The pupil's pharmacopoeia; being a literal translation of the London Pharmacopoeia, the English following the original in italics word for word: and the Latin text being marked to facilitate a proper pronunciation In addition to which, the chemical decompositions are explained in a note at the foot of each preparation. To the whole is annexed, a table exhibiting at one view, the names of medicines, with their properties, doses, and antidotes ... etc / By W. Maugham.

#### **Contributors**

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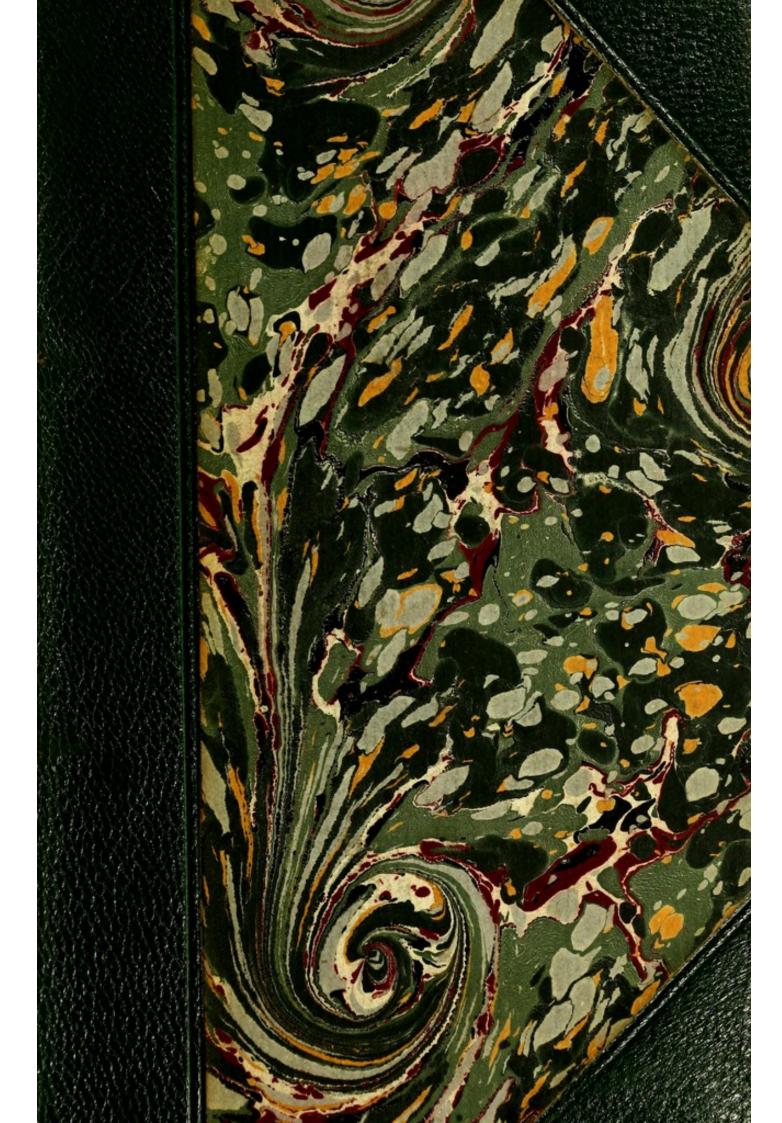
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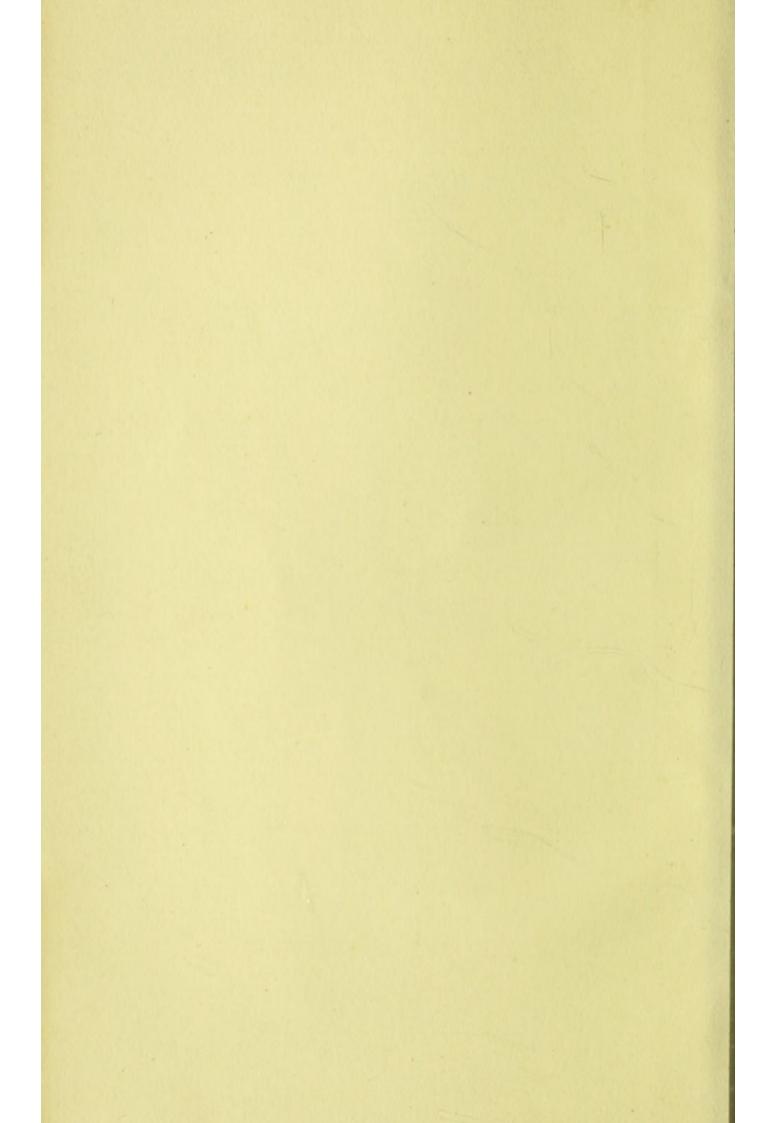
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Chas. Wildman -London -

# PUPIL'S PHARMACOPŒIA;

BEING A

LITERAL TRANSLATION

OF THE

#### LONDON PHARMACOPŒIA,

THE ENGLISH FOLLOWING THE ORIGINAL IN ITALICS WORD FOR WORD;

AND

The Latin text being marked to facilitate a proper Pronunciation.

IN ADDITION TO WHICH,
THE CHEMICAL DECOMPOSITIONS ARE EXPLAINED IN
A NOTE AT THE FOOT OF EACH PREPARATION.

TO THE WHOLE IS ANNEXED,

A Table exhibiting at one view,

THE NAMES OF MEDICINES,

With their Properties, Doses, and Antidotes in cases of Poison, &c. &c.

DESIGNED EXPRESSLY FOR THE USE OF STUDENTS.

" Duplex libelli dos est."

By W. MAUGHAM, SURGEON.

#### LONDON:

PRINTED FOR

LONGMAN, HURST, REES, ORME, BROWN, AND GREEN,

1824.

95400

HISTORICAL MEDICAL (/BRART

London:
Printed by A. & R. Spottiswoode,
New-Street-Square.

# DAVID UWINS, M.D.

CORRESPONDING MEMBER OF THE MEDICO CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY OF BERLIN,

FELLOW, AND LATE PRESIDENT, OF THE LONDON MEDICAL SOCIETY,

PHYSICIAN TO THE CITY DISPENSARY, AND LECTURER ON THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE,

THIS TRANSLATION '

OF

THE LONDON PHARMACOPŒIA,

WITH NOTES, &c.

IS MOST RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED,

BY HIS MUCH OBLIGED

AND VERY GRATEFUL PUPIL,

WILLIAM MAUGHAM.

London, December 1. 1823.

# DAVID UWINS, M.D.

double the Common de 1828, on a ad neds of their writing by but the aid

3

### TRANSLATOR'S PREFACE.

ALTHOUGH the following translation of the London Pharmacopæia was undertaken principally for the use of students, yet as it is printed throughout in an Italic type, and may be read independently of the Latin, it will, no doubt, be found serviceable to the general practitioner. Perhaps there are some who will at once condemn the very appearance of the interweaving, as it were, of the two languages together: but I will ask these, if a translation be admissible at all, why it should not be equally so under the present arrangement? When works of this kind have been written in a dead language, and couched for the most part in terms of modern invention, I conceive they cannot be rendered too explanatory to the junior part of the profession; some of whom have never had a classical education, whilst many others, during their apprenticeship, have, in all probability, forgotten the little knowledge of Latin they had acquired The short period which is usually spent in attending Hospital practice, and the different lectures, &c. necessary for rendering a young man eligible for his examination, either at the College of Surgeons or Apothecaries' Hall, is certainly of all others the most improper for entering upon the study of this language, as the whole of his attention should then be

directed to those pursuits which are of a more important nature; inasmuch as they affect not only himself, but the public at large. It is by no means requisite, that a person should possess a knowledge of Latin either to reduce a dislocation, or to afford relief in a case of enteritis; and it may not be discouraging to remember, that the greatest surgeon the world ever produced, and whose name should never be mentioned but with reverence, was altogether deficient in classical acquirements. I would not, however, by any means wish to depreciate this sort of literature, being perfectly aware that where it can be cultivated without interfering with those duties which every man owes to society, it will always tend to enlarge the mind and assist in thinking with more accuracy and precision.

To facilitate something like a proper pronunciation, these two marks have been introduced [- o], the former of which shews that the vowel over which it is placed must be pronounced long; whilst, on the contrary, a vowel accompanied by the latter should be pronounced short. By simply attending to these observations, there will be but little difficulty in giving each word its proper accent; for if the penultimate and antepenultimate syllables of Latin words have their proper quantities assigned them, a correct accentuation will follow as a matter of course. I speak generally, deeming it unnecessary, in this place, to enter into the labyrinths of prosody. As far as it could be done, the names in the Materia Medica have been marked agreeably to their derivation; and

where this was not practicable, the most received

authorities have been adopted.

That the work might not be considered deficient, the preface of the college is prefixed, in the translating of which a little more freedom has been used, as a verbal translation could

have answered no useful purpose.

The chemical decompositions are given with as much conciseness as possible, and will be found agreeable to the most recent theories; thus saving the trouble of turning to different authors where a number of opinions often embarrass rather than inform the student. No observation is made respecting the process for producing æther; because the theory is as yet involved in much obscurity, and the notions entertained by different chemists are as unsatisfactory as they are multifarious. Were the study of chemistry more attended to by medical men, it would undoubtedly be productive of beneficial results; but that part of chemistry which appertains to the compounding of medicines, ought, at least, to be better understood than it generally is. I know of no book so well calculated to assist the student on this head as Gray's Elements of Pharmacy, which has been put into my hands since the following sheets be were sent to press, and which I would recommend as containing much useful information.

In conclusion, I have to observe, that every care has been taken to render the work on the whole as perfect as possible; but should any errors inadvertently have crept in, it is hoped

they will meet with indulgence.

# PRÆFATIO.

Annis viginti duobus vix elapsis, Pharmacopæiam nostram incudi reddere iterùm statuimus. Hunc laborem nobis imposuit culta indiès et amplificata Naturæ scientia. Illa enim intra paucos hos annos ità erroribus purgata et experimentis illustrata est, ità principiis novis firmioribus, altioribus, undequaque stabilita, ut si in hâc unâ parte, quæ ad Medicinam spectat, neglecta et rudis jaceret, id nobis meritò dedecori verteretur; præcipuè cum duæ finitimæ huic nostræ Artes, Chemica, et Botanica, hæc, omnes omnium regionum herbas cum labore maximo exploraverit; illa integram suam disciplinam in meliorem commutaverit, et linguam penitus novam loqui didicerit. Non ulterius igitur spatium esse moræ videbatur, quin medicamentorum omnium vires et naturam cum summâ diligentiâ perpendamus, ut si fuerint, quæ vel obsoleta vel supervacua judicemus, loco moveamus.

Antecessores nostri plurimum sanè contulerunt ad singula certius promptiusque confi-

### PREFACE.

Scarcely are twenty-two years elapsed, and again we have determined to re-model our Pharmacopæia. This task has been imposed upon us by the daily cultivated and enlarged science of natural Philosophy: which has, within these few years, been so elucidated by experiments and freed from errors, so established on all sides upon new, firmer, and more exalted principles, that if that part thereof which relates to Medicine were laid aside neglected and unimproved, it would very justly be considered a disgrace to us; especially when of the two Sciences most nearly allied to ours - Chemistry and Botany - one has explored, with the most diligent research, all kinds of herbs of every climate; the other has changed its whole system for a better, and learned to speak an entirely new language. There seemed, therefore, no further ground for delay, but that we should examine with the utmost attention the virtues and nature of every medicine, so that if there were any which we deemed either obsolete or superfluous, we might remove them from their place in the materia medica.

Our predecessors have certainly very much contributed towards having each article prepared cienda; jàm tùm enim Philosophiæ lux nova exoriebatur, quæ pristinæ disciplinæ nubila discutiebat, formidines vanas cum tenebris simul fugabat, secreta denique Naturæ eatenùs recludebat, ut quid incongruum esset, quid consentaneum, quænam inter se pugnantia, quænam in compositione aptissimè consocianda, medicorum oculis palàm tandem ostenderet. Sed ea est artis conditio, ut emendari quidèm possit, absoluta reddi non possit.

Exindè igitur in annos singulos aliquid medicinæ accessit, neque à priorum incæptis hæc ætas nostra declinavit, quin et morborum quorundam signa accuratiùs exposuit, et quibusdam remedia magis idonea reperit, tum medicamentorum alia inutilia et inepta rejecit, alia valentiora usu et autoritate comprobavit; universa etiam aut scrutata est diligentiùs, aut quomodo peritiùs componantur, edocuit. Cum nos igitur ad hoc opus recognoscendum animum primum intendimus, multa invenimus quæ cum perfectiore nostræ artis disciplina malè congruebant, plura quibus abhorrebat erudita illa rerum appellandarum norma, quam intereà physici excogitaverant, nonnulla etiam quæ addi postulabat ipsius operis ordo, et concinnitas. Non ideò tamen nos fefellit multum molestiæ, multum etiam

with more promptness and accuracy; for in their days that new light of Philosophy was beginning to appear, which dispelled the clouds of the ancient system, and put to flight the groundless fears which accompanied the darkness of the times; and, in short, so far revealed the secrets of nature as to shew at length more openly to the eyes of physicians what things were incongruous, and what were proper, those which varied with each other, and those uniting most readily in composition. But such is the condition of this art, that, although it may admit of improvement, it cannot be rendered perfect.

From that period, therefore, every year has produced some improvement in medicine; nor has the present age been backward in following up what the former had begun, but has expounded more accurately the symptoms of some diseases, and devised for others remedies more appropriate, having rejected some useless and inept medicines, whilst it has approved, from experience and authority, of others more efficacious; and at the same time not only examined the whole more diligently, but has also taught us in what manner they may be more skilfully compounded. When, therefore, we first turned our attention to the revisal of this work, we discovered many things which ill agreed with the more perfect state of the science, but a still greater number which were at variance with that erudite system of nomenclature latterly thought of by philosophers, and some also which the concinnity and order of the work itself required to be added to it. It did not, however, escape our notice that

periculi, à crebrà Pharmacopæiarum mutatione provenire: sed nobis persuasum erat, ea tandem et stabilia maximè et utilia fore, quæ cum rectà ratione arctissime convenirent. Quibus perpensis, nomina medicamentis dare, quantum fieri potuit, legitima, et naturæ cujusque congruentia, statuimus: sic tamen, ut provideremus ne titulorum amplificatio medicos impediat. Si pluribus igitur vocabulis opus fuerit, ut rei cujuspiam compositionem manifestè in appellando designemus, ei simplicius, etsi minus eruditum cognomen apponere maluimus.

Quod ad nos attinet, nihil laboris detrectavimus quo librum hunc quam perfectissimum ederemus. Non ità tamen, ut omnibus nos satisfacturos esse, vel errores nullos admisisse, confidamus; quos siquis asperius notare voluerit, reputet modo quantum et varietatis et difficultatis hujusmodi opus amplectitur, et paucis maculis non offensum iri speramus.—Sed hæc hactenus.

Quædam vero obnixiùs excusanda sunt, quæ videantur aut plus quàm satis est ab usu populari discedere, ut Anthemis et Lytta, aut horridum quid ac barbarum sonare, ut Potassa. Diù tamen restitimus: sed quid contra omnium Physicorum autoritatem facere, aut quî potuimus nomina Animalium, Herbarum, Lapidumve, ea retinere, quæ rebus omninò diversis Scriptores

much trouble and danger arises from a frequent alteration of Pharmacopæias, and we were therefore persuaded that those amendments would in the end be most permanent and useful that best accorded with sound reasoning. Having well weighed these considerations, we resolved, as far as it could be done, to affix such names to medicines as would be appropriate and agreeable to their nature; nevertheless, taking care that their length should not be an obstacle to physicians. If, therefore, it required many words to designate clearly the composition of an article, in giving it a name, we have chosen the more simple, although it may be the less learned title of the two.

As far as relates to ourselves, every endeavour has been used to render the present edition as perfect as possible. We do not, however, suppose that it will be satisfactory to every one, or that no errors have crept in; but should any person feel disposed to notice these with severity, let him consider with what diversity and difficulties a work of this kind is fraught, and we trust he will then not be displeased at a few blemishes. But no more on this head.

Some names, however, require a more earnest apology, as they seem to depart more than is absolutely necessary from popular custom, such as Anthemis and Lytta, whilst others sound barbarous and disagreeable, as Potassa. We hesitated a good while, but what could we do against the authority of all natural philosophers? or how could we retain those names of animals, plants, and stones, when the first writers in this kind of

in eo genere principes imposuerant? Satius igitur esse putavimus nos in rudis ingenii crimen incurrere, quam anceps aliquid, et dubiæ significationis admittere, aut voce una atque altera ab universa chemicorum consuetudine dissentire.

Quod ad mutationem attinet quam in Mensuris liquidorum facere instituimus, ea cum ab omnibus dudum efflagitata fuerit, ne studio novitatis fieri existimetur, non est cur timeamus, Idem nomen liquidorum mensuræ, idem solidorum ponderi dari, errorem frequentissimè induxit. Illam autem mensuram, cui Congio nomen est, et cujus capacitas à Rege et Senatu præscripta est, mutare non ausi sumus, sed in partes pro arbitrio dividere, et unicuique titulum assignare, non licitum modò, sed officii esse nostri duximus.

Quod superest, eam nos in hoc opere perficiendo rationem adhibuisse speramus, quæ rei tractandæ sit accommodatissima. Nobis certè laboris et curarum præmia suavissima comparabuntur, si qualiacunque hæc sint, utilitati publicæ conducant, et vel hoc præstare videantur, ut morborum remedia paulò certiora indicentur, morbi ipsi paulò citiùs mitigentur. science had applied them to things widely different? We have, therefore, thought it better to incur the blame of being ingenious in barbarism, rather than to admit any terms of an uncertain or dubious meaning, or to differ in this or the other word from the common custom of chemists.

As far as respects the change which we have determined to make in the measures of liquids, we are not afraid that it should be thought to arise from a desire of novelty, as it has long ago been desired by every one. The same name applied both to the measure of liquid and solid substances, has very frequently been the cause of error. We have not, however, dared to change that measure, the capacity of which is defined by the king and parliament, and which is called a gallon: but we have thought it not only lawful, but our duty, to divide it into parts, according to our discretion, and to assign to each a title.

To conclude, we trust we have adhered to that method, in bringing the work to perfection, which is best suited to the subject treated upon. To us, certainly, it will be a most agreeable reward for our labours and anxieties, if these things, such as they are, contribute to the public good, and shall appear to accomplish this object, namely, that the remedies of diseases be more certainly pointed out, whilst diseases themselves are more speedily relieved.

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# **PHARMACOPŒIA**

#### LONDINENSIS.

#### THE PHARMACOPŒIA OF LONDON.

# PONDĚRA MENSŪRÆ, &c. WEIGHTS, MEASURES, &c.

Cum As duo genera two kinds ponderum of weights recepta sint have been received usu in use in Anglia in England, altero by one quorum of which aurum gold et and argentum silver, altero by the other fere almost cæteræ all other merces commodities, æstimantur are estimated, nos we utimur use priore the former, quod which et also vocatur is called Troy Weight: que and dispertimus we divide libram the pound sic thus, videlicet namely:

Lībra tb.	.9202209	Uncias duŏdĕcim	3
The pound		Twelve ounces.	
Uncia		Drachmas octo	3
The ounce	habet	Eight drams.	2011
Drachma	contains	Scrūpulos tres	Э
The dram	net ponder	Three scruples.	7918
Scrūpŭlus	a olina and	Grāna viginti	gr.
The scruple	m summand	Twenty grains.	1110

Apposumus we have placed notas the signs quibus by which est it is consuëtum customary designare to designate quodque every pondus

weight.

Mensūra the measure liquidorum of liquids etiam also est is dispar unlike, alĭa one propria peculiar cerevisiæ to ale, alĭa the other vīno to wine; nos we adhībēmus employ posteriorem the latter, que and utīmur we use mensūris the measures liquidorum of fluids deductis derived ex from congio vinārio the wine gallon.

Congius vinārius the wine gallon est is definītus defined lēgibus by the laws regni of the realm, quem which ad for mědicināles medicinal usus uses dispertīmus we divide sic thus, viz. namely.

Octarios octo Congius Eight pints. A gallon Fluiduncias sedecim fz Octarius Sixteen fluid ounces. habet A pint Fluidrachmas octo f3 contains Fluiduncia Eight fluid drams. A fluid ounce Mĭnĭma sexaginta Fluidrachma Sixty drops. A fluid dram

Apposumus we have placed notas the signs quibus by which designamus we designate quamque every mensuram measure.

Ne lest quis any error error nascatur should arise ex from nominibus the names, quæ which sunt are imposita applied ponderibus to weights et and mensuris measures nullo without any discrimine discrimination, finximus we have invented Est it is videndum to be seen, [i. e. observed] ne whether quid any [portion] cupri of copper, aut or plumbi lead, insit be present in materià in the material ex from quâ which mortaria mortars, mensuræ measures, infundibula funnels, aut or alia any vasa vessels fiunt are made, in quibus in which medicamenta medicines seu either præparantur are prepared sive or servantur preserved; itaque therefore fictilia earthen ware, vitrifacta glazed plumbo with lead, sunt are aliena improper.

Acida acid, alkalīna alkaline, terrea earthy, metallica metallic, præparāta preparations, tum also sales salts omnis of every generis kind, oportet it is proper servare to keep in obturātis in stopped

vitreis glass vasis vessels.

Metīmur we measure gradum the degree Calōris of heat thermometro by the thermometer Fahrenheitiano of Fahrenheit; et and cum when præcipi-

quædam certain nova new [nomina names, understood], non not inconsulté inconsiderately, quæ which brevis a little usus use reddet will render

facilia familiar.

Ad hæc to this [or likewise] metīmur we measure mensūrā vitrēā by a glass measure, signātā graduated æquālibus at equal intervallis distances, minīmas the smallest partes parts liquidōrum of liquids. Ětěnim for numěrus the number guttārum of drops est is fallax deceptive et and incertus uncertain, [there being] ferè almost bis twice tŏtĭdem as many guttis drops cujuslĭbet of any tinctūræ tincture, quot as aquæ of water, implentĭbus for filling eandem the same mensūram measure.

mus we order Calorem Ferventem a boiling heat, intelligimus we mean istum that qui which notatur is marked ducentesimo at the two hundred duodecimo and twelfth gradu degree. Vērò but Calor Lenis a gentle heat indicat means eum that [heat] qui which est is inter between nonagesimum the ninetieth et and centesimum the hundredth gradum degree.

Quoties as often as mentio mention fit is made Ponderis Specifici of specific weight, ponimus we suppose id the thing, de concerning quo which agitur it is treated, esse to be quinquagesimi of the fifty quinti fifth gradus degree caloris of heat.

BALNEUM AQUŌSUM a water bath fit is made ubi when quælibet any res thing, contenta contained suo in its vase vessel, exponitur is exposed aut either aquæ ferventi to boiling water ipsi itself, aut or vapori to the vapour ejus of it, ut that incalescat it may be heated.

BALNEUM a bath ARENÆ of sand fit is made ex from arena sand paulatim gradually calefacienda heated, in into quam which quælibet any res thing imponitur is placed contenta contained suo in its

vāse ressel.

## MATERIA MEDICA.

In secundo in the second ordine column, VEGETA-BILIA VEGETABLES designantur are named ex from Speciëbus the Species Plantārum of Plants Linnæi of Linneus, editis edited a Willdenow by Willdenow; ANIMALIA-ANIMALS secundum according to Linnæi Systema Natūræ, Linnæus's System of Nature, editum edited a Gmelin by Gmelin; RES CHEMICÆ [and] CHEMICAL ARTICLES [according to] recentioribus the new nominibus names, nisi unless sit it be indicātum expressed aliter otherwise.

Abiĕtis Resīna,
Resin of the Spruce Fir.
Absinthĭum,
Common Wormwood.
Acācĭæ Gummi,
Acacia Gum (vulg. Gum
Arabic).
Acĕtōsæ Folĭa,
Leaves of Sorrel.
Acetŏsella,
Woodsorrel.
Acētum,

Vinegar.

Pīnus Abies,

\* The concrete Resin.

Artemisia Absinthium.

Acăcĭa vēra, \* The Gum.

Rumex Acĕtōsa,

\* The Leaves.
Oxălis Acetŏsella.

Acĭdum acēticum impūrum.

<sup>\*</sup> The Latin words Resina concreta, Gummi, Folia, &c. are not inserted, as they would have occasioned a confused appearance.

Acidum sulphuricum,

Sulphuric Acid.

Its specific gravity to that of distilled water, is as 1,850 to 1,000.

Aconīti Folia,

Leaves of Monk's hood.

Adeps,

Hog's Lard.

Ærūgo,

Verdigris.

Allĭi Rādix, Root of Garlic.

Alŏës spicātæ Extractum,

Extract of spiked Aloes (vulg. Socotrine Aloes).

Alŏës vulgāris Extractum, Extract of common Aloes

(vulg. Barbadoes Aloes). Althææ Folĭa et Radix,

Leaves and Root of Marshmallows.

Alūmen,

Alum.

Ammoniacum,

Gum Ammoniac.

Ammoniæ Mūrias, Muriate of Ammonia. Amygdălæ amāræ, Bitter Almonds. Amygdălæ dulces, Sweet Almonds. Amylum, Starch.

Acidum sulphuricum.

Aconitum Napellus, The Leaves. Sus Scrofa. The Lard. Subacētas Cupri impūra,

Allium satīvum, The Root. Alŏë spicāta, The Extract.

Alŏë vulgāris, The Extract. SIBTHORP, Flor. Græc. Althæa officinālis,

Leaves and Root.

Supersulphas Aluminæ et Potassæ,

Heracleum Gummiferum,

The Gum Resin.

WILDENOW, Hort. Berol.

Murias Ammoniæ,

Amygdălus commūnis, Var. γ. Var. B. The Kernels. Tritĭcum hybernum, Wheat Starch.

Anēthi Semīna, Dill Seeds. Anīsi Semīna, Anise Seeds. Anthemidis Flores, Flowers of Chamomile. Antimonii Sulphuretum, Sulphuret of Antimony. Argentum, Silver. Armoraciæ Radix, Root of Horseradish. Arsenici Oxydum, Oxide of Arsenic. Asări Folia, Leaves of Asarabacca. Assafætĭdæ Gummi-resīna, Gum Resin of Assafætida. Avēnæ Semina, Oats.

Aurantii Baccæ, Seville Orange-berries.

Aurantii Cortex,
Orange Rind.
Balsamum Peruvianum,
Peruvian Balsam.
Balsamum Tolutanum,
Balsam of Tolu.
Belladonnæ Folia,
Leaves of the deadly Nightshade.
Benzöinum,
Benzoin.
Bistortæ Radix,
Bistort Root.

Anēthum graveolens,
The Seeds.
Pimpinella Anīsum,
The Seeds.
Anthemis nobilis,
The single Flowers.
Sulphurētum Antimonii,

Argentum purificatum.

Cochleāria Armoracia,

The Root.

Oxydum Arsenici album.

Asarum Europœum, The Leaves. Ferŭla Assafœtĭda, The Gum Resin. Avēna satīva, The Seeds deprived of their husks (vulg. Grits). Citrus Aurantium (Hispalense), The Berries. The outer Rind of the Berries. Myroxylon Peruiferum, The Balsam. Toluifera Balsamum, The Balsam. Atropa Belladonna, The Leaves.

Styrax Benzöin,

The Balsam.

Polygönum Bistorta,

The Root.

Cajuput Oil.
Calamina,
Calamine.
Calami Radix,
Root of the Sweet Flag.
Calumbæ Radix,
Calumbæ Radix,
Calumba Root.
Cambōgĭa,
Gamboge.

Camphora, Camphor.

Canellæ Cortex. Canella Bark. Capsici Baccæ, Berries of Capsicum, (vulg. Cayenne Pepper). Carbo Ligni, Charcoal, (fresh burnt). Cardămines Flores, Cuckoo-flower (or Ladies'smock). Cardămomi Semina, Seeds of Cardamom. Caricæ Fructus, Figs. Carŭi Semina, Carraway Seeds. Caryŏphilli, Cloves. Caryophillorum Oleum. Oil of Cloves. Cascărillæ Cortex, Cascarilla Bark. Cassiæ Pulpa, Cassia Pulp.

Melăleuca Cajupūti, The essential Oil. Carbonas Zinci impūra.

Acŏrus Calămus, The Root. Plant not yet named.

Stalagmītis Cambogiöides,
The Gum-Resin.
Laurus Camphŏra,
A peculiar concrete obtained by distillation.
Canella alba,
The Bark.
Capsĭcum annŭum,
The Berries.

Carbo Ligni recens.

Cardămine pratensis, The Flowers.

Elettaria Cardamōmum,
The Seeds.
Ficus Carica,
The preserved fruit.
Carum Carŭi,
The Seeds.
Eugēnia caryophillāta,
The Buds dried.
Their essential Oil.

Crōton Cascărilla,
The Bark.
Cassĭa Fistŭla,
The Pulp of the Pods.

Castoreum,
Castor, (Russian).
Catechu Extractum,
Extract of Catechu.
Centaurii Cacūmina,
Tops of the Centaury.
Cera alba,
White Wax.
Cera flava,
Yellow Wax.
Cerevisiæ Fermentum.
Yeast.
Cetācĕum,
Spermaceti

Cerevisiæ Fermentum. Spermaceti. Cinchonæ cordifoliæ Cortex, Bark of heart-leaved Cinchona (yellow Bark). Cinchonæ lancifoliæ Cortex Bark of lance-leaved Cinchona (pale or quilled Bark). Cinchonæ oblongifoliæCortex, Bark of oblong-leaved Cinchona (red Bark). Cinnămomi Cortex, Bark of Cinnamon. Cinnămômi Olĕum, Oil of Cinnamon. Coccus, Cochineal. Colchici Radix, Root of meadow Saffron. Colocynthidis Pulpa, Pulp of the bitter Apple.

Castor Fiber (Rossicus),
A peculiar Concrete.
Acācĭa Catěchu,
The Extract.
Chironĭa Centaurĭum,
The Tops.

Physēter macrocephălus,

A peculiar kind of Concrete.

Cinchōna cordifolĭa,

The Bark.

Cinchona lancifolia,

The Bark.

Cinchona oblongifolĭa,

The Bark.

Laurus Cinnamomum, The inner Bark.

Its essential Oil.

Colchicum autumnāle,
The fresh root.
Cucumis Colocynthis,
Pulp of the Fruit.

Conīi Folia,
Leaves of Hemlock.
Contrăjervæ Radix,
Root of Contrayerva.
Copaiba,
Copaiva.
Coriandri Semina,
Coriander Seeds.
Cornŭa,
Horns (of the Stag).
Crēta,
Chalk.
Croci Stigmăta,
Saffron.

Cumīni Semĭna,
Cumin Seeds.
Cupri Sulphas.
Sulphate of Copper.
Cuspārĭæ Cortex,
Cusparia (vulg. Angustura)
Bark.
Cydōnĭæ Semĭna,
Quince Seeds.
Dauci Radix,
Carrot Root.

Dauci Semina,
Wild Carrot Seeds.
Digitālis Folia,
Leaves of purple Foxglove.
Dolichi Pubes,
Cowhage.
Dulcămāræ Caulis,
Stalk of Bittersweet, or
woody Nightshade.
Elaterii Poma,
Fruit of the wild Cucumber.

Conīum macŭlātum,
The Leaves.
Dorstēnĭa Contrăjerva.
The Root.
Copaifĕra officinālis,
The liquid Resin.
Coriandrum satīvum,
The Seeds.
Cervus Elăphus,
The Horns.
Carbōnas Calcis friabĭlis.

Crocus satīvus (Anglicus),
The Stigmata.
Cumīnum Cymīnum,
The Seeds.
Sulphas Cupri.

Cuspāria febrifuga. The Bark.

Pyrus Cydōnĭa.

The Seeds.

Daucus Carōta (hortensis),

The Root.

Daucus Carōta (agrestis),

The Seeds.

Digitālis purpurĕa,

The Leaves.

Dolĭchos prurĭens,

The hair of the Pods.

Solānum Dulcămāra,

The Stalk.

Momordica Elaterium, The fresh Fruit. Elĕmi, Elemi.

Euphorbiæ Gummi-resīna,
The Gum-Resin of Euphor-

bium.

Farīna, Flour.

Ferrum,

Iron.

Filicis Radix,

Root of the male Fern.

Fænicŭli Semina, Seeds of Fennel.

Fucus,

Sea-wrack, or bladder Fucus.

Galbăni Gummi-resīna, Gum-resin of Galbanum.

Galla, Gall nut.

Gentiānæ Radix, Root of Gentian.

Glycyrrhīzæ Radix,

Root of Liquorice.

Granati Cortex,

Bark of the Pomegranate. Guaiăci Resīna et Lignum,

Resin and Wood of Guaia-

cum.

Hæmatoxyli Lignum,

Logwood.

Hellebori fætidi Folia,

Leaves of stinking Hellebore.

Hellebori nigri Radix, Black Hellebore Root. Amyris Elemifera, The Resin. Euphorbia officinārum, The Gum-Resin.

Tritĭcum hybernum,
The Flour.
Ferri Ramenta et Fila,
Iron Filings and Wire.
Aspidĭum Filix mas,
The Root.
Anēthum Fænicŭlum,
The Seeds.
Fucus vesicŭlōsus.

Bubon Galbănum,
The Gum-resin.
Cynips Quercûs folii,
The Nut.
Gentiāna lutĕa,
The Root.
Glycyrrhīza glabra,
The Root.
Punĭca Granātum,
The Bark of the Fruit.
Guaiăcum officināle,
Resin and Wood.

Hæmatoxylon Campechiānum, The Wood. Hellebŏrus fætĭdus, The Leaves.

Hellebörus niger, The Root Horděi Semina, Pearl Barley. Hūmŭli Strŏbĭli, Hops. Hydrargyrum, Quicksilver. Hyoscyămi Folĭa et Semĭna, Leaves and Seeds of Henbane. Jalăpæ Radix, Root of Jalap. Ipecacŭanhæ Radix, Root of Ipecacuanha. Junipěri Baccæ et Cacūmina, Juniper Berries and Tops. Kīno, Kino. Lapis calcārĕus, Lime Stone. Lavandulæ Flores, Flowers of Lavender. Lauri Baccæ et Folia, Berries and Leaves of the Bay tree. Līchen, Iceland Moss. Limones, Lemons. Limonum Cortex, Rind of Lemons. Limonum Oleum, Oil of Lemons. Līnum cathartĭcum, Purging Flax. Līni usitatissīmi Semīna, Common Linseed.

Horděum distřichon, The Seeds husked. Hūmŭlus Lūpŭlus, The dried Strobiles.

Hyoscyamus niger, Leaves and Seeds.

Convolvŏlus Jalăpa,
The Root.
Callicocca Ipecacŭanha,
The Root.
Junipĕrus commūnis,
Berries and Tops.

Extract of an African tree not yet described. Carbonas Calcis dura,

Lavandŭla Spica,
The Flowers.
Laurus nobilis,
Berries and Leaves.

Lichen Islandĭcus.

Citrus medica,

The Fruit.

Their exterior rind.

The essential oil of the outer rind.
Linum cathartĭcum.

Linum usitatissimum, The Seeds.

Lytta, Blistering Fly (Cantharis.) Magnesĭæ Sulphas, Sulphate of Magnesia. Malva, Common Mallow. Manna, Manna. Marrubĭum, White Horehound. Mastiche, Mastich. Mel, Honey. Mentha piperīta, Peppermint. Mentha viridis, Spearmint. Menyanthes, Buckbean. Mezerěi Cortex, Bark of Mezereon. Mori Baccæ, Mulberries. Moschus, Musk. Myristicæ Nuclěi, Nutmegs.

Myrrha,
Myrrh.
Olibănum,
Olibanum.
Olīvæ Olĕum,
Oil of the Olive.

Lytta vesicatoria.

Sulphas Magnēsiæ purificātæ. Malva sylvestris.

Fraxĭnus Ornus,

The concrete Juice.

Marrubium vulgāre.

Pistacĭa Lentiscus, The Resin.

Mentha piperīta.

Mentha viridis.

Menyanthes trifoliāta.

Daphne Mezērĕum, The Bark of the Root. Morus nigra, The Berries. Moschus moschiferus, A peculiar concrete. Myristica moschāta, The Nuts and their expressed Oil. The Gum-resin of a tree not yet described. Juniperus Lycia, The Gum-resin. Olĕa Eurŏpœa, Expressed Oil of the Fruit.

Monday March Loter.

Opium,

Opopanăcis Gummi-resīna, Gum-resin of Opopanax. Origănum, Common Marjoram. Ovum, An Egg. Papavěris Capsŭlæ, Capsules of the white Poppy. Petroleum, Petroleum. Pimentæ Baccæ, Pimenta Berries. Piperis longi Fructus, Fruit of long Pepper. Piperis nigri Baccæ Black Pepper Berries. Pix arida, Burgundy Pitch. Pix liquida, Tar.

Plumbi Subcarbonas,
Subcarbonate of Lead.
Plumbi Oxydum semivitreum,
Semi-vitrified Oxide of
Lead.
Porri Radix,
Root of the Leek.
Potassæ Nitras,
Nitrate of Potass.
Potassæ Supertartras,
Supertartrate of Potass.

Păpāver somniferum,
The concrete Juice of the
unripe Capsules (Turkey).
Pastināca Opopănax,
The Gum-resin.
Origănum vulgāre.

Phasiānus Gallus,
The Eggs.
Papaver somnifĕrum,
The ripe Capsules.

Myrtus Pimenta,
The Berries.
Piper longum,
The unripe Fruit dried
Piper nigrum,
The Berries.
Pinus Abĭes,
The prepared Resin.
Pinus sylvestris,
The liquid prepared
Resin.
Subcarbōnas Plumbi.

Allĭum Porrum,
The Root.
Nitras Potassæ purificāta.

Supertartras Potassæ purificāta.

Potassa impūra, Impure Potass. Prūna, Prunes. Pterocarpi Lignum, Red Saunders Wood. Pulegium, Pennyroyal. Pyrēthri Radix, Root of the Pellitory of Spain. Quassiæ Lignum, Quassia Wood. Quercûs Cortex, Bark of the Oak. Resīna flava, Yellow Resin.

Resīna nigra,
Black Resin.
Rhamni Baccæ,
Buckthorn Berries.
Rhēi Radix,
Root of Rhubarb.
Rhœădos Petăla,
Petals of the red Poppy.
Ricĭni Olĕum et Semĭna,
Castor Oil and Seeds.

Rosæ canīnæ Pulpa,
Pulp of the Dog-rose.
(The hip.)
Rosæ centifolĭæ Petăla,
Petals of the Damask Rose.
Rosæ Gallĭcæ Petăla,
Petals of the Red Rose.

Subcarbonas Potassæ impura.
Prunus domestica,
The dried fruit.
Pterocarpus santalinus,
The Wood.
Mentha Pulegium.

Anthemis Pyrethrum, The Root.

Quassia excelsa, The Wood. Quercus pedunculāta, The Bark. Pinus sylvestris, The residue left after the Oil of Turpentine has been distilled. Pinus sylvestris, The prepared solid Resin. Rhamnus cathartícus, The Berries. Rhēum palmātum, The Root. Păpāver Rhœas. The Petals. Ricinus communis, The Seeds, and the Oil expressed from them. Rosa canīna. The expressed Pulp of the Berries. Rosa centifolia, The Petals. Rosa Gallica, The Petals.

Rosmărini Cacumina, Tops of Rosemary. Rubĭæ Radix, Madder Root. Rutæ Folia, Leaves of Rue. Sabīnæ Folĭa, Leaves of Savine. Sacchărum, Moist Sugar. Sacchărum purificatum, Double Refined Sugar. Sagapēnum, Sagapenum. Salicis Cortex, Bark of the Willow. Sambūci Flores, Flowers of Elder. Sapo dūrus, Hard Soap.

Sapo mollis, Soft Soap. Sarsăpărillæ Radix, Root of Sarsaparilla. Sassăfras Lignum et Radix, Wood and Root of Sassafras. ScammoneæGummi-resīna, Gum-resin of Scammony. Scillæ Radix, Root of the Squill. Seněgæ Radix, Root of Senega. (Seneka or Rattlesnake Root) Sennæ Folia, Leaves of Senna.

Rosmarīnus officinālis,
The Tops.
Rubĭa Tinctörum,
The Root.
Ruta grăveŏlens.

Juniperus Sabina.
The Leaves.

Sacchărum officinale, Preparations from the expressed Juice.

The gum-resin of a plant not yet described.

Salix Caprea,
The Bark.

Sambūcus nigra,
The Flowers.

Soap made from Oil of Olives and Soda (Spanish).

Soap made from Oil and Potass.

Smīlax Sarsaparilla,
The Root.

Laurus Sassafras,
Wood and Root.

ConvolvŏlusScammonĕa
The Gum-resin.
Scilla maritĭma,
The Root.
Polygăla Senĕga,
The Root.

Cassĭa Senna The Leaves. Serpentariæ Radix,
Serpentary (or Virginian
Snake Root).

Sevum, (Mutton) Suet.

Simăroubæ Cortex,

Simarouba Bark. Sināpis Semĭna,

Mustard Seeds.

Sodæ Murĭas, Muriate of Soda

(Common Salt). Sodæ Sub-bōras,

Sub-borate of Soda

(Borax).

Sodæ Sulphas,

Sulphate of Soda.

Soda impūra, Impure Soda.

Spartii Cacumina,

Broom Tops.

Spigēlĭæ Radix,

Root of the Indian Pink.

Spiritus rectificatus,

Rectified Spirit.

Its specific gravity is to that of Distilled Water as 835

to 1,000.

Spiritus tenuior,

Proof Spirit.

Its specific gravity is to that of Distilled Water as 930

to 1,000.

Spongia, Sponge.

Stannum,

Tin.

Aristolochĭa Serpentarĭa, The Root.

Ovis Arĭes,
The Suet.
Quassĭa Simărōuba,
The Bark.
Sināpis nigra,
The Sceds.
Murĭas Sodæ.

Sub-boras Sodæ.

Sulphas Sodæ.

Subcarbonas Sodæ impūra.
Spartium scopārium,
The Tops.
Spigēlia Marilandīca,
The Root.

Spongia officinālis.

Tin Filings.

Staphisāgrīæ Semīna,
Seeds of Stavesacre.
Styrācis Balsāmum,
Balsam of Storax.
Succīnum,
Amber.
Sulphur,
Sulphur,
Sulphur sublimātum,
Sublimed Sulphur.
Tabāci Folĭa,
Leaves of Tobacco.

Tamărindi Pulpa, The Pulp of the Tamarind. Taraxăci Radix, Root of the Dandelion. Tartarum, Tartar. Terebinthina Canadensis, Canadian Turpentine. Terebinthina Chia, Cyprus Turpentine. Terebinthina vulgāris, Common Turpentine. Terebinthinæ Oleum, Oil of Turpentine. Testæ, (Oyster) Shells. Tormentillæ Radix, Root of Tormentil. Toxicodendri Folia, Leaves of Sumach. Tragacantha, Tragacanth. Tussilago, Coltsfoot.

DelphinĭumStaphisagrĭa, The Seeds. Styrax officināle, The Balsam.

Nicotiāna Tabăcum,
The dried Leaves
(Virginian).
Tamărindus Indĭca,
The Pulp of the Pod.
Leontŏdon Taraxăcum,
The Root.
Potassæ Supertartras
impūra.
Pinus Balsamĕa,
The liquid Resin.
Pistācĭa Terebinthus,
The liquid Resin.

Pinus sylvestris,

The liquid Resin and the
Oil distilled from it.

Ostrěa edūlis,
The Shell.
Tormentilla officinālis,
The Root.
Rhus Toxĭcŏdendron,
The Leaves.
Astrăgălus vērus.
The Gum.
Tussilāgo Farfăra.

Valerianæ Radix, Root of Valerian.

Verātri Radix, Root of White Hellebore. Vīnum, Wine.

Ulmi Cortex,
Bark of the Elm.
Uvæ passæ,
Raisins.
Uvæ Ursi Folĭa,
Leaves of the Wortleberry.
Zincum,
Zinc.
Zingĭbĕris Radix,
Ginger Root.

Valeriāna officinālis,
(sylvestris),
The Root.
Verātrum album,
The Root.
Vinum album Hispanĭcum,
Sherry.
Ulmus campestris,
The inner bark.
Vitis vinifĕra,
The prepared Berries.
Arbūtus Uva Ursi,
The Leaves.
Zincum.

Zingiber officinale, The Root.

# PRÆPARATA ET COMPOSITA. PREPARATIONS AND COMPOUNDS.

ACIDA.

### ACIDUM ACETICUM. ACETIC ACID.

Roor Recipe take congium a gallon Aceti of Vinegar;

Distillet Acidum aceticum let the acetic Acid distil, balneo in a bath ărenæ of sand, ex from retortâ vitreâ a glass retort in into vitreum a glass receptaculum receiver et and frigefactum made cool; tum then primo the first octario pint rejecto being rejected, serva keep sex the six octarios pints proximè next distillatos distilled.

#### ACĬDUM BENZÖĬCUM.

BENZOIC ACID.

Rěcipe take libram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound) Benzöini of Benzoin; quatuor four uncias ounces recentis of fresh Calcis Lime; congium a gallon cum with semisse half (a gallon) Aquæ of Water; quatuor four fluiduncias fluid ounces muriatici of muriatic Acidi Acid;

Tere rub Benzöinum the Benzoin cum with Calce the Lime; dein then coque boil per for dimidiam half horam an hour in congio in a gallon Aquæ of water, dum whilst movetur it is moved assiduè constantly spathâ with a spatula, et and effunde pour off refrigeratum the cooled liquorem liquor. Quod that which est is reliquum left coque boil iterum again in quatuor in four octariis pints Aquæ of Water, et and effunde pour off liquorem the liquor ut as anteà before. Deinde then decoque boil down liquores the liquors mistos mixed inter among se themselves [i. e. mixed together ad to dimidium half; tum then cola strain per through chartam paper, et and instilla drop in gradatim gradually muriaticum the muriatic Acidum Acid, donec until nihil nothing amplius more demittatur be precipitated. Denique lastly, liquore the liquor effuso being poured off, exsicca dry pulverem the powder leni with a gentle calore heat, et and immitte put it in idoneum into a proper vas vessel positum placed super upon arenam sand; tum then lento igne with a slow fire sublima sublime Acidum benzöicum the benzoic Acid.

In the above process, the benzoic Acid being separated from the resinous part of the Benzoin by the Lime, a Benzoate of Lime is formed in solution: this becomes decomposed by the muriatic Acid, which having the greater affinity for the Lime combines with it, and a Muriate of Lime is held in solution, whilst the benzoic Acid is set free and precipitated in the form of a brown powder; which is afterwards bleached by the sublimation, and then it has a beautifully white and silky appearance.

#### ACIDUM CITRICUM

#### CITRIC ACID.

Recipe take octarium a pint Succi of the Juice Limonum of Lemons; unciam an ounce præparātæ of prepared Cretæ Chalk, vel or quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient ad to saturandum saturate succum the juice; novem nine fluiduncias fluid ounces dilūti of diluted Acidi sulphurici sulphuric Acid;

Adjice add Cretam the chalk paulatim gradually Succo to the juice Limonum of Lemons fervefacto made hot et and misce mix; tum then effunde pour off liquorem the liquor. Ablue wash Citratem the Citrate Calcis of Lime, quæ which remanet remains, těpidâ with tepid aquâ water sæpius often renovata renewed; dein then sicca dry. Tum then superinfunde pour dilutum the diluted sulphuricum sulphuric Acidum Acid siccato to the dried pulvěri powder, et and coque boil per for sextam the sixth partem part horæ of an hour, exprime press fortiter strongly per through linteum linen, et and cola strain per through chartam paper. Consume evaporate liquorem the liquor qui which transiërit shall have passed over leni with a gentle calore heat, adeò so ut that, dum whilst frigescit it cools, crystalli crystals fiant may be made. Liqua dissolve crystallos the crystals iterum again et and tertio thirdly (i.e. thrice) in aquâ in water, ut that sint they may be puræ pure, que and cola strain eam it (i. e. the solution) toties as often (i. e. thrice); decoque boil down et and sepone set aside.

An insoluble Citrate of Lime is first formed by the union of the citric Acid contained in the lemon juice, with the Lime of the Chalk, while the carbonic Acid of the Chalk is given off as Gas. The sulphuric Acid next, from its greater affinity for the Lime, unites with it, and a precipitate of Sulphate of Lime is formed, whilst the citric Acid is set free and held in solution. It then crystallizes in the form of rhomboidal prisms.

#### ACIDUM MURIATICUM.

#### MURIATIC ACID.

Rěcipe take duas two libras pounds exsiccatæ of dried Muriatis Muriate Sodæ of Soda; viginti twenty uncias ounces (ponděre by weight) sulphurici of sulphuric Acidi Acid; octarium a pint cum with semisse half (a pint) distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Prius first misce mix Acidum the Acid cum with dimidio half octario a pint Aquæ of Water in vitrëa in a glass retortà retort, et and his to these, ubi when refrixerint they shall have cooled, adjice add Muriatem the Muriate Sodæ of Soda. Infunde pour quod that which est is reliquum left Aquæ of the Water in receptaculum into a receiver; tum then, retortà the retort aptatà being fitted, transeat let pass over muriaticum the muriatic Acidum Acid ex from balneo a bath arenæ of sand in hanc into this aquam water, calore the heat aucto being increased gradatim gradually, donec until retorta the retort rubescat grows red.

Specificum the specific pondus gravity muriatici of muriatic Acidi Acid est is ad to specificum the specific pondus gravity distillatæ of distilled Aquæ

water, ut as 1.160 ad to 1.000—[mille one thousand centum one hundred et and sexaginta sixty (partes parts sunt are) ad to mille one thousand.]

Si if in into fluidunciam a fluid ounce ejus of this, dilūtam diluted Aquâ with Water, frustulum a piece Lapidis calcārei of lime Stone injiciātur be thrown, ducenta two hundred et and viginti twenty grāna grains debent ought liquāri to be dissolved.

The Muriate of Soda becomes decomposed by the greater affinity of the sulphuric Acid for the Soda: the muriatic Acid being thus disengaged, passes over into the receiver, and is condensed by the water,

leaving a Supersulphate of Soda in the retort.

But Mr. Anthony Todd Thomson, in his London Dispensatory, says, " If we admit the doctrine of Chlorine, we must adopt the following explanation of Sir H. Davy, who regards dry common Salt as a compound of Chlorine and Sodium, and consequently containing neither muriatic Acid nor Soda. the processes of the Pharmacopæias, therefore, for obtaining muriatic Acid, the water of the sulphuric Acid is decomposed, its Oxygen unites to the Sodium, and forms Soda, which combining with the sulphuric Acid produces a Sulphate of Soda; while the Hydrogen of the decomposed water combines with the Chlorine, and forms muriatic Acid Gas, which, dissolving in the water contained in the receiver, constitutes the liquid acid. The residue of the process is Sulphate of Soda, with an excess of acid."

### ACĬDUM NITRĬCUM. NITRIC ACID.

Recipe take exsiccatæ of dried Nitratis Nitrate Potassæ of Potass; (and) sulphurici of sulphuric Acidi Acid, singulorum of each duas two libras pounds (pondere by weight);

Misce mix in vitrëâ in a glass retortâ retort; tum then distillet Acĭdum nitrĭcum let the nitric Acid distil balnĕo in a bath arēnæ of sand, donec until ruber a red vapor vapour prōdĕat be produced. Dein then, adjectâ having cast insŭper thereon uncĭâ an ounce exsiccātæ of dried Nitrātis Nitrate Potassæ of Potass, Acĭdum distillet let the Acid distil ĭtĕrum again eōdem in the same mōdo manner.

Specificum the specific pondus gravity nitrici of nitric Acidi Acid est is ad to specificum the specific pondus weight distillatæ of distilled Aquæ water ut as 1.500 ad to 1.000—[mille one thousand, quingentæ five hundred (partes parts sunt are) ad to mille one thousand (partes parts).]

Si if in fluidunciam into a fluid ounce ejus of this dilūtam diluted Aquâ with Water, frustŭlum a piece Lapidis calcarei of lime Stone immittatur be thrown, uncia an ounce debet ought liquari to be

dissolved.

The sulphuric Acid uniting with the Potass, forms a Supersulphate of Potass, and the nitric Acid being thus set at liberty, is brought over by distillation.

### ĂCĬDUM NITRĬCUM DILŪTUM. DILUTED NITRIC ACID.

Recipe take fluidūnciam a fluid ounce nitrici of nitric Acidi Acid; novem nine fluiduncias fluid ounces distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Misce mix.

# ACĬDUM SULPHURĬCUM DILŪTUM. DILUTED SULPHURIC ACID.

Recipe take fluidunciam a fluid ounce cum with semisse half (an oz.) sulphurici of sulphuric Acidi Acid; quătuordĕcim fourteen fluiduncias fluid ounces cum with semisse half (an oz.) distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Adjice add Acidum the Acid Aquæ to the Water paulātim by little and little; tum then misce mix.

Sulphuric Acid having a very great affinity for water, so considerable an increase of temperature is produced during their combination, that if care be not taken, the mixture will crack the vessel in which it is made. The acid must be added to the water by a little at a time.

# ALKĀLIA ET EŌRUM SALES. ALKĀLIES AND THEIR SALTS.

### AMMŌNIÆ SUBCARBŌNAS\* SUBCARBONATE OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take libram a pound Muriatis of the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; libram a pound

<sup>\*</sup> Observe, the Alkaline Salts are not, properly speaking, neutral; therefore, when the Alkali is in excess, the syllable sub is added; but when super is prefixed to the quality of a Salt, the Acid predominates.

cum with semisse half (a pound) preparatæ of prepared Crētæ Chalk exsiccātæ dried;

Tere rub (them) in pulverem into a powder separatim separately; tum then misce mix, et and sublima sublime, calore the heat aucto being increased paulatim gradually, donec until retorta the retort rubescat grows red.

A double decomposition here takes place. The Lime in the Chalk, after a considerable degree of heat has been applied, combines with the muriatic Acid of the Muriate of Ammonia, forming Muriate of Lime, and the Ammonia unites with the carbonic Acid of the Lime, and is sublimed, forming a Subcarbonate.

#### LIQUOR AMMONIÆ.

#### LIQUOR OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take octo eight uncias ounces Muriātis of the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; sex six uncias ounces recentis of fresh Calcis Lime; quatuor four octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Superinfunde pour octarium a pint Aquæ of the Water Calci to the Lime; tum then contege cover vas the vessel, et and sepone set aside per for horam an hour; dein then adjice add Muriatem the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia et and reliquam the remaining Aquam Water prius first fervefactam made hot, et and contege cover vas the vessel iterum again; cola strain liquorem the liquor postquam after refrixerit it shall have cooled; tum then distillent let there distil duodecim twelve fluidunciæ fluid ounces Liquoris of the Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia.

Specificum the specific pondus gravity Liquoris of the Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia est is ad to pondus the weight distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water ut as 0.960 ad to 1.000 — [nongentæ nine hundred et sexaginta and sixty (partes parts sunt are) ad to mille one thousand partes parts].

The Lime, having the greater affinity for the muriatic Acid contained in the Muriate of Ammonia, attracts it, forming a Muriate of Lime, whilst the Ammonia uniting with the water is held in solution.

### LIQUOR AMMONIÆ ACETATIS. LIQUOR OF ACETATE OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ammōniæ of Ammonia; quatuor four octarios pints acetici of acetic Acidi Acid;

Adjice add Acidum the Acid Subcarbonāti to the Subcarbonate Ammōniæ of Ammonia, donec until bullulæ bubbles excitentur are excited non no amplius longer, et and misce mix.

The acetic Acid of the Vinegar, uniting with the Ammonia, forms an Acetate of Ammonia dissolved in water. Effervescence takes place during the process, occasioned by the escape of carbonic Acid Gas.

#### LIQUOR AMMONIÆ SUBCARBONATIS.

LIQUOR OF SUBCARBONATE OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ammōniæ of Ammonia; octarium a pint distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Subcarbonatem the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia in Aquâ in the Water, et and cola strain per through chartam paper.

Merely a solution of the Salt in the water.

#### LIQUOR POTASSÆ.

#### LIQUOR OF POTASS.

Recipe take libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; dimidiam half libram a pound recentis Calcis of fresh Lime; congium a gallon ferventis of boiling distillatæ distilled Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Potassam the Potass in duōbus in two octariis pints Aquæ of the Water. Adjice add quod that which est is rĕliquum left Aquæ of the Water Calci to the Lime. Misce mix calentes the heated liquores liquors inter among se themselves [i. e. together]; tum then sepone set aside in clauso in a covered vase vessel, et and, postquam after refrixerint they shall have cooled, cola strain per through gossipīnum cotton pannum cloth.

Si if quodlibet any dilūtum diluted Acidum Acid instillātum dropped in excitet excite bullūlas bubbles, oportēbit it will be necessary adjicere to add plus more Calcis of the Lime, et and colāre to filter

ĭtĕrum again.

Octarius a pint hujus Liquoris of this Liquor debet ought pendere to weigh sedecim sixteen uncias ounces.

The Lime deprives the Subcarbonate of Potass of its carbonic Acid, leaving the Potass in solution. If

not carefully preserved, it will very rapidly attract carbonic Acid from the atmosphere. Cotton cloth is used for a filter because it is not acted upon by the Potass.

# LIQUOR POTASSÆ SUBCARBONATIS. LIQUOR OF THE SUBCARBONATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; duoděcim twelve fluiduncias fluid ounces distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Subcarbonatem the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass in Aquâ in the Water, et and cola strain per through chartam paper.

Merely a solution of the Alkali.

## POTASSA CUM CALCE. POTASS WITH LIME.

Recipe take tres three octarios pints Liquoris of the Liquor Potassæ of Potass; libram a pound recentis of fresh Calcis Lime;

Decoque boil down Liquorem the Liquor Potassæ of Potass ad to octarium a pint; dein then adjice add Calcem the Lime, resolutam slaked Aquâ by Water affusâ being poured thereon, et and diligenter diligently misce mix.

The Potass and Lime are here mechanically mixed; and the former is rendered less deliquescent by its union with the latter, and thereby becomes more manageable as an escharotic.

#### POTASSA FUSA.

#### FUSED POTASS.

Recipe take congium a gallon Liquoris of the Liquor Potassæ of Potass;

Consume evaporate Aquam the Water in nitido in a clean ferreo iron vase vessel ad ignem upon the fire, donec until, ebullitione the ebullition finità being finished, Potassa the Potass liquef at becomes melted: effunde pour hanc this super upon ferream an iron laminam plate in into idoneas convenient formas shapes.

#### POTASSÆ ACĒTAS.

#### ACETATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take libram a pound Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass cum with semisse half (a pound); congium a gallon acetici of acetic Acidi Acid;

Misce mix simul together in capāci in a capacious vitreo glass vāse vessel, et and, dimīdiâ the half parte part consumptâ being evaporated ad ignem over the fire, instilla drop insuper thereon paulātim gradually quod what sit may be satis enough acetici of the acetic Acidi Acid ad plēnam for a complete saturationem saturation. Liquor vaporet let the Liquor evaporate iterum again ad to dimidium half, et and colētur let it be strained; tum then consumātur let it be evaporated aquōso balnĕo in a water bath, sic so ut that, remōtus

being removed ab from igne the fire, abeat it may be transformed in into crystallos crystals.

The acetic Acid, attracted by the Potass, forms Acetate of Potass in a state of solution: effervescence takes place occasioned by the giving off of the carbonic Acid. But Dr. Powell says, "The crystallization depends upon the liquefaction of the dry Salt by heat, and the assumption of a regular form as it cools, rather than on separation from its solution in water."

#### POTASSÆ CARBŌNAS.

#### CARBONATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass ex from Tartaro Tartar; tres three uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; octarium a pint distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Adjice add Subcarbonātem the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia Potassæ to the Potass liquātæ dissolved in Aquâ in the Water; tum then balnĕo in a bath arēnæ of sand adhibe apply 180<sup>m</sup> [centesimum the hundred et and octogesimum eightieth] gradum degree caloris of heat per for tres three horas hours, vel or donec until Ammonia the Ammonia fuĕrit shall be expulsa expelled; denique lastly, sepone set aside ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be made. Simili in the like modo manner rĕliquus liquor consumātur let the remaining liquor be evaporated, ut that, ubi when seposuĕris you shall have set aside crystalli crystals prodĕant may form itĕrum again.

The Potass is here saturated by the carbonic Acid contained in the Subcarbonate of Ammonia, it having the greater affinity for that Acid; the Ammonia consequently being set at liberty is driven off by the heat used in the process.

Crystals. White, quadrangular prisms.

#### POTASSÆ SUBCARBONAS.

#### THE SUBCARBONATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take tres three libras pounds contritæ of powdered impuræ impure Potassæ Potass; tres three octarios pints ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water cum with semisse half (a pint);

Liqua dissolve Potassam the Potass in Aquâ in the Water, et and cola strain; tum then effunde pour off in into nitidum a clean ferreum iron vas vessel, et and consume evaporate Aquam the Water lento by a slow igne fire, ut that liquor the liquor spissescat may thicken; dein then, igne the fire subducto being removed, move stir assiduè constantly ferreâ with an iron spathâ spatula, donec until Sal the Salt abeat forms in parvula in small grana grains.

Purior a more pure Subcarbonas Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass potest may præparāri be prepared eodem in the same modo manner ex from Tartaro Tartar, quod which fuërit shall have been priùs first ustum burnt, donec until sit it be cinë-

rei of an ashy coloris colour.

Merely Subcarbonate of Potass separated in some measure from its impurities and evaporated.

### POTASSÆ SULPHAS. SULPHATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take salis of the salt qui which restat remains post after distillationem the distillation nitrici of nitric Acidi Acid duas two libras pounds; ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water duos two congios gallons;

Misce mix, ut that Sal the Salt liquetur may be dissolved; tum then adjice add Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad to saturandum saturate Acidum the Acid. Dein then coque boil donec until pellicula a pellicle supernatet swims upon (the top,) et and, ubi when colaveris you shall have strained, sepone set aside, ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be made. Effusâ having poured off aquâ the water, exsicca dry has these super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper.

The Potass here neutralizes the excess of sulphuric Acid, which remains in the Salt after the distillation of nitric Acid (see Nitric Acid), changing the Salt from a supersulphate to a sulphate of Potass. During the process the carbonic Acid is given off.

Crystals. Small six-sided prisms, terminated by six-

sided pyramids.

### POTASSÆ SUPERSULPHAS.\* SUPERSULPHATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take Salis of the Salt qui which restat remains post after distillationem the distillation nitrici of nitric Acidi Acid duas two libras

<sup>\*</sup> See Note, p. 26.

pounds; ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water quatuor four octarios pints;

Misce mix, ut that Sal the Salt liquetur may be dissolved, et and cola strain. Dein then coque boil ad to dimidium half, et and sepone set aside, ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be made. Exsicca dry has these super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper, aquâ the water effusâ being poured off.

After reading the note on Potassæ Sulphas, the meaning of this last preparation is self-evident.

Crystals. Long, slender, hexangular prisms.

### POTASSÆ TARTRAS. TARTRATE OF POTASS.

Recipe take sedecim sixteen uncias ounces Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; tres three libras pounds Supertartratis of the Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass; congium a gallon ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Subcarbonātem the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass in Aquâ in the Water; tum then adjīce add Supertartrātem the Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass tritam rubbed in into pulvērem a powder, donec until bullūlæ bubbles non no amplīus longer excitentur are excited. Cola strain liquōrem the liquor per through chartam paper; dein then coque boil donec until pellīcūla a pellicle supernătet swims upon (the top), et and sepōne set aside, ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed. Exsicca dry has these super upon bibūlam bibulous chartam papeer Aquâ the Water effūsâ having been poured off.

The Potass, having less affinity for carbonic than for tartaric Acid, quits the former and is taken up by the superabundant Acid of the Supertartrate of Potass, whilst the carbonic Acid escapes, occasioning effervescence to take place.

Crystals.—Four-sided prisms. It is met with in shops in form of a white granular powder, which is obtained by evaporating to dryness, frequently stirring.

#### SODA TARTARIZATA.

Recipe take viginti twenty uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda; duas two libras pounds contritæ of powdered Supertartrātis Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass; decem ten octarios pints ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Subcarbonātem the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda in Aquâ, in the Water, et and adjice add paulātim by degrees Supertartrātem the Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass. Cōla strain liquorem the liquor per through chartam paper; tum then coque boil donec until pellicula a pellicle supernătet swims, et and sepōne set aside ut that crystali crystals fiant may be formed. Exsicca dry has these super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper, aquâ the water effusâ having been poured off.

The excess of Acid in the Supertartrate of Potass is here saturated by the Soda of the Subcarbonate, whilst the carbonic Acid is given off as Gas; and a triple Salt, containing Potass, Soda, and Tartaric Acid, is the result of the evaporation.

Crystals. Eight or ten-sided prisms, with ends trun-

cated at right angles.

#### SODÆ CARBŌNAS.

Recipe take libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda; tres three uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; octarium a pint distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Adjice add Ammoniam the Ammonia Subcarbonāti to the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda liquātæ dissolved in Aquâ in the Water; tum then balnĕo in a bath arēnæ of sand adhibe apply 180m. [centesimum the hundred et and octogesimum eightieth gradum degree] calōris of heat per for tres three horas hours, vel or donec until Ammonia the Ammonia expulsa fuĕrit shall be expelled. Denique lastly, sepōne set aside ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed. Simili in a similar modo manner rĕliquus the remaining liquor liquor consumātur may be evaporated, et and seponātur set aside, ut that crystalli crystals prodĕant may form itĕrum again.

Compare the above process with that of " Potassæ Carb." which is exactly similar.

Crystals. Large transparent octohedrons.

#### SODÆ SUBCARBÖNAS.

#### SUBCARBONATE OF SODA.

Recipe take libram a pound impure of impure Sodæ Soda trītæ rubbed in into pulverem a powder; quatuor four octarios pints ferventis of boiling distillatæ distilled Aquæ Water;

Coque boil Sodam the Soda in Aquâ in the Water per for dimidiam half horam an hour, et and cola strain. Hæc vaporet let this evaporate ad to duos two octarios pints, et and seponatur be set aside, ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed; rejice reject superstitem the remaining liquorem liquor.

# SODÆ SUBCARBŌNAS EXSICCĂTA. DRIED SUBCARBONATE OF SODA.

Recipe take libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda;

Adhibe apply ferventem a boiling calorem heat Subcarbonati to the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda, in nitido in a clean ferreo iron vase vessel, donec until exsiccetur it be dried penitus thoroughly; que and move stir eam it assiduè carefully simul together ferrea with an iron spatha spatula. Denique lastly, tere rub in into pulverem a powder.

Heat deprives the Alkali of its water of crystallization.

### SODÆ SULPHAS. SULPHATE OF SODA.

Recipe take duas two libras pounds Salis of the Salt qui which restat remains post after distillationem the distillation muriatici of muriatic Acidi Acid; duos two octarios pints cum with semisse half (a pint,) ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Salem the Salt in Aquâ in the Water; tum then adjice add paulātim gradually Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad to saturandum saturate Acidum the Acid. Decoque

boil down donec until pellicula a pellicle appareat appears, et and, ubi when colaveris you shall have strained, sepone set aside, ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed. Exsicca dry has these super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper, aquâ effusâ the water being poured off.

The Salt left after the distillation of muriatic Acid is a Supersulphate of Soda; and in the above process, the excess of Acid is neutralized by the Soda of the Subcarbonate. (See "Acid. muriatic." and "Potassæ Sulph.")

Crystals. Six sided prisms, terminated by two sided

pyramids, channelled on their sides.

#### TERRÆ, ET EĀRUM SĀLES. EARTHS, AND THEIR SALTS.

#### ALŪMEN EXSICCĀTUM.

#### DRIED ALUM.

Alūmen liquescat let the Alum dissolve in in fictili an earthen vāse vessel ad ignem over the fire; tum then ignis augeātur let the fire be increased donec until ebullitio the ebullition cessaverit shall have ceased.

The Alum is deprived of its water of crystallization by the heat.

### CALCIS MŪRIAS. MURIATE OF LIME.

Recipe take duas two libras pounds Salis of the Salt qui which restat remains post after distil-

lationem the distillation Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Misce mix et and cola strain per through chartam paper; liquor văporet let the liquor evaporate donec until Sal the Salt exsiccētur be dried. Serva keep hunc this in vāse in a vessel accurāte accurately obturāto stopped.

### CALX.

Recipe take libram a pound calcarei of calcareous Lapidis stone [Limestone];

Contunde bruise in frustula in pieces et and ure burn per for horam an hour in crucibulo in a crucible acerrimo with a very hot igne fire, vel or donec until Acidum carbonicum the carbonic Acid fuerit shall be penitus thoroughly expulsum expelled, adeò so ut that Acidum aceticum acetic Acid adjectum being added excitet would excite nullas no bullulas bubbles. Eodem in the same modo manner Calx Lime fit is made è from Testis Shells, postquam after fuerint they have been lotæ washed aquâ fervente with boiling water, et and purgātæ cleansed sordibus from impurities.

The heat employed drives off the carbonic Acid.

### CRETA PRÆPARĀTA. PREPARED CHALK.

Recipe take libram a pound Cretæ of Chalk;

Adjice add paululum a little Aquæ Water Cretæ to the Chalk, et and tere rub ut that fiat it may

become subtīlis a subtle pulvis powder. Conjīce cast hunc this in into amplum a large vas vessel plenum filled Aquâ with Water; tum then agīta shake (it), et and, brevî a short morâ delay interpositâ having interposed, transmitte transmit (or pour) supernătantem the supernatent aquam water adhuc as yet turbīdam turbīd in into alĭud another vas vessel, et and sepōne set aside, ut that pulvis the powder subsīdat may subside. Denĭque lastly, exsīcca dry pulvērem the powder, aquâ the water effūsâ being poured off.

## LIQUOR ALŪMINIS COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND LIQUOR OF ALUM.

Recipe take Alūminis of Alum; Sulphātis of the Sulphate Zinci of Zinc, singulorum of each dimidiam half unciam an ounce; ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water duos two octarios pints;

Liqua dissolve Alūmen the Alum et and Sulphātem the Sulphate Zinci of Zinc simul together in Aquâ in the Water; dein then cola strain per through chartam paper.

Alum and Sulphate of Zinc in solution.

### LIQUOR CALCIS. LIQUOR OF LIME.

Recipe take selibram half a pound Calcis of Lime; duodecim twelve octarios pints ferventis of boiling distillatæ distilled Aquæ Water;

Affunde pour Aquam the Water Calci to the Lime et and agita shake simul together; tum then

protinus immediately contege cover vas the vessel, et and sepone set aside per for tres three horas hours; dein then serva keep liquorem the liquor cum with superstite the remaining Calce Lime in vitreis in glass vasis vessels obturatis stopped, et and ubi when est it is utendum to be used, sume take ex from limpido the clear liquore liquor.

If Lime Water be exposed to the air, it absorbs carbonic Acid, and a pellicle forms on the top, which is Carbonate of Lime. The water is directed above to stand upon the Lime, that it may be saturated as fast as this Carbonate forms.

# LIQUOR CALCIS MURIATIS. LIQUOR OF MURIATE OF LIME.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces Muriatis of the Muriate Calcis of Lime; tres three fluiduncias fluid ounces distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water.

Liqua dissolve Muriatem the Muriate Calcis of Lime in Aquâ in the Water, tum then cola strain per through chartam paper.

## MAGNESIA. MAGNESIA.

Recipe take quătuor four uncias ounces Carbonatis of the Carbonate Magnesiæ of Magnesiu;

Ure burn per for duas two horas hours acerrimo with a very fierce igne fire, vel or donec until Acidum aceticum acetic Acid instillatum dropped in excitet excites nullas no bullulas bubbles.

The carbonic Acid of the Carbonate is driven off by heat, leaving pure Magnesia; the quantity employed being thereby deprived of nearly half its weight.

#### MAGNESIÆ CARBONAS.

#### CARBONATE OF MAGNESIA.

Recipe take libram a pound Sulphātis of the Sulphate Magnesiæ of Magnesia; novem nine uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; tres three congios gallons Aquæ of Water.

Liqua dissolve Subcarbonatem the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass in tribus in three octariis pints Aquæ of Water, Sulphātem !he Sulphate Magnesiæ of Magnesia in quinque in five octariis pints Aquæ of Water separatim separately, et and cola strain: dein then adjice add reliquam the remaining Aquam Water liquori to the solution Sulphatis of the Sulphate Magnesiæ of Magnesia et and coque boil, que and admisce mix ei to it, dum whilst ebullit it is boiling priorem the former liquorem liquor, movens stirring assiduè constantly spathâ with a spatula; tum then cola strain per through linteum cloth: denique lastly, ablue wash pulverem the powder sæpĭus often, Aquâ Water affusâ being poured thereon fervente boiling, et and exsicca dry calore at a heat ducentesimi of the two hundredth gradûs

degree super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper.

The two Acids, viz. the sulphuric Acid of the Sulphute, and the carbonic Acid of the Subcarbonate, change places with each other; the sulphuric Acid combining with the Potass, and the carbonic Acid with the Magnesia, the latter forming an insoluble Carbonate of Magnesia: and thus a double decomposition takes place.

# METALLA, ET EORUM SALES. METALS, AND THEIR SALTS.

PRÆPARĀTA EX ANTIMŌNIO.

PREPARATIONS FROM ANTIMONY.

# ANTIMONII OXYDUM. OXIDE OF ANTIMONY.

Recipe take unciam an ounce tartarizati of tartarized Antimonii Antimony; duas two drachmas drams Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Sales the Salts separatim separately in Aqua in the Water; dein then misce

mix liquores the liquors, et and coque boil donec until Oxydum the Oxide Antimonii of Antimony demittatur is thrown down. Ablue wash hoc this Aquâ with Water affusâ poured thereon, et and exsicca dry.

The Tartrate of Antimony is here decomposed by the Ammonia, which unites with its tartaric Acid and precipitates its Oxide. The Oxide of Antimony, thus precipitated, leaves its tartaric Acid and Potass in combination with the Ammonia, forming a triple Salt, which is held in solution, and washed away.

### ANTIMONII SULPHURĒTUM PRÆCIPITĀTUM.

#### PRECIPITATED SULPHURET OF ANTIMONY.

Recipe take duas two libras pounds contriti of powdered Sulphurēti Sulphuret Antimonii of Antimony; quătuor four octarios pints liquoris of the liquor Potassæ of Potass; tres three octarios pints distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Misce mix, et and coque boil lento with a slow igne fire per for tres three horas hours, movens stirring assiduè constantly, distillatà distilled Aquâ Water adjectà being added subinde now and then, aded so ut that impleat it may fill semper always eandem the same mensuram measure. Cola strain liquorem the liquor protinus instantly per through linteum cloth duplicatum folded, que and instilla drop ei to it adhuc whilst yet calenti hot paulatim by little and little quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient diluti of diluted sulphurici sulphuric Acidi Acid ad to dejiciendum preci-

pitate pulvěrem the powder; tum then ablue wash Sulphātem the Sulphate Potassæ of Potass calĭdâ with warm Aquâ Water; exsĭcca dry precipitātum the precipitated Sulphurētum Sulphuret Antimonĭi of Antimony, et and tere rub in into subtīlem a subtle pulvěrem powder.

Mr. Brande, in the 2d edition, vol. 2. p. 179. of his invaluable work on Chemistry, explains the above process in the following words:—"The Sulphuret of Antimony and Potassa acts upon the water, a portion of which is decomposed; hydrogen is transferred to the alcaline sulphuret, to form hydrosulphuret of potassa; hydrogen and oxygen unite to the sulphuret of antimony, producing a hydrosulphuretted oxide of that metal (kermes), which remains dissolved in the hot alcaline hydrosulphuret, and of which one portion is precipitated as that solution cools. When dilute sulphuric acid is added, the hydrosulphuret of potassa is decomposed, sulphate of potassa is formed, and sulphur and sulphuretted hydrogen are liberated; the sulphur falls in combination with the kermes, producing the golden sulphur, or sulphuretted hydrosulphuret."

#### ANTIMONĬUM TARTARIZĀTUM.

#### TARTARIZED ANTIMONY.

Recĭpe take duas two uncĭas ounces Sulphurēti of the Sulphuret Antimonĭi of Antimony contrīti powdered; uncĭam an ounce Nitrātis of the Nitrate Potassæ of Potass; duas two uncĭas ounces Supertartrātis of the Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass; duas two uncĭas ounces (pondĕre by weight) sulphurici of sulphuric Acĭdi Acid; octarium a pint cum with semisse half (a pint) distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Misce mix Acidum the Acid cum with dimidio half octario a pint Aquæ of the Water in in idoneo a convenient vitreo glass vase vessel, et and calefac heat balneo in a bath arenæ of sand. Cum when incaluërint they shall have become heated modice moderately, adjice add paulatim by little and little Sulphuretum the Sulphuret et and Nitratem the Nitrate mista mixed inter among se themselves, (i. e. together); tum then coque boil donec until omnis all humor moisture sit may be consumtus evaporated. Lava wash reliquum the residue distillata with distilled Aqua Water, donec until sit it be expers devoid saporis of taste, et and misce mix (it) adhuc whilst humidum wet cum with Supertartrate the Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass, et and conjice throw (it) in octarium into a pint distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water; denique lastly, dēcoque boil down liquorem the liquor, et and ubi when colaveris you shall have strained, sepone set aside, ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed.

The above process is exceedingly difficult of explanation; and I believe there is no settled theory respecting it. Mr. Brande says, "Our knowledge of the composition and properties of the oxides of antimony, and of most of their combinations, is still extremely imperfect, and the whole subject requires further investigation before the anomalies that now present themselves can be cleared up."—And Mr. Anthony Todd Thomson makes this remark:—"The following is the probable theory of the changes which take place during the process we have described:" [he mentions a process as more eligible to insure success than the one above laid down by the College:] "The Nitrate

of potass is decomposed by the sulphuric Acid, as is demonstrated by the extrication of nitrous gas; and part of its oxygen is expended upon the oxide of the Sulphuret. This is converted into protoxide of Antimony; while, perhaps, also at the same time, the Sulphur is partly converted into an Acid. Sub-sulphate of Antimony is then formed by the action of part of the Acid on the protoxide, which has a greyish appearance when washed, and is in a state fit to be acted upon by the tartaric Acid of the supertartrate of Potass, which form the ternary Salt."

### LIQUOR ANTIMONII TARTARIZATI.

LIQUOR OF TARTARIZED ANTIMONY.

Recipe take scrūpulum a scruple tartarizāti of tartarized Antimonii Antimony; quătuor four fluiduncias fluid ounces ferventis of boiling distillātæ distilled Aquæ Water; sex six fluiduncias fluid ounces Vīni\* of Wine;

Liqua dissolve tartarizatum the tartarized Antimonium Antimony in fervente in boiling distillatâ distilled Aquâ Water; tum then adjice add Vīnum the Wine.

#### PULVIS ANTIMONIALIS.

#### ANTIMONIAL POWDER.

Recipe take libram a pound contriti of powdered Sulphureti Sulphuret Antimonii of Antimony;

<sup>\*</sup> Sherry should be used; but from the difficulty of obtaining it sound and good, Dr. Paris says, the College has determined to substitute a weak spirit instead of wine.

duas two libras pounds Cornuum of Horns \* rasorum shaved;

Misce mix, et and conjice throw (them) together in into latam a broad ferream iron ollam pot candentem + glowing igne in the fire, movens stirring (them) assiduè constantly, donec until fuerint they shall have become cinerei of an ash coloris colour. Exempta being taken out, tere rub in into pulverem a powder, et and inde thence [put them] loricato in a coated crucibilo crucible, quocum over which aliud another crucibilum crucible (is) inversum inverted, cui to which sit let there be parvum a little foramen hole in fundo in the bottom; est it is conjungendum to be joined luto by a lute. Tum then subministra apply ignem the fire, et and auge increase (it) paulatim gradually, ut that candeat it may whiten per for duas two horas hours. Tere rub residum the residue, ut that subtilissimus a very subtle pulvis powder fiat may be formed.

"When the native Sulphuret of Antimony is exposed under a muffle to a dull red heat, it gradually loses sulphur and absorbs oxygen, being converted into a grey powder, which consists of a mixture of protoxide of antimony and sulphuret. The effect of heat upon the hartshorn shavings is to destroy the animal matter, leaving little else than phosphate of lime, so that the Pulvis antimonialis consists essentially of protoxide of antimony mixed with phosphate of lime."—Brande's Chemistry, p. 178 and 180. vol. 2. 2d edition.

<sup>\*</sup> Hartshorn.

<sup>+</sup> Heated to whiteness.

# PRÆPARĀTUM EX ARGENTO. PREPARATION FROM SILVER.

## ARGENTI NITRAS. NITRATE OF SILVER.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Argenti of Silver; fluidunciam a fluid ounce nitrici of nitric Acidi Acid; duas two fluiduncias fluid ounces distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Misce mix nitricum the nitric Acidum Acid Aquâ in the Water, et and liqua dissolve Argentum the Silver in his in these in balneo in a bath arenæ of sand. Dein then auge increase calorem the heat paulātim gradually, ut that Nītras the Nitrate Argenti of Silver siccētur may be dried. Liquefac dissolve hanc this in crucibulo in a crucible, lento by a slow igne fire, donec until, Aquâ the Water expulsâ being driven away, ebullitio ebullition cessaverit shall have ceased; tum then effunde pour off statim immediately in idoneas into convenient formas shapes.

The Silver is oxidized, and the Acid in consequence partly decomposed; but a portion of the Acid remaining, it dissolves the oxide. The Silver, thus held in solution, is in the state of an Oxynitrate, which is evaporated as above.

# PRÆPARĀTA EX ARSENĬCO. PREPARATIONS FROM ARSENIC.

# ARSENICI OXYDUM SUBLIMATUM. SUBLIMED OXIDE OF ARSENIC.

Tere rub Oxydum the Oxide Arsenici of Arsenic in pulverem into a powder; tum then conjice throw (it) in crucibulum into a crucible, et and admoto having applied igne the fire, sublima sublime in into aliud another crucibulum crucible superimpositum placed upon priori the former.

### LIQUOR ARSENICALIS. ARSENICAL SOLUTION.

Recĭpe take sublimāti of sublimed Oxydi Oxide Arsenici of Arsenic, trīti rubbed in into subtillissimum a very fine pulverem powder; Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass ex from Tartaro Tartar, singulorum of each sexaginta sixty quătuor four grana grains; octarium a pint distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Coque boil simul together in vitreo in a glass vase vessel donec until omne all Arsenicum the Arsenic liquetur is dissolved. Adjice add frige-facto to the cooled liquori liquor quatuor four fluidrachmas fluid drams compositi of compound

Spiritûs Spirit Lavandülæ of Lavender; denique lastly, adjice add insuper thereto quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient distillatæ of distilled Aquæ water, ut that impleat it may fill mensuram the measure octarii of a pint accurate accurately.

The Oxide here employed is said to possess the properties of an Acid, and has been termed arsenious Acid, which, uniting with the Potass, forms Arseniate of Potass. The Spirit of Lavender is merely a colouring matter, to prevent its being mistaken for water, or any other colourless fluid.

## PRÆPARĀTA E CŪPRO. PREPARATIONS FROM COPPER.

#### CŪPRUM AMMONIĀTUM.

#### AMMONIATED COPPER.

Recĭpe take dimidĭam half uncĭam an ounce Sulphātis of the Sulphate Cūpri of Copper; sex six drachmas drams Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ammonĭæ of Ammonia;

Tere rub simul together in vitreo in a glass mortario mortar, donec until ebullitio ebullition cessaverit shall have ceased; deinde then, leni with a gentle calore heat, exsicca dry ammoniatum the ammoniated Cuprum Copper, involutum folded bibulà in bibulous chartà paper.

The Sulphate of Copper is decomposed by part of its Acid being taken up by the Ammonia, during trituration; the carbonic Acid of the latter being disengaged, effervescence takes place whilst it is given off. There being an excess of Ammonia, a triple Sulphate of Ammonia and Copper is the result.

### LIQUOR CŪPRI AMMONIĀTI. AMMONIATED LIQUOR OF COPPER.

Recipe take drachmam a dram ammoniāti of ammoniated Cupri Copper; octarium a pint distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve ammoniatum the ammoniated Cuprum Copper in Aquâ in the Water, et and cola strain per through chartam paper.

## PRÆPARĀTA E FERRO. PREPARATIONS FROM IRON.

#### FERRUM AMMONIATUM.

#### AMMONIATED IRON.

Recipe take Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ferri of Iron; Muriātis of the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia, singulörum of each libram a pound;

Misce mix diligenter diligently; tum then, igne acri a fierce fire subjecto being applied, protinùs instantly sublima sublime; denique lastly, tere rub in pulverem into a powder.

Through the medium of heat, the Ammonia is decomposed by the Oxide of Iron, which unites with part of its muriatic Acid: Muriate of Ammonia with Permuriate of Iron, in variable proportions, seems to be the result.

#### FERRI SUBCARBONAS.

#### SUBCARBONATE OF IRON.

Recipe take octo eight uncias ounces Sulphātis of the Sulphate Ferri of Iron; sex six uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda; congium a gallon ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Liqua dissolve Sulphātem the Sulphāte Ferriof Iron et and Subcarbonātem the Subcarbonāte Sodæ of Soda sepārātim separately in quătuor in four octariis pints Aquæ of Water; tum then misce mix liquores the liquors inter among se themselves (i. e. together) et and sepone set aside, ut that pulvis the powder subsīdat may subside; deinde then supernătante the supernatant liquore liquor effuso being poured off, ablue wash Subcarbonātem the Subcarbonate Ferri of Iron calidâ in warm Aquâ Water, et and exsicca dry (it) involūtam folded bibulâ in bibulous chartâ paper leni with a gentle calore heat.

When the two solutions are poured together, the sulphuric Acid of the Sulphate of Iron unites with the Soda, and at the same time the Iron attracts the carbonic Acid of the Subcarbonate of Soda; thus a double decomposition takes place. The insoluble Subcarbonate of Iron is dried as above, whilst the solution of Sulphate of Soda is filtered and washed away.

### FERRI SULPHAS. SULPHATE OF IRON.

Recipe take Ferri of Iron, sulphurici of sulphuric Acidi Acid, singulorum of each (pondere by weight) octo eight uncias ounces; Aquæ of Water quatuor four octarios pints;

Misce mix sulphuricum the sulphuric Acidum Acid cum with Aquâ the Water in vitreo in a glass vase vessel, que and his to these adjice add Ferrum the Iron; tum then ubi when bullulæ bubbles cessaverint shall have ceased exire to go forth, cola strain liquorem the liquor per through chartam paper, que and consume evaporate eum it ad over ignem the fire, adeò so ut that, dum whilst frigescit it cools, crystalli crystals fiant may be formed. Exsicca dry has these super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper, Aquâ the Water effusâ being poured off.

The Iron being oxidized at the expence of the water, the latter is partly decomposed; for whilst the iron combines with its oxygen, hydrogen gas is given off. The oxide uniting with the Acid forms a Sulphate of oxide of Iron in solution, which is directed to be crystallized.

Crystals. Transparent rhomboidal prisms of a light

green colour.

### FERRUM TARTARIZĀTUM. TARTARIZED IRON.

Recipe take Ferri of Iron libram a pound; contritæ of powdered Supertartratis Supertartrate Potāssæ of Potāss duas two lībras pounds; Aquæ of Water octarium a pint; Tere rub simul together, et and expone expose aëri to the air per for octo eight dies days in pătulo in an open vitreo glass vāse vessel; dein then sicca dry balneo in a bath ărenæ of sand, et and tere rub in subtilissimum into a very fine pulverem powder; octario a pint Aquæ of Water adjecto being added, iterum again sepone set aside hunc this pulverem powder per for octo eight dies days; tum then sicca dry et and tere rub in pulverem into a powder.

First an oxide is formed by the Iron's attracting oxygen from the water and air, which oxide unites with the excess of Acid contained in the Supertartrate of Potass. We have therefore Tartrate of Potass and Iron, forming a triple Salt.

Iron may be attracted from this Salt in a metallic state by a magnet; it is therefore an imperfect Salt.

#### LIQUOR FERRI ALKALINI.

#### LIQUOR OF ALKALINE IRON.

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams Ferri of Iron cum with semisse half (a dram); duas two fluiduncias fluid ounces nitrici of nitric Acidi Acid; sex six fluiduncias fluid ounces distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water; sex six fluiduncias fluidounces Liquoris of the Liquor Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass;

Superinfunde pour upon Ferro the Iron, Acĭdum the Acid et and Aquam the Water mista mixed inter se together: tum then, ubi when bullulæ bubbles cessaverint shall have ceased exīre to go forth, effunde pour off liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst yet acĭdum acid. Adjice add hunc this paulātim

Liquori to the Liquor Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass, sübindé occasionally agitans shaking (it), donec until jam just when, fusco-rubicundo a brownish red colore colour facto being produced, nullæ no bullülæ bubbles ampliùs excitentur are any more excited. Denique lastly, sepone set aside per for sex six horas hours, et and effunde pour off liquorem the liquor.

The above name is deemed unchemical, as alkaline Iron is a thing unknown. The theory of the process seems to be this: the Acid is diluted that it may act more powerfully on the Iron, which becomes oxidized, whilst red fumes of nitrous gas and nitrous oxide escape, and a pernitrate of Iron is formed in solution. On adding the alkaline liquor, carbonic Acid is expelled, and what is called the solution of alkaline Iron is the consequence.

This preparation should never be given diluted with water, as in that case the oxide of Iron would be precipitated. Dr. Paris, in his Pharmacologia, says "it cannot be exhibited in any form, without undergoing

decomposition."

#### TINCTŪRA FERRI AMMONIATI.

#### TINCTURE OF AMMONIATED IRON.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces ammoniati Ferri of ammoniated Iron; octarium a pint Spiritus tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Macera macerate, et and cola strain.

### TINCTŪRA FERRI MURIĀTIS. TINCTURE OF MURIATE OF IRON.

Recipe take dimidiam half libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ferri of Iron; octarium a pint Acidi muriatici of muriatic Acid; tres three octarios pints rectificati of rectified Spiritûs Spirit;

Superinfunde pour Acidum the Acid Subcarbonāti to the Subcarbonate Ferri of Iron in vitreo in a glass vase vessel, et and agita shake it subindè from time to time per for triduum three days. Sepone set aside ut that fæces the dregs, (si if sint there be quæ any,) subsidant may subside; deinde then effunde pour off liquorem the liquor, que and adjice add ei to it Spiritum the Spirit.

A muriate of Iron is formed by the Iron attracting the Acid, and the carbonic Acid is given off: this muriate is soluble in alcohol, also in water.

#### VINUM FERRI.

#### WINE OF IRON.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces ramentorum of the filings Ferri of Iron; duos two octarios pints Vini of Wine;

Misce mix, et and sepone set aside per for mensem a month, subindè occasionally agitans shaking; tum then cola strain per through chartam paper.

#### PRÆPARĀTA EX HYDRARGЎRO.

#### PREPARATIONS FROM QUICKSILVER.

### HYDRARGŤRI NITRĬCO-OXŤDUM. NITRIC-OXIDE OF MERCURY.

Recĭpe take tres three lībras pounds, pondĕre by weight, purificāti of purified Hydrargÿri Mercury; lībram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound), pondĕre by weight, nitrīci of nitric Acĭdi Acid, duos two octarĭos pints distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Misce mix in vase vitreo in a glass vessel, et and coque boil, donec until Hydrargyrum the Mercury liquetur is dissolved, et and, Aquâ the Water consumptâ being evaporated, alba a white materia substance restet remains. Tere rub hanc this in pulverem into a powder, et and conjice throw (it) in aliud into another vas vessel quam minime less profundum deep; tum then adhibe apply thereto lenem a gentle ignem fire que and auge increase (it) paulatim gradually, donec until ruber a red vapor vapour cessaverit shall have ceased prodire to go forth.

The Mercury decomposes the nitric Acid; nitrous Acid and nitric oxide gasses being evolved. The Mercury, being thus oxidized, unites with that portion of the Acid which remains after this decomposition takes place, and forms a Nitrate of Mercury; this Nitrate, when the heat is increased, becomes decomposed, the acid and water being expelled; and the oxide

oxide finally remains of a red colour. As a small portion of Acid is left with this oxide, it may be called a Subnitrate. Mr. Brande calls it a "Peroxide of Mercury, with a small portion of adhering nitrate."

### HYDRARGЎRI OXЎDUM CINERĔUM. GREY OXIDE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Submuriatis of the Submuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury; congium a gallon Liquoris of the Water Calcis of Lime;

Coque boil Hydrargyri Submuriatem the Submuriate of Mercury in Liquore in the Water Calcis of Lime, movens stirring assiduè constantly, donec until cinereum the grey Oxydum Oxide Hydrargyri of Mercury subsidat subsides. Lava wash hoc this distillatâ in distilled Aquâ Water; deinde then exsicca dry (it).

The Lime unites with the Acid of the submuriate, forms a Muriate of Lime, and precipitates the oxide in the form of a grey coloured powder; from which the Muriate of Lime that remains in solution is washed away.

### HYDRARGЎRI OXЎDUM RUBRUM. RED OXIDE OF MERCURY.

Recĭpe take lībram a pound, ponděre by weight, purificāti of purified Hydrargyri Mercury;

Immitte put Hydrargyrum the Mercury in vitreum into a glass vas vessel, cui to which sit there should be angustum a narrow os mouth, et and latior a broad fundus base; adhibe apply huic to this aperto open vasi vessel calorem a heat sex-

centesimi of the six hundredth gradûs degree, donec until Hydrargyrum the Mercury abierit shall form in rubras into red squamas scales; dein then tere rub in subtilissimum into a very fine pulvěrem powder.

The Mercury is volatilized by heat, and absorbs oxygen from the air, which changes it to a red

oxide.

#### HYDRARGÝRI OXÝMURĬAS.

#### OXYMURIATE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take duas two libras pounds, pondere by weight, purificati of purified Hydrargyri Mercury; triginta thirty uncias ounces, pondere by weight, Acidi sulphurici of sulphuric Acid; quatuor four libras pounds exsiccatæ of dried Muriatis Muriate Sodæ of Soda;

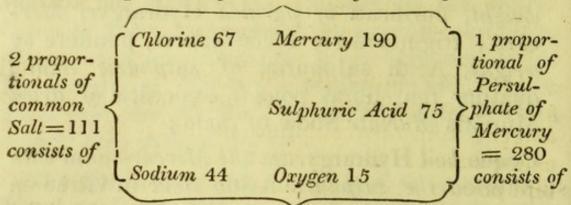
Coque boil Hydrargyrum the Mercury cum with sulphurico the sulphuric Acido Acid in vitreo in a glass vāse vessel, donec until Sulphas Hydrārgyri the Sulphate of Mercury exsiccata fuerit shall be dried; contere triturate hanc this, ubi when refrixerit it shall have cooled, cum with Muriate the Muriate Sodæ of Soda in fictili in an earthen mortario mortar; tum then sublima sublime ex from vitrea a glass cucurbita cucurbit, calore with a heat sensim gradually aucto increased.

" Perchchloride of Mercury, or corrosive sublimate, may be obtained by a variety of processes. When Mercury is heated in chlorine, it burns with a pale flame; the gas is absorbed, and a white volatile substance rises, which is the Perchloride. It may also be obtained by dissolving peroxide of Mercury in muriatic Acid, evaporating to dryness, re-dissolving in water,

and crystallizing.

"The ordinary process for making corrosive sublimate, consists in exposing a mixture of chloride of Sodium (common Salt) and persulphate of Mercury, to heat in a flask, or other proper subliming vessel; a mutual decomposition ensues. The chlorine of the common Salt unites to the Mercury of the sulphate, and forms bi-chloride of Mercury. The oxygen of the oxide of Mercury converts the Sodium of the Salt into Soda, which, with the sulphuric Acid, produces sulphate of Soda. This decomposition is exhibited by the following diagram:

" 1 Proportional of Perchloride of Mercury = 257.



2 Proportionals of Sulphate of Soda = 134."

Brande's Chemistry, vol. 2. page 248.

The same author then adds, "The quantity of common Salt employed in the process" (ordered above in the Pharmacopæia) "is obviously too large; in practice, however, we find that more than the real quantity decomposed, and shown in the above table, is re-

quired.

"The following is the process employed at Apothecaries' Hall, for the formation af corrosive sublimate: 50 lbs. of Mercury are boiled to dryness with 70 lbs. of sulphuric Acid; 73 lbs. of persulphate of Mercury are thus formed, which being perfectly mixed with 120 lbs. of common Salt and sublimed, yield from 63 to 65 lbs. of corrosive sublimate.

"By the quantity of chlorine absorbed by a given weight of Mercury, we learn that the perchloride of Mercury consists of 1 proportional of Mercury = 190 + 2 proportionals of chlorine = 67, consequently, its representative number is 257."

#### HYDRARGÝRI SUBMURĬAS.

#### SUBMURIATE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take lībram a pound Oxymuriātis of the Oxymuriate Hydrārgyri of Mercury; novem nine uncias ounces, pondere by weight, purificāti of purified Hydrārgyri Mercury;

Tere rub simul together, donec until globulis globules conspiciantur are seen non amplius no longer; tum then sublima sublime; deinde then exime take out Sublimatum the Sublimate, et and tere powder et and sublima sublime id it bis twice que and iterum again [i.e. thrice]. Denique lastly, fiat pulvis subtilissimus let a very fine powder be made eodem in the same modo manner quo in which præcepimus we have ordered Cretam Chalk præparari to be prepared.

The Perchloride is reduced to the state of *Proto-chloride*, by the addition of Mercury, and the process of sublimation. Its name as a *submuriate* is highly erroneous, it being a *muriate* at a minimum of oxidizement. The terms oxy and sub are hardly sufficient to distinguish these two last preparations from each other, the former being one of the most powerful mineral poisons.

### HYDRARGYRI SULPHURETUM NIGRUM. BLACK SULPHURET OF MERCURY.

Recipe take lībram a pound, ponděre by weight, purificāti of purified Hydrargyri Mercury; libram a pound sublimāti of sublimed Sulphuris Sulphur;

Tere rub simul together donec until glöbüli globules conspiciantur are seen non no amplius longer.

There is no settled theory respecting the nature of this process.

## HYDRARGYRI SULPHURĒTUM RUBRUM. RED SULPHURET OF MERCURY.

Recĭpe take purificāti of purified Hydrargyri Mercury, pondĕre by weight, quadraginta forty uncĭas ounces; sublimāti of sublimed Sulphuris Sulphur octo eight uncĭas ounces;

Admisce admix Hydrargyrum the Mercury Sulphuri to the Sulphur liquefacto dissolved ad ignem upon the fire, et and quamprīmum as soon as massa the mass intumescat swells, remove remove vas the vessel ab from igne the fire, et and tege cover (it) fortiter strongly, ne lest inflammatio inflammation fiat should take place; deinde then tere rub in pulverem into a powder, et and sublime sublime.

This process seems to effect a more immediate union

union of Mercury and Sulphur; but wherein the difference of this and the last preparation consists, it is more easy to guess than to explain.

#### HYDRARGYRUM CUM CRĒTA.

#### MERCURY WITH CHALK.

Recipe take tres three uncias ounces, pondëre by weight, purificati of purified Hydrargyri Mercury; quinque five uncias ounces preparatæ of prepared Cretæ Chalk;

Tere rub simul together, donec until glöbüli globules conspiciantur are seen non amplius no longer.

During trituration the metal becomes oxidized, and a black oxide of Mercury is the result.

### HYDRARGЎRUM PRECIPITĀTUM ALBUM. WHITE PRECIPITĀTED MERCURY.

Recĭpe take dimidĭam half libram a pound Oxymuriātis of the Oxymuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury; quătŭor four uncĭas ounces Muriātis of the Muriate Ammonĭæ of Ammonia; dimidĭum half octarĭum a pint Liquōris of the Liquor Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; quătŭor four octarĭos pints distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water;

Prīmò first liqua dissolve Muriātem the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia, dein then Oxymuriātem the Oxymuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury, in distillātâ in the distilled Aquâ Water, et and adjice add his to these Liquorem the Liquor Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass. Lava wash demissum the precipitated pulverem powder, donec until fuerit it shall be expers devoid saporis of taste; tum then exsicca dry (it).

The Muriate of Ammonia has the property of rendering the oxymuriate more soluble in water, and it here forms with it a triple Salt in solution of Muriate of Mercury and Ammonia: a considerable portion of the Acid of the Muriate of Ammonia is abstracted by adding the Subcarbonate of Potass, and the Salt just enumerated is thrown down in the form of a white precipitate, whence the name Hyd. præcipitat. alb. which is improper, considered in a chemical point of view.

#### HYDRARGYRUM PURIFICATUM.

#### PURIFIED MERCURY.

Recipe take Hydrargyri of Mercury, pondëre by weight, sex six libras pounds; libram a pound ramentorum of the filings Ferri of Iron;

Tere rub simul together; tum then, igne the fire subjecto being applied, distillet Hydrargyrum let the Mercury distil ex from ferrea an iron retorta retort.

Iron filings are here ordered, from the supposition, that Iron has a greater affinity for any foreign metals used in alloy than Mercury has; but Mr. Brande merely orders the Mercury to be re-distilled in an iron retort.

## LIQUOR HYDRARGYRI OXYMURIATIS. LIQUOR OF THE OXYMURIATE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take grāna octo eight grains Oxymuriātis of the Oxymuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury; quindecim fifteen fluiduncias fluid-ounces distillātæ of distilled Aquæ Water; fluidunciam a fluidounce Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit;

Liqua dissolve Oxymuriatem the Oxymuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury in Aquâ in the Water, que and adjice add thereto Spiritum the Spirit.

## PRÆPARĀTA E PLUMBO. PREPARATIONS FROM LEAD.

LIQUOR PLUMBI SUBACETATIS.

LIQUOR OF SUBACETATE OF LEAD.

Recipe take duas two lībras pounds semivitrei of the semivitreous Oxydi Oxide Plumbi of Lead; congium a gallon acetici of acetic Acidi Acid;

Misce mix, et and decoque boil down ad to sex six octarios pints, movens stirring assiduè constantly; dein then sepone set aside, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside, et and cola strain.

An Acetate of Lead is formed by the acetic Acid of the vinegar uniting with part of the oxide, which is held in solution. Dr. Paris says, "It is a saturated solution of Subacetate of Lead, consisting, according to Berzelius, of one proportional of Acid, and three proportionals of oxide of Lead; hence its name is correct. It is the only instance with which we are acquainted of a real sub-salt being soluble in water." Others dispute the correctness of the term sub.

# LIQUOR PLUMBI SUBACETATIS DILŪTUS. DILUTED LIQUOR OF THE SUBACETATE OF LEAD.

Recipe take fluidrachmam a fluid-dram Liquoris of the Liquor Subacetatis of the Subacetate Plumbi of Lead; octarium a pint distillatæ of distilled Aquæ Water; fluidrachmam a fluid-dram Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Misce mix.

### PLUMBI SUPERACETAS. SUPERACETATE OF LEAD.

Recipe take libram a pound Carbonatis of the Carbonate Plumbi of Lead; congium a gallon cum with semisse half (a gallon) acetici of acetic Acidi Acid;

Coque boil Carbonātem the Carbonate Plumbi of Lead cum with Acido the Acid, donec until hoc this [the Acid] saturētur be saturated; deinde then cola strain per through chartam paper, et and, Aquâ the Water consumptâ being evaporated

donec until pellicula a pellicle subnascātur floats, sepone set (it) aside ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed. Effūsâ having poured off Aquâ the Water, exsicca dry super upon bibulam bibulous chartam paper [blotting paper.]

The acetic Acid of the vinegar decomposes the carbonate by uniting with its oxide; the Salt is then evaporated, and crystallizes, forming an acetate, not a superacetate. If this be dissolved in water containing ever so little carbonic Acid, a white insoluble precipitate is thrown down.

Crystals. Short and spicular, in masses, resembling

lumps of sugar.

## PRÆPARĀTA E ZINCO. PREPARATIONS FROM ZINC.

### CALAMINA PRÆPARATA, PREPARED CALAMINE.

Ure burn Calaminam the Calamine; tum then contere triturate (it). Deinde afterwards fiat let there be made subtilissimus a very subtle pulvis powder eodem in the same modo manner quo in which præcepimus we directed Cretam Chalk præparari to be prepared.

By this process the Calamine [Carbonate of Zinc] is cleansed from its impurities. See Creta præparata.

#### ZINCI OXYDUM.

#### OXIDE OF ZINC.

Injice throw frustula pieces Zinci of Zinc paulātim gradually candenti into a hot, capāci capacious, alto deep, et and inclinato inclined crucibulo crucible, alio another crucibulo crucible superimposito being placed over it, ita so ut that Zincum the Zinc pateat may be exposed aëri to the air, et and possit may be moveri moved sæpè frequently ferrëà with an iron spathâ spatula; exime take out Oxydum the Oxide statim immediately quod which nascatur arises subinde now and then; tum then transmitte pass albam the white et and leviorem lighter partem part ejus of it per through crībrum a sieve. Denique lastly superinfunde pour aquam water huic to this, ut that subtilissimus a very fine pulvis powder fiat may be made eodem in the same modo manner quo in which præcepimus we directed Crētam Chalk præpărāri to be prepared.

Though it is not directed here, yet it is necessary that the crucible should be heated above 700° of Fahrenheit, which is the degree at which Zinc inflames. During ignition it absorbs oxygen from the atmosphere, and is converted into a white oxide.

#### ZINCI SULPHAS.

#### SULPHATE OF ZINC.

Recipe take Zinci of Zinc fracti broken in frustula into pieces tres three uncias ounces; quinque five uncias ounces, pondere by weight, sulphurici of sulphuric Acidi Acid; quatuor four octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Misce mix in vitreo in a glass vase vessel, et and, effervescentia effervescence finīta being finished, cola strain liquorem the liquor per through chartam paper; tum then dēcoque boil down, donec until pellicula a pellicle subnascātur rises, et and sepone set aside ut that crystalli crystals fiant may be formed.

The metal becoming dissolved by the diluted Acid is at the same time oxidized at the expence of the water; hydrogen gas is evolved, and a Sulphate of Zinc remains in solution from the union of the oxide with the Acid; it is then crystallized.

Crystals. Small four sided prisms terminated by four sided pyramids. It in some measure resembles

fine Epsom Salts.

#### SULPHUREA.

#### PREPARATIONS FROM SULPHUR.

#### OLEUM SULPHURATUM.

#### SULPHURATED OIL.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces loti of washed Sulphuris Sulphur; octarium a pint Olei of the Oil Olivæ of Olive;

Injice throw Sulphur the Sulphur paulatim gradually Oleo to the Oil calefacto heated in

pěramplo in a very large ferreo iron vase vessel, et and move stir assidue constantly spatha with a spatula, donec until cöierint they shall have united.

### POTASSÆ SULPHURĒTUM. SULPHURET OF POTASS.

Recipe take unciam an ounce loti of washed Sulphuris Sulphur; duas two uncias ounces Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass;

Tere rub simul together, et and impone place (them) super upon ignem the fire in clauso in a covered crucibulo crucible, donec until coïerint they shall have united.

By the union of Potass and Sulphur the latter is rendered soluble in water, which is the design intended by the preparation.

The expulsion of the carbonic acid and the aqueous part of the alkali seem the result of this

combination.

### SULPHUR LŌTUM.

#### WASHED SULPHUR.

Recipe take libram a pound sublimati of sublimed Sulphur;

Superinfunde pour upon (it) ferventem boiling Aquam Water, ut that Acidum the Acid, (si if sit there be quod any), abluatur may be washed away penitus thoroughly; dein then sicca dry.

#### SULPHUR PRÆCIPITATUM.

#### PRECIPITATED SULPHUR.

Recipe take libram a pound sublimati of sublimed Sulphur; duas two libras pounds recentis of fresh Calcis Lime; quatuor four congios gallons Aquæ of Water;

Coque boil Sulphur the Sulphur et and Calcem the Lime simul together in Aquâ in the Water; tum then cola strain liquorem the liquor per through chartam paper, que and instilla drop ei to it quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient Acidi muriatici of muriatic Acid, ut that Sulphur the Sulphur demittatur may be thrown down. Denique lastly, aquâ water superinfūsâ being poured thereon sæpius frequently, lava wash hoc this donec until fiat it becomes insipidum insipid.

The water is decomposed in the first instance, and a hydrogureted sulphuret of lime produced by the combination of the lime and sulphur, the hydrogen of the water uniting with a portion of the latter, and forming a hydrosulphuret: the oxygen combining with another portion, forms sulphuric acid, which unites with the lime; so that a sulphate of lime and sulphuret of lime combined with sulphureted hydrogen, form the solution. Next, sulphureted hydrogen gas is disengaged, the hydrogureted sulphuret being decomposed by the muriatic acid; which, uniting with the lime, forms a soluble muriate, when at the same time the sulphur becomes precipitated.

#### VEGETABILIA.

#### VEGETABLES.

Vegetables sunt are decerpenda to be gathered ex from locis the situations et and solo soil ubi where nascuntur they grow sponte spontaneously, siccâ in a dry tempestate season, nec neither madefacta made wet imbribus with showers, nec nor rore with dew; sunt they are colligenda to be collected quotannis yearly; et and quæ those which fuerint shall have been servata kept diutiùs longer, rejicienda (are) to be thrown away.

Radīces roots, pleræque for the most part, sunt are effodiendæ to be dug antequam before caules the stems aut or folia leaves exserant have shot

forth.

CORTICES barks debent ought colligi to be collected ea in that tempestate season qua in which possint they are able separari to be separated facillime most easily a ligno from the wood.

Folia leaves sunt are decerpenda to be gathered postquam after flores the flowers fuerint shall have expassi expanded; et and antequam before semina

the seeds maturescant are ripened.

Flores flowers sunt are legendi to be gathered

nuper when lately explicati unfolded.

Semina seeds sunt are colligenda to be collected jam when just matura ripe, et and antequam

before inceperint they shall have begun decidere to fall è from plantâ the plant. Hæc these debent ought servari to be kept in propriis in (their) proper pericarpiis seed vessels.

#### VEGETABILĬUM PRÆPARATĬO.

#### PREPARATION OF VEGETABLES.

Vegetabilia Vegetables, brevi shortly postquam after decerpta fuërint they shall have been gathered [and] leviter lightly strāta spread out, (illis those exceptis being excepted quæ which oportet ought esse to be [used] recentia fresh), exsicca dry quàm citissimè as soon as possible, calore with a heat tam so lēni gentle ut that color the colour non mutētur may not be changed; dein then conserva preserve them in locis in places vel or aptis proper vāsis vessels, interclūso excluded accessu from the access luminis of light et and humōris moisture.

Reconde bury (those) Radīces Roots, quas which præcepimus we have ordered servāri to be kept recentes fresh, in siccâ in dry arēnâ sand. Seca cut Radīcem the Root Scillæ of Squill ante before exsiccationem drying (it) transversim transversely in tenŭes into thin laminas slices, aridis the dried tunicis coats direptis being taken away.

Sepone set aside Pulposos pulpy Fructus Fruits, si if sint they be immatūri unripe, vel or matūri ripe et and sicci dry, in humido in a moist loco place, ut that mollescant they may soften; dein then exprime press out pulpas the pulp per through setāceum a hair crībrum sieve; postea afterwards coque boil lento with a slow igne fire,

crēbrò frequently movens stirring. Denique lastly, consume evaporate aquam the water aquoso in a water balneo bath, donec until pulpæ the pulp fiant becomes idoneæ of a proper crassitudinis thickness.

Superinfunde pour ferventem beiling aquam water contūsis to the bruised Lomentis Pods Cassīæ of Cassia, ut that pulpa the pulp eluātur may be washed out, quam which primum first exprime express per through crībrum a sieve grandiorībus with large foraminībus holes, (and) postĕa afterwards per through setacĕum a hair (sieve); deinde then consūme evaporate aquam the water aquōso with a water balnĕo bath donec until pulpa the pulp habĕat acquires idōnĕam a proper crassītūdĭnem thickness.

Exprime press out pulpam the pulp vel or succum juice maturorum of ripe et and recentium recent fructum fruits per through cribrum a sieve, nulla no coctione boiling adhibità being applied.

## GUMMI-RESĪNÆ. GUM-RESINS.

Sepăra separate Opium Opium quâm diligentissime as carefully as possible a from aliënis extraneous rebus things, præsertim especially externis from (those) external. Servētur Opium let Opium be kept Molle Soft, quod which sit may be aptum fit ad to fingendas form pilulas pills;

et and Durum Hard, quod which fuerit shall have been ita so exsiccatum dried aquoso in a water balneo bath ut that possit it may be able teri to be

rubbed in into pulverem a powder.

Gummi-Resinæ (those) Gum Resins sunt are habendæ to be accounted pro optimis best, quæ which fuerint shall have been electæ chosen adeo so sinceræ unmixed ut that sit there may be opus occasion nullà purificatione for no purification. Quod but si if videantur they appear esse to be minus less pure pure, coque boil [them] in aquâ in water donec until mollescant they become soft, et and prelo with a press exprime press per through cannabinum canvass pannum cloth; dein then sepone set aside, ut that resinosa the resinous pars part subsidat may subside. Consume evaporate supernatantem the supernatant liquorem liquor, effusam poured off, aquoso in a water balneo bath, resinosa the resinous parte part adjecta being added sub towards finem the end, et and coacta mixed in unum into one cum with gummosâ the gummy parte part.

Gummi-Resīnæ (those) Resinous Gums facilè easily liquescentes liquified possunt may be purificari purified injiciendo by throwing (them) in būbūlam into ox's vesīcam bladder, que and tenendo holding (them) in fervente in boiling aquâ water, donec until fiant they become adeò so molles soft, ut that possint they may be separāri separated à from sordībus impurities prēlo by a press per

through cannabinum canvass pannum cloth.

Liqua dissolve Balsamum the Balsam Styracis of Styrax in rectificato in rectified Spiritu Spirit, et and cola strain; tum then leni with a gentle

calore heat distillet Spiritus let the Spirit distil, donec until idonea a proper crassitudo consistence fiat may be formed balsamo in the balsam.

## OLEA EXPRESSA. EXPRESSED OILS.

### OLĔUM AMYGDALĀRUM. OIL OF ALMONDS.

Macĕra macerate vel either dulces sweet vel or amāras bitter Amygdălas Almonds per for duodĕcim twelve horas hours in aquâ frigĭdâ in cold water, et and contunde bruise [them]; deinde then, (nullo no calōre heat adhibĭto being applied), exprime express Olĕum the Oil.

#### OLEUM LINI. LINSEED OIL.

Contunde bruise Semina the Seeds usitatissimi of common Lini Flax; deinde then, (nullo no calore heat adhibito being applied), exprime express Oleum the Oil.

#### OLĔUM RICĬNI.

#### CASTOR OIL.

Contunde bruise Semina the Seeds Ricini of the Ricinus, pelliculis the husks demtis being taken away; deinde then, (nullo no calore heat adhibito being applied), exprime express Oleum the Oil.

### OLEA DISTILLATA. DISTILLED OILS.

Olĕum	Anīsi	Oil of	Aniseed.
	Anthemidis		Chamomile.
-	Carŭi		Carraway.
A THEORY	Junipěri	-	Juniper.
-	Lavandŭlæ		Lavender.
-	Menthæ Piperītæ	0	Peppermint.
	Menthæ Viridis*		Spearmint.
( Topic )	Origăni		Thyme.
	Pimentæ		Pimenta.
	Pulegĭi		Pennyroyal.
	Rosmărīni		Rosemary.

Semina the Seeds Anisi of Anise et and Carui Carraway, Flores the Flowers Anthemidis of Chamomile et and Lavandulæ Lavender, Baccæ the Berries Juniperi of Juniper et and Pimentæ Pimenta, Cacumina (and) the Tops Rosmarini of Rosemary, adhibenda sunt are to be employed; et and exsiccātæ the dried herbæ herbs reliquorum of the rest.

Immitte put quodvis any horum of these in into alembicum an alembic, et and adjice add Aquæ of Water quantum as much as contegat may cover id it (i. e. the whole), tum then distillet Oleum let the Oil distil in into amplum a large frigidarium cold vas vessel.

Aqua the water, quæ which prodit comes out (inter whilst distillandum distilling) cum with Olĕis the Oils Carŭi of Carraway, Menthæ piperītæ Pep-

<sup>\*</sup> Mentha viridis signifies literally green Mint.

permint, et and viridis Spearmint, Pimentæ Pimenta, et and Pulegii Pennyroyal, servētur should be preserved in for usum use.

#### OLĔUM SUCCINI.

#### OIL OF AMBER.

Immitte put Succinum the Amber in alembicum into an alembic, ut that acidus the acid Liquor Liquor, Oleum the Oilet and Sal the Salt inquinātus impregnated oleo with the oil, distillent may distil balneo in a bath ărenæ of sand, calore by a heat paulātim gradually aucto increased. Dein then Oleum distillet let the Oil distil iterum again, et and tertio a third time.

#### OLĔUM TEREBINTHĬNÆ RECTIFICĂTUM.

#### RECTIFIED OIL OF TURPENTINE.

Recipe take octarium a pint Olëi of the Oil Terebinthinæ of Turpentine; quatuor four octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Distillet Oleum let the Oil distil.

## AQUÆ DISTILLATÆ. DISTILLED WATERS.

AQUÆ Waters distillent should be distilled ex from exsic cātis dried herbis herbs nisi unless sit it be alĭter otherwise præscriptum ordered, quonĭam be-

cause non possunt they cannot comparari be obtained omni at every tempore season anni of the year. Ubi when recentes fresh [herbs] adhibentur are employed, [the quantity] est is utendum to be used duplo in a double pondere proportion.

Singulis to each congiis gallon Aquarum of the Waters adjice add quinque five fluiduncias fluidounces tenuioris of proof Spiritûs Spirit, ut that

conserventur they may be kept integræ pure.

#### AQUA DISTILLATA.

#### DISTILLED WATER.

Recipe take decem ten congios gallons Aquæ of Water;

Prīmum first distillent let there distil quatuor four octarii pints, quībus which abjectis being thrown away, distillent let there distil quatuor four congii gallons. Serva keep distillatam the distilled Aquam Water in vitrea in a glass lagena bottle.

### AQUA ANĒTHI. WATER OF DILL.

Recipe take libram a pound contusorum of bruised Seminum Seeds Anethi of Dill;

Affunde pour his to these tantum so much Aquæ of Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

#### AQUA CARŬI.

#### WATER OF CARRAWAY.

Recipe take libram a pound contusorum of bruised Seminum Seeds Carui of Carraway;

Affunde pour his to these tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

#### AQUA CINNAMŌMI.

#### WATER OF CINNAMON.

Recipe take libram a pound contusi of bruised Corticis Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Macĕra macerate Cortĭcem the Bark in Aquâ in the Water per for vīginti twenty et and quătŭor four horas hours; tum then adjĭce add tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillatiōnem distillation, sŭpersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreūma empyreuma. Distillet congĭus let a gallon distil.

### AQUA FŒNICŬLI. WATER OF FENNEL.

Recipe take libram a pound Seminum of Seeds Fæniculi of Fennel contusorum bruised;

Affunde pour his to these tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

#### AQUA MENTHÆ PIPERITÆ.

#### WATER OF PEPPERMINT.

Recipe take libram a pound Menthæ piperitæ of Peppermint cum with semisse half (a pound);

Huic to this affunde pour tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

#### AQUA MENTHÆ VIRĬDIS.

#### WATER OF SPEARMINT.

Recipe take Menthæ viridis of Spearmint libram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound);

Huic to this affunde pour tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

### AQUA PIMENTÆ. WATER OF PIMENTA.

Recipe take dimidiam half libram a pound contusārum of bruised Baccārum Berries Pimentæ of Pimenta; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Macĕra macerate Baccas the Berries in Aquâ in the Water per for viginti twenty quătuor four horas hours; tum then adjice add tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

#### AQUA PULEGII.

#### WATER OF PENNYROYAL.

Recipe take libram a pound cum with semiss, half (a pound) Pulegii of Pennyroyal;

Huic to this affunde pour tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

#### AQUA RŌSÆ.

#### WATER OF ROSE.

Recipe take Petalorum of the Petals centifoliæ \* of the Damask Rose octo eight libras pounds;

<sup>\*</sup> Centifolia, hundred or many leaved.

His to these affunde pour tantum so much Aquæ Water, ut that, post after distillationem distillation, supersit there may remain quod that which est is satis sufficient ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma. Distillet congius let a gallon distil.

## INFŪSA. INFUSIONS.

### INFUSUM ANTHEMIDIS. INFUSION OF CHAMOMILE.

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams Florum of the Flowers Anthemidis of Chamomile; dimidium half octarium a pint ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Macĕra macerate per for sextam the sixth partem part hōræ of an hour, in vāse in a vessel lĕ-vĭtèr lightly clauso covered, et and cōla strain.

### INFŪSUM ARMORACIÆ COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND INFUSION OF HORSE-RADISH.

Recipe take recentis of fresh Radīcis Root Armoraciæ of Horse-radish concīsæ sliced; Seminum of Seeds Sināpis of Mustard contusorum bruised, singulorum of each unciam an ounce; ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water octarium a pint; Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours, in vase in a vessel clauso covered leviter lightly; et and cola strain; tum then adjice add compositi of the compound Spiritus Spirit Armoraciæ of Horse-radish fluidunciam a fluid ounce.

#### INFŪSUM AURANTII COMPOSITUM.

#### COMPOUND INFUSION OF ORANGE (PEEL).

Recipe take exsiccāti of dried Corticis Rind Aurantii of Orange duas two drachmas drams; recentis of fresh Corticis Rind Limōnum of Lemons drachmam a dram; Caryophyllōrum of Cloves contusōrum bruised dimidiam half drachmam a dram; ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water dimidium half octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for quartam the fourth partem part horæ of an hour in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

#### INFUSUM CALUMBÆ.

#### INFUSION OF CALUMBA.

Recipe take Radicis of Root Calumbæ of Calumba concisæ sliced drachmam a dram; ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water dimidium half octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours, in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

#### INFUSUM CARYOPHYLLÖRUM.

#### INFUSION OF CLOVES.

Recipe take drachmam a dram contusorum of bruised Caryophyllorum Cloves; dimidium half octarium a pint ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours, in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

#### INFŪSUM CASCĂRILLÆ.

#### INFUSION OF CASCARILLA.

Recipe take Corticis of the Bark Cascarillæ of Cascarilla contūsi bruised dimidiam half unciam an ounce; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water dimidium half octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours, in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

#### INFŪSUM CATECHU COMPOSITUM.

#### COMPOUND INFUSION OF CATECHU.

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams cum with semisse half (a dram) Extracti of the Extract Catechu of Catechu; dimidiam half drachmam a dram Corticis of the Bark Cinnamoni of Cinnamon contūsi bruised; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water dimidium half octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for horam an hour in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

# INFŪSUM CINCHŌNÆ.

#### INFUSION OF CINCHONA.

Recipe take dimidiam half unciam an ounce Corticis of Bark lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinhonæ Cinchona contūsi bruised; dimidium half octarium a pint ferventis of boiling Aquæ Water;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

### INFŪSUM CUSPARĬÆ.

### INFUSION OF CUSPARIA.

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams Corticis of the Bark Cuspariæ of Cusparia contūsi bruised; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water dimidium half octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours, in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

# INFŪSUM DIGITĀLIS.

# INFUSION OF DIGITALIS.

Recĭpe take drachmam a dram exsiccatorum of the dried Foliorum Leaves Digitālis of Digitalis; dimidĭum half octarĭum a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for quatuor four horas hours in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain; tum then adjice add dimidiam half fluidunciam a fluidounce Spiritus of the Spirit Cinnamomi of Cinnamon.

# INFŪSUM GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĪTUM.

# COMPOUND INFUSION OF GENTIAN.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Gentiānæ of Gentian concīsæ sliced, exsiccāti of the dried Corticis Rind Aurantii of Orange, singulōrum of each drachmam a dram; recentis of the fresh Corticis Rind Limōnum of Lemons duas two drachmas drams; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water duŏdĕcim twelve fluiduncĭas fluid ounces;

Macera macerate per for horam an hour in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

# INFŪSUM LINI.

### INFUSION OF LINSEED.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Seminum of the Seeds usitatissimi of common Lini Flax contusorum bruised; dimidiam half unciam an ounce Radicis of the Root Glycyrrhizæ of Liquorice concisæ sliced; duos two octarios pints Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for horas quatuor four hours, prope near ignem the fire, in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

# INFŪSUM QUASSIÆ.

# INFUSION OF QUASSIA.

Recipe take scrupilum a scruple Ligni of the Wood Quassiæ of Quassia concisi cut; dimidium half octarium a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours, in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

### INFÜSUM RHĒI.

### INFUSION OF RHUBARB.

Recipe take drachmam a dram Radīcis of the Root Rhēi of Rhubarb concīsæ sliced; dimidium half octarium a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

### INFUSUM ROSÆ.

### INFUSION OF THE ROSE.

Recipe take dimidiam half unciam an ounce Petalorum of the Petals Gallicæ of the French Rosæ Rose [red Rose] exsiccatorum dried; duos two octarios pints cum with semisse half (a pint) Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water; tres three fluidrachmas fluid drams dilūti of diluted sulphurici sulphuric Acidi Acid; unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce) purificati of purified Sacchari Sugar;

Superinfunde pour Aquam the Water Petălis on the Petals Rosæ of the Rose in vitreo in a glass vāse vessel; dein then immisce mix in Acidum the Acid, et and macera macerate per for dimidiam half horam an hour. Denique lastly, cola strain liquorem the liquor, que and adjice add ei to it Saccharum the Sugar.

# INFUSUM SENNÆ. INFUSION OF SENNA.

Recipe take unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce) Foliorum of the Leaves Sennæ of Senna; drachmam a dram Radīcis of the Root Zingiberis of Ginger concīsæ sliced; octarium a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macĕra macerate per for horam an hour in vāse in a vessel levĭtèr lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor.

# INFÜSUM SIMAROŬBÆ. INFUSION OF SIMAROUBA.

Recipe take dimidiam half drachmam a dram contūsi of bruised Corticis Bark Simaroūbæ of Simarouba; dimidium half octarium a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water; Macera macerate per for duas two horas hours in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

# INFŪSUM TABĀCI.

### INFUSION OF TOBACCO.

Recipe take drachmam a dram Foliorum of the Leaves Tabaci of Tobacco, octarium a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for horam an hour in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain.

# MUCILAGINES.

# MUCILAGES.

### MUCILAGO ACACIÆ.

### MUCILAGE OF ACACIA.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Gummi of the Gum Acaciæ of Acacia contriti bruised; dimidium half octarium a pint Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Tere rub Gummi the Gum cum with Aquâ the Water instillata dropped in paulatim gradually,

donec until abeat it changes in mucilaginem into a mucilage.

# MUCILAGO AMYLI.

### MUCILAGE OF STARCH.

Recipe take tres three drachmas drams Amyli of Starch; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Tere rub Amylum the Starch cum with Aquâ the Water instillatâ dropped in paulatim gradually; dein then coque boil donec until abeat it changes in mucilaginem into a mucilage.

# DECOCTIONS.

# DECOCTUM ALOËS COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND DECOCTION OF ALOËS.

Recipe take Extracti of the Extract Glycyrrhizæ of Liquorice semunciam half an ounce; Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass duos two scrupiulos scruples; Extracti of the Extract spicatæ of spiked Alöës Aloes contriti bruised; Myrrhæ of Myrrh contritæ bruised; Stigmatum of the Stigmata Croci of Saffron, singulörum of each drachmam a dram; Aquæ of Water octarium a pint.

Decoque boil down ad to duodecim twelve fluiduncias fluid ounces, et and cola strain; tum then adjice add compositæ of the compound Tincturæ Tincture Cardamomi of Cardamom quatuor four fluiduncïas fluid ounces.

# DECOCTION OF CINCHONA.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Corticis of the Bark lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinchonæ Cinchona contūsi bruised; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Coque boil per for sextam the sixth partem part horæ of an hour in vase in a vessel leviter lightly clauso covered, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot.

# DECOCTUM CYDONIÆ.

DECOCTION OF QUINCE (SEEDS).

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams Seminum of the Seeds Cydoniæ of the Quince; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Coque boil lento with a slow igne fire per for sextam the sixth partem part horæ of an hour; dein then cola strain.

### DECOCTUM DULCAMARÆ.

DECOCTION OF BITTER SWEET.\*

Recipe take unciam an ounce Caulis of the Stalk Dulcamaræ of Woody Night Shade, octarium a

<sup>\*</sup> Woody Night Shade.

pint cum with semisse half (a pint) Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to octarium a pint et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM HORDĚI.

#### DECOCTION OF BARLEY.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces Seminum of the Seeds Horděi of Barley; quătuor four octarios pints cum with semisse half (a pint) Aquæ of Water;

Prīmùm first ablue wash away alienas the extraneous res substances adhærentes adhering Seminibus to the Seeds Hordei of the Barley frigidâ (in) cold Aquâ Water; deindè then, dimidio half octario a pint aquæ of water affuso being poured thereon, coque boil Semina the Seeds paulisper a little while. Hâc this aquâ water abjectâ being thrown away, superinfunde pour thereto quod that which est is reliquum left, (prius first fervefactum made hot); tum then decoque boil down ad to duos two octarios pints, et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM HORDEI COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND DECOCTION OF BARLEY.

Recipe take duos two octarios pints Decocti of the Decoction Hordei of Barley; duas two uncias ounces Fructûs of the Fruit Caricæ of Figs concisi sliced; dimidiam half unciam an ounce Radicis of the Root Glycyrrhīzæ of Liquorice concisæ sliced et and contūsæ bruised; duas two uncias ounces passārum of dried Uvārum Grapes [Raisins], acinis the stones demptis being taken away; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to duos two octarios pints, et and cola strain

### DECOCTUM LICHENIS.

#### DECOCTION OF ICELAND MOSS.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Lichenis of Iceland Moss; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water cum with semisse half (a pint);

Decoque boil down ad to octarium a pint, et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM MALVÆ COMPOSITUM.

# COMPOUND DECOCTION OF THE MALLOW.

Recipe take unciam an ounce exsiccatæ of dried Malvæ Mallows; dimidiam half unciam an ounce exsiccatorum of the dried Florum Flowers Anthemidis of Chamomile; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Coque boil per for quartam the fourth partem part horæ of an hour, et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM PAPAVERIS.

# DECOCTION OF POPPIES.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Capsularum of the Capsules Papaperis of the Poppy concisarum sliced; quatuor four octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Coque boil per for quartam the fourth partem part horæ of an hour, et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM QUERCÛS. DECOCTION OF OAK (BARK.)

Recipe take unciam an ounce Corticis of the Bark Quercûs of Oak; duos two octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil ad to octarium a pint, et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM SARSAPÄRILLÆ. DECOCTION OF SARSAPARILLA.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Radīcis of the Root Sarsaparillæ of Sarsaparilla concīsæ cut; quatuor four octarios pints Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macĕra macerate per for quătuor four horas hours, in vāse in a vessel clauso covered lĕvĭtèr lightly prope near ignem the fire; dein then exime take out radīcem the root Sarsăpărillæ of Sarsaparilla et and contunde bruise (it); redde return (it) contūsam (when) bruised liquōri to the liquor, et and macĕra macerate ĭtĕrum again simili in the like modo manner per for duas two horas hours, dein then decŏque boil down ad to duos two octarios pints, et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM SARSĂPĂRILLÆ COMPOSĬTUM. COMPOUND DECOCTION OF SARSAPARILLA.

Recipe take Decocti of the Decoction Sarsăpărillæ of Sarsaparilla ferventis boiling quătuor four octarios pints; Radīcis of the root Sassafras of Sassafras concīsæ cut; Ligni of the Wood Guaiăci of Guaiacum rāsi shaved; Radīcis of the root Glycyrhīzæ of Liquorice contusæ bruised,

singulorum of each unciam an ounce; Corticis of the bark Radicis of the Root Mezerei of Mezereon tres three drachmas drams;

Decoque boil down per for quartam the fourth partem part horæ of an hour et and cola strain.

# DECOCTUM SENEGÆ.

# DECOCTION OF SENEGA.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Radicis of the Root Senegæ of Senega; duos two octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to octarium a pint, et and cola strain.

### DECOCTUM ULMI.

# DECOCTION OF ELM (BARK.)

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces recentis of fresh Corticis Bark Ulmi of the Elm contūsi bruised; quatuor four octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to duos two octarios pints, et and cola strain.

### DECOCTUM VERATRI.

DECOCTION OF (WHITE) HELLEBORE.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Radīcis of the root Verātri of (white) Hellebore contrītæ bruised; duos two octarios pints Aquæ of Water; duas two fluiduncias fluidounces rectificāti of rectified Spiritûs Spirit;

Decoque boil down Radicem the Root Veratri of Hellebore ex Aquâ from the [whole quantity of] Water ad to octarium a pint, et and cola strain; tum then, postquam after refrixerit it shall have cooled, adjice add Spiritum the Spirit.

# EXTRACTA. EXTRACTS.

In præpărandis in preparing omnibus all Extractis extracts, consume evaporate humorem the moisture quamprimum as soon as possible balneo aquoso in a water bath, in patinâ in a plate, donec until idonea a proper crassitudo thickness fiat is made ad to fingendas form pilulas pills, et and sub towards finem the end move stir assidue constantly spathâ with a rod.

Insperge sprinkle upon omnibus all mollioribus the softer Extractis Extracts paululum a little rectificati of rectified Spiritûs Spirit.

# EXTRACTUM ACONITI.

# EXTRACT OF ACONITE.

Recipe take libram a pound Foliorum recentium of fresh leaves Aconiti of Aconite;

Contunde bruise [them] in mortārio lapideo in a stone mortar, insperso sprinkled exiguo with a little aquæ water; dein then exprime express succum the juice, que and consume evaporate eum it non not defæcātum strained, [i. e. without straining] donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM ALÖËS PURIFICATUM. PURIFIED EXTRACT OF ALOES.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicātæ of spiked Alöës contrīti bruised dimidiam half lībram a pound; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water quătuor four octarios pints;

Macĕra macerate per for triduum three days leni calore with a gentle heat; dein then cola strain, et and sepone set aside ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside. Effunde pour off defæcātum the strained liquorem liquor, et and consume evaporate donec until habĕat it acquire idonĕam a proper crassitudĭnem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM ANTHEMIDIS. EXTRACT OF CHAMOMILE.

Recipe take Florum exsiccatorum of dried Flowers
Anthemidis of Chamomile libram a pound;
Aquæ of Water congium a gallon;

Decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM BELLADONNA. EXTRACT OF BELLADONNA.

Recipe take libram a pound Foliorum recentium of fresh Leaves Belladonnæ of Belladonna [deadly Night-shade];

Contunde bruise [them] in mortārio lapideo in a stone mortar, insperso sprinkled exiguo with a little aquæ water; dein then exprime express succum the juice, que and consume evaporate eum it, non not defæcātum strained [i. e. without straining], donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

### EXTRACTUM CINCHONÆ

#### EXTRACT OF CINCHONA.

Recipe take libram a pound Corticis of the Bark Cinchonæ lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinchona contūsi bruised; congium a gallon Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to sex six octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot. Eodem in the same modo manner decoque boil down ex from pari the like mensura measure Aquæ of Water quater four times, et and cola strain. Denique lastly, consume evaporate liquores omnes all the liquors mistos mixed in unum into one, donec until habeant they acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

Hoc this Extractum Extract debet ought servari to be kept MOLLE soft, quod which sit may be aptum fit ad fingendas to form pilulas pills, et and DURUM hard, quod which possit may teri be rubbed in pulverem into a powder.

# EXTRACTUM CINCHŌNÆ RESINŌSUM. RESINOUS EXTRACT OF CINCHONA.

Recipe take libram a pound Corticis of the Bark Cinchonæ lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinchona; quatuor four octarios pints Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quătuor four dies days, et and cola strain. Distillet tinctura let the tincture distil aquoso balneo in a water bath, donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM COLOCYNTHIDIS.

### EXTRACT OF COLOCYNTH.

Recipe take libram a pound Pulpæ of the Pulp Colocynthidis of Colocynth; congium a gallon Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM COLOCYNTHIDIS COMPOSITUM.

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF COLOCYNTH.

Recipe take sex six drachmas drams Pulpæ of the Pulp Colocynthidis of Colocynth concisæ sliced;

unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce) Extracti of the Extract Alöës spicatæ of spiked Aloes contriti powdered; dimidiam half unciam an ounce Gummi-resinæ of the Gumresin Scammonĕæ of Scammony contritæ powdered; drachmam a dram Seminum of the Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom contritorum powdered; lībram a pound Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Macĕra macerate Pulpam the Pulp Colocynthidis of the Colocynth in Spiritu in the Spirit leni calōre with a gentle heat, per for quatriduum four days. Cola strain liquorem the liquor, que and adjice add Alŏen the Aloe et and Scammonĕam Scammony ei to it; dein then consume evaporate Spiritum the Spirit, donec until habĕat it acquire idōnĕam a proper crassitudinem consistence, et and, sub towards finem the end, admisce mix in Semina the Seeds Cardámōmi of Cardamom.

# EXTRACTUM CONII.

### EXTRACT OF HEMLOCK.

Recipe take libram a pound Conii recentis of fresh Hemlock;

Contunde bruise in mortario lapideo in a stone mortar, insperso sprinkled exiguo with a little aquæ water; dein then exprime express succum the juice que and consume evaporate eum it non not defæcatum strained [i.e. without straining]; donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence,

# EXTRACTUM ELATĒRĬI

#### EXTRACT OF ELATERIUM.

Scinde cut Poma matūra the ripe Fruit Elaterii of wild Cucumber, et and cola strain succum the juice levissimė lightly expressum expressed per through tenuissimum a very fine crībrum setaceum hair sieve in vas vitreum into a glass vessel; deinde then sepone set aside per for aliquot some horas hours, donec until crassior the thicker pars part subsederit shall have subsided. Supernătante the supernatant tenuiore thinner parte part rejectâ being rejected, exsicca dry crassiorem the thicker partem part leni calore with a gentle heat.

### EXTRACTUM GENTIANÆ.

### EXTRACT OF GENTIAN.

Recipe take libram a pound Radicis of the Root Gentianæ of Gentian concisæ sliced; congium a gallon Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quătuor four horas hours; tum then decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM GLYCYRRHIZÆ.

# EXTRACT OF LIQUORICE.

Recipe take libram a pound Radicis of the Root Glycyrrhizæ of Liquorice concisæ sliced; congium a gallon Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water; Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours; tum then decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it, donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM HÆMATOXÝLI.

#### EXTRACT OF LOGWOOD.

Recipe take libram a pound Ligni of the Wood Hæmatoxyli of Hæmatoxylon [Logwood]; congium a gallon Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours; tum then decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it, donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM HUMŬLI.

### EXTRACT OF THE HOP.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Strobilorum\* of the Strobiles Humuli of the Hop; congium a gallon Aquæ of Water;

Decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc

<sup>\*</sup> Strobilus signifies an Artichoke, which the flower of the Hop resembles in structure — whence the name.

whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM HYOSCYĂMI.

# EXTRACT OF HENBANE.

Recipe take libram a pound Foliorum recentium of fresh Leaves Hyoscyami of Henbane;

Contunde bruise (them) in mortario lapideo in a stone mortar, insperso sprinkled exiguo with a little aquæ water; dein then exprime express succum the juice, que and consume evaporate eum it non not defæcātum strained [i. e. without straining], donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM JALĂPÆ.

# EXTRACT OF JALAP.

Recipe take libram a pound Radicis of the Root Jalapæ of Jalap contritæ powdered; quatuor four octarios pints Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit; decem ten octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Macera macerate Radicem the Root Jalapæ of Jalap in Spiritu in the Spirit per for quatriduum four days, et and effunde pour off tinctūram the tincture. Decoque boil down residuum the residue ex Aquâ from the [whole quantity of] Water ad to duos two octarios pints. Dein then cola strain tinctūram the tincture et and decoctum

decoction separatim separately; et and hoc consumatur let this [the decoction] be evaporated; illa distillet let that [the tincture] be distilled donec until utrumque each spissescat become thick. Postrēmò lastly, misce mix et and consume evaporate Extractum the Extract cum with Resīnâ the Resin, donec until habĕat it acquire idōneam a proper crassitūdĭnem consistence.

Hoc this Extractum Extract servetur should be kept molle soft, quod which sit may be aptum fit ad fingendas to form pilulas pills, et and durum hard, quod which possit may be teri

rubbed in pulvěrem into a powder.

# EXTRACTUM OPII.

### EXTRACT OF OPIUM.

Recipe take dimidiam half libram a pound Opii of Opium concisi sliced; tres three octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Adjice add exiguum a little aquæ water Opio to the Opium, et and macera macerate per for duodecim twelve horas hours, ut that mollescat it may grow soft; tum then, reliquâ the remaining Aquâ Water instillatâ being dropped in paulatim gradually, tere rub (them) donec until misceantur they are mixed quam optime very well, et and sepone set aside, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside; dein then cola strain liquorem the liquor, et and consume evaporate donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM PAPAVERIS.

#### EXTRACT OF POPPY.

Recipe take libram a pound Capsulārum of Capsules Papavēris of the Poppy contusārum bruised, exemptis seminibus being deprived of the Seeds; congium a gallon Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours; tum then decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# EXTRACTUM RHĒI.

# EXTRACT OF RHUBARB.

Recipe take libram a pound Radīcis of the Root Rhēi of Rhubarb contrītæ powdered; octarium a pint Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit; septem seven octarios pints Aquæ of Water;

Macera macerate per for quatriduum four days leni calore with a gentle heat; dein then cola strain, et and sepone set aside, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside. Effunde pour off liquorem the liquor, que and consume evaporate eum it defæcatum (when) strained, donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

### EXTRACTUM SARSAPARILLÆ.

### EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

Recipe take libram a pound Radicis of the Root Sarsaparillæ of Sarsaparilla concisæ sliced; congium a gallon Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours; tum then decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it, donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

### EXTRACTUM TARAXĂCI.

### EXTRACT OF DANDELION.

Recipe take libram a pound Radicis recentis of fresh Root Taraxăci of Dandelion contusæ bruised; congium a gallon Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water;

Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours; tum then decoque boil down ad to quatuor four octarios pints, et and cola strain liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst calentem hot; denique lastly, consume evaporate eum it, donec until habeat it acquire idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# MISTURÆ. MIXTURES.

# MISTŪRA AMMONIĂCI.

# MIXTURE OF (GUM) AMMONIAC.

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams Ammoniaci of (Gum) Ammoniac; dimidium half octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Tere rub Ammoniacum the Ammoniac cum with Aquâ the Water instillatâ dropped in paulatim gradually, donec until misceantur they are mixed quam optime very well [as well as possible].

# MISTŪRA AMYGDĂLĀRUM.

### MIXTURE OF ALMONDS.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces Confectionis of the Confection Amygdalarum of Almonds; octarium a pint Aquæ distillatæ of distilled Water;

Adjice add Aquam the Water Confectioni to the Confection Amygdalarum of Almonds paulatim gradually inter terendum whilst it is rubbing, donec until misceantur they are mixed; dein then cola strain.

# MISTURA ASSAFŒTIDÆ. MIXTURE OF ASSAFŒTIDA.

Recipe take duas two drachmas drams Assafætidæ of Assafætida; dimidium half octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Tere rub Assafætidam the Assafætida cum with Aquâ the Water instillātâ dropped in paulātim gradually, donec until miscĕantur they are mixed quàm optimè very well [as well as possible].

# MISTURA CAMPHORÆ, MIXTURE OF CAMPHOR.

Recipe take dimidiam half drachmam a dram Camphoræ of Camphor; decem ten minima minims Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Tere rub Camphoram the Camphor primum, first cum with Spiritu the Spirit, deinde then cum with Aquâ the Water instillātâ dropped in paulātim gradually, et and cola strain.

### MISTŪRA CORNU USTI.

MIXTURE OF BURNT (HARTS') HORN.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces Cornuum ustorum of burnt (Harts') Horns; unciam an ounce Acaciæ Gummi of Gum Acacia contriti powdered; tres three octarios pints Aquæ of Water; Decoque boil down ad to duos two octarios pints, movens stirring assidue constantly; tum then cola strain.

# MISTŪRA CRETÆ.

### MIXTURE OF CHALK.

Recipe take dimidiam half unciam an ounce Cretæ præparātæ of prepared Chalk; tres three drachmas drams Sacchari purificāti of purified Sugar; dimidiam half unciam an ounce Acaciæ Gummi of Gum Acacia contrīti powdered; octarium a pint Aquæ of Water;

Misce mix.

# MISTŪRA FERRI COMPOSITA. COMPOUND MIXTURE OF IRON.

Recipe take drachmam a dram Myrrhæ of Myrrh contritæ powdered; viginti twenty quinque five grana grains Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; septem seven fluiduncias fluidounces cum with semisse half (an oz.) Aquæ Rosæ of Rose Water; scrupülum a scruple Sulphātis of Sulphate Ferri of Iron contritæ powdered; dimidiam half fluidunciam a fluid ounce Spiritûs of Spirit Myristicæ of Nutmeg; drachmam a dram Sacchări purificāti of purified Sugar;

Tere rub simul together Myrrham the Myrrh cum with Subcarbonate the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass et and Saccharo Sugar, que and his to

these, dum whilst conteruntur they are being triturated, adjice add primum first Aquam the Water Rosæ of the Rose, et and Spiritum the Spirit Myristicæ of Nutmeg, postrèmo [and] lastly Sulphātem the Sulphate Ferri of Iron. Immitte put mistūram the mixture statim immediately in into idōnĕum a proper vas vitrĕum glass vessel, que and obtura stop id it.

The sulphuric Acid of the Sulphate of Iron having a greater affinity for the Potass of the Subcarbonate than for the Iron, unites with it, forming a Sulphate of Potass in solution; whilst the carbonic Acid of the Subcarbonate, thus set free, unites with the Iron, forming a Subcarbonate of Iron, which is held mechanically in solution by the Myrrh.

This mixture should be kept excluded from the air, otherwise the Iron will rapidly absorb Oxygen; it is best, therefore, to make it when required to be used, and should be sent out in draughts. It may not be improper to remark, that any medicines containing substances speedily affected by the atmosphere, are

best sent in this form.

# MISTURA GUAIĂCI. MIXTURE OF GUAIACUM.

Recipe take drachmam a dram cum with semisse half (a dram) Gummi-resinæ of the Gum-resin Guaiaci of Guaiacum; duas two drachmas drams Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar; duas two fluidrachmas fluid drams Mucilaginis of the Mucilage Acaciæ Gummi of Gum Acacia; octo eight fluiduncias fluid ounces Aquæ of the Water Cinnamomi of Cinnamon;

Tere rub Guaiacum the Guaiacum cum with Saccharo the Sugar, deinde then cum with Mucilagine the Mucilage, que and his to these, dum whilst conteruntur they are being rubbed, adjice add Aquam the Water Cinnamomi of Cinnamom paulātim gradually.

# MISTŪRA MOSCHI.

### MIXTURE OF MUSK.

Recipe take Moschi of Musk, Acāciæ Gummi of Gum Acacia contrīti powdered, Sacchări purificăti of purified Sugar, singulorum of each drachmam a dram; Aquæ Rosæ of Rose Water sex six fluiduncias fluidounces;

Tere rub Moschum the Musk cum with Saccharo the Sugar, deinde then cum with Gummi the Gum, Aquâ the Water Rosæ of the Rose instillatâ being dropped in paulatim gradually.

# SPIRITUS. SPIRITS.

# ALCOHOL.

Recipe take congium a gallon Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit; tres three libras pounds Subcarbonatis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass;

Injice throw in libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass, (prius first calefactam heafed ad to trecentesimum the 300th gradum degree), Spiritui to the Spirit, et and macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours, movens stirring sæpiùs frequently; tum then Spiritui to the Spirit, [when] effuso poured off, adjice add Subcarbonātis Potassæ of the Subcarbonate of Potass quod that which est is reliquum left, calefactum heated ad to eundem the same gradum degree; denique lastly, balneo aquoso with a water bath, distillet Alcohol let the Alcohol distil, quod which est is servandum to be kept in vase in a vessel obturāto stopped.

Specificum the specific pondus weight Alcoholis of Alcohol est is ad to pondus specificum the specific weight Aquæ distillatæ of distilled Water, ut as .815 ad to 1.000 [octingentæ 800 et and quindecim 15 (partes æquāles equal parts sunt are) ad to mille 1000 (of the like equal parts).]

The water contained in the rectified spirit having a greater affinity for the Alkali than for the Alcohol, unites with it, and remains in the retort whilst the Alcohol is brought over by the distillation.

# SPIRITUS AMMONIÆ.

### SPIRIT OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take tres three octarios pints Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit; quatuor four uncias ounces Muriatis of the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; sex six uncias ounces Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass.

Misce mix, et and distillet let there distil octarius a pint cum with semisse half [a pint] lento igne with a slow fire in receptaculum into a receiver frigefactum made cool.

The Ammonia of the Muriate being set free by the Potass, which has the greater affinity for the Muriatic Acid, (as has already been shown), unites with the Alcohol, and is brought over by the distillation.

# SPIRITUS AMMONIÆ AROMATICUS. AROMATIC SPIRIT OF AMMONIA.

Recĭpe take Cortĭcis of Bark Cinnamōmi of Cinnamon contūsi bruised, Caryophyllōrum of Cloves contusōrum bruised, singŭlōrum of each duas two drachmas drams; quatŭor four uneĭas ounces Cortĭcis of the Peel Limōnum of Lemons; dimidĭam half libram a pound Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Potassæ of Potass; quinque five uneĭas ounces Muriātis of the Muriate Ammoniæ of Ammonia; quatŭor four octarios pints Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit; congĭum a gallon Aquæ of Water;

Misce mix et and distillent let there distil sex six octarii pints.

In addition to the former process, the Spirit here takes up the aromatic properties of the Spices ordered.

# SPIRITUS AMMONIÆ FŒTIDUS.

### FETID SPIRIT OF AMMONIA,

Recipe take duos two octarios pints Spiritûs of the Spirit Ammoniæ of Ammonia; duas two uncias ounces Assafætidæ of Assafætida;

Macera macerate per for duodecim twelve horas hours, tum then lento igne with a slow fire distillet octarius let a pint distil cum with semisse half (a pint) in receptaculum into a receiver frigefactum made cool.

# SPIRITUS AMMONIÆ SUCCINATUS.

#### SUCCINATED SPIRIT OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take tres three drachmas drams Mastiches of Mastich: novem nine fluidrachmas fluid drams Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit; quatuordecim fourteen minima minims Olei of the Oil Lavandulæ of Lavender; quatuor four minima minims Olei of the Oil Succini of Amber; decem ten fluiduncias fluid ounces Liquoris of the Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia;

Macera macerate Mastichen the Mastich in Spiritu in the Spirit, ut that liquetur it may be dissolved, et and effunde pour off tincturam defæcātam the clear tincture; tum then adjice add cætera the other [ingredients] et and agita shake omnia the whole simul together.

### SPIRITUS ANISI.

### SPIRIT OF ANISEED.

Recipe take dimidiam half libram a pound Seminum of the Seeds Anisi of Anise contusorum bruised; congium a gallon Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit; quod that which sit may be satis sufficient Aquæ of Water ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti twenty quatuor four horas hours; tum then congius distillet let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS ARMORACIÆ COMPOSITUS.

### COMPOUND SPIRIT OF HORSERADISH.

Recipe take Radīcis recentis of the fresh Root Armoraciæ of Horseradish concīsæ sliced, Corticis exsiccāti of the dried Peel Aurantii of Orange, singulōrum of each libram a pound; Myristicæ Nucleōrum of Nutmegs contusōrum bruised dimidĭam half uncĭam an ounce; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit congĭum a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreūma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS CAMPHORÆ.

#### SPIRIT OF CAMPHOR.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Camphoræ of Camphor; duos two octarios pints Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit;

Misce mix, ut that Camphora the Camphor liquetur may be dissolved.

# SPIRTTUS CARŬI.

### SPIRIT OF CARRAWAY.

Recipe take Seminum of the Seeds Carui of Carraway contusorum bruised libram a pound cum
with semisse half (a pound); Spiritus tenuioris
of proof Spirit congium a gallon; Aquæ of
Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient
ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRTTUS CINNAMOMI.

### SPIRIT OF CINNAMON.

Recipe take libram a pound Corticis of the Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon contusi bruised; congium a gallon Spiritus tenuioris of proof Spirit; quod that which sit may be satis sufficient Aquæ of Water ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRŤTUS JUNIPĚRI COMPOSŤTUS.

### COMPOUND SPIRIT OF JUNIPER.

Recipe take Baccārum of Berries Juniperi of Juniper contusārum bruised libram a pound; Seminum of Seeds Carui of Carraway contusōrum bruised, Seminum of the Seeds Fæniculi of Fennel contusōrum bruised, singulōrum of each unciam an ounce, cum with semisse half (an ounce); Spiritus tenuioris of proof Spirit congium a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS LAVANDULÆ. SPIRIT OF LAVENDER.

Recipe take duas two libras pounds Florum recentium of fresh Flowers Lavandulæ of Lavender; congium a gallon Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit; quod that which sit may be satis sufficient Aquæ of Water ad to prohibendum prevent empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS LAVANDULÆ COMPOSITUS.

### COMPOUND SPIRIT OF LAVENDER.

Recipe take Spiritûs of Spirit Lavandulæ of Lavander tres three octarios pints; Spiritûs of Spirit Rosmarini of Rosemary octarium a pint; Corticis of Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamom contūsi bruised, Myristicæ Nucleōrum of Nutmegs contusōrum bruised, singulōrum of each dimidiam half unciam an ounce; Pterocarpi Ligni of red Saunders Wood concīsi sliced unciam an ounce;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# SPIRITUS MENTHÆ PIPERITÆ.

# SPIRIT OF PEPPERMINT.

Recipe take Menthæ piperītæ of peppermint exsiccātæ dried libram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound); Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit congium a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreūma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS MENTHÆ VIRIDIS. SPIRIT OF SPEARMINT.

Recipe take Menthæ viridis of Spearmint exsiccātæ dried libram a pound, cum with semisse half (a pound); Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit congium a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then congius distillet let
a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRĬTUS MYRISTĬCÆ.

### SPIRIT OF NUTMEG.

Recipe take Myristicæ Nucleörum of Nutmegs contusörum bruised uncias duas two ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit congium a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS PIMENTÆ. SPIRIT OF PIMENTA.

Recipe take Baccarum of Berries Pimentæ of Pimenta contusarum bruised duas two uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit con-

gium a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then lento igne with a slow fire distillet congius let a gallon distil.

# SPIRITUS PULEGII. SPIRIT OF PENNYROYAL.

Recĭpe take Pulegĭi of Pennyroyal exsiccāti dried libram a pound, cum with semisse half (a pound); Spirĭtûs tenuĭoris of proof Spirit congĭum a gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreūma empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# SPIRITUS ROSMARINI.

### SPIRIT OF ROSEMARY.

Recipe take Cacuminum recentium of fresh Tops
Rosmarini of Rosemary duas two libras pounds;
Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit congium a
gallon; Aquæ of Water quod that which sit
may be satis sufficient ad prohibendum to prevent empyreuma;

Macera macerate per for viginti quatuor twentyfour horas hours; tum then distillet congius let a gallon distil lento igne with a slow fire.

# TINCTURÆ.

Omnes all Tinctūræ Tinctures debent ought præparāri to be prepared in vasis vitrĕis in glass vessels clausis stopped (close), et and agitāri to be shaken sæpĭùs often inter whilst macerandum macerating.

# TINCTURE OF ALOES.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicatæ of spiked Aloes contriti powdered dimidiam half unciam an ounce; Extracti of Extract Glycyrrhizæ of Liquorice unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce); Aquæ of Water octarium a pint; Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit quatuor four fluiduncias fluid ounces;

Macera macerate balneo in a bath arenæ of sand, donec until Extracta the Extracts liquentur are dissolved; tum then cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA ALŎËS COMPOSĬTA. COMPOUND TINCTURE OF ALOES.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicatæ of spiked Aloes contriti powdered, Stigmatum of Stigmata Croci of Saffron, singulörum of

each tres three uncias ounces; Tinctūræ of Tincture Myrrhæ of Myrrh duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURA ASSAFŒTĬDÆ.

#### TINCTURE OF ASSAFETIDA.

Recipe take quatuor four uncias ounces Assafœtidæ of Assafætida; duos two octarios pints Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

### TINCTŪRA AURANTII.

# TINCTURE OF ORANGE (PEEL).

Recipe take Corticis recentis of fresh Peel Aurantii of Orange tres three uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA BENZÖĬNI COMPOSĬTA.

# COMPOUND TINCTURE OF BENJAMIN.

Recipe take tres three uncias ounces Benzöini of Benzoin; duas two uncias ounces Balsami of Balsam Styracis of Styrax colati strained; unciam an ounce Balsami of Balsam Tolutani of Tolu;

unciam dimidiam half an ounce Extracti of Extract Alöës spicatæ of spiked Aloes; duos two octarios pints Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURE OF CALUMBA.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces cum with semisse half (an ounce) Radicis of the Root Calumbæ of Calumba concisæ sliced; duos two octarios pints Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURA CAMPHORÆ COMPOSITA. COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CAMPHOR.

Recipe take Camphoræ of Camphor duos two scrupilos scruples; duri Opii of hard Opium contriti powdered, Acidi Benzoici of Benzoici Acid, singulorum of each drachmam a dram; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CAPSICI. TINCTURE OF CAPSICUM.

Recipe take unciam an ounce Baccarum of the Berries Capsici of Capsicum; duos two octarios - pints Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURE OF CARDAMOM.

Recipe take uncias tres three ounces Seminum of Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom contusorum bruised; octarios duos two pints Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURA CARDAMOMI COMPOSITA. COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CARDAMOM.

Recipe take Seminum of Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom, Seminum of Seeds Cardi of Carraway, Cocci and of Cochineal, singulorum of each contritorum bruised duas two drachmas drams; Corticis of Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon contusi bruised dimidiam half unciam an ounce; passarum of dried Uvārum grapes [raisins], acinis the stones demptis being taken out, quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CASCĂRILLÆ.

# TINCTURE OF CASCARILLA.

Recipe take Corticis of Bark Cascarillæ of Cascarilla contrīti powdered quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURE OF CASTOR.

Recipe take duas two uncias ounces Castorei of Castor contrīti powdered; Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for septem seven dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CATECHU.

# TINCTURE OF CATECHU.

Recipe take uncias tres three ounces Extracti of the Extract Catechu of Catechu; uncias duas two ounces Corticis of the Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamom contusi bruised; duos two octarios pints Spiritus tenuioris of proof Spirit;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

### TINCTURA CINCHONÆ.

# INCTURE OF CINCHONA (BARK).

Recipe take Corticis of the Bark Cinchonæ lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinchona contrīti powdered septem seven uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ AMMONIĀTA.

# AMMONIATED TINCTURE OF CINCHONA (BARK).

Recipe take Corticis of the Bark Cinchonæ lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinchona contrīti powdered quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs aromatici of aromatic Spirit Ammoniæ of Ammonia duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for decem ten dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CINCHONÆ COMPOSĬTA.

# COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CINCHONA (BARK.)

Recipe take Corticis of the Bark Cinchonæ lancifoliæ of lance-leaved Cinchona contriti powdered duas two uncias ounces; Corticis of the Peel Aurantii of Orange exsiccāti dried unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an oz.); Serpentariæ Radīcis of Serpentary Root contūsæ bruised tres three drachmas drams; Stigmătum of the Stigmata Croci of Saffron drachmam a dram; Cocci of Cochineal contrīti powdered duos two scrupulos scruples; Spiritûs tenuĭoris of proof Spirit viginti twenty fluiduncĭas fluid ounces;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CINNAMŌMI.

# TINCTURE OF CINNAMON.

Recipe take Corticis of Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon contūsi bruised tres three uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA CINNAMŌMI COMPOSITA. COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CINNAMON.

Recĭpe take Cortĭcis of Bark Cinnamōmi of Cinnamon contūsi bruised sex six drachmas drams;
Semĭnum of Seeds Cardamōmi of Cardamom
contusōrum bruised tres three drachmas drams;
Fructûs of the Fruit Pipĕris longi of long Pepper
contrīti powdered, Radīcis of root Zingibĕris of
Ginger concīsæ sliced, singulōrum of each duas
two drachmas drams; Spirĭtûs tenuĭoris of proof
Spirit duos two octarĭos pints;

Macĕra macerate per for quatuordĕcim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA DIGITĀLIS.

### TINCTURE OF DIGITALIS.

Recipe take Foliorum of Leaves Digitalis of the Foxglove exsiccatorum dried quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritus tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA GENTIANÆ COMPOSĬTA. COMPOUND TINCTURE OF GENTIAN.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Gentiānæ of Gentian concīsæ sliced duas two uncias ounces; Corticis of the Peel Aurantii of Orange exsiccāti dried unciam an ounce; Seminum of Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom contusorum bruised dimidiam half unciam an ounce; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macĕra macerate per for quatuordĕcim fourteen dies days leni calōre with a gentle heat, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA GUAIĂCI.

# TINCTURE OF GUAIACUM.

Recipe take Gummi-resinæ of the Gum-resin Guaiaci of Guaicum contritæ powdered libram dimidiam half a pound; Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit octarios duos two pints; Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURA GUAIĂCI AMMONIATA. AMMONIATED TINCTURE OF GUAIACUM.

Recipe take Gummi-resinæ of the Gum-resin Guaiaci of Guaicum contritæ powdered uncias quatuor four ounces; Spiritûs aromatici of aromatic Spirit Ammoniæ of Ammonia octarium a pint cum with semisse half (a pint);

Macĕra macerate per for quatuordĕcim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA HELLEBŎRI NIGRI. TINCTURE OF BLACK HELLEBORE.

Recipe take Radīcis of Root Hellebori nigri of black Hellebore concīsæ sliced quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA HUMŬLI.

# TINCTURE OF HOP.

Recipe take Strobilorum\* of the Strobiles Humuli of the Hop quinque five uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

<sup>\*</sup> See Note page 105.

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA HYOSCYĂMI.

#### TINCTURE OF HENBANE.

Recipe take Foliorum of Leaves Hyoscyami of Henbane exsiccatorum dried quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA JALĂPÆ.

### TINCTURE OF JALAP.

Recipe take Radicis of the Root Jalapæ of Jalap contritæ powdered octo eight uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, leni calore with a gentle heat, et and cola strain.

### TINCTŪRA KINO.

# TINCTURE OF KINO.

Recipe take Kino of Kino contriti powdered tres three uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

## TINCTŪRA LYTTÆ.

### TINCTURE OF LYTTA.

Recipe take Lyttæ of Lytta contūsæ bruised tres three drachmas drams; Spiritûs tenuïoris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRÆ MYRRHÆ.

## TINCTURE OF MYRRH.

Recipe take Myrrhæ of Myrrh contūsæ bruised quatûor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit duos two octarios pints; Aquæ of Water octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

### TINCTURA OPII.

# TINCTURE OF QPIUM.

Recipe take Opii duri of hard Opium contriti powdered duas two uncias ounces cum with semisse half (an oz.); Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duos two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA RHĒI.

#### TINCTURE OF RHUBARB.

Recĭpe take Radīcis of the Root Rhēi of Rhubarb concīsæ sliced duas two uncĭas ounces; Semĭnum of Seeds Cardamōmi of Cardamom contusōrum bruised dimidĭam half uncĭam an ounce; Stigmătum of the Stigmata Croci of Saffron duas two drachmas drams; Spirītûs tenuĭoris of proof Spirit duos two octarĭos pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days leni calore with a gentle heat, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA RHĒI COMPOSĬTA.

### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF RHUBARB.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Rhēi of Rhubarb concīsæ sliced uncias duas two ounces; Radīcis of Root Glycyrrhīzæ of Liquorice contūsæ bruised unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger concīsæ sliced, Stigmatum of the Stigmata Croci of Saffron, singulorum of each duas two drachmas drams; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit octarium a pint; Aquæ of Water duodecim twelve fluiduncias fluid ounces;

Macĕra macerate per for dies quatuordĕcim fourteen days leni calore with a gentle heat, et and eola strain.

# TINCTURE OF SQUILL.

Recipe take Radīcis of Root Scillæ of Squill recens newly exsiccātæ dried quatuor four uncias ounces; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit duas two octarios pints;

Macera macerate per for dies quatuordecim fourteen days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURE OF SENNA.

Recipe take Foliorum of Leaves Sennæ of Senna uncias tres three ounces; Seminum of Seeds Carui of Carraway contusorum bruised drachmas tres three drams; Seminum of Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom contusorum bruised drachmam a dram; Uvārum passārum of dried Grapes [Raisins], acinis the stones demtis being taken out, uncias quatuor four ounces; Spiritus tenuioris of proof Spirit octarios duos, two pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days leni calore with a gentle heat, et and cola strain.

# TINCTURE OF SERPENTARY.

Recipe take Radicis of the Root Serpentariæ of Serpentary uncias tres three ounces; Spiritûs

tenuioris of proof Spirit octarios duos two pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

### TINCTŪRA VALERIĀNÆ.

#### TINCTURE OF VALERIAN.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Valerianæ of Valerian uncias quatuor four ounces, Spiritûs tenuĭoris of Proof Spirit octarios duos two pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA VALERIANÆ AMMONIĀTA.

#### AMMONIATED TINCTURE OF VALERIAN.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Valeriānæ of Valerian uncias quatuor four ounces; Spiritûs aromatici of aromatic Spirit Ammoniæ of Ammonia octarios duos two pints;

Macera macerate per for dies quatuordecim fourteen days, et and cola strain.

# TINCTŪRA ZINGIBĔRIS. TINCTURE OF GINGER.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Zingiberis of Ginger concisæ sliced uncias duas two ounces;

Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit octarios duos two pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

# ÆTHERĚA. PREPARATIONS OF ÆTHER.

# ÆTHER SULPHURICUS.

### SULPHURIC ÆTHER.

Recipe take Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit, Acidi sulphurici (and) of sulphuric Acid, singulorum of each pondere by weight libram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound);

Infunde pour Spiritum the Spirit retortæ vitræ to a glass retort, que and adjice add Acidum the Acid ei to it paulātim gradually, sæpiùs frequently agitans shaking (it), et and cavens taking care ne lest calor the heat excedat should exceed centesimum the hundred vigesimum (and) twentieth gradum degree, donec until miscĕantur they are mixed. Dein then impōne place (them) cautè cautiously in arēnam in sand, priùs first calefactam heated ad to ducentesimum the two hundredth gradum degree, ut that liquor the liquor ebulliat may boil quam celerrimè as quickly as possible, que and Æther the Æther transĕat pass over in tubulātum into a tubulated receptaculum receiver, cui to which recipiens a receiving vas vessel est is aptā-

tum fitted, refrigerātum cooled glacie with ice vel or aquâ water. Distillet līquor let the liquor distil, donec until alĭqua some gravĭor heavier pars part incipĭat shall begin transīre to pass over, quæ which conspicĭtur is seen sub under Æthĕre the Æther in fundo at the bottom receptacŭli of the receiver. Liquōri to the liquor qui which restat remains in retortâ in the retort rursus again affunde pour duodĕcim twelve uncĭas ounces Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit, ut that Æther the Æther distillet may distil simĭli modo in a similar manner.\*

# ÆTHER RECTIFICATUS.

#### RECTIFIED ÆTHER.

Recipe take quatuordecim fourteen fluiduncias fluid ounces Ætheris sulphurici of sulphurici Æther; dimidiam half unciam an ounce Potassæ fusæ of fused Potass; duas two fluiduncias fluid ounces Aquæ distillatæ of distilled Water;

Primum first liqua dissolve Potassam the Potass in Aquâ in the Water, que and adjice add Æthërem the Æther ei to it, agitans shaking assiduè assiduously, donec until miscĕantur they are mixed; denique lastly, calore with a heat circiter of about centesimi the hundred vigesimi and twentieth gradûs degree, distillent let there distil ex retortâ amplâ from a large retort in into vas refrigĕrātum a cooled vessel fluidunciæ duodĕcim twelve fluid ounces Æthĕris rectĭficāti of rectified Æther.

<sup>\*</sup> See the remarks in the Preface respecting Æther, and Preparations of Æther.

# OLEUM ÆTHEREUM.

Post after distillationem the distillation Ætheris sulphurici of sulphuric Æther, lenito calore the heat being decreased, distillet liquor let the liquor distil iterum again, donec until spuma nigra a black froth intumescat swells up; tum then protinus immediately remove remove retortam the retort ab igne from the fire. Liquori to the liquor qui which restat remains in retortà in the retort, adjice add aquam water, ut that pars oleosa the oily part supernatet may swim. Aufer take off hanc this, que and admisce mix ei to it quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient Liquoris of Water Calcis of Lime [Limewater] ad saturandum to saturate Acidum the Acid quod which inest is present, et and agita shake (them) simul together. Denique lastly, exime take off separatum the separated æthereum ethereal oleum oil.

# SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS AROMATICUS. AROMATIC SPIRIT OF ÆTHER.

Recipe take drachmas tres three drams Corticis of Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamom contūsi bruised; drachmam a dram cum with semisse half (a dram) Seminum of Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom contritorum powdered; Fructûs of Fruit Piperis longi of long Pepper contriti powdered, Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger concīsæ sliced, singulorum of each drachmam a dram; Spiritûs of Spirit Ætheris sulphurici of sulphuric Æther octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days in vase vitreo in a glass vessel obturato stopped, et and cola strain.

# SPIRĬTUS ÆTHĚRIS NITRĬCI.

#### NITRIC SPIRIT OF ÆTHER.

Recipe take Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit octarios duos two pints; Acidi nitrici of nitric Acid pondere by weight uncias tres three ounces;

Adjice add Acidum the Acid Spiritui to the Spirit paulatim gradually, et and misce mix, cavens taking care ne lest calor the heat excedat should exceed centesimum the hundred (and) vigesimum twentieth gradum degree; tum then leni calore with a gentle heat distillent let distil viginti quatuor twenty-four fluidunciæ fluid ounces.

# SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS SULPHURICI. SPIRIT OF SULPHURIC ÆTHER.

Recipe take Ætheris rectificati of rectified Æther octarium dimidium half a pint; Spiritûs rectificati of rectified Spirit octarium a pint;

Misce mix.

SPIRITUS ÆTHERIS SULPHURICI COM-POSITUS.

COMPOUND SPIRIT OF SULPHURIC ÆTHER.

Recipe take Spiritûs of Spirit Ætheris sulphurici of sulphuric Æther octarium a pint; Olei

Ætherei of Æthereal Oil fluidrachmas duas two fluid drams;

Misce mix.

# VINA. WINES.

# VINUM ALŎËS.

## WINE OF ALOES.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicatæ of spiked Aloes uncias octo eight ounces; Corticis of Bark Canellæ of Canella uncias duas two ounces; Vini of Wine octarios sex six pints; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit octarios duos two pints;

Tere rub Alöën the Aloe in pulvërem into a powder cum with arënâ albâ white sand, purgātâ cleansed sordibus from impurities; etiam also tere rub Corticem the Bark Canellæ of Canella in pulvërem into a powder; que and his to these mistis mixed inter among se themselves [i. e. together], affunde pour Vinum the Wine et and Spiritum the Spirit. Macëra macerate per for quatuorděcim fourteen dies days subinde frequently movens shaking, et and cola strain.

# VINUM IPECACŬANHÆ.

#### WINE OF IPECACUANHA.

Recipe take Radīcis of Root Ipecacuanhæ of Ipecacuanha contūsæ bruised uncias duas two ounces; Vini of Wine octarios duos two pints;

Macera macerate per for quatuordecim fourteen dies days, et and cola strain.

### VINUM OPII.

#### WINE OF OPIUM.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Opii of Opium unciam an ounce; Corticis of Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon contūsi bruised, Caryophyllorum of Cloves contusorum bruised, singulorum of each drachmam a dram; Vini of Wine octarium a pint;

Macera macerate per for dies octo eight days, et and cola strain.

# VINUM VERATRI.

# WINE OF (WHITE) HELLEBORE

Recipe take Radicis of Root Verātri of white Hellebore concīsæ sliced uncĭas octo eight ounces; Vini of Wine octarios duos two pints, cum with semisse half (a pint);

Macera macerate per for dies quatuordecim fourteen days, et and cola strain.

# ACETICÆ.

# PREPARATIONS OF VINEGAR.

# ACĒTUM COLCHICI.

VINEGAR OF MEADOW SAFFRON.

Recipe take Radīcis recentis of fresh Root Colchici of Colchicum concīsæ sliced unciam an ounce; Acidi acetici of acetic Acid octarium a pint; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit fluidunciam a fluid ounce;

Macera macerate Radicem the Root Colchici of Colchicum cum with Aceto the Acid in vase vitreo in a glass vessel clauso closed, per for viginti quatuor twenty-four horas hours; dein then exprime express et and sepone set aside, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside; denique lastly, liquori to the liquor defæcato strained adjice add Spiritum the Spirit.

### ACETUM SCILLÆ.

# VINEGAR OF SQUILL.

Recipe take Radīcis of Root Scillæ of Squill recens fresh exsiccātæ dried libram a pound;
Acidi acetici of acetic Acid octarios sex six pints; Spiritûs tenuioris of proof Spirit octarium dimidium half a pint;

Macera macerate Radicem the Root Scillæ of Squill cum with Aceto the Acid, leni calore with

a gentle heat, in vase vitreo in a glass vessel clauso closed per for viginti quatuor twenty-four horas hours; dein then exprime express, et and sepone set aside ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside; denique lastly, liquori defæcato to the cleared liquor adjice add Spiritum the Spirit.

# MELLĪTA. PREPARATIONS OF HONEY.

### MEL DESPUMATUM.

#### CLARIFIED HONEY.

Liqua dissolve Mel the Honey in balneo aquoso in a water bath; tum then aufer take off spumam the scum.

# MEL BORACIS.

### HONEY OF BORAX.

Recipe take Subborātis of Subborate Sodæ of Soda contrītæ powdered drachmam a dram; Mellis of Honey despumāti clarified unciam an ounce;

Misce mix.

### MEL ROSÆ.

## HONEY OF THE ROSE.

Recipe take Petalorum of the Petals Rosæ Gallicæ of the French Rose [red rose] exsiccatorum

dried uncias quatuor four ounces; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarios tres three pints; Mellis of Honey despumāti clarified libras quinque five pounds;

Macĕra macerate Petăla the Petals Rosæ of the Rose in Aquâ in the Water per for horas sex six hours; deinde then adjice add Mel the Honey liquori colāto to the strained liquor, et and balnĕo aquōso in a water bath decŏque boil down ad to idōnĕam a proper crassitūdĭnem consistence.

# OXYMEL SIMPLEX. SIMPLE OXYMEL.

Recĭpe take Mellis of Honey despumāti clarified libras duas two pounds; Acĭdi acetĭci of acetic Acid octarium a pint;

Decoque boil down in vase vitreo in a glass vessel, lento igne with a slow fire, ad to idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# OXYMEL SCILLÆ. OXYMEL OF SQUILL.

Recipe take Mellis of Honey despumāti clarified libras tres three pounds; Acēti of Vinegar Scillæ of Squill octarios duos two pints;

Decoque boil down in vase vitreo in a glass vessel, lento igne with a slow fire, ad to idoneam a proper crassitudinem consistence.

# SYRŪPI. SYRUPS.

Syrupi Syrups conserventur should be kept in loco in a place ubi where calor the heat nunquam never excedat exceeds quinquagesimum the fifty quintum fifth gradum degree.

# SYRUPUS ALTHÆÆ.

# SYRUP OF MARSHMALLOWS.

Recipe take Radicis recentis of fresh Root Althææ of Marshmallows contusæ bruised libram dimidiam half a pound; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds; Aquæ of Water octarios quatuor four pints;

Decoque boil down Aquam the Water cum with Radice the Root ad to dimidium half, et and exprime express liquorem frigefactum the cooled liquor. Sepone set aside per for viginti quatuor twenty-four horas hours, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside; tum then effunde pour off liquorem the liquor, atque and, adjecto Saccharo the Sugar being added, decoque boil down ad to idoneam crassitudinem a proper consistence.

## SYRŪPUS AURANTIŌRUM.

SYRUP (OF THE PEEL) OF ORANGES.

Recipe take Corticis recentis of fresh Peel Aurantiorum of Oranges uncias duas two

ounces; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarium a pint; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras tres three pounds;

Macĕra macerate Cortĭcem the Peel in Aquâ in the Water per for horas duodĕcim twelve hours, in vase in a vessel levĭtèr lightly clauso covered; tum then effunde pour off liquōrem the liquor, que and adjĭce add ei to it Sacchărum the Sugar.

# SYRŪPUS CROCI. SYRUP OF SAFFRON.

Recipe take Stigmatum of Stigmata Croci of Saffron unciam an ounce; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarium a pint; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds cum with semisse half (a pound);

Macĕra macerate Stigmăta the Stigmata Croci of Saffron in Aquâ in the Water, per for horas duodĕcim twelve hours, in vāse in a vessel levĭtèr lightly clauso covered; dein then cola strain liquōrem the liquor, et and adjice add Sacchărum the Sugar.

# SYRŪPUS LIMŌNUM.

# SYRUP OF LEMONS.

Recipe take Succi of Juice Limonum of Lemons colati strained octarium a pint; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds;

Liqua dissolve Sacchărum the Sugar in Succo in the Juice Limonum of Lemons eodem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is directed de concerning Syrūpo simplici simple Syrup.

#### SYRŪPUS MORI.

#### SYRUP OF MULBERRY.

Recipe take Succi of Juice Mori of Mulberry colāti strained octarium a pint; Sacchari purificāti of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds;

Liqua dissolve Sacchărum the Sugar in Succo in the Juice Mori of Mulberry eodem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is directed de concerning Syrūpo simplici simple Syrup.

# SYRŪPUS PAPAVERIS.

# SYRUP OF (WHITE) POPPY.

Recipe take Capsulārum of Capsules Papavēris of (white) Poppy, exsiccatārum dried et and contusārum bruised, exemptis seminibus the seeds being taken away, uncias quatuordēcim fourteen ounces; Sacchāri purificāti of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water congios duos two gallons cum with semisse half (a gallon);

Macera macerate Capsulas the Capsules in Aquâ in the Water per for viginti quatuor twenty-

four horas hours; tum then balneo aquoso in a water bath decoque boil down ad to congium a gallon, et and exprime express fortiter strongly. Decoque boil down Liquorem colatum the strained Liquor iterum again ad to octarios duos two pints, et and cola strain adhuc whilst ferventem hot. Sepone set aside per for horas duodecim twelve hours, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside; tum then decoque boil down liquorem defæcatum the clear liquor ad to octarium a pint, et and adjice add Saccharum the Sugar eodem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is ordered de concerning Syrupo simplici simple Syrup.

### SYRŪPUS RHAMNI.

# SYRUP OF BUCKTHORN.

Recipe take Succi recentis of the fresh Juice Baccārum of the Berries Rhamni of Buckthorn octarios quatuor four pints; Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger concīsæ sliced, Baccārum of the Berries Pimentæ of Pimenta contritarum powdered, singulörum of each unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras tres three pounds cum with semisse half (a pound);

Sepone set aside Succum the Juice per for triduum three days, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside, et and cola strain. Adjice add Radicem the Root Zingibëris of Ginger et and Baccas the Berries Pimentæ of Pimenta octario to a pint Succi of the Juice defæcāti strained; tum then macĕra macerate leni calōre with a gentle heat per for horas quatŭor four hours, et and cola strain; quod that which est is rĕlĭquum left decŏque boil down ad to mensūram the measure octarĭi of a pint cum with semisse half (a pint); misce mix liquōres the liquores; et and adjĭce add Sacchārum the Sugar eōdem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is ordered de concerning Syrūpo simplĭci simple Syrup.

# SYRŪPUS RHŒĂDOS.

### SYRUP OF THE RED POPPY.

Recipe take Petalorum recentium of fresh Petals
Rhoeados of the red Poppy libram a pound;
Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarium a
pint, cum with fluidunciis duābus two fluid
ounces; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar
libras duas two pounds cum with semisse half
(a pound);

Adjice add Petăla the Petals Rhoeădos of the red Poppy paulātim gradually Aquæ to the Water, calefactæ heated balnĕo aquōso in a water bath, movens stirring subinde frequently; tum then, vase the vessel remōto being removed, macĕra macerate per for horas duodĕcim twelve hours; dein then exprime express liquōrem the liquor, et and sepōne set aside, ut that fæces the dregs subsidant may subside; denique lastly, adjice add Sacchărum the Sugar, eōdem modo in the samemanner quo in which est it is præceptum or-

dered de concerning Syrūpo simplici simple Syrup.

# SYRŪPUS ROSÆ. - SYRUP OF ROSES.

Recipe take Petalorum of the Petals Rosæ centifoliæ \* of the Damask Rose exsiccatorum dried uncias septem seven ounces; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras sex six pounds; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarios quatuor four pints;

Macĕra macerate Petăla the Petals Rosæ of the Rose in Aquâ in the Water per for horas duodĕcim twelve hours, et and cola strain. Consūme evaporate liquorem colātum the strained liquor balnĕo aquōso in a water bath ad to octarios duos two pints cum with semisse half (a pint); dein then adjīce add Sacchārum the Sugar, eōdem modo in the same manner quo in which est it is præceptum ordered de concerning Syrūpo simplici simple Syrup.

# SYRŪPUS SENNÆ. SYRUP OF SENNA.

Recipe take Foliorum of Leaves Sennæ of Senna uncias duas two ounces; Seminum of Seeds Fæniculi of Fennel contusorum bruised unciam an ounce; Mannæ of Manna uncias tres three ounces; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar

<sup>\*</sup> Centifoliæ, hundred or many-leaved.

libram a pound; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarium a pint;

Macera macerate Folia the Leaves Sennæ of Senna et and Semina the Seeds Fœniculi of Fennel in Aquâ in the Water, leni calore with a gentle heat, per for horam an hour. Cola strain liquorem the liquor, et and misce mix cum with hoc this Mannam the Manna et. and Saccharum the Sugar; dein then decoque boil down ad to idoneam crassitudinem a proper consistence.

### SYRŪPUS SIMPLEX.

#### SIMPLE SYRUP.

Recipe take Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds cum with semisse half (a pound); Aquæ of Water octarium a pint;

Liqua dissolve Saccharum the Sugar in aquâ ın the water balneo aquoso in a water bath; tum then sepone set aside per for viginti quatuor then sepone set usue per joi aguit take off twenty-four horas horas; dein then aufer take off liquospumam the froth, et and effunde pour off liquorem purum the pure liquor à from fæcibus the dregs, si if sint there be quæ any.

# SYRŪPUS TOLUTĀNUS.

### SYRUP OF TOLU.

Recipe take Balsami of the Balsam Tolutani of Tolu unciam an ounce; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarium a pint; Sacchari

purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds;

Coque boil Balsămum the Balsam in Aquâ in the Water per for horam dimidiam half an hour in vase clauso in a covered vessel, movens stirring subinde frequently, et and cola strain liquorem refrigeratum the cooled liquor; dein then adjice add Saccharum the Sugar, eodem modo in the same manner quo in which est it is præceptum ordered de concerning Syrūpo simplici simple Syrup.

# SYRŪPUS ZINGIBĔRIS.

### SYRUP OF GINGER.

Recipe take Radīcis of the Root Zingiberis of Ginger concīsæ sliced uncias duas two ounces; Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water octarium a pint; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds;

Macĕra macerate Radīcem the Root Zingibĕris of Ginger in Aquâ in the Water per for horas quatuor four hours, et and cola strain; dein then adjīce add Sacchārum the Sugar, eōdem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is ordered de concerning Syrūpo simplici simple Syrūp.

# CONFECTIONES.

Si if Confectiones Confections, servātæ kept diu long, indurescant should grow hard, sunt they are humectandæ to be moistened Aquâ with Water, ut that idonea crassitūdo a proper consistence restituātur may be restored.

# CONFECTIO AMYGDALARUM.

### CONFECTION OF ALMONDS.

Recipe take Amygdalārum dulcium of sweet Almonds unciam an ounce; Acaciæ Gummi of Gum Acacia contrīti powdered drachmam a dram; Sacchari purificāti of purified Sugar unciam dimidiam half an ounce;

Amygdălis the Almonds priùs first macerātis being macerated in Aquâ in the Water, que and pelliculis the pellicles [or outer skins] demptis taken away, contunde bruise omnĭa the whole simul together, donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated.]

## CONFECTIO AROMATICA.

# AROMATIC CONFECTION.

Recipe take Corticis of Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon, (and) Myristicæ Nucleorum of Nutmegs, singulorum of each uncias duas two ounces; Caryophyllorum of Cloves unciam an ounce; Seminum of Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Stigmatum of the Stigmata Croci of Saffron exsiccatorum dried uncias duas two ounces; Testarum of Shells præparatarum prepared uncias sedecim sixteen ounces; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar contriti powdered libras duas two pounds; Aquæ of Water octarium a pint;

Tere rub arida the dried [ingredients] simul together in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine powder; tum then adjice add Aquam the Water paulātim gradually, et and misce mix donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated.]

# CONFECTIO AURANTIŌRUM.

### CONFECTION OF ORANGES.

Recipe take recentis of fresh Corticis exterioris outer rind Aurantiorum of Oranges, separati separated radula with a grater [i.e. grated] libram a pound; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras tres three pounds;

Contunde bruise Corticem the Peel, in mortario lapideo in a stone mortar, pistillo ligneo with a wooden pestle; tum then, adjecto Saccharo the Sugar being added, contunde bruise iterum again, donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated.]

# CONFECTIO CASSIÆ.

### CONFECTION OF CASSIA.

Recipe take Pulpæ recentis of the fresh Pulp Cassiæ of Cassia libram dimidiam half a pound; Mannæ of Manna uncias duas two ounces; Pulpæ of the Pulp Tamarindi of the Tamarind unciam an ounce; Syrūpi of Syrup Rosæ of the Rose octarium dimidium half a pint;

Contunde bruise Mannam the Manna; tum then, balneo aquoso with a water bath, liqua dissolve (it) in Syrūpo in the Syrup; deinde then admisce mix therewith pulpas the pulps, et and consūme evaporate humorem the moisture, donec until idonea crassitūdo a proper consistence fiat be formed.

## CONFECTIO OPIL.

# CONFECTION OF OPIUM.

Recipe take Opii duri of hard Opium contriti powdered drachmas sex six drams; Fructûs of the Fruit Piperis longi of long Pepper unciam an ounce; Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger uncias duas two ounces; Seminum of Seeds Carui of Carraway uncias tres three ounces; Syrūpi of Syrup octarium a pint;

Contere rub Opium the Opium cum with Syrupo calefacto the heated Syrup; tum then adjice add cætera the other (ingredients) contrita powdered, et and misce mix.

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# CONFECTIO ROSÆ CANINÆ.

### CONFECTION OF THE DOG ROSE.

Recipe take Pulpæ of the Pulp Rosæ canīnæ of the dog Rose libram a pound; Sacchări purificāti of purified Sugar contrīti powdered uncias viginti twenty ounces;

Expone expose Pulpam the Pulp in balneo aquoso in a water bath, leni calore in a gentle heat; tum then adjice add Saccharum the Sugar paulatim gradually, et and tere rub simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated.]

## CONFECTIO ROSÆ GALLICÆ.\*

### CONFECTION OF THE RED ROSE.

Recipe take Petalorum of the Petals Rosæ Gallicæ of the red Rose nondum not yet explicationum unfolded, abjectis unguibus the claws being rejected, libram a pound; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras tres three pounds;

Contunde bruise Petăla the Petals in mortario lapideo in a stone mortar; tum then, adjecto Saccharo the Sugar being added, contunde bruise (them) iterum again donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i.e. until they become incorporated.]

<sup>\*</sup> Rosa Gallica, French Rose.

# CONFECTIO RUTÆ.

#### CONFECTION OF RUE.

Recipe take Foliorum of the Leaves Rutæ of Rue exsiccatorum dried, Seminum of Seeds Carui of Carraway, Baccarum of the Berries Lauri of Bay, singulorum of each unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce); Sagapēni of Sagapenum unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Fructus of the Fruit Piperis nigri of black Pepper drachmas duas two drams; Mellis of Honey despumāti clarified uncias sedēcim sixteen ounces;

Tere rub arida the dry (ingredients) simul together in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine powder; tum then, adjecto Melle the Honey being added, misce mix omnia all (together.)

# CONFECTIO SCAMMONEÆ.

# CONFECTION OF SCAMMONY.

Recipe take Gummi-resīnæ of the Gum-resin Scammoneæ of Scammony contrītæ powdered unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce); Caryophyllörum of Cloves contusörum bruised, Radīcis of the Root Zingiberis of Ginger contrītæ powdered, singulörum of each drachmas sex six drams; Olei of Oil Carui of Carraway fluidrachmam dimidiam half a fluid dram; Syrūpi of Syrup Rosæ of the Rose quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient;

Tere rub arida the dry (ingredients) simul together in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine
powder; tum then, instillato Syrūpo the Syrūp
being dropped in, tere rub (them) rursus again;
dein afterwards, Oleo the Oil Carŭi of Carraway
adjecto being added, misce mix omnia the whole
(together).

#### CONFECTIO SENNÆ.

#### CONFECTION OF SENNA.

Recipe take Foliorum of Leaves Sennæ of Senna uncias octo eight ounces; Fructûs of the Fruit Caricæ of Figs libram a pound; Pulpæ of the Pulp Tamarindi of the Tamarind, Pulpæ of the Pulp Cassiæ of Cassia, Pulpæ of the Pulp Prunorum of Prunes, singulorum of each libram dimidiam half a pound; Seminum of Seeds Coriandri of Coriander uncias quatuor four ounces; Radīcis of the Root Glycyrrhīzæ of Liquorice uncias tres three ounces; Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar libras duas two pounds cum with semisse half (a pound);

Tere rub Folia the Leaves Sennæ of Senna cum with Seminibus the Seeds Coriandri of Coriander, et and sepăra separate uncias decem ten ounces pulveris misti of the mixed powder cribro with a sieve. Decăque boil down residuum the residue cum with Fructû the Fruit Caricæ of Figs et and Radīce the Root Glycyrrhīzæ of Liquorice ex from octariis quatuor four pints Aquæ of Water ad to dimidium one half; deinde then exprime express, et and cola strain. Consume evaporate Liquorem

colātum the strained Liquor balneo aquoso in a water bath donec until octarius a pint cum with semisse half (a pint) restet remains ex from toto the whole; tum then, adjecto Saccharo the Sugar being added, fiat Syrūpus let a Syrup be made. Denique lastly, contere rub Pulpas the Pulps cum with Syrūpo the Syrup paulātim gradually, et and, pulvere cribrāto the sieved powder injecto being thrown in, misce mix omnia the whole (together).

## PULVĔRES. POWDERS.

## PULVIS ALOËS COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND POWDER OF ALOES.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicātæ of spiked Aloes unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an oz.); Gummi-resīnæ of Gum-resin Guaiaci of Guaiacum unciam an ounce; Pulvēris compositi of the compound Powder Cinnamōmi of Cinnamon unciam dimidiam half an ounce;

Tere rub Extractum the Extract Alöës of Aloes et and Gummi-resinam the Gum-resin Guaiaci of Guaiacum separatim separately in pulverem into a powder; dein then misce mix (them) cum with Pulvere composito the compound Powder Cinnamoni of Cinnamon.

## PULVIS CINNAMOMI COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND POWDER OF CINNAMON.

Recipe take Corticis of the Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon uncias duas two ounces; Seminum of the Seeds Cardamomi of Cardamom unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an oz.); Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger unciam an ounce; Fructûs of the Fruit Piperis longi of long Pepper unciam dimidiam half an ounce;

Tere rub (them) simul together, ut that pulvis subtilissimus a very fine powder fiat may be made.

### PULVIS CONTRAJERVÆ COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND POWDER OF CONTRAJERVA.

Recipe take Radicis of the Root Contrajervæ of Contrajerva contritæ powdered uncias quinque five ounces; Testārum præparatārum of prepared Shells libram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound);

Misce mix.

#### PULVIS CORNU USTI CUM OPTO.

POWDER OF BURNT (HARTS') HORN WITH OPIUM.

Recipe take Opii duri of hard Opium contriti powdered drachmam a dram; Cornuum of (Harts') horns ustorum burnt et and præparatorum prepared unciam an ounce; Cocci of Cochineal contrīti powdered drachmam a dram;

Misce mix.

#### PULVIS CRETÆ COMPOSITUS.

COMPOUND POWDER OF CHALK.

Recipe take Cretæ præparātæ of prepared Chalk libram dimidĭam half a pound; Cortĭcis of Bark Cinnamōmi of Cinnamon uncĭas quatŭor four ounces; Radīcis of the Root Tormentillæ of Tormentil, Gummi of the Gum Acacĭæ of Acacia, singulōrum of each uncĭas tres three ounces; Fructûs of the Fruit Pipĕris longi of long Pepper uncĭam dimidĭam half an ounce;

Tere rub (them) separatim separately in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine powder; dein then misce mix.

#### PULVIS CRETÆ COMPOSITUS CUM OPIO.

COMPOUND POWDER OF CHALK WITH OPIUM.

Recipe take Pulveris compositi of compound Powder Cretæ of Chalk uncias sex six ounces cum with semisse half (an oz.); Opii duri of hard Opium contriti powdered scrupulos quatuor four scruples;

Misce mix.

### PULVIS IPECACUANHÆ COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND POWDER OF IPECACUANHA.

Recipe take Radīcis of Root Ipecacuanhæ of Ipecacuanha contrītæ powdered, Opii duri of hard Opium contrīti powdered, singulōrum of each drachmam a dram; Sulphātis of Sulphate Potassæ of Potass contrītæ powdered unciam an ounce;

Misce mix.

### PULVIS KINO COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND POWDER OF KINO.

Recipe take drachmas quindecim fifteen drams Kino of Kino; Corticis of the Bark Cinnamomi of Cinnamon unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Opii duri of hard Opium drachmam a dram;

Tere rub (them) separatim separately in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine powder, dein then misce mix.

## PULVIS SCAMMONEÆ COMPOSITUS. COMPOUND POWDER OF SCAMMONY.

Recipe take Gummi-resīnæ of Gum-resin Scammonĕæ of Scammony, Extracti duri of hard Extract Jalapæ of Jalap, singulorum of each uncĭas duas two ounces; Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger unciam dimidiam half an ounce;

Tere rub (them) separatim separately in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine powder, dein then misce mix.

#### PULVIS SENNÆ COMPOSITUS.

#### COMPOUND POWDER OF SENNA.

Recipe take Foliorum of Leaves Sennæ of Senna, Supertartrātis of Supertartrate Potassæ of Potass, singulorum of each uncias duas two ounces; Gummi-resīnæ of Gum-resin Scammonĕæ of Scammony unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Radīcis of Root Zingibĕris of Ginger drachmas duas two drams;

Tere rub Gummi-resinam the Gum-resin Scammonëæ of Scammony per by se itself, cætëra the others simul together, in into pulvërem subtilissimum a very fine powder, tum then misce mix.

#### PULVIS TRAGACANTHÆ COMPOSITUS.

#### COMPOUND POWDER OF TRAGACANTH.

Recipe take Tragacanthæ of Tragacanth contritæ powdered, Gummi of the Gum Acaciæ of Acacia contriti powdered, Amyli of Starch, singulörum of each unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an oz.); Sacchari purificati of purified Sugar uncias tres three ounces;

Tere rub Amylum the Starch et and Saccharum the Sugar simul together in pulverem into a powder; tum then, Tragacanthâ the Tragacanth et and Gummi the Gum Acaciæ of Acacia adjectis being added, misce mix omnĭa all (together).

# PILŬLÆ. PILLS.

## PILULÆ ALÖËS COMPOSITÆ. COMPOUND PILLS OF ALOES.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicātæ of spiked Aloes contrīti powdered unciam an ounce; Extracti of the Extract Gentiānæ of Gentian unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Olĕi of the Oil Carŭi of Carraway minima quadraginta forty minims; Syrūpi simplicis of simple Syrup quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient;

Contunde bruise (them) simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated].

## PILULÆ ALÖËS CUM MYRRHA. PILLS OF ALOES WITH MYRRH.

Recipe take Extracti of Extract Alöës spicatæ of spiked Aloes uncias duas two ounces; Stigmatum

of Stigmata Croci of Saffron, Myrrhæ of Myrrh, singulörum of each unciam an ounce; Syrūpi simplicis of simple Syrup quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient;

Tere rub Extractum the Extract Alöës of Aloes et and Myrrham the Myrrh separatim separately in into pulverem a powder; tum then contunde pound omnĭa all simul together, donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated].

#### PILULÆ CAMBOGIÆ COMPOSITÆ.

COMPOUND PILLS OF CAMBOGE.

Recipe take Cambogiæ of Camboge contritæ powdered, Extracti of Extract Alöës spicātæ of
spiked Aloes contrīti powdered, Pulvěris compositi of the compound Powder Cinnamōmi of
Cinnamon, singulōrum of each drachmam a
dram; Sapōnis of Soap drachmas duas two
drams;

Misce mix Pulveres the Powders inter amongst se themselves (i. e. together); dein then, adjecto Sapone the Soap being added, contunde pound omnia all simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated].

#### PILŬLÆ FERRI COMPOSITÆ.

COMPOUND PILLS OF IRON.

Recipe take Myrrhæ of Myrrh contritæ powdered drachmas duas two drams; Subcarbonātis of

Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda, Sulphātis of Sulphate Ferri of Iron, Sacchari of Sugar, singulorum of each drachmam a dram;

Tere rub Myrrham the Myrrh cum with Subcarbonātis the Subcarbonate Sodæ of Soda; tum then, Sulphāte the Sulphate Ferri of Iron adjectâ being added, tere triturate (them) iterum again; dein then contunde pound omnĭa all simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated].

#### PILŬLÆ GALBĂNI COMPOSĬTÆ.

#### COMPOUND PILLS OF GALBANUM.

Recipe take Gummi-resīnæ of Gum-resin Galbani of Galbanum unciam an ounce; Myrrhæ of Myrrh, Sagapēni of Sagapenum, singulörum of each unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an oz.), Gummi resīnæ of Gum-resin Assafætidæ of Assafætida unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Syrūpi simplicis of simple Syrup quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient;

Contunde pound (them) simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i.e. until they become incorporated].

### PILŬLÆ HYDRARGЎRI.

#### PILLS OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Hydrargyri purificati of purified Mercury drachmas duas two drams; Confectionis of Confection Rosæ Gallicæ of Red Rose drachmas tres three drams; Radīcis of Root Glycyrrhīzæ of Liquorice contrītæ powdered drachmam a dram;

Tere rub Hydrargyrum the Mercury cum with Confectione the Confection donec until globuli globules conspiciantur are seen non no amplius longer; deinde then, Radice the Root Glycyrrhizæ of Liquorice adjecta being added, contunde pound omnia all simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated.]

#### PILŬLÆ HYDRARGŸRI SUBMURIATIS COMPOSĬTÆ.

COMPOUND PILLS OF THE SUBMURIATE
OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Submuriātis of Submuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury, Sulphurēti præcipitāti of precipitated Sulphuret Antimonii of Antimony, singulorum of each drachmam a dram; Gummiresīnæ of the Gum-resin Guaiaci of Guaiacum contrītæ powdered drachmas duas two drams;

Tere rub Submuriātem the Submuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury cum with Sulphurēto præcipitāto the precipitated Sulphuret Antimonii of Antimony, dein then cum with Gummi-resīnâ the Gum-resin Guaiăci of Guaiacum, et and adjice add quod that which sit may be satis sufficient Mucilaginis of the Mucilage Acaciæ of Acacia, ut that idōnĕa crassitūdo a proper consistence fiat may be formed.

### PILULÆ SAPŌNIS CUM OPIO. PILLS OF SOAP WITH OPIUM.

Recipe take Opii duri of hard Opium contriti powdered unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Saponis duri of hard Soap uncias duas two ounces;

Contunde pound (them) simul together donec until sit there be corpus unum one body [i. e. until they become incorporated].

### PILULÆ SCILLÆ COMPOSITÆ. COMPOUND PILLS OF SQUILL.

Recipe take Radīcis of Root Scillæ of Squill recèns fresh exsiccātæ dried et and contrītæ powdered drachmam a dram; Radīcis of Root Zingiberis of Ginger contrītæ powdered, Sapōnis duri of hard Soap, singulorum of each drachmas tres three drams; Ammoniaci of Ammoniacum contrīti powdered drachmas duas two drams;

Misce mix Pulveres the Powders inter among se themselves (i. e. together); deinde then contunde pound (them) cum with Sapone the Soap, et and adjice add quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient Syrūpi simplicis of simple Syrup, ut that idonea crassitūdo a proper consistence fiat may be formed.

## PRÆPARĀTA EX ANIMALĪBUS. PREPARATIONS FROM ANIMALS.

### ADEPS PRÆPARATA. PREPARED LARD.

Concide cut Adipem the Lard in frustula in small pieces, tum then, liquefactam (when) melted leni igne with a slow fire\*, exprime express per through linteum linen.

#### CORNU USTUM.

#### BURNT (HARTS') HORN.

Ure burn frusta pieces Cornŭum of (Hart's) Horns igne aperto in an open fire donec until albescant they become white penĭtùs thoroughly; deinde then contĕre triturate et and præpăra prepare (them) eōdem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is ordered de concerning Cretâ Chalk.

Hartshorn, when burnt, is said to consist of *Phosphate of Lime*, Carbonate of Lime, and a small portion of *Phosphate of Magnesia*; whilst the *Animal matter* is dispersed by the heat employed.

<sup>\*</sup> The heat should not exceed 97 degrees, lest the Lard become discoloured.

#### SEVUM PRÆPARATUM.

#### PREPARED SUET.

Concide cut Sevum the Suet in into frustula small pieces; tum then leni igne with a gentle fire exprime express liquefactum the dissolved (Suet) per through linteum linen.

#### SPONGĬA USTA.

#### BURNT SPONGE.

Concide cut Spongiam the Sponge in frustula in small pieces, et and contunde bruise (it), ut that separetur it may be separated à from rebus aliènis any things adhærentibus adhering thereto; tum then ure burn (it) in vase ferreo in an iron vessel clauso covered, donec until fiat it become nigra black et and friabilis friable; denique lastly, tere rub (it) in into pulverem subtilissimum a very fine powder.

The constituent parts of burnt Sponge appear to be Carbonate and Phosphate of Lime, Subcarbonate of Soda, Charcoal, and Iodine.

#### TESTÆ PRÆPARATÆ.

#### PREPARED SHELLS.

Lava wash Testas the Shells, priùs first purgatas cleansed sordibus from impurities, aquâ fervente in boiling water; tum then præpăra prepare (them) eodem modo in the same manner quo in which præceptum est it is ordered de concerning Cretâ Chalk.

## EMPLASTRA. PLASTERS.

### EMPLASTRUM AMMONIACI. PLASTER OF AMMONIACUM.

Recĭpe take Ammoniăci purificati of purified Ammoniac uncĭas quinque five ounces; Acĭdi acetici of acetic Acid octarium dimidium half a pint;

Liqua dissolve Ammoniacum the Ammoniac in Acēto in the Vinegar; dein then consume evaporate liquorem the liquor in vase ferreo in an iron vessel, balneo aquoso in a water bath; movens stirring assiduè constantly, donec until idonea crassitudo a proper consistence fiat is made.

#### EMPLASTRUM AMMONIĂCI CUM HYDRAR-GŸRO.

#### PLASTER OF AMMONIAC WITH MERCURY.

Recĭpe take Ammoniăci purificăti of purified Ammoniac libram a pound; Hydrargyri purificăti of purified Mercury uncĭas tres three ounces; Olĕi sulphurāti of sulphurated Oil fluidrachmam a fiuid drachm;

Tere rub Hydrargyrum the Mercury cum with Oleo sulphurāto the sulphurated Oil donec until globules conspiciantur are seen non no

ampliùs longer; deinde then adjice add paulatim gradually Ammoniacum liquefactum the dissolved Ammoniac, et and misce mix omnia all (together).

The Mercury becomes oxidized with a minimum of Oxygen.

#### EMPLASTRUM CERÆ.

#### PLASTER OF WAX.

Recipe take Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax, Sevi præparāti of prepared Suet, singulörum of each libras tres three pounds; Resīnæ flavæ of yellow Resin libram a pound;

Liquefac dissolve (them) simul together, et and cola strain.

#### EMPLASTRUM CUMINI.

#### PLASTER OF CUMIN (SEEDS).

Recipe take Seminum of the Seeds Cumini of Cumin, Seminum of the Seeds Carui of Carraway, Baccarum of Berries Lauri of Bay, singulorum of each uncias tres three ounces; Picis aridæ \* of dried Pitch libras tres three pounds; Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax uncias tres three ounces;;

Adjice add cætera the other (articles) trita rubbed in pulverem into a powder Pici to the Pitch et and Ceræ Wax, liquefactis melted simul together, et and misce mix.

<sup>\*</sup> Burgundy Pitch.

### EMPLASTRUM GALBANI COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND PLASTER OF GALBANUM.

Recipe take Gummi-resinæ of the Gum-resin Galbăni of Galbanum purificatæ purified uneïas octo eight ounces; Emplastri of Plaster Plumbi of Lead libras tres three pounds; Terebinthinæ vulgāris of common Turpentine drachmas decem ten drams, Resīnæ of Resin Abiĕtis of the Spruce Fir contrītæ powdered uncïas tres three ounces;

Gummi-resinæ to the Gum-resin Galbani of Galbanum et and Terebinthinæ the Turpentine, liquefactis melted simul together, adjice add primò first Resinam the Resin Abietis of the Spruce Fir, deinde then Emplastrum the Plaster Plumbi of Lead, liquefactum melted lento igne with a slow fire, atque and misce mix omnia all (together.)

#### EMPLASTRUM HYDRARGЎRI.

#### PLASTER OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Hydrargyri purificati of purified Mercury uncias tres three ounces; Olei sulphurati of sulphurated Oil fluidrachmam a fluid dram; Emplastri of Plaster Plumbi of Lead libram a pound;

Tere rub Hydrargyrum the Mercury cum with Oleo sulphurato the sulphurated Oil donec until globules conspiciantur are seen non no ampliùs longer; tum then adjice add paulatim gra-

dually Emplastrum the Plaster Plumbi of Lead liquefactum melted, atque and misce mix omnïa all (together.)

In this plaster the metal is oxidized with a minimum of oxygen.

#### EMPLASTRUM LYTTÆ.

#### PLASTER OF LYTTA.

Recipe take Lyttæ of Lytta tritæ rubbed in pulvërem subtilissimum into a very fine powder libram
a pound; Emplastri of Plaster Ceræ of Wax
libram a pound cum with semisse half (a pound);
Adipis preparātæ of prepared Lard libram a
pound;

Emplastro to the Plaster et and Adĭpi Lard, liquefactis dissolved simul together, et and remotis removed ab igne from the fire, paulò a little antĕquàm before concrescant they become solid, insperge sprinkle in Lyttam the Lytta, atque and misce mix omnĭa all (together.)

#### EMPLASTRUM OPII.

#### PLASTER OF OPIUM.

Recipe take Opii duri of hard Opium contriti powdered unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Resinæ of Resin Abiëtis of the Spruce Fir contritæ powdered uncias tres three ounces; Emplastri of Plaster Plumbi of Lead libram a pound; Emplastro liquefacto to the dissolved Plaster adjice add Resinam the Resin Abietis of the Spruce Fir et and Opium the Opium, et and misce mix.

### EMPLASTRUM PICIS COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND PLASTER OF PITCH.

Recipe take Picis aridæ of dried Pitch libras duas two pounds; Resīnæ of Resin Abiĕtis of the Spruce Fir libram a pound; Resīnæ flavæ of yellow Resin, Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax, singulōrum of each uncias quatuor four ounces; Olĕi expressi of the expressed Oil Myristicæ of Nutmeg unciam an ounce;

Pici to the Pitch, Resīnæ Resin, et and Ceræ Wax, liquefactis dissolved simul together, adjīce add primum first Resīnam the Resin Abiĕtis of the Spruce Fir, dein then Olĕum the Oil Myristicæ of Nutmeg, et and misce mix omnĭa all (together).

#### EMPLASTRUM PLUMBI.

#### PLASTER OF LEAD.

Recipe take Oxydi semivitrei of the semivitreous Oxide Plumbi of Lead, triti rubbed in pulverem subtilissimum into a very fine powder, libras quinque five pounds; Olei of Oil Olivæ of Olive congium a gallon; Aquæ of Water octarios duos two pints;

Coque boil (them) simul together lento igne with a slow fire. assidue constantly movens stirring,

donec until Oleum the Oil et and Oxydum the Oxide Plumbi of Lead cöeant cohere in crassitudinem into the consistence Emplastri of a Plaster. Autem but oportebit it will be necessary adjicere to add paululum a little Aquæ ferventis of boiling Water, si if ferè almost omnis all ea that quæ which adhibita est is employed in principio in the beginning fuerit shall have been absumpt a consumed, ante before finem the end coctionis of the boiling.

#### EMPLASTRUM RESINÆ.

#### PLASTER OF RESIN.

Recipe take Resinæ flavæ of yellow Resin libram dimidiam half a pound; Emplastri of Plaster Plumbi of Lead libras tres three pounds;

Emplastro to the Plaster Plumbi of Lead, liquefacto dissolved lento igne with a slow fire, adjice add Resīnam contrītam the powdered Resin, et and misce mix.

#### EMPLASTRUM SAPŌNIS.

#### PLASTER OF SOAP.

Recipe take Sapōnis duri of hard Soap concisi sliced libram dimidiam half a pound; Emplastri of Plaster Plumbi of Lead libras tres three pounds;

Emplastro liquefacto to the melted Plaster admisce mix Sapōnem the Soap; tum then decoque boil down ad to idōnĕam crassitudinem a proper consistence.

## CERATA. CERATES.

#### CERATUM SIMPLEX.

#### SIMPLE CERATE.

Recipe take Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive fluiduncias quatŭor four fluid ounces; Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax uncias quatŭor four ounces;

Adjice add Olĕum the Oil Ceræ liquefactæ to the melted Wax, et and misce mix.

#### CERATUM CALAMINÆ.

#### CERATE OF CALAMINE.

Recipe take Calaminæ præparātæ of prepared Calamine, Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax, singulörum of each libram dimidiam half a pound; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive octarium a pint;

Misce mix Oleum the Oil cum with Cerâ lique-factâ the melted Wax; tum then remove remove (them) ab from igne the fire, et and, ubi when primum first lentescant they begin to thicken, adjice add Calaminam the Calamine, et and assidue constantly move stir, donec until refrixerint they shall have cooled.

#### CERATUM CETACĚI.

#### CERATE OF SPERMACETI.

Recipe take Cetacei of Spermaceti unciam dimididiam half an ounce; Ceræ albæ of white Wax uncias duas two ounces; Olei of Oil Olivæ of Olive fluiduncias quatuor four fluid ounces;

Adjice add Oleum the Oil Cetaceo to the Spermaceti et and Ceræ Wax liquefactis dissolved simul together, et and move stir donec until refrixerint they shall have cooled.

#### CERATUM LYTTÆ.

#### CERATE OF LYTTA.

Recipe take Cerati of Cerate Cetacei of Spermaceti drachmas sex six drams; Lyttæ of Lytta tritæ rubbed in pulverem subtilissimum into a very fine powder drachmam a dram;

Cerato to the cerate, emollito softened igne with the fire, adjice add Lyttam the Lytta, et and misce mix.

### CERATUM PLUMBI SUPERACETATIS. CERATE OF THE SUPERACETATE OF LEAD.

Recipe take Superacetatis of the Superacetate Plumbi of Lead contritæ powdered drachmas duas two drams; Ceræ albæ of white Wax uncias duas two ounces; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive octarium dimidium half a pint;

Liqua dissolve Ceram the Wax in fluidunciis septem in seven fluid ounces Olĕi of the Oil; tum then his to these adjice add paulātim gradually Superacetātem the Superacetate Plumbi of Lead contrītam rubbed separātim separately cum with rĕlĭquo Olĕo the remaining Oil, et and move stir (them) spathâ lignĕâ with a wooden spatula, donec until coiĕrint they shall have united.

#### CERATUM PLUMBI COMPOSITUM.

#### COMPOUND CERATE OF LEAD.

Recipe take Liquoris of Liquor Subacetatis of the Subacetate Plumbi of Lead fluiduncias duas two fluid ounces cum with semisse half (a fluid ounce); Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax uncias quatuor four ounces; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive fluiduncias novem nine fluid ounces; Camphoræ of Camphor drachmam dimidiam half a dram;

Misce mix Ceram liquefactam the melted Wax cum with fluidunciis octo eight fluid ounces Olĕi of the Oil; tum then remove remove (them) ab igne from the fire, et and, ubi when primum first lentescant they begin to thicken, adjice add paulātim gradually Liquorem the Liquor Subacetātis of the Subacetate Plumbi of Lead, et and move stir assīduè constantly spathâ lignĕâ with a wooden spatula, donec until refrixĕrint they shall have

cooled. Denique lastly, cum with his these misce mix Camphoram the Camphor, liquatam dissolved in reliquo Oleo in the remaining Oil.

#### CERATUM RESINÆ.

#### CERATE OF RESIN.

Recipe take Resīnæ flavæ of yellow Resin, Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax, singulörum of each libram a pound; Olĕi- of Oil Olīvæ of Olive octarium a pint;

Liquefac melt Resinam the Resin et and Ceram the Wax simul together lento igne with a slow fire; dein then adjice add Oleum the Oil, et and exprime express Ceratum the Cerate adhuc whilst yet calens hot per through linteum linen.

#### CERATUM SABINÆ.

#### CERATE OF SAVINE.

Recipe take Foliorum recentium of fresh Leaves
Sabinæ of Savine contusorum bruised libram a
pound; Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax libram dimidiam half a pound; Adipis præparatæ of prepared Lard libras duas two pounds;

Incoque boil in Folia the Leaves Sabinæ of Savine Adipi to the Lard et and Ceræ Wax lique-factis melted simul together; tum then exprime express per through linteum linen.

#### CERATUM SAPONIS.

#### CERATE OF SOAP.

Recĭpe take Sapōnis duri of hard Soap uncĭas octo eight ounces; Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax uncĭas decem ten ounces; Oxydi semivitrei of the semivitreous Oxide Plumbi of Lead contrīti powdered libram a pound; Olei of Oil Olīvæ of Olive octarium a pint; Acēti of Vinegar congium a gallon;

Coque boil Acētum the Vinegar cum with Oxydo the Oxide Plumbi of Lead, lento igne with a slow fire, assiduè constantly movens stirring, donec until cöĕant they unite in unum into one; dein then adjice add Sapōnem the Soap, et and coque boil itĕrum again simili modo in a similar manner, donec until humor the moisture consumptus fuĕrit be evaporated penitùs thoroughly; denique lastly, cum with his these misce mix Ceram the Wax, priùs first liquefactam dissolved ex Olĕo in the Oil.

## UNGUENTA. OINTMENTS.

UNGUENTUM CETACĚI.

QINTMENT OF SPERMACETI.

Recipe take Cetacei of Spermaceti drachmas sex six drams; Ceræ albæ of white Wax drachmas

duas two drams; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive fluiduncĭas tres three fluid ounces;

Liquefacta being melted simul together lento igne with a slow fire, move stir (them) assiduè constantly donec until refrixerint they shall have cooled.

### UNGUENTUM ELEMI COMPOSITUM.

#### COMPOUND OINTMENT OF ELEMI.

Recĭpe take Elĕmi of Elemi libram a pound;
Terebinthĭnæ vulgāris of common Turpentine
uncĭas decem ten ounces; Sevi præparāti of
prepared Suet libras duas two pounds; Olĕi of
Oil Olīvæ of Olive fluiduncĭas duas two fluid
ounces;

Liquefac melt (the Gum) Elĕmi of Elemi simul together cum with Sevo the Suet; tum then remove remove (them) ab from igne the fire, et and his to these misce mix Terebinthinam the Turpentine et and Olĕum the Oil statim immediately; deinde then exprime express per through lintĕum linen.

#### UNGUENTUM HYDRARGYRI FORTIUS.

#### THE STRONGER OINTMENT OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Hydrargyri purificati of purified Mercury libras duas two pounds; Adipis præparatæ of prepared Lard viginti tres twenty-three uncias ounces; Sevi præparati of prepared Suet unciam an ounce;

Tere rub primum first Hydrargyrum the Mercury cum with Sevo the Suet et and exiguo a little Adipis of the Lard, donec until globuli globules conspiciantur are seen non no amplius longer; dein then adjice add quod that which est is reliquum left Adipis of the Lard, et and misce mix.

The Mercury absorbs Oxygen from the atmosphere during its trituration with the fat, and is converted into the state of an Oxide.

#### UNGUENTUM HYDRARGYRI MITIUS.

#### THE MILDER OINTMENT OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Unguenti fortioris of the stronger Ointment Hydrargyri of Mercury libram a pound; Adipis præparatæ of prepared Lard libras duas two pounds;

Misce mix.

### UNGUENTUM HYDRARGЎRI NITRĀTIS. OINTMENT OF NITRATE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Hydrargyri purificati of purified Mercury unciam an ounce; Acidi nitrici of nitric Acid fluidrachmas undecim eleven fluid drams; Adipis præparatæ of prepared Lard uncias sex six ounces; Olei of Oil Olivæ of Olive fluiduncias quatuor four fluid ounces;

Liqua dissolve prīmum first Hydrargyrum the Mercury in Acido in the Acid; dein then misce mix liquorem the liquor adhuc whilst yet calentem

hot cum with Adipe the Lard et and Oleo the Oil liquefactis melted simul together.

A Nitrate of Mercury is here formed by the union of the metal with the Acid, in the same manner as in the preparation of "Hydrargyri Nitrico-oxydum," which see.

#### UNGUENTUM HYDRARGЎRI NITRĬCO-OXЎDI.

OINTMENT OF NITRIC-OXIDE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Nitrico-oxydi of Nitric-oxide Hydrargyri of Mercury unciam an ounce; Ceræ albæ of white Wax uncias duas two ounces; Adipis præparatæ of prepared Lard uncias sex six ounces;

Adjice add Nitrico-oxydum the Nitric-oxide Hydrargyri of Mercury, tritum rubbed in pulverem subtilissimum into a very fine powder, Ceræ to the Wax et and Adipi Lard liquefactis melted simul together, et and misce mix.

#### UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŤRI PRÆCIPITATI ALBI.

OINTMENT OF WHITE PRECIPITATE OF MERCURY.

Recipe take præcipitāti albi of white precipitate Hydrargyri of Mercury drachmam a dram; Adipis præparātæ of prepared Lard unciam an ounce cum with semisse half (an ounce);

Adjice add Hydrargyrum præcipitātum the precipitated Mercury Adipi to the Lard, liquefactæ melted lento igne with a slow fire, et and misce mix.

#### UNGUENTUM LYTTÆ.

#### OINTMENT OF LYTTA.

Recĭpe take Lyttæ of Lytta contrītæ rubbed in pulvērem subtilissīmum into a very fine powder uncĭas duas two ounces; Aquæ distillātæ of distilled Water fluiduncĭas octo eight fluid ounces; Cerāti of Cerate Resīnæ of Resin uncĭas octo eight ounces;

Decoque boil down Aquam the Water cum with Lyttâ the Lytta ad to dimidĭum half, et and cola strain; Liquori colāto to the strained Liquor immisce mix in Cerātum the Cerate, dein then văporet let it evaporate ad to idōnĕam crassitūdĭnem a proper consistence.

#### UNGUENTUM PICIS LIQUIDÆ.

#### OINTMENT OF LIQUID PITCH.

Recipe take Picis liquidæ of liquid Pitch,\* (and)
Sevi præparāti of prepared Suet, singulōrum of
each libram a pound;

Liquefac melt (them) simul together, et and exprime express per through linteum cloth.

<sup>\*</sup> Tar.

### UNGUENTUM RESINÆ NIGRÆ. OINTMENT OF BLACK RESIN.

Recipe take Resinæ nigræ of black Resin, Ceræ flavæ of yellow Wax, Resinæ flavæ of yellow Resin, singulörum of each uncias novem nine ounces; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive octarium a pint;

Liquefac melt (them) simul together, et and exprime express per through linteum linen.

#### UNGUENTUM SAMBŪCI.

OINTMENT (OF FLOWERS) OF ELDER.

Recipe take Florum of Flowers Sambūci of Elder, Adipis præparātæ of prepared Lard, singulorum of each libras duas two pounds;

Incoque boil in Flores the Flowers Sambūci of Elder Adipi to the Lard, donec until fiant they become friabiles friable; tum then exprime express per through linteum linen.

#### UNGUENTUM SULPHURIS.

#### OINTMENT OF SULPHUR.

Recipe take Sulphuris sublimāti of sublimed Sulphur uncias tres three ounces; Adipis præparātæ of prepared Lard libram dimidiam half a pound;

Misce mix.

### UNGUENTUM SULPHÜRIS COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND OINTMENT OF SULPHUR.

Recĭpe take Sulphŭris sublimāti of sublimed Sulphur libram dimĭdĭam half a pound; Radīcis
of Root Verātri of white Hellebore contrītæ
powdered uncĭas duas two ounces; Nitrātis of
Nitrate Potassæ of Potass drachmam a dram;
Sapōnis mollis of soft Soap libram dimĭdĭam
half a pound; Adĭpis præparātæ of prepared
Lard libram a pound cum with semisse half (a
pound);

Misce mix.

#### UNGUENTUM VERATRI.

#### OINTMENT OF WHITE HELLEBORE.

Recĭpe take Radīcis of the Root Verātri of white Hellebore contrītæ powdered uncĭas duas two ounces; Adĭpis præparātæ of prepared Lard uncĭas octo eight ounces; Olĕi of Oil Limōnum of Lemons minima viginti twenty minims;

Misce mix.

### UNGUENTUM ZINCI. OINTMENT OF ZINC.

Recipe take Oxydi of the Oxide Zinci of Zinc unciam an ounce; Adipis præparatæ of prepared Lard uncias sex six ounces;

Misce mix.

## LINIMENTA. LINIMENTS.

#### LINIMENTUM ÆRUGINIS.

#### LINIMENT OF VERDIGRIS.

Recipe take Æruginis of Verdigris contritæ powdered unciam an ounce; Acēti of Vinegar fluiduncias septem seven fluid ounces; Mellis of Honey despumāti clarified uncias quatuordēcim fourteen ounces;

Liqua dissolve Æruginem the Verdigris in Acēto in the Acid, et and cola strain per through linteum linen; dein then, instillato Melle the Honey being dropped in, decoque boil down ad to idoneam crassitudinem a proper consistence.

## LINIMENTUM AMMONIÆ FORTIUS. STRONGER LINIMENT OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take fluidunciam a fluid ounce Liquoris of the Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia; fluiduncias duas two fluid ounces Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive;

Agita shake (them) simul together donec until misceantur they become mixed.

# LINIMENTUM AMMONIÆ SUBCARBONATIS. LINIMENT OF THE SUBCARBONATE OF AMMONIA.

Recipe take Liquoris of Liquor Subcarbonātis of the Subcarbonate Ammoniæ of Ammonia fluidunciam a fluid ounce; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive fluiduncias tres three fluid ounces;

Agita shake (them) simul together donec until misceantur they become mixed.

### LINIMENTUM CAMPHORÆ.

Recipe take Camphoræ of Camphor unciam dimidiam half an ounce; Olĕi of Oil Olīvæ of Olive fluiduncias duas two fluid ounces;

Liqua dissolve Camphoram the Camphor in Oleo in the Oil.

### LINIMENTUM CAMPHORÆ COMPOSITUM. COMPOUND LINIMENT OF CAMPHOR.

Recipe take Camphoræ of Camphor uncias duas two ounces; Liquoris of Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia fluiduncias sex six fluid ounces; Spiritûs of Spirit Lavandulæ of Lavender octarium a pint;

Misce mix Liquorem the Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia cum with Spiritu the Spirit; tum then

distillet octarius let a pint distil ex from retortà vitreà a glass retort, lento igne with a slow fire; denique lastly, liqua dissolve Camphoram the Camphor in his in these.

#### LINIMENTUM HYDRARGЎRI.

#### LINIMENT OF MERCURY.

Recipe take Unguenti fortioris of stronger Ointment Hydrargyri of Mercury, Adipis præparātæ of prepared Lard, singulorum of each uncias quatuor four ounces; Camphoræ of Camphor unciam an ounce; Spiritûs rectificāti of rectified Spirit minima quindĕcim fifteen minims; Liquoris of Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia fluiduncias quatuor four fluid ounces;

Primum first tere rub Camphoram the Camphor cum with Spiritû the Spirit, deinde then cum with Adipe the Lard et and Unguento Ointment Hydrargyri of Mercury; denique lastly, Liquore the Liquor Ammoniæ of Ammonia instillato being dropped in paulatim by little and little, misce mix omnia all (together).

#### LINIMENTUM SAPŌNIS COMPOSITUM.

#### COMPOUND LINIMENT OF SOAP.

Recipe take Sapōnis duri of hard Soap uncias tres three ounces; Camphoræ of Camphor unciam an ounce; Spiritûs of Spirit Rosmarīni of Rosemary octarium a pint; Liqua dissolve Camphoram the Camphor in Spiritû in the Spirit; dein then adjice add Sapōnem the Soap, et and macĕra macerate balnĕo in a bath arēnæ of sand donec until liquētur it be dissolved.

### LINIMENTUM TEREBINTHINÆ. LINIMENT OF TURPENTINE.

Recipe take Cerāti of Cerate Resīnæ of Resin libram a pound; Olĕi of the Oil Terebinthinæ of Turpentine octarium dimidium half a pint;

Adjice add Oleum the Oil Terebinthinæ of Turpentine liquefacto Cerato to the melted Cerate, et and misce mix.

# CATAPLASMĂTA. CATAPLASMS.

#### CATAPLASMA FERMENTI.

CATAPLASM OF YEAST.

Recipe take Farinæ of Flour libram a pound; Fermenti of the Yeast Cerevisiæ of Ale, octarium dimidium half a pint;

Misce mix, et and adhibe apply calorem lenem a gentle heat donec until coeperint they begin intumere to swell.

#### CATAPLASMA SINAPIS.

#### CATAPLASM OF MUSTARD.

Recipe take Seminum of Seeds Sināpis of Mustard, Seminum of Seeds Lini usitatissimi of common Flax, singulorum of each contritorum powdered libram dimidiam half a pound; Acēti calidi of hot Vinegar quantum as much as sit may be satis sufficient;

Misce mix, ut that crassitudo the consistence Cataplasmatis of a Cataplasm fiat may be formed.

### TABULA.\*

#### A TABLE

Ostendens showing, quâ ratione in what proportion Opium Opium, et and præparāta quædam certain preparations ex from Antimonio Antimony, Arsenico Arsenic, et and Hydrargyro Mercury, continentur are contained inquibusdam in some Medicamentis compositis compound Medicines.

Confection Opium continet contains granum a grain Opii of Opium in circiter in about triginta thirty et and sex six granis grains.

HYDRARGЎRUM CUM CRETÂ Mercury with Chalk continet contains granum a grain Hydrargўri of Mercury in circiter in about granis tribus three grains.

LINIMENTUM HYDRARGYRI Liniment of Mercury continet contains drachmam a dram Hydrargyri of Mercury in circiter in about drachmis sex six drams.

<sup>\*</sup> This Table should be committed to memory.

- LIQUOR ANTIMONII TARTARIZĀTI Liquor of tartarized Antimony continet contains granum a grain Antimonii tartarizāti of tartarized Antimony in fluidrachmis quatuor in four fluid drams.
- LIQUOR ARSENICĀLIS Arsenical solution continet contains granum a grain Oxydi of Oxide Arsenici of Arsenic in fluidrachmis duābus in two fluid drams.
- LIQUOR HYDRARGYRI OXYMURIĀTIS Liquor of Oxymuriate of Mercury continet contains granum a grain Oxymuriātis of the Oxymuriate Hydrargyri of Mercury in fluidunciis duābus in two fluid ounces.
- PILULÆ HYDRARGYRI the Pills of Mercury continent contain granum a grain Hydrargyri of Mercury in granis tribus in three grains.
- PILULÆ HYDRARGYRI SUBMURIĀTIS COMPOSITÆ the compound Pills of Submuriate of Mercury continent contain granum a grain Hydrargyri Submuriātis of the Submuriate of Mercury in circiter in about granis quatuor four grains.
- PILŬLÆ SAPŌNIS CUM OPĬO Pills of Soap with Opium continent contain granum a grain Opii of Opium in granis quinque in five grains.
- Pulvis Cornu usti cum Opio the Powder of burnt (Harts') Horn with Opium continet contains granum a grain Opii of Opium in granis decem in ten grains.

- Pulvis Cretæ compositus cum Opio the compound Powder of Chalk with Opium continet contains granum a grain Opii of Opium in scrupulis duobus in two scruples.
- Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ compositus compound Powder of Ipecacuanha continet contains granum a grain Opii of Opium in granis decem in ten grains.
- Pulvis Kino compositus compound Powder of Kino continet contains granum a grain Opii of Opium in scrupulo in a scruple.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri fortius the stronger Ointment of Mercury continet contains drachmam a dram Hydrargyri of Mercury in drachmis duābus in two drams.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri mitius the milder Ointment of Mercury continet contains drachmam a dram Hydrargyri of Mercury in drachmas sex in six drams.

Aldes spicition by a whole axil making a soll

### INDEX

### NOMINUM NOVORUM,

### INDEX OF NEW NAMES,

Ostendens showing ad to quod nomen what name veteris Pharmacopæiæ of the former Pharmacopæia quodque each pertinet relates.

A.

### NOMINA NOVA. NEW NAMES.

Abiĕtis Resīna.

Absinthĭum.

Acaciæ Gummi.

Acetosa.

Acidum aceticum.

benzöicum.

Alöĕs spicātæ Extractum.

- vulgāris Extractum.

Ammoniæ Murias.
Subcarbonas.

### NOMĬNA PRIŌRA-FORMER NAMES.

Thus.

Absinthĭum vulgāre.

Arabicum Gummi.

Acetosa pratensis. Acetum distillatum.

Flores Benzŏës.

Acidum nitrosum.

--- vitriolĭcum.

Alöe socotorīna, Succus

spissātus.

— barbădensis, Succus

spissātus.

Sal Ammoniacus.

Ammonia præparāta.]

Anthemidis Flores.

Antimonii Sulphurētum.
Sulphurētum
præcipitātum.
Argenti Nitras.
Armoraciæ Radix.

Chamæmēlum, Flos simplex.
Antimonĭum.
Sulphur Antimonĭi præcipitātum.
Argentum nitrātum.
Raphănus rusticānus, Ra-

B.

Benzöinum.

Benzŏë.

C.

Calămi Radix.

Calamīna.
Calumbæ Radix.
Cambogĭa.
Canellæ Cortex.
Capsĭci Baccæ.
Caryophylli.

Calamus aromaticus, Radix. Lapis Calamināris. Colomba, Radix. Gambogĭa. Canella alba, Cortex. Piper indĭcum, Capsŭla. Caryophyllus aromatica, Pericarpium immatūrum. Cassĭa fistulāris, Fructus. Castoreum Rossicum. Cerātum Lithargyri ace. tāti compositum. Unguentum Resīnæ flavæ. Sperma Ceti. Cinchonæ Cortex

Vulgo Cortex flavus.

Vulgò Cortex ruber.

Coccinella. Conserva Aurantii.

Confectio Cassiæ.  Opii.  Rosæ canīnæ.  Rosæ Gallicæ.  Scammonĕæ.  Sennæ.  Conīi Folĭa.  Copaiba.	Electuarium Cassiæ. Confectio opiāta. Conserva Cynosbăti. ————————————————————————————————————
Cupri Sulphas.	Vitriŏlum cærulĕum.
Cuspariæ Cortex.	Vulgò Cortex Angustūræ.
Cydoniæ Semina.	Cydonĭa malus, Semen.
Decoctum Cydonĭæ.	). Mucilāgo Semĭnis Cydonĭi
The last man server in the Last	mali.
Malvæ compo-	Decoctum pro Enemate.
sĭtum. Papavĕris.	pro Fomento.
F. F	-theff making
Elaterii Poma.	Cucumis agrestis, Fructus
Emplastrum Ceræ.	Emplastrum Ceræ com- positum.
Galbăni com-	Lithargyri
posĭtum.	compositum.
	Lithargyri
Silmo	cum Hydrargyro.
Picis compo-	Picis Burgun-
sĭtum.	dĭcæ compositum.
Lyttæ.	Cantharidis.
Plumbi. Resīnæ,	Lithargyri. Lithargyri
Tresiliæ,	
	cum Resina.
The leading of the le	cum Resīna.

F.

Ferri Sulphas.	Ferrum vitriolatum.				
Ferrum ammoniātum.	ammoniacāle.				
Fœnicŭli Semĭna.	Fænicŭlum dulce, Semen.				
Electrary our Septements.	Sennuronom.				
Angestonanoù	I.				
Hellebőri fætĭdi Folĭa.	Helleböraster, Folium.				
Hydrargyri Nitrico-oxy-	Hydrargyrus nitrātus ru-				
dum.	berdalue iyan				
——— Oxydum ru-	calcinātus.				
brum.	C) donim Squitan.				
Oxymurias.	muriātus.				
Submurĭas.	Calomělas.				
———— Sulphurētum	Hydrargyrus sulphurātus				
rubrum.	ruber.				
Hydrargyri Sulphurētum	Hydrargyrus cum Sul-				
nigrum.	phure.				
Hydrargyrum præcipitā-	Calx Hydrargyri alba.				
tum album.	Lame arrivagate				
	CHEROSER				
Sanda Cartic	J.				
Jalăpæ Radix.	Jalapium, Radix.				
Cucimis agresses of methers	Elatore Paring, St. of the				
mitters in	L.				
Linimentum Ammoniæ	Linimentum Ammoniæ.				
Subcarbonātis.					
——— Ærugĭnis.	Oxymel Ærugĭnis.				
Lini usitatissimi Semina.	Linum, Semen.				
Liquor Aluminis composi-	Aqua Aluminis compo-				
tus.	sĭta.				
Ammonĭæ.	- Ammoniæ puræ.				
——— Ammonĭæ Ace-	- Ammonĭæ acetātæ.				
tātis.	The Louise Land Land				
	Vinum Antimonii tarta-				
tarizāti.	rizāti.				
———— Calcis.	Aqua Calcis.				
Cupri Ammo-	— Cupri Ammoniāti.				
niāti.					
	a self-delication in the self-delication in t				

Liquor Plumbi Subace- tatātis. ————————————————————————————————————	— Lithargўri acetāti composĭta. — Kali puri.
Lytta.	Canthăris.
Kath preparation and	M.
Magnesĭa.	Magnesĭa usta.
Magnesĭæ Carbonas.  ———— Sulphas.	alba. vitriolāta.
Marrubium.	Marrubium album.
Mentha piperīta.	Mentha piperītis.
Menyanthes.	Trifolĭum paludōsum.
Mistūra Amygdalārum.	Lac Amygdălæ.
Ammonĭaci. Assafœtĭdæ.	Ammoniăci Asa fœtĭdæ.
Camphoræ.	Mistūra camphorāta.
——— Cretæ.	retacĕa.
— Guaiăci. — Moschi.	Lac Guaiăci. Mistūra moschāta.
Seine cerrine, Micce.	Tenant Breeze
MININE AND REPORTED IN	O.
Olĕum Succĭni.	Oleum Succini rectifică-
Oxymel simplex.	Mel acetātum.
Allie and Allie and	D STUDIO
	P.
Papavěris somnifěri Cap- sŭlæ.	Papaver album Capsula.
Pilŭlæ Saponis cum Opio.	
—— Scillæ compositæ.  Pix arida.	Pix burgundĭca.
Plumbi Superacetas.	Cerussa acetāta.
—— Subcarbonas.	Cerussa.

Plumbi Oxydum semi-vi- treum.	Lithargyrus.
Potassæ Acētas.	Kali acetātum.
Potassa cum Calce.	Calx cum Kali puro.
fusa.	Kali purum.
impūra.	Ciněres clavellāti.
Potassæ Nitras.	Nitrum.
Subcarbonas.	
Tartras.	Kali præparātum.  tartarizātum.
Sulphas.	—— vitriolātum.
—— Sulphurētum.	sulphurātum.
——— Supertartras.	Tartări Crystalli.
Pruna Gallica.	Pruna.
Pterocarpi Lignum.	Santălum rubrum, Lig- num.
Pulvis Aloës compositus.	Pulvis Alŏës cum Gu-
CARLO THE MAN WAS COLOR OF THE	aiăco.
——— Cinnamōmi com-	- aromaticus.
positus.	Assimilate.
Cornu usti cum	opiātus.
Орїо.	Cretie.
Lac (sunners)	- Goldsei,
Interest reported in	R. Moscolit
Rhamni Baccæ.	Spina cervīna, Bacca.
Rhei Radix.	Rhabarbărum, Radix.
Rhœădos Petăla.	Papāver erraticum, Flos.
Rosæ canīnæ Pulpa.	Cynosbătus. Fructus.
——— centifolĭæ Petăla.	Rosa damascēna, Petălum.
—— Gallĭcæ Petăla.	
—— Gameæ Fetala.	rubra, Petălum.
	3.
Sacchărum.	Sacchărum non purifica-
Dacenarum.	tum.
Scammoneæ Gummi-re-	
	Scammonĭum, Gummi-re-sīna.
sīna.	
Senegæ Radix.	Seněka, Radix.
Serpentariæ Radix.	Serpentaria virginiana,
	Radix.

Sodæ Murĭas.	Sal muriaticus.
Subboras.	Borax.
Subcarbonas.	Natron præparātum.
- Sulphas.	vitriolātum.
Soda impūra.	Barilla.
—— tartarizāta.	Natron tartarizātum.
Spartĭi Cacumĭna.	Genista, Cacumen.
Spiritus Camphoræ.	Spiritus camphorātus.
rectificātus.	vinōsus rectifi-
AND DESCRIPTION OF STREET	cātus.
—— tenuĭor.	- vinosus tenuïor.
Sulphur lotum.	Flores Sulphuris loti.
sublimātum.	Sulphuris Flores.
Porince a toka nelmborn ou	ALL THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON
T	· Anthrope
Terebinthina canadensis.	Balsamum canadense.
Tinctūra Camphŏræ com-	Tinctūra Opii campho-
posĭta.	rāta.
rem willtails.	
Ferri Muriātis.	— Ferri muriāti.
Programme and the second	
Charles and the Control of Contro	Ferri muriāti.
Verātri Radix.	——— Ferri muriāti.  T. Hellebŏrus albus, Radix.
Charles and the Control of Contro	——— Ferri muriāti.  7. Hellebŏrus albus, Radix. Unguentum Spermătis
Verātri Radix. Unguentum Cetacĕi.	Ferri muriāti.  Hellebŏrus albus, Radix. Unguentum Spermătis Ceti.
Verātri Radix.	——— Ferri muriāti.  7. Hellebŏrus albus, Radix. Unguentum Spermătis
Verātri Radix. Unguentum Cetacĕi. ————————————————————————————————————	———— Ferri muriāti.  I. Hellebŏrus albus, Radix. Unguentum Spermătis Ceti. ————————————————————————————————————
Verātri Radix. Unguentum Cetacĕi. ————————————————————————————————————	———— Ferri muriāti.  . Hellebŏrus albus, Radix. Unguentum Spermătis Ceti. ————————————————————————————————————
Verātri Radix. Unguentum Cetacĕi. ————————————————————————————————————	———— Ferri muriāti.  I. Hellebŏrus albus, Radix. Unguentum Spermătis Ceti. ————————————————————————————————————

### INDEX

### NOMĬNUM VETĔRUM,

### INDEX OF FORMER NAMES,

Ostendens showing ad to quod nomen what name hujus Voluminis of this Volume quodque each pertinet relates.

A.

NOMINA PRIŌRA.

FORMER NAMES.

Absinthium vulgāre.
Acetōsa pratensis.
Acetum distillātum.
Acidum nitrōsum.
— vitriolicum.
Alŏë barbădensis.
— socotorina.
Ammonia præparāta.
Antimonium.
Aqua Aluminis composita.

- Ammoniæ acetātæ.
- Ammoniæ puræ.

NOMINA NOVA.

NEW NAMES.

Absinthĭum.

Acetosa.

Acidum aceticum.

—— nitrĭcum. —— sulphurĭcum.

Alŏës vulgāris Extractum.
—— spicātæ Extractum.

Ammoniæ Subcarbonas.

Antimonii Sulphurētum.

Liquor Aluminis compositus.

Ammoniæ Acetā-

Ammoniæ.

Aqua Calcis.
—— Cupri ammoniāti.
—— Lithargyri acetāti.

Aqua Lithargyri acetāti composita. — Kali puri. Arabicum Gummi. Argentum nitrātum. Potassæ.
Acacĭæ Gummi.
Argenti Nitras.

B.

Balsămum canădense.
Balsămum Copaiva.
Barilla.
Benzŏë.
Borax.

Terebinthĭna canădensis. Copaiba. Soda impūra. Benzoīnum. Sodæ Subbōras.

C.

Calămus aromatĭcus, Radix.

Calomělas. Calx cum Kali puro. Calx Hydrargýri alba.

Canella alba, Cortex.
Canthăris.
Caryophyllus aromatica,
Pericarpium immatūrum.
Cassĭa fistulāris, Fructus.
Castoreum Rossicum.
Cerātum Lithargyri acetāti compositum.

Cerussa.

Cerussa acetata.

Chamæmēlum, Flos simplex. Calămi Radix.

Hydrargyri Submurias.
Potassa cum Calce.
Hydrargyrum præcipitätum album.
Cauellæ Cortex.
Lytta.
Caryophylli.

Cicūta, Herba.	Conīi Folia.
Cinchona, Cortex.	Cinchonæ lancifolĭæ Cor-
TOTAL PROPERTY.	tex.
flavus.	cordifoliæ Cor-
	tex.
ruber.	oblongifolïæ
AND THE PARTY OF T	Cortex.
Cineres clavellati.	Potassa impūra.
Coccinella.	Coccus.
Colomba.	Calumbæ Radix.
Confectio opiāta.	Confectio Opii.
Conserva Aurantii.	Aurantii.
——— Cynosbăti.	Rosæ canīnæ.
Rosæ.	Rosæ Gallĭcæ.
Cortex Angustūræ.	Cuspariæ Cortex.
Cucumis agrestis, Fructus	Elaterii Poma.
recens.	Elatern Toma.
Cydonĭa Malus, Semen.	Cydoniæ Semina.
Cynosbătus, Fructus.	Rosæ canīnæ Pulpa.
C), 2 /	zeotte cumine z tilpin
T	
I Californi Rendito.	California exconstitions, 27.0
Decoctum pro Enemăte.	Decoctum Malvæ compo-
Decoctum pro Enemăte.	-015 SHOUNDINGSHEET 1
Decoctum pro Enemăte.	Decoctum Malvæ compo-
Commit trained	Decoctum Malvæ compo- sĭtum.
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  ——— Fomento.	Decoctum Malvæ compo- sĭtum.
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  Fomento.	Decoctum Malvæ compositum. Papavěris.
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  Fomento.  Electuarium Cassiæ.	Decoctum Malvæ compositum. Papavěris. Confectio Cassiæ.
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  ———— Fomento.  Electuarium Cassiæ.  ———————————————————————————————————	Decoctum Malvæ compositum.  ———————————————————————————————————
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  ———— Fomento.  Electuarium Cassiæ.  ———————————————————————————————————	Decoctum Malvæ compositum.  ———————————————————————————————————
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  ———— Fomento.  Electuarium Cassiæ.  ———————————————————————————————————	Decoctum Malvæ compositum.  ———————————————————————————————————
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Decoctum pro Enemăte.  ———————————————————————————————————	Decoctum Malvæ compositum.  ———————————————————————————————————
Decoctum pro Enemăte.  ———————————————————————————————————	Decoctum Malvæ compositum.  ———————————————————————————————————

Emplastrum Lithargyri cum Resīna.	Emplastrum Resīnæ.
Picis Burgun-	Picis compo-
dĭcæ composĭtum.	sĭtum.
	F.
Ferrum ammoniacāle.  —— vitriolātum.  Flores Benzŏës.  —— Sulphŭris loti.  Fænicŭlum dulce, Semen.	Ferrum ammoniātum. Ferri Sulphas. Acĭdum benzöĭcum. Sulphur lotum. Fænicŭli Semĭna. G.
Gambogĭa. Genista, Cacūmen.	Cambogĭa. Spartĭi Cacumĭna.
	H.
Hellebörus albus, Radix. Hydrargyrus calcinātus.  ———————————————————————————————————	nigrum. Oxymurĭas. Sulphurētum rubrum.
a Manufacturous de la composition della composit	Malacon etseporatement of
Seed turning the lightest countries of the lightest countries of the lightest countries of the lightest countries of the light countries of the lightest countries of the ligh	K. Manual Andrewski
Kali acetātum.  præparātum.	Potassæ Acētas. Potassæ Subcarbonas:

Kali purum. —— sulphurātum. —— tartarizātum. —— vitriolātum.	Potassa fusa. Potassæ Sulphurētum. ————————————————————————————————————
	L.
Lac Ammoniăci.  — Amygdălæ.  — Asa fœtĭdæ.  — Guaiăci. Lapis calamināris. Linimentum Ammonĭæ.  Linum, Semen. Lithargÿrus.	Mistūra Ammoniăci. ————————————————————————————————————
	М.
Magnesĭa alba.  — vitriolāta. — usta.  Marrubĭum album Mel acetātum. Mentha piperītis. — satīva.  Mistūra camphorāta. — cretacĕa. — moschāta.  Mucilāgo Semĭnis Cydonĭi mali.	Magnesĭæ Carbōnas. Magnesĭæ Sulphas. Magnesĭa. Marrubĭum. Oxymel simplex. Mentha Piperīta. ————————————————————————————————————
The second secon	Switz did kin
Natron præparātum ————————————————————————————————————	Sodæ Subcarbonas Sodæ tartarizāta. Sodæ Sulphas. Potassæ Nitras.

Olĕum Succini rectificā- Olĕum Succini. tum. Oxymel Æruginis.

Linimentum Æruginis.

P.

Papaver album, Capsula.

Papavěris somnifěri Capsŭlæ.

------ erraticum, Flos.

Rhœădos Petăla.

Pilŭlæ Opĭi. ——— Scillæ. Pilŭlæ Saponis cum Opio. ---- Scillæ compositæ.

Pix burgundĭca.

Pix arĭda.

Pulvis Alŏës cum Guaiaco.

Pulvis Alŏës composĭtus.

-- aromaticus.

----- Cinnamomi compositus.

---- opiātus.

---- Cornu usti cum Opio.

R.

Raphanus rusticanus, Ra-

Armoraciæ Radix.

dix. Rhabarbarum, Radix. Rosa damascēna, Petălum. - rubra, Petălum.

Rhei Radix. Rosæ centifoliæ Petăla. -- Gallĭcæ Petăla.

Sacchărum non purificătum.

Saccharum.

Sal Ammoniacus. --- muriaticus. Santălum rubrum. Scammonium, Gummi-resīna.

Ammoniæ Murias. Sodæ Murias. Pterocarpi Lignum. Scammoneæ Gummi-resīna.

Seněka, Radix.

SeněgæRadix

Serpentaria virginiana,

Radix.

Sperma Ceti.

Spina cervīna, Bacca. Spiritus camphorātus.

--- vinōsus rectificā-

tus.

— vinosus tenuior. Sulphur Antimonii præcipitātum. Sulphuris Flores. Serpentariæ Radix.

Cetaceum.
Rhamni Baccæ.
Spiritus Camphoræ
———————— rectificatus.

Antimonii Sulphurētum præcipitātum. Sulphur sublimātum.

T.

Tartări Crystalli.
Tinctūra Opĭi camphorăta.
Tinctūra Ferri muriāti.
Thus.
Trifolĭum paludōsum,
Herba.

Potassæ Supertartras.
Tinctūra Camphŏræ composita.
Tinctūra Ferri Muriātis.
Abiĕtis Resīna.
Menyanthes.

V.

Liquor Antimonii tartarizāti. Cupri Sulphas. Unguentum Picis liquidæ. Ceratum Resīnæ flavæ Unguentum Cetacĕi

Z.

Zincum calcinātum.

Zinci Oxydum.
——- Sulphas.

END OF THE PHARMACOPEIA.

### SUPPLEMENT.

In the following table those medicines most likely to be taken in an over-dose, or for the purpose of destroying life, have a reference made to their antidotes at the bottom of each page, that, when called to a case of poisoning, the young practitioner may know, at a single glance, what he should give to afford relief. The after treatment, which will always vary with circumstances, has not been considered, as there will be time to deliberate upon this when a poison shall have been counteracted.

To speak of those poisons which are not here enumerated, would, perhaps, be irrelevant; for by far the greater part of them are in this country rarely taken, either by the suicide, or from mistake, (which arises from their not being generally known, as well as from the difficulty of procuring them;) whilst some others are of such deadly tendency, as to admit of no relief: but as numberless accidents have happened, and more may occur, from the careless manner of keeping Oxalic Acid, the author trusts the following observations will be found of use, as they apply not only to this, but to poisons of the same class.

"Little knowledge has yet been acquired of the treatment of this kind of poisoning; for, in truth, it is commonly beyond the control of art before medical aid can be procured. Yet neither the chemical action nor the absorption of the poison is so rapid, as not to be obviated by the

prompt employment of certain remedies.
"The first object of the practitioner in all cases of poisoning is, to remove the deleterious substance from the stomach. In the case of poisoning with oxalic acid, however, it may be inconvenient, or even dangerous, to attempt this by ordinary means. For, first, as to emetics, either the vomiting is so speedy and continual that they are unnecessary, or it is never properly accomplished; in which case emetics will too often fail in their effect; besides, during the time lost before

their operation, the acid would, in general, have acted long enough to prove eventually fatal. And then with regard to simple dilution, so advantageously used to promote vomiting in most kinds of poisoning, we have seen that it promotes the absorption of oxalic acid; so that it could not be safely used, unless there were a certainty that it would be followed by vomiting. Lastly, the method lately proposed of withdrawing liquid poisons from the stomach by a tube and exhausting syringe, might be properly applied to oxalic acid; but it should be remembered, that the great rapidity of its action requires a remedy more easily and generally attainable, which remedy must be an antidote or counterpoison."

Dr. Christison, and Dr. Coindet's Experimental Inquiry on Poisoning by Oxalic Acid, inserted in the Edinburgh Medical Journal for April, 1823.

From the same interesting paper, it appears that the best antidotes are chalk and magnesia.

The doses in the table are such as are usually given to adults; and must, of course, always vary with the age, constitution, &c. of the patient. The following proportions may serve to assist in prescribing:—

Under 1 year the dose should be  $\frac{1}{12}$  of what would be given

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14	-	or an	- 17	-	2 2 10	1 2	380 74		no.
At 21	the	full	dos	se.					
63	not o	aven.	Jo	-	offer	$\frac{11}{12}$	-	T. 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
77	115	Dele	- 0	1/5/10	-	5	yodl -	-	-

### A TABLE

EXHIBITING AT ONE VIEW THE NAMES OF MEDICINES, WITH THEIR PROPERTIES, DOSES, AND ANTIDOTES, IN CASES OF POISON.

Doses.		See Wincilage	- f. zſs to f. zij.	- f. zis to f. zifs.	- f. 3j to f. 3fs.	- f. 51s to t. 511s.	- 1. 518 to 1. 5118.	- I. 3 to I. 318.	- gr. x to 51s.	- gr. x to 5118.	- Properlydilute
Properties, &c.	. Stimulant. [Used in plasters and ointments.]	- Tonic, stomachic, vermituge -	Refrigerant. [The juice.]	- Refrigerant. [The juice.]	- Antiseptic, diaphoretic	- Acrid, diuretic. [Very uncertain.]	- Expectorant, diuretic -		- Expectorant, stimulant. [Seldom used.]	Antiseptic, refrigerant	- Antiseptic, lithontriptic, tonic -
Names.	Abiètis Resina	Absinthĭum -	Acaciæ Gummi	Acetosella	Acētum	Acētum Colchici	Acētum Scillæ	Acidum aceticum	benzoĭcum	- citricum	* MURIATICUM

# ANTIDOTES IN CASES OF POISON,

ed

\* Muriatic Acid,— Spirit of Salt, is kept by many people for the purpose of cleaning boot-tops; and in two different instances I have known it to be given by mistake to infants instead of their medicine; one of which was about a year old, the other not more than a week, but each recovered, from the timely administration of Magnesia in water. Soap and calcined Magnesia are recommended;—the former may be very readily dissolved in hot water.

gr. j to gr. v. gr. xv to Эij. gr. j to gr. v. gr. j to gr. iv. gr. ½ to gr. iv.			} f. 3j to f. 3iv.		- Charles and the	1
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hore hore			•		1	
diap liap diap				1	41	
um - Alterative, diaphoretic  — præcipitātum Alterative, diaphoretic  — RIZĀTUM - { Emetic  Alterative, diaphoretic	Carminative	nic	Carminative	Carminative	Carminative	nt
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Antimonii Oxydum - Sulphurētum - Sulphurētum - Præcipi	Carúi	Cinnamomi Fonicili	Menthæ piperitæ	1	Fimentæ	Pulegii
NTI	Ina	11	1	1	1	1
4   4	4			1	1	1
					TT	

\* Nitric Acid, nitrous Acid.—Aqua-fortis. Give calcined magnesia, or soap dissolved in water. [See Acid, Muriatic.]
† Sulphuric Acid, Spirit, or Oil of Vitriol. Give calcined magnesia, or soap dissolved in water. [See Acid, Muriatic.]
† Aconite, Monkshood, or Wolfsbane. Sugar and water should be given to encourage the vomiting; and, after the poison is evacuated, acidulated drinks and cordials should be administered.

\$ Erugo, Verdigris. The best antidote is sugar given in water in large and continued doses. The wife of a china-painter took, at least, half an ounce of verdigris, for the purpose of destroying life; but by large doses of the above, I had the pleasure of seeing her recovered without any bad consequences, although she was at the time far advanced in pregnancy. Other things were also given; but, I am convinced, they were of no use.

|| See Liquor Ammoniæ. | Tartarized Antimony, or Tartar Emetic. Give strong decoctions of galls, cinchona bark, or oak bark; and after the poison is evacuated, give opium to allay the vomiting, which, in the first instance, will be rendered less painful by oily or mucilaginous fluids.

	ifi		
Doses. $gr. \frac{1}{7} to gr. iij.$ ad libitum. $gr. \frac{1}{10} to gr. \frac{1}{4}.$	gr. v to 5fs. gr. x to 5fs. gr. x to 3ij. ∫gr. fs. to gr. iij ∫gradually.	00 00 = 00 00	gr. ij to gr. x. gr. iij to 3j. gr. x to 3fs. gr. v to gr. x.
Properties, &c. and to   Cover the taste of nauseous medicines.   Tonic, antispasmodic escharotic   Ponic, antiscorbutic, stimulant   Tonic. [See Liquor Arsenicalis.]   Furbine.]	Antispasmodic, stimulant Stomachic. [See Tinct. Aurantii.] Stimulant, expectorant Stimulant, corroborant, expectorant Stimulant, corroborant, expectorant Narcotic, diaphoretic, diuretic	Expectorant, stimulant Strongly astringent Stimulant, antispasmodic, sudorific Stimulant, aromatic, stomachic [Used externally, to promote granulation in ulcers.] Tonic, stomachic	Cathartic, hydragogue Antiseptic, diaphoretic, antispasmodic - Stimulant, aromatic, stomachic
Aqua Rosæ  *Argenti Nītras - Armoraciæ Radix - † Arsenici Oxydum Sublimātum	Assafætidæ Gummi-resīna - Aurantii Cortex Balsămum Peruviānum - Tolutānum - + Belládonnæ Folia -	Benzoinum Bistortæ Radix Cajupūti Oleum Calamina præparāta Calamina præparāta	S CALX    CAMBOGĬA

- gr. x to 3i.	- 9i to zi.	- gr. v to zfs.	- ad libitum.	- gr. x to zi.	- gr. x to zfs.	- m ii to m v	- gr. x to z(s.	- zfs to zi or more.	- gr. x to zfs.	- gr. x to Bii.	- gr. xv to zi.	- 9j to zifs.
Antiseptic. [Said to be styptic.]	Stimulant, antispasmodic. [In powder.]	Stimulant, carminative, stomachic	Demulcent	Stimulant, carminative, stomachic -	Stimulant, aromatic -	Stimulant, aromatic	Tonic, and at the same time expectorant	Laxative. [See Conf.]	Antispasmodic, emmenagogue	Astringent	Tonic, aperient, stomachic -	Emollient, demulcent
,		•	1	•	•	1	•	•	•	1	•	
rni -	es Flores -	Cardamomi Semina	ructus			Oleum	Cortex	ılpa	1	Zxtractum -	Centaurži Cacumina -	-
Carbo Ligni	Cardamines Flores	Cardamon	Caricæ Fructus	Carŭi Semina	Caryophylli	-	Cascărillæ Cortex	Cassiæ Pulpa	Castorĕum	Catechu Extractum	Centaurii	Cetāceum -

either copious draughts of lime-water, chalk and water, sugar and water, or soap and water; the latter is most preferable. Charcoal has also been recommended. Plenty of tepid mucilaginous drinks should be taken to sheath the stomach as much as + Arsenic. Arsenic and all arsenical preparations may be counteracted, by first evacuating the stomach, by giving possible from the action of this poison. Should its fatal consequences be prevented, let the patient, for some time after-Give large and repeated doses of salt and water, which will decompose the nitrate, and at the same time excite vomiting. Afterwards, mucilaginous fluids, fat mutton broth, &c. \* Nitrate of Silver, or Lunar Caustic.

wards, abstain from animal food in a solid form, living principally on milk and demulcents.

‡ Belladonna. Deadly Night-shade. Dwale. There is some difficulty in exciting vomiting, when this has been taken in a to have passed into the intestines, give a large dose of castor oil. Dr. Paris recommends vinegar to facilitate the action poisonous quantity; the best emetic is sulphate of zinc in a very little water. Should the poison have been taken long enough of emetics: Orfila says, it ought not to be given until the poison be evacuated; but that then, it, and other acidulated drinks, may be taken with advantage.

See Liquor Ammoniæ. Calx Lime.

| Cambogia, Gamboge. See Colocynthidis pulpa. Camphora, Camphor. Wine with opium; the latter in small doses often repeated is recommended.

Doses.	. gr. x to 31	- gr. x to zife.	- gr. x to zifs.	· gr. v to 9j.	- m j to m iij.	The state of the state of	- gr. j to gr. iij.	- gr. j to gr. v.	see.]	- gr. x to 3j.	- 5j to žj.	- 5j to žj.	- gr. x to 3fs.	- 5j to 3j.	- 3j to 3j.		- 9j to 5j.	- 3j to 3fs	Sgr. ij to Hj.	gradually.	gr. x to 5/s.	· m x to 3.	- 9j to 3j.
Properties, &c.	Tonic, astringent, stomachic	Tonic, astringent, stomachic -	Fonic, astringent, stomachic	Stimulant, aromatic, astringent	Stimulant, stomachic	[Used for colouring other medicines.]	Diuretic, cathartic	Strongly cathartic	[Used for making Mist. Amygdalæ; which see.]	Stimulant, astringent	Tonic, stomachic	Mildly laxative	Stimulant, carminative, anodyne -	Cooling, restringent	Subastringent	[In clysters, carminative, antispasmodic.]	Cathartic	Mildly cathartic	Nounction alterative resolvent	Ivarcouc, aneranve, resorveine	Stimulant, antiseptic, diaphoretic	Stimulant, diuretic	Stimulant, carminative
Names.	Cortex		- oblongifoliæ Cortex -		Constant - March -	Coccus	* Colchici Radix	+ Colocynthidis Pulpa	Confectio Amygdălārum -	Aromatica	- Aurantiorum	Cassiæ	Confectio Opii	Rosæ Canînæ -	Gallicæ	Rutæ	Scammonĕæ	Sennæ		‡ Conii Fouia	Contrayervæ Radix	Copaiba	Coriandri Semina

Authority Lines

3fs to 5ij.	9j to 3jj.	gr. x to zj.	9j to 3j.	gr. 1 to gr. v.	gr. 1 to gr. ifs.	gr. vj. to 9j.		9j. to 3j.	f. 3is to f. 3ij.	f. 3j to f. 3iv.	f. zj to f. ziv.	f. zis to f. zij.	f. ziv to Ofs.	f. ziv to Ois.
Absorbent, astringent	Absorbent, antacid	Cordial, diaphoretic	Stimulant, antispasmodic	Astringent, antepileptic [gradually]	Speedily emetic, gr. ij to gr. x - corroborant		Mucilaginous, demulcent. [See Decoct.]	Etimulant, stomachic, diuretic	Aperient, stomachic	Tonic, astringent	Mucilaginous, demulcent -	Discutient, diaphoretic, resolvent	Nutritive, emollient	Pectoral, demulcent
•	1	1		1		1	:			•	•	1		1
Cornu ustum	Creta præparāta	Croci Stigmăta	Cumīni Semīna	SCUPRUM AMMONIATUM -	SCUPRI SULPHAS	Cuspariæ Cortex -	Cydoniæ Semina	Dauci Semina	Decoctum Alŏës compositum	Cinchonæ -	Cydoniæ -	Dulcamāræ -	Horděi	compositum

\* Colchici Radix, Root of Meadow Saffron. First empty the stomach, by giving repeated doses of warm fluids, such as sugar and water, &c.; and afterwards administer cordials, with small doses of opium. If the poison has been long taken, and the

patient sinking, brandy may be given.

† Colocynth, or Bitter Apple. Young women are in the habit of applying for this, amongst other things, for the purpose of causing abortion. If taken in a large quantity, emetics must be had recourse to; but if its action has commenced on the bowels, give opium with plenty of linseed tea, or mucilage of acacia; also oleaginous clysters, to which opium may be added.

quantities is recommended to be given in coffee, when either of these, or, indeed, any of the salts of copper have been taken internally; drinking, at intervals, copiously of mucilaginous fluids, and swallowing whites of eggs. Should the poison have passed into the intestines, castor oil must be resorted to in all cases, if it can be had, as the best purgative. † Conium or Cicuta, Hemlock. Poisoning by this may be treated in every respect as Belladonna; which see.

Doses.  f. zj to f. ziv.  f. z iv to Ofs.	f. ziv to Ols.  f. zís to f. zij.  f. ziv to Ols.  gr. ½ to gr. iij.  gr. v. to gr. x	- gr. j to gr. v gr. v to gr. x gr. x to 5j gr. x to 5fs gr. x to 5fs gr. x to 5fs gr. v to 5fs gr. v to 5fs gr. v to 5fs gr. v to 5fs.
Tonic, nutritive, demulcent Fmollient. [In clysters.]  [Used for fomentations.] Anodyne [Used in injections ] Astringent	Alterative, diaphorence Alterative, sudorific Acrid, diuretic, cathartic Emollient, subastringent [Applied externally in psora, tinea, &c.] Diuretic, cathartic, sedative Anthelmintic Diaphoretic, discutient. [See Decoct.] [See Extract Elaterii.]	Narcotic, sudorific, deobstruent  Purgative, stomachic  Tonic, stomachic  Narcotic, diaphoretic  Tonic, astringent  Strongly cathartic  Cathartic  Narcotic, alterative, resolvent
Decoctum Lichēnis Malvæ Compositum - Papavěris Quercus	* Digital Senegae - Compositum - Senegae - Compositum - Ulmi - Ulmi - Verātri - Verātri - Verātri - Compositum - Co	† Euphorbium  Extractum Aconīti  ———————————————————————————————————

. · ×

- gr. ½ to gr. ij. - gr. x to 5fs. - ad libitum	- gr. x to 5fs. - gr. v to 9j. - gr. v to 9j.	- gr. ½ to gr. v. - gr. ij to ℈j. - gr. x to ʒ/s.	- gr. x to 3j. - gr. x to 3ij. - gr. x. to 3fs. - gr. iij to gr. xv.	- gr. iij to 9j. - gr. j to gr. v. - gr. x to 5/s.
Strongly cathartic Tonic, stomachic Demulcent	Astringent Tonic, anodyne, sedative Narcotic, diaphoretic, resolvent	Anodyne, narcotic Purgative	Alterative, diaphoretic  Aperient, diuretic, deobstruent  Tonic, astringent. [See Vinum Ferri.]  Astringent, attenuant, emmenagogue	Astringent, tonic, emmenagogue Astringent, tonic, emmenagogue Astringent, deobstruent
Elaterĭi	——— Hæmatoxýli Humúli Hyoscyámi Hyoscyámi	——————————————————————————————————————	Ferrum	Ferri Subcarbonas SULPHAS Ferrum tartarizatum

\* Digitalis, For Glove. Evacuate the stomach with an emetic of sulphate of zinc; then give aromatics and cordials, with Tr. Opii.

+ Elaterium, Wild Cucumber. The purging where this has been taken is dreadful, and little good is to be expected from any

thing. Emollient clysters may be given, and cordials, with opium, may also be administered.

‡ Euphorbium. May be treated as Colocynth; which see.

‡ Furphorbium. May be treated as Colocynth; which see.

‡ Ferri Sulphas, Copperas, Green Vitriol. The subcarbonate of soda, or any convenient alkali, or earth, such as magnesia, should be given in solution, in preference to any vegetable infusions, encouraging the vomiting with warm water. [See note to Ferri Subcarbonas, page 54.

Doses.  - 3j to 3fs 9j to 3j gr. x to 3fs gr. x. to 9j.	- 5/8 to 5j 9j to 5j gr. x to 5/8 gr. x to 5/8 gr. x to 5/8 gr. x to 5/8.	gr. j. to gr. iij.  gr. ½ to gr. ij.  gr. ½ to gr. ½.  gr. j to iv daily.  gr. v to xv.  gr. x to 5/s.  gr. v to 5/s.
Astringent, aperient, anthelmintic Stimulant, carminative Stimulant, antispasmodic Powerfully astringent Tonic, stomachic [See Infus. Gentianæ]	Attenuant, demulcent  Highly astringent  Stimulant, diaphoretic  Stimulant, di	Externally, stimulant, escharotic Alterative, deobstruent Alterative, diaphoretic Alterative, [Must be used with caution.]  Alterative, anti-syphilitic Cathartic Alterative Alterative Alterative
Filicis Radix Feniculi Semina Galbăni Gummi-resīna Gentiānæ Radix	Glycyrrhīzæ Radix Granāti Cortex Lignum	Hydrargýri Nitrico-oxýdum Oxýdum cinerčum - + - Oxymurías Submurías Sulphurētum rubrum - Hydrargýrum cum Creta

- 3 ij to 3iv. - gr. iij to gr. x.			111 to to to to	7. 31 to 1. 311].				J	f. 3fs to f. 3ifs.	f. 3j to f. 3 iij.	ad libitum.	
[Externally.] Detergent Acts by its weight Narcotic, diaphoretic, resolvent	Ye assist the operation of emetics: also used externally in fomentations	Stimulant, diuretic	Tonic, stomachic, anti-emetic	Stimulant, aromatic	Tonic, and at the same time expectorant -	Astringent	Tonic, astringent		. [Cautiously.]	Tonic, stomachic	Emollient, demulcent	A NUMBER OF STATE OF
† Hyoscyámi Folía et Semína	Infūsum Anthemidis	Armoraciæ compositum Aurantii compositum	Calumbæ	Caryophyllorum	'	- Catěchu compositum -	Cinchonæ	Cuspariæ	——— Digitālis	Gentianæ compositum -	Līni	

\* Hellebori Fatidi Folia et Hellebori nigri Radix. Stinking and Black Hellebore. The sickness occasioned by these should be encouraged by oleaginous and mucilaginous drinks; where the poison has passed into the intestines, it will be advisable to \* Hellebori Fætidi Folia et Hellebori nigri Radix. Stinking and Black Hellebore. resort to anodyne and soothing clysters.

+ Hydrargyri Oxymurias, Oxymuriate of Mercury or Corrosive Sublimate. It is universally allowed, that whites of eggs beaten up with water, are the best antidote where this has been taken; as they effectually, if given in time, and in a sufficient

quantity, counteract any deleterious effects. The albumen of the eggs converts the corrosive muriate to the state of a submuriate. This treatment may also be adopted to counteract the effects of other mercurial preparations.

‡ Hyoscyamus, Henbane. Give an emetic of the sulphate of zinc, and when the poison is evacuated from the stomach, acidulated fluids may be administered; but if the poison has been long taken, the bowels must be opened freely with castor oil, and bleeding resorted to.

Doses.	- }f. 3ij to f. 3iv.		- or x to zfs.	gr. fs to gr. ifs.	- gr. x to 51s. - 5fs to 5j.	- gr. x to 51s. - 9j to 5j.	- gr. x to 5fs.	- 5fs to 5 j.	- { m x to m xx. diluted.	- f. zij to f. zj. - f. zfs to f. zj. f. zfs to f. zifs	f. zís to f. zís.
" Properties, &c.	- Tonic, stomachic	- Purgative	- [Used chiefly in clysters.] Purgative.	Diaphoretic, expectorant	- Cathartic Stimulant, stomachic, diuretic -	- Astringent Stimulant, aromatic	Stimulant, carminative, antispasmodic	Stimulant, stomachic - Purgative, diuretic	- Antacid -	- Diaphoretic Stimulant, antispasmodic	Emetic - Tonic. [In intermittent fever.] -
Names.	Infūsum Quassiæ Rhei Rosæ	Sennæ Sennæ Sennæ		Ipecacuanhæ Radix -	Jalapæ Radix Inniněri Baccæ et Cacumina	Kino	Lauri Baccæ et Folia	Lichen Limonum Cortex	tantalogues	Acetātis Subcarbonātis	† — Antimonĭi Tartarizāti † — Arsenicālis

- f. zifs to Ofs.	f. 5fs to f. 5j.	f. 5fs to f. 5j.	m x to f. 5fs.	m x to f. 5ls.	\ \( \frac{1}{2} \) \( \frac{1} \) \( \frac{1} \) \( \frac{1}{2} \) \( \frac{1}{2} \	zfs to zii.	3ij to zijis.		3fs to 3ij.	34s to 34j. gr. x to 3fs.		- 3ij to 3ij.
Astringent, antacid	Deobstruent, diuretic, laxative -	Astringent, tonic, emmenagogue	Antacid, lithontriptic -	Antacid, diuretic, lithontriptic - Stimulant, diuretic, [Externally resicatory.] -	Antacid — aperient where it meets with	Antacid, aperient	Justine Co.	tices, &c. externally.]	Mildly laxative	Stimulant, tonic, deobstruent Stimulant, corroborant	[Used in aphthous affections of the mouth.]	Attenuant, aperient
Calcis As	Muriātis - De	\$ —— Ferri alkalīni - As		LYTTA - Sti	ia .	Carbonas - An	— Sulphas I		10 A 10 W 10 MIN			Despumatum Att

\* Any preparations of Ammonia may be counteracted, if taken internally, by giving plenty of vinegar, or any other vegetable

acid, such as lemon-juice, &c.

† See Antimonium Tartarizatum.

† See Antimonium Tartarizatum.

† See Antimonium Tartarizatum.

† See Antimonium, above.

¶ See Liquor Ammonium, above.

¶ Lyttæ Cantharides, or Blistering Flies. If taken internally, Orfila recommends oil to excite vomiting, or sugar and water, milk, or decoctions of linseed. Anodyne emollient clysters should be given, and the warm-bath resorted to.

m iij to m x. mj to m v.	m j to m iij.	m j to mij.	mito m vi.	f. 3fs. to f. 3j.	m if to m v. m x to zfs.	m x to f. 5fs.	m x to f. zj.	f. zij to f. zv.	gr. fs to gr. iv.
		- Landing ins	odic	Cathartic. [Operates speedily and pleasantly.]	odic	t	Stimulant, diuretic -		
Stimulant, carminative, dittretic Stimulant	Stimulant, carminative	Stimulant -	Stimulant, antispasmodic	Cathartic. [Operates s	Stimulant, antispasmodic	· Stimulant, expectorant	· [In tania 31s to 3ij.] Stimulant, diuretic	- Emollient, demulcent	- Anodyne, narcotic
— Junipěri – – — Lavandŭlæ – – – Līni – –	— Menthæ piperītæ	- Origăni	- Pulegii	- Ricini Bosmowini	- Succini	Olčum sulphurātum	Olibănum - Terebinthinæ rectificătum	Olīvæ Olĕum	
						X Olět		Oliv	+OPYUM

\* Mexercon Bark and Berries. If the latter were eaten by children, they would, undoubtedly, prove poisonous. In case of such an accident, oleaginous and demulcent fluids might be administered with advantage. It is said, by Withering, that twelve of the berries of mezereon caused instantaneous death to a child.

+ Opium, or Laudanum, should be first evacuated from the stomach, by giving an emetic of sulphate of zinc dissolved in a little water, and not in a large quantity of water, as is usually the custom. The throat should be tickled with the finger, if the patient can be persuaded to do it; but if vomiting cannot under these circumstances be excited, repeat the emetic of sulphate of zinc after the former dose has been taken about a quarter of an hour, or gr. iv to gr. viij. of sulphate of copper may be administered. Copious draughts of fluids ought by no means to be given, as the object is to have these antidotes in as

Doses.	- gr. x to 5fs.	- 9j. to 5j.	- f. 3j to f. 3j.	- t. 51s to 1. 51J.	- m x to t. 31s.	- gr. x to J.	gr. x to 9j.	- gr. x to 5j.	- gr. x to el.	- gr. v to gr. x.	- gr. v to gr. x.	- gr. iij to gr. x.	- gr. x to 9.	- gr. v to 9j.	- gr. v to 9J.	- gr. v to H.		The state of the	gent.]	ent, gr. 18 to gr. 19.	- I. 51 to 1. 518.	· fire on fe -
Properties, &c.	Stimulant, antispasmodic, deobstruent	Stimulant. [See Ol.] -	Cooling, expectorant	Expectorant, detergent	Stimulant, antispasmodic	Purgative, stomachic	Purgative, emmenagogue	Stimulant, antispasmodic -	Cathartic, anthelmintic	Alterative, antisyphilitic	Alterative, diaphoretic -	Anodyne, narcotic	Attenuant, expectorant, diuretic -	Stimulant, aromatic, carminative -	Stimulant, aromatic	Stimulant, aromatic	[Externallystimulant, anodyne.]	[Externally—stimulant.]	[In lotions and ointments—cooling, astringent.]	[In lotions—cooling]. Internally—astring	Stimulant, diuretic Juice. ] I. 31 to 1. 515.	Diaphoretic, diuretic, deobstruent
Names	Oronanăcis Gumni-resina -	Originam	Oxymel simplex	Scillæ	Petrolĕum -	Pilŭlæ Alŏës compositæ	- Alŏës cum Myrrha	- Galbăni compositæ	- Cambogiæ compositæ	Hvdrargyri	Submuriatis Submuriatis	Sanonis cum Opio -	Scillæ compositæ	Pimentæ Baccæ	Piněris longi Fructus	niori Baccæ	Pix arida	liouida	*PLUMBI SUBCARBONAS	* SUPERACETAS -	Porri Radix	Potassæ Acētas

- gr. x to 5fs. - gr. x to 5fs.	gr. x to 5fs.	- 5j to 3/s.	- gr. v to gr. xv.	- 5/s to 5ij.	- 5j to 2j.
	1				,
•		•	,		
- tic					•
Antacid, attenuant, diuretic - Refrigerant, diaphoretic, diuretic	Antacid, diuretic, attenuant	Cooling, aperient	Diaphoretic	Mildly cathartic, cooling -	Laxative, diuretic, cooling
	1			•	•
	,	•		1,	1
† CARBŌNAS - † NITRAS -	† SUBCARBONAS	- Sulphas -	Sulphurētum	Supersulphas	Supertartras

added. In confirmation of bleeding being advantageous, see an interesting case related by W. M. Ross, Esq., in the Edinburgh Journal for April 1823. The dashing of cold water over the body has been found serviceable. with a clyster of strong infus. of senna and Epsom, or Glauber's salts, to a pint of which, gr. iv. of tartarized antimony may be increase its energy, may afterwards be resorted to with considerable advantage. When landanum or opium has been which should be accompanied at intervals, with small doses of the sulphate of zinc, and the bowels ought to be freely evacuated concentrated a state as possible. Vinegar and acidulated drinks, which, before the poison be evacuated, would only × long taken and comatose symptoms are present, blood-letting from the jugular-vein or arm is recommended by Orfila,

should be given repeatedly, and the throat should be tickled with the finger to excite vomiting. But where the poison has been taken some time, the inflammatory symptoms must be subdued by bleeding, castor oil in large doses, given internally, clysters exhibited; and, in short, the treatment usually resorted to in Colica Pictonum, or painter's colic, must be actively \* When the Subcarbonate, Superacetate, or other preparations of Lead have been taken internally, it has been customary to give liver of sulphur; but this practice Orfila considers dangerous. Glauber's and Epsom salts in solution, in hard well water,

employed.

the Nitrates of Potass, Saltpetre. In the Edinburgh Clinical Reports, by Dr. Duncan, jun., for 1817 and 1818, page 141, is a case of Ulcus Palati, after poisoning by nitre. "C. A." (the patient), had taken two ounces of nitre! which was given to her by mistake for Glauber's salts. It does not appear, that she took any thing to counteract the ill effects of such an over-dose; as it is merely stated, that she soon got well by the use of astringent gargles, and that previously to her admission into the Infirmary, she had used lime-juice and water to gargle her throat. Milk and mucilaginous drinks should be given in cases of this kind, and emollient enemas, with opium, thrown into the intestines. + See Liquor Ammoniæ.

Doses.	- 3j to 3j.	A SECONDALISMON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	- gr. x to 3.	- gr. x to J.	- gr. v to gr. x.	- gr. v to gr. x.	- gr. xv to Jil.	- gr. v to gr. x.	- 71s to 53.	- 19 to 511.	- gr. v to 9].	- gr. v to EJ.	- gr. v to ⊍J.	- 10 20.	- gr. x to 5].	gr. IIJ to gr. A.	- gr. v to 51s.	- gr. x to 513.	- 12 LG.	- gr. x to 518.			
Promerties. &c.	Mildly cathartic	[ Used for colouring tinctures, &c.]	Stimulant, antispasmodic, emmenagogue	Warm cathartic	Febrifuge, sudorific	Stimulant, carminative, aromatic -	Stimulant, diaphoretic	Anodyne, absorbent	Astringent, carminative	Astringent, carminative -	Anodyne, diaphoretic -	Astringent, stomachic	Cathartic	Cathartic	Demulcent	Stimulant, sialagogue	Tonic, stomachic [See Infus.] -	Strongly astringent	Cathartic. [See Syrup.]	Purgative, stomachic, astringent -	[See Syrup.]	[See Confectio.]	[See Syrup and Aqua.]
Manage .	Potassæ Tartras	Pterocarpi Lignum -	Pulegium	Pulvis Aloes compositus	- Antimoniālis -	- Cinnamomi compositus -	- Contrajervæ compositus -	- Cornu usti cum Opio -	- Cretæ compositus	- cum Opio -	Inecacuanhæ compositus	- Kino compositus	- Scammonia compositus -	- Sennæ compositus	- Tragacanthæ compositus	Pyrethri Radix	Quassiæ Lignum	Quercus Cortex	Rhamni Baccæ	Rhei Radix	Rhœados Petala	Rosæ Canīnæ Pulpa	centifoliæ Petala

	gr. x to zfs.	zfs to zi.	gr. xv to Hi.	gr. v to gr. x.	gr. x to zfs.	gr. x to zi.		gr. v to zf.	Hi to zi.	9. to 2.	gr. v to gr. xv.	gr. i. to or. iii	Hi to Bii.	Hi to zi.	gr. x to zfs.	gr. x to zfs.	zi to zfs bruised.	gr. x to zfs.	gr. x to 5fs.
Infus.]	Stimulant, antispasmodic. [See Ol.] -	Astringent, diuretic, emmenagogue	Stimulant, attenuant, antispasmodic -	Stimulant, antispasmodic, aperient, diuretic -	Aperient, deobstruent, antispasmodic -	nt	-discutient.	tic	Alterative, diaphoretic [See Decoct. & Extract.]	noretic	engogie	Expectorant, diuretic [the dried nowder.] -	Diaphoretic, diuretic, cathartic. [See Decoct.]		Tonic, aromatic, stimulant, antiseptic	ic i	nant	ruent	ruent
- [See Syrup and Infus.]	- Stimulant, antisp	- Astringent, diur	- Stimulant, atten	- Stimulant, antisl	- Aperient, deobst	- Tonic, astringent	- [In fomentations-discutient.]	- Diuretic, cathartic	- Alterative, diaphe	- Stimulant, diaphoretic	- Cathartic, hydragogue	- Expectorant, diu	- Diaphoretic, diu	- Cathartic -	- Tonic, aromatic,	- Tonic, stomachic	- Stimulant, attenuant	- Antacid, deobstruent	- Antacid, deobstruent
- Gallicæ Petăla -	Rosmarīni Cacumina -	Rubiæ Radix	Rutæ Folia	*Sabinæ Folia	Sagapēnum	Salicis Cortex	Sambūci Flores	Sapo dūrus	Sarsaparillæ Radix -	Sassafras Lignum et Radix -	X+SCAMMONEÆ GUMMI-RESINA -	⇔ Scillæ Radix	Senegæ Radix	Sennæ Folia	Serpentariæ Radix	Simaroubæ Cortex -	Sināpis Semīna	+SODÆ CARBONAS -	Subcarbonas

# ANTIDOTES IN CASES OF POISON.

\* Savine. Sometimes taken to cause abortion. For treatment, see Colocynthidis Pulpa.

\* See Liquor Ammonia. \* + Stavesacre Seed taken in an over-dose, may be treated as Colocynthidis Pulpa; which see.

Doses.  - 3j to 3j 5ls to 3jj 5ls to 3jj f. 3j to f. 3jj.	f. 5/s to f. 5j.  f. 5/s to f. 5j.  f. 5ji to f. 5j.  f. 5ji to f. 5ji.  f. 5j to f. 5jij.  f. 5j to f. 5jij.
Antispasmodic, corroborant  Gently laxative, diaphoretic  Cosling  Condial  Condial  Cordial  Cooling  Cooling	[Used principally for colouring.] Cathartic. [Chiefly used in chysters.] - Gently aperient to children - Useful purgative for children - Carminative, stomachic [See Infusum Tabaci.] - Cooling, laxative -
um	——————————————————————————————————————

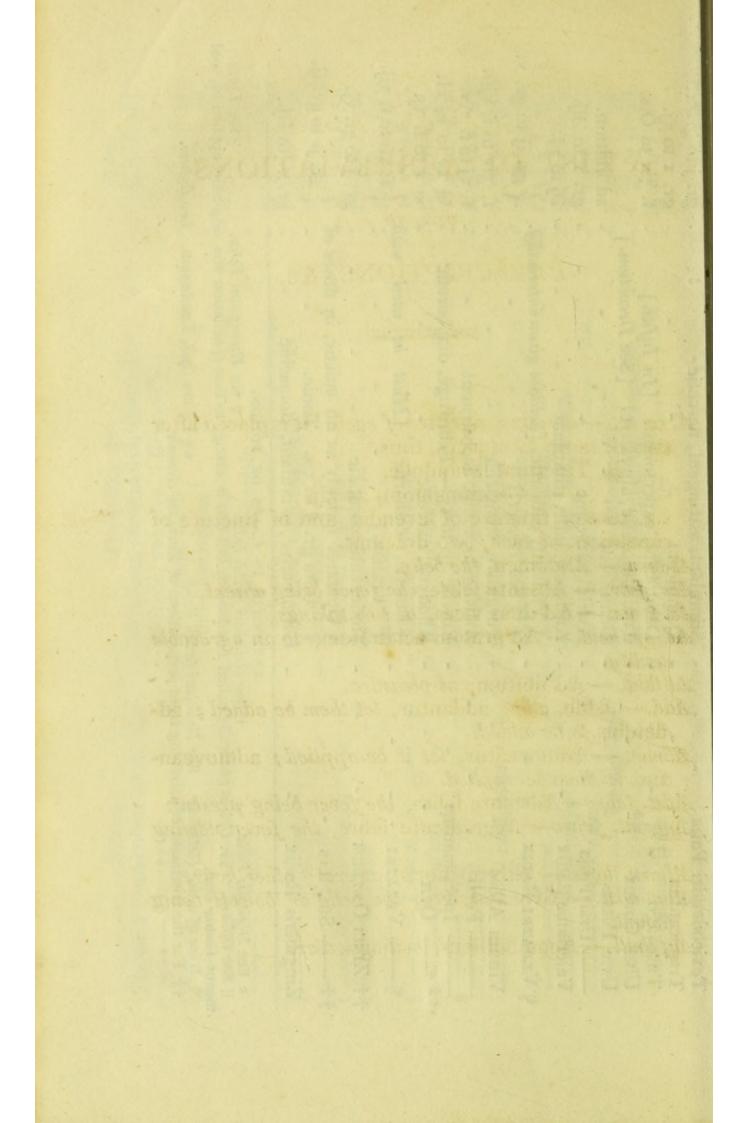
- f. zsu to zjis. - Hj to zj. - Hj to zj.	- 5fs to 3jfs. - f. \( \) ts to f. \( \) zifs.	- f. 3j to f. 5iij.	- f. 5ij to f. 3iij.	- f. 3fs to f. 3jfs.	- f. 3j to f. 3iij.	- f. 3fs to f. 3ij.	- f. 5j to f. 5iij.	. f. 3j to f. 3fe.	- f. 3j to f. 3fs.	- f. 3j to f. 3ij.	- f. 3j to f. 5iij.	- f. 3j to f. ziij.	- f. 3(s to f. 3ij.	- f. 5j to f. 3iij.	- f. 3j to f. 3iij.
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Aperient, diuretic, resolvent. [Juice.] Stimulant, diuretic, detergent Stimulant, corroborant, diuretic [Externally—stimulant, rubefacient.]	Antacid, absorbent Purgative, stomachic	Stimulant, aperient, emmenagogue Stimulant, antispasmodic	Tonic, stomachic	Expectorant, antispasmodic Tonic, stomachic	Anodyne	Stimulant, aromatic	Stimulant, carminative	Stimulant, stomachic	Stimulant, tonic	Antispasmodic, stimulant	Astringent	Tonic, stomachic	Tonic, stimulant	Tonic, stomachic, stimulant	Stimulant, stomachic, astringent
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adix - na Canader - Chīa - vulgāris	oarāta lõës	- Assafætĭdæ	Aurantii	Benzoes composita Calumbæ	Camphoræ composita	Capsici	Cardamomi		Cascarillæ	Castorei	Catechu	Cinchonæ			Cinnamomi
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Taraxăci Radix Terebinthĭna Canadensis Chīa vulgāris	Testæ præparātæ Tinctūra Alŏës				1								1		
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But should the poison have been \* Tobacco Leaves, or an Infusion of Tobacco. For the treatment, see Belladonna.

Doses.	- m v to m xi.	- m x to m xx.	- f. zj to f. ziij.	- f. 3j to f. 3j.	- f. 3j to f. 3iij.	- f. 5/s to f. 53.	- f. 3fs to f. 3ng	- m xv to f. 3ij.	- f. 3j to f. 3is.	- f. 3j to f. 3ij.	- m xv to f. 3j.	- f. 3fs to f. 3j.	- m x to m lx.	- f. zij to f. zils	- f. 34s to f. 311s.	- m xv to f. 3j.	- f. zis tof. 3j.	- f.3j to f. 3iij.	- f. 5ij to f. 3fs.	- f. 5j to f. 5ij.	- f. 31 to f. 3mj.	- 2) to 21).
Properties, &c.	- Diuretic, sedative. [Gradually.] -	- Tonic, astringent -	- Tonic, stomachic	- Stimulant, diaphoretic -	- Stimulant, diaphoretic, antispasmodic	- Alterative, emmenagogue	- Tonic, sedative	- Narcotic, anodyne -	- Cathartic	- Astringent -	- Diuretic, stimulant -	- Tonic, deobstruent -	- Narcotic, anodyne -	- Purgative, stomachic	- Purgative, stomachic -	- Expectorant, diuretic	- Carminative, cathartic	- Stimulant, tonic, diaphoretic -	- Antispasmodic -	- Stimulant, antispasmodic -	- Stimulant, carminative, stomachic -	- Astringent
Names. Tinctura Cinnamômi composita	* —— Digitalis -	Muriatis -	Gentianæ composita	Guaiaci	ammoniata	+ HELLEBORI NIGRI -	Humuli	† HYOSCYAMI	- Jalapæ	Kino -	\$ Lyrra	Myrrhæ	ОРП	Rhēi	composita	Scillæ	Sennæ	Serpentariæ -	Valerianæ	ammoniata	- Zingiberis -	Tormentillæ Radix -

gr. j to gr. x. gr. x to 5j. f. ziv to Ofs.	ad libitum. gr. x to 3ij. 9i to z i.		f. 5iv to f. 3jfs. f. 5j to f. 5iv.	m xv to m xl. m x to f. 51.	} f. 5fs to f. 3ij.	gr. j to gr. vj.	gr. j. to gr. ij.	.6000000
Stimulant, astringent, narcotic  Demulcent  Demulcent, expectorant. [In Infus.]  Tonic, diuretic, alterative. [See Decoction.]	Demulcent	Violently cathartic. [Seldom given internally. See Decoct.]	Astringent, tonic, deobstruent	9	Emetic, cathartic. [Must be used with caution.]	Tonic, antispasmodic	from gr. x to 5's. Tonic Sgr. j. to gr. ij.	
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Toxicodendri Folia Tragacantha Tussilago Ulmi Cortex	Uvæ Passæ —— Ursi Folia Valerianæ Radix	VERATRI RADIX	Ferri	** — OPII	T VERATRI -	H	Zingiběris Radix	

\* See Digitalis Folia. † See Hellebori fatidi Folia. † See Hyoscyami Folia. † See Lytta. | See Opium. Tr. Opii is generally called Laudanum, but this is wrong, as that appellation was originally applied to, and meant Vinum Opii. | Wine of white Hellebore. See Hellebori fatidi Folia. | \*\* Vinum Opii, Laudanum. See Opium. | \*\* For the treatment of poisoning from preparations of Zinc, see Arsenic.



# A LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

USED IN

### PRESCRIPTIONS, &c.

A. or aa.—ava, ana, signifies of each. It is placed after two or more substances, thus:

R. Tincturæ lavandulæ, \_\_\_ cinnamoni, aa zij.

i.e. take of tincture of lavender, and of tincture of cinnamon, of each, two drachms.

Abdom. - Abdomen, the belly.

Abs. febr. - Absente febre, the fever being absent.

Ad 2 vic. - Ad duas vices, at two takings.

Ad. gr. acid. — Ad gratam aciditatem, to an agreeable acidity.

Ad libit. - Ad libitum, at pleasure.

Add. - Adde, add; addantur, let them be added; addendus, to be added.

Admov. — Admoveātur, let it be applied; admoveantur, let them be applied.

Adst. febre — Adstante febre, the fever being present.
Aggred. febre — Aggrediente febre, the fever coming
on.

Altern. horis — Alternis horis, at every other hour.

Alvo adst. — Alvo adstricto, the belly or bowels being bound.

Aq. bull. - Aqua bulliens, boiling water-

Aq ferv. - Aqua fervens, boiling water.

Bis ind. — Bis indies, twice daily.

BB. Bbds. - Barbadensis, Barbadoes.

Bull. - Bulliat, let it boil; bulliant, let them boil.

Cærul. - Cærulĕus, blue.

Cap. or Capt. — Capiat, let him take [i. e. let the patient take.]

C. m. — Cras mane, to-morrow morning.

Coch. ampl. — Cochleare amplum, a large spoonful. Coch. infant. — Cochleare infantis, a child's spoonful.

Coch magn. — Cochleare magnum, a large spoonful

Coch. mod. — Cochleare modicum, a middling-sized spoonful, i. e. a dessert spoonful.

Cech. parv. — Cochleare parvum, a little spoonful, or

tea-spoonful.

Col. - Colātus, strained.

Colat. - Colātur, let it be strained.

Colat. - Colaturæ, of or to the strained [liquor.]

Colent. - Colentur, let them be strained.

Comp. — Compositus, compound.

Cont. rem. — Continuentur remedia, let the medicines be continued.

Coq. — Coque, boil; or, coquantur, let them [i.e. the ingredients] be boiled.

Crast. - Crastinus, of to-morrow.

Cuj. - Cujus, of which.

Cujusl. — Cujuslibet, of any.

Cyath. theæ - Cyatho theæ, in a cup of tea.

Deb. spiss. — Debita spissitūdo, a proper consistence.

Decub. - Decubitus, lying down.

De d. in d. — De die in diem, from day to day.

Dej. alvi — Dejectiones alvi, throwings down of the bowels, — stools.

Det. - Detur, let it be given; dentur, let them be given.

Dieb. alt. - Diebus alternis, every other days.

Deb. tert. - Diebus tertiis, every third days.

Dim. - Dimidius, one half.

Dir. prop. — Directione propria, with a proper direction.

Donec alv. bis dej. — Donec alvus bis dejiciātur, until the bowels are twice moved.

Donec alv. sol. fuer. — Donec alvus solūta fuĕrit, until the bowels shall have become relaxed.

Ejusd. — Ejusdem, of the same.

Enem. — Enema, a clyster; plural, enemata, clysters. It is derived from the Greek ενιημι, to inject, and is of the neuter gender.

Ext. sup. alut. — Extende super alūtam, spread upon

leather.

F. pil. xij. — Fac pilŭlas duoděcim, make twelve pills.

Feb. dur. — Febre durante, during the fever.

Fem. intern. — Femoribus internis, to the inner part of the thighs.

Ft. embrocat. — Fiat embrocatio, let an embrocation be made.

Ft. gargar. - Fiat gargarysma, let a gargle be made.

Ft. haust. — Fiat haustus, let a draught be made.

Ft. mist. — Fiat mistura, let a mixture be made.

Ft. pil. xij. — Fiant pilŭlæ duodĕcim, let twelve pills be made.

Ft. pulv. - Fiat pulvis, let a powder be made.

Ft. or F. venæs. - Fiat venæsectio, let bleeding be performed.

Fist. arm. — Fistula armata, a prepared pipe, i.e. a clyster-pipe and bladder prepared for use.

Fl. - Fluidus, liquid.

Gel. quav. - Gelatina quavis, in any sort of jelly

G. G. G. — Gummi guttæ Gambiæ, Gamboge drops.

Gr. — Granum, a grain; or grana, grains.

Gtt. — Gutta, a drop; or guttæ, dro ps.

Gutt. quibusd. - Guttis quibusdam, with a few drops.

Har. pil. sum. iij. — Harum pilulārum sumantur tres, let three of these pills be taken.

Hor. decub. — Horâ decubitûs, at the hour of lying down, i. e. at going to bed.

3 hils

Hor. som. - Horâ sommi, at the hour of sleep, i. e. at bed-time.

Hor. un. spatio — Horæ unīus spatio, at the expiration of an hour.

Hor. interm. - Horîs intermediis, at intermediate hours.

Ind. — Indies, daily.

In pulm. - In pulmento, in gruel.

Inj. enem — Injiciātur enema, let a clyster be given.

Lat. dol. - Lateri dolente, to the affected side.

M. — Misce, mix; also mensurâ, by measure; and manipulus, a handful.

Mane pr. - Mane primo, early in the morning.

Min. - Minimum, the 60th part of a fluid-drachm.

Mitt. — Mitte, send; mittatur, let it be sent; mittantur, let them be sent.

Mitt. sang. ad Zxvj. saltem. — Mittātur sanguis ad uncĭas sedĕcim saltem, let blood be taken away to sixteen ounces at least.

Mod. præsc. - Modo præscripto, in the manner prescribed.

Mor. sol. - More solito, in the usual manner.

N. - Numero, in number.

N. M. — Nux moschata, a nutmeg.

O. - Octarius, a wine pint.

Ol. lini s. i. — Olĕum lini sine igne, linseed oil without fire, [i. e. cold drawn.]

Omn. bid. — Omni biduô, every two days. Omn. bih. — Omni bihoriô, every two hours.

Omn. hor. - Omni horâ, every hour.

Omn. man. - Omni mane, every morning.

Omn. noct. — Omni nocte, every night.

Omn. quadr. hor. — Omni quadrante horæ, every quarter of an hour.

Oz. - The ounce avoirdupoise weight.

P. — Pondo by weight.

P. Æ.—Partes æquales, equal parts.

P. D. — Pharmacopæia Dublinensis, pharmacopæia of Dublin.

P. E. — Pharmacopæia Edinensis, pharmacopæia of Edinburgh.

P. L. - Pharmacopæia Londinensis, pharmacopæia of

London.

Part. vic. - Partītis vicībus, in divided doses.

Per. op. emet. — Peracta operatione emetici, the operation of the emetic being finished.

Post sing. sed. liq. - Post singulas sedes liquidas, after

each liquid or loose stool.

P. r. n. - Pro re nata, occasionally, [i. e. according to circumstances.]

P. rat. æt. — Pro ratione ætātis, according to the state of age; [i. e. according to the age of a person.]

P. or Pug. — Pugillus. This word in Pliny signifies a handful, but it is intended to mean a gripe between the finger and thumb.

Q. P. — Quantum placet, as much as you please.

Q. s. — Quantum sufficiat, as much as may be sufficient.

Qqe. hor. — Quaque horâ, at every hour.

Quor. - Quorum, of which.

Ro. - Recipe, take.

Red. in pulv. — Redactus in pulverem, reduced to powder.

Redig. in pulv. - Redigātur in pulverem, let it be re-

duced to powder.

Reg. umbil. - Regio umbilīci, the region of the navel, [i. e. the parts about the navel.]

Repet. - Repetātur, let it be continued; or repetantur, let them be continued.

S. A. - Secundum artem, according to art.

Semidr. - Semidrachma, half a drachm.

Semih. — Semihora, half an hour.

Sesunc. — Sesuncia, an ounce and a half. Sesquih. — Sesquihora, an hour and a half.

Si n. val. — Si non valeat, if it should not answer.

Si op. sit - Si opus sit, if there should be occasion.

Si vir. perm. — Si vires permittant, if the strength permit.

Y 3

Sign. n. pr. — Signetur nomine proprio, let it be marked with the proper name; as, Tincture of Lavender, instead of Tinctura Lavandulæ, &c.

Ss. - Semi, half.

St. - Stet, let it stand; or stent, let them stand.

Sub. fin. coct. — Sub finem coctionis, towards the end of boiling, [i. e. when boiling is just finished.]

Sum. tal. — Sumat talem, let him [i. e. the patient] take such as this.

S. V. - Spiritus vinosus, ardent spirit.

S. V. R. - Spiritus vinosus rectificatus, rectified spirit

of wine.

S. V. T.—Spiritus vinosus tenuis, weak spirit of wine, [i. e. proof spirit; half spirit of wine and half water]. Temp. dext.— Tempori dextro, to the right temple. Temp. sinist.— Tempori sinistro, to the left temple.

T. O. — Tinctūra Opii, tincture of Opium.

T. O. C. — Tinctūra Opii camphorāta, camphorated tincture of Opium — paregoric.

Ult. præscr. — Ultimo præscriptus, the last prescribed. V. O. S. — Vitello ovi solutus, dissolved in the yolk of an egg.

Vom. urg. — Vomitione urgente, the vomiting taking place, [i. e. when the vomiting begins].

Zz. - Zinziber, ginger.

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