭs, much; plūs, plūrĭmŭs.

Nēquam, worthless; nēquĭŏr, nēquissĭmŭs.

(not declined).

Dīvěs, rich; dītiŏr, dītissimus. Sĕnex, old; sĕniŏr, [nātū maximus]. or nātū mājŏr.

Jŭvenis, young; jūnior [nātū minimus].
or nātū minor.

Superus, upper; superior, supremus.

Inferus, lower; inferior, infimus.

Exterus, outside; exterior, extremus.

Interus, inside; interior, intimus.

Posterus, behind; posterior, postremus.

and postumus.

prior, former; primus. propior, nearer; proximus. ulterior, further; ultimus.

PLUS, more.

	Singular.	P	lural.
M.,	F., & N.	M. & F.	N.
Nom.	Plūs	plūrēs	plūră
Acc.	Plūs	plūrēs	plūră
Gen.	Plūrĭs	plūrĭum	plūrĭum
Dat.	_	plūribŭs	plūribŭs
Abl.	Plūrĕ	plūrĭbŭs	plūribus

NUMERALS.

ROMAN Symbols.	Cardinals.	ORDINALS.	DISTRIBUTIVE.	Adverbial.
I	ūnus	prīmus	singŭli (one each time)	semel (once)
II	dŭŏ	secundus or alter	bini	bis (twice)
III	trēs	tertĭus	terni or trini	ter (three times)
IV	quattuor (qua-	quartus	quaterni	quater (four
	tŭŏr)			times)
V	quinquě	quintus	quini	quinquies
VI	sex	sextus	seni	sexĭes
VII	septem	septimus	septēni	septies
VIII	A COLUMN TO A COLU	octāvus	octōni	octĭes
IX		nōnus	novēni	novies
X	děcem	dĕcĭmus	deni	decĭes
XI	unděcim	unděcímus	undēni	undecĭes
XII	duŏdĕcim	duŏdĕcĭmus	duodēni	duodecies
XIII	trěděcim	tertius děcimus	terni deni	tredecies
XV		quartus děcimus	quaterni deni	quartuordecĭes
XVI	quinděcim sēděcim	quintus děcímus sextus děcímus	quini deni seni deni	quindecĭes sedecĭes
XVII	septenděcim			
XVIII	duŏdēvīgintī	septimus děcimus duŏdēvicēsimus	septēni deni duodevicēni	septies decies duodevicies
XIX	undēvīgintī	undēvīcēsimus	undevicēni	undevicies
XX	vīgintī	vīcēsimus	vicēni	vicies
XXI	ūnus et vīgintī,	prīmus et vīcēsĭ-	vicēni singŭli	semel et vicles
	or vīgintī ūnus	mus, or vīcēsĭ- mus prīmus	viceni singui	semer et vicies
XXII	duŏ et vīgintī,	alter et vîcĕsĭ-	vicēni bini	bis et vicies
1	or vīgintī duŏ	mus, or vīcesĭ- mus alter		
XXIII	trēs et vīgintī,	tertius et vicesi-	vicēni trini	ter et vicies
1	or vīgintī trēs	mus, or vīcēsī- mus tertĭus		
XXVIII	duŏdētrīgintā	duŏdētrīgēsĭmus	duodetricēni	duodetricies
XXIX	undetriginta	undētrīgēsimus	undetricēni	undetricĭes
XXX	trīgintā	trīgēsĭmus	tricēni	tricĭes
XL	quadrägintä	quadrāgēsimus	quadragēni	quadragies
LX	quinquāgintā	quinquāgēsimus	quinquageni	quinquagies
LXX	sexāgintā	sexāgēsĭmus	sexagēni .	sexagies
LXXX	septŭāgintā	septűägésímus	septuagēni	septuagies
XC	octogintā popāgintā	octogesimus	octogēni	octogies
A.C	nönägintä	nonagesimus	nonagēni	nonagies

ROMAN SYMBOLS.	CARDINALS.	ORDINALS.	DISTRIBUTIVE.	Adverbiat.
CCCIDDD	centum dŭcentī, æ, ă trĕcentī, æ, ă quadringentī, æ, ă quingentī, æ, ă sexcentī, æ, ă septingentī, æ, ă octingentī, æ, ă nongentī, æ, ă millĕ duŏ millĭă centum millĭă	centēsimus ducentēsimus trēcentēsimus quadringentēsimus quingentēsimus sexcentēsimus septingentēsimus octingentēsimus nongentēsimus millēsimus bis millēsimus centiēs millēsimus	centēni ducēni trecēni quadringēni quingēni sexcēni septingēni octingēni nongēni singūla millĭā bina millĭā centēna millĭā	centies ducenties trecenties quadringenties quingenties sexcenties sexcenties septingenties octingenties nongenties millies bis millies centies millies

The cardinal numbers from quātuŏr are indeclinable. The hundreds are declined according to their terminations (second or third declensions). 200, 300, and 600 have the ending centī, and other hundreds have the ending gentī.

Millě is indeclinable in the singular; plural: nom voc. acc. milliä; gen. millium; dat. and abl. millibüs.

Written also mille, singular; mīlia, plural.

Centum is indeclinable.

Decies centena milia, a million.

Unus, one.

Singular.				Plural.		
	M.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
Nom.	Ūnŭs	ūnă	ūnum	Ūnī	ūnæ	ună ·
Acc.	Ūnum	ūnam	ūnum	Ūnōs	ūnās	ūnă
Gen.	Ūnīŭs	ūnīŭs	ūnīŭs	ŪnōRUM	ünarum	ūnōRUM
Dat.	Ūnī	ūnī	ūnī	Ūnis	ūnīs	ūnīs
Abl.	Ūnō	ūnā	ūnō	Ūnīs	ūnīs	ūnīs

Decline in the same manner:

Sōlŭs, ă um, alone. Nullŭs, ă, um, none. Ullus, ă, um, any. Tōtus, ă, um, whole.

Dǔo, two.

M. F. N. Nom. Dŭo dŭæ dŭo. Acc. Duos or Duo dŭās dŭo. Gen. Duorum dŭārum dŭōrum. Dat. & Abl. Duobus dŭābŭs dŭōbŭs. So also, ambo, æ, o, both.

TRES, three.

M. & F. N.

Nom. Trēs trĭa

Accus. Trēs trĭa

Gen. Trĭum trĭum

Dat. & Abl. Trĭbus trĭbus

Ŭtër, utră, utrum, which of the two. (Gen. utrius).

Neuter, neutră, neutrum, neither of the two. (Gen. neutrius.)

Alter, altera, alterum, another (one of two). (Gen. alterius.)

alter alter, the one, the other.

Ăliŭs, ăliă, ăliŭd, another (one of many). (Gen. alīus).

ălii ălii, some others.

PRONOUNS.

A.

PERSONAL PRONOUNS.

FIRST PERSON.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Ěgŏ, <i>I</i> .	Nōs, we.
Acc.	Mē, me.	Nōs, we.
Gen.	Měi, of me.	Nostrī or nostrum, of us.
Dat.	Mihi, to or for me.	Nobis, to or for us.
Abl.	Mē, with me.	Nöbīs, with us.

SECOND PERSON.

	Singular.	Plural.
Nom.	Tū, thou.	Vōs, ye.
Voc.	Tū, O thou.	Vos, O ye.
Acc.	Tē, thee.	Vōs, ye.
Gen.	Tŭī, of thee.	Vestrī or
		vestrum, of you.
Dat.	Tibi, to or for thee.	Vobis, to or for you.
Abl.	Tē, with thee.	Vobis, with you.

For the third person use the demonstrative pronouns, hic, ille, iste, or is, and translate, he, she, it, or they.

B.

REFLEXIVE OR RECIPROCAL PRONOUNS.

Nom.	(none).	
Acc.	Sē, sēsē, himself, herself, itself or themselves.	
Gen.	Sŭī, of himself, etc. singular and	
Dat.	Sibi, to or for himself, etc. plural.	
Abl.	Sē (sēsē), with himself, etc.	

When a more forcible statement is wanted, the proper case of ipse is added; as, se ipses parant, they prepare themselves.

C.

DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS.

Hīc, this (near me).

Istě, that (near you).

Illě, that (yonder).

Ĭs, ěă, ĭd, he, she, it, that.

I. Hīc, hæc, hōc, this (near me); pl. these.

	Singular.			Plural.		
	М.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
Nom.	Hic -	hæc	hōc	Hi	hæ	hæc.
Acc.	Hunc	hanc	hōc	Hōs	hās	hæc.
Gen.	Hūjus			Hōrum	hārum	hōrum.
Dat.	Huic			Hīs Hīs		
Abl.	Hōc	hāc	hōc	Hīs		

2. Istě, istă, istăd, that (near you), that of yours; pl. those.

Nom.	Istē	istă	istŭd.	Istī	istæ	istă.
Acc.	Istum	istam	istŭd.	Istōs	istās	istă.
Gen.	Istīus			Istōrum	istārum	istōrum.
Dat.	Istī			Istis	mind bud	
Abl.	Istō	istā	istō.	Istīs		

3. Ille, illa, illud, that, that yonder; pl. those.

Nom.	Illĕ	illă	illŭd.	Illi	illæ	illă.
				Illōs		
Gen.	Illīus			Illörum	illārum	illörum
Dat.				Illis		al late
Abl.	Illō	illā	illō.			

4. Is, ea, id, he, she, it, that, referring to the former part of a sentence.

Nom.	Ĭs	eă	ĭd.	Iī	eæ	eă.
Acc.	Eum	eam	ĭd.	Eōs	eās	eă.
Gen.	Ējus			Eōrum	eārum	eōrum.
Dat.	Eī			Iis or eis		
Abl.	Εō	eā		Iis or eis		

D.

DEFINITIVE PRONOUNS.

Îdem, eădem, ĭdem, the same. Ipsĕ, ipsă, ipsum, self (ipsissĭmŭs, the very same).

r. Idem, eădem, idem, the same.

	Singular.			Plural.		
	M.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
Nom.	Īdem	eădem	ĭdem.	M. Iidem	eædem	eădem.
.4cc.	Eundem	eandem	ĭdem.	Eösdem	eāsdem	eădem.
Gen.	Ējusdem	Later Later		Eösdem Eörunden	eārunden	eōrundem
Dat.	Eidem			Iisdem or	eisdem	
Abl.	Eōdem	eādem (eōdem.	Iisdem or Iisdem or	eisdem	

2. Ipsě, ipså, ipsum, self, himself, herself, itself.

Nom.	Ipsĕ	ipsă	ipsum.	Ipsī	ipsæ	ipsă.
Acc.	Ipsum	ipsam	ipsum.	Ipsös	ipsās	ipsă.
Gen.	Ipsīus			Ipsōrum	ipsārum	ipsōrum.
Dat.	Ipsī			Ipsīs		
Abl.	Ipsō	ipsā	ipsō.	Ipsīs		

Ipsë is used in the first, second, or third person, according to the sense; as, Ipsë dīco, I myself say it; Ipsë dixit, he himseif said it. Hence the popular phrase.

E.

INTERROGATIVE PRONOUNS.

Interrogative—Quis or qui, quæ, quid or quod, who?

	S	ingular	BATTE OF	Plural.		
	M.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
Nom.	Quis or	quæ	quid or	Quī	quæ	quæ.
	quī		quŏd.			
Acc.	Quem	quam	quid or	Quōs	quās	quæ.
			quŏd.			
Gen.	Cūjus			Quōrum	quārum	quōrum.
Dat.	Cuī			Quibus o	r quis	
Abl.	Quō	quā	quō.	Quĭbus o	r quis	

In compounds quis makes qua in the feminine; as, aliquis, aliquid, some one.

Quī and quŏd are used only with a noun; as, quī hŏmo? what man? quŏd ănimăl? what animal?

Quis and quid are used by themselves; as, quis est? who is it? quid est? what is it?

Quantus, how much = tantus, so much.

Quālis, what sort = tālis, such.

Quot (indecl.) how many? = tot, so many.

F.

RELATIVE PRONOUNS.

Relative-Qui, quæ, quod, reho or which.

	2	Singular	r	: V	Plural.		
	M	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.	
Nom.	Qui	quæ	quŏd.	Quĩ	quæ	quæ.	
Acc.	Quem	quam	quŏd.	Quōs	quās	quæ.	
Gen.	Cūjus			Quōrum	quārum	quōrum.	
Dat.	Cui			Quibus or	r quis		
Abl.	Quō	quā	quō.	Quibus of	quis		
[Cui is pronounced as ky in sky.]							

COMPOUNDS.

Quisnam, quidnam, quinam, quænam, quodnam, who, what? Quidam, quædam, quiddam (quoddam), a certain one.

Quicumque (or quicunque) quæcumque, quodcumque, whosoever, whatsoever.

Quisquis, whosoever.

Quidquid } whatsoever.

Quivis, quævis, quidvis (quodvis), any you will.

Quisque, quæque, quicque } each.

G.

POSSESSIVE OR ADJECTIVE PRONOUNS.

Měŭs, měă, měŭm, mine. (Voc. mî). Tuŭs, tuž, tuž, tuž, thine. Sužs, suž, suž, suž, her, its, their own. Cūjus, cūju, cūjum, of whom, whose?

Declined like adjectives with three terminations, us, a, um.

Nostěr, nostra, nostrum, our. Vestěr, vestra, vestrum, your.

Declined like nigër, nigra, nigrum.

VERBS.

An Auxiliary (or helping) Verb, is one which helps to conjugate another.

Auxiliary Verb, Sum,—I am. Sum, ĕs, fŭī, fŭtūrŭs, essĕ, to be.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Phiral.

Sum, I am. es, thou art. est, he is.

sumus, we are. estis, ye are. sunt, they are.

FUTURE SIMPLE.

ĕrō, I shall be. ĕris, thou wilt be. ĕrit, he will be.

ĕrimus, we shall be. ĕritis, ye will be. ĕrunt, they will be

IMPERFECT.

ĕram, I was. ĕrās, thou wast. ĕrăt, he was.

ĕrāmŭs, we were. ĕrātis, ye were. ĕrant, they were.

PERFECT.

fui, I have been.* fuisti, thou hast been. fuit, he has been.

fuimus, we have been. fuistis, ye have been. fuerunt, they have been.

FUTURE PERFECT.

fuero, I shall have been. fuerit, he will have been.

fuerimus, we shall have been. fueris, thou wilt have been. fueritis, ye will have been. fuerint, they will have been.

PLUPERFECT.

fueram, I had been. fueras, thou hadst been. füerat, he had been.

fuerāmus, we had been. fuerātis, ye had been. fuerant, they had been.

^{*} Or, I was, thou wast, etc.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

sim, I may be. sis, thou mayest be. sit, he may be.

sīmus, we may be. sītis, ye may be. sint, they may be.

IMPERFECT.

essem or forem, I might be. essēs or forēs, thou mightest be. esset or foret, he might be.

essēmus or forēmus, we might be. essētis or forētis, ye might be. essent or forent, they might be.

PERFECT.

fuerim, I may have been. fueris, thou mayest have been. fueritis, ye may have been. fuerit, he may have been.

fuerimus, we may have been. fuerint, they may have been.

PLUPERFECT.

fuissem, I should have been. fuisses, thou wouldest have been. fuisset, he would have been.

fuissemus, we should have been. fŭissētis, ye would have been. fuissent, they would have been.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Es, be thou.

Estě, be ve.

FUTURE TENSE.

Esto, thou shalt or must be. Estō, he shall or must be.

Estotě, ye shall or must be. Suntō, they shall or must be.

VERB INFINITE.

Infinitive Present and Imperfect. Esse, to be. Infinitive Perfect and Pluperfect. Füisse, to have been. Infinitive Future. Futurus esse or fore, to be about to be. Participle Future. Fŭtūrŭs, ă, um, about to be. Participle Present; Gerunds, Supines-none.

COMPOUNDS OF "SUM."

Absum, to be absent. Present Participle, absens, absentis.

Adsum, to be present.

Dēsum, to be wanting.

Insum, to be in, or upon.

Intersum, to be present at, take part in.

Obsum, to be against, to injure.

Præsum, to be before, to preside, to take the lead. Present Participle, præsens, præsentis.

Prōsum, to be useful to, to benefit. Takes d before e; as, prōsum, prōdes, prōdest; prōsumus, prōdestis, prōsunt.

Subsum, to be under, near.

Supersum, to be over, to remain, to survive.

The Verb has two Voices: Active, mūtō, *I change*; and Passive, mūtŏr, *I am changed*. A Deponent verb is passive in form but active in meaning: as hortŏr, *I exhort*.

Verbs are Transitive or Active, acting on an object; or Intransitive or Neuter, not acting on an object.

The Verb has two parts:

- I. FINITE, with three Moods. -
 - 1. Indicative Mood.
 - 2. Conjunctive (Subjunctive) Mood.
 - 3. Imperative Mood.
- II. INFINITE, with four Divisions.
 - 1. The Infinitive.
 - 2. The Participle.
 - 3. The Supine.
 - 4. The Gerund.

The Gerund, which, it must be recollected, belongs to the Active voice, when used with a preposition is often turned into the Gerundive, and agrees with its Substantive in gender, number, and case; as, Ad alvum solvendam, in order to loosen

the bowels. Ne in iis aut deligendis aut făciendis, lest in selecting or making them.

The Passive Participle which ends in dus is called the Gerundive: mūtandus, meet to be changed.

Verbs have Six Tenses which express the Time:

- 1. Present.
- 2. Future Simple.
- 3. Imperfect.
- 4. Perfect.
- 5. Future Perfect.
- 6. Pluperfect.

Verbs have two numbers, Singular and Plural, and three Persons in each number.

There are Four Conjugations, distinguished either by the terminations of the Infinitive,—

1st Conjugation ends in āre
2nd , , in ēre
3rd , , in ěre
4th , , in īre

or, by the present stem, as shown in the Imperative.

As— Hence the names—

Ăm-ā, love thou 1st (or A) Conjugation.
Mŏn-ē, advise thou 2nd (or E) Conjugation.

Rěg-ě, rule thou }
Cŏqu-ě, boil thou }
3rd (Consonant or U) Conjugation.
Aud-ī, hear thou 4th (or I) Conjugation.

The other parts of a verb may be ascertained from the present, perfect, and supine stems; as,—

Mūt-ā mūtāv mūtāt.

A, V, and T are the character letters; that is, the last letter of the stem.

FIRST (OR A) CONJUGATION .- ACTIVE VOICE.

Ămo, ămāvī, ămātum, ămārĕ, -to love. Stem: āma-.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

1. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Åmō, I love, or am loving. Ăm-ās, thou lovest, or art loving. Ăm-ăt, he loves, or is loving.

Ăm-āmus, we love, or are loving. Ăm-ātis, ye love, or are loving. Ăm-ant, they love, or are loving.

2. FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE.

Ăm-ābō, I shall love.

Ăm-ābĭs, thou wilt love.

Ăm-ābĭt, he will love.

Ăm-ābimus, we shall love. Ăm-ābitis, ye will love. Ăm-ābunt, they will love.

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Ăm-ābam, I was loving.

Ăm-ābās, thou wast loving.

Ăm-ābăt, he was loving.

Ăm-ābāmus, we were loving. Ăm-ābātis, ye were loving. Ăm-ābant, they were loving.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Ăm-āvī, I have loved, or I Ăm-āvimus, we have loved, loved.

Am-āvistī, thou hast loved, or Ăm-āvistīs, ye have loved, or

thou lovedst. ye loved.

Am-āvit, he has loved, or he Am-āvērunt, they have loved, loved. or am-āvēre or they loved.

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Åm-āverō, I shall have loved. Am-āverīmus, we shall have loved.

Ăm-āvěris, thou wilt haveloved. Ăm-āvěritis, ye will have loved. Ăm-āvěrit, he will have loved. Ăm-āvěrint, they will haveloved.

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Ăm-āvěram, I had loved. Ăm-āverās, thou hadst loved. Am-āverātis, ye had loved.

Plural.

Ăm-āvěrāmus, we had loved. Am-āverat, he had loved. Am-āverant, they had loved.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Am-ā, love thou.

Am-ātě, love ve.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ăm-ātō, thou shalt, or must Am-ātōtĕ, ye shall or must love love. Am-ātō, he shall, or must love.

Am-anto, they shall or must love.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Amem, I may love.* Ămēs, thou mayst love. Amētis, ye may love. Amět, he may love.*

Amēmus, we may love. Ament, they may love.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Am-arem, I might love.

Ămārēmus, we might love. Ăm-ārēs, thou mightst love. Ămārētis, ye might love. Ăm-ārět, he might love. Ămārent, they might love.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Amaverim, I may have loved. Amaverimus, we may have Amāveris, thou mayst have loved.

loved. Ămāvěrštis, ye may have loved.

Amāverit, he may have loved. Amāverint, they may haveloved

* Amem, also, let me love; amet, let him love.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Singular. Plural.

Amāvissem, I should have Amāvissēmus, we should have loved.

Ămāvissēs, thou wouldst have Amāvissētis, ye would have loved

Ămāvisset, he would have loved. Ămāvissent, they would have loved.

VERB INFINITE.

Present and Imperfect. Ămārě, to love.

Perfect and Pluperfect. Ămāvissě, to have loved.

Future. Ămātūrŭs essě to be about to love.

GERUND.

Gen. Ămandī, of loving.

Nom. and Acc. Ămandum, loving.

Dat. Abl. Ămandō, { for loving. by loving.}

SUPINES.

Ămātum, to love. Ămātū, in loving or to be loved.

PARTICIPLES.

Present. Ămans, ămantis, loving. Future. Ămāturus, ă, um, about to love.

This may be conjugated with all the tenses of sum. It is called Periphrastic conjugation; as, amaturi sunt, they are about to love. In the perfect tenses, vi and ve may be omitted before s and r; as,—

ămāvistī—ămāstī. ămāvistis—ămāstis. ămāvērunt—ămārunt. ămāvěro—ămāro. ămāvěram—ămāram. ămāvissem—ămāssem.

ămāvissĕ—ămāssĕ.

Ămāvēre remains unchanged, else it might be confused with ămāre, to love.

NOTE. - The imperfect, amabam, meaning, I loved, the pluperfect and the perfect, meaning, I loved, are called the Historic Tenses.

SECOND (OR E) CONJUGATION.—ACTIVE VOICE.

Moneo, monui, monitum, monere, -to advise. Stem: mone.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

ing.

advising.

ing.

Plural.

Mon-eo, I advise, or am advis- Mon-emus, we advise, or are advising.

Mon-ēs, thou advisest, or art Mon-ētis, ye advise, or are advising.

Mon-et, he advises, or is advis- Mon-ent, they advise, or are advising.

2. FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE.

Mon-ēbo, I shall advise. Mon-ēbis, thou wilt advise. Mon-ēbit, he will advise.

Mon-ēbimus, we shall advise. Mŏn-ēbĭtĭs, ye will advise. Mon-ebunt, they will advise.

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Mon-ēbās, thou wast advising. Mon-ēbātis, ye were advising. Mon-ēbăt, he was advising.

Mon-ēbam, I was advising. Mon-ēbāmus, we were advising. Mon-ebant, they were advising.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

advised.

Mon-ŭistī, thou hast advised, or

advisedst.

Mon-uit, he has advised, or he advised.

Plural.

Mon-ui, I have advised, or I Mon-uimus, we have advised, or we advised.

> Mon-uistis, ye have advised, or ve advised.

(they have advised, or they or -ŭērĕ.

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Mon-ŭero, I shall have advised. Mon-ŭerimus, we shall have

advised.

mised.

Mon-ŭeris, thou wilt have ad- Mon-ŭeritis, ye will have adadvised.

Mon-ŭerit, he will have advised. Mon-ŭerint, they will have advised.

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Mon-ueram, I had advised. Mon-ueramus, we had advised. Mon-ŭerās, thou hadst advised. Mon-ŭerātis, ye had advised. Mon-uerat, he had advised. Mon-uerant, they had advised.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Mon-ē, advise thou.

Mŏn-ētĕ, advise ye.

FUTURE TENSE.

advise.

Mon-ēto, thou shalt or must Mon-ētote, ye shall or must advise.

vise.

Mon-ēto, he shall or must ad- Mon-ento, they shall or must advise.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

1. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Mon-ĕam, I may advise.

Mon-ĕās, thou mayst advise.

Mon-ĕātis, ve may advise.

Mon-ĕātis, ve may advise.

Mon-ĕatis, ve may advise.

Mon-ĕatis, they may advise.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Mon-ērem, I might advise.

Mon-ērem, I might advise.

Mon-ēremus, we might advise.

Mon-ēretis, ye might advise.

vise.

Mon-ēretis, they might advise.

vise.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Mŏn-ŭĕrim, I may have advised.

Mŏn-ŭĕrĭs, thou mayst have
advised.

Mŏn-ŭĕrĭt, he may have advised.

Mŏn-ŭĕrĭt, he may have advised.

Mŏn-ŭĕrit, they may have
advised.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Mŏn-ŭissem I should have advised.

Mŏn-ŭissēs, thou wouldst have
advised.

Mŏn-ŭissētis, ye would have
advised.

Mŏn-ŭissět, he would have advised.

Mŏn-ŭissent, they would have
advised.

VERB INFINITE.

Present and Imperfect. Mŏnērě, to advise.

Perfect and Pluperfect. Mŏnŭissě, to have advised.

Future. Mŏnĭtūrŭs essě, to be about to advise.

GERUND.

Monendi, of advising.

Nom. and Acc. Monendum, advising.

Dat. Abl. Monendo, for advising.

by advising.

SUPINES.

Monitum, to advise.

Monitu, in advising, or to be advised.

PARTICIPLES.

Present. Monens, monentis, advising.

Future. Moniturus, a, um, about to advise.

This may be conjugated with all the tenses of sum.

THIRD (CONSONANT OR **U**) CONJUGATION.—ACTIVE VOICE.

Mitto, mīsī, missum, mittere, to send.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

1. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Mittō, I send.
Mittĭs, thou sendest.
Mittĭt, he sends.

Mittimus, we send.

Mittitis, ye send.

Mittunt, they send.

2. FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE.

Mittam, I shall send.
Mittes, thou wilt send.
Mittet, he will send.

Mittēmus, we shall send. Mittētis, ye will send. Mittent, they will send.

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Mittebam, I was sending.

Mittebas, thou wast sending. Mittebat, he was sending.

Plural.

Mittebamus, we were sending.

Mittēbātis, ye were sending.

Mittebant, they were sending.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Mīsī,* I have sent. Misisti, thou hast sent. Mīsĭt, he has sent.

Misimus, we have sent. Mīsistis, ye have sent. Misērunt or ! they have sent. Mīsērĕ.

5. FUTURE PEREECT TENSE.

Mīserō, I shall have sent.

Mīserimus, we shall have sent. Mīseris, thou wilt have sent. Mīseritis, ye will have sent. Miserit, he will have sent. Miserint, they will have sent

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Miseram, I had sent.

Miseras, thou hadst sent,

Mīsĕrăt, he had sent.

Mīsĕrāmŭs, we had sent. Miseratis, ye had sent. Miserant, they had sent.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Mittě, send thou.

Mittitě, send ye.

FUTURE TENSE.

Mittito, thou shalt or must Mittitote, ye shall or must send.

send.

Mittito. send.

he shall or must Mittunto, they shall or must seed.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Mittam, I may send.

Mittāmus, we may send.

Mittās, thou mayst send.

Mittātis, ye may send.

Mittăt, he may send.

Mittant, they may send.

2. IMPERFFCT TENSE.

Mitterem, I might send.

Mitteremus, we might send.

Mitteres, thou mightst send. Mitteretis, ye might send.

Mitteret, he might send.

Mitterent, they might send.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Miserim, I may have sent.

Mīsĕrīmus, we may have sent.

Mīserīs, thou mayst have sent. Mīserītis,

ye may have sent.

Mīsĕrit, he may have sent. Mīsĕrint,

they may have sent.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Misissem, I should have sent. Misissemus, we should have

sent.

Misissēs, thou wouldst have Misissētis,

ve reould have

sent.

sent.

Misisset, they would have sent. Misissent, they would have

sent.

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect. Mittere,

to send.

Perfect and Pluperfect. Misisse,

to have sent.

Future.

Missurus esse, to be about to send.

GERUND.

Gen. Mittendi of sending.

Nom. and Acc. Mittendum, sending.

Dat.)

Mittendō

for sending.

Abl.)

by sending.

SUPINES.

Missum, to send.

Missū, in sending, or to be sent.

PARTICIPLES.

Pres. Mittens, sending. Future. Missūrus, a, um, about to send.

This may be conjugated with all the tenses of sum.

FOURTH (OR I) CONJUGATION.—ACTIVE VOICE.

Audiō, audīvī, audītum, audīrĕ, to hear. Stem: audi-.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Aud-ĭō, I hear, or am hearing. Aud-īmus, we hear, or are hear-ing.

Aud-īs, thou hearest, or art Aud-ītis, ye hear, or are hearhearing. ing.

Aud-it, he hears, or is hearing. Aud-iunt, they hear, or are hearing.

2. FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE.

Aud-ĭam, I shall hear.
Aud-ĭēs, thou wilt hear.
Aud-ĭĕt, he will hear.

Aud-ĭēmŭs, we shall hear.
Aud-ĭētĭs, ye will hear.
Aud-ĭent, they will hear.

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Aud-ĭēbam, I was hearing.
Aud-ĭēbās, thou wast hearing.
Aud ĭēbăt, he was hearing.

Aud-ĭēbāmŭs, we were hearing.
Aud-ĭēbātĭs, ye were hearing.
Aud-ĭēbant, they were hearing.
ing.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Singular. Plural.

Aud-ivi, I have heard, or I Aud-ivimus, we have heard, or heard.

Aud-īvistī, thou hast heard, or Aud-īvistĭs, ye have heard, or thou heardst. ye heard.

Aud-īvit, he has heard, or he Aud-īvērunt, they have heard, heard. or -īvērĕ, or they heard.

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Aud-īvero, I shall have heard. Aud-īverimus, we shall have heard.

Aud-īveris, thou wilt have Aud-īveritis, ye will have heard.

Aud-iverit, he will have heard. Aud-iverint, they will have heard.

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Aud-īvěram, I had heard. Aud-īvěrāmus, we had heard. Aud-īvěrās, thou hadst heard. Aud-īvěrātis, ye had heard. Aud-īvěrat, he had heard. Aud-īvěrant, they had heard.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Aud-ī, hear thou. Aud-ītě, hear ye.

FUTURE TENSE.

Aud-ītō, thou shalt or must Aud-ītōtĕ, ye shall or must hear.

Aud-itō, he shall or must hear. Aud-iuntō, they shall or must hear.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Aud-iam, I may hear. Aud-iāmus, we may hear. Aud-iās, thou mayst hear. Aud-iātis, ye may hear. Aud-iant, they may hear.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Aud-īrem, I might hear. Aud-īrēmus, we might hear.

Aud-īrēs, thou mightst hear. Aud-īrētis, ye might hear.

Aud-īret, he might hear. Aud-īrent, they might hear.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Aud-īverim, I may have heard. Aud-īverimus, we may have

heard.

Aud-īveris, thou mayst have Aud-īveritis,

ye may have

heard.

heard.

Aud-īverit, he may have Aud-īverint, they may have

heard.

heard.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Aud-īvissem, I should have Aud-īvissēmus, we should have heard.

heard.

Aud-īvissēs, thou wouldst have Aud-īvissētis, ye would have heard.

heard.

Aud-ivisset, he would have Aud-ivissent, they would have heard.

heard.

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Impersect. Aud-īre, to hear.

Perfect and Pluperfect. Aud-ivisse, to have heard.

Future. Aud-ītūrus esse, to be about to hear

GERUND.

Gen. Aud-iendi, of hearing.

Nom. and Acc. Aud-iendum, hearing.

Dat. Aud-ĭendō, for hearing.

SUPINES.

Aud-îtum, to hear. Aud-îtū, in hearing, or to be heard.

PARTICIPLES.

Present. Aud-iens, aud-ientis, hearing.

Future. Aud-itūrus, a, um, about to hear.

This may be conjugated with all the tenses of sum.

In the Perfect tenses v may be omitted before e and i. The two i's are often contracted into i; as,

aud-īvistī, aud-ĭistī or aud-īvĕram, aud-ĭĕram aud-istī. aud-īvĕrim, aud-ĭĕrim. aud-īvistĭs, aud-ĭistĭs or aud-īvissem, aud-ĭissem or aud-īvĭt, aud-ĭit. aud-īvisse, aud-ĭissĕ or audi-vērunt, aud-ĭērunt. aud-īvissē.

FIRST (OR A) CONJUGATION.—PASSIVE VOICE.

aud-īvero, aud-ĭerō.

Ămor, ămātus sum or fui, ămāri, to be loved. Stem : ăma-.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Am-ŏr, I am loved.

Äm-āmŭr, we are loved.

Äm-āmš or am-ārš or thou art loved.

Äm-āmšnī, ye are loved.

Äm-ātŭr, he is loved.

Äm-antŭr, they are loved.

2. FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE.

Ăm-ābŏr, I shall be loved. Ăm-ābĭmŭr, we shall be loved. Ăm-ābĕrĭs or \ thou wilt be Ăm-ābĭmĭnī, ye will be loved. ăm-ābĕrĕ \ loved. Ăm-ābĭtŭr, he will be loved. Ăm-ābuntŭr, they will be loved.

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Am-ābāris or thou wast being Am-ābāmin, we were being loved.

Am-ābāris or thou wast being Am-ābāmini, ye were being am-ābāre loved.

Am-ābātur, he was being Am-ābantur, they were being loved.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Ăm-ātŭs sum
or fŭīIhave been loved,
or was loved.Ăm-ātīsŭmŭs
or fŭimŭswe have been
loved, or were
loved, or were
loved.Ăm-ātŭs ĕs
or fŭistīthou hast been
loved, or wast
loved.Ăm-ātī estĭs
or fŭistĭs,ye have been
loved, or were
loved, or were
loved.Ăm-ātŭs est
or fŭistĭshe has been
loved, or was
fuērunt, or
fuēre,Am-ātī sunt
loved, or were
loved, or were
loved.

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Ám-ātus ĕrō \ I shall have or fuĕrō \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrīs \ thou wilt have or fuĕrītis \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrīs \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrīt \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrīt \ he will have or fuĕrītis, \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrīt \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrīt \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrit \ been loved.

Am-ātus ĕrunt \ they will have or fuĕrītis, \ been loved.

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ăm-ātŭsĕram (I had been or fuĕram, (loved.)Ăm-ātī ĕrāmus (we had been or fuĕram, (loved.)Ăm-ātus ĕrās (thou hadst been or fuĕrās (loved.)Ăm-ātī ĕrātis (ye had been or fuĕrātis, (loved.)Ăm-ātus ĕrāt (he had been or fuĕrat (loved.)Ăm-ātī ĕrant (they had been or fuĕrat, (loved.)

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Am-ārě, be thou loved.

Ăm-āminī, be ye loved.

2. FUTURE TENSE.

Am-ātor, he must be loved.

Am-ātor, thou must be loved. Am-antor, they must be loved.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Am-er, I may be loved. Am-emur, we may be loved.

Ăm-ērisor } thou mayst be loved. Ăm-ēminī, ye may be loved.

Ăm-ētur, he may be loved. Am-entur, they may be loved.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Ăm-ārer, I might be loved. Am-āremur, we might be loved.

Ăm-ārērĕ, J loved.

Ăm-ārērisor) thou mightst be Am-ārēminī, ye might be loved.

Ăm-ārētur, he might be loved. Am-ārentur, they might be loved.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Ăm-ātus sim or) I may have Ăm-ātī sīmus or) we may have fŭĕrim.

been loved. fuerimus, been loved.

Am-ātus sīs or { thou mayst Am-ātī sītis or } ye may have have fueris, } been loved.

Ăm-ātus sit or \ he may have Am-āti sint or \ they may have füčrit,

been loved. fuerint,

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

or fuissem,) been loved.

Ăm-ātus essem \ I should have Am-āti essēmus (we should have been or fuissēmus, loved.

Ăm-ātŭs essēs { thou wouldst have been loved.

would Ăm-ātī essētis (ye have been or fuissētis, loved.

Am-ātus esset) he would have Am-āti essent or fuisset) been loved.

they would have been or füissent, loved.

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect. Am-ārī, to be loved.

Perfect and Pluperfect. Am-ātus (ă, um), esse or fuisse, to have been loved.

Future. Åm-ātum īrī (not declined), to be about to be loved.

PARTICIPLES.

Perfect. Am-ātus, a, um, loved or having been loved. Gerundive. Am-andus, a, um, meet to be loved.

SECOND (OR E) CONJUGATION.—PASSIVE VOICE. Möneör, mönitüs sum or füi, möneri,—to be advised. Stem: mone-.

VERB FINITE. INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Mon-eor,

I am advised. Mon-ēmur, we are advised.

mon-ēre,

thou art advised. Mon-ēmini, ye are advised.

Mon-ētur, he is advised.

Mon-entur, they are advised.

2. FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Mon-ebor, vised.

I shall be ad- Mon-ēbimur, we shall be advised.

mon-ēbere, advised.

Mon-ēberis or thou wilt be Mon-ēbiminī, ye will be advised.

Mon-ebitur, he will be ad- Mon-ebuntur, they will be advised.

vised.

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

advised.

Mon-ēbar, I was being Mon-ēbamur, we were being advised.

mon-ebare, advised.

Mon-ēbāris or) thou wastbeing Mon-ēbāminī, ye were being advised.

advised.

Mon-ebatur, he was being Mon-ebantur, they were being advised.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Mon-itus sum (I have been advised, or was or fui, advised.

Mon-iti sumus (we have been or fuimus,

thou hast been advised, or Mon-itus or fuisti, wastadvised.

Mŏn-ĭtī estĭs or fŭistĭs,

Mon-itus est \ \begin{pmatrix} he has been \ advised, or \ fuerunt, or \ fuerunt, or \ was advised. \end{pmatrix} they have been \ advised, or \ were advised. \end{pmatrix}

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Mon-itus ero) I shall have Mon-iti erimus \ we shall have

or fuero, de been advised. or fuerimus, de been advised.

Mon-itus eris thou wilt have Mon-iti eritis ye will have or fueris, been advised. or fueritis, been advised.

Mon-itus erit \ he will have Mon-iti erunt \ they will have or fuerit, been advised. or fuerint, been advised.

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

or fuerat, advised.

Mön-itus eram \ I had been Mon-iti eramus | we had been or fueram, advised. or fueramus, advised. Mon-itus eras (thou hadst Mon-iti eratis (ye had been or fueras, \ been advised. or fueratis, \ advised. Mon-itus erat) he had been Mon-iti erant \ they had been or fuerant, advised.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Mon-ēre, be thou advised. Mon-ēminī, be ye advised.

FUTURE TENSE.

Mon-ētor, thou must be advised. Mon-entor, they must be ad-Mön-ētor, he must be advised. vised.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

I may be ad- Mon-eamur, we may be ad-Mŏn-ĕăr, vised. vised. Mon-ĕāris or i thou mayst be Mon-ĕāmini, ye may be admon-ĕārĕ, sadvised. vised. Mon-eatur, he may be ad- Mon-eantur, they may be advised. vised.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

I might be ad- Mon-eremur, we might be ad-Mon-ērer, vised. vised. Mon-ērēmini, ye might be ad-Mon-ērēris or) thou mightst mon-ērēre, be advised. vised. Mon-eretur, he might be ad- Mon-erentur, they might be advised. vised.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Mon-itus sim \ I may have Mon-iti simus \ we may have Mon-itus sis \ thou mayst have Mon-iti sitis \ ye may have or fueris, been advised. Mon-itus sit he may have or fuerit, \ been advised.

or fuerim, been advised. or fuerimus, been advised. or fueritis, been advised. Mon-iti sint ! they may have or fuerint, \ been advised.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

should Mŏn-ĭtŭs essem have been or füissem, advised.

(thou wouldst Mŏn-ĭtŭs essēs have been or fuissēs, advised.

Mŏn-ĭtŭs essĕt (he would have been or füisset, advised.

Mŏn-ĭtī essēmŭs (have been or fŭissēmŭs, advised.

would Mŏn-ĭtī essētĭs (ye have been or fuissētis, advised.

Mon-iti essent (they would or füissent,

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect. Mon-ērī, to be advised.

Perfect and Pluperfect. Mon-itus (ă, um) esse or fuisse, to have been advised.

> Mon-itum irī (not declined), is be about to be advised.

PARTICIPLES.

Perfect. Mon-itus, a, um, advised, or having been advised. Gerundive. Mon-endus a, um, meet to be advised.

THIRD (OR CONSONANT AND U) CONJUGATION. -PASSIVE VOICE.

Mittor, missus sum or fui, mitti, to be sent.

VERB FINITE

INDICATIVE MOOD.

	I. PRESEN	IT TENSE.		
Sin	gular.	Plural.		
Mittŏr,	I am sent.	Mittimur,	we are sent.	
Mitteris or) .	Mittiminī,		
Mittěrě,	} thou art sent.		they are sent.	
Mittĭtŭr,			Salara Pay	
	2. FUTURE SI	MPLE TENSE.		
Mittăr,	I shall be sent.	Mittēmur,	we shall be sent	
Mittēris or	\ thou wilt be	Mittēminī,	ye will be sent.	
Mittērĕ,	} thou wilt be sent.	Mittentur,	they will be sent	
	he will be sent.		The second	

3. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Mittēbăr,	Iwas being sent.	Mittebamur, wewerebeing sent.
Mittēbāris or	thou wast being	Mittebāminī, ye were being sent.
Mittēbārĕ,	sent.	
Mittēbātur,	he was being	Mittebantur, they were being
	sent.	sent.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

Missus sum	(I have	been	Missī sŭmŭs	we have	been
or fui,	sent.		or fuimus,	sent.	
Missus es or	thou hast	been	Missī estis) or fŭistis,	ye have	been
fŭĭstī,	sent.		or fuistis,	sent.	
Missus est or	he has	been	Missi sunt or	they have	icen
iuit,	sent.		Missī sunt or fuerunt, or fuere,	sent	cco
			fŭērĕ,	30114.	

or. I was sent, etc.

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

or fuero, been sent. or fuerimus, been sent.

Missus ero I shall have Missi erimus) we shall have Missus eris thou wilt have Missi eritis or ye will have or fueris, \(\) been sent. fueritis, \(\) been sent.

Missus erit \(\) he will have Missi erunt \(\) they will have or suerit, I been sent. or suerint, I been sent.

6. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

or fueras, sent. or fueratis, sent. or fuerat, sent. or fuerant, sent.

Missus ëram or fueram, I had been sent. Missi ëramus we had been sent. or fueramus, sent. Missus eras thou hadst been Missi eratis ye had been Missus erat \ he had been Missi erant \ they had been

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Mittere, be thou sent. Mittimini, be ye sent.

FUTURE TENSE.

Mittitor, he must be sent.

Mittitor, thou must be sent. Mittuntor, they must be sent.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Mittăr, I may be sent. Mittāmur, we may be sent. Mittāris or \ thou mayst be Mittāmini, ye may be sent. Mittārĕ,) sent. Mittātur, he may be sent.

Mittantur,

they may be sent.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

Mitterer, I might be sent. Mitteremur, we might be Mittereris or) thou mightst be sent. Mittěrēmini, Mitterere, S sent. ye might be sent. Mitteretur, he might be sent. Mitterentur, they might be

sent.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Missus sim \ Imay have been Missi simus \ we may have or fuerim, S sent. or fuerimus, S been sent. Missus sis or \ thou mayst Missi sitis or \ ye may have fueris, sit he may have Missī sint or they may have or fuerit, been sent.

been sent.

fueritis, been sent.

fueritis, been sent.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Missus essem \ I should have Missi essemus \ we should have or füissem been sent.

Missüs esses thou wouldst have been or füissetis been sent.

or füisses been sent.

Missü essetis been sent.

sent.

Missü essent they would Missī essent \ \begin{array}{ll} they would \ have been \ sent. \end{array} Missus esset) he would have or fuisset) been sent.

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect. Mitti, to be sent. Perfect and Pluperfect. Missus (-ă, -um) esse or fuisse, to have been sent.

> Future. Missum īrī (not declined), to be about to be sent.

PARTICIPLES.

Missus, -a, -um, sent or having been sent. Perfect. Mittendus, -a, -um, meet to be sent. Gerundive.

FOURTH (OR I) CONJUGATION .- PASSIVE VOICE.

Audior, auditus sum or fui, audiri, to be heard. Stem: audi-.

VERB FINITE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Singular. Plura!. I am heard. Aud-imur, we are heard. Aud-ior, Aud-īris or \ thou art heard. Aud-īminī, ye are heard. aud-īrĕ, Aud-ītur, he is heard. Aud-iuntur, they are heard. 2. FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE. Aud-iar, I shall be heard. Aud-iemur, we shall be heard. Aud-ieris or) thou wilt be aud-ĭērĕ, \(\) heard. Aud-ĭēmĭnī, ye will be heard. Aud-ĭētŭr, he will be heard. Aud-ĭentŭr, they will be heard. 3. IMPERFECT TENSE. I was being Aud-iebāmur, we were being Aud-ĭēbăr, heard. heard. Aud-iebāris or) thouwastbeing Aud-iebāmini, ye were being

aud-ĭēbārĕ, heard. heard.

Aud-iebatur, he was being Aud-iebantur, they were being heard. heard.

4. PERFECT TENSE.

we have been Aud-iti sumus Aud-itus sum heard, or or fuimus, or fui, were heard. heard, or or fuistis, ye have been heard, or Aud-ītus es or fŭistī, wast heard. were heard. he has been Aud-îtî sunt they have been heard, or fuerunt, or heard, or fŭērĕ, were neard.

5. FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Plural.

) been heard. or fuero,) been heard. or fueris, or fuerit,) been heard.

Aud îtus ero (I shall have Aud-îti erimus) we shail have or fuerimus, been heard. Aud-ītus eris) thou wilt have Aud-ītī eritis) ye will have or fueritis, been heard. Aud-ītus erit) he will have Aud-ītī erunt) they will have or fuerint, been heard.

6. Pluperfect Tense.

or fueram, heard. or fueramus, heard. or fueras, heard. or fueratis, heard. or fuerat, I heard. or fuerant, I heard.

Aud-ītus eram \ I had been Aud-īti eramus \ we had been Aud-ītus erās) thou hadstbeen Aud-īti erātis) ye had been Aud-îtus erat) he had been Aud-îti erant) they had been

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Aud-ire, be thou heard.

Aud-īmini, be ye heard.

FUTURE TENSE.

Aud-itor, thou must be heard. Aud-îtor, he must be heard.

Aud-juntor, they must be heard.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. PRESENT TENSE.

Aud-iar, I may be heard. Aud-iāris or) thou mayst be heard. aud-ĭārĕ, he may be heard. Aud-ĭātur,

Aud-iāmur, we may be heard. Aud-iāmini, ye may be heard.

Aud-iantur, they may be heard.

2. IMPERFECT TENSE.

Singular.

Phiral.

Aud-īrer, I might be heard. Aud-īremur, we might be heard.

Aud-irerisor \ thou mightst be) heard.

Aud-īrēmīnī, ye might be heard.

aud-īrērĕ, Aud-īrētur, hemightbeheard.

Aud-irentur, they might be heard.

3. PERFECT TENSE.

Aud-ītus sim \ I may have been Aud-īti simus \ we may have or fuerim, \ heard.

. or fuĕrimus, been heard.

been heard. or fueritis, or fueris,

Aud-ītus sīs) thou mayst have Aud-īti sītis) ye may have) been heard.

or fuerit, heard.

Aud-ītus sit) he may have been Aud-īti sint) they may have or fuerint,) been heard.

4. PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Aud-ītus essem) I should have or fuissem, \ been heard.

should Aud-îtî essēmus have been or fŭissēmŭs, heard.

Aud-îtŭs essēs or fŭissēs,

Aud-ītī essētīs) verwouldhave or fŭissētis, been heard

Aud-ītus esset) he would have or fuisset,) been heard.

Aud-ītī essent or füissent,

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect. Aud-īrī, to be heard.

Ferfect and Pluperfect. Aud-ītus (-a, -um) esse or fuisse, to have been heard.

> Aud-ītum īrī (not declined), to be about Future. to be heard.

PARTICIPLES.

Aud-ītus (-ă, -um), heard or having been heard. Perfect. Gerundive. Aud-iendus (-a, -um), meet to be heard.

	antŭr entŭr untŭr ĭuntŭr	buntŭr	bantŭr	ī sunt }	ī črunt }	f crant }
ď	āmkoī ēmkoī ĭminī īminī	NSE. bimini ēmini	Tense. bāmŭr b ā mĭnī ense.	ī estřs SE.	ī ĕrĭtĭs	ī ĕrātĭs
VOICE.	Tense. āmŭr ēmŭr ĭmŭr īmŭr	FUTURE-SIMPLE TENSE. Děrís bítůr bímůr bír v běrě srís ētůr ēmůr ēn v ērě		ŭs ŭs ī ī ī ēs čs sămŭs es FUTURE-PERFECT TENSE.	ī řevimus eritis r Tense.	ī ērāmús ērātīs
GATIONS. PASSIVE 1 INDICATIVE	Present atúr ētűr ítűr itűr	URE-SIM DITÜI ë ētür	3. IMPERFECT baris v barě 4. Perfect 7	ŭs est Œ-Perf	ŭs ŭs ĕrĭs ĕrĭt 6. PLUPERFECT	ŭs ĕrăt
CONJUGATIONS. PASSIVE INDICATIVE	I. I arris erris erris erris rirris	2. Furu beris v beris eris eris v eris	3. IM baris baré baré 4. P		its ĕrīs 6. Peu	ŭs ĕrās
CON	ŏr ŏr ĭŏr	bor ăr ăr	băr	ŭs sum 5.	črō črō	řís ěram
FOUR	Ám Mồn Mitt Aud	Ámā Mönē Mitt Audř	Ämä Mönē Mittē Audřē	Amat Mönĭt Miss Audīt	Mönft Miss Audit	Amāt Mönĭt Miss Audīt
THE	ant ent unt ïunt	bunt	bant	ērunt v ērĕ	ěrint	ĕrant
OF						
IMARY OICE. MOOD.	Present Tense. ās ăt āmins ātis ēs ět ēmins ētis is it imus itis īs it imus itis	TURE-SIMPLE TENSE. bis bit bimüs bitis ēs čt ēmüs ētis	bāmus bātis Tense.	LO .	iritis	ĕrātĭs
	RESENT TENSE.	E-SIMPLE TENS bit bimüs čt ēmüs	3. IMPERFECT TENSE. bam bās bắt bāmůs bātis 4. Perfect Tense.	It Ymus istis	<pre></pre>	

SUMMARY OF THE FOUR CONJUGATIONS.

ntor ntor untor untor antŭr antŭr rentŭr	ī essent
or cor cor cor cor cor cor cor cor cor c	ī essētīs
0 1	ŭs ī essĕt essēmŭs
PASSIVE VOICE. TPERATIVE MOO TO THOR THOR THOR THOR THOR THOR THOR TH	ŭs essët
N · C P · N ID S.S. i	ŭs essēs
CCC	ŭs ŭ essem e
	Mönĭt Miss Audīt
10 10 10 10	
antō entō iuntō iuntō iuntō ent ent iant rent	issent
FUTURE. Atō atōtĕ Atō atōtĕ Atō atōtĕ Atō itōtĕ Atō itōtĕ Ase. Se. Se. Se atís Sis atís Sis atís Sis atís Se. NSE. NSE.	issētis
ACTIVE VOICE. IMPERATIVE MOOD. SENT. ā ātě ē ētě ētō ētō ētō ē tite itto itto i lité i lité i lité itto itto i lité i lito itto i lito i lito itto i lito i lito itto i lito i lito itto i lite i lité i li	issem issēs issět issēmŭs
ACTIVE VOICE. IMPERATIVE MOOGESENT. ā ātě ātō ātō ātō ē ētě ētō ētō i ītē itō itō i ītē itō itō i ītē itō itō i ītē itē itē itō i ītē itē itē i ītē itē itē i itē itē i itē itē itē i itē i itē itē i itē i itē itē i it	ssět is
ACTIVE IPERATIV NT. I atë s ëtë s itë s itë s itë n ës ët as ët buperfec Pluperfe	ses i
ACTANPER NPER atte e ette e e e ette e e e ette e e ette e e ette e e ette e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	em is
	iss
	Mŏnŭ Mîs Audîv
1.	II. N

SUMMARY OF THE FOUR CONJUGATIONS.

VERB. INFINITE.

ACTIVE VOICE.

INFINIT	CIVE.	GERUND.
Present	Perfect	
and	and	
Imperfect.	Pluperfect.	
I. Ămā	Ămāv)	I. Amand
II. Mŏnē	Mŏnŭ issĕ	II. Monend (N.A.G. D.Abl.
III. Mittě	Mis (isse	III. Mittend (um ī ō
IV. Audī	Audiv)	IV. Audiend
Partici	ble	Supines. Participle
Presen		Future.
I. Ăm ans		I. Ămāt
II. Mŏn		II. Monit um, ū ūrus
III. Mitt ens		III. Miss
IV. Audi		IV. Audīt)

PASSIVE VOICE.

INFINITIVE.

Present	Perfe		Future.
and	and		
Imperfect.	Pluper	fect.	
I. Ămā rī	Ămāt \		Ămāt)
II. Mŏnē rī	Mŏnĭt (ís, essĕ	Monit (um. īrī
III. Mitt i	Miss (15, 6556	Miss (
IV. Audī rī	Audit)		Audīt)
Participle Perf	ect.	G	ERUNDIVE.
Ămāt \		I. Ăm	
Mŏnĭt (ŭs		II. Mŏ	\ 11C 0 11100
Miss (us		III. Mittend (us, a, uni	
Audīt)		IV. Au	diend)

A few verbs which belong to the Third Conjugation have "I" in some tenses—but otherwise are regular; as—

Făciō, fēcī, factum, făcĕrĕ, to make. Fŭgiō, fūgī, fŭgitum, fŭgĕrĕ, to flee. Răpiō, răpŭī, raptum, răpĕrĕ, to seize.

THIRD CONJUGATION WITH I IN SOME TENSES. ACTIVE VOICE.

Căpiō, cēpī, captum, căpĕrĕ, to take.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense. Căpio, căpis, căpit, căpimus, căpitis, căpiunt

Future Tense. Căpi-am, ēs, ět, ēmus, ētis, ent.

Imperfect Tense. Căpi-ēbam, ēbās, ēbāt, ēbāmus, ēbātis, ēbant.

Perfect Tense. Cēp-i, istī, ĭt, ĭmus, istĭs, ērunt vel ērĕ. Future Perfect. Cēp-ĕrō, ĕrĭs, ĕrĭt, ĕrĭmus, ĕrĭtĭs, ĕrint.

Pluperfect. Cēp-ĕram, ĕrās, ĕrāt, ĕrāmŭs, ĕrātis, ĕrant.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Căp-ĕ-ĭtĕ, căp-ĭtō, ĭtōtĕ, căpĭuntō.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

Present Tense. Căpi-am, ās, ăt, āmus, ātis, ant.

Imperfect. Căp-ĕrem, ĕrēs, ĕrĕt, ĕrēmus, ĕrētĭs, ĕrent. Perfect. Cēp-ĕrim, ĕrĭs, ĕrĭt, ĕrĭmus, ĕrĭtĭs, ĕrint.

Pluperfect. Cep-issem, isses, isset, issemus, issetis, issent

Infinitive Present. Căpere.
Participle Present. Capiens.

Gerund. Căpiendi, ō, um.

PASSIVE VOICE.

Căpior, captus sum, căpi, to be taken.

Present Tense. Căp-ior, ĕris, itur, imur, imini, iuntur.

Future Tense. Căpiăr.

Imperfect Tense. Căpiebar.

Perfect Tense. Captus sur

Perfect Tense. Captus sum. Future Perfect Tense. Captus ero.

Pluperfect Tense. Captus eram.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Căpěrě, căpitor.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

Present Tense. Căpiăr. Imperfect Tense. Căperer.
Perfect Tense. Captus sim. Pluperfect Tense. Captus essem.

INFINITIVE.

Present. Căpi. Perfect Participle. Captus.

Gerundive. Căpiendus, meet be taken.

DEPONENT VERBS have a passive form, but an active meaning. They have gerunds, supines and active participles. These deponent verbs perplex a beginner on account of their passive form, and particularly on account of their having a true perfect participle active. Thus—hortātus, having exhorted. Their conjugation presents no difficulty.

- 1. Conor, conātus sum, conārī, to attempt.
- 2. Věrěŏr, věritus sum, věrērī, to fear.
- 3. Ūtor, ūsus sum, ūtī, to use.
- 4. Partior, partitus sum, partiri, to aivide.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. Present Tense.

- I. Conor, conāris (āre) conātur, conāmur, conāmur, conamur, conamur.
- II. Věrěor, věrēris (ērě) věrētur, věrēmur, věrēminī, věrentur.
- III. Ūtor, ūteris (ere) ūtitur, ūtimur, ūtimini, ūtuntur.
- IV. Partior, partiris (ire) partitur, partimur, partimini partiuntur.

2. Future Simple Tense.

- I. Conabor, conaberis (ere).
- II. Věrēbor, věrēberis (ěrě).
- III. Ūtăr, ūtēris (ērĕ).
- IV. Partiăr, partieris (ere).

3. Imperfect Tense.

Conābar, bāris, bātur.

Věrēbăr, bārĭs, bātŭr.

Ūtēbăr, bārĭs, bātŭr.

Partiē-băr, bāris, bātur.

4. Perfect Tense.

- I. Conātus sum, es, est.
- II. Věritus sum
- III. Ūsŭs sum
- IV. Partītus sum

5. Future Perfect Tense.

Conātus, ero, eris, erit.

Vĕrĭtŭs, ĕrō

Ūsŭs ĕrō "

Partītŭs ĕrō

6. Pluperfect Tense.

Conātus eram. Veritus eram. Ūsus eram Partītus eram.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

- I. Conāre, conāminī, conātor, conātor, conantor
- II. Věrērě, věrēmínī, věrētŏr věrētŏr, věrentŏr.
- III. Ūtere, ūtiminī, ūtitor ūtitor, ūtuntor.
- IV. Partīre, partīminī, partītor, partītor, partiuntor.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. Present Tense.

- I. Coner, coneris (ere), conetur, conemur, conemini, conentur.
- II. Věrěar, věrěaris (ārě), věrěatur, věrěamur, věrěamini, věrěantur.
- III. Ūtăr, ūtāris (ārĕ), ūtātur, ūtāmur, ūtāminī, ūtantur.
- IV. Partiar, partiaris (iare), partiatur, partiamur, partiamini, partiantur.

2. Imperfect Tense.

- I. Conārĕr,
- II. Věrērěr, (rēris, v rērě, rētur, rēmur, rēmini, rentur.
- IV. Partīrĕr,

3. Perfect Tense.

I. Cōnātŭs,
II. Vĕrĭtŭs,
III. Ūsŭs,
IV. Partītŭs,
Vĕrĭtī,
Vĕrĭtī,
Vĕrĭtī,
Vĕrĭtī,
Partītī,

4. Pluperfect Tense.

I. Cōnātŭs,
II. Vĕrĭtŭs,
essem, essēs,
Vĕrĭtī,
essēmŭs, essētis,
IV. Partītŭs,
Partītī,
Partītī,

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect.	Perfect and Pluperfect.	Future.		Participle Future.
I. Coṇārī, II. Vĕrērī, III. Ūtī, IV. Partīrī,	Conātŭs, Vĕrĭtŭs, Ūsŭs, Partītŭs,	Conātūrŭs, Veritūrŭs, Ūsūrŭs, Partītūrŭs,	essĕ.	Conātūrŭs. Veritūrŭs. Ūsūrŭs. Partītūrŭs.

Participle Present.

I. Conans, attempting.

II. Vĕrens, fearing.

III. Utens, using.

IV. Partiens, dividing.

Participle Perfect.

Conātus, having attempted. Veritus, having feared. Ūsus, having used. Partītus, having divided.

GERUNDS.

(of, by, etc.)

I. Conandum, i, o, attempting.

II. Vĕrendum, ī, ō, \ fearing.

III. Ūtendum, ī, ō, (using.

IV. Partiendum, ī, ō, dividing.

GERUNDIVE.

[passive meaning.] Meet to be

I. Conandus, a, um, attempted.

II. Věrendus, ă, um,

feared.

III. Ūtendus, a, um,

used.

IV. Partiendus, a, um,

divided.

SUPINES.

I. Conātum, ū.

II. Vĕrĭtum, ū.

III. Ūsum, ū.

IV. Partītum, ū.

Four deponent verbs of the third conjugation govern the ablative case:

Ūtör, ūsŭs sum, ūtī, to use.
Fruŏr, fruĭtŭs and fructŭs sum, fruī, to enjoy.
Fungŏr, functŭs sum, fungī, to perform.
Vescŏr—vescī, to cat.

Also -

Fer-et

Pŏtiŏr (fourth conjugation) pŏtītŭs sum, potīrī, to obtain possession of.

Certain deponent verbs are frequently employed. As-Pătior, passus sum, pătī (3), to suffer.

Möriör, mortuus sum, morī (3), to die.

[mors, mortis, death. mortuus, dead.]

Future Participle, moriturus, about to die.

Lŏquŏr, lŏcūtŭs sum, lŏquī (3), to speak. Sĕquŏr, sĕcūtŭs sum, sĕquī (3), to follow. [mānĕ sĕquentĕ, on the following morning.] (or māni.)

Experior, expertus sum, experiri (4), to try. Metior, mensus sum, metiri (4), to measure. Orior, ortus sum, oriri (4), to rise.

IRREGULAR OR ANOMALOUS VERBS.

Fĕrō, tŭlī, lātum, ferrĕ, to bear.

Conjugate the Compounds of Fero in the same way.

ACTIVE VOICE.

INDICATIV	E MOOD.	Conjunctiv	VE MOOD.
	1. P	resent.	
Fĕr-ō	fĕr-ĭmŭs	Fĕr-am	fĕr-āmŭs
Fers	fer-tis	Fĕr-ās	fĕr-ātĭs
Fert	fĕr-unt	Fĕr-ăt	fĕr-ant
	2. Futu	re-Simple.	The same of the sa
Fĕr-am	fĕr-ēműs		
Fĕr-ēs	fĕr-ētĭs	(want	ing.)

fer-ent

INDICATIVE MOOD. CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

3. Imperfect.

Fĕr-ēbam	fĕr-ēbāmŭs	Fer-rem	fer-rēmŭs
Fĕr-ēbās	fĕr-ēbātĭs	Fer-rēs	fer-rētĭs
Fĕr-ēbăt	fĕr-ēbant	Fer-rĕt	fer-rent

4. Perfect.

Tŭl-ī	tŭl-ĭmŭs	Tŭl-ĕrim	tŭl-ĕrimŭs
Tŭl-istī	tŭl-istĭs	Tŭl-ĕrĭs	tŭl-ĕritĭs
Tŭl-ĭt	tŭl-ērunt <i>or</i> ērĕ	Tŭl-ĕrĭt	tŭl-ĕrint

5. Future-Perfect.

Tŭl-ĕro	tŭl-ĕrimŭs	
Tül-ĕrĭs	tŭl-ĕritĭs	(wanting.)
Tŭl-ĕrĭt	tŭl-ĕrint	

6. Pluperfect.

Tŭl-ĕram	tŭl-ĕrāmŭs	Tŭl-issem	tŭl-issēmŭs
Tŭl-ĕrās	tŭl-ĕrātĭs	Tŭl-issēs	tŭl-issētĭs
Tŭl-ĕrăt	tŭl-ĕrant	Tŭl-issĕt	tŭl-issent

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

PARTICIPLES.

Present.	Fĕr Fer-tĕ	Present. Future.	Fĕr-ens Lātūrūs (ă, um)	
Future.	Fer-tō Fer-tō		SUPINES.	
	Fer-tōtĕ Fĕr-unto		Lātum Lātū	
In	NFINITIVE.			

Pres. and Imp.	Fer-rĕ		GERUND.
Perf. and Plup.	Tŭl-issĕ	Gen.	Fĕr-endī
Future.	Lātūrŭs essĕ		etc.

PASSIVE VOICE.

-			3 .	
NI	DICA	TIVE	Ma	OIL
777	DICU	TIAL	TATO	JI.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. Present.

Fĕr-ŏr	fĕr-ĭmŭr	Fĕr-ăr	fĕr-āmŭr
Fer-ris, -rĕ	fĕr-ĭmĭnī	Fĕr-ārĭs, -ārĕ	fĕr-āmĭnī
Fer-tür	fĕr-untŭr	Fĕr-ātŭr	fĕr-antŭr

2. Future-Simple.

Fĕr-ăr	fĕr-ēmŭr	
Fĕr-ērĭs, -ērĕ	fĕr-ēmĭnī	(wanting.)
Fĕr-ētŭr	fĕr-entŭr	

3. Imperfect.

Fĕr-ēbăr	fĕr-ēbāmŭr	Fer-rĕr	fer-rēmŭr
Fĕr-ēbārĭs, -ārĕ	fĕr-ēbāmĭnī	Fer-rēris, -ērĕ	fer-rēminī
Fĕr-ēbātŭr,	fĕr-ēbantŭr	Fer-rētŭr	fer-rentŭr

4. Perfect.

Lātŭs sum	lātī sŭmŭs	Lātŭs sīm	lātī sīmŭs
Lātŭs ĕs	lātī estĭs	Lātŭș sīs	lātī sītĭs
Lātŭs est	lātī sunt	Lātŭs sĭt	lātī sint

5. Future-Perfect.

Lātŭs ĕro	lātī ĕrĭm ŭs	
Lātŭs ĕrĭs	lātī ĕrĭtĭs	(wanting.)
Lātŭs ĕrĭt	lātī ĕrunt	

6. Pluperfect.

Lātŭs ĕram	lātī ĕrāmŭs	Lātŭs essem	lātī essēm ŭs
Lātŭs ĕrās	lātī ĕrātĭs	Lātŭs essēs	lātī essētĭs
Lātŭs ĕrăt	lātī ĕrănt	Lātŭs essĕt	lātī essent

INFINITIVE. IMPERATIVE MOOD. Pres. and Imp. Fer-ri Fer-rě Present. Perf. and Plup. Lātus esse Fĕr-ĭmĭnī Lātum īrī Future. Fer-tor Future. PARTICIPLES. Fer-tor Perfect. Lātus (ă, um) Fĕr-untŏr Gerundive. Fer-endus (ă, um)

Fiō, factus sum, fieri, to become, or be made, to happen.

I. Present.

Indicative Mood. Conjunctive Mood.

Fi-ŏ [fi-mŭs] Fi-am fi-āmŭs Fis (fi-tĭs) Fi-ās fi-ātĭs Fit or fĭt fi-unt Fi-ăt fi-ant

2. Future.

Fī-am Fī-ēmŭs Fī-ēs Fī-ētĭs

(wanting.)

Fi-ët Fi-ent

3. Imperfect.

Fī-ēbam fī-ēbāmŭs Fĭ-ĕrem fĭ-ĕrēmŭs Fī-ēbās fī-ēbātis Fĭ-ĕrēs fĭ-ĕrētis Fī-ēbāt fī-ēbant Fĭ-ĕrĕt fĭ-ĕrent

4. Perfect.

Factus sum, etc.

Factus sim, etc.

5. Future-Perfect.

Factus ĕrō, etc.

(wanting.)

6. Pluperfect.

Factus ĕram, etc.

Factus essem, etc.

Mālŭ

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

INFINITIVE.

Present. Fi, Fi-tě

PARTICIPLES.

Pres. and Imp. Fi-eri Perf. and Plup. Factus esse

Perfect. Factus (ă, um) Gerundive. Făciendus (ă, um) Future.

Factum ir:

ērĕ

Fīō is used as a passive of făcio.

Possum, potui, posse, to be able. Vŏlŏ, vŏlŭī, vellĕ, Nolo, nolui, nolle, to be unwilling. Mālŏ, mālŭī, mallĕ, to have rather.

to be willing.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

I. Present Tense.

		2. 2,000			
Possum	pŏtĕs	pŏtest	possumus	pŏtestĭs	possunt
Vŏlŏ	vīs	vult	vŏlŭmŭs	vultĭs	vŏlunt
Nōlŏ	nonvis	- nonvult	nōlŭmŭs	nonvultis	nōlunt
Mālŏ	māvīs	māvult	mālŭmŭs	māvultĭs	mālunt
			imple Tense.		
Pŏt- ĕrō	ĕrĭs	ĕrĭt	ĕrĭmus	ĕrĭtĭs	ĕrunt
Vŏl)					
Vŏl Nōl Māl am	ēs	ět	ēmŭs	ētĭs	ent
Māl)		A 1 3 7 11 15			
,			fect Tense.		
Pŏt- ĕram	ĕrās	ĕrăt	ĕrāmŭs	ĕrātĭs	ĕrant
Vŏl- Nōl- Māl-	ēbās	ēbăt	ēbāmŭs	ēbātĭs	ēbant
Māl-					
		4. Perfec			
Pŏtŭ-		4. 10//00	2 071301		
Pŏtŭ- Vŏlŭ- Nōlŭ-	inte	Y.	imue	istĭs	ērunt
Noli-	isti	11	iiius		v.
21014					

5. Future Perfect Tense.

Pŏtŭ-Vŏlŭĕris ĕrit ĕrimus ĕritis ĕrint Nolu-Mālŭ 6. Pluperfect Tense. Pŏtŭ-Vŏlŭĕrăt ĕrāmŭs ĕrātĭs ĕrant ĕram ĕrās Nolu-Mālŭ-

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. Present Tense.

Poss-Vělĭt īmŭs ītĭs int im is Māl-. 2. Imperfect Tense. Poss-Vellĕt ēmus ētĭs ent Noll-Mall-3. Ferfect Tense. Pŏtŭ-Vŏlŭěrim ěris ěrit ěrimus ěritis ěrint Mālŭ 4. Pluperfect Tense.

Pŏtŭ-

Vŏlŭissem issēs issēt issēmus issētis issent Nölŭ-Mālŭ-

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Nöli nolite nolito nolito nolitote nolunto

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect.	Perfect and Pluperfect.	Present Boutists
imperject.	i inpersect.	Present Participle.
Possě	Pŏtŭissĕ	Pŏtens (adjective)
Vellĕ	Vŏlŭissĕ	Vŏlens
Nollĕ	Nõlŭissĕ	Nōlens
Mallĕ	Mālŭissĕ	(wanting)

Ĕō, īvī or ĭī, ĭtum, īrĕ (fourth conjugation), to go.

There are many compounds of this verb, making ii instead of $\bar{\imath}v\bar{\imath}$, in the perfect. The principal are—

Ăběō, ăbĭī, ăbĭtum, ăbīrĕ, to go away; ădĕō, to go to. Exĕō, to go out; ĭnĕō, to go into; intĕrĕō, to perish. Ŏbĕō, to meet (to meet death, i.e, ŏbīre, to die). Pĕrĕō, to perish; rĕdĕō, to return; transĕō, to cross over.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

1. Present Tense.

Ĕō, īs, ĭt; īmŭs, ītĭs, ĕunt.

2. Future-Simple Tense.

Ībō, ībis, ībit; ībimus, ībitis, ībunt.

3. Imperfect Tense.

Ībam, ībās, ībāt; ībāmŭs, ībātĭs, ībant.

4. Perfect Tense.

Īvī or ĭī, īvistī or ĭistī, īvit or ĭĭt; īvimus or ĭimus, īvistīs or ĭistīs, īvērunt or ĭērunt.

5. Future-Perfect Tense.

Īvero or iero, īveris, īverit; īverimus, īveritis, īverint.

6. Pluperfect Tense.

Īveram or ieram, etc., īverās, īverat; īveramus, īveratis, īverant.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

I, ītě; ītō, ītō; ītōtě, ĕuntō.

CONJUNCTIVE MOOD.

I. Present Tense.

Ĕam, ĕās, ĕăt; ĕāmŭs, ĕātĭs, ĕant.

2. Imperfect Tense.

Īrem, īrēs, īrět; īrēmus, īrētis, īrent.

3. Perfect Tense.

Īvěrim or iĕrim.

4. Pluperfect Tense.

Īvissem or iissem.

VERB INFINITE.

INFINITIVE.

Present and Imperfect.	Perfect and Pluperfect.	Participles. Present—	Supine.
Īrĕ	Īvissĕ or ĭisse,	Ĭens, ĕuntĭs	Ĭtum
	or isse	Future—	Gerund.
		Itūrus, a, um	Ĕundī

NEUTER PASSIVE VERBS

[Semi-deponent]

Form their perfect tenses like passives; as—
Audeo, ausus sum, audere, to dare.
Fido, fisus sum, fidere (3), to trust.
Gaudeo, gavisus sum, gaudere, to rejoice.
Soleo, solitus sum, solere, to be accustomed.

Cænō, I sup, makes cænāvī, and cænatŭs sum, cænārĕ. Prandĕō, I dine, makes prandī, and pransŭs sum, prandēre.

Verbs which express repeated action are called Frequentative, and end in to and so (1st conjugation), as—Cantō (from cănō), I sing (frequently); cursō (from currō), I run often.

Verbs which express beginning of action are called Inceptive (3rd conjugation), and end in sco as—
Pallesco, I turn pale.

Acesco, to turn sour.

Verbs which express desire of action are called Desideratives (4th conjugation), and end in io, as—Ēsŭriō, I am hungry.

Verbs which want some usual part of a verb are called Defective, as—

Cæpī, I have begun.
Inquam, I say (inquis, inquit; inquimus, inquiunt).
Quæsō, I entreat; quæsumus (we entreat).
And many others.

IMPERSONAL VERBS

Are used only in the third person singular. Amongst them are the following:—

Děcět, děcuit, děcērě,

Dēděcět, dēděcuit, dēděcērě,

Lībět, libuit and libitum est, libērě,

Licět, licuit and licitum est, licēre,

Liquet, liquere,

Misěrět or misěrētůr, misěritum est,

it is seemly, becomes.

it is unseemly, unbecoming.

it pleases.

it is lawful, it is allowed.

it is clear.

miseretui, iniseretui est,

Öportět, öportuit, öportērě, it behoves; (one) oughi.
Pigět, piguit, and pigitum est, pigērě, it vexes.
Placět, placuit or placitum est, placērě, it pleases.
Poenitět, poenituit, poenitērě, it causes sorrow, repents.
Pudět, puduit or puditum est, pudērě, it shames.
Taedět (pertaesum est), taedērě. it disgusts, wearies.

The persons are expressed thus:-

INDICATIVE MOOD.

PRESENT TENSE.

Pudet mē, it shames me, or I am ashamed.

Pudet tē, it shames thee, or thou art ashamed.

Pudet eum, it shames him, or he is ashamed.

Pudet nōs, it shames us, or we are ashamed.

Pudet vōs, it shames you, or ye are ashamed.

Pudet eōs, it shames them, or they are ashamed.

The present of the conjunctive is used for the imperative; as, pœnĭtĕăt tē, let it repent thee.

These verbs govern the subject in the accusative case, except libet, licet, liquet, and placet, which govern the dative; as, mihi libet, it pleases me; mihi licet, it is lawful for me, I am at liberty, etc.

Many common expressions belong to Impersonal verbs; as-

Accidit, it happens. Expedit, it is expedient. Delectat, it pleases. Constat, it is acknowledged.

Followed by accusative and infinite.

The condition of the weather is often expressed impersonally; as—

Grandınat, it hails. Ningit, it snows. Pluit, it rains. Tonat, it thunders.

Closely followed in French construction; as, il grêle, il neige, il pleut, il tonne.

The gerundive neuter is often used impersonally with a dative: Lūdendum est nōbīs, we must play; or absolutely, as Id imprīmīs nŏtandum est, first it should be noticed.

For Table of Verbs showing present, perfect, supine, and infinitive, consult a larger work.

Particles are the undeclined parts of speech, four in number. They are Adverbs, Prepositions, Conjunctions, and Interjections.

ADVERBS.

1. Of Place.

Ŭbĭ, where? undĕ, whence? Quō, whither? quā, which way? nusquam, nowhere. Hīc, here; ĭbĭ, there; hūc, hither; quŏusquĕ, how far?

2. Of Time.

Quandō, when? quamdĭū, how long?

Hŏdĭē, to day; hĕrī, yesterday; stătim, immediately.

Crās, to-morrow; sempĕr, always; sœpĕ, often.

Rursŭs, again; subindĕ, frequently; interdum, sometimes.

Some phrases are used adverbially; as, Ex tempore, at the time; on the instant.

3. Of Number.

Sĕmĕl, once; bĭs, twice; tĕr, thrice; quătĕr, four times; quinquiēs, etc., five times.

4. Of Description, Manner, Quality, Quantity.

Äliter, otherwise; běně, well; mălě, ill; pědětentim, gradually; sensim, gradually; simůl, together; sĕorsum, sēpărātim, separately; ūnā, together with; vidēlicět, to wit.

A great many are formed from adjectives and participles, and end in e or ter.

For Comparison of Adverbs, see page 25.

PREPOSITIONS.

I. With the Ablative alone.

A, ab, or abs, by or from. Ex or ē, out of. Præ, before, in comparison Absque (rare), without. in the presence of. with. Cōram, before, for, on behalf of. Cum, with. Prō, Sĭnĕ, down from, from, without. Dē, concerning. Tenus, reaching to, as far as.

Tenus is put after the word it governs.

2. With the Accusative or Ablative.

In, in, into.

Sub, up to, under, beneath; of time, about.

Subter, under, beneath.

Clam, secretly, without the knowledge of.

In and sub with the accusative answer to the question Whither? with the ablative, the question Where?

With the Accusative alone.

Ăd, towards (only of to. Ergā, Adversus, the feelings). towards, against. Adversum, Extrā, outside of. Antě Infrā, belowe. (A.D., Antě diem), Inter. between, among. Apud, at, near. Intrā, inside of, within. Circa, circum, around. near, hard by Juxtā, Circiter, about. next to. Ŏb, Cis and citra, on this side of. on account of. against, contrary Pĕnĕs, Centrā, in the power of. Pĕr. to. through.

Pōnĕ,	behind,	Suprā,	above.
Post,	after.	Trans,	across.
Præter,	beside, except.	Ultrā,	on the farther side
Prŏpĕ,	near.		of.
Proptěr,	on account of.	Versus,	towards (only of
Sĕcundum,	{ following, in accordance with.		place or direc-

Versus is put after the word it governs.

Note.—Tenus in prescriptions frequently governs the Genitive; as, crurum tenus, as far as the legs; lumborum tenus, as far as the loins.

CONJUNCTIONS.

Co-ordinative, which join words and sentences without affecting mood; as, et, que, ac (and); ve, vel, aut (or); sed (but); nam (for). Ve and que added to a word are called enclitic: thus, bis, terve die, twice or thrice a day. Nocte, maneque, night and morning.

Subordinative, when they affect mood; as, ŭt (so that); nē (lest, that not); nĭsĭ (unless); sī (if); dōnĕc (until); followed by the subjunctive mood.

Në (enclitic), an, num, utrum (whether), and compounds, are used with verbs as interrogative particles.

INTERJECTIONS.

O, Eheu, alas! En, ecce, lo!

Eheu fugaces labuntur anni, Alas! the fleeting years glide by.

SHORT EXPLANATORY RULES OF SYNTAX;

OR,

THE PROPER USE OF WORDS IN SENTENCES.

In Latin there are four Concords, by which is meant the manner in which (1) a Verb, (2) an Adjective, (3) a Relative Pronoun, and (4) a Noun, agree.

I. The Verb agrees with its nominative case in Number and Person; as, Puer legit, the boy reads; Pueri legunt, the boys read. Here, the nominative puer is of the singular number and in the third person; hence the verb legit is of the singular number and in the third person. The nominative pueri is of the plural number and in the third person; consequently legunt is in the third person plural likewise.

II. The Adjective agrees with its noun in gender, number, and case; as, S. P. Q. R, Sĕnātŭs pŏpŭlŭsquĕ Rōmānŭs, the Roman senate and people; cochlĕārĕ parvum (a teaspoonful), cochlĕārĭă parvă (teaspoonfuls). Participles and pronouns used as adjectives follow the same rule; as, Pulvĭs sūmendŭs (the powder to be taken) hāc noctĕ (this night, abl.).

III. The Relative agrees with its antecedent in gender, number, and person—not in case; as, Fiant pilulæ xii., quārum sūmăt ūnam, make twelve pills, of which take one. Quārum is the relative, and agrees with its antecedent, pilulæ, in gender, number, and person, but not in case.

When no nominative comes between the relative and the verb, the relative is the nominative; as, Multă sunt quæ . . . suāsērunt, there are many things which have urged. But when a nominative comes between the relative and the verb, the relative is governed by some word in its own clause.

Hōc præpărā ĕōdem mŏdō quō præcēpimus (nōs, nominative, understood), prepare this in the same way in which we have directed.

Two or more substantives singular, forming a Composite Subject, generally have a plural verb, adjective, or relative; as, Rěpětantur mistūră et lōtĭo.

IV. The Noun agrees in case with the word to which it is apposite. That is, when two nouns refer to the same person or thing, they are put in the same case by apposition; as, Mědicāmentă exhibens, vulgō věnēnă dictă, showing the remedies commonly called poisons.

MEANING OF THE CASES.

Nominative (or naming) Case denotes the subject; as, Puer aquam bibit, the boy drinks water.

The verbs sum, $f\bar{\imath}\bar{o}$, $v\bar{\imath}d\bar{e}\bar{o}r$, and passive verbs of making, calling, and thinking, have usually the same case after them as before them. Particular attention is directed to this rule in connection with the verbs sum and $f\bar{\imath}\bar{o}$; as,

Viă est longă, the way is long. Ĭtěr ĕrit longum, the journey will be long. Pilŭlæ sint rŏtundæ, let the pills be round.

Fiat haustus. Make a draught.

Fiant pilulæ sex. Make six pills.

Miscē fiat pulvis. Mix and make a powder.

Two nouns coming together and expressing the same person or thing are put in the same case. When two nominatives thus come together, this is called the nominative absolute; as, Cæsar Imperator.

Vocative Case.—Exclamation, from voco, I call. Sign in English, O! as, Domine, dīrīge nos, O Lord, direct us.

Accusative Case.—The object; as, haustum bǐbō, *I drink* the draught. Haustum is in the accusative case. Transitive or active verbs govern the accusative; as, Căpiăt partem quartam, let him take a fourth part. Sūmăt pilulās dŭās, let him take two pills. Pharmăcopœiam nostram correximus, et ēmendāvimus, we have corrected and emended our pharmacopæia.

These verbs are called transitive (trans, across, and $e\bar{o}$, Igo), because the action passes on directly from one person or substance to another. The word to which the action passes is called the accusative.

Many prepositions govern the accusative case; as, antě and post. Ex. Antě měrīdiem, before noon; post hōrās dŭās, after two hours. Some verbs govern a double accusative.

Measure of space is put in the accusative. Ex. Fiat emplastrum pollices sex longum, pollices tres latum, let a plaster be made, six inches long and three broad.

Duration of time is put in the accusative. Ex. Quartam horæ partem infūsā, infuse for a quarter (a fourth part) of an hour.

Quod or ut being omitted, an accusative is placed before the infinitive. Ex. Scimus vitam esse brevem, we know that life is short. [Oblique enunciation.]

Genitive Case.—The case of the possessor, governed by substantives, adjectives, and a few verbs. Many quantitative words govern the genitive; as, nimis, too much; plūs, more. It is one of the most frequent cases used in Pharmacy; as, Liquor pŏtassæ, Vinum ferrī. Verbs which signify to remember, to forget, or to pity, govern the genitive.

The adjective expers, free from, constantly governs the genitive: Sit coloris expers, let it be devoid of colour; Rējiciantur coloris non expertes, let those not free from colour be rejected.

DATIVE CASE.—Is well explained by its English signs, to or for. Dative from dăre, to give.

The dative points out the person (or thing) who gains or receives anything: Cūi Rex nostĕr summam cūram dētŭlĭt, to whom our King has entrusted the chief care.

Many adjectives and verbs govern this case. The dative of the pronoun is called the Ethic Dative. Quid mihi Celsus agit? What is my Celsus doing?

ABLATIVE CASE means chiefly:-

- 1. The instrument by which a thing is done. Ex. Călore spissatus, thickened by heat.
- 2. "Where" a thing is done; with or without a preposition. Ex. Părātur destillatione in Japonia et China, it is prepared by distillation in Japan and China. Tăbernæ tota urbe clauduntur, the shops are closed in the whole city.
- 3. "When" a thing is done. Ex. Hieme vel æstate, in winter or summer.

"Time when" is generally expressed by this case; as, Mensibus Jūniō et Jūliō colligī possunt, they may be collected in the months of June and July.

Ex. Fiant pilulæ duæ, omnī noctě sūmendæ (make two pills, to be taken every night), ē quibus căpiātur ūnă, quartā quāque hōrā, (of which let one be taken every fourth hour).

4. Comparatives take an ablative of the thing compared.

Ex. Ăquā lĕvĭŏr, lighter than water; Plumbō grăvĭŏr, heavier than lead.

Many prepositions govern the ablative case (vide p. 83).

The deponent verbs ūtor (use), fruor (enjoy), fungor (perform), vescor (ent), potior (get possession of), govern the ablative.

As a general rule, the cause, manner, and instrument are put in the ablative.

ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE. — A substantive combined with a participle in the ablative is called the Ablative Absolute. Another substantive or adjective sometimes takes the place of the participle. Ex. Fiāt haustŭs, invādentĕ păroxysmō sūmendŭs, make a draught to be taken when the paroxysm comes on. Haustŭs, urgentī flatū, sūmendŭs, the draught to be taken in case of flatulence.

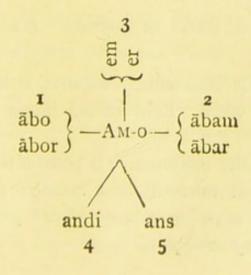
The meaning and use of the ablative absolute is explained fully on page 101.

FORMATION OF THE TENSES.

All the other parts of the Verb may be formed from the four principal parts: 1. Present; 2. Perfect; 3. Supine; 4. Infinite.

1. From the Present.—Future and Imperfect Indicative, act. and pass.; Present Conjunctive, act. and pass.; Gerund and Present Participle.

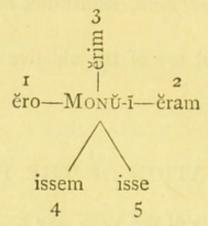
Ex. Ăm-ō, ămāvī, ămātum, ămārĕ.



2. From the Perfect.—All the perfect tenses active, namely, Future Perfect and Pluperfect Indicative, Perfect and Pluperfect Conjunctive, and Perfect Infinitive.

Ex. Mŏnĕō, Mŏnŭ-ī, mŏnĭtum, mŏnērĕ.

Mŏnŭ-ī, ĕro, ĕram, ĕrim, issem, issĕ.



- 3. From the Supine—Future Participle; Future Infinitive, act.; Participle Perfect, pass.; Perfect, pass.; Future Perfect, pass; Pluperfect, pass.; and Future Infinitive, pass. Ex. Mitto, mīsī, miss-um, mittere. Miss-ūrus; miss-ūrus esse; missus; missus sum; missus erō; missus eram; missum īrī.
- 4. From the Infinitive—The Imperative and Imperfect Conjunctive, act. and pass. Ex. Audiō, audīvī, audītum, AUDĪ-RĔ Audī-, audīrĕ, audīrem, and audīrĕr.

MEANING OF THE MOODS.

The Indicative states or affirms. Ex. Doceo, I teach; vident, they see.

The Imperative commands, exhorts, entreats, or permits. Ex. Rěcĭpě, take thou. Lēnī călorě inspissā, inspissate with gentle heat.

The present of the conjunctive is constantly used for the imperative. Ex. Fiat mistūră, let a mixture be made; sit flavo colore, let it be of a yellow colour; căpiat partem quartam, let (the patient) take a fourth part.

THE CONJUNCTIVE, so called when used purely, is rendered in English by may, can, should, would, could, might. This mood, when subjoined to another verb, is called Subjunctive.

The Subjunctive expresses doubt or contingency. Direct questions are often put by the aid of interrogative words or

particles; as, Quid? në? num, ŭtrum? ăn.

Quid Romæ faciunt? What are they doing at Rome? Ně? (joined to the verb, i.e. enclitic) legisně? Dost thou read? Num, whether? to which the expected answer is No.

Utrum-an, whether-or.

Indirect questions depend on some other word, expressing uncertainty, and they consequently require the subjunctive mood. The term "obliquă ōrātio" is applied to any statement, command, or question expressed in indirect construction.

In using the Subjunctive Mood a special order of sequence in the tenses must be observed:—

If the verb in the first clause of a sentence expresses Present or Future Time, the dependent verb is put in the Present or Perfect Tense Subjunctive.

If the verb in the first clause expresses Past TIME, the dependent verb is put in the Imperfect or Pluperfect Subjunctive. Very often the Latin subjunctive must be translated in English by the indicative.

PRESENT, PERFECT, AND FUTURE TIME.

Present Time and Tense.

Sciō quid agas,

I know what you are doing.

Sciō quid egeris,

I know what you have done.

Sciō quid actūrus sīs,

I know what you are going to do.

Present Time.

Cognovi quid ăgās,

Cognovi quid ēgĕris,

Cognovi quid actūrus sis,

I have learnt what you are doing.

I have learnt what you have done.

I have learnt what you are going to do.

Future Time and Tense.

Audiam quid ăgās, I shall hear what you are doing.

Audiam quid ēgĕris, I shall hear what you have done.

Audiam quid actūrus sīs, I shall hear what you are going to do.

PAST TIME.

Imperfect Tense.

Sciēbam quid ageres, I knew what you were doing.
Sciebam quid egisses, I knew what you had done.
Sciebam quid actūrus esses, I knew what you were going to co.

Simple-Perfect.

Cognōvī quǐd ăgĕrēs, I learnt what you were doing.
Cognōvī quǐd ēgissēs, I learnt what you had done.
Cognōvī quǐd actūrŭs essēs, I learnt what you were going to do.

Pluperfect.

Cognōvĕram quid ăgĕrēs, I had learnt what you were doing.
Cognōvĕram quid ēgissēs, I had learnt what you had done.
Cognōvĕram quid actūrus I had learnt what you were going to essēs,

do.

In other words, Primary tenses, namely, the present, perfect (meaning *have*) and future, are subordinated to Primary tenses; while Historic tenses, namely the imperfect, simple-perfect, and pluperfect, are subordinated to Historic.

Ut, meaning so that, or in order that, and quin, but that, require the use of the subjunctive.

The relative qui, with the meaning of since, although, in order that, such that, requires the subjunctive.

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE READING OF LATIN PRESCRIPTIONS.

A classical education alone will not prove sufficient to master the purely technical details involved in deciphering medical formulæ. The majority of students are able to read prescriptions in such a manner as to render them faithful and accurate dispensers, but there are comparatively few who are competent to give the correct Latin terminations, or to explain the construction of recipes offered to their inspection. The mass of Latin medical formulæ are constructed on one plan. The sign R, meaning Rěcípě, take, stands at the commencement; the QUANTITY is put in the accusative; the INGREDIENT in the genitive; while the adjective (if any) is in the same case, number, and gender as the noun with which it agrees. Thus—

(1) R. Tinct. card. co. 3ss.

is the contracted Latin for

Rěcĭpě, Tinctūræ cardamōmī compŏsĭtæ, { sēmǐ-uncĭam, or uncĭam dīmidĭam.

Take half an ounce of compound tincture of cardamom.

(2) R Magnes. pond. opt. 3j.

is the contracted Latin for

Rěcĭpě, Magnēsĭæ ponděrōsæ optĭmæ, drachmam.

Now, recipe is a verb active transitive, the action passing on to the accusative case. It is in the imperative mood, second person, and demands, or takes, or governs, the accusative case.

QUANTITY IS PUT IN THE ACCUSATIVE.—The accusative case in a prescription relates to the quantity of the ingredient; in other words, the quantity of the ingredient in a prescription is put in the accusative.

In example (1) the quantity is \(\frac{1}{2} \)s, semi-unciam, half an ounce. In example (2) the quantity is \(\frac{1}{2} \), drachmam, one drachm.

Note.—It is more correct to translate 3j. by drachmam, than to write, drachmam ūnam, for the accusative singular of the Latin word expresses one definite quantity, and no other.

USE OF ACTIVE AND PASSIVE FORM OF VERB.

Two forms of verbs are concerned in prescriptions, the active and the passive; as—

Sūmō, I take. Sūmŏr, I am taken. Căpĭō, I take. Căpĭŏr, I am taken. Mittō, I send. Mittŏr, I am sent.

Of these chief use is made of-

SŪMĔ, second person singular, imperative mood, active voice: take thou (governs accusative).

SŪMĂT, third person singular, conjunctive mood, active voice: let him (ægĕr, i.e. the patient, understood) take (governs accusative). Vide page 19.

SŪMĀTŬR, third person singular, } conjunctive mood, passive SŪMĀNTŬR, third person plural, }

voice, agreeing with the nominative case, singular or plural, contained in the sentence.

Căpĭăt (seldom, if ever, căpĕ), third person, singular number, conjunctive mood, active voice: let him (ægĕr, i.e. the patient, understood) take (governs the accusative, being a transitive verb). CĂPĬĀTŬR, third person singular, conjunctive mood, passive CĂPĬĂNTŬR, third person plural, voice, agreeing with the nominative case, singular or plural,

contained in the sentence.

MITTE (seldom, if ever, mittat), second person singular, imperative mood, active voice: send thou (governs the accusative).

MITTATUR, third person singular, conjunctive mood, passive MITTANTUR, third person plural, conjunctive mood, passive voice, agreeing with nominative case, singular or plural, contained in the sentence.

Frequent use is also made of the old passive past participle in dus, now called the gerundive:—

Sūmendus, ă, um, to be taken. Căpiendus, ă, um, to be taken. Grammatically translated, meet to be taken or sent.

MITTENDUS, ă, um, to be sent.

Invariably, as far as Latin prescriptions are concerned, the gerundives, sūmendus, căpiendus, and mittendus, follow the rule of adjectives, and must agree in gender, number, and case with the nouns to which they relate.

The form of participle called the gerund belongs to the active voice, and it governs the case of the verb from which it is derived; as, Augendō, věl immĭnŭendō quantĭtātēm, by increasing or diminishing the quantity.

Participles in general and supines govern the cases of their own verbs.

PRACTICAL APPLICATION OF ABOVE RULES.

Use of Sūmě, Sūmăt, Sūmātŭr, Sūmantŭr, Sūmantŭr, Sūmendūs.

Sūmě partem sextam, { take thou, or let him take, a sixth part.

The active transitive verb (sūmě, or sūmăt) passes on to and

or,

or,

governs the substantive (partem) placed after it. This substantive, both in grammar and according to our intelligence, is "the object;" and therefore in the phrase, Let him take a sixth part, partem sextam is in the accusative.

On the other hand we must write-

Sūmātur pars sextă, let a sixth part ve taken;

Sumantur partes sex, let six parts be taken.

The verb is in the passive form and the action does not pass on. The verb does not govern, but is itself governed and agrees with, its nominative case in number and person. Pars is in the singular, and the verb consequently is sūmātŭr: partēs is in the plural, and the verb consequently is sūmantŭr.

Lastly, we must write, either

Pars sextă sūmendă, a sixth part to be taken;

Partes sex sumendæ, six parts to be taken.

Sūmendus is the gerundive of sūmō, *I take*, and follows the same rules as an adjective. In the first instance, *pars* is of the feminine gender and in the singular, hence we write *sūmendā* in the second example, *partēs* is of the feminine gender, but in the plural, and we write *sūmendæ*.

Use of Căpĭăt, Căpĭātŭr, Căpĭantŭr, Căpĭendŭs.

Căpiăt cochleare magnum.

Let (the patient) take a tablespoonful.

Căpiăt, verb active; cochleare, accusative case, singular number. (Vide p. 15.)

Căpiatur cochleare magnum. Let a tablespoonful be taken. Căpiatur, verb, passive form, third person singular, agreeing with its nominative cochleare.

Căpiantur cochleariă magnă duo. Let two tablespoonfuls be taken.

Căpiantur, verb, passive form, third person plural, agreeing with its nominative cochleariă.

Cochleare magnum căpiendum. A tablespoonful to be taken.

Cochlearia magna duo capienda. Two tablespoonfuls to be taken.

Căpiendus is the gerundive of căpio, *I take*, and follows the same rules as an adjective. In the first instance, cochleare is of the neuter gender, and in the singular; hence we write, căpiendum. In the second example, cochleariă is of the neuter gender, but in the plural, and we write căpiendă.

Use of MITTE, MITTATUR, MITTANTUR, MITTENDUS.

Although the verb active, Rĕcĭpĕ, take thou, is the most usual heading of a prescription, MITTĔ, send thou, sometimes replaces it, and is often used when a single remedy is prescribed.

Mittě is employed also in directions as to the number of pills or powders, or even as to quantity.

Mittě vini sēminis colchici, zx. i.e. unciās děcem. Send ten ounces of colchicum seed wine.

The quantity, uncias decem, is in the accusative.

Mittě pilůlās dŭŏděcim. Send twelve pills.

The number of pills being in the accusative.

Mitte chartas quattuor (or quattuor). Send four powders.

Chartas, after the verb active, Mitte, is in the accusative.

Mittě libram. Send a pound.

Same rule and construction.

Mittātur pilula.

Let one pill be sent.

Mittantur pilulæ duæ.

Let two pills be sent.

In both instances the Latin verb is in the passive form, and agrees with its nominative. Pĭlŭlă is in the singular, hence we write mittātŭr; pĭlŭlæ is in the plural, hence we write mittantŭr.

- 1. Haustus horā somnī mittendus. The draught to be sent at bedtime.
- 2. Mistūră laxatīvă mittendă.

 A laxative mixture to be sent.
- 3. Emplastrum ŏpĭī mittendum.

 An opium plaster to be sent.
- 4. Unciæ trēs mittendæ.

 Three ounces to be sent.

In these four instances, which could be multiplied indefinitely, mittendus in some form is the gerundive of the verb mitto, *I send*.

It follows the same rule as an adjective, and agrees in gender, number, and case with the substantive to which it relates.

Hence, haustus mittendus, mistūră mittendă, emplastrum mittendum, unciæ mittendæ. (Vide p. 95.)

Very frequent use is made of the gerundive or participle in dus. Whatever doubt may exist as to its grammatical form, as regards a Latin prescription it is always a passive participle, and treated as an adjective. No word seems less understood by a student. Hence the following familiar illustrations are subjoined:—

- M. ft. pil. ij. hōrā somnī sūmend.
 Miscē fiant pĭlŭlæ dŭæ hōrā somnī sūmendæ.
 Mix and make two pills, to be taken at bedtime.
- 2. M. ft. gargăr. sæpĕ in dĭē appl. Miscē fiăt gargărismă, sæpĕ in dĭē applĭcandum. Mix and mañe a gargle, to be applied often daily.
- M. ft. ung. quŏtīdĭē appl.
 Miscē fiăt unguentum quŏtīdĭē applĭcandum.
 Mix and make an ointment, to be applied daily.
- F. pulv. quŏtīd. sūmend.
 Fīăt pulvis quŏtīdĭē sūmendŭs.
 Make a powder, to be taken daily.
- Empl. lyttæ temp. impönend.
 Emplastrum lyttæ tempöri impönendum.
 A blister to be placed on the temple.
- 6. Pulv. o. m. repetend.
 Pulvis omni mane repetendus.
 The powder to be repeated every morning.
- 7. Dīmid: hōrīs quart. adhibend.
 Dīmidium hōrīs quartīs adhibendum.
 Half to be taken every four hours.
- Massă in pil: xij. dīvidend.
 Massă in pilulās duodecim dīvidendă.
 The mass to be divided into twelve pills.

USE OF THE GENITIVE CASE.

The ingredient in a prescription is put in the genitive because it depends on the substantive which states the quantity. Thus,—

R. Sod. potass. tart. 3ij.

that is,-

Rěcĭpě sōdæ pŏtassio-tartrātĭs, drachmās dŭās. Take two drachms of potassio-tartrate of soda.

Here are two genitives: potassio-tartrātīs, depending on drachmās; and sodæ, depending on potassio-tartrātīs.

The genitive answers to the word "of," and is best understood by the English term "possessive." When two substantives come together having a relation to each other, that which marks the relation or possession is put in the genitive; as,—

Tinctūră zingiberis, tincture of ginger. Spīritus camphoræ, spirit of camphor.

The words tinctūră and spīrĭtŭs might occur in an indefinite series; but the words zingĭbĕrĭs and camphŏræ show the substances by which they then happen to be possessed, and in relation to which they stand; hence they are both genitive.

An adjective may or may not agree with the genitive, as the case may be, and when the adjective is in a contracted form it must carefully be added to its right noun. Hence, Sp. ammon. arom. = Spīrītus ammoniæ aromaticus: it is the aromatic spirit of ammonia, not the spirit of aromatic ammonia.

This is best seen in an old preparation the spīrītus ammoniæ fetidus. Ammonia could not be described as fetid. The spirit is rendered so by asafetida.

In like manner T: cinchon: co. = Tinctūră cinchōnæ compŏsĭtă. While T. cinchon. flav. = Tinctūră cinchōnæ flāvæ: for it is the tincture of yellow bark, not the yellow tincture of bark.

USE OF THE ABLATIVE CASE.

(Vide p. 88.)

The ablative case is most frequently translated by in, by, or with. Many prepositions govern this case, as ē (used before a consonant), ex (used before a vowel), dē, cum, and prō. Some verbs—as ūtŏr (I use), fungŏr (I perform), frŭŏr (I enjoy), vescŏr (I eat), pŏtĭŏr (I get possession of)—govern the ablative, and the English idiom must be used in translation. Ŏpŭs and ūsŭs, denoting necessity or convenience, take the ablative. The ablative absolute constantly occurs in prescriptions.

It is really the absolutus ablatīvus (absolvere, to set free), and is so called because it stands by itself, and is released from all rule but its own.

In its first and ordinary form it is a substantive combined with a participle in the ablative; as,—

Urgentě dölörě, when pain is troublesome. Vŏmĭtū finītō, vomiting being finished.

This case seems constantly to prove a difficulty in Cæsar's Commentaries; but its construction may be shown by the following method. Take a chapter in Dē Bellō Gallĭcō, and mark out every ablative absolute in a sentence, so as not to obscure the print, and the passage will become intelligible.

The ablative absolute in one sense is an interpolation, or a remark that may be put in brackets. It adds to the force, the exactness, and the explanatory character of the sentence, but seldom interferes with the general sense.

M. ft. pulv. o. m. absente febri repetend.

Misce fiat pulvis, omni mane, absente febri repetendus.

Mix and make a powder, to be repeated every morning, fever being absent; or, when fever is absent.

Absente febri is in the ablative absolute case.

Another substantive or an adjective may be substituted for the participle; as, Auctore Herodotus, Herodotus being the author (on the authority of Herodotus). Vīvīs frātrībus, while his brothers were alive.

D.V., Deō volente, a phrase constantly used by the devout, is a true ablative absolute. Cæteris păribus, a colloquial expression (other things being equal), is another.

Note.—In, meaning "in," governs the ablative; but in, meaning "into," governs the accusative. Thus,—

In partibus tribus, in three parts.
In partes tres, into three parts.
In chartis tribus, in three papers.
In pilulas tres dividenda massa.
The mass to be divided into three pills.
In priorem ejus partem multa retulimus.
We have put back many things into its first part.

EXPRESSION OF TIME.

Time "when" is put in the ablative case; as, A. U. C., annō urbis conditæ, in the year of the built city (of the building of the city); horā somnī, at bedtime; noctě māněque, night and morning.

Time "how long," or duration of time, is put in the accusative: Quadrāgintā annōs vixit, he lived forty years.

The difference between "time when" and "duration of time" is distinctly marked in prescriptions: Sūmăt partem sextam omnī quartā hōrā, take a sixth part— When? At what time? Answer: every fourth hour; therefore omnī quartā hōrā is in the ablative.

Sometimes this rule is disregarded in medical prescriptions, but an error is in consequence committed.

We meet with: "Căpiăt cochleare amplum partem horæ quartam."—When is the tablespoonful to be taken? Answer:

Every quarter of an hour. The Latin should read, "partë quaquë horæ quarta."

In the same manner we get, bis věl těr die, twice or thrice a day; prīmō mānĕ, early in the morning; omnī mānĕ, every morning; vespĕrĕ, or vespĕrī, in the evening; quartīs hōrīs, every four hours; hāc noctĕ atque crās ĕādem hōrā, to-night (this night) and to-morrow at the same hour; singulīs noctĭbus hōrā somnī, every night at bedtime.

Time "when" is also expressed in the ablative with a preposition; as, sæpĕ in dĭē, often, daily; so, bĭs vĕl tĕr in dĭē, twice or thrice a day.

Persistăt dies tres in ūsū pilularum, continue the use of the pills. How long? for what duration of time? Answer: Three days. Therefore, dies tres must be in the accusative.

Per, through, meaning during, takes an accusative: Per aliquod tempus sepositum, laid aside for some time; per duas horas, for two hours; per nychthemerum, for twenty-four hours (a night and a day).

GOLDEN RULE FOR LATIN CONSTRUCTION.

The adjective agrees with its substantive in gender, number, and case. All words used as adjectives follow the same rule. Thus,—

Pilula parva, a small pill.
Pilula parva, small pills.
Pilulam parvam, a small pill (acc.)
Cochleare amplum, a tablespoonful.
Cochlearia ampla, tablespoonfuls.
Äqua destillata, distilled water.

Aquæ (gen.) destillatæ unciam addat, let (the patient) add an ounce of distilled water.

Emplastrum lyttæ tempörī imponendum, a blister to be applied to the temple.

Parti (dat.) affectæ, to the affected part. Partibus affectis, to the affected parts.

In the translation of prescriptions a certain amount of elegance should be cultivated, but never at the expense of correctness. Thus, bis vel ter die, should be rendered, twice or three times a day; or, twice or thrice a day. Alvo adstricta, should be translated, when the bowels are confined.

In practice the present of the conjunctive is elegantly translated by the imperative. Thus,—

Sūmăt cochlĕārĕ mĭnĭmum ex ăquæ cyăthō,

is best translated, not, Let him, or, let the patient take, but, "Take."

Those who would supplement grammatical rules by exercises, cannot do better than take the Latin "Pharmacopæia Londinensis," together with Phillips' translation of the same. By translating from one to the other, and comparing the work done, with the originals, great progress may be obtained.

The difficulty experienced in deciphering autograph prescriptions can only be surmounted by practice. Grammar alone is not a sufficient guide to the mysteries of indistinct handwriting.

ANALYSIS OF A PRESCRIPTION SENTENCE.

Mittě sp. ether. chlor., 3ij.

S. gtt. xxx. p. r. n.

Mitte—verb active, imperative mood, second person singular, with accusative of the object.

Sp. ether. chlor.—genitive case, being described and translated by the word "of."

3ij. must be the accusative governed by Mittě.

S. gtt. xxx. may be rendered in two ways, either Sūmăt guttās xxx., or Sūmantŭr guttæ xxx.

It would stand in full grammatical construction thus,-

Mittĕ	1	Guttās	or,
Spīrĭtūs	Uncĭās	Trīgintā	Sūmantŭr
Ēthĕrĭs	Dŭās	Prō	Guttæ
Chlorici	Sūmăt	Rē-nātā	Trīgintā

Then we have,-

Mittě, Spīritūs ēthěris chlorici, uncias duas;

Sūmăt guttās trīgintā } pro rē-nātā. Sūmantŭr guttæ trĭgintā }

Send, two ounces of spirit of chloric ether;
Take thirty drops (or, let thirty drops be taken) occasionally.

Mittě, from

or,

Mittō, mīsī, missum, mittěrě (3) (to send).

Sūmăt verb, active, Sūmantŭr passive form, from

Sūmō, sumpsī, sumptum, sūmĕrĕ (3) (to take).

Nātā, participle; nātŭs, ă, um, from

Nascor, nātus sum, nascī (3), v. n. dep. (to be born).

Ether, ĕrĭs, subs. m. (3) (ether).

Guttă, æ, subs. f. (1) (a drop).

Rēs, rěi, subs. f. (5) (a thing).

Spīrītus, ūs, subs. m. (2) (spirit).

Uncia, æ, subs. f. (1) (an ounce).

Chloricus, ă, um, adj. (chloric).

Dŭŏ, æ, ŏ, num. adj. (two).

Trīgintā, num. adj., indec. (thirty); pro, pronoun (for).

Pro re-nata, adverbial expression, meaning occasionally.

TABULATED EXAMINATION OF TWELVE PRESCRIPTIONS.

SHOWING METHOD OF ANALYSIS.

The Tables appended contain (1) Substantives; (2) Verbs and their Conjugation; (3) Various Words; (4) Numerals found in the Prescriptions.

For rules of agreement, government, and construction, consult the Grammar, passim.

English Translation at page 216.

I.

B. Sarsăpărillæ Jamaicensis rādīcis concisæ et contūsæ, Zijss. Ăquæ destillātæ, Zxxv.

Miscē ět mācěrā pěr hōrās xij., děindě cŏquě lēnī călōrě ăd 5xv. ět cōlā.

Addě líquori colato Ammoniæ sesquicarbonatis, gr. xviij. Tinct. cinchonæ compos., zss. Ext. glycyrrhizæ, 9 j.

Fīăt mistūră cūjŭs sūmăt partem quartam tĕr dĭē.

Junii 1, 1850.

SIR B. C. BRODIE, Bart.

II.

R Fellis bövin. pūrif., gr. xv. Pil. cölöc. et hyoscyam., gr. xij. Pödöphil. rēsinæ, gr. j.

Miscē intimē ĕt fiant pil. vj. Sig. dose, one.

DR. WANE.

III.

R Magnes. carb. levis, 3ij. Ăquæ ăd zviij.

M. fīăt mist—căpĭăt coch. magn. ij. 4tīs hōrīs.

R. Hydr. c. crētā, gr. iij. P. ipēcac. comp., gr. viij. Mucilāginis q.s.

M. ft. pil. ij. hōrā somnī sūmend. Sept. 21, 1871.

E.S.

IV.

B. Ext. ŏpĭi, gr. ¾ partēs. Pil. hydrargÿri, gr. iv. Ext. cascărillæ, gr. iij.

Contunde simul et divide in pil. no duās. Sūmantur pro dosī horā ix^{na} vesperī hāc nocte atque crās eādem horā. Mitte N° iv.

R Pŏtassĭī carbōnātĭs, ʒj. Ăquæ cinnam. Aq. fontānæ, āā ʒiij. Tinct. aurantĭī, ʒj. Syrūpī, ʒss.

M. sign. cochl. magnă ij. cum succī limōnis cochl. parvŭlō uno ter die.

Dec. 2, 1812.

J. CURRIE.

V.

R Pŏtass. iōdĭd., ʒi. Aq. destil., ʒiv.

M. ft. Garg. sæpĕ in dĭē appl.

R Vērātrīnæ, gr. viij. Ol. Ŏlīv., gtt. x. Ădĭpĭs, ʒiij.

M. ft. ung. quŏtīdĭē appl.

Dec. 22, 1840.

A. T.

VI.

R Hydrarg. submur., 3ss. Sacc. sāturn, 9j. Ung. cēræ, 3ss. M. ft. ung.

R Hydrarg. subm.
Sulph. aur. ant., āā Эj.
Öpĭī pūrĭf. pulv., gr. v.
Cons. cynosb., q.s. F. pil. No. xij.

Căpiăt j. omn noct.

Feb. 3, 1826.

R. B.

[R. Bethel, father of Lord Westbury.]

VII.

R Alum, Əss. Ăq. rŏsæ, zvj.

F. Lōtĭō.

R Argent. nitr., gr. ij. Ăquæ destill., ʒj.

F. Guttæ prō ŏcŭlō.

R Sōdĭī carb.

P. rhēi, āā gr. v.

F. pulv. quŏtīdĭē sum. vj.

Empl. lyttæ temp. ĕt pōnĕ aurem dextr. impōnend. Sept. 9, 1822.

VIII.

R Pulv. scam. cum cal., gr. xij. Ft. pulv. omnī mānĕ ăd trēs vicēs rĕpĕtendŭs.

Mittě pulv. iij.

R. Fer. carbon., gr. j. Calumb. pulv., gr. iij. Pulv. aromăt., gr. ss.

M. ft. pulv. omnī mānĕ absentĕ febrī rĕpĕtendŭs.

Mittě No. vj.

Sept. 14, 1812.

J. HAIGHTON.

IX.

R Pil. hydrarg., 5ss.

— ex alŏē cum myrrh. 5j.

M. ĕt dīvĭdĕ in pil. xxx. Sūmăt ij. sing. noct. h.s. Admŏv. partī affect. empl. ex hydrarg.

SIR DAVID DUNDAS, Sergt. Surgeon to George III.

X.

R Pulp. cass i æ fistul, zij.

Căp. mag. castăneæ singulis noctibus hora quietis, augend.3 vel imminuendo quantitatem pro modo operandi. Persistăt în usu cassiæ donec febriculă prorsus evanuerit.

R Elect. lēnĭtīv, ʒij. Lact. sulphŭrĭs, ʒiij. Syr. ros., q.s.

M. f. mollě electuārium, cūjus cap. quantitatem castaneæ omnī noctě cubitum itūra doněc prorsus convaluerit.

Dr. Alexander Aberdour. 1809.

XI.

R Liq. ammon. a., ziij.
Sp. ether. nitros, ziv.
Vīnī. ant. tart., zij.
Aq. camph. ad zviij.
M. cap. zj. q.q. 2dā hōrā.

R Quinīnæ sulph., Ə j.
Acĭd. sulph. a., ʒss.
Tr. chlōrōform. co., ʒij.
Syrūpī aurant., ʒvj.

Äquæ ăd zviij. M. căp. zj. q.q. 4tā hōrā.
June 20, 1872. E. H. RUDDERFORTH.

XII.

R. Pulv. ammönĭī hydrōchlōrātĭs, 5j. Ăq. fontānæ, ʒviij. Ăq. rŏsæ ad ʒxij.

M. ft. lōtĭō ŭt dictă crūrī ĕt pĕdī applĭcand. April 29, 1861.

E. L.

In Prescription VIII., R. Pulv. scam. cum cal., gr. xii., is correctly, Rěcĭpě, Pülvěrĭs scammōnĭæ cūm călŏmělăně grānă duŏděcim—Take twelve grains of powder of scammony with calomel. Călŏmělas is often treated by physicians as an indeclinable neuter noun; some classical prescribers decline the word thus:—

Nom. Voc. Călŏmĕlas (m.)

Călŏmĕlănŏs.

Dat. Călŏmĕlănī.

Accus. Călŏmĕlănă.

Ablat. Călŏmĕlănĕ.

Following the Greek construction except in the ablative, which case does not exist in Greek.

TABULA PRIMA. SUBSTANTIVES.

M., F., N., Masculine, Feminine, Neuter.

LIST.	Contracted Form.	Case.	Gender.	Dec.	Nominative.
Ădĭpĭs Ălŏē Alūmĭnĭs Ammōnĭæ Antimonĭī Ăquæ Argentī	Argent	Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Accus.	N. com F. N. F. N. F. N. F. N. F.	2 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 2 3	Äcĭdum Ädeps Älŏē (gen. Ălŏēs) Alūmen Ammōnĭă Antĭmonĭum Äquă Argentum Aurantĭum Auris

		1			
LIST.	Contracted Form.	Case.	Gender.	Dec.	Nominative.
Călomelas	Călumb Camph Carb	Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen.	M. F. M. F. F. F. F. F. F.	y 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 2 1	Călor Călumbă Camphŏră Carbōnas (medical) Cascarillă Cassĭă Castănĕă Chloroformum Cinchōnă
Cinnămōmī Cochlĕārĕ or (cochlĕārĭa) Cŏlŏcynthĭdĭs . Conservæ	Cons	Gen. Gen. Gen. Dat.	N. N. F. N. F. N. F.	3 3 1 3	Cinnămōmum Cochlĕārĕ (medical) Cŏlŏcynthĭs (,,) Conservă Crūs—crūrĭs
Cynosbătī Dĭē Dosĕ ər dosī Drachmās	Cynosb	Abl. Abl. Acc. Pl.	F. F. F.	5 3 1	Cynosbătos Dies—often M. but a set day is F. (time when) Dosis Drachmă 5j.
Ethěris	Elect Emp	Gen. Nom. Nom. Gen. Gen.	N. N. M. N.	2 2 3 2	Ēlectŭārĭum Emplastrum Ēther (αἰθήρ) Extractum
Febrī Febricŭlă Fellĭs Ferrī Fistŭlæ	Fer	Abl. Nom. Gen. Gen. Gen.	F. F. N. F.	3 1 3 2 1	Febris Febricŭl ă Fel Ferrum Fistŭl ă
Gargărismă Glycyrrhizæ Grānum Guttæ	Garg	Nom. Gen. Accus. Nom. Pl.	N. F. N. F.	3 I 2 I	Gargārismă Glycyrrhiză Grānum, pl. grānă Guttă
Hōrā } Hōrās }	{	Abl. ,, plur. Acc. Pl.	} F.	1	Hōră

LIST.	Contracted Form.	Case.	Gender.	Dec.	Nominative.
Hydrargÿrī c.) Crētâ)	Hyd. c. Cret				Hydrargyrum c.
Hydrargyrī . ?	Hydrarg {	Gen. }	N.	2	Hydrargyrum
Hydrargyrō .) Hydrochlorātis.	11.	Gen. Gen.	M. M.	3 2	Hydrochlōras Hyoscyămŭs
Hyoscyami	Hyoscyam	Gen.	111.	-	11 y ose y a mas
Ipěcacuanhæ	Ipěcac Iōdĭd	Gen.	F. N.	I 2	Ipěcacuanhă Iōdĭdum
Lactĭs Limōnĭs	Lact	Gen.	N. F.	3	Lac., acc. m. Lactem Limon
Limonis	Liq }	Gen. ?	М.	3	Lĭquŏr
Liquori 5	r.d	Dat. 5 Nom.	F.		Lōtĭō
Lötíö · . Lyttæ		Gen.	F.	3	Lyttă
Magnĭtūdĭnem .	Mag	Acc.	F.	3	Magnĭtūdo
Magnēsĭæ	Magnes		F.	I	C Limes Admonb
Māně	Neut. indecl	Abl. Nom.	F.	I	35. 1- 0
Mŏdō		Abl.	M.	2	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Mucilāgĭnĭs	Myrrh	Gen. Abl.	F. F.	3	
Nitrātĭs	Nitr	Gen.	M.	3	Nitras (Medical)
Numero)	1	Abl. Acc. Pl.	} M	2	Nŭmërŭs
Núměrōs) Noctřbůs }	Noct. (ix.) .	Abl. Pl. Abl.	} F.	3	Nox.
Noctě)					X ×1×-
Ŏcŭlō	Ol	Abl. Gen.	M. N.	2 2	Ŏcŭlŭs Ŏlěum
Ölěī · · ·	Öliv.	Gen.	F.	I	Ŏlīvă
Ŏpĭī		Gen.	N.	2	Öpĭum
Pulvěris	P	. Gen.	м.	3	Pulvĭs
Partem Partes		Acc. Pl.	F	3	Pars
Partī	(Dat.	M.	3	Pes
Pědí Pílůlæ)	7007	Nom } P			
Pilulās	Pil	(Acc.))	2	TO 10 1 11
Pŏdŏphyllī .	· Pŏdŏphil. ·	. Gen.	N.	2	T Octopary in an

LIST.	Contracted Form.	Case.	Gender.	Dec.	Nominative.
Pŏtassæ	Pŏtass Pulp	Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen.	F. N. F. M.	I 2 I 3	Pŏtassă Pŏtassĭum Pulpă Pulvĭs
Quantitātem Quiētis Quīnīnæ	Q	Accus. Gen. Gen.	F. F. F.	3 3	Quantitas Quies Quinină (Medical)
Rādīcĭs Rēsīnæ Rhēi	Ros {	Gen. Gen. Gen. pl. Gen.	F. F. N.	3 1 2	Rādix Rēsīnă Rhēum Rŏsă
Sacchărī Sarsăpărillæ Sāturnī Scammōnĭī Scrūpŭlum Sesquĭcarbonātĭs Sōdæ	Sacc	Gen. Gen. Gen. Accus. Gen. Gen. Gen. Gen.	N. F. M. N. M. F.	2 1 2 2 2 3 1	Sacchărum Sarsăparillă Sāturnŭs Scammōnĭum (Đj.) Scrūpŭlŭs Sesquīcarbonas Sōdă Somnŭs
Spīrītūs Submuriātīs Succī Sulphātīs	CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	Gen. Gen. Gen.	M. M. M.	4 3 2 3	Spīrītus (Medical) Submurias Succus Sulphas
Sulphŭrēti Sulphŭrĭs	The same of	Gen. Gen.	N. N. M.	3 2	Sulphur Sulphur Syrūpus
Tempŏrī Tinctūræ	Temp	Gen. Dat. Gen.	M. N. F.	3 3 1	Tartras Tempŭs Tinctūră
Unclam Unguentum Unguentī	Ung {	Accus. Nom. Gen. Abl.	F. N. M.	1 2 4	Uncĭă (℥j.) Unguentum Ūsūs
Vērātrīnæ Vespěrī Vícēs Vinī	(ἔσπερος)	Gen. Abl. Accus. pl. Gen.	F. M. F.	1 3 3 2	Vērātrīnă Vesper (Medical) (Defective Noun, vicem, vice, vicēs) Vīnūm

TABULA SECUNDA. VERBS A.

LIST.	Contracted Form,	Mood.	Tense.	Number.	Person.	Verb.
Absentě Addě Admŏvē	Admöv	Part. Imp. Imp.	and adj. Pres. Pres.		2 2	Absum Addō Admŏvĕō
Affectæ	Affect	Part.	and adj.			afficio
Applicandum Applicandă.	Appl Applicand	Gerun Gerun	dive dive			Applĭcō
Augendō Căpĭăt Cōlā	Сăр	Gerun Conj. Imp.	Pres.	lar.	3 2	Augěō Căpĭō Cōlō
Cōlātō Concīsæ Contundě		Part. Part. Imp.	Pres.	Singular.	2.	Concidō Contundō
Contūsæ Convălŭĕrĭt . Cŏquĕ		Part. Ind. Imp.	Fut. perf. Pres.		3 2	Convălescă Cŏquō
Cŭbĭtum Destillātæ . Dictă		Part.				Cŭbō Destill ō Dīcō
Dīvĭdĕ		Imp.	Pres.		2	Dīvidō
Evānuerit		Indic.	Fut. perf.		3	Evānescō (Fīō
Fīāt Fīant	F. Ft. Con	sult gra	mmar for	allte	nses	} ,,
Imminuendō.	11.)	Ger	und	S		Imminŭō
Imponendum	Imponend	Gerun	dive	S		Įmpōnō
Ĭtūră	Fut. par		nsult gram	mar		Ěō
Mācĕrā		Imp.	Pres.		2	Mācĕrō
Miscē		Imp.	Pres.		2	Miscěō
Mittě		Imp.	Pres.		2	Mittō Ŏpĕrŏr
Operandi		Gerun	Pres.	Singular.	2	Persistā
Persistat	Dave	Conj.	art. perf.	ga	3	Pūrĭfĭcā
Pūrificātī	Pūrĭf	Imp.	Pres.	ii.	2	Rěcĭpĭō
Rěcĭpě	B	Gerun		01	-	Rěpětō
Rěpětendůs .	Sig	Imp.	Pres.		2	Signō
Signā Signētur	Sign.	Conj.	Pres. pass		3	,,
Signetur Sum	Con	sult gra	mmar for	allte		Sum
Sūmăt		Conj.	Pres.	S	3	Sūmō
Sumantur		Conj.	Pres.	P	3	"
Sumend		Gerun	dive			,,
1		1		1	-	

TABULA SECUNDA. VERBS B.

Conjugation.

Absum	abfuī, ăbessě (v. n. irreg.), to be away; absent.
Addō	addidī, additum, addere (3 v. a.), to add.
Admoveo	admövī, admötum, admövērě (2 v. a.) to move to;
Admoveo	
100 -	to apply.
Affecto	affectāvī, affectātum, affectāre (I v. freq. in passive);
	affectārī morbō, to be seized with disease. Liv.
Afficiō	affēcī, affectum, affīcĕrĕ (3 v. a.) to affect.
Applico	applicāvī, applicātum, applicārě (I v. a.), to apply
Augěō	auxī, auctum, augērě (2 v. a. and n.), to increase.
Căpiō	cēpī, cāptum, căpěre (3 v. a.), to take.
Cōlō	colavi, colatum, colare (I v. a.), (medical), to strain.
	Not cŏlō, cŏlŭī, cultum, cŏlĕrĕ (3 v. a.), to cultivate.
Concidō	concīdī, concīsum, concīděrě (3 v. a.), to cut up.
concido	Not concido, concidi, concidere (3 v. n.), to fall down.
Contundo	
	contudi, contusum, contundere (3 v. a.), to crush or bruise.
Convălesco	convălui, convălescere (3 v. incep.), to regain health.
Cŏquō	coxī, coctum, coquere (3 v. a.), to cook; digest.
Cŭbō	cubui, cubitum, cubare (1 v. n.), to lie down.
Destillō	destillāvī, destillātum, destillāre (1 v. a. and n.), to distil.
Dīcō	dixī, dictum, dīcĕrĕ (3 v. a.), to say.
Dīvidō	dīvīsī, dīvīsum, dīvĭděrě (3 v. a.), to divide.
Ěō	(consult grammar for all tenses), to go.
Evānescō	ēvānuī, ēvānescērē (3 v. n. incep.), to vanish; disappear.
	(French, évanouir).
Fiō	(consult grammar for all tenses), to be made.
Imminuo	immĭnŭī, immĭnūtum, immĭnŭĕrĕ (3 v. a.), to decrease.
Impono	imposuī, impositum, imponere (3 v. a.), to place upon.
Mācĕrō	mācerāvī, mācerātum, mācerāre (I v. a.), to macerate.
Miscěö	miscuī, mistum or mixtum, miscēre (2 v. a.), to mix.
Mittō	mīsī, missum, mittere (3 v. a.), to send.
Ŏpěrŏr	ŏpěrātus, sum, ŏpěrārī) (1 v. n. dep.), to work.
Persistō	perstiti, persistere (3 v. n.), to continue.
Purifico	pūrificāvi pūrificātum pūrificāvi (r)
Rěcípiō	pūrificāvī, pūrificātum, pūrificāre (1 v. a.), to purify
	recepī, receptum, recipere (3 v. a.), to take.
Rěpětō	repetīvī or repetīi, repetītum, repetere (3 v. a.), to repeat.
Signō	signāvī, signātum, signāre, (I v. a.), to sign.
Solvo	solvī, solūtum, solvěrě (3 v. a.), to dissolve.
Sum	(consult grammar for all tenses), to be.
Sūmō	sumpsī, sumptum, sūměrě (3 v. a.), to lake.
	And the second s
	The state of the s

TABULA TERTIA. VARIOUS.

A	aromatici. Adj. M. sing. gen. Aromaticus, a, um.
Āā	āna, ανα, of each.
Ăd	Prep., governs accusative, up to.
Atquě	Conj. Used in poetry, and.
Aur	aurātī. Adj. N. sing. gen. Aurātus, a, um, golden.
Bŏvīnī	Adj. N. sing. gen. Bovīnus, a, um, relating to oxen.
C	cum. Prep., governs ablative, with.
Co., Compos .	Adj., various cases. Compositus, a, um, compound.
Crās	Adv., to-morrow. In prescriptions often means next day.
Cūjus	Pron. relat., of which.
Cum	Conj., governs ablative, with.
Děindě	Adv., then or afterwards.
Dextr	dextro. Adj. N. sing. dat. Dexter, ra, rum, to the right.
	Adv., until.
TOY-	Numer. card. (δυο) (deux). F. plur. accus. Dŭŏ, α, δ, two.
Ť=1	Pron. F. sing. abl. Is, ěă, ťd, the same.
Ĕt '	Conj., and.
77	Prep., governs ablative, from.
TT-	Pron. demonst. F. sing. abl. Hīc, hæc, hōc, this.
T .U -	Adv., intimately, very well.
Intime In (abl.)	Prep., in.
	Prep., into. Adj. F. sing. gen.
	Adject. M. sing. abl. Lēnis, č, gentle
Lēnī	Adj. F. sing. gen. Levis, e, light.
Lěvis	Occurs in various cases. Magnus, a, um, great.
Magn, Magna.	Adj. N. sing. nom. Mollis, e, soft.
Mollě	F. sing. abl. Omnis, é, all, every.
Omn, Omnī . Parvŭlō	Adj. dimin. N. sing. abl. (In prescriptions used as Par-
rarvaio	vus.) Parvulus, a, um, small, smallish.
Dx.	Prep., governs accusative, through, during.
	Prep. also adv., governs accusative, behind, after.
Pōně	Prep. governs ablative, for.
Prō	Adv., wholly, thoroughly. (Various meanings.)
Prorsus	Quāquě. Pron. indef. F. sing. abl. Quisque, every.
	quantum sufficiăt, as much as may be required.
(2.s	
Quartam . }	
Quartis, 4tis	Adv. daily every day
Quŏtīdĭē	Adv., daily, every day. Adj. F. sing. abl. Secundus, a, um, second.
Sěcundā	
Simul	each. Generally implies continuance. Thus, singulis
Sing }	noctibus, every night without intermission.
Singulis)	Adv. often
Sœpě	Adv. num three times thrice.
Ter	Adv. num., three times, thrice. Num. card. N. sing. abl. Unis, a, um, one.
Uno	(Adr vii) as so that (with subi).
V*1	(Adv. xii.), as; so that (with subj.).
Věl	Conj., or.

TABULA QUARTA. NUMERALS.

The signs for numbers may be divided into four classes:-

(1) Cardinal numbers are the chief, namely, I., II., III., IV. and the like. The term is derived from cardo a hinge, being those on which the other numerals hinge.

(2) Ordinal numerals, are those which indicate numerical

rank (ordo); as, prīmus, secundus, tertius.

(3) Distributive numerals denote so many each, or at each time; as, quini, sēnī, septēnī, five, six, or seven each.

(4) Numeral adverbs denote the number of times that any-

thing happens or is done; as, bis, ter, quater.

Four, in classical Latin is spelled quattuor; in prescriptions and medical Latin, quatuor.

A very useful rule to recollect is, that after the number, twenty, 20, XX., the compound smaller number is put first with the conjunction et; thus—forty-three, 43, XLIII., is tres et quadraginta; thirty-seven, 37, XXXVII., is septem et triginta.

	CARDINAL.	ORDINAL:	DISTRIBUTIVE.	ADVERBS.
I.	ūnŭs	prīmŭs	singŭlī	sĕmel
II.	dŭŏ	sĕcundŭs, or altěr	bīnī	bĭs
III.	trēs	tertiŭs	ternī, or trīnī	těr
IV.	quātŭŏr	quartus	quaternī	quătěr
V.	quinquĕ	quintŭs	quīnī	quinquies
VI.		sextŭs	sēnī	sexiēs
VIII.	octō	octāvŭs	octōnī	octĭēs
IX.	nŏvem	nōnŭs	nŏvēnī	novĭēs
X.	děcem	dĕcĭmŭs	dēnī	dĕcĭēs
XIJ:	dŭŏ dĕcim	dŭŏ dĕcĭmŭs	dŭŏ dērī	dŭŏ dĕcĭēs
	quinquě děcim			
XVIIJ.	duo deviginti	dŭŏ dēvīcēsĭmŭs	dŭŏ dēvīcēnī	dŭŏ dēvīcĭēs
XXV.	quinquě ět vígin	tī		
XXX.	trīgintā		N The second	
		(gr. ss. grānum dī	mĭdĭum	
. 1	dīmĭdĭum	35s. uncia di	mĭdĭă	
		(3ss. drachm	ă dīmĭdĭă	
ijss.	duo cum semisse	Oss. accus. scrūpŭl	um dīmĭdĭum	Market State of the State of th

PRESCRIPTIONS IN CONTRACTED AND UNCONTRACTED LATIN.

In order that these prescriptions should retain their original form, those on the left hand, in abbreviated Latin, have no quantities marked.

English Translation at page 220.

I.

B. Lin. Ammon.

Lin. Chloroform.

Lin. Opii, āā 3iv.

Ft. linim. cujus infric! pauxill. bis terve quotidie stern. et part. thorac. dolent.

Feb. 14, 1870. C. J. Y.

II.

R. P. Rhei opt., gr. iij.

Sapon. gr. j.

Zingib. gr. j.

M. ft. pil. j. dos. j. vel ij. ante prand. sumend., vel ante somn.

Jan. 21, 1865. G. W. R. P. Mitte xxxvj.

I.

R Linimenti Ammoniæ,

Linimenti Chlöröformi, Linimenti Ŏpii, āā, 3iv.

Fiăt linimentum, cūjūs infricētur pauxillum bis terve quotidie sterno et parti thorācis dolenti.

Feb. 14, 1870. C. J. Y.

II.

R. Pulvěris Rhēi optimi, gr iij.

Sapōnĭs, gr. j.

Zingiberis, gr. j.

Miscē fīăt pĭlŭłā j. dosĭs j. vĕl ij. antĕ prandĭum sūmendæ, vĕl antĕ somnum.

Jan. 21, 1865. G. W. R. P. Mittě xxxvj.

III.

R Ext. Coloc. co. gr. vj.

Ext. Hyoscyam. gr. iij. Ft. pil. duæ post. hor. iv. nisi alv. prius solut. fuerit cap.

R. Sp. Ether. Sulph. co. fl. 3j.

Mist. Amygd. fl. 3iiss.

Syr. Rhœad. fl. 3ss. M. dimid. hor. 4^{tis} adhib.

Maii 27, 1834. F. H. B.

IV.

Mitte hirud. No. vj.
Applic. later. dolent empl.
vesic. h. vespere.

R Submur. hydrarg. gr. iij.

P. Antim. gr. iv. Conf. Ros. gr. iss. Mft. pil. h. s. s.

R Mag. Sulph. 3ss. Aquæ, 3j. 3ij. R. Card. co. 3j.

Mft. haust. aper. cras. p. m. s.

III.

R Extractī Cŏlŏcynthĭdĭs compŏsĭtī, gr. vj.

Extractī Hyoscyāmī, gr. iij. Fīant pilulæ duæ post horās quātuor nisi alvus prius solūta fuerit, capiendæ.

R Spīritūs Ēthěris Sulphuricī compositī, fl.3j.

Mistūræ Amygdălārum, fl. žiiss.

Syrūpī Rhœădŏs, fl.3ss.

Miscē dīmĭdĭum hōrīs quartīs adhĭbendum.

Maii 27, 1834. F. H. B.

IV.

Mittě hirūdĭnēs, No. vj.

Applicētur lăteri dolenti emplastrum vēsicatorium horā vespere.

R Submuriātis hydrargyrī, gr.

iij. [iv.

Pulvēris Antimoniālis, gr.

Confectionis Rosæ, gr. iss.

Miscē fiāt pilulā horā somni sūmendā.

R Magnēsii Sulphātis, 3ss. Ăquæ, 3j. 3ij. Tinctūræ Cardămōmī,compŏsitæ, 3j.

Miscē fiăt haustŭs ăpĕriens crās primō mānĕ sūmendŭs. V.

R Sod. Bicarb. 3iij. Ammon. Bicarb. 9 ij.

Pot. Nitrat. 3ss.
Syr. Aurant. 3ss.
Ac. Hydrocyan. Sch. gtt.
xij.
Aquæ ad 3viij.

M. capiat 3iss. t. in d. cum pulv. j. seq. m. stat. effervesc.

R. Ac. Tart. 9 j.

Mitte chart. vj.

Oct. 15, 1870. H. P.

VI.

R. R. Gent. co. 3j.

Liq. Tarax. §iiss. Sp. Ammon. co. §ss.

M. sumat coch. med. bis die ex aquæ cyatho.

R. Pil. Hydrarg. Hyd. Chlorid. āā gr. iss.

Ext. Coloc. co. gr. iij.

Ol. M. Pip. mj. Mft. pil. p. r. n. s.

Mitte vj.

Jan. 14, 1858

V.

R Sodii Bicarbonātis, Ziij.
Ammonii Bicarbonātis,
Đij.

Pŏtassĭī Nitrātĭs, 3ss. Syrūpī Aurantĭī, 3ss.

Acidi Hydrocyanici (Scheele), gtt. xij.

Ăquæ ad zviij.

Miscē căpĭăt ʒiss tĕr in dĭē cum pulvĕrĕ j. sĕquentī mānĕ stătū effervescentĭæ.

R Ăcĭdī Tartărĭcī, Ə j. Mittě chartās, vj. Oct. 15, 1870. H. P.

VI.

R Tinctūræ Gentiānæ compŏsitæ, ǯj. Lĭquōris Taraxăcī, ǯiiss.

Spīritūs Ammoniæ compositī, zss.

Miscē, sūmăt cochlĕārĕ mĕdĭum bĭs dĭē ex ăquæ cÿăthō.

R Pilŭlæ Hydrargÿri, Hydrargÿri Chlōridi, āā gr. iss.

Extractī Cŏlŏcynthĭdĭs compŏsĭtī, gr. iij.

Ölĕī Menthæ Pĭpĕrītæ mj. Miscē fīăt pĭlŭlă prō rē nātā sūmendă. Mittě vj.

Jan. 14, 1858.

VII.

R Ol. Tig. Croton. gtt. iv. Pil. Styrac. co. gr. iv.

In pil. iv. divid. hab. j. iv. quâque h. donec alv. sol. sit.

J. T.

VIII.

R. Pot. Bicarb. 3j. R. Gent. co. 3iss.

> Sp. Chlorof. 3j. Liq. Tarax. 3jj. Aquæ ad 3viij.

M. sum. coch. ampl. bis die c Ac. Citr. 9 j. in aq. cyath.

Mitte Ac. ch. xvj.

R Pil. Hydrarg. Pil. Galb. co., āā gr. iij.

Ext. Al. Barb. gr. iss.

Mft. pil. ij. p. r. n. s.

Mitte vj.

VII.

R Ölēĭ Tiglĭī Crŏtōnis, gtt. iv. Pĭlŭlæ Styrăcĭs compŏsĭtæ, gr. iv.

In pĭlŭlās iv. dīvĭdĕ; hăbĕăt j. quartā quāqŭe hōrā dōnĕc alvŭs sŏlūtă sĭt.

J. T.

VIII.

R Pŏtassĭī Bīcarbōnātĭs, ʒj.

Tinctūræ Gentiānæ compŏsĭtæ, ʒiss.

Spīrĭtūs Chlōrōformī, ʒj.

Lĭquōrĭs Taraxăcī, ʒij.

Ăquæ ad ʒviij.

Miscē, sūmăt cochlĕārĕ am plum bĭs dĭē cum Ăcĭdī Ci•

plum bis die cum Ăcidī Citricī Đj. in ăquæ cyăthō.

Mitte Ăcidī chartās xvj.

R Pĭlŭlæ Hydrargÿrī, Pĭlŭlæ Galbănī compŏsĭtæ, āā gr. iij.

Extractī Alŏēs Barbadensis, gr. iss.

Miscē fīant pĭlŭlæ ij. prō rē nātā sūmendæ.

Mittě vj.

IX.

R Ammon. Sesquic. 3ij.

Sod. Sesquic. 3ij. Pot. Iodid, 3ss. Vin. Colch. 3ij. R. Aurant. 3ij. Aq. pur. ad. 3iv.

M. cap. coch. j. ampl. t. in d. ex. aq. et. coch. ampl. suc. limon. recent.

R. Quin. Disulph. gr. iij. Pil. Hydrarg. gr. iij. Ext. Coloc. Co. gr. iij.

Mft. pil. ij. o. n. s.

Mitte iv.

X.

R. Sodæ Bicarb. 3ss. P. Tragac. c. 9 iv.

Aq. Cinnam. zvj. R. Opii, mxx.

Mft. Mist. Sumat quart. part. stat. et repet. in h. quatuor postea, s. o. s.

July 10.

IX.

R Ammōniæ Sesquicarbōnātis, 3ij.
Sodæ Sesquicarbōnātis, 3ij.
Pŏtassiī Iōdidī, 3ss.
Vīnī Colchicī, 3ij.
Tinctūræ Aurantiī, 3ij.
Ăquæ Pūræ ad 3iv.

Miscē, căpĭăt cochlĕārĕ j. amplum tĕr in dĭē ex ăquā ĕt cochlĕārĕ amplum succī limōnĭs rĕcentĭs.

R Quininæ Disulphātis, gr. iij.

Pilŭlæ Hydrargyri, gr. iij.

Extracti Cölöcynthidis

compositi, gr. iij.

Missē fiant pilvilæ ii omni

Miscē fiant pilŭlæ ij, omni noctĕ sūmendæ.

Mittě iv.

X.

R Södíi Bicarbönātis, 3ss.

Pulvěris Trăgăcanthæ

compŏsitī, \ni iv.

Ăquæ Cinnămōmī, \Im vj.

Tinctūræ Ŏpĭī, \mathfrak{M} xx.

Miscē fīāt Mistūrā. Sūmāt quartam partem stătim, ĕt rĕpĕtātŭr in hōrīs quātŭŏr postĕā, sī ŏpŭs sĭt.

July 10.

volvě.

XI.

R Morph. Acet. gr.4.
P. Colch. gr. iij.
Ft. pil. 4^{tis} horis s.

Mitte vj. fol. a. inv.

R. Potas. Bicarb. 3iij. Syr. Aurant. 3iij. R. Ejusdem. 3iij. Aquæ ad 3vj. R. Card. co. 3ij.

Cap. sext. part. 3^{tils} horis cum coch. ampl. succi limon.

March 11, 1868. F. B.

XII.

B. Ol. Morrhuæ pur. 3viij.

Sum. coch. min. (augend. ad ampl.) bis die cum Mist. sequent. coch. ampl. [Augendă dosis, or, cochleare augendum.]

XI.

R. Morphinæ Ăcëtātis, gr. ¼. Pulvēris Colchici, gr. iij. Fiăt pilulă quartis horis sumendă. Mittě vj. folio argentĕo in-

R Pŏtassĭi Bicarbōnātis, ʒiij. Syrūpī Aurantii, ʒiij. Tinctūræ Ējusdem, ʒiij. Ăquæ ad ʒvj. Tinctūræ Cardamōmī compŏsĭtæ, ʒij.

Căpiăt sextam partem tertiis hōris cum cochlĕāri amplō succi limōnis.

March 11, 1868. F. B.

XII.

Rĕcĭpĕ, Ölĕī Morrhŭæ pūrī, ʒviij.

Sūmātŭr cochlĕārĕ mĭnĭmum (augenda ad amplum) [or ad amplum augendum] bĭs dĭē cum Mistūræ sĕquentĭs cochlĕāri amplō. R Acid. Phosph. dil. 3ss.

Tinct. Nuc. Vom. 3ij.

— Calumb:
Syr. Zingib. āā ʒj.
Inf. Aurant. ad ʒviij.
M. ft. Mist.

R Liq. Morph. Acet.

Sp. Chloroform. āā 3j.
Mist. Acac. 3xiv.
Mft. gutt.
Sum. coch. minim. urgent.
tuss.

R Acet. Cantharid. 3vj.Sp. Camph. 3ij.M. Applicet. pauxill. pector.

Oct. 30, 1880. Dr. Williams.

Rěcĭpě, Ăcĭdī Phosphŏricī dilūtī, ℥ss.
Tinctūræ Nŭcĭs Vŏmĭcæ,

ʒij.
,, Călumbæ.
Syrūpī Zingĭbĕris, āā ℥j.
Infūsī Aurantĭī ad ℥viij.
Miscē fiăt Mistūră.

Rěcĭpě, Lǐquōrĭs Morphinæ

Ăcētātĭs.

Spīrĭtūs Chlōrōformī, āā 3j.

Mistūræ Ăcăcĭæ, 3xiv.

Miscē fiant guttæ.

Sūmātur cochlĕārĕ mĭnĭmum urgentī tussī.

Rěcĭpě, Ăcētī Canthăridis, 3vj. Spīritūs Camphoræ, 3ij. Miscē, Applicētŭr pauxillum pectorī. Oct. 30, 1880. Dr. Williams.

It is impossible that clearly printed medical formulæ can do more than show the principles of Latin construction. The student is earnestly requested to consult the many collections of autograph prescriptions which are accessible to him; and to gain facility in reading, by practical work in some dispensing establishment of repute.

LATIN PRESCRIPTIONS.

[MEMORABILIA.]

Aconitum. i is long. Aconite.

(" Nec miseros fallunt aconīta legentes."--VERG.: Georg. ii.

Camphora. ŏ is short. Cinchona. ō is long.

Conīum. ī is long (κώνειον; ei, diphthong). Hemlock

Crystallus, a crystal, is a feminine noun.

Cătaplasma, -ătis, a poultice. Enema, -ătis. Gargarisma, -ătis, a gargle, are neuter nouns.

They make in the plural, Cataplasmăta, enemăta, gargarismăta, Physostigma and Theobroma follow the same rule.

Gargarisma sæpe utendum.

The gargle to be frequently used.

E, ex, from. . Medical use, in.

E vehiculo crasso, in a thick vehicle.

Ex aquâ, in water.

E should be used before a consonant, ex before a vowel, but the rule is disregarded in prescribing, and the preposition is written indifferently.

R. Aq. ad zviij.

Strictly, this should be "aquam ad zviij.," the accusative case governed by recipe. Medical men almost always write aquæ (genitive case), the word "quantitatem" being understood. After q. s., aquæ (genitive) must be used.

An elegant construction is sometimes employed:

Aquæ quantum sufficiat ut fiant unciæ octo.

Literal translation: As much of water as may suffice so that eight ounces may be made; or, Water sufficient to make eight ounces.

*** Additional prescriptions are appended, for students who desire further practice.

English Translation at page 225.

R. Pulv. Rhei, gr. xv. Sod. Bicarb. gr. x. Sp. Myrist. m x. Syr. Simpl. 3j. Aq. ad. 3iss.

M. ft. haust. stat. sumend. et rep. post horas sex s. o. s.

R. Liq. Amm. Acet. 3vj.

Pot. Bicarb. 9 ij. Sp. Ether. Nit. 3iss.

Vin. Ant. Tart. m xl.

Syr. Tolut. 3ss. Syr. Papav. 3ss. Aq. ad 3iv.

M. ft. Mist. cujus cap. coch. mag. j. 4^{tis} horis.

R. Liq. Calc. Oj.

Misce part. un. liquor. c lact. nov. part. quatuor ut ft. pot. commun.

R Pulvěris Rhei, gr. xv.
Sodří Bicarbonātis, gr. x.
Spīrřtûs Myristicæ, m x.
Syrūpi Simplĭcis, 3j.
Aquam ad 3iss.

Misce fiat haustus statim sumendus, et repetātur post horas sex si opus sit.

R Liquōris Ammonĭī Acētātis, 3vj.

> Potassĭī Bicarbonātis, 🤊 ij. Spīrĭtûs Ethĕris Nitrĭci, 3iss.

> Vini Antimonii Tartrātis, m xl.

Syrūpi Tolutāni, zss. Syrūpi Papāvěris, zss. Aquam ad ziv.

Misce fiat Mistūra cujus capiātur cochleāre magnum quartis horis.

R Liquōris Calcis, Oj. (octarium).

Misce partem unam liquōris cum lactis novi partĭbus quatuor ut fiat potus commūnis. R. R. Ferri Sesquic. 3vij.

Acid. Nit. dil. Ziv. Ether. Chlor. Ziij. Inf. Gent. comp. Zxvj.

Pot. Chlor. 5ij. M. cap. coch. larg. ex coch. ij larg. aq. t. in d.

R. Sp. Terebinth, \(\frac{7}{2} \)ss.

Acid. Acet. fort. \(\frac{7}{2} \)iij.

Ov. vitel. un.

Tere opt. et adde

Ol. Limon. gtt. xx.

Aq. Ros. ad \(\frac{7}{2} \)iij.

M. ft. linim. pect. o. n. infricand.

R Cort. Simaroub. Cont. 3ss.

Aq. fervent. zviss.Infus. per. hor. un. deinde cola.Ad colatur. addeTinct. Card. Co. zj.

S. coch. ampl. j. ter die.

R. Tannin. 9 j.
Sp. V. Rect. 3iv.
Aq. Ros. 3vss.
M. ft. collyr. n. maneque
utend.

R. Tinctūræ Ferri Sesquichloridi, 3vii.
Acidi Nitrici dilūti, 3iv.
Etheris Chlorici, 3iij.
Infusi Gentiānæ compositi,
3xvi. (uncias sēdecim).
Potassiī Chlorātis, 3ij.
Misce, capiat cochleāre largum ex cochleāribus duōbus largis aquæ ter in die.

R Spīritûs Terebinthinæ, ʒss.
Acidi Acētici fortis, ʒiij.
Ovi vitellum unius
Tere optimè et adde
Olei Limōnum, gtt. xx.
Aquam Rosæ ad ʒiij.
Misce fiat linimentum pectori omni nocte infricandum.

R Corticis Simaroubæ contrīti, \(\frac{7}{3} ss. \)

Aquæ ferventis, zviss.

Infusā per horam unam deinde cola.

Ad colatūram adde

Tinctūræ Cardamōmi composĭtæ, 3j.

Sumat cochleare amplum ter die.

R Tannīni, Ə j.
Spīrītûs Vini Rectificāti, ziv.
Aquæ Rosæ, zvss.
Misce fiat collyrium nocte
maneque utendum.

R. Verat. gr. v.
Adip. 3ss.
Ol. Lavand. gtt. j.
M. Sig. Ung. temp. dext. n.
maneque m. dict. utend.

R Cret. pp. opt. Pot. Bicarb. Conf. Arom. āā 3j.

> R. Opii m xl. P. Trag. Co. 3j.

Syr. Simpl. 3iv. Aq. Anis. q. s. ut ft. 3vi.

M. cap. coch. ampl. stat. et post sing. sed. liq. repet. dosis.

R Chloral. Hydrat. gr. xv.
Brom. Amm. gr. x.
Syr. Aurant. 3ss.
Aq. q. s. ut ft. 3j.

S. coch, mag. h. sept, et nona.

R Verātrīnæ, gr. v.
Adĭpis, ʒss.
Olei Lavandŭlæ, gtt. j.
Misce, signētur. Unguen
tum tempŏri dextro nocte
maneque more dicto utendum.

R Cretæ præparātæ optimæ.

Potassii Bicarbonātis.

Confectionis Aromaticæ,

āā 3j.

Tinctūræ Opii, m xl.

Pulvěris Tragacanthæ

compositi, 3i.

Syrūpi Simplicis, 3iv.

Aquæ Anīsi quantum sufficiat ut fiant, 3vj.

Misce, capiat cochleāre amplum statim et post singŭlas sedes liquĭdas repetātur dosis.

R Chlorālis Hydrātis, gr. xv. Ammonii Brōmĭdi, gr. x. Syrūpi Aurantii, ʒss. Aquæ quantum sufficiat ut fiat, ʒj.

Sumat cochleare magnum horâ septimâ et nonâ (7 and 9 o'clock p.m.).

R Emp. Bellad. extend. super alut. p. reg. cord.

H. H.

R. Morph. Acet. gr. j.
Oxymel. Scill. 3ij.
Syr. Limon. 3xiv.
M. ut ft. linct. cuius

M. ut ft. linct. cujus s. coch. min. h. s. et quot. permolest. sit tussis.

W. F. C.

R Amm. Brom.
Pot. Brom. āā 3vj.
R. Lupul. ǯiij.
Aq. Chlorof. ad ǯxij.

M. ft. mist. Habeat fl. 3ss ex aq. cyath. vin. h. s. repet.que fl. 3ij. h. x. a. m.

R Zinc. Valer. gr. xxxvj.

Ext. Gent. q. s.

M. et divid. in pil. xij. cap. j. t. d. c sing. dos. Mist.

H. B.

R Emplastrum Belladonnæ extende super alūtam (soft leather) pro regione cordis.

H. H.

R Morphīnæ Acētātis, gr. j. Oxymellis Scillæ, 3ij. Syrūpi Limōnum, 3xiv.

Misce ut fiat linctus, cujus sumat cochleāre minimum horâ somni, et quoties permolesta sit tussis.

W. F. C.

R Ammonii Brōmĭdi Potassii Brōmĭdi, āā 3vj. Tinctūræ Lupŭli, 3iij. Aquam Chloroformi ad 3xij.

Misce fiat mistura. Habeat, 3ss ex aquæ cyătho vinōso horâ somni; repĕtatque 3ij. horâ decĭmâ, ante meridĭem.

R. Zinci Valerianātis, gr. xxxvj. (sex et triginta.)

Extracti Gentianæ, quantum sufficiat.

Misce et dīvide in pilŭlas xij. Capiat unam ter die cum singŭlis dosibus Mistūræ.

H. B.

R Hydr. Subchlor.,
Sacch. Alb., āā gr. iss.
Tere bene simul, ut ft. pulv.
subtiliss. Mitte vj.
SIR ERASMUS WILSON.

R. Suc. Tarax. \(\frac{7}{2} \)iss.
Sp. Chlorof. \(\frac{7}{2} \)j.
Ext. Cinch. Flav. Liq. \(\frac{7}{2} \)ss.

M. ft. Mist. cujus dos. sit 3j. ex. aq. cyath. t. d. s.

G. E. B.

R. Hyd. c Cret. gr. ij.

P. Glycyrrh. Co. (Ph. G.) gr. x.

M. ft. pulv. semel vel bis in hebdom. s. ex aliq. vehic. crass.

R. Tart. Sod. 3ss. R. Rhei Co. 3iss.

> Syr. Zingib. 3iv. Aq. M. Pip. ad 3iij.

M. ft. Mist. S. dimid. statim et reliq. in horas iv., s. o. s.

R Hydrargyri Subchloridi. Sacchări albi, āā gr. iss. Tere bene simul, ut fiat pulvis subtilissimus. Mitte vj. SIR ERASMUS WILSON.

R. Succi Taraxăci, \(\frac{7}{3} \) iss. Spīritûs Chloroformi, \(\frac{7}{3} \) i. Extracti Cinch\(\text{o}\) næ Flavæ Liquidi, \(\frac{7}{3} \) ss.

Misce fiat Mistūra, cujus dosis sit 3j. ex aquæ cyătho ter die sumenda.

G. E. B.

R. Hydrargyri cum Cretâ, gr. ij. Pulvĕris Glycyrrhizæ com-

positi (Ph. German), gr. x.

Misce fiat pulvis semel vel bis in hebdomăde sumendus ex alĭquo vehicŭlo crasso.

R Sodæ Tartrātis, 3ss.
Tinctūræ Rhei Compositæ,
3iss.

Syrūpi Zingibĕris, 3iv.

Aquam Menthæ Piperītæ, ad Ziij.

Misce fiat Mistūra. Sumat dimidium statim et reliquum in horas quatuor si opus sit [or, dimidiam . reliquam: partem understood].

R. R. Ferri Mur. 3ss.

R. Quiniæ, 3iiss.

M. ft. Mist. de quâ cap. coch. j. parv. t. in d. c aq. paul. ante cibum.

R Syr. Chloral. Hydr. 3iss.

Amm. Brom. gr. viiss. Syr. Flor. Aurant. 3ss.

Aq. ad Ziss.

M. ft. haust. n. s. post hor. quatuor s. haust. secund. s. o. s. Mitte ij. tal.

R Croton - Chlor. Hydr. 5ss.

Glycerin. 3j.

Sp. Myrist. 3j.

Aq. Caryoph. Ziv.

M. ft. Mist. zvj. cujus cap. zj ex aq. cyath. access. dolor. repet. que s. o. s. post hor. unam.

R Tinctūræ Ferri Muriātis, 3ss.

Tinctūræ Quinīnæ, žiiss.

Misce fiat Mistura de quâ capiat cochleare unum parvum ter in die cum aquæ paulo ante cibum.

R. Syrūpi Chlorālis Hydrātis, 3iss.

Ammonii Brōmidi, gr. viiss. Syrūpi Florum Aurantii, 3ss.

Aquam ad Ziss.

Misce fiat haustus nocte sumendus; post horas quatuor sumat haustum secundum si opus sit. Mitte duos tales.

R Croton-Chlorālis Hydrātis, āss.

Glycerini, 3j.

Spīritûs Myristicæ, 3j.

Aquæ Caryophyllörum, živ.

Misce fiat Mistūra zvj. [ad uncias sex], cujus capiat drachmam ex aquæ cyătho accessione doloris: repetatque si opus sit post horam unam. R Euonymin., Ext. Hyoscyam., ãã gr. ij.

M. ft. pil. j. h. s. s.

Habeat

P. Seidlitz. No. 1, p. m. post pil. s.

R Euonymin., Extracti Hyoscyami, āā gr. ij.

Misce fiat pilŭla, horâ somni sumenda.

Habeat Pulverem Seidlitz unum, primo mane post pilŭlam sumendum.

Words adapted into medicine are frequently not declined; occasionally not even latinised by English prescribers. Thus read: Liquor Opii Battley. To this must be excepted original Latin terms; as, Pulvis Jacōbi (James's Powder); Laudănum Sydenhāmi; Spīrĭtus Mindĕrēri (Liquor Ammonii Acetatis). The Germans latinise all terms as far as possible; thus, Pulvis aërophŏrus laxans [or Anglĭcus] is the Pharmacopœial rendering of Seidlitz Powder. French prescribers on the contrary Gallicise imported words; thus, Poudre Gazogène Laxative (Seidlitz); Poudre de Dower (Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ Compositus).

R Sp. Æther. Sulph. Co. 3j.

Syr. Papav. 3ss.

R. Opii, 3j.

Aq. M. Pip. q. s. ut ft. zviij.

Cap. 3j. si urg. dolor, et repet. 2dâ qq. hor. s. o. s.

R. Spīrĭtûs Ethĕris Sulphurĭci Composĭti, 3j.

Syrūpi Papāveris, 3ss.

Tinctūræ Opii, 3j.

Aquæ Menthæ Piperītæ quantum sufficiat ut fiant (unciæ octo), zviij.

Capiat unciam unam (cochlēaria magna duo) si urgeat dolor, et repetat secundâ quàque horâ si opus sit. R. Hydr. Chlor. gr. vj. Sod. Carb. 3ss. P. Cret. Co. 3j.

M. Hydr. Chlor. c. Sodæ. Carb. et deinde adde P. Cret. Comp. Divid. in part. vj. s. j. o. n.

R. Acid. Nitr. dil. 3iv.
Inf. Cascarill. ad 3xij.
M. S. part. 8vam quotid.
hor. merid.

G. O. R.

R Ung. Hydr. Nitr. Ox. 5ss.

Cerat. Cetac. 3ij.
M. ft. ung. o. n. tarsis ocul.
utend.

J. LANE.

R. Tinct. Aconit. m xxxij. Liq. Amm. Citrat. z̃iss.

> Vin. Ipecac. Zij. Syrup. Simp. Aquæ āā p. æq. ad Ziv.

M. coch. min. o. h. horas oct. deinde o. bihor. s.

R Hydrargyri Chloridi gr. vj. Sodii Carbonātis, 3ss. Pulvēris Cretæ Compositi, 3j.

Misce Hydrargyri Chloridum cum Sodii Carbonate et deinde adde Pulverem Cretæ Compositum. Divide in partes sex. Sumat unum (pulverem) omni nocte.

R Acĭdi Nitrĭci dilūti, ʒiv.
Infusum Cascarillæ ad ʒxij.
Misce. Sumat partem octāvam quotidie horâ meridiānâ.
G. O. R.

R Unguenti Hydrargyri
Nitrico-Oxydi 3ss.
Cerāti Cetācei, 3ij.
Miscefiat unguentum omni
nocte tarsis oculi utendum.

J. LANE.

R Tinctūræ Aconîti, m xxxij. Liquōris Ammonii Citrātis, z̃iss.

Vini Ipecacuanhæ, 3ij. Syrūpi Simplĭcis.

Aquæ āā partes æquāles ad \bar{z} iv.

Misce: cochleare minimum omni hora horas octo; deinde omni bihorio sumendum. R Pil. Coloc. et Hyoscyam. gr. xij. Podophyl. Ext. Belladon. āā gr. j.

Ft. pil. iij. j. h. s. s.
D. WANE.

R. Podophyl. gr. ij.
P. Scammon. jj.
Ext. Hyoscyam.
Pil. Galb. Co. āā gr. xv.

Simul accurat. contund. in mass. quam in pil. xij. æq. divid. Sumat j. vel ij. o. n.

R. Pot. Bicarb. 3iv.
Amm. Brom. 3ij.
Sp. Chlorof. 3iv.
R. Calumb. 3iss.
Aq. Dest. q. s. ad 3xij.

M. ft. Mist. cap. coch. ij. Mag. ter quotid. in actu effervesc. cum

P. Acid. Citric. gr. xiv. solut. in pauxil. aquæ.

Mitte xij.

R Pilŭlæ Colocynthĭdis et
Hyoscyămi, gr. xij.
Podophylli.
Extracti Belladonnæ āā
gr. j.

Fiant pilŭlæ tres; una horâ somni sumenda.

D. WANE.

R Podophylli, gr. ii.
Pulvěris Scammoniæ, 🤉 j.
Extracti Hyoscyami,
Pilulæ Galbani Compositæ,
āā gr. xv.

Simul accurātè contunde in massam quam in pilŭlas xij. æquāles dīvĭde. Sumat unam vel duas omni nocte.

R Potassii Bicarbonātis, ziv.
Ammonii Brōmidi, zij.
Spīritûs Chloroformi, ziv.
Tinctūræ Calumbæ, ziss.
Aquæ Destillātæ quantum
sufficiat ad zxij.

Misce fiat Mistūra; capiat cochleāria duo magna ter quotidie in actu effervescentiæ cum Pulvěris Acidi Citrici, gr. xiv. (granis quatuorděcim) solutis in pauxillo aquæ.

Mitte xij.

R Ouin. Disulph. gr. ij. Morph. Acet. gr. 1/8.

Ext. Colch. Acet. gr. ss.

M. ft. pil. bis die s. s. o. s. Mitte xij.

R Strychn. gr. ij. Acid. Acet. dil. 3j. Syr. Aurant. 3ss. Aq. ad Ziv.

M. Sumr. gutt. trigint. n. maneque quotid. ex aq. semicyath. vinos.

QUAIN.

R. Zinc. Ox. 3j. Liq. Plumb. Diac. 3j.

Ol. Cacao, 3vj.

M. bene et ft. ung. o. die in aures ope penicil. applicand. G. P.

R Hydr. Subchlor. gr. ij.

P. Guaiac. 3j. Sacch. Fus. 3j.

M. ft. pulv. in chart. viij. Sumat. j. o. n. ad vices viij ex. aliq vehic. crass.

R Quinīnæ Disulphātis, gr. ij. Morphinæ Acētātis, gr. 1 (grani partem octāvam). Extracti Colchici Acētici, gr. ss.

Misce fiat pilŭla bis die sumenda si opus sit. Mitte xij.

R Strychninæ, gr. ij. Acidi Acētici dilūti, 3j. Syrūpi Aurantii, 3ss. Aquam ad Ziv.

Misce; sumantur guttæ triginta nocte maneque quotidie ex aquæ semicyatho vinoso. QUAIN.

R. Zinci Oxydi, 3j. Liquoris Plumbi Diacetatis, 31.

Olei Cacaonis, zvj.

Misce bene et fiat unguentum omni die in aures ope pēnicilli applicandum.

G. P.

R Hydrargyri Subchloridi, gr. 1j.

Pulvěris Guaiāci, 3j.

Sacchări Fusci, 3i.

Misce fiat pulvis in chartas octo Sumat unum omni nocte ad vices octo ex alíquo vehicŭlo crasso

R Sod. Tartarizat. **3ii**j.

Pot. Bromid. 3ij.

M. ft. pulv. cujus s. coch. j.
min. vel plus altern. dieb.
ex aq.

R. Syr. Sennæ Ziv.
Sumat coch. ij. min. c. sing.
dos. Sod. Tart. si sit necessitas
GASKOIN.

R Ext. Belladon. 3ij. Lin. Sapon. 3ij. M. ft. Lin. reg. cord. et later. sinistr. infric.

R Pot. Bicarb. \mathfrak{I} iv.

Syr. Aurant. \mathfrak{I} ss.

Aq. \mathfrak{I} vss.

M. ft. Mist. Sumat \mathfrak{I}^{tam} part. p. r. n. in impet. ipso effervesc. \mathfrak{I} c. pulv. sequent.

R. Acid. Citric 9 j.

Ft. pulv. in aq. coch. mag. solvend.

R Sodæ Tartarizātæ, ʒiij.
Potassĭi Brōmĭdi, ʒij.
M. fiat pulvis cujus sumātur
cochleāre minimum vel plus
alternis diēbus ex aquâ.

R Syrūpi Sennæ, živ.

Sumat cochleāria duo minima cum singulis dosībus

Sodæ Tartarizātæ si sit necessitas.

GASKOIN.

R Extracti Belladonnæ, 3ij. Linimenti Sapōnis, 3ij. • Misce fiat Linimentum regiōni cordis et latĕri sinistro infricandum.

R Potassii Bicarbonātis 🤊 iv.
Syrūpi Aurantii, ʒss
Aquæ, ʒvss.
Misce fiat Mistūra. Sumat
quartam partem pro re natâ
in impětu ipso effervescentiæ,
cum pulvěre sequente.

R Acidi Citrici, Dj. Fiat pulvis; in aquæ cochleāri magno solvendus. R Lin. Camph. Co. 3iss.

Sapon. 3iv.R. Opii. 3ij.

M. ft. Lin. humer. dext. infric. n. maneque.

G. B.

R. Liq. Tarax. Sp. Amm. Arom. āā ʒij.

R. Gent. Co. 3ss.

Inf. Gent. Co. 3vij.

M. coch. ampl. ij. ex cyath. vinos. aq. apud. 11 a.m. et 5 p.m. quotid. sumend.

R. Sod. Potass. Tart. 3j. R. Sennæ Co. 3j.

Dec. Aloes Co. 3ij.

Inf. Sennæ Co. 3v. II. Solve. coch. ampl. ij. p.m. nisi alv- plen. respond. s. R. Linimenti Camphoræ Compositi, 3iss.

Sapōnis, 3iv.
 Tinctūræ Opii, 3ij.

Misce fiat Linimentum humëro dextro infricandum nocte maneque.

G. B.

R Liquōris Taraxăci,
Spîrĭtûs Ammoniæ Aro-

matici, āā zij.

Tinctūræ Gentiānæ Compositæ, 3ss.

Misce: cochleāria ampla duo ex cyătho vinoso aquæ apud horam undecimam ante merīdiem, et horam quintam post merīdiem quotidie sumenda.

R Sodæ Potassio Tartrātis zj. Tinctūræ Sennæ Compositæ, zj.

Decocti Alöes Compositi, zij.

Infūsi Sennæ Compositi, zv. Misce: solve. Cochleāria ampla duo primo mane (nisi alvus plenē responděrit) sumenda.

R. Conf. Ros. Can. 3j.

Syr. Papav. Alb., Succ. Limon. recent., āā 3ss.

M. sumat coch. parv. subind. inter noctem urgent. tuss.

B. Pot. Bicarb., Sod. Sesquic., āā \mathfrak{I} iv.

> R. Lupul. 3vj. Inf. Lupul. 3xj.

Solve. coch. ampl. ij. eâdem quantit. Mist. Sequent. impet. effervesc. ter quotid. bibend.

R. Acid. Citric. 9 vj. R. Lupul., Syr. Aurant., āā 3vj. Inf. Lupul. 3xss. Solve

GASKOIN.

R Ext. Conii, zss.

Tinct. Opii, ziiss.

Aq. Flor. Sambuc. zv.

M. ft. Lot. ophthalm. cujus
pone quart. part. ex aq. calid.
lbij. ut fotus ad oculum utend.

n. maneque.

R Confectionis Rosæ Caninæ, žj. Syrūpi Papāveris Albi, Succi Limonum recentis, āā žss.

Misce: sumat cochleāre parvum subinde inter noctem urgenti tussi.

R. Potassĭī Bicarbonātis, Sodæ Sesquicarbonātis, āā Ŋ iv.

Tinctūræ Lupŭli, 3vj. Infūsi Lupŭli, 3xj.

Solve: cochleāria ampladuo eâdem quantitāte Mistūræ Sequentis, impětu effervescentiæ ter quotidie bibenda.

R. Acidi Citrici Dvj. Tinctūræ Lupŭli, Syrūpi Aurantii, āā zvj. Infūsi Lupŭli, zxss. Solve.

GASKOIN.

R Extracti Conii, 5ss.
Tinctūræ Opii, žiiss.
Aquæ Florum Sambūci, 5v.
MiscefiatLotio ophthalmica,
cujus pone quartam partem
ex aquæ calidæ libris duabus
ut fotus (fomentation) ad oculum utendus nocte maneque.

R Ext. Belladon., Emp. Sapon., āā p. æq.

M. ft. Emplast. hujus formæ et magnitud. p. a. a.

R. P. G. Camph. gr. x.

Ol. Amygd. 3j.

M. ft. Oleum, cujus g^{tt} quinque meat. auditor. dext. n. maneque instilland.

R. Dec. Sarz. Conc. simpl. 3xij.

Coch. min. ex 4^{ta} part. libræ lact. Bovin. recent. p. m. temp. merid. et h. s. s.

R Antim. Tartar. 3ij. Cerat. Cetac. 3iss.

M. ft. Ung. cujus infrict front. dolent. quant. nuc. moschat. m. et n. donec erumpant papulæ.

R Extracti Belladonnæ, Emplastri Sapönis, ää partes æquāles.

Misce fiat emplastrum hujus formæ et magnitudinis parti affectæ applicandum.

R Pulvěris Gummi Camphŏræ, gr. x. Olĕi Amygdalārum, ʒj.

Misce fiat Oleum, cujus guttæ quinque meātu auditorio (ear passage) dextro nocte maneque instillandæ.

R. Decocti Sarzæ Concentrāti simplĭcis, ¾xij.

Cochleāre minimum ex quartâ parte libræ lactis Bovīni recentis primo mane; tempŏre meridiāno et horâ somni sumendum.

R Antimonii Tartrātis, 3ij. Cerāti Cetacei, 3iss.

Misce fiat unguentum, cujus infricētur fronti dolenti quantitas nucis Moschātæ mane et nocte donec erumpant papulæ.

- R Opii pur. gr. ij.
 Mucil. Acac. \(\frac{7}{2}ss. \)
 Lact. tepefact. \(\frac{7}{2}vj. \)
 M. pro enem.
- R Opii dur. contrit. gr. iv. Aq. Bullient. ziiss. Infund. propè ignem per hor. et cola.
- R. Liquor. colat. 3j.
 Acid. Nitric. dil. m x.
 R. Aloes Comp. 3j.

M. ft. haust.

DR. PARIS.

R Pot. Bicarb. Ziv. Liq. Ant. Tart. 3ss.

Syr. Simpl. 3iij.

Aq. Dest. 3xiss.

M. coch. iij larg. 5. coch. j. ampl. solut. t. in d.

R. Acid. Citric. Ziij.
Aq. Dest. Ziv.
M. ft. Solut.

- R Opii puri, gr. ij.

 Mucilāginis Acaciæ, ʒss.

 Lactis tepefacti, ʒvj.

 Misce pro enĕmăte.
- R Opii duri contrîti, gr. iv. Aquæ Bullientis, žiiss. Infunde prope ignem per horam et cola.
- R. Liquōris colāti, \(\frac{z}{y}\).

 Acidi Nitrici dilūti, \(\mathbb{m}\) x.

 Tinctūræ Alöes Compositæ,

 \(\frac{z}{y}\).

 Misce fiat haustus.

 Dr. Paris.
- R Potassii Bicarbonātis, ziv.
 Liquōris Antimonii Tartrātis, zss.
 Syrūpi Simplicis, ziij.
 Aquæ Destillātæ, zxiss.
 Misce. Cochleāria tria larga cum cochleāri amplo solutiōnis ter in die.
- R Acidi Citrici, 3iij. Aquæ Destillātæ, 3iv. Misce fiat Solutio.

- R. Aconit. 3ss. o. penicil.
 mag. circa ocul. dext.
 applic.
- R Acid. Carbol. Ziv.
 Sp. Vin. Zvj.
 Sp. Camph.
 R. Lavand. c. āā Zij.

Coch. min. j. ex Oss aq. bull. pro inspirat.

- R. Ung. Sabin. 3j. p. vesical. applic.
- R. Cupr. Sulph. p. Opii āā gr. \frac{1}{4}

M. ft. pil. 3tiis h. donec purgat. cess. s.

Mitte xij.

R Vin. Ipecac. 3j. Vin. Ant. Tart. 3iv.

3ij. stat.; et repet. 3j. o. dimid. hor. donec superven. vomit.

- R Tinctūræ Aconīti, zss. ope pēnīcilli magni circa oculum dextrum applicanda.
- R Acidi Carbolici, 3iv. Spīritûs Vini, 3vj. Spīritûs Camphoræ, Tinctūræ Lavandŭlæ compositæ, āa 3ij.

Cochleāre minimum ex Oss (semi-octārio) aquæ bullientis pro inspiratione.

- R. Unguenti Sabīnæ 3j. parti vesīcāli applicandum.
- R. Cupri Sulphātis, Pulvĕris Opii, āā gr. ¼ (grani quadrantem).

Misce, fiat pilŭla: tertiis horis donec purgatio cesset, sumenda.

Mitte duodĕcim.

- R. Vini Ipecacuanhæ, 5j. Vini Antimonii Tartrātis, 3iv.
- 3ij. (drachmæ duæ) statim; et repetātur 3j. (drachma una) omni dimidĭâ horâ donec supervēnĕrit vŏmĭtus.

R Oxymel. Simpl. Syr. Papav. Muc. G. Acac. āā 5ss.

M. ft linct: lambat. coch. j. parv. p. r. n. urgent. tuss. paroxysm.

R Lin. Amm. fort. Ziij

Ol. Terebinth. 3j.

M. ft. lin. h. decub. part. dolent. infried.

R. Tinct. Gent. Co. 3iij.

Sod. Carb. 3ij. R. Opii m xx. Aq. 3vj.

M. cap. 4tam part. bis in die paul. ante edend.

R. Emp. Cantharid. ē marg. lat. Emp. Adhæs. inter scap. applic. 3 + 2. (Vide p. 87. Measure of space.)

R Oxymellis simplicis, Syrūpi Papāvěris, Mucilāginis Gummi Acaciæ, āā 3ss.

Misce, fiat linctus: lambātur cochleāre parvum pro re natâ urgentĭbus tussis paroxysmis.

R Linimenti Ammoniæ fortis, žiij. Olei Terebinthinæ, ži.

Misce, fiat linimentum, horâ decubitûs parti dolenti infricandum.

R Tinctūræ Gentiānæ Composĭtæ, ʒiij. Sodii Carbonātis, ʒij. Tinctūræ Opii, m xx. Aquæ, ʒvj.

Misce, capiat quartam partem bis in die paulo ante edendum (gerund).

R Emplastrum Cantharidis.

Cum margine lāto emplastri adhæsīvi inter scapulas applicandum. Tres pollices longum, et pollices duos lātum. R Pot. Bicarb. Ziiss. Amm. Sesquic. Dij.

Aq. ad Oss.

M. ft. Mist. Alk. cujus 5j. ē 5ss. Mist. Acid. sequent. 3tiis. hor. s.

R. Acid. Citric. 3iss. Aq. 3iv.

M. ft. Mist. Acid.

Imponend. Empl. Meloe region. epigast. h. part. 6tam (10 minutes), nisi nimis s. dolor.

R Empl. Vesicat. huj. magnitud. guttur. applic.

Mitte ij. (spars. prius ē paulul. Acet. Canth. fort).

R. Syr. Rhœad. 3ij. R. Opii gtt. vj.

M. ft. Syr. pro gingiv. cujus gtt. ij. ē digit. applicand.

R Potassii Bicarbonātis, 3iiss.

Ammoniæ Sesquicarbonātis, 9 ij.

Aquam ad Oss. (semioctarium).

Misce, fiat Mistūra Alkalīna, cujus žj. (uncia), cum žss. (semiunciâ) Mistūræ Acĭdæ sequentis, tertiis horis sumenda.

R. Acĭdi Citrĭci, ʒiss.Aquæ, ʒiv.Misce, fiat Mistūra Acĭda.

Imponendum Emplastrum Meloēs [Canthăris Melöe] regiōni epigastrĭcæ horæ partem sextam nisi nimis sit dolor.

R Emplastrum Vesicatorium hujus magnitūdinis guttŭri applicandum.

Mitte duo (sparsum priùs ē paulŭlo Acēti Cantharĭdis fortis).

R Syrūpi Rhœădos, 3ij. Tinctūræ Opii, guttas vj.

Misce, fiat Syrūpus pro gingīvis, cujus guttæ duæ cum digĭto applicandæ. R. R. Opii. Liq. Amm. fort. Lin. Sapon. āā, ʒss.

Ft. lin. later. maneque n. applic.

R Hydr. Bichlor. gr. ij.

Glycerin, 3j. R. Lavand. c. m x.

Aq. q. s. ad 3j.

M. ft. solut. o. penicil. part. dolent. applic.

R Ext. Bellad. gr. j.
Butyr. Cacao, gr. x.
Ft. suppos. o. n. utend.

Mitte vij.

R. Ferri Sulph. Exsic.
Ext. Nuc. Vom.
āā gr. ss.
M. ft. pil. parv. tunicat.

Mitte xxiv. (in phial.) Una bis d. cit. p. cib. s.

R Tinctūræ Opii,
Liquōris Ammoniæ fortis,
Linimenti Sapōnis, āā, ʒss.
Fiat linimentum, latĕri

Fiat linimentum, lateri maneque nocte applicandum.

R Hydrargÿri Bichlorĭdi, gr. ij.

Glycerini, 3j.

Tinctūræ Lavandŭlæ compositæ, m x.

Aquæ quantum sufficiat ad 3j.

Misce, fiat solutio, ope pēnicilli parti dolenti applicanda.

R Extracti Belladonnæ, gr. j. Butÿri Cacāonis, gr. x.

Fiat suppositōrium omni nocte utendum.

Mitte septem.

tunicāta.

R. Ferri Sulphātis Exsiccāti, Extracti Nucis Vomicæ, āā gr. ss. Misce, fiat pilŭla parva

Mitte quatuor et viginti (in phialâ). Una bis die cito post cibos sumenda.

R. Sod. Chlor. Ziij.
P. Aloes, Zj.
Dec. Chirett. Zxij.
3tia pars ut inject. o. n. u.

R Flor. Sulph. gr. xxx.

Ft. chart. dent. æq. tal. 20.

Sumr. una vesp. tant.

R Glycerin.
Acid. Carbol. 5iv.

Sig. Coch. min. ex aq. bull. Oj. t. d. d. pro inspirat. utend.

Poison.

R Sodii Chloridi, Ziij. Pulvěris Alöes, Zj. Decocti Chirettæ, Zxij.

Tertia pars ut injectio omni nocte usurpanda.

R Florum Sulphuris, gr. xxx.

Fiat charta: dentur æquāles tales viginti. Sumātur una vespēre tantum.

R Glycerîni Acidi Carbolici, živ.

Signetur: Cochleare minimum ex aquæ bullientis octario ter de die pro inspiratione utendum.

Poison. [Venēnum.]

Chlorine Mixture. [Beaman.]
R. Potass. Chlor. gr. ss.
Acid. Hydrochlor. fort. m iij.
M. stet. minut., v.
Adde Aquæ 3viiss.

Tunc adde

Potass. Chlor., gr. x.
Acid. Hydrochlor. dil. m xv.
Sp. Chloroform, m x.
Aquæ ad 3j.
M. Sig. cochl. ampl. j. quartis horis

Nov. 19, 1870.

MEDICAL DIRECTIONS.

Hæc fere sunt, quæ præmonenda putavimus.

MISTŪRÆ. MIXTURES.

Ad bene alvum excitandam.

Till the bowels have freely operated.

Adde acııdım citricum ad saturandum saturationem.

Add citric acid to saturation.

Agitā ante dispensationem. Shake before dispensing.

Alternis horis sumātur dosis.

Let the dose be taken every other hour.

Alvo nimis solūtâ persistat in usu mistūræ. Continue the mixture if the bowels are too much relaxed.

Alvo restrictâ.

The bowels being confined.

Aquæ q. s. ut ft. mist. 3vj.

Aquæ { quantum sufficiat quantitātem sufficientem (med.) } ut fiat mistūra ad unclas sex.

Water sufficient to make a six-ounce mixture.

Capiat cochleāria majora duo bis die.

Let (the patient) take two tablespoonfuls twice a day.

Capiat partem quartam mane vespereque vel sæpius raucitāte urgenti.

Let (the patient) take a fourth part morning and evening, or oftener in case of hoarseness.

Cochleare amplum cum duplo aquæ ter die sumendum [duplum. i.]

One tablespoonful with twice as much water to be taken thrice

a day.

Cochleare magnum cum aquæ puræ cochlearibus duobus inter cibos sumendum.

A tablespoonful with two of plain water to be taken between meals.

Coch. ampl. iij ē. coch. ampl. aq. t. d. s.

Cochleāria ampla tria cum cochleāri amplo aquæ ter die sumenda.

Three tablespoonfuls to be taken with a tablespoonful of water three times a day.

Cochleāria duo ampla cum cochleāri uno succi limōnis urgenti dolōre vel diarrhœâ sumenda.

Two tablespoonfuls to be taken with one of lemon-juice in case of pain or diarrhæa.

Cujus capiat partem quartam primâ luce et repetătur circiter meridiem, nisi alvus plene dejēcĕrit.

Of which let (the patient) take a fourth part early in the morning, and let (the dose) be repeated about noon, unless the bowels have freely acted.

Dīmidium } mane { sumendum } et repetātur dosis usque sumenda } ad alvus bene dejēcērit. Half to be taken in the morning; and let the dose be repeated until the bowels shall have well acted.

Fiat decoctum: sumatur cochleatim.

Make a decoction: let it be taken by spoonfuls.

Fiat mistura ad uncias octo: pars octāva quater in die sumenda.

Make an eight-ounce mixture: two tablespoonfuls to be taken four times a day.

Ft. mist. augend. dos. ad coch. iij ampl. et repetr. dos donec supervent. vomit.

Fiat mistūra, augendo dosin ad cochlearia tria ampla, et repetātur dosis donec supervenĕrit vŏmĭtus.

Make a mixture, increasing the dose to three tablespoonfuls; and let the dose be repeated until sickness be induced.

Ft. mist. Coch. med. ex aq. cyath. vinos. bis quotid. sumend. Fiat mistūra. Cochleāre medium ex aquæ cyatho vinōso bis quotidie sumendum.

Make a mixture. A dessertspoonful to be taken twice daily in a wineglass of water.

Ft. mist. cujus cap. coch. j ampl. post sing. deject. liquid. Fiat mistūra, cujus capĭat cochleāre unum amplum post singŭlas dejectiones liquĭdas.

Make a mixture; of which let (the patient) take a tablespoonful after each liquid motion.

Ft. mist. cujus captur. coch. ij larg. ex paul. aq. post cib. Fiat mist. cujus capiantur cochleāria duo larga ex paulŭlo aquæ post cibum.

Make a mixture; of which let two tablespoonfuls be taken in a little water after food.

Ft. mist. cujus capr. 3ss. ter in die ante cibos p. p. a. Fiat mistūra, cujus capiātur semiuncia ter in die ante cibos phiălâ prius agitātâ.

Make a mixture, of which let a tablespoonful be taken thrice a day before meals, the bottle having been previously shaken.

Ft. mist. cujus coch. magn. ij quamprīmum et octav. minut. donec supervent. vomit. sumend.

Fiat mistūra, cujus cochleāria magna duo quamprīmum et

octāvis minūtis donec supervenerit vomitus sumenda.

Make a mixture; of which two tablespoonfuls are to be taken as soon as possible and every eight minutes until sickness shall have supervened.

Ft. mist. de quâ coch. iij magn. quart. hor. sumend. pro dos.

Fiat mistūra, de quâ cochleāria tria magna quartis horis sumenda pro dosi.

Make a mixture, of which three tablespoonfuls are to be taken for a dose every four hours.

Ft. mist. de quâ sumt. part. quart.

Fiat mistura, de quâ sumat partem quartam.

Make a mixture, of which let (the patient, i.e., æger, understood) take a fourth part.

Ft. mist. de quâ p. quart. sumr.

Fiat mistūra, de quâ pars quarta sumātur.

Make a mixture, of which let a fourth part be taken.

Ft. mist. emet. cujus captur. coch. ij magn. 6tâ. qq. part. hor.

Fiat mistūra emětica, cujus capiantur cochlearia duo magna sextâ quâque parte horæ.

Make an emetic mixture, of which let two tablespoonfuls be taken every ten minutes.

Ft. mist. pars quart. sumend.

Fiat mistura, pars quarta sumenda.

Make a mixture; a fourth part to be taken.

Fiat solutio, duābus vicibus sumenda. Make a solution, to be taken at twice.

Habeat cochl. ij mag. post sed. sing. liq.

Habeat cochleāria duo magna post sedes singulas liquidas.

Take (let the patient have) two tablespoonfuls after each liquid motion.

Habeat coch. iij larg. o. bihor.

Habĕat cochleāria tria larga omni bihōrio.

Take (let the patient have) three tablespoonfuls every two hours.

Hujus mistūræ, unciæ duæ febri instanti, sumendæ.

Four tablespoonfuls of this mixture are to be taken during an attack of fever.

In impet. ips. efferv.
In impetu ipso effervescentiæ.
In the very act of effervescence.

Infunde per horam, deinde cola. Ad colatūram adde tincturam.

Infuse for an hour, then strain. To the strained portion add the tincture.

Misce. Cochlearia duo ampla ante jentācŭlum et prandĭum sumenda; et cochleāre amplum tantum bis inter diem postĕa sumendum.

Mix. Two tablespoonfuls to be taken before breakfast and dinner; and only one tablespoonful to be taken afterwards twice during the day.

M. ft. mist. misce fiat mistūra.

Mix and make a mixture.

Literally, Mix: let a mixture be made. Consequently mistura is in the Nominative, and not in the Accusative case.

```
M. ft. mist. ad ɔ̃viij,
St. part. octav.
Sumr. p. octav.
P. 8va. sumend.

Sign.
Sign.
Mist. Alkalin.

Misce. Fiat mistūra ad uncĭas octo.

Sumat partem octāvam
Sumātur pars octāva
Pars octāva sumenda

Signa
Signa
Mistūra Alkalīna.

Signa
Signa
Signa
Signa
Mistūra Alkalīna.
```

Mix and make an eight-ounce mixture.

Let the patient take an eighth part every four hours with a Let an eighth part be taken

An eighth part to be taken lowing Acid Mixture.

[If not a marked bottle, translate, "two tablespoonfuls."]

Sign

Let it be signed The Alkaline Mixture.

M. ft. mist. ad 3iv. S. coch. ampl. ē coch. ampl. ij mist. alkalin supr. præscript. Sumr. coch. ampl. Coch. ampl. sumend. Sign. Mistur. Acid. Signr. Misce. Fiat mistura ad uncias quatuor. { cochleare amplum } cum cochlearibus amplis Sumat Sumātur duōbus Misturæ Alka-Cochleare amplum sumendum) linæ supra præscriptæ. Signa Mistūra Acida. Signētur ,

Mix and make a four-ounce mixture.

Let the patient take a tablespoonful \ with two tablespoonfuls of the Alkaline Mix-Let a tablespoonful be taken ture prescribed above. A tablespoonful to be taken Sign The Acid Mixture.

Let it be signed

M. ft. solut: cap. coch. ampl. ij ē succ. limon. recent. coch. ampl. impet, effervesc.

Misce. Fiat solutio. Capiat cochlearia ampla duo cum succi limonis recentis cochleari amplo impetu effervescentiæ.

Mix, and make a solution. Let (the patient) take two tablespoonfuls with one of fresh lemon-juice in the act of effervescence.

Misce partem unam liquoris cum lactis novi partibus quatuor ut fiat potus commūnis.

Mix one part of the liquor with four parts of new milk, to be taken as an ordinary drink.

Mistūra { in effervescentiâ effervescens etiam } habenda.

The mixture to be taken whilst effervescing.

Ne sæpius capiātur mistūra.

Let not the mixture be taken too often [oftener than it should].

Nisi prius alvus bene solūta fuĕrit.

Unless the bowels shall have previously well acted.

Pars quarta cum pulvere tertiis horis sumenda in actu effervescentiæ.

A fourth part to be taken with one of the powders every three hours in a state of effervescence.

Repetātur dosis die Mercurii. Let the dose be repeated on Wednesday. Repetantur misturæ cochlearia duo ampla insomniâ durante.

Let two tablespoonfuls of the mixture be repeated should sleeplessness continue.

Si frustrà, statim repetātur dosis.

Let the dose be immediately repeated if no action has been produced [i.e., if the former dose has been in vain].

Signa Signa Decoctum pro potione sumendum (or, pro potu).

Sign

Sign

Let it be signed The decoction to be taken as a drink.

Sig. Mist. o. t. h. sumend. dum sit permolesta tussis. Coch. med. vel minim. pro dos.

Signa Mistura omni tertiâ horâ sumenda dum sit per-Signētur molesta tussis. Cochleāre medium vel minimum pro dosi.

Sign

The mixture to be taken every three hours

Let it be signed \ whilst the cough is very troublesome. A

dessert or teaspoonful for a dose.

Sumat ægra cochleāre medium ex aquæ cyătho magno ter in die vel quoties sit necessitas.

Let the patient (female) take a dessertspoonful in a tumbler of water thrice a day, or as often as may be needful.

Sumat coch. j magn. bis in d. ē cochl. ij magn. Mist. Alkalin. dum sit effervesc.

Sumat cochleāre magnum bis in die cum cochleāribus duōbus magnis Mistūræ Alkalinæ dum sit effervescentia.

Let the patient take a tablespoonful twice a day with two tablespoonfuls of the Alkaline mixture during effervescence.

Sumat partem quartam
Pars quarta sumātur
Pars quarta sumenda

Let the patient take a fourth part
Let a fourth part be taken

A fourth part to be taken

Sumat Capĭat partem octāvam
Capĭat partem octāvam
Pars octāva { sumātur capiātur
Pars octāva { sumenda capĭenda } .

Pars octāva { sumenda capĭenda } .

Sumatur
Capiātur
Pars octāva { sumenda capĭenda } .

Sumatur
Capiātur
Capiā

Sumat æger (ægra) partem octāvam omni alternâ horâ in diem et cubĭtum iturus (itura).

Let the patient take an eighth part } every other hour during the

Let an eighth part be taken } day and on going to bed.

An eighth part to be taken [Lit. about to go to bed.]

Sumātur dīmīdĭum mane primo, et tantum postrīdĭe sumen dum.

Let half be taken early in the morning, and as much the next morning.

Sumātur indies cyāthus vinosus medius

Let a claret-glassful be taken daily. [SIR ERASMUS WILSON.]

Sepone misturam per aliquot dies, subinde agitando, tum filtra et serva.

Put aside the mixture for some days, shaking from time to time, then filter and keep.

Tantum cochleare amplum postea sumendum. Afterwards one tablespoonful only to be taken.

PILŬLÆ. PILLS.

Ad massam pilulārum parandam. To be made into a pill mass.

Adde camphoræ (alcoholis ope redactæ) grana octo.

Add eight grains of camphor, reduced by means of spirit.

Capiat pilulam omni horæ parte quartâ.

Let (the patient) take a pill every quarter of an hour.

Capiat unam sextis horis ad effectum.

Let (the patient) take one every six hours till action is produced.

Cujus sit dosis pilulæ duæ.

Of which let two pills be the dose.

Deaurentur pilulæ. Mitte doses tres.

Let the pills be gilded. Send three doses.

Diarrhω adstante sumātur opii puri granum.

Let a grain of pure (i.e. powdered) opium be taken in case of diarrhæa.

Distribute (i.e. divide) the mass into twenty pills.

Dīvide in pilulas pondere granorum quinque; or, quarum sit pondus, grana quinque; or, singulas grana quinque pendentes.

Divide into pills with the weight of five grains; or, of which let the weight be five grains; or, each weighing five grains.

Usual translation: Make them into five-grain pills.

Ēsŭriens sumātur pilŭla.

Let the pill be taken on an empty stomach (Med. old.) Ēsŭrio, to desire to eat, i.e. to be hungry. Desiderative verb from ĕdo. Ft. mass. in pil. vj dividend. j t. d. d. sumend.

Fiat massa, in pilulas sex dividenda, una ter de die sumenda.

Make a mass, to be divided into six pills. One to be taken three times a day.

Fiat massa, quam divide in pilulas sex.

Make a mass; which divide into six pills.

Fiat pilula per tres noctes consequentes capienda. Mitte tres Make a pill: to be taken for three consecutive nights. Send three.

Fiant pilŭlæ catharticæ tales sex.

Make six aperient pills as prescribed (lit. such).

Fiant pilŭlæ xij (duodĕcim). Una horâ somni sumenda, et repetātur inter noctem dolōre vel inquietūdĭne perstante.

Make twelve pills; one to be taken at bedtime, and to be repeated during the night, pain or uneasiness continuing.

Fiant pilŭlæ sedatīvæ, una horâ somni per hebdomăda sumenda.

Make sedative pills; one to be taken at bedtime during the week.

Habeat pilulam unam pro dosi.

Let (the patient) have one pill for a dose.

In folio argenteo involve pilŭlas. Roll the pills in silver-leaf.

Interdum augeātur dosis quantum possit.

Occasionally let the dose be increased as much as possible (i.e. raised to the maximum dose).

Liquōrem evapōra, interdum agitando, ad extracti spissioris densitātem, ut fiat massa pilulārum.

Evaporate the liquor with occasional agitation to the density of a rather thick extract, that it may make a pill-mass.

Massâ bene (vel intime) trītâ.

The mass being well rubbed together.

Massa in pilŭlas æquāles triginta dividenda; quarum capĭat æger tres ante prandĭum quotidĭe.

The mass to be divided into thirty pills, of which let the

patient take three daily before dinner.

Massa sit accurate mixta.

Let the mass be accurately mixed.

M. ft. pil. j; M. ft. pil. ij.

Misce, fiat pilŭla; Misce, fiant pilŭlæ duæ.

Mix, and make a pill; Mix, and make two pills.

Misce, fiant pilŭlæ duæ omni alternâ nocte sumendæ. Mix, and make two pills, to be taken every other night.

Mitte duas ; Mittantur duæ ; Duæ mittendæ. Send two ; Let two be sent ; Two to be sent.

Mitte in phiălam (or, in phiălâ).

Put them into a bottle, or, with the parenthesis (in a bottle). adjective phrase.

Mitte pilŭlas duas; cujus altera statim, altera nocte capiātur.

Send two pills; of which let one be taken immediately, and the other at night.

[alt-er, -ĕra, -ĕrum, one of two.]

Mitte pil. xij s. j. p. r. n.

Mitte pilŭlas duodecim { sumat unam } pro re natâ.

Send twelve pills { Take one Let one be taken } occasionally.

Mitte tales quatuor et viginti, in folio argenti volvendas. Send twenty-four such, to be rolled in silver-leaf

Ne sint nimis magnæ. Let them not be too large. Pilula, a.m. (ante meridiem) sumenda; haustusque hora decima p.m. (post meridiem) sumendus.

The pill to be taken before noon; and the draught to be taken at 10 o'clock p.m. (in the evening).

Pilŭla ante { jentācŭlum prandĭum cænam } sumenda.

A pill to be taken before { breakfast. dinner. late dinner (supper).

[cana has constantly the medical signification of prandium.]

Pilŭla impransus capiātur.

Let the pill be taken fasting, i.e. before food.

Pilŭla omni meridie capiātur.

Let a pill be taken every noon.

Pilula quarta quaque hora in hydropis presentia sumenda. A pill to be taken every four hours in case of dropsy.

[hydr-ops, -opis, m. dropsy.]

Pilulæ duæ statim sumendæ, et haustus post horas tres. Two pills to be taken directly, and the draught in three nours.

Pilulæ quarum duæ sint pro dosi, per hebdomădam omni vespëre sumantur.

Let pills, with two for a dose, be taken every evening through the week.

[hebdomadam and hebdomada are both used for the accusative. The first is the Latin; the second the Greek form.]

Pilulas pulvere { amyli glycyrrhizæ } consperge. |
Sprinkle the pills with powdered { starch. liquorice. lycopodium.

Pilulas prius tunicātas, denique folio argenti volvendas mitte.

Send pills first varnished, and lastly silvered.

Signentur Pilulæ Catharticæ.

Let them be signed, Aperient Pills.

Signentur Pilulæ contra Biiem.

Let them be signed, Antibilious Pills.

Simul accurate contunde in massam, quam in pilulas æquales duoděcim divíde.

Accurately beat together into a mass, which divide into twelve pills.

Sint { minimæ. parvulæ. Let them be { very small. small. rotundæ. round.

Sit dosis pilŭla una.

Let one pill be the dose.

Sumat duas horâ somni bis in 7manâ (septimānâ).

Let (the patient) take two at bedtime twice a week.

Sumat unam; postea binas.

Let (the patient) take one; afterwards two at a time.

Sumat unam quando opus sit.

Let (the patient) take one when there is need.

Sumantur binæ, horâ decubitûs, vel una summo mane, ad alvum officii immemorem excitandam.

Let two at a time be taken at bedtime, or one early in the morning, to increase (or stimulate) the action of the bowels.

[Lit. To excite the bowels forgetful of their office. Favourite direction of Dr. Paris.

Sumantur pilulæ statim post jentāculum.

Let the pills be taken immediately after breakfast.

Una horâ somni sumenda, vel duæ si liceat valetudo.

One to be taken at bedtime, or two for a robust person (if health permit).

HAUSTŪS. DRAUGHTS.

Ad sing. haust. gtt. v. Tinct. Opii addend.

Ad singulum haustum guttæ quinque Tinctūræ Opii addendæ Five drops of tincture of opium to be added to each draught.

Alter horâ decimâ, alter horâ unâ mane quotidie sumendus. One to be taken daily in the morning at ten and one o'clock.

Aurōrâ primâ, haustus, ut supra, dandus.

A draught, as above, to be given, early in the morning.

Bis in septimānâ repetātur haustus.

Let the draught be repeated twice a week.

Capiat haustum post duas horas.

Let (the patient) take the draught in two hours' time.

Capiātur haustus quoties sit opus.

Let the draught be taken as often as may be necessary.

Cubĭtum { itūrus } haustus ănodynus sumātur. [Vide Vocabulary].

Let { an anodyne a soothing a composing } draught be taken on going to bed.

Cum pilulâ sumātur haustus.

Let the draught be taken with the pill.

Dīmidium mane primo sumendum, et post horas duas, si opus sit, repetendum.

Half to be taken early in the morning, and to be repeated, if

necessary, in two hours.

Dīmidium statim; reliquum vespere sumendum.

Half to be taken immediately, and the remainder in the evening.

Dum urgeat nausea omni horæ quadrante repetātur haustus.

Let the draught be repeated every quarter of an hour while
sickness continues.

Fiat haustus horâ { meridianâ } sumendus.

Make a draught to be taken at { noon. bedtime.

Fiat haustus, illico sumendus.

Make a draught to be taken immediately [on the spot].

Fiat haustus in promptu habendus, et urgenti febris paroxysmo sumendus.

Make a draught to be taken at once, and on an access of fever

Fiat haustus, invadente paroxysmo caloris in febribus intermittentibus sumendus.

Make a draught, to be taken on an access of heat in intermittent fever.

Fiat haustus, misturæ in exemplum; hujus danda sunt cochleāria duo mediocria singulis horæ quadrantibus donec vomitus excitātus sit.

Make a draught after the pattern of a mixture (i.e. send several draughts in one bottle). Of this, two dessertspoonfuls are to be given every quarter of an hour until sickness is produced.

Fiat haustus ter die sumendus (t. d. s.) addendo de die in diem extracti conīi granum unum donec dosis ad grana sex pervēnērit in singulis haustībus. Mitte haustūs duodēcim.

Make a draught to be taken three times a day, in adding from day to day one grain of extract of hemlock until the dose shall have reached six grains in each draught. Send twelve draughts.

Gradātim haustūs diminuenda dosis.

The dose (strength) of the draught to be gradually decreased.

Hæc sit dosis.

Let this be the dose, i.e. one dose only.

Haustus alkalīnus è poculo jusculi bovīni simul bibendus. (Brodie.)

The alkaline draught to be drunk together with a cup of beef tea.

Haustus ănodynus omni nocte sumendus. The anodyne draught to be taken every night.

Haustus bihōrio omni bibendus.

The draught to be drunk every two hours.

Haustus cephalalgià instanti sumendus. The draught to be taken in case of headache.

Haustus cum pilularum singulis dosibus capiendus. The draught to be taken with each dose of the pills.

Haustus è cerevisiæ mitis poculo sumendus.

The draught to be taken in a cupful of small beer. (Brodie.)

ante cibum ¹
ante prandium ²
cras mane ³
mane primo ⁴
nocte ⁵
nocte maneque ⁶
crastĭnâ nocte ⁷
post cibos ⁸
vespĕre ⁹
horâ { decubitûs ¹⁰
somni

The draught to be taken (1) before food; (2) before dinner; (3) to-morrow morning; (4) early in the morning; (5) at night; (6) night and morning; (7) to-morrow night; (8) after meals; (9) in the evening (10) at bedtime.

Haustus, urgenti flatu capiendus.

The draught to be taken in case of flatulenee.

Haustus stat. sumend.
Haustus statim sumendus.
The draught to be taken immediately.

Haustus quamprīmum sumendus et quartis horis repetātur nauseâ vel singultu urgenti.

The draught to be taken as soon as possible, and to be repeated every four hours in case of sickness or hiccup.

Haustus subinde, dyspnω urgenti, sumendus.

The draught to be taken from time to time when there is difficulty of breathing.

Signa Haustus omni nocte sumendus simul ac alvi dolor
Signētur

urgeat.

Sign

The draught to be taken every night as soon

Let it be signed

as there may be pain in the bowels.

Sumatur haustus ut antea præscriptus. Let the draught be taken as ordered before.

Sumātur haustus vigiliâ tantum urgenti.

Let the draught be taken only in case of wakefulness.

Sit haustus ut potio emetica, omnibus quinque minūtis sumendus.

For an emetic: to be taken every five minutes.

Vespere sumatur haustus; aurorâ primâ repetatur.

Let the draught be taken in the evening, and repeated early in the morning.

GUTTÆ. DROPS.

Ad guttas decem augeātur dosis.

Let the dose be increased to ten drops.

Aurem in { dextram } guttæ decem instillandæ

Ten drops to be dropped into the { right } ear.

Bis die tantum capiantur guttæ.

Let the drops be taken only twice a day.

Capiat æger cochleāria minima duo ex aquâ. Let the patient take two teaspoonfuls in water.

Capĭat coch. parv. o. h. part. quart
Capĭat cochleāre parvum omni horæ parte quartâ.

Let (the patient) take a teaspoonful every quarter of an hour.

Capĭat 3j (drachmam) mensūrâ bis in die post cibos ex aquæ pauxillo.

Let (the patient) take a measured drachm in a little water, twice a day after meals.

Capiat 3ij (drachmas duas) è vino Xerico. Let (the patient) take two teaspoonfuls in sherry wine.

Capiat 3j mensūrâ ex aquæ cyătho vinoso accessione doloris, repetatque dosin post horam si opus sit.

A drachm (teaspoonful) by measure to be taken in a wineglass of water; and let the patient, on an attack of pain, repeat the dose one hour afterwards if necessary.

Capiatur cochleāre parvum ex aquæ cochleāribus magnis duobus si sit opus.

Let a teaspoonful be taken if necessary in two tablespoonfuls of water.

Capiantur guttæ quindĕcim ad viginti prout sit necessĭtas.

Let fifteen to twenty drops be taken as may be required.

Cochleare minimum ter quaterve die è pulmento calido sumendum.

A teaspoonful to be taken in warm gruel three or four times a day.

Cochleare parvum ex aquæ cyatho vinoso sumendum. A teaspoonful to be taken in a wineglass of water.

Coch. minim. interd. s.
Cochleare minimum interdum sumendum.
A teaspoonful to be taken occasionally.

Cochlearia minima duo subinde sumenda. Two teaspoonfuls to be taken now and then.

Cujus capiat guttas viginti languore urgenti.

Of which let (the patient) take twenty drops in case of faint ness.

Cum singŭlis dosĭbus olei sumat æger guttarum cochleāre parvum.

Let the patient take a teaspoonful of the drops with each dose of the oil.

Fiant guttæ, horâ decimâ, quartâ et cubitum iturus sumendæ.

[Make.] The drops to be taken at 10 o'clock, 4 o'clock, and at bed time.

Fiant guttæ, in phialâ bene obturātâ servandæ. The drops to be kept in a well-stoppered bottle.

Guttæ decem ante jentācŭlum et tantum bis inter diem posteà sumendæ.

Ten drops to be taken before breakfast, and afterwards only twice during the day.

Guttæ è decocto horděi sumendæ. The drops to be taken in barley-water.

Guttæ in phiălam cum epistomio suberato mittendæ. The drops to be put into a corked bottle.

Guttæ in vasis epistomiis vitreis clausis servandæ.

The drops to be kept in glass-stoppered bottles. (German Ph.)

Guttæ in vasis epistomiis vitreis munītis caute serventur. Let the drops be carefully kept in glass-stoppered bottles.

Guttæ post pastum ter die sumendæ.

The drops to be taken thrice a day after food.

Guttæ quatuor omni nocte in aures instillandæ. Four drops to be dropped into the ears every night.

Guttæ triginta ex aquâ quotidie sumendæ. Thirty drops to be taken daily in water.

Persistat in guttārum usu dum restat anæmia.

Let (the patient) persevere in the use of the drops as long as want of blood continues.

Sign. Gutt. pro ocul.
Signa. Guttæ pro oculis.
Sign. Drops for the eyes.

Sumat guttas triginta bis die vel pro re natâ.

Let (the patient) take thirty drops twice a day, or occasionally

Sumantur guttæ triginta ex aquâ saccharatâ.

Let thirty drops be taken in sugar and water.

Sumantur minima viginti mensūrâ ex aquâ ter in die. Iwenty minims by measure to be taken thrice a day in water.

PULVERES. POWDERS.

Abstracta velut extracta concentrata in formâ pulverum significant.

Abstracts denote concentrated extracts in the form of powders.

Ad pulvěrem massâ redactâ.

The mass having been reduced to powder.

Bene siccātus sit pulvis.

Let the powder be well dried.

Calorem evitando sicca.

Avoid heat in drying.

Dētur drachma dimidia pro dosi tempore matutīno.

Let half a teaspoonful (thirty grains by weight) be given in the morning for a dose.

Fiat pulvis, contra cardialgiam in dies habendus. Make a powder, to be taken daily for heartburn.

Fiat pulvis è quolibet vehiculo idoneo quotidie sumendus. Make a powder, to be taken in any suitable vehicle.

Fiat pulvis in phiălâ denigrātâ servandus.

Make a powder to be kept in a bottle protected from the light.

Fiat pulvis in phiălâ obturātâ servandus; partītis dosĭbus sumendus.

Make a powder, to be kept in a stoppered bottle; to be taken in divided doses.

Fiat pulvis subtilissimus, ad nares pro re natâ applicandus.

Make a very fine powder, to be applied occasionally to the nostrils.

In pulv. vj æq. divid. In pulvëres sex æquāles dīvide. Divide into six equal powders. In pulveres quatuor divide: unus omni secunda hora siccus supra linguam ponatur.

Divide into four powders: let one be placed every two hours dry upon the tongue.

Intimè miscĕantur in pulvĕrem et dīvĭde in doses æquāles decem, quarum sumātur una tertiâ quâque horâ.

Thoroughly let (the ingredients) be mixed in a powder, and divide into ten equal doses, of which let one be taken every three hours.

M. ft. pulv. merid. sumend.

Misce, fiat pulvis meridie sumendus.

Mix, and make a powder to be taken at noon.

Mitte pulverem, cujus pauxillum super ulcera spergātur. Send a powder, of which let a little be sprinkled over the sores.

Mitte pulvërem in phiălâ conservandum; cujus dētur cochleāre minimum è lactis poculo magno.

Send a powder, to be kept in a bottle; of which let a teaspoonful be given in a tumbler of milk.

Mitte pulverem, primo in lactis bovīni cyatho vinoso intime miscendum.

Send a powder, first to be mixed perfectly in a wineglass of milk.

Mitte pulvěrem, secundis horis in cyătho lactis, absente paroxysmo sumendum.

Send a powder, to be taken every other hour in a glass of milk in the absence of a fit [or, an access of pain].

Mitte pulveres duodecim, quorum sumat unum quâvis horâ.

Send twelve powders, of which let (the patient) take one at any time.

Pulvis aërophorus laxans. Seidlitz Powder.

Misce: simul seorsum dispensētur Acidi Tartarici pulverāti 3ss.

Mix. At the same time let half a drachm of powdered Tartaric Acid be separately dispensed.

Pulvis bis die sumendus nisi supervenerit cephalalgia : dein capiat unum semel in die tantum.

The powder to be taken twice a day, unless headache may have supervened. Then let (the patient) take one only once a day.

Pulvis bis hebdomăde sumendus.

The powder to be taken twice a week.

Pulvis de Ferro Redacto, ex alíquo vehiculo crasso, singulis auroris capiatur.

Let a powder of Reduced Iron be taken every morning in any thick vehicle.

Pulvis siccus suprà linguam ponātur.

Let the dry powder be placed upon the tongue.

Pulvis, tertia quaque hora sumendus donec alvus commode purgetur.

The powder to be taken every three hours until a sufficient action on the bowels has been obtained.

Pulvis ut dictu habendus. (sic.)
The powder to be taken as directed.

Pulvis, ut supra, dandus.

The powder to be given, as (prescribed) above.

Seorsim (seorsum and separātim) in pulvērem subtilissīmum redacta et bene exsiccāta misceantur. Servetur in vase bene clauso.

Let (the ingredients) separately reduced into a very fine powder and well dried, be mixed together. Let it (the powder) be kept in a well-stoppered bottle.

Sit pulv. t. quotid. s.
Sit pulvis ter quotidie sumendus.
The powder to be taken thrice daily.

Stet pulvis in lagēnā bene ŏbturātā; hujus sit dosis cochleāria duo minima: postĕà cochleāre parvum subinde capiendum.

Let the powder stand (i.e. be kept) in a well-stoppered wide-mouth bottle. Of this let two teaspoonfuls be the dose. Afterwards a teaspoonful to be taken occasionally.

Sumātur pulvis ex aliquo vehiculo crasso. Let the powder be taken in any thick vehicle.

Tere accūrāte et per cribrum trajīce.

Carefully triturate and pass through a sieve.

Tere in pulverem quamprimum capiendum. Rub into a powder, to be taken as soon as possible.

Tere optime simul et divide in partes æquales octo, ex quibus sumatur una alternis horis, et præsertim hora decubitûs.

Rub very well together, and divide into eight equal parts; of which let one be taken every other hour, and specially at bedtime.

Tragacanthæ pulverem postrēmo adjice. Add last of all the powdered tragacanth.

EMPLASTRA. PLASTERS.

[Measurement.]—The larger figure expressed by Longum; the smaller by Lātum.

Emplastrum pollices novem longum, et pollices tres latum. A plaster 3 by 9 inches.

Applicetur parti dolenti emplastrum Belladonnæ. Let a Belladonna plaster be applied to the painful part.

Aquâ calidâ exponātur ut in bacillos formāri possit.

Let it be left in warm water so that it can be formed into rolls.

Consperge suprà lyttæ pulvěrem subtilissimum.

Sprinkle on the surface very finely powdered cantharides.

Denique consperge cum pulvere cantharidis. Lastly, sprinkle with cantharides powder.

Emplastrum hujus formæ et magnitūdĭnis. A plaster of this form and size.

Emplastrum margine adhæsīvo inclusum.

A plaster bordered (shut in) by an adhesive margin.

Extende emplastrum Ferri cum margine lāto adhæsīvo. Spread a Chalybeate plaster with wide adhesive margin.

Extende emplastrum Opii suprà alūtam cum margine adhæsīvo.

Spread an Opium plaster on leather, with an adhesive margin.

Extende emplastrum super alūtam pro regione cordis. Spread a plaster on leather for the region of the heart.

Fiat emplastrum cum margine alūtæ et margine adhæsīvo.

Make a plaster with plain (margin of leather) and adhesive margin.

Hydrargyri emplastrum hepătis regioni imponendum. A mercurial plaster to be placed on the region of the liver.

In balneo vaporis miscendo fiat emplastrum.

By mixing in a vapour bath (over a water-bath) let the plaster be made.

In lebēte idoneo coquatur emplastrum.

Let the plaster be prepared (cooked) in a suitable metallic vessel.

Leni calore emplastrum extensum.

A plaster spread with gentle heat.

Mitte emplastrum calefaciens lumborum tenus. Send a warm plaster to reach as far as the loins.

Mitte emplastrum Cantharidis
Lyttæ
Vesicatörium dum.
Melŏēs*

Send a blister, to be applied to the left temple.

Mitte emplastrum picis Burgundicæ; sex pollices longum et pollices quatuor lātum.

Send a Burgundy Pitch plaster; six inches long and four wide.

Pone aures sit emplastrum lyttæ parvulum instar lunæ.

Let there be (put) a small blister, crescent-shaped, behind the ears.

Pone chartam vesicatoriam tempori dextro.

Put cantharidine tissue on the right temple.

Sit emplastrum fuscum; vetustum recenti præferendum.

Let the plaster be a brownish-yellow; the old is to be preferred to fresh made.

Sit scuto pectori.

Let it be a protection for the chest.

Supra emplastrum charta cerāta ponenda. Wax-paper to be placed over the plaster.

* Vide Vocabulary.

EMBRŎCĀTIŌNES. EMBROCATIONS.

Fiat embrocatio cum panno laneo faucibus externis applicanda.

Make an embrocation, to be applied outside the throat with a piece of woollen cloth.

Fiat embrocatio in dies parti dolenti affricanda.

Make an embrocation, to be rubbed daily on the painful part.

Manu vel spongiŏlâ utenda embrŏcatio; et bene fricētur pectus.

The embrocation to be used by hand, or with a small sponge; and let the chest be well rubbed.

Mitte embrocationem ætheream: capiti et fronti applicandam.

Send an æthereal embrocation, to be applied to the head and forehead.

Utatur æger embrocatione instar nebulæ.

Let the patient use the embrocation as a spray.

LINIMENTA. LINIMENTS.

Applicetur linimentum more dicto pro re natâ urgente dolore.

Let the liniment be applied occasionally as { attack } of pain.

directed on an { access } of pain.

Cujus infricētur paulŭlum partibus dolentibus.

Of which let a little be rubbed on the affected parts.

Filtra linimentum: in vase epistomio vitreo serva. Filter the liniment: keep in a glass-stoppered bottle.

Linimentum dorso illinendum.

The liniment to be rubbed (smeared) on the back.

Linimentum pectori omni nocte ope penicilli applicandum.

The liniment to be applied every night to the chest by means of a camel's-hair pencil.

Linimentum pro usu externo cautè usurpandum. The liniment to be applied cautiously for external use.

Linimentum sextam horæ partem sterno infricandum. The liniment to be rubbed on the chest for ten minutes.

Linimentum super tergi regionem diligentissimè perfricandum.

The liniment to be very diligently well-rubbed over the region of the back.

Linimentum vespëre maneque ope spongiolæ utendum.

The liniment to be used with a small piece of sponge in the evening and morning.

Madefacta linimento lana applicetur.

Let wool be applied moistened with the liniment.

Nocte præsertim in usu linimenti persistat.

Let (the patient) persevere with the use of the liniment, especially at night.

Pigmentum Iodi pro usu externo bis terve hebdomăde usurpandum.

The Iodine paint to be applied externally two or three times a

week.

LŌTIŌNES. LOTIONS.

Applicetur fronti lotio, cephalalgià instanti.

Let the lotion be applied to the forehead on an attack of headache.

Assiduē pedi { dextro } lotio applicanda.

The lotion to be assiduously applied to the { right } foot.

Cum singulo pulvere fiat lotio addendo aquæ frigidæ octarium dimidium.

Let a lotion be made with each of the powders by adding half a pint of cold water.

Fiat lotio volatilis, ætheris rectificati semiuncià addità. In loco frigido servetur.

Make an evaporating lotion, half an ounce of rectified æther having been added. Let it be kept in a cool place.

Injectio bis die usurpanda.

The injection (translate, lotion) to be used twice a day.

Lotio omni mane vel sæpius utenda.

The lotion to be used every morning or oftener.

Lotio partibus affectis applicanda.

The lotion to be applied to the affected parts.

Lotio pro capillis fortiter infricanda.

The lotion for the hair to be vigorously rubbed in.

Misce ut fiat lotio, tumori applicanda.

Mix, and make a lotion to be applied to the swelling.

Panni lanei solutione madefacti imponantur.

Let woollen cloths moistened in the solution be laid on.

[Translate Injectio always Lotion.]

Solutio tanto aquæ calĭdæ dīluenda; deinde narībus ut lavatīc applicanda.

The solution to be diluted with an equal quantity of warm water; then to be applied to the nostrils as a wash.

COLLYRIA. EYE LOTIONS.

Adde grana duo Zinci Sulphātis ad unciam Aquæ Rosæ pro collyrio utenda.

Add two grains of Sulphate of Zinc to one ounce of Rose Water, to be used for an Eye Lotion.

Collyrium cum tanto aquæ tepidæ ut lotio ophthalmica applicandum.

The collyrium to be applied with as much tepid water as an Eye Lotion.

Fiat collyrium quo frequenter fovendi sunt oculi.

Make a lotion for the eyes with which they may be treated frequently.

Fiat lotio quâ lavandi sint oculi.

Make a lotion with which the eyes may be bathed.

Mercuriāle fiat collyrium palpebris applicandum.

Make a mercurial collyrium to be applied to the eyelids.

Misce, fiat collyrium, nocte maneque utendum.

Mix, and make an Eye Lotion to be used night and morning.

Misce, fiat lotio ophthalmica, cujus guttæ quatuor in oculos bis die instillandæ.

Mix, and make a lotion for the eyes: four drops of which are to be dropped into the eyes twice a day.

Signa. Guttæ pro ocălis.

Sign. Drops for the eyes.

Signētur, pigmentum pro collyrio utendum: intra tarsos oculi ope penicilli illinendum.

Let it be signed: the pigment, to be smeared within the eyelids by means of a camel's-hair pencil.

Utātur collyrio, in dies oculis applicando.

Let (the patient) use the collyrium, to be applied daily to the eyes.

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GARGARISMĂTA. GARGLES.

Adde gargarismăti tinctūræ capsici semidrachmam.

Add half a drachm of tincture of capsicum to the gargle.

Cochleare parvum ex aquæ cyatho vinoso pro gargarismăte usurpandum.

A teaspoonful in a wineglass of water to be used as a gargle.

Fiat gargarisma, guttŭri applicandum.

Make a gargle, to be applied to the throat.

Gargarisma cum tanto aquæ frigidæ adhibendum.

The gargle to be used with an equal quantity of cold water.

Gargarisma sæpe utendum.

The gargle to be used frequently.

Gargarisma tonsillis subinde usurpandum.

The gargle to be applied from time to time to the tonsils.

Ne filtra solutionem pro gargarismăte.

Do not filter the solution for the gargle.

Persistat in usu gargarismătis.

Let (the patient) persevere in the use of the gargle.

Utātur alumine in aquâ more dicto solūto.

Let (the patient) use alum dissolved in water as directed.

Utendum sit acidum tannicum cum glycerino.

Let tannic acid with glycerin be used.

ENEMĂTA. ENĔMAS.

Eněma injiciātur horâ somni tertiâ quâque nocte, ad tres vices: dein repetātur alternis noctibus, ad quartam usque vicem, si opus sit. (*Dr. Paris.*)

Let the lotion be injected every three nights at bedtime for three times; then let it be repeated every other night up to the fourth time, if necessary.

Infunde et colā ut fiat enema. Infuse and strain for an enema.

Solve pro enemate. Dissolve for an enema.

M. S. A. (misce secundum artem) pro enemate. Mix pharmaceutically for an enema.

Macera per horam in vase leviter clauso, et cola pro enemate.

Macerate for an hour in a lightly closed vessel, and strain for an enema.

Mitte decocti uncias octo pro enemate usurpandas. Send eight ounces of decoction to be used for an enema.

LINCTUS. A LINCTUS.

[A viscid preparation, demulcent and often anodyne.]

Fiat linctus cujus sumātur pauxillum horâ somni vel quoties permolesta sit tussis.

Make a linctus of which let a little be taken at bedtime, or as often as the cough is very troublesome.

Fiat linctus de quo sumātur cochleāre parvum nocte maneque.

Make a linctus, of which let a teaspoonful be taken night and morning.

Linctus semel vel bis die per hebdomăda sumendus. The linctus to be taken once or twice a day for a week.

Linctus, tussi urgente, subinde glutiendus.

The linctus to be swallowed from time to time when the cough is troublesome.

Sumat æger mellis et rosæ confectionis partes æquales ut sit linctus. Cochleare parvum pro dosi capiatur.

Let the patient take equal parts of honey and confection of Rose as a linctus. Let a teaspoonful be taken for a dose.

ELECTUARIA. ELECTUARIES.

Adde mellis Anglici quantum sufficiat ut fiat electuarium.

Add as much English honey as may be sufficient to make an electuary.

Electuārium ad myristicæ nuclěi magnitūdinem capiendum. A piece the size of a nutmeg to be taken of the electuary.

Electuārium ad nucis juglandis magnitūdinem capiātur.

Let the electuary be taken with a dose of the size of a walnut.

Electuarium, cujus devoret drachmam mane et vesperi.

The electuary, of which let (the patient) take (devour) one teaspoonful morning and evening.

Electuārium cujus sit dosis ad fabæ magnitūdinem.

An electuary, of which let a piece the size of a bean be the dose.

Fiat electuārium molle, cujus sumātur magnitūdo nucis moschātæ indĭes, vel quando opus sit.

Make a soft electuary, of which let a piece the size of a nutmeg be taken daily, or when necessary.

Misce intime pulveres, mel augendo usque ad electuarium fingendum.

Mix the powders intimately, adding honey until an electuary is formed.

Ne in loco calido servētur. Let it not be kept in a hot place.

SUPPOSITORIA. SUPPOSITORIES.

Novissima sunt suppositoria è glycerino facta. Glycerin suppositories are quite recent.

Simul contunde, donec corpus unum sit, et fiat massa pro suppositório.

Beat together until it is one uniform substance, and be made a suppository mass.

Leni calore liquā suppositoria, et semi fluïda effunde in modulum politum bene refrigeratum.

Melt the suppositories with gentle heat, and pour, while semifluid, into a well-cooled polished mould.

Suppositoria è modulo exempta, serva.

Keep the suppositories when taken from the mould.

Tere bene sine calore ut fiat massa pro suppositorio; quam in partes æquales duodecim divide.

Rub well together without heat to make a suppository mass, which divide into twelve equal parts.

Utātur æger suppositorio omni nocte. Let the patient use a suppository every night.

Utātur suppositōrio grana quindĕcim pendente, hujus formæ et magnitūdĭnis.

Let the patient use a suppository weighing fifteen grains, of this form and size.

Utendus sit modulus linimento saponis illitus. Let the mould be used smeared with soap liniment.

DENTIFRICIA. TOOTH-POWDERS.

Adde olĕi menthæ piperītæ guttas quasdam ad gustum. Add a few (some) drops of oil of peppermint to taste.

Affricentur dentes omni mane dentifricio hujusmodi horâ solitâ.

Let the teeth be brushed every morning at the usual hour with a tooth-powder of this kind.

Applicetur tinctura pro dentisricio donec afficiantur gingivæ. Let the tooth-tincture be applied until the gums are affected.

Bene misceantur pulveres ut fiat dentifricium

Let the powders be well mixed to make a tooth-powder.

Dens integer, a sound tooth.

Dentes { cariōsi, decayed. dolentes, aching. maxillāres, jaw-teeth, grinders primōres, front teeth.

Dentes mane vespëreque affricandi.

The teeth to be brushed morning and evening.

Dentifricium è cretâ camphoratâ paratum utendum. Camphorated chalk tooth-powder to be used.

Dolore dentium urgenti adde tinctūræ opii pauxillum. In case of toothache add a little tincture of opium.

Fiat syrūpus, gingīvis ope digiti applicandus.

Make a syrup, to be applied to the gums by the finger.

In dispensatione adde boracis quantum sufficiat in glycerīno solūti.

In dispensing add a sufficiency of borax dissolved in glycerin.

Misce bene terendo pulveres ut fiat dentifricium.

Mix by well triturating the powders to make a tooth-powder.

Ne nimis amārum sit dentifricium. Let not the tooth-powder be too bitter.

Odontalgia, toothache.

Persistat in usu tinctūræ, odontalgiâ urgenti.

Persevere in the use of the tincture when troubled with toothache.

CATAPLASMĂTA. POULTICES.

Coquantur simul ut fiat cataplasma.

Let (the ingredients) be boiled together to make a poultice.

Non nisi ad dispensationem paretur. Let it only be prepared when dispensed. To be made as required for use.

Cataplasma carbonis, charcoal poultice.

Panem prope ignem macĕrā in aquâ horæ sextam partem dein misce, lini farīnam gradātim addens inter agitatiōnem ut fiat cataplasma molle. Cataplasmăte carbonis dimidium immisce et relĭquum supra consperge.

Macerate the bread in the water for ten minutes near the fire, then mix and add the linseed meal gradually, stirring the ingredients, that a soft poultice may be formed. Mix with this half the charcoal, and sprinkle the remainder on the surface of the poultice.

Lini farīna aquæ prius addenda ut fiat cataplasma bene mixtum.

The linseed meal to be first added to the water so that a wellmixed poultice may be made.

Sub formâ linimenti spissioris parētur cataplasma.

Let the poultice be prepared in the form of a rather thick liniment.

EPITHĒMĂTA. EPITHEMS.

Epithema regioni epigastricæ admovendum.

The epithem (liquid or semi-liquid poultice) to be placed on the pit of the stomach.

Sit pro epithemate et capiti applicetur. Let it be used for an epithem, and applied to the head.

UNGUENTA. OINTMENTS.

Ab igne remotum sedulo agitetur unguentum.

Let the ointment, removed from the fire, be well stirred.

Assricētur tumōri fabæ magnĭtūdo.

Let a piece the size of a bean be rubbed on the swelling.

Of which let a small piece, or a scruple, be used as an ointment.

Fiat massa densitātis unguenti.

Make a mass of the consistence of an ointment.

Fiat unguentum p. a. a. (parti affectæ applicandum). Make an ointment, to be applied to the part affected.

Leni calore Lento igne liquefactum, fiat unguentum.

Make an ointment melted by a gentle heat (or, with a slow fire).

Liquesac ceram et cetaceum : quibus oleum adjice. Melt the wax and spermaceti; to which add the oil.

Mitte paraffīni duri et mollis partes æquāles, ut fiat unguentum idōneum.

Put equal parts of hard and soft paraffin, that a suitable ointment may be made.

Molle sit unguentum.

Let it be a soft ointment.

Recipe unguenti hydrargyri fortis unciam: dīvide massam in partes octo æquāles, singulas in chartâ cerātâ volvendas.

Take of strong mercurial ointment, one ounce. Divide the mass into eight equal parts, each to be rolled in wax paper.

Semel in die utatur unguento.

Let (the patient) use the ointment once a day.

Tegātur unguentum ollâ fictili.

Let the ointment be kept in a covered pot.

Unguentum hydrargyri nitrātis cum paraffino molle diluendum.

The nitrate of mercury ointment to be diluted with soft paraffin.

Unguentum palpebris applicandum.

The ointment to be applied to the eyelids.

Unguentum parti dolenti adhibendum.

The ointment to be applied to the painful part.

Unguentum partibus affectis infricandum.

The ointment to be rubbed on the affected parts.

Unguentum tempori dextro nocte maneque m. d. u. (more dicto utendum).

The ointment to be used as directed for the right temple, night and morning.

Utatur æger unguento rasis prius capillis.

Let the patient use the ointment, the hair having been pre
viously shaved.

Vase vitreo bene obturato servetur unguentum. Let the ointment be kept in a well-stoppered bottle.

DE TEMPÖRE. TIME.

"When," in the Ablative case.

"How long," or duration, in the Accusative.

[Sometimes with the preposition Per, through, also in the Accusative.]

Abhinc, from this time.

Alias, at another time.

Aliquando, sometimes.

Alternâ quâque horâ, Alternis horis, every other hour.

Annus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., a year; annos-natus, years old. (A phrase.) Infanti annos sex nato, for a child six years old. Annos, accusative—i.e., duration of time. Nato, participle, agreeing with the person.

Ante, before, with accus.

cibum, food.

cibos, meals.
coenam, supper (frequently "dinner").

Ante | jentāculum, breakfast.

meridiem, noon.
pastum, food (pastus, ūs m.)
prandium, dinner.

Biduum, a period of two days; per biduum, for two days.

Biennium, a period of two years.

Bihorium, two hours' time; omni bihorio (med.), every two hours.

Bis, twice; bis die, bis de die, bis in die. twice a day.

Celeriter, cito, quickly.

Cras, to-morrow; crastino die, or cras mane, to-morrow morning; cras nocte vel cras vespere, to-morrow night or to-morrow evening.

Cubitum { iturus, } bedtime (phrase lit., about to go to bed).

Dein, deinde, then (afterwards).

Demum, at length, finally.

Denique, lastly.

Dēnŭo (de novo), once more.

Die Lunæ, on Monday.

" Martis, " Tuesday.

" Mercurii, " Wednesday.

" Jovis, " Thursday.

" Věněris, " Friday.

" Saturni, " Saturday.

" Solis, " Sunday.

de die in diem, from day to day.

diēbus alternis, on alternate days.

inter diem, during the day.

per diem, throughout the day.

Dīlūcŭlo, used adverbially, at daybreak.

Donec, until. Dum, whilst.

Frequenter, frequently.

Gargarisma frequenter utendum, the gargle to be used frequently.

Hebdomas, adis, m. subs., 3rd decl., a week.

hebdomădi (dat.) hebdomăda and hebdomădam (accus.), hebdomăde (abl.), per hebdomăda (or am), during a week. [Vide Septimāna.]

Hĕri, or hĕrĕ, yesterday.

Hŏdĭē, to-day.

Hōră, æ, f. subs., 1st decl., an hour.

horæ quadrans, tis, a quarter of an hour.

" tres quadrantes, three-quarters of an hour.

per horam, during one hour. per horas duas, for two hours. [Use in the singular.]

Hōrâ secundâ, tertiâ, quartâ, quintâ, sextâ, etc., in the singular, with omni or quâque, are translated, every second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth hour. etc.

Hōrâ (ablat.) is also used to express o'clock, thus—horâ unâ, secundâ, dĕcĭmâ vel undĕcĭmâ, at 1, 2, 10 or 11 o'clock.

" mātūtīnâ, in the morning.

" meridiānā, at noon time.

" pomeridiana, in the afternoon.

" quâvis, at any hour.

" somni, also h. decubitûs, at bedtime.

,, vespertīnâ, in the evening.

Horis mediis inter cibos, half-way between meals.

[Use in the plural.]

Hōris secundis, tertiis, quartis, quintis, sextis, etc., in the plural, without omnibus or quibusque, are translated, every two, three, four, five, six hours, etc.

Illico, instantly, immediately. In promptu, on the instant. Indies, daily. Interdĭu, in the daytime.

Interdum, sometimes.

Invicem, by turns.

Itĕrum, again.

Iterum repetatur dosis, let the dose be once more repeated (emphatic).

Jam, now, also, already.

Lentē, slowly.

Lente exsiccetur extractum, let the extract be slowly dried.

Luce primâ, { first thing } in the morning.

Mane, in the morning.

" perendino, the day after to-morrow.

" primo, early in the morning.

,, sequenti, on the following morning

" summo, early in the morning.

Mensis, is, m. subs., 3rd decl., month.

Meridiano tempore, at noon time.

Meridies, ei, m. subs., 5th decl., noon.

Ante meridiem, before noon.

Post meridiem, afternoon; pomeridianus, adj.

Minūtum, i, n. subs., 2nd decl., a minute. Minūta, plur.

Minute time is thus expressed:-

Mĭnūta quinque, 5 minutes

Hōræ pars sexta, 10 minutes.

Horæ pars quarta, 15 minutes, or a quarter of an hour.

Horæ pars tertia, 20 minutes.

Minūta quinque et viginti, 25 minutes.

Horæ dimidium (subs.), half an hour.

Hōra dīmidia (adj.), half an hour.

Minūta quinque et triginta, 35 minutes.

Minuta quadraginta, 40 minutes. M. quinquaginta, 50 minutes.

Hōra, an hour; i.e., divisional parts of an hour to be expressed generally by Pars; otherwise by Minūta.

[All Minute time in the Ablative, to mark "time when" in the Accusative, to mark duration.]

Mox, soon (afterwards.) Mox Romam profectus est, soon afterwards he set out for Rome.

Nātus, part., from nascor, to be born.

Used in a phrase to express age; the number of years (i.e., duration of time) being in the accusative. Annos quinque et octoginta natus excessit è vitâ, he died aged eighty-five.

Nocte, at night. Nocte sequenti, on the following night.

Often united with mane, as: nocte maneque, night and morning.

Inter noctem, during the night. Per noctem, through the night

Noctu, used adverbially, by night.

Nondum, not yet. Nonnunquam, sometimes.

Nunc, now. Nunquam, never.

Nuper, lately. Nuperrime, very lately.

Nychthemerum, a night and a day, i.e., 24 hours.

Olim, adv., formerly.

Omni (abl.), every. Omni mane, every morning; in the singular, frequently used with quâque, or an adjective Omni quâque nocte, every night.

Omni tertia hora, every three hours.

Time may be expressed in the plural without a qualifying adjective, the same sense being conveyed.

Omnibus horis, every hour.

Tertiis horis, every three hours. Sextis horis, every six hours.

Per (time), during (with Accusative, always).

(biduum, during two days. bihorium, during two hours.

Per diem, during the day.

triduum, during three days. noctem, during the night.

Perendinus, ă, um, adj. Perendie, on the day after to-morrow. Post, after (with Accusative, always).

cibum, after food.

Post cibos, after meals.

meridiem, afternoon. prandium, after dinner.

sēdes singulas liquidas, after each loose motion.

Postěa, afterwards.

Postero die, the next day.

Postridie.

Prius, before, previously. Priusquam, before that.

Pro re natâ (p. r. n.), occasionally. [Medical phrase.]

Protinus, adv., forthwith, immediately.

Proximâ luce, the day before.

Quamdiu, as long as. Quamprimum, as soon as possible.

Quando, when. Quandocunque, whensoever.

Quater in die, four times a day. Quinquies, five times.

Quolibet, at any time [med.] or, in anything. Quolibet vehiculo idoneo, in any suitable vehicle.

Quŏtidĭe, daily.

Quŏties, as often as.

Quum, when.

Raro, comp. rarius, superl. rarissime, rarely.

Sæpe, comp. sæpius, superl. sæpissimē, often. Sæpius means, occasionally, very often; with negative, sæpius means, too often; Ne sæpius capiātur, let it not be taken too often.

Semel, once.

Semper, always. Sensim, gradually.

Septimāna, æ, a week. (med.) [Latin form; Hebdomas, Greek form.]

Sēro, adv., late, at a late hour.

Simul, at the same time; also, together.

Singulis auroris (plur. always), every morning.

Stătim, immediately.

Subinde, from time to time; i.e., occasionally (med.).

Tantum, only. [Not to be confused with tantum, as much as; i.e. (med.), equal quantity.]

Tempore matutino, morning.

Ter die, ter in die, or ter de die, thrice a day.

Ter quaterve die, three or four times a day.

Trīduum, three day's time. Per trīduum, during three day's.

Tum, tunc, then.

Ubi, when; also adverb of place, where.

Unquam, ever.

Usque (ad), as long as; also, up to.

Vespere, or vesperi, in the evening.

Vices, times (lit. changes).

Ad duas, tres, quatuor vices, for two, three, or four times. Vicibus alternis, or duābus vicibus, at twice.

PONDĚRA ET MENSŪRÆ. WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

[Weights and Measures to be put in the Accusative when governed by an active verb, as Capĭat, Recĭpe, Sumat.]

Libra medicinālis continet uncias sēdecim.

The medical pound contains sixteen ounces.

Cochleare, ris, n. subs., 3rd decl., a spoonful. (Vide p. 15.)

Cochleare { amplum, magnum, plenum, } a tablespoonful (3ss.).

Cochleāria duo { ampla, magna, plena, } two tablespoonfuls (3j).

Cochleāria tria { ampla, magna, plena, } three tablespoonfuls (ziss.),

Cochleare { mědium, } a dessertspoonful (3ij).

Cochleare { minimum, parvum, parvulum, } a teaspoonful (3j).

Also Cochleare infantis, a child's spoonful.

Cochleatim, by spoonfuls.

Congius, ii. m. subs., 2nd decl., a gallon.

Cyăthus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., a glass.

- c. { amplus, } a tumbler.
- c. { medius, } a claret glass (med. Londini).
- c. { vinōsus, } a wine-glass.
- c. vinosus parvus, an ordinary small wine-glass.

Drachma, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a drachm (3j).

[English chemical writers adopt the spelling dram: as also centigram, millegram.]

=popularly, cochleare { parvum, minimum, } a teaspoonful.

Drachma dīmĭdĭa, } half a drachm (3ss.).

=pharmaceutically, minima triginta, thirty minims, or popularly, half a teaspoonful.

Drachmæ duæ, two drachms (3ij). = popularly, a dessertspoonful.

Duplum i. n. subs., 2nd decl., the double, twice the quantity.

Gramma, ătos, plur. grammăta, n. subs. 3rd. decl. a gramme. [Also, Gramma, æ, f. subs. 1st decl.]

Measures of Mass.

Milligramma, 1 milligramme, 0'001 grm.

Centigramma, 1 centigramme, 0'01 ,,

Decigramma, 1 decigramme, 0'1 ,,

Gramma, 1 gramme, 1'0,

Plural. Milligrammăta, centigrammăta, decigrammăta, grammăta.

These subdivisions are denoted by Latin words.

[Mille, 1000; Centum, 100; Decem, 10.]

Děkăgramma, ătos, dekagramme, 100, ten grammes.

Hectogramma, atos, hectogramme, 100'0, one hundred grammes.

Kīlogramma, atos, kilogramme, 1000'o, one thousand grammes [popularly 1 kilo].

Plural. Děkăgrammăta, hectŏgrammăta, kilŏgrammăta. These multiples are denoted by Greek words.

[δέκα, 10. ΄εκατὸν, 100. χίλιοι, 1000.]

Grānum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl. a grain (gr. j). Gr. j., grānum. One grain [not grānum ūnum].

Gr. ij., gr. iij., &c., grāna duo, grāna tria, &c. Two, three grains, &c.

Gr. iss., grānum cum semisse. A grain and a half.

Gr. ss., semigrānum, or grānum dīmĭdĭum. Half a grain.

Gr. xx., grāna viginti=scrūpŭlus. Twenty grains, equal one scruple.

Gr. \(\frac{1}{4} \) \{ gr\tilde{a}ni pars quarta. \\ gr\tilde{a}ni quadrans [gen. quadrantis]. \) \(A \) quarter of a grain.

With Accusative after Recipe.

Recĭpe { grāni partem quartam, } Take a quarter of a grain.

Gr. 3/4, grāni tres quadrantes. Three quarters of a grain.

Gr. $\frac{1}{3}$, grāni pars tertĭa. One third of a grain.

Gr. 2/3, grāni partes tertiæ duæ. Two thirds of a grain.

Gr. 1/6, grāni pars sexta.

One sixth of a grain.

Gr. $\frac{3}{5}$, grāni partes quintæ tres. Three fifths of a grain.

Whenever the sign R precedes, the fractional part must be in the Accusative, according to the rule stated.

R grāni partem sextam (gr. $\frac{1}{6}$). Take one sixth of a grain.

R Extracti Hyoscyămi grāni quadrantem (gr. $\frac{1}{4}$). Take a quarter of a grain of Extract of Henbane.

R grāni partes tertias duas (gr. $\frac{2}{3}$). Take two thirds of a grain.

R grāni partes septimas tres (gr. $\frac{3}{7}$). Take three sevenths of a grain.

Gutta, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a drop (gtt.).

The terms gutta and guttæ (plur.) are constantly used in their ordinary meaning of a drop, or drops.

Adde Olĕi Lavandulæ, guttam.

Add one drop of Oil of Lavender.

R Olĕi Crotōnis, guttas quatŭor. Take four drops of Croton Oil.

Guttæ triginta, thirty drops = half a teaspoonful.

Sixty drops are expressed by the sign 3j = cochleare mini-

mum, or one teaspoonful.

But Guttæ in the plural are frequently styled "Drops," a technical word, meaning a medicine to be taken in small divided doses, not exceeding two drachms (3ij).

Guttātim, to be taken as drops.

[rare] Guttātim, a manufacturing process, as in Crēta Præparāta.

Libra, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a pound (lbj. or Hj).

Libræ dīmidium, half a pound (lbss. or Hss.).

Magnitūdo { fabæ, nucis avellānæ, nucis juglandis, nucis myristĭcæ, nucis moschātæ, } The size { bean. filbert. walnut nutmeg. nutmeg.

Manipulus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., a handful.

Metrum, ri. n. subs., 2nd decl., a metre,

Decimetrum, ri. n. subs., 2nd decl., a decimetre, 0.1.

Centimetrum, ri. n. subs., 2nd decl., a centimetre, 0.01.

Millimetrum, ri. n. subs., 2nd decl., a millimetre, 0.001.

These subdivisions are denoted by Latin words [Decem, 10; Centum, 100; Mille, 1,000].

Minimum, ī. n. subs., 2nd decl., a minim.

[Minimum is a more accurate and definite term than Gutta, a drop, which latter must necessarily vary.]

Mödĭus, ĭī. m. subs., 2nd decl., a peck (value doubtful).

Mŏdĭum is generally not an Accusative case, but the Gen. Plur. contraction of Mŏdiōrum. As in the classics, virum contracted for virōrum.

Modio pleno, in full measure.

Octārius, ii. m. subs., 2nd decl., a pint (Oj) (derived from octo, octāvus, i.e. pars octāva, the eighth part of a gallon).

Pōcŭlum, î. n. subs., 2nd decl., a cup (used with respect to Decoctions and Infusions).

È decocti hordĕi pōcŭlo sumātur.

Let it be taken in a cup of barley-water.

Pondus, ĕris. n. subs., 3rd decl., weight.

Used, (a) in Ablative. Pondere grana quinque. By weight five grains.

(b) in Genitive. Pondëris granorum quinque. Of the weight of five grains.

Also, pendens (Participle present), with Accusative.

Pilulæ pendentes grāna quatuor. Pills weighing four grains.

Fiat massa, pendens drachmas duas. Make a mass weighing two drachms.

Pondus cīvīle, avoirdupois weight.

Pondus medicināle, apothecaries' weight.

Pondus specificum, specific gravity.

Pondera specifica, specific gravities.

Expressed generally thus:—Ut sit pond. spec. = X.

Pugillus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., a pinch.

[Continental: German chiefly, and popular English.]

Scrūpulus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., a scruple = twenty grains () j).

Drachma medicinālis continet scrūpulos tres. The medical drachm contains three scruples.

Scrūpŭlus dīmidius, Semi-scrūpŭlus (rare), } half a scruple (9 ss) = ten grains.

[Some authorities give scrupŭlum, i. n.; but this is not supported by modern practice.]

Sēlibra, æ. [rare] f. subs., 1st decl., half a pound.
Semuncia, æ. half an ounce. Sesuncia, one and a half ounce.

Temperatūra media, mean temperature.

Ad temperaturam circiter 90° ad 100° C., at a temperature of about 90° to 100° Centigrade.

Thermometrum, i. n. subs., 2nd decl., the thermometer.

Thermometrum Centipartitum, Centigrade thermometer.

Caloris gradus, degrees of heat.

Calore 15 grad. (graduum), at (15°) fifteen degrees.

Secundum thermometrum Centipartitum, degrees Centigrade.

Omnes caloris gradus in hâc editione secundum thermometrum Centipartītum indicāti sunt.

All degrees of heat in this edition are indicated according to the Centigrade scale.

Uncia, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., an ounce (3j).

= popularly: - { Cochleāria { ampla, duo } two tablespoonfuls.

Uncia dimidia (adj.),

Uncia dimidia (adj.),
Unciæ dimidium (subs.),
Sēmi-uncia,

half an ounce (zss.).

Sēmuncĭa,

= popularly:—Cochleare { amplum, magnum, } one tablespoonful.

Sesuncia, iæ, f. subs., 1st decl., one ounce and a half (3iss). [The sign ss. = the abbreviation for sēmis, gen. semissis. m. subs., 3rd decl., the half: used always in the Ablative with cum.

Duo cum semisse, two and a half.

Sēmi is an indeclinable adjective, half; preceding the substantive; i being often elided before u, as Sēmuncia, half an ounce.

Note.—The conjunction and used before a half is rendered always in Latin by cum, with.

> Sex cum semisse. Six "and" a half.

DE CORPÖRIS PARTÍBUS. PARTS OF THE BODY.

Abdomen, inis. N. subs., 3rd decl., the lower part of the belly. Ala, æ. [or axilla] f. subs., 1st decl., the armpit.

Alvus, ī. f. subs., 2nd decl., the stomach, the bowels.

Alvo adstricta, the bowels being confined.

Alvo relaxātâ, the bowels being relaxed (nimis, too much); (haud satis, not enough).

Ad alvum excitandam, to stimulate the bowels.

Donec bis dejēcerit alvus, until the bowels have been twice opened.

Donec alvus commode purgetur, until sufficient action on the bowels has taken place.

Ad alvum officii immemorem excitandam, to overcome the too sluggish action of the bowels (the bowels forgetful of their office).—Dr. Paris.

[Note.—Alvus is a feminine word.]

Artēria, iæ. f. subs., 1st decl., an artery.

Auris, is. f. subs., 3rd decl., the ear.

Auri dextræ (dat.), to the right ear.

Auri lævæ (dat.), to the left ear.

Ad aures (accus.), to the ears.

Pone aures (accus.), behind the ears.

Brāchium, ii. n. subs., 2nd decl., the arm (in general) Vide Humerus; Lacertus.

Bucca, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the cheek.

Capillus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., the hair of the head.

Căput, căpitis. n. subs., 3rd decl., the head.

[Cephhălalgia, iæ, f. subs., 1st decl., headache. κεφαλή.]

Caro, carnis, f. subs., 3rd decl., flesh.

Extractum carnis, extract of meat.

Carpus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., the bones of the hand, the wrist.

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Cervix, icis. f. subs., 3rd decl., the neck.

Clavicula, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., shoulder blade (front).

Clāvus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., a corn.

Collum, i. n. subs., 2nd decl., the neck.

Cor, cordis. n. subs., 3rd decl., the heart.

Corpus, oris. n. subs., 3rd decl., the body.

Costa, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a rib.

Coxa, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the hip.

Cranium, ii. n. subs., 2nd decl., the skull.

Crīnis, is. m. subs., 3rd decl., hair.

Crus, crūris (plur. crūra), n. subs., 3rd decl., the leg.

Cubitum, i. n. subs., 2nd decl., the elbow.

Cuticula, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the outer skin, the cuticle.

Cŭtis, is. f. subs., 3rd decl., the skin.

Dens, dentis. m. subs., 3rd decl., a tooth.

Digitus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., a finger; d. pedis, the toe.

Dorsum, i. n. subs., 2nd decl., the back (upper part).

Epigastrium, ii. n. subs., 2nd decl., the pit of the stomach.

Făcies, iei. f. subs., 5th decl., the face.

Fauces, ium. plur. f. subs., 3rd decl., the throat.

Fel, fellis. n. subs., 3rd decl., the bile.

Femur, ŏris. n. subs., 3rd decl., the thigh.

Frons, tis. f. subs., 3rd decl., the forehead.

Fronti dolenti applicand. us, a, um. [Fotus, Lotio, Linimentum.] to be applied to the pain in the forehead (to the suffering forehead).

Gena, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the cheek.

Gĕnu, ūs (plur. gĕnŭa), n. subs., 4th decl., the knee.

Gingiva, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the gum.

Gula, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the gullet.

Summum gulæ, the top of the gullet.

Summum gulæ fauces vocantur. Plin.

The top of the gullet is called fauces.

Guttur, ŭris, n. subs., 3rd decl., the throat.

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Hēpar, hepătis. n. subs., 3rd decl., the liver.

Humerus, i. m. subs., and decl., the arm (upper part from the shoulder).

Inguen, inis. n. subs., 3rd decl., the groin.

Jĕcur, ŏris. n. subs., 3rd decl., the liver.

Jŭgŭlum, ī. n. subs., 2nd decl., the collar-bone where neck joins in front; also, the throat.

Lăbĭa, iæ. f. subs., 1st decl., Lăbĭum, ĭī. n. subs., 2nd decl., the lip.

Lăcertus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., the arm (from elbow).

Larynx, yngis. m. subs., 3rd decl., the throat.

Lătus, ĕris. n. subs., 3rd decl., the side.

Fiat emplastrum lătěri applicandum.

Let a plaster be made; to be applied to the side.

[Distinguish from, lātus, a, um. adj., zvide.]

Fiat emplastrum cum margine lato.

Let a plaster be made with a wide margin.

Lingua, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the tongue.

Lumbus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., the loin.

Lumborum tenus, as far as the loins.

Māla, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a jaw.

Mālæ (plur.), the cheeks. Super mālas, on the cheeks.

Malleŏlus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., the ankle.

Mămilla, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., breast, teat.

Mănus, ūs. f. subs., 4th decl., the hand; hence, Manipulus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., a handful.

Maxilla, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the jawbone.

Maxilla inferior, Maxilla superior, lower & upper jawbone.

Meātus ūs, m. subs., 4th decl., a passage.

Meātus auditorius, the ear passage.

Membrāna, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a membrane. Membrāna tympăni, the drum of the ear.

Membrum, brī. n. subs., 2nd decl., a limb.

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Nāris, is. f. subs., 3rd decl., the nostril, usually plur., nāres. Nasus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., the nose.

Nucha, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., } the nape of the neck (med).
often Nucha capitis,
Applicetur emplastrum lyttæ nuchæ capitis.
Let a blister be applied to the nape of the neck.

Oculus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., an eye. Ōs, ōris, n. subs., 3rd decl., the mouth. Ŏs, ossis, n. subs., 3rd decl., a bone. Ŏs innominātum, the hip bone.

Palpebra, æ. f. subs, 1st decl., the eyelid.

Palpebris externis, to the edge of the eyelids.

Patella, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the knee cap.

[The Latin word itself is in common use.]

Pectus, ŏris, n. subs., 3rd decl., the breast (med. use, the chest.)

[Sinus, ūs. m. subs., 4th decl., the breast (classical).]

Pelvis, is. f. subs., 3rd decl., the space between the hips.

Pēs, pĕdis, m. subs., 3rd decl., the foot.

Pollex, ĭcis. m. subs., 3rd decl., the thumb, an inch.

Pulmo, onis. m. subs., 3rd decl., a lung.

Regio, onis. f. subs., 3rd decl., a region.

Regioni (dat.) {

cordis (gen. subs.), epigastricæ (dat. adj.), }

epigastrii (gen. subs.), }

to the of the heart. of the pit of the stomach. of the navel. vēsicāli (adj.), to the region of the bladder or vesical.

Rēnes, num. m. plur., 3rd decl., the kidneys.
Sanguis, inis. m. subs., 3rd decl., blood.
Scapula, æ, f. subs., 1st decl., the shoulder-blade (back part).
Scrōbiculus cordis, the pit of the stomach.
Spīna, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the spine.

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Sternum, ī. n. subs., 2nd decl., { the breast bone, frequently, "the chest." Supercilium, ĭī. n. subs., 2nd decl., the eyebrow. Sūra, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the calf of the leg.

Tālus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., ankle bone, heel. Tarsus, ī. m. subs., 2nd decl., the tarsus.

[A term used for the united bones of the foot.]

Tarsi oculorum (plural only), the eyelids.

Unguentum ope pēnicilli pro tarsis utendum (usurpandum), the ointment to be used for the eyelids by means of a camelhair pencil.

Tempus, ŏris (plur., tempŏra), n. subs., 3rd decl., the temple. [Distinguish from Tempus, ŏris. time.]

Tergum, ī. n. subs., 2nd decl., the back (lower part).

Tonsillæ, ārum. f. subs., 1st decl. plur., the tonsils.

Trachĕa, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the windpipe.

Umbilicus, i. m. subs., 2nd decl., the navel. Unguis, is. m. subs., 3rd decl., the nail. Uvula, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the uvula.

Vēna, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., a vein.

Venter, tris. m. subs., 3rd decl., the belly [the stomach].

Vertex, ĭcis. m. subs., the crown (top of head).

Vesīca, æ. f. subs., 1st decl., the bladder.

Viscĕra, rum. plur. n. subs., 3rd decl., the entrails.

ABBREVIATIONS.

Aa., āna, of each; also, āā.

Abs. febr., absente febri, fever being absent.

Acid. Hydroc. { Acidum Hydrochloricum, and Hydrocyanicum.

[The double use of this contraction is much to be regretted.]

Ad alv. excitand.: ad alvum excitandam, to stimulate the bowels.

Ad defec. anim.: ad defectionem animi, to fainting.

Ad deliq. anim.: ad deliquium animi, to fainting.

Ad { 2 vic. : ad duas vices, for two times (twice). 3 vic. : ad tres vices, for three times (thrice).

Ad gr. acid.: ad gratam aciditātem, to an agreeable acidity.

Ad lib. : ad libitum, at pleasure.

Ad neutralis. : ad neutralisandum, to neutralization.

Ad nuc. mosch. m.: ad nucis moschātæ magnitūdĭnem, a piece the size of a nutmeg.

Ad recid. præc.: ad recidivum præcavendum, to prevent a relapse.

Ad sat. : ad saturandum, to saturation.

Ad { secund. 3 vic.: ad { secundam } vicem, for the { 2nd 3rd } time.

Add.: adde, add thou.

Addend.: addendus, a, um, to be added. addendo, by adding (gerund with Accusative).

Admov.: {admove, apply thou. admoveātur, let it be applied. admoveāntur, let them be applied.

Ads. febr. : adstante febri, while fever is present.

Adv.: adversus or adversum (with Accus.), against.

Æg. æger, ægra, the patient.

Aggr. febr. : aggrediente febri, while fever is coming on.

Alt.: altera (pars), the remainder; alternus, a, um, alternate.

Altern. d.: alterno die, Altern. diēb.: alternis diēbus, \} every other day.

Altern. hor.: alternâ horâ, or alternis horis, every other hour.

Altern. qq. hor.: alternâ quâque horâ,

Alv. adstrict. : alvo adstricta, the bowels being confined.

Alv. laxat.: alvo laxātâ, the bowels being relaxed.

Nim.: nimis, too much. Haud sat.: haut satis, not enough.

A.M.: ante meridiem, before noon.

Ante, before { cœn.: cœnam, supper (often dinner). jentac.: jentācŭlum, breakfast. prand.: prandĭum, dinner.

Applic.: applicandus, a, um, to be applied.

Applier. : applicetur, applicentur, let it, let them, be applied.

Aq. : aqua, water.

Aq. ad -: Aquam ad-(governed by R).

Aquæ ad - (quantum sufficiat, or quantitatem sufficientem, understood): water up to -

Ex aq. : Ex aqua, in water.

E paull. aq. : è paullo aquæ, in a little water.

Ex. aq. { coch. ampl.: } ex aquæ { cochleāri amplo, cyătho vinoso, in a tablespoonful of water.

Aq. astr. : aqua astricta, frozen water.

Aq. bull. : aqua bulliens (entis), boiling water.

Aq. calid.: aqua calida, hot water.

Aq. chlor. : aqua chlori, chlorine water.

Aq. chlorof.: aqua chloroformi, chloroform water.

Aq. comm.: aqua commūnis, common or plain water.

Aq. dest.: aqua destillata, distilled water.

Aq. ferv. : aqua fervens (entis), warm or hot water.

Aq. fluv. : aqua fluviātilis, river water.

Aq. font.: aqua fontana; or aqua fontis, spring water.

Aq. fort.: aqua fortis, nitric acid.

Aq. gel.: aqua gelida, cold water.

Aq. mar.: aqua marina, sea water.

Aq. niv.: aqua nivālis, snow water.

Aq. pluv.: aqua pluviālis, rain water.

Aq. pur.: aqua pura, pure water [formerly meant, not distilled; filtered water would perhaps be the correct equivalent.]

Aur. dextr. vel læv. : auri dextræ, or lævæ, to right or left ear.

Ad aur. : ad aurem, to the ear.

P. aur.: pone aurem, behind the ear.

B.A.: balneum arenæ, a sand-bath.

BB. or BBDS.: Barbadensis, Barbados.

B.M.: balneum Mariæ, water bath; b. maris, sea-water bath.

B.P. or B.Ph., British Pharmacopæia.

B.T.: balneum tepidum, a tepid bath.

B.V.: balněum vaporis, a vapour bath.

Bals.: balsamum, balsam.

Bib.: bibe, drink.

Bis {d.: bis die d.d.: bis in d.: {bis in die bis in die bis in dies} twice a day.

But. : butyrum, butler.

But. ant.: butyrum antimonii, butter of antimony.

C.: consius, a gallon. C.: centum, 100. C: cum, with.

C.C.: cornu cervi, hartshorn.

[C.C., old style: cucurbitula cruenta, cupping glass with scarificator.]

C.C.U.: cornu cervi ustum, burnt hartshorn.

Cc.: cubic centimetre.

C. l. q. s.: cuilibet quantum sufficiat, as you please, a sufficient quantity.

C.M.: cras mane; also C.M.S.: cras mane sumendus, a, um, to-morrow morning; or, to be taken to-morrow morning.

C.N.: cras nocte, to-morrow night.

C.V.: cras vespere, to-morrow evening.

C. vin: cyathus vinosus or vinarius, a wine-glass.

Cal.: călomelas, calomel. Vide p. 110.

Calc. chlor. : {calcis chloratæ (gen.), chloride of lime. calcii chloridum, calcium chloride.

Cap.: capiat, let him take.

Capr. : { capiātur, } let it be taken. capiantur, } let them be taken.

Coch.: cochleare, spoonful [from cochlea, a snail's shell]. Vide Weights and Measures, p. 191.

(colā, strain thou. colātus, a, um, strained.

Col.: colatūrus, a, um, about to strain; i.e., sufficient to strain. colatūra, æ (subs.), the strained portion.

coletur, let it be strained. colentur, let them be strained.

Collut: collutorium, a mouth-wash.

Collyr.: collyrium, an eye-lotion.

Comp., or Co.: compositus, a, um, compound.

Conc.: concisus, sliced, or concentratus, concentrated.

Cong.: congius, a gallon.

Conserv.: { conserva, æ, a conserve. conserva, keep thou.

Cont.: contūsus, a, um, bruised. Contrit.: contrītus, pounded. Cont. rem. vel med.: continuentur remedia, vel medicāmenta, let the remedies be continued.

Coq. : coque, boil thou.

Coq. ad med. consumpt. : coque ad medietātis consumptionem, boil down to half.

Coq. in S.A.: coque in sufficiente (quantitate) aquæ, boil in a sufficient quantity of water.

Cog. s. a.: coque secundum artem, boil according to art.

Cort. : cortex, icis, bark.

Crast. : crastinus, for to-morrow.

Cuj. : cujus, of which. Cujusl. : cujuslibet, of any.

Cyath.: cyathus, glass.

Cyath. vinos. : cyăthus vinosus, wine-glass. Vide Weights and Measures, p. 191.

D.: dosis. f., dose; dosin. accus.

D.: (detur) in duplo, let twice as much be given.

D. in p. æ.: divide in partes æquales, divide into equal parts.

D.D.: detur ad -, let it be given up to -

D.P.: directione propriâ, with a proper direction.

D.S.: { dona, signa, give and sign. detur, signetur, let it be given and signed.

D. t. d.: dentur tales doses, let such doses be given.

D. spiss.: debitâ spissitūdine, with a proper consistence.

Deaur. pil. : deaurentur pilulæ, let the pills be gilt.

Dec.: decoctum, a decoction.

Decub. : decubitûs, of lying dozen.

Horâ decubitûs, at bedtime.

De d. : de die, daily, or from day to day. d. d. in d. : de die in diem.

Deglut. : deglutiātur, let it be swallowed.

Dej. alv.: dejectiones alvi, motions.

Dest.: destillatus, a, um, distilled.

Det. : detur, let it be given.

Dext. lat.: dextro lateri, to the right side.

Dieb.: diebus. D. altern. diebus alternis, every other day.

D. seq. : die sequente, on the following day.

D. secund., tert., etc.: diebus secundis, tertiis, etc., every second, third day, etc.

Dil.: dilūtus, a, um, diluted.

Diluc. : dilūcŭlo, at break of day.

Dim. : dīmidium (subs.), the half; dīmidius, a, um, half.

Div.: dīvide, divide; in p. æq.: in partes æquāles, in equal parts (i.e. into).

Donec alv. solut. fuer.: donec alvus solūta fuĕrit, until the bowels have acted.

Donec alv. bis dej.: donec alvus bis dejēcerit, until the bowels have acted twice.

Donec alv. bene respond.: donec alvus benè responderit, until the bowels have been well opened.

Donec dol. exulav.: donec dolor exulaverit [also exsulaverit], until the pain is relieved.

E gel. vit. : è gelatinâ vituli, in calf's foot jelly.

E quol. vehic. idon.: è quolibet vehiculo idoneo, in any suitable vehicle.

Ed.: [old] edulcorātus, a, um, purified.

E.g.: exempli gratiâ, for instance.

Ejusd.: ejusdem, of the same.

Elect.: electuārium, an electuary.

Elect.: [commercial] electus, a, um, picked, select, choice.

Emp.: emplastrum, a plaster.

Emp. lyth. : emplastrum lythargyri, lead plaster.

Emp. lytt.: emplastrum lyttæ, a blister.

Enem.: enĕma. n., an enema.

Esur. : ēsŭriens, fasting, i.e., before food.

Evac.: evacuātio, a motion; post qq. evac.: post quamque evacuātionem.

Exhib.: exhibeātur, let it be exhibited.

Ex paul.: ex paulo [correctly, E paulo], in a little.

Exprim.: exprime, express.

Ext.: extractum, an extract.

Ext. Col. Co.: extractum colocynthidis compositum.

Ext. colch.: extractum colchici, colchicum extract.

Ext. sup. alut. moll.: extende super alūtam mollem, spread it on soft leather.

Extemp.: ex tempore, extemporary, on the spur of the moment.

Extempl.: extemplo, immediately.

Extend: extende, spread.

F., Ft.: fiat, fiant, let it (them) be made.

Ft. haust. : fiat haustus, let a draught be made.

F. L. A.: fiat lege artis, let it be made according to rule.

F. Mist.: fiat mistura, let a mixture be made.

F. S. A.: fiat secundum artem, let it be made according to art.

Ft. pil. : fiat pilula, or fiant pilulæ, let a pill, or pills, be made.

F. V.: fiat venæsectio, bleed.

Feb. dur. : febri durante, during the fever.

Fem. intern. : femoribus internis, to the inner part of the thighs.

Filtr.: filtrā, filter; filtrum, a filter.

Fist. arm. : fistula armāta, clyster pipe and bladder fitted for use.

Fl.: fluidus, liquid.

Frust.: frustum, a little bit; frustillatim, little by little

G. G. G.: Gummi guttæ Gambiæ, Gamboge.

Gel. quav. : gelatīnā quâvis, in any kind of jelly.

Gr.: granum, a grain.

Grm.: gramma, a gram. Fr. gramme.

Grms. : grammăta, grams.

Gtt.: guttæ, "drops"; Guttat.: guttātim, by drops.

Guttur. appl.: gutturi applicandus, a, um, to be applied to the throat.

H.: horâ, at the hour of [Ablative.]

H. d.; h. s.: horâ decubitûs; horâ somni, at bed time.

Vide Hora [De Tempore, p. 186].

H. p. n.: haustus purgans noster, "our" aperient draught.

H. f.: hujus formæ, of this shape (emplast.).

Hab. : habeat, let him have (or take).

Habr.: habeantur, let them be taken.

Har. pil. iij. s.: harum, pilulæ tres sumantur, let three of these pills be taken.

Hebdom. : hebdomăda (Acc.), for a week.

Hirud.: hirudines, leeches.

Hor. un. spat. : horæ unius spatio, at the expiration of one hour.

Hor. interm.: horis intermediis, in the intermediate hours.

Ht. t. d. d. s.: haustus ter de die sumendus, the draught to be taken three times a day.

Impet. efferv. : impetu effervescentiæ, during effervescence.

Imprans.: impransus, a, um, fasting.

In decoct. hord.: in decocto horděi, in barley water.

In pulm.: in pulmento, in gruel.

In d.: in dies, from day to day.

Inf.: infunde, infuse (med.); sometimes, pour in.

Infus.: infūsa, infuse.

Inj. enem.: injiciātur enema, let an enema be administered.

Inpromp.: inpromptu, directly.

Jentac.: jentācŭlum, breakfast. Ante j., before; Post j., after.

Kal. ppt.: kali præparātum, prepared kali (potassium carbonate). [Kali in old pharmacy=potash; word formerly used in order to escape duty.]

L. Lac, tis, milk.

L. A.: asınarium or asınarum, asses' milk.

L. bov. : bovinum, cozes' milk.

L. cap.: capræ, caprěæ, or capellæ, goats' milk.

L. ov.: ovillum or ovinum, ewes' milk.

L. vac. : vaccæ, cows' milk.

Lat. dol: lateri dolenti, to the affected side.

Lb., lib. : libra, a pound.

Lin, p. a. infr.: linimentum parti affectæ infricandum, the liniment to be rubbed on the affected part.

Liq.: liquor, a solution.

Luc. p.: luce primâ, early in the morning (at the first light).

M. or Min: minimum, a minim.

M.: misce, mix (benè), well; (intimè), thoroughly; (S.A.: secundum artem), pharmaceutically.

M. d.: more dicto, as directed.

M. D. S.: misce, dona, signa, mix, give, and sign. [German=M. ft. Mist.]

M. D. U. (Hibern.): more dicto utendus, to be used as directed.

M. et v. : mane et vespere, morning and evening.

M. ft. Mist.: misce, fiat mistura, mix, and let a mixture be made.

M. p.: mane primo, early in the morning.

M. p.: mica panis, a crumb of bread.

M. S.: more solito, in the usual manner.

Man.: manipulus, a handful.

Mass.: massa, a pill-mass. M. P.: massa pilulārum.

Mic. pan. : mica panis, a crumb of bread.

Mist. : mistūra, a mixture.

Mitt. : mitte, send.

Mittr. : mittatur, mittantur, let it (let them) be sent.

Mod. or { dict. : } modo { dicto, } as prescribed.

Mor. { præs. : } or more { præscripto, } as prescribed.

Mr. : mistūra, a mixture.

N.: nocte, at night.

Ne tr. s. num. : ne tradas sine nummo, do not deliver unless paid,

N. M.: nux moschāta, the nutmeg.

No.: numëro, in number.

9bris: Novembris, of November.

O.: octārius, a pint.

O. alt. hor.: omnibus alternis horis, every other hour.

Ol.: oleum, oil (s. i.: sine igne, cold drawn).

O. M.: omni mane, every morning. Omn.: omnis, all.

Omn. bid. : omni biduo, every two days.

O. N.: omni nocte, every night. Vide De Tempore, p. 188.

O. O. O.: oleum olivæ optimum, best olive oil.

Op.: ope, by means of; alcoholis, spirit; luti, luting.

Ope: penicilli, with a camel hair pencil.

Opt.: optimus, best.

Ov.: ōvum, an egg.

Ov. vitell. sol.: ovi vitello solūtum, dissolved, i.e. suspended, in yolk of egg.

Oz.: uncia, an ounce (avoirdupois).

P.: ponděre, by weight.

P. a. a.: parti affectæ applicandus, a, um, to be applied to the affected part.

P. Æ.: partes æquāles, equal weights.

P. B. or Ph. B. : Pharmacopæia Britannica.

P. C.: per centum, per cent.

P. d.: { per deliquium [old], by deliquescence. pro dosi, for a dose.

P. M.: post meridiem, afternoon.

p.m.: primo mane, early in the morning.

P. P.: partes, parts.

P. P.: pulvis patrum [old], Jesuits' Bark.

P. p. a.: phiălâ prius agitātâ, the bottle having been previously shaken.

P. R. N.: pro re natâ, occasionally.

Pv.: parvus, small.

Part. { affect. : } parti { affectæ, } to the affected (painful) part.

Part. vic. : partītis vicībus, in divided doses.

Ped.: pedětentim, gradually.

Dosi pedetentim crescente, the dose gradually increasing.

Per bid., trid.: per biduum, triduum, for a period of two or three days.

Peract. op. emet.: peractâ operatione emetici (or, emeticâ), when the operation of the emetic is finished.

Per salt. : per saltum, at a bound, by leaps.

Ph. Boruss.: Pharmacopæa Borussica (Prussian).

Ph., Pharmacopæia. Continental, Pharmacopæa.

Ph. B.: Britannica (British). Ph. D.: Dublinensis (Dublin).

Ph. E.: Edinburgensis, Edinensis (Edinburgh).

Ph. G. or Germ.: Pharmacopæa Germanica.

Ph. Gall.: Pharmacopæa Gallica, or, Codex Medicamentarius (Paris).

Ph. Helv.: Pharmacopæa Helvetica (Swiss).

Ph. L.: Londinensis (London). Ph. U.S.: United States.

Phial.: phiala, a phial.

Mittr. in phial. : mittantur in phialam, let them be put into a phial.

Poc.: pōculum, a cup.

Post prand. : post prandium, after dinner.

Post sing. sed. liq.: post singulas sedes liquidas, after each liquid motion.

Ppt.: præparātus, a, um, prepared.

Cret. ppt.: crēta præparāta, prepared chalk.

Pro pot. s.: pro potu sumendus, a um, to be taken as a drink.

Pro rat. æt.: pro ratione ætātis, according to age.

Prox. luc.: proximâ luce [old], on the next day.

Pulv.: pulvis, a powder.

Pulv. Hum.: pulvīnar humuli, a hop pillow.

Q. dx.: quantitas duplex. Mitte quantitâtem duplicem, send double quantity.

Q. l.: quantum libet,
Q. p.: quantum placet,

as much as you please.

QQ .: quâque, every.

4ta qq. hor. : quartâ quâque horâ, every fourth hour.

Q. S.: quantum sufficiat; quantitas sufficiens; quantum satis, sufficient.

Q, v.: quantum voluëris, as much as you please.

Quant. fab. : quantitas fabæ, a piece the size of a bean.

Quant. nuc. : quantitas nucis, a piece the size of a nut.

Quant. nuc. avell.: quantitas nucis avellanæ, a piece the size of a filbert.

Quant. nuc. jugl.: quantitas nucis juglandis, a piece the size of a walnut.

Quot. mane: quolibet mane, any morning.

R: recipe, take.

R. in pulv. : redactus in pulverem, reduced to powder.

Rad.:radix, a root; cont. { contrīta } bruised; incis. (incīsa, sliced).

Ras.: rasūræ, shavings.

Redig. in pulv. : redigātur in pulverem, let it be reduced to powder

Reg. : regioni, to the region.

Reg. {cor.: epigast.: hepat.: umbilīc.:} Regiōni {cordis, of the heart. epigastrĭcæ, pit of the stomach hepătis, of the liver. umbilīci, of the navel.

Rep., Repet. : repetat, let him repeat.

Repr.: repetātur, or } let it (them) be repeated.

Repetr.: repetantur,

[In this abbreviation, sing. or plur. is known only by the context.

S.: sumat, let the patient take.

S. A.: secundum artem, according to art, i.e. with pharmaceutical 'skill.

S. G.: specific gravity (or better Sp. Gr.).

S. O. S.: si opus sit, if there is need; if occasion require.

S. s.: semisse (abl.), from semis, semissis (gen.), the half. [After figures, ss., as iss.; after printed letters, always used with cum: as, unum cum semisse.]

Also, s.s. sine sale, without salt [adeps].

S. S. S.: stratum super stratum, layer upon layer.

S. V. R.: spīritus vini rectificātus, rectified spirit.

S. V. T.: spīritus vini tenuior, proof spirit.

Sanguisug. vj.: Sanguisūgæ sex, six leeches.

Scat.: scatŭla, a box.

Dent. ad scat.: dentur ad scatulam, let them be put in a box.

Scrob. cord.: scrobiculo cordis, to the pit of the stomach.

Semidr.: semidrachma, half a drachm.

Semih.: semihora, half an hour. 7bris: Septembris, of September.

Seq. luc. : sequenti luce, the following day.

Serv.: servā, keep.

Sesquih.: sesquihōra, an hour and a half.

Sesunc.: sesuncia, an ounce and a half.

Si n. val. : si non valĕat, if it does not answer.

Si vir. perm. : si vires permittant, if the strength permit.

Sig.: Signa, signētur, signentur, sign, let it (them) be signed.

Sing. : singulōrum, of each.

Sing. auror. : singulis auroris, every morning.

Sing. hor. quad.: singulis horæ quadrantibus, every quarter of an hour. Vide De Tempore, p. 186.

Sp. : spīritus, spirit of any kind.

[The term "Spirits" should be confined to alcoholic beverages.]

St.: stet, stent, let it (them) stand.

Stat.: statim, immediately.

Stat. eff.: statu effervescentiæ, whilst effervescing.

Sub fin. coct.: sub finem coctionis, when sufficiently boiled down [at the end of the boiling].

Sum.: sumat, let the patient take.

Sum. tal.: sumat talem, tales, let the patient take one (or more) such.

Sumend.: sumendus, a, um, to be taken.

Sumr. : sumātur, sumantur, let it (them) be taken.

Syr.: syrūpus, syrup.

T. b. t., to be taken (common abbreviation, not to be commended).

T. d. d.: ter de die, thrice a day.

T. O.: tinctūra opii, tincture of opium.

R.: tinctūra, a tincture.

Temp. dext.: tempori dextro, to the right temple.

Ter. sim. : tere simul, rub together.

Troch .: trochisci, lozenges.

Ult. præscrip.: ultimo præscriptus, a, um, etc., the last ordered. Ut supr.: ut suprā, as above.

V. O. S.: vitello ovi solūtus, a, um, dissolved in yolk of egg. Vs.: venæsectio, bleeding.

ZZ.: zingiber, ginger. ZZ.: [mediæval] myrrh.

ENGLISH PRESCRIPTIONS FOR TRANSLA-TION INTO LATIN.

(Vide pages 106 to 110).

I.

Take of Jamaica sarsaparilla root, sliced and bruised, two ounces and a half.

Distilled water, twenty-five ounces.

Mix and macerate for twelve hours; then reduce with gentle heat to fifteen ounces, and strain.

Add to the strained liquor-

Sesquicarbonate of Ammonia, eighteen grains.

Compound tincture of Cinchona, half an ounce.

Extract of Liquorice, one scruple.

Make a mixture, of which take a fourth part three times a day.

II.

Take of Purified Ox-gall, fifteen grains.

Colocynth and Henbane Pill, twelve grains.

Resin of Podophyllum, one grain.

Mix intimately, and make six pills.

Sign, One for a dose.

III.

Take of Light Carbonate of Magnesia, two drachms. Water, to make up to eight ounces.

Mix. Make a mixture. Let [the patient] take two table spoonfuls every four hours.

Take of Mercury and Chalk, three grains.

Compound Ipecacuanha Powder, eight grains.

Mucilage, sufficient.

Mix. Make two pills, to be taken at bedtime,

IV.

Take of Extract of Opium, $\frac{3}{4}$ of a grain.

Blue Pill, four grains.

Extract of Cascarilla, three grains.

Pound together, and divide into two pills. Let them be taken for a dose at 9 o'clock to-night; and to-morrow at the same hour. Send four.

Take of Carbonate of Potash, one drachm.
Cinnamon water,
Spring water, of each three ounces.
Tincture of Orange, one ounce.
Syrup, half an ounce.

Mix. Sign, Two tablespoonfuls with one teaspoonful of lemon juice thrice a day.

V.

Iodide of Potassium, one drachm. Distilled water, four ounces.

Mix. Make a gargle, to be used often in the day.

Take of Veratria, eight grains.
Olive Oil, ten drops.
Lard, three drachms.

Mix. Make an ointment, to be applied daily.

VI.

Take of Calomel, half a drachm.

Sugar of Lead, one scruple.

Wax Ointment, half an ounce.

Mix. Make an ointment.

Take of Calomel, [scruple. Golden Sulphuret of Antimony, of each one Powdered Opium (pure), five grains.

Confection of Dog-rose, sufficient.

Make twelve pills. Let [the patient] take one every night

VII.

Take of Alum, half a scruple.

Rose Water, six ounces.

Make a lotion.

Take of Nitrate of Silver, two grains.

Distilled Water, one ounce.

Make "Eye-drops." (Drops for the Eye.)

Take of Carbonate of Soda,

Powdered Rhubarb, of each five grains.

Make a powder, to be taken daily. Send six. A blister to be placed on the temple and behind the right ear.

VIII.

Take of Powder of Scammony with Calomel, twelve grains.

Make a powder, to be repeated every morning for three times. Send three powders.

Take of Carbonate of Iron, one grain.

Powdered Calumba, three grains.

Aromatic Powder, half a grain.

Mix. Make a powder, to be repeated every morning, fever being absent. Send six.

IX.

Take of Blue Pill, half a drachm.

Aloes and Myrrh Pill, one drachm.

Mix and divide into thirty pills. Let [the patient] take two every night at bedtime. Apply a mercurial plaster to the part affected.

X.

Take of Cassia Fistula Pulp, two drachms.

Take the size of a chestnut every night at the hour of repose (bedtime), increasing or diminishing the quantity, according to the manner of operating. Continue in the use of the cassia until the fever (febricula) has entirely subsided or (disappeared).

Take of Lenitive Electuary, two ounces.

Milk of Sulphur, three drachms.

Syrup of Roses, sufficient.

Mix. Make a soft electuary, of which take as much as a chestnut every night on going to bed until complete convalescence (shall have quite got well).

XI.

Take of Solution of Acetate of Ammonium, three ounces
Sweet Spirit of Nitre, four drachms.
Antimonial Wine, two drachms.

Complex Mixture to make up to eight ounces

Camphor Mixture, to make up to eight ounces

Mix. Take two tablespoonfuls every second hour.

Take of Sulphate of Quinine, one scruple.

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid, half a drachm. Compound Tincture of Chloroform, two drachms. Syrup of Orange, six drachms.

Water, to make up to eight ounces.

Mix. Let [the patient] take two tablespoonfuls every fourth hour.

XII.

Take of Powdered Hydrochlorate of Ammonia, one drachm.
Spring Water, eight ounces.

Rose Water, to make up to twelve ounces.

M. Make a lotion, to be applied to the leg and foot as directed.

(Vide pages 118 to 124.)

I.

Take of Liniment of Ammonia,
Liniment of Chloroform,
Opium Liniment, of each four drachms.

Make a liniment, of which let a little be rubbed twice or thrice daily on the chest and on the affected (dolenti) part of the thorax.

11.

Take of Powdered Rhubarb (best), three grains.
Soap, one grain.
Ginger, one grain.

Mix. Make a pill. Dose: one or two to be taken before dinner or before sleep.

III.

Take of Compound Extract of Colocynth, six grains.

Extract of Henbane, three grains.

Make two pills; to be taken in four hours' time, unless there has been a previous action on the bowels.

Take of Compd. Spirit of Sulphuric Ether, one drachm.

Almond Emulsion, two ounces and a half.

Syrup of Red Poppies, half a drachm.

Mix. Half to be taken every four hours.

IV.

Send six leeches. Let a blister be applied to the painful side in the evening.

Take of Calomel, three grains.

Antimonial Powder, four grains.

Confection of Roses, one grain and a half.

Mix. Make a pill, to be taken at bedtime.

Take of Sulphate of Magnesium, half an ounce.

Water, one ounce and two drachms.

Compound Tincture of Cardamom, one drachm.

Mix. Make an aperient draught, to be taken early tomorrow morning.

V.

Take of Bicarbonate of Sodium, three drachms.

Bicarbonate of Ammonium, two scruples.

Nitrate of Potassium, half a drachm.

Syrup of Orange, half an ounce.

Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele), twelve drops.

Water, to make up to eight ounces. Mix.

On the following morning let [the patient] take three tablespoonfuls thrice a day, with one powder, in a state of effervescence.

Take of Tartaric Acid, one scruple. Send six (papers) powders.

VI.

Take of Compound Tincture of Gentian, one ounce.

Taraxacum Liquor, two ounces and a half.

Compound Spirit of Ammonia, half an ounce.

Mix. Let [the patient] take a dessertspoonful twice a day in a glassful of water.

Take of Blue Pill,

Mercurous Chloride, of each one grain and a half. Compound Extract of Colocynth, three grains. Oil of Peppermint, one minim.

Mix. Make a pill; to be taken occasionally. Send six.

VII.

Take of Croton Oil, four drops.

Compound Storax Pill, four grains.

Divide into four pills. Let [the patient] take (habeat) one every fourth hour until an action on the bowels is produced.

VIII.

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium, one ounce.

Compound Tincture of Gentian, one ounce and a half.

Spirit of Chloroform, one drachm. Liquid Taraxacum, two ounces. Water, to make up to eight ounces.

Mix. Let [the patient] take a tablespoonful twice a day with one scruple of Citric Acid in a glassful of water.

Send sixteen Acid Powders (papers of Acid).

Take of Blue Pill.

Compound Galbanum Pill, of each three grains.

Extract of Barbados Aloes, one grain and a half.

Mix. Make two pills; to be taken occasionally. Send six.

IX.

Take of Sesquicarbonate of Ammonia, two drachms.

Sesquicarbonate of Soda, two drachms.

Iodide of Potassium, half a drachm.

Colchicum Wine, two drachms.

Tincture of Orange, two drachms.

Pure Water, to make up to four ounces.

Mix. Let [the patient] take one tablespoonful thrice a day in water, and a tablespoonful of fresh lemon juice.

Take of Disulphate of Quinine, three grains. Blue Pill, three grains.

Compound Extract of Colocynth, four grains.

Mix. Make two pills, to be taken every night. Send four.

X.

Take of Bicarbonate of Sodium, half a drachm.

Compound Tragacanth Powder, four scruples.

Cinnamon Water, six ounces.

Tincture of Opium, twenty minims.

Mix. Make a mixture. Let [the patient] take a fourth part immediately, and let it be repeated in four hours afterwards, if necessary.

XI.

Take of Acetate of Morphia, one quarter of a grain. Powdered Colchicum, three grains.

Make a pill; to be taken every four hours. Send six. Silver them. (Fold in silver leaf.)

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium, three drachms.

Syrup of Orange, three drachms.

Tincture of the same, three drachms.

Water, to make up to six ounces.

Compound Tincture of Cardamom, two drachms.

Let [the patient] take a sixth part every three hours with a tablespoonful of lemon juice.

XII.

Take of Pure Cod Liver Oil, eight ounces.

Let a teaspoonful (increased to a tablespoonful) be taken twice a day with a tablespoonful of the following mixture:—

[Translate: either, augendum ad amplum, i.e. cochleare, understood; or, augenda, i.e. dosis f., understood; or, ad amplum augendum, which last is the classical Latin phrase.]

Take of Dilute Phosphoric Acid, half an ounce.

Tincture of Nux Vomica, two drachms.

Tincture of Calumba,

Syrup of Ginger, of each one ounce.

Infusion of Orange, to make up to eight ounces.

Mix. Make a mixture.

Take of Solution of Acetate of Morphia,
Spirit of Chloroform, of each one drachm.
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, fourteen drachms.

Mix. Make "drops."

Let a teaspoonful be taken when the cough is troublesome.

Take of Vinegar of Cantharides, six drachms.

Spirit of Camphor, two drachms.

Mix. A little to be applied to the chest.

ADDITIONAL PRESCRIPTIONS FOR TRANS-LATION INTO LATIN.

(Vide pages 126 to 145).

Take of Powdered Rhubarb, fifteen grains.

Bicarbonate of Sodium, ten grains.

Spirit of Nutmeg, ten minims.

Simple Syrup, one drachm.

Water to make up to one ounce and a half.

Mix, and make a draught to be taken immediately, and let it be repeated after six hours if necessary. Take of Liquor of Acetate of Ammonium, six drachms.

Bicarbonate of Potassium, two scruples.

Sweet Spirit of Nitre, one drachm and a half.

Antimonial Wine, forty minims.

Syrup of Tolu, half an ounce.

Syrup of Poppy, half a drachm.

Water to make up to four ounces.

Mix, and make a mixture, of which let a tablespoonful be taken every four hours.

Take of Lime Water, one pint.

Mix one part of the liquor with four parts of new milk to make an ordinary drink (beverage).

Take of Tincture of Sesquichloride of Iron, seven drachms.

Dilute Nitric Acid, four drachms.

Chloric Ether, three drachms.

Compound Infusion of Gentian, sixteen ounces.

Chlorate of Potassium, two drachms.

Mix. Let (the patient) take a tablespoonful in two tablespoonfuls of water thrice a day.

Take of Spirit of Turpentine, half an ounce. Strong Acetic Acid, three drachms.

The Yolk of one egg.

Rub very well together, and add

Oil of Lemons, twenty drops.

Rose Water, to make up to three ounces.

Mix, and make a liniment, to be rubbed every night on the chest,

Take of Bruised Simarouba Bark, half an ounce. Boiling hot water, six ounces and a half.

Infuse for one hour, then strain.

To the strained liquor add

Compound Tincture of Cardamom, one drachm. Let (the patient) take a tablespoonful three times a day.

Take of Tannin, one scruple.

Rectified Spirit of Wine, four drachms.

Rose Water, five ounces and a half.

Mix, and make an eye lotion, to be used night and morning

Take of Veratria, five grains.

Lard, half an ounce.

Oil of Lavender, one drop.

Mix. Let it be signed: the ointment to be used as directed, night and morning, to the right temple.

Take of Prepared Chalk (best),
Bicarbonate of Potassium,
Aromatic Confection,
of each, one drachm.
Tincture of Opium, forty minims.
Compound Tragacanth Powder, one drachm.
Simple Syrup, four drachms.

Aniseed Water, sufficient to make six ounces.

Mix, and take a tablespoonful immediately. The dose to be repeated after each liquid motion.

Take of Chloral Hydrate, fifteen grains.

Bromide of Ammonium, ten grains.

Syrup of Orange, half an ounce.

Water sufficient to make one ounce.

Let (the patient) take a tablespoonful at 7 and 9 o'clock p.m. Spread a Belladonna Plaster on soft leather for the region of the heart.

Take of Acetate of Morphia, one grain.

Oxymel of Squills, two drachms.

Syrup of Lemons, fourteen drachms.

Mix, and make a linctus, of which let (the patient) take a teaspoonful at bedtime, and as often as the cough is very troublesome.

Take of Bromide of Ammonium,
Bromide of Potassium,
of each six drachms.
Tincture of Hop, three ounces.

Chloroform Water to make up to twelve ounces

Mix, and make a mixture.

Let (the patient) take a tablespoonful at bedtime in a wineglass of water; and let him repeat two teaspoonfuls at 10 o'clock a.m.

Take of Valerianate of Zinc, thirty-six grains.

Extract of Gentian, as much as may be sufficient.

Mix, and divide into twelve pills.

Let (the patient) take one three times a day with each dose of the mixture.

Take of Mercurous Chloride (Calomel), White Sugar, of each one grain and a half.

Rub well together so as to make a very fine powder. Send six.

Take of Taraxacum Juice, one ounce and a half.

Spirit of Chloroform, one ounce.

Fluid Extract of Yellow Bark, half an ounce.

Mix, and make a mixture, of which let the dose be one teaspoonful, to be taken thrice a day in a glassful of water.

Take of Mercury and Chalk, two grains.

Compound Liquorice Powder (Germ. Pharm.),
ten grains.

Mix, and make a powder, to be taken once or twice a week in any thick vehicle.

Take of Tartrate of Soda, half an ounce.

Compound Tincture of Rhubarb, one ounce and a half.

Syrup of Ginger, four drachms.

Peppermint Water to make up to three ounces.

Mix, and make a mixture.

Let (the patient) take half immediately and the remainder in four hours if necessary.

Note.—Distinguish between Dīmidium, iī, Rĕliquum, i (substantives), and Dīmidius, ă, um, Rĕliquus, ă, um (adjectives).

Take of Tincture of Muriate of Iron, half an ounce.

Tincture of Quinine, two ounces and a half.

Mix, and make a mixture, of which let (the patient) take a

teaspoonful three times a day in a little water before food.

Take of Syrup of Chloral Hydrate, one drachm and a half.

Bromide of Ammonium, seven grains and a half.

Syrup of Orange Flowers, half a drachm. Water to make up to an ounce and a half.

Mix, and make a draught to be taken at night. Let (the patient) take a second draught if needful in four hours' time. Send two such.

Take of Croton Chloral Hydrate, half an ounce.
Glycerin, one ounce.
Spirit of Nutmeg, one ounce.
Clove Water, four ounces.

Mix, and make a six-ounce mixture, of which let (the patient) take a teaspoonful in a glass of water on an attack of pain. Let him repeat the dose if necessary in one hour's time.

Take of Euonymin,

Extract of Henbane, of each two grains.

Mix, and make a pill, to be taken at bed-time.

Send a Seidlitz Powder, to be taken early in the morning after the pill.

Take of Compound Spirit of Sulphuric Ether, one drachm.

Syrup of Poppies, half an ounce. Tincture of Opium, one drachm.

Peppermint Water, sufficient to make eight ounces.

Let (the patient) take two tablespoonfuls in case of pain, and repeat every second hour if needful.

Take of Mercurous Chloride (Calomel), six grains.
Carbonate of Sodium, half an ounce.
Compound Chalk Powder, one drachm.

Mix the Mercurous Chloride with the Carbonate of Sodium, and then add the Compound Chalk Powder.

Divide into six parts. One powder to be taken every night.

Take of Dilute Nitric Acid, four drachms.

Infusion of Cascarilla, to make up to twelve ounces.

Mix. An eighth part to be taken at noon.

Take of Ointment of Nitric-Oxide of Mercury, half a Spermaceti Cerate, two drachms. [drachm. Mix, and make an ointment, to be used every night for the eyelids.

Take of Tincture of Aconite, thirty-two minims. [a half.
Liquor of Citrate of Ammonium, one ounce and
Ipecacuanha Wine, two drachms.
Simple Syrup,
[ounces
Water, of each equal parts, to make up to four
Mix. A teaspoonful every hour for eight hours; then to be
taken every two hours' time.

Take of Colocynth and Henbane Pill, twelve grains.

Podophyllin,

Extract of Belladonna, of each one grain.

Make three pills; one to be taken at bed-time.

Take of Podophyllin, two grains.

Powdered Scammony, one scruple.

Extract of Henbane, [grains.

Compound Galbanum Pill, of each fifteen

Accurately pound together into a mass; which divide into
twelve equal pills. Let (the patient) take one or two every night.

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium, four drachms.

Bromide of Ammonium, two drachms.

Spirit of Chloroform, four drachms.

Tincture of Calumba, one ounce and a half.

Distilled Water, sufficient to make up to twelve ounces.

Mix, and make a mixture. Let (the patient) take thrice daily two tablespoonfuls, whilst effervescing with

Powdered Citric Acid, fourteen grains, dissolved in a little water.

Send one dozen.

Take of Disulphate of Quinine, two grains.

Acetate of Morphia, the eighth of a grain.

Acetic Extract of Colchicum, half a grain.

Mix, and make a pill; to be taken twice a day if necessary.

Send twelve.

Take of Strychnia, two grains.

Dilute Acetic Acid, one drachm.

Syrup of Orange, half an ounce.

Water, to make up to four ounces.

Mix. Thirty drops to be taken daily, night and morning, in half a wine-glass of water.

Take of Oxide of Zinc, one drachm.
Goulard's Extract, one drachm.
Cacao Butter, six drachms.

Mix well, and make an ointment to be applied every day to the ears by means of a camel's-hair pencil.

Take of Mercurous Chloride (Subchloride of Mercury), two grains.

Powdered Guaiacum, one drachm. Brown Sugar, one drachm.

Mix, and make a powder to be divided into eight.

Let (the patient) take one every night for eight times in any thick vehicle.

Consult Vocabulary [Hydrargÿrum] for various renderings of mercurous and mercuric chlorides.

Take of Tartarized Soda, three ounces.

Bromide of Potassium, two drachms.

Mix, and make a powder, of which let a teaspoonful or more be taken every other day in water.

Take of Syrup of Senna, four ounces.

Let (the patient) take two teaspoonfuls with each dose of the Tartarized Soda if necessary.

Take of Extract of Belladonna, two drachms.

Soap Liniment, two ounces.

Mix, and make a liniment, to be rubbed on the region of the heart, and on the left side.

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium, four scruples.

Syrup of Orange, half an ounce.

Water, five ounces and a half.

Mix, and make a Mixture. Let (the patient) take a fourth part occasionally whilst effervescing (in the very act of effervescence), with the following powder.

Take of Citric Acid, one scruple.

Make a powder, to be dissolved in a tablespoonful of water.

Take of Compound Camphor Liniment, an ounce and a half.

Soap Liniment, four drachms.

Tincture of Opium, two drachms.

Mix, and make a liniment to be rubbed night and morning on the right arm.

Take of Liquor of Taraxacum,

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia, of each two drachms.

Compound Tincture of Gentian, half an ounce. Compound Infusion of Gentian, seven ounces.

Mix. Two tablespoonfuls to be taken in a wine-glass of water at 11 o'clock a.m. and at 5 o'clock p.m. daily.

Take of Potassio Tartrate of Sodium, one ounce.

Compound Tincture of Senna, one ounce.

Compound Decoction of Aloes, two ounces.

Compound Infusion of Senna, five ounces.

Mix: dissolve. Two tablespoonfuls to be taken early in the morning, unless the bowels have been well acted on.

(Unless there has been a fair action on the bowels.)

Take of Confection of Dog Rose, one ounce.

Syrup of White Poppy,

Fresh Lemon Juice, of each half an ounce.

Mix. Let (the patient) take a teaspoonful occasionally during the night, when the cough is troublesome.

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium,
Sesquicarbonate of Soda, of each four scruples.

Tincture of Hop, six drachms. Infusion of Hop, eleven ounces.

Dissolve. Two tablespoonfuls to be drunk thrice daily in the same quantity of the following mixture during effervescence.

Take of Citric Acid, six scruples.

Tincture of Hop,

Syrup of Orange, of each six drachms.

Infusion of Hop, ten ounces and a half.

Dissolve.

Take of Extract of Hemlock, half an ounce.

Tincture of Opium, two ounces and a half.

Elder Flower Water, five ounces.

Mix, and make an Eye Lotion, of which put a fourth part with two pounds (pints) of warm water, to be used night and morning as a fomentation for the eye.

Take of Extract of Belladonna, Soap Plaster, of each equal parts.

Mix, and make a plaster of this shape and size, to be applied to the affected part.

Take of Powdered Gum Camphor, ten grains.
Almond Oil, one ounce.

Mix, and make an oil, of which five drops are to be dropped into the right ear-passage, night and morning.

Take of Concentrated Simple Decoction of Sarsaparilla, twelve ounces.

A teaspoonful to be taken in a quarter of a pound (pint) of new milk early in the morning, at noon, and at bedtime.

Take of Tartrate of Antimony, two drachms.

Spermaceti Cerate, one ounce and a half.

Mix, and make an ointment, of which let a piece the size of a nutmeg be rubbed on the painful forehead night and morning until pustules break forth.

Take of Pure Opium, two grains.

Mucilage of Acacia, half an ounce.

Warmed Milk, six ounces.

Mix for an enema.

Take of Bruised hard Opium, four grains.

Boiling Water, two ounces and a half.

Infuse near the fire for an hour and strain.

Take of The Strained Liquor, one ounce.

Dilute Nitric Acid, ten minims.

Compound Tincture of Aloes, one drachm.

Mix, and make a draught.

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium, four drachms.

Liquor of Tartrate of Antimony, half a drachm.

Simple Syrup, three drachms.

Distilled Water, eleven ounces and a half.

Mix. Three tablespoonfuls with a tablespoonful of the solution three times a day.

Take of Citric Acid, three drachms.

Distilled Water, four drachms.

Mix and make a solution.

Take of Tincture of Aconite, half an ounce.

To be applied by means of a large camel's hair pencil round the right eye.

Take of Carbolic Acid, four drachms.

Spirit of Wine, six drachms.

Spirit of Camphor,

Compound Tincture of Lavender, of each two drachms.

A teaspoonful in half a pint of boiling water for inhalation.

Take of Savine ointment, one ounce.

To be applied to the bladder [the vesical part].

Take of Sulphate of Copper,

Powdered Opium, of each a quarter of a grain.

Mix, and make a pill: to be taken every three hours until purging ceases. Send xij.

Take of Ipecacuanha Wine, one ounce.
Wine of Tartrate of Antimony, four drachms.

Two teaspoonfuls immediately; and one teaspoonful to be repeated every half hour until vomiting be induced (shall have supervened).

Take of Simple Oxymel, Syrup of Poppy,

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, of each half an ounce.

Mix, and make a Linctus. Let a teaspoonful be swallowed (lit. licked up) occasionally when the cough fits are urgent.

Take of Strong ammonia Liniment, three ounces.

Oil of Turpentine, one ounce. [painful part.

Mix, and make a liniment, to be rubbed at bedtime on the

Take of Compound Tincture of Gentian, three drachms.

Carbonate of Sodium, two drachms.

Tincture of Opium, twenty minims.

Water, six ounces.

Mix: let (the patient) take a fourth part twice a day, a little before eating (before food).

A Blister Plaster, with wide margin of Adhesive Plaster, to be applied between the shoulder blades.

Three inches long, and two inches wide. (Vide page 87, Measure of space.)

Take of Bicarbonate of Potassium, two drachms and a Sesquicarbonate of Ammonia, two scruples. [half. Water to make up to half a pint.

Mix, and make an Alkaline Mixture, of which two tablespoonfuls are to be taken with a tablespoonful of the following Acid Mixture every three hours.

Take of Citric Acid, one drachm and a half. Water, four ounces.

Mix, and make an Acid Mixture.

A Blister of Spanish Fly (Meloë) to be placed on the region of the stomach (epigastric) for ten minutes, unless there is too much pain. [Send two.

A Blister Plaster of this size to be applied to the throat. First sprinkled with a little strong vinegar of Cantharides.

Take of Syrup of Red Poppy, two drachms.
Tincture of Opium, six drops.

Mix, and make a Syrup for the Gums, of which two drops are to be applied with the finger.

Take of Tincture of Opium,
Strong Liquor of Ammonia,
Soap Liniment, of each half an ounce.

Make a liniment, to be applied to the side morning and night.

Take of Bichloride of Mercury, two grains.

Glycerin, one drachm.

Compound Tincture of Lavender, ten minims.

Water as much as may be sufficient to make one ounce.

Mix, and make a solution to be applied to the painful part by means of a camel's-hair pencil.

Take of Extract of Belladonna, one grain.
Cacao Butter, ten grains.

Make a suppository, to be used every night. Send seven.

Take of Dried Sulphate of Iron,

Extract of Nux Vomica, of each half a grain.

Mix, and make a small pill, coated (varnished). Send xxiv (in a bottle), one to be taken twice a day, soon after food.

Take of Chloride of Sodium, three drachms.

Powdered Aloes, one drachm.

Decoction of Chiretta, twelve ounces.

A third part as an injection every night.

Take of Flowers of Sulphur, thirty grains.

Make a powder. Let twenty such (equal) be given. Let one be taken in the evening only.

LATIN-ENGLISH

REFERENCE VOCABULARY

INCLUDING MODERN LATINISED TERMS

A.

Ă, ăb, or abs, prep., by or from (abl.).

Aa, āna, indecl., of each.

Abbreviations, vide p. 203.

Abhinc, adv., from this time.

Ăbies, etis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the fir tree.

Abrāsus, ă, um, part. (abrādo), close shaven.

Absolvo, vī, ūtum, věrě, v. a. 3rd conjug., to set free.

Absque, prep., without (abl.).

Abstractum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., an abstract.

American powdered extract, double strength.

Absum, abfuī, ăbessĕ, v. n. irreg., pres. part. absens, to be absent. Absente febri, in the absence of fever.

Ac, conj., and.

Ăcăcĭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., acacia [ἀκακία].

Ăcăciæ gummi, gum arabic.

Accessio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an attack (CELS.).

Accresco, ēvi, ētum, ĕre, v. n. 3rd conjug., to increase.

Si tussis accreverit, should the cough have increased.

Accurate, adv., carefully, accurately.

Ācĕr, acrĭs, acrĕ, comp. acrĭor, ōris, superl. ācerrĭmus, adj., keen, sharp.

Ăcerbitas, ātis, f. subs. 3rd decl., acidity, sourness of unripe fruit. Ăcesco, acŭi, ĕre, v. incep. 3rd conjug., to begin to turn sour.

Ăcētānĭlĭdum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., acetanilide, antifebrin. Ăcētas, ātīs, m. subs. 3rd decl., an acetate.

Ăcēticus, ă, um, adj., acetic.

Ăcētum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., vinegar.

A. Britannicum, aromatic vinegar.

Ăciditas, ātis, f. subs. 3rd decl. (med.), acidity. Acidum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., an acid (chem.).

A. ăcēticum glăciāle, glacial acetic acid.

A. arseniosum, arsenious anhydride, arsenious acid, arsenic, white arsenic.

A. bŏrussĭcum (old), hydrocyanic acid.

A. carbolicum, phenol, carbolic acid, phenic acid, phenic alcohol.

A. lacticum, lactic acid.

A. mēconicum, meconic acid [μήκων, ωνος, a poppy].

A. mŭriăticum (old), hydrochloric acid.

A. phēnicum, carbolic acid.

Ă. sulphuricum, sulphuric acid.

A. sulphuricum ăromăticum, aromatic sulphuric acid, elixir of vitriol.

Ăcidus, ă, um, adj., acid. Mistūra ăcida, the acid mixture.

Aconitina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., aconitine.

Ăcŏnītum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., aconite [ἀκόνῖτον].

Acor, ōris, m. subs. 3rd decl., acidity (classic).

Actæa, synonym, cīmĭcĭfūga.

Actus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., the act.

In actū effervescentiæ, in the act of effervescence.

Acūlĕus, ei, m. subs. 2nd decl., a sting.

Ăcŭs, ūs, dat. and abl. plur. ăcŭbŭs, f. subs. 4th decl., a needle. Ăd, prep., to (accus.).

Ădæquo, āvi, ātūm, ārē, v. a. 1st conjug., to be equal to.

Add., contraction for adde (imperative), add thou.

Carefully distinguish between ad, up to, and add.

Addo, dĭdī, dĭtum, dĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to add.

Ădeps, ădipis, m. subs. 3rd decl., lard.

Adeps, formerly fem. subs. (LINN.).

A. anserinus, goose grease.

A. benzoatus, benzoated lard.

A. depūrātus, purified lard.

A. Gādi, cod-liver oil.

A. indurātus, lard deprived of a portion of its oil by pressure.

A. lānæ, wool-fat.

A. lānæ hydrosus, hydrous wool-fat, lanolin.

A. ovillus, mutton-suet.

A. præparatus, prepared lard.

A. pūrificātus, purified lard.

A. sălis expers, lard free from salt.

A. sine sale, lard without salt.

A. sŭillus, adj., \ lard of the pig [sūs, gen. sŭis].

A. sŭis scrofæ,

Adhæsīvus, ă, um, adj., adhesive (med.).

Adhibeo, ŭi, itum, ēre, v. a. 2nd conjug., to use, employ (med. take).

Unguentum adhibendum, the ointment to be used.

Adipēs (plur.) m., fats.

Adjicio, jēci, jectum, cĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to add.

Admoveo, movi, motum, vērē, v. a. and intrans. 2nd conjug., to move to, to apply.

Adstringo,) nxī, ictum, ingere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to bind; Astringo,) adstrictus or astrictus, bound, confined.

Adsum, affŭi, ădessě, v. n. irreg., to be present.

Adultus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., an adult.

Dosēs mědicāmentorum maximæ pro adulto, maximum doses of medicines for an adult.

Adustīo, onis, v. ustio, a burn.

Adversus or Adversum, prep., towards, against (accus.).

Æger, ægra, ægrum, adj., sick.

Æger, ægrå (med. subs., after verb), the patient; as Sūmăt æger, or fem. ægrå, let the patient take.

Æquālis, e, adj., equal. In pilulas æquāles duodecim.

Āēr, āĕrĭs, accus. āĕră or āĕrem, m. subs. 3rd decl., the air.

Ærūgo, ĭnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., verdigris, copper acetate.

Æs, æris, n. subs., bronze, often translated brass.

Æs Cyprium (hence cuprum), copper.

Æther, ĕris, accus. æthĕra or æthĕrem, m. subs. 3rd decl., the sky.

Æther or Ether, eris (med.), ether. Æther purus, purificatus.

Æthereus, a, um, adj., ethereal.

Ætheroleum, ei, n. subs. 2nd decl., a volatile oil.

Æthiops minerālis, m. subs. (n. in French codex), black sulphuret of mercury.

Æthylum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., ethyl.

Affecto, āvī, ātum, ārē, v. a. 1st conjug., to affect; used in passiv. Morbō affectārī, to be seized with illness.

Affectus, ă, um, part. (from afficio), affected.

Partibus affectis, on the affected parts.

Afficio, fēcī, fectum, ficere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to affect, to touch.

Affinis, e, adj., having affinity with.

Ägăricus, ī, m. [Ăgăricum], subs. 2nd decl., a mushroom.

Ăgito, āvi, ātum, ārē, v. a. 1st conjug., to shake, stir.

P.P.A. (phiala prius agitata), the bottle having been previously shaken.

Ago, ēgī, actum, ăgĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to do, to act.

Åhēnĕus, and Åēnĕus, ă, um, adj., of copper or brass.

Al, as a termination (Ex.: ănimăl, chlorăl), indicates neuter nouns of the 3rd decl., gen. in ālis, plur. (when any) ia.

Ala, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the arm-pit, also a wing.

A. dextra, the right. A. læva, the left arm-pit.

Albēdo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., whiteness (Pharm. German).

Albūmen, ĭnis, n. subs. 3rd decl., albumen.

Albus, ă, um, adj., white.

Alcohol, ölis, n. subs. 3rd decl., alcohol.

A. absolutum, absolute alcohol.

A. amylicum, amylic alcohol.

A. ethylicum, ethylic alcohol.

Ope alcoholis solūtus (ă, um), dissolved by means of alcohol.

Alcoolatum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a distilled spirit.

Aldehydum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., aldehyde.

Alcohol dehydrogenātum, minus H2.

Alga, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., seaweed.

Algĭa, termination derived from ἄλγος, pain, used in combination, to express disease. Cardĭalgĭa, Cephălalgĭa, Gastralgĭa, Neuralgĭa, Ödontalgĭa (vide passim).

Ăliquis, ăliquid, pron. indef., some one.

Ex ăliquo, in any. Aliter, adv., otherwise.

Ălĭus, ălĭă, ălĭŭd (gen. ălīŭs), another. Ălĭī...ălĭī, some...others.

Alkāli vŏlātĭle (old), carbonate of ammonium.

Alkālīnus, ă, um, adj., alkaline (med.).

Allium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., garlic.

Ălŏē, ēs, f. subs. 1st decl., the aloe. Vide p. 5 [ἀλόη].

A. Barbādensis, Barbados, or curação aloes.

A. hēpatica, hepatic (from $\hat{\eta}\pi\alpha\rho$, $\check{\alpha}\tau$ os, hepar, the liver).

A. Socotrina, Socotrine aloes.

Aloinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., aloin.

Alter, era, erum (gen. alterius), one of two.

Alter...alter, the one ... the other.

Alternus, ă, um, adj., alternate.

Alternis horis, every other hour. Alternâ nocte, every other night.

Altus, ă, um, comp. altior, n. altius, superl. altissimus, ă, um; adj., high.

Ålūmen, ĭnis, n. subs. 3rd decl., alum.

A. exsiccatum, dried alum. A. ustum, burnt alum.

Glycerinum ălūminis, glycerin of alum.

Ålūta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., soft leather, plaster-skin (pharm.).

Alvus, i, f. subs. 2nd decl., the belly (the bowels, med.).

Alvo astricta, the bowels being confined.

Alvo jējūnā, on an empty stomach.

Alvo laxātâ, the bowels being relaxed.

Ămārus, ă, um, adj., bitter.

Ambo, æ, ŏ, adj., both, both together.

Ămianthus, i [ἀμίαντος, uninjured by fire], m. subs. 2nd decl., asbestos [ἄσβεστος, unquenchable].

Ămidum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., starch [ἄμιδον].

Ammonia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., ammonia (NH3).

Ammoniacum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., ammoniacum [ἀμμωνιακόν].

Ammonium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., from Ammon, onis [*Αμμων, ωνος, Libyan Jove] (NH₄).

Amphora, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a jar [ἀμφορεύς, i.e., ἄμφω, both and φέρω, to bear, a vessel with two handles].

Amplus, ă, um, adj., full.

Cochleare amplum, a tablespoonful (pharm.).

Ampulla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a vessel, a bottle.

A. ĭdōnĕa, a suitable vessel.

Ămygdăla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the almond (pharm.).

A. ămāra, bitter almond. A. dulcis, sweet almond.

Ămygdălum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl. (classical); also

Ämygdălus, ī, f. subs. 2 decl. [LINN.], the almond tree.

Ămylum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., amyl. Ămyli nitris, ītis, m., nitrite of amyl.

Ămỹlum, î, n. subs. 2nd decl., starch [observe y, y, αμύλον, meal not pounded by a millstone].

A. oryzæ, rice-starch. A. trītĭcī, wheat-starch.

A. Zea Mays, maize-starch, Indian corn.

Ăn, conj., whether.

Ănæmĭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., want of blood [ά negative, αἷμα, blood].

Ănēthum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl, dill [ἄνηθον].

Ăqua ănēthi, dill water.

Anhēlitus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., breath [panting].

Ănilinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., aniline, anil, Portuguese for indigo.

Ărimāl, ālis (plur. ănimālia), n. subs. 3rd decl., an animal. Animālis, e, adj., animal. Sāpo ănimālis, curd soap.

Ănīsum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., anise [avīσov]. Aqua anīsi.

Annōs (x.) nātus, years (10) old. Annōs sex nātus, six years old. Annōs, accus. of duration of time; nātus, part. agreeing with the person.

Ănōdynus, ă, um, adj., anodyne [ἀνώδυνος, from ά negative,

όδύνη, pain, free from pain].

Antë, prep., before (accus.). Antëa, adv., formerly.

Anthelmintica, ōrum, n. plur. [ἀντὶ, contrà, against; ἕλμινξ, α worm], worm remedies, vermifuges.

Anthemis, idis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the chamomile [ἀνθεμίς, ίδος].

Antidotum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., an antidote [ἀντίδοτος].

Antimonium, iī, n. subs., antimony. Antimoniālis, e, adj. [ἀντί μοναχοὺς, against the monks (legendary)].

A. nigrum pūrificātum, antimonious sulphide.

A. sulphurātum, sulphurated antimony.

A. tartărātum, tartar emetic.

Liquor antimonii chloridi, butter of antimony.

Ānus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the fundament.

Ăpĕriens, entis, part., used in medical sense, aperient; from

Ăpĕrĭo, īre, v. a. 4th conjug., to open.

Ăpertūra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., opening, aperture.

Lăgena cum tribus ăpertūris prædita, a bottle furnished with three apertures (Woulffe).

Ăpertus, ă, um, adj., open. Vāse ăperto, in an uncovered vessel.

Ăpŏmorphīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., apomorphine [åπò, from]. Ăpŏthēca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a shop [åποθήκη, storehouse].

Ăpŏzēma, ătis, plur. ăpŏzēmăta, n. subs. 3rd decl., apozème, a compound decoction or infusion.

Appărātus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., apparatus, instruments.

Applicandus, ă, um, part., to be applied.

Applico, āvī and ŭi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to apply.

Aprīcus, ă, um, adj., exposed to the sun.

Postea vero loco non aprico sepone, afterwards, however, put it aside in a place not exposed to the sun.

Ăpŭd, prep., at, near (accus.).

Ăqua, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., water. Vide Abbreviations.

Ăq. florum Naphæ, orange-flower water.

Ăq. fortis, nitric acid, impure.

Ăq. laurocĕrăsi, cherry-laurel water.

Ăq. morphināta, morphinated water.

Ăq. phăgĕdænĭca, yellow wash [φἄγέδαινα, a cancerous sore; φἄγεδαινικός, adj.].

Aq. pimentæ, pimento water.

Ăq. pulvěrisāta, a spray. Vide Něbůla.

Ăq. Sāturni, Goulard's extract.

Ăq. věgěto-miněrālis Goulardī, liquor plumbi, Goulard water.

Ăquōsus, ă, um, adj., watery.

Ārārōba, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., Goa powder (Aguiar), crude chrysarobin.

Arcānum duplicātum, sulphate of potassium (obsolete).

Ărēna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., sand.

Balněum ărēnæ, a sand-bath.

Argentĕus, ă, um, adj., silvery, of silver.

Argentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., silver.

Argenti nitras, ātis, silver nitrate, lunar caustic.

Argenti nitras indūrātus, toughened caustic

Argenti nitras mitigātus, mitigated caustic.

Argentum föliātum, silver leaf. In fölio argentī, in silver leaf. Argentum vīvum, quicksilver.

Argilla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., white clay.

Armoracia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., horseradish [ἀρμορακία].

Ărōmăticus, ă, ŭm, adj., aromatic [ἄρωμα, ἄτος].

Ăcidum sulphuricum ăromăticum, elixir of vitriol.

Confectio ărômătica, aromatic confection.

Spīrītus ammoniæ ăromătīcus, spirit of sal volatile.

Ars, artis, f. subs. 3rd decl., art.

Artis lege, by law of art; i.e., with manipulative skill.

S. A. (sĕcundum artem).

Arsĕnas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., an arsenate; to replace the term

Arsenias, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., an arseniate.

Arsenicālis, e, adj., arsenical. Liquor arsenicālis, Fowler's solution [ἀρσενίκὸς, strong, powerful].

Arsenicum album, white arsenic, arsenious acid.

Arsĕnis, ītis, m. subs. 3rd decl., an arsenite.

Liquor potassæ arsenītis (old name), Fowler's solution.

Arsĕnĭum, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the element As.

Artērĭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., an artery [ἀρτηρία].

Asellus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., the cod.

Āsăfētida, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., asafetida.

Ăsĭna, æ, dat. and abl. plur. ăsĭnābŭs, f. subs. 1st decl., a she-ass. Lac ăsĭnārum, asses' milk.

Aspër, ĕră, ĕrum, adj., rough.

Assidue, adv., constantly.

Astringo. Vide Adstringo.

Astrictus, ă, um, part., confined (med.).

Alvo astricta, the bowels being confined.

Ater, atra, atrum, adj., jet black.

Atque, conj., and, and also, and besides.

Atrāmentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., writing ink.

Atropa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., belladonna [ἄτροπος].

Atropina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., atropine.

Auctor, oris, m. subs. 3rd decl., the author.

Audītorius, ă, um, adj., pertaining to the ear, or hearing.

Měātus audītorius, the ear passage.

Augendo dosin in increase.

Augendo dosin, in increasing the dose [gerund].

Augendo quantitatem, in increasing the quantity [gerund].

Aurantiacus, a, um, adj. (Berlin Ph.), orange-golden.

Aurantium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., the orange.

Cortex aurantii, orange-peel, rind.

Recens, entis, fresh. Siccatus [a], dried.

Aurātus, ă, um, adj., golden. Aurĕus, ă, um, adj. (classical).

Auris, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., the ear.

Auris dextra, the right ear. Auris læva, the left ear.

Pone aures, behind the ears.

Aurora, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the morning.

Aurorâ primâ, early in the morning.

Aurum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., gold. Aurum fŏlĭātum, gold leaf. Aut, conj., or.

Ävellāna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the filbert. (Ävella in Campania.) Ad magnitūdinem ävellānæ, a piece the size of a filbert.

Ăvēna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., oats. Āvēnæ fărīna, oatmeal. Ăvēnæ dēcoctum, water-gruel.

Āvŏlo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. n. 1st conjug., to fly, or flee away. In igne āvŏlans, dissipated by heat.

Axilla, æ (vide Ala), f. subs. 1st decl., the armpit.

Axungia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., lard. Derivation: from being used as the grease of wheels, ab axe rotarum quæ unguuntur.

Azōtas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a nitrate [á negative; ζάω, to live, not supporting life], [Continental].

Āzymus, ă, um. adj., unleavened [ἄζυμος, ά neg., ζύμη].

В.

Bacca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a berry.

Balněum, ĕi, n. subs. 2nd decl., a bath. Vide Abbreviations. Balsămum, ĭ, n. subs. 2nd decl., a balsam.

B. Arcāei (synonym for unguentum ĕlĕmi), ointment of clemi.

B. Cănădense, Canada balsam.

B. Pěrūviānum, Peruvian balsam.

B. Tölūtānum, balsam of Tolu.

Barbādensis, ĕ, adj., of or from Barbados.

Bărium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., barium [βăρθs, heavy].

Běběrīna, æ (syn. Běbēria), f. subs. 1st decl., beberine.

Bellădonna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., atropa.

Belladonnæ főlia, B. leaves; B. radix, B. root.

Běně, adv., comp. mělius, superl. optímè, zvell.

Benzŏas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a benzoate.

Benzŏicus, ă, um, adj. Ăcidum benzŏicum, benzoic acid.

Benzőinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., benzoin.

Benzol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl., benzol.

Bǐbō, bǐbī, bǐbĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to drink.

Bīboras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a biborate.

Bīcarbōnas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a bicarbonate.

Bīchlōrĭdum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a bichloride.

Bichromas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a bichromate.

Biennium, a period of two years.

Biduum, a period of two days.

Bǐhōrǐum, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., two hours' time.

Bīlis bovīna dēpūrāta, purified ox gall.

Bīnī, æ, a, adj. distrib., two each, two at a time (med.).

Bis, adv., twice. Bis in hebdomade (septimana), twice a week. έβδομας, άδος, space of seven days. έπτα, seven.

Septimana, relating to septem, seven. Fr., semaine.

Bismuthum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., bismuth.

Bismūthi oxychloridum, pearl white, blanc de perle.

Bisulphidum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a bisulphide.

Bolētus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the mushroom [$\beta \omega \lambda i \tau \eta s$].

Bŏnus, ă, um, adj.; comp. mĕlĭŏr, superl. optĭmus, good.

Borax, ācis, m. subs. 3rd decl., borax.

Boricus, a, um, adj. Acidum boricum, boric acid, hydrogen borate.

Bos (gen. bovis), m. subs. irreg., an ox.

Bovinus, a, um, adj., pertaining to an ox or core (med.).

Fel bövinum, ox gall.

Brāchĭum, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the arm (from shoulder to elbow) $[\beta \rho a \chi i \omega \nu]$.

Brěvis, brěvě, adj., short.

Bromal, alis, n. subs. 3rd decl., bromal.

Bromidum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a bromide.

Brömum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., bromine [βρώμος, a stench].

Bucca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the cheek.

Būgīnārium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl, a nasal bougie.

Bulliens, entis, part., boiling.

Būtyrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., butter [βόντῦρον, from βους, a cow; τῦρος, cheese].

Byne, es, f. subs. 1st decl., accus. bynen, byne, malt $[\beta \bar{\nu}\nu \eta]$. Extractum bynes liquidum, liquid extract of malt.

C.

Căcão, ōnis, m. subs. 3rd decl., cacao or cocoa. Būtyrum căcāōnis, cocoa butter [Continental].

Căcūmen, ĭnis, n. subs. 3rd decl., the tip, point. Săbīnæ căcūmĭna, savin tops.

Cădinum, vide Ölĕum Cădinum.

Cærŭlĕus, and cœrŭlĕus, ă, um, adj., blue.

Cæsĭus, ă, um, adj., bluish grey, or green (said of sulphate of iron).

Sint crystalli è cæsio virides, let the crystals be bluish-green.

Cætĕrus (or cētĕrus), ă, um, adj., the other, the rest. Et cētĕra, and so forth.

Caffeina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., caffeine, theine.

Căjuputi, n. subs. indecl., cajuput.

Călămīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., calamine.

Calcii hydras, slaked lime, calcium hydroxide.

Calcium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., calcium.

Călefăcio, feci, factum, facere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to make warm. Emplastrum călefăciens, warming plaster.

Călefio, to become heated.

Sub divo călefiant, let them become heated in the open air.

Călidus, ă, um, adj., warm. Ex ăquâ călidâ, in warm water. Călomelas, ănos (vide page 110), m. subs. 3rd decl., or n. subs. indecl., calomel.

Călor, oris, m. subs. 3rd decl., heat.

Lēni călore, with gentle heat.

Călore adhibito, heat being applied.

Călore subducto, heat being withdrawn.

Călumba, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., calumba, or colombo.

Calx, calcis, f. subs. 3rd decl., lime.

C. chlorinata; C. sulphurata, chlorinated, sulphurated lime.

Cambogia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., gamboge.

Cămīnus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a forge, furnace [κάμῖνος, from καύμῖνος, καίω, to burn].

Camphora, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., camphor.

Camphoram rědělens, smelling strongly of camphor.

Camphorodinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., camphorodyne.

Candidus, ă, um, adj., white, clear.

Cănīnus, ă, um, adj., canine. Rŏsă cănīna, the dog-rose.

Cannăbis Indica, Indian hemp. Gunjah, or Ganja.

Canthăris, idis, f. subs., blister fly, a genus of beetles. Canthăris vēsīcātōria.—Linn. [κάνθἄρος].

Căpillus, î, m. subs. 2nd decl., a hair.

Căpio, cēpi, captum, căpĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to take. Căpiat æger, let the patient take.

Capsicum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., capsicum, red pepper.

Capsŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a capsule.

Căput, itis, n. subs. 3rd decl., the head.

Carum Cărŭi, caraway. Ăqua Cărŭi, c. water.

Carbasus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., gauze.

C. ăcidi carbolici, or C. carbolata, carbolic gauze.

C. iodoformāta, iodoform gauze.

Carbo, onis, m. subs. 3rd decl., charcoal.

C. ănimālis, animal charcoal, bone-black.

Carbonis bīsulphidum, bisulphide of carbon.

C. disulphidum, disulphide of carbon.

C. ligni, wood charcoal. C. ossium, animal charcoal.

Carbonas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a carbonate.

Cardămōmum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a cardamom.

Cardĭacus, a, um; adj., cordial [καρδιακός].

Cardĭalgĭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl. [heartburn], disease of the heart. (Καρδία, the heart; ἄλγος, pain.)

Cārĭca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the fig.

Carminum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., carmine.

Căro, carnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., flesh. Extractum carnis, extract of meat.

Carpus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the wrist.

Cărŭi fructus, caraway fruit.

Căryophyllus, î, m. subs. 2nd decl., clove (generally plural, căryophylli). Căryophyllum, ĭ, n. subs. 2nd decl., the dried flower-bud.

Cascăra sagrâda, cascara [cáscăra, bark; sagrâda, adj., sacred; cascărilla, small thin bark. Spanish].

Cascărillă, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cascarilla.

Cāsĕus, ĕi, m. subs. 2nd decl., cheese.

Cassiæ pulpa, cassia pulp.

Castănea, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the chestnut.

Cătaplasmă, ătis (plur. cătăplasmăta), n. subs. 3rd decl., a poultice. Vide p. 182 [κατάπλάσσω, to apply a plaster; κατάπλασμα, ἄτος, the plaster applied].

Ut fiat cătaplasma mollioris densitatis, to make a poultice of rather soft consistence.

C. carbonis, charcoal poultice. C. conii, hemlock p.

C. fermenti, yeast p.; C. līni [C. ēmolliens], linseed p.

C. sĭnāpis, mustard p.

Catharsis (κάθαρσις), accus. catharsin, f. subs., purging.

Catharticus, ă, um, adj., aperient.

Caulis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., a stalk.

Causa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a cause.

Causticum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a caustic [καυστικός, having the power to burn, καίω, to burn].

Causticum forte, toughened caustic.

Causticum mite, mitigated caustic.

Causticus, ă, um, adj., caustic. Potassa caustica, caustic potash.

Căvus, ă, um, adj., hollow.

Cautè, adv., carefully.

Cĕlĕr, cĕlĕrĭs, cĕlĕrĕ, adj., swift.

Cēpa, æ [Cæpa], f. subs. 1st decl., onion. Cēpæ succus.

Cephalalgia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., headache.

[$K \epsilon \phi \alpha \lambda \dot{\eta}$, the head; $\ddot{\alpha} \lambda \gamma o s$, pain.]

Cēra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., wax, beeswax.

C. alba, white wax. C. flava, yellow wax. C. sigillata, sealing wax [sigilla, plur. dim. of signum].

Cērātum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a cerate.

Cērātum lăbĭāle, or, C. rŏsātum, lip salve.

Cĕrebrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the brain.

Cērĕŏlus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a bougie (Hager).

Cĕrĕvisĭa, æ [Cervisĭa], f. subs. 1st decl., beer.

Cĕrĕvĭsiæ [Cervĭsiæ] fermentum, beer yeast. [Cĕrĕris vīs.]

Cērussa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., white lead [carbonate].

Cervix, īcis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the neck.

Cesso, āvi, ātum, āre, v. n. 1st conjug., to cease.

Donec cessaverit dolor, until the pain shall have ceased.

Cētācĕum, ĕi, n. subs. 2nd decl., spermaceti.

Cetrāria islandica, Iceland moss.

Chalybeatus, ă, um, adj., chalybeate [χάλυψ, ὕβος, steel].

Charta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a paper [i.e., powder (med.)].

Divide in chartas sex, divide into six powders.

C. bibula, blotting paper. C. coerulea, litmus paper.

C. ĕpispastĭca, blistering paper.

C. exploratoria, test paper.

C. flava, yellow test paper. C. rubra, red test paper.

C. fūmifera, asthma paper; also, C. nitrāta.

C. picæa, poor man's plaster. C. sināpis, mustard paper.

Chirāta, or Chiretta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., chiretta, or chirayta.

Chloral, ālis, n. subs. 3rd decl., chloral.

Chloras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a chlorate.

Chloricus, ă, um, adj., chloric.

Chlöridum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a chloride.

Chlorinātus, ă, um, adj., chlorinated.

Chlörödinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., chlorodyne.

Chlöröformum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., chloroform.

Chlorum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., chlorine [χλωρὸς, green].

Chrismă, ătis, n. subs. 3rd decl. (Ung. petrolei), fossiline, ozokerine, and other fancy names.

Chrōmĭum, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., from χρωμα, colour.

Chrysarobinum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., chrysarobin [χρῦσός, gold]. Ărărōba powder, Goa powder.

Cĭbŭs, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., food.

Antě cibos, before meals; antě cibum, before food.

Mědios inter cibos, between meals.

Cicatrix, īcis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a scar.

Cicūta virosa, water hemlock.

Cilicium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., woollen strainer.

Syrūpus coletur in cilicio, let the syrup be strained in a woollen bag.

Cimicifuga, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cimicifuga.

Cīmicifūgæ rhizoma. [Actææ rādix.]

Cinchona, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cinchona.

Cinchonæ rubræ cortex, red cinchona bark.

Cinchonidina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cinchonidine.

Cinchonina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cinchonine.

Cĭnĕrĕus, ă, um, adj., grey.

Cinis, ĕris, m. subs. 3rd decl., ashes.

Cineres clavellati, carbonate of potassium, impure.

Cinnamomum, î, n. subs. 2nd decl., cinnamon [κιννάμωμον].

Circā, circum, prep., around (accus.).

Circiter, prep. and adv., about (accus.).

Horam circiter unam post cibum, an hour or so after food.

Cis, citrā, prep., on this side of (accus.).

Cito, adv., soon.

Citras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a citrate. Citricus, adj.

Clam, prep., secretly, without the knowledge of (accus. and abl.).

Claudo, si, sum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to close, to shut.

Clāvicula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., front shoulder blade.

Clāvus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a corn.

Cōcăina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cocaine.

Cocæ folia, coca leaves.

Coccus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., cochineal.

Cochlearia, is, plur. cochlearia, n. subs. 3rd decl., a spoon (med.). Cochlearia armoracia, horseradish.

Codeina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., codeine or codeia [κώδεια].

Cœna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., supper (chief meal, classic).

Cœno, āvī, and cœnātus sum, ārĕ, v. n. 1st conjug., to sup.

Cŏĕo, īvi or ĭī, ĭtum, īre, v. n. and a., to come together, blend.

Dōnĕc perfectè coĕant, until they perfectly mix (emulsions).

Coffea, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., coffee.

Colatura, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the substance strained (med.).

Colchicum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., colchicum [κολχϊκὸν, herb from Colchis].

Colchici cormus, colchicum corm. C. sēmina, colchicum seeds. Colla piscium, isinglass.

Collodium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., collodion.

C. callosum, for corns and warts. C. flexile, flexible collodion.

C. stypticum, styptic collodion. C. vēsīcans, blistering collodion.

Collum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., the neck.

Collūnārium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., a nasal douche, i.e., collüere nāres.

Colluo, ŭi, ūtum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to wash out, rinse.

Collūtōrium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., a mouth wash, i.e., collüere ōs.

Collyrium, ĭi, n. subs. 2nd decl., an eye lotion. Vide p. 176 [κολλούριον].

Colo, avi, atum, are, v. a. 1st conjug., to strain (med.).

Cŏlŏcynthĭs, ĭdĭs, f. subs. 3rd decl., colocynth [Koλoκυνθìs].

Cŏlŏr, ōrĭs, m. subs. 3rd decl., colour, adj., cŏlōrātus.

Colum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a strainer.

Cŏlumba, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., columba.

Combūro, ussi, ustum, būrĕre, v. a. (in pharm. v. n.), to burn up. Ignĭtus plānè combūrens, completely burning up when lighted. Commūnis, e, adj., common, ordinary.

Ăqua commūnis, undistilled water.

Pro potu communi, for an ordinary drink.

Compesco, ŭi, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to restrain.

Compositus, ă, um, adj., compound.

Comprimo, pressi, pressum, ere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to press together, squeeze.

Concentratus, ă, um, adj., concentrated (med.).

Concido, cidi, cisum, cidere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to cut up, slice.

Concussus, ă, um, part., shaken, from concutio, cussi, cussum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to shake together.

Condimentum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., spice, seasoning.

Condĭo, īvi or ĭī, ītum, īre, v. a. 4th conjug., to preserve, pickle. Flores săle cŭlīnāri condīti, flowers pickled with common salt.

Conditus, ă, um, pickled. N.B.—Observe the difference. Conditus, ă, um, built.

Confectio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a confection (med.).

C. ăromătica, C. cardiăca, aromatic confection.

C. piperis, confection of pepper. C. sennæ, lenitive electuary.

Congius, ii, m. subs. 2nd decl., a gallon.

Coni odorāti, pastilles.

Conina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., conine, cicutine.

Conium, ii (κώνειον), n. subs. 2nd decl., hemlock.

Cătăplasma conii, hemlock poultice.

Conor, aris, conatus sum, conari, v. dep., to attempt.

Conservă, æ, f. subs. 1st decl. (pharm.), a conserve, jam.

Conserva, imper. 2nd pers., keep thou. Vide Conservo.

Conservo, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to keep.

Conspergo, si, sum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to besprinkle.

Contero, trīvi, trītum, terere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to bruise, pound.

Continuo, adv., continuously.

Contrā, prep., against, contrary to (accus.).

Contundo, tudī, tusum, tundere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to pound, bruise.

Contusio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a bruise.

Contūsus, ă, um, part., pounded, and contrītus.

Convălesco, lŭī, scěrě, v. incept. 3rd conjug., to get better.

Convulsio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., convulsion, fit.

Copaiba, æ, f. subs. 1st. decl., copaiba, or copaiva.

Copia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., plenty (singular only).

Cŏquo, coxī, coctum, cŏquĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to cook, to boil (med.).

Cor, cordis, n. subs. 3rd decl., the heart.

Coram, prep., in the presence of (abl.).

Cordiāle, is, plur. cordiālia, n. subs. 3rd decl., a cordial.

Cormus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a corm.

Cornū, ūs, plur. cornŭa, n. subs. 4th decl., a horn.

C. cervi, hartshorn. C. C. ustum, burnt or calcined hartshorn.

Corpus, ŏris, plur. corpŏra, n. subs. 3rd decl., a body.

Corpŏris partes, limbs. Vide p. 198.

Corrigo, rexi, rectum, rigere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to correct.

Cortex, icis, m. (and f.) subs. 3rd decl., bark, rind.

Cŏtyledon, ŏnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a cotyledon (κοτύληδων, όνος).

Costa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a rib.

Coxa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the hip.

Crānium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., the skull.

Crās, adv., to-morrow. Crās māne, to-morrow morning.

Crassus, ă, um, adj., thick.

È quovis vehiculo crasso, in any thick vehicle.

Crastinus, ă, um, adj., pertaining to to-morrow.

Creătinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., creatin.

Cremor, oris, m. subs. 3rd decl., cream.

C. frigidus, cold cream. C. zinci, zinc cream.

Creosotum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., creosote. [κρέας, flesh; σώζω, to save. κρέας in compound, κρεο.]

Cresotas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl.

Sōdii cresōtas, paracresotate of sodium (from cresol).

Crēta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., chalk.

C. camphorata, camphorated chalk.

C. Gallica, French chalk. C. præparāta, prepared chalk.

Crībrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a sieve.

C. ferreum, wire sieve. C. setaceum, hair sieve.

Per cribrum trajice, pass through a sieve.

Crīnis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., hair. Crīnālis, ĕ, adj.

Crocatus, a, um, adj., containing saffron.

Tinctūra ŏpĭi crŏcāta, Sydenham's liquid laudanum.

Crocus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., saffron (Safran, Fr.) [κρόκος].

Croton tiglium, gen. crotonis tiglii, the croton [κρότων, ωνος].

Crotonis linimentum, liniment of croton oil.

Crotonis oleum, croton oil.

Crūs, crūris, plur. crūra, n. subs. 3rd decl., the leg.

Crystallus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., a crystal [feminine noun].

Cūběba, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., cubebs.

Cŭbicŭlum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a bedroom.

Cŭbitum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., the elbow.

Cubo, uī, itum, āre, v. n. 1st conjug., to lie down.

Cubitum ire, to lie asleep, to go to sleep.

Cŭcŭmis, ĕris, m. subs. 3rd decl., a cucumber.

Unguentum cucumeris, cucumber ointment.

Cŭcurbita, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a cupping glass, glass jar. In cŭcurbitam vitream immitte, put it into a glass beaker.

Cui (pronounce "ky"), to which. Cui adde tinctūræ drachmas trēs, to which add three drachms of tincture.

Cūi (pronounce "ky"), dative of Quis and Qui, to whom or what.

Cūjus, ă, um, pron. interrog., whose; pron. relat., of which.

Cum, prep., with (abl.).

Cuprum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., copper (from æs Cyprĭum). Cupri oxyacētas, verdigris.

Curcūma, æ [κούρκουμος], f. subs. 1st decl., turmeric.

Cūro, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to cure.

Cūrāre vēsīcātōrium, to dress a blister; also nutrīre.

Căticăla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the outer skin, cuticle.

Cŭtis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., the skin.

Cyanidum, î, n. subs. 2nd decl., a cyanide [κῦἀνεος, dark blue]

Cyathus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a cup (wine glass, med.) [κύαθος].

C. amplus, or magnus, a tumbler.

C. mědíus, or mŏdícus, a small tumbler [claret glass. Erasmus Wilson]. C. parvus, a wine glass.

C. vīnārius, or vīnosus, a wine glass.

Cydonia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the quince tree.

Cydonium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., the quince.

Cynosbătos, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., rose (obsolete).

D.

Dărĕ, infin. from dō, v. a. 1st conjug., to give.

Dē, prep., down from, from, concerning (abl.).

Děauro, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a., to gild (med.) [ĭnauro (classic)]. Děaurentur pĭlŭlæ, let the pills be gilded.

Děcimus, ă, um, ord. num. adj., tenth. Hōrâ děcimâ, ten o'clock.

Decoctum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a decoction (pharm.) [that which has been boiled down].

Dēcŏlōrātus, ă, um., adj., decolorised.

Tinctūra ĭodi dēcolorāta, colourless iodine tincture.

Dēcoque, boil down. Vide Coquo.

Dēcorticātus, ă, um, adj., divested of integument. Dēcubitus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., the going to bed.

Hōrâ dēcŭbĭtūs, at bedtime.

Decuplum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., ten quantities.

Dēfectio (ōnis, f.) ănimi, fainting.

Deflagrātus, ă, um, adj., fused (pharm.).

Pŏtassii nitras deflagrātus, nitre balls.

Dēglūtio, īre, 4th conjug., to swallow down (med.)

Dēglūtiendus, ă, um, to be swallowed.

Deinceps (also dissyllable), adv., henceforth, one after another.

Deinde, adv., then, next. Deinde cola, afterwards strain.

Dějectio, ōnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a motion (med.).

Post singulas dejectiones liquidas, after each liquid motion.

Dēligo, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to bind.

Dēligo, dēlēgi, dēlectum, dēligĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to select, to choose out.

Dēliquescens, entis, part., deliquescing.

Dēliquium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., fainting (med.).

Usque ad supervenerit deliquium, until fainting shall have come on.

Dēminuo, ŭi, ūtum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to lessen.

Dēmum, adv., at length. Dēnique, adv., lastly.

Dēnigrātus, ă, um, part., protected from the light.

Dens, dentis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a tooth.

Dens exēsus, a decayed tooth.

Densitas, ātis, f. subs. 3rd decl., density, consistence.

Ăd massæ pilulārum densitātem ēvăpōret, let it evaporate to a pilular consistence. Also, ad spissitūdinem.

Dentifricia (plur.). Vide p. 180. Tooth Powders.

Dentifricium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., a tooth powder.

Dēnŭo, adv. [de novo], once more.

Dēpūrātus, ă, um., adj., purified (med.).

Despūmātus, ă, um, adj., clarified.

Měl despūmātum, clarified honey.

Destillatio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., distillation.

Destillo, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, 1st conjug., to distil.

Dēsum, dēfŭī, dēesse, v. n. irreg., to be wanting.

Dētannātus, ă, um, adj., freed from tannin.

Dētur, let it be given; dentur, let them be given. Vide dō, to give. Dētur in duplō, let twice as much be given.

Dexter, era, erum, and tra, trum, adj., right.

Auris dextra, the right ear. Dexter pes, the right foot.

Dextră mănus, the right hand. Dextrum lătus, the right side.

Diăcētas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a diacetate (dī, from dis).

Dĭăchylon, n. subs. indecl., Anglice, diachylon, from διὰ χῦλῶν, coalescing into one, i.e., a malagma. Apponendum mălagma, quŏd dĭăchylon vŏcant (Cæl. Aurel).

Diacodium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., syrup of poppies (διὰ κωδιῶν, i.e., ē căpitibus păpāvērum, from poppy heads).

Dĭalysatus, a, um, adj., dialysed [διà, through].

Dĭalysis, is, accus. dĭalysen, f. subs. 3rd decl. dialysis.

Dīco, dixī, dictum, dīcere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to say, to call. More dicto, in the manner said, i.e., as directed.

Dies, ei, m. and f. subs. 5th decl., a day.

Difficilis, e, comp. difficilior, superl. difficillimus, adj., difficult.

Dīgĕro, gessi, gestum, dīgĕrĕre, v. a. 3rd conj., to digest [medical only].

Digitālis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., foxglove.

Digitus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a finger. D. pedis, the toe.

Dignus, ă, um, comp. dignior, oris, adj., worthy, digne, adv.

Dīlapsus, ă, um, part., effloresced.

Dīlūculum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., daybreak, at dawn.

Dīlŭo, ui, ūtum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to dissolve, to dilute (med.).

Dīlūtus, ă, um, adj., diluted.

Dimidium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., the half.

Dimidius, ă, um, adj., half.

Dîrigo, dîrexî, dîrectum, dîrigere, v. a. 3rd conj., to direct.

Dissimilis, ĕ, comp. dissimilior, superl. dissimillimus, adj., unlike.

Dispensatio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., dispensing (pharm.).

Ante dispensationem agita, shake before dispensing.

Nonnisi ad dispensationem paretur, let it be prepared only when dispensed.

Dīsulphas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a disulphate.

Disulphidum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a disulphide.

Dīves, ĭtĭs, adj.; comp. dītĭŏr, superl. dītissĭmus, rich.

Dīvido, vīsī, vīsum, ĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to divide.

Dō, dĕdī, dătum, dărĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to give.

Dŏlĕō, ŭī, ĭtum, ērĕ, v. n. and a. 2nd conjug., to feel pain.

Dölium extractorium, maceration vat.

Dŏlŏr, ōrĭs, m. subs. 3rd decl., pain.

D. rheumăticus, rheumatism.

Dŏlōre urgenti, on an attack of pain.

Döněc, conj., until.

Doněc alvus běne sŏlūta sit, until the bowels have well acted. Dorsum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the back.

Dŏsĭs, ĭs, accus. dosin, abl. dosī, f. subs. 3rd decl., a dose (med.).

Drachma, æ, gen. plur. drachmûm, for drachmārum, f. subs. 1st decl., a drachm (med.).

Dublīnensis, also, Dublīniensis, adj., Dublīn; also, in Hiberniâ. [Eblāna, ancient name.]

Dulcēdo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., sweetness.

Dulcis, dulce, adj., comp. dulcior, superl. dulcissimus, sweet. Dum, conj., whilst.

Dŭŏ, æ, ŏ, num. adj., two. Dŭŏdēni, æ, a, twelve each.

Duplex, icis, abl. duplicī, adj., twofold, double.

Duplum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., the double (twice the quantity).

Dūro, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to harden.

v. neut. (fig.), to last, remain.

Durante febri, whilst the fever lasts.

Dūrus, ă, um, adj., hard, firm, said of extracts.

Sāpo dūrus, white Castile soap.

Dyspnœa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., difficulty of breathing [δύσπνοια].

E.

E [before a consonant], or } prep., out of (abl.). Ex [before a vowel],

Ex tempore, used adverbially, on the instant, at the time.

Ebur, öris, n. subs. 3rd decl., ivory. Eburneus, adj.

Ebur ustum, bone black.

Ecballium, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the squirting cucumber [ἐκβάλλω].

Edo, ēdi, ēsum, ĕdĕre, v. a. 3rd conj., irregular, to eat.

Ante edendum (gerund), before eating.

Édulcŏrātus, ă, um, adj., purified [old].

Edulcoro, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to wash.

Tum præcipitātum ăquâ destillātâ perfectè ēdulcora, then thoroughly wash the precipitate with distilled water.

Effervescentiă, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., effervescence.

Dum effervescens, whilst effervescing.

Effervescentia peracta, the effervescence being finished.

In actu effervescentiæ, in the act of effervescence.

În stătu effervescentiæ, in a state of effervescence.

Ĕgŏ, mĕī, pers. pron., I. Vide p. 29.

Elæosaccharum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., ethereal oil and sugar.

Elastica, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., india-rubber, caoutchouc.

Elătērinum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., elaterin.

Elătērium, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., elaterium.

Electropæicus, ă, um, adj., electric.

Liquor electropæicus, battery fluid.

Ēlectrum, ī, n. subs. (ἤλεκτρον), amber. [Deriv., electricity.]

Electuarium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., an electuary. Vide p. 179.

Elĕmī, n. subs., indecl., elemi.

Elicitus, ă, um, part., drawn over.

Donec unciæ trigintā ēlicitæ sint, until thirty ounces are drawn over.

Elixir, n. subs., indecl., an elixir.

Ēlixir părēgŏrĭcum, vel Tinctūra camphŏræ compŏsĭta, paregoric elixir, compound tincture of camphor $[\pi \alpha \rho \eta \gamma \circ \rho \epsilon \omega, to comfort]$.

E. sălūtis, compound tincture of senna.

E. vitrioli Mynsichti, aromatic sulphuric acid.

Ēlŭo, ŭī, ūtum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to rinse, wash out.

Os ēlŭe, rinse the mouth; also collŭo.

Embrocationes [$\epsilon \mu \beta \rho o \chi \dot{\eta}$]. Vide p. 173.

Emendo, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to amend.

Emesis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., sickness (med.), [ἐμέω, fut. ἐμέσω, to vomit].

Emplastra (plur.). Vide p. 171. Plasters.

Emplastrum, trī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a plaster.

E. ad exemplar, a plaster to pattern. E. extensum, spread.

E. hūjus formæ, a plaster of this shape.

E. lyttæ, a blister. E. plumbi, diachylon.

E. sāponis fuscum, brown soap plaster.

E. sex pollices longum et tres pollices latum, a plaster 6 x 3.

E. vēsīcātōrium, a blister.

Ēmulsio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an emulsion. Ēmulsum, i, U.S.P. Ēmulsiones (plur.) and Ēmulsa.

Enema, atis, plur. enemata, n. subs. 3rd decl., a clyster [ενεμα, ατος]. Vide p. 177.

Ĕpĭgastrĭum, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the pit of the stomach $[\epsilon \pi i \gamma \acute{a} \sigma \tau \rho i o \nu]$.

Epigastricus, a, um, adj., relating to the epigastrium.

Epispasticus, ă, um, adj., blistering [ἐπισπαστικός, calculated to draw out humours, Galen].

Liquor epispasticus, blistering liquid.

Tēla ĕpispastĭca, blistering tissue.

Epistomium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., a stopper [ἐπιστόμιον, that which stops, στόμα, the mouth.]

E. suberinum, a cork. E. vitreum, a glass stopper.

Epithēmăta (plur.), epithems [ἐπιτίθημι, to lay upon]. Vide p. 182.

Equa, æ, dat. and abl. plur. ĕquābŭs, f. subs. 1st decl., a mare.

Ergŏta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., ergot.

Ergötinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., ergotin.

Errhīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., an errhine, to produce sneezing. [ἐρρῖνον, from ρίν, ρῖνὸς, the nose.]

Ērumpo, rūpi, ruptum, rumpĕre, v. a. and n. 3rd conjug., to break out.

Esca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., food.

Esĕrīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., eserine.

Essentia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., an essence.

Esŭrio, îtum, îrë, v. n. desiderative 4th conjug., to be hungry, i.e., to wish to eat; ēsŭriens, i.e., antë cibum, hungry.

Et, conj., and.

Ethylas, ātis, m. subs., 3rd decl., an ethylate.

Liquor sodii ethylatis, solution of ethylate of sodium.

Ethylum, i (also æthylum), n. subs. 2nd decl., ethyl.

Eucălyptol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl., eucalyptol.

Eucălyptus [glŏbŭlus], i, m. subs. 2nd decl., eucalyptus.

Ölĕum eucălypti, eucalyptus oil.

Evăcuatio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an evacuation [rare].

Post sing. q.q. evac. (post singulam quamque ēvăcuātionem), after each motion.

Evānesco, ānŭi, escere, v. n. inceptive 3rd conjug., to disappear.

Evăporo, āvī, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to evaporate.

Ăd căticulam ēvăporet, let it evaporate to a pellicle.

Excipulum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a receiver (chem.).

Exemplum, i. n. subs. 2nd decl., a copy.

Supposuit exemplum epistolæ (CICERO), he appended a copy of the letter.

Exēsus, ă, um, part., from exĕdo, decayed.

Exhibeo, ŭi, itum, ēre, v. a. 2nd conjug., to exhibit, display. [Used in medical sense, to prescribe a remedy.]

Eximo, ēmi, emptum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to take out, remove.

Suppositoria e modulo exempta, suppositories taken out from the mould.

Exŏnĕrātus, ă, um, part., relieved.

Post alvum exŏnĕrātam, after the bowels have been relieved.

Expedio, īvī and ĭī, ītum, īre, v. a. 4th conjug., to make ready, prepare.

Experior, expertus sum, experiri, v. a. dep. 4th conjug., to try. Expers, expertis, adj., free from (gen. and abl.).

Cŏlōris expers, colourless. Sălis expers, free from salt.

Exprimo, pressi, pressum, ere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to press, squeeze, or wring out.

Expŭitĭo, ōnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., expectoration.

Exsiccātus, ă, um, part., thoroughly dried.

Exta, orum, n. subs. 2nd decl., the entrails.

Extendo, di, tum and sum, tendere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to extend, to spread (pharm.). Emplastrum extensum.

Externus, a, um, adj., external. Extus, adv., externally.

Exterus, a, um, adj., comp. exterior, superl. extremus, outside.

Extrā, prep. outside of (accus.).

Extractum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., an extract (pharm.).

Exŭlo, āvī, ātum, āre, v. n. 1st conjug., to be removed (med.).

Donec dolor rheumăticus exulaverit, until the rheumatic pain shall have been removed, or, be relieved.

F.

Faba, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a bean.

Physostigmätis făba, Calabar bean.

Ad magnitūdinem făbæ, a piece the size of a bean.

Făcies, ei, f. subs. 5th decl., the face.

Făcilis, ĕ, adj., comp. făciliŏr, superl. făcillimus, easy.

Făcio, fēci, factum, făcere, imperat. fac, v. a. 3rd conj., to make.

Factitius, ă, um, adj. [technical], artificial.

Sal cărolinum factitium, artificial Carlsbad salt.

Fæces, f. plur., dung, solid motions (med.).

Fæx, cis, f. subs. 3rd decl., grounds, sediment.

Sacchări fæx, treacle.

Fărina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., flour. F. līni, linseed meal.

Fascia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a bandage.

F. lintea, a linen bandage.

Fascias resolvere, to undo or open the bandages.

Fasciculus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a packet.

Mitte fasciculos duodecim, send twelve packets.

Fătiscens, entis, part., to split [said of crystals, as opposed to cohærens, entis].

Fauces, ĭum, plur., f. subs. 3rd decl., the throat.

Faucibus internis, inside the throat.

Febricula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., fever (med.).

Febris, is, accus. febrem, im, abl. febri, f. subs. 3rd decl., a fever.

Fel, fellis, n. subs. 3rd decl., gall. F. bovinum, ox-gall.

F. bovinum pūrificatum, purified ox-bile.

Femur, ŏris, n. subs. 3rd decl., the thigh.

Femoribus internis, inside the thighs.

Fĕrē, adv., nearly.

Fermentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., yeast. F. cerevisiæ, beer yeast. Fermenti cătăplasma, yeast poultice.

Fero, tŭli, lātum, ferre, v. a. irreg., to bear.

Ferrātus, ă, um, adj. (med.), ferruginous, and, ferreus.

Extractum malti ferrātum, extract of malt with pyrophosphate of iron.

Ferröcyanidum, î, n. subs. 2nd decl., a ferrocyanide.

Ferrugo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., iron-rust.

Ferrum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., iron. F. rědactum, reduced iron. Pilula ferri, Blaud's pill.

Fervens, entis, part. adj., boiling hot.

Fētidus, ă, um, adj., fetid, also, fœtidus.

Spīrītus ammoniæ fētīdus, fetid spirit of ammonia.

Fictilis, e, adj., made of clay. Olla fictilis, an earthenware jar.

Fīcus, ūs, dat. and abl. plur. fīcubus, f. subs. 4th decl., a fig. Fīcus cārica.—Linn.

Filix, icis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a fern.

Filicis măris rhīzoma, male fern rhizome.

Filix mas, gen. filicis măris, male fern.

Filtro, āvī, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conj., to filter.

Filtrum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a filter.

Ope filtri sēpārātum, separated by means of a filter.

Filum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., filings (old pharmacy, Lond., Edin.). Ferri fila, iron filings [classic, thread].

Fīnio, fīnivī and fīnii, ītum, īrĕ, v. a. 4th conj., to finish.

Fio, factus sum, fieri, pass. of făcio, to be made, become (with nominative).

Fiat massa, let a mass be made (Angl., make a mass).

Fiant pilulæ, let pills be made (Angl., make pills).

Fiātus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., breathing (med. flatulence).

· Dum flatus infestat, whilst flatulence is troublesome.

Flāvus, ă, um, adj., yellow.

Hydrargyri oxidum flavum, yellow oxide of mercury.

Flexilis, e, adj., flexible, pliant.

Collodium flexile, flexible collodion.

Flos, floris, m. subs. 3rd decl., a flower.

Aqua aurantii floris, orange-flower water.

Aurantii flos, orange-flower.

Flores benzoës (old), benzoic acid.

F. naphæ, orange-flowers.

F. sulphuris, flowers of sulphur.

Fluidus, ă, um, adj., fluid.

Fæniculum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl, fennel.

Fölium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., a leaf.

In folio argenti, in silver leaf.

Fomentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a fomentation. Fontānus, ă, um, adj., from a fountain or spring.

Förāmen, inis, a hole, aperture.

Spongia parvis förāminibus, a sponge with small holes.

Forma, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., shape, form.

Emplastrum hūjus formæ [h.f.], a plaster of this shape.

Formīca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., an ant.

Formylum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., formyl.

Formyli terchlöridum, chloroform (terchloride of formyl).

Fornācŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a little furnace.

Fornax, ācis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an oven, furnace.

Forsan and Forsitan, adv., perhaps.

Fortis, e, comp. fortior, superl. fortissimus, adj., strong.

Fōtus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a fomentation.

Foveo, fovi, fotum, ere, v. a. 2nd conjug., to cherish, to warm, to foment (med.).

Frāga, ōrum, n. plur., strawberries.

Fraxinus, i, f. subs. 2nd decl., the ash tree.

Frequenter, adv., frequently.

Frigidus, ă, um, adj., cold. Ex ăquâ frigidâ, in cold water.

Frigus, ŏris, n. subs. 3rd decl., the cold.

Fiant suppositoria frigore adhibito, make the suppositories and put them in a freezing mixture.

Frons, tis, f. subs: 3rd decl., the forehead.

Fructus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., fruit.

Frümentum, î, n. subs. 2nd decl., corn, grain.

Frustillātim, adv., in small pieces.

Frustillum, î, n. subs. 2nd decl., a small piece.

Sacchari frustillum, a bit or lump of sugar.

Frustrā, adv., in vain. Si frustrā, should it not act.

Frustum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a piece, a bit.

Frutex, icis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a shrub.

Fūcus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., sea-weed, lichen.

Fugax, ācis, adj., fleeting.

Fügio, fügi, fügitum, fügere, v. n. and a. 3rd conjug., to flee. Füligo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., lamp-black, soot.

Fulvus, ă, um, adj., tawny.

Fūmans, antis, part., fuming.

Acidum nitricum fūmans, fuming nitric acid.

Fūmi, ōrum, m. subs. 2nd decl. (plur.), fuming inhalations.

Fūmigātio, ōnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a fumigation.

Fūmus pŏtassii nitrātis, nitre paper.

Fungus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a mushroom.

Fungo simile ulcus, a fungoid growth [a sore like to a fungus].

Fūniculus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a cord.

Furfur, ŭris, m. subs. 3rd decl., bran, hence, furfŭrol, n.

Fuscus, ă, um, adj., brown.

Emplastrum sāponis fuscum, brown soap plaster.

Sacchärum fuscum (as distinguished from S. album), brown sugar.

Fūsus, ă, um, part. (from fundo), fused, melted. Pŏtassa fūsa, caustic potash.

G.

Gādus morrhŭa, the cod.

Galbanum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., Galbanum.

Gālen, the founder of medicine, hence Eng. adj., galenical.

Gălēna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., sulphide of lead.

Gallă, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a gall, nutgall.

Note.—Galla, B.P., noun, in the singular translated Galls, in accordance with the accepted rule, "Latin official names are generally used in the singular number, even though the idea of plurality may be essentially connected with the drug." [Caspari.]

Gallicus, ă, um, adj., gallic. Rosa gallica, the red rose.

Gallīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a hen. Gallus, m.

Gargărismă, ătis, plur. gargărismăta, n. subs. 3rd decl., a gargle. Vide p. 177. [γαργάρισμα, ἄτος.]

Ütere frequenter gargarismate, use the gargle frequently.

Gās, gāsis, n. subs. 3rd decl. gas.

Donec omnis evolutio gasis cessaverit, until all liberation of gas shall have ceased.

Gāse ăcidi carbonici replētus (ă, um), charged with carbonic acid gas.

Gāsis ēvŏlŭtio, extricātio, liberation of gas.

Gastralgia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., affection of the stomach or bowels [γαστῆρ, stomach; ἄλγος, pain].

Gĕlătīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., jelly. G. rībēsia, currant jelly. È gĕlătīnâ quâvis, in something thick. G. vĭtŭli, calf's-foot jelly.

Gělătīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., gelatin.

Gĕlātum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., jelly (gelatin base).

Gelo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. and n., to jelly (pharmaceutical); classical, to freeze, congeal.

Gelsēmium, ii, or gelsēminum, n. subs. 2nd decl., yellow jasmine.

Gentiana, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., gentian.

Gěnū, ūs, plur. gěnŭa, n. subs. 4th decl., a knee.

Gingīva, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the gum.

Gläber, bra, brum, adj., smooth, without hair.

Glăciālis, e, adj., glacial, icy.

Acidum ăcēticum glăciāle, glacial acetic acid.

Glăcies, ēi, f. subs. 5th decl., ice.

Glans, glandis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an acorn.

Glandes quercūs tostæ, acorn coffee.

Glandŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a gland.

G. thýroidĕa, thyroid gland [θύρα, a gate, or θὕρεὸς, a shield; εἶδος, appearance].

Glaucoma, atis, n. subs. 3rd decl., cataract of the eye [γλαύκωμα, ατος].

Glücōsum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., glucose.

Syrūpus glucosi, syrup of glucose.

Glusidum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., gluside; commonly known as saccharin.

Glūtio, īvi, ītum, īre, v. a. 4th conjug., to swallow.

Glycerinum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., glycerin.

G. pepsīni, glycerin of pepsin.

Glycerol, ölis, n. subs. 3rd decl., synonym of glycerinum.

Gly̆cyrrhiza, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., liquorice [γλὕκύρριξα:—γλῦκὺς, sweet; ρίζα, a root]. G. glabra.—Linn.

Gossypium, iī, n. subs. 2nd decl., cotton, cotton-wool.

G. absorbens, absorbent wool. G. fulminans, gun-cotton.

Gossypia varia, medicated cotton-wools.

Grāměn, ĭnis, n. subs. 3rd decl., grass.

Grāmĭnis rādix, i.e., Trītĭcum rēpens.—Linn.

Gramma, ătos, plur. grammăta, n. subs. 3rd decl., a gramme.

Also Gramma, æ, f. subs. 1st decl.

Vide Pondëra et Mensūræ, p. 192, Weights and Measures.

Grānātum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the pomegranate.

Grānŭlātus, ă, um, adj., granulated.

Grānŭlum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a granule.

Grānum, ī, plur. grāna, n. subs. 2nd decl., a grain.

Grăvěŏlens, entis, adj., with strong smell, rank.

Grossus, ă, um, coarse, rough.

Pulvis grosso modo contūsus, a coarsely bruised powder.

Guaiacum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., guaiacum.

Guaiaci lignum, guaiacum wood.

Guarănīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., caffeine.

Gŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the gullet, the throat.

Gummi, n. subs. indecl., gum.

Ădaptētur, ŏpe gummi ĕlastĭci, tŭbus vitrĕus curvātus, let a bent glass tube be adapted by means of india-rubber tubing.

Gummi ăcăciæ, gum arabic.

Gummi ĕlastĭcum, india-rubber [tubing].

Gummi guttæ, gamboge.

Gustus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., the taste.

Ad gustum, to taste; or secundum gustum.

Gutta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a drop; plur. (med.) guttæ, "drops."

Guttæ, drops, vide p. 164.

Guttur, ŭris (occasionally m. accus. guttŭrem), n. subs. 3rd decl., the throat.

Gypsum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., plaster of Paris.

H.

Hăběăt, sometimes used in the sense of căpiăt, let him take.

Hăbĕo, ŭī, ĭtum, ērĕ, v. a. and n. 2nd conjug., to have.

Hæmătoxỹlum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., logwood. [άιμἄτος (gen.) ξύλον, a log; colour derivation.]

Hæmoptysis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., spitting of blood. [αἰμόπτὕσις: αἶμα, blood; πτύω, to spit.]

Hæmorrhägia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., continued bleeding.

[αίμορραγία, hæmorrhage; αίμα, blood; ρήγνυμι, 2 aor. ἔρραγον, to burst; αίμορραγέω, to burst a blood vessel.]

Hæmorrhois, ĭdis, f. subs. 3rd decl., piles. [αἷμα, blood; ρέω, to flow; ρόος, a stream.]

Hālitus, ûs, m. subs. 4th decl., the breath.

Hămămēlis, ĭdis, f. subs. 3rd decl., witch hazel.

Haustūs (plural), draughts, vide p. 160.

Haustus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a draught.

Haustus purgans noster, our aperient draught, i.e. private formula.

Hebdomas, adis, accus. hebdomada, f. subs. 3rd decl., a week $[\epsilon\beta\delta o\mu as, a\delta os, from \epsilon\pi\tau a, seven, the space of seven days].$

Also, Hebdomada, æ, f. subs. rst decl., a week.

Fiat pilula per hebdomadam sumenda.—John Hunter.

Hěděra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the ivy.

Helleborus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., hellebore.

Hēpar, atis, n. subs. 3rd decl., the liver (hence, hepatic).

Vide Jēcur. [$\hat{\eta}$ παρ, άτος.]

Hēpar sulphuris, sulphurated potash.

Hĕrī, adv., yesterday.

Hīc, hæc, hōc, gen. hūjus, pron. demons., this (near me). Huīc (pronounce "hike"), dative sing. of hīc, to this.

Hīc, adv., here.

Hiems (hiemps), hiemis, f. subs. 3rd decl., winter.

Hĭrūdo, hĭrūdĭnĭs, f subs. 3rd decl., a leech. Vide Sanguĭsūga. Hŏdĭē, adv., to-day.

Homo, inis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a man.

Hōra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., an hour. [ωρα.]

Horâ (abl.), "time when." Vide p. 187.

Hōram (accus.), during an hour.

Hordeum, eī, n. subs. 2nd decl., barley.

Horder decoctum, barley water. H. fărina, barley meal.

Horror, oris, m. subs. 3rd decl., shivering.

Humerus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., upper bone of the arm.

Hūmescens, entis, part., deliquescent.

Hūmesco, ĕre, v. incep., to grow wet.

Humilis, e, comp. humilior, superl. humillimus, adj., low.

Hümülus lüpülus, hop.

Humus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., the ground; humī, on the ground. Hydrargyrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., mercury.

[υδωρ, water; άργυρος, silver; from άργος, white.]

Hydrargyri oxidum flavum, yellow precipitate.

Hydrargyri oxidum rubrum, red precipitate.

Hydrargyrum ammoniatum, white precipitate.

Hydrargyrum cum crētâ, grey powder.

Note.—HgCl is rendered in Latin: Hydrargyri subchlöridum, Călomelas, and Hydrargyri chloridum. In English: Subchloride of mercury, Calomel, and Mercurous chloride.

HgCl₂ is rendered in Latin: Hydrargyri perchlöridum, Hydrargyrum corrosīvum sublīmātum, and Hydrargyri bichlöridum. In English: Perchloride of mercury, Corrosive sublimate, and Mercuric chloride.

Hydras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a hydrate. Hydrātus, adj. Hydriodas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., golden seal. Hydriodas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., an iodide (old). Hydrochloras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a hydrochlorate.

Hydrocyanicus, a, um, adj., hydrocyanic.

Hydrogenium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., hydrogen. [ὕδωρ, water; γένεσις, generation.]

Liquor hydrogenii peroxidi, solution of hydrogen peroxide.

Hydrolatum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a distilled water.

H. rosæ, aqua rosæ destillata, distilled rosewater.

Hydromel, mellis, n. subs. 3rd decl., honey and water.

Hydrops, opis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the dropsy. [ὕδρωψ, ωπος.]

Hydroxidum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a hydroxide.

Hyoscyamus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., henbane. [ὑοσκύαμος.]

Hypnal, alis, n. subs. 3rd decl., hypnal. [υπνος, sleep.]

Hypodermicus, ă, um, adj., subcutaneous. [ὑπό, under; δέρμα, the skin.]

Injectio hypodermica, hypodermic injection.

Hyoscīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., hyoscine, scopolamine.

Hypophosphis, ītis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a hypophosphite.

I.

Ĭbi, adv., there. Ĭbīdem, adv., just there.

Ichthyocolla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., isinglass.

Ichthyol, ŏlis (ἰχθὺs, a fish), n. subs. 3rd decl., ichthyol.

Idem, ĕădem, ĭdem, gen. ējusdem, pron. defin., the same.

Tinctūra ējusdem, tincture of the same, i.e., tincture of the drug immediately preceding.

İdönĕus, ă, um, adj., fit.

Ex ăliquo idoneo vehiculo, in any suitable vehicle.

-ĭdum. [Chemical terms ending in idum generally have ĭ short, as chlōrĭdum, oxĭdum.]

Ignis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., fire.

Öleum ricini sine igne præparātum, cold drawn castor oil. Sine igne, without fire, i.e. cold drawn.

Ille, illa, illud, pron. demons., that (yonder).

Illico, adv., immediately.

Illino, ēvi, illitum, illinere, v. a. 3rd conj., to smear.

Collyrium oculis illinendum, the collyrium to be smeared over the eyes.

Imminuo, uī, ūtum, uĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to diminish.

Immisceo, scui, xtum or stum, ere, v. a. 2nd conjug., to mix in.

Immitto, mīsi, missum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to put in, to introduce.

Impetus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., impetus, an attack, a fit. Impetū effervescentiæ, in the very act of effervescence.

Impono, osui, ositum, nere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to place upon. Imponendus, a, um (gerundive), to be placed on.

Imprīmīs (or in prīmīs), adv., chiefly, especially.

Īmum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the bottom.

Imus, ă, um (superl. from inferus), adj., lowest.

In, prep., in (with abl.); into (with accus.).

-īna. [Alkaloids ending in ina have ī long, as atropīna, strychnīna.]

Înauro, āre, to gild. Vide Děauro.

Incīdo, cīdi, cīsum, cīdĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to cut.

Inclūdo, si, sum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to inclose.

Emplastrum margine Inclūsus, ă, um, part., inclosed. adhæsīvo inclūsum, a plaster with adhesive margin.

Increbresco, increbrŭi, brescere, v. n. 3rd conjug., to become frequent.

Indurātus, ă, um, part., toughened, hardened.

Indūro, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. (in pharm., n.), 1st conjug., to harden. Donec massa indurare incipiat, until the mass may begin to harden.

Îneo, inivi and inii, initum, inire, part. pres. ineuns, untis, v. a. and n. 4th conjug., to go into, to commence.

Păroxysmo ineunte, at the commencement of the fit.

Infans, antis, subs. 3rd decl., an infant, young child.

Infantulus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a young child.

Inferior, oris (comp. from inferus), adj., lower.

Inferus, ă, um, comp. inferior, superl. infimus, and īmus, adj., lower.

Infimus, ă, um (superl. from inferus), adj., lowest.

Infrā, prep., below (accus.); also adv., beneath.

Infrico, cui, ctum and catum, are, v. a. 1st conjug., to rub in.

Infundibŭlum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a funnel.

Infundibulum sēpārātorium, a separating funnel.

Infundo, fūdi, fūsum, fundĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to infuse (med.); to pour on (classic).

Infūso, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to infuse (med.).

Infūsum, ī, plur. infūsa, n. subs. 2nd decl., an infusion (pharm.).

Ingens, ingentis, adj., large, comp. ingentior, oris.

Inguen, inis, plur. inguina, the groin.

Ĭnhālātio, ōnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an inhalation.

Inhālo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. n. and a. 1st conjug., to inhale (in a medical sense).

Injectio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an injection (med.); often translated, lotion.

Injectio hypodermica, hypodermie, i.e. subcutaneous injection.
Innătans, antis, part. (from innăto, v. a. 1st conjug.),
supernatant.

Liquorem innatantem aufer, remove the supernatant liquor.

Inquietudo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., uneasiness.

Inquinamentum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., an adulteration.

Inquinātus, ă, um, adj., adulterated.

Insomnia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., sleeplessness.

Inspergo, si, sum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to puff, sprinkle into, or upon.

Inspīrātio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., an inhalation.

Inspisso, to thicken; correctly, spisso.

Instar, n. subs. indecl., likeness.

Lactis instar, like milk. [Placed after noun governs gen.]

Instillatio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., drops used for inhalation on inhaler sponge.

Instillo, avi, atum, are, v. a. 1st conjug., to pour in by drops.

Guttæ quinque in oculos instillandæ, five drops to be dropped into the eyes.

Ölĕum in aures instillētur, let the oil be dropped into the ears. Insufflātio, ōnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., something blown in (oral, nasal, or otherwise).

Insultus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a fit, an attack (med.).

Integer, ra, rum, adj., whole, full, entire.

Inter, prep., between, among (accus.).

Interdum, adv., sometimes, now and then, meanwhile.

Interea, adv., in the meantime.

Internus, ă, um, inside. Faucibus internis, inside the throat.

Interus, ă, um, comp. interior, superl. intimus, adj., inside.

Intime, adv., intimately, very well.

Miscē věl těre intimě, mix or rub well together.

Intrā, prep., inside of, within (accus.).

Intus, adv., inside, internally.

-inum, neutral principles ending in "in" receive the Latin termination īnum (ī long).

Ex. :- Elătērīnum, elaterin ; păraffīnum, paraffin.

Invādo, sī, sum, děrě, v. n. 3rd conjug., to come on, attack. Invādente păroxysmo, the fit coming on.

Invicem, adv., alternately, by turns.

Involvo, vi, vŏlūtum, vĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to roll in.

Ĭōdĭdum, ī, n. subs., an iodide.

Ĭōdŏformum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., iodoform.

Ĭōdol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl., iodol.

Ĭōdum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., iodine [ĭov, a violet; ἰώδης, a violet colour].

Ĭpĕcăcuanha, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., ipecacuanha.

Ipsĕ, ipsă, ipsum, pron. defin., self. Ipsissimus, the very same. Īris, īridis, f. subs. 3rd decl., orris.

Is, ĕă, ĭd, pron. demons., he, she, it, that.

Istě, istă, istăd, pron. demons., that (near you).

J.

Jăbŏrandi [fŏlia], indecl.

Jălāpa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., jalap.

Jălāpæ rēsīna, resin of jalap (decolourised, jalapin).

Jamäicensis, e, adj., of or belonging to Jamaica.

Jěcur, jěcoris, n. subs. 3rd decl., the liver. Vide Hēpar.

Jējūnus, ă, um, adj., fasting.

Alvô jējūnâ, on an empty stomach.

Jentācŭlum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., breakfast.

Jugulum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., the throat.

Jūlēpum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a julep (pleasant vehicle for nauseous medicine).

Jūniperus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., the juniper.

Jūpiter (also Juppiter), Jovis, m. subs. irreg. 3rd decl., Jupiter. Die Jovis, Thursday.

Jūs, jūris, n. subs. 3rd decl., broth. [Classical, but rare in med.] Jūs bŏvillum or bŏvīnum, beef tea.

Jusculum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., broth. J. avēnaceum, gruel. Juvenis, comp. jūnior, adj., young; also used as substantive. Juxtā, prep., near, hard by, next to (accus.).

K.

Kālium and Kāli (indecl.), potassium; hence symbol K.

K. præparatum, potassium carbonate.

K. vitriolātum, potassium sulphate.

Kămăla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., kamala.

Kāolīnum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., kaolin [καίω, to burn].

Kīno, ōnis, m. subs. 3rd decl., kino. [Decl., not yet official.]

Krāmēria, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., rhatany.

Kreosotum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., creosote. [Continental.]

L.

Lăbia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., { the lip, } hence Lăbiæ; Lăbium, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., { the lip, } plur. Lăbia.

Lac, lactis, accus. lactem, n. subs. 3rd decl., milk.

L. asınarium, or asınarum, asses' milk.

L. bovīnum, L. vaccæ, cows' milk.

L. capreæ, goats' milk. L. ovillum, or L. ovinum, ewes' milk.

L. sulphuris, milk of sulphur.

În lacte exhibendus, ă, um, to be given in milk.

Lăcertus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the arm (from elbow).

Lactens, entis, part., suckling.

Lacticus, ă, um, adj. Ăcidum lacticum, lactic acid.

Lactophosphas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a lactophosphate.

Lactūca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the lettuce.

Lævus, ă, um, adj., on the left side.

Lăgēna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a stone jar [λάγηνος].

Lăguncula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a flask (med.), a small bottle.

Servā in lăgunculis bene obturatis, keep in well-stoppered small bottles.

Lambo, bi, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to lick up.

Lāmella, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a thin slice.

Lāmellæ, ārum, f. plur. subs. 1st decl., discs (official), lamels.

Lāmina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a thin piece of metal.

Prēli lāminæ, the metal plates of a press.

Lampas, ădis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a lamp [classical, a torch, $\lambda a \mu \pi \dot{a} s$, $\dot{a} \delta o s$].

Lāna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., wool. L. collodii, gun cotton.

Lanceŏla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a lancet.

Lānĕus, ă, um, adj., zvoollen.

Lānŏlīnum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., lanolin.

Lānŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., flannel.

Lăpis, idis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a stone.

Lăpis infernālis, fused nitrate of silver. [Codex.]

Potassa fūsa. [P.L., 1720.]

Largus, ă, um, adj., large. Cochleare largum, a tablespoonful.

Lărix, icis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the larch. Lăricis boletus,

agaric.

Lărynx, yngis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the throat [λάρυγξ, γος].

Lātus ă, um [ā long], adj., broad.

Emplastrum margine lāto, a plaster with a wide margin.

Lătus, ĕris [ă short], n. subs. 3rd decl., the side.

Laudănum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., laudanum, originally lădănum [λήδανον]; also labdănum, of both which laudănum is a modern irregular variation.

L. liquidum Sydenhāmi, or Vīnum ŏpii, Sydenham's liquid laudanum, or opium wine.

Laurocerasus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., the cherry laurel.

Lăvandula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., lavender. L. vēra, common l.

Lăvo, lăvāvi and lāvi, lautum, lăvātum, and lōtum, āre and ĕre, v. a. and n. 1st and 3rd conjug., to wash, bathe.

Sulphur lōtum, washed sulphur.

Laxatīvus, ă, um, adj., laxative (med.).

Confectio laxatīva, lenitive electuary. C. sennæ, confection of senna.

Lěbes, ētis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a metallic vessel, kettle, caldron $[\lambda \epsilon \beta \eta s, \eta \tau o s]$.

Lēnio, ivi and iī, ītum, īre, v. a. and n. 4th conjug., to alleviate.

Donec dolor leniatur, until the pain may be relieved.

Lēnis, ĕ, adj., gentle, gradual. Lēni călore, with gentle heat.

Lēniter, adv., gently. Lēnitīvus, ă, um, adj., lenitive (med.).

Lentisorma, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., large compressed tablet.

Levis, leve [e short], adj., light.

Lēvis, lēvě [ē long], adj., smooth.

Levo, avi, atum, are, v. a. 1st conjug., to relieve.

Donec dolor levatus sit, until the pain be relieved.

Līber, era, erum [ī long], adj., free.

Liber, bri [i short], m. subs. 2nd decl., a book.

Libět, libuit, and libitum est, libēre, v. n. impers. 2nd conjug., it pleases (to please). Q. L. = quantum libet, as much as you like.

Lībra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a pound, also a balance.

Licet, licuit, and licitum est, licere, v. n. impers. 2nd conjug., it is lawful, it is allowed (to be lawful).

Ligāmentum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a bandage. Vulnëribus ligāmenta, bandages for wounds.

Lignum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., wood. Ligneus, adj., wooden. Ligni carbo, wood charcoal.

Lignum sanctum, Lignum vitæ, guaiacum wood.

Līmātūra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a filing.

Ferri līmātūræ, iron filings.

Limetta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the lime.

Limettæ succus, lime juice.

Līmon, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a lemon.

Līmonis cortex, lemon-peel. Līmonis succus, lemon-juice.

Linctus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a linctus (med.). Vide p. 178. Lingua, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the tongue.

Linimentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a liniment. Vide p. 173.

L. camphoræ, camphorated oil.

L. cantharidis, blistering liquid [Liquor epispasticus].

Linteola, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., linen.

Linteolum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a small piece of linen cloth.

Linteum, et, n. subs. 2nd decl., linen. L. carptum, lint.

Linteus, a, um, adj., made of linen. Pannus linteus, linen rag.

Līnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., flax, linseed. L. contūsum, crushed.

Līni cătaplasma [ătis], linseed poultice.

L. fărīna, linseed meal, crushed linseed.

L. ŏleum, linseed oil. L. semina, linseed.

Liquefactus, ă, um, part. from liquefăcio, liquefied, melted. Acidum carbolicum liquefactum, liquefied phenol.

Liquidum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., a liquid. Liquidus, adj.

Lǐquǐrǐtĭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., liquorice. [Latin form of γλυκύρριζα.]

Liquor, liquoris, m. subs. 3rd decl., a fluid, a liquor (pharm.).

Liq. antimonii chloridi, butter of antimony.

Liq. glonoini, solution of nitroglycerin.

Liq. picis carbonis, solution of coal tar.

Liq. picis ligni fossilis, coal-tar solution.

Liq. plumbi sŭbăcētātis, Goulard's extract.

Liq. pŏtassio-cupri tartrātis, Fehling's solution.

Liq. thyroidei, thyroid solution.

Liquores concentrati, liquors resembling concentrated decoctions or infusions.

Lithargyrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., oxide of lead.

Longus, ă, um, adj., long. Piper longum, long pepper.

Loök, n. subs. indecl., a loöch [Continental] of which Mistūra amygdălæ is a type.

Lōtĭo, ōnĭs, f. subs. 3rd decl., a lotion (med.). Vide p. 174.

Lōtĭo hydrargyri flāva, yellow wash.

Lōtĭo hydrargyri nigra, black wash.

Lōtĭo ophthalmĭca, an eye-lotion.

Lumbi, orum, m. subs. plur., the loins.

Lūna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the moon. Die Lūnæ, Monday.

Lŭpŭlīnum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., lupulin.

Lupulus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., the hop.

Lūtěus, ă, um [ū long], adj., golden yellow.

Lŭteus, ă, um [ŭ short], adj., made of clay.

Lutum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., luting.

Lutum cum lentisco, mastich stopping.

Lux, lūcis, f. subs. 3rd decl., light.

Luce primâ, early in the morning.

Lytta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., Spanish fly (med.).

Emplastrum lyttæ, a blister.

M.

Mācĕro, āvi, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to macerate.

Mācerā horæ quadrantem, macerate for a quarter of an hour.

Măcis, ĭdis, f. subs. 3rd decl., mace.

Măcŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a spot. Măcŭlātus, part., spotted. Măděfăcio, fēci, factum, facĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to moisten.

Panni lintei lotione mădefacti, linen rags moistened with the lotion.

Mădesco, dŭi, escere, v. incept. 3rd conjug., to become moist. Măgis, adv., more.

Măgister, trī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a master; hence magistral, a formula prescribed by a medical man.

Magnēs, ētis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a magnet.

Magnēsia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., magnesia.

Magnēsium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., magnesium.

Liquor magnēsii carbonātis, fluid magnesia.

[Deriv.: Magnesia, town in Asia Minor.]

Magnitūdo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., size.

Magnitūdinis (gen.), or } a piece the size of.

Vide Weights and Measures, p. 191.

Magnus, ă, um, comp. mājor, superl. maximus, adj., great. Māla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the jaw, plur. mālæ, the checks. Mălĕ, adv., ill.

Mallĕŏlus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the ankle.

Maltum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., malt, byne.

Mălus, ă, um, comp. pējor, superl. pessimus, adj., bad.

Mālus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., an apple-tree [ā long.]

Mămilla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., breast, teat.

Mandūco, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to chew, masticate.

Māně, n. indecl. subs., used adverbially, in the morning.

Mănica, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., filter-bag (lit., sleeve).

In mănicam linteam immitte, put it into a linen filter-bag.

Mănipulus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a handful.

Mănus, ūs, f. subs. 4th decl., the hand.

Măranta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., arrowroot.

Margo, ĭnis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a margin.

Marmor, ŏris, n. subs. 3rd decl., marble. Marmoreus, adj.

Mars, in old chemistry = ferrum, iron. Die Martis, Tuesday.

Martiālis, e, adj. = Ferrūginosus, a, um, relating to iron.

Massa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a mass (med., applied to pills).

Masticātōrium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., a masticatory, something made to chew.

Mătica, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., matico.

Maxilla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the jawbone.

Měātus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a passage.

Měātus audītorius, the ear-passage.

Mēconicus, ă, um, adj., meconic [μήκων, ωνος, a poppy].

Mědicāmentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a medicine, a drug.

Mědicāmenta, vulgò věnēna dicta, quæ in lŏcis seclūsis asservanda sunt, remedies commonly called poisons, which must be kept separate.

Mědícīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., medicine.

Mědĭocris, e, adj, middling.

Cochleare mediocre, a dessertspoonful.

Mědĭus, ă, um, adj., intermediate.

Cochleare medium, a dessertspoonful (pharm.).

Mědios inter cibos, midway between meals.

Mědulla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., marrow, pith (botan.). Mědulla bovīna, beef marrow.

Měl, mellis, n. subs. 3rd decl., honey.

Měl děpūrātum clarified honey.

Měl rosatum, honey of roses.

Mělampodium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., black hellebore.

Mellago, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., extract dissolved in water.

Mellago tăraxăci [Continental], soft extract of dandelion.

Mellītum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a mellite (honey, vice saccharum).

Měloë, ēs, accus. měloën, m. subs. 1st decl., blister-fly. Měloë vēsīcātōrius.—Linn.

Membrāna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a membrane. Membrāna tympăni, the drum of the ear.

Membrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a limb.

Mensis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., a month.

Menstruum, (a) the solvent used, (b) the vehicle.

Mensūra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a measure.

Sit dosis 3j. mensūrâ, let the dose be a measured drachm.

Mentha, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., mint.

Μ. pĭpĕrīta, peppermint. [πεπερῖτης.]

M. sătīva, or M. viridis, spearmint.

Menthol, ölis, n. subs. 3rd decl., menthol, shortened form of menthæ alcohol.

Mentum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., the chin.

Menyanthes, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., bogbean, marsh trefoil.

Mercurius, ii, Mercury. Die Mercurii, Wednesday.

Mercurius corrosīvus, mercuric chloride, corrosive sublimate.

Mercurius dulcis, mercurous chloride, calomel (old).

Mercurius præcipitātus albus, white precipitate.

Mercurius vivus, quicksilver (old).

Měrīdiānus, ă, um, adj., pertaining to noon.

Měrīdĭēs, ēī, m. subs. 5th decl., noon.

A.M., ante meridiem, the forenoon.

P.M., post měrīdiem, the afternoon.

Merum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., pure wine.

Mĕrus, adj., unadulterated.

Mētĭor, īrĭs, mensus sum, mētīrī, v. a. deponent, 4th conjug., to measure.

Methÿlum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., methyl. [μέθν, wine; ἕλη, wood.] Methÿlum ăcētānĭlĭdi, exalgine.

Metrum, ri, n. subs. 2nd decl., a metre.

Vide Pondera et Mensuræ [Weights and Measures, p. 195].

Mĕus, ă, um, voc. mî, pron. possess., mine.

Mīca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a crumb.

Mīca pānis, a crumb of bread.

Minimum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a minim (med.).

Minimus, ă, um (superl. from parvus), adj., smallest.

Minor, oris (comp. from parvus), adj., smaller.

Misceo, miscui, mistum or mixtum, miscere, v. a. 2nd conjug., to mix.

Miscē, imper., mix thou; bene vel intimē, well or very well.

Mistūra, æ, f. subs. 1st. decl., a mixture (med.).

M. alba vel M. crētæ, compound chalk mixture.

M. camphoræ, camphor water.

M. ferri ăromătica, Heberden's ink.

M. ferri composita, Griffith's mixture.

M. purgans, an aperient mixture.

M. sennæ composita, black draught.

Mistūræ, mixtures. Vide p. 146.

Mītigātus, ă, um, part., mitigated.

Mītis, mīte, adj., mild. Unguentum mīte, a dilute ointment.

Mitto, mīsī, missum, mittere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to send.

Mŏdŏ, adv., only.

Mŏdŭlus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a mould.

Mödülus pölītus, a polished, bright mould.

Mödülus pro suppositorio, a suppository mould.

Modus, î, m. subs. 2nd decl., the manner, way.

Modo dicto, in the manner directed.

Mölestus, ă, um, adj., troublesome. Permölestus, very troublesome. Quoties molestă sit tussis, as often as the cough may be troublesome.

Mollīnum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., mollin (a superfatted soap). Mollīnum hydrargyri, mercurial soap.

Mollis, ĕ, adj., soft. Extractum molle, a soft extract.

Morbus, f, m. subs. 2nd decl., disease.

Morbo affectari, to be seized with illness.

Möriör, mortuus sum, mörī, v. dep. 3rd conjug., to die.

Morphīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., morphine. Morrhŭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the cod.

Ölĕum morrhŭæ, cod-liver oil.

Mors, mortis, f. subs. 3rd decl., death.

Morsus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a bite.

Mortārium, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a mortar.

M. lăpidĕum, a stone mortar.

Morum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the mulberry.

Morus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., a mulberry tree.

Mos, moris, m. subs. 3rd decl., manner.

More dicto, as directed.

Moschātus, ă, um, adj. Vide Nux.

Moschus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., musk.

Mox, adv., soon, immediately.

Mucilago, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., mucilage (med.).

M. ăcăciæ, mucilage of gum-arabic.

M. amyli [αμύλον, v short], mucilage of starch.

M. trăgăcanthæ, mucilage of tragacanth.

Multus, ă, um, comp. plūs, superl. plūrimus, adj., much.

Murias, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a muriate (old).

Mŭriaticus, a, um, adj., hydrochloric (hydrochloricus, modern).

Ăcidum muriaticum (old), hydrochloric acid.

Mūto, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to change.

Myristica, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the nutmeg.

Ölĕum myristicæ expressum, expressed oil of nutmeg.

[Erroneously termed, oil of mace.]

Myrrha, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., myrrh.

N.

Nam, conj., for.

Nāpha, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the orange-flower.

[Eau de naffe, Fr., orange-flower water.]

Ăqua florum nāphæ, orange-flower water.

Naphæ flores, orange flowers.

Naphtha ăcēti (old), acetic ether.

Naphtha vitrioli (old), sulphuric ether [German].

Naphthol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl., naphthol, beta-naphthol.

Nāris, is (generally plur., nāres), f. subs. 3rd decl., a nostril, or the nostrils. Collūnārium, a nasal douche.

Narthēcium, iī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a gallipot. [ναρθήκιον, also a book on pharmacy.]

Nāsus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., the nose.

Natrium, iī, n. subs. 2nd decl. [Natrum, Continental], sodium. Nātus, part. from nascor, born.

Age is expressed by the following phrase: Infanti annos [decem] nato, for a child [ten] years old.

Nausea, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., sickness. [ναυτία, and ναυσία, from ναῦς, a ship.]

Něbůla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a spray.

Něcessitas, ātis, f. subs. 1st decl., necessity.

Nectandra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., bebeeru tree.

Nepenthes, eos, n., probably opium. [νηπενθης, έος, adj., assuaging grief.]

Nēquam, comp. nēquior, superl. nēquissimus, adj., worthless.

Nervus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a nerve.

Neuralgia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., neuralgia [νεῦρον, a nerve; ἄλγος, pain].

Neuter, neutra, neutrum (gen. neutrius), adj., neither of the two-Niger, ra, rum, adj., black. Hyoscyamus niger, henbane.

Lōtio hydrargyri nigra, black wash.

Nigramentum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., black ink.

Nihil, n. subs. indecl., nothing (contracted, nil).

Nihil album, crude zinc oxide.

Nimis, adv., too much. Ne quid nimis, just enough.

Nisi, conj., unless.

Nīsus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., an attempt.

Nīsūs ad vomitum, attempts to vomit.

Nītras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a nitrate.

Nitris, ītis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a nitrite.

Nitroglycerinum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., nitroglycerin, glonoin, trinitrin.

Nītrosus, ă, um, and Nitricus, ă, um, adj., nitrous.

Nix, nivis, f. subs. 3rd decl., snow. Aqua nivea, snow water. Nix zinci, zinc oxide.

Nôměn, ĭnĭs, n. subs. 3rd decl., a name.

Nondum, adv., not yet.

Nonus, ă, um, ord. num., adj., the ninth.

Nŏsŏcŏmīum, īi, n. subs. 2nd decl. [νοσοκομεῖον], a hospital.

Nostalgia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl. [νόστος, a return; ἄλγος, pain], longing for one's native land.

Noster, tra, trum, pronoun, adj., our.

Noto, āvī, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to mark, note, observe.

Novus, a, um, adj., new. Mědicamenta nova, new remedies.

Nox, noctis, f. subs. 3rd decl., night. Nocte, abl., at night.

Nocte maneque, night and morning. Hâc nocte, this night.

Nŭcista, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., mace (rare).

Nucistæ öleum, oil of mace (pharm.).

Nucleus, et, m. subs. 2nd decl., a kernel.

Nullus, ă, um, adj., none.

Numerus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a number.

Numero vi. (sex), by number six.

Nüper, adv., lately. Nüperrimè, adv., very lately.

Nusquam, adv., nowhere.

Nutrio, īvi, ītum, īre, v. a. 4th conjug., to dress a blister.

Nutri ulcus cerato simplici, dress the sore with simple cerate.

Nux, nucis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a nut.

N. avellana, the filbert. N. castanea, the chestnut.

N. juglans (gen. juglandis), the walnut.

N. moschāta, N. myristica, the nutmeg.

N. vŏmica, nux vomica.

Nychthēmerum, n. subs. 2nd decl., a night and a day, t.e. twenty-four hours. [νὺξ, νυκτὸς, a night, and ἡμέρα, a day.]

0.

Ob, prep., on account of (accus.).

Obliquus, ă, um, adj., oblique (grammat. indirect).

Obtūrāmentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a stopper.

Obtūrātus, ă, um, adj., stoppered.

Octārius, iī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a pint.

Octāvus, ă, um, ord. num., adj., the eighth.

Octuplum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., } eight-fold. Octuplus, ă, um, adj.,

Oculus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., an eye.

Odontalgia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the toothache.

[οδούς, όντος, a tooth; αλγος, pain.]

Ödor, ödoris, m. subs. 3rd decl., a scent. Ödorātus, adj.

Œdēma, ătis, n. subs. 3rd decl., a swelling. [οιδημα, ατος.]

Œsypus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., crude or unprepared wool-fat, suet. [olovaos.]

Officialis, e, adj., official, that which emanates from authority.

Officina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a workshop, laboratory.

Officinalis, e, adj., officinal, pertaining to the workshop.

Officium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., an office.

Ol as a termination denotes an alcohol. Ex. :-carbinol, glycol, menthol. These nouns are neuter, 3rd decl., gen. ŏlis.

Ölĕas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., an oleate.

Öleatum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., an oleate.

Öleicus, a, um, adj., oleic. Acidum öleicum, oleic acid.

Oleo-resina, an oleo-resin.

Oleosaccharum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., essential oil and sugar. Ölĕum, ĕī, n. subs. 2nd decl., oil.

Öleum Cadinum, juniper tar oil, huile de Cade.

Oleum cubebæ, oleo resin of cubebs.

Ölĕum palmæ Christi, } castor oil.

Olĕum rĭcĭni,

Ölĕum pīni pumilionis, dwarf pine oil.

Ölĕum pīni silvestris, fir wood oil.

Ölĕum sınapis volatile, volatile oil of mustard.

Ölĕum thĕŏbrōmătis, cacao-butter.

Ölĕum vitriŏli, sulphuric acid, impure.

Olim, adv., formerly, last time but one.

Ölīva, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the olive.

Olla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a jar.

Olla fictilis, Olla figulina, an earthenware jar.

Omentum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., the flare, adipose membrane.

Ope, by means of. Vide Ops.

Operculum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a cover, lid.

O. forāmine parvo instructum, a cover fitted with a small hole.

Opertus, a, um (particip. from operio), covered.

Ophthalmicus, ă, um, adj., ophthalmic, pertaining to the eye.

[$\dot{o}\phi\theta a\lambda\mu\dot{o}s$, an eye.]

Öpĭum, ĭi, n. subs. 2nd decl. (in sing. only), opium. [ὁπὸς, originally any juice, afterwards limited to that from the poppy—so "bark," now limited to cinchona.]

Oportet, oportuit, oportere, v. n. impers. 2nd conjug., it behoves

(one ought).

Ops, ŏpis, abl. ŏpe, f. subs. 3rd decl., aid.

Camphora ope spīritūs vīni in pulverem redacta, camphor reduced to powder by means of spirit of wine.

Ope alcoholis, by means of alcohol.

Ope pēnicilli, by means of a camel-hair pencil.

Optimē, adv. (superl. from běně), very well.

Optimus, ă, um (superl. from bonus), adj., best, superb.

Öpus, ĕrĭs, n. subs. 3rd decl., a work.

Opus, n. subs. indecl., necessity.

Quando, quandocunque, or si opus sit, when, whenever, there may be necessity, should occasion require.

Öryza, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., rice. Öryza sătīva. [ὄρυζα.] Öryzæ fărīna, rice starch.

Ōs, ōris, n. subs. 3rd decl., the mouth.

Ös, ossis, n. subs. 3rd decl., a bone. Carbo ossium, animal charcoal. Ös innominātum, the hip bone.

Ös sēpiæ, cuttle-fish bone. Ös ustūm, bone ash.

Övis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., a sheep.

Ōvum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., an egg.

Ōvi albūmen, white of egg. Ōvi vitellus, yoke of egg.

Oxidum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., an oxide.

Oxygenium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl, oxygen. [όξυς, acid; γένεσις, generation.]

Oxymel, mellis, n. subs. 3rd decl., an oxymel.

P

Palpebra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the eyelid.

Pancreas, atis, n. subs. 3rd decl., the pancreas (κρέας).

Pancreaticus, a, um, adj. Emulsio pancreatica.

Liquor pancreaticus. Pancreatic emulsion; liquor.

Pānis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., bread.

P. āzymus, unleavened bread (τὰ ἄζυμα).

Pānis mīca, a crumb of bread.

Pannus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a rag, cloth.

P. lāneus, a woollen rag. P. linteus, a linen rag.

Păpāver, ĕris, plur. păpāvĕra, n. subs. 3rd decl., the poppy.

P. album somniferum, white poppy. P. rhæas, ados, red poppy.

Păpillæ, ārum, f. subs. 1st decl., the nipples.

Păpula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a pustule.

Pār, păris, adj., equal. Cæteris păribus, the rest being equal.

Păraffīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., paraffin.

(Deriv. : Părum affinis, without affinity.)

Păraffīnum dūrum, P. molle, hard, soft paraffin or petrolatum.

Păraldēhydum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., paraldeliyde.

(Deriv.: παρὰ, beside, alcohol dehydrogenātum.)

Părandus, ă, um, particip., to be prepared.

Păro, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to prepare.

Păroxysmus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a paroxysm, fit (med.). Inter păroxysmos, between the attacks.

Pars, partis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a part.

Pars reliqua, the remainder. Partes æquales, equal parts.

Partior, īris, partītus sum, partīrī, v. dep. 4th conjug., to share. Dosibus partītis, in divided doses.

Parvulus, a, um (dimin. from parvus), adj., small.

Parvus, ă, um, comp. minor, superl. minimus, adj., small.

Passulæ, ārum, f. subs. 1st decl., raisins.

P. minores, currants.

Pasta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a paste. P. Viennensis.

Pastillus, ī, m. subs. 2 nd decl., a pastil [Glyco-gelatin base].

Pastus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., food.

Pătella, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the knee-cap.

Pătina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., an evaporating dish.

P. porcellanica, a porcelain dish (Berlin ware).

Paucus, ă, um, adj., fere.

Paulo, used adverbially, somewhat.

Paululum, Paulum, Paulum and Pauxillum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., a little.

Pectus, ŏris, n. subs. 3rd decl., the breast (med., the chest).

Pědětentim, adv., by degrees.

Pědĭlūvĭum, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a footbath.

Pellis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., the skin, a hide.

Pendens, pendentis, particip., weighing.

Pilulæ pendentes singulæ grāna quinque, pills each weighing five grains.

Pēnicillum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., camel-hair brush or pencil (pharm.), (camel-hair not translated)

P. prō gutture, brush for the throat.

Pepsīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., pepsin.

Peptonum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., peptone.

Peptonātus, adj. Suppositoria carnis peptonāta, peptonised beef suppositories.

Per, prep., through, during (accus.).

Per hebdomada; per septimanam, through the week.

Per, chemical prefix, the higher-of a series.

Hydrargyri perchlöridum, the higher chloride.

Per, in composition, thoroughly. Permolestus, very troublesome.

Perchloridum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a perchloride.

Percolatus, a, um, percolated, strained through.

Percolum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a percolator.

Perendie, adv., the day after to-morrow.

Perendinus, a, um, adj., relating to the day after to-morrow.

Permanganas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a permanganate.

Permölestus, ă, um, adj., very troublesome.

Persisto, stitī, stere, v. n. 3rd conjug., to continue, persist.

Persistat in ūsū mistūræ, let (the patient) continue the use of the mixture.

Pēs, pedis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a foot.

Pessus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a pessary.

Pětălum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a petal [πέτἄλον, a leaf].

Petrolatum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., vaseline.

Petroleum, ei, n. subs. 2nd decl., petroleum.

Pharmacopæia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl.,) The Pharmacopæia.

Pharmacopæa (Continental), Vide Abbreviations.

[φάρμἄκον, poison, potent drug, or medicine; ποιέω, to make.] Phellus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a cork.

Phēnăzonum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., antipyrine.

Phēnol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl., carbolic acid.

Phĭăla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a phial [φιάλη].

Phialâ prius agitatâ, the bottle having been previously shaken. Signā: P.P.A., put a "Shake the Bottle" label.

P. obtūrāta, a stoppered bottle,

P. obtūrāta cum epistomio vitreo, with a glass stopper.

P. sūberāta, a corked bottle.

P. cum epistomio suberino, with a patent cork stopper. Phosphas, atis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a phosphate.

Phosphorātus, ă, um, adj., phosphorated.

Ölĕum phosphorātūm, phosphorated oil.

Phosphoricus, ă, um, adj., phosphoric.

Phosphorus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., phosphorus [φωσφόρος, light bringing: φως, light; φέρω, to bring].

Physostigma, atis, n. subs. 3rd decl., the Calabar bean.

Physostigmīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., physostigmine, eserine.

Pigmentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a paint.

P. ĭodi, iodine paint, liniment of iodine.

Pīla, æ (ī long), f. subs. 1st decl., a mortar.

Pila, æ (i short), f. subs. 1st decl., a ball.

Lānūginis pilæ, balls of wool.

Gossypii absorbentis pilæ, pads of cotton-wool.

Pilocarpina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., pilocarpine.

Pilocarpus jaborandi, jaborandi.

Pilula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a pill (med.).

Pĭlŭla ferri, Blaud's pill.

Pilula rufi, aloes and myrrh pill.

Pilula tunicāta, a varnished pill.

Pilulæ, pills. Vide p. 155.

Pīlum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a pestle. P. ligneum, wooden pestle.

Pimenta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., pimento.

Pingo, nxi, pictum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to paint.

Pinge linimentum suprā dorsum, paint the liniment over the back.

Pinguēdo, ĭnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., lard.

Pīnus pūmilio, pīni pūmilionis, gen., dwarf-pine.

Ölĕum pīni pūmĭlĭonis, dwarf-pine oil.

Piper, ĕris, n. subs. 3rd decl., pepper. P. nigrum, black pepper.

Piperīta, æ, f. subs. 1st. decl., peppermint.

Pistillum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a pestle.

Pīsum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the pea.

Pix, picis, f. subs. 3rd decl., pitch.

P. Burgundica, Burgundy pitch.

P. carbonis liquida præparata, prepared coal-tar.

P. liquida, tar.

Picis carbenis liquor, solution of coal-tar.

Placenta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the flat cake [left after pressing].

P. sēminis līni, linseed-oil cake.

Plāga, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a wound $[\pi \lambda \eta \gamma \dot{\eta}]$.

Plasma, ătis, n. subs. 3rd decl., plasma, glycerin of starch.

Plēnė, adv., fully, freely. Plēnus, ă, um, adj., full.

Guttæ ăquâ plēne dīlūtæ, drops freely diluted with water.

Plumbum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., lead.

Liquor plumbi dilūtus, Goulard's lotion, Goulard water.

Liquor plumbi subacētātis fortior, Goulard's extract.

Plūrimus, ă, um (superl, from multus), adj., most.

Plūs, plūris (comp. from multus), adj., more.

Pocillum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., dimin., a little cup.

Pōcŭlum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a cup.

Podophyllinum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., podophyllin.

Podophyllum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., podophyllum.

Podophylli resina, resin of podophyllum [πόδος, φύλλον, a leaf].

Pŏlenta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., Indian corn meal.

Pollex, icis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the thumb, an inch (med.).

Pomātus, ă, um, adj., made from apple (pomum).

Tinctūra ferri pomāti, tincture of malate of iron.

Pomeridianus, a, um, adj., of the afternoon.

Ponderosus, a, um, adj., heavy. Magnesia ponderosa.

Pondus, ĕris, n. subs. 3rd decl., a weight.

Pone, prep., behind (accus.). Pone, imperat., place thou.

Pono, posui, positum, ponere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to place.

Porphyrisātus, ă, um, adj., reduced to fine powder in porphyry mortar. Līmātūra ferri porphyrisāta, finely powdered iron filings.

Possum, pŏtŭī, possĕ, v. n. irreg., to be able.

Post, prep., after (accus.) Post meridiem, the afternoon.

Postěā, adv., afterwards.

Posterus, ă, um, comp. posterior, superl. postremus and postumus, adj., behind.

Postrīdie, adv., on the day after.

Potassa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., potash (med. in sing. only).

Potassa caustica, caustic potash.

Potassa sulphurāta, liver of sulphur.

Potassii carbonas, salt of tartar. P. nitras, nitre, saltpetre.

P. tartras ăcidus, cream of tartar.

Pōtus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a drink, beverage.

P. citrātus, still lemonade.

Pro potū commūni, for an ordinary drink.

Præ, prep., before, in comparison with (abl.)

Præcipitātum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a precipitate (chem.).

Præcipitātum album, white precipitate.

Unà cum præcipitato dispensa, dispense together with the precipitate, i.e. not to be filtered.

Præditus, a, um, particip., furnished with (abl.).

Præpăro, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to prepare.

Præscrībo, scripsi, scriptum, scrībere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to prescribe.

Præsertim, adv., especially.

Præsum, præfuī, præessĕ, pres. particip. præsens, præsentĭs, v. n. irreg., to be before, to preside; take the lead.

Præter, prep., besides (accus.).

Prandëo, prandī, and pransus sum, prandēre, v. n. and a. 2nd conjug., to dine.

Prandium, ii, n. subs. 2nd decl., dinner (classical).

Pransūrus, ă, um, fut. part., about to dine, i.e., antě prandĭum.

Prēlum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a press.

Ope prēli, by means of a press.

Prīmus, ă, um, adj., superl., first.

Prīmo māne, early in the morning.

Prior, ōris, n. prius, adj., comp., former.

Prius, adv., previously.

Pro, prep., before, for, on behalf of (abl.).

Pro re nata (used adverbially), occasionally.

Promptū, in, in readiness.

In promptū servāre, to keep ready-made.

Prope, prep., near (accus.). Prope ignem, near the fire.

Propior, oris, n. proprius, adj., comp., nearer.

Propter, prep., on account of (accus.).

Prorīto, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to provoke, induce.

Prorsus, adv., entirely.

Prōsum, prōfuī, prōdessě, v. n. irreg., takes d before e; prōsum, prōděs, prōdest, to be useful to, to benefit.

Protinus, adv., forthwith, immediately.

Prout, adv., according as.

Proximus, ă, um, adj., superl., nearest.

Prūna, æ, f, subs. 1st decl., live-coal.

Prūnis impositum arsenicum { nīdorem } alliāceum spargit,

arsenic placed on live coals diffuses a garlic odour.

Prūnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a prune, plum.

Prūnus, I, f. subs. 2nd decl., the plum-tree.

Prūnus virginiāna, wild cherry bark.

Prūni Virginianæ cortex, Virginian prune bark.

Pterocarpus santalinus, red sandal or Sanders-wood.

Pterocarpi lignum, red sandal wood.

Ptisana, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a tisane (Fr.), an infusion, barley-water (classic).

Pugillus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a pinch, handful.

Pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum (also pulcer), comp. pulchrior, superl. pulcherrimus, adj., beautiful.

Pulmentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., gruel.

Pulmo, pulmonis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a lung.

Pulpa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., pulp. Cassiæ pulpa.

Cŏlŏcynthidis pulpa, colocynth pulp.

Puls, pultis, f. subs. 3rd decl., thick paste (said of extracts).

In pultem converte, reduce to a paste.

Pulvīnar, āris, n. subs. 3rd decl., } a pillow. Pulvīnus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., } a pillow.

P. humuli, a hop pillow.

Pulvis, pulveris, m. subs. 3rd decl., a powder.

P. ad sternūtāmentum, snuff.

P. aërophorus, saline effervescing powder.

P. aërophorus laxans, seidlitz powder.

P. conspersus, dusting powder.

P. ĭpěcăcŭanhæ compositus, Dover's powder.

P. Jăcobi, James' powder, antimonial powder.

P. terræ cimoliæ, fuller's earth (from Cimoli, Cyclades).

Pūmilio, onis (comm.) subs. 3rd decl., a dwarf.

Ölĕum pīni pūmilionis, dwarf-pine oil.

Purgātio. onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., purging.

Pūrificatus, ă, um, particip., purified, refined.

Pūrifico, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to purify.

Pūrus, ă, um, adj., pure.

Pustulæ, ārum, f. subs. 1st decl., pustules.

Pŭtāmen, inis, n. subs. 3rd decl., shell, peelings.

Nuces sine putamine, nuts deprived of their shell.

Övi putāmen, egg shell.

Pyrethrūm, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., pellitory.

Pyroboras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a pyroborate.

Sōdii pyrŏbōras, borax.

Pyroxylīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., gun cotton.

Pyxis, idis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a pill-box.

P. chartăcea, a paper box, powder-box.

Q.

Quadrans, antis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a quarter. Quadruplum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., fourfold. Quālis, ĕ, pron. adj., what sort?

Quamdiū, adv., how long?

Quando, adv., when? Quandocunque, adv., whenever.

Quantitas, ātis, f. subs. 3rd decl., quantity.

Quantus, ă, um, adj., hore much?

Quartus, a, um, ord. num. adj., the fourth.

Quăter, adv., four times.

Que, enclitic conj., and (joined to previous word).

Quercus, ūs, dat. and abl. plur. quercubus, f. subs. 4th decl., an oak.

Qui, quæ, quod, pron. rel., who or which.

Quicumquë (or quicunquë), quæcumquë, quodcumquë, pron. rel., whosoever, whatsoever.

Quidam, quædam, quiddam (quoddam), pron. indef., a certain one.

Quies, etis, f. subs. 5th decl., quiet, sleep (med.).

Quillaia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., quillaia.

Quillaiæ cortex, quillaia bark, Panama bark, soap bark.

Quīn, conj., but that (with subj.).

Quinina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., quinine.

Quinquies, adv., five times.

Quintus, ă, um, ord. num. adj., the fifth.

Quis or qui, quæ, quid or quod, pron., who? which? what?

Quisnam, quidnam, quīnam, quænam, quodnam, pron. interrog., who? what?

Quisque, quæque, quicque (quodque), pron. indef., each.

Quisquiliæ, iarum, f. subs. 1st decl., odds and ends, dregs.

Quisquis, quidquid (and quicquid), pron. indef., whosoever, whatsoever.

Quīvīs, quævīs, quidvīs (quodvīs), pron. indef., any you will.

Quō, adv., whither?

Quŏt, indecl. adj., how many?

Quŏtīdiē, adv., daily.

Quŏtĭes, adv., as often as.

Quousque, adv., how far ?

R.

Rādix, rādīcis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a root.

Rādo, āsi, āsum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to scrape.

Rāmentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a chip.

Ferri ramenta, iron scales.

Rārō, adv., comp. rārĭus, superl. rārissimē, seldom.

Rārus, ă, um, adj., rare. [Sometimes, very fine.]

Rāsus, ă, um, particip, scraped, shredded.

Sāpo rāsus, soap in shreds.

Rătio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., various meanings.

Pro ratione ætatis, according to age of patient.

Rătio vălētūdinis, regard, or care for health.

Raucēdo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., \ hoarseness.

Raucitas, ātis, f. subs. 3rd decl.,)"

Recens, entis, adj., recent, fresh.

Succi līmonis recentis cochleare magnum, a tablespoonful of fresh lemon juice.

Recidīvum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., a relapse.

Recipio, cepī, ceptum, cipere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to receive, to take.

Recipe, take thou, heading a prescription governing the quantity in accusative.

Rectificatus, a, um, part., rectified (chem.).

Rectifico, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st. conjug., to rectify (chem.).

Rědactus, ă, um, particip., reduced. Ferrum rědactum, reduced iron.

Rěděo, rědří, rědřtum, rědîrě, v. n. 4th conjug., to return.

Rědígo, ēgi, actum, igěre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to reduce.

Rědintegro, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to renew (used in med. as v. n., to come back again).

Quoties redintegret dyspnoea, as often as difficulty of breathing

may recur.

Rĕfĕro, rĕtŭlī (and rettŭli), rĕlātum, rĕferre, v. a. irreg. 3rd conjug., to put back, relegate.

Rěgio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the region. Rěgioni cordis, to the region of the heart.

Rējicio, ēcī, ectum, icere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to reject.

Rěliquiæ, ārum, f. subs. plur. 1st decl., the remains.

Rěliquus, ă, um, adj., remaining.

Rěliquum, i, used as n. subs. 2nd decl., the remainder (med.).

Remedium, if, n. subs. 2nd decl., a remedy; also medicine.

Rēnes, um, plural, m. subs. 3rd decl., the kidneys.

Repetendus and Repetundus, a, um, particip., to be repeated.

Rěpěto, īvī and ĭī, ītum, ĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to repeat, recommence. Ŭt antĕā, as before.

Repetat (rarely repete) misturam, let the patient repeat the mixture.

Rěpôno, ŏsŭi, sĭtum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., in pharm., to let stand. Rěpônātur për ălĭquot dĭēs, let it stand for some days.

Rēs, rĕi, f. subs. 5th decl., a thing.

Pro re nata, occasionally.

Residuum, ui, n. subs. 2nd decl., the marc.

Rēsīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., resin, colophony.

Emplastrum rēsīnæ, resin, or adhesive plaster.

Respondeo, di, sum, dere, v. a. 2nd conjug., to answer, to act (pharm.).

Donec alvus responderit, until the bowels shall have acted.

Nisi alvus bene responderit, unless the bowels have well acted. Retināculum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a truss.

Rětorta, æ, f. subs., a retort.

Retortæ collum, the neck of the retort. R. excipulum, the receiver. Retorta tubulata, a tubulated retort. R. vitrea, a glass retort.

Rhamnus catharticus, the buckthorn.

R. Frangula, the black alder.

R. Purshiānus [named after F. Pursh.], cascara sagrada.

Rhēum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the rhubarb.

Rhīzōma, ătis, plur. rhizōmăta, n. subs. 3rd decl., a rhizome [ρίζωμα, ατος].

Rhœas, ados, f. subs. 3rd decl., the red poppy.

Rhus, rhoïs, f. subs. 3rd decl., the sumach.

R. toxicodendron, the poison oak.

Ribes, 1s, n. subs. 3rd decl., currant.

R. nigrum, black currant.

Rībes rubrum, Rībēsium, the red currant.

Also f. subs. Rībes Grossulāria, the gooseberry.

Ricinus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the castor-oil plant.

Röbīgo, ĭnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., rust. Also rūbīgo.

Roöb, n. subs. indecl., inspissated juice.

Rŏsa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a rose. Rŏsæ cănīnæ fructus, hips. Rŏsæ Gallicæ pĕtăla, red rose petals. Rŏsæ ŏlĕum, otto.

Rosmărīnus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., the rosemary [formerly, Rorismărini, gen.].

Rŏtŭla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a small round disc of sugar melted and cooled. R. menthæ pĭpĕrītæ, peppermint drops.

Rŏtŭlæ sacchări, pastilles of sugar.

Rötundus, ă, um, adj., round.

Rüber, bră, brum., adj., red.

Rubrămentum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., red ink.

Rubus Idæus, the raspberry.

Rŭbi Idæi ăcētum vel syrūpus, vinegar or syrup of raspberry. Rŭbus villosus, blackberry root.

Rudis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., a spatula.

Also Rŭdĭcŭla, æ, f. subs. 3rd decl.

Rumex, icis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the sorrel.

Rursus, adv., again.

Rūta, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the rue.

S.

Săbīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the savin. Săbīnæ căcūmina, savin tops.

Sacchărātus, ă, um, adj., saccharated.

Ex ăquâ sacchărātâ, in sugar and water.

Sacchări fæx (fæcis), molasses, treacle.

Saccharīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., saccharin.

Saccharum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., sugar.

S. fuscum, brown sugar.

S. lactis, lactose, milk sugar.

S. pūrificātum, refined sugar, sucrose.

S. Sāturni, acetate of lead.

Sacco, are, v. a. 1st conjug., to strain (classic).

Saccus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a filter bag, pressing cloth.

Sēmina contūsa et sacco inclūsa, exprime, press the seeds bruised, and put into a pressing cloth.

Sæpë, adv., often. Sæpissimè and Sæpënumëro, very often.

Sāl, sălĭs, } m. subs. 3rd decl., salt. n. subs. 3rd decl., a salt (old).

S. absinthii, carbonate of potassium.

S. ăcētosellæ, oxalic acid (so-called).

S. ămārum, sulphate of magnesium.

S. ammoniacum, chloride of ammonium.

S. Cărolinum factitium, artificial Carlsbad salt.

S. culinare, chloride of sodium.

S. diūrēticum, potass. acetate [διουρητικός: διά, through; ουρον, urine.

S. ēnixum, acid sulphate of potassium.

S. essentiāle tartări, tartaric acid.

S. Glauberi, \ sulphate of sodium.

S. polychrestum, Rochelle salt [πολύ, much; χρηστός, useful, valde ūtilis].

S. sodæ, carbonate of sodium.

S. succini album, succinic acid.

S. tartări, carbonate of potassium. [Not to be confused with Sāl essentiāle tartări.]

S. völātile, aromatic spirit of ammonia. (Spīritus.)

S. vŏlātĭle cornu cervi, spirit of hartshorn. (Spīrĭtus.)

[All the above (solid) described as Sāl crūdum, commercial or Sāl dēpūrātum, purified. In mediæval pharmacy, neuter.]

Sălicīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., salicin.

Sălĭcylas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a salicylate.

Sălix, īcis, f. subs. 3rd decl., the willow.

Sălol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl. salol.

Saltem, adv., at least.

Sălūber, sălubris, sălubre, adj., healthful.

Sambūcus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., the elder.

Sanguis, inis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the blood.

Sanguis bovīnus exsiccātus, desiccated blood.

Sanguisūga, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a leech.

Santălum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., sandal.

Santonica, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., wormseed.

Santoninum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., santonin.

Sāpō, ōnis, m. subs. 3rd decl., soap.

S. animālis, curd soap. S. dūrus, hard, white, Castile soap. Sāpo kālīnus vēnālis (official) green soap, also Sāpo viridis.

S. mollis, soft soap. Sāponārius, adj. Quillaia sāponāria.

Sarsaparilla, æ, } f. subs. 1st decl., sarsaparilla.

Sartago, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a metal pan.

S. ferrĕa, an iron pan.

Sătis, adv., enough. Haud sătis, not enough.

Sāturnus, ī, Saturn, lead (old chem.). Die Sāturni, Saturday.

Săturo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to saturate.

Ad sătŭrandum, to saturation.

Saucio, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to wound, make an incision.

È trunco sauciato arboris stillans, flowing from the wounded trunk of a tree.

Scammonia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the plant scammony.

Scammonium, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., scammony (gum resin).

Scapulæ, arum, f. subs. 1st decl., the shoulder blades [back].

Scătula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a box (wooden or chip).

Dētur ad scatulam, put it into a box.

Scilla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the squill.

Scindo, scidi, scissum, scindere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to cut asunder.

Scissus, ă, um, particip., cleft.

Scopārius, ii, m. subs. 2nd decl., broom.

Scopārii căcūmina, broom tops.

Scröbiculus cordis, the pit of the stomach.

Scrūpŭlus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a scruple (weight).

Sēbum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., suet, also sēvum (more usual).

S. bovinum, beef suet. S. ovillum, mutton suet.

Secundum, prep., following, in accordance with (accus.).

Secundus, a, um, adj., second, the following.

Secunda quaque hora, or secundis horis, every two hours.

Sed, conj., but.

Sēdēs, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., a motion (med. plur. only). Post singulas sēdēs līguidas, after each liquid motion.

edimentum I n subs and deal a detecit

Sedimentum, I, n. subs. 2nd decl., a deposit.

Sēdŭlo, adv., assiduously, sedulously.

Sēlibra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a half pound (classic).

Sĕmĕl, adv., once.

Sēmen, inis, n. subs. 3rd decl., a seed.

Sēměn contrā, wormseed.

Sēmi, indecl. adj., half. Sēmi-scrūpŭlus, S.-grānum.

Sēmicyathus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., half a glass.

S. vīnosus, half a wineglass.

Sēmis, issis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the half.

Cum sēmisse (abl.), "and" a half.

Grānum cum sēmisse, one grain and a half.

Semper, adv., always.

Sēmi-uncia, or Sēmuncia, half an ounce.

Senna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., senna. S. Alexandrina, Alexandrian senna. S. Indica, East Indian, or Tinnivelly senna.

Sensim, adv., gradually.

Sĕorsim, Sĕorsum, and Sēpărāt im, adv., separately.

Sēpōno, pŏsŭī, pŏsĭtum, pōnĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to lay aside; allow to settle (med.).

Septimus, ă, um, ord. num. adj., the seventh.

Sequens, entis, particip., following.

Die sequente, on the following day.

Mistūræ sĕquentis, of the following mixture.

Sequor, eris, secutus sum, sequi, v. a. dep. 3rd conjug., to follow. Sericum, $\bar{\imath}$, n. subs. 2nd decl., silk $[\sigma \hat{\eta} \rho$, ρ os, the silkworm; $\sigma \eta \rho \tilde{\iota} \kappa \hat{\sigma} \nu$, silk.

Sēricum anglicum, court plaster. S. ŏlēatum, oiled silk.

Sĕrĭpărus, a, um, adj., curdled. Liquor sĕrĭpărus, liquid rennet. Sēro, adv., late, at a late hour.

Serum lactis, whey. S. lactis vinosum, wine whey.

Sesquicarbonas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a sesquicarbonate.

Sesquichlöridum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a sesquichloride.

Seu, adv., or.

Sēvum. Vide Sēbum, suet. Sēvum præparātum.

Sextuplum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., six times the quantity.

Sextus, a, um, num. ord. adj., the sixth.

Sextâ quâque hōrâ, every six hours, or, sextis hōris.

SI, conj., if.

Signatūra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., prescriber's name, a label (med.).

Signo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to sign.

Similis, ĕ, comp. similior, superl. similimus, adj., like.

Simplex, ĭcis, adj., simple.

Simul, adv., together.

Sĭnāpis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., mustard. Cătăplasma sĭnāpsis, mustard plaster.

S. alba; S. nigra, white and black; also, Sĭnāpi, is, n. subs. [σίνᾶπι and σίνηπι].

Sināpismus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a mustard poultice.

Sindon, ŏnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., cambric, lawn, muslin. [σινδων, ονος, fine linen.]

Sině, prep., without (abl.). Sine ăquâ, plain, undiluted.

Singultus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., hiccup.

Singulus, ă, um, adj., single, each.

Singula quaque dosi, with each dose.

Sinister, tra, trum, adj., on the left.

Sipho, ōnis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a syringe [σίφων, ωνος].

S. ĕburnĕus, an ivory syringe. S. vitrĕus, a glass syringe.

Sĭtĭs, ĭs, accus. sĭtim, abl. sĭtī, f. subs. 3rd decl., thirst.

Sīvě, conj., or if, or.

Sŏcotrīnus, ă, um, adj., Socotrine. Ălöē Sŏcotrīna.

Sodă, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., soda. Soda tartărata, Rochelle salt.

Sōdĭī chlōrĭdum, common salt.

Sodiī sulphas, Glauber's salt.

Sol, solis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the sun. Die solis, Sunday. Sole æstuoso, in the heat of the sun.

Sŏlĕo, sŏlĭtus sum, sŏlērĕ, v. n. pass. (semi-deponent), 2nd conjug., to be accustomed.

More solito, in the usual manner.

Sŏlūbĭlis, ĕ, adj., soluble. Tinctūra zingĭbĕris sŏlūbĭlis, soluble tincture of ginger [mixing in water without cloudiness].

Sõlus, ă, um, adj., alone.

Solūtio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a solution (pharm.).

Sŏlūtus, ă, um, particip., dissolved.

Solvo, solvī, sŏlūtum, solvĕrĕ, v. a. 3rd conjug., to loosen; to dissolve (pharm.).

Somnus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., sleep. Hōrâ somni, at bedtime. Sorbĕo, ŭi, ēre, v. a. 2nd conjug., to swallow.

Sorghum, i. n. subs. 2nd decl., sorgho. S. sacchărātum, sugar cane [N. China].

Spărădrăp cērātum, surgeon's plaster.

Spargo, sparsi, sparsum, spargëre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to sprinkle. Vēsīcātōrĭum pauxillo pulvēris lyttæ sparsum, the blister sprinkled with a little powdered cantharides.

Spasmus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., spasm [σπασμὸς].

Spathula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a spatula.

Species, f. subs. 5th decl. in plur., drugs of the same sort, dry ingredients.

Sphagnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., turf, bog-moss [in dried, compressed sheets].

Spīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the spine.

Spīritus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., spirit (pharm.).

S. ætheris compositus, Hoffmann's anodyne.

S. ætheris nitrosi, spirit of nitrous ether, sweet spirit of nitre.

S. ammoniæ aromaticus, aromatic spirit of ammonia, spirit of sal volatile.

S. chloroformi, chloric ether [syn].

S. mindereri, solution of acetate of ammonium.

S. ŏdōrātus, eau de Cologne,

S. sălis ăcidus (old), hydrochloric acid.

S. vīnī Gallici, French brandy.

S. vitriŏli (old), dilute sulphuric acid.

Spissitūdo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., thickness, consistence.

Ăd spissĭtūdĭnem ĭdōnĕam, to a suitable consistence.

Ăd syrūpi spissitūdinem, to a syrupy consistence.

Spisso, āvī, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to thicken.

Lēni călore spissātus (ă, um), inspissated with gentle heat.

Spongia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a sponge.

S. cērāta, a tent (med.); also, S. compressa.

Spongiola, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a small piece of sponge.

Sponte, f. subs. defect., by one's own choice.

Stannum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., tin.

Stanni oxidum, putty powder.

Staphisagriæ sēmīnă, stavesacre seeds.

Stătim, adv., immediately, instantly.

Stătus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., state, condition.

In stätu effervescentiæ, whilst effervescing.

Sternum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the breast bone, Hence the chest (med.).

Sternūtātio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., sneezing.

Sternūtātionem vehementem excitans, exciting violent sneezing. Also, Sternūtāmentum.

Stibium, iī, n. subs. 2nd decl., antimony.

Stillo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. n. and a. 1st conjug., to trickle, drop, exude.

Părātur è rēsinâ ex arboribus spontē stillante, it is prepared from the resin dropping spontaneously from the trees.

Stomachus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., the stomach [στόμαχος].

Stomacho { jējūno, } on an empty stomach.

Strophanthus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., strophanthus.

Strychnīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl, strychnine.

Stuppa, Stūpa, and Stīpa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., tow $[\sigma \tau \bar{\nu} \pi \eta$, and $\sigma \tau \dot{\nu} \pi \pi \eta]$.

Styrax, styracis, m. subs. 3rd decl., storax (στύραξ, ἄκος)
[Gender doubtful. Dioscorides has been followed.]

Sub, prep., up to, under, beneath [of time] about (acc. or abl.). Sub divo, in the open air.

Subchlöridum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a subchloride.

Hydrargyri subchlöridum, calomel.

Sūber, ĕris, n. subs. 3rd decl., cork. Sūberātus and Sūberīnus, adj.

Subinde, adv., frequently, now and then.

Sŭbitus, ă, um, adj., sudden.

Sublimātus, ă, um, adj., sublimed.

Sulphur sublimatum, sublimed sulphur

Submurias, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., subchloride.

Subter, prep., under, beneath (acc. or abl.).

Subtīlis, e, adj., comp. subtīlior, superl. subtīlissīmus, fine.

Pulvis subtīlissīmus, a very fine powder.

Succinum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., amber.

Ölĕum succini, oil of amber.

Succus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., juice.

Sūdātio, ōnis, f. subs. } 3rd decl., sweating, perspiration.

Sufficio, fēci, fectum, ficere, v. a. and n. 3rd conjug., to suffice. Quantum sufficiat, as much as may be sufficient.

Suffītus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., fumigation from suffīo, to fumigate.

Suffūmigātio, ōnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., fumigation. S. guytōniāna, chlorine fumigation.

Sūgo, xi, ctum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to suck.

Sūgātur trochiscus tertiâ quâque hōrâ, let a lozenge be sucked every third hour.

Suillus, a, um, adj., belonging to the pig.

Adeps suillus, pig's lard.

Sulphas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a sulphate.

Sulphis, ītis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a sulphite.

Sulphocarbolas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a sulpho-carbolate. Zinci sulphocarbolas, sulpho-carbolate of zinc.

Sulphonal, ālis, n. subs. 3rd decl., sulphonal.

Sulphur, ŭris, n. subs. 3rd decl., sulphur.

S. præcipitatum, milk of sulphur.

S. sublīmātum, flowers of sulphur.

Sulphurātus, ă, um, adj., sulphurated.

Sulphurētum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a sulphuret.

Sulphuricus, ă, um, adj., sulphuric.

Acidum sulphuricum aromaticum, aromatic sulphuric acid, elixir of vitriol.

Sulphurōsus, ă, um, adj., sulphurous.

Summus, ă, um, superl. from săperus, adj., the highest, last; often, greatest or utmost.

Summâ dīlīgentiā, with the greatest diligence.

Sūmo, sumpsi, sumptum, ĕre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to take.

Sūmat æger (rarely sūme), let the patient take.

Super, prep., over (acc. or abl.).

Super alutam, on leather.

Sŭpercilium, iī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the eyebrow.

Sŭpërior, oris, comp. from sŭpërus, adj., upper.

Supernatans, antis, particip. (liquor), supernatant.

Supersum, superfui, superesse, v. n. irreg., to be over, to remain, to survive. Quod superest, the remainder.

Superus, a, um, comp. superior, superl. suprēmus, or summus, adj., upper.

Supervenio, vēni, ventum, īre, v. n. and a. 4th conjug., to supervene.

Usque ăd defectio ănimi supervenerit, until fainting shall have come on.

Suppositoria (plural). Vide p. 179.

Suppositoria acidi carbolici, phenol suppositories.

Suppositorium, iī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a suppository (med.).

Mŏdŭlus prō suppŏsĭtōrio, a suppository mould.

Suprā, prep., above (accus.). Suprā ulcera, over the sores.

Suprēmus, ă, um, superl. from superus, upper, adj., highest, last. Sūra, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the calf of the leg.

Sūs, sŭis, gend. common, the pig. Sūs scrōfa, the hog [σῦς, συὸς]. Sŭus, ă, um, pron. possess., his, her, its, their own.

Symptoma, atis, n. subs. 3rd decl., a symptom [σύμπτωμα, ατος]. Synonymum, i, plur. synonyma, n. subs. 2nd decl., a synonym

(not synonyme), [σὺν, with, ὄνομα, a name; συνώνυμος, having the same name].

Sypho. Vide Sipho, a syringe.

Syrūpus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., syrup [συρουπός].

T.

Tăbacum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., tobacco [Nicotiana, æ, f.] Tăbella, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a tablet (pharm.).

T. compressa, a tabloid.

Tăbellæ nitroglycerīni, vel Trīnitrīni, nitro-glycerin tablets.

Tăberna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a shop.

Tăbula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a table.

Tænia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., tapervorm [raivia].

Talcum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., talc.

Tālĕŏla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a small oblong piece.

Pasta in tāleolas scissa, paste cut into oblong shapes, i.e. jujubes. Opii tāleolæ, opium in thin slices.

Tālis, ĕ, adj., such. Mitte tāles, send such.

Tālus, ĭ, m. subs. 2nd decl., ankle-bone, heel.

Tămărindus indica, tamarind.

Tannicus, ă, um, adj., tannic.

Ăcidum tannicum, tannic acid.

Tannīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., tannin.

Tantīllum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a little.

Tantum, adv., only.

Sĕmĕl ĭn dĭē tantum, once a day only.

Tantum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., an equal quantity.

Cum tanto ăquæ călidæ, with so much warm water, i.e. with an equal quantity of.

Tantus, ă, um, adj., so much.

Tăraxăcum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., taraxacum, dandelion.

Tarsi, ōrum, m. subs. 2nd decl. (plur. only in phrase Tarsi ŏcŭlōrum, the eyelids).

Tarsus, I, m. subs., the united bones of the foot (anat.).

Tartărātus, ă, um, adj., tartarated.

Tartăricus, ă, um, adj., tartaric. Tartărisātus (old).

Tartărum sŏlūbĭle [P. L., 1745]. Potassæ tartras.

Tartras, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a tartrate

Tēgula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a tile.

Tēla, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., tissue.

Tēla ăseptica, antiseptica, aseptic, and antiseptic tissue [å $v\tau$ i, against; $\sigma'\eta\pi\omega$, to make putrid].

Temperatura, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., temperature.

Ad temperaturam circiter 100° C., to a temperature of about 100° C.

Tempore, Dē. Expressions of Time. Vide p. 185.

Tempus, ŏris, n. subs. 3rd decl., time; also, the temple (forehead), generally plur., tempŏra, the temples.

Linimentum tempori applicandum, the liniment to be applied to the forehead.

Těnāculum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., strainer frame.

Tĕnax, ācis, adj., tenacious.

Tener, era, erum, adj., tender.

Těnŭis, e, adj., thin, slender. Ope těnŭis pēnĭcilli, by means of a fine camel's-hair pencil. Spīrĭtûs těnuĭor, proof spirit.

Těnus, prep. (after governed word), reaching to, as far as (abl.). Brāchio mědio těnus, up to the middle of the arm.

[Also, gen.] Lumborum tenus, as far as the loins.

Crūrum těnus, as far as the legs.

Těpěfăcio, fēci, factum, făcěre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to make warm. Lac těpěfăctum, warmed milk.

Tepidus, a, um, adj., lukewarm, tepid.

Ter, adv., thrice. Ter quotīdie, thrice daily.

Terebenum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., terebene.

Terebinthina, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., turpentine.

T. Cănădensis, Canada balsam.

T. Chia, Chian or Cyprian turpentine.

Tergum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the back (lower part).

Tero, trīvi, trītum, terere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to rub, to triturate.

Terpīnum hydrātum, terpene liydrate.

Terra főliāta minerālis, acetate of sodium (old).

Terra japonica, catechu.

Terræ főliatæ tartari (liquor), solution of acetate of potassium. Tertius, a, um, ord. num. adj., the third.

Terrius, a, um, ord. num. adj., th

Terve [ve enclitic], or thrice.

Thēa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., tea. Cochlĕāre thēæ, a teaspoonful. Thēæpōcŭlum, a teacupful.

Thēīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., caffeine.

Theobroma, ătis, n. subs. 3rd decl., cacao.

Ölĕum thĕobrōmătis, cacao butter.

[θεὸs, a god; βρωμα, ἄτοs, food.]

Theriaca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., treacle.

Thermometrum, \bar{i} , n. subs. 2nd decl., a thermometer $[\theta \epsilon \rho \mu \eta, heat; \mu \epsilon \tau \rho o \nu, a measure]$.

T. centipartītum, Centigrade thermometer.

Thorax, ācis, m. subs. 3rd decl., the chest, thorax.

Thūs, thūris, n. subs. 3rd decl., frankincense.

Thūs Ăměricānum, common frankincense.

Thymol, ŏlis, n. subs. 3rd decl., thymol.

Tībĭa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the shin bone.

Tinctūră, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a tincture (med.).

T. benzőini composita, Friars' balsam.

T. camphoræ composita, paregoric elixir.

Tinctūra mēcōnĭī, Tinctūra ŏpii, Tinctūra thēbāĭca, tincture of opium, laudanum.

[The Nepenthe of Homer was obtained from the Egyptian Thebes; hence the name, Thebaic.]

Tinnıtus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., a tingling.

Tŏlūtānus, ă, um, adj., of tolu (syrūpus).

Tonsillæ, ārum, f. subs. 1st decl., the tonsils.

Tormina, um, n. subs., plur. only, gripings.

Tōtus, ă, um, adj., whole (the).

Tōt, indecl. adj., so many.

Trachea, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the windpipe.

Trăgăcantha, æ, f. subs., tragacanth, gum dragon.

Trans, prep., across (accus.).

Traumăticus, ă, um, adj., wound-healing. Balsamum traumăticum, Friars' balsam [τραθμα, ἄτος, α wound].

Trēs, trĭa, gen. trĭum, adj., three.

Trīduum, ui, n. subs, three days' time.

Per trīduum, during three days.

Trīnitrīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., nitroglycerin.

Triplum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a triple quantity.

Trīticum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., wheat, from trītus, rubbed. Trītici fărīna, flour.

Trīticum rēpens, couch-grass.

Decoctum trītici repentis, decoction of couch-grass.

Trītūrātio, onis, f. subs. 3rd decl., a triturate.

T. rhinītis, triturate for inflammation of the nose.

Trochiscus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a lozenge.

Tubus or Tubulus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., a tube.

T. vitrĕus, a glass tube.

Ope tubuli vitrei, by means of a glass tube.

Tumor, oris, m. subs. 3rd decl., a swelling, a tumour.

Tunicatus, a, um, adj., coated, varnished (pharm.).

Pilulæ tunicātæ, varnished pills.

Tussis, is, acc. tussim, abl. tussi, f. subs. 3rd decl., a cough.

Tuus, ă, um, pron. poss., thine.

Tympănum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., the drum of the ear.

[τύμπανον, a timbrel.]

U.

Übi, adv., where?

Ulcus, eris, plur. ulcera, n. subs. 3rd decl., a sore, ulcer, boil.

Consperge super ulcera, sprinkle over the sores.

Ullus, ă, um, adj., any.

Ulmus, I, f. subs. 2nd decl., the elm.

Ulterior, oris, adj., comp., further. Ultimus, furthest.

Ultrā, prep., on the farther side of (acc.).

Umbilicus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., the navel.

Unā, adv., together with.

Uncia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., an ounce.

Uncia dimidia, and, Uncia dimidium, half an ounce.

Unde, adv., whence?

Unděcim, num. adj. indecl., eleven.

Undecimus, a, um, ord. num. adj., the eleventh.

Unguenta (plural), ointments. Vide p. 183.

Unguentum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., an ointment.

U. ăquæ rosæ, cold cream.

U. de nihilo, zinc ointment.

U. dīachylon, Hebra's ointment. U. rēsīnæ, basilicon.

U. hydrargyri nitrātis, citrine ointment.

Unguis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., the nail.

Unus, ă, um, adj., one.

Urgeo, ursī, urgere, v. a. 2nd conjug., to press, oppress.

Tussi urgente, on an attack of coughing; or, the cough being troublesome.

Ûro, ussi, ustum, ūrěre, v. a. 3rd conjug., to burn.

Urtīca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the nettle.

Ustĭo, ōnis (also Adustĭo), f. subs. 3rd decl., a burn.

Ustus, ă, um, particip., burnt. Magnēsia usta, calcined magnesia.

Usurpo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to use.

Ūsurpētur, let it be used. Ūsurpandus, particip., to be used.

Usus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., use.

Ăd ūsum externum, } for external use. Prô ūsū externo,

Ŭt, conj., as, so that (with subjunct.).

Ūtendus, ă, um, particip., to be used.

Uterque, utraque, utrumque, pron., both the one and the other, each.

Ŭter, utră, utrum, adj. (gen. utrius), which of the two.

Utique, in any case.

Ūtor, eris, ūsus sum, ūtī, v. dep. 3rd conjug., to use (governs abl.). Frequenter ūtere gargarismate, use the gargle frequently.

Utrinque, adv., on both sides.

Uva, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the grape.

Ūvæ Corinthæ, currants. Ūvæ passæ, raisins.

Uvæ ursi folia, bearberry leaves.

Uvula, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the uvula.

V.

Vacca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a cow.

Văcuo, āvi, ātum, āre, v. a. 1st conjug., to empty, free.

Văcuum, ĭ, n. subs. 2nd decl., an empty space, a vacuum.

Extracta in văcuo præparata, extracts prepared "in vacuo."

Văcŭus, ă, um, adj., empty.

Alvo văcuâ, stomacho văcuo, on an empty stomach.

Valdē, adv., greatly.

Vălĕo, ēre, v. n. 2nd conjug. (technical), vălĕre pro, to be of the same value as.

Mĭnĭma centum ĕt decem vălent pro grānis fluĭdis centum, 110 minims equal 100 fluid grains.

Văleriana, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the valerian.

Vălĕriānas, ātĭs, m. subs. 3rd decl., a valerianate.

Vălētūdo, ĭnis, f. subs. 3rd decl., health.

Vălētūdĭnis hăbenda rătio, it is our duty to care for health.

Vannus, ī, f. subs. 2nd decl., a winnowing fan.

Văpor, ōris, m. subs. 3rd decl., steam, vapour.

Văpor (pharm.), an inhalation. V. ăcidi hydrocyanici.

V. chlori, V. conīnæ, V. creosoti, V. iodi, V. ŏlĕi pīni silvestris [Fir-wool oil].

Vās, is (plur. vāsa, ōrum), n. subs. 3rd decl., a vessel, utensil of any kind. Vasculum, a small vessel.

Vās dēnigrātum, bottle protected from the light.

Vās destillātorium, distillatory apparatus.

In vase aperto, in an uncovered vessel. In vase leviter clauso, in a lightly covered vessel.

În vase operto, in a covered vessel.

Vāselīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., vaseline.

Vāselīnum ătropīnæ (atropine).

V. dūrum, hard, V. molle, soft.

Ve, enclitic conj., or (joined to previous word).

Věgěto-miněrālis aqua, Goulard's extract.

Věhículum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., vehicle.

Ex ăliquo vehiculo crasso, in any thick vehicle.

Ex ăliquo vehiculo idoneo, in any suitable vehicle.

Věl, conj., or. Vělut, adv., as.

Vēna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a vein.

Vēnālis, e, adj., for sale, commercial.

Vĕnēnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., poison = φάρμακον

Věněris diē, Friday.

Venter, tris, m. subs. 3rd decl., the belly.

Ventriculus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., the belly, the stomach (pharm.).

Ventriculo, { jējūno, } on an empty stomach.

Vērātrīna, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., veratrine.

Vērātrum, tri, n. subs. 2nd decl., hellebore.

V. album, white hellebore. V. viride, green hellebore.

Vermis, is, m. subs. 3rd decl., a worm.

Vernix, Icis, f. subs. 3rd decl., varnish.

Verro, verri, versum, verrere, v. a. 3rd conjug., to brush.

Verre fauces, brush the throat.

Verrūca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a wart.

Versicolor, oris, adj., changing colour. Iris v., blue flag.

Versus, prep., towards (place or direction) (put after governed word; acc.).

Vertex, icis, m. subs. 3rd decl., crown of the head.

Applicentur hirūdines vertici, let leeches be applied to the lop of the head.

Vertīgo, inis, f. subs. 3rd decl., giddiness, dizziness.

Věrū, ūs, n. subs. 4th decl., a spit.

Věscor, ěris, vescī, v. n. dep. 3rd conjug., to eat (governs ablat.).

Vēsīca, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., the bladder.

Vēsīcālis, e, adj., pertaining to the bladder.

Vēsicans, antis, particip., blistering.

Collodium vēsicans, blistering collodion.

Vēsīcatōrium, ĭī, n. subs. 2nd decl., a blister.

Vēsīcatorius, ă, um, adj., pertaining to a blister.

Vespa, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a wasp.

Contra vespæ ăculeum, against the sting of a wasp.

Vesper, eris, m. subs. 3rd decl., the evening.

Vespere } (used adverbially), in the evening.

Vespera, æ (έσπέρα), f. subs. 1st decl., the evening.

Vester, tra, trum, pronom. adj., your.

Věterrimus, ă, um, adj. superl., oldest.

Větus, ěris, adj., old; plur. větěrēs, větěrum, the ancients.

Vices, f. subs. defect., vicem, vice, vices, vicibus, time, times; lit., changes.

Ad tres vices, three times successively.

Vice (used adverbially), instead of.

Vicissim, adv., alternately.

Vidēlicet, adv., to wit.

Vigilia, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., sleeplessness, and Vigilantia.

Vīnosus, ă, um, adj., pertaining to wine, and Vīnātius.

Cyathus vinosus, a wineglassful.

Ex ăquæ cyatho vīnoso, in a wineglassful of water.

Vīnum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., wine. V. ferri, steel wine.

V. stibiātum, antimonial wine. V. Xericum, sherry.

Vīnī Gallicī, Spīritus, brandy.

Virga, æ, f. subs. 1st decl., a rod. Virga vitrea, a glass rod.

Viridis, e, adj., green.

Hydrargyri iodidum viride, green iodide of mercury.

Vīrosus, ă, um, adj., fetid. Lactūca vīrosa, wild lettuce.

Vīrus, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., poison, a poisonous fluid.

Vīs, acc. vim, abl. vī, f. subs. irreg., strength.

Viscum album, n. subs. 2nd decl., the mistletoe.

Viscus, ĕris (generally plur. viscĕra), n. subs. 3rd decl., the lower entrails.

Vitellus, ī, m. subs. 2nd decl., yolk of an egg.

Ölĕo ŏpe ōvi vĭtelli { sŏlūto, } the oil being suspended by means of yolk of egg.

Vītis, is, f. subs. 3rd decl., the vine.

Vitriolas, ātis, m. subs. 3rd decl., a sulphate (old).

Vitriolatus, a, um, adj., pertaining to a sulphate (old).

Vitriolum, i, n. subs. 2nd decl., vitriol.

V. album, white vitriol. Zinci sulphas.

V. cærŭlĕum, blue vitriol. Cupri sulphas.

V. Martis, green vitriol. Ferri sulphas.

Vitrum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., glass. Vitreus, ă, um, adj.

Vitulus, i, m. subs. 2nd decl., a calf.

Vituli gelatīna, calf's-foot jelly.

Vīvus, ă, um, adj., alive. Argentum vīvum, quieksilver.

Vix, adv., scarcely.

Vŏco, āvi, ātum, ārĕ, v. a. 1st conjug., to call

Mědicāmenta quæ věnēna võcantur, medicaments which are called poisons.

Volo, voluī, velle, pres. part. volens, v. irreg. defect., to be willing, to wish.

Quantum völüĕris, as much as you wish [q.v.].

Vomicus, a, um, adj., producing sickness.

Nux vomica, nux vomica.

Vŏmĭto, āre, v. freq., to vomit often.

Vomitus, ūs, m. subs. 4th decl., vomiting. Vomitū finīto, vomiting having ceased.

Vomo, ŭī, ĭtum, ĕre, v. n. and a. 3rd conjug., to throw up, vomit.

Vulgo, adv., commonly. Vulnus, ĕris, plur. vulnĕra, n. subs. 3rd decl., a wound.

X.

Xeres, or Xeræ vīnum, or Vīnum Xericum, sherry. Xylum iodātum, iodized cotton.

Y.

Yl as a termination latinised, ÿlum. Ex.:—æthÿlum, formÿlum, methÿlum, æthyl, formyl, methyl.

Z.

Zēa Mays, Indian corn, maize. Zinci oxidum, Tutty powder. Zincum, ī, n. subs. 2nd decl., zinc. Zingiber, eris, n. subs. 3rd decl., ginger.

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ENGLISH-LATIN

REFERENCE VOCABULARY

ABBREVIATIONS

A, active. Abl., ablative. Acc., accusative. Adj., adjective. Adv., adverb. Anat., anatomy. Com., common (gender). Comp., comparative. Conj., conjunction. Dep., deponent (verb). Desid., desiderative (verb). F., feminine. Gen., genitive. Impers., impersonal. Incep., inceptive (verb). Indecl., indeclinable. Irreg., irregular.

M., masculine. N., neuter. Ord. num., ordinal numeral. Part., participle. Pass., passive. Plur., plural. Prep., preposition. Pron., pronoun. Pron. demons., indef., posses., pronoun demonstrative, indefinite, possessive. Subj., subjunctive. Subs., substantive. Syn., synonym. V., verb. 1, 2, 3, 4, indicate the conjugation of a verb.

A.
Abdomen, abdomen, inis, n.
Able, to be, v. n. irreg., possum, polui, posse.
About, circiter, prep. and adv. (acc.).
an hour or so after food, horam circiter unam post cibum; about noon, circiter meridiem.
Above, supra, (acc.).
over the sores, supra ulcera.
Absence, in the, absente.
in the absence of fever, febriabsente.

Absent, to be, v., absum, fui, esse,

in the absence of fever, absente

v. n. irreg.

febri.

Absolute alcohol, alcohol absolutum. Abstract, (subs.) abstractum, i, n. Acacia, acacia, a, f. Gum Arabic, acaciæ gummi. Accordance, in [with], following, secundum, prep. (acc.). According as, prout, adv. Account, of, on, ob, prep. propler, prep. (acc.). Accurately, accurate, adv. Accustomed (to be), 2 v. n. pass. (semi-dep.), soleo, solitus sum, Acetanilide, acetanilidum, i, n. Acetate, (an,) ăcētas, ātis, m. Acetic, ăcēticus, a, um, adj. Acetic ether, æther aceticus. naphtha acēti (old).

Acid, acidus, a, um, adj. acid mixture, mistura acida. Acid, (subs.) acidum, i, n. Acid, Carbolic, acid. phenicum. Acid, Hydrochloric, acid. muriaticum (old), a. hydrochloricum. Acid, Hydrocyanic, acid. borussicum (old), a. hydrocyanicum. Acidity, aciditas, ātis, f. acidum, i, n. (Dr. Paris). acerbitas, ātis, f. when troubled with acidity, acido infestante. acor, oris, m. Aconite, aconitum, i, n. Aconitine, aconitina, a, f. Acorn, glans, glandis, f.

Act, (subs.) actus, ūs, m. in the act of effervescence, in actu effervescentiæ.

Acorn coffee, glandes quercus tosta.

Across, trans, prep. (acc.).

Act, (in the very act of,) impětu. of effervescence, impetu effervescentiæ.

Act, 3 v. a., ago, ēgi, actum, ere. until the bowels shall have acted, donec dejecerit alvus [medical phrase]; also, the phrase, if the bowels have not acted sufficiently, si alvus non plenè responderit.

Add (thou) v. adde, imperat. [distinguish between ad, prep., up to, and adde]; to add, 3 v. a., addo, didi, ditum, ere; 3 v. a., adjicio, jeci, jectum, cere.

Adhesive, adhæsīvus, adj.

Adhesive plaster, emplastrum

Adult, (subs.) adultus, i, m. Adulterated, inquinātus, a, um, adj. Adulteration, inquināmentum, i, n.

Affect, I v. a., affecto, āvi, atum, are. Used in passive, to be seized with illness, morbo affectāri.

Affect, 3 v. a., afficio, feci, fectum,

Affected, affectus, a, um, part. from afficio.

on the affected parts, partibus affectis.

affinity with, having, affinis, e,

After, post (acc.).

afternoon, post meridiem [p.m.]. Afternoon, (of the,) pomeridianus, a, um, adj.

Afterwards, postea, adv.

Again, rursus, adv.

Against, adversus or adversum, prep. (acc.)

contrà, prep. (acc.). Agaric, laricis bolētus.

Aid, ops, opis, abl. ope, f.
camphor reduced to powder by
means of spirit of wine, camphora ope spiritus vini in
pulverem redacta, i.e. by the

aid of.
by means of alcohol, ope alcoholis.

by means of a camel-hair pencil, ope penicilli.

Air, (the,) aër, aëris, acc. aëra, or aërem, m.

Albumen, albūmen, inis, n. Alcohol, alcohol, ölis, n.

ethylic alcohol, a., ethylicum. absolute, alcohol absolutum.

dissolved by means of alcohol, ope alcoholis solūtus, a, um.

Aldehyde, aldehydum, i, n.

Alder (black), Rhamnus Frangüla. Alive, vivus, a, um, adj.

quicksilver, argentum vivum.

Alkaline, alkalīnus, a, um, adj. Alleviate, 4 v. a. and n., lenio, īvi, and ii, ītum, ire.

until the pain may be relieved,

donec dolor leniātur, (or) donec

dolor levatus sit.

Allowed, (it is,) vide lawful, licet.

Almond, amygdala, æ, f. bitter almond, a. amāra. sweet almond, a. dulcis.

Almond mixture, mistura amygdalæ.

amygdalum and Almond - tree, amygdalus. Aloe, aloe, es, i. Vide p. 5. Barbados or Curação aloes, a. Barbadensis. Socatrine aloes, a. Socotrina. [also Hepatic. a. hepatica.] Aloin, aloinum, i, n. Alone, solus, a, um, adj. Meaning "without," sine. The drops to be taken with water, or alone, guttæ ex aqua vel sine aqua sumenda. Alternate, alternus, a, um, adj. every other hour, alternis horis. every other night, alterna nocte. Alternately, invicem, adv. vicissim, adv. Alum, alūmen, inis, n. burnt alum, a. ustum. dried alum, a. exsiccatum. Always, semper, adv. Amber, succinum, i, n. oil of amber, oleum succini. electrum, i, n. Amend, I v. a., emendo, āvi, atum, Ammonia, ammonia, æ, f. NH3. Ammonium, ammonium, ii, n. NH4. Ammonium carbonate, alkāli volatile (old), ammonii carbonas. Among, inter, prep. (acc.). Amyl, amylum, i, n. nitrite of amyl, amyli nitris (ītis, m.). Amylic alcohol, alcohol amylicum. And, et, conj.; ac, conj. and also, atque, conj. que, (enclitic) nocte maneque, night and morning.

Anil, Portuguese for indigo.

Animal, (subs.) animal, ālis, ālia

animal (curd) soap, sapo animalis.

Aniline, anilinum, i, n.

Animal, animālis, e, adj.

anise water, aqua anisi.

(plur.), n.

Anise, anisum, i, n.

Ankle, malleolus, i, m.

Ankle-bone, talus, i, m. Anodyne, anodynus, a, um, adj. used in the title Hoffman's Anodyne, Liquor Hoffmanni Ano-Spiritus Ætheris compositus.] Otherwise the adjective is "sedatīvus." Another, alius, alia, aliud. gen., alīus. Answer to, 2 v. a. to act [pharm.], respondeo, di, sum, dere. until the bowels shall have acted, donec alvus responderit. unless the bowels have well acted, nisi alvus bene responderit. Ant, formica, a, f. Antidote, antidotum, i, n. Antifebrin, acētanilidum, i, n. Antimonial, antimonialis, e, adj. antimonial powder, pulvis Jacōbi. antimonial wine, vinum antimoniāle; vinum stibiātum. Antimony, antimonium, ii, n. stibium, ii, n. Antipyrine, phēnazonum, i, n. Any, ullus, a, um, adj. Any you will, quivis, quævis, quidvis (quodvis), pron. indef. Aperient, catharticus, a, um, adj. Aperient, aperiens, entis, part from, to open, 4 v. a., aperio. Aperture, forāmen, inis, n. Apomorphine, apomorphina, a, f. Apozēme, (compound decoction), apozēma, ătis, măta, (plur.), n. Apparatus, apparātus, ūs, m. Apple (made from), pomātus, a, um, adj. (pomum). Apple-tree, mālus, i, f. (ā long). Applied, to be, applicandus, a, um; adhibendus, a, um, part. Apply, I v. a., applico, āvi, atum, are; 2 v. a., adhibeo, ŭi, itum, admoveo, vide move. Arabic gum, acaciæ gummi. Araroba powder, Goa powder, araroba, æ, f. chrysarobīnum, z, n.

Arm, brachium, ii, n. (from elbow), lacertus, i, m. (upper bone), huměrus, i, m.

Armpit, axilla, æ, f.

ala, æ, f.

the right, ala dextra; the left arm-pit, ala læva.

Aromatic, arōmaticus, a, um, adj. aromatic confection, confectio aromatica, cardiăca.

aromatic spirit of ammonia, spiritus ammoniæ aromaticus.

Aromatic sulphuric acid, acidum sulphuricum aromaticum, elixir Mynsichti.

Aromatic vinegar, acētum Britanni-

Around, circa, circum, prep. (acc.). Arrowroot, maranta, æ, f.

Arsenate, (an,) arsenas, ātis, m., to replace old term.

Arseniate, (an,) arsenias, ātis, m. Arsenic, As, (element,) arsenium, ii, n.

Arsenic, white, arsenious acid, arsenious anhydride, acidum arseniosum, arsenicum album.

Arsenical, arsenicālis, e, adj.

Fowler's solution, Liquor arsenicalis.

Arsenite, (an,) arsenis, ītis, m.

Liquor potassæ arsenitis (old name for L. arsenicalis).

Art, ars, artis, f. with art, skilfully, lege artis, or secundum artem [S.A.].

Artery, artēria, a, f.
Artificial, factitius, a, um, adj.
artificial Carlsbad salt, sal Carolinum factitium.

As, ut, conj. (ut, so that, with subjunct.).

As, velut, adv.

Asafetida, asafetida, æ, f. Asbestos, amianthus, i, m.

As far as, tenus, prep., abl. and gen.

As often as, quoties, adv. Ashes, cinis, ĕris, m.

Potassium carbonate (impure), cineres clavellati [obsolete]. Aside, (to lay,) 3 v. a., sepono, posui,

positum, ponere.

Ass, (she) asina, æ, abl. plur., ābus. asses' milk, lac asinārum, or asinarium.

Asthma paper, charta fumifera, c. nitrāta.

At, apud, prep. (acc.). At least, saltem, adv. Atropine, atropina, æ, f.

Attack, 3 v. n., invādo, si, sum,

Attack, (subs.) accessio, ōnis, f. of pain, accessio dolōris. impēlus, ūs, m.

insultus, ūs, m.

Attempt, v. dep., conor, āris, conatus sum, conāri.

Attempt, (subs.) nisus, ūs, m. attempts to vomit, nisūs ad vomit-tum.

Author, auctor, oris, m,

B.

Back, (subs.) dorsum, i, n. (lower part), tergum, i, n.

Bad, mălus, a, um, adj. (ă short) comp., pējor; superl., pessi-

Balance, *libra*, æ, f. Ball, pila, æ (i short).

pads of cotton-wool, gossypii absorbentis pilæ.

Balsam, balsamum, i, n.

Canada balsam, b. Canadense, terebinthina Canadensis.

Bandage, ligamentum, i, n. bandages for wounds, vulnerious ligamenta.

fascia, æ, f.
linen bandage, fascia lintea.
to undo or open the bandages,
fascias resolvere.

Barbados, of or from, Barbadensis, e, adj.

Barley, hordeum, et, n. barley-water, hordei decoctum. barley meal, hordei farina. Bark, cortex, icis, m. (and f.). Basilicon, unguentum resinæ. Bath, balneum, ei, n. cold bath, b. frigidum. sand-bath, b. arenæ sea-water bath, b. maris. hot bath, b. calidum. tepid bath, b. tepidum. vapour-bath, b. vaporis. water-bath, b. maria. Bathe, v., vide wash, lavo. Battery fluid, liquor electropæicus. Beaker, cucurbita, æ, f. put it into a glass beaker, in cucurbitam vitream immitte. Bean, faba, æ, f. Calabar bean, physostigmătis faba. physostigmătis semina. a piece the size of a bean, ad magnitudinem fabæ. Bear, v. a. irreg., ferro, tuli, latum, ferre. Bearberry leaves, uvæ ursi folia. Beautiful, adj., pulcher, chra, chrum. comp., pulchrior; superl., pulcherrimus. Beberine, beberina, æ, f. Bebeeru, nectandra, a, f. Become, v., fio, vide to be made. Bedroom, cubiculum, i, n. Bedtime, horâ decubitūs, horâ som-111. Beef-marrow, medulla bovina. Beef-tea, jus bovillum or bovinum, jusculum, i, n. Beer, cerevisia, æ, f. Beer yeast, cerevisiæ fermenlum. Beeswax, white, cera alba. yellow, cera flava. Before, ante, prep. (acc.); prius, adv. before noon, ante meridiem [a.m.], antea, adv. Before, (in comparison with,) præ,

prep. (abl.).

Behalf of, on, pro, prep. (abl.).

Behind, pone, prep. (acc.). posterus, a, um, adj. comp., posterior; superl., postrēmus and postumus. Behoves, it, (one ought,) 2 v. n., impers., oportet, oportuit, ere. Belladonna, belladonna, a, f. atropa, æ, f. Belly, venter, tris, m. ventricillus, i, m. alvus, i, f. [note gender]. Below, infrà, prep. (acc.); also adv. Beneath, inférus, a, um, adj. Benefit, v., vide to be useful, prosum. Benzoate, (a,) benzoas, ātis, m. Benzoin, benzoinum, i, n. Benzol, benzol, ŏlis, n. Berlin porcelain dish, patina porcellanica. Berry, bacca, æ, f. Besides, præter, prep. (acc.). Besprinkle, 3 v. a., conspergo, si, sum, ere. Best, optimus; superl. from bonus. Better, melior; comp. from bonus. Between, inter, prep. (acc.). Beverage, vide drink, potus, ūs, m. Biborate, biboras, ătis, m.; biborate of sodium, sodii biboras. Bicarbonate, (a,) bicarbonas, ātis, m. Bichloride, (a,) bichloridum, i, n. Bichromate, (a,) bichromas, ātis, m. Bind, 3 v. a., adstringo (or ast), nxi, ictum, ere. bound, adstrictus, a, um, part Bind, I v. a., dēligo, āvi, atum, arc. Bismuth, bismuthum, i, n. Bisulphide, a, bisulphidum, i, n. Bit (small piece), frustum, i, n. and frustillum, i, n. Bite, morsus, ūs, m. Bitter, amārus, a, um, adj. Black, niger, ra, rum, adj. jet-black, ater, atra, atrum, adj. Black alder, Rhamnus Frangüla. Black draught, haustus niger, mistura sennæ composita. Black wash, lotio hydrargyri nigra.

Bladder, vesīca, æ, f. ;
vesicālis, e, adj.
Blanc de perle, bismuthi oxychloridum.
Blaud's pill, pilula ferri.

Bleeding, (continued,) hamorrhagia, a, f.

Blend, v. n. and a., cočo, īvi, or ii, itum, ire.

until they perfectly mix (emulsions), donec perfecte coeant.

Blister, (subs.) vesicatōrium, ii, n. vesicatorius, a, um, adj.

Blister, emplastrum cantharidis, emplastrum lyttæ, emplastrum vesicatorium. vesicatorium, ii, n.

to dress a blister, vesicatorium curăre or nutrire.

Blister-fly, canthăris, idis, f. melöe, ēs, melöen, m. (melöe vesicatorius, Linn.)

Blistering, epispasticus, a, um, adj. Blistering tissue, tēla epispastica. vesicans, antis, part.

vesicatorius, a, um, adj.

Blistering collodion, collodium vesicans.

Blistering liquid, liquor epispasticus. Blistering paper, charta epispastica. Blood, sanguis, ĭnis, m.

dessicated, sanguis bovīnus exsiccātus.

Blotting-paper, charta bibiila.

Blue, cærulĕus, (æ and æ), a, um, adj. bluish-grey or green, cæsius, a, um, adj. (said of sulphate of iron crystals).

let the crystals be bluish green, sint crystalli è casio virides.

Blue pill, pilula hydrargyri.

Blue vitriol, vitriolum caruleum, cupri sulphas.

Body, corpus, corporis, plur. corpora, n.

Bogbean, menyanthes, is, f. Boil, ulcus, ĕris, plur. ulcera, n. Boil, 3 v. a. coquo, coxi, coctum, coquere. Boil down, v. dēcŏquo.

Boiling, bulliens, entis, part. Boiling hot, fervens, entis, adj.

Bone, ös, ossis, n.

Bone ash, os ustum. Bone-black, ebur ustum.

animal charcoal, carbo ossium. hip bone, os innominātum.

Book, liber, bri (i short), m. Borax, borax, ācis, m. sodii biboras,

s. pyroboras.

Born, natus, a, um, part. from nascor, age—thus expressed, for a child ten years old, infanti

Both, both together, ambo, a, o, adj. Both sides, (on,) utrinque, adv.

Both the one and the other, each, uterque, utrăque, utrumque, pron.

Bottle, phiăla, æ, f.; ampulla, æ, f. stoppered bottle, phiala obturāta. a suitable vessel, a. idonea (old).

Bottle, small; laguncula, æ, f. keep in well stoppered small bottles, servà in lagunculis bene obturātis.

Bottom, (subs.) imum, i, n.

Bougie, cereolus, i, m.

bougie-nasal, buginarium, ii, n. Bound, astrictus, a, um, part. (astringo).

Bowels, alvus, i, f, (not plur.). confined, alvo astrictâ. relaxed, alvo laxatâ.

Box, (chip or wooden,) scatŭla, æ, f. put it into a box, detur ad scatulam.

pill-box, pyxis, idis, f. powder-box, pyxis chartacea.

Brain, cerebrum, i, n. Bran, furfur, ŭris, m. Brandy, spiritus vini Ga

Brandy, spiritus vini Gallici.

Brass, as, aris, n.

Brass (of), ahēneus and aēneus, a, um, adj.

Bread, panis, is, m. crumb of bread, panis mica.

unleavened bread, panis azymus. Breakfast, jentācülum, i, n.

Break out, 3 v. a. and n., erumpo, rūpi, ruptum, rumpere.

Breast, pectus, ŏris, n. mamilla, æ, f.

Breast-bone, sternum, i, n. Breath, anhelitus, ūs, m.

halitus, ūs, m.

Breathing, (subs.) flatus, ūs, m. whilst breathing is heavy, dum flatus infestat.

Breathing, difficulty of, dyspnaa,

Broad, lātus, a, um, adj.

a plaster with a wide margin, emplastrum margine lato.

Bromal, bromal, ālis, n.

Bromide, (a,) bromidum, i, n.

Bromine, bromum, i, n.

Bronze, æs, æris, n.
Broom, scōparius, ii, m. decoctum scoparii, decoction of broom.

Broom tops, scoparii cacumina.

Broth, jus, juris, n.

beef tea, jus bovillum or bovi-

gruel, jusculum avenaceum jusculum, i, n.

Brown, fuscus, a, um, adj.

Brown soap plaster, emplastrum saponis fuscum.

Brown sugar, sacchărum fuscum. Bruise, (subs.) contusio, ōnis, f.

Bruise, 3 v. a., contero, trīvi, trītum, terere.

3 v. a., contundo, túdi, tusum, tundere.

Brush, (subs.) pēnicillum, i, n. [camel's hair] brush or pencil for the throat, p. pro gutture.

Brush, 3 v. a., verro, verri, versum, verrere.

Buckthorn, Rhamnus catharticus.
Burn, (subs.) ustio, onis, f., and adustio.

Burn, 3 v. a., uro, ussi, ustum,

Burn up, 3 v. a., in pharm. v. n., combūro, ussi, ustum, combūrere.

completely burning up when lighted, ignītus plane com-

būrens.

Burnt, ustus, a, um, part.

calcined magnesia, magnesia usta. But, sed, conj.

But that, quin, conj. (with subj.).

Butter, butyrum, i, n.

butter of antimony, liquor antimonii chloridi.

cacao butter, oleum theobromătis. By or from, a, ab, abs, prep. abl.

By means of, ope. Vide aid, ops.

Byne, (malt,) Bynē, ēs, f.; also, maltum, i, n.

liquid extract of malt, extractum binēs liquidum.

C.

Cacao, theobroma, ătis, n.

cacao butter, oleum theobromatis. Cachets, celaria, plur. n. (term

suggested). Caffeine, caffeina, æ, f.

Cajuput, cajuputi, n. indecl.

Cake (after pressing), placenta, a, f. linseed oil cake, p. seminis lini.

Calabar bean, physostigma, ătis, n. physostigmătis faba, vel semen.

Calamine, calamina, æ, f.

Calcined magnesia, magnesia usta.

Caldron, lebes, ētis, m. Calf of the leg, sura, æ, f.

Call, I v. a., voco, āvi, atum, are, and 3 v. a., dico, dixi, dictum, ere.

medicaments which are called poisons, medicamenta quæ venēna vocantur.

commonly called poisons, vulgo venēna dicta.

Calomel, Calomelas, anos, m. Vide p. 110, also n. indecl.

Mercurius dulcis. Mercurius pracipitātus albus.

Calumba, or Colombo, calumba, æ, f. Cambric, sindon, ŏnis, f.

Camel-hair brush or pencil, pēntcillum, i, n. (the term, camel, camelus, now omitted).

brush for the throat, p. pro

gutture.

Camphor, camphora, æ, f. smelling strongly of camphor, camphoram redolens.

Camphor water, aqua, vel mistura camphoræ.

Camphorated oil, linimentum camphorae, oleum camphoratum.

Camphorodyne, camphorodinum, i,

Canada balsam, balsamum Canadense, terebinthina Canadensis.

Canine, caninus, a, um, adj. dog-rose, rosa canina.

Caoutchouc, elastica, a, f., solution, liquor elastica.

Capsicum, capsicum, i, n.

Capsule, capsŭla, æ, f.

Caraway fruit, carui fructus. Caraway water, aqua carui.

Carbolic acid, acidum carbolicum.

acid. phenicum.

phēnol, ŏlis, n.

Carbon bisulphide and disulphide, carbonis bisulphidum vel disulphidum.

Carbonate, (a,) carbonas, ātis, m. Cardamom, cardamōmum, i, n.

Cardiac, (for indigestion,) cardiácus, a, um, adj.

Carefully, accurate, adv. caute, adv.

Carmine, carmīnum, i, n.

Carron oil, linimentum calcis (with ol. lini).

Cáscăra Sagrâda, Rhamnus Purshiānus.

Cascarilla, cascarilla, æ, f. Case, in any, utique, adv. Cassia pulp, cassiæ pulpa.

Castor oil, oleum ricini. oleum palmæ Christi.

Castor-oil plant, ricinus, i, m. Cataract (of the eye), glaucoma, ălis, n.

Catechu, n. subs. indecl., terra japonica.

Cathartic, catharticus, a, um, adj.

Cause, causa, a, f.

Caustic, a, causticum, i, n. lunar caustic, argenti nitras. mitigated, argenti nitras mitigātus, causticum mite.

toughened, argenti nitras indurātus, causticum forte.

Caustic (adj.) causticus, a, um. Caustic potash, potassa caustica. Caustic soda, soda caustica.

Cease, I v. n., cesso, āvi, atum,

until the pain shall have ceased, donec cessaverit dolor.

Cerate, cerātum, i, n. lip-salve, c. rosātum.

Certain one, (a,) quidam, pron. indef.

Chalk, creta, a, f.

chalk mixture, mistura alba, mistura cretæ.

camphorated chalk, c. camphorāta.

French chalk, c. Gallica.
prepared chalk, c. præparata.
grev powder, hydrargyrum cu.

grey powder, hydrargyrum cum cretâ.

Chalybeate, chalybeātus, a, um, adj. Chamomile, anthěmis, idis, f.

Change, I v. a., muto, āvi, ātum, are.

Charcoal, carbo, onis, m.

animal charcoal, bone black, c. animālis.

charcoal poultice, carbonis cataplasma.

wood charcoal, c. ligni [animal charcoal, c. ossium].

Cheek, bucca, a, f.

Cheeks, mālæ, ārum, plur. f.

Cheese, caseus, ei, m.

Cherish, 3 v. a. (to warm), foveo, fovi, fotum, ere.

Cherry-bark, (wild,) prunus Virginiāna.
Cherry laurel, Laurocerăsus, i, f.
Cherry-laurel water, Aqua Lauro-

cerasi.

Chest, pectus, ŏris, n. (med.).

sternum, i, n.

thorax, ācis, m. (med.).

Chestnut, castanea, æ, f.

Chew, I v. a., mandūco, āvi, ātum,

Chiefly, imprīmis, adv. Child, infans, antis (com.).

Child, infans, antis (com.). Chin, mentum, i, n. Chip, rāmentum, i, n.

iron scales, ferri ramenta.

Chiretta, or chirayta, chirata vel

Chittem bark, Cásçăra Sagrâda.

Chloral, chloral, ālis, n.

Chlorate, (a,) chloras, ātis, m. Chloric, chloricus, a, um, adj.

Chloric ether, spiritus chloroformi.

Chloride, (a,) chloridum, i, n. Chlorinated, chlorinātus, a, um, adj.

Chlorine, chlorum, i, n. C. water, aqua chlori.

Chlorodyne, chlorodinum, i, n. Chloroform, chloroformum, i, n.

C. water, aqua chloroformi.
Choose, 3 v. a., dēligo. Vide select.
Chrysarobin, chrysarobīnum, i, n.
chrysarobin, crude, ărărōba, æ, f.

Cicutine, conina, a, f.

Cimicifuga, cimicifugæ rhizoma [Actææ radix].

Cinchona, cinchona, æ, f.

Cinchonæ rubræ cortex, red cinchona bark.

Cinchonidine, cinchonidina, æ, f. Cinchonine, cinchonina, æ, f. Cinnamon, cinnamonum, i, n.

Citrate, (a,) citras, ātis, m. Citric, citricus, a, um, adj.

Citrine ointment, urguentum hydrargyri nitrātis.

Claret-glass, cyăthus medius vel modicus [Erasmus Wilson]. Clarified, despumātus, a, um, part. clarified honey, mel despumatum. Clay, (white,) argilla, æ, f.

Clay, (white,) argula, ae, i.
Clay, (made of,) fictilis, e, adj.
earthenware jar, olla fictilis.

lŭteus, a, um, adj. (ŭ short). Clear, candĭdus, a, um, adj.

Clest, scissus, a, um.

Close shaven, abrāsus, a, um, part. (abrādo).

Cloth, pannus, i, m.

Clove, caryophyllus, i, m.; often plur. caryophylli.

dried flower-bud, caryophyllum,

Clyster, enema, ătis, plur. enemăta, n. (note gender). Vide p. 177.

Coal-tar solution, liquor picis carbōnis, liquor picis ligni fossiiis. prepared coal-tar, pix carbōnis liquida præparāta.

Coated, tunicātus, a, um, adj. coated pills, pilulæ tunicatæ.

Coca leaves, cocæ folia. Cocaine, cocaīna, æ, f. Cochineal, coccus, i, m. Cocoa, cacão, onis, m.

cocoa-butter, butyrum cacaonis

[Continental].

Cod, morrhua, a, f. [Gadus Morrhua].

cod-liver oil, oleum morrhuæ.
oleum Gadi [rare].
asellus, i, m. [rare].
oleum jecoris aselli.

Codeine, or Codeia, codeina, a, f.

Coffee, coffea arabica. Colander, colum, i, n.

Colchicum, colchicum, i, n.

Colchicum corm, colchici cormus. seeds, c. semina.

Cold, frigus, oris, n.

make the suppositories and put them in a freezing mixture, fiant suppositoria frigore adhibito.

Cold, frigidus, a, um, adj.

in cold water, ex aquâ frigidâ. Cold cream, cremor frigidus.

cold cream, unguentum aquærosæ.

Cold-drawn, sine igne.
cold-drawn castor oil, oleum ricini
sine igne præparatum.
Collodion, collodium, ii, n.
blistering, c. vessicans.
for corns and warts, c. callōsum.
flexible, c. flexile.
Colocynth, colocynthis, idis, f.
Colophony, resīna, æ, f.

Colophony, resīna, æ, f.
Colour, color, ōris, m.
Coloured, colorātus, a, um.

Colourless, coloris expers. sine colore. Come on, 3 v. n. attack, invādo, si, sum, dere.

the fit coming on, invadente paroxysmo.

Come together, coeo, īvi or ii, ĭtum, ire.

Commence, 4 v. a. and n., ineo, ivi, and ii, initum, inire, part. pres., inčuns, untis.

at the commencement of the fit, paroxysmo ineunte.

Commercial, (for sale,) venālis, e, adj.

Common, commūnis, e, adj. undistilled water, aqua communis. for an ordinary drink, pro potu communi.

Commonly, vulgo, adv.

Comparison with, in, præ, prep. (abl.).

Compound, compositus, a, um, adj. Concentrated, concentrātus, a, um, adj.

Concerning, de, prep. abl. concerning time, de tempore.

Condition, status, ūs, m.
Confection, confectio, ōnis, f.
aromatic confection, c. aromatica
c. cardiăca.

confection of pepper, c. piperis [Ward's paste].

lenitive electuary, c. sennæ. [occasionally, conserva, æ, f.].

Confined, adstrictus, a, um, part. the bowels being confined, alvo adstrictâ.

Conine, conina, a, f.

Conserve, (subs.) conservă, æ, f.

(not conservā, keep thou). Consistence, densitas, ātis, f.

let it evaporate to a pilular consistence, ad massæ pilularum densitatem evaporet.

Consistence, spissitūdo, inis, f.

to a suitable consistence, ad spissitudinem idončam.

to a syrupy consistence, ad syrupi spissitudinem; sometimes only, ad syrupum.

Constantly, assidue.

[not constanter, steadily, firmly.] Continue, 3 v. n., persisto, stiti, stere.

let the patient continue the use of the mixture, persistat in usu misturæ.

Continuously, continuò, adv.
Contrary to, contrà, prep. (acc.).

adversus or adversum, prep.
(acc.).

Convulsion, convulsio, ōnis, f. Cook, 3 v. a., coquo, coxi, coctum, coquere.

Copaiba, or copaiva, copaiba, æ, f. Copper, cuprum, i, n.

Copper acetate, arūgo, inis, f.

Copper, (of,) ahēneus and aēneus, a, um, adj.

Copy, (of a prescription), exemplum, i, n.

Cord, funiculus, i, m.

Cordial, (subs.) cordiale, is; plur., cordialia, n.

Cordial, (adj.) aromaticus, a, um. cordial draught, haustus aromaticus.

Cork, suber, ěris, n.
suberīnus, a, um, adj.
cork-stopper, epistomium suberīnum.

Cork, a, phellus, i, m. Corm, a, cormus, i, m. Corn, (anat.,) clavus, i, m. Corn, frumentum, i, n. Corn, Indian, Zēa Mays. Correct, 3 v. a., corrigo, rexi, rectum, rigere.

Corrosive sublimate, hydrargyri perchloridum.

Cotton, gossypium, ii, n. absorbent wool, g. absorbens. pads of cotton wool, gossypii

absorbentis pilæ.

gun-cotton, g. fulminans. medicated cotton wools, gossypia

varia.
Cotton, (iodized,) xylum iodātum.
Cotyledon, cotylēdon, ŏnis, f.

Couch-grass, triticum repens.

couch-grass decoction, decoctum

tritici repentis.

Cough, tussis, is; accus., tussim; abl., tussi, f.

Court plaster, sericum anglicum.

Cover, operculum, i, n.

a cover fitted with a small hole, o. foramine parvo instructum.

Covered, opertus, a, um, part.

Cow, vacca, a, f.

Cream, cremor, ōris, m. cold cream, c. frigidus. zinc cream, c. zinci.

Cream of tartar, potassii tartras acidus.

Creatin, creatīnum, i, n. Creosote, creosōtum, i, n. kreosōtum, i, n. (continental).

Croton, croton, onis, n.

croton oil, oleum crotonis [croton Tiglium].

Crown, the (head) vertex, icis, m. let leeches be applied to the top of the head, applicentur hirudines vertici.

Crumb, mica, æ, f.

crumb of bread, mica panis.

Crystal, crystallus, i, f. (note gender).

Cubebs, cubeba, a, f.

Cucumber, cucumis, eris, m.

cucumber ointment, unguentum cucumeris.

squirting cucumber, echallium, ii,

Cultivate, 3 v. a., cŏlo, colui, cultum, ere.

Cup, little, pocillum, i, n. cup, pōcŭlum, i, n. cyăthus, i, m. (classic).

Cupping-glass, cucurbita, æ, f. Curação aloes, aloe Barbadensis.

Curd soap, sapo animālis.

Curdled, seripărus, a, um, adj. liquid rennet, liquor seripărus.

Cure, I v. a., curo, āvi, atum, are. to dress a blister, curare vesicatorium [also, nutrire].

Currant, ribes, is, n. black, ribes nigrum.

red, ribes rubrum, ribēsium, ii, n.

Currants, uvæ Corinthæ, passülæ minores.

Cut, 3 v. a., incido, cidi, cisum, cidere.

Cut asunder, 3 v. a., scindo, scidi, scissum, scindere, scissus, a, um, part.

Cut up, 3 v. a., concīdo, cīdi, cīsum,

Cuticle, (outer skin,) cutīcula, æ, f. Cuttlefish bone, os sepiæ. Cyanide, (a,) cyanīdum, i, n.

D.

Daily, quotidie, adv.
Dandelion, taraxacum, i, n.
Day, dies, ēi, m. and f.
Day after, postridie, adv.
Day after to-morrow, perendie, adv.
perendinus, a, um, adj.

Days—two days' period, biduum; three days' period, trīduum.

Death, mors, mortis, f.

Decayed, exēsus, a, um, part. from exēdo.

decayed tooth, dens exēsus. Decoction, decoctum, i, n.

Decolorized, decolorātus, a, um, adj. colourless tincture of iodine, tinctura iodi decolorāta.

Decorticated, (without integument) decorticatus, a, um, adj.

Degrees, (by,) pedetentim, adv.
Deliquescent, humescens, entis, part.
Deliquescing, deliquescens, entis,
part.

Density, densitas, ătis, f. spissitudo, inis, f.

Deposit, sedimentum, i, n.

Dessertspoonful, cochleare medium, modicum, or mediocre.

Detannated, detannātus.

Detergent, detergens, entis, part. Diacetate, (a,) diacētas, ātis, m. Dialysed, dialysātus, a, um, adj. Dialysed iron, ferrum dialysātum.

Die, 3 v. dep., morior, mortuus sum, mori.

Difficult, difficilis, e, adj.

more diff., difficilior; most or very, difficillimus.

Difficulty of breathing, dyspnæa, æ, f. Digest, 3 v. a., digero, gessi, gestum, digerere, (med.).

Dill, anēthum, i, n.
dill water, aqua anēthi.
Dilute, v., vide dissolve.

Diluted, dilūtus, a, um, adj.

Diminish, 3 v. a., imminuo, ui, ūtum, uere.

Dine, 2 v. n. and a, prandeo, prandi and pransus sum, ere.

Dinner, prandium, ii, n.

about to dine, pransūrus, a, um, part., ie ante prandium.

[on sitting down to dinner, pransūrus].

Direct, 3 v. a., dirigo, rexi, rectum, ere.

Directed, (as,) more dicto.

Disappear, 3 v. n. incep., evanesco, anui, escere.

Discs, lamellæ, ārum, plur. f. [official].

Disease, morbus, i, m.

to be seized with illness, morbo affectāri.

Dish, evaporating, patina, æ, f. Dispensing, (subs.) dispensatio, ōnis, f. shake before dispensing, ante dispensationem agita.

Display, 2 v. a., exhibeo, ui, ūtum, ere.

Dissolve, 3 v. a., dilno, ui, ūtum, ere.

Dissolve, 3 v. a., (loosen) solvo, solvi, solūtum, solvere.

Dissolved, (pharm.) solūtus, a, um, part.

Distil, I v. a., destillo, āvi, atum, are.

Distillation, destillatio, ōnis, f. Distilled spirit, (a,) alcoolātum, i, n.

Distilled water, (a,) aqua destillata hydrolātūm, i, n.

distilled rose water, hydro!ātum rosæ [continental].

Disulphate, (a,) disulphas, ātis, m. Disulphide, disulphidum, i, n.

Divide, 3 v. a., dīvido, visi, visum, ere.

Dizziness, vertīgo, inis, f. Do, 3 v. a., ago, ēgi, actum, ere. Donovan's solution, liquor arsenii

et hydrargyri iödidi.

Dose, dosis, is, dosin, dosi, f. (note gender).

Doses, maximum, doses maxima.
Double, duplex, icis, adj.;
abl., duplici.

Double, (subs.) duplum, i, n. (twice the quantity).

Douche, nasal, collūnārium, ii, n. Dover's powder, pulvis ipecacuanhae compositus.

Down from, de, prep. (abl.). Drachm, drachma, æ, f.

Draught, haustus, ūs, m.

our aperient draught, i.e., private formula, haustus furgans noster; draughts, haustūs.

Drawn over, (distillation,) elicitus, a, um, part.

until thirty ounces are drawn over, donec unciæ triginta elicitæ sint.

Dregs, quisquiliæ, ārum, f.

Dress a blister, (to,) curo, curare, nutrio, ire, vesicatorium.

dress the sore with simple cerate, nutri ulcus cerato simplici.

Dried thoroughly, exsiccatus, a, um, part.

Drink, (subs.) potus, us, m. still lemonade, potus citrātus. for an ordinary drink, pro polu communi.

Drink, 3 v. a., bibo, bibi, ere. Drop, I v. n. and a., stillo, are. Drop, gutta, æ, f.; "Drops," guttæ. Dropsy, hydrops, opis, m. Drug, medicamentum, i, n. Drum of the ear, tympănum, i, n. Dung, faces, plur. f. During, per, prep. (acc.). Dusting powder, pulvis conspersus. Dwarf, pumilio, onis (comm.).

E.

Each, quisque, quæque, quicque or quodque, pron. indef. meaning every: every fourth hour, quartà quàque horà.

Each, singülus, a, um, adj. with each dose, singulâ quâque dosi.

Each, (both the one and the other,) uterque, utrăque, utrumque, pron.

Each, of, aa, āna. Ear, the, auris, is, f. right ear, auris dextra. left ear, auris læva.

behind the ears, pone aures. Ear (pertaining to), auditorius, a, um, adj.

ear drum, tympănum, i, n. ear passage, meātus auditorius. Earthenware, fictilis, e, adj.

earthenware jar, olla fictilis. Easy, facilis, e, adj. comp., facilior.

superl., facillimus. Eat, 3 v. a. irreg., edo, edi, esum,

edere.

before eating, ante edendum. v. vescor, eris, vesci, 3 n. dep. (governs abl.).

Eau de Cologne, spiritus odorātus.

Effervescence, effervescentia, a, f. the effervescence being finished, effervescentià peractà.

in the act of effervescence, in actu effervescentia.

in a state of effervescence, in statu effervescentiæ, [occasionally dum effervescens.

Effloresced, dilapsus, part. [dilabor].

Egg, ovum, i, n. white of egg, ovi albumen.

yolk of egg, ovi vitellus. Eighth, octāvus, a, um, ord. num. adj.

Eightfold, (subs.) octuplum, i, n. octuplus, a, um, adj.

Elaterin, elaterīnum, i, n. Elaterium, elaterium, ii, n.

Elbow, cubitum, i, n. Elder, sambūcus, i, f.

Electuary, electuarium, ii, n.

Elemi, elěmi, n., indecl. Eleven, unděcim, indecl.

Eleventh, undecimus, a, um, ord. num. adj.

Elixir, elixir, n. indecl.

E. Paregoric, elixir paregoricum. E. Salūtis, compound tincture of senna.

E. of vitriol, acidum sulphuricum aromaticum.

Elm, ulmus, i, f.

Embrocation, embrocatio, onis, f. Emetic, tartar, antimonium tarta-

Employ, v. adhibeo, vide use.

Empty, I v. a., vacuo, āvi, ātum,

empty space, vacium, i, n. Empty, vacuus, a, um, adj. on an empty stomach, alvo vacuâ, stomácho vacuo.

Emulsion, emulsio, onis, f.; emulsum, i, n. [U.S.P.].

Enema, enema, atis, plur.

enemata, n.

Enough, satis, adv. not enough, haud satis. just enough, ne quid nimis.

Entire, integer, ra, rum, adj. Entirely, prorsus, adv. Entrails, viscus, eris, (generally plur. viscera,) n. exta, orum, n. plur. Epithems, epithēmāta. Epsom salt, magnesii sulphas. Equal, aqualis, e, adj. with an equal quantity of water, cum tanto aquæ. par, paris, adj. other things being equal, cæteris paribus. Equal, to be, I v. a., adaquo, avi, are. Ergot, ergőta, æ, f. Ergotin, ergotinum, i, n. Errhine, errhinum, i, n. Eserine, physostigmina, a, f. eserina, a, f. Especially, præsertim, adv. imprīmis, adv. Essence, an, essentia, a, f. Ether, æther, or ether, ěris, m. Ether, (acetic,) ather aceticus. (purified), ather purificatus. Ether, (sulphuric), ather sulphuricus, naphtha vitreöli (old). Ethereal, athereus, a, um, adj. Ethereal oil and sugar, elæosacchărum, i, n. Ethiops mineral, athiops mineralis, m., in French Codex, n. (black sulphuret of mercury). Ethyl, ethylum, and æthylum, i, n. Ethyl acetate, ather aceticus. Ethyl oxide, ather purus. Ethylate, (an,) ethylas, ātis, m. liquor sodii ethylātis. Eucalyptol, eucalyptol, ölis, n. Evacuation, evacuatio, onis, f. [rare]. faces, plur. Evaporate, I v. a., evaporo, āvi, ātum, are. let it evaporate to a pellicle, ad cuticulam evapõret. Evaporating dish, patina, a, f. (Berlin porcelain ware).

Evening, vesper, eris, m.

in the evening, vespěre, or vespěri, vespěra, a, f. Every, omnis, e, adj. Exalgine, methylum acetanilidum. Exhibit, 2 v. a., exhibeo, ui, itum, (frequent meaning), to prescribe. Expectoration, expuitio, onis, f. Extend, 3 v. a., extendo, di, tum and sum, tendere. External, externus, a, um, adj. for external use, pro usu externo. Externally, extus, adv. Exude, I v. n. and a, stillo, āvi, ātum, are. Extract, extractum, i, n. Eye, ociilus, i, m. Eyebrow, supercilium, ii, n. Eyelid, palpěbra, æ, f. Eyelids, tarsi, ōrum, plur. m. only in phrase, Tarsi used ocillorum (the eyelids). Eye-lotion, collyrium, ii, n. lotio ophthalmica.

F.

Face, facies, ei, f. Fainting, defectio animi, deliquium, 22, 11. until fainting shall have come on, usque ad supervēněrit deliquium. Fall down, 3 v. n., concido, idi, cidere. Fan-winnowing, vannus, i, f. Far as, (as,) tenus, prep. (put after governed word) abl. and gen. up to the middle of the arm, brachio medio tenus. as far as the loins, lumborum tenus. as far as the legs, crūrum tenus. Fasting, jejūnus, a, um, adj. on an empty stomach, alvo jejuna. Farther side of, ultra, prep. (acc.). Fats, adipēs (plur. m.). Feel pain, to, 2 v. n. and a., doleo, ui, itum, ere.

Fehling's solution, liquor potassiocupri tartras.

Fennel, faniculum, i, n.

Fern, filix, icis, f.
Male Fern rhizome, filicis maris
rhizoma.

Ferrocyanide, (a,) ferrocyanidum, i, n.

Ferruginous, ferrātus, a, um, adj., ferruginosus, a, um, adj.

Iron, (of,) ferreus, a, um, adj.

Fetid, fetidus, a, um, adj. fetid spirit of ammonia, spiritus ammoniæ fetidus.

virosus, a, um, adj.

wild lettuce, lactūca virosa.

Fever, febris, is; accus., febrem, im; abl., febri, f. (also febricula).

Few, paucus, a, um, adj.

Fifth, quintus, a, um, ord. num. adj. Fig, carica, æ, f., ficus, ūs, ficŭbus, f. Filbert, avellāna, æ, f.

a piece the size of a filbert, ad magnitūdinem avellānæ.

Filing, (subs.) līmatūra, æ, f. iron filings, ferri līmaturæ.

Filum, i, n., Lond., Edin. (old). Filter, I v. a., filtro, āvi, atum, are.

Filter, filtrum, i, n.; separated by means of a filter, ope filtri separātum.

Filter-bag, manica, æ, f. lit. (sleeve).

put it into a linen filter-bag, in

manicam linteam immitte.

saccus, i, m.

Fine [powder], subtīlis, e, adj. comp. subtilior, superl., lissimus. Fine, tenuis.

by means of a fine camel's hair pencil, ope penicilli tenuis.

Finger, digitus, i, m. the toe, digitus pedis.

Finish, 4 v. a., finio, īvi and ii, ītum, ire.

Fire, ignis, is, m.

without fire, i.e. cold drawn, sine igne.

cold drawn castor oil, oleum ricini sine igne præparātum.

Firm, dūrus, a, um, adj. (Said of extracts.)

First, prīmus, a, um, adj.

early in the morning, primo mane.

Fir tree, abies, ĕlis, f.

Fir-wool oil, oleum Pini Silvestris. Fir-wool oil inhalation, vapor olei,

P. silv.

Fit, (subs.) impētus, ūs, m.
convulsio, ōnis, f.
insultus, ūs, m.
paroxysmus, i, m.

Fit, idōněus, a, um, adj. in any suitable vehicle, ex aliquo vehicilo idōneo.

Five times, quinquies, adv.

Flannel, lānŭla, æ, f.

Flare (adipose membrane), ōmentum, i, n.

Flatulence, flatus, ūs, m.

while flatulence is troublesome, dum flatus infestat.

Flax, linum, i, n.

Flee, 3 v. n. and a, fugio, fugi, fugitum, ere.

Fleeting, fugax, ācis, adj.

Flesh, caro, carnis, f. extract of meat, extractum carnis. Flexible, pliant, flexilis, e, adj.

Flexible collodion, collodium flexile.

Flour, farīna, æ, f. linseed meal, f. lini. tricici farīna.

Flower, flos, floris, m.; gen. plur. florum.

Benzoic acid, flores Benzoës (old); orange-flowers, flores Naphæ.

flowers of sulphur, flores sulphuris, sulphur sublimatum.

Fluid, (subs.) liquor, ōris, m. Fluid, fluïdus, a, um, adj.

Fluid magnesia, liquor magnēsii carbonātis.

Fly, or flee away, I v. n., avolo, āvi, atum, are.

dissipated by heat, in igne

Follow, 3 v. a. dep., sequor, ĕris, secūtus sum, sequi.

Following, sequens, entis, part. on the following day, die sequente. of the following mixture, mistūræ sequentis.

Foment, 2 v. a., foveo, fovi, folum,

Fomentation, fomentum, i, n., fotus, ūs, m.

Food, cibus, i, m.

before food, ante cibum. before meals, ante cibos.

between meals, medios inter cibos.

esca, æ, f. pastus, ūs, m.

before food, ante pastum.

Foot, pes, pědis, m.

Foot, (united bones of,) tarsus, i, m. (anat.).

Footbath, pedilūvium, ii, n.

For, nam, conj.

For, before, on behalf of, pro, prep. (abl.), occasionally, pro re nâta.

Forehead, frons, frontis, f.; tempus, ŏris, n.

the liniment to be applied to the forehead, linimentum tempöri applicandum.

Forge, camīnus, i, m.

Form, forma, æ, f. a plaster of this form, emplastrum hujus formæ [h.f.].

Former, prior, oris, adj.

anteā; as before, ut antea.

Formerly, olim, adv.

Formyl, formylum, i, n. terchloride of, formyli.

terchloridum (chloroform). Forthwith, prōtinus, adv.

Fossiline, chrisma, ătis, n.

Fountain, (from a,) fontānus, a, um, adj.; aqua fontana.

Fourfold, (subs.) quadruplum, i, n. Fourth, quartus, a, um, ord. num.

Four times, quater, adj.

Fousel oil, alcohol amylicum.

Fowler's Solution, liquor arseni-

Foxglove, digitālis, is, f.

Frankincense, thūs, thūris, n. common, thus Americanum.

Free, līber, ĕra, erum, adj. (ī long). Free from, expers, expertis, adj.

(gen. and abl.). colourless, coloris expers. free from salt, salis expers.

to set free, 3 v. a., absolvo, vi, ūtum, vere.

Freely, plene, adv.

freely diluted, plene dilutus, a, um. Frequent, (to become,) 3 v. n.,

increbresco, increbrui, brescere.

Frequent, frequens, entis, adj.

Frequently, frequenter. comp., frequentius.

superl., frequentissime, adv.

Fresh, recens, entis, adj.

a tablespoonful of fresh lemonjuice, succi limonis recentis cochleare magnum.

Friars' Balsam, Balsămum Traumaticum, Tinctūra Benzoīni Composita.

Friday, die Veneris.

From, away from, a, ab, abs (abl.). down from, de, prep. abl. out from, e or ex (abl.). from this time, abhinc, adv.

Fruit, fructus, ūs, m. Full, amplus, a, um, adj.

tablespoonful, cochleare magnum,
c. largum, c. amplum.

intěger, ra, rum, adj. plenus, a, um, adj.

Fully, plenė, adv. Fumigation, fumigatio, onis, f.;

suffitus, ūs; suffumigatio, ōnis, f.

chlorine fumigation, S. guyton-iāna.

Fuming, fūmans, antis, part. acidum nitricum fumans.

Fuming inhalations, fūmi, orum,

plur. m. Fungoid growth, fungo simile ulcus.

Funnel, infundibălum, i, n. separating funnel, infundibulum separatorium.

Furnace, camīnus, i, m.; fornax, ācis, f.

small, fornācilla, æ, f.

Furnished with, præditus, a, um, part. (abl.).

Further, *ulterior*, *ōris*, adj. Furthest, *ultimus*, *a*, *um*, adj.

Fused (pharm.), deflagrātus, a, um, adi.

fused nitre balls, potassii nitras deflagratus.

fūsus, a, um, part. from fundo. caustic potash, potassa fūsa.

G.

Galbanum, galbanum, i, n.

Gall, fel, fellis, n.

ox-gall, fel bovīnum. Gall, (botan.) galla, æ, f.

Gallic, gallicus, a, um, adj. red rose, rosa gallica.

Gallipot, narthēcium, ii, n. Gallon, congius, ii, m.

Gall-ox, bilis, is, f.

Gamboge, cambogia, æ, f.; gummi guttæ.

Ganja-vide Gunjah.

Gargle, gargarisma, ătis, n., plur. gargarismăta [note gender].

use the gargle frequently, utere frequenter gargarismate.

Garlic, allium, ii, n.

Gas, gas, gāsis, n.
liberation of gas, evolutio vel
extricatio gasis.

until all evolution of gas shall have ceased, donec omnis evolutio gasis cessaverit.

charged with carbonic acid gas, gase acidi carbonici replētus, [a, um].

Gastric pain, gastralgia, æ, f.

Gauze, carbăsus, i, f. carbolic gauze, c. carbolāta.

iodoform gauze, c. iodoformāta. Gelatin, gelatīnum, i, n.; gelatin base, gelātum, i, n. Gentian, gentiana, a. f.

Gentle, *lenis*, *e*, adj. with gentle heat, *lēni calōre*.

Gently, leniter, adv.

Get better, 3 v. incep., convalesco, cui, scere.

Giddiness, vertīgo, ĭnis, f.

Gild, I v. a., deauro, āvi, atum,

let the pills be gilded, deaurentur pilulæ.

I v. a., inauro, are. (Vide deauro.)

Ginger, zingiber, eris, n.

Give, I v. a., do, dedi, datum, dare.

Given, (let it be,) dētur.

let them be given, dentur.

let twice as much be given, dētur in duplo.

Glacial, glaciālis, e, adj.

[acidum acēticum glaciāle].

Gland, (a,) glandŭla, æ, f.
Thyroid gland, G. Thyroidea.

Glass, vitrum, i, n. vitrčus, a, um, adj.

Glassful, cyăthus, i, m. wine glass, cyăthus vinōsus, or vinarius, cyāthus parvus (med.).

Glauber's salt, sodii sulphas.

Glonoin, nitroglycerīnum, i, n. Glucose, glucōsum, i, n.; glucōsus,

a, um, adj.

syrup of glucose, syrupus glucosi. Gluside, glusidum, i, n. (saccharin).

Glycerin, glycerinum, i, n.

Goa powder, ararōba, æ, f.;

chrysarobīnum, i, n.
Go into, v. ineo.—Vide Commence.
Gold, aurum, i, n.; gold leaf,

aurum foliātum. folden, aurātus or aureus, a. un

Golden, aurātus or aureus, a, um, adj.

Golden seal, Hydrastis canadensis. Golden-yellow, lūteus, a, um, adj. (ū long).

Good, bonus, a, um, adj. better, melior. best, optimus.

Goose-grease, adeps anserinus.

Goulard's extract, liquor plumbi subacetātis fortior; aqua vegēto mineralis.

Goulard's lotion, liquor plumbi subacetatis dīlutus.

Goulard water, liquor plumbi subacetātis dilutus.

Gradual, lenis, e, adj.

with a gradual heat, leni calore. Gradually, pedětentim, adv.;

sensim, adv. Graduated bottle, phiala notāta

gradatione, dosi notatâ. Grain, (weight,) granum, i, plur. grana, n.

Grain, frumentum, i, n.

Gram, gramma, ătos, plur. grammăta, n. [also, gramma, æ, f.] French, gramme.

Granulated, granulātus, a, um, adj. Granules, grānŭla, ōrum, plur. from granŭlum.

Granule, grānŭlum, i, n. Grape, uva, æ, f.

currants, uvæ Corinthæ. raisins, uvæ passæ.

Grass, gramen, inis, n.
graminis radix, i.e. Triticum
repens.

Great, magnus, a, um, adj. comp. major, superl. maximus.

Greater, ingentior, oris.

Greatest, summus; in the phrase with the greatest diligence, summâ diligentiâ.

Greatly, valde, adv. Green, viridis, e, adj.

Green hellebore, verātrum viride. Green vitriol, vitriolum martis,

ferri sulphas.

Gregory's powder, pulvis rhei compositus.

Grey, cinereus, a, um, adj.

Grey powder, hydrargyrum cum

Griffith's mixture, mistura ferri composita.

Gripings, tormina, um, n. plur. only. Groin, inguen, inis, plur. inguina, n.

Ground, humus, i, f. on the ground, humi. Grounds, fax, facis, f.

Gruel, pulmentum, i, n., decoctum avēnæ, jusculum avēnaceum. in warm gruel, è pulmento calido.

Guaranina, caffeina, a, f.

Guaiacum wood, guaiaci lignum.

Gullet, (throat,) gula, a, f. Gum, gummi, n. indecl.

Gum arabic, acaciægummi, gummi arabicum.

Gum-dragon, tragacantha, a, f. india-rubber tubing, gummi elasticum.

let a bent glass-tube be adapted by means of india-rubber tubing, adaptētur ope gummi elastici, tubus vitreus curvātus.

Gum (anat.), gingīva, æ, f. Gun-cotton, pyroxylīnum, i, n. lana collodii.

Gunjah, Cannăbis Indica.

H.

Hair, capillus, i, n.
crinis, is, m.; crinālis, e, adj.
Half, (subs.) dimidium, ii, n.

Half, the, (subs.) semis, issis, m.
"and" a half, cum semisse (abl.).
one grain and a half, granum
cum semisse.

Half, sēmi, indecl. adj.

half a glass, semicyāthus, i, m. half a wine glass, semicyāthus vinōsus.

one and a half, sesquicyathus, i, m. dimidius, a, um, adj.

half a grain, semi-granum.

half an ounce, semi-uncia, or semuncia, a, f.

half-pound, sēlibra, æ, f.

half a scruple, semi-scrupulus.

Hand, manus, ūs, f.

Handful, manipulus, i, m.; pugillus, i, m.

Hard, durus, a, um, adj. sapo durus, white Castile soap.

Hard by, juxta, prep. (acc.).

Harden, I v. a. (in pharm., v. n.), indūro, āvi, atum, are, also, dūro.

until the mass may begin to harden, donec massa indurare incipiat.

Hartshorn, cornu cervi.

burnt hartshorn, c. c. ustum.

Have, 2 v. a. and n., habeo, ui, itum, ere.

in the subjunctive "take," habeat unciam dimidiam, let the patient take half an ounce.

He, she, it, that, is, ea, id, pron. demons.

Head, caput, itis, n.

crown or top of the head, vertex, icis, m.

Headache, cephalalgia, æ, f. Health, valetūdo, inis, f.

it is our duty to care for health, valetūdinis habenda ratio.

Healthful, salūber, bris, bre, adj.

Heart, cor, cordis, n.

Heartburn, cardialgia, a, f.

Heat, calor, oris, m.

with gentle heat, leni calore. heat being applied, calore adhibito.

heat being withdrawn, calore subducto.

Heated, (to become,) v. calefio. let them become heated in the open air, sub divo calefiant.

Heavy, ponderosus, a, um, adj. heavy magnesia, magnesia ponderosa.

Heberden's ink, mistura ferri aromatica.

Hebra's ointment, unguentum diachylon.

Heel, talus, i, m.

Hellebore, helleborus, i, m.

hellebore, black, melampodium, ii, n.; heleborus niger. verātrum, tri, n.

green hellebore, v. viride. white hellebore, v. album.

Hemlock, conīum, ii, n. [ī long] (κώνειον); hemlock poultice, cataplasma conīi.

hemlock (water), cicūta virōsa. Hemorrhage, hæmorrhagia, æ, f. Hemp, Indian, cannăbis indica. Hen, gallīna, æ, f.; gallus, m.

Henbane, hyoscyamus, i, m. Henceforth, deinceps, adv. (one after another).

Hepatic aloes, aloes socotrina (from $\tilde{\eta}\pi\alpha\rho$, hepar, liver).

Here, hic, adv.

Hiccup (or hiccough), singultus, ūs,

Hide, pellis, is, f.

High, altus, a, um; higher, altior, altius; highest, altissimus.

Highest (last), suprēmus, a, um, adj.

Highest (utmost), summus, a, um, adi.

with the greatest diligence, summâ diligentiâ.

Hip, coxa, a, f.

Hips, rosæ caninæ fructus. cynosbătos, i, f. [obsolete].

His, her, its, their own, suus, a, um, pron. possess.

Hoarseness, raucēdo, inis, f. raucitas, ātis, f.

Hoffmann's anodyne, spiritus atheris compositus.

Hog, sus scrofa.

Hole, aperture, forāmen, inis, n. a sponge with small holes, spongia parvis foraminibus.

Hollow, cavus, a, um, adj.

Honey, mel, mellis, n.

clarified honey, mel depuratum.

h. of borax, mel borācis. h. of roses, mel rosæ.

honey preparations, mellīta.

honey and water, hydromel, mellis, n.

Hop, lupŭlus, i, m. humŭlus lŭpŭlus.

Horn, cornu, ūs, plur. cornŭa, n. hartshorn, c. cervi.

Hartshorn, burnt or calcined, cornu cervi ustum [c.c.u.].
Horseradish, armoracia, æ, f.

[cochleāria armoracia]. Hospital, nosocomīum, ii, n.

Hour, hora, æ, f; time "when,"
horâ (abl.); during an hour,
horam (accus.). Vide Time,
de tempore.

two hours' time, bihōrium, ii, n. How far? quousque, adv.

How long? quandiu, adv. How many? quot, indecl. adj. How much? quantus, a, um, adj. Huile de Cade, oleum Cadīnum.

Hungry (to be), 4 v. n. desid.,

esurio, ire.

fasting, i.e. hungry, esuriens. Hydrate, (a,) hydras, ātis, m. Hydrated, hydrātus, a, um, adj. Hydriodate (old, for Iodide),

hydriodas, ātis, m.

Hydrochlorate, (an,) hydrochloras, ātis, m.

Hydrochloric (adj.), hydrochloricus, muriaticus.

hydrochloric acid, acidum hydrochloricum, vel muriaticum.

Hydrogen, hydrogenium, ii, n. Hydroxide, (a,) hydroxidum, i, n. Hyoscine, hyoscina, æ, f.

Hypnal, hypnal, ālis, n.

Hypodermic, hypodermicus, a, um, adj. [ὑπὸ δέρμα, under the skin].

Hypophosphite, (a,) hypophosphis, itis, m.

I.

I, ego, pers. pron.
Ice, glacies, ēi, f.
Iceland moss, cetraria islandīca.
Ichthyol, ichthyol, ŏlis, n.
Icy, glaciālis, e, adj.
If, si, conj.
Ill, malè, adv.
Immediately, statim, adv.; illīco, adv.; mox, adv.; protīnus, adv.

to be taken immediately, statim sumendus, a, um, often abbreviated s.s.

In, in (with ablative), prep. Vide into.

in any case, utique. Incense, thus, thuris, n.

Inch, pollex, icis, m.; 3 × 4, pollices quatuor longum et pollices tres latum.

Incision, (to make an,) I v. a., saucio, āvi, ātum, are.

flowing from the wounded (incised) trunk of a tree, è trunco sauciāto arboris stillans.

Inclose, 3 v. a., inclūdo, si, sum, ere. inclosed, inclūsus, a, um, part.

a plaster with adhesive margin, emplastrum margine adhæsīvo inclūsum.

Increase, 2 v. a. and n., augeo, auxi, auctum, ere.

in increasing the dose, augendo dosin.

in increasing the quantity, augendo quantitātem.

cresco, and accresco, evi, etum, ere.

Indian corn, zea mäys.

Indian corn meal, polenta, æ, f. Indian hemp, cannăbis Indica. India-rubber, elastica, æ, f.

India-rubber tubing, gummi elasticum.

Induce, (to,) prorito, āvi, ātum, are, I v. a.

Infant, infans, antis (com.).
infantŭlus, i, m.

Infuse, 3 v. a. (med.), infundo, fūdi, fūsum, ere (also, to pour on).

I v. a. (med.), infūso, āvi, ātum, are.

Infusion (pharm.), infūsum, i, n. Inhalation, inhalātio, ōnis, f. inspirātio, ōnis, f.

vapor, oris, m. (pharm.).

Inhalations, (fuming,) fūmi, ōrum, plur. m.

Inhale, I v. n. and a. (med.), inhālo, āvi, atum, arc.

Injection (often translated lotion), injectio, ōnis, f. subcutaneous injection, injectio

hypodermica.

Ink-writing, atramentum, i, n. black ink, nigramentum. red ink, rubramentum.

Inner, internus, a, um, adj., inner part of the thighs, internis femoribus. throat, internis faucibus.

Inside, interus, a, um, adj. comp., interior; superl., intimus.
Inside, internally, intus, adv.

Inside of, intrà (acc.)

Inspissate, I v. a., spisso, āvi, ātum,

inspissated with gentle heat, lēni calore spissātus.

[occasionally, inspissatus.] Instant, on the, ex tempore. Instantly, statim, adv.

Instead of, vice.

Instillation (drops used for inhalation, on inhaler sponge), instillatio, onis, f.

Instrument, apparātus, ūs, m.

Insufflation (something blown in, oral, nasal, or otherwise), insufflatio, onis, f.

Intermediate, medius, a, um, adj. a dessertspoonful, cochleāre medium.

midway between meals, medios inter cibos.

Internally, intus, adv.

Intimately, very well, intime, adv. mix or rub well together, misce vel tere intime.

Into, in with accus., prep. Vide

Iodide, (an,) iōdĭdum, i, n.
Iodine, iōdum, i, n.
Iodized cotton, xylum iodātum.
Iodoform, iodoformum, i, n.
Iodol, iōdol, ŏlis, n.

Ipecacuanha, ipecacuanha, æ, f. ipecacuanha vinegar, acētum ipecacuanhæ.

Iron, ferrum, i, n. (old pharmacy).

(old pharmacy), Mars, martis, m. Blaud's pill, pilŭla ferri. iron filings, ferri līmatūræ. iron pan, sartāgo, ĭnis, f. iron scales, ferri ramenta.

iron, relating to, ferruginōsus, a, um, adj.; martiālis, e, adj.; martiālus, a, um, adj. iron-rust, ferrūgo, inis, f.

reduced iron, ferrum redactum. Isinglass, ichthyocolla, æ, f.

colla piscium.

Ivory, ebur, ŏris, n.
eburnĕus, a, um, adj.

Ivy, hedĕra, æ, f.

J.

Jalap, jalāpa, æ, f. Jalapin, jalapæ resīna(decolourised). Jam, conserva, æ, f.

Jamaica (adj.), Jamäicensis, e, adj. James's powder, pulvis Jacōbi.

Jar, ampulla, a, f.

earthenware jar, olla, æ, f.
olla fictilis; olla figulīna.
amphŏra, æ, f.

jar-stone, lagēna, æ, f.

Jasmine-yellow, gelsēmium, ii, n.

Jaw, mala, æ, f. Jawbone, maxilla, æ, f.

Jelly, gelatīna, æ, f. currant jelly, g. ribesia. calf's-foot jelly, g. vitŭli.

in something thick, è gelatina quâvis.

Jelly, to v., gĕlo, āvi, ātum, āre (in pharmacy).

Jet-black, ater, atra, atrum, adj.

Juice, succus, i, m.

lemon juice, succus limonis. Julep, julepum, i, n.

Juniper, juniperus, i, f.
Juniper tar oil, oleum Cadinum.
Juniter Juniter Juni

Jupiter, Jupiter, Jovis. Thursday, die Jovis.

Just enough, ne quid nimis.

K

Kali [Potassium]. Vide.
Kamala, kamăla, æ, f.
Kaolin, kaolīnum, i, n.
Keen, acer, acris, acre, acrior,
acerrīmus, adj.
Keep, I v. a., conservo, āvi, atum,
are.
Kernel, nuclĕus, ɛi, m.
Kettle, lebes, ētis, m.
Kidneys, rēnes, um, plur., m.
Kino, kino, ōnis, m.
Knee, genu, ūs, m.; plur., genŭa.
knee-cap, patella, æ, f.

L.

Label, signatūra, æ, f. Laboratory, officina, a, f. Lactic acid, acidum lacticum. Lactophosphate, (a,) lactophosphas, ātis, m. Lactose, sacchărum lactis. Lamels, lamellæ, ārum, f. Lamp, lampas, ădis, f. (Classic, a torch). Lamp-black, fuligo, inis, f. Lancet, lanceŏla, æ, f. Lanoline, lanolinum, i, n. adeps lanæ hydrösus. Larch, larix, icis, f. agaric, laricis bolētus. Lard, adeps, ipis, m. benzoated lard, a. benzoātus. hydrous wool-fat, or lanoline, a. lanæ hydrösus. pig's lard, a. suillus, vel a. suis scrofæ [sus, suis]. prepared l., a. præparātus. purified l., a. depurātus vel purificatus. without salt, salis expers vel sine sale. axungia, a, f. pinguedo, ĭnis, f. Large, ingens, entis, adj. largus, a, um, adj. tablespoonful, cochleare largum, amplum, magnum.

Last, to, v. n., duro, avi, ātum, āre. while the fever lasts, durante febri. Last time but one, olim, adv. Lastly, denique, adv. Late, at a late hour, sero, adv. Lately, nuper; adv., very lately, nuperrimè, adv. Laudanum, tinctura opii. Lavender, lavandüla, æ, f. Laxative, laxativus, a, um, adj. lenitive electuary, confectio laxativa [confectio sennæ]. Lawful, (it is,) 2 v. n. impers., licet, licuit, and licitum est, ere. Lawn (cloth), sindon, onis, f. Lay aside, 3 v. a., sepono, osui, ositum, ere. Lead, plumbum, i, n. (old chem.), Saturnus, i, m. sugar of lead, sacchărum Saturni. lead oxide, lithargyrum, i, n. lead sulphide, galēna, æ, f. lead (white), cerussa, æ, f. Lead, v. n., irreg. to take the lead. Vide præsum. Leaf, folium, ii, n. in silver leaf, in folio argenti. Least, minimus, a, um, adj. at least, sallem, adv. Leather, alūta, æ, f. on leather, super alutam. Leech, hirudo, ĭnis, f. sanguisuga, æ, f. Left, (on the,) sinister, tra, trum, adj. Left side, lævus, a, um, adj. blister to be applied to the left ear, emplastrum lyttæ auri lævæ applicandum. Leg, crus, crūris, plur. crūra, n. Lemon, limon, onis, f. lemon-peel, cortex limonis. lemon-juice, succus limonis. Length, at, demum, adv. Lenitive, lenitivus, a, um, adj. lenitive electuary, confectio senna. Lessen, 3 v. a., deminuo, ui, ūtum, ere.

Lettuce, lactuca, a, f. Lichen, fucus, i, m. Lick up, 3 v. a., lambo, bi, ere. Lid, operculum, i, n. Lie down, I v. n., cubo, ŭi, itum, are. to go to sleep, cubitum ire. Light, lux, lūcis, f. early in the morning, luce primâ. Light, levis, e (e short), adj. Like, similis, e, adj., comp. similior, superl. simillimus. Likeness, instar, n., indecl. like milk, lactis instar (placed after noun in genitive). Limb, membrum, i, n. Lime, calx, calcis, f. chlorinated, c. chlorinata. sulphurated, c. sulphurāta. lime water, aqua [liquor] calcis. Lime, (the,) (botan.) limetta, a, f. lime juice, limettæ succus. Linctus, linctus, i, m. Linen, linteum, ei, n.; linteŏla, æ, f. linen cloth, linteolum, i, n. made of linen, linteus, a, um, adj. linen rag, pannus linteus. Liniment, linimentum, i, n. Linseed, lini semina. crushed linseed, linum contūsum. linseed meal, lini farīna. linseed poultice, lini cataplasma. linsced oil, oleum lini. oil-cake, placenta seminis lini. Lint, linteum carptum. Lip, labia, æ, f.; labium, ii, n. lip-salve, cerātum rosātum; cerātum labiāle. Liquefied, liquefactus, a, um, part. liquefied honey, mel liquefactum. Liquid, (subs.) liquidum, i, n. liquid, (adj.) liquidus, a, um. Liquor, liquor, oris, m. Liquorice, glycyrrhīza, æ, f. liquiritia, æ, f. Litharge, lithargyrum, i, n. plumbi oxidum. Litmus-paper, charta carulea. Little, (subs.) paulŭlum, paullum, and pauxillum, i, n.

Little, (subs.) tantillum, i, n. little-bit, frustum, i, n. little-by-little, frustillātim, adv. Live-coal, prūna, æ, f. arsenic placed on live-coal diffuses a garlic odour, prūnis impositum arsenicum nidörem (odörem) alliaceum spargit. Liver, hepar, ătis, n. (hence "hepatic"); jecur, oris, n. liver of sulphur, sulphurated potash, hepar sulphuris; potassa sulphurāta. Logwood, hæmatoxylum, i, n. Loins, lumbi, orum, m. Long, longus, a, um, adj. Löoch, löock, n. indecl, (as mistūra amygdālæ). Loosen, 3 v. a., solvo, solvi, solūtum, solvere. Lotion, lotio, onis, f. yellow wash, lotio hydrargyri flava. wash, lotio hydrargyri black migra. Lotion-eye, collyrium, ii, n. lotio ophthalmica. Low, humilis, e, adj., comp. humilior, superl. humillimus. Lower, inferior, oris, adj. Lowest, imus, a, um, superl. from inferus, adj. infimus, a, um, adj. Lozenge, trochiscus, i, n. Lukewarm, tepidus, a, um, adj. Lunar caustic, argenti nitras. Lung, pulmo, onis, m. Lupulin, lupulinum, i, n. Luting, (subs.) lutum, i, n.

M.

Mace, macis, idis, f.
nucista, æ, f. (rare).
oil of mace, oleum nucistæ.
Macerate, I v. a., macero, āvi, ātum,
are.
macerate for a quarter of an hour,
macera horæ quadrantem.

maceration vat, dolium extractorium.

Made (to be), v., fio, factus sum, fieri (with nominative).

let a mass be made, fiat massa. let pills be made, fiant pilŭla.

Magnesia, magnesia, a, f. calcined, magnesia usta.

Magnesium, magnesium, ii, n. magnesium fluid, liquor magnesii carbonātis.

Magnet, magnes, ētis, m. Maize, Zea Mäys.

Make, 3 v. a., facio, fēci, factum, facere(with acc.) imperat, fac. make a mass, fac massam.

Make ready, 4 v. a. (prepare), expedio, īvi and ii, ītum, ire.

Malate of iron, (tincture,) tinctūra ferri pomāti.

Malt, bynē, ēs, en, f.

liquid extract of malt, extractum bynēs liquidum.

also maltum, i, n.

Man, homo, inis, m. Manner, modus, i, m.

in the manner directed, modo dicto.

mos, mōris, m. mōre dicto.

manner (in the usual), more solito.

Marble, marmor, ŏris, n. marmorčus, a, um, adj.

Marc, residium, ui, n.

Mare, equa, a, f.

Margin, margo, inis, m.

Mark, I v. a., noto, āvi, ātum, are.

Marrow, medulla, a, f.

beef-marrow, medulla bovīna. Marsh-trefoil, menyanthes, is, f.

Mass (pill), massa, æ, f.

Master, magister, tri, m.; hence magistral, i.e. formula prescribed by a medical man.

Masticate, I v. a., mandūco, āvi, ātum, are.

Masticatory, something to chew, masticarium, ii, n.

Mastich-stopping (teeth), lutum cum lentisco.

Matico, matica, a, f.

Meal, cibus, i, m.

after a meal, post cibum. between meals, medios inter cibos.

meal-linseed, lini farīna.

Means of, by, ope (abl.) Vide ops. Meantime, (in the,) interea, adv.

Meanwhile, interdum, adv. Measure, mensūra, æ, f.

let the dose be a measured drachm, sit dosis 3j. mensūrâ.

Measure, 4 v. a. dep., mētior, iris, mensus sum, mētīri.

Meat extract, extractum carnis.

Meconic acid, acidum meconicum.

Medicated cotton wools, gossypia
varia.

Medicine, (the art of,) medicīna, æ,f. Medicine, a, medicāmentum, i, n.

remedies commonly called poisons, which must be kept separate, medicāmenta, vulgo venena dicta, quæ in locis seclūsis asservanda sunt.

remedium, ii, n.

Mellago, (extract dissolved in water,)
mellago, inis, f.

soft extract of taraxacum, mellago taraxăci.

Mellite, (a,) mellîtum, i, n.

Melted, liquefactus, a, um; fusus, a, um, part. from fundo.

Membrane, membrāna, a, f.

drum of the ear, membrāna tympăni.

Menstruum, menstruum, ui, n.
(a) the solvent used, (b) the

vehicle.

Menthol, menthol, ölis, n.

Mercurial plaster, emplastrum hydrargyri.

Mercuric chloride, hydrargyri perchloridum, mercurius corrosīvus.

Mercurous chloride, hydrargyri
subchloridum, mercurius dulcis

(old). Mercury, hydrargyrum, i, n. Vide note, p. 274.

Metal-pan, sartago, inis, f.

Metal plate, lāmina, æ, f.
plates of a press, preli lāminæ.
Methyl, methylum, i, n.
Metre (measure), metrum, ri, n.
Middling, mediocris, e, adj.

a dessertspoonful, cochleare mediocre.

Midway between meals, medios inter cibos.

Mild, mitis, e, adj.

dilute ointment, unguentum mite. Milk, lac, lactis, lactem (acc.), n.

to be given in milk, in lacte exhibendus, a, um.

asses' milk, lac asinārium, or asinārium.

cows' milk, lac bovinum, or lac

ewes' milk, lac ovillum, or ovinum. milk of sulphur, lac sulphuris, sulphur pracipitātum.

Mindererus, liquor ammonii acetātis. Mine, meus, mea, meum, voc. mî, pron. posses.

Minim (med.), minimum, i, n. Mint, mentha, æ, f.

Mistletoe, viscum album.

Mitigated, mitigātus, a, um, part. Mitigated caustic, argenti et potassii nitras, causticum mite.

Mix, 2 v. a., misceo, cŭi, mistum or mixtum, ere.

mix thou, miscē; well or very well, bene vel intime; mix in, immisceo.

Mixture (med.), mistūra, æ, f. aperient mixture, mistūra purgans. Vide Misturæ, p. 146.

Moist, (to become,) 3 v. incept., madesco, dii, escere.

Moisten, 3 v. a., madefacio, feci, factum, facere.

linen rags moistened with the lotion, panni lintei lotione madefacti.

Molasses, sacchări fax, facis.

Mollin, (a superfatted soap,)

mollīnum, i, n.; mercurial
soap, mollīnum hydrargyri.

Monday, die Lunæ.

Month, mensis, is, m.

Moon, luna, æ, f.

More, plus, pluris, adj.

More, magis, adv.

Morning, aurōra, æ, f.

early in the morning, aurora prima, primo mane.

in the morning, mane (adverbial).
Morphine, morphina, æ, f.
Morphinated water, aqua
morphināta.

Morrow, pertaining to, crastinus, a, um, adj.

Morrow-to, cras, adv.

day after to-morrow, perendie, adv.; perendinus, a, um, adj.

Mortar, *mortārium*, *ii*, n. stone mortar, *m. lapiděum*. $p\bar{\imath}la$, α , f. [$\bar{\imath}$ long].

Moss, Iceland, cetraria islandica. Most, plurimus, a, um, adj.

Motion (subs. med.), dejectio, ōnis, f. after each liquid motion, post singulas dejectiones liquidas.

Motion (med.), sedes, f. (in this sense plur. only); after each liquid motion, post singülas sedes liquidas.

Motions (solid), faces, plur., f. Mould, (subs.) modulus, i, m.

bright, polished mould, m. politus.

suppository mould, modülus pro suppositorio.

Mouth, os, oris, n.

Mouth-wash, collūtorium, ii, n.

Move-to, 2 v. a., admoveo, movi, motum, ere.

Much, multus, a, um, adj., comp. plus, superl. plurimus.

Much, so, tantus, a, um, adj. Much, (too,) nimis, adv.

Mucilage (med.), mucilāgo, inis, f. mucilage of gum arabic, mucilāgo acaciæ.

mucilage of starch, mucilago amyli.

mucilage of tragacanth, mucilago tragacanthæ. Mulberry, morum, i, n. mulberry tree, morus, i, f. Muriate (a), murias, ātis, m. Muriatic acid [HCl], acidum muriaticum (old). Mushroom, agaricus, i, m.; and agaricum, n. bolētus, i, m. fungus, i, m. fungoid growth, fungo simileulcus. Musk, moschus, i, m. Muslin, sindon, ŏnis, f. Mustard, sināpis, is, f. poultice, cataplasma mustard sināpis, also sinapismus, i, m. mustard paper, charta sināpis. Mutton-suet, ovillus, i, m., adeps ovillus; sebum ovillum. Myrrh, myrrha, æ, f.

N.

Nail, unguis, is, m. Name, nomen, inis, n. Naphthol, naphthol, ŏlis, n. Nasal bougie, buginārium, ii, n. Nasal douche, collunărium, ii, n. Navel, umbilīcus, i, m. Near, apud, prep. (acc.). juxta, prep. (acc.). prope, prep. (acc.). near the fire, prope ignem. Nearer, proprior, oris, n.; proprius, adj. Nearest, proximus, a, um, adj. Nearly, fere, adv. Neat's-foot oil, oleum Bubulum. Necessary, if, si opus sit. Necessity, opus, n. indecl. when, whenever, there may be necessity; should occasion require, quando, quandocunque, or si opus sit. necessitas, ātis, f. Neck, cervix, icis, f. collum, i, n.

Neither, neuter, tra, trum, gen., neutrius, adj. Needle, acus, ūs, abl. acubus, f. Nepenthe, nepenthēs, čos, n. Nerve, nervus, i, m. Nettle, urtīca, æ, f. Neuralgia, neuralgia, a, f. New, novus, a, um, adj. new remedies, medicāmenta nova. Next to, juxta, prep. (acc.). Night, nox, noctis, f. at night, nocte; night and morning, nocte maneque; this night, hâc nocte. Ninth, nonus, a, um, ord. num. adj. Nipples, papillæ, ārum, f. Nitrate, (a,) nitras, ātis, m. azōlas, ātis, m. [Continental]. Nitre, potassii nitras. Nitre balls, potassii nitras deflagrātus. Nitre paper, fumus potassii nitratis. charta nitrāta. Nitrite, (a,) nitris, ītis, m. Nitroglycerin, nitroglycerinum, i, n. trinitrinum, i, n. nitroglycerin solution, liquor Glonoini. Nitrous, nitrosus, a, um, adj. nitricus, a, um, adj. None, nullus, a, um, adj. Noon, meridies, ēi, m.; forenoon, A.M. [ante meridiem]; afternoon, P.M. [post meridiem]. meridiānus, a, um, adj. Nose, nasus, i, m. Nostalgia, nostalgia, æ, f. (longing for one's native land). Nostril, naris, is, f.; generally plur. nares. Note, I v. a., noto, āvi, ātum, are. Nothing, nihil, nil, n. indecl. Not yet, nondum, adv. Now and then, subinde, adv. interdum, adv. Nowhere, nusquam, adv.

Number, numěrus, i, m.

by number [six], numěro vi.

Nut, nux, nucis, f.
chestnut, n. castanča.
filbert, n. avellāna.
nutgall, galla, æ, f.
nutmeg, n. myristica,
n. moschāta.
expressed oil of, oleum myristica
expressum (termed, erroneously, oil of mace).
nux vomica, n. vomica.
walnut, n. juglans, andis.
Nychthemerum, nychthēmērum, i,
n., a night and a day, i.e. 24
hours.

0.

Oak, quercus, ūs, abl. quercubus, f. poison-oak, rhus toxicodendron.
Oats, avēna, æ, f.; oatmeal, avenæ farīna; water gruel, avēnæ dēcoctum.

Oblique, oblīquus, a, um, adj.
Oblong shape (jujube), taleŏla, æ, f.
paste cut into oblong shapes,
pasta in taleŏlas scissa.
opium cut in thin slices, opii

taleola.

Observe, I v.a., noto, āvi, ātum, are. Occasionally, pro re natâ.

Odds and ends, quisquiliæ, ārum, f.

Office, officium, ii, n.

Official, officiālis, e, adj.

Often, sæpe, adv.; as often as, quoties, adv.; very often, sæpissime and sæpenuměro.

Oil, oleum, ei, n.

castor oil, oleum palmæ Christi,
oleum ricini; cod-liver oil,
oleum morrhuæ, oleum Gadi;
fir-wool oil, oleum pini silvestris; juniper tar oil, or huile
de Cade, oleum Cadīnum;
neat's-foot oil, oleum Bubŭlum;
impure sulphuric acid, oleum
vitrioli (old); oil of theobroma,

oleum theobromătis.
Oil cake, placenta seminis lini.

Oiled silk, sericum oleātum.

Ointment, unguentum, i, n. unguenta, vide p. 183.

Old, vetus, eris; old—the ancients, veteres, um; old—years old, annos in accusative; natus agreeing with person.

dose for a child six years old, dosis pro infante annos sex nato.

old edition, editio antiqua. Oldest, veterrimus, a, um, adj.

Oleate, oleas, ātis, m. oleātum, i, n.

Oleic, oleicus, a, um, adj. oleic acid, acidum oleicum.

Oleo-resin, oleo resina.

Oleosaccharate, oleosacchărum, i, n.

Olive, oliva, a, f.

On account of, ob, prep. (acc.), propter, prep. (accus.).

Once, semel, adv.

Once more, denio, adv.

One, unus, a, um, adj.

One of two, alter, era, erum; gen. alterius.

the one—the other, alter—alter, adi.

One's own choice (by), sponte, adv. Onion, cēpa, æ [succus cēpæ].

Only, tantum, adv. (also subs., equal quantity, so much).

modō, adv.

Open, apertus, a, um, adj.

in an uncovered vessel, vase aperto.

Opening, (subs.) apertūra, æ, f. a bottle furnished with three apertures, lagēna cum tribus apertūris prædīta (Woulffe).

Ophthalmic, ophthalmicus, a, um, adj.

Opium, opium, ii, n.

tincture of, tinctūra opii, t. mēconii, t. Thebaica.

Or, aut, sive, vel, conj.

Or (enclitic), ve; three or four times a day, ter quaterve die.

Orange, (subs.) aurantium, ii, n. orange-flower water, aqua aurantii floris.

flower [Continental], orange napha, a, f. orange flowers, flores naphæ. orange-flower water, aqua florum naphæ. orange-peel, rind, cortex aurantii. fresh, recens, entis; dried, siccătus, a, um. orange-golden, aurantiacus, a, um, adj. Ordinary, communis, e, adj. for an ordinary drink, pro potu communi. Orris, iris, idis, f. Otherwise, aliter, adv.; the other, cætěrus, a, um. Otto of rose, oleum rosæ. Ounce, uncia, a, f.; half-ounce, uncia, dimidia, unciæ dimidium, semi-uncia, semuncia. Our, noster, tra, trum, pronom. adj. Out of, ∂ , ex. Outside, exterus, a, um, adj.; exterior, comp. superl. extrēmus. Outside of, extrā, prep. (acc.). Oven, fornax, ācis, f. Over, super, prep. (accus. or abl.). on leather, super alutam. Over (to remain), v. n. irreg., supersum, fui, esse. the remainder, quod superest. Own choice, by, *sponte* (adverbial). Ox, bos, bovis, m. pertaining to, bovinus, a, um, adj. ox-gall, fel bovinum. purified ox-bile, fel bovīnum purificatum. ox-gall, bilis bovīna depurāta. Oxide, (an,) oxidum, i, n. Oxymel, oxymel, mellis, n. Ozokerine, chrisma, ătis, n.

P.

Packet, a, fascicŭlus, i, m. send twelve packets, mitte fascicŭlos duodecim.
Pad, pila, æ, f.

Pain, dolor, oris, m. on an attack of pain, dolore urgenti. Rheumatism, dolor rheumaticus. Pain (to feel), 2 v. n. and a., doleo, ui, itum, ere. Paint, pigmentum, i, n. iodine paint, p. iodi. Paint, 3 v. a., pingo, nxi, pictum, ere. paint the liniment over the back, pinge linimentum supra dorsum. Pan, (metal,) sartago, inis, f. iron pan, s. ferrea. Panamà bark, quillaiæ cortex. Pancreas, pancréas, ătis, n. Pancreatic emulsion, liquor, emulsio pancreatica, liquor pancreaticus. Panting, (subs.) anhelitus, ūs, m. Paper, (a,) (i.e. powder), charta, a, f. divide into six powders, divide in chartas sex. Paper — asthma paper, charta fumiféra vel c. nitrata. blistering paper, c. epispastica. blotting paper, c. bibula. litmus paper, c. cærulea mustard paper, c. sinapis. poor-man's plaster, c. picaa. test paper, c. exploratoria. red, c. rubra. yellow, c. flava. Paracresotate, cresolas, ātis, m. Paraffin, paraffinum, i, n. hard, soft, paraffin, p. durum, p. molle. Paraldehyde, paraldehydum, i, n. Paregoric, tinctūra camphoræ composita. Paroxysm, paroxysmus, i, m. the attacks, inter between paroxysmos, Part, pars, partis, f. equal parts, partes aquales. Passage, meātus, ūs, m. ear-passage, meātus auditorius. Paste, thick (extracts), puls, pultis, f. reduce to a paste, in pultem

converte.

pasta, a, 1.

Pastil, pastillus, i, m. (glyco-gelatin).

Pastilles, coni odorāti.

Pastilles of sugar, rotillæ sacchäri. Patient, the, æger, m. or ægra, f.

[second word in sentence, always; let the patient take, sumat (or) capiat æger.]

Pea, pisum, i, n.

Pear-tree, pirus, i, f.

Pearl-white (Blanc de perle), bismūthi oxychloridum.

Peel, cortex, icis, m. Peelings, putamina.

Pellitory, pyrethrum, i, n.

People, populus, i, m. (ö short).

Pepper, piper, ĕris, n.

black pepper, p. nigrum. Pepper, red, capsicum, i, n.

Peppermint, mentha-piperīta, æ, f.

Pepsin, pepsinum, i, n. Peptone, peptonum, i, n.

Peptonised beef suppositories, suppositoria carnis peptonāta.

Perchloride (a), perchloridum, i, n. Percolated, percolātus, a, um.

Percolator, percolum, i, n.

Perhaps, forsan and forsitan, adv. Permanganate (a), permanganas,

ātis, m.

Persist, 3 v. n., persisto, stiti, stere. Perspiration, sudātio, onis, f.

sudor, ōris, m. Peruvian balsam, balsămum

Peruviānum.
Pessary, pessus, i, n.
Pestle, pilum, i, n.

wooden pestle, p. ligněum.

pistillum, i, n.

Petal, petălum, i, n. Petrolatum, paraffinum molle.

Petroleum ointment (ung. petrolei)

chrisma, ătis, m.

Pharmacopæia, æ, f., Dublin, Edinburgh, German, London, P. Dubliniensis. P. Edinburgensis, P. Germanica, P. Londinensis. French, Codex Medicamentarius. Pharmacopée Française.

Phenic acid,
Phenic alcohol,
Phenol,

Phenol suppositories, suppositoria

acidi carbolici.

Phial (sometimes vial), phiăla, æ, f. the bottle having been previously shaken, phiălâ prius agitātâ. put a "shake the bottle label,"

signa: P.P.A. (i.e., as above). corked bottle, phiăla suberāta.

with patent cork-stopper, p. cum epistomio suberīno.

stoppered bottle, p. obturāta. with glass stopper, p. obturāta

Phosphate (a), phosphas, ātis, m. Phosphorated, phosphorātus.

Phosphoric, phosphoricus, a, um. [Element.] Phosphorus, i, m.

Physostigmine, physostigmina, a, f. Pickle, 4 v. a., condio, īvi, ītum, īre.

pickled, conditus, a, um, part. not, conditus, built.

Piece (a bit), frustum, i, n. Piece, small, frustillum, i, n.

a bit or lump of sugar, sacchari frustillum.

Pieces, in small, frustillātim, adv.

Pig, sus, suis (com.).

Pig (belonging to), suillus, a, um, adj.

pig's lard, adeps suillus. Piles, hamorrhoïs, idis, f.

Pill, pilŭla, æ, f.

Blaud, pilŭla ferri.
Blue pill, pilŭla hydrargyri.
Rufus's pill, pilŭla Rufi.

varnished, pilŭla tunicāta.

Pill-box, pyxis, idis, f.

powder-box, pyxis chartacea.

Pillow, pulvīnar, āris, n. pulvīnus, i, m.; hop pillow,

p. humili.
Pilocarpine, pilocarpina, æ, f.
Pimento, pimenta, æ, f.

Pimento, pimenta, æ, f. Pinch (subs.), pugillus, i, m. Pint, octārius, ii, m. Pit of the stomach, scrobiculus cordis. epigastrium, ii, n. Pitch, pix, picis, f.

Burgundy pitch, pix Burgundica. tar, pix liquida.

Pith, medulla, a, f.

Place, 3 v. a., pono, posii, positum, ere.

place (imperative), pone.

Place upon, 3 v. a., impono, posui, positum, ponere.

to be placed on, imponendus, a, um, part.

Plain, as it is (mixture or gargle), sine aquâ.

Plasma, plasma, ătis, n. (glycerin of starch).

Plaster, emplastrum, tri, n. blister, e. lyttæ. vesicatōrium. brown soap, e. saponis fuscum. diachylon, e. plumbi. to pattern, e. ad exemplar. spread, e. extensum.

of this shape, hujus formæ.

a plaster, 6×3 , emplastrum sex pollices longum et tres pollices lātum.

Note—the larger figure, longum; the smaller, lātum.

Plaster of Paris, gypsum, i, n. Plaster—"poorman's," charta picaa. Plaster — surgeon's, sparădrap cerātum.

Plaster-skin, alūta, æ, f.
Plates—metal, lamĭnæ, ārum, f.
Pleases (it), 2 v. n., impers., libet,
libŭit, and libĭtum est, ere.

as much as you like, quantum libet.

often, Q.L. (abbreviation).

Plenty (subs.), copia, æ, f.
 (singular, only).

Pliant, flexilis, e, adj.

Plum, prunum, i, n.

Plum-tree, prunus, i, f.

Podophyllin, podophyllinum i, n.

Podophyllum, podophyllinum, i, n.

resin of podophyllum, podophylli resīna.

Point (subs.), cacūmen, inis, n. sabīnæ cacūmina, savin tops.

Poison, venēnum, i, n.
poisonous fluid, virus, i, n.
Poison-oak, rhus toxicodendron.
Pomegranate, granātum, i, n.
Poor-man's plaster, charta picaa.

Poplar, pōpŭlus, i, f. (ō long).
Poppy, papāver, ĕris, plur. ĕra, n. red poppy, p. Rhæas, ădos, f. white poppy, P. somnifĕrum, n. syrup,diacōdium, ii, n. [obsolete.]

Porcelain dish, patina porcellanica. Porphyrised, porphyrisātus, a, um, i.e., reduced to fine powder in a

Potash, potassa, a, f. Potassium, kalium, ii, n. and kāli, indecl. (old).

potassium carbonate, kalium præparātum; potassium sulphate, kalium vitriolātum.

Poultice, cătaplasma, ătis, n. [observe gender]. plur. cătaplasmăta.

to make a poultice of rather soft consistence, ut fiat cătaplasma mollioris densitătis.

Poultice, charcoal, cătaplasma carbonis.

hemlock p., c. conii. linseed p., c. lini. mustard p., c. sināpis. yeast p., c. fermenti.

Pound, libra, æ, f. half-pound, sēlibra, æ, f.

Pound, v., contero, vide to bruise.

3 v. a., contundo, tudi, tusum,
tundere.

contrītus, a, um, part.

Pounded, contūsus, a, um, part. Pour in by drops, I v. a., instillo, āvi, ātum, are.

five drops to be dropped into the eyes, gutta quinque in oculos instillanda.

let the oil be dropped into the ears, oleum in aures instilletur.

Pour on, 3 v. a., infundo, fūdi, fūsum, fundere.

Powder, pulvis, ĕris, m.

charta, a, f. (literally, paper). Dover's power, pulvis

ipecacuanha compositus,

effervescing saline, p. äerophörus. fuller's earth, p. terræ cimōliæ.

Gregory's powder, pulvis rhei

James's powder, pulvis Jacobi.

seidlitz, p. sodæ tartaratæ effervescens, p. äerophörus laxans. snuff, p. ad sternutāmentum.

Precipitate (subs.), pracipitatum,i, n. dispense together with the precipitate, unà cum pracipitato dispensa, i.e., not to be filtered.

Prepare, I v. a., paro, āvi, ātum,

I v. a., præpăro, āvi, ātum, are. 4 v. a., expedio, expedire.

Prepared (to be), parandus, a, um, part.

Prescribe, 3 v. a., præscribo, scripsi, scriptum, scribere.

Prescriber's name, signatūra, æ, f. Presence (in the—of), coram, prep. abl.

Present, to be, v. n. irreg., adsum, affui, adesse.

Preserve, 4 v. a., condio, īvi, ītum, īre (pickle).

Preside, v. n. irreg., to be before, take the lead, præsum, præfui, præsse, part. præsens, entis.

Press, prēlum, i, n.

by means of a press, ope preli.

Press, 3 v. a. (chem.), exprimo, pressi, pressum, ere (squeeze, wring out).

Press together, 3 v. a., comprimo, pressi, pressum, primere.

Press, 2 v. a., oppress (to be urgent, pharm.), urgeo, ursi, ere.

on an attack of coughing; or, the cough being troublesome, tussi urgente.

Pressing-cloth, saccus, i, m.
press the seeds bruised and put
into a pressing-cloth, semina
contūsa, et sacco inclūsa,
exprime.

Proof spirit, spīrītus tenuior. Provoke, to, prorīto, āvi, ātum, are,

I v. a. Previously, prius, adv.

Prune, plum, prunum, i, n.

To puff, sprinkle into, 3 v. a., inspergo, si, sum, ere. puff a little into the ear, in aurem paulülum inspergatur.

Pulp, pulpa, a, f.

cassia pulp, cassiæ pulpa.

colocynth pulp, colocynthidis pulpa.

Pure, purus, a, um, adj.

Purging (subs.), purgatio, onis, f. catharsis, is, in (acc.), f.

Purified, purificātus, a, um, part. depurātus, a, um. edulcorātus, a, um.

Purify, I v. a., pūrifico, avi, ātum, are.

Pyroborate, pyroborate, atis, m., sodium pyroborate, sodii

Pyrolusite, manganesii peroxidum [MnO₂].

Pustule, papilla, æ, f. Pustules, pustülæ, ārum, f. Putty powder, stanni oxidum.

Q.

Quantity, quantitas, ātis, f.
Quarter, a, quadrans, antis, m.
Quarter part, pars quarta.
Quicksilver, argentum vivum,
hydrargyrum, i, n., mercurius
vivus.

Quiet, sleep, quies, ētis, f. Quillaia bark, quillaiæ cortex. Quince, cydōnium, ii, n. Quince tree, cydōnia, æ, f. Quinine, quinīna, æ, f. R.

Rag, pannus, i, m. linen rag, pannus linteus. woollen rag, pannus lāneus.

Rain (pertaining to), pluviālis, e, adj.

rain-water, that is, pure water, aqua pluviālis.

Raisins, uvæ passæ. passülæ, ārum, f.

Rank, strong-smelling, graveolens, entis, adj.

Rare, rarus, a, um, adj. (sometimes, "very fine").

Raspberry, rubus idaus.

vinegar or syrup of raspberry, acētum vel syrūpus rubi idæi.

Reaching to, tenus, prep. (abl. and gen.)

Ready, in readiness, in promptu. to keep ready made, in promptu servare.

Receive, 3 v. a. (to take med.), recipio, cēpi, ceptum, cipere.

Take thou, Recipe, heading a prescription; governing the quantity in accusative.

Receiver (chem.), excipulum, i, n. Recent, recens, entis, adj.

Rectified, rectificātus, a, um, part. Rectified spirit, spīrītus rectificātus. Rectify, I v. a., rectifico, āvi, ātum,

Recur, v., vide to renew. Red, ruber, bra, brum, adj.

Red currant, ribes rubrum, ribesium, ii, n.

Red ink, rubramentum, i, n. Red pepper, capsicum, i, n.

Red poppy, rhæas, ådos, f. Red rose petals, rosæ Gallicæ petăla.

Red sandal, ptero-carpus santalīnus. Reduce, 3 v. a., redigo, ēgi, actum,

Reduced, redactus, a, um, part. reduced iron, ferrum redactum.

Refined sugar, sacchărum purificătum.

Region, regio, onis, f.

to the region of the heart, regioni cordis.

Reject, 3 v. a., rejicio, ēci, ectum, icere.

Relapse, recidivum, i, n.

Relegate, 3 v. a. irreg. (put back), refero, retüli, relātum, referre.

Relieve, I v. a., levo, āvi, ātum, āre.

until the pain is relieved, donec dolor levātus sit.

two phrases are also used, donec cessavěrit dolor, donec exsulavěrit dolor.

Relieved, exonerātus, a, um, part. after the bowels have been relieved, post alvum exonerātam.

Remain, to, duro, āre; maneo, ēre. Remains, reliquiæ, ārum, f.

what remains, quod superest.
remaining, reliquus, a, um, adj.
remainder, reliquum, i, n.
pars reliqua.

Remedies, new, medicāmenta nova. Remedy, remedium, ii, n.

Remove, to, 3 v. a., eximo, ēmi, emplum, ere.

removed, exemptus, a, um, part. Removed (to be), I v. a., exiilo, āvi, atum, are.

until the rheumatic pain shall have been removed, donec dolor rheumaticus exulaverit.

Renew, I v. a., med. v. n. (to come back again, med.), redintegro, āvi, ātum, are.

as often as difficulty of breathing may recur, quoties redintegret dyspnæa.

Rennet (liquid), liquor seripărus. Repeat, 3 v. a. (recommence), repeto, īvi and ii, ītum, ere.

let the patient repeat the mixture, repetat æger misturam.

Repeated (to be), repetendus, a, um, part.

as before, ut anteà. Resin, resīna, æ, f.

sugar

fused

Rotules, rotülæ,

lozenges.

Rest (the), cætěrus, a, um, adj. &c., et cetera. Restrain, 3 v. a., compesco, cui, ere. Retort, retorta, æ, f. neck of retort, retortæ collum. receiver, retortæ excipillum. tubulated retort, r. tubulāta. glass retort, r. vitrea. Return, 4 v. n., redeo, redii, reditum, ire. Rhatany, kramēria, æ, f. Rheumatism, dolor rheumaticus. Rhizome, rhizoma, ătis, plur. rhizomăta, n. Rhubarb, rheum, ei, n. Rib, costa, a, f. Rice, oryza, æ, f. oryza satīva; rice starch, oryzæ farina. Rich, dives, itis, adj.; comp., ditior; superl., ditissimus. Right, dexter, era, erum, and tra, trum, adj. right ear, auris dextra. right foot, dexter pes. right hand, dextra manus. right side, dextrum latus. Rind, cortex, icis, m. Rinse, 3 v. a., elño, ui, utum, ere. rinse the mouth, elie os. 3 v. a., colluo, ui, ūtum, ere. Rochelle salt, soda tartarāta. Rod, virga, æ, f. glass rod, virga vitrea. Roll in, 3 v. a., involvo, vi, volūtum, to be rolled in silver leaf, in folio

argenti volvendæ (pills).

cabbage rose, rosa centifolia.

French rose, rosa Gallica;

Rose hips, rosæ canīnæ fructus.

honey of roses, mel rosæ.

Rosemary, rosmarinus, i, m.

cynosbatos, i (obsolete).

J petals, petăla.

Roob, roob, n. indecl.

Root, rādix, īcis, f.

Rose, rosa, æ, f.

red rose,

(an inspissated juice).

dog-rose, rosa canina.

peppermint rotules, r. menthæ piperitæ. sugar, r. sacchări. Rough, asper, ěra, erum, adj. Round, rotundus, a, um, adj. Rub, 3 v. a., tero, trīvi, trītum, ere. Rub in to, I v. a., infrico, cui, ctum, and catum, are. Rue, ruta, æ, f. Rust, ferrugo, inis, f., robigo, inis, f., and rubigo. S. Saccharated, saccharātus, a, um, adj. solution of lime, liquor calcis saccharātus. in sugar and water, ex aqua saccharātâ. Saccharin, saccharinum, i, n.; glusidum, i, n. Saffron, crocus, i, m. Saffron (pertaining to), crocatus, a, um, adj. Sal ammoniac, ammonii chloridum. volatile (spirit), spīrītus ammoniæ aromaticus. Sale, for (commercial), venālis, e, adj. Salicin, salicinum, i, n. Salicylate (a), salicylas, ātis, m. Salol, salol, ŏlis, n. Salt, sal, salis, m. a salt (chem.), neuter subs. Mediæval Terms for Salts, vide p. 305. common salt, sodii chloridum. a crude salt, sal crūdum. a purified salt, sal depurātum. Saltpetre, potassii nitras. Same (the), idem, eadem, idem, gen. ejusdem, pron. defin. tincture of the same, tinctura ejusdem, i.e. tincture of the drug immediately preceding.

Same (the very), ipsissimus. the very words, ipsissima verba. Sand, arēna, æ, f. Sand-bath, balněum arēnæ. Sandal, santalum, i, n. Sandal (red), Sanders-wood, pterocarpus santalīnus. Sandarach (varnished with), desandarachandus, a, um, part. Santonin, santoninum, i, n. Sarsaparilla, sarza, æ, f.; and, sarsaparilla, æ, f. Saturate, I v. a., saturo, āvi, ātum, to saturation, ad saturandum. Saturday, die Saturni. Savin, sabīna, æ, f. savin tops, sabīnæ cacūmīna. Say, 3 v. a., dico, dixi, dictum, dicere. in the manner said, i.e. directed, more dicto. Scales—iron, ferri ramenta. Scammony(gum resin), scammonium, ii, n.; diagrydium (obsolete). Scammony (plant), scammonia, æ, f. Scar, cicatrix, īcis, f. Scarcely, vix, adv. Scent, odor, oris, m. Scopolamine, hyoscīna, æ, f. Scrape, 3 v. a., rado, āsi, āsum, ere. Scraped, rāsus, a, um, part. Scruple (weight), scrūpŭlus, i, m. Sealing-wax, cera sigillāta. Seasoning—Vide Spice. Seat, sedes, is, f. Seaweed, alga, æ, f.; fucus, i, m. Second (the following), secundus, a, um, adj. Also in the phrase, "every two hours," secundâ quâque horâ, or secundis horis. Secretly (without the knowledge of), clam, prep., acc. and abl. Sedative, sedatīvus, a, um, adj. Sediment, fax, cis, f. Seed, sēmen, inis, n.

Seidlitz powder, pulvis sodæ

tartarātæ effervescens.

Seldom, rard, adv.; comp., rariùs; superl., rarissimè. Select, 3 v. a., deligo, legi, lectum, Self, ipse, ipsa, ipsum, pron. defin. Send, 3 v. a., mitto, misi, missum, mittere. Senna, senna, æ, f. Alexandrian, s. Alexandrina. East Indian, or Tinnevelly, senna Indica. Separately, seorsim, seorsum, and separātim, adv. Sesquicarbonate (a), sesquicarbonas, ātis, m. Sesquichloride (a), sesquichloridum, i, n. Set free, 3 v. a., absolvo, vi, ūtum, Settle (allow to), v., sepono. Vide to lay aside. Seventh, septimus, a, um, ord. num. adj. Severe (med.), urgens; when the pain is severe, dolore urgenti. Shake, I v. a., agito, āvi, atum, are. shake the bottle, agitā phiălam. Shape, forma, æ, f. a plaster of this shape, emplastrum hujus formæ [h.f.]. Share, 4 v. dep., partior, iris, partītus sum, partiri. in divided doses, dosibus partītis. Sharp, acer, acris, acre, acrior, acerrimus, adj. Shaved, or shaven, rāsus, a, um, part. from 3 v. a. rado, rasi, rasum. close-shaved, abrāsus. Sheep, ovis, is, f. pertaining to sheep, ovillus, a, um, Shell, peelings, putamen, inis, n. nuts deprived of their shell, nuces sine putamine. Sherry, vinum Xericum, Xeres, vel Xeræ vinum.

Shin-bone, tibia, a, f.

Shivering (subs.), horror, oris, m.

Shop, apothēca, æ, f. taberna, æ, f. Short, brevis, e, adj. Shoulder-blade (front), clavicula, a, Shoulder-blades, scapiila, arum, f. [back]. Shredded, rāsus, a, um, part. soap in shreds, sapo rasus. Shrub, frutex, icis, m. Shut, 3 v.a., claudo, clausi, clausum, Sick, æger, ægra, ægrum, adj. æger, the patient; ægra, the female patient (always second word in sentence). Sickness, nausea, a, f.; vomitus, 165, m. Sickness (emetic), ěměsis, is, f. Sickness (producing), vomicus, a, um, adj., nux vomica. Side, lătus, ĕris (ă short), n. Side (on this), cis and citra, prep. Sides (on both), utrinque, adv. Sieve, cribrum, i, n. pass through a sieve, per cribrum trafice. hair-sieve, c. setāceum; wiresieve, c. ferreum. Sign, I v. a. (describe), signo, āvi, ātum, are. Silk, sericum, i, n. court plaster, sericum Anglicum. oiled silk, s. oleātum. Silver, argentum, i, n. silver leaf, argentum foliatum. in silver leaf, in folio argenti. Silvery, of silver, argenteus, a, um, adj. Simple, simplex, icis, adj. Single, singülus, a, um, adj. Sixth, sextus, a, um, ord. num. adj. every six hours, sextâ quâque hora, or sextis horis. Six times quantity (subs.), sextuplum, i, n.

Size, magnitudo, inis, f.

a piece the size of, magnitudinis (gen.), or, ad magnitudinem. Skin, cutis, is, f.; outer skin, cuticula, æ, f.; pellis, is, f. Skull, cranium, ii, n. Sky, ether, eris, m. [calum, classic]. Slaked lime, calcii hydras. [calcium hydroxide.] Sleep, somnus, i, m. quies, ētis, f. at bedtime, hora somni. Sleeplessness, insomnia, æ, f. vigilia, a, f., and vigilantia. Slender, tenŭis, e, adj. Slice, v., concido, vide cut up. Slice (thin), lamella, a, f. Small, parvus, a, um, adj.; comp. minor, superl. minimus, parviilus, a, um, adj. Smaller, minor, oris, adj. (comp. from parvus). Smallest, minimus, a, um, adj. (superl. from parvus). Smear, 3 v. a., illino, lēvi, illitum, ere. the collyrium to be smeared over collyrium oculis the eyes, illinendum. Smooth, *lēvis*, e (ē long), adj. Sneezing, sternutātio, onis, f. exciting violent sneezing, sternutātionem vehēmentem excitans, sternūtāmentum, i, n. Sneezing (to produce), errhinum, i, Snuff, pulvis ad sternūtāmentum. Soap, sapo, onis, m. Castile soap (white, hard), sapo curd soap, s. animālis; green soap, s. viridis, s. kalīnus venālis. mottled soap, s. maculosus. soft soap, s. mollis. sāponārius, a, um, adj. Socotrine, Socotrinus, a, um, adj. Socotrine aloes, aloë Socotrina. Soda, soda, æ, f. Soda water, liquor sodæ effervescens. Sodium, sodium, ii, n. natrium, ii, n. and natrum, i, n.

Sodium pyroborate, borax, ācis, m. Soft, mollis, e, adj.

soft extract, extractum molle. soft leather, alūta mollis.

Soluble, solubilis; soluble tincture of ginger, tinctūra zingibēris solubilis.

Solution (pharm.), solūtio, onis, f., liquor, oris, m.

So many, tot, indecl. adj.

So much, tantus, a, um, adj.

Some one, aliquis, qua, quid, pron. indef.

in any, ex aliquo.

Some-others, alii-alii.

Sometimes, interdum, adv.

Somewhat, paulo (adverbial). So much, tantus, a, um, adj.

with so much warm water, i.e., with an equal quantity of, cum tanto aquæ calidæ.

Soon, cito, adv.

Soot, fuligo, inis, f.

Sore, ulcus, ĕris, plur. ulcĕra, n. sprinkle over the sores, consperge [insperge] super ulcĕra.

Sorrel, rumex, icis, f.

So that, ut, conj. (with subjunct.)

Sour, to begin to turn, 3 v. incep.,

acesco, acui, ere. Spanish-fly, lytta, æ, f.

Spasm, spasmus, i, m.

Spatula, spathŭla, æ, f. Spearmint, mentha satīva,

viridis.

Species (drugs of the same sort, dry ingredients), species, iērum, plur. f.

Spermaceti, cētāceum, ei, n.

Spice (seasoning), condimentum, i, n.

Spine, spina, æ, f.

Spirit (pharm.), spīrītus, ūs, m. proof spirit, spīrītus tenuior.

Spirit, "Mindererus" (solution of ammonium acetate), liquor ammonii acetātis.

Rectified spirit, spiritus rectificatus; alcohol ethylicum.

Spirit sal volatile, spiritus ammoniae aromaticus.

Spirit [vini Gallici], French brandy. Spirit, a distilled, alcöolātum, i, n.

Spit, veru, ūs, n.

Spitting of blood, hamoptysis, is, f. Split, v., fatisco (said of crystals as opposed to coharens),

fatiscens, entis, part. Sponge, spongia, iæ, f.

small sponge, spongiŏla, æ, f.

tent, spongia cerāta, s. compressa. Spoon, cochleāre, is, plur. cochleāria,

dessert-spoon, c. medium, modicum, mediocre.

tablespoon, c. magnum, amplum, largum.

teaspoon, c. parvum, minimum, c. theæ.

Spot, macŭla, æ, f.

spotted, maculātus, a, um, part. maculōsus, adj. [mottled].

Spray, nebŭla, æ, f.

Spread, 3 v. a. (plaster), extendo, di, tum and sum, tendere.

a spread plaster, emplastrum extensum.

Spring (adj.), fontānus, a, um, adj. spring water, aqua fontāna.

Sprinkle, 3 v. a., spargo, sparsi, sparsum, ere.

the blister sprinkled with a little powdered cantharides, vesicatōrium pauxillo pulvěris lyttæ sparsum.

[asperge, vel consperge.]

Squeeze, press together, press out, 3 v. a., comprimo, vide exprimo. Squill, scilla, æ, f.

Squirting cucumber, echallium, ii,

Stalk, caulis, is, m.

Stand (to let), 3 v. a., repono, osiii, situm, ere; let it stand for some days, reponatur per aliquot dies.

Star anise, anīsum stellātum. Starch, amjilum, i, n.

glycerin of starch, glycerinum amyli. plasma, atis, n. mucilage of, mucilago amyli. rice starch, a. orysæ. wheat starch, a. tritici. maize, Indian corn, a. zea mays, amidum, i, n. State, status, ūs, m. whilst effervescing, in statu effervescentiæ, also in actu, or impělu effervescentiæ. staphisagriæ Stavesacre seeds, semina. Steam, vapor, oris, m. Steel wine, vinum ferri. Sting (subs.), aculeus, ei, m. Stir, I v. a., agito, avi, atum, are. Stomach, stomachus, i, m. ventriculus, i, m. affection of, gastralgia, æ, f. on an empty stomach, stomacho, vel ventriciilo jejūno, vel vaciio. Stomach, pit of, epigastrium, ii, n.; epigastricus, a, um, adj.; scröbiciilus cordis. Stone, lapis, idis, m. fused nitrate silver, lapis infernālis (codex).

Stopper, epistomium, ii, n.

cork-stopper, e. suberinum. glass stopper, e. vitreum. obtūrāmentum, i, n. stoppered, obtūrātus, a, um, adj.

Storax, styrax, acis, m.

Strain, I v. a., colo, avi, atum, are. not, colo, ui, cultum, ere, to cultivate.

I v. a., sacco, are (classic). Strained substance, colatura, a, f. Strainer (pharm.), colum, i, n. woollen strainer, cilicium, ii, n. strainer frame, tenāculum, i, n. Strength, vis; acc., vim; abl., vi;

f. irreg.

Strong, fortis, e; comp., fortior; superl., fortissimus.

Strophanthus, strophanthus, i, m. Strychnine, strychnina, a, f.

Subchloride (a), subchloridum, i, n.

calomel, hydrargyri subchloridum. hydrargyri submurias (old).

Subcutaneous [sub, cutis, under the

hypodermicus, a, um, adj.

hypodermic injection, injectio hypodermica.

Sublimed, sublimatus, a, um, adj. sublimed sulphur, s. sublimatum. Submuriate (a), submurias, ātis, m. Such, talis, e, adj.; send such, mitte tales.

Suck, to, 3 v. a., sugo, xi, ctum,

let a lozenge be sucked every third hour, sugātur trochiscus tertià quaque horà.

Suckling, lactens, part from lacteo. Sucrose, sacchărum purificătum. Sudden, subitus, a, um, adj. Suet, sebum, i, n., also sēvum. beef suet, sebum bovinum. mutton suet, sebum ovillum.

adeps ovillus. Suffice, 3 v. a. and n., sufficio, feci,

fectum, ficere. as much as may be sufficient, quantum sufficiat.

Sugar, sacchărum, i, n.

brown sugar, saccharum fuscum. sugar of lead, s. Saturni. refined sugar, s. purificatum. sugar of milk, s. lactis. sugar pastilles, rotülæ sacchări.

Sugared, saccharātus, a, um, adj. in sugar and water, ex aqua saccharāta.

Suint, asypus, i, m. Sulphate (a), sulphas, ātis, m. vitriolas, ātis, m.

vitriolātus, a, um, adj. Sulphite (a), sulphis, ītis, m.

Sulphocarbolate (a), sulphocarbolas, ātis, m.

Sulphonal, sulphonal, ālis, n. Sulphur, sulphur, uris, n.

sulphurātus, a, um, adj., and sulphuricus, adj.

Sulphuret (a), sulphurētum, i, n.

Sulphuric ether, æther sulphuricus, naphtha vitrioli (old).

Sulphurous, sulphurōsus, a, um, adj., acidum sulphurōsum.

Sumach, rhus, rhois, f.

poison oak, rhus toxicodendron.

Sun, sol, solis, m.

in the heat of the sun, sole æstuōso.

Sunday, die solis.

Sunny, exposed to the sun, aprīcus, a, um, adj.

afterwards, however, put it aside in a place not exposed to the sun, postea vero loco non aprīco sepōne.

Sup, I v. n., cano, āvi and canātus sum, are.

Superb, optimus, a, um, adj.

Supernatant, supernătans, antis, part.

innătans, antis, part from innăto, are, I v. a.

remove the supernatant liquor, liquorem innatantem aufer.

Supervene, 4 v. n. and a., supervenio, vēni, ventum, ire.

until fainting shall have come on, usque ad defectio animi super-venerit.

Supper, cana, a, f.

Suppository, suppositorium, ii, n. suppository mould, medillus pro suppositorio.

Surgeon's plaster, sparådrap cerātum.

Swallow, 4 v. a., glutio, īvi, ītum, ire; 2 v. a., sorbeo, ui, ere.

Swallow down, 4 v. a., deglutio, īre. to be swallowed, deglutiendus, a, um, part.

Sweating (subs.), sudātio, ōnis, f. sudor, ōris, m.

Sweet, dulcis, e, adj.; comp. dulcior, superl. dulcissimus.

Sweetness, dulcēdo, inis, f.

Sweet spirit of nitre, spīritus æthěris nitrōsi.

Swelling (subs.), tumor oris, m.; adema, ătis, n.

Swift, celer, celěris, celěre, adj.
Sydenham's liquid laudanum,
laudănum liquidum Sydenhāmi;
tinctūra opii crocāta.
Symptom, symptoma, ătis, n.
Synonym, synonymum, i, n.
Syringe, sipho, ōnis, m.
glass syringe, s. vitrěus.
ivory syringe, s. eburněus.
Syringe, to, v., cum siphōne lavāre.
Syrup, syrūpus, i, m.

T.

T. b. t. (abbreviation occurring even in a Latin phrase), "To be taken." Two table-spoonfuls, t. b. t. four times a day, cochleāria duo ampla quater in die sumenda.

Table, tabiila, æ, f.

Tablespoonful, cochleare magnum, or amplum, or largum (occasionally cochlearia majora).

Tablet, tabella, a, f.

tablets of nitro-glycerin, tabellæ nitro-glycerīni, tabellæ trīnitrīni.

Tabloid, tabella compressa.

Take, 3 v. a., capio, cēpi, captum, capere.

let the patient take, capiat ager. 3 v. a., sumo, sumpsi, sumptum, ere.

let the patient take, sumat æger. v. (med.), adhibeo, vide use.

Take, let him (as capiat), habeat. Take thou, Recipe [heading of prescription].

Take out, 3 v. a., eximo, ēmi, emptum, ere.

suppositories taken out from the mould, suppositoria è modiilo exempta.

Talc, talcum, i, n.
Tamarind, tamarindus indica.
Tannic, tannicus, a, um, adj.
Tannic acid, acidum tannicum.

Tannin, tanninum, i, n. freed from, detannātus, a, um, Tapeworm, tænia, æ, f. Tar, pix liquida. Taraxacum, taraxacum, i, n. Tartar emetic, antimonium tartarātum. soluble, tartărum solubile, potassii tartras. Tartarated, tartarātus, a, um, adj. Tartaric, tartaricus, a, um, adj. (tartarisātus, old). Tartrate (a), tartras, ātis, m. Taste, gustus, ūs, m. to taste, ad gustum, vel secundum gustum. Tawny, fulvus, a, um, adj. Tea, thea, a, f. a teaspoonful, cochleare theæ. Teacupful, theæ poculum, i, n. Teaspoonful, cochleare parvum, or minimum. Teat, mamilla, æ, f. Temperature, temperatura, a. to a temperature of about 100° C., ad temperatūram circiter 100° C. Temple (forehead), tempus, oris, n., often plur., tempora. the liniment to be applied to the forehead, linimentum tempori applicandum. Tenacious, tenax, ācis, adj. Tender, tener, ěra, erum, adj. Ten quantities, decuplum, i, n. Tent (sponge), spongia cerāta vel spongia compressa. Tenth, decimus, a, um, ord. num. ten o'clock, horâ decimâ. Tepid, tepidus, a, um, adj. Terebene, terebēnum, i, n. Terpene hydrate, terpinum hydrātum.

Test paper, charta exploratoria.

That (near you), iste, ista, istud,

yellow, c. flava. red, c. rubra.

pron. demons.

That, (yonder), ille, illa, illud, pron. demons. Theine, caffeina, a, f. Then-next, deinde, adv. afterwards strain, deinde cola. There, just there, ibi, ibidem, adv. Thermometer, thermometrum, i, n. Centigrade, t. centipartītum. Thick, crassus, a, um, adj. in any thick vehicle, è quovis vehiculo crasso. è gelatīnā. Thicken, I v. a., spisso, avi, atum, I v. a., inspisso, are. correctly, spisso. Thickness, spissitūdo, inis, f. Thigh, femur, oris, n. inside the thighs, femoribus internis. Thin, tenuis, e, adj. proof spirit, spīritus tenuior. Thine, tuws, a, um, pron. poss. Thing, res, rei, f. occasionally, pro re natâ. Third, tertius, a, um, ord. num. adj. Thirst, sitis, is, sitim, siti, f. This (near me), hic, hac, hoc, gen., hujus, pron. demons. Thorax, thorax, ācis, m. Thoroughly dried, exsiccatus, a, um, part. Three, tres, tria, gen. trium, adj. Three days' period, triduum. Thrice, ter, adv. or thrice, terve (enclitic). Throat, fauces, ium, plur. f. inside the throat, faucibus internis. gula, æ, f. guttur, uris (occasionally m. accus., gutturem), n. jugulum, i, n. Throat-brush, penicillum pro gutture. Through, per, prep. (accus.). through the week, per hebdomada; per septimānam. Thumb, pollex, icis, m. also technical for inch.

Thursday, die Jovis. Thymol, thymol, ŏlis, n. Thyroid gland, glandila Thyroidea. Tile, tegula, a, f. Time, tempus, oris, n. two years, biennium, n. two days, bidium, n. two hours, bihorium, n. at the (on the instant), ex tempore. at the time indicated, hora præscripta. Time, from this, abhinc, adv. Times, vices, plur. f. defect., vicem, vice, vices, vicibus. three times successively, ad tres instead of, vice (adverbial). Tin, stannum, i, n., plumbum album. Tincture, tinctūra, æ, f. of opium, t. mēconii, t. opii, t. thebaica. Tingling, tinnitus, ūs, m. Tip, cacumen, inis, n. sabīnæ cacūmina, savin tops. Tisane, ptisăna, æ, f. Fr. Old Eng., Ptisan. barley water (classic). Tissue, aseptic, and antiseptic, tela aseptica, et antiseptica. blistering, tela epispastica. To, ad, prep. (accus.); also, sign of dative case. Tobacco, tabācum, i, n. To-day, hodie, adv. Toe, digitus pedis. Together, simul, adv. (at the same time). Together with, una, adv. Tolu, tolutānus, a, um, adj. balsam, balsamum tolutanum. Tongue, lingua, æ, f. Tonsils, tonsillæ, ārum, f. Too much, nimis, adv. Tooth, dens, dentis, m. a decayed tooth, dens exesus. Toothache, odontalgia, a, f. Tooth-powder, dentifricium, ii, n. Touch, 3 v.a., afficio, feci, fectum, ere.

Toughened, indurātus, a, um, part. Toughened caustic, causticum forte. argenti nitras induratus. Tow, stuppa, a, f., also stupa, and stipa. Towards, adversus or adversum, prep. (acc.). versus, prep. (put after governed word acc.). Tragacanth, tragacantha, æ, f. Treacle, theriaca, a,f., saccharifax. Trickle, I v. n. and a. (drop), stillo, āvi, ātum, are. it is prepared from the resin dropping spontaneously from the trees, parātur è resīna ex arboribus sponte stillante. Trinitrin, nitroglycerinum, i, n. Triple quantity, triplum, i, n. (subs). Triturate (a) (subs.), triturātio, onis, f. triturate for inflammation of the nose, t. rhinītis. Triturate, 3 v. a., tero, trīvi, trītum, Troublesome, molestus, a, um, adj. as often as the cough may be troublesome, quoties molesta sit Troublesome (very), permolestus, a, um, adj. True, verus, a, um, adj. Truss, retināculum, i, n. Try, 4 v. a. dep., experior, expertus sum, experiri. Tub, tubus or tubulus, i, m. glass tube, t. vitreus. by means of a glass tube, ope tubuli vitrči. Tuesday, die Martis. Tumbler, cyăthus amplus or magnus. small, c. medius or modicus. Tumour, tumor, oris, m. Turf, bog-moss (in compressed

sheets), sphagnum, i, n.

Turpentine, terebinthina, a, 1.

Tutty powder, zinci oxidum.

Turmeric, curcuma, a, 1.

Turns, by, invicem, adv.

Twice, bis, adv.

twice a week, bis in hebdomade,
in septimana.

Two, duo, a, duo, adj.

Two at a time, bini, a, a, adj.
distrib.

Two days' period, biduum, n.

Two each, bini, a, a, adj. distributive.

Twofold, duplex, icis, adj.
abl. duplici.

Two hours' period, bihorium, ii, n.

Two years' period, biennium, n.

U.

Ulcer, ulcus, eris, plur. ulcera, n. Uncovered, apertus, a, um. in an uncovered vessel, vase aperto. Under, beneath, subter, prep. (acc. or abl.). Undo a bandage, fasciam resolvere. Uneasiness, inquietudo, inis, f. Unleavened bread, panis azymus. Unless, nisi, conj. Unlike, dissimilis, e, adj.; comp. dissimilior, superl. millimus. Until, donec, conj. until the bowels have well acted, donec alvus bene solūta sit. Upon, super, prep. (accus.) rarely abl., supra, prep. (accus.). Upper, supěrus, a, um, adj., comp. supérior, superl., supremus or summus. Up to, under, beneath, sub, prep. about (accus. and abl.) in the open air, sub divo. Up to, i.e., sufficient to make, ad-

up to eight ounces, ad uncias octo.
Use (subs.), usus, ūs, m.
for external use, ad usum
externum, pro usu externo.
Use, 3 v. dep., utor, čris, usus sum,

with accus.

uti [governs abl.].
use the gargle frequently, utëre
frequenter gargarismăte.

2 v. a., adhibeo, ui, ĭtum, ēre.

I v. a., usurpo, āvi, ātum, are.
let it be used, usurpētur.
to be used, usurpandus, a, um, part.
Used (to be), utendus a, um, part.
Useful, to be, v. n. irreg., prōsum, profui, prodesse, prōsum, prodes, prodest.
Usual manner (in the), more solĭto.

V.

Vacuum, vacuum, ui, n. extracts prepared "in vacuo," extracta in vacuo præparāta. Vain, in, frustrà, adv. if it should not act, si frustrà. Valerian, valeriāna, æ, f. Valerianate (a), valeriānas, ātis, m. Value (to be of the same), 2 v. n., valeo, ēre (technical meaning). 110 minims equal 100 fluid grains, minima centum et decem valent pro granis fluidis centum. Vanish away, 3 v. n. incep., evanesco, ānui, escere. Vapour [inhalation], vapor, oris, m. vapour of fir-wool oil, vapor olei pini silvestris. Varnish, vernix, īcis, f. Varnished, tunicātus, a, um, adj. varnished pills, pilulæ tunicātæ. Vaseline, vaselīnum, i, n. hard, durum. soft, molle. petrolätum, i, n. Vat (maceration), dolium extractorium. Vein, vēna, æ, f. Vehicle, vehiculum, i, n. in any thick vehicle, ex aliquo vehiculo crasso. in any suitable vehicle, ex aliquo vehiculo idoneo. Veratrine, veratrīna, æ, f. Verdigris, ærūgo, inis, f. oxyacetas.

Vermifuges, anthelmintica, ōrum, n. plur.

Very well, optime, adv.

Vessel, vas, vasis (plur. vasa, orum),

small vessel, vasculum, i, n. distillatory, vas destillatorium. in covered vessel, in vase operto. in lightly covered v., in vase leviter clauso.

in uncovered v., in vase aperto.
v. protected from light, vas
denigrātum.

ampulla, æ, f.

a suitable vessel, a. idonea.

Vine, vitis, is, f. Vinegar, acētum, i, n.

aromatic vinegar, acētum Britannīcum.

Virginian prune, prunus Virginiāna.

Vitriol, vitriolum, i, n. blue, v. caruleum, cupri sulphas.

elixir of, acidum sulphuricum aromaticum.

green, v. Martis, ferri sulphas. white, v. album, zinci sulphas.

Volatile-oil (subs.), ætheroleum, ei, n.

Vomit, 3 v. n. and a, vomo, ui, itum, ere.

Vomit often, I v. freq., vomito, are. Vomiting (subs.), vomitus, ūs, m. vomiting having ceased, vomitu finīto.

W.

Wanting (to be), v. n. irreg., desum, defŭi, deesse.

Warm, calidus, a, um, adj. in warm water, ex aquâ calidâ.

Warm (to make), 3 v. a., calefacio, feci, factum, facere.

warming plaster, emplastrum calefaciens.

3 v. a., tepĕfacio, fēci, factum, ere. warmed milk, lac tepĕfactum.

Wart, verrūca, a, f.

Wash, I and 3 v. a. and n., lavo, lavāvi and lāvi, lautum, lavātum and lōtum, āre and ĕre.

washed sulphur, sulphur lotum.

I v. a., edulcŏro, āvi, atum, are.
then thoroughly wash the precipitate with distilled water, tum

præcipitātum aquâ destillātâ perfectè edulcora.

Wash, subs., lotio, onis, f.

black—yellow wash, lotio nigra—flava.

Wash—mouth, collūtōrium, ii, n. Wash out, 3 v. a., collŭo, ui, ūtum,

3 v. a., eluo, ere. vide rinse.

Wasp, vespa, æ, f.

against the sting of a wasp, contra vespæ acūlěum.

Water, aqua, æ, f.

[vide Abbreviations, p. 204]. distilled water, aqua destillata.

Goulard water, aqua plumbi, aqua saturni, aqua vegeto-minerālis. orange-flower water, aqua florum

naphæ. Watery, aquōsus, a, um, adj.

Wax, cera, æ, f.
white wax, c. alba.
sealing wax, c. sigillāta.

yellow wax, c. flava. Way, modus, i, m.

mos, mōris, m.
[in the way] i.e. "as directed,"
modo, vel, more dicto.

which way? quâ, adv.

Wednesday, die Mercurii.
Week, hebdőmas, ădis, accus., hebdomăda, f. also hebdomăda, æ, f., fiat pilüla per hebdomădam sumenda [Hunter].

septimāna, a, f.

Weighing, pendens, entis, part.
pills, each weighing five grains,
pilulæ pendentes singulæ grana
quinque.

Weight, pondus, ĕris, n.

Well, bene, melius. very well, optime, adv. Wet (to become), 3 v. incep., humesco, ere. Wet, 3 v. a., madefacio, feci, factūm, facere. madefio, fieri, pass. Wetted, maděfactus, a, um, part. wetted rags or pads, panni maděfacti. What sort? qualis, e, adj. Wheat, triticum, i, n. flour, tritici farina. When, quando, adv. Whence? unde, adv. Whenever, quandocunque. Where? ubi, adv. Whether? an, conj. Whey, serum lactis. wine whey, s. lactis vinosum. Which of, cujus. Which of the two, uter, utra, utrum, gen. utrius, adj. Which, to, cui (dat.), pronounce "ky." Which way, quà? adv. Whilst, dum, conj. White, albus, a, um, adj. White clay, argilla, æ, f. White-clear, candidus, a, um, adj. White hellebore, verātum album. lead, cerussa, æ, f. marble, marmor album. poppy, papāver somniferum. precipitate, hydrargyrum ammoniātum, præcipitätum album. vitriol, vitriolum album, zinci sulphas. Whiteness, albēdo, inis, f. White of egg, ovi albumen. Whither? quo, adv. Who or which, qui, quæ, quod, pron. rel. Who? which? what? quis or qui, quæ, quid or quod, pron. Who? what? quisnam, quidnam, quinam, quænam, quodnam, pron. interrog.

Whole, totus, a, um, adj. integer, ra, rum, adj. Whose? of which, cujus. Whosoever, whatsoever, quicumque (or quicunque), quæcumque, quodeumque. Willing, to be, volo. vide Wish. Willow, salix, īcis, f. Windpipe, trachěa, æ, f. Wine, vinum, i, n. antimonial wine, vinum stibiātum. sherry, vinum Xericum. steel, vinum ferri. Wine (pure), merum, i, n. Wine (vinous), vinosus, a, um, adj., and vinārius. wineglassful, cyăthus vinōsus. in a wineglassful of water, ex aquæ cyătho vinoso. Wineglass (cup), cyăthus, i, m. tumbler, c. amplus or magnus. small tumbler, claret glass, c.medius or modicus. wine-glass, c. vinārius or vinosus. small, c. parvus. Wing, ala, a, f., also armpit. Winnowing-fan, vannus, i, f. Winter, hiems (hiemps), hiemis, f. Wish, v. irreg. defect. (to willing), volo, volui, velle, part. volens. as much as you will, quantum volueris. Wit—to, videlicet, adv. Witch-hazel, hamamēlis, idis, f. With, cum, prep. (abl.), often \bar{c} . Within, intra, prep. (accus.). Without, sine, prep. (abl.). without salt, s.s., sine sale. without water, i.e. undiluted, sine aqua. absque, prep. abl. Wood, lignum, i, n. wood charcoal, ligni carbo. guaiacum wood, lignum sanctum. Wooden, ligněus, a, um, adj. Wool, lana, æ, f.

Wool-fat, adeps lanæ. (crude), asypus, i, m. Woollen, lāneus, a, um. adj. Woollen strainer, cilicium, ii, n. Work, opus, ĕris, n. Workshop, officina, a, f. [laboratory]. pertaining to, officinālis, e, adj. Worm, vermis, is, m. remedies, anthelmintica, orum, n. plur. Wormseed, santonica, æ, f., semen contra. Worthless, nequam, comp. nequior, superl. nēguissīmus. Worthy, dignus, a, um, adj., comp. dignior, superl. dignissimus. Worthily, dignè, adv. Wound, vulnus, eris, n. plaga, æ, f. Wound, I v. a., saucio, āvi, ātum, Wound-healing, traumaticus, um, adj. Wring out, 3 v. a., exprimo, pressi, pressum, ere, Wrist, carpus, i, m. Writing ink, atramentum, i, n.

Y.

Yard [yd.], pollices sex et trigintā. Year, annus, i, m.

Year—old, annos—natus. six years old, annos sex natus. vide Old. Yeast, fermentum, i, n. beer yeast, cerevisiæ fermentum. Yeast poultice, cataplasma fermenti. Yellow, flāvus, a, um, adj. Yellow jasmine, gelsemium, ii, n.

two years' period, biennium, ii, n.

Yellow oxide of mercury, syn. yellow precipitate, hydrargyri oxidum flavum.

Yellow wash, lotio hydrargyri flava. Yesterday, heri, adv.

Yolk of egg, vitellus, i, m. the oil being suspended by means of yolk of egg, oleo ope ovi vitelli solūto (or suspenso).

Young, also youth, juvenis, adj. and subs.

Young child, infans, antis, com. Your, vester, tra, trum, pron. adj.

Z.

Zinc, zincum, i, n. oxide (crude), nihil album (old). oxide (pure), nix zinci (old). valerianate, valerate, zinci valeriānas.



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