

Admission documents (female)

Publication/Creation

1832

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Mary Fiken
1832
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Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

Board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

If any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

On admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the death, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board. Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

When a patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a declaration for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient will, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about Eighteen Months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	about 8 Days a Month He said that in his first attack he was in the lunatic asylum for about the term of half a year. I never could learn any more about his history of his case. When it is alleged to occur I was in the lunatic asylum for about the term of half a year. I never could learn any more about his history of his case.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	indifferently on various subjects
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	attempted once to drown himself
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	made several attempts to injure other with anything that came to hand
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	aged 19 years a weaver
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	single his Mother was sometimes
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No bodily Disease
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	A fright
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	has been bled and blistered to no effect
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

12th June 1842

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
The Petition of William Pickers
weaver Glen Park

Humbly Sheweth

That Mary Pickers weaver
~~Glen Park~~
aged nineteen years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 62 & 19 Geo. 4. Cap. 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Stewards of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mary
Pickers

Hugh Patterson Supp^t

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
William Pickers

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
J^r W^m Peterson Surgeon produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mary Pickern
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 12th June 1832
J^r W^m Peterson

James Watson
Sheriff Clerk

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow Jan^y 11th 1832

I John Paterson Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mary Ricken
resident in the Parish of Barony of Glasgow
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum * John Paterson Surgeon
No 287 Gallows Gate Glasgow

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mary Pickens
Admitted
12th Jan'y 1832
Sp
Barney Danks

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Jan 11th 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mary Picken my Daughter resident in the Dean Panel of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Picken

Wm Picken of Pickenhead

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 12th Jan 1832

As you have agreed to admit Mary Picken into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of five shilling and six pence per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Hugh Patterson Elder

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHERBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Mary Picken

Glasgow, 12th Jan^y 1832

An obligation has been granted by the Glasgow Session
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of seven shillings
per week.

William Mackie in absence of the Treasurer.

Admit Mary Picken as a Patient into the Asylum.

On the Production of Sheriff's Warrant James Palmer Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Janet Fish
or Morrison
629

20th Jan'y
1852

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Fish

Humblly Sheweth

That M^{rs} Janet Morrison my Daughter

aged 30 — years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo. 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said M^{rs}
Janet Morrison

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Fish

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Andrew Reid M.D. produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Janet Morrison
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 20th Jan^y
W. H. 1832

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow, 26th Feb. 1832

I, Andrew Reid M. D. in Glasgow
having this day examined Mr. James Morrison
resident in the House of Cap^t. D. W. - Glasgow
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief he is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. Andrew Reid M. D.

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Morally idiotic, and perverted Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

First Dick or Linn
Admitted
20th Jan'y 1832
21/-



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £— 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 — — — — —	Fifth, — 2 2 — — — — —
Third, — 1 1 — — — — —	Sixth, — 3 3 — — — — —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>nearly 17 Years</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>During the above period, the Lunatic had several lucid Intervals</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>12 times great depression and 10 other times great elevation of Spirits —</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>The malady appears to be increasing</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>This present present attack has continued 10 weeks</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>on various Subjects —</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>once, by attempting to leap over a window —</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>Never</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>30 Years</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Married — No</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>Given to Intemperance</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>No</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>No</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>Intemperance</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>He has been under the care of Dr. White Sarsen —</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>No</i>

Andrew Reid M.D.

*Edgewood
20th June 1832*

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

20th Jan^y 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that M^r McCrean my Son resident in the House
of Peat Wye is insane, I request that he may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Fisk

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

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Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Mam. Mam.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Nine months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never that is known of but suspected that she was disturbed in India, six years ago, on the occasion of the death of her husband, whose circumstances are not known.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Not known.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	From desire to return to India - with the view of an intended marriage with a person she does not know. - Great impatience to effect its accomplishment. - once threatened her life from this impatience.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Not always equally excited.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	as above
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	as above.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	never.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	not so.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	35 or 40
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	a widow. - None
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Not known.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Not known. understood to be in good health.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	not known
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Not supposed so!
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	unless as above Not known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

Mam. Mam.

25th January
1834

Jane Findlay or
Steel
630

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Joseph Findlay
cotton spinner Johnston Newgreen
shire.

Humbly Sheweth

That Mrs Jane Findlay or Steel
residing in Trades town for a long
aged about forty years is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mrs
Jane Findlay or Steel

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Joseph Findlay

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Watson physician Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Jane Findlay or Steele
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 25th January 1832
Walter Knox
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 25th January 1832

I, James Watson Surgeon in Glasgow

having this day examined Mrs Jane Findlay or Steele
resident in the Parish of Gorbals.

hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

James Watson M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Sam. Furlong or Keel
Admitted
1st Feby 1832
25th

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 1st Febry 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that *M^{rs} Jane Findlay W^o Steele my sister* resident in the *Parish* of *Corbally Glasgow* is insane, *I hereby* request that *Steele* may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Joseph Findlay
Residing in Johnston Brother of the Patient

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

*- with
well as
inference to affect
her life from
ited.*

*expected
is ago,
is hand & how as killed by a fall.*

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit James Finlayson as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Shanks Warrant & Receipt Ed. Adamson Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Has threatened to commit suicide of course the usual precautions
will be necessary

Janet Robertson
631



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>about ten days</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>never before</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>a depression of spirits for then last six weeks - with frequent pain in breast</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>Frequently screaming - screaming.</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>There are lucid intervals, at uncertain times</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>She raves on various subjects, chiefly on religion.</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>none</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>no</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>tear her cloths</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>about 35 years of age - worked in a collar factory</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>single - her sister four times insane</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>none</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>none</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>no</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>nothing done</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Wrote This Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
7th July
1832 } The Petition of Hugh Patterson
Superintendent Barony Parish

Humbly Sheweth

That Janet Robertson residing
in Bridgeton
aged about 33, years is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Janet
Robertson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
Hugh Patterson Barony Parish

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John A. Crawford M.D. produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Jacet Robertson —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 7th Feb
Gratis J.A.C. 1832 }

W.M.W.

Medical Certificate.

Bridgeton 7 Feb^y 1832

I, John H Crawford, Barrister, Parish of Glasgow in
having this day examined Lemuel Robertson
resident in the County of Lennox

do hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, he is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

John H Crawford M.D.

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Saint Robert
Admitted
7th Feby. 1832
66
Barney Parish

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Print the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, February 7 1892

As you have agreed to admit James Robertson
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of
6/6 per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Hugh B. Patterson Secretary of Glasgow

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALManno, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Direct Patient

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit *James Watson* as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Sheriff's warrant _____ Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Letter of Obligation

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

18

Glasgow

Glasgow

It is hereby agreed to admit

into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of

per week.

I hereby agree to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate quarterly and in
advance to your Treasurer to enable the various expenses of the Asylum to be met.

Janet Kennedy
1832



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £— 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 — — — — —	Fifth, — 2 2 — — — — —
Third, — 1 1 — — — — —	Sixth, — 3 3 — — — — —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Short time since
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never insane before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Unusual depression of spirits for 2 weeks previous to attack of insanity, jealousy and fear of them with whom she had any dealings
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	There are no lucid intervals
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	On one subject -
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	He has threatened ^{to drown himself} but never attempted any act of self-violence
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	28 years - Domestic -
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single - not known
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	No
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No - rather subject of late to sore throat
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	-
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing has been done
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No -

8th Feby.
1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Kennedy
residing at Cowcaddens

Humbly Sheweth

That Janet Kennedy the Petitioner's
sister — — — — —

aged twenty eight years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Super of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Janet
Kennedy — — — — —

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Kennedy

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Mr P. Johnstone Surgeon, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Jacet Kennedy ~ ~
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 8th Feby.
1832 }

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow Feb 8th 1832

I Wm W Tolhurst Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Janet Kennedy
resident in the Parish of Barony -
hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum * Wm W Tolhurst Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Maimed idiots, and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Janet Kennedy,
Admitted,
9th February 1832
676
Barony Parish

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow Feb 5th 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that James Kennedy resident in the Parish of Barony, is insane, we request that he may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

x John Kennedy Brother to the Patient
x James Kennedy Do Do

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, Feb 5th 1832

As you have agreed to admit James Kennedy into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of £10 per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John McLaren Kirk Treasurer Barony

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMAIN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHERBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, 9th Feb. 1854

An obligation has been granted by the Glasgow Session
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of six shillings
per week.

John Barron Treasurer.

Admit James Macneil as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of the Sheriff's Warrant & Letters Edmunds Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Letter of Obligation

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

I, John Barron, of Glasgow, do hereby certify that the sum of six shillings per week has been granted by the Glasgow Session for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of six shillings per week.



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repented. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repented only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Col. Lamb.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	4 weeks
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	once before 18 months ago duration 8 months
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	rather depressed in spirits
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	more severe at this time and increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	There are lucid intervals
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	various subjects
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	no particular attempt He has also killed one of his father's horses, a circumstance which has given rise to a different action for supplying the want of provisions against the danger of starvation.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	no
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	rather so
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	age 28 years
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	unmarried no relative ever insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	no
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	subject to pain in side intermittent irregular during first attack but the cause of the present attack is the death of a sister
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	not
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	not that we know of
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	suffered greatly from the death of a sister
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	the patient has never been in any mad-house

Lane Dollar

633

15th Febry
1862

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Rob^t Dollar

Residing in the Parish of Kilbarchan

Humblly Sheweth

That Lane Dollar Daughter
of Petitioner

aged Twenty Eight years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 24
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Super of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Lane Dollar

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Robert Dollar

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Alexander Rowie, Surgeon, produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Jean Dollar —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 15th feby
1832

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate. ¹² July 1882
1. March. 14 July 1882

I, Alex. Howie Surgeon in Bellarcher
having this day examined Jean Doller
resident in the parish Bellarcher - and
herby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Given by Alex. Howie
Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
he must use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Persons who are idiotic and imbecile
and are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

James Dollar
Admitted
14th Feb'y 1832
1840

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Leam Doller Daughter of Robt Doller Resident in the parish
of Hillcarthorn is insane, we request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Robert Doller
Elm Gint

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Done (Dellar)

Glasgow, 15th February 1832

An obligation has been granted by Robert Fleming W. 50 London Street
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Ten shillings Sixpence
per week.

James Syme Treasurer.

Admit John Della as a Patient into the Asylum.

John Della Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

*Helen Campbell
or Fort
634*



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Miss Gray.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About 2 years
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	It is believed that she was formerly in the same state, but cannot say how long
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	cannot answer this query
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	great depression of spirits
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	little change in her appearance
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never heard of her attempting this
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No attempt at any thing dangerous
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Not during the present illness
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Is a widow, had a brother who drowned himself in a state of Insanity
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	good character,
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Have heard that she was confined in the cells when young.

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 15th July 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mrs Hunt resident in the Barony Parish of Glasgow is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations. as a Pauper from the Barony Parish

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 15th July 1832

As you have agreed to admit Mrs Hunt into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of Six Shillings and Sixpence per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John Macdonald Treasurer

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMORNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, 13th July 1832

An obligation has been granted by The Baroness de Saur
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of six Shilling Sixpence
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mr. Hunt (Amphlett) as a Patient into the Asylum.

W. S. M. M. M. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

I hereby certify that the within obligation is a valid one.

As you have agreed to admit

into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, a Patient and boarder, at the rate of

per week.

I hereby certify that the within obligation is a valid one.

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
The Petition of

Humbly Sheweth

That Mrs Kent at present residing in
Main Buildings

aged years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Chas Ritchie Surgeon — produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Kent
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow
15 July 1891

J. M. M. M. M.

p. 16

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow, Feb. 14th

1832

I hereby certify

in

having ~~this day examined~~ been an occasional attendant
for the last 2 years on Mrs Kent
resident in the Parish of St. Andrew, Glasgow & I

do hereby certify on soul and conscience that to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and is proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Chas. Ritchie. Surgeon.

Glasgow No. 16 Colinton St.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmful idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the visiting Committee.

John Campbell & Co
Admitted
14th February 1832
5/8
Barony Parish



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " " 15 " " "	Fifth, " " " 2 2 " " "
Third, " " " 1 1 " " "	Sixth, " " " 3 3 " " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Her derangement commenced in July 1831 immediately after a great Thunder Storm though it did not alarm her -
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Shortly before the symptoms of lunacy appeared she had been dangerously ill of a low fever which was followed on her recovery by depression of spirits
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	At first on agitation - - delirium -
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	There are lucid intervals at irregular times
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	No particular subject - delirium
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	None on her self
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	She sometimes threatened that about her but never appeared determined to carry her threats into execution -
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	This is a remarkable symptom of her malady - she tears her clothes and injures furniture -
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	She was twenty nine years old last February (1831)
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Unmarried - it is not known that any of her family were insane -
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	She was rather superstitious but in no other way eccentric - No predominant passions or religious impressions and remarkably temperate & free from vice
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Menorrhagia
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Anxiety of mind about her situation and that of her children
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	When properly looked after and taken the medicine she has been calm & sensible and slept well
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never before - Rich ^d . Wynne

22^d. Feb^y.
1832

Winifred. O'Garra

635

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Brown Merchant
in Glasgow, in name and on behalf of the
Rev^d. Richard Wynne, Archdeacon, Edin^{burgh}.

Humblly Sheweth

That Winifred O'Garra, now residing in
Dalkeith,

aged Thirty ~~one~~ years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statute, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 29 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Winifred
O'Garra,

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
William Brown

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Morrison physician, Dalkeith produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Winifred O'Gara —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson
Sheriff Clerk

Glasgow 22^d February
1832
Wm. G.

Medical Certificate.

I do hereby certify, upon Soul and Conscience
that Winifred O. Gara now residing
in this place is in a state of Mental
Derangement & moreover that it
is highly expedient she should be
removed to an Asylum suitable
for persons in her unfortunate situa-
tion

J. Morrison M.D.

Delaware
18th Febr. 1832

Miniped C. Gara
Admitted
28th Feby. 1832
18/8

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

High Road Edinburgh Feb^y 25th 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Winifred Ogawa* resident in the *Town*
of *Dalkeith* is insane, *I* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Richard Wyome *Atk her Guardian*

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the Col- Town, or Parish in
which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her rela- ship.

Glasgow, 21st February 1832.

An obligation has been granted by Mr. William Brown, Macru Place,
for the board of the Patient within mentiond, at the rate of Ten shillings and sixpence
per week.

Don. Luthbertson Treasurer.

Admit Wm. Brown to be

22 Feb 1832
as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. Dalrymple Physician.

On production of Sheriff's warrants
To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Elizabeth McPherson
696



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Chamman M.D.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About 3 years
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	only once
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Low spirited on account of battel usage from her husband
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Manicd, Complaint increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Remission betwixt 28 th Pile Exacerbation 28 th Aile
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Raves indifferently on various subjects, speaks of her husband but by a different name
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Once or twice, drowning & cutting her throat.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Her Mother & Brother assaulted By striking biting & scratching
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Tears her clothes
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	About 39
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married. None
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Married about 2 yrs previous to this temper good afterwards very passionate
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Catamenia sup. pressed for the last 17 mof.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Battel usage from her husband
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing positively
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Was in the Glasgow L. Asylum for the space of 16 mof. left it about 17 mof. ago. Dismissed much relaxed, and by advice

29 Feb
1882

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Wilson
Treasurer to St. John's Kirk School

Humbly Sheweth

That Elizabeth MTherson
residing in Glasgow

aged thirty nine years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statute, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Elizabeth
MTherson

And your Petitioner
I shall ever pray.
John Wilson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Mr John Dick, Surgeon produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Elizabeth W Therson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Mair
Sh. Secy.

Glasgow 29th Feby
J. G. 1832

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 27th Feb 1832

I John Dick Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Elizabeth Thompson
resident in the City of Glasgow

Do hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

John Dick District Surgeon

The Medical practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmful idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Elizabeth M. Shuman
Admitted
29th Decy 1832
SFC
St John's Church

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 29 Feb 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Elizabeth McPherson my Daughter resident in the Parish of St. James Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Mrs McPherson
Robinsons Laid 352 Glasgow

Print the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 29 February 1832

As you have agreed to admit Elizabeth McPherson into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 7 Shillings & 6 pence per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John Wilson
Treasurer to St. James
Thick Geyion

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMORNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Eliza McPherson

Glasgow, 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Eliza McPherson as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Physic's warrant MD Allan Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Letter of Obligation

THE PATIENT'S BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Ann McKinnon
637

Patients are admitted on the following Terms:

First Rate of Board,.....	£- 10 6 per Week.
Second,.....	- 15 -
Third,.....	1 1 -
Fourth,.....	1 11 6
Fifth,.....	2 2 -
Sixth,.....	3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some or all of the following particulars, namely: in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients.

Paupers, from parishes which have contributed the sum stipulated by the Regulations, pay a board, according to a rate fixed annually.

Paupers, from other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and always in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the weekly committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards, according to the following statement:

Second Rate,.....	One Guinea.
Third,.....	Two Guineas.
Fourth,.....	Three Guineas.
Fifth and Sixth,.....	Four Guineas.

On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of his residence in the Asylum. Fees are paid to the Surgeon when his attendance is required. No fees are paid for paupers, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Applications for admission are laid before the weekly committee; but, in cases of emergency, immediate admission may be granted by the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application to the Directors, from one or more of his nearest relatives, or from his guardians; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of his board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons, resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No idiot, unless mischievous, can be admitted.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure appears to be hopeless, are dismissed, by authority of the weekly committee, after a trial of one year, and whenever there are applicants under more curable forms of insanity.

When any patient is thus ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal, is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons, in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of his board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients from eleven till one o'clock.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which have to be often washed. An accurate list of every article, brought with the patient, must, on his admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or kirk-session, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus, due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, he shall, as soon as possible after his arrival, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	For more than a month back - She was affected suddenly, and soon became outrageous.
2. What were the mental impressions, and bodily state or ailments of the patient, observed, on the approach, or at the accession of lunacy?	Impressions - continued restlessness and rapid motion - running from place to place, especially at night - incessant scolding with great vehemence and irritability - in other respects in her ordinary bodily health.
3. What is the present form of the malady; how long has it existed in this form; and does it appear in degree to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Quite outrageous at present, and dangerous to her nearest relations, and has been in that state since the commencement of the malady - with an intermission only of a few days.
4. Are there remissions, exacerbations, lucid intervals, or any other remarkable changes, in the state of the malady? What are these changes; do they occur periodically; and how long does each state usually continue?	None - except an interval in answer to Query 3 ^d .
5. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent hallucination or mental deception.	Raves incessantly on various subjects, with the utmost violence - but quite incoherently.
6. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Yes - she has often threatened to drown herself - and to murder her mother - In short she seems to be extremely vindictive towards her nearest relations.
7. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Yes - her mother with stones and other weapons.
8. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break furniture?	Yes - to a great degree.
9. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, how long is it since the malady first occurred, and what has been the duration of each fit of lunacy, and of each interval?	Never - before the present Violation.
10. Was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Yes - her maternal grandmother - occasionally - but to no extent.
11. What is the age of the patient?	Eighteen years.
12. Is the patient married or single?	Single.
13. What was the profession or employment of the patient?	Accustomed to needle work - and to assist her mother in family work.
14. Before the accession of lunacy, were there any remarkable peculiarities in the patient's temper, disposition, opinions, habits, deportment, or pursuits? and, if so, what were these peculiarities? Mention, especially, predominant passions, religious impressions, and any kind of habitual intemperance.	Nothing extraordinary noticed, or observed, indicating the approaching malady.
15. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge; to suppression or obstruction of any customary evacuation; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Nothing observable in these respects.
16. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Never was pregnant.
17. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No.
18. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Totally unknown to her parents.
19. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing, but what Mr John Roberson, Surgeon of St George's Church prescribed.
20. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and, on each occasion, how long has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never.

8th March
1832

Petitioner's Case

Unto The Honourable The
Sheriff-Depute of the Shire of Lanark,
or his Substitutes.

The Petition of Peter Hill Superin-
tendant of the Town & Hospital

Humbly Sheweth,

That Anna MacKinnon,

aged about nineteen years, is at present in such a state of mental
derangement, as to render it necessary and proper she should be put under
restraint & confinement, as appears from the accompanying Medical
Certificate, under the hand of John Robbison, Surgeon, in
Glasgow.

But as by the Statute 55th Geo. III. Cap. 69 & 9th Geo. III.
Cap. 34. Your Lordship's Warrant for reception into a Public Hospital
or Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your
Lordship to Grant Warrant to
the Superintendant or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Anna
MacKinnon.

and your Petitioner will ever pray.

Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered this Petition
& Certificate, under the hand of John Robertson
Surgeon — — — — —
produced. Grants Warrant for placing the within designed
Ann Mac Rinnon — — — — —

into The Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, in terms of
the Statute, referred to in the Petition.

Glasgow,

8th March 1832

W^{ts}

J. H. G.

W. W. W. W.

I certify on soul and conscience
the Daughter of Allan McHinnon (Anne
McHinnon) at present labouring under
mental derangement to be a fit patient
for the Glasgow R. Lunatic Asylum

Glasgow 15th March 1882

John Robertson Surgeon
to the fourth District

Ann McKinnon
Admitted
8th March 1852

96
General Hospital

Letter of Application

FOR THE
ADMISSION OF A PATIENT INTO THE GLASGOW LUNATIC ASYLUM.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 8th Mar 1852

Having reason to believe, according to the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Ann M. Hanna, resident in the Parish of St. Georges, is insane, _____ desirous of placing _____ in your Asylum. I therefore request that she may be admitted a Patient, and I shall strictly conform to your Regulations.

Peter Hill, Superintendent
Glasgow Hospital

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the county, town, or parish in which he has resided; and fill up the other blank spaces properly.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

I, _____, _____ in _____, have attended _____, in the _____ of _____ for _____; and I hereby _____ that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, _____ is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the length of his attendance, or the number of his visits; the name of the patient, and that of the county, town, or parish, in which he resides; and, after the word "hereby," the words "certify, on soul and conscience;" or, in place of these words, if the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him insert the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.

Glasgow 8th March 1832
Mt. P. Hill, Superintendent of Towns Hos-
pital, has become security for the Board of the within
mentioned Ann McKinnon. p Don. Luthbertson
James Syme

James McKinnon

W. B. McKinnon

According to the rate of b
the bed-room, in the number
of keepers or servants, appoint
Paupers, from parishes wh
annually.

Paupers, from other parish

The board is, in all cases,

When any patient is dismi
ascertain if any, and what por

Patients have no claim to

A fee, on admission, is pu
following statement:

On the dismissal, or on th
patient remain a year or long
residence in the Asylum. Fe
patients at the first rate of bo

Applications for admission
granted by the Physician.

No patient is admitted, wi
guardians; a certificate of lun
for due observance of the rul
of these documents, or copies

No idiot unless mischievous

8th March

1882

James Martin
J. A. Campbell or Keith

638

Write To The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Gilbert Keith
Labourer in behalf of his wife

Humblly Sheweth

That Mr. Keith

aged about 28 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

Gilbert Keith

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
~~James Rattray~~ James Rattray Surgeon, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
James Martin or Keith
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition, two words delete.

Glasgow 8th March 1832
Wates J.M.C.

Walter Hoir
Sheriff Subst. &c.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow, March 8th 1832

I, James Rattray Surgeon, residing in Glasgow

having this day examined Janet Martin

resident in the High Street Glasgow (Duncans Close)

herby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best

of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper

patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal

Lunatic Asylum

James Rattray Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the patient, and that of the County Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Mournful idiots and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Genl Martin Keith

Admitted
8th March 1832

JS
Dowry Hospital



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Ormel. Chang.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	ten days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	—————
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	had slept about ten hours when she awoke would not speak for some time then slept again for a little continued in this state alternately for the next 12 hours.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	was pretty violent at first but is not so much so now. —
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	At sometimes better at one time than another but could never be said to be quite sensible. —
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Speaks on various subjects from her infancy till the period of her life — thinks she is dead & says doctors have got her —
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never —
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	none except scratching those round her with her Nails —
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No. —
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	about 28 Years of age — was a Servant before marriage —
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	was married fourteen months ago — her maternal Uncle was crazy in mind —
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	nothing particular can be remarked before her being attacked — & in her natural temper may be said to be high minded — but a quiet sober living person. —
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	was generally healthy tho' not stout — had stomach complaint — was threatened with small pox but got well again —
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Her illness began eight days after having the Child —
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	—————
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Do not know of any cause as she had an excellent recovery after her confinement —
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing but purgatives — has an inclination for food — bowels naturally costive —
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never —

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 8 March 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Mrs Keith wife of Gilbert Keith* resident in the *Outer High Parish*
of *Glasgow* is insane, *I* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Gilbert Keith - husband
John Wilson Elder

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—The subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Mr. Keith

Glasgow, 8th March 1832

An obligation has been granted by Peter Mill, Towns Hospital
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of six shillings & sixpence
per week.

James Sym, Treasurer.

Admit Mr Keith as a Patient into the Asylum.

On presentation of Thence on a Belmann Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Helen Richmond
or *Liddell*
639



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £	10	6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £	11	6 per Week.
Second, _____	15	_____	Fifth, _____	2	2
Third, _____	1	1	Sixth, _____	3	3

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Chas. A. A. A.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Eight months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	first in 1824 lasted eighteen months Second in 1828 lasted five months
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	in both the above cases, she was unusually low in spirits
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	The malady has been in the increase
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	She has lucid intervals, but very low in spirits
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	She raves on various subjects
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She has often attempted to strangle her self
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	None
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	no attempts of the kind
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Forty two years of age, her profession a cutter of muscles
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married, her mother was insane which arose from a fright when in child bed
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing of any kind observable
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	the first fit occurred during pregnancy
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	when the patient was a child she was injured in the head
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	a fright, occasioned by the loss of a ship in which she had a daughter a passenger
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	change of place and air, also medical treatment
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	She has never been in any Asylum, or madhouse

19th March } Pauper case
1832.

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Peter Hill, Superin-
tendent - Town's Hospital.

Humblly Sheweth

That Helen Richmond, wife of John
Liddell, ~~Calender~~ in Glasgow

aged Forty two years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Helen
Richmond

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Samuel Brown produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Stella Richmond
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition. -

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 19th March
JMW 1832

Medical Certificate.

I, James Brown Surgeon, 119 1/2 North
having this day examined Mrs. Liddle
resident in the 50 of Bell Street Glasgow
hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. James Brown Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner is a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state
can be admitted as a patient. Harmful idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Helin Richmond & Son

Admitted

27th March 1832

PS

Forwards Hospital

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 19th March 1842

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that William Richardson my wife resident in the City of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Liddell
56 Beil Street

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 19th March 1842

As you have agreed to admit William Richardson or Liddell into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 6/6 per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Peter Hill Superintendent
Glasgow Hospital

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMUNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit John Andrew Dickson as a Patient into the Asylum.
_____ M.D. and Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

*Janet Brock
or Pollock
640*



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

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Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Omaha Sept

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Three Months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Once before, was in the Asylum in March 1827 & dismissed cured, in Nov: following
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Rather elevated
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Higher at Mid-day & Mid-night never sleeps any
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	See last
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Not speaking at present
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She attempted to strangle herself
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Her husband & child, but no other
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	aged 32 - was a domestic in a warehouse
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married & has one child No relative known to be insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	None - Of Proud temperament
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	No cause known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	During this attack, change of air & residence has been tried, but with no effect.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	See answer to No 2.

27th Mar
1852.

Pauper Case

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Peter Hill, Superintendent
of the Town's Hospital

Humbly Sheweth

That Janet Brock, Wife of John
Pollock, Callander in Glasgow

aged thirty two — years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Superiors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Janet
Pollock

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Spittal, Surgeon produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
James Brock
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 27th March
1832
James Mackay

James Mackay
Sheriff Clerk

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow, 27th March 1832

I, John Spittal Surgeon in Glas-
gow, having this day examined Janet Brock
resident in the city of Glasgow
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief ~~she~~ is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

John Spittal M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person afflicted with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiotic and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Justus Brock or Pollock
Admitted
27th March 1832
S. P.
Gowans Hospital

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

27th March 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that James Brock resident in the Parish of Glasgow is insane, I request that he may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Pollock

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 27th March 1832

As you have agreed to admit James Brock into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 6/6 per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Peter Hill Superintendent
Town's Hospital

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMUNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

31 March
1872

Agnes Brown

b41

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Wm Brown Esq
Residing in Presby

Humbly Sheweth

That Agnes Brown his daughter

aged about nineteen years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statute, 35 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 24
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Agnes Brown

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Wm Brown Esq

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Crooks surgeon Kilmarnoch produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Agnes Brown
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 31 March 1832 }
Mrs. }
Walter Minn
Sheriff Subst. }

Medical Certificate.

Kilmarnock 3rd 1832

I, John Brooks Surgeon, residing in Kilmarnock, having this day examined Miss Agnes Brown resident in the Town of Kilmarnock hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum

John Brooks Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiotic, and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Agnes Brown
Admitted
31st March 1832
21-



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>premonitory symptoms started insane 5 months</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>once insane. Nov. 1831. first time. crying and laughing and agt. irritation to mind away from her family</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>inclined to be solitary and took medicine for her stomach, but always eat and slept well, between 2 & 3 years</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>crying, & laughing. no change and getting worse</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>after laughing & crying she gets lucid, no stated periods</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>raves indifferently the subjects deaf & marriages</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>never, but has often wished she was dead</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>Never</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>18 years past time last. profession none but sewing at home</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>she is single and knows no relative ever being insane</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>only thing remarkable was not associating with the family, got violent when contradicted and fond of intemperate liquors</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>she has no periodical attacks and no bodily complaint</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>never</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>cannot say</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>change of air and society</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>never treated for the disease before</i>

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

1872

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Agnes Brown my daughter resident in the Parish of Kilmarnock
of _____ is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Wm Brown Junr Esq
Dunfermline

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 29th March 1832

An obligation has been granted by Mr John McGregor, 44 Brunswick Place
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of twenty one shillings
per week.

B. D. Culbertson Treasurer,
J. A. Mathieson

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Ruifier Case

Mr Blair
642

3^d April
1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
& Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Struthers and
James Strang

Humblly Sheweth

That Mr Blair

aged Forty Six — years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 29 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mr Blair

And your Petitioners
shall ever pray.
William Struthers
James Strang

Best Bunch.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Andrew Reid M. D. produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Messrs Blair
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Stewart
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 3^d April
Wrote M. D. 1862 }

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow, 3rd March 1832

I, Andrew Reid M.D. in Glasgow

having this day examined Mr Blair

resident in the Prison of Glasgow

hereby certify on soul and conscience that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief Mr is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Andrew Reid M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person infected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant fevers, and pregnant
women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mrs Blair
Admitted
3 April 1832
18/5



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Three Months or thereabouts
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	on one Subject
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	on one Subject
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	all that comes in way
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	all that comes in her way
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Before Marriage a Bleacher Dressed Shoes aged 46 years
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married to John Blair never heard of any belonging to her insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Not known
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Nervous Malady
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Sent to Farmington on the 24 Dec 1831
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Examined for the Ward of Accommodation on the 29 of March 1832

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

3 April Gorbals 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mr Blair resident in the Parish
of Gorbals Gorbals is insane, we request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Shuttles Lauren Gorbals Parish
James Strong Heriot

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 3rd April 18 32

An obligation has been granted by Wm. Mitchell Esq. Treasurer for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten shillings & sixpence per week.

Wm. Mitchell Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Grace Fry

643

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Dalglish —
Manuf. Glasgow —

Humblly Sheweth

That Grace Fry — is Son & with William
Dalglish —

aged Twenty five years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3 Cap. 69 & 2 Geo. 4 Cap. 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray —
John Dalglish

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Henry Rainy Surgeon ——— produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Grace Fry
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Monie
Sheriff Subst. &c.

Glasgow 5. April 1832.

Gratis.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 5th April 1832

J. Harry Raine Surgeon in Glasgow

having this day examined Grace Fry
resident in the city of Glasgow

hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

J. Harry Raine Surgeon.

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiotic, and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Grace Boy
Admitted
5th April 1832
10/5

Mr. Dugdale

John Dugdale



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	The tendency became violent about a week ago, but the insanity was not decided till the 4 th April
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	As far as it knows, this is the first attack
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	For about a month has been more talkative & restless than usual, but did not exhibit any other marked symptoms
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Seems increasing rapidly
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Apparently on religious subjects.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She has attempted to cut her wrist today
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	She has, but only since last night
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age 25. — a servant
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single — There is reason to believe that a sister was insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None such known
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Not as far as is known
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	There is reason to suspect disappointment in a marriage engagement
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	There has been no treatment except phlebotomy her head this morning
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 5th April 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Grace Fry Servant to Mr. Mr. Dalglish resident in the Barony Park of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Dalglish

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 5th April 1832.

An obligation has been granted by John Dalrymple Esq.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten Shillings & sixpence
per week.

J. A. Matheson Treasurer.

Admit Grace Fry as a Patient into the Asylum.
on production of Sheriff's warrant J. Dalmann Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Ms Allan Campbell

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Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

18th April

1852

The Petition of John W Dougall
no 8 Gray Place Glasgow,

Humbly Sheweth

That M^{rs} Allan Campbell a Widow
late residing in the Parish of Craigmuck
Argyle shire - but for some Months in Glasgow
aged about Fifty five years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statute, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said M^{rs} Allan
Campbell

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray

John W Dougall

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Watson Physician in Glasgow produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed,
Mr. Allan Campbell
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 18th April 1832

J. W. S.

James Watson
Sheriff Scots

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 17th April 1832

I James Watson Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mr. Allan Campbell
resident in the Parish of Glasgow
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

James Watson M.D.

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
No person afflicted with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Morally idiotic and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

William Campbell
Admitted
17th April 1832
18/6



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since the Month of October 1831
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	She had been Melancholy from Family afflictions for some time previous to the appearance of this Malady.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? Has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Unsettled and talking much nonsense - very little change - seems increasing.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	She has Remissions - but they are slight and uncertain, and cannot be calculated.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	On various Subjects - particularly about a son of hers - whom she has killed about her like a shadow - &c.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She has often wished to get over the shadow.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	About 55 - a farming Wife
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	The patient is a Widow. None
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	No Sometimes states she paid too little attention to Religion and accuses herself for that.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Her Son's illness
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing particular
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Ms Allan Campbell — resident in the Parish
of Longnish is insane, We request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Woodgall Brother & Broyle
Hugh W. Person Nephew of Woodgall & Broome

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 17th April 1832.

An obligation has been granted by John M. Dougall
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of 10/6
per week.

Wm. Cuthbertson Treasurer.
A. Tennent.

Admit W^m Allan Campbell as a Patient into the Asylum.
On production of Dr. A. Tennent's Certificate W. M. Dougall Physician.
To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labours.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Udlin. Aptat.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Two Months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never was insane before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	The elder certifies that she observed much depression of spirits for some weeks previously
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Hallucination. Fainted herself becoming blue & now in exalted mood, & harsh on the nurse
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Has lucid intervals - but they occur at uncertain periods
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Chiefly on one theme - her fear of damnation
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never - Is timorous
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No - but exhibits a desire to escape
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Forty two - A Garment's maker
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	A Widow - None known
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Wastefulness
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Deficiency of employment
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Purgatives have been administered with a soothing effect
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 27th April 1832

As you have agreed to admit Agnes McParson, Wid. McIlrae
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of
6/6 per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in
advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condi-
tion incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Peter Hill, Superintendent.

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALManno, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow,

18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____

as a Patient into the Asylum.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

As Surgeon Physician.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow,

18

As has been agreed to submit

into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of

per week.

I hereby engage to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate quarterly and in
advance to your Treasurer, to enable the receiver to discharge the same to the Patient.

27th April 1832 } Pauper case

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Peter Hill, Superintendent
of Town's Hospital

Humblly Sheweth

That Agnes M. Pherson, alias
M^{rs} M^{rs} Grace

aged Forty two years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Agnes
M. Pherson, alias M^{rs} Grace

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray—
Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John A. Easton, Surgeon produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Agnes M. Pherson alias McHae
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Moncrieff
Sheriff of Glasgow

Glasgow 27th April
1832

I hereby certify, upon soul & conscience, that
Widow Mc Leray, residing in the North Parish
of Glasgow is insane & is a fit patient for
the Asylum. John A. Easton, District Surgeon.

Glasgow 26th April
1830.

patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Medical Certificate.

I, _____
having this day examined _____
resident in the _____ of _____
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief _____ is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum.

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. Persons affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as patients. Moronish idiots and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Agnes McKerson

Admitted

27th April 1832

MS
Downs Hospital

Janet Fish &
Morrison

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Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John M^r Donald
Steward of the Glasgow Asylum

Humbly Sheweth

That Mrs. Morrison resident in the Town
of Glasgow

aged about thirty eight years is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 53 Geo. 3. Cap. 69 & 2 Geo. 4. Cap. 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John M^r Donald

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
W. P. Johnston M.D. produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mr. Morrison
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Mearns

Sh. Secy. &c.

Glasgow 2. May 1822.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow May 2^d 1838

I, W^m J. Johnston M.D. say now in Glasgow

having this day examined M^{rs} Munro

resident in the Town of Greenock

herby certify on soul and conscience that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. W^m J. Johnston M.D.

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A person afflicted with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiotic and frenzied
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Sancti Pauli or Morrison
Admitted
2 May 1832
75



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Janet Fisk my wife resident in the Town
of Greenock is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations. Done at Greenock

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 2nd May 1832

An obligation has been granted by Mr J. M. Taylor
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of fifteen shillings
per week.

J. A. Matheson Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Ann Morrison
or Walker

27

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

3 May

1832

The Petition of William Walker
Victualler in Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That Ann Morrison, my wife, residing
in No 34 Union Street Glasgow
aged Thirty two years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes 33 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 24
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Ann
Morrison

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

William Walker

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
George Hendrie M.D. produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Ann Morrison ~ ~ ~
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Moncrieff
Sh. Subst. Secy.

Glasgow 3 May
1832

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 3rd May 1832

J. George Hendrie, Physician.

in Glasgow

having this day examined Ann Morrison wife of John
Wm. Weather, resident in the Union of Glasgow

hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

George Hendrie M.D.
137 Fargate

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant idiots and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Am. Merriam & Walker

Admitted
4th May 1832

15/2



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About 400 months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	never before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	cannot say
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady; has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	death of a child, increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	No
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	chiefly on the death of a child
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Thirty-two - Household servant
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married - none
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Melancholly
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	none
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	never
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Thinks not
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Death of a child
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

3rd May 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Ann Morrison* resident in the *City*
of *Glasgow* is insane, *I* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Walter

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 5th May 1882.

An obligation has been granted by Mr W. Walker, 195. Argyle Street
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of one guinea or fifteen shillings
per week.

(say fifteen shillings per week) J. Matheson Treasurer.

Admit Mrs. M. M. M. as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. Matheson Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

This can be granted when the patient
comes to Glasgow.

Mrs Catherine Mitchell

10th May
1832

648
Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of The Clerk of Session
of Dumbarton

Humblly Sheweth

That Mrs Catherine Mitchell residing
in Dumbarton

aged about forty seven years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
W^m Steele Esq^r Clerk

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
H. S. Stuart, Surgeon, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Catherine Mitchell
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst

Glasgow 10 May
1837.

Medical Certificate.

Dumbarton 9th May 1831.

J. W. S. Stewart Surgeon in Dumbarton
having this day examined Mrs. Mitchell
resident in the Town of Dumbarton
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum J. W. S. Stewart

The Medical practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner is a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmful idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Ms. Katherine Mitchell
Admitted
May 10th 1832
18/5

16th May 1832.

Margaret Fraser
a Dowdore

49

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of James Davidson
Superintendent of Fire Engines in
the Glasgow Police Establish-
ment -

Humblly Sheweth

That Margaret Fraser the
Petitioners wife

aged **Thirty Six** years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Stewards of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said **Margaret
Fraser**

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray -

Jas. Davidson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hands of
William Moffat & John Spittal produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Margaret Frazer or Davidson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 16 May
1832 }
Gratis. M. G.

Walter Knox
Scripsit Subst. in

Medical Certificate.

We Archibald & J. Spittal Surgeons in Glasgow
having this day examined Mrs Davidson
Resident in the Police Maternity of Glasgow
hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of ~~our~~^{our} knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum Archibald & J. C. M. L. Surgeons
John Spittal M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. A person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Barren, idiots, and pregnant Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Margt Grayson Davidson

Admitted
16th May 1832

15/12



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £— 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 — — — — —	Fifth, — 2 2 — — — — —
Third, — 1 1 — — — — —	Sixth, — 3 3 — — — — —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUESTIONS.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since Friday 1 st Sept
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	About 3 years ago, at the time of his husband's death she had a slight attack which lasted for a very short time
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Very about three weeks before the symptoms of lunacy appeared she was somewhat depressed in spirits, no other precursory symptoms appeared
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady; has any obvious change in its form occurred; and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	She is a very intemperate woman, but no other symptoms are observed - appears to be increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	She has slight remissions for a few hours duration but at no stated periods
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one; and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Chiefly on one subject, viz her own position
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She has not attempted any self-violence but she has threatened to kill her mother
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	None
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age 47 years. Profession washer & dyer
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Widow None
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing of the kind ascertained in the years previous to her attack
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	The exciting cause is unknown
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	No particular treatment
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Dumbarton W'ellay 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Mr Catherine Mitchell residing in Dumbarton* resident in the *Town*
of *Dumbarton* is insane, *we* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

W. Wells Esq. M.D. for the Medical Officers

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 10th May 1832

An obligation has been granted by Mr. Jas. Gray, Confectioner, 71 Prince St.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Ten Shillings & Sixpence
per week.

T. J. Mathison Treasurer.

Admit Mrs Catherine Mitchell as a Patient into the Asylum.

The Secy Treasurer Receipt

Belmann Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 2 months 10 days after childbirth
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	had an attack about 5 years ago which continued about 5 months and I supposed she about 10 days after childbirth -
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	nothing remarkable -
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	paranoia of jealousy - jealousy -
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	slight remission
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	my woman subjects or indeed on almost all subjects -
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Has occasionally struck them around her
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	all occasionally -
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	36 - Domestic
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	married - A Brother at one period
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	nothing remarkable of a very sensitive disposition is specified -
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbirth?	each about 10 days after childbirth
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	not so far as known
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	nothing known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing in particular
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never treated in any Asylum before but during first attack resided for some time with the relations when she got well -

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 16th May 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Margaret Frazer my Wife* resident in the *City*
of *Glasgow* is insane, I request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Jas Davidson

Police Buildings

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 16th May 1832.

An obligation has been granted by Mr Bryce South Police Office
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of fifteen shillings
per week.

J. D. Culbertson Treasurer.
J. A. Mathieson

Admit Mr Davison (Mary Fraser) as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. Dalman Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 2 months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	never before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	nothing observed
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	several illusions connected with property
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	perception but could say at what periods
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Concerning that some conspirators against her property & that her husband is an officer & conspires
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	No
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Has attempted to strike her husband with a Poker
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	about 70 years - Domestic
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married - a sister whose case was doubtful
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	nothing remarkable if we except rather an irritable temper
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	nothing except lately her legs subject to a degree of swelling
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	not known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Under the charge of Dr. Brown treatment not known
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

Ms Ann Hall
or Rodger

650

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of James Rodger
Merchant in Glasgow. —.

Humbly Sheweth

That my Wife, Ann Hall

aged sixty two years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Ann Hall

I am
And your Petitioner
shall pray.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Burns M. D. in Glasgow — produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed Mr
Ann Hall or Rodger —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Mon.
Sheriff Subst. &c.

Glasgow 14 May 1832.

Medical Certificate.

17 May

1832

J. John Bunn Physician.

Glasgow, having this day examined Ann Hall
resident in the Dinning of Glasgow

herby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

John Bunn M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner is a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant idiots and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mr. Am. Hall or Rogers

Admitted
17th May 1832

83

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 17th May 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Anna Hall ne Rodgers resident in the Barony Parish
of Glasgow is insane, request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Simpson
M. J. R. K.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 17th May 1832,

An obligation has been granted by W. Mack E. Esq. Langate
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Three guineas
per week.

J. D. Cuthbertson Treasurer.
J. A. Mathieson

Admit Miss Adge as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. D. Cuthbertson Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

30th April 1882

Marion Scott
or Frew

657

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Mrs Jane Scott
residing in Argyle Street
Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That Mrs Marion Scott or Frew
residing at Port Dundas the Petitioner
~~is~~
aged thirty six years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Mrs
Marion Scott or Frew

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
Jen^l Scott

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Swellie Esq. Glasgow, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs. Marion Scott or Freeman
in terms of the Statute referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 30th April }
1832 }

James Watson
Sheriff Sub.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow April 28th 1832

I, James Smellie, Surgeon in Glasgow

having this day examined Mrs. Isaac

resident in the ~~lany~~^{lany} of Glasgow, 60 St. Dunstons,

hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

James Smellie.

Thames Building concourse,

The Medical practitioners granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
No person infected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Barren, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Marion Scott or New

Admitted
19th May 1832

10/8



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	It has been running occasionally for more than 3 years
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	It first appeared about 3 1/2 years ago - the use of Wine and other Stimulants for debility. It has occurred very often, of 2 or 3 day duration frequently.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	No depression of spirits, rather the reverse, debility, which she at that was in arising from exertions
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady; has any obvious change in its form occurred; and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	delirium, no change, appears to be increasing in each attack
5. Are there fixed intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	always sane when not under the excitement arising from spirits.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	raves indiscriminately on all subjects.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	has frequently attempted to strangle her children also threatened to take her own life with a razor, when they would give her more whiskey.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	her children, by attempting to strangle them with her hands,
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	occasionally both,
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	aged 36 is occupied as housewife
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	is married has had nine children,
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	has no other precursory symptom, but feels an excessive desire for a large draught of spirits. Thinks that that will allay the agony of horror that she then is in.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	is not subject to any periodical attack of any disease, has been in good health for 2 years no discharge nor eruption has been noticed.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	has frequently occurred during pregnancy, also in childhood,
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	never,
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	the excessive use of ardent spirits,
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	with holding the exciting cause, was always of much benefit, and is entirely well of herself from it for a sufficient time
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	was sent to the public or private asylum in June last in a very bad state, and dismissed at the request of her friends nothing improved -

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Gortaulandale, April 30th 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,

that *Mrs Free*

resident in *the Gortaulandale house*

parish of Glasgow is insane, request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Jean Scott her Sister
109 Angyle St

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

*Helen Richmond
or Siddell*

652



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £— 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 — — — — —	Fifth, — 2 2 — — — — —
Third, — 1 1 — — — — —	Sixth, — 3 3 — — — — —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>Eleven months</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>This is the fourth time</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>her spirits much depressed, and little or no sleep</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>Increasing</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>Short lucid intervals</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any persistent or remarkable illusions.	<i>She frequently in a raving state</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>She has threatened self violence but not of late</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>None whatever</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>None of these does she ever attempt</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>Only Two years of age</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>She is a married woman her Mother was insane</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>Nothing of the kind whatever</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>None</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>once after childbed</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>her head was injured when a child</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>The loss of a child in which her Daughter and grand child was</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>all has been done by the advice of medical gentlemen that could be done</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>She has only been Two weeks out of the Georgia Lunatic Asylum</i>

28th May
1832

Pauper case

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Peter Hill, Super-
intendent of the Hospital

Humbly Sheweth

That Helen Rickman, wife
of John Liddell, Callender, in Glasgow
aged forty two — years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 69, & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Helen
Rickman

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Brown produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers &
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Stella Richmond
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 28th May 1832
J.W.D.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 28th May. 1832

I James Brown Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mr Liddle
resident in the city of Glasgow
hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum James Brown Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmful idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Helen Richmond or Liddell
Admitted
28th May 1852
J. W.
Brown Hospital

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen, _____ 18__
Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen, Glasgow, 28th May 1872
As you have agreed to admit Helen Richmond
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of
6/6 per week,
I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in
advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condi-
tion incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John Hill
Town's Hospital

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALManno, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Malen Nelson as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow,

As was here agreed to admit

into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as Patient and Boarder, at the rate of

per week.

I hereby agree myself to pay the said Patient's board at the rate quarterly and in

Margaret Kennedy
653



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>about three weeks.</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>She was never previously insane.</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>For some weeks before her present illness was restless & had no desire to sleep, but no irregularity in her diet or general health. Constant wandering from one subject to another, and often outrageous. — the malady came on suddenly.</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>There are slight remissions of morbid ideas, but not sufficient to be allowed her liberty. — Calmest after midnight.</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>She raves on indifferent subjects now, but at first was constantly employed in prayer and imprecations.</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>Never.</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>At first she made attempts to injure every person near her.</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>When at liberty tore her cloaths and broke the furniture.</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>Twenty five last Dec. & employed sewing since a girl.</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>Single — None to our knowledge.</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Very assiduous in religious duties, and reading all books on such subjects. No vice or intemperance predominant.</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>Catamenia occasionally interrupted; Subject to no disease specific here.</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>Never.</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>probably deficiency of menstruation.</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>Drastic purgatives, warm bath, blisters to the head, & Solution of Tartaric Acid.</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>Never.</i>

11th June 1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of George Manson
Blacksmith in Ayr

Humblly Sheweth

That Margaret Kennedy residing
in Ayr the Petitioner's Niece
aged threentyfive years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 53 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Margaret
Kennedy

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray—
George Manson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
George Mitchell Surgeon Esq produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Margaret Kennedy —
in terms of the Statute referred to in the
Petition

Walter Knox,
Clerk of Court.

Glasgow 11th June
1832
gratis M. G.

Medical Certificate.

Ayr June 10th 1832

J. Geo. Mitchell Surgeon in Ayr

having this day examined Margaret Kennedy
resident in the parish of Ayr.

hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

J. Geo. Mitchell Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person afflicted with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Warmly idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Margaret Kennedy
Admitted
11 June 1832
10/5

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Ayr June 11th 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mary Kennedy resident in the High Street of Ayr is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Mary Kennedy Mother
George Manson Uncle

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the designation of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, _____ 18

As you have agreed to admit _____ into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of _____ per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit ~~W. J. J. J. J.~~ _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.
Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

18

Glasgow

Glasgow

I have here agreed to admit

into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of

per week.

I hereby agree to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate quarterly, and in

advance, on the first day of each quarter, to the said Asylum.

Elizabeth Bosgown
or Land

654

29th June
1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute:

The Petition of James David Collier
residing at Park Head Barrony, Parish
of Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth

That Elizabeth Bosgown or M^{rs} Land
respects to your petitioner residing at Park Head
aged Thirty one years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 6. 2 & 3 Geo. 4. Cap. 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Elizabeth
Bosgown or M^{rs} Land

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
James David

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Paterson Surgeon, Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Elizabeth Balfour or Laird
in terms of the Statute referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 29th Jan^y 1832 }
gratis & me^y.

H. W. M. M.

Medical Certificate.

June 29th - 1832

I, John Paterson Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mrs Laird
resident in the Parish of Barony
do hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief She is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum
John Paterson Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A Person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Elizabeth Dalfour & Laird
Admitted
29th June 1832

PS
Barony Parish



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £— 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 — — — — —	Fifth, — 2 2 — — — — —
Third, — 1 1 — — — — —	Sixth, — 3 3 — — — — —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>Twelve weeks past</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>Never before</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Very Low in spirits for some time previous</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>Other days outrageous and at other times quite sullen - it appears to be getting daily worse</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>None during the last two weeks</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>on different subjects - for some time. The allusion to having a quantity of sugar of Lead at the death suggestion - but has stopped that</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>Yes by trying to leap over the window</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>None</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>Tears her clothes breaks the windows and furniture - if not watched</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>Nearly one year of age - used to be a barrow woman</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Married - had an aunt insane</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>Nothing but a levity of spirit, was much in the habit of drinking and of spirit to drink previous to her derangement</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>No other disease</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>None</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>Nothing known but what is already mentioned</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>Threw her head and blistered it but it produced no effect</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>Never before</i>

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Perth 29th June 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Elizabeth Pringle or Mrs. Laid* resident in the *Village of Parkhead Barony*
Parish of Glasgow is insane, *We* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

James Laid Husband of Elizabeth Pringle or Mrs. Laid
George McNeagman or Mr. Peter Parkhead

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 29th June 1832

An obligation has been granted by John McLaren Treasurer Burgh Parish
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of six shillings & six pence
per week.

Robt Marshall Treasurer.

Admit Elizabeth Belfour (W Lane) as a Patient into the Asylum.

Edmund Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

10th July
1832

Mary Tomlinson
655

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of James Wright
Cotton Broker in Glasgow Treasurer
to the Kirk Session of St. David's Parish
in said City

Humbly Sheweth

That Mary Tomlinson residing
in St. David's parish Glasgow
aged about thirty eight years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3 Cap. 69 & 2 Geo. 4 Cap. 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mary
Tomlinson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
J. Wright Junr

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
George Hendrie, M. D. produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mary Tomlinson ———
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Moin
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 10th July
1832

A Pauper ^{gratis M.D.}

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 9th July 1832
I, Dr. George Hendrie Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mary Tomlinson
resident in the Parish of St. David Glasgow
herby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, She is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum
George Hendrie M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mary Fennison
Admitted
10th July 1832
PS
St David's Parish



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £— 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 —	Fifth, — 2 2 —
Third, — 1 1 —	Sixth, — 3 3 —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About 6 or 7 months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	First time
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Depression of spirits
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Increasing hostilities
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Much the same at all times
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	chiefly one, dead of being murdered
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	None excepting going over the window
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	no
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	38 - Band Box maker
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	single
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	no
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	unknown Religious melancholy
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 10 July 1832.

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mary Tomlinson resident in the Parish
of St David, Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

J. M. T. T. St David's Parish

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Application

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mary Tomlinson _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Medical Certificate and Parochial Certificate _____ J. D. M. M. M. Physician.

on recommendation of Parish
To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Agnes Dow
656

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute. Janet Dow or
The Petition of Mrs. Brown
residing in Main Street of Gorbals
of Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth

That Agnes Dow the Petitioner's
Sister — " — " — " — " — "
aged about Twenty ^{one} years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

Glasgow
12th July 1832

And your Petitioner
Janet ^{her} Brown shall ever pray.
mark
Mrs. Brown

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Walter Buchanan produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Apres Dorn
in terms of the Statute referred to in the
Petition

Walter Knox
Sheriff Subst. &c.

Glasgow 14th July
1832
James White

Medical Certificate

Gorkals, 12th July, 1842.

I, Walter Buchanan, Surgeon in Gorkals

having this day examined Agnes Dow

resident in the parish of Gorkals

herely certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best

of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper

patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal

Lunatic Asylum

Walter Buchanan, Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Agnes Down
Admitted
16th July 1832
J. B.
Barony Parish



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, _____ - 15 - _____	Fifth, _____ 2 2 - _____
Third, _____ 1 1 - _____	Sixth, _____ 3 3 - _____

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	8 days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	5 times, 1 st occurred about 17 yrs ago. Violent, lasted six months.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Melancholy, Want of sleep, and variable temper a short time before the attack.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady; has any obvious change in its form occurred; and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Outragious, no change, but rather on the increase.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Neither more at times, and calmer at other but uncertain periods.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Raves almost indifferently but chiefly on religious subjects.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never did.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Yes, particularly to burn her clothes.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	21 yrs of age, Seller of brushes with hair.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single. Relatives never were insane.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of eddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing particular but prone to take her opportunity of removing articles out of the way.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Catamenia always suppressed before an attack, but no other disease.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	She never was pregnant.
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Suppressed Catamenia, it is supposed.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Was in the Asylum twice, and soon recovered, both times.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	5 months at one time and six at another. Dismissed cured at both times, from the Glasgow Asylum.

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 12th July 1882

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *James Low* aged *21 years* resident in the *City of Glasgow*
of *Glasgow* is insane, I request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Mrs Brown
resident in Glasgow, sister of the above named

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit James Dow _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Walmans Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Ann B. Martine
637



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 2.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>Coming on gradually - but worse last fortnight</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>None the way.</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>Energy having injured by her friends.</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

per August
1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Mary M Gregor
residing in Hutcheson town

Humblly Sheweth

That Mrs Anne Ballantyne
residing in Hutcheson town of Govan
aged about 36 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mrs Anne
Ballantyne.

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Margaret M Gregor

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Watson M.D. Surgeon produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Miss Anne Ballantyne
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 1st August
1832
Gratis M.D.

[Signature]

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 1 Aug 1832

I, James Watson M.D. Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Miss Anne Ballantyne
resident in the parish of Govan
hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

James Watson M.D.

*The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.*

Ann Ballantyne
Admitted
1st August 1832
10/6

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 1 Aug. 1852.

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mrs Anne Ballantyne resident in the parish
of Govan is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations. Margaret Hoggan

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 1st August 1832

An obligation has been granted by Dr James Watson
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten shillings five pence
per week.

Robt Marshall Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

7 August 1832

Margaret Stevenson

658

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Steel Merchant
in Glasgow and Jane Stevenson residing
in Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That Margaret Stevenson at present
in this service of the Petitioner William Steel
aged about forty five years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Margaret
Stevenson accordingly

And your Petitioners
shall ever pray.

Lean Stevenson William Steel

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
J^m L. L. Clark Esq^r of Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Margaret Stevenson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 17th December
1832

James Mathew
Sheriff Subst

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow August 7th 1832
I, W. E. C. Clark Surgeon in Glas-
gow, having this day examined Margaret Scotland
resident in the Parish of St. David's
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. W. E. C. Clark

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after perusing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
parish, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mary Henson
Admitted
7th August 1832
18/02
Barony Barch



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " " 15 " " "	Fifth, " " " 2 2 " " "
Third, " " " 1 1 " " "	Sixth, " " " 3 3 " " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Attack quite recent
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	never
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	For 10 days previous to attack was apprehensive of danger from evil spirits & never slept
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Formative from against Papistry Symptoms not defined; rather stationary
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	on one subject only, viz Papistry? Imagines herself heart & filled with devils & various animals
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	30 years, steady, a domestic servant
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single. Friends not aware that mentally disordered was ever in any of their family
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Had rather an excited appearance as if labouring under the influence of intellectual passion Had a her religious impressions, belongs to the Established Church. No vice or intemperance
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Religion
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Free Remission had the effect of calming her Involuntary spasms, nothing else was done
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never Jesse Stevenson W. C. Clark, Surgeon

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 7th August 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Margaret Stevenson* resident in the *Parish of*
of *St David Glasgow* is insane, *We* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

*William Steel 52 Ingram St.
Dean Stevenson*

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 7th August 1832

An obligation has been granted by Mr. Woodcock, of Steel & Cunniff for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Ten shillings & sixpence per week.

James Spence Treasurer.

Admit Margaret Stevens as a Patient into the Asylum.

W. Dalrymple Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Elizabeth Rankine
659

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of David Rankine
residing in Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth

That Elizabeth Rankine the
petitioners sister

aged about thirty six years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 24
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

David Rankine

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
David Rankine produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Elizabeth Rankine
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow August 4th
1832

W M M M M

Medical Certificate

Kirkcubrick 6th August 1833

I, Mathew Drew Surgeon Kirkcubrick
having this day examined Elizabeth Rankin
resident in the parish of Kirkcubrick
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief ~~she~~ is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

M. Drew

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. A. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Foolish idiots and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Elizabeth Rankine
Admitted
8th August 1832.
15th



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " 15 " " "	Fifth, " " 2 2 " " "
Third, " " 1 1 " " "	Sixth, " " 3 3 " " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repented. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repented only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any cutaneous discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

6 August 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Miss Elizabeth Rankine resident in the Parish
of Stirling is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

David Rankine

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 8th August 1832

An obligation has been granted by Mr. David Runkine 45 Princes St.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Fifteen shillings Sterling
per week.

James Spence Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

22? 1. 1822

No 1. Catharine Ann Wilson

BB

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Wilson
Purbr Minister, Newtownmawley,
County of Londonderry, Ireland

Humbly Sheweth

That Catharine Ann Wilson
County Londonderry, Ireland

aged 28 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Super of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said C. A. Wilson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Wilson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Marcus Dill ^{Esq} Physician ^{in Law} County of London produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Catherine Ann Wilson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 22^d August
1832
M.D.



Medical Certificate.

N^o 2 Vol 4 Aug^r 21 1832

I,

do Notified

Simwady, having this day examined Miss Catherine Ann
Wilson resident in the County of Londonderry, Ire-
land hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. Marcus Dill M.D. M.C.

The Medical practitioners Granting this certificate, will, after purposing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant fevers, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Catherine Ann Wilson
Admitted
22 August 1832
157



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About three months.
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	The present is the first attack.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	great depression of spirits with occasional morbid hyperaesthesia, irritability of temper, neglect of business, want of sleep and appetite, & a burning sensation about the pit of the stomach lasted some months previously. Some months bursts of laughter without apparent cause, lively & exuberant & unusual fondness of sleep. No change has occurred. The malady is really stationary.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Occasionally, there are intervals of quietness and considerable serenity of mind.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	The patient does not rave on any subject but it is evident she silently broods over one engrossing subject which has deranged her intellect.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Under the gloomy irritation preceding the malady she often desired the means of self-destruction: but never in her present state.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Under strong excitement she has done so in a very few instances.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age 28 years. She was accustomed to sew, knit &c.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single, and no relative was known to be insane.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of eddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	The patient was not remarkable in any of the particulars mentioned, nor was there any peculiarly strong religious or political leaning in favor of either.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No other malady or disease known. Catamenia at first regular but for some time past quite irregular.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No.
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Attachment to a young man of whom for various reasons she did not approve, giving rise to a severe and continued struggle between her desires and her judgment.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Though bath, sea bathing, and exercise with little effect.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never.

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Newtimavady August 22nd 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Catherine Ann Wilson resident in the County of L. Derry, Ireland is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Wilson Robert Wilson } Brothers of patient
William Wilson

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 22^d August 1832

An obligation has been granted by Mr. A. Mitchell & Apeth. Hall
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Fifteen Shillings
per week.

James Syme Treasurer.

Admit Miss Catherine Wilson as a Patient into the Asylum.

In presence of J. Syme, M.D. & J. Syme, Esq. J. Syme, M.D. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Janet Chalmer
or Boyd

681

28th Aug.

1832 }

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of James Boyd
Wright, Her Kintillock

Humbly Sheweth

That Janet Chalmer or Boyd
the Petitioner's Wife ~ ~ ~

aged about 53 - years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statute, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Janet
Chalmer or Boyd. ~

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
James Boyd

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Alexander Stewart Surgeon, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Janet Chalmers or Boyd
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition. -

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 28th Aug.
J.W.S. 1832

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 38th Aug 1832

I, Alexander Stewart Esq, Surgeon, Glasgow
having this day examined Jane Chalmeers, or
May, resident in the parish of Monkland
do hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Alex. Stewart Esq, Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant fevers, and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee

Janet Chalmers & Co.

Admitted

28th Aug. 1832

157



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>Memories of previous station</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>Principally on religious subjects</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>At a former period he attempted to drown himself</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>Not of late</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>At a former period</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>Age 53 - Domestic</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Married - a brother insane at former period - now well</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>Bands catarrh, & other respects well</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>First attack succeeded child-bearing in 1809.</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>Wounded in early life by the back of a horse.</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>No C known</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>Treated in the Institution in the years 1828 & 9.</i>

BY

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Lunatic Asylum.
Glasgow 28th Dec^r 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Janet Chalmers My Wife resident in the Parish of Markinch is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

James Bond

r your Regulations. James Boyd
 Wright, Kenton, Va.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 28th August 1832

An obligation has been granted by James McCorbett No 6 Saltmarket
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Fifteen shillings
per week.

Rob^t Marshall Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

11th September
1832

Elizabeth Gardiner
662

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Gardiner
Sugar Sampler Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth

That My Wife Elizabeth Gardiner

aged about 28 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 33 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 3 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Elizabeth
Gardiner

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Gardiner

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Mackie Physician Greenock produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Elizabeth Gardin
in terms of the Statute referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 11th September
1832
M.G.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 11th September 1832

James Mackie Physician in Glasgow

having this day examined Mrs. Gardiner
resident in the West Parish Glasgow

hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. James Mackie M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Elizabeth Gardner
Admitted
11th Sept 1832
15/-



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repented. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>About three months</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>This is the first attack</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Was depressed in spirits for some time previous, in consequence of the death of her young child</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>There are no lucid intervals</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>She raves chiefly on religious subjects</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>Never</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>Never</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>Age about 28</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Married</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>No</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, ruptures, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>None</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>No</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>Amused in Mr 3</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>Has been fully bled, bled by leeches - purged by Safflower - has cold applications to the head</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>No</i>

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Greenock 10th Sept^r 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Elizabeth Gardiner resident in the West Parish
of Greenock is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Gardiner, Duke Street

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which the Patient resides, and the relation, the denomination, of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 24th September 1832

An obligation has been granted by Peter Clouston 126 Queen Street
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of fifteen shillings
per week.

Robt Marshall Treasurer.

Admit Eliza G. H. - James as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. D. Adams Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About 2 Years when first observed 2 June to July 1832
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	The malady appeared first about 2 Years ago at various periods - by striking her mother and other acts of violence
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	has been quite healthy - until the few days she had been removed to the Cholera hospital where she remained 10 days in the month of July & healthy since, but the day after she left the hospital became furious
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	she winds yarn quietly & flies up in an instant - changeable
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	breaks furniture & tears clothes
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	34 Years of Age
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Deaf and Dumb
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Evil thoughts of the Medical Men & hatred towards them
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing since leaving the Hospital
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

Sep. 15th
1832.

Pauper Case

Unto The Honourable, The
Sheriff-Depute of the Shire of Lanark,
or his Substitutes,

The Petition of Peter Hill, Super-
intendent of Town's Hospital

Humbly Sheweth,

That Mary Pegg, daughter
of Archibald Pegg, late Cabinet Maker, Glasgow,
aged about thirty four years, is at present in such a state of mental
derangement, as to render it necessary and proper she should be put under
restraint & confinement, as appears from the accompanying Medical
Certificate, under the hand of John Robbison, one of the
District Surgeons of this City -

And as by the Statutes 55th Geo. III. Cap. 69. & 9th Geo. III.
Cap. 34, Your Lordships Warrant for reception into a Public Hospital
or Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your
Lordships to Grant Warrant to
the Superintendant or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Mary
Pegg
and your Petitioner will ever pray.
Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered this Petition
& Certificate, under the hand of John Roberson
Surgeon, in Glasgow
produces Grants Warrant for placing the within designed
Mary Pegg

into The Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, in terms of
the Statute, referred to in the Petition.

[Signature]

Glasgow,
15th September 1832.
Gratis *M.G.*

Wagon 12th Sept 1832
having examined Mary Kegg I
consider her a fit patient for the
Lunatic Asylum certified on soul
and conscience
John Robertson Surgeon

408 Brixton

Sound bodily health.

15th Sept 1832

John Robertson
Surgeon

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 15th September 1832

As you have agreed to admit Mary Begg
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of
6/6 per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in
advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condi-
tion incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Peter Hill Super^r
Glasgow General Hospital

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALDWIN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mary Briggs for _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.
and to be admitted to the Asylum to be under the charge of the Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Mary Briggs
Admitted
17th April 1832
D. W. M.
D. W. M.

Maria Josepha Binks

664
Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Thomas Binks, Sea
Merchant in Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth

That Maria Binks the Petitioner's
Wife

aged Twenty Six years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Thomas Binks

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Dr. Corrie Dale ——— produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers &
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Melita Binks ———
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Mair
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 20. Sept. 1832.

Medical Certificate.

20th Sept 8

I, James Corkindale M.D., Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mrs Josephine Binkes
resident in the City of Glasgow
herely certify on soul and conscience that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

James Corkindale M.D.

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Melita Josephine Binks

Admitted

20th Sept^r 1832

34/6



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>ten days</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>Never</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Irregular and contradictory</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred; and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>about the same as at first</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>Nothing particular</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>No violence</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>No</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>Twenty six</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Married</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>Had symptoms of a degree of ^{hypochondria} mental alienation at his former ^{relatives} residence</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>In the seventh Month</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>Never</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>Can assign none</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>Purgatives have been given</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>No</i>

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 20 Sept^r 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mrs. Maria Stephen Smith resident in the City
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Thomas Smith

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Elizabeth Rae

665

3^d Oct.
1832

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Thomas. Rae
Collier at Carronshore

Humbly Sheweth

That Elizabeth Rae the
Petitioners Sister

aged about 28 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 33 Geo. 3 Cap. 62 & 2 Geo. 4 Cap. 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Elizabeth
Rae.

Jas. Bell And your Petitioner
for Tho. Rae shall ever pray

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Mitchell Surgeon produced
Grants Warrant and authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Elizabeth Rae — — —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 3. Oct.
J. W. G. 1832 }

Medical Certificate.

27 Sept 1832

Stenhousemuir I, James Mitchell Surgeon
having this day examined Elizabeth Rae
resident in the Parish of Bothkenmar
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, **She** is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. James Mitchell Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after signing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
pothol, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Hearingly idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Elizabeth Rae
Admitted
3 October 1832
18/5



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £	10	6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £	1	11	6 per Week.
Second, _____	15	_____	Fifth, _____	2	2	_____
Third, _____	1	1 _____	Sixth, _____	3	3	_____

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Med. Agent

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about six months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	first attack
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	none
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Religious subjects, & rather increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	much the same at all times
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	He supposes every person she meets to be heraviour or to have a message from him or a fit person to send to him requesting an interview
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Frequently & chiefly by decaying
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	He has sometimes attempted to injure her mother but can scarcely be called Premeditated
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	About 28 years, and wrought in a coal pit until 6 years ago
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single - none of her relatives have been insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing particular
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Having a child to her Brother-in-law when he was a Widower - And her housekeeper
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Four of the prescriptions would be strictly attended to
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 1st Oct 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Elizabeth Rae my Sister resident in the Parish of Boskennan is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations. Thomas Rae

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 3^d October 1837

An obligation has been granted by William Palmer London Street
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Ten shillings & sixpence
per week.

Robt Marshall Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

15th October
1832

Agnes M^{rs} Fair
or Ronald
566

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of James Wharr
Bleacher Wellpark

Humbly Sheweth

^{M^{rs} Agnes M^{rs} Fair}
That M^{rs} Agnes Wharr, alias Ronald
my sister

aged 25 ——— years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes 33 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 24
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said M^{rs} Agnes
M^{rs} Fair alias Ronald

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
James Macnair

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Watson Surgeon in Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs. Agnes McNaughton alias Bonnet
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson

Glasgow 15th October
1832

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 15th Octo 1832

I James Watson Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Mrs Agnes McLean alias Ronald
resident in the Parish of Barony of Glasgow
do hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum * James Watson M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiotic, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Agnes McNaughton
Admitted
15th October 1832

2/6



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Three or four days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	First in a severe form years ago & since three times. — Specific symptoms restlessness & pride. —
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Often depressed — Bowels apt to be deranged
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Prominent symptoms as above two attacks of the above severe
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Her Glean on friends have not had sufficient experience of her disease to answer this query. —
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Has attempted to tear clothes & has also to break windows.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	25 —
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married. — Her Aunt was & is at present deranged. —
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Not known
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Not known
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Two attacks whilst nursing
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 15th Oct 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that M^{rs} Agnes Wilson alias Ronald resident in the Parish of Barony of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

James Macnair.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mr J. J. Donald (Agnes M. Donald) a Patient into the Asylum.

The production of Staffs were _____ J. B. Donald Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Sean Neilson
667

18th Oct.
1832

} Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Matthew Houston
treasurer Kilbarchan & one of
the Managers of the Poor Funds
for the parish of Kilbarchan

Humbly Sheweth ~~Sean Neilson~~

That Sean Neilson, residing
in said parish — — —

aged about fifty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statute, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Sean
Neilson. —

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Matthew Houston

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Alexander Howie, Surgeon produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Jesse Neilson ~ ~ ~
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 18th Oct.
Hatis. J.W.G. 1832 }

Medical Certificate.

Kilburn 17th Oct. 1832

I, Alex. Howie Surgeon in Kilburn
having this day examined Jean Nelson
a resident in the parish of Kilburn
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. Alex. Howie Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed idiots, and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Jean Nilson
Admitted
18th October 1822
10/6



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Miss Gaird.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	June from the latter end of June
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	No
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Three Months she got laid she was restless in the Councils went from her rest being symptoms with exuberant and depression of spirit were absent from each part of the mind
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Much the same - great mental depression - morning for 3 weeks past
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	None
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Moans on nights of the times and thinks she is to be murdered an account of imaginary depredations
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	No - at one time attempted to poison Sanderum for self destruction
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age 46 years Occupation flouring with the mill
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	unmarried no relations ever insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	No
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No menstruation for 2 or 3 months that is, since her malady attended it
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	No direct exciting cause seen but of gradual approach
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Has had of the times No medicine
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never in any asylum

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 18th Oct. 1837

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that ~~my sister~~ *Janet Neilson* resident in the *Parish*
of *Kilbarchan* is insane, I request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Janet Neilson

Matthew Houston no relation

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 18th October 1832

An obligation has been granted by Robt Douglas, Minister Kilbarochan
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten shillings & six pence
per week.

Robt Marshall Treasurer.

Admit James Nelson as a Patient into the Asylum.

W Adams Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Mary Gemmell
668



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Sant. 1846

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About Three Weeks
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	First Time
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Neither Depressed nor elevated for three weeks before
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Suspicion of Injury Incestuous
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	She has Remissions at uncertain Times
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	on Various Subjects
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She has threatened but not attempted to cut her throat
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	None
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	She has torn clothes
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age about 30 years She is a Sewer
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Unmarried None of her friends ever insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	She has read a great Deal and latterly on Religious subjects
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Nothing Particular
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Never Was Pregnant
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	No Treatment
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

19th Oct^r,
1842

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Joseph Gemmil
Cotton Spinner, Cotton

Humbly Sheweth

That Mary Gemmil formerly Sister
residing in Cotton of Glasgow
aged about 30 years is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mary Gemmil

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Joseph Gemmil

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Robert Haddow, Surgeon, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mary Leumill
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watt

Sheriff of Glasgow

Glasgow 19th October
Gratis J.H.G. 1832 }

Medical Certificate.

Calton 19 Oct^r 1832

I Robert Haddow Surgeon Residing in Calton
having this day examined Mary Gummel
resident in the Milens of Calton Glasgow
Solely certify on soul and conscience that to the best
of my knowledge and belief She is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum Robert Haddow Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiots and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee

Mary Gemmil
Admitted
19th Decr 1832
96
Barony Parish

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mary Gemmill my Sister resident in the Mile End of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Joseph Gemmill
13 William Street Mile End

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the designation of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 20 Oct 1852

As you have agreed to admit Mary Gemmill into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of Six and Six pence per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John Wilson Kirk Treasurer Barony
Parish

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALDIANO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit James _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

22nd Oct. 1832

Margaret Allison

69

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Doctor John McTear

Minister of the Gospel residing at Newtonhill
Barony Parish of Glasgow.

Humbly Sheweth

That Margaret Allison my Servant

aged about thirty seven years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo. 3 Cap. 69 & 9 Geo. 4 Cap. 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Margaret
Allison

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
John McTear

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Andrew physician Glasgow produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Margaret Alison
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson
Sheriff Clerk

Glasgow 23^d October
1832
gratis M. G.

Medical Certificate

Glasgow 27th Octr 1832.

I, John Andrew M.D. in Glas.

now having this day examined Margaret Allison

resident in the house of Dr Mitchell & Vincent St.

Glasgow hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

J. Andrew M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the names of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant edema and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Margaret Allison
Admitted
23 Oct: 1832
10/07



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Cent. Family

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>A few days.</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>About 15 years ago - was in a state of Melancholy</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Depressed</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>Religion</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>No</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>No</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>37 years Farmer</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Single, None so far as known</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>None</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>Not so far as known</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 23^d October 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Margaret Allison* ~~servant~~ *with me* resident in the *Barony Parish*
of *Glasgow* is insane, I request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Mitchell

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 23^d October 1832

An obligation has been granted by Dr Mitchell of Andersonston
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten shillings & sixpence
per week.

James Syme Treasurer.

Admit Margaret 1094 as a Patient into the Asylum.

Macdonald Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

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Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About Six Months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	About 10 years ago on the failure of a Brother. He was much distressed in spirit & had a violent attack of the pueral malady.
3. Before the symptoms of insanity became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	About a fortnight before the return of the malady. He had a severe Catarrh of the bladder & a severe attack of the pueral malady.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Chiefly depression and morbidly sensitive. He now thinks he had a violent attack of the pueral malady.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Very many both.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	No No's
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	He has said if you do not let me away I will do worse
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age 31. He is a highly respected Farmer's Daughter
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single. By the Malady and Laid 2 Aunts & her Mother slightly
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	None
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	He lost sleep & had great anxiety about a Brother's illness
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	He has been under the care of a Physician & has been more the state of the mind & has been treated with the usual & other applications
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

24th October
1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Joseph Dygart
residing in the County of Donegall - Ireland

Humblly Sheweth

That Dorcas Dygart his Sister

aged about Thirty one years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Dorcas
Dygart

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Joseph Dygart

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
J. A. Miller Physician London & produced
Grant's Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Doreas Dysart
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 24th October 1832
Attest
Walter Hogg

Medical Certificate.

I, _____
having this day examined _____
resident in the _____ of _____
do hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief _____ is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum *

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Near-sighted, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Donas Dyant
Admittet.
25th October 1839
15/-

London
Oct. 20th 1832

I do hereby certify that the Brethren Miss Dorcas
Dyball - daughter of Mr. James Dyball of Limerick -
is madd in the Parish of St. Dunghall - has been
for some time of unsound mind and that it
has become necessary to place her in a Private
Asylum in the hope of accomplishing her recovery.

George May

Senior Presbyterian Minister
of London

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

Gentlemen,

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Doreas Dypard Mary Foster resident in the Parish
of Beaufort is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Joseph Dyson

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

October 23 1882

I, L. S. Miller, _____ in London,
having this day examined Wm. L. Dyett resident in the County of
Gloucester, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, _____ is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

L. Villo M. L.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. *N. B.* No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 25th October 1832.

An obligation has been granted by Mr Robt Wilson, 188 Buchanan Street,
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Fifteen Shillings
per week.

Don Guthrie, Treasurer.

Admit Miss Maria Dugan as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Sheriff's Warrant J. B. Macdonald Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

11/13
Glasgow.

Robert Wilson Esq.
Glasgow.
Scotland.

First Rule
Second, —
Third, —

According to the
the size of the bed-
and in the proportion
vided solely to attend
highest class, a charge

Patients sent by
lations, pay according

Patients sent by

The board is, in

When any patient
Committee, to ascertain

Patients have no

A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's residence

29th October
1832

Sanct Hamilton

671

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Wright
Magister of the North West -
or S.^t David's parish Septon
Mary and

Humblly Sheweth

That Janet Hamilton
Residing in N^o 424 Pringate
Mary and

aged thirty seven years at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 54
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Janet
Hamilton.

J. Wright

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Wm Moffat Surgeon Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Janet Hamilton
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 29th October
1832
James McElroy

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

I, William Crofton Esq in Glasgow
having this day examined James Hamilton
resident in the city of Glasgow County, South
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief he is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum * Wm Crofton Esq
Secy. 9th Glasgow

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner is a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiotic and pregnant Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Janet Hamilton
Admitted
29th Oct. 1832
JP
St. David's Parish



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " 15 " "	Fifth, " " 2 2 " "
Third, " " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 53, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

John Nelson **Queries.**

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	12 weeks
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Was once before insane and treated for three months in the establishment about 17 years ago from which period she seems not to have recovered
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Great depression, loss of sleep, nervous and hysterical heart break -
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	has had occasional intervals or rather remissions at uncertain periods -
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	on a great variety of subjects, but none prominent ones
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Violent when controlled by friends but nothing from premeditation -
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	has broken furniture & thrown clothes on the fire
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	about 37 - domestic servant -
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	single - none so far as known
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of eddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	nothing remarkable -
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Complains occasionally of Cardialgia, Catarrhs - not affected since last month -
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Last attack occurred about 2 weeks before delivery of an illegitimate child -
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	no
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	disturbance on account of her own misconduct
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing of late
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Three months in the establishment as above stated -

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 29th Oct 1832
Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Ann Hamilton Mather* resident in the *City*
of *Glasgow* is insane, *I* request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Agnes Hamilton
Servant with *Mr James Nelson Mather*

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

*Spence & Co
Glasgow*

Glasgow, ²⁹ October 1832.

An obligation has been granted by Mr. James Wright, Virginia Court,
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of six shillings & six pence
per week.

Don Lutherton Treasurer.

Admit James Hamilton as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. Balmerma Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.



Esther McCallum
672

Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the admission, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any <i>customary</i> discharge; to sores, eruptions, ruptures, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

4th Nov.
1832.

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute:

The Petition of John W Lareu
Kirk Treasurer, Barony Parish

Humblly Sheweth

That Esther McCallum, residing
in the Barony Parish of Glasgow
aged 49 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo. 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Esther
McCallum ~

And your Petitioner
John Maria Kirk shall ever pray.
Treasurer Barony

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Brown, Surgeon produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Esther Wallace
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson
Sheriff of Glasgow

Glasgow 7th Nov.
Gratia M.G. 1832

Medical Certificate.

6. November 1832

I, James Brown Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Esther McCallum
resident in the Bannock of Glasgow do
hereby certify, on soul and conscience that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum) * James Brown

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate will, after purposing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Morally idiotic and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the visiting Committee.

Estlin Marshall
Admitted
7th Nov 1832
JP
Barony Parish

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Print the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 7 Nov. 1832

As you have agreed to admit _____
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of
_____ per week,
I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in
advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condi-
tion incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John McLaren Esq. Treasurer Glasgow Asylum

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMUNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Ethel M. Collins as a Patient into the Asylum.

W. M. M. M. M. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT BY BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

18

I, _____, do hereby certify to admit

into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of

_____ per week.

I hereby agree to pay the said Patient's Board at this rate quarterly, and in

advance, to the said Asylum, to enable the same to receive the Patient

and to defray the expenses of his or her treatment, and to fulfil any other

Marion Scott
or
Frew

673

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Miss Jean Scott
N^o 109 Angyle Street Glasgow.

Humblly Sheweth

That Mrs Marion Frew my Sister

aged thirty five years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers &
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Jean Scott

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Snellie Surgeon produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Marion Frew
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 13 Nov
1832

Walter Mon.
Sh. Subst. D.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow Nov 15th 1832

J. James M'ellie Surgeon

Glasgow

having this day examined Mrs. Isen
resident in the ^{Parish} of Glasgow

I hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

James M'ellie,

The Medical Practitioner Granting this certificate, will, after performing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant
Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Marion Scott or New
Admitted
28th Nov 1832
10/5



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Melancholia induced a later

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>nearly four years</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>It has been occurring regularly since the above period.</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Much depression of spirits occurred after child bearing with much delicacy.</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>no obvious change has taken place in any manner whatever</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>always sane when not under the influence of ardent spirits. the periods quite irregular</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>no particular subject.</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>several times by attempting to leap over the window</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>attempted to strangle some of her own children</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>frequently attempted to break everything within her reach.</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>nearly 36 years of age, has always acted as House Wife.</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>she is a widow but is now a widow</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>Much depression of spirits, was always regular in habits till the commencement.</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>not subject to any periodical attacks of any disease, nor to any extraordinary discharge or disorder has always been in good health since the beginning of the insanity.</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	<i>lunacy has occurred both during pregnancy and in child bed</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>never.</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>The long use of Cinchona and wine, and next of Cinchona and Whiskey</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>has been twice under confinement, where she underwent treatment.</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>once confined for 3 months in the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum</i>

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mrs Marven Trear resident in the Barrony parish
of Glasgow is insane, we request that She may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Scott 109 Buzell St

John Grieve London Port Dundas

James Scott her Sister Glasgow

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

Glasgow, _____ 18 -

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

On production of Treasurer's Receipt _____
Admitted W. B. Fraser _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.
To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. } J. Balmanno Physician.

*Agnes Pence a
Gundley
6/4*



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by order from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 31; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 7 years
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	never entirely free from insanity since first attacked
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	her mind is supposed to have been elevated in expectation of a 2 ^d marriage and has been free only from much depression by loss of first husband. She also lost a son a few years ago
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	she has hypochondriac and has ridden nearly all the time but within the last fortnight has become outrageous.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	she has now no lucid intervals; the exacerbations occur at uncertain periods.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	the principal subject of complaint of having ruined herself; her relations and even the whole world
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	she often attempts to bite her own arms
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	None that is known
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	50 years. she was never employed in any particular employment but attending household concerns and spinning yarn occasionally
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Widow; no relation of hers was ever known to be insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Remarkable only for her cleanliness and carefulness
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	during the last fortnight she has been habitually constipated
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Loss of first husband; loss of son; disappointment after being able to expect a 2 ^d marriage. her removal from Freetown to this place has increased the malady & seemingly increased her exacerbatings
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Purgative medicine has been administered and attempts made to soothe her mind
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

21st Nov. 1832

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Spence
Blacksmith, residing in Korogeton

Humblly Sheweth

That Widow Grindley or Agnes Spence the
Petitioner's Sister, residing in Reed Street Korogeton
aged Fifty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 29 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Widow Grindley
or Agnes Spence

And your Petitioner
John Spence shall ever pray.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Hugh Douglas, Surgeon, Bridgeton produced
Grant's Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Widow Brindlay or Agnes Spence
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition. ~

Glasgow 21st. Novemb. 2
J. W. H. 1832

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

Bridgetown Nov. 1832.

I, Hugh Douglas Surgeon in Bridgetown
having this day examined Agnes Spruce, or Widow
Grindley resident in the Parish of Barrow

do hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Hugh Douglas Surgeon.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after signing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Alex. Hume or Grindlay
Admitted
21st Nov. 1832
576
Barony Parish

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

21 November 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Widow Grunsley or Agnes Spence resident in the Barrow Parish of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Spence her Brother Wid Mr Bridgton

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 21 Nov^r 1832

As you have agreed to admit Agnes Spence Widow Grunsley into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of Six Shillings and six pence per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John McLaren Kirk Treasurer Barrow Parish

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Jones, G. M. (W. S. P. C. M.) as a Patient into the Asylum.
On seeing the board has been settled to _____ W. M. M. M. M. Physician.
To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Janet Millie
675



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

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Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Six Months in full state but very ill this eight days past
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never till this time
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Depression of spirits but mild in temper and regular in sleep & diet
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	there are intervals in which she is not so ill but at times uncertain
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Religion
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	no
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	no
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	no
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	about 30 years of age Dresser in Warehouse
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single, no relative insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Religion no vice or intemperance
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	not subject to any
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	no
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	no
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Supposed to be affection to a fellow creature
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

20th November
1832)

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of ~~Lanet~~ ^{Widow} Willie 72 Kirk Stth
Galtow.

Humbly Sheweth

That Lanet Willie residing with her
mother Widow Willie 72 Kirk Street.

aged 30 years. years, is at present in such

a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum; which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.

But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 26 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Lanet
Willie

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
for the petitioner
John Leasland

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Lindsay Surgeon in Colton produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Janet Macie
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 30th November
1832 }
gratis M. S.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

Nov^r. 30th 1832.

I, John Lindsay Surgeon residing in 22 Kirk St.
having this day examined Janet Willie

resident in the Barony of Glasgow.

do hereby certify on soul and conscience that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

John Lindsay Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Malignant, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Janet Mellie
Admitted
30th Nov. 1832

JP
Barony Parish

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Nov. 30th 1832.

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that *Janet Willie* resident in the *Barony Parish* of *Glasgow* is insane, request that *she* may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Baillie 54 High St Glasgow
Wm. Hardie a Solicitor by Glasgow

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 30th Nov. 1832

As you have agreed to admit *Janet Willie* into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of *Six Shillings and Six pence* per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John McLaren Clerk Treasurer Barony Parish

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMUNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit ~~James~~ _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

~~James~~ _____ Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

M^{rs} James Hunter

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12th Decem^r. 1832 Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Angus,
Teacher in Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That M^{rs} James Hunter

aged about forty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said M^{rs}
James Hunter

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Will. Angus

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Speirs, Physician in Greenock produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs James Hunter ~~~~~
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition. —

Walter Moir
Sheriff Subst. Clk.

Glasgow 12th Decemb. }
W.A. 1832 }

Greenock 12th December 1832

Medical Certificate.

J. John Speirs M.D. Physician

Greenock having this day examined Mr. Wm. Hunter

resident in the Town of Greenock

hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief he is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

J. John Speirs M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate will, after purifying
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mr. James Hunter

Abnottel

12 Dec. 1832

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Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About Ten Days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Once about Ten years ago after parturition
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	There was unusual Depression and elevation - and change of conduct
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Her malady appears on the increase
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Lucid Intervals
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	On Religion, Subjects chiefly
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	No
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	About Forty years of age
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Widow - No relative ever insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing very particular
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Not known
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Once in the Asylum at Morning-side - from 3 to 4 months & remained at the request of her husband - and soon after recovered

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 12 Dec^r 1832

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mr James Hunter resident in the Town
of Glasgow is insane, I request that he may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Will. Angus, 108 Douglas Street

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of _____
_____ Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }