

A new medical dictionary containing a concise explanation of all the terms used in medicine, surgery, pharmacy, botany, natural history, and chymistry / revised and augmented by Thomas Bradley.

Contributors

Fox, Joseph, 1759-1832.

Bradley, Thomas, 1751-1813

Publication/Creation

London : Darton and Harvey, 1803.

Persistent URL

<https://wellcomecollection.org/works/fyswhqr5>

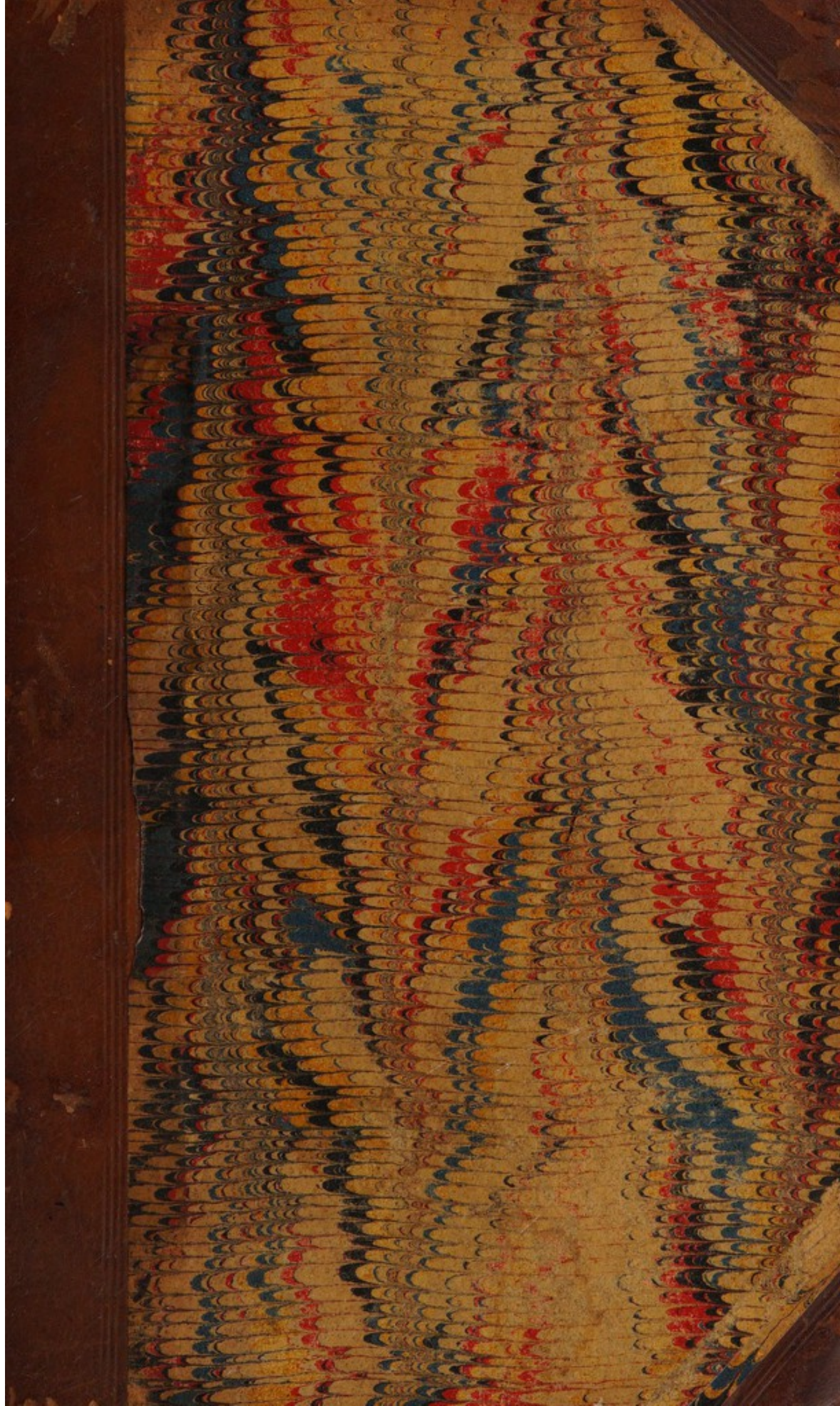
License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection
183 Euston Road
London NW1 2BE UK
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722
E library@wellcomecollection.org
<https://wellcomecollection.org>



A. L. n



Wm. P. Pitcher
m. c.

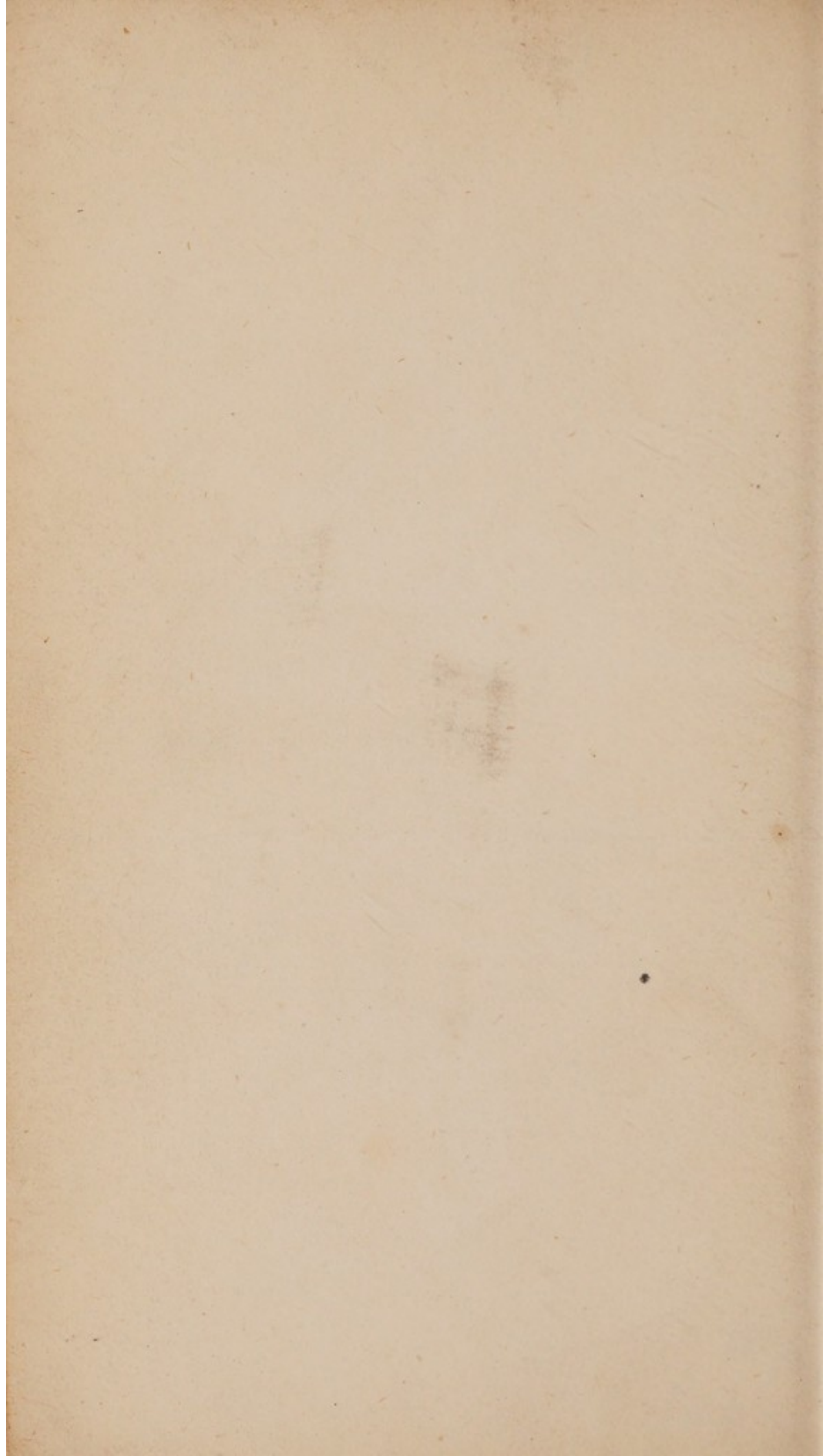


23,150/A

~~Re 42~~

18417

16941
15.307



A NEW
MEDICAL DICTIONARY;

CONTAINING A
CONCISE EXPLANATION

OF ALL THE

T E R M S

USED IN

MEDICINE,
SURGERY,
PHARMACY,



BOTANY,
NATURAL HISTORY,
AND CHYMISTRY.

COMPILED

BY *JOSEPH FOX, M.D.*

LATE PHYSICIAN TO THE LONDON HOSPITAL.

REVISED AND AUGMENTED

BY *THOMAS BRADLEY, M.D.*

PHYSICIAN TO THE WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL.

L O N D O N :

PRINTED FOR DARTON AND HARVEY, GRACECHURCH-STREET;
LONGMAN AND REES, PATERNOSTER-ROW; AND MURRAY
AND HIGHLY, FLEET-STREET,

By Darton and Harvey, Gracechurch-street.

1803.

A NEW
MEDICAL DICTIONARY

CONTAINING A
CONCISE EXPLANATION

OF ALL THE



OF THE
HISTORICAL MEDICAL LIBRARY
OF THE WELLCOME INSTITUTION

REVISED AND AUGMENTED
BY
J. H. WELLCOME, M.D.
F.R.S., F.R.C.P., F.R.S.E., F.R.S.D.

LONDON

ADVERTISEMENT BY THE EDITOR.

THE plan of the following Dictionary was conceived, and a considerable progress made in the execution of it, by Dr. Fox, late *Physician to the London Hospital*: a concurrence of circumstances induced him to leave London before he had sufficient leisure to complete it. As I was known to have conversed with him frequently on the subject of his intended work, the publishers, who were in possession of his manuscript, requested my opinion of the plan and execution as far as it had proceeded; and my approbation of both, involved me in the task of supplying the defective parts, and superintending the edition.

When a new book appears on a subject on which there are many good ones already, the public expect to receive an answer to the obvious question, "What need was there for another?" Several of those Medical Dictionaries which have preceded this possess great merit, and most of them have some merit which ours does not possess: This must follow from the small size of the present volume. But, small as it is, we believe it will be found to contain several useful kinds of information not to be met with in any other single work; and of those I am now to give some account.

I. It contains an explanation of a far greater number of words than any other similar work which we have seen, however voluminous. We have, indeed, endeavoured to include every Latin and technical term that has ever occurred in the PRACTICE of MEDICINE, SURGERY, PHARMACY, BOTANY, and CHYMISTRY: we believe, therefore, that a student may consult this Dictionary with an assurance, that he will *not be disappointed* in finding the term he may want. On this account we may consider it as an Universal Index on the subjects of Medicine, Surgery, and Natural History as far as it relates to medicine, and may be appropriated by

ADVERTISEMENT.

the student to his common place book, or any books that have no indexes, by references in the margin opposite the principal term.

II. But the peculiar excellence of this Dictionary consists in its property of being a Remembrancer. No memory can retain all the words and ideas which are presented to it in the course of reading and hearing. Clear and vivid ideas, or terms, become faint and obscure from a want of repetition; and there is a degree of imperfect remembrance or doubt, more distressing to the mind than complete oblivion, and this work, we hope, will be found a specific in this very irksome and unpleasant state of mind. The names of Hoffman, Dover, Rufus, Helmont, Locatelli, Paracelsus, &c. &c. have ceased to accompany the formulæ, till lately, designated by them in pharmacopœas: such will be here found added to their peculiar medicines; see *Liquor Anodynus*, *Pulvis*, *Pilula*, *Balsamum*, *Elixir*, &c. The species and varieties included under the words *Tinctura*, *Spiritus*, *Pilula*, *Pulvis*, *Unguentum*, *Vertebra*, &c. &c. as well as those brought together under chymical and botanical generic distinctions, will, we hope, on being consulted, sufficiently demonstrate the utility of this part of the plan. The subjects of Natural History being indefinite in number, and new ones presenting themselves daily, in every part of the world, it will not be expected that the names of all plants, or insects, can be contained in this small volume; but we hope that nothing appertaining to Medicine or Surgery is omitted.

LASTLY. The troublesome and disgusting practice of lexicographers, in referring the student from one article to another, in distant parts of the book, for explanations, is here studiously avoided. The explanation of every term accompanies, or is found in the same opening of the book, if reference is made to another word. The chief object has been, in every part, to give prompt answers to all reasonable questions on the above subjects, and to economise the time, labour, and expence of the purchaser.

T. B.

Parliament-street, Jan. 6, 1803.

MEDICAL DICTIONARY.

A B D

A. or *āā*, of each
AAA. amalgama
Aabam, plumbum, or lead
Abactus, forcibly expelled
Abacus, a table for preparations
Abaisir, } calcareous powder; spodium ar-
Abaisis, } abum, or ivory black
Abalienatio, decay of body or mind
Abalienatus, dead, benumbed, corrupted
Abanet, a girdlelike bandage
Abanga, the palm of the island of St. Thomas;
 Thernel's restorative
Abaptiston, } the perforating part of the tre-
Abaptista, } phine
Abaris, a Scythian priest of considerable me-
 dical reputation
Abarnahas, magnesia
Abartamen, plumbum, or lead
Abarticulatio, articulation admitting exten-
 sive motion
Abas, tinea, or scald head; epilepsy
Abbreviatus, shortened
Abditus, kept close, concealed, or hidden
Abdomen, that part of the trunk which is
 below the diaphragm; extending anteri-
 orly from the cartilago ensiformis to the
 ossa pubis
Abdominalis, belonging to the abdomen
Abducens oculi, a muscle turning the eye
 ——— labiorum, a muscle of the lips
Abductio, a case of fracture, where the
 bones recede; a strain
Abductor, a drawer from; a name of several
 muscles; as,
 ——— auricularis, } muscles of the exter-
 ——— auris, } nal ear
 ——— digiti minimi manus, hypothenar
 ——— pedis, a muscle of
 the little toe
 ——— indicis, a muscle of the forefinger

A B I

Abductor longus pollicis, a muscle of the
 thumb
 ——— oculi, a muscle of the eye
 ——— ossis metacarpi, a muscle of the
 little finger
 ——— pollicis manus, a muscle of the
 thumb
 ——— pedis, a muscle of the
 large toe
Abebæos, weak, infirm, unsteady
Abega, chamæpitys, or ground pine
Abele, populus, or poplar tree
Abelicea, santalus, indigenous in Crete
Abellina, the hazel nut; avellana, or filberd
Abelmoluch, a species of ricinus, or castor
 oil plant
Abelmoschus, Egyptian musk mallow; seeds
 cordial
Aberratio, lusus naturæ, dislocation
Abesamum, filth, mud, clay
Abessi, fæces; excrement
Abesum, calx viva, unquenched lime, or
 quick lime
Abevacuatio, imperfect discharge of peccant
 matter
Abicum, a close covering; an enveloping
 substance, as uterus, &c.
Abiecula, the dwarf fir
Abies, an evergreen tree; the firs are gene-
 rally diuretic and sudorific
 ——— alba, the white or silver fir
 ——— balsamica, balm of Gilead fir
Abies Canadensis, the Canadian, or Virgi-
 nian fir
 ——— conis sursum spectantibus, } the sil-
 ——— mas, } ver fir
 ——— minor, Virginian, or Canadian fir
 ——— picea, } red, or pitch fir
 ——— rubra, }

A B R

Abies Virginiana, Virginian, or Canadian fir
Abiga, *chamæpitys*, or ground pine
Abiotos, *cicuta*, or hemlock
Abit, *cerussa*, or white oxyd of lead
Ablactatio, the process of weaning a child
Ablatio, regimen; *apyrexia*; evacuation
Ablegmina, sweet breads, collops, &c.
Ablepsia, blindness, indiscreet conduct
Abluentia, diluting medicines
Ablutio, washing
Abnormis, irregular, out of rule
Aboit, *cerussa*, *ceruss*, or white lead
Abomasum, } the fourth stomach of rumi-
Abomasus, } nant animals, the maw
Abominatio, loathing food
Abolitio, the separation or destruction of diseased parts
Aborsus, } abortion, or premature birth;
Abortio, } generally meant in the early
Abortus, } months of pregnancy
 — *effluxio*, abortion within the first month of pregnancy
 — *octimestris*, abortion in the eighth month
 — *subsemestris*, abortion in the fourth month
 — *subtrimestris*, abortion between the first and fourth month
 — *ab uteri laxitate*, abortion from a relaxed state of the uterus
Abortiens, } applied to the flowers without
Abortivus, } seeds
Abrasa, ulcers with much loss of integuments
Abrasio, a loss of skin by friction; shaving
Abrasus, rubbed off, shaven
Abrathan, *abrotanum*, or southernwood
Abric, sulphur. See *Kibit*
Abrodiaeteticus, nice tasted
Abroma, a tree of New South Wales, yielding a gum
Abrotanoides, *corallina*, or corallines
Abrotanum, southernwood; stimulant; vermifuge
 — *fæmincum*, lavender cotton
 — *linifolio*, *draco*, or tarragon
 — *mas*, southernwood
Abrotonum, southernwood, or *abrotanum*
Abrotonites, wine impregnated with southernwood
Abruptio, a case of fracture, where the bones recede
Abruptus, ending abruptly; used in botany
Abrus, *phaseolus*, Angola seeds

A B S

Abscedentia, parts of the body separated by disease
Abscedere, to gather, or imposthume
Abscessio, } abscess, or imposthume; a col-
Abscessus, } lection of matter following inflammation
 — *abdominis*, an abscess in the muscles and integuments of the belly
 — *adenosus*, any hard, indissoluble tumor of a gland
 — *ani*, an abscess within, or very near the sphincter ani
 — *arthriticus*, an abscess preceded by gout
 — *auris*, an abscess of the meatus auditorius
 — *axillæ*, an abscess of the armpit
 — *capitis*, an abscess of the scalp
 — *calcis*, an abscess of the heel
 — *cerebri*, an abscess of the brain
 — *colli*, an abscess of the neck
 — *diaphragmatis*, an abscess of the diaphragm
 — *digitorum manuum ac pedum*, an abscess of the hands and feet
 — *dorsi et lumborum*, an abscess of the back and loins
 — *gingivarum*, an abscess of the gums
 — *glandulæ lachrymalis*, an abscess of the lachrymal gland
 — *hepatis*, an abscess of the liver
 — *inguinis*, an abscess of the groin
 — *intestinorum*, an abscess of the intestines
 — *ischiatricus*, an abscess on the os ischium
 — *mammæ*, an abscess of the breast
 — *manuum*, an abscess of the hands
 — *prope maxillas*, an abscess near the jaws
 — *mediastini*, an abscess of the mediastinum
 — *mesenterii*, an abscess of the mesentery
 — *sub musculis psois*, an abscess under the *psoæ* muscles
 — *narium*, an abscess of the nostrils
 — *nymphæ*, an abscess of the nympha
 — *oculi*, an abscess of the eye
 — *ossium*, an abscess of the bones
 — *palpebræ*, an abscess of the eyelid
 — *pancreatis*, an abscess of the pancreas
 — *parotidis*, an abscess of the parotid gland

A B S

Abscessus pectoris, an abscess of the muscles and integuments of the chest
 ——— **pericardii**, an abscess of the pericardium
 ——— **perinæi**, an abscess of the perinæum
 ——— **periostei**, an abscess of the periosteum
 ——— **peritonæi**, an abscess of the peritonæum
 ——— **pleuræ**, an abscess of the pleura
 ——— **pudendi**, an abscess of the pudendum
 ——— **puerperalis**, an abscess of the abdomen following parturition
 ——— **pulmonum**, an abscess of the lungs
 ——— **renis**, an abscess of the kidney
 ——— **sinus maxillaris**, an abscess of the sinus of the cheek
 ——— **spirituosus**, an abscess in an artery; emphysema; aneurism
 ——— **splenis**, an abscess of the spleen
 ——— **temporalis musculi**, an abscess of the temporal muscle
 ——— **testis**, an abscess of the testicle
 ——— **tonsillarum**, an abscess of the tonsils
 ——— **uteri**, an abscess of the uterus
 ——— **vesicæ urinariæ**, an abscess of the urinary bladder
Abscissio, a loss of any part or faculty
Absconsio, the cavity of a bone receiving the head of another
Absinthiomenon, any very bitter species of wormwood
Absinthites, any liquid impregnated with wormwood
Absinthium, wormwood; all the species are stomachic
 ——— **alpinum**, artemisia, or mugwort
 ——— **annuum**, golden cudweed
 ——— **commune**, } common English
 ——— **latifolium**, } wormwood
 ——— **corymbeum**, golden cudweed
 ——— **marinum**, sea wormwood
 ——— **marinum album**, } English sea
 ——— **marinum Anglicum**, } wormwood
 ——— **maritimum**, sea wormwood
 ——— **minus**, }
 ——— **ponticum**, } Roman worm-
 ——— **Romanum**, } wood
 ——— **fantonicum Indicum**, fantonicum, or the wormseed

A C A

Absinthium seriphium, mountain wormwood of Valais
 ——— **tenuifolio**, golden cudweed
 ——— **valesiacum**, seriphium
 ——— **vulgare**, common wormwood
Absolutorium, a perfect cure
Absorbentia, absorbents, calcareous earths, alkalies, lacteal, and lymphatic vessels
Absorptio, absorption, sucking up, inhaling
Abstemius, temperate
Abstergens, cleansing, or wiping off
Abstersivus, abstersive, cleansing
Abstersorius, abstersive, any cleansing medicine
Abstinentia, abstinence, spare living
Abstractio, separation by evaporation
Abstractitius, native spirit, not produced by fermentation
Absus, the Egyptian lotus
Abutilon, althæa theophrasti, or yellow mallow
Abvacuatio, local and morbid discharge
Abvolatio, abvolation, flying off
Abyssus, seminium chemicum
Acaca, not dangerous
Acacalis, the flower of the narcissus, antophthalmic, dose grains iv. to ʒi.
Acacia, acacia, the juice of the unripe pods of the acacia foliis, &c. astringent
 ——— **altera trifolia**, cytisus spinosus, or trefoil acacia
 ——— **ferrea**, an iron spoon
 ——— **foliis scorpioidis leguminosæ**, the true acacia, or Egyptian thorn tree
 ——— **Germanica**, inspissated juice of wild sloes; dose grain vi. to ʒifs, astringent
 ——— **globosa**, } bonduch indorum, or Be-
 ——— **globiosa**, } zoar nut
 ——— **gummi**, gummim Arabicum
 ——— **Indiana**, tamarindus, or tamarind
 ——— **Malabarica globosa**, an evergreen tree of Malabar, eases pain
 ——— **spuria**, bastard, or false acacia plant
 ——— **vera**, acacia Germanica
 ——— **Egyptiaca**, acacia foliis, scorp, &c.
 ——— **Zeylanica**, lignum campechense
Acacos, any disease without danger
Acæna, a thorny plant of Mexico
Acæria, unseasonableness
Acahi, aqua aluminosa
Acaid, acetum, vinegar, or acetous acid
Acaja, the prune tree of Brasil; leaves astringent

A C A

Acajaiba, } cashew nut tree of America;
 Acajou, } stomachic
 Acajuiba Brasiliensis, anacardium, or Malacca bean tree
 Acalai, murias sodæ, or common salt
 Acalcum, stannum, or tin
 Acalephe, } urtica, or nettle; any thing
 Acalyphe, } noxious to the touch
 Acamatos, a perfect rest of all the muscles
 Acanor, a furnace of brick and earth with a tower
 Acantha, a thorn; the shinbone; spina dorsi
 ——— caucas, echinopus, or globe thistle
 Acanthabolus, a forceps to remove thorns
 Acanthaceus, thistly, thorny
 Acanthaleuce, whitethorn
 Acanthalzuca, echinopus, or globe thistle
 Acanthica, a juice found on the top of Pyrethrum, or Pellitory
 ——— mastiche, carduus humilis gumifera, or pine thistle
 Acanthinus, thorny, prickly
 Acanthodontes, stones like sharp teeth
 Acanthion, } carduus tomentosus, the
 Acanthium, } hedgehog thistle
 Acanthis, senecio, or groundsel; a bird
 Acanthoides parva, carduus xanthemus, or carline thistle
 Acanthopterygius, having prickly fins
 Acanthulus, the forceps to remove extraneous bodies from wounds
 Acanthus, bear's breech; brank ursine; diuretic; demulcent
 ——— sylvestris, wild brank ursine; diuretic
 Acanus, a kind of thistle
 Acapatli, piper longum, or long pepper
 Acapnon, organum Anglicum, or common wild majoram, unsmoked honey
 Acardios, fearful, depressed, fainthearted
 Acarus, an insect which breeds in the skin
 Acarna theophrasti, carduus ferox, or fish-like thistle
 Acarpus, an epithet for a barren plant
 Acarum, wild myrtle
 Acartum, miricum, or red lead
 Acatalepsia, the uncertainty of science
 Acatalis, bacca juniperi, or juniper berry
 Acataposis, difficult deglutition
 Acatastatos, irregular fever, turbid urine without sediment
 Acatera, the larger juniper tree
 Acatharsia, disease requiring purging

A C E

Acato, fuligo, or soot
 Acaules, flowers without stalks
 Acazdir, stannum, or tin
 Acatem, } a mixture of brass, calamine,
 Accatum, } and copper
 Accelerator, a propeller, or hastener
 Acceleratores urinæ, muscles expelling the urine
 Accensio, burning, flame from mixing two cold fluids
 Accessio, accession, the commencement of an intermittent or other fever
 Accessorius, being connected by contact, or approach
 ——— sacro-lumbaris, a muscle of the loins
 Accib, plumbum, or lead
 Accidens, symptom of disease
 Accidental, accidental, or by chance
 Accipiter, a hawk; its fat ant-ophthalmic a bandage for the nose
 Accipitrina, hieracium, or hawkweed
 Acclivis, a muscle of the lower belly
 Accretio, accretion, or growing together; nutrition, growth
 Accubatio, childbed, reclining
 Accumulatio, accumulation, or collection
 Accusatio, indication
 Acedia, trouble, fatigue, neglect
 Acephalos, without a head, a monster
 Acer, the maple tree; sharp, smart, shrill
 ——— majus, the great maple, or sycamore; antiscorbutic
 ——— officinalis, the maple; eases pain in the liver
 ——— Virginianum, odoratum, ambra, or amber
 Aceratos, unmixed, uncorrupted
 Acerbitas, acidity, sourness
 Acerbus, acerb, harsh, sour
 Acerides, plasters without wax
 Acernus, belonging to the maple
 Acerosus, brown bread; a leaf with branny scales
 Acervus, a collection of matters in one point
 Acescens, acescent, or growing sour
 Acesias, a Greek physician
 Achesis, a remedy, or cure; water sage
 Aceso, a daughter of Esculapius
 Acesta, curable distempers
 Acestides, parts of chemical furnaces
 Acestoris, a midwife
 Acestrides, midwives
 Acetabula matris, cotyledons

A C E

Acetabulum, the hollow in which the head of the thigh bone moves; crassula, or orpine

— marinum minus, androsace, or navelwort

Acetarium, a sallad, a hash

— scorbuticum, scurvy grass, sugar and vinegar

Acetas, acetat, or acetate; any compound of the acetic acid, or radical vinegar with a different base

— aluminosus, acetat of alumine

— ammoniacalis, acetat of ammoniac

— argenti, acetat of silver

— arsenici, acetat of arsenic

— auri, acetat of gold

— barytæ, acetat of barytes, or terra ponderosa

— bismuthi, acetat of bismuth

— calcareus, acetat of lime

— cobalti, acetat of cobalt

— cupri, acetat of copper

— ferri, acetat of iron

— magnesiae, acetat of magnesia

— magnesii, acetat of manganese

— hydrargyri, acetat of mercury

— molybdeni, acetat of molybdena

— niccoli, acetat of nickel

— platini, acetat of platina,

— plumbi, acetat of lead

— potassæ, acetat of potash

— sodæ, acetat of soda, or mineral alkali

— stanni, acetat of tin

— stibii, acetat of antimony

— tunsteni, acetat of tunstein

— zinci, acetat of zinc

Acetis, acetite; any compound of the acetic acid, or distilled vinegar with a different base

— aluminosa, acetite of alumine; acetated clay

— ammoniacalis, acetite of ammoniac; mindererus's spirit

— arsenicalis, acetite of arsenic

— argenti, acetite of silver

— auri, acetite of gold

— barytica, acetite of barytes

— bismuthi, acetite of bismuth

— calcarea, acetite of lime

— cobalti, acetite of cobalt

— cupri, acetite of copper

— ferri, acetite of iron

A C E

Acetis hydrargyri, acetite of mercury

— magnesiae, acetite of magnesia; acetous salt of magnesia

— magnesii, acetite of manganese

— molybdenæ, acetite of molybdena

— niccoli, acetite of nickel

— platinæ, acetite of platina

— plumbi, acetite of lead; oxide, or sugar of lead

— potassæ, acetite of potash; foliated earth of tartar

— sodæ, acetite of soda; mineral foliated earth

— stanni, acetite of tin

— stibii, acetite of antimony

— tunsteni, acetite of tunstein

— zinci, zinc; acetous salt of zinc

Acetosa, common sorrell; all the species aperient, antiscorbutic

— arvensis, sheep's sorrell

— esurina, concentrated, or Hungary, or radical vinegar

— pratensis, meadow sorrell

— Romana, the Roman, French, or garden sorrell

— vulgaris, common sorrell

Acetosella, wood sorrell; febrifuge; astringent

Acetosus, acetous, of the nature of vinegar

Acetum, vinegar, distilled vinegar, or acetous acid

— acetosum prophylacticum, thieves vinegar; lavender, rosemary, rue, sage, mint, and camphor in vinegar

— alkalizatum, distilled vinegar neutralised by alkali

— aminæum, white wine vinegar

— anthosatum, rosebuds and vinegar

— antimonii, radical vinegar by ore of antimony

— aromaticum, P. E. rosemary, &c. digested in vinegar

— colchici autumnalis, vinegar and meadow saffron

— concentratum, acidum aceticum

— distillatum, acidum acetosum, or distilled vinegar

— esuriens, } acidum aceticum

— esurinum, }

— lithargyrites, litharge and vinegar

— mellis, honey with vinegar

— antipestilentielle, angelica, zedary, juniper berries, rue, and vinegar

ACH

Acetum philosophorum, butter of antimony and water, a cosmetic
 — plumbi, litharge and vinegar
 — portabile, tartar mixed with vinegar, and crystalized
 — prophylacticum, acetum acetosum prophylacticum
 — radicale, acidum aceticum; radical vinegar
 — radicatum, tartarus regeneratus
 — rosaceum, { acetum anthosatum
 — rosatum, {
 — rutaceum, rue, scordium, german-der, &c.
 — sambucinum, elder flowers and vinegar
 — scillæ, { squills and vinegar
 — scilliticum, {
 — theriacale, treacle of andromachus and vinegar
 — vini albi, vinegar from white wine
 Achahi, aqua aluminosa, or alum water
 Achamella, a plant of Ceylon. See Acme-lla
 Achamenis, a species of poley
 Achar, a composition of the shoots of the bamboo
 Achariston, cadmia chalcites aloes, verdi-grease, pepper, and flower of roses; ant-ophthalmic
 Achates, agate, a precious stone; alexi-pharmic
 Achaova, marum, chamæmelum
 Ache, the herb smallage
 Acheir, being without hands
 Achicolum, a hot, sweating room
 Achillea, millefolium, yarrow
 Achilles, Grecian barley
 Achilleon, sponge for tents
 Achimbassi, the medical president at Grand Cairo
 Achiot, lozenges of the grains of achiotl
 Achiotl, roucou, a dye stuff from Brasil; sto-machic
 Achlys, opacity in the cornea; condensed air in the womb
 Achmadium, antimonium, or antimony
 Achne, chaff; white mucus on the eyes, or fauces; lint
 Acholos, any animal without bile
 Achor, tineæ, or scald head
 Achoristos, any constant symptom
 Achras, the Grecian wild pear; astringent
 Achreion, a weakness of the limbs
 Achroia, paleness
 Achy, Arabian cassia

ACI

Achylus, deficient in chyle
 Achyron, bran, chaff
 Acia, a threaded chirurgical needle
 Acicula, wild cheveril, or shepherd's needle
 Acicularis, sharp pointed
 Acicys, weak
 Acida, acids
 Aciditas, acidity, sourness
 Acidnus, weak
 Acidotum, any prickly substance
 Acidulæ, sorrels; cold acid mephetic mine-ral waters
 Acidulus, sourish, or tart
 Acidum, an acid, or sour salt, neutralising alkali; by some chemists, a combustible substance united to vital air
 — aceticum, acetic acid; acid fully sa-turated with oxygen; radical vinegar
 — acetosæ, oxalic acid, acid of sorrel, or of sugar
 — acetosum, acetous acid; acid not fully saturated with oxygen; distilled vinegar
 — adipis, sebacic acid, or acid of fat
 — aereum, carbonic acid, or fixed air
 — æthereum, { acidum vitriolicum,
 — aluminosum, { or acid of alum
 — animale, acid of animals; as, ants, silkworms, or fat
 — arsenicum, acid of arsenic, oxyge-nated calx, or oxyd of arsenic
 — atmosfericum, acid aereum
 — benzoicum, acid of gum benjamin
 — benzoini, flowers of gum benjamin
 — berberium, acid of barberries
 — bezoardicum, acid of the bezoar of animals
 — bombycum, bombyc acid, or acid of silkworms
 — boracicum, { borac acid, or acid of
 — boracis, { borax; sedative salt
 — catholicum, vitriolic, or sulphuric acid
 — carbonicum, carbonic acid, or acid of charcoal, &c. acidum aereum
 — citricum, citric acid, or acid of le-mons
 — concretum, concrete acid, crystals of tartar, flowers of benjamin
 — cretaceum, acidum carbonicum
 — fluoricum, { fluoric acid, or acid of
 — fluoris, { fluor spar
 — formicarum, formic acid, or acid of ants

A C I

Acidum fossile, the vitriolic, nitrous, or muriatic acid
 — gallaceum, } gallic acid, or acid of
 — gallæ, } galls; formerly call-
 — gallarum, } ed the astringent
 principle
 — lacticum, } lactic acid, or acid of
 — lactis, } milk
 — lithicum, lithic acid, or acid of uri-
 nary calculus
 — malicum, malic acid, or acid of ap-
 ples
 — marinum, acid of sea or fossil salt,
 marine acid
 — marinum aeratum, } acid-
 — ——— dephlogisticatum, } um
 muriaticum oxygenatum
 — mephiticum, acidum aereum
 — metallicum, } the vitriolic, nitrous,
 — minerale, } and marine acids
 — molybdæ, } acid of molybdena
 — molybdicum, }
 — muriaticum, acid of sea or fossil salt;
 marine acid; obtained by distilling sea
 salt with half its weight of sulphuric
 acid
 — muriaticum oxygenatum, acidum
 muriaticum with excess of oxygen
 — nativum, lemon juice, &c. the aci-
 difying principle of Lavoisier
 — nitri hydrargyratum, hydrargyratum
 nitri acidum
 — nitricum, the liquor remaining from
 a distillation of nitre with half its weight
 of acid of sulphur; azot combined with
 oxygen
 — nitrivinosum, spiritus nitri dulcis
 — nitro-muriaticum, aqua regia
 — nitrosum, acidum nitricum with ex-
 cess of azot; smoaking nitrous acid
 — nitrosum album, acidum nitricum
 — ——— dephlogisticatum, } acid-
 — ——— degazatum, } um
 nitrosum oxygenatum
 — nitrosum fumans, acidum nitrosum
 — ——— phlogisticatum, acidum ni-
 trosum
 — nitrosum tenue, aqua fortis, or di-
 luted nitrous acid
 — oxalycum, oxalic acid, or acid of
 sorrel
 — perlatum, acid of pearls
 — pingue, acidum sebaticum
 — phosphoricum, phosphoric acid, ex-
 tracted from urine, bones, fossils, &c.

A C I

Acidum volatile, } volatile phosphoric
 — phosphorosum, } acid; acid of
 phosphorus with less oxygen
 — pomi, malic acid, or acid of apples
 — citrei, citric acid, or acid of
 citrons
 — primigenium, acidum vitriolicum
 — prussicum, prussic acid; colouring
 matter of Prussian blue
 — pyrolignosum, empyreumatic acid
 spirit of box
 — pyro-mucosum, pyro-mucic acid;
 spirit of honey, sugar, &c.
 — pyro-tartarosum, spirit of tartar
 — regalinum, aqua regia, or nitro-mu-
 riatic acid
 — sacchari, oxalic acid, or acid of su-
 gar
 — sacchari empyreumaticum ex lacte,
 empyreumatic acid of sugar; procured by
 simply distilling sugar; saccho-lactic acid
 — saccharinum, acid of sugar
 — saccho-lacticum, acid from milk
 — sebaticum, acid of suet or fat
 — siderum, acid of the loadstone
 — silicum, acid of flints
 — spatosum, acidum fluoricum
 — succini, } succinic acid, or acid,
 — succinicum, } or salt of amber
 — sueceanum, Swedish acid of scheele,
 acidum fluoricum
 — sulphuricum, acidum vitriolicum; a
 combination of a full portion of oxygen
 with its basis; the vapour of sulphur im-
 bibed by water
 — sulphureum, volatile, acid of sulphur
 — sulphuris, acidum vitriolicum
 — sulphurosus, sulphureous acid; vi-
 triolic acid, with less of the oxygen of
 Lavoisier
 — tartari, } acid of the tartar of
 — tartarosum, } wine
 — terræ ponderosæ, acid of barytes, or
 heavy spar
 — tunsticum, acid of tungstein
 — urinæ, acidum phosphoricum
 — vagum, acidum vitriolicum
 — vegetabile, native acid of vegetables,
 always mixed with mucilage, &c.
 — vegetabile essentielle, concentrated
 acidum vegetabile
 — vitrioli aromaticum, P. E. elixir vi-
 trioli vinosum, æther vitriolicus
 — vitriolicum, the most simple and
 universal acid

A C I

Acidum vitriolicum acratum, acidum fluorium
 ————— plogisticatum, acidum
 sulphurosum
 ————— tenue, spiritus vitrioli
 tenuis
 ————— vinosum, spiritus vitrioli
 dulcis
 Acies, chalybs, or steel
 Acinaciformis, a term of a leaf with one edge
 sharp and rounded, the other straight and
 thick
 Acinesia, a loss of motion
 Acini, clusters of grapes, or berries
 ————— glandulosi, conglomerate glands;
 glandulæ conglomeratæ
 Aciniformis, having the form of kernels
 Acinos, thymos acinos; stone, or wild basil
 Acinosus, full of kernels
 Acinus, staphyloma, a grape stone
 Acipenser, the sturgeon fish
 Acmastica, { an ardent fever; synochus
 Acmasticos, {
 Acme, the height of disease; full growth
 Acmella, a native plant of Ceylon; lithon-
 triptic
 Acna, { purplish tumour in the face, covered
 Acne, { with a scale
 Acnestis, the lower part of the back
 Aco, a Mediterranean fish; sarachus
 Acoe, the faculty of hearing
 Acœlius, thin, emaciated, bellyless
 Acœtus, { pure, or virgin honey without
 Acoitus, { sediment
 Acolastus, intemperate, lascivious
 Acolos, maimed
 Acon, a coil for exercise
 Acondylus, a stalk without joints
 Acone, a whet stone, or painter's mortar
 Aconion, medicine prepared by levigation
 Aconitifolia, ducksfoot
 Aconiton, any vessel wanting an inner
 coating
 Aconitum, wolfsbane, monkshood, helmet
 flower; narcotic
 ————— anthora, anthora, or wholesome
 wolfsbane
 ————— baccis rubris, a species of the herb
 christopher
 ————— canadense, a species of sunflower
 ————— cœruleum, the hairy larkspur
 ————— flore delphinii, the hairy larkspur
 ————— folio platini, aconitum ponticum,
 or yellow wolfsbane

A C R

Aconitum hyemale, } a plant like black
 ————— luteum minus, } hellebore, poi-
 sonous; vermifuge
 ————— lycoctonum cœruleum, the blue
 larkspur
 ————— luteum, aconitum pon-
 ticum
 ————— napellus, blue wolfsbane
 ————— pardalianches primum, { common
 ————— minus, { or
 broad leaved leopard's bane; narcotic
 ————— ponticum, yellow wolfsbane; poi-
 sonous
 ————— racemosum, a species of the herb
 christopher
 ————— ranunculoides flore albo simplici,
 a species of ranunculus
 ————— salutiferum, anthora, or wholesome
 wolfsbane
 ————— unifolium luteum bulbosum, aco-
 nitum hyemale
 ————— urens, staphisagria, or stavesacre
 Aconium, a little mortar
 Acontias, the poisonous dart snake
 Acopa, discutient plasters, trifolium paludo-
 sum
 Acopon, remedy for languid spirits
 Acopos, bean trefoil, or cytisus alpinus
 Acor, acrimoniis acidity in the stomach
 Acordina, Indian tutty
 Acores, achor
 Acoria, ravenous appetite
 Acorites, acorns, liquorice root, and wine
 Acorna, a thistle called man's blood
 Acortinus, lupinus, or lupine
 Acorus, calamus aromaticus, or sweet flag
 ————— adulterinus, gladiolus lutæus, or yel-
 low water flag
 ————— Asiaticus, calamus aromaticus Asia-
 ticus, or Asiatic sweet flag
 ————— calamus, } calamus aromaticus, or
 ————— verus, } sweet flag
 ————— vulgaris, }
 Acoryphus, any vegetable ending in a point
 Acos, a remedy, cure
 Acosmia, baldness, depraved health, ugliness
 Acosmus, pale, thin
 Acoste, barley food
 Acoteledon, seeds without coteledons
 Acoustica, remedies for deafness
 Acquisitus, acquired, accidental
 Acra, { nymphomania, excessive venereal
 Acrai, { appetite
 Acraipala, remedies for the effects of debauch

A C R

Acras, achras, or Grecian wild pear
 Acrasia, { excess, debility
 Acratia, {
 Acratismia, bread and wine; a Grecian breakfast
 Acratocothon, a drunkard
 Acratomeli, a mixture of wine and honey
 Acratos, simple, unmixed
 Acre, any extremity; the nose, ear, leg, &c.
 Acrea, extremities
 Acredo, acridity, or sharpness
 Acredula, the nightingale
 Acreton, pure, or undiluted wine
 Acribeia, accurate diagnosis
 Acrida, acrid, or irritating drugs; stimulants
 Acrifolium, any plant with prickly leaves
 Acrimonia, acrimony, pungency, sharpness
 — alkalina, a disease indicated by longing for acids, &c.
 Acris, any fractured extremity; the locust insect
 Acrisia, uncertainty in disease
 Acritus, disease without regular crisis
 Acriviola, nasturtium Indicum, or Indian cress
 Acroasis, the sense of hearing
 Acrobystia, the extremity of the prepuce
 Acrocheir, the wrist
 Acrocheiresis, wrestling at arm's length
 Acrochliarus, lukewarm
 Acrochordon, a wart with a small pedicle
 Acrochorismus, a kind of wrestling dance
 Acrocolia, the extremities of animals, giblets, pettytoes
 Acrodrya, an acorn
 Acrolenion, { olecranon; upper extremity
 Acrolenium, { of the ulna
 Acromania, incurable madness
 Acromion, the humeral extremity of the scapula
 Acromphalion, the most prominent part of the navel
 Acron, the top of a blossom
 Acronia, the amputation of any extremity
 Acropathos, the acme of disease, os tincæ, cutaneous cancer
 Acropis, imperfect articulation from a fault in the tongue
 Acroposthia, the part lost by circumcision
 Acropsilon, the denuded glans penis
 Acros, an extremity
 Acrosapes, digestable food
 Acrosophia, a sound mind
 Acrospelos, bromus, or wild oat grass

A C Y

Acroteria, the extreme parts of the body
 Acroteriasmus, amputation of a limb
 Acrothymia, { a wen, or mole on the skin,
 Acrothymion, { a rough wart
 Acmo, red coral
 Actæa, aconitum racemosum
 Acte, sambucus, or elder
 Actinabolismus, the operation of the mind on the body
 Actinia, { bunias, or navew
 Actine, {
 Actio, the office of any part
 Actiones animales, sensation and muscular motion
 Activus, any powerful medicine
 Actualis, actual, or inherent power, actual cantery
 Actuarius, the title of a physician, an eminent Greek physician of the middle ages
 Actuatio, activity given by vital heat
 Actus, the energy of any applied remedy
 Acutio, increasing the activity of remedies
 Acula, any small point
 Aculeato-ciliatus, any vegetable having bristles
 Aculeatus, bristly
 Aculeosus, bristly
 Aculeus, the thorn which defends vegetables
 Aculon, { the fruit of the ilex, or scarlet
 Aculos, { oak
 Acumen, a point, extremity of a bone
 Acuminatus, having a tapering point
 Acumon, barren
 Acuncula, a needle-like point
 Acuprus, chaste
 Acupunctura, the eastern method of bleeding by striking needles into any pained part
 Acureb, plumbum, or lead
 Acuron, alisma, or German leopard's bane
 Acus, a needle, the tobacco-pipe fish, chaff
 — pastoris, shepherd's needle, or scandix
 — meschatum, geranium moschatum, or musked crane's bill
 Acusius, involuntary
 Acusticus, the auditory nerve; acoustic; belonging to the sense of hearing
 Acusto, nitrum, or nitre
 Acutangulus, having sharp angles
 Acutenaculum, the handle of the tenaculum
 Acutitio, increasing the strength of medicine
 Acutus, acute, sharp, recent, barren
 Acyesis, { barrenness
 Acyisis, {
 Acylus a sweet acorn

ADE

Acyrus, doronicum Germanicum, or German
 leopard's bane
 Ad, to
 Adactylus, any animal without claws
 Adadunephros, a precious stone
 Adal, the active parts of plants
 Adaemonia, anxiety
 Adamas, lapis adamas, diamond
 Adamitum, urinary calculi, a species of tartar
 Adansonia, the tree producing terra sigillata
 Iemnia
 Adarces, a saline concrete, found in marshes;
 cosmetic
 Adarnech, auripigmentum, or orpiment
 Adariges, ammoniacal salts
 Adarticulatio, articulation admitting exten-
 sive motion
 Adaxoma, the bite of any animal
 Adcher, the camel's hay; species of rush
 Adcorporatio, clustering together
 Adde, add
 Addendo, by adding
 Addendus, to be added
 Addephagia, bulimia, or insatiable appetite
 Additamentum, spongy extremity of a bone
 ————— coli, the appendix of the in-
 testinum cæcum
 Additio, a substitution of artificial members
 Adducens, drawing to; applied to various
 muscles
 Adductio, drawing together
 Adductor, a drawer to, or contractor
 ————— adminimum digitum, a muscle of
 the little finger
 ————— auris, a muscle of the ear
 ————— brachii, a muscle of the arm
 ————— digiti minimi pedis, a muscle of
 the little toe
 ————— fæmoris primus vel longus, a mus-
 cle of the thigh
 ————— secundus vel brevis, a mus-
 cle of the thigh
 ————— tertius vel magnus, a mus-
 cle of the thigh
 ————— quartus, a muscle of the
 thigh
 ————— indicis, a muscle of the forefinger
 ————— oculi, a muscle of the eye
 ————— pollicis manus ad indicem, a mus-
 cle of the thumb
 ————— pollicis pedis, a muscle of the great
 toe
 Adei, butter milk
 Adectos, medicine relieving pain

ADI

Adelfia, the similarity of diseases
 Adelfixis, sympathy or consent
 Adelfhos, a brother
 Adelus, insensible, applied to perspiration
 Ademonia, anxiety, or watchfulness
 Aden, a bubo, a gland
 Adidentes, eating ulcers
 Adenes Canadensis, battatas Canadensis
 Adenographia, any treatise on glands
 Adenoides, glandiform
 Adenosus, glandular
 Adephagia, bulimia, or insatiable appetite
 Adeps, fat
 ————— anserinus, goose grease, or fat
 ————— suilla, hogslard
 Adeptus, a skilful alchemist
 Adflatus, a blast; kind of erysipelas
 Adhatoda, Malabar nut
 ————— indica, the sap tree, or willow-
 leaved Malabar nut; emmenagogue
 ————— zeylanensium, the common Ma-
 labar nut; emmenagogue
 Adhæsiō, accretion of parts, or growing to-
 gether
 Adhibendus, to be used, or applied
 Adhibere, to use, to apply
 Adhibitus, used, applied
 Adiachytos, frugal, decent in dress and man-
 ner
 Adianthum, maiden hair; an evergreen;
 pectoral
 ————— album, true white maiden hair,
 or wall rue; pectoral, diuretic
 ————— filicis folio, a species of
 filix, or fern
 ————— Americanum, American maiden
 hair; pectoral
 ————— aureum, golden maiden hair;
 pectoral; thickens hair
 ————— Canadense,
 ————— capillis veneris, } adianthum
 ————— foliis coriandri, }
 ————— foliis longioribus, adianthum ni-
 grum
 ————— fruticosum Brasilianum, adian-
 thum Americanum
 ————— montanum, adianthum album
 ————— nigrum, common, black maiden
 hair; pectoral; diuretic
 ————— pedatum, }
 ————— verum, } adianthum
 ————— vulgare, }
 Adiaphoros, indifferent
 Adiapneustia, suppressed perspiration

Adiaptosis, firmness, an electuary of stone
 parsley, &c. for colic
 Adiarrhæa, suppression of alvine evacuation
 Adiathorosus, a spirit distilled from tartar
 Adib, mercury; the wolf; its liver deob-
 struent
 Adice, urtica, or the nettle
 Adipatum, fat meat
 Adilystus, unstrained
 Adiposus, any thing fat
 Adipsia, absence of thirst
 ——— primaria, constitutional absence of
 thirst
 ——— secundaria, adipsia as a symptom of
 disease
 Adipsos, the Egyptian palm, its unripe fruit,
 like capers, quenches thirst; oxymel;
 liquorice
 Adirige, ammoniacal salt
 Adjectio, addition
 Adjunctus, any inseparable quality
 Adjungere, to add, or join to
 Adjutorium, the shoulder; an external me-
 decine
 Adjuvantia, whatever obviates disease
 Admella, a native plant of Ceylon; lithon-
 triptic
 Administratio, dissection
 Admirabilis, wonderful, factitious stone,
 composed of white vitriol, sugar, nitre,
 alum, ammoniac, and camphor, baked
 together; vulnerary
 Admisurab, terra, or earth
 Admotus, applied to
 Admovendus, to be applied to
 Admove, to apply to
 ——— vim, to use force
 Adnascens, closely adhering; as hair, &c.
 Adnata, the exterior coat of the eye
 Adoc, lac, or milk
 Adolescens, a youth; the bars of a chemical
 furnace
 Adolescentia, youth
 Adonion, abrotanum, or southernwood
 Adonis hortensis, common red bird's eye;
 lithontriptic
 Ador, wheat
 Adoreum, spelta, or spelt corn
 Ados, aqua ferrata, or forge water
 Adpressus, the disk of a leaf touching the stem
 Adrachne, the strawberry bay
 ——— dioscoridis, } the strawberry bay
 ——— officinarum, } of candy
 ——— theophrasti, }

Adracla, adrachne
 Adraganthus, gummi-tragacantha
 Adram, fossil salt
 Adraragi, garden saffron
 Adrarhiza, aristolochia, or birthwort
 Adrobolon, bdellium
 Adrop, the philosopher's stone
 Adros, plump, adult, of a good habit
 Adroteron, a kind of meal
 Adsamar, urine
 Adscendens, any stalk growing first hori-
 zontally
 Adsellare, to go to stool
 Adsellatio, the act of voiding fæces
 Adstantes, the attendants on a sick person
 Adstrictio, styptic, or astringent operation
 ——— stomachi, difficult digestion with
 costiveness
 Adstrictoria, adstringentia
 Adstrictus, costive
 Adstringentia, astringent, or binding medi-
 cines
 Adversaria, notes, memorandums, or ob-
 servations
 Adversus, a leaf turned to the south
 Adulteratio, counterfeiting; sophistication
 Adulterinus, spurious; bastard
 Adultus, full age; adult
 Adunatos, languor; impotence
 Aduncus, crooked, or hooked
 Adustum, burnt, scorched, or parched
 Adustio, a phrensy
 Adustus, adust, scorched, parched
 Ady, abanga
 Adynamia, extreme debility
 Adynamum, weak, diluted wine
 Adynatos, weak, feeble, or impotent
 Æzesis, moaning from pain
 Aedes, unsavoury
 Ædoia, pudenda
 Ædosophia, } a sonorous emission of flatus
 Ædopsophia, } from the genitals
 ——— urethræ, emission of air from
 the urethra
 ——— uterina, emission of air from
 the uterus
 Ægagropila, balls found in the stomachs of
 quadrupeds
 Ægeirion, black poplar berries digested in
 sweet oil
 Ægeiros, populus, or the poplar
 Æger, a sick man
 Ægias, a white speck on the eye
 Ægides, white specks on the eye

Æ Q U

Ægidion, any eye wash, or collyrium
Ægilops, goat's eye; great oat grass, or dank; an abscess in the inner canthus of the eye; the bitter oak; vermifuge
Ægineta Paulus, a surgeon of *Ægina*, of the seventh century
Ægirinum, an ointment made of catkins of the poplar
Ægirus, *populus nigra*, or black poplar
Ægis, achlys
Æglia, ægias
Ægoceras, *fænugrecum*, or *fænugreek*
Ægolethron, a poisonous tree of Pontus, whose juice is like honey; styptic
Ægonychon, *lachryma jobi*, gromwell, millfoil
Ægopodium, *angelica sylvestris minor*
Ægoprosopon, eye wash, or collyrium
Ægra, a sick woman
Ægritudo bovina, insects in the skin of black cattle
Agrota, a sick woman
Agrotare, to be sick, or feeble
Ægrotus, a sick man
Ægylops, *ægilops*
Ægyptia-muschata, Egyptian musk-mallow, or *abelmoschus*
Ægyptiaca, papyrus, or paper tree
Ægyption, an ancient topical remedy
Ægyptium album, *oleum Ægyptium album*
Æichryson, *sedum majus*, or house leek
Æides, shapeless, deformed
Æiglucce, a sweet wine, or must
Æipatheia, any disease of long duration
Ælianus Meccius, a Roman physician
Ælius Promotus, a physician who accompanied Xerxes, also one who wrote on poisons
Æithales, } *sedum*, or house leek; cool-
Æizoon, } ing
Æmbellæ, the seeds of the lac tree
Ænea, a catheter
Ænobarbus, redbearded
Æon, the spinal marrow, the life of man
Æonion, a species of house leek
Æonesis, fomentation, sprinkling
Æora, exercise without muscular action; swinging
Æpos, any excrescence, or protuberance
Æqualis, equal
Æquans, equal in length
Æque, equally
Æquilibrium, *æquilibrium*, or just proportion

Æ S T

Æquinox, equal day and night, or equinox
 ——— *autumnalis*, the 23d of September
 ——— *vernalis*, the 21st of March
Æquipollens, equal force in antagonist muscles
Aer, the air, or atmosphere, composed of seventy-three parts of nitrogen gas, or azot, and twenty-seven of oxygen gas
Aera, *lolium*, or cockle
Aereus, aerial, or of the nature of air
Ærdadi, imaginary, aerial spirits
Æcolum, two grains weight
Ærification, chemical production of air
Aerifluxus, any morbid emission of air
Æritis, *anagallis*, or pimpernel
Æroides, of a sky-blue colour
Aerologia, medical doctrine of airs
Aeromeli, honey-dew, manna
Aerophobi, phrenetic patients
Aerophobia, fear of air
Aerosis, the aerial vital spirit of the ancients
Ærossus, *calaminaris*, or calamine stone
Aerosus, the cadmia
Æruca, *ærugo æris*, or *verdegris*
Æruginosus, like *verdegris*, green
Ærugo, rust
 ——— *æris*, *verdegris*, or green oxide of copper
 ——— *preparata*, prepared *verdegris*
 ——— *rasilis*, *verdegris*
 ——— *scolecia*, *verdegris* from washing a mortar with vinegar; detergent
Ærumna, labour; grief
Æs, copper; detergent
Æschos, deformity
Æschromythesis, the obscene language of the delirious
Æschropoiesis, dishonest practice
Æsecavum, *aurichalcum*, or brass
Æsustum, plates of copper burnt in a crucible with sulphur and salt
Æs pauperum, copper ore divested of silver
Æschynomene, the sensitive plant
Æsculus hippocastanum, } *hippocasta-*
 ——— *floribus heptandris*, } num, or horse chestnut
Æstaphara, burning any part of the body
Æstas, summer season
Æstates, freckles, sunburnings
Æsthesis, sensation
Æsthphara, destruction by fire
Æstuarium, a vapour bath

Æ T O

*Æstuat*o, fermentation
Æstus, heat
 ——— volaticus, transient intense heat in the face
Ætas, age, any period of human existence
 ——— continens, staid, or middle age
 ——— crepita, old age
 ——— decrescens, decreasing, or old age
 ——— effæta, the period of old age; past labour
 ——— virilis, the period of manhood
Æther, the electric fluid, sky, liquor æthereus vitriolicus
 ——— acetosus, a distillation of acetous acid and spirit of wine
 ——— muriaticus, a distillation of muriatic acid and spirit of wine
 ——— nitrosus, a distillation of nitrous acid and spirit of wine
 ——— vitriolicus, spiritus ætheris vitriolici; distilled with kali
Æthes, irregular; anomalous
Æthereus, ethereal, or of the nature of ether
Æthiopicum cuminum, ammi verum
Æthiopis, *Æthiopian* sage; pectoral
Æthiops albus, mercurius alkalizatus
 ——— antimonialis, hydrargyrum sulphur antimonii nigrum
 ——— martialis, steel filings dissolved in water
 ——— mineralis, hydrargyrum sulphuratus
 ——— vegetabilis, kelp, unrefined salt
Æthna, a chemical furnace
Æthoces, } cutaneous pimples, or boils
Ætholices, }
Æthusa meum, meum, or herb spignel
Æthya, a mortar
Æthyia, the cormorant's skin; peptic
Ætia, any morbid cause
Ætiologia, doctrine of morbid causes
Actites, the eagle stone, said to prevent miscarriage; alexipharmac
Actius Amideus, a physician of Amida of the fourth century
 ——— Antiochus, a physician of Antioch of the fourth century
 ——— Sicanus, a great medical writer of the fourth century
Ætiophlebes, the eagle veins, or large ones of the head
Ætolion, grana Cnidia, or Cnidian berries
Ætoma, the roof of a house

A G A

Ætonychum, lithospermum, or gromwell
Afan, garden saffron
Affax, ink
Affectio, an affection, or disease
 ——— bovina, ægritudo bovina
 ——— hypochondrii, hypochondriosis
Affectus, affection
 ——— spastico-arthritis, gout, with cramp
Affenicum, the soul
Affcos, foam, or froth. See Aphros
Affidra, cerussa, or white lead
Affinatio, affinage, or the refining of metals
 ——— aggregata, the attraction between the integrant parts of the body
 ——— complicata, } the attraction between
 ——— composita, } dissimilar bodies
 ——— simplex, affinatio aggregata
Affinitas, affinity, chemical attraction
Affion, } Arabic name of opium
Affiun, }
Afflatus, adflatus, or a blast
Afflictio, depression of mind
Affodilus, asphodelus luteus
Afformas, glass
Affrengi, minum, or red lead
Affrodina, Venus, or copper
Affronitum, aphronitrum, or natron
Affusio, the act of pouring a fluid on any body
Africus, the south-west wind
Afrob, antimonium crudum
Aga Cretensium, the small, Spanish milk thistle
Agalactatio, }
Agalactia, } a defective secretion of milk
Agalaxis, }
Agallochum, } the aromatic aloe of China;
Agalugi, } carminative
Agallugun, }
Agape, an afternoon's meal; desire
Agaricoides, fungous bodies
Agaricum, } agaric, a vegetable fungus; ca-
Agaricus, } thartic; dose ʒi to ʒij; mar-
 ga candida
Agaricus auriculæ formæ, Jew's ear
 ——— mineralis, bug agaric, or red mushroom; poisonous
 ——— piperatus, pepper mushroom; poisonous
 ——— quercinus, } agaric of the oak;
 ——— quercus, } styptic
Agasyllis, plant producing ammoniacum

A G N

Agath, species of amber
 Agatharcides, an Asiatic who wrote on the diseases of the inhabitants of the Red Sea
 Agaty, galega of Malabar
 Agelæus, coarse, brown bread
 Agem, syringa, or Persian lilac
 Ageneius, beardless
 Agnesia, impotency
 Agens, the agent of natural operation
 Ager, the soil
 — chymicus, water, the chemical vehicle
 — mineralium, water
 — naturæ, the uterus
 Agerasia, youthful vigour in old age
 Ageratum, sweet maudlin, cotton weed; decostruent
 ——— latifolium serratum, balsamita, or costmary
 Ages, the palm of the hand
 Age vita, an antidote for old age; galangal, pepper, sage, ginger, cinnamon, saffron, and cloves, boiled in wine; stomachic
 Ageusia, fasting, defective taste
 Agglomeratio, rolling together
 Agglutinantia, agglutinants, or adhesive medicines
 Agglutinatio, sticking together, reunion of parts
 ——— pilorum, confining eyelashes that grow inwards by some glutinous matter
 Aggregatio, a union of atoms by contiguity
 Aggregatum, a collection, or union of bodies
 Aggregatus, any plant having its parts closely united
 Agheusia, loss of taste
 ——— febrilis, loss of taste in fevers
 ——— paralytica, loss of taste from palsy
 Agiahalid, lycium
 Agis, the thigh
 Agitatio, shaking; a hurry of spirits
 Agitatorii, tremulous diseases
 Aglactatio, deficient secretion of milk
 Aglia, white specks on the eye, ægides
 Aglidia, } the segments of the garlick root
 Aglithes, }
 Aglossotomographia, a description of a head born without a tongue
 Aglutitio, obstructed swallowing
 Agma, } a fracture
 Agme, }
 Agnocal, an American fruit promoting the venereal appetite
 Agnata, the exterior coat of the eye

A G R

Agnatus, having any superfluous part, as a sixth finger
 Agnil, Indicum, or indigo plant
 Agnoia, the loss of memory in fever
 Agnus, a lamb
 — castus, the chaste, or hemp tree of Italy; cordial
 — Scythicus, the Scythian lamb; a styptic plant
 Agoge, the progress of life, or disease, the state of the air
 Agomphiasis, } looseness of the teeth
 Agomphyasis, }
 Agon, extreme danger, agony
 Agone, hyoscyamus, or henbane
 Agonia, sterility, impotence, agony
 Agonisticum, cold spring water
 Agoræus, coarse bread
 Agostus, the forearm, palm of the hand
 Agouti treva, a pomegranate-like fruit
 Agredula, the frog
 Agresta, verjuice; the juice of the sour grape
 Agresten, tartarus
 Agrestis, wild, malignant
 Agria, agrifolium, or holly; a malignant pustule
 Agriampelos, vitis sylvestris, or white bryony
 Agricantha, carduus sylvestris, or wild thistle
 Agricultura, the art of cultivating the ground
 Agrielea, oleaster, or wild olive
 Agrifolium, the holly tree, or aquifolium
 Agrimonia, agrimony; antiscorbutic; vulnerary
 ——— minor flore albo, lesser agrimony, with a white flower
 ——— oderata, the sweet smelling agrimony
 ——— officinarum, common, or medicinal agrimony
 ——— orientalis humilis, dwarf, eastern agrimony
 Agrimonoides, pimpinella of Italy; antiscorbutic; vulnerary
 Agrio-cardamum, the sciatica cress, or iberis
 Agriocastanum, the earth nut, or bulbocastanum
 Agriocinara, wild artichoke
 Agriococcimela, prunus sylvestris, or sloe bush
 Agriomela, malus sylvestris, or crab tree fruit; austere; detergent
 Agrion, } peucedanum, or hog's fen-
 Agriophyllon, } nel, sulphur wort

A G U

Agrioriganum, origanum, or wild marjoram
 Agrioselinum, hipposelinum, or wild parsley
 Agriostari, triticum Creticum, or Cretan wheat
 Agripalma, cardiaca, or motherwort
 ——— gallis, the herb motherwort
 Agrippæ, births, where the feet present
 Agrium, an impure mineral alkali
 Agrom, a disease of the tongue peculiar to the Indians
 Agronomos, any wild animal
 Agrophon, mountainous
 Agrostis, gramen caninum, or dog's grass
 Agrumina, onions, leeks
 Agrypnia, watchfulness, with loss of strength, anxiety and headach
 ——— arthritica, watchfulness accompanying gout
 ——— cephalalgica, watchfulness with disease of the head
 ——— critica, watchfulness preceding any critical discharge
 ——— a dolore, watchfulness from pain
 ——— febrilis, watchfulness accompanying fever
 ——— hysterica, watchfulness accompanying hysteria
 ——— ab indigestione, watchfulness from indigestion
 ——— ab insectis, watchfulness from troublesome insects
 ——— ex pancreate, watchfulness from diseased pancreas
 ——— a pathematis, watchfulness from diseased affections of the mind
 ——— ructationi succedens, watchfulness from indigestion
 ——— senilis, watchfulness accompanying old age
 ——— a vermibus, watchfulness from worms in the first passages
 Agrypnocoma, a disposition without ability to sleep
 Aguape, the white water lily, or leuconympha
 Aguara quiya, solanum vulgare, or nightshade
 Aguia, paralytic debility
 Agul, the Syrian broom; alhagi; leaves purgative
 Augustina, Augustine, the pure earth of the beryl
 Agutiquepoobi Brasiliensis, arrow root, dart wort; esculent; vulnerary
 Aguti treva, a pomegranate-like fruit

A L A

Agy, a species of pepper
 Agyion, the weakness of a fœtus
 Agynos, agnus castus, or chaste tree
 Agyrtæ, quacks, mountebanks, &c.
 Ahaloth, aloes wood
 Ahamella, acmella
 Ahate de pauncho recchi, an Indian tree; fruit refrigerating
 Ahenum, a kettle, or pot
 Ahuis, rock salt, or sal gemmæ
 Ahovai theveticusii, a chestnut-like fruit of Brasil; poisonous
 Ahusal, arsenical sulphur
 Ajurazat, plumbum, or lead
 Aidris, unskilful, ignorant
 Aies, battatas, or common potatoe
 Aigine, honeysuckle, or woodbine
 Aigre di cedre, citron juice sweetened with sugar
 Aiovai, ahovai
 Ailmad, antimony
 Aimateia, hæpatirrhæa
 Aimatismos, hæmorrhagia
 Aimatos eccrisis, a vomiting of blood
 Aimorrhais, hæmorrhais
 Aimorrhœia, menorrhœia
 Aipathia, passion of long duration
 Aipi, }
 Aipima, } cassada
 Aipipoca, }
 Aira, lolium, or darnel
 Airi, ebenus Æthiopica
 Aisthesis, sensation
 Aistheterium, sensorium commune
 Aitmad, antimonium
 Aitiologoumena, a treatise on causes
 Aizoon, } an aquatic plant; anti-
 ——— palustris, } scorbutic
 Ajava, an East Indian seed; anticolic
 Ajubatipita Brasiliensium, an almond-like fruit; its oil externally tonic
 Ajuga, the ground pine, or chamæpitys
 ——— reptans, bugula, or bugle; middle consound
 Akibot, sulphur
 Akmella, acmella
 Akon, a whetstone
 Al, Arabic for the article The
 Ala, a wing, the armpit, nymphæ
 ——— auris, the upper part of the outer ear
 ——— nasi, the moveable part of the nose
 Alabari, plumbum, or lead
 Alabastra, the green leaves, exterior to the flower

ALB

Albadara, the sesamoid bone of the great toe
 Albageuzi, } os sacrum
 Albagiazi, }
 Albamentum, the white of the egg
 Albanum, urinous salt
 Albara, leuce, populus alba
 Albaras, arsenicum, white pustules
 Albatio, the calcination, or whitening of metals
 Albedo, whiteness
 Alberas, stavisagria, or stavesacre
 Albeston, calx viva, or quick lime
 Albetad, gummi galbanum
 Albi, sublimati, muriated mercury
 Albicantia, a name of Willis's glands in the brain
 Albificatio, albatio, or whitening
 Albimec, orpiment
 Albinum, gnaphalium maritimum, or cudweed
 Albir, bitumen from the yew tree
 Albor, urine, whiteness
 — ovi, the white of the egg
 Albora, leprosy, a species of itch
 Alborca, quicksilver
 Albot, a crucible
 Albotar, terebinthinum, or turpentine
 Albotat, cerussa, or white lead
 Albotim, terebinthinum, or turpentine
 Albotis, cutaneous phlegmones, or boils
 Albucasis, } an Arabian surgeon of the
 Albucasi, } eleventh century
 Albuchasi, }
 Albucis, the white grape
 Albuginea, the internal coat of the testicle;
 the exterior coat of the eye
 Albugines, cicatrices, or white specks on the eye
 Albugineus, transparently white
 Albugo, whiteness, a white speck
 — corallii, a coralline precipitate
 — oculorum, a white speck on the eye
 — ovi, the white of the egg
 Albula, albugo, a fish of the lake of Zurich;
 esculent
 Albuhar, cerussa, or white lead
 Album, balsamum, balsamum copaibi, lithargyrites and oil of roses
 — canis, } white dung of dogs;
 — græcorum, } discutient
 — græcum, }
 — Hispanicum, Spanish white, a preparation of tin

A L C

Album jus, white or fish broth with oil
 — ingrum, mouse dung
 — oculi, the white of the eye
 — olus, lactuca agnina, or corn salad
 Albumen ovi, } the white of an egg
 Albumor, }
 Alburnum, the white wood next to the bark
 Alburnus ausonii, a fish like an anchovy;
 aperitive
 Albus, white, the name of a fish
 Alcahest, the universal solvent; liquor of
 flints
 Alkali, alkali
 Alcalinus, of an alkaline nature
 Alcalizatio, impregnating with alkali
 Alcalizatus, impregnated with alkali
 Alcantali, an antidote of citrine, mastich,
 violets, &c.
 Alcanna, ligustrum Indicum; isinglass; an-
 chusa
 Alcaol, the philosophers' mercury or solvent
 Alcar, a remedy, a cure
 Alcara, a chemical cucurbit
 Alcarnes, confesion of kermes berries
 Alcarni, an eastern confesion
 Alce, the elk; a native of cold countries;
 antepileptic
 Alcæa, German leopard's bane; vervain
 mallow
 — Ægyptia, } yellow marsh mallow;
 — Indica, } tonic
 — vulgaris, vervain mallow; astringent
 Alcebar, the aromatic aloe
 Alcebris vivum, sulphur vivum
 Alcedo, the king's fisher; restorative
 Alcerva, the berry of the ricinus
 Alchabris, sulphur vivum
 Alchachil, rosemary
 Alcharith, quicksilver
 Alchemia, the transmutation of metals, or
 making of gold
 Alchemista, a chemist, or one who studies
 alchemy
 Alchibris, sulphur vivum
 Alchien, the inherent power of production
 and disunion
 Alchieram, alchitran
 Alchimelech, melilotus Ægyptiaca, or me-
 lilot plant
 Alchimia, the transmutation of metals;
 alchemy
 Alchimilla, lion's foot, lady's mantle; vul-
 nerary

A L C

Alchimella montana minimi, parcepier, or
 parsley piert
 — rotundifolia aurea hirsuta, chry-
 soplenium, or golden saxifrage
 — supina graminis foliis, knawell,
 or German knot-grass
 Alchitran, juniper oil, prepared arsenic
 Alchitura, tar
 Alchollea, potted flesh
 Alchute, a mulberry-like cutaneous ex-
 crescence
 Alchymia, the transmutation of metals,
 alchemy
 Alcibion, } anchusa, or alkanet root
 Alcibiadium, }
 Alcimad, antimony
 Alcob, calcined brass; sal ammoniac
 Alcocalum, cinara or artichoke
 Alcoel, the solvent preparation of the phi-
 losophers' stone
 Alcofol, antimony
 Alcohol, rectified spirit of wine, digested
 with kali and re-distilled; an impalpable
 powder of lead ore or antimony, used to
 tinge hair
 — gallicum, rectified spirit of wine
 and galls
 — guaiacinum, rectified spirit of
 wine and guaiacum
 — martis, iron rusted by wine, dried
 and powdered
 — muriaticum, rectified spirit of
 wine and marine acid
 — myrrhæ, rectified spirit of wine
 and myrrh
 — nitricum, spiritus nitri dulcis
 — potassæ, rectified spirit of wine
 and kali; acrid tincture of tartar; lily of
 Paracelsus
 — resinosum, a solution of resin in
 spirit of wine
 — scammonii, rectified spirit of wine
 and scammony
 Alcol, vinegar
 Alcola, aphtha or thrush; urinous salt
 Alcolismus, reduction to small particles by
 corrosion
 Alcolita, urine
 Alcone, aurichalcum, or brass
 Alcool, alcohol, or rectified spirit
 Alcoolizatio, the rectification of vinous
 spirits
 Alcor, calcined copper

A L E

Alcotol, antimony
 Alcte, sambucus, or elder
 Alcubrith, sulphur
 Alcyon fluviatilis, alcedo, or king's fisher
 Alcyonium, bastard sponge on the sea shore; detergent
 ——— durum, hard bastard sponge
 ——— farrago, } black marine
 ——— favago Australis } bastard sponge
 ——— foraminosum, tuberoso bastard sponge
 ——— molle, } thready bastard
 ——— stupposum, } sponge
 ——— tuberosum, tuberoso bastard sponge
 ——— vermiculatum, vermiculate bastard sponge
 Aldabaram, the sesamoid bone of the great toe
 Aldebac, birdlime
 Alebria, nourishing meat
 Alec, { vitriol; a herring
 Alech, {
 Alecarith, mercury
 Alectoria, a stone found in the gizzard of cocks; aphrodisiac, refrigerant
 Alectorolophus, yellow rattle, or rattle grass; pectoral
 Aleimma, any ointment without wax
 Aleion, water
 Aleipha, oil of vegetables; fat; medicated oil
 Alelaion, or Alelæum, an embrocation of salt and oil
 Alema, meat, food
 Alembaic, calcined lead
 Alembicus, an alembic, or still; quicksilver
 ——— rostratus, an alembic with a beak, or canal
 ——— cæcus, the blind alembic without a beak, used for subliming
 Alembroth, alkaline salt; the philosophical, or general solvent
 ——— defæcatum, sal tartari
 Alem zadar, } ammoniacal salt
 Alem zadat, }
 Alenon, oil of almonds
 Aleore, intermission of pain
 Aleos, heat
 Alepensis, a species of ash producing manna
 Ales, salt, condensed, contracted
 ——— crudum, a saline compound
 Aleuch, alumen plumosum, or hairy alum
 Aletæa, farina, meal

A L G

Aletudo, fatness
 Aleurites, wheaten bread
 Aleuron, the meal of wheat; lentils, or the seeds of darnels
 Alexander Trallianus, a physician of Lydia, of the 6th century
 Alexandria, daphne, or bay tree
 Alexandrina, laurus Alexandrina
 Alexanthus, flos æris, or flowers of copper
 Alexeterium, } any antidote to poison
 Alexicacon, }
 Alexipharmaca, antidotes to poison; sudorifics
 Alexippus, a physician to Alexander the Great
 Alexipyreticum, } any remedy for fever
 Alexipyretos, }
 Alexipyretum, }
 Alexir, elixir
 Alexeteria, preservatives from contagion; helps, or remedies
 Alfacta, distillation
 Alfadidam, metallic scoria
 Alfân, } garden saffron
 Alfâr, }
 Alfasara, an Arabian preparation of the root of the vine
 Alfasis, an earthen pot
 Alfatida, burnt copper, or scales of copper
 Alfatide, sal ammoniacus
 Alfesera, a confection of bryonia alba
 Alfidas, cerussa, or white lead
 Alfoi, sal ammoniacus
 Alfol, ammonia muriata
 Alfusa, tutia, or tutty stone
 Alga, anguifola vitrariorum, the sea-weed, or wrack; cooling, vulnerary
 ——— marina latifolia vulgatissima, ka'i
 ——— porosa, eschara, or net-like seaweed
 ——— tinctoria, the purple seaweed
 Algæ, a botanical tribe, having the root, leaf, and caudex in one
 Algala, a hollow lead probe; a catheter
 Algali, nitrum, or nitre
 Algamet, common coal
 Algarab, ægylops; goat's eye
 Algarot, } butter of antimony deprived of
 Algaroth, } its acid by washing
 Algatia, cibetta, or civet, an animal perfume
 Algedo, pain from suppressed discharge of gonorrhœa
 Algema, any painful disease
 Algematodes, painful diseases

ALK

Algeriæ, calx, or lime
 Algeroth, Algaroth, a physician of Verona
 Algibic, sulphur vivum
 Algida, benumbed, chilled, withered
 Algidus, chilled, numbed
 Algoides, like seaweed
 Algola arabum, aptha, or thrush
 Algor, a sudden chilliness in a part
 Algos, algema
 Alguada, a white, leprous eruption
 Alhagi, the pliant thorny broom of Syria; purgative
 Alhandal, colocynthis, or bitter apple
 Alhanna, terra alana, or Tripoline earth
 Alhasa, hidroa, or pustulary eruption
 Alhigi, thorny Syrian broom
 Alia squilla, the sea-shrimp
 Alibantes, dead persons
 Alibilis, nourishing
 Alica, a food of wheaten meal; ale
 Alicastrum, bread corn
 Alices, cutaneous spots preceding the small-pox
 Alicornu, unicornu, a horny fossil substance
 Alienatio mentis, delirium
 Alienatus, estranged, deranged
 ——— mente, insane, delirious
 Alienus, a, or um, extraneous matter; corruption
 Aliformis, winged, or having the shape of a wing
 Alilat, Lucina, the fabled deity of childbirth
 Alima, lead ore found with gold
 Alimentarius, nutritive
 Alimentum, all kinds of food
 Alimonia, food
 Alimum, arum, or wake robin
 Alindesis, exercise by smearing with oil and rolling in dust
 Alinthisar, relaxed uvula
 Aliocab, ammonia muriata
 Alipænosum, } external, dry remedies, with-
 Alipantos, } out grease
 Alipasma, an ointment to prevent sweating
 Alipili, attendants on the baths to eradicate superfluous hair
 Aliptæ, attendants who anointed the bathers
 Alisma, German's leopard's bane; alexi-pharmac, emmenagogue, diuretic
 ——— mathioli, doria, or groundwort
 Alistelis, ammonia muriata
 Alith, gummi assafoetida
 Alitura, nutrition, or nourishment
 Alkafial, antimonium

ALK

Alkahest, the imaginary universal solvent
 ——— glauberi, alcali
 Alkahesticus, any powerful solvent
 Alkahol, subtile spirit; rectified spirit of wine
 Alkale, hen's fat
 Alkalescens, the commencement of the alkaline, or putrid fermentation
 Alkali, a substance of an acrid, urinous taste, uniting with acids; turning purple or blue vegetable infusions green
 ——— fixum, fixed alkali; an epithet of the vegetable and fossil alkalies
 ——— causticum, alkali fixum, rendered corrosive by the addition of quick lime
 ——— vegetabile, vegetable alkali, or potash, procured from the ashes of vegetables; deliquescent
 ——— fossile, } alkali extracted from
 ——— minerale, } fossils, sea salt, and
 ——— marinum, } kelp, not deliquescent; crystals, rhomboidal octohedrons
 ——— volatile, a volatile salt having all the properties of an alkali
 Alkalinus, alkaline, having the qualities of an alkali
 Alkalia, a vessel
 Alkalid, æs ustum, or burnt brass
 Alkalizatio, impregnating with alkali
 Alkanet, radix anchusæ
 Alkanthum, æs ustum, arsenic
 Alkara, cucurbita, or a cucurbit
 Alkaranum, duenech oiride
 Alkarva, ricinus, or castor oil plant
 Alkasa, a crucible
 Alkaut, mercury
 Alkazoal, a crucible
 Alkekengi, the winter cherry; diuretic, five a dose
 Alkermes, confectio alkermes; a wine
 Alkerva, oleum ricini, or castor oil
 Alkes, æs ustum, or calcined brass
 Alketran, oleum cedri, or cedar oil
 Alkhali, alkali
 Alkian, the animal digesting and supporting spirit
 Alkibric, sulphur vivum
 Alkimia, transmutation of metals
 Alkin, } alkali fixum, or potash; smoke of
 Alkir, } coal
 Alkitram, pix liquida, or tar
 Alkoel, a fine kind of lead ore
 Alkohol, } subtil spirit, alcohol
 Alkol, }
 Alkosor, camphor

A L M

Alkylplumbi, cerussa acetata
 Alkymia, powder of basilisc
 Alla, ale, a fermented infusion of malt
 Allabor, plumbum, or lead
 Allantoides, } a sausage, or hog's pudding;
 Allantois, } a membrane in brutes,
 receiving the urine from the foetus; the
 great toe
 Allarinoch, plumbum, or lead
 Alleluja, acetosa, or wood sorrel
 Allence, stannum, or tin
 Allentois, the great toe
 Allesis, recovery
 Allex, the great toe
 Alliaciæ, plants of the garlic kind
 Alliar æris, copper as used in alchemy
 Alliaria, jack by the hedge, or sauce alone;
 stomachic
 Allicar, acetum, or vinegar
 Allicola, petroleum, or liquid pitch
 Alligatura, a ligature, or bandage
 Alliotica, alterantia
 Allioticum, a compound of dandelion, suc-
 cory, &c.
 Allium, garlic; corroborant; expectorant;
 diuretic; ophioscordon, or ophioscorodon
 — alpinum, } spotted ramsoms; crow
 — agninum, } garlic
 — cepa, cepa, or onion
 — cyprium, great garlic
 — gallicum, portulaca, or garden pur-
 slane
 — latifolium, liliflorum, moly
 — montanum, ophioscorodon, or spot-
 ted ramsoms
 — sativum, common garlic
 — sylvestre, wild garlic, or cepastrum
 — ursinum, ophioscorodon, or spotted
 ramsoms
 Allochous, a delirious person
 Allœosis, the change in a disease
 Allœoticos, us, on, um, any medicine
 changing a disease
 Allognos, a delirious or insane person
 Allognosis, delirium
 Allogotrophia, partial nutrition
 Allophasia, mental derangement
 Allotriophagia, pica, app. tite for improper
 substances
 Allus, the great toe
 Alma, water, the first motion of the foetus
 towards birth
 — alcalizata, aqua calcis or lime water
 Almagati, the carob tree; purgative

A L O

Almager, red bolar earth
 Almagi, arabum, alhagi, or Syrian broom
 Almagra, a species of bole; an astringent
 Almakanda, } lithargyrus
 Almakist, }
 Alman, a brick furnace used by refiners of
 silver
 Almandina, a species of garnet
 Almarago, corallium, or coral
 Almarcab, lithargyrus
 Almarcat, the dross of gold
 Almargen, coralline substances
 Almarkasita, quicksilver
 Almartack, powder of litharge
 Almatatica, } copper
 Almecaside, }
 Almeliletu, preternatural heat
 Almene, a natural salt; sal gemmæ
 Almetat, scoria of gold
 Almuzadir, ærugo æris, or verdegis; sal
 ammoniac
 Almisadar, ammonia muriata
 Almyza, or Almysa, calx viva, or quick lime
 Alnec, stannum, or tin
 Alneric, sulphur
 Alnus, the alder tree; astringent; it's bark
 styptic
 — baccifera, the berry bearing alder
 — nigra, the black, or berry bearing
 alder
 — rotundifolia glutinosa viridis, the
 common alder
 — vulgaris, the common alder
 Aloe, the aloe plant of warm countries
 — Americana, the American flowering
 aloe
 — aromatica agallochum, or aromatic
 aloe of China
 — Asiatica, the Asiatic, or drug aloe
 — Barbadosensis, the hepatic, or liver-co-
 loured aloe; purgative
 — Brasiliensis, the common aloe of Brasil
 — cabillina, horse aloe of Barbadoes
 — fossile, a mineral bitumen of Judea
 — Guinensis, horse aloe
 — hepatica, hepatic, or liver-coloured
 aloe
 — insuccata, aloes dissolved in rose wa-
 ter, &c.
 — lignosa, the woody, or aromatic aloe
 of China
 — metallina, } a mineral bitumen of
 — mineralis, } Judea
 — officinalis, aloe Barbadosensis

A L P

Aloe palustris, water aloes, or fresh-water soldiers; vulnerary
 — perfoliata, aloe hepatica
 — purgans, the common purging aloe
 — rosata, aloes dissolved in rose-water, &c.
 — socotorina, aloes from Socotora
 — tartarizata, aloes dissolved with cream of tartar
 — vera, aloe Barbadosensis
 — violata, aloes dissolved in violet water
 — tartarea, aloes dissolved in violet water and mixed with cream of tartar
 — vulgaris, aloe Barbadosensis
 — socotorina, aloes from Socotora
 Aloedaria, compounded aloetic medicines
 Alogar, mercury
 Alogotrophia, partial nourishment
 Alohar, } mercury
 Alohoc, }
 Aloides, aloe palustris, or water aloe
 Alomba, } plumbum, or lead
 Alooc, }
 Alopeces, psœ muscles
 Alopecia, baldness; change of hair as to colour
 — areata, hair falling off in detached places
 — porriginosa, loss of hair and scurf skin
 — simplex, alopecia from general emaciation
 — siphilitica, alopecia from venereal disease
 — volatilium, alopecia from molting of birds
 Alopecurus, foxtail grass
 Alopec, a fox
 Alos, salt
 Alosa, the shad-fish; esculent
 Alosanthum, -thi, flowers of salt
 Alosat, } mercury
 Alosohoc, }
 Alouchi, a sweet scented gum from the white cinnamon tree
 Alpam, siliquosa Indica
 Alphanic, } a condiment; white sugar
 Alphenic, } candy
 Alphesera, bryonia alba, or white bryony
 Alphita, barley meal
 Alphitedon, tidum, a fracture with splinters
 Alphon, um, a pudding of barley meal; food of the Roman soldier
 Alphas, os, white specks on the skin; a species of leprosy

A L T

Alpina filicis folio major, crista galli, or yellow rattle
 Alrachas, plumbum, or lead
 Alratia, an imperforated hymen
 Alrukak, the fragments of frankincense
 Alsamach, or Alsemach, the great foramen in the os petrosum
 Alschareur, a skenk; a species of lizard
 Alsebon, sea salt
 Alsech, alumen plumosum, or feathered alum
 Alsciat, æs ustum, or burnt copper
 Alsemach, alsamach
 Alsibel, nardus Indica, or Indian spikenard
 Alsinastrum, alsine, or chickweed
 Alsine, chickweed, or mouse-ear; peptic; aperitive
 Alsineformis, small water chickweed, or purslane; peptic
 Alsiracostum, a medicine of Messue
 Alsinicium, the marsh carrot
 Altafor, camphor
 Altambus, human blood; blood stone
 Altamus, the south-west wind
 Altaris, } quicksilver
 Altarit, }
 Alterantia, alteratives; medicines altering and amending the animal fluids
 Alteratio, change without destruction or disunion; concoction
 Altercangenon, hyoscyamus, or henbane
 Altercum, hyoscyamus, or black henbane
 Alternativus, or } every other
 Alternus, }
 Alteronga, melissa, or baum
 Altey, or alky plumbi, cerussa acetata
 Althæa, marshmallow; demulcent; pectoral
 — arborea maritima gallica, the sea mallow tree
 — foliis cannabinis, bague or hemp mallow
 — officinalis, althæa, or common mallow
 — theophrasti flore luteo, yellow marsh mallow; demulcent
 Althanaca, auripigmentum, or orpimentum
 Althebegium, cachetic, or anasarcaous swellings
 Althexis, the cure of disease
 Althith, or laserpitium
 Altilia, fatted animals
 Altimar, æs ustum, or calcined copper
 Altimio, the dross of lead
 Altincar, a salt used in the separation of metals

A L U

Altingat, ærugo æris, or rust of copper
 Altinuraum, vitriol
 Altith, the galbanum plant
 Altolizol, or zeim, a lute of Paracelsus
 Altus, sound, or deep
 Alu, the Indian fig
 Aluach, pure, or refined tin
 Aluco, a species of owl; its blood antispasmodic
 Al-ud, agallochum, or aromatic aloe
 Aludel, the chemists' subliming vessel
 Aludit, quicksilver
 Aluerch, aluach
 Alufir, efflorescence, or redness
 Aluis, alcali
 Alum, symphytum, or comfrey
 Alumbair, butter
 Alumboti, burnt, or calcined lead
 Alumen, alum, a compound of alumine and sulphuric acid; powerfully styptic and astringent; dose grains v to ℥i
 ——— artificiale, alum prepared by art
 ——— catenum, } common kali, or pot-
 ——— catini, } ash
 ——— catinum, }
 ——— commune, common English alum
 ——— concretum, native, solid English alum
 ——— crudum, crude, or unpurified alum
 ——— crystallinum, common alum
 ——— dulce, alum purified by repeated solution
 ——— factitium, alum prepared by art
 ——— febrifugum, alum dissolved and united with dragon's blood
 ——— fæcis, the lees of wine dried in cakes
 ——— fossile, a species of alum resembling tale
 ——— glaciale, a species of alum resembling ice; rock alum
 ——— jamenum, the feathered, or hairy alum
 ——— liquidum, native liquid English alum
 ——— nativum, native alum, concrete, or liquid
 ——— plumæ, } the feathered, or hairy
 ——— plumeum, } alum
 ——— plumosum, the feathered alum; a sublimate of mercury; a compound of arsenic and vitriolic acid
 ——— officinarum, amianthus;
 asbestos

A L V

Alumen plumosum verum, the feathered, or hairy alum
 ——— preparatum, } alum purified by re-
 ——— purificatum, } peated solution
 ——— rochæ
 ——— rochi gallis, roche alum
 ——— Romanum, Roman alum
 ——— rotundum, round alum
 ——— rubrum, red alum
 ——— rupeum, } rock alum
 ——— rupeum, }
 ——— rutillum, red alum
 ——— saccharinum, a stone made by boiling alum, rose-water, and white of egg
 ——— saxatile, rock, or stone alum
 ——— scagliolæ, } a schistus, or flaky
 ——— scalolæ, } fossil
 ——— scissile, the feathered, or hairy alum
 ——— solidum, the native, solid English alum
 ——— frichites, feathered, or hairy alum
 ——— ustum, burnt, or calcined alum
 Alumina, alumine, earth of alum; pure argillaceous earth
 Aluminatum, alum boiled in lemon juice; cosmetic
 Aluminatus, } aluminous, of the nature
 Aluminosus, } of alum
 Alumbur, the moon, or silver
 Alunsel, a drop
 Alus, } consolida major, or comfrey
 — gallica, }
 Alusar, manna
 Alusia, a neglect of washing; uncleanness
 Aluta, tanned, prepared, or softened leather
 Alutareus, a tanner; a currier
 Alvearium, the hollow of the external ear
 Alveolarii processus, processes of the maxillary bones
 Alveoli, the sockets of the teeth
 Alveolus, a socket; a tray, or bathing tub
 Alveus, a tub, or canal
 — ampullascens, part of the duct conveying the chyle to the subclavian
 Alviduca, purging medicines
 Alvim astringere, to bind the belly
 — ducere, }
 — liquare, } to loosen the belly
 — solvere, }
 — suppressere, to bind the belly
 Alvus, the belly; the excrement
 — adstricta, }
 — compacta, } costiveness
 — constipata, }

A M A

Alvus suppressa, } costiveness
 ——— tenax, }
 ——— fusa, }
 ——— liquida, } purging
 ——— soluta, }
 Alyce, febrile anxiety
 Alypia, }
 Alypias, } purging without pain
 Alypum, the herb gutwort, or spurge; white
 turbith; cathartic 3ij.
 Alysos, -mus, -mon, anxiety in febrile
 diseases
 Alyssoides, alyssum, or madwort
 Alysson, a species of veronica, or male
 speedwell
 ——— incanum, lesser hoary madwort;
 cures hiccup
 ——— siliqua lata aspera, a species of
 lunaria, or moon wort
 Alyssum, madwort; alexipharmac; diapho-
 retic
 Alzarac, a coarse kind of camphor
 Alzegi, ink
 Alzemafor, cinnabaris, or cinnabar
 Alzilal, three grains weight
 Alzimar, green
 Alzofar, æs ustum, or burnt copper
 Ama, a small cask; a dose of hellbore
 Amalgama, an union of mercury with some
 metal
 ——— auri, an union of mercury and
 gold
 ——— argenti, an union of mercury
 and silver
 ——— plumbi, an union of mercury
 and lead
 ——— stanni, an union of mercury and
 tin
 ——— cupri, an union of mercury and
 copper
 Amalgamatio, amalgamation, the act of
 uniting mercury with various metals
 Amamelis, the small bastard medlar; esculent
 Amaninus, a gem
 Amanita, a mushroom
 ——— campestris, champignon, or escu-
 lent mushroom
 ——— piperata, the pepper mushroom
 Amara, bitter medicines
 ——— dulcis, solanum lignosum, bitter
 sweet, or woody nightshade
 Amaracium, an ointment containing mar-
 joram

A M A

Amaracus sampsuchus, majorama majori fo-
 lio, or sweet marjoram
 Amaranthus, flower gentle; alexipharmac;
 diuretic; 3ss
 ——— lutæus, } elychry-
 ——— latifolius, } sum, or
 goldilocks
 ——— maximus, amaranthus, or
 flower gentle
 Amarantoides, globe amaranth, or everlast-
 ing flower
 Amarella, polygala, or blue milk wort
 Amarenæ, red subacid cherries
 Amarus, a, um, &c. bitter
 ——— dulcis orientalis, the root of the
 costus
 Amaryga, the eye
 Amatoria veneficia, love powders; philters
 Amatorius, an epithet of the superior and
 inferior oblique muscle of the eye
 Amatquitl, unedo, or strawberry tree
 Amaurosis, loss of sight without other ap-
 parent defect than an immoveable pupil
 ——— arthritica, loss of sight from a
 gouty cause
 ——— atonica, loss of sight from debility
 ——— compressionis, loss of sight from
 compression
 ——— congenita, blindness from the
 birth
 ——— exanthematica, blindness from
 eruptive diseases
 ——— exhaustorum, blindness from
 debility
 ——— foricariorum, blindness from
 the fumes of metals
 ——— hysterica, blindness accompany-
 ing hysteria
 ——— intermittens, intermitting blind-
 ness
 ——— a myosi, blindness from derang-
 ed humours
 ——— a narcoticus, blindness from nar-
 cotie drugs
 ——— pituitosa, blindness from com-
 pression
 ——— plethorica, blindness from too
 much blood
 ——— rachialgica, blindness from rickets
 ——— scrophulosa, blindness from scro-
 phula
 ——— spasmodica, } blindness from
 ——— a spasma, } spasm

A M B

Amaurosis, a synchysi, blindness from de-
ranged humours
 ——— traumatica, blindness from
wounds
 ——— venenata, blindness from poison
 ——— venerea, blindness from the ve-
nereal disease
 Amazonum pastillus, the Amazon's troche;
smallage; anise seed, &c.
 Amba, manga, or mango tree
 Ambaiba, the tapioa tree of Brasil; tapi-
ochia
 ——— Brasiliensis,
 Ambalam, manga, the root of which pessa-
ries are made; emmenagogue
 Ambapaia, papaya mas
 Ambare, } arbor Indica
 ——— Indica, }
 Ambarvalis, polygala
 Ambarum, ambergris
 Ambe, a lip; border; edge; an instrument
for reducing dislocated shoulders; manga
 Ambela, purging; cornered hazel nut tree;
bark purgative
 Amberboi, cyanus orientalis, or sweet sultan
 Ambai, a yellow liquid pitch of India;
strengthening
 Ambi, ambe
 Ambidexter, one using either hand with
equal facility
 Amblosis, abortus, or miscarriage
 Amblotica, medicines causing abortion
 Amblyognos, impaired vision; amaurosis
 Amblyopia, sight so depraved that objects
can only be seen in a certain light, dis-
tance, and position
 ——— absoluta, amblyopia from weak-
ness of the eye
 ——— crepuscularis, amblyopia from
excessive light
 ——— dissitorum, near-sighted persons
 ——— hydrophthalmica, amblyopia
from diseased humours
 ——— luscorum, when objects can only
be seen sideways
 ——— meridiana, amblyopia crepuscu-
laris
 ——— proximorum, amblyopia from
objects being too near
 Amblyosmus, } impaired vision
 Amblytes, }
 Ambo, manga
 Ambon, the margin of sockets for articula-
tion

A M E

Ambone, ambe
 Ambra, amber, a yellow, transparent, bi-
tuminous substance, mostly found in the
Baltic Sea
 ——— Arabum, } ambergris, a grey kind
 ——— cineracea, } of bitumen; a per-
 ——— grisea, } fume; cephalic
 Ambragrisea, ambra grisea
 Ambrette, abelmoschus, or musk mallow
 Ambrosia, the oak of Cappadocia; root
cardiac
 ——— campestris, swine's cresses
 Ambula, a reed
 Ambulatio, walking
 Ambulativa, herpes zoster, or shingles
 Ambulo, a painful, shooting swelling in va-
rious parts of the body
 Ambulon, a tree producing sugar
 Ambusta, burns
 Ambustio, burning; scalding
 Ambutua, the wild vine, or pareira brava
 Ambustum, a scald, or burn
 Amedanus, alnus vulgaris, or alder tree
 Amelanchier, vitis idæa, or French honey
sweetworts
 Amella, } aster atticus, or golden starwort
 Amellus, }
 Amelpodi, a tree of Malabar; sudorific
 Amene, sal marinus, or common salt
 Amenenos, weak; feeble
 Amenorrhœa, defective, or suppressed men-
ses without pregnancy
 ——— difficilis, menses in small
quantity and with pain
 ——— emansionis, disease from the
menstrual hæmorrhage not happening at
the usual age
 ——— suppressio, suppression of
the menstrual excretion
 Amentaceæ, an order of plants with catkin
blossoms
 Amentia, such weakness of mind as inca-
pacitates from perceiving, or remember-
ing, the relations of things; foolishness;
idiotism; fatuity
 ——— acquisita, fatuity from external
and evident causes
 ——— calculosa, fatuity from calculous
matter in the brain
 ——— congenita, fatuity from the birth
 ——— ab heydatidibus, fatuity from the
dropsy of the brain
 ——— jetu, fatuity from external vio-
lence

A M M

Amentia microcephala, fatuity from defective size of the brain
 ——— *morosis*, fatuity from loss of imagination
 ——— *a quartana*, fatuity arising from a quartan ague
 ——— *rachialgica*, fatuity from rachitis, or rickets
 ——— *senilis*, fatuity from old age
 ——— *serosa*, fatuity from serum effused in the brain
 ——— *a sicitate*, fatuity from a want of moisture in the brain
 ——— *a temulentia*, fatuity from excessive use of strong liquors
 ——— *traumatica*, fatuity from wounds in the head
 ——— *a tumore*, fatuity from tumours pressing on the brain
 ——— *a venenis*, fatuity from the action of poisons
Amentum, a loop; a catkin blossom
Ameri, indigo, or indicum
Americanum tuberosum, the potatoe
Amethodia, irregular practice
Amethysta pharmaca, medicines preventing inebriety
Amethystus, the amethyst, a precious stone of India; astringent
Amia, a sea fish
Amianthus, { asbestos, or earth flax; sala-
Amiantus, { mander's wool; alexipharmic
Amictus, clothing
Amiculum, a covering for the privities, amnios
Amidum, amylum, or starch
Aminæa, gummi anime
Aminæum vinum, Falernian wine
 ——— *acetum*, white wine vinegar
Amisa, moschus
Amisadu, ammonia preparata
Amma, a truss for a hernia
Ammi, common bishop's weed; carminative
Ammi Creticum, { royal cumin,
 ——— *parvis foliis fœniculi*, { or true
 ——— *semine tenuissimo* { bishop's
 et odoratissimo, { weed; car-
 ——— *verum* { minative;
 ——— *vulgare* { diuretic
Ammon, um, cinnabaris, or cinnabar
Ammites, small sand stones of Swisserland; bezoar minerale
Amnium, amni, or common bishop's weed

A M O

Amnochosia, drying the body by lying on heated sand, or salt
Amnochrysus, a brittle stone of various colours
Ammodites, a poisonous serpent
Ammonia, ammoniac, the volatile acid of ammonia muriata freed from the marine acid; a compound of nitrogen and hydrogen
 ——— *muriata*, common ammoniacal salt
 ——— *præparata*, ammonia procured by subliming sal ammoniac with chalk
Ammoniacum gummi, common gum ammoniac
Ammoniacus, ammoniacal, or of the nature of ammonia
 ——— *vegetabilis*, spiritus Mindereri
Ammonites, ammites
Ammonitrum, frit; coarse potash
Ammonium, an eye-wash of cadmia, ceruss, castor, &c.
Ammonius, a surgeon famous in lithotomy
Amna alcalizata, amnis alcalizatus
Amnesia, { loss of memory; amentia
Amnestia, {
 ——— *cephalalgica*, loss of memory from continued head-ach
 ——— *febrisequa*, loss of memory following fever
 ——— *a pathemate*, loss of memory from passion
 ——— *plethorica*, loss of memory from plethora
 ——— *senilis*, loss of memory from old age
 ——— *traumatica*, loss of memory from wounds in the head
 ——— *a venere*, loss of memory from venereal disease
Amnion, { the inner of the membranes
Amnios, { inclosing the child in the
Amnium, { womb
Amnis alcalizatus, water impregnated with lime
Amogabriel, cinnabaris, or cinnabar
Amolynthum, any medicine whose preparation does not stain the hand
Amomi, Jamaica pepper
Amomis, a species of amomum
Amomum, stone parsley; its seeds warmly aromatic
 ——— *cardamum*, cardamomum
 ——— *commune*, zingiber, or common ginger
 E

A M P

Amomum Germanicum, German, or bastard stone parsley
 — grana Paradisi, cardamomum majus
 — occidentale, West Indian ginger
 — orientale, East Indian ginger
 — plinii, a species of solanum, or nightshade
 — racemosum, amomum, or true stone parsley
 — scapo nudo, zedoarium, or zedoary
 — verum, amomum, or true stone parsley
 — vulgare, amomis, or bastard stone parsley
 Amongabriel, cinnabaris, or cinnabar
 Amongeaba, a species of grass used in tennesmus
 Amor, love
 — insanus, melancholia amatoria
 Amorge, a small herb; the fœculent part of oil
 Amosteus, osteocolla, or glue bone
 Ampana, a palm tree
 Ampar, ambra, or amber
 Ampelion, vine leaves, or tendrils
 Ampelites, a black bitumen; anthelmintic
 Ampelites, canal coal; desiccative
 Ampelocarpus, aparine, or goose grass; clivers
 Ampelodesmus, a small Sicilian plant
 Ampeloprason, } leek vine; species of
 Ampeloprasum, } garlic
 Ampelos, us, bryonia, or briony
 Ampharisteros, us, the reverse of ambidexter; unfortunate
 Amphemerina, } amphimerina, or a quotidian
 Amphemerinos, } remittent fever
 Amphiarthrosis, a peculiar kind of articulation, as the first rib with the sternum
 Amphibius, any animal living both on land and in water
 Amphiblestroides, retina retiformis
 Amphibranchia, the fauces, or top of the throat
 Amphicaustis, wild parsley
 Amphideon, um, os tincæ, or mouth of the womb
 Amphidexios, ambidexter, or either handed
 Amphidiarthrosis, articulation of the lower jaw
 Amphimerina, a quotidian, or remittent fever

A M P

Amphimerina anginosa, a remitting fever with sore throat
 — arthritica, amphimerina with slight gouty pain
 — biliosa, amphimerina with bilious vomiting
 — cardiaca, amphimerina with fainting
 — catarrhalis, amphimerina with cough and other catarrhal symptoms
 — epiala, amphimerina with unequal sense of heat
 — hemitritæus, amphimerina with an exacerbation every other day
 — humorosa, amphimerina with vomiting and heartburn
 — Hungarica, amphimerina with malignancy
 — latica, amphimerina with long protracted paroxisms
 — miliaris, amphimerina kept up by a latent miliary poison
 — mimosa, amphimerina with putridity and delirium
 — paludosa, amphimerina with biliosa from marsh effluvia
 — peripneumonica, amphimerina with peripneumory
 — phrenitica, amphimerina with vomiting and delirium
 — phricodes, amphimerina with long continued cold
 — pseudoheimitritæus, amphimerina with a long continued, but not intense, exacerbation every other day
 — scorbutica, amphimerina paludosa
 — semiquartana, amphimerina with an exacerbation every fourth day
 — semiquintana, amphimerina with an exacerbation every fifth day
 — singultuosa, amphimerina with hiccup and nausæa
 — spasmodica, amphimerina with general spasm
 — syncopalis, amphimerina with fainting and slow pulse
 — tussiculosa, amphimerina with cough and worms, attacking infants
 — variolosa, amphimerina of the latter stages of confluent small-pox
 Amphimetrion, the parts about the womb
 Amphiplex, perinæum
 Amphipneuma, difficult breathing

A M Y

Amphipolus, an attendant on the sick chamber
 Amphibœna, a venomous serpent of Lemnos; flesh alexipharmic
 Amphismila, a two-edged dissecting knife
 Amphispalsis, sitting cross-legged
 Amphitane, borax
 Amphodonta, animals with teeth in both jaws
 Amphora, a Roman measure about 7 gallons
 Amplexicaulis, the base of a leaf surrounding the stem
 Ampotis, repulsion of fluids from the surface
 Ampulla, a general name for chemical vessels
 Ampullaceus, swelling out
 Ampullascens, part of Picquet's dust
 Amputare vires, to reduce the strength
 ——— nervos, to weaken
 Amputatio, the cutting off a limb
 ——— vocis, loss of voice; hoarseness
 Amputatura, any wound entirely separating a part
 Amputatus, amputated, or cut off
 Amuletica, styptics
 Amuletum, antidote to the plague; a charm, or amulet
 Amurca, the scum, or residuum of olive oil; discutient
 Amûtica, expectorants
 Amyche, a superficial scratch, or ulceration
 Amyctica, medicines stimulating the skin
 Amydrus, humid or moist
 Amygdala, the almond; demulcent; the tonsil of the throat
 ——— amara, the bitter almond; aperient; vermifuge; poisonous
 ——— dulcis, } amygdala, or common
 ——— sativa, } almond
 Amygdalatum, almond emulsion, or lac amygdalæ
 Amygdalia, tonsillæ, or tonsils
 Amygdalis simplex guatimalensis, cocoa; chocolate
 Amygdalites, a species of spurge
 Amygdaloides, spurge; species of gum; a fossil; a fish
 Amygdalopersicum, the almond peach, or persica
 Amygdalum, amygdala, or almond
 Amygdalus, the almond tree
 Amyla, chemical residua
 Amyleon, }
 Amylion, } starch; a preparation of wheat;
 Amylon, } drying; astringent
 Amylum, }

A N A

Amynterium, an amulet, or charm
 Amyon, um, an emaciated limb
 Amyteria, an amulet, or charm
 Ana, ā, or āā, an equal quantity of each, or every one
 Anabasis, a continued increase of fever; equisetum
 Anabatica, synochus, growing worse
 Anabexis, ptyalismus, expectoration by coughing
 Anablepsis, the recovery of sight
 Anablysis, effervescence
 Anabole, vomiting
 Anabrochesis, absorption of matter
 Anabrochismos, us, an operation on the eye lashes
 Anabrosis, a corrosion of parts by acrid humours
 Anacampseros, rosewort; common orpine; drying; vulnerary
 Anacardios antidotus Theodoreti, spices; mastich; agaric, &c.
 Anacardium, the Malacca bean tree; nut esculent; its oil acrid and poisonous
 ——— occidentale, the cajou, or cassu tree
 ——— orientale, the anacardium, or Malacca bean tree
 ——— pruniferum Indicum, anacardium occidentale
 Anacatharsis, expectoration of mucus, lymph, or other secretion
 ——— asthmatica, asthma humidum
 ——— biliosa, expectorated matter of a yellow colour
 ——— phthisica, } expectoration of
 ——— puriformis, } pus, or matter
 ——— a vomica, expectoration of pus in large quantity
 Anacathartica, expectorants
 Anacestus, incurable
 Anachites, a precious stone; removing pain
 Anachrempsis, expectoration
 Anachron, alkali minerale
 Anacinema, any motion of the body
 Anaclasis, the reclined, or bent, posture of the sick
 Anaclisis, a couch
 Anaclismus, a chair for the sick
 Anacoche, } slow progress of disease
 Anacochesis, }
 Anacœliasmus, any gentle laxative
 Anacollema, } c. taplasm for the
 ——— frontale, } head; bole and

A N A

vinegar, or albumen ovi; a medicine to stop bleeding at the nose
 Anacolluppa, the ranunculus aquatilis; crowfoot; antepileptic
 Anacomida, any assistance to convalescence
 Anaconchizesis, apacoché
 Anaconchylismos, a gargle
 Anactesis, recovery of health
 Anactorion, the cornflag, or gladiolus
 Anactorium, artemesia, or mugwort
 Anacuphisma, an exercise by lifting the body up and down
 Anacycesis, mixture by pouring one substance on another
 Anacycleon, us, a mountebank
 Anacypsis, an exercise by lifting one part towards the other
 Anacyriosis, medical dignity, or authority
 Anadendromalache, } althæa, or marshmal-
 Anadendron, } low
 Anadiplosis, a renewal of the cold fit in fever before the preceding is ended
 Anadosis, due diffusion of aliment
 Anadrome, wandering pain
 Anædes, copious; shameless
 Anædromos, fish migrating from the sea into rivers; ascent
 Anænoma, inability of some members
 Anæsthesia, loss of feeling
 ————— melancholica, loss of feeling with melancholy
 ————— nascentium, still birth
 ————— pléthorica, loss of feeling from great fulness
 ————— a spina bifida, loss of feeling from a tumour on the spine
 Anagallis, pimpernel, a low, creeping plant; resolvent
 ————— agnatica, brook lime; deobstruent; antiscorbutic
 ————— arvensis, anagallis
 ————— cærulea, { female pimpernel;
 ————— fœmina, } vulnerary
 ————— lutea, yellow pimpernel
 ————— mas, } male pimpernel
 ————— terrestris, }
 Anagargalicton, } a gargle
 Anagargariston, }
 Anaglyphe, part of the fourth ventricle of the brain
 Anagnosis, the certainty of medical judgment
 Anagoge, } rejection by vomiting
 Anagogia, }

A N A

Anagrapha, a prescription, or receipt
 Anagyris, } cytisus Alpinus
 Anagyros, }
 Anaesthesia, anæsthesia, loss of feeling
 Anaisthesis, defect of sensation
 Anaixesis, the return of disease
 Analces, Asiatics; weak; effeminate
 Analdes, a want of nourishment, or strength
 Analectides, analectis, cushions to conceal deformities
 Analentia, epilepsy
 Analépsia, epilepsy depending on the state of the stomach
 Analepsis, recovery from disease
 Analeptica, restorative medicines
 Analgesia, indolence; a state of ease
 Analmyros, unsalted; insipid
 Anallis, a sea plant
 Analogia, } reasoning from similarity;
 Analogismus, } proportion
 Analosis, a consuming, or wasting
 Analthes, incurable
 Analtos, us, not salted; insipid
 Analysis, separation of the elements of a compound
 Anamallu, a Brasil carminative shrub
 Anamix, confusedly mixed
 Anamnesis, recollection or remembrance
 Anamnesticæ, remedies for bad memory
 ————— signa, signs from memory
 Ananas, the pine apple; cardiac
 Anance, the force necessary to reduce a limb
 Anandreis, impotent; pure
 Anandroi, virgins
 Anandrus, unmanly
 Ananthocyclus, a plant with a crown-like flower
 Anapalin, on the opposite side
 Anapalindromesis, disease returning on the opposite side
 Anapausis, rest from labour, or disorder
 Anapetia, an expansion of vessels
 Anaphalantiasis, baldness of the eye-brows
 Anaphonesis, the exercise of loud talking
 Anaphora, spitting of blood
 Anaphoricos, a patient who spits blood
 Anaphoryxis, pulverizing
 Anaphra, stools that are not frothy
 Anaphrodisia, venereal impotence
 ————— gonorrhœica, venereal impotence from an involuntary discharge of semen
 ————— magica, venereal impotence from magical incantation

A N A

Anaphrodisia amariscis, venereal impotence from internal piles

———— a paralyti, venereal impotence from palsy

———— ab urethræ vitis, venereal impotence from a diseased urethra

Anaphromeli, clarified honey

Anaphrus, not frothy

Anaphyresis, a mixture

Anapinomia, absorption, or sucking up

Anaplasia, the cure of fractures

Anaplerosis, renovation of wasted parts

Anaplerotica, medicines renewing flesh

Anapleusis, exfoliation, or separation of a bone

Anapneusis, } breathing

Anapnoe, }

Anapodophyllon, the herb duck's foot

Anapsyxis, cooling

Anaptosis, a relapse

Anaptysis, anacatharsis

Anaptyssomia, extension

Anaristesis, the loss of a dinner

Anarma, the smallest particles of matter

Anarrhegnimia, } a fracture; the fresh open-

Anarrhexis, } ing of a wound

Anarrhinum, antirrhinum, or snapdragon

Anarrhæa, a discharge of humours from below upwards

Anarrhopia, anarrhegnimia

Anarthros, bloated with fat;

Anas, a duck, or drake

———— sylvestris, the wild duck and mallard

Anasarca, a soft, pale, inelastic swelling of the skin; a dropsy of the cellular membrane

———— ab adiapneustia, anasarca from suppressed perspiration

———— Americana, common anasarca

———— exanthemica, anasarca from suppressed eruptions

———— a febribus, anasarca from fevers

———— a fluxu, anasarca from fluxes

———— gravidarum, anasarca from pregnancy

———— hydropotarium, anasarca from too free use of watery liquids

———— hysterica, anasarca affecting hysterical women

———— metastatica, anasarca from suppressed evacuations

———— periodica, anasarca preceding the menstrual flux

A N C

Anasarca purulenta, anasarca from matter diffused in the cellular membrane

———— rachialgica, the swelling and paleness of ricketty children

———— urinosa, anasarca from suppressed urinary evacuation

Anasecoma, the restoring the equilibrium of the constitution

Anaspasis, a contraction of the stomach

Anaspongizatio, cleansing with a sponge

Anassytus, peculiar breathing as in hysteria

Anastaltica, styptic medicines

Anastasis, flying humour; convalescence

Anastoicheiosis, any elementary part of a body

Anastomasis, } dilatation of the mouths of

Anastomosis, } vessels; the inosculation, or union of vessels

Anastomotica, deobstruent remedies

Anatasis, an extension of the body upwards

Anates, a disease of the anus

Anathermænomia, the recovery of heat

Anathlasis, pressing out the moisture of a substance

Anatholosis, confusion of symptoms

Anathrepsis, renutrition after sickness

Anathron, anatron

Anathymiasis, evaporation

Anatica proportio, equal parts

Ana nia, anatomy; dissection with a view to discover the uses of parts

———— brutorum, } dissection of birds,

———— comparativa, } beasts, &c.

———— humana, dissection of the human body

———— medica, dissection to discover disease

Anatome, anatomia

Anatomicus, one who practises anatomy

Anatresis, trepanning

Anatribe, general friction

Anatripsis, friction or rubbing

Anatris, mercury

Anatron, soda, or mineral fixed alkali

Anatropa, } vomiting; indigestion

Anatrope, }

Anatrum, anatron

Anatum, an egg shell

Anaudia, catalepsia, dumbness

Anaudes, loss of speech but not of voice

Anaxyris, lapathum vulgare

Anblatum, orobanche, or the great toothwort

Anca, } the thigh

Ancha, }

A N D

Anceps, doubtful; a botanical term; two angled
Anche, the thigh bone
Anchilops, ægylops, or goat's eye
Anchoas, male ginger
Anchoia, the anchovy; esculent
Anchoralis, the coracoid process of the scapula
Anchusa, alkanet root; vermifuge
 ——— lutea, yellow alkanet root
Anchyle, a contracted, or stiffened joint
Anchyloblepharon, a growing together of the eyelids
Anchyloglossum, an accretion of the tongue to surrounding parts
Anchylomerisma, an accretion, or growing together, of soft parts
Anchylops, an incipient fistula lachrymalis
Anchylosis, a contracted, or stiffened joint
Anchynopsis, the ray grass
Anchyroides, anchoralis
Anci, those who have a distorted elbow
Anciromele, a hook formerly used by surgeons
Ancinar, borax
Ancistrum, anciromele
Ancon, the olecranon; upper end of the ulna
Anconæus externus,
 ——— internus, } muscles of the arm
 ——— major, } and elbow
 ——— minor, }
Ancora, calx, or lime
Ancoralis, anchoralis
Ancosa, gummi lac
Ancter, } a button to keep the edges of
Ancteras, } wounds together
Ancteriasmos, us, the operation of the button in keeping wounds closed
Ancubitus, a disease of the eyes with a sensation of sand
Ancunulenta, a menstruating woman
Ancus, stiff elbowed
Ancyle, an immoveable and contracted joint
Anchyloblepharon, anchyloblepharon
Ancyloglossus, tongue tied
Ancylomele, a crooked probe
Ancylosis, anchylosis
Ancylotomus, a crooked knife, or bistory
Ancyra, a book of surgery; penis
Ancyroides, anchoralis
Ancyromele, a crooked probe
Anda, a tree of Brasil; its fruit purgative
Andarac, red orpiment
Andea, steel that is easily fused

A N E

Andira, a tree of Brasil; vermifuge
Andrachne, arbutus andrachne
Andranatomia, } human dissection
Andranatome, }
Andraphax, } stinking orach
Andraphaxis, }
Andrapodocapelus, any one annointing and irritating the body
Andria, an hermaphrodite
Andrius, manly; any strong wine
Androcoetesis, coition; sodomy
Androdamas, a species of hæmatites
Androgenia, a succession of males
Androgyni, effeminate men; hermaphrodites
Andromania, nymphomania
Andronion, troches of copper cal ammoniac, alum, verdigris, and frankincense; a plaister
Androsace, sea navelwort; vermifuge
Androsaces, summer navelwort; diuretic 3ij
Androsæmum, tutsan, or allheal; laxative; dose 3ij
Androtomia, } anatomia
Androtome, }
Andrumesis, androcoetesis
Andsjuden, gummi assafoetida
Anebion, anchusa, or alkanet root
Anchus, young
Ancestus, incurable
Anecpyetus, not easily suppurating
Aneilema, } volvulus; colica spasmodica
Anemia, }
Anemius, windy
Anemometer, a wind dial
Anemone, anemone, or corn rose; detergent
 ——— hortensis, the garden anemone
 ——— nemerosa, } the wood, or meadow anemone
 ——— pratensis, }
Anemonoides, }
Anemonospermos, a flower of the Cape of Good Hope
Anencephalos, a monster without brain
Anenius, weak; innocent
Aneos, the loss of voice and reason
Anepicritus, weak minded
Anepithymia, loss of appetite
Aneric, } sulphur vivum
Anerit, }
Anesis, remission of disease
Anesum, anisum, or aniseed
Anethoxyla, the root of anethum gravecoleus
Anet, } the dill, or anet plant; seeds
Anethum, } antispasmodic; dose 3i
Anethum fœniculum, fœniculum vulgare

A N G

Anethum graveolens fructibus compressis,
 anethum, or stinking fennel
Anetica, medicines relieving pain
Aneticus, free from pain; remission of dis-
 ease; anodyne
Aneurisma, an aneurism; a dilatation, or
 rupture of the coats of an artery
 ——— *mistum*, a mixed aneurism; di-
 lation of an internal coat, the external
 having been ruptured or wounded
 ——— *præcordiorum*, aneurism in the
 heart, or large vessels near it
 ——— *spirium*, the false aneurism;
 rupture, or wound of an artery
 ——— *varicosum*, an artery wounded
 through a vein, so that the blood flows
 into the vein
 ——— *verum*, aneurisma, or true aneu-
 rism
Anexis, a swelling
Anfaka, coagulum
Anfian, opium
Anfiha, a tumour
An-fir filius, mercury
Anfractus, full of windings
Angiographia, } description of blood-ves-
Angiologia, } sels, nerves, glands, &c.
Angiotomia, bleeding, whether from ar-
 tery or vein; vascular dissection
Angiotomistus, a skilful dissector of blood
 vessels
Angelica, *archangelica*, garden angelica
 root; carminative; discutient
 ——— *arborescens spinosa christopho-*
riana
 ——— *canadensis trifolium*, a species of
 myrrhis
 ——— *montana perennis paludapii folio*,
 ligusticum, or common loveage
 ——— *pratensis apii folio*, oreoselinum
 ——— *sativa*, angelica archangelica
 ——— *sylvestris minor*, goutweed, or
 wort; antarthritic
Angelina, a tree of Malabar
Angelocalos, myrobalans, or purging Indian
 plums
Angelyn, andira
Angi, buboes, or tumours in the groin
Angiglossi, } those who stammer
Angiglossii, }
Angina, a quinsey; an inflammation of the
 throat
 ——— *aquosa*, the malignant sore throat;
 general anasarca

A N G

Angina epidemica, the malignant sore throat
 ——— *erysipelatos*, a sore throat, com-
 monly with scarlet eruption
 ——— *externa*, an inflammation of the pa-
 rotid glands; the mumps
 ——— *gangrænosa*, the malignant sore
 throat
 ——— *inflammatoria*, an inflammation of
 the throat
 ——— *infantum*, } the croup,
 ——— *interns*, } an ia-
 ——— *latens & difficilis*, } flamma-
 tory affection of the larynx
 ——— *lini*, withwind, a plant that creeps
 about flax
 ——— *maligna*, the malignant sore throat
 ——— *membranacea*, angina inflammatoria
infantum
 ——— *mucosa*, a sore throat with scarlet
 eruption
 ——— *oedematosa*, the malignant sore throat
 ——— *pectoris*, a disease of the heart
 ——— *perniciosa*, } names of the croup,
 ——— *polypesa*, } or inflammatory af-
 ——— *suffocativa*, } fection of the larynx
 ——— *ulcerosa*, the ulcerous, or malignant
 sore throat
Angiologia, *angeiologia*
Angiospermos, any plant having its seeds
 in a seed-vessel
Angolam, a very tall tree of Malabar; ver-
 misfuge
Angone, a species of chronic quinsy
Angor, intense bodily pain
Angos, a vessel; a collection of humours
Angsana, } a red gum, like that of *draconis*
Ansava, } arbor
Angu, the cassada, or West Indian bread-
 like root
Anguilla, the eel; its gall antirachitic
 ——— *torporifica*, the electric eel of South
 America
Anguillare, a species of *pimpinella*
Anguis, the snake; the fat alexipharmic
Anguis senecta, the cast skin of a serpent
Angularis, angular, or having corners
Angulatus, any plant beset with angles
Angulus, an angle, or corner
 ——— *acutus tibiæ*, the shin bone
 ——— *maxillæ inferioris*, the angle of the
 lower jaw
 ——— *oculi*, the canthus, or corner of
 the eye
Anguria, the water melon, or *citrullus*

ANI

Angustatio, straitness; anxiety; restlessness; a narrowness of the vessels
 Angustus, narrowed
 Angustia, angustatio
 Angusturæ cortex, tonic; roborant
 Angustifolius, having narrow leaves
 Angyospermos, angiospermos
 Anhaltina, medicines assisting respiration
 Anhelatio, disease of the breath without fever
 ———— oppressiva, difficult breathing with much oppression
 ———— suppressiva, difficult breathing with a sense of suffocation
 Anhelitus, a shortness of breath; panting; horse-dung; smoke
 Anhima, } a large aquatic bird of the crane
 Anhinga, } kind in Brasil; alexipharmic
 Anhuiba, sassafras
 Aniceton, plaister for scald head of litharge, alum, and turpentine
 Anicetum, aniseed, or anisum
 Anidros, }
 Anidrosis, } not disposed to sweat
 Anidrotus, }
 Anidrus, }
 Anil, indicum, or indigo
 Anilitas, dotage
 Anima, the thinking principle
 ———— aloes, refined aloes
 ———— articulorum, hermodactylus
 ———— brutalis, the blood
 ———— hepatis, sal martis
 ———— mundi, the universal principle of Plato
 ———— pulmonum, saffron
 ———— rhabarbari, the best rhubarb
 ———— saturni, preparation of lead
 ———— veneris, preparation of copper
 Animæ, the swim-bladders of fish
 Animal, a living, sensitive, locomotive body
 Animalculæ, animals visible only by glasses
 Animalculum, a minute animal
 Animalia, animals
 ———— amphibia, animals living both on land and in water
 ———— aquatica, animals living in the water
 ———— exsanguinea, animals without red blood, as shell fish
 ———— insecta, insects
 ———— mammalia, animals with breasts, as man, &c.
 ———— ovipara, animals laying eggs

ANO

Animalia rapacia, animals of prey
 ———— sanguinea, animals with red blood
 ———— terrestria, animals that live on the ground
 ———— bipedia, animals with two feet
 ———— quadrupedia, animals with four feet
 ———— reptilia, animals creeping
 ———— vivipara, animals that bear their young alive
 ———— volatilia, animals that fly
 Animatio, the commencement of life; an alchemical term
 Anime, the American gum anime
 Animella, small glands below the ears and jaws
 Animum, anime
 Animus, the mind, or soul
 Aninga, alienatus, insane; delirious; an aquatic plant; detergent
 Aniscalptor, a muscle of the back
 Aniso marathrum, shepherd's needle, or scandix
 Anisotachys, a quick and unequal pulse
 Anisum, the anise plant of Ægypt; seeds carminative
 ———— Africanum, } the galbanum
 ———— galbaniferum, } plant of Syria
 ———— Indicum, }
 ———— exoticum, } Indian, or starry
 ———— peregrinum, } anise of Tartary; stimulant
 ———— stellatum, }
 Anisus, unequal, applied to the pulse
 Annetestes, galenical physicians
 Annora, calcined egg-shells, or quick lime
 Annotatio, the earliest symptom of fever
 Annuentes musculi, muscles moving the head on the atlas
 Annuitio, the nodding in dozing
 Annularis, annular; like a ring
 Annulatus, used in botany for any thin investing membrane
 Annulus, a ring
 Annus, a year
 ———— amadin, longevity
 ———— philosophicus, a month
 Ano, upwards; emetic operation
 Anocathartica, emetics
 Anoecheilon, the upper lip
 Anochyrus, loose; flaccid
 Anodia, inaccuracy either in the description or treatment of a disease
 Anodmon, without smell
 Anodus, toothless; nutriment separated by the kidneys

A N T

Anodyna, drugs allaying pain, or producing sleep
 Anodynia, relief from pain; indolence
 Anodynum minerale, sal prunella
 Anodynum martiale, ferrum ammoniacale precipitated from water by kali
 Anœa, madness
 Anoia, stupidity
 Anomalous, irregular; uneven; anomalous
 Anomœomeres, discordant; heterogeneous
 Anomœos, dissimilar; viscid humours
 Anomphalos, wanting a navel
 Anona, the naseberry tree of the East Indies
 Anonas, the papaw tree of Bahama
 Anonis, the herb restharrow, or petty-whin; bark diuretic; 3i.
 Anonymos, without a name; the cricoid cartilage
 ——— Americana, mountain wild madder; deobstruent
 Anora, calcined egg-shells, or quick-lime
 Anorchides, those born without testicles
 Anorectus, having no appetite
 Anorexia, want of appetite
 Anorgismenus, any hard mass softened
 Anosia, freedom from disease
 Anosmia, a diminution, or loss of smell
 Anotasier, ammoniacal salt
 Anothén, upwards; an emetic
 Anpater, sulphur
 Ansava, the tree yielding dragon's blood
 Anser, a goose, or gander
 ——— domesticus, the tame goose
 ——— ferus, the wild goose
 Anserina, anserina, or wild tansey
 Ansjuden, assafoetida
 Antachates, substituted for the achates
 Antacida, antacids; remedies for sourness or acidity
 Antacrida, drugs correcting acrimony
 Antagonista, any counteracting muscle
 Antale, } any spiral, or vermicular shell
 Antalium, }
 Antalgicum, anodyne
 Antalcalinum, any drug correcting alkalescence
 Antaphrodisiacos, } medicines against the
 Antaphroditica, } venereal appetite
 Antapodosis, febrile exacerbation
 Antarthritica, remedies for gout
 Antasthmatica, remedies for asthma
 Antatrophon, remedy for consumption
 Ante, } before
 Antea, }

A N T

Antechesis, obstinate costiveness
 Antehac, hitherto; formerly; in past time
 Antelabium, the extremity of the lips
 Antelix, a prominence in the outer ear
 Anteluculo, before day
 Antemballomenos, succedaneum, or substitute
 Antembasis, a coalescence, or union of bone
 Antemeridianus, before noon
 Antemetica, remedies for vomiting
 Antendeixis, contra-indication
 Anteneasmus, } mania; attempting sui-
 Anteneasinum, } cide
 Antephialticus, remedy for incubus, or nightmare
 Antepileptica, remedies against epilepsy
 Antera, anthera
 Antereisis, unusual firmness of bone
 Anterior, before
 Anterit, mercury
 Anteros, amethystus
 Anthea, redness
 Anthalium, antalium
 Anthedon, a species of medlar
 Anthelix, a prominence on the outer ear
 Anthelmia, spigelia, or Indian pink
 Anthelmintica, remedies for worms
 Anthemis, chamæmelum vulgare
 ——— cotula, chamæmelum foetidum
 ——— nobilis, chamæmelum nobile
 ——— pyrethrum, pyrethrum, or pellitory of Spain
 Anthera, a compound named from its redness; a part of flowers containing the farina, or sperm
 Antherea, anthora, or wolfsbane
 Anthereon, the chin
 Anthericos, the flower, or stalk of the asphodel
 Anthericum, asphodelus luteus
 Antherophyllus, caryophyllus aromaticus
 Anthia, the sickle fish; fat cosmetic
 Anthines, medicated oils and wines
 Anthinus, flowery
 Anthologia, a discourse on the nature of flowers
 Anthonor, athanor
 Anthophyllus, caryophyllus aromaticus
 Anthora, wholesome wolfsbane, antidote for aconitum
 Anthos, a flower
 Anthosmias, sweet-scented wine
 Anthous, the alchemical golden elixir; rosemary

A N T

Anthracia, } a carbuncle; a malignant ul-
 Anthrocosia, } cer with intense burning,
 often a symptom in the plague
 Anthracites, slate; hæmatites, or blood-
 stone
 Anthracosis oculi, a scaly eating ulcer of
 the eye
 Anthrax, anthracia; a carbuncle
 Anthriscus, caucalis, or hedge parsley
 Anthrope, the human skin
 Anthropographia, description of man's struc-
 ture
 Anthropophagus, a cannibal, or man eater
 Anthropologia, the description of man
 Anthropometria, consideration of man as to
 weight and measure
 Anthropomorphos, mandragora, or mandrake
 root
 Anthropos, man
 Anthroposophia, the knowledge of man's
 structure and functions
 Anthyllis, auricula muris; mouse ear
 ——— leguminosa, kidney vetch; lady's
 finger
 ——— hirsuta, lady's finger
 ——— maritima alsines folio, sea chick-
 weed
 Anthypnotica, drugs preventing sleep
 Anthypochondriaca, remedies for low-spi-
 ritedness
 Anthysterica, remedies against hysteria
 Antiades, the tonsils; the mumps
 Antiagri, tumours of the tonsils
 Anticachectica, medicines against cachexy
 Antiarthritica, antarthritica
 Antias, antiades
 Anticadmia, cadmia, or calamina
 Anticar, borax
 Anticardium, the pit of the stomach
 Anticatarrhalia, medicines against catarrh
 Anticausotica, remedies for fever
 Antichachectica, medicines against a weak-
 ened habit of body
 Anticheir, the thumb
 Anticipans, } the attack of fevers before
 Anticipatio, } the usual time
 Anticnemion, the shin bone
 Anticolica, remedies against colic
 Anticontosis, a crutch, or staff
 Anticus, the forepart
 ——— peronæus, a muscle of the leg
 ——— serratus minor, a muscle of the
 scapula
 ——— fibialis, a muscle of the leg

A N T

Antidiastole, diagnosis
 Antidinica, medicines against vertigo
 Antidotarium, a book of antidotes; a dis-
 pensary
 Antidotum, } a remedy for disease; the
 Antidotus, } philosopher's stone
 ——— diascinci, mithridatium
 ——— ex duobus centauræ generibus,
 pulvis ducis Portlandi
 Antidysenterica, medicines against dysentery
 Antifebrilia, medicines against fever
 Antifides, the calces of metals
 Antihectica, remedies for hectic fever
 Antihecticum Poterii, antimonium joviale
 Antihelix, a prominence in the outer ear
 Antihysterica, medicines against hysterics
 Antilepsis, securing bandages from slipping
 Antilobium, part of the ear opposite the lobe
 Antilogia, contradiction in symptoms
 Antiloimica, remedies for the plague
 Antilopus, the African gazell, or antelope;
 horns and hoof antiepileptic
 Antilyssus, any remedy for the bite of a
 mad dog
 Antimonii butyrum, causticum antimoniale
 ——— calx, } crude antimony
 ——— nitrata, } calcined with
 nitre
 ——— dulcis, washed calx of an-
 timony
 ——— illota, unwashed calx of
 antimony
 ——— cerussa, regulus of antimony cal-
 cined with nitre
 ——— cinnabar, mercury and sulphur
 of antimony
 ——— clusus, antimony, nitre, and
 sulphur deflagrated
 ——— crocus, antimony calcined with
 nitre and sea salt
 ——— lotus, crocus antimonii
 washed
 ——— medicinalis, antimony
 calcined with one-eighth nitre
 ——— mitior, antimony calcin-
 ed with one-third nitre
 ——— cum sale ammoniaco, antimony
 and sal ammoniac sublimed
 ——— essentia, vinum antimoniale
 ——— flores, sublimed crude antimony
 ——— hepar, antimony calcined and
 fused
 ——— mitissimum, antimony fus-
 ed with alkali

A N T

Antimonii magisterium, antimony dissolved in aqua regia, and precipitated by water
 ——— oleum, causticum antimoniale
 ——— panacea, sulphur antimonii precipitatum
 ——— preparatio, levigated crude antimony
 ——— pulvis, emetic tartar and testacea
 ——— regulus, antimony deprived of its sulphur
 ——— martialis, antimony and iron united by fusion
 ——— philosophorum, regulus of antimony
 ——— stellatus, antimonii regulus martialis
 ——— medicinalis, antimony fused with nitre
 ——— rubicunda magnesia, antimony, nitre, and calcined sea salt
 ——— sal, antimonial salt; tartar emetic
 ——— scoria, the dross of antimony
 ——— spiritus, weak spirit of sulphur
 ——— sulphur auratum, antimony united to an acid
 ——— precipitatum, precipitated sulphur of antimony
 ——— reguli succineum, amber-coloured sulphur of regulus of antimony
 ——— tinctura, antimony digested with alkali and rectified spirit
 ——— acris, a preparation of antimony and iron
 ——— vinum, vinum antimoniale
 ——— tartarizatum, solution of emetic tartar in white wine
 ——— vitrum, vitrum antimonii
 ——— ceratum, glass of antimony melted with wax
 Antimonium, antimony; a semi-metal
 ——— calcareo-phosphoratum, antimony calcined with ivory shavings
 ——— calcinatum, calx antimonii
 ——— catharticum, the residuum of distilled antimony and vitriolic acid, washed and mixed with natron and vitriolated tartar
 ——— crudum, native antimony melted into cones
 ——— diaphoreticum, antimonii calx
 ——— illotum, antimonii calx illota
 ——— joviale, antimony and tin

A N T

Antimonium diaphoreticum lotum, washed calx of antimony
 ——— nitratum, calx antimonii
 ——— muriatum, butyrum antimonii
 ——— nitratum, calx antimonii
 ——— præparatum, powder of crude antimony
 ——— resuscitatum, flores antimonii digested in vinegar
 ——— sulphuratum, sulphur antimonii præcipitatum
 ——— tartarizatum, tartar emetic
 ——— ustum cum nitro, P. E. calx antimonii nitrata
 ——— vitrificatum, vitrum antimonii
 ——— vitriolatum, crude antimony and vitriolic acid
 Antimoron, an antidote against death
 Antinephritica, remedies for disease of the kidney
 Antiparalytica, remedies for palsy
 Antipathes, corallium nigrum
 Antipatheia, antipathy, or aversion
 Antiperistalticus, inverted motion of the intestines
 Antiperistasis, an opposing pressure
 Antipharmacum, a preservative, or remedy
 Antiphates, corallium nigrum, or black coral
 Antiphlogistica, means reducing the strength and heat
 Antiphthisica, remedies for consumption
 ——— tinctura, a tincture of lead
 Antiphthora, a species of wolfsbane; antiseptic
 Antiphysica, remedies for flatulence
 Antiphyson, magnet, or load-stone
 Antipleuriticum, a remedy for pleurisy
 Antipodagrica, remedies for gout
 Antipodagricum balsamum, balsamum anodynum
 Antipodes, the inhabitants of opposite surfaces of the earth
 Antipoiesis, a remedy, or cure
 Antipraxia, unconnected and contrary symptoms
 Antipsorica, remedies against itch
 Antipyreta, antipraxia
 Antipyreticon, } remedy against fever
 Antipyretion, }
 Antiquartanarium, } remedy for quartan
 Antiquartium, } ague; bark
 Antiquus, ancient; old; chronic

A N Y

Antirrhinum, the herb snap-dragon; calf's-snout; anti-icteric
Antirrhope, inclination to an opposite part
Antiscolica, remedies against worms
Antiscorbutica, remedies against scurvy
Antiscorodon, *allium cyprium*, or bastard garlic
Antisecosis, proper proportion of food
Antiseptica, means obviating putridity
Antispasis, revulsion of the fluids
Antispasmodicum, remedy against spasm
Antispasticon, any revulsive medicine
Antistathmes, *antisecosis*
Antisternum, the space between the scapulae
Antisterigma, any support to a weak part
Antitasis, an opposite extension, or situation of parts
Antithenar, a muscle of the thumb; also of the great toe
Antithora, *anthora*, or wolfsbane
Antitoxica, remedies against poison
Antitragus, a part of the external ear
Antitypus, *renisus antitypus*
Antivenerea, remedies against the venereal disease
Antizeumica, } means obviating fermenta-
Antizymica, } tion
Antonii Sancti ignis, St. Anthony's fire; erysipelas
Antonomastica, cochleæ, particularly snails
Antophyllon, } *caryophyllus*
Antophyllus, }
Antrax, a carbuncle; a burning sore
Antriscus, *anthriscus*, or chervil herb
Antrum, a cave, or cavity
 — *buccinosum*, the labyrinth of the ear
 — *genæ highmorianum magnum*, a sinus of the upper jaw bone
 — *pylori*, a cavity at the bottom of the pylorus
Antylon, an astringent drug
Anucar, borax
Anus, the hinder opening in a monopetalous flower; a part in the brain; the end of the rectum
 — *imperforatus*, the want of a natural anus
Anxietas, uneasiness; anxiety
Anydricn, a species of nightshade
Anyperbletus, unconquerable
Anypeuthynus, any accidental morbid occurrence

A P E

Aoclesia, relief from pain
Aocnia, energy; activity
Aoncon, an injury without swelling
Aornus, any very noxious atmosphere
Aorta, the great artery of the heart
 — *ascendens*, a division of the aorta conveying the blood upwards
 — *descendens*, a division of the aorta conveying the blood downwards
Aortra, the trachea, or windpipe
Aovara, a fruit, produce of a palm growing in Africa
Apagma, the displaying a bone, or other part
Apalachine gallis, the herb cassiny
Apallage, a favourable change in a disease
Apanchomenus, strangled
Apantes, the consequence of disease
Apanthismus, the capillary veins
Apanthropia, the desire for solitude
Apantoma, the consequence of disease
Aparachytum vinum, pure wine
Aparaqua, the Brazilian briony
Aparasceuasias, any defective medical apparatus
Aparegoretos, void of relief
Aparine, goose grass; clivers; hayriff; diuretic
 — *latifolia*, the herb aperine; wood-rew
Apates, any animal part that is suspended
Aparthrosis, *abarticulatio*
Aparti, any thing well performed
Apartisis, any complete connection between parts
Aparysis, the drawing off bad humours
Apate, quackery; imposition
Apathes, the unfeeling
Apathia, *apathy*; a want of feeling
Apechema, a contra fissure, or fracture; an echo
Apeiba Brasiliensis, a Brasil tree
Apeirolis, } inexperienced
Apeirus, }
Apeithia, opposition of a patient to rules
Apella, a contracted prepuce
Apempeosis, the sale of quack medicines
Apen, an Indian bread
Apensalus, a narrow-necked bottle
Apepsia, defective digestion
Apepton, undigested; crude
Aper, the boar
Apereuxis, bringing up wind; belching
Aperiens, opening; deobstruent; a muscle of the eyelids

A P H

Aperiens os, a muscle of the mouth
 ——— palpebrarum rectus, a muscle of the eyelid
 Aperientia, deobstruent medicines
 Aperientes radices majores, the 5 greater opening roots, as smallage, fennel, asparagus, parsley, and butcher's broom
 ——— minores, the 5 lesser opening roots, as grass, madder, eryngo, capers, and chammeoc
 Aperistaton, any old callous ulcer
 Aperittos, food affording little faeces
 Apertor oculi, a muscle raising the upper eyelid
 Apertura, an opening, or mouth
 Apertus, open
 Apes, bees
 Apetali, Tournefort's fifteenth botanical class, having no corolla
 Apetalus flos, any flower having no petals
 Apeuthysmenos, the rectum, or straight gut
 Apex, the top, or summit
 Aphaca, the herb yellow vetchlin
 ——— angustioris folii, dandelion
 Aphærema, a kind of meal
 Aphæresis, the removal of any thing medicinally
 Aphanismus, the gradually decay of disease
 Aphassiomenos, tactus
 Aphebioc, sulphur
 Aphelicerteros, one past the meridian of life
 Aphepsema, any decoction
 Aphesis, the remission, or termination of disease
 Aphilanthropia, first stage of melancholy
 Aphistesis, an abscess
 Aphlegmanton, void of phlegm
 Aphiocem, a composition of flour and buds of hemp
 Aphodos, excrement
 Aphoni, those affected with coma, or sleepiness
 Aphonia, catalepsy; a palsy of the tongue; loss of voice
 Aphoretus, vehement; applied to fever
 Aphorismus, aphorism; definition, or general rule
 Aphorme, any cause of disease
 Aphrainus, an insane person
 Aphrodes, frothy; blood and excrement
 Aphrodisia, } venereal pleasure; pu-
 Aphrodisiasmus, } berty
 Aphrodisiaca, provocatives to venery
 Aphrodisiasticon clidion, a species of lozenge

A P N

Aphrodisius morbus, lues venerea
 Aphroditarium, a powder of frankincense, &c. for venereal ulcers
 Aphrogala, a frothed preparation of milk
 Aphrolitrum, the froth of nitre; natron
 Aphron, a species of wild poppy; froth
 Aphronitrum, the froth of nitre; natron
 Aphrontistesis, negligence in compounding medicines
 Aphros, froth; scum
 Aphroscorodon, a species of garlic
 Aphrosclenos, a precious stone like froth
 Aphrosyne, dotage; folly; childishness
 Aphrothynum, sulphur
 Aphthæ, the thrush; ulcers in the mouth and fauces
 ——— serpentes, deep ulcers in the mouth
 Aphthartus, incorruptible
 Aphthosa, appertaining to aphthæ
 Aphyæ, the anchovy
 Aphyllantes, a species of daisy
 Aphyllon, the herb great toothwort
 Aphysus, not productive of wind
 Aphytacoires, trees supposed to produce amber
 Apiaria, the jessamine
 Apiaster, the bird called bee-eater
 Apiastrum, melissa, or baum
 Apices, the antheræ of flowers; tops
 Apiites, apites
 Apinel, a root, preventive of the bite of snakes
 Apios, a pear tree; a species of spurge
 Apionta, the natural evacuations
 Apis, the bee
 Apites, the juice of pears; perry
 Apium, smallage, or parsley
 ——— hortense, common parsley; diuretic; carminative
 ——— dulce, sweet parsley
 ——— heleoselinum, marsh smallage
 ——— Macedonicum, Macedonian parsley
 ——— palustre, marsh parsley
 ——— Pyreniacum thaspiæ, mountain parsley
 ——— selinum, stone parsley
 ——— sativum, celery
 ——— sylvestre, wild parsley
 Aplestia, bulimia
 Apleurus, wanting ribs
 Aplytos, unwashed wool
 Apneustia, } defective respiration; stertor
 Apnceæ, } apoplectic
 Apnus, scarcely perceptible respiration

A P O

Apobænum, the principle of a prognosis
 Apobamma, a ferruginous tincture
 Apobrasma, bran, or froth
 Apobregma, dilution of strong fluids
 Apocapnismus, fumigation
 Apocarpasum, a poison resembling myrrh in appearance
 Apocartereus, emaciation from abstinence
 Apocatastasis, the subsiding of urine, or a tumour
 Apocatastasis, a renovation, or recovery
 Apocatharsis, a purging off
 Apocaulizesis, a cross fracture
 Apocenos, discharge of peccant humours
 Apocenosés, any increased excretions
 Apoceaculismenon, a fracture near a joint
 Apocerigma, notice to a patient of his danger
 Apochopema, a contra fissure; an echo
 Apochoreum, any excrementitious matter
 Apochremma, } expectorated mucus
 Apochrempsis, }
 Apochylisma, rob, or fruit jelly
 Apochyma, pitch scraped from ships
 Apoclasma, the displacing a bone, or other part
 Apocleisis, a loathing of food
 Apoconchizatio, placing any thing in a shell to preserve it
 Apocopi, eunuchs; castrated men
 Apocrisis, } carrying off superfluous hu-
 Apocrisia, } mours
 Apocrusticon, any astringent remedy
 Apocyesis, the birth of a child
 Apocyma, a composition of bees-wax and pitch
 Apocynon, a bone of a frog, formerly thought medicinal; the herb dogsbane
 Apocynum, the herb swallow-wort
 ————— trifolium Indicum, the poison tree
 Apocyrtumenus, the apex of a phlegmon
 Apodacrytica, medicines promoting tears
 Apodes, birds with very short legs
 Apodeixis, a demonstration of facts
 Apodyterium, a private room at the baths
 Apœum, insipid; having no sensible qualities
 Apogæi, land winds
 Apogalactismus, weaning a child
 Apogeusia, depraved taste
 Apogeusis, loss of taste
 Apoginomesis, remission of disease
 Apoglaucosis, a cataract of the eye
 Apogonum, the living embryo

A P O

Apolausis, full bodily and mental health
 Apolepsia alexicacon, a filtering stone
 Apolepsis, suppressed evacuation
 Apolexis, decay of strength from old age
 Apolinosis, method of curing fistulæ by raw flax
 Apollinaris, nightshade, or henbane
 Apolysis, release from inconvenience
 Apomagna, clothes used in dressing wounds, &c.
 Apomathema, forgetfulness
 Apomeli, a kind of oxymel; a sweet liquor
 Apomylesis, chewing the food
 Apomyttosis, a tremor of the whole body with sonorous respiration
 Apona, medicines that do not give pain
 Aponenœmenus, having aversion to any thing
 Aponeurosis, the tendinous expansion of muscles
 Aponeuroticus musculus, a muscle of the thigh
 Aponia, the absence of pain
 Aponitrosis, sprinkling an ulcer with nitre
 Apopallesis, } throwing off; the expulsion
 Apopalsis, } of any body; abortion
 Apopartheneusis, deflowering a virgin
 Apopatema, } the voiding excrement
 Apopatesis, }
 Apopedasis, dislocation of a joint from debility
 Apopheuxis, escape from dangerous disease
 Apophlegmasia, discharge of phlegm
 Apophlegmatica, apophlegmatizantia
 Apophlegmatismus, discharge of phlegm from the head
 Apophlegmatizantia, medicines discharging phlegm from the head
 Apophrades, fatal critical days
 Apophraxis, suppressed menses
 Apophtharma, medicines producing abortion
 Apophthegma, apothegma
 Apophthora, an abortion
 Apophyades, ramified veins and arteries
 Apophyas, an appendage; a processor apophysis
 Apophyses mamillares, the beginning of the olfactory nerve
 Apophysis, the projecting soft end of a bone
 ————— mamillaris, processus mastoi-
 ————— dæus
 ————— raviana, } a process of the mal-
 ————— gracilis, } lus bone of the
 ————— ear

A P O

Apopiesma, any expulsion of matter by pressure
Apoplanesis, drawing blood from veins unskillfully
Apoplecta, the internal jugular vein
Apoplectica, remedies for apoplexy
 ————— *arteriæ, carotidæ arteriæ*
Apoplecticæ venæ, the jugular veins
Apoplecticus, affected with apoplexy
Apoplexia, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion
 ————— *arthritica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from gout
 ————— *atrabiliiaria*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion in melancholic habits
 ————— *cataleptica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion combined with catalepsis
 ————— *epileptica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from epilepsy
 ————— *flatulenta*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from flatulence
 ————— *febricosa*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from intermittent fever
 ————— *hydrocephalica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from water in the head
 ————— *hysterica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from hysterical causes
 ————— *inflammatoria*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from inflammation in the head
 ————— *mentalis*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from passion
 ————— *mephitica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from noxious vapours
 ————— *metastatica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from translated disease
 ————— *pituitosa*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from serous effusion
 ————— *sanguinea*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from fulness of blood, or effusion
 ————— *serosa*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from serous effusion
 ————— *suspiriosa*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion accompanied with sighing

A P O

Apoplexia temulenta, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from drunkenness
 ————— *traumatica*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from wounds
 ————— *venenata*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from poison
 ————— *verminosa*, a suspension of sense and voluntary motion from worms
Apopnixis, difficult respiration
Apopsopthesis, passing wind from the anus, or womb
Apopsychia, severe and frequent fainting
Apoptosis, falling down from relaxation
Apopytixis, a spitting of humours
Aporexis, an exercise with balls
Aporia, febrile anxiety
Aporrhaides, shell-fish with prickles
Aporrhipsis, an insane dislike to clothes
Aporrhœa, contagious effluvia
Apos, the bird called the martin
Aposcemma, the descent of humours
Aposceparnismus, a fracture with loss of substance
Apocepsis, aposcemma
Aposchasis, { scarification
Aposchasmus, {
Apositia, a loathing of food
Aposmilemma, drawing any thing to a point
Apospasma, solution of continuity
Aposphacelisis, mortification from tight bandage
Aposphage, suffocation
Aposphagma, blood, or residua, received into a basin
Aposphinxis, ligature, or bandaging
Apospongismus, cleansing with a sponge
Apostagma, { the sweet, fresh juice of
Apostalagma, { grapes
Apostasis, the throwing off exfoliated bone; the various solution of disease
Apostaxis, a defluxion of humours
Apostema, an abscess
Apostematizatio, discharging pus by stool
Apostematio, impostemation, or abscess
Aposterigma, a rest for a diseased part; a cushion
Apostolorum unguentum, ointment of twelve ingredients; turpentine, resin, wax, &c.
Apostracus, any bone having its vessels dried up
Apostrophe, an aversion to food
Aposychia, syncope, or fainting
Aposymbecota, signs of the increase and decrease of disease

A P P

Aposyringesis, a sore becoming fistulous
 Aposyrma, an abrasion, or loss of skin
 Apotaneusis, the elongation of any substance
 Apotelmesis, evacuation of fæces
 Apotheca, a place where medicines are sold;
 a gallipot
 Apothecarius, a person who prepares drugs
 Apothegma, a standing rule; a maxim
 Apotherapeia, a cure; a species of exercise
 Apotherapeutica, the healing part of medicine
 Apothermum, a strong pickle of vinegar,
 mustard, and oil
 Apothesis, the reduction of a dislocated bone
 Apothlimma, the expressed juice of a plant
 Apothrausis, the removal of splinters
 Apotocos, abortive
 Apotragohogon, gum labdanum
 Apotrepis, resolution of a suppurating humour
 Apotropœa, } amulet, or charm
 Apotropaia, }
 Apoxe, } any part of the body ending in
 Apoxera, } a point
 Apozema, a decoction
 ——— aperiens, a decoction of rhubarb,
 madder, and salt of tartar
 Apozeuxis, a separation of morbid parts
 Apozymos, fermented
 Apparatus, surgical, or chemical instruments
 ——— altus, cutting for the stone above
 the pubis
 ——— magnus, }
 ——— major, } cutting for the stone
 ——— minor, } in the perinæum
 Appendices musculosæ diaphragmatis, muscular
 appendages of the diaphragm
 Appendicula cæci, } an excrescence
 ——— vermiformis, } from the cœcum
 coli like a worm
 Appendiculæ epiploicæ, elongations of the
 peritonæum covering the intestines
 Appendix, any thing attached; apophysis
 Appensa, medicines hung on the body, as
 necklaces, &c.
 Appensio, the proper suspension of a broken
 arm
 Appetentia, } appetite, or the desire for
 Appetitus, } food
 ——— caninus, an immoderate appetite
 Applicare, to apply
 Appluda, chaff
 Appositorium, a glass vessel connecting
 the retort and receiver

A Q U

Apprehensio, catalepsia
 Apprehensorium, a mode of securing band-
 ages
 Appropriatio, application of local remedies
 Approximatio, communication of disease by
 contact
 Appulsus, a species of articulation
 Apronia, black briony
 Aproxis, an herb taking fire at a distance
 Apsinthatum, a bitter drink
 Apsirrhous, flowing backwards
 Apsychia, fainting
 Apsyrtus, tussilago, or horehound
 Aptystos, a want of expectoration
 Apua, the anchovy fish
 Apuloticus, a drying topical remedy
 Apyetos, a tumor that will not suppurate
 Apyrenomele, a probe having no button
 Apyrexia, remission of fever
 Apyrina, the currant vine without kernels
 Apyromele, a probe having no button
 Apyron, sulphur vivum; Æthiop's mineral
 Apyrosus, any body unchangeable by fire
 Apyrothium, sulphur vivum
 Aqua, water
 ——— absinthii, }
 ——— absinthites, } wormwood water
 ——— æruginis ammoniatæ, P. E. aqua
 sappharina
 ——— alexiteria simplex, spearmint, sea
 wormwood, and angelica distilled with
 water
 ——— ——— spirituosa, spearmint, sea
 wormwood, and angelica distilled with
 spirit
 ——— ——— ——— cum aceto, spear-
 mint, sea wormwood, and angelica dis-
 tilled with spirit, water, and vinegar
 ——— aluminis composita, alum and vi-
 triolated zinc dissolved in boiling water
 ——— ammoniæ, sal ammoniac distilled
 with potash and water
 ——— ——— acetatæ, spiritus Mindereri
 ——— ——— causticæ, P. E. } spiritus
 ——— ——— puræ, } salis
 ammoniaci with quick-lime
 ——— aluminosa, corrosive mercury, alum,
 and water
 ——— ——— bateana, aqua aluminis
 composita
 ——— anethi seminum, dill seed water;
 carminative
 ——— angelicæ, angelica water
 ——— anhaltina, turpentine, olibanum,

AQU

aloes, and spices digested in spirits of wine
 Aqua anisi composita, spiritus anisi compositus
 — antivenerealis preservativa, a solution of caustic alkali
 — argentea, quicksilver
 — aromatica, cinnamon, lemon peel, mace, &c.
 — astricta, frozen water
 — aurantiorum corticum simplex, Seville orange peel distilled with water
 — — — — — spirituosus, the above distilled with weak spirit of wine
 — benedicta, lime water
 — bryoniæ composita, compound bryony water
 — bulliens, boiling water
 — calcis simplex, lime dissolved in water
 — composita, lime water with sassafras, nutmegs, and liquorice
 — magis composita, lime water with guaiacum, liquorice, sassafras, and coriander
 — minus composita, lime water with liquorice and sassafras
 — cardamomi, cardamoms in weak spirit of wine
 — cardui, infusion of the blessed thistle
 — carui seminum caraway seed in proof spirit
 — castorei, castor water
 — ca apultarum, aqua vulneraria
 — cerasorum nigrorum, black cherry water
 — chamæmeli, chamomile water
 — chrysulca, a kind of aqua regia
 — cinnamomi simplex, simple cinnamon water
 — citrina, distillation of orange and lemon peel in alcohol
 — — — — — spirituosus, spirituous cinnamon water
 — corticis aurantiorum, P. E. orange peel water
 — cassiæ lignæ, P. E. cassia bark water
 — limonum, P. E. lemon peel water
 — cupri ammoniati, P. L. aqua sapphirina
 — vitriolati composita, aqua styptica
 — distillata, distilled water

AQU

Aqua epidemica, plague water; masterwort, angelica, and elder flowers
 — fervens, hot, or boiling water
 — ferrata, water impregnated with iron; forge water
 — fœniculi, fennel water
 — fluvialis, river water
 — fontana, } fountain water, or spring
 — fontis, } water
 — fortis, nitre distilled with green vitriol
 — composita, aquafortis distilled with sea salt
 — duplex, calcined green vitriol and clay distilled with nitre
 — simplex, calcined green vitriol and nitre distilled
 — fructus pimentæ, P. E. pimento water
 — hordeata, barley water
 — Hungarica, Hungary water
 — hyssopi, hyssop water; discutient
 — intercus, anasarca
 — juniperi composita, spiritus juniperi compositus
 — kali, }
 — præparati, } lixivium tartari
 — puri, kali boiled with lime
 — lactis alexiteria, meadow sweet, carduus benedictus, goat's rue, mint, wormwood, rue, and angelica distilled in milk
 — liberans, aqua calcis magis composita
 — lithargyri acetati, lithargyrites
 — lixivii caustica, P. E. lixivium causticum
 — marina, sea water; a pint contains 10 parts of calcareous earth, 12 of pure sea salt, 40 of a bitter salt, and a small quantity of oil
 — melissæ, baum water
 — composita, baum and spices distilled in spirit of wine
 — menthæ piperitidis simplex, simple peppermint water
 — — — — — sativæ spirituosus, spiritus menthæ piperitidis
 — — — — — simplex, simple mint water
 — — — — — spirituosus, spiritus menthæ sativæ
 — — — — — vulgaris, common mint water
 — mirabilis, aqua aromatica
 — mulsa, hydromelon
 — naphæ, orange flower water

AQU

- Aqua nephritica, } snow water
- nivalis, }
- nucis moschatæ, spiritus nucis moschatæ
- odorifera, coriander, honey, clover, &c. in brandy
- omnium florum, distilled water of cow-dung
- ophthalmica, white vitriol and camphor in water
- pæoniæ composita, peony, valerian, lavender, &c. in brandy
- petroselinæ, parsley water
- phagedenica, lime water and corrosive sublimate
- picea, tar water
- piperis Jamaicensis, Jamaica pepper water
- — — — — spirituosæ, Jamaica pepper and proof spirit
- pluviatilis, rain water
- pugilum, a kind of aqua regia
- pulegii simplex, simple pennyroyal water; emmenagogue
- — — — — spirituosæ, spiritus pulegii
- pura, pure, or distilled water
- rabelliana, vitriolic acid digested with spirit of wine
- raphani composita, spiritus raphani compositus
- regia, a mixture of nitrous and muriatic acids, so called from its being the only solvent of gold
- reginæ Hungariæ, rosemary tops and proof spirits
- rosarum damascenarum, damask rose water
- rutæ, rue water
- sabinæ, savin water
- salis, circulatum
- sambuci florum, elder flower water
- sapphirina, lime water, sal ammoniac and verdigris
- sclopetaria, aqua vulneraria
- serpylli, water of wild thyme
- sodacea, soda water; water with carbonic acid and soda
- stygia, a kind of aqua regia
- styptica, blue vitriol, alum, and water
- sulphurata, water impregnated with gas sulphuris
- tartarea, a distillation of antimony, nitre, and tartar
- tepida, warm water
- theriacalis, treacle water

AQU

- — — — — bezogidica, } chylostagma
- — — — — composita, }
- valerianæ composita, wild valerian, lovage, pennyroyal, and savin in brandy
- vitriolica cærulea, blue vitriol, alum, vitriolic acid, and water
- — — — — camphorata, white vitriol, camphor, and boiling water
- vulneraria, arquebusade; a French wash, for gun-shot wounds, of comfrey, agrimony, wormwood, tobacco, and zo others
- zinci vitriolati cum camphora, aqua vitriolica camphorata
- Aqualiculus, } the pubes
- Aqualicus, }
- Aquatium, diluted with water
- Aquaticus, } of, or belonging to water
- Aquatilis, }
- Aquæductus fallopii, a bony canal in the ear
- Aquæ albulæ, aluminous waters of Italy; astringent
- alkalinae, alkaline waters
- aluminosæ, mineral waters containing alum
- catharticae amaræ, bitter purging waters
- chalybeatæ, chalybeate, or steel waters
- compositæ, compound waters
- cretaceæ, chalk, or lime waters
- cupreæ, coppery waters
- medicinales, medicinal waters
- medicatæ, medicated waters
- minerales, mineral waters; water impregnated with mineral substances
- — — — — Aberbrothick, ch. lybeate
- — — — — Acton, Glauber's salt with sea salt
- — — — — Aix la Chapelle, greatest heat 136; sulphur with kali
- — — — — Alkerton, } Glauber's salt
- — — — — Aisford, } with sea salt
- — — — — Anaduff, Irish, } sulphur
- — — — — Antonia, Ger- } with kali,
- — — — — man, } sea salt,
- — — — — Appaloo, Irish, } and cal-
- — — — — Ashwood, Irish, } carcous
- — — — — earth
- — — — — Asheron, sulphur with Glauber's salt
- — — — — Astrope, } steel and
- — — — — Aswawarby, } Glau-
- — — — — Athlone, Irish, } ber's salt

A Q U

Aquæ minerales Aylesham, steel
 ————— Bagnige, Glauber's salt
 with sea salt and steel
 ————— Ball, a simple earth
 ————— Ball Bandwell, Glauber and
 sea salts
 ————— Ballynahinch, Irish, steel
 with a sulphur smell
 ————— Ballymastroch, Irish, cop-
 pery
 ————— Barnet, Glauber and sea salt
 ————— Ballyspellan, Irish, } steel
 ————— Bally Castle, Irish, }
 ————— Barrowdale, calcareous earth
 and sea salt
 ————— Bath, greatest heat 114;
 steel with sea salt, Glauber's salt, sole-
 nite, and calcareous earth; diuretic, dia-
 phoretic, and tonic; dose two or three
 pints daily
 ————— Birmingham, steel
 ————— Birceley, steel and sea
 salt
 ————— Bilton, sulphur and kali
 ————— Braughton, sulphur and
 sea salt
 ————— Brentwood, Glauber and
 sea salts
 ————— Bristol, greatest heat 84;
 an earth
 ————— Broseley, a fossil oil
 ————— Bournley, { steel and
 ————— Burlington, { Glauber's
 salt
 ————— Buglawton, sulphur and
 Glauber's salt
 ————— Buxton, steel, sea salt, and
 earth; greatest heat 94
 ————— Cannock, steel
 ————— Cawley, sulphur and Glau-
 ber's salt
 ————— Carrickfergus, Irish, salt
 spring with Glauber's salt
 ————— Cashmoor, Irish, martial
 vitriol
 ————— Carlton, steel
 ————— Cawthorp, steel and sea salt
 ————— Cartmel, salt spring with
 Glauber's salt
 ————— Carrickmoore, Irish, } soda,
 ————— Cape Clare, Irish, } cal-
 careous earth, and Glauber's salt
 ————— Cargyrle, salt spring with
 Glauber's salt

A Q U

Aquæ minerales, Cave in Fife, Scotch, a sim-
 ple earth
 ————— Castle Maign, steel and
 sulphur
 ————— Castle Conuel, Irish, steel
 and sea salt
 ————— Chadlington, sulphur and
 kali
 ————— Cheltenham, steel and Glau-
 ber's salt
 ————— Chinkwell, a simple earth
 ————— Chippenham, steel and sea
 salt
 ————— Clifton, soda and selenite;
 laxative
 ————— Crickle Span, sulphur and
 sea salt
 ————— Cronebaun, Irish, coppery
 ————— Cross Town, Irish, martial
 vitriol
 ————— Cobham, steel and sea salt
 ————— Codsallwood, sulphur and
 Glauber's salt
 ————— Colchester, Glauber and
 sea salt
 ————— Colurian, steel
 ————— Coolauran, Irish, steel
 ————— Coventry, steel and Glau-
 ber's salt
 ————— Comner, Glauber's and sea
 salts
 ————— Cunley House, } sulphur
 ————— Croft, } and Glau-
 ber's salt
 ————— Deddington, steel and sul-
 phur
 ————— Derby, steel and sea salt
 ————— Derrindaff, sulphur and
 Glauber's salt
 ————— Derryhence, } Irish, sulphur
 ————— Derrylester, } and kali
 ————— Drigwell, steel and sulphur
 ————— Drumasnave, Irish, } sul-
 ————— Drungoon, Irish } phur
 and kali
 ————— Dog and Duck, Glauber
 and sea salts
 ————— Dortshile, salt spring with
 Glauber's salt
 ————— Doder, a simple earth
 ————— Dublin, Irish, salt spring
 with Glauber's salt
 ————— Dulwich, Glauber and sea
 salt

A N A

Aquæ minerales, Durham, sulphur with sea salt
 ————— Dunnard, steel
 ————— Dunse, steel and sea salt
 ————— Epsom, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Fairburn, Glauber's salt with absorbent and calcareous earth
 ————— Felstead, steel
 ————— Filah, steel and sea salt
 ————— Galway, Irish, steel and sea salt
 ————— Gainsborough, steel and sulphur
 ————— Gerousterre, steel with kali; one of the springs at Spa
 ————— Glanmill, Irish, steel
 ————— Glassenbury, soda, selenite, and sea salt
 ————— Glendy, Scotch, steel
 ————— Glevely, Scotch, a simple earth
 ————— Gramhaw, Irish, steel and sea salt
 ————— Haigh, a martial vitriol
 ————— Hampstead, ochreous; diuretic; dose lb ss.
 ————— Hanlys, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Harrowgate, sulphur, sea salt, and steel
 ————— Hartlepool, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Hartfell, Scotch, martial vitriol
 ————— Hermitage, Irish, a simple earth
 ————— Holt, Glauber and marine salts
 ————— Howth, a simple earth
 ————— Ilmington, steel and kali
 ————— Inglewhite, steel and sulphur
 ————— Islington, steel
 ————— Jessop's Well, salt spring with Glauber's salt
 ————— Kanturk, steel
 ————— Kensington, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Kernkey, steel
 ————— Killasher, Irish, sulphur and kali
 ————— Kilbrew, a martial vitriol
 ————— Kilburn, Glauber and Epsom salts

A N C

Aquæ minerales Kirby,
 ————— Kingscliff, } steel and
 ————— Killinshan- } Glauber's salt
 vally,
 ————— Kilroot, Irish, salt spring with Glauber's salt
 ————— Knaresborough, a simple earth
 ————— Knowsley, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Kinalton, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Lancaster, } steel and sea
 ————— Latham, } salt
 ————— Leamington, calcareous earth and sea salt; purgative
 ————— Leez, steel
 ————— Lincomb, steel and kali
 ————— Lisdonevarna, Irish, steel and kali
 ————— Liberton, a fossil oil
 ————— Llandrindod, steel
 ————— Lisbeak, sulphur and kali
 ————— Loansbury, sulphur and Glauber's salt
 ————— Logshinny, Irish, a simple earth
 ————— Maccroomp, Irish, steel and kali
 ————— Mahereberg, Irish, salt spring with Glauber's salt
 ————— Mallow, warm, 68 Fahr. an earth
 ————— Markshall, } steel
 ————— Malvern, }
 ————— Malton, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Matlock, greatest heat 71; steel and sea salt
 ————— Maudsley, sulphur and sea salt
 ————— Milleris Spaw, steel and sea salt
 ————— Moffat, sulphur and sea salt
 ————— Mechan, Irish, sulphur and kali
 ————— Moreton Sec, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Monaghan, a simple earth
 ————— Mount Pallas, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Mount Sion, a chalybeate
 ————— Moss House, steel
 ————— Newton Dale, a simple earth

AQU

Aquæ minerales Newton Stewart, Irish, steel and sea salt
 ————— Newham Regis, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Neville Holt, steel, Glauber's salt, and alum
 ————— Nobber, a martial vitriol
 ————— North Hale, } Glauber and
 ————— Northaw, } sea salts
 ————— Nott agton, sulphur and kali
 ————— Normanby, } sul-
 ————— Owen Breun, Irish, } phur and Glauber's salt
 ————— Orston, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Pettigoe, Irish, sulphur and Glauber's salt
 ————— Peterhead, Scotch, steel
 ————— Pitchford, fossil oil
 ————— Pymont, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Quin Cafnel, sulphur and kali
 ————— Reddlestone, sulphur and sea salt
 ————— Richmond, Glauber and sea salt
 ————— Rippon, sulphur and sea salts
 ————— Road, steel and kali
 ————— Rougham, salt spring with Glauber's salt
 ————— St. Bartholomew, Irish, fossil alkali
 ————— St. Erasmus, salt spring with Glauber's salt
 ————— Scarborough, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Seltzer, fossil alkali with carbonic acid
 ————— Shadwell, a martial vitriol
 ————— Shattlewood, sulphur and sea salt
 ————— Sene, steel
 ————— Shapmoor, sulphur and Glauber's salt
 ————— Skipton, sulphur and sea salt
 ————— Spaw, steel with kali
 ————— Streatham, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Stenfield, steel and Glauber's salt

AQU

Aquæ minerales Stoke, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Smith's Quarry, Irish, a simple earth
 ————— Stanger, steel and sea salt
 ————— Swadlinbar, Irish, sulphur and kali
 ————— Swansea, a martial vitriol
 ————— Sutton Bog, sulphur and kali
 ————— Sydenham, Glauber and sea salts
 ————— Tarleton, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Thelford, steel and kali
 ————— Thurik, } steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Thoroton, }
 ————— Thorpe Arch, steel and sulphur
 ————— Tilbury, alkali and calcareous earth; diuretic; dose lb ij.
 ————— Tibshelf, steel and sea salt
 ————— Tober Bony, Irish, soda, calcareous earth, and bitumen
 ————— Tralee, Irish, steel and sea salt
 ————— Townley, steel and Glauber's salt
 ————— Tunbridge, steel and sea salt
 ————— Upminster, Glauber's and sea salt and sulphur
 ————— Wardrew, sulphur and sea salt
 ————— Weatherstack, steel and sea salt
 ————— Wellinbrow, steel
 ————— West Ashton, steel and sea salt
 ————— Westwood, a martial vitriol
 ————— Wexford, Irish, steel
 ————— Wigan, fossil oil and steel
 ————— Wigglesworth, sulphur and kali
 ————— Wrikworth, sulphur and Glauber's salt
 ————— White Acre, } steel and sea
 ————— Witham, } salt
 ————— Woodhamferris, steel and Glauber's salt
 Aquæ pavor, hydrophobia
 ————— stillatitiæ simplices, simple distilled waters
 ————— spirituosæ, spirituous distilled waters

A R Æ

Aquala, arsenic, sulphur
Aquaticum lenticulatum, millefolium
Aquarius, iron
Aque, a species of palm tree
Aqueum, watery; part of an egg
Aquiducus, medicine evacuating water
Aquifolium, common holly; berries carminative
Aquila, a name of several metals; sal ammoniac
 — alba, calomel
 — philosophorum, sublimed sal ammoniac
 — celestis, the sovereign, or universal remedy
 — nigra, the spirit of cobalt
 — veneris, a preparation of verdigris and sal ammoniac
Aquilæ, branches of the jugular veins
Aquilaneus, the misseltoe
Aquilegia, } the herb columbine; seeds de-
Aquileia, } mulcent
Aquilena, the larkspur
Aquilina, columbine, or aquilegia
Aquilones, the northern winds
Aquo, the shad-fish, or sarachus
Aquosa blanda, mild watery drinks
Aquila, a fatty wart, or sty, on the eyelid
Ara parva, a bandage
Arabis lepidium, or Arabian mustard
 — candida, the pennycress; thlaspi
 — malagma, a cataplasm for struma
Arac, rice
Araca guam, the guava tree
Arac miri, an astringent shrub of Brasil
Arachyda, } a leguminous plant
Arachidna cretica, }
Arachne, aranea, or spider
Arachnoides, a coat of the eye; the inner lamella of the pia mater
Aracoibes, a leguminous plant
Aracon, brass
Aracus, the wild vetch of corn fields
 — Africanus phaseolus, Egyptian kidney bean
 — Americanus, the Indian vetch
 — aromaticus, vanilla
 — Indicus phaseolus, the Egyptian kidney bean
Aracynappil, a species of orange
Arados, the effort of digesting; colic
Aræon, a light atmosphere; good breath
Aræosyncritus, a spare habit
Aræotica, rarefying powers

A R B

Aralda, digitalis, or foxglove
Aralia, the angelica tree
 — humilis, } ginzing
Araliastrum, }
Aranea, the spider; the coat of the vitreous humour
Arangia, } the orange
Arantia, }
Arara fructus secundus, } a plant; a re-
 — Americanus, } medy for ulcers
Arare æquor, to sail
Araticu ape, the custard apple
Araxos, soot
Arbor, a tree
 — alcoa, blackwood, or ebony of St. Helena
 — angelica, Christophoriana
 — animifera Brasiliana, the gum anime tree
 — aquatilis Brasiliensis, aninga
 — baccifera Brasiliensis, } the cubeb
 — bisnagarica, } tree of Java
 — Brasiliana juglandi, a tree like the walnut
 — Chili, arbor febrifuga
 — cucurbitera Americana, American gourd tree
 — farinifera, Japan palm tree
 — febrifuga Peruviana, Peruvian bark tree
 — Incana siliquis torosis, Cayenne pepper
 — Indica, amelpodi, or Indian tree
 — jovis, the oak tree; quercus
 — jucadice, canella alba
 — Judaica, siliquastrum, or Judas tree
 — lanigera spinosa, the cotton tree
 — Magellanica aromatica, Winter's bark, or cinnamon
 — Malabarica lactescens, an astringent bark of Malabar
 — Mexicana, arnotto tree
 — nucifera, astringent wood of Brasil
 — siliquosa Malabarica, a Malabar tree
 — spinosa, the Indian thorn, or lycium
 — Indica, Molucca nut tree
 — in aqua nascens, the tupelo tree of Virginia
 — vitæ, the American tree of life
Arbuscula Africana repens, a creeping African shrub
 — corallii, the American coral tree
 — gummiifera Brasiliensis, a tree of Brasil yielding a peculiar gum

A R C

Arbutus, the strawberry tree
 Arbutus andrachne, eastern strawberry tree
 ——— uva ursi, uva ursi
 Arca arcanorum, the mercury of the philosophers
 ——— cordis, pericardium
 Arcanne, red chalk
 Arcanum, a secret, or mystery
 ——— catholicum, bezoar, plantain, and colchium
 ——— corallinum, red precipitate rendered mild by burning spirits of wine on it
 ——— duplex, } vitriolated tartar
 ——— duplicatum, }
 ——— joviale, an amalgam of tin and quicksilver digested in spirit of nitre, distilled and the residuum burnt in spirits of wine
 ——— materiale, } extracts
 ——— specificum, } of imaginary
 ——— astrale, } ginary
 ——— materiale, } elements
 tary matter
 ——— tartari, kali acetatum
 ——— theophrasti, the quintessence of refining
 Arcenthos, juniperus
 Arch angelica, angelica; dead nettle
 ——— flore albo, lamium album; white archangel, or dead nettle
 Archæus, the universal archæus, or principle of Van Helmont
 Arche, the earliest stage of disease
 Archenda, Ægyptian privet powder; detergent
 Archeostis, white briony
 Archeus, the active principle of the material world; good health
 Archiater, a chief physician
 Archimagia, the art of chemistry
 Archimia, alchemia
 Architholus, the sweating bath
 Archos, anus
 Archoptoma, prolapsus ani
 Arcion, -um, arctium lappa, or burdock
 Arcos, burnt copper
 Arctatio, } constipation; preternatural
 Arctitudo, } straightness of the vagina
 Arction, arctium lappa
 Arctium lappa, } the herb clot bur, or burdock; a bitter tonic
 ——— majus, }
 Arctoscordon, bear garlick
 Arctostaphylos, Spanish wortle berries
 Arctota, inflamed finger from a bent nail

A R G

Arcturus creticus, moth mullein
 Arcualia, the bones of the forehead
 Arcuatio, great convexity of the thorax
 Arculæ, the sockets of the eyes
 Ardabar, a species of arum
 Ardas, sordes; filth, or refuse
 Ardea, the heron bird
 Ardens, hot; burning
 Ardentia, combustible matters
 Ardesia Hibernica, lapis Hibernicus, or Irish slate
 Ardor, a burning, or scalding heat
 ——— urinæ, a scalding of the urine
 ——— ventriculi, heartburn
 Are alu, a species of fig-tree
 Area, baldness
 Areca, the Malabar nut
 Arecæ Indicæ, an inferior kind of nutmegs
 Aregon, a resolvent ointment
 Aremaros, cinnabar
 Arena, sand, or gravel
 ——— litoralis, sand on the sea-coast
 ——— maris, } sea sand
 ——— marina, }
 Arenamen, bolus Armenicus
 Arenaria, coronopus, or sea chickweed
 Arenamel, bolus Armenicus
 Arenatio, sprinkling hot sand on the diseased
 Arenosus, sandy
 Arentes, cupping glasses used without scarifying
 Areola, the dusky circle round the nipple or a pustule
 Ares, Paracelsus's cause of distinct forms
 Aresta bovis, anonis, or restharrow
 Aretænoïdes, cartilage and muscle of the larynx
 Aretos, moth mullein
 Arenus, a pessary invented by Ægineta
 Arfar, arsenic
 Argal, unrefined tartar as used by mechanics
 Argasyllis, a plant producing gum ammoniac
 Argema, } a white speck on the eye
 Argemon, }
 Argemone Mexicana, papaver spinosum, or purging thistle
 Argemonia, sarcocolla
 Argentatus, silvered over
 Argentina, wild tansey; silver weed; leaves astringent
 Argentum, silver
 ——— fusum, } quicksilver
 ——— mobile, }

A R M

Argentum nitratum, sal argenti, or lunar caustic
 ——— vivum, quicksilver
 ——— purificatum, quicksilver purified by distillation and washing
 Argilla, clay; argil; potter's earth
 ——— alba, } tobacco-pipe clay
 ——— candida, }
 ——— vitriolata, alum
 Argillaceus, of a clay nature
 Argistata, mixed with wax
 Argol, unrefined tartar
 Argus, a species of pheasant
 Argyritis, lithargyrus
 Argyrocome, gnaphalium, or cudweed
 Argyrodamas, a kind of talc
 Argyrolibanos, the white olibanum
 Argyrophora, an antidote
 Argyropœia, changing metals into silver
 Argyrus, silver
 Argyrotrophema, milk diet
 Arheumatistos, any joint free from pains
 Aria, the white boam tree; demulcent
 ——— hepou, nimbæ acostæ
 Aricymon, a fertile woman
 Ariditas corporis, } emaciation, or wasting
 Aridura, }
 Arigeus, free from cold, or rigour
 Arilla, a grape stone
 Arillus, the outer coat of a seed
 Aris, a species of wake robin, or arum
 Arisarum, arum humile, or friar's cowl
 Arista, the beard of an ear of corn
 Aristalthæa, althæa, or marshmallow
 Aristolochia, birthwort; aromatic bitter; dose of the root grains v. to 3i.
 ——— adulterina, } fumaria bulbosa
 ——— cava, }
 ——— clematitis, creeping birthwort; antarthritic
 ——— longa, long-rooted birthwort
 ——— rotunda, round-rooted birthwort
 ——— concava, a musk-like plant
 ——— tenuis, slender birthwort
 Ariston, dinner
 ——— magnum et parvum, names of some remedies for consumption
 Aristophaneum, a plaister of pitch, wax, opoponax, and vinegar
 Arlada, } white calx of arsenic
 Arladar, }
 Armaia, ruta sylvestris, or wild rue

A R R

Armalgol, coral
 Armatum, an eyewater of burnt copper, gum ammoniac, &c.
 Armatura, amnios
 Arme, the union of a wounded part; suture
 Armena, an apparatus
 Armenius, the Armenian stone; a copper ore; violently emetic
 Armeria pratensis, } species of meadow pink;
 ——— silvestris, } alexipharmic
 ——— rubra latifolia, broad-leaved sweet William
 Armerius montanus, statice
 ——— simpliciflora, a species of gilliflower
 Armilla, } the ligament of the
 ——— membranosa, } wrist
 Armoniacum, gummi ammoniacum
 Armoracia, mentha aquatica, or water radish
 Armoraria pratensis, armeria pratensis
 Armus, the shoulder, or arm
 Arnabo, zedoaria
 Arnacio, the skin of a lamb with its wool on
 Arnaldia, a disease causing baldness, perhaps lues
 Arnica, Roman wolfsbane
 ——— montana, doronicum Germanicum
 Arnoglossum, plantago latifolia, or lamb's tongue
 Arnophyllum, arnica
 Arnotto, orleana, the arnotto tree
 Arohot, mercury
 Aroma, a fragrant odour; the principle of smell, or spiritus rector of vegetables; myrrh
 ——— Germanicum, enula campana, or elecampane
 ——— philosophorum, saffron
 Aromatica, aroma ic or spicy drugs
 Aromaticum rosatum, red roses with spices
 Aromatites, a bituminous stone in smell resembling myrrh
 Aromatopolium, an apothecary's shop
 Aron, arum, wake Robin; lords and ladies
 Aronia, mespilus, or medlar
 Aroph, saffron, } hæmatites sublimed with
 ——— Paracelsi, } sal ammoniac; a solvent for the stone
 Arquata, the curlew; a sea bird
 ——— minor, the wimbrel; a bird
 Arquebusade, aqua vulneraria
 Arrac, rice
 Arrache, artiplexfœtida, or stinking orache
 Arraphon, a skull without sutures

A R T

Arriagi, a fine kind of camphor
 Arrhœa, the suppression of a discharge
 Arrhostia, imbecility; ill health
 Arrhythmus, an unequal pulse
 ————— cosmetica, the preservation of beauty

Ars medica, the medical art, or science
 Arsacum, furor uterinus
 Arsay, a name of arsenic
 Arsaltos, a superior kind of pitch
 Arsaneck, sublimated arsenic
 Arsatum, nymphomania

Arsenias, arseniat; the name given by modern chemists to every simple union of the acid of arsenic

————— aluminæ, arseniat of alumine
 ————— ammoniacæ seu ammoniacalis, arsenical ammoniac

————— argenti, arseniat of silver
 ————— auri, arseniat of gold
 ————— barytæ, arseniat of barytes, or heavy spar

————— bismuthi, arseniat of bismuth
 ————— cobalti, arseniat of cobalt
 ————— calcis, arseniat of lime

————— cupri, arseniat of copper
 ————— ferri, arseniat of iron
 ————— hydrargyri, arseniat of mercury

————— magnesiz, arseniat of magnesia
 ————— magnesi, arseniat of manganese
 ————— molybdeni, arseniat of molybden

————— niccoli, arseniat of nickel
 ————— platinæ, arseniat of platina
 ————— potassæ, arseniat of potash

————— sodæ, arseniat of soda
 ————— stanni, arseniat of tin
 ————— tunsteni, arseniat of tungstein

————— zinci, arseniat of zinc
 Arsenicalis, arsenical, or having the nature of arsenic

Arsenicum, regulus of arsenic; a bright, yellowish white metal

————— album, oxyde, or calx of arsenic; highly poisonous

————— citrinum, } orpiment, or yellow arsenic; oxide
 ————— croceum, }
 ————— factitium, } of arsenic combined with sulphur
 ————— flavum, }
 ————— nativum, }

————— rubrum factitium, red oxide, or calx of arsenic; sulphur combined with white oxide of arsenic and fused

Arsiora, cerussa, or white oxide of lead
 Arsura, erysipelas, or St. Anthony's fire

A R T

Artaba, an Egyptian measure of five pecks

Artada, }
 Artadar, } oxide, or calx of arsenic
 Artaneck, }
 Artaneck, }

Artemisia, common mugwort; flowers and tops emmenagogue

————— abrotanum, abrotanum, or southernwood

————— absinthium vulgare, absinthium vulgare

————— Siberiensis, artemisia santonicum

————— Austriaca, artemisia santonicum

————— Chinensis, moxa, or the mugwort of China

————— Judaica, artemisia santonicum

————— maritima, absinthium maritimum

————— pontica, absinthium ponticum

————— santonicum, the plant yielding the santonicum, or wormseed

————— seryphium, absinthium valesiacum

————— tenuifolia, absinthium maritimum

————— vulgare, artemisia, or common mugwort

Artemonium, a collyrium

Antenna, an aquatic bird

Arteria, an artery; a strong, elastic tube carrying the blood from the heart, found empty in the dead subject

————— adiposa, the small arteries secreting the fat

————— angularis, the external maxillary artery

————— aperta, any artery discharging blood

————— aspera, the larynx, or wind-pipe

————— epigastrica,

————— humrealis,

————— hypogastrica,

————— iliaca,

————— minor,

————— innominata,

————— intercostalis,

————— interossea,

————— intestinalis,

————— labialis,

————— laryngea,

————— lethargica,

————— lumbaris,

————— pulmonaris,

————— sacra,

————— venosa, the pulmonary artery

Arteriaca, remedies for diseases of the parts forming the voice

A R T

Arteriace, syrupus papaveris albi, or diacodium
 Arteriotomia, arteriotomy; letting blood from an artery
 Artesis, arthritis, or gout
 Artetiscius, } one who has lost a limb, or is
 Artetiscos, } otherwise lame
 Arthanita, sow-bread; the root purgative; sternutatory
 Arthetica, } chamæpitys, or ground pine
 Arthritica, }
 Arthoicum, an oily formula
 Arthrembolus, an instrument for dislocations
 Arthriticus, gouty
 Arthritis, the goht; an hereditary, intermitting disease often affecting the stomach, principally seated in the small joints
 ——— aberrans, the wandering gout
 ——— æstiva, the summer, or regular gout
 ——— Americana, the American gout
 ——— asthmatica, the asthmatic gout
 ——— atonica, the atonic gout
 ——— Bahamensis, the gout of Bahama
 ——— chlorotica, the pains in the joints of chlorotic patients
 ——— hiemalis, the winter gout
 ——— melancholica, the melancholic gout
 ——— podagra, the gout in the feet
 ——— rachialgica, } the pains in the limbs
 ——— rachitica, } of rickety children
 ——— regularis, the regular gout
 ——— retrocedens, } the retreating gout
 ——— retrograda, }
 ——— rheumatica, the rheumatic gout
 ——— scorbutica, the scorbutic gout
 ——— syphilitica, the pains of venereal patients
 Arthriticus verus, arthritis, or true gout
 Arthrocace, an ulcerated, or decayed bone
 Arthrodia, articulation admitting extensive motion
 Arthrodynia, pains in the joints; chronic rheumatism
 Arthron, a joint
 Arthropuosis, a pain, or abscess in a joint
 Arthrosis, articulation
 Artia, an artery; the larynx
 Articoca, } cinara, or artichoke
 Articocalus, }
 Articulatio, a union of bones admitting motion one on the other; a botanical name for the union of joints

A R U

Articuli plantarum, the knots, or joints of plants
 Articulus, a joint
 Artificiale, artificial, or made by art
 Artima, condiment, or preserve
 Artiscochus lævis, cinara, or artichoke
 Artiscus, a lozenge, or troch
 Artiypochros color, a yellowish colour indicating a disease of the spleen
 Artiypochrus, a pale chlorotic colour
 Artizoa, short-lived
 Artloicum, an oily formula
 Artocarpus, the bread-fruit tree
 Artocreas, nutritive food of bread and meat boiled together
 Artogala, a cooling food of bread and milk; a poultice
 Artomeli, a cataplasm of bread and honey
 Artopticus, toasted bread
 Artos, bread
 Artus, joints; limbs
 Arubus, butter
 Arvensis, of the field kind
 Arvina, fat
 Arvisia, Malmsey wine
 Arum, wake Robin; cuckoopint, or lords and ladies; root a warm stomachic
 ——— acaule, arum maculatum
 ——— humile angustifolium, friar's cowl
 ——— maculatum, spotted wake Robin
 ——— moschatum, common pepper
 ——— polyphyllum, the herb tarragon
 ——— scorzonera folio, friar's cowl
 Arundo, the common reed of marshes; pectoral
 ——— cypria, } the great reed; pectoral
 ——— donax, }
 ——— fæcta atro rubens, the walking cane
 ——— flava, the dart weed
 ——— Indiæ Orientalis, the dragon's cane blood
 ——— Indica, the reed yielding the arrow-root powder
 ——— florida, } Indian reed
 ——— latifolia, }
 ——— major, tibia
 ——— minor, fibula
 ——— scriptoria, the writing reed
 ——— saccharifera, the sugar cane
 ——— sativa, arundo donax
 ——— Syriaca, calamus aromaticus
 ——— tabaxifera, the bamboo cane; tabaxir
 ——— vallatorifa, common reed of marshes
 ——— viba Brasilensis, the sugar cane.

A S C

Arvisium, Malmsey wine
 Arytæno-epiglottici, small muscles of the larynx
 Aretænoides, } the third and fourth cartilages of the larynx
 Arytænoides, }
 Arrythmus, } an irregular pulse
 Arythmus, }
 Artotyra, a custard; a cheese-cake
 As, a measure of 12 ounces
 Asa, an healer
 — dulcis, } gum Benjamin
 — cedrata, }
 — foetida, gummi asa-foetida, or stinking healer
 Asab, a disease from excess of venery
 Asaba hermes, meadow saffron
 Asabon, sapo, or soap
 Asæstus, lapis calcareus
 Asagar, ærugo æris, or verdigrise
 Asagen, sanguis draconis, or dragon's blood
 Asagi, vitriolum calcinatum
 Asamar, ærugo æris, or verdigrise
 Asamaz, vitriolum
 Asanon, sal ammoniac prepared
 Asaphatum, a disease of the skin
 Asapheis, patients not articulating distinctly
 Asaphia, } muttering; stammering
 Asaphodes, }
 Asarabacca, common assarabacca, or the herb nard
 Asarum Europæum, coltsfoot; wild spike-nard; asarabacca
 — Virginianum, black snake weed
 Asbestinum, } earth flax, or amianthus
 Asbestos, }
 Ascalonia, a kind of onion
 Ascalonitides, eschalots; barren onions
 Ascalonitis, a species of onion
 Ascardamycetes, looking steadfast without winking
 Ascarides, small thread-like worms infesting the large intestines
 Ascendens, ascending, or going up
 Ascensus morbi, increasing severity of disease
 Ascetæ, wrestlers
 Aschia, the fish called gray ling; its fat cosmetic
 Ascia, a simple roller when applied spirally
 Ascii, inhabitants under the line
 Ascites abdominalis, a dropsy, or tense elastic swelling of the belly with fluctuation
 — artificialis, dropsy with diseased viscera

A S D

Ascites chylosus, dropsy with rupture of the chyliferous vessels
 — cruentus, dropsy with internal bleeding
 — febrilis, dropsy supervening on fever
 — ab hepate, dropsy from diseased liver
 — intercus, dropsy between the skin and peritonæum
 — a liene, dropsy from diseased spleen
 — oleosus, oily, or serous dropsy
 — omentalis, dropsy from diseased omentum
 — ab oppilatione, dropsy from obstruction
 — ovarii, dropsy of the ovarium
 — ab ovariis, dropsy from diseased ovaria
 — ex quartana, dropsy from quartan ague
 — purulento peritonæus, collection of matter on the peritonæum
 — purulentus, distension of the abdomen from effused matter
 — saccatus, the encysted dropsy, the distending fluid being in sacs, or cysts
 — sanguifluxibus, dropsy from great discharge of blood
 — sanguineo intercus, } collection
 — peritonæus, } of blood
 — between the skin and peritonæum
 — uterinus, hydrometra sanguinea
 — scorbuticus, dropsy from sea scurvy
 — scrophulosus, dropsy from scrophula
 — stomachi, dropsy of the stomach
 — urinosus, dropsy from a rupture of the bladder, &c.
 — uterinus, hydrometra, or uterine dropsy
 — vulgatio, ascites, or common dropsy
 Asciticus, affected with dropsy
 Asclepias, tame poison; silken cicely, or swallow-wort; sudorific and diuretic; dose of root ℥i. to ʒi.
 Asclepios, a name for a smegma, collyrium, &c.
 Asclites, ascites, or dropsy of the belly
 Ascoma, mons veneris
 Ascos, a bottle
 Ascyroides, }
 Ascyos, } androsœmum, or tutsan;
 Ascyrum, } all-heal; St. Peter's wort
 Ascyrus, }
 Asdenigi, hæmatites, or blood-stone

A S P

Ase, or **asse**, a loathing of food
Asch, alum
Asedenigi, the hæmatites, or blood-stone
Asef, a pustule like the miliary
Asegen, dragon's blood
Asellus callarius, callarias; millepedes, or wood-louse
 ——— major, the cod fish
 ——— marinus, the sea pike
 ——— minor, } the whiting
 ——— mollis, }
Asemos, -us, an unexpected issue of disease; unpurified
Aseph, feathered alum
Asepta, uncorrupted, or undigested matters
Asiaticum balsamum, balm of Gilead
Asigi, verdigrise
Asilus, the gad-fly, infests horses
Asines, innocent
Asingar, verdigrise
Asinum lac, asses' milk; light; nutritious
 ——— artificiale, mock asses' milk; decoction of eryngo, &c.
Asinus, the ass
Asiracius, a kind of grasshopper
Asiti, } affected with loss of appetite
Asitia, }
Asius, or **Assius**, an escharotic stone of Asia
Asjogam, a Malabar tree; its juice cures colic
Asmaga, process of uniting metals
Asmas, the herb garden bugloss
Asmiar, verdigrise
Asodes, a fever with much sense of heat and nausea
Asoper, soot
Asotus, a sot, or drunkard
Aspadialis, a suppression of urine from an imperforated urethra
Aspalathum, the aromatic aloe
Aspalathus, rose wood
Aspaltum, a bituminous substance
Asparagi, the shoots of vegetables
Asparagodes, curled colewort
Asparagus, sparrow grass; sperage
Asparine, goose grass; aparine
Aspasia, an astringent application to the pudenda
Asper, rough; uneven; a small fish
Aspera, oak fern, or polypody
 ——— arteria, the larynx, or wind-pipe
Asperata, rough, or uneven
Asperatum specillum, the rasp probe
Asperella, great marsa, or water horse-tail

A S P

Aspergines, remedies sprinkled on parts
Aspergula, aparine, or woodroof
Asperifolius, rough leaved
Asperitas, roughness; sharpness
Aspersio, the sprinkling of medicines
Asperugo, } aparine; woodrow; woodroof
Asperula, }
Asperum, } rough; uneven; austere
Asprum, }
Asphalathus, trefoil acacia
Asphaltitis, a kind of trefoil; the last vertebra of the loins
Aspaltum, }
Asphaltos, } Jews pitch
Asphaltum, }
Arsaltos, }
Aspharagus, sparrow grass; asparagus
Asphendamnus, the mountain maple
Asphodelus, the daffodil, or king's spear
 ——— albus, white asphodel
 ——— luteus, king's spear; yellow asphodel; antistrumous
Asphyxia, a temporary suspension of the motion of the heart; swooning, or fainting
 ——— a carbone, swooning from charcoal
 ——— congelatorum, swooning from cold
 ——— febricosa, swooning in fevers
 ——— flatulenta, swooning from flatulence
 ——— foricarium, swooning from bad air
 ——— a fumis, swooning from vapours
 ——— hysterica, swooning from hysteria
 ——— immersorum, swooning from immersion
 ——— a mephitide, swooning from mephitic air
 ——— a musta, swooning from fermenting liquors
 ——— neophytorum, swooning on being born
 ——— a pathemate, swooning from passion
 ——— sideratorum, swooning from the influence of the stars
 ——— spinalis, swooning from an affection of the spine
 ——— submersorum, swooning from drowning
 ——— suspensorum, swooning from hanging
 ——— traumatica, swooning from wounds
 ——— valsalviana, swooning from defective valves

A S T

Aspic, broad-leaved lavender, or lavendula latifolia
 Aspidion, brook-lime
 Aspidiscos, the sphincter ani
 Aspis, the asp
 Asplenium, spleenwort
 — frondibus pinnatis, } common
 — trichomanes, } maiden
 — hair
 — ruta muraria, white maiden
 — hair
 — scolopendrium, hart's tongue
 Aspredo, the ruff; a fish
 Asprella, the herb horse-tail
 Aspris maurorum, the holm oak
 Aspritudo, { rough; uneven; austere
 Asprum, {
 Assa, a midwife; a dry nurse
 Assaba, a shrub which disperses buboes
 Assac, gum ammoniacum
 Assæ carnes, roasted meats
 Assa foetida, gum assa foetida
 Assala, the nutmeg
 Assaliæ, the white ants, or termites
 Assanegi, native powder salt
 Assanus, two drachms
 Assarabacca, the nardus celticus; asarum
 Assare, drying for powder
 Assarium, a twelve ounce measure
 Assarthrosis, articulation admitting motion
 Assatio, { roasting, broiling, frying, &c.
 Assatura, {
 Asse, a loathing of food
 Asserac, the plant bague
 Asservatio, conserve
 Assestrix, a monthly nurse
 Assidens signum, a symptom often, not always, attendant
 Assiduus, continued
 Assidua febris, continued fever
 Assimulatio, converting into animal substance
 Assis, the plant bague
 Assistentes, the epididymis; the Fallopian tubes
 Assitra, a native tree of Malabar
 Assius lapis. See Asius
 Assodes, a species of continued fever
 Assos, alum
 Assumptio, taking any thing into the body
 Assus, roasted
 Astacus marinus, the lobster
 — fluviatilis, the cray fish
 Astaphis, a raisin. See Staphis

A S T

Astarzof, an ointment of litharge, house-leek, &c.
 Astchachilos, a malignant ulcer
 Aster, star-wort
 — annus ramosus, chamomile
 — arvensis cœruleus acris, the herb blue fleabane
 — atticus, golden star-wort
 — inguinalis, golden star-wort
 — omnium maximus, elecampane
 — palustris, fleabane
 — parvo flore globoso, small fleabane
 — peruanus, the potatoe plant
 — pratensis autumnalis conizæ folio, common fleabane
 — thalassius, the star fish
 Asterantium, pellitory of Spain
 Asteria gemma, the fossil star gem, or bastard opal
 Asterias, star stones; the bittern
 Astericum, pellitory of the wall
 Asteriscus, { golden, or purple bastard star-
 Asteroides, { wort
 Asthenia, diminished animal power; debility
 — Americana, lenorrhœa Americana
 — a hydrocephalo, apoplexy from effusion
 Asthenicus, weakened
 Asthma, intermitting difficult breathing with cough, straitness, and wheezing
 — arthriticum, gouty asthma
 — cachecticum, { asthma from debili-
 — catarrhale, { ty and catarrh
 — convulsivum, convulsive asthma
 — exanthematicum, asthma from repelled cutaneous disease
 — febricosum, during fever
 — a gibbo, from bronchocele
 — humidum, the moist asthma
 — hypochondriacum, hypochondriac asthma
 — hystericum, asthma accompanying hysterics
 — infantum, asthma of infants
 — metallicum, asthma from metallic fumes
 — nervosum, nervous asthma
 — nocturnum, night mare
 — pituitosum, catarrhal asthma
 — plethoricum, asthma from too much blood, or suppressed evacuation
 — pneumodes, { catarrhal asthma
 — pneumonicum, {

A S U

Asthma a polypo cordis, asthma from polypus of the heart
 ——— pulverulentorum, asthma from dust
 ——— spasmodico flatulentum, convulsive asthma
 ——— spasticum, asthma from spasm
 ——— spontaneum, asthma without evident cause
 ——— stomachicum, asthma from an affection of the stomach
 ——— venereum, venereal asthma
Astites glandulosi, the epidymes
Astomus, born without a mouth
Astrabes, regular in form
Astracides, the kernels of pines
Astragala, } the wood pea; the heath
Astragaloides, } pea; the milk vetch
Astragalus, upper bone of the foot supporting the tibia
 ——— aculeatus, goat's thorn; tragacantha
 ——— argenteus Syriacus, the bitter vetch
 ——— luteus perennis, wild chiches
 ——— sylvaticus, wood, or heath peas
Astrantia vulgaris, } the masterwort; a rustic
 ——— nigra, } purgative
Astrape, lightning, said to occasion epilepsy
Astrapias, a precious stone
Astrapismus, the effect of lightning
Astricta, costive
Astrictio, the stopping fluxes, or hæmorrhages
Astrictoria, } astringents; substances restraining
Astringentia, } straining profuse discharges; perhaps coagulating animal fluids
Astriolismus, planet striking; blasting
Astrion, astragalus
Astrobes, } planet-struck, or blasted;
Astrobolismos, } affected with apoplexy, or sphacelus
Astrocynologia, a dissertation on the dog days
Astroites, star stone; a species of coral of Jamaica
Astrologia, astrology, or divination by the stars
Astronomia, astronomy
Astrum, a star; a name of several medicines, the power resulting from combination
Astylis, a sort of lettuce
Asuar, Indian myrobalans, or purging nut

A T M

Asugar, verdigrise
Asuoli, soot; an antispasmodic
Asyla, an herb; an antidote for cattle
Asymphorus, not improper
Asymphytus, dissimilar
Asymptatus, not falling out as expected
Asynthes, unaccustomed
Ata maram, a tree of Malabar
Atac, nitre
Atagas, the red ceck, or moor game
Ataxia, disorder; irregularity
Ataxir, a tenesmus; a disease of the eye
Ataxmir, removal of superfluous pain from the palpebræ
Atebras, a chemical subliming vessel
Atechnia, impotency
Atenes, rigid
Ater panis, brown bread
 ——— succus, black bile
Ateramnia, bad water; difficult concoction
Ateres, hurtful
Athanasia, immortality; tansey
Athemanta Cretensis, the carrot of Crete
Athanatos, rose campion; deathless
Athamor, a digesting chemical furnace
Athara, a mealy food for infants
Athelxis, suction
Athene, a plaister for wounds of the head
Athenatorium, a glass cover for a cucurbit
Athenippon, an eye wash
Athenippum, a name of various formulæ
Ather, the beard of barley and of an arrow
Athera, a mealy food for infants
Atherina, a fish surrounded with prickles
Atheroma, a tumor containing a matter like pap
Athleta, a wrestler
Athletica, wrestling
Athleticus, athletic, or strong
Athliptos, -us, the mild approach of fever
Athonor, a digesting chemical furnace
Athorectus, wanting seed
Athrix, a loss of hair
Athrosisma, a collection
Athroon, } suddenly collected
Athroos, }
Athymia, despondence; melancholy
Atincar, borax
Atinia, a species of elm
Atitara, the dwarf palm
Atlas, the first vertebra of the neck
Atle, the tamarisc
Atmosphera, the ambient common air
Atmus, vapour; breath

A T R

Atochia, preternatural labour
Atocium, the herb *lychnis*; calf's snout
Atocus, barren
Atolli, the meal of Indian maize
Atolmia, melancholy; diffidence
Atomus, -os, an atom; any ultimate particle of matter
Atonia, atony; debility; relaxation; a want of tone
Atopus, -os, out of place
Atorsaxocoti, } a West Indian fruit
Atorsaxocoti chichiltic, } like a plum
Atrabiliaræ capsulæ, two small glands, appendices to the kidneys
Atrabiliarius, subject to black bile
Atra bilis, the black bile of the ancients
Atrachelus, short necked
Attractylidi, the Cretan distaff thistle
Attractylis, the common distaff thistle; the wild carline thistle
Atragene, the herb traveller's joy; a caustic
Atramentosus, a pyrite
Atramentum, ink
 ————— **nigrum**, galls two-fifths, gum Arabic two-fifths, sal martis one-fifth, boiling water sufficient
 ————— **rubrum**, acetous, infusion of Brasil wood with gum Arabic, alum, and white sugar, each $\mathfrak{z}$ ss.
 ————— **sutorium**, solution of sal martis
Atraphaxis, } the garden orache
Atraphraxis, }
Atremia, ease
Atresia, imperforation, or defect of natural opening
Atretarum ischuria, suppression of urine from retained catamenia
Atreti, the imperforated, or defective of natural opening
Atretus, imperforated
Atrices, tubercles, or warts about the anus
Atrici, sinusses in the rectum
Atriplex, the herb orache
 ————— **chenopodium**, the herb mercury
 ————— **foetida**, stinking orache
 ————— **maritima**, sea purslane
 ————— **mori fructu**, great mulberry blight
 ————— **odora suaveolens**, the Cappadocian oak
 ————— **olida**, stinking orache
 ————— **sylvestris**, wild orache
Atropa belladonna, deadly nightshade
Atrophia, an atrophy, or wasting, without any sensible cause or hectic fever

A T T

Atrophia ab alvi fluxu, atrophy from purging
 ————— **cacochymica**, atrophy from improper nourishment
 ————— **debilium**, atrophy from diseased chyloporetic viscera
 ————— **famelicorum**, atrophy from want of food
 ————— **febrisequa**, atrophy from previous fever
 ————— **inanitorum**, atrophy from great evacuation
 ————— **infantis**, atrophy from scrophula of infants
 ————— **lactantium**, atrophy from suckling
 ————— **lateralis**, } atrophy from deficient
 ————— **nervea**, } nutrition
 ————— **nutricum**, atrophy of nurses
 ————— **a pyalismo**, atrophy from great discharges of saliva
 ————— **rachitica**, atrophy from rickets
 ————— **scorbutica**, atrophy from scurvy
 ————— **senilis**, atrophy from old age
 ————— **syphilitica**, atrophy from venereal lues
 ————— **a vomitu**, atrophy from vomiting
Atta, tenderness in the feet
Attagena, the francolin moor cock, or red game
Attalicus, a formula mentioned by Galen
Attelabus arachnoides, a water insect; a species of locust
Attenuantia, attenuants; medicines that thin the fluids; diluents
Attenuatio, thinning the fluids
Atticum, the name of a plaister
Attilus, a large kind of sturgeon
Attincar veneris, whitened copper
Attingat, flowers of copper
Attollens, lifting up
 ————— **auriculæ superior**, a muscle raising the ear
 ————— **oculi**, a muscle of the eye
Attonitus morbus, } the apoplexy
 ————— **stupor**, }
Attractio, the attraction, or affinity of natural bodies
Attractivum, } medicine said to extract
Attractivus, } disease, an obsolete opinion long since exploded
Attractorius, }
Attrahens, } maturans; suppurating
Attrahentia, }
Attrita, } the abraision of any part; at-
Attritio, } trition, or rubbing
Attritum, }

A U R

Atty alu, a species of fig tree
 Atypos, -us, bodily deformity; irregular disease
 Auante, } dyspepsia with costiveness, call-
 Auapse, } ed by Hippocrates the dry disease
 Auchen, stiff-necked
 Auchmos, -us, sultry weather
 Auctio, increase
 Aucupalis, } the wild ash
 Aucuparia, }
 Audacia, boldness, especially in fever
 Aude, the voice
 Auditoria arteria, the internal artery of the ear
 Auditorius meatus, the passage of the ear
 ——— nervus, the nerve of the ear
 Auditus, the sense of hearing
 Augites, a splendid precious stone
 Augmentatio, } the progress of disease
 Augmentum, }
 Augurista, one who prognosticates by augury
 Augustum, a name of several formulæ
 Auliscos, -us, a catheter; a clyster-pipe
 Aulos, -us, the vagina; os externum
 Aura, a vapour; an exhalation
 ——— epileptica, a sensation of air peculiar to epilepsy
 ——— vitalis, animal heat, or life
 Aurangia, an orange
 Aurantia, oranges
 ——— Chinensis, China, or sweet oranges
 ——— Curassoventia, }
 ——— epascentia, young } Curassoa ap-
 oranges, } ples
 ——— Hispalensia, }
 ——— immatura, unripe }
 oranges }
 ——— dulcia, sweet oranges
 Aurantium, the orange tree
 ——— Hispalense, } the Seville, or
 ——— Hispaniense, } bitter orange
 Aurantii cortex, orange peel
 ——— corticis syrupus, syrup of orange rind
 ——— tinctura, tinctura aurantii
 Aurata, a fish called the gilt-head
 Auratus, gilt
 ——— germanorum, oil of cinnamon and sugar
 Aurea Alexandrina, Alexander's antidote
 Aurelia, a chrysalis; the state of an insect before it gets its wings
 Aureliana Canadensis Iroqueis, ginseng
 Aureus, a drachm and half weight
 ——— capillaris medius, golden maiden-hair

A U R

Aureus ramus, the process of making gold; the golden branch, Virg. *Æn.* vi. 137
 Aurichalcum, brass, copper, and calamine
 Auricolla, borax
 Auricomum, maiden-hair
 Auricula, the external ear
 ——— cordis dextra, the right auricle of the heart
 ——— sinistra, the left auricle of the heart
 ——— infima, the lower part, or lobe of the ear
 ——— leporis, the herb hare's ear
 ——— muris, creeping mouse ear; vulnerary
 ——— camerarii, sea kidney vetch
 ——— ursi, yellow bear's ear; nervine
 ——— lanciniata, cortusa
 Auriculam retrahentes, three muscles of the ear
 Auriculæ cordis, the right and left auricles of the heart, receiving the blood from the venæ cavæ and pulmonary veins
 Auriculæ (gen) alvearium, the bottom of the ear where the wax is secreted
 ——— Judæ, a species of agaric; Jew's ear
 ——— primus musculus, } muscles of
 ——— secundus musculus, } the outer ear
 Auricularia, the ear-wort, or mentha palustris
 Auricularis abductor, a muscle of the little finger
 ——— digitus, the little finger
 Auricularius, one curing diseases of the ear
 Auricularum septum, the septum, or division of the auricles of the heart
 Auriculatus, } shaped like an ear
 Auriformis, }
 Auriga, a lobe of the liver; a bandage; a charioteer
 Aurigo, the jaundice, or icterus
 ——— accidentalis, jaundice arising from passion, fever, &c.
 ——— calculosa, jaundice arising from gall-stones
 ——— febricosa, jaundice returning with attacks of fever
 ——— febrilis, jaundice arising from continued fever
 ——— hepatica, jaundice arising from inflamed liver
 ——— hysterica, jaundice arising from hysteric spasm

Aurigo Indica, the yellow colour of indigenous Indians
 — neophytorum, the jaundice attacking infants soon after birth
 — ab obstructione, jaundice from a thickened bile
 — plethorica, jaundice from congestion of blood in the liver
 — purulenta, jaundice from abscess in the liver
 — rachialgica, jaundice accompanying colica pictonum
 — typhodes, the yellow fever of the West Indies
 — a venenis, jaundice arising from the action of poisons
Auripigmentum, arsenicum nativum; orpiment
 — rubrum, realgar, arsenic, sulphur, and lime
Auris, the ear
 — elevator, } muscles of the
 — externus, } ear
 — obliquus, }
 — externi proprii, three muscles of the ear
 — marina, a Scotch shell fish
Auriscalpium, an ear scraper
Aurium sordes, the wax of the ear
 — tinnitus, a ringing noise in the ears
Aurmar, for auris marina
Aurora, the morning
 — consurgens, a fanciful term of alchemists
Aurugo, the jaundice. See Aurigo
Aurum, gold, the most perfect metal
 — clempium, amber
 — fulminans, a precipitate of gold from aqua regia by volatile alkali
 — horizontale, oil of cinnamon and sugar
 — leprosum, antimony
 — musivum, tin, sulphur, sal ammoniac, and quicksilver
 — potabile, gold dissolved and mixed with oil of rosemary to be drank
 — pulvis, gold dissolved and dried
 — vegetabile, saffron
Aurus Brasiliensis, calamus aromaticus
 — alæ anterior, a muscle of the ear
Auster notus, the south wind
Austeritas, sourness
Austerus, austere; sour
Australis, southern

Austriæus, the pine tree
Austromantia, prediction from observing the winds
Autalis, tooth, or pipe-shell
Autarcia, content
Authemerion, the immediate action of a remedy
Autites, autetes; any pure remedy
Autogenes, narcissus
Autolithotomos, -us, one who cuts himself for the stone
Automatos, -us, spontaneous
Autophosphorus, common phosphorus
Autopsia, ocular demonstration
Autopyros, coarse bread
Autour, a bark resembling cinnamon
Autumnus, autumn
Auxesis, the progress of disease
Auxiliarii muscoli, the pyramidal muscles of the abdomen
Auxyris, the herb poet's rosemary
Auxungia, grease; lard
Auzuba oviedi, a species of arbutus
Avaccari, a tree resembling the myrtle
Avanacu, a Molucca tree of a caustic quality
Avansis, auante; dyspepsia
Avaramo temo, a Brazilian tree; the bark said to cure cancer
Avellana, the filbert nut
 — cathartica, Barbadoes nuts; a purgative
 — Mexicana, cocoa and chocolate nut
 — Indiana versicolor, Indian nut
 — purgatrix, garden spurge
Avena, the oat
 — fatua, } the great wild oat
 — græca, }
 — sativa, common oats
 — sterilis, the great wild oat
Avenacea farina, oatmeal
Avenius, without veins
Avenqua, the maiden-hair of Brasil
Avens, the herb Bennet; geum urbanum; said to cure intermittents
Avenzoar, an Arabian physician
Aversio, dislike; metastasis, altered position of the uterus
Aves, scented candles, used in time of plague
Avevetl, a species of fir
Avicenna, an Arabian physician, A. D. 980
Avicenna tomentosa, the Malacca bean tree
Avicula Cypria, aves Cypriæ, scented candles used in time of plague

A Z A

Aviculæ hermeticæ, the essential salt of dew
Avicularia sylvii, the greater Venus's looking glass
Avilu, an Indian apple with bitter kernels
Avis medica, the peacock
Avium nigra, lauro-cerasus
Avo, the Madagascar althæa
Avoirdupois, a weight used for heavy goods
Avornus, the black alder
Avoseta, an Italian water fowl
Avrancum, egg shells
Avraric, mercury
Axea commissura, a species of articulation
Axedo, a charm producing impotence
Axilla, the arm-pit
Axillaria arteria, a branch of the subclavian artery
Axillaris nervus, a nerve of the arm-pit
 ——— **vena**, a continuation of the subclavian vein; in botany, growing out of angles
Axioma, an absolute truth, or maxim
Axirnach, superabundant fat
Axis, the axis, or centre; the second vertebra
 ——— **uteri**, the centre of the womb in relation to its proper position in the pelvis
Axungia, hog's lard
 ——— **castorei**, castor; the fat of the beaver
 ——— **curata**, purified hog's lard
 ——— **lunæ**, a species of terra sigillata
 ——— **chymica**, white bole
 ——— **de mumia**, marrow
 ——— **solis**, terra sigillata
 ——— **vitri**, a substance produced by making glass
Ayborzat, gum galbanum
Aycapher, burnt copper
Aycophos, calcined brass
Azaa, red marl
Azac, gummi ammoniac
Azadar acheni arbor, the bread-fruit
Azagor, verdigris

A Z Y

Azamar, native cinnabar; vermilion
Azane, the philosopher's stone
Azanitæ acopon, an ointment
 ——— **ceratum**, a cerate
Azar, the philosopher's stone
Azarnet, orpimentum
Azarolus, the Neapolitan medlar
Azarum, the wild nard
Azed, a fine kind of camphor
Azedarach, } the bread-fruit
Azedrachini }
Azedegrin, the blood-stone, or hæmatites
Azeff, slate alum
Azeg, vitriol
Azemafor, minium, or red lead
Azemasor, native cinnabar
Azensali, a species of rock moss
Azimar, calcined copper
Azius, assius, asius
Azob, a species of alum
Azoch, the mercury of philosophers
Azom, heated butter
Azot, azotum; name in the new chemistry for the basis of atmospherical air, and of ammonia, nitrous acid, &c.
Azoth, an imaginary universal remedy; the liquor of quicksilver; brass
Azragar, verdigrise
Azub, alum
Azul, lapis lazuli
Azur, red coral
Azurium, quicksilver, sulphur, and sal ammoniac
Azutum, the Armenian stone
Azyges, the os sphenoides
Azygos, without its fellow
 ——— **morgagni**, a muscle of the mouth
 ——— **processus**, a process of the os sphenoides
 ——— **uvulæ**, a muscle of the uvula
 ——— **vena**, a vein within the thorax arising from the vena cava superior
Azymar, native cinnabar; vermilion
Azymos, -us, unleavened bread; unfermented

B.

B A L

BABUZICARIUS, the night-mare
 Bacanon, the cabbage seed
Bacca, a berry; a pearl
 ——— *Monspelliensis*, the great fleabane
Baccalia, bay, or laurel tree
Baccantes, like berries
Baccar, baccharis
Baccæ Bermudenses, soap, or Bermudas berries
 ——— *juniperi*, juniper berries; carminative
 ——— *lauri*, laurel berries
 ——— *piscatoriæ*, *cocculus-Indicus*
Baccharis, great fleabane; ploughman's spikenard
Bacchia, a pimpled face; *gutta rosacea*
Bacchica, the ivy
Bacchus, wine; the mullet fish
Baccifer, berry bearing
Baccifera arbor Brasiliensis, a tree of Brasil
 ——— *fructu monopolyreno foliis quipedali*, the copaiba of Brasil
 ——— *piper recipiente*, the cubeb tree; a spice
 ——— *laurifolia aromatica fructu viridi calculato racemoso*, the wild cinnamon tree, or winter's bark
 ——— *Indica*, a tree of Malabar
Baccinia, the black-berry
Baccilli, lozenges, or troches; scented candles
Bacillum, a lozenge; a stick for stirring
Bacoba, the American banana tree
Baculus, bacillum, or baculum
Badranum semen, Indian aniseed
Badiza aqua, Bath water
Badisis, walking
Baduka, cappariz; the caper bush
Badzcher, an antidote
Bæros, a kind of cataplasm
Bagnio, a bath
Bahei coyolli, the Malabar nut
Bahel sculli, the Indian thorny broom
Bahobab, the calabash tree of Africa, yielding the terra sigillata lemnia
Baiac, ceruss, or white lead
Bala, the plantain tree
Balæna, the whale

B A L

Balæna macrocephala, the spermaceti whale
 ——— *major*, the larger kind of whale
 ——— *vulgaris*, the common whale
Balampulli, the tamarind
Balanda, the beech tree
Balandina, a factitious stone
Balani, an acorn-like fish
Balaninum oleum, ben nut oil
Balanitis, a kind of round chestnut
Balanocastanum, the earth nut
Balanos, -us, an acorn; an oak; any tree yielding a fruit like acorns; suppository
 ——— a pessary, the glans penis
 ——— *myrepsica*, the oily acorn, or ben nut; a purgative
Balasius, a species of the fossil carbuncle
Balaustia, } the balaustine, or wild pome-
Balaustium, } granate flower
Balbus, tongue-tied; a stammerer
Balbuties, stammering
Balchus, the Arabian gum bdellium
Balla mucca pira, the male balsam apple
Baliolus, a negro
Balistæ os, the astragalus, or first bone of the foot
Ballote, or ballota, the black, stinking horehound
Balneabilis, water fit for bathing
Balneum, a bath, or washing place
 ——— *animale*, the wrapping any part of an animal, just killed, round the body, or a limb
 ——— *arenæ*, a sand bath
 ——— *calidum*, a hot bath
 ——— *frigidum*, a cold bath
 ——— *Mariæ*, } a warm water bath
 ——— *maris*, }
 ——— *medicatum*, a bath impregnated with drugs
 ——— *siccum*, a dry bath, either with ashes, sand, or iron filings
 ——— *sulphureum*, a sulphur bath
 ——— *tepidum*, a tepid, or warm bath, 96 deg. Fahr.
 ——— *vaporis*, a vapour bath
Balsamatio, embalming
Balsamea, the balm of Gilead fir
Balsamelæon, balm of Gilead
Balsamella, the male balsam apple

B A L

- Balsami oleum, balm of Gilead
 Balsamica, balsamics; warm, stimulating, demulcent medicines
 Balsamifera arbor, any tree yielding a balsam
 ————— Brasiliensis, the balsam capaiba tree
 ————— Indicana, the Peruvian balsam tree
 Balsamina, the male balsam apple
 Balsamita, herb costmary; alecost
 ————— lutea, persicaria
 ————— minor, sweet maudlin
 ————— major, costmary
 Balsamum, a balsam, or balm, liquid resin
 ————— Ægyptiacum, the balm of Gilead
 ————— anodynum, tacamahacca distilled with turpentine, soap linnement, and tincture of opium
 ————— Alpinum, balm of Gilead
 ————— antimonii, a remedy for cancer
 ————— arcæi, gum elemi and suet
 ————— Asiaticum, balm of Gilead
 ————— Canadense, balsam of Canadian fir
 ————— cephalicum, distillation of oils, nutmeg, cloves, amber, &c.
 ————— commendatoris, storax, benzoe, myrrh, aloes, &c.
 ————— copaibæ, balsam copaiba of the Spanish West Indies
 ————— embryonum, a preparation of aniseed
 ————— genuinum antiquorum, } balm
 ————— Gileadense, } of Gilead; a resinous juice of Arabia Felix
 ————— guaiacinum, guaiacum; balsam of Peru and spirits of wine
 ————— Guidonis, balsamum anodynum
 ————— Hungaricum, balsam from a coniferous tree on the Carpathian mountains
 ————— Judaicum, balm of Gilead
 ————— locatelli, oil, turpentine, wax, and red saunders
 ————— mas, the herb costmary
 ————— e Mecca, hardened balm of Gilead
 ————— Mexicanum, balsamum Peruvianum
 ————— novum, a new balsam from a red fruit in the West Indies
 ————— odoriferum, oil, wax, and any essential oil
 ————— Peruvianum, balsam of Peru

B A O

- Balsamum Persicum, balsamum commendatoris
 ————— rakasiri, a balsam resembling capaiba
 ————— samech, salt of tartar dulcified by spirits of wine
 ————— saponaceum, opodeldoc
 ————— saturni, sugar of lead and oil
 ————— succini, oil of amber
 ————— sulphuris, sulphur boiled with oil
 ————— anisatum, balsam of sulphur and oil of aniseed
 ————— Barbadense, sulphur boiled with Barbadoes tar
 ————— crassum, thick balsam of sulphur
 ————— terebinthinatum, balsam of sulphur and oil of turpentine
 ————— simplex, sulphur boiled with oil
 ————— Syriacum, balm of Gilead
 ————— terebinthinæ, oil of turpentine thickened by boiling
 ————— toluatanum, balsam tolu of the Spanish West Indies
 ————— traumaticum, benzoe, aloes, and balsam of Peru
 ————— universale, unguentum saturninum
 ————— viride, linseed oil, turpentine, and verdigrise
 ————— vitæ Hoffmanni, oils, nutmegs, cloves, lavender, &c. digested
 Balteus, a belt, or girdle
 Balux, sand of rivers mixed with gold
 Balzoinum, the gum Benjamin
 Bambalio, a stammerer
 Bambatus, pickled; marinated
 Bambax, bombyx; cotton
 Bamia moschata, Egyptian musk mallow
 Bambu, the bamboo cane
 Bamma, a sauce; a pickle; mustard
 Ban arbor, the coffee tree
 Banana, the banana tree of America
 Bananeira, the plantain tree
 Bandura, a curious narcotic plant of Ceylon
 Bangué, an Indian intoxicating plant
 Banica, the wild carrot
 Banilia, } vanilla
 Banilas, }
 Banistera, a foreign tree resembling maple
 Baobab, bañobab

B A R

Baptica coccus, the scarlet grain; kermes berry
Baptisecula, the corn-flower, or blue-bottle
Baptisterium, a bath
Baptistrum flore luteo siliqua glabra articulata, the herb corn-rocket; charlock
Barac, nitre
Barametz, a plant called Scythian lamb
Baras, a species of leprosy
Barathrum, any unwholesome cavern
Barba, the beard; the smaller claws of polypus fish; the fish barbel
 ——— **aronis**, arum, or wake Robin
 ——— **capræ**, the herb queen of the meadow
 ——— **hirci**, the plant goat's beard
 ——— **jovis**, the silver bush; the shumach; *sempervivum majus*
Barbarea, Barbara's herb; winter cress
Barbaria, } rhubarb. See *Rhabarbarum*
Barbaricum, }
Barbarum, a plaister
Barbatina, a Persian vermifuge seed
Barbatus, bearded
Barbo, the barbel, an oblong fish
Barbota, the barbut, a small river fish
Barbotinum, semen santonicum
Barbalus, } the barbel, an oblong fish
Barbus, }
Barbyrousa, a species of Indian hog
Bardana, *arctium lappa*, or burdock
 ——— *arctium*, woolly headed burdock
 ——— **major**, the great burdock; clot-bur
 ——— **minor**, lesser burdock, or louse-bur
Bariglia, } the ashes of kelp; the unrefined
Barilla, } mineral alkali
Barleria, } the herb snapdragon
Barrelia, }
Barometrum, the barometer determining the weight of the atmosphere
Barometz, } the plant Scythian lamb
Baronetz, }
Barones, small worms
Baroptis, a black stone; antidote to venomous bites
Baros, -us, weight; a substance resembling camphor
Baroscopos, -us, a barometer
Bartholinianæ glandulæ, the sublingual glands
Barycoia, deafness
Baryococcalon, stramonium
Baryphonia, difficult speech
Barypicron, a species of wormwood
Barys, heavy

B A T

Baryta, barytes; heavy earth; terra ponderosa
Basaal, an Indian tree; its kernels anthelmintic
Basaltes, a dark-coloured stone allied to granite
Basanites, a kind of touchstone
Basella, Malabrian climbing nightshade
Basiatio, sexual intercourse
Basiator, constrictor labiorum
Basilare, a name applied to the cuneiform, sphenoid, and sacral bones
Basilaris arteria, a branch of the vertebral artery
Basileion, an eyewash
Basiliaris apophysis, the large occipital apophysis
Basilica, the herb basil
 ——— **mediana**, the middle vein of the arm
 ——— **nux**, the walnut
 ——— **vena**, the inner vein of the arm
Basilicum, the herb basil
 ——— **unguentum flavum**, unguentum basilicum
Basilicus pulvis, formerly calomel, rhubarb, and jalap; dose xij grains; now calomel, scammony, and sugar
Basilidion, an itch ointment
Basilis, a collyrium
Basiliscus, the basilisk, a poisonous serpent; the philosopher's stone; corrosive sublimate
Basioglossi, two muscles depressing the tongue
Basio-pharyngæi, muscles of the os hyoides
Basis, the principal ingredient; support
 ——— **cerebri**, palatum
 ——— **cordis**, the broad part of the heart
Bassi colica, a compound of spice and honey
Basterna, a close litter
Batatas, the common potatoe
Batavis, a species of privet
Bateia, the wild carrot
Bathmis, { a sinus, or articulating cavity
Bathmus, }
Bathonia aqua, Bath water
Bathron, -um, the support; an instrument used in fractures
Bathipycron, a species of wormwood
Bathys, Roman cheese
Batia, a retort
Baticula, the greater sapphire
Batillus cubicularius, a warming-pan

B E H

Batinon moron, the raspberry
Batis, samphire; the thornback
Batitura, the squamæ of metals
Batos, a bramble, or blackberry tree
Batrachoides, a species of geranium
Batrachites, toad-stone
Batrachium, cranesbill; crowsfoot
Batrachus, ranula; a tumour under the tongue
Battarismus, stammering
Battata Virginiana, } the potatoe
Battatas,
 ——— *Canadensis*, *Holenum Indicum*
 ——— *Hispanica*, } the Spanish potatoe
 ——— *occidentalis*, } toe
 ——— *peregrina*, American cathartic potatoe
Battisecula, the blue-bottle, or corn-flower
Battitura, the ignited squamæ of metals
Baucia, the wild carrot
Bauda, a vessel for distillation
Bauhinia, mountain ebony
Baurach, borax; natron; nitrum
Baxana, an Indian tree; poisonous
Bazcher, an antidote
Bdalsis, suction
Bdella, a horse-leech; a dilated vein
Bdellerum, a horse-leech
Bdellium, an African resinous gum
Bdellus, a discharge of wind downwards
Bdelygmia, } any nauseous odour
Bdelyria, }
Bebæus, strong; firm
Bebrus, the beaver, or castor
Becabunga, brook lime; water pimpernel; antiscorbutic
Becassine, the woodcock
Becca, the resin of the mastich tree
Bechica, } medicines relieving cough; ex-
Bechita, } pectorants
Bechion, -um, the herb coltsfoot
Becuiba nux, a nut of Brasil
Bedalach, a yellow kind of bdellium, yielding a balsam
Bedegua, a species of thistle
Bedeguar, the Spanish milk thistle
Beenel, an evergreen of Malabar
Besha, a species of bamboo
Beetla, the East India beetle plant
Begma, expectorated mucus
Beguill, a species of apple yielding a pulp like a strawberry
Behem, } the white and red behem herb
Behemen, }

B E M

Behen album, white bean, or behen; cardiac; anthelmintic
 ——— *officinarum*, spatling poppy; cardiac; alexipharmac
 ——— *rubrum*, sea lavender; red behen; cardiac; astringent
Behmen abrad Arabum, white ben
Beid-el-ossar, an Egyptian plant
Bejuio, the bean of Carthage
Belae, an astringent bark of Madagascar
Belemnites, a fossil lime stone
Belemnoides, } the styloid processes; the
Belenoides, } lower end of the ulna
Beleson, a balsam
Belgis cabellian, the cod-fish
Beli, a tree of Malabar with astringent fruit
Belilia, a berry-bearing shrub of India
Belladonna, deadly nightshade; atropa
Bellegu, myrobalani bellerici
Belliculus, the periwinkle; a shell-fish
Bellidioides, the herb ox-eye; maudlin-wort
Belliricus marinus, the periwinkle
Bellis, the daisy
 ——— *cærulea*, the French daisy
 ——— *lutea foliis profundis*, } the corn
 ——— *subrotundis*, } marygold
 ——— *major*, great ox-eyed daisy
 ——— *ramosa umbellifera Americana*, the common chamomile
 ——— *minor*, common daisy; bruise-wort
 ——— *montana frutescens acris*, pellitory of Spain
 ——— *sylvestris*, the ox-eye; maudlin-wort
Belloculus, a precious stone
Bellon, the Devonshire colic
Bellonia, a plant with a leaf like mint
Bellonio, } a species of cedar
Bellonis, }
Belomuscus, the musk mallow
Beloere, an Indian, purging, evergreen plant
Belonoides, } belemnoides
Beloides, }
Belone, a needle
Belulcum, an instrument to extract arrows
Belutta tadjampacam, a large tree of Malabar
Beluzaar, an antidote
Belvedere, the herb goosefoot; sowbane
Belzoe, } the gum benzoin
Belzoinum, }
Belzuar minerale, the fossil bezoar
Belzur, metallic fossils
Bem-curini, an Indian shrub used in gout

B E N

Bem-tamara, the Egyptian bean
Ben, the oily acorn, or ben nut
 — magnum, the great ben, or purging
 filbert
Benath, small pustules produced by sweating
Benedicta aqua, simple lime water
 — composita, compound lime
 water
 — herba, the herb bennet
 — laxitiva, a purge of turbeth,
 scammony, anise, &c.
Benedictum lignum, the guaiacum wood
 — oleum, oil of bricks
 — vinum, antimonial wine
Benedictus lapis, the philosopher's stone
Beneolentia, sweet-scented medicines
Bengalensis, an Indian tree
Bengalle Indorum, the casmunar; an East
 Indian plant
Bengi-eiri, the evergreen cataputia of India
Beninganio, a large American fruit
Benivi arbor,
Benivifera,
Benjoinum,
Benjoivum,
Benjoinum,
Benjui,
 } the tree yielding the gum
 } benzoin; indigenous in
 } Asia and America
Benkadali, an East Indian shrub; the kadali
Benzoas, benzoat; the name in the new
 chemistry of every compound of the acid
 of gum benzoin
 — aluminosus, benzoat of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, benzoat of ammo-
 niac
 — argenti, benzoat of silver
 — arsenicalis, benzoat of arsenic
 — auri, benzoat of gold
 — baryticus, benzoat of barytes, or
 heavy spar
 — bismuthi, benzoat of bismuth
 — calcareus, benzoat of lime
 — cobalti, benzoat of cobalt
 — cupri, benzoat of copper
 — ferri, benzoat of iron
 — hydrargyri, benzoat of mercury
 — magnesiae, benzoat of magnesia
 — magnesiæ, benzoat of manganese
 — molybdæni, benzoat of molybdena
 — niccoli, benzoat of nickel
 — platini, -æ, benzoat of platina
 — plumbi, benzoat of lead
 — potassæ, benzoat of potash
 — sodæ, benzoat of soda, or mineral
 alkali

B E S

Benzoas stanni, benzoat of tin
 — stibii, benzoat of antimony
 — tungsteni, benzoat of tungstein
 — zinci, benzoat of zinc
Benzoe, the gum benzoin tree
 — amygdaloides, the white and best
 pieces of gum
Benzoifera, } the gum benzoin tree
Benzoin, }
Benzoinum, the gum benzoin
Benzoës flores, flowers of benjamin
Benzoini magisterium, magistery, or pre-
 cipitate of gum benjamin
 — oleum, oil of benjamin
Ber, an East India tree
Berbengine, the love apple
Berberi, shells from which pearls are pro-
 cured
Berberis, the barberry bush
 — sal essentielle, sal berrberis essen-
 tiale
 — gelatina, barberries boiled in sugar
Berdiramon, greater bistort, or snakeweed
Beredrias, an ointment
Berenice, amber
Berenicium, nitre
Bereni secum, artimisia, or mugwort
Beretus fructus, a Malacca fruit
Bergamote, } an agreeable fruit, the rind
Bergamot, } yielding a perfume
Berberia, } a loss of motion in a joint from
Berberi, } rigidity
Bericocca, the apricot
Berillus, beryllus
Bermudiana, a lily-like plant of Bermudas
Bernardia, a plant like the ricinus
Bernarvi, an electuary
Bernhardi testiculus, king's spear and yel-
 low asphodel
Bernhardus eremita, the wrong heir; Ber-
 nard the hermit, or soldier fish
Bernicla, the road goose; branta
Berrionis, colophony, or black rosin
Bers, an exhilarating electuary
Berula, brook lime
 — Gallica, upright water parsnep
Beryllus, the beryl
Berytion, an eyewater; a lozenge
Bes, a measure of eight ounces
Besachar, a sponge
Besasa, the wild rue
Besbase, mace
Besleria, a plant
Bessonna, a fungus; a receptacle of flies

B E Z

Bessanen, a redness of the skin
 Besto, saxifrage
 Beta, the beet plant
 — alba, white beet
 — nigra, turnip-rooted red beet
 — pallescens, white beet
 — rubra, turnip-rooted, red, or Roman beet
 — sylvestris, wild beet
 Betele, } an oriental plant, like the tail
 Bethle, } of a lizard, chewed by the In-
 Betle, } dians, makes the teeth black;
 Betelle, } is cordial and exhilarating
 Betonica, common betony
 — altilis, clove July flower
 — aquatica, water betony; corrects senna
 — coronaria, clove July flower
 — Pauli, male speedwell
 — superba, the pink
 Betre, the betle plant of the Indians
 Bettonica, great water dock
 Betula, the birch tree
 Betulus, the oyster
 Bex, a cough
 Bexugo, a species of virgin's bower
 Bexuguillo, ipecacuanha
 Bezoar, an antidote; an epithet for a stony laminated substance found in animals; alexipharmac
 — animale, bezoar of animals
 — bovinum, bezoar from the ox
 — fossile, a stone of France and Italy
 — Germanicum, bezoar from the Alpine goat
 — hystricis, bezoar of the Indian porcupine
 — microcosmicum, urinary calculus
 — minerale, ammites
 — occidentale, American bezoar from the American goat
 — orientale, bezoar Germanicum
 — Peruvianum, bezoar from the American goat
 — porci, bezoar of the porcupine
 — simiae, bezoar of the monkey
 Bezoardica radix, contrayerva root
 — terra, an Italian earth
 Bezoardicum joviale, bezoar of tin
 — lunale, a preparation of antimony and silver
 — martiale, a preparation of iron and antimony

B I G

Bezoardicum minerale, a preparation of antimony
 — saturni, a preparation of antimony and lead
 Bezoardicus pulvis, oriental bezoar
 Bezoarticum, of the nature of bezoar
 — minerale, an inert calx of antimony
 Bezoarticus spiritus nitri, the distilled acid of the bezoarticum minerale
 Bezoas, a common chemical epithet
 Bianca Alexandrina, album Hispanicum
 Biceon, wine of sun raisins and sea water
 Bibere, to drink
 Bibinella, the plant pimpermella
 Bibitorius musculus, a muscle of the eye
 Bibliotheca, a library
 Bibulus lapis, the pumice stone
 Bicaudalis, having two tails
 Biceps musculus, any muscle with two insertions, or heads
 — cubiti, a muscle of the arm
 — externi, a muscle of the leg
 — extensor, a muscle of the back part of the arm
 — femoris, a muscle of the thigh
 — flexor, } a flexor muscle
 — humeri, } of the fore part
 — internus humeri, } of the arm
 — tibiae, a muscle of the leg
 Bichichiae, lozenges made with liquorice
 Bichos, a worm that gets under the toe nails
 Bicion, tares, or vetch
 Bicornis, } os hyoides
 — lambdoides, }
 Bicornis, any muscle with a double insertion
 — piscis, the fish called cuckold
 Bicucullatus, doubled-hooded
 Bicuspidis, the molares, or grinding teeth
 Bidens, having two teeth; water hemp, or agrimony; purgative
 — urtica, } anative plant of Ceylon
 — Zeylanica, }
 Biduum, two days
 Biennialis, } applied to plants continuing
 Biennis, } two years
 Bifarius, applied to leaves pointing two ways
 Bifer, bearing double, or twice in a year
 Bifidus, cut into two parts
 Biflorus, bearing two flowers
 Bifolium, the plant wood bifoil, or two-leaved
 Biformis, of two forms
 Bigaster, applied to muscles with two bellies

B I P

Bigeminus, a cloven stalk with two leaves on each half
Bigemmis, with two buds
Bigener, a mule; a mongrel
Bignona, trumpet flower, or scarlet jessamine
Bihal, a lily-like American plant
Bihernius, having two ruptures
Bijugus, having two pairs of leaves
Bilabiatus, having two lips
Biladen, a name of iron
Bilamellatus, with a double stigma
Biliarius porus, ductus hepatici origo
Biliaris, belonging to the bile
Biliaria arteria, the biliary artery; a branch of the hepatic
Bilimbi, the Indian apple, or billing-bing
Biliosus, bilious; of the nature of bile; abounding in bile
 ———— **-sa febris**, the bilious, or autumnal fever
 ———— **ardens febris**, the burning, bilious, West Indian fever
Bilis, the bile, or gall, secreted by the liver; a compound of sulphureous oil, volatile and fixed salts, earth, and phlegm
 ———— **atra**, black bile, supposed cause of melancholy
 ———— **cystica**, } the bile when in the gall-
 ———— **fellea**, } bladder
 ———— **hepatica**, the bile when it has not entered the gall-bladder
Billing-bing, the Indian apple
Bilobus, having two lobes
Bilocularis, having two cells
Bjmenibris, doubled limbed
Bimestris, two months old
Binus, two years old
Binarius, two; by twos
Binatus, consisting of one pair
Bingalle, the cassumunar root
Binoculus, a bandage for the eyes
Binsica, a disordered mind
 ———— **mors**, the binsical, or that death which follows a disordered mind
Bintambaru Zeylanensis, a plant of Ceylon
Biolychnium, vital heat; an officinal nostrum
Bios, life; nutrition
Biote, life; light food
Biothanati, those who die a violent death
Bipartitus, consisting of two divisions
Bipemulla, the plant pimpernel
Bipes, two footed

B L Æ

Bipetalus, having two flower leaves
Bipinnatus, doubly winged
Bipinnella, the plant pimpernel
Bipula, a species of vermis, or worm
Bira, malt liquor, or beer
Birao, stone parsley
Birethus, cucullus; a medicated cap
Birsens, an abscess in the breast
Bis, monkshood; hemlock
Biscoctus, biscuit, or bread much baked
Biscutella, mustard
Bisematum, an inferior lead
Bisermas, clary, or garden clary
Bislingua, the plant double-tongue; vulnery
Bismalva, or Bismaloea, marshmallow
Bismuthum, bismuth, or tin glass; a semi-metal
Bismuthi flores, sublimed bismuth
 ———— **magisterium**, magistery, or precipitate of bismuth; Spanish white
Bisnagarica arbor, the cubeb tree
Bison, an American animal like an ox
Bisselæon, oil of pitch
Bistachium, the pistachio nut tree
Bistorta, bistort, or snake weed of England
Bistoury, a kind of incision knife
Bisul, } furrowed; having two grooves
Bisulcis, }
Biternatus, being twice divided into three
Bithnimalca, the digestive principle
Bithi, or Biti, an eastern evergreen tree
Bithinos, a Galenical plaister
Bythinici emplastrum, a plaister for the spleen
Bitumen, mineral oil thickened by acids; pitch
 ———— **Barbadense**, Barbadoes pitch
 ———— **fossile**, fossil, or pit coal
 ———— **gagatis**, bitumen of jet
 ———— **Judaicum**, fossil, or Jew's pitch
 ———— **liquidum**, liquid pitch
Bivalvis, }
Bivalvala, } bivalvous, leguminous plants
Bivalvulus, }
Biventer, any muscle with two bellies
 ———— **cervicis**, } a muscle of the lower
 ———— **musculus**, } jaw
Bixa oviedi, a fruit of New Spain
 ———— **orellana**, the arnotto tree
Blabe, any hurt
Blaccia, the morbilli, or measles
Blactara, a name for white paint
Blæsitas, lisping; stammering

B L I

Blæsus, a stammerer
 Blanca, a lenitive purge
 ——— mulierum, ceruss; white lead
 Blanc tarbe, powder blue
 Blancnon, the fern
 Blandus, bland; mild; smooth
 Blaptisecula, the herb blue bottle
 Blas, locomotive power
 Blasa, -o, a worm medicine
 Blastema, the shoot, or offset of a plant;
 cutaneous eruption
 Blastum mosylitum, cassia bark kept with
 the wood
 Blatta, a beetle; the kermes insect
 ——— foetida, the slow-legged beetle
 ——— Byzantia, Constantinople sweet-hoof
 ——— the operculum, or lid of turbinated
 shells
 Blattaria lutea, yellow moth mullein
 Blattea, the purple fish
 Blatti, the Malabar plum tree
 Blechnon minus, the lesser branched fern
 Blechon, wild pennyroyal
 Blechrus, infirm
 Blema, a wound
 Blende, bismuth; a semi-metal
 Blenna, } thick phlegm from the nostrils
 Blena, }
 Blennorrhæa, } a running, or discharge of
 Blennorrhagia, } mucus
 Blennus, a fish; idiotic
 Blephara, -on, the eyelids
 Blepharides, the cartilaginous edges of the
 eyelids
 Blepharoptosis, a preternatural descent of
 the eyelids
 Blepharotis, inflammation of the eyelids
 Blepharoxysis, a brush for the eyes
 Blepharoxyston, -um, an instrument for
 examining the eyes
 Blestrismus, phrenetic restlessness
 Bleta, milky urine
 Bleti, -us, those seized with dyspnœa, or
 suffocation
 Blincta, read earth
 Blitum, the strawberry blite, or blight
 ——— Brasilianum lusitanis, Brasil blite
 ——— capitellisspicatis terminalibus, straw-
 berry spinage
 ——— sparsis lateralibus, blite
 with shoots from the sides
 ——— erectum, goosefoot, or sowbane
 ——— foetidum, a species of orach
 ——— maximum, the flower gentile

B O L

Blitum minus polyspermum, goosefoot, or
 sowbane
 Boa, a serpent of Calabria; an eruption;
 hidroa
 Boanthemon, -um, the ox-eyed plant
 Boas, a serpent of Calabria
 Boax, the name of a fish
 Boberri, turmeric
 Bocconia, a native West Indian plant
 Bochetum, a decoction of woods
 Bochia, a subliming vessel
 Bochium, a swelling of the bronchial glands
 Boe, the moaning of a sick person
 Boethema, a remedy
 Boethematica semeia, favourable symptoms
 Bogia gummi, the gamboge
 Boicininga, } the rattlesnake
 Boicinininga, }
 Boitiapo, } a venomous serpent of Brasil
 Bojobi, }
 Bolbidion, a polypous fish
 Bolbiton, } cow-dung
 Bolbitos, }
 Bolbonac, herb satin, or honesty
 Bolbos, an epithet for bulbous plants
 Bolchon, gum bdellium
 Bolesia, coral
 Boleson, a balsam
 Boletto, imperfect glass
 Boletus, a species of fungus; spunk
 ——— cervi, the mushroom
 ——— igniarius, agaric
 ——— pini laricis, a species of agaric
 Bolismus, a voracious appetite
 Bolum rubrum, red bole
 Bolus, a bolus, or lump; an officinal for-
 mula
 ——— bole, a species of clay
 ——— alexipharmica, a preparation of con-
 trayerva
 ——— ex alumine, alum, bark, and nutmeg
 ——— Armena, } Armenian bole
 ——— Armenia, }
 ——— alba, white Armenian bole
 ——— armoniac, bole armeniac
 ——— Blessensis, bole of Blois
 ——— Bohemica, Bohemian bole
 ——— e camphora, camphor, gum Arabic,
 and syrup
 ——— candida, white bole
 ——— e castoreo, castor, salt of hartshorn,
 and syrup
 ——— catharticus, rhubarb and solutive
 syrup of roses

B O M

Bolus catharticus cum mercurio, jalap, mercury, and syrup
 — **communis**, common bole
 — **diaphoreticus**, contrayerva, sal ammoniac, and syrup
 — **diureticus**, squills, arum, and ginger
 — **ad dysenteriam**, aromatic confection, bole, and opium
 — **emmenagogus**, aloes, saffron, pepper, and savin
 — **fabrilis**, red chalk
 — **febrifugus**, bark, cascarilla, and mucilage
 — **Gallica**, French bole
 — **hystericus**, musk, assafoetida, and castor
 — **Hungarica**, Transylvanian bole
 — **iliacus**, cathartic extract and opium
 — **Judaica**, the marshmallow
 — **Lemnina**, Lemnian earth
 — **mercurialis**, calomel and conserve of roses
 — **emeticus**, turbith mineral and conserve of roses
 — **orientalis**, Armenian bole
 — **Pannonica vera**, Transylvanian bole
 — **pectoralis**, spermaceti, gum ammoniac, and salt of hartshorn
 — **rhei cum mercurio**, rhubarb of calomel
 — **rheumaticus**, guaiacum and salt of hartshorn
 — **scilliticus**, squills and aromatics
 — **Silesiana**, Lemnian earth
 — **sudorificus**, camphor and opium
 — **terebinthinatus**, turpentine and liquorice
 — **theriacalis**, thenaca, salt of hartshorn, and camphor
 — **Toccaviensis**, Transylvanian bole
Bolynthion, cow's dung
Bombias, bombiat; bombic, or acid of silk-worms with various bases
 — **aluminosus**, bombiat of alumine
 — **ammoniacalis**, bombiat of ammoniac
 — **argenti**, bombiat of silver
 — **arsenicalis**, bombiat of arsenic
 — **auri**, bombiat of gold
 — **baryticus**, bombiat of barytes
 — **bismuthi**, bombiat of bismuth
 — **calcareus**, bombiat of lime
 — **cobalti**, bombiat of cobalt
 — **cupri**, bombiat of copper
 — **ferri**, bombiat of iron

B O R

Bombias hydrargyri, bombiat of mercury
 — **magnesiae**, bombiat of magnesia
 — **magnesii**, bombiat of manganese
 — **molybdeni**, bombiat of molybdena
 — **nicoli**, bombiat of nickel
 — **platini**, bombiat of platina
 — **plumbi**, bombiat of lead
 — **potassae**, bombiat of potash
 — **sodae**, bombiat of soda
 — **stanni**, bombiat of tin
 — **stibii**, bombiat of antimony
 — **tungsteni**, bombiat of tungstein
 — **zinci**, bombiat of zinc
Bombax, the silk cotton tree
Bombus, a ringing in the ears; borborygmus
Bombicum folliculi, silk worms' bags
Bombylius, a narrow-necked vessel
Bombyx, the silk worm
Bompourmikel, the coarse bread of the athletæ
Bon arbor, the coffee tree
Bona, the kidney bean
Bonasus, the Medean wild ox
Bonduch Indorum, Molucca, or bezoar nut; carminative
Bonifacia, the plant double-tongue, or bislingua
Bontia, the West Indian wild olive
Bonus Henricus, the herb English mercury
Boona, the kidney bean
Boops, the name of a fish
Boos thalassios, the sea cow
Borace,
Boractrion, } borax
Boraxo,
Borago, the plant borage
Boras, borat; borax; a neutral salt
 — **aluminosus**, borat of alumine
 — **ammoniacalis**, borat of ammoniac
 — **argenti**, borat of silver
 — **arsenicalis**, borat of arsenic
 — **auri**, borat of gold
 — **baryticus**, borat of barytes
 — **bismuthi**, borat of bismuth
 — **calcareus**, borat of lime
 — **cobalti**, borat of cobalt
 — **cupri**, borat of copper
 — **ferri**, borat of iron
 — **magnesiae**, borat of magnesia
 — **magnesii**, borat of manganese
 — **mercurii**, borat of mercury
 — **molybdeni**, borat of molybden
 — **nicoli**, borat of nickel
 — **platini**, borat of platina

B O T

Boras plumbi, borat of lead
 — potassæ, borat of potash
 — sodæ, borat of soda, or common borax
 — stanni, borat of tin
 — stibii, borat of antimony
 — tunsteni, borat of tungstein
 — zinci, borat of zinc
 Borassus, medullary part of the palm tree
 Borax, a native eastern salt, compounded
 of fossil alkali and sedative salt
 Borborodes, muddy; earthy; purulent
 Borborygmus, a rumbling noise in the in-
 testines
 Borealis, northern
 Boreas, the north-east wind
 Bori, those that have great appetites
 Boridia, dry salted fish
 Boritis, the philosopher's stone
 Boriza, satin flower, or honesty
 Borometz, } the plant called Scythian lamb
 Boronetz, }
 Boros, voracious
 Borozail, a disease about the pubis, ende-
 mic in Æthiopia
 Borrage, the plant borrago
 — minima, the plant hound's tongue
 Borri borri, turmeric
 Borrus, greedy
 Bos, the ox
 — Indiana, the buffalo
 Bosa, an Egyptian fermented mass
 Boscas, a species of bitumen; a bird
 — major, a species of duck
 Boscus, wild sage
 Bosmoros, } a species of meal
 Bosporas, }
 Botale foramen, foramen ovale
 Botamum, washed lead
 Botane, an herb
 Botania, botanica, botany; the knowledge
 of vegetables
 Botanicon, a plaister made of herbs
 Botanista, a botanist, or one skilled in plants
 Botargum, the salted spawn of a fish
 Bothor, a general epithet for tumor and
 eruption
 Bothrion, an ulcerated cornea; the socket
 of the tooth
 Botia, scrophula
 Botin, turpentine
 Botium, indurated bronchial glands
 Botothinum, the most evident symptom of
 disease
 Boton the wild vine

B R A

Botrion, bothrion
 Botritis, } chemical terms; a species of
 Botryites, } calamine, or tutty
 Botrys, goosefoot; wild orach, or Jerusalem
 oak
 — Americana, } the Mexico tea; sto-
 — Mexicana, } machic
 Botrilus, a sausage
 Botus, }
 — barbatus, } cucurbita; chemicorum
 Boubalios, the wild cucumber
 Boubon, a tumor, or abscess
 Bouceras, the fœnugreek plant
 Bougie, a rolled plaister of diachylon,
 quicksilver, and crude antimony, for the
 urethra
 Boui, bohea tea
 Boulimus, a voracious appetite
 Bounias, the plant napi
 Boutua, the pareira brava, or wild vine
 Bovilla caro, beef
 Bovillæ, the morbilli, or measles
 Bovina affectio, disease incident to cattle
 — fames, bulimia
 Bovista, a species of fungus; puff ball
 Boxus, the misletoe
 Boza, a Turkish drink
 Brabyla, the Damascene plum
 Bracherium, a bandage for rupture
 Brachæus musculus, a muscle of the arm
 — externus, external brachial muscle
 — internus, internal brachial muscle
 Brachiale, the wrist
 Brachialis, belonging to the arm
 — arteria, the brachial artery
 — externus, the external brachial
 muscle
 — internus, the internal brachial
 muscle
 Brachiatus, branched out like arms
 Brachi tertius, teres major
 Brachio cubitale ligamentum, a ligament
 of the ulna
 — radiale ligamentum, an expansion
 of the lateral ligament of the os humeri
 Brachium, the arm; a branch
 — movens quartus, latissimus dorsi
 — -ii, moventium secundus, the
 deltoid muscle of the arm
 Brachuna, furor uterinus
 Brachychronius, short duration
 Brachypncea, short breathed
 Brochypotæ, those who drink little
 Brachrys, a muscle of the scapula

B R A

Brachys, short
 Bracium, copper
 Bractea, the floral leaf of a plant
 Bracteatus, having bractea
 Bradypepsia, slow digestion
 Bradys, slow
 Braggat, a ptyisan of honey and water
 Branca, a foot
 ——— leonis, lady's mantle; lion's foot
 ——— ursina, herb bear's foot
 ——— Germanica, cow parsnep
 Branchæ, } swelled tonsils
 Branchi, }
 Branchiæ, the gills of a fish
 Branchus, catarrh with hoarseness
 Branta, the road goose
 Brasilia, Brasil wood
 Brasiliana arbor aquatica, an aquatic Brasil tree
 ——— juglandi similis, a tree like the walnut
 Brasiliensis arbor siliquosa, the locust tree
 ——— radix, ipecacuanha
 Brasilis lignum, } the red logwood of Brasil
 Brasileto, }
 Brasilium lignum, Brasil wood
 Brasium, malt, or germinated barley
 Brasma, the unripe black pepper; fermentation
 Brasmos, the fermenting process
 Brassadella, } the herb adder's tongue
 Brassatella, }
 Brassica, the common cabbage
 ——— alba, the white cabbage
 ——— apiana, jagged, or crumpled colewort
 ——— canina, mercurialis sylvestris
 ——— capitata, cauliflower
 ——— conglylodes, turnip cabbage
 ——— cumana, red colewort
 ——— florida, cauliflower
 ——— gonylicodes, turnip cabbage
 ——— lacuturria, } the Savoy plant
 ——— lacuturris, }
 ——— marina, sea coltsfoot, or Scotch scurvy grass
 ——— napus, turnip cabbage
 ——— oleracea, common cabbage
 ——— rapa, turnip cabbage
 ——— rubra, red cabbage
 ——— sativa, common garden cabbage
 ——— subauda, the Savoy plant
 Brassidellica ars, curing wounds by the herb adder's tongue

B R U

Brathu, the savin shrub
 Bregma, bones forming the sagittal suture of the skull
 Brelisis, a resin from New Spain
 Brenta, the road goose
 Brenthus, the moor hen
 Brephotrophium, an hospital for infants
 Bretanica, the water dock
 Brevia vasa, branches of the splenic vein
 Brevis, short; a muscle of the scapula
 ——— cubiti, a muscle of the fore arm
 ——— extensor pollicis pedis, an extensor muscle of the great toe
 ——— flexor pollicis pedis, a flexor muscle of the great toe
 ——— peronæus, a muscle of the leg
 ——— pronator radii, } a muscle of the
 ——— radii, } fore arm
 Brevissimus, very short
 Breynia, a native plant of Jamaica
 Bricumum, the southernwood
 Brindones, a colouring fruit from the East Indies
 Britanica, lapathum aquaticum, or water dock; spoonwort
 Brithos, weight; pressure
 Briza, spelt wheat
 Brochos, a bandage; a surgeon's instrument
 Brochthus, the throat
 Brochus, having a thick upper lip, or projecting tooth
 Brodium, broth, or soup
 Broma, solid food
 Broma theon, mushrooms
 Bromella, the pine apple
 Bromion, the name of a plaister
 Bromus sterilis, the wild oat
 Bronchia, the ramifications of the aspera arteria
 Bronchiales arteriæ, branches of the superior aorta accompanying the bronchiæ
 ——— glandulæ, glands at the division of the bronchiæ
 Bronchialis glandula, the thyroid gland
 Bronchocele, enlarged thyroid gland; Derbyshire neck
 Bronchotomia, bronchotomy; an incision into the larynx between the rings
 Bronchos, hoarseness; a catarrh
 Bronchus, the aspera arteria
 Bronte, thunder
 Brotus, -os, mortal
 Bruchus, the caterpillar
 Bruma, short days, or winter

B U C

Brumasar, silver, or the moon
Brunella, the plant self-heal
Brunnieri glandulæ, glands under the vil-
 lous coat of the intestines
Brunsfelsia, a plant of Jamaica
Brunus, an erysipelatous eruption
Brusathær, a Chinese tree
Bruscandula, the lupine flower
Bruscus, wild myrtle, or butchers' broom
Bruta, instinct savin
Brutia, a pitchy resin
Brutino, turpentine
Brutobon, an ointment
Brutua, the wild vine
Brutus, brutal
Bruxaneli, a tree of Malabar
Brya, heath, or broom
Brychios, -us, deeply seated
Brygmus, grating of the teeth
Bryon, a species of moss
 ——— **thalassium**, alga, or sea weed
 ——— **marinum theophrasti**, oyster green
Bryonia, briony, or water jalap
 ——— **alba**, mechoacana alba
 ——— **mechoacana nigricans**, jalapa, or
 jalap root
 ——— **nigra**, black briony, or vine; tamus
 ——— **Peruviana**, jalapa, or jalap root
Bryopteris, the white fern of the oak
Brythion, a cataplasm, or poultice
Brytia, the solid part of the grape
Bryton, a barley drink
Bryum, a kind of fungus
Bubalus, the buffalo, or Indian ox
Bubastecordium, artimisia, or mugwort
Bubo, an abscess in the groin, or arm-pit;
 the groin
Bubon, Macedonian parsley
Bubonium, the golden starwort
Bubonocœle, a hernia, or inguinal rupture
Bubon galbanum, gum galbanum
 ——— **Macedonicum**, Macedonian parsley
Bubula caro, beef
Bubulus proptosis, proptosis
Bucca, the cheek
Buccacraton, bread soaked in wine; a nasal
 polypus
Buccales glandulæ, small glands on the in-
 side of the cheeks
Buccœa, a mouth-fall; a polypus of the
 nose
Buccelaton, } a purge made of scammony
Buccellatus, } baked with meal
Buccellatum, ship biscuit

B U L

Bucella, bread soaked in wine; a nasal
 polypus
Buccellatio, stopping a hæmorrhage
Buccinator musculus, a muscle of the cheek
Buccinum, the sea whelk
Bucco, a muscle of the lips
Buccula, the part under the chin
Buceras, } fenugreek seed
Buceros, }
Buchasis, albucasis
Bucranion, the snapdragon plant
Bucton, the hymen
Buffal, bubalus
Bufo, the toad
Bufonites, the toad stone
Bugantia, chilblains
Buglossum, garden bugloss
 ——— **radice rubra**, alkanet root
 ——— **sylvestre**, the stone bugloss
Buglossus, the sole fish
Bugones, bees
Bugula, bugle, or middle consound
Bula-wæla, the betle; an eastern plant
Bulapathum, a kind of dock
Bulbasphodelus, a bulbous asphodel
Bulbiferus, bearing bulbs
Bulbina, bulbous root
Bulhocastanum, earth nut, or hawk wort
Bulbocodium, the wild daffodil
Bulbonach, the plant satin, or honesty
Bulbasus, bulbous
Bulbus, bulbous root
 ——— **esculentus**, eatable bulbous root
 ——— **sylvestris**, the wild daffodil
 ——— **vomitorius**, the musk grape flower;
 emetic; diuretic
Bulimia, } a voracious appetite
 ——— **addephagi**, }
 ——— **canina**, a voracious appetite with
 subsequent vomiting
 ——— **cardialgica**, a voracious appetite
 with heartburn
 ——— **convulsorum**, a voracious appetite
 with convulsions
 ——— **emetica**, a voracious appetite with
 vomiting
 ——— **esurigio**, } gluttony
 ——— **helluonum**, }
 ——— **syncopalis**, a voracious appetite
 with fainting from hunger
 ——— **verminosa**, a voracious appetite
 from worms
Bulimiasis, } a voracious appetite with sub-
Bulimus, } sequent indigestion

B U S

Bulithos, stony concretions in the viscera of cattle
Bulithum, bezoar
Bulla, a blister, or whelk
Bullatus, full of blisters
Bullæ, pustules in the eyes
Bullosa febris, the viscular fever, or pemphigus
Bumelia, the ash
Buna, coffee
Bunias, the plant navew
 ——— *sylvestris*, the wild navew, or rape
Bunites vinum, wine made of wild parsley
Bunium, wild parsley; the pig nut
Bupeina, a voracious appetite
Buphagos, the name of an antidote
Buphthalmum, the herb ox-eye
 ——— *Creticum*, pellitory of Spain
 ——— *cotulæ folio*, chamomile like ox-eye
 ——— *Germanicum*, common ox-eye
 ——— *majus*, great ox-eyed daisy
Buphthalmus, diseased enlargement of the eye; house leek
Bupleurum,
Bupleuron,
Bupleuroides, } the plant hare's ear
Buprestis, an insect like the cantharis
Burac, all saline matter
Burhatus, the carp fish
Burdo, a mule
Burdunculus, an herb
Burgundiæ pix, Burgundy pitch
Burhalaga, the sea heath spurge
Burina, pitch
Buris, a scirrhus hernia
Burnea, pitch
Burhi spiritus matricalis, compound of myrrh, olibanum, amber, &c.
Bursa, an ox hide; herb shepherd's purse
Bursæ mucosæ, bags containing mucus to facilitate the motion of tendons
Bursa pastoris, the herb shepherd's purse
 ——— *testicum*, the scrotum
Bursalis musculus, a muscle of the thigh
Buselinum, a species of parsley; the carrot

B Y Z

Bussii spiritus bezoardicus, a distillation of ivory, sal ammoniac, amber, &c.
Bustuarus, a stealer of dead bodies
Buteo, the buzzard, a species of hawk
Butiga, gutta rosacea
Butino, turpentine
Buthalmum majus, the ox-eye
Butomon, -um, yellow water flag
Butomus, the French corn flag
Butor, the bittern
Butua, the wild vine
Butyrum, butter
 ——— *antimonii*, a distillation from crude antimony, mercury, and corrosive sublimate
 ——— *arsenici*, a compound of muriatic acid and arsenic
 ——— *bismuthi*, a compound of muriatic acid and bismuth
 ——— *cobalti*, a compound of muriatic acid and cobalti
 ——— *cupri*, a compound of muriatic acid and copper
 ——— *stanni*, a compound of muriatic acid and tin
 ——— *solidum*, a concreted preparation of muriatic acid and tin
Buxus, the box tree; purge for worms
 ——— *Africana*, a species of vine
 ——— *sempervirescens*, the box tree
Buyo buyo, a species of pepper
Buziaan, a species of ben root
Byarus, a plexus of blood vessels in the brain
Byne, malt
Byng, green tea
Byrethrum,
Byrethrus, } cucullus
Byrsa, leather for plaisters
Byrsodepsicon, common sumach
Bysauchen, a stiff neck
Bysma the stoppers of bottles
Byssus, lawn; the pudendum muliebre
Bystini antidotus, an antidote like mithridate
Bythos, an epithet of Hippocrates for the bottom of the stomach
Byzantina, Constantinople sweet hoof
Byzen, profusion; density; menorrhagia

C A C

C. In a chemical alphabet saltpetre
 Caa-apia, a Brasil root like ipecacuanha; antiversernous
 Caa-ataya Brasiliensis, a bitter plant of Brasil; purgative
 Caachira, the indigo plant
 Caacica Brasilianis, a milky plant of Brasil; antiversernous
 Caaco, the sensitive plant of Brasil; antiversernous
 Caetimay Brasiliensis, senicis Brasiliensis
 Caaghiyuyo Brasiliensis, a Brazilian shrub; desiccative
 Caagua-cuba, a small tree growing in Brasil
 Caamini, the finer sort of Paraguay tea
 Caa-opia, a Brazilian plant like ipecacuanha
 Caapeba, pareira brava
 Caapomonga, a plant of Brasil
 Caaponga, samphire of Brasil; diuretic
 Caapo-tiragua Brasilianis, a Brazilian plant like madder
 Caaroba, a Brazilian tree; antivenereal
 Cabala, } the supposed magical operation of some remedies
 Cabbala, }
 Caballa, }
 Cabalator, nitre
 Cabalica ars, wrestling
 Caballina caro, horse flesh
 Caballinum, horse-dung
 Caballinus, of or belonging to a horse
 Cabassonus massiliensium, a Mediterranean fish
 Cabeb, } the squamæ of iron
 Cabebi, }
 Cabelianus, the cod fish, or pike
 Cabeliau, the cod fish
 Cabocles, the offspring of native Americans and Negroes
 Cabureiba, }
 Caburiiba, } the balsam of Peru
 Cacabus, }
 Cacabulus, a privy
 Cacagoga, ointments procuring stools
 Cacai, cacao
 Cacalia, wild caraways; pectoral
 Cacalianthemum, the cabbage, or carnation tree
 Cacamotiflanoquiloni, battatas peregrina; purging potatoes

C A C

Cacamum, strange coltsfoot
 Cacangelia, bad news
 Cacao, Cacao, Cocoa, chocolate nut of Virginia and Jamaica
 Cacaphonia, defective articulation
 Cacatio, excretion of fæces
 Cacatoria febris, intermittent with purging
 Cacari, cacao
 Cacaturire, to list to go to stool
 Cacava quahoitl, } the cacao, or chocolate
 Cacavata, } nut
 Cacavi, the cassada bread; lotus
 Cacavifera, the cacao nut
 Cacayatl, a species of French marigold
 Caccionde, a preparation of terra Japonica
 Cacedonium tartarum, feculent matter supposed to remain in the secreting organs
 Cachalot, the whale yielding spermaceti
 Cachecticus, } cachexy; a vitiated state of
 Cachexia, } the body without fever or nervous disease
 ———- icterica, the jaundice
 ———- uterina, leucorrhœa; fluor albus, or white
 Cachinnatio, excessive laughter
 Cachlan, the ox-eye plant
 Cachlex, a stone, or pebble; antidysenteric
 Cachos, a Peruvian diuretic shrub
 Cachou, terra Japonica
 Cachryfera, } parched barley; rosemary;
 Cachrys, } the plant cachrys; a catkin
 Cachunde, Indian compound of amber, musk, &c.
 Cachymia, an imperfect metal
 Cacao, cacao
 Cacoalexiterium, an antidote to poison
 Cacochohia, vitiated bile
 Cacochoi, or Cacochoirus, having ill-coloured skin
 Coccohylia, indigestion
 Cacochoymia, a diseased state of the fluids
 Cacoenemus, bad legged
 Cacocorema, a medicine to purge off vitious humours
 Cacodæmon, an evil spirit; nightmare
 Cacodes, fœtid discharges
 Cacodia, defective smell
 Cacoethes, malignant disease; a boil; an ulcer

C Æ L

Cæconia, patients whose abdomens do not project
 Cæcopathia, an inveterate disease
 Cæcophonia, depraved, or altered voice
 Cæcopragia, diseased chylopoietic viscera
 Cæcorremosyne, bad news
 Cæcorrythmus, a disordered pulse
 Cæcos, bad; depraved; an Indian diuretic herb
 Cæcosis, a bad disposition of body
 Cæcositia, an aversion to food
 Cæcosphyxia, an irregular pulse
 Cæcostomachus, a diseased stomach; improper food
 Cæcostomus, a bad mouth
 Cæcothanatus, a miserable death
 Cæcothymia, a diseased mind
 Cæcotrophia, improper food; bad nutrition
 Cæcry, fennel seed; frankincense plant
 Cæctos, -us, the artichoke; the night-blowing cereus
 Cæcubalum, the berry-bearing chickweed; antivenereal
 Cæcule, cardamom seeds
 Cæcumen, the top, or sharp end
 Cædagus pali, the bark of Ceylon; antidi-senteric, dose 3ss.
 Cæda palava, a tree of Malabar; antidi-senteric
 Cædal avanacu, the tree yielding Molucca grains
 Cædaver, a dead body, or corpse
 Cædaverosus, dead-like; ghastly; pale; squalid
 Cældis, lint
 Cædject, cowhage; cowitch; stinking bean
 Cædmia, calamina
 ——— factitia, } the tutty stone
 ——— fornacum, }
 ——— fossilis, } the ore of calamine; co-
 ——— lapidosa, } balt
 ——— metallica, cobalt
 Cæduca, falling down; epilepsy; decidua
 Cæducus, epileptic
 Cædus, a wine measure, or cask
 Cæcigenus, one born blind
 Cæcilia, the blind, or slow worm; a species of serpent
 Cæcitas, blindness
 Cæcitas minor, amaurosis, or gutta serena
 Cæcum intestinum, the blind gut; a part of the colon
 Cæcus, blind
 Cælia, a kind of ale

C A L

Cælum capitis, the skull
 Cæmentum, glutinous matter; lute, or ce-ment
 ——— cuprum, copper precipitated by iron
 Cæpe, an onion; cepa
 Cæpula, a chibul, scallion, or small onion
 Cæros, the season, or opportunity
 Cæruleum, the herb blue bottle
 Cæruleus, blue
 Cærum, the sea
 Cæsalpina, an American plant
 Cæsarea sectio, the Cæsarean operation; delivery of a child by an incision through the abdomen into the uterus
 Cæsares, } children delivered by the Cæ-
 Cæsones, } sarean section
 Cæsaries, a man's head of hair
 Cæsura, an incision
 Cætchu, the Japan earth
 Cæf,
 Cæfa, } epithets of camphor
 Cæfar & Caffa, }
 Cægastrum, contagion; acquired disposition to disease
 Cæggaw, a Guinea plant, good for tooth-ach
 Cæguacu apara, } the American bezoar deer
 ——— etc, }
 Cæhveh, } coffee
 Cæhoua, }
 Cæipa tijambon, a Malabar tree of the plum kind
 Cæisa, terra Japonica
 Cæjahaba, an Indian ivy-like plant
 Cæjan, a plant; a decoction used in piles
 Cæjou, } the cassu, or cashew tree of
 Cæjous, } Brasil
 Cæjum, }
 Cælaba, the Indian mastich tree
 Cælabrina, }
 Cælæ, } a species of tin found in In-
 Cælæm, } dia
 Cælæmum, }
 Cælamacorus, Indian reed
 Cælamagrostis, reed-like grass
 Cælamarie, plants of the reed kind
 Cælambac, } the aromatic aloe
 Cælambour, }
 Cælamedon, a longitudinal fracture
 Cælamina, } calamine; an ore of
 Cælamixaris lapis, } zinc
 ——— lapidis magisterium, calamine precipitated from muriatic acid by spirit of urine; dose grains v.

C A L

Calamintha, the calamint plant; a species of baum
 ——— Anglica, English, or field cala-
 mint
 ——— aquatica, } calamintha palustris
 ——— arvensis, }
 ——— humilior, ground ivy
 ——— magno flore, mountain calamint
 ——— montana, the common calamint
 ——— palustris, marsh, or water cala-
 mint
 ——— vulgaris, calamintha montana
 Calamita, the dry storax; the loadstone
 ——— alba, white sand stone
 ——— rhasii, magnes; the loadstone
 Calamitis, an artificial calamine
 Calamus, the stalk of a plant, a reed
 ——— aromaticus, the English sweet-
 scented flag; stomachic
 ——— aromaticus Asiaticus, } the Asiatic
 ——— odoratus, } sweet-
 scented flag
 ——— scriptorius, part of the fourth ven-
 tricle of the brain
 ——— toxicus, the walking cane of
 Bengal
 Calandra, in ornithology a lark
 Calapus, the antelope
 Calathiana, the marsh gentian
 Calauritis, a species of litharge
 Calcadinum, vitriol
 Calcadis, white vitriol; alkaline salt
 Calcaneum, the os calcis, or bone of the
 heel
 Calcanthos, -um, vitriol
 Calcar, the os calcis, or heel bone
 ——— galli, a species of medlar
 ——— pedis, calcaneum
 Calcaratus, spurred
 Calcaris flos, the larkspur
 Calcareus, of a limey nature, or being con-
 vertable into lime
 Calcatar, vitriol
 Calcaton, arsenical lozenges
 Calcahepola, calcitrapa; star thistle
 Calcatrippa, garden lark-heels
 Calcedonius. See Chalcedonius; a stone
 Calcena, } a supposed tartarous state of
 Calcetus, } the blood
 Calceolus (dominæ Mariæ sacerdotis), lady's
 slipper
 Calceum equinum, tussilago; coltsfoot
 Calchacca, cassia lignea
 Calchitheos, verdigrise; marcasite

C A L

Calchoides (ossicula), the cuneiforme bones
 Calchocrum, fumaria
 Calcidicum, a medicinal containing arsenic
 Calcifraga, the herb breakstone, or spleen-
 wort
 Calcigradus, walking on the heel
 Calcinatio, calcination; reduction to pow-
 der by fire
 Calcinaum majus, calomel; mercury pre-
 cipitated from nitrous acid
 ——— poterii, mercury precipi-
 tated by salt water
 ——— minus, any sweet remedy
 Calcis vivi flores, the pellicle on lime water
 ——— os, the heel bone
 Calcitari, alkaline salt
 Calcitea, vitriol
 Calciteosa, lithargyrum; litharge
 Calcithos, verdigrise
 Calcitrapa, star thistle,
 ——— officinalis, Bar- } lithonthrop-
 naby's thistle } tic, dose ʒi.
 Calcoidea ossicula, cuneiforme os
 Calculifragus, any remedy for the stone
 Calculosus, afflicted with the stone, or
 gravel
 Calculus, the stony concrete of the urinary
 passages
 ——— biliaris, bile hardened into lumps
 in the gall-bladder
 Caldar, tin
 Caldarium, a stove, or sweating bath
 Calderiæ Italicæ, Italian hot baths
 Caldus, hot
 Calefacientia, calefacients, or warming me-
 dicines
 Calendula, the garden marigold; cordial
 ——— Alpina, arnica
 ——— arvensis, the wild marigold
 ——— palustris, common single marsh
 marigold
 Calentura, an ardent fever, peculiar to hot
 countries
 Calesiam, a tree of Malabar, cures dysen-
 tery
 Cali, kali; potash; fixed alkali
 Calichapa, the white thorn
 Caliculatus, inclosed within a cup
 Calicularis, henbane
 Calidarium, the sweating part of an hot
 bath
 Calidum innatum, animal heat
 Calidris belionii, the chevalier, a water
 bird; nutritive

Caliceta, a fungus growing on the juniper tree
 Caligatio, } impaired sight from obstruction
 Caligo, } to the passage of light; cataracta
 Caliginosus, dark, or blind
 Caligo ab ancyloblepharo, blindness from an accretion of the eyelids
 — a blepharoptosi, blindness from a preternatural descent of the eyelids
 — a cancro, blindness from cancer
 — ceratocele, blindness from a tumor of the cornea
 — corneæ, blindness from a diseased cornea
 — ab ectasi, blindness from a distended pupil
 — humorum, blindness from diseased or defective humours
 — hypoæma, blindness from effused blood
 — hyposphagma, blindness from diseased cornea
 — lactea, blindness from the milkiness of the humours
 — lentis, blindness from diseased crystalline lens
 — a leucomate, blindness from specks on the cornea
 — a lupia, blindness from a wen
 — a nephelio, blindness from an opaque cornea
 — pachecalepharosi, blindness from thickened eyelids
 — palpebrarum, blindness from diseased palpebræ
 — a ptyregio, blindness from a skin growing over the eye
 — pupillæ, blindness from a diseased pupil
 — a rhytido i, blindness from morbid lachrymal secretion
 — a sarcomate, blindness from a fleshy tumor
 — a staphylomate, blindness from a tumor in the cornea
 — a symblepharosi, blindness from an accretion of the palpebræ
 — a synizesi, blindness from a contracted pupil
 Calihacha, the cassia tree of Malabar
 Calimia, a cup; lapis calaminaris
 Calin, a metal found in China, between lead and tin.

Callæon, the gills of a cock
 Callaf, a cherry-like fragrant tree of India; refrigerant
 Callaica, a gem of a green colour
 Callarias, a haddock
 Callecamenon, burnt copper
 Calleria, a kind of saltpetre
 Calli, nodes, or gouty knots
 Callia, a name of chamomile
 Calliblephara, medicines for diseased eyelids
 Callicreus, the pancreas
 Calligonum, the knot grass
 Calliomarcus, coltsfoot
 Callion, a kind of nightshade
 Callionymus, alkekanai; uranoscopus
 Callipædia, the art of breeding fine children
 Calliphlepham, a superior kind of oyster
 Calliphlephanum, a drug to black the eyelids
 Calliphyllum, common maiden-hair
 Callistruthia, a fig mentioned by Pliny
 Callithrix, an ape of Ethiopia with fine hair
 Callitrichum, common maiden-hair
 Callopismus, graceful form
 Callositas, callosity, or boney hardness
 Callosus, callous; of the nature of callous
 Callus, a glutinous secretion from the extremities of fractured bones serving to unite them
 Calmet, antimony
 Calmus, the stalk of a plant
 Calocatanos, the wild poppy
 Calochierne, atractylis; distaff thistle
 Calomelanos turqueti, calomel and scammony
 Calomelas, crude mercury repeatedly sublimed with hydragyrus muriatus
 Calomochanos, } a saline concrete found in
 Calomochnus, } marshes
 Calænum, strong wine
 Calonia, calonian myrrh
 Calor, heat
 — animalis, animal heat, 96 of Fahrenheit
 Caloricum, caloric of Lavoisier; latent heat; matter of heat
 Caltha, } the marigold
 Calthula, }
 — arvensis, } calendula arvensis
 — minirna, }
 — palustris, common single marsh marigold
 Caltrops, a weed that grows in corn land; vulnerary
 Calusa, crystal.

C A M

Calva, the skull; the coot, a marine bird
 Calvaria, the skull; the scalp
 Calvata, blunt probes
 Calvitas, }
 Calvities, } baldness
 Calvitium, }
 Calvus, bald
 Calx, the remains of substances submitted to strong heat, solution by acids, or detonation by nitre; lime
 — antimonii, } antimonium
 — diaphoretica, } diaphoreticum
 — illota, antimonium diaphoreticum illotum
 — lota, antimonium diaphoreticum lotum
 — nitrata, calcined crude antimony further calcined with nitre
 — extincta, slacked lime
 — hydrargyri alba, hydrargyri calx alba
 — cum kali puro, causticum commune fortius
 — jovis, melted tin stirred till it be calcined
 — lota, calx extincta
 — mercurii, hydrargyri calx
 — nativa, a native marl
 — preparata, calx extincta
 — saturni, minium
 — solis, calcined gold
 — veneris, verdigrise
 — viva, quick lime
 — philosophorum, calx of quick-silver
 Calycanthemus, having the cup abounding in flowers
 Calycifibræ, with a fibrous cup
 Calyciflorus, the cup abounding in flowers
 Calypter, excrescence remaining after piles
 Calyptra, part of the fructification of moss
 Calyx, a cup; the empalement, or outer green leaves of a flower
 Camæcerasus. See Chamæcerasus
 Camaba, a Numidian truffle; nutritive
 Camanhaya, a grey down growing on trees
 Camara, the fornix; a part of the corpus callosum; a species of lichen; pliant mealy tree
 — Brasiliensis, a glutinous plant of Brasil
 — japo, a species of horse-mint
 — mira, a curious Brazilian plant

C A M

Camara tiriga, the dwarf honeysuckle of Brasil
 Camaran baja, willow herb
 Camarin bass, a peach-like fruit of Brasil
 Camaroma, } bones so fractured as to
 Camarosis, } form an arch, particularly in the skull
 Camaratio, }
 Camaru Brasiliensis, the nightshade
 Camarum, the shrimp; hemlock
 Cambodia, } the Malabar orange tree,
 Cambogia, } yielding the gamboge
 Cambogium, }
 Cambro Britannica, the cloud berry
 Cambuca, } a bubble, or boil
 — membrata, }
 Cambul, the wild American myrtle; astringent
 Camelina, the cameline, or tower mustard
 Camera flore albo, a species of lichen
 Cameratio, camaroma
 Cames, silver
 Caminga, cortex winteranus
 Caminus, the chemical furnace; a bell
 Camisia, a night shirt
 — foetus, chorion
 Cammarus, the cray-fish
 Cammoron, -um, wolfsbane; monkshood
 Cammorum, the shrimp; hemlock
 Camotes Indica, the potatoe
 Camomilla, the chamomile
 Campana, a bell
 Campanaceus, resembling a bell
 Campanula, the bell flower
 — Brasiliana, the bell flower of Brasil
 — esculenta, small garden rampion
 — exotica, Portuguese bind-weed
 — cærules, small garden rampion
 — flore purpureo, Canterbury bells
 — foliis undulatis, the rampion
 — Indica, a species of convolvulus
 — minor, the rampion, or cardinal flower
 — vulgarior major, Canterbury bells
 Campe, a bend, or articulation
 Campechense, of or from Campeachy
 — lignum, logwood
 Camphora, camphor; camphire; an exudation from an Indian laurel-like tree; antiseptic; stimulant
 — rudis, crude camphor
 Camphoræ elixir, spiritus camphoratus and saffron

C A N

Camphoræ flores, sublimed camphor
 ----- compositi, camphor sublimed with gum benzoin
 Camphoras, camphorat; the name in the new chemistry of every compound of the acid of camphor
 ----- aluminosus, camphorat of alumine
 ----- ammoniacalis, camphorat of ammoniac
 ----- argenti, camphorat of silver
 ----- arsenicalis, camphorat of arsenic
 ----- auri, camphorat of gold
 ----- baryticus, camphorat of barytes
 ----- bismuthi, camphorat of bismuth
 ----- calcis, camphorat of lime
 ----- cobalti, camphorat of cobalt
 ----- cupri, camphorat of copper
 ----- ferri, camphorat of iron
 ----- hydrargyri, camphorat of mercury
 ----- magnesiæ, camphorat of magnesia
 ----- magnesii, camphorat of manganese
 ----- molybdeni, camphorat of molybden
 ----- niccoli, camphorat of nickel
 ----- platini, camphorat of platina
 ----- plumbi, camphorat of lead
 ----- potassæ, camphorat of potash
 ----- sodæ, camphorat of soda
 ----- stanni, camphorat of tin
 ----- tungsteni, camphorat of tungsten
 ----- zinci, camphorat of zinc
 Camphorasma, balm of Gilead
 Camphorata, stinking ground pine; nervine
 ----- Africana, a species of wormseed
 ----- elaborata, refined camphor
 ----- Monspeliensis, French stinking ground pine; cures dropsy
 Campsin, the southern wind
 Campter, an inflexion
 Camptus, flexile
 Campulum, a distorted eyelid
 Campylotis, a distortion of the eyelids
 Camus, having a flat, low nose
 Canabil, a medicinal earth
 Canabinus, of the hemp kind
 Canabina aquatica, water hemp; agrimony
 Canabis Indica, } Indian hemp
 ----- peregrina, }

C A N

Canabum, hemp; canvass
 Canadella, a sea fish like a perch
 Canadensis, a specific name for the balsam copaivi
 Canales semicirculares, canals, or tubes in the ear
 Canaliculus arteriosus, canalis arteriosus; a splint for fracture
 Canalis, a channel, or canal; pipe, or tube; a surgical instrument; a splint; the neck of the bladder
 ----- alimentarius, the alimentary canal, or stomach and intestines
 ----- animæ, the wind-pipe
 ----- arteriosus, a vessel in the foetal circulation, carrying the blood from the pulmonary artery to the aorta
 ----- nasalis, passage from the puncta lachrymalia to the nose
 ----- semi-petrosus, a bone of the ear
 ----- semicircularis, a bone of the ear
 ----- venosus, a vessel in the foetal circulation, carrying the blood from the porta to the cava
 Cananga, an Indian tree producing a valuable oil
 Canaria, hound grass; an emetic for dogs
 Canatte coronde, bitter cinnamon of Ceylon
 Cancamum, an Arabian gum like myrrh
 ----- Græcorum, gum animæ
 Cancellatus, made like lattice work
 Cancelli, lattice work
 ----- ossium, the net-like appearance of the inner and soft parts of bones
 Cancellus, a species of cray-fish
 Cancer, a painful, scirrhus tumor becoming ulcerated; a bandage
 ----- albus, a chalky matter in the mouths of children
 ----- fluviatilis, the cray-fish, or river crab
 ----- marinus, the common, or sea crab
 ----- munditorum, cancer affecting the scrotum of chimney sweepers
 ----- ossis, the spina ventosa, or diseased bone
 Canchry, parched barley
 Cancinpericon, heating stable dung
 Cancrena, mortification, or gangrene
 Cancriformis, } cancerous
 Cancroides, }
 Cancrorum lapides, oculi cancrorum
 Cancrum oris, canker, or ulcer of the mouth
 Candela, a candle

C A N

Candela fumalis, aircula *Cypriæ*
 ——— medicata, a bougie
 ——— regia candelaria, } the herb wool-
Candelaria, } blade, or mullein
Canderros, a gum from Borneo
Candida terra, pipe-clay
 ——— vox, a clear voice
Candidum ovi, the white of the egg
Candou purchasii, a spongy tree of Maldivia
Candum, sweet candy
Canella, cassia; wild cinnamon
 ——— alba, } the bark of the wild cin-
 ——— Cubana, } namon tree of Jamaica;
 the wild cinnamon of Cuba
 ——— cuurdo, the true cinnamon tree
 ——— Javanensis, } the wild cinna-
 ——— Malabarica, } mon; Indian leaf,
 ——— sylvestris Ma- } or folium Indum
 labarica,
 ——— tubis minoribus alba, canella alba
 ——— Zeylanica, the true cinnamon
Canellifera Malabarica, the cassia tree
 ——— Zeylanica, the true cinnamon
Cancon, an instrument mentioned by Hip-
 pocrates for fumigating the womb
Canicæ, coarse mealy, dog's meat
Canicida, the wolfsbane
Canicidium, dissection of dogs
Caniculares, dog days, from the 30th of
 July to the 7th of October
Canina appetentia, a voracious appetite
 ——— brassica, the wild, or dog's mer-
 cury
 ——— fames, a voracious appetite
 ——— lappa, goose grass
 ——— lingua, the plant hound's tongue
 ——— malus, the plant male mandrake
Canini minores, } muscles of the lips
 ——— musculi, }
Caninana, an American snake
Caninus sentis, the dog-rose, or hip tree
Caniram, the snakeweed tree of Malabar;
 a name of the nux vomica
Canis, a dog; frænum penis
 ——— archarias, }
 ——— Aristoteli, } the white shark
 ——— Galeus, }
 ——— interfeotor, Indian-caustic barley, or
 cevadilla
 ——— marinus, the white shark
 ——— ponticus, the beaver
Canities, grey-headedness; old age
Canium cerasa, dog cherry
Canna, the bamboo cane

C A P

Canna domestica major cruris, tibia
 ——— fistula, cassia fistularis
 ——— Indica, the Indian cane
 ——— major, tibia
 ——— minor cruris, fibula
 ——— pulmonis, the wind-pipe
Cannabina, bastard hemp
 ——— aquatica, } water hemp, or agri-
Cannabinum, } mony
Cannabis, hemp; demulcent
 ——— Indica peregrina, Indian hemp
 ——— sativa, common
Cannacorus, the Indian reed
Cannadella, a fish like a perch
Canna Indica, Indian reed
Cannibal, a man eating human flesh
Cannula, a tube
Cannutum, the cane reed
Canon, a rule for compounding medicines
Canonici, persons with small abdomens
Canopicon, a species of spurge
Canopite, an eye-water
Canopum, the bark and flower of the elder-
 tree
Canschena pou, a pod-bearing tree of Ma-
 labar
Cansjava, Indian hemp
Cantabrica, lavender bindweed
Cantabrum, bran of meal
Cantacon, garden saffron
Cantara, Ignatius's bean
Cantarelli, May worms, or beetles
Canthari figulini, earthen cucurbits of che-
 mists
Cantharis, } the blistering Spanish
 ——— major, } fly; a species of beetle
Cantharus, a fish; a beetle
 ——— figulinus, an earthen cucurbit
Cantherinum marrubium, stinking hore-
 hound
Canthi, the corners of the eye
Canthum, candied sugar
Cantion, sugar
Cantium, crystallized sugar
Canula, a hollow tube to discharge fluids
Canutum, the cane reed
Caova, coffee
Caoup, an American tree like the apple
Caoutchouc, gum elastic from Brasil, solu-
 ble in æther
Capelina, a reflex roller for the head
Capella, a chemical cupella
Caper, a he goat
Capetus, an impervious foramen

Caphora, } campher; camphire
 Caphura, }
 ——— baros Indorum, } an oil like cam-
 ——— oleum, } phor from the
 root of cinnamon
 Capicagtinga, a species of acorn in the
 West Indies
 Capicatinga, calamus aromaticus Asiaticus
 Capilactum, a syllabub
 Capillacens, hairy
 Capillamenta, the chives, or tender parts of
 a flower; the hairy parts of animals
 Capillares vermiculi, minute worms in the
 skin of children
 Capillaria vasa, the minute extremities of
 blood vessels
 Capillaris, of or like hair; maiden-hair
 ——— fractura, } a slight fissure in the
 Capillatio, } skull
 Capillitium, any hairy part [eyelids
 ——— distichia, distichiasis; diseased
 Capillorum defluvium, baldness
 Capillus, the hair
 ——— veneris Canadensis, maiden-hair
 Capiplenium, a catarrh; heaviness of the
 head
 Capistratio, a stricture of the prepuce
 Capistrum, locked jaw; an head bandage
 ——— auri, borax
 Capita, the heads of plants
 Capitalia, remedies for the head
 Capitalis reflexa, the capelina; a reflex
 bandage for amputation
 Capitellum, the seed vessel of mosses; a still
 Capitiluvium, a bath for the head
 Capitis obliquus inferior, a rotatory muscle
 of the head
 ——— superior, a muscle bending
 the head backwards
 ——— par tertium fallopii, a muscle of the
 head
 ——— posticus, } rotatory muscles of the
 ——— rectus, } head
 ——— vena, the cephalic vein of the arm
 Capito Andromachus, a species of fish
 ——— lacustris, a fish
 Capitulum, the top of a plant; an alembic;
 condylus
 Capivard, a water dog
 Capivi balsamum, } the balsam capivi of
 Capivus albus, } Brasil
 Capnelæum, smoking oil; flower of pitch
 Capnias, a species of grape; a jasper of a
 smoky colour

Capnicium chelidonium, the plant fumitory
 Capnicus, producing smoke
 Capniston, an artificially aromatic oil
 Capnitis, the tutty stone
 Capnoides, the podded fumitory
 Capnorchis, Indian fumitory
 ——— Americana, American fumitory
 Capnos, fumitory
 ——— latifolia, } bulbous rooted fumi-
 ——— phragmites, } tory
 Capo, the American toad; a capon, or cas-
 trated cock
 ——— molago, Indian pepper
 Capolin Mexicanorum Hernandez, the sweet
 Indian cherry
 Capote, an Indian pine-like fruit
 Capotes, a fruit of Malabar like an apple
 Cappa, monkshood
 Capparid, the caper shrub of Italy
 ——— fabago, } a bitter anthelmintic
 ——— portulaca, } plant
 Capra, a she goat
 ——— Alpina, the chamois goat of the Alps
 ——— domestica, the common goat
 ——— moschi, the musk animal
 ——— strepsiceros, the antelope
 Capraria, sea green; antihæmorrhoidal
 Caprea Plinii, the roebuck; a vegetable
 tendril; the helix of the ear
 Capreolaris, the spermaic chord
 Capreolata, the bryony of Brasil
 Capreolus, caprea Plinii
 ——— moschi, the musk animal
 Capricalca, a wild bird like a goose
 Capricerva occidentalis, the deer yielding
 the western bezoar
 ——— orientalis, the deer yielding the
 eastern bezoar
 Capricornus, lead; a sign in the zodiac
 Caprificus, the wild fig; lesser spurge
 Caprifolium, the honeysuckle, or woodbind
 Caprimulga, a viper that sucks goats
 Capriola, herb dog's tooth
 Caprizans pulsus, an uneven pulse
 Capsa, a pod
 Capsella, the plant viper's bugloss
 Capsicum, } Indian, Guinea, or
 ——— annuum, } bonnet pepper; sti-
 mulant
 Capsula, a bag formed by cellular mem-
 brane; the pod of a plant
 ——— communis Glissonii, } the bag, or
 ——— venæ portæ, } capsule,
 containing the vena portarum

C A R

Capsula cordis, the pericardium
 Capsulæ atrabiliaræ, renes succenturiati;
 glands near the kidneys
 Capsulares arteriæ, the arteries of the glandulæ renales
 ——— seminales, vesiculæ seminales
 ——— venæ, veins coming from the glandulæ renales
 Capulum, a distorted eyelid
 Capur, camphor
 Capus, a capon, or castrated cock
 Caput, the head
 ——— argutum, a head of a sugar-loaf shape
 ——— concutiens, a muscle of the neck
 ——— cordis, the base of the heart
 ——— facere, to gather, or come to a head
 ——— gallinaceum, the plant saintfoin
 ——— gallinaginis, } cock's head; part of
 ——— gallinacei, } the vesicula seminalis
 ——— monachi, the plant tarragon
 ——— mortuum, the residuum after distillation
 ——— moventium secundus, biventer cervicis
 ——— obstipem, the wry neck
 ——— purgia, medicines purging the head; errhina
 ——— vituli, the plant snapdragon
 Capubeba Brasiliensis, a grass of Brasil
 Capiyridion, a medicated cake
 Cara Brasiliensis, the wild parsnep; esculent
 Carab, a pod
 Carabaccium lignum, the cassia
 Carabe, yellow amber
 ——— funerum, a bitumen
 Carabus, a beetle; the cray-fish; a lobster, or crab
 Caracalla, the American bean
 Caracosmos, mare's milk prepared; koumis, a drink in Tartary
 Caragna, the caranna of New Spain
 Caraguata aloë Brasiliensis, the common aloë of Brasil
 Carainambi, a species of wild parsnep
 Carambolas, an Indian tree
 Carambu, the willow herb of Malabar
 Carameno, a fruit of America like a date
 Caranaiba, a species of date
 Caranda, the tamarind tree
 Carandas auruba oviedi, an Indian shrub
 Caranna, an aromatic resin from New Spain; cephalic
 Cara nosi, a shrub of Malabar
 Carantia, the carob tree of Sicily

C A R

Carapatina. See Bufonitis; toad stone
 Cararu Brasiliensis, a species of blite
 Cara schulli, an Indian shrub like the caper
 Carat, a small weight about 3.2 grains troy
 Carath, acacia
 Caravata, cocoa; chocolate
 Carbasus, lint; fine linen, or lawn
 Carbo, coal; a carbuncle; charcoal
 ——— fossilis, pit coal
 Carbonas, carbonat; the name in the new chemistry of every compound of the carbonic acid, or acid of charcoal
 ——— aluminosus, carbonat of alumine; cretaceous argil
 ——— ammoniacalis, carbonat of ammoniac; concrete volatile alkali
 ——— antimonii, carbonat of antimony
 ——— argenti, carbonat of silver
 ——— arsenicalis, carbonat of arsenic
 ——— auri, carbonat of gold
 ——— baryticus, carbonat of barytes
 ——— bismuthi, carbonat of bismuth
 ——— calcis, carbonat of lime, chalk, lime-stone, &c.
 ——— cobalti, carbonat of cobalt
 ——— cupri, carbonat of copper
 ——— ferri, carbonat of iron, crocus martis, rubigo martis, &c.
 ——— magnesiæ, carbonat of magnesia; magnesia alba
 ——— magnesii, carbonat of manganese
 ——— mercurii, carbonat of mercury
 ——— molybdeni, carbonat of molybdena
 ——— niccoli, carbonat of nickel
 ——— platini, carbonat of platina
 ——— plumbi, carbonat of lead; chalk of lead; spathic lead
 ——— potassæ, carbonat of potash; sal tartarum, or fixed vegetable alkali
 ——— sodæ, carbonat of soda, natron, crystalline sodæ, &c.
 ——— stanni, carbonat of tin
 ——— tungsteni, carbonat of tungsten
 ——— zinci, carbonat of zinc; chalk of zinc; aerated zinc
 Carbonicum, carbon, or pure charcoal; principle of charcoal
 Carbos, canal coal; ampelites
 Carbunculus, a painful, gangrenous ulcer
 ——— alabandicus, lapis alabandicus
 Carcaros, -us, a fever
 Carcas, the nut tree of Barbadoes
 Carcax, the large-headed poppy
 Carcer, sedative remedy

C A R

Carcharadonta, animals with sharp teeth
 Carcharias, the shark
 Carchedonius. See Calchedonius
 Carchesius, a bandage
 Carchichee polyanthus, the primrose of Constantinople
 ————— turcarum, the blue primrose
 Carcinethron, the common knot grass
 Carcinodes, a cancerous tumour; a polypus
 ————— cheirades, scrophulous swellings
 Carcinoma, cancer; turgescence of the veins of the eye
 Carcinos, -us, cancer; the crab
 Cardamantica, a species of cress; cardamine
 Cardameleum, a medicine mentioned by Galen
 Cardamindum minus, the Indian cress
 Cardamine, } the flower called
 ————— pratensis, } lady's smock
 ————— pugilla sextatilis montana, a species of larkspur
 Cardamomum, cardamom seed of Malabar
 ————— majus, the greater cardamom, or grains of Paradise
 ————— medium, the weaker cardamom
 ————— minus, the lesser, or common cardamom
 ————— piperatum, grains of Paradise
 ————— Siberiense, Indian, or stellated anise
 Cardamum, garden cress
 Cardegi Indi, folium Indum; canella sylvestris; the laurus cassia, Lin.
 Cardia, the upper, or left orifice of the stomach; syncope
 Cardiaca, cordial medicines
 ————— lycopus, motherwort
 ————— passio, the cardiac passion, or fainting fit
 Cardiacæ arteriæ, } the veins and arteries
 ————— venæ, } proper to the heart
 Cardiacus morbus, a nervous fever
 ————— plexus, a network of the par vagum
 Cardialgia, heartburn, or pain at the left orifice of the stomach
 ————— inflammatoria, inflammation in the stomach
 ————— sputatoria, a discharge of water from the stomach with pain
 Cardimelech, the king of the heart, a term used by Delæus
 Cardimona, the heartburn; cardialgia

C A R

Cardinalis flos, the cardinal flower; astringent
 Cardinamentum, a species of articulation like a hinge
 Cardiogmos, -us, heartburn; aneurysm
 Cardionchus, aneurysm near the heart
 Cardiotrotus, a person having a wound in the heart
 Cardisce, a gem like a heart
 Carditis, inflammation in the heart, known by fever, pain, anxiety, short breath, cough, unequal pulse, palpitation, and fainting
 Cardo, any articulation like an hinge; a thistle
 Cardonet, the wild artichoke; esculent
 Cardonium, medicated wine
 Cardopatium, the low carline thistle; diaphoretic
 Carduelis, the linnet
 Carduocnicus, the distaff thistle
 Carduus, a thistle
 ————— acanthus, bear's breech
 ————— albis maculis, Spanish milk thistle
 ————— altilis, the artichoke
 ————— benedictus, the holy, or blessed thistle; stomachic
 ————— Brasilianus foliis aloes, the pine apple
 ————— chrysanthemus, the golden thistle
 ————— cænothos, common creeping thistle
 ————— cnicus sylvestris, the holy thistle
 ————— cœruleus tingitanus, blue distaff thistle
 ————— Cretensis, the Cretan thistle
 ————— domesticus, the artichoke
 ————— esculentus, the chardon, a kind of artichoke
 ————— ferox, the fish-like thistle
 ————— fullonum sylvestris, wild teasel; dipsacus
 ————— globosus, the globe thistle
 ————— hæmorrhoidalis, the common way thistle; antihæmorrhoidal
 ————— humilis gummifera, the pine apple
 ————— lacteus, } the milk thistle;
 ————— Syriacus, } stoma-
 ————— leucographus, } chic, anodyne
 ————— lutæus, the distaff thistle
 ————— marianus, } the milk thistle; sto-
 ————— Marisæ, } machic, anodyne
 ————— sativus, } the arti-
 ————— non spinosus, } choke;
 ————— bastard saffron
 M

C A R

Carduus solstitialis, calcitrapa officinalis
 ——— *sphærocephalus*, the globe thistle
 ——— *spinosissimus elatior*, the chardon
 thistle
 ——— *sphærocephalus*,
 Arabian thistle
 ——— *stellatus*, calcitrapa
 ——— *lutæus*, the distaff thistle
 ——— *tomentosus*, the cotton thistle
 ——— *veneris*, the teasle
 ——— *vinearum repens*, } the creep-
 ——— *vulgatissimus viarum*, } ing thistle
 ——— *xanthemus*, the carline thistle
Carealia, bread; mealy grain
Carebaria, heaviness of the head
Carenum, the head
 ——— *vinum*, strong wine
Careopuli, the gamboge tree
Caretti, the tree yielding the bezoar nuts
Careum, caraway seed
Carex, spear grass; sedge
Cari, caraway seed
Carica, a fig; the fruit of the palm tree
Caricosus, a fig-like swelling
Caricum, an ointment of hellebore, lead,
 cantharides, &c.
Carides, prawns, or shrimps
Caries, a bone ulcerated from the surface
 ——— *pudendorum*, *caroli*; chancres
Carima, the cassada bread
Carim-curini, an antiarthritic bark
Carimpana, a species of palm tree
Carina, the keel-like concave segment of a
 flower; the back bone
Carinatus, furrowed
Cariosse, a species of palm
Cariosus, carious; rotten
Caris, a shrimp
Carium terra, lime
Cariyillandi, sarsaparilla root
Carlina, the carline thistle
 ——— *acaulos gummifera*, the pine apple
Carlinae radix alba, root of the
 carline thistle } sudorific,
 ——— *nigra*, root of the black } emmena-
 chamelion thistle } gogue
Carlo Sancto, a root so called by the Spa-
 niards
Carmes, Carmelite water, of baum, lemon-
 peel, &c.
Carmina, enchantments; amulets
Carminantia, } carminatives; warm anti-
Carminativa, } spasmodic medicines
Carnabadium, caraway seed

C A R

Carnelia, carnelian stone
Carnicula, caruncles, or small fleshy ex-
 crescences
Carnificatio, change of solid food into flesh
Carniformis abscessus, any abscess near a
 joint
Carnivori, animals whose food is flesh; es-
 charotics
Carnosa cutis, a fleshy appearance in the
 skin
 ——— *musculosa membrana*, the frontal
 muscles; *panniculus carnosus*
Carnositas, caruncula
Carnosus musculus, pyramidalis musculus
Carnubia, caroba
Caro, flesh; the red part of muscles; the
 pulp of fruit
 ——— *adnata*, the recent swelled testicle
 ——— *carcinodes*, cancerous
 ——— *musculosa quadrata*, a muscle of the
 little finger
 ——— *tosta*, roasted meat
Caroba, the carob, or John's bread tree of
 Sicily; laxative
Carœnum, inspissated juice of grapes
Caroli, chancres, or ulcers on the pudenda
Caropi, true stone parsley
Carora, a urinal
Caros, -us, caraway seed; a species of apo-
 plexy; lethargy
Carota, the common carrot
Caroticus, affected with caros
Carotideæ arteriæ, } the carotid arteries,
Carotides, } conveying the blood
 to the head
Caroum, the caraway seed
Carpa, the fish called carp
Carpasium linum, fine linen; a poisonous
 gum like myrrh
Carpasus, carpesium; cubebs
Carpata, the Barbadoes nut
Carpathicum, oleum essentielle terebinthinæ
Carpentaria, a vulnerary herb
Carpenus, the horn-beam tree
Carperitaria, the winter cress
Carpesium, *cubehæ cumpepes*; cubebs
Carphaleus, -os, dry
Carpheotum, pure and white frankincense
Carphos, the fenugreek
Carphus, any small pustule; a mote
Carpia, lint
Carpinus, the horn-beam tree
Carpio, the carp fish
Carpismus, the wrist

Carpobalsamum, the fruit of the balm of
 Gilead
 Carpologia, picking the clothes, as in dan-
 gerous fevers
 Carpophyllon, laurel of Alexandria
 Carpos, a seed, or fruit
 Captura, the scraping, or manufacture of lint
 Carpum flectentium interior, a muscle of
 the wrist
 Carpus, the wrist
 Carthamus, bastard saffron; cathartic, dose
 ʒi.
 — aculeatus, black chamælion
 thistle
 — tinctorius, bastard saffron
 Carthusianus, kermes mineral; præcip.
 sulph. antim.
 Cartilagineus, of or like a cartilage
 Cartilagosum, the pan bone of the knee
 Cartilago, a cartilage, or gristle; a smooth,
 solid, elastic part of an animal
 — annularis, the cricoid cartilage of
 the larynx
 Carum, the caraway plant
 Caruncula, a caruncle; a small fleshy ex-
 crescence; uvula
 — lachrymalis, a gland in the in-
 ner corner of the eye
 Carunculæ cuticulares alæ, nymphæ
 — mamillares, extremities of the
 tubes in the nipple
 — myrtiformes, protuberances at
 the os externum muliebre
 — papillares, carunculæ mamillares
 — urethræ, fleshy excrescences in
 the urethra
 Carunculosa ischuria, suppression of urine
 from caruncles in the urethra
 Carunculosus, having caruncles
 Carus, -os, apoplexy with perpetual sleep
 — arthriticus, apoplexy from gout
 — exanthematicus, apoplexy from erup-
 tive diseases
 — febricosus, } apoplexy accompany-
 — febrilis, } ing fever
 — a frigore, apoplexy from cold
 — a hydrocephalo, apoplexy from hy-
 drocephalus
 — hypocondriachus, apoplexy from
 hysteric affection
 — ab insolatione, apoplexy from in-
 tense sun
 — ischuriosus, apoplexy from retention
 of urine

Carus mystagmus, hysterical insensibility
 — a narcoticis, apoplexy from narcotics
 — a pathemate, apoplexy from passion
 — a plumbagine, apoplexy from fumes
 of lead
 — spontaneus, sanguineous apoplexy
 — traumaticus, apoplexy from wounds
 in the head
 — variolosus, apoplexy in small-pox
 — verminosus, apoplexy from worms
 Carva, the woody cassia tree
 Carvi, caraway seed
 Carya, the walnut tree
 Carycia, dainty food of the Lydians
 Caryedon, } catagma; a fracture with splin-
 Carydon, } ters
 Caryites, a species of spurge; tithymalus
 Caryl, a confection of the American bean
 tree
 Caryoces, the palm tree of Guinea
 Caryocostinum, electuarius e scammon,
 P. L.
 Caryon, a general name for nuts
 — basilicæ, the walnut, or juglans
 — Heracleoticon, any small nut
 — lepton, the hazel nut
 Caryophyllæus, of the clove kind
 Caryophyllata, the herb bennet; stomachic
 Caryophylli aromatici, the aromatic cloves
 — suavis odoris, canella alba
 Caryophylloides cortex, a species of cassia
 Caryophyllus, the clove; chickweed
 — aromaticus, the clove; spice;
 cardiac
 — Americanus, the
 Jamaica pepper
 — cum fructu rotun-
 do, a species of cassia
 — arvensis, a species of chick-
 weed
 — barbatus, broad-leaved sweet
 William
 — dianthus, the red clove
 — holosteus arvensis, a species
 of chickweed
 — hortensis, the red clove
 — Indicus, } the African ma-
 — Mexicanus, } rigold; spigelia
 — montanus, a species of statice
 — orientalis aromaticus, the
 clove spice
 — pratensis, the meadow pink
 — ramosus, } branched, or royal
 — regius, } pink

C A S

Caryophyllus ruber, the clove gillyflower
 ——— vulgaris, herb bennet
Caryosse, the Guinea palm tree
Caryota, a date
Caryotis, a kind of date
Caryus, sea holly, or eryngo
Cas gangythreb, vervain
Casabonæ, fish thistle
Casamum, the cyclamen, or sow bread
Cascarilla, thuris cortex; cortex Peruvianus
Caschu, terra Japonica
Caseus, cheese
Cashoo, an aromatic drug of Indostan;
 pectoral
Casia, the cassia, or clove-berry tree
Casibo, a species of privet
Casminaris, the cassumunar of Bengal
Casoar cusoaris, the cassowary bird
Cassa, the thorax
Cassada, } a West Indian plant scraped
Cassave, } and made into cakes, the fresh
 juice is poisonous
Cassale vulnus, a wound in the thorax
Cassamum, the fruit of the palm tree
Cassatum, supposed thick, circulating blood
Cassatus, weak
Cassia, cassia; an epithet of senna; pur-
 gative
 ——— canella; the wild cinnamon
 ——— caryophyllata, the clove-berry tree
 ——— cinnamomea, the cinnamon tree of
 Ceylon
 ——— crassior, the wild cinnamon tree
 ——— cribrata, the pulp of the purging
 cassia
 ——— fistularis, purging cassia of Egypt;
 wild senna, or pudding pipe tree
 ——— e electuarium, cassia, manna, and
 tamarinds
 ——— lignea, } bark of the wild cin-
 ——— Jamaicensis, } namon tree
 ——— Jamaicensis, canella alba
 ——— Malabarica, the wild cinnamon tree
 ——— nigra, }
 ——— purgatrix, } the purging cassia
 ——— solvitiva, }
 ——— poetica, poet's rosemary
Cassia aramentum, the pulp of cassia
 ——— cortex, the clove-berry tree
 ——— extracta, } the pulp of cassia fistu-
 ——— flos, } laris
Cassiana, cassiny tea; the American cassio-
 berry bush
Cassida, hooded loose strife

C A T

Cassita, the lark
Cassiteros, tin
Cassob, kali
Cassoleta, warm fumigation
Cassonada, sugar
Cassovarius, the cassowary bird
Cassu, the cassu tree of Brasil
Cassumuniar, an aromatic Indian root;
 nervine
Cassuta,
Cassutha, }
Cassytha, } dodder of thyme; diuretic
Castalticum, styptic; astringent
Castana, the chestnut; astringent
Castanea, the chestnut tree
 ——— equina pavina, the horse chestnut;
 errhine, tonic
 ——— flore albo, the coffee tree
 ——— Malabarica, the Malabar chestnut
 ——— sylvestris, the wood chestnut
Castor, a matter taken from bags near
 the anus of the beaver; antispasmodic,
 dose ʒi.
 ——— Americanus, castor from the beaver
 of Canada
 ——— Russicus, castor from the beaver of
 Russia
Castoreum, }
Castorium, } castor
Castratio, castration; the extirpation of one
 or both testes; correcting a severe pur-
 gative
Castratus, (in botany) filaments without
 antheræ
Castrensis, appertaining to camps; a dy-
 sentery
Casus, a mark, or history of disease
Catabasis, catabibasis; operation downwards
Catablaccus, negligence in nurses
Catablema, the fillet that secures bandages
Catabronchitis, swallowing
Catacauma, a burn, or scald
Catacausis, a burning
Cataceclimenus, confined to bed
Catacecramenus, broken into small pieces
Catacerastica, antacrimonious medicines
Catachliesis, morbid indulgence
Catachloos, -us, bilious, or green fæces
Catachrisma, }
Catachriston, } any ointment
Catachysis, washing; affusion
Cataclasis, distorted eyelids
Catacleis, the first rib
Cataclines, confined to bed

C A T

Cataclisis, lying down
 Cataclita, couches
 Cataclysma, a clyster
 Cataclysmi, washings; embrocations
 Cataconesis, washing
 Catacores, profuse; bilious
 Catacremnos, cynanche tonsillaris
 Catacrusis, a revulsion
 Catadoulesis, a subduing of passions
 Catægizesis, a revulsion of humours in the bowels
 Catæonesis, copious affusion
 Catafracta, a bandage for the sternum and ribs
 Catagemu, gamboge
 Cataglischræsis, inviscating
 Cataglyphe, an excavation; indentation
 Catagma, a fracture, or solution
 ——— raphanedon, a tranverse fracture
 ——— alphitedon, } a splin-
 ——— caryedon, } tered
 ——— secundum apothrausin, } fracture
 ——— ——— apocopen, }
 ——— ad onycha, a longitudinal fracture
 ——— schedacedon, an oblong fracture
 Catagmatica, remedies promoting the union of fractures
 Catagoge, any division of the abdomen; the seat of a disease
 Catagyiosis, an imbecility
 Catalentia, epilepsy
 Catalepsis, comprehension; catalepsy; apoplexy with general muscular rigidity
 ——— delirans, raving catalepsy
 ——— a fumo, catalepsy from metallic fumes
 ——— hysterica, catalepsy in hysteria
 ——— melancholica, catalepsy in melancholy
 ——— a menostasia, catalepsy from disturbed mind
 ——— verminosa, catalepsy from worms
 Catalotica, healing medicines
 Catalysis, a palsy; death
 Catamarasmus, an emaciation
 Catamassesis, grinding the teeth in fits
 Catamenia, the monthly discharge of women
 Catamolynthis, contaminated
 Catamysis, winking
 Catanancasis, a compulsive operation
 Catanance, succory
 ——— leguminosa, the crimson grass vetch
 Cataniphthis, washed

C A T

Catanoesis, enjoyment of the mental faculties
 Catantia, a declivity; a bending backwards
 Catantlema, washing
 Catantlesis, washing with sponge dipped in hot water
 Catapasma, any powder sprinkled on the body
 Catapasmus, friction on the shoulders and neck
 Catapastum, any powder sprinkled on the body
 Catapansis, cessation of pain
 Catapeltes, applications for gun-shot wounds
 Cataphora, lethargic disposition
 ——— arthritica, apoplexy from gout
 ——— coma, sanguine apoplexy
 ——— exanthematica, lethargy in eruptive diseases
 ——— hydrocephalica, serous apoplexy
 ——— scorbutica, apoplectic symptoms in scurvy
 ——— timor, lethargic disposition in intermittent fever
 Cataphracta, a bandage on the thorax
 Cataphisma, a poultice of meal and herbs
 Cataplasma, a poultice; liniment
 ——— aromaticum, birthwort, bay berries, fennel, mint, &c.
 ——— camphoratum, aromatic cataplasm and camphor
 ——— discutiens, P. E. bryony, elder, gum ammoniac, sal ammoniac, and spirit of wine camphorated
 ——— emolliens, bread, soap, and milk
 ——— ischiadicum, mustard, pepper, ginger, and oxymel
 ——— maturans, P. L. figs, basilicum, and galbanum
 ——— stomachicum, aromatic cataplasm, mace, and anodyne balsam
 ——— suppurans, E. P. lilies, figs, onions, galban, basilicum, &c.
 Cataplexis, a privation of sense in any limb, or part
 Cataposis, the act of swallowing
 Catapotium, a pill
 Catapsyxis, a sudden chill
 Cataptosis, sudden privation of muscular strength
 Catapultarium, catapeltes
 Cataputia, the spurge plant; severe purge
 ——— major, the castor oil plant of America

C A T

Cataputia minor, garden spurge; drastick
purge
Cataracta, a cataract, or opacity of the crys-
talline lens
——— antiglaucoma, a cataract without
gutta serena
——— glaucoma, a cataract with gutta
serena
——— membranacea, a cataract with dis-
eased membranes
——— nigra, a cataract with gutta serena
——— ricinoides, Barbadoes nut; oil,
a drastick purgative
——— secundaria, a cataract not depend-
ing on an opake lens only
——— vera, true cataract
Cataria, mentha cataria; cat mint
Catarrhalis febris, amphemerina catarrhalis
Catarrheuma, a catarrh, or common cold
Catarrhexis, any profuse discharge from the
body
Catarrhæcus, a catarrh, or cold
Catarrhōpa phymata, a species of tubercles
Catarrhopia, decline of a disease
Catarrhōpos nousos, decline of disease
Catarrhus, a catarrh, or common cold
——— bellinsulanus, external angina,
or mumps
——— benignus, a mild cold, or catarrh
——— a contagio, } any epidemic cold
——— epidemicus, }
——— a frigore, catarrh from cold
——— pectoreus, catarrh from affection
of the chest
——— rubeolosus, catarrh accompany-
ing measles
——— suffocativus, catarrh from cynan-
che stridula
——— vesicæ, stranguary with discharge
of mucus
Catarrhysis, a defluxion of humours
Catartismus, the reduction of any bone to
its natural situation
Catasarca, anasarca; water diffused under
the skin
Catasbestis, resolution of tumours without
suppuration
Catasceue, the perfect temperament of body
Cataschasmus, scarifying
Cataschesis, a constitution easily altered
Catasesis, concussion
Cataspasma, a revulsion
Catastagma, -us, } distillation
Catastalagmos, us, }

C A T

Catastalticum, -us, styptic
Catastasis, the reducing of a fracture, or
dislocation; the state of body
Catastema, a prop, or support
Catastole, gravity and modesty of a phy-
sician
Catatasis, catastasis
Catatripsis, the attrition of parts
Cataudesis, vociferation
Cataxa, unwrought silk
Cataxis, a fracture, or division
Cate, the juice of the Indian thorn
Catechomenos, -us, resistance of remedies
Catechu, terra Japonica; inspissated juice
of munosa catechu; astringent, pectoral
——— decoctum compositum, a decoc-
tion of catechu
——— tinctura, catechu, cinnamon, and
proof spirit
Cateciadion, an instrument to draw blood
from the nose
Cateilumenos, -us, twisted
Catellorum oleum, marjoram, thyme, and
dog's flesh boiled in oil
Catellus, a dog
——— cinereus, cupella; a cupel
Catena, tibialis anticus
Catenuatus, (in botany) resembling chains
Catephes, sad
Catevala, the aloe
Cathæmus, bloody
Cathæresis, any evacuation of fluids
Cathæretica, escharotica
Cathalogon, Ignatius's bean
Catharma, a purging by medicine
Catharmos, -us, cure by incantation, or by
the royal touch
Catharsia, cathartics
Catharsis, a purging, or any other evacuation
Cathartica, purging medicines
Catharus, -os, pure; clean
Cathedra, the anus
Cathemerina, amphimerina; a quotidian
Catheretica, corrosives
Cathesticos, any regimen
Catheter, a hollow, silver instrument for
drawing off urine
Catheterismus, the introduction of the ca-
theter, or medicine, into the bladder
Cathidrusis, reducing a fracture
Cathimia, gold and silver squamæ, or
scales
Cathmia, litharge
Cathodos, a descent

C A U

Catholceus, a bandage for the head
 Catholicon, any general remedy
 ——— nicolai, a purge of tamarinds, cassia, senna, and rhubarb
 Cathyrus, moistened
 Cathypnia, a sound sleep
 Catias, a knife for operating on the uterus
 Catillia, a nine-ounce weight
 Catillus, catellus
 Catimia, litharge
 Catinus, a pot, or dish
 ——— fusorius, a common crucible
 Catischon, a costive habit
 Catiis, catias
 Catixis, a critical hæmorrhage from the same side as the disease
 Catlin, a knife used in amputation to divide between the bones
 Catma, filings of gold
 Catoblepas, an Ethiopian wild beast
 Catocathartica, purging medicines
 Catoche, an apoplectic rigidity of the muscles
 Catocheilum, the lower lip
 Catochites, a wonderful magnet of Corsica
 Catochus, catalepsy; an apoplectic rigidity of the muscles
 ——— cervinus, tetanus, or locked jaw
 ——— diurnus, tetanus when a symptom only
 ——— holotonicus, tetanus depending on too much tone of muscles
 Catodon, the spermaceti whale
 Catomismos, -us, reducing luxations by lifting over the shoulder
 Catopsis, myopia; short sightedness
 Catopter, speculum ani; a probe
 Catorchites, a species of wine
 Catoretica, } purging medicines
 Catoterica, }
 Catou karua, folium Indum
 Catta tripali, long pepper
 Cattee, the cajou, or cassu tree
 Cattu schiragam, a Malabar tree
 Catu tirpali, long pepper
 Catulotica, cicatrizing medicines
 Catulus, a puppy; amentum; a catkin
 Catu pitsjegam mulla, a species of jessamine
 Catus, a cat
 Caucafon, Indian garlic
 Caucalis, bastard parsley; diuretic, carminative
 Caucaloides, the patella, or knee-pan bone
 Caucon, herb horsetail

C A U

Cauda, the extremity of a leaf; a tail; the os coccygis
 ——— equina, the extremity of the spinal marrow; the plant horsetail; corroborant
 ——— muris, a species of ranunculus; mouse-tail
 ——— porcina, hog's fennel
 ——— vulpis rubicundi, red lead
 Caudatio, an elongation of the clitoris
 Caudex, the trunk of a tree
 Cauledon, a transverse fracture
 Caulescens, having a stalk
 Caulias, juice of the sylphium from the stalk
 Caulis, the stalk; the blade; cabbage; penis
 ——— Florida, cauliflower
 ——— procumbens, a trailing stalk, as of ivy
 ——— rubra, red colewort
 ——— scandens, a climbing stalk, as of vines
 ——— volubilis, a twisting stalk, as of the hop
 Caulodes, the white, or green cabbage
 Caulos, a stalk
 Cauloton, the common beet
 Cauma, fever heat
 Caunga, the Malabar nut
 Causa, a cause
 ——— abditæ, hidden
 ——— antecedens, antecedent
 ——— occasionalis, } the exciting cause
 ——— procatactica, } of disease
 ——— proegumena, }
 ——— remota, any cause of disease, except
 ——— proxima, the proximate, or disease itself
 Causatis dentium, the tooth-ach
 Causæ abditæ, remote causes of disease
 Causi, ardent fevers
 Causis, a burn
 Causos, } a burning fever
 Causodes, }
 Causoma, an inflammation
 Caustica, caustics; medicines that burn and dissolve all animal matter
 Causticum Americanum, Indian caustic barley, or cevadilla
 ——— antimoniale, butyrum antimonii
 ——— commune, accerrimum, fortius, pure lime with pure kali
 ——— lunare, nitrated silver, or lunar caustic

C E D

Causis, a burning fever
 Cauterium, a cautery
 ——— actuale, fire
 ——— potentiale, potential, or cautery
 of potash and quick lime
 Cauterizatio, burning a part
 Cauturier, sartorius
 Cava herbariorum, } the herb fumitory; a
 — major radix, } bitter
 Cava, the large vein on the right side of the
 heart
 ——— ascendens, } the large vein returning
 ——— inferior, } the blood from the
 lower extremities and viscera to the heart
 ——— descendens, } the large vein returning
 ——— superior, } the blood from the
 upper extremities and head to the heart
 ——— manus, the hollow of the hand
 ——— superior, cava descendens
 ——— vena, cava
 Cavalam, a leguminous plant of Malabar
 Caverna, the female pudendum; a cavern
 Cavernæ dentium, hollow teeth
 Caviarium, the roe of the sturgeon
 Cavicula, } the ankle joint; the hollow of
 Cavilla, } the foot
 Cavitas innominata, the hollow of the ex-
 ternal ear
 Cayan, a plant useful in piles; a pepper
 Caymanes, the West Indian crocodile
 Cayutana, fagara; an aromatic plant
 Cayutana luzonis, an aromatic eastern plant
 Cazabi, the cassada bread
 Ceanothas, the common way thistle
 Ceanothus, the staff tree
 Ceasma, a fissure; a splinter
 Cebat, the aromatic aloe
 Ceber, the agallochum
 Cebipira Brasiliensis, a bitter bark of Brasil
 Cecis, a gall, an excrescence of the oak tree
 Cecryphalos, the ruminating stomach of the
 ox
 Cedma, the venereal disease; any pain in
 the pudenda
 Cedrelæum, oil of cedar
 Cedrelate, the largest species of cedar
 Cedria, the resin of the great cedar
 Cedrinus, made of cedar
 Cedris, the fruit of the great cedar tree
 Cedrites, wine impregnated with cedar resin
 Cedrium, tar
 Cedro, the citron tree
 Cedromela, the fruit of the citron, or cedar
 tree

C E N

Cedronella, melissa, or baum
 Cedrostis, the white bryony
 Cedrus, the cedar of Lebanon
 ——— Americanus, the American tree of
 life
 ——— baccifera, the berry-bearing cedar
 ——— cees, a disease of the hair
 ——— conifera folia laticis, the cedar of
 Lebanon
 ——— folio cupressi, } the berry-bearing
 ——— e Goa, } cedar, or cypress-
 leaved
 ——— Libani, cedar of Lebanon
 ——— Lyciæ, the berry-bearing cedar, or
 cypress-leaved
 ——— magna larix, cedar of Lebanon;
 carminative, diuretic
 ——— Phœnicizæ, the berry-bearing cedar,
 or cypress-leaved
 Celastrus, the staff tree; antivenereal
 ——— inermis, the common way thistle
 Cele, a tumour, as bronchocele; a wen
 Celeri Italorum, the herb smallage
 Celeripes, swift of foot
 Celestrus theophrasti, evergreen privet
 Celia, sherbet, or lemonade
 Celimia, lapis calaminaris
 Celis, a blemish in the skin
 Cellulæ, loculi, cells, bladders, or bags
 ——— adiposæ, membrana adiposa
 ——— coli, the contractions of the intesti-
 num colon
 ——— mastoidæ, cavities in the processus
 mastoidæus
 Celulosus, cellular
 Celotomia, castration, or the operation for
 bubonocoele
 Celsa, muscular twitching
 Celtis, the nettle tree; the lotus
 Cemar, the strawberry bay
 Cembro, a species of pine
 Cementatio, the uniting bodies by cement;
 the process for converting iron into steel
 Cementerium, the chemical aludel
 Cempoal xochitl, the African marigold
 Cementum, any uniting tenacious substance
 Cemos, herb lion's foot
 Cenchramides, a kind of corn like millet
 Cenchramis, the seed of the fig
 Cenchria, } a species of serpent
 Cenchras, }
 Cenchritis, ammites; a precious stone
 Cenchrius, an herpetic eruption
 Cenchros, -us, millet

C E P

Ceneangeia, evacuation of fluids from their vessels
 Ceneones, the groins, or flanks
 Ceneficatum, calcined
 Cenigdam, a species of trephine
 Cenioremium, a purging medicine
 Cenosis, evacuation of any particular secretion
 Centaurea benedicta, the holy thistle
 ——— cyanus, the blue-bottle
 Centaurioides, hedge hyssop
 Centaurium, centaury; stomachic
 ——— magnum, great centaury
 ——— minerale, antimonii panacea
 ——— minus, the purple, or lesser centaury
 Centauroides, gratiola
 Centaurus, a centaur
 Centifolia, a many-leaved rose
 Centimorbia, the herb monywort
 Centinervia, the plantain
 Centinodia, knot grass
 Centipedes, millepedes, or wood lice
 Centratio, acquiring acrimony, or virulence
 Centrina, a fish covered with prickles
 Centrion, -um, a stimulating plaister
 Centrophagia, pulegium
 Centrum, the point, or centre of strength
 ——— nerveum, the tendinous part of the diaphragm
 ——— ovale, a part of the corpus callosum in the brain
 ——— tendinosum, the tendinous part of the diaphragm
 Centum, one hundred
 Centumcapita, eryngo; sea holly
 Centunculus, chickweed; cotton weed; alsine
 Cepa, the onion; antiseptic, suppurative
 ——— escalonica, the wild garlic
 ——— sectilis, small onions, or chives
 Cepæ, brook lime; purslane
 Cepastrum, the wild garlic
 Cephalæa, an obstinate head-ach
 Cephalalgia, the head-ach
 ——— catarrhalis, common catarrh
 ——— epidemica, febris castrensis
 ——— herba, the herb vervain
 ——— hæmatitica, clavis hystericus
 ——— inflammatoria, phrensy
 ——— spasmodica, the sick head-ach
 Cephalalgicus, one subject to head-ach
 Cephalartica, medicines purging the head

C E R

Cephalæa juvenum, head-ach attending puberty
 Cephalica, cephalics; remedies for diseases of the head
 ——— policis, a branch of the cephalic vein of the arm
 ——— tinctura, a tincture of valerian, snake root, &c.
 ——— vena, a vein of the arm
 Cephalicus, of or belonging to the head
 Cephalicus pulvis, assarum, &c.
 Cephaline, the root of the tongue
 Cephalitis, phrensy; phrenitis; inflammation of the brain
 Cephaloides, plants with heads
 Cephaloncosos, -us, any disease in the head; Hungarian fever
 Cephalon, the date tree
 Cephalo-pharyngæi, muscles of the throat
 Cephaloponia, head-ach
 Cephalos, -us, the mullet fish
 Cephalotos, plants with heads
 Cepini, vinegar
 Cepula, the Egyptian palm tree; a small onion
 Cera, wax
 Ceracates, a wax-coloured agate
 Ceratocele, a tumour of the cornea of the eye
 Cerææ, the small fibres of roots; cornua uteri
 Cerago, the food of bees
 Ceramites, a precious stone of slate colour
 Ceramitis, fuller's earth
 Ceramium, a Grecian 9 gallon measure
 Ceranites, lozenges
 Ceranthemus, bee glue, or bee bread
 Cerare, to mix
 Ceras, a wild parsnep
 Cerasa gummosa, a cherry-like tree
 Cerasiatum, a purging medicine
 Cerasios, -us, an ointment of cherry juice
 Cerasium, a cherry
 Cerasma, a mixture of cold and warm water
 Cerasophorus, having protuberances like horns
 Cerastes, a horned serpent
 Cerastibola, parts about the hips
 Cerasus, the cherry tree
 ——— acida nigricans, the morello cherry
 ——— Americana, Barbodoes cherry tree
 ——— avium nigra, the bird cherry
 ——— dulcis Indica, sweet Indian cherry
 ——— nigra, black cherry, or mazzard

C E R

Cerasus racemosa fructu non eduli, lauro-cerasus
 — rubra, the red, or common cherry
 — sylvestris amara, the rock cherry
 — trapezuntina, lauro-cerasus
Ceratia, the carob tree
 — diphyllos, the courbaril, or locust tree
Ceratites, the yellow horned poppy
Ceratitis, unicorn stone; sea violet; the horned poppy
Ceratium, the fruit of the carob tree
Ceratocoele, a tumour of the cornea
Cerato-cephalus, vervain; water hemp
 — glossus, a muscle of the tongue
 — malgama, a cerate, or cere cloth
Ceratoides, tunica cornea
Ceratonia, the carob tree
Cerato-pharyngæus, a muscle of the throat
Cerato-phyllum, an aquatic plant; horn-leaved
Ceratum, cerate, or salve of wax; waxed
 — album, oil, wax, and spermaceti
 — cantharidis, cerate of Spanish fly
 — citrinum, yellow basilicum and wax
 — epuloticum, oil, wax, and calamine; infrigidans Galeni
 — e lapide calaminari, cerate and calamine
 — lithargyri acetati, litharge, wax, oil, and camphor
 — mercuriale, wax, lard, and quicksilver
 — saponis, soap cerate
 — simplex, ceratum album
Ceratura, waxing
Ceraunia, the thunder stone
Cerauno-chrysos, fulminating gold
Cerberus chemicus, nitrum
 — triceps, pulvis scammonii compositus
Cerchnaleum, } wheezing
Cerchnos, -us, }
Cerchnodes, patients with a strait sounding breathing
Cercis, the radius of the arm
Cercolips, an ape without a tail
Cercopithecus, an ape
Cercosis, an elongated clitoris
Cerea, ear wax
Cerealia, all sorts of grain for bread
Cerealis, liquor, ale, or beer
Cerebellum, the posterior, or little brain

C E R

Cereber, the brain
Cerebri compressio, compression of the brain
 — basis, the bones forming the palate
 — galea, the cranium, or skull
Cerebrum, the brain
 — elongatum, the medulla oblongata; the spinal marrow
Cerefolium, a jelly-like substance called star-fall; cheveril
 — Hispanicum, sweet cicely, or myrrhis
 — sylvestre, wild cicely
Cereiba Brasiliensis, a willow-like tree of Brasil
Cerelæum, cerate
Cerevisia amara, beer, or ale
Cereus, of or belonging to wax; the torch thistle
Ceria, the tape worm; ale
Cerithe, honeywort
Cerinthoides, hound's tongue
Cerion, a honey-comb; an eruption like a honey-comb
Ceritus, one drunk with malt liquor
Cernodes, cerchnodes
Cernua fluviatilis, the ruff fish
Cernuus, (in botany) drooping
Ceroma, } cerate; ointment for wrestlers
Ceronium, }
Ceropissus, a plaister of pitch and wax
Cerotum, cerate
Cerritus, one drunk with malt liquor
Cerro, the laurel oak
Cerrus, the holme oak
Cerumen, } ear wax, used as a liniment
 — aurium, }
Cerussa, white oxide, or calx of lead
 — acetata, sugar of lead
 — antimonii, ceruss dissolved in distilled vinegar; antimonii cerussa
Cerva, a deer
Cervaria, shrubby hartwort of Ethiopia
 — nigra, lasserpitium, or lasserwort
Cervical, a pillow, or bolster
Cervicales, the nerves of the neck; seven pair
 — arteriæ, the cervical, or arteries of the neck
 — descendentes, nerves of the back
 — venæ, the veins of the neck
Cervicalis, appertaining to the neck
 — decendens, } muscles of the neck
 — dorsi, }

Cervicaria, bell flower; the campanula
 ——— *alba*, laserpitium, or herb frank-
 incense
Cervicem flectentium primus, longus colli
Cervisia, ale
Cervi spina, buckthorn; purgative
Cervix, the neck
 ——— *scapulæ*, the upper process of the
 shoulder blade
 ——— *uteri*, the neck of the womb
 ——— *vesicæ*, the neck of the bladder
Cervus, the stag, or male of the red deer
 ——— *minor bezoardicus*, the bezoar deer
 of America
 ——— *ilaticeros*, the fallow deer
 ——— *odoratus*, the musk animal
 ——— *rangiferus*, the rein deer
 ——— *volans*, the scarabæus beetle
Cesis, wild carrot
Cespitosus, (in botany) many stems from
 one root
Cessans morbus, any chronic disease
Cestrites vinum, wine of betony
Cestrum, betony
Cetaceus, any fish of the whale kind
Cete, a whale
Ceterach, spleenwort
Cete admirabile, the spermaceti whale
Cetus, the common black whale
Cevadilla, caustic barley of Mexico; a
 strong caustic
Cevil, a remedy for the stone
Chaa, the tea plant
Chacarilla, cascarilla
Chacef, an earthen pot
Chærephyllum,
Chærefolium, } common chervil
 ——— *sativum*,
 ——— *sylvestre*, wild cicely cow
 weed
Chaeta, } the hair of the occiput
Chaita, }
Chaiarxambar, fistular cassia
Chalandra, a species of lark
Chalapa, jalapa, or jalap root
Chalasis, relaxation
Chalastica medicamenta, relaxing medicines
Chalastricum, pure saltpetre
Chalaza, } the tread of the egg; a sty
Chalazium, } on the eyelid
Chalazias, a stone resembling a hail-stone
Chalbane, galbanum
Chalcanthum, vitriol
 ——— *chlorum*, melanteria

Chalcedonius, an onyx; a remedy for dis-
 eases of the ears
Chalceion, pimpinella
Chalcens, of or belonging to brass
Chalcidica lacerta, a species of serpent
Chalcitarium, colcothar
Chalcitis, green vitriol made red by calci-
 nation; a vitriolic mineral red like copper
Chalcoideum os, a bone of the tarsus
Chaleolibanum, fine brass
Chalcophonus, a black stone sounding like
 brass
Chalcos, brass; a weight of two grains
Chalcute, burnt brass
Chalieration, -um, wine and water
Chalinos, -us, the cheeks near the mouth
Chalybeatus, } of the nature of steel; cha-
Chalybeus, } lybeate
Chalybis, }
Chalybdis, } rubigo; rust of steel
Chalybs, steel; iron hardened by cementa-
 tion
 ——— *tartarizatus*, ferrum tartarizatum
Chama, the sea cockle
Chamæacte, dwarf elder, or danewort
Chamæbalanus, wood pea, or earth nut
Chamæbatus, dewberry; heath bramble
Chamæbuxus, blue milk wort; dwarf box
Chamæcedrys, -us, female southernwood,
 or lavender cotton
Chamæcerasus, upright honeysuckle; win-
 ter cherry
Chamæcissus, ground ivy; agglutinant,
 pectoral
Chamæcistus, dwarf sun-flower
Chamæclema, ground ivy
 ——— *minus*, lesser ground ivy
Chamæcrista, dwarf crista
Chamæcyparissus, female southernwood;
 lavender cotton
Chamædaphne, laureola mas
Chamædrops, germander
Chamædryas, germander; leaves deobstru-
 ent, dose ʒij.
 ——— *alpina*, } mountain, or al-
 ——— *frutescens*, } pine germander
 ——— *fruticosa*, sage
 ——— *incana maritima*, mastich thyme
 ——— *latifolia*, brook lime
 ——— *major*, common germander
 ——— *minor*, creeping germander
 ——— *palustris*, water germander
 ——— *repens*, creeping germander
 ——— *spuria*, mastich thyme

C H A

Chamædrys vulgaris, common germander
Chamæficus, a species of fig
Chamæfilix, a species of sea fern
Chamægenista, a species of broom
Chamæiasme, a kind of sedum
Chamæirys, -is, the iris, or water flag
Chamæitea, the willow tree
Chamælæa, the shrub widow wail; purgative, dose of the juice 3 ij.
Chamælarix, a plant of the Cape of Good Hope
Chamæleagnus, the willow tree; dwarf wild olive
Chamælema, ground ivy
Chamæleon, the chameleon
 ——— *albus*, the carline thistle
 ——— *niger*, bastard saffron
 ——— *salmantecensis*, a species of thistle
 ——— *verum*, the distaff thistle
Chamæleos, a crab fish
Chamæleuce, dwarf coltsfoot
Chamælinum, purging flax; mountain flax
Chamælion, a general epithet for thistles
Chamæmalus, the apple of paradise tree
Chamæmelon, -um, chamomile; febrifuge, diuretic
 ——— *Æthiopicum*, Ethiopian woolly chamomile
 ——— *Anglicum*, double chamomile
 ——— *Canariense*, common chamomile
 ——— *Chium*, thick-leaved chamomile of Chio
 ——— *chrysanthemum*, a species of marigold
 ——— *foetidum*, stinking chamomile, or May weed. See *Anthemis*
 ——— *flore pleno*, } double chamomile;
 ——— *nobile*, }
 ——— *officinatum*, } carminative, diuretic,
 ——— *odoratissimum*, }
 ——— *repens*, }
 ——— *Romanum*, } emollient, cures intermittents
 ——— *vulgare*, wild, or dog's chamomile
Chamæmespilus, the aria, or white boam tree
 ——— *Gesneri*, a species of medlar
Chamæmorus, } cloud, or knot berry of England;
 ——— *Anglica*, }
 antiscorbutic

C H A

Chamæmyrsine, butchers' broom
Chamænerion, rose bay; willow tree
Chamæorchis, dwarf orchis
Chamæpericlymenum, wild honeysuckle
Chamæpeuce, the stinking ground pine; antirheumatic
Chamæpituinum vinum, ground pine wine
Chamæpitys, } common ground pine;
 ——— *lutea*, } leaves tonic, emmenagogue
 ——— *mas*, male, or Italian ground pine
 ——— *moschata*, French ground pine
Chamæplatanus, dwarf plantain tree
Chamæplion, the hedge mustard
Chamæraphanus, the smallage, or parsley; dwarf radish
Chamæriphes, the dwarf palm tree
Chamærododendros, oglethron; dwarf rose laurel
Chamærophes, } a species of palm tree;
Chamærops, } diuretic
Chamærubus, the dew, cloud, or knot berry
Chamæspartium, a species of broom
Chamæsyce, time spurge
Chamætrachea, a species of sea crab
Chamæzelos, low; depressed
Chamibar, magnesia
Chambroch, trefoil
Chamælæa, the shrub widow wail
Chameuma, lying on the ground
Chamois, the chamoy, or Alpine goat
Chamomilla, camomile
Champacam, an East Indian tree
Chancre, a venereal ulcer on the privities
Channa, a sea fish like perch
Chanterella gelatinosa, a yellow gelatinous fungus
Chaos, air of Paracelsus
Chaosda, the plague
Chaova, coffee
Chara, horse-tail
Charabe, amber
Characias, plants requiring support; the vine
Character, hereditary disposition to disease
Charadra, the bowels
Charadrius, a bird, looking at which cures jaundice
Charamais, purging hazel nut
Charcedonius. See *Chalcedonius*
Charistolochia, the plant mugwort
Charitoblepharon, a shrub
Charme, a cordial antidote

C H E

Charnub, the carob tree, or siliqua dulcis
 Charonius, a cave containg mephitic vapour
 Charopus, pleasant to the eye
 Charta empoietica, blotting paper for filtering
 ———— virginia, the amnios, or interior foetal membrane
 Chartreux, a name of the kermes mineral
 Chasme, yawning gaping, or oscitation
 Chate, the Egyptian cucumber
 Chauliodonta, all animals with long tusks
 Chaunos, -us, soft; fungous; clear urine
 Chedropa, corn; pulse
 Cheilocace, a chapped, or swelled lip; often strumous
 Cheilos, the lip
 Cheimetlon, a chilblain
 Cheimia, cold; chilliness
 Cheimon, winter, or cold weather
 Cheir, the hand
 Cheiranthus, the wall-flower
 Cheirapsia, scratching.
 Cheiri, the common wall flower
 Cheiriater, a surgeon
 Cheirisma, any manual operation
 Cheirixis, surgery
 Cheironomia, a peculiar exercise of the hands
 Cheizi, quicksilver; flowers; antimony
 Chela, a polypus probe; a claw; chaps
 Chelæ cancrorum, the black part of crabs' claws
 Chele, a polypus probe; a claw; chaps
 Chelidon, the bend of the arm
 Chelidonia, the celandine plant; leaves aperitive
 ———— ficus, a species of fig
 ———— sylvestris, columbine
 Chelidonium, } the greater celandine
 ———— majus, }
 ———— aborescens, a species of celandine
 ———— maximum Canadense, large Canada celandine
 ———— minus, lesser celandine, or pilewort
 ———— flore pleno, double celandine
 Chelone, an instrument for extending a limb
 ———— Arcadiensis, white chelone of Arcadia
 Chelonion, crooked backed; tortoise shell
 Chelonitis, a precious stone

C H I

Chelys, the breast
 Chelyscion, a short, dry cough
 Cheina, a measure; a pugil
 Chemia, chymistry; preparation of gold and silver from baser metals
 Chemosis, an inflammatory swelling of the white of the eye
 Chenalopex, the shell-drake; a species of goose
 Chenocoprus, goose-dung; antiscorbutic, dose 3i.
 Chenopodio morus major, strawberry spinage, or mulberry blight
 ———— minor, berry-bearing orache
 Chenopodium, goosefoot, or sow-bane; emmenagogue
 ———— foetidum, stinking orache
 ———— linifolio, flax-leaved orache
 ———— vulvarium, stinking orache
 Cheopina, a Scotch and Paris pint measure; 16 ounces
 Cheramis, chema
 Cheras, scrophula, or king's evil
 Cherefolium, common chervil
 Cherio, all elementary matter
 Cherionium, any body unsusceptible of chemical change
 Chermes, kermes berries; scarlet grain, or insects of Languedoc; tonic, cordial
 ———— mineralis, kermes mineral; sulphur antimonii precipitat
 Chernibion, an urinal
 Chersa, the sediment of wine; powdered root
 Chersæa, a species of asp; earthy
 Chersina, earth snail; land tortoise
 Chersydrys, -us, a poisonous, amphibious serpent
 Cheruhanda, a species of nightshade
 Cherva, spurge
 Chervillum, cheveril
 Cheusis, a thin state of the tears; affusion
 Chevalier, a water fowl
 Chevaster, a double-headed roller
 Cheyri, common wall-flower
 Chezance, a suppository of honey and alum
 Chia ficus, a delicious fig from Scio, or Chio
 Chiacum, -us, collyrium with sharp Chian wine
 Chiadus, a boil, or phlegmone
 Chiasmos, -us, a crucial meeting, as of bandages

CHI

Chiastos, -us, a crucial bandage
 Chiastre, a bandage for the temporal artery
 Chibou, a species of gum elemi
 Chibouls, a species of onion
 Chibur, sulphur
 Chichiaxocotl, a plum-like fruit of the West Indies
 Chichina, for china chinae
 Chicos, } small worms of America breed-
 Chicres, } ing in the feet
 Chicudent, dog's grass
 Chilchotes, Indian pepper
 Chiliadynamis, the herb polemonium
 Chiliasma, a warm fatus
 Chiliophyllon, -um, common millfoil
 Chilli, Guinea pepper
 — arbor, the Peruvian bark tree
 Chilon, -o, thick lipped
 Chilpelagua, } Indian pepper
 Chilterpin, }
 Chilmalath, } the sunflower
 Chilmalatl, }
 Chimethlon, a chilblain
 Chimia, chymistry
 Chimiater, a chemical physician
 Chimolea laxa, sublimed flowers of metallic salts
 Chimus, scoria, or dross of metals
 China, chinae; Peruvian bark
 — orientalis, the China root of India; antiscorbutic
 — occidentalis, the American China root; antiscrophulous
 — radix, true China root
 — spuria nodosa, } bastard, or Ameri-
 — supposita, } can China root
 — vulgaris, officinarum
 Chinense, the Chinese orange
 Chioli, phlegmons, or boils
 Chiragra, gout in the hand
 Chirapsia, scratching
 Chironax, an artificer, or workman
 Chirones, a disease of the skin of the hands or feet
 Chironia, black briony; the disease with chirones
 Chironium, a malignant ulcer; centaury
 Chironomia, cheironomia
 Chirotechnes, chironax; a surgeon
 Chirotheca, a complete separation of the scarf skin and nail of the hand
 Chirotribia, great surgical skill
 Chirurgia, surgery

CHO

Chirurgorum sapientia, the plant called
 flixweed
 Chirurgus, a surgeon
 Chiton, a membrane
 Chitua, the aromatic aloe
 Chium vinum, a wine from Scio
 Chivef theveti, a large melon-like fruit
 Chives, the stamina of flowers
 Chivets, the fibrillae of the roots of plants
 Chiviquilenga, the Barbadoes nut
 Chliaros, tepid; lukewarm; mild fever
 Chliasma, a warm fomentation
 Chloe, } pale green
 Chloia, }
 Chlorasma, a shining pale green colour; chlorosis
 Chlorpis, -us, germanis, the green plover
 Chloros, a green colour
 Chlorosis, green sickness, known by dyspepsia, paleness, weakness, palpitation, and retained menses
 — amatoria, chlorosis from love
 — Bengualensis, chlorosis peculiar to Bengal
 — Carthagenica, chlorosis peculiar to Carthage
 — gravidarum, the paleness, sickness, &c. of pregnant women
 — ab hydrothorace, the paleness from water in the chest
 — infantum, the paleness of infants
 — maculosa, chlorosis with discoloured skin
 — a menorrhagia, paleness, weakness, &c. from large discharge of menses
 — rachialgica, chlorosis infantum
 — verminosa, paleness, sickness, &c. from worms
 — virginea, chlorosis of young girls, or amatoria
 — viridis, chlorosis with a green hue of the skin
 Chnus, chaff; sound; a soft watery spleen
 Choa, a gallon measure
 Choacou, -um, a plaister of quicksilver boiled in oil
 Choana, the infundibulum of the brain
 Choava, coffee
 Chocolata, chocolate
 Chœnicis, the trepan
 Chœrades, scrophulous swellings
 Chœradolethron, hogsbane; louse-bur
 Chœrogyllus, the hedge-hog
 Choiras, scrophula

C H O

Cholades, the small intestines
Cholago, the intestinum illium
Cholaloga, purges acting specifically on the bile
Cholas, the right hypochondre
Chole, the bile
Choledochus, receiving bile
Cholegon, purges that particularly evacuate bile
Cholera morbus, an excessive vomiting and purging
 ——— *sicca*, the dry colic
Cholerica, a diarrhea without pain
Cholericus, one abounding with bile; passionate
Cholobaphinon, -um, copper
Choloma, lameness; distortion
Cholosis, lameness from a shortness of one leg
Chondrilla, gum succory of Germany and Italy; agglutinant
 ——— *annua*, annual gum succory
 ——— *cœrulæa*, gum succory
 ——— *cichoroides*, succory with yellow flowers
 ——— *Hispanica*, the bearded creeper
 ——— *junica*, succory with yellow flowers
 ——— *raspurparea*, the bearded creeper
 ——— *viminalibus* } succory with
 ——— *virgis*, } yellow flowers
 ——— *viminea*, }
Chondrilloides, a plant resembling succory
Chondroglossus, part of the muscle of the tongue
Chondros, alica; mastich; a cartilage
Chondrosyndesmos, -us, a cartilaginous ligament
Chondropharyngæus, a muscle of the pharynx
Chone, the infundibulum of the brain
Chopin, } a Scotch and Paris pint; an
Chopino, } English quart
Chora, any cavity; the seat of any disease
Chorda, a chord; a tendon; the intestines; pudenda
 ——— *magna*, the tendo Achillis
 ——— *tympani*, a branch of the fifth pair of nerves going to the ear
Chordeæ tendineæ, columnæ carneæ of the heart
Chordapsus, passio iliaca
Chordata gonorrhœa, a gonorrhœa with chordee

C H R

Chordee, an inflammatory stricture of the penis
Chorea Sancti Viti, St. Vitus's dance; convulsive twitchings of the muscles of young people between ten and fourteen
Chorion, } the exterior fœtal
 ——— *spongiosum*, } membrane
Choroides, a name of several membranes; pia mater
Chouan, a seed, like worm seed of the Levant
Chovana mandaru, the mandaru tree of Malabar
Chreston, succory
Chrisma, an ointment
Chrisis, anointing
Christiana radix, a species of vetch
Christophoriana, the herb Christopher; bane-berry
 ——— *Americana*, American Christopher with red berries
 ——— *arbor*, } species of an-
 ——— *Virginiana*, } gelica
Christos, any kind of ointment
Chroma, the colour of the skin; the skin
Chromatismus, a morbid discoloration of any of the secretions
Chronicus, } long continued disease
Chronius, }
Chros, the soft parts of the body
Chrysalis, the intermediate state between the worm and the winged insect
Chrysalitis, a stone of gold and iron colour
Chrysanthemi flos, } *chrysanthemoides*; a
Chrysanthemoides, } species of marigold
Chrysanthemos, the flower gentil
Chrysanthemum, the corn marigold; small flea-bane; discutient
 ——— *Africanum*, African marigold
 ——— *spinosum*, a species of *chrysanthemoides*
 ——— *Alpinum*, mountain ragwort
 ——— *arborescens*, Ethiopium *chrysanthemoides*
 ——— *bidens*, the acmella tree of Ceylon
 ——— *conyzoides*, golden starwort
 ——— *palustre*, small flea-bane
 ——— *contulæ folio*, ox-eye daisy

C H R

Chrysanthemum cotulæ flore
albo,
fruticosum } species of
subcandidum } ox-eye
Indicum ramosum, sun-
flower
Indicum, the potatoe
annuum, the sun-
flower
leucanthemum, the ox-eye
daisy
perenne common ox-eye
Peruvianum, sun-flower
segetum, corn marigold
valentinum, ox-eye daisy
Chrysatticum, a sort of ptisan for jaundice
Chryse, a plaister of frankincense, alum,
 rosin, oil, and orpiment
Chryselectron, -um, amber of a gold colour
Chrysipea, an herb mentioned by Pliny
Chrysisceptrum, the white carline thistle
Chrysitis spodos, litharge
Chrysobalanus, the nutmeg
Chrysoberrillus, the yellow berril stone
Chrysocallia, the camomile
Chrysocarpum, a kind of ivy
Chrysoceraunius, aurum fulminans
Chrysochalcos, brass
Chrysocolla, borax
Chrysocome, -a, millfoil, or yarrow
Chrysodendron, the gold tree
Chrysogonia, the tincture of gold
Chrysogonum, yellow turnip of Syria
Chrysolachanon, orache
Chrysolithus, the chrysolite, a precious
 stone; styptic
Chrysomelia, -um, the orange; yellow
 quince
Chrysomitris, goldfinch
Chrysopasius, the topaz, a precious stone
Chrysopastus, a precious stone with yellow
 spots
Chrysophrys, a fish
Chrysopis, a precious stone reflecting rays
 of a gold colour
Chrysoplycius, a powder of gold
Chrysopœia, alchemy
Chrysoprasus, a stone of a green and gold
 colour
Chrysopus, the gamboge
Chrysosplenium, golden saxifrage
Chrysulca, aqua regia
Chrysun, an epithet for collyria and pessaries
Chrysus, golden

C I C

Chundrilla vercuria, wart succory
Chunno, potatoe bread
Chus, the Grecian gallon, 6 quarts
Chybur, sulphur
Chydæus, palm wine
Chylaria, strangury with a mucous discharge
Chylarion, chyle
Chylifera vasa, the lacteal vessels
Chylificatio, the change of food into chyle
Chylisma, expressed juice
Chylista, a preparation of glass of antimony
Chylopoieticus, assisting in making chyle
Chylosis, the change of food into chyle
Chylostagma diaphoreticum mindeneri, a
 distillation of Venice treacle and mithri-
 date
Chylus, chyle; a white fluid produced by
 digestion
Chyme, chyle; the faculty of taste
Chymia, chymistry; the art of analysing
 and combining bodies
Chymiater, a chymical physician
Chymiatría, cure by chymical means
Chymosum, chyle; an inflammation of the
 eyes
Chymus, chyle; any kind of juice
Chysis, fusion
Chytlon, an anointing
Cibalis, of or belonging to food
 — *fistula, æsophagus*
Cibaria, } all food
Cibarium, }
Cibarius, cibalis
Cibatio, the taking of food; any accurate
 chymical mixture
Ciborium, } the Egyptian bean
Cibotium, }
Ciboul, a species of onion
Cibur, sulphur
Cibus, food
 — *albus,* a food made of milk, capon's
 flesh, &c.
Cicada, a species of cricket in Italy; li-
 thontriptic
Cicatricare, to cicatrize, or skin over
Cicatrices adversæ, scars on the breast
Cicatricosus, full of scars, gashes, or chaps
Cicaticula, a spot on the yolk of the egg
Cicatrísantia, desiccativa; healers of ulcers;
 bole, tutty, &c.
Cicatrix, the mark in the skin after the
 healing of a wound
Ciccus, a wild goose; a grasshopper; a
 chick

C I E

Cicer, } white chiches, a coarse
 — album, } pulse, or pea; esculent
 — nigrum, black chiches
 — rubrum, red chiches
 — sylvestre, wild chiches
Cicera, cyder; a small pill
 — tartari, turpentine and cream of tar-
 tar pills
Cicerbita, succory; sonchus
Cicercula, spurge; a small vetch
Ciceri sylvestris minor, milkwort
Cicethe, of a bad quality, or disposi-
 tion
Cichoreum, } succory; the wild endive
Cichorium, }
Cichoreum latifolium, endive, or succory;
 cooling, roots and leaves
 — angustifolium, narrow-leaved
 endive
 — crispum, curled endive
 — officinarum, wild endive
 — sativum veris, garden succory
 — sylvestre, wild succory
Cici, ricinus, or castor oil plant
Ciciliana, tutsan
Cicilindrum, a kind of pulse
Cicinum, oleum ricini
Cicis, a gall
Cicla, white beet
Cicongius, a measure of twelve pints
Ciconia, the stork; alexipharmic
Cicoreum, cichoreum
Cicus, the skin that covers the seed
Cicuta, hemlock
 — aquatica, water hemlock
 — alba, white hemlock
 — foetida, stinking hemlock
 — major, spotted, or larger hemlock
 — minor, lesser hemlock, or fool's
 parsley
 — virosa, water hemlock
 — vulgaris, conium maculatum
Cicutaria, wild cicely; cow weed; bastard
 hemlock
 — odorata, myrrhis
Cicutæ extractum, extract of hemlock
 — emplastrum, plaister of hemlock
 — cataplasma, poultice of hemlock
 — folia, hemlock leaves
 — pulvis, powder of hemlock
Cidonium, a quince. See *Cydonium*
 — vinum, quince wine
Cidra, cider
Ciere alvum, to purge

C I N

Cignus, a measure containing the weight of
 two drachms
Cilia, the hairs of the eyelids; the eyelids
Ciliares glandulæ, the glands on the eyelids
Ciliare ligamentum, black fibres round the
 pupil of the eye
Ciliaris musculus, orbiculares palpebrarum
Ciliatus, with bristly margin
Cilicium, a hair-cloth strainer
Cilium, the edge of the eyelid
Cillo, a patient with a constant tremor of
 the upper eyelid
Cilosis, a tremor of the upper eyelid
Cilo, a flat, long head; beetle-browed
Cimicaria, flea-bane
Cimolia alba, Creta cimolia
 — purpurascens, } Creta fullonica, or
 — terra, } fuller's earth
Cina cinæ, the Peruvian bark. See *China*
chinæ
Cinabaris, cinnabar
Cinæ semina, semen santonicum
Cinara } the artichoke; aperitive,
 — hortensis, } diuretic
 — aculeata, the prickly arti-
 choke
 — spinosa, the chardon
 — sylvestris, the wild artichoke, said
 to prevent sterility
 — Boetica, the wild arti-
 choke of Boetica
Cinaroides, a shrub of the Cape of Good
 Hope
Cinchona, the Peruvian bark
 — angustifolia, a small species of
 bark from St. Domingo
 — bogetensis, bark from Santa Fe
 in Carthagena
 — brachycarpa, a species of bark
 from Jamaica
 — Caribæa, a kind of cinchona from
 the West Indies
 — corymbifera, a species of cinic;
 bogotens from the South Seas
 — floribunda, } St. Lucie bark,
 — floribus pani- } a kind of cin-
 culatis glabris, } chona
 — foliis oblongo lanceolatis, cin-
 chona corymbifera
 — lineata, a species of bark from
 St. Domingo
 — macrocarpa, } cinchora officinalis
 — mutis, }
 — officinalis, cortex Peruvianus

C I N

Cinchona panicula brachiata, cortex Peruvianus
 ——— pedunculis unifloris, cinchona Caribæa
 ——— Peruviana, bark from Loya, in Peru
 ——— pubescens, cinchona bogotensis
Cinchonæ, corticis Peruviani
 ——— decoctum, corticis Peruviani decoctum
 ——— extractum, corticis Peruviani extractum
 ——— cum resina, corticis Peruviani extractum cum resina
 ——— tinctura, corticis Peruviani tinctura
 ——— ammoniata, corticis Peruviani tinctura ammoniata
 ——— composita, corticis Peruviani tinctura composita
Cinchnalis, maiden-hair
Cinchesis, an involuntary winking
Cinclisis, } a trembling motion of the
Cinclismos, } eyelids
Cinefactio, reducing to ashes
Cineraria, a species of ragwort
Cinerarium, the ash-hole of a chymical furnace
Cineres, ashes
 ——— Americani, American pot-ash
 ——— anethi, burnt fennel
 ——— clavellati, ashes of tartar; lees of wine burnt
 ——— Russici, Russian pot-ash
Cineritius, like ashes; ash coloured
Cineritium, a chemical cupel
Cinesis, motion of any kind
Cinerula, burnt ivory, or ivory black
Cinctus, the diaphragm
Cingularia, wolf's claw, or club moss
Cingulum, a belt for the abdomen; mugwort
 ——— mercuriale, a belt of quicksilver mixed with white of egg, dragon's blood, and lemon juice
 ——— Sancti Johannis, mugwort
 ——— sapientiæ, } a belt of prepared
 ——— stultitiæ, } quicksilver
Cinificatum, calcined
Ciniflo, a chymist
Cinis, a cinder, or ash
Cinnabarinum balsamum, balsam of cinna-
 bar
Cinnabaris, quicksilver mineralized by sulphur

C I R

Cinnabaris antimonii, hydrargyrum sulphur antimonii rubrum
 ——— artificialis, } common vermilion;
 ——— factitia, } quicksilver sublimed with sulphur
 ——— nativa, } native cinnabar ore of
 ——— pura, } Hungary and Peru
 ——— Græcorum, dragon's blood
Cinnamomum, common cinnamon from Ceylon
 ——— album, canella alba
 ——— Ceylanicum, true cinnamon tree
 ——— crassiore cortice, wild cinnamon tree
 ——— Malabaricum, bark of the wild cinnamon tree
 ——— Magellanicum, cortex Winteranus
Cinnam album, canella alba
 ——— Magellanicum, Winter's bark
Cinnamum, cinnamon
Cinnia semina, worm seed
Cinnioglottus cinnatus, natural solution of mineral bodies
Cinnum, -us, a mixture of wine, honey, cheese, &c.
Cinquefolium, cinquefoil of the hedges; astringent
Cinzilla, an herpetic eruption
Cion, a fleshy excrescence in the roof of the mouth, or pudendum; the uvula
Cionis, a thickened uvula
Ciporema, a species of garlic of Brasil
Circæa, enchanter's nightshade; emmenagogue
Circinus, erysipelas; shingles
Circianalis, adianthum; rolled spirally
Circocoele, a varix, or dilatation of the spermatic veins
Circos, part of the apparatus for dislocations; a ring; sphincter
Circulatio, the circulation of the blood; redistillation
Circulatores, mountebanks; stage doctors
Circulatorium, a chymical digesting vessel
Circulatum,
 ——— minus, } a liquor prepared
 ——— } from sea salt
Circulatus sal minor,
Circuli ignei, flashings of light; a symptom of epilepsy
Circulus, a circle
 ——— arteriosus iridis, arteries of the iris
 ——— quadruplex, a bandage

- Circum agentium femoris primus, iliacus externus
 Circumcalualis, the tunica conjunctiva of the eye
 Circumcisio, cutting off the end of the foreskin
 Circumferus, (in botany) twisting round like the hop
 Circumflexus palati, a muscle of the sphenoid bone
 Circumforanei medici, itinerant doctors
 Circumgyratio, the rolling of a limb in its socket
 Circumlitio, any ointment
 Circumossalis, circumcalualis; periosteum
 Circumstantiæ, res naturales; casualties
 Circus, -os, a circle
 Cirnea, a churn to make butter
 Cirnesis, an union of separate things
 Cirrhi, the fibrillæ of roots; tendrils
 Cirrhiferus, bearing tendrils
 Cirrhosus, terminating in a tendril
 Cirsium, the gentle thistle
 ——— arvense, common road thistle
 ——— officinale, melancholy thistle
 Cirsocèle, a varix, or dilation of the spermatic veins
 Cirsoides, the cortical and exterior part of the brain
 Cirsolon, cirsocèle
 Cirsos, varix
 Cisibiles, a kind of sweet drink
 Cissa, a depraved appetite
 Cissampelos, the great white bindweed
 ——— pareira, the wild vine
 Cissanthemus, a species of cyclamen
 Cissarus, the dwarf cistus
 Cisseris, pumice stone
 Cissites, a precious stone
 Cissium, vincitoxicum
 Cissophyllum, -on, cissium
 Cissos, the ivy
 Cista, a cyst
 Cisterna, a cistern; the fourth ventricle of the brain; the meeting of the milk vessels in the breast
 Cisthorus, } the cistus, or rock rose; anti-
 Cistus, } dysenteric
 ——— Hispanica, Spanish gum-bearing cistus
 ——— humilis, white liverwort
 ——— ladanifera, the gum labdanum shrub
 Citaris, a turban
 Citharus, the chest; a fish
- Citra Indis lignum, an aromatic eastern wood
 Citrago, } melissa, or common baum
 Citraria, }
 Citras, citrat; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the acid of lemons
 ——— aluminosus, citrat of alumine
 ——— ammoniaci, citrat of ammoniac
 ——— argenti, citrat of silver
 ——— arsenicalis, citrat of arsenic
 ——— auri, citrat of gold
 ——— baryticus, citrat of barytes
 ——— bismuthi, citrat of bismuth
 ——— calcareus, citrat of lime
 ——— cobalti, citrat of cobalt
 ——— cupri, citrat of copper
 ——— ferri, citrat of iron
 ——— magnesiæ, citrat of magnesia
 ——— magnesii, citrat of manganese
 ——— mercurii, citrat of mercury
 ——— molybdeni, citrat of molybdena
 ——— niccoli, citrat of nickel
 ——— platini, citrat of platina
 ——— potassæ, citrat of potash
 ——— plumbi, citrat of lead
 ——— sodæ, citrat of soda
 ——— stanni, citrat of tin
 ——— stibii, citrat of antimony
 ——— tungsteni, citrat of tungstein
 ——— zinci, citrat of zink
 Citreum, the citron tree of the West Indies; refrigerant
 Citrinatio, perfect digestion; resuscitation
 Citrinula, spearwort
 Citrinulus, a pale berry
 Citrinus, of a citron colour; crystal resembling topaz
 Citrullus, the water melon; refrigerant, diuretic
 Citrum, the citron tree
 Citrus aurantium, the Spanish orange
 ——— limonum, } the lemon
 ——— medica, }
 Citta, a voracious appetite
 Cittosis, chlorosis
 Civetta, American civet; a musk-like substance
 Clacendix, the cockle fish
 Clær, calcined bone
 Clakis, a barnacle
 Clamor, loud anxious voice
 Clandestina, a plant growing among brambles
 Clap, gonorrhœa

Clareta, the white of an egg
Claretum, a pale red wine; also wine impregnated with spices and sugar
Clarificatio, the fining of any fluid
Clarum, crystal
Clasis, { a fracture
Clasma, {
Clasper, the clavicle
Classis, a class, or tribe
Claudiacon, an eye-water
Claudicatio, lameness
Claudus, lame
Claustum gutturis, the top of the throat
 ———— **virginitatis**, the hymen
Clausura, any imperforated canal, as
 ———— **uteri**, an imperforated uterus
 ———— **tubarum fallopianarum**, imperforated fallopian tubes
Clausus, shut
Clauthmus, -os, weeping
Clavæformis, like a club
Clavaria alba, { fungusses
 ———— **militaris**, {
Clava rugosa, calamus aromaticus
Clavata, a suture
Clavatio, the articulation of the teeth; gomphosis
Clavatus, (in botany) shaped like a nail
Clavellata herba, herb trinitis, or heartsease
Clavellati cineres, potash
Clavicula, a tendril; ground ivy; the collar bone
 ———— **domestica**, { malleolus internus
 ———— **interior**, {
Claviculus, a tendril of a vine
Clavis, any chymical menstruum; clavicula
 ———— **siliginis**, smutty rye; agglutinant
Clavus, an artificial palate; diseased uterus; a corn; headach
 ———— **hystericus**, a fixed pain in the head
 ———— **oculorum**, any tumour on the eyelids
Cleides, claviculæ
Cleidion, a tendril; an officinal formula
Cleidomastoideus, mastoideus musculus
Cleis, any chymical menstruum; clavis
Cleisagra, the gout in the union of the clavicles to the sternum
Cleithron, the passage to a cavity
Clema, a tendril; knot grass
Clematis, the herb traveller's joy
 ———— **cœrulea**, virgin's bower
 ———— **peregrina**, Spanish climber
 ———— **recta**, lady's bower
Clematitis, the climber plant, or lady's bower

Cleoma, spearwort
Cleonicion, clinopodium
Cleonis gluten, an astringent formula of myrrh, frankincense, and white of egg
Clepsammidium, an hour glass
Clepsydra, a chymical perforated vessel; a time piece
Clibanus, a portable oven; a dry bath
Clidion, cleidion
Clima, climate
Climacter, every seventh year of life
Climactericus annus, the climacteric year; the grand climacteric is the sixty-third year
Climax, gradual diminution, or increase
Climia, the tutty stone; calamine
Clinica medicina, the practice of medicine on patients in bed
Clinice, prescription for patients in bed
Clinicus, clinical; a patient in bed; a physician
Clinoides, the processus of the sella turcica
Clinopale, excessive venery
Clino-mastoideus, part of the mastoid muscle
Clinopetes, any patient in bed
Clinopodium, marum, or mastich thyme; wild basil
Clismus, a bed
Clissus, the living power
Clistus, an artificial mixture of the prepared parts of any one drug
Clitoridis musculus, erector clitoridis
Clitoris, a part of the female pudenda resembling the penis
Clitorismus, a disease of the clitoris
Cloaca, the canal for the egg in birds
 ———— **communis**, the jakes
Clonicus, spasm, or irregular motion
Clonici, diseases from spasm
Clonodes, a strong, unequal pulse
Clonos, spasm, or irregular motion
Clous, cloves
Clunes, the buttocks
Clunesia, inflammation about the anus
Clupea, the shad fish
Clutia, shrubby Ethiopian clutia
Clydon, flatulency, or fluctuation in the stomach
Clyma, the scoria of silver and gold
Clymenos, bird's foot; scorpion wort
Clymenum, Spanish chickling vetch; nephritic
 ———— **dioscoridis**, everlasting pea
 ———— **Græcum**, Greek chickling vetch
 ———— **Italorum**, tutsan; all-heal

C O A

Clypealis cartilago, the thyroid cartilage
 Clypeus, a regulator of the heat of baths
 Clysmus, a purgation; a clyster
 Clyssiformis distillatio, a distillation of inflammable bodies
 Clyssus, clistus
 ——— antimonii, } a weak acid of sulphur
 ——— mineralis, }
 Clyster, a clyster syringe; a syringe
 ——— nitri, vapours from detonating nitre with charcoal
 ——— sulphuris, liquor from detonating sulphur with nitre
 ——— vitrioli, a distillation of vitriol dissolved in vinegar
 Cnaphos, the purging thorn; teasel
 Cnecus, the bastard saffron
 Cnemata, scrapings, parings, or shavings
 Cneme, the tibia
 Cnemiu, a part of the tibia
 Cnemodactylæus, an extensor muscle of the toe
 Cneoron, -um, the spurge laurel; widow wail
 ——— album, the rock rose
 ——— nigrum, the Alpine spurge laurel
 Cnesis, } a troublesome itching
 Cnesmos, }
 Cneston, } a species of spurge laurel; a
 Cnestrum, } cheese rasp
 Cnicelæon, -um, oil made of the seed of bastard saffron
 Cnicion, trefoil
 Cnicus, bastard saffron; blessed thistle; bitter, nervine
 ——— albis maculis, Spanish milk thistle
 ——— perennis, perennial blue distaff thistle
 ——— sylvestris, the holy thistle
 ——— Tingitanus, blue distaff thistle of Tangiers
 Cnide, the nettle
 Cnidelæon, oil made of cnidian berries
 Cnidia coccis, spruce laurel
 Cnidosis, an itching; a dry ophthalmy
 Cnipes, small worms infesting vines
 Cnipotes, itching
 Cnismos, -us, itching in quadrupeds
 Cnissoregmia, offensive, or nidorous eructation
 Cnyma, a scraping
 Coa scandens, climbing coa, a plant of America
 Coachira Indorum, the Indigo plant

C O C

Coacervatio, collection; heaping together
 Coacorum, lethargus arthriticus
 Coagulantia, every thing coagulating fluids
 Coagulatio, the act of coagulation, or congealing
 Coagulum, the curd of milk, or solid part of it; blood, &c. separated by acid, cold, or otherwise
 ——— aluminis, alum agitated with white of egg
 Coalescentia, the union of two or more bodies
 Coalternæ febres, the paroxysms of different fevers attacking a patient alternately
 Coapoiba, the copaiva tree of Brasil
 Coarctatio, a narrowing of any cavities
 Coarticulatio, articulation where motion is very visible
 Coatlis, the oily acorn, or ben nut
 Coava, the infusion of coffee
 Coaxachitl, the African marigold
 Cobaltum, cobalt, a dense mineral resembling antimony
 Cobastoli, ashes
 Cobban, a tree of Sumatra like the peach; narcotic
 Cobion, a kind of spurge
 Cobites, a species of gudgeon; a smelt
 Cobra de capello, the Indian serpent
 Cobrella, a small serpent
 Cobrello, epilepsy
 Cobus de cipo, a venomous serpent of Brasil
 Cacao Americæ, cocoa; chocolate
 Cocazochatl, French marigold
 Cocca cnidia, grana cnidia
 Cocallos, -us, the pine nut
 Coccarium, a very small pill
 Cocceira Indica, the cocoa nut tree
 Cocceus, scarlet
 ——— cnidus, mezereon berries
 ——— orientalis, cocculus Indus
 ——— radicum, kermes berries
 Coccinella, } cochineal, a small insect of
 Coccinilla, } Mexico; cardiac
 ——— sylvestris, a red American berry
 Coccobalsamon, the fruit of the balsam tree
 Cocco-melea, an apple tree bearing small fruit
 Coccones, the grain of the pomegranate
 Coccus, cocoa; grana cnidia
 Coccum scarlatinum, kermes berries
 Cocculi Indi aromatici, Jamaica pepper
 Cocculus Indicus, the Indian poisonous narcotic berry
 ——— bapticum, infectorium; tinctorium

C O C

Cocceum chermesinum, chermes
Coccus Americanus, cochineal
 ——— *baphica*, the kermes berry
 ——— *cacti*, cochineal
 ——— *Indicus tinctorius*, cochineal
 ——— *de Maldi*, the Maldivian nut; ner-
 vine
 ——— *Polonicus*, } an insect of
 ——— *radicum tinctorius*, } Poland, yield-
 ing a purple colour; Polish cochineal
Coccygæus musculus, } muscles of the os
 ——— anterior, } coccygis
 ——— posterior, }
Coccymelæa, } Venice, or red sumach
Coccygia, }
Coccygis os, } the lower extremity of the
Coccyx, } back bone
Coccyus, the cocoa
Cocchenilla, cochineal
Cochia, pilula cocie
Cochinilla, cochineal
Cochinillifera, the plant producing cochineal
Cochitsapotl, an Indian pine-like fruit
Cochlea, the labyrinth, or spiral cavity of
 the ear; a shell snail
 ——— *aquatica*, the periwinkle, or wa-
 ter snail
 ——— *cæolata*, the concealed snail of the
 Mediterranean; sea navelwort, or andro-
 sace
 ——— *cinerea*, the common snail
 ——— *fossilis*, } a shell-like fossil
 ——— *lapidea*, }
 ——— *Margaritifera*, the pearl snail
 ——— *minor*, the Paris garden snail
 ——— *nuda*, the black snail
 ——— *olearia*, a species of snail
 ——— *purpurifera*, the purple fish, or
 murex
 ——— *sarmatica*, a monstrous shell of
 the Baltic
 ——— *terrestris*, }
 ——— *testacea*, } the common snail
 ——— *vulgaris*, }
Cochleare, } a common meat spoon, 3ss.
Cochlearium, }
Cochlearia folio cubitali, horse raddish
 ——— *altissimo folio*, dittander
 ——— *armoracia*, horse radish
 ——— *Batavica*, Dutch round-leaved
 scurvy grass
 ——— *Britannica*, English scurvy grass
 ——— *marina*, sea scurvy
 grass

C Œ L

Cochlearia minor, } small-leaved scurvy
 ——— *officinalis*, } grass
 ——— *subrotundo folio*, garden scurvy
 grass
Cochleata, the herb medic; fodder for cows
Cochlia, } the snail
Cochlias, }
Cochlidium, a small species of shell snail
Cochlitis, a precious stone resembling a
 snail shell
Cochone, the bottom of the back
Cocilio, a weight of eleven ounces
Cockenille, cochineal
Cocles, having but one eye
Coco, the cocoa tree
Cocolata, chocolate
Cocomica signa, blasts from wind
Cocos, the cocoa tree
Coctio, boiling
 ——— *prima*, chylicatio
Coctus, boiled
Cocyta, pain in any part from insects
Coda, a species of beetle
 ——— *panna*, a species of palm tree
Codaga pala, an astringent tree of Malabar
Codagen, water pennywort
Coddam-pulli, the Malabar gamboge tree
Codatremula, the water wagtail
Codesella, a carbuncle
Codia, a poppy head; the bulbous head of
 any plant
Codiaminum, } wild daffodil
Codianum, }
Codi-avanacu, an astringent East India
 shrub
Codocele, } a bubo
Codoscella, }
Cœcalis vena, a branch of the meseric vein
Cœcum, the blind gut; the first of the large
 intestines
Cœla, the hollows of the eyes, or parts
 near the soles of the feet
Cœlestinus color, a sky colour
Cœlia, cœla; thorax; intestinal tube
Cœliaca arteria, a branch of the descending
 aorta
 ——— *chylosa*, } lienteria; a purging
 ——— *lactea*, } with chyle
 ——— *mucosa*, a purging with much
 mucus
 ——— *passio*, the cœliac passion; li-
 enteria
 ——— *per urinam*, diabetes with dis-
 charge of chyle

Cœliaca purulenta, a purging with pus, or matter
 ——— *vena*, a vein of the intestinum rectum
Cœliacus, griped, or colicked
Cœli flos, } a jelly-like substance found
Cœlifolium, } after rain in fields; starfall
Cœli mutatio, change of air
Cœloma, an ulcer in the cornea of the eye
Cœlon, the singular of *cæla*
Cœlophthalmus, -os, hollow eyed
Cœlostomia, speech as if from a cavern
Cœlum, the cavity about the angles of the eyes; air, or climate
Cœmentatio, the act of using cement; digesting metals in a red heat with charcoal in ovens
Cœmentum, any tenacious body; cement, or lute
Cœna, supper
Cœnologia, a consultation of physicians
Cœnotes, any general morbid qualities
Cœnum, mud; excrement
Cœruleum montanum, mountain blue; an ore of copper
 ——— *fossile*, Armenian stone
 ——— *nativum*, lapis lazuli
Cœruleus, sky colour; blue; azure
 ——— *lapis*, blue vitriol
Cœte, a bed for the sick
Coffea, } the coffee tree of Arabia
Coffee frutex, } and America
Coggyria, shumach
Cohobatio, cohobation, or repeated distillation
Cohol, alcohol; dry collyria
Cohoph, cohobation, or repeated distillation
Cohync, an American melon-like fruit; eases head-ach
Coilostomia, speaking from the palate through the nose
Coilyma, a flatulent distention of the belly
Coindicantia, symptoms indicating similar remedies
Coira, terra Japonica
Coitio, } venereal intercourse
Coitus, }
 ——— *humoris*, coming to a head, or matter
Cola, the limbs; strain, or filter it
Colatoria lactea, small glands of the uterus
Colatorium, a strainer
Colatura, any strained, or filtered liquor
Colatus, strained [3i.
Colchicum, meadow saffron; diuretic, dose

Colchicum autumnale, true meadow saffron
 ——— *Chionense*, hermodactyls; strong cathartic
 ——— *Illyricum*, the hermodactyl
 ——— *Zeylanicum*, zedoary
Colcothar, vitriol; chalcitis; the remains of calcined martial vitriol
 ——— *sal*, a salt procured by washing colcothar
Coles & Colis, the penis
Coleus, the testicles
Coletta veetla, eryngo root
Coli ligamentum, a part of the mesocolon
Colias, a fish like a mackarel
Colica, colic; pain about the navel, vomiting, and costiveness
 ——— *accidentalis*, colic from crudities in the bowels
 ——— *biliosa*, colic from excess of bile
 ——— *calculosa*, colic from stony matters in the intestines
 ——— *callosa*, colic from hardened and obstinate strictures
 ——— *colcotor*, colcothar
 ——— *Damnoniorum*, colic peculiar to Devonshire
 ——— *enterocelica*, colica callosa
 ——— *febricosa*, colic with fever
 ——— *flatulenta*, colic from wind
 ——— *gravidarum*, colic in pregnant women
 ——— *hysterica*, hysteric colic
 ——— *lactentium*, colic peculiar to nurses
 ——— *Lapponica*, colic peculiar to Laplanders
 ——— *meconialis*, colic from meconium in infants
 ——— *mesenterica*, colic from diseased mesentery
 ——— *nervosa*, the nervous colic
 ——— *pancreatica*, colic from diseased pancreas
 ——— *phlogistica*, colic with inflammation
 ——— *pictonum*, the Devonshire colic
 ——— *pituitosa*, the spasmodic colic
 ——— *plethorica*, the inflammatory colic
 ——— *plumbariorum*, the colic of lead-workers
 ——— *pulsatilis*, the inflammatory colic
 ——— *recta vena*, a vein of the colon
 ——— *saturnina*, the Devonshire colic
 ——— *schirrosa*, the colic from schirrous tumours
 ——— *sinistra*, the lower mesenteric artery
 ——— *spasmodica*, the spasmodic colic

- Colica stercorea**, colic from retained fæces
 ——— superior, the upper mesenteric artery
 ——— vena, a branch of the upper mesenteric vein
 ——— verminosa, the colic from worms
Colice, the colic
Colicus dolor, the colic
Coliforme os, the ethmoid bone
Colinil, an American plant; detergent
Coliphium, a bread of fine meal; a collop
Colis, the penis
Colla, glue
Collapsus, collapse
Collatenna, a specific vulnerary
Collaterales, the erector muscles of the penis
Collatitium, capon, mutton broth, and lemon juice
Collectanea, written notes, or observations
Collesio, gloeing together
Colletica, agglutinating substances
Colliciaæ, ductus ad nares of the lachrymal sac
Colliculum, nymphæ
Colligamen, a ligament
Colli interspinales, } interspinales colli
 ——— intertransversales, } musculi
 ——— transversalis, transversalis
Colliphia, cheese cakes
Colliquamentum, fœtal part of the egg
Colliqua io, a solution, or washing; a severe purging
Colliquativus sudor, profuse symptomatic sweating
Collis, colewort; projection of the back
Collisio, a bruise
Collix, a round loaf; a lozenge
Colloboma, the accretion of the eyelids
Collodes, glutinous
Collum, the neck
Collutio, washing, as gargling
Collutorium oris, a gargle
Colluvies, filth, or dirt
Collyrion, the blackbird
Collyris, a swelling after a blow
Collyrium, eye-salve; eye-wash
 ——— antigoni nigrum, an eye-water of cadmia, antimony, pepper, &c.
 ——— coruleum, an eye-water of lime, ammoniac, and copper
 ——— liquidum, any fluid applied to the eyes
 ——— regis Alexandri siccum, saffron, nard, and canal coal
 ——— sancium, brown earth from Samos
Collyrium siccum, any eye powder
Coloboma, any accretion of the eyelids
Colobomata, any corporeal deficiency
Colocasia, the Egyptian bean
Colocynthis medulla, the pith of the bitter apple
Colocynthis, the bitter apple of Aleppo; wild gourd; purgative
Colomba, columbo; a stomachic bitter
Colon, the first of the large intestines
Colophonias, black rosin; agglutinans; scammony
Coloquintida, colocynthis
 ——— major, the greater coloquintida of the Levant
 ——— minor, } common bitter apple, or coloquintida
 ——— vulgaris, }
Color Indicus, Indian colour, blue and purple
 ——— antiypochros, a yellowness indicating diseased spleen
Colomestrum, wolfsbane
Colostratus, a child that sucks early milk, or a nurse after conception
Colostrum, the first milk after parturition; beastings
Colotes, a species of spotted lizard
Colotoides, particoloured fæces
Colpocele, an hernia of the bladder through the vagina
Colpos, a sinus, or hollow wound; vagina
Colpoptosis, the falling down of the vagina
Coluber berus, the viper
Colubrina, a name of snake root, arum, and bistort
 ——— Lusitanica herba, a milky plant of Brasil
Colubrinum lignum, snake wood of India; poisonous
Colubrinus lapis, hartshorn burnt to blackness and polished; antidote for poison
Colum, the colic; a filtre
Columba, a pigeon, or dove
 ——— agrestis, wild pigeon
 ——— cellaris, tame pigeon
Columbac, part of the aromatic aloe
Columbina, the plant columbine
Columbo, the columbo root of Ceylon; bitter, stomachic
Columella, the clitoris; the uvula
Columellares dentes, the dog teeth
Columellæ musculus teres, azygos uvulæ
Columaæ carneæ, } muscular ligaments in
 ——— cordis, } the ventricles of the heart

COM

Columnæ septi palati, the arches on each side of the uvula
 Columna nasi, the lower part of the septum of the nose
 ——— oris, the uvula
 Colus, the colic
 ——— jovis, sclarea
 ——— rustica, bastard saffron
 Colurium, a tent for wounds
 Colutea, the bastard senna; the milk vetch; drastic
 ——— Indica herbacea, the indigo plant
 ——— minima,
 ——— scorpoidea, } species of
 ——— major, } scorpion;
 ——— humilis, } senna
 ——— siliquosa,
 Colymbades, olives preserved by salt
 Colymbæna, a kind of shrimp
 Colymbethra, a kind of bathing tub
 Colymbis, the didapper
 Colytea, the Judas tree
 Coma, the hair; top of a plant; lethargy, dozing
 ——— ascititia, a peruke, or false hair
 ——— aurea, goldy locks, or cudweed; aromatic
 ——— vigil, an anxious stupor, when patients are disposed to, and long for, sleep, but cannot enjoy it
 Comaroides, } the arbutus, or strawberry
 Comarus, } tree
 Comata, diseases attended with suppression of sense and voluntary motion
 Comatosus, comatose; morbidly sleepy
 Combustio, } calcinatio; deflagratio; burn-
 Combustura, } ing
 Come, herb goat's beard
 Comedones, species of worms infesting children and quadrupeds
 Cometa, the shrub strawberry bay
 Cometes, the spurge; amygdaloides
 Cometz, half a drop
 Comisdi, gum Arabic
 Comiste, food; nourishment
 Comitialis morbus, the epilepsy
 Comitissæ pulvis, Peruvian bark
 ——— palma, magnesia
 Commagenum, an ointment
 Commanducatio, chewing
 Commansum, expectorant; sialagogue
 Commelina, a plant
 Commendatorius, Fiar's balsam
 Commentarius, a comment, or exposition

CON

Commi, gum Arabic; gummi
 Comminuere, to pound, bruise, or break in pieces
 Comminutio, pounding, or powdering
 Comminutus, pounded, or bruised
 Commissura, a suture, joint, or articulation
 Commissures, the angles of the labia pudendi
 Commosis, the upper stratum of honeycomb
 Commotica, cosmetics
 Commotus mente, distracted; deranged
 Commune rectum, rectum intestinum
 Communicantes febres, fever of different type in the same person
 Communis sal, sea salt
 Comosis, resembling a head of hair
 Compactus, of a close texture
 Compages, a joint
 Compassio, sympathy
 Compeba, } cubebs
 Compeper, }
 Completus, (in botany) perfect
 Compressor naris, a muscle of the nose
 Complexis, constitution, or temperament
 Complexus, } muscles of the neck;
 ——— minor, } complicated
 Complicatio morbi, a mixture, or complication of diseases
 Composita medicamenta, medicines of many ingredients
 Compositi morbi, compound, or complicated diseases
 Compositio, mixture to add virtue, supply defect, or correct ill qualities
 Comprehensio, catalepsy; comprehension
 Compressæ, compresses; pieces of folded cloth used by surgeons
 Comprimere alvum, to bind the belly, or restrain purging
 Compunctio, tapping; paracentesis
 Conacarpodendron, the silver tree of Africa
 Conarium, the pineal gland of the brain
 Concausa, a cause operating with another
 Concavatio, arcuatio; convexity of chest
 Concavus, hollow
 Concentrantia, absorbents
 Concentratio, depriving acids, or spirits, of their water; dephlegmatio
 Conceptio, } the first formation of the child
 Conceptus, }
 Concha, a shell; half ounce Athenian measure
 ——— anatifera, shell with a fish like a duck

CON

Concha auriculæ, the large cavity of the external ear
 — bivalvulis, a shell with two valves
 — erythræa, Venus's shell
 — fossilis, a stone resembling a shell fish
 — levigata, a smooth shell used to polish linen
 — margaritifera, } the shell producing pearls
 — mater unionum, }
 — Persica, a bivalve of the Persian sea
 — pictorum, shell used in colours
 — saxatilis, concha fossilis
 — striata, ridged shell, as cockle, &c.
 — valvis æqualibus, concha margaritifera
 — veneris, Venus's shell; univalve aphrodisiac
 — univalva, shell with a single covering
 Conchæ narium inferiores, the lower ossa spongiosa of the nose
 — superiores, parts of the os ethmoides
 — præparatæ, levigated shells
 — proprius, musculus novus, auris alæ anterior
 Concharum antefebrole, a solution of muscle shells in vinegar
 Conchifolia, the mango tree of the East Indies
 Conchis, a bean in its follicle
 Conchites, concha fossilis
 Conchoides, a bivalve shell
 Conchylia, all species of shell fish
 — fossilia, fossil shells
 Concidentia, emaciation, or wasting
 Concoagulatio, crystallization of different salts in the same menstruum
 Concoctio, solution of food in the stomach: the supposed process by which morbid matter is prepared to be thrown off
 Concoctrix facultas, the power of digestion
 Concoctus, boiled; concocted; digested
 Concrematio, calcination
 Concreescere, to congeal, freeze, or grow thick
 Concretio, growing together; coagulation
 Concretus, congealed; frozen; curdled
 Concursus, correspondent symptoms
 Concussio, a shake, or concussion of the brain from accident
 Condensatio, the act of bringing bodies nearer together; the operation of medi-

CON

cines that thicken the blood, or contract the skin
 Conder, gum frankincense, or olibanum; a contraction of the skin
 Condimentum, } any condiment, or pre-
 Conditum, } serve
 — vinum, a wine made of roses
 Conditio, condition, state, or constitution
 Conditura, sauce, or pickle; embalming
 Condrilla, succory; dandelion
 Conducere vulnus, to heal up a wound
 Conductio, spasm, or convulsion
 Conductor, a surgical director, or gorget; a machine to secure a fractured limb
 Condylodæ, the apophyses of bones
 Condyloma, a fleshy swelling in rugose parts; condylus
 — clavus, a corn
 Condylus, protuberance on the ends of bones; knot, or joint
 Coneion, -ium, the hemlock
 Conessi, cadagus pali; the bark of a tree of Malabar
 Confecta, confects; seeds covered with sugar
 Confectio, any soft electuary with much sugar
 — aromatica, zedoary, saffron, crab's claws, spices, and sugar
 — alkermes, juice of kermes, aloes wood, cinnamon, and rose water
 — anacardii, confection of the Malacca bean kernels
 — archigenis, confectio Paulina
 — cardiaca, confectio aromatica
 — Democratis, agaric, turpentine, opium, aromatics, in all 45 ingredients, gr. opium in 3ss.
 — fracastorii, electuarium e scordis
 — hamech, polypody, myrobalans, senna, colocynth, &c.
 — hyacinthi, hyacinth stone, coral, bole, myrrh, &c.
 — Japonica, Japan earth, kino, opium, and spice
 — opiata, opium, pepper, ginger, caraway, and syrup
 — Paulina, costus, galbanum, opium, castor, and spices
 — Raleighana, cordial confection
 — de santalis, saunders, coral, bole, &c.
 — sapientium, confection of Malacca bean kernels

Confectio de thure, coriander, nutmegs, frankincense, &c.
 Confertus, sudden; large; collected
 Conferva, a species of moss; sea weed
 ——— fontanalis, an aquatic plant abounding in pure air
 Confirmantia medicamenta, strengthening medicines
 Confluens, running together
 Confluentia, } the consent of disease with
 Confœderatio, } remedies
 Conformatio, structure, or formation
 ——— mala, original bad shape
 Confortantia, } cordial medicines
 Confortativa, }
 Confricatio, powdering by rubbing with the hands
 Confusæ febres, fevers of uncertain type
 Confusaneus panis, bread of undressed flour
 Confusio, a disease of the eye, arising from accidental mixture of the humours
 Congelati, cataleptic patients
 Congelatio, congelation, coagulation, or freezing
 Congelativa medicamenta, drying medicines
 Congelatus, frozen; congealed; curdled; frost-bitten
 Congeneres, muscles concurring in action
 Conger, a large sea eel
 Congestio, collection of fluids; gradual swelling; stuffing
 ——— oculorum, eyes suffused with blood
 Congius, a gallon
 Conglaciatio, congelation, or coagulation
 Conglobata glandula, a single, or lymphatic gland
 Conglibatus, heaped, or gathered together
 Conglomerata glandula, a gland composed of other smaller ones
 Conglutinantia, healing medicines
 Congrus, the conger; a large sea eel
 Congylis, the turnip
 Conia, lime; wine impregnated with fir
 Conicus, conical
 Coniferæ, } trees producing cones
 Conigeræ, }
 Conile, sweet cicely, or myrrhis
 Conis, scurf; fine powder; a nit
 Conisterium, a private room at the baths; an ash-hole
 Conium maculatum, } large spotted hem-
 ——— majus, } lock
 Conjuncta causa, the immediate cause
 ——— signa, the symptoms of a disease

Conjunctiva tunica, the external coat of the eye
 Conna, fistular cassia
 Connarus, a large species of jujuba
 Connatus, growing together
 Connexus, joined together
 Conniventes, winking; closing
 Connixa gemellos, bringing forth twins
 Conoides, a cone-like form
 ——— corpus, the pineal gland
 Conops, a gnat
 Conquassatio, agitation of soft bodies so as to make a pulp
 Conquiescere, to be at rest; to sleep
 Consano, to heal up
 Consauciatio, wounding
 Consensus, sympathy
 Conserva, conserve; recent vegetables and sugar
 ——— absinthii, conserve of wormwood
 ——— cochleariæ, conserve of scurvy grass
 ——— coticum aurantiorum, conserve of orange rind
 ——— cynosbati, } conserve of
 ——— fructus cynosbati, } hips
 ——— lavendulæ, conserve of lavender
 ——— lujulæ, conserve of wood sorrel
 ——— malvæ, conserve of mallows
 ——— menthæ, conserve of mint
 ——— prunorum sylvestrum, conserve of sloes
 ——— rorismarini, conserve of rosemary
 ——— rosarum, conserve of roses
 ——— rutæ, conserve of rue
 Conservatio, pickling and preserving
 Conservativa medicina, the preservation of health
 Consiligo, setter-wort
 ——— pulmonaria, lungwort
 Consilium, design; advice; indication; plan
 ——— medendi, indication, or plan of cure
 Consistentia, the height of disease
 Consoides, earth flax; asbestos
 Consolida, comfrey; consound; agglutinant
 ——— major, greater comfrey
 ——— arvensis, common larkspur
 ——— aurea, } dwarf cistus
 ——— cordi, }
 ——— media, the great daisy
 ——— minima, the common daisy
 ——— minor, common self-heal
 ——— regalis, a species of larkspur

CON

Consolida rubra, upright septfoil; tormentil
 ——— *saracenicæ*, wound-wort
Consolidans, medicine producing new flesh
Consolidatio, uniting fractures, or wounds
Conspectus, a view, or plan
 ——— *medicinæ theoreticæ*, an arrangement of the principles of medicine
 ——— *therapeuticæ generalis*, a general view of curative means
Conspersio, the name of any powder sprinkled on the body
Conspicillum, spectacles, or a reading glass
Constans, strong; firm
Constipatio, costiveness
Constipatus, costive
Constituens, any ingredient that gives consistence
Constitutio, catastasis; the habit
Constrictis, contraction; lessened diameter
Constrictiva, styptic remedies
Constrictor alæ nasi, a muscle of the upper lip, &c.
 ——— *ani*, the sphincter muscle of the anus
 ——— *isthmi faucium*, a muscle of the throat
 ——— *labiorum*, a muscle of the lips
 ——— *musculus*, the buccinator muscle of the cheeks
 ——— *orbicularis*, constrictor labiorum
 ——— *palpebrarum*, a muscle of the eyelids
 ——— *pharyngis inferior*, } muscles
 ——— *medius*, } of the œsophagus
 ——— *superior*, }
 ——— *vesicæ urinariæ*, a muscle of the neck of the bladder
Constrictores nasi, muscles of the nose and upper lip
 ——— *pharyngæi*, muscles of the œsophagus
Constrictorii, spasmodic diseases
Constrictus, bound; costive
Constringentia, astringent medicines
Consuetudo, custom
Consultatio, deliberation of medical men on a case
Consummatum, animal jelly
Consumptio, wasting; consumption of the lungs
Contabescens, fainting; wasting
Contabescencia, atrophy, or nervous consumption
Contages, contagion; infection

CON

Contagio, contagion; infection
Contagiosi, infectious diseases
Contagium, contagion; infection
Contemperantia, temperance; moderation
Contensio, the fluid part of a solid body
Contenta, the contents of any part
Contentis, tension, or stricture
Contentus, stretched
Contero, to break, bruise, or pound
Continentia, temperance
Continua febris, a fever without, or with slight remission
Continui solutio, a separation of parts
Continuo spiritu, in one breath
Contorsio, iliac passion; partial dislocation; distorted spine; contracted neck
Contortus, twisted; distorted; contracted
Contra-apertura, a counter, or opposite opening
Contractio, contraction of the heart, arteries, and muscles
Contractura, contraction as of the muscles of a limb
 ——— *articularis*, contraction from rigid joint
 ——— *primaria*, contraction from diseased muscles
Contractus, contracted; drawn together
Contra-fissura, contra fissure, or a fracture of the skull opposite to the part receiving the blow
Contrahentia, astringent, or strengthening medicines
Contra-indicatio, where symptoms require different remedies
Contralunaris, a woman that conceives while menstruating
Contra-vermes, against worms
Contrayerva, counter poison root of Spanish America; alexiterial
 ——— *alba*, tame poison; silken cicely
 ——— *Germanica*, snake root
 ——— *nova*, Mexican contrayerva
 ——— *officinalis*, contrayerva root of Spanish West Indies
 ——— *Virginiana*, snake root
Contritio, pounding; powdering
Contritus, pounded; bruised small
Contundere, to bruise
Conturbatio oculi, dimness of sight
Contusum, }
Contusio, } contusion, or bruise
Contusura, }

C O N

Contusus, bruised
 Conus, a cone; any figure like a sugar-loaf; liquid pitch
 — fusorius, a smelting cone; a crucible
 Convalescentia, recovery from sickness
 Convalescere, to recover health
 Convallaria, the lily of the valley
 — polygonatum, Solomon's seal
 Convexitas, circular protuberance
 Convexus, convex; any circular protuberance
 Convoluta superiora ossa, bones of the nose
 — inferiora ossa, lower bones of the nose
 Convolutus, twisted, wrapped, or lapped up
 Convolvulus, the iliac passion; bindweed
 — Americanus, jalapa, or jalap root
 — Canariensis, Canary birdweed
 — Cantabrica, lavender-leaved bindweed
 — colubrinus, the pareira brava
 — hederaceus, ivy-leaved bindweed
 — Indicus, turbith; a rough cathartic
 — radice tuberosa, the potatoe
 — jalapa, common jalap
 — Lusitanicus, Portugal bindweed
 — major, great white bindweed; rock rose
 — maritimus, sea colewort
 — Zeylanicus, a plant of Ceylon
 — mechoacana, mechoacan, or white jalap
 — minor, small bindweed
 — perennis, the common hop, or lupulus
 — soldanella, sea colewort
 — Syriacus, scammony plant
 — vulgaris, great bindweed; narcotic
 Convulsio, a clonic, irregular, muscular contraction, without sleepiness
 — abdominis, convulsion of the muscles of the belly
 — canina, a wry mouth
 — a capitis ictu, convulsion from a blow on the head
 — clonica, convulsion with alternate relaxation
 — febrilis, convulsion accompanying fever

C O P

Convulsio gravidarum, convulsion of pregnant women
 — habituais, chorea
 — hemitotonos, convulsion approaching to tetanus
 — ab inanitione, convulsion from inanition
 — Indica, tetanus
 — intermittens, convulsion occurring in paroxysms
 — a nervi punctura, convulsion from a wounded nerve
 — nephralgica, convulsion from stones in the kidneys
 — ab Onanismo, convulsion from self pollution
 — raphania, spasmodic; painful disease of the joints
 — tonica, common, or permanent convulsion
 — universalis, general convulsion
 — uteri, abortion
 Convulsivus, convulsive; affected with spasm
 Conyza, flea-bane; suppurative
 — Æthiopica, African shrubby goldlocks
 — Africana, a species of groundsel
 — Alpina, Doria's woundwort
 — aquatica, corn marigold; mountain ragwort
 — Cretica, shrubby flea-bane
 — linariæ folio, German goldlocks
 — major, vulgaris, } great flea-bane
 — mas, theophrasti, } of Italy
 — media, common flea-bane
 — minor, small flea-bane; antipsoric
 — odorata, blue flea-bane
 — palustris, corn marigold; mountain ragwort
 — pulicaria, small flea-bane
 — vulgaris, blue flea-bane
 Conyzoides, the plant groundsel
 Coopertio, clothing; the womb, or membranes
 Coopertorium, the epiglottis
 Coostrum, the centre of the diaphragm
 Copaiba, } balsam capivi of
 Copaifera officinalis, } the Spanish West
 Copaiva, } Indies
 Copal gummi, gum copal of the Spanish West Indies, soluble in æther and essential oils
 Copau, a Brasil tree like the walnut

Copella, cupella
 Copher, camphor
 Cophos, a toad; a dulness of the senses; deaf
 Cophosis, deafness
 Copiscus, a species of frankincense
 Copos, weariness without exercise
 Copparosa, copperas, or green vitriol
 Copragogum, a purging electuary
 Copriemesis, a vomiting of fæces
 Coprocritica medicamenta, mild cathartics
 Coprophoria, purging
 Copros, excrement
 Coprostaia, costiveness
 Coptarion, -um, medicine in form of a cake
 Copte, a cataplasm; a small cake
 Copula, a ligament
 Copulatio, coitio
 Coquentia medicamenta, medicines promoting concoction
 Coquere, to boil; Coque, boil it
 Cor, the heart; gold; intense fire; pith
 Coracinus, } the crow fish of the Nile
 ——— subniger, }
 Coracobotane, the laurel of Alexandria
 Coracobrachialis, } the coracoid muscle of the arm
 Coracobrachiaëus, }
 Coraco-hyoidæus, a muscle of the os hyoides
 Coracoides, beak-like
 ——— processus, the coracoid, or beak-like process of the scapula
 ——— musculus, a muscle arising from the scapula
 Coracoideus, the coracoid muscle of the arm
 Coracoradialis, biceps
 Coralachates, an agate resembling coral
 Corallatum, red precipitated mercury
 Corallina, } sea coralline,
 ——— alba officinarum, } or white
 ——— Anglica, } worm seed;
 vermifuge, dose ʒi.
 Corallium, coral, or tree stone; domicilia of marine insects
 ——— album ramosum, white branched coral; antacid
 ——— artificiale, wood covered with cinnabar
 ——— fossile, coral found in quarries
 ——— nigrum, black coral
 ——— rubrum, red coral of the Mediterranean; alkaline and absorbent
 Corallo fungus, a species of fungus
 Corallodendron, the bean, or coral tree of America; antivenereal

Coralloides, septfoil; tooth, or coralwort; corroborant
 Corambe, colewort
 Corax, the raven
 Corbatum, copper
 Corchoron, pimpernel
 Corchorus, an Egyptian plant; pectoral
 Cocculum, a little heart; the apex, or essence of a seed
 Corda, a chordee, or painful erection of the penis
 ——— tympani, the portio dura; a nerve of the ear
 Cordæ Willisii, Willis's glands in the brain
 Cordatus, (in botany) cordiformis; heart-shaped
 Cordia sebestina, an Egyptian fruit
 Cordialia, cordial medicines
 Cordialis, aparine; woodrow
 Cordinema, a head-ach with vertigo
 Cordolium, the heart-burn
 Cordosum filum, a twisted thread
 Cordyla, a large fish frequenting the coast of Sicily
 Core, the pupil of the eye; a girl
 Corelliana castanea, a species of chestnut
 Coremata, brushes; medicines for cleaning the skin
 Coriaceus, of the nature of leather
 Coriago, a disease of the skin in cattle
 Coriandrum, } coriander; stomachic
 Corianon, }
 Cotiaria, } myrtle-leaved sumach
 ——— vulgaris, } of France
 Coribantia, sleeping with the eyes open
 Corindum, heart pea
 Corinthiacæ uvæ, currants
 Corion, John's wort
 Coris, the herb hypericum, or John's wort
 ——— lutea, } bastard St. John's
 ——— legitima Cretica, } wort
 Corium, the skin; dartos; leather
 Coriziola, scammony
 Cornachini pulvis, scammony, antimony, and cream of tartar
 Cornea, the external coat of the eye
 Cornesta, a chemical retort
 Corneus, horny
 Corni, the cornel tree
 Cornicula, a cupping instrument made of horn
 Corniculans, the new moon
 Cornicularis, the coracoid process

C O R

Corniculatæ plantæ, plants with horned seed pods
Cornix, the carrion crow, or raven
Cornocerasum, cornus
Cornu cervi, hartshorn; the beak of an alembic
 ——— **alterum repens**, a species of nasturtium
 ——— **decoctum**, P. L. A. decoction of burnt hartshorn and gum Arabic
 ——— **gelatinum**, shavings of hartshorn, water, lemon and orange juice, wine, and sugar
Cornu, a horn
 ——— **cervinum**, stag's horn; buck's horn; plantain
 ——— **fossile**, } a fossil horn
 ——— **unicorni**, }
Cornua, horny excrescences
 ——— **uteri**, the horns of the womb, as in quadrupeds
Cornumusa, a retort
Cornus, } the cornelian cherry;
 ——— **domestica**, } cooling, astringent
 ——— **fœminia**, the dog berry, or gatten tree
 ——— **foliis variegatis**, the striped dog berry
 ——— **hortensis mas**, } the cornelian cherry
 ——— **sativa**, } ry [tree
 ——— **Virginiana**, the Virginian dog berry
Cornuta, a retort; the garnard fish
Cornutia, a plant
Corocrum, a ferment
Corolla, the petals of a flower
Corollula, a little corolla
Corona, the top of the head; the crown of a flower
 ——— **ciliaris**, ligamentum ciliare
 ——— **imperialis**, a plant called imperial crown
 ——— **penis**, the edge of the glans penis
 ——— **regia**, the herb melilot
 ——— **solis**, the sunflower of Pera
 ——— **terræ**, ground ivy
Coronale os, os frontis
Coronalis sutura, the suture on the crown of the head
Coronaria, the clove gillyflower
 ——— **ligamenta**, the coronary ligaments of the radius
 ——— **vasa**, the blood vessels of the heart; arteria cæliaca
 ——— **vena**, a vein receiving the blood from the heart

C O R

Coronariæ arteriæ, two arteries supplying the substance of the heart with blood
Coronarium ligamentum, a ligament of the liver; also one uniting the radius and ulna
Coronarius stomachicus, part of the eighth pair of nerves
Corone, the sharp process of the lower jaw
 ——— **ciliaris**, the ring in the eye formed by the processus ciliares
Coroneola, a musk rose
 ——— **Indica**, the indigo plant
 ——— **montana**, lesser scorpion senna
Coronoidea apophysis ulnæ, the upper end of the ulna
 ——— **maxillæ**, the coronoid process of the lower jaw
Coronoides processus, the sharp process of the lower jaw
Coronopodium, } buck's horn plantain;
Coronopus, } crow's foot
 ——— **ruelli**, swine cresses
Coros, satiety
Corozone celio, a species of sedum
Corpora albicantia, Willis's glands in the brain
 ——— **cavernosa clitoridis**, two hollow crura forming the clitoris
 ——— **penis**, the two hollow sides of the penis
 ——— **fimbriata**, a part of the fornix in the brain
 ——— **lobosa**, part of the cortical part of the kidney
 ——— **nerveospongiosa**, corpora cavernosa penis
 ——— **nervosa**, corpora cavernosa clitoridis
 ——— **olivaria**, two eminences on the medulla oblongata
 ——— **pyramidalia**, two eminences near the corpora olivaria
 ——— **striata**, two prominences in the ventricles of the brain
Corporatio, incorporation, or mixture
Corpulentia, enlarged abdomen from fat
Corpulentus, a fat person with a large belly
Corpus callosum, part of the brain over the lateral ventricles
 ——— **binum**, a double body
 ——— **glandulosum**, the prostate gland
 ——— **mucosum**, the rete mucosum of the integuments
 ——— **pampiniforme**, } the spermatic chord
 ——— **pyramidale**, }

C O R

Corpus reticulare, the rete mucosum of the integuments
 — sesamoideum, a little prominence at the entrance of the pulmonary artery
 — spongiosum urethræ, the spongy part of the urethra
 — varicosum, the spermatic chord
 Corrago, borrago
 Corre, the temples
 Correctio, correction; to make drugs less active and more palatable
 Corrigiola, knot grass
 Corrigrya, thistle down; groundsel
 Corroborantia, strengthening medicines
 Corroboratio, strengthening
 Corroboratus, strengthened
 Corrodentia, corrosive medicines
 Corrosio, corrosion; destruction by escharotics
 Corrosiva, drugs that corrode, or destroy animal substances
 — mitiora, burnt alum, alkali, mercurius dulcis, white precipitate, and trochisci de minio
 — fortiora, red precipitate; colcothar
 — fortissima, butter of antimony, lapis infernalis, sublimate, oil of tartar, oil of vitriol, and lunar caustic
 Corrosus, corroded; wasted; gnawed
 Corruda, rock sparrow grass
 Corrugatio, corrugation, or wrinkling
 Corrugator coterii, } a muscle extending
 — supercillii, } the skin of the eyebrow
 Corrugatoris ordo exterior, part of the musculus zygomaticus
 — inferior, orbicularis oris
 Corrugatus, corrugated; wrinkled; puckered
 Corruptus, vitiated; destroyed
 Corse, the temples
 Corsoides, amianthus, or earth flax
 Cortalon, groundsel
 Cortex, any bark; cork
 — aromaticus, canella alba
 — angusturæ, angustura bark
 — antiscorbuticus, canella alba, or Winter's bark
 — cardinalis de lugo, Peruvian bark
 — caryophylloides, the clove berry tree
 — cerebri, the cortical substance of the brain
 — Chinæ, } yellow bark of
 — flavus, } Dr. Relph from
 — chinchinæ regius, } Peru

C O R

Cortex culitlavvan, an aromatic bark of New Guinea
 — elaterii, the elutherium bark, or cascarilla
 — Magellanicus, Winter's bark
 — massory, an aromatic bark from Guinea; alexipharmic
 — patrum, } the Peruvian bark
 — Peruanus, } from Loxa, in Spanish America
 — Peruvianus, }
 — ruber, red bark
 — quassia, quassia bark
 — quercus, common oak bark; tonic
 — Winteranus, Winter's bark from the West Indies; warm, antiscorbutic
 — spurius, canella alba
 Cortius Peruviani decoctum, an ℥i. of powder of Peruvian bark boiled in ℥xix. of water for a few minutes, and strained while hot
 — extractum, a decoction of bark evaporated to dryness
 — cum resina, bark extracted both by spirit and water
 — infusum, Peruvian bark
 ℥i. cold water ℥xij.
 — resina, Peruvian bark digested with spirit of wine and precipitated by water
 — tinctura, Peruvian bark
 ℥vi. spirit of wine lbij.
 — ammoniata, bark
 ℥iv. spiritus ammoniaci composita lbij.
 — composita, bark, orange peel, snake root, saffron, cochineal, and spirits of wine
 — Huxhami, bark, orange peel, snake root, saffron, cochineal, and spirits of wine
 Corticalis substantia, cortex cerebri
 Corticatus, inclosed in a rind
 Corticula, a little skin, or rind
 Cortusa, the plant self-heal; bear's ear; sanicle, expectorant
 Coru canarica, a quince-like tree of Malabar; antidyenteric
 Coruscamen, } a flash, as of lightning
 Coruscatio, }
 Coruscus, mouse ear; glittering; moving
 Corvus, the raven; the crow
 Corycomacha, exercise with a suspended ball
 Corycus, a ball
 Corydales, a natural order of plants resembling a helmet

C O T

Corydalis, the lark
 Corylus, the hazle tree
 Corymbe, the ivy tree
 Corymbus, a spherical cluster; flowers like the elder, in opposition to umbellate
 Coryphe, the vertex of the head; inner part of the nails
 Coryza, catarrhus
 — catarrhalis, a catarrh from cold
 — febricosa, a catarrh with fever
 — phlegmatorrhagia, a catarrh with much discharge of mucus
 — purulenta, a catarrh with discharge of matter
 — variolosa, a catarrh symptomatic of small-pox
 — virulenta, a catarrh with discharge of acrid mucus
 Cos, the whetstone
 Cosculia, the grains of kermes
 Cosmet, antimony
 Cosmeticus, any wash to beautify the skin
 Cosmetorges, the sensitive soul
 Cosmiana, any sweet ointment
 Cosmicus, sweet; perfumed
 Cosmos, the order of critical days; the world; decent
 Cossis, a tubercle in the face; a small worm
 Cossum, an ulcer of the nose
 Cossus, the teredo, or wood worm
 Costa, a rib; the strong fibre of a leaf
 — pulmonaria, } hawkweed
 — herba, }
 — notha, false, or short rib
 Costales, eight dorsal vertebræ
 — nervæ, the nerves of the back
 Costarum depressores proprii, part of the intercostal muscles
 Costo-hyoidæus, coracohyoidæus
 Costus, } sweet and bitter costus
 — Arabicus, } of Arabia; warm, stomachic
 — Indicus, }
 — corticosus, } cortex Winteranus
 — corticus, }
 — dulcis, the fresh root of costus
 — heleni, sweet and bitter costus
 — hortorum, costmary and alecost
 — minor, sweet maudlin, or tansey
 — nigra, the artichoke
 Costyle, the socket of the hip bone
 Cotarionium, the primary menstruum of all bodies

C O X

Cothion, a vessel in which lapis calaminaris is burnt
 Cotinus, } the wild olive; Venice,
 — coriaria, } or redsumach; astringent
 Cotis, the nape of the neck
 Cottonaster, the service tree of Virginia
 Cotonea, the quince
 Cotoneaster, the medlar
 Cottonium, cotton
 Cotta vina, thick and luscious wines
 Cottyphus, the cook fish
 Cotula, May-weed; any deep cavity in a bone; a bug; a twelve ounce measure
 — flore luteo radiatio, the ox-eye plant
 — foetida, anthemis cotula; chamæmelum foetidum
 Coturnix, a quail; alkalescent food
 Cotyla, any deep cavity in a bone; a bug; a twelve ounce measure
 Cotyle, any cavity for a joint; hollow of the hand
 Cotyledones, cotyledons of plants; glands in the chorion of brutes
 Cotyledon, kidneywort; navelwort; wall pennywort; refrigerant
 — Africana, shrubby African navelwort
 — marina, sea navelwort, or androsace
 — officinalis, creeping navelwort
 — palustris, marsh pennywort
 — stellata, a species of house leek
 Cotyloides, acetabulum
 Cotyledum, common orpine, or live-long
 Couhage, cow-itch; stizolobium; stinking beans from India
 Coum, colchicum, or meadow saffron
 Couradi, a pod bearing tree of Malabar
 Courap, the eastern name of herpes
 Courbaril, the locust tree of the West Indies
 Courondi, an evergreen tree of India; antidiysenteric
 Couros, the mature foetus
 Couron, moelli; a shrub of India; antivenomous
 Couscous, an African food
 Couton, a tree of Canada with a juice like wine
 Couvre chef, a bandage
 Covalam, a tree of Malabar with a fruit like an apple
 Cowperi glandulæ, glands at the entrance of the vagina
 Coxa, the thigh; the hip

C R A

Coxæ dolores, the sciatica
 Coxæ ossa, the ossa innominata of the pelvis
 Coxarius morbus, sciatic, or hip gout
 Coxendix, the hip
 Coxendicis morbus, sciatica, or hip gout
 Coyutena luzonis, a plant of the Philippine Islands
 Craber, slender; thin
 Crabro, the hornet insect
 Crade, the branch of a fig tree
 Cræca major, the tare, or vetch
 Cræpale, a shaking of the head from drinking
 Crama, a mixture
 Crambe, a kind of colewort; esculent, vulnerary
 ——— maritima, sea bind-weed
 Crambeion, hemlock; a decoction of cabbage
 Crambion, a decoction of cabbage
 Crampus, the cramp
 Crancia, the cornelian cherry tree
 Crangon, the prawn fish, very nourishing
 Crania, the cornelian cherry tree
 Cranium, the skull
 Cranteres, dentes sapientiæ; the grinders
 Crapaudina, a stone from the head of the toad; antivenomous
 Crapula, a surfeit; drunkenness; cræpale
 Crapulosus, surfeited
 Crasis, the temper, or constitution of the blood peculiar to every person
 Craspedon, relaxation of the uvula
 Crassa arteria, the aorta, or large artery
 ——— meninx, the dura mater
 ——— intestina, the large intestines
 Crassamen, dregs, or lees
 Crassamentum, the red globules and coagulable lymph of the blood; dregs
 Crassitudo, thickness; density
 Crassula, the herb orpine
 Crassula, } common orpine, or live-
 ——— major, } long; cooling, drying
 ——— minor, sedum; worm grass
 Crassus, gross; thick
 Cratægonum, the herb stickwort
 Cratægus, the wild service tree of Virginia; astringent
 ——— alpinus, the wild boam tree
 ——— oxycantha, the white-thorn tree; hawthorn
 Cratægonum, melampyrum, or cow wheat
 Crater, a brass kettle
 Craterauchen, having a robust neck

C R E

Cratevæ sium, water cresses
 Cratibula, } the bars of the chymical furnace; a gridiron
 Craticula, }
 Craticularis, boiled bread
 Craticulum, a cradle
 Craton, spurge
 Cratysmus, great bodily strength
 Crauros, friable
 Crea, the shin bone
 Creber, frequent; quick
 Cregyon, good
 Cremaster, the suspensory muscle of the testis
 Crematio, burning the dead
 Cremer, a surfeit
 Cremnoi, the lips of ulcers; labia pudendi
 Cremor, cream; any expressed juice of grain; yeast
 ——— calcis vivi, the scum of lime water
 ——— tartari, the scum of a boiling solution of tartar
 Crenæ, obtuse segments of leaves
 Crenatus, notched
 Crepatio, } the bursting of seeds in boiling;
 Crepatura, } an intestinal hernia
 ——— dorsi, the rump
 Crepido palpebræ, the edge of the eyelid
 Crepinum, tartar
 Crepitans, rustling; crackling
 Crepitatio, a crackling
 Crepitum reddere, to break wind downwards
 Crepitus, crackling
 ——— dentium, chattering of the teeth
 ——— lupi, puff balls; a fungus
 Crepuscularis, about twilight
 Cresera, a flour sieve
 Crespinus the barberry tree
 Crespulum, the herb ox-eye
 Cressena, the supposed putrid particles of ulceration
 Cressio, water cresses
 Creta, }
 ——— alba, } chalk; antacid, astringent
 ——— alcalinum, common chalk
 ——— candida, common prepared chalk
 ——— Cimolia, tobacco pipe clay, formerly from Cimolus
 ——— e decoctum, chalk and gum Arabic boiled in water
 ——— fullonica, fuller's earth
 ——— e julepum, cretacea mistura
 ——— nigra, black chalk
 ——— officinalis, common prepared chalk

C R I

Creta e pulvis compositus, chalk, cinnamon, tormentil, and gum Arabic; dose ʒss.
 ——— cum opio, compound powder of chalk with opium; dose xliii. grains
 ——— rubra, red ochre
 ——— selinusia, earth of selinusia; repellent
 Cretaceus, chalky
 Crethmon, samphire
 Crevis, the cray fish
 Cribaria, the finest flower
 Cribratio, sifting
 Cribatorium, a sieve, or sierce
 Cribriforme } os, the os ethmoides of the
 Cribrosum } cranium
 Cribum, a sieve
 Criclasia, exercise with the hoop
 Crico-arytænoidæi musculi, muscles opening the glottis
 Cricoides, } the second annular cartilage of
 Cricos, } the larynx; a ring
 Cricopharyngei, muscles of the cricoid cartilage
 Cricothyroideus, a muscle shutting the glottis
 Cridones, worms infesting the skin
 Crimnodes, urine with a branny sediment
 Crimnon, a sort of coarse meal
 Crinatum, a kind of fumigation
 Crinedones, small worms infesting the skin of children
 Crinis, the hair
 Crinitus, plants with numerous small fibres; hairy
 Crinomyron, ointments of lilies and aromatics
 Crinon, a lily; the flower of a gourd
 Crinones, crinedones
 Criogenes, troches, or lozenges in P. Ægineta
 Criomyxus, having a large discharge from the nose
 Cripsorchis, having concealed testes
 Crisimos, -us, critical
 Crisis, the change of disease which indicates its event
 Crispatura, curling; a spasmodic contraction
 Crispinus, the barberry tree
 Crista, a tubercle about the anus; a crest, or comb of the cock
 ——— galli, yellow rattle; a process in the os ethmoides
 ——— pavonis, flower-fence
 Cristæ clitoridis, nymphæ

C R O

Cristatus, tufted; plumed
 Criterion, the change of disease towards recovery or death
 Crithe, barley; a sty, or tumour on the eyelid
 Crithmum, } samphire, or sea
 ——— marinum, } fennel; stomachic
 Critica signa, signs drawn from the crisis of disease
 Critici dies, critical days; seventh, fourteenth, and twenty-first day of fevers
 Criticus, critical; any important event, or period
 Crochet, a curved instrument with a sharp hook to extract the fœtus
 Crocidixis, a picking the clothes; floccitatio
 Crocinum, oil of saffron, oil, myrrh, and saffron
 Crocodilion, the globe thistle
 Crocodilus, the crocodile, or alligator
 ——— terrestris, the skink, a kind of lizard
 Crocomagma, troches of oil of saffron and spices
 Crocum, } saffron of Essex; cor-
 Crocus, } dial; the yellow
 ——— autumnalis, } chives of flowers
 ——— antimonii, nitre and antimony equal parts deflagrated in a crucible; crocus metallorum
 ——— Germanicus, carthamus
 ——— Indicus, curcuma
 ——— martis, mars sulphuratus, or green vitriol exposed to fire till red; deobstruent, dose xij. grains
 ——— metallorum, crocus antimonii
 ——— officinalis, common saffron
 ——— saracenicus, carthamus
 ——— sativus, saffron
 ——— veneris, copper calcined to a red powder
 Croci extractum, extract of saffron
 ——— spiritus, spirit of saffron
 ——— syrupus, syrup of saffron
 ——— tinctura, tincture of saffron
 Crommyon, an onion
 Crommyoxyregma, fœtid onion-like eruptions
 Cropiot, a fruit like Ethiopian pepper
 Crotaphi, the temples
 Crotaphica arteria, the tendon of the temporal muscle
 Crotaphitæ, the temporal muscles
 Crotaphium, a pain in the temples

C R U

Crotaphos, -us, the temple; a pain in the temples
 Croton, the castor oil berry; a tick
 — benzoe, gum benjamin
 — cascarilla, the eleutherium, or cascarilla
 Crotone, fungus of trees and of the periosteum
 Crousis, a pulsation
 Crousmata, rheums, or defluxions from the head
 Crucialia ligamenta, ligaments of the thigh
 Crucialis, mugweed, or crosswort; cross-like
 — galli species, a species of crosswort
 — incisio, a cross-like incision
 Cruciata, crosswort of the hedges; vulnerary
 — erecta, upright crosswort
 — glabra, smooth crosswort
 — hirsuta, } mugweed, or crosswort
 — officinalis, }
 — vulgaris, }
 Cruciatu, pain
 Crucibulum, a pot of earth, or iron
 Cruditas, crudity; undigested food; humours, or excrements
 Crudus, crude; unrefined; unprepared
 Cruenta sutura, stitches on a fresh wound
 Cruentus, bloody
 Crunion, a diuretic in *Ætius*
 Cruor, crassamentum; the venous blood
 Crura, plural of crus, a leg
 — clitoridis, spongy parts of the clitoris
 — medullæ oblongatæ, the roots of the medulla oblongata
 Cruræus crural, a muscle extending the thigh
 Crurales arteriæ, the crural arteries
 Cruralis, crural, or belonging to the leg
 — arteria, the artery conveying blood to the leg
 — vena, the crural vein
 Crus, the leg; all below the buttock
 Crusta, a shell; a scab; the scum, or surface of a fluid
 — lactea, an eruption in the foreheads of infants
 — villosa, the fourth, or inner coat of the stomach
 Crustacea, } crustaceous, or animals with
 Crustata, } shells
 Crustam inducentia, caustica
 Crustula, blood effused into the cellular membrane

C U B

Crustumatum, a pear; a rob, or electuary of apples, pears, &c.
 Crux cervi, the bone of the stag's heart
 Crymodes, fevers with coldness of the extremities
 Cryos, cold
 Cryoxa, a pot-herb like parsley
 Crypsorchis, having the testicles in the abdomen
 Cryptæ, cavities, or hollow places; glands behind the tongue, also of the intestines
 Cryptanthera, plants with concealed antheræ
 Cryptogamia, the class of plants without visible flowers, as of moss, fungus, fern, &c.
 Cryptos, occult; latent
 Crysorchis, the retraction of a testicle
 Crystalli, eruptions like transparent crystals
 — tartari, crystals of tartar; purified cream of tartar; purgative
 Crystallina, the crystalline humour of the eye
 Crystallinæ, crystalli
 — manus, excessively cold hands
 Crystallinum, white arsenic
 Crystallion, psyllium, or flea-wort
 Crystallizatio, crystallization
 Crystalloides, like crystal; the coat of the crystalline lens
 — tunica, aranea; arachnoidea
 Crystallum minerale, purified sal prunellæ
 Crystallus, rock crystal; astringent, lithontriptic
 — philosophorum, brass, quicksilver, &c.
 — montana, clear, or rock crystal
 Crythe, a sty, or small tumour in the eyelid
 Ctedones, fibres
 Cteis, ossa pubis; share bone; the fore teeth
 Ctenes, the four fore teeth
 Cubaris, a wood louse
 Cubatio, keeping the bed
 Cubebæ, } cubebs; a warm spicy berry
 Cubebis, } from Java, given in hoarseness, dose xv. grains
 Cubiculum, a bed chamber
 Cubiformis, like a cube, or die
 Cubiforme os, the seventh bone of the foot
 Cubile, a bed, or couch
 Cubitalis, the cubital, or ulnar nerve
 — arteria, the cubital, or ulnar artery

C U C

Cubitalis musculus, an extensor muscle of the arm
Cubitæus externus, an extensor muscle of the fingers
 ————— *internus*, a flexor muscle of the fingers
Cubiti profunda vena, a vein of the arm
Cubitum ire, to go to bed
Cubitus, the fore arm; ulna; a cubit, 18 inches
Cuboides, cubiformis
Cuci, an Indian sweet fruit; cordial
Cucos, the kernel of a species of palm
Cucubalus, berry-bearing chickweed; campion
Cuculatum majus, brandy; spirit of wine
Cuculla, } a muscle drawing
Cucullaris musculus, } the scapula backwards
Cucullata, the herb sanicle
Cucullatæ flores, hood-like flowers
Cucullus, a cap with medicinal ingredients quilted in it
Cuculus, the cuckow
Cucumeraria, } the momordica; the
Cucumerina Indica, } male balsam apple
Cucumer, } the cucumber; refrigerant, di-
Cucumis, } uretic
 ————— *agrestis*, *cucumis sylvestris*
 ————— *Ægyptius*, Egyptian cucumber, or chate
 ————— *asininus*, *cucumis agrestis*
 ————— *Canadensis*, Canadian cucumber
 ————— *colocynthis*, *coloquintida*
 ————— *flexuægus*, the long Turkey cucumber
 ————— *Galenii*, a species of cucumber
 ————— *hortensis*, } common garden cu-
 ————— *officinalis*, } cumber
 ————— *punicus cordi*, the male balsam apple
 ————— *sativus*, the white cucumber
 ————— *sylvestris*, the wild cucumber; the fecula of its juice is elaterium
 ————— *vulgaris*, the common cucumber
Cucupha, an odorous cap for the head
Cucurbita, the gourd; the seed refrigerant, diuretic; a cupping glass
 ————— *chemicorum*, a chymical distilling vessel shaped like a gourd
 ————— *citrullus*, water melon
 ————— *verucosa*, the squash, a species of pompion

C U N

Cucu pariti, a shrub of Malabar; fruit antidiysenteric
Cucurbitare, to cup
Cucurbitinus, *lumbricus*; tænia
Cucurbitula, a cupping glass, horn, or copper
 ————— *cruenta*, cupping glasses with scarification
 ————— *sicca*, dry cupping
Cucurbitularis, ground pine, or field cypress
Cuema, the rudiments of the perfect fœtus
Culatum, calcined
Culbicio, heat of urine
Culeus, a Roman measure about our sack; twenty amphoræ
Culex, a gnat
Culilavvan, } an aromatic bark of New
Culilawn, } Guinea
Culinarius sal, common salt
Culmen, } the stalk, or blade of corn, or
Culmus, } grass
Culter, a knife; share of a plough; the third lobe of the liver
Culus, the fundament
Cumamus, *cubebæ*
Cumana, an Indian mulberry-like tree
Cumanda guacu, } species of Indian kidney
 ————— *guara*, } bean; antidiysenteric
Cumbulu, a tree of Malabar; antarthritic
Cuminoides, wild cumin of Crete
Cuminum, the cumin plant; seed antirheumatic, carminative
 ————— *alnorum*, a species of smallage
 ————— *cornulatum*, horned cumin, or hypocum
 ————— *cyminum*, cumin of Linnæus
 ————— *officinale*, common cumin
 ————— *pratense*, caraway
 ————— *sativum dioscoridis*, common cumin
 ————— *siliquosum*, coddled wild cumin; narcotic
 ————— *sylvestre*, wild cumin
 ————— *vulgare*, common cumin
Cumini cataplasma, P. L. cumin, bay berries, scordium, snake root, and cloves
 ————— *emplastrum*, P. L. cumin, caraway, bay berries, pitch, and wax
Cumpepes, } an aromatic drug of Pamphy-
Cumpetes, } lia
Cunæ, a cradle
Cunane, an Indian fruit; cephalic
Cuneus, a wedge
Cunealis, wedge-like

Cuneiformis, wedge-like
 Cuneolus, a tent for a fistula
 Cuniculus, the rabbit; esculent
 Cunila sativa, summer savory
 Cunilago, flea-bane
 Cunnus, the pudendum muliebre
 Cunosorchis, a species of orchis
 Cuntur, a large American eagle; condor
 Cupella, a cupel made of ashes and calcined bones
 Cuperosa, copperas, or green vitriol
 Cuphos, light aliment; mild disease
 Cupressinum, cypress wine
 Cupressus, cypressus; cypress
 Cupri rubigo, verdigris, or rust of copper
 Cuprum, copper
 ——— ammoniacum, } P. E. blue vitriol
 ——— ammoniacale, } and prepared ammonia
 ——— vitriolatum, vitriolum Romanum
 Cura avenacea, a decoction of oats and succory
 Curabilis, curable; that may be cured
 Curatio, a cure; healing
 ——— laonica, the cure of gout by topicals
 Curcas, the Barbadoes nut; drastic purge
 Curculio, the wind-pipe; the weevil, a corn insect
 Curcum, the large celandine; deobstruent
 Curcuma, turmeric, a yellow East Indian root
 Curimontos, pain in the limbs
 Curmi, common ale
 Cursuma, the lesser celandine
 Cursus, any flux of humours
 Curtum, the want of any particular member
 Curtuma, } a muscle bending
 Cursuma, } the coccyx
 Curvator coccygis, }
 Curvamen, a curvature of the spine
 Curvatura, bending, or crookedness
 Curvus, bent; crooked
 Cururu, the toad
 ——— ape, a tree of Brasil; vulnerary
 Curuta pala, a shrub of Malabar; antidi-senteric
 Cuscuta, } dodder of heaths; laxa-
 ——— major, } tive, antipsoric
 ——— minor, dodder of thyme
 Cuspidati, dentes canini
 Cuspidatus, pointed like a spear
 Cuspis, the point of a spear; the glans penis
 Custos oculi, an instrument to fix the eye during an operation

Cutambuli, cutaneous worms; scorbutic itching
 Cutanei musculi, platysma myoides
 Cutaneus, of the skin; sphincter ani
 ——— internus nervus, a nerve of the arm
 Cuticula, the scarf, or outer skin; void of sense, or inflammation
 Cuticularis, cuticular; belonging to the skin
 Cuticulosus, sphincter ani
 Cutilizæ, Italian cold fountains
 Cutio, a wood louse
 Cutis, the skin
 ——— vera, the true skin under the cuticula
 Cyamea, a precious stone like a bean
 Cyamus, a bean; a wood louse
 Cyannus, the blue-bottle plant; lapis lazuli
 ——— Ægyptiaca, the Egyptian bean
 ——— hortensis, }
 ——— latifolius, } great blue-bottle
 ——— major, }
 ——— minor, the blue-bottle, or corn thistle
 ——— montanus, great blue-bottle
 ——— odoratus, the purple sweet sultan
 ——— orientalis, the sweet sultan
 ——— pulchro semine centaurei, bearded creeper
 ——— segetum, small corn blue-bottles
 Cyar, the eye of a needle; the entrance to the internal ear
 Cyasma, spots on the skin of pregnant women
 Cyathiformis, cap-shaped
 Cyathiscus, the hollow part of a probe
 Cyathus, a cup; a Roman measure; 3 iss.
 Cybeles pomum, a pine apple
 Cybiton, -os, -us, the cubit, or fore arm
 Cybium, a fish
 Cyboides, cubiforme
 Cycas circinalis, Indian bread, or sago tree
 Cyceon, -um, a dish of wine, honey, flour, and cheese
 Cycima, litharge
 Cyclamen,
 ——— Europæum, } sow-bread
 Cyclaminus,
 Cycliscus, a trepanning instrument
 Cyclismus, a lozenge
 Cyclopion, the white of the eye
 Cyclophoria, the circulation
 Cyclos, -us, a circle; the cheeks; orbits of the eyes

C Y N

Cyclus metasyncreticus, a long course of medicine
Cycnarion, a white eyewash
Cygnus, a swan
Cydar, tin
Cydonatum, a preparation of quinces and aromatics
Cydonia, } the quince tree of
 ——— fructu ob- } England; stoma-
 ——— longo læviori, } chic, astringent
Cydoniorum electuarium, marmalade; pulp of quinces boiled with sugar
 ——— mucilago, quince seed boiled with water
 ——— rob, depurated quince juice boiled thick with sugar
 ——— syrupus, clear quince juice boiled with red wine, sugar, and spices
Cydonium, a quince
Cyema, parturition, or the rudiments of the fœtus
Cygnus, a swan
 ——— officinalis, the common swan
 ——— reginæ, an eye-water
Cyites, otites; the eagle stone
Cylicne, -is, a gallipot; a pill box
Cylindraceus, cylindricus; cylindrical
Cylindrus, a cylinder
Cyllosis, a tibia, or leg bending outwards
Cyllus, one affected with a cyllosis
Cyma, the tops of plants; cabbage sprouts
Cymatodes, an undulating pulse
Cymba, a boat; a bone of the wrist
Cymbalaria, ivy-leaved toad flax
Cymbiformis, shaped like a boat
Cymia, a urinal
Cyminalis, gentian
Cyminum, cumin
Cymosus, abounding in shoots
Cyna, a large palm-like tree
Cynadontes, dog tooth
Cynanche, quinsy, squinsy, or squinancy
 ——— anginosa, the inflammatory quinsy
 ——— arthritica, quinsy from gout
 ——— a deglutitis, quinsy from hard substances swallowed
 ——— a dysenteria, quinsy from dysentery
 ——— epidemica, } scarlatina an-
 ——— exanthematica, } ginosa of Wi-
 ——— thering
 ——— gangrenosa, or maligna, the malignant quinsy

C Y N

Cynanche hepatica, quinsy from a disease of the liver
 ——— laryngæa, the croup
 ——— maligna, the malignant quinsy
 ——— mercurialis, quinsy from the use of mercury
 ——— parotidæa, the mumps, or swelling of the parotids with fever
 ——— pharyngæa, the malignant quinsy
 ——— prunella, common sore throat
 ——— purpuro-parotidæa, maligna
 ——— stridula, the croup
 ——— thymica, quinsy from an enlargement of the thyroid gland
 ——— tonsillaris, the common quinsy
 ——— trachealis, the croup; sounding breathing, hoarseness, and fever
 ——— ulcerosa, the malignant quinsy
Cynanchica medicamenta, remedies for quinsy
Cynanchon, the bone of a frog; dogsbane
Cynanthemis, May-weed, or anthemiscotula
Cynanthropia, hydrophobia; a species of delirium
Cynapium, the lesser hemlock
Cynapticon, dacneron; a collyrium
Cynara, the artichoke
Cynchnis, any vessel containing drugs
Cynicus, canine, or dog-like; snarling
Cynipes, or Cyniphes, flies, or gnats
Cynnabar, cinnabar
Cynnia, a urinal
Cynobotane, May-weed, or stinking chamomile
Cynocephaleon, -um, snapdragon, or calf's snout
Cynocactum, wolfsbane
Cynocopros, -us, dog's white dung
Cynocrambe, mercurialis-sylvestris
Cynoctonon, the aconite, or henbane
Cynocytis, or Isis, the dog rose
Cynodectos, -us, one bitten by a mad dog
Cynodes, canine, or dog like
Cynodesmion, -um, the frænum of the prepuce
Cynodontes, the canine, or dog teeth
Cynoglossi radix, hound's tongue root; anodyne
Cynoglossodepilulæ, hound's tongue, henbane, opium, saffron, castor, &c.
Cynoglossum, the herb hound's tongue
 ——— majus, greater hound's tongue
 ——— maritimum, the sea hound's tongue

C Y P

Cynoglossum minus, navelwort
 ——— montanum, honeywort
 ——— officinalis, } greater hound's
 ——— vulgare, } tongue
 Cynolophoi, the projections of the vertebræ
 Cynolissa, canine madness
 Cynomoren, the herb English mercury;
 dog's mercury
 Cynomya, a fly which infests dogs
 Cynomyja, the fleawort
 Cynorexia, a voracious appetite
 Cynorrhodon, } the common briar, dog
 Cynobatos, } rose, or hip tree; stom-
 achic, pectoral
 Cynos, (genitive of cyon) a dog
 Cynobati conserva, the pulp of the hip
 fruit beat up with sugar
 Cynosorchis, the plant dog's stones
 Cynospastum, cynobatos
 Cyphoria, gestation, or pregnancy
 Cyparissias, the largest sort of spurge
 Cyparissus, the cyperus tree
 Cyperigenus ex India, turmeric, or curcuma
 ——— radix, Indian cyperus root; deob-
 struent
 Cyperoides gramen, cyperus grass
 Cyperos, -us, galangal
 Cyperus, the long-rooted cyperus plant;
 stomachic, diuretic
 ——— Americanus, American cyperus
 ——— angustifolius, } sweet cyperus, or
 ——— esculentus, } rush nut
 ——— Indicus, curcuma
 ——— longus, English galangal
 ——— odoratus Peruanus, con-
 trayerva
 ——— niloticus, a tree of Egypt afford-
 ing paper, food, furniture, &c.
 ——— odoratus, long-rooted cyperus
 ——— rotundus, } round-rooted cyperus
 ——— Syriacus, }
 Cypheos trochisci, } lozenges of raisins,
 Cyphi, } turpentine, myrrh, &c.
 Cyphoma, } spine bent outwards
 Cyphosis, }
 Cypira, turmeric
 Cypressus, the cypress tree; antidysenteric,
 styptic
 ——— foemina, the female cypress tree
 ——— mas, the male spreading cypress
 ——— Virginiana, the Virginian cy-
 press tree
 Cyprinum oleum, flowers of cypress, cala-
 mus, cardamoms, &c. boiled in olive oil

C Y S

Cyprinus, the carp fish
 Cyprium, copper
 Cyprus, camphor; the cypress tree
 ——— dioscoridis, } eastern privet
 ——— Græcorum, }
 ——— lignum, rose wood from Cyprus
 Cypselis, ear wax
 Cyrænia, saffron infused in oil
 Cyrbasia, a bandage for the breasts
 Cyrcnesis, a mixture
 Cyrebia, the husks of corn
 Cyrones, lice
 Cyrseon, anus
 Cyrtoides, convex, or gibbous
 Cyrtoma, any unnatural convex tumour;
 tympanites
 Cyrtosus, the rickets
 Cyssaros, -us, anus; rectum
 Cyssites, otites; eagle stone
 Cyssotis, inflammation of the anus
 Cysteolithos, -us, the stone in the bladder
 Cysthepaticus, belonging to the gall duct
 Cysthus, the anus
 Cystica, remedies for diseases in the bladder
 Cysticapnos Africana scandens, Africana
 climbing bladder fumitory
 Cysticus, belonging to the bladder
 Cystides, encysted tumours
 Cystinx, a small bladder
 Cystiphlogia, inflammation of the bladder
 Cystirrhagia, discharge of blood from the
 bladder
 Cystis, a bag; the bladder of urine
 ——— fellea, the gall bladder
 ——— choledocha, the gall bladder
 Cystiticus, a suppression of urine; ischuria
 Cystitis, inflammation of the bladder, known
 by fever, pain, and swelling of hypogas-
 trium, difficult, frequent, and painful
 making water; tenesmus
 ——— a cantharidibus, cystitis from the
 use of Spanish flies
 ——— spontanea, cystitis without evident
 causes
 ——— traumatica, cystitis from wounds
 in the bladder
 Cystocele, a hernia from protusion of the
 bladder
 Cystolithicus, suppression of urine from
 stone
 Cystopastica, suppression of urine from
 spasm
 Cystophlegica, suppression of urine from
 palsy

C Y T

Cystophlegicus, ischuria from inflammation
 Cystophlegmatica, ischuria from too much mucus
 Cystoptosis, a protusion of the inner coat of the bladder without the urethra
 Cystoproctica, suppression of urine from pain in the bladder
 Cystospyica, suppression of urine from pus in the bladder
 Cystothromboides, suppression of urine from grumous blood
 Cystotomia, lithotomia; cutting for the stone
 Cytharus, a species of turbot
 Cythion, an eye-wash
 Cytiniforme, } the cups of some flowers;
 Cytinus, } the flower of the pomegranate

C Z E

Cytinus hypocistis, the rape of Cistus
 Cytiso genista, common broom; diuretic, aperitive
 Cytisus, bean trefoil, or laburnum; refrigerating, diuretic
 ——— Africanus, silver African trefoil
 ——— Alpinus, laburnum; bean trefoil tree
 ——— angustifolius, narrow-leaved laburnum
 ——— pseudo, the hairy shrub trefoil
 ——— incanus siliquis falcatis, shrub trefoil
 ——— spinosus, trefoil acacia
 ——— scoparius, the broom
 Czycenus, a plaister for wounds of nerves
 Czemer, a painful swelling of the wrists

D.

D A C

DABURI, arnotto
 Daceton, any biting animal
 Dachel, great palm, or date tree
 Dacneron, -um, an eye-wash of burnt copper, pepper, cadmia, myrrh, and opium
 Dacrydium, scammony
 Dacrygelosis, a species of insanity
 Dacryodes helcos, a sanious ulcer
 Dacryoma, a union of the puncta lachrymalia
 Dacryon, a tear
 Dacryopœos, -us, drugs producing a flow of tears
 Dactylethrai, a species of bougies to excite vomiting
 Dactyletus, hermodactylus
 Dactylideus, belemnites; lapis lincis
 Dactylion, web-fingered
 Dactylios, a troche, or lozenge
 Dactylodochme, the palm; a breadth of four fingers; a shell fish
 Dactylon radice repente, cock's foot grass
 Dactylos, the fruit of the palm tree
 Dactylothece, a splint for a broken finger
 Dactylus, the date fruit of Tunis; pectoral; blatta Byzantia
 ——— Idæus, belemnites

D A M

Dactylus palmula, the great palm, or date tree
 Dædaleus, exquisite workmanship
 Dædalus, quicksilver
 Dædion, -um, a torch, pessary, or bougie
 Dæmonia, demonomania
 Dæmonis, fœculent matter
 Dæmonomania, insanity without bodily disease
 ——— a cardiogmo, insanity from heartburn
 ——— fanatica, supposed religious phrensy
 ——— Indica, } insanity occurring in these
 ——— Polonica, } countries
 ——— sagarum, insanity from witchcraft
 ——— simulata, pretended insanity
 ——— a vermibus, insanity from worms
 Dais, an inflammable species of pine
 Daitides, large torches; heads of garlic
 Dalechampia, a hop-like plant of Martinico
 Daligthron, flix weed
 Dama, the fallow deer, very nutritious

D A U

Damascena, a plum
 Damasonicum, doria; woundwort
 Damasonium, alisma; bastard hellebore
 Damnatus, caput mortuum
 Damsir, sand
 Danaïs, flea-bane
 Danich, eight grains
 Daphne, mezereon
 — the gnidium, spurge flax
 — laureola, laureola mas
 — mezereum, mezereon; spurge olive
 Daphnelæon, oil expressed from fresh bay berries; nervine
 Daphnia, a gem; antiepileptic
 Daphnitis, the best species of cassia
 Daphnoides, laureola mas
 Daps, food
 Daratos, unfermented bread
 Darchem, best cinnamon
 Darsini, ordinary cinnamon
 Darsis, an excoriation
 Darton, tetter, ring-worm, and itch
 Dartos, a coat of the scrotum
 Das, dais; inflammable pine
 Dasyma, a roughness of the inside of the eyelids
 Dasypus, a hare; a rabbit
 Dasys, parched tongue; difficult breathing
 Datura, the thorn apple; a poison
 — Malabarica, hummatu
 Dauci sylvestris semina, wild carrot seed; diuretic, dose 3ss.
 Daucites vinum, wild carrot seeds steeped in must; carminative, emmenagogue
 Daucus, the carrot; nutritious, antihysterical
 — alsaticus, mountain parsley
 — annuus minor, hedge parsley
 — carota Linnæi, wild carrot, or bird's nest
 — Creticus, Canly, or Cretan carrot
 — Macedonicus, Macedonian parsley
 — montanus, hedge parsley
 — nostra, wild carrot, or bird's nest
 — odoratus Creticus, wild cumin
 — officinarum, daucus sativus
 — palustris, } species of parsley
 — peregrinus, }
 — petroselinii folio, }
 — sativus, red rooted garden carrot
 — selenoides, hedge parsley
 — seprinius, common chervil
 — sylvestris, } wild carrot, or bird's nest
 — vulgaris, }

DEC

Daumur, a serpent used in Theriaca
 Daura, black hellebore
 Deacuminata, apoxe; ending in a point
 Dealbatio, making white; deargentatio; colouring with silver
 Dearticulatio, articulation admitting much motion
 Deasciatio, a bone splintered on its side
 Deauratio, colouring, or covering with gold
 Debilis, weak; feeble
 Debilitas, weakness
 Debissio, a tortoise
 Debus, remedy against anger
 Decagynia, plants with ten pointals
 Decamyron, a malagma of Indian leaf, euphorbium, &c.
 Decandria, Linnæus's 10th botanical class; one style and ten filaments
 Decantatio, pouring off from ingredients
 Decaphyllus, having ten leaves
 Decatorthoma, any compound of ten ingredients
 Decidentia, cataptosis; any change prolonging acute diseases
 Decidua, the external layer of the chorion spongiosum
 — reflexa, the internal layer of the chorion spongiosum
 Deciduus, falling off; deciduous plants lose their leaves annually
 Decimana, a fever returning every tenth day
 Declaratio, explanation
 Declinatio, remission of disease; imperfect dislocation
 Declivis, a muscle of the abdomen
 Decocta, boiled water cooled by snow
 Decoctum, any preparation by boiling
 — album, decoctum cornu cervi
 — compositum, P. E. decoction of comfrey, tormentil, hartshorn, &c.
 — althææ, decoction of mallows and raisins; emollient
 — antifebrile, decoction of snake root and Peruvian bark; alexipharmic, dose coch. iv.
 — antihecticum, decoction of comfrey, eryngo, roses, acidulated; pectoral, dose 3iv.
 — astringens, decoction of tormentil, pomegranate, and plantain; dose 3ij.
 — bardanæ, any preparation by boiling of burdock and vitriolated tartar; antiscorbutic, dose lbss.

DEC

Decoctum Campechense, decoction of log-wood and cinnamon; astringent, dose $\mathfrak{z}\text{iv}$.
 — chamemeli, E. P. decoctum commune
 — cinchonæ, P. L. cinchonæ decoctum
 — commune, P. E. decoction of chamomile and caraway
 — pro clystere, decoction of mallows, chamomile, and fennel for clysters
 — cornu cervi, P. L. cornu cervi decoctum
 — corticis Peruviani, cinchonæ decoctum
 — cretaceum, decoction of chalk, sugar, and gum Arabic; antacid
 — cum toto, any decoction of an entire plant
 — diureticum, decoction of parsley, carrot seed, pellitory, &c.
 — pro enemate, P. L. decoction of mallows and chamomile for clysters
 — febrifugum, decoction of chamomile and salt of tartar; febrifuge
 — pro fomento, P. L. southernwood, wormwood, chamomile, &c.
 — geoffrææ, P. E. decoctum of powder of cabbage tree bark
 — guajaci compositum, decoctum lignorum
 — hellebori albi, decoction of white hellebore mixed with spirit of wine
 — hordei, P. L. decoction of husked barley
 — compositum, decoction of barley, figs, liquorice, and raisins
 — ad ictericos, decoction of celandine, turmeric, madder, and millepedes
 — Japonicum, P. E. decoction of confectio Japonica, cinnamon water, and white poppy syrup, dose $\mathfrak{z}\text{i}$.
 — lignorum, P. E. decoction of guaiacum, raisins, sassafras, and liquorice; antiscorbutic, dose $\mathfrak{z}\text{iv}$.
 — mezerii, P. E. decoction of mezereon and liquorice
 — ad nephriticos, P. E. decoctum althææ
 — nitrosum, P. E. decoction of nitre, sugar, and cochineal
 — pectorale, P. L. A. decoction of barley, raisins, figs, and liquorice

DEF

Decoctum Peruvianum, cinchonæ decoctum
 — sarsaparilla, P. L. decoction of sarsaparilla; dose lbij. in 24 hours
 — compositum, P. L. decoction of sarsaparilla, sassafras, guaiacum, liquorice, and mezereon
 — sarsæ, decoctum sarsaparillæ
 — senekæ, decoction of seneka root
 — serpentariæ compositum, E. P. thenaia Edinensis, snake root, and cochineal; alexipharmic, dose $\mathfrak{z}\text{i}$.
 — tamarindorum cum senna, decoction of tamarinds, tartar, senna, coriander, and sugar
 — terræ Japonicæ, Japan earth, spirit of cinnamon, and syrup of quinces
 — ulmi, decoction of inner fresh elm bark; dose $\mathfrak{z}\text{vi}$.
 — vulnerarium, decoction of ground ivy, plantain, and sugar
 Decoctio, decoction, or boiling
 Decollatio, the loss of a part of the skull
 Decolores, diseases discolouring the skin
 Decompositus, much compounded
 Decoratio, restoring the natural beauty of the body
 Decorticatio, peeling, or rinding
 Decostis, wanting ribs
 Decrepitatio, a noise as that made by common salt when burning
 Decretorius, critical
 Decrus, without legs
 Decubitus, the manner of lying
 Decumbens, lying, or hanging down
 Decursivus, (in botany) a continuation of leaves along the petiole
 Decursus, the period of disease
 Decurtatus, a weak pulse
 Decussatus, growing in alternate pairs
 Decussorium, an instrument to force out matter after trepanning
 Defectio animi, fainting, or swooning
 Defectivi, diseases from defective vital energy
 Defensiva, cordial medicines
 Defensivum, a repellent medicine
 Deferens, carrying back
 Defixus, venereal impotence
 Deflagratio, calcination
 Defloratus, having shed its flowers
 Defluvium capillorum, a falling off of the hair
 Defluxio, a falling down of humours; a catarrh

D E M

Defoliatio, a falling off of leaves
 Deformatio, distortion
 Deformis, a disease arising from deformity
 Deformitas, an original deformity
 Defrutum, must; juice of grapes thickened by boiling
 Deglutitio, deglutition, or swallowing
 Degmos, -us, a kind of heartburn
 Deheb, gold
 Dehene, blood
 Dehenes, ink
 Dehenez, Roman vitriol
 Dehiscens, gaping wide
 Dejectio, } discharge of excrement
 ——— alvina, } by stool
 Dejectoria, purging medicines
 Deinosis, an enlargement of the supercilia
 Deipnon, a supper, or meal
 Deira, the neck
 Delachrymativæ, drugs discharging tears
 Delapsio, a falling down of the uterus, anus, &c.
 Delatio, any curative indication
 Delesio, injury of any kind
 Deleterion, poisonous; deleterious
 Deligatio, bandaging
 Deliquatio, melting; solution
 Deliquium, } fainting; swooning
 ——— animi, }
 Delirium, light-headedness; insanity with fever
 ——— maniacum, mania, or madness
 ——— melancholicum, melancholy
 Delocatio, luxation, or dislocation
 Delphax, a sow
 Delphinum arvense, corn larkspur
 ——— hortense, garden larkspur
 ——— latifolium, broad-leaved larkspur
 ——— montanum, mountain hairy larkspur
 ——— platini folio, } stavesacre, a mas-
 ——— stapis agria, } ticatory kills lice
 ——— segetum, corn larkspur
 ——— vulgare, common larkspur; vul-
 nerary
 Delphinus, the dolphin
 Delphys, uterus
 Delta, the external pudendum
 Deltoides musculus, a muscle moving the arm forwards, upwards, and backwards
 Dementia, madness; delirium
 Demersus, (in botany) plants sunk below the surface of water
 Demetrios, every species of corn

D E N

Demissus, (in botany) hanging down
 Democrates, an ancient physician
 Demos, people
 Demotivus, restored to its original state
 Demulcentia, softening medicines
 Denusculatus, extreme emaciation
 Denarius, sixty-two grains weight
 Dende, a species of spurge; abelmoluch
 Dendracates, a species of agate
 Dendrites, a precious stone
 Dendroides, fossils with impressions of vegetables
 Dendrocissos, a species of ivy which grows without support
 Dendrofalcus, a falcon that builds in trees
 Dendrolacha, garden herbs growing to a large size
 Dendrolibanus, rosemary
 Dendromalache, the hollyhock
 Dendron, a tree
 Denequat, borax
 Denodatio, dissolution
 Dens, a tooth
 ——— Alpinus, mouse ear, or auricula muris
 ——— cabellinus, henbane, or hyoscyamus
 ——— caninus, the dog, or eye tooth; pan-
 nicum
 ——— canis, dog's tooth; antepileptic
 ——— angustior, narrow-leaved dog's
 tooth
 ——— latior, broad-leaved dog's tooth
 ——— leonis, dandelion; aperitive, antiscor-
 butic; auricula muris
 Densir, sand
 Densitas, compactness; solidity; frequent pulse
 Dentagra, gout in the teeth; a tooth instru-
 ment
 Dentale, desutalium; a shell resembling a tooth
 ——— viride striatum, the pipe shell
 Dentalis, growing on the teeth
 Dentalium, the tooth shell; antacid
 Dentaria, coralwort, or setfoil toothwort; the great toothwort; root astringent
 Dentarius, a tooth drawer
 Dentarpaga, a tooth instrument
 Dentata, the second vertebra of the neck
 Dentellaria, toothwort; French dittander
 Dentes canini, } the two eye teeth in
 ——— columellares, } each jaw
 ——— genuini, molares; dentes sapientia
 ——— incisores, } the four fore teeth in
 ——— lactei, } each jaw

D E P

Dentes molares, the ten grinding teeth in each jaw
 ——— oculares, canini
 ——— risorii, incisores
 ——— sapientiæ, teeth of wisdom; last of the molares
 Denticulata, a plant that smells like musk
 Denticulatum, -us, the second vertebra of the neck; notched
 Denticuli elephantis, the pipe shell
 Dentiducum, an instrument for drawing teeth
 Dentifricium, dentifrice; drugs for cleaning teeth
 Dentillaria, leadwort; toothwort
 Dentiscalpium, an instrument for scaling teeth
 Dentis leonis decoctum, dandelion boiled in milk and water
 ——— extractum, extract of dandelion; dose $\mathfrak{z}$ ij.
 ——— folia, leaves of dandelion used as sallad
 ——— succus, juice of dandelion used in nephritis
 Dentitio, dentition, or cutting teeth
 Dento, one having prominent teeth
 Dentoducum, a tooth instrument
 Denudatio, a laying bare the bone
 Deobstruentia, deobstruents; medicines removing obstructions
 Deoppilantia, } deobstruent, or aperitive me-
 Deoppilativa, } dicines
 Departitio, separating metals
 Depascens, a phagedenic ulcer
 Deperditio, abortion, or miscarriage
 Depetigo, a species of itch with rough skin
 Dephlegmatio, depriving spirit, or acid, of its water
 Depilatio, a falling off of the hair
 Depilatorium, medicine taking off hair
 Depilis, a falling off of the hair
 Deplumatio, a tumour of the eyelids with loss of hair
 Deprehensio, catalepsy
 Depressio, the bones of the skull forced inwards by fracture
 Depressor, a name of many muscles
 ——— anguli oris, depressor of the corner of the mouth
 ——— epiglottidis, depressor of the epiglottis
 ——— labiorum communis, depressor of the corner of the mouth

D E S

Depressor labii inferioris, depressor of the under lip
 ——— superioris, depressor of the upper lip
 ——— maxillæ inferioris, depressor of the lower jaw
 ——— oculi, depressor of the eye
 ——— supercilii, depressor of the eyebrow
 Depressores alæ nasæ, depressors of the alæ of the nose
 ——— costarum, depressors of the ribs
 Depressorium, an instrument to press down the dura mater in trepanning
 Deprimens, depressing; a name common to many muscles
 Depurantia, medicines which evacuate impurities
 Depuratorius, applied to fevers which terminate in perspiration
 Depuratio, depuration, or clarifying
 Deras, a sheep skin; alchemy
 Derbia, impetigo
 Deris, leather; the skin
 Derivatio, derivation, or drawing humours from any affected part
 Derma, leather
 Dermatodes, } dura mater
 Dermatoides, }
 Derquet, varnish
 Dertron, the abdomen; the small intestines
 Descensio, } any descent of humours; a peculiar kind of distillation by descent
 Descensus, }
 Descensorium, a vessel distilling per descensum
 Desessio, sitting on a close stool
 Desiccatio, drying; calcination
 Desiccativa, drying, or healing applications
 Desidia oblivio, lethargy; slothfulness
 Desipientia, symptomatic phrensy
 Desme, a handful
 Desmidion, a small handful
 Desmos, a bandage; an inflammatory stricture of a joint after luxation
 Desperatus, } incurable disease
 Deploratus, }
 Despumatio, despumation, or scumming
 Desquamatio, exfoliation, or scaling off; abrasio
 Desquamatorium, a trepanning instrument for thinning the bone
 Destillatio, distillation, or raising and condensing vapour; catarrhus
 Destillatus, distilled

D I A

Destructio, division of the parts of a compound; analysis
Desudatio, an unnatural and morbid sweating
Desurrectio, sitting on a close stool
Detentio, catalepsis
Detergens, deterging, or cleansing
Deterioratio, deterioration, or getting worse
Determinatio, (in botany) a uniform property
Detersorium, a cleaning room in baths
Detersorius, abstersorius; wiping
Detonatio, detonation, or explosion
Detractio, corrossion
Detractor auris, a muscle of the ear
Detrahens quadratus, platysma myoides
Detritio, powdering; rhacosis
Detrusor urinæ, a muscle expelling the urine
Deunx, an eleven ounce measure, or weight
Deurens, febrile heat, or inflammation
Deustio, a burn, or scald; the mark left
Deuteria, } wine of the second pressing;
Deuterinas, } the adhesion of the placenta
Deuterion, the membranes, or placenta, or secundines
Deuteropathia, sympathy
Devalgatus, bandy legged
Deventris, flat-bellied from wasting
Devotus, defixus; impotence
Dexamene, a deep basin for bathing
Dexios, the right
Dexis, a bite
Dextans, a ten ounce measure, or weight
Dexter, the right
Dextrorsum, on the right side, or hand
Dia, the Greek preposition of, through, or by
Diabacanu, a preparation of cabbage seed; anticteric
Diabebos, deformed ankle bones
Diabesasa, a liniment for quincy of anise, smallage, rue, honey, &c.
Diabetes, a long continued increased quantity of urine
 ——— **Anglicus**, diabetes endemic in England
 ——— **arthriticus**, large discharge of urine in gout
 ——— **artificialis**, diabetes from drinking much fluid
 ——— **febricosus**, large discharge of urine in fevers
 ——— **hystericus**, large discharge of urine in hysterical women

D I A

Diabetes insipidus, diabetes with tasteless urine
 ——— **legitimus**, true diabetes
 ——— **mellitus**, diabetes with sweet urine
 ——— **ex vino**, diabetes from drinking wine
Diabolus metallorum, tin
Diabotanu, a plaister of herbs
Diabrosis, osculation of vessels; corrosion
Diacadmias, a plaister of calamine
Diacalaminthes, a preparation of the herb calamint
Diacarcinon, an antidote made of cray fish
Diacaryon, rob of walnuts; remedy for quinceys
Diacassia, electuarium e cassia
Diacastorium, a preparation of castor
Diacatholicon, the universal purge; cassia, tamarinds, senna, polypody, violet, rhubarb, and anise
Diaceltatesson, a purging preparation of antimony
Diacenes, empty; vain; porous bodies
Diacentaurion, -um, pulvis ducis Portlandii
Diacentretum, } an eye-wash with burnt
Diaceration, } hartshorn
Diachalasis, a morbid opening of the sutures
Diachalcitis, chalcitis; a plaister of chalcitis
Diacheirismos, any manual operation
Diachelidonium, a cataplasm for quincy of burnt swallows, saffron, spikenard, and honey
Diacheton, rhodium, or rose wood
Diachorema, } all evacuation, particularly
Diachoresis, } by stool
Diachorisis, separation
Diachrysu, } a plaister for fractures
Diachrysum, }
Diachusta, astringent gargles, or gargarismata
Diachylon, a plaister made of vegetable juices
 ——— **album**, diachylon simplex
 ——— **compositum**, a plaister of elm bark, mallows, oils, gums, turpentine, and wax
 ——— **magnum**, a plaister of mucilages, oils, litharge, turpentine, and wax
 ——— **cum gummi**, a plaister of diachylon magnum with galbanum, botellium, and ammoniacum
 ——— **parvum**, a plaister of diachylon simplex with henbane and fleawort

D I A

Diachylon simplex, a plaister of mucilages, oil, and litharge
 ----- cum gummi, a plaister of diachylon simplex with galbanum, &c.
 Diachysis, melting, or fusion
 Diachytica, discutientia
 Diachytos, a wine made of dried grapes
 Diacinamomum, a compound of cinnamon, &c.
 Diacinema, any slight dislocation
 Diacissum, a preparation of ivy; cordial
 Diacitrium, the pulp of citron, honey, and scammony
 Diaclasis, a small fracture
 Diaclysmā, a gargle
 Diacoccymelon, diaprūm; an electuary of prunes
 Diacochlacon, milk heated by hot flints
 Diacodium, an infusion of white poppy heads and syrup
 Diacolocynthidos pilulæ, pills of colocynthis
 Diacolocynthis, a preparation with colocynth
 Diacomeron, the name of an antidote
 Diacomma, or Diacope, a deep cut
 Diacope, a deep cut, or wound, in a bone of the cranium
 Diacoprægia, a preparation of goat's dung
 Diacorallium Alexandri, a preparation of pimpernel
 Diacoronopodium, a preparation of coronopus
 Diacorum, a preparation of calamus aromaticus
 Diacrisis, judgment of diseases
 Diacrociū, an eye powder containing saffron
 Diacurcuma, a preparation of saffron
 Diacydonium, cydoniorum electuarium
 Diadaphnidon, a plaister of bay berries
 Diadelphia, Linnæus's 17th botanical class; one style and the filaments in two bodies
 Diadema, a bandage round the head
 Diadexis, } metastasis
 Diadoche, }
 Diadosis, remission; anadosis
 Diæresis, any solution of continuity
 Diæretica, corrosiva
 Diæta, } diet, method of eating, cloth-
 Diætēma, } ing, &c.; nonnaturalia
 Diæteticus, belonging to the nonnaturalia
 Diaglaucium, an eye-water made of the purging thistle

D I A

Diagnosis, the distinguishing marks of particular diseases
 Diagrydium, scammony
 Diaharmala, diabetesa
 Diahermodactylum, a purging preparation of hermodactyls
 Diahexapala, laurus vulgaris
 Diaion, a lozenge of violets
 Diaireos, -on, a composition of radix iridis
 Diaithros, transparent
 Dialacca, gum lac
 Dialagooū, hare's dung
 Dialeimma, } an intermission, or remission
 Dialemma, }
 Dialepsis, apolepsis; the spaces between the folds of a bandage
 Dialibanon, -um, a composition of frankincense
 Dialithontribon, an electuary to cure the stone
 Dialoes, an electuary of aloes
 Dialthæa, unguentum ex althæa
 Dialysis, debility; diæresis; division; wound
 Diallytica, corroborant medicines; healers
 Diamā, the diamond
 Diamarenatum, the pulp of red acid cherries
 ----- compositum, diamarenatum, sugar, and aromatics
 ----- simplex, diamarenatum and sugar
 Diamargariton, a composition of pearls
 Diamascien, sublimed copper
 Diamassema, any thing to chew
 Diambra, a composition with ambergris
 Diamelon, -um, a composition of quinces
 Diamisyos, a composition of misy, or vitriol
 Diamnes, an unconscious discharge of urine
 Diamoron, a composition of mulberries and honey
 Diamoschon, -um, a composition of musk
 Diamotosis, introduction of lint into a wound
 Diana, silver
 Dianancasmos, -us, the reducing a luxation
 Dianistesmos, acratisma; bread and wine
 Diandria, Linnæus's 2d botanical class with two stamina
 Diangius, plants with two seed vessels
 Diancæa, the mind; two filaments
 Dianthon, an antidote of rosemary, spike-nard, &c.
 Diaoporon, a composition of quinces, med-lars, &c.
 Diapasma, any powder sprinkled on the body

D I A

Diapedesis, blood starting from an artery
 Diapagma, an instrument for bringing broken bones together
 Diapencia, the herb lady's mantle
 Diapensia, the herb self-heal
 Diapente, diatesseron and ivory shavings; a composition of five ingredients
 Diapereon, an antidote mentioned by Galen
 Diaphænicon, a composition of dates
 Diaphanes, -us, transparent; redhot
 Diaphlyxis, effusion; moistening
 Diaphone, perspiration
 Diaphora, diagnosis
 Diaphoresis, perspiration
 Diaphoretica, medicines increasing perspiration
 Diaphoros, pertinent; to the purpose
 Diaphrades, manifest; evident
 Diaphragma, the midriff, or diaphragm; a muscle
 Diaphragmaticæ arteriæ, arteries of the diaphragm dividing the thorax from the abdomen; the partition of the nose
 ————— venæ, veins of the diaphragm
 ————— superiores, the upper veins of the diaphragm
 Diaphragmitis, inflammation of the diaphragm
 ————— alæ, lateral portions of the small muscles of the diaphragm
 ————— columnæ, } fibres of the diaphragm at the
 ————— crura, } insertion
 Diaphros, frothy
 Diaphthora, miscarriage; a corrupted foetus
 Diaphylacticos, preservative, or preventative
 Diaphysis, any interstice; chink; prominence in a bone
 Diapisselæon, -um, a composition of liquid pitch
 Diaplasia, reduction of a fracture
 Diaplasma, an ointment; a fomentation
 Diaploce, a mixture of aliment
 Diapne, an involuntary discharge of urine
 Diapnoe, perspiration; transpiration
 Diapnoica, medicines promoting perspiration
 Diaporema, alysmos; nervous anxiety
 Diaprasium, a composition of horehound
 Diaprunum lenitivum, new damask prunes, violets, sugar, cassia, tamarinds, &c.
 ————— simplex, diaprunum lenitivum

D I A

Diaprunum solutivum, diaprunum and scammony
 Diapseuxis, refrigeration
 Diapsoricum, an eye-water; an antipsoric
 Diapternes, a composition of cow-heels and cheese
 Diapterosis, cleaning the ears with a feather
 Diapyema, an abscess
 Diapyemata, } suppurating medicines
 Diapyetica, }
 Diarhochæ, the space between the folding of a bandage
 Diarhochæ, interstices of bandages
 Diaria, a synocha of one day's continuance
 Diaromaticum, a composition of spices
 Diarrhage, a fracture of the temple bones
 Diarrhodomeli, scammony, agaric, pepper, and honey
 Diarrhodon abbatis, a composition of roses
 Diarrhœa, a purging, or flux
 ————— acrasia, a purging from excess
 ————— arthritica, purging from gout
 ————— biliosa, purging from bile
 ————— carnosæ, dysentery, or blood flux
 ————— Chiliensis, purging endmical in Chili
 ————— cholericæ, } cholera morbus
 ————— choleroides, }
 ————— cœliaca, a purging of chyle
 ————— colliquativa, symptomatic chronic purging in consumption. &c.
 ————— crapulosa, purging from excess in diet
 ————— a dentitione, purging accompanying cutting of teeth
 ————— febrilis, } purging in fever
 ————— febricosa, }
 ————— hypercatharsi, purging from an excessive dose of purgatives
 ————— lactantium, purging peculiar to infants
 ————— a mesenterii vomica, purging from an abscess in the mesentery
 ————— mucosa, } purging with much
 ————— pituitaria, } mucus
 ————— pituitosa, }
 ————— pleuriticorum, purging in pleurisy
 ————— purulenta, a large discharge of matter by stool
 ————— senilis, } a purging depending
 ————— scorbutica, } on debility
 ————— serosa, a very fluid purging
 ————— spontanea, a purging of chyle
 ————— stercorosa, a common purging

D I A

Diarrhœa urinosa, diabetes
 ——— variolosa, purging in small-pox
 ——— verminosa, purging from worms
 ——— vulgaris, a common purging
 Diarthrosis, moveable articulation
 Diasaponium, an ointment of soap
 Diasatyrium, an ointment of the plant orchis
 Diaschis, a wound
 Diascillion, -um, oxymel and vinegar of squills
 Diascincus, a name of the mithridate
 Diascordium, electuarius e scordio
 Diasena, a medicine containing senna
 Diasericos, -cum, a formula containing silk
 Diasmyrnon, -um, a collyrium containing myrrh
 Diasostica, the preservation of health
 Diaspermaton, a poultice of seeds
 Diasphage, any interstice
 Diasphyxis, the pulsation of an artery
 Diastasis, } a receding of bones by frac-
 Diastema, } ture; diastole
 Diasteton, -um, ointment of the fat of animals
 Diastole, dilatation of the heart and arteries
 Diastomosis, any dilatation, or dilating instrument
 Diastremma, } a distortion of the limbs
 Diastrophe, }
 Diasulphuris, having any sulphur in its composition
 Diatameron, -um, any antidote against death
 Diatasis, the extension of a fractured limb
 Diatocolithum, an antidote containing lapis Judaicus
 Diateretica, relating to diet
 Diatessadelton, a purging preparation of antimony
 Diatessaron, a compound of gentian, bay berries, myrrh, and birthwort, or any four ingredients
 Diatettigon, -um, an antidote containing grasshoppers
 Diathesis, any particular disposition, or habitude of the body
 ——— phlogistica, an inflammatory action of the vessels
 Diathesmos, -us, a rupture through which some fluid escapes
 Diatragacantum, a medicine composed of gum tragacanth
 Diatransantalum, a compound of the wood sanders

D I E

Diatrion pipereon species, a compound of pepper
 Diatritarii, physicians prescribing diatritos
 Diatritos, three days; a time of fasting before taking medicines; a rule with the methodic sect
 Diatritoses, periods of three days
 Diaulos, a stadium, or set distance for running
 Diaxylaloes, a medicine of aloes, &c.
 Diazoma, diaphragma
 Diazoster, the twelfth dorsal vertebra
 Dicæos, complete; best
 Dicenteton, -um, a collyrium
 Dichalcon, two grains weight
 Dichasteres, dentes incisarii
 Dichophyia, hair growing forked
 Dichotomus, (in botany) forked
 Dicoccus, containing two seeds
 Dicocta, heated water cooled by snow
 Dicotyledon, having two cotyledons; kidneywort; wall pennywort
 Dicæus, bifidus
 Dicrotus, a pulse in which the artery beats double
 Dictamnites, dittany macerated in must; emmenagogue
 Dictamnium, -us, the plant dittany of Crete
 ——— vulnerary, emmenagogue
 ——— albus, white, or bastard dittany
 ——— Creticus, dittany of Crete, or Candy
 ——— Montis Sipyli, dittany of Mount Sipyli
 ——— verus, dittany of Crete
 Dictyoïdes, net-like; rete mirabile
 Didyme, orchis root
 Didymæa, a cataplasm
 Didyni, twins; testes
 Didymus, a twin; double
 Didynamia, the 14th botanical class of Linnæus; one style, two filaments longer than the other two
 Diecbolion, -um, medicine causing abortion
 Dielectron, a troche containing amber
 Diemeæ, } imaginary spirit inherent in
 Dienez, } stone
 Diervilla, a small Arcadian plant
 Dies caniculares, the dog days
 ——— critici, } critical days; seventh,
 ——— internuntii, } fourteenth, and twenty-
 ——— first days of fever
 ——— interpolatus, the interval between fits of fever

D I L

Diesis, transmission; division; irrigation
 Dieuresis, diabetes; copious discharge of urine
 Diexodos, evacuation by stool
 Difflatio, perspiration
 Difformis, (in botany) different shapes in same plant
 Diffusus, (in botany) spread wide
 Digastricus, a muscle with two bellies; coracohyoidæus
 Digerentia, medicines to promote the secretion of proper pus in wounds
 Digestio, concoction of food; procuring good matter in a wound
 Digestivum, sal marinus regeneratus; any medicine procuring good matter
 Digitalis, finger-like; fox glove
 ——— Americana, draco-cephalon
 ——— angustifolia, narrow-leaved fox glove
 ——— Canariensis, shrubby fox glove of Canary
 ——— folia, leaves of purple fox glove; diuretic, vulnerary, dose one grain
 ——— Hispanica, Spanish fox glove
 ——— latifolia, broad-leaved fox glove
 ——— lutea, yellow fox glove
 ——— minima, hedge hyssop of the Alps; diuretic, anticteric, dose 3i.
 ——— officinalis, digitalis purpurea
 ——— orientalis, eastern fox glove
 ——— purpurea folio aspero, { common
 ——— vulgaris, { hedge fox glove
 Digitum, } stiff finger joint; paronychia
 Digititis, }
 Digitorum tensor, a muscle of the fingers
 Digitus, a finger
 ——— annularis, the ring, or fourth finger
 Diglosson, -um, laurus Alexandrina
 Dignotio, the diagnosis of disease
 Digynia, a flower with two styles
 Dihæmaton, an antidote containing blood
 Dihalon, a plaister of nitre for ulcers
 Dihidros, moist; sweating
 Diipetes, any sudden defluxion
 Dikalegi, tin
 Dilatatio, dilatation, or enlargement; diastole
 Dilatores alarum nasi, muscles dilating the nostrils
 Dilatorium, speculum oris; a dilating instrument
 Diluentia, medicines increasing fluidity, or thinning

D I P

Dilutum, infusion; a tea
 Dimidiatus, (in botany) divided in half
 Dinica, remedies for vertigo
 Dinos, vertigo, or giddiness
 Diobogon, a scruple, or twenty grains
 Diocres, the name of a lozenge
 Diodos, evacuation by stool
 Diœcia, the male and female flowers on different plants; Linnæus's 22d botanical class
 Dicenanthos, remedy for cholera morbus
 Diognus, a violent palpitation of the heart
 Diolos artos, new bread
 Dioncosis, swelling from restrained morbid humours
 Dionysia, a plaister for abscesses of oil, aphronitum, misu, frankincense, wax, and turpentine
 Dionysias, the plant tutsan, or all-heal; a precious stone
 Dionysisci, patients with horny excrescences
 Dionysius, the plant dittander
 Dionysonymphas, an herb supposed to resist intoxication
 Dionysos, myrrh and Chian wine
 Diophryges, diphryges
 Dioporon, -um, a compound of autumnal fruits for quinsy
 Diopsyrus, the medlar
 Dioptra, } speculum ani, oris, or uteri; la-
 Dioptron, } pis specularis
 Dioptrica, doctrine of the refraction of light
 Dioptrismos, -us, dilatation of any natural passage
 Diorobon, -um, a compound of vetches, &c.
 Diorrhosis, } a dissolved state of the blood
 Diorosis, }
 Diorthosis, reduction of a fracture
 Dioryx, a cannula
 Diosanthos, single wild pink; cephalic
 Dioscorea, a small plant
 Dioscuri, the parotid glands
 Diospyros, guaiacum; winter whortles
 Diota, a cup with two ears lined with aromatics
 Dioxelæum, a cataplasm of oil and vinegar
 Dioxus, an eye-wash of vinegar
 Dipcadi, bulbus vomitorius
 Diphros, a chair with a hollow bottom of rushes
 Diphryges, scoria from Cyprus; a calx of copper
 Diphyllus, with two leaves
 Diplasiasmus, the re-exacerbation of a disease

Diploe, the porous part between the plates of the skull
 Diploma, the warrant of physicians; balneum Mariæ
 Diplopia, double vision
 Diplosanthera, a plant with twice as many anthers as petals
 Dipnoos, -us, a wound with two orifices
 Dipsa, thirst
 Dipsaco, herb rhodium
 Dipsacos, -us, diabetes; the herb teasel
 ——— minor, shepherd's rod; leaves styptic, dose 3i.
 ——— sativus, cultivated teasel, } roots
 ——— sylvestris, wild teasel, } detergent, antiscrophulous
 ——— capitulo minore, shepherd's rod
 Dipsas, dry earth; a serpent whose bite occasions thirst
 Dipseticus, -a, any thing causing thirst
 Dipyrenon, -um, a berry, or kernel; a probe with two buttons
 Dipyrites, } bread twice baked
 Dipyros, }
 Diradiatio, the direction of the body by the mind
 Dircaea, nightshade
 Director, a guide for an incision knife
 Directores penis, erector muscles of the penis
 Diringo, calomus aromaticus
 Discessus, separation of any two bodies by chymistry
 Discoides, the crystalline humour of the eye
 Discreta purgatio, evacuation of particular humours
 Discrimen, a bandage for the head
 ——— thoracis et ventris, diaphragma
 Disciforme, the patella, or knee pan
 Discus, a quoit; a collection of florets forming a plain
 Discussio, perspiration
 Discussoria, } applications dissolving tumours
 Discutientia, }
 Disepthos, dipyros; twice baked
 Dislocatio, dislocation; luxation
 Disopia, sight so depraved as to see only at a certain distance, in certain light, and position
 ——— dissitorum, incapacity of seeing at a distance
 ——— lateralis, lateral vision

Disopia luminis, depraved vision in strong light
 ——— proximorum, incapacity of seeing very near
 ——— tenebrarum, seeing only in strong light
 Dispensatorium, a dispensatory; a book describing medicines; pharmacopœia
 ——— Brandenburgense
 ——— Edinburgense
 ——— Hafniense
 ——— Londinense
 ——— Norimburgense
 ——— Parisiense
 ——— Ratisbonense
 Dispermatus, bearing two seeds
 Displacentia, dysaristesis; moroseness
 Dispositio, diathesis
 Disruptio, a deep puncture
 Dissectio, dissection, or anatomical examination
 Dissepimentum, the partitions of the cells of plants
 Disseptum, the diaphragm
 Dissitus, at a distance
 Dissolventia, medicines dissolving concretions
 Dissolutio, fainting; death; diæresis
 Dista, a chymical distilling pelican
 Distentio, distention, or dilatation
 ——— nervorum, convulsion
 Distichia, } a double set of hairs on the eyelids
 Distichiasis, }
 Distichum, barley with two rows of grains
 Distillatio, destillatio
 Distorsio, } squinting; distortion of bones
 Distortio, }
 Distortor oris, musculus zygomaticus
 Distractio, separation by calcination, or otherwise
 Distributio, distribution of nourishment
 Distrix, a decrease of hair
 Diuresis, the excretion of urine; diabetes
 Diuretica, medicines increasing the flow of urine
 Diurnus, diurnal; daily; fever increasing by day
 Diutinus, of long continuance
 Diuturnus, chronic
 Divaporatio, exhalation
 Divaricatus, } (in botany) branches diverging wide from the stem
 Divergens, }
 Diversorium, the receptacle of the chyle

DOM

Divertallum, any compound of elementary parts
Divinus, an absurd epithet of many compositions
Divulsio urinæ, urine with a ragged and uneven sediment
Diydros, very moist
Diylisis, } straining, or percolation
Diylismos, }
Dochme, a Grecian measure of four fingers breadth
Docimastica, a chymical cupel, or test
 ————— ars, } examination of minerals
Docimastice, }
Doctiletus, a medicine of Paracelsus for cancer
Dodartia, a plant
Dodecadactylon, -us, duodenum
Dodecandria, Linnæus's 11th botanical class; one style, twelve filaments
Dodecapharmacum, any composition of twelve articles
Dodecatheon, -um, any antidote of twelve simples
Dodra, a ptisan of nine ingredients
Dodrans, nine bunces, or inches
Doedyx, a spoon; a pestle
Dogga, a whitlow
Dogma, an opinion founded on observation
Dogmaticus, a physician practising on reason and experience
Dolabriformis, like a hatchet
Dolet, red vitriol
Dolicholithos, a black stone of Tyrol emitting an odour when rubbed
Dolichos, -us, a bean pod; a race of 12 stadia
Dolofes, a spiral bandage
Dolor, pain
 ————— acutus, sensation from erosion, puncture, cutting, &c.
 ————— gravativus, pain with a sense of weight
 ————— pulsatilis, pain with a sense of beating
 ————— tensivus, pain with a sense of distension
Dolores, } painful diseases
Dolorosi, }
 ————— arthritici, gouty pains
 ————— extrinseci, pains in the limbs
 ————— intrinseci, internal pains
Domesticus, domestic; tame; cultivated
Domina serpenta, the rattle snake

DOS

Donax, arundo, or great reed
Dora, millium arundinaceum
Dorcadizon, a leaping pulse
Dorcas, the Alpine goat
Dorea, a person who can only see by day
Doria, Doria's woundwort of river banks; vulnerary
 ————— Africana, African tree doria
 ————— Americana, American doria with a stiff leaf
 ————— Alpina, Saracen's consound
 ————— foliis integris, doria with whole leaves
 ————— Narbonensium, Doria's woundwort of river banks; vulnerary
 ————— orientalis, eastern doria with sea lavender leaves
Doris, alkanet root; echium
Dormitio lucumoriana, a sleep of several days
Doronici Germanici flores et radix, flowers and roots of leopard's bane
Doronicum, leopard's bane; antispasmodic, antiseptic
 ————— Americanum, sunflower; esculent
 ————— maximum, tree-like sunflower
 ————— folio plantaginis, lesser leopard's bane of the shops
 ————— subrotundo, creeping leopard's bane
 ————— Germanicum, } German
 ————— officinarum, } leopard's
 ————— majus, } bane
 ————— minus, lesser leopard's bane
 ————— pannaonicum, water plantain
 ————— pardalianches, broad-leaved, or Roman leopard's bane; antepileptic
 ————— radice brachiata, } creeping
 ————— dulci, } leopard's
 ————— repente, } bane, or wild goat's root
 ————— Romanum, Roman leopard's bane
 ————— vulgare, common leopard's bane
Dorpestos, } supper time
Dorpos, }
Dorsalis, pertaining to the back; dorsal
Dorsiferæ plantæ, plants with seed on the backs of the leaves
Dorstenia, contrayerva plant of New Spain
 ————— sphondilii folio, contrayerva officinalis

D R A

Dorsum, the back
Dorycnium, shrub trefoil of rocky places;
rock rose
—— imperati, convolvulus major
—— Mouspelliensium, shrub trefoil
of Montpellier
Dosis, the dose, or quantity taken at once
Dothien, a boil
Draba, lepidium, or Arabian mustard
Dracæna, a female dragon
Dracates, dragon stone
Dracatium, lead
Drachma, a drachm; sixty grains
Drachum, the ultimate dissolution of water
Draco, a dragon, a supposed species of ser-
pent; the herb tarragon; stomachic
—— arbor, the dragon's blood tree of the
Canaries
—— cephalon, } American
—— Americanum, } dragon's
blood
—— figens, a powder for epilepsy
—— herba, tarragon
—— sylvestris, sneezewort; bastard pel-
litory
Draconitis, dragon stone
Draconthæma, dragon's blood
Dracontia, many-leaved arum
—— minor, arum, or wake-robin
Dracontias, dragon stone
Dracontides, veins of the heart
Dracontium, many-leaved arum
—— marinus, the weaver fish;
alexipharmic
Dracunculoides, herb bastard dragon
Dracunculus, tarragon; the Guinea worm
—— Americanus, yellow dragons;
tape worm; comedones
—— aquaticus, a species of arum
—— hortensis, tarragon
—— major, herb great
dragons; pectoral
—— officinalis, tarragon
—— polyphyllus, dragons, or
many-leaved arum; alexipharmic
Dragacantha, gum tragacanth
Dragantum, tragacanth; Spanish vitriol
Drageta, a powder of sugar, &c. to be ap-
plied to the stomach
Dagma, an handful
Dragmis, pugillus; eighth of an handful
Drakena radix, contrayerva
Drangæa, tragea; a name of several anti-
dotes

D U C

Drank, wild oats
Drapta, laceration
Drásticos, -us, drastic; active; violent
Driff, a stone curing by its touch; mixture
of sea salt, ens veneris, and isinglass
Drimyleon, an opprobrious epithet for the
rational physician
Drimyphagia, corrosion by acrid substances
Droma, a plaister
Dromas, or Dromeda, the dromedary
Dropacismus, } stimulant plaister of pitch,
Dropax, } wax, &c. to take off hair
Droseron, an ointment
Drosion, red rot, or sundew
Drosiobotanon, betony
Drosomeli, manna
Druinus, the oak serpent
Druites, the oak stone
Drumymores, drimyleon
Drupa, ripe olives
Drupacens, producing fruit with a fleshy
pericarpium, as peaches, plums, &c.
Dryinus, a venemous serpent; druinus
Dryopetis, a small green frog
Dryopteris, oak fern, or polypodium te-
nerum
Drypa, ripe olives; drupa
Duamir, a viper
Dubel coleph, a mixture of coral and amber
Dubelech, the cavity of an abscess
Dublethus, an abscess
Ducia, a drop; pumping on a part
Ductus, a duct, canal, or pipe
—— adiposi, small vessels containing
the fat
—— ad nasum, a duct from the lachry-
mal sac to the nose
—— alimentalis, } canalis alimenta-
—— alimentarius, } rius
—— aquosi nuckii, the vessels secret-
ing the aqueous humour
—— arteriosus, canalis arteriosus
—— auris palatinus, tuba eustachiana
—— biliaris, pori bilarii
—— choledocus, ductus communis cho-
ledocus
—— chyliiferus, ductus thoracicus
—— communis choledocus, canal con-
veying the bile into the duodenum
—— cysthepatici, ducts carrying bile
from the liver to the gall bladder
—— cysticus, the gall duct
—— hepaticus, the vessel receiving the
bile from the pori bilarii of the liver

D Y O

Ductus incisorii, two ducts in the palate bone
 — lachrymales, the ducts of the lachrymal glands
 — lactiferi, the tubes forming the nipple
 — nigri, ducts of the ciliary processes of the eyes
 — pancreaticus, the duct of the pancreas
 — picquet, receptaculum chyli
 — salivales, the tubes bringing the saliva from the glands
 — stenones, ductus salivales
 — thoracicus, the thoracic duct, or depository of the chyle, or lymph
 — urinarius, urethra
 — venosus, canalis venosus
 — vesicularis, the gall duct
 — Whartoni, the inferior salivary duct
 Dudaim, the male mandrake root
 Dudasali, a species of snake wood
 Duella, eight scruples
 Duenech, antimony
 Duenez, filings of steel
 Dulcacidum, sweetness with acidity
 Dulcamara, bitter sweet; woody nightshade
 Dulcedo saturni, white lead
 — veneris, the clitoris
 Dulchichinum, cyperus rotundus
 Dulcichinum, bulbocastanum
 Dulcis-amara, amara-dulcis; dulcamara
 Dulech, tartareous spongy matter
 Dulesh, a species of sea weed chewed as tobacco
 Dumus, a bush, as the thorn
 Duo, two
 Duodenalis, belonging to the duodenum
 Duodenum, the first of the small intestines; twelve fingers breadth in length
 Duplicana, a tertian ague returning daily in unequal fits, the alternate ones alike
 Duplicatus, doubled
 Dupondium, a weight of four drachms; two pounds
 Dura, black hellebore
 — mater, the outer membrane of the brain
 Duratus, hardened
 Durio, a melon-like fruit of India
 Duronego, broad-leaved leopard's bane
 Dutroy, the thorn apple
 Dyahibala, a species of acacia
 Dyamassien, diamascien, flos æris
 Dynamis, any efficacious medicine
 Dyota, a chymical pelican

D Y S

Dysæsthæsia, dull sensation
 Dysalthes, difficult of cure
 Dysanagogos, viscid expectoration
 Dysaristesis, moroseness preceding acute disease
 Dyscatapotia, a difficulty of swallowing
 Dyscinesia, difficult motion
 Dyscophosis, defective hearing
 Dyscrasia, dyscracy, or bad habit of body
 Dyscritos, -us, an imperfect crisis
 Dysecœa, deafness
 — atonica, deafness from a weakened state of the ear
 — febrilis, deafness from fever
 — a hydrotympano, deafness from dropsy of the tympanum
 — a meatu obstructo, deafness from closed passage
 — a myringæ atonica, deafness from weakness in the drum of the ear
 — a duritie, deafness from hardness in the drum of the ear
 — a myringa perforata, deafness from unnatural opening in the drum of the ear
 — organica, deafness from disease in some part of the ear
 — syphilitica, deafness from venereal disease
 — tuba obstructa, deafness from obstruction in the passage
 — a tympani fistula, deafness from fistulous wound in the drum of the ear
 Dyselces, persons with inveterate ulcers
 Dysemeti, persons vomiting with difficulty
 Dysenteria, dysentery; frequent, mucous, and bloody stools with infectious fever, pain, and tenesmus
 — æquinocialis, dysentery peculiar to the Indies
 — alba mucosa, dysentery without blood
 — atrabilaria, dysentery with black bile
 — benigna spontanea, diarrhœa
 — carnosa, dysentery with a discharge of flesh-like substances
 — castrensis, dysentery of camps
 — catamenialis, dysentery from suppressed catamenia
 — a catharicis, mucosa
 — epidemica, dysentery generally spreading
 — gravidarum, dysentery occurring in pregnancy

D Y S

Dysenteria intermittens, dysentery with
ague
——— maligna, dysentery with symp-
toms of putridity
——— mesenterii vomica, dysentery
from an abscess of the mesentery
——— miliaris, dysentery with miliary
fever
——— mucosa, dysentery with mu-
cous, not bloody, stools
——— parisiaca, dysentery with mu-
cous stools
——— Polonica, dysentery occurring
in Poland
——— scorbutica, dysentery combined
with scurvy
——— syphilitica, dysentery with ve-
nereal disease
——— verminosa, dysentery from
worms
Dysepulotos, } an inveterate ulcer difficult
Dysepuloticus, } to be healed
Dysexanolotos, difficult of consumption, or
digestion
Dysexodos, lax tumours on the thighs
Dyshæmorrhoids, suppression of bleeding
piles
Dysiatis, -us, difficult of cure
Dyslochia, suppression of the lochia
Dysmenorrhæa, difficult, or painful men-
struation
Dysodes, foetid; a cataplasm
Dysodia, offensive smell from the body
Dysopia, amblyopia
——— dissitorum, difficult sight at a dis-
tance
——— lateralis, difficult sight unless ob-
liquely
——— luminis, difficult sight in a strong
light
——— proximorum, difficult sight at a
short distance
——— tenebrarum, difficult sight in a
weak light
Dysoneiros, any thing producing disturbing
dreams
Dysorexia, a bad appetite
Dyspepsia, difficult digestion
Dyspermatismus, impotency, or a slow, dif-
ficult, and insufficient emission of semen
——— apractodes, impotency from
a want of vigour
——— epilepticus, impotency from
epilepsy

D Y S

Dyspermatismus hypertoricus, impotency
from excessive erection
——— mucosus, impotency from
viscid mucus
——— nodosus, impotency from
tumours
——— præputialis, impotency from
a fault in the prepuce
——— refluus, impotency from se-
men passing into the bladder
——— serosus, impotency from
gleet
——— urethralis, impotency from
fault in the urethra
Dysphagia, obstructed swallowing
——— aneurymatica, obstructed swal-
lowing from aneurysm
——— canina, obstructed swallowing
from hydrophobia
——— a datura, obstructed swallowing
from stramonium
——— a deglutitis, obstructed swal-
lowing from things swallowed
——— hydrophobica, obstructed swal-
lowing from hydrophobia
——— ab hypostaphyle, obstructed
swallowing from relaxation of the
uvula
——— hysterica, obstructed swallow-
ing from hysterics
——— a labario, obstructed swallow-
ing from looseness of the teeth
——— lactentium, obstructed swallow-
ing of children at the breast
——— nauseosa, obstructed swallow-
ing from dislike
——— œsophagea, obstructed swallow-
ing from disease in the œsophagus
——— paralytica, obstructed swallow-
ing from palsy
——— pharyngea, obstructed swallow-
ing from disease in the pharynx
——— a sarcomate, obstructed swal-
lowing from tumours
——— a scirrhus, obstructed swallow-
ing from scirrhus
——— a siccitate, obstructed swallow-
ing from thirst
——— spasmodica, obstructed swal-
lowing from spasm
——— tussiculosa, obstructed swal-
lowing from cough
——— valsaliana. See Valsalva
Dysphonia, difficult speech

D Y S

- Dyspnœa**, constant difficult breathing with sense of stuffing and cough
- **aerea**, difficult breathing from bad air
 - **aneurysmatica**, difficult breathing from aneurysm
 - **ab aortæ angustia**, difficult breathing from contracted aorta
 - **aquosa**, difficult breathing from anasarca
 - **calculosa**, difficult breathing from calculous concretions spit up
 - **catarrhalis**, difficult breathing from catarrh
 - **a corde**, difficult breathing from disease of the heart
 - **extrinseca**, difficult breathing from external causes
 - **Galenica**. See Galen
 - **a gastrocele**, difficult breathing from disease of the stomach
 - **a graviditate**, difficult breathing from pregnancy
 - **ab hydatibus**, difficult breathing from hydatids
 - **a liene**, difficult breathing from disease of the spleen
 - **a physconia**, difficult breathing from tumours of the abdomen
 - **pinguedinosa**, difficult breathing from fat
 - **pituitosa**, difficult breathing from phlegm
 - **a pneumatia**, difficult breathing from disease of the lungs
 - **polyposa**, difficult breathing from polypus
 - **rachitica**, difficult breathing from rickets
 - **scorbutica**, difficult breathing from scurvy
 - **sicca**, difficult breathing without spitting
 - **a steatomatis**, difficult breathing from steatoma
 - **a stomacho**, difficult breathing from crudities in the stomach
 - **terrea**, **calculosa**
 - **thoracica**, difficult breathing from distorted thorax
 - **traumatica**, difficult breathing from wounds
 - **a tuberculis**, difficult breathing from tubercles of the lungs

D Y S

- Dyspnœa tympanitica**, difficult breathing from tympanites
- **a vomica**, difficult breathing from an abscess in the lungs
 - Dyspnoea**, difficult respiration
 - Dysrachitis**, a plaister for fistulas
 - Dysthanatos**, difficult and painful death
 - Dystherapeutos**, difficult to heal
 - Dysthraustos**, any thing not easily broken
 - Dystochia**, difficult labour, or child-birth
 - Dystæchiasis**, irregular hairs in the eyelids
 - Dysuria**, dysury, or painful, and in some degree obstructed, discharge of urine
 - **ardens**, } dysury with great heat
 - **atrsura**, }
 - **atretarum**, dysury with great pain and scalding
 - **calculosa**, dysury from stone in the bladder
 - **a cantharidibus ingestis vel applicatis**, dysury from the use of cantharides
 - **a caruncula**, dysury from caruncles in the urethra
 - **compressionis**, dysury from pressure in the neck of the bladder
 - **a cystocele**, dysury from the bladder being included in a hernial sac
 - **diabetica**, a forcible and hasty flow of watery urine
 - **gravidarum**, a frequent discharge of urine in pregnancy
 - **hæmorrhoidalis**, dysury with much heat from piles
 - **herpetica**, dysury from repressed cutaneous eruption
 - **hysterica**, dysury accompanying hysteria
 - **ab hysteritide**, dysury from inflammation in the womb
 - **ab hysteroloxia**, dysury from obliquity of the womb
 - **ab insectis**, dysury from insects in the bladder
 - **irritata**, dysury with symptoms of stone
 - **mucosa**, dysury from a large discharge of mucus
 - **neonympharum**, dysury from injured and swelled pudenda
 - **nephralgica**, dysury from diseased kidneys
 - **phlogistica**, dysury from disease of neighbouring parts

D Y S

Dysuria primaria, dysury from acrid urine
 ——— rachialgica, dysury occurring in
 Devonshire colic
 ——— spasmodica, dysury from spasm in
 the bladder and other parts

D Y S

Dysuria syphilitica, dysury from diseases in
 the urethra
 ——— ab ulcere renum, dysury from ulcer
 of the kidneys
 ——— venerea, dysuria syphilitica

E.

E C C

EARITES, hæmatites, or blood stone
 Ebel, sage, or juniper seed
 Ebum, Indian ebony; ophthalmic
 Ebenus, the eben tree; ebony
 ——— Æthiopica, Macow, or ebony tree
 of Ethiopia
 ——— officinalis, ebony of the shops
 ——— viridis, black ebony
 Ebiscus, marsh mallow
 Ebracteatus, not having a floral leaf
 Ebriectatum, loss of sense by drunkenness
 Ebrietas, drunkenness
 Ebsemech, quicksilver
 Eballitio, boiling, fermentation, or effervescence
 Ebulus, wall, or dwarf elder
 Ebur, ivory, or elephant's tooth
 ——— fossile, a fossil resembling horn, or bone
 Ecalcaratus, (in botany) having no spur
 Ecaudatus, (in botany) without a tail
 Ecbolica, medicines causing miscarriage
 Ecboles, miscarriage
 Ecbrasmata, painful pimples in the face
 Ecbrasmus, fermentation
 Ecbyrsomata, protuberances at the joints
 Eccathartica, deobstruents; expectorants; purgatives
 Ecchyloma, an extract
 Ecchymata, ecbrasmata
 Ecchymoma arteriosum, the false aneurysm
 Ecchymoma, } effusion of blood under the
 Ecchymosis, } skin
 Ecclisis, a luxation
 Eccepe, the cutting out of any part
 Eccopeus, the raspatory used in trepanning
 Eccoprotica, mild cathartics
 Eccrinocritica, judgments formed from the secretions
 Eccrinologica, the doctrine of secretions

E C H

Eccrisis, a secretion
 Ecdora, excoriation
 Ecdoria, medicines which excoriate
 Echecollon, any topical glutinous remedy
 Echel, the sun
 Echelon, viper's bugloss; sunflower
 Echencis, a small fish
 Echeta, the grasshopper
 Echetrosis, white briony
 Echidna, the common viper
 Echidnion, viper's bugloss
 Echinides, sea hedge hog; sea thistle; emmenagogue
 Echinata semina, prickly seeds
 Echinites, a stone resembling the sea hedgehog
 Echinomelocactus, -us, melocactus
 Echinometra, a large sea hedgehog
 Echinophora tertia, bastard parsley
 Echinophthalmia, inflammation of the hairy part of the eyelids
 Echinopoda Cretensibus, a Grecian thorn
 Echinopodium, a species of broom, or genista
 Echinopus, } the globe thistle; diuretic
 ——— major, }
 ——— minor, } the lesser globe thistle;
 the third stomach of ruminant animals
 Echinus, a rough water thistle; balsamic
 Echinus, prickly head of a plant; a hedgehog
 ——— marinus, the urchin, or sea hedgehog; diuretic
 ——— ovariis, the great sea urchin
 ——— terrestris, the hedgehog
 Echium, viper's bugloss; antepileptic
 ——— Ægyptiacum, wall bugloss; vulnerary, sudorific
 ——— marinum, the sea hound's tongue
 Echos, ringing in the ears
 Echysis, fainting

E C P

Eclampsia, epilepsy with scintillatio volitantes muscæ
 — ab atropa, epilepsy from nightshade
 — cachectica, epilepsy from bad habit
 — a cicuta, epilepsy from hemlock
 — a coriaria, epilepsy from tanning wood
 — a dentitione, epilepsy from cutting teeth
 — a doloribus, epilepsy from pain
 — exanthematica, epilepsy from eruptive diseases
 — febricosa, epilepsy from fever
 — ab hydrocephalo, epilepsy from water in the head
 — ab inanitione, epilepsy from hæmorrhage
 — ab ischuria, epilepsy from retention of urine
 — neophytorum, epilepsy in new born infants
 — ab œnanthe, epilepsy from poisonous plants
 — ab otalgia, epilepsy from earache
 — parturientium, epilepsy from child-birth
 — plethorica, epilepsy from plethora
 — a saburra, epilepsy from a foul stomach
 — stomachica, epilepsy from a disease of the stomach
 — syphilitica, epilepsy from the venereal disease
 — typhodes, epilepsy from typhus fever
 Eclampsis, micatio scintillarum; sparks seen in epilepsy
 Eclectica, selected medicines
 Eclectus, a linctus
 Eclegma, } linctus, or lohoc; a form
 Eclecticis, -us, } of pectoral medicine
 Eclysis, a general languor, or faintness
 Ecmagma, any kneaded mass
 Ecnephias, a hot and moist fever
 Ecnype, expanded
 Ecpepiesmenos, -us, ulcers with protuberant edges
 Ephrastica, deobstruent medicines
 Ephraxis, opening of the pores
 Ecphyas, any excrescence; appendicula vermiciformis

E C T

Ecphyse, air from the bladder, or womb
 Ecphysesis, quick expulsion of air from the lungs
 Ecphysis, a process, or appendix; the duodenum
 Ecpiasma, a fracture of the cranium with depression; magma
 Ecpiemos, -us, pressing out; a morbid protusion of the eye
 Ecpleroma, leather balls used in reducing luxations
 Ecplexis, lying motionless as in a trance
 Ecpneumatosi, } the act of expiring from
 Ecpnæ, } the lungs
 Ecpsenchesis, a fainting
 Ecptoma, } a luxation; expulsion of the
 Ecptosis, } placenta, or any morbid parts; hernia
 Ecpyctica, incrassating medicines
 Ecpyema, } empyema; a collection of pus
 Ecpyesis, }
 Ecpyosis, an excrescence
 Ecregma, eruption about the loins
 Ecruelles, the French name for scrofula
 Ecr. xis, a rupture; a laceration of the womb
 Ecroe, any curative evacuation
 Ecrusis, return of semen from the uterus
 Ecrythmos, -us, an irregular pulse
 Ecsarcoma, any fleshy excrescence
 Ecstasis, ecstasy; delirium; a kind of apoplexy
 Ecstrophius, any remedy for the piles
 Ectasis, a distension, or smoothness of the skin
 Ectexis, emaciation
 Ethelynsis, laxity; effeminacy; loose bandaging
 Ethlimma, } ulceration by pressure; an ex-
 Ethlipsis, } pression in the eyes; staring; a flash of light
 Ethymata, any cutaneous eruptions
 Ectillotica, medicines removing superfluous hairs, or skin
 Ectome, excision, or extirpation
 Ectomias, } a castrated animal
 Ectomus, }
 Ectomon, black hellebore
 Ectopie, protrusions, or misplaced parts
 Ectopocysticus, ischuria from ectopia
 Ectrapelogastros, -er, a person with a very prominent abdomen
 Ectrepsis, turning on the side
 Ectrimma, excoriation from lying long in one posture

- Ectrope, any emunctory, or duct; ectropium
 Ectropium, the eyelids turning outwards
 Ectrosis, a miscarriage
 Ectrotica, } medicines causing miscarriage
 Ectyrotica, }
 Ectyloptica, medicines destroying callus, or
 corns; ectillotica
 Eczema, } a painful pustule
 Eczesma, }
 Edelfphus, prognosis from the nature of ele-
 ments
 Edentulus, one without teeth
 Edera trifolia, the poison tree of America;
 hedera
 Edes, } amber
 Edetz, }
 Edesma, food
 Edessenum pelarium, an eye-water of tra-
 gacanth, Arabic, acacia, opium, &c.
 Edic, Edich, or Edir, iron
 Edra, a fracture; lower part of the rectum
 Edulcorantia, edulcorants; sweeteners
 Edulcoratio, sweetening by sugar, honey, or
 washing
 Effervescentia, effervescence; ebullition, as
 on mixing an acid and mild alkali
 Efficiens, the producing cause
 Effides, ceruss
 Effila, freckles
 Efflatus, quick expiration
 Effloratio, } efflorescence; redness of the
 Efflorescentia, } skin; time of flowering
 of plants
 Effluvia, exhalation of minute morbid par-
 ticles, or vapour
 Effœtus, effete; barren; worn out with age
 Effractura, ecpiasma
 Effusio, extravasation
 Egelidus, lukewarm
 Egelo, narrow-leaved laburnum
 Egeries, } any excretion, particularly by
 Egestio, } stool
 Egestum, fœces
 Egregorsis, watchfulness
 Ejaculantia, } the vessels containing the
 Ejaculatoria, } semen when secreted
 Ejectio, excretio
 Eidos, nature; form; constitution
 Eilamis, singular of Eilamides, the mem-
 branes of the brain
 Eilema, fixed pain in the intestines; a co-
 vering
 Eileon, -um, the ileum gut
 Eileos, -us, passio iliaca
 Eilumenos, twisted
 Eisbole, an injection; a paroxysm of dis-
 ease
 Eispnoe, inspiration of air
 Ela calli, an Indian cathartic shrub
 Elæa, oils; plural of Elæon, -um
 Elæagnon, the chaste tree; agnus castus
 Elæagnus, sweet willow, or Dutch myrtle;
 oleaster
 ——— orientalis, the jujube fruit
 Elæomeli, a sweet purging oil like honey
 Elæon, oil; singular of Elæa
 Elæosaccharum, a mixture of oil and sugar
 Elæoselinum, water parsley
 Elambicatio, a method of analysing mineral
 waters
 Elanula, alum
 Elaphicon, -um, } wild parsnep; the herb
 Elaphoboscon, -um, } skirrets
 Elaphocamelus, cameleopard
 Elaphopila, balls of hair in the stomach of
 the stag
 Elaphoscorodon, stag's, or viper's garlic
 Elaphos, -us, a stag
 Elaps, a serpent; the bite producing iliac
 passion
 Elaquir, red vitriol
 Elas maris, burnt lead
 Elasis, elasticity
 Elasma, a lamina or plate; a clyster-pipe
 Elate, part of a flower; a species of date
 — theleia, the fir tree
 Elater, elasticity
 Elaterium, the fruit of the wild cucumber;
 drastic purge, dose gr. ss.; cascarilla;
 any external digestive
 Elatheria, the cascarilla bark
 Elatine, antirrhinum; female speedwell;
 the leaves vulnerary
 Elatites, hæmatites
 Elatus, (in botany) raised
 Elcosis, chronic ulcers
 Electarium, or Electuarium, an electuary;
 a form of medicine of the consistence of
 honey
 ——— acidum, conserve of sorrel, ta-
 marinds, vitriolic acid, and syrup of le-
 mons
 ——— alexiterium, kermes, ginger,
 contrayerva, and snake root
 ——— alterans, crude antimony, guai-
 acum, oil of sassafras, and conserve of roses
 ——— amarum, epithymum, angelica,
 gentian, zedcary, spices, and aloes

Electarium antiepilepticum, bark, valerian root, and syrup of orange peel
 ——— antidysentericum, wax, spermaceti, conserve of roses, oil of almonds and syrup
 ——— aromaticum, species aromat.; conserve of lavender and syrup
 ——— a baccis lauri, rue, caraway, parsley, bay berries, sagapenum, pepper, castor, and honey
 ——— balsamicum, conserve of roses and Locatellus's balsam
 ——— caryocostinum, scammony, ginger, cloves, caraway, and honey
 ——— e casia, P. L. syrup of roses, casia, manna, and tamarinds
 ——— chalybeatum, steel, nutmegs, ginger, cinnamon, and orange peel
 ——— e cortice Peruviano, bark and cascarilla, or snake root
 ——— deobstruens, ammoniacum, soap, squills, and conserve of ginger
 ——— diacasia, electarium e casia
 ——— diacorallion, coral, bole, dragon's blood, &c.
 ——— diaspermaton, seeds of asparagus, pimpernel, liquorice, &c.
 ——— ad dysentericos, Japonic confection, Locatellus's balsam, and rhubarb
 ——— ex elleboro, infusion of white hellebore and honey
 ——— ad gonorrhœam, lenitive electuary, jalap, nitre, and syrup
 ——— e guaiaco, guaiacum, arum, canella alba, and conserve of scurvy grass
 ——— hæmorrhoidale, sulphur, cream of tartar, and lenitive electuary
 ——— ex helleboro nigro, black hellebore, saffron, myrrh, and canella alba
 ——— incassans, tragacanth, comfrey, and conserve of mallows
 ——— lenitivum, figs, senna, tamarinds, casia, prunes, coriander, liquorice, and sugar
 ——— ad nephriticos, lenitive electuary, turpentine, egg shells, and rhubarb
 ——— paralyticum, mustard, conserve of rosemary, and compound spirit of lavender
 ——— pectorale, rob and elder, spermaceti, benzoin, and syrup
 ——— purgans acidum, tamarinds and crystals of tartar

Electarium saponaceum, soap, pareira brava, rhubarb, aloes, and syrup
 ——— e sassafras, sassafras, cinnamon, nutmegs, and sugar
 ——— scammonii, P. L. scammony, cloves, ginger, oleum carui, and rose syrup
 ——— e scammonio, as above but with honey
 ——— e scordio, species e scordio cum opio et syrupus e meconio
 ——— sennæ, P. L. electarium lenitivum
 ——— sistens, Japonic confection, extract of logwood, and syrup
 ——— e succo rosarum, roses, sanders, mastich, diagrydium, sugar, &c.
 ——— e sulphure, electarium hæmorrhoidale
 Electio, the choice of drugs
 Electrodes, stools that shine like amber
 Electron, -um, amber
 ——— minerale, a tincture of tin, copper, gold, and antimony
 Electuarium, electarium
 Elegia, the writing reed
 Elelisphacos, sage
 Elembat, alkaline salt
 Elementatus, excessive heat, or cold
 Elementum, an element, or first principle
 Elemi gummi, } gum elemi tree of the Spanish West Indies; gum
 ——— resina, }
 Elemni, } vulnerary
 ——— unguentum, linimentum arcæi
 Elemnifera curassavica arbor, the gum elemi tree
 Elengi, a tree of Malabar; cardiac
 Eleochrysum, goldilocks
 Eleoselinum, the herb smallage; water parsley
 Elephantia, a species of anasarca
 ——— Arabum, elephantiasis
 Elephantiasis, a contagious disease; a thickening and greasiness of the legs with the loss of hair and feeling, the face swelled, the voice hoarse and nasal
 ——— alopecia, elephantiasis with loss of hair
 ——— arabum, the common elephantiasis
 ——— Indica, elephantiasis of India, like yaws
 ——— Javanensis, elephantiasis of Java

ELI

Elephantiasis legitima, the common elephantiasis
 ———— leonina, sauv. spec. 3
 ———— orientalis, elephantiasis of the east
 ———— syphilitica, elephantiasis with the venereal disease
 ———— Tyria, elephantiasis of the Tyrians
 Elephantopis, a plant like an elephant's foot
 Elephas, an elephant; aqua fortis; elephantiasis
 Elepodatum, filed
 Elersna, black lead
 Elsmatis, burnt lead
 Elettari, the lesser cardamom
 ———— primum, true stone parsley
 Eleutheria, cascarilla
 Elevatio, chymical subliming
 Elevator, a muscle of the eye
 ———— auriculæ, a muscle of the outer ear
 ———— labii inferioris, a muscle of the under lip
 ———— superioris, a muscle of the upper lip
 ———— labiorum, a muscle of the lips
 ———— nasi alarum, compressor naris
 ———— oculi, a muscle of the eye
 ———— palpebræ superioris, a muscle of the upper eyelid
 Elevatores ani, muscles of the anus
 Elevatorium, an elevator; a trepanning instrument
 Elhanna, } eastern privet
 Elhanna Arabum, }
 Elibanum, olibanum
 Elicryso, groundsel
 Elichryson, } the herb goldilocks
 Eliochrysum, }
 ———— montanum, mountain cudweed
 Elidron, mastich; a mixture of gold, silver, and brass
 Eligma, linctus
 Eliminatio, elimination, or throwing off
 Elioselinum, smallage
 Elithroides, the vaginal coat of the testicle
 Elixatio, boiling
 Elixir, a thick tincture of several ingredients
 ———— aloes, tincture of myrrh, aloes, &c.
 ———— vitriolicum, myrrh, aloes, saffron, and spirit of vitrioli dulcis
 ———— ex aloe et rheo, rhubarb, aloes, cardamoms, and proof spirit

ELO

Elixir asthmaticum, benzoin, opium, camphor, oil of aniseed, and spirit of wine
 ———— balsamicum Hoffmanni, balsamum vitæ
 ———— guaiacinum, balsamum guaiacinum
 ———— volatile, guaiacam, balsamum Peruvianum, oil, sassafras, and vinous spirit of sal ammoniacum
 ———— myrrhæ compositum, savin, castor, myrrh, and spirit
 ———— paregoricum, elixir asthmaticum
 ———— pectorale, balsam of Peru and tolu, benzoin, saffron, and spirit of wine
 ———— proprietatis, elixir aloes
 ———— Helmontii, vinum aloeticum alkalinum
 ———— Paracelsi, elixir aloes
 ———— vitriolicum, elixir aloes vitriolicum
 ———— sacrum, elixir ex aloe et rheo
 ———— salutis, senna, jalap, coriander, sugar candy, and proof spirit
 ———— stomachicum, tinctura amara
 ———— vitrioli acidum, tinctura aromatica and vitriolic acid
 ———— dulce, tinctura aromatica et spiritus vitrioli dulcis
 ———— mynsichti, spices, galangal, sage, mint, candy, spirit of wine, and oil of vitriol
 ———— volatile vigani, mint digested in volatile spirit of vitriol
 ———— uterinum, elixir myrrhæ compositum
 Elixis, linctus
 Elixivatio, extracting kali from vegetables by washing
 Eliz, the flowers of copper
 Elkanna, the eastern privet
 Elleborine, bastard hellebore
 Elleborites, helleborites
 Elleborus, hellebore
 Ellobos, -us, fruit and seed contained in pods
 Ellychnion, a kind of cotton used in ulcers
 Ellychniotos, lint made up in form of the wick of a lamp
 Elminthes, worms
 Eloanx, orpimentum
 Elodes, a sweating fever with great debility
 Elome, orpimentum
 Elongatio, a partial luxation
 Elopitinum, vitriol
 Elos maris, burnt lead

E M E

Elpis, the soriæ of silver
 Eltz, flowers of copper
 Elutheria, cascarilla
 Elutriatio, pouring any liquid off from its
 fæces
 Eluvies, fluor albus
 Eluxatio, a dislocation
 Elymagrostis, } the plant common panic
 Elymos, -us, }
 Elythroides, } the vaginal coat of the tes-
 Elytroides, } ticle
 Elytrocele, an hernia in the vagina
 Elytron, the membrane covering the spinal
 marrow; any sheath
 Elz, } flowers of copper
 Elzimar, }
 Emaciantes, diseases that waste the body
 Emaciatio, wasting of flesh
 Emansio, } retention of the
 ——— mensium, } menses
 Emarginatio, cleaning the edges of a wound
 Emarginatus, heart-shaped leaves at the ex-
 tremities, but deficient in margin
 Emasculatus, one whose testes are in the
 abdomen
 Emamma, sauce
 Embaphion, a pickle stand, or cruet
 Embasis, a bathing tub
 Embelg, } myrobalani
 Embleg, }
 Embole, reduction of a dislocation
 Embolum, the penis
 Emborisma, an aneurysm
 Embotum, a tube for injecting vapour
 Embregma, } an embrocation, or rubbing
 Embrocatio, } a part with spirit, &c.
 Embroche, }
 Embrontetos, an apoplectic person; thun-
 der struck
 Embryo, } the rudiments of a fœtus, seeds,
 Embryon, } &c.
 Embryonatum, precipitated sulphur of an-
 timony
 Embryorectes, } a crotchet
 Embryothlastes, }
 Embryotomia, the forcible separation, or di-
 vision, of the fœtus
 Embryulcus, the blunt hook, or forceps
 Embryulcia, the extraction of a fœtus by
 the crotchet
 Embula, a pipe
 Embularchi, suffumigium; a fumigation
 Embyayembo, a plant of Brasil
 Eme, the cassowary bird of the Moluccas

E M P

Emericus, emery
 Emerus, scorpion senna; laxative
 Emerus minor, scorpion sena; laxative
 ——— Americanus, the indigo blue plant
 Emesia, }
 Emesma, } the act of vomiting
 Emesis, }
 Emetica, medicines exciting vomiting
 Emeticum mite, one part of antimony de-
 phlagrated with two of nitre
 Emetocatharticum, -us, any medicine ope-
 rating by vomiting and stool
 Emetologia, the doctrine of vomits
 Emetus, a vomit
 Emeu, the cassowary bird
 Eminentia, any preternatural tumour
 Emissarium, any emunctory of the body
 Emmenagoga, medicines exciting the
 menses
 Emmenia, the menstrual flux
 Emmotos, -us, -um, the application of lint
 Emodia, a benumbed state of the teeth
 Emollientia, medicines that soften the solids
 Emortuus, dead
 Emotio, delirium; agitation of mind; lux-
 ation
 Empasma, catapasma; a sprinkling
 Empeiria, experience
 Emperos, -us, mutilated; maimed
 Empetri thymelææ folio radix, root of sea
 heath spurge; cathartic, dose ʒss.
 Empetrum, } black - berried
 ——— montanum, } heath
 ——— Lusitanicum, common heath
 ——— thymelææ foliis, sea heath
 spurge of Spain
 Empheromonos, -us, wine with a sediment
 Emphractica, medicines stopping the pores
 Emphraxis, } an obstruction; wrong pre-
 Emphragma, } sentation of the child
 Emphysema, a swelling of the integuments,
 often with a crackling noise, from the ad-
 mission of air into the cellular membrane
 Empirica secta, } physicians practising from
 Empiricus, } experience only, if such
 ever existed
 Emplagia, palsy
 Emplastica, medicines stopping the pores
 Emplastrum, a plaister; an external appli-
 cation
 ——— abbatidis de grace, oil and juice
 of roses, litharge, ceruss, and wax
 ——— adhæsivum, common plaister
 and resin

EMP

Emplastrum ammoniaci cum hydrargyro,
P. L. emplastrum ex ammoniaco cum
mercurio

— ammoniaci cum Scilla, ammo-
niaco et acet Scillæ

— ex ammoniaco, ammoniacum,
wax, resin, melilot, unguentum ex al-
thea, oils of bays and orrice, turpentine,
and gums

— ex ammoniaco cum mercurio,
ammoniacum and quicksilver

— Andreae a cruce, rosin, elemi,
turpentine, and oil of bays

— anodynum, resin, tacamahaca,
galbanum, cumin, and black soap

— anodyno discutiens, cumin
plaister, camphor, and opium

— antihystericum, common plais-
ter, asafetida, wax, and galbanum

— attrahens, wax and mutton suet

— de baccis lauri, bay berries,
frankincense and other gums, wax, tur-
pentine, and oil of bays

— de betonica, betony, pimper-
nel, agrimony, sage, penny royal, yar-
row, &c. with wax and turpentine

— calidum, gum and blistering
plaisters

— cantharidis, P. L. cantharides,
emplastrum cereum, and hog's lard

— cephalicum, Burgundy pitch,
soft labdanum, resin, wax, and oil of
mace

— ceræ compositum, P. L. } wax,
— cereum, } resin,
and mutton suet

— e cicuta cum ammoniaco, hem-
lock, ammoniacum, and squills

— cœruleum, oil, resin, quicksil-
ver, and common plaister

— commune, litharge boiled in
oil

— adhæsivum, emplas-
trum adhæsivum

— cum gummi, com-
mon plaister, galbanum, turpentine, and
frankincense

— cum mercurio, com-
mon plaister and quicksilver

— croceum, Burgundy pitch, wax,
galbanum, tar, and saffron

— cumini, } Burgundy pitch,
— e cymino, } wax, cumin, ca-
raway, and bay berries

EMP

Emplastrum defensativum, } common plais-
— defensivum, } ter, rosin, wax,
oil, and colcothar

— diachalciteos, lard, oil, litharge,
and white vitriol

— diachylon, emplastrum com-
mune

— cum gummi, emplas-
trum adhæsivum

— diaphoreticum, a plaister of gums

— diasulphuris, sulphur, turpen-
tine, wax, myrrh, and camphor

— dionysianum, dionysia

— divinum, emplastrum manus Dei

— elephantinum, } emplas-
— epispasticum, } trum at-
— com- } trahens,
positum } canthari-
des, and vinegar; Burgundy pitch, wax,
turpentine, mustard, pepper, verdigris,
and cantharides

— epispasticum primum, melilot,
cantharides, bishops weed, and vinegar

— famigeratissimum, an aromatic
plaister for the wrists

— secundum, Bur-
gundy Pitch, turpentine, and cantharides

— de galbano, a plaister of galba-
num

— griseum de lapide calaminari,
calamine, litharge, ceruss, tully, turpen-
tine, wax, suet, frankincense, mastich,
and camphor

— gummosum, common plaister,
ammoniacum, galbanum, and wax

— ad herniam, emplastrum robo-
rans

— ex hydrargyro, emplastrum cœ-
ruleum

— ischiadicum, a turpentine plaister

— laurinum, a plaister of bay ber-
ries

— lithargyri, plaister of litharge

— manus Dei, a plaister contain-
ing powdered loadstone

— magneticum, emplastrum manus
Dei

— de mastiche, mastich, bole,
roses, ivory, myrtle berries, turpentine,
colophony, tacamahaca, labdanum, wax,
and oil of myrtles

— e meliloto, } melilot
— simplex, } leaves,
suet, resin, and wax

Emplastrum mercuriale, emplastrum cœruleum

———— metraproptotritum, plaister for the falling down of the womb

———— e minio, red lead boiled in oil

———— e mucilaginis, wax, oil of mucilages, ammoniacum, and turpentine
———— nigrum, ceruss boiled in linseed oil

———— a nostratibus flos unguentorum dictum, resin, wax, suet, olibanum, turpentine, myrrh, mastich, and camphor boiled in white wine

———— opodeldoc, gums, turpentine, oil of bays, amber, litharge, calamine, oils, &c.

———— oxycroceum, emplastrum croceum

———— de ranis, plaister of frogs, &c.

———— cum mercurio, plaister of frogs, &c. with mercury

———— roborans, emplastrum defensivum

———— saponaceum, common plaister, gum plaister, and soap

———— e sapone, common plaister and soap

———— sticticum, oil, wax, litharge, gums, calamine, birthwort, myrrh, frankincense, and turpentine

———— stomachicum, labdanum, frankincense, cinnamon, oils of mace and mint

———— stomachicum magistrale. mint, wormwood, aromatics, gums, oils, &c.

———— suppurans, gum plaister and Burgundy pitch

———— tonsoris, pitch, wax, resin, fenugreek, &c.

———— vesicatorium, emplastrum epispasticum, vel cantharidis

———— volatile, turpentine and spirit of sal ammoniac

Emplattomena, emphrastica

Empneumatosi, the inflation of any viscus

Emporium, the seat of intelligence; the brain

Emprion, a saw-like feel of the pulse

Emprostothonos, tetanus with the body bent forward

Empsychosis, animation

Emptysis, blood from the mouth and fauces

Empyema, a collection of pus in the thorax

Empyemata, suppurating medicines

Empyi, patients with empyema

Empyreuma, a burnt smell, or taste; remains of febrile heat

Empyreumatica, oils burnt in distillation

Empyros, -us, a feverish patient

Emalgens, emulgent, or milking, applied to the arteries and veins of the kidneys

Emulsio, any milk-like mixture prepared by uniting oil and water

———— Arabica, common emulsion with gum Arabic

———— cum aro, arum root, Arabic, spermaceti, orange peel syrup, nutmeg, and common water; antirheumatic, dose coch. ij.

———— camphorata, camphor, almonds, sugar, and penny-royal water

———— communis, almonds, Arabic, sugar, and barley water

———— oleosa, oil, spirit of hartshorn, penny-royal water and syrup

———— purgans, almonds, sugar, Arabic, scammony, and cinnamon water

———— spermatis vel sebi ceti, spermaceti, yolk of egg, and water

Emunctorium, an emunctory, or place of discharge

Emundans, cleansing

Enæmos, -a, applications to stop bleeding

Enæorema, a cloud in the urine

Enantesi, near approach of ascending and descending blood vessels

Enarges, dreams

Enaricymas, -us, a fertile woman

Enarthrosis, articulatio

Encanthis, a tumour of the caruncula lachrymalis

Encardion, -um, the pith of vegetables

Encarpos, a pregnant woman

Encatantlesi, throwing on water, as in a shower bath

Encatalepsi, catalepsi

Encathisma, semicupium; a bath for half the body

Encauma, the dross of silver; an ulcer on the eye; a mark from a burn

Encausis, a burn, or scald; the heartburn

Encaustum cœruleum, powder blue, or smalt

Encephalon, -um, the brain

Encephalocèle, a rupture of the brain

Encephalus, -os, the brain; a part of the great palm tree

Enceris, wax for plaisters

Encerosis, covering with wax

E N E

Encharaxis, scarification
 Encheiresis, } dissection; a surgical opera-
 Encheira, } tion
 Enchiloma, } an elixir
 Enchyloma, }
 Enchondros, cartilaginous
 Enchorios, any endemic disease
 Enchrusta, liquid ointments
 Enchusa, anchusa
 Enchyma, plethora ad vasa
 Enchymata, injections for the eyes and ears
 Enchymoma, } blushing; extravasation of
 Enchymosis, } blood
 Enchysa, alkanet root, or anchusa
 Enchyptos, -us, any fluid thrown into a cavity
 Enclysma, a clyster
 Encœlia, the abdominal viscera
 Encolpismos, -us, an injection into the uterus
 Encope, an incision; any obstruction
 Encranium, the contents of the skull
 Encrasicholus, apua; the anchovy
 Encranion, } the cerebellum
 Encranis, }
 Encris, a cake of meal, oil, and honey
 Encryphias, a sort of bread
 Encymon, pregnancy
 Encysis, parturition
 Encystis, a wen
 Endedinemenos, -us, rolling eyes
 Endeia, a defect; penury
 Endeixis, an indication
 Endemia, } disease peculiar to a coun-
 Endemicus, } try, or people
 Endemius, }
 Endesis, a ligature; a connection
 Endica, residue of distillations
 Endiceum, the cork of the clyster pipe
 Endiva, endive, or cichoreum
 ——— erecta, succory, or cichoreum
 ——— lutea, dog cresses; succory
 ——— vulgaris, common endive
 Endon, internally
 Endosis, remission
 Enellagmenos, -us, the union of the vertebræ
 Enema, a clyster, or injection into the rectum
 ——— de amylo, jelly of starch, or starch and linseed oil
 ——— anodynum, infusion of linseed and laudanum
 ——— anticolicum, tinctura sacra, com-

E N S

mon salt, and linseed oil with common decoction
 Enema astringens, lime water and Japonic confection
 ——— commune, decoctum commune, electarium lenitivum, common salt, and oil
 ——— emolliens, palm oil and milk
 ——— emeticum, melampodium helleboratum and warm water
 ——— foetidum, assafetida, rue, savin, oil of amber, oil and water
 ——— oleosum, warm oil
 ——— opiatum, enema anodynum
 ——— purgans, decoctum commune, soap, and syrup e spina cervina
 ——— terebinthinatum, decoctum commune, turpentine dissolved in egg, and linseed oil
 Enedre, a sitting on
 Enedroi, firm sitters on horseback
 Eneos, vain; useless; idiotic
 Enerecisis, a compression
 Energia, energy; efficacy
 Energos, active; humane
 Enervatio, languor; debility; aponeurosis
 Enervius, (in botany) leaves without ribs
 Eneus, dumb
 Enfonde, cassada bread
 Engalactum, salt wort
 Engastrimuthos, -us, ventriloquus
 Enger, the indigo plant
 Engisoma, camarosis; a fracture; an instrument for fractures
 Englottogastor, a ventriloquist
 Engomphosis, gomphosis; immoveable articulation
 Engonios, the arm bent at right angle
 Enhæmus, styptic
 Enixa, a female just delivered
 Enixum sal, neutral salt; sulphat of kali
 Enneandria, Linnæus's 9th botanical class
 Enneapetalus, with nine petals
 Enneapharmacos, -um, a composition of nine ingredients
 Enneaphyllum, helleboraster, or bear's foot
 Enochidianus, long lived
 Enodus, without knots, or joints
 Enomos, -us, hard; crude
 Enrythmos, -us, an irregular pulse
 Ens, existence; the efficacy of bodies
 ——— appropriatum, the peculiar medicinal virtue of a vegetable
 ——— parvum sapientium, soap made of vegetable oil

- Ens** primum salium, a liquor prepared from sea salt
 ——— solare, antimony; the active principle of poison
 ——— veneris, flores martiales
Ensatus, } sword-like
Ensiformis, }
Enstacton, -um, } instillation; an eye-wa-
Enstalacsis, } ter
Enstasis, an obstruction of the pores
Entagalia, pipe-shell
Entale, a vessel
Entali, fossil alum
Entalium, the pipe-shell of the East Indies
Entatica, provocation to venery
Entaticon, a plaister to excite venereal inclination
Entera, the bowels; bags containing fermenting substances
Enteradenes, the glands of the intestines
Enterenchytæ, clyster utensils
Enteritis, inflammation of the intestines
 ——— pyrexica typhodes, inflammation of the intestines with acute pains about the navel and great costiveness
 ——— colica, inflammation of the intestines when the colon is the seat
 ——— enterocelica, inflammation of the intestines attended with rupture
 ——— erythematica, inflammation of the intestines with diffused moderate pain
 ——— flatulenta, inflammation of the intestines from wind
 ——— iliaca, inflammation of the intestines when the ileum is the seat
 ——— phlegmondæa, inflammation of the intestines with violent fixed pain
Enteroccele, hernia intestinalis
 ——— ovularis, a rupture of the intestines through the foramen ischii
Entero epiplocele, a hernia of intestines and omentum
 ——— hydrocele, a dropsy of the scrotum with hernia
Enteromphalos, hernia umbelicalis
Enteron, an intestine; the colon
Enterophytum, the sea chitterling; a plant
Enteropiplocele, enteroepiplocele
Enteroraphe, sewing a wounded intestine
Enteroscheoccele, hernia scrotalis
Enheasticos, a species of melancholy
Enthemata, anti-inflammatory styptics
Enthetos, -us, any styptic
Enthlasis, a contusion
Enthusiasmus, enthusiasm
Entomon, an insect
Entomology, a treatise on insects
Entrichoma, the edge of the eyelid
Entrimma, minced meat
Entrochus, a trochite; a petrification
Entrope, shame; modesty
Entropium, trichia; an inversion of the eyelids
Entyposis, the acetabulum
Enucleatio, the removal of the kernel from the shell
Enulacampana, elecampane; scabwort
Enulæ campanæ extractum, extract of elecampane
 ——— radix, elecampane root
Enulon, the internal part of the gums
Enuresis, an involuntary discharge of urine
 ——— atonica, an involuntary discharge of urine from a want of strength
 ——— catamenialis, an involuntary discharge of urine from obstructed menses
 ——— a fistula, an involuntary discharge of urine from a fistula in the vicinity of the bladder
 ——— gravidarum, an involuntary discharge of urine from pregnancy
 ——— infantum, an involuntary discharge of urine from draining affecting children
 ——— irritata, an involuntary discharge of urine from compressions, or irritations of the bladder
 ——— paralytica, an involuntary discharge of urine from a palsy of the sphincter of the bladder
 ——— puerperarum, an involuntary discharge of urine from injury in child-bearing
 ——— a sparganosi, an involuntary discharge of urine from a suppression of milk
Enypnion, -um, a dream
Enyposapros, -us, expectoration in cases of diseased liver
Enystron, abomasum; last stomach
Eon, the circumference of the eye
Epacmasticos, -us, synochus; continued fever
Epacme, the exacerbation of a disease
Epacros, sharp-pointed
Epagogion, -um, the prepuce
Epanacsis, the unexpected return of a disease

EPH

Epanadidontes pareti, fevers with increasing heat
 Epanadiplosis, } a kind of double tertian
 Epanalepsis, }
 ————— a calore, a pure inflammatory fever from heat
 ————— a frigore, a pure inflammatory fever from cold
 ————— lactea, a pure inflammatory fever from suppression of milk
 ————— menstrua, a pure inflammatory fever preceding menstrual eruption
 ————— nauseativa, a pure inflammatory fever from weak digestion
 ————— a phlogosi, a pure inflammatory fever from inflammation
 ————— plethorica, a pure inflammatory fever from fulness of vessels
 ————— puerperarum, a pure inflammatory fever from lingering labour
 Epanapnesis, quick respiration
 Epanastasis, any tumour
 Epancylotos, a spiral bandage
 Epanthesma, efflorescence
 Epantlesia, sprinkling the body with water
 Epaoidai, an amulet, or charm
 Epaphæresis, repeated bleeding
 Epaphros, frothy
 Epar, hepar; the liver
 Epargemos, a white speck on the eye
 Eparita, liver-coloured clay
 Eparma, } a tumour of the parotid gland
 Eparsis, }
 Eparoth, botrys Americana
 Epauxis, exacerbation; increase
 Epencranis, the cerebellum
 Eperlanus, the smelt fish; lithontriptic
 Ephebæon, -um, the pubes; puberty
 Ephedra, hippuris; horse-tail; an instrument for luxa tions
 ————— maritima major, sea grape, or shrub horse-tail; carminative
 ————— minor, lesser sea horse-tail
 Ephedrana, or Ephedra, the buttocks
 Ephelcis, crust of an ulcer; hardened purulent expectoration
 Ephelis, a freckle, or sun-burn
 Ephemera, diaria; a fever of one day
 ————— a calore, a pure inflammatory fever from exposure to heat
 ————— a frigore, a pure inflammatory fever from exposure to cold

EPI

Ephemera lactea, a pure inflammatory fever from suppression of milk
 ————— menstrua, a pure inflammatory fever preceding menstrual eruption
 ————— nauseativa, a pure inflammatory fever from weak digestion
 ————— a phlogosi, a pure inflammatory fever from inflammation
 ————— plethorica, a pure inflammatory fever from fulness of vessels
 ————— puerperarum, a pure inflammatory fever from lingering labour
 Ephemerides, fevers attacking at particular times of the moon
 Ephemeron, -um, deadly saffron
 Ephemerus, a fever of a day
 Ephemerum, spiderwort
 Ephesium, a plaister
 Ephialtes, the night-mare, or incubus
 Ephialtia, pæonia
 Ephidrosis, diseased sweating
 Ehippium, sella turcica
 Ephodes, excretory ducts; periodical febrile attacks; morbid causes
 Epialos, -us, the cold fit of fever
 Epialtes, } the night-mare
 Epibole, }
 Epicanthides, plural of Epicanthis; the angles of the eyes
 Epicarpium, the soft part of fruit; any application to the wrist
 Epicauma, encauma; a burn
 Epiceras, fenugreek
 Epicerastica, emollients
 Epicheiresis, a manual operation
 Epicholos, -us, bilious
 Epichordis, the mesentery
 Epichorios, epidermis; scarf skin
 Epicælis, the upper eyelid
 Epicolicæ regiones, the parts near the colon
 Epicophosis, deafness
 Epicranium, a muscle raising the eyebrows
 Epicrasis, cure by alteratives
 Epicrisis, a judgment, or opinion
 Epictenion, pubes; downy lint
 Epicyema, } a mole; superfetation
 Epicyesis, }
 Epidemicus, } epidemic, or prevailing disease
 Epidemius, }
 Epideris, clitoris
 Eoidermis, the scarf, or outer skin
 Epidesis, } bandages to secure and compress
 Epidesmus, }

- Epididymis, a part, or appendage of the testicle
 ————— distensa, spermatocele
 Epidosis, increase of the body, or of disease
 Epidrome, any accumulation of humours
 Epigastricus, belonging to the
 Epigastrium, the upper and fore part of the belly
 Epigennema, } the fur on the tongue; an
 Epigennesis, } accessory symptom
 Epiginomenu, springing out of
 Epiglossum, } laurus Alexandrina
 Epiglottis, }
 Epiglottis, the cartilage at the opening of the trachea
 Epiglottum, an instrument to elevate the eyelids
 Epigloutis, the upper part of the buttock
 Epigonatis, the knee-pan
 Epigonides, muscles inserted into the knees
 Epigonon, -um, a foetus; a mole
 Epigounides, the muscles of the knee
 Epigryphus, having a Roman nose
 Epilampsis, sparkling, or flashing
 Epilempsis, } epilepsy
 Epilentia, }
 Epilepsia, epilepsy; convulsion, loss of sense, foaming at the mouth, groaning, afterwards sleepiness
 ————— cachectica, epilepsy arising from bad habit of body
 ————— cerebialis, epilepsy arising from some defect in the brain
 ————— a dolore, epilepsy arising from pain
 ————— exanthematica, epilepsy arising from eruptive diseases
 ————— febricosa, epilepsy arising from fever
 ————— occasionalis, epilepsy arising from some accident
 ————— apathemate, epilepsy arising from some passion of the mind
 ————— plethorica, epilepsy arising from plethora
 ————— rachialgica, epilepsy arising from rickets
 ————— stomachica, epilepsy arising from foul stomach
 ————— sympathica, epilepsy arising from imitation
 ————— symptomatica, epilepsy arising from some other disease
 Epilepsia syphilitica, epilepsy arising from venereal disease
 ————— a terrore, epilepsy arising from terror
 ————— traumatica, epilepsy arising from wounds
 ————— uterina, epilepsy arising from hysterics
 Epilesmon, loss of memory
 Epilogismus, } rational induction, or inference
 Epilogos, }
 Epimedium, the plant barrenwort
 Epimelas, a white stone covered with a black crust
 Epimelis, the small bastard medlar
 Epimorios, -us, an unequal pulse
 Epimylis, the knee-pan
 Epinemesis, administering to the sick
 Epineneucos, an unequal pulse
 Epinephelos, -us, a cloud in the urine
 Epinotion, the shoulder blade
 Epinyctus, a pustule generally appearing in the night
 Epios, mild; a gentle epidemic fever
 Epipactis, a species of hellebore; alexipharmic
 Epiparoxysmus, an unusual frequency of febrile exacerbation
 Epipaston, any powdered drug sprinkled on the body
 Epipechys, the arm above the elbow
 Epipephycos, -us, adnata; growing upon
 Epiphænomonon, an accessory symptom
 Epiphania, the exterior habit of the body
 Epiphlebos, one having prominent veins
 Epiphlogisma, any violent inflammation
 Epiphora, watery eyes
 Epiphyllitis, with leaves on the flowers
 Epiphyllispermopheræ plantæ, plants bearing seeds on the backs of the leaves
 Epiphysis, the spongy extremity of infantine bones
 Epiplasma, a poultice, or cataplasm
 Epilegia, hemiplegia
 Epipleroses, super-repletion
 Epiplocele, a rupture of the omentum
 Epiploicus, belonging to the omentum
 Epiploitis, the puerperal fever
 Epiploocomistes, a large belly from increased omentum
 Epiploomphalon, an umbilical rupture
 Epiploon, omentum
 Epiploscheoceles, a scrotal hernia containing omentum

E P O

Epipolæus, slight disease
 Epipolasis, a species of chymical sublimation
 Epipoma, an instrument for covering the shoulder in a luxation
 Epiporoma, concretion about the joints
 Epiptyxis, a spasmodic closing of the lips
 Epipyrexia, a rapid exacerbation
 Epirigesis, unusual cold
 Epirrhoe, any influx of fluids
 Episarcidum, anasarca
 Epischesis, obstructed excretion
 Epischion, -um, os pubis
 Episcopales valvulæ, the mitral valves of the heart
 Episeion, the pubes
 Episemasia, the beginning of febrile paroxysms
 Epispasmos, -us, inspiration; attraction
 Epispastica, blister plaisters, or drawing drugs
 Episphæria, the convolutions of the brain
 Episplenus, afflicted with diseased spleen
 Epistagmos, -us, a catarrh
 Epistaphyline, muscles of the palate
 Epistasis, obstructed excretion; the surface of urine
 Epistaxis, bleeding from the nose
 Episthotonos, a spasmodic curvature of the body forwards
 Epistomion, a stopper of the vent of a furnace, or of a bottle
 Epistrophæus, the first vertebra of the neck
 Epistrophe, -is, inversion; distortion; relapse
 Episynthetici, physicians attentive to collect facts
 Epitasis, the beginning and increase of fever
 Epiternos, -us, fruitful
 Epitedeuma, any peculiar regimen
 Epitex, a woman near delivery
 Epithelium, the fine cuticle on the lips, fauces, &c.
 Epithema, fomentation; poultice; a cover
 Epithesis, straightening crooked limbs
 Epithymbrum, moss growing on winter savory
 Epithymum, dodder of thyme
 Epitocos, -us, pregnancy
 Epoche, epischesis; retention
 Epocheteusis, any partial derivation of fluids
 Epode, } cure by incantation
 Epodos, }

E R G

Epomis, the summit of the shoulder
 Epomphalion, -um, an application to the navel
 Epops, the upupa, or hoop bird
 Eposchion, the tendril of plants
 Eposilinga, scales of iron
 Epsema, a decoction
 Epulis, a tubercle in the gums
 Epulotica, drying, or cicatrizing applications
 Equicervus, the elk
 Equiclibanus, the heat of horse-dung
 Equina frasa, the horse bean
 Equinox, equal day and night
 Equisetum, horse-tail
 ——— aquaticum majus, great marsh horse-tail; styptic, dose ʒi. of the powdered root
 ——— arvense, corn, or field horse-tail
 ——— fœtidum, stinking horse-tail
 ——— majus, great marsh horse tail
 ——— minus, corn horse-tail
 ——— palustre, great marsh horse-tail
 ——— polygonoides femina, female horse-tail
 ——— pratense, meadow horse-tail
 ——— ramosum, branched naked horse-tail
 ——— sylvaticum, woodland horse-tail
 ——— terrestre, naked horse-tail
 Equitatio, horse exercise; riding
 Equi venter, horse-dung
 Equus, a horse
 Eradicativus, any strong purge
 Eranthemus, Adonis flos; chamomile
 Erasistratus, an ancient physician
 Erebinthus, cicor, or vetch pea
 Erector clitoridis, a muscle of the clitoris
 Erectores penis, the two erector muscles of the penis
 Erectus, (in botany) at right angles to the stalk
 Eregmos, bean meal
 Ereisma, a stay to a bandage
 Erethismos, -us, any irritating cause
 Eretria terra, Eretrian earth
 Ereugmos, -us, eructation, or belching
 Ereumena, cloudy
 Ereuthos, redness
 Ereuxis, eructation, or belching
 Ergalia, explanation of alchymical instruments
 Ergasima, an inferior kind of myrrh
 Ergasterum, a laboratory

Ergon, a work; any animal function
 Ergot, dyspepsia from eating bad corn
 Erica, common heath; decoction diuretic,
 dose $\frac{3}{4}$ v.
 — baccifera, } black-berried heath
 — coris foliis, }
 — humilis, }
 — officinalis, } erica, or common heath
 — pumila, }
 Ericerum, eye-water made of heath
 Erigeron, } groundsel, or senecio
 Erigerum, }
 — coeruleum, } blue fleabane; co-
 — quantum, } nyza ragwort,
 — tomentosum, } or Jacobæa
 Erineos, wild fig tree
 Erinos, -us, the plant water basil
 Eriophorum, the cotton plant
 Erithacus, the red start
 Erithales, houseleeks
 Erithronium satyrium, broad-leaved dandelion
 Erix, the upper part of the liver
 Erizambæ, king's spear; yellow asphodel
 Erodentia, corrosive applications
 Erodinium, a term for prognostic among
 chymists
 Erosio, erosion, or eating into
 Erosus, notched
 Erotion, baum
 Erotomania, the melancholy of lovers
 Erotylus, a species of mushroom
 Erpes, herpes; the shingles
 Errana, irregular fevers
 Erraticus, wandering; fevers with irregular
 paroxysms
 Errhina, errhines; drugs producing sneezing
 Erripsis, extreme debility
 Error loci, error of place in the humoral pa-
 thology, it means fluids getting into
 wrong vessels
 Eruca, herb rocket; a worm
 — sativa, garden rocket; pectoral
 — sylvestris, wild rocket; aperitive
 Erucago, corn rocket, antiscorbutic
 Eructatio, a belching
 Erupina, calcitrapa; star thistle
 Eruptio, bursting of an abscess; cutaneous
 eruption
 Eruthemata, erysipelalous pustules
 Erva de Sancta Maria, a species of arum
 Ervilla, garden spurge; a vetch
 Ervum, the bitter vetch
 — lens, the lentil

Ervum orientale, the eastern vetch
 — sylvestre, crimson grass vetch
 — verum, the bitter vetch
 Eryge, eructatio
 Erymatodes, flatulent
 Eryngium, eryngo, or sea holly
 Erysimum, hedge mustard; sauce alone;
 pectoral
 — alliaria, the herb Jack by the
 hedge
 — latifolium, common hedge mus-
 tard
 — theophrasti, buck wheat
 Erysipelaceus, erysipelalous
 Erysipelas, a diffused inflammation with fe-
 ver of two or three days, generally with
 coma or delirium if on the face
 — contagiosum, erysipelas of doubt-
 ful existence
 — pestilens, malignant erysipelas
 — pulmonis, erysipelas of the lungs
 — phlyctenodes, erysipelas, with
 small vesicles
 — rosa, the rose
 — typhodes, erysipelas running to
 gangrene
 — vesiculosum, erysipelas with large
 vesicles
 — a veneno, erysipelas from poison
 — zoster, erysipelas extending round
 the waist
 Erysipelatoides, a swelling and inflamma-
 tion resembling erysipelas
 Eryiscepirum, rose wood
 Erythema, erysipelalous redness of the face
 Erythicus, the red-breast
 Erythos, -us, redness
 Erythracium, the plant dog's stone
 Erythraeus, a pearl from the Red Sea
 Erythron, a red amalgam
 Erythrodanum, madder
 Erythroides, the vaginal coat of the testicle
 Erythronium, the plant dog's stone
 Erythroxydon, logwood; flower fence
 Erythrus, the herb sumach
 Es, corpus, or body
 Esaphe, uterine examination
 Esca, food
 Escapath, a species of sena
 Eschara, an eschar, or burn by caustic; a
 marine plant
 Escharapepa, roasted barley meal
 Escharotica, escharotics; destroyers of
 flesh; caustics

E U C

Eschatia, the extremities of the limbs
 Eschel, cobalt
 Escorzonera, viper grass
 Esculus, a species of oak; the beech
 Escura, an eschar, or burn from caustic
 Esebon, common salt
 Esmyrnismenos, -us, mixed with myrrh
 Esoche, a tumour within the anus
 Esphlasis, the drawing in of a part from injury
 Essatum potentiale, the medicinal power of drugs
 ——— vinum, medicated wine
 Essentia, the essence, or principle ingredient of a simple
 Essentiale sal, diuretic salt
 Essentialis, essential, applied to salts
 ——— febris, an idiopathic fever
 Essera, a species of nettle rash
 Essodium, a prediction from natural signs
 Esthiomenos, a malignant ulcer
 Esula, spurge
 ——— Indica, the gamboge plant
 ——— major, great marsh spurge
 ——— marina, sea spurge
 ——— minor, pine spurge
 ——— solisequa, following the sun
 Esuries, hunger
 Etesiae, the etesian, or cool north-eastern winds
 Ethel, white earth; magnesia; fire
 Ether, æther
 Ethica, hectic
 Ethmoides, sieve-like; the ethmoid bone of the skull
 Etimodrys, a species of oak
 Etnos, any leguminous food
 Etron, the lower part of the belly, or hypogastrium
 Ettalche, a species of cedar
 Etymodrys, quercus, or oak
 Etythoxylum Brasilianum, Brasil wood
 Evacuatio, any discharge from the body
 Euæmia, sweetness of the blood
 Euanaleptos, us. } easily restored to
 Euanasphaltos, -us, } strength
 Euanthemum, -um, wild chamomile
 Euaphion, a gentle medicine for piles
 Evaporatio, dissipation of any fluid by heat
 Eucardios, grateful to the stomach
 Eucatascepton, a wound properly supported
 Euchraæ, good colour
 Euchylos, } abounding with good humours
 Euchymia, }

E U P

Eucinetos, easy to be moved
 Eudiapneustos, -us, having good perspiration
 Euecticos, -us, of a good habit of body
 Euclces, ulcers easy of cure
 Eucoelius, } a name, or epithet for cherries
 Eucoilia, }
 Eucrasia, a good temperament
 Eualthes, easily cured
 Euelpidium, an eye-water
 Euembolos, a skilful bone setter
 Euemetus, vomiting with ease
 Euepæsthetus, having the senses in perfection
 Eueres, handy and accommodating
 Everriculum, a scoop used in lithotomy
 Eversio, ectropium
 Euexia, a good habit of body
 Eugeos, -us, the womb; the hymen
 Evistiola, a leprous disease of the neck
 Evile, the worm bred in ulcers
 Eulogium, the small-pox; measles
 Eunosis, easily disordered
 Eunuchion, the lettuce
 Eunuchus, a eunuch
 Enodes, smelling sweet
 Euonymoides Canadensis, a plant of Canada
 Euonymus Africanus, African barberry, or spindle tree
 ——— latifolius, broad-leaved spindle tree
 ——— vulgaris, the spindle tree
 Eupatoria Canadensis, blue flea-bane
 Eupatorisphalacron, agrimony
 Eupatorium, water hemp, or agrimony; purgative
 ——— adulterinum, }
 ——— Arabum, }
 ——— aromaticum, } species of agri-
 ——— cannabinum, } mony
 ——— Græcorum, }
 ——— Messue, }
 ——— odoratum, }
 ——— verum, }
 ——— veterum, }
 Eupepsia, good digestion
 Eupetalon, -um, spurge laurel
 Euphorbia palustris, spurge
 Euphorbium, the euphorbium plant of Barbary; stimulant
 Euphoria, the mild operation of drugs
 Euphragia, } the herb eye-bright
 Euphrasia, }

E X A

Euphyia, a good habit of body
 Euphrosyne, the herb eye-bright
 Eupnoia, -œa, easy respiration
 Euporista, medicines readily prepared
 Europee, male speedwell
 Euros, putrefaction
 Eurus, the east wind
 Eurychoria, any internal cavity
 Eurythmia, an equal pulse; surgical dexterity
 Eusamon, the herb rocket
 Eusarcus, any bulky, or fat person
 Euschemosyne, decent gravity
 Eusemia, favourable symptoms
 Eusitia, good appetite
 Eusplanchnus, having good bowels
 Eustomachus, having good stomach
 Eustathes, the regular succession of seasons, or symptoms
 Euthenia, fulness of health
 Euthesia, a strong constitution
 Euthymia, a serene mind
 Euthyporos, the extension necessary in fractured bones
 Eutocus, easy labours, or child-birth
 Eutrophia, good nourishment
 Evacuatio, evacuation, or throwing off
 Evacuatorii, diseases with increased evacuation
 Evaporatio, dissipation of fluids by heat
 Eventus, termination of disease
 Everriculum, a spoon to take small stones out of the bladder
 Eversio, turning up of the eyelids
 Exacerbantes, remitting fevers
 Exacerbatio, a paroxysm of fever
 Exacinata, fruit deprived of its stone
 Exæmus, without blood
 Exæresis, removing excrescences
 Exalipites, aliptæ; anointers
 Exalma, } dislocation of vertebræ
 Exalsis, }
 Exaltatio, a chymical word for increase of strength, or virtue, in any thing
 Exambloma, } miscarriage
 Examblosis, }
 Exanastomosis, the joining, or inosculation of blood vessels
 Exanastrophe, recovery from disease
 Exanguis, without blood
 Exania, bearing down
 Exanimatio, death; fainting
 Exanthema, } pustules; eruptions
 Exanthisma, }

E X E

Exanthropia, a species of melancholy
 Exapsis, inflammation; the heat of digestion
 Excarragma, a fracture; collision; rubbing
 Exarchiatus, chief physician
 Exarma, tumour
 Exarsio, hectic heat
 Exartema, an amulet, or charm
 Exarthrema, }
 Exarthroma, } a luxation
 Exarthrosis, }
 Exarticulatio, dislocation
 Exarthros, -us, a person with large joints
 Exarysis, exhaustion; decay of strength
 Exasperatio, the increase of disease
 Excathisma, a semicupium, or warm bath for part of the body
 Excedens, (in botany) comparatively long
 Excidentia, a dislocation
 Excipiens, the most abundant ingredient in composition
 Excipulum, a chymical receiver
 Excissio, a cutting out
 Excluserium, medicine procuring abortion
 Excoriatio, }
 Excoriatis, } excoriation, or depriving of skin
 Excoriatura, }
 Excorticatio, decorticatio; taking off rind
 Excrementitius, feculent; refuse
 Excrementum, the excrement, or fæces
 Excrescentia, any superfluous part
 ————— faba Bengalensis, the Bengal bean; astringent
 Excreta, all evacuations of feculent matters
 Excretio, excretio, or throwing out matters or fluids secreted
 Excusia ventriculi, a brush for washing the stomach
 Exebronchos, a person of prominent bronchial glands
 Exechecheglutos, -us, prominent buttocks
 Exegesis, explanation
 Exelcosis, ulceration
 Exelcysmus, the depression of a bone
 Exenterizesis, the loss of marrow, or pith
 Exerama, matter thrown off by vomiting
 Exercitatio, exercise
 Exerrheusis, }
 Exerrhesis, } any curative evacuation
 Exerrhosis, }
 Exetriasmemos, -us, strained
 Exeunuchizesis, castration

Exfoliatio, exfoliation, or a separation of bone
 Exfoliativum, a rugine, or rasping instrument
 Exhalatio, sending off in vapours
 Exhaustio, loss of strength
 Exinanitio, evacuation
 Exipoticos, -us, digesting application
 Exischios, exarthros; a luxation of the thigh
 Exitelos, substances affording little or no nourishment
 Exitura, an abscess; putrid excrement
 Exitus ani, a falling down, or prolapsus of the anus
 Exochas, tubercle near the verge of the anus
 Exocyste, } a protrusion of the inner mem-
 Exocystis, } brane of the bladder
 Exomphalos, rupture of the navel
 Exonchoma, any very prominent tumour
 Exoneirosis, involuntary emission of semen in sleep
 Exophthalmia, a protrusion of the eye-ball
 Exonescentia, exacerbatio
 Exoss, } a leech
 Exosis, }
 Exostosis, an excrescence of a bone
 Exoticus, any foreign production
 Expectorantia, expectorants; medicines promoting mucous discharge from the lungs
 Expectoratio, a discharge of mucus from the lungs
 Expellentia, medicines which drive out worms, &c.
 Expiratio, the expulsion of air from the lungs
 Expletio, repletion
 Exploratio, examination of a wound
 Exploratrix, a chymical cupel, or test
 Explosio, explosion, or chymical detonation
 Expressio, expression; pressing out
 Expuitio, spitting out
 Expulsio, driving out morbid matters
 Exsertus, (in botany) the stamen appearing above the corolla
 Exsiccatio, drying
 Exstasis, a trance; swooning
 Exstipulatus, without haulm, or stems
 Exsuccatio, an ecchymosis, or collection of blood under the skin
 Exsudatio, a critical sweat
 Extasis, swooning; exstasis
 Extensio, extension, or drawing out

Extensor, extender applied to muscles
 ————— brevis, a muscle of the humerus
 ————— carpi lunaris, } muscles of the fore
 ————— radialis, } arm
 ————— digitorum brevis, a muscle of the toe
 ————— communis, a muscle of the fore arm
 ————— longus, a muscle of the toes
 ————— indicis, a muscle of the fore finger
 ————— longus, a muscle of the scapula
 ————— minimi digiti, a muscle of the little finger
 ————— primi internodii pollicis, a muscle of the thumb
 ————— secundi internodii pollicis, a muscle of the thumb
 ————— tertii internodii pollicis, a muscle of the thumb
 ————— pollicis longus, a muscle of the great toe
 ————— brevis, a muscle of the toes
 Extenuatio, leanness
 Extergentia, cleansers
 Externus, external; outward
 Extinctio, powdering; death
 Extirpatio, cutting out; amputation
 Extractio, extraction, or drawing out
 Extractum, extract of the finer and most efficacious parts of vegetables
 ————— absinthii, extract of wormwood
 ————— aconiti, extract of aconitum, or wolfsbane
 ————— cacuminis genistæ, extract of broom tops
 ————— capitum papaveris albi, extract of white poppy heads
 ————— catharticum, colocynthida, aloes, scammony, and cardamoms
 ————— colocynthidis compositum, colocynthida, aloes, scammony, and cardamoms
 ————— centaurei, extract of centaury
 ————— cicutæ, extract of hemlock
 ————— cinchonæ, extract of Peruvian bark
 ————— chamomeli, extract of chamomile
 ————— columbæ, extract of columbo root
 ————— corticis Peruviani, extract of Peruvian bark
 ————— croci, extract of saffron

E X T

Extractum enulæ campanulæ, extract of
 elecampane
 ————— eustachianum, extract of pilula
 rudii
 ————— foliorum pulsatillæ nigricantis,
 extract of pulsatilla nigricans
 ————— gentianæ, extract of gentian
 ————— glycyrrhiza, extract of liquorice
 ————— guaiaci, extract of guaiacum
 ————— jalapii, extract of jalap
 ————— hæmatoxyli, extractum ligni
 Campechensis
 ————— helleboris nigri, extract of black
 hellebore
 ————— ligni Campechensis, extract of
 logwood
 ————— martis, extract of steel
 ————— opii, extract of opium
 ————— papaveris albi, extract of the
 white poppy
 ————— plantaginis, extract of plantain
 ————— purgans, extractum catharticum
 ————— rudii, pilula rudii
 ————— rutæ, extract of rue
 ————— sabinæ, extract of savine

E Z U

Extractum saturni, extract of lead
 ————— seminum cicutæ, extract of
 hemlock seeds
 ————— sennæ, extract of senna
 ————— thebaicum, extract of opium
 Extrafoliaceus, growing on the outside of
 the leaf
 Extravasatio, extravasation; effusion of
 blood into cavities, or under the skin
 Extraversio, the chymical evolution of some
 hidden power
 Extremitates, extremities
 Extrinsecus, the external part
 Extuberantia, cutaneous tumours
 Exuberes, weaned children
 Exumbilicatio, a protuberant navel
 Exulceratio, ulceration
 Exungulatio, exungulation, or cutting off
 the white parts of roses
 Exustio, combustion
 Exuviae, the cast skins of vipers
 Ezeph, the sun
 Ezerich, salt
 Ezquaduith, the dragon's blood tree
 Ezula, spurge; esula

F.

F A B

FABA, a bean
 ————— Bengalensis, an eastern dried fruit
 called myrobalans
 ————— crassa, common orpine, or live long
 ————— Ægyptia, the Egyptian pontic
 bean; styptic
 ————— equina, horse bean
 ————— febrifuga, the nux vomica of the
 East Indies
 ————— fusa, bean flour; astringent
 ————— Græca latifolia, an astringent plant
 ————— Indica, the nux vomica of the
 East Indies
 ————— inversa, common orpine live long
 ————— major, Turkey and garden bean
 ————— minor, the horse bean
 ————— purgatrix, the Barbadoes nut;
 drastic purge
 Faba Sancta Ignatii, the nux vomica of the
 East Indies
 ————— suilla, common henbane

F A G

Fabacium, a cake of bean meal
 Fabago, a bitter vermifuge plant of Syria;
 bean chaff
 Fabaria, anacampseros; orpine
 Faber, the doug, a small fish
 Fabulis nigrica, black lead
 Fabrorum aqua, forge water
 Facies, the face
 ————— Hippocratica, the Hippocratic face,
 indicating death
 ————— rubra, the red pimpled face
 Factitius, artificial
 Facultas, faculty, or power to perform
 Fæcula, residua of vegetable juices
 ————— bryonica, the dried fæces of bryony
 root
 Fæculentus, feculent, or dreggy
 Fæx, singular of Fæces, the dregs of li-
 quors; alvine evacuations
 Fagaria major, an aromatic eastern berry;
 astringent

Fagaria octandria, the taceamahacca
Fagonia, the name of a plant
Fagopyrum, } buck wheat, or brank; pec-
Fagotriticum, } toral
Fagus, the beech tree
Falcanos, arsenic
Falcata siliqua cornuta, medic; fodder
Falcatus, hooked
Falciformis, scythe-shaped
Falcinellus, a species of heron; curlew
Falco, the falcon
Fallopian, a physician after whom several
parts of the body are named
Falx, *falciformis processus*; a process of the
dura mater
Famelicus, hungry; starved
Fames, hunger
—— *canina*, a voracious, or dog-like
hunger
Famigeratissimum, the name of a plaister
Far, any decorticated grain
Farciminalis, allantois
Fartura, fruit filled with medicinal ingre-
dients
Fartus, stuffed; crammed
Farfara, } coltsfoot, or tussilago
Farfarella, }
Farfarus, white poplar
Farina, meal; flour
—— *fæcundans*, the impregnating dust
of plants
Farinacea, mealy substances
Farinarium, a mealy food used by the an-
cients
Farina fusca, the fine flour of cassadra
—— *relada*, undressed flour of cassadra
Farinifera, the Indian bread, or sago tree
Farnesianus flos, potatoe; Jerusalem arti-
choke
Farrago, bastard sponge
Farrea nubes, pityriasis; branny scales
Farrens, scurfy
Fascia, a bandage; part of a tendon
—— *dividens*, a bandage for the neck
—— *lata*, the broad ligament of the pelvis
—— *lumborum*, a tendinous expansion
on the loins, or sacrum
Fascialis, *musculus sartorius*
Fasciatio, bandaging
Fasciatus, growing in bundles
Fascicularis, tuberos roots in bundles
Fasciculatus, growing in bundles
Fasiculus, a handful
Fasdir, tin

Fastidium, aversion; loathing
Fastigiatus, like the ridge of a house
Fatuitas, idiotism
Fatuus, silly
Fauces, plural of *Faux*, the top of the throat
Faufel, terra Japonica, or catechu
Faulex, steel
Faux, the mouth of the tube of a flower
Favago Australis, bastard sponge
Faviformis, like honey-comb
Favonius, the west wind
Favus, cerion; a foul ulcer
Febrifuga, medicines removing fever; the
plant feverfew; lesser centaury
Febrifugum cræni, regulus of antimony
—— *sal*, regenerated marine salt
Febris, a fever, or pyrexia without local
disease
—— *alba*, }
—— *amatoria*, } chlorosis
—— *amphimerina*, a quotidian, or re-
mittent fever
—— *anginosa*, scarlatina *anginosa*
—— *anomala*, any irregular, or undefin-
ed fever
—— *aphthosa*, an aphthous fever
—— *ardens*, a burning inflammatory
fever
—— *autumnalis*, } an autumnal, or bi-
—— *biliosa*, } lious fever
—— *bullosa*, the pemphigus, or vesicular
fever
—— *cacatoria*, an intermittent with di-
arrhœa
—— *caput impetens*, tertiana carotica
—— *carcerum*, } the prison, or camp fe-
—— *castrensis*, } ver
—— *catarrhalis*, the catarrhal fever
—— *choleric*, a fever with diarrhœa
—— *continua*, a continued fever
—— *assodes*, a tertian fever with
extreme restlessness
—— *elodes*, a fever with conti-
nual and profuse sweating
—— *epiala*, a fever with a con-
tinual sense of cold
—— *leipyria*, a fever with inter-
nal heat and cold extremities
—— *syncopalis*, a continued fe-
ver with swoonings
—— *contagiosa*, the contagious fever
—— *continens*, continued without inter-
mission
—— *critica*, a critical fever

F E B

- Febris depuratoria, the depuratory, or cleansing fever
- decurrens, an ardent fever
 - diaria, amphemerina
 - endemica, the endemical fever confined to a particular place
 - epidemica, the epidemical fever
 - erysipelacea, } erysipelatous fever
 - erysipelatosæ, }
 - exacerbans, a continued fever more urgent at a certain part of the day
 - exanthematica, fever with eruptions
 - flava, the yellow fever
 - hectica, a hectic fever
 - Hungarica, a species of tertian fever
 - hydrodes, a fever with profuse sweats
 - Indica, the Indian fever
 - inflammatoria, an inflammatory fever
 - intercurrents, any fever occurring at all seasons
 - intermittens, an intermittent fever
 - intestinalis, inflammation of the intestines
 - lactea, a milk fever
 - lenta, a slow fever
 - lenticularis, a species of petechial fever
 - lymphatica, a fever with diseased lymphatics
 - maligna, the malignant fever
 - ——— hectica, hectic fever with putrid symptoms
 - miliaris, the miliary fever
 - morbillosa, the measles
 - nautica, fever peculiar to seamen
 - nervosa, the nervous fever
 - nosocomicorum, fever of hospitals
 - nova, the new fever
 - palustris, the marsh fever
 - pestilens, the plague
 - petechialis, } fever with purple
 - petechizans, } spots
 - pleuritica, the pleurisy
 - pneumonica, the inflammation of the lungs
 - purpurata, the purple fever
 - putrida, the putrid fever
 - remittens, remitting fever
 - scarlatina, scarlet fever
 - Senegallensis, fever of Senegal
 - stomachia, inflammation of the stomach

F E R

- Febris sudatoria, sweating fever
- ——— synches epidemica, a tertian intermittent fever
 - ——— synocha, an ardent fever
 - ——— tertiana, a tertian fever
 - ——— typhodes, a typhus, or low fever
 - ——— variolosa, a variolous, or small-pox fever
 - ——— vesicatoria, vesicular fever
 - ——— urticata, fever with nettle rash
- Fecula, or Fecla, the dregs, or lees of liquors
- Fecunditas, fœcunditas; fruitfulness
- Fegopyrum, } fagopyrum
- Fegotriticum, }
- Fel, bilis; bile
- ——— naturæ, aloes
- Felis, a cat
- Fella, sulphureous water
- Felliculus, vesicula fellis
- Felliflua passio, cholera morbus
- Fellilich, iron
- Femen, the thigh
- Feminus, female
- Femoralia, breeches
- Femoralis arteria, the femoral artery
- Femoris os, the thigh bone
- Femur, the thigh
- Fenestra ovalis et rotunda, parts of the ear
- Ferentis, the strawberry tree
- Ferina, high delirium
- Ferinus, savage; brutal; malignant
- Fermentatio, fermentation, or motion of invisible parts
- Fermentum, ferment; yeast; leaven; froth of beer
- Ferramentum candens, red-hot iron
- Ferratus, impregnated with iron
- Ferri rubigo, rust of iron
- ——— tinctura muriata, iron dissolved in spirit of salt
- Ferrugo, rust of iron
- Ferrum, iron
- ——— ammoniacale, colcothar, or iron filings sublimed with sal ammoniac
 - ——— equinum, horse-shoe vetch; styptic
 - ——— saccharatum, candied steel
 - ——— tartarizatum, exposed to the air with crystals of tartar; dose ten grains
 - ——— vitriolatum, salt of steel; iron dissolved in the vitriolic acid and crystallized
- Fersæ, the measles
- Fertilis, bearing seed
- Ferula, herb fennel giant

FIG

Ferula Africana, galbanifera; the galbanum plant
 — folio breviori, bastard spignel
 — galbanifera, small fennel giant
 — glauco folio, candy all-heal; detergent
 — major, fennel giant that affords sagapenum
 — minor, all-heal of *Æsculapius*; detergent
Ferulacea, ferula galbanifera
Ferulago, small fennel giant
Feruza, a precious stone
Ferridus, hot
Festuca avenacea, the great wild oat grass
 — Italica, havergrass
 — longis aristis, bearded like oats
Festucago, a wild oat
Fiber, the beaver
Fibra, } a fibre; the smallest organized
Fibulla, } part
Fibrosus, a fibrous root
Fibula, the outside, or smallest bone of the leg; a buckle, or button
Fibulæus, a muscle of the fibula
Ficaria, knobby-rooted figwort, or pilewort; celandine
Ficatio, tubercles near the anus and pudenda
Ficatus, fattened by feeding on figs
Ficedula, a bird that feeds on figs
Ficoidea, or **Ficoides**, resembling a fig; house-leek; emollient
Fictilis, of earthen ware
Ficus, a fig tree; a species of tubercle appearing near the anus and pudenda
 — Americana, a species of thorn apple
 — *Ægyptiaca*, the Cretan mulberry-leaved fig tree
 — Indica, the banana tree
 — Indicæ grana, cochineal
 — infernalis, a species of spurge
 — Malabarica, the fig tree of Malabar
 — sativa, the common fig tree; pectoral
Fida, gold or silver
Fidda, the moon
Fideritis, chamæpitis, or ground pine
Fideum, saffron
Fidicinales, small muscles of the toes and fingers
Fiducia, confidence
Figentia, substances which fix volatiles and concentrate acids
Figura, the figure, or external form

FIS

Figurata medicamenta, figured medicines, as pills, troches, &c.
Figurata stercora, figured, or formed stools
Filaceæ radices, roots with numerous filaments
Filago, cud, or cotton weed; astringent
 — Alpina, the herb lion's foot; discutient
Filamentosus, bearing thready fibres
Filamentum, a filament, or thread-like substances
Filellum, the frenum of the penis
Filetum, the frenum of the tongue
Filicula, common maiden hair; pectoral
 — petræ rutæ facie, white maiden hair; pectoral
Filiformis, thread-shaped
Filipendula, dropwort; astringent
 — aquatica, water dropwort
Filius ante patrem, any plant whose flower comes out before the leaf, as coltsfoot
 — albi, } terms in alchymy
 — nigri, }
 — unius ostium, vitriol; orpiment
 — diei, an egg
 — veneris, brass
Filix, fern, or brakes
 — aculeata, spear-pointed fern
 — florida, the flowering fern; emmenagogue
 — foemina, female fern, or bracken
 — mas, the male fern; vermifuge
 — querna, the lesser branched, or oak fern
 — repens, the creeping oak fern
Filtatio, filtration, an accurate kind of straining
Filtrum, a straining, or filtering instrument
Filum arsenicale, corrosive sublimate
Fimbria, fringe, applied to leaves with jagged edges
Fimbricata, fringed, or jagged
Fimus, animal stercus, or dung
Fingrigo, a West Indian plant called pisonia
Firex, oil
Firfir, a red colour
Firmamentum, the firmament, heavens, or sky
 — hominis, the constitution of man
Firmisium mineralium, antimony
Fissiculatio, anatomical dissection
Fissilis, slate
 — lapis, the Irish slate

Fissipes, cloven footed
 Fissum, fistula ani; the broad ligament of the liver
 Fissura, a fissure, crack, or fracture
 Fissus, cloven
 Fistilla, gruel of pulse
 Fistula, a hollow sinous ulcer; a catheter, or any pipe
 — in ano, a fistula in or near the anus
 — epididymi, a fistula in the epididymus
 — lachrymalis, a fistula of the lachrymal sac
 — in perinæo, a fistula in the perinæum
 Fistularia, stavesacre
 Fistularis, pipe-like; epithet of tubular plants
 Fixa, a substance not volatilized by heat
 Fixatio, fixing any volatile substances
 Flabelliformis, fan-shaped
 Flabellum marinum, a species of coral
 Flaccidus, withered; flaccid
 Flagellatio, a whipping, or scourging
 Flagellum, (in botany) a shoot like a lash, or thong
 Flammeolum, a species of spurge
 Flammula, filk for setons; a species of ranunculus; hearts-ease
 — jovis, the upright lady's bower
 Flatuarii, chymists
 Flatulentus, windy; troubled with wind
 Elatus furiosus, a painful disease from wind
 Flatus, flatus, flatulence, or wind
 Elavedo, yellowness
 Flavum lignum, fustick wood of Jamaica
 Elemen, or Flegmen, a tumour about the ancles; any furrow in the hands
 Eleresin, gout
 Fletus, weeping
 Flexor, a bender, applied to muscles
 — brevis minimi digiti manus, a muscle of the little finger
 — capitis, the hind head, or occiput
 — carpi radialis, } muscles of the wrist
 — ulnaris, }
 — digiti parvi, a muscle of the little finger
 — digitorum accessorius, a muscle of the foot
 — internodii digitorum pedis, a muscle of the toes
 — primi pollicis manus, a muscle of the thumb

Flexor internodii primi et secundi pollicis, a muscle of the great and second toe
 — secundi digitorum manus, a muscle of the fingers and thumb
 — pollicis manus, a muscle of the fingers and thumb
 — tertii digitorum manus, a muscle of the hand
 — pollicis, a muscle of the thumb
 — longus, a muscle of the foot
 — pollicis brevis, a muscle of the great toe
 — longus manus, a muscle of the hand
 — longus pedis, a muscle of the foot
 — ossis primi et secundi, a muscle of the thumb
 — sublimis, muscle of the foot
 Flocculi urinæ, the fine leaf-like clouds in urine
 Flexuosus, with many turnings
 Floralis, a flower leaf
 Flores, flowers; a name for the condensed parts of a body volatilized by heat
 — benzoini, flowers of Benjamin
 — martiales, ferrum ammoniacale
 — salis ammoniaci, flowers of ammonia
 — sulphuris, flowers of sulphur
 — loti, flowers of sulphur washed
 — zinci, flowers of zink
 Flos, a flower in botany
 — æris, flowers of copper
 — amentaceus, flowers in a bundle, or catkin
 — ambervalis, common blue milkwort
 — amoris, flower gentle
 — apetalus, a flower without petals
 — campaniformis, a bell-shaped flower
 — caryophyllæus, a clove-shaped flower
 — compositus, a compound flower
 — Constantinopolitanus, a name of a species of lichen
 — cruciformis, the crucial, or cross-like flower
 — cuculi, the cardamine, or lady's smock
 — flosculosus, floscules composed of several florets
 — infundibuliformis, a funnel-shaped flower
 — jovis, saffron, or crocus
 — labiatus, a lip-shaped flower

FLU

Flos lactis, cream

- liliaceus, lily-shaped flower
- mirabilis, the jalap plant
- monopetalus, a flower with one leaf
- ——— anomalus, an irregular flower with one leaf
- papilionaceus, a butterfly-like flower, as the pea, &c.
- passionis, passion flower
- personatus, a flower resembling a mask
- petalodes, } flowers with numerous
- polypetalus, } petals
- pyramidalis, the jessamine artichoke
- radiatus, a radiated flower
- regius, delphinium
- rosaceus, a rose-shaped flower
- salis, a saline matter on the surface of the Nile
- sanguineus monardi, Indian cress
- scorpioides, flower twisted like a scorpion's tail
- semiflosculosus, semiflosculous; semi-florets in one calyx
- solis, a sun flower
- spicatus, a spiked flower
- stamineus, flower without petals having many chives in a calyx
- sterilis, barren flower having no embryo
- terræ, a jelly-like substance found in the fields after rain
- trinitatis, the violet
- trollius, hellebore
- ventriculatus, whorle-shaped flower
- umbellatus, umbellated, as parsley, carrot, hemlock, &c.
- unguentorum, emplastrum a nostratibus
- urceolatus, pitcher-shaped flower

Flosculus, a little flower

Fluas, fluat; fluoric acid with various bases

- aluminæ, fluat of alumine; argillous fluor
- ammoniacalis, fluat of ammoniac; spathic; sal ammoniac
- arsenicalis, fluat of arsenic
- argenti, fluat of silver
- auri, fluat of gold
- barytæ, fluat of barytes; ponderous fluor
- bismuthi, fluat of bismuth
- calcareus, fluat of lime; fluor spar
- cobalti, fluat of cobalt
- cupri, fluat of copper

FÆN

Fluas ferri, fluat of iron

- magnesæ, fluat of magnesia
- — magnesii, fluat of magnese
- mercurii, fluat of mercury
- molybdeni, fluat of molybden, or black lead
- niccoli, fluat of nickel
- platini, fluat of platina
- potassæ, fluat of pot-ash; tartareous fluor
- sodæ, fluat of soda; fluor of soda
- stibii, fluat of antimony
- stanni, fluat of tin
- tungsteni, fluat of tungstein
- zinci, fluat of zink

Fluctuatio, fluctuation, or undulation of a contained fluid

Fluiditas, fluidity; that looseness of texture which will not keep the particles together in a depending position

Fluor, any fusible stone; fluidity; the Derbyshire spar

— albus, the whites; a serous discharge from the vagina

— muliebris, leucorrhœa

Flus, fluor; any fusible stone; spar

Fluta, the lamprey fish

Fluxio, a common cold, or catarrh

Fluxus, a flux; defluxion

— abortivus, abortion, or miscarriage

— hepaticus, a bilious diarrhœa

— dysentricus, dysentery

Focarius, bread baked on the coals

Focile majus, ulna; tibia

— minus, radius and fibula

Focus, the point where rays meet; a fireplace; a melting house; a lobe of the liver

— morbi, the seat of disease

Fodina, a quarry; the labyrinth of the ear

Fœcunditas, fruitfulness

Fœdula, a fungus

Fœmina, a woman, or female

Fœniculatum lignum, sassafras

Fœniculum, fennel or finckle; carminative

— — — — — Alpinum, herb spignel

— — — — — annuum, royal cumin

— — — — — dulce, sweet fennel; carminative

— — — — — erraticum, English saxifrage

— — — — — marinum, samphire

— — — — — orientale, cuminum

— — — — — porcinum, hog's fennel

— — — — — sinense, aniseed

— — — — — sylvestre, bastard spignel

F O L

Forniculum tortuosum, French hartwort; diuretic
 ———— vulgare, common finckle, or fennel
Fœnix, the philosopher's stone
Fœnum Burgundiacum, medic fodder
 ———— camelorum, juncus odoratus
 ———— græcum, fenugreek; emollient
 ———— sylvestre, wild fenugreek
Fœta, a lying-in female
Fœtabulum, an encysted abscess
Fœtidus, stinking
Fœtor, a stink
Fœtus, an animal young before birth
Foliaceus, growing upon the leaves
Foliaceum ornamentum, the fringe of the fallopian tube
Folia Malabathri, leaves of the cinnamon tree
Foliaris, proceeding from a leaf
Foliata terra, sulphur; diuretic salt
Foliatio, foliation; the finer coloured leaves of plants
Foliatius, covered with leaves
Foliferus, bearing leaves
Follicolum, a little leaf
Foliosus, covered with leaves
Folium, a leaf; the philosopher's stone
 ———— alatum, a winged leaf
 ———— angulatum, an angular, or cornered leaf
 ———— auriculatum, an ear-like leaf
 ———— compositum, a compound leaf
 ———— crenatum, a leaf that is cut about the edges into notches
 ———— digitatum, a digitated, or hand-like leaf
 ———— integrum, an entire undivided leaf
 ———— lanciniatum, a jagged leaf
 ———— pennatum, a pennated, or winged leaf
 ———— ramosum, a branched leaf
 ———— sagittatum, an arrow shaped leaf
 ———— serratum, a leaf like a saw
 ———— simplex, a simple leaf
 ———— sinuatum, a leaf with deep indentations on the edge
 ———— trifoliatum, a leaf consisting of three smaller ones
 ———— trilobatum, a leaf with three lobes
 ———— umbilicatum, navel-like leaf
 ———— Indum, Indian leaf; wild cinnamon; cordial
Folliculus, a follicle; a gland; a little bag or fold

F O R

Folliculus fellis, the gall bladder
Follis, a follicle, folding, cavity, or bag
Fom, sound; voice
Fomentatio, } fomentation; bathing with
Fomentum, } hot medicated liquor
Fomes, fuel
 ———— morbi, the fuel, or continually acting cause of disease
 ———— ventriculi, the spleen
Fomites, contagious clothes, or the infectious causes
Fons, a fountain; the fontanella in infants
 ———— chemiæ, the fountain of chymistry; mercury
 ———— chirurgicus, the capacity to relieve
 ———— diæteticus, all remedies drawn from diet
 ———— pharmaceuticus, all remedies drawn from the materia medica
 ———— philosophorum, the philosopher's fountain; the balneum Mariæ
 ———— pulsans, } fontanella
 ———— pulsatilis, }
Fontalis major, broad-leaved pond weed
Fontana, } the fontanell; the membrane
Fontanella, } covering the aperture at the sutures of the heads of children
Fonticulus, an issue
Fontinalis, a species of moss
Foramen, a hole
 ———— cæcum, a rima, or chap in the middle of the tongue
 ———— lacerum, a hole in the os sphenoides
 ———— opticum, the hole transmitting the optic nerve
 ———— ovale, the hole in the septum of the foetal heart
Foraminulentum os, the ethmoid bone
Forceps, pincers; forceps as used in midwifery
Forfex, scissars; a tooth instrument
Forficina, } an earwig
Forficula, }
Foria, thin excrements
Forma, the form of any body
Formatio, the external shape of any substance
Formatus, any muscular substance
Formias, formiat; the formic, or acid of ants with various bases
 ———— aluminosus, formiat of alumine
 ———— ammoniacalis, formiat of ammoniac

Formias antimonii, formiat of antimony

- **argenti**, formiat of silver
- **arsenici**, formiat of arsenic
- **auri**, formiat of gold
- **baryticus**, formiat of barytes
- **bismuthi**, formiat of bismuth
- **calcareus**, formiat of lime
- **cobalti**, formiat of cobalt
- **cupri**, formiat of copper
- **ferri**, formiat of iron
- **magnesiae**, formiat of magnesia
- **magnesi**, formiat of manganese
- **mercurii**, formiat of mercury
- **molybdeni**, formiat of molybden
- **niccoli**, formiat of nickel
- **platini**, formiat of platina
- **plumbi**, formiat of lead
- **sodae**, formiat of soda
- **stanni**, formiat of tin
- **tungsteni**, formiat of tungstein
- **zinci**, formiat of zink

Formica, the ant; a black wart; varicose tumours on the anus and penis

- **miliaris**, any herpetic eruption
- **major**, the horse ant
- **minor**, the common ant

Formicans, a low unequal pulse

Formicatio, a sensation like the creeping of ants

Formicus, produced from ants

Formix, a species of herpetic eruption

Formula, any form of medicinal preparation

- **urinæ**, red and clear urine

Fornaceæ testæ, heated bricks acting as caustics

Fornacum terra, the earth of furnaces acting escharotically

Fornax, a furnace; a chimney

Fornicatus, arched flower leaves; a botanical term

Fornix, a hot sweating room, a part of the corpus collosum of the brain

Forpex, forfex; scissors

Fortis, strong

Fossa, a groove; a ditch; the pudendum muliebre

- **amyntæ**, a double-headed roller for the face

- **magna**, } the great groove of the
- **navicularis**, } ear; the pudendum muliebre

- **pituitaria**, the fossa of the sella turcica of the sphenoid bone

Fossilis, any thing dug out of the earth

Fossilus, the bone of the leg

Fossio, digging by way of exercise

Fossula, bothrion; a socket

Fotus, fomentation

- **anodynus**, fomentation with poppy heads

- **restringens**, fomentation with forge water

Fovea, the pudendum muliebre; bothrion; a partial sweating bath

Foveo, to foment

Fraces, the pressed pulp of the olive

Fractura, a fracture of a bone

Frænator, a muscle of the neck

Frænulum, } the annular ligaments; a bridle

Frænium, } linguæ, the frenum, or bridle of the tongue

- **penis**, the frenum, or bridle of the penis

Fraga, the strawberry; refrigerant

Fragaria, the strawberry tree

- **pentaphylli fructu**, a species of wild tansy

- **sterilis**, } barren strawberry; astringent

Fragaroides, } gent

Fragifera major, } strawberry spinage

— **minor**, }

Fragilitas ossium, brittleness of bones

Fragmen, } a splinter of a bone

Fragmentum, }

Fragum, a strawberry

Frambæsia, the Indian yaws; the raspberry

Francolin, the attagen; Asiatic partridge, or moor game

Frangula, the common alder tree

Frankenia, the name of a plant

Fraxinella, bastard dittany; alexipharmic

Fraxinus, the ash tree; anti-icteric

- **ornus**, ash that yields manna

Frena, the sockets of the teeth

Frenans medicamentum, any febrifuge

Fresum, peeled, or broken

Friabilitas ossium, the brittleness of bones

Fricium, fricatorium medicamentum; any remedy rubbed on the body

Fricta, black rosin

Friccio, rubbing

Friesel, the miliary fever

Frigida, cold water

Frigidarium, the cold bath

Frigerana, a putrid fever

Frigus, cold

Fringilla, the chaffinch

F R U

Fringillago, the titmouse
 Fritta, fritt; a concrete of soda in making glass
 Frittillaria, the fritillary, or checkered tulip; febrifuge
 Frixus, fried
 Frondescentia, the time when plants come into leaf
 Frondipora, a marine plant
 Frons, the forehead
 Frontale, any application to the forehead
 Frontalia, applications to the forehead, as bran, manna, &c.
 Frontalis musculus, } a muscle of the fore-
 ————— verus, } head
 ————— nervus, a branch of the fifth pair of nerves
 ————— sinus, sinus between the bones of the forehead
 ————— vena, a branch of the external jugular vein
 Frontis os, the bone of the forehead
 Fronto, a large forehead
 Fructescentia, the time when the seeds ripen
 Fructificatio, the parts of plants producing fruit
 Fructiflorus, bearing fruit and flowers at the same time
 Fructus, fruit
 ————— orbicularis peregrinus, colubrinum lignum
 ————— umbilicatus, umbilicated fruit, as the medlar, &c.
 Fruges, corn; grain; all kinds of fruit
 Frugifera, the wheat ear
 Frugilega, } the rook
 Frugivora, }
 Frumentaceus, wheat, or wheat-like grain
 Frumentum, corn
 ————— corruptum, malt
 ————— Indicum, maize, or Indian wheat; esculent
 ————— Saracenicum, buck wheat
 ————— Turcicum, maize
 Frustaneus, (in botany) having useless florets
 Frustula, small pieces, or fragments
 Frutescens, shrubby
 Frutex, any low, woody plant, or shrub
 ————— Æthiopicus, the Ethiopian clutia
 ————— Africanus ambarum spirans, golden locks
 ————— Africanus conifer, the silver tree of Africa
 ————— baccifer Brasiliensis, a Brazilian shrub

F U M

Frutex coronarius, water lily
 ————— Indicus bacciferus, a berry-bearing shrub of India
 ————— spinosus, an Indian shrub like the caper
 ————— odoratus septentrionalium, Dutch myrtle
 ————— pavoninus, flower fence
 ————— terribilis, the alypum, or herb terrible
 Fruticosus, fruticose; any plant abounding in hard wood
 Fuca, a fish like a roach
 Fucatus, palliative
 Fucoides, ficoid; a succulent aquatic plant; anchusa
 Fucus, common sea wrack, or alga
 ————— agrestis, bastard saffron
 ————— lactucæ folio, the sea plant oyster green
 ————— maritimus, } the marine alga, yield-
 ————— vesiculosus, } ing soda, or alkali-
 ————— marinus, } line salt
 ————— tubulosus, the plant sea chitterling
 Fuga dæmonum, St. John's wort, or hypericum
 Fugacissimus, (in botany) when the petals soon fall off
 Fugile, ear wax; a bubo, or other tumour
 Fugitivus servus, mercury
 Fulcratus, (in botany) propped
 Fulcrum, a prop
 Fulica, the bird called a coot; alexipharmic
 Fuligo, common chimney soot; antispasmodic
 ————— metallorum, arsenic; mercury
 Fullo, an earwig
 Fulminaris lapis, fulminating gold
 Fulminatio, fulmination, or exploding
 Fumans nix, quick-lime
 Fumaria, common purple fumitory; deobstruent
 ————— alba, African climbing bladder fumitory
 ————— bulbosa, great bulbous fumitory
 Fumigatio, fumigation; application of steam, or vapour
 Fumus, a smoke
 ————— albus, mercury
 ————— citrinus, sulphur
 ————— duplex, sulphur and mercury
 ————— rubens, orpiment
 Fumus terræ, African climbing bladder fumitory
 Functio, function, office, or action of a part

F U R

Functiones animales, feeling, sight, imagination, judgment, passions, voluntary motion, &c.

—— naturales, digestion, secretion, and excretion

—— vitales, respiration and the circulation

Funda, the sling, a sort of bandage

Fundalia, fæcula fundus; the bottom

Fungoides, species of fungus

Fungus, fungus, or toad's stool; mushroom; a spongy excrescence in wounds

—— albus acris, pepper mushroom

—— articuli, the spina ventosa, or carious bone

—— ignarius, agaricus

—— laricis, common agaric

—— maximus rotundus pulverulentus, dusty mushrooms, or puff balls

—— membranaceus, Jew's ear

—— piperatus albus, pepper mushroom

—— sambuci, Jew's ear

—— petræus marinus, sea navelwort, or androsace

Funiculus umbilicalis, the umbilical, or navel string

Funis brachii, the median vein of the arm

Funis, a cord, or rope

—— umbilicalis, the umbilical cord, or navel string

F Y A

Furca, a fork

Furcala, the clavicle, or collar bone

Furcatus, forked

Furcella, } the ensiform cartilage
—— inferior, }

Furcula, furcala

Furfur, bran

Furfuraceus, branny

Furfuratio, branny appearance on the skin, or in the urine

Furfures, branny sediment in urine

Furfurosi, persons with branny scaliness in the head

Furia, a Swedish zoophyte insect

Furiosus, a painful disease arising from wind

Furnus, a furnace

Furo, the ferret

Furor, violent delirium without fever; insanity; lunacy

—— uterinus, nymphomania, or female libidinous propensity

Furunculus, a phlegmon; a boil, or bile

Fusaneus, sporadicus

Fusanus, } prickwood; the spindle tree

Fusaria, }

Fusiformis, (in botany) tapering like a spindle

Fusio, fusion; melting

Fasterna, the upper part of a fir tree

Fusus, bastard saffron

Fyada, mercury

G.

G A L

GABBARA, a mummy

Gabianum oleum, common tar; petroleum

Gabirea, a species of myrrh

Gacirma, an Indian mulberry-like tree

Gæodes, a species of ætites, or eagle stone

Gagates, jets; discutient

Gagel, sweet willow, or Dutch myrtle

Gaiderothymum, a species of horehound

Gala, milk

Galacia, the milky way in the sky

Galacorta, viper grass

Galactia, a too great secretion of milk

Galactina, milky food

Galactirrhœa, a too great secretion of milk

Galactites, lapis galactites; milk stone

G A L

Galactodes, warm milk; milky colour

Galactophora medicamenta, medicines increasing milk

Galactophori ductus, the lacteal vessels which form the nipple

Galactophoros, conveying milk

Galactopoietica, a great secretion of milk

Galactoposia, drinking milk as a remedy

Galæna inanis, bismuth, a semi-metal

Galanga, galangal; a bitter East Indian root; stomachic

Galanthus, the snow drop

Galaracides, } galactites; the milk stone

Galaractis, }

Galastioïda, moth mullein

- Galaturæ, mucilages of quince, crabs, or frog spawn
 Galaxa, the milky way; the lacteals
 Galaxias, a stone of a milky colour
 Galba, a mite, or maggot
 Galbanum gum, gum galbanum; a fetid Syrian antispasmodic gum
 Gaabel, } a kind of bracelet worn medi-
 Galbeum, } cinally
 Galbula, } cypress nuts; the bird witwall
 Galbulus, }
 Galbulus, a person whose skin is yellow
 Gale, sweet willow, or Dutch myrtle; anthelmintic
 Galea, amnios; a head bandage; part of a flower; a species of head-ach; a helmet
 Galeaniones, persons with arms of an unequal length
 Galeanthropia, a species of madness with the manners of a cat
 Galeata, a species of sideritis
 Galega, goat's rue; alexipharmic
 — nemorosa verna, wood, or heath peas
 Galena, Venice treacle; lead ore
 Galenia, a plant
 Galenica, medicines prepared according to Galen
 Galenion, a species of cataplasm, or poultice
 Galenisti, physicians disciples of Galen
 Galeobdolon, } hedge nettle; vulnerary, dis-
 Galeopsis, } cutient
 — lutea, spotted yellow archangel
 Galeritia, butter bur, or pestilent wort
 Galgiolus, charadrius; a bird
 Gali, the indigo plant
 Galia, a gall; an antidote of galls, dates, and myrobalans
 — aromatica, } nutmegs, cinnamon, &c.
 — muscata, }
 — zibettina, an antidote containing civet perfume
 Galiancon, one arm shorter than the other
 Galithenum, galthienum
 Galium aparine, goose grass; clivers; hay-riff
 — verum, lady's bed straw; acid, curdles milk
 Galla, the gall nut; an astringent excrecence on the oak tree
 Gallatura, the most dense part of the white of egg
 Gallena tessulata, lead ore
 Galli crista, penny grass; rattle grass
 Gallicus morbus, lues venerea
 Gallina aquatica, the moor hen
 — domestica, the barn door fowl
 Gallinaginis caput, part of the prostate gland
 Gallinago, the woodcock
 — minor, the snipe
 Gallinassa, a vapour, or exhalation
 Gallinula, the moor hen
 Gallion, -um, lady's bed straw of the rocks
 — latifolium flore luteo, a species of crosswort
 Gallitricho affinis, the red archangel, or lamium
 Gallitrichum, sclarea, or garden clarey
 — folio rotundiore, the wild baum
 Gallivassa, the large Mexican crow; remedy in small-pox
 Gallium, the plant cheese rening; antiepileptic
 Gallopavo, the peacock
 Gallos, a eunuch
 Gallus, the barn door cock
 Galreda, animal jelly; excrementitious mouldiness
 Galseminium, jasminum, or jessamy
 Galthienum, the conserving faculty of all bodies
 Gamahæi, fossils having impressions of plants, &c.
 Gamaheos, the fourth species of the magic art
 Gamaheu, gamahæi
 Gamaheum conjugium, the imaginary union of celestial and elementary properties
 Gamandra, }
 Gambogia, } gutta gamba, or gamboge
 Gambogium, } of Malabar; cathartic
 Gamboidea, }
 Gamma, }
 Gamatha, } gamahæi
 Gamathæi, }
 Gammant, a crooked bistoury
 Gammaros, the cray fish, or river crab
 Gammata ferramenta, instruments for the cure of hydrocele by cautery
 Gamon, gamboge
 Gamphele, the cheek
 Gampsonyx, a bird of prey
 Gangamon, the omentum
 Gangitis, jett
 Gangila, the sesamum, or oily purging grain of Egypt

G A S

Ganglion, a knot, or protuberance on a nerve or ligament
 Gangræna, a gangrene, or mortification
 ——— anginosa, the malignant sore throat; anasarca
 ——— oris, cancrum oris
 ——— ossis, a carious bone
 Gangrinos sal, sea, or fossil salt
 Ganimedes, white sulphur
 Gannana, } cortex Peruvianus
 Gannaparide, }
 Garab, goat's eye
 Garb, a species of willow
 Garent-ouguan, the ginseng root
 Gargale, }
 Gargalos, } irritation; stimulating
 Gargalismos, }
 Gargarcon, uvula
 Gargarisma, } a gargle, or wash for a sore
 Gargarismus, } throat
 Gargathum, a bed for lunatics
 Garidella, a plant with leaves like fennel, decandria trigynia
 Garon, } pickled fish, or pickle
 Garum, }
 Garosmum, stinking orache
 Garrotillo, a Spanish name for malignant sore throat
 Garyophylla janamunda, } the herb bennet
 Garyophyllata, }
 Garyophillon Plinii, the clove-bearing tree
 Garyophyllus, the aromatic clove
 Gas, gas; any elastic, or aeriform fluid
 ——— acidum acetosum, acid air of vinegar
 ——— carbonicum, carbonic acid gas; fixed air
 ——— fluoricum, fluoric acid gas; spathic acid gas
 ——— muriaticum, muriatic acid gas; marine acid
 ——— muriaticum oxygenatum, dephlogisticated marine acid
 ——— nitrosum, the exhalation of nitrous acid
 ——— Prussicum, gas of Prussian blue
 ——— sulphureum, vitriolic acid air
 ——— ammoniacale, ammoniacal gas; alkaline air
 ——— azoticum, azotic gas; vitiated air; phlogisticated air of the old chymists
 ——— fructuum, gas, or vapour of fruits
 ——— hydrogenium, hydrogen gas; inflammable air; Kirwan's phlogiston

G A S

Gas hydrogenium carbonatum, carbonated hydrogen gas; inflammable gas with charcoal
 ——— paludum, hydrogen gas of marshes; mephetized inflammable gas; inflammable air of marshes
 ——— sulphuratum, sulphurated hydrogen gas
 ——— phosphorisatum, phosphorized hydrogen gas; phosphoric gas
 ——— oxygenium, oxygen gas; vital air; pure air; dephlogisticated air of Priestley
 ——— pingue sulphuratum, exhalations from caves and mines
 ——— salium, gas, or vapour of fruits
 ——— siccum, corrosive sublimate of mercury
 ——— sulphuris, spirit of sulphur
 ——— sylvestre, the vapour of fermenting liquors
 ——— ventosum, common air
 ——— vitale, the spirit of animal life
 Gascoigni pulvis, powder of bezoar
 Gasella, the African wild goat
 Gaster, the stomach; the belly
 Gasteranax, the digestive principle
 Gastrica, belonging to the stomach; pain in the stomach
 ——— arteria dextra, the right gastric artery
 ——— sinistra, the left gastric artery
 ——— major, the right gastric artery
 ——— minor, the left gastric artery
 ——— vena epiploica sinistra, the left gastric vein
 ——— recta, gastric pyloric vein
 ——— sinistra, the left gastric vein
 Gastricus succus, the gastric juice; the digestive menstruum
 Gastrinum, alkali; potash
 Gastritis, inflammation of the stomach
 ——— erythematica, inflammation of the stomach with inflamed throat
 ——— erysipelatos, inflammation of the stomach with erysipelas
 ——— exanthematica, inflammation of the stomach with eruption on the skin
 ——— inflammatoria, true inflammation of the stomach
 ——— herniosa, inflammation of the stomach with rupture
 ——— legitima, } inflammation of
 ——— phlegmonodea, } the stomach with ardent fever

Gastritis sternocostalis, a species of pleurisy
 ——— a veneno, inflammation of the stomach from poison
Gastrocele, a hernial sac containing the stomach
Gastrocnemii, } muscles forming the
 ——— externi, } calf or belly of the leg, whose tendon is the tendo Achillis
Gastrocnemius internus, the soleus, a posterior muscle of the leg
Gastro-colica vena, branch of the meseraic vein
Gastrodynia, pain in the stomach without fever
 ——— Americana, gastrodynia of America
 ——— astringens, pain in the stomach with costiveness
 ——— atterens, pain in the stomach with wasting
 ——— biliosa, pain in the stomach from bile
 ——— calculosa, pain in the stomach from stone
 ——— chlorotica, pain in the stomach from green sickness
 ——— febricosa, pain in the stomach accompanying fever
 ——— flatulenta, pain in the stomach from wind
 ——— a frigore, pain in the stomach from cold
 ——— gastrocelica, pain in the stomach from hernia
 ——— hypochondriaca, pain in the stomach with hypochondriasis
 ——— hysterica, pain in the stomach with hysteria
 ——— metastatica, pain in the stomach from translated morbid humours
 ——— a peregrinis, pain in the stomach from taking indigestible substances
 ——— periodynia, periodical inflammation in the stomach
 ——— pulsatilis, inflammation in the stomach with pulsation
 ——— saburralis, inflammation in the stomach from repletion
 ——— a veneno, inflammation in the stomach from poison
 ——— ulcerosa, inflammation in the stomach from ulcer

Gastrodynia a xiphoide, inflammation in the stomach from the ensiform cartilage pressing it
Gastro-epiploica, general epithet for the vessels of the stomach and omentum
 ——— vena, a branch of the left gastric vein
Gastroraphia, the operation of sewing a wound in the belly
Gastrotomia, the Cæsarean operation
Gatrinum, kali; potash
Gattaria, mentha cataria
Gaudium, joy
Gausos, gibbous; convex
Gaule, sweet willow, or Dutch myrtle
Gazar, the bay tree
Gazella, the goat affording oriental bezoar
Ge, the earth
Gecharsun, a frog
Gechyton, the soft external part of the earth
Gedwar, zedoary
Geguomenos, -us, enervated; weak
Geisoma, } the prominence of the eye-
Geison, } brows
Gelasinos, -us, laughter; the four middle fore teeth
Gelasmus, the sardonic laughter; a laugh when in pain
Gelatina, jelly
 ——— avenæ, jelly of oatmeal
 ——— cornu cervi, jelly of hartshorn
 ——— ribesiæ rubræ, red currant jelly
 ——— vituli, calf's feet jelly
Gelatio, freezing; cataleptic rigidity
Gelidus, cold
Gelion, a leaf
Gelos, laughter
Gelseminum, swallow wort; jasminum
Gelu, frost
Gemellæ cysticæ, blood vessels running on the gall bladder
Gemelli, muscles on the ischium
Gemellus, the gastrocnemius muscle of the leg
 ——— inferior, a small muscle under the glutæus
 ——— major, a muscle of the arm
 ——— superior, a small vessel under the glutæus
Gemina solis, the fossil star gem, or bastard opal
Geminatus, (in botany) double
Gemini, muscles on the ischium

GEN

Geminus, one of twins
 Gemitus, groaning
 Gemma, a bud; a gem
 Gemmæ sal, common salt
 Gemmatio, budding
 Gemmeus, transparent
 Gemniferus, bearing buds
 Gemonis, the eagle stone
 Gemursa, an excrescence between the toes
 Gena, the cheek
 Genarum rubor, redness of the cheeks;
 blushing
 Genæis, the downy hair on the cheeks;
 a bandage
 Geneion, the chin
 Generatio, } generation
 ——— animalis, }
 Generosus, vehement; potent; high diet
 Genesis, generation
 Genethliacus, an astrologer
 Genetta, the Spanish fox-like cat
 Genialis arteria, the maxillary artery
 Geniculum, a knot
 Geniculatus, (in botany) knotty
 Genio-glossi, muscles of the tongue
 ——— hyoidæus, a muscle of the os hyoides
 ——— pharyngæi, muscles of the pharynx
 Genipi, Alpine wormwood
 Genista, common broom; diuretic
 ——— arborescens Africana, a species of
 rest harrow
 ——— Canariensis, Rhodian wood
 ——— Hispanica, } Spanish broom
 ——— juncea, }
 ——— spartium, lesser furze, or gors
 ——— spartium spinosa, echinopoda
 ——— spinosa Indica, the Indian thorny
 broom
 ——— spinosa major, common furze
 ——— tinctoria, green, or dyer's weed
 Genistæ summitates, broom tops; diuretic
 Genitalium, disease of the genitals
 Genitura, the male seed, or sperm
 Genou, the knee; moveable articulation;
 diarthrosis
 Gensinga, ginseng, a root much used in
 China
 Gentiana, the gentian root from Germany,
 France, &c.
 ——— alba, laserpitium
 ——— autumnalis, autumnal, or bastard
 gentian
 ——— centaurium, centaur
 ——— cruciata, cropwort gentian

GER

Gentiana nigra, mountain dauke, or black
 hero-frankincense
 Gentianæ extractum, extract of gentian
 ——— infusum, infusion of gentian
 ——— infusum compositum, compound
 infusion of gentian
 ——— tinctura, tincture of gentian
 ——— tinctura composita, compound
 tincture of gentian
 Gentianella, a species of gentian; anti-
 hysteric
 Genu, the knee
 Genuflexio, kneeling
 Genugra, the gout in the knee
 Genus, the kind, or family; a term much
 used in systematic arrangements
 Genys, gena
 Geodes lapis, an astringent clayey stone
 Geoffræa inermis, the cabbage bark tree of
 Jamaica
 Geopylisia, separation by solution
 Geræteros, middle aged
 Gerandryum, a species of oak
 Geranis, a bandage for fractured clavicle, or
 dislocated shoulder
 Geranitis, a precious stone
 Geranium, a bandage; the herb crane's bill
 ——— batrachioides, crow's foot, crane's
 bill; discutient
 ——— columbinum, } dove's foot
 ——— folio malvæ rotundo, } crane's-
 bill; vulnerary, diuretic
 ——— moschatum, musked crane's bill;
 vulnerary
 ——— Robertianum, herb Robert; astrin-
 gent
 ——— sanguinarium, bloody crane's
 bill; styptic
 ——— tuberosum, knotty rooted crane's
 bill; discutient. The above have been
 used in medicine, but there are upwards
 of 300 species and varieties of gerania in
 hot houses, &c.
 Gerarat, a species of scorpion
 Gerardi herba, goat's weed, or wort
 Geras, extreme old age
 Gerandra, gamboge
 Germanis oleum, essential oil of turpentine
 Germen, the bud, shoot, or offset of a plant
 Germinatio, budding
 Gerocomia, medical treatment of old age
 Gerontopogon, purple-flowered tragopogon
 Gerontoxon, an ulcerated cornea; socket
 of a tooth

G I T

Gerres, a small fish for sauce
 Gersa, white lead
 Gerula, any uncommon and monstrous plant
 Geryon, quicksilver
 Gesneria, gesnera; an American plant
 Gesor, galbanum
 Gestatio, gestation; pregnancy; horse exercise
 Gesticulatio, exercise
 Geum, a species of saxifrage
 ——— urbanum, the herb bennet
 Geuma, a general name of food; taste
 Geusis, taste
 Geuza, a nut; a gland
 Ghahala Zeylanica, the Egyptian bean
 Ghandiroba, a plant of Brasil with fruit like an apple
 Ghelone, a tortoise
 Ghitta, gamboge
 Ghodhakadura, nux vomica
 Gialapha, } jalapa, or jalap root
 Gialapium, }
 Gibar, metallic medicines
 Gibberositas, } gibbosity; convexity of the
 Gibbositas, } spine
 Gibbus, hunched
 Gibum, cheese
 Giffæ, tumours behind the ears
 Gigarton, a grape stone; refrigerating
 Gigarus, many-leaved arum
 Gigas, a giant
 Gigeriæ, the entrails of poultry
 Gilarum, thyme
 Giliadense balsamum, balsam of Gilead
 Gilla Paracelsi, } white vitriol, or vitriolat-
 — vitrioli, } ed zinc
 Gingiber, ginger; stimulant
 Gingiberis amaritudo, Winter's bark
 Gingibrachium, the scurvy
 Gingidium, common chervil; a tooth pick
 Gingihil, ginger
 Gingipedium, the scurvy
 Gingiva, the gum round the teeth
 Ginglymus, a species of articulation like a hinge
 Ginszeng, } gensing of Tartary and North
 Ginseng, } America; cordial; a species of all-heal
 Giscara, the berry-bearing palm
 Ghasal, the Indian jack tree
 Gir, quicklime
 Girmer, tartar
 Gisisim, gum

G L A

Gith, fennel flower
 Githago, a species of lichen
 Glabella, the space between the eyebrows
 Glaber, smooth
 Gladius, sword-shaped
 Gladiolus, corn flag of the gardens; alexipharmic
 ——— fortidus, herb stinking gladdon
 ——— lutæus, yellow water flag; root acrid and cathartic
 Glama, the sordes, or gluten of the eyes
 Glandes, fish like acorns; acorns
 ——— quercinæ, acorns
 ——— terræ, earth nuts; a bulbous root
 ——— unguentariæ, eastern myrobalans
 Glandium, excrescence about the anus
 Glandosum corpus, the prostate gland
 Glandula, a gland; a part appropriate to secretion
 ——— lachrymalis, } the lachrymal
 ——— innominata, } gland
 Glandulæ ceruminis, glands of the external ear
 ——— myrtiformes, portions of the lacerated hymen
 ——— renales, } renes succentu-
 ——— supra renales, } riati
 Glandulosocarneus, excrescence in the bladder
 Glandulosum corpus, the prostate gland
 Glans, a gland; a strumous swelling; a pessary
 — penis, the extremity of the penis
 — jovis theophrasti, the chestnut tree
 — unguentaria, the oily acorn, or nut
 Glastavida cretensium, herb moth mullein
 Glastea bilis, bile of the colour of woad
 Glastum, woad; dyer's stuff
 ——— Indicum, indigo
 Glauberi sal, Glauber's salt; vitriolic acid and mineral alkali
 Glaucedo, glaucoma
 Glaucium, the yellow horned poppy; vulnerary
 ——— gallis, a species of poppy
 Glaucoma, blindness from opaque humours with defective retina
 Glaucophyllus, having sea green leaves
 Glaucos, sky-coloured
 Glaucosis, glaucoma
 Glaura, unripe amber
 Glaux, wild chiches; a species of owl
 ——— Dioscorodis, milkwort of Dioscorides, promotes milk

GLU

Glaux vulgaris leguminosa, liquorice vetch,
 promotes milk
Glecoma hederacea, ground ivy
Glechon, penny-royal
Glechonites, a vinous infusion of penny-royal
Glene, } any cavity receiving a bone in
Glenoides, } articulation
Gleucinum oleum, aromatics macerated in oil
Gleucos, must; the unfermented juice of grapes
Gleuxis, wine having much must
Glis, the fell mouse; the dormouse
Glischrasma, lentor; viscosity
Glischrocolos, bilious viscid excrement
Glischros, slow fever
Glisomargo, white chalk
Globularia fruticosa, the herb terrible
 ———— *MontPELLIENSIS*, } French daisy;
 ———— *vulgaris*, } vulnerary
Globus hystericus, the sense of choking in hysteric patients
Glochidion, a plant
Glochis, the point of the pubes in plants
Glombratus, growing together like a ball
Glossa, the tongue
Glossagra, rheumatism in the tongue
Glossocatocos, instrument for depressing the tongue
Glossoccele, a swelling of the tongue
Glossocoma, an extraction of the tongue
Glossocomion, a machine to contain a fractured limb
Glosso-pharyngæi, muscles of the tongue and pharynx
Glossopetra, a precious stone
Glosso-staphylini, muscles of the tongue and uvula
Glotta, the tongue
Glottis, the opening of the wind-pipe
Gluma, the husk, or chaff of corn
Glumosus, a flower with a glumous base
Glus, a species of strangury
Glutæa arteria, a branch of the hypogastric artery
Glutæus maximus, } muscles of the sacrum
 ———— *medius*, } moving the thigh
Glutæus minimus, a muscle arising on the sacrum inserted into the thigh
Gluten, glue; coagulable lymph
Glutia, protuberances in the brain called nates
Glutinatio, gluing, or sticking together
Glutos, the buttock

GOM

Ghuttupatens, the stomach
Glycasma, a sweet medicated wine
Glycymerides magna, bastard sea cockle
Glycipicros, -um, woody nightshade
Glycyrrhiza, liquorice; pectoral
 ———— *capite echinato*, rough-headed liquorice; pectoral
 ———— *Indica*, the Indian kidney bean
 ———— *sylvestris*, liquorice vetch
Glycyrrhizæ extractum, extract of liquorice
 ———— *radix*, liquorice root
 ———— *succus*, juice of liquorice
Glycys, sweet; mild
Glyxis, gleuxis
Gmelina, a plant
Gnaphaleum, German goldlocks
Gnaphalio, globe amaranth, or everlasting flower
Gnaphalium, cudweed; species of bastard dittany; detersive
 ———— *Alpinum*, lion's foot, or filago Alpina
 ———— *aureum*, golden cudweed
 ———— *lutæum*, yellow cudweed
 ———— *maritimum*, cotton weed, or sea cudweed
 ———— *montanum*, mountain cudweed, or catsfoot
 ———— *veterum*, species of bastard dittany
 ———— *vulgare majus*, common cudweed
Gnaphalodes, a species of cotton weed
Gnaphalum, a kind of flax
Gnaphalus, a small bird
Gnaphus, the plant teasle
Gnathos, -us, the cheek; the jaw, or jaw bone
Gnesius, genuine
Gnidia grana, cnidian berries
Goaconez, a large American balsam tree
Goan, a Persian tree, the ashes of which make tutty
Gobio, } the gudgeon fish; diuretic
Gobius, }
 ———— *niger*, the rock fish; cures dysentery
Gohcathu, gamboge
Goldabengensis terra, sealed earth; a species of bole
Gomphiasis, loose and painful teeth
Gomphioi, the grinding teeth; dentes molares
Gomphoma, } the articulation of the teeth
Gomphosis, }
 Z

G R A

Gonagra, the gout in the knee
 Gonandina, a tree of Brasil
 Gone, the seed; the uterus
 Gongrona, a bronchocele, or tumour of the
 bronchial glands
 Gongrus, the conger
 Gongylion, a pill
 Gongylis, the root of a turnip
 Gonimos, critical; vital; genuine
 Goniosis, a sharp angular feel of the pulse
 Gonocides, seed-like fæces; urine
 Gonorrhœa, a gleet; a venereal gleet with
 scalding
 ———— balani, species of gonorrhœa
 affecting the glands only
 ———— benigna, the mild gonorrhœa
 ———— chordata, a gonorrhœa with
 painful tension of the penis
 ———— dormientium, involuntary noc-
 turnal emission
 ———— impura, venereal gonorrhœa
 ———— laxorum, involuntary emission
 from debility
 ———— libidinosa, involuntary emission
 from lust
 ———— mucosa, discharge of mucus
 from the urethra
 ———— ——— maligna, malignant gonorrhœa
 ———— oneirogonos, involuntary noc-
 turnal emission
 ———— pura, a common gleet
 ———— spuria, species of gonorrhœa
 affecting the glans
 ———— syphilitica, gonorrhœa with lues
 Gonos, a race; seed; generation
 Gonyalgia, gout in the knee
 Gorgonias, coral
 Gossampinus, an eastern tree producing
 a species of cotton; rubefacient
 Gossipium, cotton
 Gossum, bronchocele
 Gotnemsegiar, the silk cotton tree
 Gotte, gambogia
 Goudboom, the gold tree of Africa
 Goui, an African tree, yielding the terra si-
 gillata
 Goutier bronchocele
 Gracilis, thin
 ———— anterior, } muscles of the thigh
 ———— interior, }
 Graculus, the Cornish chough
 Gracus, the jay
 Gradatio, gradation or change, chiefly ap-
 plied to metals

G R A

Græa, an aged woman; the pellicle on
 milk; wrinkled skin
 Gramen, a general name for grasses
 ———— arundinaceum, reed grass; pec-
 toral
 ———— avenaceum, the wild oat
 ———— caninum, dog's grass, quick grass,
 or couch grass; lithontriptic
 ———— crucis, }
 ———— cyperioidis, } the cross grass
 ———— Ægyptiacum, }
 ———— dactylon, cock's foot grass
 ———— dactylon aromaticum, } juncus
 ———— dactylon odoratus, } odoratus,
 or camel's hay
 ———— festuca, haver grass
 ———— fuchsii, } a species of
 ———— leucanthemum, } chickweed; re-
 frigerant
 ———— loliaceum, darnel, or cockle wheat
 ———— mannæ, Russian seed and manna
 grass
 ———— parnassi, white liverwort
 ———— polygonum, common knot grass
 ———— tomentarium, cotton grass
 Gramia, the sordes of the eyes
 Graminulæ, tadpoles, or young frogs
 Gramma, a scruple, or twenty grains
 Gramme, the iris of the eye
 Grana, grains; cochineal
 ———— cnidia, berries of the thymelæa
 ———— insectoria, } kermes berries
 ———— kermes, }
 ———— paradisi, the greater cardamom seed
 ———— tinctorum, kermes berries
 ———— tiglia, lignum Moluccense; purging
 nuts of Malabar
 Granadilla, the passion flower; refrigerating
 ———— Peruviana, the castor oil plant
 Granata mala, pomegranates
 Granatristum, a boil, or carbuncle
 Granatus, the granite, a precious stone
 Grandebalæ, the hairs in the armpit
 Grand gor, the venereal disease
 Grandines, small tumours on the eyelids
 Grandinosum os, the cuboid bone of the
 foot
 Grando, part of the egg; styne on the eye-
 lid; hail
 Granulatio, granulation; the production of
 new fleshy points
 Granulatus, (in botany) when the root con-
 sists of small knobs
 Granum, a grain weight

G U A

Granum moschi, musk mallow
 ——— regium, the castor oil plant
 Graphioides, a process of the temporal bone
 Graphiscus, an instrument to extract darts
 Graphoides, a muscle of the temple
 Graphoy, broad-leaved leopard's bean
 Grassa, borax
 Grastis, grain
 Gratia Dei, herb Robert
 ——— Germanorum, crow foot; crane's
 bill; discutient
 Gratiola, water hyssop; digitalis minima;
 astringent
 ——— centauroides, digitalis minima
 ——— cœrulea, hooded willow herb
 ——— vulgaris, digitalis minima
 Gratterona, goose grass; clivers; aparine;
 hayriff
 Graus, græa
 Gravatio, a species of apoplexy; carus
 Gravativus, a heavy aching pain
 Gravedo, heaviness; a cold, or catarrh
 Graviditas, pregnancy
 Gravis, a marble used in pharmacy
 Grenette, worm seed
 Gressura, the perinæum
 Grielum, parsley; smallage
 Grigallus, the bustard bird
 Griphomenos, pain in the loins
 Grossularia, ribes; the gooseberry bush
 ——— non spinosa, the currant bush
 Grossus, an unripe fig
 Gruma, tartar
 Grumus, coagulated blood, or milk
 Grus, the crane
 Grutum, coarse oatmeal
 Gryllus, the cricket
 Gryphius pes, an instrument to extract
 moles from the uterus
 Gryphus, the philosopher's stone
 Gryposis, an incurvation of the nails
 Gryps, a griffin
 Quabam, a West Indian cooling fruit
 Guacatana, a plant of New Spain, easing
 piles
 Guaiacum, guaiacum, or West India lignum
 vitæ; stimulant
 Guaiaci balsamum, balsam of guaiacum
 ——— elixir volatile, guaiacum, Peruvian
 balsam, and oil of sassafras in spirits of
 ammonia
 ——— extractum, extract of guaiacum
 ——— lignum, guaiacum wood
 ——— rasuræ, shavings of lignum vitæ

G U T

Guaiaci resina, resin of guaiacum
 ——— tinctura, tincture of guaiacum
 ——— tinctura ammoniata, } resin of gua-
 ——— tinctura volatilis, } iacum, dis-
 solved in spiritus ammoniacus
 Guaiana, Guiana bark; semirouba; a spe-
 cies of quassia
 Guaibi-pocaca-biba, the pith of an Indian
 tree; diuretic
 Guaiumbi, a bird; the pegafrol; diuretic
 Guajabo, } an Indian astrin-
 ——— pomifera Indica, } gent fruit
 Guajacana, an astringent fruit of the West
 Indies
 Guajapala, tree yielding Molucca grains
 Guajava, an Indian astringent fruit
 Guao, an highly acrid West Indian tree
 Guaparaiba, the mangrove tree; a topical
 anodyne
 Guarerva, the cucumber of Brasil
 ——— oba, the wild cucumber
 Guariquimymia, a myrtle-like shrub of Bra-
 sil; vermifuge
 Guassem, black spots of scurvy
 Guatemala, a species of indigo
 Guava, an Indian astringent fruit
 Guazuma, bastard cedar
 Guidonis balsamum, Guido's balsam; soap
 liniment and laudanum
 Guilandina, nephritic, or wood of the ben nut
 Guirapariba, a species of ebony in Brasil
 Guity-coroga, a large fruit, its kernel astrin-
 gent
 ——— iba, a tree of Brasil
 Guium, a limb
 Gula, the œsophagus, or gullet
 Guma, mercury
 Gumma, soft bony swelling, or node
 Gummosa massa, } the gum pill, a com-
 Gummosæ pilulæ, } pound of galbanum,
 opoponax, myrrh, sagapennum, assafœti-
 da, and saffron
 Gunalgia, the gout in the knee
 Gundelia, an American plant
 Gurgeatio, the sweating sickness; a spe-
 cies of typhus
 Gurgulio, the uvula; the weevil, an insect
 Gustatorii, the tasters; the ninth pair of
 nerves
 Gustus, the taste
 Gutta, a drop
 ——— gamba, gambogia
 ——— opaca, the cataract
 ——— rosacea, fiery pimples in the face

G Y I

Gutta rosea, } fiery pimples in the face
 — rubea, }
 — ruonia, }
 — serena, blindness arising from diseased retina
 — vitæ, traumatic balsam
Guttalis, the arytænoid cartilage of the larynx
Guttatim, by drops
Gutteta, convulsion
Guttur, the throat; the larynx, or wind-pipe
Gutturalis arteria, a branch of the external carotid artery
 — vena, a branch of the subclavian vein
Gutturiformis cartilago, the arytænoid cartilage of the larynx
Guytis, guilty
Gycypicros, woody nightshade
Gyion, the body

G Y R

Gymnasion, the place of exercise
Gymnastica, exercise
Gymnospermos, -us, plants whose seeds are not concealed
Gynæcia, the menstrual discharge
Gynæcium, a seraglio; the women's room; antimony
Gynæcomania, insanity from love
Gynæcomaston, -um, a great enlargement of the mamma
Gynæcomystax, hair of the female pudendum
Gynandria, Linnæus's 20th class of plants
Gynanthropos, a species of hermaphrodite
Gynecanthe, black bryony
Gypsophyton, great saxifrage
Gypsum, plaister of Paris; mineral calcareous earth with vitriolic acid; styptic
Gyrinus, a tadpole
Gyris, fine meal

G.

H Æ M

HABA, a bean. See Faba
Habascum, a root of Virginia like the parsnep; esculent
Habena, a bandage to secure the lips of wounds
Habitudò, catastasia; the constitution of a body
Habitus, habit; the effect of custom; dress; the constitution, or state of a body
 — plantæ, the outward appearance of a plant
Hacub, a species of Indian thistle; emetic
Hadid, iron
Hæccetas, the chymical principle, or essence
Hæma, blood
Hæmagoga, any medicines promoting the menses, or the piles
Hæmalopia, vision in which every thing appears red
Hæmalops, livid colour in the face
Hæmantes, a precious stone of a blood colour
Hæmataporia, wasting from poor blood
Hæmatemesis, vomiting of blood
Hæmatia, } a kind of fish pickle
Hæmation, }

H Æ M

Hæmatites, blood stone; an iron ore; styptic
 — botryodes, blood formed in clusters
 — verus, hæmatites
Hæmatitinos, an eye-water containing blood stone
Hæmatoccele, a swelling of the tunica vaginalis testis from ruptured blood vessel
 — arteriosum, swelling of the scrotum from aneurysm
Hæmatochysis, an hæmorrhage
Hæmatodes, bloody crane's bill
Hæmatomphaloccele, a tumour at the navel containing blood
Hæmatopedesis, bloody sweat; a starting of blood from an artery
Hæmatophlœbæstasis, a peculiar fulness of the veins
Hæmatosis, sanguification
Hæmatoxylon -um Canpheckiense, logwood; astringent
Hæmaturia, the voiding of bloody urine
 — calculosa, voiding of bloody urine from calculus

H Æ M

Hæmaturia catamenialis, voiding of bloody urine with suppressed menses

— **deceptiva**, urine coloured as with blood

— **ejaculatoria**, hæmaturia

— **in exanthematicis**, hæmaturia in eruptive diseases

— **hæmorrhadalis**, hæmaturia with piles

— **lateritia**, hæmaturia with a sediment like brick dust

— **nigra**, hæmaturia with black grumous blood

— **purulenta**, bloody urine with matter

— **spontanea**, bloody urine involuntary and without pain

— **spuria**, very high-coloured urine

— **stillitia**, bloody urine voided by drops

— **a transfusione**, bloody urine in animals who receive blood by transfusion

— **traumatica**, bloody urine from wounds

— **variolosa**, bloody urine in small-pox

— **a vermic**, bloody urine from worms

— **violenta**, bloody urine from wounds

Hæmeropathos, a peculiar itching eruption about the legs

Hæmitritæus, a species of tertian fever

Hæmocerchmus, bloody discharge from the throat

Hæmoderum, a species of broom

Hæmodia, the sensation called the teeth on edge

Hæmophobos, timidity in blood letting

Hæmoptoe, spitting of blood with cough

Hæmoptycus, having a discharge of blood from the mouth

Hæmoptysis, a spitting of blood with cough

— **accidentalis**, a spitting of blood with cough from accident

— **ascitica**, a spitting of blood with cough and dropsy

— **cachectica**, a spitting of blood with cough and wasting

— **calculosa**, a spitting of blood with cough from stony concretion

— **catamenialis**, a spitting of blood with obstructed menses

H Æ M

Hæmoptysis catarrhalis, a spitting of blood with catarrh

— **a diapedesi**, arterial blood discharged from the lungs

— **exanthematica**, spitting of blood in eruptive diseases

— **habitualis**, spitting of blood from habit

— **Helvigiana**, spitting of blood endemic in Switzerland

— **hydrothoracica**, spitting of blood with water in the chest

— **ab hirudine**, spitting of blood from leeches wounding the throat

— **a percusso petore**, spitting of blood from contusions on the breast

— **peripneumonica**, spitting of blood with peripneumony

— **periodica**, spitting of blood returning periodically

— **plethorica**, spitting of blood from fulness

— **pneumonica**, spitting of blood with inflammation in the lungs

— **phthisica**, spitting of blood with consumption

— **rubeolosa**, spitting of blood in measles

— **scorbutica**, spitting of blood in sea scurvy

— **a sphacelo pulmonum**, spitting of blood from mortified lungs

— **splenetica**, spitting of blood from the spleen

— **ex tuberculis pulmonum**, spitting of blood from tubercles in the lungs

— **variolosa**, spitting of blood in small-pox

— **vicaria**, spitting of blood from other suppressed discharge

— **violenta**, spitting of blood from injury

— **vulnere pulmonum**, spitting of blood from wound in the lungs

Hæmoptys, spitting of blood with cough

Hæmorrhagia, any increased discharge of blood

— **in chronicis**, hæmorrhagy in chronic diseases

— **critica**, critical discharge of blood

— **febrilis**, hæmorrhagy with fever

H Æ M

Hæmorrhagia insalubris, hæmorrhagy from dissolved blood
 ————— **narium**, hæmorrhagy from the nostrils
Hæmorrhoidale, celandine plant
Hæmorrhoidales arteriæ, hæmorrhoidal arteries about the anus
 ————— **venæ**, hæmorrhoidal veins about the anus
Hæmorrhoidalis, fever excited by piles
 ————— **externa arteria**, external hæmorrhoidal artery
 ————— **externa vena**, external hæmorrhoidal vein
 ————— **fluxus**, bleeding from piles
 ————— **herba**, hæmorrhoidale
 ————— **interna arteria**, internal hæmorrhoidal artery
 ————— **interna vena**, external hæmorrhoidal, or lesser meseraic vein
Hæmorrhoids, an hæmorrhoid pile, or dilated vein near the anus
 ————— **cæca**, blind, or piles that do not bleed
 ————— **catamenialis**, a regular discharge by piles
 ————— **decolorata**, piles with a mucous, or purulent discharge
 ————— **ab exania**, } external piles
 ————— **externa**, }
 ————— **fluens**, piles with much discharge of blood
 ————— **immodica**, profuse discharge from piles
 ————— **interna**, piles within the anus
 ————— **moderata**, moderate and salutary discharge from piles
 ————— **polyposa**, piles with fleshy excrescences
 ————— **procidens**, external piles with prolapsus ani
 ————— **tumens**, piles with much swelling
Hæmorrhoides, hæmorrhoids, or piles; a dilatation of the veins about the rectum, often with a discharge of blood
 ————— **albæ**, piles with mucous discharge
 ————— **cæcæ**, blind, or piles that do not bleed
 ————— **decoloratæ**, piles with a mucous, or purulent discharge
 ————— **nimiæ**, profuse discharge by piles

H A L

Hæmorrhoides ordinatæ, regular piles
 ————— **vesicæ**, cystirrhagia
Hæmorrhoscopia, an inspection of the blood
Hæmorrhus, a poisonous serpent; any large vein
Hæmostasia, a stagnation of blood from fulness
Hæmostatica, medicines stopping blood; styptics
Hæmotoicus, one who spits blood
Hæpatirrhœa, a diarrhœa from acrid bile
Hæresis, separating a diseased part from the sound
Hærmia, a pepper-like fruit; carminative
Hagar, } Armenius lapis
Hagiar, }
Hagiospermon, -um, the holy, or worm seed
Hagioxyton, -um, the holy, or guaiacum wood
Hal, salt
Halation, a cathartic saline medicine
Halchemia, the art of melting salts
Halcyon, the king's fisher
Halcyonium, the froth of the sea
Halec, the herring fish
Halecula, the pilchard
Halelæum, an embrocation of oil and salt; a distillation from snow
Halicacabum, the winter cherry of France; diuretic
 ————— **Indicum rectum**, a species of nightshade
 ————— **peregrinum**, corindum
Halices, stretching after sleep
Halimar, copper
Halimus, common sea purslane; antispasmodic
Halinitron, -um, nitre, or rock salt
Haliphloius, a tree with bitter bark
Halitus, vapour
Halleleuja, an herb
Hallucinationes, deceptions; depraved imagination
Hallus, the great toe
Halmades, olives
Halme, -a, brine
Halmodes, halmyrodes
Halmyrax, the nitre of Media; a kind of saltpetre
Halmyris, a species of sea cabbage
Halmyrodes, salt; a kind of fever with itching; a roughness of the skin
Halo, the areola, or dark circle round the nipple

H E C

Halosachme, halcyonium
Hals, salt
Halteres, pieces of metals used in exercise
Hamalgama, amalgama
Hamma, a knot for bandages
Hammoniachi lachryma, gum ammoniacum
Hammonitrum, ammonitrum
Hamulus, } instrument for extracting a dead
Hamus, } child
Handal, } the coloquintida, or bitter ap-
Handalia, } ple
Hapastrum, exercise with a ball
Haplotomia, a simple section
Hapsicoria, a loathing
Hapsis, the sense of feeling; connection of
bandages
Hapsus, a round wad of tow
Hardesia Hibernica, the Irish slate
Harenchus, }
Harenga, } the herring fish; diuretic
Harengus, }
Harmaia, } Assyrian wild rue; diuretic,
Harmel, } narcotic
Harmonia, an epithet for the most simple
kind of articulation
Harmos, fleshy interstices of the teeth
Haronkaha, zedoary
Harpaga, amber
Harpax, amber
Harundo, the common reed; arundo
Hasacium, sal ammoniac
Hasta regia, the true yellow asphodel
Hastellæ, splints for fractures
Haud, not; the agallocom
Haustus, a draught; a liquid form of me-
dicine
Havelia, the sand-box tree, or Jamaica
walnuts
Haveri glandulæ, the sinovial glands of the
joints
Hayri, ebenus *Æthiopica*
Hebdomadaria, a kind of weakly intermit-
tent
Hebe, the pudendal hair
Hebenum, ebenus
Hebes, dull; heavy
Hebiscos, marsh mallow
Hecatontophyllum, a species of rose
Hectica, hectic, or habitual fever; a fever
with accessions at noon and evening, ge-
nerally with night sweats and lateritious
urine
—— cachectarum, the feverish state of
convalescents, dropsical patients, &c.

H E L

Hectica chlorotica, hectic fever attending
chlorosis
—— a calculis, hectic fever from calculi
—— fluxium, hectic fever from fluxes
—— hydropum, hectic fever of dropsical
patients
—— infantilis, hectic fever of infants
—— lymphatica, hectic fever from dis-
eased lymphatics
—— nervea, hectic fever from irritability
—— nostalgica, hectic fever from ab-
sence from home
—— rachitica, hectic fever from rickets
—— scrophulosa, hectic fever from scro-
phula
—— syphilitica, hectic fever from vene-
real disease
—— verminosa, hectic fever from worms
—— vespertina, evening hectic exacer-
bation
Hedera, ivy
—— arborea, } common ivy
—— corymbosa, }
—— terrestris, ground ivy; pectoral
—— trifolia, toxicodendron
Hederacens, } ivy-like; plexus pampinifor-
Hederacius, } mis
Hederula aquatica, herb lentil, or duck's
meat; refrigerant
Hedra, the anus; excrement; a fracture
Hedricos, -us, all medicine applied by the
anus
Hedychro, -um, lozenges of sanders, mar-
joram, aloes wood, &c.
Hedyosmos, mint; stomachic
Hedypnois, dens leonis; yellow endive
Hedysarum, French horreysuckle
—— glycyrrhizatum, liquorice vetch;
promotes milk
Hedysmata, stymmata; confections
Hel, mel, or honey
Helcoma, ulceration
Helcos, ulcer
Helcosis, ulceration
Helctica, epispastics
Helcydrium, an ulcerating pustule
Helcydrium, a moist pustule
Helcysma, scorix of silver; cicatrizing
Helcyster, an hook to extract the fœtus
He eagnus, Dutch willow, or gale
Heleniastrum, bastard elecampane
Heienium, enula
—— Canadense, a species of sun-
flower

H E L

Helenium indicum, Jerusalem artichoke; esculent
 ———— *vulgare*, enula
Heleoselinum, *apium helioselinum*; marsh purslane
Heliacacabus, the winter cherry
Heliacum, cyphi
Helianthemum, the dwarf sunflower
Helicalis major, } muscles of the external
 ———— *minor*, } ear
Helichrysum, oriental goldilocks
Helichrysus, -os, amaranthus
Helidæi pulvis, powdered herb eyebright
Helinitrum, nitre
Heliochryson, -um, goldilocks, or golden cudweed
Helioscopios, -um, sun spurge; corrodes warts
Helioscelinum, *heleoscelinum*
Heliotropium, turnsole of Languedoc; corrodes warts
 ———— *majus*, the greater turnsole; corrodes warts
 ———— *tricoceum*, French, or colouring turnsole; detergent
 ———— *indicum*, the potatoe
 ———— *minus*, small turnsole; corrodes warts
 ———— *officinale*, the common blood stone; resists poison, styptic
Helitis, scales of copper
Helix, the border of the outer ear
Helleboraster, }
Helleborastrum, } bear's foot; black garden hellebore
Helleborites, }
Helleboroides, a species of aconite like hellebore
Helleboro ranunculus, a plant resembling the ranunculus; caustic
Helleborus, hellebore
 ———— *albus*, white hellebore
 ———— *niger*, great bastard black hellebore; anthelmintic, detergent, cathartic
 ———— *niger foetidus*, setterwort; a dangerous vermifuge
 ———— *niger hortensis*, bear's foot; cathartic
Hellebori albi tinctura, *tinctura veratri*
 ———— *extractum*, extract of black hellebore prepared by digestion in spirit of wine
 ———— *nigri tinctura*, *tinctura veratri*
 ———— *pulvis*, powder of hellebore
 ———— *radix*, root of hellebore

H E M

Helminthagoga, } medicines for expelling
Helminthica, } worms
Helminthes, worms
Helminthobotanæ, rue
Helnesed, coral
Helocapollin, a species of cherry
Helodes, marsh fevers
Helotis, *plica polonica*
Helosis, a diseased turning out of the eyelids
Helsaton, }
Helsebon, } prepared common salt
Helxine, the pellitory of the wall; diuretic
Hemalopia, *hæmalopia*
Hemeralopia, vision by day only
Hemeralops, one who can see by day only
Hemeris, the oak; a fever of one day
Hemerobios, -us, an insect that lives but one day
Hemerocætis, a fish that sleeps in the day
Hemerocallis, red lily
Hemiandus, }
Hemianthopus, } an hermaphrodite
Hemiceraunios, a bandage for the back and breast
Hemicongium, half a gallon
Hemicrania, pain on one side of the head
 ———— *clavus*, pain resembling the driving a nail into the head
 ———— *coryzæ*, pain in the head arising from a cold
 ———— *hæmorrhoidalis*, pain in the head arising from suppressed piles, menses, or other hæmorrhage
 ———— *ab insectis*, pain in the head arising from insects in the frontal sinusses
 ———— *lunatica*, pain in the head arising from changes in the moon
 ———— *nephralgica*, pain in the head arising from calculus in the kidneys
 ———— *ocularis*, pain in the head arising from suppuration in the eye
 ———— *odontalgica*, pain in the head arising from a carious tooth
 ———— *purulenta*, } pain in the head
 ———— *sinus*, } arising from matter in the frontal sinuss
Hemiection, a fumigating pot
Hemimoerion, half, or half of a drachm
Hemina, a half pint
Hemiobolion, }
Hemiobolum, } five grains
Hemiolion, twelve drachms
Hemionis, mule's dung

H E P

Hemionitis, } mule's fern
 ——— vulgaris, }
 Hemionium, spleenwort
 Hemipion, half
 Hemipagia, pain on one side of the head
 Hemipeptus, half concocted
 Hemiplegia, hemiplegia, or palsy on one side
 of the body
 ——— ex apoplexia, hemiplegia after
 apoplexy
 ——— apostematodes, hemiplegia arising
 from abscess in the brain
 ——— arthritica, hemiplegia with gout
 ——— ex epilepsia, hemiplegia with
 epilepsy
 ——— exanthematica, hemiplegia from
 suppressed eruptions
 ——— intermittens, hemiplegia accom-
 panying remittent fever
 ——— purpurea, hemiplegia following
 miliary fever
 ——— serosa, hemiplegia from dropsy
 in the brain
 ——— spasmodica, hemiplegia from
 spasm
 ——— saturnina, hemiplegia from lead
 ——— scrophulosa, hemiplegia from
 scrophulous tumours pressing on nerves
 ——— syphilitica, hemiplegia from ve-
 nereal disease
 ——— transversa, palsy of one arm
 and the foot of the opposite side
 ——— traumatica, hemiplegia from
 wounds, contusions, &c.
 Hemiplexia, hemiplegia
 Hemirhombion, } a bandage cut through the
 Hemitomon, } middle
 Hemisphericus, (in botany) like half a globe
 Hemitritæus amphimerina, } a fever return-
 ——— legitimus, } ing daily with
 an exacerbation every third day
 ——— major, a quartan fever with a
 tertian fit interposed
 ——— minor, } hemitritæus of long
 ——— nothus, } continuance
 ——— pestilens, a contagious hemi-
 tritæus
 Hemitybion, a piece of thick linen
 Hemiungium, half an ounce
 Henasis, an union
 Henricus rubens, vitriol calcined to redness
 Hepalgia, pain in the liver
 Heper, } the liver
 Hepar, }

H E P

Hepar sulphuris, sulphur melted with fixed
 alkali; dose gr. v. to ℥j.
 ——— uterinum, the placenta
 Hepatarius, of the liver; hepatic
 Hepateros, a species of dysentery
 Hepatica, liverwort; medicines for diseases
 of the liver
 ——— alba, parnassia
 ——— arteria, the hepatic artery; a
 branch of the cœliac
 ——— brachii vena, the basilic vein of
 the right arm
 ——— minor vena, a branch of the vena
 portæ
 ——— nobilis, noble liverwort
 ——— stellaris, aparine; woodrow; wood-
 ruff
 ——— trifolia, noble liverwort; vulne-
 rary, stomachic
 ——— vulgaris, stone, or star liverwort;
 aperient
 Hepaticæ venæ, the hepatic veins; branches
 of the lower vena cava
 Hepatico-cystici ductus, ducts leading from
 the sides of the gall bladder to the liver
 Hepaticus, hepatic; belonging to the liver
 ——— ductus, the hepatic duct convey-
 ing the bile
 ——— flos, hepatica
 ——— fluxus, hepatirrhœa
 Hepatirrhœa, } a species of di-
 ——— intestinalis, } arrhœa cho-
 lerica
 Hepatites, a precious stone
 Hepatitis, inflammation of the liver, mark-
 ed by tension and pain in the right side,
 shooting to the clavicle and shoulder,
 dyspnœa, a cough, vomiting, and hiccup,
 with fever
 ——— chronica, chronic inflammation
 of the liver
 ——— cystica, inflammation of the gall
 bladder
 ——— erysipelatos, erysipelatos in-
 flammation of the liver
 ——— hepatica, true hepatic inflammation
 ——— pleuritica, hepatitis with pleurisy
 ——— obscura, obscure, or chronic he-
 patitis
 ——— parenchymatosa, inflammation in
 the inner substance of the liver
 ——— peritonæalis, inflammation in the
 peritonæum covering the liver
 Hepatitis suppurans, suppurating hepatitis

H E R

Hepatizon, brown itching morpew
 Hepatocele, rupture of the liver
 Hepatorium, } water hemp, or agri-
 ——— aquatile, } mony; purgative
 Hepatus, a fish of a liver colour
 Hephæstias, a drying plaister of burnt tiles
 Hephæstites, a precious stone of a fiery colour
 Hephthotes, languor or listlessness
 Hepiala, epiala
 Hepialus, a mild quotidian fever
 Hepsana, aliment boiled with broth
 Hepsēma, the must of vegetable liquors
 Heptandria, Linnæus's 7th class
 Heptapharmacum, a plaister of ceruss, litharge, wax, &c.
 Heptaphyllum, tormentil root
 Heptapleuron, -um, the greater plantain
 Heracantha, common carline thistle
 Heraclea, water horehound
 Heracleios, epilepsy; mania, loadstone
 Heracleoticum, origanum
 Heracleum, parsnep
 Heraclium oleum, oil of box
 Heraclius lapis, the loadstone
 Herba, an herb; a plant with a soft stalk
 ——— abiga, chamæpitys, or ground pine
 ——— ætherea, cryngo
 ——— Alexandrina, herb Alexander
 ——— benedicta, the herb bennet
 ——— Britannica, lapathum aquaticum
 ——— cardiaca, leonurus cardiaca
 ——— doria, doria
 ——— draconis, lapathum
 ——— felis, cat mint
 ——— Gerardi, angelica
 ——— hæmorrhoidum, chelidonium
 ——— immortalis, ptarmica
 ——— impatiens, persicaria
 ——— impia, gnaphalium vulgare
 ——— Judaica, siderites
 ——— Julia, sweet maudlin
 ——— maxima, corona solis
 ——— melancholifuga, fumitory
 ——— paralysis, the primrose
 ——— Paris, English herb Paris; alexipharmic
 ——— Paris Brasiliana polycocos, ipecacuanha
 ——— Petri, common cowslips
 ——— regia, artemisia, or mugwort
 ——— sacra, vervain
 ——— Sanctæ Barbaræ, winter cress
 ——— Sanctæ Jacobæi, ragwort

H E R

Herba Sancti Johannis, artemisia
 ——— Sancti Laurentii, bugula
 ——— Sancti Petri, samphire
 ——— sanguinis draconis, lapathum rubrum
 ——— scorbuti, cochlearea
 ——— stella, buck's horn plantain
 ——— studiosorum, goose foot; sowbane
 ——— terribilis, } hepatica
 ——— trinitatis, }
 ——— turca, herniaria
 ——— venenosa, sium
 ——— venti, phlomis
 ——— veteribus ignota, lady's smock
 ——— viva, the sensitive plant; panaces moschatum
 ——— vulneraria, virga aurea
 Herbaritis, an herbalist, or one who understands herbs
 Herbasculum, a tin box used by botanists to carry plants
 Herbatum Canadensium, sweet scented all-heal of Canada
 Herbivorus, any animal feeding on herbs
 Hercules, any powerful medicine
 ——— bovii, gold and mercury dissolved in a distillation of copperas, nitre, and sea salt; violently cathartic
 Herculeus lapis, the loadstone
 Herculis clava, arbor spinosa
 Hereditarius, hæreditarius; descending from parents
 Hereos, amorous dreams
 Herinaceus, the hedgehog; ashes diuretic
 Hermannia, an African herb
 Hermaphroditus, any animal in which both sexes are united
 Hermesia, chymistry
 Hermeticus, closing the end of a tube by fusing it
 Hermodactylus, the Turkish hermodactyl root, good in diseased joints
 ——— folio quadrangulo, snake's head iris; cathartic
 Hernandia, the American jack in the box plant
 Hernia, a rupture, or unnatural protusion of the contents of the abdomen
 ——— aquosa, a watery rupture, or hydrocele
 ——— bronchialis, bronchocele, or tumour of the bronchial glands
 ——— carnosæ, sarcocele, or fleshy tumour on the testis

Hernia congenita, rupture coeval with birth
 — cruralis, rupture under Poupart's ligament
 — cystica, rupture of the bladder
 — femoralis, rupture under Poupart's ligament
 — flatulenta, air escaped through the pleura
 — foraminis magnii ischii, rupture of the foramen of the ischium
 — gutturis, bronchocele, or tumour of the bronchial glands
 — humoralis, inflammation of the testicle
 — incarcerata, incarcerated, or strangulated hernia
 — inguinalis, inguinal, or hernia in the groin
 — intestinalis, hernia of the intestines
 — lachrymalis, lachrymal hernia
 — omentalis, hernia of the omentum
 — scrotalis, scrotal rupture
 — umbilicalis, rupture at the navel
 — uteri hysterocele, rupture containing the uterus
 — in vagina, rupture in the vagina
 — vaginalis, rupture of the vagina
 — varicosa, cirsocele
 — ventosa, air escaped through the pleura
 — ventralis, a hernia through the muscles of the belly
 — vesicalis, a rupture containing the bladder
 Herniaria, rupturewort; refrigerant, dose 3i.
 — alsines folio, sea chickweed
 Heros, the spirit of salt
 Herpes, tetters; eruption
 — ambulativa, } a species of erysipelas
 — collaris, } about the neck
 — depascens, } herpes destroying
 — esthiomenos, } the skin by ulceration
 — exedens, }
 — faciei, common red pimples in the faces of adults
 — farinosus, the dry mealy tetter
 — farinosus siccus, } the dry mealy
 — farinosus simplex, } tetter round the knees
 — ferrus, common erysipelas
 — Indica, a fiery itching herpes peculiar to India

Herpes miliaris, the eruption called ring-worm
 — periscellis, herpes zoster
 — pustulosus, the eruption in the foreheads of infants
 — rapiens, venereal ulceration in the head
 — serpigo, herpes miliaris
 — simplex, simple distinct pustules
 — syphiliticus, } venereal eruption on
 — venereus, } the skin
 — zoster, erysipelas, or shingles encircling the body
 Herpeton, -um, a creeping pustule, or ulcer
 Hervil de anil Lusitanis, indicum
 Hesmis, a quarter of a pound
 Hesperis, a plant; in cataplasm cures gangrene
 — allium, alliaria, or garlic
 Heterocrania, a pain of one side of the head
 Heterogeneous, heterogeneous; mixture of dissimilar ingredients
 Heterorrhops, any tumour of doubtful tendency
 Heterorhythmus, a pulse unusual in such patients
 Hetich Indis, } an Indian
 — Americanum, } species of
 — Æthiopicum, } turnip; apertive
 Heud hen, } the aromatic aloe; agallochum
 Heudeen, }
 Hexagium, the sixth part of an ounce
 Hexagonus, having six angles
 Hexagynia, having six chives
 Hexandria, having six stamina; Linnæus's 6th class
 Hexapetalus, } having six leaves
 Hexaphyllus, }
 Hexapharmacum, any plaister of six ingredients
 Hexis, habit, or permanent disposition
 Hiacan, guaiacum wood
 Hians, gaping
 Hianticilla, galbula
 Hiaticula, charadrius
 Hiatula, chama; the sea cockle
 Hiatus, a gap, or opening
 Hibiscus, marsh mallow, or althæa
 — abelmoschus, musk mallow, or abelmoschus
 Hicesia, a plaister for scrophulous swellings
 Hidroa, pustules produced by sweating; milinary

H I N

Hidrocrosis, a judgment formed from the sweat
 Hidrocritica, symptoms taken from sweating
 Hidronosos, } the sweating sickness; sudorific, or sweating medicines
 Hidropyretos, }
 Hidropedesis, a violent perspiration
 Hidros, sweat
 Hidrotica, }
 Hidropoetica, }
 Hidrotopoe, }
 Hidus, flowers of copper
 Hiera diacolocynthidos, an electuary of colocynth, agaric, germander, the gums, &c.
 ——— logadii, } species of hieræ picræ
 ——— a picra, }
 Hierabotane, holy herb; vervain, or verbane
 Hieracantha, carlina sylvestris
 Hieracites, a species of gem
 Hieracium, hawkweed
 ——— Alpinum, broad-leaved Hungarian hawkweed; pectoral
 ——— folio chondrillæ, } lesser hawkweed; anti-bilious
 ——— leporinum, }
 ——— longius radicum, long-rooted hawkweed; aperitive
 ——— minus, lesser hawkweed; anti-bilious
 ——— montanum, a species of succory
 ——— murorum, French, or golden lungwort; pectoral
 ——— pilosella, mouse ear; astringent
 Hieraculum, hieracium, or hawkweed
 Hieranosus, convulsion; epilepsy
 Hieraticum, a poultice for the stomach
 Hierazune, lotus, or melilot
 Hierobulbus, the root of colchicum, or meadow saffron; diuretic
 Hieros, sacred; holy
 Higuero, the calabash tree; fruit febrifuge
 Hilum, the eye of a common bean
 Himantopus, an aquatic bird
 Himantosis, relaxation of the uvula
 Himas, a relaxed, emaciated uvula
 Himeros, amorous inclination
 Hin, }
 Hindisch, } gummi assafoetida
 Hing, }
 Hingisch, }
 Hin-awaru, indicum, or indigo

H I R

Minka, caryophyllus aromaticus
 Hinnulus, a hind; the young of the deer; its gastric juice antepileptic
 Hippace, rennet, or cheese of mare's milk
 Hippecacuanna, ipecacuanna
 Hippelaphus, an animal like a stag and horse
 Hippiatrus, a horse leech
 Hippion, gentiana
 Hippocampus, the sea horse; a small fish; ashes in ointment cures baldness; anti-hydrophobic
 Hippocastanum, the horse chestnut tree
 Hippocras, claretum; claret
 Hippocrates, a famous physician and writer of Coors
 Hippoglossum, the herb double tongue, or bislingua
 Hippoglossus, a large species of sole, esculent
 Hippolapathum, monks' rhubarb, or lapathum
 ——— rotundifolium, lapathum alpinum
 Hippolithus, stony concretion in the intestines of horses
 Hippomanes, apocynum; secundines of a mare
 Hippomarathrum, horse, or wild fennel
 Hippomyrmacis, the horse ant
 Hippophæas, } the purging thorn; purgative, juice 3i.
 Hippophæstus, }
 Hippopotamus, the large sea horse
 Hipposelinum, herb Alexander; lovage
 Hipposis, compression, or depression
 Hipsorchis, the testicle of a horse
 Hippuris, horse-tail, or cauda equina; astringent, dried leaves 3i.
 ——— minor, lesser horse-tail
 Hippurus, a kind of lobster
 Hippus, a congenite tremulous affection of the eyes
 Hir, the palm of the hand
 Hira, the intestinum jejeunum
 Hirapitanga Brasiliensis, logwood
 Hirci barba, herb goat's beard
 Hirculus, an herb smelling like a goat
 Hircus bezoarticus, the goat that yields bezoar
 Hirquus, the great angle of the eye
 Hirsuties, unnatural hairiness of the body
 Hirsutus, hairy
 Hirudo, } the leech
 ——— medica, }

H O M

Hirundinaria, swallow-wort, or asclepias
 Hirundo domestica, the common swallow; ashes alexipharmic
 ——— Indica, the Indian swallow; its nest esculent in China
 ——— maritima, hirundo Indica
 ——— riparia, the sand martin; ashes alexipharmic
 ——— sinensis, hirundo Indica
 ——— vulgaris, hirundo domestica
 Hismat, lithargyrus
 Hispanicum viride, verdigrise
 Hispiditas, distichiasis; hairiness in general
 Hispidula, mountain cudweed; heliochrys-
 sum
 Hispidus, rough; hairy
 Historia, the history of a patient's case
 Histos, a machine for straightening the spine
 Hoad, agallochum
 Hoaxacan, guaiacum wood
 Hobus, a West Indian plum
 Hociamsanum, agrimonia
 Hoitziloxitl, balsam of Peru
 Holcimos, swelling of the liver; tenacity
 Holcus, Indian millet seed; wall barley
 Holera, vomiting and purging of bile
 Holeraceus, belonging to the class of pot-
 herbs
 Holiphæ, sweetmeats; purging sweetmeats
 Holisthema, a dislocation
 Holli, the juice of Guinea pepper
 Holmiscos, the sockets of the teeth
 Holmos, a mortar; the trunk of the body
 Holocyron, ground pine, or chamæpitys
 Holophlyctides, phlyctænæ, or small wa-
 tery pustules
 Holoschænos, juncus odoratus, or sweet
 rush
 Holosteo affinis, } myosuros, myosurus, or
 Holostes, } mouse-tail
 Holosteum, }
 ——— Creticum, plantago angustifolia
 Holosteus, glue bone, or osteocolla
 Holothuria, the quab, a poisonous fish
 Holothurion, a prickly sea fish
 Holotonicos, a universal spasm, or tetanus
 Holquahuilt, Peruvian bark
 Holsbon, common salt prepared
 Homa, anarsarcous, or dropsical swelling
 Homæomeres, homogeneous
 Homerda, human fæces
 Homilia, discouræ; cohesion; exercise
 Momo, man

H O X

Homogenes, any uniform continued fever
 Homogeneous, homogeneous; any mixture
 of similar parts
 Homolinon, coarse flaxen cloth
 Homonopagia, headach
 Homoplatæ, omoplatæ, or shoulder blades
 Homorisma, a similitude of parts, or pro-
 perties
 Homotonos, equable; a continued fever
 Homunculus, a little man
 ——— Paracelsi, the reputed result of
 semen masculinam digested in a dunghill
 Hople, the hoof of any graminivorous ani-
 mal
 Hoplochrisma, any salve applied to an in-
 strument that has wounded a person to
 cure him
 Hora, an hour
 Horæus, any ripe fruit
 Hordaceus, made of barley
 Hordeolum, } watery styce on
 ——— hydatidosum, } the eyelid
 Hordeum, barley; cooling nutriment
 ——— causticum, Indian caustic barley,
 or cevadilla
 ——— distichon, common barley
 ——— Gallicum, French, pearl, or com-
 mon barley decorticated
 ——— mundatum, common, or Scotch
 barley
 ——— nudum, wheat, or triticum
 ——— vulgare, common barley
 Horizon, mercury supposed to reside in
 gold
 Horizontalis, a flower having a horizontal
 disk
 Horninum, garden clary
 ——— salira, } purple spiked clary;
 ——— sativum, } aphrodisiac
 ——— sylvestre, the wild clary; ant-
 ophthalmic
 Hornotinus, } wheat sown in the spring and
 Horaus, } reaped in summer
 Horror, shivering; a general coldness and
 contraction of the skin at the commence-
 ment of fever
 Hortulanus, the bird ortolan of France and
 Italy; restorative
 Hortus, a garden; the womb or vagina
 ——— lætitia, saffron
 ——— siccus, a botanical arrangement of
 dried plants
 Hottonia, water violet
 Hoxocoquamochoit, senna orientalis

H Y B

Huaxacensis, } a species of *ricinus*, or cas-
Hucipochotl, } tor nut; purgative
Huican, guaiacum
Humectantia, remedies increasing moisture
Humectatus, } moistened
Humefactus, }
Humeralis, of or belonging to the shoulder
Humerus, the shoulder
Humidus, humid, or moist
Humilis musculus, a depressor muscle of the eye
Humirubus, the dewberry, or raspberry
Hummatu, a species of thorn apple; cosmetic
Humor, humour; the fluid part of the body
 — *albuginosus*, } the watery fluid in
 — *aquosus*, } the anterior chamber of the eye
 — *crystallinus*, the crystalline lens of the eye
 — *doridis*, sea water
 — *mercurialis*, bilis atra
 — *morbidus*, any depraved animal fluid
 — *vitreus*, the fluid in the posterior chamber of the eye
Humoralia, diseases with extravasated dissolved fluids
Humoraria, a fever with a depraved state of the fluids
Humorista, a name of ridicule for the Galenists
Humulus, the common hop, or lupulus
Hunc, tin
Hura Americana, the sand-box tree, or Jamaica walnuts; purgative
Husso, a cetaceous fish of the Danube, from which is made isinglass, or fish glue
Hutzochitl, balsam of Peru
Hyacinthus, the jacinth, a precious stone
 — *Anglicus*, the hyacinth, or hare bell; diuretic
 — *racemosus moschatus*, bulbus vomitorius
 — *stellatus*, a poisonous species of hare bell
Hyæna, a savage beast of Africa
Hyænia, a stone in the head of the hyæna
Hyalodes, urine with a white viscid sediment
Hyaloides, the vitreous humour of the eye
Hyalus, glass
Hyanche, sore throat with external swelling
Hybernaculum, the winter covering of embryo plants

H Y D

Hyboma, convexity
Hybridus, produced from different species
Hydarthros, discharge from wounds in the joints
Hydarthrus, synovia; white swelling of the knee
Hydatænomenus, disposed to dropsy
Hydatinon, -um, a collyrium of rain water
Hydatis, an hydatid, or clear vesicle of serous dropsical fluid; hordeolum, or sty; singular of *Hydatides*; *hydatids*
Hydatocholus, discharges of water and bile
Hydatodes, } watery; any much diluted
Hydatoides, } fluid
Hyderos, dropsy
Hydragogos, } hydragogue; any medicines
Hydragogus, } discharging water
Hydralme, sea water
Hydrargyratum sulphur antimonii nigrum, *Æthiops antimonialis*; quicksilver triturated with sulphur of antimony
 — *— sulphur antimonii rubrum*, cinnabar of antimony; quicksilver sublimed with sulphur of antimony
 — *— mel*, quicksilver dissolved by honey
Hydrargyratus tartarus, quicksilver dissolved by cream of tartar
Hydrargyri calx alba, the calx of mercury precipitated from corrosive sublimate by sal ammoniac and prepared kali
 — *— calx muriata*, either corrosive sublimate or calomel may be called by this name
 — *— calx scheelii*, quicksilver dissolved in nitrous acid and precipitated by common salt
 — *— calx vitriolata flava*, turbith mineral; quicksilver dissolved in vitriolic acid and precipitated by hot water
 — *— calx tartarizata flava*, Constantine's powder; a precipitate of quicksilver from nitrous acid by the acid of tartar
 — *— tartarizata alba*, a precipitate of quicksilver from the acid of tartar by vegetable alkali
 — *— calcis solutio salitæ fortioris aquosa*, a watery solution of corrosive sublimate
 — *— calcis syrupus*, quicksilver triturated with syrup
 — *— calcis unguentum*, mercurial ointment triturated with lard

H Y D

Hydragyro calcinato ex pilulæ, pills of calcined quicksilver

———— ex cœruleum unguentum, mercurial ointment

———— ex emplastrum, mercurial plaster

———— gummoso ex pilulæ, pills of quicksilver triturated with gums

———— saccharato ex bolus, bolus of quicksilver dissolved by sugar, conserves, &c.

———— terebinthinato ex pilulæ, pills of quicksilver triturated with turpentine

Hydrargyrum, } quicksilver

Hydrargyrus, }

———— acetatus, quicksilver and acid of vinegar

———— arsenicatus, quicksilver and acid of arsenic

———— boracitatus, quicksilver and acid of borax

———— calcinatus, calcined quicksilver

———— citratus, quicksilver and acid of citron

———— cum Creta, quicksilver triturated with chalk

———— fluoratus, quicksilver and acid of fluor

———— gummosus, quicksilver triturated with gums

———— muriatus fortior, corrosive sublimate, quicksilver, and acid of sea salt

———— muriatus mitis, calomel; calx of quicksilver united to a small portion of muriatic acid

———— nitratus, quicksilver and acid of nitre

———— nitratus cinereus, quicksilver precipitated from nitrous acid by volatile alkali

———— nitratus ruber, red precipitate; a solution of quicksilver in nitrous acid evaporated to crystallization

———— oxalynus, quicksilver and acid of wood sorrel

———— phosphoratus, quicksilver and phosphoric acid, also precipitated from a solution in nitrous acid by soda phosphorata

———— purificatus, quicksilver purified, or freed from fæces

H Y D

Hydrargyrus saccharatus, quicksilver and acid of sugar

———— sebinus, quicksilver and acid of suet

———— sulphuratus, Æthiops mineralis; quicksilver combined with sulphur by rubbing or fusion

———— sulphuratus niger, Æthiops mineralis

———— sulphuratus ruber, cinnabar; quicksilver sublimed with sulphur

———— cum sulphure, Æthiops mineralis

———— succinatus, quicksilver and acid of amber

———— tartarizatus, quicksilver and acid of tartar

———— terebinthinatus, quicksilver triturated with turpentine

———— vitriolatus, quicksilver and vitriolic acid

———— unguinosus, quicksilver triturated with oily bodies

Hydrarthros, hydrarthros

Hydrargyrosis, mercurial friction

Hydrelæum, a mixture of oil and water

Hydrenterocele, a dropsy of the scrotum with rupture

Hydroa, hidroa; a watery pustule

Hydrocardia, a dropsy of the pericardium

Hydrocele, dropsy of the scrotum

———— peritonæi, ascites, or common dropsy of the belly

———— spinalis, a swelling on the vertebræ of the loins

Hydrocelodes, suppressed urine from a rupture in the urethra

Hydrocephalum, } dropsy of the head

Hydrocephalus, }

———— acutus, hydrocephalus internus

———— externus, external hydrocephalus, or water between the brain and membranes

———— internus, internal, or acute hydrocephalus; water in the ventricles of the brain

Hydroceratophyllum, um, an aquatic plant

Hydrocistis, } a species of dropsy in which

Hydrocystis, } the water is contained in a cyst, or bag

Hydrocotyle, marsh, or water pennywort; acrid

Hydrocrythe, barley water

H Y D

Hydroenterocele, dropsy of the scrotum
Hydrogaron, -um, fish pickle diluted with water
Hydrogenatus, combined with hydrogen
Hydrogenium, hydrogen; one of the constituent parts of water
Hydrolapathum, lapathum aquaticum, or great water dock
Hydromeli, water mixed with honey; mead
Hydromelon, -um, a mixture of honey, quince juice, and water
Hydrometra, dropsy of the womb
 ———— *ascitica*, dropsy of the womb combined with ascites
 ———— *gravidarum*, dropsy of the womb in pregnancy
 ———— *hydatica*, dropsy of the womb with hydatids
 ———— *ovariorum*, a collection of serous fluid in the ovarium
 ———— *puriformis*, purulent dropsy of the womb
 ———— *sanguinea*, a collection of blood in the womb
Hydromphalon, -um, a watery tumour of the navel
Hydronosus, the sweating sickness; *sudor Anglicus*
Hydropege, spring, or fountain water
Hydropedesis, ephidrosis, or diseased sweating
Hydrophobia, a symptom occurring in canine madness; a difficulty of drinking from a convulsive motion of the pharynx, hiccup, tetanus, and sometimes delirium
 ———— *rabiosa*, hydrophobia with a desire of biting
 ———— *simplex*, hydrophobia without furiousness, or desire of biting
 ———— *spontanea*, hydrophobia without being bitten
 ———— *vulgaris*, hydrophobia with dread of drinking and wildness
Hydrophthalmia, a dropsy of the eye
Hydrophthalmion, an anasarca dropsy of the part under the eye
Hydrophyllon, -um, water leaf
Hydrophysocoele, hernia combined with hydrocele
Hydropica, remedies for dropsy
Hydropiodes, tending to a dropsy
Hydropiper, *persicaria urens*, or water pepper

H Y G

Hydropneumatocele, a hernia proceeding from flatulence and water
Hydropneumosarca, any tumour of air, water, and solid substances
Hydropoides, any great discharge of water in dropsy; watery stools
Hydrops, a dropsy
 ———— *ad matulam*, diabetes
 ———— *articuli*, a carious joint
 ———— *cysticus*, any dropsy inclosed in bags, or cysts
 ———— *genu*, an accumulation of synovia under the capsular ligament of the knee
 ———— *medullæ spinalis*, spina bifida
 ———— *ovariorum*, hydrometra ovariorum
 ———— *pectoris*, water in one or both cavities of the pleura
 ———— *pericardii*, accumulated water in the pericardium
 ———— *pulmonum*, water in the cellular interstices of the lungs
 ———— *sacculi lachrymalis*, a dropsy of the sac containing the tears
 ———— *scroti*, { a dropsy of the vaginal
 ———— *testium*, { tunic of the testes
 ———— *uteri*, a dropsy of the womb
 ———— *vesicæ*, ischuria
Hydrometria, -us, *sudor Anglicus*
Hydrorachitis, dropsy of the spinal marrow
Hydrosaton, a ptisan of rose water, honey, &c.
Hydrorhodion, a mixture of water and oil of roses
Hydrosaccharum, a drink of sugar and water
Hydrosarca, any fleshy tumour containing water
Hydrosarcocoele, a scirrhus testicle with hydrocele
Hydroselinum, water parsley
Hydrothorax, hydrothorax
Hydroticus, hydragogus
Hydrus, the water snake
Hyems, winter
Hygeia, { health
Hygieia, {
Hygidion, ammonii collyrium
Hygieine, -a, the art of preserving health
 ———— *analeptica*, the art of curing
 ———— *propylactica*, the art of foreseeing disease
 ———— *synteretica*, the art of preserving health

H Y P

Hygienistes, physicians whose care was to preserve health
 Hygiesis, rules for the preservation of health
 Hygra, liquid rosin, or plaister
 Hygrasia, a humour
 Hygriemplastra, liquid rosin, or plaister
 Hygroblepharicus, a duct in the inner part of the eyelids
 Hygrocircoccele, dilated spermatic veins with dropsy of the scrotum
 Hygrocollyrium, any fluid application to the eyes
 Hygrologia, doctrine on the fluids of the body
 Hygrometrum, the hygrometer; an instrument to measure the moisture of the air
 Hygromyron, -um, a liquid scented ointment
 Hygrophobia, canine madness, or hydrophobia
 Hygrophthalmicus, hygroblepharicus
 Hygros, hygrocollyrium
 Hygrotes, liquid gum
 Hylarchus, the universal directing spirit of the world
 Hyle, chaos; matter; the philosopher's stone
 Hylum, the cotton tree
 Hymen, a membrane at the entrance of the vagina
 Hymenea courbaril, the tree yielding anime
 Hymenodes, urine with flocculi; viscid blood; membranous
 Hymochyma, a suffused, or blood-shot eye
 Hyoglossus, a muscle of the tongue
 Hyoides, os hyoides
 Hyopharyngæus, a muscle of the œsophagus
 Hyophthalmos, -us, hog's eye plant; aster Atticus
 Hyoscyamus, hog's bean; henbane; tobacco; narcotic, resolvent
 ———— Ægyptius, } white henbane;
 ———— albus, } its seed styp-
 tic, dose from ii. grains to ℥i.
 ———— lutæus, yellow henbane; Eng-
 lish tobacco
 ———— major, hyoscyamus albus
 ———— niger, } common, or black
 ———— vulgaris, } henbane
 Hyosiris, a plant resembling cichoreum
 Hyothyroides, muscles of the larynx
 Hypacticos, an epithet of cathartics
 Hypæthros, a place for morning exercise

H Y P

Hypaleiptron, -um, any liniment
 Hypeccauma, the cause that keeps up a disorder
 Hypecoum, horned wild cumin; anodyne
 Hypelæon, oil; dregs of oil
 Hypelatos, hypacticos
 Hypene, a beard
 Hypenemius, zephyria ova; barren eggs
 Hyperæstheses, supersensation
 Hyperartetiscus, superfluous parts
 Hyperbolicus, opisthotonicus
 Hypercarothis, a lethargic patient
 Hypercatharsis, excessive purging from medicine
 Hypercoryphosis, any prominent part, as a lobe of the liver
 Hypercrisis, } excessive critical discharge
 Hyperecrisis, }
 Hyperemesis, excessive vomiting from medicine
 Hyperephidrosis, immoderate sweating
 Hypericum, St. John's wort
 ———— ascyron dictum, ascyrum
 ———— maximum, androsæmum
 ———— saxatile, } bastard John's wort
 Hypericoides,
 Hyperidrosis, a distension of a part by water
 Hyperinesis, } excessive purging
 Hyperinos, -us, }
 Hyperoa, the palate
 Hypero-pharyngæi, muscles of the uvula
 Hyperos, a pestle
 Hyperostosis, any hard indolent tumour on a bone
 Hyperoum, a foramen in the palate
 Hyperphyes, severe disease
 Hypersarcoma, } fungus, or proud flesh; any
 Hypersarcosis, } fleshy excrescence
 Hypexodos, a purging
 Hypezocos, any extended membrane, as the pleura
 Hypnobates, those who walk when asleep
 Hypnobatasis, } walking when asleep
 Hypnobasis, }
 Hypnodia, morbid sleepiness
 Hypnologia, regulation of sleep
 Hypnopæos, } hypnotic, anodyne, or medi-
 Hypnoticus, } cine producing sleep
 Hypnos, sleep
 Hypnum, a species of moss which causes sleep
 Hypo, diminution; remission; inferiority
 Hypobrychios, deeply seated

H Y P

Hypocapnisma, fumigation
Hypocarodes, a lethargic patient
Hypocatharsis, slight purging
Hypocaustum, a sweating stove, or bath
Hypocephalæon, a pillow, or support for the head
Hypocerchnaleon, a roughness and hoarseness in the throat
Hypocheirius, a patient
Hypocheomenos, -us, a person with cataracta
Hypochlorosis, a slight chlorosis
Hypochoëris, a species of sonchus, or hawk-weed
Hypochondria, the sides of the belly under the ribs
 ----- **diaborhorizonta**, a rumbling in the sides of the belly
 ----- **catexerasmena**, hypochondrii entasis
 ----- **meteora**, swelled hypochondria from wind
Hypochondriacismus, } hypochondri-
Hypochondriacus morbus, } asis
Hypochondriasis, hyp; spleen; vapours; dyspepsia with languor, depression, and fear
 ----- **algida**, hypochondriasis with extreme sense of cold
 ----- **asthmatica**, hypochondriasis with great difficulty of breathing
 ----- **biliosa**, depression of spirits, &c. with superabundance of bile
 ----- **calculosa**, hypochondriasis with stone and gravel
 ----- **calida**, hypochondriasis biliosa
 ----- **frigida**, hypochondriasis melancholica
 ----- **humida**, hypochondriasis sanguinea
 ----- **hysterica**, hypochondriasis with hysterics
 ----- **melancholica**, hypochondriasis with extreme dejection
 ----- **muliebris**, hysteria with hypochondriac symptoms
 ----- **pñthisica**, hypochondriasis with consumption
 ----- **pñuitosa**, hypochondriasis from mere debility
 ----- **sanguinea**, hypochondriasis from plethora
 ----- **sicca**, hypochondriasis biliosa

H Y P

Hypochondriasis tympanitica, hypochondriasis with windy swelling of the abdomen
Hypochondrii entasis, a soft tension of the the belly
 ----- **scolites**, inequality of the sides of the sides of the belly
 ----- **xyntasis**, inflammatory distension of the sides of the belly
Hypochondrion anaspasmenon, a retraction of the sides of the abdomen
Hypochondrium, the sides of the belly under the ribs
 ----- **chronium**, hypochondrium having inveterate disease
Hypochophosis, slight deafness
Hypochorema, } matter passed off by stool,
Hypochoresis, } or urine
Hypochyma, } a cataract
Hypochysis, }
Hypochytos, diachytos
Hypocistis, rape of Cistus; astringent
Hypoclepticum vitrum, a chymical vessel
Hypocœlon, -um, the part under the eye
Hypochranium, an abscess under the cranium
Hypocras, a medicated wine
Hypocrateriformis, a salver-shaped corolla
Hypoderis, } the fore part of the neck;
Hypodermis, } prepuce of the clitoris
Hypodesis, } an under bandage
Hypodesmus, }
Hypogastricus, belonging to the
Hypogastrium, -um, the lower part of the belly
Hypogastrocele, a hernia, or rupture of the belly
Hypoglossis, } the part under the tongue
Hypoglossum, }
Hypoglossum, bislingua, or double tongue
Hypoglossides, medicines to be held under the tongue
Hypoglutis, the part under the buttock
Hypomia, the axilla, or armpit
Hyponomos, a hollow foul ulcer
Hypopedium, cataplasm to the foot
Hypophasia, winking
Hypophasis, a partial closing of the eye in sleep
Hypophaulum, middle diet
Hypopheum, wild cumin
Hypophora, a deep fistulous ulcer
Hypophthalmion, -um, the part under the eye swelled as in dropsy

H Y S

Hypophyllocarpodendron, a tree with seed under its leaves
Hypophyllospermus, any plant with seed on the back of the leaf
Hypophysis, inflammation of the eye from the lid turning inwards
Hypopia, a black eye
Hypopicus, slightly bitter
Hypopleurios, -us, the pleura
Hypopyon, -um, abscess in the cornea of the eye
Hyporinion, -um, the part between the nose and upper lip
Hyporisma, emborisma; an aneurism
Hyposarca, } anasarca, or watery
Hyposarcidios, -um, } swelling
Hyposathros, indurated fæces
Hyposeismos, -us, a slight shake
Hypospadiæos, termination of the urethra beneath the glans; an eunuch
Hypospadias, one having the frænum too short
Hypospathismus, an operation for curing defluxion on the eyes
Hyposphagma, aposphagma; black eye
Hypostaphyle, a relaxed uvula
Hypostasis, } the sediment of urine
Hypostema, }
Hypothénar, a muscle of the little finger; the part of the hand opposite to the palm
Hypotheton, a suppository; any solid purgative applied to the rectum
Hypotrimma, a food of dates, honey, cumina, &c.
Hypotrope, a relapse
Hypoxylon, -um, a species of agaric of oak
Hypozoma, the diaphragm
Hypsiloglossus, a muscle of the tongue
Hypsiloides, os hyoides; basioglossi
Hypsophyllum, an ulcer under a cicatrix; the plant hare's ear
Hyptiasmos, lying in a bent posture; nausea
Hypulus, an ulcer under a cicatrix
Hysopifolia minor, spiked willow
Hyssopites, hyssop steeped in wine
Hyssopus, the herb hyssop; pectoral, discutient
 ——— angustifolia, common hyssop
 ——— capitata, wild thyme
 ——— officinalis, common hyssop
Hyssopi folia, leaves of hyssop
 ——— herba, herb hyssop
Hysteria, uterus

H Y V

Hystericalges, vinegar; any thing causing pain in the uterus
Hysteralgia febricosa, pain in the region of the uterus without labour, or much fever
Hysteria-petra, a German stone of the figure of the uterus
Hysteria, hysterics; a spasmodic disease of the primæ viæ, attended with the sense of a ball rolling about the abdomen, stomach, and throat
 ——— chlorotica, } hysterics from
 ——— ab emansione } obstructed
 ——— mensium, } menses
 ——— emphractica, hysterics from diseased viscera
 ——— febricosa, fever attended with hysterics
 ——— a leucorrhœa, hysterics from fluor albus
 ——— libidinosa, nymphomania, or female libidinous propensity
 ——— a menorrhagia, } hysterics
 ——— a menorrhagia cruenta, } from profuse menses
 ——— a menorrhagia serosa, hysterics from fluor albus
 ——— a salacitate nimia, hysteria libidinosa
 ——— stomachica, } hysterics from
 ——— stomachi vitio, } diseased stomach
 ——— verminosa, hysterics from worms
 ——— a viscerum obstructione, hysteria emphractica
Hysterica, diseases of the uterus
Hysterica, women affected with hysteria
Hysteritis, inflammation of the womb; fever with heat, pain and tension of the hypogastrium, os tincæ sore to the touch, and vomiting
Hysterocele, a rupture containing the uterus
Hystero cystica ischuria, suppression of urine from the uterus pressing on the bladder
Hysteroloxia, obliquity of the womb
Hysteron, deuterion; the secundine
Hysterophyse, the womb distended by air
Hysteroptosis, prolapsus uteri
Hysterotomotocia, } Cæsarea sectio; deli-
Hysterotomia, } very by cutting into
 the womb [hog
Hystrix lapis, a stone resembling a hedgehog
Hystrix, the porcupine
Hyvourahe, } a tree of Brasil re-
Hyvoura Brasiliensis, } sembling guaia-
 cum; sudorific, aperitive

I C T

I G N

- I**AMBLICHI sales, ammoniacal salts and aromatics
- I**atroleiptes, a physician curing by ointment and friction
- I**atreon, a physician
- I**atrice, the medical art
- I**atrochymicus, a physician whose remedies are drawn from chymistry
- I**atroliptice, cure by unction and friction
- I**atropa, the Barbadoes nut
- I**atrophysicus, any medico-physical treatise
- I**atros, a physician
- I**ba, aninga; a tree of Brasil
- I**beixuma, a Brasil tree yielding a saponaceous bark
- I**berica, } dittander; lepidium
- I**beris, }
- I**berius, lepidium gramineo folio; the scitica cresses
- I**biga, abiga; common ground pine
- I**birá, a species of pepper in Brasil
- I**birace, guaiacum
- I**biræem, a species of liquorice in Brasil
- I**bis, the stork; its fat resolvent
- I**hiscus, marsh mallow, or althæa
- I**bixuma, bruisewort; soapwort
- I**caco, an American plum
- I**chneumon, the Egyptian rat; its fecæ antarthritic
- I**chnos, the sole of the foot; a kind of leaden sock
- I**chor, any thin acrid discharge from wounds
- I**choroides, resembling ichor
- I**chthya, squatina marina; a crotchet; rasping
- I**chthyelæum, the oil of fishes
- I**chthyemata, scales of fish; raspings of bark
- I**chthyites, } a stone with a cavity or
- I**chthyolithos, } impression like a fish
- I**chthyocolla, isinglass, or fish glue; agglutinant, emollient
- I**cica, gum elemi
- I**cariba, gum elemi tree
- I**cosandria, Linnæus's 12th class
- I**ctar, the female pudenda
- I**cterias, a gem used in jaundice
- I**ctericodes, jaundice with fever, but without inflammation of the liver
- I**cteritia, icterus
- alba, chlorosis
- flava, icterus
- rubra, erysipelas
- I**cterus, the golden thrush, or jaundice; yellowness of the skin and eyes, whitish fæces, dark red urine colouring linen yellow
- albus, chlorosis
- calculosus, jaundice from gall stones
- flavus, icterus
- graviarum, jaundice accompanying pregnancy
- hepaticus, jaundice from diseased liver
- infantum, jaundice affecting infants
- periodicus, aurigo febricosa
- a plethora, aurigo plethorica
- spasmodicus, jaundice from spasm of the gall ducts
- viridis, icterus; green icterus
- I**ctinus, a kite
- I**ctis, a kite; a weasel
- I**ctus, a blow; pulsation; a sting
- solaris, a stroke of the sun
- I**cus, an emerald
- I**dæus dactylus, pæonia
- I**dæa, victorialis
- tertia clussi, the medlar fruit
- I**deales, diseases attended with false ideas or judgment
- I**dectrum, the first man, or creature of any kind
- I**diocrasia, idiosyncrasia
- I**diopatheia, any original disease of a part
- I**diosyncrasia, } any peculiar habit, or constitution
- I**diotropia, }
- I**diota, a person of weak mind; an idiot
- I**dnosis, a curvature
- I**dos, sweat
- I**dou moulli, a tall East Indian plum tree; bark antivenereal
- I**gaga, a species of mastich tree
- I**gasur, nux vomica
- I**gbucaini Brasilianorum, a tree of Brasil, its fruit antidysenteric
- I**gde, a mortar
- I**gname, cara Brasiliensis
- I**gnarius, a stone that heats when wetted

Ignavia, idleness; sloth
 Ignarius fungus, agaric of the oak
 Ignis, fire; burning fever; mercury
 — alger, a very strong fire
 — calidus, incipient gangrene
 — elementaris, sulphur
 — extinctus, extinguished sulphur
 — frigidus, a mortification, or sphacelus
 — gehennæ, a corrosive of Paracelsus
 — lenis, the element of fire
 — Persicus, erysipelas
 — pruinus adeptus, the quintessence of wine
 — reverberatorius, fire reverberated, or turned back on the matter to be acted on
 — rotæ, fire surrounding the matter to be fused
 — sacer, } erysipelas, or Antho-
 — Sancti Antonii, } ny's fire
 — sylvaticus, impetigo
 — sapientium, heat of horse dung
 — volagrus, } impetigo
 — volaticus, }
 — vivens, a liquor prepared from sea salt
 Ignitio, heating; ignition; calcining
 Ignivorus, purphagus
 Ignorantia, ignorance; agnoia
 Ignye, } the ham, or part behind the knee
 Ignys, }
 Igtaigcica, a species of mastich tree yielding resin
 Ilaphis, bardana; the burdock plant
 Ilathera, thuris cortex
 Ile, the three first divisions of the intestines
 Ilech, any first principle, or element
 — crudum, iliadum
 — magnuni, any first principle
 — primum, a conjunction of the stars
 Ileidos, elementary air; animal spirit
 Ileum intestinum, one of the small intestines
 — cruentum, a species of sea scurvy
 Ileus, colic in the small intestines
 — calculosus, colica calculosa
 — a callosa coli strictura, colica callosa
 — a colo pituita infarcto, colica spasmodica
 — a fœcibus induratis, colica stercorea
 — herniosus, colic from rupture
 — icterodes, icterus
 — imperforatorum, colic from imperforated anus
 — Indicus, colica spasmodica
 — inflammatorius, colic with inflammation

Ileus ab intestino compresso, ileus herniosus
 — physodes, } colica spasmodica
 — spasmodicus, }
 — a veneno, colica pitonum
 — verminosus, colic from worms
 — volvulus, colic from twisted intestine
 Ilex, the holm tree; a species of oak
 — aculeata-baccifera, common holly
 — aculeata cocciglandiera, the scarlet oak
 — folio rotundiori, the great scarlet oak
 — folio oblongo, dahoon holly
 Iliia, the flanks
 Iliaca passio, the iliac passion; an inverted motion of the intestines
 Iliacus externus, } muscles of the thigh
 — internus, }
 Iliadum, } Paracelsus's principle of quick-
 Iliadus, } silver, salt, and sulphur
 Iliaster, } the hidden virtue of nature; he-
 Iliastrum, } reditary disposition or constitution
 Ilingos, a vertigo, or giddiness
 Ilion, -um, one of the small intestines
 Ilios, passio iliaca
 Iliscus, madness from love
 Ilium os, the large bone forming one side of the pelvis
 Iliia ossa, the large bones forming the sides of the pelvis
 Illecebra, house-leek; stone-crop
 Illegitimus, a false rib; irregular fever
 Illigatio, a bandaging
 Illinctus, linctus
 Illisio, a contusion
 Illitio, an unction
 Illos, the eye
 Illosis, a distortion of the eyes
 Illuminabilis lapis, the Bonorian stone; a luminous stone from Bohemia
 Illutatio, illutation, or smearing a body with mud
 Illutio, alusia; uncleanness
 Illys, any one who squints
 Ilys, the fœces of wine
 Ilysis, illutatio
 Imaginarij, diseases of the imagination
 Imaginatio, imagination
 Imbecillitas oculorum, impaired vision without apparent defect
 Imberbis, beardless
 Imbibitio, repeated distillation

INC

Imbricatus, a botanical term expressing leaves disposed as tiles
Immersio, immersion in a fluid; corrosion in a fluid menstruum
Immersus, a muscle arising from the under part of the scapula
Imnictio, incontinence of urine
Immobilitas, immobility
Immortalis herba, the ptarmica exaranthemum, or dryflower
Immundities, uncleanness
Immutantia, alteratives
Impar, unequal; having an odd leaf
Impastatio, foming powders into paste
Impatiens herba, persicaria
Imperatoria, herb masterwort
 ——— saiva, angelica archangelica
Impetigines, general epithet for cutaneous diseases, particularly those debilitating the habit
Impetigo, } species of leprosy,
 ——— Americana, } ringworm, &c.
 ——— Arbum, } rough, hard, dry,
 ——— Plinii, } cutaneous spots
 with great itching
Impia herba, common cudweed; astringent
Impinguatio, a morbid fatness
Impletio, too great fulness of vessels
Impluvium, an embrocation; the shower bath
Impotentia, impotence; generative inability
Impregnatio, impregnation, or pregnancy; saturated or filled
Impressio, depression of the skull
Impuber, not arrived at the age of puberty
Impurgatio, castiveness
Imus venter, the abdomen, or lower belly
Inæqualis, unequal
Inaia Brasiliensis, a species of palm tree
 ——— guacubi, the coco, or cocker-nut tree
Inanis, empty; a pithy stem
Inanities, emesis; emptiness
Inappetentia, anorexia; want of appetite
Inauratio, gilding
Incantamenti, charms
Incanus, (in botany) hoary; downy
Incarnantia, medicines generating new flesh
Incendium, } a burning fever, or tumour
Incensio, }
Inceratio, making any dry substance of the consistence of wax
Incerniculum, a strainer; the pelvis of the kidney

IND

Incidentia, alterantia; medicines supposed to cut viscid humours
Incineratio, burning to ashes
Incisio, incision, or cutting
Incisores, cutters; applied to the fore teeth
Incisorii minores superiores, muscles of the upper jaw
 ——— inferiores Cowperi, ducts in the upper jaw
 ——— laterales musculi, } muscles of
 ——— medii musculi, } the upper
 ——— minores Cowperi, } jaw
Incisorium, the surgeon's table for cutting
 ——— foramen, an aperture in the upper jaw
Inclinatio, pouring off any liquor gradually
Inclinatus, obliquely
Includens, shutting up
Inclusus, shut up
Incoctus, not boiled; not digested
Incontinentia, inability to retain natural evacuation
Incorporatio, accurate mixture
Incrassantia, medicines thickening the fluids
Incrustatio, incrustation; formation of an eschar, or crust
Incuba, sponsa solis, marigold
Incubo, } the night-mare, or oneirodynia
Incubus, }
Incumbens, leaning upon
Incurabilis, not curable
Incurvatus, bent; bowed
Incursus, the pulsation of the arteries
Incus, the anvil; applied to a bone of the ear
Index, the fore finger
Indicantia, circumstances of disease pointing out remedies
Indicata, the remedies pointed out
Indicatio, conclusion drawn from combining symptoms
Indicator, a muscle of the fore finger
Indicium, a sign
Indico, indigo
Indicon, a plant resembling pepper
Indicum, the indigo plant of Carolina
 ——— balsamum, balsam of Peru
 ——— lignum montanum, logwood and ebony
Indicus, costus Arabicus
 ——— morbus, the venereal disease
 ——— odoratus, costus Arabicus
Indies, daily

I N F

Indigina, the native of a country; eruca
 Indigestio, indigestion
 Indignatorius, a muscle of the eye
 Indigo, indicum
 Indolentia, absence of pain
 Indurantia, medicines which harden
 Indusium, linen worn next the skin; am-
 nios
 Inebriatio, drunkenness
 Inermis, harmless; without prickles
 Inertia, idleness; sloth
 Inertiæ vis, the propensity to rest inherent
 in matter
 Inesis, } an evacuation of the humours
 Inethmus, }
 Infans, an infant, or child
 Infectio, infection; contagion
 Infelix, herb darnel, or cockle; eder
 Infernalis lapis, lunar caustic
 Inferior nasi, compressor nasi
 ——— clitoridis musculus, sphincter va-
 ginæ
 Inferus, (in botany) situated below
 Infibulatio, an impediment to the retraction
 of the prepuce
 Infirmarium, } an hospital
 Infirmitas, }
 Infirmitas, infirmity
 Inflammatio, inflammation, known by heat,
 redness, swelling, and pain
 ——— articuli, inflammation of a joint
 ——— cordis, inflammation of the
 heart
 ——— faucium, inflammation of the
 throat
 ——— femoris, inflammation of the
 thigh
 ——— hepatis, inflammation of the
 liver
 ——— intestinorum, inflammation of
 the intestines
 ——— lienis, inflammation of the
 spleen
 ——— mammarum, inflammation of
 the breasts
 ——— mediastini, inflammation of the
 mediastinum
 ——— mesenterii, inflammation of the
 mesentery
 ——— musculorum abdominis, inflam-
 mation of the muscles of the belly
 ——— œsophagi, inflammation of the
 throat
 ——— oculi, inflammation of the eye

I N F

Inflammatio omenti, inflammation of the
 omentum
 ——— ossium, inflammation of the
 bones
 ——— pericardii, inflammation of the
 pericardium
 ——— periosteï, inflammation of the
 periosteum
 ——— recti, inflammation of the rec-
 tum
 ——— renum, inflammation of the
 kidneys
 ——— splenis, inflammation of the
 spleen
 ——— testium, inflammation of the
 testicles
 ——— vaginæ, inflammation of the
 vagina
 ——— ventriculi, inflammation of the
 stomach
 ——— vesicæ, inflammation of the
 bladder
 ——— uteri, inflammation of the womb
 Inflatio, a swelling of the integuments
 from air
 Inflativa, windy food
 Inflatus, puffed up
 Inflexio, a curvature, or bending
 Inflexus, bending towards the stem
 Inflorescentia, the manner in which the
 flower is connected to the plant
 Influenza, any contagious epidemic catarrh
 Influxus, the progressive progress of the
 blood
 Infrascapularis musculus, } a muscle of the
 Infraspinatus, } shoulder
 Infrigidatio, the cooling a hot part
 Infundibuliformis, funnel-shaped
 Infundibulum, a funnel; a duct, or cavity
 in the brain
 Infusio, the act of infusing, or steeping
 Infusum, any medicine prepared by steep-
 ing
 ——— alkalinum, salt of tartar, saffron,
 and liquorice root in boiling water
 ——— amarum purgans, senna, lemon
 peel, gentian, Seville orange peel, and
 lesser cardamom seeds in boiling water
 ——— amarum cum senna, senna, gen-
 tian, and sweet fennel seeds in boiling
 water
 ——— ammarum simplex, gentian, lemon
 peel, and Seville orange peel in boiling
 water

Infusum antiscorbuticum, buck-bean leaves, Curassoa apples, horse-radish water, and common water
 ——— *cardui*, *carduus benedictus* in water
 ——— *cephalicum*, will valerian root and rosemary in aromatic and common waters
 ——— *cinnamomi*, powdered cinnamon in boiling water
 ——— *corticis Peruviani*, an ounce of Peruvian bark in ℥xij. of water
 ——— *diureticum*, wormwood and salt of tartar in juniper and common water
 ——— *gentianæ compositum*, gentian with orange and lemon peel in boiling water
 ——— *lini*, } linseed and liquorice
 ——— *pectorale*, } in boiling water
 ——— *paralyticum*, horse radish and mustard in boiling water
 ——— *rhabarbari*, } rhubarb and cinnamon
 ——— *rhei*, } moa water in boiling water
 ——— *rosæ*, dried red roses, vitriolic acid, and sugar in boiling water
 ——— *sennæ limoniatum*, senna, lemon peel, lemon juice, and boiling water
 ——— *sennæ simplex*, senna and ginger in boiling water
 ——— *sennæ tartarizatum*, senna, coriander seed, and crystals of tartar in boiling water
 ——— *tamarindorum cum senna*, tamarinds, tartar, senna, coriander, and sugar in boiling water
Ingerenda, } all solid food
Ingesta, }
Ingravidatio, impregnation; pregnancy
Ingredientia, the parts of a pharmaceutical formula
Ingressus, intus susceptio
Inguen, the groin
Inguinalis, of the groin; herb starwort
Inhamæ orientales, potatoes
Inhame, a shrub like the caper
Inhumatio, pharmaceutical digestion in horse-dung; burying
Inimbay, } bonduch Indorum
Inimbola, }
Inion, occiput
Injaculation, spasm of the stomach with rigidity of the body

Injectio, the act of injecting medicated or coloured fluids into cavities by a syringe
 ——— *balsamica*, balsam copaiba incorporated with lime water by means of honey of roses and egg
 ——— *mercurialis*, quicksilver divided by balsam copaiba and incorporated with rose water by egg, &c. &c.
Innominatus, not named
Innutritio, a nourishing, or bringing up; also the opposite, atrophica
Inoculario, inoculation; the introduction of small-pox or other matter into the habit by the skin
Inopinus, sudden; unforeseen
Inosculatio, inosculation, or inter union of the extremities of arteries and veins
Inpinguedo porci, the herb *costus Arabicus*
Inquietudo, restlessness
Insania, insanity; delirium; madness
Insanus, mad
Insecta, insects, as flies, gnats, &c.
Insertio, insertion, or union of muscles, fibres, &c.
Insertus, (in botany) when the foot stalk is inserted into the stem
Insessio, warm fumigation, or bath; enedre
Insidens, resting upon
Insidentia, epistasis; surface of urine
Insidians, insidious; treacherous; latent
Inspidus, insipid; tasteless
Inspientia, low delirium
Insolatio, insolation, or exposure to hot sun
Insolatus, heated by the sun
Insomnium, a dream; a vision
Inspiratio, inspiration; drawing air into the lungs
Inspissatio, condensatio; thickening
Instillatio, dropping in or on; embrocatio
Instinctus, instinct, or that principle which governs the propensities of the brute creation
Instita, a fillet; a flat worm of the intestines
Insuccatio, solution in the juice of herbs
Insufflatio, blowing a powder into a cavity
Insultus, the early stage of an attack of disease
Integumenta, the integuments; the scarf and true skins; the rete mucosum and cellular membrane
Intellectus, the understanding

INT

Intemperantia, } intemperance; excess of
 Intemperies, } every kind; dyscrasia
 Intentio, indication; extension
 Interceptio, suppressed evacuation
 Interccio, diacope; a deep cut
 Intercurrens febris, a fever not peculiar to place
 ——— pulsus, an unequal pulse
 Intercus, anasarca, or watery swelling under the skin
 Interdentium, interstice between the teeth
 Interdigitum, a corn, or wart between the toes or fingers
 Interfœmineum, perinæum
 Interfoliaceus, between opposite leaves
 Intergastrum, the crossing of the optic nerves
 Interlunius morbus, the epilepsy
 Intermissio, intermission; interval between fits of fever
 Intermittens febris, intermittent fever
 Internodium, an internode, or part between the knotty parts of plants; the knuckle
 Internus, the name of the internal ear
 ——— cubitalis, carpus flectentium interior
 ——— mallei, a muscle of the ear
 Interossea arteria, an artery of the fore arm
 ——— ligamenta, ligaments uniting the bones of the fore arms
 Interossei musculi, muscles of the hands and feet
 Interosseus, a space between bones
 Interpassare, a quilted bag of medicinal ingredients
 Interpellatus morbus, disease irregular in its attacks
 Interpolatus dies, interval of a paroxysm
 Interruptus, leaves interrupted by alternate smaller ones
 Interscapularia, the hollows between the shoulder blades and spine
 Interscapulium, the space between the scapulæ
 Intersectio, an incision
 Interseptum, the uvula; the division of the nostrils
 Interspinales colli musculi, } muscles of
 Intertransversales musculi, } the spine
 Intertransversalis,
 Interstinctus, distinct; applied to small-pox
 Intertrigo, excoriation, or abrasion
 Interuntii dies, critical days

ION

Intervallum, the interval between fits of disease
 Intestina, the intestines, or guts
 ——— crassa, the colon, cæcum, and rectum
 ——— diaboli, cuscuta, or dodder
 ——— tenuia, the duodenum, jejunum, and ileum
 ——— terræ, earth worm
 Intortio, the twisting of a plant
 Intortus, writhed, or twisted
 Intoxicatio, intoxication; drunkenness; infection
 Intricatus, a muscle of the ear
 Intrinseci, painful internal diseases
 Intritum, minced, or potted meat
 Introcessio, depression of the skull
 Introsusceptio, introsusception, or falling of one part of an intestine into another
 Intsia, acacia Malabarica globosa
 Intubus, endive
 Intumescentiæ, diseases attended with external swelling
 Intussusceptio, the falling of a part of an intestine into another
 Intybacea, the herb oyster green
 Intybus, cichorium, or succory
 Inula, enula campana
 Inunctio, the act of anointing
 Inundatus, applied to plants which grow in water
 Inustoria, cauteries
 Inverecundium os, the forehead, or os frontis
 Inversio uteri, an inversion of the uterus
 Invidia, envy
 Inviscatio, a sticking together of the eyelids
 Involucra, the foetal membranes, or secundines
 Involucrum, the pericardium
 Involuntarius, not depending on the will
 Involvulus, the vine fretter; a worm
 Iobolos, any poisonous animal
 Iodes, verdigrise; green matter thrown off by vomiting
 Ion, the violet
 Ionia, the ground pine, or chamæpitys
 Ionis, a carbuncle of a violet colour
 Ionthlapsi, moonwort of the Tiber; vulnerary
 Ionthos, inflammatory pimples in the face; varus
 Ios, verdigrise
 C c

Iosaccharum, sugar of violets
Iotacismus, defective speech
Ioui, the expressed juice of beef peculiar to Japan
Ioulos, downy hair
Ipecacoanha, } *ipecaoan*, or Brazilian
Ipecacuanha, } root of the Spanish West
Ipepocoanha, } Indies; emetic in dose
Ippeacuanha, } from gr. v. to ℥i. anti-
 septic, antidyenteric, dose gr. i. to gr. iii.
Iphia, *asphodelus luteus*
Ignites, artes, or coarse bread
Ips, the vine fletcher
Iquetia, *betonica aquatica*
Ira, anger
Iracundus musculus, a muscle of the eye
Iraiba, a species of palm tree
Iringus, *eryngium*; the eryngo root
Irinon, the iris
Iris, the iris, or fibres of the choroides forming the pupil of the eye; common flower de luce; errhine, drastic emetic, dose of juice ℥ij.; also a pastil of saffron, myrrh, and alum
 — *alba Florentina*, } Florentine orris, or
 — *flore albo*, } white flower de luce; pectoral
 — *foetida*, spurge wort
 — *hortensis*, iris
 — *Illyrica*, iris *alba Florentina*
 — *latifolia tuberosa*, the ginger plant
 — *palustris*, *gladiolus luteus*
 — *tuberosa bulbosa*, Turkish hermodactyl root; pectoral
 — *vulgaris*, iris
Irregularis, irregular; not uniform
Irreptio, eishole
Iritabilitas, irritability; that state of the living solid by which it contracts on the application of a stimulus
Iritatio, irritation; the effect of a stimulus applied to an irritable part
Is, a fibre
Isada, lapis nephriticus
Isale, ixale
Isaros, arum, or wake Robin
Isatis, woad; a dye; styptic
 — *indica*, indigo
Ieatodes, bile and faeces; of the colour of woad
Isca, a fungous excrescence of the oak
Ischaemon, any styptic
 — *sativum*, *gramen mannæ*
Ischas, a dried fig

Ischiadicus morbus, the sciatica
Ischias, tithymalus; sciatica
 — major, the crural vein
 — minor, the lesser crural vein
Ischiatocele, rupture through the sacro-sciatic ligaments
Ischiocele, rupture between the sacrum and ischium
Ischio cavernosi, *erectores clitoridis*
 — *coccygæus*, a muscle of the os coccygis
Ischion, } a ligament of the head of the
Ischium, } thigh bone; os innominatum
Ischnophonia, stammering; shrillness of voice
Ischnotis, leanness
Ischouria, ischuria
Ischuretica, medicines which relieve
Ischuria, ischury; a stoppage, difficulty, or an absolute suppression of urine
 — *aspidialis*, ischury from a cohesion of the sides of the urethra
 — *atretarum*, ischury from menstrual blood in the vagina
 — *carunculosa*, ischury from diseased urethra
 — *cryptopyica*, ischury from retraction of the penis
 — *cystitica*, ischury from inflammation of the bladder
 — *cystolithica*, ischury from a stone in the bladder
 — *cystoplegmatica*, ischury from viscid mucus
 — *cystoplegica*, ischury from a paralytic state of the bladder
 — *cystoproctica*, ischury from diseased rectum
 — *cystopyica*, ischury from ulcer in the bladder
 — *cystospastica*, ischury from a spasm of the sphincter vesicæ
 — *cystothromboides*, ischury from grumous blood in the bladder
 — *ectopocystica*, ischury from hernia of the bladder
 — *falsa*, ischury from inability of the bladder to contract
 — *herniosa*, ischuria *ectopocystica*
 — *hystercystica*, ischury from diseased uterus
 — *hydrocelodes*, ischury from a rupture of the urethra in the scrotum
 — *inflammatoria*, ischury from inflammation of the bladder

Ischuria lunatica, ischury returning at full, or changes of the moon
 — mucosa, ischury nephrophlegmatica
 — nephrelmintica, ischury from worms in the kidneys
 — nephritica, ischury from inflamed kidney
 — nephrolithica, ischury from stone in the kidney
 — nephrophlegmatica, ischury from viscid mucus in the kidneys
 — nephroplegica, ischury from palsy of the kidneys
 — nephroplethorica, ischury from the kidneys being turgid with blood
 — nephrospastica, ischury from a spasm in the kidneys
 — nephrothromboides, ischury from grumous blood in the kidneys
 — notha, ischuria falsa
 — paradoxa, ischury from a tumour in the neck of the bladder
 — paralytodæa, ischuria falsa
 — peridesmica, ischury from a ligature on the penis
 — perinæalis, ischury from a swelling in the perinæum
 — periodica, ischuria lunatica
 — phimosica, ischury from phymosis
 — pituitosa, ischuria nephrophlegmatica
 — polyurica, ischury from a too long retention of urine
 — proptoica, ischuria ectopocystica
 — purulenta, ischuria cystopyica
 — renalis, ischury from diseased kidneys
 — vera, } ischury from an affection of the bladder only
 — vesicalis, }
 — ureterica, ischury from diseased ureters
 — ureteritica, ischury from inflamed ureters
 — ureterolithica, ischury from stones in the ureters
 — ureterophlegmatica, ischury from viscid mucus in the ureters
 — ureteropyica, ischury from ulcers in the ureters
 — ureterostomatica, } ischury from
 — urethrothromboides, } the ureters being obstructed by stones, grumous blood, &c.

Ischuria urethralis, ischury from diseased urethra
 — urethrelmintica, ischury from worms in the urethra
 — uretheritica, ischury from inflamed urethra
 — urethrohymenoides, ischury from membranes in the urethra
 — urethrothromboides, ischury from grumous blood in the urethra
Ischyus, strong
Isir, an elixir
Ischronus, in equal times
Ischryson, martial regulus of antimony combined with mercury
Isocinnamon, an herb like cinnamon
Isocrates, an equal mixture of wine and water
Isodromus, isochronous
Isomæria, an equability of the seasons
Isopyron, aquilegia
Isoramune, a tree of Malabar; juice pectoral
Isotheon, dionysos
Isotonos, -us, acmasticos
Ispida, the alcedo, or king's fisher
Isthmion, -um, } the fauces, or top of the
Isthmos, } throat
Itea, the salix, or willow
Ithagenes, true or genuine; true conception
Ithmoides, ethmoides
Itheyphos, curved, or deformed in the back
Ithyoria, any straight process of a bone
Ithyscolios, any oblique curvature of the spine
Ithytriches, straight hair, or black hair
Itinerarium, the staff used in cutting for the stone
Iulus, katkin, or cat's tail; a botanical term
Iva arthritica, } chamæpitys, or ground
 — moschata, } pine
 — pecanga, sarsaparilla
Ivabeba, a deobstruent American shrub
Ivray, lolium, or darnel
Ixale, the skin of an animal
Ixia, the carline thistle; a dilated vein, or varix
Ixine, globe thistle
Ixir, an elixir
Ixus, goose grass, or aparine

J A R

JAAKA, the Indian jack tree
Jabatapita, an astringent tree of Brasil
Jaborandi, the name of an alexipharmic plant
Jabuticaba, a tall tree of Brasil affording a vinous liquor
Jaca Indica, the Indian jack tree; nut astringent
Jacape, rushy grass of Brasil; alexipharmic
Jacapucaya, a nut-bearing tree of Brasil; aphrodisiac
Jacaranda, a species of palm of Brasil; fruit stomachic
Jacarecatinga, calamus aromaticus
Jace Brasiliensis, a species of water melon; refrigerant
Jacea, knapweed; pansy; astringent
 ——— *orientalis patula*, behen album
 ——— *ramosissima*, } calcitrapa, or Barna-
 ——— *stellata lutea*, } by's thistle
Jacobæa, ragwort; St. James's wort
 ——— *alpina*, corn marigold
 ——— *aquatica*, conyza aquatica
 ——— *maritima*, sea ragwort; emmenagogue
 ——— *palustris*, aster palustris
 ——— *pratensis*, doria Narbonensis
 ——— *vulgaris*, ragwort, or segrum; detergent
Jacuantatinga, calamus aromaticus
Jaculus, acontios; a poisonous serpent
Jagra, palm tree sugar
Jalapa, jalap of New Spain; root purgative, dose gr. x. to 3 ss.
 ——— *alba*, mechoacana alba
Jamacaru, species of fig tree of America; febrifuge
Jambolones, a myrtle-like tree of the East Indies; stomachic
Jambos, a species of plum in Malabar; refrigerant
Janamunda, caryophyllata
Janipaba, a tall tree of Brasil; detergent
Janitor, the lower orifice of the stomach
Janitrix, vena portarum
Japarandiba, an apple-like tree of Brasil; aperient
Jaruina, fig tree of Jucaija; vulnerary
Jarus, arum, or wake Robin

J U L

Jasmelæum, white flowers of violets in oleum sesaminum; unguent after bathing
Jasminoides, coffea, or coffee tree
Jasminum, jasmine, or jessamy; flowers expectorant
 ——— *Arabicum*, coffee
Jaspachates, a compound of jasper and agate; corroborant
Jaspis, the jasper, a precious stone
Jasponix, a kind of jasper
Jatropa, pinhones Indici; cataputia minor
Jecoraria, hepatica vulgaris; vena jecoraria
Jecur, the liver, seated in the right hypochondre
Jejunum, the second of the small intestines
Jemou, } gambogia
Jemu, }
Jequi tinquacu, the soap-bearing tree
Jesuitarum pulvis, } the Peruvian bark
Jesuitanus cortex, }
Jetica, battatas Hispanica
Jeticucu, mechoacana
Juba, a botanical term for horse's mane
Jububa, the jubebe tree
Judaica arbor, the Judas tree
Judaicum bitumen, Jew's pitch
Judicatio, crisis
Judicatoria, an inflammatory fever of four days
Jugale os, the zygomatic process of the cheek bone
Jugalis sutura, the sagittal suture of the skull
Jugamentum, os jugale
Jugis vita, a wine prolonging life
Juglans, } common walnut
 ——— *regia*, }
Jugulares venæ, the jugular veins in the neck
Jugulum, the throat, or fore part of the neck
 ——— *fractum*, a fractured collar bone
Jujuba, the jujuba, or olive tree; fruit demulcent
 ——— *Indica*, the lacca, or gum lac tree
Julapium, } a julap, or julep; any liquid
Julepum, } formula that is clear and sweet

J U L

- Julepum alexipharmicum*, } alexiterial wa-
 — alexiterium, } ter, spirituous
 and simple, with syrup of cloves; the
 same with syrup of lemons
 — ammoniacum, milk of ammonia-
 cum with syrup of squills
 — antihystericum, penny-royal and
 valerian waters, with tincture of castor,
 salt of hartshorn, and white sugar
 — astringens, alexiterial and aroma-
 tic waters, with Japonic confection and
 Japan earth
 — e camphora, camphor softened by
 spirit of wine and refined sugar in boil-
 ing water
 — e camphora acetosum, camphor
 softened by spirit of wine, gum Arabic,
 and refined sugar in vinegar
 — cardiacum, alexiterial waters, with
 volatile oily spirit, tincture of saffron,
 and white sugar
 — carminativum, fennel seed and
 compound juniper waters, with syrup of
 clove July flowers
 — e Creta, prepared chalk, refined
 sugar, gum Arabic, and water
 — diaphoreticum, alexiterial water,
 spiritus Mindereri, salt of hartshorn, and
 white sugar
 — diaphoreticum acidum, alexiterial
 water, treacle vinegar, tincture of saffron,
 spirit of amber, and sugar
 — diureticum, spiritus Mindereri,
 compound horse-radish water, and syrup
 of marsh mallows
 — foetidum, asafoetida, rue and com-
 pound valerian waters, oil of hartshorn,
 and white sugar
 — hydragogum, chamomile flower
 water, emetic tartar, and syrup of buck-
 thorn
 — moschatum, } rose water, volatile
 — e moscho, } oily spirit, musk,
 and white sugar

J U X

- Julepum refrigerans*, Rhenish wine, da-
 mask rose water, Seville orange juice,
 and syrup of violets
 — sistens, *julæpium* astringens
 — stomachicum, mint water, simple
 and spirituous, with syrup of saffron
Julepus, *julepum*, or *julap*
Jumnisum, ferment
Juncago, *juncus*
Juncaria, Italian rushy horse-tail; *valne-*
rary
Juncifolius, rush-leaved
Junctura, a joint, or articulation
Juncus, the rush; astringent
 — acutus, pricking large sea rush;
 astringent
 — aquaticus, bull rush; astringent
 — aromaticus, *juncus odoratus*
 — bombycinus, } cotton grass,
 — capitulo languinoso, } or *linagrostis*
 — odoratus, sweet rush, or camel's
 hay; aromatic
 — vulgaris, common soft rush; astring-
 ent
Juniperus, the juniper tree, or bush; wood,
 berries, and gum are medicinal
 — Alpina, dwarf juniper, or wild
 savin; juice given to horses for bots
 — Caroliniana, } the cypress-leaved
 — e Goa, } cedar
 — lycia, frankincense
 — sabina, savin plant, or sabina
Juno, the air
Junonis rosa, the lily
Jupicanga, China occidentalis
Jupiter, stannum, or tin
Jus, any kind of broth
 — album, white, or fish broth with oil
Jusquiamus, *hyoscyamus*, or henbane
Jussa, gypsum, or plaister of Paris
Juvantia, all remedies that do good in a
 particular case
Juventus, the time of youth
Juxtangina, *paracynanche*

K.

K A R

K ABALA, } amulets, or charms
 Kaballa, }

Kabolossa, } China occidentalis
 Kinbunnawell, }

Kachimia, cacochymia

Kadali, an eastern fruit used for dying;
 carminative

Kadanaku, aloes

Kækuria, the tree yielding gum elemi

Kæmperia rotunda, zedoaria

Kaha, turmeric

Kaida, an eastern shrub; aphrodisiac

Kaka-moullon, an east Indian tree

Kaka-niara, a vermifuge Indian tree

Kaka-toddali, a tree of Malabar; tonic

Kakimia, cacochymia

Kalenzi kansjava, bangué

Kali, saltwort; snail seeded glasswort;
 this plant, when burnt, yields fossil alkali

— acetatum, sal diureticus; kali saturat-
 ed with distilled vinegar

— alkali fixum, salt of wormwood, of tar-
 tar, potash, &c.

— præparatum, potash dissolved in wa-
 ter, crystallized and dried

— purum, fixed vegetable caustic alkali;
 the salt of aqua kali puri dried and melted

— sulphuratum, hepar sulphuris

— tartarizatum, tartarum solubile; alka-
 li saturated with acid of tartar

— vitriolatum, tartarum vitriolatum

Kalphonia, resin

Kamar, silver

Kamir, ferment

Kandel, a shrub; bark externally tonic; a
 dye for linen

Kanelli, an eastern evergreen tree; flowers
 astringent

Kapa mara, acajaiba, or cashew nut tree

Kapril, sulphur

Karabe, amber

Karabitus, a phrensy, or delirium

Karatas, wild pine apple, or ananas; acid

Karetta, amelpodi; a tree of Malabar

Karfe, best sort of cinnamon

Karin-tagera, a hazel-like tree of Malabar;
 oil prevents baldness

Kari-vetti, a tree of Malabar; juice emetic

Kaiva, the ricinus; wild cinnamon tree

K R A

Kasam, iron

Katmer Bouhour, cyclamen, or sow-bread

Kayl, sour milk

Keiri, leucoium, or wall flower

Kello, black lead

Kelp, soda, or natron from the ashes of sea
 weed

Kenna, ligustrum Indicum

Kenne, a concretion produced in the eye
 of the stag

Keratopharyngæi musculi, muscles of the
 œsophagus

Keratophyton arboreum; black coral

Kermes, chermes; an insect called the ker-
 mes berry

— mineralis, sulphur antimonii præ-
 cipitatum

Kerva oleum, castor oil

Keimia, a plant resembling mallows in ap-
 pearance and quality

Ketran, the resin of the great cedar

Keyser pilulæ, quicksilver and acetous acid

Khadira, } catechu, or Japan earth
 Kheir, }

Kibric, the element of mercury

Kibrith, sulphur

Kibrius, arsenic

Kik, } palma Christi
 Kiki, }

Kina, } Peruvian bark
 Kina-kina, }

— aromatica, the cascarilla

Kinkina Europea, gentian root

Kino, gummi rubrum astringens; red astring-
 ent gum

Kippi-kelengu, the Spanish potatoe

Kirath, a weight of four grains

Kirmisen the flower of the narcissus

Kisseris, cisseris; pumice stone

Kist, fourteen grains

Knawell, German knot grass; styptic, vul-
 nerary

Kobaltum, cobalt

Kolerus, a dry ulcer

Kolto, plica Polonica; plaited hair, a dis-
 ease said to be frequent in Poland, when
 the hair becomes vascular and full of
 blood

Kraut Sauer, sour krout; salted cabbage

K Y M

Kriebel kranheit, raphania; contracted limbs with pain and convulsions
Krimna, meal
Kurudu, the cinnamon tree
Kutubuth, lycanthropia, or wandering melancholy
Kymnenna, ampulla

K Y R

Kymia, a chymical cucurbit
Kymit elevatum, white sublimed cinnabar
Kymolæa, the mud under grinding stones
Kyna, gum opoponax
Kynanche, cynanche; quinsy, or sore throat
Kynam, snow

L.

L A C

LABARIUM, looseness of the teeth
Labdanum, gummi labdani
Labe, the first accession in fever
Labecula, a spot, or blemish
Labella leporina, the hare lip; a natural division in the upper lip
Labeo, thick lipped
Labes, a spot, or blemish
Labia, lips; sides of a spinous bone
—— pudendi, the lateral external protuberances of the vulva
Labiales arteriæ, arteries of the lips
—— glandulæ, glands of the lips
Labiatus, (in botany) with lips
Labis, a forceps
Labium, the lip
—— attollens, musculus zygomaticus
Lablab, phaseolus Ægyptiacus
Labor, labour; exercise; disease; parturition
Laboratorium, an elaboratory, or place for preparing medicines
Labrax, lupus marinus
Labrisulcium, a chap in the lips
Labrum veneris, fuller's teazle; dipsacus
Labrusca, white bryony, or vitis sylvestris
Laburnum, laburnum, or pease cod tree
—— majus, } bean trefoil tree;
—— trifolium, } cytisus
Labyrinthus, the labyrinth; second cavity of the ear
Lac, milk; a natural emulsion, secreted by most animals for the nourishment of their young
—— asinthites, human milk with the taste of wormwood
—— acetosum, } milk curdled by an acid,
—— acidum, } rennet, &c.

L A C

Lac ammoniaci, gum ammoniacum diffused in water
—— amygdalæ, pounded sweet almonds diffused in water and sweetened; almond emulsion
—— assininum, asses' milk; nutritive, demulcent
—— assininum artificiale, mock asses' milk; eryngo, pearl barley, liquorice root, and milk
—— asafœtidæ, asafœtida diffused in water
—— calcis, aqua calcis
—— coagulatum, lac acetosum
—— lunæ, agaricus mineralis
—— sulphuris, sulphuris precipitatum
—— vaginalis, saccharum saturni dissolved in water
—— virginis, gum Benjamin precipitated from the tincture by water
Lacaphthon, bark of an Indian aromatic tree
Lacca, the gum lac of Ceylon
Laccopedon, the loose part of the scrotum
Laceratura, a lacerated wound
Lacerta, the green lizard
Lacertuli, bundles of fibres; columnæ carneæ
Lacertus, the arm; the lizard or eft
—— omnium maximus, crocodilus
Lacrum foramen, a hole in the skull transmitting several nerves
Lacernus, torn
Lachanum, a garden herb
Lachryma, a tear
—— abiegna, Strasburg turpentine
—— Jobi, reed millet, or Job's tear
Lachrymalia ossa, the ossa unguis of the nose
Lachrymalis fistula, a fistulous ulceration of the lachrymal sac

L A G

Lachrymalis glandula, the lachrymal gland
 ——— nervus, branch of the fifth pair
 of nerves
 Laciniaë, jagged leaves of flowers
 Lacinatus, jagged
 Laconicum, a sweating stove, or room
 Lactaria, all milky food
 Lactas, lactat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of sour whey or lactic acid
 ——— aluminosus, lactat of alumine
 ——— ammoniacalis, lactat of ammoniac
 ——— argenti, lactat of silver
 ——— arsenicalis, lactat of arsenic
 ——— auri, lactat of gold
 ——— barytaë, lactat of barytes
 ——— bismuthi, lactat of bismuth
 ——— calcareus, lactat of lime
 ——— cobalti, lactat of cobalt
 ——— cupri, lactat of copper
 ——— ferri, lactat of iron
 ——— magnesiæ, lactat of magnesia
 ——— magnesiï, lactat of manganese
 ——— mercurii, lactat of mercury
 ——— molybdeni, lactat of molybden
 ——— niccoli, lactat of nickel
 ——— platini, lactat of platina
 ——— plumbi, lactat of lead
 ——— potassæ, lactat of potash
 ——— sodæ, lactat of soda
 ——— stibii, lactat of antimony
 ——— stanni, lactat of tin
 ——— tungsteni, lactat of tungstein
 ——— zinci, lactat of zink
 Lactatio, the act of suckling
 Lactea febris, the milk fever
 Lactescentia, the milky juice of plants
 Lacteus, milky
 Lactica, low fever, or typhus
 Lacticinia, all milky food; animellæ
 Lactiferus, carrying milk
 Lactuca, lettuce; emollient, diuretic, anodyne
 ——— agnina, lamb's lettuce, or corn salad
 ——— cœrulea, blue-flowered gum succory
 ——— hortensis, garden lettuce
 ——— marina, oyster green
 ——— perennis humilior, gum succory
 ——— sylvestris, wild strong-scented lettuce; gum succory
 Lactucella, sow thistle
 Lactucimina, the thrush of infancy

L A P

Lactumen, the scald head
 Lactumina, ulcers on the skin of infants
 Lacunæ, furrows, or passes from small glands
 Lacune, terra sigillata
 Lacunosus, furrowed
 Lacustris, plants growing in lakes
 Lada, black pepper, or piper nigrum
 — Chillî, Guinea pepper
 Ladanum, gummi ladani
 Ladon, the ladanum shrub
 Lædentia, all hurtful causes, or medicines
 Læmos, the throat
 Læsio, any hurt
 Lætificans, exhilarating, or raising the spirits
 Læva, the left hand
 Lævigatio, reduction of a hard substance into powder
 Lagaros, the right ventricle of the heart
 Lagneia, } venereal intercourse
 Lagneuma, }
 Lagocheilos, one with a hare lip
 Lagon, the flank
 Lagophthalmia, ectropium; a morbid turning out of the eyelids
 Lagophthalmus, ectropium
 Lagopodium, hare's foot; trefoil
 Lagopus, hare-footed
 Lagostoma, the hare lip
 Lait repandu, the lymphatics
 Lalo, the bark of a tree used as food in Africa
 Lamac, gum Arabic
 Lamare, sulphur
 Lambdacismus, a defective articulation
 Lambdoides, the lambdoid suture of the occiput
 Lambitivum, a linctus
 Lamella, the gills of a mushroom
 Lames perspirabiles, the cellular membrane
 Lamia, the white shark
 Lamina cribrosa, the apertures transmitting the olfactory nerves
 Laminæ spongiosæ inferiores, the lower spongy laminæ of the nose
 Lamium, } the dead nettle, or white
 ——— album, } archangel
 ——— luteum, yellow archangel
 ——— maculatum, spotted archangel
 ——— purpureum, } red archangel; in-
 ——— rubrum, } crassant
 Lampatam, China occidentalis; the American China root

L A P

Lampetra, the lamprey, or lamprey eel;
 corroborant
 Lampodes, frothy
 Lampros, vigorous; healthy
 Lampsana, dog's cress; nipplewort
 Lampyris, the glow worm
 Lana, wool
 — succida, uncleaned wool
 Lanaria, bruisewort; soapwort; mullien
 Lanceola, ribwort
 Lanceolatus, spear-shaped
 Lancetta, a lancet
 Languor, debility with depression of spirits
 — pannonicus, a kind of tertian fever
 Lanigirus, applied to vegetables having much down
 Lantana, way-faring tree, or viburnum
 Lanuginosus, woolly, or downy
 Lanugo, down
 Lanx, a pair of scales
 Laos, tin
 Lapacticus, loosening, or evacuating the belly
 Lapara, the flanks, or parts between the false ribs and hip bones
 Laparia, an herb for diseases of the flank
 Laparocele, rupture through the side of the belly
 Laparos, soft or empty
 Lapathum, the dock
 — acutum, sharp-pointed dock; laxative, corroborant
 — Alpinum, bastard monk's rhubarb
 — aquaticum, great water dock; antiscorbutic
 — Chinense orientale, rhabarbarum
 — hortense, monk's rhubarb; purgative 3i.
 — palustre, lapathum aquaticum
 — rubrum, } bloodwort;
 — sanguineum, } leaves laxative
 — unctuosum, mercurialis
 — vulgare, common broad-leaved dock; astringent
 Lapides cobræ de capello; antidote to the bite of the cobra de capello
 — cancerorum, oculi cancerorum
 Lapidillum, spoon used in the operation for the stone
 Lapillatio, the generation of a stone
 Lapilli, crab's eyes, or oculi cancerorum
 Lapis, a stone
 — ampelites, canal coal; ampelites

L A R

Lapis animalis, the animal bezoar stone
 — Armenius. See Arminius
 — bezoar, the bezoar stone found in the stomach of quadrupeds
 — bezoar præparatus, prepared bezoar
 — Bononiensis, a phosphoric stone found near Bologna
 — calaminaris, calamine, coral, pearl, crab's eyes, &c.
 — colubrinus, pedro de capello
 — contrayervæ, contrayerva
 — crystallus, rock crystal; astringent
 — divinus, alum, nitre, and camphire
 — glacialis, bastard talc
 — hæmatites, blood stone; ore of iron
 — hæmatites præparatus, prepared blood stone
 — heracleios, magnes
 — Hybernicus, Irish slate
 — illuminabilis, lapis Bononiensis
 — infernalis, caustic alkali
 — Judaicus, Jew's stone; diuretic
 — lazuli, a fine blue stone with gold striæ
 — lydius, magnes
 — medicamentosus, the medicinal stone
 — naxius, cos
 — nephriticus, a greenish stone of America
 — obsidanus, canal coal; ampelites
 — septicus, caustic alkali; potential caustery
 — specularis, Muscovy glass, a species of talc
 — stellatus, astroites
 — Syriacus, lapis Judaicus
 Lappa, the dock, or bardana
 Lappago, the purging thorn, or aparine
 Lappula canaria, bastard parsley
 — rusticorum, cynoglossum minus
 Lapsus, sudden death; a fall
 Laqueus, a noose
 — gutturis, a quinsy
 Larbason, antimony
 Lardum, bacon; lard
 Laridum, the lardaceous matter of a tumour
 Larix, the larch tree
 — orientalis, the cedar of Lebanon
 Larva, a mask; the early caterpillar state of insects; a kind of bandage
 Laryngotomia, Bronchotomia; making an incision into the larynx
 Larynx, the wind-pipe

L A U

Lasanon, -um, a trivet; a close stool; stool for delivery
 Lascivus, chorea Sancti Viti; St. Vitus's dance
 Laser, gummi assafoetida
 Laserpitium, the lesser herb frankincense of Theophrastus, alexipharmic
 ——— Gallicum, } lasserwort; alexi-
 ——— vulgatus, } pharmic
 Lassitudo, lassitude; debility; weariness
 Lasion, rough, or hairy
 Lastaurus, addicted to venery
 Lasur, Paracelsus's transplanted extract from silver
 Lata ligamenta, broad ligaments of the uterus
 Later, a brick
 Laterales musculi, muscles of the lower jaw
 ——— musculi nasi, muscles of the nose
 ——— processus ossis sphenoidis, processes of the sphenoid bone
 Lateralia ligamenta, ligaments of the arm
 Lateritium oleum, brick oil
 Laterium, lixivium, or solution of salt
 Lathyrus, } everlasting, or chick-
 Lathyrus, } ling vetch; spurge;
 ——— latifolius, } juice styptic
 ——— sylvestris, everlasting tare; astringent
 ——— vicioides, clymenum
 Latibulum, fomes morbi
 Latica, a continued quotidian fever
 Latissimus dorsi, a broad and thin muscle of the back
 Laton, brass
 Latus, the side
 Laucania, the throat, or oesophagus
 Laudanum, opium dissolved in spirit, or wine
 ——— balsamicum, opium, hepar sulphuris, extract of saffron and liquorice, flowers of Benjamin, and Peruvian balsam
 ——— liquidum, laudanum
 ——— liquidum cum camphora, opium, saffron, cloves, &c. in tartarized spirit of wine
 ——— liquidum cum spiritu nitri dulci, opium and saffron digested in spiritu nitri dulcis
 ——— liquidum cum succo cydoniorum, opium, saffron, cinnamon, cloves, and Jamaica pepper digested in the juice of quinces

L A V

Laudanum liquidum Sydenhami, opium, saffron, cinnamon, and cloves digested in Spanish wine
 ——— mercuriale Paracelsi, mercury precipitated from spiritu nitri, and redissolved in alcohol
 Laudinae, pills containing opium
 Laurax, labrax
 Laureola foemina, chamælaea; widow-wail
 ——— mas, spurge laurel; emetic, purgative
 Laurifolia Magellanica, cortex Winteranus
 Laurinum, daphnelæon; oil of bays
 Lauro-cassia, folium Indum; Malabar cinnamon
 ——— cerasus, bay, or laurel cherry; a poison
 Laurus Alexandrina, laurel of Alexandria, or bislingua
 ——— camphorifera, the camphor tree of Japan and Borneo
 ——— cassia, canella Javanensis
 ——— Ceylanica, true cinnamon tree
 ——— foliis enerviis, canella alba tree of Jamaica
 ——— malabathrum, wild cinnamon tree
 ——— rosea, the rose bay
 ——— vulgaris, common laurel, or bay tree
 Lavacra, washes; cosmetics
 Lavacrum, a bath
 Lavamentum, a fomentation
 Lavandula, lavender; cordial, cephalic
 ——— angustifolia, narrow-leaved, or common lavender
 ——— latifolia, greater lavender; nerve vine
 Lavapratas, a vulnerary shrub of Brasil
 Lavaretus, a trout-like fish of France
 Lavaronus, a fish of the Mediterranean
 Lavatio, washing; bathing; a bath
 Lavendula, lavandula, or lavender
 Lavendulae conserva, conserve of lavender
 ——— flores, flowers of lavender
 ——— oleum, oil of lavender
 ——— spiritus simplex, simple spirit of lavender
 ——— spiritus compositus, compound spirit of lavender
 ——— tinctura composita, compound tincture of lavender
 Laver, brook lime; water pimpernel; becabunga; sea laver
 Lavipedium, a bath for the feet

L E N

Laxativa, gentle purgatives
Laxativus, laxative, or rendering loose
Laxator membranæ tympani, a muscle of the inner ear
 — *membranæ externus*, a muscle of the meatus auditorius
Laxitas, laxity, or want of firmness
 — *intestinorum*, *lienteria*
Lazuli lapis, a precious stone of a blue colour
Lazurium argenti, saffron of silver
Leæna, a lioness; a plaster for the hip
Leberis, *exuviae*
Lecheneon, torcular herophili; a sinus of the dura mater
Lecithos, a pea, or wild vetch; the yolk of an egg
Lectio, reading; a woman in child-bed
Lectualis morbus, any disease confining to bed
Lectuli, couches for the sick
Lectulus, a little bed; fomentation, poultice, &c.
Lectus, a bed
Ledon, gum labdanum
Ledum, a species of rosemary
 — *rosmarimi folio*, Bohemian rosemary
Legna, the labia pudendi
Legumen, pulse plants, as the pea, bean, &c.
 — *terræ glandibus simile*, *lathyrus sylvestris*
Leguminosa, fabago
Leichen, lichen; a moss
Leienteria, *lienteria*
Leiopus, even foot; without usual curvature
Leiphæmoi, -i, patients with deficiency of blood
Leipodermos, one having lost the prepuce
Leipopsychia, } faintness; swooning
Leipothymia, }
Leipyria, ardent fever with cold extremities
Lelythus, a pea
Leme, sordes of the eyes; winking
Lemma, the skin, or bark
Lemnia terra, earth of Lemnos; a bole
Lemniscus, a pessary of linen
Lempnias, scales of brass; auripigmentum; *terra sigillata*
 — *calcis*, scales of brass
Leniens, }
Lenis, } mild; softening; laxative
Lenitivus, }

L E P

Lenos, machine for fractures; torcular herophili; an excavation
Lens, the lentil plant
 — *crystallina*, the crystalline lens of the eye
Lenta febris, a slow fever
Lentibularia, *millefolium*
Lenticula, a freckle; lentil; duck meat
 — *aquatica trisulca*, the larger duck meat
 — *palustris*, herb duck meat
 — *palustris major*, the larger duck meat
Lenticulare, a lenticular, or rugine; part of the trepanning apparatus
Lenticularis febris, a species of petechial fever
Lentigo, a freckle
Lentiscus, common mastich tree
 — *peruana*, molle; Indian mastich
 — *vera*, the mastich tree
Lentor, viscosity, thickness, or siziness, applied to animal fluids
Lentus, slow
Leo, a lion; leprosy
Leonina lepra, species of elephantiasis
Leonis ossiculum, the herb columbine, or aquilegia
Leontiasis, } elephantiasis
Leontion, }
Leontice veterum, *cacalia*
Leontius, a precious stone
Leontodon, the dandelion, or taraxacum
Leontopetalum, } red and black turnip
Leontopetalon, }
Leontopodium, lion's foot, or filago Alpina
 — *Creticum*, *plantago*, or plantain
Leonurus, lion's tail
 — *cardiaca*, motherwort; emmenagogue
Leopardus, the leopard
Lepidium, poor man's pepper; dittander; a pungent esculent plant
 — *gramineo folio*, *Sciatica* cress
Lepidocarpodendron, a tree producing scaly fruit
Lapidoides sutura, the squamous suture of the skull
Lepidosarcoma, a scaly tumour in the mouth
Lepisma, a peeling off of the skin, or bark
Leporinum rostrum, a prominent piece of flesh in the hare lip

LET

Leporinus, hare-like
 Lepra, the leprosy; a white, itching, mealy, chappy, and rough state of the skin
 — allopicia, alopecia
 — Arabum, elephantiasis
 — asturiensis, a dry blackish eruption, particularly in the hands and feet
 — elephanta, a squalid blackish colour of the whole body
 — Græcorum, lepra simplex
 — herpetica, an itching, scaly, white eruption about the thighs and arms
 — ichthyosis, lepra resembling the scales of fish
 — Indica, a scaly incrustation on the body
 — leonina, lepra allopicia
 — malum mortuum, malum mortuum; deadly leprosy
 — tyria, a leprous disease of the face
 Lepras, a sea fish; aperitive
 Leptismus, extenuation; attenuation
 Leptomerus, subtile; small; minute
 Leptophonia, paraphonia clangens
 Leptopityron, bran
 Leptunon, attenuating
 Lepus, the hare; its ashes, head, &c. said to have distinct medical properties
 — marinus, the sea hare
 Lepyrrion, an egg shell; bark of plants
 Leros, a slight delirium
 Leseolus, the jaundice, or icterus
 Lesmin, jasminum, or jessamy
 Letchi, a Chinese fruit; heating
 Lethargus, a lethargy, or continued sleep
 — acutus, } lethargy fol-
 — apostematodes, } lowing phre-
 nitis
 — arthriticus, sound sleep with tremor on the going off of gout
 — cephaliticus, lethargus apostematodes
 — a febre, lethargy accompanying amphemerina
 — a frigore, lethargy arising from excessive cold
 — ingens, lethargy from which the patient cannot be roused
 — litteratorum, lethargy from a sedentary and studious life
 — a narcoticis, lethargy from the use of anodynes
 — periodicus, lethargy returning at regular periods

LEU

Lethargus pulmonicus, lethargy attending inflammation of the lungs
 — traumaticus, lethargy from wounds
 — typhodes, lethargy accompanying low fever
 Leucacantha, carlina, or carline thistle
 Leucania, laucania, or cesophagus
 Leucanthemum odoratum, chamæmelum
 Leucanthe veterum, calcitrapa officinalis
 Leucas montana, herb yellow archangel, or galeopsis
 Leucax, a white precious stone
 Leuce alphas, -os, a species of leprosy
 Leucelectrum, white amber
 Leuciscus, a fish
 Leucochrus, dried raisins macerated in sea water
 Leucochrysus, a yellow precious stone
 Leucogæa, a stone consisting of white earth
 Leucographis, a soft Egyptian stone
 Leucojum album, } a white flower of the
 — hyemale, } lily tribe
 — luteum, the wall flower; flowers cordial
 — simplex, leucojum album
 — vulgare, leucojum luteum
 Leucolachanon, -um, wild valerian
 Leucoma, albugo; a white speck on the eye
 — nephelium, achlys
 Leucomænis, the white herring
 Leucon, the white heron
 Leuconium, white cotton
 Leuconymphæa, the great white water-lily
 Leucophagium, almonds, rose water, and the flesh of a capon
 Leucophlegma, } an universal, or partial
 Leucophlegmatia, } white flabby tumour of the body
 Leucopiper, piper album, or white pepper
 Leucorrhœa, fluor albus, or whites; a serous discharge from the vagina
 — Americana, fluor albus with great paleness and menstrual obstruction
 — cancrorsa, fluor albus following menorrhagia
 — fungosa, fluor albus from a fungous ulcer of the womb
 — gravidarum, a lymph-like discharge from pregnant women
 — indica, fluor albus from injury sustained in parturition
 — nabothi, leucorrhœa gravidarum

L I C

Leucorrhœa scirrhus, fluor albus from scirrhus uterus
 ——— syphilitica, fluor albus from venereal ulcers
 ——— ulcerosa, fluor albus from ulcers in the womb
 Leucorrhœa, diarrhœa mucosa
 Levamen, ease; remission
 Levator palati molliis, a muscle of the uvula
 ——— palpebræ superioris, a muscle of the upper eyelid
 ——— patientiæ, } muscles of the scapulæ,
 ——— scapulæ, } or shoulder blades
 Levatores ani, muscles suspending the anus
 ——— breviores costarum, muscles elevating the ribs
 ——— communes labiorum, muscles of the lips
 ——— labii inferioris, muscles of the lower lip
 ——— labii superioris, muscles of the upper lip
 Leves, cupping glasses used without scarifying
 Levisticum, herb common lovage, or ligusticum
 Levitas intestinorum, the lientery, or white purging
 Lexipharmacon, -um, antidotus
 Lexipyretos, febrifugus
 Libadium, lesser centaury
 Libanos, libanotis; rosemary
 Libanotis, } laserpitium, or frankincense
 Libanotos, }
 Liber, the inner bark
 Liberans aqua, compound lime water
 Libido, the itch; lust
 Libos, any thing instilled into the eyes
 Libra, a pound weight of 12 ounces, or pint measure
 ——— pharmacopolorum, the apothecaries' pound, 12 ounces
 Librosulcrum, cancrum oris
 Liburnum, the mealy tree
 Lichanos, -us, the fore finger
 Lichen, liverwort; serpigo
 ——— arboreus, tree lungwort, or oak lungs
 ——— arboreus pullus, tree liverwort
 ——— cinereus terrestris, ground liverwort; antihydrophobic
 ——— Islandicus, the new remedy for cough and consumption
 ——— petræus, liverwort; decostruent

L I G

Lichen pyxidatus, cup moss, said to cure whooping cough
 Lichenastrum, a flower-bearing moss
 Lichenoides, a species of moss
 Lichnis sylvestris, the herb snap-dragon, or gnaphalium; the cuckoo flower
 Licinia, tents
 Lien, the spleen, or milt
 ——— sinarum, Egyptian bean, or faba Ægyptia
 Lienteria, the lientery, or white purging of undigested food
 ——— aphthosa, lientery with thrush
 ——— primaria, lientery spontanea
 ——— secundaria, lientery following dysentery
 ——— scorbutica, lientery from scurvy
 ——— spontanea, lientery with much debility
 ——— ex stomachi irritatione, lientery spontanea
 ——— ex ulcere ventriculi, lientery from ulcer in the stomach
 Ligamenta lateralia, ligaments of the arm
 Ligamentum, a ligament; a solid, inelastic, tendinous cord
 ——— annulare, the annular ligament, as of the wrist
 ——— arteriosum, a collapsed vessel of the foetal circulation
 ——— caninum, the frænum of the prepuce
 ——— capsulare, a ligament to connect joints and confine the synovia
 ——— ciliare, black fibres round the pupil of the eye
 ——— coli dextrum, part of the mesentery
 ——— coli sinistrum, part of the mesocolon
 ——— colli, a muscle of the neck
 ——— cutaneum ossis coccygis, a muscle of the coccyx
 ——— denticulatum, small ligaments supporting the spinal marrow
 ——— fallopii, a tendon stretched from the ilium to the pubes
 ——— hepatis suspensorum, the suspensory ligament of the liver, originally the umbilical foetal vein
 ——— intermaxillare, a ligament of the jaws
 ——— interosseum, the ligament uniting the radius and ulna

L I G

Ligamentum latum, broad ligament of the liver
 ——— nuchæ, ligamentum colli
 ——— Poupartii, } liga-
 ——— pubes interossum, } men-
 ——— tum fallopii; Poupart's ligament
 ——— rotundum, the round ligament of the uterus
 Ligatio, } a bandage, or ligature; a stiff-
 Ligatura, } ness of a joint; impotence
 ——— veneris, camphor
 Ligniperda, an aquatic insect; an amulet
 Lignum, wood
 ——— aloes, } wood of the aloes,
 ——— aquilæ, } or agallochum
 ——— aspalathus, }
 ——— aromaticum, canella alba
 ——— Campechense, } logwood; astringent
 ——— Campescanum, }
 ——— Carrabaccium, a warm antiscorbutic Indian wood
 ——— cedrinum, juniperus
 ——— colubrinum, snake wood of India; poisonous
 ——— guaiacum, guaiacum
 ——— infelix, elder, or sambucus
 ——— juniperi, juniperus
 ——— lentiscinum, lentiscus
 ——— literatum, lettered wood from China
 ——— Moluccense, purging nut tree
 ——— nephriticum, balsamus myrepsica
 ——— quassia, the quassi wood of Surinam; a strong bitter without astringency
 ——— rhodii, rose wood, or root from the Canaries; cordial
 ——— sanctum, guaiacum
 ——— santalum, saunders wood
 ——— santalum album, white saunders from the East Indies
 ——— santalum citrinum, } yellow saun-
 ——— santalum flavum, } ders from the East Indies; restorative
 ——— santalum rubrum, red saunders from the East Indies; corroborant
 Lignuodes, a brown or black tongue
 Ligula, clavicula; glottis; a small ligature
 Ligulatus, (in botany) strap-shaped
 Ligusma, a contorsion of a joint
 Ligusticum, common herb lovage; aromatic
 Ligustricum, seseli vulgare, or common hartwort
 Ligustrum, privet; detersive

L I N

Ligustrum Germanicum, ligustrum, or privet
 ——— Indicum, eastern privet
 ——— Italicum, evergreen privet
 ——— nigrum, lilac, or pipe tree
 ——— vulgare, common privet, or ligustrum
 Lilac, the pipe tree
 Liliago, liliastrum, or spiderwort
 Liliastrum, } spiderwort; alexi-
 ——— Alpinum, } pharmitic, carminative
 Lilio-asphodelus, } species of lily
 ——— fritillaria, }
 ——— hyacinthus, the lily hyacinth; roots resolute
 ——— narcissus, the daffodil lily
 Liliun, the lily
 ——— album, the white lily; root emollient
 ——— convallium, the lily of the valley; cephalic
 ——— montanum, martagon, or Turk's cap; root said to facilitate dentition
 ——— Paracelsi, regulus of Mars dissolved in aqua fortis and precipitated by the sulphur of the regulus of antimony; dose gr. iv.
 ——— purpureo-croceum, the red lily; root aperitive
 ——— rubrum, hemerocallis
 Lima, a file or rasp
 Limanchia, excessive abstinence from aliment
 Limaturæ, filings or raspings
 Limax, a snail
 ——— ater, the black snail
 ——— ruber, the red snail; the liquor is emollient
 ——— terrestris, the earth, or shell snail; pectoral
 Limbus, the universe; the border of a flower
 Limnitis, adarces; a salt
 Linnopeuce, equisetum palustre
 Limocetonia, limanchia
 Limodorum, hypocystis
 Limoniatus, a precious stone with lemon
 Limonium, sea lavender; astringent
 Limon, } the lemon tree; fruit acid, re-
 Limonum, } frigerant
 Linagrostis, cotton grass
 Linamentum, lint; all applications of linen
 Linangina, dodder
 Linaria, toad flax

L I N

Linaria antirrhina, } ivy-leaved toad flax;
 — folio glabro, } astringent
 — folio hirsuto, female fluellin; vul-
 nerary
 — vulgaris, the common linnet
Linctuarium, } linctus; lohoch; a thin kind
Linctus, } of electuary
Linea alba, } a white tendinous line
 — centralis, } extending from the en-
 siform process to the os pubis
 — prima tibiæ, the shin bone
Lineæ semilunares, part of the external ob-
 lique muscle
 — transversæ, part of the recti muscles
 of the abdomen
Lingodes, fevers with hiccup
Lingua, the tongue
 — avis, the fraxinus, or ash tree
 — canina, cynoglossum majus, or great
 hound's tongue
 — cervina, hart's tongue
 — major, doria, or groundwort
Linguales, the ninth pair of nerves
Linguiformis, tongue-shaped
Lingula, ligula
Linimentum, liniment; a thin kind of oint-
 ment
 — album, white liniment; oil,
 wax, and spermaceti
 — anodynum, anodyne liniment;
 nerve ointment and turpentine
 — arcæi, lard, turpentine, and
 gum elemi
 — ammoniæ, aqua ammoniæ
 and oil
 — hæmorrhoidale, emollient
 ointment and laudanum
 — mercuriale, mercurial lini-
 ment; quicksilver mixed with wax and
 lard by means of balsamum sulphuris
 — saponaceum, or saponis, soap
 liniment; soap and camphor dissolved in
 spiritus rosmarinus
 — simplex, oil and white wax
 — tripharmacum, common plais-
 ter, oil, and vinegar
 — volatile, oil and volatile alka-
 li; linimentum ammoniæ
Linospermum, linseed
Linosyris, an herb with flax-like leaves
Linozostis, with-bind
Linteum, linen, or lint
Linum, lint or flax; seeds emollient, in-
 crassant

L I T

Linum catharticum, mountain, or purging
 flax; purgative 3i.
 — asbestinum, }
 — carpasium, }
 — carystum, } asbestos, or earth flax
 — Creticum, }
 — Cypricum, }
 — fossile, }
 — Indicum, }
 — minimum, } linum catharticum
 — montanum, }
 — sylvestre, } linum, or common flax
 — vulgare, }
 — vivum, asbestos, or earth flax
 — usitatissimum, linum, or common
 flax
Lipa, fat; oil; oily stools
Liparis, a fat fish
Lipiria, an ardent fever
Lipodermus, leipodermos; wanting the pre-
 puce
Lipopsychia, } a swoon, or fainting fit
Lipothymia, }
Lippa, the sordes of the eyes
Lippitudo, fiery pustules on the edges of the
 eyelids; inflammation in the eye
Lipyrria, ardent fever with cold extremities
Liquamen, garum; fish sauce
 — salis tartari, lixivum tartari
Liquamumia, human fat
Liquiambar, } an aromatic juice of an Ame-
Liquidambra, } rican tree; deobstuent
 — styraciflua, storax
Liquiritia, } liquorice
Liquoritia, }
Liquor amnii, the water surrounding the
 fœtus
 — æthereus vitriolicus, the liquor pro-
 cured from a distillation of equal parts of
 vitriolic acid and spirit of wine redistilled
 with causticum commune acerrimum
 — albus ovi, the white of the egg
 — cyrenaicus, gum Benjamin
 — mineralis anodynus Hoffmanni, Hoff-
 man's anodyne liquor; a species of æther;
 the spirit procured by redistilling the li-
 quor drawn from the oil of vitriol and
 nitre with spirit of wine
 — salis, circulatum
 — syrenaicus, gum Benjamin
Lirion, lilium, or lily
Lite, a plaister of verdigrise, wax, and
 resin
Lithagogus, medicine expelling stone

L I T

Lithantrax, a fossil coal
 Lithargyrites, vinegar of litharge
 Lithargyrum, litharge, calcined lead
 Lithargyrus aureus, red, or gold litharge
 ——— argenteus, white, or silver litharge
 Lithias, lithiat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the lithic acid, or acid of human calculus
 ——— aluminosus, lithiat of alumine
 ——— ammoniacalis, lithiat of ammoniac
 ——— arsenicalis, lithiat of arsenic
 ——— argenti, lithiat of silver
 ——— auri, lithiat of gold
 ——— barytæ, lithiat of barytes, or heavy spar
 ——— bismuthi, lithiat of bismuth
 ——— calcareus, lithiat of lime
 ——— cobalti, lithiat of cobalt
 ——— cupri, lithiat of copper
 ——— ferri, lithiat of iron
 ——— magnesiæ, lithiat of magnesia
 ——— magnesii, lithiat of manganese
 ——— mercurii, lithiat of mercury
 ——— molybdeni, lithiat of molybden
 ——— niccoli, lithiat of nickel
 ——— platini, lithiat of platina
 ——— potassæ, lithiat of potash
 ——— sodæ, lithiat of soda, or fossil alkali
 ——— stibii, lithiat of antimony
 ——— stanni, lithiat of tin
 ——— tungsteni, lithiat of tungstein
 ——— zinci, lithiat of zinc
 Lithiasis, the gravel, or stone of the urine;
 a hard tumour on the eyelid
 Lithobryon, coralloides
 Lithocolia, the stone glue; a mixture of marble and glue
 Lithocolum, the act of discharging, or dissolving the urinary stone
 Lithodendron, sea coral
 Lithoeides, the os petrosum of the skull
 Litholabon, the forceps used in cutting for the stone
 Lithonripticus, a solvent of stone in the human urinary passages
 Lithopædion, a recent stony concretion
 Lithophyton, white coralline
 ——— nigrum, black coral
 Lithospermum, herb gromwell; lachryma Jobi
 Lithothlaspi, thlaspi
 Lithotomia, lithotomy; operation of cutting for the stone

L O C

Lithotomus, a lithotomist, or surgeon who cuts for the stone
 Lithron, natron; fossil salt found on rocks
 Litum, a thread many times doubled
 Litos, -us, diacodium; a liniment
 Litteristum, a magical cure of fever
 Litus, a liniment
 Livia, the stock dove
 Lividus, livid; lead colour; bluish
 Livonica terra, the scaled earth; a bole
 Livor, a dark mark on the body from a bruise, &c.
 Lix, potash
 Lixivium, any solution of salt
 ——— causticum, equal parts of purified, fixed, vegetable alkali and quick lime dissolved in water; solution of caustic alkali
 ——— martis, the residuum after the sublimation of the flores martiales left to contract moisture
 ——— saponarium, soap ley; a solution of common Russia potash and quick lime
 ——— tartari, calcined tartar permitted to contract moisture
 Lobelia, blue cardinal flower of Virginia; root antivenereal
 Lobellus, lobulus
 Lobuli adiposi, membrana adiposa
 ——— pulmonum, the extremities of the bronchia
 Lobulus, a small lobe; the lobe of the ear
 ——— spigellii, the small lobe of the liver
 Lobus, a lobe or division; a pod; unguis
 ——— echinatus, bonduch Indorum
 Locales, local diseases; diseases in particular parts
 Localis membrana, the pia mater of the brain
 Loch, linctus
 Lochia, the flow of blood from the womb after delivery
 Lochiorrhœa, excessive serous discharge after delivery
 Loculamenta, cells for the seed in plants
 Loculi, little cells; bladders or bags
 Loculus, a minute cell of a plant
 Locus, pseudo-acacia
 Locusta, the grasshopper, alexipharmic; the exterior covering of a grain of corn; the locust tree; a species of small valerian; lamb's lettuce; lactuca agnina
 ——— altera, valerianella

L O R

Locusta marina, a species of lobster
Lœmas, the plague
Logas, the white of the eye
Lohoch, *lohoc*; *linctus*; a kind of electuary
 — *ex amylo*, starch, balsamic syrup, Japan earth, and white of egg
 — *balsamicum*, *spermaceti*, balsam of Peru, and *syrupus althææ*
 — *commune*, oil of almonds, *syrupus althææ*, and sugar
 — *de lino*, linseed oil, balsamic syrup, sulphur, and sugar
 — *de manna*, manna, oil of almonds, and syrup of violets
 — *pectorale*, *lohoch balsamicum*
 — *rubrum*, conserve of hips, red poppy syrup, and common oil
 — *saponaceum*, soap, oil of almonds, and lemon juice
 — *de spermate ceti*, *spermaceti*, oil of almonds, and balsamic syrup
 — *terebinthinatum*, spirit of turpentine, common oil, and honey
Lolium, darnel grass, or cockle; narcotic
Lomentaceus, having pods
Lomentum faba, meal made from beans
Lonchitis, the male fern, or *filix mas*
Lonchoton, vitriol
Longanon, } the last intestine, or rectum
Longaon, }
Longissimus dorsi, a muscle of the back
 — *oculi*, a muscle of the eye
 — *pollicis manus*, a muscle of the hand
Longiusculus, longish; rather long
Longurius, a heated iron to warm locally
Longus, long
 — *colli*, a flexor muscle of the neck
Lonicera periclymenum; the honeysuckle
Lonket, spirit of turpentine
Lopa, a scale, or scoria
Lopades, eastern shell fish
Lophadia, } first dorsal vertebræ; nape of
Lophia, } the neck
Lopima, the chestnut, or castanea
Lopos, a thin piece of leather
Lora, deuteria
Lordoinas, } an inward curvature of the
Lordosis, } spine; lumbago
Lorica, luting for retorts of powdered glass, potter's clay, and warm water
Loricatio, a luting

L U M

Lorind matricus, epilepsy from affected uterus
Loripes, wry legged
Lorum, a strap, or thong
 — *hildani*, a bandage for fractured thigh
 — *vomitorium*, a medicated piece of leather to excite vomiting
Lorus, mercury
Lot, urine
Lota, motella
Lotio, a lotion, or wash; bathing
 — *saponacea*, rose water, olive oil, and *lixivium tartari*
Lotium, urine
Loto affinis, *medicago*
Lotura, *plyma*
Lotus, } the lote, or nettle tree;
 — *arbor*, } fruit astringent; *melilotus*
 — *Africana*, *guaiacana*
 — *corniculata*, birds' foot trefoil; *and*
dyne, emollient
 — *polyceratos*, a shrub trefoil of Montpellier
 — *sylvestris*, *melilotus*
 — *urban*, *trifolium odoratum*
Loxarthrus, distorted bones
Loxia, a bird
Lozanga, a lozenge
Luban, *olibanum*
Lubricitas, diarrhœa
Lucanus, the stag fly, or *scarabæus cornutus*
Lucidus, clear; transparent
Lucina, the heathen goddess of child-birth
Lucius, the pike fish, or pickerel; fat pectoral
Ludus Helmontii, a clay striated with spar
 — *Paracelsi*, a stone called waxen vein; diuretic
Lues, the pestilence; murrain in cattle
 — *convulsiva*, *febris maligna hectica*
 — *deifica*, the epilepsy
 — *neurodes convulsiva*, a low fever
 — *venerea*, the venereal disease
Lujula, wood sorrel, or *acetosella*
Lujulæ conserva, conserve of wood sorrel
Luma, a thorn
Lumbago, pain, or rheumatism in the loins
 — *ex aneurysmate*, pain in the loins from aneurysm
 — *apostematosa*, } pain in the loins
 — *ab arthrocace*, } from abscess
 — *febrilis*, pain in the loins from fever
 E c

L U N

Lumbago a hydrothorace, pain in the loins from water in the chest
 ——— miliaris, pain in the loins in miliary fever
 ——— a nisu, pain in the loins from exertion
 ——— partus, pain in the loins from labour
 ——— plethorica, pain in the loins from fulness
 ——— pseudoischuria, pain in the loins attended with strangury
 ——— psoadica, pain in the loins from abscess under psoæ muscles
 ——— rheumatica, pain in the loins truly rheumatic
 ——— a saburra, pain in the loins from hardened fæces
 ——— scorbutica, pain in the loins from scurvy
 ——— a satyriasi, pain in the loins from venereal disease
 ——— sympathica, pain in the loins from sympathy
 Lumbalis, belonging to the loins
 ——— internus, the psoas muscle of the loins
 Lumbaræ, the lumbar nerves of the spinal marrow
 ——— arteriæ, the lumbar arteries
 ——— venæ, the lumbar veins
 Lumbaris, belonging to the loins
 ——— externus, a muscle of the loins
 ——— internus, great psoas muscle
 ——— regio, the loins
 Lumbricales musculi, worm-like muscles; muscles of the fingers and toes
 Lumbricus, round worm of the intestines
 ——— latus, the tape worm of the intestines
 ——— terrestris, the earth worm; pectoral
 Lumbricorum semina, the worm seed, or santonicum
 Lumbus, the loins
 ——— veneris, millefolium
 Luna, the moon; silver
 ——— philosophorum, regulus of antimony
 Lunætria, a species of hectic
 Lunare os, a bone of the wrist
 Lunaria, herb moonwort; vulnerary
 Lunaticus, a lunatic, or mad person
 Lunificus, mercury

L Y C

Luparia, yellow wolfsbane; aconitum ponticum
 Luphæ, arum
 Lupia, a wea
 Lupinus sativus, common, or garden lupine; detergent, emmenagogue
 ——— sylvestris, wild lupine
 Lupulus, the common hop; aperient, stomachic
 Lupus, the wolf; cancer
 ——— marinus, the sea wolf; its teeth called lapis bufonitis
 ——— philosophorum, antimony
 Lus, luz
 Luscinia, the nightingale; its gall said to improve sight
 Lusciosus, myops
 Luscus, blind of one eye
 Lustrago, least vervain
 Lustum, cream
 Lusus, a sport; deviation
 ——— naturæ, any deviation from natural conformation
 Lutatio, luting, or joining chymical vessels by cement
 Lutea, luteola; the yellowhammer
 Luteola, dyer's weed; aperient
 Luteum minus, rose root
 Lutra, the otter; its liver antidysenteric
 Lutron, a bath
 Lutum, lute, coating, or cement for chymical vessels
 Lux, light; aldebaran
 Luxatio, } luxation; removal of a bone
 Luxatura, } from its socket
 Luxus, luxatio
 Luz, luxurious; luxuriant, applied to flowers
 Lycanchè, a species of quinsy
 Lycanthropia, wandering melancholy
 Lychen pixidatus, muscus pixidatus
 Lychnis alba, wild white campion; styptic
 ——— aquatica, red wild campion; laxative
 ——— coronaria, rose campion; laxative
 ——— saponaria, soapwort; opening, sudorific
 ——— segetum, cockle; antihysterical
 ——— sylvestris, lychnis alba
 Lychnitis, a precious stone
 Lychnoides segetum, corn campion
 Lycia, cedrus folio cupressi; the berry-bearing cedar

L Y M

Lycium, the Indian thorn
 ——— buxi foliis, box thorn; detergent
Lycotomum, aconitum ponticum; poisonous aconite; larkspur
Lycoides, lycanthropia
Lycoperdon Alpinum maximum, great dusty mushroom; styptic
 ——— vulgare, puff ball; bull fist; mollipuff; styptic
Lycopersicon, wolf's peach; poisonous
Lycophthalmus, a precious stone
Lycopodium, wolf's claw and club moss; astringent
Lycopsis Anglicana, echium *Ægyptiacum*; wall bugloss
Lycopus, water horehound; astringent
 ——— heraclea, marrubium aquaticum
Lycos, a small spider
Lydius, a magnet
Lygismos, contortion of the limbs
Lygmos, hiccup
Lygus, agnus castus
Lyma, the sordes, or excrement of the body; a purgation
Lyme, an injury or damage; death; dissolution
Lympha, lymph; thinnest and least coloured of the animal juices

L Y T

Lympha coagulabilis, that part of the blood which coagulates, and in inflammation forms buff
Lymphæ ductus, the lymphatic ducts
Lymphaticus, conveying lymph
Lynanche, cynanche
Lyncourion, } lapis lyncis; a precious
Lyncurium, } stone
Lyngodes, a quotidian fever with hiccup
Lynx, the ounce, or lynx
Lyra, the fornix of the brain; a sea fish
Lyratus, (in botany) with string-like leaves
Lyrus, doronicum Germanicum; German leopard's bane
Lysia, a separation
Lysigya, a relaxation of limbs
Lysimachia, yellow loose strife, or willow herb
Lysis, solution; termination; completion
Lyssa, hydrophobia, or canine madness
Lyssodectos, one affected with hydrophobia
Lyterios, any sign of the termination of disease
Lythargyrus, litharge; calcined lead urged by a quick fire
Lythophyton nigrum, black coral
Lythron, dust and sweat; the menses of women
Lytta, hydrophobia, or canine madness

M.

M A C

M. in prescriptions is Misce, mix or incorporate
M. ft. misce fiat
Macaleb, mahaleb
 ——— serapionis, a species of privet
Macandon, cada palava
Macapatli, sarsaparilla
Macaxocotlifera, a Mexican plum-like fruit
Macer, Grecian macer, or mace; the bark antidysenteric
Maceratio, maceration, or softening in water
Macerona, hipposelinum; the herb Alexander
Macha, a beetle
Machæria, peach kernels
Machærian, } the amputating knife
Machæris, }

M A C

Machal, fixed
Machaon, a physician; the son of *Æsculapius*
Machina, any large chirurgial instrument
 ——— anthrometrica, a machine for ascertaining the perspiration
Machinamentum aristionis, a machine for reducing dislocation
Macia, the pimpernel plant, or anagallis
Macies, leanness
Macis, mace; the middle bark of nutmeg; a warm aromatic
Macow, ebenus *Æthiopica*
Macrauchen, long necked
Macrocephalos, long headed
Macrocosmus, the universe

M A G

Macrophysocephalus, one having a distended head
 Macropiper, piper longum; long pepper
 Macropnæa, slow breathing
 Macropnus, a patient fetching his breath at long intervals
 Macroscelus, long legged
 Maculæ, spots, blemishes, or marks
 — albæ, white specks on the eye
 — hepaticæ, hepatic, or liver-coloured spots on the skin
 — latae, shingles, or erysipelas
 — oculorum, cataracts; white specks on the eye
 — pestilentes, petechial, or purple spots
 — volaticæ, any transitory eruption
 Madaros, bald
 Madarosis, loss of hair from the eyelids
 Madefactio, moistening
 Madefactus, moistened, or wetted
 Madelion, bdellium
 Madic, butter milk
 Madisis, baldness
 Madisterion, -um, an instrument to remove hairs
 Mador, cold sweat; moisture
 Madrepora, madrepore; a marine coralline plant; astringent
 — vulgaris, common white coral
 Madrotes, baldness
 Mæmacylon, the fruit of the arbutus, or the strawberry tree
 Mæna, the mackerel fish, or herring
 Mænula, the sprat
 Magaiaize, } the semi-metal called manganese
 Maganaize, }
 Magdaleones, } cylindrical masses of
 Magdaliæ, } plaster
 Magdalides, }
 Magellanica aromatica arbor, cortex Winteranus
 Magisterium, a magistery, or powder precipitated from some particular solutions; athesin
 — benzoini, lac virginis
 — bismuthi, bismuth precipitated from aqua fortis by water
 — coralli, coral precipitated from distilled vinegar by fixed alkali; dose xx. grains
 — stanni, tin precipitated from aqua regia by volatile alkali
 Magistralis, medicamentum extemporaneum

M A J

Magistrantia, masterwort, or imperatoria
 Magma, the thick part of ointment, or poultice
 Magna arteria, the large artery, or aorta
 Magnale, the work of God
 Magnates, }
 Magnitis, } the loadstone; manganese
 Magne, }
 Magnes, }
 — albus, the white loadstone
 — arsenicalis, a preparation of arsenical caustic, formerly supposed to extract poisons
 — candidus, } magnes albus
 — carneus, }
 — epilepsiae, native cinnabar
 Magnese, the semi-metal called manganese
 Magnesia, marcasite; manganese; sulphur
 — alba, white magnesia; an earth; the basis of Epsom salt
 — opalina, opalin; ruby-coloured magnesia of antimony; antimony, nitre, and decrepitated sea salt
 — vitriolata, bitter purging Epsom salt; magnesia combined with vitriolic acid
 Magnesium, manganese, or mangesium
 Magnum Dei donum, the Peruvian bark
 — os, the largest bone of the wrist
 Magnus, great
 — morbus, epilepsy
 Magorream, the characteristic cure of wounds
 Magos, a plaister for hernia
 Magra, the carnelian
 Magudaris, } the root of the asafœtida
 Magydaris, } plant, or lasserwort
 Maguei, a species of aloe
 Mahaleb, the rock wild cherry of Austria
 Mahmoody, scammony
 Maianthemum, lily of the valley
 Mail-anschi, a species of buckthorn
 — elou, } an evergreen tree of
 — elou-katou, } Malabar
 — ombi, a tree like the apple
 Major, greater
 Majorana, marjoram, gentle or perennial
 — Cretica, mastich thyme, or marum Syriacum
 — majori folio, sweet marjoram; aromatic
 — oleracea, pot marjoram; stomachic
 — Syriaca, marum Syriacum

M A L

Majorana rotundifolia, a species of marjoram
 ——— tenuifolia, majorana majori folio
 Majus perfectum, the ultimate perfection of the philosophers' stone
 Mala, the cheek
 ——— Armeniaca, apricots
 ——— Assyria, the citron, or citreum
 ——— Æthiopica, } wolf's peach, or lyco-
 ——— Armeniaca, } persicon
 ——— aurantia, the orange
 ——— aurantia Chinensia, Chinese, or sweet orange
 ——— aurea, love apple, or amoris poma
 ——— citria, citreum; the lemon
 ——— cotonia, the quince, or cydonium
 ——— cydonia, cydonium; quince
 ——— granata, mala punica
 ——— insana nigra, fruit of the black nightshade
 ——— limonia, limonium
 ——— punica, the pomegranate
 Malabarica herba, coru canarica
 ——— pila, jaca Indica
 Malabathrinum, dionysos; an aromatic ointment
 Malabathrum, } folium Indum; Indian leaf,
 Malabatrurum, } or wild cinnamon tree
 Malaca, dartswort, or sagittaria alexipharmica
 Malaccaschambu, a species of plum in Malabar
 Malache, any opening medicine
 Malachites, the fossil called malachite; febrifuge
 Malacia, a depraved appetite
 Malacion, any fish without scales
 Malacodermos, having a soft skin
 Malacoides, a species of mallows; emollient
 Malacocissus, soft ivy
 Malacos, any thing soft
 Malacosteon, a softness of the bones
 Malacticos, emollient
 Mala-elengi, a tree in Malabar
 Malagfuetta, grana Paradisi
 Malagma, poultice, or cataplasma
 Malagreta, grana Paradisi
 Malandria, the melanders of horses; an ulcerous fissure under the ham
 Malandriosis, patients with lepra, or elephantiasis
 Malankua, zedoary
 Malarum ossa, the cheek bones

M A L

Malas, malat; the name in the new chymistry given to every compound of the acid of apples, or malic acid
 ——— aluminosus, malat of alumine
 ——— ammoniacalis, malat of ammoniac
 ——— argenti, malat of silver
 ——— arsenicalis, malat of arsenic
 ——— auri, malat of gold
 ——— barytæ, malat of barytes, or heavy spar
 ——— bismuthi, malat of bismuth
 ——— calcareus, malat of lime
 ——— cobalti, malat of cobalt
 ——— cupri, malat of copper
 ——— ferri, malat of iron
 ——— magnesiae, malat of magnesia
 ——— magnesii, malat of manganese
 ——— mercurii, malat of mercury
 ——— molybdeni, malat of molybden
 ——— niccoli, malat of nickel
 ——— platini, malat of platina
 ——— plumbi, malat of lead
 ——— potassæ, malat of potash
 ——— sodæ, malat of soda
 ——— stibii, malat of antimony
 ——— stanni, malat of tin
 ——— tungsteni, malat of tungsten
 ——— zinci, malat of zinc
 Malaviscus, the marshmallow, or althæa
 Malaxatio, operation of softening
 Malazissatus, one having the testes within the abdomen
 Male, the armpit
 Maler, salt
 Malianthalla, a kind of cypress
 Malicorium, the rind of pomegranate
 Malignitas, malignity; putridity
 Malinathalia, cyperus
 Malis, pain in the flesh from insects
 Mallam-toddali, a tree in Malabar
 Malleabilitas, malleability, or easily hammered
 Malleamothæ, a diuretic shrub of Malabar
 Mallei musculus externus, a muscle of the inner ear
 Malleolus, the ankle; a mallet; a botanical term
 ——— anterior, a muscle of the ear
 ——— externus, the lower prominence of the fibula
 ——— internus, the smooth lower process of the tibia
 Malleus, a small bone of the inner ear; a mallet

M A M

Mal-naregam, a species of lemon tree
 Malogranatum, the pomegranate
 Malpigia, the Barbadoes cherry tree
 Malta, malt, or byne
 Maltha, } wax
 Malthacodes, }
 Malthacos, malacos
 Malthacticos, malacticos; emollient
 Malthaxis, softening
 Maltheorum, fossil salt
 Malthodes, emollient
 Malum, a disease; an apple; procidentia oculi
 — citreum, the citron fruit, or citreum
 — granatum, the pomegranate
 — mortuum a scabby species of leprosy
 — terræ, the birthwort root
 Malus, the apple tree
 — aurantia, the Spanish orange
 — citria, the citron tree
 — cotonea, } the quince, or cydonium
 — cydonea, }
 — hortensis, the common apple tree
 — Indica, the Indian apple, or biling
 bing
 — limonia, limon, or lemon tree
 — Malabarica, cancrum
 — medica, the citron
 — persica, the peach, or lemon
 — punica, the pomegranate
 — sylvestris, the crab, or wild apple tree
 — vulgaris, the common apple tree
 Malva, the mallow; emollient, glutinant
 — arborea maritima, the sea mallow tree
 — arborescens, the hollyhock
 — betonica folio, malacoides
 — foliis crispis, French mallows; emollient
 — rosea folio subrotundo, tree, or golden mallow
 — verbenacea, vervain mallow; emollient
 — viscus, marshmallows; althæa
 — vulgaris, small, wild, or dwarf mallow; emollient
 Malvasia, malmsey wine
 Malvaviscus, marshmallow
 Malvisium, malmsey wine
 Mamæra fæmina, female papa tree of Peru
 Mamanga frutex, an oily shrub of Brasil; maturant
 Mamei, the toddy tree of Hispaniola; diuretic
 Mamira, a detergent root

M A N

Mamiraan, an aquatic plant
 Mamitha, } a succulent plant like the
 Mamithza, } poppy
 Mamma, the female breast; the nipple
 Mammæ, the female breasts
 Mammaria externa arteria, the artery supplying the breast; a branch of the axillary
 — interna arteria, the inner artery of the breast; a branch of the subclavian artery
 — vasa, the blood vessels of the breast
 — vena dextra, the right vein of the breast from the vena cava
 — vena sinistra, the left vein of the breast from the subclavian artery
 Mammiformis processus, the mastoid process of the temporal bone
 Mammilla, the nipple
 Mammillaris processus, mammiformis processus
 Mamoera, papaya mas
 Manaca, a berry-bearing tree of Brasil; cathartic
 Mananaog, plant yielding Ignatius's bean
 Manatea lapis, part of the skull of the sea cow used in medicine
 Manati, the sea cow; its ospetrosum lithontriptic
 Manbrux, silver
 Mancanilla, the manchineal tree of the West Indies; acrid poison
 Mancoron, a species of sugar from Arabia
 Mancurana, marjorana
 Mandaru, the pod-bearing tree of Malabar; antarthritic
 Mandibula, the jaw, especially of birds
 Mandihoca, } the West Indian cassada plant
 Mandiiba, } used as bread
 Mandragora, } the mandrake root; narcotic
 Mandragoras, }
 Mandragonites, mandrake root bark steeped in wine
 Mandjadi, mandaru
 Manducatis, the act of chewing
 Manducatores musculi, the masseter muscles of the jaw
 Manga, the East Indian mango tree
 Mangaiba, the plum tree of Brasil; aperitive
 Manganeseum, or Magnesium, manganese; a semi-metal used in colouring glass
 Mangaratia, ginger

M A N

Mangas, manga
Mangel-worzel, the root of the red beet;
 esculent
Mangle, the mangrove tree
Mangostans, an Indian fruit like an orange;
 stomachic
Manheb, scoria
Mania, continued delirium without fever
 — ab amore, continued delirium from
 love
 — a belladone baccis, continued deli-
 rium from eating the berries of nightshade
 — corporea, continued delirium from
 bodily disease
 — a daturæ semine, continued deli-
 rium from eating the seeds of the thorn
 apple
 — a graviditate, continued delirium
 from pregnancy
 — ab hemicrania, continued delirium
 from paralytic affection of the head
 — ab herpete represso, continued deli-
 rium from repelled eruption
 — hysteralgica, continued delirium
 from paralytic disease of the head
 — lactea, continued delirium while
 suckling
 — sine materia, } desponding me-
 — a melancholica, } lancholy
 — a menstruis retentis, continued de-
 lirium from retained menses
 — mentalis, continued delirium with-
 out bodily disease
 — metastatica, continued delirium from
 translation
 — obscura, continued delirium without
 evident cause
 — a pathemate, continued delirium
 from passion
 — periodica, delirium coming peri-
 odically
 — a parciore lactis et lochiorum fluxu,
 continued delirium from suppression of
 milk and lochia
 — a plica resecta, mania ab herpete re-
 presso
 — a repressa scabie, continued delirium
 from repelled eruption
 — a semine retento, continued deli-
 rium from inability to emit semen in
 coition
 — a terrore, mania from terror
 — a venenis, continued delirium from
 poisons

M A R

Mania vulgaris, continued delirium with-
 out evident cause
 — ab ulcere siccato, continued deli-
 rium from old ulcer dried up
Manica Hippocratis, a flannel strainer
Maniguetta, grains of Paradise
Manihot, } the West Indian cassada bread
Maniiba, }
Maniacus, one having mania, or insanity
Maniodes, maniacal, insane, or mad
Manipulus, a handful
Manjapumeram, a West Indian tree
Manjella-kua, turmeric, or curcuma
Manna, manna; a mild laxative exuding
 from the leaves of a species of Sicilian
 ash
 — Calabrina, Calabrian manna
 — canulata, flaky manna; manna con-
 creted on straw or chips
 — secunda, an inferior, or second sort
 of manna
 — thuris, a coarse powder of olibanum
Mannifera arbor, fraxinus ornus
Mansorius musculus, the masseter muscle
 of the jaw
Mantile, a bandage
Manus, the hand
 — Dei, a vulnerary plaister
 — Christi perlates, troches of sugar of
 roses and powdered pearls
 — Christi simplices, troches of sugar
 of roses
Manutigium, rubbing with the hand
Manyi-rara, an olive-like tree of the East
 Indies; stomachic
Manzibanion, the Egyptian bean, or faba
 Ægyptia
Mao, the East Indian mango tree
Maon, a species of marigold
Marandia, a species of myrtle
Maranta galanga, galanga, or galangal root
Marantha dioscoridis, black chamæleon
 thistle
Marasmodes, species of hectic fever
Marasmus, atrophica; wasting of flesh with-
 out fever, or apparent disease
Marathrites, a vinous infusion of fennel
Marathrophyllum, peucedanum, or sulphur-
 wort
Marathrum, hog's fennel, or peucedanum
Marcasita, pyritical marcasite, or mundie
Marched, lithargyrus
Malcor, unnatural drowsiness
Marcores, diseases with much emaciation

M A R

Marga, marle
 — candida, agaricus mineralis
 — cinereasaxatilis, ash-coloured marle;
 styptic
 — incarnata saxatilis, reddish marle;
 tonic
 Margacandia, white stone marl
 Margarita, the pearl of the shell fish concha
 margaritifera
 Margaritta, a white speck on the eye
 Marginatus, having a border
 Marini salis spiritus, muriatic acid
 — salis spiritus coagulatus, muriatic
 acid and alkali
 Marinum sal, common salt
 Marinus, of or belonging to the sea; ma-
 rine
 — sal, common salt
 Maripendam, a plant of Hispaniola
 Marisca, hæmorrhoids, or external piles;
 ficus
 Marisicum, herb children's mercury
 Maritus, sulphur
 Marjorana, the origanum plant, or mar-
 joram
 Marmorygæ, flashes of light before the eyes
 in headach
 Marmelada, marmelade; a confection
 Marmolaria, bear's breech; brank ursine
 Marmor, marble
 — album, white marble
 Marmoracea venena, acrid poisons
 Marmoraria, brank ursine
 Marmorata aurium, wax of the ears
 Marmoreus tartarus, hard human calculus
 Marocostinum, a species of purgative made
 of gum ammoniac, myrrh, aloes, &c.
 Marrubiastrum, ballota, or black stinking
 horehound
 Marrubium, horehound; motherwort
 — album, common white hore-
 hound
 — aquaticum, water horehound;
 opening, corroborant
 — Hispanicum, madwort, or Spa-
 nish horehound
 — nigrum fetidum, the black
 stinking horehound, or ballota
 — verticillatum, marrubium His-
 panicum, or base horehound
 Marullium, lactuca, or common lettuce
 Mars, ferrum, or iron
 — alcalizatus solubilis, iron and fixed
 alkali

M A S

Mars sacharatus, iron mixed with starch and
 melted sugar
 — solubilis, ferrum tartarizatum
 — sulphuratus, iron filings and sulphur
 dephlagrated
 Marsaas, bonduch Indorum, or Molucca nut
 Marsupialis, a muscle of the os ischium
 Martach, lythargyrus
 Martianum pomum, an orange
 Martiatum unguentum, ointment of laurel,
 rue, marjoram, &c.
 Martis essentia, a solution of steel in acid
 — limatura preparata, purified filings
 of iron
 Marullium, lactuca, or lettuce
 Marum, mastich thyme, or common ma-
 rum; deobstruent, errhine
 — Creticum, } Syrian herb mastich;
 — Syriacum, } deobstruent, errhine
 Marvisium, malmsey wine
 Masarandiba, a cherry-like fruit of Brasil
 Maschale, the armpit
 Maschalister, the second vertebra of the
 back
 Maslach, a kind of anodyne
 Maspetam, } the leaves of the asafœtida
 Maspetum, } plant
 Massa, a mass, or soft lump
 Massæ ad fornacem, scented candles
 Massalis, mercury
 Masseter musculus, a muscle of the lower
 jaw
 Massicot, calcined white lead
 Masticatio, mastication, or chewing
 Masticatorium, a substance to be chewed
 to increase the saliva
 Mastiche, herb, or gum mastich
 — gummi, gum mastich
 Mastichelæum, oil of mastich
 Mastichia odorata tundens, nux Virginiana,
 or mastich of ligon
 Mastichina gallorum, marum, or mastich
 thyme
 Masticot, calcined white lead
 Mastodynia, soreness of the nipple; pain
 of the breast
 Mastoidæum foramen, a hole in the os pe-
 trosum of the skull
 Mastoideus musculus, the mastoid muscle
 of the neck
 — anterior, the anterior mastoid
 muscle
 — lateralis, the lateral mastoid
 muscle

M A X

Mastoideus processus, the mastoid process of the os petrosum
—— superior, the upper mastoid muscle
Matalista, a species of jalap
Mater, the mother
—— dura, a membrane of the brain
—— herbarum, artemisia, or common mugwort
—— metallorum, quicksilver
—— perlarum, mother of pearl; concha margaritifera
—— pia, a membrane of the brain
—— terra, Alilat, or the goddess of childbirth
Materia, matter, the materials
Materia medica, all articles employed in the cure of diseases, as simple and compounded drugs, &c.
—— mercurii salis, a liquor prepared from sea salt
Materiatura, disease from excess
Mathæi pilula, Mathews's pill; soap, heliobore, and opium; also pilula saponacea
Matracium, a chymical matrass; a bottle with a long neck
Matres, the membranes of the brain
Matricalia, medicines for the womb
Matricaria, feverfew, or featherfew; aperient, carminative
Matrisylvia, asperula, or woodbine; aparine
Matrix, the womb; the pith of a plant; the bed of a metal
Matronalis, the violet
Matula, a chamber-pot, or urinal
Maturans, any stimulant application promoting the breaking of an abscess
Maturantia, medicines promoting the formation of matter
Maturatio, ripening
Mauromarson, horehound
Mauz, the plantain tree
Maxilla, the cheek, or jaw
—— inferior, the lower jaw
—— superior, the upper jaw
Maxillares glandulæ, the glands under the angle of the lower jaw
—— sinus, the sinusses, or cavities of the jaws
Maxillaria superiora ossa, the upper jaw bones
Maxillariæ arteriæ, the arteries of the jaws

M E D

Maxillaris inferior nervus, the nerve of the lower jaw
—— superior nervus, the nerve of the upper jaw
Mays, frumentum Indicum
Maza, milk and flour
Meatus, any canal, or passage
—— auditorius externus, the outer passage of the ear
—— cæcus, a passage in the throat to the ear, called Eustachian's tube
—— cuticulares, the pores of the skin
—— cysticus, the gall duct
Mecapatli, a species of sarsaparilla
Mecaxochitl, American long pepper
Mecchæ balsamum, balm of Gilead
Mechoacana alba, American mechoacan, or convolvulus; mild cathartic
—— nigra, jalapa, or jalap root
Mecon, a poppy
Meconio syrupus e, syrup of white poppy
Meconites, small sand stones, or ammites
Meconium, the juice of the whole poppy; the fæces of a foetus
Medela, a cure
Medena, a species of ulcer
Media substantia vini beccheri, the tartarous deposition of wines
Mediana vena, the middle vein of the arm
Medianum, the mediastinum, or septum under the breast bone
Medianus, the median nerve of the arm
Mediastina, the inflammation of the mediastinum
Mediastinæ arteriæ, the arteries of the mediastinum
Mediastinum, the septum formed by the sides of the pleura under the sternum
Medica lunata, } species of shrub trefoil, or
Medicago, } medicago
—— cretica, auricula muris
Medicamentaria, the art of preparing medicines
Medicamentosus lapis, the medicinal stone of litharge, vitriol, &c.
Medicamentum, a medicine, or healing application
—— emundans, a detersive, or healing medicine
—— extemporaneum, a recipe
Medicina, medicine, or the art of healing
—— diætetica, the regulation of regimen, or the nonnaturals

M E L

Medicina diasostica, that part of medicine which relates to preserving health
 ——— gymnastica, that part of medicine which relates to exercise
 ——— herme ica, the application of chymical remedies
 ——— prisca, ancient method of curing diseases
 ——— prophylactica, that part of medicine which relates to preserving health
 ——— tristitiæ, common saffron
 Medicinales dies, days not expected to be critical
 Medicus, a physician
 Medina vena, { the Guinea worm of
 Medinensis vena, { abscesses
 Meditullium, the middle part of the flat bones called diploe
 Medium, the Syrian bell flower, or cervicaria
 ——— testæ, the bregma, or bones forming the sagittal suture
 Medulla, the marrow
 ——— cassiæ, the pulp of the fistular cassia
 ——— oblongata, the union of the parts of the brain to form the spinal marrow
 ——— spinalis, the spinal marrow
 ——— saxi, agaricus mineralis
 Megalocœlos, -us, big-bellied
 Megalophonia, loud-voiced
 Megalosplanchnos, -us, patients with large abdomen from diseased viscera
 Megrim, a species of headach generally over one eye
 Meibomi glandulæ, the glands on the eyelids
 Meiosis, diminution, or decrease
 Mel, honey
 ——— Ægyptiacum, composition of verdigrise, honey, and vinegar
 ——— anthinum, honey collected from flowers
 ——— despumatum, clarified honey
 ——— elatines, honey of fluellin, or speedwell
 ——— helleboratum, honey of hellebore
 ——— rosaceum, { honey of roses
 ——— rosæ, {
 ——— scillæ, honey of squills
 ——— solutivum, solutive honey; compound of roses, honey, and brown sugar
 Mela, a probe
 Melæna, a disease in which black bloody matter is vomitted, the stools indurated and like pitch

M E L

Melænætes, a black eagle
 Melaina, black bile
 ——— nosos, the black disease
 Melampelos, black vine
 Melamphyllum, bear's breech
 Melampodium, helleborus niger, or black hellebore
 Melampyro, a species of eryngo root
 Melampyrum, purple, or black cow wheat
 Melanagoga, medicines discharging black bile
 Melancholia, melancholy
 ——— amatoria, melancholy from love
 ——— Anglica, melancholy peculiar to the English nation
 ——— argantis, a species of hypochondriasis
 ——— atonita, melancholy with a dislike of motion
 ——— enthusiastica, enthusiastic, or ranting insanity
 ——— errabunda, restless melancholy
 ——— hippantropica, melancholy with supposed change of species
 ——— moria, melancholy with idiotism
 ——— nervea, nervous melancholy
 ——— phrontis, melancholy with desire of death
 ——— religiosa, melancholy from religious despair
 ——— saltans, the dancing insanity of an idiot
 ——— scytharum, melancholy with supposed change of species
 ——— vulgaris, common, or hypochondriac melancholy
 ——— zoantropica, melancholy with supposed change of species
 Melanchrus, swarthy, or dark-skinned
 Melandryum, heart of oak
 Melanopiper, black pepper, or piper nigrum
 Melanorrhizon, black-rooted hellebore
 Melanosmegma, black soap
 Melanotriches, having black hair
 Melanteria, sulphat of iron, or green vitriol
 Melanthelæum, black oil
 Melanthium, fennel flower
 Melanurus, having a black tail
 Melapium, the pearmain; an apple
 Melas, black
 Melasma, a black bruise; black extremities from cold

M E L

Melasmus, a black bruise; black extremities from cold
 Melaspermum, fennel flower
 Melazzo, treacle, or melasses
 Melca, milk, or whey
 Mele, a probe
 Meleagris, the Guinea fowl
 Melech, salt
 Melegeta, grana Paradisi
 Meleios, alum
 Melemelum, the apple of Paradise
 Meli, honey
 Melia, the ash
 Melianthus, an African plant affording honey
 Melica, milium Indicum, or Indian millet
 Meliceria, } a small encysted tumour
 Meliceriola, }
 Meliceris, an encysted tumour of a honey-like substance
 Melicraton, a mixture of water and honey
 Meligeion, the discharge of a foetid ulcer
 Melilotus, common melilot plant
 ——— major, sweet trefoil, or lotus urbana
 ——— minor, the Egyptian melilot plant, or alchimelech
 Melinelum, the apple of Paradise
 Melinum, oil from the flowers of the apple tree
 Meliphyllon, baum, or balm
 Melis, a badger
 Melissa, baum, or balm
 ——— Americana, melissa turcica
 ——— calamintha, calamintha montana
 ——— officinalis, melissa, or common baum
 ——— turcica, balsamum Gileadense
 Melisso-phagus, the bee eater
 Melissophyllon, melissa, or baum; black horehound
 Melitæus, a species of marl from Malta
 Melitismos, -us, a linctus prepared with honey
 Melitites, honey-stone
 Melittoma, a confection of honey
 Melizomum, a drink of honey
 Mellago, any preparation of honey
 Mellectis, a honey-coloured stone
 Melleguetta, grana Paradisi
 Mellifavium, meliceris; an encysted tumour of a substance like honey
 Mellifolium, melissa, or baum
 Mellilotus, melilotus
 Melo, the melon

M E N

Melo Indicus, jace Brasiliensis
 Melocactus Americana, } species of thorn
 Melocatus, } apple, or thistle
 Meloccarduus, }
 Melocarpus, the fruit of the aristolochia
 Melochia, } an Egyptian plant; corchorus
 Melocia, }
 Meloë vesicatorius, the cantharis fly of Spain, or Spanish fly
 Melon, -um, apple; cheek; sheep; a prominent diseased eye; melon
 Melongena, mad apple, or mala insana; a species of solanum
 Melopepon, the squash, a pompion-like fruit
 Melosis, examining a wound by a probe
 Melothrum, the white bryony, or bryonia alba
 Melotris, melosis
 Membrana, a membrane; a net-work of fibres
 ——— adiposa, the net-like membrane under the skin containing the fat
 ——— caduca, decidua
 ——— cellulosa, membrana adiposa
 ——— cuticularis, dura mater
 ——— decidua, decidua
 ——— musculorum communis, panniculus carnosus
 Membranacei, inflammatory diseases of membranes
 Membranæ, membranes, particularly of the fœtus
 Membranologia, doctrine of the use and diseases of membranes
 Membranosus musculus, the broad ligament of the pelvis
 Membrum, a limb
 Memoria, memory
 Memphitis, a soap stone
 Menagoga, emmenagogues
 Mendoni a species of lily
 Mendosa sutura, the squamous suture of the skull
 Mendosæ costæ, the false ribs
 Mendosus, spurious; counterfeit
 Meningæ arteriæ, the arteries of the membranes of the brain
 Meningæus, belonging to the meninges
 Meninges, the membranes of the brain
 Meningophylax, an instrument to defend the brain in trepanning
 Meninx, dura mater; a membrane of the brain

M E N

Menorrhagia, excessive discharge of the menses; fluor albus
 — alba, a profuse serous discharge from the vagina
 — cruenta, excessive discharge of the menses
 — decolor, a serous discharge from the vagina
 — difficilis, painful menstruation
 — gravidarum, discharge of blood from the vagina during pregnancy
 — ex hysteroptosi, discharge of blood from the vagina from a bearing down of the womb
 — immodica, excessive menstrual discharge
 — lochialis, excess of discharge after child-birth
 — nabothi, profuse serous discharge during pregnancy
 — rubra, great discharge of menses
 — serosa, profuse serous discharge during pregnancy
 — stillatitia, excessive menstrual discharge
 — ulcerosa, profuse discharge of blood from the vagina depending on local disease
 Mensa, the second lobe of the liver
 — jovis, common vervain plant
 Menses, the monthly discharge of blood from the womb
 — cessantes, the monthly discharge from the womb ceasing
 — deficientes, deficient monthly discharge from the womb
 Menstrua, the monthly discharge of blood from the womb
 Menstruum, any thing acting as a solvent
 Mentagra, a species of tetter affecting the chin; herb lungwort
 Mentales, diseases of the mind. See Vesaniæ
 Mentha, common mint; stomachic
 — aquatica, red water mint; stomachic
 — cataria, nep, or cat mint
 — corimbifera minor, sweet maudlin
 — felina, mentha cataria
 — palustris folio oblongo, hairy water mint
 — piperita, peppermint

M E R

Mentha rotundifolia palustris, mentha aquatica
 — sativa, common spearmint
 — spicata, hart spearmint; stomachic
 — vulgaris, chic
 Mentha sativæ aqua, common mint water
 — piperitidis aqua, peppermint water
 Menthastrum, hairy water mint
 Menthrastrum, mentha aquatica
 Mentula, the penis
 — alata, a wing-like marine plant
 Mentulagra, a disease of the penis causing impotence
 Mentum, the chin
 Mentzelia, a plant peculiar to Jamaica
 Menyanthes, trifolium paludosum, or marsh trefoil; buck bean
 Mephitis, any suffocating vapour, damp, or stench
 Mephiticus, mephitic; suffocating; noxious; stinking
 Mercurialis, mercurial; black bile; herb English mercury
 — annua, French mercury
 — fœminea, female mercury
 — fruticosa incana testiculata, herb children's mercury; emmenagogue
 — mas, French mercury
 — montana, } wild, or dog's mercury; poisonous
 — perennis, }
 — sylvestris, }
 Mercurius, mercury; quicksilver
 — albus sublimatus, white corrosive mercury; quicksilver and acid of sea salt
 — alkalizatus, alkalized mercury; quicksilver rubbed with crab's eyes; dose from gr. ii. to ℥i.
 — calcinatus, calcined mercury
 — chemicorum, quicksilver
 — cinnabarinus, factitious cinnabar; quicksilver sublimed with sulphur; hydrargyrus sulphuratus ruber
 — corallinus, coralline mercury; red precipitate digested with spirit of wine and inflamed
 — corrosivus albus, white corrosive sublimate; quicksilver and acid of sea salt
 — corrosivus ruber, red precipitate; quicksilver and aqua fortis
 — corrosivus sublimatus, white corrosive mercury; quicksilver and acid of sea salt, or hydrargyrus muriatus

M E R

Mercurius crudus purificatus, strained, or purified mercury
 ----- dulcis, calomel
 ----- dulcis præcipitatus, sweet mercury by precipitation
 ----- dulcis sublimatus, calomel
 ----- duplicatus philosophicus, an ore of gold
 ----- emeticus flavus, } turbeth mine-
 ----- flavus, } ral; quicksilver and vitriolic acid
 ----- gummosus, quicksilver triturated with gums
 ----- mortis, a precipitate of antimony
 ----- præcipitatus, red precipitate; quicksilver and aqua fortis
 ----- præcipitatus albus, white precipitate of mercury
 ----- præcipitatus dulcis, mild muriated quicksilver
 ----- præcipitatus flavus, turbeth mineral; quicksilver and vitriolic acid
 ----- præcipitatus fuscus, brown precipitate of mercury; quicksilver precipitated from nitrous acid by kali
 ----- præcipitatus lutæus, turbeth mineral; yellow precipitate of mercury
 ----- præcipitatus niger, black precipitate of mercury; quicksilver precipitated from nitrous acid by vinous volatile alkali
 ----- præcipitatus per se, calcined mercury
 ----- præcipitatus ruber, red calx of mercury; red precipitate
 ----- præcipitatus viridis, green precipitate of mercury; quicksilver precipitated from muriatic acid by a solution of copper in muriated ammonia
 ----- præcipitatus Wurtzii, Wurtz's, or brown precipitate of mercury; quicksilver precipitated from nitrous acid by kali
 ----- saccharatus, sugared mercury; quicksilver rubbed with brown sugar
 ----- sublimatus, } corrosive
 ----- sublimatus corrosivus, } sublimate; quicksilver and muriatic acid
 ----- sublimatus dulcis, calomel
 ----- sublimatus solutus, a spirituous solution of corrosive sublimate
 Mercurius tricolor, red precipitate
 ----- vitæ, a precipitate of antimony

M E S

Mergen, coral
 Mergus, the didapper, or dob chick
 Mericos, -us, topical; partial
 Merluccius, millefolium, or milfoil; the asellus, or cod fish
 Merobalneum, a partial bath
 Merocele, the femoral rupture
 Meron, -os, the thigh
 Merops, a bird called bee eater
 Merula, the cook fish; the back bird
 Merycismus, rumination
 Meryophyllon, merluccius
 Mesaræon, -um, the mesentery
 Mesaraica major vena, the mesenteric vein
 ----- minor vena, the internal hæmorrhoidal vein
 Mesel, stannum, or tin
 Mesentericæ arteriæ, the arteries going to the mesentery
 ----- glandulæ, the lymphatic glands of the mesentery
 Mesenterium, the mesentery; a membrane uniting and confixing the intestines in their proper places
 Mesenteritis, an inflammation of the mesentery
 Meseria, tutia, or tutty
 Meserion, -um, spurge laurel; thymelæa
 Mesianum, aniceton
 Mesire, an inflammatory disease of the liver
 Mesocolon, the membrane serving to keep the colon in its proper situation and to convey its vessels
 Mesocranium, vertex
 Mesogastrion, the membrane serving to keep the stomach in its situation and to convey its vessels
 Mesoglossi, muscles of the tongue
 Mesolecus, a stone with a white vein in the middle
 Mesomelas, a stone with a black vein in the middle
 Mesomeria, the parts between the thighs
 Mesompalion, the middle of the navel
 Mesophryon, -um, the part between the eyebrows
 Mesopleurios, the muscles between the ribs
 Mesorectum, the membrane attaching the rectum
 Mesothénar, a muscle of the fingers situated in the palm
 Mespilus, the medlar; refrigerant, crætægus

M E T

Mespilus folio rotundiore, white whortleberry; demulcent
 ——— Germanica, the medlar tree
 ——— spinosa, the evergreen thorn; the berry is diuretic
 ——— sylvestris, the white, or hawthorn; diuretic
 Mest, sour milk
 Metabasis, } a change of remedy, of practice, or disease
 Metacarpion, -um, } part of the hand between the wrist and fingers
 Metacarpus, }
 Metacarpus, a muscle of the hand, or wrist
 Metacerasma, cerasma
 Metacheirixis, surgery
 Metachoresis, translation of a disease from one part to another
 Metacinema, diseased pupil of the eye, or distortion of it
 Metacondyli, the last joints of the fingers
 Metallage. See Metabele
 Metallum, a metal
 ——— fluidum, quicksilver
 Metallurgia, metallurgy, or doctrine of metals
 Metallus, a metal
 Metapedium, metatarsus; the part of the foot between the ankle and toes
 Metaphrenon, -um, between the shoulders, or behind the diaphragm
 Metaporopœia, } a change in the pores of the body
 Metaporopœisis, }
 Metaptosis, a change from one disease to another
 Metastasis, a translation of disease from one part to another
 Metasynesis, any change of constitution
 Metatarsium. See Metatarsus
 Metatarsius, a muscle of the tarsal bones of the foot
 Metatarsus, the part of the foot between the ankle and toes
 Metathesis, a change of a morbid cause without expulsion
 Meteorismus, a swelling of the belly from air
 Metel, } a species of nux vomica
 Metella, }
 Meteoros, pains not deep seated
 Methemerina, } amphimerina; a quotidian
 Methemerinos, }
 Methodicus, a methodic physician. See Secta Methodica

M I G

Methodus, a method, or plan of treatment
 Metl, species of aloes
 Metopium, ointment containing galbanum
 Metopum, the forehead
 Metosis, very short-sighted
 Metra, matrix; the womb
 Metrenchyta, injections for the womb
 Metrenchytes, a syringe for the womb
 Metritis, hysterites, or inflammation of the womb
 ——— lactea, inflammation of the womb with milk fever
 ——— puerperarum, inflammation of the womb after child-birth
 ——— typhodes, inflammation of the womb with low fever
 Metrocelides, marks on children
 Metroproptosis, a bearing, or falling down of the womb
 Metrorrhagia, excessive menses, or menorrhagia
 Mevium, the venereal disease
 Mew, } the herb spiguel; root carminative
 Meum, }
 ——— Alpinum, Alpine, or mountain spiguel
 ——— adulterinum, } bastard spiguel
 ——— spurium, }
 Mexicanava, the Mexican orach plant
 Mezerion, thymelæa, or spurge laurel; widow wail
 Miasma, any fumes, or effluvium producing a contagious disease
 Mica, a bit or crumb; talc, a fossil, shining and flexible, mixed with granite, &c.
 ——— thuris, gum olibanum
 Micæ scintillarum, fiery circles seen by epileptics
 Microcephalon, a small head
 Microcosmetor, an imaginary being in the brain governing the animal faculties
 Microcosmos, a microcosm, or little world; applied to man
 Microleuconymphæa, leuconymphæa, or frogbit
 Micronymphæa, nymphæa, or water lily
 Microphthalmus, small eyed
 Microrchis, having small testicles
 Microsphyctos, -us, a person with a small pulse
 Mictio, } micturition, or making water
 Mictus, }
 Migma, a confection, or mass of ingredients

MIN

Migrana, pain confined to one side of the head
 Miliæres glandulæ, sebaceous glands of the skin
 Miliaria, } the miliary fever; a fever
 Miliaris febris, } accompanied with an eruption like millet seeds
 ——— benigna, } the mild miliary fever
 ——— boia, }
 ——— Britannica, miliary fever peculiar to Britain
 ——— critica, miliary eruption terminating fever
 ——— Germanica, the German miliary sickness
 ——— lactea, miliary eruption with milk fever
 ——— maligna, malignant miliary eruption
 ——— nautica, the pestilential miliary ship fever
 ——— puerperarum, puerperal miliary fever
 ——— purpurata, purple miliary fever
 ——— recidivans, the remitting miliary fever
 ——— scorbutica, miliary fever with symptoms of scurvy
 ——— sudatoria, the sweating miliary fever
 Miliarium, a chymical alembic
 Miliolum, tumour in the eyelid like millet seed
 Militaris aizoides, } the water aloe; achil-
 ——— herba, } læa, or yarrow; mill-
 Millefolium, } foil
 Millegrana major, rupturewort
 Milleomorbia, knobby-rooted figwort; water betony
 Milipedes, millipedes; wood lice
 Millium, millet plant
 ——— arundinaceum, lachryma Jobi, or Job's tear
 ——— Indicum, Indian millet
 Milphosis, baldness of the eyebrows
 Miltos, red lead
 Milvus, a kite
 Milzadella, spotted archangel
 Mimosa, the sensitive plant
 ——— catechu, } terra Japonica; a tree of
 ——— Japonica, } the East Indies
 ——— nilotica, the Egyptian thorn
 Minæa, gum anime
 Minerale, any metal united to its ore, or calcined

MOL

Minerale anodynum, sal prunella
 Minium, red, or calcined lead; cinnabar of the ancients
 ——— Græcorum, } native cinnabar, mer-
 ——— purum, } cury and sulphur
 Minoratio, a diminution, or reduction
 Minuta, a species of fever with extreme debility
 Minuthesis, a diminution, or reduction
 Mirabilis, an epithet applied to several drugs, as
 ——— Peruviana, common jalap
 Miraculum chemicum, common magnesia
 Misanthropia, a love of solitude
 Misce, or M. at the end of a prescription, means, "Let the above ingredients be compounded according to the rules of pharmacy."
 Miserere mei, inflammation of the intestines, or ileus
 Mistio, } a mixing, or mixture
 Mistura, }
 Misu Dioscorodis, misy; a metallic substance of Hungary resembling chalcitis
 Mitella, a suspensive bandage
 Mithridatium, } mithridate; confection of
 Mithridatum, } Damocrates
 Mitrales valvulæ, the mitral valves of the heart between the left auricle and ventricle
 Miva cydoniorum, marmalade of quinces
 Mixopyus, urine mixed with pus
 Mixtio, a mixing, or mixture
 Muſum, a species of moss
 Mochlia, reduction of fractured, dislocated, or deformed bones
 Mochlica, violent purges
 Mochlos, a liver
 Modiolus, a circular trepan
 Modira caniram, the snake wood of India
 Mogilalia, difficult articulation
 Mokel, a resinous gum
 Mola, the knee-pan; a false conception; a cake
 Molago codi, black pepper
 Molares dentes, the grinding, or large teeth
 ——— glandulæ, glands in the cheeks
 Molle, Indian mastich
 Mollificatio, palsied muscles
 Mollities ossium, a softness of the bones
 Mollugo, bastard medlar; a species of goose grass
 Molops, a purple spot under the skin
 Molva, the cod fish

MON

Moly, herb moly of Homer, or Theophrastus
 — Alpinum, herb spotted ramsons
 Molybdæna, a mineral resembling lead ore; black lead; persicaria
 Molybdas, molybdat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the acid of molybden
 — aluminosus, molybdat of alumine, or alum
 — ammoniacalis, molybdat of ammoniac
 — argenti, molybdat of silver
 — arsenicalis, molybdat of arsenic
 — auri, molybdat of gold
 — barytæ, molybdat of heavy spar
 — bismuthi, molybdat of bismuth
 — calcareus, molybdat of lime
 — cobalti, molybdat of cobalt
 — cupri, molybdat of copper
 — ferri, molybdat of iron
 — magnesiæ, molybdat of magnesia
 — magnesii, molybdat of manganese
 — mercurii, molybdat of mercury
 — niccoli, molybdat of nickel
 — platini, molybdat of platina
 — plumbi, molybdat of lead
 — potassæ, molybdat of potash
 — sodæ, molybdat of soda
 — stibii, molybdat of antimony
 — stanni, molybdat of tin
 — tungsteni, molybdat of tungstein
 — zinci, molybdat of zinc
 Molybditis, molybdæna
 Molybdoides, of a lead colour
 Molybdos, lead
 Molyntis, miasma
 Molyza, a species of garlic
 Momin, the toddy tree of Hispaniola
 Momiscus, part of the teeth connected to the gums
 Momordica, the male balsam apple
 — elaterium, purging elaterium
 Monadelphia, Linnæus's 16th class
 Monagynia, an order of plants having only one pistil
 Monandria, Linnæus's 1st class
 Monangia, plants with their seeds in a single cell
 Monbin, the hog plum tree
 Moneres, melancholy patients
 Monoceros, the unicorn; a fossil horny-like substance

MOR

Monocotyledon, a plant whose seeds have only one lobe
 Monococcus Germanica, spelt wheat
 Monocolon, the intestine called rectum
 Monoculum, the cæcum
 Monoculus, one-eyed; a bandage for the eyes
 Monœcia, Linnæus's 21st class
 Monogamia, an order of Linnæus's 19th class
 Monogynia, an order of plants having only one pistil, or pointal
 Monohemera, a disease of one day's continuance
 Monomachon, the blind head of the colon
 Monopagia, a local headach
 Monopetalous, a flower with one petal
 Monophyllon, the herb one blade
 Monopia, } having eyes unequal in size, or
 Monops, } only one eye
 Monopthalmus, one-eyed; a bandage for the eyes
 Monorchus, -is, having only one testicle; a ridgill
 Monospermalthæa, a species of malva
 Mons veneris, the prominence on the ossa pubis
 Monstrositas, } an unnatural, or monstrous
 Monstrum, } formation
 Monta panna, the sago tree
 Montia, a plant of New Spain
 Morbi antiqui, chronic diseases
 — archigeni, acute diseases
 — cagastici, contagious diseases
 — organici, local, or organic diseases
 Morbidus, tending to a diseased state
 Morbilli, the measles; rubcola
 — anomali, measles irregular in their symptoms
 — regulares, regular measles
 Morbillo febris, the measles
 Morbillosum, morbillous; of or belonging to the measles
 Morbus, a disease
 — acer, any severe disease
 — alienatus, an imported disease
 — aphrodisiacus, lues venerea
 — arcuatus, }
 — arcuatus flavus, } icterus; jaundice
 — articularis, gout
 — attonitus, epilepsy
 — auriginosus, icterus
 — caducus, the epilepsy
 — cæli, the plague

M O R

Morbus comitialis, the epilepsy
 ——— coxarius, the hip abscess, or ischias
 ——— dissolutus, the dysentery
 ——— elephanti, elephantiasis
 ——— eligii, a fistula
 ——— Gallicus, Indicus; the venereal disease
 ——— Herculeus, epilepsy
 ——— Hungaricus, the sweating sickness of Hungary
 ——— hypochondriacus, hypochondriasis
 ——— Indicus, lues venerea
 ——— infantilis, epilepsy
 ——— interlunius, } epilepsy
 ——— interlunius magnus, }
 ——— interpolatus, disease irregular in its attack
 ——— ischiacus, } sciatica
 ——— ischiadicus, }
 ——— lateralis, the pleurisy
 ——— lazari, elephantiasis; lepra
 ——— lectualis, any disease confining to bed
 ——— leseoli, leseolus; icterus
 ——— Neapolitanus, lues venerea
 ——— niger, a vomiting of grumous blood
 ——— pulcaris, a disease with purple spots
 ——— regius, icterus
 ——— sacer, the epilepsy
 ——— strangulatorius, } the croup of
 ——— truculentus infantum, } children
 Mordehi, a disease of the stomach
 Mordella, a night gnat
 Mordexyn, a species of cholera morbus
 Moretus, a decoction of mulberries
 Morhua, the cod fish
 Moria, idiotism; fatuity
 Morille, a mushroom
 Morina, a plant with cordial qualities
 Moringa, a tree of Malabar; antispasmodic
 Moro, a mulberry-like tumour
 Morocthus, a stone used to clean linen
 Morosis, a species of fatuity, or idiotism
 Morositates, diseases attended with much peevishness and melancholy
 Morphæa, scurf, or morphew of the skin; tetter
 Morpiones, crab lice of the pudenda, eyelids, &c.
 Morsellus, } a lozenge; a morsel
 Morsulus, }
 Morsura, } the bite of any animal
 Morsus, }

M U C

Morsus diaboli, the extremity of the fallopian tube of the womb
 ——— gallinæ, chickweed and mouse ear
 ——— ranæ, the herb frogbit
 Mortariolum, a chymical monk for cupels; the socket of a tooth
 Mortarium, a mortar
 Mortificatio, mortification
 Mortus, the pemphigus, or vesicular fever
 Morum, a tumour resembling a mulberry
 Morus, the mulberry tree
 Morxi, a pestilential disease of the Indies
 Mosa, a species of poultice
 Mosch, some small vessels of the kidneys
 Moschælcum, an aromatic oil and musk
 Moschatellina, a small plant with a musk smell
 Moschus, musk
 ——— Arabum, Egyptian musk mallow
 Mosquitæ, bites of musquittoes
 Mosyleticus blastus, a species of cassia
 Mosyllon, -um, the best cinnamon
 Mota, the chestnut tree
 Motacilla, the wagtail
 Motores oculorum, the third pair of nerves
 ——— oculorum externi, the sixth pair of nerves
 Motori, spasmodic diseases; the third pair of nerves
 Motos, a pledget
 Motus animalis, animal motion
 Moul-elavou, a species of cotton tree
 Moul-ila, the Indian lemon tree
 Moullava, a pod-bearing Indian plant
 Mourouve, a plum tree
 Moxa, the down of mugwort of China; used as an actual cautery and styptic
 Mucago, mucilage
 Mucharum, syrup of roses
 Mucilago, mucilage; any viscid gum mixed with warm water
 ——— gummi Arabici, gum Arabic mixed with water
 ——— gummi tragacanthæ, gum tragacanth mixed with water
 ——— seminum cydoniorum, mucilage of quince seeds
 Mucilagina ligamenta, the capsular ligaments of the joints
 Mucocarneus, a tumour containing mucus
 Mucosæ bursæ, bags containing mucus to facilitate the motion of the tendons
 ——— glandulæ, Cowper's glands in the urethra

M U R

Mucosum ligamentum, a ligament placed between each vertebra
 Mucro, any sharp point
 Mucronatum os, the ensiform cartilage of the chest
 Mucuna guacu, the kidney bean of Brasil
 Mucus, a slimy matter covering most membranes of the body
 Mugilis, the mullet fish
 Mugo, the mountain pine
 Mulæ, small pustules on the skin
 Muliebria, the external organs of generation in woman
 Mulier, a woman
 Mulieratus, one having the testes within the abdomen
 Mulla, a species of jessamine
 Mulomedicina, farriery
 Mulsum, honey and water
 Multicapsulares plantæ, plants with numerous pods
 Multifidius, divided into many segments
 Multifidus spinæ musculus, a muscle of the back
 Multiflorus, having many flowers
 Multiforme os, cubiforme os
 Multilocularis, having many cells
 Multipartitus, consisting of many divisions
 Multipedæ, wood lice, or millepedes; polypti
 Multisiliquæ plantæ, plants with numerous pods
 Melus, a mule; a mullet
 Mumia, mummy, or embalmed body
 — elementorum, a balsam of Paracelsus
 — medullæ, the marrow
 — transmarina, manna
 Mundicativa, } cleansing, or detergent
 Mundificantia, } medicines
 Mundificativa, }
 Mundificativum Paracelsi, composition of mercury, turpentine, &c.
 Munduy-guacu, the Barbadoes nut; drastic purge
 Muntingia, a plant of Jamaica
 Muoides, a muscle of the lower jaw; myoides
 Muræna, the lamprey
 Muralis, pellitory of the wall
 Muraria, white maiden hair
 Mureci, a tree yielding purging berries in Brasil
 Murex, the purple fish

M U S

Muria, brine
 Murias, muriat; the name in the new chemistry of every compound of the muriatic acid
 — aluminosus, muriat of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, muriat of ammoniac
 — argenti, muriat of silver
 — arsenicalis, muriat of arsenic
 — auri, muriat of gold
 — baryticus, murat of barytes, or heavy spar
 — bismuthi, muriat of bismuth
 — calcareus, muriat of lime
 — cobalti, muriat of cobalt
 — cupri, muriat of copper
 — ferri, muriat of iron
 — hydrargyri, muriat of mercury by precipitation
 — hydrargyri et ammoniacalis, muriat of mercury and ammoniac
 — hydrargyri corrosivus, muriat of mercury, corrosive
 — hydrargyri dulcis, muriat of mercury, mild
 — hydrargyri sublimatus, muriat of mercury sublimated, mild
 — magnesiæ, muriat of magnesia
 — magnesi, muriat of manganese
 — molybdeni, muriat of molybden
 — niccoli, muriat of nickel
 — platini, muriat of platina
 — plumbi, muriat of lead
 — potassæ, muriat of potash
 — potassæ oxygenatus, oxygenated muriat of potash
 — sodæ, muriat of soda, or common salt
 — sodæ fossilis, muriat of fossil soda
 — sodæ oxygenatus, oxygenated muriat of soda
 — stanni, muriat of tin
 — stibii, muriat of antimony
 — tungsteni, muriat of tungsten
 — zinci, muriat of zinc
 Muriaticus, muriatic; briny
 Murucua, species of passion flower
 Musa, the plantain tree
 Musadi, sal ammoniac
 Musam, the cassada of the West Indies
 Musca Hispanica, } Spanish flies, or can
 Muscæ Hispanicæ, } thalides
 Muscari, bulbus vomitorius
 Muscariosus, a species of agaric
 Muscipula, catchfly plant; lychais

Muscipula pratensis, meadow behen
 Musco fungo, species of lichen, or liverwort
 Muscosæ glandulæ, conglobate glands
 Muscularis arteria, artery running on the shoulder blade
 ——— vena, a vein running on the muscles of the scapula
 Musculi obliqui superiores nervi, the fourth pair of nerves
 ——— circumagentes. See Obliqui
 ——— colli interspinales, muscles of the spine
 ——— incisorii laterales, canini minores
 ——— intercostales, muscles uniting and moving the ribs
 ——— interossei, muscles of the hands and feet
 ——— intertransversales, } muscles of the
 ——— intervertebrales, } spine
 Musculo cutaneus nervus, a nerve of the neck
 Musculorum communis membrana, an imagined membrane peculiar to muscles
 Musculosa, musculorum communis membrana
 Musculosi, inflammatory muscular diseases
 Musculus, a muscle
 ——— anterior mallei, } a muscle of the
 ——— externus auris, } ear
 ——— exterior, muscles of the eye
 ——— fasciæ latæ, the broad muscular fascia of the thigh
 ——— frontalis verus, corrugator frontis
 ——— indignatorius, a muscle of the eye
 ——— inferior, musculus exterior
 ——— infra scapularis, } a muscle of the
 ——— infra spinatus, } shoulder
 ——— internus mallei, muscle of the ear
 ——— laterales, muscles of the lower jaw
 ——— lividus, pectinæus
 ——— membranosus, fascia lata
 ——— nasi, muscles of the nose
 ——— superior mallei, a muscle of the ear
 ——— tubæ novus, a muscle of the palate
 ——— zygomaticus, a muscle of the lower lip
 Muscus, moss
 ——— arboreus, hairy tree moss
 ——— maritimus, corallina
 ——— pulmonarius, oak lungs and lungwort
 ——— pixidatus, cup moss
 Musia patræ, mugwort of China

Mustela, the weasel
 Mustelanei, foetusses with dislocated shoulders
 Mustum, must, or sweet wine
 Mustus, the white residuum of urine
 Mutellina, mountain, or German spiguel; root carminative
 Mutilatio, the want of any member
 Mutitas, dumbness, or want of articulation
 ——— atonica, dumbness from palsied nerves
 ——— elinguium, dumbness from want of tongue
 ——— a glossocèle, dumbness from a swelling of the tongue
 ——— a narcoticis, dumbness from the use of soporific drugs
 ——— organica, dumbness from want of tongue
 ——— a siccitate, dumbness from morbid dryness of the mouth
 ——— spasmodica, dumbness from contraction
 ——— surdorum, dumbness from deafness
 ——— traumatica, dumbness from wounds, or injury
 Muza, the plantain tree; musa
 Myacantha, butcher's broom
 Myagrium, a plant having the qualities of wild mustard
 Myagro, wild mustard
 Myagrum, myagrium
 Myarta, mucus; a species of jujube tree
 Myce, winking; a fungus; an obstruction
 Mychthismos, laborious respiration with sighing
 Myconoides, an ulcer with mucus
 Mycter, the nose
 Mycteres, the nostrils
 Mydesis, ulceration of the eyelids from much discharge
 Mydon, fungus in an ulcer
 Mydriasis, morbidly dilated pupil
 Myelos, the marrow
 Mygale, the rat
 Mylacrîs, the knee pan, or patella
 Myle, the knee pan; a mole in the uterus
 Mylo-glossi, small muscles of the tongue
 ——— hyoides, muscles of the os hyoides
 ——— pharyngæi, muscles of the œsophagus
 Mylos, mulus; a mule, or mullet
 Myocephalon, -um, a tumour in the eye like the head of a fly

M Y R

Myocoilitis, inflammation of the muscles of the belly
 Myoides platisma, a muscle of the lower jaw
 Myologia, doctrine of formation and use of muscles
 Myopia, } short sightedness
 Myopiasis, }
 Myops, a short sighted person
 Myoreshalon, growth of the external coat of the eye so as to destroy vision
 Myosis, and Myosites, rheumatism
 Myosotis, mouse-eared chickweed
 Myosuros, -us, herb mousetail
 Myotomia, dissection of muscles
 Myrepsica glans, the ben nut; myrobalans, or purging Indian plums
 Myrepsicum oleum, oil of ben nut
 Myrica, a species of the tamarisk tree
 Myringa, } the drum of the ear
 Myrinx, }
 Myriophyllon, -um, water fennel; millefoil
 Myristica nux, the nutmeg
 Myrmecia, a species of wart
 Myrmecites, a stone with the figure of an ant on it
 Myrmecium, a spider; a black wart
 Myrmecoleon, a small animal devouring ants
 Myrmex, the emmet, or ant
 Myrobalani, myrobalans; purging Indian plums
 ————— bellerici, Arabian purging plums
 Myrobalanos -us Zeylanica, the gum elemi tree
 Myrocopum, an unguent
 Myron, any medicated oil, or liniment

M Y X

Myroxylon, -um, balsam of Peru
 Myrrha, myrrh; gum anime
 Myrrhæ elixir compositum, compound tincture of savin
 ——— oleum, oil of myrrh
 ——— pulvis, powder of myrrh
 ——— tinctura, tincture of myrrh
 Myrrhine, the common myrtle
 Myrrhis, sweet cicely; antiscorbutic
 ——— annua, the Cretan carrot
 ——— sylvestris, bastard parsley
 Myrrhites, a stone of the colour of myrrh
 Myrsinelæum, oil of myrtle
 Myrtacantha, butcher's broom
 Myrtidanon, -um, an astringent excrecence on the myrtle tree
 Myrtilla, the myrtle
 Myrtites, wine impregnated with myrtle
 Myrtocheilides, the female nymphæ
 Myrton, -um, the clitoris of the female
 Myrtus, the myrtle
 ——— Brabantica, Dutch myrtle
 ——— communis Italica, common myrtle
 ——— Jamaicensis, Jamaica pepper tree
 Mysis, an obstruction
 Mystax, the upper lip
 Mysticetus, a species of whale
 Mystus fluviatilis, the barbel fish
 Mytilus, the mussel fish
 Myttotum, a dish of garlic, onions, and cheese
 Myurus, a sinking pulse
 Myxa, mucus; species of jujube tree
 Myxaria, a moss
 Myxorhæa, a great discharge of mucus
 Myxosarcoma, a species of tumour
 Myxoter, the nose, or nostril

N.

N A I

N. or No. in prescriptions, a contraction for numero, in number
 Nabia, the jujube fruit
 Nabit, powdered candy
 Nacta, abscess of the female breast
 Naducem, a uterine coagulum, or mole
 Nævus, mole, or mark on children
 Nagam, a pod-bearing eastern tree
 Nai corona, cowhage

N A P

Nakir, wandering pains in the limbs
 Nalugn, a tree of Malabar
 Nana, } the pine apple
 Nanas, }
 Nandi-ervatum, a milky Indian shrub
 Nandia, the Indian thorn
 Nap, species of jujube
 Napellus, wolfsbane; monk's hood
 Napha, orange flower water

N A S

Naphtha, a petroleum; mineral oil; species of amber
 Napifolia, bore cole
 Napium, dog's cress
 Napta, a petrol; a species of amber
 Napus, the plant navew
 Napy, mustard
 Narcaphthon, an aromatic confect
 Narce, torpor or stupefaction, either natural or from disease
 Narcissitas, a stone of a yellow colour
 Narcisso-colchicum, a beautiful species of narcissus
 Narcissus, the narcissus, or daffodil
 ——— lutæus sylvestris, the wild daffodil
 ——— pallidus circulo lutæo, common pale daffodil
 Narcosis, stupefaction
 Narcotica, narcotics; medicines producing stupefaction
 Nardostachys, spikenard
 Nardus Celtica, Celtic spikenard
 ——— Indica, Indian spikenard
 ——— Italica, broad-leaved lavender, or lavendula latifolia
 ——— montana, } wild nard, or assarabacca
 ——— rustica, }
 ——— sylvestris, }
 Naregam, Indian epithet for the lemon tree
 Nares, the nostrils
 Narifusoria, medicines dropped into the nostrils
 Narta, a plant used in ointments
 Nartheria, } a kind of fennel
 Narthex, }
 Narueth, orpiment; a fossil substance
 Nasale, any errhine, or sneezing medicine
 Nasalis, a muscle which dilates the nostrils
 ——— arteria, the artery of the nose
 ——— processus, the projection formed by the upper maxillary and frontal bones
 Nascale, a wood, or cotton pessary
 Nascaphthon, -um, the cascarilla bark; an aromatic confect
 Nasda, a petrol, or species of amber
 Nasi ossa, the bones of the nose
 Nasitas, speaking through the nose
 Naso palatini ductus, two ducts in the palate bone
 Nastos, -us, the walking cane
 Nasturtium, nasturtium, or cress
 ——— aquaticum, common watercress, or becabunga
 ——— hortense, garden cress

N E I

Nasturtium Indicum, } Indian cress, or
 ——— Peruvianum, } yellow larkspur
 Nasus, the nose
 Nata, a species of wen with slender pendent neck
 Nataron, natron
 Natatio, swimming
 Nates, the buttocks; two prominences in the brain
 Nativitas, nativity; birth
 Natrix torquata, a species of snake
 Natron, -um, mineral fixed alkali; soda
 ——— preparatum, purified fixed alkali; sal sodæ
 ——— tartarizatum, Rochelle salt
 ——— vitriolatum, Glauber's salt
 Natsiatam, the cocculus, or Indian berry
 Natta, nata
 Natulæ, the two prominences in the brain, called also Nates
 Natura, nature; that operation which is supposed to cure diseases without medicine
 Naturales functiones, natural functions; action of the viscera in digesting, retaining, absorbing, excreting, &c.
 Naturalia, the parts of generation
 Nausæa, }
 Nausiosus, } sickness; loathing
 Nautia, }
 Nauticus, a muscle of the leg exerted in climbing
 Nautilus, a shell fish
 Naviculare, } the scaphoid bone of the wrist
 Naviforme, }
 Navigatio, sailing, as a remedy or exercise
 Neapolitanus morbus, the lues, or venereal disease
 Nebi-pouli, the Indian apple, or bilingbing
 Nebula, a cloud, or speck on the eye
 Necessariæ res, the non naturals
 Necrosis, mortification
 ——— ostilaginea, a painful convulsive contraction of the limbs
 Nectar, wine made of honey
 Nectarium, the part of a flower containing honey
 Nedum schetti, an eastern berry-bearing tree
 Nedyia, the bowels
 Nedys, the belly
 Nedyusa, violent thirst
 Nefrendes, infants and old people that are toothless
 Neixera, the lower part of the belly

N E P

Neiem el-salib, Egyptian cock's-foot grass
Nelumbo, the Egyptian bean
Nemorosa, a species of anemone
Nenufar, the great white water lily
Neogala, new milk
Neophyti, new plants
Nepa, a crab; a scorpion; a species of broom
—— *theophrasti*, a species of broom
Nepalnocheteli, the cochineal tree
Nepenthes, a plant of Ceylon yielding a cooling liquid; bugloss; a preparation of opium
Nepeta, *mentha cataria*
Nepetella, lesser catmint
Nephela, a spot on the eye
Nepheloides, cloudy urine
Nephralgia, pain in the kidneys without fever
—— *calculosa*, pain from stone in the kidneys
—— *rhenmatica*, the lumbago, or pain in the loins
Nephrelmintica ischuria, suppression of urine from worms
Nephritica aqua, spirituous distillation of nutmeg and hawthorn flowers
Nephriticum lignum, American nephritic wood
Nephriticus, nephritic; of the kidneys
Nephritis, inflammation of the kidneys
—— *calculosa*, inflammation of the kidneys from gravel or stone
—— *vera*, the true inflammation of the kidneys
Nephrolitica ischuria, suppression of urine from stone in the kidneys
Nephrometræ, the *psoæ* muscles
Nephroplethorica ischuria, } suppression of
Nephroplethoricus, } urine from plethora
Nephrospastica, suppression of urine from spasm
Nephrothromboides, suppressed urine from grumous blood
Nephropyica, suppressed urine from matter in the kidneys
Nephrophlegmatica, suppressed urine from mucus in the kidneys
Nephrop'legica, suppressed urine from palsy of the kidneys
Nephros, the kidney
Nephrotomia, nephrotomy; extracting a stone from a kidney by an operation

N I G

Nepones, small worms
Nerantia, oranges
Nerion, -um, plant rose-bay of the coast
Nerita, a shell fish
Neroli oleum, essential oil of orange flowers
Neroniana, repeated bleeding
Nervalia ossa, the forehead
Nervea spongiosa, the cavernous part of the penis
Nervi innominati, intercostales; the fifth pair of nerves
Nervorum resolutio, a species of apoplexy, or palsy
Nervus, a nerve; an organ of sensation
Nesis, an accumulation of humours
Nestia, abstinence
Nestis, the intestine called jejunum
Neurochondrodes, a substance formed of cartilage and ligaments
Neurodes, nervous
Neurologia, doctrine of the structure, distribution, and use of the nerves
Neurometeres, the *psoæ* muscles
Neuron, a nerve
Neuroses, nervous diseases
Neurotica, nervous medicines
Neurotomia, the dissection of a nerve
Neuratrotos, one having a wounded nerve
Neuter, neither; a neutral salt
Neutha, that part of the foetal membrane which comes away with the foetus
Neutralis, a salt in which neither acid nor alkali predominate
Nexus, a joining together
Nhambi Brasiliensis, a mustard like plant of Brasil
Nhambuguacu, the spurge plant
Nhandu, a fruit of Brasil resembling pepper
Niccolum, nickel; a semi-metal
Nicon, hellebore
Nicophorus, a kind of ivy
Nicotiana, tobacco
—— *Americana*, American tobacco
—— *minor*, yellow henbane; English tobacco
Nidor, the smell of burnt animal matter
Nidorosus, nidorous; having the smell of burnt animal matter
Neinghala, the superb lily
Nigella, fennel flower, or devil in a bush
—— *arvensis*, wild fennel flower
—— *Cretica folio fœniculi*, a species of fennel
—— *Romana*, fennel flower

N I T

Nigellastrum, cockle, or corn champion
Nigra vitis, the black vine
 — *fabrilis*, black lead; plumbago
Nigrites ossium, a caries, or decayed state of the bones
Niguas, worms getting under the toes in hot countries
Nihil album, } the white dung of dogs
 — *griseum*, }
Nil, indigo
Nila huminatu, a tree of Malabar
Nilent siunda, common nightshade
Nilica-maram, a kind of Indian plum
Nilium, a dark topaz
Nimbæ acostæ, an ash-like tree of Ceylon; vermituge
Nindsin, }
Ninzen, } species of the ginseng
Ninzin, }
Nirles, the measles; a Scotch term
Niruala, a tree of Malabar; its leaves are diuretic
Niruri, an Indian berry-bearing tree
Nisi, a species of ginseng
Nissolia, crimson grass vetch
Nisus, the sparrow-hawk
Nitedula, } the glow worm
Nitidella, }
Nitras, nitrat; the name in the new chemistry of every compound of the nitric acid, the basis of nitrous acid
 — *aluminosus*, nitrat of alumine
 — *ammoniacalis*, nitrat of ammoniac
 — *argenti*, nitrat of silver
 — *arsenicalis*, nitrat of arsenic
 — *auri*, nitrat of gold
 — *baryticus*, nitrat of barytes, or heavy spar
 — *bismuthi*, nitrat of bismuth
 — *calcareus*, nitrat of lime
 — *cobalti*, nitrat of cobalt
 — *cupri*, nitrat of copper
 — *ferri*, nitrat of iron
 — *hydrargyri*, nitrat of mercury
 — *magnesiæ*, nitrat of magnesia
 — *magnesii*, nitrat of manganese
 — *molybdeni*, nitrat of molybden
 — *niccoli*, nitrat of nickel
 — *platini*, nitrat of platina
 — *plumbi*, nitrat of lead
 — *potassæ*, nitrat of potash
 — *sodæ*, nitrat of soda, or fossil alkali
 — *stibii*, nitrat of antimony
 — *stanni*, nitrat of tin

N I T

Nitras tunstani, nitrat of tungstein
 — *zincii*, nitrat of zinc
Nitriales, bodies reducible to a calx
Nitris, nitrite; the name in the new chemistry for every compound of the nitrous acid which contains less oxygen than the nitric acid
 — *aluminosus*, nitrite of alumine
 — *ammoniacalis*, nitrite of ammoniac
 — *argenti*, nitrite of silver
 — *argenti fusus*, molten nitrite of silver
 — *arsenicalis*, nitrite of arsenic
 — *auri*, nitrite of gold
 — *baryticus*, nitrite of barytes, or heavy spar
 — *bismuthi*, nitrite of bismuth
 — *cobalti*, nitrite of cobalt
 — *cupri*, nitrite of copper
 — *ferri*, nitrite of iron
 — *hydrargyri*, nitrite of mercury
 — *magnesiæ*, nitrite of magnesia
 — *magnesii*, nitrite of manganese
 — *molybdeni*, nitrite of molybden
 — *niccoli*, nitrite of nickel
 — *platini*, nitrite of platina
 — *plumbi*, nitrite of lead
 — *potassæ*, nitrite of potash
 — *sodæ*, nitrite of soda, or fossil alkali
 — *stibii*, nitrite of antimony
 — *stanni*, nitrite of tin
 — *tunstani*, nitrite of tungstein
 — *zinci*, nitrite of zinc
Nitrum, nitre; saltpetre; a neutral salt formed by the union of nitrous acid and potash, or vegetable alkali
 — *ammoniacale*, composition of nitrous acid and volatile alkali
 — *antiquorum*, natron, or fossil alkali
 — *artificiale Hoffmanni*, composition of spirit of sal ammoniac and spirit of nitre
 — *calcareum verum*, solution of lime in nitrous acid
 — *causticum*, the residuum of the operation of martial regulus of antimony and nitre
 — *cubicum*, a union of nitrous acid and the alkali of sea salt
 — *factitium*, borax
 — *fixum*, nitre deflagrated with charcoal
 — *flammans*, composition of nitrous acid and volatile alkali
 — *nativum*, borax

N O S

Nitrum purificatum, purified nitre
 — stibiatus, crystals formed from the water used to wash calx of antimony
 — vitriolatum, vitriolic acid and the basis of sea salt; natron vitr.
 — volatile, composition of nitrous acid and volatile alkali
 Nix, snow
 — antimonialis, sublimed regulus of antimony
 — fumans, quick lime
 Nobilis valvula, a valve at the union of the inferior cava with the heart
 Nocherzli nopalli, } the cochineal plant
 Nocheznopatli, }
 Noctambulatio, } walking when asleep
 Noctambulus, }
 Noctiluca terrestris, the glow worm
 Noctua, an owl
 Noctuinas, grey eyed
 Nocturni oculi, grey eyes
 Nocturnus, nightly; applied to fevers
 Nodosus, knotted
 Nodus, any thing tied up to immerse in a liquor
 Nodus, a node; swelling, or hard bony excrescence
 Noela tali, the Indian barberry tree
 Noli me tangere, touch me not; the male balsam apple; an ulcer or cancer; a species of herpes
 Noma, } a malignant ulcer; a virulent
 Nome, } herpes
 Nonana, a fever remitting every ninth day
 Non-naturalia, the non-naturals, such are diet, air, sleep, motion, excretions, and the passions
 Nonus humeri musculus placentini, the coracoid muscle of the arm
 Nopal, } the plant that feeds the
 Nopaleochetzli, } cochineal insect
 Noserus, morbid; sickly
 Nosocomium, -on, } an hospital, or infirmary
 Nosodochium, }
 Nosologia, nosology; a regular arrangement and explanation, or definition of diseases
 Nosopoietica, whatever things injure health
 Nosos, a disease
 Nostalgia, disease from attachment to home; a species of melancholy
 — complicata, a longing after home with real disease
 — simplex, simple melancholy from absence

N U X

Nostoch, a gelatinous substance found in fields after rain; tremella
 Nostratibus lignum, fustick wood
 Nothæ costæ, the false ribs
 Nothrotres, torpor; lethargy
 Notæus, the spinal marrow
 Notiodes, a colliquative wasting
 Notis, humour; vapour
 Notos, the back
 Novacula, a razor; a fish
 Nuba, brass; an epithet for manna
 Nubecula, cloud in the urine; a speck on the eye
 — suspensa, cloud in the urine near the top
 Nubes, clouds; specks on the eye
 Nucamenta, catkins
 Nuces gallæ, common galls
 — purgantes, garden spurge
 Nucha, the back, or nape of the neck
 Nuciositas, short sight
 Nucipersica, the nectarine
 Nucista, nutmeg
 Nucleus, a kernel
 Nuctobasis, walking in sleep
 Nucula terrestris, earth, or hawk nut
 Numenius, the curlew
 Nummularia, herb two pence, or moneywort
 — rubra, yellow loose strife, or willow herb
 Nuscitiosus, one who cannot see by night; hemeralops
 Nutricatio, nutritio
 Nutrimentum, nourishment
 Nutritio, nutrition; nourishment; growth
 Nutritum unguentum, a composition of litharge, vinegar, and oil
 Nux, a nut
 — aromatica, the nutmeg
 — Barbadosensis, pinhones Indici
 — basilica, juglans, or walnut
 — cathartica, garden spurge
 — euboica, juglans, or walnut
 — Indica, the cocoa nut
 — medica, the Maldivian nut
 — moschata, } the nutmeg
 — myristica, }
 — persica, } juglans, or walnut
 — regia, }
 — serapionis, St. Ignatius's bean
 — Virginiana, mastich of Ligon and Virginian nut
 — vomica, the vomit nut of the East Indies

N Y M

Nux vomica minor Moluccana, snake wood of India
 Nyctalopia, having good sight only by night
 Nycthemerus, of one day and night
 Nycterinus, nocturnus
 Nycteris, the bat
 Nycticorax, a night raven
 Nyctobasis, night walking
 Nygma, a puncture
 Nympha, unripe amber
 Nymphæ, parts of the female pudenda
 Nymphæa, } the great waterlily; frog-bit; a tumour on the
 ——— alba, }
 nymphæ
 ——— glandifera, } the Egyptian
 ——— Indica, } or Pontic
 ——— Madraspastana, } bean

N Y X

Nymphoides, a species of lily
 Nymphomania, uterine furor, or female libidinous propensity
 ——— fervor uteri, nymphomania from uterine plenitude
 ——— furibunda, nymphomania with madness
 ——— pruriginosa, nymphomania with itching about the pubes
 ——— salacitas, nymphomania with madness
 Nymphotomia, excision of the enlarged clitoris, or nymphæ
 Nystagmos, -us, a morbid winking with the eyes; drowsiness
 Nyxsis, a puncture

O.

O B L

OBACERBATUS, exacerbation, or increase of disease
 Obauditus, partial deafness
 Obcæcatio, a dimness of sight
 Obconicus, (in botany) conical
 Obelæa, } the sagittal, or
 ——— sutura, } straight suture
 ——— sutura sagittalis, } of the skull
 Obelchera, a chymical cucurbit
 Obeliscotheca, dwarf American sunflower
 Obesitas, corpulency; fatness
 Obfuscatio, a dimness of sight
 Oblæsio, a hurt
 Oblates purgantes, purging cakes of flour, sugar, and purgatives
 Oblinatio, an anointing
 Obliqui superiores, the pathetic, or fourth pair of nerves
 Obliquus, oblique; inclined
 ——— ascendens, a muscle of the fore part of the belly
 ——— descendens, } an external muscle
 ——— externus, } of the belly
 ——— inferior, a rotator muscle of the head
 ——— inferior oculi, a muscle of the eye
 ——— major oculi, a rotator muscle of the eye

O B S

Obliquus minor, a muscle of the vertebra called atlas
 ——— nasi, a muscle of the nose
 ——— palpebrarum, muscles of the eyelids
 ——— superior, a muscle serving to bend the head
 ——— superior oculi, a rotator muscle of the eye
 Oblivio, oblivion, or forgetfulness
 Oblongus, oblong, applied to a leaf
 Obmutescencia, dumbness
 Obolus, nine grains weight; a halfpenny
 Obovatus, egg-shaped
 Obsidianum, glass of antimony
 Obsidianus lapis, canal coal
 Obsoniorum rhus, common sumach
 Obsonium, food
 Obstetricatio, midwifery
 Obstetrica ars, } the art of midwifery
 Obstetricium, }
 Obstetrix, a midwife
 Obstipatio, costiveness
 ——— debilium, costiveness from debility
 ——— obstructorum, costiveness as a symptom of colic
 ——— rigidorum, costiveness attending hypochondriasis

O C U

Obstipitas, wry neck
 Obstructio, obstruction
 ——— alvi, costiveness
 Obstruentia, medicines which close the ducts
 Obstupefacientia, narcotics
 Obstupefactio, stupefaction
 Obtundentia, medicines lessening acrimony
 Obturator externus, } rotator muscles of the
 ——— internus, } thigh
 ——— nervus, a branch of the crural nerve
 Obturatrix arteria, a branch of the hypogastric artery
 ——— vena, a branch of the hypogastric vein
 Obvolutus, (in botany) rolled up
 Obvolventia, obtundentia
 Occa, the spermaceti whale
 Occipitalis arteria, the occipital artery; a branch of the carotid
 ——— musculus, a muscle of the scalp
 ——— nervus, a branch of the tenth pair of nerves
 ——— posterior arteria, a branch of the vertebral artery
 ——— vena, a branch of the upper external jugular vein
 Occipitis os, the occiput, or hinder bone of the skull
 Occipito-frontalis, a muscle raising the eyebrows
 Occiput, the hinder bone of the skull
 Occultus, hidden; applied to causes
 Ochema, a vehicle, or thin fluid
 Ocheteuma, the nostril
 Ochetus, the outlet for urine, or fæces
 Ocheus, the scrotum
 Ochlagogi, quacks; mountebanks; impostors
 Ochra, ochre; an ore of iron
 ——— nigra; black lead; plumbago
 Ochrea, the fore part of the tibia
 Ochrus, a leguminous plant
 Ochthodes, obstinate ulcers
 Ocimastrum, wild white campion; wild basil
 Ocimum, ocymum; wild basil
 Ocoloxochitl, a flower spotted like a tiger
 Octana, a fever with eight days intermission
 Octandria, Linnæus's 8th class
 Octavus humeri musculus, a muscle of the shoulder
 Oculares communes, nerves of the eyes

O D O

Oculares externi, nerves of the external parts of the eyes
 Ocularia, herb eyebright
 Ocularius, an oculist, or eye surgeon
 Oculi cancerorum, crab's eyes; white round stones from the river cray fish; absorbent
 Oculo musculares, } the third pair of
 ——— musculares externi, } nerves
 Oculus, the eye; colliquamentum
 ——— bovinus, enlarged eye from disease
 ——— bovis, the great daisy
 ——— bubulus, enlarged eye from disease
 ——— Christi, wild clary, or horminum sylvestre
 ——— elephantinus, enlarged eye from disease
 ——— genu, the patella, or knee-pan
 ——— lachrymans, the watery eye
 Ocymastrum, wild white campion; wild basil; a species of liverwort
 ——— verrucarium, the enchanter's nightshade
 Ocymoides, red wild campion; a species of liverwort
 Ocymum, herb basil
 ——— aquaticum, a species of water thistle
 ——— caryophyllatum, small, or bush basil
 ——— citratum, } common, or citron ba-
 ——— medium, } sil
 ——— minimum, small, or bush basil
 ——— vulgarius, common, or citron basil
 Odaxismos, the pain of cutting teeth
 Odium, hatred; a symptom in lunacy
 Odme, the smell
 Odontagogum, a tooth instrument
 Odontagra, gouty pain in the teeth; a tooth-drawing instrument
 Odontalgia, toothach
 ——— arthritica, gouty pain in the teeth
 ——— cariota, toothach from decay of the teeth
 ——— catarrhalis, toothach from taking cold
 ——— gravidarum, toothach while pregnant
 ——— hysterica, toothach accompanying hysterics
 ——— scorbutica, toothach with scurvy
 ——— stomachica, toothach from acridity in the stomach
 Odontalgica, remedies for toothach

Odontiasis, dentition, or cutting teeth
 Odontica, remedies for toothach
 Odontorrhœa, bleeding from the extraction
 of a tooth
 Odontis, } species of liverwort; lychnis
 Odontitis, }
 Odontoglyphon, -um, instrument for clean-
 ing the teeth
 Odontoides, a process of the second vertebra
 Odontolithos, the tartar on the teeth
 Odontophya, dentition, or cutting teeth
 Odontotrimma, a dentifrice, or medicine to
 clean the teeth
 Odor, a smell
 Odorabilis, to be smelt
 Odoramentum, any bark, or drug to per-
 fume a sick chamber
 Odorata violarea, sweet trefoil
 Odoratus, perfumed; the sense of smell
 Odoriferæ glandulæ, sebaceous glands of
 the pudenda, arm-pits, &c.
 Odyne, } pain
 Odynema, }
 Oea, the service tree
 Œconomia, economy; the laws of nature
 ——— animalis, the laws of the ani-
 mal system
 Œdema, serous tumour of the cellular mem-
 brane
 ——— erysipelatoides, serous swelling of
 the cellular membrane with erysipelatous
 inflammation
 ——— œdematodes, serous swelling of the
 cellular membrane
 ——— lacteum, serous swelling of the leg
 after child-birth
 Œdemosarca, a species of œdematous fleshy
 tumour
 Œlnizium, } milky parsley
 Œlsnitium, }
 Œnantharia, sweet-scented ointments
 Œnanthe, the vine flower
 ——— aquatica, water dropwort
 ——— chærophylli foliis, hemlock drop-
 wort
 Œnarea, ashes of burnt vines
 Œnas, a wild dove
 Œnelæum, a mixture of oil and wine
 Œnodes, vinous
 Œnogala, mixture of wine and milk; a
 syllabub
 Œnogarum, a mixture of wine and garum
 Œnomalicum, cider
 Œnomeli, mead

Œnophlygia, inebriety
 Œnopia, the great jujube fruit of Egypt
 Œnosis, inebriety
 Œnostagma, spirit of wine, or distilled
 wine
 Œnothera, lysimachia; loose strife
 Œnus, wine
 ——— Andrius, wine from the island of
 Andros
 ——— anthinos, wine impregnated with
 flowers
 ——— anthosmias, sweet-scented wine
 ——— apodæus, a decoction of wine and pine
 ——— apezesmenus, wine impregnated
 with salt, garlic, milk, &c.
 ——— deuterus, wine of the second pressing
 ——— diacheomenus, strained wines
 ——— galactodes, mixture of wine and
 milk
 ——— malacus, } soft, or weak wine
 ——— malthacus, }
 ——— melichroos, wine and honey
 ——— œnodes, strong wine
 ——— siræos, vegetables boiled with honey
 or sugar
 ——— straphidios leucos, raisin wine
 ——— æthalasm-nos, wine and sea water
 Œpata, the Malacca bean tree
 Œsophageæ arteriæ, the arteries of the
 œsophagus
 Œsophagæus, the muscle forming the
 sphincter œsophagi
 Œsophagismus, difficult swallowing from
 spasm
 Œsophagos, -us, the passage from the
 mouth to the stomach
 Œstros, -us, the gad fly
 Œstrum, a black fly infesting cattle
 ——— veneris, the clitoris
 Œstromaia, uterine furor, or female libi-
 dinous propensity
 Œsype, }
 Œsypos, } the grease and dirt of wool;
 Œsypum, } neat's-foot oil
 Œsypus, }
 Offa, offal, or fæces
 ——— alba Helmontii, a solid coagulum
 formed by mixing spirit of wine and vo-
 latile alkali
 Officinalia, medicines kept ready for use in
 shops
 ——— capitalia, capital officinals are
 mithridate, theriaca, dioscoridum Paulina,
 and philonium

OLE

Offuscatio, blindness from palsy in the optic nerve
 Olampi, an American gum resembling copal
 Olacatzan, the American china root
 Oldenlandia, a plant
 Olea, the olive tree
 — empyreumatica, oils having contracted a burnt smell or taste
 — sylvestris, the jujube fruit of Egypt
 Oleamen, an oily liniment
 Oleander, the rose bay
 Oleaster, the wild olive
 — Cappadocius, } the jujube fruit of
 — Germanicus, } Egypt
 Olecranon, -um, the elbow
 Olene, the cubit, or fore arm
 Oleosaccharum, oil triturated with sugar
 Oleosus, oily
 Olera, herbs for pottage
 Oleum, oil
 — abritanum, Strasburgh turpentine of the pinus picea
 — Ægyptium, oleum ricini
 — Ægyptium album, simple oil of lilies
 — anisi, oil of aniseed
 — amygdalinum, oil of almonds
 — anethi, oil of fennel
 — animale, oil from distilled animal matter
 — anthinum, oil impregnated with flowers
 — arsenici, caustic oil of arsenic; muriatic acid and arsenic
 — balabinum, oil of the ben nut
 — balsami, balm of Gilead
 — buxi, oil of box wood
 — cadæ, oil of the berry-bearing cedar; cade oil
 — cajeputi, oil of grains of Paradise; antispasmodic
 — camphoratum, oil impregnated with camphor
 — canangæ, oil of the lime tree
 — chamæmeli, } oil of chamomile;
 — chamæmelinum, } chamomile flowers infused in and pressed with olive oil; discutient
 — cheirinum, oil of the yellow wall-flower
 — cicinum Plinii, castor oil
 — cinnamomi, oil of cinnamon; cardiac
 — cornu cervi, oil of hartshorn

OLE

Oleum ceræ, oil of wax
 — copaivæ compositum, compound balsam of copava
 — dippelii, oil from distilled animal matter
 — divinum, oil of bricks
 — essentielle, the peculiar oil of any vegetable
 — essentielle absinthii, essential oil of wormwood
 — essentielle anethi, essential oil of dill seed
 — essentielle anisi, essential oil of aniseed
 — essentielle aurantiorum, essential oil of oranges
 — essentielle carui, essential oil of caraway
 — essentielle caryophyllorum, essential oil of cloves
 — essentielle chamæmeli, essential oil of chamomile
 — essentielle cinnamon, essential oil of cinnamon
 — essentielle cymini, essential oil of cumin seeds
 — essentielle fœniculi, essential oil of fennel seed
 — essentielle juniperi, essential oil of juniper
 — essentielle lavendulæ, essential oil of lavender
 — essentielle limonum, essential oil of lemons
 — essentielle macis, essential oil of mace
 — essentielle marjoranæ, essential oil of marjoram
 — essentielle menthæ piperitidis, essential oil of peppermint
 — essentielle neroli, essential oil of orange flowers
 — essentielle nucis moschatæ, essential oil of nutmegs
 — essentielle origani, essential oil of organum
 — essentielle piperis Jamaicensis, essential oil of Jamaica pepper
 — essentielle pulegii, essential oil of penny-royal
 — essentielle rhodii, essential oil of rhodium
 — essentielle rosmarini, essential oil of rosemary

OLE

Oleum essentielle rutæ, essential oil of rue
 ——— essentielle sabinæ, essential oil of
 savine
 ——— essentielle sassafras, essential oil of
 sassafras
 ——— essentielle terebinthinæ, essential oil
 of turpentine
 ——— excestrense, stimulant herbs mace-
 rated in oil
 ——— febrifugum, a preparation of anti-
 mony
 ——— fuliginis, oil of soot
 ——— guaiaci, oil of guaiacum
 ——— hyperici, oil of St. John's wort
 ——— jasminum, oil of jessamy
 ——— jecoris aselli, cod's liver oil; train oil
 ——— kerva, oleum ricini
 ——— lateritii, oil of brick, or oleum phi-
 losophorum
 ——— laurinum, oil of bay berries, or bays
 ——— liliorum, oil of lilies
 ——— lini seminum, oil of linseed
 ——— logaporum, oil of lizards
 ——— macis, oil of mace
 ——— malabathri, oil distilled from cinna-
 mon leaves; nervine
 ——— martis per deliquium, lixivium martis
 ——— e mucilagibus, oil of mucilages
 ——— nucis moschatæ, oil of nutmeg
 ——— odoriferum, oil impregnated with
 odorous matters
 ——— olivarum, oil of olives
 ——— omphacinum, oil of unripe olives
 ——— palmæ, palm oil of Africa
 ——— partheniacum, oil of feverfew
 ——— petrolei Barbadosensis, oil of Barba-
 dos tar
 ——— philosophorum, oil imbibed by hot
 bricks and drawn from them by the retort
 ——— racini, } oil of the West Indian cas-
 ——— ricini, } tor nut; mildly purgative
 ——— rosæ, roses mixed with fat and ex-
 posed to the sun
 ——— salis, circulatum
 ——— sambucinum, oil of elder
 ——— sesaminum, oil of sesamum, or the
 purging grain
 ——— sinapios, oil of mustard seed
 ——— spicæ, oil of lavender
 ——— succini, oil of amber
 ——— sulphuris, oil of sulphur
 ——— susinum, oleum Ægyptium album
 ——— templinum verum Germanorum, a
 kind of oil of turpentine

OMO

Oleum tartari per deliquium, lixivium tartari
 ——— terebinthinæ, oil of turpentine
 ——— de therva, castor oil
 ——— tritici, an oil expressed from wheat
 ——— viride, green oil, made of bay, rue
 leaves, &c.
 ——— vitrioli, oil, or acid of vitriol
 Olfactorii nervi, olfactory nerves, or nerves
 of smelling
 Olfactus, the sense of smelling
 Olibanum, gum olibanum; frankincense
 Olida, the Egyptian kidney bean; the West
 Indian wild liquorice
 Olidus, strong scented; stinking
 Oliganthera, (in botany) plants with few
 antheræ
 Oligophorus, thin, or poor wine
 Oligopsychia, pusillanimity
 Oligotrophia, deficient nourishment
 Olisthema, a luxation, or being out of joint
 Oliva, the olive tree
 Olivaria corpora, } two eminences on the
 Oliviformia, } medulla oblongata
 Olophlyctides, small watery pimples on the
 skin and eyes
 Olsenichium, milky parsley
 Olus, herb for pottage
 ——— album, wild valerian
 ——— atrum, herb Alexander; lovage
 ——— aureum, white garden orache
 ——— Hispanicum, common spinage; orache
 ——— Judaicum, pimpernel
 Olusatrum, parsley
 Olynthus, an unripe fig
 Olyra, German sprat corn
 Omagra, gout in the shoulder
 Omasum, the third stomach of animals that
 chew the cud
 Ombria, a stone
 Omelysis, coarse meal
 Omenta, the membranes of the brain
 Omentalis peritonitis, } inflammation of the
 Omentitis, } omentum, or caul
 Omentum, the omentum, epiploon, or caul
 covering the bowels
 Omma, the eye
 Omocotyle, that part of the shoulder blade
 which articulates with the humerus
 Omohyoidæus musculus, a muscle of the
 os hyoides
 Omolinon, -um, raw flax
 Omoplatæ, the scapulæ, or shoulder blades
 Omo } hyoidæus, a muscle of the os
 Omoplato } hyoides

ONY

Omos, the shoulder
 Omotocos, miscarriage
 Omotribes, oil from unripe olives
 Omphacium, } juice of unripe grapes
 Omphacinum, }
 Omphacitis, a species of gall
 Omphacomeli, juice of sour grapes and honey
 Omphalocarpos, goose grass; clivers; hay-riff
 Omphalocoele, a rupture at the navel
 Omphalodes, a plant whose flower resembles the navel
 Omphalomantia, predicting from the appearance of the navel
 Omphalos, the navel
 Omphalotomia, cutting the navel string
 Omphax, unripe grapes
 Onager, the wild ass
 Onagra, the rheumatism in the elbow; a plant
 Oncos, a tumour
 Onicrocrisis, a judgment from the sleep of a patient
 Oniroidynia, disturbed sleep; a vehement, or distressing imagination in sleep
 ——— activa, walking while asleep
 ——— gravans, sensation of oppression during sleep, or night mare
 Onirogmos, amorous dreams producing emission
 Onirogenos, -us, a discharge of semen while sleeping
 Oniromantia, oneirocrisis
 Onis, asses' dung
 Onisci, millepedes, or wood lice
 Oniscus, the stock fish
 Onitis, the origanum plant
 Onobrychis, holy hay; saintfoin; cock's head vetch
 Onocardium, asses' thistle
 Onochelis, }
 Onochiles, } alkanet root
 Onoclea, }
 Ononis, the herb rest-harrow
 Ononium, a wild nettle
 Onopordium, a kind of thistle
 Onopteris mas, common maiden hair; a kind of fern
 Onos, an ass
 Onosma, the herb stone bugloss
 Onychia, a whitlow in the finger
 Onyx, a nail or hoof; a speck on the eye; a precious stone

OPH

Ooeides, the watery humour of the eye
 Oogala, white pot, made of milk and eggs
 Oon, an egg
 Opalus, an opal
 Ope, foramen
 Operatio, a surgical operation
 ——— Caesarea, Caesarea sectio
 Operculares, common snails
 Operculatus, moss with lids over the antheræ
 Operculum cochleæ celatæ, the small covering of the shell of a fish
 Ophiasis, baldness
 Ophidion, a large eel
 Ophioctonum, an herb poisonous to serpents
 Ophioglossoides niger, a species of fungus; adder's tongue
 Ophioglossum, the plant called adder's tongue
 Ophiomachus, the lizard
 Ophioscorodon, spotted ramsons; broad-leaved garlic
 Ophiostaphylon, white bryony
 Ophis, a serpent
 Ophitis, a kind of marble
 Ophris, the plant wood bifol; the lower part of the forehead
 ——— unifolia, the herb one blade
 Ophthalmia, inflammation of the membranes of the eyes
 ——— angularis, inflammation of the corner of the eye
 ——— cancrosa, cancerous inflammation of the eye
 ——— choroidea, inflammation of tunica choroides
 ——— a cornea fistula, inflammation from fistula
 ——— ecchymosis, blood-shot eye
 ——— ab elcomate, inflammatory ulceration of the eye
 ——— erysipelatos, erysipelatos inflammation of the eye
 ——— febricosa, inflammation of the eye from fever
 ——— humida, the watery inflammation of the eye
 ——— a lagophthalmia, inflammation of the eye from the membranes turning out
 ——— metastatica, inflammation of the eye from translated matter
 ——— membranarum, inflammation of the membranes of the eye

- Ophthalmia mucosa, the mucous, or purulent eye
- phlyctænodes, } pustulary inflammation of the eye
- pustulosa, } inflammation of the eye from scrophula
- serophulosa, inflammation of the eye from scrophula
- sicca, inflammation of the eye without moisture
- a synechia, intermitting inflammation of the eye
- syphilitica, venereal inflammation of the eye
- tarsi, inflammation of the edges of the eyelids
- tenebricosa, inflammation of the inner coats of the eye
- trachoma, the dry inflammation of the eye
- trichiasis, inflammation of the eye with an appearance of floating hairs
- tuberculosa, inflammation of the eye from tubercles
- ab ungue, inflammation of the eye from specks
- uveæ, inflammation of the iris
- Ophthalmici externi, the third pair of nerves
- Ophthalmicus Willisii, a branch of the fifth pair of nerves
- Ophthalmitis, inflammation of the eye
- Ophthalmographus, a writer on the eye
- Ophthalmoponia, intense pain in the eye
- Ophthalmorrhagia, bleeding from the eye
- Ophthalmos, -us, the eye
- Ophthalmoxysis, cleaning the eyes with a brush
- Ophthalmoxystum, a brush for the eyes
- Ophyllon, the great toothwort
- Opiata, opiate, or anodyne medicine; any very soft electuary
- Opii tinctura, laudanum; thebaic tincture
- tinctura camphorata, paregoric elixir
- Opismus, an opiate confection
- Opisthenar, the back of the hand
- Opisthocranium, the occiput
- Opisthocyphosis, a curved spine
- Opisthotonicus, bent preternaturally backwards
- Opisthotonos, a spasm by which the body is bent backward. See Tetanus
- Opium, opium, or extract of the white poppy; anodyne, cordial, suporific, narcotic, &c. according to the dose and habits of the patient
- Opium colatum, strained opium
- purificatum, purified opium; the common crude opium is the only form to be relied on
- Opobalsamum, balsam of Gilead
- Opocalpasum, } carpasium; a resin like
- Opocarpason, } myrrh
- Opodeldoc, } camphorated soap liniment
- Opodeltoc, }
- Opodeocele, a rupture into the labia pudendi
- Opopanax, the gum of all-heal, or opopanaxwort
- Opopia, the bones forming the socket of the eyes
- Oporice, dioporon; a conserve of ripe fruits
- Opos, juice; humour
- Oppilatio, obstruction
- Oppilativa, medicines which shut up the pores
- Oppletio, repletion; plethora
- Oppositifolius, (in botany) growing opposite to the leaf
- Oppressio, the catalepsy; any oppression
- Opsarium, a small fish
- Opsigonus, a dens sapientiæ, or late cut tooth
- Opsis, vision; the eye
- Opticus, belonging to vision
- nervus, the optic nerve at the bottom of the eye
- Opulus, the gelder rose; witch hazel
- Opuntia, the cochineal plant
- Opuntoides, a marine vermifuge plant
- Opusculum, a treatise, or small work
- Ora sæva leonis, antirrhinum
- Orangia, the common Spanish orange
- Orata, the gilt head fish
- Orbiculare os, a bone of the inner ear
- Orbiculares palpebrarum musculi, the muscles which draw the eyelids together
- Orbicularis, the sphincter ani; a species of fungus
- clausor, the muscle which shuts the eyelids
- labiorum, the muscle which draws the lips together
- oris, a muscle of the lips
- pudendi, sphincter vaginæ
- Orbita, the orbit of the eye
- Orbitales arteriæ, the arteries which supply the orbits
- Orbitare externum foramen, an aperture in the cheek bone transmitting nerves and blood vessels

O R P

Orbitare internum foramen, an aperture transmitting a branch of the fifth pair of nerves
 Orbitarii nervi, the third pair of nerves
 Orbitarius processus, the processes of several bones forming the orbit
 Orchas, the olive
 Orchea, the scrotum
 Orchidæ, plants with roots like testicles
 Orchis, the testicle; the plant dog's stones
 ——— bifolia, the herb bifoil, yielding a substance like sago called salep
 Orchites, the olive
 Orchos, the extremities of the eyelids
 Orchotomia, castration
 Ordo, the first subdivision of a class
 Orectica, medicines which sharpen the appetite
 Oreillons, the mumps; a swelling of the parotid glands
 Orellana, the arnotto tree of the West Indies; a dye stuff
 Oreoselinum, herb frankincense, or laserpitium
 Orestium, a kind of elecampane
 Oreum, a species of bloodwort
 Orexia, appetite
 Organum, an organ, member, or limb
 Orgasmus, salaciousness
 Orge, anger
 Orichalcum, copper
 Oricia, a species of fir
 Orientalis, eastern
 Orificium, an orifice, or aperture
 Origanum, wild marjoram
 ——— Creticum, dictamnus
 Origo, the first cause of a disease
 Orleana, orellana
 Ornithogalum, the herb called the star of Bethlehem; squills
 Ornithoglossum, bird's tongue
 Ornithopodium, bird's foot
 Ornus, the ash tree
 Orobanche, the great toothwort, or hypocystis
 Orobium, the meal, or flour of the orobus
 Oroboides, a sediment in urine like orobium
 Orobrychis peregrina, the bitter vetch
 Orobus, wood peas; heath peas
 Oros, the instep
 Oroselinum, mountain parsley
 Orpimentum, arsenicum flavum, or orpiment

O R T

Orrhagoga, medicines which evacuate serum
 Orrhopissa, a fluid bitumen
 Orrhopygium, the bottom of the spine joining the coccyx
 Orrhos, serum; raphe; the extremity of the sacrum
 Orthocolon, a species of stiff joint
 Orthopnoea, difficult respiration with sighs and a sense of suffocation
 ——— ab aneurysmate, difficult respiration from aneurysm
 ——— ab antipathia, difficult respiration from peculiar affection
 ——— a bronchocèle, difficult respiration from swelled bronchial glands
 ——— cardiaca, difficult respiration from diseased heart
 ——— a deglutitione, difficult respiration from obstructed swallowing
 ——— ab empyemate, difficult respiration from fluid in the pleura
 ——— febricosa, difficult respiration from fever
 ——— a fungis, difficult respiration from fungous excrescences
 ——— a gastrocele, difficult respiration from diseased stomach
 ——— a hydrocephalo, difficult respiration from watery head
 ——— ab hydropneumonia, } difficult
 ——— a hydrothorace, } respiration from water in the chest
 ——— hysterica, difficult respiration from hysterics
 ——— a lipomate, difficult respiration from spasm
 ——— peripneumonica, difficult respiration from inflammation in the lungs
 ——— a pinguedine, } difficult respiration from fatness
 ——— pinguedinosa, }
 ——— pseudo-peripneumonica, difficult respiration from inflammation in the lungs
 ——— polyposa, difficult respiration from polypus in the lungs
 ——— scorbutica, difficult respiration from scurvy
 ——— spasmodica, difficult respiration from spasm
 ——— traumatica, difficult respiration from wounds
 ——— variolosa, difficult respiration from small-pox

Orthopnœa a vermibus, difficult respiration
 from worms
 ——— a vomica, difficult respiration
 from matter in the lungs
 ——— a vaporibus, difficult respiration
 from noxious vapours
 Orvala, garden clary, or horminum
 Orvietanum, an antidote prepared at Orvie-
 to in Italy
 Oryx, a wild goat
 Oryza, rice
 ——— Germanica, a species of barley
 Os, oris; a mouth
 Os, ossis; a bone
 ——— cartilagosum, patella
 ——— cymbæ, os naviculare
 ——— disciforme, patella
 ——— externum, the female pudendum
 ——— frontis, the bone of the forehead
 ——— humeri, the bone of the arm
 ——— hyoides, the bone at the root of the
 tongue
 ——— ileum, a bone of the pelvis
 ——— innominatum, os ilii, or hip bone
 ——— internum, the mouth of the womb
 ——— inverecundum, os frontis
 ——— jugale, zygoma, or cheek bone
 ——— lenticulare, a bone like a lentil, or lens
 ——— leonis, snap dragon, or calf's snout
 ——— naviculare, a bone of the foot
 ——— oppis, os frontis
 ——— tinæ, } the mouth of the womb
 ——— uteri, }
 ——— verecundum, os frontis
 Oscedo, yawning, or gaping
 Oschealis hernia, } a rupture into the scro-
 Oscheocele, } tum
 Oscheon, -um, the scrotum; the mouth of
 the womb
 Oscheophyma, an hydrocele, or watery
 rupture
 Oscitans, a fever attended with yawning
 Oscitatio, yawning, or gaping
 Osculatorius musculus, the sphincter muscle
 of the lips
 Osculum internum, os uteri interni
 Osis, an unnatural protrusion
 Osme, the sense of smelling
 Osmunda palustris, }
 ——— regalis, } the flowering fern
 ——— sylvestris, }
 Osphresis, the sense of smelling
 Osphys, the loins
 Ossa, plural of Os, bones

Ossa arcualia, the fore part of the skull
 ——— batus, a kind of yaws
 ——— e corde cervi, the bone of a stag's
 heart
 ——— innominata, the sides of the pelvis
 ——— mollia, soft bones, as the ethmoid,
 vertebræ, &c.
 ——— parietalia, the side bones of the skull
 ——— petrosa, hard bones, as of the temples,
 legs, &c.
 ——— solida, solid bones, or omoplatæ, is-
 chium, &c.
 Osservazioni, the mumps; a swelling of
 the parotid glands
 Ossiculum, the hard covering of seeds
 Ossificatio, ossification, or formation of
 bone
 Ossifraga, glue bone; a fossil; calcareous
 matter
 Ossivorous, a tumour which destroys a bone
 Ostaga, a forceps to extract bones
 Ostagra, pain in the bones
 Osteites, } glue bone; the matter that
 Osteocolla, } unites broken bones; a fos-
 sil; calcareous matter
 Osteocopus, pain in the bones
 Osteogeneia, doctrine of formation of bones
 Osteogenica, medicines promoting callus
 Osteographia, description of the bones
 Osteolithos, osteocolla, or glue bone; a
 fossil
 Osteologia, a description of the bones
 Osteosarcosis, a morbid softness of the bones
 Ostiarius, the pylorus, or lower orifice of
 the stomach
 Ostiola, the valves of the heart
 Ostiologia, a description of the bones
 Ostracites, a fossil resembling an oyster
 shell
 Ostracodermus, any animal covered with a
 shell
 Ostrea, } the oyster
 Ostreum, }
 Ostrites, osteocolla
 Ostritium, } masterwort; laserpitium
 Ostruthium, }
 Ostrya, a tree called horn beam
 Osyris, poet's rosemary; toad's flax; sum-
 mer cypress
 Otalgia, pain in the ear from inflammation
 Oteile, a wound
 Otencytes, a syringe for the ears
 Othone, lint
 Othonna, the African marigold; celandine

O X A

Otica, ear medicines
 Otitis, inflammation of the inner ear
 Otoplatos, a fetid discharge from behind the ears
 Otopuosis, a discharge of matter, or blood from the ears
 Otopyosis, an abscess of the ear
 Otorrhœa, otopuosis
 Ourles, the mumps; a swelling of the parotid glands
 Ova zephyria, unimpregnated eggs
 Ovale foramen, an aperture in the septum of the foetal heart
 Ovalis, oval; egg-shaped
 Ovarium, the female ovary, thought to contain the rudiments of the foetus
 Ovatus, the watery humour of the eye; oval; egg-shaped
 Ovi albor, }
 — albus liquor, } the white of the egg
 — candidum, }
 Oviductus, the fallopian tube
 Oviformis, the aqueous humour of the eye
 Ovum, an egg
 — philosophorum, a chymical circulating vessel
 — sublimatorium, a chymical subliming vessel
 Oxalas, oxalat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the oxalic acid, or acid of sorrel
 — acidulus ammoniacalis, acidulous oxalat of ammoniac
 — acidulus potassæ, acidulous oxalat of potash
 — acidulus sodæ, acidulous oxalat of soda
 — aluminosus, oxalat of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, oxalat of ammoniac
 — argenti, oxalat of silver
 — arsenicalis, oxalat of arsenic
 — auri, oxalat of gold
 — baryticus, oxalat of barytes, or heavy spar
 — bismuthi, oxalat of bismuth
 — calcareus, oxalat of lime
 — cobalti, oxalat of cobalt
 — cupri, oxalat of copper
 — ferri, oxalat of iron
 — hydrargyri, oxalat of mercury
 — magnesiæ, oxalat of magnesia
 — magnesii, oxalat of manganese
 — molybdeni, oxalat of molybden
 — niccoli, oxalat of nickel

O X Y

Oxalas platini, oxalat of platina
 — plumbi, oxalat of lead
 — potassæ, oxalat of potash
 — sodæ, oxalat of soda, or mineral alkali
 — stibii, oxalat of antimony
 — tungsteni, oxalat of tungstein
 — zinci, oxalat of zinc
 Oxalis, wood sorrel
 Oxaline, a mixture of vinegar and salt
 Oxelæum, a mixture of vinegar and oil
 Oxidum, an oxyd, or calx of a metal
 Oxya, the beech tree
 Oxyacantha, the barberry
 Oxyas, the beech tree
 Oxycedrus, the berry-bearing cedar
 Oxycoccus, moor, or crane berries
 Oxycratum, oxycrate; a mixture of vinegar and honey
 Oxycroceum emplastrum, a plaister containing saffron and vinegar
 Oxyda ferri, oxyds of iron
 — metallica, metallic oxyds
 — metallica sublimata, sublimated metallic oxyds
 — plumbi, oxyds of lead
 Oxyderica, }
 Oxydorcia, } collyria
 Oxydum, oxyd; the name given by modern chymists to the combinations of metals with vital air, or when calcined
 — arsenicale potassæ, arsenical oxyd of potash
 — arsenici album, white oxyd of arsenic
 — arsenici album sublimatum, white oxyd of arsenic sublimed
 — arsenici sulphuratum luteum, yellow sulphurated oxyd of arsenic
 — arsenici sulphuratum rubrum, red sulphurated oxyd of arsenic
 — auri ammoniacale, ammoniacal oxyd of gold
 — auri per stannum, oxyd of gold by tin
 — bismuthi album acido nitrico confectum, white oxyd of bismuth by the nitric acid
 — bismuthi sublimatum, sublimated oxyd of bismuth
 — cobalti cinereum cum silice, grey oxyd of cobalt with silice
 — cobalti vitreum, vitreous oxyd of cobalt

Oxydum cupri viride, green oxyd of copper

— ferri, oxyd of iron

— ferri fuscum, brown oxyd of iron

— ferri luteum, yellow oxyd of iron

— ferri nigrum, black oxyd of iron

— ferri rubrum, red oxyd of iron

— hydrargyri luteum acido nitrico confectum, yellow oxyd of mercury by nitric acid

— hydrargyri luteum acido sulphurico confectum, yellow oxyd of mercury by sulphuric acid

— hydrargyri nigrum, blackish oxyd of mercury

— hydrargyri rubrum acido nitrico confectum, red oxyd of mercury by the nitric acid

— hydrargyri rubrum per ignem, red oxyd of mercury by fire

— hydrargyri sulphuratum nigrum, black sulphurated oxyd of mercury

— hydrargyri sulphuratum rubrum, red sulphurated oxyd of mercury

— magnesiæ album, white oxyd of manganese

— magnesiæ nigrum, black oxyd of manganese

— plumbi, oxyd of lead

— plumbi album per acidum acetosum, white oxyd of lead by the acetous acid

— plumbi luteum, yellow oxyd of lead

— plumbi semi-vitreum, semi-vitreous oxyd of lead, or litharge

— stanni cinereum, grey oxyd of tin

— stanni sublimatum, sublimated oxyd of tin

— stibii, oxyd of antimony by the muriatic acid and nitric acid

— stibii acido muriatico confectum, oxyd of antimony by the muriatic acid

— stibii album nitro confectum, white oxyd of antimony by nitre

— stibii album sublimatum, white sublimated oxyd of antimony

— stibii sulphuratum, sulphurated oxyd of antimony

— sulphuratum aurantiacum, sulphurated orange-coloured oxyd of antimony

Oxydum sulphuratum rubrum, red sulphurated oxyd of antimony

— stibii sulphuratum semi-vitreum, sulphurated semi-vitreous oxyd of antimony

— stibii sulphuratum vitreum, vitreous sulphurated oxyd of antimony

— sulphuratum vitreum fuscum, brown vitreous sulphurated oxyd of antimony

Oxygala, sour milk

Oxygarum, a compound of brine and vinegar

Oxygenium, oxygen; basis of vital air, acidifying principle, &c.

Oxyglycum, a kind of oxymel

Oxylapathum, lapathum acutum

Oxymel, a compound of vinegar and honey

— ex allio, oxymel of garlic

— colchici, honey and meadow saffron; dose ʒij. diuretic

— pectorale, oxymel of elecampane, ammoniacum, &c.

— scillæ, } oxymel of squills

— scilliticum, }

— simplex, simple oxymel; vinegar and honey

Oxymyrrhine, } butcher's broom; wild

Oxymyrsine, } holly

Oxynitrum, a plaister of vinegar and nitre

Oxynosema, an acute disease

Oxyopia, acute vision

Oxyphlegmasia, any severe inflammation

Oxyphœnica, } the tamarind

Oxyphœnicon, }

Oxyphyllon, bastard saffron

Oxyphonia, a shrillness of the voice

Oxyregmia, an acid eructation

Oxyrinchus, the sturgeon

Oxyrrhodion, vinegar and oil of roses

Oxys, wood sorrel

Oxysaccharum, vinegar and sugar

Oxysal diaphoreticum, fixed alkali supersaturated with acid

Oxyschœnos, a species of rush

Oxytes, acidity

Oxytoca, medicines promoting delivery

Oxytriphyllum, wood sorrel

Ozæna, a fetid ulcer in the nose

Oze, a fetid breath

Ozimum, sweet basil

P.

P A L

P. in prescriptions denotes a handful, or a part
Pabulum, food; aliment; animal heat
Pacal, a Peruvian tree
Pachyntica, medicines which incrassate, or thicken the fluids
Pachys, thick; the name of a disease
Paco-caatinga, a Brazilian plant; lithon-
 triptic
Pacoeira, the plantain tree
Paco-seroca, Brazilian cane
Pacourii, a large tree of Brasil
Padri, a tree of Malabar said to cure mania
Padus, the cluster wild cherry; the bird's
 cherry
 — cerasus, lauro cerasus
Pædanchone, a quinsy common to children;
 the croup
Pædarthrocace, the spina ventosa; a caries
 of joints
Pædicus, belonging to children
Pædophlebotomia, bleeding of children
Pædotribia, the exercising of children
Pædotrophia, the nursing of children
Pænoe, a large tree of Malabar, said to re-
 lieve nausea
Pæonia, the plant piony, or pæony
 — mas, male pæony
 — foemina, } female pæony
 — officinalis, }
Pæpale, fine meal obtained by sifting
Paganica, a kind of exercise with a ball
Pagarus, the sea crab
Pagina, (in botany) the side of a leaf
Pagrus, fagrus; a fish
Pagurus, a cray fish
Pahazar, the bezoar found in the stomachs
 of animals
Pahuatlanica, the American china root
Paianeli, a pod-bearing tree of Malabar
Paidatrophia, the atrophy, or wasting of
 children
Paidion, the full grown foetus
Paidopoietica, those who have children
Pain de Madagascar, the cassada bread
Paiomirioba, a species of senna
Pai-paroca, a shrub of Malabar; antiar-
 thritic
Pala, the nutmeg

P A L

Palætyrus, old cheese
Palæus, an inveterate disease
Palati ossa, the bones of the palate of the
 mouth
Palatinæ glandulæ, glands of the palate
 near the tonsils
Palatinus, a branch of the fifth pair of
 nerves supplying the palate
 — ductus, the Eustachian tube
 — processus, the upper maxillary
 bones
Palato-pharyngæus, a muscle of the throat
 — salpingæus, a muscle of the palate
Palatum, the palate of the mouth
 — molle, the posterior part of the
 palate, or velum pendulum
Palea, chaff
 — de mecha, sweet, or camel's hay
Paleaceus, chaffy; covered with dust
Palimpissa, dry pitch
Palincotus, applied to diseases which return
 with increased violence
Palindromia, the return of a paroxysm
Paliurus, the wild jujube; a species of
 white thorn
Palliatio, the mitigation of distressing
 symptoms
Palliativa, palliatives
Pallium purpureum, a preparation of gold,
 mercury, and sulphur
Pallor, paleness
Palma, the palm of the hand; the palm tree
 — ady, a West Indian tree
 — Americana ayri, } the ebony
 — Americana spinosa, } tree of
 — Brasiliensis sexea airi, } Ethiopia
 — Christi, ricinus
 — coccifera, the cocoa nut tree
 — coccifera figura ovali, the Maldivia
 nut
 — dactylifera, the date tree
 — facie cuciphora, the tree bearing
 the cucu fruit
 — haira, macow, or ebony tree
 — humilis, the small palm
 — Japonica, the Indian bread, or sago
 tree
 — major, the date tree
 — minor, the dwarf palm

P A M

Palma nobilis, the cabbage tree; that of Jamaica a vermifuge
 ——— *oleosum*, palm-oil
 ——— *pinus*, a tree; the palm and pine trees
 ——— *punifera*, draco arbor
 ——— *sancta*, the guaiacum tree
Palmae oleum, oil of the palm-tree of Jamaica
Palmaria, a plant with leaves like a hand
Palmaris brevis, } *caro musculosa quadrata*; a muscle of the little finger
 ——— *cutaneus*, }
 ——— *longus*, a muscle of the fingers
Palmata, the herb bifol
Palmeira brava, a species of palm tree
Palmiste, the cabbage tree
Palmos, palpitation of the heart
Palmula, a date
Palpebrae, the eyelids
Palpitatio, palpitation of the heart
 ——— *ab aneurysmate cordis*, palpitation of the heart from aneurysm
 ——— *ex aortae aneurysmate*, palpitation of the heart from aneurysm of the aorta
 ——— *ex aortae angustia*, palpitation of the heart from contracted aorta
 ——— *apostematosa*, palpitation of the heart from abscess
 ——— *arthritica*, palpitation of the heart from gout
 ——— *cardiaca*, palpitation of the heart
 ——— *calculosa*, palpitation of the heart from stony concretions
 ——— *chlorotica*, palpitation of the heart in chlorosis
 ——— *a corde ossificato*, palpitation of the heart from ossification
 ——— *febricosa*, palpitation of the heart from fever
 ——— *hysterica*, palpitation of the heart from hysteria
 ——— *melancholica*, palpitation of the heart from melancholy
 ——— *a pancreate*, palpitation of the heart from diseased pancreas
 ——— *polyposa*, } palpitation of the heart
 ——— *a polypo*, } from polypi
 ——— *tremula*, palpitation of the heart from nervous irritability
Paludapium, the herb smallage
Palus sanctus, guaiacum
Palustris, belonging to a marsh
Pamphilium, a plaister mentioned by Galen

P A N

Pampiniforme corpus, the spermatic chords, or vessels and nerves of the testicles
Pampiniformis, the thoracic duct
Panacea, any general remedy
 ——— *duplicata*, a mysterious general remedy
 ——— *mercurii*, calomelas
 ——— *vegetabilis*, saffron
Panaces Heracleum, Hercules's all-heal, or woundwort
 ——— *moschatum*, sweet-scented all-heal of America; esculent
Panaethes, a cephalic plaister
Panaris, the whitlow, or abscess of the fingers
Panaritica, a whitlow, or abscess of the fingers with fever
Panata, } bread boiled in water, or panada
Panarella, }
Panava, a species of spurge
Panax, the parsnep; panacea
 ——— *asclepium*, candy all-heal
 ——— *chironeum*, the dwarf cistus, or rock rose
 ——— *coloni*, clown's woundwort, or all-heal
 ——— *costinum*, } Hercules's all-heal,
 ——— *Heracleum*, } or woundwort
 ——— *pastinacea*, }
 ——— *quinquefolium*, ginseng
Pancaneseolus, earth, or hawk nut
Panchrestus, a collyrium commended by Galen
Panchymagogum, purging extract; calomel, or any purgatives which evacuate fluids
Pancoenus, epidemic; generally spreading
Pancreatium, a species of squill
Pancreas, the pancreas; a large gland secreting a kind of saliva and pouring it into the duodenum
 ——— *minus*, a small gland attached to the pancreas
Pancreaticae arteriae, the arteries supplying the pancreas branches of the splenic artery
 ——— *venae*, veins of the pancreas
Pancreatis abscessus, an abscess in the pancreas
Pancrene, the pancreas
Pandalitium, a whitlow, or abscess in the fingers
Pandemius, epidemic; pancoenus
Pandiculatio, stretching

P A P

Panduriformis, a leaf like a guitar
Panem-palka, a species of nutmeg
Pangonius, a stone with many angles
Panicula, a panicle; the stalk having many flowers
 ——— minor, } the plant common panic
Panicum,
Panis, bread
 ——— agarceus, household bread
 ——— artopticus, toasted bread
 ——— ater,
 ——— canicaceus, } coarse brown bread
 ——— cibarius,
 ——— cinericius, bread baked in the ashes
 ——— cuculi, wood sorrel
 ——— furfuraceus, } coarse brown bread
 ——— gregarius,
 ——— impurus,
 ——— porcinus, arthanita, or sow bread
Panniculus, a piece of cloth
 ——— adiposus, the cellular membrane
 ——— carnosus, muscular expansion
 corrugating the skin, peculiar to brutes
Pannonica, broad-leaved Hungarian hawk weed
Pannonium, a preparation of oil
Pannus, cloth; a speck on the eye; spot on the skin
Panochiæ, venereal buboes
Panaphobia, timid melancholy
Panopholia, melancholy
Pantagoga, medicines which expel all kinds of humours
Pantheæ, hanging beds
Panther, the leopard
Pantherium, the lynx
Pantices, the intestines
Pantolmius, a medicine described by Æginetus
Panula, crude bile; panicula
Panus, a soft tumour
Pago agula, the aromatic aloe
Papaga, } seeds of bastard saffron
Papagalli,
Papas, the potatoe
Papaver, the poppy
 ——— album, white garden poppy
 ——— corniculatum, sea poppy; yellow horned poppy
 ——— corniculatum luteum, the greater celandine
 ——— heracleum, the blue bottle, or corn thistle
 ——— nigrum, black garden poppy

P A R

Papaver rubrum, corn rose; wild field poppy
 ——— spinosum, purging thistle
 ——— spumeum, common lichen, or liverwort
Papaya fœmina, the female papa tree; fruit like a melon
 ——— mas, the male papa tree; fruit like a melon
 ——— Peruvianis, the female papa tree; fruit like a melon
Papilionaceus, a flower resembling a butterfly
Papilla, the nipple
Papillæ baccantes, swelled nipples
 ——— medullares, prominences on the medulla oblongata
 ——— pyramidales, the terminations of the nerves on the skin forming the touch
Papillare os, the sphenoid bone of the skull
Papillares carunculæ, the papillæ of the kidneys
 ——— processus, the extremities of the nerves of smell
Papillaris herba, nipplewort
Papillosus, a leaf covered with small points, or protuberances
Pappa, a dug; pap for children
Pappos, -us, the downy hair of the chin and of seeds
Pappus, the potatoe
Papula, a pimple
Papulæ ardentes, fiery pimples in the face
Papulosus, covered with pimples
Papyrus, the paper tree
Par, equal
 ——— cuculare, a muscle of the larynx
 ——— linguale, the ninth pair of nerves
 ——— mentale, muscles of the lower lip
 ——— vagum, the eighth pair of nerves
Para, slight or mild
Paracentesis, the operation of tapping, either in the abdomen or thorax
Paracmastici, continued fevers declining
Paracme, the decline of a disease
Paracoe, impaired hearing
Paracollectica, agglutinants
Paracope, a slight delirium
Paracrusis, a slight derangement of mind
Paraculis, impaired, or depraved hearing
 ——— barycœca, dull hearing
 ——— duplicata, sounds reverberated on the ear
 ——— imaginaria, imagined sounds

P A R

Paracusis imperfecta, impaired, or depraved hearing
 ——— oxycoeca, hearing morbidly acute
 ——— Willisiana, common hearing assisted by the accompaniment of some loud noise
 Paracynanche, a kind of quinsy
 Paracypsis, a stooping forward
 Paratilsaica arbor, the American tree of life
 Paradisi grana, grains of Paradise of Guinea
 Paragoge, the replacing a bone in its socket
 Paraglossa, a swelling of the tongue
 Paragua, American casiny tea
 Paralampsis, a speck on the eye
 Paralaxis, transmutation
 Paralerus, slightly delirious
 Parallagma, transmutation
 Parallela, a venereal scurf in the hands
 Paralogia, a delirium with absurd talk
 Paralophia, the lower part of the neck
 Paralysis, palsy; a loss of motion and sensation in particular parts; cowslip; daisy
 ——— arthritica, palsy from gout
 ——— biliosa, palsy from bilious diseases
 ——— febrilis, palsy from fever
 ——— hemiplegica, palsy confined to one side
 ——— intermittens, palsy returning at intervals
 ——— metallariorum, palsy common to workers in metals
 ——— nervea, palsy of particular parts
 ——— paraplegica, general palsy
 ——— partialis, palsy of particularly parts
 ——— plethorica, palsy from fulness of blood
 ——— Polonica, palsy common to Poland
 ——— rachialgica, palsy attending rickets
 ——— rheumatica, palsy following rheumatism
 ——— sanguinea, palsy from excess of blood
 ——— scorbutica, palsy from scurvy
 ——— scrophulosa, palsy from scrophula
 ——— serosa, palsy from effused serum
 ——— a spina bifida, palsy from diseased spine
 ——— syphilitica, palsy from venereal disease
 ——— traumatica, palsy from wounds
 ——— venenata, palsy from poisons

P A R

Paralysis a vomica, palsy from abscess in the lungs
 Parameria, the inward parts of the thighs
 Paramesus, the ring finger
 Parapechyum, from the elbow to the wrist
 Paranoia, diseases attended with deranged mind
 Paraphimosis, an inflammatory stricture of the prepuce behind the denuded glans penis
 Paraphonia, altered, or depraved voice; cacaphonia
 ——— catarrhalis, hoarseness from cold
 ——— clangens, a shrill sonorous voice
 ——— comatosa, a harsh snorting voice
 ——— gutturalis, voice altered, as in cleft palate
 ——— nasalis, voice conveyed through the nose
 ——— palatina, voice altered by preternatural division of the palate
 ——— a polypo, voice altered by polypus in the nose
 ——— puberum, the natural change of voice at puberty
 ——— resonans, a hissing hoarse voice
 ——— sibilans, a hissing voice
 ——— stertens, a harsh snorting voice
 ——— ulcerosa, a hissing harsh voice from ulceration
 Paraphora, slight alienation of mind
 Paraphrenesis, } delirium depending on an
 Paraphrenitis, } inflammation of the diaphragm
 Paraphrosyne, insanity without fever
 Paraplegia, } palsy affecting all parts below
 Paraplexia, } the neck, or any transverse section of the body
 Parapoplexia, a slight apoplectic stroke
 Pararthrema, a luxation; a hernial tumour
 Pararythmus, an irregular pulse
 Parascepastra, a cap
 Paraschide, a fissure in a broken bone
 Parasiticales plantæ, plants growing out of others, as misletoe, &c.
 Parasphagis, part of the neck about the clavicles
 Parastata, any neighbouring parts
 Parastatæ, the fallopian tubes; the epididymis of the testicle
 Parastremma, a distorted face
 Parsynanche, a species of quinsy
 Parathenar major, muscles of the little toe

P A R

Parathenar minor, muscles of the little toe
 Pardalianches, the herb swallowwort
 Pardalis, the female panther
 Pardalium, an ointment
 Pardalius, a precious stone
 Pardalus, the plover
 Pardus, the panther
 Paregorica, anodyne medicines
 Paregoricum elixir, a solution of opium, camphor, benzoin, and oil of aniseed in spirit of wine
 Pareira brava, the wild vine of America; a diuretic
 Paremptosis, the dropping of any part from its proper situation
 Parencephalis, the cerebellum, or little and posterior brain
 Parenchyma, the solid and interior part of the viscera
 Parenchymatici, inflammations of the viscera
 Parentalis, hereditary
 Parema, a prop, or support
 Paresis, any partial palsy
 Paretuvier, the mangrove tree
 Parietalis, applied to the bones of the sin-
 ciput
 Parietaria, pellitory of the wall; diuretic
 — ossa, the ossa bregmatis of the skull
 Parin chakka, bastard china root
 Paris quadrifolia, ipecacuanha
 Paristhmia, disease of the tonsils
 Paristhmiotomus, instrument to scarify the tonsils
 Parkinsonia, the name of a plant
 Paraassia, grass of Parnassus; white liver-
 wort; diuretic
 Parocheteusis, a draining from part of the body
 Parodontis, a gum boil
 Paronychia, a whitlow, or abscess of the fingers; whitlow grass
 Paropiæ, the external angles of the eyes
 Paroptesis, any sweating process
 Parorasis, weakened sight
 Parorchidium, a detention of the testicles in the abdomen
 Parotidæa, a swelling of the parotid glands; the mumps
 Parotis, the parotid gland, situated near the articulation of the lower jaw; secreting saliva
 Paroxysmus, a paroxysm, or fit of disease

P A T

Pars, a part, or place in the body
 — animalis, animal part, or body
 — arctata, a compressed part
 Partheniastrum, the plant bastard fever-
 few
 Parthenis, } a name of artemisia and of
 Parthenium, } matricaria; mugwort; fe-
 verfew; tansy
 Particula, a particle; the smallest part
 Particularis, particular, or local
 Partitio, the division, or separation of a
 sound from a morbid part
 Parturitio, parturition, labour, or child-
 birth
 Partus, the birth of a child
 Parulis, abscess in the gums; gum boil
 Parus, the titmouse
 Parvi meatus, the cellular membrane
 Parygion, a moist application, as a poultice
 Pasiphilus, a vitriolic plaister
 Pasma, any powder sprinkled on the body
 Paspier, samphire
 Passa, a whitlow, or abscess of the fingers;
 a grape
 Passavanticus, a drying powder
 Passer, the sparrow
 Passerina, sparrow's toad flax
 Passio, disease
 — bovina, ægritudo bovina
 — hypochondriaca, hypochondriasis
 — iliaca, inflammation of the intes-
 tines; iliac passion
 Passulæ, raisins
 — daniascenæ, the largest kind of
 grapes
 Passum, raisin wine
 Pasta regia, } a lozenge, or troch
 Pastillus, }
 Pastinaca, parsnep
 — olusatra, Hercules's all-heal, or
 woundwort
 — sativa, common, or garden parsnep
 — sylvestris, wild parsnep
 Patella, the knee pan
 — docimastica, }
 — exploratrix, } a chymical cupel
 — probatrix, }
 Patetæ uvæ, grapes that dry on the vine
 Patheca, a species of water melon
 Pathema, disease; a passion
 — animale, passion, or disease of the
 mind
 Pathetici, diseases affecting the passions
 Patheticus, the fourth pair of nerves

P E D

Pathognomonica, the unvarying symptoms of a disease which distinguish it from all others
Pathologia, pathology; doctrine of the causes and nature of diseases
Pathos, an affection
Patientia, patience; monk's rhubarb, or *lathum hortense*
Patientiæ musculus, a muscle of the shoulder blade
Pator narium, the cavity of the nose
Patrapium, smallage; parsley
Patrimonium, the private parts
Patrum cortex, the Peruvian bark
Patura, the venereal disease
Pan de sang, the red astringent gum of Africa
Pauladadum, the sealed absorbent earth
Paulina confectio, a composition of spices, opium, castor, galbanum, and storax
Pausis, a remission of disease
Pavana, species of spurge
Pavate, a diuretic shrub of Malabar
Pavia, the horse chestnut tree
Pavo, the peacock
Pavor, fear; itch
Payes herba, a species of plantain
Pechedion, -um, the perinæum
Pechyagra, the gout in the elbow
Pechys, the elbow
Pechytyrbe, the scurvy
Pecten, the os pubis, or share bone; the scallop fish
 ——— *veneris*, Venus's comb; shepherd's needle
Pectinæus } **musculus**, a muscle of the thigh
Pectinalis }
Pectinatio, combing
Pectoralis, pectoral; of the breast
 ——— *internus*, a muscle of the sternum
 ——— *major*, a rotator muscle of the arm
 ——— *minor*, a muscle of the scapula
Pectoraria herba, garden angelica
Pectoris os, the breast bone, or sternum
Pectus, the breast; metatarsus
Pectusculum, the metatarsal bones of the foot
Pedatus, resembling a bird's foot
Pedethmus, the pulse
Pediasmus, wild myrrh
Pedibus bovium, oil of neat's feet, or ox heels
Pedicelli, foot stalks of flowers; lice
Pedicularia, stave's acre, it kills lice
Pedicularis, eyebright; stave's acre; yellow rattle

P E M

Pediculatio, affected with lice
Pediculi inguinales, crab lice of the pudenda
Pediculus, a louse; the pedicle of a flower
Pedicus, a muscle of the foot
Pediluvium, a warm bath for the feet
Pedion, -um, the sole of the foot
Pedora, the dirt of the eyes, ears, or feet
Pedro del cobra, a stone, or bone in the head of an Indian serpent
 ——— *porco*, bezoar from the India
 ——— *porcupine*
Peduncularis, proceeding from the foot-stalk of a flower
Pedunculatus, growing on foot-stalks
Pedunculi, the smaller roots of the medulla oblongata
Pedunculus, a louse; the pedicle of a flower
Peganelæum, oil of rue
Peganerum, a plaister of rue
Peganon, -um, rue
Pege, a fountain; the inner angle of the eye
Peina, hunger
Pelada, loss of hair in venereal disease
Pelagia, a sea fish
Pelamys, the tunny fish
Pelarium, a collyrium
Pelagus, a kind of laurel
Pelecanus, a pelican; a tooth instrument
Pelecinum, a species of goat's thorn and of vetch
Pelidnus, livid
Pelioma, an effusion of blood under the skin
Pellicula membranacea, any thin membrane
 ——— *agnina*, amnios
Pellis, the skin of a beast
Pelma, the sole of the foot; a sock
Peloris, a large shell fish
Peltalis cartilago, a cartilage of the larynx
Peltatus, a leaf with the stalk growing near the middle instead of the side
Pelvis, a basin; the cavity formed by the os pubis, sacrum, innominata, &c.; a cavity in the kidney, brain, &c.
Pemphigodes, fever with a sensation of something passing through the skin
Pemphigus, the vesicular contagious fever
 ——— *Brasiliensis*, the vesicular fever of Brasil
 ——— *castrensis*, the vesicular fever of camps
 ——— *Helveticus*, the vesicular fever of Switzerland
 K k

P E R

Pemphigus Indicus, the vesicular fever of India
 ——— major, the larger vesicular fever
Pemptæus, an ague returning every fifth day
Penetrantia, medicines which pass through the pores
Penicilliformis, resembling a pencil
Penicillus, a pledget for a wound; a tent
Penguin, acid fruit; a bird
Penis, the penis; a part of the male organs of generation
 ——— muliebris, clitoris
Penna, a feather
Pennatifolius, with leaves like feathers
Peno-abson, an orange-like poisonous fruit of America
Pentadactylon, -um, the castor oil plant
Pentagynia, plants with five pointals
Pentaneuron, a species of plantain
Pentangius, plants with five seed vessels, or cells
Pentapharmacum, any composition of five ingredients
Pentaphylloides, barren strawberry
Pentaphyllum, cinquefoil; wild tansy; silver weed
Pentapleurum, a species of plantain
Pentatomum, cinquefoil
Pentorobus, peony
Pepansis, } the maturation of humours
Pepasmus, }
Pepastica, medicines that digest wounds
Pepita nux, Ignatius's bean
Peplion, medicine evacuating bile; wild parsley
Peplios lutetianorum, a bitter vermifuge plant
Peplus, peplion
Pepo, the common pompion
Pepsis, digestion
Pepticus, digestive
Per, by; through
 ——— deliquium, solution by attracting moisture from the air
 ——— descensum, distillation by applying heat to the top of a vessel
Peragu, a vermifuge shrub of Malabar
Perca, the perch
Percepier, parsley break stone; parsley piert
Percis, the perch
Percnopterus, a kind of eagle
Perenus, the bald buzzard

P E R

Percolatio, straining; filtration
Percussio, a bruise from a blow
Perdesis, an escape of wind from the rectum
Perdetum, the root of skinet
Perdicium, pellitory of the wall
Perditio, an abortion
Perdix, a partridge
Peregrinum lignum, American nephritic wood
Perennis, plants of more than two years continuance
Pereskia, a species of gooseberry of America
Pereterion, -um, the perforating part of the trepan
Perexyl Lusitanis, samphire peculiar to Brasil
Perfecti magisterii, oil of bricks
Perfoliata, a corn plant called thoroughwax
Perforans manus, a muscle of the finger
 ——— pedis, a muscle of the foot
Perforata, St. John's wort, or hypericum
Perforatio, a perforation; a seton
Perforatus manus, a muscle of the fingers
 ——— pedis, a muscle of the foot
 ——— cass.iii, the coracoid muscle of the arm
Perfrictio, } shivering, or coldness
Perfrigeratio, }
Perfusio, powering cold water on any part
Periadysmia, pain in the stomach
Periæresis, circumsion
Periamma, an amulet, or charm
Perianthium, the calyx, or outer cup of a flower
Periapta, an amulet, or charm
Periapton, salutis magneticum; a stone said to cure by its touch
Periblepsis, a delirious stare of the eyes
Peribole, clothing; transference of morbid matter to the skin
Pericaes, burnt up by fever
Pericardii abscessus, an abscess of the pericardium
 ——— arteria, the artery conveying blood to the pericardium
 ——— hydrops, a dropsy of the pericardium
 ——— inflammatio, inflammation of the pericardium
 ——— vena, the vein proper to the pericardium
Pericarditis, inflammation of the pericardium, or membrane surrounding the heart

P E R

Pericardio-diaphragmaticæ venæ, veins supplying the pericardium and diaphragm
 Pericardium, the membrane immediately surrounding the heart
 Pericarpium, any remedy applied to the wrist; the covering of fruits or seeds
 Perichondrium, the membrane covering the cartilages
 Perichrosis, a liniment
 Perichristum, any application to the eyes
 Perichysis, the atmosphere of the body
 Periclasis, a compound fracture
 Periclimenum, the honeysuckle, or wood bind
 ——— parvum, ipecacuanha
 ——— rectum, foliis laurini, Winter's bark tree
 Pericnemia, parts about the tibia
 Pericope, circumcision
 Pericranium, the membranes immediately investing the skull
 Peridesmica ischuria, strangury from stricture in the urethra
 Peridromos, the circumference of the hair of the head
 Perieges, the annular cartilages of the trachea
 Periestecos, salutary, or good symptoms
 Periglischrus, glutinous; viscid
 Perigraphæ, white lines in the recti muscles
 Perigua, the cassia tea
 Perin, the testicle; perinæum; anus
 Perinæalis ischuria, strangury from tumid perinæum
 Perinæoceles, a rupture in the perinæum
 Perinæum, the part between the anus and privities
 Perineneucos, an irregular pulse
 Perin-kará, the wild olive tree of Malabar
 ——— nirouri, a berry-bearing shrub of Malabar
 ——— panel, an Indian shrub
 Perinyctides, pimples coming in the night
 Perodeia, } period, continuance of, or
 Periodeusis, } space between the paroxisms
 Periodus, }
 Periodyia, a violent general pain
 Periosteum, the membrane immediately investing the bones
 Periostei abscessus, abscess of the periosteum
 ——— inflammatio, inflammation of the periosteum
 Periphoreia, the circumference

P E R

Periphymosis, an inflammatory stricture of the prepuce behind the denuded glans penis
 Peripleumonia, peripneumony, or inflammation of that portion of the pleura immediately investing the lungs
 Periploca, French scammony
 Periplysis, a watery discharge from the intestines
 Peripneumonia, peripleumonia
 ——— ardens, the highly inflammatory affection of the membrane covering the lungs
 ——— arthritica, inflammation of the lungs from a gouty habit
 ——— catarrhalis, inflammation of the lungs from cold
 ——— exanthematica, inflammation of the lungs with eruption on the skin
 ——— gastrica, combined inflammation of the lungs and stomach
 ——— hydrophobica, inflammation of the lungs with symptoms of canine madness
 ——— maligna, } the bastard, or
 ——— notha, } false peripneumony
 ——— phthisicorum, inflammation of the lungs accompanying consumption
 ——— putrida, the bastard pleurisy
 ——— pura, the true inflammation of the lungs
 ——— rachialgica, inflammation of the lungs in ricketty children
 ——— typhodes, the bastard pleurisy
 ——— vera, the true inflammation of the lungs
 Peripneumo-pleuritis, a complication of peripneumony and pleurisy
 Peripsyxis, a coldness with shivering
 Peripyema, a collection of pus about any part
 Perirrhesis, a spitting of venal blood
 Perirrhœa, a free and natural discharge of morbid matter
 Perisclerus, a uniformly hard tumour
 Periscyphismus, a transverse section of the scalp to cure inflammation in the eyes
 Perisphalsis, the reducing a luxation
 Peristalticus, that motion of the intestines by which their office is performed

P E R

Peristaphilo-pharyngæi, muscles of the uvula
Peristaphylinus, a muscle connected with the staphalinus, or uvula
 ————— externus, } muscles of the
 ————— internus, } palate
Peristerum, vervain
Peristole, the peristaltic motion of the intestines
Peristoma, the inner, or villous coat of the intestines
Perisystole, intermission between contraction and dilation of the heart
Periterion, -um, the perforating part of the trepan
Peritonæorexis, a rupture of the peritonæum
Peritonæum, the membrane which lines the belly and covers the abdominal viscera
Peritonitis, inflammation of the peritonæum
Perittoma, excrement
Perittomaticos, food affording much excrement
Periu toddali, Indian jujube fruit
Perizoma, a truss
Perla, sea pearl
Perle, a speck on the eyes
Pernio, a chilblain
Peronæa arteria, the peroneal artery of the leg
 ————— vena, a branch of the popliteal vein of the leg
Peronæus, belonging to the fibula
 ————— brevis, a muscle of the toes
 ————— musculus, a muscle of the little toe
 ————— longus, a muscle of the foot
 ————— secundus, a muscle of the little toe
Perone, the fibula, or smaller and outer bone of the leg
Perosis, the loss of a limb
Perpetuatio, the reduction, or fixation of a volatile substance
Persea, the apricot tree
Perseverantia, the continuance of a disease
Persica, the peach tree
Persicaria, plant culrage
 ————— maculata, } spotted culrage
 ————— mitis, }
 ————— siliquosa, quick in hand; diuretic
 ————— urens, culrage; water pepper; diuretic, aperient
Persicon, -um, the walnut
Persicum balsamum, traumatic balsam

P E S

Persicus ignis, a carbuncle; a hot fiery tumour
Persistens febris, a regular ague
Persolata, } the great burdock, or clot
Personata, } bur
Personatæ, flowers of Linnæus's class dynamia
Perspiratio, perspiration, or sweat
Persudatio, a violent, or morbid sweating
Perturbatio, derangement, or disturbance
 ————— alvi, a purging, or diarrhœa
Pertussis, whooping cough
Peruviana mirabilis, jalappa, or jalap root
Peruvianum balsamum, balsam of Peru
Peruvianus cortex, Peruvian bark
 ————— griseus, } cascarilla bark
 ————— spurius, }
Perversio uteri, a prolapsus, or falling down of the womb
Pervigilium, intense watching from disease
Pervinca, the periwinkle plant
Perygua, evergreen privet
Pes, the foot
 ————— anserinus, goose foot, or sow bane
 ————— assinus, the plant ass's foot
 ————— capræ Lusitanicæ, a plant of Ceylon
 ————— cuti, mountain cudweed, or cat's foot
 ————— columbinus, dove's foot; crane's bill
 ————— leonis, leontopodium
 ————— leporinus, lagopodium
 ————— vituli, wake robin; lords and ladies; aium
Pessarium, a pessary, worn in the vagina to keep up the womb
Pessolata, crab lice of the pudenda, eyebrows, &c.
Pessus Ægyptius, a pessary of honey, turpentine, butter, &c.
Pestilentia, the plague
Pestilentialis, pestilential; belonging to the plague
Pestis, the plague
 ————— benigna, a mild species of plague
 ————— carbunculosa, the plague with buboes, or carbuncles
 ————— Ægyptiaca, a plague which raged in Egypt
 ————— interna, the plague of Marseilles
 ————— remittens, plague remitting in its symptoms
 ————— scorbutica, a mixed kind of plague with symptoms of sea scurvy
 ————— Siamæa, the plague of Siam

P H A

Pestis sporadica, plague confined to place and season
 ——— **vulgaris**, the common malignant plague
Petala, the petals, or coloured leaves of flowers
Petalodes, flowers having flower leaves, or petals; the flocculi of urine
Petasites, butter bur; a species of tussilago
Petechiæ, purple spots on the skin not elevated
Petechialis febris, fever with purple spots
Petigo, cutaneous itching pimples
Petiolaris, growing from the foot stalk
Petiolatus, growing on the foot stalk
Petiolus, the foot stalk
Petiveria, Guinea hen weed
Petolæ, crab lice of the pudenda, &c.
Petræ oleum, rock oil; red petrol
Petrapium, a kind of parsley
Petrifactio, the change of wood, &c. into stone
Petroleum, liquid pitch; petroleum
 ——— **album**, white petroleum from Italy
 ——— **Barbadense**, Barbadoes tar
 ——— **flavum**, Italian naphtha; rock oil; yellow petrol
 ——— **sulphuratum**, balsam of sulphur
 ——— **vulgare**, rock oil; red petrol
Petro-pharyngæi, muscles of the pharynx
Petrosa-apophysis, the hardest part of the temple bone
Petro-salpingo-staphylini, muscles of the palate
Petroselinum, common parsley
 ——— **Macedonium**, } Ma-
 ——— **oreoselinum amomum**, } ce-
 donian parsley
Petum, tobacco
Peuce, the pine tree
Peucedanum, sulphurwort; hog's fennel
 ——— **silaus**, English, or meadow sulphurwort
Peucina, the resin of the fir
Pexis, congelation
Peyeri glandulæ, glands under the villous coats of the intestines
Peza, the sole of the foot
Peziza, a species of fungus
 ——— **auricula**, Jew's ear
Phase, a lentil
Phacoides, like a lentil; the crystalline lens

P H A

Phacoptisana, food made of lentils and barley
Phacosis, a black spot in the eye
Phacus, a freckle on the skin
Phænomena, any remarkable appearance
Phagedæna, a corroding ulcer; the canine appetite
Phagrus, a voracious fish
Phalacra, blunt probes
Phalacri, those who have sore heads
Phalacrocorax, the cormorant
Phalacrosis, impoverished hair
Phalacrum, a surgical instrument
Phalæna, balæna; a whale
Phalanges, the bones of the fingers
Phalangitis, an herb
Phalangium, the name of a plant and spider
 ——— **allobrogicum**, liliastrium, or spiderwort
Phalangosis, a morbid inversion of the eyelids
 ——— **trychia**, two or more rows of hairs in the eyelids
Phalanx, the bones of the fingers
Phalaris, canary grass; diuretic
Phantasia, imagination
Phantasma, depraved vision
Pharicum, a violent poison
Pharmaceia, purging by medicine
Pharmaceutica, pharmaceutics; the doctrine of compounding and dosing medicines
Pharmacitis, canal coal; ampelites
Pharmacochymia, pharmaceutic chymistry
Pharmacopœia, pharmacopœia, or dispensatory; a book containing the science of pharmacy, the following are the most noted, viz.
 ——— **Amstelodamensis**
 ——— **Argentoratensis**
 ——— **Auguet**
 ——— **Batæana**
 ——— **Brandenburgensis**
 ——— **Brandenburgica**
 ——— **Bruxellensis**
 ——— **Edinburgensis**
 ——— **Hafniensis**
 ——— **Londinensis**
 ——— **Norimbergensis**
 ——— **Pariscensis**
 ——— **Ratisbonensis**
 ——— **Regia**
Pharmacopola, an apothecary
Pharmacopolion, -um, an apothecary's shop
Pharmacoposia, a liquid medicine
Pharmacotheca, a medicine chest

P H I

Pharmacon, -um, a medicine; drug; poison
 Pharyngæa cynanche, inflammatory quinsy
 Pharyngæum sal, a salt used in gargling for quinsies
 Pharyngæthron, the fauces, or throat
 Pharyngo-staphylini, muscles of the uvula
 Pharyngotomia, a cutting into the pharynx
 Pharynx, the œsophagus, throat, or fauces
 Phaseolus, the kidney bean
 ———— Ægyptiacus, } cowhage; cow-
 ———— Brasilianus, } itch; stinking
 ———— Zurratensis, } bean
 Phasganium, sword grass
 Phasianus, a pheasant
 Phatuium, the socket of a tooth
 Phausinges, spots on the legs from sitting near the fire
 Phellandrium, Alpine, or mountain spignel
 ———— aquaticum, water hemlock
 Phellodrys, the laurel oak
 Phellus, the cork tree
 Phemos, an antidysenteric medicine
 Phengites, a luminous stone
 Phenion, anemone, or wind flower
 Phiala, a glass vial
 Philadelphus, goose grass
 Philadynamos, water
 Philanthropos, a medicine relieving the pain of stone
 Philanthropos, goose grass; clivers; hayriff
 Philiatrus, a student in medicine
 Phillitis, scolopendrium; lingua cervina, or hart's tongue
 Phillyrea, eastern, or mock privet
 Philolagnus, salacious
 Philomela, the nightingale
 Philonium, a composition so called from Philo its inventor
 ———— Londinense, } opium and spi-
 ———— Romanum, } ces; confection
 opiata
 Philosophia adepta, the discovery of the philosopher's stone and transmutation of metals
 Philosophorum lac, } cosmetics for
 ———— mercurius, } the complexion
 Philtron, -um, imaginary medicines exciting love
 Philtrum, a filtre; the depression of the upper lip
 Philypostrophus, a preventive
 Philyria, mock privet
 Phimosis, a contraction of the prepuce so as to prevent its being drawn back

P H O

Phlasis, a contusion of a bone of the skull
 Phlasma, a contusion
 Phlebum, a small vein
 Phlebopailia, the pulsation of an artery
 Phleborrhagia, the bursting of a vein
 Phlebotomia, phlebotomy, or bleeding in a vein
 Phlebotomus, a lancet
 Phlegma, phlegm; bronchial mucus; cold animal fluid; water from distillation
 Phlegmasia, an inflammation
 Phlegmatia, anasarca
 Phlegmatica, amphemerina
 Phlegmaticus, phlegmatic
 Phlegmatitia, anasarca
 Phlegmatorrhagia, a discharge from the nose through cold
 Phlegmone, a phlegmon, inflammation, or boil
 ———— articuli, an abscess in a joint
 Phleps, a vein
 Phlogistici, inflammatory diseases
 Phlogisticus, inflammatory; ardent
 Phlogiston, the supposed principle of inflammability, or burning; hydrogen gas, or inflammable air
 Phlogites, a precious stone of a flame colour
 Phlogium, a flower like a violet
 Phlogosis, a phlegmon, inflammation, or boil
 Phlomis, yellow sage
 Phlonitis, the sole fish; bugloss
 Phlyctænæ, small, watery, hot pimples
 Phlyctis, } phlyctæna
 Phlysis, }
 Phlyzacion, -um, vesication on the skin from heat
 Phoca, the sea calf
 Phocæna, the porpoise
 Phodes, spots produced by heat
 Phœnicites, a purple stone
 Phœnicus morbus, the elephantiasis
 Phœnicopterus, a bird with purple wings
 Phœnicurus, the red start
 Phœnigmi, blistering applications
 Phœnix, herb darnel, or cockle; the palm tree
 Phene, the voice
 Phonos, a thistle
 Phormium, a kind of reed
 Phosphas, phosphat; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the phosphoric acid
 ———— aluminosus, phosphat of alumine

P H O

Phosphas ammoniacalis, phosphat of ammoniac

- argenti, phosphat of silver
- arsenicalis, phosphat of arsenic
- auri, phosphat of gold
- baryticus, phosphat of barytes, or heavy spar
- bismuthi, phosphat of bismuth
- cobalti, phosphat of cobalt
- cupri, phosphat of copper
- ferri, phosphat of iron
- magnesiae, phosphat of magnesia
- magnesii, phosphat of manganese
- mercurii, phosphat of mercury
- molybdeni, phosphat of molybden
- niccoli, phosphat of nichel
- platini, phosphat of platina
- potassae, phosphat of potash
- sodae, phosphat of soda, or mineral alkali
- sodae et ammoniacalis, phosphat of soda and ammoniac
- stanni, phosphat of tin
- supersaturatus sodae, phosphat supersaturated with soda
- tungsteni, phosphat of tungstein
- zinci, phosphat of zinc

Phosphis, phosphite; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the phosphorous acid

- aluminosus, phosphite of alumine
- ammoniacalis, phosphite of ammoniac
- argenti, phosphite of silver
- arsenicalis, phosphite of arsenic
- auri, phosphite of gold
- baryticus, phosphite of barytes, or heavy spar
- bismuthi, phosphite of bismuth
- cobalti, phosphite of cobalt
- cupri, phosphite of copper
- ferri, phosphite of iron
- hydrargyri, phosphite of mercury
- magnesiae, phosphite of magnesia
- magnesii, phosphite of manganese
- molybdeni, phosphite of molybden
- niccoli, phosphite of nickel
- platini, phosphite of platina
- potassae, phosphite of potash
- sodae, phosphite of soda, or mineral alkali
- stanni, phosphite of tin
- tungsteni, phosphite of tungstein

P H R

Phosphis zinci, phosphite of zinc

Phosphoratum, phosphoret; compositions of phosphorus not oxygenated

- cupri, phosphoret of copper
- ferri, phosphoret of iron
- Phosphorus, a luminous chymical compound, generally prepared from urine
- Bononiensis, lapis Bononiensis
- igneus, phosphoric fire; a species of phosphorus
- kercheri, Bononian phosphorus
- liquida, liquid phosphorus

Phoxinus, a small fish

Phoxos, a head shaped like a sugar loaf

Phragmites, a large reed

Phragmos, -us, the rows of teeth

Phrasium viride, flos æris

Phrenes, the diaphragm

Phrenesis, } phrenitis, or inflammation

Phrenetiasis, } of the brain

Phrenicæ arteriæ, the arteries going to the diaphragm

— venæ, the veins coming from the diaphragm

Phrenismus, } inflammation of the brain;

Phrenitis, } phrensy

— aphrodisiaca, phrensy from excessive venery

— apyreta, common mania, or insanity

— calentura, phrensy from fever

— a dolore, phrensy from pain

— hydrophobica, phrensy from bite of a mad dog

— idiopathica, phrensy from immediate affection of the brain

— inanitorum, delirium attending extreme hunger

— Indica, phrensy peculiar to India

— miliaris, phrensy in miliary fever

— morbillosa, phrensy attending measles

— a plica, phrensy from that disease of the hair called plica Polonica

— synochi pleuriticae, delirium attending pleurisy

— synochi sanguineæ, delirium attending active hæmorrhagy

— a tarantismo, phrensy from the bite of the tarantula

— variolosa, delirium attending small-pox

— vera, inflammation of the brain, or true phrensy

P H T

Phrenitis vogelii, common febrile delirium
 Phricasmus, shivering
 Phricodes, a species of fever
 Phrycte, black resin
 Phryganum, a large shrub
 Phrygius lapis, the Phrygian stone; a kind of calamine
 Phrynus, the toad
 Phtharticos, deleterious; deadly
 Phthiactonon, stave's acre
 Phthiactiasis, the disposition to breed lice
 Phthierium, phthiactonum
 Phthiodes, tabid; consumptive
 Phthiriasis, the disposition to breed lice
 Phthisicus, tabid; consumptive
 Phthisis, consumption, or wasting of flesh
 — alala, a debilitating discharge from the head
 — asthmatica, consumption from asthma
 — calculosa, consumption from stone
 — cellularis, consumption from disease in the cellular part of the lungs
 — chlorotica, consumption from obstructed menses
 — chylosa, a consumption from deficiency of chyle
 — confirmata, consumption of the lungs
 — exanthematica, consumption with eruption on the skin
 — a febribus, consumption consequent to fevers
 — hæmoptoica, consumption with spitting of blood
 — humida, consumption without expectoration
 — hypochondriaca, consumption with depression of spirits
 — icteritia, consumption with jaundice
 — incipiens, the most early stage of consumption
 — ischiadica, consumption from abscess near the os coccygis
 — a metastasi puris, consumption from translated matter
 — a plica, wasting from the disease in the hair called plica Polonica
 — pulmonalis, pulmonary consumption
 — rheumatico arthritica, consumption from gouty rheumatism

P H Y

Phthisis sicca, consumption without expectoration
 — scorbutica, consumption from scurvy
 — scrophulosa, consumption from king's evil
 — syphilitica, consumption from venereal disease
 Phthisiologia, the doctrine of pulmonary consumption
 Phthoe, phthisis
 Phthora, corruption, or abortion
 Phthoria, medicines which promote abortion
 Phthoropoea, poisonous substances
 Phu, garden valerian
 Phycis, a rock fish
 Phycites, a stone of a sea green colour
 Phygethon, a species of carbuncle, or hot phlegmon
 Phylacteria, amulets, or charms
 Phylica, evergreen privet
 Phyllanthos, an herb without a stalk
 Phyllitis, maiden hair
 Phyllum, a leaf
 Phyma, any tumour, vomica, carbuncle, &c.
 Phymata, plural, inflammations, &c.
 Phymosis, phimosis; a contraction of the prepuce
 Phyrama, a mixture of substances
 Physalis, the winter cherry
 Physalus, the toad
 — alkekengi, the winter cherry
 Physconia, a fleshy tumour in the abdomen
 — ab adipe subcutaneo, enlarged abdomen from fat
 — ab excrescentia, enlarged abdomen from fleshy excrescences
 — externa hydatidosa, enlarged abdomen from hydatids external to the viscera
 — externa scirrhouea, enlarged abdomen from schirrus of the parietes abdominis
 — hepatica, enlarged abdomen from enlarged liver
 — intestinalis, enlarged abdomen from enlarged intestines
 — mesenterica, enlarged abdomen from enlarged mesenteric glands
 — omentalis, enlarged abdomen from enlarged omentum
 — ab ovario, enlarged abdomen from enlarged ovary

P I G

Physconia polysplanchna, enlarged abdomen from enlarged viscera
 ——— *renalis*, enlarged abdomen from enlarged kidney
 ——— *splenica*, enlarged abdomen from enlarged spleen
 ——— *visceralis*, enlarged abdomen from enlarged viscera
 ——— *uterina*, enlarged abdomen from enlarged uterus
Physema, } a windy tumour
Phytesis, }
Physeter, a large fish
Physica, natural philosophy
Physinx, a bladder, or vesicle
Physiognomia, a judgment of a man from his external appearance
Physiologia, physiology; doctrine of the use and offices of parts
Physocèle, a windy rupture
Physometra, a swelling of the belly in the seat and of the figure of the womb
 ——— *humida*, physometra with discharge from the vagina
 ——— *sicca*, physometra without discharge from the vagina
Phyteuma, the rocket plant
Phytographia, a description of plants
Phytolacca, plant resembling the lacca
 ——— *Americana*, red nightshade
Phytologia, an account of the nature and uses of vegetables
Phytomineralia, substances of a vegetable and mineral nature
Pia mater, a thin membrane immediately investing the brain
Pianteria, fattening food
Pica, longing in pregnancy; the pie
Picacismus, } pica
Picatio, }
Picea, a species of pine, or fir
Picelt, tobacco
Picerium, butter
Picris, the bitter vetch
Picrocholos, an angry, or irascible person
Pietonum } colica, the Devonshire colic, or
Pictorum } colic of the Picts and painters
Piedra di corba, said to be a stone taken from the head of the Indian serpent
Pierre noire, canal coal
Piesma, the dry cake remaining after all the moisture has been pressed out
Pigmentum, a wash, or varnish for the skin

P I L

Pila hystricis, the bezoar of the porcupine
 ——— *marina*, marine froth resembling sponge
Pileus, } cucullus; a hat or cap
Pileolus, }
Pilmictio, a mixture of hairy-like substance with the urine
Pilosella, mouse ear
Pilula, a pill
Pilulæ Æthiopicæ, pills of mercury, antimony, guaiacum, &c.
 ——— *aloephanginæ*, pills of spices, saunders, galangal, &c.
 ——— *aloescum myrrha*, pilulæ rufi
 ——— *aloeticæ*, pills of aloes and gentian
 ——— *antimoniales*, pills of glass of antimony and dragon's blood
 ——— *aromaticæ*, pills of aloes, guaiacum, spices, and balsam of Peru
 ——— *barbarossæ*, pills of mercury, scammony, amber, &c.
 ——— *bellosti*, pills of mercury, jalap, and colocynthida
 ——— *coccinæ*, } pills of
 ——— *e colocynthide cum aloe*, } aloes, scammony, sal polychrest, and colocynthida
 ——— *e colocynthide simpliciores*, pills of colocynthida and scammony
 ——— *communes*, pills of aloes, myrrh, and saffron
 ——— *e cupro*, pills of cuprum ammoniacum, volatile alkali, and bread
 ——— *diacolocynthidos*, pills of aloes, colocynth, scammony, hellebore, gum, and nitre
 ——— *diambicæ*, pills of aloes, guaiacum, spices, and balsam of Peru
 ——— *dysentericæ*, } pills of wax, spermaceti, Japan
 ——— *ad dysenteriam*, } earth, and oil of cinnamon
 ——— *de duobus*, pills of colocynthida and scammony
 ——— *ecphracticæ*, pills of spices, rhubarb, gentian, steel, and salt of wormwood
 ——— *ecphracticæ chalybeatæ*, pills of aloes, myrrh, saffron, gum ammoniac, and salt of steel
 ——— *ecphracticæ purgantes*, pills of aloes, hellebore, scammony, gum ammoniac, guaiacum, and vitriolated tartar
 ——— *foetidæ*, pills of assafoetida, castor, camphor, and oil of hartshorn
 ——— *de gambogia*, pills of aloes, hellebore, gamboge, calomel, and oil of juniper

P I M

Pilulæ gummosæ, pills of galbanum, opopanax, myrrh, sagapenum, and assafoetida
 — *de jalappa*, pills of extract of jalap and spices
 — *Keyser*, pills of quicksilver and acetic acid
 — *lunares*, pills of the crystals of a solution of silver in aqua fortis mixed with nitre
 — *Mathei*, pills of opium, liquorice, soap, and pepper
 — *mercuriales*, pills of quicksilver extinguished by honey and mixed with bread
 — *mercuriales laxantes*, pills of quicksilver, guaiacum, hellebore, and rhubarb
 — *de nitro*, *pilulæ diacolocynthidos*; dose $\mathfrak{z}i$.
 — *ex olibano*, pills of opium, olibanum, myrrh, and Peruvian balsam
 — *pacificæ*, pills of opium, liquorice, soap, and pepper
 — *pectorales*, pills of gum ammoniac, balsam of Tolu, benjamin, and saffron
 — *picæ*, pills of pitch with powder of elecampane
 — *roborantes*, pills of bark, salt of steel, and cinnamon
 — *rudli*, pills of hellebore, colocynthida, aloes, scammony, vitriolated tartar, and oil of cloves
 — *rufi*, pills of aloes, myrrh, and saffron
 — *saponacæ*, pills of opium, soap, and essence of lemons
 — *e scammonio cum aloe*, pills of aloes, spices, scammony, and liquorice
 — *scilliticæ*, pills of soap, ammoniacum, millepedes, squills, and balsam of copaiba
 — *e spermateceti*, pills of spermaceti and white candy
 — *stomachicæ*, pills of rhubarb, aloes, myrrh, vitriolated tartar, and oil of mint
 — *e styrace*, pills of storax, saffron, and opium
 — *tonicæ bacheri*, hellebore, myrrh, and cardus benedictus; dose gr. x.
Pilus, hair; down
Pimele, fatness of the limbs
Pimenta, } allspice, or Jamaica pepper
Pimento, }
Pimpernella, the pimperl plant
Pimpilim, long pepper
Pimpinella, burnet, or saxifrage; stimulant

P I P

Pimpinella alba Germanorum, greater, or white burnet
 — *animum*, } animum
 — *Ægyptiaca*, }
 — *saxifraga major*, greater, or white burnet
 — *saxifraga minor*, } common
 — *saxifragæ*, } burnet, or
 — *sanguisorbæfolia*, } saxifrage
Pinastellum, -us, sulphurwort; hog's fennel
Pinaster, wild pine
Pinealis glandula, the pineal gland in the brain
Pineas purgans, the lesser spurge; the Barbadoes nut; drastic purge
Pinguedinosa membrana, the cellular membrane containing the fat
Pinguedo, the fat
Pinguis, fat
Pinguicula, a small plant called butterwort
Pingulum Sancti Johannis, artemisia
Pinhones Indici, the Barbadoes nut tree; drastic purge
Pinna, a wing; a fin
 — *auris*, ala auris
 — *marina*, a conical shell fish
 — *nasi*, the inferior parts of the nose
Pinnaculum fornicis gutturalis, the uvula
Pinnatus, winged
Pinnula, a fin
Pino, a species of nettle in Brasil
Pinta, a pint
Pinus, the pine tree
Piper, pepper
 — *album*, white pepper
 — *aromaticum*, black pepper
 — *Brasilianum*, } Guinea pepper
 — *calecuticum*, }
 — *caryophyllatum*, Jamaica pepper
 — *caudatum*, cubebs
 — *chiapæ*, Jamaica pepper
 — *decortiatum*, white pepper
 — *favasci*, the clove berry tree
 — *Guineense*, } Guinea pepper
 — *Hispanicum*, }
 — *Indicum*, Guinea, or Indian pepper
 — *Jamaicense*, allspice; pimento; Jamaica pepper
 — *longum*, Indian long pepper
 — *Lusitanicum*, Guinea pepper
 — *Lusitanicum foliorum nervis*, betle plant of the Indians
 — *maturum*, white pepper
 — *murale*, house leek

P L A

Piper nigrum, black pepper
Piperatus, hot; pungent
Piperitis, herb dittander, or lepidium
Pipio, a young pigeon
Piqueti receptaculum, the thoracic duct
Piramidalia corpora, small eminences on the lower part of the medulla oblongata
Piscator regis, the bird king's fisher
Piscis sacer, the gilt head fish
Pishamin Virginianum, an astringent fruit
Pisiforme os, a bone of the wrist
Pislothra, applications to take off the hair
Pisonia, a West Indian plant
Pissa, pitch
Pissæum Indicum, Barbadoes tar
Pissasphaltos, common fossil pitch
Pisselæum, essential oil of pitch
Pisselaion, oil of cedar
Pissinum oleum, a pitchy resin
Pissocerum, a mixture of wax and pitch
Pistachia, the mastich tree of Turkey; Jamaica birch
Pistacia, the pistachio nut tree of the Levant
Pistillum, the pointal, or style of a flower
Pistinaca sylvestris, daucus sativus
Pistolochia, the birthwort
 ——— concava, great bulbous fumitory
Pisum, the common pea
 ——— arborescens, the plant cajan
Pitha, a species of torch thistle
Pittacium, a pitch plaister
Pittota, pitchy medicines, or applications
Pituita, cold aqueous phlegm; the pip
Pituitaria membrana, the membrane lining the nose, pharynx, &c.
Pituitosus morbus, a nervous fever
Pityocampe, a pine worm
Pityriasis, any herpetic eruption
Pityroides, a branny sediment in the urine
Pityusa, spurge
Pix, pitch
 ——— Burgundica, } Burgundy, or white
 ——— Burgundiensis, } pitch; a species of turpentine
 ——— liquida, liquid pitch, or tar
 ——— nigra, common black pitch; stone, or dry pitch
Placebo, I will please; an epithet given to any medicine adapted more to please than benefit the patient
Placenta, that substance which connects the child to the womb; the part of a plant to which the seeds are attached
Placentula, a small placenta

P L E

Placitis, factitious cadmia left in furnaces
Plactutæ, crab lice of the pudenda
Pladarotis, a tumour on the inside of the eyelid
Plados, superfluous moisture
Plagæ, wounds
Plagula, a compress
Plagusia, a fish of the sole kind
Plancus, splay footed; without usual curvature, or hollow
Planetes, wandering fevers
Planeticus, a wandering disease
Planipetalus, (in botany) having plain petals
Planta, a plant; the sole of the foot
 ——— mirabilis, } plants of Ceylon
 ——— mirabilis dis. } yielding a cooling
 ——— tiliatoria, } liquid
 ——— Zeylanica, horse mint, or mentha palustris
Plantago, common plantain
 ——— latifolia, broad-leaved plantain
 ——— minor, ribwort; narrow-leaved plantain
Plantares, branches of the popliteal nerves
 ——— venæ, veins of the sole of the foot
Plantaris arteria externa, } arteries of the
 ——— arteria interna, } sole of the foot
 ——— musculus, a muscle of the sole of the foot
Plantula Marilandica, gensing
Planum, the metatarsal bones of the foot
 ——— os, a small bone of the orbit of the eye
Plasticus, plastic; capable of being moulded
Platæ, the scapulæ, or shoulder blades
Platanaria, a species of reed
Platanus, the plane tree
Platea, the pelican
Plateasmus, a defect of speech
Platina, } platina; a metal next in specific gravity to gold, but nearly of the colour of silver
Platinum, }
Platycerota, the broad-horned goat
Platycoria, an enlarged pupil
Platyophthalmos, antimony
Platyphyllon, -um, broad-leaved spurge
Platysma, any thing broad and flat
 ——— myoides, a muscle depressing the lower jaw
Platysternus, broad chested
Plautus, plancus; even footed; not having the usual curvature
Plectanæ, the horns of the womb

P L E

Plectrum, the styloid process of the os petrosum; the uvula; a drum stick
Plegma, a network of vessels
Plemmyra, a determination of humours to any part
Plerosis, } repletion, or fulness
Plesmone, }
Plethora, fulness of blood
 ——— ad vasa, fulness of vessels in proportion to their diameters
Pleumonia, pulmonia; pneumonia
Pleura, the membrane lining the thorax
Pleuripneumonia, a complication of pleurisy and peripneumony
Pleurites, costales; nerves of the pleura
Pleuriticus, pleuritic; of a pleurisy
Pleuritides, pleurisies
Pleuritis, a pleurisy, or inflammation of the pleura
 ——— biliosa, bilious symptoms with pleurisy
 ——— catarrhalis, catarrhal symptoms with pleurisy
 ——— convulsiva, pleurisy with convulsive twitchings and cough
 ——— diaphragmatica, inflammation of that part of the pleura covering the diaphragm
 ——— dorsalis, pleurisy seated towards the back
 ——— erysipelatos, pleurisy with erysipelas
 ——— hepatica, inflammation of the liver with pleuritic pain
 ——— hydrothoracica, pleurisy arising from water in the chest
 ——— lactea, pleurisy from milk fever
 ——— lymphatica, pleurisy from diseased lymphatics
 ——— mediastini, pleurisy seated in the mediastinum
 ——— miliaris, pleurisy with miliary eruption
 ——— pericardii, inflammation of the pericardium
 ——— pestilens, a species of bastard peripneumony
 ——— Polonica, pleurisy peculiar to Poland
 ——— putrida, a species of bastard peripneumony
 ——— pulmonis, true peripneumony
 ——— splenica, inflammation of the spleen

P L U

Pleuritis spuria, rheumatism in the side, or false pleurisy
 ——— stomachilis, inflammation of the stomach
 ——— traumatica, pleurisy from wounds in the thorax
 ——— verminosa, pleurisy from worms
Pleurocollesis, an adhesion of the pleura
Pleurodyne, pain in the pleura
 ——— rheumatica, rheumatism in the side
Pleuron, the pleura
Pleuropneumonia, a complication of pleurisy and peripneumony
Pleurorthopnoea, a pleurisy relieved by stretching up the neck
Pleurosthotonos, } a bending to one side
Pleurothotonos, } from spasm
Plexus, any union of vessels, nerves, or fibres so as to represent network
 ——— cardiacus, the union of the eighth pair of nerves and great sympathetic
 ——— choroides, a net-work of vessels under the fornix of the brain
 ——— pampiniformis, the spermatic duct
 ——— pulmonaris, the union of the eighth pair of nerves with the great sympathetic
 ——— reticularis, } a net-work of vessels
 ——— retiformis, } under the fornix of the brain
Plica, } an enlargement of the hair
 ——— Polonica, } of the head, so as to be painful and to bleed, common in Poland and Lithuania
Plicaria, wolf's claw; club moss
Plicatio, } a violent bend of the leg from
Plicatura, } from accident; plica
Plinthius lagneus, a bandage
Pluctulæ, crab lice of the pudenda
Plumbago, plumbage; black lead; leadwort, or dittander; carburet of iron
Plumbum, lead
 ——— candidum, tin
 ——— cinereum, bismuth
 ——— nigrum, black lead
 ——— rubeum, the philosopher's stone
 ——— ustum, burnt lead
Plumbus, lead
Plummeri pilulæ, Plummer's pills; calomel, antimony, guaiacum, and balsam of capivi
Plumosus, a kind of alum of a feathery texture

P O L

Pneuma, spirit; air; the breath; short breath
Pneumaticus, belonging to air
Pneumatocele, a distension of the scrotum by air
Pneumatosis, emphysema; swelling from air in the cellular membrane, or in the stomach
Pneumatomphalos, a rupture of air at the navel
Pneumon, the lungs
Pneumonia, inflammation of the lungs
Pneumonica, medicines for affections of the lungs
Pneumonanthe, marsh gentian
Pneumopleuritis, inflammation of the lungs and pleura
Pnigalium, the night mare
Pnigmus, suffocation; strangulation
Pnix, an hysterical sense of suffocation
Poculum, a cup, or cupful
 ——— absinthites, wine impregnated with wormwood
Podagra, the gout in the foot
 ——— aberrans, } gout in the foot,
 ——— atonica, } with alternating
 ——— retrograda, } affection of some internal part
Podagraria, gout weed, or angelica sylvestris
Podex, anus; the parts we sit on
Podoniptrum, a bath for the feet
Podophyllum, duck's foot; wolfsbane
Podotheca, a complete separation of the scarf-skin and nail of the foot
Poegereba, an astringent American root
Poephagus, a large Indian animal
Pogon, the beard
Polemonium, Greek valerian; Jacob's ladder
Polenta, meal; a mealy pudding; food of the Roman soldiers
Polgalia, the cocoa nut tree
Poliosis, greyiness of the hair
Polium, poley; a species of speedwell, or germander
 ——— montanum luteum, yellow mountain poley
 ——— Creticum, tree germander
Pollen, fine flour; the farina of flowers
Pollex, the thumb
 ——— pedis, the great toe
Pollici pedes, fish resembling acorns
Pollutio, pollution; nocturnal discharge of semen

P O L

Polus, the poll, or head
Polyacanthus, an herb with many prickles
Polyadelphia, Linnæus's 18th class
Polyæmia, plethora; fulness of blood
Polyandria, Linnæus's 13th class
Polyangia, many seed vessels
Polyanthemum, } golden knap; a cultivated
Polyanthus, } ed variety of cowslip
Polychrestum, balsam of guaiacum
 ——— sal, sal polychrest; kali vi-
 triolatum; nitre dephlagrated with sul-
 phur
Polychronicus, of long duration
Polychemum, the name of an herb
Polycotyledones, having many lobes
Polydipsa, excessive thirst
Polygala, blue milkwort
 ——— Indica minor, an American plant
 ——— vera, the milk vetch
Polygalon, the bitter vetch
Polygamia, the first order of Linnæus's 19th class
Polygonatum, the plant Solomon's seal
Polygonoides, a small herb resembling the polygonum
Polygonum, knot grass
 ——— bacciferum, the plant horse tail
 ——— bistorta, bistort, or snake weed
 ——— hydropiper, cultrage, or water
 pepper
 ——— latifolium, } common knot grass
 ——— mas, }
 ——— minus, rupturewort
 ——— selenoides, parsley break stone
Polygrammus, a stone having lines
Polyguria, diabetes
Polygynia, having many pointals, or styles
Polymeisma, superfluous parts
Polymorphos, many-formed; the sphenoid bone of the skull
Polyneuron, plantain
Polygonum, the herb helxine
Polyosteon, -um, having many bones, as the foot or hand
Polypetalus, many leaves about the flowers
Polypharmacum, -um, having many virtues
Polyphyllus, having many leaves
Polypodes, millepedes, or wood lice
Polypodites, a wine impregnated with polypodium
Polypodium, the plant polypody
 ——— angustifolium, rough spleen-
 wort

POP

Polypodium filix foemina, female fern, or bracken
 ——— *tenerum minus*, } oak fern
 ——— *vulgaris*, }
Polypus, many feet; a fish; concretions of blood in the nose, heart, womb, &c.
Polysarcia, } fatness, or corpulency
Polysomatia, }
Polyspastum, a powerful instrument for reducing luxations
Polyspermos, -us, abounding in seed
Polystachius, having many ears
Polytrichon, -um, maiden hair
 ——— *aureum*, } golden maiden
 ——— *commune*, } hair
Polytrophia, much nourishment
Polyurica ischuria, strangury from long retention of urine
Polyzonus, a stone surrounded with many black circles
Poma, a potion
 ——— *Sinensis*, the China orange
Pomaceum, cider
Pomambra, apples of amber, or perfume balls
Pomaticæ, garden snails
Pomatum, scented lard
Pomifera, the cashew nut tree of America
Pompholygodes, urine with bubbles on the surface
Pompholyx, white tutty; a kind of zinc; a bubble
Pomphos, a bladder, or watery pustule
Pomum, an apple; any fleshy fruit
 ——— *Adami*, the prominence in the neck formed by the thyroid cartilage of the larynx; the lemon, or citron
 ——— *amoris*, love apple; esculent, externally emollient
Pondus, weight; the apothecary's pound is twelve ounces
Pons varolii, a part thus named in the brain
Pontica vina, Pontic, or tartarous wines
Poples, the ham
Poplitea arteria, the artery of the ham
 ——— *vena*, the large vein of the leg
Popliteus, the sciatic nerve when in the ham
 ——— *musculus*, a muscle of the leg
Populago, marsh marigold
Popularis, popular; epidemic
Populus, the poplar
 ——— *alba*, the white poplar

POT

Populus nigra, the black poplar
 ——— *tremula*, the aspen tree
Porcellus, the dolphin; a little pig
Porcus, swine
Porde, expulsion of wind from the intestines
Pori, pores
 ——— *biliarii*, parts of the liver secreting bile; the branches of the hepatic duct
 ——— *cutanei*, pores of the skin
Poroccele, a hard tumour of the testicle
Poromphalon, a hard tumour of the navel
Porositas, porousness
Porotica, substances which induce callus
Porphyris, a purple bird
Porphyrites, a reddish marble with purple spots
Porphyry, an Indian serpent
Porraceus, like a leek
Powigo, an herpetic eruption on the head
Porros, -us, any fleshy, or hard swelling; a scirrhus
Porrum, common leek; a wart
Portarum } *vena*, the union of veins from
Portæ } the mesentery, spleen, &c.
 just entering the liver
Portaiguille, the handle of the tenaculum
Portio bicipitis longa, a muscle of the leg
 ——— *dura*, the hard portion, or division of the seventh pair of nerves
 ——— *mollis*, the soft portion, or division of the seventh pair of nerves
Portorarium, pylorus; the upper part of the duodenum
Portulaca, garden purslane
 ——— *maritima*, sea purslane
Porus bilarius, part of the liver secreting bile
 ——— *opticus*, that part of the retina where no object is seen
 ——— *reticularis*, a marine plant
Posca, a mixture of vinegar and water
Posis, a potion, or dose
Positio, position; situation
Possetum, posset; milk curdled by wine, treacle, or acid
Postbrachiale, the metacarpus of the arm
Posterior musculus auris, a muscle of the ear
Posthe, the prepuce
Postpositio, a procrastinated fit of disease
Potamogeton, broad-leaved pond weed
Potassa, potash, or vegetable alkali; kali
 ——— *Americana*, American potash

P R Æ

Potassa fusa, molten potash; potential caustery
 ——— **Russica**, Russian potash
 ——— **silicea fluida**, siliciated potash in liquidity
Potentilla,
 ——— **alba**,
 ——— **anserina**,
 ——— **reptans**,
 ——— **tomentilla**, } wild tansy; silver weed
Poterium antheticum, antimony, tin, and nitrous acid
 ——— **sanguisorba**, a species of pimpnel
Potio, a potion, or draught
Præcipitantia, medicines supposed to cool blood by separating something from it
Præcipitatio, the separation of a solid from its solvent by adding a third body
Præcocia, } apricots
Præcoqua, }
Præcordia, the region round and before the heart; the diaphragm
Præcordium, metatarsus
Præcox, early ripe; early in flower
Præcursor, a sign, or symptom which precedes the paroxysm
Prædictio, the prediction of the event of a disease
Præfocatio, an hysterical sense of suffocation
Præfurnium, the mouth of a furnace
Prægnatio, pregnancy
Præmorsus, a root that appears bitten off
Prænotiones coacæ, a treatise written by Hippocrates
Præparantia medicamenta, medicines preparing the peccant fluids to pass off
 ——— **vasa**, the spermatie vessels of the testicles
Præparata vena, the vein of the forehead
Præparatio, the preparation of simples before they are compounded, or made into medicines, as
 ——— **adipis suillæ**, antimonii, æuginis æris, cretæ, &c.
Præputium, the prepuce, or fore skin
Præsagium, presage, or foretelling
Præsentatio, presentation of the fœtus
Præservativa, medicines which prevent disease
Præternaturales, time of disease, paroxysms, number, and symptoms

P R O

Prasium album, marrubium album, or common white horehound
Prasoides, leek coloured
Prasum, a leek
Praxis, the practice of medicine
Prehensio, the catalepsy
Premnon, the angle of the white of the eye; the trunk of a tree
Preparatio, præparatio
Presbytæ, } having defective sight from too
Presbytia, } flat an eye, as in old age
Presma, } inflammation
Presis, }
Pressura, inflammation at the ends of the fingers
Priapeia, a species of tobacco
Priapiscus, a tent; a bougie
Priapismus, priapism; a frequent erection of the penis without desire
Priapolithus, a stone
Priapus, the penis
 ——— **vegetabilis**, a plant of Ceylon
Primæ viæ, the first passages, i. e. the stomach and intestines
Primula veris, the primrose
Primus flectentium cubitum, biceps
Principia, the principles, or elements of bodies
Prionodes, serrated
Prisis, separation by the saw
Prismaticus, resembling a prism
Privativi, diseases in which the senses are affected
Probang, an instrument of whalebone and sponge to remove obstructions in the throat
Probole, the soft extremities of bones; apophysis
Proboscis, the trunk of an elephant
Procardion, -um, the pit of the stomach
Procatarectica causa, the remote cause of disease
Processus, any projecting part of a bone, &c.; chymical operations
 ——— **aliformis**. See Aliformis, &c.
 ——— **ciliaris**, ciliare ligamentum
 ——— **cornicularis**, processus coracoideus
 ——— **laterales**, ossis sphenoidis
 ——— **mamillares**, the olfactory nerves
Procheilon, the red part of the lip
Procidentia, a falling down; prolapsus
 ——— **ani**, a falling down of the intestinum rectum

P R O

Prokentia oculi, an eye projecting beyond the eyelid
 ——— uteri, a falling down of the womb
 ——— vaginae, a bearing down of the vagina
 ——— vesicae urinariae, displaced bladder, or a hernia of the bladder
Procondylos, -us, the first joints of the fingers next to the wrist
Procreatio, procreation; generation
Proctalgia, inflammation of the anus
Proctolencorrhœa, a purging of white mucus with heating and itching
Proctorrhœa, a flux
Procumbens, trailing along the ground
Prodromi, the etesiae, or cool eastern winds of Egypt
Productio, the soft extremity of a bone; apophysis
Præbia, { amulets, or charms
Præbra, {
Proegumine, -a, the antecedent cause of disease
Professor, a teacher of medicine, &c.
Profluvia, fluxes, or preternatural discharges with fever
Profluvium, a flux from the intestines, vagina, &c.
 ——— urinæ, a diabetes
Profunda brachii vena, { a vein of the arm
 ——— superior vena, {
Profundus musculus, a muscle of the hand
Profusio, hæmorrhage, or bleeding without fever
Progerminus abscessus, a species of abscess
Proglossis, the point of the tongue
Prognosis, the art of foretelling the event of diseases
Prognostica symptomata, symptoms which may be foretold
Prohibens, any circumstance hindering the use of particular remedies
Projectio, { the soft extremity of a bone;
Projectura, { casting any substance into a crucible
Prolabium, the red part of the lip
Prolapsus, a falling, or bearing down
 ——— ani, a falling down of the intestine rectum
 ——— uteri, a falling, or bearing down of the womb

P R U

Prolepticus, a disease with anticipating paroxysms
Prolifer, a flower out of which others grow
Promalacterium, a sweating room
Promanus, the thumb
Prometopidium, { the skin of the forehead
Prometopis, {
Pronator quadratus, { muscles of the fore
 ——— radii teres, { arm
 ——— teres, {
Pronervatio, a tendon, or string-like end of a muscle
Pronomæa, the proboscis
Proosis, propulsion
Propagatio, propagation
Propendentia, the hanging out of any part
Prophasis, the cause of disease
Prophylace, the means of preventing disease
Prophylactica, medicines which defend from disease
Propoma, a preparatory drink
Propolis, a species of glue found in bee hives; bee glue
Proportio anatica, equal parts
Propotismus, a preparatory drink
Proprietatis elixir, myrrh, aloes, and saffron in spirit of wine
Proptoma, { a bearing, or falling down;
Proptosis, { such an enlarged eye as not to be covered by the lid
Prora, the occiput, or back of the head
Procæ sutura, the lambdoidal suture
Prothetica, predictive
Prosthrosis, articulation admitting extensive motion
Proscallema, agglutination
Prosclysmia, a sprinkling
Prosectio, anatomy
Prosopon, the face
Prospegma, a fixing of humours in one spot
Prospheysis, connexion, or growing together
Prostasis, an abundance of morbid humours
Prostata, solid drugs which applied to the anus procure stools
 ——— glandulæ, the prostate gland at the neck of the male bladder
Prostheta, epithems; external applications
Protogala, the first milk after delivery
Protuberantia, the soft extremities of bones; any prominent parts
Pruna, the prune; a carbuncle, or anthrax
 ——— Brignolensia, the prune of Brignole in France

P S A

Pruna Damascena, } the damask
 — *Damascena nostralis*, } or damson
 — *Gallica*, } prune
Prunella, bugle, or middle consound; self-heal
Prunellæ sal, nitre dephlagrated with a small portion of sulphur and cast into cakes
Prunum, the prune
Prunus Brasiliensis, the prune tree of Brasil
 — *Indica*, the cashew nut tree of America
 — *Javanica*, gum elemi tree
 — *lauro-cerasus*, lauro-cerasus
 — *prunifera*, the mastich of ligon, or Virginian nut
 — *sylvestris*, the black thorn, or sloe bush
Prurigo, } an itching; the common itch
Pruritus, }
Prussias, prussiat; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the prussic acid
 — *aluminosus*, prussiat of alumine
 — *ammoniacalis*, prussiat of ammoniac
 — *arsenicalis*, prussiat of arsenic
 — *argenti*, prussiat of silver
 — *aurei*, prussiat of gold
 — *barytæ*, prussiat of barytes, or heavy spar
 — *bismuthi*, prussiat of bismuth
 — *calcareus*, prussiat of lime
 — *cobalti*, prussiat of cobalt
 — *cupri*, prussiat of copper
 — *ferræ*, prussiat of iron
 — *magnesiæ*, prussiat of magnesia
 — *magnesiæ*, prussiat of manganese
 — *hydrargyri*, prussiat of mercury
 — *molybdeni*, prussiat of molybden
 — *niccoli*, prussiat of nickel
 — *platini*, prussiat of platina
 — *potassæ*, prussiat of potash
 — *sodæ*, prussiat of soda, or mineral alkali
 — *stibii*, prussiat of antimony
 — *stanni*, prussiat of tin
 — *tungsteni*, prussiat of tungstein
 — *zinci*, prussiat of zinc
Prussicum acidum, acid of Prussian blue
Psallodes, the inner surface of the fornix of the brain
Psammismus, the application of hot sand
Psammodes, urine depositing sand

P S E

Psellismus, } stammering
Psellotes, }
 — *acheilos*, stammering from a fault in the lips
 — *balbutiens*, } stammering from a
 — *balbuties*, } fault in the tongue
 — *cotacismus*, stammering from divided palate
 — *emolliens*, whispering and hissing speech
 — *hæsitans*, } common stam-
 — *ischonophonia*, } mering
 — *lallans*, } speech where the
 — *lamdacismus*, } L is used instead of R
 — *lagostomatum*, stammering from divided palate
 — *mogilalia*, stammering from a fault in the lips
 — *a ranula*, stammering from tumour under the tongue
 — *ringens*, } speech where the R
 — *rotacismus*, } is aspirated and doubled
 — *traulotes*, whispering and hissing speech
Pseudoculusio, salt water bathing
Pseudos, } false, spurious, or bastard
Pseudo, }
Pseudomomum, a species of stone parsley
Pseudipecauhana, a white species of ipecacuanha
Pseudo acacia, bastard acacia, or flower fence
 — *acorus*, yellow water flag
 — *apios*, a species of spurge
 — *apocynum*, trumpet flower and scarlet jessamine
 — *aristolochia*, the bulbous fumitory
 — *asphodelus*, bastard asphodel
 — *asthma*, difficult breathing in consumption
 — *blepsis*, depraved vision
 — *blepsis imaginaria*, the sight of imaginary objects
 — *blepsis mutans*, objects changed by the sight
 — *bunias*, Barbara's herb; winter cress
 — *bunium*, the plant navew
 — *capsicum*, the nightshade
 — *cassia*, Indian leaf
 — *chamæbuxus*, a species of blue millwort
 — *china*, American china root

P S Y

Pseudo corallium, black coral
 ——— *costus*, Heal's all-heal; woundwort
 ——— *cytissus*, a species of laburnum
 ——— *dictamnus*, bastard dittany
 ——— *digitalis*, draco-cephalon, or American dragon's head
 ——— *fumaria*, the podded fumitory
 ——— *helleborus*, common single marsh marigold
 ——— *iris*, the water flag
 ——— *lien*, glands near the spleen
 ——— *lotus*, the guajacana
 ——— *lysinnachium*, spiked willow; speed-well
 ——— *marrubium*, a species of water horehound
 ——— *melanthium*, cockle, or corn campion
 ——— *mola*, a variety of polypus of the womb
 ——— *narcissus*, the wild daffodil
 ——— *nardus*, *lavendula latifolia*
 ——— *platanus*, the great maple tree.
 ——— *pyrethrum*, sneezewort, or bastard pellitory
 ——— *rhabarbarum*, flix weed
 ——— *salvia*, yellow sage
 ——— *santalum*, Brasil wood
 ——— *selinum*, bastard parsley
 ——— *senna*, bastard senna; the milk vetch
 ——— *stachys*, the base horehound
 ——— *sycomorus*, the bread fruit
 ——— *valeriana*, small valerian
Psida, } pomegranate peel
Psidium, }
Psilothra, applications to remove the hair
Psilothrum, white bryony
Psimmythion, -um, white lead, or ceruss
Psittacus, a parrot
Psoas,
 ——— *magnus*, } inside muscles of the loins
 ——— *parvus*, }
Psoæ, the psoas muscles; the loins
Psophos, -us, a rattling noise of the bones in walking
Psora, the scab; the common itch
Psoriasis, an itchy eruption confined to a particular part
Psorica, medicines to cure psora
Psorophthalmia, scabby eruption of the eye'lids
Psychagogica, medicines recovering from faintness
Psychotria emetica, true ipecacuanha

P U D

Psychotria herbacea, true ipecacuanha
Psychotrophum, betony
Psydracia, small watery pustules on the head
Pygma, a refrigerating medicine
Psyllium, fleawort
Pternica, sneezewort; bastard pellitory
Ptarmus, sneezing
Pteris, fern
Pterna, the camel's hoof
Ptero-carpus, *santalum rubrum*
Pterygion, -um, a film, or speck on the eye; a caruncle under the nails
Pterygoides, flat chested, or high shouldered
Pterygoides externus,
 ——— *internus*, } muscles of the
 ——— *major*, } lower jaw
 ——— *minor*, }
 ——— *processus*, a process of the sphenoid bone of the skull
Pterygo palatinus, a muscle of the palate
 ——— *pharyngæi*, muscles of the throat
 ——— *staphalinus superior*, muscles of the palate
 ——— *staphalinus inferior*, muscles of the palate
Ptilosis, loss of the eyelashes
Ptisana, a ptisan; a decoction of barley meal
Ptoses, tumours from rupture
Ptoxis, a palsy of the upper eyelid
Ptyalagoga, medicines causing salivation
Ptyalismos, -us, an unnatural, or copious flow of saliva
Ptyalum, saliva
Ptyasmagoga, *ptyalagoga*
Ptycina, the matter spit up
Ptyus, a serpent
Puba, the West Indian cassada bread
Pubes, the share bone, or ossa pubis
Pubescentia, the down which defends plants from insects
Pubis interosseum ligamentum, the ligament which unites the ossa pubis
 ——— *ossa*, the bones forming the share bone, pubes, or fore part of the pelvis
Pudenda, the privities
Pudendi abscessus, an abscess in the pudendum
 ——— *arteria*, an artery of the penis
Pudendagra, pain in the privities; the venereal disease
Pudendum muliebre, the female privities

P U L

Pudendum virile, the male privities
Pudica arteria, an artery of the penis
 ——— *arteria externa*, the crural artery
Pudicæ externæ venæ, small arteries supplying the groin
 ——— *internæ venæ*, veins dispersed on the privities
Puella, a girl
Puer, a boy
Puerilis morbus, the epilepsy
Pueritia, childhood
Puerpera, a lying-in woman
Puerperalis febris, the fever attending childbirth
Pugillus, a pugil; the eighth part of an handful
Pugna armorum, an exercise; a sham fight
Pulegium, pennyroyal
 ——— *cervinum*, a species of mint
 ——— *latifolium*, } common penny-
 ——— *regale*, } royal
 ——— *vulgare*, }
Pulex, a flea
Pulicaria, small fleabane
Pulicaris herba, fleawort
Palmenta, gruel; pottage
Pulmonaria, oak lungs; lungwort
 ——— *angustifolia*, sage of Bethlehem
 ——— *arborea*, lichen arboreus
 ——— *aurea*, } French, or golden
 ——— *Gallica*, } lungwort
 ——— *maculosa*, Jerusalem cowslip; spotted lungwort
Pulmonariæ venæ, the veins returning the blood to the left ventricle of the heart
Pulmones, the lungs
Pulmonia, inflammation in the lungs
Pulmonica, medicines for the lungs
Pulpa, pulp; the soft part of fruit
Pulpezia, an apoplexy
Pulposus, leaves soft and fleshy
Puls, meal, pap, pudding, gruel, &c.
Pulsatilla nigricans, meadow anemone
Pulsatio, the beating of the arteries
Pulsilegium, a pulse glass
Pulsus, the pulse, or beat of the arteries
 ——— *araneosus*, a variety of small pulse
 ——— *dicrotus*, } dicrotus
 ——— *intercicens*, }
 ——— *intercurrents*, } an unequal pulse
 ——— *intermittens*, }
 ——— *latus*, the broad pulse; a preternatural distension of the artery at every pulsation
Pulveratus, powdered, or covered with dust

P U L

Pulverisatio, reducing to powder
Pulvinar, any fomentation, poultice, or the like
Pulvinaria, cushions impregnated with drugs
Pulvis, a powder
 ——— *algarothi*, a precipitate from butter of antimony by water
 ——— *aloes cum guaiaco*, aloes, guaiacum, and pulvis aromaticus
 ——— *aloeticus*, aloes and canella alba
 ——— *de athæa*, mallows, liquorice, medlar kernels, crab's eyes, &c.
 ——— *angelicus*, pulvis algarothi
 ——— *antilyseus*, powder against the bite of a mad dog; liverwort and black pepper; dose 3 iss.
 ——— *antimonialis*, antimony with barts-horn and phosphoric acid
 ——— *ari compositus*, arum, water flag, saxifrage, crab's eyes, cinnamon, and salt of wormwood
 ——— *aromaticus*, cinnamon, cardamom, ginger, and long pepper
 ——— *arthriticus amarus*, pulvis ducis Portlandii
 ——— *asari compositus*, sneezing powder; assarabacca, marjoram, thyme, and lavender
 ——— *bezoardicus*, crab's claws and oriental bezoar
 ——— *e bolo compositus cum opio*, opium, bole, cinnamon, tormentil, gum Arabic, and pepper
 ——— *e bolo compositus sine opio*, above ingredients without opium
 ——— *cantianus*, contrayerva, coral, ceruss, &c.
 ——— *cantianus niger*, the above with powdered toads
 ——— *cantianus ruber*, the above with cochineal
 ——— *carminativus*, aniseed, fennel, ginger, nutmeg, and sugar
 ——— *Carthusianus*, kermes mineral; antimony boiled with water and fixed alkali and precipitated
 ——— *catharticus salinus*, vitriolated tartar, crystals of tartar, and sal prunel
 ——— *cephalicus*, asarum and marjoram
 ——— *e cerussa compositus*, ceruss, sarcocolla, and tragacanth
 ——— *e chelis cancerorum*, crab's claws, pearls, and red coral
 M m z

P U L

Pulvis Constantinus, hydrargyri calx tartarizata flava
 — contrayervæ compositus, crab's claws and contrayerva
 — cornachini, Earl Warwick's powder; cornachini pulvis
 — cretaceus, chalk, nutmeg, and cinnamon
 — diambrae, pulvis aloes cum guaiaco
 — diaromaton, aromatic spices; nutmegs, cardamoms, and ginger
 — diasennæ, cream of tartar, senna, scammony, and ginger
 — diatragacanthi, tragacanth, marsh mallows, liquorice, and starch
 — diureticus, sal prunel, salt of amber, turpentine, and sugar
 — Doveri, vitriolated tartar, opium, and ipecacuanha
 — Dresdensis, powdered sugar with oil of cinnamon
 — ducis Portlandii, root of birthwort and gentian; germander, centaury, and ground pine
 — Edinburgensis, a preparation similar to tartarum emeticum
 — ad epilepticos, wild valerian and peony roots
 — febrifugus, crab's eyes & emetic tartar
 — de gutteta, pulvis ad epilepticos
 — hieræ picræ, aloes and canella alba
 — ipecacuanhæ compositus, pulvis Doveri
 — jalappæ compositus, jalap and crystals of tartar
 — Jesuitarum, Jesuits' powder, or powdered bark
 — lazurinus, the saffron of silver
 — marchionis, peony, misleto, ivory, elk's hoof, spedium, coral, pearls, and gold; antepileptic
 — mercurii cinereus, ash-coloured powder of mercury; quicksilver precipitated from nitrous acid by volatile alkali
 — e myrrha compositus, rue, dittany, myrrh, assafoetida, sagapenum, castor, and opoponax
 — ad partum, powder to promote delivery; borax, castor, saffron, oil of cinnamon, and amber
 — patrum, Peruvian bark
 — principis, red precipitate boiled in water, digested with fixed alkali, boiled in spirit of wine, and dried

P U R

Pulvis roborans, extract of bark, salt of steel, oil of cinnamon, and sugar
 — Romanus albus, magnesia alba
 — e scammonio compositus, scammony and calcined hartshorn
 — e senna compositus, crystals of tartar, senna, scammony, cloves, cinnamon, and ginger
 — sternutatorius, asarum, marjoram, marum, and lavender
 — succini compositus, amber, gum Arabic, hypocistus, balaustines, Japan earth, olibanum, and opium
 — stypticus, alum and gum kino
 — testaceus, } oyster shells
 — testaceus compositus, } and white chalk
 — testaceus ceratus, claws of crabs mixed with wax
 — e tragacantha compositus, tragacanth gum Arabic, marsh mallows, starch, liquorice, and sugar
 — e tribus, cornachini pulvis
 — vermicifugus, tansy, worm seed, and salt of steel
Pumex, pumice stone of volcanoes; a dentifrice
Puncta lachrymalia, small ducts in the inner corners of the eyelids to drain off the tears
Puncticula,
Puncticularis, } purple spots, or petechiæ
Punctula, }
Punctum aureum, an exploded method of preventing the return of rupture by a golden wire
Punctura, a puncture, or wound
 — aurea, punctum aureum
Pungitium, the horn fish
Punica, the pomegranate
 — granatum, the balaustine flower
Punicus, phœnicurus; the redstart
Puorrhœa, a discharge of matter from the abdomen
Puoturia, white, mucous, or purulent urine
Pupilla, the pupil of the eye
Pupillæ velum, } a fine vascular membrane
Pupillaris membrana, } seen in the foetal eye instead of the pupil
Purgamentum stellarum, a jelly-like substance found after rain in fields
Purgantia, purgatives, or purging medicines
Purgatio, any excrementitious discharge
Purgativa, purgantia

P Y R

Purgatorium, diseased evacuation
Purificatio, purification; preparation
Purpura, the miliary, purple, or spotted fever
 ——— *alba*, a species of eruption
 ——— *scorhutica*, a fiery eruption on the skin
 ——— *urticata*, the nettle rash
Purpuratæ, petechiæ, or purple spots
Purulentia, purulence, pus, or matter
Pus, matter as it appears in a fresh abscess
Pustula, a pustule, or little pimple
 ——— *oris*, the thrush of the mouth and throat
Pustulæ latæ, pustules spreading at the base
Putamen, the bark of a vegetable
Putor, offensive breath
Putorius, a pole cat
Putredo, } putridity; putrefaction
Putrefactio, }
Putrida febris, a putrid fever; typhus
Pycnosis, a contraction
Pycnotica, medicines thickening the blood
Pygæ, the buttocks, or posteriors
Pygæus, white rumped
Pylorica arteria, the artery supplying the pylorus
 ——— *vena*, the vein returning the blood from the pylorus
Pylorus, the lower and right orifice of the stomach
Pyodes, purulent
Pyopœtica, suppurators
Pyorrhœa, a purulent discharge
Pyosis, suppuration; hypopyon
Pyoturica, voiding purulent urine
Pyracantha, the box thorn; the medlar; the berberis
Pyralis, a kind of moth
Pyramidale corpus, the spermatic cord
Pyramidales muscoli, the pyramidal muscles of the belly
Pyramidalia corpora, protuberances on the medulla oblongata; the spermatic cords
Pyramidalis nasi musculus, a muscle of the nose
Pyramis, a chymical cone to smelt metals
Pyrausta, a kind of moth
Pyrenoides, the second vertebra
Pyriterium, the fire-hole of a furnace
Pyrethrum, pellitory of Spain
Pyretos, -us, a fever; known by heat, tongue, pulse, appetite, and urine
Pyrexia, pyretos

P Y R

Pyrexia, fevers, or febrile diseases; all diseases attended by fever
Pyrgita, a kind of sparrow
Pyrgilis, the herb hare's tongue
Pyriiformis musculus, a muscle of the thigh
Pyrites, mundic; fire-stone; marcasite
Pyrola, the herb winter green
Pyrophorum Hombergii, Homberg's pyrophorus
Pyrolignicus, acid obtained from wood by burning
Pyro-lignis, pyrolignite; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the pyro-lignic acid
 ——— *aluminosus*, pyrolignite of alumine
 ——— *ammoniacalis*, pyrolignite of ammoniac
 ——— *arsenicalis*, pyrolignite of arsenic
 ——— *argenti*, pyrolignite of silver
 ——— *auri*, pyrolignite of gold
 ——— *barytæ*, pyrolignite of barytes, or heavy spar
 ——— *bismuthi*, pyrolignite of bismuth
 ——— *calcareus*, pyrolignite of lime
 ——— *cobalti*, pyrolignite of cobalt
 ——— *cupri*, pyrolignite of copper
 ——— *ferri*, pyrolignite of iron
 ——— *magnesia*, pyrolignite of magnesia
 ——— *magnesii*, pyrolignite of manganese
 ——— *mercurii*, pyrolignite of mercury
 ——— *molybdeni*, pyrolignite of molybden
 ——— *niccoli*, pyrolignite of nickel
 ——— *platini*, pyrolignite of platina
 ——— *potassæ*, pyrolignite of potash
 ——— *sodæ*, pyrolignite of soda, or mineral alkali
 ——— *stibii*, pyrolignite of antimony
 ——— *stanni*, pyrolignite of tin
 ——— *tunsteni*, pyrolignite of tungstein
 ——— *zinci*, pyrolignite of zinc
Pyromucis, pyromucite; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the pyromucic acid
 ——— *aluminosus*, pyromucite of alumine
 ——— *ammoniacalis*, pyromucite of ammoniac
 ——— *arsenicalis*, pyromucite of arsenic

P Y R

Pyromucis argenti, pyromucite of silver
 — auri, pyromucite of gold
 — barytæ, pyromucite of barytes, or heavy spar
 — bismuthi, pyromucite of bismuth
 — calcareus, pyromucite of lime
 — cobalti, pyromucite of cobalt
 — cupri, pyromucite of copper
 — ferri, pyromucite of iron
 — magnesiæ, pyromucite of magnesia
 — magnesii, pyromucite of manganese
 — mercurii, pyromucite of mercury
 — molybdæni, pyromucite of molybden
 — niccoli, pyromucite of nickel
 — platini, pyromucite of platina
 — potassæ, pyromucite of potash
 — sodæ, pyromucite of soda, or mineral alkali
 — stibii, pyromucite of antimony
 — stanni, pyromucite of tin
 — tungsteni, pyromucite of tungstein
 — zinci, pyromucite of zinc
Pyrotartris, pyrotartrite; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of the pyrotartareous acid
 — aluminosus, pyrotartrite of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, pyrotartrite of ammoniac
 — argenti, pyrotartrite of silver
 — arsenicalis, pyrotartrite of arsenic
 — auri, pyrotartrite of gold
 — barytæ, pyrotartrite of barytes, or heavy spar
 — bismuthi, pyrotartrite of bismuth
 — calcareus, pyrotartrite of lime
 — cobalti, pyrotartrite of cobalt
 — cupri, pyrotartrite of copper
 — ferri, pyrotartrite of iron
 — magnesiæ, pyrotartrite of magnesia

P Y X

Pyrotartris magnesii, pyrotartrite of manganese
 — mercurii, pyrotartrite of mercury
 — molybdæni, pyrotartrite of molybden
 — niccoli, pyrotartrite of nickel
 — platini, pyrotartrite of platina
 — potassæ, pyrotartrite of potash
 — sodæ, pyrotartrite of soda, or mineral alkali
 — stibii, pyrotartrite of antimony
 — stanni, pyrotartrite of tin
 — tungsteni, pyrotartrite of tungstein
 — zinci, pyrotartrite of zinc
Pyropus, phosphorus; a gem of a fiery red colour
Pyrosis, a burning redness of the face; the heart burn; the water brash; a discharge of water by the mouth with heat at the stomach
 — biliosa, water brash from superabundant bile
 — a conceptione, the sickness of pregnancy
 — a phlogosi, the water brash attending inflammation of the stomach
 — suecica, the water brash of Sweden
 — ulterosa, discharge from the stomach from ulceration
 — vulgaris, the common pyrosis, or heart burn
Pyrotechnia, chymistry
Pyrotica, caustics
Pyrrhula, the redstart
Pyrus, the pear tree
 — cydonica, the quince
 — malus, the crab tree, or wild apple
Pyulcom, -um, an instrument used in cleansing sinusses
Pyuria, pyoturia; difficulty of making water with great discharge of mucus
 — arthritica, difficulty of making water from gout
 — mucosa, { the mucous strangury
 — viscida, {
Pyxantha, the barberry tree

QUA

QUADRAGEMINI, four small muscles under the glutæi, or buttocks
Quadragesimus dies, the fortieth day of fever
Quadrangularis, a leaf with four angles
Quadrans, a three ounce measure
Quadrati musculi, muscles of the occiput and lip
Quadratum, a bone of the foot
Quadratus,
 ——— *buccas detrahens*, a muscle of the ear
 ——— *femoris*, a rotator muscle of the thigh
 ——— *genæ*, the platysma myoides muscle of the lower jaw
 ——— *lumborum*, a muscle of the loins
Quadridentatus, a seed with four teeth, or points
Quadrifidus, cleft into four divisions
Quadrifolium, trefoil; clover; four-leaved
Quadriga, a bandage for the sternum and ribs
Quadrigemini, muscles of the thigh
Quadrigeminus, a muscle of the loins
Quadriglandulosus, a leaf stalk with four glands
Quadrifugus, a leaf composed of four lesser ones
Quadrilaterum, a bone having four sides
Quadrilobus, a berry with four cells
Quadrilocularis, with four cells
Quadrupartitus, divided into four parts
Qualitas, the inseparable property of any body
Quanticamotli, the West Indian cassada bread
Quaquara, the eastern china root
Quartana, an ague returning after an interval of seventy-two hours
 ——— *amens*, a quartan fever with fatuity
 ——— *arthritica*, a quarter fever with gout
 ——— *cataleptica*, a quartan fever with nervous symptoms
 ——— *comatosa*, a quartan fever with sleepiness
 ——— *duplex*, a double quartan, in which there are two accessions on the fourth day

QUI

Quartana duplicata, quartana duplex
 ——— *epileptica*, a quartan fever with epilepsy
 ——— *hepatica*, a quartan fever with disease in the liver
 ——— *hysterica*, a quartan fever with hysteric complaints
 ——— *legitima*, the true quartan ague
 ——— *metastica*, quartan ague from translated matter
 ——— *nephralgica*, quartan ague with pain in the kidneys
 ——— *remittens*, the true quartan fever
 ——— *scorbutica*, a quartan ague with symptoms of scurvy
 ——— *splenica*, a quartan ague with disease in the liver
 ——— *spuria*, the false quartan
 ——— *syphilitica*, a quartan ague with venereal disease
 ——— *triplex*, a quartan with daily returns, but with similar fits on the fourth day
 ——— *triplicata*, a quartan having three accessions on the fourth day
Quartarius, a four ounce measure
Quartatio, } quantation, or the proper proportioning ingredients so as to produce chymical action
Quartura, }
Quassia amara, bitter quassia; quassy root
 ——— *dioica*, the semirouba bark
 ——— *simarouba*, a species of quassy
Quassia } lignum, quassia, or quassy wood
Quasei } or root
Quaternus, leaves growing in fours
Quatrio, the astragulus; a bone of the foot
Quebrith, sulphur
Quercera, the cold fit of fever
Quercula calamandrina, the germander
Quercus, the oak tree
 ——— *ægylops*, the holme oak
 ——— *marina*, sea oak; the plant yielding kali
 ——— *robur*, the English oak
 ——— *suber*, the cork tree
Querquedula, the quail
Querquerna, a species of fever
Quietales, diseases attended with sleepiness, or insensibility

Q U O

Quina folia, leaves growing in fives
 Quina quina, the Peruvian bark
 — alba, white bark; an inferior species
 — lutea, yellowish Peruvian bark
 — rubra, cortex Peruvianus ruber
 Quinariüs, a half denarius, or thirty-one grains
 Quincunx, a five ounce measure
 Quinquangularis, having five angles
 Quinquecoccus, having five berries
 Quinquesidus, having five divisions
 Quinquefolium, common cinquefoil, or five-leaved grass
 Quinquejugus, a leaf composed of five pairs of lesser ones
 Quinquelobus, having five lobes
 Quinque nervea, a species of plantain
 Quinquina, cinchona
 Quinta essentia, quintessence; oil and alcohol distilled
 Quintana, an ague returning every fifth day
 Quotidiana, an ague returning after an interval of twenty-four hours, or every day

Q U O

Quotidiana catarrhalis, a quotidian ague with symptoms of catarrh
 — cephalalgica, a quotidian ague with headach
 — continua, amphimerina
 — epileptica, quotidian ague with epilepsy
 — hysterica, quotidian ague with hysterics
 — intermittens, quotidian ague often subsiding
 — ischiadica, quotidian ague with sciatica
 — legitima, the regular quotidian ague
 — nephralgica, quotidian ague with pain in the kidneys
 — ophthalmica, quotidian ague with inflammation in the eyes
 — simplex, the regular quotidian fever
 — soporosa, ague with sleepiness
 — stranguriosa, quotidian ague with strangury

R.

R A C

R. or $\mathcal{R}$, in prescriptions, means *recipe*, take
 Rabboides, the sagittal suture
 Rabies, madness
 — canina, canine madness, or hydrophobia
 Racemus, a cluster of fruit
 Rachialgia, common colic with constipation and vomiting
 — ab adiapneustia, colic from obstructed perspiration
 — arthritica, colic from gout
 — febricosa, colic from fever
 — metallica, colic from fumes of metals
 — ab osteosarcosi, colic from softness of the bones
 — pictonum, the Devonshire colic
 — scorbutica, colic in scorbutic habits

R A D

Rachialgia traumatica, colic from wounds in the intestines
 Rachizæ, } the muscles of the back
 Rachitæ, }
 Rachitis, the rickets of children; a morbid enlargement of the head, extremities of the bones and belly, with much debility and paleness
 — Britannica, a variety supposed peculiar to Britain
 — a castratione, rickets from castration
 — elephantiaca, rickets with symptoms of elephantiasis
 — nodosa, rickets with nodes, or excrescences on the bones
 — Polonica, rickets of Poland
 — strumiosa, rickets combined with scrophula
 Rachosis, an excoriated and relaxed scrotum
 Radix musculus, a muscle of the fore arm

R A N

Radiæus externus, a muscle of the wrist
Radialis, the radial nerve from the sixth pair of cervical
 ——— arteria, the artery of the fore arm
 ——— musculus, a muscle of the fore arm
 ——— vena externa, } veins of the fore
 ——— vena interna, } arm
Radiatus, beset with rays
Radicalis, innate; radical
Radicatus, applied to leaves which send forth roots
Radicula, the common horse radish; a little root
Radius, the upper bone of the fore arm
Radix, a root
 ——— acori, galanga, or galangal
 ——— asphodeli, the asphodel, or distinct bulbous root
 ——— Brasiliensis, common ipecacuanha
 ——— bulbosa, the bulbous root; e. g. the onion
 ——— colubrina, colubrinum lignum
 ——— dulcis, liquorice root
 ——— fibrosa, a root with small fibres
 ——— genuina Indiæ orientalis, ginseng
 ——— granulosa, a granulous root; like grains of corn
 ——— grumosa, a grumous root; distinct bulbous roots joined at top
 ——— Indiana, ipecacuanha
 ——— Indica Lopeziana, the root of an eastern tree
 ——— iridis, orris root
 ——— palmata, a root divided as the fingers
 ——— rhodia, a species of orpine
 ——— rubia, madder root
 ——— testiculata, a root resembling testicles
 ——— tuberosa, a tuberous root
Radula, a bone scraper
Rais di Juan Lopez Lusitanis, the root of an eastern tree
Ramalis vena, the vena portarum
Ramex, a rupture; hernia
 ——— varicosus, a varix, or dilatation of the spermatic veins
Ramocissima, calcitrapa
Ramus, a branch
 ——— inferior, a branch of the fifth pair of nerves
 ——— superior, the frontal nerve
Rana, the frog

R A S

Rana rubeta, the toad
Ranciditas, the unpleasant flavour of fat, or oil, acquired by keeping
Rangifer, the rein deer
Raninæ arteriæ, } the blood vessels under
 ——— venæ, } the tongue
Ranula, a swelling of the salivary glands near the frænum of the tongue
Ranunculoides pratensis, the meadow, or marsh marigold
Ranunculus, ranunculus, or crow's foot
 ——— bulbosus, round-rooted, or bulbous crow's foot
 ——— chelidonides, the lesser celandine, or pilewort
 ——— longifoliis palustris minor, spearwort, or water crow's foot
 ——— nemorosus, a small plant with a musk smell
 ——— præcox, } the lesser celandine, or pilewort
 ——— rotundifolius, }
 ——— tridentatus vernus, the noble liverwort
 ——— vernus, the lesser celandine, or pilewort; agglutinant
 ——— viridis, a frog
Rapa, } the turnip
Rapum, }
Raphania, cripple disease; a painful, convulsive, contraction of the limbs
Raphanistrum, the corn rocket
Raphanus, radish
 ——— aquaticus, the water-radish
 ——— hortensis, the common, or garden radish
 ——— rusticus, horse-radish
 ——— sylvestris, dittander, or lepidium
Raphani spiritus compositus, compound spirit of horse radish
Raphanticoides lutea, bladder campion, or white ben
Rapistrum, charlock, or wild mustard
Rapocaulis, the turnip cabbage
Rapum genistæ, the great toothwort, or broom rape
Rapunculus, hartwort; cardinal flower; campanula; wild turnip
Rapuntium, the cardinal flower
Rarefacientia, attenuantia; thinners
Raritas, thinness
Rasceta, carpus, or wrist
Raspatorium, the raspatory of the surgeon
Rasura, shaving

R E G

Rasus, shaven
 Raucedo, } hoarseness
 Raucitis, }
 Realger, yellow arsenic and unquenched
 lime; arsenic rubrum factitium, or red
 oxyde of arsenic
 Rebis, the fæces
 Receptaculum chyli, the receptacle of the
 chylè
 Recessus, the retiring inwards of any erup-
 tion
 Recipe, take; used in prescriptions
 Reciprocatio, the regular return of a pa-
 roxysm
 Reclinatio, the hanging down of leaves
 Recrementum, excrement; dross
 Recrudescencia, the return of a disease with
 increased violence
 Rectificatio, rectifying, or purifying; de-
 phlegmatio
 Rector spiritus, the aromatic part of plants
 Rectum intestinum, the straight, or last
 great gut
 Rectus, a muscle of the nose; also of the
 leg
 ——— anterior, a muscle of the leg
 ——— attollens, a muscle of the os hyoides
 ——— cruris, a muscle of the pan bone
 ——— deprimens oculi, a muscle of the eye
 ——— gracilis, a muscle of the leg
 ——— internus, a muscle of the os pubis
 ——— internus major, }
 ——— internus minor, } muscles of the
 ——— lateralis, } neck
 ——— major, }
 ——— minor, }
 ——— oculi externus, }
 ——— oculi inferior, } muscles of the eye
 ——— oculi superior, }
 Recurrens, the recurrent nerve; a branch
 of the eighth pair
 Recursio, the return of a paroxysm
 Reductio, the restitution of any body to its
 original purity
 Redux, a flux for separating metals from
 their ores
 Refectiva, cordial medicines
 Refrigerantia, coolers
 Refrigeratio, cooling
 Refrigeratorium, a refrigeratory, or vessel
 through which the distilling worm passes
 Regalis regis, } a mixture of nitrous and
 Regia aqua, } muriatic acids
 ——— nux, the juglans, or common walnut

R E S

Regia vulgaris, regia nux
 Regimen, dieta; regulation of diet
 Regina prati, herb queen of the meadow,
 or meadowsweet
 Regionalis morbus, any endemic disease
 Registeres, openings in furnaces to regulate
 the fire
 Regius, royal
 Regulis Barbadosis, } the cabbage tree
 ——— Jamaicensis, }
 Regulus, any metal separated from its
 ore; as
 ——— antimonii, regulus of antimony
 ——— arsenici, regulus of arsenic
 Rejectio, a vomiting
 Relaxantia, relaxants; softeners
 Relaxatio, a falling, or bearing down;
 want of tone
 Relolium, internal nature of things
 Remissio, a remission of symptoms
 Remittentes, remittent diseases, or those
 the symptoms of which occasionally are
 less severe
 Remora aratri, the herb rest-harrow
 Renales arteriæ, the arteries of the kidneys,
 called emulgent
 ——— glandulæ, two small glands lying
 just above the kidneys
 ——— venæ, the emulgent veins, or veins
 of the kidneys
 Renelius, snorting; snoring
 Renes, the kidneys
 ——— succenturiati, two small glands ly-
 ing just above the kidneys
 Reniformis, kidney-shaped
 Rensis antitypus, a species of vis conser-
 vatrix naturæ
 Renovatio, renewing; a chymical process
 Renuens musculus, a muscle of the neck
 Repellentia, repellents
 Repens, (in botany) creeping
 Repercussio, repellents
 Repletio, plethora; fulness of blood
 Reprimentia, repellents
 Reptilis, creeping as a worm
 Repulsio, repulsion of matter; driving
 asunder
 Reratophiton arboreum nigrum, black coral
 Res naturales, the natural circumstances of
 life operating within the system, as the
 circulation, &c.
 ——— nonnaturales, the external circum-
 stances of health, as air, exercise, food,
 &c.

REV

Resela, the herb wild rocket
 Residentia, dregs, or fæces
 Resina, resin; an exsudation from vegetables
 — alba, white resin of turpentine
 — aloes, resin of aloes
 — anime, anime
 — flava, yellow resin of turpentine
 — fricta, colophony, or black resin of turpentine
 — guaiaci, resin of guaiacum
 — jalappæ, } resin of jalap extracted
 — jalappii, } by spirit
 — nigra, colophony, or black resin of turpentine
 — Peruviani corticis, resin of bark
 — scammonii, resin of scammony
 — tosta, colophony, or black resin of turpentine
 Resinocerum, a mixture of wax and resin
 Resolutio, the dispersing of inflammation
 Resolventia, discutientia; medicines which discuss tumours
 Respiratio, respiration, or breathing
 Resta bovis, herb rest-harrow
 Restans, (in botany) when the foot-stalk remains after fructification
 Restaurantia, } restorative, or strengthening
 Resumptiva, } medicines
 Resupinatus, (in botany) when a leaf is inverted
 Rete malpighi, the fine net-work of the extremities of the pulmonary arteries
 — mirabile, a net-work of blood vessels in the brain
 — mucosum, a part of the common integuments lying next to the true skin
 Retentio, undue retention of some natural discharge
 Reticulatus, reticulated; net-like
 Reticulum, the second stomach of animals that ruminate, or chew the cud; the caul
 Retiformis, any net-like body
 Retina, the expansion of the optic nerve at the bottom of the eye; the seat of sight
 Retinaculum, an instrument for keeping the bowels in their place
 Retorta, a retort
 Retrahens auriculam, a muscle of the ear
 Retrimentum, the dregs, or dross
 Retroversio uteri, the retroversion, or turning back of the womb
 Reverberatio, a particular manner of applying heat in the melting of ores

RHE

Revivificatio, restoration to its original form
 Revulsio, the drawing humours to another part
 Rex coronatus, } terms in alchymy
 — diadematus, }
 — metallorum, g ld
 — vegetabilium, saffron
 Raxis anebion, alkanet root
 Rha verum antiquorum, English rhubarb
 Rhabbarbari pulvis, powder of rhubarb
 — tinctura spiritiosa, spirituous
 — tincture of rhubarb
 — tinctura vinosa, } vinous tincture of rhubarb
 — vinum, }
 Rhabbarbarum, rhubarb of Russia, Turkey, and China; purgative, dose gr. x. to 3ss.
 — album, American convolvulus
 — diascoridis, English rhubarb
 — monachorum, monk's rhubarb, or lapathum hortense
 — torrefactum, toasted rhubarb
 Rhabdoides, the sagittal suture of the skull
 Rachiaei, muscles of the spine of the back
 Rachiaeus, belonging to the spine
 Rachialgia, pain in the spine, or back
 Rhachis, the spine, or back bone
 Rachisagra, gout in the back
 Rachitæ, muscles of the spine of the back
 Rachitis, the rickets
 Rhacosis, excoriated and relaxed scrotum
 Rhæum, rhubarb
 Rhagdes, plural of Ragas, } chaps in the skin
 Rhagadia, }
 Rhagoides, retina
 Rhammus, buck thorn
 — catharticus, the purging buck thorn
 Rhanter, the inner corner of the eye
 Rhaponticum, } rhubarb; purgative, indigineous in Thrace
 — Alpini, }
 — diascoridis, }
 — folio heleni incano, } common
 — vulgare, } rhapontic, or great centaury
 Rhegma, a rupture
 Rhencos, -us, snoring
 Rheon, -um, rhubarb
 Rhenophonia, a hissing, hoarse, voice
 Rheuma, a defluxion; a common cold, or catarrh
 — catarrhale, a catarrh from exposure to cold

R H O

Rheuma epidemicum, epidemic catarrh from infection
Rheumatica, the rheumatism, or rheumatic fever
Rheumatismus, } rheumatism with
 ————— *acutus*, } fever; a disease principally affecting the larger joints
 ————— *chronicus*, rheumatism without fever
 ————— *convulsivus*, rheumatism with convulsive spasms
 ————— *dorsalis*, rheumatism in the back
 ————— *febriculus*, true acute rheumatism
 ————— *hystericus*, rheumatism with hysterical symptoms
 ————— *miliaris*, rheumatism with miliar eruption
 ————— *metallicus*, rheumatism from metallic fumes
 ————— *necroseus*, -os, } rheumatism
 ————— *saltatorius*, } with convulsive spasms
 ————— *saltatorius verminosus*, convulsive rheumatism from worms
 ————— *scorbuticus*, pain in the limbs accompanying scurvy
 ————— *uteri*, leucorrhœa
 ————— *vulgaris*, acute rheumatism
Rhcnosis, lean and wrinkled
Rhigos, rigour, or coldness on the surface of the body
Rhin, the nose
Rhinenchytes, a syringe for the nose
Rhinocerus, a large African quadruped with a horn on its nose
Rhinophonia, a nasal voice
Rhizagra, an instrument for extracting the roots, or stumps of teeth
Rochas, the watery eye
Rhochmos, snoring
Rhodacina rhodacinea, the peach tree
Rhodelæum, oil of roses
Rhodia, }
 ————— *radix*, } rose root, or wood
Rhodiolo, }
Rhodina radix, rose wood of the Canary Islands; aromatic and cordial
Rhodites, wine impregnated with roses
Rhodium, }
 ————— *lignum*, } *rhodina radix*
Rhododaphne, } the dwarf rose-bay of the
Rhododendron, } coast; a poison

R I M

Rhododendron chrysanthemum, } *rhodo-*
 ————— *oleander*, } *daphne*
Rhodomeli, honey of roses
Rhodosaccharum, a conserve of roses and sugar
Rhodostactum, } rose water
Rhodostagma, }
Rheas, a diseased diminution of the *caruncula lachrymalis*
Rhogme, a rupture, or fracture
Rhogmos, snoring
Rhomboides musculus, a muscle of the scapula
Rhonchus, snoring
Rhoos, a flux
Rhopalosis, an enlargement of the hair of the head so as to be painful and to bleed
Rhus, common sumach; a flux
 ————— *coriariorum*, tanner's sumach
 ————— *myrtifolia Belgica*, Dutch myrtle
 ————— *obsoniorum*, common sumach
 ————— *sylvestris*, the jujube fruit
 ————— *Virginianum*, copal gummi
Rhyas, a diseased diminution of the *caruncula lachrymalis*
Rhymma, a cosmetic
Rhynenchytes, rhinenchytes
Rhyptica, cleansing medicines
Rhysis, a flux
Rhysemata, wrinkles on the face
Rhythmus, the number and regularity of the pulse
Rhytidosis, a wrinkling
Ribes, }
Ribesium, } the red currant
Ricæ, coverings, or bandages for the head; handkerchiefs
Ricini oleum, common castor oil
Ricinoides, turnsole; the *jatropha*, or Barbadoes nut; drastick purge
Ricinus, }
 ————— *Americanus fructa* } the castor oil
 ————— *racemoso hispido*, } plant of the
 ————— *major*, } West Indies
 ————— *Novus Hispanicus*, a species of *ricinus*, or castor nut
Rigatio, sprinkling with water
Rigor, a sense of chilliness and contraction on the skin
 ————— *nervosus*, that convulsive spasm attending locked jaw
Rima, a chap; a fissure; a chink
Rimosus, full of chaps

R O S

Rimula, rima glottidis; the entrance into the trachea
 Rinæus, a muscle which dilates the nostrils
 Riparia, the bee eater
 Risagallum, white arsenic
 Risagon, the cassumumar, an eastern root
 Risus, laughter; a species of ranunculus
 — caninus, a retraction of the lips with distended mouth
 — sardonius, a laugh when in pain; spasmus cynicus
 Rivianæ glandulæ, the glands under the tongue
 Rob, vegetable juice boiled with honey or sugar
 — baccarum juniperi, a linctus of juniper berries
 — de cornis, rob of wild cherries
 Robinia, false acacia; courbaril, or sloe tree
 Roborantia, strengthening medicines
 Robur, or Roob, vegetable juice boiled with honey or sugar
 Rodatio, unusual shortness of the eyelashes
 Rodentia, escharotica
 Rogga, rye
 Rogme, a fracture of the cranium like a fissure
 Ronchus, snorting
 Rorella, the plant red-rot, or sun-dew
 Rosmarini conserva, roses beat up with sugar
 — spiritus, Hungary water
 Ros, dew
 — Calabrinus, manna
 — solis, the plant red-rot, or sun-dew
 Rosa, the rose
 — alabandica, a kind of damask rose
 — canina, the dog-rose, or hip tree
 — solis, the plant red-rot, or sun-dew
 — sylvestris, the dog-rose, or hip tree
 Rosacea, fiery pimples on the face
 Rosæ infusum, infusion of roses reddened by vitriolic acid
 — mel, roses boiled in honey
 — odoræ lignum, rose wood
 — rubræ conserva, roses beat up with sugar
 — syrupus, infusion of roses boiled with sugar
 Rosarum conserva, roses beat up with sugar
 — damascenarum aqua, damask rose water

R U B

Roseola, a small red pimple
 Rosio, erosion, or eating into
 Rosmarinum stæchadis facie, tree germander; poley of Candia
 Rosmarinus, } common rosemary
 — officinalis, }
 Rostratus, having a beak
 Rostriformis, beak-shaped
 Rostrum, a beak
 — leporinum, the prominence in the hare lip
 Rotator, a muscle producing a rolling motion
 — major, the large, or great trochanter
 — minor, the small trochanter
 — natis, the great trochanter
 Rotula, the knee-pan; a lozenge
 Rotunda ligamenta, the round ligaments of the womb
 Rotundus musculus, a round muscle
 Roucou, a waxy substance from the leaf of the arnotto tree; a dye
 Rouda, the plant red-rot, or sun-dew
 Rub, rob
 Rubecula, the robin
 Rubedo, redness
 — maculosa simplex, } varieties of red face
 — pustulosa, }
 — ulcerosa, }
 Rubefacientia, external applications which inflame the skin
 Rubeola, morbilli; the measles
 — anginosa, measles with sore throat
 — anomala, irregular measles
 — montana odora, aparine; woodrow; woodroff
 — variolodes, measles with distinct pustules
 — vulgaris, regular measles
 Rubercum maculis, a variety of red face
 Ruberta, roberta; herb robert; geranium
 Rubeta, the toad
 Rubia, madder
 — Brasiliensis, a species of madder from Brasil
 — major, common madder
 — synanchica, a species of saxifrage
 — sylvestris, mountain wild madder
 — tinctorum, common madder
 Rubicapra, the chamois goat of the Alps
 Rubicilla, a species of bullfinch from Brasil
 Rubigo, rust
 — ferri, rust of iron, &c.
 Rubinus verus, a true carbuncle

R U O

Rubrica febrilis, red oker; rudding; marking stone
 Rubus, a bramble
 ——— Alpinus, cloud, or knot-berry
 ——— idæus, the common raspberry
 ——— vulgaris, the blackberry of the hedges
 Ructatio, } eructation, or belching
 Ructus, }
 Rudii extractum, hellebore, colocynth, aloes, scammony, vitriolated tartar, and oil of cloves
 Rufi pilulæ, aloes, myrrh, saffron, and syrup
 Ruga, a wrinkle
 Rugitus, borborismus; rumbling in the bowels
 Rugosus, wrinkled; rough
 Ruma, the hollow part of the throat
 Rumex, a dock; monk's rhubarb
 ——— acetosus, common sorrel; lapathum acutum
 ——— acutus, lapathum acutum
 ——— aquaticus, water dock
 ——— Helveticus, common sorrel
 ——— hydrolapathium, water-dock
 ——— pratensis, meadow, or common sorrel
 ——— scutatus, common sorrel
 Ruminantes, animals that chew the cud
 Runcinatus, serrated

R Y T

Ruonia, a red face
 Rupellensis sal, Rochelle salt; natron and acid of tartar
 Rupicapra, the mountain goat
 Rupina, calcitrapa
 Ruptorium, a caustic applied to open abscesses
 Ruptura, a rupture, or hernia
 Ruseus, } wild myrtle, knee holly,
 ——— aculeatus, } or butcher's broom
 ——— angustifolius, bislingua, or herb double tongue
 ——— latifolius, laurus Alexandrina
 Ruta, rue
 ——— capraria, goat's rue
 ——— graveolens, large wild rue
 ——— hortense, garden rue
 ——— muraria, white maiden hair
 ——— sylvestris major, large wild rue
 Rutæ conserva, rue beat up with sugar
 ——— folia, leaves of rue
 ——— herba, the herb rue
 Rutililla, rubicilla; the bullfinch
 Rutula, a small species of rue
 Ruyschiana tunica, the choroid coat of the eye
 Ryas, rheas; a defluxion from the eye
 Rysagon, the cassumuniar, an eastern root
 Rythmus, rhythmus; the regularity of the pulse

S.

S A B

SABADILLA, cevadilla; Indian caustic barley
 Sabina, the shrub savin; stimulant, emmenagogue
 ——— baccifera, a species of cedar of Lebanon
 ——— Goensis, a species of cedar
 ——— sterilis, common, or barren savin
 Sabinæ extractum, extract of savin
 ——— folia, the leaves of savin
 ——— Goensis, the cypress-leaved cedar
 ——— oleum essentielle, essential oil of savin
 ——— summitates, tops of savin
 ——— tinctura composita, a tincture of savin, castor, and myrrh in spirit

S A C

Sabulosus, sabulous; gritty; gravelly; sandy
 Sabulum, gravel; grit; sand
 Saburra, dirt; sordes; filth; foulness of stomach, of which authors mention several kinds, as the acid, the bitter, the empyreumatic, the insipid, and the putrid
 Saburratio, sprinkling a diseased person with heated sand
 Saccharum, sugar
 ——— acernum, American maple sugar
 ——— album, white, or refined sugar
 ——— aluminis, alum mixed with dragon's blood and dried
 ——— Canadense, saccharum acernum
 ——— candidum, candy

S A C

- Saccharum orientale, East Indian sugar
 — purissimum, refined sugar
 — rubrum, brown sugar
 — saturni, cerussa acetata
 Saccholas, saccholat; the name in the new chemistry of every compound of the saccho-lactic acid
 — aluminosus, saccholat of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, saccholat of ammoniac
 — argenti, saccholat of silver
 — arsenicalis, saccholat of arsenic
 — auri, saccholat of gold
 — barytæ, saccholat of barytes, or heavy spar
 — bismuthi, saccholat of bismuth
 — calcareus, saccholat of lime
 — cobalti, saccholat of cobalt
 — cupri, saccholat of copper
 — ferri, saccholat of iron
 — hydrargyri, saccholat of mercury
 — magnesiæ, saccholat of magnesia
 — magnesii, saccholat of manganese
 — molybdeni, saccholat of molybden
 — niccoli, saccholat of nickel
 — platini, saccholat of platina
 — plumbi, saccholat of lead
 — potassæ, saccholat of potash
 — sodæ, saccholat of soda, or mineral alkali
 — stibii, saccholat of antimony
 — stanni, saccholat of tin
 — tungsteni, saccholat of tungstein
 — zinci, saccholat of zinc
 Sacculi adiposi, the bursæ mucosæ of the joints
 Sacculus, a little bag
 — chyliferus, the receptacle of the chyle
 — cordis, the pericardium
 — lachrymalis, the receptacle of the tears
 Saccus, a sack, or bag; the blind intestine, or cæcum
 — chyliferus, } receptaculum
 — lacteus Van Horne, } chyli
 Sacer ignis, the sacred fire, cæsisipelas, or St. Anthony's fire
 — morbus, the epilepsy
 — musculus, a muscle of the loins
 Sacerdotis virile, arum; wake robin
 Sackchar, sugar
 Sacra arteria, the artery of the sacrum
 — herba, common vervain

S A L

- Sacra tinctura, aloes, canella alba, and mountain wine
 — vasa, vessels of the sacrum
 — vena, a branch of the vena cava
 Sacri acumen ossis, the os coccygis, or extremity of the back bone
 — nervi, ramifications of the spinal marrow passing through the sacrum
 Sacro coccygæus, a muscle of the coccyx of the back
 — lumbalis, } muscles of the
 — lumbaris, } ribs
 — lumbaris accessorius, }
 Sacrum os, the os sacrum, or posterior bone of the pelvis
 Saffran, saffron
 — de terra, turmeric
 Sagapenum, gum sagapenum
 Sagitta, an arrow; the plant arrow-head
 Sagittalis sutura, the sagittal suture of the skull
 Sagittaria, a species of arrow-head
 — alexipharmica, arrow root; darts-wort
 Sagittatus, arrow-shaped
 Sagou, the sago tree
 Sakchari, sugar
 Sal, salt
 — absinthii, salt of wormwood; fixed vegetable alkali
 — agrigentinus, a salt used with food, not crackling in the fire
 — alcalinus fixus vegetabilis, fixed vegetable alkali
 — alcalinus fixus purificatus, purified fixed vegetable alkali
 — alcalinus fixus tartarizatus, soluble tartar; vegetable alkali and crystals of tartar
 — alcalinus fixus fossile, fossil fixed alkaline salt; soda; natron
 — alcalinus salis marini, the alkaline salt of sea salt, procured by deflagrating it with charcoal
 — ammoniacus, sal ammoniac, prepared by sublimation from cow-dung, soot, &c.
 — ammoniacus purificatus, purified sal ammoniac
 — ammoniacus volatilis, sal ammoniac sublimed with chalk
 — antimonii, tartar emetic
 — argenti, salt of silver; lunar caustic; silver dissolved in nitrous acid
 — berberis essentielle, lemon juice digested with barberries and crystallized

S A L

- Sal calybis, salt of steel; filings of iron and vitriolic acid
 — catharticus amarus, the bitter purging salt; the Epsom salt
 — catholicus, tartarum vitriolatum
 — cavatum, sal gemmæ
 — chalasticum, sal gemmæ
 — cibarius, common salt
 — commune, common salt; muriatic acid and mineral alkali
 — coralli, coral united to vinegar; styp-tic, dose gr. x.
 — cornu cervi, volatile alkali
 — culinaris, sal gemmæ
 — cyrenaicus, sal ammoniacus
 — digestivus, muriatic acid and vegetable alkali
 — diureticus, vinegar and vegetable al-
 kali
 — ducis Holsatiæ, vitriolated nitre
 — e or de duobus, tartarum vitriolatum
 — Ebshamensis, bitter purging salt
 — enixum, vegetable alkali and vitriolic acid; vitriolated tartar
 — fossilis, common, or rock salt
 — Glauberi, Glauber's salt; vitriolic acid and mineral alkali
 — gemmæ, common, or rock salt
 — iamblichus, sal ammoniac, pepper, ginger, hyssop, thyme, &c.
 — infernalis Hoffmanni, nitrum
 — jovis, salt of tin; tin dissolved in aqua regia, precipitated by water, and dried
 — lucidum, fossil salt
 — marinus, } common, or sea
 — marinus Hispæus, } salt
 — marinus regeneratus, muriatic acid and vegetable alkali
 — martis, salt of steel; filings of iron and vitriolic acid
 — mirabilis, Glauber's salt
 — niri, } common nitre; nitrous acid
 — petræ, } and vegetable alkali
 — plumbi, sugar of lead; white lead dis-
 solved in vinegar
 — polychrestus, nitre deflagrated with a small quantity of sulphur
 — polychrestus Rupellensis, Rochelle salt; acid of tartar and mineral alkali
 — prunculæ, nitre deflagrated with an equal quantity of sulphur
 — Rupellensis, Rochelle salt; acid of tar-
 tar and mineral alkali
 — rupeus, common, or rock salt

S A L

- Sal saignette, sal Rupellensis
 — sedativus, the sedative salt; acid of borax
 — succini, salt of amber, procured by distilling amber
 — sylvii, sal marinus regeneratus
 — tartari, vegetable fixed alkali
 — urinæ, volatile alkali
 — vitrioli, white vitriol dissolved in vi-
 triolic acid
 — volatilis salis ammoniaci; volatile al-
 kali
 — zinci, white vitriol; zinc dissolved in
 vitriolic acid
 Salamandra, a beast like a lizard; a mine-
 ral; asbestos
 — aquatica, the water lizard, or eft
 Salcharion, sugar
 Saleb, } saloop; a nourishing kind of meal
 Salep, } from the roots of a species of orchis
 Salicaria, spiked willow; antophthalmic
 Salicenea, the Celtic spikenard
 Salicornia, kali; saltwort
 Salificatio, crystallization
 Salinacidum, a mixture of salt and acid
 Salitron, fossil alkali
 Saliva, the fluid, or spittle of the mouth
 Salivales glandulæ, the salivary glands of
 the mouth
 Salivalis ductus Stenonis, Steno's, or upper
 salivary duct; the parotid duct
 Salivantia, medicines that salivate, or pro-
 duce spitting
 Salivaria, }
 Salivaris herba, } the pellitory of Spain
 Salivatio, a salivation, or increased spitting
 Salix, the common white, or Dutch willow tree
 — alba, the light willow
 — fragilis, salix
 — latifolia, broad-leaved willow
 Salmo, the salmon
 Salpa, the stock fish
 Salpingo pharyngæus, a muscle of the œso-
 phagus
 — staphylinus, a muscle of the uvula
 — staphylinus internus, a muscle of
 the palate
 Salsaparilla, common sarsaparilla
 Salsola, kali; the plant which produces
 natron
 Salsugo, brine
 Saltus, the leaping of an artery
 Salus, health
 — alta, high, or good health

S A N

Salus media, ordinary health
 Salutaria, medicines which promote health
 Salvatella vena, a vein of the back of the hand
 Salvia, sage
 ——— Æthiopis, Ethiopian sage
 ——— bosci, wild, or wood sage
 ——— horminum, garden clary
 ——— major, greater, or common garden sage
 ——— minor, lesser sage, or sage of virtue
 ——— sylvestris, germander, or wood sage
 ——— vitæ, white maiden hair
 Sambucus, common elder
 ——— ebulus, } the dwarf elder
 ——— humilis, }
 ——— nigra, common black-berried elder
 Sampsuchum, common wild marjoram
 Sampsuchus, mastich thyme, or marum
 Sampsychum, common wild marjoram
 Sanativa, medicines which cure
 Sanctæ Helenæ radix, a species of cyperus
 Sanctum semen, the worm seed
 Sandaracha, sandarach; a gum
 Sandyx, red lead; vermilion
 Sanguifluxus, hæmorrhage, or bleeding
 Sanguinaria, common knot grass
 Sanguinis ejectio, spitting blood
 ——— inopia, consumption from loss of blood
 Sanguipurgium, a mild fever
 Sanguis, the blood
 ——— draconis, gum of the draco arbor; styptic; the sharp-pointed dock
 ——— draconis herba, bloodwort
 ——— Herculis, saffron
 Sanguisorba, smaller burnet saxifrage
 Sanguisuga, the sucking leech
 Sanicula, herb sanicle
 ——— Alpina lutea, yellow bear's ear; cortusa
 ——— Eboracensis, butterwort; Yorkshire sanicle
 ——— fæminea, black masterwort
 ——— mas, common sanicle, or self-heal
 ——— montana, cortusa
 ——— sedum, white saxifrage
 Sanidodes, flat chested
 Sanies, thin acrid discharge from wounds
 Sankira, the oriental china root
 Sanitas, health
 Santalum, saunders wood from the East Indies

S A P

Santalum album, white saunders from the East Indies
 ——— citrinum, } yellow saunders
 ——— palidum, }
 ——— rubrum, red saunders
 Santalus adulteranus, a tree indigenous in Crete
 Santerna, borax
 Santolina, the worm seed; lavender cotton
 ——— chamæcyparissus, southernwood
 Santonicum, the worm seed
 Sapa, rob; juice of vegetables boiled with honey or sugar
 Saperda, an ill-flavoured fish
 Saphena vena major, } veins of the leg
 ——— vena minor, }
 Saphera, zaffer or smalt; a preparation of cobalt
 Sapientia dentes, teeth of wisdom; the last of the grinding teeth not appearing till after puberty
 ——— oleum, oil of brick
 Sapo, soap; compound of oil, or grease, and alkaline salt
 ——— albus, hard, Spanish, or white soap; olive oil and barilla
 ——— aluminis, soap of alumine; oil and the basis of alum
 ——— ammoniacalis, soap of ammoniac; oil and volatile alkali
 ——— amygdalinus, soap made with oil of almonds
 ——— baryticus, soap of barytes, or heavy spar; oil and heavy spar
 ——— calcareus, soap of lime; oil and lime
 ——— magnesiæ, soap of magnesia; oil and lime
 ——— potassæ, soap of potash; oil and fixed alkali
 ——— sodæ, soap of soda; oil and mineral alkali
 ——— vitri, the semi-metal manganese, or soap of glass
 ——— volatilis, volatile soap; oil and volatile alkali
 Saponaria, } bruise wort, or soap-wort
 ——— officinalis, }
 Saponariæ nuculæ, soap berries; Bermudas berries
 Saponæ acidi, acid soaps; oil and acid
 ——— metallici, metallic soaps; oils and metallic substances

S A R

Saponuli, saponuls; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of volatile and essential oils
 ——— acidi, acid saponuls; volatile and essential oils and acids
 ——— metallici, metallic saponuls; volatile and essential oils and metals
 Saponulus aluminosus, saponul of alumine; essential oil and the basis of alum
 ——— ammoniacalis, ammoniacal saponul; essential oil and volatile alkali
 ——— barytæ, saponul of barytes; essential oil and heavy spar
 ——— calcareus, saponul of lime; essential oil and lime
 ——— potassæ, saponul of potash; essential oil and potash
 ——— sodæ, saponul of mineral alkali; essential oil and mineral alkali
 Sappadilla, the naseberry tree of the East Indies
 Sappan lignum, Campeachy wood; logwood
 Sapphirina aqua, made by a solution of sal ammoniac in lime water standing in a copper vessel
 Sapus, putrid
 Sarachinus, } the aco, a Mediterranean fish
 Sarachus, }
 Sarcium, a caruncle
 Sarcites, an anasarca
 Sarcocoele, a scirrhus testicle
 Sarcocolla, sarcocol; a species of eastern glue, or resinous gum
 Sarcoepiplotoele, enlarged testicle with a rupture containing omentum
 Sarcologia, the doctrine of muscles and other fleshy parts
 Sarcoma, any fleshy tumour
 Sarcomphalon, a fleshy tumour at the navel
 Sarcophagum, -us, the assian stone; an escharotic
 Sarcophyia, any fleshy tumour
 Sarcopyodes, purulent expectoration
 Sarcosis, a fleshy tumour
 Sarcotlasma, a bruise
 Sarcotica, applications promoting the growth of flesh
 Sarda, a flesh-coloured stone
 Sardachates, sarda and agate mixed
 Sardiana, the chesnut
 Sardiasis, the sardonian, cynic, or convulsive involuntary laugh
 Sardoniasis, a kind of smillage
 Sardonicus risus, sardiasis

S A V

Sardonyx, a precious stone
 Sare, a species of nettle-rash
 Sargus, a fish
 Sari, a water plant
 Sarmentaceus, full of twigs
 Sarpedo, a cutaneous eruption
 Sarsa, } sarsaparilla from the Spanish
 Sarsaparilla, } West Indies; a small kind of vine; Virginian ivy-leaved rough bindweed
 Sartorius, the taylor's muscle; a rotator muscle of the thigh
 Sassafra, the saffras tree of Virginia
 Satanus devorans, the red lion, or antimony
 Sathe, the penis
 Sativus, applied to herbs planted in gardens
 Saturantia, medicines which neutralize the acid in the stomach
 Saturatio, saturation; chymical solution continued till the solvent can contain no more
 Satureia sativa, } plant summer's savory
 ——— hortensis, }
 ——— lutea sylvestris, cow wheat
 ——— montana, winter, or mountain savory
 Saturni extractum, extract of lead; litharge dissolved in vinegar
 Saturnus, lead; antimony
 Satyriasis, immoderate venereal inclination
 ——— acuta, furious with venereal desires
 ——— chronica, priapism, or frequent erection with pain
 ——— furens, furious with venereal desires
 ——— hydrophobica, immoderate venereal appetite as a symptom of canine madness
 ——— juvenilis, } youthful venereal inclination
 ——— neogamorum, }
 ——— venerea, immoderate venereal desire from the venereal disease
 Satyrice, provocatives to venery
 Satyrion, the plant dog's stones; ragwort
 Satyrismus, immoderate venereal inclination
 Saura, the lizard
 Saurion, a kind of mustard
 Saurites, a stone found in the green lizard
 Saur kraut, sour croat; cabbage preserved in brine
 Saururus, the plant lizard's tail; a kind of mustard
 Savina, the savin shrub

Saxifraga, medicines dissolving stone in the bladder
 — alba, white saxifrage
 — Anglica, English, or meadow saxifrage
 — granulata, the white saxifrage
 Saxum, a stone
 — calcareum, limestone
 Scabies, cutaneous disease; the scab; itch; scales in the urine
 Scabiosa, } field scabius, said to
 — arvensis, } cure the itch; the globe
 thistle; the morsus diaboli of the fallopian tube
 — cardui folio, echinopus
 — Indica arborea, cattu schiragam
 Scabridæ, plants with rough bark
 Scabrities, scabies
 Scadidacalli, the euphorbium plant
 Scala sacra, an antidote of germander, centaury, and hypericum
 Scalenus musculus, a muscle of the ribs and neck
 Scalpellum, a scalpel; a raspatory
 Scalpere, to scalp, or scratch
 Scalprum, a denticular raspatory, or rugire used in trepanning
 Scalptura, the laying bare the skull
 Scammonea Syriaca, the scammony plant of Syria and Aleppo
 Scammonia Monspelica, French scammony
 Scammonium, scammony, or juice of the Syrian bindweed root
 — Germanicum, great white bindweed
 — orientale, gamboge
 Scammonio electarium, scammony, cloves, ginger, oil of caraway, and syrup of roses
 — e pulvis cum aloë, scammony, jalap, aloes, and ginger
 — e pulvis cum calomelane, scammony, calomel, and sugar
 Scamnum, an instrument used in fractures
 Scandens, climbing
 Scandix, shepherd's needle; Venus's comb; diuretic
 — odorata, myrrhis
 Scapha, the outer edge of the external ear; a double-headed roller
 Scaphoides, a bone of the wrist
 Scapula, the shoulder blade
 Scapularia, a bandage for the shoulder blade
 Scapulariæ arteriæ, the scapulary arteries, branches of subclavian and axillary

Scapus, a stalk, or stem
 Scarabeolus hæmisphæricus cochinelifer, the cochineal insect
 Scarabeus, a beetle
 Scarificatio, an incision, or scratch; scarification
 Scariola, endive; strong-scented lettuce
 Scarlatina, a contagious fever with scarlet regular eruption
 — anginosa, sore throat with scarlet eruption on the skin
 — cynanchica, ulcerated sore throat with scarlet eruption
 — febris, a contagious inflammatory fever with scarlet eruption on the skin
 — porriginosa, scarlet fever with a scaling off of the skin
 — simplex, a contagious inflammatory fever with scarlet eruption on the skin
 — variolodes, scarlet fever resembling smallpox
 — urticata, the nettle-rash
 Sceletos, -on, a skeleton
 Sclotyrbe, scurvy
 — chorea St. Viti, a symptom of St. Vitus's dance or chorea, dragging one leg
 — festinans, chorea with quickened pace
 — instabilis, chorea with much motion
 — intermittens, chorea with remission
 — verminosa, chorea from worms
 Scenoma, the whole body
 Scesis, the disposition of the body
 Schadidacalli, the euphorbium plant
 Schænopressum, wild garlic
 Schænolaguros, cotton grass
 Schagri-cottam, the cornel tree
 Schesis, a transient disposition
 Schidacedon, a longitudinal fracture
 Schinellæon, oil of mastich
 Schismus, a crack, or fissure
 Schistus, a stone breaking into thin plates; bloodstone; slate
 Schœnanthe, } sweet rush; camel's hay,
 Schœnanthus, } or juncus odoratus
 Schœnolagurus, hares-tail rash
 Schœnoprasum, the wild leek
 Sciatica, rheumatism in the hip
 — arteria, an artery supplying the pelvis
 Sciatica vena, the sciatic vein of the thigh

S C O

Scilla, the squill, or sea onion of the Levant
 — *exsiccata*, dried squill
 — *Hispanica*, the Spanish squill
 — *maritima*, the squill, or sea onion
Scillæ acetum, squills macerated in vinegar
 — *conserva*, squills beat up with sugar
 — *mel*, tincture of squills boiled with honey
 — *oxymel*, vinegar of squills boiled with honey
 — *pilulæ*, dried squills, ginger, soap, and ammoniacum
 — *tinctura*, squills digested in spirit of wine
Scillites, squill wine
Scincus, the skink of the Nile; a species of lizard
Scindapsus, a species of ivy
Scintillatio, the appearance of sparks before the eyes
Scirrhomæ, } a hard tumour
Scirrhis, }
Scirrhus, a tumour, hard, sometimes knotty and painful, most frequently affecting glands and terminating in cancer
Scissio, a cutting away
Sciurus, the squirrel
Sclarea, garden clary, or horminum
 — *Hispanica*, wild clarey, or horminum sylvestre
Scleriosis, } a hard tumour
Scleroma, }
Sclerophthalmia, a protrusion of the eyeball; an inflammation of the eye
Sclerosarcoma, a hard excrescence on the gums
Sclerosis, a hard tumour
Sclerotica, } the sclerotic, white, and outer
Sclerotis, } coat of the eye
Sclopetoplaga, a gun-shot wound
Sclopetaria aqua, arquebusade; an application to wound; sage, mugwort, and mint distilled in wine
Scnips, a gnat
Scobs, powder; filing; rasping; shaving
Scolecoides, worm-like
Scolex, a worm
Scoliasis, a distortion of the spine
Scolopax, the woodcock
Scolopendrium, the herb hart's tongue
Scolopomacærium, an incision knife
Scolymus, golden thistle; the artichoke
 — *sylvestris*, wild artichoke, or cardoon

S C R

Scombrus, the mackarel
Scopia regia, wild myrtle; knee holly; butcher's broom
Scoparia, goose foot; summer cypress
Scopula, the flesh brush
Scorbutica, medicines for the scurvy
Scorbutus, the scurvy; a disease marked by debility, large livid tumours, bleeding spongy gums, &c.
 — *calidus*, sea scurvy with febrile symptoms
 — *crescens*, sea scurvy with increasing severity
 — *incipiens*, the mildest state of sea scurvy
 — *inveteratus*, severe sea scurvy
 — *lividus*, sea scurvy with livid tumours
 — *pallidus*, sea scurvy with paleness
 — *petechialis*, sea scurvy with purple spots
 — *ruber*, sea scurvy with purplish spots
Scordium, water germander
Scorditis, germander, or wood sage
Scoria, druss; the refuse of metals
Scorodinia, } germander, or wood sage
Scorodonia, }
Scorodoprasum, wild garlic
Scorodum, garlic
Scorpiaca, medicines for the bites of serpents
Scorpio, a scorpion
Scorpioides, bird's foot
Scorpiotes, scorpionwort
Scorpius, common furze; a scorpion
Scorzonera, viper grass
Scotodine,
Scotodinia, }
Scotodinos, } giddiness with impaired sight
Scotoma, }
Scotomia, }
Scotos, dim sight
Screatio, } a sonorous discharge of mucus
Screatus, } of the throat
Scrobiculus cordis, the pit of the stomach
Scrofa, a hog, or sow
Scrofula, } the king's evil
Scrophula, }
 — *Americana*, a contagious disease attended with excrescences like mulberries, caries, stiff joints, &c.
 — *aquatica*, betonica aquatica

S E B

Scrophula fugax, scrophula arising from absorbed matter
 — mesenterica, scrophula with diseased mesenteric glands
 — Molluccana, } varieties of scrophula
 — periodica, }
 — simplex, } true, or common scrophula
 — vulgaris, }
 Scrophularia, orpine plant; celandine
 — aquatica, water betony; greater water figwort
 — major, knobby-rooted figwort
 — minor, lesser celandine
 — nodosa, knobby-rooted figwort
 Scrotocele, a tumour of the scrotum
 Scrotum, the bag under the penis containing the testicles
 Scrupulus, a scruple, or twenty grains
 Scutellaria, the herb hooded loose strife
 Scutellum, a target
 Scutiforme os, the knee-pan
 Scutum, fomentation, poultice, &c.
 Scybala, hard excrement
 Scyrus lapis, pumice stone of volcanoes
 Scythicus latex, a pure water of Scythia
 Scytos, the skin
 Sebaceæ glandulæ, sebaceous glands of the cellular membrane
 Sebaceus humor, a suet-like matter secreted on the skin to defend and keep it soft
 Sebadilla, hordeum causticum, or Indian caustic barley
 Sebar, the aromatic alum
 Sebas, sebat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the acid of fat
 — aluminosus, sebat of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, sebat of ammoniac
 — arsenicalis, sebat of arsenic
 — argenti, sebat of silver
 — auri, sebat of gold
 — baryticus, sebat of barytes, or heavy spar
 — bismuthi, sebat of bismuth
 — calcareus, sebat of lime
 — cobalti, sebat of cobalt
 — cupri, sebat of copper
 — ferri, sebat of iron
 — hydrargyri, sebat of mercury
 — magnesiæ, sebat of magnesia
 — magnesi, sebat of manganese
 — molybdeni, sebat of molybden
 — niccoli, sebat of nickel
 — plati, sebat of platina

S E M

Sebas plumbi, sebat of lead
 — potassæ, sebat of potash
 — sodæ, sebat of soda, or mineral alkali
 — stibii, sebat of antimony
 — stanni, sebat of tin
 — tungsteni, sebat of tungstein
 — zinci, sebat of zinc
 Sebesten, } species of jujube; a plum-like fruit of Egypt and Assyria
 Sebestina, }
 Sebsen, }
 Secale, rye
 Secretio, secretion, or separation of various fluids and other matters by glands from the blood
 Secta methodica,
 Sectio Cæsarea, Cæsarea sectio
 — frænica, } the high operation for the stone
 — hypogastrica, }
 Secundina, the secundines, or placenta and membranes
 Securidaca, the bitter vetch; a species of goat's thorn
 Securiformis, down on plants resembling a hatchet
 Sedantia, } sedative medicines; medicines moderating muscular action
 Sedativa, }
 Sedativus sal, sedative salt, or acid of borax
 Sedenegi, hæmatites
 Sedentaria ossa, the os coccygis and ischia
 Sedigitus, having six fingers
 Sedimentum, the sediment, or subsidence
 Sedum, house-leek, or sedum; saxifrage
 — luteum murale, navelwort
 Seggrum, common ragwort
 Segregata, a composite flower
 Seignette, Rochelle salt
 Seisis, a concussion
 Selenites, a fossil stone, consisting of vitriolic acid and calcareous earth
 Selinum Pyreneum thaspizæ, mountain parsley
 Sella Turcica, the Turkish saddle; a depression of the sphenoid bone of the skull containing the pituitary bone
 Semasia, the attack of a disease
 Semeiosis, } the doctrine of signs of health or disease
 Semeiotica, -e, }
 Semen, seed
 — Macedonisium, seed of Alexanders
 Sementina, } worm seed
 Sementina, }
 Semi, or Semis, half
 Semiscupium, a warm bath to immerse the body to the middle

S E N

Semidrachma, half a drachm; thirty grains
 Semifibulæus, a muscle of the leg
 Semilunares cartilagineæ, cartilages of the knee
 Semimembranosus musculus, } muscles of
 Seminervosus musculosus, } the leg
 Seminium chemicum, a receptacle for the seminal matter, or the first matter of which all things are formed
 Semiorbicularis inferior, } muscles of the
 ————— superior, } lips
 Semiotica, semeiotica
 Semirrhombus, a bandage
 Semis, a cup; a Roman $\frac{3}{4}$ ss. or $\frac{1}{2}$ ss.
 Semispinalis, a muscle of the back
 Semitendinosus, a muscle of the leg
 Semitertiana febris, a species of tertian fever
 Sempervivum, sedum, or house-leek
 ————— majus, the large house-leek
 Seneca, serpentaria; Virginian snake root
 Senecio, groundsel
 ————— Asiaticus, bastard china root
 ————— Brasiliensis, a Brazilian plant curing the itch
 ————— cœruleus, blue fleabane
 ————— major, common ragwort
 Senecta anguium, the cast skin of a serpent; its decoction said to cure deafness
 ————— viridis, youthful vigour in old age
 Senectus, old age
 Senega, seneka
 Senegal gum, the red astringent African gum
 Seneka, seneka root; American milkwort; rattlesnake root
 Senna, senna leaves; a purgative plant of Asia
 ————— Alexandrina, Alexandrian senna; the sort in use
 ————— e electarium, lenitive electuary
 ————— Europæa, } colutea
 ————— Mauritanorum, }
 ————— orientalis, East Indian senna
 ————— pauperum, bastard senna, or milk vetch
 ————— pulvis compositus, senna, cream of tartar, scammony, and ginger
 ————— scorpium, the scorpion senna
 Sennæ extractum, extract of senna
 ————— folia, senna leaves
 ————— infusum commune, senna, coriander, and cream of tartar in water

S E R

Sennæ infusum simplex, senna and ginger in water
 ————— infusum tartarizatum, senna, coriander, and cream of tartar in water
 Senoria, the banana tree
 Sensibilis, sensible, or having feeling
 Sensorium, } the brain, or brain-
 ————— commune, } lar system
 Sensus externi, the external senses; seeing, hearing, tasting, smelling, and feeling
 ————— interni, the internal senses are imagination, memory, judgment, attention, and the passions
 Separatorium, a separatory; a surgical and chymical instrument
 Sepiæ, -os, } the cuttle-fish bone; pounce
 Sepium, }
 Seps, a serpent
 Sepsis, putrefaction
 Septana, a fever terminating in seven days
 Septenus, applied to plants with seven leaves on each foot-stalk
 Septica, septicæ; corrosives; medicines promoting putridity
 Septicus lapis, potential, or cauterium of potash and lime
 Septifolia, coralwort, or setfoil toothwort
 Septimana, a week; a weekly fever
 Septimus caput moventum, mastoideus musculus
 Septinervia, a species of plantain
 Septum cordis, the partition of the ventricles of the heart
 ————— lucidum, the partition of the ventricles of the brain
 ————— narium, the partition betwixt the nostrils
 ————— palati, the partition of the palate
 ————— transversum, the diaphragm
 Septunx, a cup; a Roman $\frac{3}{4}$ ss.
 Sepulchretum anatomicum Boneti, Bonetus's dissections
 Serapias, the orchis root
 Serapium, gum sagapenum
 Sericeus, silky
 Sericum, silk
 Serifluxus, any discharge of serum
 Serifole Bengalensium, a tall tree of Malabar and Bengal
 Seringat, caoutchouc
 Seriola, endive
 Seriphium, flax weed
 Seris, wild succory

S E T

Serosus, like whey
 Serpens anguis, the common snake
 Serpens Indicus coronatus, the Indian serpent
 Serpentaria, dragon's and many-leaved arum
 ——— Hispanica, viper grass
 ——— minor, arum, or wake robin
 ——— nigra, black snake weed
 ——— Virginiana, } Virginian
 Serpentariæ Virginianæ radix, } snake root
 Serpentis lapis, an antidote to poison
 Serpigo, tetter; ringworm; herpes
 Serpyllum, wild thyme
 ——— citratum, lemon, or citron thyme
 ——— vulgare minus, mother of thyme;
 wild thyme
 Serrata, or Serratula, germander
 Serratus, serrated; saw-like
 ——— anticus major, a muscle of the scapula
 ——— anticus minor, a muscle of the chest
 ——— posticus superior, } muscles of the
 ——— posticus inferior, } ribs
 Serriola, endive
 Sertula campana, melilotus
 Serum, whey; the thin and yellowish part
 of the blood
 ——— aluminosus, alum whey
 Servillum, skirret
 Sesamoidea ossa, small bones of the toes
 and fingers
 Sesamoides, wild succory
 Sesamum verum, the Egyptian oily purging
 grain
 Sescuncia, } an ounce and a half, or twelve
 Sescunx, } drachms
 Seseli Æthiopicum, shrubby hartwort of
 Ethiopia
 ——— Massiliense, French hartwort
 ——— Peloponnense, wild cicely; cow weed
 ——— Pyrenne, bastard spignel
 ——— Pyrenaicum, mountain parsley
 ——— vulgare, common hartwort; aromatic
 Sesclon, the garden snail
 Sesquilibra, a pound and a half
 Sesquiuncia, sescuncia
 Sessilis, sitting; when leaves have no foot-
 stalks
 Setaceum, a seton; a discharge promoted
 by passing silk through a portion of the
 integuments
 Setaceus, bristly
 Setæ equinæ, horse hairs
 Setanios, hornotinus; a species of wheat

S I L

Setanium, the small bastard medlar
 Seuren, disease incident to cattle
 Seutlomalache, supposed to be spinach
 Sevum ovile, } suet
 ——— ovinum, }
 Sexfidus, cleft into six
 Sextana, fever returning every sixth day
 Sextans, a cup; a Roman measure
 Sextarius, a pound and a half
 Shittim, a kind of cedar
 Siagon, the jaw
 Sialagoga, medicines producing salivation,
 or spitting
 Sibbens, disease resembling syphilis
 Sibcadi, bulbus vomitorius
 Siccantia, drying medicines
 Siccata, arentes
 Sicchasia, lassitude attending pregnancy
 Siciliana, tutsan; all-heal; Peter's wort
 Sicula, common white beet
 ——— terra, } fossil bezoar; a kind of
 Sculus albus, } iron ore
 Sicyedon, a transverse fracture
 Sicyone, a cucurbit
 Sicyos, -us, the single seeded cucumber
 Sideratio, an apoplexy; a blast, or slight
 erysipelas
 ——— ossis, a carious bone
 Siderites, common ground pine; the load-
 stone
 Siderium, an herb
 Sidium, the pomegranate
 Sigillata terra, sealed earth; a species of
 bole
 Sigillum hermeticum, an hermetic seal; clos-
 ing the end of a glass tube by melting it
 ——— Solomonis, the plant Solomon's
 seal
 ——— beatæ Mariæ, black bryony
 Sigmoidea flexura, the sigmoid flexure, or
 turn of the colon
 Sigmoides processus, valves of the heart
 Signa critica, signs of the crisis of disease
 ——— diagnostica, diagnosis, or distinguish-
 ing signs
 Signum, a sign, or symptom
 Siler montanum, common hartwort
 Silex, flint
 Silica, flinty earth
 Silicula, a small pod
 Siligo, fine wheat
 Siliqua, the carob tree; a pod, as the pea,
 bean, &c.
 ——— dulcis, carantia

Siliqua hirsuta, cow-hage
Siliquastra, fossil fish bones
Siliquastrum, the Judas tree
 ——— Plinii, Indian pepper
Siliquosa Indica, an American plant; its juice alexipharmic
Silphium gummi, assafoetida
Silurus, the sheath fish
Simaraba, } the simirouba, or Guiana bark;
Simarouba, } a species of quassi
Simia, the ape
Similatio, assimilation; nutrition
Simitas, the concave side of the liver
Simivulpa, an animal like an ape and fox
Simplex oculus, a bandage for the eye
Sinanchicæ, Italian rushy horse-tail
Sinapelæon, oil of mustard seed
Sinapeos semen, mustard seed
Sinapi, mustard
Sinapis semen album, white mustard seed
 ——— *semen nigrum*, black mustard seed
Sinapismus, a sinapism, or mustard plaster
Sinciput, the fore part of the skull
Sine pari, the azygos vein of the thorax
Sinense lignum, the Chinese lettered wood
Singultus, hiccup
Sinister, on the left side
Sinistrorsum, on the left side, or hand
Sinkoo, the aromatic aloe
Sinon, stone parsley
Sinoper, cinnabari
Sinopis, a red earth, or ruddle
Sinus, any cavity; the small opening of an abscess
 ——— *coxæ*, the sinus of the coccyx
 ——— *maxillaris*, the Highmorian cavity of the cheek
 ——— *muliebris*, } the vagina
 ——— *pudoris*, }
 ——— *venæ portarum*, the entrance into the liver
Sionanna, the amelpodi tree of Malabar
Siphilis, the venereal disease, or lues
Siphunculus maris, the pipe shell of the East Indies
Sirenes, insects infesting cattle
Siriasis, phrensy almost peculiar to children
Sirii boa, the beetle nut
Sisarum, skirretwort
 ——— *montanum*, ginseng
 ——— *Peruvianum*, the Spanish potatoe
Siser, skirretwort
Sison, stone parsley
Silentia, medicines that check purging

Sisura, the wagtail
Sisymbrium, *mentha aquatica*; water-cress; Barbara's herb; mustard
 ——— *aquaticum*, the water radish
Sitiologia, } the doctrine of aliment, or
Sitiologie, } food
Sitis, thirst
Sitium, aliment of any kind
Sium, the laver plant, or beeabunga; water parsnep
 ——— *alterum*, a variety of the laver plant
 ——— *angustifolium*, upright water parsnep
 ——— *aromaticum*, stone parsley
 ——— *erucæ folio*, water hemlock
 ——— *latifolium*, } great water parsley
 ——— *majus*, }
Smaltum, smalt; flint and potash melted together, coloured with cobalt, and powdered
Smaragdus, an emerald
Smaris, a small fish
Smectis, fuller's earth
Smegma, any soapy formula
Smilax aspera, } rough bindweed; true
 ——— *Chinensis*, } China root
 ——— *hortensis*, the kidney bean
 ——— *Indica*, the Indian, or common bindweed
 ——— *lævis officinæ*, } great white bindweed
 ——— *lævis minor*, }
 ——— *occidentalis*, } the Indian, or common bindweed
 ——— *orientalis*, }
 ——— *Virginiana*, sarsaparilla
 ——— *unifolia humilima*, the herb one blade
Smile, a lancet
Smodira, medicines to remove spots from bruises
Smyrnion, herb masterwort
Smyrnium, a species of parsley
Socotorina aloe, the best aloes
Soda, mineral fixed alkali; the hearthurn
 ——— *phosphorata*, natron and phosphoric acid
Sol, gold
Solamen intestinorum, aniseed
Solanoides, bastard nightshade
Solanum, nightshade
 ——— *arborescens Indicum*, colubrinum lignum
 ——— *Barbadense*, Barbadoes, or red nightshade
 ——— *dulcamara*, woody nightshade; dulcamara

S O P

Solanum furiosum, deadly nightshade
 ——— *hortense*, common nightshade
 ——— *lethale*, deadly nightshade
 ——— *lignosum*, woody nightshade
 ——— *lycopersicum*, the love apple
 ——— *maniacum*, deadly nightshade
 ——— *magnum*, Barbadoes, or red nightshade
 ——— *nigrum*, } garden, or common
 ——— *officinale*, } nightshade
 ——— *pomiferum*, the love apple
 ——— *quadrifolium*, ipecacuanha
 ——— *racemosum* *Indicum*, *cocculus* *Indus*
 ——— *solatrum*, common nightshade
 ——— *tuberosum*, the potatoe
 ——— *urens*, Indian pepper
 ——— *vaccarium*, the winter cherry
 ——— *vulgare*, common nightshade
Soldanella maritima *minor*, sea cole
Solea, the sole
Solen, any tube or channel; a cradle
Solenarium, a catheter
Soleus, *gastrocnemius internus*; a muscle of the back part of the leg
Solida, the solids
Solidagine, groundwort
Solidago, comfrey
 ——— *virga aurea*, common golden rod
Solidum, a solid substance
Solitarii, local diseases
Solis aqua, Bath water
Solium, the ground; the tape worm
Solsequia, garden marigold
Solsequius, common water spurge
Solum, the sole of the foot
Solutio, solution, or dissolving; division
 ——— *continui*, a fracture; laceration
Solutiones, fresh wounds
Solutiva, opening, or solutive medicines
Somnambulismus, } somnambulism, or sleep
Somnambulo, } walking
Somnium, a dream
Somnus, sleep
Sonchus laevis, } wild purple gum succory
 ——— *repens*, } plant; greater hawkweed; sow thistle
Sonitus, } sound
Sonus, }
Sophera, senna orientalis
Sophia, flax weed; lady's smock
Sophronisteres, the last of the double teeth
Sopientia, opiates
Sopor, lethargy

S P E

Sopor altus, lethargy
Soporalis, the jugular vein
Soporariae arteriae, the carotid arteries
Soporifera, medicines which produce sleep
Soporosi, lethargic affections; diminished sense and motion
Sora, a species of nettle-rash
Sorbastrella, the herb burnet
Sorbilis, } a sorbition, drink, or ptisan
Sorbitio, }
Sorbus aucuparia, } the service tree
 ——— *sativa*, }
 ——— *sylvestris*, }
 ——— *Virginiana*, *crataegus*
Sordes, dirt; filth; faeces
 ——— *aurium*, ear wax
Sory, a species of mundic, or pyrites
Soude, } French mineral alkali;
 ——— *blanche*, } kali
Spagiricus, chymical
Spagirus, an alchymist
Spanopogen, thinly bearded
Sparagmus, agitation; convulsion
Sparagus, common asparagus
Sparganium, a water plant
Spargosis, an abscess from milk
Sparta folia, fossil amianthus stone
Spartium, the heath broom
 ——— *arborescens*, Spanish broom
 ——— *majus*, furze, or gorse of commons
 ——— *scoparium*, common broom
Sparus, like a dart
Spasma, spasm; convulsion
Spasmi, spasms; spasmodic; or convulsive diseases
Spasmus, } spasm; convulsion; an
 ——— *clonicus*, } irregular motion of
 ——— muscles, or muscular fibres
 ——— *cynicus*, a snarling, spasmodic, and painful grin
 ——— *maxillae inferioris*, spasm, or contraction of the muscles of the lower jaw
 ——— *oesophagi*, a spasm, or contraction of the oesophagus
 ——— *tonicus*, violent and permanent spasm
Spatha, a spatula; a species of palm tree; cabbage tree
Spatula foetida, spurgewort
Species, a kind; the component parts of a genus
 ——— *aromaticae*, *pulvis aromaticus*
 ——— *diacurcumae*, a powder with saffron

S P H

- Species diambrae cum odoratis, species of diambrae with ambergris and musk
 — diambrae sine odoratis, cinnamon, angelica, cloves, mace, spikenard, &c.
 — diamoschudulcis, a powder with musk
 — dianthus, rosemary, rose, liquorice, cloves, spikenard, nutmeg, &c.
 — diatragacanthi frigidæ, tragacanth, Arabic, starch, liquorice, seeds of melon, &c.
 — diatrion pipereon, Jamaica pepper, anise, thyme, and ginger
 — hieræ picræ, cinnamon, zedoary, asarum, cardamoms, saffron, cochineal, and aloes
 Specifica, specifics; medicines which certainly cure particular diseases
 Specillum, } a probe
 Speculum, }
 — ani, a peculiar instrument to dilate the anus
 — oculi, a peculiar instrument to keep open the eyelids
 — oris, a peculiar instrument to keep open the mouth
 — uteri, a peculiar instrument to keep open the vagina
 Spelta, spelt corn
 Spergula, aspergula
 Sperma ceti, a fatty matter taken from the head of the whale and purified by boiling with alkali
 — ranarum, spawn of frogs
 Spermatica arteria, the spermatic artery conveying blood to the testicle
 — corda, the cord going to each testicle containing its vessels and nerves
 — vasa, the vessels of the testicles
 — vena, the vein of the testicle
 Spermatocoele, a swelling of the spermatic vessels, or vessels of the testicle
 Spermatopœetica, medicines producing sperma
 Spertiola, the spawn of frogs
 Sphacelus, } mortification; a caries, or
 — ossis, } decay of a bone
 Sphacelismus, phrensy
 Sphænoides os, the sphenoid bone of the basis of the skull
 Sphænistica, a kind of tennis game
 Sphæritis, }
 Sphærocephalia elatior, } the globe thistle
 Spheno maxillaris arteria, an artery of the orbit of the eye

S P I

- Spheno maxillaria fissura, the inferior orbital fissures
 — palatinus, a muscle of the palate
 — pharyngæus, a muscle of the pharynx
 — pterygo palatinus, } muscles of
 — salpingo pharyngæi, } the palate
 — salpingo staphilinus, }
 Sphincter, a contractor, or shutter up
 — ani, the muscle which contracts and shuts the end of the intestinum rectum
 — gulæ, the muscle which contracts the top of the throat
 — labiorum, the muscle which contracts and shuts the lips or mouth
 — œsophagi, the muscle which contracts the top of the throat
 — vaginæ, the muscle which contracts the vagina
 — vesicæ, the muscle which shuts the neck of the bladder
 Sphingonta, astringent medicines
 Sphygmus, } the pulse
 Sphyxis, }
 Spica, a spike; a stalk conically set with flowers
 — brevis, fox-tail plant
 — Celtica, Celtic spikenard
 — fœmina, common lavender
 — Indica, Indian spikenard
 — inguinalis, a bandage for ruptures in the groin
 — inguinalis duplex, double spina inguinalis
 — lavendula vulgaris, lavendula angustifolia
 — mas, lavendula latifolia
 — nardi, common spikenard
 — officinarum, lavendula latifolia
 — simplex, a common roller, or bandage
 Spicilla, a small spiked flower
 Spigelia, the Indian pink of Jamaica
 Spina, a thorn; the back bone; the shin bone
 — acida, the barberry bush
 — acuta, hawthorn
 — Ægyptiaca, the Egyptian thorn, or sloe tree
 — alba, the white thorn tree
 — Arabica, the chardon, or Arabian thistle
 — bifida, a dropsy of the spinal marrow with deficiency of bone

Spinaburghi Monspeliensis, evergreen privet
 — *cervina solutiva infectoria*, the buck thorn
 — *dorsi*, the back bone
 — *hiri*, the goat's thorn of France, yielding gum tragacanth
 — *purgatrix*, the purging thorn
 — *solstitialis*, Barnaby's thistle
 — *ventosa*, a caries of a bone from the inside
Spinachia, } common spinach; *lapathum*
Spinacia, } *hortense*
 — *fragifera*, strawberry spinach
Spinæ crates, the chine of the back
 — *ventositas*, a caries, or decay of a bone
Spinales colli minores, muscles of the spine
 — *lumborum*, }
 — *majores*, } muscles of the loins
 — *minores*, }
Spinalis arteria, the artery of the back bone
 — *colli*, a muscle of the neck
 — *dorsi major*, } muscles of the back
 — *dorsi minor*, } bone
Spini solstitialis, *calcitrapa officinalis*
Spinosa, the spina bifida; a dropsy of the spinal marrow with a deficiency of bone
Spinosum Syriacum, the Syrian broom
Spinosus, thorny
Spiracula, orifices, outlets, or pores
Spiræa Africana, African meadow sweet
 — *ulmaria*, English meadow sweet
Spiratio, respiration
Spiritus, any fine volatile fluid
 — *abstractitus*, the spirit of unfermented aromatic vegetables
 — *aceti*, distilled vinegar
 — *æthereus*, } a distillation of
 — *ætheris vitriolici*, } equal parts of
 vitriolic acid and rectified spirit of wine
 — *ætheris vitriolici compositus*, a mixture of æther and oil of wine; Hoffman's anodyne liquor
 — *ætheris nitrosi*, a distillation of four parts of rectified spirit of wine and one of nitrous acid
 — *ammonia*, a distillation of spirit of wine, sal ammoniac, and potash
 — *ammonia compositus*, a mixture of spirit of ammonia with oils of lemon and nutmeg
 — *ammonia foetidus*, a distillation of spirit of wine, sal ammoniac, assafoetida, and potash

Spiritus ammonia succinatus, a mixture of alcohol, pure ammonia, rectified oil of amber, and soap
 — *animalis*, an imagined æthereal spirit in animals
 — *anisi compositus*, a distillation of aniseed and angelica seed in weak spirit of wine
 — *antimonii*, weak spirit of sulphur
 — *ardentes*, spirits drawn from unfermenting vegetables
 — *camphoræ*, } camphor
 — *camphoratus*, } dissolved
 — *camphoratus vinosus*, } in spirit of wine
 — *carui*, caraway seed distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *cervicula*, spirit of the bone of a stag's heart
 — *cinnamomi*, cinnamon distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *cochlearia aureus*, juice of scurvy grass, brook lime, and water-cresses, with gamboge; dose gr. xxx.
 — *cochlearia simplex*, scurvy grass distilled with rectified spirit of wine; dose gr. l.
 — *cornu cervi*, a distillation of pieces of hartshorn
 — *croci*, saffron distilled in spirit of wine
 — *fuliginis*, spirit distilled from soot
 — *juniperi compositus*, juniper berries, caraway and fennel seed, distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *lavendulæ*, fresh lavender flowers distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *lavendulæ compositus*, cinnamon, nutmegs, and red saunders digested in spirit of lavender and spirit of rosemary
 — *lavendulæ simplex*, fresh lavender flowers distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *menthæ piperitidis*, dried peppermint distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *menthæ sativæ*, dried common mint distilled in weak spirit of wine
 — *mindereri*, a saturated mixture of ammonia and vinegar
 — *nitri dulcis*, a distillation of four parts of spirit of wine and one of nitrous acid
 — *nitri Glauberi*, nitrous acid prepared by distilling three parts nitre and one vitriolic acid

S P I

- Spiritus nucis moschatæ, nutmegs distilled in weak spirit of wine
- pimento, pimento berries distilled in weak spirit of wine
- pulegii, dried pennyroyal distilled in weak spirit of wine
- raphani compositus, horse-radish, orange rind, scurvy grass, and nutmegs distilled in weak spirit of wine
- rorismarini, the tops of fresh rosemary distilled in weak spirit of wine
- salinus aromaticus, a mixture of vinous spirit of sal ammoniac and oils of rosemary and lemon
- salis ammoniaci, sal ammoniac and fixed alkali distilled with water
- salis ammoniaci cum calce viva, volatile caustic alkali; sal ammoniac and quicklime distilled with water in a very gentle heat
- salis ammoniaci dulcis, sal ammoniac and fixed alkali distilled with spirit of wine
- salis ammoniaci vinosus, sal ammoniac and quicklime distilled in spirit of wine
- salis marini, muriatic acid made by distilling sea salt and diluted vitriolic acid
- salis marini coagulatus, a saturated mixture of Glauber's spirit of sea salt and fixed alkali
- salis marini dulcis, a distillation of four parts spirit of wine and one of muriatic acid
- salis marini Glauberi, muriatic acid made by distilling sea salt and oil of vitriol
- succini, spirit distilled from amber
- sulphuris per campanam, the fumes, or acid of burning sulphur collected under a bell
- terebinthinæ, oil of turpentine
- urinæ, a species of alkali
- vini camphoratus, camphor dissolved in spirit of wine
- vini Gallici, } spirit distilled
- vini rectificatus, } from wine and other fermented liquors, or from French brandy
- vini tartarizatus, rectified spirit of wine distilled with fixed alkali
- vini tenuior, spiritus vinosus tenuior

S P O

- Spiritus vinosus tenuior, weak spirit of wine drawn from treacle, sugar, &c.
- vitrioli dulcis, a mixture of vitriolic æther and spirit of wine
- vitrioli fortis, the fluid remaining after distilling the liquor drawn from calcined vitriol
- vitrioli tenuis, the spirit which comes over on distilling the liquor drawn from calcined vitriol, or a mixture of one part of vitriolic acid and seven of water
- volatilis aromaticus, } a mixture of
- volatilis oleosus, } vinous spirit of sal ammoniac with oils of rosemary and lemon
- volatilis oleosus extemporaneous, spiritus volatilis aromaticus
- volatilis causticus, volatile caustic alkali; sal ammoniac and quicklime distilled with water in a very gentle heat
- volatilis foetidus, fixed alkali, sal ammoniac, and assafetida distilled with spirit of wine
- volatilis succinatus, oil of amber, spirit of wine, and caustic volatile alkali distilled; eau de luce
- Spissamenta, any thing that adds consistence, or odour
- Splanchnica, remedies for diseased bowels
- Splanchnologia, splanchnology; the doctrine of diseases of internal parts
- Splen, the spleen, or milt
- Splenalgia, pain in the spleen
- suppuratoria, abscess of the spleen
- Splenia, compress, or bandage
- Splenica, pain in the spleen
- arteria, the artery of the spleen
- vena, the vein of the spleen
- Splenitis, inflammation of the spleen; pain, tension, and heat of the left side with fever
- phlegmonodea, inflammation of the spleen
- Splenium, milt waste; spleenwort; a compress
- Splenius, } muscles of the head
- capitis, } and neck
- colli, }
- Splenocèle, a rupture of the spleen
- Spodion, sugar
- Spodium Arabum, burnt ivory, or ivory black

S T A

Spodium Græcorum, the white dung of dogs
 Spoliarium, a private room at the baths
 Spondylium, cow parsnep
 Spondylos, a vertebra
 Spongia, sponge
 — solis, the Bononian phosphoric stone
 — usta, burnt sponge
 Spongiosa ossa inferiora, } bones of the
 — ossa superiora, } nose
 Spongiosum os, the ethmoid bone of the skull
 Sponsa solis, the marigold; the red rot, or sun-dew
 Sporadici morbi, sporadic diseases, such as are confined to season and place
 Sporadicus, sporadic; confined to place
 Sporos, semen
 Spuma argenti, the squamæ, or scales of silver
 — argenti officinalis, lithargyrum
 Sputamen, sputum
 Sputum, saliva; spittle; expectoration
 Squalor, sultry weather; dirt
 Squalus, the skate fish
 Squama, a scale
 Squamæ, scales
 — æris, the flakes which fly off in hammering copper
 Squamaria, the great toothwort; broom rape
 Squamosus, scaly
 Squatina marina, the monk fish; its skin used in baldness
 Squilla crangon, the prawn fish
 Squinanthia, cynanche; sore throat
 Squinanthum, juncus odoratus, or camel's hay
 Stachys, the base horehound, or marrubium Hispanicum
 — foetida, yellow archangel; hedge nettle
 — palustris, clown's woundwort, or all-heal
 Stacte, } gum myrrh; storax
 Stachte, }
 Stacticon, instillation; an eye-water
 Stadium, a stage of disease
 Stagma, any distilled liquor; the vitriolic acid
 Stalagmus, distillation
 Staltica, healing application
 Stamina, the chivs of flowers; fibres supporting the fariaa, or generating dust

S T E

Stannum, tin; filings and powder of, an-
 thelmintic, dose from ʒi. to iiss.
 Stapedis musculus, a muscle of the inner ear
 Stapes, a small bone of the ear called the stirrup
 Staphisagra, stavesacre; lousewort
 Staphyle, the uvula
 Staphylini, } muscles of the pa-
 Staphylinus externus, } late
 — Græcorum, } the wild carrot
 — sylvestris, }
 Staphyloendron, a tree bearing pods
 Staphyloma, a dropsy of the cornea of the eye
 Staphylosis, a protrusion of the choroid coat of the eye
 Stasis, a stagnation of any humour
 Stationaria febris, stationary fever; fever depending on peculiar seasons
 Staxis, a distillation
 Steatites, a clayey stone; an ingredient in China ware; corpulency
 Steatocele, a swelling of the scrotum, containing a suety matter
 Steatoma, a species of tumour containing a suety matter
 Stella, a star; a bandage for the temples
 — marina, the star fish
 — terræ, buckhorn plantain
 Stellaria, stitchwort; lady's mantle
 Stellaris, } aparine; woodrow; woodroff;
 Stellata, } star stone
 Stellatus, disposed like rays
 Stellio, a lizard
 Stelochites, glue bone; a fossil; osteocolla
 Stema, a penis
 Stenostomus, narrow-mouthed
 Stenothorax, narrow-chested
 Stercoraceus, stercoraceous; feculent; excrementitious
 Stercus, excrement; fæces
 Sterilitas, barrenness
 Sterno-cleido-hyoidæus, a muscle of the os hyoides
 — costales, muscles of the ribs
 — hyoides, a muscle of the os hyoides
 — mastoideus, } a muscle of the neck
 — mastoides, } and head
 — thyroidæi, muscles of the larynx
 Sternum, the breast bone
 Sternutatio, sneezing
 Sternutatoria, sternutatories, or sneezing medicines

S T R

Sternutatorius pulvis, sneezing powder;
 assarabacca, marjoram, mastich, thyme,
 and lavender flowers
 Stertor, snoring, as in apoplexy
 Stethenium, the middle of the breast
 Stethos, the breast
 Stibialia, antimonials
 Stibium, antimony
 Stigma, a spot or mole; bruise; a purple
 spot; the apex of the pointal
 Stilboma, a cosmetic
 Stillicidium, the dropping of a fluid
 ——— urinæ, strangury
 Stimmi, antimony
 Stimulans, stimulant, } medicines which
 Stimulantia, stimulants, } excite the action
 of moving fibres
 ——— cardiaca, cordial aromatic sti-
 mulants
 ——— diffusibilia, diffusible stimulants,
 as æther, electricity, ammonia, &c.
 ——— topica, external, or local sti-
 mulants
 Stipatio, costiveness
 Stæchas, French lavender
 Stolones, suckers from the roots of plants
 Stoloniferus, bearing suckers
 Stomacace, the sea scurvy with bleeding
 gums
 Stomachia passio, pain in the stomach with
 dyspeptic symptoms and depression
 Stomachici nervi, the par vagum, or eighth
 pair of nerves
 Stomachus, the stomach
 Storax, the Syrian storax tree; styrax
 ——— rubra officinalis, cascarilla bark
 Stabilismus, } squinting; when the opti-
 Strabismus, } tical axes of the eyes do
 Strabositas, } not converge
 ——— buffonii, squinting from debili-
 ty in one eye
 ——— catarrhalis, squinting from ca-
 tarrhal affection of one eye
 ——— caligantium, squinting pecu-
 liar to the dim-sighted
 ——— commodas, squinting from ne-
 cessity
 ——— a crystallino, squinting from de-
 praved crystalline lens
 ——— habitualis, squinting from habit
 ——— lagophthalmos, squinting from
 a turning out of the eyelids
 ——— a luscitate, squinting from a ca-
 pacity of seeing best at night

S T R

Strabositas myopum, squinting from short
 sight
 ——— necessarius, squinting from ne-
 cessity
 ——— paralyticus, squinting from palsy
 ——— spasmodicus, squinting from
 contraction
 ——— symptomaticus, squinting, a
 symptom of another disease
 ——— vulgaris, habitual squinting
 without disease
 Stramen camelorum, camel's hay, or juncus
 odoratus
 Stramonium, } the poisonous
 ——— .. datura, } thorn-apple. See
 ——— officinale, } Datura
 ——— spinosum, }
 Strangalides, tumours in the breast from
 milk
 Strangulatio, suffocation
 Stranguria, strangury, or discharge of urine
 by drops
 Stratificatio, lying in layers, or strata
 Stratiotes, the herb frogbit; milltoil
 Stremma, a strain, or spain
 Strepsiceros, the antelope
 Striatus, channelled; striated; marked with
 lines
 Strictor, sphincter
 Strictura, a ligature; a morbid contraction
 of a passage
 Stridor, crashing, or gnashing
 ——— dentium, grinding of the teeth
 Stridulus, stridulous; croaking; screaming
 Strigil, } an instrument to scrape off sweat
 Strigilis, } from the wrestlers
 Strigmentum, filth scraped from bodies in
 exercise
 Stringentia, astringent medicines
 Strinx, or Strix, a screech owl
 Strobilus, the artichoke
 Strobiliformis, conical
 Strobus, an aromatic tree
 Strombites, a stone resembling the
 Strombus, a twisted shell fish
 Strongylus, the lumbricus, or round worm
 Strontia, a new kind of earth
 Strophos, a twisting of the intestines
 Struma, the scrophula, or king's evil; a
 wen
 Strumen, an herb
 Strumosus, strumous, or scrophulous
 Struthium, the herb masterwort; soapwort
 ——— album, dyer's weed

S U B

Strychnomania, the effect of eating deadly nightshade
 Strychnos, deadly nightshade; the snake-weed tree
 Stum, must prevented from fermenting by sulphur
 Stupa, stupe, or fomentation; a sweating bath
 Stupefacientia, narcotics
 Stupha, stupa
 Stupor, loss of sensation with drowsiness
 ——— dentium, commonly called teeth-on-edge
 Stuppa, stupa
 Sturio, the sturgeon
 Styliformis, shaped like a style, or pen
 Stylo-cerato-hyoidæus, the horn-like processes of the hyoides
 ——— chondro-hyoidæus, a muscle of the os hyoides
 ——— glossi, muscles expanding the tongue
 ——— hyoides, a muscle of the os hyoides
 ——— mastoidæum foramen, the aperture for the auditory nerve
 ——— pharyngæi, muscles of the pharynx
 Styloides processus, a process of the temporal bone
 ——— radialis ligamentum, } ligaments
 ——— ulnæ ligamentum, } of the wrist
 Stylus, the shaft of a flower
 Stymmata, ingredients adding consistence, or odour
 Stymatosis, a discharge of blood from the penis with erection
 Stypsis irini, oil prepared by macerating palm fruit and orris; detergent
 Styptica, styptics, or medicines that stop bleeding
 Stypticus pulvis Edinensis, alum and dragon's blood
 Styraciflua, liquidambar
 Styra, the Syrian storax tree
 ——— alba, the white Peruvian balsam
 ——— calamita, storax in the cane
 ——— colata, strained storax
 ——— folio mali cotonei, the Syrian storax tree
 ——— liquida, liquid storax, or liquidambar
 ——— officinalis, common storax
 ——— rubra, red storax, or in the tear
 Subalaris vena, the vein of the axilla, or arm-pit
 Subcartilagineum, the hypochondrium; the part under the ribs

S U C

Subclaviæ arteriæ, arteries passing under the clavicles, or collar bones
 Subclavius musculus, a muscle of the clavicle
 Subcostales, muscles of the ribs
 Subcutaneus, the platisma myoides muscle
 Subductio, a discharge of fæces
 Suber, the cork tree
 Suberis cortex, the bark of the cork tree
 Suberosus, jagged; cork-like
 Subhumeralis vena, a vein running under the shoulder
 Subintrans, a fever in which the paroxysms run into one another
 Sublimamentum, cloud in the urine
 Sublimatio, sublimation, or raising; collecting and condensing the fumes of solid volatile bodies
 ——— urinæ, cloud in the urine
 Sublimatum, sublimate; the condensed fume of a solid
 Sublinguales glandulæ, the sublingual, or glands under the tongue
 Sublingualis arteria, the sublingual artery
 Subluxatio, partial luxation, or dislodgement of a bone from its articulation
 Submersio, submersion, or drowning
 Submersus, when the leaves of plants are under water
 Suboccipitales nervi, the tenth pair of nerves
 Suborbitarius, the suborbital nerve; a branch of the fifth pair
 Subpoplitæus, seated in the ham
 Subpurgatio, a gentle purgation
 Subscapularis musculus, a muscle of the arm
 Subspleneticus, under the spleen
 Substantiæ animales, the component parts of animals
 Subsultus, a twitching, or convulsive motion
 ——— tendinum, a twitching of the tendons, particularly of the wrist
 Subulatus, awl-shaped
 Subvola, the back of the hand
 Succago, the rob, or conserve of fruit
 Succedanea, } medicines substituted for
 Succedaneum, } others not at hand
 Succenturiati muscoli, the pyramidal muscles of the belly
 ——— renes, two glands lying above the kidneys
 Succhar, sugar
 Succis scorbutici, the juice of English scurvy grass

Succinas, succinat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the acid of amber, or succinic acid

- aluminosus, succinat of alumine
- ammoniacalis, succinat of ammoniac
- argenti, succinat of silver
- arsenicalis, succinat of arsenic
- auri, succinat of gold
- barytæ, succinat of barytes, or heavy spar
- bismuthi, succinat of bismuth
- calcareus, succinat of lime
- cobalti, succinat of cobalt
- cupri, succinat of copper
- ferri, succinat of iron
- hydrargyri, succinat of mercury
- magnesiae, succinat of magnesia
- magnesii, succinat of manganese
- molybdeni, succinat of molybden
- niccoli, succinat of nickel
- platini, succinat of platina
- plumbi, succinat of lead
- potassæ, succinat of potash
- sodæ, succinat of soda, or mineral alkali
- stanni, succinat of tin
- stibii, succinat of antimony
- tungsteni, succinat of tungstein
- zinci, succinat of zinc

Succingins membrana, the diaphragm

Succinum, amber

— cinereum grisæum, a grey amber

Succisa, common devil's bit

Succubus, night-mare

Succus, juice

- cyrenaicus, juice of lasserwort
- cochleariæ compositus, spiritus cochleariæ
- glycyrrhizæ, Spanish liquorice
- indicus purgans, } gamboge
- laxativus, }
- liquoritiæ, Spanish liquorice
- prunorum sylvestrium, acacia Germanica
- scorbutici, spiritus cochleariæ
- scorbuticus compositus, spiritus cochleariæ aureus
- spissatus aconiti, inspissated juice of wolfsbane
- spissatus baccarum sambuci, rob of elder berries
- belladonæ, inspissated juice of belladonna

Succus spissatus cicutæ, inspissated juice of hemlock

— spissatus hyoscyami, inspissated juice of henbane

Suchar, sugar

Sudamina, hydroa

Sudatio, a sweating

Sudatorium, a sweating bath, or room

Sudor, sweat

— Anglicus, the sweating sickness of England; an endemic fever

Sudorifica, sweating medicines

Suffersura, a heat pimple

Suffimentum, a fumigation

Suffitus, fumigation

Suffluxio, descent of humours

Suffocatio, suffocation

— hysterica, a convulsive affection of the throat

— stridula, the croup; a hoarse, difficult respiration with great anxiety and fever

Suffusio, suffusion, or repletion of the vessels of the face and eyes in fevers; a cataract

— auriginosa, a jaundice

Sugillatio, an inflammation; extravasation

Sulcatus, furrowed, or fluted

Sulphas, sulphat; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the sulphuric acid

— aluminosus, sulphat of alumine

— ammoniacalis, sulphat of ammoniac

— argenti, sulphat of silver

— arsenicalis, sulphat of arsenic

— auri, sulphat of gold

— barytæ, sulphat of barytes, or heavy spar

— bismuthi, sulphat of bismuth

— calcareus, sulphat of lime

— cobalti, sulphat of cobalt

— cupri, sulphat of copper

— ferri, sulphat of iron

— hydrargyri, sulphat of mercury

— magnesiae, sulphat of magnesia

— magnesii, sulphat of manganese

— molybdeni, sulphat of molybden

— niccoli, sulphat of nickel

— platini, sulphat of platina

— plumbi, sulphat of lead

— potassæ, sulphat of potash

— sodæ, sulphat of soda

— stanni, sulphat of tin

— stibii, sulphat of antimony

— tungsteni, sulphat of tungstein

S U L

Sulphas zinci, sulphat of zinc
 Sulphis, sulphite; the name in the new chymistry of every compound of the sulphureous acid
 — aluminosus, sulphite of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, sulphite of ammoniac
 — argenti, sulphite of silver
 — arsenicalis, sulphite of arsenic
 — auri, sulphite of gold
 — barytæ, sulphite of barytes
 — bismuthi, sulphite of bismuth
 — calcareus, sulphite of lime
 — cobalti, sulphite of cobalt
 — cupri, sulphite of copper
 — ferri, sulphite of iron
 — hydrargyri, sulphite of mercury
 — magnesiæ, sulphite of magnesia
 — magnesii, sulphite of manganese
 — molybdeni, sulphite of molybden
 — niccoli, sulphite of nickel
 — platini, sulphite of platina
 — plumbi, sulphite of lead
 — potassæ, sulphite of potash
 — sodæ, sulphite of soda
 — stanni, sulphite of tin
 — stibii, sulphite of antimony
 — tunstani, sulphite of tungstein
 — zinci, sulphite of zinc
 Sulphur, brimstone; a fossil
 — album, white earth; magnesia; fire
 — antimonii auratum, antimony precipitated from a solution of the reguline scoræ by acid of vitriol
 — antimonii precipitatum, antimony precipitated from a solution of the reguline scoræ by acid of sea salt
 — caballinum, brimstone
 — embryonatum, sulphur mineralized
 — precipitatum, lac sulphuris; sulphur precipitated from a solution of hepar sulphuris by vitriolic acid
 — vivum, unpurified sulphur
 Sulphureta alkalina, alkaline sulphurets
 — metallica, metallic sulphurets
 — terrea, earthy sulphurets
 Sulphuretum, sulphuret; the name in the new chymistry for every compound of sulphur
 — aluminæ, sulphuret of alumine
 — ammoniacale, sulphuret of ammoniac
 — argenti, sulphuret of silver

S U P

Sulphuretum auri, sulphuret of gold
 — barytæ, sulphuret of barytes
 — bismuthi, sulphuret of bismuth
 — cobalti, sulphuret of cobalt
 — cupri, sulphuret of copper
 — ferri, sulphuret of iron
 — hydrargyri, sulphuret of mercury
 — magnesiæ, sulphuret of magnesia
 — magnesii, sulphuret of manganese
 — molybdeni, sulphuret of molybden
 — niccoli, sulphuret of nickel
 — olei fixi, sulphuret of fixed oil
 — olei volatilis, sulphuret of volatile oil
 — potassæ, sulphuret of potash
 — potassæ stibiatum, antimoniated sulphuret of potash
 — sodæ, sulphuret of soda
 — sodæ stibiatum, antimoniated sulphuret of soda
 — stanni, sulphuret of tin
 — stibii, sulphuret of antimony
 — stibii nativum, native sulphuret of antimony
 — tunstani, sulphuret of tungstein
 — zinci, sulphuret of zinc
 Sumach, the shumach tree; tanner's shumach
 Sumen, the lower part of the belly
 Superbus musculus, a muscle of the eye
 Superciliares musculi, depressing muscles of the eye-brows
 Supercilium veneris, yarrow; millfoil
 Superfœtatio, superfœtation; impregnation when previously pregnant, or two conceptions in consequence of two uteri
 Supergeminæ, the epididymis
 Supergennalis, the patella; knee-pan
 Superimpregnatio, superfœtatio
 Superligula, the epiglottis
 Superpurgatio, excessive purging
 Superscapularis inferior, } muscles of the
 — superior, } shoulder
 Supinator radii brevis, } muscles of the
 — radii longus, } fore arm
 Suppedanea, } applications to the soles of
 Supplantalia, } the feet

S Y C

Suppleta ischuria, suppression of urine from defect of fluids
 Suppositorium, a suppository, or preparation of salt, honey, &c. applied to the anus to procure evacuation
 Suppressio mensium, suppressed, or obstructed menses
 ——— urinæ, ischuria
 Suppressorii, diseases from suppressed evacuation
 Suppurantia, medicines promoting suppuration
 Suppuratio, the termination of inflammation in abscess
 Suppuratoria, the fever of suppuration
 Supra costales, costarum levatores
 ——— scapularis, a muscle of the shoulder
 ——— semi orbiculares, small muscles of the upper lip
 ——— spinalis, } a muscle of the shoulder
 ——— spinatus, }
 Sura, the fibula; the calf of the leg
 Suralis arteria, the posterior artery of the leg
 ——— vena, a vein of the leg
 Surculus, a scion, or young twig
 Surditas, deafness
 Surdus, deaf
 Surengian, the hermodactyl plant
 Suri, the coco nut tree
 Surquisse, indigo
 Sus, a pig, sow, or boar
 Susannah, the lily
 Susinum, ointment of lilies
 Suspensor, a bandage to suspend the scrotum
 Suspensorium hepatis, the broad ligament of the liver
 Suspensorius testis, the cremaster muscle of the testicle
 Susurrus, an imaginary sound, or humming noise
 Sutura, a suture; a union of bones peculiar to the skull; uniting wounds by sewing
 ——— coronalis, } the coronal suture
 ——— cucularis, }
 ——— cunealis, the sphenoidal suture
 ——— frontalis, the frontal suture
 ——— sagittalis, the sagittal suture
 Syagrus, the wild boar
 Sycaminum, the mulberry tree
 Sycamorus, the sycamore, or mulberry-leaved fig tree
 Sycites, a stone like a fig; fig wine
 Sycoma, } an excrescence like a fig
 Syeosis, }

S Y N

Symbole, a joining of parts
 Symbologia, doctrine of the signs and symptoms of disease
 Synpasmata, any powders sprinkled on the body
 Sympathetici medii, the eighth pair of nerves
 ——— minores, the nerves of the ear
 ——— nervi majores, the intercostal nerves
 Sympathia, sympathy, or correspondence of various parts in similar sensations
 Sympepsis, concoction; digestion
 Symphysis, the union of bones by cartilage, and therefore articulation without distinct motion
 Symphytum, comfrey, saxifrage, &c. agglutinant
 ——— minimum, common daisy
 ——— petræum, heath pine
 Symptoma, a symptom, or constituent part of a disease producing distress, as heat, pain, &c.
 Symptomaticus, symptomatic; arising from, or indicative of some other affection
 Symptomatologia, symptomatology, or doctrine of symptoms
 Synactica, condensers; astringents
 Synanche, a quinsey; cynanche
 Synanchica, quinseywort
 Synarthrosis, union of bones without motion, as in suture, symphysis, &c.
 Syncampe, a bending
 Synchronosis, union of bones with little motion
 Synchronotomia, the division of the ossa pubis, or any cartilage
 Synchysis, a derangement of the humours of the eye
 Syncomniston, coarse branny bread
 Syncope, swooning, or fainting
 Synerimata, } any change of constitution;
 Syncrisis, } coagulation; concoction
 Syncritica, medicines which assist a crisis
 Syndermo-pharyngæus, a muscle of the pharynx
 Syndesmos, -us, a ligament
 Syndesmosis, union of bones by ligaments as in the moveable joints
 Syndrome, a correspondence of symptoms
 Syneches, a continued fever
 Syngenesia, the 19th class of Linnæus, including all composite flowers, or those having many florets within one common calyx

S Y N

Synidrosis, an attendant sweat
 Synizesis, blindness from diseased pupil
 Synneurosis, union of bones by ligaments, as in the moveable joints
 Synocha, inflammatory fever without local inflammation
 ——— catarrhalis, inflammatory fever with catarrhal symptoms
 ——— cephalalgica, inflammatory fever with headach
 ——— dolorum, inflammatory fever from pain
 ——— dysenteriodes, inflammatory fever from dysentery
 ——— miliaris, inflammatory fever with miliary eruption
 ——— plethorica, } inflammatory fever
 ——— sanguinea, } with fulness
 ——— scorbutica, inflammatory fever with scurvy
 Synochus, a continued fever, beginning with symptoms of synocha or inflammatory fever, and commonly ending in low fever or typhus
 ——— ardens, synochus with great action of the circulating powers
 ——— anniversaria, the annual and regular synochus
 ——— hyemalis, the synochus coming on in winter
 ——— miliaris, the synochus with miliary eruption
 ——— pleuritica, the synochus with pleurisy
 ——— rheumatisans, the synochus with rheumatism
 ——— sanguinea, synochus from plethora
 ——— a scabie, synochus from eruption on the skin
 ——— scorbutica, synochus from sea scurvy
 ——— soporosa, synochus with lethargic symptoms
 ——— spermatica, irregular synochus
 ——— sudatoria, the sweating sickness
 ——— tarantata, synochus from the bite of the tarantula
 ——— variolodes, synochus attending smallpox
 Synosteographia, the doctrine of bones
 Synovia, the fluid that keeps the joints moist
 Synoviae glandulae, synovial glands; glands in the joints secreting the synovia

S Y R

Syntasis, a tumid distension
 Syntanosis, a tendinous articulation
 Synteretica, preservative medicines
 Syntexis, marasmus; a wasting of the flesh
 Synthesis, composition, union, and connexion
 Synthetismus, reduction of fracture
 Synulotica, medicines which heal wounds
 Syphilis, the venereal disease, lues, or pox
 ——— Indica, the yaws
 ——— Polonica, a variety of venereal disease
 ——— venerea, the venereal disease
 Syrigmos, } imagined sounds
 Syrigmus, }
 Syringa, the lilac, or pipe tree
 Syringitis, a stone bored like a flute, or pipe
 Syringotomum, an instrument for the operation of fistula ani, &c.
 Syrinx, a pipe; syringe, or fistula
 Symmaismus, gentle evacuation
 Syrupus, syrup; sugar boiled with vegetable infusions
 ——— aceti, simple oxymel, or syrup of vinegar
 ——— ex allio, syrup of garlic
 ——— de althæa, mallows, asparagus, liquorice, raisins, saxifrage, &c. infused in water and boiled with sugar
 ——— aurantiorum corticum, syrup of orange rind
 ——— balsamicus, syrup of tolu balsam
 ——— caryophyllorum rubrorum, syrup of clove gilly-flower
 ——— de cichorio cum rabarbaro, syrup of succory with rhubarb
 ——— colchici, syrup of colchicum, or meadow saffron
 ——— communis, simple syrup; sugar and water
 ——— croci, syrup of saffron
 ——— cydoniorum, quince juice, cinnamon, cloves, ginger, port wine, and sugar
 ——— diacodion, } syrup of white poppy
 ——— diacodium, } heads
 ——— de erysimo, syrup of hedge mustard
 ——— e floribus paralyisis, syrup of cowslips
 ——— kermesinus, syrup of kermes berries
 ——— limonum, syrup of lemon juice
 ——— e meconio, syrup of white poppy heads

S Y R

- Syrupus mororum**, syrup of mulberries
 — **papaveris albi**, syrup of white poppy heads
 — **papaveris erratici**, syrup of wild poppy flowers
 — **pectoralis**, maiden hair, liquorice, sugar, and water
 — **rosarum pallidarum**, syrup of pale roses
 — **rosarum solutivus**, laxative syrup of damask roses
 — **e rosis siccis**, syrup of dry red roses
 — **rubi idæi fructus**, syrup of raspberries
 — **sacchari**, simple syrup; water and sugar
 — **scilliticus**, vinegar of squills, cinnamon, ginger, and sugar

S Y R

- Syrupus de senna et rheo**, syrup of senna and rhubarb
 — **simplex**, simple syrup; water and sugar
 — **e spina cervina**, juice of buckthorn berries, cinnamon, ginger, nutmegs, and sugar
 — **e succo limonum**, syrup of the juice of lemons
 — **e succo malorum**, syrup of the juice of apples
 — **violarum**, syrup of violets
 — **zingiberis**, syrup of ginger
Syssarcosis, a union of bones by muscles, as the scapula to the humerus
Systole, the contraction of the heart

T.

T A B

- TABACUM**, tobacco
Tabanucco, a West Indian resin
Tabanus, the gad-fly that infests horses
Tabaxir arabibus, the juice of the bamboo cane; vulnerary, stomachic
Tabe, the gad-fly that infests horses
Tabella, a lozenge; trochiscus
Taberdillo, the Spanish word for purple spots
Tabes, wasting and debility with hectic fever
 — **apostematodes**, tabes from abscess
 — **catarrhalis**, tabes from catarrh
 — **coxaria**, phthisis ischiadica
 — **dorsalis**, wasting; pain in the loins and gleet
 — **glandularis**, tabes from glandular disease
 — **hepatica**, tabes from diseased liver
 — **a hydrope**, tabes from dropsy
 — **mesenterica**, tabes from diseased mesenteric glands
 — **nutricum**, tabes from too long suckling
 — **a pericardio**, tabes from dropsy of the pericardium
 — **purulenta**, tabes from collection of matter
 — **rachialgica**, tabes from rickets

T A L

- Tabes renalis**, tabes from diseased kidneys
 — **a sanguifluxu**, tabes from hæmorrhagy
 — **a stomacho**, tabes from diseased stomach
 — **sudatoria**, tabes from profuse sweating
 — **syphilitica**, tabes from venereal disease
 — **ulcerosa**, tabes from ulcers
 — **venenata**, } tabes from poisons
 — **a veneno**, }
 — **a vomica**, tabes from vomica in the lungs
Tacamahacca, a warm American gum used as a suppurative
Tache blanche, a speck on the eye
Tachythanatos, sudden death
Tactus, the touch; examination of the state of the womb
Tadorna, the burrow duck of the English coast
Tæda, a torch medicated for fumigations
Tænia, tape worm; white flat-jointed worms of the intestines
Tagetes, the African marigold
Tahow, hemlock dropwort
Talamabattrum, folium Indum
Talcum, talc; a fossil

T A R

Talpa, } tumours on the head containing
 Talparia, } a pap-like matter, from talpa,
 a mole
 Talukghagha, the gamboge plant
 Talus, the ankle; malleolus internus
 Tamalapatrum, Indian leaf
 Tamarindus, } common tamarinds of
 Indica, } the Indies
 Tamariscus, } the tamarisk
 Gallica, }
 Tamus, black bryony
 Tanacetum, tansy
 Africanum, the African mari-
 gold
 balsamita, } costmary, or ale-
 hortense, } cost
 inodorum, a variety of tansy
 Tapiochia, the juice of a Brasil tree granu-
 lated by being mixed with meal; escul-
 lent, agglutinant
 Tarachon, the herb draco, or tarragon
 Tarantismus, St. Vitus's dance, or a madness
 caused by the bite of the tarantula
 Tarantula, a large species of spider in
 Italy
 Taraxacon, } dandelion; leontodon
 Taraxacum, }
 Taraxis, a blast, or slight inflammation in
 the eye
 Tarchon, the herb draco, or tarragon
 Tarda, the bustard
 Tarmes, a maggot
 Taroli, crystalline eruptions
 Tarsus, the cartilaginous edge of the eye-
 lids; also the bones between the arm, or
 leg, and metatarsus
 Tartarum, tartar; argoll; wine stone; a
 substance deposited by wine; the vege-
 table alkali supersaturated by the tartaric
 acid
 emetikum, antimonium tartarisa-
 tum; antimony and crystals of tartar.
 See the Pharmacopœia
 solubile, fixed alkali and acid of
 tartar
 stibiatum, emetic tartar; antimo-
 nium tartarisatum
 vitriolatum, vitriolic acid and salt
 of tartar, or kali
 Tartarus, tartar; argoll; wine stone
 antimonialis, } emetic tartar
 emeticus, }
 regeneratus, salt of tartar, or kali
 and distilled vinegar

T E L

Tartarus solubilis, fixed alkali and acid of
 tartar or kali
 vitriolatus, kali and vitriolic
 acid
 Tartris, tartrite; the name in the new chy-
 mistry of every compound of the tar-
 tareous acid
 acidulus potassæ, acidulous tartrite
 of potash; common cream of tartar
 aluminosus, tartrite of alumine
 ammoniacalis, tartrite of ammoniac
 argenti, tartrite of silver
 arsenicalis, tartrite of arsenic
 auri, tartrite of gold
 barytæ, tartrite of barytes, or heavy
 spar
 bismuthi, tartrite of bismuth
 calcareus, tartrite of lime
 cobalti, tartrite of cobalt
 cupri, tartrite of copper
 ferri, tartrite of iron
 hydrargyri, tartrite of mercury
 magnesiæ, tartrite of magnesia
 magnesi, tartrite of manganese
 molybdeni, tartrite of molybden
 niccoli, tartrite of nickel
 platini, tartrite of platina
 plumbi, tartrite of lead
 potassæ, tartrite of potash
 sodæ, tartrite of soda, or mineral
 alkali
 stanni, tartrite of tin
 stibii, tartrite of antimony
 tungsteni, tartrite of tungstein
 zinci, tartrite of zinc
 Tasis, extension
 Tatai ibi, fustick wood
 Taurocolla, glue of bull hides
 Taurus, a bull
 Tavaccare, the Maldiva nut
 Tavanucco, a West Indian resin
 Taxis, the manual returning of a rupture
 Taxus, the yew tree
 Tecmarois, a conjecture of a disease
 Tecolithos, lapis Judaicus, or Jew's stone
 Tegula gallis, the Irish slate
 Tegumentum, a covering
 Teinesmos, -us, tenesmus
 Tella cellulosa, the cellular, or adipose mem-
 brane
 Telæ araneorum, cobwebs
 Telephium, common orpine, or live long
 chironium, bird's foot; rose
 root

TER

Temperamentum, constitution, or habit of body; an important subject, but too little attended to on account of its difficulty, and a want of characters by which each may be distinguished
 ----- atrabiliosum, melancholic
 ----- phlegmaticum, phlegmatic
 ----- sanguineum, sanguine, marked by blue eyes, florid complexion, and tendency to corpulency
 ----- scrophulosum, the same without a tendency to obesity
Temperantia, temperance; moderating remedies
Temperies, temperamentum
Templinum oleum, a kind of oil of turpentine
Tempora, the temples
Temporalis arteria, the temporal artery
 ----- musculus, the temporal muscle
Temporum ossa, the temple bones
Temulentus, drunken
Tenacihiles, Indian pepper
Tendinosa tunica, the white coat of the eye
Tendo, a tendon; a white cord proceeding from a muscle
 ----- Achillis, the large tendon of the muscles forming the calf of the leg
Tenesmus, a painful, ineffectual, and repeated effort to go to stool
Tenga, the coco nut tree
Tenontagra, gout affecting the tendons
Tensio, distension
Tensor digitorum, an extensor muscle of the fingers
 ----- fasciæ femoris, the broad muscular fascia of the thigh
 ----- membranæ tympani, a muscle of the inner ear
 ----- palati, a muscle of the palate
Tenthredo, the hornet
Tentigo, priapismus
Tenxis, a moistening
Tepidarium, the tepid, or warm bath
Tepidus, warm
Terebella, a trepan
Terebinthina, } turpentine
Terebinthinum, }
Terebra, a trephine
Teredo, the wood worm; a carious bone
Teregam, a fig tree of Malabar
Tereniabion manna, the thorny Syrian broom

TER

Teres, the lumbricus, or round worm of the intestines
 ----- ligamentum, the ligament at the bottom of the socket of the hip joint
 ----- major, } muscles of the arm
 ----- minor, }
Teretes, round worms of the intestines
Tergeminus, divided by threes
Tergum, the back, or skin
Tergus, the skin of a beast
Termes, the African white ant
Terminalia benzoin, the benjamin gum tree
Terminthus, painful pustules on the skin
Termis, the wood worm
Termites, the African white ants
Terna, a kind of tetter affecting the chin
Ternus, applied to leaves growing by threes
Terra, earth, as distinguished from minerals or metals and precious stones
 ----- Lemina, earth of Lemnos. See Lemnia
 ----- Livonica, terra sigillata
 ----- merita, curcuma, or turmeric
Terræ flos, a jelly-like substance found after rain in fields
 ----- glandes, a species of garden spurge
 ----- oleum, petroleum, or liquid pitch
Terror, fear; dread
Terthra, parts about the throat
Tertiana, a fever recurring after intervals of about forty-eight hours
 ----- accidentalis, a slight tertian from an accidental cause
 ----- algida, amphimerina epiala
 ----- apoplectica, tertiana carotica
 ----- arthritica, tertian with gouty pains
 ----- asthmatica, tertian with asthma
 ----- atrabilaris, tertian with a vomiting of black bile
 ----- cardiaca, tertian with symptoms of carditis
 ----- cardialgica, tertiana emetica
 ----- carotica, tertian with lethargy
 ----- cholericæ, tertian with a vomiting of bile
 ----- comitata, tertian complicated with other disease
 ----- danica, tertiana scorbutica
 ----- diaphoretica, a tertian with profuse perspirations
 ----- duplex, } tertian returning
 ----- duplicana, } daily with unequal
 ----- duplicata, } psoroxysms alternately, alike

Tertiana dysenterica, tertian attended with dysentery
 ———— *emetica*, tertian with bilious vomiting
 ———— *epileptica*, tertian with symptoms of epilepsy
 ———— *extensa*, tertiana spuria
 ———— *hemiplegica*, tertiana carotica
 ———— *hysterica*, tertian with hysteric symptoms
 ———— *legitima*, tertian with regular paroxysms
 ———— *lethargica*, tertiana carotica
 ———— *lipyrice*, a tertian with malignant symptoms and a burning at the stomach
 ———— *miliaris*, a tertian with miliary eruptions
 ———— *notha*, tertiana spuria
 ———— *perniciosa*, } a tertian
 ———— *pestilens*, } with malignant symptoms
 ———— *pestilens maligna*, }
 ———— *petechialis*, tertian with purple spots
 ———— *pleuritica*, tertian with symptoms of pleurisy
 ———— *remittens*, an irregular tertian
 ———— a scabie, tertian succeeding repelled eruptions
 ———— *scorbutica*, tertian with sea scurvy
 ———— *soporosa*, tertiana carotica
 ———— *spuria*, tertian with paroxysms of more than twelve hours duration
 ———— *subcontinua*, tertiana spuria
 ———— *subcruenta*, tertiana atrabilaris
 ———— *syncopalis*, a tertian with faintings
 ———— *syphilitica*, a tertian with venereal symptoms
 ———— *tetanodes*, tertian with convulsive symptoms
 ———— *triplex*, tertian returning daily, two paroxysms every other day, only one intermediately
 ———— *urticata*, tertian with nettle-rash
 ———— *vera*, tertiana legitima
 ———— *verminosa*, tertian with irritation from worms
Tertianaria, the herb hooded loose strife
Tertium sal, any neutral salt
Tessera, any thing square; the cuboid bone of the foot
Testa docimastica, } a chymical cupel for
 ———— *exploratrix*, } fusing and separating metals, made of bone or vegetable ashes

Testa probatrix, *testa docimastica*
Testes, the testicles; eminences of the cerebellum
Testis, the testicle
Testiculatus, having testicles, or roots like the orchis
Testiculus caninus, the plant dog's stones
Testudo, the common earth snail; a tortoise; a species of wen
Tetanodes, attended with spasms
Tetanomata, } medicines which smooth the
Tetanothra, } skin
Tetanus, a general spasm of the whole, or half of the body
 ———— *emprosthotonicus*, a general spasm when the body is bent forward
 ———— *febricosus*, a general spasm with fever
 ———— *hemiplegicus*, a general spasm with palsy
 ———— *holotonicus*, a general spasm when the whole body becomes stiff
 ———— *hystericus*, a general spasm with hysteria
 ———— *Indicus*, common tetanus of hot climates
 ———— *lateralis*, a general spasm when the body is bent to one side
 ———— *opisthotonicus*, a general spasm when the body is bent backwards
 ———— *traumaticus*, spasm arising from wounds of the extremities, called lock jaw or trismus
 ———— *verminosus*, spasm from worms
Tetartæus, applied to quartan agues
Tetartophia, a continued quartan fever
Tethium, a species of coral
Tetocia, a woman in child-bed
Tetradynamia, the 15th class of Linnæus
Tetragonia, square, or four-cornered
Tetragonus, the platysma muscle of the lower jaw; quadrangular
Tetragynia, plants having four pointals, or pistils
Tetramus, a tremor
Tetramyrum, an ointment of four ingredients
Tetrandria, the 4th class of Linnæus
Tetranguria, the citrullus, or water melon
Tetrapharmacum, a medicine of four ingredients
Teucrium, speedwell; mountain, or tree germander
Teuthrum, the herb polium

THE

Thalami, chambers
 — nervorum opticorum, eminences in the brain; the source of the optic nerves
 Thalassomeli, a composition of sea water and honey
 Thalictrum, flax weed
 Thallia, a bud, or sprout
 Thalpsis, a fomentation
 Thapsia, laserpitium, or herb frankincense
 — asclepias, deadly carrot; a poison
 — orientalis, plant oriental pick-tooth
 Thapsus, the great white mullein, or cow's lungwort
 Thea, tea of China and Japan
 — Germanica, fluellin; male speedwell
 Thebaica, the Egyptian poppy
 Thebesii foramina, orifices of veins in every cavity of the heart
 Theca, a sheath
 Thele, the nipple
 Thelygonon, herb children's mercury
 Thelypteris, female fern
 Thenar, the palm of the hand, or sole of the foot; also an epithet for the muscles of these parts
 Theobroma cacao, cocoa; chocolate
 Theodoricum, the name of an antidote
 Theoria, theory, or reasoning on the causes and cure of diseases; dogmatism
 Therapeia, the curative art
 Therapeutica, the knowledge of the cure of diseases
 Theriaca, any antidote to a poisonous bite; treacle
 — Andromachi, Venice treacle; a composition of sixty-one ingredients
 — celestis, liquid laudanum
 — communis, common treacle; or molasses
 — Damocratis, confectio Damocratis
 — Edinensis, Edinburgh theriaca, now the thebaic electuary
 — Germanorum, a rob of juniper berries
 — Londinensis, a cataplasm of cummin seed, bay berries, germander, snake root, cloves, and honey
 — rusticorum, common garlic
 Theriacalis bezoardica aqua, a distillation from Venice treacle
 Therioma, a malignant ulcer; a chancre
 Therma, heat
 Thermæ, warm baths

THU

Thermæ sulphuræ, sulphureous warm baths
 Thermantica, heating medicines
 Thermasia, } a warm fomentation
 Thermasma, }
 Thermole, excessive heat
 Thermometerum, a thermometer; an instrument to measure heat
 Thermulæ, little warm baths
 Thesis, situation or position; an essay, the opinions of which are to be defended before the author can take his academical degrees
 Thespesiana, } a confection for a suppuration in the chest
 Thespiana, }
 Thetlatian, an highly acrid West Indian tree
 Thlasias, a eunuch, made by bruising the testes
 Thlasis, } a contusion of a bone of the skull
 Thlasma, }
 Thlaspi arvense, penny cress, or treacle mustard
 — bursa pastoris, } herb shepherd's purse
 — fatui, }
 — fatuum, }
 Thlipsis, oppression; compression
 Tholus, a sweating room
 Thora, wolfsbane; monk's hood; helmet flower
 — paron, a plant useful in piles
 Thoracicæ arteriæ, the arteries supplying the chest; branches of the axillary arteries
 Thoracicus ductus, the thoracic duct; a reservoir near the spine for chyle and lymph collected by the lacteals and lymphatics
 Thorax, the chest, formed by the ribs and sternum
 Thorus, the semen
 Threpsis, nutrition
 Thripes, the white ants, or termites of Africa
 Thrips, a worm
 Thrombosis, coagulation
 Thrombus, a species of ecchymosis, or extravasation; the coagulum of the blood
 Thryptica, lithontriptics; stone medicines
 Thunnus, the thunny, a large fish
 Thuris cortex, cascarilla bark of the Bahamas
 — lignum, rose wood
 — mica, powder broke off in carrying

THY

Thus, } frankincense; olibanum; an
 — conder, } African resin
 — corticosum, drops of gum olibanum
 — fœminium, large drops of olibanum
 — Judæorum, cascarilla bark
 — masculinum, drops of olibanum
 — myrtifolia Belgica, the jujube fruit
 Thuya, the tree of life; an American tree
 — massiliensium, the cypress-leaved cedar
 Thyæ, a species of cedar of Lebanon
 Thyites, a hard stone
 Thylasitis, the white poppy
 Thymalea lauri folio deciduo, chamælæa
 — lauri folio semper virens, laureola mas
 — Monspeliaca, spurge flax
 Thymbra, plant summer's savory
 — Hispanica, mastich thyme, or marum
 Thymelæa lauri folio, spurge laurel
 Thymiana, the cascarilla bark
 Thymicæ arteriæ, the arteries of the thymus gland
 — venæ, veins of the thymus gland
 Thymium, a small wart
 Thymoxalme, a preparation of thyme, vinegar, salt, &c.
 Thymus, a gland lying behind the sternum; largest in the fœtus; warts about the anus; the shrub thyme; summer's savory
 — acinos, stone, or wild basil
 — citratus serpyllus, lemon, or citron thyme
 — mastichina, mastich thyme, or marum
 — vulgaris, common thyme
 Thynnus, the tunny fish
 Thyoniana, a fumigation
 Thyro-adenoidæi, muscles of the pharynx
 — arytenoidæi, muscles of the glottis
 — crico-pharyngæus, a muscle of the pharynx
 — epiglottici, muscles of the epiglottis
 — hyoides, a muscle of the larynx
 — pharyngæi, muscles of the pharynx
 — pharyngo staphylini, } muscles of
 — staphylini, } the palate
 Thyroidea glandula, the thyroid, or bronchial gland of the neck, lying before the windpipe
 Thyroides, a cartilage of the larynx
 Thyrsus, the thyse, or flexible stalk of a plant

TIN

Thysselinum, the marsh carrot
 Tiara, a bandage for the head, or breast
 Tiberianum, tormentum; the colic
 Tibia, the large bone of the leg; a pipe
 Tibialis, the tibial nerve of the leg; the leg
 — anticus, a muscle of the foot
 — arteria, }
 — arteria anterior, } arteries of the
 — arteria posterior, } leg
 — gracilis, } muscles of the sole of
 — posticus, } the foot
 — vena, }
 — vena anterior, } veins of the foot
 — vena posterior, }
 Tigjalka, the Indian jack tree
 Tigillum, a crucible
 Tiglia grana, Molucca grains; strong cathartic
 Tigridis flos, a plant spotted like a tiger
 Tigris, the tiger
 Tilia, }
 — Europea, } the lime tree
 Tilinus, floccitatio; picking the bed-clothes
 Tincal, } borax of the East Indies
 Tincar, }
 Tinctorius flos, dyer's weed
 Tinctura, a tincture; spirits, or wine containing medicinal substances in solution
 — absinthii, wormwood macerated in spirit of wine
 — aloes composita, elixir aloes
 — amara, bitter tincture; gentian, orange rind, and cardamoms in spirit of wine
 — ambrae, tincture of amber; ambergris, roses, and tartarized spirit of wine
 — antimonii, tincture of antimony; fixed alkali, antimony, and spirit of wine
 — antimonii diaphoretici, diaphoretic antimony, nitre, and tartarized spirit of wine
 — antiphthisica, sugar of lead, vitriol of iron, and spirit of wine; dose xx. to xxx. drops, dangerous
 — argenti, silver dissolved in nitrous acid
 — aromatica, cinnamon, cardamoms, ginger, and spirit of wine; dose a drachm or two
 — aurantii corticis, Seville orange rind in spirit of wine
 — balsamica, copaiba and Peruvian balsams with saffron and spirit of wine; dose x. xx. or xxx. drops

T I N

Tinctura benzoini, gum benjamin in spirit of wine; dose xx. to lxx. drops
 ——— cantharidum, cantharides and cochineal in spirit of wine; dose from x. to l. drops
 ——— cardamomi, cardamoms in spirit of wine; dose ʒi. to ʒii.
 ——— castorei, Russian castor in spirit of wine; dose xx. to l. drops
 ——— castorei composita, castor, assafetida, and vinous spirit of sal ammoniac
 ——— cephalica, wild valerian root, snake root, rosemary tops, and French white wine
 ——— cephalica purgans, senna, black hellebore, and French wine; dose ʒii.
 ——— cinnamomi, cinnamon and spirit of wine
 ——— corallii, red coral distilled with fixed alkali
 ——— corticis Peruviani composita, bark, snake root, gentian, and French brandy
 ——— corticis Peruviani simplex, bark and spirit of wine; dose ʒi. to ʒii.
 ——— corticis Peruviani volatilis, bark spirit of sal ammoniac; dose ʒi. frequently
 ——— croci, saffron and spirit of wine
 ——— florum martialium, martial flowers and spirit of wine
 ——— fœtida, assafetida and spirit of wine; dose x. to lx. drops
 ——— fuliginis, wood soot, assafetida, and spirit of wine; dose ʒs. to ʒiv.
 ——— gentianæ composita, gentian, orange rind, and cardamoms in spirit of wine
 ——— guaiacina volatilis, guaiacum and volatile aromatic spirit; dose ʒi. to ʒiv.
 ——— hellebori nigri, black hellebore, cochineal, and spirit of wine; dose ʒi. twice a day
 ——— hieræ, species hieræ picræ in white wine or brandy; deobstruent, dose ʒi.
 ——— ipecacuanhæ, ipecacuanha and Spanish white wine
 ——— jalapii, ʒ jalap and spirit of wine;
 ——— jalappæ, ʒ dose ʒi. to ʒiv.
 ——— jalappæ composita, jalap, hellebore, juniper berries, guaiacum shavings, and French brandy
 ——— japonica, Japan earth, cinnamon, and spirit of wine; dose ʒi. to ʒiv.

T I N

Tinctura e kino, gum kino and spirit of wine
 ——— laccæ, gum lac, myrrh, and spirit of scurvy grass
 ——— lavendulæ, lavender flowers and spirit of wine
 ——— martis, scales of iron dissolved in muriatic acid and mixed with spirit of wine; dose x. to xx. drops
 ——— martis in spiritu salis, iron filings, Glauber's spirit of salt, and spirit of wine
 ——— melampodii, black hellebore, cochineal, and spirit of wine; dose ʒi.
 ——— menthæ, dried spearmint leaves in mint water
 ——— metallorum, tin, copper, gold, and and regulus of antimony detonated with nitre and charcoal and digested in spirit of wine
 ——— moschi, musk and spirit of wine
 ——— myrrhæ, myrrh and spirit of wine; dose xv. to l drops
 ——— myrrhæ et aloes, myrrh, hepatic aloes, and spirit of wine
 ——— odontalgica, tincture for the tooth-ach
 ——— opii, opium and spirit of cinnamon; dose xxv. drops
 ——— opii camphorata, elixir asthmaticum
 ——— regia, ambergris, musk, &c. in spirit of wine, &c.
 ——— rhabbarbari spirituosæ, rhubarb, cardamoms, saffron, and spirit of wine
 ——— rhabbarbari vinosa, same ingredients with wine
 ——— rhei, rhubarb, cardamoms, and spirit of wine
 ——— rhei amara, rhubarb, gentian, snake root, and spirit of wine
 ——— rhei dulcis, the above with sugar candy
 ——— sabinæ composita, elixir myrrhæ compositum
 ——— sacra, Socotrine aloes, canella alba, and mountain wine
 ——— saturnina, sugar of lead, green vitriol, and spirit of wine; dose xx. to xxx. drops
 ——— sennæ, raisins, senna, caraway seeds, cardamoms, and spirit of wine
 ——— sennæ composita, elixir salutis; Daffy's elixir; senna, jalap, coriander seeds, and spirit of wine

T O L

Tinctura serpentariae, snake root and spirit of wine; dose $\mathfrak{z}$ ss.
 ——— stomachica, } gentian, bark,
 ——— ad stomachicos, } orange peel,
 canella alba, spirit of wine, and Spanish white wine
 ——— styptica, calcined green vitriol and French brandy
 ——— succini, yellow amber and spirit of wine
 ——— sudorifica, snake root, cochineal, saffron, opium, and Mindererus's spirit
 ——— sulphuris, liver of sulphur and spirit of wine; dose x. to lx. drops
 ——— sulphuris volatilis, sulphur, sal ammoniac, and quick-lime distilled
 ——— thebaica, opium dissolved in Canary wine
 ——— tolutana, balsam of tolu and spirit of wine
 ——— valerianæ simplex, wild valerian and spirit of wine; dose $\mathfrak{z}$ ii. to $\mathfrak{z}$ ss.
 ——— valerianæ volatilis, wild valerian and volatile aromatic spirit
 ——— veneris volatilis, copper filings and spirit of sal ammoniac; dose iii. to xxiv. drops
 ——— veratri, white hellebore and spirit of wine; dose v. to x. drops
 Tinea, a moth, or book-worm
 ——— capitis, scald head
 Tinearia, mothwort
 Tinnitus aurium, a ringing noise in the ears
 Tinnunculus, a kind of hawk
 Tissue cellulaire, the cellular membrane
 Tithymalo cyparissæ similis, pine spurge
 Tithymalus, spurge, or lathyrus latifolius
 ——— aizoides, the euphorbium plant
 ——— foliis pini, pine spurge
 ——— helioscopius, common water spurge
 ——— latifolius, garden spurge
 ——— maritimus, sea spurge
 ——— orientalis, the gamboge plant
 Tithymelæa, thymelæa
 Titillares venæ, the iliac veins
 Titillatio, tickling
 Titillicum, the arm-pit
 Tobaccum, tobacco
 Todda panna, the Indian bread, or sago tree
 Tolacapolin, a species of cherry
 Tolæ, toles

T R A

Toles, } the tonsils; glandular abscesses
 Tolles, } in the limbs
 Toluifera balsamum, } the tree which
 ——— Carthaginiensis, } affords the balsam of tolu; a species of fir
 Tolutani balsami tinctura, balsam of tolu and spirit of wine
 Tolutanum balsamum, the balsam of tolu
 Tolutanus syrupus, balsam of tolu, water, and sugar
 Tomeium, an incision knife
 Tomentitia, cotton weed
 Tomentosus, downy
 Tomentum, the down on plants
 Tomicus, cutting; a fore tooth
 Tonica, strengthening medicines
 Tonici, diseases from tonic spasm
 Tonicus, tonic; strong contractile action
 Tonos, the tone, or strength of a part
 Tonsillæ, the tonsils, or glands of the throat
 Topasius, the topaz
 Tophus, a soft bony swelling; a node; chalky gouty concretion
 Topica, topical diseases, or remedies
 Topinaria, a wen in the head
 Torcular, a tourniquette; a bandage used in amputation
 ——— herophili, a sinus of the dura mater of the brain
 Tordilium, the name of a plant; skirret
 Tormentilla, septfoil, or tormentil
 ——— erecta, } upright septfoil
 ——— sylvestris, }
 Tormentum, the iliac passion
 Tormina, grapes
 Tornado, a whirlwind
 Torpor, numbness; listlessness
 Torticollis, the wry neck
 Tortio, a sprain of a joint
 Tortura, a wry mouth
 ——— ossis, the locked jaw
 Totabona, all-good; English mercury
 Tout sain, tutsan, or all-heal
 Toxica, the dart weed
 Toxicodendron, a tree, the wood of which, if eaten or burnt, kills all animals
 Toxicum, any deadly poison
 Toxitesia, artemisia, or mugwort
 Trachea arteria, the wind-pipe
 Trachealis arteria, the artery which supplies the wind-pipe
 ——— vena, a branch of the subclavian vein

TRA

Trachelium, shrubby hartwort of Ethiopia
 ——— *Americanum*, the cardinal flower
Trachelo-mastoideus, a muscle of the neck
Trachelophyma, a swelling of the bronchial glands
Trachelos, throat, or neck
Tracheocele, trachelophyma
Tracheotomia, tracheotomy; opening the trachea, or wind-pipe
Trachoma, a roughness of the inner part of the eyelid
Trachurus, a rough-tailed fish
Tragacantha, goat's thorn; gum tragacanth
Tragea, drageta; a powder
Tragelephas, an animal resembling the goat and elephant
Tragi, hard pieces of sponge
Tragicus, a muscle of the external ear
Tragium, bastard dittany
Tragoceros, the aloe
Tragopogon, -um, goat's beard
Tragopyron, -um, buck wheat
Tragorchis, the plant dog's stones
Tragoriganum, wild marjoram
Tragoselinum, burnet, or saxifrage
Tragus, a goat; a part of the external ear; lesser sea horse-tail; horse beam
Tramis, raphe; the seam, or line which divides the scrotum
Trangebin, the Syrian broom
Transfusio, transfusion; the conveyance of blood from the arteries of one animal into the veins of another
Translatio, translation of matter from a diseased part
Transpiratio, } perspiration, or sweat
Transudatio, }
Transversales dorsi minores, muscles of the back
 ——— *maiores colli*, } muscles of the
 ——— *minores*, } neck
 ——— *nasi*, muscles of the nose
Transversalis, a muscle of the arm
 ——— *abdominis*, the transverse muscle of the belly
 ——— *anticus primus*, } muscles
 ——— *anticus secundus*, } of the
 back
 ——— *cervicis*, *cervicis tertius*
 ——— *digitorum*, a muscle of the toes
 ——— *magnus*, *cervicis tertius*
 ——— *nasi*, *compressor nasii*

TRI

Transversalis pedis placentini, a muscle of the toes
 ——— *urethræ*, a muscle of the urethra
Transversum externum carpi ligamentum, the transverse ligament of the wrist
 ——— *internum carpi*, the inner ligament of the wrist
Transversus, a muscle of the fore arm
 ——— *spinalis colli*, } a muscle of
 ——— *spinalis dorsi*, } the back
Trapezia, cucullaris
Trapezium os, a bone of the wrist
Trapezius musculus, cucullaris
Trapezoides os, a bone of the wrist
Traulotis, stammering
Trauma, a wound
Traumatica, application to wounds
Traxini arbor, folio flore cœruleo; the bread fruit
Tremor, trembling
Trepanatio, the operation of trepanning for fractures of the skull
Trepanum, the trepan; } instruments for
Trephinum, the trephine; } perforating the skull
Triandria, the 3d class of Linnæus's system of botany, containing the grasses
 ——— *digynia*, Linnæus's second order of the third class
Triangulares sterni, muscles of the ribs
Triangularis, the name of several muscles
 ——— *vena*, the external jugular vein
Tribulus, caltrops; a plant
 ——— *aquaticus*, water caltrops
Trica lumborum, a disease affecting the hair
Tricaudalis, having three tails
Triceps, having three heads; a muscle of the thigh
 ——— *auris*, a muscle of the ear
Trichia, } a turning in of the eyelids
Trichiasis, } too much hair on them; an appearance in urine like hair; an abscess in the breast
Trichismos, -us, a capillary fissure of the skull from fracture
Trichoma, the Polish disease of the hair; plica
Trichomanes, common maiden hair
Trichophyllum, having leaves like hairs
Trichosis, trichoma
Trichotum, the hairy scalp
Trichrus, a stone of three colours

T R I

Tricoccus, having three berries
Tricornes, muscles of three endings
Tricornis, having three horns
Tricurides, small worms of the intestines like threads
Tricuspidæ valvulæ, valves of the right auricle of the heart
Tricuspis, having three points
Triens, a cup; a Roman *Triens*.
Trifidus, a leaf with three segments
Trifolia spica, a species of samphire
Trifolium, trefoil
 — *acetosum*, wood sorrel
 — *album*, shrub trefoil of Montpellier
 — *arvense*, hare's foot trefoil, or *lago-podium*
 — *aureum*, herb trinity; noble liverwort
 — *Burgundicum*, medic fodder
 — *caballinum*, melilotus
 — *cæruleum*, sweet trefoil
 — *falcatum*, auricle muris
 — *hepaticum*, herb trinity; noble liverwort
 — *melilotus*, melilotus
 — *odoratum*, sweet trefoil; melilotus
 — *paludosum*, marsh trefoil, or buck bean; *menyanthes*
Trigemi nervi, the fifth pair of nerves
Trigeminus, three times double
 — *musculus*, a muscle of the neck
Trigla, the barbel fish
Triglites, a stone of the colour of the barbel
Triglochis, having three curved hooks
Trigonella,
 — *fœnum græcum*, } common
 — *Monspeliensis*, } fenugreek
Trigynia, plants with three pointals, or pistils
Trijugus, applied to a pinnate leaf with three pair of leaflets
Trilobus, consisting of three lobes
Trimestre setanios, a species of wheat
Trinitas, trefoil
Triœcia, having male, female, and hermaphrodite flowers on different plants
Triorchis, having three testicles; a species of herb dog's stones
Tripastrum Appellidis, } a surgical instru-
 — *Archimedis*, } ment for extending fractured limbs
Triplex, triceps
 — *primus musculus*, a muscle of the inside of the thigh

T R O

Triplex secundus musculus, } muscles of the
 — *tertius musculus*, } inside of the thigh
Tripolium, starwort
Tripsis, friction or rubbing; bruising
Triquetra ossa, pieces of bone in the skull surrounded by sutures
Trismus, the locked jaw with convulsive rigours
 — *arthriticus*, locked jaw from gout
 — *catarrhalis*, locked jaw from cold
 — *capistratus*, locked jaw with spasms of the face
 — *crepitans*, locked jaw with a crackling noise
 — *cynicus*, } locked jaw with the
 — *cynogelos*, } cynic laugh
 — *diastrophe*, locked jaw with a peculiar voice
 — *dolorificus*, locked jaw with much pain
 — *febrilis*, locked jaw from fever
 — *hypochondriacus*, locked jaw of hypochondriacs
 — *inflammatorius*, locked jaw from inflammation
 — *maxillaris*, true locked jaw
 — *nascentium*, locked jaw of infants
 — *occipitalis*, locked jaw from diseased occipital muscles
 — *sardonicus*, locked jaw with the cynic laugh
 — *scorbuticus*, locked jaw from scurvy
 — *traumaticus*, locked jaw from wounds, commonly of the extremities
Trissago, germander; *scordium*
Tristitia, sorrow
Tritæophya, } a continued tertian ague
Tritæos, -us, }
Trithales, an herb
Triticum, wheat; nutrimental
 — *Creticum*, a variety of wheat
 — *repens*, dog's grass; quick grass
 — *vaccinum*, purple cow wheat, or *melampyrum*
Tritio, rubbing
Tritorium, a glass to separate oil from distilled waters; a mortar
Trocar, the surgical instrument used in tapping for dropsy
Trochanter major, a large tuberosity on the outside of the thigh bone, called the great trochanter

T R O

Trochanter minor, the little trochanter, inside the thigh
 Trochisci, troches, or lozenges made with any mucilage and sugar
 — albi rhazis, ceruss, sarcocolla, tragacanth, camphor, and rose water, to be dissolved and used as eye-water
 — alexiteriales, lozenges of zedoary, snake root, bole, &c.
 — alhandala, lozenges of colocynthis, gum Arabic, tragacanth, and bdellium
 — alkekengi, lozenges of alkekengi, gum Arabic, tragacanth, olibanum, &c.
 — bechici albi, sugar, starch, liquorice, and orris root
 — bechici nigri, liquorice, sugar, and tragacanth
 — bechici cum opio, opium, balsam of Peru, tincture of tolu, liquorice, syrup, and gum Arabic
 — e carabe, amber, gum Arabic, hypocistis, balaustines, Japan earth, olibanum, and opium
 — cardialgiei, oyster shells, chalk, gum Arabic, nutmeg, and sugar
 — diasulphuris, sulphur, sugar, and syrup of quinces
 — de minio, red lead, sublimate, and bread, used externally
 — de myrrha, myrrh, lovage, pennyroyal, castor, galbanum, oil of savin, and elixir proprietatis
 — nervini, compound spirit of lavender, oils of cinnamon and rosemary, orris root, sugar, and mucilage
 — e nitro, nitre, sugar, and gum tragacanth
 — e scilla, squills and flour
 — sialagogi, pellitory of Spain, mastich, oils of cloves and marjoram, and wax
 — stomachici, extract of bark, oils of cinnamon and mint, and sugar
 — suaveolentes, storax, ambergris, musk, oil of cinnamon, and sugar
 — e sulphure, sulphur and sugar
 — e terra japonica, Japan earth, gum Arabic, and sugar of roses
 Trochites, trochites, or star fish petrified
 Trochlea, a pulley-like cartilage of the eye
 Trochleares, the pathetic, or fourth pair of nerves

T U N

Trochlearis musculus, the oblique muscle of the eye
 Trochoides, a species of articulation like a wheel and its axis
 Troglodites, the hedge sparrow
 Troma, a wound
 Tromos, a tremor
 Trompa, the whale
 Trophema, food; nutriment
 Truncus, the body, without the head and extremities
 Tryx, the lees, or dregs
 Tryxalis, a species of locust
 Tsam pangam, Campeachy, or log wood
 Tsianakua, } sweet and bitter costus plant
 Tsjana cua, }
 Tsjeron ratou neregam, a species of lemon tree
 Tsjeru cansjava, a species of hemp
 Tuba Aristotelica, } a tube transmitting air
 — Eustachiana, } from the fauces to the inner ear
 Tubæ Fallipianæ, } tubes forming the
 — Fallopinæ, } communication between the uterus and ovaria
 — novus valsalvæ musculus, a muscle of the palate
 Tuber, a toad stool; a hard swelling; a knob
 — anterior, the tuberosity of the tibia
 Tubera, tumors not dropsical
 Tuberca, any fungus
 — cervina, mushrooms
 Tuberculum, any small swelling
 — annulare, the commencement of the medulla oblongata
 — Loweri, a ridge in the division of the heart
 Tubuli lactiferi, the tubes forming the nipple
 Tubulus, the pipe shell of the East Indies
 — dentalis, the tooth shell
 — marinus, a spiral vermicular shell
 Tugus, stone parsley
 Tulipa, the tulip
 Tumefactio, a swelling
 Tumidosi, swellings
 Tumidosus, any thing tumid, or swelled
 Tumidum, the swelling of the bronchial glands
 Tumidus, swelled
 Tumor, a swelling, or tumour
 Tuna mitior, the cochineal plant
 Tunica, a tunic or coat; a membrane; clove gilly-flower

T U R

- Tunica aciniformis, } the uvea, or posterior
 — acinosa, } lamella of the iris
 — arachnea, the inner lamella of the
 pia mater
 — cellulosa Ruyschii, the second coat
 of the intestines
 — cornea, the second coat of the eye
 — filamentosa, the false, or spongy
 chorion
 — vaginalis testis, the vaginal coat of
 the testicle
 — villosa, the villous, or inner folding
 coat of the intestines
 Tunicatus, having many coats
 Tunstas, tunstat; the name in the new
 chymistry of every compound of the
 tungstic acid, or acid of tungstein
 — aluminosus, tunstat of alumine
 — ammoniacalis, tunstat of ammoniac
 — argenti, tunstat of silver
 — arsenicalis, tunstat of arsenic
 — auri, tunstat of gold
 — barytæ, tunstat of barytes, or heavy
 spar
 — bismuthi, tunstat of bismuth
 — calcareus, tunstat of lime
 — cobalti, tunstat of cobalt
 — cupri, tunstat of copper
 — ferri, tunstat of iron
 — hydrargyri, tunstat of mercury
 — magnesiae, tunstat of magnesia
 — magnesii, tunstat of manganese
 — molybdeni, tunstat of molybden
 — niccoli, tunstat of nickel
 — platini, tunstat of platina
 — plumbi, tunstat of lead
 — potassæ, tunstat of potash
 — sodæ, tunstat of soda, or mineral
 alkali
 — stanni, tunstat of tin
 — stibii, tunstat of antimony
 — tunstani, tunstat of tungstein
 — zinci, tunstat of zinc
 Turbinata ossa, parts of the bones of the
 nose
 Turbinatum, the pineal gland of the head
 Turbith, a cathartic eastern bark; a species
 of cicely
 Turcica sella, the Turkish saddle; a part of
 the sphenoid bone of the skull
 Turdus, a thrush
 Turgescencia, a swelling; a priapism
 Turpetum, } an eastern cathartic bark; a
 Turpetum, } species of cicely

T Y L

- Turpetum minerale, hydrargyri calx vitrio-
 lata flava
 Turritis, the herb tower mustard
 Tursio, a porpoise
 Tortur, the turtle dove
 Turunda, a tent to keep wounds open
 Tussedo, a recent cough
 Tussilago, }
 — farfara, } coltsfoot
 — foliis subcordatis, }
 — major, } butter bur, or pesti-
 — petasites, } lentwort
 Tussis, a cough
 — accidentalis, a cough from cold
 — arthritica, a gouty cough
 — calculosa, a cough from calculus
 — catarrhalis, a catarrhal cough
 — convulsiva, spasmodic cough; hoop-
 ing cough
 — a dentitione, cough attending cut-
 ting teeth
 — exanthematica, a cough with cuta-
 neous eruption
 — ferina, hooping cough
 — gravidarum, cough of pregnancy
 — gutturalis, a cough from disease in
 the throat
 — hæmoptoica, cough attending spit-
 ting of blood
 — hepatica, cough from liver disease
 — hysterica, an hysterical cough
 — metallicorum, cough from working
 metals
 — phthisica, consumptive cough
 — a polypo, cough from polypus in
 the lungs
 — rheumatica, cough from rheumatism
 — sicca, cough without expectoration
 — stomachalis humida, moist stomach
 cough
 — stomachalis sicca, dry stomach cough
 — verminosa, cough from worms
 — xerolaryngea, cough from dryness
 of the wind-pipe
 Tutenagum, tutenag; a compound of zinc
 Tutia, tatty; an ore of zinc; used in col-
 lyria
 Tutsan, tutsan, i. e. tout-sain; all-heal;
 Peter's wort
 Tylloma, a corn of the foot
 Tyloma, } a roughness of the inside of the
 Tylosis, } eyelid
 Tylotica, medicines which promote cal-
 lus

T Y P

Tympani membrana, the tympanum, or drum of the ear
 Tympanites, a tympany; swelling of the ear from air
 ——— abdominalis, swelling of the belly from air
 ——— asciticus, tympany with dropsy
 ——— enterophysodes, } tympany from
 ——— intestinalis, } air in the intestines
 ——— spasmodicus, tympany from spasm
 ——— Stewartii, tympany with dropsy
 ——— uteri humida, a swelling of the womb with discharge
 ——— uteri sicca, a swelling of the womb without discharge
 ——— verminosus, tympany from worms
 Tympanum, the drum, or sounding cavity of the ear
 Typha aromatica, calamus aromaticus
 ——— palustris major, great cat's tail
 Typhlosis, blindness
 Typhodes, of the typhus, or putrid nature
 Typhomania, delirium with apoplectic sleepiness
 ——— agrypnocoma, a disposition without ability to sleep

T Y R

Typhomania continua, the muttering of fevers
 ——— febricosa, typhomania in fits of ague
 ——— verminosa, typhomania from worms
 Typhonia, delirium with apoplectic sleepiness
 Typhos, -us, a contagious fever with occasional delirium and great loss of strength
 ——— Ægyptiacus, the plague of Egypt
 ——— carcerum, the jail fever
 ——— castrensis, the camp fever
 ——— comatosus, typhus with sleepy delirium
 ——— exhaustorum, low fever of debility
 ——— gravior, the severe species of typhus
 ——— hystericus, typhus with hysteric symptoms
 ——— icterodes, typhus with symptoms of jaundice
 ——— mitior, the low fever
 ——— nervosus, the nervous fever
 ——— petechialis, typhus with purple spots
 ——— verminosus, typhus from worms
 Typus, the regular progress of a fever
 Tyrosis, a disorder of the stomach from curd

U.

U L M

UEER, a breast, dug, or pap; fertile; abundant
 Ula, the gum, or a gum boil; a cicatrix
 Ulcera adoica, buboes; chancres
 ——— Ægyptia foetida, malignant ulcers of the tonsils
 Ulcerosa rubedo, fiery pimples on the face
 Ulcerosus, ulcerated, or ulcerous
 Ulcus, an ulcer
 ——— depascens, an eating ulcer; a species of herpes
 ——— mali moris, a malignant ulcer
 Ulcusculum, a small ulcer
 Ulmaria, herb queen of the meadows; meadow sweet; spiræa
 Ulmi cortex, inner bark of the elm tree

U M B

Ulmus, the elm tree
 Ulna, the outer, under, or smaller of the two bones of the fore arm
 Ulnaris, the ulnar nerve
 ——— arteria, the artery of the fore arm
 ——— externus, a muscle of the wrist
 ——— gracilis, a muscle of the fingers
 ——— internus, carpi flacciditatis interior
 Ulomela, perfection in all the limbs
 Ulon, the outer side of the gums
 Ulva, laver; an extensive genus of the natural order algæ; sea plants
 Umbella, (in botany) an umbel; that arrangement of flowers which takes place in the plants of the second order of Linnæus's 5th class

U N G

Umbellula, a partial umbel
 Umbilicalia vasa, the umbilical vessels; ligaments which, before birth, were vessels, and conveyed blood from the mother to the child
 Umbilicalis arteria, the umbilical artery
 ————— regio, the umbilical region, extending from a line between the false ribs to the same between the spinæ ilii
 ————— vena, the umbilical vein
 Umbilicus, the navel
 ————— marinus, androsace; sea navelwort
 ————— veneris, herb navelwort; wall pennywort
 Uncia, an ounce
 ————— Romana, the avoirdupois ounce
 Unciforme os, a bone of the wrist
 Uncio, anointing
 Unctuosus, fat; greasy
 Unedo, the strawberry tree, or wilding crab
 Unguentaria, the nutmeg
 Unguentum, an ointment
 ————— Ægyptiacum, verdigris, honey, and vinegar
 ————— ex æruginè, Brazilian ointment and verdigris
 ————— alabastrinum, alabaster ointment for the headach
 ————— album, simple ointment and white lead
 ————— album camphoratum, simple ointment, white lead, and camphor
 ————— amaracinum, ointment of sweet marjoram
 ————— antipsoricum, lard, sulphur, and essence of lemon
 ————— antipsoricum cum mercurio, elecampane, dock root, water cress, lard, wax, oil of bays, vinegar, water, quicksilver, and turpentine
 ————— ex althæa, oil of mucilages, wax, resin, and turpentine
 ————— arcæi, gum elemi, turpentine, suet, and lard
 ————— basilicum flavum, oil, wax, resin, Burgundy pitch, and turpentine
 ————— basilicum nigrum, oil, wax, resin, and dry pitch
 ————— basilicum viride, yellow basilicon, oil and verdigris
 ————— e calce zinci, simple ointment and zinc

U N G

Unguentum cantharidis, unguentum ad vesicatoria
 ————— ceræ, unguentum album; wax distilled with sand
 ————— citrinum, quicksilver, nitrous acid, and lard
 ————— cœruleum fortius, quicksilver, balsamum sulphuris, and lard
 ————— cœruleum mitius, weaker mercurial ointment
 ————— constellatum, earth worms and lard
 ————— desiccativum rubrum, oil, wax, calamine, litharge, bole Armeniac, and camphor
 ————— dialthææ, althæa ex unguentum
 ————— diapompholygos, oil, nightshade, wax, ceruss, burnt lead, zinc, and frankincense
 ————— digestivum, yellow and black basilicon and turpentine
 ————— emolliens, palm oil, linseed oil, wax, and turpentine
 ————— epispasticum, cantharides and basilicon
 ————— epispasticum ex infuso cantharidum, cantharides, resin, wax, lard, turpentine, and boiling water
 ————— ad fissuras, myrrh, honey, wax, oil of roses, and rhodium
 ————— e gummi elemi, suet, gum elemi, and turpentine
 ————— herpeticum, lime, orpiment, tartar, soap, and oil of elder
 ————— e lapide calaminari, simple cerate and calamine
 ————— mercuriale, quicksilver and lard
 ————— e mercurio præcipitato, simple ointment, precipitated sulphur, and precipitate of mercury
 ————— Neapolitanum, common mercurial ointment
 ————— nervinum, nerve ointment
 ————— nutritum, litharge, vinegar, and oil of olives
 ————— ophthalmicum, ointment of tutty, saturnine ointment, and camphor
 ————— paralyticum, vitriolic acid, lard, and oil of bays
 ————— e pice, suet and tar
 ————— ad psoram, lard, sulphur, and essence of lemon

U R E

Unguentum sambucinum, elder flowers, suet, and oil
 ————— saturninum, oil, wax, and sugar of lead
 ————— simplex, lard, rose water, and essence of lemon
 ————— e sulphure, sulphur, simple ointment, and essence of lemon
 ————— tetrapharmacum, oil, wax, resin, and pitch
 ————— tripharmacum, common plaister, oil, and vinegar
 ————— tutiæ, tatty and viper's fat
 ————— vermifugum, ointment against worms
 ————— ad vesicatoria, lard and blistering plaister
 ————— viride, green oil and wax
 Ungues, muscles; a shell fish
 Unguis, the nail of the fingers and toes; a claw or talon; a hoof; a speck on the eye; a shell fish
 ————— rosæ, the white in the leaf of a rose
 ————— ossa, two small bones of the orbits of the eyes
 Ungula, a speck on the eye
 ————— alcis, the elk's hoof; antepileptic
 ————— caballina, coltsfoot
 Unicornu, a fossil horn-like substance
 ————— minerale, white bole
 Uniflorus, bearing one flower
 Unifolium, the herb one blade
 Unilocularis, a seed vessel with one cell
 Unio, a pearl
 Unispermus, bearing only one seed
 Univalva, a shell with one valve
 Upsiloides, the os hyoides which supports the tongue
 Upupa, the whoopo bird
 Urachus, the canal which transmits the urine of the fœtus calf
 Ura erumena, cloudy urine
 Uragium, the apex of the heart
 Uraniscus, the palate
 Uranoscopus, a stargazer; a fish having its eyes placed vertically
 Urceola, } pellitory of the wall; fever-
 Urceolaris, } few
 Urceolatus, pitcher-shaped
 Urceoli vitrei, urceola
 Uredo, a blast; a species of headach
 Urema, } discharge of urine
 Uresis, }

U R T

Ureter, ureter; the tube conveying the urine from the kidney to the bladder
 Ureteres, the ureters
 Ureteritica ischuria, suppression of urine from inflamed ureter
 Ureteritis, inflammation of the ureter
 Ureterolithica ischuria, suppression of urine from stone in the ureter
 Ureterothromboides ischuria, suppression of urine from grumous blood in the ureter
 Ureterophlegmatica ischuria, suppression of urine from pituitous matter in the ureter
 Ureteropyica ischuria, suppression of urine from purulent matter in the ureter
 Ureterostomatica ischuria, suppression of urine from obstruction in the lower end of the ureter
 Urethra, the canal by which the urine is evacuated from the bladder
 Urethrelmintica ischuria, suppression of urine from worms in the urethra
 Urethritica ischuria, suppression of urine from inflammation in the urethra
 Urethrohymenodes ischuria, suppression of urine from a membrane in the urethra
 Urethrolitica ischuria, suppression of urine from a stone in the urethra
 Urethromboides ischuria, suppression of urine from grumous blood obstructing the urethra
 Urethrophlegmatica ischuria, suppression of urine from mucus obstructing the urethra
 Urethropyica ischuria, suppression of urine from pus obstructing the urethra
 Uretica, medicines which promote a flow of urine
 Urias, the urethra
 Urina, the urine
 ————— araneosa, urine with films
 Urinacalum, urachus
 Urinaria, the dandelion
 Urocrisia, a judgment from the urine
 Uron, the urine
 Urorrhœa, urine passing through a wound in the urethra
 Uroscopia, inspection of urine
 Ursus, a bear
 Urtica, the nettle
 ————— alba, white archangel, or dead nettle
 ————— dioica, the common nettle
 ————— iners, white archangel, or dead nettle
 ————— lactea, spotted archangel
 ————— marina, sea blubber, a jelly-like substance

U T R

Urticaria, } the nettle rash; red spots like
 Urticata, } nettle stings, going off in
 scales with slight fever and itching
 ——— febris, the acute nettle rash
 ——— purpura, the purple nettle rash
 Urticatio, whipping with nettles
 Urucu, roucon; a dye stuff from Brasil
 Usia, the hog louse
 Usnea, sea salt
 ——— cranii humanii, moss growing on
 human, or other bones
 Uteraria, remedies for diseases of the womb
 Uteri hæmorrhagia, excessive menstrual dis-
 charge
 Uterus, the womb
 Utricularia, nepenthes; a plant of Ceylon
 yielding a cooling liquid
 Utriculus, the womb

U Z I

Utriformis abscessus, an œdematous fleshy
 swelling
 Uva, an unripe grape, a dropsy of the cor-
 nea of the eye like a grape
 ——— crispa, the gooseberry bush
 ——— damascena, the largest kind of grape
 ——— gruina, crane berries of New England
 ——— lupina, ipecacuanha
 ——— marina, lesser sea horse-tail
 ——— passa, the sun raisin
 ——— ursi, bear's whortle berry; the berry-
 bearing strawberry tree
 Uvea, the hinder part of the iris of the eye
 Uvero, a plant of Hispaniola
 Uvula, that fleshy process hanging from
 the palate
 Uvularia, herb double tongue, or bislingua
 Uzifur, the philosopher's stone

V.

V A L

VACCA, a cow
 Vacca marina, the sea cow
 Vaccaria, the herb cow's basil
 Vaccinatio, vaccination; inoculation for
 cow-pock
 Vaccinata, the uva ursi, or moor berry
 ——— alba, white whortles
 ——— nubis vulgaris, the cloud, or
 knot berry
 ——— palustris, moor, or crane berries
 Vacciola, the cow-pock, which prevents
 the small-pox
 Vacillatio, reeling
 Vacuatio, evacuation
 Vaga, an irregular fever with intervals of
 ten days
 Vagæ, plants not reducible to any regular
 class
 Vagi nervi, the par vagum, or eighth pair
 of nerves
 Vagina, the passage to the womb; the co-
 vering of a bud
 Vaginalis tunica testis, the vaginal coat of
 the testicle
 Vaginans, when the base of a leaf enfolds
 the stem
 Valanida, the beech tree
 Valeriana, valerian

V A P

Valeriana major, great valerian
 ——— loc sta, lamb's lettuce
 ——— officinalis, } great wild valerian
 ——— sylvestris, }
 Valerianella, small valerian; lamb's lettuce
 Valerianelloides, an American plant like va-
 lerian
 Valerianthemum, hartwort; cardinal flower
 Valetudo, health
 ——— adversa, ill health
 ——— secunda, good health
 Valgus, bowed, or bandy legged
 Valliona, goat's eye; holm oak; a disease
 in the corner of the eye
 Vallum, the eyebrow
 Valva, a valve
 ——— nobilis, a valve where the vena cava
 enters the heart
 Valvula cœci, } the valve which is so fixed
 ——— coli, } in the colon as to pre-
 ——— ilii, } vent the return of fæces
 into the intestinum ilium
 ——— palati, the uvula of the fauces
 Valvulæ conniventes, the wrinkles, or fine
 internal foldings of the intestines
 Vanilla, vanello; Indian fruit used in cho-
 colate
 Vapor, a steam, or vapour

V A R

- Vaporarium, a vapour bath
 Vaporatio, converting fluids into vapour
 Varaca, the jack tree
 Varia, small red pimples on the face
 Varicella, } the chicken - pox,
 — lymphatica, } consisting of pustules somewhat like small-pox, hot, suppurating, but scaling off in a few days, preceded by slight fever
 Varices, dilated veins
 Variciformes parastatae, vessels of the testicle
 Varicocele, a distention of the veins of the scrotum
 Varicosa corpora, the winding spermatic vessels
 Varicula, dilated veins; swelling of the veins of the eye
 Variola, small-pox; a disease which we hope will be soon superseded and extirpated by vacciola
 — cholerica, the measles
 — complicata, small-pox mixed with other disease
 — confluens, confluent small-pox
 — confluens crystallina, small-pox with clear pustules
 — confluens cohærens, the confluent small-pox
 — confluens corymbosa, the small-pox in clusters
 — confluens maligna, } the malignant
 — confluens nigra, } small-pox
 — discreta, } the distinct and
 — discreta benigna, } mild small-pox
 — discreta complicata, the distinct small-pox mixed with other disease
 — discreta dysenteriodes, distinct small-pox with dysentery
 — discreta crystallina, distinct crystalline small-pox
 — discreta miliaris, distinct miliary small-pox
 — discreta siliquosa, distinct scaly small-pox
 — discreta vesicularis, distinct crystalline small-pox
 — discreta verrucosa, distinct warty small-pox
 — Japonica, } the crystalline small-pox
 — lymphatica, }
 — sanguinea, the malignant small-pox
 Variolæ anomalæ, the irregular small-pox
 — confluentes simplices, the simple confluent small-pox

V E N

- Variolæ discretæ simplices, the simple distinct small-pox
 — regulares confluentes, the regular confluent small-pox
 — regulares discretæ, the distinct and regular small-pox
 Varium os, the cuboid bone of the wrist
 Varix, a dilated vein
 Varus, a red pimple; bow legged
 Vas, a vessel
 — infernale, a flat-bottomed chymical glass
 — urinale, a urinal; a vessel to inspect urine
 Vasa brevia, branches of the artery of the spleen
 — deferentia, seminal vessels of the spermatic chords
 — iliaca, the iliac vessels
 — lactea, the vessels absorbing and transmitting chyle
 — lymphatica, the vessels transmitting lymph
 — præparantia, vessels of the testicles
 — sanguinea, blood vessels
 — spermatica, the spermatic, or seed vessels
 Vastus externus, } muscles of the thigh
 — internus, }
 Vegetabilis, vegetable
 Vehiculum, the fluid in which a medicine is given
 Velamentum bombycinum, the inner coat of the intestines
 Vellicatio, floccitatio; a picking of the bed-clothes in violent diseases
 Velum, a covering
 — pupillæ, the membrane in the foetal eye instead of the pupil
 Vena, a vein, having thinner coats than an artery and not pulsating
 — arteriosa, the pulmonary artery; the vena portæ
 — articularis, a vein near the shoulder
 — azygos, sine pari; without a fellow
 — hepatica, a vein of the liver
 — hypogastrica, a vein of the hypogastrium
 — icoraria, vena hepatica
 — intestinalis, a vein of the duodenum
 — ingulares, ingulares; a vein of the neck
 — mediana basilica, the median basilic vein of the arm

V E R

Vena medinensis, the Guinea worm
 — *portæ*, or *portarum*, the vein which returns the blood of the intestines to the liver
 — *splenica brachii*, the vein of the left arm
Venæ adiposæ, veins coming from the fat of the kidneys
 — *amulares*. See *Annularis*
 — *apoplecticæ*, *jugulares*
 — *iliacæ*, the iliac veins
 — *intercostales*, the veins between the ribs
 — *lactææ*, the vessels absorbing and transmitting chyle
 — *lumbares*, the veins of the loins
 — *sectio*, bleeding by the lancet
Venenum, poison
Venena, poisons; those of England are black henbane, deadly nightshade, wolfsbane, dog's mercury, thorn apple, hemlock, red and pepper mushroom, dead tongue, water hemlock, and the laurel or bay cherry
Venerens, venereal lues
Venosus, a leaf with many ribs or veins
 — *canalis*, a part of the foetal circulation
Venter, the belly
 — *abactus*, miscarriage, or procured abortion
 — *fermentatus*, an inflated belly
 — *imus*, the abdomen, or lower belly
Ventositas, windiness; flatulence
Ventriculatio, colic
Ventriculosus, the *cœliac* passion; a purging of food undigested; having a belly
Ventriculus, the stomach
 — *succenturiatus*, the intestine called duodenum
Ventriloquus, an imitator of voices
Venus, venery; coition; copper
Veratrum, white hellebore
Verbasculum, paigles, or common cowslips
 — *cyanoides*, *cyanus montanus*
Verbascum, mullein, or cow's lungs
Verbasina, } water hemp, or agrimony
Verbesina, }
Verbena, common vervain
 — *fœmina*, hedge mustard
Vermes, worms
Vermiculares, muscles of the fingers and toes like worms
Vermicularis, housecock

V E S

Vermicularis motus, the peristaltic motion of the intestines
Vermiformis, a prominence in the brain
 — *appendicula*, an appendage of the colon
Vermis mordicans, } a species of herpetic
 — *repens*, } eruption on the skin
Vernix, the resin of the juniper tree
Veronica, *fluellin*, or speedwell
 — *aquatica*, water pimpernel, or brook lime
 — *fœmina*, *fluellin*, or speedwell
Verricularis tunica, the retina of the eye
Verruca, a wart
Verrucæ, warts
Verrucaria, turnsole
Verrucosus, warty
Versicaria vulgaris, the winter cherry
Vertebra, a vertebra, or bone of the spine
Vertebræ, the vertebrae, or vertebrae
 — *cervicales*, the vertebrae of the neck, seven
 — *dorsales*, the vertebrae of the back, twelve
 — *falsæ*, the vertebrae of the os sacrum and coccyx
 — *lumbares*, the vertebrae of the loins, five
Vertex, the crown, or top of the head
Vertigo, giddiness
Vesania, melancholy; lunacy; madness; want of judgment
Vesaniæ, diseases attended with derangement of mind without fever or sleepiness
Vesica distillatoria, a copper cucurbit lined with tin
 — *fellis*, the gall bladder
 — *urinaria*, the urinary bladder
Vesicæ rarus morbus, a discharge of mucus from the bladder, common in strictures of the urethra
Vesicaria, the winter cherry
 — *marina nigra*, a marine froth resembling sponge
Vesicatorium, a blistering application
Vesicula fellis, the gall bladder
Vesiculæ divæ barbaræ, the confluent small-pox
 — *gingivarum*, the thrush
 — *seminales*, the seminal vesicles; the supposed reservoirs of the semen, lying between the bladder and rectum
Vestibulum, the innermost cavity of the ears

V I N

Vestigium, the sole of the foot
 Veterinaria, medicines for cattle
 Vetrinum, anasaruous swelling
 Vetrinus, lethargy
 Vetonica, the gillyflower; betonica
 ——— cordi, woody betony
 Vetti tali, an Indian tree
 Vibex, a large purple spot
 Vibices, (plural) large purple spots; marks
 Vibrissæ, the hairs in the nostrils
 Viburnum, the wayfaring tree; mealy tree
 Vicia, the tare, or vetch
 Victorialis, spotted ramsons; broad-leaved garlic
 Victoriatus, a half denarius, or thirty-one grains
 Victoriola, tongued laurel
 Victus, food
 ——— animalis, animal food
 Vidamaram, species of Egyptian jujube fruit
 Villosus, covered with down, or wool
 Vina lautissima, rich wines
 Vinca pervinca, the plant greater periwinkle
 Viacetoxicum, swallow-wort
 Vini spiritus, spirit distilled from fermented vegetables, wine, &c.
 — spiritus rectificatus, rectified spirit of wine
 — spiritus tenuior, weak spirit of wine
 Vinum, the fermented juice of grapes, apples, malt, sugar, &c.
 ——— absinthites, wine impregnated with wormwood
 ——— adustum, best spirit of wine; inflammable; alcohol
 ——— album, } mountain wine
 ——— album Hispanum, }
 ——— aloes, wine of aloes; tinctura sacra
 ——— aloeticum alkalinum, fixed alkali, aloes, saffron, myrrh, sal ammoniac, and mountain
 ——— amarum, gentian, lemon peel, pepper, and mountain
 ——— aminæum, Falernian wine
 ——— anisatum, aniseed steeped in wine
 ——— aromaticum, cloves, ginger, cinnamon, nutmegs, and mountain
 ——— antimoniale, crocus of antimony in mountain
 ——— benedictum, antimonial wine
 ——— Canarium, C nary wine, or sack
 ——— cedrinum, cedar juice mixed with wine; astringent, diuretic

V I R

Vinum chalybeatum, iron filings, cinnamon, mace, and Rhenish wine
 ——— croceum, saffron and Canary
 ——— emeticum, glass of antimony and Spanish white wine
 ——— Falernium, Falernian wine; a strong wine
 ——— febrifugum, bark and red wine
 ——— guaiacinum, guaiacum, saunders, orange peel, cardamom, and mountain
 ——— guaiacinum cum helleboro, guaiacum, black hellebore, cardamoms, orange peel, and mountain
 ——— Hippocraticum, claretum; claret
 ——— hordeaceum, ale
 ——— ipecacuanhæ, ipecacuanha, orange peel, and Canary
 ——— lautissimum, wine charged with myrrh
 ——— lentiscinum, wine charged with mastich
 ——— malabathrinum, malathrum steeped in must
 ——— millepedum, live millepedes and Rhenish wine
 ——— rhabarbari, wine of rhubarb
 ——— rhei, rhubarb, canella alba, spirit, and wine
 ——— Rhenanum, Rhenish wine
 ——— rubrum, red port
 ——— tartaro antimoniali, emetic tartar and Spanish white wine
 Viola, the common violet
 ——— aquatica, broad-leaved pond weed
 ——— ipecacua, ipecacuanha
 ——— lunaris, herb satin; honesty
 ——— lutea, yellow wall flower
 ——— mariana, Syrian bell flower
 ——— marina, the smelt fish
 ——— palustris, butterwort; Yorkshire snail
 Viorna, herb traveller's joy; vesicates
 Vipeba, the cassada bread of the West Indies
 Vipera, the viper; the adder
 ——— pileata, the hairy, or Indian serpent
 Viperaria, viper grass
 Viperina, Virginian snake root
 Vir, a man
 Virga aurea, herb common golden rod
 ——— aurea major, great scabane; doria
 ——— divinatoria, the divining rod; a hazel stick, if poised on the finger, will dip its end on that side where any bed of minerals lies

VIT

Virga pastoris, dipsacus minor
 Virgatā sutura, the sagittal suture of the skull
 Virginalē claustrum, the hymen of the vagina
 Virginianum rubrum, red, or Virginian nightshade
 Virium lapsus, fainting, or loss of strength
 Vis, force; power
 — conservatrix, } the natural
 — conservatrix naturæ, } power of the animal machine in preserving health
 — generatrix, the power of generation
 — inertiae, the propensity to rest inherent in matter
 — medicatrix, the natural power of the animal machine in the removal of disease
 — plastica, that facility of formation which spontaneously operates in animals
 — a tergo, any impulsive power
 — vitæ, the natural power of the animal machine in preserving life
 Viscaria, a species of catchfly
 Viscera, the bowels; the organs in the belly and chest
 Viscilago, mucilage
 Viscositas, clamminess
 Viscum, bird lime prepared from holly
 — album, mistletoe
 — quernum, mistletoe of the oak
 Viscus, a bowel or organ; bird lime; mistletoe
 Visio, sight
 Visnaga, the plant called Spanish toothpick
 — minor, stone parsley
 Visus, sight
 — debilis hebetudo, impaired sight without visible defect
 Vita, life
 — jugis, age
 — Enochidiana, as old as Enoch
 Vitæ affectiones, any particular regimen
 — arbor, the tree of life
 — lignum, guaiacum wood
 — proposita, particular regimen
 Vitales functiones, the action of the heart, brain, lungs, &c.
 Vitalis, vital; alive; living
 Vitelli caro, veal
 Vitellus, the yolk of an egg
 Vitex, a kind of willow
 Vitia, external, evident, and local diseases
 Viticella, the wild vine
 Viticulum, a vine branch

VIT

Vitiligo, } the white leprosy
 — alba, }
 Vitis, the vine tree
 — alba, white bryony
 — idæa, the uva ursi, or whortle berry
 — sylvestris, white bryony
 — vinifera, the vine tree
 Vitisaltus, chorea; St. Vitus's dance
 Vitium, a defect, or disease
 Vitraria, the pellitory of the wall
 Vitreus, glassy; the largest humour of the eye
 Vitrificatum antimonium, glass of antimony
 — antimonium ceratum, glass of antimony mixed with melted wax
 Vitrioli acidum, acid of vitriol; sulphuric acid
 — colcothar, the residuum of sal martis, or green vitriol calcined
 — gilla, white vitriol dissolved and crystallized
 — oleum, oil or acid of vitriol
 — sal, white vitriol
 — spiritus, spirit of vitriol
 — spiritus dulcis, mixture of vitriolic æther and spirit of wine
 — spiritus fortis, the fluid remaining after distilling the liquor drawn from burning sulphur and nitre over water in close rooms
 — spiritus tenuis, diluted vitriolic acid
 Vitriolicum acidum, } vitriolic acid, procur-
 — oleum, } ed from burning sulphur with nitre in close rooms, now called sulphuric acid
 Vitriolum, a name for compounds of vitriolic acid
 — abortivum, yellow or red ochre; a species of clay
 — album, white vitriol; vitriolic acid and zinc
 — calcinatum, vitriolum viride calcined
 — cæruleum, blue vitriol; vitriolic acid and copper
 — martis, vitriol of iron; salt of steel, vitriolic acid, and iron
 — purificatum, white vitriol dissolved and crystallized
 — Romanum, blue or Roman vitriol; vitriolic acid and copper
 — veneris, crystals of copper
 — viride, green vitriol; copperas; a union of vitriolic acid and iron
 — zinci, white vitriol; zinc and diluted vitriolic acid

V O M

Vitrum, glass
 — antimonii, glass of antimony; antimony first calcined and then fused in a crucible
 — hypoclepticum, a funnel to separate oil from water
 Vitta, an odorous cap for the head
 Viverra, a ferret
 Volatilia, volatiles; substances that dissolve in and readily mix with the air
 Voliatica, a cutaneous eruption
 Volsalia, a small forceps
 Volsella, a probang, or instrument to remove bodies sticking in the throat
 Volubilis, a plant that twists itself round whatever is near it
 Volutta, a pod-bearing tree of Malabar
 Volva, the calyx of the fungi, or mushroom tribe
 Volvulus, the iliac passion, or inflammation in the bowels, called twisting of the guts
 — terestris, small bind weed; convolvulus
 Vomer, a plough share; a bone of the nose

V U L

Vomica, abscess immediately under the pleura investing the lungs, originating from tubercles
 — liquoris æterni, quicksilver
 Vomitus, vomiting
 Vomitoria, emetics
 Vomitus, vomiting
 Voracitas, an unnatural appetite
 Vox, the voice
 — abscissa, hoarseness; a loss of voice
 Vulneraria, vulneraries; healers of wounds
 — aqua, a vinous distillation from sage and mugwort
 Vulnus, a wound
 — sclopeticum, a gunshot wound
 Vulpanser, the shell drake, or burrow duck
 Vulpes, a fox
 Vulpisimia, the fox-ape
 Vulpis pulmo, fox's lungs
 Vultur, the vulture
 Vultus, the countenance
 Vulva, the female pudendum; a foramen in the brain
 Vulvaria, stinking orache

W.

W I N

WADT, plumbago, or black lead
 Waleus, the sea horse
 Warnas, the vinegar of philosophers
 Warnelia, the sand-box tree; Jamaica walnuts
 Winterana aromatica, Winter's bark, or cinnamon tree of the Straits of Magellan
 — canella, canella alba, or wild cinnamon tree of the Caribbee Islands

W O R

Winterana Jamaicensis, Winterana canella
 Winterantus cortex, Winter's bark, or cinnamon tree of the Straits of Magellan; cascarella
 Wismuthum, bismuth; a semi-metal
 Wormiana ossa, pieces of bone in the skull surrounded by sutures

X.

X A L

XALAPPA, jalap from Xalappa, in Mexico
 Xantharus, a yellow animal of the ox kind
 Xanthenes, a stone like amber
 Xanthia, a fish of an amber colour

X E R

Xanthium, the great burdock, or clotbur
 Xantho-xylum, yellow, or fustick wood
 Xantolina, the worm seed; santonicum
 Xeraleiphia, a dry unction

X I P

Xeranthimum, the dry flower; sneezewort,
or bastard pellitory
Xerasia, baldness, or dry headed
Xeria, any dry plaisters
Xero, the point of dryness or freezing,
but thirty-two degrees of Fahrenheit's
thermometer below freezing; it denotes
the beginning of any scale; zero
Xerocollyrium, a dry collyrium
Xeromyrum, a dry ointment
Xerophthalmia, dry inflammatory disease of
the eyes
Xerotribia, a dry friction
Xibetum, zibetum; civet
Xiphias, the sword fish
Xiphium, a species of iris flower; spurge-
wort
Xiphoides cartilago, the small cartilage at
the bottom of the breast bone

X Y S

Xirasia, baldness, or dry headed
Xitoma, the sweet Indian cherry
Xydocolca, grains of the carob tree
Xylaloe, wood aloë
Xylo aloë, the aromatic aloë
Xylobalsamum, the balm of Gilead; the
wood of the balsam tree
Xylocassia, cassia lignea; woody cassia
Xylocinnamomum, the wood of the cinna-
mon tree
Xylomasticum, mastich wood
Xylon, -um, a species of cotton tree
Xylophagi, the white ants, or termites of
Africa
Xylophagus, a wood insect
Xylostium, upright honeysuckle
Xyris, the spurge wort
Xystus, scraped lint

Y.

Y A W

YABACANI, a root, preventive of the
bite of snakes
Yaws, a disease peculiar to blacks; it ap-
pears like warts, or mulberries on various
parts of the body

Y U C

Ypsiloglossi, muscles depressing the tongue
Ypsiloides os, the os hyoides
Yucca, an Indian root affording meal for
food

Z.

Z A R

ZZ, myrrh; ginger
Zaara, pervigilium, or watching in fevers
Zacintha, wart succory
Zaffaran, common saffron
Zaffer, smalt; flint and potash melted, co-
loured with cobalt, and powdered
Zagu, the Indian bread, or sago tree
Zahafaran, common saffron
Zaibac, quicksilver
Zail, a disease about the pubes, endemical
in Ethiopia
Zalapa, jalapa, or jalap root
Zarcaparilla, sarsaparilla
Zarnich, arsenic

Z E R

Zarnthan, a species of cancer in the breast
Zarza, } sarsaparilla
Zarzaparilla, }
Zazarhendi herba, common marjoram
Zea, spelt corn
Zedoaria, zedoary; an eastern stomachic
Zedorizæ semina, the worm seed
root
Zema, a decoction; broth
Zeopyrum, a kind of wheat
Zephyria ova, barren eggs
Zerna, a species of leprosy
Zero, the point of dryness, or beginning of
any scale
T t

- Zerta, the name of a fish
 Zerumbet, zedoary; broad-leaved wild ginger
 Zibach, quicksilver
 Zibethum, civet; a strong animal perfume from Brasil
 Ziccará, an Indian pine-like fruit
 Ziment, cement, or luting
 Zinchum, zinc; blend; speltre; a semi-metal extracted from calamine
 Zinci flores, flowers of zinc; sublimed zinc
 Zinchum, zinchum
 ——— calcinatum, flowers of zinc; sublimed zinc
 ——— vitriolatum, white vitriol; vitriolic acid and zinc
 ——— vitriolatum purificatum, white vitriol washed in oil of vitriol and water
 Zincum, zinchum
 Zingi, Indian anise
 Zingiber, ginger; root of China
 Zingin, ginseng
 Zizanium, darnel
 Ziziba, } jujuba
 Zizipha, }
- Zizipha candida, the bread tree
 Ziziphum, jujuba
 Zomus, a broth; a decoction
 Zona, a species of herpetic eruption encircling the body
 Zoonomia, the laws of animal life
 Zoophytum, a plant-like substance formed by animals
 Zootomia, zootomy; the dissection of animals
 Zoster erysipelas, } erysipelas with small
 ——— herpes, } vesications
 Zozar, }
 Zuccara, } sugar
 Zuchar, }
 Zygoma, the cheek bone
 Zygomata ossa, the cheek bones
 Zygomatikus major, } a muscle of the
 ——— musculus, } lips
 ——— processus, the zygomatic process of the cheek bone
 Zymoma, a ferment; a leaven
 Zymosis, fermentation
 Zythogala, a drink of beer and milk
 Zythus, beer; ale

F I N I S.

OMISSION.

Floccitatio, picking the bed-clothes.

ERRATUM.

For Cortius read Corticis.

/h





