

Admission documents (female)

Publication/Creation

1831

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Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " 15 " " "	Fifth, " " 2 2 " " "
Third, " " 1 1 " " "	Sixth, " " 3 3 " " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be proposed to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

Board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since May last
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	This is the first attack
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	for a week or two before the attack she was observed to be subject to fits of crying with restless night and loose bowels
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	disposition to turn off her cloaths, lectum and very restless obstinately refusing to take food for a number of days together
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	at an early period she had some remissions of uncertain duration but of late none
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	at first she raved on religious subjects but latterly has been silent
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	no
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	no
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	no but is apt to throw off her cloaths
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	aged 27 cotton meller
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	single - none so far as known
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	subject so far to religious impressions
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	subject for some time to stomach complaint from close confinement for which powders and pills supposed to be certain, opium pills were given six weeks before this attack
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	no
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	no
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	see 13
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	soothing medicines and purgatives at first but lately nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	no

8th Aug.
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Fyfe
Cotton Spinner Lenwood near
Paisley

Humbly Sheweth.

That the Petitioners Daughter
Margaret Fyfe
aged ~~twenty~~ ^{twenty} years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Margaret Fyfe

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

William Fyfe

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Allan Stewart Surgeon produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed.
Margaret Fife
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow: 8th Janry
JWA 1831.

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasg Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Decided 7th January 1831

Having reason to believe, as stated in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that *Margaret Tyffe* daughter of *William Tyffe* resident in the Parish of *Whitburn* is insane, and request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Tyffe

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper age, and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Paisley 4th Jan^r 1831

I, *Allen Stewart* Surgeon in Paisley, having this day examined *Margaret Tyffe* resident in the Parish of *Whitburn*, hereby certify soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Allen Stewart Surgeon

The medical practitioner, granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 8 January 1831

An obligation has been granted Mr. Andrew Brown, Linwood
for the board of the Patient within mentioned the rate of Ten shillings & sixpence
per week.

James Spence Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Margaret Ryle
Admitted
8th Jan 1831

First Rate of
Second, _____
Third, _____

According to the rate
of the bed-room
the proportion of
solely to attend a
class, a charge is
ients sent by any
pay according to
ients sent by other
board is, in all o
en any patient is
tee, to ascertain i
ents have no claim
e, on admission,

dismission, or on the death
patient remain a year or less
of the patient's residence



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 10 days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Had a first attack about 2 years ago and subsequently at a distance of nearly 12 months had attack but - running about 2 weeks and the last immediately after child birth at first only some occasional melancholy
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Several weeks before the present attack depression of spirit was observed with want of sleep and costive bowels having no purgative for at least ten days preceding
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Delirium and agony in the early part but afterwards much depressed on subside state she at present is - stationary -
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	remission at uncertain periods but no lucid intervals
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	raves on various subject but chiefly of her child and its father -
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Has attempted to leap out of the window of her room and to tear and otherwise injure herself -
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Has repeatedly attempted to strike and injure her attendants -
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	not prone to confining of the hands since disposition unknown -
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	28 Straw hat maker -
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single a Brother insane for years past -
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing remarkable until lately when she was disappointed by a young man to whom she had been a child about 15 months ago since which she has become addicted to the bottle -
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No bodily ailments for as known -
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	about 4 or 5 days after child birth the present attack commenced -
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Abuse of ardent spirits and separation from her disappointed affection -
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	purgatives and opiates - with some effect -
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never confined before -

10th July
1834 } Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Neiven *proibz*
Salt Merchant in Paisley

Humbly Sheweth.

That Margaret Neiven my Daughter has been
Insane this 10 Days

aged 28 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Margaret Neiven

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

James Humphries for John Neiven

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Allan Stewart, Surgeon, produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Margaret Keir
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Wood
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 10th Jan^y
J. M. S. 1831.

requested to
the following
Patient.

2 years ago and subsequently
suffered each attack but
the last immediately after
a severe attack of influenza
which was attended by
delirium and confusion
with want of sleep and
no power of thought

in the early part but
now she is well and
sufficiently rational
to be able to take care
of herself

subject but chiefly of
others

out of the window of
and thrown against
tempted to strike and
injure

ing of the hands since

ken

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Paisley 10th January 1891

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Margaret Nixon my daughter resident in the Parish
of Paisley is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Wm John Nixon

Attest, John Nixon, Esq. M.D. Registrar of Paisley

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Paisley 12th Jan 1891

I, Wm John Stewart, Surgeon in Paisley,
having this day examined Margaret Nixon resident in the Town
of Paisley, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Wm John Stewart Surgeon

The medical practitioners granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 10th Decr 1870.

An obligation has been granted by James Humphries Mason, Pastry
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten shillings & sixpence
per week.

For D. J. Mathieson, Treasurer.

Admit Margaret R. W. as a Patient into the Asylum.

M. Mathieson Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Margaret R. W.
Admitted
10th Decr 1870

First Rate
Second, ...
Third, ...

According to the
the size of the bed-
and in the proportion
vided solely to atten
highest class, a char

Patients sent by
lations, pay accordin

Patients sent by

The board is, in

When any patie
Committee, to ascer

Patients have no

A fee, on admissi
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's reside



Catherine Beaton
No 590

Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Nearly three years.
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	It seems to have been continuous.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Nothing particular was observed.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Sullenness - Irrascibility - rather increasing.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Irregular exacerbations occur.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Unaccountable irascibility seems the most prominent symptom.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	She has struck her near relatives frequently & on several occasions for the greatest trifles.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Has attempted to burn her clothes.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	About 26 - was in early life a house-servant.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	She is a widow - no relative was ever known to be insane.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Rather a religious woman.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	No.
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Disappointment.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No.

22nd Jan^y
1831

Pauper Case

Unto The Honourable The
Sheriff-Depute of the Shire of Lanark,
or his Substitutes,

The Petition of Peter Hill, Super-
intendent of the Town's Hospital

Humbly Sheweth,

That Catherine Beaton, Widow of
the late Robert Stewart, Agent & Ship owner, in Glasgow
aged about 26 years, is at present in such a state of mental
derangement, as to render it necessary and proper she should be put under
restraint & confinement, as appears from the accompanying Medical
Certificate, under the hand of Dr James Watson, Surgeon
in Glasgow

But as by the Statutes 55th Geo. III. Cap. 69 & 9th Geo. III.
Cap. 54. Your Lordships Warrant for reception into a Public Hospital
or Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your
Lordship to Grant Warrant to
the Superintendant or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Catherine
Beaton
and your Petitioner will ever pray.

Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered this Petition
& Certificate, under the hand of Dr Watson
Surgeon in Glasgow
produces. Grants Warrant for placing the within designed
Catherine Beaton, alias M^{rs}. Stewart
into The Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, in terms of
the Statute, referred to in the Petition.

Glasgow,
25th July 1831.
Gr. W. L. James Watson
Sheriff Subst. —

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 27th Decr 1830.

I, James Watson, Surgeon in Glasgow,
having this day examined Mrs Robt Stewart Wilson resident in the Parish
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Watson M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harsh or idiotic, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mr Stewart or Beaton

Admitted

24th Jan'y 1831

7th

General Hospital

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 28 Decr 1820

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mrs Robert Stewart, Widow resident in the parish of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Mary Beaton widow of Glasgow
Washington Street, Glasgow
mother

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, 24th January 1821

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit Cath^r Beaton Wid. Stewart into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 7/- per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Peter Hill, Super^r of Town Hospital

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALManno, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Letitia Baxter (Wife of _____) as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Office of the Superintendent

of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum

TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE GLASGOW ROYAL LUNATIC ASYLUM

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TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE GLASGOW ROYAL LUNATIC ASYLUM

TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE GLASGOW ROYAL LUNATIC ASYLUM

Janet Reston

N^o 591



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Salomon B. Smith

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to answer, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since about the beginning of Sept. 1891
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	About twelve months ago, she became affected in a somewhat similar manner, but soon recovered.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Before the existence of the present symptoms there was no peculiar disposition. But she slept little and her bowels were obstinately constipated.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	A degree of Religious enthusiasm has marked the progress of her illness. This however has been rather declining.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Her exacerbations are generally brought on by being excited or by conversing long with strangers - at other times she is very quiet.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	She raves on various subjects, particularly on topics connected with Religion, & probably also on domestic affairs.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never with the intention of self violence but might through the belief that sufficient faith would protect her.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	She has destroyed windows & by rapturous working has forced out the panel of a door.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	She is between 25 and 26 years of age.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	She is unmarried & has no near relatives insane.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Religious impressions were always predominant altogether unaccompanied with any vice.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Her customary discharges are regular but no other which are to be considered as preternatural.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	She was never pregnant.
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	This question can not be answered with decision - Immediately before both attacks she was excited by the death of Relations or Acquaintance.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	The principal medical treatment effected was to remedy the obstructed state of the bowels & thereby the first action exhibited in some days with the view of encouraging the skin & thus her quiet.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	She was never before treated for lunacy.

8th Feb^y

1871.

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of *Arch^d E. Reston*
residing at *Lalla Hill Cottage*
Renfrewshire

Humbly Sheweth.

That *Miss Janet Reston*, the
Petitioner's sister

aged about 25 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69, & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary,--

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said *Miss Janet Reston*

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Arch^d E. Reston

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Andrew Kerr Young Surgeon produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Miss Janet Keston
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 8th Feb
J.H.S. 1831.

James Hutton
Sheriff Sub.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, Feb. 7th 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Miss Janet Reston resident in the County of Renfrew is insane, and request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Janet Reston

Archibald E. Reston

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Paisley Feb. 7th 1831

I, Andr. Kerr Young, Physician & Surgeon in Paisley, having this day examined Miss Janet Reston resident in the County of Renfrew, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, 8.th Feb'y 1831

An obligation has been granted by Dorcas Leach, 100. Buchanan Street
Mr. George Barrowell, Mungo Paisley
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of fifteen shillings
per week.

For Don. John Barton Treasurer.
J. A. Mathieson

Admit Mrs. Jane Barton as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Sheriff's warrant and Secy's receipt - I solemnly Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

1st
Feb'y 1831
Admitted
John Barton

First
Second
Third
According
the size of the
and in the pro
vided solely to
highest class,
Patients se
lations, pay ac
Patients se
The board
When an
Committee, to
Patients h
A fee, on
dismissal, or

Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Elizabeth Smith
N^o 592

Patients are admitted on the following Terms:

First Rate of Board,.....	£- 10 6 per Week.
Second,.....	- 15 -
Third,.....	1 1 -
Fourth,.....	1 11 6
Fifth,.....	2 2 -
Sixth,.....	3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some or all of the following particulars, namely: in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients.

Paupers, from parishes which have contributed the sum stipulated by the Regulations, pay a board, according to a rate fixed annually.

Paupers, from other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and always in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the weekly committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards, according to the following statement:

Second Rate,.....	One Guinea.
Third,.....	Two Guineas.
Fourth,.....	Three Guineas.
Fifth and Sixth,.....	Four Guineas.

On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of his residence in the Asylum. Fees are paid to the Surgeon when his attendance is required. No fees are paid for paupers, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Applications for admission are laid before the weekly committee; but, in cases of emergency, immediate admission may be granted by the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application to the Directors, from one or more of his nearest relatives, or from his guardians; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of his board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons, resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No idiot, unless mischievous, can be admitted.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure appears to be hopeless, are dismissed, by authority of the weekly committee, after a trial of one year, and whenever there are applicants under more curable forms of insanity.

When any patient is thus ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal, is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons, in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of his board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients from eleven till one o'clock.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which have to be often washed. An accurate list of every article, brought with the patient, must, on his admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or kirk-session, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus, due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, he shall, as soon as possible after his arrival, be visited by the Physician.

Querries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Querries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Upwards of Seven Years.
2. What were the mental impressions, and bodily state or ailments of the patient, observed, on the approach, or at the accession of lunacy?	Depression of spirits, shrinking from observation, constant soliloquy, incoherence of ideas, & other symptoms of melancholia.
3. What is the present form of the malady; how long has it existed in this form; and does it appear in degree to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Great excitability, and irritability of temper & ideas, leading to a determination to kill every man she saw who was not a relative, constant fits of violence, great solicitude about her mind, &c.
4. Are there remissions, exacerbations, lucid intervals, or any other remarkable changes, in the state of the malady? What are these changes; do they occur periodically; and how long does each state usually continue?	There are remissions and exacerbations but no lucid intervals. There is no periodicity in their recurrence.
5. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent hallucination or mental deception.	She raves indifferently on various subjects.
6. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	No.
7. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	She has, on several occasions, struck her mother, who is the only person who lives with her.
8. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break furniture?	Not particularly so.
9. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, how long is it since the malady first occurred, and what has been the duration of each fit of lunacy, and of each interval?	She was never insane, previous to the present attack.
10. Was any relative of the patient ever insane?	No.
11. What is the age of the patient?	35 Years.
12. Is the patient married or single?	Single.
13. What was the profession or employment of the patient?	Sewing and other sedentary occupations.
14. Before the accession of lunacy, were there any remarkable peculiarities in the patient's temper, disposition, opinions, habits, deportment, or pursuits? and, if so, what were these peculiarities? Mention, especially, predominant passions, religious impressions, and any kind of habitual intemperance.	She was of a retiring and highly irritable temper and disposition. She was herself slightly by her accounting and reticent. She was somewhat objectionable with regard to religious opinions, as was some time since she believed under the influence of a popular & bigoted leader of the religious party. She was very irregular in her money, having been one year in debt without satisfaction, but in all these respects was improved.
15. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge; to suppression or obstruction of any customary evacuation; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No.
16. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No.
17. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No.
18. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	The powerful impression, upon her mind, occasioned by the sudden death of the father to whom she was much attached.
19. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	The medical man who first attended her, used blood-letting, opium, and stomachic medicines, and also that have been prescribed, but it is exceedingly difficult to get medicine.
20. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and, on each occasion, how long has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never.

* She is an only child.

31 Jan^y
1851

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Widow Smith
residing in the Parish of
Kenton-upon-Ayr,

Humbly Sheweth.

That Elizabeth Smith, her Daughter,
residing in the Parish of Kenton-upon-Ayr,
aged Thirty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Elizabeth Smith

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Marion ^{her} Smith
mark

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Mc Dermott physician & Syr. produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Elizabeth Smith —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 31st January
John Mc Dermott
1831

W. M. M.

Letter of Application

FOR THE
ADMISSION OF A PATIENT INTO THE GLASGOW LUNATIC ASYLUM.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Stenton upon Tyne 1831 Jan 26th
Having reason to believe, according to the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Elizabeth Smith my Daughter, resident in the Parish of Stenton-upon-Tyne is insane, I am desirous of placing her in your Asylum. I therefore request that she may be admitted a Patient, and I shall strictly conform to your Regulations.

Marion Lee Smith
Resident in the Stenton Parish of Stenton-upon-Tyne

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the county, town, or parish in which he has resided; and fill up the other blank spaces properly.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Stenton-upon-Tyne 1831 Jan 26th
I, John McDermott, Physician in Tyne, have attended Elizabeth Smith, in the Parish of Stenton-upon-Tyne, occasionally for the last three years; and I hereby certify on soul and conscience that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

John McDermott M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the length of his attendance, or the number of his visits; the name of the patient, and that of the county, town, or parish, in which he resides: and, after the word "hereby," the words "certify, on soul and conscience;" or, in place of these words, if the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him insert the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.

Glasgow 31. Jan. 1831. An obligation for the board of the
Patient within mentioned, at the rate of 15/- a week, has been granted
by Mr. J. H. Burn, 64. Union Place, Glasgow.

Detm. Union Smith as a house into the legation

To the Superintendent on Notice

Wm. R. Smith

1st
1831
J. H. Burn
64. Union Place
Glasgow

According to the rate of b
the bed-room, in the number
of keepers or servants, appoint
Paupers, from parishes wh
annually.
Paupers, from other parish
The board is, in all cases,
When any patient is dismiss
ascertain if any, and what por
Patients have no claim to
A fee, on admission, is pu
following statement:

On the dismissal, or on th
patient remain a year or long
residence in the Asylum. Fe
patients at the first rate of bo
Applications for admission
granted by the Physician.
No patient is admitted, wi
guardians; a certificate of lun
for due observance of the rul
of these documents, or copies
No idiot, unless mischievo

James Polson
No 593



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since 1 st Jan'y 1831
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	First time
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Disappointment
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Delirium
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	No change Since 1 st Jan'y
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Reflections on his conduct.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	was found under a hedge 3.70 last in Dundee 17 Jan'y 6 th 1831 having thrown himself over it
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	22 years - cutting yarn
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	single - No friends before
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	No part of body seemed to be injured but spine, in moderately over dorsal spine 8, 12 & 24
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Lumbago when coming into Royal Infirmary; but after being treated freely all pains disappeared & he was better
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	he has been since the 16 th quite good but mental
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	in State of Disappointment in some love affair
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	has been in the Royal Infirmary for 3 weeks past on account of being admitted by their fall - treatment not produced
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	None before
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

I, the
having to
of 4
knowledge
Royal

Pamper Case

1st July 1831
Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Peter Hill, Super-
intendent of the Towns Hospital

Humbly Sheweth.

That Jane Polson, daughter of
Polson, Warter in Glasgow
aged Twenty two years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Jane Polson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Peter Hill,

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
M. L. Buchanan produced...
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Sam Polson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 1st Feby/
1831
W. H.

James Watson Sheriff Clerk

requested to
are requested to
to the following
the Patient.

1831

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 24th February 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Jane Polson nee Dargyle resident in the City
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Polson
48 Stockwell

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow Jan 22nd 1831

I, M. T. Buchanan M.D., Residing in Glasgow
having this day examined Jane Polson resident in the City
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

M. T. Buchanan M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, in the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Ben. Nelson or Corcoran as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of legal authority & certificate of J. B. McManus Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

James Nelson
Admitted
9th February 1851
J. B. McManus

First R
Second,
Third, -

According to the
the size of the bed-
and in the proportion
vided solely to attend
highest class, a charge

Patients sent by
lations, pay according

Patients sent by

The board is, in

When any patient
Committee, to ascertain

Patients have no

A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's residence



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiosyncrasy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About eight days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Has been rather dull for eight months - given to reading religious books & rather unsocial
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Is increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	None edine during an hour or two in the forenoon
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	convinced that she is dangerously ill & fears great illness
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Disposed to tear off her clothes & go up on Chair Stools etc
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	aged 23 years - Sewing
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Mother was three times confined & can describe by Mother sister has been insane 14 years
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Rather Nervous
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Monthly Complaint regular & in other respects natural
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Supposed to have been owing to the attention of a Man who visited her
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	She has been bled & her mind soothed
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

16th Feb 1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Nelson
Mason residing in Whitehall

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mary Nelson my daughter

aged Twenty three years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
William Nelson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Campbell, Surgeon in Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mary Neilson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 16th February }
J.W.C. 1881 }

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

requested to
the following
Patient.

Letter of application

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 14th Decr 1831

Having reason to believe, stated in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mary Neilson daughter resident in the City
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

William Wilson

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her profession; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 16th Decr 1831

I, John Campbell, Surgeon in Glasgow,
having this day examined Mary Neilson resident in the City
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

John Campbell

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 16th February 1851

An obligation has been granted Messrs. Ebenezer & Co. Glasgow
& John Underhill & Co. Glasgow
for the board of the Patient within mentioned the rate of ten shillings & sixpence
per week.

A. Matheson Treasurer.

Admit Mary Wilson as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. B. Adams Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

16 Feb 1851
Admitted
Mary Wilson

First Rate
Second, —
Third, —
According to the
the size of the bed-
and in the proportion
vided solely to attend
highest class, a charge
Patients sent by
lations, pay according
Patients sent by
The board is, in
When any patient
Committee, to ascertain
Patients have no
A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's residence
Patients are admitted



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Wente The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Thomas Taylor M.^c 11.
64, do Terraw Glasgow.

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mary Wise the Petitioner's Wife

aged years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Thomas Taylor

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Andrew Reid M.D. Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mary Wuo
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 23. Febr. 1831.

Walter Mon.
Sheriff Subst. T.

are requested to
to the following
the Patient.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 22nd 1835
Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that that Mrs. Mary Wilson resident in the City
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Thomas Taylor
Clyde Terrace

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 23rd Feb 1835
I, Andr. Reid M.D., in Glasgow,
having this day examined Mrs. Mary Wilson resident in the Glasgow (county)
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Andr. Reid

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mrs Wyse (Widow, Fife) as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

151
1881
Admission
1881
1881

First Rate of 1
Second, _____
Third, _____

According to the rate
the size of the bed-room,
and in the proportion of
vided solely to attend a si
highest class, a charge is

Patients sent by any p
lations, pay according to a

Patients sent by other

The board is, in all ca

When any patient is
Committee, to ascertain if

Patients have no claim

A fee, on admission, is
dismissal, or on the death
patient remain a year or lo
of the patient's residence in



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Jul. 1st

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 4 months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	never
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Sick 3 months before symptoms appeared but nothing unusual in her conduct was observed.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	allwise the same
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Complete of being left entirely by God
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She has a great wish to be out of this world
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	none
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	not
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Age 35 P. none
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married - She had an aunt that was insane for a short time
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	impressions Religious troubled her much
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	None
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Religion
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	And Blister
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

3^d March 1831
Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
The Petition of Hugh Paterson,
Treasurer of the Barony Church

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mrs Jean Martin residing
in Cowcaddens
aged 36 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Mrs Jean Martin.

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

* Hugh Paterson Elder

*The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Paterson Esq. produced...
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Jean Martin
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.*

*Walter Mow.
Sheriff Subst.*

*Glasgow 4 March
1831*

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow March 4th 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mrs Martin resident in the Parish of Barony is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

March 4th Glasgow 1831

I, John Paterson, Surgeon in Glasgow, having this day examined Mrs Martin resident in the Parish of Barony, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

John Paterson Surgeon

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Hurlers, idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, 1831

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit Mrs Martin into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of four shillings per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

John Paterson

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMORNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, 1831

An obligation has been granted by Andrew Martin
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mr Martin as a Patient into the Asylum.

Wm Martin Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Admitted
1st March 1831
Wm Martin
Physician

Wm M. Farlane
No 579



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Four years at least
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Occasionally she has been nearly sane but never quite
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	None remembered
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	At times much elevated at other times depressed
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	None particularly
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	occasionally
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	30 years of age the wife of a shoe maker
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married and none of her relations in the same state
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	No
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	The first appears any of the disease when nursing the ^{the} month the present attack ^{attack} a month after giving in
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	not none
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not none —
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	she was confined in an asylum for 20 months from which she left in Novem 1829. in good health and pretty well in mind
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Lewis M^r Farlane
by Callender Graham Esq.

Humbly Sheweth.

That M^r Lucy ^{Turner or} M^r Farlane, the
Petitioner's Wife.

aged Thirty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Lewis M^r Farlane

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Mr. John MacArthur Surgeon in Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs. Lucy Turner or Macfarlane. —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 9. March 1831.

Walter Mair
Sheriff Subst.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 21st March 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mr. Lucy Turner my wife resident in the Parish of St. Andrew is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Lucy M. Turner
By balance of James Turner

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 21st March 1831

I, John MacArthur Surgeon in Glasgow, having this day examined Mr. Lucy Turner resident in the Parish of St. Andrew, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

John MacArthur

The medical practitioner, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and

persons suffering from mental derangement, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 8th March 1831.

An obligation has been granted by Mr John Turner, 2 Kingston Place,
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Fifteen Shillings
per week.

Wm. Luthbertson Treasurer.

Admit Mr. M. F. P. (P. J. Turner) as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. B. McMoran Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

157
9th March 1831
Admitted
Wm. Luthbertson

First
Second
Third,

According to
the size of the bed
and in the propor
vided solely to at
highest class, a ch

Patients sent
lations, pay accor

Patients sent

The board is,

When any pa
Committee, to asc

Patients have

A fee, on adm
dismissal, or on
patient remain a y
of the patient's res

Mary McDonald
No 598



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 11 6 per Week.
Second, " 15 " "	Fifth, " 2 2 " "
Third, " 1 1 " "	Sixth, " 3 3 " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

East Smith

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since Nov. Jan ^y 1831, with an interval of one week, of sanity.
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never before.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Very much depressed in mind, from bad conduct of her husband.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	At first, extreme fear and anxiety - as if she thought she was to be executed - took to bed & that her children were to follow her. At present, is dull, generally - sometimes is excited - thinks she is not at home - & anxiously about her husband, at times, who is at present in a Bedchamber.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Has struck her maid & hit her arm, but has attempted no self violence.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	29 years old - attended to her household affairs, previous to her illness.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married - Her uncle was not altogether correct in his mind, at times - Had two children, youngest 4 months old - Child became more than a month - no more to be seen since.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	It occurred during nursing.
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	There is reason to believe that she has got very serious blows about the head formerly.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Bad conduct & cruel usage of her husband, very obviously.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Booth, when she was discharged, attended to - on particular occasions - Head thins - cold lotion - At first with good effect - to think she recovered - but bad conduct of her husband again induced disease, Nov 1831 day.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

J. A. M. M.

10th March
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Robert W. Seran
and Thos. Marshall respondents
in Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mrs. Mary McDonald is Married has two Children
= Nam. and her Husband at present in Bond; well
aged Twenty Nine years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Mrs. Mary Mac
Donald.

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Robert W. Seran
Thos. Marshall

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Armour Physician Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs. Mary Mac Donald
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 10th March
1831
gratis
J. Mac G.

James Watson
Sheriff Sub.

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 10th March 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mrs Mary McDonald resident in the Parish of St. John, Glasgow is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Robert McSweeney Saylor his Brother
Wm Marshall Ward his Uncle in Law

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 9th March 1831.

I, James Arnott, M.D. in Glasgow,
having this day examined Mrs Mary McDonald resident in the Parish of St. John
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Arnott M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 10th March 1851.

An obligation has been granted by Mr. John Wilson, Treasr. of St. John's Parish,
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Seven shillings
per week.

Don. Laitherton Treasurer.

Admit James Wilson (Mr. Wilson) as a Patient into the Asylum.

Malcolm Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

At John David
10th March 1851
James Wilson
Malcolm

First
Second
Third

According to
the size of the b
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vided solely to a
highest class, a

Patients sent
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Patients sent

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Agnes Dow

No 599



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Ed. Smith

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>four days</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>about 2 years ago she was in the Asylum for the space of 5 Months</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>nothing but Dyspepsia.</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>increasing</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>None</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>indifferently on subjects which she may hear</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>No</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>No</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>about 18 years of age engaged in her father's business of Brushmaking</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Single. No relative ever insane</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>None</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>No malady, complained of indigestion</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	<i>No</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>cannot say</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>Laxative (Medicines)</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>as stated at 2nd Query since which quite well till 4 days ago</i>

22^d March
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Andrew Dow
Brushmaker in Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That his sister Agnes Dow
Residing in Glasgow
aged eighteen years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Agnes Dow

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Andrew Dow

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Aneal Surgeon in Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow, Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Agnes Don
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 22nd March 1831 *W. W. W. W.*
W. W. W.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 22nd March 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Agnes Dow resident in the Trongate of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Andrew Dow
Brother of Agnes Dow

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 22nd of 3rd Month 1831

I, James Smear, Surgeon in Glasgow, having this day examined Agnes Dow resident in the Trongate of Glasgow, hereby solemnly affirm and declare, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Smear Surgeon 101 Kent Street

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harsh words, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, 23rd March 1831

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit Agnes Dow into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 7/- per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Hugh Patterson Kirk Treasurer Bury of Glasgow

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALManno, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

William Blackie Min^r

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Agnes Dow _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Admitted
23 March 1891
H
Barnum Bank



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About a fortnight
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never insane before the present
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Running indifferently and becoming more so
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Running indifferently though sometimes alluding to Religion
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	She attempted to go out of the window & into the fire
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	She has attempted to bite during coercion
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	She is
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	311 years. Poor Low Woman
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Unmarried and had no relative insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	A little more subject to Irritability
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Complained of great heat in her Body
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Some Words expressed by her former Medical attendant about post mortem examination
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Head shaved & blistered, with tonics & sedatives, without any marked benefit
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

23 March
1831

Went The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John McGonagill
residing in Commercial Road
Witchington.

Humbly Sheweth.

That Helen McGonagill the
Petitioner's daughter residing with him
aged thirty four years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Helen McGonagill

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John McGonagill

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Robert Graham Surgeon General produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Keele Mc Gonagill
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 23^d March
1831
J. W. B.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

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the following
e Patient.

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to Glasgow

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Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Whitchurch 23rd March 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Miss Ann Gungill my daughter resident in the Parish
of Glasgow is insane, I beg request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John W. Gungill

Millar's Road Commercial Road Whitchurch

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

March 23rd 1831

I, Robert Graham, Surgeon in Glasgow,
having this day examined Miss Ann Gungill resident in the Parish
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Robert Graham Surgeon. Whitchurch 23rd March 1831

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 23rd March 1851

An obligation has been granted by Mr Charles Todd Stewart, Esq.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Five Shillings Six pence
per week.

James Lyon, Treasurer.

Admit Miss M. Ginnell as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Sheriff's warrant and Receipt - W. B. Stewart, Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

10/6
23 March 1851
Admitted
Miss M. Ginnell

First Rate
Second,
Third, ..

According to the
the size of the bed
and in the proportion
vided solely to attend
highest class, a charge

Patients sent by
lations, pay according

Patients sent by

The board is, in

When any patient
Committee, to ascertain

Patients have

A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's residence

Catherine Wilson
No. 601



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

1st April
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Wilson, Clerk
Gutter Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Catherine Wilson Widow Living residing
in St. George's parish Glasgow
aged 25 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Catherine Wilson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Wilson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Brown Surgeon in Glasgow produced...
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Catherine Wilson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition...

Glasgow. 1st April
1831
J. M. G.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

requested to
the following
Patient.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 21 March 1821

We Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Katharine Wilson Widow Law resident in the St. George's parish
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Wilson
David Miller

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 21 March 1821

I, James Brown, Surgeon in Glasgow,
having this day examined Katharine Wilson resident in the St. George's
parish of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Brown

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 5th April 1831,

An obligation has been granted by Mr Jas Roderick, Builder, Anderson's Wyke
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of ten shillings & sixpence
per week.

J. M. Matheson, Treasurer.

Admit Catherine Wilson (Widow Lang) as a Patient into the Asylum.

on production of Proffer warrant & Self Receipt Edw. B. and Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

1831
Catherine Wilson
Edw. B. and Physician

Firs
Sec
Thi
According
the size of the
and in the prop
vided solely to
highest class, a
Patients ser
lations, pay acc
Patients ser
The board
When any
Committee, to a
Patients hav
A fee, on ad
dismissal, or o
patient remain



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of *Ann Ballantyne*
Residing at *Southwood*

Humbly Sheweth.

That *Miss Ann Ballantyne*
Residing in Glasgow
aged *forty five* years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said *Ann Ballantyne*

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Ann Ballantyne

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Matton M.D. produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Miss Ann Ballantyne
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 8th April
J.H.G. 1831

W.M.M.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 8th April 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Mrs. Anne Ballantyne resident in the Parish of Govan is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Fullerton

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 8th April 1831

I, James Watson, Surgeon in Glasgow, having this day examined Mrs. Anne Ballantyne resident in the Parish of Govan, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Watson M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 9th April 1851.

An obligation has been granted by J. Watson
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of fifteen shillings
per week.
Dea. Lathester Treasurer.

Admis Miss Anne Ballantine as a Patient into the Asylum.
On production of the Sheriff's warrant &c. J. D. Macdonald Physician.
To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

15th
Admitted
9th April 1851
Miss Ballantine

First R
Second
Third,
According to the
the size of the bed
and in the proportion
vided solely to attend
highest class, a charge
Patients sent to
lations, pay according
Patients sent to
The board is, I
When any patient
Committee, to ascertain
Patients have no
A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's residence
Patients are admitted

9th April
1851.

Petitioner Margt Pollock

No. 693

Unto The Honorable, The
Sheriff-Depute of the Shire of Lanark,
or his Substitutes,

The Petition of Peter Hill, Super-
intendent of the Town's Hospital

Humbly Sheweth, That Margaret Pollock, daughter
of the late William Pollock, Carter in Glasgow
aged about twenty years, is at present in such a state of mental
derangement, as to render it necessary and proper she should be put under
restraint & confinement, as appears from the accompanying Medical
Certificate, under the hand of William Auchincloss, Surgeon
in Glasgow.

But as, by the Statutes 55th Geo III. Cap 69 & 9th Geo III.
Cap 34. Your Lordship's Warrant for reception into a Public Hospital
or Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your
Lordship to Grant Warrant to
the Superintendant or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Marg^t
Pollock
and your Petitioner will ever pray.
Peter Hill,

The Sheriff having considered this Petition
& Certificate, under the hand of William Auchincloss,
Surgeon — — — — —
produced. Grants Warrant for placing the within designed
Margaret Pollock — — — — —

into The Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, in terms of
the Statute, referred to in the Petition.

Glasgow, 9th April 1831. *Walter Hoir*
Shiriff Subst.
W. H.

considered this Petition
of William Archibald
being the within designed

Asylum, in terms of
Petition.

Walter Hoin.
Sheriff Subst.

This is to

Margaret Paton is in
my opinion a proper patient
for admission into the Lunatic
Asylum or Town's Hospital,
I am at present affected

Letter of Security.

(TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.)

To the Directors of the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 9th April 1831

As you have agreed to admit Margaret Paton
into the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient, and as a Boarder at
the rate of 7/- per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said
Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and always in advance, to your
Secretary; to provide the requisite supplies of Clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray the expense of Burial, in case of the Patient's
death; and to fulfil every other condition incumbent on Sureties, in the like
cases, according to your Regulations.

By order of the Committee,

Peter Hill, Superintendent

Glasgow Town Hospital

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANKO, Physician, or to DONALD CUTHBERTSON, Esq. Secretary;
or, a sealed confidential statement of property numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the
other documents addressed to the Secretary.

Margaret Pollock

Admitted

9th April 1831

From Hospital

Admit Margaret Pollock as a patient into the
Lying-in

Dr Adamson

To the Superintendent Surgeon

Glasgow 9 April 1831

Jane Muir
No. 604



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About a month.
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	He was very dispirited & indolent
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? Has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Exaltation.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Uncertain intervals of short duration
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	One or two points chiefly - Not qualified for teaching, which is his occupation & unworthily partaking of the Lord's Supper.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Not so.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	About 28 - a housekeeper
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single - Never
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Rather high spirited
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	The Menstrues were obstructed for about three months - but have occurred since the mind became affected.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	—
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not known - unless family dissensions & difficulties.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	He was bled to a small extent & purged with little benefit.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

J. W.

27th April
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of ~~Christanna~~ ~~Muir~~
residing in Regent Street Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That her sister Jane Muir, residing
in Glasgow
aged twenty eight years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes. 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Christanna Muir

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Dr. James Watson, Surgeon in Glas^o produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Jane Muir
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 27th April
J.W.A. 1831

James Watson
Sheriff Subst

re requested to
to the following
the Patient.

L.

Indolent

is of short duration

is not qualified
his occupation &
of the Lord's Supper.

Governor

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 27th April 1831.

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Miss Jane Munro resident in the City
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Christanna Munro

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 27th April 1831.

I, James Watson, Surgeon in Glasgow,
having this day examined Miss Jane Munro resident in the City
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Watson M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by James Thomson & Blythwood Mill
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of fifteen shillings
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Miss Jane Muir as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Sheriff's warrant

J. D. McManus Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

15th
27th April 1851
Admitted
Jane Muir
J. D. McManus

See Ady Card

First Ra
Second,
Third, ...

According to the
the size of the bed-
and in the proportion
vided solely to atte
highest class, a cha

Patients sent by
lations, pay accordi

Patients sent by

The board is, in

When any pati
Committee, to asce

Patients have n

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dismissal, or on th
patient remain a ye
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Patients are ad

Isabella Arnott
 No 605



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 9 months.
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	First attack
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest the humor was much depressed in spirits and despondent
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	great depression of spirits which has changed to a state of acrobial fury about 10 days ago
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	occasional remissions at uncertain periods
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	He raves on a variety of subjects principally of religious ones
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	He threatened to strike those who have found it necessary to restrain him once did strike
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	36 years of age Sambauser
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Widow - None known
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing remarkable but rather religiously disposed
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No - discharge regular
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	unknown
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No

28th April
1831

W^onto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Arnott,
Labourer Craigenglen, Parish of
Kemprow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Isabella Arnott, the Petitioner's
Sister

aged thirty six years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary,--

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray--
John Arnott

*The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of Mr.
Samuel Clark, Surgeon in Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Isabella Arnott
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.*

*Glasgow 28th April
1831*

*James Watson
Sheriff Subst.*

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 28th April 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Isabella Annet single resident in the Parish
of Beith is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

J. Annet

Glasgow Parish of Beith

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 28 April 1831

I, Samuel Clarke, Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Isabella Annet resident in the Parish
of Beith, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Sam Clarke Surgeon

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harsh or violent, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

10/10
25th Nov 1891
Admitted
Glasgow Asylum

First Rate
Second, ---
Third, ---

According to the
the size of the bed-
and in the proportion
vided solely to atten
highest class, a charg

Patients sent by
lations, pay according

Patients sent by

The board is, in :

When any patient
Committee, to ascert

Patients have no

A fee, on admissi
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's reside

Ann Donaldson
M 606



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the subscription shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>His son not well</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>40 years ago</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? Has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John McLaren
Sailor 220 High Street Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Ann Donaldson resident in the
Parish of Logie —
aged ~~sixty two~~ years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Ann Donaldson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John McLaren

1

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
William Davidson Surgeon Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
James Donaldson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow. 27 April
1831
gratis
Amely.

Walter Mair.
Sheriff Subst.

Petition,
for
John M. Laree
Sailor 1831

e requested to
the following
ne Patient.

For each
for

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow April 1851

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Ann Donaldson* resident in the *Parish*
of *Logie* is insane, We request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations. *J. H. & Co., Auctioneers.*
James Christie for the Purveyance of Logie of Mansel

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 6 April 1851

J. William Davidson Surgeon in *Glasgow*,
having this day examined *Ann Donaldson* resident in the *Parish*
of *Logie*, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, *she* is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

William Davidson

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing to it the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 20th April 1831

An obligation has been granted by Mr James Christie of M.C.D. Donald
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of seven shillings
per week.

James Christie Treasurer.

Admit John Donaldson as a Patient into the Asylum.

In presence of James Christie

J.R. Christie Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Admitted
29th April 1831
John Donaldson

First Rate of
Second, _____
Third, _____

According to the rate
the size of the bed-room
and in the proportion of
vided solely to attend a
highest class, a charge is

Patients sent by any
lations, pay according to

Patients sent by other

The board is, in all

When any patient

Committee, to maintain

Patients have no cla

A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the de
patient remain a year or
of the patient's residence

Patients are not to



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Paul. Smith

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	For the period of two Months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	The night previous to the commencement of lunatic symptoms. there was an unusual depression of spirit. No alteration was observed in temper, disposition, opinions &c had a very restless night
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Complaints of slight giddiness in the head. in unconscious of what she is doing. Malady appears to be increasing
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Lucid intervals occur at uncertain times - only remission it would appear by her lucid intervals
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Raves upon various subjects principally about her own wicked conduct
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	has frequently attempted self violence by means of a Knife. likewise by drowning herself
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Has attempted frequently to injure her husband. by means of a Knife
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	has attempted frequently to break windows, doors, and
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Aged 27 Domestic -
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Is Married. A number of her relatives have been insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Gets into violent fits of Anger.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	The present fit of lunacy occurred upon the third day after Childbearing
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Childbearing
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	A blister and leeches have been applied to the head with no good effect. Together with laxative Medicines
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

4 May
1881

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Hugh Paterson
Kirk Treasurer of the
Barony parish of Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That ~~Agnes~~ ~~Anderson~~ ~~residing~~
~~in the~~ ~~Widow~~ ~~wife of~~ ~~James~~ ~~Anderson~~
~~aged~~ ~~years~~, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 59. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said ~~Agnes~~ ~~Anderson~~.

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Hugh Paterson Kirk Treasurer

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Mr. John Surgeon Shettles produced...
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Agnes Selan son
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition...

Glasgow 4 May 1833
Grestis W. G.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Agnes Adamson My Wife resident in the Parish
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Stricko Anderson

Shillington New Park Lane

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

May 3 1851
I, William Young Surgeon, Resident in Shillington,
having this day examined Agnes Adamson resident in the Parish
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

William Young

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Raving idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, 18

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit _____
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of
_____ 7/- per week,
I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in
advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condi-
tion incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Hugh Patterson Clerk Treasurer Glasgow

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANSO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

The husband agrees to pay 3/6 per week
W. White

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

William Black Treasurer

Admit James Thomson as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Marriage certificate _____ M.D. M.D. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

James Thomson

4th May 1851

Admitted

James Thomson

Letter of Obligation

THE PATIENT OF BOARD

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

William Black Treasurer

Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Elizabeth McDonald
No. 608

Patients are admitted on the following Terms:

First Rate of Board,.....	£- 10 6 per Week.
Second,.....	- 15 -
Third,.....	1 1 -
Fourth,.....	1 11 6
Fifth,.....	2 2 -
Sixth,.....	3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some or all of the following particulars, namely: in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients.

Paupers, from parishes which have contributed the sum stipulated by the Regulations, pay a board, according to a rate fixed annually.

Paupers, from other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and always in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the weekly committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards, according to the following statement:

Second Rate,.....	One Guinea.
Third,.....	Two Guineas.
Fourth,.....	Three Guineas.
Fifth and Sixth,.....	Four Guineas.

On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of his residence in the Asylum. Fees are paid to the Surgeon when his attendance is required. No fees are paid for paupers, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Applications for admission are laid before the weekly committee; but, in cases of emergency, immediate admission may be granted by the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application to the Directors, from one or more of his nearest relatives, or from his guardians: a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of his board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons, resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No idiot, unless mischievous, can be admitted.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure appears to be hopeless, are dismissed, by authority of the weekly committee, after a trial of one year, and whenever there are applicants under more curable forms of insanity.

When any patient is thus ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal, is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons, in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of his board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients from eleven till one o'clock.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which have to be often washed. An accurate list of every article, brought with the patient, must, on his admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or kirk-session, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus, due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, he shall, as soon as possible after his arrival, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Carl Smith

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Quite well situated since Thursday last
2. What were the mental impressions, and bodily state or ailments of the patient, observed, on the approach, or at the accession of lunacy?	Nothing particularly taken notice of
3. When did the malady assume its present form, and does it appear in degree to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	It appears to increase
4. Are there remissions, exacerbations, lucid intervals, or any other remarkable changes, in the state of the malady? What are these changes; do they occur periodically; and how long does each state usually continue?	Occasional Improvements, uncertain the length of time
5. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent hallucination or mental deception.	The primary object of his raving is our subject of public administration
6. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Never
7. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never.
8. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break furniture?	No
9. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, how long is it since the malady first occurred, and what has been the duration of each fit of lunacy, and of each interval?	Never so far as known
10. Was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Cannot say
11. What is the age of the patient?	Now about 30 years
12. Is the patient married or single?	Single
13. What was the profession or employment of the patient?	Cloth in State
14. Before the accession of lunacy, were there any remarkable peculiarities in the patient's temper, disposition, opinions, habits, deportment, or pursuits? and, if so, what were these peculiarities? Mention, especially, predominant passions, religious impressions, and any kind of habitual intemperance.	He appeared to be a person - there just surprised in mind than usual from slight causes - & generally temperate in religious opinions
15. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge; to suppression or obstruction of any customary evacuation; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Never
16. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	It has occurred since being detained in asylum in July last
17. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
18. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	It seems to arise from disappointment since he was released
19. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing of a medical nature
20. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and, on each occasion, how long has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of James Fraser of the Eagle
Inn Maxwell Street Glasgow.

Humbly Sheweth.

That Elizabeth Macdonald Cook maid in the
Petitioner's service

aged about Thirty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
James Fraser

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John M. Dowell M. D. produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Elizabeth Macdonald
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Mair
Shir. Subst.

Glasgow 8th May 1831.

Gratis.

Letter of Application

FOR THE
ADMISSION OF A PATIENT INTO THE GLASGOW LUNATIC ASYLUM.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 8 May 1831

Having reason to believe, according to the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Elizabeth M. Donald, resident in the Parish of St. George, is insane, I am desirous of placing her in your Asylum. I therefore request that she may be admitted a Patient, and I shall strictly conform to your Regulations.

James Fraser

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the county, town, or parish in which he has resided; and fill up the other blank spaces properly.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 8 May 1831

I, J. McHewell M.D., Surgeon in Glasgow, have attended Elizabeth M. Donald, in the Parish of St. George, for three days past; and I hereby certify upon oath & conscience that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

John McHewell M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the length of his attendance, or the number of his visits; the name of the patient, and that of the county, town, or parish in which he resides; and, after the word "hereby," the words "on oath and conscience;" or, in place of these words, if the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him insert the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.

8 May 1831. A Letter of Obligation by Mr. J. Fraser
of the Eagle Inn, has been lodged for the board of the
patient before designed, at 15/ per week.

A. Guthrie, P. Treas.

Admitted Elizabeth M. Donohue as a patient into
the Lunatic Asylum

To the Superintendent of the Asylum
J. B. Salmons

15/11
1831
Admitted
Elizabeth M. Donohue

According to the rate of board
the bed-room, in the number of
of keepers or servants, appointed
Paupers, from parishes which
annually.

Paupers, from other parishes

The board is, in all cases, paid

When any patient is dismissed
ascertain if any, and what portion

Patients have no claim to remuneration

A fee, on admission, is paid
following statement:

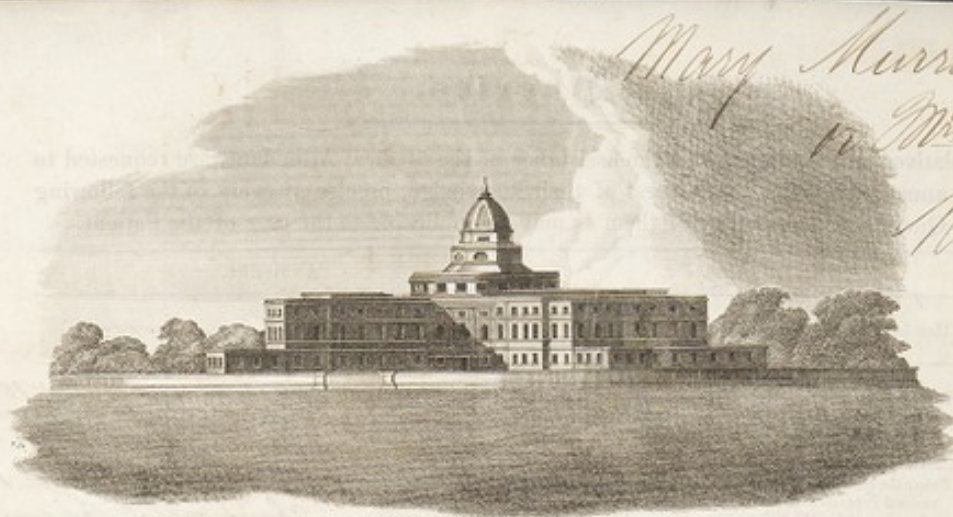
On the dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year or longer,
residence in the Asylum. Fees
patients at the first rate of board

Applications for admission
granted by the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without
guardians; a certificate of lunacy
for due observance of the rules
of these documents, or copies of

No idiot, unless mischievous,

Patients vowing to the state



Mary Murray
12 Mrs Rofs
No 609

Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Vol. 10.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since 1 st May Current
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Was first observed in Decr. 1829, for three days at that time violent, & gradually got better. - Has had no relapse till the present.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Kept now in the night preceding the 1 st of May, and when in Church on that day was suddenly taken ill and came home - Since then has continued in deranged.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	At times furious - the malady to all appearance on the increase.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Generally quiet from 10 o'clock for noon till 8 o'clock evening. - During the rest of the night is troubled and vigorous to be coerced.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	No particular Subject. - Seems afraid that she is to be burnt or drowned.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	None.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	When labouring under a paroxysm she would injure person who attempts to go near her, and would attempt to kill her, after that if permitted.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Yes.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Aged 18 1/2 Years - occupied only in household affairs.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Is married - No relatives were ever affected with insanity, so far as is known.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing particular appeared in her conduct before the 1 st of May, but has a propensity for ardent spirits, and had drunk some ten days before, so as to have become intoxicated.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Has no bodily infirmity, and is not subject to any other periodical disease.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Doubtful
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Supposed to have been occasional intemperance.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Has been bled and purged freely, without producing any apparent alleviation.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never.

13th May

1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Robert Ross
Foreman at Campsie Green
W^{ts} &c —

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mary Murray my
lawful wife

aged Forty one years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Mary Murray

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Robt Ross —

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
James Robertson Surgeon, produced...
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mary Murray
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 13th May
J. G. 1831 }

James Watson
Sheriff Clerk

requested to
the following
e Patient.

Current

in Decr. 1829,
and violent, & gradually
relapses till the present.

preceding the 1st of May,
that day was, & is now
and since then has continued

malady to all
increase.

10 o'clock for noon
During the rest of
the day requires to be coerced.

apt. - Seems afraid
of or drownd.

a paroxysm the
he attempts to go near his
bed when then if permitted

confined only in household

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Campsie Alum Works, 12th May 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mary Murray, my wife resident in the Parish
of Campsie is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Robt Rofs

Foreman at Campsie Alum Works

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Lenninstown of Campsie, 12th May 1831

I, James Robertson (Physician) in Lenninstown,
having this day examined Mary Murray, wife of Robt Rofs resident in the Parish
of Campsie, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

James Robertson M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 13th May 1871

An obligation has been granted by Mr. King of Gen. Macdonald & Co.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of seven shillings and sixpence
per week.

J. Mathison Treasurer.

Admit Henry Murray (Adm^d Res) as a Patient into the Asylum.

Dr. Thomson Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

13th May 1871
Adm^d Res
Henry Murray M.D.

First
Second
Third,

According to
the size of the bed
and in the proportion
vided solely to attend
highest class, a charge

Patients sent to
lunatic Asylums, pay according

Patients sent to

The board is,

When any patient
Committee, to ascertain

Patients have

A fee, on admission,
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's residence



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Amelanch

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	about 5 weeks first attack
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	—
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	about 6 weeks before the symptoms became manifest she was observed to be very nervous and easily agitated
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	great depression and expression of despair
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	passional exacerbation at uncertain periods and of uncertain duration
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	That she is to be burned and that death would be a blessing -
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Has frequently attempted or at least threatened to commit suicide. On one occasion a razor was taken from her
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Has attempted to destroy her infant by putting it in the fire -
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	24 years Domestic affair
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married - none known
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing remarkable in any respect
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None of these
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	precursory symptoms immediately after child birth
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	The distant cause may be ascribed to severe treatment preceding the birth of her second child & latterly she seems to have been much affected by the loss of children
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

14th May
1838

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Agnes Dain
residing in Beecroft Dum.
Lanarkshire

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mrs Mary Mc. Grace or Bain
wife of Walter Bain Beecroft aforesaid & dated
at the Petition
aged twenty four years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Mrs Mary Mc.
Grace or Bain

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Agnes Dain

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
A. D. Anderson Surgeon Glasgow produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Mary Mc Gae or Baird
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow 14 May
1883
McG

James McTear
Sheriff Subst.

requested to
the following
e Patient.

ck

the symptoms became
increased to the point
of delirium
of depression of spirits

on at midnight
and death

and that death

led or at least threatened
on one occasion a razor
by her infant by pulling

abam

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 14 May 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that my sister Margaret Ann Bain resident in the Parish
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

George Bain

Wife of Mr. John Bain, late of Glasgow

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 14 May 1831

I, Alexander Henderson, Surgeon, in Glasgow,
having this day examined Mrs. Bain resident in the Parish
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

A. Henderson M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.
on production of _____ Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

for
1881
Admission
Mary McRae (Mrs. Brown)

First Rate
Second, _____
Third, _____

According to the size of the bed-room and in the proportion of the bed-room provided solely to attend the highest class, a charge

Patients sent by authorities, pay according to the rate

Patients sent by other authorities, pay according to the rate

The board is, in all cases, to be paid by the patient

When any patient is admitted, the Committee, to ascertain the patient's residence

Patients have no charge for their residence

A fee, on admission, or on the patient's residence, or on the patient's residence, or on the patient's residence



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repented. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About Four Months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Has never been insane till the Period above stated Insanity continues for about an hour and sometimes its attacks three four or five times a day
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	A depression of spirits was manifest since the death of her husband about 2 years ago fluctuating in temper, bowels irregular appetite increased sleep long but disturbed by dreams
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Disposition to mischief no obvious change only increasing malady
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Lucid intervals which occur at uncertain times
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	On various subjects but particularly upon money and grandeur
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Once to drown herself
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Has threatened to kill her good daughter and children has struck them often
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Seventy years of age and wrought in a cotton mill for the last 35 years
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	a widow No relative ever was insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Little intemperance
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No Fell about 5 years
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Grief
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Best Medical advice with no effects
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Nothing of query 18 th has occurred

14 June 1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Cameron
cotton spinner formerly
of Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Agnes Murray Cotton Reeler
residing in Ballantyne of Glasgow
alias ~~Barrow~~ ~~Barrow~~
aged Seventy years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Agnes Murray

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Cameron

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Adam Walker Surgeon in Scotland produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Agnes Murray
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter How
Scrip. lat. 11.

Glasgow 14 June
1831
Gratis W. H.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

14th June 1831

I Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Agnes Murray resident in the Gorbals of Glasgow is insane, and request that She may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Cameron Son
W. 27 Rotherham Lane Gorbals Glasgow

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the determination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

14th June 1831

I, Adam Walker, Surgeon in Gorbals, having this day examined Agnes Murray resident in the Gorbals of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Adam Walker Surgeon

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Madmen, idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, June 14th 1831

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit Agnes Murray into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 7/- per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Hugh Patterson Bank Treasurer Glasgow

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMORNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 1831

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Sheriff's warrant _____ Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Adm. Almon
admitted
14th June 1831
7th
Barrow Bank



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Retturnay 11 July 1831

I Thomas MacLachlan, Physician in Retturnay,
having for some days past professionally attended M^{rs}
Evelyn Moore resident in this parish, hereby certify, on
Sole and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and
belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Thos. MacLachlan M.D.

7th July
1871.

Wrote This Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of William Stuart
Merchant, Rothsay,

Humbly Sheweth

That Mr. Charles Moore
residing in Rothsay
aged about Forty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statute, 35 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mr. Charles
Moore,

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
William Stuart

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Thos. MacLachlan M.D. produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mr. Charles Moore —
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition. —

Glasgow 7th July
1831

W. M. MacLachlan

Medical Certificate.

I, _____ M.
having this day examined _____
resident in the _____ of _____
hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief _____ is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum.

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Maimed idiots, and pregnant Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the determination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

18

I, _____, _____ in _____,
having this day examined _____ resident in the _____
of _____, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, _____ is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit _____
into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of _____
per week,
I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in
advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient
when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condi-
tion incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALManno, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHERBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mr. Charles Moor as a Patient into the Asylum.

On proof of the certificate of _____ Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Admitted
14 July 1871
J. B. M.
Mary McWilliam or Moore



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Since the month of March 1831.
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	The patient has not been oftener than once insane.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	The distemper came on gradually and nothing particular was observed till what arose from the effects of palsy.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Outragious to neighbours, but particularly to her own children - symptoms rather increasing.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	No lucid intervals have as yet been observed.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Upon no particular subject, but as external objects ^{are} open her.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	At an early period of the disorder she has often threatened and attempted, but not so frequent of late.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	She has shown symptoms of that kind sometimes but not with any dangerous weapon.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Yes; in occasional fits.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Aged 36. and occupation sedentary as a weavers wife.
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	She is married; but none of her relatives were ever known to be insane.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	question cannot be well answered.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	She was struck with palsy on the beginning of June 1830. Is now better, but not altogether recovered. Nothing else remarkable.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	She was pregnant when struck with palsy, but was delivered 8 months previous to her becoming insane.
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	do not know.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing as yet.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	No.

19th July
1838 } Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
The Petition of Walter Handyside
Treasurer in Glasgow,

Humbly Sheweth.

That Margaret Rodger residing in
Bridgeton and wife of your petitioner
aged thirty nine years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Margaret Rodger

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Walter Handyside

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Paterson Surgeon produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Margaret Rodger
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Muir
Sheriff Subst. C.

Glasgow 19th July
J. M. R. 1831 }

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that _____ resident in the _____ of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

I, John Paterson, Surgeon in Glasgow having this day examined Mrs Handyside resident in the Parish of Barony, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, July 19 1831

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit Margaret Rodgers or Mrs Handyside into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 7/- per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

James Smith Wife Guardian of Barony Parish of Glasgow

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMORNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 212, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

He promises to pay 1/6 for the first six weeks
J. B.

Glasgow, _____ 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.
W. H. MacKinnon

Admit (~~urgent~~ ~~Respect~~) *Mr. MacKinnon* as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Received
19th July 1891
W. H. MacKinnon
Manager of Asylum

Ester McCallum
No 614



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69, and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

As the Patient has been several times in this same house before (the last time about twelve months ago) her case will be familiar to the Physician

28th July
1881.

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Mrs Paterson
residing in Robertson Street
Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth

That Esther Mc Allum, resident in the
Parish of Barony Gorbals, the Petitioner's daughter
aged ~~forty eight~~ years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Surgeons of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Esther
Mc Allum

And your Petitioner

shall ever pray.
Mark O Mrs Paterson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
William Maddell Surgeon, produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Esther McCallum
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

James Watson:

Sheriff Clerk

Glasgow 28th July
W.S. 1831 }

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow July 28th 1851

I, Mr. Maddell Surgeon residing in Glasgow
having this day examined Cather McAlum
resident in the parish of Barony
hereby certify on soul and conscience that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Mr. Maddell Surgeon
317 Argyle St

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. A. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Personified idiots and pregnant Women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow July 28th 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Esther McArthur resident in the Parish of Burrough is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Mrs Patterson, Mother of the Patient, Robertson St

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, _____ 18

As you have agreed to admit _____ into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of _____ $\frac{7}{1}$ per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Rugh Patterson Elder

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow,

18
7

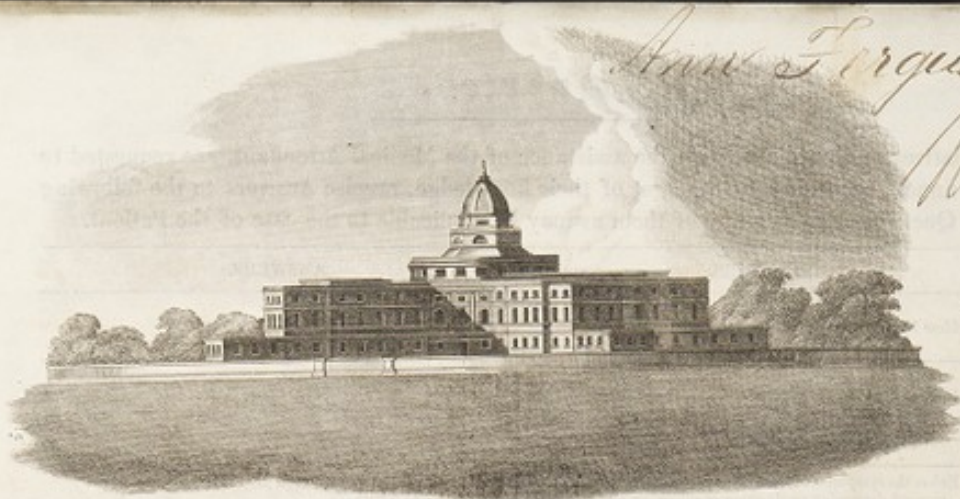
An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admits John McCollum as a Patient into the Asylum.

on production of Physicians and General Authority W. A. M. M. M. Physician.
To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Admitted
2nd Feb 1871
Edw. McCollum
Barrister at Law



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, — £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, — £ 11 6 per Week.
Second, — 15 — — — — —	Fifth, — 2 2 — — — — —
Third, — 1 1 — — — — —	Sixth, — 3 3 — — — — —

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>Since last Thursday</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>First attack</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Depression of Spirits a few days previous. Bowels irregular.</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? Has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>Melancholy. More furious & increasing</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>Lucid intervals at uncertain times</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>Successantly on religious subjects</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>No.</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>No.</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No.</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>about 30 years of age. Housekeeping and Sewing</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Single. No.</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>No. Religious subjects.</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>Subject to a sore on the left arm since she was 14 years of age</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No.</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>Religion</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>Purgatives. Blesters and Opacates and cold applications to the Head.</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>No.</i>

1st August
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Ferguson in
the employment of Mr. Far-
-very Spirit merchant in
Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Ann Ferguson resident in
Stockwell Street of Glasgow the Petitioner
aged Forty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Ann Ferguson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
John Ferguson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Wm. Gamford Surgeon, ^{produced.}
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
John Ferguson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Glasgow: 1st August
1831.
JWB
gratis
James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Mr. Watson
95 North 3rd St
Cincinnati, Ohio

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 1st August 1851

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Ann Ferguson resident in the Strathmore Street of Glasgow is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

James James Macintosh
John Ferguson his Uncle

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 1st August 1851

I, William Crawford Surgeon, in Freetown, having this day examined Ann Ferguson resident in the Strathmore Street of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

William Crawford Surgeon

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Glasgow, 1st August 1831

An obligation has been granted by Mr Thomas Harvie, Westthorn
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Three shillings & sixpence
per week.

James Lym Treasurer.

Admit James Ferguson as a Patient into the Asylum.

W. L. M. M. M. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

10/10
(2 shillings & 6 pence)
Admitted
James Ferguson

First Rate
Second,
Third, ...

According to the
the size of the bed-r
and in the proportion
vided solely to atten
highest class, a charg

Patients sent by
lations, pay accordin

Patients sent by

The board is, in

When any patient
Committee, to ascert

Patients have no

A fee, on admissi
dismissal, or on the
patient remain a year
of the patient's reside



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, _____ - 15 - _____	Fifth, _____ 2 2 - _____
Third, _____ 1 1 - _____	Sixth, _____ 3 3 - _____

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUESTIONS.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About fourteen Days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	He has never before been insane
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	No change in any of the above
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Great depression of spirits which appeared to be the core case
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Lucid intervals of short continuance occur irregularly
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	One case almost invariably considers that he has been ill and much neglected and that he deserves punishment
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Frequently! Often threatened to throw himself out of the window, and to burn himself with a candle
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	None
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Thirty years of age
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single and a bachelor
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing remarkable: no religious prejudices or impressions
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	None
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	Never pregnant
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Exhaustion of the system by long and severe exertion, and by the loss of sleep and food
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Medicinal measures
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

2^d. August
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
The Petition of William Jamieson
Manufacturer in Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That Mrs Margaret Miller, Widow
of the late David Miller now living in Glasgow
and, the Daughter of the Petitioner
aged thirty one years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 35 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Mrs
Margaret Miller -

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray -
William Jamieson

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John McNeill Surgeon Glasgow produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Margaret Miller
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 2^d August
1831
Wm. G.

Wm. G.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 1st August 1831

J. John Macnisch Surgeon in Glasgow

having this day examined Mrs David Miller

resident in the City of Glasgow

do hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum J. M. Macnisch

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots, and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Miss Margaret Miller, Widow of the late James Miller, late of Glasgow is insane, and request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

At the test of our Writing and Seal, James Miller
William Jamieson

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 2nd August 1838

As you have agreed to admit Miss Margaret Miller into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of £10.0.0 per week, for Boarding and Expenses per week, We hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

James Miller David Miller

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

The Death of her Husband, who died in Glasgow East House

Glasgow, 2nd August 1855

An obligation has been granted by James Buchanan & Co. Ltd.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Two Shillings and Sixpence
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Mrs. Margaret (Pammy) Miller as a Patient into the Asylum.

MD. J. M. M. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

1855
2 Aug 1855
Admitted
Margt Pammy or Miller

Glasgow Lunatic Asylum.

Agnes Mutrie
No. 61/1

Patients are admitted on the following Terms:

First Rate of Board,.....	£- 10	6 per Week.
Second,.....	- 15	-
Third,.....	1	1 -
Fourth,.....	1	11 6
Fifth,.....	2	2 -
Sixth,.....	3	3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some or all of the following particulars, namely: in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients.

Paupers, from parishes which have contributed the sum stipulated by the Regulations; pay a board, according to a rate fixed annually.

Paupers, from other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and always in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the weekly committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards, according to the following statement:

Second Rate,.....	One Guinea.
Third,.....	Two Guineas.
Fourth,.....	Three Guineas.
Fifth and Sixth,.....	Four Guineas.

On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of his residence in the Asylum. Fees are paid to the Surgeon when his attendance is required. No fees are paid for paupers, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Applications for admission are laid before the weekly committee; but, in cases of emergency, immediate admission may be granted by the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application to the Directors, from one or more of his nearest relatives, or from his guardians; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of his board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons, resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No idiot, unless mischievous, can be admitted.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure appears to be hopeless, are dismissed, by authority of the weekly committee, after a trial of one year, and whenever there are applicants under more curable forms of insanity.

When any patient is thus ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal, is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons, in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of his board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients from eleven till one o'clock.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which have to be often washed. An accurate list of every article, brought with the patient, must, on his admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or kirk-session, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus, due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, he shall, as soon as possible after his arrival, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	31 July 1851
2. What were the mental impressions, and bodily state or ailments of the patient, observed, on the approach, or at the accession of lunacy?	
3. What is the present form of the malady; how long has it existed in this form; and does it appear in degree to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	Furious & increasing
4. Are there remissions, exacerbations, lucid intervals, or any other remarkable changes, in the state of the malady? What are these changes; do they occur periodically; and how long does each state usually continue?	4 in morning and between 12 and one mid day
5. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent hallucination or mental deception.	
6. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	has bitten her finger which has become gangrenous - Biting
7. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	no
8. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break furniture?	no
9. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, how long is it since the malady first occurred, and what has been the duration of each fit of lunacy, and of each interval?	never before
10. Was any relative of the patient ever insane?	no
11. What is the age of the patient?	30 years of age
12. Is the patient married or single?	Married
13. What was the profession or employment of the patient?	Sewing and other household business
14. Before the accession of lunacy, were there any remarkable peculiarities in the patient's temper, disposition, opinions, habits, deportment, or pursuits? and, if so, what were these peculiarities? Mention, especially, predominant passions, religious impressions, and any kind of habitual intemperance.	Unsteadiness.
15. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge; to suppression or obstruction of any customary evacuation; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	none except the middle finger right hand which has been amputated
16. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	3 July immediately after the death of 3 children within one week
17. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	no
18. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Supposed deaths of the children
19. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Nothing
20. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and, on each occasion, how long has the patient been in any such establishment? Where, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

11th Aug. 1831

Pauper case

Unto The Honourable, The
Sheriff-Depute of the Shire of Lanark,
or his Substitutes,

The Petition of Peter Hill, Super-
intendent of the Leazes Hospital

Humbly Sheweth,

That Agnes Matrix wife
of Robert Henderson, Porter in Glasgow
aged about 30 years, is at present in such a state of mental
derangement, as to render it necessary and proper she should be put under
restraint & confinement, as appears from the accompanying Medical
Certificate, under the hand of John Watt, Surgeon in
Glasgow

But as by the Statutes 55th Geo III. Cap 69 & 9th Geo III.
Cap 34, Your Lordship's Warrant for reception into a Public Hospital
or Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your
Lordship to Grant Warrant to
the Superintendant or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum, to receive the said Agnes
Matrix
and your Petitioner will ever pray.

Peter Hill

The Sheriff having considered this Petition
& Certificate, under the hand of John Watt —

produced. Grants Warrant for placing the within designed
Agnes Muir —

into The Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, in terms of
the Statute, referred to in the Petition.

Glasgow,

11th Aug. 1885.

J. S.

Robert Muir.
Sheriff Subst. —

Glasgow 11th August 1831

I, John Watt District Surgeon residing
in Glasgow, having this day examined, M^{rs} Henderson,
hereby certify, on Soul and Conscience, that to
the best of My Knowledge, and Belief, she is insane
and a proper Patient, for the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum.

John Watt

Glasgow 11 Aug^r 1831

I send this to the Asylum and believe to be the best
to the Superintendent or Medical
Yours Very Truly
J. Watt

J. Watt

Agnes Murtrie
Admitted
13th Aug. 1881
of
Forsyth Hospital
Sgt. Hall.

Ann Crawford
W Faulds

N^o 618

12th Aug^r 1831

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Sheriff
The Petition of Robert Faulds
Manufacturer in Beith

Humblly Sheweth

That Ann Crawford wife of
Mr Rob^t Faulds Manufacturer Beith
the Pet^r aged fifty seven years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3. Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4. Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Ann Craw-
ford

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
Rob^t Faulds

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Robert Dunlop, Surgeon in Bath produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Ann Crawford or Faulds
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition. —

Glasgow 12th August 1831.

Walter Mon.
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate.

I Robert Dunlop Surgeon Beith
having this day examined Mrs. A. T. Fawcett
resident in the parish Beith

herely certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

Beith 11th Aug 1831 Robert Dunlop Surgeon

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate will, after signing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Maimed, idiots and pregnant
women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Ann Crawford - Buds

Admitted
16th Aug^r 1831.

24th

July.



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £ 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £ 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " 15 " " "	Fifth, " " 2 2 " " "
Third, " " 1 1 " " "	Sixth, " " 3 3 " " "

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Three years
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	she was never insane before ^{the} above period
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	she had an attack of Hemiplegia three months before she became lunatic and previously of a nervous habit
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	She generally lies quite ^{quiet} for two months this is succeeded by 6 months or six weeks restlessness - during which time she often cries very loud - Her malady is rather increasing of late -
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	She cries very constantly for certain kind of food & calls the servant frequently and other members of the family
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	never
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	never
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	no
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	she is 57 years of age
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	she is married and none of her relations were ever insane
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	she was not remarkable for any thing referred to in this question
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	she was affected with palsy as stated above and has lost the power of her right side
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	never any fit occurred previous to the present
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	palsy as above stated
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	never

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Beith Aug^r 12th 1851

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that *Mrs Ann Crawford* resident in the *Town*
of *Beith* is insane, I request that *she* may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Robt Fairs

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 17th August 1831

An obligation has been granted by Messrs. John Williamson, & Co. Ltd.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of one guinea
per week.

L. A. Mathieson Treasurer.

Admit Wm am Brayford (W^r Paul) as a Patient into the Asylum.

On production of Phelps warrant _____ M. D. Adams Physician.

*To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.*



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>about five years since</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>not insane before these five years</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>after Bearing a child</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>getting worse</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>lucid intervals</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>one subject</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>yes</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>no</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>no</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>near forty</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>single</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>some oddity</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>not regular</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	<i>no</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>no</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>disappointment in money</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>nothing but tonic & purgative</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>Tonic & purgative</i>

18th Aug.
1841

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Jasper Smith
Kirk Treasurer, Barony Parish
of Glasgow. -

Humbly Sheweth.

That Sarah Hepburn residing in
the Barony Parish of Glasgow
aged about forty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary. -

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Sarah Hepburn.

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Jasper Smith

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Paterson, Surgeon, produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Sarah Hepburn
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Moncrieff
Secy. S. & A. C.

Glasgow. 18th Aug.
Gratis J. W. G. 1871 }

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow Aug 18 51
Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Sarah Hepburn resident in the Parish of Barony is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Perfix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow Aug 18 51
I, John Paterson, Surgeon in Glasgow, having this day examined Sarah Hepburn resident in the Parish of Barony, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

John Paterson Surgeon
The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after perfixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, Aug 18 51
As you have agreed to admit Sarah Hepburn into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of Seven shillings per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

James Smith
All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMUNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, March 22 1827

An obligation has been granted by Hugh Patterson
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of 4/- per week
per week.

Hugh Patterson Treasurer.

Admit Percey Hayburn (Nephew) as a Patient into the Asylum.

W. A. M. M. M. Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Percey Hayburn
Admitted
(see entry 1831)
7/2
J. H. M.
J. H. M.



Ann N. Whiter
N^o 620

Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>A. few days.</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>16th depression of spirit</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>single</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	<i>No</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	<i>No</i>

22. Aug.
1831

Wrote This Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Jasper Smith,
Kirk Treasurer Barony Parish

Humbly Sheweth

That Ann McQuirter
residing in the Barony Parish
aged twenty two years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said Ann
McQuirter

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
Jasper Smith

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Paterson, Surgeon produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Ann McQuirter
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Walter Mon.
Sheriff Subst. P. v.

Glasgow 22nd Aug.
Gratis. J. H. G. 1841.

Medical Certificate.

I, _____
having, this day, examined _____
resident in the _____ of _____
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, _____ is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum.

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate, will, after purposing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A Person infected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient.
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, Aug. 22. 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Ann M. Lister resident in the Barony of Glasgow is insane, we request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John M. M.
James Gemmell

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow Aug. 22. 1831
I, John Paterson, Surgeon in Glasgow having this day examined Ann M. Lister resident in the Barony of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

John Paterson Surgeon
207, Galleries

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Glasgow, Aug. 22. 1831

Gentlemen,

As you have agreed to admit Ann M. Lister into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of Seven shillings per week, I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurers, to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

James Smith Treasurer

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMANN, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician, or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time, for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, Aug. 22 1831

An obligation has been granted by Baroness Parish
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Seven shillings
per week.

Lispen Smith Treasurer.

Admit John McQuint as a Patient into the Asylum.

McAlman Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

John McQuint
admitted
25 Aug 1831
Baroness Parish



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	4 years
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Occurred too frequently to be specified She is nearly 7 years
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	She was unusually low
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	There has been little change from the beginning, but has fits of excitation
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	She has had no remission
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	Has no permanent subject
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	No
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	She has struck persons without provocation
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	yes
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Aged 24 years & is a Cotton Spinner
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Her younger sister is an idiot
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Was liable to weeping fits
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Catamenia has been irregular
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	No
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Unknown
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Has had little medical treatment
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Has been in no asylum

30th Aug.
1838

Wrote The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Harkness
Scripion Clerk and Clerk to the
Heritors of Lanark

Humblly Sheweth

That Christian Donaldson, a
Pauper belonging to the Parish of
Lanark ~~of~~ aged twenty four years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3 Cap. 69 & 2 Geo. 4 Cap. 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

John Harkness S^{crip}. Cl^k. & Clerk to the Heritors

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
Robert Logan, Surgeon, produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Christian Donaldson ~ ~
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter How
Sheriff Subst. C.

Glasgow 30. August
Gratis. - J.H.G. 1831 }

Medical Certificate.

New Lamanah 27th Aug. 1831.

I, Robt Logan Surgeon in New
Lan., having this day examined Christian Don,
a Native resident in the Town of New Lamanah.
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. * Robt Logan
Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends,
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Heavily idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Christian Donaldson
Admitted
2 Sept. 1831
4
F

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

27 Augt. 1831
Lanark

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Christian Donaldson resident in the Village
of New Lanark is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

John Harkness Esq. Esq.
Clerk to the Heritors

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

L. Dundas

Glasgow, 6th Sept 1851

An obligation has been granted by John Wright Junr Esqr
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Seven Shillings
per week.

James Esqr Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.
Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

Margaret Souther
No 22



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>4 year and half</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	<i>only one attack</i>
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	<i>Great depression of spirits slept indifferently</i>
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	<i>She was easily managed until about five weeks ago</i>
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	<i>No lucid intervals, - always worst at night</i>
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	<i>raves indifferently on various subjects</i>
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	<i>Never</i>
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	<i>Never</i>
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	<i>No</i>
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	<i>50 years of age - she was engaged in managing her household affairs</i>
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	<i>Widow - none of her relatives were known to be insane before</i>
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	<i>Before the commencement of the malady she was much troubled with her stomach - afterwards with great pain in the head from which she was distressed and died</i>
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	<i>No</i>
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	<i>No</i>
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	<i>No</i>
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	<i>No particular cause</i>
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	<i>little was required, - and what was done had but little effect. a keeper has been employed for five weeks</i>
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Dec. 12

Dec. 13

20th Sept^r
1831

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Margaret Scoullar
residing in Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mrs Janet Scoullar
residing in Glasgow the Petitioner's mother
aged about Fifty years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship,
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Mrs Janet
Scoullar.

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Margaret Scoullar

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
R. G. Maxwell Surgeon General produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow, Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Janet Scouller -
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Knox
Sheriff Subst. C.

Glasgow 20th September
gratis & M. G. 1831

Margaret Desuller
Admitted
2nd Sept 1831
10/6

Glasgow 20th Sept: 1831

I have frequently seen Mrs Scouler both
before, and during the present attack of lunacy, and think her a proper
patient for a Lunatic Asylum. R G Maxwell Surgeon—

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

18

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that _____ resident in the _____
of _____ is insane, _____ request that _____ may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

M. Scullion

Glasgow, 20th Sept 1831

An obligation has been granted by Colin Dunlop Esq. Ch. D.
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of Ten Shillings & Six pence
per week.

James Lym Treasurer.

Admit _____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }

10 October 1821

James Martin
or Slater
No 623

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John Slater Joiner
Barthead parish of
Neilston Renfrewshire

Humbly Sheweth

That James Martin
my Spouse

aged twenty ~~two~~ nine years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3 Cap. 62 & 29 Geo. 4 Cap. 34
your Lordships' Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

James Martin

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray
Alex^r. Martin for
John Slater

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Brown Surgeon General produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Janet Martin or Slater
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition -

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 1st October
1834
gratis M.C.

Medical Certificate.

Barrhead September 30th 1851,

I do hereby certify

having this day examined Janet Martin or Huter
resident in the Parish of Neilston County of Renfrew

I, hereby certify on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief, She is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum. J. L. Brown Surgeon

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after purposing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner is a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Phrenic idiots, and persons
Whom are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

James Martin of Peter
Admitted
1st October 1831

77



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 -	Fifth, 2 2 -
Third, 1 1 -	Sixth, 3 3 -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismission, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismission is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	About ten weeks
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	This is the first time
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	He had a child 10 weeks ago. He was low & spends one week before the violent attacks. He is able to walk before long - Labial constipation of bowels.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	At the first very outrageous but lately more mild about ten days ago. He appeared to be free from lunacy. He continued four days in the state of lunacy & then relapsed.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	Always when the bowels were kept open. He is more sane, but resists taking Purgatives. His complaint is immediately increased.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	She raves indifferently
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	No
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	No
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	Sometimes she tears her clothes
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	29 years of age. Mostly occupied in Domestic Housekeeping
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	She is married. A young Nurse or full-brother was an inmate in the Glasgow Asylum about a year ago
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	The first symptoms were religious impressions. She thought there was no salvation for her soul.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rapture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Debility
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childbed?	The present fit occurred in childbed but she had one before she had her first child & two afterwards
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Cannot say positively
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	Mercurial & Phosphorus & opium & purgatives. Hydropathy. Narcotics. The Secular & Religious. Nothing has done any effect. Heated along with good Cathartics & a dose of 20 to 30 grs. of calomel
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	She never was insane before the attack

Letter of Application
BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Nithston 30th Septem^r 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Janet Martin or Actator resident in the Village
of Barrhead, is insane, we request that she may be admitted into

the your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations, as a poor Patient from this parish
30th Septem^r 1831 Will^m Howells Heritor Parish of Nithston
J. Gardiner, Treas^r of Poor Fund

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

*James Martin or
Slater*

Glasgow, *2^d October* 18*51*

An obligation has been granted by *Mr John Rennie, 5. Montrose Place*
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of *seven shillings*
per week.

J. Mathieson Treasurer.

Admit *James Martin* as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. Belmar Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, " " - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, " " 2 2 - - - - -
Third, " " 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, " " 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suit of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No Patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; and a written obligation for payment of board, and for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The annexed forms of these documents, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which Patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Twelve Days
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	Never before
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	Nothing particular except some irregularity in the Bowels for 3 weeks. Great irritability for the same time and sleepless. My land said a 6
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? Has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	It seems to be stationary. She has had a little more sleep for the last night.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	No well marked lucid intervals
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any persistent or remarkable illusions.	Various subjects
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	None
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	a propensity to bite
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	No
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	Twenty six years of age
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Married
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	Nothing particular
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	Irregular menstruations
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	Never
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	Never
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	Not exactly known
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	usual treatment
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never

13th Oct^r
1831 } Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff,
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.
The Petition of David Greig a comptant
in Glasgow

Humbly Sheweth.

That Mrs. Mary Greig resides in the
Barony parish of Glasgow
aged Twenty six years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo. 3. Cap. 69. & 9 Geo. 4. Cap. 34.
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary.

May it therefore please your Lordship:
to grant Warrant to the Officers or Keepers
of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the said Mrs. Mary Greig

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
David Greig

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John M Dowall M.D. produced.
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
M^{rs} Margaret Greig
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Knox
Sh. Subst.

Glasgow 13th October
J.H.G. 1831

are requested to
to the following
the Patient.

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 13 Oct 1831.

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mr Margaret Greig resident in the Barony Parish
of Glasgow is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

David Greig,
James G. Meddie

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 13 Oct 1831

I, John McHowall M.D. Surgeon in Glasgow,
having this day examined Mr Margaret Greig resident in the County
of Glasgow, hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, she is insane, and a proper Patient for admission into the Glasgow
Royal Lunatic Asylum.

John McHowall M.D.

The medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert his own name, designation, and place of residence; the name of the patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish, in which he resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends, let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society. N.B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

25
30
5/8

Glasgow, 13th October 1831

An obligation has been granted by David Greig at Mr. McPhee's, Surgeon General
and of Mr. Greig at 11 Maxwell Street
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of one pound eleven shillings Glasgow
per week.

James Syme Treasurer.

Admit Miss Margaret (Pillister) Greig as a Patient into the Asylum.

J. B. McPhee Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the }
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }
are the only persons whose duties would be agreeable to Mr. Greig

David Greig
19th Oct 1831
11 Maxwell Street
Glasgow



First Rate of
Second, _____
Third, _____

According to the rate
the size of the bed-room
and in the proportion of
vided solely to attend a
highest class, a charge
Patients sent by any
lations, pay according to
Patients sent by other
The board is, in all
When any patient
Committee, to ascertain
Patients have no charge
A fee, on admission
dismissal, or on the day
patient remain a year or
of the patient's residence
Patients are admitted

M^{rs} Janet Shedden
N^o 625

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of S^r J^r Shedden
Dy^{ce} in Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That M^{rs} Janet Shedden my Wife

aged 62 ——— years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 69 & 9 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordship's Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.
S^r J^r Shedden

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
William Dun Nelson, M.D. produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Janet Shedden
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Moir
M. Subst. &c.

Glasgow 9 November }
1831 }

Medical Certificate

Apr^l 9 - 1851

I, William Dun Nisbet, Physic-
Glasgow having this day examined M^{rs} Janet Sudden
resident in the Town of Glasgow
hereby certify, on soul and conscience, that, to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane, and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

William Dun Nisbet M.D.

The Medical practitioner granting this certificate, will, after prefixing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription, insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
No person afflicted with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Morally idiotic and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Mr. J. M. Shedd
Admitted
9th November 1831
31/6

Med. Dept.

22^d. November
1831

M^{rs}. Mary Anderson
No 626

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of John A. Mathieson
residing in Glasgow,

Humbly Sheweth

That M^{rs}. Mary Anderson
of Edinburgh,
aged Twenty seven years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statute, 55 Geo 3. Cap 62 & 9 Geo 4. Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ships, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Superiors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said M^{rs}. Mary
Anderson

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

J. A. Mathieson.

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
John Scott Physician Edinburgh produced
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Mrs Mary Anderson
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition

Glasgow 22^d November
1831 }

J. W. H.

James Watson
Sheriff Subst.

Medical Certificate

41 Albany St. Edinburgh 21st November 1881

I John Scott M.D. Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons
Edinburgh having this day examined Mrs Mary
Anderson resident in Edinburgh. I hereby certify
on soul and conscience that to the best of my
knowledge and belief Mrs Anderson is insane
and a proper patient for admission into the
Glasgow Lunatic Asylum

John Scott M.D.

Mr Mary Anderson
Admitted
22 November 1831
25

35 Claremont Street

Edin^g 21st Nov^r 1831

To the Managers of the
Royal Infirmary Asylum Glasgow
Gent^l

Having reason to believe
as noted in the Medical Certificate here
with sent that M^{rs} Mary Anderson re-
sident in the City of Edinburgh is insane
I request that she be admitted into your
Asylum as a patient under your Reg^y
directions

John D. Anderson
husband of the Patient.



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, 2 2 - - - - -
Third, 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, viz. in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repented. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repented only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 63. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N. B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	<i>A Week.</i>
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	

Letter of Application

BY

THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 22^d November 1831.

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent,
that Mrs Mary Anderson resident in the City
of Edinburgh is insane, I request that she may be admitted into
your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

J. A. Mathieson

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their prefaces, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Glasgow, 22^d November 1831

An obligation has been granted by Chas Macintosh Esq^r of Manchester
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of One guinea
per week.

J^r Don Treasurer.
J^r A. Mathieson

Admits W^t Anderson as a Patient into the Asylum.
W^t Anderson Physician.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum. }



Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

First Rate of Board, £- 10 6 per Week.	Fourth Rate of Board, £1 11 6 per Week.
Second, - 15 - - - - -	Fifth, - 2 2 - - - - -
Third, - 1 1 - - - - -	Sixth, - 3 3 - - - - -

According to the rate of board, a difference will be observed, in some of, or in all, the following particulars, *viz.* in the size of the bed-room, in the number of apartments, in the quality of furniture and of diet, in the rank of associates, and in the proportion of keepers or servants, appointed to a given number of patients. If a keeper or servant be provided solely to attend a single patient, or if the exclusive use of a suite of apartments be required for a patient of the highest class, a charge is made in addition to the rate of board.

Patients sent by any parish which has contributed a sum proportioned to its population, as stipulated by the Regulations, pay according to a rate of board fixed annually.

Patients sent by other parishes, pay according to the first rate of board.

The board is, in all cases, paid quarterly, and in advance.

When any patient is dismissed, or dies, before the close of a quarter, an application may be made to the Weekly Committee, to ascertain if any, and what portion of the sum advanced for board, shall be refunded.

Patients have no claim to remuneration for their labour.

A fee, on admission, is paid to the Physician, by each patient at the second rate of board, and upwards. On the dismissal, or on the death of the patient, after six, and within twelve months, the fee is repeated. But should the patient remain a year or longer, the fee is repeated only on the expiry of the year, and on that of each succeeding year of the patient's residence in the Asylum. No fees are paid for parish patients, or by patients at the first rate of board.

Patients are admitted and dismissed by orders from the Physician.

No patient is admitted, without a written application addressed to the Directors, from one or more of the nearest relatives, or from the guardians of the patient; a certificate of lunacy from a respectable medical practitioner; a warrant from the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, in terms of the Statutes 55, Geo. III. Cap. 69. and 9.—Geo. IV. Cap. 34; and a written obligation for payment of board, as well as for due observance of the rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow. The forms of these documents herewith furnished, or copies of them, must be properly filled up and subscribed.

No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state, can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots, and pregnant women, are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circumstances, to be judged of by the Weekly Committee.

Patients verging to the state of idiocy, epileptic patients, and others whose cure, after due trial of treatment in the Asylum, appears to be hopeless, are dismissed.

When any patient is ordered to be dismissed, timely written notice of the order for dismissal is always sent by the Secretary, to the person or persons in Glasgow, who have subscribed the obligation for payment of board; and when the patient is not removed from the Asylum, within a week after the time fixed in the notice, the rate of board is doubled.

Near relatives or guardians, or others producing proper written authority, from the subscribers of those letters of application, on which patients have been admitted, are, by an order from the Physician, allowed to visit patients at such hours as he may specify.

No visitor is permitted to enter the apartment of any patient of a different sex, but under proper restrictions.

No person shall bring into, or carry out of the house, any article for a patient, without the knowledge of the Superintendent, or of the Matron.

Every patient must be provided with a proper suit of apparel, and with a sufficient number of changes of those articles of dress which will often require to be washed. An accurate list of every article brought with the patient, must, on admission, be delivered to the Superintendent. If any necessary part of dress should not be duly supplied, after intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the house, and the cost of it charged against the relatives, guardians, or parish, by whom the patient has been placed in the Asylum.

N.B. Patients, in cases of urgency, will at any hour be admitted; but, in ordinary cases, they must be sent to the Asylum, after seven o'clock in the morning, and before seven o'clock in the evening. Timely notice of the hour when any patient may be expected to arrive, ought always, if possible, to be given to the Superintendent. Thus due preparation will be made for the patient's reception; and, if immediate medical attendance should be requisite, the patient shall, as soon as possible after admission, be visited by the Physician.

Queries.

Relatives or Guardians, with the assistance of the Medical Attendant, are requested to annex, according to the best of their knowledge, precise Answers to the following Queries, or to as many of them as may be applicable to the case of the Patient.

QUERIES.	ANSWERS.
1. How long has the patient been insane?	Upwards of two months
2. If the patient has been oftener than once insane, when did the malady first occur; how often did it occur before this last attack; in what forms, and of what duration?	The present is the third attack. He is about 25 years of age. Continuing about 3 weeks. The 2 ^d attack ago continuing about a month. He has always been very irascible.
3. Before the symptoms of lunacy became manifest, was there any unusual depression or elevation of spirits, or was any alteration observed in the temper, disposition, opinions, conduct, sleep, appetite, state of bowels, or health of the patient; and how long before lunacy were any such precursory symptoms observed?	His spirits got gradually depressed & continued gradually less so during the last interval. Bowels particularly costive.
4. What have been the prominent symptoms of the malady? has any obvious change in its form occurred? and does it appear to be increasing, declining, or stationary?	When ill she cries much & day & night very little. The symptoms are all increasing.
5. Are there lucid intervals, or any great remissions, or exacerbations; and do such changes occur at uncertain times, or at stated periods?	There are no lucid intervals. Only slight remissions.
6. Does the patient rave indifferently on various subjects, or chiefly on one? and what is that subject? Mention particularly any permanent or remarkable illusions.	His ravings are not confined to any particular subject.
7. Has the patient ever threatened or attempted to commit any act of self-violence? and by what means?	Has sometimes threatened but was attempted to injure himself.
8. Has the patient ever made any premeditated or dangerous attempt to injure any other person? and how?	Never.
9. Is the patient prone to tear clothes, or to break windows or furniture?	He has sometimes torn his clothes.
10. What is the age, and what was the profession or occupation of the patient?	about 25 years
11. Is the patient married or single, and was any relative of the patient ever insane?	Single. His relative was ever insane that his friends are aware of.
12. Before the commencement, either of the malady or of any of its precursory symptoms, had the patient been remarkable for any degree of oddity, eccentricity, or mental infirmity? Mention predominant passions or prejudices, religious impressions, and any habitual vice or intemperance.	He is naturally rather still & quiet but previous to his illness those years nothing particular in his disposition.
13. Is the patient subject to periodical attacks of any other malady; to any unusual discharge, or to suppression or obstruction of any customary discharge; to sores, eruptions, rupture, epilepsy, or palsy? Specify any bodily infirmity, or disease of the patient.	No.
14. Did the present fit of lunacy occur, or has any former fit occurred, during pregnancy or in childhood?	
15. Was the head of the patient ever severely injured?	No.
16. What is supposed to have been the exciting cause of the malady?	No known cause.
17. What has been done for the recovery of the patient? and with what effect?	No medicine has been used. He has been sent to the country & has been kept in the country with no effect.
18. Has the patient ever been treated for lunacy, in any public asylum or private mad-house? If so, how often, and how long, on each occasion, has the patient been in any such establishment? When, in what state, and, if not cured, for what reason was the patient dismissed?	Never.

Pauper case

Unto The Hon^{ble} The Sheriff
Depute of Lanarkshire, or his
Substitute.

The Petition of Alex^r Lapatin
residing at No 28 Spout
mouth Glasgow

Humblly Sheweth

That his sister Helen Lap-
atin

aged about 25 years, is at present in such
a state of mental derangement as to require treat-
ment in a Lunatic Asylum, which appears from
the Certificate and Statement herewith produced.
But as by the Statutes, 55 Geo 3 Cap 62 & 2 Geo 4 Cap 34
your Lordships Warrant for the reception of any person
into a Lunatic Asylum is necessary

May it therefore please your Lord-
ship, to grant Warrant to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic
Asylum to receive the said

Helen Lapatin

And your Petitioner
shall ever pray.

Alex^r Lapatin

The Sheriff having considered the
Petition and Certificate, under the hand of
George Watson Surgeon in ^{Scotland} produced,
Grants Warrant and Authority to the Officers or
Keepers of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum
to receive the person of the within designed
Helen Lapslie
in terms of the Statutes referred to in the
Petition.

Walter Moir
Sheriff Subst.

Glasgow 28th Novem.

W. H. 1831

Medical Certificate.

Glasgow 28th Nov. 1831

I George Watson Surgeon in Glasgow
having this day examined Helen Lassie
who is resident in the parish of St James
hereby certify on soul and conscience that to the best
of my knowledge and belief she is insane and a proper
patient for admission into the Glasgow Royal
Lunatic Asylum

George Watson

The Medical Practitioner granting this certificate will after signing
the name of the place and the date of his subscription insert
his own name, designation, and place of residence, the name of the
patient, and that of the County, Town, or parish, in which he
resides. If the practitioner be a member of the Society of Friends
let him use the form of affirmation adopted by that Society.
A. B. No person affected with contagious fever, or in a dying state,
can be admitted as a patient. Harmless idiots and pregnant
Women are also inadmissible, unless under peculiar circum-
stances, to be judged of by the weekly Committee.

Melen Sapelle
Admitted
28th November 1851
7
Coram Hospital

St Vincent Place

6 Jan, 1832

Respectable - Please to be informed
of letter of commendation by Dr. Hill of the
Glasgow Hospital

Yours sincerely

To the Superintendent or Director Peter Hill
Glasgow Hospital

Letter of Application

BY
THE RELATIVES OR GUARDIANS OF THE PATIENT.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow 18th Nov 1831

Having reason to believe, as attested in the Medical Certificate herewith sent, that Helen Laporte my sister resident in the Parish of St. James is insane, I request that she may be admitted into your Asylum as a Patient, under your Regulations.

Alex. Laporte 28 Nov

Prefix the name of the place, and the date of subscription.—Insert, in their proper places, the name of the Patient, and that of the County, Town, or Parish in which he has resided.—Each subscriber of this letter must state his or her proper address; and, if a relative, the denomination of his or her relationship.

Letter of Obligation

FOR PAYMENT OF BOARD

TO BE SUBSCRIBED BY ONE OR TWO RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, RESIDENT IN GLASGOW.

To the Directors of the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.

Gentlemen,

Glasgow, 28th November 1831

As you have agreed to admit Helen Laporte into the Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum, as a Patient and Boarder, at the rate of 7/- per week,

I hereby oblige myself to pay the said Patient's Board at that rate, quarterly, and in advance, to your Treasurer; to provide the requisite supplies of clothes; to remove the Patient when required; to defray, in case of death, the funeral charges; and to fulfil any other condition incumbent on me as Surety for the Patient, according to your Regulations.

Peter Hill, Super^r.

All these Documents may be addressed (post paid) to Dr. BALMUNO, No. 37, St. Vincent-Place, the Physician; or to Mr. DONALD CUTHBERTSON, No. 242, George-Street, the Secretary and Treasurer; or, a sealed confidential statement of properly numbered answers to the queries, may be enclosed, for the Physician, along with the other Documents, addressed to the Secretary. On seeing that the Regulations have been observed, the Physician will grant an order for admission. But, to ensure the immediate admission of any patient from a distance, it is requested that the Documents may, if possible, be transmitted in due time for correspondence, before the patient be sent to the Asylum.

Glasgow, 18

An obligation has been granted by _____
for the board of the Patient within mentioned, at the rate of _____
per week.

Treasurer.

Admit Nolan Lapelle as a Patient into the Asylum.
_____ as a Patient into the Asylum.
_____ as a Patient into the Asylum.

To the Superintendent or Matron of the
Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum.