### **Tsimshian texts / by Franz Boas.**

#### **Contributors**

Boas, Franz, 1858-1942.

### **Publication/Creation**

Washington: Government Printing Office, 1902.

### **Persistent URL**

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BUREAU OF AMERICAN ETHNOLOGY: J. W. POWELL, DIRECTOR
BULLETIN 27

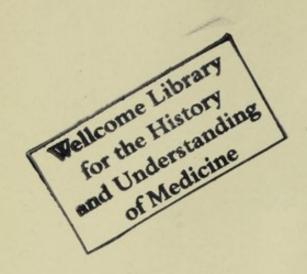
# TSIMSHIAN TEXTS

BY

### FRANZ BOAS



WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1902



(2) 25.54

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### TSIMSHIAN TEXTS

NASS RIVER DIALECT

Recorded and translated by Franz Boas

### INTRODUCTION

The following texts were collected in Kinkolith, at the mouth of the Nass river, during the months of November and December, 1894, while I was engaged in researches under the auspices of the British Association for the Advancement of Science. The principal object of these investigations was a study of the Athapascan tribe of Portland canal, and the following texts were collected incidentally only. The ethnologic results of these investigations were published in the reports of the Committee on the Northwestern Tribes of Canada of the British Association for the Advancement of Science.

The texts are in the Nass River dialect of the Tsimshian language. The dialect is called by the natives Nîsqa'E. The texts were obtained from four individuals—Philip, Moses, Chief Mountain, and Moody. By far the greater number of them are myths of the tribe. Judging from similar myths which I collected in previous years among the Tsimshian proper, they are only moderately well told.

Possibly the method of transcribing sounds is not quite satisfactory. I have not been able to determine definitely if there are one or two palatized I's. I consider it probable that there may be two; but in the present texts all the palatized I's are rendered by one character. There is also a certain inconsistency in my perception of the surds and sonants, the fortis, or the surd followed by a hiatus, very often sounding similar to the sonant. I have not endeavored to make the spelling throughout consistent, but have rather followed the transcription which seemed to me most appropriate at the time when I wrote the texts down.

FRANZ BOAS.

NEW YORK, June, 1899.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Report of the 65th meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, Ipswich, 1895, pp. 569-586.

Franz Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nord-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, Berlin, 1895, pp. 272-305.

# Alphabet

a, e, i, o, u	have their continental sounds (short).
ā, ē, ī, ō, ū	long vowels.
E	obscure e in flower.
a, e, i, o, u	vowels not articulated, but indicated by position of the mouth.
ä	in German Bär.
â	aw in law.
ô	o German voll.
ê	e in bell.
ai	i in island.
au	ow in how.
L	posterior palatal l; the tip of tongue touches the alveoli of the lower jaw, the back of the tongue is pressed against the hard palate; generally surd. The occur- rence of the corresponding sonant is doubtful. Pos-
	sibly there is still another l, produced a little nearer
	the front part of the hard palate.
q	velar k.
g k	velar g.
k	English k.
gʻ k·	palatalized g, almost gy.
	palatized k, almost ky.
х •	ch in German Bach.
X	x pronounced at the posterior border of the hard palate.
х,	palatal x as in German ich.
8	pronounced with open teeth, therefore somewhat similar to English sh.
d, t b, p g, k	as in English, but surd and sonant more difficult to distinguish.
h	as in English.
y	as in year.
W	as in English, probably always aspirated.
1 m }	as in English; as terminal sounds articulated but inaudible, unless followed by a word beginning with a vowel.
,	a pause; when following an initial or terminal mute, it tends to increase the stress of the latter.

### Txä'msem and Lôgôbolā'

[1-5 told by Moses; 6-8, 2a, and 5a told by Philip]

1. There was a town in which a chief and chieftainess were living. The chieftainess had done something bad. She had a lover, but the chief did not know it. The young man loved the chieftainess very much. He often went to the place where she lived with the chief. Then the chieftainess resolved, "I will pretend to die." She pretended to be very sick, because she wanted to marry that man. After a short time she pretended to die. Then all the people cried. Before she died the chieftainess said, "Make a large box in which to bury me when I am dead." The people made a box and put her

### Txä'msem and Lôgôbolā'

1. Hētk <sup>u</sup> L qal-ts'a'p. NLk 'ē k 'âlL sEm'â'g 'it dē-k 'âlL sîg 'idemna'q.  There a town. Then one chief and one chieftainess.	1
NLk''ē sg'īL hwîlL sîg'idEmna'q. K''âlL Lgo-g'a'tg'ê, nLnē t'an Then had done the chieftainess. One little man, he who	2
	3
	4
tgonl sa-gâ'ôtk"L sîg'idEmna'q: "Āml dem nô'ôēe al dem this resolved the chieftainess: "Good (fut.) I am and (fut.)	5
sī-bē'Ek"sēE." NLK''ē ā'd'îksk"L dem hwîl sī'epk"L sîg'idemna'q. make I lie." Then came (fut.) being sick the chieftain-	6
NLk''ē wī-t'ē'sL ha-sī'epk"L aL sī-bē'k"stg'ê demt hwîla nak'sk"L Then was great sickness at she a lie (fut.) trying she wanted to marry	7
k''âlL g'at, qan hēt. Nîg'i nak''L sg'ēL sîg'idEmna'q, nlk''ē one man, there-she not long lay the chieftainess, then	8
nô'ôt. NLk''ē sig'a'tk"L txanē'tk"L qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ē tgōnL hēL she was dead. Then cried all the people. Then this said	9
sîg'idemna'q: "Tse sī-laîsem xpēîs tse hwîl lō-sg'i'ee." La nô'ôt, 1 the chieftainess: "Make that large a box where in I shall When she was dead,	0
nLk·'ēt dzā'pdēL xpēîst. NLk·'ēt lō-ma'qdēt lâ'ôt. NLk·'ēt 1 then they made a box. Then in they put in it. Then her	1

into it. They put it on the branches of a tree in the woods. The chieftainess had a spoon and a fish knife in her box. She pretended to be dead. For two nights the chief went into the woods, and sat right under the box in which the chieftainess was lying. Then he ceased to cry. Behold, there were maggots falling down from the bottom of the box. Then the chief thought, "She is full of maggots." But actually the chieftainess was scraping the spoon with her fish knife, and the scrapings looked just like maggots. In the evening her lover went into the woods. He climbed the tree and knocked on the box, saying, "Let me in, ghost!" He said so twice. Then the chieftainess replied, "Ha-ha! I pretend to make maggots out of myself

- g îlē'lîx . NLk 'et gan. 1 q'aldîx'-ma'qdet ma'qsaandēL aL in the rear they put of the houses her in the woods. at Then they put her on a tree. 2 Ts'ō'sg'îm naku, nlk 'et lo-da'ml sîg'idemna'qL q'aldō'x' qanL in held in while, then the chieftainess a spoon her hands 3 ha-q'ō'L. Bēk"L hwî'ltg'ê. NLa g'ē'lp'El Nîg idē nô'ôt. vu'ksa She lied she did so. Not she was dead. split salmon. q'aldîx'-iä'L sem'â'g'ît lôgôl-dep-d'ā't 4 qa'nē-hwîla aL LaXL always to the rear went the chief under he sat at under
- of the houses

  5 hwîl lē-sg'īL xpē'îs hwîl lō-sg'īL sîg'idEmna'q. La Lēsk"L
  where on was the box where in lay the chieftain- When finished
- 6 wi-yē'tk"L sem'â'g'ît, gwinā'dēL, smā'wun qa'nē-hwîla mak't aL crying the chief, behold, maggots always fell at down
- 7 bak"t at siä'nt xpē'îst. Ntk''ē tgōnt hēt qâtt sem'â'g'ît:
- 8 "La smā'wun da." Dē'yaL qâ'ôtL sem'â'g'ît. TgōnL hwîlL "It is all maggots." Thus said the heart of the chief. This did
- 9 sîg'idemna'qg'ê. La'lbel q'aldō'x' al ha-q'ō'l. Nlk'ēt hō'g'îşal the chieftainess. She the spoon with the fish knife. Then like
- 10 smā'wunl lā q'am-lā'lbEqskt al q'aldō'x'. Nlk''ē huX yu'ksa.

  maggots (perf.) refuse of scraping at the spoon. Then again it was evening.
- 11 NLk''ē huX q'aldîx'-iä'L an-k'ō'oXt. NLk''ēt men-hē't'enL gan.

  Then up he placed a tree.

  of the houses
- 12 NLk''ē men-iä'L g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ēt nā-d'îsd'ē'st. NLk''ē tgōnL iThen with he this hand knocked.
- 13 hē'tg'ê: "Ts'ēnt'enē, lū'laq. Ts'ē'ntenē, lū'laq." G''ē'lp'ell he said: "Let me enter. ghost." Twice
- 14 hē'tg'ê. NLk''ē dē'lemexk"L sîg'idemna'q: "Hăhä, algwâ'L he said so. Then answered the chieftain- "Hāhā, therefore
- 15 qan sîsqaxsā'ntg'ê." NLk''ēt hux q'angō'uL La hā'bEL an-sg'ē'îst.

  I pretend to make maggots out of myself." Then again she opened the cover the grave.

in your behalf." Then she opened the cover of the box, and the man lay down with her. He did so every night. Then she came to be pregnant. The man always went up to her. The chief did not know it, but one man found it out. He told the chief. Then the chief's nephews kept watch and killed the man, and also killed the woman. Now she was really dead, and her body was putrefying. Then her child came out alive. It sucked the intestines of its mother, and therefore its name was Sucking-intestines. The child grew up in the box.

One day all the children went into the woods, shooting with bows and arrows at a target. They were not far from this tree when they were shooting. Then Sucking-intestines saw them. He went down and took their arrows. Thus the children lost them again and again.

NLk'è huX lō-g'ā'êL g'at aL awa'at. Txanē'tk"L axk"L hwîlt. 1  Then again in lay the in her proximity. Every night he did so.	1
NLk'e La ā'd'îk'sk"L dem ō'bent. NLk'ē ō'bent qa'nē-hwîla 2	2
bax-iä'l g-a'tg-ê. Nî'g-it hwîlā'x-l sem'â'g-ît. Hwä'i! K-'âll 3 up went the man. Not knew it the chief. Well! One	3
g'a'tg'ê t'an lō-hwa't. NLk''ēt ma'Ldet aL sEm'â'g'ît. NLk''ēt 4 man who in found Then he told to the chief. Then	1
lēLk'L guslî'sk"L sem'â'g'ît. NLk''ēt dza'k"dēL g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē 5 watched the nephews the chief. Then they killed the man. Then	5
huX dza'kudēl hana'qg'ê. Nlk'ē sem-hō'm nô'ôt. Hwä'i! la 6 also they killed woman. Then really she was dead. Well! (Perf.)	6
lôqL lō'leqg'ê. NLk''ē k'saxL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"L dedē'lstg'ê. NLk''ē 7 putrefy- her body. Then out came a little child alive. Then	7
d'âqL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"L hāts nôxt. NLnêL qan hwa'dEs Anmâgôm 8 it sucked the child the in- of his testines mother.	8
hā't. Hwāi! Lā wī-t'ē'sL Lgo-tk'·ē'Lkug·ê aL lō-d'ā't aL 9 intestines. Well! When great was the child at in was in	9
ts'em-xpē'îst. in the box.	0
NLk''ē q'aldîx'-qâ'ôdEL txanē'tk"L k'ōpe-tk''ē'Lk" wī-hē'lt 11  Then to the rear of they were the houses gone all the little children many	1
yukl sgʻäela'xkudētgʻê al ha-Xda'kl dô'qdēt qanl hawî'l. 12 while they shot at a with bows they took and arrows.	2
Wagait-dō' hwîl hētk"L gan. NLnēL gu'Xdēit. NLk''ē g'ig'a'as 13	3
Anmagôm ha't. Nlk''ē huX d'ep-iē'êt. Nlk''ēt huX dôql 14 Sucking- intes- tines. Then again down he went. Then again he took	1
ha-wî'l. NLk''ē huX k'ut-gwâ'disîL txanē'tk"L k'ōpE-tk''ē'Lk". 15 arrows. Then again about lost them all the little children.	5

Now, the children saw that the boy came from out of the grave, and they told the chief. He said, "Keep watch and try to catch him." The chief's nephews went, and, behold, he came down again. While he was walking about, they caught him and took him home. They took him to the chief's house. Now he grew up, and his name was Sucking-intestines.

2. Now he heard that there was a chief's daughter on the other side of the hole where the heavens meet. Sucking-intestines caught a bird and skinned it. He put its skin on and flew. Then he said, "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăăă!" He came to a town, and there he met a person. Then he shot a wood-pecker. He skinned it, and the other person put it on. They flew on. The one bird cried, "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăă!" The wood-

- 1 NLk''ē Lā sī-gō'n, nLk''ē hwîlā'x'detg'ê hwîl g'ik'si-hwî'tk"L Then when a little then they knew where out came from while,
- 2 Lgō-tk''ē'Lk" aL ts'Em-an-sg'ē'îst. NLk''ēt ma'Ldēit aL sEm'â'g'ît.

  the boy from in the grave. Then they to the chief.
- 3 NLK''ē a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'ît: "Ām mesem lēLk't sem-g'idi-gō'uL."

  Then spoke the chief: "Good you watch very right take him."
- 4 NLK'ë hwîlL guslî'sk"L sem'â'g'ît. Gwinādē'L, La huX
- 5 d'ep-ā'd'îk'sk"t, nlk'ë huX k'ul-iä'êt. Nlk'ë sā-t-gō'udet.

  down he came, then again about he went. Then sud-they took denly him.
- 6 NLk'ët na-dë-iä'edet. NLk'ë ts'Elem-ma'qdet al awa'al
  Then out of with they woods him went. Then' into they put him imity of
- 7 sem'â'g'ît. NLk''ē wī-t'ē'st, Anmâgôm hā'L hwa'tg'ê.
  the chief. Then he was large, Sucking- intes- was his name.
- 8 2. NLK'ēt nexna'L hwîl d'āL Lgō'uLkuL sem'â'g'ît aL an-dâ'L Then he heard where was the daughter of a chief at other side
- 9 hwîl nanô'ôL mesmā'L lax-ha'. NLk''ēt gō'us Anmâgôm hā'L where the hole of the meeting the sky. Then he took sucking-intestines
- 10 g'îtg'însa'. NLk'ēt tsa'adēt. NLk'ēt lō-Lô'otkut. NLk'ē (a bird). Then he skinned it. Then in he put it on. Then
- 11 g'ebā'yukt. NLk''ē a'lg'îxt: "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăă." NLk''ēt
  he flew. Then he said: "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăă." Then
- NLk 'et NLk 'et k'alL k'elL gōL grat. 12 hwal qal-ts'a'p. Then Then he met one person. one town. found
- 13 gu'Xdel ha'atk". Nlk'et tsa'adetg'ê. Nlk'et lo-lô'ôtk"l a wood-pecker. Then he skinned it. Then in he put it on
- 14 k.'âlı g'at. Nık.'ē lēba'yukdet. Nık.'ē huX a'lg'îxı g'îtg'însa':
  Then they flew. Then again spoke G'itg'insa':
- 15 "G'ît g'ît g'însăăăăă." NLk''ē dē-g'ebā'yukl ha'atku:

  "G'ît g'ît g'ît ginsăăăăă." Then with flew the woodpecker:

pecker accompanied him, crying, "How-how!" They flew upward. Now they came to a town. There a person said, "Son of the ghosts, you must go on farther if you want to find the place where the heavens meet." Then Sucking-intestines, who had the bird skin on, said "G'ît g'ît g'ît g'însăăăă!" and the woodpecker said, "How-how!" after Sucking-intestines had spoken. They came to many towns, and the people all said the same to them. They went on for a long time, and finally came to the hole in the sky. At that time it was always dark. There was no daylight. They found the hole, and the bird and the woodpecker flew through it. When they reached the inside of the sky, Sucking-intestines took off the skin of the bird, and the woodpecker also took off his skin. He sat down near the hole of the sky, while

"Haau hâ." K'ë sa'k'sdët. NLk'ë lë-yô'xk"Ldet lax-o'L k''ëlL "Haau hâ."en they went. Then on they went on top of one	1
qal-ts'a'p. NLk.'ē a'lg'îxL k.'âlL g'at: town. Then said one person:	2
[KI 1. [   1. 1.   [   1. 1. 1.   [   1. 1. 1.	
Q'ai-yim al-sg'ë' hwîl hax-hak'waxLmes-mâ' demt qan de-hwa'L LgōuLk"L lō-le-qai Close by lies where close the meeting (fut.) for finds the child of ghost.	3
NLk'ë a'lg'îxL g'îtg'însā' lō-Lô'ôtk's Anmâgôm hāt: Then said the g'îtg'însā' whom had on Sucking- intes- tines	4
"Tsinî't, tsinî't, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît, g'însăăăă hē'," tsinî't, tsinî't, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît, g'ît,	5
dē'yaL hā'atku aL La LēskuL a'lg'îxL g'îtg'însa'.  thus said the woodpecker at when finished saying the g'îtg'insa'.	6
NLk'e sa'k'sk'det wi-he'ld qal-ts'îpts'a'p. Lō-yô'xk'det Then they went to many towns. In they went	7
sagait-k'è'lt hadā'lqdētg'ê, Lā nak"L hwî'ldēt. NLk'è together one which they said, (perf.) long they did so. Then	8
hwa'dēt hwîl qalk'si-nô'ôL lax-ha' aL spagait-sq'ä'Exku they found where through the hole the sky at in the dark	9
q'ap-hwîla hwî'lt g'i-k'ō'oL. Nîg'îdi ā'd'îk'sk"L dem always was so in olden time. Not came (fut.)	10
mesā'x:. Nlk:'ēt hwa'dētg'ê. Nlk:'ē qalk:si-g:eba'yukl day. Then they found it. Then through flew	11
g'îtg'însa' qanL hā'atk". NLk''ēt qalk'si-ax'a'qLk"det the g'itg'insa' and the woodpecker. Then through they came	12
ts'Em-lax-ha'. NLk''ēt sa-ma'gas Anmâgôm hāt La anā'sL into the sky. Then off put Sucking- intestines (part.) the skin of	13
g'itg'însa'. NLk''ē dē-t-sa-ma'gasl k''âll g'at anā'sl hā'atk".  g'itg'însa'. Then also off put it one person the skin the wood-pecker.	14

Sucking-intestines went on. He came to a spring near the chief's house. Then the chief's daughter went out, carrying a small basket in which she was about to fetch water. She walked down to the spring in front of her father's house.\(^1\) Then Sucking-intestines transformed himself into the leaf of a cedar, and floated on the water. The chief's daughter dipped it up into her basket and drank it. Then she returned. She entered her father's house. After a short time she was with child. Then she gave birth to a boy. Then the chief and chieftainess were very glad. They washed him regularly, and he began to grow up. Now he was beginning to creep about, and the chief smoothed and cleaned the floor of his house. Now the child was strong. He began

- 1 NLk 'e d'āt lax-ts'ä'L hwîl nanô'ôL lax-ha'. NLk 'e aL he sat on the edge the hole of the sky. Then at where Then down
- 2 dā'uLs Anmâgôm hāt. D'āL an-a'k'sL sEm'â'g'ît aL g'ä'u.

  left Sucking- intes- the well of the chief at in front of the house.
- 3 Gwa'nîk'sı hwa'tg'ê. Nık''ē k'saxı lgō'ulk"ı sem'â'g'ît.

  Spring was its name. Then went out the child of the chief.
- NLk'e ak'sk". iaga-iē'êt 4 Lgō-qo'q yu'kdet dem aL qag'ä'us A little basket she held (fut.) to get Then down to in front of water. walked the house of
- 5 neguâ'ôdet. NLk''ēt gō'us Anmâgôm hāL laqs. NLk''ē her father. Then took Sucking- intes- a spike of tines a cedar. Then
- 6 lō-Lô'ôtkut. NLk''ē lō-g'ig'â'ôk'st aL ts'Em-a'k's. NLk''e g'apL on he put it. Then in he floated in in the water.
- 7 Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'îL 'qoq. NLk''ē ak'st sem-tqal-a'k'sdeL la'qsg'ê.

  the child of the chief the basket. Then she very in it she drank the leaf.
- 8 NLk''ē lō-ya'ltk"t. K''ē ts'ēnt aL hwîlps neguâ'ôdet. NLk''ē Then she returned. Then she in the house of her father. Then
- 9 āml qa-nā'guat, nlk''ē ō'bent. Nlk''ē aqlk"l Lgō-g'a't Lgō'ulk"l sufficiently long, then she was with child. Then she gave a man her child birth to little
- 10 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē lō-ā'mL qâL wī-sem'â'g'ît qanL sîg'idemna'q.

  the princess. Then in good the the chief and the chieftainess.

  was heart of great
- 11 NLk'et qane-hwîla lo-ma'k'sdet al ts'em-a'k's. Nlk'e ā'd'îk'sk"l Then always in she put him in in water. Then became
- 12 dem hwîl wī-t'ē's. NLk''ē Lā k'uL-tqā'atk"t. NLk''ē sem-lō-sa-ā'mL (fut.) being great. Then (perf.) about he crawled. Then really in made good
- 13 sem'â'g'ît lō-ts'ä'wul hwîlp. Nlk''ē lā dax-g'a'tl lgō-tk''ē'lk''.

  the chief in the inside of house. Then (perf.) strong was the child.
- 14 NLk.'ē wī-yē'tkut. TgōnL hēt: "Hamaxä', hamaxä'." NLk.'ēt
  Then he cried. Thus he "Hamaxä', hamaxä'." Then

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From here on the relater seems to have confounded the stories of the birth of Txä'msEm and of the origin of daylight. See the correct version in Franz Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nord-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, Berlin, 1895, p. 272 et seq.

to cry all the time, "Hamaxä, hamaxä!" Then the chief called the people. He did not know what the boy wanted, nor why he cried; but he wanted the box that was hanging in the chief's house. This was a box in which daylight was kept hanging in one corner of his house. Its name was max. The child cried for it. Then the chief was annoyed. He called the people, and they entered. Then they heard the child crying aloud. They did not know what the child was saying. He cried all the time, "Hamaxä! hamaxä! hamax!" Now one wise man who understood him said to the chief, "He is crying for the max." The chief ordered it to be taken down, and a man took it down. They laid it down, and the boy sat down near it. He was now quite large. He stopped crying, for he was glad. Then he rolled

gun-qâ'ôdeL caused to go				hwîlā'x dēL		1
Lgō-tk''ē'Lku	why he	wī-yē'tkut.	Hasa'qL He wanted	lō-ia'gat aL	the house	2
sem'â'g ît.	Lō-ia'qL In hung	max aL the in	amō'L		m'â'g ît.	3
Sem-k'ā-Lōt'ŭ Really (?)	gŭl sem'â'	g'ît. Maxl	hwas gō	stg ·ê. NLnē'	L ā'wutL e cried	4
Lgō-tk''ē'Lkug	rê. Nık 'e	lō-wā'ntku in annoyed	ь qâ'ôь	sem'â'g it.		5
gun-qâ'ôdEL	qal-ts'a'p.	NLk 'e ts'E	lem-qâ'od	eL qal-ts'a'p.	NLk 'e	6
they heard (ve	rbal cried	L Lgō-tk·'ē	'Lk <sup>u</sup> Lā ld (perf.)	g'ap-wī-t'ē'st.	NLk.'ē	7
- 110	'x'L qal-ts'	a'p qane-h	wîla hēr	Lgō-tk·ē'Lk	g'ê al	8
wī-yē'tk"t.	TgōnL hēt: Thus it said	"Hamaxa",	i' hamax	ittle a', hamax."	Hwä'i! Well!	9
K.'âlı hwîl x	ô'ôsgum g'a	at t'an hwîlā n who knew	i'x't, tgōi	nL heL hwîl x	ô'ôsgum <sup>wise</sup>	10
g'at: "Sem	'â'g'ît tgō	ss an-hä'e at what he s	et. Max	L haā'ut."	NLk 'et	11
gun-sa-gō'ude	EL SEM'â'g'î the chief.	ît. NLk 'ë	t sā-gō'ı	idel g'at.	NLk 'ēt	12
sg'ē'det. NL	k.'ēt k'uL-d	'ā'L Lgō-tk'	ē'Lk <sup>u</sup> Lā oy (perf.)	g'ap-wī-t'ē'st.	NLk.'ē	13
hā'wuL wī-yē	'tk <sup>u</sup> t, lō-ā'mɪ ng, in good was	qâôtt. NL	k.'ēt k'uɪ hen abou	L-lō-tgo-lax-lē'l t inaround to he and fro	b'Ent aL rolled it in	14

it about inside the house. He did so for four days. Sometimes he carried it to the door. Now the chief did not think of it. He quite forgot it. Then the boy really took the max. He put it on his shoulders and ran out with it. While he was running one man said, "The giant is running away with the max, ha!" Thus he received the name Giant. Then he ran away with it. He came to the hole of the sky, and, behold, his companion was sitting there. Then he took the skin of the bird. He put it on. His companion took the skin of the woodpecker, and they flew through the hole in the sky, the Giant carrying the max. At that time the world was always dark.

3. The Giant went on. It remained daylight. The darkness did not return. He wore something tied over his head. He arrived farther up the river. Then he put what he was wearing on his head under a stone in a steep cliff. It is there yet.

- 1 lō-ts'ä'wuL hwîlp. Lā lîg'i-txa'lpxL saL hwîlt. Wagait-didē-hwa'dEL in inside of the (Perf.) about four days he did Sometimes with it reached so.
- 2 Lgō-tk''ē'Lk" al ā'dz'Ep. Lā t'ak'l sem'â'g'ît hwill Lgō'ulk"l the child at the door. (Perf.) he the chief he did his child
- 3 sem-t'ë'îsk"L hwî'lpg ê. Sem-gō'udel lgō-tk'ë'lk"L ma'xg ê. quite forgetful of the house. Really got the boy the sun-box.
- 4 Sem-qô'ltsagat. Sem-ba'xt, k'si-de-bā'yît. NLk''ē baxt. NLk''ē Quickly he put it on his shoulders. Much he ran, out with he ran. Then he ran. Then
- 5 a'lg'ixl k''âll g'at: "K'si-dE-bā'is Wī-g'a't max, hâ!" Nlk''ē
  said one man: "Out with runs Giant the sun-box, hâ!" Then
- 6 hwîlt gō'uL su-hwa'dēt as Wī-g'a't. NLk''ē dE-ba'xt. NLk''ēt hwaL took it they called him Giant. Then with he ran. Then he found
- 7 hwîl nanô'ôL lax-ha'. Gwinā'dēL Lē stē'lt dē-d'ā't. K''ē hwîl k''ēt (verbal the hole the sky. Behold! (Perf.) his com- also was panion there.
- 8 gō'uL anā'sL g'îtg'insā'. NLk''ē lō-Lô'ôtk"t. NLk''ē dēt-gō'uL Lē he the skin g'îtg'insā'. Then on he put it. Then also took
- 9 stell ana'sı ha'atk'ıt. Nık'e qalk'si-leba'yukdet. Yu'kdes his com- the skin the wood- pecker. Then through they flew. He carried
- 10 Wī-gʻa't max. Qa'nē-hwîla sq'ä'Exk"L ha-lē-dzô'qsē aL gʻi-k'ō'uL.

  Giant the max (sun-box). Always dark was the world at long ago.
- mesā'x', sqä'Exk". 3. NLk.'ē iā's Wī-g a't. nî'g'i huX La 11 Then Giant. (Perf.) it was again dark. went not daylight,
- 12 K'uL-hâ'yîL t'âl. NLk''ēt hwaL g'ig'a'nîx'. NLk''ēt

  About he wore something tied over his head.

  Then he reached above. Then
- 13 yosl ts'Em-lô'ôp, ts'Em-biā'qL lô'ôpg'ê. t'âlt aL hwaL the rock. he put something tied a bluff the at in a stone, in name of away over his head
- 14 Hwäi! Sîsg ī't aL gön. Well! Itisthere yet.

- 4. The Giant did not know where his companion had gone. It was at the mouth of the Nass river where the Giant had come down, while Lôgôbolā' had come down in the darkness at the mouth of Skeena river. The Giant went to the mouth of Nass river. It was always dark, and he carried the max about with him. He went up the river, and ghosts whistled right before him. Then he was afraid. He returned, and therefore the waters of the river also turned back.
- 5. He continued to go up the river in the dark. A little farther up he heard the noise of people who were catching leaves in nets from their canoes. There was a loud noise out on the river, because they were working hard. The Giant, who was sitting on the shore, said: "Throw ashore one of the things that you are catching." And those on the water answered: "Where did you come from, you great

4. Hwäi! Nî'g'ît hwîlā'x's Wī-g'a't tse hwîl d'ep-a'xk"t. 1 Well! Not he knew Giant where down he came.
NLk'ë nî'g'ît hwîlā'x'L hwîl dā'uLL stēlt. Hwäi! magâ'nL 2 Then not he knew where he left his companion. Well! at the mouth of
Lē'sems hwîl d'ep-ā'qLk"s Wī-g'a't. NLk''ē magâ'nL K'san 3 Nass river where down came Giant. Then at the skeena mouth of river
hwîl dē-d'ep-a'qlk"s Lôgôbolā' al spagait-sqä'exk". Nlk''ē 4
g'îsi-iä'ês Wī-g'ä't al magâ'nl Lē'sems al spagait-sqä'êxku 5 down went river to the mouth Nass river at in the dark
qanēt-hwîla k'uL-yo'guL max. NLk''ēt hwaL qa-g'ig'ä'nLg'ê. 6 always about he carried the max. Then he found a little above.
NLk'ēt lō-g'îtwî'nqL llō'leq ts'ā'elt. TgōnL hē'tg'ê: (Whistle.) 7 Then in whistled ghosts his face. This they said: (Whistle.)
NLk''ē xpetsa'Xt. NLk''ē sa-lō-ya'ltk"t; nLqan hwîlL ak's, 8  Then he was afraid. Then from he there returned; therefore it did so the water,
huX dē-lō-ya'ltk"L a'k'sg'ê.  also on returned the water.
5. NLk''ē huX iä'êt aL spagait-sqä'êxk". NLk''ēt hwaL 10 Then again he went in the dark. Then he found
q'ai'yîm g'ig'ä'nîx'. NLk''ēt naxna'L hwîl hahä't t'an mok"L 11 close by above. Then he heard where noise of who catching in net
ia'ns at g'īkst uks-xwilâ'gantk" at sem-saqalq'ē'leqtt. Ntk''ē 12 leaves at off shore from land roaring and they were working hard. Then
d'ās Wī-g'a't al g'îlē'lîx'. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxt: "Sem-tsagam-mâ'gal 13
k''ä'gul an-hwunse'mîst lâyē'e." Nlk''e tgōnl hēl g'ī'ksg'ê: 14 one what you got to me." Then this said those off shore:

liar?" They knew that it was the Giant, therefore they made fun of him. The Giant said again: "Throw ashore one of the things that you are catching." Then they scolded him. Then the Giant said, "I shall break the max;" and a person replied, "Ah, where do you come from, great liar, and where did you get what you are talking about?" The Giant repeated his request four times, but those on the water refused what he asked for. Therefore the Giant broke the max. It broke, and it was daylight. Behold, boxes floated on the water. The ghosts had been fishing in the dark. Then the Giant knew it. He did not see where they went.

6. Now Txä'msem met his brother Lôgôbolā'. They were going to Nass river. They crossed the mouth of the river, and when they

- "Dzā ndal hwîl huX wîtk"L wi-gwīx '-qala'mgaL," La hät. when again come from great telling fibs," he said. being Wī-g'a't. Nîlnë'l qan lâ'ôt. 2 Hwîlā'x det net ansgwa'tkudēt They knew him Giant. Therefore they made fun of him. he was Wīg a't: "Sem-tsagam-mā'gal 3 Nlk·'ē huX hēs k 'a'guL Then again said Giant: "Really ashore you throw one
- 4 an-hwunse'mêst lâyē'e." Nlk''ēt tsagam-ha'k'sdēt. Nlk''ē tsagam-ha'k'sdēt. Then from sea they scolded to land him.
- 5 tgōnī hēs Wī-g·a't: "Ha'onē bēsī max lâ'sem." Nīk·'ē this said Giant: "Later on I tear the for you." Then
- 6 tgönl hel g'a'tg'ê: "Dzā nda ldemt hwîl de-wî'tk"l this said a person: "Where will have being coming from
- 7 wi-gwīx'-qalamga'L hā'tsenL an-hē't." La txalpxL hēs Wī-g'a't great telling fibs what talks what he says." (Perf.) four times said Giant
- 8 al nî'g'i hēl g'ī'k'sg'ê lu'Xdēl an-hēs Wī-g'a't. Nlqan to not said those off shore they refused what said Giant. Therefore
- NLk 'e tgonL hwîls Bēsl NLk 'e bēst. Wī-g a't. max. the Then it tore. Then this did. Giant. He tore sun-box.
- 10 mesā'x'. Gwina'dēl qal-hē'nq k'ul-g'îsi-lâ'k'sît al lax-a'k's.

  it was daylight.

  Behold boxes about down floated at on the water.
- 11 Llō'leq La hwîlt aL spagait-sqä'êxk". NLk''ēt hwîlā'x's
- 12 Wī-g'a't. Nî'g'îL g'a'at tsē hwîla s'ak'sk"t.

  Not he saw (uncertainty) where they went.
- 13 6. Wagait tgōnL huX hwîl hwî'ls Txä'msem ta tqal-hwa'L so far now again he did so Txä'msem ta tqal-hwa'L
- 14 wa'k'tg'ê, Lôgôbolā'ı hwat. Nia demt lō-qâ'ôdēii ts'em-Lē'sems.

  his brother, Lôgôbolā' his name. (Perf.) (fut.) in they went in Nass river.
- 15 NLk''ē La tsaga-ma'qskudet al saXl Lē'sems, lat hwa'dēl sēlkul Then (perf.) across they wen at the mouth Nass river. When they found the middle of

reached the middle, a fog arose. Lôgôbolā' had taken off his hat and put it upside down in his canoe. Then the fog lay on the surface of the water. Txä'msɛm lost his way and paddled about; but Lôgôbolā' did not paddle, he just drifted. Then Txä'msɛm became afraid. He called his brother: "Dear Lôgôbolā'!" But Lôgôbolā' did not answer. He called to him again, and he was nearly crying. He called him: "Oh, my good brother!" Then Lôgôbolā' pitied him. He gathered the fog, took it off from the water, and put it in his hat; then he put the hat on, and the fog cleared away. Then they paddled across.

7. They camped at Graveyard point, intending to eat there. Txä'msem went to get fuel and to look for water. After they had eaten, Lôgôbolā' said to his brother, "What are you going to drink,

Sa-gō'udes Lôgôbolā'l qā'itt. ak's, nLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L iē'n. fog. Off took Lôgôbolá' water. hasba'-sg'īt. K''ē sg'il iē'n al lax-a'k's. Nlk''ē q'asba-k'ul-hwā'ax's Then lay fog on on the water. Then astray about paddled NLk''ē nî'g'îdî hwāx's Lôgôbolā'; saxg'â'ôk's. Txä'msem. paddled he was floating. Then not Lôgôbolā'; Txä'msem. ā'd'îk sk"l hwîl alî'sk"l qâ'ôts Txä'msem. Nlk 'et ētk"s Lôgôbolā'l the heart of Txä'msem. Then he called Lôgôbolā' "Nāt, nāt, Lôgôbolā'." Lôgôbolā'. K·'ē wa'k'tg'ê: Ansegō's He paid no his brother: "My dear, my dear, Lôgôbolā'. Lôgôbola'. attention al ä'êsk"t. Wulde wi-ye'tk"del het. At'e'tk"l ama' huX hēt he spoke. He called again he said and he called. As though crying K.'ē si-gō'n, k.'ē q'ā'êL qâ'ôts K.'ēt wa'k'tg'ê. Lôgôbolā'. pity of the heart of his brother. Then after a while, then Lôgôbolā'. Then sē'wunl iē'n t-sa'-dôqt, t-lō-d'ā'telt al qā'it. K'et hatsek'sem he gathered he off took it he in put it in his hat. Then K.'ē K.'ē huX hâx's Lôgôbolā'L qā'itt. q'andā'uL iē'n. put on Lôgôbolā' his hat. Then opened the fog. Then 10 hwā'x dēL tsaga-ma'qsdēt. they paddled across they went. K'ë dzîxdzô'qdēt al lgo-sgan-mē'lîk'st al dem txâ'ôxk"dēt. 11 little tree crab-apple (Graveyard point) to (fut.) they stayed at q'amgait-g'a'as Txä'mseml ak's al he-yu'kl se-âô'lkudēt al 12 at the same Txämsem water while beginning made firewood Then Saw time NLk''ē La txâ'ôxkudēt. la'k"det. NLk 'e wak't 13 dEm hēt al Then (perf.) their fire. Then his brother they ate. he said to Lôgôbolā'g'ê: "Ago'L an-a'k'sEn dem Wī-g·ō't; miā'n 14 Lôgôbolá': "What (fut.) drink you at foot of B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——2

Giant? [Are you going to drink from the] roots of little alder trees?" After they had eaten, he gave Txä'msem his basket-cup. Txä'msem took it and went toward the water, but there was no water in the brook. It was lost. Then Txä'msem worried. He knew at once that Lôgôbolā' had caused the water to be lost. He returned. His voice was almost choked by tears when he spoke: "Oh, dear Lôgôbolā', chief, please don't tease me. I am very thirsty." Then Lôgôbolā' pretended to drink. He took the basket and he dipped water up himself. Then Txä'msem drank. Then the flood tide set in.

8. Then they went up Nass river, each in his own canoe. When they had gone up to the point where the current runs downward, Txä'msem said, "Let us gamble." Lôgôbolā' agreed, though he did not care. He asked Txä'msem, "What game shall we play?" Txä'msem

- 1 Lgwa-lū'i?" NLk''ē La LaxLä'Exkudēt, k''ēt g'inā'mL qōku little alder?" Then when they finished eating, then he gave a basket
- 2 ha-a'k'sdēt. K''ēt gō'us Txä'msem. K''ē Lat qâ'ôl awa'al ak's. their cup. Then took it Txä'msem. Then (perf.) he went the proxto imity of water.
- 3 NLk''ē nî'g'î baxL ak's, gwâtk"L ak's. K''ē aba'g'ask"s
  Then not ran the water, it was lost the water. Then was troubled
- 4 Txä'msem. K·'ēt q'amgait-hwîlā'x's Txä'msem Lôgôbolā' qan Txä'msem. Then at once knew Txä'msem Lôgôbolā' on account
- 5 gwâtk<sup>u</sup>L a'k·sg·ê. K·'ē lō-ya'ltk<sup>u</sup>t. K·'ē lō-k·'îlɛk·'îla'yîmxt aL was lost the water. Then he returned. Then in he was choked by tears
- 6 hē'tg'ê: "Sem'â'g'ît! Wa'g'i Lôgôbolā'! Wâ'gal huX sebenā'yîn he spoke: "Chief! brother Lôgôbolā'! don't again tease
- 7 nēe, la gwalk<sup>u</sup>l qâ'ôdēe al dem a'k'sēe." K'ē hîs-a'k'sk<sup>u</sup>s me, (perf.) dry my heart for (fut.) I drink." Then pretended to drink
- 8 Lôgôbolā'. K''ēt gōL qō'kug'ê. K''ēt lep-g'a'ps Lôgôbolā'.

  Then he took the basket. Then self dipped it up Lôgôbolā'.
- 9 K'ë ak's Txä'msem, nlk'ë la pta'lîk's.
  Then drank Txä'msem, then (perf.) the water rose.
- 10 8. NLk'ët La lō-qâ'ôdet ts'Em-Lē'sEms mELag'udā't aL
  Then when in they went in Nass river one in each in
- 11 mmāl. NLk 'et hwa'de g'ig'e'nîx hwîl g'îsi-ba'xL ak'sem they reached up river where down ran the water
- 12 Lē'sems. NLk·'ē hēs Txä'msemL dem xsa'ndet. NLk·'ēt
  Nass river. Then said Txā'msem (fut.) they gamble. Then
- 13 q'am-anâ'ôqs Lôgôbolā'. NLk'ēt g'ē'dexs Txä'msem; agōl without agreed Lôgôbolā'. Then asked Txä'msem, what
- 14 dem hwîl xsa'ndet. "Dem qammē'ntsnōm." "Āme dzāpt." "Good make it."

<sup>1</sup> Lögöbolá"s words are in Tsimshian diafact.

replied: "Let us have a shooting match." Lôgôbolā' consented. Then Txā'msem prepared a rock. He split it that they might shoot at it, and said: "Whoever hits this crack shall win the game, either I or you. Let us stake Skeena river against Nass river." Lôgôbolā' agreed. It is said that Lôgôbolā' had a nice box for his quiver, but Txā'msem just made a bow and an arrow. Then he took two stones on which they sat down. They talked to each other, and Txā'msem wished to sit nearest the water. He placed his grandchildren nearby. Lôgôbolā' placed the Canada Jays, his grandchildren, nearby. Now Lôgôbolā' said, "You shoot first, brother Giant." But the Giant replied, "No; let us shoot at the same time." Then Lôgôbolā' agreed. Txā'msem said to his grandchildren, the Crows, "Fly ahead! If my arrow should not quite reach the aim, take it up and stick it into the stone, but pull

NLk 'ēt dzāps Txä'msem lô'ôp. Sa'g'ant aL demt lō-guXde'it. 1 Then made Txä'msem a stone. He split it to (fut.) in they shoot.
"Lîg'î-tnā' dem t'an lō-gu'Xt, nēL dem xstāt. Lîg'ît nē'e, 2
lîg-ît nē'en. Dem ndô'qdemt K'san qant Lē'sems." Ntk-'ēt 3 or you. (Fut.) we stake Skeena and Nass river." Then
q'am-anâ'ôqs Lôgôbolā' hēt. K''ē sg'ī'-gaL ama xpē'isîs 4 without agreed Lôgôbolā' he said. Then there is it is a good box
Lôgôbolā' xpē'isem anda-hawî'ltg'ê. K''ē nē'êst Txä'msem. 5 Lôgôbolā' box his quiver. Then none Txä'msem.
Q'am-guld-q'al-ts'a'pdel ha-Xda'ku qanl hawî'l. Nlk''ē dôql 6
lô'ôpg'ê k''ē'lp'el dem ha-lē-hwa'ndēt. NLk''ē Lā lē-hwa'ndet. 7
NLk''ē hē-yu'k"L g''ax-na-al'a'lg'îxdet. K''ēt hōukstiyu'ks 8 Then they began only to they talked. Then moved on his seat toward the water
Txä'msem de-ha-lē-d'ā't. NLk''ē Lat huwa'ndes Txä'msemL 9 Txā'msem his seat. Then (perfect) they sat Txā'msem
huXdā'g'întk"t. NLk''ē dēt-hwa'ndîs Lôgôbolā'L ts'āsgusguâ'c 10
dē-huxdā'g'întk"t. NLk''ē hēs Lôgôbolā': "ĀmL k's-qâ'ôgan 11 on his grandchildren. Then said Lôgôbolā': "Good you first
wa'g'i Wī-g'a't." K''ē nî'g'ēs Wī-g'a't: "ĀmL dem 12 brother Giant." Then not he Giant: "Good (future)
sagaīt-k·'ē'lı dem Xdā'gōem." K·'ēt q'am-anâ'qs Lôgôbolā'ı 13 together (future) we shoot." Then without agreed Lôgôbolā'
hē'tg'ê. La g''i-na'k"L lō-dā'uL a'lg'îxs Txä'msem aL 14 he said. (Perf.) before long in go said Txa'msem to
huxdā'g'întgum q'auq'ā'ō: "Dem q'ai'yîm ōk'sL dē 15 his grandchildren the crows: "(Fut.) close by drops my

out Lôgôbolā's arrow and put it away." They did so. They shot at the same time. As soon as the brothers shot, the Crows flew ahead. Lôgôbolā' saw clearly when his arrow struck the stone, but Txä'msɛm said, "I hit it." But Lôgôbolā' said, "No; I hit it." "No; I hit it," said Txä'msɛm. He was very happy while he was saying this, therefore he used the Tsimshian language. Then Lôgôbolā' said he knew that he had lost. He saw the Crows taking the arrow and putting it away, while they put Txä'msɛm's arrow into the cleft. Lôgôbolā' said, "You have won, brother Giant. Now the olachen will come to Nass river twice every summer." And Txä'msɛm said, "The salmon of Skeena river shall always be fat." Thus they

1	1 hawî'leist ha'e, medzese'm k.'ē gō'ut, medzesem krow (exclam.), you then take it, you	ESE'm k.'ē
2	2 lō-hē't'ent at ts'em-lô'ôbest. Medzese'm k·'ē in stick it at in the stone. You then	
3	3 hawî'ls Lôgôbolā'. Medzese'm k·'ē sa-ma'gat."  the arrow Lôgôbolā'. You then off put it."	NLk.'ē La Then (perf.)
4	4 hwî'ldetg'ê. Adīk''ē'leL lē'duXdēit. Q'ai-hē-lē'duX they did so. At the same time they shot. First beginning	dēit, k'ē
5	5 lēba'yuk"L q'auq'ā'ō. Q'amgait-g'a'as Lôgôbolā' thwi they flew the crows. Surely saw Lôgôbolā' wher	îl lō-gu'XL e in it struck
	6 lô'ôpg ê. NLk''ē iagai-hē's Txä'msem t māLt: "L the stone. Then however said Txä'msem he told: "	
7	7 lō-gu'Xt." NLk·'ē hēs Lôgôbolā': "NēE t'an in struck it." Then said Lôgôbolā': "I who	lō-gu'Xt." in struck it."
8	8 "A'yîn nE'riō t'în lō-gō'ht." AL hê'sgusg'ē'tkusi "No I who in struck it." On account of he was happy	m hē'tg'ê, saying this,
9	9 qan hēt hâx'L a'lg'îgEm Ts'Emsa'n. NLk'' there- fore he used the language Tsimshian. Then	ē a'lg'îxs
10	10 Lôgôbolā' aL Lat hwîlā'x'L hwîl dz'aLt. H Lôgôbolā when (perf.) he knew (verbal noun) he lost. T	Κ'ē g'ā'as hen saw
11	11 Lôgôbolā' thwîl gō'uL q'auq'ā'uL hawî'ltg'ê. K''ēt Lôgôbolā (verbal took the crows the arrows. Then o	Iresi malant
12	12 K.'ēt iagai-lō-Lô'ôdeL hawî'ls Txä'msem. NLk'	'ē a'lg'îxs
13	13 Lôgôbolā': "La xstā'nîst wa'g'i Wī-g'a't. Der Lôgôbolā': "(Perf.) you won brother Giant. (Fut	n gʻē'lb'El
14	14 dem ā'd'îk'sL sāk' aL Lē'sems aL sînt." NLk''ē  (fut.) come olachen to Nass river in summer." Then	dē-a'lg'îxs on said his part
15	15 Txä'msem: "Dem max-t'elt'ē'lx hân al K'san."  Txä'msem: '(Fut.) all fat the salmon at Skeena."	K'ē hwîl

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These words are in Tsimshian dialect.

divided what Txä'msem had won at Nass river. Txä'msem was again hungry. What should he eat? Then Lôgôbolā' went toward sunrise, while Txä'msem went down to the ocean.

2a. He did still another thing. He heard that the daylight was hidden in a box called max. He went to get it. He transformed himself into a leaf of a cedar, and he wished that the chief's daughter should be thirsty. The chief's daughter went to fetch water, and drank the leaf. Then she was pregnant and had a boy. His grandfather was very glad. The child grew up very quickly. He crept about. Then he began to cry very much. His grandfather worried because the boy was crying all the time. He said, "Call an old man. Maybe he will understand what he says." The old man sat down.

k·'ē ba'sîxk <sup>u</sup> det al la xsdās Txä'msem al Lē'sems. Nl 1 they separated when (perf.) had won Txä'msem at Nass river. Then
hwîl k''ē k'u'ıXdax's Txä'msem agōl dem g'ē'bet. K''ē 2
La dā'uLs Lôgôbolā' wa'k'tg'ê aL yaē-anō-hwîl k'si-gua'ntk <sup>u</sup> L 3  (perf.) left Lôgôbola his brother to toward out rises
LôqsL qâ'ôt. K'ē ya'ē-lax-mô'ônL dē-qâ'ôs Txä'msem. 4 the sun he went. Then toward the ocean also went Txä'msem.
2a. K. ēll huX hwîl hwî'ls Txä'msem. Nexna'yil hwîl lō-sg i'l 5
mesā'x se-hwa'tgut al max. K'ēt qâ'ôt. Nlk'ē huX hwîl 6 the daylight it is name of max. Then he went for it. Then again
hwî'ltg'ê al lō-lô'ôtk"l laqs. K''ēt bôxl lgō'ulk"l sem'â'g'it 7 he did so and he transformed the leaf Then he waited the child of the chief
al dem noôm-a'k'st. K''ē hwîll lgō-wî'lk'sîlgum hana'q 8 to (fut.) desire to drink. Then did so the princess woman
a'k'sk'utg'ê. K''ē tq'al-a'k'sL laqs. K''ē ō'benl lgo-wî'lk'sîlk'u. 9 she got water. Then with it she the leaf of drank a cedar. Then was with the princess.
K.'ēt hwal Lgō-tk''ē'Lgum g'at. K''ē lō-ā'ml qâ'ôts niyē'êt. 10  Then she found a child boy. Then in was the heart of his grand-father.
K.'ē lā'p'ell masl lgō-tk''ē'lku. la k'ul-qā'ek'ckutg'ê, wul 11 Then quickly grew the child. When about he crawled,
skwatguī'ı wī-yē'tk"t. K''ē aba'g'ask"s niyē'et, at hwîl sî- 12
k 'a-wi-yē'tk st huxdā'g înt. Nigan hē'tg ê: "Wô'ôl k 'all 13
wī-d'ē'set dem t'an guXL qan-hē'tg'ê." K'ē d'āL wī-d'ē'setg'î 14

Now the boy was crying, "Hamahā'" all the time. Then the old man said to the chief, "I thought it was difficult to understand what the prince says. He cries for the max." The box in which the daylight was kept hanging in the corner of the chief's house. The child stopped crying when he heard what the old man said. The chief took the box off and put it down near the child, who was Txä'msem. Then he stretched out his hand and clapped the box in which the daylight was. Then his grandfather was glad. Now Txä'msem was playing with the box and moved it about in the house. He made it run about in his grandfather's house. On the following morning Txä'msem rose from his mother's bed. He took the box and played with it all day. He went out of the house and made it roll about on the street. He

- 1 al hē'tg'ê: "Hamahā'!" Dēya'l lgō-tk''ē'lk". Qa'nē-hwîla hē'tg'ê.

  and he said: "Hamaha!" Thus said the boy Always he said so.
- 2 NLk''ē hēL wī-d'ē'stg'î aL sem'â'g'it: "Qastē'i lig'î-qē'tkui qan Then said the old man to the chief: "I thought some-difficult how
- 3 hēl lgō-wî'lk'sîlk"," dē'yal wuī-d'ē's'et. "'Mā'xe' an-hä'it sê!" said the old man. "'Sun receptacle' what he says!"
- 4 Dē'ya al hwîl lō-sg'i'l mesā'x' an-hē't. Men-ia'gat al amō'sl Thus he at where in lay the daylight what he said. Up it hung at the corner of
- 5 sEm'â'g'it. K'ē sa-gē'sxk"s Txä'msEm Lgō-tk'ē'Lk"g'ê aL Lat the chief. Then sud-stopped denly crying the child when (perf.)
- 6 nexna'l hel wi-d'e'set. K''et sā-gō'udēl max hwîl lō-sg'i'l he heard what said the old man. Then off they took the max where in was
- 7 mesä'x:. K'et sg'e'det al awa'as lgō-tk'e'lk"g'ê Txä'msem the daylight. Then they laid it in the proximity of little
- 8 hwî'lt. K''ē Lô'ôdel an'ô'nt; at g'ilgal-t'axt'ā'el max hwîl lō-sg'i'l was. Then he stretched his hand; around he clapped the where in lay
- 9 mesā'x gê. K'ē lō-ā'ml qâ'ôts nîyē'it. Wūl skwa'tguil the daylight. Then in good the heart his grandfather. Then began
- 10 LELā'ntk"L max. At-La'ndes Txä'msem aL an-qalā'qt lâet. to move the max. He moved it Txä'msem at what playing on it.
- 11 K.'ēt k'uL-lō-tgo-ba'ant aL hwîlps niyē'et. K.'ē huX yu'ksa;
  Then about in around he made in the house his grandit run of father.

  Then again night;
- 12 hē'Luk, k'ē huX g'în-hē'tk"s Txä'msem, wîtk"t aL awa'as rose Txä'msem, coming from the proximity of
- 13 nôxt. K'ē huXt qâ'ôL max, aL anb'el-qalā'qt lâ'ôt aL wī-sa'.

  his mother. Then again he went the and he played with it at all day.
- 14 Qasqâ'it dē-k'sa'xt al an-g'a'leq. At-k'ul-ba'ant lāx-lē'lb'ent beginning also he went to outside. He about made run fro it

only pretended to play with it. When he was outside, he took it and ran away with it. One man saw him and said, "Txä'msem is running away with the sun-box!" Then Txä'msem ran away. He had assumed his full size which he had when going about murdering. Then he ran.

5a. He came down the river and arrived at its mouth. It was dark there, and he heard the ghosts catching olachen at night. He said, "Give me one of the things you have caught." One man replied, "Who is talking there? That is the great Txä'msem; ha, ha, tssî!" After a while Txä'msem said again, "Give me one of the things you caught, or I will tear the sun-box." Then all the ghosts said, "Ha, great slave; you great Scabby-shin! Where did you obtain what you are talking about, great slave, great

al lax-qe'nex. His-huwî'ltk"st yukl hwîlt. K''ē de-ba'xt. I on on the trail. He pretended to do it while he was doing. Then with he ran.	1
K''ēt g'a'aL k''âlL g'at, hwîl dE-ba'xt. K''ē hēL g'a'tg'ê: 2  Then saw him one man, (verbal with run- noun) it ning.  Then said the man:	2
	3
Ha'tsîk'sem huX hō'g'igat La walen-wī-gêsgâ'ôt al hē-yu'kl 4	4
wi-guī'x:-su-g'a'tg'e. K.'ē ba'xt. great expert murdering. Then he ran.	5
	6
nexna'l hwîl yu'kt mokl llō'leq sāk al a'xkug'ê. Nlk'ë 7 he heard (verbal they catching ghosts olachen at night. Then	7
hēt: "Sem tsagam-mâ'gel k-'ä'gul an-hwu'nsemest lâmē';" 8 he said: "You from sea take one what you get to us;"	8
dēya'. "Agō'L hē'tsen," dēya'L k''âlL g'at. "La huX nēL g thus he "What is this talking," thus said one man. "(Perf.) again he	9
wī-Txä'msem, hä hä'e tssî." ĀmL qa-nā'gut, k''ē huX hēs 10 the Txä'msem, hā hā'e tssi." A good while, then again said	0
Txä'msem: "Sem tsagam-mâ'gel k'ä'gul an-hwu'nsemest lâmē'. 17	1
Hawinne best max lâ'sem." K'ë sagait-he't llō'leq at 19	2
hē'det: "Tsaē' wī-xa'E wī-wu'sen-amalma'lgum t'em-lā'm. 13 spoke: 'Tsaē' big slave big along scabby leg below knee.	3
Nda me deme'l de-wî'tk"L an-hä'nîst wi-xa'e, wi-lē'luks?" 14  Where you (fut.) with come what you great slave, great thief?"	

thief?" And Txä'msem was angry. He opened the sun-box a little and it became light. Behold, large boxes floated on the water and capsized. They were the canoes of the ghosts. Then he shut the box again, and the ghosts continued to catch olachen.

- 1 K''ē sī'Epk"L qâ'ôts Txä'msem. K''ēt q'ā'gaL max ts'ōsk't
  Then sick was the the the the theart of the max a little
- 2 q'ā'gal max. K''ē mesā'x'. Gwinā'dēl, qaxpē'ist he opened the max. Then it was daylight. Behold, blanket boxes
- 3 k'uL-g'î'ldep-qaxā'igut aL qa-g'ī'eksît mmālL llō'leq. K''ēt about upset capsized at opposite him on the water canoes of the ghosts. Then
- 4 hā'tsîksem huX hapl ma'xg'ê. K''ēt hā'tsîk'sem huX hē-yu'kl once more again he shut the box. Then once more again began
- 5 llö'leq aL se-sä'k't. the ghosts made olachen.

### Txä'msem

[1, 4, and 2a told by Philip; 2 and 3 by Moses]

1. He came to the house of a chief who was asleep. He stood in the doorway. The water was in the house of this chief. Then Txä'msem thought he would steal it. He tore off the bark of a rotten tree. He chewed it and made it look like excrements. Then he entered secretly after he had finished his work. The great chief was asleep. Txä'msem lifted his blanket and laid the excrements next to his anus. Then he waked him and said, "Chief, you soiled your blanket." Then the chief awoke and said, "When did that happen?" Txä'msem repeated, "You soiled your blanket while you

### Txä'msem

1. HuX h		k-'âlL sem'â'g	g'it huwô'qtg'ê. while he slept.	
ts'Elem-hē'tk"t		hwîl lō-sg where in l	g·ē'L ak·s hw ay the the	î'lptg'ê 2 house of
	gōst. K.'ē that. Then	lō-a'lg'îxL o	påts Txä'msen the Txä'msem eart of	
dem hwîl (fut.) (verbal noun)	lē'lukst. K'ē steal. Then			n-ga'n. 4
K'et qe'ent	, sagait-qē'ent d together he chewed i	Then he	zāpt aL su-k made at made it	c'oa'tst. 5 excrements.
Sem-hâ'g igant	hwîla dzāp	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	'a'mts'En ts'ēn secretly he en tered	- when
	g·ê. Huwô'qL k. While slept		K.'ēt bātsl. Then he lifted	gula't. 7
NLa Lēsk <sup>u</sup> t When he finished	sg it aL he lay at	ts'Em-gō'ElL in the anus of	sem'â'g it.	NLk.'ēt 8
gō'ksaant aL h	nē'tg'ê: "Sem'â'		excrements."	dēya'. 9 thus he spoke.
K.'ē gōksk"L Then he awoke	sem'â'g'it aL the chief and			hwîll 10
an-hä'nsEnē?" what you said?"		pā'nen at hi our excre- at ments	ıwô'ganisLa'E," while you are sleeping,"	dēya's 11 thus said

were asleep. Shall I clean it?" Then the chief did not say a word. He was ashamed. "Do not stir; I will go and fetch some moss to wipe it off." Txä'msem had already brought some moss for that purpose. He went immediately to the chief, lifted his blanket, and said, "Hm, what a smell that is!" He showed it to the chief after he had finished wiping the blanket. Then the chief saw it and believed that he had soiled his blanket while asleep. He was much ashamed. Txä'msem carried it outside. He entered again and said: "Chief, I am very thirsty." The water was hanging in the corner of the chief's house. The chief spoke, "Go and get the water yourself." Then Txä'msem arose, put his bear-skin blanket on, and opened the receptacle in which the water was kept. Then he poured it into his blanket.

1 Txä'msem. "Dem k'si-d'a'Ldeîst ana'?" K·'ē nîg'î xstaltk<sup>u</sup>L Txä'msem. "(Fut.) out I put them heh?" Then made noise not 2 sem'â'g'ît. hwî'ltg'ê. "G·ilô" Dzâqt tsE La'ntgun. DEM the chief. Ashamed at what he "Don't move. (Fut.) did. he was ha-g'ē'mk'aaē." K.'ē 3 k'ax-qâ'ôeL bEla'q ia'gait-g'ē'ElL dem my means for (fut.) moss wiping." Then already he had for a I while go for 4 bela'qtg'ê al demt hâx't. K'ē hwîl hagun-ië'êt At once moss (fut.) he uses it. toward in order hē'tg'ê: "Hm! K.'ēt 5 asa'ēl sem'â'g'it. bātsl gula't, aL the feet the chief. Then he lifted said: blanket, tgon." Isk"L an-hwu'nL sem'â'g'it K.'ēt k'ax-gun-g'a'adetg'ê Stench what he has the chief this." Then he showed it g'îmk't. 7 al Lēsk<sup>u</sup>l t K.'ēt g'a'aL sem'â'g'itg'ê. Ia'gai-ne't But when he finhe wiped. Then saw it the chief. yes ished K.'ē sem'â'g'itg'ê k'saXt huwô'qt. lep-g'a'aL Le aL self saw it the chief his excrewhile he slept. Then (perf.) ments K·'ēt k·si-d'ā'Ls Txä'msem. K·'ē 9 sem-dzâ'qt. huX ts'ent much he was Then out put it Txä'msem. Then again he enand 10 hē'tg'ê: "La gwalkuL qâ'ôdē sem'â'g'it." aL dem a'k'sēE sē said: "(Perf.) dry is (fut.) I drink chief." my heart to "A'm me dem iax'ia'q wî'tk"L ak's amō'st. 11 K.'ē hwîl aL where came from the corner. "Better water 12 lep-qâ'ôdest," dē'yal sem'â'g'itg'ê. K·'ē hētk<sup>u</sup>s Txä'msem Txä'msem self go for it," thus said the chief. Then stood up to 13 tgu-sa'g'iL gula't. Gwis-o'lL gula'tg'ê. K·'ēt q'a'gat hwîl around he put his blanket. Blanket bear his blanket. he opened Then where K.'ēt lō-be'lxsem qaq'ā'q'ant 14 lö-ga'tsl a'k'sg'ê. he put it down the water. Then in he opened poured k·'ē 15 ts'Em-gwis-o'lt. Hwîl k'si-ba'xt hē'tg'ê. A'lg'îxL

his bear.

in

Then

aL

and

said.

out he ran

The talk of

Then he ran out and uttered the cry of the raven, "Qa, qa, qa, qa!" He carried the great water, and ran away with it. Then the great chief became angry and said, "Ahum! Great slave! Scabby-shin! He did it. He took all the water." Txä'msem ran away. It was dark while he was running. He could not see ahead, but he heard the ghosts whistling near his face. He returned immediately because he was afraid. The water was all the time running down from his bearskin, and therefore the water now always runs back to sea. Now he arrived at the mouth of Nass river. He was very glad. Therefore Nass river is now a very large river.

2. He went on and made a house of stone. Then he saw a gull flying about. He said, "Whee!" The gulls continued to fly about, crying, "Qâq!" The Giant ran about and made small sticks, intending

qāqL hâyis Txä'm the used Txä'ms	SEM AL while	run-	"Qa,	qa,			1
Qanet-hwîla yō'guL Always carrying	wī-t'ē'sem the great	ak's water	at he	dE-ba's			2
Lēntx' wī-sem'â'g'i angry was the chief, great	tg'ê, al	hē'tg'é	B: "	Êhmm!	W	ī-xa'e, atslave,	3
wī-wusEn-amElma'lgun great along scabs	n t'Em-Lā'n lower leg,	n, La (perf.)	huX again	nē'dael he	hūv who		4
Txa-gō'dEL wī-a'k's.  All took he the water.  great			Whil				5
K.'ē nî'g'ît g'a'aL Then not he saw			sqä'xk <sup>u</sup> darkness.	. Sen			6
lō'leq q'ai'yîm ts'i	em-ts'ā'alt:	"Hw."	SI Imr	m-lō-ya ne- he re	a'ltk <sup>u</sup> t	aL he	7
xbets'a'Xt. X.'ē qa	anē-hwîla k	c'si-ba'xL	ak's	aL g	gwis-o	'ltg'ê.	8
K.'ē qanē-hwîla hw Then always doe	îlL a'k sg ê	gōn now	La l	hwîl g	gulîk's	-ba'xs	9
Txä'msem. K.'ē g	rîsi-a'qLk <sup>u</sup> t own he iver arrived	at L	ē'sems. Vass river.	K.	'ē lā en in	j-ā'mL good was	10
qâ'ôtt, nLqan wī-t'ē his heart.	s Lē'sems	gōn se					11
2. NLk 'e huX is	went. NLk 'et						12
NLk'ē tgōnL hwîls V	Vī-gʻa't. Gʻa Giant. He	a'at hwîl saw (verba noun)	l about	ebā'yu flew	kL qē	wun.	13
NLk-'ē tgōnL hēs Then this said	Wīgʻa't: I	Hūi Lā	naku	L k'u	L-lēba ut the	yukL y flew	14
xs-qâ'ôqsk". NLk'ē crying qáôq. Then	k'uL-ba'xt. about ran he.	NLk 'ēt	dzîpdzi he mad	ī'pL sīs le	sō'sEm little	gan	15

to gamble. Then the great Gull came. They began to gamble. Soon they began to quarrel, and the Giant said, "I guess this stick." The Gull did not reply. Therefore the Giant threw the Gull on his back and stepped on his stomach. Then the great Gull vomited two olachens. The Giant took them, and the Gull flew away.

In the evening the Giant made a little canoe of elderberry wood. Then he started to gamble. He went down the river and landed at the beach in front of the house of a great chief. He took his gambling sticks and went up. He entered, and many people were in the house. They began to gamble. Now, before the Giant landed he had rubbed the spawn of the olachen over the inside of his canoe and left the tails under the stern sheet. Now he sat down among the gamblers.

- NLk 'e ā'd'îk'sk"L wi-qē'wun. NLk 'e dem aL xsant. vukL they began (fut.) gamble. Then the great "TgonL 2 xsa'ndēt. NLk 'e na-xsē'ngdet. TgonL hēs Wī-g'a't: each they other disbelieved they gambled. Then This Giant: "This said
- 3 gōuî'st." Nlk''ē nî'g'i hēl qē'wun, nîlqan hwîll Wī-g'a't, I guess." Then nothing said the gull, therefore did so Giant,
- 4 haspā-ō'yitl qē'wun. Nlk''ēt ma'qsaans Wī-g'a't asîsa'it all on his he the gull. Then stood Giant his feet on
- wī-qē'wun t'epxā'tL NLk 'et 5 bank wī-qē'wun. xsē'dîL sāk'. olacher. the Then vomited the gull two the the belly of great gull. great
- 6 NLk'ēt dôqs Wī-g'a't. NLk'ē g'ebā'yukl qē'wun. NLk'ē Then took them them the gull. Then he
- 7 dā'uLt.
- 8 NLk''ē yu'ksa, nLk''ēt dzāps Wī-g'a't Lgō-mā'lîm sgan-lâ'ts.

  Then evening, then made Giant a little canoe of elderberry bush.
- 9 NLk''e sî-g'â'tk"t dem g'îtan-xsa'ntk"t. Hwä'i! NLk''e Then he started (fut.) started to gamble. Well! Then
- 10 sî-g-â'ôtkut, nLk''ē g-îsā-hē'tkut. NLk''ē g-â'ôt aL qa-g-â'uL he started, then down he went. Then he was at in front of the house of
- 11 hwîlpl wī-sem'â'g'ît. Nlk''ēt gōl anda-xsa'nt. Nlk''ē bax-iä'êt.

  the house a chief. Then he took gambling-sticks. Then up he went.
- 12 NLk''ē ts'ēnt hwîl lō-hwa'nL wī-hē'ldem g'at. Hē-yukL Then he entered where in were many people. They began
- 13 xsa'ndetg'ê. TgönL hwîls Wī-g'a't aL hāô'n g'ig'a'tsk"t.

  they gambled. This did Giant to before he landed.
- 14 Menma'nt le länl säk al lö-ts'ä'wul mält. Nlk'ët lö-dô'xl He rubbed on (perf.) spawn olachen at inside of his canoe. Then in were
- 15 La qa-Lā'tsxt al laXl qal-x'da'qs. Nlk'e d'āt al hwîl the stern sheet. Then he sat down

Then a person said, "Why don't you join us?" The Giant yawned, "I did not sleep all night. A certain person caught three canoe loads of olachen up the river." "La!" said one man, "how should olachen get there? It is not time yet. They will go up six months hence." They did not believe the Giant, and said, "You are a liar; you are a liar!" The Giant did not at first reply; then he said, "Well, look at the inside of my canoe. There are olachen tails under the stern sheets." The young men went down, and they saw that the whole inside of the canoe was full of olachen spawn; and when they lifted up the stern sheets they found two tails of olachen. Then the youths went up and said, "It is true." They showed the olachen tails. Then the great chief said, "Ask Little-captain-of-the-canoe, ask Dry-on-boxes-in-which-olachen-is-kept, and ask

"Aml dem de'-xsan." lō-an-xsa'nt. NLk 'e tgonl hel gat: this said a person: "Good (fut.) in they gambled. Then also gamble." "Nî'g'î wâ'goē Wī-g a't: Nık'ë q'âxs wī-a'xku. Gulā'l aL yawned Giant: "Not I slept at mētk" L mā'la sāk al mokl k 'all g at al g īg ā'nîx . " "La!" Dē'val canoes ola- and caught of chen
, "Â, aL ndaL "La!" Thus said one per- at up river." g'a'tg'ê. hwîl wîtk"L dem sak dem gan there-"Ah, where (fut.) (verbal olachen (fut.) a person, at came from noun) g'idi-sīgō'tk"sL Lôqs." ā'd'îk'sk"L. Haō'n lax-ha' q'ai-q'â'lîL come. Before it is not yet time season only moons.' "Bē'gun, bē'gun." Xsē'ngdēt Wī-g'a't. NLk 'e nîg'i hēs They disbelieved Giant. "You lie, you lie." Then nothing said NLk'e tgonl "Adô'E sem-g'a'aL lō-ts'ä'wuL Wī-g a't. hēt: "Really look Giant. Then this he said: in the inside of mā'lēîst. Lō-dô'xL LatsxL sāk. al laXl gal-x'da'qsîst." In are tails of olachen under the stern sheet." my canoe. k'ope-tk'e'Lku. NLk 'e iaga-sa'k'sk"L NLk 'et g'a'adēt hwîl Then down went the little children. Then they saw them (verbal noun) lö-wusen-mē'tk"L māl länL sāk'. NLk 'et AL. batsl 10 along the canoe of spawn of olachen. Then lifted k'ope-tk''ē'Lku NLk 'et gal-x'da'qs. dô'qdēL LatsxL sāk', 11 the little children the stern sheet. they took tails of olachen t'Epxā't. NLk 'e bax-lô'ôdēt. NLk'e tgonl hel k'ope-tk'e'lk": 12 Then up they went. Then this said the little children: "Sem-hō'daast." NLk 'et gun-g'a'adēL Lē Latsxl säk'. Nlk'e 13 they them to (perf.) the tails caused see of the "It is true." Then wī-sem'â'g'ît: "Wô! G'ē'dexl lgo-men-xsiâ' tgonl hel mēg'e 14 said chief: "Wô! Ask Little-master-of-boat great

Grease-that-is-sticking-to-the-stones-with-which-the-fish-are-boiled. See what they say." Then the person went to ask them. He was sent by the chief. They all agreed. Then the chief ordered the men who were standing in the four corners of his house to break the corners. They did so. Then the olachen jumped into the water. The Giant ran down to the water. He stepped into the water and shouted, telling the olachen to go into the river. He said, "Go up on both sides of the river." Then he came to a house. Many people were catching olachen. Then they gave fish to the Giant. He put the olachen on spits to roast them.

When they were done, a gull appeared over the Giant. Then the Giant called him: "Little Gull!" Then many gulls came, which ate all

- 1 gʻe'dexs Le-lerenkʻsîm lax-nîsa'n, megʻe gʻe'dext dza hes ask on- dry- box-for-keeping- and ask what says
- 2 Tq'al-lô'ôp.''' NLk.'ē iä'L g'a'tg'ê. Hē'dzîL sem'â'g'ît. NLk.'ēt
  Against-stones." Then went a person. He sent him the chief. Then
- 3 anâ'qdētg'ê. NLk''ēt gun-ia'tsl sem'â'g'ît. Men-hē'tk"t all they agreed. Then he him the chief. Up he stood at
- 4 amo'l hwîlpt. Txalpxl amo'l hwîlpt. Nlk'ēt ia'tsl g'a'tg'ê.
- 5 Nlk''ē XluXl sāk' al ts'Em-a'k's. K''ē iaga-ba'xs Wī-g'a't.

  Then burst the at in the water. Then down ran Giant.
- 6 NLk'ë lō-hä'tk"t lō-yô'xgul ak's al wī-amhē't. At mā'll then in it went the water and he shouted. He told
- 7 La k'si-hä'tk"L sāk'. TgōnL hēs Wī-g'a't: "Lāx-lō-liyô'xk"tEst (perf.) out stood the olachen. This said Giant: "On both in they go sides
- 8 hâ'wu!" NLk''ē lō-a'qLk"t aL hwîl hētk"L hwîlpt. NLk''ēt hawu!" Then in he arrived at (verbal noun) stood his house. Then
- 9 mokl wi-hē'ldem gʻatl sākʻ. Nîlnē'l hwîl xwāyâ'msîs caught many people olachen. Therefore (verbal olachen that is given away
- 10 Wī-g'a't. NLk''ē dzāpl gan-x-qanä'qt. Nlk''ēt lē-dô'xl sāk'.

  Giant. Then he made stick for first olachen eaten. Then on he put olachen.
- 11 NLk''ēt La dem a'nuksl sāk'. NLk''ēt lē-liyô'xk"l qē'wun
  Then (perf.) (fut.) were done the olachen. Then on came gulls
- 12 lax-ō's Wī-g'a't. NLk''ē tgōnL hēs Wī-g'a't. Lō-se-hwa'deL on top of Giant. Then this said Giant. In he called
- 13 Lgwa-gagō'm. NLk.'ē ad'ā'd'îk'sk"L wī-hē'ldem qē'wun t'an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The chief's words are in Tsimshian dialect.

the Giant's olachen. They said while they were eating it, "Qanā', qanā', qanā', qanā'!" They cried so all the time while they were eating the Giant's olachen. Then he was sad. Therefore he took the gulls and threw them into the fireplace, and ever since that time the tips of their wings have been black.

3. He went on and met a deer. He killed it and skinned it. He put the skin on. Then he fastened pitch wood to the tail. Now he entered the house of a person, and when he saw the fireplace he ran toward it. The pitch wood at the end of the deer's tail began to burn. The name of the person was Qannēnē'legulxlo. He was ice (?). Then the Giant sang as he entered, "???" Thus he spoke. When he had finished singing, he ran out. He ran about among the

x-qanä'qs Wī-g'a't. TgonL hēL qē'wun Lat g'î'pdet ate all the first olachen of the season of This said the gulls Giant. when they ate Wī-g'a't: "Qanä, qanä, qanä." Hēltī hēl x-qanä'qs qanä, the first olachen of the season of "Qanä, qanä, qanā, Giant: qanä." Much Wī-g'a't. NLK'e që'wun dza'LdeL x-qanä'qs sī'Epk"L qâ'ôts they ate all the first olachen Giant. Then sick was the heart of the season of që'wun. Wī-g'a't. qant sagait-dô'qL Lō-d'a'Ldet 4 Giant. Therefore together he took the gulls. In he put them ts'Em-an-la'k"; nêL qan xLîp-t'êst'ō'tsk"L qaq'ā'îx'L qē'wun. ŏ at the are black the wings of in the fireplace; therefore NLk''ē tq'al-hwa'dEL wan. 3. NLk'ē huX iä'et. NLk 'et again he went. Then against he found the deer. NLk 'et sg'înî'st dzak"t. tså'ôdet. Nık'ë tq'al-da'k'LL 7 killed it. Then he skinned it. Then against he tied pitchwood k'ō'ukt. NLk 'e ts'ent hwîlpL k'alL aL g'a'tg'ê Lat his tail. Then he entered in the house of one person lak". Nlk 'e tgo-ba'xt. q'apL NLk 'e mêLL found the end of the fire. Then around he Then burnt k'ō'ukt. Tgōnl hwîll ā'dz'epl g'a'tg'ê. Qannēnē'legulxlol 10 This did the door of the person. Qannéné'legulxlol hwa'tg'ê, dā'ut gō'stg'ê. Nlnel qan lē'mîx's Wī-g'a't al his name, ice was that. Therefore Giant when (perf.) sang lē'mîx'tg'e: "G'îl-spagait-nê'êq g'îl-spagait-nē'êq," 12 TgonL ts'ent. he entered. This he sang: Hwä'i! NLk 'e lē'mîx'tg'ê. dēva'. qâ'ô-del Hwä'i! NLk 'e 13 Then was finished his song. Well! Then k'si-ba'xs Wī-g a't. NLk 'e k'uL-ba'xt aL spagait-ganga'n. 14 out ran Giant. Then about he ran at among trees.

trees and struck the tail against the butts of the trees. Then the butts of the trees caught fire. He went on after he had obtained the fire.

4. Now he came to a chieftainess, and they are together. He are all the provisions of the chieftainess. He was angry and threw away the salmon, and then all the salmon which he was going to eat ran away. After that his head became ugly, while it had been very nice when he first met the chieftainess. After that it was ugly.

2a. Txä'msem did another thing. He induced the olachen to come to Nass river. He entered the house called Supernatural place or Tabued place. There were many people inside gambling. Txä'msem heard them. He was very hung. y. He found a small herring. Then he squeezed out its roe and rubbed it all over the inside

- 1 NLk·'ēt k'uL-hîsya'tsL k'ō'ukt aL qamē'nL ganga'n. NLk·'ē Then about he struck his tail at the foot of the trees. Then
- 2 melmê'l qamê'nl ganga'n. Nlk''ē huX iä'êt al lat burned the foot of the trees. Then again he went to (perf.)
- 3 k'si-daa'qLk"L lak".
- 4 4. K'ēt hwal hwîl d'āl k'âll sîg'idemna'q. Nlk'ē
- 5 stik 'a'ôltk"t; at g'ipL wunä'x '. HuX dzall wunä'x 'L they ate together; he ate the food. Again he ate all the food of
- 6 sîg idemna'q. NLk 'ët am'ā'legal hâ'ng 'ê. NLk 'ë k 'si-hō'l the chieftainess. Then he threw away in anger the salmon. Then out escaped
- 7 hân La dem g'ē'îpdetg'ê. NLk''ē ā'd'îk's hwîl had'a'xk"L the (perf.) (fut.) he ate them. Then came being bad
- 8 t'Em-qē'st. K''ē La k''ax-ā'm-gal t'Em-qē'st at hē-hwa'l his head. Then (perf.) before good it is said his head when begin- he ning found
- 9 sîg'idemna'qg'ê. K'ë ha'ts'îk'sem had'a'xk"t gön.

  the chieftainess. Then once more it was bad now.
- 10 2a. HuX k''ēl hwîl hwî'ls Txä'msem dāt k'sōhō'kust sāk'
  Again one did Txä'msem when he induced to the come olachen
- 11 aL ts'Em-Lē'sEms. K''ē ts'ēnt aL hwîlpL SpE-nExnô'q.
  to in Nass river. Then he entered the house of the magic place of power.
- 12 Spā-walkul K·'ē lō-hwa'nL hē'ldEm g'at lât. Xsā'ndēt. hwat. people in it. They were gambling. Then in many Place tabu is its name. were
- 13 K.'ēt naxna's Wī-g'a't al sem-xda'x't. K.'ēt hwal k.'ä'gul Then heard Giant very hungry. Then he found one
- 14 Lgō-sg'a'n. K''ēt k'sE-dā'mîk'sL lānt. K''ēt lō-wusEn-menma'nt small herring. Then out he squeezed its spawn. Then in- along he rubbed it side

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is an allusion to the legend about how the raven obtained the salmon. See Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nord-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, Berlin, 1895, pp. 160, 174, 209.

of his canoe. Now he arrived on the beach in front of Supernatural place, where the people were gambling. Then Txä'msɛm said, shaking his large blanket, which was all wet, "Ēhi-hi-hi! Water dropped on me from Txä'msɛm's bag net." Then the chief said, "Where does that come from that you are speaking of, Giant?" "Yes; the canoes are full. They caught olachen with their rakes last night." "Ah! Txä'msɛm is lying." "Go and look at my canoe." The young men went and saw what he had spoken of. Then they believedhim. They saw olachen spawn in Txä'msɛm's canoe. Then the chief said, "What do these great fools, the olachen, come here for?" There were persons sitting in the corners of the house who held the strings of olachen. They took care of the olachen in the corners of Supernatural place. The chief said to them, "Let go what you

mālt. K'ē k 'atsk"t qa-g·ä'uL Spe-nexnô'qg'ê, hwîl aL aL the beach in front the magic power, of the house of place of his canoe. Then he landed where NLk 'e Txä'msem luXlā'wul lō-d'ā'L hēs xsant. wī-gula't in sat they gam-bled. Then said shaking large "E'hihihihi," txā-a'k'sk". Hē'tg'ê: dēva'. Lē-hē'tgut nēE 3 He said: . "E'hihihihi," thus he said. On stood wet. on me q'am-k'sax-lē'sil Txä'msem. K'ē a'lg'îxl sem'â'g'it: "A nda drippings of bag net of "Ah where Then said the chief: only Txä'msem. wîtk"L Wi-g a't." "A hwîl an-hä'nsen nēL mîx'mā'yîL from what you said Giant." "Oh, they are full yes (canoes) qa-k·'edā't al g·i-a'xk"." "Ä, bēk"s Txä'msem." "Hwä'i! Adô', at last night." "Ah, he tells a those they Txä'msem." "Well! sem g'a'al mā'leist." K∙'ē k'si-Lâ'ôL q'aima'qsit; at g'a'adet see my canoe." Then out walked the youths; they an-hē's Wī-g'a't. K·'ē sem-hö'tk"sdēt. G'a'adel länl säk' 8 what said Giant. Then they believed him. They saw olaof chen Wī-g'a't. māls NLgan a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it hē'tg'ê: aL Giant. Therefore the chief the ca spoke and said: noe of "Tse nā-'gat g'ē'en at wud'a'x ax-qagâ'odetg'ê at g'îtwuyā'n 10 "To he whom says give food the great fools of early olachen as huwî'lt." Nık.'ē a'lg'îxt al g'at lō-men-hwa'nt al amō'st, 11 Then he said they did to the in up sitting in the corpeople dexdô'qı dêxdä'edel sāk', meli-k'â'lı g'at t'an t'an habâ'ell 12 who the strings of the each one man took care olachen, al ax 'amo'sl sāk'. Lō-men-hwî'lt. NLqan 13 Spe-nexnô'q. In up they did it, the in the corners of the Therefore magic olachen. tgōst: "Qalix lē'L hē'tg'ê sem'â'g'ît an-hwu'nsemest," dēya'. 14 said thus he said. "Let go what the chief that: you have," B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——3

are holding." Then these men did so. Four of them were sitting in the corners of the house. As soon as Txä'msɛm heard him say "Let go," he ran out to his little canoe. He paddled, and took his olachen rake. He said, "They go up on both sides of the river." He was very glad. Then he went to eat olachen. His canoe was quite full. He had not used his rake, but the whole shoal of olachen had jumped into his canoe, so that it was full.

Then he camped at Crab-apple place. He clapped on the stone until it was quite smooth, that the olachen should not disappear. Then he was very glad. He stayed a little farther up Nass river. He made a spit for roasting olachen in order to prepare them for his meal. When the olachen were almost done, he said to the gull that was sitting opposite him, "Come, Little Gull." The gull came and ate

- 1 K·'ē huwî'lL gʻa'tg·ê. Txalpxdâ'elg·ê lō-men-hwa'nt aL Then they did so the people. Four persons in up were in
- 2 ax 'amō'st. Lguthē' nexna's Txä'msem t'êlxs: "Qale't," hwîl k 'ē the corners. Immediately heard Txā'msem shout: "Let go," at once
- k·'ē 3 baxt. At qâ'ôL Lgō-mā'lt; hwîl hwāx't. At gō'uL little his then he paddled. he ran. He went took canoe;
- 4 ha-k·'ēdā'tg·ê. K·'ē hē'tg·ê: "Hōu, lāx-lō-līô'xkutest hâ'wu the rake for olachen. Then he said: "Hōu, on in they go hâ'wu both sides
- 5 dē'ya hîsgusg ē'tk"st. K·'ēt qâ'ôL demL hwîl grîpL aL thus he said he went and he was glad. Then (fut.) being eating it
- 6 sā'ak'L lō-mē'tk"t aL ts'Em-mā'lt. Nîg'ît k''ax-hâ'x'L ha-k''ēdā' olachen in full in his canoe. Not he used the rake
- 7 lep-lō-qē'nexk<sup>u</sup>L an-g'â'saa Lgo-mā'lt. K''ē mētk<sup>u</sup>t aL sāk'. self in falling a shoal little canoe. Then it was full of olachen.
- 8 K''ē La dzôqt aL Lgō-sgan-mē'lk'st, nL hwîl hwî'lt, t'axt'a'aL Then when he stayed at little crab-apple then he did so, he clapped
- 9 lô'ôp. K'ē sem-ia'lk"l lax-ō'l lô'ôp ōp tse g'utg'wâ'ôtk"l the stone. Then very slippery the top of the stone that should not be lost
- 10 sāk qan hwî'lt. T'axt'a'aL lô'ôp, nLqan hēt aL lō-dā'uLt the there-olachen fore he did so. He clapped the stone, therefore he said where in he went
- 11 aL ts'Em-Lē'sEms. K'ē sEm-lō-ā'mL qâ'ôtt. NLk'ē huX dzôqt to in Nass river. Then very in good his heart. Then again he stayed
- 12 aL g'ig'ē'nix' aL Lē'sEms. K'ē dzāpL gan-x'qanā'qtg'ê aL at up the river at Nass river. Then he made a stick for roasting to
- hwîl a'nukst. sāk. dem g'ē'bet. K'è La dem ä'nuksl 13 dem for his food. Then when being the (fut.) (fut.) cooked olachen
- 14 sāk', k'ē hē'tg'ê aL qē'wun qa-g'ī'ik'sît: "Lō-se-hwā'ldē the the the he said to the gull opposite him; "In do I

one olachen. He cried, "Qana', qana', qana', qana'!" Then many gulls came and ate all the olachen. Now Txa'msem was sad. He took the gulls and threw them into the fireplace. Thus it happens that their wings are black.

Lgwa-gag little sea			k'sk"L	qē'wun.	K.'ēt	hā'ts'îL he bit	k·'ä'guL one	1
sāk'; at		"Qanä', "Qanä',	qanä',	qanä',	qanä'.''	K·'ē ā	d'îk'sk"L	2
hē'ldem many	qē'wun.	K.'ē	dzaLL they ate it all	hē'ldem many	sāk". olachen.		sī'Epk <sup>u</sup> L sick was	3
qâ'ôts the heart of	Wī-gʻa't.	K.'ē Then	dôqL he took	qē'wu the gull			-qalu'ksL he threw them	4
	la'k"; nLq fire-thereface;			aq'ā'ix'L e wings of			nwî'ltg 'ê.	5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These words are in Tsimshian dialect.

## TXÄ'MSEM

[1-17 told by Philip; 18 to 20 and 3a told by Moses]

1. There was a chief who had a daughter who swallowed a leaf of a cedar when drinking water. Then she had a pretty child, a boy. The child was able to walk, but he did not eat. Then his grandfather worried. He called two old men to chew some food for the child. The two old men did so. They chewed some salmon and grease, and one of them scratched a scab from his shin. He put it among the salmon that he had chewed. Then the child ate what the old man had chewed; he ate very much. In the evening he ate one salmon in the house of his grandfather. He was hungry all the night, after the two old men who

## TXÄ'MSEM

- 1 1. K·'âlı sem'â'g'it, nık''ē lgō'ulgum hana'q t'an tqal-a'k'sı One chief, then a child female who drank
- 2 laqs, nLk''ē La ā'd'îk'sk"t demt hwîl hwal ama Lgo-tk''ē'Lk".

  a leaf of a then (perf.) came (fut.) where she finds a good boy.
- 3 NLk''ē Lat hwa'tg'ê. NLk''ē La k'uL-iē'êL Lgo-tk''ē'Lku, k''ē
  Then (perf.) she found it. Then (perf.) about went the boy, then
- 4 nî'g'i yō'ôxk"L Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". K''ē semgal aba'g'ask"L niē'et.
- 5 NLk'et huwô'ôL bagade'lL wud'ax-g'ig'a't dem t'an qe'endexL Then he invited two old men (fut.) who chewed for
- 6 Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē La hwîlL t'êst'ē'stg'ê. NLa yukt qē'EndēL the boy. Then (perf.) they did so the old men. When beginning
- 7 hâ'ng'ê, tqal-qē'Endet aL t'ēlx'. NLk''ēt sa-t'â'qL ama'lgum salmon, with it they chewed of grease. Then off he scratched
- 8 t'Em-Lā'mt k':â'ltg'ê. NLk'ē tqal-hu'ksaant aL qē'Ent hântg'ê.

  his leg below one man. Then with it placed wi
- 9 K'ët g'ë'îpl lgo-tk'ë'lk". Nël sem-k's-qâ'gum që'entg'ê.
  Then ate it the boy. That very first he chewed.
- 10 K''ē hwîl k''ē yō'ôxk"t al wī-t'ē'sem yō'ôxk"t. Dzall k''ä'gul At once he ate and greatly he ate. He ate all one
- 11 hân at hēyu'ksa. Hwîl hwî'ltg'ê at hwîlps nië'êt. Ntk'ē salmon in the evening. He did so at the house his grand-of father.
- 12 Xdax't wī-a'xk" La k'si-sa'k'sk"L t'êst'ē'stg'ê t'an qē'Endaxt.

  he was all night when out started the old men who chewed for him.

had chewed for him left the house. Then he did not sleep, but he ate until the day broke. Now his grandfather was glad; but the boy ate all day, and after a short time all the food was gone. Then he ate all the provisions in another house, and he ate all the provisions of the whole village. Then his grandfather was troubled. He wanted to get rid of him because he knew that the boy had done wrong. He said, "My grandchild has eaten scabs of Wâ'se, therefore I will get rid of him. Go, slave, and tell the tribe." The slave ran out and said, "Great tribe, you shall move to-morrow morning." On the following morning the people moved. They deserted the prince.

2. What was he to eat? He went toward the beach searching for some food, but he did not find anything. Behold, there was a fish in

K·'ē hwîl k·'ē' q'amgait-nîg i wôqt at yō'ôxkut. K·'ē At once not he slept and he ate. Then	1
wagait hwîl mesā'x:, k'ē lō-ā'mt qâts niē'êt. K'ē until being daylight, then in good heart his grand-father.	2
yō'ôxkut al txanē'tkul sa, al t'ē'sem yō'ôxkut. K''ē nî'g'i	3
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4
qal-ts'a'p. K'ë ha'tsîk'sEm alî'sk"L qâ'ôts nië'êt. NLk'ë the people. Then once more was weak the heart his grand-father.	5
hasa'qs nië'êt demt sa-mā'gat at hwîlā'x'L hwîl he desired his grand- (fut.) off he put at he knew being	6
had'a'xk"L hwî'ltg'ê: "X-ama'lgwaxdeL Wâ'se huxdā'k'enēe, he did: "Eating scab of Wâ'se my grandson,	7
qan hwîlt. Wagait dem sa-ma'qdēe gōn. Adô', xa'e! there- he does so. Until (?) (fut.) off I put him now. Go, slave!	8
ma'lel al qal-ts'a'p." Nlk''ë k'si-ba'xl xa'eg'ê: "Tse lōk"- tell to the people." Then out ran the slave: "To	9
gat në'sem ts'ët'ala'k", wī-tsâ'p q'am-hë'luk"." K''ë luk"l.	10
ts'ap. K'et kusta'qsdeL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLku. K'e g'ina-d'ā't. the peo- Then they deserted the prince. Then behind he was.	11
2. Agō'l dem g'ē'bet! K'ē k'ul-iē'êt al qa-g'ä'ul what (fut.) his food? Then about he at in front of the houses of	12
qal-ts'a'p, at k'ut-g'ig'ē'et dem g'ē'bet. K''ē nî'g'it hwat. the town, to about i'e searched (fut.) his food. Then not he found it.	13
Gwinā'dēl, lō-hwî'lem ts'em-a'k'sl g'a'at, hwîl am-g'â't.  Behold, in being (a fish) in water he saw, where it lay in water.	14

the water. It was not moving. Then he called it ashore to talk to it. The fish came toward the shore. Its name was Bullhead. The prince thought he would kill it. Now it was almost within reach, but it swam back into the water. Then the prince was much depressed because he was hungry. The fish knew his intentions. It swam back from the shore saying, "Do you think I do not know you, Giant?" Then he acted as though he were taking hold of the image of the fish, and, stretching out his hand, said, "You shall have a thin tail. Only your head shall be thick." Then it became the Bullhead. The Bullhead used to be remarkably stout. Txä'msem cursed it, and therefore it is thin at one end.

3. Then the prince put on his grandfather's dancing blanket. He went on, not knowing where he went. He tore his dancing blanket and was

- al dem deda'leqt. NLk 'e 1 NLk'ē tsagam-wô'ôt tsagam-yu'kL ashore he called (fut.) with talk. ashore . Then 2 lō-hwî'lem ts'Em-a'k'sg'ê. Mas-q'ayā'iL hwat. NLk 'e hēL being (the fish) Bullhead was its name. Then in water. said NLk 'e yukL 3 qâ'ôtt dza'k"tg'ê. demt gō'ut. dem La he killed it. his heart (fut.) Then (perf.) he (fut.) he took it. began 4 K.'ē sa-uks-ts'En-x'k'ä'xk"t. Nık'e semgal gwä'EL Then off out leaving it escaped. very Then heart of 5 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" Xdax't hwî'ltg'ê. NLk 'et hwîlā'x'L qan aL on ac-count of there-Then he was so. the qâ'ôdetg'ê. K·'ē 6 lō-hwîlem ts'Em-a'k'sg'êL sa-uks-lō-ya'ltk"t it returned in water his heart. Then off out (the fish) to sea Wī-g'a't!" a'lg'îxtg'ê: "Nā ax-hwîlā'yîn, t'an aL "Who not knows you, said: who and k 'et 8 K.'ē hwîl pelem-gö'del La ha'yukt aL na'k"stg'ê. by he acted the image stretching out he took At once as though lō-gʻigî'sk"L k.'ē 9 "Hoō'ksyō'gunē as göst, tsE an-qalā'nem. there, then small at one end hind end. "Out to while you
- 10 K'sax-wī-an-t'em-qē'sen tse ded'ā't." K'ē hwîlt mas-q'ayā'itg'ê.

  Only great your head end is." Then it was the bullhead.
- 11 Lîks-g'a't-gal wī-t'ô'Xl mas-q'ayā'itg'ê. K''ē hwîl had'ā'gam stout was the bullhead. Then being bad
- 12 a'lg'îxs Txä'msem lât, qan hwîlL lō-g'igî'sk"t.
- 13 3. K.'ē iē'êt, gulā'iL guîs-halai'ts niē'êtg'ê. K.'ē iē'êt;

  Then he went, he put on blanket shaman's his grandfather. Then he went;
- 14 q'asba-sa-k'ul-iē'êtg'ê. Nlk'ē sem-gwä'el hwîlt al la gwasl astray off about he went. Then very poor he was and (perf.) he tore

very poor. Then he caught a number of ravens, and used any means he could invent to kill them. He took their skins and tied them together, and put on the raven blanket. Then he went about dressed up nicely. Now he saw a good dancing blanket like the one he had worn before. At once he tore his raven blanket and took the dancing blanket that hung before him. Behold it was no dancing blanket; there were only lichens on the trees. Now he saw that there were nothing but lichens. He sat down weeping. He took his raven blanket, tied it together again, and walked on, hungry and weeping.

4. Now he wanted to go to war. He met a pretty slave whose name was K'ixō'm. He took him along, and they came to the house of a chief. The chief called to him, "Come in, my dear, if it is you who ate the scabs of Wâ'se." Then he was ashamed. He entered with his

guîs-halai'tg'ê. NLK''ēt g'îdi-dô'qL qāq. Lîg'i-lep-agō't hwîla 1 his shaman's. Then he caught ravens. Anything (he used)	
ia'tsl qāq. K'ē dôql annā'sl qāq. K'ēt an-dē-ts'epts'ē'bet, 2 to kill ravens. Then he took the skins of the ravens.	100000
at gula'L guîs-qā'qtg'ê. NLa sEm-ā'mL k'uL-iē'êt, t g'a'aL 3 he put on blanket his Then very well about he walked, he saw	
ama' guîs-halai't hwîl La gula'tg'ê. NLk''ēt ha'tsîk'sem 4 a good blanket shaman's where (part.) he put it on. Then once more	
bîsbē'sı guîs-qā'qt. Nık''ēt gō'ul guîs-halai't sqa-ia'gat al 5 he tore his raven. Then he took the shaman's sideways it hung at blanket	
qâqt. Gwinā'dēL! nîg'idi nēL guîs-halai't. MELax'â'EstL gan. 6 his front. Behold! not it a blanket shaman's. Lichens of a tree.	
NLk''ēt hwîlā'x'L hwîl melax'â'est. Nlk''ē d'āt al 7 Then he knew it being lichens. Then he sat and	
wī-yē'tk"t. K''ēt gō'uL gwîs-qā'aqt at an-dē-ts'epts'ē'bet. K''ē 8 eried. Then he took blanket raven and what with he tied them. Then	
ha'tsîk'sem huX k'uL-ië'êt aL k'uL-wī-yē'tgum Xdax't. 9 once more again about he went and about crying his hunger.	
4. NLK'ë La hasa'qt dem k'uL-su-g'a'tt. K'ët tq'al-hwa'L 10 Then (perf.) he desired (fut.) about murdering. Then against he found	
ama' xa'E. K'ixō'mL hwat. K'ēt k'uL-stē'Elt. K'ēt 11 a good slave. K'ixō'm his name. Then about he accompanied him.	
hwa'del hwîlpl k''âll sem'â'g'it. K''ē ts'elem-wô'ôl 12 they found the house of chief. Then into invited them	1980
sem'â'g'it: "Ts'ē'nēn nāt, tsedat nē'en, la x-ama'guaxdel 13 the chief: "Come in, my dear, if it is you, (part.) eat-	2000
Wâ'se." K'ë sem-lō-dz'â'qL qâ'ôdetg'ê. K'ë ts'ēnt qanL 14 Wâ'se." Then very in ashamed was his heart. Then he entered and the	

slave, and they sat down. The chief (a small bird) fed them. First they ate salmon, then the waiters served crab apples mixed with grease. When Txä'msem saw this he became very desirous of eating it; therefore with a low voice he said to his slave, "Tell them that I like to eat what they have there." The slave said, "Oh, chief! he says he does not like to eat what you have there," and the slave ate it all alone, and Txä'msem sat there looking on. He did not eat anything. After they had finished eating, they went out, Txä'msem first.

5. Then they came to a deep canyon. He took the dried stem of a skunk-cabbage (?) and laid it across. He made a bridge. Then he himself went across, and after he had done so he called K 'ixō'm (that was the name of his slave) to come across; but the slave was afraid to follow Txā'msem. After a while, however, he followed him, and when he

- 1 xa'E. K'ë hwa'ndet. SEm'â'g'idEm x-mō'gut hwîl ts'ē'ntg'ê. slave. Then they sat down. Chief eating ripe where he entered.
- 2 K·'ē La hēyu'kt yō'ôg'ant. K·s-qâkl hân at g·ē'îpt, nlk·'ēt Then (perf.) he began he fed them. First salmon he ate it, then
- môk<sup>u</sup>. K∙'ē 3 Luwā'ilL t'êlg'a'dEtg'ê Layi tsEda Lat g'a'as mixed the waiters crab Then when he saw ripe. (perf.) apple
- 4 Txä'msem dem g'ē'bet, k''ē semgal abā'gaskut. Nigan much he was troubled.
- 5 hēt al xa'eg'ê al q'amtsen hē't: "Mā'ltsen gwîx'-g'ē'îpl he to the slave at secretly he said: "Tell fond of eating
- "Â. göst." K·'ē xa'Eg'ê: sem'â'g'it! hēL nē'gat 6 an-hwî'ns what they do that." Then said the slave: "Oh, chief! not he Says
- 7 g'idet gwîx'-g'ē'îpL sem'â'g'it tgōn an-hwî'nen." NLk''ē
  fond of eating the chief this what you do." Then
- 8 lep-nē'l xa'eg'ê t'an g'ē'îpt q'am-k''â'l. K''ē k'ax-d'ā's him- he the slave who ate it only one. Then only there sat
- 9 Txä'msem. Nî'g'i yō'ôxk"t. NLk''ē k'si-Lô'ôdet al la Txä'msem. Not he ate. Then out they went at (perf.)
- 10 Laxlä'xkudet. Nlk'e k's-qâ'ôqs Txä'msem.

  they finished first (went) Txa'msem.

  Txa'msem.
- 11 5. NLk: et hwa'del hwîl iaga-lō-la'pl lô'ôp. Nlk: et gō'ul then he found where down in deep rock. Then he took
- 12 gwa'lkuxanem hōku, k''ēt tsaga-sg'i't. At se-gā'ndet. K''ēt dry (a plant), then across he laid He made a stick. Then
- 13 lep-tsaga-yô'xkut. At Lēskul hwîlt, k''ēdet gun-tsaga-iē'ês
- 14 K''ixo'm. K''ixo'm hwal xa'eg'ê. K''ē xpetsa'Xl xa'eg'ê

  K''ixo'm. was the slave. Then was afraid the slave.
- dē-yô'xk"L, Lē yôxk<sup>u</sup>s Txä'msem. k 'e Si-go En. dEm 15 aL Txa'msem. After a while. then (perf.) went of (fut.) also to go,

reached the middle of the bridge it broke. He fell down into the canyon, and his belly burst. When Txä'msEm saw what had happened, and saw the food of which he had not been able to partake, then he flew to the bottom of the canyon and ate the contents of the slave's stomach. He simply took the food with his hands. When he had finished eating, the slave arose and said, "He eats excrements." Then Txä'msEm was ashamed. The slave recovered and parted company with Txä'msEm.

Thus the slave found out that it was Txä'msem. When the latter went about murdering he heard himself called very bad names. First the Bullhead called him Giant, and then the chief called him Eating-scabs-of-Wâ'se. He was again very hungry.

uks-ie't; Lat hwal se'lukl gan, k'e hela'gal gan toward he when he found the middle the broke the	
toward he when he found the middle the then broke the water went;	
K.'ē t'ogwā'ntk"L xa'eg'ê. K.'ē sem-bē'sil bant. K.'	
	100
Then fell down the slave. Then much tore his there belly.	
tseda Lat g'a'as Txa'msem hwîl hwî'ltg'ê, k''êt g'a'ai	
when (part.) saw it Txä'msem what happened, then he saw	
wunä'x La ax-g·ē'betg·ê al hwîl xluXt al ts'ä'wun the food (perf.) not he had eaten at when burst at inside	4
xa'eg'ê. Nlk''ē hwîl k''ē g'ig'ebā'yukt al lō-d'ep-qâ'ôi the slave. At once he flew at in down he	
	-
ts'Em-tsâ'Eg 'ê. K ''ēt g 'ē'îpL lō-hwî'lt aL qalâ'sL xa'Eg 'ê in the cleft. Then he ate it in was in the stomach the slave.	. 6
	. 7
At ksax-d'ô'qt at an'o'nt at g'i'ptg'ê. K''ē ta tä'Exk"t He only took with his hands he ate it. Then when he finished eating.	, -
	t 8
k.'ē haldem-ba'xl xa'eg'ê. K'ē hēt: "Si-gō'nl dē-hwî'l	0
	0
at x-gwats." K'ē dzâqL qâ'ôts Txä'msem. K'ē ha'tsîk'sen	1 9
he eats excre- Then was the heart Txä'msem. Then once more	
mens, ashaned of	
mâ'ôtk"L xa'eg'ê. K''ē ba'sîxk"det qans Txä'msem.	10
was well the slave. Then they separated and Txä'msem.	
Nel hwîl wîtk <sup>u</sup> l alō-d'ā'l hwîl Txä'msemt hwî	1 11
That where came from evi- he being Txä'msEm being	
That where came from evi- he being Txä'msEm being dently was	
su-g'a'ttg'ê Lat lep-naxna'ı qabē'iı huwa'm had'a'xk"tg'ê	. 12
murdering when him- he heard several names bad.	-
self	
T Wīg'a'tı k's-qâ'gum ētk"ı mas-qayā'it. Nık''ē sem'â'g'iden	1 13
Giant first called him the bullhead. Then chief	
x-mō'gut t'an sa-hwā'det al X-ama'lgwaxdel Wâ'se. Nla	1 14
(eat- ripe) who made name of Eat- scabs-of- Wa'se. The	
ing ing-	
nēl hwîl k'ul-Xda'x't.	15
he being about hungry.	
was	

6. Then he arrived at another village, and saw little children playing at the end of the town. They were throwing pieces of seal blubber at one another. He stepped among them and ate the blubber. He ate all the blubber which the children were throwing at one another. Then they wondered what had become of it. Txä'msem asked them, "Where do you get that blubber?" And they told him where they got it. They said, "We climb up a tree and throw ourselves down. When we strike the ground, we open our eyes and say, 'High piles of our blubber,' and immediately there are high piles of blubber." Therefore Txä'msem also climbed the tree. He threw himself down, saying, "High." Then the children looked and saw that he

6. NLk 'e nā-ba'xt huX k'ell qal-ts'a'p. NLk 'et aL Then out of he ran again town. Then to one hwîl qalā'qL k'ope-tk'e'lk" ts'a'pg'ê. 2 gra'al aI. q'apL played little children the he saw where the town. 3 Max-hē'm ēlxL ha-hwî'ldet. Nē-is'ia'tst hēx'L ēlx. aL Each they other struck they used. with All seal seal. other 4 NLk 'e dē-lō-spagait-hō'ksk"t lâ'ôt. K.'ēt qa'ne-hwîla g'ē'îpL he was with them with Then always Then also in among 5 ēlx. NLk 'e qâ'ôdEL hēx'L ēlx. La ha-ni-ya'tsL La what each to used other strike Then was finished the (perf.) the when the fat of seal, 6 k'ope-tk'e'lk", nık'e wôxwa'xdet hwî'l hwîlL atse ēlx. they wondered if the children, then where dE-wî'tk"det. NLk 'et g'e'dEXS Txä'msem tset hwîl asked (dubita-Then Txä'msem where they get it "Men-lô'ônōm NLk 'et ma'Ldet hwîl wî'tk"tg'ê: aL lax-ga'n, they got it from: where "Up Then they told wego at NLk''ē La ō'k'sem al lax-dz'ā'dz'îk's, 9 k.'ē gulîk's-d'Ep-t'a'Lgōm. Then when we drop then selves down we throw. K·'ě 'GE-g'îpg'a'psl hwîl 10 k 'ē q'ā'axl ts'ā'lem. daxdô'xt gōn then open . our eyes. High g'apk's,' dEp hē'idenōm. K·'ē ge-g'îpg'a'psL aL hēEm 11 high,' Then high at fat we say. 12 hwîl NLqan tgon." Txä'msem daxdô'xL hēx. hwîls huX this." he did Txä'msem piles of fat Therefore also NLk 'e 13 dē-men-iē't lax-ga'n. dē-gulîk 's-d'Ep-ma'qst aL aL also himself down he threw on tree. Then also up and went

k'ope-tk''e'lk"

children

hwîl

where

g'a'aL

saw it

"G'apk's."

"High."

14 hē'tg'ê:

said:

K∙'ē

Then

Lat

when

was dead. They laughed at him and left him. After a while Txä'msem opened his eyes. He did not find anything to eat.

7. Txä'msem found another house which belonged to Chief Cormorant. The house was full of provisions, and he sat down and ate. Then he asked the Cormorant to join him in catching halibut. Txä'msem did not catch anything, while Chief Cormorant caught a great many. Then Txä'msem went up to him in the canoe. He took a louse from the Cormorant's neck, held it up to him, and said, "Open your mouth and I will put your louse into it." The Cormorant replied, "No! Put it overboard into the water." "You will not catch anything if I put it into the water." Txä'msem urged him, "Put out your tongue and let me put it on." Then the Cormorant did so.

k 'et - k sta'qsdet halā'yîxdet. nô'ôt, aL NLk''ē La de-q'ā'axL he was dead, then they left him and laughed. Then (perf.) also opened Txä'msem, k.'ē nî'g'it hwal lîg'î-ago'l dem g'ē'bet. his eyes Txä'msem, then not he found anything · (fut.) his food. 7. K.'ē huX Txä'msem Lat hwas hwîlpL sem'ag'idem Txä'msem the house of (perf.) again found chief NLk 'ē hā'uts. Hēll wunä'x' aL hwî'lptg'ê. lō-d'ā't lâ'ôt cormorant. Much his house, in he sat down food in Then NLk 'e vō'ôxk"t. huX sä'lix't Lat dem aL ig a't aL he asked him to go with him (fut.) fish halibut and ate. Then (perf.) again to mu'kdēL NLk 'ē Txä'msem, demt txox'. nî'g'idê môks nothing they halibut. Then caught Txa'msem, ksax-sem'â'g'idem hā'uts hē'ldel mukt. NLk 'e La si-gō'n, a little while, only chief cormorant caught. many Then (perf.) nık'e wusen-iä's Txä'msem ts'em-mā'l. NLk 'et aL gō'uL then along went Txä'msem the he took in Then canoe. ts'ēsk" t'Em-lā'nîx'L hā'uts. K∙'ē dex-yō'gutg'ê: aL a louse from the neck of the cormorant. Then ts'Em-ā'gan." "Q'ā'gan dem lō-ma'qdēEL ts'ē'sgun aL "Open (fut.) in I put your louse inin vour Then hā'utsg'ê. "T'uks-ma'gaL ts'Em-a'k's." "Nî'g'î." "Nî'g î 11 hēL " No." said the cormorant. "Out put it in the water." ts'Em-a'k's." dEm mō'gun, K.'ē 12 tsE ndā t'uks-ma'gat (fut.) you catch, if someone out puts it in water." Then "K'si-Lô'ôdEL g'ap-hä'q'als Txä'msem. dē'lEn dem lē-sgē'ist 13 much urged him "Out put Txä'msem. your tongue (fut.) on I lay it lâ'ôt." NLk'e hwîlL K'si-Lô'ôdeL dē'lîxt. 14 hā'utsg'ê. on it." Then did so the cormorant. Out he put his tongue.

in it.

Tenő'k "Lenx

his name.

Alone

stood

his house.

Then

He put out his tongue. Txä'msem seized it and tore it out. Then the chief was dumb. They returned to the shore and quitted fishing. The Cormorant's wife went down to the beach, and Txä'msem said to her, "The chief fainted, and lost his speech." But Chief Cormorant said, "Gogogo!" "Now you hear he says that he caught all this halibut, but I caught it." Yet he had not caught it. In this way the Cormorant lost his speech. Then they carried up the halibut, and Txä'msem told how the chief had lost his speech.

8. Txä'msem did another thing. He came to a chief, who called him into his house. His name was Tenō'k"Lenx. The house stood

1	NLk·'ēt gō'us Txä'msem dē'lîxtg·ê. K·'ēt k·si-mā't'ent.  Then took Txä'msem dē'lîxtg·ê. Then out he tore it.
	K''ē nî'g'i a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē tsagam-lō-ya'ltk"det.  Then not spoke the chief. Then from sea to they returned.
	Hāul lē ig am txō'x dēitg ê. Nlk ē la iaga-iē'êt They (perf.) fishing their halibut. Then when to beach went
4	nak'sl hā'utsg'ê, k''ē a'lg'îxs Txä'msem: "Guldā'ul the wife of the cormorant, then said Txā'msem: "Fainted
5	sem'â'g'it tgōna? Gwâtk"L La a'lg'îxt." NLk''ē a'lg'îxL the chief this? It is lost (past) his speech." Then spoke
6	SEM'â'g'idEM hā'uts, al hē'tg'ê: "Gôgôgô." "Wô, naxna'l! the chief the cormorant, and he said: "Gô, gô, gô." "Now, hear!
7	gul-ganēL mō'gudeL txō'x', tgōn dēya'L hē'tsē. Alk''ē' he caught halibut, this thus said he said. But
8	nē'e t'an mukl an-hē't. Q'amgai't-nî'g'idi mukl sem'â'g'it who caught what he said. Still not caught the chief
9	tgōn. Nda al nēl dem gwâ'ôtk" La a'lg'îxt qan ax-mu'kt." this. He it is who (fut.) he lost his speech there- fore not he caught."
10	NLK''ē La yukt bax-dô'qdēL txōx'. NLK''ē hēs Txä'msem Then (perf.) began up they took halibut. Then said Txä'msem
11	al sem'â'g'ît, la yukt ma'lel hwîl hwî'll sem'â'g'ît qan to the chief, (perf.) begin he told what did the chief and
12	gwâtk <sup>u</sup> L a'lg'îx, aL nak'st hwîl hē'tg'ê. it was lost the speech, to his wife when he said.
13	8. Ha'tsîk'sem huX k''ēll hwîl hwîls Txä'msem. K''ēt Once more also one did Txa'msem. Then
14	hwal hwîl lo-d'ā'l sem'â'g'it. K''ē hē'tg'ê dem lō-d'ā't he found where in was a chief. Then he said (fut.) in sit down
15	lâ'ôt. Tenō'kulenxl hwat. Alō-hehē'tkul hwî'lptg'ê. K''ē

all alone. Txä'msem was very glad because he saw much food there. He ate there all the time. Then he saw Tenō'k"Lenx's club. It hung on the house post and was inlaid with abalone shell. Txämsem said, "He acts like a bad slave." He saw that the chief had large teeth. The chief arose and took the club, intending to kill Txä'msem, but he ran out of the house. Then Txä'msem spoke kindly, "I said you are acting nicely, Chief." Tenō'k"Lenx said, "No, you said, 'He acts like a bad slave." "I shall not say so again, Chief. Let me sit near you." Then Tenō'k"Lenx agreed. Txä'msem reentered the house and stayed there a long time. Now Txä'msem went into the woods near the house. He made a club of rotten wood. He pounded mussel shells and inlaid the rotten wood with it. Then he took Tenō'k"Lenx's club

sem-tq'al-sī'ep'ens Txä'msem nē'tg'e at hwîl g'a'at wunä'x', much against liked him Txä'msem him because he saw qan hēt. K''ē qanē-hwîla yō'ôxk"t lât. K''ēt g'a'ar ha-q'alā'X. there- he said Then fore so. always he ate in it. Then he saw Men-ia'gat daganē'sL hwî'lptg'ê, K·'ē aL txa-bElā'da. the house post of his house, Up it hung at Then lō-a'lg'îxl qâ'ôts Txä'msem t hwîl g'ā'al wī-wē'nl sem'â'g'it. the heart of Txä'msem he when he saw the tooth of haldem-ba'xL sem'â'g'it, at gō'uL ha-q'alā'X aL demt the chief, the club Then arose he took to dzak"s Txä'msem. K'si-ba'xs Txä'msem. K.'ē ama a'lg'îxs Txä'msem. Out ran Txä'msem. Then "AmL hwî'lenest sem'â'g'it. Txä'msem: Dēva'L gâ'deE." "Good Txä'msem: you do so chief. Thus said my heart." "Nî'g'i," hēs Teno'k"Lenx. "'Had'a'xk"L hwîlL xa'E' "No," said Tenő'kalenx. ""Bad mē'yaanîst." "Nī'g'î dem huX hēe, sem'â'g'it. Dem g'ap-k'uL-d'ā'nē you said thus." "Not (fut.) again I say, chief. (Fut.) really about I sit awa'an." K'et anâ'qs Tenō'k"Lenxl he'tg'ê. K'e ha'tsîk'sem 10 Then he agreed Tenő'kªLenx he said. Then once more proximity." K·'ē huX ts'ens Txä'msem. nak<sup>u</sup>L lō-d'ā't. K'ē k'uL-iē's 11 entered Txä'msem. Then long in he was. Then about went Txä'msem al g'îlē'lîx. K.'ē ha'îx dzāpl aL se-qawā'x't 12 he made a at inland. Txä'msem rotten wood Then he made K.'ēt sel-hwîl-g'a't'ent. k"Lē-ax''ô'x'L qam-g'a'lis. K.'ēt 13 to-being he made it be. Then all he pounded over mussel shell. Then K.'ēt k 'et gō'uL qawā'x's 14 se-belā'del qawā'x'. se-dä'xt, he abalone the club. he it made fast, Then then he took the club of

and hung in its place the club of rotten wood which looked like it. Then he hid Tenō'k"Lenx's club, and sat down, and said again, "How bad acts that slave to whom I came!" Then Tenō'k"Lenx rose. He took his club, and Txä'msem ran out of the house. As soon as Tenō'k"Lenx came outside he struck Txä'msem on the head, who said, "My brother is using a rotten wood club to kill me." Then he took Tenō'k"Lenx's own club and killed him. He threw the body on the beach. He stayed in the house and ate all of Tenō'k"Lenx's food.

9. Another time Txä'msem came to the house of the Seal. The Seal invited him in. He was eating salmon. He took a dish and placed it near the fire; then he held up his hands near the fire so that they grew warm. Then grease dripped from his fingers and ran into the

1		K·'ēt		ai-lē-ia'q	g 1	Ep-qawā'		ha'îxt rotten wood
2	sel-hwîl-g a't'ent.	. K.'ēt	ia'xL he hid	qawā'z	x's TE	nö'k"LEn Fenö'k"Len		NLk 'ē Then
3		k·'ē'l once	huX again	d'āt: he sat down:	"Had'a	'xg'îL	wālL did	XaE slave
4	den wâ'in." K		m-ba'xs	Tenő'l	k <sup>u</sup> LEnxt.	At gō'	uL ga	wā'x'. he club.
		Txä'n	isem.	T	he eached	gʻalq, outside,	then	
6	Tenő'k"Lenx	t'Em-qē's his head.	t. K	en he	tg 'ê: said:	"Clu	yîm	hā'ya rotten
7	t hwilā'ak"det h what used on me n			gō'uL he took	lep-qaw	ā'x's T	Enő'k" Tenő'k"	
8	K.'ēt ia'tss TE	nő'k <sup>u</sup> LEn <sup>renő'k</sup> °LEnx			nô'ô. dead.		-	na'gat he put him
9	aL g'ä'u. K'č							
10	wunä'x: Lö-dza the food. In heat			Tenő'k				
11	9. HuX hwā' Again found	is Txä'				K.'ē w	ô'ôtk <sup>u</sup> l invited	L ēlx seal
12	lâ'ôt. HânL g in it. Salmon	rē'îpt. ne ate.					sg'it he laid it	at
13	lax-ts'ä'L lak".  on the edge the fire.	K.'ēt 1						lak <sup>u</sup> .
14	K'è ā'd'îk'sk"L	t'ē'lx· grease	aL from		vunê'tt.			'qsk <sup>u</sup> L

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

dish. He gave it to Txä'msem to dip the salmon in the grease. Txä'msem ate the salmon with the seal blubber. He ate very much, and was satiated. Then he left. Now Txä'msem made a house. He finished it and invited the Seal to visit him. The Seal entered, and sat down in the rear of the house, and Txä'msem took a dish. He placed it near the fire and held up his hands so that they grew warm, but his hands were scorched. Then Txä'msem turned back secretly, crying, "Mmmmmm!" When the Seal saw that Txä'msem was crying, he rose. There was no grease in the dish. Then he said, "He tries to imitate what I do." Txä'msem was ashamed. He put pitch on his hand because it hurt. Then he said, "You ought not to try such things. You would better get food for me that I may eat." He was

t'ēlx·	aL ts'Em-ts	'a'k', dem	wutxs to dip in grease	Txä'msem	aL hân.	1
K.'ēt g	g·ē'îps Txä	mseml h	ân. Qa	h he ate	t'ē'la ēlx.	2
	ēlL wunä'x:	huX g	7.5		tg'ê. K'ēt	3
kusta'qsêt he left him.	t. K'ē dē-d	lzā'ps Txä made Tx	'mseml ä'msem			4
K.'ē La	Lēsk <sup>u</sup> L den he fin- ished	zāpı. hwîl	p, k.'ē	dēt-wô'ôL also he invited	ēlx. K'ē	
dē-ts'ē'nī. also entered	ēlx. K	·'ē d'āt en he sat	at in th	alā'n. K.'ē e rear of Then house.		. 6
Txä'msen			sg'it an	L awa'aL the prox- imity of	lak". K'ë	7
	lô'qL an'ô'nt.	K.'ē Lat	guxL	lak <sup>u</sup> an'ô'ns		8
k.'ē ts	s'Ex'ts'ā'Lk"L it scorched	an'ô'nt.	K·'ēt		Txä'msem	9
q'a'mts'E secretly	n wi-yē'tk <sup>u</sup> t	· "Mmmm	nm," dēy	he Then	naldem-ba'xL	10
ēlx, La	en he saw (ve	wîl wi-yē't		msem. Nî'g	gʻi lō-gʻā'nL t in was	11
t'ēlx a grease i	L ts'ā'k'g'ê	. K.'ē a	'lg'îxt: he said:	"(Fut.) dē-	yô'xk <sup>u</sup> t La he (perf.)	12
hwä'lēE." what I do."	K.'ē d	zâqs Txi	i'msem.	K.'ēt sī	ent-sg a'ndel he put pitch on	13
an'ô'ntg 'ê	al semga	l aba'g'ask'	ed. Then	him- he	"SE ā'mL	
	l'kusem dad ting you when		aL lo	l'ä'gESEm." you eat fast."	Aba'g'ask"t He was troubled	15

15 K.'ē

Then

d'āL

sat down

Ts'Enk'oā'tsg'ê.

Ts'Enk'oå'ts.

greatly troubled, therefore he said so. He spoke to his hand. For that reason the hands of man are bent (in old age) to this day.

Txä'msem went on, and came to a nice house. There he found Chief Ts'enk'oa'ts, who had stores of provisions. The chief invited in Txä'msem, who sat down. Then he ate salmon, good salmon. After he had eaten he drank water. Ts'enk'oa'ts took a nice dish, and stretched his foot out over the dish; then he took a stone, struck his ankle, and pulled out fish roe. He placed it before Txä'msem, who ate it. He was very glad. He left the house of Ts'enk'oa'ts when he had eaten enough. Then Txä'msem thought he would invite his friend to visit him. He made a house and invited in Ts'enk'oa'ts, who sat down. Then Txä'msem took a dish and stretched his foot out

hē'tg'ê, an'ô'nL qan hē'tg'ê. NLqan hwîlL hwîl qan he said so, his hand he spoke. Therefore (verbal noun) thereon acthey are count of go'Ensē. an'ô'nL Delda'lbîk'sk" hîxiLa'LaganL grat gön. They shrink (his hands) bending the hands of now. man now. hwa'itg'ê K.'ē huX iē's Txä'msem. HuX ama hwî'lpg ê. he found house. Then again went Txä'msem. Again a good sem-k'a-hē'lL wunä'x'L sem'â'g'it. Ts'Enk'oā'tsl 4 HuX (A little bird) very exceed- much food of the chief. Again ingly K·'ē wô'ôtk"L Ts'enk'oā'ts Txä'msem. 5 hwa'tg'ê. as his name. Then invited Ts'Enk'oå'ts to Txä'msem. K∙'ē x-hâ'ônt, Läxkut. K : e a'k stg ê. hân. 6 d'a'tg'ê. ama he finished he drank. he salmon, Then Then good salmon, he sat down. eating. K·'ēt Ts'Enk'oa'ts ts'a'k'g'ê. uks-Lô'ôdeL gō'uL 7 K. et ama toward he the fire stretched took Ts'Enk'oå'ts a good dish. Then K.'ēt gō'uL K.'ēt na-ô' vîL k''ôq'ō'Ltg'ê. 8 asa'ēt. lô'ôp. so that he it breaks struck it his foot. Then he took a stone. txa-k 'ë' Eltgum lān. Wī-hē'ltg'ê. K 'et k'si-sa'g'îL lān. spawn. It was much. one Then Then spawn, a whole pulled K·'ēt Txä'msem. g'ips Txä'msem. Hē-yu'kt grips 10 sgrit as Txä'msem. He was eating it Txä'msem. Then ate it to Txä'msem, yō'ôxkus k·'ē k·'ē lō-ā'mL 11 Txä'msem, Lā yukL while was eating Txä'msem, Txä'msem, then (perf.) 12 qâ'ôtt. K·'ēt kasta'qstg·ê gwatsîks-tsä'ix· al hwîlps Ts'Enk'oā'ts. he left the Ts'Enk'oā'ts. satiated at Then very heart. house of wô'ôL 13 K.'ē dē-a'lg'îxL qâts Txä'msem demt huX aL (fut.) again said the heart Txä'msem to K'ē dē-dza'pı hwîlpt. K'ē dē-wô'ôı Ts'enk'oā'ts. 14 an-sī'epensk"t. Ts'Enk'oa'ts. Theu also he invited his friend. Then also he made a house. -

gō'us

took

K 'et

Then

Txä'msem

Txä'msem

ts'ak'.

a dish.

over the dish. He took a stone and struck his ankle. He fell down backward, and said, "Oh! I am dead; I am almost dead." Ts'Enk'oa'ts said, "He tries to imitate me," and left the house. Then Txä'msEm was ashamed. His foot was swollen.

He went on, not knowing which way to turn. He came to the house of Salmon-berry-bird, who invited Txä'msem in. Then he ate salmon. When he had finished eating, he drank. Now, Salmon-berry-bird took a nice dish. He wiped it out. Then he rose and said, "Miyâ'! Miyâ'!" He said so very often. Then the dish was full of salmon-berries. Txä'msem saw them and ate. Then he thought he would do the same. Secretly he took an unripe salmon-berry and put

K''ē dē-t'uks-Lô'ôdel asa'ēt al ts'em-ts'a'k'. K''ēt gō'ul lô'ôp. Then also out he put his foot to in the dish. Then he took a stone.	1
K.'ē dēt-ô'x'L k.'ôq'ō'Lt. K.'ē haspa-Lâ'ôt aL hē'tg'ê: Then also he struck his ankle. Then upside he down fell said:	2
"Ha! Nô'ôē gōn." Q'am-ts'ō'sk'L dem wagait-nô'ôt gōn. "Ha! I am now." Only a little (fut.) until he was now.	3
Hwîl hux hwî'ltg'ê. K''ē a'lg'ixl Ts'Enk'oā'ts al hē'tg'ê:  He again imitated. Then spoke Ts'Enk'oā'ts and said:	4
"(Fut.) also he goes what I do." Dēya' al. k'sa'Xtg'ê. K''ē Thus he and he went out. Then	5
dzâqs Txä'msem. G'îtk"s asa'ētg'ê.  was Txä'msem. It was his foot.  swollen	6
K.'ē huX iä't qasbasa-k'uL-iē't. HuX hwa'yîL hwîlpL  Then again he went astray about he went. Again he found the house of	7
sem'â'g'it. x-smiyâ'tk"sîL hwa'tg'ê. K'ē huX wô'ôtk"t a chief. (Bird) his name. Then again he invited	8
as Txä'msem. K''ē Lat g'ēîpl hâ'ng'ê. K''ê lä'exk"t, to Txä'msem. Then (perf.) ate salmon. Then he finished eating.	9
k''ē a'k'stg'ê. K''ēt gō'uL x-smiyâ'tk"sîL ama ts'ak'. K''ēt then he drank. Then took x-smiyâtk"s a good dish. Then	10
lō-g'î'mk't. K''ē dē-hē'tk"t aL hē'tg'ê: "Miyâ', miyâ'." in he wiped it. Then also he stood and said: "Miyâ', miyâ'."	11
Hēll hē'tg'ê al x-smiyâ'tk"st. K'ē mētk"l ts'ak al Much he said and said miyâ'. Then it was full the dish of	12
mēg'â'ôqstg'ê. K''ēt g'a'as Txä'msem. K''ēt sg'i'tg'ê.	13
Hē-yu'kt g'ē'ips Txä'msem. K''ē huX dē-lō-a'lg'ixL qâ'ôtt He was eating Txā'msem. Then again also in spoke his heart	14
1 1-1 40 4 61 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15
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it into his hand. He left the house. Then he made a house and invited in Chief Salmon-berry-bird. He imitated him. He arose after having placed the unripe salmon-berry in his dish. Then he stood there and said, "Miyâ'! Miyâ'!" He said so very often, but there remained just as many unripe salmon-berries in the dish as he had put in. He placed the dish before Chief Salmon-berry-bird, who rose, saying, "He tries to imitate me." Then Txä'msem was ashamed. He did not imitate any more.

10. He went on, not knowing which way to turn. Behold, he came out of the woods to a large town. There were poople in front of the town fishing for halibut. Txä'msɛm thought, "They have much bait, and I will eat it." He dived, and he saw the bait. He took it from

	$\begin{array}{cc} ax\text{-}d\bar{e}\text{-}m\hat{i}x\text{-}m\hat{o}k^u\\ \text{not also} & \text{ripe} \end{array}$				
	k·saXt aL				
3	huX wô'ôL again he invited	sem'â'g'idem the chief	x-smiyâ'tl x-smiyâ'tk	xus. K.'ē rhen	dēt-hō'g'îxL also he did the same as
4	x-smiyâ'tk"s x-smiyâ'tk"s	aL huX and again	dē-hē'tku also he sto up.	tg·ê. Ia′g ood Alrea	
5	$\underset{\mathrm{not}}{\mathrm{ax\text{-}m}} \widehat{\mathrm{nx}} \cdot \widehat{\mathrm{m}} \widehat{\mathrm{o}}' \widehat{\mathrm{gum}}$	mēg'â'ôks salmon berrie	t aL	ts'Em-ts'a'k'tg	rê. K·ē
6	dē-hē'tk"t aL also he stood and	hē'tg'ê: "M said: "M	liyâ' miyâ'.' fiyâ' miyâ'.''	Wī-hē'ld	hē'tg'ê aL he said and
7	x-smiyâ'tk"st.	Qanē-qabē'iL	ax-mîx'n not rip	nô'gum mēg salmo	'â'ôqst aL n berries at
8	$\underset{\mathrm{in}}{\mathrm{ts'em\text{-}ts'\bar{a}'k\cdot g\cdot \hat{e}.}}$	K.'ē dēt-sg'	'ē't aL SE	m'â'g'idEm x-	smiyâ'tk <sup>u</sup> st. x-smiyâ'tk <sup>u</sup> s.
9	K.'ē haldem-b	a'xL sem'â'g' the chief	it. A'lg îxt	g·ê: "Dem d: "(Fut.)	dē-yô'xk"t
10	La hwä'lēE." (perf.) what I do."	K.'ē dzâqs Then he was	Txä'msem;	qâ'ôdel hwî	l hwî'ltg ê.
11	10. K.'ē	huX qa'sbEs again not knowin where	a-k'uL-iē'êt.	Gwinā'dēL.	wī-ts'a'p
12	hwîl na-ba'xt. where out of he ran. woods	Gwinā'dēL,	māl al	gī'ikc qa-i	g'a't dep-
13	gō'stg'ê dem those (fut.)	mô'kdeil	txox'. K	'ē lō-a'lg îz	xL qâ'ôts
14	Txä'msem: "H	ē'ldem al r <sup>Much</sup>	naxs dep-gō bait those	st an den	g·ē'îpt."
15	NLqan hwî'ltg 'ê  There- fore he did so.	Sō'uqskut He dived	ts'Em-a'k's.	Gwinā'dēL, n	axL g'a'at.

the hook and ate it. He went from one hook to the other, eating all the bait. Then the bait of all the fishermen had disappeared, but they did not know how it had happened. Finally one of the men caught Txä'msem's jaw. His jaw was caught on one of the hooks. Then the fisherman pulled. Txä'msem was pulled up, although he was resisting. He could not take the hook out of his mouth. He held on to the rocks at the bottom of the sea. Then he was hauled up with the fish line. The fishermen came together and they all hauled the fish line. Txä'msem said to the rocks at the bottom of the sea that they should help him, and finally he said to his jaw, "Break off, jaw! I am getting tired." Then his jaw broke off. When the fishermen saw the great jaw with a long beard, some of them laughed, but others were scared. They went ashore, and all the people assembled in the

	1
At once he took it, he ate it. Really he went from much one to the other	
nax, at g'ē'îpt. K''ē sagat-qâ'ôdel naxl qa-ig'a't. K''ē bait, he ateit. Then entirely was the bait the fishermen. Then	2
	3
Txä'msem. Lō-hō'ksk"L ig'a' aL x'pa'us Txä'msem.  In it was with it hook the halibut at the jaw of Txä'msem.	4
	5
	6
leplô'ôp at ts'eō'yuX at qan-lemâ'mtg'ê. La k''ē the rocks at the bottom of sea for means helping. (Perf.) then	7
dā'mgansk"L lax-ha'ye aL môo'lk". K·'ē sagait-iē'L qa-ig'a't he was pulled on top at the fish line. Then together went the fishermen	8
at dā'mgandēL môo'lk". K.'ē dē-hwî'ls Txā'msem at they pulled the line. Then on his did so Txā'msem at	9
ts'Eō'yuX at dexdô'qL leplô'ôp qan-Lemâ'mtg'ê. K''ē hēs 1 the bottom of he holding the stones means helping. Then said	0
Txä'msemg'ê al k'pa'ôt: "K'si-bē'sen k'pa'ô la dem 1 Txä'msem to jaw: "Out tear jaw (perf.) (fut.)	1
gwâtk <sup>u</sup> L qâ'ôdēE." K''ē sa-bē'sîL x'pā'ut. K''ēt g'a'aL 1 lost my heart." Then off tore his jaw. Then saw	2
qa-ig'a'L wī-k'pā'o wī-max-iē'mq. K''ēt halā'g'îxdēit. Lagats'ō'ut 1 the the jaw great all beard. Then they laughed. Some of them	3
laxbeits'e'wut. K'e tsagam-ho'ul qa-ig'a't. K'e sagait-ie'l 1-were scared. Then ashore escaped the fishermen. Then together went	4

Txä'msem.

chief's house. There they looked at the great jaw. Txä'msem went ashore, coming out of the water. He was greatly worried. Then he repented and said, "I am always doing this to myself." He arrived at the town while the people were looking at the great jaw in the chief's house. Txä'msem entered and sat down near the door. He saw the people looking at the great jaw. He held his blanket over his mouth to cover his lost jaw. When he saw his own great jaw he stretched out his hand, saying, "Give it to me." He took it and looked at it, turning it over and over, examining it. Then he put it on and ran out, and the people said, "That is Txä'msem, the cheater!" Then Txä'msem was well again.

11. Txä'msem went on. He was very hungry, and he saw a steelhead salmon jumping in the river. Then he devised a plan. He

- g'a'adēL K.'ē 1 g'at hwîlpL sem'â'g'it, at wi-k pā'o. aL the the chief. they they saw the Then the house Txä'msem hwî'ltg'ê. ts'Em-a'k's. Aba'g'ask"t 2 spi-iä's aL aL ashore went Txä'msem in He was troubled about what he did. out water. hē'tg'ê: "LEP-në'E 3 Sem-gulîk's-ē'tkusl qâ'ôtt aL qane-hwîla Very self called (repented) his heart and said: "Self I K.'ē g'atL 4 gön." na-ba'xt qal-ts'a'p. he-vu'kt aL La g'a'aL out he ran Then to the town. Then they began to see it of woods people lâEt. 5 wi-x'pa'o at hwîlpt sem'â'g'it. K·'ē dē-ts'ē'ns Txä'msem the jaw at the house of the chief. Then also entered Txä'msem in there. 6 K.'ē K.'ēt dē-d'ā't g'at ā'dz'Ep. hwîl aL g'a'aL ā'lg'alL the door. (verbal examined it also he sat at Then he saw people 7 wi-x'pā'ot. Men-lô'ôdes Txä'msem gula't at ia'XL, hwîl Txä'msEm his blanket to hide it, being the jaw. Up pushed great K.'ēt q'am-Lô'ôdEL an'ô'ntg'ê, 8 ax-k'pā'utg'ê. aL Lat hwaL just he stretch-ed out when (perf.) he found his hand, with- his jaw. Then K .'ēt "Ndä'e." gō'ut. dēya'. At 9 wī-lep-x pā'o aL awa'at. "Give it to me," his he said. He took it. Then his own jaw proximity. great lā'ag'alt. Sā-lō-d'ē'st 10 k'wa'ts'ik's-tgo-ma'gat; at al lep-k'pā'ut. Sud- in he denly pushed it much around he examined it. own his jaw. turned it; hēl hē'ldem g'a'tg'ê: "La k·'ē k.'ē 11 Hwîl k'si-ba'xt. Hwîl people: " (Perf.) Then out he ran. Then they many gwîx'-iā'mq'asgu't." K·'ē mâtke 12 huX nē'd Txä'msem, 28 the cheater." Then it is he Txä'msem, he was again 13 Txä'msem.
- K.'ēt 14 11. La iē's Txä'msem. K∙'ē semgal Xdax't. g'a'aL (Perf.) he Txä'msem. Then very he was Then he saw went hungry se-wusen-xô'ôsk"t. NLk 'e NLk 'et 15 hwîl göksL mElē't. a steel-head where jumped Then up his mind. Then

salmon.

made

kicked a rock and made a deep hole. He said with a loud voice, "Steel-head salmon, hit my heart." After he had said so he sat down quietly. The steel-head salmon hit his heart, and Txä'msEm lay there dead. After a little while he opened his eyes and he saw that the salmon had jumped over the hole that he had made. Then he kicked the rock a second time, and he again told the salmon to hit his heart. He sat down again and the same was repeated. He told the salmon to hit his heart, and it did so. Again he was dead. After a while he opened his eyes and saw the salmon lying in the hole near the water. He rushed down to catch it, but he could not reach it. He kicked the rock a third time, and sat down again. Then he told the salmon to hit his heart. It did so, and again he was dead. His heart

	**				
gʻîdi-kʻla'qsl lô'ôp.		vī-lō-La'pL		NLk.'ē	1
right he kicked a stone.	Then gr	eat in deep	stone.	Then	
a'lg'îxtg'ê. Wī-amhē't:	"Däqsk"L			Lēsk <sup>u</sup> L	2
he spoke. He shouted:	"Hit	my heart,	steel-head salmon!"	He finished	
hēt, k.'ē ama d'ā't.	K.'ēt gu	KL melē'tL			3
he then well he sat		the steel-hea			,,
said down		salmon			
nô'ôt. K.'ē La q'ā'axı			K.'ēt	g'a'aL	4
he was then (perf.) he opened		where he was dead.	Then	he saw	
melē't La t'uks-da'ı	alt. K.'ēt	huX g'îdi-	k'La'qsL	lô'ôp,	5
the steel- (perf.) out had ;	gone. Then	again right there	he kicked	the stone,	
	sem buX h		an-gō'oL	qâ'ôdet	6
a second Then once n		The state of the s	ised to hit		
	X ama d'	ā't. HuX	hō'g ig	at La	7
at the steel- Then ag	ain well he	sat Again	like		
head salmon.		own.	- 4/4.1		0
	huX a'lg'îxt again he spoke	at gun-gō	ul qâ'ôd hit his he		8
				art to	
	hwîll melē't.		nô'ôt.		9
the steel- Then again head salmon.	ne did so the steel- head salmon	Then again	he was dead.	Then	
La ha'tsîk'sem huX	q'ā'axL ts'a'	elt, nlk'ē	La lō-sg	rī't al	10
when once more again	he his o	eyes, then	(perf.) in he	a lay in	
lō-ks-g·ē'wît. At g·a'a	t, hwîl k	'ē iaga-hē't	tkut al	demt	11
in the lowest Then he saw			e to	(fut.)	
gō'ut. K.'ēt sq'ōk.	st aL dE	mt gō'ut.	K·'ēt	huX	12
take it. Then he was our reach	it of at (fu	it.) he took it.	Then	again	
gʻîdi-kʻla'qsl lô'ôp.	Nel gulā'a	lt. K·'ē	huX d'ā	t; k'ē	13
right he kicked the stone.	Then the third t	ime. Then	again he s		
huX hēt at gun-gō	'ul qâ'ôdet.	K.'ē huX		melē't.	14
	hit his heart.		did so	the steel- ad salmon.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This sentence is in Gitkcan dialect.

was swollen. Then he opened his eyes again, and saw the salmon which lay right in the middle of the rock. He went down slowly and caught it.

12. Now he did not know how to prepare his food. So he sat down and defecated. Then he asked his excrements, "What shall I do, my excrements?" They said, "Steam it in a hole." Then he cut wood, but while he was doing so he forgot what he was to do. Then he sat down again and defecated. Only a little came out. He asked, "What shall I do, my excrements?" They said, "Steam it in a hole." They spoke in a low voice. Now Txä'msem gathered stones, and he said all the time, "Steam it in a hole." He said it as though he was singing.

1 K.'ē huX nô'ôt. qâ'ôdet K .'ē g'itk"L hwî'ltg'ê. La aL he was dead. Then again (perf.) it swelled his heart at he did so. Then melē't, gō'yiL qâ'ôdet. huX hwîlL huX K.'ē huX q'a'axL again did so the steel again he hit his heart. Then again he opened head salmon, k.'ēt g'a'aL melē't. Lō-sg'ī't al lo-ks-sē'lgut lô'ôp. 3 ts'a'Elt. his eyes, the steel In it lay at in middle-most head salmon. 4 K.'ē Hagul-hwî'ltg'ê. K·'ēt iaga-iä'êtg'ê. gō'uL melē't. Then down he went. Slowly he did so. Then he took the steel K∙ē iä'êt. Then he went. K∙'ē dzā'bEt g·ē'îpt. aqt-hwîla aL demt NLk 'e d'āt Then with- being to make to (fut.) his food. Then he sat sipa'ntg'ê. "Ago'L K et g'e'daxL sipa'nt: dem hwî'lēe aL he asked "What he defecated. Then his to (fut.) I do excrements: K·'ē "Sā'lebel!" g'uā'tsēE?" a'lg'îxL sipa'ntg'ê: K.'ē his excrements: "Steam it in a hole." my excre-Then spoke Then 9 sa-â'Lk"tg'ê. Hē-yukt sa-â'ôLk"t, k'ē t'ak'L dEm hwî'ltg'ê. he fire-made wood. he firewood. Beginning then he (fut.) he did. forgot 10 K.'ē K.'ē ha'ts'îk'sem lîg'i-k'uL-d'ā't. huX d'āt. K∙'ē huX Then once more any- about where he again he sat. Then again ā'd'îk'sk"L k'saXt; k'saXt. K∙'ē Lgo-ts'ō'osk'L huX out it went: little small it went out. Then again 12 hēt: "NdaL hwî'lēE g'ua'tsēE?" K.'ē dEm LE. Lgo-a'lg'îxL he said: "What (fut.) I do (perf.), my excre-Then little it spoke "Sā'lebel." g'ua'tst: Ts'ōsk'L a'lg'îxt. K. et 13 LE sagait-dô'qs his excre-"Steam it in a Little it spoke. Then together took qa'ne-hwîla 14 Txä'msem lô'ôp. K·'ē a'lg'îxt: "Sā'lebel!" K·'ē

"Steam it in a hole!"

Then

Then

always

he spoke:

stones.

Txä'msem

He made a song of the words, "Steam it in a hole." When the hole was hot he went to gather leaves of the skunk-cabbage to cover it. Then he cut the salmon lengthwise and put it on top of the leaves in the hole. A stump lay near the hole. Then he took part of the salmon out and said to the stump, shaking the salmon, "I am sure you envy me, Stump." Then he went to get some more leaves which were to serve as his dish. After he had left, the Stump moved and sat down on top of the hole. Now Txä'msem returned to eat. Behold, the Stump was sitting on the hole. Then he opened his mouth and cried on account of his food. He took a long lever and turned the Stump over. Behold, it had eaten all the salmon. Then he hit the Stump with stones, and turned it all over with his lever until the Stump was broken. It was quite rotten. He found a few small

hō'g'igat lē'mEdēL hē'tg'ê. aL hwîl k.'ē' an-me-le'mx't aL 1 like singing he said. being then making a song at "sā'lebel!" K.'ē g'amL k·'ē an-dâ'leptg'ê, sE-hina'qt La "steam it in a hole." he made leaves of skunk-cabbage hot the hole for steaming. Then when then hâ'yaEm sā'lEpt. K·'ēt K.'ē hadîx'-qō'tsL melē't. al dem the steel-head (fut.) use of steaming. Then lengthwise he cut Then salmon. txa-lē-ba'Lt aL lax-o'L an-sā'lep. Q'ai'vîm d'āL an-sā'lept Close by all on he on top of hole for was spread K.'ēt awa'aL am-hā'ts'. k'si-gō'uL q'apl mele't. aL the end the steel-of head salmon. the prox-imity of a stump. Then out he took Then hē'tg'ê am-hā'ts': "Nō'mdzîk's, hāts';" aL dēya', at sā'wuL "You must envy me, stump;" he said to the stump: thus he shook he said. mElē't. K.'ē huX iē'êt al se-hina'qt al wâ'ôst. NL dem again to make leaves of skunk cabbage the steel-head salmon. Then he (fut.) his dish. k·'ē lē-gä'îksguL 8 am-hā'ts' qalā'nt, an-sā'lepl aL měle't. after, then on crawled the stump on the hole for head salmon. steaming K .'ē lō-ya'ltk"t dEm vō'ôxkut. Gwinā'dēL. lē-d'ā'L he returned Then to (fut.) eat. Behold, on sat am-hā'ts' K·'ē wī-vē'tkut hwîl 10 aL lax-an-sā'lept. q'āqt (aL) he opened his mouth the stump at the hole for on Then with crying steaming K.'ēt hwî'lL dem g'ē'îpt. k.'ēt gō'uL që'megant 11 gan, he did so (fut.) his food. he took Then a stick, then he turned over with lever wī-am-hā'ts'. Gwinā'dēl, dzal am-hā'ts' dem g'ē'îptg'ê. K.'ēt 12 Behold, he ate all the stump (fut.) his food. k"Lē-ax 'o'x L am-hā'ts'g'ê lô'ôp aL qanL k'ul-qam-qe'megant. about only he turned it over with lever. all he hit the stump with stones and K·'ē g'usgwa'EL ga'ng ê am-hā'yîx. K.'ēt hwîthwa'L k'ope- 14 Then was broken the stick well rotten. Then he found small

pieces of fresh salmon. He put these into his mouth and he was very hungry while doing so.

13. He went on toward the sea and entered the house of the Grizzly Bear. He asked him to join him in catching halibut, but the Grizzly Bear said that he had no bait. Txä'msem replied, "We will use our own bodies as bait; we will use our testicles." He carried the tail of the steel-head salmon. Txä'msem went down to the water and took the canoe of the Grizzly Bear. While he was doing so, the Bear rose and went into the canoe, and they started for the fishing bank. Now they reached it, and Txä'msem pretended to cut off his penis and to tie it on to his hook for bait. The Grizzly Bear saw the act, but was afraid to do the same. He was surprised at what he saw Txä'msem doing. The latter urged him, saying, "Go on, do the same;" but the

- 1 gateptë'tgum k'sa-hâ'n. K''ët lō-d'ā'telt al ts'em-ā'qt al pieces of fresh salmon. Then in he put it at in his mouth
- 2 sem-Xda'x't at hwî'ltg'ê.
- 3 13. K''ē ha'ts'îk'sEm huX ië'êt al, anō-lax-mô'ônL qâ'ôt.

  Then once more again he went to toward on sea he went.
- 4 K''ē ts'ēnt al hwîlpl lig''ē'Ensk". K''ēt sä'lîx'l lig''ē'Ensk"
  Then he entered at the house of the grizzly bear. Then he bade the grizzly bear
- 5 al. dem ig'a't. "Aql-nā'em," dēya'l lig''ē'ensk". "Dem to (fut.) catch halibut. "With-bait we," thus said the grizzly bear. "(Fut.)
- 6 lep-hwa'yîml dem nā'em," dēya's Txä'msem. "Dem nā'em selves we find (fut.) our bait," thus said Txä'msem. "(Fut.) our bait
- 7 g'a'lpnōm." K''ē k'uL-yu'kdēL wī-La'tsxL melē'tg'ê. NLk''ē our testicles." Then about he carried the tail of the steel-head Then
- 8 siyâ'ôtk<sup>u</sup>s Txä'msEm at iaga-gō'uL . mālL lig ''ē'Ensk<sup>u</sup>.

  to down take the canoe of the grizzly bear.
- 9 K·'ē haldem-ba'xL lig·'ē'ensku aL hwîls Txä'msem. K·'ē
  Then rose the grizzly bear at he did so Txä'msem. Then
- 10 uks-hē'tk"dēt al an-ī'g'a. K''ē la lē-g'â'ôdēt, k''ēt sa-q'ō'tsl out to they stood to the place of halibut fishing. Then (perf.) on they were then off he cut
- 11 lep-gan-dede'lîst lep-sma'x tg ê. K 'ēt lē-da'k 'LL naxt, k 'ēt his penis his flesh. Then on he tied his bait, then
- 12 gʻa'al ligʻe'ensk". Kʻe xpedz'a'Xt al dem de-hwî'lt.
- 13 Lō-sanā'ıkut hwîls Txä'msem. K''ē hä'q'als Txä'msem:

  He was astonished he did so Txä'msem. Then urged him Txä'msem:
- 14 "Gwô'ôm, laô'n dē-hwî'len!" K''ē semgal xpedz'a'xL "Go ahead, to you also do it!" Then very afraid was

Grizzly Bear was afraid to do so. Then Txä'msem pushed his knife along the canoe, handing it to the Bear. Now the Bear cut off his penis, and he fainted. When he felt that he was dying, he made a rush at Txä'msem, trying to kill him, but Txä'msem jumped into the water and dived. He clung to the bow of the canoe, and when he knew that the Bear was dead, he boarded the canoe again. He went ashore and stepped up to the Bear's wife.

He put stones into the fire and told the female Grizzly Bear to swallow the hot stones. He said that the wives of those who do not catch anything must do so, and she was to do so, because her husband had not caught any halibut. The chieftainess trusted him. Txä'msem took up the stones with tongs. He told her to open her

lig·'ē'Enskug·ê al dem dē-hwî'lt. K·'ēt wusen-ma'gas the grizzly bear at (fut.) also he does Then along put	1
Txä'msem ha-Lebē'îsk <sup>u</sup> al dem dē-hwî'll lig''ē'ensk <sup>u</sup> la trā'msem a knife to (fut.) also do so the grizzly bear (perf.)	2
hwî'ltg'ê. K''ē dēt-q'ō'tsl lig''ē'Ensk"l la gan-dEdē'lîst. K''ē he did so. Then also cut the grizzly bear (past) his penis. Then	3
nô'ôL lig''ē'Ensk". Lat baqL dem hwîl nô'ôt, k''ē he was the grizzly bear. When he felt (fut.) being he dies, then	4
	5
	6
māl. K''ē Lat hwîlā'x'L hwîl nô'ôL lig''ē'Ensku, k''ē 'the Then when he knew being dead the grizzly bear, then	7
	8
	9
K'ē txä'ldel lô'ôp. K'ē hēt demt g'ē'ipl hana'gam 10 Then he put into stones. Then he said (fut.) eats the female	0
lig·'ē'ensk <sup>u</sup> g'a'mg'îm lô'ôpg'ê. K''ēt mālt g'ap-hwîla 1 grizzly bear hot stones. Then he told really	1
hwî'll nak'sl ax-mō'gut, al hwîl ax-mō'k"l nak'sl 19 does so the wife of not catching, because not caught the husband of	2
hana'gam lig''ē'Ensk". K''ē ax'iâ'ksk"L sîg'idEmna'qg'ê. 13 the female grizzly Then trusted the chieftainess.	3
K.'ēt hāk''Ls Txä'msem lô'ôpg'ê aL gant. K.'ēt gun-q'a'kL 1.  Then took up with tongs Txä'msem stones with sticks. Then he her to caused open	4

mouth and he put the hot stones into it. Then she tumbled about, and Txä'msem hit her all over while she was doing so until she was dead. He walked down at once and took the Bear that he had killed first out of the canoe. He cut him first, and then his wife. the Bears were dead. He stayed there for many days eating. he had eaten all the provisions of the Bear, he left again, not knowing where he went.

14. Then he went out of the woods and came to a house, the house of Little Pitch, who was rich, and lived there with his wife. Then Little Pitch invited him in and he ate. When he was satiated, he slept. Then he said that they would go to catch halibut. Little Pitch was willing, and said to him, "It is not good for me to be out after sunrise.

- g'a'mg'îm K∴ë K·'ēt lô'ôp. 1 sigʻidEmna'qgʻê. lō-ma'gal the chieftain-Then in he put hot stones. Then sîg'idemna'qg'ê. K·'ēt k"Lē-ia'tss Txä'msem, 2 k'ul-qaba'ksk"L about tumbled the chieftain-Then hit her Txä'msem, K .'ē k'uL-qaba'kskut. k·'ē nô'ôt. Hwîl 3 La iaga-iē'êt. down he to sea went. while about she tumbled. Then she died. At once wī-lig''ē'Ensk"L dza'k"det. NLk et uks-gō'uL Lē k's-qâ'gum he had killed. Then out he took the grizzly bear first great 5 K.'ē T'Epxā'tL lig''ē'Ensku k''ä'guL. belba'lt, qanL huX Then he spread them, and also one. Two grizzly bears 6 gul-gadā'wut. K.'ē nakuL vo'ôxkut, g'ē'îpt wī-hē'ldeL at aL were dead. Then he ate, ate for long many K.'ēt huX lig·'ē'Enskug·ê. K·'ē wunä'x'L ksta'qsît; 7 sa. dzaL days. Then he ate all the food of the grizzly bear. Then again he left; 8 q'asbasa-iä'êt. astray he went. 14. K.'ē huX k.'ēlL hwîlp; hwîlps Lgo-sg a'n. na-ba'xt aL house: the house of little pitch. again out of he to one hwî'l nak st lō-bagadē'l. K.e hē-yukL Ama qanL in-side Rich was he and his wife two. Then began K·'ē ama ts'äx't. aL

- wô'ôtk"s lâ'ôt yō'ôxk"tg'ê. Lgo-sg'a'n little pitch Then he was satiated. to him at well he ate.
- lō-wâ'gôt K .'ē K.'ē lâ'ôt. hēL dem ig a't demt aL in he slept Then to fish (fut.) Then in it. he said (fut.) at halibut
- K.'ē k's-qâ'gum 13 mōk<sup>u</sup>L K∙'ē saxk<sup>u</sup>s Lgo-sg'a'n. txox'. was willing catch halibut. Then little pitch. Then first
- "Nîg'i 14 a'lg'îxs Txä'msem: ā'mē atseda Lgo-sg'a'n as "Not little pitch Txa'msem: when said good

I must return while it is still chilly. I shall have enough by that time." Txä'msem replied, "I shall do whatever you say, Chief." Little Pitch said, "Well!" Then they started for the fish bank. They fished all night. When the sun rose Little Pitch wanted to go ashore, but Txä'msem said, "I enjoy the fishing. Lie down in the bow of the canoe and cover yourself with a mat." Little Pitch did so. Then Txä'msem said, "Little Pitch!" "Heh!" he replied. After a while Txä'msem called again, "Little Pitch!" He answered again in a loud voice. After some time Txä'msem called again. Then Little Pitch's voice was weak. Now Txä'msem hauled up his line and paddled home. He pretended to paddle strongly, but he put his paddles into the water

k'si-gwa'ntk"L Lôqs. Q'aē-gugunä'gamk's, k''ē huX k''a'tsguē. 1 out rises the sun. Still chilly, then again I land.								
Āml qapē'il mâ'guēe." K'ē a'lg'îxs Txä'msem: "Lîg'i-agō'l 2								
dem hē'nîst, sem'â'g'ît, dem hwî'lēe." K''ē hēs Lgo-sg'a'n: 3 (fut.) you say, chief, (fut.) I do." Then said little pitch:								
"Well!" Then they started to fish halibut (fut.) they fished								
txōx'. K''ē hwî'ldet aL wī-sa'. K''ē k'si-yu'kL Lô'qsg'ê, 5 halibut. Then they did so at all day. Then out rose the sun,								
k''ē hēs Lgo-sg'a'n dem tsagam-g''ā'ndet. K''ē nîg'i hēs 6 then said little pitch (fut.) ashore they go. Then no said								
Txä'msem: "Q'aē-hē-yu'kl a'k'sdal mō'guēe. Q'am-lō-g'ä'elen 7 Txä'msem: "Still beginning sweet I catch. Only in lie down								
al g'ilā'nest. Qōlk'sk"l sqā'nae." K'ē hwîls lgo-sg'a'n. 8 in the bow. Cover yourself a mat." Then did so little pitch.								
K-'ē hēs Txä'msem: 'Lgo-sg-a'n!' 'Gwō!' Si-gō'en 9 Then said Txä'msem: 'Little pitch!' 'Heh!' After a while								
k'ē huX hēs Txä'msem: 'Lgo-sg'â'n!' K'ē huX 10 then again said Txä'msem: 'Little pitch' Then again								
gwâ'ôtk''s Lgo-sg'a'n; ama gwâ'ôtk''t. K''ēlL huX ä'êsk''s 11 answered little pitch; well he answered once more called								
Txä'msem. K'ë alî'sk"L hēs Lgo-sg'a'n. K'ët sa'g'îs 12 Txä'msem. Then weakly said little pitch. Then hauled up								
Txä'mseml ig'a't. Hwîl k''ē' hwāx't. Tsagam-hwā'x't. 13  Txä'msem his hook and line. At once he paddled. Ashore he paddled.								
K.'ē nî'g'i hō'g'îxL hwāx't, haLi-g'â'ôt'EntL hwāx't. AL 14 Then not really he paddled, edge- he put his paddle. At								
sem-dax-g'a'dem hwāx't, k'e bēk"L hwî'ltg'ê. K'et 15 very strongly he paddled, then he lied he did so.								

edgewise. Again he called, "Little Pitch!" "Heh!" Little Pitch replied, but his voice was very weak. Then Txä'msɛm knew that Little Pitch was dying. Behold, pitch came out and ran over the halibut where Little Pitch died. Therefore the halibut is black on one side.

That is the end of another adventure of Txä'msem. He always ate all the food of the chiefs. He killed two chiefs, Grizzly Bear and Little Pitch.

15. He did another thing. He found the town of the air. He saw houses, and heard people saying, "The chief is coming," but he did not see anyone. A man said to him, "Enter the house of the chief." Then he entered. He walked proudly and erect. Behold, a mat was being spread for him on one side of the house. Txä'msem sat down on it. Behold, a box opened of itself and salmon came out

- 1 ētk<sup>u</sup>s Lgo-sg'a'n: "Lgo-sg'â'n!" "Gū!" ts'ōsk'L am-hē't. K''ēt he little pitch: "Little pitch!" "Heh!" little voice. Then called
- 2 hwîlā'x's Txä'msem la nô'ôs lgo-sg'a'n. Gwinā'dē, sg'an knew Txä'msem (perf.) dead little pitch. Behold, pitch
- 3 La ā'd'îk'sk"t aL lax-ō'L txōx', La nô'ôs Lgo-sg'a'n.

  (perf.) came at on top of the halibut.
- 4 NLqan hwîlL txōx stex-t'ō'tsk"L an-stô'ôt gō'entsē.

  Therefore is halibut half black its one side now.
- 5 HuX sa-ba'xL k''ēlL hwîls Txä'msem. Q'am-dzîdza'LL Again the end of one did Txä'msem. Only he ate all
- 6 wunē'x'l semg'ig'a't an-hwî'ntg'ê. La bagadē'll semg'ig'a't the food the chiefs what he did. (Perf.) two chiefs
- 7 ia'tstg'ê; lig''ē'Ensk<sup>u</sup> qans Lgo-sg'a'n. he killed; the grizzly and little pitch.
- 8 15. HuX k''ēll hwî'ltg'ê. K''ēt hwal ts'apl ha. K'seXAgain one he did. Then he found the town the of air.
- 9 huwî'lp, qanl al'a'lg'îxl g'at. Naxna'yît: "A'd'îk'sk"l houses, and they talked people. He heard: "There comes
- 10 sem'â'g'idest, hâ'u." K''ē nî'g'ît g'a'aL g'aL hē'tg'ê lâ'ôt: the chief, hâu." Then not he saw the man who said to him:
- 11 "Aml dem ts'ent al hwîlp, sem'â'g'idest." K'e ts'e'ntg'ê.
  "Good (ful.) he en at the house, the chief." Then he entered.
- 12 "G'ī, sem'â'g'it, g'ī." K'ē ā'dzîk'sem iä'tg'ê. At g'ap-hē't'enl "This chief, this may." Then proudly he walked. He really put up
- 13 ts'ā'Eltg'ê. Gwinā'dēL, sqā'naE La ba'Lt an-stô'ôL hwîlp.

  Behold, a mat (perf.) spread on the one side of the house.
- 14 K. et al. et

of it. A dish walked to the fire all by itself. Txä'msem was much astonished. It lay down in front of him. He thought about it while he was eating. When he had finished, he drank. Then cranberries mixed with grease and water came from the corner of the house and placed themselves in front of him. Then a spoon came to him. He took the handle of the spoon, but nobody was holding it. Then he ate. The dish was very small, and he thought (?) (?) (?). Thus thought Txä'msem. Then he heard many women laughing near the wall of the house. They said, "The Giant thinks (?) (?) (?)." He heard his own name, Giant, mentioned. He rose from the place where he was eating and went to where the women were speaking,

La ā'd'îk'sk"t. Lep-q'a'qk"sL qal-hē'neqg'ê hwîl wî'tk"L hân 1
(perf.) came. Self opened a box where came from the salmon
qanı ts'a'k'g'ê. K''ē t'em-iä'êt al lax-ts'ä'l lak" al 2
and a dish. Then toward he at on edge the fire at
lep-gulik's-halā'eltk"tg'ê. K''ē semt-lō-sanā'alk"s Txä'msem. 3  by for itself working. Then very astonished was Txā'msem.
K'ē la sg'it al qa-sā'Xt, k'ē a'lg'îxl qâ'ôttg'ê. K'ē 4
K'ē La sg'it aL qa-sā'Xt, k'ē a'lg'îxL qâ'ôttg'ê. K'ē 4 Then (perf.) it lay in front of him, then spoke his mind. Then
La yukt g'ē'îptg'ê. K''ē Läxt g'ē'ipt, k''ē ak'st. K''ē 5 (perf.) he he ate it. After he finished eating, then he drank. Then
ā'd'îksl La'yix amo'ost, huX ts'em-qal-hē'neq hwîl 6 came cranberries mixed from the with grease and water corner,
wî'tkutg'ê. K''ē La sg'it al qa-sä'Xt. K''ēt g'i-lep-ā'd'îk'skul 7 it came from. Then (perf.) it lay in front of him. Then by itself came
hâ'bix al awa'as Txä'msem. K''ēt g'ilwul-dā'ml an-dâ'l 8
a spoon to the prox- imity of Txä'msem. Then beyond he held the other side of
hâ'bîx'. K''ē nî'g'ît hwal lîg'i-ago'. K''ē yō'ôxk"tg'ê sem-lgō'-gat 9 the spoon. Then not he found anything. Then he ate very small considering
ts'ak' hwîl ts'ō'osk't. NLqan hētL qâ'ôtt: "DEm 10 the dish being too small. Whereupon said his "(Fut.)
the dish being too small. Whereupon said his "(Fut.)
lîg·î-qak·smā'tēisen ne-wā'nt," dēya'ı qâts Txä'msem. Nık·'ē 11
lîg î-qak smā'tēisen ne-wā'nt," dēya'l qâts Txä'msem. Nlk ie 11 what you have," thus said the heart of Txä'msem. Then
hēr wi-hē'ldem hanā'q naxna'vît ar g'itsâ'en: "Hä+ hä+." 12
said many women he heard them at toward the "Ha ha."
"Dem lîg-î-qak-smā'tē ne-wā'n sg-egua'sga, dēya'sent qâ'ts 13
"(Fut.) (?) what you (?) says the heart of
Wī-g'a't." K'ēt nexna'L lep-hwa'des Wī-g'a'tg'ê. K'ē 14 Giant." Then he heard his name of own own
haldem-ba'xt al hwîl yō'ôxkut; at qâ'ôl hwîl hēl hā'naq. 15
he rose at where he was he went to where spoke the women.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

but he did not find anyone, although they were speaking right in front of him. He did not see them. He went back to the fire and sat down. He was quite out of breath. Then he thought, "I will take these things and eat them outside." He rose and took a bundle of salmon. He ran out of the house, but when he came to the door they dragged him back, and he almost fell down. Then he heard someone saying, "Sit down, Chief Giant." Txä'msem sat down again. He was quite out of breath. He rose again and dragged the box from which the berries had come toward the fire. Then he was attacked and beaten with sticks, although he did not see a person. The sticks moved of themselves, hitting his body, his head, his hands, and his feet. Then he felt very badly. He went on, not knowing which way to turn.

1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
2	K'è nî'g'ît g'a'at. K'è huX t'Em-iē'êt. K'è Then not he saw them. Then again to the he middle walked.	
3	huX d'āt al hwîl d'ā't. Seṇā'lqt al hwî'ltg'ê. K'ē again he sat at where he sat. He was out on ac- down had sat. He was out of breath count of	
4	lō-a'lg'îxl qâ'ôts Txä'msem: "Dem kse-de-ba'ē dem g'ē'bee," in spoke the heart Txä'msem: "Shall out with I run (fut.) I eat,"	
5	dē'yal qâ'ôt. Hwîl k''ē haldem-ba'xt. At gō'ul hwîl thus his heart. At once he rose. He took	1
6	XLEM-da'k'Lk"L hē'ldem hân. At k'si-de-ba'xt La dem a bundle many salmon. He out with ran (perf.) (fut.)	
7	k·si-a'qLk <sup>u</sup> t aL ā'dz'Ep. K·'ēt gulîk·s-q'ā'qdēt. K·'ē out he arrived the door. Then back they dragged him.	
8	mâdzE-sg'is Txä'msEm. K''ē huX hēL a'lg'îxL naxna'yit: almost lay Txä'msEm. Then also saying speaking he heard:	
9	$  \text{``$\overline{A}$mL}  \text{dem}  \text{d'$\overline{a}'$nest}  \text{sem'$\widehat{a}'$g'$it}  \text{W$\overline{i}$-$g'$a'$t."}  \text{K''$\overline{e}$}  \text{huX}  \text{d'$\overline{a}$s} \\ \text{``Good}  \text{(fut.)}  \text{sit down}  \text{chief}  \text{Giant."}  \text{Then}  \text{again}  \text{sat} \\ \text{down}  \text{down}  \text{down}  \text{down} $	
10	Txä'msem, al senā'lqtg'ê. K'ē huX haldem-ba'xt. At Txā'msem, and he was out of Then again he rose. He	-
11	qâ'ôl hwîl lō-d'ā'l la'yîx le g'ē'betg'ê. At t'em-q'ä'qlt.  went where in lay berries he was eating. He toward dragged the middle it.	
12	K'ë hwîl sagait-hā'p'aaL t'an k"Lē-hîsya'tst aL ganga'n, aL then all together they rushed who all over hit him with sticks, and	
13	nî'g'ît g'a'aL g'at. Q'am-ba'gait-bebesba'tsk"L ganga'n t'an	
14	hîsya'tsl Lepla'nt, t'em-qē'st, qa-an'ô'nt, asesa'et. K'ē his body, his head, his hands, his feet.	
15	SEM-pla'k'sk't al hwî'ltg'ê. K''ē dā'ult. Q'asbasa-k'ul-iē'êtg'ê. much he was tired on account of what he did. Then he left. Astray about he went.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

16. Txä'msem did still another thing. He came to the house where the Deer was living with his wife. There were two persons in the house. Then Txä'msem sat down and said, "Let us go and cut wood." He called the Deer his brother-in-law. The Deer trusted him, and they went to cut wood. While they were splitting the wood the wedges jumped out all the time. Txä'msem said to the Deer, "Hold the wedges." He did so. Txä'msem struck the wedges with his hammer, and said to the Deer, "Come a little nearer to the wedges, friend!" The Deer was afraid; but Txä'msem again asked him to come nearer, because the wedges were always jumping out. Txä'msem sang while splitting wood, because he was very glad: "Hôho, hôho,

16. HuX k''ēll hwîls Txä'msem. K''ēt hwal hwîlp hwîl Again one thing did Txä'msem. Then he found a house where	1
dzôqL wan. Nak'sL wa'ng'ê lō-bagadē'lt aL hwîlp. K''ē camped the deer. The wife of the deer in two persons in the house. Then	2
huX lō-d'ā's Txä'msem lâ'ôt. K''ē hēs Txä'msem, also in sat Txä'msem in it. Then said Txä'msem, Txä'msem,	3
a'lg'îxtg'ê: "ĀmL dem se-â'lgum," dēya', al xs-q'alā'ntkust make firewood," thus he said, and he call-brother-in-law	4
al wan. K'ē ax'iâ'ksk"l wan. K'ē hwî'ldet, se-â'lk"tg'ê.	5
K.'ē La yukt guXgu'XdēL laku, k.'ē gwa'nem-k'si-gesgō'sL Then (perf.) while splitting fire-wood, then always out jumped	6
lēt. NLqan hēs Txä'msem aL wa'ng'ê: "Ām me dem the Therefore said Txä'msem to the deer: "Good you (fut.)	7
dexdô'gôl let," deya' al wan. K'e hwîll wan, take hold of the wedges," to the deer. Then did so the deer,	8
dexdô'gôl lēt. K''ēt ôx's Txä'mseml lēt al hē'tg'ê: taking the the struck Txä'msem the and he said: wedges.	9
"Txal-sge'ren damxl." K'ë xpedz'a'Xl wa'ng'ê. K'ë hës "Against lie friend." Then was afraid the deer. Then said	
Txä'msem. At gun-tq'al-sg'i'tg'ê al hwîl gwa'nem-k'si-gesgō'sl Txä'msem. He made against lie because always out jumped	11,
lēt. Hēs Txä'msem at hē-yu'kt tguXt lak". Lîst at the He said Txä'msem while splitting wood. Singing accompanying work	12
lō-ama qâ'ôtt: in good his heart:	13
I I x I I x I X x Y     Hô hỗ hỗ hỗ hỗ hì hì	14
Clapping.   x 17   x 17   x 17	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect,

hîhî!" When he had said so, he hit the Deer's head. "O, my poor brother-in-law!" he said when the Deer died. Then he took the Deer into his canoe. He broke some mussel shells and stuck them into his body, saying that they were arrowheads. Then he paddled back to the village singing (?) (?) (?). Then the Deer's wife went down, and Txä'msem showed her where the arrow points were sticking in the Deer's blanket. The woman believed him. They carried up the Deer which Txä'msem had murdered. Then he killed the Deer's wife also. He stayed at the house and ate them. He had killed them for this purpose.

17. Then he came to the house of Smoke-hole. The house was at the foot of a mountain. He entered. The chief said to his grand-

the deer in in the canoe.  4 K'Lē-ax''â'yit. K'ēt lō-ma'ksaant al lepla'nt. Ma'ldel All he struck it. Then in he stuck it in his body. He told that over 5 lâ'ôt. K'ē hwāx't al lō-ya'ltk'utg'ê: "Max-lig'it in it. Then he paddled he returned: "All he'i, hi'i,	
my brother- one!"  3 wa'ng'ê al ts'Em-mā'l. K'ē dôql q'am-g'usgua'sEm le the deer in in the canoe.  4 K'ulē-ax''â'yit. K'ēt lō-ma'ksaant al lepla'nt. Ma'ldel all he struck it. Then in he stuck it in his body. He told that over linit. Then in he stuck it in his body. He told that over linit. Then he town while he returned: "All he struck it. Then he town while he returned: "All he struck it. Then he town while he returned: "All he struck it. Then he town while he returned: "All he struck it. Then he town while he returned: "All hi'i."  7 iaga-iē'l nak'sl wa'ng'ê. K'ēt gun-g'a'ades Txi down went the wife the deer. Then made her see Tx down went the wife the deer. Then made her see Tx where in struck the arrows in his blanket his points of the woman. Then believed him the woman. Then up they took the deer.  10 su-g'a'des Txä'msem. K'ē hux dē-dza'k"l na'k'stg'ê. wife. murdered Txä'msem. K'ē hux dē-dza'k"l na'k'stg'ê. he had done it.  11 hux tq'al-lō-dzô'qst al hwî'lpg'ê, al yō'ôxk"t, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. Hux hwā'il hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk"l hwî'lpg' the house of the house of the house.	Aiawa's
3 wa'ng'ê al ts'em-mā'l. K'ē dôql q'am-g'usgua'sem la the deer in in the Then he took only broken the deer in in the Canoe.  4 K'lē-ax''â'yit. K'ēt lō-ma'ksaant al lepla'nt. Ma'ldel All he struck it. Then in he stuck it in his body. He told that over the struck it. Then in he stuck it in his body. He told that over the struck it. Then he stuck it in his body. He told that over the while he returned: "All he'i, hi'i, hi'i, hi'i." hi'i. hi'i." hi'i	n-gō'ôL he took
All he struck it. Then in he stuck it in his body. He told that over  5 lâ'ôt. K·'ē hwāx't al lō-ya'ltkutg'ê: "Max-lig'it in it. Then he paddled  6 t'ēn wulā'kdem qans dā'mxlē. Hē'i, hi'i, hi'i."  7 iaga-iē'l nak'sl wa'ng'ê. K·'ēt gun-g'a'ades Txi down went the wife the deer. Then made her see Tx where in struck the arrows in his blanket his points of  9 K·'ē sem-hō'tku'sl hana'qg'ê. K·'ē bax-gō'dēl wa'ng then believed him the woman. Then up they took the deer  10 su-g'a'des Txä'msem. K·'ē huX dē-dza'kul na'k'stg'ê. murdered Txä'msem. Then also he killed his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst al hwî'lpg'ê, al yō'ôxk'ut, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. HuX hwā'il hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētkul hwî'lpg'a he house of	hā'gun. large mus- sels.
6 t'ēn wulä'kdem qans dā'mxlē. Hē'i, hi'i, hi'i."  7 iaga-iē'l nak'sl wa'ng'ê. K'ēt gun-g'a'ades Txi down went the wife the deer. Then made her see Tx where in struck the points of his blanket his points of the woman. Then up they took the deer the deer the woman. Then up they took the deer the deer the woman. Then up they took the deer the deer the points of the woman. Then up they took the deer the woman. Then up they took the deer the deer training the woman also he killed his wife.  10 su-g'a'des Txā'msem. K'ē huX dē-dza'k''l na'k'stg'ê huX dē-dza'k''l na'k'stg'ê huX dē-dza'k''l na'k'stg'ê huX also he killed his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst all hwî'lpg'ê, all yō'ôxk''l, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. HuX hwā'il hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk''l hwî'lpg' Again he found the house of Smoke-hole. It stood the house	arrows were
6 t'èn wulä'kdem qans and my friend.  7 iaga-iē'l nak'sl wa'ng'ê. K'ēt gun-g'a'ades Txi down went the wife the deer. Then made her see Tx of S hwîl lō-ma'qsk"l wun hawu'l al gula's lep-re where in struck the points of S her in his blanket his points of S t'ē sem-hō'tk"sl hana'qg'ê. K'ē bax-gō'dēl wa'ng Then believed him the woman. Then up they took the deer su-g'a'des Txä'msem. K'ē huX dē-dza'k"l na'k'stg'ê. murdered Txä'msem. K'ē huX dē-dza'k"l na'k'stg'ê. his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst al hwî'lpg'ê, al yō'ôxk"t, he also he killed his wife.  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. HuX hwā'il hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk"l hwî'lpg' Again he found the house Smoke-hole. It stood the house	twä'ltk <sup>u</sup>
down went the wife of the deer. Then made her see Tx  8 hwîl lō-ma'qsk"L wun hawu'l aL gula's lep-newhere in struck the arrows in his blanket his points of  9 K'ē sem-hō'tk"sL hana'qg'ê. K'ē bax-gō'dēL wa'ng then believed him the woman. Then up they took the deer  10 su-g'a'des Txä'msem. K'ē huX dē-dza'k"L na'k'stg'ê. murdered Txä'msem. Then also he killed his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst aL hwî'lpg'ê, aL yō'ôxk"t, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. HuX hwā'iL hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk"L hwî'lpg' Again he found the house smoke-hole. It stood the house of	K.'ē Then
where in struck the points of  9 K''ē sem-hō'tku'sl hana'qg'ê. K''ē bax-gō'dēl wa'ng Then believed him the woman. Then up they took the deer  10 su-g'a'des Txä'msem. K''ē huX dē-dza'kul na'k'stg'ê.  murdered Txä'msem. Then also he killed his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst all hwî'lpg'ê, all yō'ôxku't, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. HuX hwā'ill hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētkul hwî'lpg' Again he found the house Smoke-hole. It stood the house	ä'msem xä'msem
9 K''ē sem-hō'tk''sL hana'qg'ê. K''ē bax-gō'dēL wa'ng Then believed him the woman. Then up they took the deer  10 su-g'a'des Txä'msem. K''ē huX dē-dza'k''L na'k'stg'ê. murdered Txä'msem. Then also he killed his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst aL hwî'lpg'ê, aL yō'ôxk''t, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê. he had done it.  13 17. HuX hwā'iL hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk''L hwî'lpg' Again he found the house of Smoke-hole. It stood the house	në'tg'ê.
murdered Txä'msem. Then also he killed his wife.  11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst aL hwî'lpg'ê, aL yō'ôxk'ut, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê.  13 he had done 15 huX hwā'iL hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk'ul hwî'lpg'  Again he found the house Smoke-hole. It stood the house of	ê. La r. (Perf.)
11 huX tq'al-lō-dzô'qst aL hwî'lpg'ê, aL yō'ôxk"t, also against in he stayed at the house, and he ate,  12 hwî'ltg'ê.  13 he had done 14.  14 huX hwā'iL hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk"L hwî'lpg'  Again he found the house of the house of the house	
he had done  1t.  13 17. HuX hwā'iL hwîlps Am'ala'. HētkuL hwî'lpg.  Again he found the house Smoke-hole. It stood the house	
13 17. HuX hwā'iL hwîlps Am'ala'. Hētk"L hwî'lpg	1013
14 dep-sqane'st. K'e ts'ent lâ'ôt. K'e he'tg'ê: "Qâ'ôt, the of a Then he in it. And he spoke: "Go for him,	qâ'ôL,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

Txä'msem took off the bark of an alder and chewed it. Then he entered the house of Smoke-hole, intending to steal his bow, which was ornamented with abalone shells. He transformed himself into a raven and took the bow. Smoke-hole said to his door, "Shut, Door!" Then Txä'msem was unable to leave the house. They tried to catch him, intending to kill him. He cried, "Qa, qa, qa, qa!" Smoke-hole said to his smoke hole, "Shut!" and the smoke hole caught Txä'msem's neck. He was dead, and his body was hanging in the smoke hole. Txä'msem pretended to be dead. Then Smoke-hole made a fire. Then Txä'msem took his own voice and put it in the woods, in a bluff behind Smoke-hole's house. There it made an echo, crying, "Miserable chief, what are you doing? You are a chief and you eat the excrements of a

dem lë'lukst aL (fut.) he steals 'of	am'ā'ma lî	gʻi-hwî'lL	g 'a'atg 'ê.''	NLk.'ē Then he	1			
$\begin{array}{ccc} k.s.q\hat{a}'\hat{o}qt & s\bar{a}.g\bar{o}'del\\ & \text{first} & \text{off} & took \end{array}$	māsl lōx',		g·ê. NLk·'ē 1 it. Then	huX again	2			
ts'ent at hwîlps  he at the house of	Am'ala'. K Smoke-hole. Th			-Xda'k <sup>u</sup> the bow	3			
txa-belā'da. K'ēt all abalone Then he	lō-Lô'ôtk <sup>u</sup> L transformed himself into	qāk, Lat	gō'uL ha		4			
Am'ala'g 'ê. "Hā'k'v Smoke-hole. "Shut so the not be s	at it can door!	p!" dēya's			5			
	'msem. K.'ē	hwîl k•'ē	lō-tk'o-yô'x in around h		6			
hwî'lptg'ê aL dem his house to (fut.)	dzak"t. K'č			1 1	7			
aL hē'tg'ê: "Qa,	A COLUMN TO THE	qa." K.'ē		Am'ala': moke-hole:	8			
"Ha'k"waxan, gan-al	noke Then	nā'tsel t'em		ä'msem	9			
gan-alā'g'ê. K'ë nô'ôs Txä'msem. Lō-d'ep-iax'ia'qL g'a'det al 10 the boards of the smoke hole.  Then was Txä'msem. In down hung his body in dead								
ts'em-ala'. Hîs-nô'ô	tk"L, hwî'ltg		. Then I	E-mē'Ls 1	1			
Am'ala'ı lak". I		Txä'msem Txä'msem	lep-a'lg'îxt.	K·'ēt 1	2			
	ts'em-biā'qL				3			
se-gul'ā'datg-ê: "Qā	gem tse erable when		wî'lenestä', you do,	tedē 1	4			
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the house

the person.

He ate it

Giant.

raven!" Then Smoke-hole was ashamed. Therefore he said to his smoke hole, "Open!" It opened, and Txä'msem flew away, crying, "Qa, qa, qa, qa!" He was almost dead. He let the chewed alder juice run out of his mouth, pretending that blood was coming out of it. When Smoke-hole saw the alder juice he really believed that it was blood, and then he told his smoke hole to open entirely. He said, "Be ashamed of yourself, Txä'msem, great slave! You were trying to steal again." Txä'msem could not steal this time.

18. He went on, and came to a house where a man lived, near the beach. Then the Giant said: "I am your friend." The person replied, "That is good." The beach in front of the house was full of seals. The Giant ate them all during two nights. Then he killed his friend. He finished all the seals in front of the house, and he ate them all.

qāq." K·'ē dzâqL qâts 1 sem'â'g'iden al x-k'wa'dzem Am'ala'. raven." you are a chief eat- excrements the ashamed heart of "Q'ā'gan, gan-alâ'." K.'ē q'aqL ala'. 2 NLqan hē'tg'ê: board smoke of hole." Therefore he said: "Open, Then opened the Then smoke hole. qa." "Qa, hē'tg'ê: 3 g'Eba'yuqs Txä'msem aL qa, qa, " Qa, qa." Txä'msem flew said: and qa, qa, ts'Em-ā'qt. K·si-vô'xkuL ilä'êL Hîs-huwî'ltst 4 Mâdze-nô'ôt. Almost he was dead. Out went blood his mouth. He pretended K.'ēt g'a'as ilä'êg'ê, k·'ē sem-hö'tk"st. 5 hwî'ltg'ê. Am'ala' Smoke-hole the blood, he believed. he did so. Then saw then gun-q'ā'kL ala'g'ê. "Dsågan, 6 NLqan hēt wi-xa'E, La "Shame you, great slave, that Therefore he said caused to open the would smoke hole. lē'lukst." dem le'lukst. 7 huX Qō'ses Txä'mseml (fut.) steal." Could not Txä'msem NLk 'et 18. NLk 'ē huX iä'êt. hwaL hwîlp tsē dzôqL Then again he went. Then he found a house where lived NLk 'e Wī-g a't: "DEM lax-ts'ä'L ak's. hēs 9 grat aL Giant: "Will be the edge of the Then said water. NLk 'e "Am," nē'En." tgonL hēL g'a'tg'ê: 10 an-dā'mqLguē "It is good." my friend you." Then this said the person: g'a'tg'ê. Mētk<sup>u</sup>L g'at NLne'L 11 dē'yal qa-g'ä'uL ēlx. That Full was of seal. the person. the house of person 12 huX g'ē'îps Wī-g'a't. G''ē'lp'ell axk", nLk 'et NLk 'et dzaLt. ate it Giant. Two nights, then he ate it Then he again ēlx 13 se-g'ā'des Wī-g'a't an-dā'mqLk"t. Sem-qâ'ôdel dât aL that murdered Giant his friend. Very he finished the seal NLk'e ā'd'îk'sk"L Dzāls Wī-g'a't. 14 hwîlpt g'a'tg'ê. dem

Then

he came

Now he was hungry again, and he used the canoe of the person whom he had killed. Only the man's canoe and harpoon remained. The Giant used them. Then he speared seals, and caught four. He returned and went ashore. He took the seals out of the canoe, and began cutting wood. Then he built a fire, and placed stones in it in order to heat them. Then he put the seals on a pile of hot stones. He cooked the four seals, and covered them with skunk-cabbage leaves. The Giant then raised the cover and took out a seal, which he ate when it was cooked. Then he stretched out his hand and took out another seal. There was a stump of a tree near by. The Giant held the seal in his hands and said to the stump, "Don't you envy me, Stump?" Then he went into the woods. Meanwhile the Stump rose and sat down on the hole in which the seals were steaming. The seals

Xdax's	Wī-g·a't.	NLk·'ēt hâx'ı Then he use	mālı d the canoe of	g'a'tg'ê La the person (per	gʻi-nô'ôL already dead	1
g'a'tg'ê. the person.	K·sax-mā'l	L g'îna-g'â'ô behind was	t qanL	sgan-dā'pxL shaft of his harpoon	Then	2
hâx's W	ī-g a't. NL	k.'ēt lep-gra	'Lk <sup>u</sup> L ēl peared sea	x. Txalpx	daa'qLgut.  he got.	3
NLk.'ē	lō-ya'ltk"t.	NLk.'ē k	a'atsk"t.	NLk 'et	uks-dô'qL out he took	4
ēlx.	Nık'ë v	ukL sa-â'L e began mak- fi	kut. Ni	Lk'e dâ'ı Then he built	ept. La	5
lemla'mk	L lô'ôp, stones,	e began mak- fing w nLk'-'ēt lē-c then on	l'ā'LL ē he laid the	elx aL la	n the pile of	6
TxalpxL Four		e cooked. Yi	na'qL lē	-ha'-baxt.		7
lē-d'ā't. on it was.	NLk 'ē tạ	gon hwîls	Wī-gʻa't, Giant,	ba'tsdEL he lifted	ha'-baxtg'ê.	8
Nık 'et	k·si-gō'L	ēlx. NLk'ēt r seal. Then	g'îpt	La a'nukst	. Nık 'et	
		k.'ēt huX			elx. D'āL there was	10
am-hā'ts'	aL awa'		L-yo'gus		c'ēlı ēlx,	11
this 1	proxin	n-hā'ts'g'ê: '		k's hāts'.	Nō'mdzîk's Envious	12
hāts'." N	Nık 'ë iä'êt	Lā qalā'nt. to the rear of the house	Then	gʻîn-hē'tk"L rose	am-hā'ts'. the stump.	13
NLk.'ē	lē-d'ā'tk"L on he sat	an-sā'lEps the hole for steaming of	Wī-gʻa't.	Tq'al-k sla	as the	14

were right under him. Now the Giant returned, carrying leaves of the skunk-cabbage. When he saw the Stump sitting on his seals, he cried. He was very much troubled, because he was hungry. Then he took a stick and dug the ground. He cried while he was digging. He found a little bit of meat and ate it. He was crying all the time because he was hungry. He could not do anything.

19. He went on and came to the shore of the sea. There he built a house. Then he made up his mind what to do. After he had finished his house, he dressed himself, put up his hair, and fastened his blanket. He took coal and rubbed it all over his face. He made a dagger and tied it to his hand. Then he rose, and ran out, saying, "I am sad." Thus he spoke while he was walking down to the beach. There he saw

1	NLk 'ē lō-ya'ltkus returned	Wī-g·a't. Dô'go Giant. He tool	ôL yîna'q. l	NLK''ēt g'a'at. Then he saw it.
2	K.'ē wi-yē'tkut a	aL aba'g'ask"t nd he was troubled	aL Xda	x't. NLk'et
3	gol gan. NLK'e	et woqL dz	a'dz'ik's, at he ground, while	de-wi-ye'tk"L
4	wôq'ē'sk"t. NLk''ēt he was digging.	huX hwaL	qasqâ'ô t	gōn. Ts'ōsk'L this. A little
5	hwa'yît. K'ēt h	nuX gʻîpt s	aL qa'nē-hwî at always	la wi-yē'tk"t.
6	Aba'g'ask"t al X He was troubled because	dax't. NLk'e he was hungry. Then	aqL-hwî'lt. without doing anything.	
7	19. NLk 'ë huX Then again	iä'êt. NLk'ē he went. Then	hwaL lax	-ts'ä'L mô'ôn. the edge of the sea.
8	He was troubled because  19. NLk'ē huX Then again  NLk'ēt dzapl hy Then he made a h	vîlp. NLk.'ē	sa-qâ'tk"L qâ	'ôtt aL dem
·				
10	qëst. NLk'ët sag	gait-da'k'Lt. No	Lk 'et sagait-	da'k'L gula't.  he his blanket.
11	NLk.'ē gō'uL q'an	n-t'ō'uts. NLk.'	ēt qä'êlt. ne rubbed it.	NLk'ë d'ā'Lt Then he put it
12	al ts'ā'elt. Nlk.'ēt on his face. Then he	dzāpī t'outsl made a knife.	kt. NLk'ē	tq'al-da'k'Lt aL against he tied it to
	an'ô'nt. NLk''ē h	ie stood. Then	out he ran.	This he said:
14	"In sick is qâ'ôd my h	eîst." Dēya' teart." Thus he said	aL iaga-ba	xt al. g'ä'u. an to in front of the house.

a stump. He took it and said, "I caught you." Then he returned. He entered and put the little stump down in his house.

20. The Giant was sad all the time, because he was hungry and there was no food in the house. Therefore he resolved what to do. Early next morning he ran out of the house. Behold, there were ripples on the water. Salmon and halibut and bullheads and porpoises were swimming about in the water. There were all kinds of salmon. When the Giant saw this, he said, "Alâ! alâ! alâ! guts'ē'ek". Then the salmon said, "Hm!" There was one chief among the salmon who commanded all the others. He said, "I can not hear what the chief on shore there is saying;" thus he said to the Giant. Then

Gʻa'at hwîl d'āL He saw (verbal there noun) was	a stump.	Then he to	ook it; t	his he said:	1
"GōdēE nēnîsdāē, "I take you,	gōdēE nēr I take	ıîsdäē."	NLk 'e Then	lō-ya'ltk"t. he. returned	2
NLk'ë ts'ënt. Sg'ī'î Then he entered. It lay	L LÇO-am-l	nā'ts' al	ts'Em-h		3
20. Qa'nē-hwîla sī'Ep Always siek	okur ga'ôts	Wī-ora't	at. Xd	lax't gan	4
he not there was (fut.	g'ē'bet.	NLk.'ē s	a-gâ'ôtk"t	al dem	5
hwîla hēt. NLk'ë being say so. Then	sem-hē'eLuk very early,	k 'e then	k'si-ba'xs out ran	Wī-g·a't.	6
Gwinā'dēL, lax-a'k's  Behold, on the water	hwîl Lak <sup>u</sup> L where was ripple	ak's	sagait-qâ'e	ôdîL hân ere salmon	7
qanL txox' qanL m	as-q'ayā'it	qanı dzī	X. Wī-h	ē'lt, hwîl	
lîk's-g'ig'a'L hân.	Then s	a'as Wī- saw G	g a't. Tg	gōnL hēs This said	9
Wī-gʻa't: "Alâ', alâ Giant: "Alâ', alâ			alâ',	alâ', alâ',	10
guts'ē'ek"." NLK'ē hu guts'ē'ek"." Then ag	X xs-mē'mi ain said "Hr	EXK <sup>u</sup> L hân m!'' a salm	on: "Hmm	!" K·'âlı.	11
mēnī hâ'ng'ê, t'an the salmon, who chief of	a'lg igaL to	xanē'tk <sup>u</sup> L	hwîl lîl	k's-g'ig'a'L	12
hân. NLk'ē tgōnL h salmon. Then this s	el sem'â'g	idem hâ	n: "Gwa	nem-nîg'în	13
naxna'L hahä'L sem'ä hear what says the c	n'g ît g îlē'l	îx·," dēy	ra' as V	Vī-g·a'tg·ê.	14

he called Little Porpoise, saying, "You will be able to hear what the chief on shore is saying." Little Porpoise swam ashore. He was not very large. Then the Giant ran out again and cried, "Alâ! alâ! alâ! guts'ē'ek"." Then the chief of the salmon understood it, because Little Porpoise had told him. He said, "The chief ashore tells us what to do. He says that we salmon shall all swim together." Then the chief of the salmon repeated it, and all the salmon went ashore together. Then all the halibut were left dry on the beach. The Giant ran out of his house carrying a stick. He clubbed them and carried them up to the house. Then he dried some of them and ate others. He was eating all the time. He was a great eater. He ate them all and then he went on.

3a. Now he was very poor. He had no blanket. He was quite

1	NLk.'ēt wô'ôL Lgo-dzī'X: "Nēn dem t'an naxna'L häL sem'â'g'it Then he called little porpoise: "You (fut.) who hears what the chief
2	aL gʻîlē'lîx't Wī-gʻa't," an-hä'L hâ'ngʻê. NLk''ē hagun-gʻâ'L at inland Giant," what said the salmon. Then toward was
3	Lgō-dzī'X. Nîg'î wī-t'ē'st. NLk''ē huX k'si-ba'xs Wī-g'a't: little porpoise. Not it was large. Then again out ran Giant:
4	"Alâ', alâ', alâ', guts'ē'ek", alâ', alâ', alâ', guts'ē'ek"."  "Alâ', alâ', alâ', alâ', alâ', alâ', alâ', alâ', guts'ē'ek"."
5	NLK'ë naxna'l sem'â'g'idem hân lāt mall lgō-dzī'X: Then heard him the chief salmon (perf.) he told little porpoise:
	"Tgōn-gal dem hwîlem dem alâ'tk"-gat nōm."  "This he says (fut.) we do (fut.) swim in a he says we will."
	NLK'ë a'lg'îxL mënL hân. NLK'ë alâ'tk"L hân. Hwä'i!  Then spoke the the salmon. Then swam in a shoal salmon. Well!
8	K'ul-g-îna-dô'xt al g-îlē'lîx txanē'tkul txox. Nlk'ē k-si-ba'xs  About left they at inland all the halibut.
9	Wī-g'a't yu'kdel gan. Nlk''ē q'ax'q'ayā'ant. Nlk''ēt Giant he carried a stick. Then he clubbed them.
	sagait-wî'lgat lîk's-g'a'L qabē't. NLK''ē gwa'lgus Wī-g'a't together he carried them number. Then dried Giant
11	La qats'ō'ot. NLk''ēt g'îpl huX qats'ō'ot. Qa'nē-hwîla some of them. Then he ate again some. Always
12	yō'ôxk"t, sem-ga'lg a lîk's-g'a'L q'alga'nt. NLk''ē La wi-hē'lL he ate. he was a strange
13	sal hwîlt. Nlk'ēt huX dzalt. Nlk'ē qâ'ôdet.  days he did so. Then again he ate it they were finished.
14	3a. NLk 'ē ā'd'îk sk"L sem-hwîl gwä'êt. Nî'g i gula't

very being

Then

he came

None

poor.

his blanket naked. Then he was ashamed. He took a root and killed many ravens. After he had caught them he fastened their skins together and put them on. He went for a long time, and then he saw a dancing blanket hanging in front of him. He was very glad; he took off his raven blanket and tore it to shreds. He threw it down and went to take the dancing blanket, but behold, there was nothing but old, withered leaves. Then the Giant was troubled. It was no dancing blanket at all, and he cried with a loud voice. He returned and found the shreds of his raven blanket. He cried while he was gathering them up. Then he repaired the raven blanket, making a small blanket out of it, which he put on.

sem-k'sax-tsax'ō'tk". Nlk''ē dzâqt. Nlk''ēt k'si-gō'l hwîst. 1 very only he was naked. Then he was ashamed. Then out he roots.
NLk''ēt hukugusîL qāq. NLk''ē daa'qLkuL wī-hē'ltt. NLk''ēt 2 Then he caught ravens. Then he got many. Then
në-dë-ts'îpts'ë'EbEL annā'st. NLk''ēt gulā't. NLk''ē iä'êt; 3 together he fastened their skins. Then he put it on. Then he went;
La nak <sup>u</sup> L hwîl iä'êt, nLk''ēt g'a'aL hwîl sqa-iax'ia'qL 4 (perf.) long (verbal noun) he went, then he saw (verbal across hung noun) the way
gwīs-halai't. NLk''ē sem-lō-ā'ml qâ'ôtt. Tgōnl hwîls Wī-g'a't. 5 blanket dancing. Then very in good his heart. This did Giant.
Sā-gō'del gwīs-qā'qt. Nlk'ēt kulē-bêsbē'st. Nlk'ē sā-d'a'telt. 6 off he took blanket raven. Then all over he tore it. Then off he put it.
NLk'è iä'êt aL awa'aL gwīs-halai't. Gwīnā'dēL, maLax'â'st. 7 Then he went into the proximity of blanket dancing. Behold, withered old leaves.
NLk''ē aba'g'ask"s Wī-g'a't. Nîg'idē gwīs-halai'ts gō'stg'ê. 8 Then was troubled Giant. No blanket dancing this.
NLk''ē wī-amhē's Wī g'a't at wi-yē'tk"t. NLk''ē lō-ya'ltk"t. 9 Then shouted Giant and he cried. Then he returned.
K''ēt hwal hwîl dôxl q'am-bîsbē'sl gwīs-qā'qt. Nlk''ē 10 Then he where was only the torn blanket raven. Then
sagait-dô'qt qa'ne-hwîla k'uL-wi-yē'tk"t. NLK''ē yuk hak'sem 11 together he took it about he cried. Then he began again
nē-dē-ts'epts'ē'ebet. NLk''ē huX ā'd'îk'sk"t hwîl Lgō-wīt'ē'st. 12 together to make it. Then again it came where a large.
NLk 'ē hatsemt huX gulā't.  Then once more again he put it on.

## THE STONE AND THE ELDERBERRY BUSH

[Told by Moses]

A little before the Stone gave birth to her child, the Elderberry Bush gave birth to her children. For that reason the Indians do not live many years. Because the Elderberry Bush gave birth to her children first, man dies quickly. If the Stone had first given birth to her children, this would not be so. Thus say the Indians. That is the story of the Elderberry Bush's children. The Indians are much troubled because the Stone did not give birth to her children first, for this is the reason that men die quickly.

## Lô'ôp QANL SGAN-LÂ'TS

#### THE STONE AND THE ELDERBERRY BUSH

- Q'ai-he-yu'kl dem aqlk"l lô'ôpg ê. Nlk'ē aqlk"l sgan-lâ'ts.

  A little before (fut.) gave birth the stone. Then gave birth the elder-berry bush.
- 2 NLk''ē hwîl k''ē g'î-k'si-d'ā't, aL hwîl k's-qâ'ôqL aqLk"L out it stuck, because first gave birth
- 3 sgan-lâts. NeLne'L qan hwîlL alō-g'ig'a't. Nî'g'i hē'lL k'ō'oL the elder-berry bush. Not many years
- 4 delde'lst at hwîl k's-qâ'gum aqtk"t sgan-lâ'ts. Nît qan hwîlt they live because first gave birth the elder-berry bush.
- 5 g'at t'ēlu daXt. K'ē nîg'il dem dē-hwîlt atse lē k's-qâ'gum men quickly they die. Then not (fut.) also they do so if (perf.) first
- 6 aqLk<sup>u</sup>L lô'ôp, dē'yaL a'lg'îxL alō-g'ig'a't. NLne'L dē-adā'wuqdēt
  had given the thus says the saying the Indians. That is the story
  of the story
- 7 hwîl sgan-lâ'tsl lg'ît lâ'ôdet. Nlk''ē sem-abaxbā'g'ask"dēt al about the elderberry bush dren to them. Then much they are troubled
- 8 hwîl ax-lô'ôp tse k's-qâ'gum aqLk"t. NeL qan t'ēlL da'Xdēt.

  because not the stone gave birth. Therefore quickly they die.

# THE PORCUPINE AND THE BEAVER

[Told by Moses]

The Porcupine and the Beaver were friends. They loved each other. The Beaver used to invite the Porcupine to his house all the year round. The Porcupine went and entered the Beaver's house. The house of the Beaver was in the middle of a great lake. The Beaver liked the water very much, but the Porcupine could not go into the water because he could not swim; he was afraid he might perish if his stomach should get full of water. Therefore the Beaver went to the shore and called the Porcupine. The Beaver came up twice when going to the place where the Porcupine was sitting on the

## AXT QANL TS'EMĒ'LÎX'

#### PORCUPINE AND BEAVER

	L aXL ts			nE-sEpsī'Ep		1
NLk.'ē txanē'	tk <sup>u</sup> L k'ō'uL		wî'ldēt.			2
aXt. NLk.'ē the Then porcupine.	iã'êL aXt, went the porcupine			hwîlpL ts'E		3
Wī-lax-t'a'xg'ê,	nlk'ë sem	-bagait-sē'h	ukl t'ax	hwîl d'āL		4
ts'emē'lîx'. Ne	er q'ap-dē-an	â'gôL ts'Ei	mē'lîx'L	ts'em-a'k's.		5
aqL-uks-hwî'lL no from to do way land to sea	a'Xtg'ê, aL	hwîl nî'g'ie	dēt hwîlā'	x'L dem ha	a'dîk'st. to swim.	6
Nine'i qan		Xtg ê al	ōp tse r	nô'ôt, tse	mē'tk <sup>u</sup> L	7
ak's at ban	t aL hwîl	nîg idet	hwîlā'x	t. NLqan	tgönL	8
bwîlt ts'emē'lî:	c: tsagam-qâ : from sea h to land wer	'ôL aXt le the por-		vited Only		9
hwîl g'a'benL		al hwîl			NLk 'ē	10
					=0	

shore. Now he came ashore. He said to the Porcupine, "I will carry you. Hold on to my neck." Then the Beaver turned round, but the Porcupine was afraid to be carried across the water. He said to the Beaver, "I might perish." But the Beaver said, "You are not going to die," and after a while the Porcupine climbed on the Beaver's back. The Beaver said, "Now, hold tight to my neck." The Porcupine did so, and the Beaver started across the lake. After a little while he dived; then the Porcupine was much troubled. He broke wind because he did not know how to swim. The water is the Beaver's home, while the Porcupine's home is between the mountains. The Beaver came up twice before he reached his house in the middle of the lake. The Porcupine was very much afraid that he would perish in the water.

- 1 tsagam-a'qLk"t. NLk.'ē hēt aL aXt: "Dem hwa'lēe nēen, from sea he got. Then he said to the porcupine: "(Fut.) I carry you,
- 2 tse sem-g'it dā'mdent t'em-lā'nēe. Dem hwa'lēe nēen."

  fast hold my neck. (Fut.) I carry you."
- 3 NLk''ē tgō-ya'ltk"L ts'Emē'lîx'. NLk''ē xpets'a'XL aXt aL
  Then around turned the beaver. Then was afraid the porcupine to
- 4 dem hwîlt, lō-dē-yô'xk"t ts'em-a'k's. "Ōp tse nô'ôēe," to do in also he went in the water. "Else I might die,"
- 5 dēya'ı aXt aı ts'emē'lîx:. Nık'ē tgön hēl ts'emē'lîx: thus said the beaver. Then this said the beaver.
- 6 "Nîg'i dem dē-nô'ôn." Sī-gō'n k''ē men-iä'êl aXt al lax-"Not (fut.) on you'die." After then up went the at on porcupine
- 7 hak ''â'ôL ts'Emē'lîx'. NLk ''ē a'lg'îxL ts'Emē'lîx': "SEm-g'ît dā'mL the beak the beaver. Then said the beaver: "Really hold
- 8 t'em-lā'neîst." NLk''ē hwîlL aXt. NLk''ē ha'dîk'sL ts'emē'lîx'
  my neck." Then did so the porcupine. Then swam the beaver
- 9 al lax-a'k's. Nî'g'i nak"l hwîl ha'dîk'st. Nlk''ēt dē-sō'uqsk"t.

  at on the Not long it (verbal he swam. Then he with dived.
- 10 NLk''ē sem-aba'g'ask"L aXt. Ts'em-q'â'elt k'si-yô'xk"L Lē nāLqt,
  Then much troubled was the porcupine.

  In his anus out went the wind,
- 11 aL hwîl nî'g'idit hwila'x'L dem dē-hā'dîk'st. Q'ap-lep-ts'a'pL because not he knew (fut.) on to swim. Really own the country of
- 12 ts'Emē'lîx' ts'Em-a'k's. K'ē spagait-sqanē'st dē-ts'a'pL aXt.

  the beaver in the water. Then among mountains on the counhis part try of porcupine.
- 13 G''ē'lp'ElL hwîl g'a'bEnL ts'Emē'lîx'. NLk''ē uks-a'qLk"t aL Lē
  Twice it was (verbal noun) emerged the beaver. Then from land he to sea reached
- 14 ts'a'pt. Sem-sē'luk"L wī-t'a'x hwîl g'ig'â'k'sL hwî'lptg'ê. Semgal
- 15 wī-t'ē's hwîl k'ōpe-aba'g'askul aXt al dem nô'ôt al ts'emmuch (verbal a little troubled was the at (fut.) he die at in the

Now he entered the Beaver's house, and ate the food the Beaver gave him. Sticks were the food at the Beaver's feast. Now the Porcupine was really troubled because he had to eat sticks, but he ate them.

Another day the Beaver said to the Porcupine, "My dear, let us play." Then he told him how they would play. He said, "I will carry you on my back, and four times I will come up." Then the Porcupine thought, "Now I surely must die," but he agreed. The Beaver carried the Porcupine on his back and said, "Hold on to my neck and put your nose close down to my nape." Now the Porcupine was really ready to die. The Beaver dived, but before he did so he struck the water with his tail. Then a little water splashed into

a'k's. NLk''ē ts'ēnt aL hwîlpL ts'Emē'lîx'. NLk''ē yō'ôxk"t.	1
Tgonl g'atk"l ts'emë'lîx'g'ê; ganl g'a'tk"tg'ê. Nlk''ē  This had for food in the feast the beaver; sticks were the food for his feast.	2
sem-aba'g'ask"L aXt aL demt hwîl g'ē'îpL ga'ng'ê.  really troubled was the porcupine at (fut.) where he cats stick.	3
NLk 'et g'e'îpl aXt ga'ng ê.  Then ate the the stick.	4
Hwäi! La k''ē'ElL sa, nLk''ē hĒL ts'Emē'lîx' aL aXt: Well! When one day, then said the beaver to the por- cupine:	5
"Friend, dāmqLk", dem qalā'qnōm." NLk.'ēt ma'LEL we play." Then he told	6
dem hwîl qalā'q: "Dem hwa'lēe nē'en. TxalpxL dem (fut.) being they will play: "(Fut.) I carry you. Four times (fut.)	7
hwîl g'ā'benēe." Nek''ē tgōne hēl qâte a'Xtg'ê: "La (verbal noun)  Then this said the the porcuniter of pine: "(Perf.)	8
	9
hwîll ts'Emē'lîx'. Nlk''ēt hwa'lîx'l aXt. Tgōnl hēl did so the beaver. Then he carried on his back porcupine. This said	10
ts'emē'lîx' al a'Xtg'ê: "Dem sem-g'it dax-yu'kdenl the beaver to the porcupine: "(Fut.) strongly fast hold to	11
t'em-la'nēe. NL dem k.'ē kwa'ts'îk's tq'al-sg'în aL my neck. (Fut.) then right on against lie at	12
ts'em-dē'belēe." Nlk''ē gwaldem qâ'dîl qâtl aXt al my nape." Then was ready the heart the the at heart of porcupine	13
dem q'ap-nô'ôt. NLk''ë sō'uqsk"L ts'emë'lîx'. TgōnL hwîlL (fut.) really he the dies. Then dived the beaver. This did	14
ts'emë'lîx al qâ'ôql dem sō'uqsk"t. Lē-ia'tst lax-a'k's the beaver at before (fut.) he dived. On he struck on the water	15

the Porcupine's face, and he gasped. The Beaver stayed under water a long time. The Porcupine was almost dead and his stomach was full of water. Three times the Beaver came up. Once more he went down, and when he came up again the Porcupine was almost dead. Now he returned and put him ashore.

The Porcupine went back to his tribe. When he arrived, he invited the people to his house. When his guests entered, he told them what the Beaver had done on the large lake when he had invited him to come to see him. He said, "My friend almost killed me." Then his people said, "Invite him in and play with him in your turn."

-	V-1-3= 1 0 13=1= 1- (V 1
1	al Lē waqlt. Nlk'e k's-qâql k'ōpet-lō-qabu'Xl ak's al with the his tail. Then he first a little in splashed we ter into
2	ts'a'ell Lgō-a'Xt. NLk''ē sem-lō-d'ep-dā'ul lē nālqt. the face of the porculittle pine. Then very in down went his breath.
3	NLK''ē sō'uqsk''L ts'Emē'lîx'. K''ē nak''L g'ē'ukst. NLK''ē Then dived the beaver. Then long he was under water.
4	ts'ōsk' dem hwîl nô'ôL aXt. Qalā'iL bant tgōn aL a little (fut.) being dead the porcupine. As large his belly this with
5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	mānt. NLk''ē huX sō'uqsk"L ts'Emē'lîx. La tsō'usk't
	dem hwîl nô'ôL aXt, nLk''ēt lō-dē-ya'ltk"t. Mâtse-nô'ôL (fut.) (verbal noun) dead the porcupine, then in with he him returned. Almost dead was
8	aXt. NLk 'e de-lo-va'ltk"t; tsagam-ma'qdet.
	aXt. NLk'ë dë-lō-ya'ltk"t; tsagam-ma'qdet. the porcupine. Then with he returned; from sea he put him. to land
	NLk.ºē dā'uLL aXt aL Lē ts'apt. NLk.ºē La  Then left the to his town. Then when
	gulîk's-a'qLk"t, nLk''ē wô'ôL Lē ts'apt. NLk''ē ts'ElEm-qâ'ôdEL
11	aXt Lē wô'ôtg'ê. NLk''ēt ma'LEL hwîl hwîlā'guL to the porcupine the invited ones. Then he told what had done
12	ts'Emē'lîx' aL wī-lax-t'a'x. Lpēyō'yîL aXt Lē ts'ap the beaver at the on lake. He told them the people great people
13	hwîl hwîlā'guL ts'Emē'lîx'L t'an wô'ôt: "Q'am-mâ'tsE- abo t what had done the beaver who invited him: "Only almost
14	nó ôēE at hwîlā'k"dēt dā'mqLguēE." NLK'ē hēL Lē ts'a'ptg'ê:  I was dead he did to me my friend." Then said his people:
15	"Good, you also invite (Fut.) also with play."

Then the Porcupine did so. He invited the Beaver to his house. When the messenger who had invited the Beaver returned, the Beaver went up the valley in which the Porcupine lived. When the Beaver entered the Porcupine's house, the latter struck the fire with his tail, so that it burned. Then he was going to play with the Beaver. After he had struck the fire with his tail, his tail was burning. Then the Beaver made a song, as follows: "The little tail of the little Porcupine is burned in the middle, pâ! The little tail of the little Porcupine is burned in the middle." The Porcupine ran about in front of the Beaver, with whom he intended to play. After he had done so, the Porcupine gave food to his friend the Beaver.

NLk'ë hwîll aXt, of the all porcupine.	dē-wô'ôL ts'emē	
Nık 'e de-da'uı t'an wô	o'ôl ts'emē'lîx'.	
	ts'Emē'lîx' aL the beaver to	ts'Em-t'ē'n. NLk''ē 3 in the Then valley.
bax-iä'êt. TgönL hwîlL	a'Xtg*ê. NLa the porcupine. When	
al hwîlpl aXt, nlk'ē	tgōnL hwîlL	a'Xtg'ê. Lē-ia'tsı 5 the porcupine. On he struck
lax-an-la'k" at k'ō'uk"t.	NLk 'e më'Ltg Then it burnt	ê. Nık''ē yu'kdet 6
sîl-qalā'qL ts'Emē'lîx' n with to play the beaver	îLnē'L qan l therefore	hwîlt. La Lēsk <sup>u</sup> t 7 le did so. When he finished
lē-ia'tsl aXt k'ō'uk"t on struck the his tail	aL lax-an-la	k <sup>u</sup> , nlk·'ē mēl 8 e- then burnt
k'ō'uk"L a'Xtg'ê. NLk''ē the tail of the porcupine. Then	tgönl hē'tg'	ê. Sē-lē'mx'dîtg'ê: 9
"In middle burnt the tail of little	kuL Lgo-a'Xt.	Pâ! Lē-g·a-xtsE-mē'L 10
Too-k'o'nkut Too-a'Xt "1	Ar la-tro-be	
ts'Emë'lîx' at det-sel-qala' the beaver to also with play	gs dāmqlk"t.	NLK'ë La qâ'ôdel 12
hwîll a'Xtg'ê, nlk''ē what did the porcupine, then	dē-dza'pı v	vunä'x Lā dem 13 food (perf.) (fut.)
dē-yō'ôxk"L ts'Emē'lîx'.  on his eat the beaver.	Nik'e tooni.	hwîlt, aXt, LE 14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Spoken very slowly, and accompanied by very rapid beating of time with a stick.

He gave him the bark of a tree and some needles of the spruce. Then the Beaver was afraid to eat them; but the Porcupine said to his friend the great Beaver, "Eat fast, friend," and the Beaver did so. Then he said to the Beaver, "Friend, let us play to-morrow morning. There is a tree on a grassy slope. That is my playing ground," and when they were going to lie down to sleep, the Porcupine sang, "When I walk along the edge (?) (?) (?) my shooting star drops out." Then the Porcupine spoke to the sky, and it cleared up, and in the morning the ground was covered with ice.

Now he gave another feast to the great Beaver; and when he had finished, the Porcupine said, "Now let us play, friend. My playing

1	bark of tree of	ē-g'a'tk <sup>u</sup> t qanL Lē n his food for and	la'qsı. gan.	NLk.'ē dē-
2	xpets'a'XL ts'E	e beaver to (fut.)	dēt-g'ē'îpt. Ni	
3	hēl aXt said the porcupine	aL an-dā'mqLk <sup>u</sup> t to his friend	wī-ts'emē'lîx':	"Eat fast,
4	dāmqLk <sup>u</sup> t. T'ä friend. Eat	'gan, ḍāmqLk't.'' t fast, friend.''	NLk.'ē hwîlL Then did so	ts'Emē'lîx'.
5	NLk·'ē a'lg·îxL Then said	aXt: "DāmqLk"  the "Friend,"	," dē'ya aL thus he said to	ts'Emē'lîx'.
6	"(Fut.) qalā'qn we pla	ōm qans nē'en y and you		ts'Et'a'Laku.
7	There a tree o	L lax-sō'ukst. NêL n on a grassy Ther slope.	re is my playgroun	d." Then
8	Lā dem wâ'v (perf.) (fut.) the	wôqdēt. Nrk·'ē hi ey slept. Then ag	aX lēmx'L ax	Xt: "DEM he "(Fut.) upine:
9	hwîl haL-iä'ēE being along I edge walk	gō, at dep siō	'wâl k'si-t'îLt'ō'	L nEwīnōLī
10	wīai. Hak'sū	hadā'mgwa, k'wōdzō excrement	The state of the s	Lk'ē tgōnL
11	a'lg'îxL aXt		It spoke the porcupine	
12	NLk'ē hwîlL Then it did so	lax-ha'. NLk.'ē i	ī'd'îk'sk"L hwîl it came (verba noun)	l clear
13	lax-ha'. NLk'ē the sky. Then		the morning.	
14	NLk'è huX Then again		wī-ts'emē'lîx'.	NLk 'ē Lā Then (perf.)
15	Lē'êxk <sup>u</sup> L ts'Emē finished the bea eating	'lîx', nLk''ē ā'lg'îxL aver, then said	aXt: "Dem	qalā'qnōmîst, we play,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

ground is yonder." It was very cold in the morning. There was a place where water was running down. It was slippery because the water was frozen. The Beaver followed the Porcupine across the place. Then the Beaver was troubled because his feet were slippery, but the Porcupine had long claws. Then he returned to see what the great Beaver was doing, and he said to him, "Come, do it, friend," but the Beaver could not cross the place on account of the ice on the mountain. Then the Porcupine returned, and took the Beaver by the hand and led him across. Thus the Beaver got across. The Porcupine was going to play with him; just once he did so. Then they walked on, and came to the place where the tree was standing. The Porcupine said to the Beaver, "Now climb this tree." The Beaver

dāmqlk". Hētk"l. an-qalā'gaēk al. dā'u." Nlk'ē ā'd'îk'sk"l. 1 friend. There stands  hē'luk. Nlk'ē semgal saql gunā'xk". Dā'ul lee was morning. hwîll jaga-qâ'ôl a'k'sg'ê. Hîlia'lk"l hwîl dā'utg'ê. Nelne't 3 it was down ran water. Slippery where tsaga-dē-yô'xgul aXt ts'emē'lîx'. Nlk'ē huX aba'g'ask"l. 4 across also followed him porcupine. ts'emē'lîx', gwa'nem hîlia'lk"l an'ô'nt. K'ē tgōn hwîll 5 the beaver, always slippery his hands. Then this did the porcupine. a'Xtg'ê. Nēnē'luk"l lē lagst. Nlk'ē huX lō-ya'ltk"l aXt 6 porcupine. at g'a'al hwîll wī-ts'emē'lîx'. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl a'Xtg'ê: "Sa! 7 to see what did the beaver. Then said the porcupine. a'xtg'ê. what did the beaver. Then said the porcupine. a'xtg'ê. what did the beaver. Then said the porcupine. ts'emē'lîx' dem tsaga-a'qlk"l al. hwîll she did; he down the porcupine. ts'emē'lîx' dem tsaga-a'qlk"t al. hwîll she did; he down the porcupine. ts'emē'lîx'; nlk'ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. Nlk'ē tsaga-a'qlk"t. Lā 11 returned the porcupine. ts'emē'lîx'; nlk'ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. Nlk'ē tsaga-a'qlk"t. Lā 11 returned the porcupine. ts'emē'lîx'; nlk'ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. Nlk'ē tsaga-a'qlk"t. Lā 11 he was going shim to play the the beaver just once him came  Nlk'ē tgōnl hwîll a'Xtg'ê: "Āml dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 thus he did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," dēya' 14 thus he did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," dēya' 14 thus he said		
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ts'emē'lîx', gwa'nem hîlia'lk'ul an'ô'nt. K'ē tgōn hwîli 5 the beaver, always slippery were  a'Xtg'ê. Nēnē'luk'ul lē laqst. Nlk'ē huX lō-ya'ltk'ul aXt 6 the porcupine.  at g'a'al hwîll wī-ts'emē'lîx'. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl a'Xtg'ê: "Sa! 7 to see what did the beaver. Then said the porcupine are great  āml hwî'len, dāmqlk'u!" Dē'yal aXt al wī-ts'emē'lîx'. Qō'sel 8 good do, friend!" Thus said the to the porcupine great beaver. He could not s'emē'lîx' dem tsaga-a'qlk'ut al hwîl dā'ul. sqanē'st. Nlk'ē 9 the beaver (ful.) aeross he reached because ice was  lō-ya'ltk'ul aXt. Nlk'ē tgōnl hwîlt; gō'udel an'ô'nl 10 returned the porcupine.  ts'emē'lîx'; nlk'ē tsaga-dê'êntk'ut. Nlk'ē tsaga-a'qlk'ut. Lā 11 the beaver; then across he led him.  hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'ql aXt ts'emē'lîx' q'ai-k'ē'ell hwîl 12 he was going him porcupine the beaver just once hē-hwî'lt. Nlk'ē lô'ôdet. Nlk'ēt hwa'dēl hwîl hētk'ul gan. 13 also he did Then they went. Then they reached to the men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	tsaga-dē-yô'xgul aXt ts'emē'lîx: Nlk'ē huX aba'g'ask"l across also followed the the beaver. Then again troubled was	4
a'Xtg'ê. Nēnē'luk''L Lē Laqst. NLk''ē huX lō-ya'ltk''L aXt 6  the Long were (perf.) his claws. Then again returned porcupine at g'a'aL hwîlL wī-ts'Emē'lîx'. NLk''ē a'lg'îxL a'Xtg'ê: "Sa! 7 to see what did the beaver. Then said the porcupine:  āmL hwî'lEn, dāmqLk''!" Dē'yaL aXt aL wī-ts'Emē'lîx'. Qō'SEL 8 good do, friend!" Thus said the to the porcupine great porcupine great he beaver. He could not ts'Emē'lîx' dem tsaga-a'qLk''t aL hwîl dā'uL sqanē'st. NLk''ē 9 the beaver (fut.) across he reached because ice the mountain. Then lō-ya'ltk''L aXt. NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlt; gō'udeL an'ô'nL 10 returned the Then this he did; he took the hands of him.  ts'Emē'lîx'; nLk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk''t. NLk''ē tsaga-a'qLk''t. Lā 11 the beaver; then across he led Then across he got. (Perf.) hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'qL aXt ts'Emē'lîx' q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 12 he was going also with to play the the beaver just once going him porcupine the beaver just once dē-hwî'lt. NLk''ē tlô'ôdet. NLk''ēt hwa'dēL hwîl hētk''L gan. 13 also he did Then they went. Then they reached where stood the tree.  NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlL a'Xtg'ê: "ĀmL dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	ts'emē'lîx', gwa'nem hîlia'lkul an'ô'nt, K''ē tgōn hwîli	5
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āml hwî'len, dāmqlk"!" Dē'yal aXt al wī-ts'emē'lîx'. Qō'sel 8 good do, friend!" Thus said the porcupine great beaver. He could not ts'emē'lîx' dem tsaga-a'qlk"t al hwîl dā'ul sqanē'st. Nlk''ē 9 the beaver (fut.) across he reached because ice the mountain. Then lō-ya'ltk"l aXt. Nlk''ē tgōnl hwîlt; gō'udel an'ô'nl 10 returned the Then this he did; he took the hands of the porcupine. ts'emē'lîx'; nlk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. Nlk''ē tsaga-a'qlk"t. Lā 11 the beaver; then across he led him. he did; he took the hands of him. hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'ql aXt ts'emē'lîx' q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 12 he was going also with to play the the beaver just once going him porcupine dē-hwî'lt. Nlk''ē lô'ôdet. Nlk''ēt hwa'dēl hwîl hētk"l gan. 13 also he did Then they went. Then they reached where stood the tree. Nlk''ē tgōnl hwîll a'Xtg'ê: "Āml dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	at g'a'al hwîll wī-ts'emē'lîx'. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl a'Xtg'ê: "Sa!	7
ts'emē'lîx' dem tsaga-a'qlk't al hwîl dā'ul sqanē'st. Nlk''ē 9 the beaver (fut.) across he reached because ice the mountain. Then  lō-ya'ltk'l aXt. Nlk''ē tgōnl hwîlt; gō'udel an'ô'nl 10 returned the Then this he did; he took the hands of porcupine.  ts'emē'lîx'; nlk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk'l. Nlk''ē tsaga-a'qlk'l. lā 11 the beaver; then across he led Then across he got. (Perf.) hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'ql aXt ts'emē'lîx' q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 12 he was also with to play the the beaver just once going also with to play the the beaver just once him they went. Then they reached where stood the so.  Nlk''ē tgōnl hwîll a'Xtg'ê: "Āml dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	āmi hwî'len, dāmqik"!" Dē'yai aXt ai wī-ts'emē'lîx". Qō'sel good do, friend!" Thus said the to the beaver. He could	8
lō-ya'ltk"L aXt. NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlt; gō'udeL an'ô'nL 10 returned the porcupine.  ts'emē'lîx'; nLk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. NLk''ē tsaga-a'qLk"t. Lā 11 the beaver; then across he led him.  hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'qL aXt ts'emē'lîx' q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 12 he was going also with to play the porcupine the beaver just once dē-hwî'lt. NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. NLk''ēt hwa'dēL hwîl hētk"L gan. 13 also he did so.  NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlL a'Xtg'ê: "ĀmL dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	ts'emë'lîx dem tsaga-a'qık"t al hwîl dā'ul sqanë'st. Nık'ë the beaver (fut.) across he reached because ice the mountain. Then	9
ts'emē'lîx'; nLk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk'ut. NLk''ē tsaga-a'qLk'ut. Lā 11 the beaver; then across he led him.  hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'qL aXt ts'emē'lîx' q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 12 he was going also with to play the porcupine the beaver just once dē-hwî'lt. NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. NLk''ēt hwa'dēL hwîl hētk'uL gan. 13 also he did so.  NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlL a'Xtg'ê: "ĀmL dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	lō-ya'ltk"L aXt. NLk.'ē tgōnL hwîlt; gō'udeL an'ô'nL returned the Then this he did; he took the hands of	10
hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'qL aXt ts'emē'lîx' q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl 12  he was going dē-hwî'lt. NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. NLk''ēt hwa'dēL hwîl hētk"L gan. 13  also he did so.  NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlL a'Xtg'ê: "ĀmL dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14  Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	ts'emē'lîx'; nLk''ē tsaga-dê'êntk"t. NLk''ē tsaga-a'qLk"t. Lā	11
dē-hwî'lt. NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. NLk''ēt hwa'dēL hwîl hētk"L gan. 13 also he did then they went. Then they reached where stood the tree.  NLk''ē tgōnL hwîlL a'Xtg'ê: "ĀmL dem men-iē'ên," dēya' 14 Then this did the porcupine: "Good (fut.) up go," thus he	hē-yu'kt dēt-sel-qalā'qL aXt ts'emē'lîx q'ai-k''ē'elt hwîl	12
NLK'E tgonl hwîll a'Xtg'ê: "Āml dem men-ie'ên," deya' 14	dē-hwî'lt. NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. NLk''ēt hwa'dēL hwîl hētk"L gan.	13
	NLK'E tgonl hwîll a'Xtg'ê: "Āml dem men-ie'ên," deya'	14

was much troubled. He was afraid. The Porcupine continued, "Now you shall see how I do it."

The Porcupine climbed up, and reached the very top of the tree. Then he let go, and dropped down. While he was falling down through space he said (?) (?) and he struck on a rock. Then he rose. He was not dead. He said to the Beaver, "Did you see, friend? That is not difficult." And the Porcupine carried the Beaver up the tree. He said to him, "Now hold on to my neck;" and the Beaver did so. He clung to the neck of the Porcupine, who climbed the tree. When they came near the top, the Porcupine put the Beaver on a branch of the tree. The Beaver was much afraid because

- 1 al ts'emë'lîx'. Nlk''ë sem-aba'g'ask"l ts'emë'lîx'. Së'lk'unt. to the beaver. Then very troubled was
- 2 "Hwä'i! Dem g'a'an!" Dē'yaL aXt.
  "Well! (Fut.) see!" Thus said the porcupine,
- 3 NLk''ē aXt men-k's-qâ'ôgôt. NLk''ē men-a'qLkut aL Lē Then the up first. Then up he gôt to the
- 4 sem-ts'ēwî'nt. qalē'deL gan. Hwîl wîtk"L aXt ts'ewî'nL Where the he let go the top of the top. he came from porcupine
- 5 Lgotë-qalë't, nLk''ë tgënL hëL aXt aL dë-d'ep-yu'kt
  As soon he then this said the while with down coming porcupine
- 6 al lax-qal-bē'is: "Andabelâ'q, andabelâ'q." Nlk''ē ok'st al on the space: (?) Then he dropped
- 7 lax-lô'ôp. NLk'ē g'în-hē'tk"t; nîg'i nô'ôt. NLk'ē hēL aXt aL on the stone. Then he rose; not he was dead. Then said the to porcupine
- 8 ts'Emë'lîx': "G'a'aL, dāmqLk"! Nî'g'idē qaqē'tk"t." NLk''ēt mEnthe beaver: "See, friend! Not it is hard." Then up
- 9 wa'lx'L aXL ts'Emē'lîx' lax-ga'n. NLk 'ë dē-dē'lemexk"L aL on the Then on his carried the the beaver to answered porcupine
- 10 aXt al. ts'Emē'lîx': "SEm-g'it dē-yō'guL t'Em-lā'nēîst."

  the to the beaver: "Very fast hold my neck."
- 11 NLk''ē hwîlL ts'Emē'lîx'. SEm-g'it dex-yu'kdēt t'Em-lā'nîx'L aXt.

  Then did the beaver. Very fast he held the neck of the porcupine.
- 12 NLk'e men-iä'et al lax-ga'n. Nlk'et hwal le ham-ts'ewî'nt.

  Then up he to on the tree. Then he reached (fut.) near the top.
- 13 NLk''ēt lē-d'ā'dEL ts'Emē'lîx' aL lax-ānē'st. NLk''ē wī-t'ē's hwîl

  Then on he put the beaver to on the branch. Then greatly (verbal was noun)
- 14 xpets'a'xl ts'emë'lîx al hwîl nî'g'idi tq'al-ā'ml an'ô'nt al afraid the beaver on account not against good his hands

his hands were not able to hold on to the tree. Only the Porcupine knows how to do that, because his claws are long.

Now the Porcupine said, "Hold on to the tree, friend. I will go down first." The Beaver did so, clinging round the branch with his arms. Then the Porcupine let go of the tree and fell down. He said again (?) (?) and he struck the rock, but he was not dead.

Now the great Beaver was much troubled, holding on to the branch. He was afraid to let go; but the Porcupine ran about at the foot of the tree, and looked up to his friend. He said, "Oh, friend, that is not difficult. Look at me. I am not dead, although I fell down." Then the Beaver let go of the branch, and when he fell through space, he

dem dēt-dîx·-yō'gul gan. K·sax aXt t'an hwîlā'x·t al hwîl (fut.) onhis fast hold the part tree. Only the who knows because	1
nēnē'luk"L La'qstg'ê.	2
NLK''e tgönl hel a'Xtg'ê: "Sem-g'it dîx'-yō'gul, dāmqlk".  Then this said the porcupine: "Really fast hold, friend.	3
Dem d'ep-k's-qâq nēē'st lân." NLk''ē hwîlL ts'emē'lîx'.  (Fut.) down first I thee." Then did so the beaver.	4
Txā-xlem-d'a'ldîl an'ô'nt. Nlk''ēt qalē'l aXl ga'ng'ê, lax- All around were his hands. Then let go the porcupine the tree, on	5/
qal-bē'îs yô'xgutg'ê. NLk''ē huX tgōnL hēt: ''Andebelâ'q, space he went. Then again this he said: '(2)	6
andebelâ'q." NLk''ē ha'k'sem huX ōk'st aL lax-lô'ôp. NLk'ē	7
nî'g'i nô'ôt.  not he was dead.	8
Tk''ē sem-lō-ha'xk"L qâ'otL wī-ts'emē'lîx at lō-dā'mL anē'st  Then very in troubled the the beaver he in held the branch	9
al aba'g'ask" al dem tgwantk"t. Nlk''ē k'ul-ba'xl aXt al and he was troubled to (fut.) to fall. Then about ran the at	
mēnt gan. Nik'et men-g'a'al hwîl lē-d'ā'i an-dā'mqlkut.  the the the foot of tree.  Then up he looked where on was his friend.	11
NLk'è tgönl hel a'Xtg'ê: "Gwôm, dāmqlk"! Nîg'îdi qaqë'tk"t.  Then this said the porcupine: "Go on, friend! Not it is hard.	12
G'a'as nē'e; nî'g'i nô'ôēE, aL hwîl tgwantk"." NLk''ēt qalē'L Look at me; not I am because I fell." Then let go	13
ts'emē'lîx'l anē'st. Tgōnl hēl ts'emē'lîx' al la tgwantk"t al lax- the beaver the branch. This said the beaver at (perf.) he fell at on	14
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cried, "Rock, rock!" Then he struck the rocks. He lay on his back, and his belly burst. He was dead.

<sup>1</sup> qal-bē'is: "Lô'ôp lô'ôp," ts'emē'lîx'l hē'tg'ê. Nlk''ē ōk'st al space: "Stone, stone," the beaver said. Then he at struck

<sup>2</sup> lax-lô'ôp. Sem-hasbā'-sg'it. NLk''ē sem-xlu'xl bant. Nlk''ē nô'ôt. on the stones. Very on his he back lay. Then very burst his belly. Then he was dead.

## THE WOLVES AND THE DEER

[Told by Moody]

The Wolves had a feast on a prairie at the mouth of Skeena river. They invited the chiefs of the Deer to the feast. The Deer who had been called came. Then they sat down on the prairie face to face with the Wolves. The Wolves said to the Deer, "You on the opposite side begin to laugh." But the Deer did not agree. They said, "You shall laugh first." The Wolves replied, "Now we will laugh. Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha! Now you must laugh, you on the other side." Then the Deer laughed: "M, m, m, m, m! Now you laugh again,

### THE WOLVES AND THE DEER

Lē'lyitxaL							1
They had a feast	the worves	at	on a prai	rie at	the mouth of	Skeena river.	
NLk 'et wa						wan.	2
Then inv	vited th wol	e ves	all the		chief	deer.	
Nık.'ē hwîl						îl k'ē	3
At once		came	the invited	deer.	At once		
wī-ama hwa	'ndet al	lax-amā	'uks na	galaxde'l	t qanı	k ebō'.	4
very well the	own at	on the p	rairie	lace to lace	and	wolves.	
NLk.'ē hwîl	k.'ē hēL said	k.'ebō'g'	ê aL w	an: "K	'ax-hîsqaā'c	qsesem i ye	5
ar an-dâ'sd	laas " K		Vî'ori "	hēdet	"k"ax-n	ē'semī.	6
aL an-dâ'sd at the other	side." T	hen:	"No,"	they said,	"only	ye	U
k's-qâ'gôm	hîsqaā'qset	," dē-h	ē'deL	wan al	k·ebō'.	к.'ё	7
first	laugh,"	on their part	said	the to deer	the wolves.		
hwîl k·'ē	hēr k'eb	ō'g'ê:	"Hwä'i!	D'ē'En	dem hî	sqaā'qs	8
At	said t wo	he lves:	"Well!		(Fut.)	laugh	
nō'mest.	Hwä'i! H	ā, ha,	ha,	ha, ha	! Hwä'i!	Gôp	9
we.	Well! H	a, ha,	ha,	ha, ha!	Well!	Go on	
dē-lâ'sem.	K·'ax-dē-hî	sqaā'qses	em al	an-dâ's	daas." "	Hwä'i!	10
also to you.	Only also	laugh ye	at	the ot	her '	Well P	
D'ē'en," dē'	yaı wan.	"Hwä'i	! M—,	_m, m,	m, m.	Hwä'i!	11
sai-	d the deer.	"Well!	М—,	m, m,	m, m.	Well!	
Gôp dē-lâ's	em, k'e	bō'.	K.'aX	huX			12
Go on also to	you, wol	ves.	Only	again	also you la		
						83	

Wolves." Then the Wolves laughed again: "Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!" Now the Deer were afraid when they saw the large teeth of the Wolves. The Wolves said, "Now, you on the other side, you shall laugh again. Don't keep your mouths closed when you are laughing. Nobody laughs like that. You must open your mouths as far as possible when you are laughing. Now do so. Try as hard as you can. Don't be afraid to open your mouths." Thus spoke the Wolves. "Now laugh." Then the Deer laughed again: "Ha, ha, ha, ha, ha, ha!" They opened their mouths wide. They had no teeth. When the Wolves saw that they had no teeth they attacked them, and they bit them all

1	Hwä'i! D'ē'En."	Hwîl k	'ē huX again	dē-hîsqaā'qsL also laughed	k'ebō': the wolves:
2		ha, ha!" I	K·'ē hwîl	k.'ē sem-lex	pēts'ē'XL
3	txanē'tk"sL wa'i	ng ê, hwîl deer, when	Lat gra's	aniL wud'ax	qa-wē'nL teeth of
4	k'ebō'g'ê. Hwi the wolves. Wel	i'i! K.'ē l	nuX dē-hē again also sa	k'ebō'g'ê: the wolves:	"Gôp!
5	huX dē-hîsqaā'qa again also laugh	sesem at ar	n-dâ'sdaas. the other side.	Do not keep ye	nEXSEMES our mouths
6	al. da-hîsqaā'qsı at also you laug	esems. Nî'g	ride hwîl	L hîsā'qset."	dē'var.
7	k ebō'. "Q'a the wolves." Reall	p-sem-lō-gâ'de y very in go	L hwîl	q'aqL ts'	Em-ā'gam
8	da-hîsā'qsem," (when) you laugh,"	dē'yaL k.'e	bō' aL e to	wan. "Hwi	i'i! Gôp
9	q'ai-hwî'lsEm sE	m-lō-qâ'densks	sem at l		G·ilâ'ôL
10	lexpēts'ē'xsem ar be afraid you at	. me'demsem	q'ā'axL q	ats'Em-ā'qsEms, your mouths,"	" dē'yaL
11	k'ebō': "Hwä'i the wolves: "Well!	l D'ē'ensem Now you	hîsqaā'qses	em." Hwîl k	
12	dē-hîsqaā'qsL wa	d'ng ê: "Hā, e deer: "Hah,	ha, ha,	ha, ha!" Dē';	yaL wan
13	al lō-qa-lā'il qa at in great	-ts'Em-a'qdet. their mouths.	K·'ē nî'	gʻi qa-wë'ndet their teeth.	. Hwä'i! Well!
14	Q'am-g'a'aL k'el	bō'g ê hwîl wolves where	nî'g'i qa	-wē'nL wa'ng'e teeth the deer,	ê. K·'ē
15	hwîl k"ēt hi	a'p'adet. K·	ë hwîl	k ''ē't k "Lē-ha	tsha'tsdeL bit them

over. Then they devoured the Deer. Only a few of the Deer succeeded in escaping. For this reason the Deer are afraid of the Wolves.

k'ebō's		hwîl	k·'ē't	gʻē'pder.	wa'ng 'ê, the deer.	Q'am-LE		1
wanL	nda'a	hō'det.		ē'L qan Therefore	an-xpetsa'x the fear of	L Wan	aL of	2
k'ebő'	gōn							3

## THE STARS

[Told by Moses]

There was a town. One evening a man went out of the house, and his son accompanied him. They sat down on the beach. After they had been sitting there for some time, the boy looked up to the sky and said to a star, "Poor fellow! You little twinkler, indeed, you must feel cold." Thus spoke the boy to the Star. The Star heard it, and one evening when the boy went out, the Star came down and took him up to the sky.

When day broke, the people found that the boy was lost. They

## Pelî'st

			TH	E STARS			
1		qal-ts'a'p.					
2	k'si-stē'lL out accom- panying	Lgō'uLk <sup>u</sup> t his child,	, tk.'ē'	Lgum	gʻat Lgō man his	'uLk <sup>u</sup> t.	NLk.'ē Then
3	hwandē't they sat	aL g'ä'u.  at in front of the town.	Lā nak When lon	uL hwa'i	ndēt, k'ē sat, then	mEn-g	'a'ask"L
4	Lgō-tk·ē'Lk	to the sl	a'. NLk	'ē tgōnī	hēt al	pelî'st:	"Q'āa,
5	g'ā'aL k'o	pe-hwîla d	ā'us göst	k, k'ope-	xs-gunä'qs	sa'E!"	Dē'yaL
6	Lgō-tk 'ē'L the boy	k <sup>u</sup> al pel	î'st. NL			lî'st. La e star. Whe	huX en again
7	k.'ē'ElL s	sa, nLk'ē	Lā yu'	ksa, nlk	·'ē k'sax en wento	L Lgō-t	k ''ē'Lku. boy.
	K.'ē d'E	o-ā'd'îk'sk"L	pelî'st.	NLk 'et	gō'ut. N	Lk'et	men-dē-
9	dā'uLt aL	lax-ha'. the sky.					
10		mEsā'x'. it was day- light.					
	0.0						

looked for him everywhere. They asked all the tribes, but they could not find him. Then the people stopped, but his father and his mother longed for him. They were crying all the time. They did so many days.

One day the man was walking about crying. When he stopped crying, he looked up a mountain, and, behold, smoke came out of it. He went up, and when he came near, he saw a woman. She asked the man, "Do you know who took your child?" "No," said the man. "The Star took your child. He tied him onto the edge of his smoke-hole. The child is crying all the time. He is almost dead, because the sparks the fire are burning his body." Thus she spoke. Then she said,

g'etk'sL qal-ts'a'p. Txanē'tk"L looked for the town. All	lig'î-nda' k'uL-g'ig'î'Eldēt. everywhere about they looked.	1
Txanē'tk"L saL hwî'ldēt; uî'g	fit hwa'dēt. La gwâ'tk"det.	2
NLk 'e ha'udet; txane'tk"L qal	-ts'îpts'a'pL g'ē'daxdēt. K''ē people of various they asked. Then	3
qa'nē-hwîla aba'g'ask"L neguâ'ôd always was troubled his father	Et qanL nôxt. Qa'nē-hwîla	4
sīg a'tk"dēt. Wī-hē'lı san hwî' they cried. Many days they	ldēt.	5
Lā huX k''ēlL sa, k''ē When again one day, then	huX k'uL-iē'êL g'a'tg'ê aL again about went the man at	6
k'uL-wī-yē'tk"t. NLk.'ē Lā ha'wu about he cried. Then when he stoppe	crying, then up he saw	7
lax-sqanë'st, gwīnā'dēL, mēyē'ên on a mountain, behold, smoke		8
NLK 'e bax-ia'l g'a'tg'ê lât. NL		9
hana'q. NLk''ë tgönL hëL hawoman. Then this said	nana'qg'ê. G'î'daqı g'a'tg'ê: 1 the woman. She asked the man:	0
"Bo you who took your child know who took who was who was who was who was took who who was took who who was took who was took who who was took who who was took who who was took who was took who who was took while who was took which who was took which who was took which who was took which which which was took which which which was took which which which which was took which which which was took which which which which which was took which which which which which which was took which which which which which which which which which was took which which which which which which which which which was took which	nā'?" "Nē'," dē'yaL g'a'tg'ê. 1	1
"Pelî'st t'an gō'uL Lgō'uLk". I the stars who took the child.	ax-ts'ä'L ala' t hwîl lē-d'ā'dEt 1	2
tq'al-dē-da'k'Ldēt lâ'ôt. NLk''ē against they tied it to it. Then	qa'nē-hwîla wi-vē'tk"t. NLk''ē 1	13
La dem nô'ôt, qanā'legul la (perf.) (fut.) dead, sparks	ak <sup>u</sup> t'an mē'll lîpla'nt." 1 fire which burns his body."	4
Dē'yaL. Ma'Laask"L hana'qg'ê.  Thus she He was told by the woman.	NLk 'e tgonl hel hana'qg 'ê: 1	15

"Go on. Make many arrows, that you may have a great many quickly." The man went down and came to his town. There he made four bundles of arrows. He saw a very long mountain, which he climbed. He stood on top of it, took his bow, and took an arrow and shot at the sky. The arrow hit the edge of the hole of the sky, and stuck there. He shot another arrow, which hit the nock of the first one. He shot again, and continued to do so for many days. Then the arrows came down, and reached to him. The man was carrying tobacco, red paint, and sling-stones. Then he went up, climbing the arrows. He reached the sky, and met a person who said, "Your

1	"Adô', dzāpl "Go on, make	wī-hē'ldel many	hawî'l arrows	dem (fut.)	wī-hē'lt;	āmL good
2	sem-t'ē'lden!" NL	k·'ē iaga- en down	iē'êL g went	'a'tg'ê.	NLk 'ēt	hwaL he found
3	qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ē the town. Then	dzapl wī	-hē'ldeL many	hawî'l.	Txalpxt Four	
	LEM-dîx da'k Lt. N					
5	nîLnē'L hwîl mr that where up	en-iä'êt. N	Lk 'e lē Then on	-hē'tk <sup>u</sup> t he stood	lâ'ôt. N	Lk.'ēt
6	$\begin{array}{ll} g\bar{o}'u \mathbf{L} & \text{ ha-} X da' k^u, \\ \text{ he took} & \text{ his bow.} \end{array}$	NLk·'ēt	gō'uL he took	hawî'l.	NLk 'et Then	guXL he shot at
7	lax-ha'g 'ê. NLk'' the sky. Then	ē hwîl doing so	hwî'lı.	hwîl n	ānô'ôL l the hole of	ax-ha'
8	nLhwîl lō-hē'tk"L there in hit	hawî'l, Lē	lax-ts'ä'	Stror	g'ît lo-l	nē'tk <sup>u</sup> t t stood
9	sem-lō-ts'ē'pk". NL very in strong. T	k·'ēt huX	Xdak <sup>u</sup> L he shot	k 'elt. Ni one.	k.'ēt lō-	gu'XL he hit
	g'apl lō-hē'tgutg'ê	Then	again	he shot.	Then	again
11	xLîp-gu'XL La g'a at the he the en	p. Wī-hē'lt d. Many	sal hw	vîlt. NLk	'ē d'Ep-a down it	'qLk"t
	aL awa'at. K'uL-it	ı'kdel g'a't carried the n	g·ê La l	hwîndô'ô tobaceo	qant mî	s-a'ust
	qant Xts'a. N	Lk.'ē mE	n-iä'êt. he went.	Men-iô'xg	rut lax-l	the arrows.
	NLk.'ē men-a'qLku Then up he came	t aL ts'Em	-lax-ha'. the sky.	NLK 'e	iä'êt. N	Lk'et
15	hwal hwîl hwî'l found where was	L k.'âlL g	at. NLk	e tgönL this	hēl gʻ said th	a'tg'ê:

child is about to die. He is crying all the time because his body is being burned. Carve a piece of wood so that it will look just like your child." He gave to this person tobacco, red paint, and slingstones in return for his advice. Then the person was very glad. The man made a figure of spruce, one of hemlock, one of balsam fir, and one of red cedar, and one of yellow cedar, all as large as his boy. Then he made a great fire. He built a pyre of slender trees, which he placed crosswise, and placed fire underneath. He hung his wooden images to a tree over the fire. He poked the fire, so that the sparks burned the body of the wooden figure. Then the latter cried aloud, but after a short time it stopped. Then he took it off, and took another one. It did the same. The figure stopped crying after a short time. He

"Lā dem nô'ôL Lgō'uLgun. Qanē-hwîla ayawā'tk"t aL hwîl '(Perf.) (fut.) dies your child. Always he cries because	1
mel Lîpla'nt. Ām me dem dzāpl gan dem se-g-a'den dem burns his body. Good you (fut.) make a (fut.) mak- a man (fut.)	2
hō'g'îgat Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"." NLk''ē g'inā'mL g'a'tg'ê hwindô'ô like a child." Then gave him the man tobacco	3
qanl mes-a'us qanl Xts'a. Nlk''ë semgal lō-ā'ml qâ'ôtl and red paint and sling Then much in good heart	4
g'at tq'al-hwa'tg'îtg'ê. NLk''ēt dzapL gan. Sä'êqs tgön the against he had met. Then he made a stick. Spruce this	5
dzāpt, gʻē'k" tgōn dzāpt, hô'ak's tgōnL dzāpt, sem-ga'n he made, hemlock this he made, balsam tree	6
tgōnL dzāpt, sgunä'e tgōnL dza'pt. Qâ'ôdEt sîl-qas-qâ'ôt'Ent this he made, yellow this he made. It was finished as large as	7
al Lgō'ulk". Nlk''ēt wī-se-mē'l lak". Nlk''ēt ma'qsaanl the boy. Then greatly he burn a fire. Then he placed	
qasqë'sgum gan. NLk 'et lë-sg'i'L huX që'sgum gan. slender trees. Then on he laid also a slender tree.	9
NLk''ē se-mē'l lak" al laXt. Nlk''ēt lē-ia'ql g'at al Then he burn a fire at under it. Then on he the at hung man	10
lax-ga'n. NLk'et qe'LqanL lak". NLk'e meL LîpLa'nL on the Then he poked the fire. Then burnt the body of	11
g'a'dem gan. NLk''ē wī-amhē't aL ayawā'tkut. Nî'g'î the man of wood. Then he shouted and cried. Not	12
nak <sup>u</sup> L hēt, k''ē ha'ut. NLk''ēt sa-ma'gat. NLk''ēt huX long he spoke, then he stopped. Then off he took then he stopped.	13
gō'ul k'ēlt. Nlk'ē huX hwîlt. Nî'g'î nakul ayawā'tkut, he took one. Then also he did so. Not long he cried,	14

took it down. Then he tied the red cedar to the tree and poked the fire. There were very many sparks. The figure cried for a long time, and then stopped. He took it down and hung up the yellow cedar. It did not stop. Then he took the image of yellow cedar.

He went on, and came to a place where he heard a man splitting firewood with his wedge and hammer. His name was G'ix'sats'ā'ntx'. When he came near, he asked him, "Where is the house?" At the same time he gave him tobacco. Then G'ix'sats'ā'ntx' began to swell when he tasted the tobacco. (The people of olden times called it "being troubled.") He also gave him red paint and sling-stones.

	k·'ē huX ha'ut. NLk·'ē huX sa-ma'gat. NLk·'ēt then also off he took Then
	lē-tsē'êpl sem-ga'n. Nlk'ēt huX qē'lqanl lak". Nlk'ē on he tied cedar. Then again he poked the fire. Then
3	sem-k·'a-wī-hē'lL qanā'luk. NLk·'ē nak <sup>u</sup> t wi-yē'tk <sup>u</sup> t very exceed- many sparks. Then long it cried
4	ayawā'tk"tg'ê. NLK''ē huX ha'ut. NLK''ēt huX sa-ma'gat. it cried. Then again it stopped. Then also off he took it.
5	NLk''ēt gō'uL sgunä'ê. NLk''ē nî'g'îdi qē'sxk"tg'ê. NLk''ē  Then he took yellow redar. Then not it stopped. Then
6	iä'et; gu'kdēt g'a'dem ga'nem sgunä'ê.' he went; he took the man of wood of yellow cedar.
7	NLK''ēt nExna'L hwîl hahā'L t'an dzāpL lak". Hē-yu'kt Then he heard where noise who made fire- wood.
8	guXL lak <sup>u</sup> aL lēt qanL daqL. G'îx'sats'ā'ntx' hwaL to take firewood with wedge and hammer. G'îx'sats'ā'ntx' was the name of
9	gʻa'tgʻê. NLk'è hagun-iä'L gʻa'tgʻê. NLk'èt gʻē'dexs the man. Then toward went the man. Then he asked
10	G'îx'sats'ā'ntx': "NdaL hwîl hētk"L hwîlp?" NLk''ēt g'enL (verbal noun) the house?" Then he gave food
	gʻa'tgʻê aL hwîndô'ô. NLkʻë ā'd'îkʻsk <sup>u</sup> L hwîl gʻîtk <sup>u</sup> s the man of tobacco. Then came (verbal noun)
12	G 'îx 'sats'ā'ntx'. Wī-t'ē'sL hwîl g 'î'tkutg 'ê. At hwîl he swelled. Because
13	baqL hwîndô'ô qan hwîlt (nL sE-wa'deL walen-g'ig'a't he tasted the tobacco therefore he did so (they called it the former people
14	aL aba'g'ask"), t hwîl baqL ak'sda'L hwîndô'ô. NLk''ēt he was troubled), because he tasted sweetness of tobacco. Then
15	huX g'înā'mL mes-a'ust qanL Xts'a. NLk''ēt māLs also he gave red paint and sling shot. Then told him

Then G'ix sats'ā'ntx' told him where the child was. He said, "Wait in the woods until they are all asleep, then go up to the roof of the house." The man went, and when he came nearer, he heard the voice of his boy, who was crying; but as soon as the boy stopped, the chief ordered his men to poke the fire until many sparks flew up. When all the people were asleep, the man went to the roof of the house where the child was. The child recognized his father and cried; but his father rebuked him, saying, "Don't cry, don't cry! They might hear you in the house." The boy stopped and the man took him off. In his place he tied the wooden image to the smoke hole. Then he went down. Early in the morning the chief ordered his people to poke the fire. Then the wooden image cried while the man

G'îx sats'ā'ntx L hwîl lē-hō'ksk"L Lgō'uLk"L g'a'tg'ê. "Tse on was with it the child of the man.	1
k''ax-d'ā'nēn aL g'ilē'lîx' Lā dEm wâ'wôqdēt dEm k''ē "Only stay in in the woods when (fut.) they sleep (fut.) then	2
	3
NLk'è hagun-a'qLk'ut. NLk'èt nExna'L am-hê'L Lgō'uLk'utg'ê Then toward he got. Then he heard the voice of his child	4
aL ayawā'tkut. Q'ai-lîg'i-qē'sxkuL Lgō-tk''ē'lku, k''ēt huX again	5
	6
	7
g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē hagun-iä'êt al hwîl lē-hō'ksk"l lgō'ulk"t. the person. Then toward he went to where on was with his child.	8
NLk''ēt hwîlā'x'L Lgō-tk''ē'Lk' nEguâ'ôdet. NLk''ē wī-yē'tk''t.  Then knew the boy his father. Then he cried.	9
NLK'ēt lä'ell neguâ'ôdet: "G'îlô', g'îlô'! nexna'yîtg'ê al 1 Then rebuked his father: "Don't, don't! they hear it perhaps	.0
ts'Em-hwî'lp." NLk''ē ha'uL Lgō-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt sā-gō'dîL 1	.1
g'at Lgō'uLk"tg'ê. NLk''ēt ia'gai-lē-tq'al-da'k'LEL g'a'dem 1 the his child. Then how- on against he tied the person of	2
gan. NLk''ē d'Ep-iä'êt. NLk''ē hē'Luk. NLk''ēt huX 1 wood. Then down he went. Then morning. Then again	6.
gun-se-mē'lel sem'â'g'itl lak". Nlk''ē huX ayawā'tk"l 1	4

and his son were making their escape. But the wooden image did not cry long. Then it stopped. The chief became suspicious, and sent a man to the roof. He went up, and, behold, there was a stick. The boy was lost, and the wooden image was on the roof. The chief said, "Pursue them!" The people did so. The man heard them approaching. When they were close behind him, he threw tobacco, red paint, and sling-stones in their way. The paint was red; the sling-stones were blue.

The chief's people found these and picked them up. Some persons took the sling-stones, and others took the red paint and put it on their faces. While they were doing so, the man and his son continued to

1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
2	Nî'g'î nak"L ayawā'tk"L g'a'dem ga'ng'ê. K''ē ha'ut.  Not long cried the person of wood. Then he stopped.
3	NLK''ēt lîk's-g'a'd'enL sem'âg'ît qan men-hē'tsL k''âlL Then took notice the chief there- up he sent one
4	gʻat. Kʻë men-iä'l gʻat; gwinā'dēl gan. Gwâtk <sup>u</sup> l man. Then up went a person; behold wood. He was lost
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	yô'xdēil. K''ē nexna'l g'a'tg'ê hwîl lā ā'd'îk'sk"l t'an pursued them.
	yôxk <sup>u</sup> t. NLk''ē Lā q'ai'yîm dēlpk <sup>u</sup> t aL qalā'nt, nLk''ēt pursued them, when close by near him at behind then
9	sqa-lā'g'îL hwîndô'ô qanL mes-ā'ust qanL Xts'a. Hwîl across he tobacco and red paint and sling shot. Where
10	iLä'êL hwîlL mes-a'ust. NLk''ē gusgwâ'ôsk"L Xts'a.  it was where the red paint. Then was blue the sling shot.
11	NL le-hwa'îL qal-ts'a'pL sem'â'g'it. NLk''e dô'qdeiL Then on found it the people of the chief. Then they took
12	mes-ā'us qanl Xts'a. Lā qats'ō'ol g'a'tg'ê t'an dôql the red paint and the sling shot. Some persons who took
13	mes-ā'ust. Nlk''ē qats'ō'ot t'an dôql Xts'a. D'ā'ldet al red paint. Then some who took sling they put it on
14	qa-ts'Elts'a'ldet. Yukl gwanem hwî'ldet, nlk''ē nak''l their faces. While they were doing this, then it was long

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This accounts for the colors of the stars.

run. Again the man heard the pursuers approaching. Now he came to G'ix'sats'ā'ntx', who said, "Run quickly, my dear. They will not catch you." The Star had taken the boy, and therefore the Star's tribe were pursuing them. The man gave G'ix'sats'ā'ntx' tobacco, and then G'ix'sats'ā'ntx' swelled very much, so that he obstructed the trail, and therefore the Star tribe could not reach the man.

Now he came near the hole of the sky. He came to it, and went down the chain of arrows. As soon as he reached the ground, he pulled the arrows down, and they all dropped to the ground. He had saved his boy. Then he went down the mountain and ran home. He got the boy back, and therefore he and his wife were glad.

hwîl de-ba'xL (verbal made run noun)	gʻa'tgʻê Lgō the man h	'uLk"t. NLk is son. The	·'ē huX i	nEXna'L Lā 1 he heard
hwîl q'ai'yîm where close	ad'ā'd'îk'sk"t	aL q'ai'	yîm qalā'nt. se behind him.	NLk 'ēt 2
	hwîls G'îx			gonl hes 3 this said
G'îx'sats'ā'ntx':  G'îx'sats'ā'ntx:	"Alō-bā'n, "Quickly run,	nāt! nî'g· my not dear!	i demt g	'îdi-gō'udēt 4
nē'en." Pelî'st	t'anL gōI	Lgō-tk·'ē'i	Lk <sup>u</sup> g 'ê. Nîi poy. T	nê'L t'an 5
yôxk <sup>u</sup> L g'a'tg' pursued the man	e qal-ts'a'pL the tribe of	pelî'st. N	Lk 'ēt g 'ē'n Then he gave him foo	
G'îx'sats'ā'ntx'	aL hwîndô'ô tobacco.	NLk 'e	g îtk s G î	c'sats'ā'ntx 7
wī-t'ē'sL hwîl he	g 'î'tk <sup>u</sup> tg 'ê. swelled.	· Lō-qan h:	aXha'gwagan obstructing	L që'nex. 8
NLqan aqL-yô'x Therefore not pu sued	kuL qal-ts'a'pr	pelî'sto ê.	Lā q'ai'yîn When close	n dē'lpk"L 9
	îl nănô'ôL la	x-ha', nLk'è	t hwat. N	Lk.'ē d'Ep- 10
iä'êt. D'ep-iô'xg	gul hwîl lō-	ndE-LôgLô'ôdi	EL hawî'l.	
d'ep-a'qLkut. Ni down he reached.	k'et d'ep-sa'g	'îL hawî'l. N	Lk'e mak'L Then dropped	gul-q'ane't. 12
Dē-mâ'tgul Lg He was saved	ō'uLk <sup>u</sup> tg'ê. 1	NLK 'e iaga-i	iē'êt. Wîtk"t he He came went.	aL lax- 13
sqanë'st. NLk.'	na-ba'xt	al gal-ts'a'r	. Mâtk <sup>u</sup> L	Lgō'uLk <sup>u</sup> t; 14
gulîk's-daa'qLgut	. Nlk'ē	lō-ā'mı qâ'	ôtt qanı.	nak'st. 15

#### ROTTEN-FEATHERS

[Told by Moses]

There was a town, and a large prairie on which many children were playing. They were always making a noise. They did so every morning all the year round. Then the Heaven heard it. He was much annoyed, and therefore he sent down feathers. They came down, soaring over the children. One boy saw them. He was almost grown up and was very strong. He took the feathers and put them on his head. Then he ran about.

# Logômîx ·Q'ā'x ·

#### ROTTEN-FEATHERS

- Hētk<sup>u</sup>L NLk 'e qal-ts'a'p. d'āL wī-lax-ha'p'Esk", nêLne'L There stood Then there prairie, there k'öpe-tk'e'lk". Qanē-hwîla 2 hwîl qalā'qL wī-hē'ldEm xstamqL where played many little children. Always noise of 3 alēmhē'detg'ê. Hē'Luk, nLk 'e huX hwî'ldētg'ê. Txānē'tkuL It got morning, their voices. they did so. then again Every hwî'ldēt. Txānē'tk"L k'ōL hwî'ldēt. NLk 'e nExna'L 4 sal they did so. heard it they did so. All year Then NLk 'et lō-hwa'ntk"L qâ'ôtt. Wī-t'ē's hwîl 5 lax-ha'g'ê. the heaven. Then in was annoyed his heart. Much being 6 lō-hwa'ntk"L qâ'ôtt, qaq'ā'x'. NLk 'e d'Ep-ma'gal netqan annoyed his heart, therefore down came a feather. Then 7 dē-d'ep-yu'kt k'ope-tk'e'lk". Nlk'et g'a'al k 'alL lax-ō'L aL also down it came children. Then on top NLk .'ēt wī-t'ē'st, la sem-dax-g'a'tt. 8 Lgō-tk·'ē'Lku, La ts'ō'sg'îm Then he (perf.) a little large, (perf.) very strong. NLk 'e qaq'ā'x', nLk 'e ·lē-hē't'Ent lax-t'Em-qē'st. 9 gō'uL aL Then the feather, his head. took then on he put it at . on
- 10 k'uL-ba'xt. about he ran.

The children had a stick with which they struck a wooden ball. After a little while that boy began to rise, his feet leaving the ground. Then another one rushed up to him and took hold of his feet. His hands stuck to the feet of the first boy, and his feet also left the ground. Then another boy rushed up to him and took hold of his feet, but he also went up. Still another one rushed up to them, taking hold of the feet. He also was lifted upward. Still other ones ran up to them, until all the children were gone. Then a man saw it and rushed up to the children. He also hung onto them. Another one rushed up to them, and took hold of his feet. They all went up to heaven, the whole town, and nobody was left. The Heaven took them all up. He was annoyed on account of the noise of the children.

TgōnL hwîlL k'ōpE-tk''ē'Lk"; ganL dô'qdēt; nLk''ē huX the little children; sticks they held; then also	1
ganl ia'tsdet. Hō'g'igal Lēt'l ga'ng'ê. Nlne'l ia'tsdet al stick they struck. Like a ball the stick. Then they struck	2
gan. NLa ts'ō'sg'îm nak"t dē-iax'ia'qL k''âlL Lgō-tk''ē'Lk", the wood. Then a little long with hung one little boy,	3
nık.'ē lîslē'sk"ı asîsā'it la men-dā'ult. Nık.'ē tq'ē'saal k.'âlı then hung his feet (perf.) up he went. Then rushed one	4
dexdô'gôl asîsa'it. Nlk''ēt tq'al-hathē't an'ô'nt al asîsa'il he took his feet. Then against stuck his hands to the feet of	5
Lgō-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. NLk''ē huX dē-lîslē'skuL asîsa'ît. NLk''ē the boy. Then also also hung his feet. Then	6
huX tq'ē'saaL k''âlL Lgō-tk''ē'Lku; huX dexdô'qL asîsa'ît.  also rushed one little boy; also he took his feet.	7
NLk'ë huX dë-iax'ia'qt. NLk'ë huX tq'ë'saaL k''âlt. NLk''ë Then also on his he hung. Then again rushed one. Then	8
dexdô'qL asîsa'ît. NLk''ē huX iax'ia'qt. NLk''ē huX tq'ē'saaL he took his feet. Then also he hung. Then again rushed to them	9
k 'âlt. Lā men-qâ'ôdel k'ōpe-tk 'ē'lk", nlk 'ēt g'a'al t'ē'sem one. When up were the children, then saw it a large	10
g'at. NLk''ē dē-tq'ē'saat. NLk''ē huX dē-iax'ia'qt. NLk''ē man. Then on his he rushed to them. Then also on his he hung. Then	11
huX tq'ē'saaL huX k''âlt. NLk''ē huX dexdô'qL asesa'it again rushed again one. Then also he took the feet	12
Lā wagait-lax-ha' hwîl men-sa'k skudet. NLk 'ē qanē'-hwîla (perf.) up to sky where up they went. Then always	13
hwîlı txānē'tk"ı qal-ts'a'p. Nî'g'î ıgō-q'am-g'îna-d'ā'ı k'âlt.	14
Sem-men-qâ'ôdet al lax-ha'g'ê. Lō-hwa'ntk"l qâ'ôdet al hwîl :  Very up they were by the heaven. In was annoyed its heart because	15

Therefore the Heaven took them all up. Not even one was left. The whole town disappeared. Only dogs were there, running about howling.

Now there was a young menstruating girl who had been in a small house behind the village. She was there with her little grandmother. When she left her little house and went back to the village, she saw that the whole great town was empty. Then the woman walked along the street crying. Now she found an old wedge made of crabapple wood, one made of sloe wood, one of spruce wood, and she found a little grindstone, a little knife, and some snot. She put them into her belly and went to the rear of the house. She did not put them aside. Then she lay down for four days and four nights. Then she

1	qane-hwîla xstamk"ı. alēmhē'der txanē'tk"ı. k'ope-tk''ē'r. always noise their voices all the childre	
2	NîLne't qan hwîlā'gut, lax-ha'g'ê t'an men-qâ'ôt'ent. Nî'  Therefore it was the heaven who up finished them.	-
3	mānl lgō-q'am-k''â'lt. Sem-qâ'del qal-ts'a'pg'ê, k'sax-as'o was left little only one. Very were finished the people, only dog	
4	k'uL-na-gaq'ē'det. about from all howled. directions	
5	NLk 'e q'am-k 'a'll tk 'e'lgum hana'q ia'sk NLk 'e hetk	
6	Lgō-hwî'lp aL g'ilē'lîx'. NLhwîl lō-d'ā'L tk''ē'Lgum hand a house at inland. There in sat a young gir	
7	qanl lgō-nts'ē'itst. la'sku nlqan d'āt al g'îlē'lîx'. Nlk and her grand- Menstru- therefore she sat at inland. The	
8	k'saXt at tgō-hwî'lpt. Ntk''ē na-iē'êt. K''ēt g'a'at. Nî'	0.
9	ha'yuksı wī-txanē'tk"ı wī-qal-ts'a'p. Nık''ē tgönı hw	îlL
10	hana'qg'ê. K'uL-sag'ap-iä'êt aL k'uL-wī-yē'tk"t. NLk''ēt hw the woman. About along the she at about she cried. Then she fou	
11		nL id
12	lē'dem sä'êqs qanl lgō-an-qä'x qanl lgō-ha-q'ô'l qa a wedge spruce and a grindstone and a knife at little	
13	k'si-nō'Lqt. NLk''ēt lō-d'a'Lt aL ts'Em-ba'nt. NLk''ē q'aldîx'-iä'	êt.
14	Nî'g'ît sā-d'ā'Lt aL dāg'ig'ā'êlt. Lā txalpxL saL hw Not away she at when she lay down. (Perf.) four days she	îlt

came to be with child and gave birth to a boy, to another one, and to still another one, and to two more. They were very strong. There were three males and one stone and one knife and one snot. The one was named Little-crab-apple-tree, the next one Little-sloebush, the next one Little-spruce, the following Little-mountain, the next one Little-knife, and one more was called Snot. The woman had six children.

The woman and her little grandmother suckled them. Now they were a little older, and then they were grown up. Now they also began to play. They took a stick and played ball. (In olden times the people called this "ball-play.") Then the mother said to her children: "Stop, children! Your grandfathers were killed on account of this

qanl yu'ksa. Nlk'ë and evenings. Then					aqLk <sup>u</sup> L she gave	1
		noun)			birth to	
k 'all Lgō'uLk"t. NLk	en again	k.'âlt. one.		huX again		2
Q'ai-bagadē'lL dax-g'ig'a	a'det. Gu	lâ'n ē'uX ee men	t de-k	'â'lı l	ô'ôpg ê	3
dē-k·'â'lı ha-q'ō'ı dē-k·	'â'lı nä'êle one snot.				hwaL was the name of	4
k 'âlt; nLk 'ēt Lgō- one; then Little-	dep-sgan-sr sloe-bush	the n	val k	'âlt; one;	nLk.'ē	5
Lgō-dep-am-sä'êqs hwar Little- spruce the nam	k.'âlt; e one:	nLk.'ē L	gō-dep-s	qane'st	hwaL the name of	6
k'âlt; nLk''ē Lgō-dEp	-ha-q'ō'L knife	hwaL k	'âlt; n	Lk·'ēt	Nä'êLq Snot	7
hwal huX k'âlt. ( the name again one.		Lg îL l				8
NLk 'e qanēt-hwîla	lēmâts'îk'sa	ant al				9
Lgō-nts'ē'ts. NLk''ē La the grand- little mother. Then (perf		t dem (fut.)	hwîl l	k'ōpe-t'e a little	êst'ē'st.	10
NLK'ë La t'êst'ë'st. Then they were large.	NLk 'ēt		ī-d'ā'dēt ew-they y started	dem (fut.)	huX also	11
hwîl qalā'qdēt. HuX (verbal they played. Again noun)	dô'qdēL they took	gan. N	Lk 'et		ia'tsdēL hey struck	12
Let. TgonL se-hwa'de a ball. This made name	L walen-g	rigra't.	Cak t	sE-hwa	'detgê.	13
NLK'e a'lg'îxL nôxL Then said the tomother of			"Stop	m, Lg	ō'uLk <sup>u</sup> .	14
DAE Derry of	00 7					

B. A. E., Bull. 27—02——7

The Heaven took the whole tribe up. Long ago the children did the same thing that you are doing now. Therefore do not do so."

One day the children did so again. Their mother and the little grandmother were unable to stop them. Now they were young men. There were five young men and one girl. They were called Littlecrab-apple-tree, Little-sloe-bush, Little-spruce, Little-grindstone, and Snot; but the little girl was called Little-knife. They were playing all the time. They were very strong. The little girl was the sixth one. Now the Heaven heard them again when they started playing.

1 AmL dem ha'usem. Nilne'l gan lō-nô'ôsdet niä'en aL Therefore in were killed Good (fut.) you stop. your grandfathers Ne'Lgan men-gâ'ôdel qal-ts'a'p ts'Em-lax-ha'g'ê. 2 g'i-k'ō'L. aL Therelong ago. up went to in g'i-k'ō'L. 3 Hwîl hwî'lL k'ope-tk'e'lk" an-hwunsem al Qan what you do They did the same children at long ago. Therehwî'lsem." 4 g'ilô' dzē huX do so." do not on your part k·'ēlL 5 NLk 'e La huX sa. nık'ë huX hwîlL Then when again one day, then again did so 6 k'ope-tk'e'lkg'ê, skwāe't lä'lêL nô'xdet Lgö-ntse'tsdet. qanL stopped their mother them little their grand-mother. and the little children, she gave up K<sup>u</sup>stensâ'l NLk'e dax-g'ig'a'det Lā q'ap-q'aima'qsdēit. La (perf.) (perf.) they were real Five were strong young men. Then Lgō-dep-sgan-mē'lîk'sL k'ope-ē'uXt dē-k''â'lL Lgō-hana'q. hwaL little woman. Littlecrab-apple-tree men with one the name of Lgō-dep-sgan-sna'x 9 k·'â'ltg'ê. NLk 'e hwaL k ''â'ltg 'ê. NLk 'e Then Then Littlesloe-bush the one. one. name of k·'â'ltg ê. NLk 'e Lgō-dep-am-qä'ex 10 Lgō-dep-am-sä'êqs hwaL Littlethe one. Then Littlegrindstone name of NLk 'e k·'â'ltg'ê. NLk 'et k 'alt. 11 hwal Nä'ELQ hwaL Then Then Snot the one. one. the name of name of gane-hwîla NLk 'e hwaL Lgō-hana'qg'ê. 12 Lgō-dep-ha-q'o'L Then always Littleknife the name of the woman. Lā sem-dex-g'îg'a'tdēt. Ts'ōq'âldâ'ldêL t'êst'ē'sdet 13 qalā'qdēt La they were (perf.) very strong they were. The sixth one was they played when great 14 Lgō-hana'q. woman. little lax-ha'g'ê hwîl huX 15 NLk 'et huX nExna'L La the sky where (perf.) again Then heard again k'ope-tk'e'Lkug'ê. NLk'e ha'ts'îk'sEm huX 16 seťa'tkustl hēL

the

said

started

children.

Then

again

also

Then he sent the feathers. They came down again, soaring over the children. The eldest boy saw them and took them. He put them on his head and ran about, playing. Then his feet began to rise from the ground. The sky took him up. His younger brother, Little-sloebush, ran up to him, but his feet were lifted from the ground. He could not pull his brother down. When he felt that he was getting weak, he said, "Break, my roots!" and his feet left the ground. Then the Little-spruce-tree rushed up to them. He tried to keep his feet to the ground, but when he grew weak, he also said, "Break, my roots!" Then Little-grindstone rushed up to them, and suddenly there was a great mountain. He also tried to keep his feet down while the Heaven was pulling him upward. He did not move because the

NLk 'e qaq'ā'x'. huX dē-d'ep-yu'kt d'Ep-ma'gal lax'-o'L down he sent feathers. Then again also down they to on top of g'a'aL Lgō-sē'lg'ît. NLk''ēt huX gō'ut. k'ope-tk''ē'Lk". NLk 'et the eldest. children. Then saw it Then K . et lax-t'Em-qē'st. Qanē-hwîla lē-hē't'Ent k'ul-ba'xt al aL his head. Then on he put it at on Always about he ran qalā'qtg'ê. NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl huX iax'ia'qt Lā ha'ts'îk'sEm (verbal again it hung (perf.) came noun) NLk'ē huX iax'ia'qt. huX men-dô'qL lax-ha'g'ê. NLk 'ē dem again again took the heaven. Then he hung. Then up tq'ē'saal lgō-wa'k't lgo-dep-sgan-sna'x hwa'tg'ê. NLk 'et huX rushed to him his brother Littlesloe-bush Then he his name. also dexdô'qL NLk'e nî'g'ît huX daa'qLk"t. asîsa'ît. Skwäe't his feet. not also he succeeded. He gave up Then NLk'e Lat dē-dā'mgantg'ê. baqL dEm hwîl alî'sk"t. nLk'e also pull. Then when he felt (fut.) being weak, then "Lā a'lg'îxtg'ê: wuden-bîsbē'sL, wî'sdēîst." dem tgonL he said: "(Perf.) (fut.) along my roots," this tear, dē-lîslē'sk"L asîsa'ît. NLk'e huX NLk 'et tq'e'saas Lgō- 10 dē'va. Then also hung his feet. Then rushed to NLk'e huX NLk'e La dep-am-sä'êqs. skwa'et asîsa'ît. huX 11 Then also he gave up his feet. Then (perf.) a'lg'îxtg'ê. ā'd'îk'sk"L dem alî'sk"t. NLk''ē huX Tgonl het: 12 (fut.) weak. Then also he spoke. This he came said: "La huX wuden-bîsbē'sL, hwî'sdēîst hâ'u!" NLk''ē tq'ē'saas 13 "(Perf.) also along tear, my roots!" Then rushed to NLk 'e sā-hē'tk L wi-sqanë'st. NLk 'e Lgō-dep-am-qä'x. skwa'et 14 sud- stood denly a mountain. grindstone. Then Then he gave up dē-dā'mganl lax-ha'g'ê. Nî'g'î huX huX Lantkut aL hwîl 15 the heaven. Not also also pulling it moved because again

mountain was all stone, but after a while the mountain moved. Then Snot rushed up to them. He also stuck to the ground. The little girl was running about, rubbing her hands. She was called Little-knife. When Snot's feet were also lifted from the ground, she rushed up to them and climbed her brothers' heads until she reached the eldest one. Then she cut the feathers over her eldest brother's head. She cut them right in the middle, and the children fell down to the ground. They did not go up to the sky. The feathers always stayed on the eldest brother's head, and he was called Rotten-feathers.

Now Rotten-feathers and his younger brother went on all alone. They came to a town, and there Rotten-feathers married a woman. Then he returned to his own town, and there he stayed with her.

1 lô'op qan hwîlt. Sī-gō'n k·'ē huX Lantkut. NLk 'e tq'e'saas rushed to there- it did so. After a while also it moved. Then 2 Nä'êLq. NLk 'e NLk 'e ganē-hwîla tq'al-sa'k't. k'uL-ba'xL against Then about ran Snot. Then always stuck. At qä'êxL an'ô'nt. Lgō-dep-ha-q'o'L 3 Lgō-hana'qg'ê. She rubbed her hands, Littlethe Lā Nä'êLq, 4 hwa'tg'ê. NîL dē-lîslē'sk"L asîsa'îs k·'ē the feet her name. When also hung Snot, then Sem-men-vô'xgut 5 dē-tq'ē'saaL Lgō-hana'qg'ê. lax-qa-t'em-q'e'sL also rushed to girl. Very up she went on NLk 'et sa-xtse-q'o'tsit 6 g'îmx'dē'tk"tg'ê. K'e wagaît-men-da'ult. until up she went. Then quick-across she ly middle cut it her brothers. Then qaq'ā'x'g'ê. 7 wagait-lax-ō'L Lē k's-qâ'gum t'an goL the first one the feather. up to on top of who took K'e ha'ts'ik'sEm 8 NLk 'e xtse-q'ō'st. mak't aL lax-dz'ä'dz'îk's. they fell Then Then again to middle cut it. gane-hwîla Nî'g'i huX men-sa'k'sk"t lax-ha'. NLk 'e aL the sky. Then Not also up they went to 10 lē-hē'tk"L qaq'ā'x al lax-t'em-qē'st. NLk.'ē ā'd'îk'sk"L dem feather on his head. Then came on 11 hwa'des Lôgômîx'q'ā'x'. his name Rotten feathers. tgonl hwî'ldetg'ê; hwîl hwî'ldetg'ê. 12 NLk 'e semgal ām they did; they did. this very Then good q'am-k 'a'lL Lôgōmîx q'ā'x k'alL 13 NLk 'ē Lô'ôdet wak't qanL Then they went only one Rotten feathers and his brother qal-ts'a'p. NLk 'et 14 stēlt. NLk 'et hwa'dîL k ëll goul

one

NLk 'ë

Then

town.

dē-lō-ya'ltk"t

also he returned

Then he

his

aL

to

lep-qal-ts'a'pt.

town.

Then

he

at nak'sk"t.

married her.

accompanying.

15 hana'q,

a woman,

he found

NLk .'ēt	dē-d'ā't lâ	t. NLk		ā'd'îk sk"t	dem (fut.)	Lgō'uLkut.	1
NLk .'ē	Lgō'uLk ut,	tk 'e'Lgu a child		t Lgō'uLk <sup>u</sup> his chil		$\begin{array}{ccc} N_L k.\ddot{e} & _{L\bar{a}} \\ _{Then} & _{when} \end{array}$	2
wī-t'ē'st,	nLk·'ēt	he	hwas his name	neguâ'ôdet. his father.		ômix q'ā'x L Rotten-feathers	3
hwat.	NLk 'e qâ'ôc Then he w	det					4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For continuation, see page 234.

## K.'ELK"

[Told by Moses]

A number of children played camping every day. Many played this game in one large hollow log. They went into it and played that it was their house. They made a fire in it and ate there. They took a large quantity of provisions into the log. They ate salmon. They did so every day. One day when they were playing camping, the tide rose high and the large tree floated out to sea. The children did not know it. They were playing inside. Now the log had drifted far out to sea. Then one child went out, and he saw that the log had drifted

# K.'ĒLK"

- 1 Txanē'tk"L sa hîs-dzô'qsl k'ope-tk''ē'lk". Wī-hē'lt, q'am-k''ē'll Every day play- camping little children. Many, only one 2 wī-ga'n. Wī-lō-nô'ôl wī-ts'ä'wut. Wī-d'e'xl wī-ga'n. NL
- 2 Wī-ga'n. Wī-lō-nô'ôL wī-ts'ä'wut. Wī-d'E'xL wī-ga'n. NL large log. A in hole large inside. A large large log. Then
- 3 hwîl g'its'EL-qâ'ôdEL k'opE-tk'ē'Lk". NîLne'L hwî'lpdētg'ê
  where in went the little children. Then their house
- 4 wī-qalk·si-nô'ôm gan. NLk·'ēt lō-sī-me'LdēL laku lât. NLk·'ē large through hole of the tree. Then in they burn fire in it. Then made
- 5 huX txâ'xkudēt wī-hē'lL ts'ēle'mdet. Hân ts'ēle'mL gul-q'anē'tkuL also they ate many traveling provisions. Salmon the traveling provisions of
- 6 k'ōpE-tk''ē'Lk". Lā nak"L hwî'ldet aL txanē'tk"L sa, nLk''ē the little children. When long they did so every day, then
- 7 La huX t'est ak's Lā huX lō-dzô'qdet wī-ts'Em-ga'n. aL great (perf.) the (perf.) again the again in they camped in large in log. water was
- pta'lîk's. NLk 'e NLk 'e huX NLk 'e g'îg'â'k'sL wī-ga'n. Then again the water Then floated the Then large rose.
- 9 uks-o'lîk'skut. Nî'g'ît hwîlā'x'L k'ope-tk''ē'Lku. Yukl from land it not knew it the children. Beginning little
- 10 gwanEm-qalā'qdet aL lo-ts'ā'wuL wī-ga'n Lā hwagait-uks-dā'uL they were playing at in the inside of large (perf.) away from land it was to sea going
- 11 al hwagait-g·ī'ks lā uks-na'k"t. Nlk·'ē k'si-lô'ôtk"l k''âll at way off shore when from land far. Then out went one
- 12 Lgō-tk''ē'Lk". NLK''ēt g'a'at hwîl Lā hwagait-uks-o'lîk'sk"t aL little child. Then he saw where (perf.) away from it drifted to land to sea

away. Then all the children went out, and they cried. The log was drifting about in the ocean.

One of the children was wise. He saw gulls flying about, and then he returned into the hollow log and said, "Gulls are always sitting on top of us. What can we do to catch them?" Then one boy said, "Let us hit our noses, and we will rub the blood all over the log, then the feet of the gulls will stick to the log." They did so. They hit their noses until they bled. Then they rubbed the blood on the log. Then they entered the log again. Now many gulls came and sat down on the log. About noon their feet dried to the log. Then one of the boys went out. The gulls tried to fly away, but they could not do

hwagait-g'ī'îks. NLk''ē k'si-qâ'ôdel k'ope-tk''ē'lk". Nlk''ē way off shore. Then out went the little children. Then	1
sîgʻa'tk"dēt; qanē-hwîla sîgʻa'tk"det. NLK''ē k'uL-dā'uLL wī-ga'n they cried; they cried. Then about went the log large	2
aL hwagait-lax-sē'Elda. on way out on the ocean.	3
NLk''ē huX k'si-Lô'ôtk"L Lgō-hwîl-xô'ôsgum Lgo-tk''ē'Lk".  Then again out was put a wise little child.	4
NLk''ēt g'a'aL hwîl lēba'yukL qē'wun. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sEm flew gulls. Then again	5
lō-ya'ltkut al ts'ä'wul wī-ga'n. K''ēt mall: "Qanē-hwîla he returned to the inside of the log. Then he told: "Always	6
lē-hwa'nı qē'wun al lax-ō'Em. Aq-dEp-hwîlā'gut." Nlk''ē tgōn on sit gulls on top of us. What can we do?" Then this	7
hēL k''âlL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk": "Ām dep d'îsd'ē'sL qa-dz'a'gam, said one little boy: "Good we strike our noses,	8
nL dEm k.'ē ilä'êlaat, dEp dEm k.'ē mant al dāx'l then (fut.) they bleed, we will then rub at around	9
wī-ga'n. NL dem k''ē tq'al-hathē't ts'ōbä'qL qē'wun lâ'tg'ê." the log. (Fut.) then against stand the feet of the gulls on it."	10
NLk·'ē hwî'ldētg·ê. D'îsd'e'sdēL qa-dz'a'qdēt. K·'ē ā'd'îk·skuL Then they did so. They struck their noses. Then came	11
hwîl iLä'êLaat. NLk''ēt k''îlq'al-ma'ndēit aL wī-ga'n. NLk''ē (verbal they bled. Then round they rubbed on the log. Then large	12
la'mdzîxdēt al ts'ā'wul wī-ga'n. Nlk''ē ad'ā'd'îk'sk"l wī-hē'ldem they entered at the inside of the log. Then came many	13
që'wun. NLk''ë lë-hwa'nt lâ'ôt. K''ë tq'al-gulgwa'lukL asîsa'it. gulls. Then on they sat on it. Then against dried their feet.	14
La sem-bagait-d'ā'L Lôqs, nLk''ē huX k'saXL Lgō-k''ā-wī-t'ē'st.  When very middle was the sun, then again went out a really large.	15

so because their feet were glued to the log. Then the boy took hold of them and twisted off their necks. He killed many gulls and took them into the log. Then the boys were glad. They are the meat of the gulls and forgot that they were drifting about on the ocean.

The land was far away. They were on the edge of the ocean. One day they heard a great noise. The boys went out and, behold, they were drifting round in a whirlpool. Then they began to cry. The tree almost stood on its end, because the whirlpool was swallowing it.

While it was drifting there on end a man ran out to it. He had only one leg. He harpooned the great log and pulled it ashore. He hauled

- 1 NLk 'e lēba'yukL qē'wun. Nî'g ît daa'qLkudeL dem the gulls. Not (fut.) Then flew they succeeded qa-ts'ōbä'q'dēt al gan. 2 lēba'yukdētg'ê; tq'al-gulgwa'lk"L NLk 'e against were dried their feet on the log. 3 dôqL k''âlL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk 'et lo hal-t'uxt'a'ql t'em-la'nîx t in along he twisted little Then one boy. their necks took them wī-hē'ldem qē'wun. NLk 'et 4 gul-ganē'L lō-d'ep-dā'let al hwîl all gulls. Then in down he put them many NLk 'ë 5 nānô'ôl wī-ga'n. lō-am'ā'mL qagô'ôL k'ope-tk'e'lk". the hole of log. Then in good were the hearts of the little 6 G'ē'îpdeL sma'x'tg'ê Lā t'a'k'dēL hwî'ldetg'ê Lā hwagaitthey forgot what they did when far They ate meat (perf.) hwagait-lax-se'lda. 7 k'uı-dā'wîLdēit aL about they went at far lîg i-tsagam-dē'lpk dēt Nî′gʻi aL lîg'i-lax-ts'ä'L ak's. NLk 'e any- from sea way to land the the Then Not short at some- on k·'ēlL K .'ē huX dē-nexna'dēil wī-xstō'ntk". k'si-9 La Sa day Then when again one also they heard noise. out great k'ōpe-tk'e'lk". an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sku Gwinā'dēL, 10 Lô'ôL hwîl the Behold, the whirlpool boys. went noun) 11 lē-lō-d'ep-yu'kdet. NLk 'e ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl sīg a'tk dēit La Then (verbal they cried came when on in down dem Lôqk"L an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sk". wī-ga'n al
- 12 lō-d'ep-hē'tk"L wī-ga'n aL dem Lôqk"L an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sk".

  in down- stood the log to (fut.) swallow the whirlpool.
- 13 NLk''ē La lō-d'ep-hē'tk"t, dē-uks-ba'xL k''âlL g'a'tg'ê.

  Then when in down- stood, also from land ran one man.
- 14 Q'am-k''ē'lL asa'ēL g'a'tg'ê. NLK''ēt g'aLk"L wī-ga'n aL only one foot man. Then he harpooned large
- 15 qalā'st. K·'ēt tsagam-dā'mgantg'ê. NLk'ē tsagam-a'qLk"t.

  his harpoon. Then from sea he pulled it. Then from sea it to land reached.

it ashore. The boys were not dead. He had saved them. Then the boys went up to the house of the man. There were many boys. One-leg gave them to eat. The beach in front of the house smelled of seal. The man was spearing seals all the time at the edge of the whirl-pool. He watched for seals, and therefore he stayed there. There was also another man living there whose name was Hard-instep. He was much troubled, for he was jealous because One-leg had saved the boys. One-leg was spearing seals all the time, and he carried them up for the children. They ate, and they grew up to be young men.

After a while the children remembered those whom they had left behind, and they began to cry. Then One-leg asked the children why they cried, and they told him. Then he said, "The town of your fathers

Nî'g'i daXL k'ope-tk''ē'Lk". De-lē-mâ'tguL g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē 1 Not dead the boys. He saved them the man. Then	
bax-Lô'ôL k'ōpE-tk''ē'Lk" aL ts'Em-hwî'lpL g'a'tg'ê. Wī-hē'ltL 2  up went the boys to in the house of the man. Many	1
k'ope-tk''ē'lk". Nlk''ē yuk-txâq'ens Q'am-k''ē'lem asa'ē. lā 3 little boys. Then began fed them Only- one- foot. When	
iskul qa-g·ä'ut al ēlx qanēt-hwîla g·alkul g·a'tg·ê al 4 stench in front of the house of seals always speared them at	
lax-ts'ä'l an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sk". Nîl q'ap-lî'lg'ît qan dzôqt lât. 5 on the edge of the whirlpool. He watched it therefore stayed	
HuX k-'âlı g'at huX dzôqt al awa'at. Qâ'dem lax-snä'qsl 6 Also one man also stayed in his proximity.  Hard- on- instep	
hwa'tg'ê. NLk''ē sem-aba'g'ask's Qâ'dem lax-snä'qs. G'ask''L 7 his name. Then much troubled Hard- on- instep. Jealous was	
qâ'ôtt hwîl g'a'aL qabē'iL k'opE-tk''ē'Lk" dē-lē-mâ'tgus Q'am-k''ē'lEm 8 his when he saw how many the boys saved by Only- one-	Carlot Carlot
asa'ē. NLk''ē qanet-hwîla g'aLk''s Q'am-k''ē'lem asa'eL ēlx. 9 foot. Then always he speared only one foot seals.	
NLk 'e qane-hwîlat bax-hwî'lgaL k'ōpE-tk 'e'Lku. NLk 'e 10  Then always up he carried little children. Then	
qanē-hwîla txâ'xgut. La ā'd'îk'sk"L dem q'aima'qsit. 11 always they ate. (Perf.) they came (fut.) youths.	
NLk'ë La sī-gō'n, nLk'ët am-qâ'ôL k'ōpE-tk'ē'Lk' Lā 12  Then when after then they remembered the children (perf.)	1
qalā'ndēt. NLk''ē sîg'a'tk"dēit. NLk''ēt g'îda'xs Q'am-k''ē'lEm asa'ē 13 they left behind. Then they cried. Then asked Only- one- foot	
dza'gan sîg'a'tk"L k'ope-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt ma'Ldēit. NLk''ē 14 the children. Then they told. Then	
a'lg'îxs Q'am-k''ē'lem asa'ē: "Nî'g'î nak"L Lē ts'aps dep 15	

is not far. It is over there. To-morrow morning you shall start. You may use my canoe, which is at the end of the village." Early the next morning One-leg sent the boys, saying, "Take the cover off from my canoe. It is near by yonder." The children went, and grew tired walking about. They could not find the canoe. Finally they returned. Then One-leg asked, "Did you find it?" The boys said, "No." He sent them again, and they went; but again they grew tired walking about, but they did not find it. Again they returned. Then One-leg himself went. He went to a rotten tree that was there. It was covered with small branches. He took off the branches and they beheld a large canoe. It was made in the shape of a man, with a mouth at one end. It was the same at the other end. Its name was "Wâ'sE-at-each-end." It did not allow anything to cross its bow or its stern.

- 1 neguâ'ôden. Q'ai'yîm gōst. Dem sī-g'â'ôtk" nē'sem adzid'ā'tak".
  your fathers. Close by those. (Fut.) start you to-morrow.
- 2 Qal-g-â'l mā'lēdō dem hâ'hîsem dem dā'wul nē'sem By is my canoe (fut.) you use it (fut.) go you
- 3 adzid'ā'Lak"," NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L mEsā'x". NLk''ēt hashē'ts Q'amto-morrow." Then came daylight. Then sent them Only-
- 4 k.'ē'lem asa'ēl k'ōpe-tk.'ē'lk". "Adô', sem-sā-d'ā'lt lē â'del one- foot the boys. "Go on, very off put the cover of
- 5 māl. G·â'ô al q'ai'yîm dō." K·'ē sak·sk<sup>u</sup>l k'ope-tk·'ē'lk<sup>u</sup>.

  the litis at close yonder." Then went the children.
- 6 NLk''ē skwā'ēL k'uL-Lô'ôdet. Nîg'ît hwa'dēt. NLk''ē
  Then they gave about going. Not they found it.
- 7 lō-yîlya'ltk"det. NLk''ēt g'ē'dexs Q'am-k''ē'lem asa'ē: "Nē they returned. Then asked Only- one- foot: "Not
- 8 mesem hwa'da?" Nlk'et në'etk"l k'ope-tk'e'lk". Nlk'et did you find it?" Then said no the boys. Then
- 9 ha'tsîk'sEm huX hashē'tst. NLk''ē huX Lô'ôdet. HuX skwā'ēL once more again he sent them. Then again they went. Again they gave up
- 10 k'ul-lô'ôdet. HuX nîg'ît hwa'det. Nlk'ë huX yîlya'ltkudet.

  about they went. Then again they returned.
- 11 NLk'ë lep-iä'ês Q'am-k'ë'lem asa'ê. NLk'ë hagun-iä'êt al hwîl
- 12 sg'îl wī-anksî-sga'n. Lē-d'ā'l Lgo-ga'n lâ'ôt. Nlk'ēt sa-d'ā'll lay a rotten tree. On were little sticks on it. Then off he put
- 13 Lgō-ga'ng ê. NLk'è alō-d'ā'L wī-mā'l. G'atL mā'lg ê ts'em-ā'qL the sticks. Then open-there a canoe. A man canoe a mouth
- 14 an-gō'st. Nlk''ē huX hwîll an-gō'st. Lāx-wâ'sEl hwal one end. Then also it was the other end. At-Wâ'sE the name of

When a man crossed it, it ate him. Then One-leg said, "Don't pass in front of the canoe." And they obeyed because they were afraid. Then they put it into the water. It was a fine, large canoe. They put many seals aboard, which were to serve as food for the canoe. Then the boys went aboard. They fed the canoe. Its bow and its stern ate five seals each. Then the canoe went. After it had finished eating the seals it went very fast. Then they gave five seals more to the bow and five to the stern, and it went on again.

Finally the children landed at the town of their fathers. They went ashore. Their fathers and mothers and all their relatives were crying.

Then the boys came back. That is the end.

mā'lg'ê. Nî'g'ît mâ't'ent dem sqa-iä't lât. Tse da sqa-	1
the canoe. Not it let go any- (fut.) across went to it. If across the way the way	
yô'xk"L g'at, nLk''ēt g'ē'îpt. NLk''ē a'lg'îxs Q'am-k''ē'lem	2
went a man, then it ate him. Then said Only- one-	
asa'ē: "G'îlô' metsesem sqa-yô'xk"t," dēya' al k'ōpe-tk''ē'lk".  foot: "Don't you across go," thus he said to	3
Nık.'ē hwîlt. Laxbēts'ē'Xt. Nık.'ēt iaga-lô'ôdet ts'em-a'k's.	4
Then they They were afraid. Then down they in the did so. put it water.	
Wī-sem-k·'ā-ama mā'l tgō'stg·ê. Nlk·'ēt sīlō'kʰdēt al k·'ā-	5
Large very ex- good canoe that. Then they put in ex- ceedingly ceedingly	
wī-hē'ldel ēlx. Nlk''ē lep-dô'xl ts'ēlē'ml mā'lg'ê. Nlk''ē	6
many seals. Then its was 1 food the canoe. Then	
lō-magam-qâ'ôdel k'ōpe-tk''ē'lk". Nlk''ēt g'î'ndetl mā'lg'ê. in they went the boys. Then they fed the canoe.	7
little -	
K <sup>u</sup> stēnsl g·ē'îpl g·îtsäq al ēlx. Nlk·'ē huX k <sup>u</sup> stēnsl Five ate the bow seals. Then also five	8
g'ē'îpL anō-g'îlā'n. NLk''ē baxL mā'lg'ê aL lax-a'k's sem- the stern. Then went the canoe on the really	9
k·'ā-a'le-ba'xtg·ê. Q'am-LîLä'êxk"L ēlx. NLk·'ēt huX g'ē'ndetg·ê ex- fast it went. Only it finished eating seals. Then again they gave him to eat	10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11
NLk 'e huX ba'xtg'ê.  Then again it went.	12
NLk''ē k''a'tsk''tg'ê aL qal-ts'a'ps dep neguâ'ôL k'ope-tk''ē'Lk''.  Then landed at the town of their fathers the children.	13
NLK''ē k''atsk"t. NLK''ē wī-t'ē'sL hwîl sig'a'tk"L qa-nEguâ'ôtk"det Then they landed. Then much (verbal cried their fathers	14
qanL qa-nâ'nôxk"det qanL gul-ganē'L hwîlhwîlā'îsk"det. NLk''ē and their mothers and all their relatives. Then	15
gu'lîk's-ax'a'qLk"det. Sā'-baxt.  back they got. The end.	16

## THE SEALION HUNTERS

[Told by Moses]

There were four men—one of the Wolf clan, one of the Raven clan, one of the Eagle clan, and one of the Bear clan. They were great hunters. There were four rocks. The men went out in their canoes to these rocks, and when they arrived there they found the rocks full of sealions. The rock of one of the men was not full. He caught only two. The men of the Raven clan, of the Wolf clan, and of the Eagle clan caught a great many. Then the one man was ashamed because he had caught only two. The next time they started he came home

### THE SEALION HUNTERS

- K·'âlL nLk 'e huX k''âlL g'at. NLk 'e huX k·'âlL grat, , One Then man, then again one man. again one
- 2 g'at. NLk''ē huX k''âlL g'at. Lax-k'ebō' qanL qanha'da qanL man. Then again one man. A wolf clan and a raven clan man man
- 3 gʻîsbēwuduwe'da qanl lax-skī'yêk. Gwīx`-wô'el k'âll qanha'da.
  gʻîsbēwuduwe'da and an eagle clan man. A hunter was one raven clan man.
- 4 NLK''ē huX gwīx'-wô'EL k''âlL lax-k'ebō'. HuX hwîlL k''âlL Then again a hunter was one wolf clan was so one man.
- 5 lax-skī'yêk. NLk''ē huX hwîlL k''âlL g'îsbēwuduwE'da eagle clan man.

  Then again was so one g'îsbēwuduwE'da clan man.
- NLk 'e huX lô'ôp. D'āL NLk'e huX d'āL k·'ēlt. d'āL There a rock. Then again there another. Then again there
- 7 k.'ēlt. NLk 'e d'āL k·'ēlt. NLk 'e sī-lâ'tk"t. NLk 'et huX Then they started in their canoes. another. Then again there another. Then was
- 8 hwa'det. NLk''ē lē-metmē'tk"t aL t'ē'ben. Nî'g'idi lē-mē'tk"t they reached them.
- 9 al k''âll g'a'tg'ê q'am-t'Epxā'tl dēdaa'qlgutg'ê. K''ē at one man only two he got. Then
- 10 metmë'tk"L mmal al t'ë'ben, lax-k'ebō'g'ê qanl lax-skī'yêk
- 11 qanı qanha'da. Nık''ē dzâqı k''âlı g'a'tg'ê, hwîl q'amthe raven clan man. Then was one man, because only
- 12 t'epxā'tl dēdaa'qlgut. Nlk''ē huX sī-lâ'tkut, huX mîx'mā'x'l two he got. Then again they started, again they loaded

again almost empty handed. He had caught only one. Then he was sad.

One evening he started and stole the sealions that were on the rock of the man of the Wolf clan. When, the next morning, this man started there were no sealions on his rock. Then he knew that another person had stolen them. Therefore he carved the figure of a sealion out of wood and put it into the water. It was under water a short time and came up again and floated. Then he carved a sealion out of another piece of wood. He put it into the water, and again it floated. He tried four kinds of wood, but they did not prove to be good. Then he took a piece of hard wood, red in color like the skin of a sealion. He carved it and threw it into the water. Now it was very good. It did not become weak. He laid it on his own rock.

mmāl. the canoes.	NLk 'ē Then	huX again	qal-wî'tk"L empty handed was	gʻa'tg the ma	rê. Q'am-	-k·'ä′guL one	1
			'êpk <sup>u</sup> L qâ'ô ras sick hi hea	s			2
NLk 'ē Then	yu'ksa. evening.	NLk 'ë Then	sî-g·â'ôtk <sup>u</sup> he started.	t. NLk.	ēt lē'luksL he stole	t'ē'bEn sea- lions	3
lē-hwî'lt on it was	at lax-l	ô'ôpL l the rock of	ax-k ebő'. the wolf clan man.	NLk'ē s	sî-g â'ôtk <sup>u</sup> L started	gʻa'tgʻê.	4
Nî'g'i	lē-dô'xL on were	t'ē'bEn sea lions	aL lax-l	lô'ôptg ê.	Hwîlā'yît He knew	hwîlt (verbal noun)	5
lē'luksl stole them	gʻa'tgʻê. a person.	Qan There- fore	hwîlL lax	-k'ebō'. e man of woif clan.	K.'ēt dzāj	pL gan le a stick	6
hō'g'igaL	t'ē'ben	. K · 'ēt	lō-mā'k's in he put	sît al	ts'Em-a'k's.	NLk · 'ē	7
Lô'ôt. N	Nî'g'i na	ong (ver	bal it emerged.	nLk·'ē	k·sāqô'st. it came up.	NLk.'ēt	8
huX dz	zāpī hu made aga			NLk 'ēt	huX lō again in	-mā'k sît he put it	9
on in	n-a'k's. I	NLk 'e h	uX Lô'ôt.	TxalpxL Four	gan an-hy sticks what	wî'ntg'ê,	10
but not	am'ā'mt.	NLk 'ë Then	he he mad	e a hard	m gan, hv	ng red	
hō'g îgat.	anā'sL the skin of	t'ē'ben.	NLK'et	lō-mā'k's	sît aL ts'i	em-a'k's.	12
NLk.'ē s	sem dex-g	g'a'tt. N	î'g î huX Not again	alî'sk"t. it was weak.	NLk · 'ēt	lē-sg·î't	13
aL lep-l	ax-lô'ôpt. on his rock.						14

Now, the other person started again at night, intending to steal the sealions. When he came to the rock, he saw the sealion lying there. He took his harpoon and speared it. Then the sealion dived and swam away. (In former times harpoons were fastened to cedar-bark lines.) The man held the line and paid it out. For a long time the sealion dragged the canoe along, and the line was all paid out. Then the person tried to let it go, but the line stuck to his hands and the sea lion swam away with him.

It was four nights since he had left. For four days the sealion swam through the water. The man and his companions had lost sight of the mountains and they were far out at sea. The man was crying all the time. They went on for a long time—for ten days and ten nights.

1		huX sî-g			k.'âlL one	gʻa'tgʻê person	aL at	axk <sup>u</sup> .
2	Lē'lukst, He was a thief,	qan sî-ş	g·â'ôtk <sup>u</sup> t e started	aL at	axk <sup>u</sup> .		Lā (perf.)	huX again
3	hagun-yu'kt.		gʻa'at he saw		lē-sgʻi'ı on lay	t'ē'bEi sealion	n. Ni s. T	Lk.'ēt
4	gōl dāpxl took a har- poon.	. NLk 'ë	t gʻaLk	ut. N	Lk.'ē se	ō'uxsk <sup>u</sup> L dived	t'ē'bE	0
5			nL hwî s die	1	valen-gri	gʻa't: m ople: a	aō'lku cedar- irk rope	tsE
6	dä'xdēL dāp	no The	'ē laqt.	NLk Then	'ē dîx'-y	u'kL gra	e the	ō'lk <sup>u</sup> .
7	NLk.'ē La Then (perf.	lō-qâ'ôd	as Ti	k'ë	La nal	cuL t hw ng (verb nou	al caused	Lô'ôL it to go
8	t'ē'bEn mā'.	lg ê. NL	k·'ē цā			ō'lk <sup>u</sup> . N		baqL tried
9	grat dem	tqalē'L let go	maō'lk".	NLk	·'ē tq'al	-hē'tL r t stuck	nāō'lk <sup>u</sup> the line	aL at
10	ts'Em-an'ô'nı	gʻa'tgʻê the man.	. NLk.'ē	t qar	e-hwîla always	de-la'qL		
11	Nık·'ē d	lēdā'uL I	ā txalp	XL y	u'ksa. venings.	Nık'e	Lā tx:	alpxL
12	sa lē-hwî'l days on they w		lax-a'k's on water.		grit gra		qanë'st	
13	k'ut-gwâ'tk'u		n- (perf)		dēL la:	x-sē'lda.	Lō-hw In	va'nt;
14	qane-hwîla <sub>always</sub>		Hwä'i!		nak <sup>u</sup> L long			'apL
15	sa. NLk.'ē days. Then	k 'apl	sqä'êxk <sup>u</sup> .	NL	k 'e La en (perf.	huX s		aL

The sealion kept on going all the time. Now he went ashore at a distant country and they landed on a sandy beach. They pulled the canoe up and placed it under the trees. Then they sat down. Behold, early in the morning a canoe was coming. One small man was in the canoe, but he was using a large canoe. When he came opposite them, he rose. He held a line. Then he jumped into the water. For a short time he clubbed halibut under water, and then he took his line and strung them up. He caught many halibut, and had a long string. Then he emerged again. He took his canoe and went aboard. He put all the halibut that he had caught under water into the canoe. The men who were sitting under the trees saw what he was doing. He stayed in the canoe for a long time. Then he took his line a second time and dived. Again he clubbed halibut

qanet-hwîla de-Lô'ôl t'ē'beng'ê. Nlk''ē tsagam-a'qlk"det al 1 always caused it to the sealion. Then from sea they to land reached
hwagait-hwîl naku. NLk''ē g'â'ôdet aL lax-ā'us. NLk''ēt 2 long ways being far. Then they were at on the beach.
bax-sa'k'dēL māl. Hwagait-ma'qdēt aL spagait-ganga'n. NLk''ē 3 up they pulled the canoe. Away they put it at among trees. Then
hwa'ndēt. NLk''ē sem-hē'luk. Gwinā'dēl, māl lā ā'd'îk'sk"t. 4 they sat down.  Then really morning. Behold, a (perf.) came.
G'udā't Lgō-tk''ē'lk"; wī-t'ē's mālL hâ'ît, Lāt hwaL qa-g'ā'Xdēt. 5  One man a boy; a large canoe he used, (perf.) he in front of them.
NLk''ē lō-hē'tk"L g'a'tg'ê. Yu'kdēL maō'lk". NLk''ē sō'uqst. 6 Then in stood a person. He held a line. Then he dived.
NLk''ē dā'uLt aL ts'Eō'yuX qanL huX yu'kdet nî'g'i 7 Then he went at the bottom of the sea and again he held not
wī-na'k"t. NLk''ēt q'ax'q'aiā'nL txox' aL ts'Eō'yuX. NLk''ēt 8 very long. Then he clubbed halibut at the bottom of the sea.
gol mao'lk". Nlk'et sa-ge'det. Wi-he'll txox an-hwî'nt. 9  he the line. Then he made a string of them. Many halibut he made.
Wī-na'k"L qē'ttg'ê. NLK''ē g'a'bEnt. NLK''ēt gōL mālt, 10 Very long was his string. Then he emerged. Then he took his canoe.
nLk''ē lôgôm-ba'xt. NLk''ēt lôgôm-dô'qL txox' dzāpt aL 11 then into he went. Then into he took the what he halibut made
ts'Eō'yuX La lôgôm-qâ'ôt'Ent. G'a'aL g'at hwant aL 12 the bottom of (perf.) into he had taken the saw men the saw men
g'ile'lîx'g'ê. Nak''L lō-d'ā't aL ts'Em-mā'l. NLk''ēt huX gō'uL 13 inland. Long in he was at in the canoe. Then again he took
maô'lk". NLk''ē hatsem huX sô'uqsk"t. NLk''ē huX yukt 14 the line. Then once more again he dived. Then again he began

under water. Then the men who were sitting under the trees launched their canoe and paddled up to the canoe of the little man. One of them took two halibut, and they returned to the shore as quickly as they could. There they sat down. They had been sitting there a long time when the person emerged, holding in his hands a string of fish, which he had caught. He put them into his canoe; but now he missed two halibut. He put the fish into the canoe, and pulled up his anchor. Then he went ashore. He landed on the sandy beach, went up and found the four men, then he asked, "Who of you stole my halibut?" and three of the men said, "This one took them." They said so, pointing to their companion. Then the man took him by the feet, struck him against a stone, and killed him, because

1 q'aiā'nL ts'Eō'yuX. NLk 'et txox' tgön hwîlL g'a'tg'ê aL the bottom of the sea. clubbed halibut Then this did the persons g'îlē'lîx'. 2 hwant al Iaga-gō'utdel māl. NLk 'e uks-hē'tk"det Down they took to the beach sitting inland. Then from land they stood the canoe. NLk 'e 3 lôgôm-dô'qdēL t'Epxā'tL txox'. tsagam-lō-ya'ltk"det into they took halibut. Then they returned two from sea to land NLk 'e 4 aL sem-t'ē' Eldēt. hatsîk'sem huX hwa'ndēt quickly. Then once more they sat down at very also (perf.) 5 nak<sup>u</sup>L hwa'ndēt, nLk''ē g'a'bEnl yu'kdēL huX g'a'tg'ê. HuX again they sat, emerged the person. Again he held 6 qēt wī-hē'll txox'l huX dzāpt. NLk'et huX lôgôm-d'ā'tElL halibut again again many he made. Then 7 al ts'Em-mā'l. Gwât'Est t'Epxā'tL NLk 'et aL txox'. La at the He missed at two. halibut. Then when canoe. sa'g'îL nLk 'et k·'ē 8 lôgôm-qâ'ôdet, qadä'lept, tsagam-hē'tk"t. then he pulled up his anchor, from sea he stood. he put then them all, g'â'ôt NLk 'e lax-ā'us. NLk 'e bax-iä'êt. Hwa'yit aL hwîl Then he was the beach. Then He found on he where went. g'ē'dext: 10 hwanL g'a'tg'ê txalpxdâ'l. NLk 'et "Nē'sem t'an the men he asked: "You were four. Then who 11 dôqL txox'g'înā'?" Nık 'e "Tgon hēL gulâ'nL g'a'tg'ê: halibut perhaps?" Then the three "This one said men: dôqt." gō'uL 12 t'an Dehē'da k·'âlL Ldā'tēitg'ê. NLk 'et aL who took They said with them. Then he to one took 13 g·a'tg·ê. Dexdô'qL asîsa'ît NLk 'e ya'dziqLdet lô'ôp. qan aL

He took

his feet

and

struck him with

a stone.

Then

the man.

he had stolen the halibut. Now there were only three men left. Their companion was dead.

Then the man returned and landed at his town. He carried his halibut up to the house and said to his friends, "There are people on the other side of the bay. I killed one of them because he stole two halibut." The people said, "Call them." Then they sent a man to call them, and when they came the people gave them to eat.

There were many people. They were all of the same size. They were very small. The three men were by far the largest. They stayed there a long time. Then the people made wooden clubs, and said, "To-morrow we shall be attacked by warriors." The sky darkened, although it was not extraordinarily dark. Now, there was a

	'tg'ê, t hwîl				1
was dead the	man, ne being who	stole halibut	. Then	only three	
	ntg ·ê. Nô'ôL				2
men were	e left. He was	the one who was with them.			
Nr.k 'ë	lō-ya'ltk"L g'a		oʻatsk <sup>u</sup> t a	L gal-ts'a'p.	3
Then		man. Then			
Nyleda ba	as bushlessy tar	art or tolom	a hardle N	rleda marte	
Then be	x-hwî'lgaL txe	ox at ts En	the	Then he told:	4
	nam	out	nouse		
"Huwa'nL	g'at al an-da	i'. Dza'k"dēel	k-'âlt t l	nwîl lē'luksL	5
"There are	persons at the oth	ier I killed	one he l	being stole	
t'EDXā'tL	txox'. Nagan halibut. Therefore	hwîlā'gut."	Nık 'ë hë	L qal-ts'a'p:	6
two	halibut. Therefore	I did so to him."	Then sai	d the people:	
"Ām me	hūwô'ôt." Ni	koja sakiskut	t'an hūw	A/At Nrk-25	7
	call them."			them. Then	
	t. Nık.'ē yu				8
they came.	Then they b	egan to feed them.			
Wī-hē'lL	qal-ts'a'pg'ê.	NLk 'e nî'g'	i t'êst'ē'st.	Adīk·'ē'lēL	9
Many	people.	Then not	they were large.	The same size	
andEndē'it	Kee teste	ē'st. orat o		Hwä'i! Tā	10
how large.	K.'ē t'êst'e	were the	three.	Well! (Perf.)	
		persons			
nak"L hw	î'ldēt. NLk'ē did so. Then	tgonl hwill	qai-ts'a'pg'e	e. Dza'pdel	11
	se-ha-qalā'Xd	ēit. Nīk·'ē	tgönL hē'd	det: "Dem	12
sticks and	made clubs.	Then	this they	said: "(Fut.)	
ā'd'îk'sk"I.	orîtwi'ltku	adzid'āra'k"."	Nrk.'ē	ā'd'îk'sk"L	13
come	gʻîtwī'ltk" warriors	to-morrow."	Then	it came	
sqa exk"	aL lax-ha'. on the sky.	NI g I SEM-	wa ts a-sqa ex	Then	14
URIX	on the say.	not very	narily dark.	Then	
B. A	. E., Bull. 27-	-028			

Then

this

(Fut.) on our we try

part

said

16 Dem dē-ba'gam adzid'ā'lak"."

the men:

to-morrow."

"Not

Then

NLk'e hwî'ldet.

what you do.

La

they did so. When

mesā'x',

daylight,

great sandy point below the town. There was an open prairie there. Then many birds came—swans, cranes, geese, gray cranes, laughing-geese, ducks, blackbirds of the sea, ducks of Nass river, gulls, cormorants. They alighted on the prairie. Then the people rose. They took their wooden clubs and ran down right among the birds, and began to strike them. The feathers of the birds were flying about, filling the mouths and the noses of the people. Many of them died, and only a moderate number returned.

The three men did not join them. They looked at the fight. Then they said, "It is not difficult to fight with the birds. Let us try to-morrow." They did so. At daybreak the birds arrived and sat

1 uks-hē'tk"L wī-lax-ā'us al qa-g'ī'ksîl ts'ap qanl wī-lax-ha'p'esk". from stood land to sea a beach in front of the town and at ā'd'îk'sk"t NLk 'e wī-hē'lt lîks-g'ig'a'tL hwîl ts'ō'tsg'ê. Then being unusually many birds. many 3 Qa'q tgon, qada'lq tgon, ha'q tgön, q'asqâ'ôs tgön, sand-hill those, those, those, geese cranes those, Swans 4 Lē'wun tgön, sem-ts'ō'tsem lax-mô'ôn tgon, tgon, naxnā'x birds laughingthose, ducks those, real on the sea those, që'wun hā'uts 5 amg'ä'g'îm tgon. Lē'sems tgön, tgön. sawbills of those, gulls those, those. Nass river sagait-k 'e'ElL wī-lax-ha'p'Esk". NLk 'e 6 NLk 'e hwant aL. the on all together sat down Then Then on 7 haldem-gô'ldel ga'ng ê gal-ts'a'p, vu'kdēL La dzā'pdēt. the people, they took the sticks (perf.) they made. NLk 'e 8 Ha-q'alā'XL hwa'tg'ê. wi'd'axdēt. NLk 'e Lwa'ik'ck"dēt their name. Then Clubs Then they ran. they were mixed 9 ts'ō'ots. K.'ē lîk's-g'at qabē'iL qal-ts'a'pg'ê. NLk 'et ia'tsdet. they struck them. people. Then the birds. many several NLk 'e 10 NLk 'ē lō-me'tk"L mētk°L lax'L ts'ō'otsg'ê. Lē down of birds. Then full Then were scattered qanL ts'Em-dz'a'qt txanē'tk"L g'a'tg'ê. NLk 'ē 11 ts'Em-ā'qt the mouths the people. Then and the noses all gō'stg'ê. Q'am-ā'mL 12 daXt; sem-lîk's-g'a'dem qāgâ't dEp very different minds (plur.) those. Only a fair they were; 13 gabē'îl helya'ltgut. number returned. NLk 'e hwî'ldetg'ê q'am-a'lgall gulâ'nl g'at. hēlL aL 14 La only looking on the three they did so many at 15 NLk'e tgonl hel g'a'tg'e: "Nî'g'idi qaqe'tk"l an-hwî'nsemest.

down on the prairie. They called it war. The birds did not come there to feed. Then the three men ran down. They did not take any clubs, but they just took the birds and twisted off their necks. They did so and accomplished a great deal. Not one of the men was dead, but they killed a great many birds. Then the people were glad. They are called G'ilg'inā'mgan.¹ The three men had killed almost one-half of the birds. The birds came there for one month. Then they left. Now the people resolved to take pity on the three men. They did so, and sent them back to their own town. They returned, and that is the end.

nlk'ë la huX ā'd'îk'sk"l ts'ōts. Nlk'ë huX hwant al 1 then (perf.) again came birds. Then again they sat on down	
wī-lax-hā'p'esk". G'îtwî'ltk"t se-hwa'tdētg'ê, al k''ē nî'g'î 2 the on grass. War they call it, then not	
hwîlt q'ap-txâ'xk"L wī-hē'ldEm ts'ōts. NLk''ē dē-wi'd'axL 3  did really eat many birds. Then on ran their part	
q'am-gulâ'nı g'a'tg'ê. Nî'g'îdi dô'qdēl ha-q'alā'X. Q'am-dô'qdēl 4 only the three men. Not they took the clubs. Only they took	
ts'ōts. K''ēt q'am-lo-haL-t'uXt'a'k"det; txanē'tk"L an-hwî'ndet. 5	
Sem-xstā hala'elisîl gulâ'nl g'a'tg'ê. Nî'g'îdî nô'ôl k'âlt. 6 Very gain their work the three men. Not dead one.	
Qala'bel hwîl lîk's-g'ig'a'l ts'ō'ts. Nlk''ē lō-am'ā'ml qagâ'otl 7 As many different kinds of birds. Then in good were the hearts of	
qal-ts'a'p. G'îlg'înā'mgan hwal qal-ts'a'pg'ê. Lā wī-hē'll 8 the people. G'îlg'inā'mgan the name the people. (Perf.) many	
hwîll gulâ'nl g'a'tg'ê la dem dōx-sē'luksk"l ts'ō'ots 9 did the three men (perf.) (fut.) almost half birds	
at ia'tsl q'am-gulâ'nl g'a'tg'ê. K''ēll lôqsl hwîl ts'ō'ots. 10	
NLk 'e qâ'ôdetg 'ê. NLk 'e se-gâ'ôtk 'L qal-ts'a'p aL dem 11 Then it was finished. Then resolved the people to (fut.)	
q'am-qâ'ôdît at gulâ'nt g a'tg ê. Ntk ê hwî'ldētg ê. 12 take pity on the three men. Then they did so.	
Dē-ya'ltkudet al lep-qal-ts'a'pt. Nlk''ē gulîk's-ax'a'qlkudēt. 13 They returned to their town. Then back they reached.	
NLk.'ē sa-ba'xt. Then the end.	

¹ The Kwakiutl have the same legend. They call the tribe of dwarfs G'ing'inā'nɛmis, i. e., children of the sea. The Tsimshian name is evidently a phonetic distortion of the Kwakiutl word, so that it seems probable that this whole tradition, which is so remarkably alike to the ancient legend of the pygmies and the cranes, is of Kwakiutl origin (see F. Boas, Indianische Sagen von der nopd-pacifischen Küste Amerikas, pp. 88, 192).

## SMOKE-HOLE

[Told by Moses]

There was a man who never slept in his house. He always lay at the edge of his smoke-hole. Therefore he grew exceedingly strong. When he went to gather firewood, he pulled out a whole tree and carried it home on his shoulder. In the evening, when he had eaten, he went up and lay down at the edge of the smoke-hole. He never lay down in his house. Therefore his name was Smoke-hole. Nobody could carry what he was able to carry. He always carried firewood on his shoulders. He carried whole trees on his shoulders.

#### AM'ALA'

#### SMOKE-HOLE

1	Yu'ksa. Evening.	NLk 'ë	nîgʻidi	lō-g·ä'êL in lay	1700		s'Em-l	wî'lp;
2	lax-ts'ä'L on the edge of	ala' h the smoke- w	wîl dē-g	·īg·ä'êL aL lways lay at	txanē'tk	uL yu'l		NLqan There- fore
3		hwîl		NLk.'ē		NLK Then		sô'adîL pulled out
4	· ·		k·'ēt hul hen agai	X txā-qō'l	tsegat.	NLk.'ē Then	q'am only	huX again
5	Lä'êxk <sup>u</sup> t. he finished eating.	NLk 'e Then		yu'ksa. evening.		huX again		lā'uLt. he went.
6	NLk 'e h	uX gʻä'êı		-ts'ā'L ala'.  the the smoledge of hole.		g 'ä'êLt he lay down	t aL	ts'Em-
7	hwî'lp.	NLqan Therefore	hwatas his name was	Am'ala'. Smoke-hole.	Nîg idit	gō'uL took	grat a persor	on his
8	gō'udet.	Qanēt-hw Always	îla txa-q	alqō'tsEgaL he carried on shoulder			saqdēL rried on ulder	gan. trees.

#### Ts'AK'

#### [Told by Moses]

There was a boy named Ts'ak' and his old grandmother. They had a small house, and a small brook was running near by. There were salmon in the brook. Ts'ak' went down carrying a stick with a bone point, and speared the salmon. He got a great many. Then he made a rope of cedar twigs and strung them up. Then Ts'ak' went up the little river and caught many salmon. Then he returned, but he did not find the string of fish that he had placed in the water. He had lost it. Then he was sorry, because the great Grizzly Bear had eaten all the salmon which he had strung on the cedar twigs. He said, "Big drop-jaw Grizzly Bear has done this." Then the great Grizzly

# Ts'AK'

K.'âlı	Lgo-tk'ě	E'Lkug ê	Ts'ak'L	hwa'tg'ê	dē-k 'é	î'lı Lgo-	nts'ē'etst.	1
One	little	boy	Ts'ak	his name	with on	e little	grand- mother.	
NLk 'ë Then	hētk <sup>u</sup> L (there)	Lgo-hw	vî'lpdetg'	ê. NLI	ĸ∙'ē en	baxL ran	Lgo-a'k's  a water little	2
aL awa'	adetg ê	hwîl	mē'siL	hân.	Nık.'ē	iä's		3
			river					
yu'kdîL he carried	gan	hwîl	lē-d'ā'L	nā'tstg	·ê. N	ık.'ēt	g'alk"L	4
	STACK			Promise.	G			
hân, wī- salmon,	hē'ldeL many	daa'qL	gutgrê.	NLk.'ē	t'ak"L	q'âqL.	NLk.'ēt	5
k 'ax-sa-q	ē'detg'ê.	NLk.	ē huX	gali-iä'	s Ts'a	k aL	magâ'nL up river of	6
Lgo-a'k's.	NLk'ě	et g'ar	kul wî	-hē'ldeL	hân.	Hwä'i!	Nık'ë	7
La lō-ya	'ltk"t.	NLk'ē	nî'g it	hwaL he found	hwîl where	lay in	qēttg ·ê.	8
Gwâtk <sup>u</sup> L It was lost	qëttg d	R. NLI	k·'ē ā'd	'îk'sk"L	hwîl being	lō-si'êpk in sick the	uL qâts heart of	9
Ts'ak',	al hwî	l iä'êı se went	wī-lig	'ē'Ensk <sup>u</sup> L rizzly bear	t'an who	dzaL ate all	hân Lē the (perf.)	10
k's-qâ'gur	n g'a'Ll	tutg'ê,	nık.'ē I		det ar	q'âqL.	Nık'ë	
a'lg'îxs '	Ts'ak:	"La		ēl wī-tk	·'aā'gat	, t'an	hwîlā'gut	12

Bear came down and said to Ts'ak', "Why do you scold me?" Ts'ak' replied, "Why do you eat all the salmon I catch?" Then they began to scold each other, and the great Grizzly Bear said, "I shall snuff you in if you say 'Go ahead." Then Ts'ak' said, "Go ahead." At once the Grizzly Bear snuffed him in, and Ts'ak' was in his stomach. Ts'ak' carried a strike-a-light, pitchwood, and tinder. He was in the stomach of the great Grizzly Bear, but he was not afraid. He struck his firestones and made a fire of pitchwood in the great Grizzly Bear. Now there was a great fire. The great Grizzly Bear ran about, and smoke came out of his mouth. Before long he fell

- 1 wī-lig·'ē'Ensku,'' an-hē'tg·ê. NLk·'ē nā-iä'L wī-lig·'ē'Ensku. NLk·'ē the grizzly bear,'' what he said. Then out of he woods went great Then
- 2 a'lg'îxt as Ts'ak': "Ā'go ma gan hak'siî'st?" NLk''ē a'lg'îxs he said to Ts'ak': "What you for scold me?" Then said
- 3 Ts'ak: "Ā'go ma gan dzaLt hân Lē dzā'bēE?" NLk''ē yuk
  Ts'ak: "What you for eat all the (perf.) I made?" Then beginning
- 4 men-he'tdetg'ê qanl wî-lig''ê'ensk". Nel qan hel wî-lig''ê'ensk":

  to each they spoke and the grizzly bear. Therefore said the grizzly bear:

  great
- 5 "Nē'mts'axkuēg'a nē'En, 'Hwä'i! gwôm' mē'yaan," dē'yaL
  "I snuff in maybe you, 'Well! go ahead,' say so," thus said
- 6 wī-lig·'ē'Ensku as Ts'ak. NLk·'ē hēs Ts'ak: "Hwä'i! gwôm!"
  the grizzly bear to Ts'ak. Then said Ts'ak: "Well! go ahead!"
- 7 dē'yas Ts'ak al wī-lig 'ē'ensk". Nlk 'ē nē'mts'axk"t. Tgōnl said to the grizzly bear. Then he snuffed him in. This
- 8 hēl wī-ligʻe'ensku. Nlkʻe lō-d'ā's Ts'ak al ts'em-qalâ'sl said the grizzly bear. Then in was Ts'ak at in the stomach of
- 9 wī-lig·'ē'Ensk". K'uL-yu'kdets Ts'ak· Lgo-qa'mdem lô'ôp qanL the grizzly bear. About he carried Ts'ak· little fire stones and
- x'da'ask". NLk 'ē. lō-d'ā's Ts'ak 10 sg'înî'st La aL qanL Ts'ak and tinder. Then. when in was pitchwood at
- 11 ts'Em-qalâ'sL wī-lig''ē'Ensk", nLk''ē nîg'ı alî'sk"L qâts Ts'ak'.

  in the stomach of great the grizzly bear, then not weak the heart of the heart of
- 12 NLk''ēt ôx's Ts'ak' Lgo-qa'mt. NLk''ē melt. Nlk''ēt lō-se-
- 13 me'lel sg'inî'st al ts'ä'wul wī-lig''ë'ensk". Nlk''ë wī-t'ë'sl burn pitchwood at the inside the grizzly bear. Then was great
- 14 hwîl melt. Nlk''ē q'aspē' k'ul-ba'xl wī-lig''ē'Ensku. K'si-yô'xkul where it burnt. Then astray about ran the great grizzly bear. Out went
- 15 mēyē'nı ts'm-ā'qt. Nîg'i nak"ı hwîlt, k''ē wī-sa-gō'usk"t. Wī-smoke of in his mouth. Not long hedid so, then the fell down. The great one

little his grandmother.

down dead. Then Ts'ak came out at his anus. He ran about at the place where lay the great Grizzly Bear whom he had killed.

Then he returned. He strung up his salmon, and went to the little house of his grandmother. Ts'ak' said, "Grandmother, I killed a great Grizzly Bear. It is in the woods. Give me your little fish knife." His grandmother said, "You are a liar, slave! You are fooling me." Ts'ak' replied, "Grandmother, it is true." Then his grandmother gave him her little knife, and accompanied him toward the place where the great Grizzly Bear lay. He cut it, and she carried the meat all day long. Now they had brought it down and placed it on the drying sticks. Then Ts'ak' went into the woods to cut fuel. He carried a little stone ax. Then he cut firewood. He and his grandmother were very glad.

nô'ôt. Nık''ē	k·si-yô′xk <sup>u</sup> s			'Em-q'â'ltg'ê	к. 'ē	1
was Then dead.	out went	Ts'ak	at	in anus.	Then	
k'uL-ba'xs Ts'ak	La sg'il.	wī-lig·'ē'	ensk <sup>u</sup> d	za'k <sup>u</sup> detg'ê.		2
about ran Ts'ak	when lay	the grizzly	y bear	killed.		
Nık 'ë lō-ya'lt				iä't aL	awa'aL	3
Then he retur	ned. He stru	ing the salmo		he to went	the prox- imity of	
Lgo-hwî'lps nēts'	ē'etst. NLk	'ē tgōn	hēs Ts'	a'k'g'ê: "I	Dzē'Ets!	4
the house of his g	grand- Then ther.	this	said	Ts'ak':	'Grand- mother!	
Yuk nēe dzak <sup>u</sup> t	wī-lig''ē'Ens	sk <sup>u</sup> . La	sg'ît ai	gʻilē'lîxʻ.		5
Just I killed	a grizzly bea	r. (Perf.)	it lies in	in the woods.	Give me	
Lgo-ha-q'ō'Lnîst."	NLk.'ē a'l				xa'E,	6
little your fish knife."	Then	said	his grand- mother:	"You lie,	slave,	
huX sidô'gang'a		Nrk.'ē a	'lg'îxs	Ts'ak:: "I	Ozē'ets,	7
again you fool maybe	me."	Then	spoke	Ts'ak:	Grand- nother,	
sem-hô'!" Nlk.	et g'înā'ms	s ndzē'ı	ets Ts'	ak'L Lgo-b	a-q'â'L.	8
it is true!" Then	gave	the gran	nd- Tr	s'ak a little	fish knife.	
Nık.'ē iä'êt stēl-						9
Then she accom- went panyin	his grand- to mother	the prox- imity of	where	lay the griz	zly bear.	
	'ēt nā-hwî'l		smax't	al wī-sa'.	Nık'e	10
Then she the spread it,	hen out of she ca woods	rried the	meat	at all day.	Then	
nā-qâ'ôdet. NLk	·'ēt lē-lē'sk			Nık.'ē ii	i'êt al	11
out of they The woods finished.	n on they hung	it on	on drying sticks.	Then he	went to	
gʻilē'lîx', lak"L	dzāpt. Yu'k	cuder ra	o-dawī'sE	m lâ'ôp.	NLk 'et	12
in woods, firewood	he made. He c	arried a	ax	stone.	Then	
daa'qık"t, dzāpı	la'k <sup>u</sup> g'ê. N	ık 'e ser	ngal lō-ā	i'mı qâ'ôde	t qanı	13
he got it, he made	firewood.	Then v	ery in a	good his heart	and	
Lgo-nets'ē'Etst.						14

15 lō-yîlya'ltk"t.

they returned.

Now there was a town on the opposite side of the river. In the morning Ts'ak rose and took some coals. He chewed some tallow and entered the house of the chief. It was full of people who were gambling. Ts'ak spit into the fireplace. Then his saliva blazed up. One man said to Ts'ak ', "What are you chewing there?" Ts'ak replied, "The penis of a little dog." The man then said, "Spit into the fire again." Ts'ak spit into the fireplace, and the fire blazed up. The people took hold of Ts'ak; they took a rope. There stood a tree to which they tied him. Now he was somewhat troubled. Then many people rushed to the house of his old grandmother and ate all the meat that was in it. Nothing was left. They ate all. They were the Wolves. Now they returned and untied Ts'ak. They sent him out

NLk 'e hētk<sup>u</sup>L qal-ts'a'p an-dâ'sda. NLk 'e hē'Luk, aL morning, Then (there) a town the opposite side. Then at stood 2 nlk'ē K.'e qam-t'ō'ts. g'în-hē'tk"s Ts'ak'. dôqL NLk 'et he then rose Ts'ak'. Then coals. Then NLk 'ë hwîlpl sem'â'g'ît. Lō-mē'tk"L 3 që'enl hîx'. ts'ent aL the house fat. Then in the chief. In chewed entered Ts'ak Hē'-yukL xsa'ndet. NLk 'e ts'ēts 4 grat lât. aL people in it. Beginning they played. Then spat Ts'ak in NLk'e melme'l ts'e'det al ts'em-an-la'k". Nlk'e 5 ts'Em-an-la'k". Then the Then · burnt his at in the fireplace saliva fireplace. "Ago'L Ts'ak'. Ētk<sup>u</sup>ts Ts'ak: k''âlL g'at 6 a'lg'îxL as He was one person Ts'ak'. Ts'ak": "What to "Nē," Lgo-o's." 7 qagä'nen?" dē'yas Ts'ak'. "q'âL "Hwä'i! "the dog." "This," "Well! are you chewing? Ts'ak', said little penis of 8 Gwôm, ts'ētl." Nlk'ēt lō-ts'ē'tes Ts'ak ts'Em-an-la'k". Hwä'i! the fireplace. spit it." Then he in spat it Ts'ak Well! NLk 'et 9 NLk'ē wī-t'ē's hwîl mē'LEL lak". gō'uL wī-hē'ldEm Then great burnt fire. Then where maō'lk". NLk 'e hētk"L K.'ēt gō'udēL 10 grat Ts'ak'. gan, (there) they took Then Ts'ak . Then a rope. tree, 11 nel hwîll tq'al-deda'k'ldets Ts'ak'. NLk'e k'o'pe-sem-ha'xk"t. where against they tied Ts'ak'. a little much Ts'elem-ha'pdēl Lgo-hwî'lpL 12 Nek.'ē hā'p'aal wi-hē'ldem g'at. they rushed people. Into house of Then many Ts'ak'. NLk 'et sem-dza'ıdel smax'. Nîg'i 13 nets'ē'ets very they ate all the meat. Not Ts'ak Then K·'êbō' dep gō'stg'ê. NLk 'e 14 q'am-ma'nt, semgal txa-dza'Ldet. Then only all they ate Wolves those. very

sa-go'udets

off they took

NLk et

Then

Ts'ak'.

Tsak.

NLk 'et

Then

k'si-hē'tsdet

out they sent

of the house and he returned to his grandmother. When he entered their little house, all the meat was gone. Then they cried. Ts'ak' and his grandmother had no food. They were crying all the time.

In the evening Ts'ak's grandmother was fast asleep. Then he took his knife and cut out her vulva. He roasted it. When it was done, he roused her and said, "Grandmother, awake! Your meal is done. There was a little of the meat left over, and I roasted it." His grandmother rose and ate it all. Then Ts'ak ran out and made a song on his grandmother: "Grandmother ate her own little vulva! Grandmother ate her own little vulva! Then his grandmother shouted to Ts'ak', "Don't enter my house again, slave!"

Now Ts'ak walked about outside. His grandmother did not let

al g'alq. Nlk'ë lö-va'ltk"ts Ts'ak' al awa'as nets'ë'Etst. 1

to outside. Then returned Ts'ak to the prox- imity of mother.	
NLK'ë ts'ënt al little their house. Nîg'i haik"l smax'. K'ë  Then he at little their house. Not was left meat. Then	2
sîg'a'tk"s dep Ts'ak' qans nets'ē'Etst, aqL-g'ē'îpdet. NLk''ē eried (plur.) Ts'ak' and his grand- mother, with food they. Then	3
qa'nē-hwîla sigʻa'tk <sup>u</sup> det.  always they cried.	4
NLk'ë yu'ksa. Sem-q'â'tsext nets'ë'êts Ts'ak al wôqt.  Then evening. Very motionless the grand-mother of the mother of the grand-mother of the gra	5
NLk 'et go'us Ts'ak ha-q'o'l. NLk 'et k'si-q'o'tsl mens took Ts'ak a fish knife. Then out he cut the vulva of	6
nets'ē'Etst. NLk''ēt iâ'ôdEt. NLk''ē La a'nukst. NLk''ēt his grand- mother. Then he roasted Then (perf.) it was done. Then	7
gu'ksaans Ts'ak nets'ē'Etst. NLk''ē hēs Ts'ak: "Dzē'Ets awakened Ts'ak his grandmother. Then said Ts'ak: "Grandmother.	8
gū'ksgun! yukl la anu'ksl iâ'ēE. Māna'al lgo-sma'x: Nîlne'l awake! it begins (perf.) is done what I roast. That	9
iâ'dēe." NLk''ē g'în-hē'tk"s nets'ē'Ets. NLk''ēt g'ē'îpt, nLk''ēt the grandmother. Then she ate it, then she	10
dzalt. Nlk''ē k'si-ba'xs Ts'ak'. Nlk''ēt se-lē'mx's nets'ē'ets't:  ate it all. Then out ran Ts'ak'. Then he a his grand- made song on mother:	11
"Yā'E, lEp-g'ē'bEdas dzē'Edzē Lgo-lEp-tq'al-mē'nt. Yā'E, lEp- "Ya'E, herself she ate it my grand- mother little her against vulva. Yā'E, her- self	12
gʻē'bedas dzē'edzē Lgo-lep-tq'al-mē'nt." NLk''ē wī-amhē't nets'ē'Ets she ate it my grand- mother own Then shouted the grand- mother of	13
Ts'ak: "G'îlâ' dzē huX ts'ē'nen, xa'e!"  Ts'ak: "Do not again come in, slave!"	14
NLk''ë qanë-hwîla k'uL-iä'Es Ts'ak' aL g'ā'leq. Nî'g'i Then always about went Ts'ak' at outside. Not	15

him in again. She felt ill at ease because her vulva had been cut off. It grew dark. Then Ts'ak' took a stick and went down to the beach. It was low water. He walked about on the sand and looked for cockles, which he wanted to eat. He was crying because he had nothing to eat.

Behold, he saw a man coming up to him who asked, "Why are you crying?" Ts'ak replied, "The Wolves have eaten all the meat that we had for our food." The man said, "Oh, indeed! Why don't you take revenge?" Then the man put his hand under his blanket and pulled out a hollow bone. He said, "Now go across the river; there you will find a knothole. The daughter of the chief is in the

- Q'am-ab'abā'gas nets'ē'Ets Ts'ak hwîl 1 ts'elem-anâ'els nets'ē'etst. the grand-mother of allowed his grand-Only troubled Ts'ak into mother. was ā'd'îk'sk"L 2 k'si-nē'iL NLk 'e dem hwîl yu'ksa, ment. La (fut.) being out being her vulva. Then (perf.) came evening, NLk 'e Ts'ak'L gan. iaga-iä'êt al g'a'u 3 nlk et gō'us down he then he took Ts'ak Then a stick. of the house went NLk 'e 4 sem-sg'î'l ak's. k'uL-haL-iä'êt aL lax-ā'us; t Then about along he on the really lies (low water) at he water. qabâ'q g'ē'îbet; k'uL-wīyē'tk"t hwîl 5 k'ul-g'îg'ē'ElL dEm aL about looked for cockles (fut.) his food; and about he cried being 6 aqL-g'ē'îbet, nēl qan hēt. therefore he said withfood. out qâqt. Hwä'i! Gwinā'dēL, g'at ā'd'îk'sk"t NLk 'e a'lg'îxL aL Then his said Behold, a man came front. hahē'nîst?" NLk''ē dē'lemexk"s Ts'ak: 8 g'a'tg'ê: "Agō'L qan are you talk-Then answered Ts'ak": the man: "What for ing? g'ē'îbem." NLk 'e hēL 9 "Yuk-dza'L k·'êbō' smax' La dem the (perf.) (fut.) our food." said the wolves "Â, ana'!" dē'ltkunēn NLk 'e 10 gʻa'tgʻê: Hwä'i! tsE net! do!" Then Well! reciprocate "Ah, indeed! NLk 'et sag'îL ts'ep ts'Em-lax-â't. 11 lō-na'k<sup>u</sup>sl g'a'tg'ê aL on blan Then he pulled a bone the man at in stretched ket. "Tgōn ts'ä'wut. tsE hwî'len: TSE tsaga-Le its inside. ' This do: Across through a hole D'āL tse k''ē' g'a'aL hwîl nanô'ôl an-t'Em-anë'st.
- 12 qalk si-nô'ôL 13 ià'nēn, me holes knothole. It is you then see where go.
- k·'ē' q'alā'nL hwî'lbest. ME tse 14 Lgō'uLkuL sem'â'g'it aL the house. You then the chief at the rear of the child of
- TSE sem-na-hē't'enen 15 ts'elem-hē't'ent an-t'Em-ane'st. aL aL Very down place it on the knothole. into place it in

rear of the house. Put this tube through the knothole. Aim right at the heart of the chief's child. Then blow through it." Ts'ak did so. The bone struck the heart of the chief's child. Then the chief cried, thinking that his child would die quickly. They sent for many shamans (they are the ones who cure disease), but they did not succeed. Then Ts'ak said to his grandmother, "Go on, Grandmother, and tell them that I will cure her." But Ts'ak was not a shaman. His grandmother left. She entered the chief's house and said to him, "That slave talks nonsense again. He says he will cure the child of the chief." Then the foolish people rushed up to her and threw her out of the house, because Ts'ak was not a shaman. That was the reason why they did so. Ts'ak sgrandmother went to the little house, and as soon as she saw Ts'ak.

qâ'ôdel Lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'it. Me tse k''ē' qalk'si-suwa'nt." 1 the heart the child of the chief. You then through blow."	
NLk''ē hwîls Ts'ak'. NLk''ē hētk"L ts'ēp aL qâ'ôdeL 2	3
Lgō'uLkuL sem'â'g'it. NLk'ē La hētkuL ts'ē'pg'ê. K'ē 3 the child of the chief. Then (perf.) stood the bone. Then	3
ayawā'tk"t. Wī-t'ē's hwîl ayawā'tk"t. T'ēlL dem q'â'tsigat. 4 she cried. Great being her crying. Quickly (fut.) she dies.	ŧ
NLk 'e qaqâ'ôdet wi-he'ldem halai't. Nelne' t'an suwa'nt. 5	5
K.'ē nî'g'i daa'qLkudet. NLk.'ē a'lg'îxs Ts'ak al nets'ē'Etst: 6	;
"Go! grand-mother! tell I (fut.) cure her." Alk 'e' nî'g'idi 7	7
halai'ts Ts'ak:. NLk''ē dā'uLs nets'ē'Etst. NLk''ē ts'ēnt aL 8 a shaman Ts'ak:. Then went his grand-mother. Then she entered	3
bwîlpl sem'â'g'it. "Yukt huX dagalā'mgait xa'e dem 9 the house the chief. "Beginning again talks nonsense the slave (fut.)	,
suwa'nt-gal Lgō'ulk'l sem'â'g'ît." Nlk'ē ha'p'al ax- 10 he cures he says the child of the chief." Then rushed with-	)
qagâ'dem g'at. NLk''ēt k'si-ô'x'dēt nets'ē'ets Ts'ak' al 11	
g'alq, at hwîl nî'g'idi halai'ts Ts'ak', nîtne't qant 12 outside, because not a shaman Ts'ak', therefore	3
hwîlā'kudetg'ê. NLk''ē hagun-iä's nets'ē'Ets Ts'ak' al 13	
awa'al Lgo-hwî'lpdetg'ê. Hwîl k''ēt g'a'as Ts'ak' nets'ē'Etst, 14 the prox- imity of little their house. At once saw Ts'ak' his grand- mother,	

she said, "They turned me out of the house!" But Ts'ak' repeated, "Go on, Grandmother. I really want to cure her." Then she went again and entered. She said again, "He wants to cure the chief's daughter." And two wise men said, "Let him do as he says"; and they agreed that he should cure her. Ts'ak's grandmother went out and returned. She told him that they had agreed. Then Ts'ak' rose and called the wren, the x-sk'īek', the x-sg'a'nt, and all the little birds. Then Ts'ak' dressed himself. He carried one little bird named Rattlebox. They went in, and Ts'ak' sat down at the feet of the chief's daughter, who was very sick, and all the birds sat down. They

1	nLk''ē tgōn hēs nets'ē'Ets Ts'a'k'g'ê: "Yukt-k'si-ô'x'det nēE then this said the grand- mother of Ts'ak": "Just out was I thrown
2	aL g'alq." NLk''ē ha'ts'Ek'sEm huX a'lg'îxs Ts'ak': to outside." Then once more again said Ts'ak':
3	"Go, grand-mother! Gut.) really I cure her." NLK''E ha'k'sEm huX
4	iē'êt nets'ē'Ets Ts'ak'. NLk''ē huX ts'ēnt. NLk''ē ha'k'sEm went the grand-mother of Ts'ak'. Then again she entered.
5	huX a'lg'îxt: "Q'ap-hä'q'alL xa'E aL demt suwa'nL sqain she spoke: "Really urges the slave to (fut.) he cures
6	Lgō'ulk"L sem'â'g'it." Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl bagadē'll hwîl qaxâ'ôsgut:
7	"Ām, mesem hwîl t'anı hēt." Nık''ēt anâ'qdēl dem do what he says." Then they agreed (fut.)
8	suwa'ansks Ts'ak'. NLk''ē k'saXs nets'ē'Ets Ts'ak'. NLk''ē he cure Ts'ak'. Then went out the grand- mother of Ts'ak': Then
9	lō-ya'ltk"t. Anâ'qdētg ê. NLk ē haldem-ba'xs Ts'ak NLk ēt she returned. They had agreed. Then rose Ts'ak Then
10	wô'ôL ts'Epts'a'p qanL x-sk'ī'ek' qanL x-sg'ant qanL he the wren and (a bird) and eat-gum and ing (a bird)
11	txanē'tk <sup>u</sup> L hwîl sesō'sL k'ōpe-ts'ō'ôts. NLk''ē nōtks Ts'ak'.
12	NLk''ēt hwa'lîx't k''ä'guL Lgo-ts'ō'ôts anda-hasä'xs, Ts'ak'.  Then he carried one little bird rattlebox, Ts'ak'.
13	NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. NLk''ē la'mdzîxdet. NLk''ē d'ās Ts'ak' aL they went. Then they entered. Then sat they went at
14	asEsa'et hwîl g'ä'êL Lgō'uLk"L sEm'â'g'it. Wī-t'ē'sL sī'êpk"t.  her feet where lay the child of the chief. Much she was sick.
15	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

carried small sticks. Now the chief's great slave rose in the corner of the house. He was a giant, and his head reached up to the corner of the house. He had a big belly. Then one boy went toward the rear of the house, and stood near by in front of him. The boy took a stick and struck the slave's belly while Ts'ak' was performing his incantations. Therefore the people used to call the slave Drum-belly. Now Ts'ak' pulled out the sickness and saved her. He took all her father's elk-skins in payment. She gave herself to him in marriage, and he took all her grease boxes. Then Ts'ak' became a great chief, because he had saved the chief's child. He married her, and the chief gave with her his giant slave whose name was Drum-belly. Ts'ak' really married the daughter of the chief.

seső'sem gan. Nlk''ē lō-men-hē'tkul wī-xa'atkusl sem'â'g'it little sticks. Then in up stood the slave of the chief	1
great	2
amō'st. Wī-la'îL ban. NLk''ē wīts'En-iä'L k''âlL the corner. Greatly large his Then back from went one	3
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē hagun-hē'tk"t aL qa-sä'EXt. Yu'kdEL little boy. Then toward he stood at his front. He held	4
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"L gan, at dem ia'tsL banL wī-xa'E La yukL the boy a stick, he (fut.) strike the the slave when he belly of great belly of great	5
suwa'ansk'ut. NLk''ēt ia'tsl lgo-tk''ē'lk'u banl wī-xa'e.  he cured. Then struck the body the belly of great the belly of great	6
NEL su-hwa'del walen-g'ig'a't as Anō'lem ban. Nlk'et  That made name of olden the of Drumbelly. Then	7
sa'g'îs Ts'ak' ha-sī'êpk". NLk''ē mâ'tk"tg'ê. NeL hwîlt,	8
wī-hē'ld hwîl hwî'ls Ts'ak'. NLk''ē Lat qâ'ôt'Ens Ts'ak' much he did so Ts'ak'. Then (perf.) he finished it Ts'ak'	9
Lē Liâ'ns negwâ'ôdet. Hana'qstg'ê qanL txanë'tk"L hahë'nq. 1 the elks of her father. She gave her- self as wife and all grease boxes.	0
NLk''ē La wi-t'ē'sL hwîl sem'â'g'îts Ts'ak'. NLk''ē La 1 Then (perf.) was great being chief Ts'ak'. Then (perf.)	1
de-mâ'tk"s Ts'ak Lgō'ulk"L sem'â'g'it. Nlk''ēt nak'sk"t. 1 he saved Ts'ak the child of the chief. Then he married her.	2
Na'k'sgus Ts'ak' Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē tq'al- 1  He married Ts'ak' the daughter the chief. Then against	3
hō'ksaanl sem'â'g'il wī-xa'e. Anō'lem banl hwa'tg'ê. 1 to be with the chief the slave great belly his name.	4
	15

He stayed there a long time, and then he got tired of the woman. He heard that there was a woman on the other side of the mountain. He said he would go. Ts'ak' left his wife. Only his slave, the wren, and another bird accompanied him. They went a long time and arrived at the foot of the mountain. The trail led to it, but there was no way of going on. Then Ts'ak' caught a robin. He skinned it and put on its skin. He flew upward and nearly reached the top of the mountain. Then he came to a great fire, which was just like lightning. It burnt the robin's wings, and he fell back to the foot of the mountain. Then Ts'ak' took off his skin. He caught a bluejay, skinned it, and put on its skin. Again he flew upward and almost reached the top of the mountain. Again he came to the place where

Hwä'i! nakul hwî'l hwî'ldet, nkk'ë la q'âtsk"L qâ'ôts La Well! When they did so, long then (perf.) was tired the heart of Hwä'i! 2 Ts'ak hana'qg'ê. NLk'e naxna's Ts'ak' hwîl aL Ts'ak of the women. Well! Then heard Ts'ak where 3 d'āL k·'âlL hana'q al hwagait-an-dâ'ôL sqanë'st. NLk 'e hēt the opposite side of woman at away the moun-Then tain. 4 dem iē'êt. NLk 'e iē'êt; Ts'ak k<sup>u</sup>sta'qsdes na'k 'stg'ê. (fut.) he Then he left Ts'ak his wife. went; goes. Lgo-x-sk'ī'ek'. NLk 'e stelt qanL Lô'ôdet. 5 K'sax-Lgo-ts'Epts'a'p little wren little (a bird). Then they went. nied him 6 Nakul hwîl Lô'ôdet. NLk'ë tq'al-la'k'det al depl wi-sqane'st. Then they arrived the where they went. against mountain. foot of great NLk 'e Ts'ak . 7 Sem-gō'usk"L qē'nex gō'stg'ê. aqL-yô'xkus as with- (place) to out go Really the trail that. Then reached Ts'ak. Nık 'ë NLk 'et tså'ôdet. lō-Lô'ôtkut. 8 NLk 'et gō'uL sâ'ôq. he took a robin. he skinned he put himself. Then 9 NLk 'e men-g'ibā'yukt. dēlpk<sup>u</sup>L dEm men-a'qLk"t, nLk 'e La he flew. When shortly then Then (fut.) he up reached, 10 ā'd'îk'sk"t hwîl NLk 'e me'LEL wī-sqanē'st hō'g'igaL ts'amtx'. the mountain great lightning. Then he came where burnt like qaq'ā'x'L sâ'ôq. ha'ts'îk'sem NLk 'e t'Egua'ntkt 11 melme'lel burnt the wings of Then once more robin. dēpl NLk 'et Ts'ak . NLk 'et huX 12 aL sqanë'st. sa-ma'gas the foot the moun-Then he off took it Ts'ak'. Then he again NLk 'et huX tså'ôdet. K.'ēt huX gusgwâ's. 13 gō'uL a bluejay. Then he again skinned Then again NLk 'e men-g'ibā'yukt 14 lō-Lô'ôtk"t. ha'k'sEm huX aL he put himself. Then once more again up at NLk 'e huX k'îlgal-me'LEL 15 wī-sqanē'st. ha'k'sEm sqanë'stg'ê. the mountain. burnt Then again all over once more

it was burning all over. Then the bluejay fell down. He dropped down again to the foot of the mountain. Ts'ak' was very much troubled because there was no way to go on. He and his great slave, Drum-belly, lay down on the grass, and slept. It was almost daylight, and Ts'ak' was still asleep. Then he heard a voice: "My grand-mother invites you in." He did not know who was speaking, and lay down again. He bit a hole in his blanket and looked through it. Behold, there was a little Mouse that came out of a bunch of grass and said, "My grandmother invites you in." Now he saw the little Mouse disappearing under the bunch of grass. He rose, went to the grass, and pulled it out. Behold, there was a house under it. A woman was sitting there. "Enter, my dear, if it is you who wants

K.'ē huX	iaga-t'Egua'ntk"L		K.'ē ha'k'sEi	
Then again	down fell	the bluejay.	Then once more	e again
ōk'st aL		NLK.'ē		s'a'k g ê 2
dropped	foot of			
aqL-yô'xk"t.	NLK.'ē lā'Lde	y at on	grass. Ab	uL-stē'lL 3 out accom- panied him
wī-xa'Eg'ê,	Anō'LEm banL Drum- belly		Nık.'ē wâ'wô	
Hwä'i! La Well! when	dēlpk <sup>u</sup> L dem m shortly (fut.) de			nLk·'ē 5
	na'yit: "Yukt-wô eard: "She invites y		nd- Then	nî'g'it 6
	Ts'ak hē'tg ê.  Ts'ak said.		k'sem huX	g'ä'êLt. 7
NLk.'ē nā Then en- tirel	he bit his blanket.	NLk·'ē	qalk'si-g'a'ask"t	lâ'et. 8
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Lgo-qā'k'L k'si-wî		Em-an-ha'p'Esk".  bunch of grass.	
ha'ts'îk'sem	huX hēt as	Ts'ak: "Y	ne invites you m	E'EtsēE." 10 y grand- nother."
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	'ai-g'îlā'ls Ts'ak'	Lgo-qã'k'I	ts'elem-dā'u	Lt al 11
	p'Esk <sup>u</sup> . NLk.'ē h of grass. Then			run-iē'êt. 12
K.'ēt hash		Gwinā'dēr		L-hē'tgut 13
at the unde side of			kı hana'q lö a woman	
	'è'nen nāt, ts Enter my dear,	eda në'En if you	dem t'an who	$q\hat{a}'\hat{o}$ L 15 goes for

to get a wife." Ts'ak' entered and sat down. The woman said to Ts'ak', "Throw your earrings into the fire." He did so. He threw his earrings into the fire. Then the woman pulled them out of the fire by magic. She was the Mouse. Then she kept Ts'ak' and his great slave in the house, but she sent back the wren and the other bird. Ts'ak' finished eating. He was quite satiated. Then the woman stopped giving food to them. She said, "I myself am the trail leading through the mountain. I am not a shaman, but my sister on the other side is a great shaman. She will give you advice." Then she opened one corner of her house. Ts'ak' and his great slave went through it, under the mountain. The trail led that way. They passed through it; then they found another house and another woman. She was also a Mouse. Then he and the great slave entered, and the

1	dem nak'st." N	NLk.'ē ts	ēns Ts'ak	. Nık.'ē	La d'āt,
	(fut.) his wife."	Then en	tered Ts'ak'.	Then	when he sat down.
2	nLk.'ē a'lg.îxL ha	ana'q as	Ts'ak: "T	'xē'ldeL qar ut into the yo	nts'ēmō'En."
3	Nık.'ē hwîls Ts	ak Txi	der gant	ts'ēmu'Xtorê.	Nık 'et
	Then did so Ts	'ak'. He	out into	his earrings.	Then
	nā'mtselt, hana'oo'	ê. K'sem	-oā'k'L hwa	at hana'go	ê. Nık'ē
	took them out the woman	. Female	mouse the	the woman	. Then
5	yukı wô'ôtk <sup>u</sup> t	as Ts'a	k qanl	wī-xa'E.	La k.'ē
	begin- he was invited ning	Ts'a	k and	the slave, great	(Perf.) then
	gulîk's-hashē'tset x-				
	back she sent	(a bird) e	nd the wren	. Well!	When finished eating
7	Ts'ak', sem-ts'ä'x'	ts Ts'ak	. Nık 'ē	ha'wuL ha	ana'q t'an
	Ts'ak realiy satiated was	l Ts'ak'.	Then	stopped	the who
8	yō'ôg'ans nē'tg'ê.	NLk·'ē	a'lg'îxL l	nana'qg'ê:	"LEP-nē'EL
	made eat him.	Then	spoke	the woman:	"Self I
9	qēnex. Nīk.'ē	nîg ide	nalai'dēE.	Lgʻī'gwēE	aL an-dâ'
	the trail. Then	not	I am a	My sister	on the
10					
10	wī-halai'det. Neln a shaman. She	e dem t	an yo'LEmg	gan. NLK	et ma del
11	hana'q amō'sı hy	vîlpt. Nîi	ne'L qalk's	i-vô'xkus T	s'ak qanL
	hana'q amō'sL hy the the the woman corner of	house. Tl	nere through	followed T	s'ak and
12	wī-xa'e. LaXL	sqanë'sL	vô'xk"dets	g'ê. Nêln	e'L hwîl
	the slave. the under-	the	they followe	ed. The	re where
13					
10	really through lay	he trail.	hen when the	arough they go	t, then
14	huX hwaL hwîlp	r kerâlr	hana'aarâ	HnXt k	'sem-qā'k'r
TT	again they the hou	se one	woman.	Also	female mouse
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woman said, "Throw your earrings into the fire." Ts'ak' did so. He threw his earrings into the fire, and she pulled them out by magic. Then the woman said to Ts'ak', "All the princes from everywhere try to marry the daughter of the chief. The stone door of his house has killed a great many. It shuts rapidly. He uses it to kill the princes. You must count how often it opens. It will open four times. Then put this across the doorway. Wait a little while before you enter." Then the woman gave him a little carving of ice, not very long. Ts'ak' wore a marten robe and a dancing robe. He came near the house. Then he asked the great slave to sit down. He alone approached it. Now he came near the door. Then he did as the

hwal hana'qg'ê. Nlk'ë huX ts'ënt lât qanl wī-xa'e.  the the woman. Then again he in it and the slave.  great	1
NLK''ē huX a'lg'îxL hana'qg'ê: "Nāt, txē'ldeL qants'ēmō'en!"  Then again spoke the woman: "My throw into dear, the fire	2
NLk 'e hwîls Ts'a'k 'g 'ê. Txē'ldeL qants'ēmu'Xt. NLk 'e he did ts'ak'. He threw into the fire	3
ha'k'sem huX nā'mtsell hana'qg'ê. Nlk'ë a'lg'îxl hana'qg'ê once more again took them out of fire by magic	4
as Ts'ak: "La txanë'tk"L k'ōpE-wī'lk'sîLk"L hwîl dzîxdzô'q to Ts'ak: "(Perf.) all little princes of camps	5
dem t'an nak'sı Lgō'ulk'ıl sem'â'g'it. la wī-hē'll ia'tst.  (fut.) who marry the daughter the chief. (Perf.) many he killed.	6
Lô'ôp ā'dz'epl sem'â'g'idest. Hāha'gwax, nîlne't hâ'yit al the door of the chieî. It claps that he uses against together,	7
txanē'tk"L k'ōpe-wî'lk'sîLk". K''ē huX daXL an-hwu'nt.  all little princes. Then again dead who do so.	8
Hwä'i! dem lē'tsxan qapē'il. dem q'aqt; txalpx dem q'aqt, well! (fut.) count how (fut.) it four (fut.) it opens; times	9
me dem k''ē' lō-sqa-hē't'ens gōn sê!" NLk''ēt g'înā'mL 1 you (fut.) then in side- ways place this !" Then she gave him	10
hana'q Lgo-ala'g îm dā'wut, Lgo-ts'ō'sg îm wī-na'k". "Tseda La 1 the a carving ice, a small very long. "If (perf.)	11
ts'elem-a'qLgun me dze ksi-gō'ut," dēya'. Gwīs-haL gula'îs Ts'ak· 1 into you get you take it out," thus Blan- mar- the blan- t	12
qanl gwis-halai't. Nlk''ē la hagun-dē'lpk's Ts'ak', nlk''ē la hagun-de'lpk's Ts'ak', nlk''ē la hagun-de'lpk's toward near ts'ak', then	13
d'ā'del wī-xa'e. Nlk''ē k'sax-ne't Ts'ak'l hagun-iē'êt. K''ē 1	14
hagun-a'qLk"t al awa'al ptô'E. Nlk'ēt hwîl t'an t häl hana'ql 1 toward he at the proximity of door.  Then he did what said the woman imity of door.	15
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the bear (fut.)

kill

FIf

(perf.)

woman had instructed him. He counted four, then he placed the carving of crystal across the door so that it was unable to close again. Ts'ak' entered. He was not killed by the door. He came in and stepped up to the place where the chief's daughter was lying. Then Ts'ak' lay down. The chief's daughter was very glad when she saw the beautiful man. They were playing all night. Then the chief heard it. Very early in the morning he said to his sister's sons, "Light the fire." His nephews did so. They started a great fire. Then the chief told them to take the skin of the great bear, and he ordered them to spread it out in the rear of his house. Then the chief said, "Let my son-in-law come to the middle of the house." Ts'ak' rose and stepped down to the middle of the house. Then he saw that the hair of the bear was very long. The chief intended to kill Ts'ak' with it. He was

1 t'an Lē'tsxaL txālpxt. NLk 'e lō-sqa-hē't'EnL yō'LEmqtg'ê. in side he placed gave him advice. He counted four. Then ways NLk 'e nîg'i huX Lagait-a'qLk"t hwîl 2 ala'g'îm k·'ē tgwat. the carvcrystal. Then not it could reach then 3 qaq'a'kt. NLk 'e ts'ens Ts'ak . Nîgi nô'ôt. Ts'elem-a'qlk"t. Then he Ts'ak'. Not Into open. he died. entered reached. Ts'ak 4 NLk 'e men-iē's hwîl lē-g'ā'êL aL Lgō'uLk uL lay Ts'ak Then up went to where on the child of 5 sem'â'g'it. NLk 'e g'ä'ELS Ts'ak'. NLk 'e semgal lō-ā'mı qâ'ôl the chief. he lay Then Then Ts'ak'. very in good heart down 6 Lgō'uLk<sup>u</sup>L sem'â'g'it hwîl ā'd'îk'sk"L se'm-ama NLk 'e grat. the daughter of the chief a very good Then where came man. NLk.'ē 7 yukl qalā'qdet wī-a'xk". sem'â'g'it. aL naxna'L Semheard it they played all night. Then at the chief. al guslî'sk"t: "SEM-SE-me'L a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it 8 hē'Luk, nLk'e morning. then spoke the chief his sister's "Very make burn sons: guslî'sk"t. Wī-t'ē'st 9 la'gust." NLk 'e hwîlL hwîl sE-me'LdeL did so his sister's the fire." Then Great where was to burn gun-gō'udel ana'sL 10 laku, nLk 'et sem'â'g'iL wī-o'l. K · 'ēt La them to the chief skin of then he caused the the bear. Then great a'lg'îxL qalā'nL hwîlpt. NLk 'e sem'â'g'it: 11 gun-ba'lt aL caused spread out spoke the rear his house. Then the chief: 12 "T'em-iä'ten La'mseest." g'în-hē'tkus NLk 'e NLk 'e Ts'ak'. "To the make my son-in-law." Then Ts'ak'. Then arose middle g'a'as Ts'ak 13 t'em-iē'êt. NLk ēt qan në'LeguLë lax'L Ts'ak to the he middle went. Then how the hair of saw long dzak"s Ts'ak hwîlt. "TsEda 14 o'lg ê dem Lat aL qan

Ts'ak

there-

fore

he did

so.

to sit down on it, and then the hair would enter his anus, and thus he was to die. Thus thought the chief. But Ts'ak' placed the carving of ice under his feet, and he moved it over the skin. A noise was made by the breaking of the bear's hair. Ts'ak' sat down, and the hair did not enter his anus. Now the chief was ashamed because Ts'ak' was not dead. He said, "Walk to the middle of the house." Thus he spoke to his child. His daughter went down to the middle of the house and sat down beside Ts'ak'. He married her. Then they ate.

When Ts'ak had finished eating, the chief said to his nephews, "Make a large pyre and place stones on it." His nephews did so. They built a large pyre of wood and placed stones on it. When the stones were hot, the chief ordered a large box to be taken down to the

lē-d'a'tk"s Ts'ak', dem k''ē dz'epdz'a'bîk'sk"t at ts'em-q'â'elt, on he is placed Ts'ak' (fut.) then they will enter at in his anus.	1
nL dem k''ē nô'ôt," dē'yaL qâtL sem'â'g'it. NLk''ēt he (fut.) then dies," thus the heart of the chief. Then	2
lō-tq'al-hē't'Ens Ts'ak'L ala'g'îm dā'ut aL ts'Em-asa'it. in against placed Ts'ak' the carving ice at in his foot.	3
NLk'et k'uL-sa'wut. Xstamk hwîl hela'Lagal lax'l o'lg'ê.  Then about he shook Noise where broke the hair of the bear.	4
NLk'ē lē-d'ā's Ts'ak'. NLk'ē nî'g'i dz'Epdz'ā'bîsk'sk"t aL Then on he sat Ts'ak'. Then not they entered at	5
ts'Em-q'â'ls Ts'ak'. NLk''ē dzâqL sEm'â'g'it hwîl nî'g'i nô'ôs in the anus of Ts'ak'. Then was ashamed the chief being not dead	6
Ts'ak'. NLk''ē a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it: "T'em-iē'n dāL;" dē'ya Ts'ak'. Then spoke the chief: "To the go my dear;" thus he said	7
al Lgō'ulkut. Nlk''ē t'Em-iä'l Lgō'ulkut. Nlk''ē d'āt al to his daughter. Then to the went his daughter. Then she sat down at middle	8
awa'as Ts'ak'. Na'k'sgut. NLk''ē txâ'xkudet.  the prox- imity of Ts'ak' He married Then they ate. her.	9
La Läxk <sup>u</sup> s Ts'ak al yō'ôxk <sup>u</sup> t, nlk''ē huX a'lg'îxl When finished eating at eating, then again spoke	10
sem'â'g'it at guslî'sk"t: "Āmt dem dâ'lepsem!" Ntk'ē the chief to his sister's sons: "Good (fut.) you heat stones in a fire!"	11
huwî'lı guslî'sk'ut. Wī-t'ē'sı ha-lē-dâ'lepı dza'pdētg'ê. Lô'ôp did so his nephews. A great pile of woods and stones	12
lē-d'ā'Ldet lât. NLk''ē La lEmlā'mk'L lô'ôpg'ê. NLk''ēt on they put on it. Then when they were hot the stones. Then	13
gun-t'em-gō'udel sem'â'g'il wī-qal-hēnq. Nlk''ēt gun-lō-lô'ôdîk'st.	

fire, and water to be poured into it. It was done. Then one man took a pair of tongs; another took another pair of tongs. These two persons took the stones and put them into the box, which was half full of water. Now the water began to boil. When it was boiling over, the chief said to Ts'ak', "Rise and jump into this hot water." Ts'ak' did so. He jumped into it and sat down. His body was covered by the water. Only a little of his hair was visible. Now the water boiled violently, and Ts'ak's wife cried when she saw how he was being cooked. Then a person went down to the box and pulled at Ts'ak's hair. It came out, and the person said, "He is well done." Now the chief told them to pour out the water. When they had done so, Ts'ak' rose. Then he went to the rear of the house and said to

- 1 NLk 'et hwîlā'k"det. NLk 'et gō'uL k·'âlı. g'at ha-pts'ä'xk". it was done. Then Then took man one tongs. 2 NLk 'et huX gō'uL huX k 'alL k 'elt. NLk 'et Then also took also one man one (pair of tongs). Then bagadē'lL g'a'tg'ê. 3 ha'k"LdeL lô'ôp NLk 'et lō-d'ā'Ldet they put them took stones two men. Then qak '-sē'luk aL NLk 'et halhâ'leqlk"t. 4 ts'Em-qal-hē'nq ak's. La in the box half full of water. Then (perf.) it was boiling. 5 NLk'ē NLk'e t'esL hwîl t'uks-iä'êt. a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it out it went (it boiled over). spoke Then much where Then the chief "AmL Ts'ak: hē'tgun! AmL 6 as dem lō-dā'uLEn stand up! Ts'ak": "Good Good (fut.) to. go 7 ts'Em-g'a'mg'îm ak's." NLk 'e hwîls Ts'ak . K·'ē lôgôm-ba'xt. did so Ts'ak'. the hot water." Then Then into he went. in t'em-që'st. Lō-gwâ'tk"L Q'am-ts'ō'sk 8 NLk'e lō-d'ā't. hwîl was lost his head. Only a little Then In where, qēst. k·'ē 9 k'si-ma'qsk"L NLk 'e wī-t'ē's hwîl halhâ'leglk". his hair. Then much where it boiled. stood then 10 wiye'tk"L nak's Ts'ak' hwîl Lat g'a'aL hwîl a'nuksl Lē smax's the wife of being (perf.) she saw where was done (cooked) cried Ts'ak the flesh
- NLk 'e 11 Ts'ak: hagun-iä'êL k·'âlL k'si-tsâ'ôdel g'at t'an
- toward went Ts'ak'. Then one man who out pulled hair of
- gwô'tsîk's 12 Ts'ak :. NLk 'e k'si-tsâ'ôt. NLk 'e ma'LEL grat La Ts'ak'. Then out it came. Then told the man (perf.) really
- NLk 'et gun-sa-qā'tsîl sem'â'g'il le lō-a'k sît. NLk 'et 13 a'nukst. he was done (cooked). caused off pour the chief the inside water. Then they Then to
- hwîl k''ē' K·'ē 14 sā-qā'tsdet, haldem-ba'xs Ts'ak'. g'îme-iē'êt. off poured it, then Ts'ak'. Then to the rear went.

his wife, "Your father will not be able to kill me with all his arts." Then the woman was glad, but the chief was ashamed.

The next morning the chief said, "Come, Son-in-law. Fetch some fuel. One of my nephews and two slaves shall accompany you." Ts'ak rose. The slaves took stone axes such as the people used in olden times. Ts'ak felled a great tree. It fell and he split it. Then one of the slaves made wedges. They also carried a large stone hammer, which was fastened with thong to a handle. They put the wedges into the end of the tree. They struck them with the hammer and the tree split. Then they pushed Ts'ak into it and knocked out the wedges. The tree snapped together, and Ts'ak was in it. The slaves saw

NLk'è het al nak'st: "Q'ap-nî'g'i dem de-nō'ôe; txane'tk"sl.  Then he to his wife: "Really not (fut.) on I die; all  my part	1
dem hwîls negwâ'ôden lâ'ôe. Q'ap-nî'g'i dem dē-nô'ôē." (fut.) does your father to me. Really not (fut.) on I die."	2
NLk''ē lō-ā'mī qâ'ôL hana'qg'ê. La dzâqL sem'â'g'it.  Then in good heart the woman. (Perf.) he was ashamed the chief.	3
NLk''ē huX k''ēlL hē'Luk, nLk''ē huX a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it: Then again one morning, then again spoke the chief:	4
"Good (fut.) make fire-wood, my son-in-law. Bagadē'lL LiLî'ng'it dem	5
stelt de-k.'â'll gusle'se." Nlk'e haldem-ba'xs Ts'ak'; nlk'e accom- with one my nephew." Then rose Ts'ak'; then	6
dôqL LiLî'ng'it dawī'sem lô'ôp. NeLnē't dē-hâ'yîL walen- took the slaves axes of stone. That on their used of olden times	7
g'ig'a't al g'i-k'ō'ôl. Nlk''ēt q'ōts dep Ts'ak'l wi-ga'n. the people at long ago. Then cut (plur.) Ts'ak' a tree.	8
NLk''ē qē'nExt. NLk''ē xtsē-ia'tsdet. NLk''ēt dzîpdza'pL k''âlL Then it fell. Then in the they middle chopped it.	9
wī-xa'E lēt. K·'ē ia'gait-yu'kdēL wī-da'qLEm lô'ôp. Tq'al- great slave wedges. Then already they a hammer stone. Against	10
da'k'Ldet aL ts'aL. NLk''ē lō-ma'qsaandet aL LEXLEPQ'a'PL it was with skin of the back. Then in they put it at the end of	11
THE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF	
wi-ga'n. NLk''ēt ô'x'dēt aL da'qLEm lô'ôp. NLk''ē sagaL the tree. Then they struck with the hammer stone. Then it split	12
the tree. Then they struck with the hammer stone. Then it split great wī-lō-la'et. NLk'ēt lō-t'ē'sdet Ts'ak' lâ'ôt. NLk'ēt k'si-great in large. Then in they Ts'ak' in it. Then out	
the tree. Then they struck with the hammer stone. Then it split great  wī-lō-la'et. NLk''ēt lō-t'ē'sdet Ts'ak' lâ'ôt. NLk''ēt k'si- great in large. Then in they pushed  ax''ô'x'dēL lēt. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sEm huX hā'k'waxL wī-ga'n they struck the Then once more again clapped to the tree	13
the tree. Then they struck with the hammer stone. Then it split great wilder of the wilder of the wilder of the wilder of they are the wilder of the wilder	13 14

blood coming out of Ts'ak's mouth, and they left nim, saying, "Now you have been put to shame!" They went home. But Ts'ak' kicked the great tree, so that one half fell to one side and the other half to the other. He carried one half on his shoulder and went home. He threw it into the house, and the whole house front was broken. Then the chief was ashamed, and he worried because he was unable to kill Ts'ak', who was a great supernatural man.

The chief did not know what to use next, but after a while it occurred to him what to do. One morning he said to Ts'ak' that he should go and spear a seal that he wanted to eat. His nephew and two slaves were to go along, so there were four in the canoe. They started, and found a place where seals were. It was at the edge of a great whirlpool. They asked Ts'ak' to stand in the bow of the canoe, to

- 1 La ā'd'îk'sk"L iLā'ê aL ts'Em-ā'qs Ts'ak'. NLk''ēt k"sta'qsdēt.

  (perf.) came blood at in mouth of Ts'ak'. Then they left him.
- 2 NLk''ē tgōnL hē'det: "Dzâ'gan!" La nā-la'k'det aL ts'Em-hwî'lp.

  Then this they said: "Be ashamed!" (Perf.) they went to in the house.
- 3 NLk''ēt ank'sksla'qsts Ts'ak' wī-ga'n. NLk''ē hwagait-sg'i'L Lē
  Then apart kicked Ts'ak' the tree. Then away it lay
  great
- 4 stô'ôt al hwagait-gō'st. Nlk''ēt qō'lts'Exs Ts'ak'l wī-stô'ôt.

  the half at away there. Then he carried it on his shoulder Ts ak' the half.

  great
- 5 NLk''ē nā-iē'êt. NLk''ēt ts'elem-gu'Xt. NLk''ē wī-txa gwa'sk"L
  Then out of he the woods went.

  Then into he threw the woods went.

  Then into he threw it.
- 6 ā'dz'epl hwîlpl sem'â'g'it. Nlk'ē dzâql sem'â'g'it, la abā'g'ask"t the door of the house the chief. Then was ashamed the chief. (perf.) he was troubled
- 7 at demt hwîla nō'ôt'ens Ts'ak: Semgal wî neqnô'qt g'at to (fut.) being means of killing Ts'ak: Very great supernatural man
- 8 gō'stg'ê.
- 9 NLk''ē aq-huX hâ'yîL sem'â'g'it. S1-gō'n, nLk''ē huX
  Then with again using the chief. After a while then again
- qâ'ôdet. nLk 'et HuX k elL huX hētsL 10 lo-d'ā'L he'Luk. morning. tnen again sent his mind. Again one in was it
- 11 sem'â'g'ît Ts'ak'. Gun g'a'Lk'det dêm x-ēlxt. Bagadē'lL the chief Ts ak'. He him to spear (fut.) to seal. Two
- 12 LîLî'ng it dedā'dēt, dē-k-'â'lı guslî'st Ne'ı qan lō-txalpxdā'detg-ê.

  slaves were with him with one nis nephew. Therefore in four were in canoe.
- 13 NLk''ē dā'uLdēt. NLk''ē hwa'dēt hwîl d'āL ēlx, lax-ts'ä'EL

  Then they left. Then they found where were seals, on edge of
- 14 wī-an-tgo-lē'lbîk·sk<sup>u</sup>. NLk·'ēt gun-lē-hē'tk<sup>u</sup>det Ts'ak· aL great around rolling water. Then they on to stand they on the other ones.

hold the harpoon and spear the seal. One of the great slaves stood near. He intended to push Ts'ak' into the water, that he should die. While the slave was intending to do so, Ts'ak' threw him into the water and he died. The whirlpool swallowed him. Then Ts'ak' began to spear seals and filled his canoe. He returned and landed in front of the house. The chief had lost one slave, and they told him that he had been drowned. Then Ts'ak' carried the seals up and they cooked them. When they were done, he called the whole tribe, and they ate the seals. Now the chief gave up trying to kill Ts'ak'.

Ts'ak now thought of returning to his grandmother whom he had left, and to his first wife. Then he went back, accompanied by his

lax-g'itsä'qL māl. Yu'kdēL sgan-dā'pxL. NLk''ēt g'aLk"L on bow of canoe. He held the shaft the Then he speared	1
ēlx. NLk·'ē q'ai'yîm hagun-hē'tk <sup>u</sup> L wī-xa'E aL awa'at a Then near toward stood the slave at his prox-	2
dem t'an t'uks-t'ē'ses Ts'ak al ts'em-a'k's. Nel dem (fut.) who out pushed Ts'ak at in water. He (fut.)	3
k.'ē nô'ôt. Q'ai-hē-yu'kL hēL qâ'ôdEL xa'EL dem then dead. Still began said the heart the (fut.)	4
t'uks-t'ē'ses Ts'ak', sem-t'uks-t'ē'ses Ts'ak'L wī-xa'e. NLk''ē out push, Ts'ak', really out pushed Ts'ak' the slave. Then	5
nô'ôt. Yâpxl an-tgo-lē'lbîk'sk". Nlk''ē yukt g'alk"s Ts'ak' he was Itswal- around rolling water. Then he speared Ts'ak'	6
dead. lowed him  ēlx. Sem-mē'tk"L māl. NLk''ē lō-ya'ltk"s Ts'ak'. K''ē seals. Very full the Then he returned Ts'ak'. Then	7
k 'atskt at qa-g 'a'ut hwîlp. Nik 'ē gwâ'tesît sem'â'g it they at the front of the town. Then he lost the chief	8
al k'âll wī-xa'e. Nlk'ēt ma'ldēt nô'ôt al ts'em-a'k's.  at one great slave. Then they told he was in the water.	9
NLk 'e bax-hwî'lqdeL elx. NLk 'et sa'lepdet. NLk 'e a'nukst,	10
nlk'ët wô'ôdet txanë'tk"l ts'ap. Nlk'ët g'ë'îpdel ëlx. then they all the people. Then they ate the seals.	11
NLk'ë ha'uL sem'â'g'ıt aL demt sîk'ëL dzak's Ts'ak'.  Then stopped the chief to (fut.) try to kill Ts'ak'.	12
Hwä'1! Lat am-gâ'des Ts'ak dem huX yaltkut aL awa'as Weil! (Perf.) he thought Ts'ak (fut.) again he re- to the prox-	13
his grand- (Perf.) he left them and his wife. Then	14
mother,  lō-ya'ltk'ut. Gulîk's-stē'lL sī-na'k'st qanL wī-xa'E; La  he returned. Back accompanied him new wife and the slave, (perf.)  great	15

new wife, and by his great slave Drum-belly, who had stayed alone in the woods far from the town. They called him, and they returned. Then they came to the place where the Mouse woman lived. She said to Ts'ak', "Did you succeed in your attempt?" Ts'ak' replied, "I did succeed." Then she gave them to eat until they had enough. They started again and went through the mountain. When they had passed through, they entered the house of the other Mouse. The Mouse women watch both ends of the trail that leads through the mountain. Ts'ak' went on, and reached his own house. That is the end.

1	k ''ax '-tq'al-d'ā'adeL alone against stayed	Anō'LEM Drum-	ban belly	aL gʻilē'lîx at in woods	. NLk.'ē La Then (perf.)
2	lo-ya'ltk"t, nLk"ēt	wô'ôt. he called him.	NLk 'ē Then	hēlya'ltkud they returne	
3	ha'ts'îk'sEm huX once more again	hwa'd		wîl dzô	A CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF A CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF A CONTRACTOR ADDRESS O
4	k'sem-qā'k'L hwa't female mouse her na	0	NLk·'e Then	a'lg'îxL spoke	
5	as Ts'ak: "Nē! to Ts'ak: "Indeed!		'qLk <sup>u</sup> L tained		En?" NLk 'e id so?" Then
6			a net." es indeed."		vukl wô'ôtk"s began he was invited by
7	k'sem-qā'k'L. Gwāt female mouse. Real		s'ä'x't.		uX Lô'ôdet.
8	HuX ha'ts'îk'sEm once more	huX qal	k·si-yô'xk	went the und	er- the mountain.
9		-ax'a'qLk'd		NLk'e hul	K la'mdzîxdet
10	al huX hwîl dzôqs at again where stayed			Em-qā'k L.	Lāx-lē'Lk'dēL Both they watch
11	hwîl qalk'si-sg'i'L qe			sqanë'stg ·ê.	
12	Lô'ôdēt. NLk'ē they went. Then			Ts'ak al.	
13	$\begin{array}{ccc} N_L k \ '\bar{e} & s\bar{a} \ -ba'xt. \\ & \text{off it runs} \\ & \text{(it is the end).} \end{array}$				

## GROWING-UP-LIKE-ONE-WHO-HAS-A-GRANDMOTHER

[Told by Moses]

There was a boy who had lost his father and his mother; only his mother's brother, the chief of the village, remained. One day this chief was purifying himself by drinking a decoction of devil's-clubs. He did so repeatedly because he intended to give a potlatch. One evening he went down to the beach; there he sat down and looked up to the sky. Behold, fire came down from the sky like a shooting star. It came right down. A tree was standing behind the house of the chief, and a branch was standing out from the tree. The fire came right down to it and hung on the end of the branch. The chief

### Masemstiöntse'etsk"

#### GROWING-UP-LIKE-ONE-WHO-HAS-A-GRANDMOTHER

Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"	nô'ôL n	eguâ'ôdet	qanL	nôxt. (	Q'am-k''â'lL	1
A boy	was dead	his father	and	his mother.	Only one	
sem'â'g'it nebē'	her's Well!		sa, k'ē day, then	t gʻē'ipL	sem'â'g'it	2
wôō'mst. HuX devil's-club. Again		sa, k·'ē ay, then		wîlt, huX		3
wôō'ms. Hwä'i! devil's-club. Well!		(fut.)		nLnëL q	an hwîlt.	4
NLk.'ē yu'ksa, Then evening.	k.'ē k.sax	t. K.'ē	iaga-iä't :	to front of		5
aL g'ā'u. K''ē g at front of Then house.	gʻa'ask <sup>u</sup> t ar he looked to	lax-ha'.	went Gwinā'dē Behold,		ā'd'îk skut;	6
wîtkut al lax-ha		gal k'wa exerem	ients a star.		d'ep-yu'kt.	7
Hwä'i! Hētk"L Well! It stood		qa-qalā'nL rear of house of		sem'â'g'i		8
	sL gan.		qâ'ôL it went to it	qâ'yibêx the light.		9
lē-ia'qt. Hwä'i! on it hung. Well!			, d'āt	aL gʻä'u at front o house.		10
					137	

little

14 māl

boy.

nL hwîl

saw it. He went up to the house and sent for his people. When they entered, he said, "Copper is hanging on the branch of a tree. The young people shall go and knock it down. If one of you young men hit it, he shall marry my daughter."

Early the next morning they went up behind the house of the chief. The old men also went to look. The young men took stones, and threw all day long until their hands were quite sore; then they stopped for a while and ate. Then they went up again and tried to knock the copper down, but they did not succeed. It grew dark. Then the poor little boy went down to the beach in front of the house and sat down near a canoe, where he urinated. Then he saw a man approaching who said, "What are the people talking about?" The boy replied,

- gun-qâ'ôdeL 1 hwîl k·'ē bax-iē'êt. K.'ēt qal-ts'a'p. NLk'e At to go there the people. Then Then went. caused NLk.'ē mall sem'â'g'itg'ê; nlk.'ē 2 la'mdzîxl qal-ts'a'p. a'lg'îxt: Then he told the chief; then he said: they entered the people. 3 "Lē-ia'qL lax-anë'st. Hwä'i! DEM ō'yîL txanë'tk"L oq aL all "On hangs a copper on a branch. Well! (Fut.) throw it 4 q'aima'qsit! Atsedat ôx'ı k''âlı g'at, an-na'k'sk"L nLnet dem (fut.) youths! If he hits one man. then he 5 Lgō'uLguē." my daughter." k·'ē NLk 'e hwîl k·'ē bax-Lô'ôdēt mesā'x'; aL qa-qalā'nL up they went rear of house Then daylight; at once to 7 hwîlpl sem'â'g'it. NLk 'e dē-bax-Lô'ôL wud'ax-g'ig'a't the old of the the chief. Then also up went house of q'aima'qsit. K·'ē hwîl k·'ēt ô'x'dēt 8 ā'lg'altg'ê. Lô'ôpl dôqL they the youths. At once look. Stones Q'ap-sîpsī'êpk"L qa-an'ô'ndēt. NLk'ē k 'ax-huxhā' odet. for a while all day. Really sick were their hands, Then they stopped. k·'ē txâ'ôxk"dēt, ha'tsem huX 10 Hwä'i! Q'am-LaxLä'êxk" they finished they ate, then once more again Well! Only Nî'g'i k·'ēt huXt ô'x det. Hwä'i! 11 Lô'ôdet; ha'tsem they Well! Not then once more again NLk 'e Lgo-guä'Em 12 da-a'qLk"det, k·'ē yu'ksa. k'saXL they reached it, then evening. Then went out poor iaga-iä'êt qa-gʻä'uL G·ô'ôL 13 Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk'ē aL hwîlp. the house.
- he was sitting. a urinated. "Ago'L në'tg'ê: an-hä'L 15 awa'at. NLk 'e a'lg'îxt La as "What what say Then he said to him: (perf.) proximity.

to

ē'îst.

front of

village of

Then

K'e hagun-ië'êl

toward went

Was

g'at aL

man

down he

Hē-yukL

He began

Then

d'āt.

"A copper hangs on a tree and the people tried to knock it down, but they did not succeed." "Go on and try to hit it yourself," said the man. Then he took up a stone and gave it to the boy. He took up another one and gave it to him, and still another one and gave it to him. Then he said, "You shall knock it down. Take first this white stone, then this black stone, then this blue stone, and finally this one." The poor little boy took them, and then the man said, "Do not show these stones to the people."

On the following morning the people went again and began to throw. The poor little boy went up with them and said he would throw too.

qal-ts'a'p?" NLk.'ē hĒL Lgo-tk.'ē'Lkug.'ê: "Lē-ia'qL oq aL 1 the people?" Then said the boy: "On hangs a at copper	
lax-ga'n, nLnēL ō'yîL qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ēt nîg'it da-a'qLku'det." 2 on a tree, that they the people. Then not they reach it."	
"Hwä'i! Tse ô'yîn, ana'!" NLk''ēt gō'uL k''ēlL lô'ôpg'ê. 3	
NLk 'et g'înā'mt al lgo-tk 'e'lk". Nlk 'et huX gō'ul huX 4  Then he gave it to the boy. Then again he took again	-
k.'ēlt. NLk.'ēt g.'inā'mt. Hwä'i! NLk.'ēt huX gō'uL huX 5 one. Then he gave it. Well! Then again he took again	
k.'ēlt; nlk.'ēt huX g.înā'mt. Nlk.'ē a'lg.îxl g.at hagun- 6 one; then again he gave it. Then he said the toward	;
hē'tgut al awa'al lgo-guä'em lgo-tk''ē'lku. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxt: 7 standing at proximity the poor little boy. Then he said:	
"Tse ô'yîn, ana'! TgōnL dem k's-qā'ôqden mā'k'sgum 8	-
lô'ôp. NLk''ē huX k''ēlt t'ō'ôtsgum lô'ôp. Hwä'i! HuX 9 stone. Then again one black stone. Well! Again	,
k.'ēlī lô'ôp hwîl gusguâ'ôsē. Hwä'i! HuX k.'ēlī lô'ôp nel 10	)
dem hwîl qâ'ôdet." DôqL Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk'ē'Lku. NLk'ē 11  (fut.) being the last." He took the poor little boy. Then	
a'lg'îxL g'a'tg'ê hagun-hē'tgut aL awa'at: "G'i'lô mE dzē 12	
gun-g'a'adet al txanē'tk"sl g'a'tg'ê."  cause to see them at all people."	
NLk''ē huX mēsā'x', nLk''ē ha'tsek'sem huX bax-gâ'ôdel 14	
txanē'tk"L g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē hatsem huX hē-yukt ôx'det. 15	
NLk''ē dē-bax-iä'L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku. NLk''ē dē-hē'tg'ê 16  Then also up went the poor little boy. Then also he said	

Then the young men rose and pushed him, but the wise men stopped them and said, "Let him throw too." Then the young men sat down. The poor little boy rose and took a stone. He swung it in his hands so that it whistled. It whistled four times, then he let it go. He almost hit the copper. He threw again and almost hit it. He threw the black stone first, then the white one, then the blue one. He almost struck it. Finally he threw the red stone. It hit the copper right on its end. The poor little boy had hit it and it fell down. Then all the young men ran up to it, everyone claiming it. But the poor little boy did not mind. They took it along and ran with it into the house of the chief, intending to marry his daughter, but he who

- 1 dem dēt-ō'x't. Nlk''ē haldem-gô'ldēl q'aima'qsit. Nlk''ēt
  (fut.) also he throw. Then they rose the youths. Then
- 2 k'ut-sa-t'ë'sdeL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ë'Lk". NLk''ë al'a'lg'îxL about away they the poor little boy. Then they spoke
- 3 hwîl qaxâ'ôsgut, nLk.'ēt lä'Elt: "La ām dēt-ô'x't." NLk.'ē the wise men, then they rebuked them: "Good also he throw."
- 4 hwanL q'aima'qsit. NLk''ë hëtk"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ë'Lk".

  they sat down he stood the poor little boy.
- 5 NLk·'ēt gō'uL k·'ēlL lô'ôpg·ê. NLk·'ēt hwîlsā'wuL an'ônt.
  Then he took one stone. Then he swung his hand.
- 6 NLk'ēt g'îLwî'nqt. TxalpxL g'îLwî'nqt. NLk'ēt ôx't. NLk'ē Then it whistled. Four times it whistled. Then he threw.
- 7 mâ'dzet-ô'x't. NLk''ē huX k''ēlt. NLk''ē huX mâ'dzet-ôx't.

  almost he hit it.

  Then again one. Then again almost he hit it.
- 8 T'ō'tsgum lô'ôp k's-qâ'oqdet, ma'k'sgum lô'ôp k's-qalā'ndet.

  The black stone first, the white stone afterward.
- 9 Hwä'i! Gusgwâ'ôsgum lô'ôp huX k's-qalā'ndet. NLk'ē huX well! The blue stone again afterward. Then again
- 10 mâ'dzet-ô'x't. Nlk''ēt lō-k's-qalā'ndet ilä'êtgum lô'ôpg'ê.

  Then in afterward the red stone.
- 11 NLk''ēt ôx't. Hwîl LaxLîp-g'a'ptg'ê, nîL ō'îdEL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-Then he hit it. Where its end, there hit it little
- 12 tk 'e' Lk". Hwä'i! Ö'îtg 'e. NLk 'e t'ukwa'ntk"t. NLk 'e ha'p'aL boy. Well! He hit it. Then it fell down. Then they rushed
- 13 txanē'tk"sl wi-hē'ldem q'aima'qsit al dem t'an nek'st al all many youths to (fut.) who claimed at
- 14 t'an lu'Xdetg'ê. NLk''ē ansegō'L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk".

  who each tried to get it. Then he paid no attention little boy.
- 15 NLk 'e na-de-da'uldet. Nlk 'e ts'elem-de-ba'xdet al ts'em-hwî'lpl Then out of with they took woods them it. Then into with they ran to in the house of

had hit it was standing behind all these liars. Then the chief said, "Wait a while."

When it was evening, the growling of a white bear was heard behind the house of the chief. The chief said, "Whoever kills the white bear shall marry my daughter." Then all the young men rose and ran out very suddenly because the chief had said, "Whoever kills the white bear shall marry my daughter." The young men did not sleep because they wanted to pursue the white bear. In the evening the poor little boy again went down to the beach. He sat down there, and again a person approached him who asked, "What are the people talking about?" The poor little boy replied, "Last evening a white

	em t'an i				k·'ē ia'gai- nen, how- ever.	1
g'ina-he'tgutg'ê		x't aL s	sa-gabē'k <sup>u</sup> s the liars.			2
sem'â'g it: "G"	ax hao'n Later on!"	!"				3
Hwä'i! La Well! When	huX y	u'ksa,	nLk·'ē	ā'd'îk'sk"	L amhē'L the voice of	4
gulîk's-wô'xgutg'ê	aL qa	-qalā'nL he rear of house of	hwîlpL the house of	sem'â'g'	it. NLk 'ē	5
a'lg îxL sem'â's	g·it: "A ef: "	MmL d		XL k.'é	0	6
gulîk's-wô'xgut-hê	etsē, nL	dem (fut.)	t'an na		Lgō'uLguē." my daughter."	7
NLk 'ē huX l	haldem-qô'	ldel si	ery sud- they	det. "	Dem t'an who	8
gʻidi-gō'uL gulî	k's-wô'xgu at himself bar (the white be	king	nELne't then he		an-na'k'sk"L who marries	9
Lgō'uLguē." H my daughter."		k.'ē r	nî'gʻi w	'â'wôqL slept	txanē'tk <sup>u</sup> L	10
	lem t'an fut.) who		at him	ô'xgut-hēt self barking vhite bear).	sē. NLk 'e	11
· Control of the cont	huX ha'ts	s'îk sem ce more		ga-ië'EL wn went	Lgo-guä'Em the poor little	12
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". N		'Em hu		aL g'ä at in fr	ont Then	13
hak'sem huX once more again	hagun-ië'E toward wen	L g'a'tg	g ê. Nık	en again		14
"Agō an-hē'L qal "What say the	l-ts'a'p?" people?"	NLk.'ē n	na'L Lgo-g told the little	guä'Em Li poor li	go-tk·'ē'Lku:	15

bear appeared behind the town. Whoever catches it shall marry the daughter of the chief." Then the man, who was standing near the poor little boy, said, "Ask for a bow and arrow. You shall shoot it."

Then the poor little boy went up. When it grew dark, all the young men were in the house of the chief. The latter took down to the fire a quiver holding bows and arrows. He gave one bow and two arrows to each man. Then the poor little boy, the chief's own nephew, went down to the fire too. His father and his mother were dead, therefore he was poor. Only his old grandmother took care of him.

- 1 "Mäs-ô'l." NLk 'e huX vu'ksa. nLk'e ā'd'îk'sk"t huX "A bear." Then again evening. then again he came to 2 qa-qalā'nL NLk 'e qal-ts'a'p. hux iaga-iē'êL Lgo-guä'Em the rear of the houses of the town. Then down went again
- 3 Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē huX ā'd'îk'sk"L g'at t'an huX g'ē'dExt:
- 4 "Q'amēnā guXt, dem t'an nLnēt dem t'an nak skuL (fut.) "Whoever who catches it, then he (fut.) who marries
- 5 Lgō'uLk"L sEm'â'g'ît." NLk''ē a'lg'îxL g'atL hagun-hē'tgut aL the daughter the chief." Then spoke the toward stood at
- 6 awa'aL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk·'e'Lku: "TsE dē-gunā'yîn ha-Xda'ku proximity the poor little boy: "Also demand a bow
- 7 qanl hawî'l, tse dē-gō'yîn ana'!"
  and arrow, also shoot it!"
- 8 NLk''ē bax-iä'L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. NLk''ē huX
- 9 ā'd'îk'sk"L yu'ksag'ê. NLK''ē huX ts'ElEm-qâ'ôdEL txanē'tk"L evening. Then again into they went all
- 10 q'aima'qsit al ts'em-hwî'lpl sem'â'g'it. Nlk''ē t'em-gō'ul the youths to in the house of the chief. Then to the he middle took
- 11 sem'â'g'it hwîl lō-dô'xL ha-Xda'k" qanL hawî'l; k''ēlL the chief where in were bow and arrows; one
- 12 ha-Xda'k" at k-'âlt g-a'tg-ê, dē g-'ē'lbelt hawî'l huX hwîl bow to one man, also two arrows again being
- 13 huX k''âlı g'a'tg'ê. Nık''ē sa-ba'xı wī-hē'ldem g'a'tg'ê.

  Then from first to many men.
- 14 NLk'ē huX dē-t'em-iä'L Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk'ē'Lku, lep-guslē'sL

  Then also with to the went the poor little boy, his sister's own son of
- 15 sem'â'g'itg'ê. Q'ap-nô'ôl neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt, nlnet qan the chief. Really dead was his father and his mother, then he therefore
- 16 guä'êtg'ê. Hwä'i! Lep-nebē'pl sem'â'g'itg'ê. K'sax-lgo-ntsē'ts he was poor. Well! His uncle was the chief. Only little grand-mother

He also asked for a bow and two arrows. Then all the young men made fun of him; but the wise men said to the chief, "Give a bow to the poor little boy." The chief did so and he took it. It was evening, and a little before daybreak the white bear appeared again behind the town. All the young men ran out. A long time after they had left, the poor little boy ran out, too. It was as though a fly were flying. The wasp pitied him, and therefore the poor little boy was able to transform himself into a fly. Before the young men could reach the white bear, the poor little boy had passed them. He hit it and it lay there. His arrow passed right through it. Then he took the

t'an habâ'letg'ê. NLk''ē huX det-gu'naL k''ēlL ha-Xda'k" qanL who took care of him. Then also on his depart he manded	1
g'è'lbelt hawî'l. Ntk'è huX txanë'tk't q'aima'qsit huX two arrows. Then again all the youths again	2
ansgwa'tgut as në'tg'ê, Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ë'Lkug'ê. NLk''ë made fun of him, the poor little boy. Then	3
	4
ha-Xda'ku al lgo-guä'Em lgo-tk·'ē'lku.'' Nlk·'ē hwîll a bow to the poor little boy." Then he did so	5
	6
La dēlpk <sup>u</sup> L dem mesā'x·, nlk·'ē huX ā'd'îk·sk <sup>u</sup> L when shortly (fut.) daylight, then again came	7
gulîk's-wô'xgut at qa-qalā'nt qal-ts'a'pg'ê. Nik''ē huX at himself barking at the rear of the houses of the town. Then again	8
	9
nlk''ë dë-ba'xl lgo-guä'em lgo-tk''ë'lk". Hō'g'igal hwîl 1	0
g'ebā'yukl biâ'sk" al q'ap-q'ä'em-gâ'l ap as nē'tg'ê, nîlnē'l 1 the flying of a fly be- really took pity the of him, then he	1
lō-Lô'ôtk"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē hao'ng'ê hagun- 1 was trans- formed little boy. Then before toward	2
ax'a'qLk'L wi-hē'ldem q'aima'qsit; tk''ē sa'g'ēwul ba'xgul lgo- 1 he reached it many youths; but they were run past the little	3
guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē gu'Xtg'ê. NLk''ē sg'it. Hwagait- 1	4
qalk'si-dā'uL Xdak"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt gō'uL 1 through passed the shot of little poor little boy. Then he took	5

arrow, and fat was seen right across the nock of the arrow. Then the poor little boy returned. Now all the young men reached the bear and took it, though the poor little boy had killed it. Then they rubbed their arrows with blood, intending to say that they had shot it. They lied because they wished to marry the daughter of the chief. Then they carried the white bear into the house of the chief. One young man went down to the fire and said, "Look at my arrow! I shot the white bear." The chief said, "Give me all your bows and arrows that I may examine them and discover who killed the white bear." They gave them to him and he examined them. Then he demanded the arrow of the poor little boy, and, behold, he had shot the white bear. Then they were all very much

- 1 hawî'lg'ê. TgōnL hwîlL hawî'lg'ê: tsâ'gaL hix' La anmā'hwîldetg'ê. the arrow. This did the arrow: across grease (perf.) the nock of the arrow.
- 2 NLk''ē hwîl k''ē iä'êL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku aL lō-ya'ltkutg'ê.

  At once he the poor little boy and he returned.
- 3 NLk'ë hagun-qâ'ôdel wi-hē'ldem q'aima'qsitg'ê t'an gō'ul Then toward they went many youths who took
- 4 gulîk's-wô'xgut gō'uiêL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk'ē'Lk". NLk''ēt
  at himself barking (the white bear)

  the poor little boy. Then
- 5 menma'ndel hawî'l al ilä'ê. At ma'ldel ne'det t'an gu'Xtg'ê
- 6 al sa-gabē'k"sdetg'ê al demt hwîl an-na'k'sk"dēl lgō'ulk"l at to (fut.) being married the daughter
- 7 sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē ts'elem-ma'qdeL gulîk's-wô'xgut aL ts'emthe chief. Then into they put at himself barking in in
- 8 hwî'lpl sem'â'g'it. At ma'ldēl t'em-ba'xl huX k''âll q'aima'sit:
  the the chief. They told to middle he ran again one youth:
  of house
- 9 "Nē'E t'an guXt! Ām mE dEm g'a'aL hwîlL hawî'lēE."

  "I who shot it: Good you see it did it my arrow."
- 10 NLk''ē a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it: "NdzôL g'ul-ganē'L ha-Xdak"se'mest
  Then spoke the chief: "Give me all your bows
- 11 dem la galde g'ul-gane' L hawî'lsem al dem t'an ia gai-gu'X L (fut.) I examine all your arrows to (fut.) who already shot
- 12 gulîk's-wô'xgut." NLK''ēt g'înamdē'tg'ê. NLK''ēt laxlā'galL
  at himseif barking the wnite bear)." Then they gave them. Then examined them
- 13 sem'â'g'itg'ê. NLk''ē laxlā'galtg'eL g'ul-ganē'detg'ê. NLk''ē the chief Then he examined all Tnen
- 14 dēt-guī'naL hawî'lL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk.'ē'Lk". Gwinā'dēL, nēt t'an also he de-manded of littie poor mule boy Behoid, he who
- 15 guXL gulîk's-wô'xgutg'ê! NLk''ē wi t'ē'sL hwîl dzaxdzâ'qdetg'ê.

  shot at himself barking Then great being ashamed tney.

  (the white bear)!

ashamed; the chief also was much ashamed. He did not speak, because the poor little boy had first knocked down the copper that was on the tree behind the house of the chief, and then he had also shot the white bear. All the young men, and also the chief, were ashamed, because the poor little boy had accomplished this.

Then the chief made up his mind. He was ashamed, and therefore he sent his slave ordering the people to move away from the village. The great slave ran out, and with a loud voice ordered the people to move. They heard it, and early in the morning they moved. Not a single person stayed behind. They all went by canoe. Only the chief's daughter and the poor little boy were left, and with them his old grandmother. These three stayed behind. The old grandmother

NLk''ē huX dē-wī-t'ē'sL hwîl-dzâ'qL sem'â'g'itgê. NLk''ē nî'g'i 1 Then also also great being the shame of the chief. Then not
xsta'ltkg'ê, aL hwîl sī'nîL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku t'an sa-ō'yîL 2 he spoke, because before the poor little boy who off threw
oq le-ia'gat al lax-ga'n al qa-qala'nı hwîlpı sem'â'g'itg'ê. 3 the on it hung at on a at the rear of the the house the chief.
copper tree house of of
Hwä'i! La huX hwîlt, guXL gulîk's-wô'xgut, La huX neL 4 Well! (Perf.) again he did it, he shot at himself barking (perf.) again he (the white bear).
Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'lk" t'an huX guXt. Nlk''ē dzaxdzâ'ql 5
the poor little boy who again shot it. Then they were ashamed
wi-hē'ldem q'aima'qsit. NLk 'ē huX dē-dzâ'qL sem'â'g'ıt hwîlL 6
many youths. Then also also was the chief he did so ashamed
Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk".
the poor little boy.
Nlk''ē se-gâ'ôtk"l ts'em-qâ'ôl sem'â'g'it. Nlk''ē dzâqt, 8
Then was made up in the heart the chief. Then he was ashamed,
nl qant k'si-hë'tsl wi-xa'e mā'lel tsen-gun-lu'kl qal-ts'a'p. 9
therefore out he sent the slave to tell desert-caus- to the people.
NLk''ē k'si-ba'xL wī-xa'E t'an gun-lu'kL qal-ts'a'p aL 10
Then out ran the slave who caused to the people with great
wī-amhē'tg'ê. NLk''ē naxna'ı qal-ts'a'p. Hwä'i! Hē'luk, nlk''ē 11
loud voice. Then heard it the people. Well! In the morning.
luku qal-ts'a'p, nîg'i g'ina-d'ā'u k''âlu g'a'tg'ê. Sem-uks-qâ'ôdet. 12
moved the people, not behind was one man. Really out to they sea went.
Sem-q'am-k-'â'lı ıgō'ulk"ı sem'â'g'ıt uks-k"sta'qsdetg'ê dē-k-'â'lı 13
Really only one the daughter the chief toward she was left with one sea
Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk" tq'al k"sta'qsdetg'ê dē-k''â'lL Lgo- 14 the poor little boy against he was left with one little
nts'ē'etst; nl qan gulâ'ôndet al g'ina hwa'ndet. Sem-q'am- 15
his grand- therefore three at behind stayed Very pieces mother;
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had a few pieces of dried salmon, but the chief's daughter would not She fasted. The poor little boy did the same.

The princess slept in the rear of the house, while the poor little boy slept near the fire. They lay down, and he thought of their poverty. It grew dark, and it grew daylight again. The poor little boy left the house. Near the end of the town there was a great river, and a trail led up the river. The poor little boy went along this trail. went a long time and came to the shore of a large lake. A grassy opening extended to the water of the lake. There he stood and shouted. The water rose and, behold, the one that had charge of the lake emerged. When it saw the poor little boy standing near the

- 1 q'aik 'e'ldel hânL sg ît Lgo-nts'ē'Etsdet. NLk 'e aL awa'aL sides of dried salmon their Then lay in the prox-imity of grandmother. salmon little nîg'i sg'ît g'ē'îpL Lgō'uLkuL NLk 'e sem'â'g'it. tsE dEm lay the food the daughter the chief. Then Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. NLk 'e huX Lgo-guä'Em 3 nalql dē-hwî'lL princess. Then also on did so the fasted his part 4 Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. little boy. g'ä'êL Hwä'i! Gʻitsâ'ôn hwîl Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. NLk 'e Well! In the rear of where the princess. Then lay the house lak<sup>u</sup> g'ä'êL Lgo-guä'Em lax-ts'ä'L hwîl Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk 'e on edge of the little Then fire where lay poor boy. little g'ig'ä'êLt. NLk 'e k'ope-lō-a'lg'îxL qâ'ôtg ê. Hwä'i! NLk 'e they lay Then poorly in spoke his heart. Well! Then yu'ksa. k·'ē 8 huX ā'd'îk'sL Sem-hē'luk k'saXL Lgo-guä'Em evening. Very morning went out poor 9 Lgo-tk 'e'Lk". Q'ai'yîm na-ba'xL wī-a'k's aL q'apL ts'ap. out of ran little Near boy. the end a water at the great woods lō-gali-sg·ē'L që'nexg'ê, nelnë'tg'ê 10 Nelnë'l hwîl lō-yô'xk"L Then that where in up lay the trail, then that in followed nlk'e 11 Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. nakuL hwîl iä't. La boy. When the little long where then poor went
- lax-ts'ä'L 12 na-ba'xt wī-t'a'xg'ê. NLk 'e aL uks-hē'tgut hwîl aL
- toward out of he to on edge of great lake. Then he where woods went the water stood
- 13 uks-d'ā'L hā'p'Eskg'ê. NLk'è wī-amhē'tg'ê. NLk 'e g'itk"L ak's toward was Then he shouted. Then water the water
- 14 al hwagait-g'ī'îksg'ê. Gwinā'del. g'ā'bEnt lō-lē'Lk'L wī-t'an way out offshore. at Behold, it emerged great the in watched one who
- NLk 'e g'a'aL 15 ts'em-t'a'xg'ê! hwîl lō-uks-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em the lake! Then it in toward stood the little where

water, it came ashore quickly toward the place where the poor little boy was standing. It was a great frog. It had long claws of copper. Its mouth was copper, and so were its eyes and its eyebrows. It came near the poor little boy and almost caught him. Then the boy started to run. It almost caught him, but the boy escaped and the great frog returned. It could not overtake the poor little boy. The poor little boy ran right to the place where a large cedar tree stood. Then he went out of the woods to where the princess and the old grand-mother were. Now they had almost nothing to eat. He went about among the empty houses, and there he found a stone ax; after a while he found a handle. Then he tied the ax to the handle. He sharp-

Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē sem-t'em-iē'êt; at tsagam-qâ'ôL hwîl 1 little boy. Then very quickly it it ashore went where	
lō-uks-hē'tk"L Lgo-guā'Em Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk", wī-qana'og·ê. Wī-t'ē'sEm 2 in toward stood the poor little boy, the great frog. A large	2
qana'o qan në'negul la'qstg'ê al o'qg'ê. HuX hwîll 3 frog and long its claws of copper. Also was so	3
ā'qtg'ê. NLk''ē huX hwîlL ts'a'ltg'ê qanL lē-g'ē'êlt. La 4 its mouth. Then also were so its eyes and its eyebrows. When	Ł
hagun-dē'lpk"t aL awa'aL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk", La 5 toward near it at the proximity of little poor little boy, when	,
q'ap-yu'kl demt gō'ut; la sewî'ntk"t, k''ē hwîl k''ē 6 really began (fut.) it took when he gave a start, at once	;
baxl Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk'ë'lk". Q'ai'yîm lō-sq'ô'k'sîl an'ô'n 7	7
demt g'idi-gō'ut. K''ē ha'ts'îk'sem lo-ya'ltk"L wī-qana'o. 8  (fut.) caught him. Then once more returned the frog.  great	3
Sq'ô'k sîl Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk 'ē'lk Hwîl hē'tk Wi-sem-ga'n, 9 He was out the poor little boy. Where stood a cedar great	
neLne't sem-yô'xgut Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku; Lē mēnL 10 there really went to the poor little boy; at foot of	)
wī-ga'ng'ê, nLk'ë na-ba'xt aL hwîl dē-d'ā'L Lgo-wî'lk'siLk" 11  a tree, then out of he ran to where on her was the princess.	
qanl Lgo-nts'ē'tstg'ê. Wî'tkutg'ê, nlk'ê agō'l dem lîg'i- 12 and little his grand-mother. He arrived, then what (fut.) or	2
g·ē'bet. NLk·'ē hā'ts'îk·sem huX k·saXt. NLk·'ē k'uL-iā't 13 her food. Then once more again he went out. Then about he went went	3
at lax-qal-huwî'lp. Nik'ët hwat dawi'sem lô'ôpgê. Nik'ë 14 on empty houses. Then he found an ax of stone. Then	+
huX hwal la dem ha-lē-d'ā'adet. Nlk''ēt lē-da'k'ltg'ê. Nlk''ē 15	,

He worked at it the whole day. In the evening it fell. Then he cut up a small tree, making wedges. When he had finished them, he took them to the large tree. Then he found a stone hammer. He tied it to its handle, and split the heart of the large tree. He spread it out wide enough so that a man could pass through it. Then he split a small tree. He selected one that was not very tall. Then he placed these trees across the trail. There were two sticks that he had cut. These he put across the crack of the large tree. Then he stopped. He went home and found the princess and the old grand-

1	hē-yu'kt qäxt al sel-lô'ôpt. Nlk·'ē yu'ksa. Nlk·'ē iē'êt.
	he began he sharp- at his whetstone. Then evening. Then he went.
2	NLk''ēt q'âtsl gan. K''ēll sa hwî'ltg'ê. NLk''ē huX Then he cut a tree. One day he did so. Then again
3	k·'ēll yu'ksa, nlk·'ē qē'nextg·ê. Nlk·'ē xtsē-ia'tsl qē'sgum one evening, then it fell. Then in mid- he chop- dle ped
4	gan. Nlk.'ēt wusen-yîs'ia'tstg'ê al dem se-lē'ttg'ê. Hwä'i! tree. Then he along chopped all to (fut.) make wedges. Well!
	Lîx'Lē'saEnt sE-lē'ttg'ê. NLk''ēt lō-maqsa'ntg'ê. NLk''ēt huX  He finished mak- his ing wedges. Then he in placed them. Then he also
	hwal da'qlem lô'ôp. Nlk'ēt huX lē-da'k'lt al la found a hammer stone. Then he also on tied it to
7	ha-lē-d'ā'det. NLk 'ēt lō-ma'qsanL lē'tg'ê. Sem-bagait-gō'og 'îtL its handle. Then he in placed the wedges. Right in the middle
8	Lē hwîn-ts'a'wuL wī-ga'ng ê. NLk''ē wī-sa'gat. NLk''ē yukt the heart of tree. Then much it split. Then he began
9	ôx't. NLk''ē wī-lo-la'it sem-qalk'si-ā'tsegaL g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ēt he struck Then great in- great very through fitted a man. Then he it.
10	huX xtsē-yîs'ia'tsL qē'sgum gan. Nî'g'it se-nē'elegut. NLk''ē again in mid- chopped a small tree. Not he made it long. Then
	hwîl sg'iL qē'nEx, nîLnē' hwîl sqa-sg'i'L ga'ng'ê. where lay the trail, then it where side-lay the stick.
	Hwä'i! K''ē'lpel gan xtsē-yîs'ia'tsdet. NLk''ē lo-ma'qsaant well! Two sticks in mid- he chopped them.
13	al hwîl sa'gat wī-ga'ng'ê lo-sqa-ax''ō'yit. Nlk''ē hā'ut.  at where he split the tree in side- he hamways mered them. Then he stopped.
	at where he split the tree in side- he ham- Then he stop- great ways mered them. ped.
14	NLk''e na-ie'êtg'ê. HuX wîtk"t aL awa'aL Lgo-wî'lk'siLk"g'ê  Then out of he went. Again he at the prox- woods the princess imity of little

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>He split a large tree and opened the crack, which he spread apart by means of two short sticks, placing the whole on the trail which led up to the lake.

mother. He did not speak and did not eat. It grew dark, and before daylight he rose. He went and came to the shore of the great lake. He stood near the water and shouted four times, looking up to the sky. The water rose again and, behold, the great frog emerged. Its claws were copper. Copper was its mouth, its eyes, and its eyebrows. It went quickly toward the shore, but the poor little boy did not mind. When it had almost reached him, he ran away. The frog almost scratched his back. Now he arrived at the place where he had placed the tree across the trail, and he slipped through. Then the great frog also struggled to get through, trying to catch the poor little boy. It tried to squeeze through the crack of the

qanl Lgo-nēts'ē'tstg'ê. Nîg'i a'lg'îxt, nlk''ē aql-g'ē'bet. Nlk''ē 1 and his grandmother. Not he spoke, then without food. Then
yu'ksa La dēlpk <sup>u</sup> L dem mesā'x`; nlk''ē g'în-hē'tk <sup>u</sup> tg'ê 2 it was (perf.) shortly (fut.) daylight; then he rose
haô'ng ê mesā'x g ê. K ê iē'êt. Nlk ēt huXt hwal 3 daylight. Then he went. Then again he reached
lax-ts'ä'L wī-t'a'xg'ê. NLk''ē huX uks-hē'tkutg'ê. NLk''ē txalpxL 4 on the the lake. Then again toward he stood. Then four times
wi-amhē't at têlxk"t at lax-ha'g'ê. Nik''ē hā'ts'îk'sem 5 loud voice and he shouted at the sky. Then once more
huX g'itk"L ak's. Gwinā'dēL, huX g'ā'bEnL wi-qana'og'ê. 6 again rose the water. Behold, again emerged the frog.
Oql la ga-la'qstg'ê. Nlk''ë oql ā'qtg'ê. Nlk''ë huX 7 copper its mouth. Then also
oqL ts'a'alt. NLk''ē huX oqL lē-g'ē'êlt. NLk''ē sem- copper its eyes. Then also copper its eyebrows. Then very
tsagam-t'em-ië'êtg'ê. Nlk''ë ansegō'l Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ë'lk''. 9  ashore quickly it went. Then paid no the poor little boy.
La q'ap-q'aiyî'm qa-nā'gut tgōn, nLk''ē k''äxk"L Lgo-guä'Em 10 When really near as far as this, then escaped the poor little
Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk". NLk·'ē q'aiyî'm qaqā'pxanL q'aiyîm hak·'â'ôt. 11 little boy. Then nearly it scratched near his back.
Hwä'i! Hwa'yiL hwîl sqa-sg'i'L wī-ga'n, nLk''ēt qalk'si-yô'xk"L 12 Well! He found where side- lay the tree, then through went
Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt qalk'si-a'qLk"tg'ê. NLk''ē 13 the poor little boy. Then he through got. Then
de-qalk·si-Lô'ôtk <sup>u</sup> L wī-qana'o aL dem tsē'k·'îL g·îdi-gō'udeL 14 also through struggled the frog in order to try to catch
Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt lō-qalk'si-ha'q'oaxt. NLk''ēt 15 the poor little boy. Then in through it squeezed. Then

tree. When the poor little boy saw this, he returned, took his stone hammer, and struck the sticks with which he had spread the tree out of the crack. They flew out and the great tree closed, killing the great frog. It could not get out again. When the poor little boy saw that it was dead, he put in the wedges and opened the great tree. Then he took out the dead frog. He laid it on its back and skinned it. He left the claws on the skin. He finished, took the skin, and threw away the flesh. Then he took the skin in order to practice. He put his arms and his legs into it, and laced the chest. Then he went to the shore of the great lake and dived. He walked

1	gʻa'aL Lgo-guä'Em saw the poor little	Lgo-tk.'ē	'Lk <sup>u</sup> t h	nwîl being	qalk si-ha	q'q'oaxL squeezed
2	wī-qana'o. NLk.'ē lo-y				daqLEM the hammer of	
3	nLk.'ē k.si-ax.'ô'x.'L ga	e (past)	lo-sqa-ma' in side- he p	qsaant out them	aL WI-g	ga'ng ê.
4	NLk 'e k'si-sa'k'skut.  Then out they went.		hak sem	ha'q'oa closed	XL WI-g	ga'ng ê.
5	NLk 'ë nô'ôL wī-qana'o.  Then it was the frog. dead great	Nî'g'i Not	again tow	cs-lō-ya'l	tkutg ê.	Hwä'i! Well!
6	Lat g'a'aL Lgo-guä'Em when saw the poor little	Lgo-tk	'ē'Lk <sup>u</sup> h	wîl La here (perf		nLk.'ē
7	ha'k'sem huXt lo-ma'd once more again in he p	qsaanL ut them	lē'tg'ê.	NLk.'ē		q'aqL opened
8	wī-ga'ng ê. NLk ēt gōu the tree. Then too	L Lgo-g	ruä'Em	Lgo-tk·'ē	YLk <sup>u</sup> hw	vîl La ere (perf.)
9	nô'ôL wī-qana'og ê. Nī was the frog.	k'ēt k'	si-daa'qLk	tutg·ê.	NLk.'ēt	hasba- on its back
10	sg î'tg ê. NLk 'ēt ts	'â'ôdetg 'ê e skinned it;	txa-le	ō-ts'à'ôde n he skinn	etg ê.	Txa-lē-
11	hax'hoksaa'nı la qa-la'q he left its cla	stg·ê. H	wä'i! Lē's Vell! He	saantg 'ê.	NLk .'ēt	gō'uL he took
12	anā'stg'ê. NLk''ēt t'uks- its skin. Then out		smax't.	NLk 'et	t gō'uL he took	anā'st its skin
13	al dem sīwî'ltkstg ê. to (fut.) practice.		lo-Lôô' in he p	LaadEL out into it	an'ô'nt his hands	qanL and
14	qasesa'ēt. NLk·'ēt ha	Xha'k <sup>u</sup> L he laced	q'aē'Lk its che	tg·ê.	Then to	uks-iä't oward he vater went
15	aL lax-ts'ä'L wī-t'a'x. I to on edge of the lake.	NLk·'ē s	ō'uqsk"tg he dived.	ê. NLI	c'ē k'uɪ	-dā'uLt

on the bottom of the great lake and caught a trout. Then he returned. He went ashore carrying a small trout. Then he took the skin off. He took good care of it. There was a tree that had a long branch. He hung the skin of the great frog on it. Then he went home. The princess was still asleep. The poor little boy stepped very softly and entered the house. He laid down the little trout in front of the house. Then he entered secretly and lay down. Early in the morning the princess rose. She heard a raven crying on the beach. When she heard it, she said to the poor little boy, "See why the raven is crying on the beach." The poor little boy rose and went out. He went to the front of the house and, behold, a little trout

al lō-s'iā'nl wī-t'a'xg'ê. Nlk''ēt g'îdi-gō'ul lā'Xg'ê. Nlk''ē 1 on in the the lake. Then he caught a trout. Then	1
lō-ya'ltk"t. NLk''ē ts'âk'sk"t. K'uL-yu'kdEL lāX, Lgo-ts'ō'osk', 2 he returned. Then he went ashore. About he carried the trout, little	2
nîg'i sem-wī-t'ē'st. NLk''ēt sa-mā'gal lē lō-lô'ôtgutg'ê. Sanot very large. Then off he took (past) in was put on.	3
NLk''ēt sa-mā'gat. NLk''ēt semt-ama g'a'adet. Hētk"L ga'ng'ê. 4 Then he off took it. Then he very well he saw it. There stood	1
NLk''ē sa-hē'tk"L anē'stg'ê. NeL hwîlt lē-ia'qL anā'sL wī-qana'og'ê 5	5
al haô'ng ê mesā'x g ê. Nlk ē na-iā't al ts'em-hwî'lpdētg ê. e at before daylight. Then out of he woods went	3
Q'ai-huwô'qL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk <sup>u</sup> g'ê. Sem-q'a'mts'en k'uL-iē'êL Lgo- Still slept the princess. Very secretly about he went little	7
guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lkug'ê. Saā'mL ts'ēnt aL ts'em-hwî'lpdētg'ê aL 8	3
La Lēskut sg'ît Lgo-lā'X aL qa-g'ā'uL hwîlp. NLk''ē q'a'mts'En g	Э
ts'ēnt. NLk''ē g'ā'êLt. NLk''ē hē'Luk, nLk''ē Lâ'ôxL 10	0
Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. NLk''ē naxna'L hwîl a'lg'îxL qāq aL 11 the princess. Then she heard where spoke the raven	1
g'ā'u. NLk''ē g'în-hē'tk"t, naxna'yît hwîl a'lg'îxL qāq aL 12 in front of the house. she rose, she heard where spoke the at raven	
g'ā'u. NLk''ē a'lg'îxt al Lgo-guā'em Lgo-tk''ē'lku: "G'a'al, 13 in front of the house. Then she said to the poor little boy: "See,	3
an-hä'EL qāq aL g'ä'u sE!" NLk''ē g'în-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em 14 what says the at infront of look!" Then rose the poor little	1
Lgo-tk.'ē'Lk". NLk.'ē k'saXt. NLk.'ē iaga-iē'êt aL qa-g'ä'uL 15	5

was lying on the sand. The poor little boy took it and went up with it, and he entered and spoke to the princess, "The raven found a little trout"; but he himself had caught it at the bottom of the lake. The poor little boy had acquired for himself supernatural power, but he did not want the princess to know it, and she did not know it. It was evening again, and the poor little boy made ready to go. But the princess did not eat the little trout, only the poor little boy and his grandmother ate what the raven had found in the morning. Then they lay down. The princess lay in the rear of the house, and the boy lay near the fire. In the evening the poor little boy rose and went

						*:
1	hwî'lpg ê. G	winā'dēL! Behold!	a trout	sîsg·ē't	at lax-ā	'us. NLk'ēt
			little			
2	gōl Lgo-guä'	Em Lgo-	tk''ē'Lk <sup>u</sup> .	NLk 'e	bax-dē-iā	i'êt. Nık''ē
	gōL Lgo-guä'					he Then went.
2	ts'ent al ts'i	m-hwî'lpo	·ê. Nık·	ē a'lorîx	t at Lo	go-wî'lk'sîLk".
-			·ê. NLk·			e princess.
4	Mardet the	or don	Too-la'X	Nrk	er len	-crîdi-cō'uder
+	He told it fou	nd the	a trout.	The	en, self	had caught It
-	Too-ong/Em	Tro-tk.	'r lau or	15-6	is'nt t	e'rm-t'a'væ'ê
9	Ma'Ldet t hw He told it fou  Lgo-guä'Em the poor little	little boy	at at	in 't	oottom	in lake.
0	I no on nevnôte	wat Tomo	cens/mm	Toro the	5/r l-u	Vitarit com
0	DEP-SE-HEXIIA	got Lgo	-gua Em	Lgo-tk	CLK.	arg it guil-
	Lep-se-nexnâ's	l little	poor	nttie	boy.	Not ne caused
7	hwîlā/wînt a	T CO-W	Alleredt len	Nike	nîcride	t hwîlā'yır
	it what yill a	L Lgo-wi	IK SILK .	Then	nig ide	bnow it
	hwîlā'yînt an	little	princess.	Then	not sne	knew it
	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"	g·ê. NLk	·'ē huX	yu'ksa,	nLk 'ë	sem-gua'ldem
	the princess.	Th	en again	evening,	then	very ready
9	qâ'ôdet Lgo-g	ruä'em	Loo-tk''ē'Lk	u. Hw	ä'i! Nîg	idet g'ē'îpr
	finished the	poor	ittle boy.	We	ll! No	ot ate it
10	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"	or Toro	15' X c:ô	K teny To	o-nte'ā'ête	t'an ora'int
10	the princess	al lgo-	trout	Only the	o-mes e ets	who ate
	little	little	trout.	litt	le mother	who are
11	qanl Lgo-gui	i'em Lee	o-tk·'ē'Lku	Lē hw	a'îL gāg	al hē'luk
	and the n	oor little	boy	what w	as the	in the morning
	nuce			Ioui	id by laven	
12	dā'uLg'ê. Hw	vä'i! NLk	·'ē lā'Lde	tg'ê. G	rîts'â'n l	iwîl g'ä'êll
	a little while We ago.	ell' The	en they down	lay In. of	n the rear withe house	where lay down
13	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"	g·ê. k·'ē	lax-ts'ä'L	lak <sup>u</sup>	hwîl dē-g	'ä'êLL Lgo-
	the princess,	then	on edge of	fire v	where on his la	ay down the
14	guä'em Lgo-t	k·'ē'Lku.	Haô'ng'ê	nak"t d	a yu'ksa,	k·'ē huX
	poor little	boy.	Before	long	evening,	then again
15	g·în·hē'tk <sup>u</sup> L	r co-cma'rm	I goth.	ē'r ku	Nrk de h	X jē'êtorê
10	g m-ne tk L	the gua En	Lgo-tk	CLK.	Then	min bewent
	rose	the poor	nttle	oy.	rnen ag	gain he went.

out again. Then he found the great skin of the frog and put it on. Again he went to the shore of the great lake and dived. He walked about on the bottom of the lake and caught a trout, a little larger one. Then he went ashore again. Again he put off the skin and hung it on the branch of the tree. He went home again and laid it on the sand in front of the house. The poor little boy entered secretly and lay down. When the day broke, a raven was crying on the beach. The princess heard it and said to the poor little boy, "Go and hear why the raven is crying on the beach." The poor little boy went down again, although he himself had caught in the lake what the raven found on the beach. He went down and took it. Then he returned again and entered. He

NLk'et huX hwal hwîl le-ia'ql wi-anā'sl qana'o. Nlk'et Then again he found where on hung the skin the frog. Then	1
	2
wī-t'a'x. NLk''ē huX sō'uqsk"t. NLk''ē huX k'uL-dā'uLt aL the lake. Then again he dived. Then again about he walked	3
ts'Em-s'iä'nL wī-t'a'x. Hwä'i! NLk''ē huX g'idi-gō'uL lāX in the bottom the lake. Well! Then again he caught a trout	4
Lgo-q'ai-ts'ō'sg'îm wi-t'ē's. NLk''ē huX ts'âk'sk"t. NLk''ē huX  a still small great. Then again he went ashore.	5
sa-mā'gat. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sem huXt lē-ia'qt. NLk''ē huX off he took it. Then once more again on he hung it.	6
na-iä'êt. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sEmt huX sg'ît aL lax-ā'us aL out of he Then once more again he laid at on the at woods went.	7
qa-g'ā'uL hwîlp. NLk''ē ha'k'sEm huX q'am-ts'ē'nL Lgo- in front of the Then once more again secretly entered the house of house.	8
guä'em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē huX q'a'mts'en g'ē'êLt. NLk''ē poor little boy. Then again secretly he lay down.	9
q'ai-ank·siu'kt mesā'x·, nlk·'ē huX a'lg·îxl qāq al g·ä'u. 1 still was spread the then again spoke the at infront of the house.	10
NLk'et huX naxna'L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk'e huX a'lg'îxt 1 Then again heard it the princess. Then again she said	11
aL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk": "Hwîlā'x'L an-hä'êL qāq 1 to the poor little boy: "Learn what says the raven	12
	13
Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". ALk''ē nē t'an lep-g'îdi-gō'ut aL ts'em-t'a'x. 1 little boy. Although he who self caught it in in the lake	14
NêLne'L hwā'îL qāq. NLk''ē ia'ga iē'êt. NLk''ēt gō'ut. 1 Then it was the raven. Then down he went. Then he took it.	15

laid it before the old grandmother, who split it and roasted it; but the princess did not eat, only the old grandmother and the poor little boy ate of it. He did so every night. Then he finished catching trout in the lake.

One night he went out again and found the skin hanging on the branch. He put it on and went down the river, the outlet of the great lake, at the bottom of the water. He went down to the sea; then he walked about on the bottom of the sea and caught a salmon. Before daylight he laid it down in front of the house. Then he went up the river again under the water. He went ashore out of the great lake and took off the great frog's skin and hung it up. He went home and arrived before daylight. He entered secretly and lay down.

1 NLk 'ë ha'k'sEm huX lō-ya'ltk"t. K·'ē huX ts'ent aL Then once more again he returned. Then again he at entered NLk 'et 2 ts'em-hwî'lpt. NLk 'e sg'it aL awa'aL Lgo-nts'ē'ts. the grand-little mother. Then his house. Then he laid at proximity NLk 'et iâ'ôdEtg'ê. NLk 'ë huX nîg idet 3 q'âll Lgo-nts'ē'êts. Then she began to Then again split it little mother. roast it. Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. K'sax-Lgo-nts'ē'êts t'an 4 g'ē'îpL the princess. Only the grandwho ate it ate it little little axku Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". Txanë'tk"L hwîlL Lgo-guä'Em 5 Lgo-guä'Em night he did the poor little boy. Every 6 Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk 'e lō-qâ'ôdenl lāX ts'Em-t'a'x. Lat aL (perf.) Then in finished at in the lake. boy. trout axku. NLk 'e huX iä'êt k·'ēlL NLk 'e huX hwal hwîl aL night. Then again where again Then he at one found went ha'ts'îk'sem huX lō-Lô'ôtk"t. NLk 'e g îsi-yô'xk"L NLk 'e 8 lē-ia'qt. down once more again in he was put. Then river followed hung. na-qâ'ôL wī-t'a'xg'ê. At lax-mô'ôn. ts'Em-a'k's anLla'gaL La the He out of went on the sea. water the outlet of lake. woods great Nık''ē g'îdi-gō'ul hân. k'ul-dā'ult al ts'eō'vuX. 10 NLk 'e huX the bottom. Then he caught at Then again about sg'ît haô'ng'ê mesä'x'. 11 NLk 'et qag'ä'uL hwîlp aL huX aL daylight. at before the house again he laid in front of the house of ts'Em-a'k's. NLk 'e huX huX gali-yô'xguL 12 NLk 'e ha'k'sEm up he followed in water. Then again Then once more again NLk 'et 13 ts'âk'sk"t lax-ts'ä'L wī-t'a'x. huX sa-mā'gaL aL Then again he went on edge of the lake. at 14 wi-ana'sı qana'og'ê. ha'k'sem huX lē-ia'qt. NLk 'e NLk 'e again the skin of great he Then again Then once more the frog. hung it. wîtkut NLk 'e huX haô'ng ê mesā'x'. NLk 'e 15 na-iē'ēt. aL

Then

woods went.

he arrived

at

before

daylight.

Then

again

When the day broke, the princess rose. Again she heard the raven crying on the beach; there were even two ravens. She called the poor little boy, saying, "See why the ravens are crying on the beach." Again he rose and went down. There was the salmon that he himself had caught in the sea. He took it and went up. He entered, carrying it, and laid it down near the old grandmother. She split it and roasted one-half. When it was done, she addressed the princess, wanting her to eat of it, and she ate with them. The poor little boy and the old grandmother ate one end; the princess ate the other end. He did so every night. Then the princess noticed that the skin of the poor little boy began to be very clean. One night she did not sleep,

q'a'mts'En ts'ēnt. NLk·'ē huX q'amts'En g'ē'êLt al la dēlpkul 1 secretly he entered. Then again secretly he lay at (perf.) short time
dem hwîl mesā'x:. Q'aī-ank'siu'kl dem mesā'x:, nlk''ē 2 (fut.) being daylight. Still was spread out (fut.) daylight, then
huX g'în-hē'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ēt huX naxna'L hwîl 3 again rose the princess. Then again she heard where
a'lg'îxL qāq; q'ai-t'Epxā'L qā'qg'ê. NLk''ēt huX go'gsaanL 4 spoke the two ravens. Then again awoke
Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē a'lg'îxt: 5
"Learn what says the at in front of the house!" NLk "e huX g'în-hē'tk"t. 6
NLk'ë iaga-iä'êt. Gwinā'dēL, hân Lē lep-g'îdi-gō'udet al 7 Then down he went. Behold, the salmon self he had caught it at
lax-mô'ông ê! NLk 'ēt gō'ut. NLk 'ē bax-dē-iä'êt; nLk 'ē dē- 8 on the sea! Then he took it. Then up with he it went;
ts'ē'nt. NLk''ēt sg'ît aL awa'aL Lgo-nts'ē'êtst. NLk''ēt q'âLt. 9  he entered. Then he laid at the proximity of little his grandmother. Then she split it.
NLk''ēt iâ'ôdel lē stô'ôt. Nlk''ē a'nukst. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl 10 Then she roasted one half. Then it was done. Then spoke
Lgo-nts'ē'êtst dēt-gun-g'ē'îpt al lgo-wî'lk'sîlk". Nlk''ēt dē-g'ē'îpt. 11  his grandmother also caused to eat it at the princess. Then also she ate it.  little
K'sax La q'apL dē-g'ē'îpL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lku qanL 12
Lgo-nts'ē'êtst. Hwä'i! K''ē g'ē'îpl Lgo-wî'lk'sîlk" la q'ap. 13
Txanē'tk"L axk"L hwî'ltg'ê. NLk''ē llîk's-g'a't'Eni. Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" 14  Every night he did so. Then took notice the princess
hwîl La sak'sk"L anā'sL Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē 15 being (perf.) clean the skin the poor little boy. Then

but she watched him until midnight. He was no longer a boy, but a youth. Now she saw that he was very clean. She saw that not long after dark the poor little boy rose. She was still watching when he reentered. She was unable to sleep, and a little before daylight the poor little boy entered the house. He lay down again, but the princess did not sleep. Now it was daylight, and the raven cried on the beach. Then the princess herself rose and went out. She went down to the beach. Behold, a large salmon lay in front of the house on the sand. The princess herself took it, and she entered, carrying it, while the poor little boy was still lying down. She said, "Rise!" Then the poor little boy rose. The princess said to him, "I wish to ques-

- 1 nîg'i huX wâqt. NLk''ēt sîx'g'a'adet; La k''êdā'uL axk", nLk''ē not again she slept. Then she watched when middle night then
- 2 nîg i wâqL Lgo-wî'lk sîLk at sîx g a'adet hwîl g ä'ê'LL not slept the princess she watched where lay
- 3 Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk\*'ē'Lk"; La nîg'i huX Lgo-tk\*'ē'Lk", La the poor little boy; (perf.) not more a boy, (perf.)
- 4 ts'ō'usg'îm wī-t'ē'st. NLk''ēt g'a'at hwîl La sem-sa'k'sk"t. Haôn a little large. Then she saw being (perf.) very clean. Before
- 5 g'î-na'k"t Lda yu'ksa, nLk''ēt g'a'aL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk", hwîl La long when evening, then saw the princess, where (perf.)
- 6 huX g'în-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'EM Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt q'aiagain rose the poor little boy. Then still
- hwîl K.'e sä'êqt La 7 sîx'g'a'adel huX ts'ent. Hwä'i! dEm she watched him she was (perf.) unable to sleep (fut.) Well! Then where again entered.
- 8 dēlpk<sup>u</sup>L dem mesā'x·, de-ts'ē'nL Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk<sup>u</sup>.

  shortly (fut.) daylight, on his entered the poor little boy.
- nLk'ë Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". g'ä'êLt, nîg'i huX NLk 'e huX wâqL then again Then again he lay not slept princess. little
- 10 NLk.'ē nLk 'e huX a'lg'îxL NLk 'e mesa'x', qāq aL gä'u. daylight, then again spoke the in front Then
- 11 lep-g'în-hē'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē k'saXt. NLk''ē iaga-iä'êt.

  self rose the princess. Then she went out. Then down she went.
- 12 Gwinā'del, wī-hâ'n sîsg î't al qa-g ä'ut al lax-ā'us! Nlk 'ēt
  Behold, a salmon lying at in front of at on the sand! Then
- 13 lep-gō'ul lep-wî'lk'sîlk". Nlk''ë dē-ts'ē'nt al ts'em-hwî'lp
  self took it the princess. Then with she at in the house
- 14 al q'ai-g'ig'ē'l lgo-guä'em lgo-tk''ē'lk". Nlk''ēt a'lg'îxt:
  at still lying the poor little boy. Then she spoke:
- 15 "G'în-hē'tgun!" NLk''ē g'în-hē'tk"L Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-tk''ē'Lk".

  Then rose the poor little boy

tion you." The poor little boy sat down near to her, and the princess said to him, "I know that you found the trout and the small salmon. The raven did not find them on the beach. Now I have found a large salmon. I know that you have got many trout. You killed them. My grandmother dried many salmon, and I have found this large salmon." Then the poor little boy said, "It is true. My uncle treated us thus. He deserted you and me and my grandmother. We were without food, therefore I went into the woods. I came to a large lake. Then I shouted, and a great frog emerged. It swam ashore and I killed it. I skinned it, and I put on its skin. Then I caught trout and salmon and I became very clean. Now I am great. You

NLK'ē a'lg'îxL Then spoke	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" as	ne'tg'ê: "Dem him: "(Fut.)	gʻē'daxa 1
në'en." NLk 'ë you." Then	d'āl Lgo-guä'Em sat the poor little		awa'at. 2
NLk 'e a'lg 'îxL	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" as		hwîlā'yi 3
nē'En t'an dEdô'c	qı lāX qanı se	sō'sem hân, nētL small salmon, not	
qāq aL gʻā'u.	Hwä'i! La hu	n found a large	
aL gon. Hwä'i! at now. Well!	La wī-hē'lL lāX	gʻîdi-dô'gan. La you caught. (Perf.	
you who kil	a'tst. La huX		wa'lk"del 7
nts'ē'Etsē. La hu my grand- (Perf.) ag	em. uX hwa'ē wī-t'ē's gain found a large	em hân." Nık.'ē	a'lg'îxL 8
mother.  Lgo-guä'Em Lgo-ti the poor little	boy: "However it is	t! Hwîl hwî'ls d	
as ne'En qans to you and	me and my	edzē. Sakusta'qsdē grand- They deserted	
	ts'ē'Edzē. NLk''ē a	ther.  iqL-gʻe'ben, nLqan with- food you, there-	hwî'lēE, 11
iä'ē aL g'ilē'lîx'	. Nîk 'ë' hwaL		
went woods.  NLk'ë g'ā'bEnL  Then emerged	wi-qana'o. NLk.'ē		Lk.'ē nē 13
dzak <sup>u</sup> t. Nîk ''ē'	tsâ'ôdet, nelnē't skinned it, that	lō-Lô'ôtguē. Nîk'	
dô'qL lāX qanL caught trout and	hân. Nık 'ē la		wä'i! La 15 Well: (Perf.)

have taken notice of me." The princess replied, "You shall marry me," and he agreed. He married her and he was now a man; he was no longer the poor little boy.

He caught many salmon, and the house was full. Then he filled another house. He went into the sea, and caught bullhead. He dried many. Then he went to catch halibut, and they dried many. He obtained every kind of fish, and caught a great many. Four houses were full of provisions. Then he went to catch seals, and he caught a very great number. He put them into another house. Now he went to catch porpoises, and placed them in another house. Then he went to catch sealions, and they obtained a great many large water

- 1 wī-t'ē'sē gōn. La lîks-g'a't'enen nē'E gōn." NLk''ē great I now. (Perf.) you have taken notice now." Then
- 2 dē'lemexkul Lgo-wî'lk'sîlku: "Hwä'i! La ā'm me na'k'sguēe!"
  replied the princess: "Well! (Perf.) good you marry me!"
- 3 NLk''ē La anâ'qt. NLk''ēt nak'sk"t. NLk''ē qa'nē-hwîla hwîl Then (perf.) he agreed. Then he married her. Then always being
- 4 g'a'tg'ê La nî'g'i huX Lgo-tk''ē'Lkut.
- 5 Hwä'i! NLk''ē wī-hē'ldel hân dza'ptg'ê, la metk"l hwîlp.
  Well! Then many salmon he made, (perf.) full was the
- 6 NLk''ē huX metk't huX k''ēlL hwîlp. La qâ'ôL ts'Em-a'k's
  Then again full was again one house. (Perf.) he went in water
- 7 al lax-mô'ôn. Nlk''ē g'îdi-gō'ul mas-q'ayā'it. Nlk''ē huX to on sea. Then he caught bullhead. Then again
- 8 wī-hē'ldet at gwa'lgut. Nlk''ē huX qâ'ôl txox'. Nlk''ē huX many he dried. Then again he went halibut. Then again
- 9 wī-hē'ldet at gwa'lgut. La tsadeba'ant lo-hwîlem ts'em-a'k's.
  many he dried. (Perf.) he obtained every in being in water.
  kind of (fish)
- 10 NLk·'ē La sem-wī-hē'ldel dzapt. La txalpxl huwî'lp
  Then (perf.) very many he made. (Perf.) four houses
- 11 hwîl metme'tk"t, nlk''ē tq'al-qâ'ôl ēlx. K''ē ia'gaibeing full, then against he went seals. Then however
- 12 sem-k''ā-wī-hē'ldel at dzapt. Hwä'i! la huX k''ēll hwîlp hwîl very ex- many he made. Well! (Perf.) again one house where
- 13 lō-dô'xt. NLk''ēt huX tq'al-qâ'ôdEL dzīX. NLk''ē huX wi-hē'ld in they were.

  Then again against he porwent went poise. Then again many
- 14 t hwîl dzapt. NLk''ē huX k''ēlL hwîl lō-dô'xt. Hwä'i!

  where he he made. Then again one where in they were.

  Well!
- t'ē'bEn. Hwä'i! NēL hwîl 15 NLk 'e huX tq'al-qâ'ôdEL xstāl Then again against sealions. Well! That being gained went

animals. Many houses were full of sealion grease, because the sealions are very large. Then he got whales. He obtained very many.

Now they had two children, and for a long time he caught animals with his hands. Suddenly he became very tired. He told his wife, and she began to worry, and rebuked her husband, saying, "Please stop"; but he caught four large whales and there was a smell of grease all along the beach in front of their houses. The butts of the trees where he had carried up the meat and the fat of whales were full of grease. Bones were lying about in front of his house, and the grease from the whales covered the water of the sea.

Now, many of the people who, with his uncle, had deserted him

dzā'ptg'ê al hwîl la dzapl k''ā-wī-t'ē'sem lō-hwî'lem he made at where (perf.) he made ex- large in being	1
ts'em-a'k's. Hwä'i! Wī-hē'ld hwîl lō-dô'xL hīx'L t'ē'ben	2
animals) aL hwîl k''ā-wī-t'ē'st. Hwä'i! NLk''ēt huX g'îdi-gō'uL because ex- large. Well! Then again he caught	3
Lpen. NeL hwîl sem-k·'a-xstā'L dzāpt.  whales. That being very ex-gained he made.  ceedingly	. 4
NLk''ē La bagadē'lL Lg'i'tg'ê. Nî'g'i dēlpk L hwî'ltg'ê, Then (perf.) two children. Not a short while	5
nel qan la wihē'll dzapt al an'o'ntg'ê. Nlk''ēt ma'lel therefore (perf.) much he made with his hands. Then he told	6
La sā-Lgu'kskutg'ê. NLk''ēt ma'LEt aL nak'st. NLk''ē (perf.) sudden- he was over- tired. Then he told to his wife. Then	7
lō-alî'sk <sup>u</sup> L qâ'ôdEL na'k'stg'ê. NLk''ēt lä'elL nak'st: "ĀmL La in weak heart of his wife. Then she her rebuked husband: "Good (perf.)	8
dem ha'un!" La txalpxl wī-lpe'n huX g'îdi-dô'qtg'ê. La (fut.) stop!" (Perf.) four large whales also he caught. (Perf.)	9
sem-î'sk"L qa-g'ä'uL hwî'lpdētg'ê. Lîg'i-metme'tk"L qa-mē'nL much stench in front of houses of their houses. All full were the butts	10
ganga'n al hwîl bax-hwî'lgal hē'ya lpen qanl txanē'tk"l the trees at where up he carried fat of whale and all	11
qa-sma'x't. K'saxl qa-ts'ē'pt hwîl g'î-dô'xt al hal-qa-g'ä'ul meat. Only bones where lay at along the front of the house of	12
hwîlpt. NLk''ē metk''L lax-mâ'ôn aL hwîl iaga-hē'tk''L t'ēla his house. Then fullit was on sea because down stood fat of	13
Lpen at lax-mâ'ôn. whale at on sea.	14
NLk 'e La wi-he'lt hwîl daXL t'an ts'Ens-lu'k then (perf.) many where dead who leaving moved behind	15

gwa'lgwa

hwîl

where

were dead. His uncle was a very great chief. Now his uncle thought that his daughter, the poor little boy, and the grandmother were dead, and he spoke to his people. The chief had lost many of his people, because there was no food. Many of them and all the children were dead. One day, early in the morning, some people started to look after the princess, the poor little boy, and the grandmother. They were traveling in four canoes. They were approaching the place. When they were still far from the shore, they saw grease on the surface of the water. They noticed it. When they approached the town, they saw several houses full of dried salmon, trout, halibut, and bullhead, and others in which was the grease of

1 hwîl höksk<sup>u</sup>L wī-nēbē'pt. Sem-k'a-wī-t'ē's hwîl sem'â'g'its they were great his mother's with him brother. being chief being 2 nēbē'pt. NLk 'ē ha-lē-qâ'ts nēbē'pt nô'ôL tse La his mother's brother he thought (perf.) his mother's Then if was dead brother. Lgo-tk'e'Lku Lgo-nets'ē'êtst. 3 Lgō'ulk"t Lgo-guä'Em qanL qanL and the grandmother. his child and poor little boy ts'apt. La sem-gwâ'tk"Lē 4 NLk'ě a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'itg'ê Lē aL Then the chief his (Perf.) much spoke to he lost people. sg'iL g'ē'ipdetg'ê sem'â'g'it nîg'i 5 ts'apt dEm aL neLqan their food, the chief there (fut.) therefore people was txanë'tk"L k'ope-tk'e'Lk". wi-hē'lL hwîl daXt qanL 6 La little being dead and all the children. (perf.) many K·'ēt NLk 'e ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl mesā'x'. sīg'â'tk"L qal-ts'a'p daylight. Then started Then came being the people gʻa'al lgo-wî'lkʻsîlk", qanl lgo-guä'em lgo-tkʻ'ē'lk" dEm (would) the the little who princess and poor (fut.) little ts'apL Lgō-nēts'ē'etst. Lō-txalpxdā't sem'â'g'it Lē qanL people the chief his grandmother. In four canoes the to and NLk 'e lō-ba'xt q'ai-hwagai't-tsE-tsagamt'an g'a'at. 10 dem still toward shore they approached far who would Then (fut.) see it. g'ī'îks. K∙'ē g'a'adeL ťelx. lax-ō'L mâ'ôn. 11 yu'kdet aL the sea. they went from off shore. Then they saw grease hwî'ltg'ê. NLk''ē lō-ba'xdēt 12 NLk 'ē ts'ap. lîk's-g'a'd'Endēt it was so. Then they approached at took notice Then g'a'adēL qabē'L huwî'lp hwîl metmē'tk"L gwa'lgwa hân 13 K. et dry salmon Then they saw several houses being full

gwa'lgwa

dry

lō-daxdô'xL

was

txox'

halibut

hē'va

fat of

qanL

and

qanL

and

ēlx

seal

gwa'lgwa

dry

14 qanL

15 mas-q'ayā'it

bullhead

lā X

trout

qanL

and

hwîl

where

qanL

and

in

seals, of porpoises, of sealions, and of whales. He had very much, because he had caught four whales. He had caught very much with his hands. Then his uncle's people landed. They told him that many of the tribe were dead. They entered his house and he fed them. Then they ate dried salmon, fat of the seal, and fat of the porpoise and of the whale. Then he presented them with dried halibut, bull-head, and trout. He gave presents to those whom he had invited in. He gave them fat of the seal, porpoise, sealion, and whale. Then they started and left him. They landed at the place where the chief was living. Then the people came to the beach and told him that the

lō-daxdô'xL hē'ya in was fat of	por-	qanL and	hwîl where	lō-daxdô'x in was	L hē'ya fat of	1
t'ē'beng'ê qanL sealion and	hwîl where	lō-daxdô'		ya Lpen.	Nelne't	2
sem-k 'a-xstā't al hy very exceed- he at wh	vîl La ere (perf.)	txalpxL four	t'ē'sEm large	Lpen g'îd	i-dô'qtg'ê.	3
NLK''ē sem-k''a-xsti	i'L dza	pt al	an'ô'ntg	·ê. Nık·'ē	k 'atskuL landed	4
ts'aps nēbē'pt. NLl	c'et m			hwîl La being (perf.)		5
Lē ts'aps nēbē'ptg the people his uncle.	ê. NLl	c'ē la'm en they	ndzîxt :	aL hwîlpt. in his house.	NLk 'et	6
g'înā'mı g'ē'iptg'ê.		·'ē txâ'				7
g'ē'îpdetg'ê; nLk''ē	hē'ya fat of	ēlx gʻē	'îpdet;	nLk.'ē hē'	ya dzīX of por- poise	8
g·ē'îpdet; nrk·'ē he they ate; then fa	ya Lpe	en g·ē'îp	det. Ni	Lk.'ē k.sax	t-g'inā'mL	9
gwa'lgwa txōx qa dry halibut a	inL gw	a'lgwa 1 dry	nas-q'ay:	ā'it, qanL	gwa'lgwa dry	10
lāX. Iä'êqdet aL gu trout. He distrib- to uted it	ıl-g'anē'ı	wô'ôtku who were	tg ê. N	Lk'et k'saz	K-gʻinā'mL he gave	11
txanē'tk"L hē'ya ē				qanı hē'y		12
qanl hē'ya lpen.	NLk.	ē sig â'	ôtk <sup>u</sup> L tarted	wô'ôtk <sup>u</sup> tg'ê.	NLk.'ē	13
dā'uLdetg'ê. NLk''	ē k·'ā't	sk <sup>u</sup> dēt a	at hwîl	dzôqL s	sem'â'g it.	14
NLk 'ë ia'ga-laxla'	qL q	al-ts'a'p. ne people.	NLk Then	ë mala'	ask <sup>u</sup> detg ê	15
B. A. E., Buli	27—02	——11				

16 NLk 'ē

Then

ha'ts'îk'sEm

once more

huX

again

dzô'qdet

they stayed

aL

at

Le

(part.) off

sa-ma'qdetg'ê.

they had put.

town of the young man was full of dried trout, salmon, halibut, and bullhead, and of fat of the seal, porpoise, sealion, and whale, that the butts of the trees smelled of meat of the whale, sealion, porpoise, and seal that was lying about, and that four houses were full of dried trout, halibut, and bullhead. When the chief heard this, he was very glad, and he was also glad when he heard that his daughter had two children. He said to his people, "Let us move again." The great slave went out and ordered the people to move back to the place where the princess and the poor little boy were living. The old grandmother had died. Then the people moved, and they stayed at the place

gwa'lgwa lāX gwa'lgwa hân gal-ts'a'p al mētk<sup>u</sup>L qanL trout dry salmon (perf.) the town of dry and gwa'lgwa mas-q'ayā'it 2 qanL gwa'lgwa txox. qanL qanL and dry halibut and dry ēlX hē'ya dzīX hē'ya t'ē'ben 3 hē'ya qanL qanL qanL porpoise and fat of sealion seal and fat of and fat of ganga'n NLk 'e îsk<sup>u</sup>L qa-mē'nL 4 hē'ya La Lpen. aL the trees fat of whale. Then (perf.) stench the butts at 5 hwîl k 'sax-k'uL-daxdô'xL sma've sma'ye Lpen qanL only about meat of whale and meat of where qanl sma'ye 6 t'e'ben sma'ye dzīX ēlx. NLK 'e txalpxL qanL meat of porpoise and meat of seal. Then four sealion and hwîl mêtme'tk"L gwa'lgwa lāX gwa'lgwa 7 huwî'lp qanL full of houses being dry trout and dry NLk 'e qâdel gwa'lgwa mas-q'ayā'it. sem-lō-ā'ml txōx' qanL dry halibut and bullhead. Then very in good 9 wī-sem'â'g'it hwîl naxna't. NLk 'ë huX lō-ā'mL qâdEL Lat (perf.) he heard Then again in good the when chief bagadē'lı 10 sem'â'g'itg'ê hwîl naxna't Lg'iL Lgō'uLk"tg'ê. Lat chilhis daughter. the chief where (perf.) he heard two "Aml dem a'lg'îxt al qal-ts'a'p: huX lo'gum." 11 NLk 'e huX he spoke to "Good (fut.) again we move." Then again the people: huX k'si-ba'xL 12 NLk 'e huX ha'ts'îk sem wi-xa'atk"stg 'ê. once more again out ran the Then great 13 At gun-lu'kı qal-ts'a'p al awa'al hwîl dzôql lgo-wî'lk sîlk qanl the people to the proximity of He caused to princess where stayed 14 Lgo-guä'em Lgo-tk·'ē'lku. La k·'ē nô'ôl Lgo-nēts'ē'tsdetg-ê. NLk 'e (Perf.) then their grandmother. Then the little boy. ā'd'îk'sk"L qal-ts'a'p NLk 'e awa'adetg'ê. 15 lukl qal-ts'a'p. aL the people. Then the people their proximity. moved came

that they had once left. Then the boy gave them much dried trout, salmon, halibut, and bullhead. He did what was just right. Then his uncle's people were glad. They were saved, because they now ate dried trout, salmon, halibut, and bullhead, and he also gave them a little fat of the seal, porpoise, sealion, and whale; and his uncle's people were very glad, because they were saved. And all the people said that the poor little boy, when grown up, should be their chief.

The boy always went out to sea to catch seals for his uncle's people, and he always told his wife that it was very hard to take off the frog blanket. Then his wife worried and cried when she lay down. Now

NLK'ēt k'sax-g'înā'mL āmL qabē'L gwa'lgwa lāX qanL 1 Then only he gave just several dry trout and
gwa'lgwa hân qanL gwa'lgwa txōx qanL gwa'lgwa 2 dry salmon and dry halibut and dry
mas-q'ayā'it; āml qabē'l an-hwî'ntg'ê. Nlk''ē lō-am'ā'ml qagâ'ôl 3 bullhead; just several what he did. Then in good hearts
ts'aps nēbē'pt. NLk'ē lēmâ'tk"detg'ê, aL hwîl La g'ē'îpdet 4 the peo- ple of brother. Then they were saved, because (perf.) they ate
gwa'lgwa lāX qanL gwa'lgwa hân qanL gwa'lgwa txōx. 5 dry trout and dry salmon and dry halibut
qanl gwa'lgwa mas-q'ayā'it. Nlk''ē huX k'sax-g'înā'ml 6 and dry bullhead. Then again only he gave
ts'ō'osk'ı hē'ya ēlx qanı hē'ya dzīX qanı hē'ya t'ē'ben 7
qanl hē'ya lpen. Nlk''ē wi-t'ē'sl hwîl lō-am'ā'ml qagâ'ôl 8 and fatof whale. Then much being in good hearts
ts'aps nēbē'pt al hwîl la dē-lemâ'tk"tdetg'ê. Nlk''ē 9 the peo- ple of brother, because (perf.) they were saved. Then
a'lg'îxl txanē'tk"L qal-ts'a'p al dem sem'â'g'it la hwîl 10 spoke all the people at (fut.) chief (perf.) being
wi-t'ē'sL Lgo-guā'Em Lgo-tk'·ē'Lku.  great the poor little boy.  11
NLk''ē qa'nē-hwîla dā'uL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk'' aL ts'Em-mâ'ôn, aL 12  Then always he the boy at in sea, and went little
g'îdi-dô'qL ēlx aL g'ē'îpL qal-ts'a'ps nēbē'pt. NLk''ēt 13 caught seal for food of the people his uncle. Then
qa'nē-hwîla māLt aL nak'st hwîl La wi-t'ē'st hwîl 14 always he to his wife being (perf.) much being
sa-Lgu'ksk <sup>u</sup> l gwīs-qana'otg'ê. Nlk'ē sem-lō-qē'tk <sup>u</sup> l qâ'ôdel 15
off difficult to his frog. Then very in sorry the heart of

Then

he

a song.

the people brought many elks and slaves. They brought enough elks to fill two houses. And he bought them with trout and dried halibut and salmon and bullhead; he bought many slaves. Then he gave a potlatch. He invited all the people from other places. Then he accomplished what he intended to do. The people went into his house, and he placed the elks and all his other goods and his slaves in the middle of the house. Then he said to his uncle, "You shall distribute them." His uncle agreed, and told him to put on the skin of the white bear. He also wore the great copper that he had thrown down from the tree when he still was the poor little boy. He placed the great copper on his head. Then he walked to the middle of the house and stood near the pile of elk skins; then he sang. When the song was ended, the chief said, "Now I will

1 g'ä'êLt. TgonL hwîlL qal-ts'a'pg'ê. G'ī'kudîL Liâ'n Hwä'i! Well! This did the people. They sold elks she lay. wi-hē'ldel K'e'lb'ElL LîLî'ng'it, Liâ'n. hwîlp hwîl 2 qanL slaves, many elks. Two being 3 mêtmē'tk"L Liâ'n sqa'lsît lāX qanL gwa'lgwa qanL aL txox' he bought for and dry halibut full of elks trout and gwa'lgwa mas-q'ayā'it qanl wī-hē'ldem 4 gwa'lgwa hân qanL salmon and dry bullhead and many NLk 'e Txa-wô'ôdel hwîl dzaxdzô'q. 5 Lill'ng'itg'ê. yukt. he gave a potlatch. All he invited Then slaves. hwî'ltg ê. daa'qLk"L NLk 'e ts'elem-qâ'ôdeL g'at 6 NLk'e La what he Then into the he succeeded (perf.) went Then people ts'Em-hwî'lpt. NLk 'ë t'Em-d'ā'LL Liâ'n qanL txane'tk"L into the he put middle the and all Then house. NLk 'e txanē'tk"L LiLî'ng'it. a'lg'îxs 8 lîg'i-hwî'ltg'ê qanL his goods and all his slaves. Then he said gon!" "AmL ō'yigan NLk 'e anâ'qt. NLk 'e 9 nēbē'pt: dem it is thrown now!" Then Then his uncle: "Good (fut.) away by you "DEM gulîk's-wô'xgutg'ê. anā'sL nēbē'pt: gulai'EnL 10 a'lg'îxs at himself his uncle: "(Fut.) you put the said skin of (the white bear). on sa-ô'x'deL Lgo-guä'Em NLk 'et huX hâx'L wī-o'q Lē 11 off thrown by (perf.) Then also used great per wī-o'q 12 Lgo-tk·'ē'Lk". Tgōnl hwîlt: Lē-sg'ī'ît al lax-t'em-që'st. the cop-This he did: on he laid on on little boy. great per t'Em-iä'tg'ê, nlk'e hetk't al hwîl men-dô'xL Liâ'ng'ê. 13 NLk 'e elks. into the he went, then he stood at where nLk'e lē'mîx', a'lg'îxL se-lē'mîx'detg'ê. La sa-ba'xL 14 NLk 'et

(Perf.) off

off ran (ended) the song.

then

spoke

call your name"; and he named him Growing-up-like-one-who-has-a-grandmother. When he had finished, he put off the great copper that he had used, and he put off the skin of the white bear, and he gave away the slaves to all his guests, and he gave them elk skins. When he had finished, they started away.

After he had finished, he again put on his frog blanket, intending to catch seals for food for the people. He found it very difficult to take off his frog blanket. Then he went to bed and told his wife, and she began to cry. He said, "When I put it on again, I shall not be able to take it off, and if I do so, I may not return; I shall only bring seals and halibut and place them in front of the town. I shall not

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1
Masemsts'ē'tsk"L dem hwat. Hwä'i! Lēsk"t, nLk''ēt sa-mā'gal.  Growing-up-like-one- who-has-a-grandmother (fut.) his name. He then off he put	2
wī-o'qL hâ'yîtg'ê. NLk''ēt sa-mā'gaL La anā'sL gulîk's-wô'xgut the copgreat per used. Then off he put the skin at himself barking of (the white bear)	3
Lē gulā'yîtg'ê. NLk''ē k'sax-g'înā'mL LîLî'ng'it aL txanē'tk"L that he had worn.  Then only he gave slaves to all	4
hwîl dzaxdzô'q Lē wô'ôtg'ê. NLk''ē k'sax-g'înā'mL Liâ'n he invited. Then only he gave elks	5
al txanē'tk" hwîl dzaxdzô'q lē wô'ôtg'ê. Nlk''ē la to all the camps he invited. Then (perf.)	6
Lēsk <sup>u</sup> t. NLk·'ē sē-lô'ôtk <sup>u</sup> t. NLk·'ē sa'k·sk <sup>u</sup> dētg·ê.  he he they started. Then they went.  finished.	7
Hwä'i! La Lēsk"L hwîlt, nLk''ē huXt gulā'L well! When he he he did, then again he put on	8
gwīs-qanā'ot aL demt huX g'îdi-dô'qL txanē'tk"L ēlx his frog to (fut.) again catch all seals	9
dem g·ē'îpl qal-ts'a'p. Nlk·'ē la sa-lgu'kskul gwīs-qanā'ot (fut.) food of the people. Then (perf.) off difficult his frog blanket	10
hwîl hwî'lt. NLk''ē lā'Ldetg'ê. NLk''ē māLt aL nak'st. what he did. Then they lay down. Then he told to his wife.	11
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12
hwî'lēE, nLk.'ē nîg'în dEm huX sā-daa'qLgut. NLk.'ē I do so, then not I (fut.) again off get it. Then	13
tseda hwî'lēe, k·'ē nî'g·i dem huX ā'd'îk·sguēg·ê.  if I do so, then not (fut.) again I come perhaps.	14
Dem q'am-hwîl'am-dâ'ēE ēlx aL qa-g'ä'uL ts'ap qanL (Fut.) only ashore I lay seals at in front of the town	15

come ashore again, and I shall stay in the sea. All the year round I shall secretly put ashore seals, halibut, salmon, porpoises, sealions, and whales as food for my children." He said so every day.

One morning his wife went down to the beach in front of the town, and he was lost. He did not come ashore again. He stayed at the bottom of the sea. Therefore the woman, every morning when she rose, went down to the beach and cried, accompanied by her two children. They saw two halibut, and they took them up to the house. One morning she went out again, crying, and she looked seaward, crying, because her husband was lost in the sea. Then she

- 1 txōx: NLk'è nî'g'i dem huX ts'â'k'skuēe, dem lōhalibut. Then not (fut.) again I come ashore, (fut.) in
- 2 tq'al-gwâ'tk<sup>u</sup>nēe at ts'em-mâ'ôn. Txanē'tk<sup>u</sup>t k'ōt dem hwî'lēe against I am lost at in sea. All year (fut.) I do so
- 3 al dem q'a'mts'en tsagam-d'ā'ldēe txanē'tk"l ēlx, txanē'tk"l at (fut.) secretly ashore I put all seals, all
- 4 txōx', txanē'tk''L hân, txanē'tk''L dzīX, txanē'tk''L t'ē'ben, halibut, all salmon, all porpoises, all sealions,
- 5 txanē'tk"L Lpen dem g'ē'îpL Lg'i'E. Txanē'tk"L k'ōL dem whales (fut.) food of my children.
- 6 hwîl hwî'lēE." Txanē'tk"L sa hwîl hwî'ltg'ê.

  All days he did so.
- Hwä'i! La k''ēlL hē'Luk, nLk 'e iaga-iä'L na'k stg'ê aL Well! When morning, then down went his wife to one
- gwâ'ôtkut. ts'âk'sk"t, ts'ap La Nîg'i huX 8 qa-g a'ul aL La again the and (perf.) he was lost. Not he came when the front of town the houses of
- 9 hwîl k''ē lō-g'a'del s'iä'nl mâ'ôn as nē'tg'ê. Nîl qan hwîll at once he belonged to the bottom of the sea to him. Therefore she did so
- 10 hana'q, na'k'stg'ê. Txanē'tk"L hē'Luk hwîl g'în-hē'tk"t, k''ē
  the woman, his wife. Every morning rising, then
- 11 huX k'saxt at hwîlp, k''ē huX iaga-iä't at qa-g'ä'ut ts'ap.
- 12 NLk''ē aL qa'nē-hwîla wī-yē'tk<sup>u</sup>t aL k'uL-sel-stē'l bagadē'lL Then always she cried and about accompanying two
- 13 Lg'it. NLk''ēt g'aadē'L hwîl La g'îna-dô'xL t'Epxā'tL txox'.
- HuX k'elL hē'Luk hwîl huX k'saXL 14 NLk 'et bax-dô'qt. up she took them. morning (when) again went out Again one Then
- al qa-g'ä'ul t'uks-g'a'aL wī-vē'tk"t ts'ap aL huX 15 hana'q at in front of the houses of the and out to she crying the again town woman

saw two seals. Growing-up-like-one-who-has-a-grandmother had given them as food to his children. Another morning she went down. She went down, crying, every morning. She saw a porpoise. She carried it up. Another morning she went down with her two children, and she saw a sealion. She went down and carried it up. Thus her children had always enough. Another morning she went down, and when she ceased crying she saw a great whale. Then she did not go down again, because she could not carry the whale. She said to her father's people "Fasten this whale to the house. The father of these children sent it here. He also sent the sealions, the

lax-mâ'ôn. Nel la hwîl lō-tq'al-gwâ'tk"l na'k'stg'ê. Nlk''ē on sea. He (perf.) being in against lost her husband. Then	1
huXt gʻa'aL hwîl La huX gʻîna-dô'xL t'epxā'tL ēlx.  again she saw where (perf.) again right lay two seals.	2
At tsagam-g'î'ns Masemsts'ē'tsk"L Lg'i'tg'ê. NLk''ē huX k''ēlL He ashore gave Growing-up-like-one- who-has-a-grandmother his children. Then again 'one	3
1-1 1 1 1- 1 37 1 41 1 1 4 4 11.1.	4
al txanē'tk" l hē'lukg'ê, Nlk'ë huXt g'a'al hwîl g'îna-dô'xl at every morning. Then again she saw where right lay there	5
dzīX. NLk''ē huX bax-dô'qdetg'ê. HuX k''ēlL hē'Luk, k''ē porpoise. Then again up she took them. Again one morning, then	6
ha'k'sem huX hwîlL hana'qg'ê qanL bagadē'lL Lg'ît. NLk''ēt once more again did so the woman and two her children.	7
huX gʻa'at hwîl gʻîna-sgʻī'L t'ē'bEn. NLk''ē huX iaga-iä't.  again she saw where right lay a sealion. Then again down she there	8
K.'ēt huX bax-gō'ut. NLk.'ē qa'nē-hwîla lts'ā'eL Lg'it. HuX Then again up she went. Then always were satiated children. Again	9
k''ē'lL hē'Luk nLk''ē huX k'saXL hana'qg'ê. NLk''ē Lēsk"L 1	0
huX wī-yē'tk"t. NLk''ēt g'a'aL hwîl g'îna-sg'i'L wī-Lpe'n. 1	1
NLk 'e nîg'i huX iaga-iä'êt aL hwîl wī-t'ē'sL Lpen 1 Then not again down she because was large the whale	2
q'ap-Lgu'ksaantg-ê. NeL qan a'lg-îxt aL ts'aps neguâ'ôtg-ê: "ĀmL 1 really she could not carry it. Therefore she to the people her father: "Good "Good"	3
nē'sem t'an tsagam-sî-dä'xL wī-Lpe'n. Neguâ'ôdeL k'ōpe-Lg'ī'e, 1	4
nēlnē' t'an tsagam-mā'gat qanl txanē'tk"l t'ē'ben, qanl 1	15

porpoises, the seals, and the halibut. He told me what he was going to do, because he could not get off his frog blanket, and now he really lives in the sea."

- 1 txanē'tk"L dzīX, qanL txanē'tk"L ēlx, qanL txanē'tk"L txōx:.
- hwîlt nē'E; 2 Iagait-ma'Ldetg'ê dem hwîl as aL La Already he told (fut.) he does to me; because (perf.)
- 3 sa-Lgu'ksk<sup>u</sup>L wī-gwīs-qana'ot La g'ap-lō-hwî'lem ts'em-mâ'ôns off it could not his blanket frog (perf.) really in being in the sea
- 4 nē'tg'ê."

## LITTLE-EAGLE

## A LEGEND OF THE EAGLE CLAN

[Told by Moses]

There was a large town. A chief was its master. He was the commander of all the men. His child was a noble prince. The child did not eat, but made bows and arrows all the time. Now the salmon arrived. Then the chief said to his people, "Catch salmon and dry them." The people did so. They dried many salmon. Then the prince took one salmon. He put it on the sand, and gave it to an eagle to eat. One eagle came, and then another one, and they ate

## LGWA-XSKĪ'YÊK

## LITTLE-EAGLE

Hētk <sup>u</sup> L There stood	wī-qal-ts'a'p.	K·'âlL One	sem'â'g'iL	mē'ndēt. its master.	Nunet That one	1
an-a'lg'ig	al txanë'tk"L	gʻa'tgʻê.		k·'âlı ıgō'ı		2
semgal a very high	Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk".	Nîg îdē Not	yō'ôxk"t he ate,	, k·sax-ha	-Xda'qL bows	3
on his he part made	qanL hawî'l.	Then	when can	ne the salmon,	then	4
a'lg'îxL said	sem-â'g'it aL the chief to	Lē ts'apt:	"Good mE	dem sem s	E-hē'ltL ike many	5
hân aL salmon	me dem sem	gwa'lgut." dry them."	NLk.'ē	hwîlL qa	ıl-ts'a'p.	6
	wī-hē'lL hân many salmon t					7
	'sîLk". Gō'udE					8
the sand	to eat to	eagle to him.	Then	came	the eagle.	
	nuX ā'd'îk'sk"L	huX k 'a	ne. The	they ate	L hân. j	10

the salmon. Many eagles did so. They are all the salmon, and then they flew away again. The prince pulled out their feathers and gathered them. Then he was glad, and the eagles also were glad. The prince made arrows; he made many boxes full of them. He used the feathers of the eagles for making his arrows, fastening them to the shaft, and therefore his arrows were very swift. He gave salmon to many eagles. When the salmon were at an end, he stopped.

The prince did not eat. He only made arrows. Now it came to be winter. For about three months the Indians ate only dried salmon and berries mixed with grease and elderberries and currants. They

1	Wī-hē'lL Many	xsk'āk'L eagles			dza'LdēL they ate all	hân. Nık 'ē the Then salmon.
2	lēba'yukt.	NLk 'ē Then	dzaXL h	wîl ts'â'ôt	s'aL txanē'	tk <sup>u</sup> L qaq'ā'x'.
3	Nîlne'l That is what	saxdâ'iL picked up	Lgō-wî'lk	'sîLk". N	NLk.'ē lō-	good heart.
4	NLk.'ē ia'g	w- again	dē-lō-am'ā'	mL qaqâ'ô	tL xsk'āk'.	Hwä'i! Tgōn Well! This
5		wî'lk'sîLk".	. Hawî'lg'	ê, nîlne'L	q'ap-dē-dzā' really on mae his part	pt, Lgō'uLkuL the son of
6	sem-â'g'it.		arrows on	he made	sem-wī-hē'lt very many.	. Txanē'tk"L
7		hwîl m		Hwä'i! Well!	Q'ap-k·'ē'l Really one	L qaq'ā'îx'L feather of
8	xsk'ā'k'g'ê,	neL h	a'yît aL ne used for	hawî'l.	Tq'al-dîx o	da'k'Ldît lât. astened it to it.
9	Nëlne'l q	e very qu	lē-iä'ēdet.	Wī-hē'lL Many	xsk'ak' t	hwîl gʻinā'mL
10	hâ'ng 'ê. salmon.	Q'ap-ndaL Really where	hwîl o	finished	hân. NLk	'ē hawî'tg'ê.
11	Nîgʻidē Not	$y\bar{o}'\hat{o} \overset{\cdot}{\underset{ate}{X}} k^u L$	Lgō-wî'lk	sîLk <sup>u</sup> g 'ê.	K sax-hawî	'lL dē-dzā'pt. s on he made. his part
12	NLk·'ē ā'		dem hy			nak <sup>u</sup> L hwîl being
13	mā'adem i snow w	Lā lîg·î-gu hen about t	ılaEldEma hree maybe	Lôqs, Lā months, when	tgōnL hwîl	L alō-g·ig·a't,
14	k·sax-hâ'nL only salmon	dē-g·ē'î	pdet qan	L La'ix berries mixed with grease	qanı mā'ı d and berries	E qanL lâts
15	and wild	k'îl. Tx	anē'tk <sup>u</sup> L	lē-hwa'nt on were	aL lax-q at on li	aq'â'qst, neL

ate all kinds of berries. Now the salmon was all used up. They did not give any salmon to the prince. When the salmon was almost all used up, the great chief felt sad. He said to his great slave, "Go out and order the people to move." The great slave ran out, crying, "Move, great tribe!" The people did so. They moved in the morning. They left the chief's son and his little grandmother, and one little slave, who was still quite small. He was weak. There was no salmon. They only left him his boxes filled with arrows. But his mother buried a clam shell in which she had placed some fire and one-half of a large spring salmon. Then she told the little grandmother where she had hidden the fire and the salmon.

Now the people went aboard and moved away. Only the prince and his little grandmother and the little slave were left. They had no

	1
dē-g·ē'îpdēt. NLk·'ē Lā qâ'ôdEL hân, nLk·'ē nî'g·îdēt g·ē'ndēL on they ate. Then when it was fin- the then not they gave	1
their part ished salmon, food	
Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk" aL hân. Lā nak"L lax-ha', Lā ts'ōsk'L dem	2
to the prince to the When long the when nearly (fut.) little salmon.	
hwîl qâ'dîr hân, nrk''ē sī'êpk"ı qâ'ôr wī-sem'â'g'it. Nrk''ē	3.
being gone the then sick was the the chief. Then salmon,	
a'lg îxtg ê: "Adô', k sa'wun. Āml yukl gun-lu'kl qal-ts'a'p;	4
he said: "Adô, go out. Good begin to to the town;	
mēya'an!" Dē'ya al wī-xa'e. Nlk''ē k'si-ba'xl wī-xa'e:	5
say so!" Thus he to the slave. Then out ran the slave:	
"Dzē lâ'g în wī-ts'â'ôp." NLk 'e hwîll qal-ts'a'p luk al	6
"Move great village." Then did so the people they in moved	
hē'luk. Uks-ksta'qstel sem'â'g'il lgō'ulk"tg'ê dē-k''â'll lgō-	7
the From land left the chief his son also one little morning, to sea	-
ntsē'êts dē-k·'â'lı Lgo-xa'E; sem-q'ai-tsetsō'osk'ı Lgo-xa'E	8
ntsē'êts dē-k·'â'lL Lgo-xa'E; sEm-q'ai-tsetsō'osk'L Lgo-xa'E grand- also one little slave; very quite small was the slave	
mother hao'ng it dax-g a'tt. Nîg i sg îl hân al awa'al lgō-wî'lk sîlk".	
not yet strong. Not was salmon at proximity the prince.	9
of little	
K·sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xL hawî'l. Wī-hē'lL xpē'ist hwîl	10
	10
K·sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xL hawî'l. Wī-hē'lL xpē'ist hwîl only where in were the arrows. Many boxes being	
K·sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xL hawî'l. Wī-hē'lL xpē'ist hwîl boxes being metme'tkut. NLk·'ēt wôqs nôxt q'am-xts'a'q; lō-me'll laku full. Then dug his clam shells; in burnt fire	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11
K·sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xl hawî'l. Wī-hē'll xpē'ist hwîl boxes being metme'tkut. Nlk·'ēt wôqs nôxt q'am-xts'a'q; lō-me'll laku full. Then dug his clam shells; in burnt fire lâ'ôt dē-stô'ô wī-ya'e. Nlk·'ēt ma'lel al lgō-ntsē'tstg·ê.	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11
K·sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xl hawî'l. Wī-hē'll xpē'ist hwîl only where in were the arrows. Many boxes being metme'tk''t. Nlk''ēt wôqs nôxt q'am-xts'a'q; lō-me'll lak'' full. Then dug his clam shells; in burnt fire lâ'ôt dē-stô'ô wī-ya'E. Nlk''ēt ma'lel al lgō-ntsē'tstg'ê.  in also one large spring them half salmon. Then she told to the grandmother. little  Nlk''ē uks-qâ'ôdel luk. Nlk''ē qam-k''â'll lgō-wî'lk'sîlk''	11
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11
K'sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xL hawî'l. Wī-hē'lL xpē'ist hwîl only where in were the arrows. Many boxes being metme'tk''t. NLk''ēt wôqs nôxt q'am-xts'a'q; lō-me'LL lak'' full. Then dug his clam shells; in burnt fire mother lâ'ôt dē-stô'ô wī-ya'E. NLk''ēt ma'LEL aL Lgō-ntsē'tstg'ê.  In also one large spring them half salmon. Then she told to the grandmother. little  NLk''ē uks-qâ'ôdEL luk. NLk''ē qam-k''â'lL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk'' Then from they were land to sea gone moved.	11 12 13
K'sax-hwîl lō-daxdô'xL hawî'l. Wī-hē'lL xpē'ist hwîl only where in were the arrows. Many boxes being metme'tk"t. NLk''ēt wôqs nôxt q'am-xts'a'q; lō-me'LL lak" full. Then dug his clam shells; in burnt fire lâ'ôt dē-stô'ô wī-ya'E. NLk''ēt ma'LEL aL Lgō-ntsē'tstg'ê.  in also one large spring them half salmon. Then she told to the grandmother. little  NLk''ē uks-qâ'ôdEL luk. NLk''ē qam-k''â'lL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk"  Then from they were they moved. Then only one little prince	11 12 13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This sentence is in Tsimshian dialect.

Then the little old woman took the coal and made a fire. did not eat for a whole day, and for a long time they had no food. Then the prince went out. Early in the morning he sat outside. was low water. Then an eagle was screeching on the beach. The prince called his little slave: "See why the eagle is screeching on the beach." The slave ran down and came to the place where the eagle was sitting. When he was near by, the eagle flew away and, behold, a little trout was lying on the sand. Then the little slave shouted, telling the prince, "A little trout, my dear, lies on the beach." Thus spoke the little slave. Then the prince said, "Take it." The little slave carried it up, and the prince ordered him to roast it. The slave roasted it,

- 1 g'ē'îpdētg'ê. NLk 'et gō'uL Lgō-wud'ax-g'a't lak<sup>u</sup>. NLk 'et their food. Then took the person the Then old txanē'tk<sup>u</sup> 2 se-mē'lt. NLk 'e nîg'î txâ'xk"dētg'ê. Nık'ë lā sa she fire. Then all day not they ate. Then when nakuL hwî'ldēt, NLk 'e aqL-g'ī'pdēt. k'saXL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". they did so, without their Then went out prince. 4 NLk'e d'āt aL g'a'lEq, aL hē'Luk. SEm-sg'îL ak's. Then outside. morning. he sat at at low the Very g'ī'îk's. 5 NLk'e a'lg'îxL xsk'ā'ak' NLk 'et wô'ôL aL called Then spoke an eagle. at offshore. Then Lgo-xa'E: "Adô', 6 Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk" g'a'aL an-hä'EL xsk'āk' the prince the little slave: "Adô, see what says the eagle 7 g'ī'îk's." NLk 'e NLk 'e uks-ba'xL Lgo-xa'E. hagun-a'qLk"t from ran the slave. offshore." Then toward land to sea little q'ai'yîm 8 al hwîl dEd'ā'L xsk'āk'. Lā dēlpk<sup>u</sup>L Lgo-xa'E, the slave, where sat the eagle. When close by near was nlk''ē g'iba'yuk"l xsk'āk'. Gwinā'dēl, lgo-lā'X sîsg'ît al lax-ā'us. flew the eagle. Behold, trout lying on the beach 10 NLk.'ē ma'LEL Lgō-wîlk'sîLk": wī-am-hē'L Lgo-xa'E, at aL told prince: Then shouted the slave, he the am-sg î't g'ä'u." Dē'yaL "Lgo-lā'X, hwîl aL Lgo-xa'E nāt, being on the lies beach the beach of house." the slave "A little on Thus said trout, my dear. Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk": "Gōlē." NLk 'et ma'LEt. NLk 'e a'lg'îxL
- the little prince: "Take it." and he told it. Then said
- NLk 'e tsagam-iä'êt. NLk 'et gun-iâ'ôdEL 13 gōl Lgo-xa'E. ordered roast it took it Then from sea to land he Then the slave. went.
- 14 Lgō-wî'lk sîlku NLk 'et iâ'ôdel Lgo-xa'E. Lgo-xa'E. aL the roasted it the the prince slave. Then slave.

and when it was done, he and the little old person ate it. The prince did not eat anything. Only the old person and the slave ate it.

Night came and morning came; then the prince went out again. Again he heard the eagles screeching on the beach. He sent down his little slave, who found a bullhead (sculpin). Then he told the prince, who ordered him to take it up. The little slave took it, and they roasted it. They did so for many days, and the eagles gave them trout and sculpin. Then they had enough to eat.

One morning the prince went out again, and he saw two eagles sitting on the beach screeching. He sent his little slave, who went

NLk''ē a'nukst. NLk''ē g'î'pdēt qanL Lgō-wud'ax-g'a't.  Then it was done. Then they ate it and the old person.	1
Nî'g'idēt g'îpl Lgō-wî'lk'sîlk". K'sax Lgō-wud'ax-g'a't t'an Not ate it the prince, Only the old person who	2
g'ēîpt qanL Lgo-xa'E.  ate it and the slave.	3
NLk''ē huX yu'ksa. NLk''ē huX hē'ELuk. NLk''ē huX  Then again it was evening. Then again it was morning. Then again	4
went out the prince. Then again he heard where spoke an eagle little	5
al g'l'îk's. Nlk''ēt huX uks-hē'tsl lgo-xa'e. Nlk''ēt hwal at off shore. Then again from land he to sea sent little	6
hwîl sg'îL mas-q'ayā'it. K''ēt ma'LEL aL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". where lay a bullhead. Then he told to the prince.	7
NLk·'ēt huX gun-gō'udeL Lgō-wî'lk·sîLku. NLk·'ē huX  Then again caused to take the prince. Then again	8
	9
wī-hē'lı saı hwî'ldēt, la wīhē'lı lāX qanı mas-q'ayā'it. 1 many days they did so, when many trout and bullhead.	10
T g'enl xsk'ak'l lgō-wî'lk'sîlk", nlk''e la lîtsä'x'det.  They gave the eagles the prince, then (perf.) they were satisted.	11
HuX k''ē'ElL hē'Luk, nLk''ē huX k'saXL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk" aL 1  Again one morning, then again went out the prince to	12
gʻa'leq. NLkʻè gʻa'aL hwîl hwanL xskʻa'akʻ q'ai-t'epxā't. 1 outside. Then he saw where sat eagles just two.	13
NLk''ē al'a'lg'îxt aL alayūwā'tdet. NLk''ēt huX hētsL 1 Then they spoke and they made noise. Then again he sent	14
Lgo-xa'E. NLk'ë huX uks-ië'êL Lgo-xa'E. NLk'ët huX g'a'at. 1 the slave. Then again from went the slave. Then again he looked.	15

down. He looked, and, behold, there was a salmon. Then he shouted and said, "There is a large salmon, my dear!" And the prince said, "Take it." The little slave said twice, "I can not take it." The prince went down himself and carried it up. They did so several days, finding salmon on the beach. They dried them.

Another morning the prince went out again, and, behold, there were three eagles. They made much noise. The little slave went down, and, behold, there was a large spring salmon. Again the little slave said he could not carry it, and the prince went down himself. He took it up, and the little old person, his little grandmother, split it. They did so many days. They dried spring salmon. They had very many now.

- 1 Gwinā'dēL, hân! NLk''ē hwîl k''ē wī-am-hē'L, at ma'LEL:

  Behold, a salmon! At once he shouted, he said:
- 2 "Wī-hâ'n, se, nāt!" NLk 'e a'lg îxl Lgō-wî'lk sîlk": "Gōläe!"

  "A salmon, look, my dear!" Then said the prince: "Take it!"
- 3 NLK''ē dē'lEmexk"L Lgo-xa'e: "Lgu'ksaenē," g'ē'lp'elL hē'tg'ê,
  Then answered the slave: "I cannot do it," twice he said,
- 4 aL wī-am-hē't. NLk''ē uks-iä'êL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē nē shouting. Then from went the prince. Then he
- gō'ut. t'an Hwäi! huX wī-hē'lL SaL hwî'ldēt hân. La aL took it. Well! days they did who When again many salmon
- 6 Lā wī-hē'lt hwîl gwa'lukdētg ê.
  when many (verbal noun) they dried them.
- 7 Hwäi! NLk·'ē La huX k·'ēlL hē'Luk. NLk·'ē huX Well! Then again one morning. Then again
- 8 k'saXL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". Gwinā'dēL, xsk'āk', gu'ļān. NLk''ē
  went out the prince. Behold, eagles, three. Then
- 9 hwud'ax-alēm-hē'det aL alayuwā'adet. NLk''ē huX uks-iä'êL they shouted making noise. Then again from went land to sea
- 10 Lgo-xa'E. Gwinā'dēL, wī-ya'E. NLk''ēt ma'LEL Lgo-xa'E huX
  the slave. Behold, a spring large salmon. Then he told the slave again
- 11 Lgu'ksaant. NLk''ē huX lep-uks-iä'L Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ēt
  he could not do it. Then again self from went land to sea little

  Then Then
- 12 lep-gō'ut. NLk''ē tsagam-iä'êt. NLk''ēt q'ōL Lgō-wud'ax-g'a't, self he took it. Then from sea he took it. Then split the old person, it little
- 13 Lgo-ntsē'tstg'ê. Hwäi! La wī-hē'lL saL hwî'ldētg'ê aL
- 14 gwa'lukdēl ya'E lā daā'qlk"det wī-hē'lt.

  they dried spring when they obtained many.

Another morning the prince went out again. The eagles had given them all kinds of fish, and their houses were full of dried salmon. The slave was quite large when all the salmon was gone.

One morning the prince went out again, and, behold, he saw an eagle far out on the water. He sent his slave down. The little slave had grown to be a little stronger. Behold, there was a large halibut. The little slave shouted, "There is a large halibut, my dear!" The prince said, "Take it"; but the little slave replied, "I can not carry it." The prince went down himself and dragged it up. The little grandmother split it, and they were satisfied. They did so for many

				nLk·'ē			1
Lgō-wî'lk'sîL			L hwîl	lîk 's-g'ig'a't	hân ar salmon wh	n-hwî'nL at they did	2
xsk'āk' at the eagles they	tsagam-g from sea to land	e'e'ndēL	Lgō-wî'lk	·sîlk <sup>u</sup> , Lā nce, when	lîg î-me	tme'tk <sup>u</sup> L	3
txanē'tk"L h	uwî'lp at	L gwa'lg	wa hân. salmon.	Lā wīt'ē'	sL Lgo-	Ka'E Lā slave when	4
hwîl am-qâ'	ished th						5
NLk 'ē Lā Then	huX ā	d'îk skuL came	hē'Luk.	NLk.'ē hu Then aga	X k'saX	L Lgo-	6
wî'lk'sîLk".	Gwinā'de Behold,	ēL, xsk'ā an eag	k huX	g a'at al he saw at	off shore fro	uks-nak <sup>u</sup> m land far o sea	7
tgō'stg'ê. I	NLk.'ē	huXt u	ks-hē'tsL	Lgo-xa'E. the slave. little	La ts	s'ō'sg'îm	8
masL Lgo-2	xa'g'ê L	ā Lgō-v	vī-t'ē's.	Lā Lgo-da	x-g a'tt.	Nık.'ē	9
huX uks-iä again from land to sea	'êt. Gwi	inā'dēL,	wī-txo'x'.	NLk.'ē	huX wī		10
Lgo-xa'E at	ma'LEt	g·ê: "V	Vī-txox',	se, nāt!"	NLk 'e	ā'lg'îxL	11
little Lgō-wîlk'sîLl the prince:	ς": "G	ōLä', g	ŎLä'."	NLk 'et ma	a'LEL L	go-xa'E:	12
"I can not do	E." NLk	"ē lep-ul	ks-iä'êL L	gō-wî'lk'sîL	k <sup>u</sup> . NLk Then	'et lep-	13
tsagam-q'ä'êz from sea drag to land it.	kqLt. Ni	k'et q'e	L Lgo-n	tsë'tst. Ni grand- mother.	k.'ē ser hen ver	n-lîtsä'îL	14
qagâ'odētg ê.							

days, and dried many halibut. Another house was full of dried halibut. Now they had caught all the salmon and all the halibut.

One morning the little prince went out again, and looked out. Behold, there were quite a number of eagles. He sent his little slave down. The slave went down, and when he came there, behold, there was a large seal. Then the little slave shouted twice, "There is a seal on the beach!" Again the prince went down. He took the seal and dragged it up to the house. He split it. Then they put the fat into a box and dried the meat. They did not take the bones. They did so many days, and filled another house.

Another morning the prince went out again and looked down. Behold, there were many eagles. Then the little slave went down

- 1 Lā huX wī-hē'lL txox'L gwa'lk"dēt, Lā huX k''ēlL hwîlp (perf.) again one house
- 2 hwîl mētk"L gwa'lgwa txox: Hwä'i! La qâ'ôdeL txanē'tk"L where full dry halibut. Well! (Perf.) it was finished
- 3 hân qanL txox'.
  salmon and halibut.
- hē'Luk. NLk 'e huX ā'd'îk'sk"L NLk 'e huX k'saXL Lgo-Then again came the Then again went out morning.
- 5 wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē huX uks-g'a'ask"t. Gwinā'dēL, xsk'āk' q'ai-hē'lt.

  prince. Then again from land he behold, eagles quite many.

  to sea looked.
- 6 NLk.'ēt huX uks-hē'tsl lgo-xa'e. Nlk.'ē huX uks-dā'ult. Nlk.'ēt
  Then he again from land sent the slave. Then again from land he to sea went. Then he
- 7 huX huwa't. Gwinā'dēL, wī-ē'lx. NLk''ē g'ē'lp'ElL wī-am-hē'L again reached them. Behold, a seal. Then twice shouted
- 8 Lgo-xa'E, at ma'LEL: "Elx g'îna-sg'î't." NLk''ē huX uks-iē'êL the slave, he told: "A seal left lies." Then again from went land to sea
- 9 Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ēt gō'uL ēlx. NLk''ēt tsagam-q'ä'êxqLt.

  the prince. Then he took the seal. Then he from sea he dragged to land it.
- 10 NLk'ët ba'Ldëtg'ê. NLk'ët lö-daxdô'xdëL hix' aL ts'Em-qal-hë'nq.
  Then he split it open. Then they in put fat to in box.
- 11 NLk''ēt gwa'lkudēiL smax't; Lā nî'g'i an-gō'deL tsits'ē'pt. Lā huX
  Then they dried the meat; not he took the bones. When again
- 12 wī-hē'll sal hwî'ldetg'ê, lā huX k''ēll hwîlp hwîl lō-dô'xt.
- NLk 'e La huX ā'd'îk'sk"L hē'Luk, nLk'ë huX k'saXL 13 morning, then again went out (perf.) Then again came
- 14 Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". NLK''ē huX uks-g'a'ask"t. Gwinā'dēL, xsk'āk'
  the prince. Then again from he looked. Behold, eagles
- 15 wi-hē'lt. NLk''ēt huX uks-hē'tsl lgo-xa'e lā sem-lgo-dax-g'a'tl many. Then again from he sent the slave, really a strong little

again. He was now quite strong, because he had much to eat. When he got there, behold, there was a large porpoise. The little slave shouted twice. Then the prince went down and dragged it up to the house. They cut it and put the meat away. They filled another house.

Thus the eagles returned the food that the prince had given to them in the summer. The eagles reciprocated. They pitied the prince because he had pitied them in summer. The eagles were glad, and therefore they fed the prince.

One morning the prince went out, and, behold, there were many eagles. He sent the little slave down, and when he went down and reached there, behold, there was a large sealion. Again the little slave

Lgo-xa'E, aL Lā hwîl wī-hē'lL g'ē'îpt, neLne'L qan hwîlt.	
little so.	0
NLk'et huX hwat. Gwinā'dēL, wī-dzī'X. NLk'ē wī-am-hē'L  Then again he reached them. Behold, a porpoise. Then shouted	2
Lgo-xa'e. G'ē'lp'ell wī-am-hē't. Nlk''ē uks-iä'êl lgō-wî'lk'sîlk".	3
the slave. Twice he shouted. Then from went the prince. little	
NLk''ēt huX tsagam-qä'faqlt. Nlk''ēt huX ba'ldētg'fe.	4
Then again from sea he dragged Then again they spread to land it.	
Wī-hē'lı hwîl lō-dô'xt. Nık·'ē la huX metk"l k·'ēll hwîlp.	5
Many where in they Then (perf.) again full one house.	
Hwä'i! Dēltk"L xsk'ā'ak'g'ê aL Let hwîl g'î'ndeL Lgō- Well! Recipro- the eagles to him who gave the	6
Well! Recipro- the eagles to him who gave the cated food little	
wî'lk'sîlk"g'ê al hân al g'î-sē'nt. Nelne'l qan la dē-dē'ltk"l	7
prince of salmon in the last Therefore (perf.) on recipro-	
xsk'āk' Lat sîtyä'wuL La q'äEm-qâ'ôL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk' as the eagles (perf.) exchanged (perf.) they took the prince from pity on little	8
the eagles (perf.) exchanged (perf.) they took the prince from pity on little	
ne detg'e. Nek'e sem-io-am'a me daga oe xsk'a ak'g'e, niene t dan	9
them. Then very in good hearts the eagles, therefore	
	10
(perf.) on they gave the prince. their part food to little	
NLk 'e lā huX ā'd'îksk"l hē'eluk. Nlk 'e huX k saXl	11
Then again came morning. Then again went out	
Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". Gwinā'dēL, xsk'āk'L wī-hē'ldet. NLk''ēt huX 1	12
the prince. Behold, eagles many. Then again little	
uks-hē'tsl lgō-wî'lk'sîlk"l lgo-xa'e. Nlk''ē huX uks-iä'êl l	13
from sent the prince the slave. Then again from went land to sea little little	
Lgo-xa'e. Nlk'et huX hwat. Gwinā'del, wi-t'e'ben. Nlk'et 1	14
the slave. Then he again reached Behold, a sealion. Then little large	
huX ma'lel lgo-xa'e. G'ē'lb'ell wi-am-hē't, at ma'lel. I again told it the slave. Twice he shouted, he told.	15
again told it the slave. Twice he shouted, he told.	
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told him. He shouted twice and told him. The prince heard it and went down, and, behold, there was a large sealion. Then he returned. He twisted cedar twigs and tied the sealions to the shore. When the tide rose, they drifted ashore, and when the water fell, they lay on the beach. Then they cut them. The sealions were very large and had much fat and much meat. They did this for many days. Then they had a great plenty.

Now the people of his father, who had left him, were dying. One morning the prince went out again, and there were very many eagles; not merely a few. There were a great many eagles on the water. They were flying ashore with a great whale. It lay there. Two nights and two days passed, and there lay another great whale. Then they cut it. (In olden times the Indians chopped the blubber of

- 1 NLk 'e Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". Nık 'e huX uks-iä'êt. naxna'L Then heard it Then again from land he wī-t'ē'ben. NLk 'e d'akut q'ôqL. 2 Gwinā'del. lō-ya'ltk"t. NLk'ë Behold, sealion. Then he returned. Then 3 NLk 'e na-gapgā'bet. NLk 'et NLk 'e q'am-tsagam-sîdä'Ext. Lā only from sea he fastened to land it. they fastened it. Then Then Then when nık'e tsagam-o'lîk'sk"t. Nık'ë lā 4 pta'lîk's, Lô'ôL ak's, tsE the water from sea it drifted. Then when went out to land 5 nlk'ē g înā-sg î't. NLk 'et Wī-hē'lL ba'Ldētg'ê. Lē hîx't it lay. then Then they spread it. Much the fat behind wī-t'ē'sL t'ē'bEn. huX al hwîl Hwä'i! 6 qanl Lē smax't, Lā the meat, because a large sealion. Well! (Perf.) again and 7 wī-hē'lL hwî'ldētg'ê. NLk'e La sem-wī-hē'lı dzā'pdētg'ê. sal days they did so. much K"ē La daXL t'an sak sta'qsdētg'ê. Txanë'tk"L gal-ts'a'ps Then they died who had left him. All the people of NLk 'e huX ā'd'îk'sk"L hē'Luk. NLk 'e huX 9 neguâ'ôdet. La his father. Then morning. Then again again came sem-k.'a-wī-hē'lt. Nî'g'î 10 k'saxt. Gwinā'dēl, xsk'āk' huX q'amhe went Behold, eagles really very many. Not again out. qabē'L lax-a'k's hwîl hwî'ldēt. 11 alebō't. Lîk's-g'a'tL, xsk'āk', A great number, that many eagles, they were. on water NLk 'e 12 Nda k·'ē tsagam-dē-g·ēba'yukdētg·ê. aL wī-Lpe'n they flew. from sea with Then And it was then a whale
- 13 g·înā'-sg·ît k·'ē'lp'elt axk". NLk·'ē huX k·'ē'lp'elt sa. NLk·'ē left it lay two nights. Then again two days. Then

to land

14 g'îna'-sg'îL wī-Lpe'n. NLk'ēt q'ô'tsdētg'ê. (T hwîlā'guL waLEnleit lay a whale. Then they cut it. (That what behind great they did former whales with stone axes in the same way that we chop wood.) Then they chopped the blubber of the whale. Then the blubber came out where they hit it with the ax. Hohoho! They had a great deal, because the whale was very large. The eagles gave the prince and the little grandmother and the slave four whales.

Now the people of his father, who had left him, were dying. The eagles had finished giving food to the prince, and his houses were all full. The grease covered the sea in front of his house. Then the prince shot a gull. He skinned it and put on its skin. He took a piece of seal, not a large piece, and flew away. He went up above to see his father's tribe who had left him. He flew a long time, and,

g'ig'a't Lpen. Lô'ôbem dawī'sı hâ'x'det at ia'tsdēl hîx't, 1 people the whale. Stone axes they used to chop the fat,
hō'g'îxdēil hwîl t ia'tsl g'at lak". Nelnē't hwîla'k"dētg'ê.) 2
Hwîl k''ē't ia'tsdet. NLk''ē k'si-ba'xL t'ēlx' aL hwîl iā'L 3  Then they they chopped it.  Then out ran grease at where went
dawī's t ha-yā'tsdētg'ê. NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L t'ēlx'. Hōhōhō! Semgal 4 the ax they for chopping. Then came grease. Hōhōhō! Very
wī-t'ē'sL dza'pdētg'ê, aL hwîl q'ap-wī-t'ē'sL Lpe'ng'ê. NeLne'L 5 much they made, because very large was the whale. Therefore
qan sem-ts'aXL dza'pdētg'ê. Hwä'i! TxalpxL Lpe'ng'ê g'înā'mL 6 very plenty they made. Well! Four whales gave
xsk'āk' al Lgo-wî'lk'sîlk" qanl Lgo-ntsē'êtst qanl xa'e. 7 the eagles to the prince and his grand- and the slave.
NLk''ē La ā'd'îk'sk"L dem hwîl daXL qal-ts'a'ps 8 Then (perf.) came (fut.) being dying the people of
neguâ'ôdet le t'an ts'ens-lu'kdētg'ê. Hwä'i! lā qâ'ôdel g'înt 9 his father who left him moving. Well! When it was giving food
xsk'āk' Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". Nîg'î huX hwîlt La qâ'ôdet. 10 the eagles the prince. Not again they when it was finished.
Q'ap Lā metk <sup>u</sup> L qal-ts'a'p. NLk''ē lē-La'pL t'ēlx' aL 11 Really (perf.) was full the town. Then on was grease at
lax-a'k's. NLk''ēt guxl lgō-wî'lk'sîlk"l qē'wun. Nlk''ēt 12 on water. Then shot the prince a gull. Then he
tsa'adet. Nlk'ët lō-lô'ôtk"t. Nlk'ë dôql ëlx nîg'i t'êst'ë'st. 13 skinned it. Then he put it on. Then he seal not large.
NLk.'ē hwîl k.'ē g.eba'yukl Lgō-wî'lk.'sîlk". Nlk.'ē dā'ult; 14
lax-â'l yôxk"t dem g'a'al lē ts'aps neguâ'ôdet la t'an 15  above he followed (fut.) to see the tribe of his father (perf.) who

behold, he saw a canoe coming. The gull flew over the canoe, in which there were a number of men. Then the gull dropped the slice of seal into the canoe, and one of the hunters took it. It was very strange that a gull should drop a piece of dried seal into the canoe. They returned and landed. Then they told what had happened. The chief said to the man and to the slaves, "Go and look for my son." They left after he had told them. In the morning the man and some slaves started in a canoe. They paddled, and arrived at a point of land in front of the old village. Behold, the water ahead of them was covered with grease. It came from the place where they had left the prince. The man and the slaves paddled on. They went ashore at the place where the prince was staying. Behold, they had done a great deal. The houses were full of salmon and spring salmon

- nakut g'eba'yukt, hwîl gwinā'dēL, malL 1 ts'Ens-lu'kt. La (verbal leaving had When he flew, behold, canoe moved. noun) 2 ā'd'îk'sk"t. NLk 'e sem-lē-g'ibā'yukl qē'wun lax-ō'L māl hwîl Then very over flew the gull the where top Nlk''ēt ksa-galē'l dâ'sgum ēlx lax-o'L 3 lō-hwa'nL grat. aL Then he dropped a slice of on top were men. seal on NLk 'et gwīx'-wô'ôtg'ê. NLk 'e sem-lîk's-g'a't'ent 4 māl. gō'uL Then he took it a hunter. Then galē'del qē'wun al ts'em-māl. Nlk·'ē lōgwa'lgwa 5 hwîl ēlxL dropped the gull the Then being dry seal at k 'a'tsk "dēitg 'ê. NLk 'ēt 6 ya'ltk"detg ê. NLk 'e ma'Ldēt. NL qan they returned. they landed. Then he told. Therefore Then g'at "Adô', sem'â'g'ît LîLî'ng it: sem-g'a'aL hēL qanL the chief the slaves: "Adô', look for to and man sak"sta'qsdEt 8 Lgō'uLguēg'ê!" ALĒ an-hē'tg'ê, nLk'e hē'Luk. my son!" When they had left what he said, then it was morning. 9 Nlk''ē sī-g'â'ôtk"L g'at qanl lîlî'ng'it nlnēl dedā'dēt. NLk 'e with him in the canoe. started in a the and the slaves those canoe man hwîl hwā'x 'dētg 'ê. NLk 'et hwa'dēL uks-hē'tk"L ts'Ewî'nqL. they paddled. from a point of land. Then they where stood land to sea reached 11 Gwinā'dēL, t'ēlx ā'd'îk'sk"t al qâ'qdet aL lax-a'k's. Hwä'i! their on grease came water. at Lgo-wî'lk sîLku. NLk 'e 12 wîtk"L t'ēlx. al qa-g'a'u hwîl hwāx'L in front of the house of the Then paddled came grease prince. from NLk e 13 g'a'tg'ê LîLî'ng it. lō-ba'xdet hwîl dzôqL qanL Lgo-
- 14 wî'lk'sîLk". Gwinā'deL, wī-t'ē'sL hwîl hwî'ldet. Metk"L qal-ts'a'p

in they ran

Then

the slaves.

and

and halibut and seals and porpoises and sealions and whales. Then they were much astonished. The slaves stretched out their hands and dipped up the grease from the surface of the water. Then they ate it.

The prince did not tell them to land, but after a while they landed. Then they are salmon, and they are spring salmon and halibut and seal and porpoise and whale. Now the prince said, "Don't take anything home." Thus he spoke to the man and to the slaves. "Eat as much as you want, and then leave. Don't tell at home what you have seen." But one slave hid two pieces under his skin shirt. He dropped two pieces of seal in there because he thought of his child. The prince did not give the man and the slaves food. Then

al hân qanl ya'E qanl txox qanl ēlx qanl dzīX qanl 1 of salmon and spring and halibut and seal and porpoise
t'ē'ben qanl lpen. Nlk''ēt sem-lō-sanā'lk"detg'ê. Nlk''ē tgōn 2 sealion and whale. Then very they were astonished. Then this
hwîll Lîlî'ng'it: t'uks-lô'ôdel qa-an'ôndēt, at g'a'pdēl t'ēlx' 3  did the slaves: out they stretched their hands, they dipped up grease
aL lax-a'k's. NLk''ēt g'ē'îpdet. on on the they ate it. water.
NLk''ē nî'g'i hēL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk"L dem k''a'tsk"dētg'ê. NLk''ē 5  Then not said the prince (fut.) they land. Then
La sī-gō'n, nLk''ē k''a'tsk"det. NLk''ē x-hâ'ndētg'ê. NLk''ē 6 afterward, then they landed. Then they salmon. Then
txanē'tk"L x-hâ'ndet, hân qanL txox qanL ēlx qanL dzīX 7 all they salmon, salmon and halibut and seal and porpoise
qanl lpen g'ē'îpdet. Nlk''ē tgōn hēl lgō-wî'lk'sîlk": 8 and whale they ate. Then this said the prince:
"G'îlô' tse sô'ôsem, ana'!" Dē'ya al g'a'tg'ê qanl lîlî'ng'it. 9 "Don't take the rest heh!" Thus he to the man and the slaves.
"(Fut.) only satiated you, (fut.) then leave! G:îlô' 10
me dze sem ma'lel atseda lā k 'a'tsksem." G ē'lp'ell dâsk 11 you tell when (perf.) you land." Two slices
tgönl hwîll xa'eg'ê lō-d'ep-nô'ôl k's-lawusgum txa't. Nlnēt 12 this did a slave in down hole the shirt of skin. That is
hwîl lō-d'ep-galē'ı g'ē'lp'elı dâ'sgum ē'lîx. At am-qâ'ôı 13 where in down he two slices of seal. He remembered
Lgō'uLk"t. NLk''ē nî'g'î t g'enl Lgō-wî'lk'sîlk" g'a'tg'ê qanl 14 his child. Then not he gave the prince to the man and

ē'lîx

the

seal

aL

at

sqa-d'ā'L

across was

he sent them back. Then they reached the town from which they had started.

The prince had said to them, "Tell them that I am dead, and do not say that I have plenty to eat." The man and the slaves landed a little before dark. They went up to the houses and entered the chief's house. The chief asked, "Is my son still alive?" And the man replied, "I think he has been dead for a long time." The slaves and their families were living in one corner of the chief's house. Now they lay down. Then the slave took out a slice of seal meat and gave it to his wife, and he gave another one to his young child. The child ate it, but it did not chew it, and swallowed it at one gulp. The piece of seal choked the child. It almost died, because the seal meat was choking

1 LîLî'ng'it. NLk 'et uks-he'tst. NLk.'ē Lā k 'a'tsk dēit aL galfrom sent land to sea them. Then the slaves. (perf.) they landed Then he hwîl wî'tk"dētg'ê. 2 ts'a'p Lē where they had come town from. Tgönl hēl lgö-wî'lk'sîlk"g'ê: "Tse mā'ldesem tse la nô'ôē. I am dead. "Tell you This said prince: that 4 Nlk''ē g'ēlô me dze sem ma'lel dzēdzaX tse hwî'lēe." Hwäi! Don't you tell plenty I do." Well! qanl Lîlî'ng'it k'a'tsk"dēl lā ts'ōsk'l dem yu'ksa. 5 G'a'tg'ê landed when a little (fut.) The man and the slaves Nık'e la'mdzîxdet al 6 NLk 'e hwîlpL bax-Lô'ôdet. sem'â'g'it. Then they went up. Then they entered at the house 7 Nlk'et g'e'bexl sem'â'g'ît: "Nēl q'ai-dedē'lsl lgō'ulguēia?" "He still asked the chief: alive my son?" Then 8 Nık'e tgöni hel g'a'tg'ê: "La nak'ıl da nô'ôt-mae." Amō'sL said the man: "Long he is I think." dead LîLî'ng'it 9 hwîlpl sem'â'g'ît hwîl dzôgL qanL nak'st qanL the house the chief where lived the slaves and his wife and gō'uL NLk 'e lalā'Ldetg'ê. NLk 'et 10 Lgo-Lgō'uLk<sup>u</sup>t. Lā xa'E his little child. they lay down. Then he took the Then 11 k''ēll dâ'sgum ē'lix. Nlk''ēt g'înā'mt al nak'st. NLk 'et huX gave it his wife. slice of seal. 12 g'înā'ml k''ē'elt al lgō'ulk"t, lgo-q'ai-ts'ets'ō'osk'l lgo-tk'ē'lk"g'ê. child. to his child, a little still small was he gave one G·ē'bel lgo-tk·'ē'lkul ē'lix. NLk 'e nîg ît qënt, txā-13 Hwä'i! Then not it chewed all the little the Well! It ate it child seal. NLk 'ē ā'd'îk'sk"L NLk 'ē t'a'g'aqstg'ê. dEm 14 p'axlô'qgut. at one gulp itswal-lowed it. Then Then it was choking. it came (fut.)

hwîl

aL

because

Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"

child

the

15 hwîl nô'ôl

dead

where

it. The child's mother put her hand into its mouth, trying to pull out the piece of seal, but she could not reach it. Her hand was too short. Then she cried. Now the chief's wife rose and went to the crying woman. She asked her, "Why do you cry?" The slave's wife replied, "My child is choking. We do not know what is obstructing its breath." Then the chieftainess put her hand into the mouth of the child. Her fingers were long. Her hand reached down, and she felt the slice of seal. Then she took it out. Then she knew what it was. Behold, it was seal meat. Then she told the chief, and he asked, "Where did that come from?" He saw that it was boiled seal meat, therefore he asked. Then they told him that the old town was full of the meat of trout and salmon and spring salmon and halibut and seals

g'îme-yô'xk"L Lē nāLqt. Tgön hwîls nôxl lgo-tk"ē'lk". Lō-1 went the breath. This the the mother of little d'ep-lô'ôdel an'ô'nt al ts'em-ā'ql lgo-tk'ē'lk". NLk'e lo-d'Epher hand to the the child. Then in down mouth of little stretched Delde'lpk"L an'ô'nL NLk 'ë sqô'k'sk"t. hana'qg'ê. wī-t'ē'sL the hands it was beyond reach. Short were the woman. Then much g'in-hē'tk"L sīg a'tk dētg ê. NL qan hwîl nak'sı sem'â'g'ît. they cried. Therefore the wife rose "Agō'L a'lg'îxt: NLk'ē 'iä'êt al awa'al hwîl hahä'et. NLk 'e Then to the proxwhere they were Then she said: "Why hahä'sEm?" NLk 'e dē'lemexk"L xa'Eg'ê: "Nîg'î nak'sL qan do you cry?" Then the slave: the wife answered k'si-yô'xk"L Lgo-tk'e'Lk"." dep hwîlā'x't sqa-d'ā't nāLqL aL across is the way out goes the child." we little breath of NLk 'e lō-d'ep-Lô'ôdeL sîg'idemna'q an'ô'nt ts'Em-ā'qL aL Then in down the chieftainess her hand put at mouth of Lgo-tk'e'lk". Nē'lek NLk 'e qa-tsēwê'nttg'ê. lō-d'Ep-a'qLk"L child. Long were her fingers. Then in down reached an'ô'nL sîg'idEmna'q. Nık 'e baqı hwîl sqa-d'ā'ı dâ'sgum elx. 10 the hand the chieftainess. Then she felt where across was NLk 'e NLk 'e k'si-daa'qLk"t. NLk 'et k'si-dô'qt. hwîlā'x 't. 11 out she took Then Then out she made it Then she knew it. ēlx! NLk 'et Gwinā'dēl, ma'LEL sîg'idemna'q aL sem'â'g'ît. 12 Behold, seal! Then the chieftainess told the chief. to Nık 'e g'î'daxL sem'â'g'it tse hwîl wîtk"t. Hwîlā'yît hwîl 13 asked the chief where it came He knew it from. Nik'et Nilne't qan g'îda'xt. a'nuksem ēlxt. ma'Ldētg'ê Therefore he asked. they told him (perf.) done (cooked) seal. Then metk"L lāX qanl ya'E qal-ts'a'p aL qanl hân qanl txox 15 of and spring full was the town trout and salmon and halibut

and porpoises and sealions and whales; that there were four whales, and that the water was covered with grease. They said that the town was full of provisions. Then the chief and the chieftainess and all the princes' uncles could not sleep. One of his uncles had two daughters who were exceedingly pretty.

Early in the morning the chief said, "Order the people to return to the place where we left the prince." He did so on account of the information he had received. Then they arrived, and behold, they saw grease covering the water. Then one of the prince's uncles dressed up his two daughters. Then boards were put across the middle of the canoe, and the children were placed on them. He thought, "My nephew shall marry my daughters." Many canoes were approaching

- 1 qanl ēlx qanl dzīX qanl t'ē'ben qanl lpen, txalpxl lpen.

  and seal and porpoise and sealion and whale, four whales.
- 2 NLk''ē metk"L lax-a'k's aL t'ēlx'. NLk''ē sEm-k''a-wi-t'ē'sL Then full it was on the water of grease. Then really very much
- 3 hwîl metk<sup>u</sup>L qal-ts'a'pg'ê. NLk''ē nî'g'î wâqL sem'â'g'it qanL (verbal full the town. Then not slept the chief and
- 4 sîg'idemna'q qanl txanë'tk"l qa-nebë'pk"l lgo-wî'lk'sîlk"g'ê.

  the chieftainess and all the mother's the prince.

  brothers of little
- 5 K'âll nebē'ptg'ê bagadē'll lg'ît max-hāna'q, sem-k'a-lîk's-g'a't
  One his mother's two children all women, very exceedingly
- 6 ama lē'mqsît.
- 7 NLk·'ē sem-hē'luk, nlk·'ē a'lg·îxl sem'â'g·ît. At gun-lu'kl ts'ap
  Then very in morning, then said the chief. He ordered to move town
- 8 aL dem lō-hēlya'ltk"t aL awa'aL Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk", aL hwîl to (fut.) return to the proximity of little prince, because
- 9 Lāt naxna'L, wī-t'ē's hwî'ltg'ê. NLk''ē daa'qLk"det ya'ltk"dēt (perf.) he heard, great he did so. Then they arrived they returned
- 10 aL awa'aL Lgō-wîlk'sîLk". NLk''ē La ad'ā'd'îk'sdēt, gwinā'dēL, to the proximity of little prince. Then when they came, behold,
- 11 t'ē'lix: Lā g'a'adet aL lax-a'k's. NLk''ēt nō't'EnL k''âlL nEbē'pL grease (perf.) they saw at on the water. Then dressed one uncle
- 12 Lgō'uLkutg'ê qanL huX k''âl, bagadē'ltg'ê. NLk''ēt lē-sqahis child and also one, two. Then on sideways
- d'ā-gan al lō-sē'lukL māl. NeL t hwîl lē-hwa'ndēL 13 sg î'l That where on sit- sticks the at canoe. middle of ting
- 14 Lg î'tg ê. TgōnL hēL qâ'ôtL nebē'pL Lgo-wî'lk sîLk g ê: the children. This said the heart the uncle the prince:
- 15 "Dem na'k'sgul guslē'sēe lgō'ulguēe qanl huX k''âlt."

  "(Fut.) marry my nephew my child and again one."

the land. Then the prince went out. He did not allow them to land. He took one box out and opened it. He took a bow and arrows out of it and shot at the canoes. He did not desire them to come, because they had deserted him. Therefore he was very angry. But finally the people landed and went up. They made little sheds, and he gave food to his father and mother. He pitied them, therefore he did so. When they were approaching the shore one woman stretched out her hands to eat the grease that she saw on the water. Therefore the prince, the chief's son, was ashamed. He did not marry her, but he married only the younger one.

The people went ashore. Then the prince invited them into his

Nık·'ē ad'ā'd'îk·sdēitg·ê wī-hē'lı māl. Nık·'ē	k'saXL 1
Then came many canoes. Then	went out
Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". Nî'g'it anâ'qL dem k''ēsk''a'tskdēt. the prince. Not he agreed (fut.) they land.	
k'si-gō'uL k''ēlL xpē'is. NLk''ē k'si-gō'ut aL g'alq. out took one box. Then out he took to outside.	
q'ā'gat. NLk''ēt lō-gō'uL ha-Xda'k" qanL hawî'l. opened it. Then he in took a bow and arrows.	
guXL txanē'tk"L mmāl. Nî'g'î hasa'qt aL dEm ad'ā shot all the canoes. Not he wanted to (fut.)	i'd'îk'sk"t 5
at t hwîl sīsāk"sta'qsdēit nē'tg'ê. Nêlnē'l qan wī-t'ē lbecause they had left behind him. Therefore he was n	5'sL hwîl 6
lō-sī'êpk"L qâ'ôtt. NLk.'ē k.'ēsk.'a'tskt wi-hē'ldem g'at. in sick heart. Then landed many people	NLk 'e 7
bax-Lô'ôdet. NLk''ē dzîpdzā'pdēL k'ōpE-hwî'lp haq'ô'L. up they went. Then they made little houses tents.	
yukl t g'înl lgo-wî'lk'sîlk" neguâ'ôdet qans began he to give the prince his father and	nôxt. 9
Q'äL-qâ'ôdet lât qan hwîlt. TgōnL hwîlL k'âlL hana'qş He took pity on there- he did This did one woman	g'ê. Q'ai 10 n. First
tse tsagam-yu'kl māl al lax-a'k's, k''ēt t'uks-lô'ôdel when from reached the at on the water, at g'ē'îpl t'ēlx' al g'a'at al lax-a'k's. Nelne she at grease at seeing on on the water.	an'ô'nt 11
at g'ē'îpl t'ēlx' al g'a'at al lax-a'k's. Nelneshe ate grease at seeing on on the water.	ē'L qan 12 Therefore
dzâqL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk", Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē was the prince, the child of the chief. Then	nî'g ît 13
was the prince, the child of the chief. Then	not he
nak'sk'ut; q'am-k''â'l Lgo-ts'Ewî'ng'it, nîLne'L na'k'sgutş married her; only one the youngest, her he married	g·ê. 14
NLk'·ē Lā tsagam-qâ'ôdeL qal-ts'a'p, nLk'·ēt Then when from sea were gone the people, then he	wô'ôl 15 invited them

house. The people went in and he gave them meat of trout and salmon and spring salmon and halibut and seals and porpoises and sealions and whales. He gave them to eat. Then his father's people were very glad, and the people gave the prince elk skins and all kinds of goods, canoes, and slaves.

Now the prince came to be a great chief. He had four houses full of elk skins, many slaves, and many canoes. He was a great chief. When his father died, he gave a potlatch. He invited all the people in, and gave away many elk skins and slaves, because his father had been a great chief. After he had given this potlatch his mother died. Then he gave another potlatch. Again he invited all the peo-

NLk 'e ts'elem-qâ'del 1 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". qal-ts'a'p, nLk'e La the little Then into the people, prince. when 2 txâ'g'ant. qanL qanL LāXL g'î'pdetg'ê hân qanL va'E he made Trout they ate it and salmon and spring and them eat. gant ēlx gant dzīX gant t'ē'ben NLk'ë 3 txox. qanl Lpen. and porpoise and sealion and Then NLk 'e qagô'ôL qa-ts'ō'ot. sem-lō-am'ā'mL 4 k'sax-g'inā'mL La very in out he gave some. Then hearts neguâ'ôdet. NLk 'et g'ekL qal-ts'a'p 5 qal-ts'a'ps aL his father. Then bought the people of the people of Liâ'n txanë'tk"L lîg î-hwî'l 6 Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" aL qanL qanL the prince for elk and goods and LîLî'ng'it. 7 mmāl sîsō'sEm qanL canoes and little NLk 'e wī-t'ē'sL hwîl sem'â'g'il Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". TxalpxL Four Then he was great being a chief prince. NLk 'e 9 huwî'lp hwîl metme'tk"L Liâ'n. sem-k'a-wi-hē'lL Then houses being full of elk. very many Nık'e sem'â'g'it. 10 LîLî'ng'it mmāl. wī-t'ē'sL hwîl qanL a chief. slaves and canoes. Then he was great being NLk 'e neguâ'ôdet. NLk 'e wô'ôL txanē'tkuL nô'ôs yukt, he gave a potlatch, died Then his father. Then he all invited 12 hwîl NLk'e wi-he'll Liâ'n g'înā'mt LîLî'ng'it dzexdzô'q. qanL a many the camps. elks he gave and slaves sem'â'g'its neguâ'ôdet. Hwäi! Lēsk<sup>u</sup>L 13 aL hwîl wi-t'e'sL When he finished great was a chief his father. Well! because nîL k'ë huX nô'ôs nôxt. NLk 'e ha'ts'Ek'sEm huX 14 yu'ktg'ê, the potlatch, then also died his Then again once NLk 'et 15 yukt. Hux txa-wô'ôdēL hwîl dzexdzô'q. huX Then he the camps. again he gave a potlatch. Again all he invited

ple, and gave them elk skins and slaves and canoes. He became a great chief, because he fed the eagles, and the eagles had pitied him. Therefore he became a great chief. His name was Little-eagle.

gʻînā'mL gave	Liâ'n elks	qanl LîLî'ng		mmāl.		i wī-t'ē'sL	1
	n'â'g it a chief,	t, LET hwîl	***	k·ā'k·g·ê	. NLk 'et	sîtyä'wuL returned it	2
xsk'āk' the eagles	Lē the	qäêm-qâ'ôdet.		qan erefore	wi-t'ē'sL he was a great	sem'â'g it.	3
		hwa'tg'ê.					4

# She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side

[Told by Moses]

There was a town. There was a chief and a chieftainess. They had a son. He was almost grown up. He had four friends, who were always near him. They were playing all the time. Once upon a time one of them went out of the house. He saw a little slave girl coming along the street. She entered the last house of the town. There she sat down near the fire. Then the wife of the owner rose, took the back of a salmon, and gave it to the little slave girl, but she did not accept it. The little slave girl rose and left the house. She

## K.'AL-HÄ'TGUM Q'Ē'SEMK"

#### On-one-side-standing-labret

1	Hētk <sup>u</sup> L qal-ts'a'p. NLk.'ē k.'âlL sem'â'g'it, nLk.'ē huX	-
2	k·'âlı sîg'idemna'q. Hwäi! K''âlı ıgō'ulkut tk''ē'ıgum g'at. la well! It was one his child tk''ē'ıgum g'at. la	100000
3	ts'ō'osk'ı dem wīt'ē'st, txalpxdâ'l an-sepsī'ebensk"t. Nık''ē he was a little (fut.) large, four his friends. Then	
4	qa'ne-hwila lō-hwa'ndet aL awa'aL Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'it.	
5	Txanē'tk"L sal hwî'ldet. La nak"L hwî'ldet al qa'nē-hwîla Every day they did so. (Perf.) long they did so and always	
6	qalā'qdet. NLk''ē si-gō'n, nLk''ē k'saXL k''âlt. NLk''ēt g'a'aL they played. Then after a then went out one. Then he saw	200
7	hwîl sīsa'g'ap-yukl lgo-wa'tk". Sem-qasqa'm hētk"l hwîlp al	
	where on the street came a slave Very last of row stood a house at little girl.	
8	q'apl ts'ap. Nel hwîl ts'ēnl lgo-wa'tk". Nlk''ē d'āt al	
9	q'apl lak". Nlk''ē hētk"l nak'sl g'a'tg'ê. Nlk''ēt the end the fire. Then stood the wife a man. Then	
10	gōul lē k''ôel hân. Nlk''ēt g'ēnl lgo-wa'tk".  she the back a Then she gave to eat little	
11	NLk''ē nî'g'it gō'ut. NLk''ē hētk"t. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sem Then not she took Then she stood.  Then once more	
12	huX k'saXt. NLk''ē huX ts'ēnt aL huX k''ēlL hwîlp.  again she went out.  Then again she in again one house.	

entered another house, and again sat down near the fire. The wife of the owner rose and gave her the backs of salmon to eat, but she did not accept them. She left the house. She did so in every house.

The friend of the chief's son who had gone out re-entered and said to the prince, "A little slave girl is coming along the street." Then his friends spoke: "Why don't you marry her when she comes in here?" When she came near the chief's house, they took a mat and spread it in the rear of the house. The prince sat down on it. Then the little slave girl entered. Her head was very large. She was not at all clean. One of the prince's friends said, "Sit down over here." Then the little slave girl walked to the rear of the house and sat down by the side of the prince. His friends started a large fire. Her hands,

NLk''ē huX d'āt aL q'apL lak". NLk''ē huX hētk"L nak'sL Then again she sat at the end the Then again stood the wife of	1
	2
NLk''e ha'ts'îk'sem k'saXt. Txane'tk"L huwî'lp hwîl hwî'lt. ;	3
NLK'ë k'saXL k''âlL g'at, an-siep'ë'nsk"L Lgō'uLk"L the son of	4
sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē ha'ts'îk'sem huX ts'ēnt. NLk''ē a'lg'îxt the chief. Then once more again he entered. Then he spoke	5
aL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk": "Sīsîsag'ap-yukL Lgo-wa'tk"." NLk''ē  to the prince: "On the street is a slave girl." Then  coming little	6
	7
"Ha'o! Ām me dem na'k'sg'ê, atse La dē-ts'ē'nt." NLk''ēt and she enters." Then	8
gō'udel sqa'naa. K''ēt ba'ldet al q'alā'n. Nlk''ē lē-d'ā'l lgo- they took a mat. Then they spread at rear of then on sat the little	9
wî'lk'sîLk" lâ'Et. NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L Lgo-wa'tk". NLk''ē ts'ēnt. 10 prince on it. Then came the slave girl. Then she entered	0
Qa-la'îL Lgo-t'Em-q'ē'st; nî'g'i sak'sk"t. NLk''ē a'lg'îxL k''âlL 1	1
an-sī'Ep'EnskuL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLku: "Hwagait-g'ē'ê dem hwîl d'ān." 1	2
NLk''ē g'îmē-iä'L Lgo-wa'tk". NLk''ē d'āt aL stô'ôk'sL Lgo- 13	3
wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē yukt se-me'Lt an-sîpsī'ep'ensk"t lak". NLk''ē 1-	4
wī-me'll laku. Txanē'tkul an'o'nt qanl qasîsa'it qanl lîpla'nt 1 much burnt the fire. All her hands and her feet and her body	5

crab apple

and grease

in it.

Then

again

laid it

one

person

at

front of

her feet, and her whole body were covered with scabs. The prince's friends saw it. Then the chieftainess rose. She took some dry salmon, roasted it at the fire, and when it was done she broke it to pieces and put it into a dish, which she placed before the boy and the little slave girl. Then they ate. When the dish was empty, one of the friends stepped up to them, intending to take the dish. Then the little slave girl took one large scab from her body and put it into the dish. She said, "Place it in front of the chief." One of the men did so. The great chief looked at it. Behold, it was a large abalone shell. Then the chief was very glad.

The chieftainess took another dish, and she put into it crab apples mixed with grease. Another man placed it in front of the prince and

1 hwîl tg'al-hwa'nL ama'lku at g'ā'aL an-sepsī'ep'ensk"L the friends of where against scabs saw it they 2 Lgo-wî'lk sîlk". NLk 'e hētk<sup>a</sup>L sîg'idemna'q. NLk 'et goul the prince. Then stood the chieftainess. Then she 3 gwa'lgwa hân. NLk 'et melt al lax-ts'ä'l lak". NLk 'e salmon. Then she roasted at on edge of fire. Then it was done NLk 'et 4 NLk 'et lō-dô'xt ts'Em-ts'a'k'. NLk 'e xtsē'elt. aL Then she broke it Then in she put in dish. Then at to pieces. qa-sä'XL Lgō'uLk"t NLk 'è 5 sg it Lgo-wa'tk". aL qanL the slave girl. she laid front of her son and Then 6 txâ'xk"detg'ê. NLk 'et NLk 'e lō-dza'LdeL ts'ak'. hagun-iä'L they ate. Then in they ate all dish. Then toward went 7 k·'âlL gō'uL ts'ak'. NLk 'et an-sī'ep'Ensk"t dem t'an a dish. his friend Then (fut.) who took one Lgo-wa'tka. NLk 'e sā-gō'udel k·'ēlL wī-ama'lku. 8 gʻîdi-gō'uL right she took there it the slave girl. Then off she took one scab. 9 Tgōn NLk 'et NLk 'e hwîl tq'al-d'ā't. lō-sg'i't al ts'Em-ts'a'k'. in she laid it where against it was. Then at in the dish. Then 10 a'lg'îxl lgo-wa'tk": "Qa-sä'Xl sem'â'g'it me hwîl sg'it." NLk 'ë "In front of the slave girl: the chief you where lay it." Then said 11 hwîll k·'âlL NLk 'et g'a'aL wī-sem'â'g'it. Gwinā'dēL, g'at. did so Then the chief. Behold, person. great NLk 'e sem'â'g'it. 12 wī-belā'. sem-lō-ā'ml qâ'ôL a haliotis great shell. Then very in good heart the chief. 13 NLk 'et huX gō'uL sîg'idemna'q ts'ak'. NLk'et lō-gʻa'nL the chieftainess a dish. Then in she put Then again took NLk 'et 14 La'ix lâ'ôt. huX sg'iL k'alL g'at qa-sä'XL aL

the little slave girl. (In olden times the people used to call this "slave wife.") When they had eaten, she took off another scab, and, behold, there was a large abalone shell. That is what was on her body. She placed it in the dish, and then she said, "Place it before the chieftainess." A man did so. Then the chief and the chieftainess and the prince were very glad when they knew that she was not a slave, as the prince's friend had said.

Now they finished eating. In the evening a woman came to the house and pushed aside the door. She stood in the doorway and said, "Did not She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side enter this house?" One of the prince's friends said, "Come in, come in! She has married the chief's son." The woman replied, "Indeed, my dear, then take good

	and the little	slave girl. (That	t made name	the people former	1
at wife	slave.)	Then again	t lō-dza'LdēL in they ate	the and	
Lgo-wî'lk sîLk".	NLk.'ēt	huX sā also off	i-gō'udEL k	'ell wi-bela'.  great haliotis shell.	3
NLne'L tq'al-hy	va'nt aL were on	LEPLa'nt.	NLk.'ēt huX	lō-sg i't al	
ts'Em-ts'a'k'.	NLk .'ē	tgōn hēL this said	Lgo-wa'tku the slave girl		5
sîg·idEmna'q r	neLne' mE	hwîl sg where lay	it." NLk.'ē	hwîlL k''âlL did so one	6
gʻa'tgʻê. NLkʻ	ē sem-lō-ā'ı very in go	mL qâ'ôL si	em'â'g'it qan	L sîgʻidemna'q the chieftainess	7
qanl Lgo-wî'll	rince wher	nîg it h	wîlā'x det nî	'g'idi wa'tk"L not a slave girl	8
sgōst dē-hē'de that on said their part					9
Nık.'ē la q	a'ôdeL txâ	vl-udatora.	nLk.'ē La y	yu'ksa, nLk.'ē	10
ā'd'îk'sk"L han:	a'q al g'a	'leg. Nî'g	i ts'ent, q'ai		11
ā'dz'ep. NLk'ē	te'elem h	5'tl-ut Nrl	"a allowingt.	"Ne'êL ts'ēns "Not entered	12
K·'āL-hä'tgum On-one- standing- side-	q'ē'semq	aL ts'Em-l		Lk.'ē a'lg'îxL	13
k''âlL an-sī'ep' one frien  Nak'sk''L Lgō She married the	Ensk <sup>u</sup> L Lg	co-wî'lk'sîLk'	': "Ts'ēn s	E! Ts'ēn se!	14
Nak'sk"L Lgō	'uLk <sup>u</sup> L SI	em'â'g it."	"A, net,	anxa'E; tse	15

care of her." Thus said the woman who was standing in the doorway. She continued, "My people will come to visit the chief's son to give food to him. They will bring much food—boxes of grease, boxes of crab apples mixed with grease, boxes of cranberries, soapberries, and dried meat, and much fat."

It grew dark. Early the next morning there was a fog on the river. Then many canoes that were full of boxes approached. One canoe was full of boxes of crab apples, one was full of berries, another one full of soapberries, another one full of meat, still another one full of fat, and two canoes were full of elk skins, marten skins, and copper plates. They put them into the house of the chief,

- 1 k'ōpE-ama-g'a'adEsEm." NLk'ē a'lg'îxL hana'q ts'ElEm-hē'tk"tg'ê.

  a little well look out for her." Then said the woman into she stood.
- 3 g'ēnl lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'it al wī-hē'ldem wunē'x'; ande-t'ē'lx'
  give the son of the chief at much food; box of grease
- 4 qanl ande-la'îx qanl ande-t'emē'et qanl hwîl lō-dô'xl and box crab apple of and grease; and box (a red berry) and where in are
- îs gwa'lgwa hwîl lō-dô'xL qanL 5 ma'E qanL smax'. NLk 'e where in are soapand dry meat. Then berries
- 6 sem-wī-hē'll hîx:."

  very much fat."
- 7 NLk''ē yu'ksa, nLk''ē sem-hē'Luk. NLk''ē sg'iL iē'n.
  Then evening, then very morning. Then there was fog.
- 8 NLk·'ē ā'd'îk·sk<sup>u</sup>L wī-hē'ldEL mmāl. Metk<sup>u</sup>L q'amā'êdEL Then came many canoes. It was full one canoe
- heē'nEq. NLk 'e huX 9 māl q'amä'êdeL māl: metk"t aL Then of boxes. again one canoe canoe; it was full canoe
- 10 aL ande-La'îx. NLk''ē huX q'amä'êdEL māl; metk<sup>u</sup>t aL of box crab apples of and grease. Then again one canoe canoe; it was full of
- 11 hwîl lō-dô'xL k.'ēlL ma'E. HuX hwîlL huX māl. HuX where in were berries. Also was so more one canoe. Also
- 12 metkut lō-dô'xL îs. NLk 'e huX hwîlL hwîl huX aL it was full soap-berries. Then of where in were also was so more
- k·'ēlt metk"t NLk 'e huX metk<sup>u</sup>L huX k"ēlL, aL smax'. it was full of meat. Then also full also
- 14 al hîx: Nlk'ë qalbä'êlk"sl mmāl hwîl mîtme'tk"l liâ'n
  of fat. Then two canoes canoes where full elks
- 15 qanl txane'tk"L hat' qanl haya'tsk". Nlk'ë metk"l hwîlpl and all marten and copper Then was full the house of

which was entirely filled by the goods. Then the chief and the chieftainess were very glad.

Now the prince was a great chief. The name of She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side's mother was Evening Sky. She was a supernatural being. Nobody could see her. Her people lived far away from all other people on the other side. They were not Indians; therefore, they had much wealth and much food. Now the prince invited the people in. Then they came, and his father's house was filled with them. Crab apples and grease were given them to eat, and various berries and meat and fat. When they finished eating, they brought out soapberries. After the feast, on the next day, the people were again invited in. Then the prince put into the middle of the

sem'â'g'it al la ts'elem-d'ā'ldet. Nlk''ē sem-lō-ā'ml qâ'ôtl the chief at into they put it. Then very in good heart	1
sem'â'g'it qanL sîg'idemna'q. the chief and the chieftainess.	2
NLk''ë La wī-t'ë'sL hwîl sem'â'g'itL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk".  Then (perf.) great being chief the prince.	3
HuXdza'n hwal nôxs K 'al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq. Naxnô'qg 'ê; Evening sky was the the on-one-standing-name of mother of side-	4
nîg'idet g'a'aL g'at. Qal-dâ'L dē-ts'a'pt; nî'g'idi alō-g'ig'a't; not sees her a person. Alone on on their her other side part people; not real men; (Indians)	5
nel qan wī-hē'ldel lîg'i-hwî'ltg'ê qanl wī-hē'ldel wunē'x:	6
NLk'et wô'ôL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" hwîl dzaxdzô'q. NLk'e Then invited the prince the people. Then	7
ad'ā'd'îk'sk"t. NLK''ē metk"L hwîlps neguā'ôdet aL wi-hē'ldem they came. Then was full the house his father of many	8
	9
Lwa'ik'sk"tg'ê qanL smax'L g'a'tk"tg'ê qanL hîx'. NLk''ē mixed and meat their food in the and fat. Then	10
La qâ'ôdEL Lā'îx qanL ma'E qanL smax qanL hîx', nLk'ë when they crab apple and berries and meat and fat, then	11
dē-da-ā'd'îk'sk"L îs. NLk''ē La qâ'ôdEL wunä'x', nLk''ē also they brought soapberries. Then when they finished the food, then	12
huX ā'd'îk'sk"L mEsā'x'. NLk''ēt huX wô'ôL g'at. NLk''ē again he the the invited people.	13
huX ts'elem-qâ'ôdel g'at. Nlk'ë t'em-d'ā'll liâ'n qanl again into had gone the people. Then to the he middle put	14
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house elk skins, copper plates, slaves, and canoes, which he was going to use in the potlatch. He distributed them among the people. After he had finished, the people went back and returned to their own towns. He did so for many days. He gave many potlatches. Then he came to be a great chief. Then he married again. He had two wives. (In former times they called this "one wife on each side.")

Then the prince started in his canoe to visit the town Chilkat.<sup>1</sup> The elks come from this place. The inlanders kill them. The prince intended to buy elk skins for copper plates and seal meat. Now he arrived at Chilkat. Then he bought elk skins, and he took another wife.

Now She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side was left behind. The prince had a brother who was very awkward. The prince went to Chilkat

1	haya'tsk <sup>u</sup> qanL LiLî'ng it am-yu'kt qan hwîlt qanL mmāl. copper and slaves used in potlatch therefore and canoes.
2	NLk''ē k'saX-g'inā'mt aL txanē'tk"L g'at. NLk''ē Then out he gave to all the Then
	Lēsk <sup>u</sup> t. NLk''ē sak'sk <sup>u</sup> L hwîl-dzaxdzô'q. Hē'lyaltk <sup>u</sup> aL he finished. Then left the people. They returned to
4	lep-qal-ts'îpts'a'pdetg ê. Nlk ë la wī-hē'll sal hwî'ldetg ê. own their towns. Then (perf.) many days they did so.
5	NLk''ē La wī-hē'lL yukL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''ē La wī-t'ē'sL  Then (perf.) many potlatches the prince. Then (perf.) he was a great
	sem'â'g'it. NLk''ē si-gō'n, nLk''ē huX nak'st. La bagadē'lL chief. Then after a while, then again he married. (Perf.)
7	nak'st. NL su-hwa'del g'ī-k'ō'l al lāx-hwa'nemlku.  his That made name long ago of on each sitting.  side
8	NLk''ē sī-g'â'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" at qâ'ôL k''ēlL qal-ts'a'p.  Then started by the prince to go to one town.
9	Tsîlqā't hwal qal-ts'a'pg ê. K sax nē'det hwîl ba'k"l the town. Only they where come from
10	Liâ'ng ê. Tsetsā'utk"det t'an ia'tsl Liâ'ng ê. Nlne'l dem elks. The inlanders are who kill elks. That is (fut.)
11	g·ē'kuL Lgo-wî'lk·sîLku Liâ'n aL haya'tsku qanL ē'lîx. NLk·'ēt buys the prince elks for copper and seals. Then he
12	hwal Tsîlqā't. Nlk''ēt g'ē'ku'l liâ'n. Sī-na'k'sl ma'gant. found Chilkat. Then he bought elks. A wife he took.
13	Then behind re- On-one- standing- labret. Then there was
14	wak'L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" wī-ē'yît, wī-dōla-g'a'tk", La hēlL the brother of little awkward, a im- man, when much great proper

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The narrator maintained that this was a place inland near the headwaters of Nass river.

very often. Then She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side said to the awk-ward man, "You shall go to Chilkat too." The awkward man answered, "I have nothing to sell." Then She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side said, "I will give you something that you may sell there. Take red paint along." Thus spoke She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side to the awkward man. "You shall buy weasel skins for the little box full of red paint, but don't let your brother see it when you arrive there. When you arrive at Chilkat, walk about, and when you see the young women, then put your finger into the red paint and put it on their faces." He did so. When all the young men and the young women saw it, they were anxious to buy it, and they asked him, "Is it expensive?" And they asked the great awkward man, "What do

hwîll Lgō-wî'lk'sîlk", at qâ'ôl Tsîlqā't.	NLk 'e a'lg fixs 1
K.'āL-hā'tgum q'ē'sEmq aL wī-dōla-g'a'tgum On-one- standing- labret to the im- person great proper	grat: "ĀmL 2 man: "Good
dem de-ma'xgunîst." Nık.'e de'lemexkul wi-dola (fut.) on you go in canoe." Then replied the imgreat property	-g'a'tgum g'at: 3
"Without I my trade." NLk 'e a'lg îxs K 'āL-hä "Without I my trade." Then said On-one- sta	tgum q'ē'sEmq: 4
"(Fut.) g înā'mēel dem an-wâ't'enîst. Mes-ā'ust, your trade. Red paint,	
wâ't'enîst;" dē'yas K''āL-hä'tgum q'ē'sEmq aL your trade;" thus said On-one- standing- labret to g	wī-dōla-gʻa'tgum 6 the imperson person
g'at. "Lgo-xbē'îst hwîl lō-la'k't metk" aL mes man. "A box where in is full of red	
tse dē-g·ē'egun. G·îlô' me tse gun-g·a'adet a on you buy. Do not you make see it your part (show it)	L wa'g'în. Tse 8  o your brother.
	k'uL-iē'ên dem 9 about go (fut.)
gʻa'an hwîl k'uL-Lô'ôL q'aima'qsEm hā'naq you see where about go young women	me tse k'ē' 10
me lō'-k''ē'tselt. NLk''ē tgōn ts'a'ell q'aima's pour in put finger. Then this the face of young	
me dem hwîl tq'al-d'ā'telt." Nlk''ē hwîlt. you will being against put it." Then he did so.	
txane'tk'L sîl-q'aima'qsît qanL txane'tk'L lall the youths and all the	
sem-abaxba'g'ask"detg'ê. NLk''ēt g'ē'dexdēiL wī- much they were troubled. Then they asked the great	man: "Is it
wī-t'ē'sda?" NLk 'ē a'lg 'îxL wī-g 'a'tg 'ê: "Wī-great?" Then said the man: "Great"	

you want in exchange?" He replied, "I want weasels." Then the men and the women brought weasel skins, and the awkward man bought them. He had a whole box full of weasel skins. Then he had sold all his red paint.

When the prince saw him, he made fun of his own brother. Then they returned, and arrived at their own town. In the evening Shewho-has-a-labret-on-one-side questioned the awkward man, her brother-in-law, and he showed her what he had purchased. Early the next morning She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side said to the awkward man, "Go to the place where the water runs down. I shall go to meet you there." She intended to leave her husband, because he did not take her along when he went to Chilkat. Therefore she was

dē-g'ē'gunîst?" NLk 'e a'lg'îxL wī-g'a't: "Mî'k'sîL huX 1 dem do you on to buy?" want your part the man: Then said "Weasels again great 2 dē-hasa'gaē." NLk.'ē dôqL hana'q La ga-mî'k'sîL ē'uxt. NLk 'et on my I want." Then took the the weasels the Then woman men. hwîl 3 g'īk"L wī-g'a'tg'ê, wī-la'îL Lgo-xbē'îst, metkuL mîk'sî'L. thus little box. being full of weasels. bought the man, a great great large qâ'ôdel mes-ā'ust. NLk'e it was red NLk 'et Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk". g'a'aL NLk 'e ansgwa'tk"t lâ'ôt Then saw it prince. Then he made fun of him little Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk" wī-lep-wa'k 'tg'ê. NLk 'e 6 lep-wa'k'L aL Lā great his the brother own of the prince brother. Then of (perf.) NLk 'e k'a'tsk"dēt al lepl-ts'a'pdet. NLk 'ë Lā 7 lō-ya'ltk<sup>u</sup>det. they returned. Then they landed at own their town. Then (perf.) nLk'e g'e'dEXS K'al-hä'tgum q'e'sEmq 8 vu'ksa. wī-g'a'tg'ê. On-one- standingevening. then asked labret man, sidegreat NLk 'et qabē'îL 9 wak'L na'k stg ê. gun-g'a'adEL wī-g'a't the man her husband. Then showed how brother of great K·'āL-hä'tgum 10 sqa'lsîtg'ê. NLk'e sem-he'luk, nk'ë a'lg'îxs said On-one- standing-sidewhat he Then very early, then had bought. "Adô', 11 q'e'semq wī-dōlā-g a'tgum iē'ên al hwîl grat: aL "Go, to imperson man: great proper al awa'an." Lā lō-hē'l 12 iaga-ba'xL dem iä'nēE qâ'ôts ak's: your (Perf.) in said down runs (fut.) Igo water: to q'e'sEmq, demt k"sta'qsîL nak'st hwîl 13 K'āl-hä'tgum aL wanted to On-one- standing-sidelabret, (fut.) her husband because she leave Tsîlqā't. Nîlne'l qan 14 nî'gidēt k'uL-ma'g'ant at hwîl qaqâ'ôL

where

he went to

Chilkat.

Therefore

about he took her

in canoe

ashamed. She took the awkward man and washed him in order to purify him. Then she intended to marry him. She was going to leave the prince who had first married her. Then the awkward man went out, as She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side had told him. He went to the place where the water was running down, and he stayed in the water for a long time. Then She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side came. There were four deep water holes in the creek. She washed him in the first hole, then in the second one, in the third one, and in the fourth one. Then his skin was very clean, and he became a beautiful man. After he was purified, he married She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side. Then her mother, the Evening Sky, came again,

dzâqs K·'al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq; nt qan göl wī-dōla-g'a'tgum 1
was On-one-standing-labret; therefore she the imperson took great proper
g'at al demt iô'ôk'st. Nlā dem sa'k'sk"tg'ê, nl dem k''ēt 2 man to (fut.) wash him. Where (fut.) he was clean, (fut.) then
nak skut. Dem ha'ut'ens K 'al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq lgō-wî'lk sîlku, 3 she marries him. (Fut.) she leaves On-one- standing- labret the prince, little
La t'an k's-qâ'gam nak'sk"t. NLk''ē La iä'L wi-dōla-g'a'tgum 4  (perf.) who first he married her. Then (perf.) went the impressent proper
g'at. Hwîlt an-hē's K'al-hä'tgum q'ē'sEmq. Nlk''ē iä'êt 5 man. He did what said On-one- standing- labret. Then he went
al hwîl g'îsi-ba'xl ak's. Nlk''ē lôgôm-d'ā't. Lā nak''l 6 to where down ran water. Then into he sat. When long
d'āt, nLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"s K''aL-hā'tgum q'ē'semq. NLk''ē 7 he sat, then came on-one-standing-labret. Then
txalpxl hwîlt g'îsi-lō-wâ'wôq'el ak's lō-lîpla'p. Nlk''ē 8 four where down in he dug water in deep. Then
iô'ôk'sL anā'sL wī-g'a't aL k''ēlL ts'Em-a'k's. NLk''ēt 9 she the skin of the man in one in water. Then
huX lôgôm-qâ'ôL huX k·'ēlt. NLk·'ē huXt lō-la'qskut. 10 again into he went washed him.
NLk 'et huX qâ'ôL huX k 'e'lt. NLk 'et huX lō-la'qsk t 11  Then again he again one. Then again in she washed him
Lā gulā'alt. NLk''ēt huX lō-qâ'ôL k''ēlt. NLk''ēt huX 12  a third time. Then again in he went went
lō-la'qsk"t. Txa'lpxg'ê. NLk''ē sem-sa'k'sk"L La anā'st. 13 in she washed him.
NLk''ē ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl sem-k''ā-ā'mL wī-g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ēt 14  Then came (verbal very ex- good the man. Then great
nak'sk's K'al-hä'tgum q'ē'semq al lā sem-sa'k'sk't. Nlk''ē 15 he married On-one-standing-labret when very he was clean. Then

bringing many elks, copper plates, canoes, slaves, and much food. Then the great awkward man invited all the tribes, intending to give a potlatch. Then he did so. Then the former husband of She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side was ashamed because the awkward man was going to give a potlatch. He was no longer awkward, because he had been purified, because She-who-has-a-labret-on-one-side had washed him.

Now the tribes came. Then they are all the food. The day after they finished eating, all the tribes went into his house. They put the elks, the copper plates, slaves, and canoes in the middle of the house. Then the great awkward man, the husband of She-who-has-alabret-on-one-side, came. He wore a blanket made of weasel skins

		-				
1	hā'ts'îk'sem					nôxs
	once more	again	came	woman e	vening sky,	the mother of
2	K.'aL-hä'tgum	q'ē'semq.	HuX dE-ā	d'îk skuL		
	On-one- standing- side-	labret.	Also she caused	to come	many	elks
3	qanı haya'tsk	u qanL r	nāl qanı		qanı wī-h	ē'ldem
	and copper	and ca	noes and	slaves	and r	nuch
4	wunä'x'. NLl	c'è wô'ôi	wī-dōla-g	'a'tgum	g'at, txa	nē'tk"L
	food. The	n he in- vited	the im- great proper	person	man,	all
5	hwîl dzaxdzô		vuk. NLk	·'ē hwîlt.	Nık·'ē	dzâgL
	tribes	for	a pot-	en he did	Then	was ashamed
6	Lē nak's K'a	L-hä'tøum			La dem	vukL
	the husband of On-o	ne- standing-			(perf.) (fut.)	gave a potlatch
7	wī-dōla-gʻa'tgun		i nîg'i hul	Y dā dāla	or o'tlant or	bwîl hwîl
	the im- person		f.) not mor		-	ecause
0	great proper			proper		,
8	Lā sEm-sa'k'sl (perf.) very he was cl		vîl la'qsaan			'semq.
				side-		
9	NLk.'ē ā'd'îk		A COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O			ē'îpdet
			e tribes.	Then		ey ate it
10	txanē'tk"L wu	nä'x'. NL			kudētg ê.	NLk 'e
	all the	food. Th	nen fi		eating.	Then
11			·'ē ts'elen	n-qâ'dîL	txanē'tk"L	hwîl
	again one	day, th	en into	went	all	
12	dzaxdzô'q al	ts'Em-hwî'lp	. Nık.'ēt	t'Em-d'ā'L	del Liâ'n	qanL
	the tribes into	in the hous	se. Then	toward they	put elks	and
13	haya'tsku qanL	LîLî'no it	gant, mmāl		La t'Em-q	â'ôdet.
	copper and				when to the th	ney were
14	nık'e ā'd'îk'sk	us wi-dōle	-cretterum	grat nak	middle 's K''aL-hi	gone,
	then came	the im-	person	man, the hu	is- On-one- s	
15	alālanma C	great prope	T.	band	of side-	18/mt
10	q'ē'semq. Gv	vis-mi K'siL inket weasel		On - were	L DEIR haliotis	on it.
	2710	in Cases	on.		shells	

set with abalone shells. He used a weasel hat. Then he entered and stood in front of the elk skins. Then they sang. After they had finished singing, they stopped, and he gave away abalone shells, copper plates, elks, slaves, and canoes. Then the tribes were glad, and the awkward man had become a great chief.

Then 1	x'L qaidEm	mî'k'sîL. weasels.	NLk 'ē Then	ts'ent.	NLk 'e Then	hētk <sup>u</sup> t he stood	1
aL qa-gʻi'k at in front	of where	lôxL Liâ'n. were the elks.	NLk 'e	lē'mix d		Lēsk <sup>u</sup> L they finished	2
lē'mix'det,	nLk.'ē ha	'widētg'ê.	NLk.'ē	tsä'eqdē he gave away			3
hāya'tsk"	qanL Liâ'n and elks	qanl L	îLî'ng'it		mmāl.	NLk 'e	4
lō-am'ā'mL in good	qaqâ'ôdEL hearts were			vîl wī-t'e		n'â'g'iL chief	5
wī-dōla-g·a'	tgum g'at.						6

# THE GRIZZLY BEAR

[Told by Moses]

There were four brothers, the sons of a great chief. Their mother was a great chieftainess. They lived in a large town. In midwinter the people had eaten all the winter provisions, and were starving. The brothers were great hunters. Now, the two eldest ones remembered what they used to do, because they were starving. They were hunters, and they went out together. The wife of the eldest one did not accompany him. They went a long distance, and came to a house where they stayed over night. In the morning the younger brother

### THE GRIZZLY BEAR

- 1 Txālpxdâ'lı g'a'tg'ê, k''âlı sē'lg'ît, nık''ē k''âlı lō-an-iē'êt.
- 2 NLk''ē huX k''âlL tsuwî'ng'it. NLk''ē k''âlL wī-sem'â'g'it Then also one the youngest. Then one great chief
- 3 neguâ'ôdetg'ê. NLk''ē k''âlL nô'xdetg'ê, wī-na'k'sL sem'â'g'it. their father. one their mother, the wife of the chief.
- 4 Wī-t'ē'sL qal-ts'a'pdetg'ê. Hwä'i! La sē'lukL mā'dEm, nLk''ē Large was their town. Well! When the midthe winter, then
- 6 gʻē'îpdet. Guîxʻ-dzagu'sk"L k''â'ltg'ê. NLk''ē huX hwîlL they eat. A hunter was one. Then again he was
- 7 tsuwî'ng'it. NLk''ēt am-qâ'ôdetl lē hwîl huwî'ldetg'ê, nla the youngest one. Then they remembered what they used to do, be-
- 8 aqL-g·ē'îpdet. K·'ē Lô'ôdetL bagadē'lL guîx·-qa-ia'tsgut. NLk·'ē Lā no food. Then they went the two hunters. Then (perf.)
- 9 wī-t'ē'sL sē'lg'ît. NLneL stē'ldet. Nî'g'îdi stēlL sē'lg'îtL great the eldest. Then they went in company. Not went with him one's
- q'am-k'a'lL hōksk<sup>u</sup>L wak kut. K.'ē Lô'ôdet. Nak<sup>u</sup>L 10 nak'st, aL only was with of Then they went. wife, one him brothers.
- hwîlp. k.'ēt 11 hwîl hwa'dēL NLk 'e Lô'ôdet. lō-dzô'qdet lât. they found where they went, then a house. Then in they stayed in it.

rose. He had two powerful dogs. He started, carrying his lance. He put on his snowshoes and went. He came to the foot of a mountain. He climbed it, and when he was halfway up the mountain he heard the voice of his dog up above. He could not climb any higher because there was a glacier. Then he took his little stone ax and chopped steps in the glacier. Thus he came to the foot of a ridge on which a tree was standing. There his dogs were barking. When he came near, he saw a large Grizzly Bear and two large cubs in a hole under the tree. As soon as he went near, the Grizzly Bear stretched out her arms and pulled the man into her den. She killed him. Then his brothers had lost him.

Hē'Luk nLk''ē In the then	haldem-ba'xL	tsuwî'ng ît.		as'o'st, 1
semgal hagulâ'qL	as'o's. NLk'ē dogs. Then			500000000000000000000000000000000000000
Lē-d'ā'L t'ō'otsk" On was knife	on it. Then he	put on s	nax. NLk 'e now-noes. Then	iē'êt. 3
NLk 'et hwal then he reached the	depL sqane'st.	NLk.'ē bax	he When went.	hwaL 4 reached
	·'ē naxna'L a n he heard ti		aL lax-ha'. at above.	K.'ē 5
aqL-hagun-yô'xkut.				Lgo- 6
daxwe'nsem lô'ô	p. NLk.'ēt tsa Then ac	nga-hîs'ia'tsL	dā'uL sqand	ë'stgrê. 7
NLk 'et hwal k'	its tail where do	ep-hē'tk <sup>u</sup> L ga wn stood s	n. Nelne'l	hwîl 8
hahā'ı os. Nık'	ē hagun-a'qLku	t. Gwina'dēl.		
	wī-lig·'ē'Ensku		Lî'k Lg ît	
sem-t'êst'ē'st. NL very large.	k 'e hagun-iä'ên		wîl ts'elem	n-nô'ôt. 11 hole.
NLk'e k'si-na'k'	st sem-ts'elen very into		t. NLk 'ēt	gōl 12
Lî'k'Lg'ît. NLk''ē		ô'ôn g'a'tg'ê.	Nık'e gw	vâ'disil 13
wak·k <sup>u</sup> t.  his  brothers.	mu.			14

After two days, when he did not return, the next brother rose. He also had two dogs. He started, carrying his lance. He came to the same place where his brother had been. The dogs ran up the mountain, and he came to the steps that his brother had chopped in the glacier. He climbed up, and he also came to the Grizzly Bear. She took him into her den, and the cubs killed him. He and his two dogs were dead. In this way another brother was lost.

Only one remained. He was a very awkward man. He also rose and started early in the morning. He carried his lance, and his two dogs accompanied him. He put on his snowshoes and went up the mountain on the same trail that his brothers had taken. Now he

1	La g'ē'lp'ell sa qa-nā'gul gwâtk"t, nlk''ē huX haldem-ba'xl
	When two days how long he was then again rose lost,
2	huX k'alı wak't. HuX t'epxa'tı as'o'st. He'luk, nık'e
	again one brother. Also two dogs. In the morning,
3	huX ië'êt. HuX t'Epxā'tL as'o'st. HuX yu'kdEL gan hwîl also he went. Also two dogs. Also he carried a stick
4	lē-d'ā'L t'ōtsk". NLk''ē huX iē'êt. Lat huX hwaL Lē on was a knife. Then also he went. When also he what
5	hwa'yiL wak't, k''ē huX bax-sa'k'sk"L as'o's. Ha'ts'Ek'sEm
	had found his then also up ran the Once more brother, dogs.
6	huX hwa'dēL Le hwîl hwî'lL wa'k'tg'ê. G'a'at hwîl also he found what done his He saw where
	had brother.
7	tsaga-hîs'ia'tsk <sup>u</sup> t Lē dā'uL sqanē'stg'ê. NLk''ē huX across was chopped the ice of the mountain. Then again
	across was chopped the ice of the mountain. Then again
8	hagun-a'qLk"t. Nîg'î nak" hwîlt, k''ēt huX ts'elem-gō'ut. toward he got. Not long he did then also into she took him.
9	NLk.'ē huX dzakul lîk'lg'ît. K'ē huX nô'ôt qanl
	Then again killed the cubs. Then again he was and him dead
10	t'epxā'tl as'o'st. K.'ē huX gwâ'disil k.'âll wak't.
	two dogs. Then again was lost one younger brother.
11	La q'am-k-'â'lL mānt sem-wī-dula-g-a'tkut, nLk-'ē
	When only one left a great imman, then over very proper
12	dē-haldem-ba'xt. Nık''ē de-iä'êt ar hē'luk huX de-t'epxā'tl
	also he rose. Then also he in the also with two went morning
13	as'o'st huX de-yu'kdel gan. Lē-d'ā'l ts'ōtsk"t lâ'ôt. Nlk'ēt
	dogs also on he carried a On was a knife on it. Then he stick.
14	hax'hâ'x'l nax. Nlk''ē huX dē-bax-iä'êt al lax-sqanē'st.
	put on snow- Then again on up he went to on the mountain.
15	Hasp'a-lō-yô'xkut lē yôxkul wak'kut. Nlk''ē nexna'l hwîl
	The same in he went that had gone his Then he heard where road brothers.

heard the dogs barking. He went near, and had just placed himself in position when the great Grizzly Bear stretched out her arms, and the great man fell into the den headlong. Then he struck the Grizzly Bear and his hand got into her vulva. Then she said to her cubs, "My dear ones, make the fire burn brightly, for your father is cold." She felt much ashamed because the man had struck her vulva, therefore she felt kindly toward him, and did not kill him. She liked him. She said, "I will marry you." And the big man agreed. Then the great Grizzly Bear was very glad because the Indian had married her.

When he had stayed there many years and was lost to his people, he said one day that he longed for his father and his mother, his wife, his little boy, and his little sister, and that he wished to go

tqa-wô'xı as'o's. Nık.'ē dē-hagun-a'qık"t. Nık.'ē q'ai-he-yu'kı	1
barked the Then also toward he Then just he began reached.	
ama hē'tk"tst. Tk''ē sā-k'si-na'k"s wī-lig''ē'Ensk". G'itsL-k's-qâ'qL	2
well he placed Then sud- out stretched the grizzly bear. Into first denly (her paws) great	
t'em-qē'sL wī-g'a'tg'ê. NLk''ē hwîla t'a'ask"t tgōn. Sem- the head of the man. Then this he slapped this. Right	3
lō-g'īē'tgul an'ô'nl wī-mē'nl wī-lig''ē'enskug'ê. Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl	4
in he got his hand the vulva the grizzly bear. Then said	
wī-lig 'ē'ensk" al lî'k lg ît "Nāt! Sem-se-me'll la'gust, yukl	5
the grizzly bear to her cubs: "My Very make burn the fire, he begins	
xs-gunä'qs neguâ'ôtsem." Sem-dzâ'qı qâtı wī-lig'ē'ensku t hwîl	6
feels cold your father." Much was the heart the grizzly bear because ashamed of great	
lō-ba'qı wī-g'a't mēnt. Nelne'l qan wī-ama g'at nîg'ît huX	7
in felt the man her Therefore much good the not also man	
dzak <sup>u</sup> t at hwîl lō-bā'elt. Nilnē't qan sī'b'ent. Nlk'ē a'lg'îxl	8
she killed because in he felt. Therefore she liked Then said him.	
wī-lig·'ē'Ensku: "Dem na'kskuē nē'En." NLk·'ēt anâ'qL wī-g'a'tg'ê. the grizzly bear: "(Fut.) I marry you." Then agreed the man.	9
great	
Sem-lō-ā'mı qâı wī-hana'gam lig·'ē'ensku at hwîl nak·skul	10
Very in good heart the woman grizzly bear because he married her	
wī-alō-g·ig·a't. NLk·'ē qanē-hwîla lā'Ldet.	11
the Indian. Then always they lay down.	
La hē'lı k'ōı hwîlı gwâtk"ı wī-g-a'tg-ê. Nık''ē a'lg-îxı	12
When many years he did so he was lost the man. Then said great	
wī-g'a'tg'ê, wai-g'a'tk" as neguâ'ôdet qans nôxt qant nak'st the man, lonesome for his father and his and his wife	13
great mother	
qanl Lgō-Lgō'ulk"t qanl Lgō-g'î'mx'dit. Nlk''ē hēt dem	14
and his boy and his sister. Then he he little said would	

13 NLk 'ē

Then

her large

14 wud'ax-k''ēla'at.

d'āL

she sat

paws.

down great

the

The great Grizzly Bear agreed, and she said, "I will accompany you." On the next morning they went down the mountain and approached the town. Now the great man entered. The great chief, his father, his mother, and his wife were crying. The man entered and sat down. Then he said that his wife was standing out-His little sister went to call her. She looked about for her outside the village, and found the great Grizzly Bear. She ran into the house crying, because she was much afraid. "A great ugly monster is standing outside." Then the man, the great Grizzly Bear's husband, went out himself. He called her into the house, and she entered. Then she sat down on a mat that they had spread for her. Her paws were very large, and the chief and his wife were scared.

1 na-iē'êt. NLk 'et anâ'qL wī-lig''ē'Ensk": "DEm ste'lē në'En." out of go. the grizzly bear: "Shall Then agreed accomyou," pany I NLk 'e 2 dē'ya wī-g a'tg ê. huX hē'Luk, nLk 'e aL La thus she when to the man. Then again morning, then great NLk·'ē ba'k"dēt 3 na-Lô'ôdet. aL qal-ts'a'p. NLk 'e ts'enL out of they went. Then they came from the town. Then to entered woods there NLk 'e wī-yē'tk"L wī-sem'â'g'it, wī-nEguâ'ôdet 4 wī-g'a't. qanL the man. Then cried the chief. great his father and great NLk·'ē 5 nôxt nak st. ts'ent. k·'ē d'āt. NLk 'et malel, qanL his Then he entered, then hesat Then he told, K.'ē heē'tk"L g'a'lEq. k'saXL Lgō-g'î'mx'dit, dem nak'st al his wife outside. Then went out sister, 7 t'an ts'ElEm-wô'ôL nak'st. NLk 'e k'uL-g'îg'ē'êlt aL g'a'lEq. about she looked into called Then who his wife. at outside. Lgo-tk'e'lk" 8 Sem-hwa'îl hwîl hēē'tk"L wī-lig''ē'Ensku child Indeed she found where stood the grizzly bear great sem-ts'elem-ba'xt al wī-amhē't avawā'tk"t wi-yē'tkut. aL aL shouting she ran crying crying, "Wī-t'ē'sL 10 aL qasqâ'L xbētsa'Xt: hwîl sē'lukt. hŏhŏhŏhŏ! "Great being hohoho! at much afraid: ugly. 11 wī-săa'k lō-wē'ltk"." NLk 'e lep-k'sa'XL g'a'tg'ê, lep-na'k'sL her husband own Then great monster." himself went the man, 12 wī-lig·'ē'Ensku. NLk 'e hēt ts'elem-wô'ôt. NLk 'e lep-ts'e'nt. the grizzly bear, he into he invited Then she entered. Then self

said

aL

at

wī-lig·'ē'Ensku

grizzly bear

Hā semgal

Much

her.

where was spread

ba'LEL

xpēts'ē'XL sem'â'gît qanL

the chief

sqa'na.

a mat.

and

Qa-lā'iL

nak'st.

his wife.

hwîl

was scared

Then they are salmon, and she also ate; and they gave her a dish filled with crab apple mixed with grease, and she ate it. The people were much astonished.

After a while the great Grizzly Bear said to her husband, "Give me your child; I wish to see it." Then the man took the child, because the great Grizzly Bear wanted to have it. He gave it to her, and the child did not cry.

Another day the Bear said, "Call your wife." Then the woman came, the first wife of the man. She entered and sat down next to the man, her own husband. Later he had married the Grizzly Bear. His one wife was the Bear, the other was a woman of his own tribe. The woman only had a child. The Grizzly Bear had no children. But

Then they ate salmon. Then ate it the grizzly bear. Then	1
lō-d'ā'L La'ix aL ts'Em-ts'a'k'. K'ēt huX sg'ēt. NLk'ēt huX in put crab apple in inside of dish. Then again it lay in it there.	2
g'epl wī-lig''ē'Ensk". Semgal lō-sanā'lgul qal-ts'a'p hwî'ltg'ê.  the grizzly bear. Very astonished was the town what he did.	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
Then not cried the child.	8
NLk.'ē huX a'lg'îxL wī-lig.'ē'ensku aL huX k''ē'lL sa:	9
NLk.'ē huX a'lg'îxL wī-lig.'ē'ensku aL huX k''ē'lL sa:	9
NLk''ē huX a'lg'îxL wī-lig''ē'Ensku aL huX k''ē'lL sa: Then again said the grizzly bear at again one day: "ĀmLē wô'ôL na'k'sîn." NLk''ē ā'd'îk'skuL hana'q Lē 1 "Good invite your wife." Then came the woman	9
NLk''ē huX a'lg'îxl wī-lig''ē'Ensku al huX k''ē'll sa:  Then again said the grizzly bear at again one day:  "Āmlē wô'ôl na'k'sîn." Nlk''ē ā'd'îk'skul hana'q lē 1  "Good invite your wife." Then came the woman  walen-na'k'sl g'a'tg'ê. K''ē ts'ēnt. K''ē d'āt al awa'al 1  formerly the wife the man. Then she entered. Then she sat at the proximity of g'a'tg'ê, lep-na'k'stg'ê. K''ē sē-na'k'sgul wī-lig''ē'Ensku. K''âll 1	9 10 11
NLk''ē huX a'lg'îxL wī-lig''ē'Ensku aL huX k''ē'lL sa: Then again said the grizzly bear at again one day: "ĀmLē wô'ôL na'k'sîn." NLk''ē ā'd'îk'skuL hana'q Lē 1 "Good invite your wife." Then came the woman  walen-na'k'sL g'a'tg'ê. K''ē ts'ēnt. K''ē d'āt aL awa'aL 1 formerly the wife the man. Then she entered. Then she sat at the of g'a'tg'ê, lep-na'k'stg'ê. K''ē sē-na'k'sgul wī-lig''ē'Ensku. K''âll 1	9 10 11 12

15 wi-hē'ldem

many

grat.

men.

NLk 'e

Then

dēlkut.

her bag.

hana'q

the woman

NLk 'e

Then

her own children were in her house on the mountain. They had not accompanied her when she came out of the woods. Thus they lived for many months.

When it came to be summer, just before the berries were ripe, the great Grizzly Bear said to the woman, "I think the berries are ripe on my mountain," and asked her to accompany her. They went up the mountain, and found that the berries were ripening, and they picked The woman picked her berries into a bag, but the great Grizzly Bear had no bag. Her stomach was her bag. She just ate the berries she picked. Then they returned. They approached their husband's house and entered. The Grizzly Bear said, "Now call the people." Then one man went out to invite the people in. The woman

wī-lig·'ē'Enskng·ê. Hwîl k·'ē 1 Lgō'ulkul hwanL dē-Lg'ît on her her part children child the grizzly bear. Then were great lax-sqanë'st, nig îdet na-sel-stē'lt. ts'Em-de-hwî'lpt Hwä'i! aL her house out of they accom-Well! the not mountain, woods panied her. hwî'ldētg'ê wī-hē'lL Wī-na'kuL Lôqs. Long they did so many moons. NLk 'e ā'd'îk'sk"L hwîl nLk'e dem sē'nt: La sē'nt. T.A. Then it came to be summer: when summer, when being then 5 nlk.'ē gâ'ôgt dem mukL mā'E. NLk 'e a'lg'îxL La (perf.) before (fut.) berries. Then said "La 6 wī-lig·'ē'Ensku hana'qg'ê: mu'kdE-mal hwîl aL the grizzly bear great perhaps the woman: "(Perf.) where to 7 hwî'lēE." NLk 'et nLk 'e Lô'ôdēt. NLk 'et sä'lîx't, hwa'dēt. they reached there. I was." Then she asked her to go then they went. Then along. g·ē'Eldēt. 8 NLk'e ts'ösk't dem hwîl mukt. NLk 'et La they picked them. Then a little (fut.) being ripe. g'e'ElL Nık'ë dë-NLk'e lō-dô'xL hana'q al ts'Em-dē'Lk". what she picked Then in it was the woman in her bag. Then on her part dēLk<sup>u</sup>L ts'Em-qalâ'st de-dē'Lk"t. 10 nî'g îdi wī-lig''ē'Ensku; the grizzly bear; great her not bag in on her her bag. stomach part lō-yîlva'ltk"dēitg ê. NLk 'e NLk 'e 11 Q'am-g'ē'îpL dē-g·ē'Elt. on her what she part picked. Only she ate they returned. Then Then ts'Em-hwî'lpL na'k'sdet. Nlk'ē la'mdzîxdēt. NLk 'e 12 ba'k"det al they came from there house their husband. Then they entered. Then to in wī-lig·'ē'ensku: "Ām, me dem wô'ôl qal-ts'a'p." NLk 'e 13 a'lg'îxL "Good, you (fut.) Then grizzly bear: invite the people." great 14 a'lg'îxl NLk 'e dā'uLL k''âlı g'at t'an huwô'ôl g'a'tg'ê. aL invited she said a man. Then left man who

t'Em-gō'uL

toward took

the middle

great

took her bag to the middle of the house. The great Grizzly Bear was also in the house. The great Grizzly Bear said to her husband, "Take some dishes to the rear of the house." Her husband did so. Then she defecated into a dish, and the berries she had eaten fell into it. Now the dish was full of berries that she had picked. The Indians saw her defecating into the dishes. Then the Grizzly Bear told the man to take the dishes that were full of what had come out of her anus and place them before the people; but they were afraid to eat it because they had seen that they had come out of her anus. They only ate the berries that the Indian woman had picked. They took home the food that the great Grizzly Bear had given them, and the wives of the people ate it at their own houses. Then the great Grizzly Bear was glad.

ts'em-g'îtsâ'ôn, nlnel hwîl dē-lō-d'ā'l wī-lig''ē'ensk". Nlk''ē in in the house, that is being also in was the grizzly bear. Then	1
where great	
a'lg'îxt al nak'st: "Hūts'en-d'a'lt qa-ts'ō'ol ts'ak'." Nlk'ēt she said to her hus- "Back from fire put some dishes." Then	2
band:	
gun-hūts'en-d'a'Lt nak'st. NLk'e hwîlt. NLk'e wī-ts'em-g'â'ôlt	3
made back from put her hus- them fire band. Then he did so. Then large in her anus	
dē-k·si-yô'xk <sup>u</sup> L mā'E Le g·ē'îptg·ê ma'Ldēt dēt-g·ē'Elt.  on out went berries what she ate she said on she picked her part them	4
NLnēl le g'ē'îpt lō-d'ā'let. Nlk''ē ts'em-g'â'ôlt dē-	5
What she ate in she put. Then in her anus also	
k·si-yô'xkut. Nlk·'ē metme'tkul ts'ak· al dē-se-mā'it. Tk·'ē	6
out went. Then full was the dish of on her she berries. Then	0
out went. Then full was the dish of on her she berries. Then part made	
gʻa'aL alō-gʻigʻa't hwîl gwa'tstgʻê lâ't. Hwä'i! NLkʻ'ēt	7
saw it the Indians where excreperin it. Well! Then she	
gun-dô'gôt La metme'tk"L ts'ak al ma'e t'an k'si-yô'xk"L	8
gun-dô'gôt La metme'tk"L ts'ak. aL ma'E t'an k'si-yô'xk"L or to take full dish of berries that out came	
* dered	
ts'em-g'â'ôlt. NLk''ē dôxt al qa-ga-sä'Xl qal-ts'a'p. Nlk''ē in her anus. Then she laid at before the people. Then	9
it	10
laxbēts'ē'x'dēt al demt g'ē'pdēît, al hwîl gwa'tstg'ê lâ'ôt, they were afraid to (fut.) eat it, because excreperments haps	10
al hwîlt g'a'adet hwîl k'si-yô'xk"l ts'em-g'â'ôlt. K'sax-se-mā'il	11
because they saw it where out of it came in her anus. Only made berries	11
k·sem-alō-g·ig·a′t, nêlne′l g·ē′îpdet. Nlk·'ē sô′ôdēt al	12
woman Indian, that they ate. Then they took the of rest home	
dē-g·înā'mı wī-lig·'ē'enskug·ê. Nık·'ē g·ē'îpı ga-nē'nik·skudētg·ê	13
also she had the grizzly bear. Then ate it their wives	
	14
al lep-ts'em-huwî'lpl qal ts'a'pg'ê. Hwä'i! Nlk''ē lō-ā'ml at own in the houses of the people. Well! Then in good	
and the good	
qâ'ôdel wī-lig'ē'ensk".	15
heart the grizzly bear.	

15 ALa

When

stood

his heart

salmon.

found

Now, salmon were in the river in front of the town. made a weir, and placed a fish trap in it. He finished it. In the evening the people went to sleep, and before daybreak the great Grizzly Bear rose and went down to the weir. She saw that the trap was full of salmon, and she emptied it. She took the salmon into the house. Then she ordered the chief, her father-in-law, to distribute them among the people. He did so. The next night she did the same, but the people did not know it. She did so many days. Then she and the woman dried many salmon, and the house was full of fish that she and the other woman had dried.

One morning a young man went down to the weir. When he saw that there were no salmon in the trap, because the great Grizzly Bear had

Hwäi! Nlk'ë la më'sîl hân ak's qa-g'ä'wuL qal-ts'a'p. aL when swam salmon in the in front of the town. water tgon NLk 'e NLk 'e dzāpl sem'â'g'it su-hwa'tdēt aL ťēn. made name this the chief weir. Then Then made of nLk'ë Nık.'ē Lēskut. hwô'ô; d'āL 3 d'āL Lamga'ng 'ê. there there (another kind Then it was finished a trap; then of trap). was lāll qal-ts'a'p. Q'ai-tsô'osk'l 4 Lē'saandēt. Nık'ë NLk''ē yu'ksa. the people. They finished it Then it was Then lav Only a little nLk'e g'in-hē'tk"L 5 dem hwîl mesā'x; wī-lig 'e'Ensk". NLk 'e the grizzly bear. daylight; when then Then (fut.) rose hētk<sup>u</sup>L t'en. NLk 'e 6 iaga-iä'êt al hwîl g'a'aL hwîl awa'aL down she went to where stood a Then she saw where imity of 7 metk<sup>u</sup>L Lā'mgan al hân. NLk 'e semt-lō-qâ'ôdent. NLk 'et full the trap Then very in she emptied it. Then she of salmon. NLk 'et bax-dô'qt ts'Em-hwî'lp. sem'â'g'it gun-iä'gEt aL aL Then she ordered to dis-tribute the chief took them to inside of house. to NLk 'et iä'qdēt. NLk 'e huX wī-La'msg'ê aL qal-ts'a'p. the father-in-great law the town. Then they distributed Then again to them. 10 yu'ksa. NLk 'e huX hwîlt. Nî'g'idet hwîlā'x'L gal-ts'a'p. she did Not knew it the people. it was Then again evening. hwî'ltg ê, gwa'lkudēt wī-hē'lL SaL nık'ë La wī-hē'lL 11 Lā she did so, she dried When days then when many metk"L sîl-hana'qt Lā hwîlp, hwîl gwa'lguL at 12 qanl was full her woman fellow house, she what dried and when 13 wī-lig 'ē'Ensku qanı sîl-hana'qt. grizzly bear and her woman. fellow grat. hē'Luk, nLk 'e iaga-iē'êL k'alL NLk 'e q'aima'sEm 14 then down went young man. Then one morning. nî'g îdet qâ'ôdet hân. lā-hē'tk"L hwa'dēL

hwîl

not he

because

taken them up to her husband's house, he felt badly. He grew angry, and scolded the great Grizzly Bear. He felt badly because he did not get anything. The young man said, "You rise too early, great Drop-jaw." Thus he said to the great Grizzly Bear, and he scolded again, "You feed us with your excrements." Then the great Grizzly Bear took notice of it. She became angry, ran out, and rushed up to the man who was scolding her. She rushed into the house, took him, and killed him. She tore his flesh to pieces and broke his bones. Then she went. Now she remembered her own people and her two children. She was very angry, and she went home. Her husband followed her, but the great Grizzly Bear said, "Return home, or I

NLk·'ē	nî'g'ît	gʻa'aL saw	hân salmon	aL ts'i	em-Lā'mgar	Lät after	huX 1
bax-qâ'ôd up she l	l'Ent Wi	i-lig 'e'Ens	k <sup>u</sup> aL ar to	hwîlpL the house of	nak st,		qan 2
lō-sī'êpk"	L qâ'ôdF	et. NLk	'ēt hak	st. Ha'	k'sîL q'ai	ma'sEm he young	g'al 3
Kiest			qâ'ôdi his hea	et al h	wîl qal-wi	i'tkut. '	Tgonl 4
hēL q's	aima'sEm the young	g'at:	"Not o	lē-ha'wui on quit	Lô'ôqL early rising	wī-tg	'aā'q,'' 5 op-jaw,''
aL wī-l	lig 'e'Ensk grizzly bear,	tu, an-h that is what	ē't. H	la'k sît e scolded	qan hēt there- he sa fore so.	t. G·ē	'lp'ElL 6 'wice
hwîl ha (verbal he: noun)	'k'st. 'scolded. "	Wī-ang	a'tgum for food	gwats,"	dē'ya " thus he said	t hwîl	huX 7
he scolded.	Then she	noticed it	the great	grizzl <b>y</b> bear.	g'ê. NLk'	she	k'sk <sup>u</sup> L 8
hwîl lō- being in	-sī'êpk <sup>u</sup> L sick	qâ'ôdet.	NLk.	wī-k's	si-ba'xt a	L WĪ-LÎ t great-	'ntx't. 9
NLk.'ēt Then she	went to	where i	in was	man	t'an hal	ded.	NLk 'ē 10
ts'ElEm-h	nē'tk <sup>u</sup> t.	NLk.'ēt	gō'uL she took	gʻa'tgʻê.	NLk 'et	k <sup>u</sup> Lē-dall over s	za'k"t. 11 he killed him.
Nô'ôL g': It was the	e man. A	"Lē-qâ'ôdı ll was finish er	EL smax	t. NLk	e hēlā'lag were brok	ral txar	nē'tk"L 12
	lz'ē'pt.				Am-qâ'ôd She remembe		
hwîl hw where we					the griz		
lō-sī'êpk <sup>u</sup> in was siel		t. NLk.		owed h	er Ther	ë tgör	
В.	A. E., B	ULL. 27 -	021	4			

shall kill you." But the man refused, because he loved his great wife. The Grizzly Bear spoke to him twice, wanting him to go back, but he refused. Then she rushed upon him and killed him, and her own husband was dead. Then the great Grizzly Bear left.

- 1 wī-lig·'ē'Ensk": "Adô', ya'ltgun! Dza'k"dē-g'a nē'En." NLk·'ē
  the grizzly bear: "Adô', turn back! Kill I maybe you." Then
- 2 hä'q'alı g'a'tg'ê at hwîl sī'êp'enı wī-na'k'sem lig'ē'ensk". G'ē'lp'el refused the man because he loved the wife grizzly bear. Twice
- gulîk's-hē'tsL wī-lig 'ē'Ensku, NLk 'e hä'q'alL 3 hēL at nak'st. the grizzly bear, great said she back sent her Then refused husband.
- 4 gʻa'tgʻê, qan hwîlt wī-ligʻè'Ensku gulîkʻs-hē'tkut. Ntkʻèt dzakut. the man, there-she did so the great grizzly bear back rushed. Then she killed him.
- 5 NLk''ēt nô'ôL g'a'tg'ê lep-na'k'stg'ê. NLk''ē dā'uLL wī-lig''ē'Ensku.

  Then was dead the man her husband. Then left the grizzly bear.

  great
- 6 Nô'ôL g at.
  It was the man.

# SQUIRREL

[Told by Moses]

There were four children who were always shooting squirrels. They killed them all the time. Then they dried their skins and put away their meat. They did so at the foot of a large spruce tree—they did so for a long time all the year round. Then they had killed all the squirrels. Only the chief of the squirrels and his daughter were left. She was very white. Now, a boy went out and came to the foot of the great spruce tree. He looked upward, and saw a little white squirrel running round the tree. When it had gotten to the other side of the tree, behold, he saw that she

# SQUIRREL

	k'ope-tk''ē'Lk" little children	qanē-hwîlat always			1
NLk 'et qane-	hwîla tsô'ôtdētg ways they killed th	rê. Gwa'lkudē em. They dried	t La annā's		2
k'si-d'ā'LdēL out they put	Lā qa-sma'x't.	Q'am-k·'ē'lL only one	foot of big sp		3
	Wī-na'k <sup>u</sup> L Very long				4
	NLk.'ē Lā Then (perf.)				5
sem'â'g'idem	ts'EnLî'k mā	'ntg'ê, dē-k'	â'lı Lgō'ull	kut, Lgo-	6
	'uLk"tg:ê hwîl				7
iä'êL k.'âlL went one	Lgo-tk·'ē'lku.	Then again			8
	men-gʻa'ask <sup>u</sup> t.				9
	vī-ga'n. NLk·'ē g tree. Then				0

was a young woman. The boy saw her. The woman called him. Then the boy placed his bow at the foot of the great tree.

The woman entered the house of her father, who was the chief of the squirrels. He was much troubled, as all his people were dead. Therefore he had sent his child to call the boy. The chief questioned his daughter, and she replied, "The boy is standing outside." Then the chief said, "Come in, my dear, if it is you who killed my people." The prince entered and sat down. They gave him to eat. After he had finished, the chief said, "Why did you kill all my people?" The prince replied, "I did not know that they were your people, therefore I did so." "Take pity on me," said the chief to the prince. "When you return home, burn the meat and the skins of all the squir-

- 1 hana'q hēhē'tgut. K''ēt g'a'aL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt wô'ôL woman standing. Then he saw the boy. Then she called him
- 2 hana'q Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē Lô'ôdet. Hē't'EnL Lgo-tk''ē'Lk"L

  the the boy. Then they went. He placed upon it
- 3 ha-Xda'k"t at ment wi-ga'n.

  his bow at foot of big tree.
- NLk'ë dep-ts'e'nL hana'q hwîlps neguâ'ôtt; aL ment the Then they entered her father; master to house of woman of
- 5 ts'EnLî'k' gō'stg'ê. Lā aba'g'ask"L sem'â'g'it aL hwîl La squirrels that one. (Perf.) troubled the chief because (perf.)
- 6 lō-nô'ôL ts'apt. Nt qan hētsL Lgō'uLk"t. NLk''ēt wô'ôL all dead his people. Therefore he sent his child. Then she invited in
- 7 Lgō'uLk"L Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ēt g'ē'dexl sem'â'g'it Lgō'uLk"tg'ê.

  his child the boy. Then he asked the chief his child.
- 8 NLk.'ē a'lg'îxL Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'it: "La hētk"t aL g'ā'leq."

  Then said the child of the chief: "He stands at outside."
- 9 NLk''ē a'lg'îxL sem'â'g'it. TgōnL hēt: "Ts'ē'nen, nāt, atseda Then said the chief. This he said: "Come in, my dear, if it is
- 10 në'En an La lō-nô'ôt'EnL ts'ā'bēE." K''ē ts'ēnL Lgoyou who all killed my people." Then entered the
- 11 wī'lk'sîLk'g'ê. NLk''ē d'āt. NLk''ē wô'ôtk't. NLk''ē Läxk't.

  prince. Then he sat down. Then he finished invited. Then he finished eating.
- 12 NLk 'e a'lg îxl sem'â'g it: "Ago ma ga'n la lō-nô'ôt'enl Then said the chief: "Why did you all kill
- 13 ts'a'bēe?" Nlk''ē a'lg'îxl Lgo-wî'lk'sîlk": "Nî'g'în hwîlā'x't
  my people?" Then said the prince: "I did not know it
- 14 nîLnê'L qan hwî'lēe." "TgōnL dem hwî'len; āmL qam-gâ'den therefore I did so." "This (fut.) you do; good you take pity
- 15 lâ'ē," dē'yaL sem'â'g'it aL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". "Tseda Lā on me," thus said the chief 2 the prince. "When (perf.)

rels. I will make you a shaman." The chief did so; he made the prince a shaman. Now he was a great shaman. "Your name as a shaman shall be Squirrel," said the chief.

The prince lay down. Then the chief rose and put on his dancing apron. He painted his body red, and put on a crown of bear claws. From his neck hung the skins of squirrels. He held a rattle in his hand and sang, "Ia haä, iâ nigua iahaē! I become accustomed to this side, I become accustomed to the other side." Then the prince became a great shaman. The chief of the squirrels did so a whole year. Then he sent the prince home.

The chief, who had lost his son, had almost forgotten him. Then one of his other sons went to shoot squirrels, and came to the place

lō-ya'ltgun, nL dEm k''ē me-txē'ldîL La ga-sma'x'L wī-hē'ldEm 1 you have re- turned, then (fut.) burn (part.) the meat of (plural)	
ts'enli'k' qanl la ga-anā'st. Dem sa-hālai'dē nē'en. Nlk''ē 2 squirrels and (perf.) the skins. (Fut.) make shaman I you. Then	
hwîll sem'â'g'it. Nlk''ēt sa-hālai'l lgo-wî'lk'sîlk". Nlk''ē 3 he did so the chief. Then he made him a shaman little	
halai'tg'ê. "Ts'Enlä'k'l dem hwam halai'den." Nlk''ē hwîll 4 he was a "Squirrel (fut.) name of shaman you." Then he did	
Lgō-wî'lk'sîLk <sup>u</sup> g'ê.  the prince.  5	
NLk''e sg'eL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk". NLk''e hetk"L sem'â'g'it. 6  Then he lay the prince. Then he stood the chief.	
Hâ'yîL an-bElā'n. NLk''ēt ma'sîL LEPLa'nt aL mEs-a'ust. 7 Heput on the dancing apron. Then he painted his body with red paint.	
NLk 'et hâx' L Laqs. NLk 'et ie'tk' L La ana's L ts'enlî'k'. 8  Then he put on him crown of to wear bear claws. Then hung around (perf.) the skins squirrels.	3
K.'ēt yō'gul ha-sā'x; nlk.'ē lē'mîx't: "Ia haā', iâ nigua 9	,
iahaē. Dem qai-k'ax-māwil an-g'ī'E. Dem qai-k'ax-māwil 10 get used to this side. (Fut.) get used to	,
an-dâ'sdae." Nlk''ē wī-t'ē'sl hālai'l lgo-wî'lk'sîlkug'ê. 11 the other side." Then a great shaman the prince.	
Lā k'ē'ElL k'ōL hwîlt, nLk'ē Lā wī-t'ē'sL hwîl wī-halai'tt. 12 When one year hedidso, then (perf.) great (verbal great shaman noun)	
NLk 'et na-he'tst.  Then out of he sent woods him.	-
Lā t'ak'L sem'â'g'it hwîl gwâtk"L Lgō'uLk"tg'ê. NLk''ē 14  (Perf.) he had the chief (verbal was lost his son. Then	-
huX iä'êL k''âlt dem huX gō'yîL ts'enLî'k'; nLk''ēt huX 15 again went another (fut.) also shoot squirrels; then again	

where his brother had been. He came to the great spruce tree. He looked up, and, behold, the skeleton of a man was hanging in the branches. The bones were held together by skin only. His flesh was all gone.

The boy returned. He entered the house and told his father about it. The father sent the young men, who saw where the body was hanging. Then one young man climbed the tree, took the body down, and they carried it home. They entered the house. Now the chief's wife took a mat. She spread it out and laid the body down on it. She laid it down very nicely. The young men placed his hands, his feet, and his head in the way they belonged, and laid the head down face upward. There were only bones. Then they covered the mat with another mat. They painted it red and covered it with bird down. Then they sacrificed. For four nights and days his father and

- hwî'lL 1 hwal wa'k'tg'ê hē'tk"L Lē hwîl hwîl wī-sä'qs. he had (perf.) where his brother (verbal stood big spruce found noun)
- 2 NLk''ē men-g'a'ask"t. Gwinā'dēL, g'at lē-ia'qt aL lax-anē's.

  Then up he looked. Behold, a man on hung on on branch.
- 3 K·sax-ts'ē'p q'am-nē-daxdā'ExL ts'ēp, nî'g'î smax't.

  Only bones only to- fastened bones, no flesh.
- 4 NLk''ē lō-ya'ltk"L Lgo-tk''ē'Lk". NLk''ē ts'ēnt. K''ēt ma'Lît
  Then he returned the boy. Then he entered.
- 5 as neguâ'ôdet. NLk'ē a'lg'îxs neguâ'ôdet at q'aima'qsit.
  to his father. Then said his father to youths.
- 6 NLk'ë q'a'ldîx'-qâ'ôdet. NLk'ët g'a'adet hwîl lē-ia'qt. NLk'ët
  Then to the rear they went. Then they saw (verbal on he noun)
  Then of the houses
- 7 men-qâ'ôL k''âlL q'aima'set. NLk''ēt gō'ut. NLk''ēt d'ep-iē'êt.

  up went one youth. Then he took him. Then down he went.
- 8 NLk'ët na-dë-iä'det. NLk'ët dë-ts'ë'ndët aL ts'Em-hwî'lp.
  Then out of with he the woods it went.

  Then with they in house.
- 9 NLk'et gol nak'sl sem'â'g'it sqa'naa. K'et balt. Nlk'et
  Then she took the wife the chief a mat. Then she opened it.
- 10 lē-sg·ē'det lâ'ôt. Sem-ama sg·ē'tdēt. NLk''ēt sem-ama dô'xdēL on they on it. Very well they laid they l
- 11 an'ô'nt qanL asesa'ēt qanL t'em-qē'st. Sem-hasba-sg ē'det
  his hands and his feet and his head. Very face up they laid
- 12 k'sax-ts'ē'p. NLk''ēt huX lē-sg'ē'deL k''ä'guL sqa'naa aL on they laid another mat on
- 13 lax-ō't. Txa-ma'sdēit at mes-a'ust qant mîx'q'ā'x'. Ntk''ē
  on top of him. All they made with red paint and down. Then
- 14 qa'nē-hwîla melgwâ'ôksdēt. La txalpxL yu'ksa qanL mesā'x\*
  they sacrificed. When four nights and days

mother did not stay in the house. They had gone to another place, to another house. Only four men, his most intimate friends, watched him. Then they sang "Äe!" accompanying their song with batons. Then they spoke, singing. Then the body came to life again. The bones were covered with flesh. Then he sang. He invited the tribe of his father in and the people came. Then the prince said, "Burn the meat of all the squirrels that I shot during the past years, and burn their bones and the skins, which I am keeping in many boxes." The people did so. They burnt it all.

Then the great master of the squirrels was glad, because his tribe had come to life again. Then the prince sang, "Iā hēiaha ä, hēia haä' ayâ nēgwâ' iahâ! I become accustomed to this side; I become accus-

nîg'î lō-d'ā'L neguâ'ôdet not in were his father			al k.'ēll 1
hwîlp. K·sax-txalpxdâ'l house. Only four men		o'ensk <sup>u</sup> t'an	lē'Lk'tg'ê. 2
NLk.'ē ā'd'îk'sk"t dem	hwîl lē'mîx when they san	and dzä'ēg'în  dzä'ēg'în  started beat  with stick	kt: "Äē!" 3
TgōnL hē'tg'ê. NLk''ē This he said. Then	ē lē'mîx tg ·ê		dax-g·a'tt. 4 he got strong.
	dem hwîl si fut.) where		lē'mîx't. 5
NLk 'et wô'ôs neguâ'd	leL qal-ts'a'p	aL dem	hētk <sup>u</sup> t. 6
NLk 'e ts'elem-qâ'ôdel qal			vî'lk sîLk <sup>u</sup> . 7
	n txēltk <sup>u</sup> La .) burn	ga-sma'x'L v	vī-hē'ld <b>Em</b> 8
The state of the s		L k'ōL. TsE years.	k·sax La 9
ga-ts'ē'pt dem txē'ldesen bones (fut.) you will be	mest," dē'yal	the prince,	u, "qant 10
La ga-anā'st wī-hē'lL qa	al-hē'nEq hwîl boxes where	lō-daxdô'xL in are	ga-anā'st." 11 the skins."
NLk 'e hwîlt legem-qâ't'e Then they into they pu			12
Nık 'ë lō-ā'mı qâ'ôdeı		nLî'k . Ha'ts'Ek	
wī-hē'lı ts'a'pdētg'ê. Nık'' many his people. Then	ë lëmîx'ı Lge	o-wî'lk'sîLk": "	Iā hēiaha 14
ä, hēia haä' ayâ nēgwâ' ā, hēia haä' ayâ nēgwâ'	iahâ. Dem	qai-k'ax-māwiL	an-g·ī'E, 15

tomed to the other side." He stood there, and was a great shaman. Then he stopped. His name as a shaman was Squirrel. That is the end.

<sup>1</sup> dem qai-k'ax-māwil an-dâ'sdae." Nlk'ē hētk"l halai'tg'ê. Nlk'ē (fut.) get used to the other side." Then stood the shaman. Then

<sup>2</sup> Lā ha'ut. NLk'ē ē'tkudēL hwam halai'tt Ts'EnLä'k'L hwa'tg'ê.

he stopped. Then they named his name shaman Squirrel his name.

<sup>3</sup> Hwä'i! Qâ'ôdet.
Well! It is finished.

# WITCHCRAFT

[Told by Moody]

When a sorcerer wants to kill a fellow-man, he takes some of the man's perspiration, or an old shirt, and takes it to the place where he keeps his witch-box. Then he opens his box, takes a string, and fastens a piece of the old shirt to it. He ties it across the box. When he wants the man to die quickly, he takes a piece of the old shirt, and cuts the string in the box so that the piece of shirt falls on the corpse that is in the box. As soon as this is done, and the string breaks, he pretends to cry for his victim; then the man from whom he has taken the piece of shirt must die. When he knows that the person is dead, he

### WITCHCRAFT

Tseda hasa'qı halda'ug'ît demt dzak'ıı sel-g'a'tt, k''ēt gōı When wants a sorcerer to kill a fellow person, then he takes	1
	2
	3
q'ā'gal qaldem-haldā'ug'ît. K'ēt gō'ul wôhā'st, k'ēt tq'al-ts'ē'bel he opens box of witch. Then he takes string, then against he fastens it	4
Lgo-q'am-k's-la'wîsk" lâ'ôt. K''ēt tsaga-hō'ksaant al ts'em-qaldem- little old shirt to it. Then across he fastens it at in box of	5
haldā'ug'ît. Woalk'ē lā nak"l dāt hwîlā'gut, hwîl k'ē tsedā witch.  After (perf.) a long when did this, then when time he	6
hasa'qt tse demt t'el nô'ôdent g'at, t hwîlt gō'ot q'am-k's-la'wîsk".  he wants when (fut.) quickly to kill a he then takes old shirt.	7
Wôalk 'et lō-d'ep-t'eklā'alsaanl wôhā'st al ts'em-qa'ldem- in down he breaks it the string in in box of	8
haldā'ug'îtg'ê spagai't-lôga lō'leq. Hwîl k''ē Lēsk"t lō-d'ep- witch among rotten corpse. Then it is in down finished	9
t'Eklā'aLsaanL wôhā'st. K'ē hwîl k'ē hîs-wiyē'tk"st at ā'wuL 1 he breaks the string. At once he pretends to for this	10
g'al la an-hwî'ntg'ê. Nlk''ē la lēsk"l hwî'ltg'ê, k''ē hwîl 1 man (perf.) he doing this, at once	1
k''ē t'ēlu nô'ôu g'at la an-hwî'ntg'ê. K''ē da lat hwîlā'x'l 1 quick dies the (perf.) when he did it (took it from). Then when (perf.) he knows	12
917	

heart

goes around the house in which the bewitched dead person is lying. After he has finished going around the house, he stops for a while; and when the dead one is buried, he goes to his grave and walks around it. Then he sits down in the grave and rubs his body, pretending to cry all the time. Then he returns, and his work is finished.

It is said that there was a son of a chief who had a friend who was also a prince. The chief was jealous of this prince, and he made up his mind to be witch him. The chief told his son to invite his friend and to ask him to sleep in his house.

One day the chief's son invited his friend in, and they lay down. The

- 1 nô'ôL g'at, k·'ē hwîl k 'et k'utgō-iē'etk"L aL dāx'L dead the around he goes around house at once 2 hwî'l lō-sg'î'L nô'ôm Lā haldā'utg'ê. Hwîl k·'ē Lēsk<sup>u</sup>t g'at where in lies the dead man (perf.) the bewitched Then he finishes 3 daa'qLk"L k'utgō-iē'êtg'ê, k'ē hwîl k'ē k'ax-hā'ôt. Hwä'i! Da La he gets around going, at once Well! Then when while stops. 4 wôqsl g'a'tg'ê le nô'ôtg'ê, hwîl k''ēt huX qâ'ôL hwîl sgrît the man (perf.) he is dead (the dead one), he where then again he lie goes to 5 al g'ilē'lix'. K'ē hwîl k'ē k'utgo-ië'êt al dax'L an-sg'ī'tg'ê. At once around he around where he lies. woods. goes 6 Lēsk<sup>u</sup>l hwî'ltg'ê. K''ē k.'ēt lē-qâ'ôL hwîl lax-an-sg'ī'st, k·'ē doing this. At once on the grave, then on finishes 7 k'ul-lē-lô'ôtk"t lâ'ôt al k'ul-hîs-wiyē'tk"stg ê. lēsk"l hwî'ltg ê. about on he puts at about he pretends to cry. He finishes doing this. on it 8 K·'ē hwîl k·'ē lō-ya'ltk"t. K''ē Lēskut. hā'ôt. Lā he returns. Then he stops. (Perf.) K·'âll lgō'ulkul sem'â'g'it, k''ē k''âll an-sē'ip'ensku q'aima'sem son of a chief, then one friend 10 gʻa'tgʻê sem-hu'Xdē Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk<sup>u</sup>gat. Wôalk'e' lo-tsagum gâ'ôL
- it is man very also prince Then in sick heart said. Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. Wôalk'ē' gâ'ôtt 11 sem'â'g'it a'lal hēL dEm against the Then the chief prince. (fut.)
- Wôalk'ē' hēl sem'â'g'itg'ê Lgo'uLk"t 12 haldā'uXtg'ê. aL tgön he bewitch him. Then said the chief to his son that
- K·'ēt gun-dā'mgal lgo-wî'lk·sîlk<sup>u</sup>g·ê al lgō'ulk<sup>u</sup>t. 13 ts'enem-stē'ldet. he to stay the caused with him little prince he accom-Then to his son.
- La k'ëlL k·'ēt ts'enem-stē'll lgō'ulkul sem'â'g itgê 14 Nē sa. accom-panied him the son of Then when day. then
- Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. K''ē k·'ē hwîl 15 an-sī'ep'Enskug'ê lā'Ldet. prince. his friend the At once they lay

prince lay on the outside and the chief's son on the inside of the bed. The chief's son fell asleep, but the prince could not sleep, because he was afraid the chief might bewitch him. He rose and changed places with the chief's son. He lay down on the inside and put the chief's son on the outside. When the chief heard that they were asleep, he rose and slowly walked to the bed on which the prince and his son were sleeping. The prince was much afraid when he heard the chief coming, but he pretended to sleep. The chief felt about with his hands until he found the place where the prince had lain down in the evening. Then he wiped out the mouth of his own son (thinking him to be the prince). Then the chief lay down again.

In the morning the prince rose and went out. After a short time

Lō-k's-g'ī'êkst Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê, k''ē lō-k's-g'its'â'ônL Lgō'uLk"L 1  At outside the prince, and at inside the son of
sem'â'g'itg'ê. Hwä'i! La wâqL Lgō'uLk''L sem'â'g'itg'ê, k''ē nî'g'ide 2 the chief. Well! When slept the son of the chief, then not
wâqL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. Lō-xb'Etsa'XL gâôtt aL sEm'â'g'itg'ê dEmt 3 slept the prince. In afraid his heart of the chief (fut.)
haldā'uXt La sī-gō'ng'ê. K''ē ia'gai-g'in-hē'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. 4  he would (perf.) just then. Then how- bewitch him how- ever he got up the prince.
K'ē ia'gai-sa-g'ā'êLt aL an-g'its'â'ng'ê. K'ē ia'gai-sa-lō-sg'ī'eksL 5  Then how quick he lay at inside. Then how quick in was on ever ly down outside
Lgō'uLk"L sem'â'g'itg'ê. Hwä'i! Lat nexnā'L sem'â'g'itg'ê La 6 the son of the chief. Well! When he heard the chief (perf.)
hwîl wâ'wôqdēt, hwîl k''ē' g'in-hē'tk"t. K''ē hagun-iē'êt al awa'al 7 that slept, then he got up. Then toward he into proximity of
hwîl lā'LL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê qanL Lgō'uLk"t. Hwîl k''ēt sem- 8 where they lay the prince and his son. Then much
xb'Etsa'XL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk" Lat nexna'L hwîl ā'd'îk'sL sEm'â'g'itg'ê 9  afraid the prince when he coming the chief
al awa'al hwîl lā'ldet. Hwîl k''ē hîs-hūwâ'qsl lgo-wî'lk'sîlk'g'ê. 10 to proxim- where they lay. Then he pretended to sleep little
Hwîl k''ēt lē-ba'qL sem'â'g'itg'ê La hwîl g'ä'êL Lgo-wî'lk'sîLkug'ê. 11  Then on he felt the chief (perf.) where he lay the prince.
K'ēt k'si-g'î'mk'L ts'em-ā'qL lep-Lgō'uLk'tg'ê. Lēsk'ut hwîlā'gut. 12 Then out he wiped his mouth own his son. He finished what he did.
K'ē hwîl k'ē' hatsem huX g'ä'êL sem'â'g'itg'ê.  At once once more again lay the chief.
Hwä'i! La hē'Luk, k·'ē g'in-hē'tk"L Lgo-wî'lk'sîLk"g'ê. K''ē 14 Well! When morning, then rose the prince. Then
k'saXt. Hwä'i! Nî'g'i nak't, k''ē sī'êpk''L Lgō'uLk''L 15 he went out. Not long, them got sick the son of

the chief's son got sick. Then the chief knew at once that he had made a mistake. For four days the boy was sick. Then he died. Now the chief was much troubled. He cried because his son was dead, saying, "I have destroyed him myself!"

- 1 sem'â'g'itg'ê. K''ē hwîl k''ēt q'āmgai't-hwîlā'x'L sem'â'g'it, the chief.
- 2 hwîl lep-an-hîsië'êlt at tgō'utgum g'a'tstg'ê. Q'am-txa'lpxt being him-mistake of his child male. Only four
- 3 sa sg·ēl lgō'ulgum g·a'tg·ê, k·'ē nô'ôt. K·'ē hwîl k·'ē'
  days lay his child male, then he died. At once
- 4 aba'g'ask"L sem'â'g'itg'ê. Wiyē'tk"tg'ê La nô'ôL Lgō'uLk"tg'ê. was troubled the chief. He was crying when was dead
- 5 AL an-b'el-hē't aL wiyē'tk"t: "Lep-gu'lik's-hanwulā'k"s nä'ê,
  In crying he cried: "Self destroyed him I,
- 6 lep-gu'lik s-hanwulā'k s nä'ê." nä'ê."

### SUPPLEMENTARY STORIES

# THE ORIGIN OF THE G'ISPAWADUWE'DA

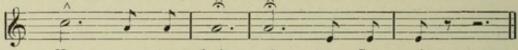
[Told by Chief Mountain]

There were two towns in the canyon of Nass river. The one was inhabited by the G'ispawaduwe'da, the other by the G'itg'iniō'x. In the first of these towns there were four brothers who were beaver hunters. They went to a lake that was full of beaver dams. They began to open one of the dams in order to allow the water of the lake to run off. When the eldest brother climbed down under the dam, it gave way and buried him, a large tree piercing his heart. When the water had run off, the brothers took out his body. They said to one another, "Why was our brother unfortunate to-day? Certainly his wife was not true to him." The three brothers went home and hid behind the house. They cut pitch wood and made a torch. When it was dark and the people had gone to bed, they went up to the house in which the wife of the eldest brother was living. They went to the place where they knew her bed stood, and listened. They heard her talking with a man who was lying down with her. They waited until they heard them snoring. Then the youngest brother lighted his torch and entered. He stepped up to his mother and asked, "Did any one come to our house while we were away?" His mother replied, "Yes; the chief's son, from the village opposite, came here, and he is here now." Then the young man told his mother of the death of her eldest son, and added that he had certainly died on account of his wife's faithlessness. Then he took his torch and stepped up to the bed of his sister-in-law. He saw that she was lying with one arm stretched out, and that a young man with earrings of abalone shell was lying on her arm. Then he put his torch down, pulled out his knife, and cut off the head of the young man and took it along with him. The woman awoke and found the blood streaming over her bed. She was frightened. She dug a hole under her bed and buried the body. Then she spread her bed again and lay down.

On the following morning the G'itg'iniō'x missed their young chief. They inquired where he had gone, and finally learned that he had crossed the river. Then they suspected that he might have been killed by the G'ispawaduwe'da. The three brothers had taken the body of their eldest brother home, and they had hung the head of their enemy over the doorway. The G'itg'iniō'x, under the pretext that their fire had gone out, sent a girl slave to the G'ispawaduwe'da to ask permission to

light a torch. They told the girl to ascertain if there were any signs of the whereabouts of the young chief. The young woman obeyed. The river was frozen and she went across, but she did not see anything. Still the suspicions of the G'itg'iniō'x were not allayed, and every morning they sent the young slave to ask for fire. Finally one morning when she crossed the threshold, a drop of blood dripped on her foot. She desired to see where it came from, and pretended to stumble. She put her torch into the snow and extinguished the flame. Then she returned into the house and lighted her torch again; and when she went out she looked up and saw the head of her young chief, with its large ear ornaments, hanging over the door. She went out, and when she came to the river she threw her torch away and ran home as fast as she could. When she approached the village, she wailed and cried, "I saw my master's head!" Then the G'itg'iniō'x put on their armors and went out to make war upon the G'ispawaduwe'da.

Wa'g'îxs, the wife of the eldest brother, knew all the time what was coming. She made one hole under her bed to hide herself when the G'itg'iniō'x should come to attack the village, another one for her daughter, whose name was Sqawô. When she saw the enemy coming, she called her daughter, and they hid in the holes. The G'itg'iniō'x killed all the G'ispawaduwe'da and set fire to their town. The mother and her daughter heard the houses falling. Finally everything was quiet, and the mother put her hand out of the hole in order to feel if the town were still burning. When she felt that the ashes were cool, she opened the hole and she and her daughter came out. The mother went about the town, but there was not a soul left except herself and her daughter. She went to the end of the town and sat down (therefore this place is called Hwîl uks-g'i-d'ā' Sqawô', Where-Sqawô'-sat-down-near-the-water); and she sang:



Nå - LEm - t'an nak skul Lgō - Lkwe Sqa - wô.

That is, "Who will marry my daughter Sqawô?" When she had finished singing, a grouse came. He sat down and said, "I will marry your daughter." The mother asked, "What can you do?" The grouse replied, "(When we fight) we raise our feathers and frighten man." The mother replied, "That is not enough," and the grouse left.

The mother sang again, "Who will marry my daughter Sqawô?" Then the squirrel came and said, "I will marry your daughter." The mother replied, "What can you do?" Then the squirrel said, "We only throw down acorns and frighten man." "That is not enough; go away!" said the mother.

<sup>1</sup> Ago' si-gwix -hwi'len?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Q'am-hô'saldem la'yim, nLk''ê hô'tsiL g'a'dem.

<sup>3</sup> Q'am-ma'g ildem māq, nik''é hôti g'at.

She sang again. The rabbit came and said, "I will marry your daughter." The mother asked, "What can you do?" The rabbit replied, "We open our eyes and move our ears and frighten man." "That is not enough; go away!"

Again she sang, and the owl came and said, "Hm, hm, hm, hm! I will marry your daughter." "What can you do?" "When we talk

we frighten man." "That is not enough; go away!"

The owl went, and the mother sang again. All the animals came and wanted to marry her daughter. Finally the bear came and said, "I will marry your daughter." "What can you do?" Then the bear ran away. He threw trees down, tore the ground, and showed that he was very strong; but she was not satisfied, and sent him away.

Again she sang. The grizzly bear came and said, "I will marry your daughter." She asked, "What can you do?" Then the grizzly bear ran away and howled. He ran to a swamp, and tore out two roots of bullrushes (?), which looked like a man's head. He tore off some alder bark, chewed it, and spit the red juice on the roots so that they looked like bloody heads. These he carried to the woman. She was almost ready to accept him, but finally she sent him away.

She sang again. Then there came a clap of thunder, and she fainted; when she came to, she saw a man standing near by. He said, "I will marry your daughter." "What can you do?" He replied, "I take this club from under my blanket, and as I turn it the ground turns and trees grow up." The woman asked him to show his powers, and he turned the club. At once the woman and the girl were buried underground, and trees grew over them. Then he turned the club again, and they came up again. He said, "I saw how your friends were killed, and your village destroyed. Therefore I have come to marry your daughter."

He took the women under his arms and said to them, "We will go up to heaven now. Don't open your eyes while we are flying, though you hear much noise, else we can not reach heaven." He put the mother under one arm, and the daughter under the other, and flew upward. While he was passing through the clouds there was a great noise, which induced the mother to open her eyes. They fell back at once, and he said, "I will try once more; but if you open your eves again, I must leave you." He rose a second time; but when they were passing through the clouds they heard the same noise, and the mother could not withstand the temptation to look. As soon as she opened her eyes they fell back. Then the man said, "I can not take you up. I must leave you down here." He tore off a branch of a tree, put the mother into the hole which he had thus made, and put the branch back in its place. He said, "You shall cry whenever the wind moves the tree." That is the reason why the trees moan when they are moved by the wind.

Then he flew up with his wife and arrived in heaven. He went to his house. They entered. After they had eaten he showed the girl where to lie down. He did not lie down with her, but stayed in a room by himself. His name in heaven was Hîslēgiyō'ôntk". Every morning the rays of the sun fell through a chink upon her, and soon she found that she was with child. After a short time she gave birth to a boy, whom she called after the chief in heaven, Hîslēgiyō'ôntk". After some time, when the rays of the sun struck her body, she conceived another son. She called him Ax-t'em-hwîlhwî'lg it (Headless). Then a third son was born, whom she called Lē-g a'amexsk" (Lying-on). Finally she gave birth to two daughters, whom she called Ksemmamä'm and Ksem-gwadzîq-t'ē'lîx (Woman-excrements-grease).

The chief made bows and arrows for the boys, and ordered them to fight among themselves. They shot at one another and aimed at their eyes. When an arrow had struck one of them, the girl stepped up to him, took it out, and sucked the wound, which closed at once. When they were grown up, the chief made houses for the boys. The front of the house of the eldest had three doors. It was called Lax-ô'em. The doorways were ornamented with skulls. It was dark in the entrances. Therefore the doors were called Qalx'si-sqā'exk". Painted planks were laid in front of the house. The eldest brother had a head ornament of abalone shells. Another one had a head ornament of skins. Still another had a bow inlaid with abalone shells. They had blankets made of ermine skins. They also had the carved club by means of which they were able to overturn houses.

Then the chief in heaven sent the children and their houses down to the place where the village of the G'ispawaduwe'da used to stand. Their mother stayed in heaven. Late in the evening the G'itg'iniō'x heard a noise: "Be, be, be!" When they went out to see what caused the noise, they saw that it was foggy. A man went down to the river and heard people singing on the other side. They sang:

"Just out from Tödû't La qal-ts'aps dep alâ'lex."

Todû't the town of the fearless ones."

He ran back to the house and said, "I hear people singing on the other side." The others made fun of him, and said, "Those are the ghosts of the Grispawaduwe'da."

On the following morning they saw four beautiful houses on the site of the former town of the G'ispawaduwe'da. The chief of the G'itg'iniō'x ordered his people to cross the ice, and to make war on the occupants of the houses. They began to shoot with arrows. An arrow struck the eye of one of the brothers. Their sister sucked it out, and the wound closed again. After some time the eldest brother shouted, "Stop fighting, else I shall turn over my club, and your town

will be buried. Trees will grow up in its place." When they continued the fight, he turned his club, and the whole town disappeared under ground. Trees grew in its place. Then he turned his club again and the town reappeared, but the Gitginiō'x continued to fight. Then he turned his club once more. The town was buried again and all the people died.

The brothers traveled all over the world, and made war on all the tribes, and destroyed them by means of their club. The chief in heaven became angry because they abused his gift, and wished that they might forget the club on one of their expeditions. So it happened that they forgot the club when they went out to attack the town Gulg'ē'u. Therefore the place has been called ever since that time Hwîl d'ak's-ts'aX, or Where-the-club-was-forgotten. Then they went to Demlaxā'm on Skeena river, where they settled, as they were unable to continue fighting on account of the loss of the supernatural club. Their descendants became the G'isq'ahā'st.

On account of the gifts received in heaven, this clan have the privilege of using head ornaments of abalone shell, such as they received from Hîslēgiyō'ôntku.

### Ası-hwî'L

[Told by Chief Mountain]

A long time ago the people of Lax-q'al-tsa'p and those of G'itwunk-si'lk were starving. There were two sisters living in these towns. When the provisions were almost exhausted, the sister living in Lax-q'al-tsa'p thought that she would try to reach her sister who lived in G'itwunksi'lk. She started and went up the valley. After some time she saw a woman approaching. When she came near, she recognized her sister. She knew at once that the people of G'itwunksi'lk were starving also. The sisters met and sat down and cried. Since that time this place has been called Hwîl-lē-ne-hwa'da (Where-they-met each-other). The sister who had gone up the river had only a few haw berries, and the other had only a small piece of spawn about as long as her finger. They divided and ate.

In the evening they made a small hut of branches and lighted a fire. The sister who had come from G'itwunksi'lk had a daughter whom she had taken along. They lay down to sleep. About midnight all of a sudden a man appeared and lay down next the younger sister, who was unmarried. He asked her, "Is it true that all your friends are starving?" She said, "There were no provisions in our village, and so I went to see my sister." The man continued, "Stay here. I will make a fish weir for you." His name was Hō'uX (Good-luck). He was a supernatural being. Early in the morning he rose and made a

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weir of small sticks and twigs, and soon it was full of trout. He took them out of the weir and the women roasted them. Then he went hunting, and in the afternoon he came back, bringing five porcupines. Then the sisters were glad. On the following day he went hunting again, and brought back a mountain goat. The sisters had made a basket of spruce roots in which they boiled the meat. On the next day he went hunting again and caught a large bear, the fat of which was about as thick as a man's hand is wide. On the fourth day he returned early in the morning, bringing a bighorn sheep. He told the sisters that he had killed ten sheep, and asked them to carry the meat home. The house was now full of meat and fish, because the trap was full every morning.

Soon the woman was with child, and she gave birth to a boy. When the boy was able to walk, his father made snowshoes for him and sent him up the mountains to look for bears. The boy came back in the evening, but he had not killed anything. His father asked him, "Did you not see a bear?" The boy had not seen any. Then his father demanded to see his snowshoes. He examined them and found that he had made a mistake in making them. He made a new pair and sent the boy off again. Soon he returned, bringing a piece of bear meat. He told his father that a bear which he had killed was lving on the mountains. Then his father put on his snowshoes and brought the bear home. On the following day the father went out hunting. Soon he returned, bringing two mountain goats, and told his son that there was a flock of goats on the other side of the mountains. The father sent him after them. Then his mother said, "Now we have a name for our son. We will call him Asi-hwî'l. That means Goingacross-the-mountains."

Before the boy left, the father made a new pair of snowshoes for him, and said to him, "With these snowshoes you can climb mountains, however steep they may be. Whenever you come to a difficult place, put on these snowshoes." Then he took a bag made of cedar bark from under his arm. He opened it and took out two tiny dogs, one of which was spotted, the other one red. He put them on the snow and struck them, saving at the same time, "Red, red, red," to one, and, "Spotted, spotted, spotted," to the other. At once they became large dogs. Then he struck them again, and they became small again. He told the boy to take the dogs out of the bag whenever he should see any goats, to make them large, and to command the one to go up the mountains on the right-hand side, and the other to go up on the lefthand side. Then they would run up, barking, and frighten the goats so that they would fall down. Furthermore, he cut a pole for his son, with a goat horn attached to one end, which he was to use in climbing the mountains. He said, "If you strike the rock with the horn,

there will be a hole." The other end of the pole was provided with a sharp black bone point. The boy, after having received these gifts, left his parents.

Once upon a time the young man fell in with a powerful man whose name was Wud'ax-mexmä'ex (Large-ears). This man asked him, "What weapons do you use for killing game?" The boy replied, "I do not use any weapon. I run after them, and they fall down. What kind of weapon do you use for killing game?" "I do not use any weapon. I have supernatural powers." Asi-hwî'l was desirous to know how Large-ears killed his game. They went a short distance together, and came to a place where there were many goats. The youth said, "Let me see how you kill goats." Large-ears took a pair of long mittens from under his blanket. He put them on and clapped his hands. At once all the goats fell down the steep sides of the mountains. They went to another mountain where they saw a number of goats. Then Large-ears said, "Now, let me see how you kill mountain goats." Asi-hwî'l pulled his bag from under his blanket, took the dogs out, and said, "Red, red, red! Spotted, spotted, spotted!" Then the dogs grew large—one went to the right, and the other to the left-and they began to bark. The goats fell down at once. Then Asi-hwî'l put on his snowshoes, and walked right up a vertical cliff. When Large-ears saw this, he was surprised. They parted, and each went home. When Asi-hwî'l came to his father, he told him what had happened, and his father praised him.

After some time Hō'uX said to his wife and to her sister, "Your brothers are coming to look for you. Therefore I must hide in the woods." A short time after he had left, the brothers came. When they saw the house full of meat, they were surprised. Then the women gave them to eat. On the following morning the brothers left, carrying along some meat which the sisters had given them. As soon as they left, Hō'uX returned. The sisters told him that their brothers had asked them to return home. Then Hō'uX said, "Let us part. You may return to your home; I will return to mine." On the following morning many people came to fetch the women and the boy. They took them to G'itxadē'n. The boy's uncles gave a feast, and his mother told them the boy's name, Asi-hwî'l. The people bought meat of them, and paid for it with elk skins, which Asi-hwî'l used in giving a potlatch.

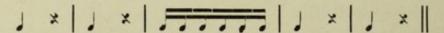
A supernatural being who lives in heaven saw that Asi-hwî'l was a great hunter. He covered one of his slaves with ashes, so that he looked like a white bear, and sent him to Nass river. The hunters set out to kill the bear, but they were unable to reach it. When the bear came to G itxadē'n, Asi-hwî'l put on his snowshoes, took his bag and his pole and pursued it. The bear reached Leading point. There a

vertical cliff rises, and the tracks of Asi-hwî'l's snowshoes where he climbed the cliff are still visible. Beyond the cliff he saw the bear entering a large house. He stayed at the door and heard the people singing:



That is, "Asi-hwî'l is picking the bones of my neck." Asi-hwî'l was unable to enter, and returned. He had lost the bear.

He went to the country of the Tsimshian, and married a girl of that tribe. The girl's brothers were sealion hunters. Once upon a time, during winter, gales were raging, and the brothers were unable to kill any sealions. One day Asi-hwî'l accompanied them. When they came to the sealions' rock, they found that there was a high swell, and they were unable to land. But Asi-hwî'l put on his snowshoes, took his staff, and jumped ashore. Then he ran up the rock and killed all the sealions. The brothers became jealous of him, and deserted him. When Asi-hwî'l had killed all the sealions and made ready to jump back into the canoe, he saw that the brothers had left. The tide began to rise. When it had almost covered the rock, he put his staff into a fissure and sat down on top of it. When the flood tide rose still higher, he tied his bow to the end of his staff and climbed on top of the bow. There he sat, and whistled the call which his father had taught him:



Then the tide ceased to rise, and soon the water began to fall. The rock became dry again. Then he lay down to sleep. While he was sleeping, somebody nudged him and whispered, "Grandmother invites you in." He looked down, but he did not see anyone. He pulled his blanket over his head and tore a hole in it with his teeth. Then he peeped through the hole. After a little while he saw a mouse

coming out of a place where a bunch of grass was growing. She whispered in his ear, "Grandmother invites you in." Then he pulled off his blanket, and saw the mouse disappearing under the bunch of grass. He pulled it out, and saw a house underneath. The mouse had taken the shape of a woman, and spoke to him, "Enter, if you are Asi-hwî'l, who has been deserted here." He entered, and the woman gave him to eat. The old woman who had invited him in said, "You know that this rock is the house of the sealions. Their chief is very sick. The shamans are unable to cure him. Please try if you can heal him." He promised to do so, and she led him to the chief, who was sick in bed. Asi-hwî'l saw a bone harpoon in his side. He sat down. Then the mouse said to the chief, "He will heal you if you will give him this canoe in payment." So saying, she pointed to the largest canoe. It was made of the intestines of sealions. The chief gave it to him. Then he stepped up to him, and, taking hold of the harpoon, pushed it first slightly into the flesh and then he pulled it out. The chief opened his eyes, and said at once that he felt better. Then they moistened the intestines, placed him inside, tied them up, and put them into the sea. Then they invoked the west wind, which drifted the intestines to the mainland. In the evening he heard the surf, and felt that the sealion's intestines were being knocked about on the beach. Then he opened them, and went out.

He resolved to take revenge. Therefore he carved two killer-whales out of red cedar. He put them into the water. They swam a short distance, but then they became logs, turned over, and drifted about. He called them back, and carved two new ones of yellow cedar. They swam a little longer than the first ones, but then they also became logs, turned over, and drifted about. He called them back and burnt them. Then he carved two new ones of yew wood. They became real killer-whales, who swam, blowing and snorting. They did not turn into wood again. Then he called them back and said to them, "The men who have deserted me will go out sealion hunting to-morrow. As soon as they go out I shall put you into the water. Go and break their canoes." On the following morning, when he saw his enemies coming, he put the whales into the water, and they broke the canoes. Asi-hwî'l went back to his wife and stayed with her.

#### THE GROUSES

A LEGEND OF THE G'ISPAWADUWE'DA

[Told by Chief Mountain]

A chief had a beautiful daughter. Many young men came to marry her, but he refused her to all of them. Then the chief of the Grouses flew down and alighted on the roof of the old chief's house. He assumed the shape of a man who were a blanket made of fox skins. When it was dark, he entered the house without the knowledge of the chief, and lay down with the girl, who accepted him. The Grouse persuaded her to elope with him. At midnight they rose and left the house. They crossed the river and came to a large town which was inhabited by the Grouses. The young Grouse's father gave a feast when he arrived with his wife. They stayed there all winter, and in summer she gave birth to four children.

The old chief searched all over the country for his daughter, but he was unable to find her. When the children began to grow up, their mother said to them, "Don't you want to see your grandfather? He is a chief, and lives on the other side of the river. He has a large house with many steps, and a pole in front of it." The young Grouses wished to see him, and crossed the river on the ice. While going across they said, "Ps, ps, ps, ps!" The children in the chief's village heard the noise, and saw four young Grouses coming. They threw stones at them. Then the Grouses flew back. the following day the young Grouses tried again, but were driven back by the children. They tried every day. Then the people said to one another, "Next time when the Grouses come, we will not disturb them." On the following day they came again, and went right to the old chief's house. The chief opened the door, and they entered. He spread a mat for them and they sat down. All the people came to see the birds. Finally an old man spoke to the chief, "Don't you remember that you lost your daughter some years ago? The birds must be her children, because they know your house." Then the old chief said to the birds, "Tell your father that I invite him and all his people to a feast to-morrow, and ask your mother also to come." Then the birds rose and left the house. They returned over the ice.

On the following morning innumerable Grouses came across. The ice was black with birds, and among them was the chief's daughter. Then they entered the chief's house. They sat down on the floor; and many had to sit on the posts and beams because there was not enough room on the floor. When the boys saw this, they shook the posts, and the birds flew from one side of the house to the other. The chief made a feast and gave them dry salmon and berries. Then he spoke, "I am old, and unable to split wood. Will not my son-in-law please stay here and help me?" His daughter repeated his speech to her husband, who replied, "Ps, ps, ps, ps!" and the other birds spoke to him in the same manner. Then the chief's daughter said that the birds would go and split wood on the following morning.

On the following morning the chief opened the smoke-hole of his house. Then his son-in-law delivered a speech, and flew out, followed by all the birds. When they had gone, the chief's daughter swept the house. About noon the noise of the birds was heard again.

The chief had a fire in his house, and the birds reentered through the smoke-hole. Each threw some fat into the fire, so that it blazed up high. They brought a long pole as high as a mountain, which was covered with fat. The chief of the birds gave this pole to his father-in-law, who divided it among his tribe. Then the chief and his people in return gave presents to the chief of the Grouses. They gave him a feast, after which the birds left. The chief's daughter and her children went back with them to the town of the Grouses.

# Tsegu'ksk"

In the town Lax-anlôe, below G'ilwunksî'lk, was a shaman who owned a rattle and a carved squirrel, which became alive as soon as it was dark. There was a village on the opposite side of the river, whose inhabitants were enemies of the shaman. One night he sent his squirrel across the river to kill his enemies. It obeyed and killed all the people, with the exception of a few men, among them a shaman, whose name was Tsegu'ksk". After the squirrel had killed all the people, Tsegu'ksku and three other men got into a canoe and descended the river. He had a long board in his canoe which was painted red. They landed near Cape Fox. There Tsegu'ksk" lay down on the plank and covered himself with a mat made of cedar bark. Then his friends made a small fire on the end of the plank and burnt meat, tallow, and berries in the fire. They turned their faces away from the plank, and when they looked again the plank with the fire and Tsegu'ksk" had disappeared. They heard a noise from the depths of the sea. Tsegu'ksk" had been taken into the house of the chief G'itk'stagL, who lives at the bottom of the sea. The chief sent for a box drum. The three men heard the following song coming from the deep:

Wudē', wudē', wudē', hē'yi, wudē, wudō'. Hwîl ne-gebgā'bel plô'ôn qanl nāql, iē', Hwîl g'ōl-qalgâ'l qabâ'q iē'. Hwîl g'ōl-diē'qat wī-Ts'egā'uks ts'āul wī-hwî'lpsqat G'îtk'tsem wâ'ôpelē'.

That is, "Fastened together are sea otter and killer-whale; scattered are the cockles where Tsegu'ksk" walks about in his great house at Wâ'ôpel."

Then G'itk'staqL gave Tsegu'ksk" a club in shape of a land otter and a small box, the lid of which was carved in the shape of a fin of a whale. Furthermore, he gave him a chamber-pot made of wood. He said to him, "The river is frozen now. Take this, it will break the ice for you." Then Tsegu'ksk" was sent back. All of a sudden he was seen again in the canoe, and by him were the presents of the chief from

below. He threw the club into the water. It swam up the river and cut the ice. After some time the club became tired. He took it into the canoe and put the box on the ice. The box assumed the shape of a killer-whale and moved over the ice, thus cutting it. Then he told it to go to the house of the shaman who had killed his friends. The latter had a daughter, whose name was Lgo-yi'yuk (Little-worker). Tsegu'ksk" commanded the whale to break the ice when he saw the girl on the river and to bring her to him. Soon the girl came down to the river to fetch water. Then the whale rose and carried her away to where his master was staying, and the latter sang:



Next he ordered the whale to watch and whenever a woman went to fetch water to take her away. The inhabitants were therefore in great want of water. Finally Tsegu'ksk" sent his otter club to kill all the people. The club swam across the river and killed every one. Only one man, who happened to be out hunting, was saved.

At this time the Haida used to make war upon the villages of Observatory inlet. Tsegu'ksk" happened to be there with his friends when the Haida made an attack on the village, and he and all his companions were killed. The Haida cut off the heads of the slain to take them along as trophies. Tsegu'ksk"s head was placed in the bow of the canoe. When the Haida had gone some little distance, his head rolled overboard and swam back to where the body lay. Head and trunk were joined again, and Tsegu'ksk" rose hale and well. He returned to Nass river.

The man who had been absent hunting while Tsegu'ksk"'s otter-club had killed all his friends resolved to take revenge. He invited Tsegu'ksk" to a feast. He was going to give him dried human flesh mixed with poison to eat. One of Tsegu'ksk"'s supernatural helpers had warned him, however, and had told him to take out his intestines after the feast, and to replace them with dogs' intestines, then the poison would do him no harm. Tsegu'ksk" put on a bearskin for his blanket, placed a ring of red cedar bark around his neck, and strewed eagle-down on his head. Then he went across. He entered the house of his enemy and sat down. When the food was ready for him, he remarked, "This is human carrion," but he ate it nevertheless. At night he became sick. Then he said to the people, "I am going to die. When I am dead, open my stomach, and take out the intestines. Then kill a dog, take its intestines, and put them in place of mine. Then

you must sew up my stomach." They obeyed, and after four days Tsegu'ksk" was alive and well. They placed his intestines in a canoe, which was pushed into the river. It sank at once, and his intestines are still at the bottom of the river. They cause the noise of the rapids.

Once upon a time Tsegu'ksk<sup>u</sup> traveled down the river in his canoe. The canoe capsized, and when he was about to be drowned a great number of gulls came to his rescue. They took him on their backs and carried him up the river to his village, singing:

Hå de-k-â'etnê hagun-de-hwî'lêt qê'wundet an-dâ'x-t lax-ha'.

That is, "I am taken along on the water, I am taken around the world by gulls."

After a short time an epidemic of smallpox visited the villages. Tsegu'ksk" placed a pole, which he had painted red, in front of his house to ward off the disease. But, nevertheless, he became sick. He called all the great shamans of his village, and asked them if he would Finally one of them replied that he would not recover. Then he made a bow and four arrows, which he painted red. He ordered one of his friends to shoot the arrows up to the sun. His friend did so, and the arrows did not return; but every time he shot, blood began to flow from Tsegu'ksk"'s forehead and from his cheeks. When Tsegu'ksk" felt the blood, he said, "I shall not remain dead." He took his rattle and went around the fire twice, following the course of the sun. Then he asked for a coffin box. He crawled into it and died. Then the people took the skin of a mountaingoat, cut ropes out of it, and tied the box tightly. Then they placed it on a large bowlder behind the village. On the fourth night after the burial a noise was heard proceeding from the box. When the people went out to see what it was, they saw that Tsegu'ksk" had broken the thongs, and that he was sitting on the box. He had assumed the shape of a white owl. One man tried to catch him; but as the owl flew away, he became afraid and returned. Then a second man, whose name was Lō-gwisgwâ's, tried. He did not succeed. After four men had tried, the owl suddenly fell back into the box. and the thongs were replaced by magic. The staff which Tsegu'ksk" had raised in front of his house fell to pieces and was seen to be rotten all through. Before the owl fell back into the box, it said, "Wull demā'ndē;" that is, "Nobody will be left." The epidemic continued for some time, and all the people died. This was the first visitation of smallpox.

## ROTTEN-FEATHERS

[The continuation of this story from page 100, line 6, was told by Chief Mountain, as follows:]

Twice she tried to cut it, then the feather snapped and the boys all fell down. The eldest one kept the feather and received the name Rotten-feathers. At the same time when the boys fell down a great many bones fell down from heaven. Rotten-feathers moved the feather over them four times and the bones became again living people.

Then the brothers went to Skeena river. Little-grindstone ate of the berries that were growing there and was transformed into a mountain that may be seen to this day. The brothers traveled on and reached a mountain which they were unable to pass. Rotten-feathers moved his feather over it and the mountain melted down. The molten rock may still be seen.

Finally they came to a canyon. They saw a town on the other side of the river and a bridge leading across to it. Here they met a woman named Great-goose (Wī-ksem-ha'x), who warned them. She said, "You can not cross this bridge. If you try to do so, it will break and you will On the other side lives Chieftainess Knife-hand (Haq'ôlem-an'o'n), who has a beautiful daughter. She cuts off with her hands the heads of all her daughter's suitors." Rotten-feathers thought he could overcome her by means of his magic feather. He crossed the bridge in safety and entered the house. The old woman laughed when she saw him, and immediately asked her daughter to spread the bed. At night he lay down with the young woman. He had his hair tied in a bunch on top of his head and in it he had hidden his feather. As soon as the young woman was fast asleep he arranged his own hair like that of a woman and tied the young woman's hair in a topknot. Then he pretended to be asleep. Soon the old woman came. She felt of the heads of the sleepers. She believed her daughter to be the stranger and cut off her head. Then Rotten-feathers tied up his hair again and put the feather on top. He took the labret of the dead woman. Therefore he received the name Labret. The feather carried him back across the river. Great-goose greeted him, saving, "My son, did you come back safely?" He told her what had happened. On the following morning Knife-hand came across the river wailing, "My child! my child! Sister Great-goose, how did it happen that your child became a great supernatural being?" Greatgoose replied, "The heavens were clear when my child was born, therefore she has become a great supernatural being, sister." Then Knife-hand said, "O, yes, sister Great-goose." ("Lgō'uLguē, lgō'ulguē, g'axgō'dēsg'at lgō'ulgun, g'īk" Wī-ksem-ha'x, qan wī-nexnô'qt."—"Lda wī-Lā'nı lax-ha' desg'a't Lgō'ulguē, qan wī-nexnô'qt, g'īku."—"Hâ, net, g'īku Wī-ksem-ha'x.")

Rotten-teathers, who had now the name Labret, heard that a supernatural being named Sleep had a beautiful wife. He desired to abduct her, and, notwithstanding Great-goose's warning, he set out. He reached the house and found Sleep fast asleep. He told Sleep's wife that he had come to abduct her. She was willing to elope with him. She told him that Sleep had a very fast canoe, which traveled by itself. They went aboard this canoe and escaped. Sleep had a chamber-pot whose office it was to wake him if any danger approached. The pot knocked him on the head and the urine ran over his face, but he did not awake. Then a wooden maul, whose office it was also to wake him, knocked him on the head until he awoke. The maul said, "Labret abducted your wife." Immediately Sleep launched a canoe and set out to pursue the fugitives. Soon he descried them. He shouted, "Stop, Labret, else I shall raise rocks in front of vou." When the couple paddled on Sleep raised a mountain right in front of them, but Labret moved his feather against it and thus opened a passage. Sleep continued his pursuit. When he approached he ordered Labret to stop, threatening to put his comb in front of him. When Labret paddled on, Sleep threw the comb ahead and thus made a dense forest in front of the fugitives. Labret, however, moved his feather against the woods and so made a passage through it. Thus the couple escaped safely. The mask of Sleep is used up to this day by the G'ispawaduwe'da.

## ABSTRACTS

# Txä'msem and Lôgôbolā

A chief's wife pretends to be dead and is buried on a tree. Her lover goes to see her in the grave box. They are discovered and killed by the chief. The dead woman gives birth to a boy who lives by sucking his mother's intestines. He takes away the arrows of some playing children, and is discovered and taken to the house of the chief, who raises him. The boy and one of his friends kill two birds, put on their skins and fly through a hole in the heavens. The boy goes on alone, assumes the shape of a cedar leaf, drops into a well, and is swallowed by the daughter of the chief in heaven. She gives birth to a boy, who cries for the box in which the sun is kept. The chief sends for it. The boy steals it and becomes Txä'msem, the Raven. He puts his cap into a cliff. He goes up Nass river and returns because ghosts whistle in front of him. Therefore the water of the river turns back. He then asks the ghosts, who are fishing olachen, for fish. refused and makes it daylight, thus driving away the ghosts. Finally Txä'msem meets his brother, Lôgôbolā', who takes off his hat, thus causing a fog in which Txä'msem is lost. Lôgôbolā' causes all fresh water to disappear. They have a shooting match and stake the Nass river against the Skeena river. Txä'msem orders the crows to put his arrow into the goal and to remove Lôgôbolā"s. Thus he wins by fraud. They divide the stakes and make the olachen go up Nass river and the salmon up Skeena river. They separate.

#### TXÄ'MSEM

Txä'msem visits a chief who owns fresh water. He pretends that the chief soiled his bed, and by threatening to tell on him he gets permission to take a drink of water. He takes all the water and flies away. The water runs out of his blanket and forms rivers. He meets the ghosts and turns back, therefore the waters of Nass river turn back. He makes a gull vomit olachen, then he rubs its spawn over his canoe and goes to a chief who owns the olachen. He pretends to have caught many olachen, showing the spawn in his canoe. The chief is annoyed and releases the olachen from his house. Txä'msem catches olachen and roasts them. Gulls steal them. He throws the gulls into a fire and the tips of their wings become black. He assumes the shape

of a deer, ties pitchwood to his tail, and steals fire. He strikes the butts of the trees with his burning tail, and therefore the wood burns. Txä'msem then marries a salmon woman and thus obtains salmon. She makes his hair grow long. He scolds her, and all the salmon and his long hair disappear.

### TXÄ'MSEM

Txä'msem is born, but can not be induced to eat. Two old men chew salmon for him, and put a scab into it. Then he becomes voracious and is deserted. He tries to catch a bullhead but can not, so he curses it and makes its tail thin. Believing that he sees a beautiful dancing-blanket in the woods, he tears his raven blanket and finds that what he believed to be a blanket is moss. Then he takes a slave. They reach a chief's house. The slave says that Txä'msem does not like food that has been offered, and eats it all himself. Txä'msem induces his slave to cross a canyon on a bridge made of the stalk of a skunk cabbage. The bridge breaks, the slave falls down, his belly bursts, and Txä'msem eats the contents of his stomach. He finds children playing ball with a slice of blubber, and eats it. The children tell him that they obtain blubber by throwing themselves down from a tree and shouting "Piles of blubber!" He does so and kills himself. He comes to life again and goes fishing with Cormorant, takes a louse from his neck, and pretends that he wants to put it on his tongue. He tears out Cormorant's tongue and steals the fish that Cormorant has caught. He exchanges the chief's club for one of rotten wood, and induces the chief to strike him with the club, but in an ensuing fight he kills the chief with his own club. Seal invites Txä'msem into his house and lets grease drip from his hands into a dish. A bird strikes its ankle and pulls out fish roe. Another bird makes salmon berries by his song. Txä'msem tries in vain to imitate his hosts. He steals bait of the fishermen from their hooks. His jaw is caught and torn off, but he recovers it. He calls a salmon and kills it. He is advised by his excrements to steam the salmon in a hole. A stump sits down on the hole and eats the salmon. Txä'msEm then invites Grizzly Bear to go fishing with him. He pretends to use his own testicles for bait and induces the bear to cut off his testicles for bait, thus killing himself. He makes the wife of Grizzly Bear swallow redhot stones to secure good luck for her husband, and thus kills her. He asks Pitch to go fishing and lets him melt in the hot sun. Pitch runs over a halibut and makes one side black. When he reaches the town of the air, he tries to steal provisions, but is beaten off by invisible hands. He asks Deer to accompany him and split wood. He kills Deer by striking his head with a hammer. He then enters the house of smoke-hole, who prevents his escape by ordering the door and the smoke-hole to close. Txä'msEm, caught in the smoke-hole, puts

his voice as an echo into a cliff and scolds the chief, who allows the smoke-hole to open again. Txä'msem flies away in the shape of a raven. He catches seals and steams them. A stump eats them. Txä'msem makes the stump his slave, and finally he calls all the fish ashore and kills them.

### THE STONE AND THE ELDERBERRY BUSH

The Stone and the Elderberry Bush gave birth nearly at the same time, but the children of Elderberry Bush were born first. Therefore man is mortal.

# THE PORCUPINE AND THE BEAVER

The Beaver invites the Porcupine to his house, carries him over the water, and gives him sticks to eat. They agree to play together. The Beaver carries the Porcupine through the water and almost drowns him. The Porcupine then invites the Beaver to visit him and takes him over slippery ice to a tree which he climbs and lets himself fall down. He carries the Beaver up. The Porcupine lets go of the tree and shouts "Space!" and is not hurt when he strikes the ground; but the Beaver shouts "Rock!" and his belly bursts when he lands on the ground.

#### THE WOLVES AND THE DEER

The Wolves and the Deer have a feast. They play laughing at each other. The Wolves laugh first. The Deer fear the large teeth of the Wolves. The Deer are told to laugh aloud. When the Wolves see that the Deer have no teeth, they devour them.

#### THE STARS

A boy ridicules a Star and is taken up by it to the sky where he is tied to the smoke-hole of the Star's house. The boy's father is told by a woman how to recover his boy. He shoots arrows up to the sky, making a chain, which he climbs. He sees a man, to whom he gives tobacco, red paint, and slingstones in return for advice. The father then carves figures in the shape of his son, of different kinds of wood, finally of yellow cedar. He ties this figure on the roof in the place of his son. The figure cries when sparks fall on it. The father escapes with his son. Finally the figure stops crying, and the escape of the boy is discovered. The Stars pursue the fugitives, who throw away the tobacco, paint, and slingstones. The Stars stop and paint their faces. Therefore the Stars are red and blue. The man who had given advice swells on receiving more paint and tobacco and obstructs the way of the Stars. The father and his son safely descend the chain of arrows.

# ROTTEN-FEATHERS

Children play ball and make much noise, which annoys Heaven, who sends feathers down. One boy puts them on his head and they lift him up. Others try to hold him and all are taken up. One menstruating girl and her grandmother, who were in a small hut, are the only ones left. The girl puts wedges of various kinds of wood, a grindstone, a knife, and some mucus into her blanket and soon gives birth to five boys and one girl, who are these objects personified. The children annov Heaven by their noise. The feathers come down again and take them up, though they transform themselves into trees, mountains, and mucus. The knife girl climbs her brothers' bodies and cuts off the feather. Then the boys fall down. The feathers remain on the head of the eldest, who is called Rotten-feathers. The bones of those who had been taken up before fall down. They are revived. Grindstone eats berries and is transformed into a mountain. Rottenfeathers cuts passage through the mountains with a feather and reaches Great-goose, who advises them. He marries the daughter of a chieftainess, who tries to cut off his head with her sharp hands. He changes his own and his wife's headdress and the young woman is killed in his place. He abducts the wife of Sleep and escapes in a self-moving canoe. Sleep is awakened by his watchmen, Chamber-pot and Wooden Maul. He creates a mountain in front of Rotten-feathers and his wife, which is cut by the feathers. Then he throws a comb ahead of them, which is transformed into a thicket. Again Rottenfeathers cuts a passage and escapes with the woman.

#### K .'ĒLK"

Children are playing in a hollow log of driftwood on the beach. They are carried out to sea by the tide. They strike their noses until they bleed and smear the outside of the log with the blood. Gulls that alight on the log are glued to it by the blood. The boys kill them and subsist on them. The log drifts into a large whirlpool and is pulled out by a one-legged person who lives near by, hunting seals in the whirlpool. He takes care of the boys. His neighbor, Hardinstep, envies him. The boys are homesick and are sent to look for One-leg's canoe, which they can not find because it looks like a rotten log. Finally he uncovers it and it proves to be a self-moving canoe with a head of Wâse at each end. These heads eat whatever crosses the bow or the stern of the canoe. The boys feed each end with five seals and the canoe takes them home.

#### THE SEALION HUNTERS

One of four sealion hunters finds no sealions on his rock and steals those of his companion. The latter makes an artificial sealion, which, when harpooned by the thief, pulls him with his crew across the ocean. He is unable to let go the harpoon line. Finally they reach the land of the dwarfs. One of these appears in a canoe, jumps into the sea, clubs halibut under water, and puts them into the canoe. When he jumps into the sea again, one man steals two halibut. The dwarf notices it, finds the men, and knocks the thief to the ground so that he dies. The survivors are invited in by the chief of the dwarfs. Some birds arrive and a battle ensues in which many dwarfs are killed. On the following day the men attack the birds and kill them by twisting their necks. The men are sent home by the dwarfs.

#### SMOKE-HOLE

A man attains supernatural strength by always sleeping at the edge of his smoke-hole.

#### Ts'AK'

A boy named Ts'ak catches fish, which are stolen by the Grizzly Bear. He scolds the Grizzly Bear, who snuffs him in. Ts'ak kills the bear by starting a fire in his stomach, and then comes out and asks his grandmother to cut open the bear. At first she refuses to believe him, but finally accompanies him and finds the bear. visits the village of the Wolves across the river. They tie him, go to his house, and steal the bear meat. On being released he finds his grandmother asleep, cuts out her vulva, roasts it, and gives it to her to eat. She turns him out of the house. A supernatural being tells him how to take revenge on the Wolves. Through a hollow bone he blows sickness into the daughter of the chief of the Wolves. The shamans can not cure her. He offers to do so, and when he is successful he receives the girl in marriage, and is given much property and a slave named Drum-belly. He desires to get another wife, and starts with his slave Drum-belly and several birds. He comes to a burning mountain, which he tries unsuccessfully to cross by assuming the shape of various birds. He lies down, and is called by a Mouse, whose house is under a bunch of grass. He gains her good will by burning his earrings. She shows him the trail under the mountain. He reaches another Mouse at the far end of the trail, who gives him a carving of crystal for protection, and tells him what to do. He reaches a chief's house with a snapping door. He puts the crystal in so that it can not close, and enters safely. He takes the chief's daughter for his wife. The father-in-law spreads a bearskin with sharp hair in order to kill him, but Ts'ak breaks the hair with his crystal. Then the father-in-law tries to boil him in a box, and though Ts'ak seems to be boiled he rises unharmed. He is then thrown into the crack of a split cedar, which closes over him when the wedges are knocked out, but he kicks the tree apart and comes out. The chief orders his slave to throw Ts'ak into the whirlpool while they are hunting seals, but instead the slave is drowned. He returns with his wife by the same way by which he came.

# Growing-up-like-one-who-has-a-Grandmother

A chief's nephew is a poor orphan. A light comes down from heaven and hangs at the end of a branch. It proves to be copper. The chief promises his daughter to the one who will knock it down. The orphan boy receives from a supernatural being stones of four different colors, and with the last stone knocks it down, but the young men take the copper away from him, and claim to have hit it. The next day a white bear is heard behind the village, and the chief's daughter is promised to him who kills it. The orphan boy kills it with his arrow. The other youths claim to have killed it, but the youth's arrow is found, and thus the chief learns that his nephew has killed the bear. The chief is ashamed and deserts his nephew, his daughter, and their grandmother. The boy goes to a pond and shouts. A giant frog, the guardian of the pond, emerges and pursues the boy. The boy makes a trap and catches the frog in it. He skins it and goes into the pond, where he catches a trout. He puts the trout on the beach. In the morning a raven finds it and begins to croak. The princess sends the boy to look, and he brings the trout. Every night he goes out and catches in succession trout, salmon, halibut, bullheads, seals, porpoises, sealions, and whales. Finally the princess discovers that he catches them and asks him to marry her. They have two children. The chief's people are starving, and the chief sends a man and some slaves to see if his nephew, his daughter, and their grandmother are dead. The boy gives them to eat, and they report what they have seen. The people return, and he sells his provisions for slaves and elk skins, gives a potlatch, and becomes a chief. Finally he is unable to take off his frog blanket, and stays in the sea, whence he provides his wife and children with food.

#### LITTLE-EAGLE

A chief's son, instead of catching salmon, feeds eagles and pulls out their feathers for his arrows. In winter, when provisions run short, the boy, his grandmother, and a slave are deserted. The boy's mother hides some fish in a clam shell. Every morning the eagles bring them food; first a trout, then bullheads, salmon, halibut, seals, porpoises, sealions, and whales. The boy puts on a gull skin and flies to look at his people, whom he finds starving. He drops a piece of seal meat into a canoe. The chief sends a man and several slaves to see if his son is dead. They find him alive and he feeds them, but forbids them to take food along. One slave hides some seal meat under his shirt. At home he gives the meat to his child. The child bolts it and is almost suffocated. The chief's wife pulls out the seal meat, and thus they learn that the prince has plenty of provisions. The people

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move back, and one of the prince's uncles gives him his daughter in marriage. The prince sells provisions for elk skins and slaves, gives a potlatch, and becomes a chief.

# She-who-has-a-Labret-on-one-Side

A scabby slave girl appears on the street of a village. A prince marries her. When his mother feeds her, she puts into the empty dish a scab, which is transformed into an abalone shell. In the evening the girl's mother, Evening Sky, comes and announces that her people will come and give the prince much property. Next day they arrive. The prince and his people go inland to trade. His wife is angry because he does not take her along. She bathes the awkward brother of the prince, gives him red paint, and sends him to the inlanders to trade for weasel skins. He becomes beautiful and rich, and she marries him. Her mother comes again and brings much property, which she gives to her new husband.

### THE GRIZZLY BEAR

The eldest of four brothers goes hunting with his two dogs. He comes to a glacier, which he crosses, and suddenly finds himself in front of the den of a Grizzly Bear, who kills him and his dogs. The second and third brothers meet the same fate. The youngest, on reaching the den, falls into it and strikes with his hand the Bear's vulva. She marries him. After some time he gets homesick and returns, accompanied by his bear wife. They live with his parents and the Bear makes friends with the man's child and with his former wife, whom she allows to return to him. The Bear and this woman go berrying, the Bear keeping the berries in her stomach. On their return they invite the people in. The Bear defecates the berries into a dish, but the people are afraid to eat them. The Bear robs a man's salmon weir, taking out the fish before daylight. She gives the fish to the people. The owner of the weir scolds her and she kills him. She goes back to the mountains, and tells her husband, who tries to follow her, to go home. When he does not obey, she kills him.

### THE SQUIRREL

A young man has killed many squirrels. One day he sees a white squirrel climbing a spruce tree. He goes around the tree to get a shot and finds that the squirrel is the daughter of the chief of the squirrels. He is called into the house. The chief asks him to burn the meat and bones of the squirrels whom he has killed and thus to restore the squirrel people to life. In return he promises to make the hunter a shaman and gives him a dance and a song. After some time the youth's dried-up body is found on the tree. It is taken to

his father's house and placed on a mat, and during the mourning ceremony he revives. The squirrel meat is burned and the youth becomes a great shaman.

### THE ORIGIN OF THE G'ISPAWADUWE'DA

There are two towns on opposite sides of Nass river. The eldest of four brothers from one of these towns is killed while hunting. The reason for his accident is the faithlessness of his wife, whose lover is the son of the chief of the other village. The surviving brothers find the lover with their sister-in-law. They cut off his head and hang it over the doorway. When the young chief is missing his people send a slave girl across the river to look for him, under the pretext that their fire has gone out. She finds his head, and a battle ensues in which all the people of the first village are killed except the woman whose lover had been slain and her daughter. They hide in a hole under ground while the town is being burned. When all is quiet, the mother shouts, "Who will marry my daughter?" Various animals come, but she refuses them because they are too weak. Finally a supernatural being from heaven comes and is accepted. He tries to carry both women up to heaven, but is compelled to leave the mother behind because, against his orders, she opens her eyes on the way. He puts her into the branch of a tree, where she remains and causes the noise produced by the wind. The daughter has several children, who receive supernatural gifts and are sent back to earth. Among these gifts is a club which, when turned, causes the earth to turn over and bury the owner's enemies. The children come down at the old village site. In a battle with their old enemies the brothers are victorious by using their magical club. Not satisfied with taking revenge, they continue to make war and thus excite the anger of the chief in heaven, who makes them lose their club.

#### Asi-hwî'l.

The people in two villages are starving. Two sisters who live in these villages start to visit each other and meet half-way. They make a small hut, and a supernatural being, "Good-luck," appears and marries the younger sister. Their son is named Asi-hwî'l. He receives from his father magic snowshoes, with which he can climb the steepest mountains, and two small dogs which can be made to grow large and to throw mountain goats down precipices. The boy goes hunting and meets a supernatural being who kills mountain goats by clapping his hands. The sisters, with their son, rejoin their people and become very rich. Asi-hwî'l tries in vain to kill a supernatural white bear which disappears in a cliff. He marries a Tsimshian girl. Her brothers become jealous of him on account of his prowess and

desert him on a sealion rock. When the tide rises he puts his staff in a crevice and sits down on top of it. When the tide recedes, he lies down and is called by a Mouse, which he observes through a hole in his blanket. He finds the house of the Sealions under a bunch of grass and cures their chief whom he himself had wounded. The Sealions send him back in a sealion stomach. He makes two artificial killer-whales, which kill his brothers-in-law.

### THE GROUSES

A chief's daughter elopes with the chief of the Grouses, who appears as a man in fox skins. Their four children cross the river on the ice, intending to visit their grandfather. The children chase them away, but finally they enter the house of the chief, who suspects that they are his grandchildren and issues an invitation to the Grouse tribe to visit him. They all come, among them the lost woman. They bring as a present a pole covered with grease. The woman returns with them.

### TSEGU'KSK"

A shaman has a carved squirrel, which comes to life and kills all the people of a village except Tsegu'ksk". He lies down on a painted board in a canoe, sings, sacrifices, and is taken down to the bottom of the sea, where he receives a box in the form of a killerwhale and a magical club. The box, by his orders, becomes a live whale, which breaks the ice and takes away all the women of his enemy's village when they come down to get water. Eventually the club and the box kill all these people. The Haida make war on the Nass river villages and kill Tsegu'ksk". His head is cut off and taken along, but it swims back to the body and joins it, and Tsegu'ksku revives. He is invited to a feast. He knows that he is to be poisoned and tells his friends to take out his intestines when he seems to be dead and to replace them with those of a dog. This is done and he revives. Another time he capsizes in his canoe, but is rescued by gulls, which carry him to the shore. An epidemic of smallpox visits the villages. He becomes sick. Four arrows are shot up to the sky, which do not return, and with each shot blood flows from Tsegu'ksk" scheek. This shows that he will die, but will afterward revive. He dies. His body is tied in a box, but revives and sits on the grave box in the shape of an owl. A painted pole which he has erected in front of his house falls over and is seen to be rotten. At the same time the owl falls back into the box dead.

