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ARRANGED CATALOGUES
Ex Libr. Colleg. Reg. Medic. &c

OF THE ARTICLES OF

FOOD, DRINK, SEASONING, AND MEDICINE;

1819 FOR THE USE OF LECTURES

ON

THERAPEUTICS AND MATERIA MEDICA.

BY

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ARRANGED CATALOGUES

FOOD, DRUG, REASONING AND MEDICINE

THERAPEUTICS AND MATERIA MEDICA

GEORGE P. LINDSAY

NEW YORK

1892

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ARRANGED CATALOGUES

OF THE

PRINCIPAL KNOWN ARTICLES

USED FOR

FOOD, SEASONING, DRINK, and as MEDICINES.

CLASS I.—*Nutriments or Aliments.*

SECTION I. *Vegetable, or from living things which grow; which have no loco-motion; which have a large proportion of Carbon in their composition—prone to the Vinous and Acid fermentation.*

DIVISION I.—*Cerealia or Farinaceous Substances, of which Bread, &c., is principally made.*

(A.) *Seeds, consisting principally of Starch.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Rice	<i>Oryza Sativa</i> , Linnæi.	<i>Oryza.</i>
2 Wheat	<i>Triticum Spelta</i> , <i>Æstivum</i> , <i>Hybernum</i> , &c. L.	<i>Triticum.</i>
3 Barley	<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i> , <i>Disti-</i> <i>chum</i> , &c.	<i>Hordeum.</i>
4 Oats	<i>Avena Sativa</i> , &c. L.	<i>Avena.</i>
5 Rye	<i>Secale Cereale</i> , &c. L.	<i>Secale.</i>
6 Maize, or Indian Corn, or Turkey Wheat	<i>Zea Mays</i> , L.	<i>Fru mentum Indicum.</i>
7 Millet.	<i>Panicum Miliaceum</i> , <i>Itali-</i> <i>cum</i> , &c. L.	<i>Milium.</i>
8 Buck-wheat, or Knot- grafs,	<i>Polygonum Fagopyrum.</i>	<i>Fagopyrum.</i>

————— *Tartaricum.*

————— *Erethum*, L.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
9 Guinea Corn, or Sorgo.	<i>Holcus Sorghum</i> , L.	Melica and Guiarnot of the Negroes.
10 Flote Fescue Grass.	<i>Festuca Fluitans</i> , L.	Manna Seeds.
11 Lotus of Park.	<i>Rhamnus Lotus</i> L.	

(B.) *Roots Farinaceous, and Starch of them.*

1 Potatoe.	<i>Solanum Tuberosum</i> , L.	<i>Solanum Esculentum</i> .
2 Sweet Potatoe or Batatta.	<i>Convolvulus Batatas</i> , L.	
3 Jerusalem Artichoke.	<i>Helianthus Tuberosus</i> , L.	
4 Yam, Negro.	<i>Dioscorea Alata</i> , L.	
5 Yam, Wild.	<i>Dioscorea Sativa</i> , L.	
6 Yampee.	<i>Dioscorea Tryphilla</i> , L.	
7 Yam, White.	<i>Dioscorea Bulbifera</i> , L.	White Cocoes.
8 Eddoes, or Toyos	<i>Arum Colocasia</i> , L.	
9 Black Cocoa.	<i>Arum Sagittifolium</i> , L.	
10 Farina of Sweet Cassava or Cassada.	<i>Iatropa Manihot</i> , L.	Tapioca.
11 Farina of Bitter Cassava or Meal Root.	<i>Iatropa Ianiptia</i> , L.	
12 Farina of the Orchis Root.	<i>Orchis Masculata</i> , or <i>Morio</i> , L.	Salep.
13 Starch of Arrow Root.	<i>Maranta Arundinacea</i> .	Maranta.

(C.) *Fruits Farinaceous.*

1 Bread or Meal Fruit, of <i>Solander</i> .	<i>Sitodium Altile</i> , vel <i>Artocarpus incisa</i> , L.	
2 Bread Nut.	<i>Brosimum Alicastrum</i> , L.	
3 Sweet Chesnut.	<i>Fagus Castanea</i> , L.	<i>Castanea Sativa</i> .
4 Plaintain-tree Fruit.	<i>Musa Paradisiaca</i> , L.	<i>Musa</i> .
5 Banana Fruit.	<i>Musa Sapientum</i> .	Banana.

(D.) *Pith, or Farinaceous Medulla.*

1 Todopanna, or Sago Palm, or Sago.	<i>Sagus Farinifera</i> , Gært.	<i>Medulla Todopannæ</i> .
2 Cabbage Tree.	<i>Areca Oleracea</i> .	<i>Areca Oleracea Medulla</i> .
3 Meal-bark.	<i>Cycas Caffra</i> , L.	<i>Cycas Medulla</i> .

DIVISION II. *Nuces Oleosæ et Nuclei Oleosi, or Nuts and Seeds containing Oily Farinaceous Matter.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Walnut.	<i>Juglans Regia</i> , L.—Var. 1. Common; 2. Very large; 3. Double; 4. Thin Shell.	<i>Nux Juglans</i> .
2 Hazle Nut and Filbert.	<i>Corylus Avellana</i> , L.	<i>Avellana</i> .
3 Chocolate Nut.	<i>Theobroma Cacao</i> .	<i>Cacao</i> .
4 Almond, <i>Sweet</i> .	<i>Amygdalus Communis</i> , L.	<i>Amygdala</i> .
5 Poppy Seeds.	<i>Papaver Somniferum</i> , L.	<i>Garden Poppy Seeds</i> .
6 Pistachio Nut.	<i>Pistacia Vera</i> , L.	
7 Surahwah Nut.	Non-descript.	
8 Illinois Nut.	Ditto.	
9 Cember Nuts.	<i>Pinus Cembra</i> , L.	
10 Pine Nut, or Zirbel-nusse.	<i>Pinus Pineæ</i> , L.	<i>Stone Pine Nuts</i> .
11 Cashew Nut.	<i>Anacardium Occidentale</i> , L. ——— <i>Orientele</i> , L.	
12 Coco Nut.	<i>Cocos Nucifera</i> , L.	<i>Coco Nut Pulp</i> .
13 Butter Coco Nut.	<i>Cocos Butyracea</i> , L.	<i>Palma Oleosa</i> .
14 Prickly Pole.	<i>Cocos Guineensis</i> , L.	
15 Ground or Pig Nut.	<i>Buniam Bulbocastanum</i> , L.	
16 Vanglo Seeds.	<i>Sesamum Indicum</i> , L.	
17 Water Nuts.	<i>Trapa Natans</i> L.	<i>Jerusalem Nuts</i> .
18 Brazil Nuts.	<i>Lecythis Sapucayo</i> Aubl.	

DIVISION III. *Fat, expressed Oils.*

1 Olive Oil.	<i>Olea Europea</i> , L.	<i>Oleum Olivæ</i> .
2 Oil of Sweet Almonds.	<i>Amygdalus Communis</i> , L.	<i>Oleum Amygdalorum</i> .
3 Poppy Seed Oil.	<i>Papaver Somniferum</i> , L.	<i>Oil of Poppies</i> .
4 Cow Nut Oil or Butter.	<i>Cocos Butyracea</i> , L.	<i>Oleum Calappi</i> .
5 Sefamoil or Behen's Oil.	<i>Sesamum Orientale</i> , L.	
6 Butter Nut Oil— <i>Park</i> .	<i>Bassia</i> , L.?	

DIVISION IV. Leguminous Vegetables, commonly Papilionaceous, of principally Seeds in Pods, Legumens, or Capsules. Pulse, consist principally of Starch and other mucilages.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Pease.	<i>Pisum Sativum</i> , L.	<i>Pisa, Semina.</i>
2 Kidney Beans and Haricots.	<i>Phaseolus Major</i> , C. B. et <i>Vulgaris</i> , L.	<i>Phaseoli Legumen.</i>
3 Broad Garden Bean.	<i>Vicia Faba</i> , L.	<i>Faba Vulgaris.</i>
4 Lentils.	<i>Ervum Lens</i> , L.	
5 Cicer Seeds.	<i>Cicer Arietinum</i> , L.	<i>Issue Pease.</i>

DIVISION V. Sugars, or Saccharine Mucilages.

1 Sugar.	<i>Arundo Satcharifera</i> , L.	<i>Saccharum.</i>
2 Honey.	<i>Ab Ape Mellifera Collectum.</i>	<i>Mel.</i>
3 Maple Sugar.	<i>Acer Canaden.</i> L.	<i>Saccharum Aceris Montani Canadenfis.</i>
4 Beet Root Sugar.	<i>Beta Cicla</i> , L.	<i>White Beet Root with Red Ring.</i>
5 Sugar of Malt.	<i>Hordeum</i> , L.	<i>Extract of Malt.</i>

Note.—Sugar may be had from Manna; the juice of Beech Tree; the *Fucus Saccharinus*; the *Palma Coccifera Major*; the Honey Locust; the Carrot Root, Turnip Root; and various Fruits.

DIVISION VI. Gums, Gummi.

1 Arabic Gum.	<i>Mimosa Nilotica</i> , L.	<i>Arabicum Gummi.</i>
2 Gum Tragacanth.	<i>Astragalus Tragacantha</i> , L.	<i>Gummi Tragacantha.</i>
3 Cherry-tree Gum.	<i>Prunus Cerasus.</i>	<i>Gummi Ceraforum.</i>

DIVISION VII. Saccharine Roots.

1 Parsnip.	<i>Pastinaca Sativa</i> , L.
2 Carrot.	<i>Daucus Carota</i> , L.
3 Shirret.	<i>Sium Sifarum.</i>
4 White Beet with Red Ring.	<i>Beta Cicla.</i>

DIVISION VIII. *Sub-acid Saccharine Fruits.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean and other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Pine Apple.	<i>Bromelia Ananas, L.</i>	Ananas.
2 Figs.	<i>Ficus Carica, L.</i>	Carica.
3 Peach.	<i>Amygdalus Persica, L.</i>	Malum Persicum.
4 Nectarine.	Ibid.	Ibid.
5 Plumb.	<i>Prunus Domestica, L.</i>	
6 Apricot.	<i>Prunus Armeniaca, L.</i>	Malum Armeniacum.
7 Pear.	<i>Pyrus Communis, L.</i>	Pyrus Hortensis.
8 Apple.	<i>Pyrus Malus, L.</i>	Pomum vel malum hortense.
9 Mulberry.	<i>Morus Nigra, L.</i>	Morum.
10 Cherry.	<i>Prunus Cerasus, L.</i>	Cerasum.
11 Grape.	<i>Vitis Vinifera, L.</i>	Uvæ passæ v. passulæ majores
12 Currants.	<i>Vitis Apyrena Vinifera, ß. L.</i>	Uvæ Corinthiacæ vel passulæ minores.
13 Raspberry.	<i>Rubus Idæus, L.</i>	
14 Black Currants.	<i>Ribes Nigrum, L.</i>	
15 Strawberry.	<i>Fragaria Vesca, L.</i>	Fragum.
15 Oranges, Sweet or China	<i>Citrus Aurantium, L.</i>	Aurantium.
16 Date.	<i>Phoenix Dactylifera, L.</i>	Dactyli.
17 Gooseberries.	<i>Ribes Grossularia.</i>	Grossularia.
18 Pomegranate.	<i>Punica Granatum, L.</i>	Malum Granatum.
19 Bilberries.	<i>Vaccinium Myrtillus, L.</i>	Myrtillus.
20 Hip.	<i>Rosa Canina.</i>	Cynosbatum.
21 Mangostana.	<i>Garcinia Mangostana, L.</i>	

DIVISION IX. *Acid Fruits.*

1 Lemon.	<i>Citrus Medica, ß. L.</i>	Limonium.
2 Citron.	<i>Citrus Medica, L.</i>	Citrus.
3 Pompelmus or Shaddock.	<i>Citrus Decumana, L.</i>	Citrus Decumana.
4 Berberries.	<i>Berberis Vulgaris, L.</i>	Berberis.
5 Red Currants.	<i>Ribes Rubrum, L.</i>	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
6 White Currants.	<i>Ribes Album</i> , L.	
7 Tamarinds.	<i>Tamarindus Indica</i> , L.	Tamarindus.
8 Cassia.	<i>Cassia Fistula</i> , L.	Cassia Fruit.
9 Sloes.	<i>Prunus Spinosia</i> , L.	
10 Sour Cherry or Amarelle	<i>Prunus Cerasus Acida</i> , L.	Cerasum Acidum.
11 Paradise Apple, or Pomum Amoris.	<i>Solanum Lycopersicum</i> , L.	Lycopersicum.

DIVISION X. *Miscellaneous, and Exotics.*

1 Water or Alligator Apple.	<i>Annona Palustris</i> , L.
2 Sweet Sop.	<i>Annona Squamosa</i> , L.
3 Sour Sop.	<i>Annona Muricata</i> , L.
4 Netted Custard Apple.	<i>Annona Reticulata</i> , L.
5 Granadilla.	<i>Passiflora Hexangularis</i> , L.
6 Water Lemon.	<i>Passiflora Maliformis</i> , L.
7 Sweet Calabash.	<i>Passiflora Laurifolia</i> , L.

DIVISION XI. *Dried Fruits.*

1 Figs.	<i>Ficus Carica</i> , L.	Carica.
2 Raisins.	<i>Uvæ passæ majores</i> .	
3 Plums.	<i>Pruna</i> .	
4 Currants.	<i>Uvæ passæ minores vel Corinthiacæ</i> .	
5 Dates.	<i>Phoenix Dactylifera</i> , L.	Dactyli.

DIVISION XII. *Fruetus Aqueo-Dulces.*

1 Melon.	<i>Cucumis Melo</i> , L.	Melo.
2 Cucumber.	<i>Cucumis Sativus</i> , L.	Cucumis
3 Water Melon.	<i>Cucurbita Citrullus</i> , L.	Citrullus.
4 Gourd.	<i>Cucurbita Lagenaria</i> , L.	Cucurbita.
5 Apple Melon.	<i>Cucumis Dudaim</i> , L.	Dudaim.
6 Pompion.	<i>Cucurbita Pepo</i> , L.	Pepo.
7 Squash.	<i>Cucurbita</i> . ?	

DIVISION XIII. *Sub-Acerb Fruits.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Medlar.	<i>Mespilus Germanica.</i>	
2 Service Tree Fruit.	<i>Sorbus Domestica, L.</i>	Sorbus.
3 Bird Berry.	<i>Sorbus Aucuparia, L.</i>	
4 Meal Berry, Swedish.	<i>Cratægus Suecica, L.</i>	
5 Atlas Berry, or Meal Berry.	<i>Cratægus Aria, L.</i>	
6 Quince Pear,	<i>Pyrus Cydonia, L.</i>	Cydonium.
7 Acacia.	<i>Prunus Spinosa.</i>	Acacia Nostræ.
8 Myrobalans.	<i>Phyllanthus Emblica, L.</i>	Myrobalanus.
9 Olives.	<i>Olea Europea, L.</i>	Oliva.

DIVISION XIV. *Intermediate Matter between Root and Stem, and between Leaf and Fruit.*

1 Common Artichoke, bottom and matter adhering to the Squamæ of the Calyx.	<i>Cynara Scolymus, L.</i>	Receptacle of the Flower of Cinara.
2 Asparagus.	<i>Asparagus Officinalis, L.</i>	Shoots of Asparagus.

DIVISION XV. *Oleraceous Tasteless Roots.*

1 Turnip.	<i>Brassica Rapa, L.</i>	Rapum.
2 Sea Colewort.	<i>Crambe Maritima, L.</i>	Sea Kale.
3 Beet.	<i>Beta Vulgaris, L.</i>	Beta.
4 Viper's Graft.	<i>Scorzonera Hispanica et Humilis, L.</i>	
5 Salsafi.	<i>Tragopogon Porrifolium, L.</i>	
6 Succory.	<i>Chicorium Intibus, L.</i>	

DIVISION XVI. *Oleraceous Acid Roots.*

1 Onion	<i>Allium Cepa, L.</i>	Cepa.
2 Garlic.	—— <i>Sativum, L.</i>	Allium.
3 Shallot.	—— <i>Ascalonicum, L.</i>	Cepa Ascalonica.
4 Leek.	—— <i>Porrum, L.</i>	Porrum.
5 Roccambole.	—— <i>Scorodoprasum, L.</i>	Scorodoprasum.
6 Horse-radish.	<i>Cochlearia Armoracia, L.</i>	Rhaphanus Rusticanus.

DIVISION XVII. *Oleraceous Leaves, Stalks and Flowers.*SUBDIVISION I. *Siliquosæ.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Cabbage.	<i>Brassica Oleracea Capitata</i> , L.	Red and White Common Cabbage.
2 Cauliflower.	—— <i>Botrytis</i> , L.	Cauliflora et Folia.
3 Brocoli.	—— <i>Brotoli</i> , Mill.	White and Purple Italian Cole.
4 Savoy.	—— <i>Subauda</i> , L.	Savoy Cole.
5	—— <i>Viridis</i> , L.	
6	—— <i>Laciniata</i> , L.	
7	—— <i>Selinifia</i> , L.	
8 Sea Cabbage.	—— <i>Settilis</i> .	<i>Brassica Maritima</i> .
9 Sea Eryngo.	<i>Eryngium Maritimum</i> , L.	<i>Eryngium Maritimum</i> .
10 Burdock.	<i>Arctium Lappa</i> .	Lappa.
11 Sea Colewort.	<i>Crambe Maritima</i> , L.	

SUBDIVISION II. *Various.*

1 Lettuce.	<i>Lactuca Santiva Capitata</i> , L.	<i>Lactuca Capitata</i> .
2 Lettuce.	<i>Lactuca Sativa Crispa</i> , L.	<i>Lactuca Crispa</i> .
3 Endive Sallad.	<i>Cichorium Endivia</i> , L.	Endivia.
4 Cichory.	<i>Cichorium Intybus</i> , L.	Cichorium.
5 Dandelion.	<i>Leontodon Taraxacum</i> , L.	Taraxacum.
6 Stone-crop.	<i>Sedum Reflexum</i> , L.	
7 Portlack.	<i>Portulaca Oleracea</i> , L.	<i>Portulaca Caules</i> .
8 Rampions.	<i>Campanula Rapunculus</i> , L.	Rapunculus.
9 Primrose-tree.	<i>Oenothera Biennis</i> , L.	Oenothera.
10 Celery.	<i>Apium Graveolens</i> , L.	Apium.
11 Orache.	<i>Atriplex Hortensis</i> , L.	
12 Burrage.	<i>Borrigo Officinalis</i> , L.	Borrigo.
13 Beet Leaves.	<i>Beta Cicla</i> , L.	Red and White Beet Leaves.
14 Turnip Leaves.	<i>Brassica Rapa</i> , L.	Leaves of Brassica. <i>Rapa</i> .
15 Scorzonera Leaves.	<i>Scorzonera Picroides</i> , L.	
16 Water Cresses.	<i>Sisymbrium Nasturtium Aquaticum</i> , L.	<i>Nasturtium Aquaticum</i> .

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
17 Winter Cresses.	<i>Erysimum Barbarea</i> , L.	Barbarea.
18 Spinage.	<i>Spinacia Oleracea</i> , L.	Spinacia
19 Hop Shoots.	<i>Humulus Lupulus</i> , L.	
20 Young Nettles.	<i>Urtica Dioica</i> , L.	
² 1 Immature Pease.	<i>Pisum Sativum</i> , L.	Legumina integra et immatura.
22 Bean Tops and Young Sprouts.	<i>Vicia Faba</i> , L.	
23 Wild Mustard Leaves.	<i>Sinapis Arvensis</i> , L.	
24 Parsley.	<i>Apium Petroselinum</i> , L.	Petroselinum.
25 Green Sauce.	<i>Rumex Acetosa</i> , L.	Acetosa.
26	<i>Cnicus Oleraceus</i> , L.	Cnicus Oleraceus.

DIVISION XVIII. *Algæ—Sea Weeds.*

1 Iceland, or Eryngo-leaved Liverwort.	<i>Lichen Islandicus</i> , L.	Muscus Islandicus.
2 Iceland Sea Grass.	<i>Ulva Latissima</i> , L.	Alga Saccharifera.
3 Esculent Fucus.	<i>Fucus Esculentus</i> , L.	
4 Palmated Fucus, or Dills.	<i>Fucus Palmatus</i> , L.	Dulse,
5 Fingered Fucus, or Sea Girdle.	<i>Fucus Digitatus</i> , L.	
6 Laver.	<i>Ulva Umbilicalis</i> , L.	

SECTION II. *FUNGUSES—From living things which grow in a fixed place, like Vegetables; which have the texture of many Animals, and not the external appearance of Vegetables, having no Leaves nor Flowers; which yield much Vol-Alkali on Distillation; and perhaps, after death, change into Spermaceti-like matter.*

1 Mushroom or Champignon.	<i>Agaricus Campestris</i> , L.	Common Mushroom.
2 Truffle.	<i>Lycoperdon Tuber</i> , &c. L.	Tuber Cibarium.
3 Morelle.	<i>Phallus Esculentus</i> , L.	Phallus.
4 Orange Agaric.	<i>Agaricus Deliciosus</i> , L.	
5 Coral Clavaria.	<i>Clavaria Coralloides</i> , L.	
6	<i>Agaricus Mouceron</i> .	
7	<i>Phallus Mitra</i> , L.	

SECTION III. *ANIMAL*—From living things which evidently breathe; possess the power of loco-motion; have sensation; contain much nitrogen in their composition; the Flesh affords *Spermaceti*-like matter, by a new spontaneous composition after death; scarcely undergoes the acid, but readily the putrefactive Fermentation.

DIVISION I. From the Class *MAMMALIA* of Linnæus—Have a double heart, and double circulation; have hot and red blood; are viviparous; have breasts—in opposite latitudes, not varying above 2° in temperature.

SUBDIVISION I. *Domestic tamed Quadrupeds, or Cicura.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Beef of Cow.	<i>Bos Taurus Fœmina, L.</i>	<i>Caro Vaccina.</i>
—— Ox.	<i>Bos Taurus Castratus, L.</i>	<i>Caro Bovina vel Bubula.</i>
—— Bull.	<i>Bos Taurus non Castratus.</i>	<i>Caro Taurina.</i>
Veal.	<i>Bos Vitulus Sextum Ætatis Mensæ nondum explens.</i>	<i>Caro Vitulina.</i>

Note.—The Heart, Tongue, Fat, Kidneys, Cartilages, Bones, &c. are used as Food. Besides the *Bos Taurus*, are the American Bison, the Musk Bos, the Buffalo or *Bos Bubulus*, the Cape Bos, and the *Bos Taurus Urus*.

2 Mutton of Ewe.	<i>Ovis Aries Femella.</i>	<i>Caro Ovilla.</i>
—— Ram or Tup.	<i>Ovis Aries Mas.</i>	<i>Caro Arietis.</i>
—— Wedder.	<i>Ovis Aries Castratus.</i>	<i>Caro Vervicis.</i>
—— Lamb.	<i>Ovis Catulus.</i>	<i>Caro Agnina.</i>

Note.—Similar parts to those of the Bos may be used for food. The principal varieties of Sheep are the Lincolnshire, Welsh, South Down, Forest.

3 Swine's Flesh.	<i>Sus Scrofa, L.</i>	<i>Caro Suilla.</i>
Of Wild Boar.	<i>Sus Scrofa Fœrus, L.</i>	<i>Caro Apri.</i>
— Domesticated Hog.	<i>Sus Verres Domesticus.</i>	<i>Caro Porci.</i>
— Castrated Hog.	<i>Sus Verres Castratus.</i>	<i>Caro Porci.</i>
— Sow, especially that has farrowed.	<i>Sus Scrofa Femella.</i>	<i>Caro Scrofæ Femellæ.</i>
— Sucking Pig.	<i>Porcellus Lactans.</i>	<i>Caro Porcelli Lactantis.</i>

Note.—Swine's flesh preserved by salt, sugar, fumes of burning wood, &c. is called Bacon; other kinds of Swine are eaten, as the *Sus Tajassu*, or Mexican Hog; the *Sus Barbyrussa*, or Indian Hog.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
4 Goat's Flesh.		
Of Male or He-goat.	<i>Capra Hircus</i> , L.	Caro Hirci.
— Female.	<i>Capra</i> .	Caro Capræ.
— Castrated.	<i>Caprus</i> , vel <i>Caper</i> .	Caro Capri.
— Kid.	<i>Hædus</i> , vel <i>Catulus Capræ</i> .	Caro Hædi.
<i>Note.</i> —The Ibex and other kinds of Goats are eaten.		
5 Horse Flesh.	<i>Equus Caballus</i> , L.	Caro Equina.
6 Ass Flesh.	<i>Equus Asinus</i> , L.	Caro Asinina.
7 Camel Flesh.	<i>Camelus Dromedarius</i> , L.	Caro Cameli.
8 Dog Flesh.	<i>Canis Familiaris</i> .	Caro Canis.

SUBDIVISION II, *Mammalia Fera*—*Animals usually taken in
a wild state.*

1 Venison, Stag.	<i>Cervus Elaphus Mas</i> , L.	Caro Cervi.
Hind.	<i>Cervus Elaphus Femella</i> , L.	Caro Cervæ.
Roe-buck or Roe-deer.	<i>Cervus Capreolus</i> , L.	
Fallow Deer.	<i>Cervus Dama</i> , L.	
Rein Deer.	<i>Cervus Tarandus</i> , L.	
Elk	<i>Cervus Alces</i> , L.	
Fawn.	<i>Catulus Cervi</i> .	
2 Hare.	<i>Lepus Timidus</i> , L.	
3 Rabbit or Coney.	<i>Lepus Cuniculus</i> , L.	
4 Cavy or Guinea Pig, and other species.	<i>Cavia Cobaya</i> , &c.	
5 Common Squirrel.	<i>Sciurus Vulgaris</i> , L.	
6 Hedge Hog.	<i>Erinaceus Europæus</i> , L.	
7 Porcupine.	<i>Hystrix Cristata</i> , L.	
8 Marmot or Mountain Moufe.	<i>Mus Marmota</i> , L.	Marmota.
9 Earless Marmot and other species.	<i>Marmota Citellus</i> , L.	
10 Black Bear.	<i>Ursus Arctos</i> , L.	Ursus.
11	<i>Ursus Meles</i> , L.	Taxus.
12	<i>Urus</i> .	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
13 Dormon.	<i>Glis Esculentus</i> , L.	Glis.
14 Cat.	<i>Felis Catus Domesticus</i> , L.	Catus.
15 Rat.	<i>Mus Rattus</i> , L.	Rattus.
16 Mouse.	<i>Mus Musculus</i> , L.	Mus.
17 Kangaro		

SUBDIVISION III. *Mammalia Lacustria*—*Animals which especially inhabit Lakes.*

1 Beaver.	<i>Castor Fiber</i> , L.	
2 Fish-Otter.	<i>Mustela Lutra</i> , L.	Lutra.

SUBDIVISION IV. *Mammalia Marina*—*Animals which inhabit especially the Sea.*

1 Sea Calf, or Dog.	<i>Phoca Vitulina</i> , L.	<i>Vitulus Marinus</i> .
2 Sea Otter.	<i>Mustela Lutris</i> , L.	
3 Sea Bear.	<i>Phoca Ursina</i> , L.	
4 Sea Lion.	<i>Phoca Leonina</i> , L.	
5 Sea Cow.	<i>Trichechus Manatus</i> , L.	Manatus.
6 Common Whale.	<i>Balaena Mysticetus</i> , L.	Balaena.
7 Fin Fish.	<i>Balaena Physalus</i> , L.	Physalus.
8 Round-headed Cachalot.	<i>Physeter Catodon</i> , L.	Catodon.
9 Spermaceti Whale.	<i>Physeter Macrocephalus</i> , L.	Macrocephalus.
10 Sea Hog.	<i>Delphinus Phocaena</i> , L.	Delphinus.
11 Dolphin.	<i>Delphinus Delphis</i> , L.	Delphis.
12 Sea Unicorn.	<i>Monodon Monoceros</i> , L.	Monoceros.

SUBDIVISION V. *MILK. LAC*—*Fluid secreted by the Breasts of the Mammalia on parturition, and for some time afterwards. All the kinds consist of coagulable matter, or Cheese; Unctuous Oil, or Butter; Sugar of Milk; and Water; besides essential Oil, Salts, Earth, &c. in extremely small proportion. Proportion of Ingredients of Milk, various according to the species of Animal, the variety of it, and the peculiar constitution; its food and period after parturition—best four or five hours after a meal. On repose, Oxygen either unites to the oily part, Cream, or promotes its*

separation. Cream consists of the Oil, with a small proportion of Sugar, Cheesy Matter, Water, and other parts of Milk—by agitation, or churning, the Butter is separated from the acid Liquid called Butter Milk, which contains Cheese and Sugar. Cream by becoming acidulous, affords a coagulated or Cheesy Matter. Curd, made principally by adding Rennet to entire Milk, or to Milk after separating its Cream. Cheese made from Curd by separating its water and long keeping; good Cheese only from ruminant Animals. Cheese distinguished into Cremoraceous and Non-cremoraceous; newly made and decayed or fermented by keeping.—Whey, watery part with Sugar separated by Rennet of Milk; containing Cheesy matter when made from skimmed Milk, and also Butyraceous matter when made from entire Milk. Sugar by evaporating Whey. Milk curdled by sour Milk and fermented called Kumiss. Milk curdled by Yaort, its Butter Milk said not to become putrid. Water of Milk is from 6-10ths to 8-10ths of the Milk. Whey susceptible of the Vinous, Acid, and Putrid Fermentation.

(A.) *Of Ruminant Animals.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Cow's Milk.	Femella Bovis Tauri, L.	Lac Vaccæ.
2 Goat's.	Capra Hircus, Femella. L.	Lac Capræ.
3 Sheep's.	Ovis Aries Femella, L.	Lac Ovis.

(B.) *Of Non-ruminant Animals.*

1 Woman's Milk.	Mulier.	Lac Humanum.
2 Ass's	Equus Asina, L.	Lac Asinæ.
3 Mare's,	Equus Caballus Femella, L.	Lac Equæ.

Note. 1. Ewe's Milk contains the greatest proportion of Cheese and Butter, the least Water, and a very little Sugar.

2. Ass's Milk contains the greatest proportion of Water, the least Cheese and Butter, but most Sugar.

3. Mare's Milk resembles most Ass's

4. Goat's Milk contains most Butter and Cheese, except Ewe's; but less Sugar.

5. Cow's Milk contains a pretty large proportion of Cheese, Butter and Sugar, scarcely any smell. Readily acidifiable.

6 *Woman's Milk*.—Least Cheefe, next to Afs's and Mare's, but more Butter; much varied by food and the passions: resembles most Afs's Milk—Said not to be coagulable by vegetable acids.

DIVISION II. *From the Class AVES, or BIRDS; have a double heart, and pulmonary circulation; have hot and red blood: inspire much Oxygen Gas; many kinds have white flesh, but heart red, like some species of Quadrupeds; are oviparous; have no breasts.*

SUBDIVISION I. *Aves Granivoræ—Birds which live chiefly on Grain,*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Domestic Fowl or Dung-hill Cock and Hen.	Phasianus Gallus Domesticus, L.	Gallus Domesticus.
Chickens.	Pulli Gallinacei.	Pulli.
Capon or Castrated Cock.	Capo.	
Pullard, or Hen deprived of Ovaries.	Pullarda.	
2 Turkey.	Meleagris Gallopavo, L.	Gallus Indicus.
3 Peacock.	Pavo Cristatus, L.	Pavo vel Pavus.
4 Common Pheasant.	Phasianus Colchicus, L.	Phasianus.
5 Guinea Hen, or Cahowar.	Numida Meleagris, L.	Numida.
6 Land Rail or Corn Craig.	Rallus Crex, L.	Crex.
7 Wood Grouse, or Cock of the Mountain.	Tetrao Urogallus, L.	Urogallus.
8 Black Grouse, or Black Cock.	—— Tetrix, L.	Tetrix.
9 Ptarmigan.	—— Lagopus, L.	Lagopus.
10 Common Partridge.	—— Perdix, L.	Perdix.
11 Red Game, or Grouse.	—— Ruffus, L.	Perdix Rufa.
12 French Red Partridge.	—— Francolinus, L.	Francolinus.
13 Hasel Partridge.	—— Bonasia, L.	Attagen.
14 Quail.	—— Coturnix, L.	Coturnix.
15 Bustard.	Otis Tarda, L.	Tarda.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
16 Common Pigeon.	<i>Columba Oenas</i> vel <i>Domestica</i> , L.	Columba.
17 Ring Dove.	———— <i>Palumbus</i> , L.	Palumbus.
18 Turtle Dove.	———— <i>Tortur</i> , L.	Turtur.
19 Larks, eight species.	<i>Alauda Arvensis</i> , &c. L.	Alauda.
20 Domestic Goose.	<i>Anas Anser Domesticus</i> , L.	Anser Domesticus.
21 Wild Goose.	———— <i>Anser Feras</i> , L.	Anser Feras.
22 Sparrow, Domestic and other species.	<i>Fringilla Domestica</i> , &c. L.	Passer.
23 Wheat Ear.	<i>Mottacilla Oenanthe</i> , L.	
24 Ortolan.	<i>Emberiza Hortulanna</i> , L.	Hortulanus.
25 Fieldfare.	<i>Turdus Pilaris</i> , L.	
26 Blackbird.	———— <i>Merula</i> , L.	Merula.
27 Thrush.	———— <i>Visciivorus</i> , L.	Turdus.
28 Hedge Sparrow	<i>Mottacilla Modularis</i> , L.	

Note.—Many more species belong to this head.

SUBDIVISION II. *Aves Insectivoræ*—Birds which live principally on Insects; many of them called *Grallæ*.

1 Woodcock.	<i>Scolopax Rusticola</i> , L.	Wood Snipe.
2 Snipe,	———— <i>Gallinago</i> , L.	Water Snipe.
3 Jack or Gid.	———— <i>Gallinula</i> , L.	Gallinula.
4 Sea Hen, or Rain Snipe, or Rail.	———— <i>Glottis</i> , L.	
5 Stone Plover, or Pool Snipe.	———— <i>Limosa</i> , L.	
6 Red Godwit.	———— <i>Lapponica</i> , L.	
7 Ruff and Ree.	<i>Tringa Pugnax</i> , L.	
8 Red Water Hen.	———— <i>Ocrophius</i> , L.	
9 Grey Plover.	———— <i>Squatarola</i> , L.	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
10 Grey Water Hen.	<i>Tringa Canutus</i> , L.	
11 Purre, or Water Ouzle.	—— <i>Cinclus</i> , L.	
12 Lapwing.	—— <i>Vanellus</i> , L.	Vanellus.
13 Dotterell.	<i>Charadrius Morinellus</i> , L.	Morinellus.
14 Green Plover.	—— <i>Pluvialis</i> .	Pluvialis.
15 Field Runner, or Hop- ping Bird.	—— <i>Africarius</i> , L.	
16 Stone Curlew, or Thick- kneed Bustard.	—— <i>Oldicnemus</i> , L.	
17 Starling.	<i>Sturnus Vulgaris</i> , L.	Sturnus.
18 Titmouse.	<i>Parus Major</i> , L.	Parus.
19 Great Water Rail.	<i>Rallus Aquaticus</i> , L.	
20 Small Water Rail.	—— <i>Porzana</i> , L.	
21 Rook.	<i>Corvus Frugilegus</i> , L.	Field Crow.
22 Raven.	—— <i>Corone</i> , L.	Common Raven.
23 Hermit.	—— <i>Eremita</i> , L.	Wood Raven.
24 Wood Pecker, Green.	<i>Picus Viridis</i> , L.	
25 Cuckoo.	<i>Cuculus Canorus</i> , L.	Cuculus.
26 Cherry Bird, or Pasture Rail.	<i>Oriolus Galbula</i> , L.	Galbula.
27 Indian Swallow, the Nest and Bird.	<i>Hirundo Esculenta</i> , L.	

SUBDIVISION III. *Aves Ichthyophagæ*—Birds which live chiefly on Fishes.
The food of people, living especially on Sea Coasts and near Rivers. Mostly
of a rancid taste.

1 Tame Duck.	<i>Boschas Domestica</i> , L.	<i>Anas Domestica</i> .
2 Wild Duck.	<i>Anas Boschas Fera</i> , L.	<i>Anas Fera</i> .
3 Wigeon.	—— <i>Penelope</i> , L.	
4 Teale.	—— <i>Crecca</i> , L.	<i>Querquedula</i> .
5 Pochard.	—— <i>Ferina</i> , L.	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutica and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
6 Muscovy Duck.	<i>Anas Moschata</i> , L.	<i>Anas Indica</i> .
7 Bernacle.	— <i>Bernicla</i> , L.	Tree Goose.
8 Wild Swan.	— <i>Cygnus</i> , L.	<i>Cygnus Ferus</i> .
9 Tame Swan.	— <i>Olor</i> , L.	
10 Solan or Bass Goose.	<i>Pelicanus Bassanus</i> , L.	Gannet.
11 Eider Goose.	<i>Anas Mollissima</i> .	<i>Anser lanuginosus</i> .
12 Curlew.	<i>Scolopax Arquata</i> , L.	<i>Scolopax Pica</i> .
13 Sea Pye.	<i>Hæmatopus Ostralegus</i> , L.	
14 Marrot or Razor Bill.	<i>Alca Torda</i> , L.	<i>Alca</i> .
15 Rittiwake.	<i>Larus Tridactylus</i> , L.	<i>Larus</i> .
16 Purple or Sultan Hen.	<i>Fulica Porphyrio</i> , L.	
17 Moor or Water Hen.	— <i>Chloropus</i> , L.	<i>Gallinula</i> .
18 Stork.	<i>Ardea Ciconia</i> , L.	<i>Ciconia</i> .
19 Crane.	— <i>Grus</i> , L.	<i>Grus</i> .
20 Heron.	— <i>Cinerea</i> , L.	<i>Ardea</i> .
21 Bittern.	— <i>Cærulea</i> .	<i>Cancrophagus</i> .
22 Ostrich.	<i>Struthio Camelus</i> , L.	
<i>Note.</i> —Its fat used in place of butter; one egg suffices several persons.		
23 Black Guillemot.	<i>Colymbus Grille</i> , L.	Greenland Dove.

SUBDIVISION IV. *OVA*—Eggs of Birds. The most used are those of the Gallinaceous Birds; Lapwing, Plover, Duck, Goose, Swan, Ostrich, and the *Alca Cirrhata*, or Tufted Auk.

DIVISION III. From the Class *PISCES* of Linnæus—Fishes respire with Gills or Lungs externally compressible; inspire less Oxygen Gas than the Mammalia and Aves; have swimming bladders—Their hearts consist of a single Auricle and Ventricle, and have but one circulation, viz. the Bronchial—Blood red; temperature near that of the surrounding medium—considered to be less animalized than other classes, and to be intermediate between Animals and Vegetables in their chemical composition—Texture is less firm, and sooner putrify, than the flesh of Mammalia and

Aves—Many of them abound in oil; some contain much Volatile Alkali—much altered by spawning-time, and little changed by age—Spawn or Ova of some species hurtful; Spawn analagous to Ova of Birds; but is defended by slime instead of shell—Chief Food of persons in Northern latitudes, who are said to be prolific, but subject to skin complaints.—White river fishes the most mild—distinguished into

- I. Apodal, or without Ventral Fins.
- II. Jugular, with Ventral Fins placed before the pectoral.
- III. Thoracic, with Ventral Fins under the pectoral.
- IV. Abdominal, with Ventral Fins behind the pectoral.
- V. Chondropterygii, with Cartilaginous Fins.

Also distinguished into Fishes with Scales, and without Scales.

SUBDIVISION I. RIVER FISHES—Fluviatiles. In general the more rapid the stream, the better-flavoured and more easy of digestion these Fishes.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names of Plants.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 River Burbot.	Gadus Lota, L.	Musſela Fluviatilis.
	<i>Note.</i> —Its liver is a great delicacy.	
2 Common Eel.	Muræna Anguilla, L.	Anguilla.
3 Salmon, Common.	Salmo Salar, L.	Salmo.
4 Bull or Salmon Trout.	— Trutta, L.	Trutta.
5 Trout.	— Fario, L.	Fario.
6 Salvelin.	— Salvelinus, L.	Salvelinus.
7 Le Huch.	— Hucho, L.	Hucho.
8 Salmon Salmarine.	— Salmarinus, L.	Salmarinus.
9 Salmon Redling.	— Umbla, L.	Umbla.
10 Grayling.	— Thymallus, L.	Thymallus.
11 Smelt, or Sea Violet.	— Eperlanus, L.	Eperlanus.
12 White Fish.	— Albula, L.	Albula.
13 Charr.	— Alpinus, L.	Alpinus.
14 L'Oxyrinque.	— Oxyrhynchus, L.	Oxyrhynchus.
15 Carp.	Cyprinus Carpio, L.	Carpio.
16 Barbel.	— Barbus, L.	Barbus.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
17 Bream.	<i>Cyprinus Brama</i> , L.	Brama.
18 Tench.	———— <i>Tinca</i> , L.	Tinca.
19 Crucian.	———— <i>Carassius</i> , L.	Carassius.
20	———— <i>Ballerus</i> , L.	Ballerus.
21 Rud.	———— <i>Orfus</i> , L.	Orfus.
22 Bleak or White Fish.	———— <i>Alburnus</i> , L.	Alburnus.
23 Roach.	———— <i>Rutilus</i> , L.	Rutilus.
24 Red Eye.	———— <i>Erythrophthalmus</i> , L.	Erythrophthalmus.
25 La Dobule.	———— <i>Dobula</i> , L.	Dobula.
26 Dace.	———— <i>Leuciscus</i> , L.	Leuciscus.
27 Gudgeon.	———— <i>Gobio</i> , L.	Gobio.
28 Chub.	———— <i>Ictes</i> , L.	Cephalus.

Note.—There are many more species of *Cyprinus*.

29 Bullhead.	<i>Cottus Gobio</i> , L.	Miller's Thumb.
30 Perch.	<i>Perca Fluviatilis</i> , L.	Perca.
31 Sand Perch.	—— <i>Lucioperca</i> , L.	Lucioperca.
32 Zingel Perch.	—— <i>Zingel</i> , L.	Zingel.
33 Wolf Fish.	—— <i>Labrax</i> , L.	Lupud Marinus.
34 Ruffe.	—— <i>Cernua</i> , L.	Cernua.
35 White Perch.	—— <i>Alburnus</i> , L.	
36 Pike.	<i>Esox Lucius</i> , L.	Lucius.
37 Stickleback.	<i>Gasterosteus Aculeatus</i> , L.	Pungitivus.
38 Shadfish.	<i>Silurus Glanis</i> , L.	Glanis.

Note.—The largest of River Fishes.

39 Loach, or Groundling.	<i>Cobitis Barbatula</i> , L.	Fundulus.
40 Weather Fish.	<i>Cobitis Fossilis</i> , L.	

Note.—Very small Fish; put into a Jar with sand and water, by its inquietude, indicates changes of weather—called a living Thermometer.

SUBDIVISION II. *SEA FISHES*—More difficult to digest than River Fishes. The best sort are from the icy regions of the German Sea, from

eighty degrees to the Arctic Pole. Some of this Subdivision come into Rivers, but others cannot live in fresh water.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Sea or Conger Eel.	<i>Muræna Helena</i> , L.	<i>Muræna</i> .
2 Tun Fish.	<i>Scomber Thynnus</i> , L.	<i>Thynnus</i> .
3 Bonnet Fish.	—— <i>Pelamis</i> , L.	<i>Pelamis</i> .
4 Mackarel.	—— <i>Scombrus</i> , L.	<i>Scomber</i> .
5 Bastard Mackarel, or Scab.	—— <i>Trachurus</i> , L.	<i>Trachurus</i> .
6 Surmullet, <i>striped</i> .	<i>Mullus Surmuletus</i> , L.	<i>Surmuletus</i> .
7 Surmullet, <i>red</i> .	—— <i>Barbatus</i> , L.	<i>Mullus Minor</i> .
8 Surmullet, <i>bald</i> .	—— <i>Imberbis</i> .	<i>Rex Mullorum</i> .
9 Sea Perch.	<i>Perca Marina</i> , L.	
10 Cod Fish.	<i>Gadus Morhua</i> , L.	<i>Morhua</i> .
11 Ling.	—— <i>Molva</i> , L.	<i>Molva</i> .
12 Burton, <i>Sea</i> .	—— <i>Mustela</i> , L.	<i>Mustela Marina</i> .
13 Haddock.	—— <i>Aeglefinus</i> , L.	<i>Aeglefinus</i> .
14 Whiting.	—— <i>Merlangus</i> , L.	<i>Whiting</i> .
15 Pout.	—— <i>Barbatus</i> , L.	<i>Whiting Pout</i> .
16 Pollack.	—— <i>Pollachius</i> , L.	<i>Pollachius</i> .
17 Coal Fish.	—— <i>Carbonarius</i> , L.	<i>Rawlin Pollack</i> .
18 Tork, or Dork.	—— <i>Callarias</i> , L.	<i>Callarias</i> .
19 Bib.	—— <i>Luscus</i> , L.	
20 Herring.	<i>Clupea Harengus</i> , L.	<i>Harengus</i> .
21 Sprat.	—— <i>Sprattus</i> , L.	<i>Sprattus</i> .
22 Anchovy.	—— <i>Encrasiculus</i> , L.	<i>Encrasiculus</i> .
23 Shad.	—— <i>Alosa</i> , L.	<i>Alosa</i> .
24 Pilchard.	—— <i>Thrissa</i> , L.	<i>Thrissa</i> .
25 Sand Eel.	<i>Ammodytes Tobianus</i> , L.	<i>Launce</i> .

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
26 Brill or Pearl.	* <i>Pleuronectes Rhombus</i> , L.	Rhombus.
27 Holibut.	———— <i>Hippoglossus</i> , L.	Hippoglossus.
28 Plaice.	———— <i>Plateffa</i> , L.	Plateffa.
29 Flounder.	———— <i>Fleſus</i> , L.	Fleſus.
30 Shar.	———— <i>Linguatula</i> , L.	Linguatula.
31 Sole.	———— <i>Solea</i> , L.	Solea.
32 Turbot.	———— <i>Maximus</i> .	
33 Dab.	———— <i>Limanda</i> , L.	Limanda.
34 Prickly Flounder Whiff.	———— <i>Paſſer</i> , L.	Paſſer.
35 Smear Dab or Kit.	———— <i>Rhombus levis</i> , Pen.	
36 Piper.	<i>Trigla Lyra</i> , L.	Lyra Marina.
37 Sea Cuckoo or Red Gurnard.	———— <i>Cuculus</i> , L.	Cuculus Marinus.
38 Sea Lantern.	———— <i>Lucerna</i> , L.	Lucerna Marina.
39 Sea Pullet, or Old Wife.	<i>Labrus Tinca</i> , L.	Wraſſe.
40 Sea Peacock.	———— <i>Pavo</i> , L.	Pavo Marinus.
41 Gilt-Fiſh.	<i>Sparus Aurata</i> , L.	Aurata.
42 Laxative Fiſh, or Sparus Mæna.	———— <i>Mæna</i> , and nine other ſpecies.	Cackarel.
43 Sea Pike or Needle.	<i>Eſox Belona</i> , L.	Garfiſh.
44 St. Peter or Doree.	<i>Zeus Faber</i> , L.	Faber.
45 Weaver. L'honneur des bonnes Tables.— <i>Duham</i> .	<i>Trachinus Draco</i> , L.	Draco.
46 Sword Fiſh.	<i>Xiphias Gladius</i> , L.	Emperor.
47 Mullet.	<i>Mugil Cephalus</i> , L.	Cephalus.

* Note. Its Ova make the Italian Botargo.

• Sideway Swimmers

SUBDIVISION III. *CARTILAGINOUS FISHES*—*Belong to the Amphibia nantia of Linnæus—Many reſemble Fiſhes only in external ſtructure—their Muſcles ſupported by Cartilages inſtead of Bones—have Cartilaginous Fins. Many of them have quite different Fleſh from that of Fiſhes, and are viviparous. Have no Covers to their Gills, but breathe through Apertures, having arbitrary Lungs.*

1 Sturgeon.	<i>Accipenſer Sturio</i> , L.	Sturio.
2 Inſ glaſs Sturgeon.	———— <i>Huſo</i> , L.	Huſo.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
3 Tuke, or Antacæus.	Accipenser Tuka, L.	Tuka.
4 Sterlet.	——— Ruthenus, L.	Caviar / Sturgeon.
5 Lamprey, Sea.	Petromyzon Marinus, L.	Lampreta Marina.
6 Lamprey, lesser.	——— Fluvialis, L.	Lampreta Fluvialis.
7 Lamperu, or Pride.	——— Branchialis, L.	Lamprena.
8 Cramp Fish.	Raia Torpedo, L.	Torpedo.
9 Spear Mouth Skate.	——— Oxyrinchus, L.	Oxyrinchus.
10 Skate.	——— Batis, L.	Batis.
11 Dart Ray.	——— Pastinaca, L.	Pastinaca.
12 Thornback.	——— Clavata, L.	Clavata.
13 Shark.	Squalus.—Many species.	Angel Fish, &c.
14 Fish Fowl.	Lophius Piscatorius.	
15 Lump Fish, or Sea Owl.	Cyclopterus Lumpus, L.	Lumpus.

DIVISION IV. *From the Class AMPHIBIA—Internal structure similar in general to that of Fishes, namely, single hearted, or Heart consisting of one Auricle and one Ventricle—Blood red; temperature nearly as that of their medium water; have lungs; inspire little Oxygen.*

1 Sea Tortoise, or Green Turtle.	Testudo Mydas, L.	Testudo Viridis.
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Note.—Its fat becomes green, and renders urine green. Ova are eaten like Pullet's eggs.

2 Fresh Water Tortoise.	Testudo Orbicularis, L.	Testudo Vulgaris.
3 Land Tortoise.	——— Lutaria, L.	Testudo Græca.
4 Ferocious Tortoise.	——— Caretta, L.	Testudo Ferox.

5 Crocodile.	Lacerta Crocodilus, L.	Crocodilus.
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Note.—Eggs principally alone eaten, but also the Flesh by Moors and Indians.

6 Guana.	——— Iguana, L.	Iguana.
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Note.—Its eggs have no yolk, and do not coagulate by heat. Flesh preferred to fowl.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean and other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
7 Viper.	<i>Coluber Vipera</i> , L.	
8 Buffalo Snake.	<i>Boa Constrictor</i> , L.	
9 Frog.	<i>Rana Esculenta</i> , L.	Rana.
10 Green Lizard.	<i>Lacerta Agilis</i> , L.	
11 Stincus Lizard.	—— <i>Stincus</i> , L.	

DIVISION IV. *From the Class INSECTA. INSECTS*—Are single-hearted; blood colourless and cold; have breathing holes, or spiracula, but no lungs; are mostly oviparous; their temperature varies with that of the surrounding medium: are mostly of a gelatinous nature; liable to occasion cholic, cutaneous efflorescences, febrile circulation, &c.

1 Common Crab Fish.	<i>Cancer Mænas</i> , L.	Pagarus.
2 Lobster.	—— <i>Grammarus</i> , L.	Grammarus.
3 Craw Fish.	—— <i>Astacus</i> , L.	Cancer Fluvialilis.
4 Prawn.	—— <i>Serratus</i> , L.	
5 Shrimp.	—— <i>Crangon</i> , L.	Crangon.
6 White Shrimp.	—— <i>Squilla</i> , L.	Squilla.
7 Locust.	<i>Gryllus Cristatus</i> , L.	Locusta.

DIVISION VI. *From the Class VERMES. WORMS*—Destitute of head, ears, nose, feet, and generally of eyes; temperature according to the surrounding medium; many of them from a part only; hermaphrodites; distinguished by their feelers; mostly of an albuminous nature; very difficult to digest when coagulated by fire.

Gen. *Concha.*

1 Snail.	<i>Helix Pomatia</i> , L.	Cochlea.
2 Muscle.	<i>Mytilus Edulis</i> , L.	Mytilus.
3 Common Oyster.	<i>Ostrea Edulis</i> , L.	Ostrea.
4 Scallop Oyster.	—— <i>Chama</i> , or <i>Pecten</i> .	Great Scallop.
5 Stone Borer.	<i>Pholas Daedylus</i> , L.	Piddock.
6 Cockle.	<i>Cardium Edule</i> , L.	Pectunculus Vulgaris.

Gen. *Echinus.*

7 Sea Ball, or Apple.	<i>Echinus Esculentus</i> , L.	Sea Hedge-hog.
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<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
Gen. <i>Sepia</i> .		
8 Cuttle Fish.	<i>Sepia Officinalis</i> , L.	<i>Sepia</i> .
9 Stocking Fish.	— <i>Loligo</i> .	<i>Calamarius</i> .

SEASONINGS or CONDIMENTS—CONDIMENTA; which are not necessarily nutritious, but render other things so more easily.

SECTION I. *Neutral Salts.*

1 Sea Salt.	<i>Sea Muriate Fosalkali</i> , N. S.	<i>Salmarinus</i> .
2 Rock Salt.	<i>Fossil Muriate</i> ——— N. S.	<i>Sal Gemma</i> .
3 Bay Salt.	<i>Sea Muriate</i> —by evaporation in the Sun.	<i>Spanish Salt</i> .
4 Saltpetre.	<i>Nitrate Veg-Alkali</i> , N. S.	<i>Nitre</i> .
5 Sal Ammoniac.	<i>Muriate Vol-Alkali</i> , N. S.	

SECTION II. *ACID SALTS.*

6 Vinegar.	<i>Acetous Acid of Wine</i> .	<i>Acetum Vini</i> .
7 Alegar.	<i>Acetous Acid of Ale</i> .	<i>Acetum Cerevisiae</i> .
8 Lemon Juice.	<i>Citric Acid</i> , N. S.	<i>Acid of Lemon</i> .
9 Orange Juice, Sweet.		
10 Seville Orange Juice.		
11 Verjuice.	<i>Malic Acid, impure</i> N. S.	<i>Acid of Apples</i> .
12 Tartar Acid.	<i>Acidum Tartari</i> , N. S.	
13 Green Sauce.	<i>Oxalis Acetosella</i> .	<i>Acidum Oxalicum</i> .
14 Butter Milk.	<i>Lactic Acid, impure</i> , N. S.	<i>Acidum Lacticum</i> .
15 Juice of Immature Grapes.	<i>Omphacium</i> .	

SECTION III. *ALKALINE SALTS.*

16 Vol-Alkali.	<i>Ammoniac</i> , N. S.	<i>Ammonia</i> .
17 Fos-Alkali.	<i>Carbonate Soda</i> , N. S.	<i>Natron</i> .

SECTION IV. *FERMENTED LIQUORS.*

18 Brandy, Rum, &c.	<i>Alcohol Vini</i> .	<i>Spirits</i> .
19 Wines.	<i>Vina</i> .	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
20 Kumis.	Mare's Milk fermented into Wine.	

SECTION V. *SUGARS, or SACCHARINE MUCILAGES.*

21 Common Sugar.	<i>Arundo Saccharifera</i> , L.	<i>Saccharum Officinarum.</i>
22 Honey.	<i>Apes Mellifera</i> , L.	Mel.
23 Maple Sugar.	<i>Acer Montanum.</i>	Canada Sugar.
24 Beet Sugar.	Beta.	
25 Extract Malt.		Inspissated Wort.
26 Sugar of Milk.	<i>Saccharum Lactis.</i>	
27 Sugar of Liquorice.	<i>Glycyrrhiza glabra Radix</i> , L.	<i>Glycyrrhiza.</i>
28 Molosses of Apples.		
29 Inspissated Must.	<i>Sapa Musti.</i>	
30 Birch Sugar.	<i>Betula</i> ?	

SECTION VI. *ACRID or STRONG-SMELLING PUNGENT VEGETABLE SUBSTANCES.*

31 Cloves.	<i>Caryophyllus Aromaticus</i> , L.	Clove Fruit.
32 Cinnamon.	<i>Laurus Cinnamomum</i> , L.	Cinnamon Bark.
33 Nutmeg.	<i>Myristica Moschata</i> , <i>Fruetus Nucleus</i> , L.	Nux Moschata.
34 Mace.	<i>Cortex Reticulatus Nucis Moschatae.</i>	Macis.
35 Allspice Fruit.	<i>Myrtus Pimento</i> , L.	Piper Jamaicense.
36 Black Pepper Fruit.	<i>Piper Nigrum</i> , L.	
37 Bird Pepper.	<i>Piper.</i>	
38 Long Pepper Fruit.	<i>Piper Longum</i> , L.	
39 Capsicum Fruit.	<i>Capsicum Annuum.</i>	<i>Piper Indicum,</i>
40 Cubebs.	<i>Piper CUBEBA</i> , L.	Cubeba.
41 Grains of Paradise.	<i>Amomum Grana Paradisi</i> , L.	
42 Ginger.	<i>Amomum Zingiber</i> , L.	Zingiber
43 Onion.	<i>Allium Ceba</i> , L.	Cepa.
44 Garlic.	—— <i>Sativum</i> , L.	Allium.
45 Shallot.	—— <i>Ascalonicum</i> , L.	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
46 Leek.	<i>Allium Porrum</i> , L.	Porrum.
47 Cress.	<i>Erysimum Alliaria</i> , L.	Alliaria.
48 Mustard Seed.	<i>Sinapi Nigrum</i> vel <i>Album</i> , L.	Sinapi.
49 Horse-radish.	<i>Cochlearia Aморacia</i> , L.	Rhaphanus Rusticanus.
50 Mint.	<i>Mentha Viridis</i> , L.	Mentha Sativa.
51 Thyme.	<i>Thymus Serpyllum</i> , L.	Serpyllum.
52 Sage.	<i>Salvis Officinalis</i> , L.	Salvia.
53 Celery.	<i>Apium Graveolens</i> , L.	
54 Marjoram.	<i>Origanum Majorana</i> , L.	Majorana.
55 Fennel.	<i>Anethum Fœniculum</i> , L.	Fœniculum.
56 Caraway Seeds.	<i>Carum Carvi</i> , L.	Caruon Semen.
57 Coriander Seeds.	<i>Coriandrum Sativum</i> , L.	Coriandrum.
58 Aniseed.	<i>Pimpinella Anisum</i> , L.	Anisum.
59 Marygold.	<i>Calendula Officinalis</i> , L.	Calendula.
60 Rosemary.	<i>Rosmarinus Officinalis</i> , L.	Rosmarinus.
61 Parsley.	<i>Apium Petroselinum</i> , L.	Petroselinum.
62 Tansey.	<i>Tanacetum Vulgare</i> , L.	Tenacetum.
63 Turmeric.	<i>Curcuma Longa</i> , L.	Curcuma.
64 Fœnugreek.	<i>Fœnum Græcum</i> , L.	
65 Cardoman Seeds.	<i>Amomum Cardamomum</i> , L.	Cardomomum.
66 Juniper Berries.	<i>Juniperus Communis</i> , L.	Juniperi Baccæ.
67 Rue.	<i>Ruta Graveolens</i> , L.	Ruta Hortensis.
68 Bay-leaves and Berries.	<i>Laurus Nobilis</i> L.	Laurus.
69 Galengal.	<i>Maranta Galanga</i> , L.	Galanga.
70 Vanille Fruit.	<i>Epidendrum Vanilla</i> , L.	Vanilla.
71 Asafœtida.	<i>Ferula Asafœtida</i> , L.	
72 Saffron	<i>Crocus Sativus Officinalis</i> , L.	Crocus.
73 Lemon Peel.	<i>Citrus Medica</i> , L.	Cortex Limonum.
74 Orange Peel.	<i>Citrus Aurantium</i> , L.	Cortex Aurantii.
75 Bitter Almonds.	<i>Amygdalus Communis</i> , L.	Amygdala Amara Nucleus.
76 Tobacco.	<i>Nicotiana Tabacum</i> , L.	Nicotin
77 Hops.	<i>Humulus Lupulus</i> , L.	Lupulus.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
78 Bohea Tea.	<i>Thea Bohea</i> , L.	
79 Green Tea.	<i>Thea Viridis</i> , L.	
80 Opium Theriaki.		
81 Coffee.	<i>Coffea Arabica</i> , L.	

Note.—Essential Oils of most of the above are used.

SECTION VII. OILY CONDIMENTS.

1 Butter.	<i>Butyrum Lactis</i> .	<i>Butyrum</i> .
2 Cream.	<i>Cremor Lactis</i> .	<i>Cremor</i> .
3 Olive Oil.	<i>Oleum Olivæ</i> .	
4 Poppy Oil.	<i>Oleum Seminum Papaveris</i> .	
5 Cocoa Nut Oil.	<i>Oleum Cacao</i> .	
6 Oil of Almonds.	<i>Oleum Amygdalæ</i> .	
7 Butter Nut Oil of Park.	<i>Bassia</i> , Genus analagous, Order apotæ.—Roxburgh.	
8 Hog's Lard.	<i>Sus Scrofa</i> , L.	<i>Axungia Porcina</i> .
9 Train Oil.		

SECTION VIII. FUNGI.

1 Mushroom.	<i>Agaricus Campestris</i> , L.	
2 Truffle.	<i>Lycoperdon Tuber</i> , L.	<i>Tuber Cibarium</i> .
3 Morelle.	<i>Phallus Esculentus</i> , L.	<i>Morellus</i> .

SECTION IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

1 Cayenne Pepper.	
2 Caviare; the basis of the roe of the Sturgeon, Mullet, &c. with oil.	<i>Caviarium</i> .
3 Red Caviare; the basis of the Roe of Carp.	<i>Caviarium Rubrum</i> .
4 Garum; a preparation of the intestines of fishes.	<i>Garum</i> .
5 Botargo; a preparation of the roe of fish.	<i>Mugil Cephalus</i> , L.
6 Salted Anchovy, or Sar- delle.	<i>Clupea Encrasicolus</i> , L.
7 Salted Herring.	
8 Various kind of salted flesh.	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
9 Rotten Cheefe.		
10 Sound Cheefe.		
11 Soy.	<i>Dolichos Soya.</i>	Soya Bean.
12 Putrefied Animal Matter.		
13 Animal Matter smoked, and in Wood Ashes.		
14 Sour Kraut.		

Note.—A great Number of mixtures of the above and probably many other articles, are sold in the Pickle Shops as *Seasonings*, besides Animal and Vegetable Substances, preserved in Sugar, Spices, Acids, and other Saline Substances, as ell as in Aromatics, Oils, and Ardent Spirits.

CLASS II.—*Drinks, or Diluents.—Potus.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 WATER.	AQUA.	
a Spring Water.	<i>Aqua Fontis.</i>	
b River ———	—— <i>Fluvii.</i>	
c Pump or Well ———	—— <i>Putei.</i>	
d Rain ———	—— <i>Pluvialis.</i>	
e Snow ———	—— <i>Nivalis.</i>	
f Ice ———	—— <i>Glacialis.</i>	
g Distilled ———	—— <i>Distillata.</i>	
2 Water impregnated with Carbonic Acid.	—— <i>Acido Carbonico Nupta.</i>	
3 Seltzer Water.	—— <i>Seltzerana.</i>	
4 Spaw ———	—— <i>Spadensis.</i>	
5 Pyrmont ———	—— <i>Pyrmontensis.</i>	
6 Water acidulated with Vinegar, Lemon Juice and other Acid Fruits and Acids.	—— <i>Acidulata.</i>	
7 Barley Water.	—— <i>Hordeata.</i>	Decoctum Hordei.
8 Honied Water.	Hydromel.	Melicratum.
9 Almond Emulsion.	Emulsio <i>Amygdalæ.</i>	
10 Poppy-seed Emulsion.	Emulsio <i>Papaveracea.</i>	

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
11 Rosade.	Emulsiō Amygdalæ ex Aqua Rosæ cum Succo Citri.	
12 Orfade.	Emulsiō Amygdalæ ex Aqua Hordei cum Succo et Cortice Citri.	
13 Lemonade.	Limonada.	
14 Orgeat.		
15 Sherbet.	Succus Aurantii Mellitus.	Cerbetta.
16 Capillaire.		
17 Expressed Juice of Fruits.	Mustum.	
18 Birch Juice.	Succus Betulæ.	
19 Cocoa Nut Milk.		
20 Water with Milk.	Aqua cum Lacte.	
21 Butter Milk.	Lac ebutyratum.	Serum lactis acidulum.
22 Whey.	Serum Lactis.	
23 Weak Fermented Liquors.		
a Beers.	Cerevisiæ tenues.	
b Ales.	———— fortiores.	
c Spruce Beer.	Cerevisia Abietina.	
d Cyder.	Pomaceum.	
e Perry.	Pyraceum.	
f Rhenish Wine.	Vinum Rhenanum.	
g Hock.	———— Hochheimense.	
h Moselle, Bohemian, and other weak Wines.	———— Mosellanum, Bohemicum, &c.	
24 Infusions of Balm, Mint, Lemon Peel, Cloves, &c.	Infusa Melissæ, &c.	
25 Green Tea Infusion.	Thea Viridis, L.	Potus Theæ Viridis.
26 Bohea Tea Infusion.	Thea Bohea, L.	Potus Theæ Boheæ.
27 Coffee Infusion.	Coffea Arabica, L.	Potus Coffeæ.
28 Chocolate Decoction.	Theobroma Cacao.	Chocolata.
29 Weak Broths.	Infusa Carnis.	Juscula Tenuia.
30 Gruel, or Decoction farinaceous.	Decoetum Farinæ Avenæ, Tritici, &c.	Ptisan.
31 Posset Drink.		

CLASS III.—*ZOEOPHORETICS*, which restore and increase Excitability, or the Principle of Life.

DIVISION I. SECTION I. *By withdrawing or diminishing certain Excitants or Stimuli, which are in excess with respect to the existing state of excitability, but are not in their nature morbid.*

- 1 Regulation of Food.
- 2 ————— Watery Drink.
- 3 ————— Condiments, or Seasonings.
- 4 Breathing smaller Quantity of Oxygen Gas.
- 5 Caloric abstracted, as applied through various media; most frequently through the air; by
 - a Regulating the Temperature of the Air,
 - b Clothing.
 - c Cold Drink,
 - d Bathing.
 - e Local Cold Applications.
- 6 Darknefs, with regard to Vegetables.
- 7 Repose, or diminished Exercise of the Voluntary Muscles.
- 8 Sleep.
- 9 Regulation of the Passions.
- 10 Diminution of Mental Exertions.
- 11 Abstaining, or diminishing the Quantity of Fermented Liquors.

SECTION II. *By withdrawing or counteracting Stimuli or Excitants, in their nature morbid.*

- 1 Various Poisons in the state of Effluvia.
- 2 ————— in the state of Gas or Air.
- 3 ————— in a Liquid state.
- 4 ————— in a Solid state.
- 5 Artificial Discharges, by
 - a Setons.
 - b Issues.
 - c Ulceration, by blistering.
- 6 Various Local Stimulating Diseases, e. g.
 - a Chronic Inflammation.
 - b Tumours.
 - c Morbid Discharges.
 - d Any long-continued Painful Affection.
- 7 Any extraneous matter introduced which proves stimulating.—Vide Cl. I. VII. *Acentrophoretics*.

DIVISION II. *By increasing the Power itself of producing Excitability.*

The knowledge of the means of effecting this change is only attained, perhaps, in the instance of increasing the power of the organs of the economy in general, especially voluntary organs, by due alternate action and repose from an early period of life.

DIVISION III. *By matter which immediately produces Excitability or Life.*

Oxymuriates, Oxymuriatic Acid, and Oxygen Gas have been supposed to produce this effect.

CLASS IV.—*AZOEPHORETICS, which diminish Excitability.*

DIVISION I. *By excessive Stimulation, by*

- a Food.
- b Condiments.
- c Oxygen Gas.
- d Calorific, in Air, Water, Baths, Clothing, &c.
- e Light, especially with regard to Vegetables.
- f Watching.
- g Exercise of Voluntary Organs.
- h ———— Passions.
- i ———— Mental Functions.
- k Fermented Liquors.
- l Various Poisons.
- m Artificial Discharges.
- n Morbid Discharges.
- o Diseased States in general, particularly local painful ones, tumours, abscesses.
- p Extraneous Matter.—Vide Cl. I. VII. *Acentrophoetics.*

DIVISION II. *By diminishing the Power of producing Excitability, by*

- a Abstracting Food.
- b ———— Condiments.
- c ———— Watery Drink.
- d ———— Oxygen Gas.
- e ———— Calorific.
- f ———— Light.
- g ———— Customary Stimuli, as
 - Fermented Liquors.
 - Certain Passions.
 - Certain Corporeal Actions.
 - Certain Mental Actions.

h Certain Medicines which attract powerfully Oxygen; *e. g.* Sulphurets, Pyrophori, &c.

i Weakeners.—Vide Class IX.

CLASS V.—*EXCITANTS or STIMULANTS—*
Which excite Action or Motion of the Muscular
Fibres, Nerves, and Mental Faculties.

DIVISION I. *Without specific Stimulation.*

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 Warm Air. | |
| 2 Hot-bath of Water. | |
| 3 Vapour Bath, local and general. | |
| 4 Fomentations. | |
| 5 Confining Warm Air by Clothing. | |
| 6 Electricity. | |
| 7 Galvanism. | |
| 8 Applying heated Solid Bodies. | |
| 9 Warm Climate. | |
| 10 Stimulating Food. | |
| 11 ——— Drink. | |
| 12 Breathing Oxygen Gas. | |
| 13 Exercise of various kinds. | |
| 14 Gestation of various kinds. | |
| 15 Exciting Passions. | |
| 16 Exciting Inflammations by Cantharides, &c. | |
| 17 Scarification. | |
| 18 Friction. | |
| 19 Irritating Clothing. | |
| 20 Dry Cupping. | |
| 21 Change of Climate. | |
| 22 Change of Scenes, Objects, Society, and Modes of Life. | |
| 23 Opium. | Papaver Somniferum, L. |
| 24 Extract of Poppy Heads. | Ibidem. |
| 25 Syrup of Poppy Heads. | Syrupus Papaveris Albi. |
| 26 Opium Theriaki of the Persians. | Oriental Opium. |
| 27 Lolium Temulentum. | Lolium Spicis Aristatis, L. |
| 28 Indian Berry. | Coculus Indicus. |
| 29 Kaad of the Arabians. | Buds of an Arabian Tree. |
| 30 Haschisch. | Leaves of an Arabian Tree. |
| 31 Siberian Henbane. | Hyoscyamus Physalodes, or Bengé. |

- 32 Common Harmel.
 33 Indian Hemp, Basis of Maflac.
 34 Agaricus Muscarius.
 35 Wild Rosemary.
 36 Millefoil.

Peganum Harmala.
Cannibus Sativa, L.

Rosmarinus Sylvestris, vel Ledum Palustre.
Achillea Millefolium, L.

37 Fermented or Vinous Liquors.

a Ales, Beers, Porters, Mum, &c.

Cerevisiæ Hordeaceæ, or Wines of Malt of
Barley with Bitter Vegetable.

b Ale of Wheat.

Cerevisia Triticea.

c ——— Rye.

———— *Secalina.*

d ——— Mays.

———— *Mays.*

e ——— Oats.

———— *Avenacea.*

f ——— Pine Branches.

———— *Pini, Spruce Beer.*

g Acidulous Wine.

Rhenish Wine.

Vinum Rhenanum.

Hockheim——

———— *Hockheimense.*

Moselle——

———— *Mosellanum.*

h Saccharine Wine.

Mountain.

Vinum Malagense.

Malmfey.

Toka.

———— *Tokense.*

Cape.

Sack.

———— *Canarinum.*

Frontignac.

Lachryma Christi.

Muscataella.

Raisin.

British Fruit Wine.

i Gaseous Wine.

Bottled Beer.

Beer of Melasses.

Spruce Beer.

Champagne.

British Fruit Wines.

k Wines neither Saccharine nor Gaseous,
 commonly with Spirit added.

Red Port Wine.

———— *Lusitanicum Rubrum.*

White Port.

———— *Album.*

Lisbon Wine.

Calcavella——

Madeira——

Bucellas——

Florence Wine.
Claret——
Burgundy——

Vinum Florentiaum.

1 Ardent Spirits.

Rum.
Cogniac Brandy.
Arrack.
Geneva.
British Spirit.
Whiskey.
Usquebaugh.

Spiritus Sacchari.
—— Galleus.
—— Oryzae.
—— Juniperi.
—— Anglicus.
—— Avena, &c.

m Æthereal Liquors.

Sulphuric Æther.
Nitrous——
Muriatic——
Acetous——
Benzoic——
Oil of Alcohol of Wine.
Sweet Oil of Olefying Gas.

Æther Sulphuricus.
—— Nitrosus.
—— Muriaticus.
—— Acetosus.
—— Benzoini.
Oleum Alcohol Vini.
Oleum Dulce Gas Olefacientis.

38 Animal Substances.

a Spanish Flies.

Meloe Vesicatorius, L.

Cantharides.

b Volatile Alkali.

Vol-Alkali.

Ammonia.

c Cochineal.

Coccus Cacti.

Coccinella.

d Empyreumatic Oil.

Oleum Empyreumaticum.

Oleum Animale.

e Musk and other Animal
Antispasmodics.

Moschus Moschiferus, L.

Moschus.

39 Fossil Substances.

a Sea or Rock Salt.

Murias Fos-Alkali.

Sal Marinus.

b Other Neutral Salts, with
basis of Fos-Alkali.

c Fos-Alkali.

Kali Spinosum, L.

Barilla.

d Mercurial Preparations.

40 Essential Oils of

Thyme.

Origanum.

Pimento.

Mint.

Peppermint.

Camphor.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
Cloves.		
Cinnamon.		
Sassafras, &c.		
41 Balsams.		
Peru.	<i>Myroxylon Peruvianum</i> , L.	Balsamum Peruvianum.
Gilead.	<i>Amyris</i> , L.	Balsamum Gileadense.
Capaiva.	<i>Copaifera, Officinalis</i> , L.	Balsamum Copaiva.
Canada.	<i>Pinus Canad.</i> L.	Balsamum Canadense.
42 Turpentine.		Terebinthina Veneta, &c. &c.
43 Gum. Resins.		
a Guaiacum.	<i>Guaiacum Officinale</i> , L.	Guaiacum Gummi, Resina.
b Euphorbium.	<i>Euphorbium Officinale</i> , L.	Lachryma Euphorbii Officinalis.
c Benjamin.	<i>Styrax Benzoin</i> , L.	Benzoe, Resina.
d Storax.	<i>Styrax Officinalis</i> , L.	Styrax, Resina.
e Myrrh.	<i>Myrrha</i> .	Myrrha, Resina.
44 Aromatic Rind.		
Of Oranges.	<i>Citrus Aurantium</i> , L.	Cortex Aurantii.
Of Lemons.	<i>Citrus Medica</i> , L.	Cortex Limonum.
45 Aromatic Parts of Vegetables.		
a Cinnamon.		
b Cassia lignea, Bark.	<i>Laurus Cassia</i> , L.	
c Cloves.		
d Allspice.		
e Mace.		
f Nutmeg.		
g Canella Alba.	<i>Winterana Canella</i> , L.	Canella Alba.
h Winter's Bark.	<i>Cortex Winteranus</i> .	Cortex Magellanicus.
i Ginger.	<i>Amomum Zingiber</i> , L.	Zingiber Radix.
k Cayenne Pepper.	<i>Capicum baccatum</i> , L.	Bird Pepper.
l Guinea Pepper.	<i>Capicum Annuum</i> , L.	Annual Capicum Capsule.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
m Long Pepper.	<i>Piper Longum</i> , L.	* <i>Piper Longum</i> , fructus.
n Black Pepper.	<i>Piper Nigrum</i> , L.	<i>Piper Nigrum</i> , bacca.
o White Pepper.	<i>Ibidem</i> .	
p Grains of Paradise.	<i>Amomum Grana Paradisi</i> , L.	<i>Grana Paradisi</i> , L.
q Cubebs.	<i>Piper Cubeba</i> , L.	<i>Cubebæ</i> .
r Cardamoms.	<i>Amomum Raphens</i> , L.	<i>Cardamomum minus</i> , semen.
46 Certain Roots.		
Galangal.	<i>Maranta Galanga</i> , L.	<i>Galanga</i> .
Zedoary.	<i>Kæmfaria Rotunda</i> , L.	<i>Zedoaria</i> .
Sweet Flag.	<i>Acorus Calamus</i> , L.	<i>Calamus Aromaticus</i> .
Snake Root.	<i>Aristolochia Serpentaria</i> , L.	<i>Serpentaria Virginiana</i> , radix.
Wake Robin, recent.	<i>Arum Maculatum</i> , L.	<i>Arum</i> .
Sarsaparilla.	<i>Smilax Sarsaparilla</i> , L.	<i>Sarsaparilla</i> , radix.
China Root.	<i>Smilax China</i> .	<i>China Radix</i> .
Contrayerva Root.	<i>Dorstenia Contrayerva</i> , L.	<i>Contrayerva</i> , radix.
Anemomy Root.	<i>Anemone Pratensis</i> .	<i>Pulsatilla Nigricans</i> .
47 Certain Woods.		
Guaiacum.	<i>Guaiacum Officinale</i> , L.	<i>Guaiacum Lignum</i> .
Sassafras.	<i>Laurus Sassafras</i> , L.	<i>Sassafras</i> .
Red Saunders.	<i>Pterocarpus Santalinus</i> , L.	<i>Santulum Rubrum</i> .
48 Weak Aromatics.		
a Cascarilla.	<i>Croton Cascarilla</i> , L.	<i>Cascarilla Cortex</i> .
b Celtic Nard.	<i>Valer Celtica</i> , L.	<i>Nardus Celtica</i> .
c Indian Nard.	<i>Lagurus Nardus</i> , L.	<i>Nardus Indica</i> , radix.
d Ginseng.	<i>Panax Quinquifolium</i> , L.	<i>Ginseng</i> , radix.
e Lily of the Valley.	<i>Convallaria Mayalis</i> , L.	<i>Lilium Convallium</i> .
f Garden Costus.	<i>Tanacetum Balsamita</i> , L.	<i>Balsamira</i> .
g Malabathrum.	<i>Laurus</i> .	
h Rhodium Wood, or Aspalathus.	<i>Lignum Rhodium</i> .	
49 Verticillatæ.		
a Balm.	<i>Melissa Officinalis</i> , L.	<i>Melissa</i> , herbs.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
b Calaminta.	<i>Melissa Calamintha</i> , L.	Calamintha, Herba.
c Lavender.	<i>Lavandula Spica</i> , L.	Lavendula, Flores et Herba.
d Ditany of Crete.	<i>Origanum Dictamnus</i> , L.	Dictamnus Creticus, Folia.
e Common Marjoram.	<i>Origanum Vulgare</i> , L.	Origanum, Folia.
f Sweet Marjoram, or Origanum.	<i>Origanum Marjorana</i> , L.	Marjorana, Folia.
g Rosemary.	<i>Rosmarinus Officinalis</i> , L.	Rosmarinus, Folia.
h Herb Maſtic.	<i>Teucrium Marum</i> , L.	Marum Syriacum.
i Water Germander.	<i>Teucrium Scordium</i> , L.	Scordium, Folia.
k Common Germander.	<i>Teucrium Chamædrys</i> , L.	Chamædrys.
l Wood Betony.	<i>Betonica Officinalis</i> , L.	Betonica, Folia.
m Spear Mint.	<i>Mentha Viridis</i> , L.	Mentha Sativa.
n Pepper Mint.	<i>Mentha Piperita</i> , L.	Mentha Piperitis.
o Wild Mint.	<i>Mentha Sylvestris</i> , L.	Menthastrum.
p Balsam Mint.	<i>Mentha Gentilis</i> , L.	Mentha Walsamum.
q Cat Mint, and other species.	<i>Nepeta Catari</i> , L.	Nepeta.
r Penny-Royal Mint.	<i>Mentha Pulegium</i> , L.	Pulegium.
f Ground Ivy.	<i>Glechoma Hederacea</i> , L.	Hedera Terreſtris.
t Common Hyſſop.	<i>Hyſſopus Officinalis</i> , L.	Hyſſopus.
v Thyme.	<i>Thymus Vulgaris</i> , L.	Thymus.
u Wild Thyme.	<i>Thymus Serpyllum</i> , L.	Serpyllum.
w Savory.	<i>Satureia Hortenſis</i> , L.	Satureia.
x Sago.	<i>Salvia Officinalis</i> , L.	Salvia.
50 Umbellatæ.		
a Dill Seed.	<i>Anethum Graveolens</i> , L.	Anethum, Semen.
b Aniſeed.	<i>Pimpinella Aniſum</i> , L.	Aniſum, Semen.
c Angelica Seed.	<i>Angelica Archangelica</i> , L.	Angelica, Semen.
d Caraway Seed.	<i>Carum Carui</i> , L.	Caruon, Semen.
e Coriander Seed.	<i>Coriandrum Sativum</i> , L.	Coriandrum, Sem.
f Cumin Seed.	<i>Cuminum Cyminum</i> , L.	Cuminum, Sem.
g Fennel Seed.	<i>Anethum Fœniculum</i> , L.	Fœniculum, Sem.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
h Burnet Saxifrage.	<i>Pimpinella Saxifraga</i> , L.	Pimpinella.
i Lovage, Herb.	<i>Ligusticum Levisticum</i> , L.	Ligusticum.
k Master Wort, Root.	<i>Imperatoria Offrutium</i> , L.	Imperatoria.
l Hartwort.	<i>Torydium Officinale</i> , L.	Seseli Montanum.
m Wild Carrot Seed.	<i>Daucus Carota</i> , L.	Daucus Sylvestris.
n Candy Carrot Seed.	<i>Athamata Cretensis</i> , L.	Daucus Creticus.
o Asafætida.	<i>Ferula Asafætida</i> , L.	Gigantic Fennel.
p Galbanum.	<i>Bubon Galbanum</i> , L.	Lovage-leaved Bubon.
q Qpoponax.	<i>Pastinaca Opoponax</i> , L.	Rough Parsnep.
51 Siliquosæ.		
Mustard Seed.	<i>Sinapis Nigra</i> , L.	Sinapi.
Horse-radish Root.	<i>Cochlearia Armoracia</i> , L.	Raphanus Rusticanus.
Sea Scurvy Grass.	<i>Cochlearia Hortensis</i> , L.	Scurvy Grass.
Sauce alone.	<i>Erysimum Alliaria</i> , L.	Alliaria.
Poor Man's Pepper.	<i>Lepidium Latifolium</i> , L.	Lepidium.
Rocket Seeds.	<i>Brassica Eruca</i> , L.	
Sweet Navew Seeds.	<i>Brassica Napus</i> , L.	Napus Dulcis.
Hedge Mustard.	<i>Erysimum Officinale</i> , L.	Erysimum.
Mithridate Mustard.	<i>Thlaspi Arvense</i> , L.	Thlaspi.
Water Cresses.	<i>Sisymbrium Nasturtium</i> , L.	Nasturtium Aquaticum.
Lady's Smock, or Cuckow Flower.	<i>Cardamine Pratensis</i> , L.	Cardamine.

52 Alliaceæ or Spathaceæ.

Garlic, root.	<i>Allium Sativum</i> , L.	Allium.
Onion, root.	<i>Allium Cepa</i> , L.	Cepa.
Leek.	<i>Allium Porrum</i> , L.	Porrum.

53 Acria—Inflammantia—Rubefacientia—Vesicantia.

Note.—The articles under this Number are mostly for *external use only*; many of them belong to other Heads in this Class, and some belong to different Classes, in which they are used internally.

a Coniferæ.

Fir, Scotch; Tar, Pitch, *Pinus Sylvestris*, L.
Turpentine, Rosin white and yellow, Tar Water, Oil Turpentine.

Pix liquida et sicca. Terebinthina vulgaris. Oleum Terebinthinæ.

Fir, Silver; Strasburgh Turpentine. Frankincense. *Pinus Picea*, L.

Terebinthina Argentoratensis. Thus.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
Fir, Norway Spruce.	<i>Pinus Abies</i> , L.	Pix Burgundica. Refina.
Larch, common white; Venice Turpentine.	<i>Pinus Larix</i> , L.	Terebinthina Veneta.
Juniper, Common; Tops, Berries.	<i>Juniperus Communis</i> , L.	Juniperus Bacca; Cacumen.
Juniper Olibanum; Gum Olibanum.	<i>Juniperus Lycia</i> , L.	Olibanum Gummi Refina.
Juniper Savine Leaves.	<i>Juniperus Sabina</i> , L.	Sabina Folia.
b Amentaceæ.		
Chian, or Cyprus Turpentine Tree.	<i>Pistachia Terebinthus</i> , L.	Terebinthina Chia.
Common Mastich Tree; Mastich.	<i>Pistachia Lentiscus</i> , L.	Masticha.
c Spurge.		
Sea Spurge, juice milky.	<i>Euphorbia Paralias</i> , L.	Tithymalus Maritimus.
Cypress Spurge.	<i>Euphorbia Cyparissius</i> , L.	Tithymalus Cyparissius.
<i>Note.</i> —Other species are called Efula, Cataputia, Lathyrus, Peplus, Apios, &c.		
d Malacca Bean. Juice of the rind of the Nut,	<i>Avicennia Officinalis</i> , L.	Anacardium Orientale.
e Cashew Nut Tree. Juice of the Shell.	<i>Acajou Cajous</i> .	Anacardium Occidentale.
f China Mugwort.	<i>Artimisia Japonica</i> Lanugo. Moxa Urens.	
g Crowfoot, several species.	<i>Ranunculus Sceleratus</i> , &c.	Ranunculus, Folia et
h Thymelæa, Leaves, Seeds and Bark.		
Spurge Flax.	<i>Daphne Gnidium</i> , L.	
Spurge Laurel.	<i>Daphne Laureola</i> , L.	Laureola.
Spurge Olive.	<i>Daphne Mezereum</i> , L.	Mezereum.
i Enfatæ.		
Yellow Water Flag Juice.	<i>Iris Pseudo-acorus</i> , L.	Iris Palustris Succus.
Florence Orris.	<i>Iris Florentina</i> , L.	Iris, radix.
k Staves Acre.	<i>Delphinium Staphis Agria</i> , L.	Staphis Agria.
l Water Pepper.	<i>Polygonum Hydrophyllum</i> , L.	Perficaria urens.
m Nettle Seeds and Leaves.	<i>Urtica Dioica</i> , L.	Urtica Folia.
n Upright Virgin's Bower; recent Leaves.	<i>Clematis Recta</i> , L.	Flammula Jovis, Folia recentia.
o Wall Pepper, or Stone-crop.	<i>Sedum Acre</i> , L.	Illecebra.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
p Indian Caustic Barley.	<i>Hordeum Causticum</i> , L.	Cevadilla.
q Rhus.	<i>Rhus Toxicodendron</i> , L.	Toxicodendron.
r Rutter Wood Bark.		
f Moore Wood Bark.		
t Piperitæ.		
Wake Robin, root.	<i>Arum Maculatum</i> , L.	<i>Arum</i> , radix.
Peppers.		
u Sowbread, juice of root.	<i>Cyclamen Europæum</i> , L.	Arthanita Cyclamen.
v Vesicating Substances.		
Euphorbium.	<i>Euphorbia Officinalis</i> , L.	Euphorbium, Lachrymæ.
Spanish Flies.	<i>Meloe Vesicatorius</i> , L.	Cantharides.
Ranunculus, Sceleratus; Leaves and Roots.		
Sting of Nettle.		
Spurge Olive, Bark.		
Hot Water, and other heated Fluids.		
Ignited Substances.		
x Inflaming Resinous Substances and Oils.		
Labdanum.	<i>Cistus Creticus</i> , L.	Ladamna.
Tacamahaca.	<i>Populus Balsamifera</i> , L.	
Caranna-Gum.	Caranna.	Caranna Nigra.
Gum-Ammoniac.		
Galbanum.		
Liquid Storax.	<i>Styrax Aceris folio</i> Ray.	Liquirambar <i>Styraciflua</i> .
Gum-Elemi.	<i>Amyris Elimifera</i> , L.	Elemi.
Resins of the Coniferæ.		
Inflaming Balsams of Gilead, Peru, &c.		
——— <i>Essential Oils</i> , of Turpentine, of Bays, &c.		
Empyreumatic Animal Oils, of Hartshorn, &c.		
Empyreumatic Vegetable Oils of Brick, Stone, &c.		
y Liliaceæ, which excite Inflammation.		
Sea Onion, root recent.		
Garlic root.		
Colchicum.		
z White Hellebore.	<i>Veratrum Album</i> , L.	Helleborus Albus, radix.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean and other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
z Siliquose, which excite Inflammation. <i>Common Mustard Seed.</i> <i>Horse-radish root.</i>		
a a Saline Substances, which excite Inflammation.		
Vol-Alkali Liquid.	Aqua Vol-Alkali.	Aqua Ammoniae puræ.
Lime.		
Acids.		
Nitrous.		
Sulphuric, &c.		
b b Metallic Salts.		
Butter of Antimony.	Muriate of A.	Antim. Muriatum.
Verdigrise.	Sub-Acetite of Copper.	Ærugo Æris.
Blue Vitriol.	Sulphate of Copper.	Cuprum Vitriol.
Corrosive Sublimate.	Muriate of Mercury.	Hydrarg. Muriatus.
Lunar Caustic.	Nitrate of Silver.	Argent. Nitratum.
c c Metallic Oxides.		
Mercurial.		
Cupreous.		
Arsenic.		
d d Friction.		
e e Verberation,		

DIVISION II. *SPECIFIC STIMULANTS*—Which excite Secretions in certain Organs, and produce Evacuations.

SUBDIVISION I. *EMETICS, VOMITS.*

(A.) *Vegetable Substances.*

1 Ipecacuanha Root.	Callicocca Ipecacuanha, Brot.	Indian Vomiting Root.
2 Squill Root.	Scilla Maritima, L.	Scilla, radix.
3 Mustard Seed.	Sinapis Nigra et Alba, L.	Sinapi, semen.
4 Horse-radish Root.	Cochlearia Armoracia, L.	Raphanus Rusticanus, radix.
5 Asarabacca Leaves.	Asarum Europæum, L.	Asarum, folium.
6 Groundsel Juice.	Senecio Vulgaris, M.	Erigerum, succus.
7 Tobacco.	Nicotiana Tabacum, L.	Nicotiana, folium.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
8 Common Foxglove Leaves.	<i>Digitalis Purpurea</i> , L.	<i>Digitalis, herba.</i>
9 Bryony White, Root.	<i>Bryonia Alba</i> , L.	<i>Bryonia.</i>
10 Bitters, <i>e. g.</i>		<i>Amara.</i>
a Blessed Thistle.	<i>Centaurea Benedicta</i> , L.	<i>Cardus Benedictus, Herba.</i>
b Camomile Flowers.	<i>Anthemis Nobilis</i> , L.	<i>Chamæmelum, Flores.</i>
c Wormwood Leaves.	<i>Artemisia</i> , L.	<i>Abûnthium, Folia.</i>
d Broom Seeds.	<i>Spartium Scoparium</i> , L.	<i>Genista, Semen.</i>

(B) *Mineral Substances.*

1 Antimonial Preparations.		<i>Antimonii Præparata.</i>
a Tartar Emetic.	<i>Tartris Antimonii</i> , N. S.	<i>Antimonium Tartarifatum.</i>
b James's Powder.	Calcareo-phosphate of Anti- mony.	<i>Pulvis Antimonialis.</i>
c Antimonial Wine.	Wine of Oxide of Antimony.	<i>Vinum Antimonii.</i>
d Glass of Antimony.	Sulphurised Oxide of A.	<i>Vitrum Antimonii.</i>
e Algarotti Powder.	Humid Oxide of Antimony.	<i>Pulvis Algarotti.</i>

Note.—Many other Antimonial Preparations may be used.

2 White Vitriol.	<i>Sulphas Zinci</i> , N. S.	<i>Zincum Vitriolatum.</i>
3 Blue Vitriol.	<i>Sulphas Cupri</i> , N. S.	<i>Cuprum Vitriolatum.</i>
4 Turpeth Mineral.	<i>Sub-Sulphas Hydrargyri</i> , N. S.	<i>Hydrargyrus Vitriolatus.</i>

Note.—Other Metallic Preparations, as *Platina*, &c. an Emetic, but not in use.

(C.) *Animal Productions.*

Volatile Alkali.	<i>Vol-Alkali</i> , N. S.	
a Salt and Spirit of Hart's- horn.		<i>Sal et Liquor Cornu Cervi.</i>
b Volatile Sal Ammoniac.	<i>Carbonas Vol-Alkali</i> , N. S.	<i>Ammonia Præparata.</i>

(D) *Means.*

- 1 Water *Warm*.
- 2 Water rendered nauseous.
 - a Sea Water.
 - b By Oil.
 - c By Liver of Sulphur.
 - d By Putrid Substances.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
3 Olive Oil.	<i>Olea Europea</i> , L.	<i>Oleum Olivæ.</i>
4 Swallowing Air.		
5 Association.		
6 Motion.		
a In a Circle.		
b Motion of a Ship.		
c ——— of a Wheel Carriage.		
7 Titilating the Fauces.		
8 Idiosyncrasies.		
9 Cathartics.		

SUBDIVISION II. *CATHARTICS, PURGATIVES.*

SECTION I. Saline Purgatives—*Possess a peculiar Cathartic Stimulus—Increase the Abdominal Secretions more than they stimulate or increase the Peristaltic Motion—Act on the Kidneys; and, under certain circumstances, on the Skin—Rather diminish than increase Heat—Do not in general increase the Circulation, but sometimes lessen it—Operate speedily—Their purging dose is a pretty large one—They do not leave a Disposition to Costiveness—Their Operation is much assisted by Warm Liquids.*

(A.) *Double Salts.*

1 Glauber's Salt.	<i>Sulphas Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Natron Vitriolatum.</i>
2 Tartar Vitriol.	<i>Sulphas Veg-Alkali.</i>	<i>Kali Vitriolatum.</i>
3 Epsom Salt.	<i>Sulphas Magnesiæ.</i>	<i>Magnesiæ Vitriolata.</i>
4 Crystals of Tartar.	<i>Super-Tartris Veg-Alkali.</i>	<i>CrySTALLI Tartari.</i>
5 Soluble Tartar.	<i>Tartris Veg-Alkali.</i>	<i>Kali Tartarifatum.</i>
6 Phosphorated Fos-Alkali.	<i>Phosphas Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Soda Phosphorata.</i>
7 Sea Salt.	<i>Murias Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Sal Marinus.</i>
8 Digestive Salt.	<i>Murias Veg-Alkali.</i>	<i>Sal Digestivus.</i>
9 Saline Mixture.	<i>Citras Veg et Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Alkali Citratum.</i>
10 Borax.	<i>Sub-Boras Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Fos-Alkali Sub-Boracicum.</i>
11 Malated Fos-Alkali.	<i>Malas Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Fos-Alkali Malatum.</i>
12 Diuretic Salt.	<i>Acetis Veg. et Fos-Alkali.</i>	<i>Alkali Acetatum.</i>

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
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(B.) *Triple Salts.*

1 Rochelle Salt.	Tartris Veg-Alkali cum Fos-Alkali.	Natron Tartarifatum.
2 Spurious Glauber Salt.	Sulphas Fos-Alkali cum Magnesia.	

(C.) *Acid Fruits.*

1 Tamarinds.	Tamarindus Indica, L.	Tamarindus, Fructus.
2 Currants, red.	Ribes Rubrum, L.	Ribes Rubrum, Fructus.
3 Sour Apples.	Pyrus Malus, L.	Pomum Hortense.
4 Lemons.	Citrus Medica, L.	Limon, Succus.
5 Oranges.	Citrus Aurantium, L.	Aurantium Succus.
6 Prunes.	Prunus Domestica, L.	Prunus Gallica Fructus.
7 Other Fruits.		

(D.) *Acids of Fermented Liquors.*

- 1 Sour Beer.
- 2 Sour Wine.
- 3 Sour Milk.

(E.) *Soap.*

Soap of Olive Oil and Fos-Alkali.	Sapo Venetus.	Venice Soap.
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(F.) Sea Water, and Mineral Waters impregnated with Sulphate of Magnesia, Sulphate of Fos-Alkali, Muriate of Fos-Alkali.

SECTION II. *Drastring, or Stimulating Cathartics—Increase the Secretion in the Intestines considerably—Increase the Peristaltic Motion, and gripe violently—Operate in small and limited Doses as Purgatives—Increase the Circulation—Operate slowly, but for a long time—Increase Heat—Apt to inflame the Stomach and Intestines.*

1 Sena.	Cassia Senna, L.	Sena, Folium.
2 Jalap.	Convolvulus Jalapa, L.	Jalapium, Radix.
3 Gamboge.	Gen. Stalagmitis, Kænig.	Gambogia, Gummi Resina.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
4 Scammony.	<i>Convolvulus Scammonia</i> , L.	Scammonium, <i>Gummi Resina</i> .
5 Wild Cucumber.	<i>Momordica Elaterium</i> , L.	<i>Cucumis Agrestis</i> , <i>Fractus Recens</i>
6 Bitter Cucumber.	<i>Cucumis Colocynthis</i> , L.	<i>Colocynthis</i> , <i>Fractus Medulla</i> .
7 Buckthorn.	<i>Rhamnus Catharticus</i> , L.	<i>Spina Cervina</i> , <i>Bacca</i> .
8 Sea-side Scammony Root.	<i>Convolvulus Brasiliensis</i> .	
9 Mechoacanna Root.	<i>Convolvulus Mechoacanna</i> , L.	<i>Jalapium Album</i> .
10 Hedge Hyssop Leaves.	<i>Gratiola Officinalis</i> , L.	<i>Gratiola</i> , <i>Folia</i> .
11 Alder, black.	<i>Rhamnus Frangula</i> , L.	<i>Alnus Nigra</i> .
12 Purging Flax.	<i>Linum Catharticum</i> , L.	<i>Linum Catharticum</i> , <i>Folia</i> .
13 Black Hellebore.	<i>Helleborus Niger</i> , L.	<i>Helleborus Niger</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
14 White Hellebore.	<i>Veratrum Album</i> , L.	<i>Helleborus Albus</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
15 Broom.	<i>Spartium Scoparium</i> , L.	<i>Genista</i> , <i>Cacumen</i> , <i>Semen</i> .
16 Sow Bread.	<i>Cyclamen Europæum</i> , L.	<i>Artbanita</i> .
17 Sea Colewort.	<i>Brassica Marina</i> .	<i>Soldanella</i> .
18 <i>Cucumis Aënius Sylvestris</i> , <i>Fructus</i> .		
19 Common Elder, Inner Bark.	<i>Sambucus Nigra</i> , L.	<i>Sambucus</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
20 Dwarf Elder, Inner Bark.	<i>Sambucus Ebulus</i> , L.	
21 Flower de Luce Root, <i>Juice</i> .	<i>Iris Germanica</i> , L.	<i>Iris Nostræ</i> , <i>Succus</i> .
22 Rattle Snake Root.	<i>Polygala Senega</i> , M.	<i>Seneca</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
23 Celandine Root.	<i>Cheledonium Majus</i> , L.	<i>Cheledonium</i> .
24 Calomel.	Hydr. Sub-Muriatus, N. S.	Calomelas.
25 Calomel by Precipitation.	Hydr. Sub-Mur. <i>via humida</i> , N. S.	Hydrargyrus Mur. Mitis.
26 Nitrate Silver.	Nitras Argenti, N. S.	Argentum Nitratum.
27 Phosphate Silver.	Calco-Phosphas Antim. N.S.	
28 James's Powder.	Phosphas Argenti, N. S.	Pulvis Antimonialis.

SECTION III. Slowly operating Mild Purgatives—*Do not considerably increase the Intestinal Abdominal Secretions—Produce little Pain—Many of them increase slowly, but permanently and gently the peristaltic*

Motion—Most of them operate only in large Doses—In other respects they differ so as to require a further Division.

(A.) Astringent Cathartics—*Do little else but discharge the present Contents of the Bowels, and leave a Disposition to Costiveness.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutica^l and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Rhubarb.	<i>Rheum Platanum</i> , L.	<i>Rhabarbarum</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
2 Ipecacuanha, <i>Decoction</i> .	<i>Callicocca Ipecacuanha</i> , Brot.	
3 Myrobalans.	<i>Polypodium Emblica</i> , M.	<i>Myrobalanus Emblica</i> , <i>Fructus</i> .
4 Polypody Root.	<i>Polypodium Vulgare</i> , M.	<i>Polypodii Radix</i> .
5 Damask Rose Leaves.	<i>Rosa Damascena</i> , M.	<i>Rosa Damascenæ Folia</i> .
6 Violet Leaves. ?		
7 Magnesia Alba, calcined. ?		

(B.) Bitter, or Resinous Cathartics—*Have for the most part a bitter or strengthening Property to the Stomach—Their stimulating effect is more permanently laxative, having no astringent Property.*

1 Aloes Socotorine.	<i>Aloe Perfoliata</i> , L.	<i>Aloe Socotrina</i> , <i>Succus</i> .
2 Aloes Hepatic.	<i>Ibid.</i>	<i>Aloe Barbadenfis</i> , <i>Succus</i> .
3 Extracts of Bitter Plants, e. g. Gentian, &c		<i>Extractum Gentianæ</i> , &c.
4 Turpentine.	<i>Pistacia Terebinthus</i> , L.	<i>Terebinthina Vulgaris et Chia</i> .
5 Gum Guaiacum.	<i>Guaiacum Off.</i> L.	<i>Guaiacum</i> , Gum. <i>Resina</i> .
6 Balfams, Copaiva, &c.	<i>Copaifera Off.</i> L.	<i>Balsamum Copaiva</i> ,
7 Myrrh.		<i>Myrrha</i> , Gummi <i>Resina</i> .
8 Asa-fœtida.	<i>Ferula Asa-fœtida</i> , L.	<i>Asafoetida</i> , G. <i>Resina</i> .
9 Galbanum.	<i>Bubon Galbanum</i> , L.	<i>Galbanum</i> , G. <i>Resina</i> .
10 Sagapenum.		<i>Sagapenum</i> , G. <i>Resina</i> .
11 Gum Ammoniac.		<i>Ammoniacum</i> , G. <i>Resina</i> .
12 Opoponax.	<i>Pasinaca Opoponax</i> , L.	<i>Opoponax</i> , G. <i>Resina</i> .
13 Bile, or Gall Fluid.	<i>Fel.</i>	<i>Billis</i> .

(C) Mildest Cathartics—*Mostly Pulps, Oils, Mucilages, and Inflammable Substances—Require large Doses—Do not increase the Pulse—Do not strengthen, but often disorder the Stomach.*

1 Cassia Pulp.	<i>Cassia Fistula</i> , L.	<i>Cassia Fistularis</i> , <i>Fructus</i> .
2 Manna.	<i>Fraxinus Ornus</i> , L.	<i>Manna</i> .

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
3 Coarse Sugar.	<i>Saccharum Officinatum</i> , L.	<i>Saccharum non purificatum.</i>
4 Dried Fruits.		
a Prunes.	<i>Prunus Domestica</i> , L.	<i>Prunum Gallicum.</i>
b French Plumbs.	<i>Ibidem.</i>	——— <i>Damascenum.</i>
c Raisins.	<i>Vitis Vinifera</i> , L.	<i>Uvæ Passæ.</i>
d Currants.	<i>Vitis Apyrena</i> , L.	<i>Passulæ Minores.</i>
e Figs.	<i>Ficus Carica</i> , L.	<i>Carica, Fructus.</i>
5 Honey.	<i>Apis Mellifica</i> , L.	<i>Mel.</i>
6 Sulphur.		
7 Phosphorus.		
8 Castor Oil.	<i>Ricinus Communis</i> , L.	<i>Oleum Ricini.</i>
9 Olive Oil.	<i>Olea Europæa.</i>	<i>Oleum Olivæ.</i>
10 Oleraceous Roots and Herbs.		

(D.) Pungent Cathartics ; *which possess a transient stimulant Power on the Constitution in general—which stimulate permanently, but gently, the Stomach and Intestines ; and do not sensibly accelerate the Circulation.*

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 Mustard Seed, white and black. | <i>Sinapis Nigra et Alba</i> , L. | <i>Sinapi Nigri et Albi Semen.</i> |
| 2 Alliacious Roots, whole. | <i>Allium Sativum</i> , &c. L. | |

SECTION IV. Narcotic or Temulent Cathartics—*Which are apt to disorder the Senses—Produce Stupefaction—Powerfully sedative on the Heart and Arteries.*

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 Tobacco. | <i>Nicotiana Tobacum</i> , L. | <i>Nicotiana, Folia.</i> |
| 2 Common Foxglove leaves. | <i>Digitalis Purpurea</i> , L. | <i>Digitalis, Herba.</i> |
| 3 Wild Lettuce, Herb. | <i>Lactuca Virosa</i> , L. | <i>Lactuca Sylvestris, Herba.</i> |

SECTION V. Mechanical Cathartics ; *which operate principally by distending the Intestines, and by lubricating and softening the contained Matters.*

- | |
|---|
| 1 Large Quantities of warm Water Liquids. |
| a Warm Common Water. |

- b Gruel.
 - c Barley Water.
 - d Whey.
 - e Weak Broths.
 - f Infusion of Tea.
- 2 Bland Oil.
- a Oil of Olive.
 - b — Almonds.
 - c — Poppy Seeds.
 - d Chocolate Emulsion.
 - e Butter and Milk.
 - f Bland Oil Emulsions.
- 3 Suppositories—Noduli Intestinales.
- 4 Injections of Air impregnated with Tobacco Smoke.
- 5 Injections of Gases of various Kinds.

SUBDIVISION III. *Sudorifics, or Diaphoretics.*

SECTION I.—*Which operate, principally, by distending the Vessels with heated Water, or by Water impregnated with stimulating Substances, provided the Skin be kept warm.*

- 1 Hot Water.
- 2 Infusions of Tea.
- Mint.
 - Balm.
 - Sage.
 - Pepper Mint.
 - Cloves.
 - Sassafras.
 - Allspice.
 - Marjoram.
 - Thyme.
 - Marigold.
 - Mace.
 - Nutmeg.
 - Cinnamon.
 - Cardamoms.
 - Ginger.
 - Carraway Seeds.
 - Mustard Seeds.
 - Coriander Seed.
 - Scordium.
 - Serpentaria, &c.
- 3 Decoctions of Sarsaparilla.
- Guaiacum.
 - Seneca Root, &c.

- 4 Whey of Milk.
Wine.
Beer.
Vinegar.
- 5 Hot Water with Wine and Aromatics, Negus,
Spirits, Punch.
Milk.
Volatile Alkali
- 6 Weak Broths, or Infusions of Beef, Mutton, &c.
- 7 Emulsion of Almonds.
Poppy Seeds.
Olive Oil.

SECTION II. *By confining the Calorific of the human Constitution itself, by Cloathing, Bed Clothes, &c. especially if the Skin be at the same time irritated by Flannel, &c.*

SECTION III. *By applying Calorific (especially if the Constitution be previously exposed to Cold) through the medium of*

- 1 Air, viz. Hot Air.
- 2 Water, viz. Semicupium.
Pediluvium.
Fomentations.
Vapour Baths.
- 3 Solid Bodies, viz. Heated Cloths.
Wood.
Sand.
Tile.

SECTION IV. *By exciting more Action in the Sanguiferous System, by*

- 1 Voluntary or Bodily Exercise, as Walking, Running, Ringing, Digging, &c.
- 2 Gestation in different kinds of Carriages.
- 3 Sailing.
- 4 Swinging.
- 5 Gestation and Exercise conjointly, as riding in a Carriage and Managing the Horse; as Rowing or Working on Ship-board.
- 6 Friction.

SECTION V. *By relaxing the whole Constitution by means of Nausea, excited by*

- 1 Antimonials.
- 2 Ipecacuanha.
- 3 Squill Root.
- 4 Other nauseating Medicines.
- 5 Vomiting.

SECTION VI. *Which seemingly operate in certain diseased states, by removing Pain with Opium, &c. 2. By inducing Sleep with Opium, &c. 3. By inducing Tranquillity, or removing Anxiety, with Wine, Opium, &c.*

SECTION VII. *Which operate by suddenly cooling the Stomach or Skin, in cases of Sensation of burning heat with dry skin, as in Fevers, by*

- 1 Cold drink of Water.
- 2 Ice.
- 3 Acid Drinks.
- 4 Asperion of Cold Water.
- 5 Cloths of Cold Water.
- 6 Cold Bath.

SECTION VIII. *Which stimulate the whole Constitution.*

- 1 Mercurial Preparations.
- 2 Guaiacum, and other Gum Resins.

SECTION IX. *Which operate by removing a variety of diseased states; of whose removal Sweating is a concomitant.*

SUBDIVISION IV. DIURETICS.

SECTION I. *All the articles, Watery Liquids, given, especially cold, of Subdivision III. Sudorifics, provided the Skin be kept cold.*

SECTION II. *Which are supposed to operate by virtue of a specific stimulus on the urinary secretion, especially with a large proportion of Water.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Caustic Veg-Alkali.	Veg-Alkali or Potassa.	Kali purum.
2 Mild ditto, or Salt of Tartar of Wormwood.	Sub-Carbonas Veg-Alk.	Kali præparatum.
3 Veg. Alk. saturated with Carbonic Acid.	Carbonas Veg-Alk.	Aerated Alkali.
4 Caustic Fos-Alk.	Fos-Alkali.	Fos. Alk. purum.
5 Mild Fos-Alk.	Sub-Carbonas Fos-Alk.	Natron or Soda præparata.
6 Fos-Alk. saturated with Carbonic Acid.	Carbonas Fos-Alk.	Aerated Alkali.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
7 Liquid Supercarbonate of Fos and Veg-Alkali.	Super-Carbonas Alkali Veg. et Fos	Schweppe's Alkaline Acidulous Waters.
8 Soap of Oil and Fos-Alk.		
9 Volatile Alkali.	Vol-Alkali.	Ammonia.
10 Strontia Water?		
11 Magnesia Alba?		
12 Saline mixture.	Citras Veg-Alk.	Veg-Alkali Citratum.
13	Citras Fos-Alk.	Fos-Alkali Citratum.
14 Mindererus' Spirit.	Acetis Vol-Alk.	Aqua Ammoniae Acetatae.
15 Diuretic Salt.	Acetis Veg. Alk. vel Fos-Alk.	Veg-Alkali vel Fos-Alkali Acetatum.
16 Common Salt.	Murias Fos-Alk.	Fos-Alk. Mariatum.
17 Glauber and various other Neutral Salts.		
18 Vegetable Acids.		
Of Lemons.		
Oranges.		
Vinegar, &c.		
19 Mineral Waters in general, especially Seltzer,		
Spaw,		
Pyrmont,		
Scarborough,		
Tilbury.		
20 Vegetable; more certainly efficacious.		
a Fox-glove Herb.	Digitalis Purpurea, L.	Digitalis Fol.
b Squill Root.	Scilla Maritima, L.	Scilla, radix.
21 Vegetable, less certainly efficacious.		
a Tobacco.		
b Wild Lettuce.		
c Artichoke.		
d Ice Plant.		
e Broom Tops.		

*English Names.**Linnean or other Systematic Names.**Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.*

f Alliaceous Roots.

g Siliquose Herbs.

h Silliculose Herbs.

i Juniper Berries.

22 *Vegetables* of reputed, but, independent of Water, of very doubtful efficacya *Umbelliferous.*Smallage Root and Seeds. *Apium Graveolens*, L.Parsley Root and Seeds. *Apium Petroselinum*, L.Chervil Herb. *Scandex Chaerifolium*, L.Wild Carrot Seed. *Daucus Sylvestris*, L.Fennel Seeds. *Anethum Foeniculum*, L.Burnet Saxifrage Root. *Pimpinella Saxifraga*, L.Sea Holly Root. *Eryngium Maritimum*, L.

Many others.

b *Stellatæ.*Goose-grafs or Clivers. *Gallium Aparine*, L.Wood-roof Flowers. *Asperula Odorata*, L.Rubia or Madder root. *Rubia Tinctorum*, L.c *Variæ.*Wake Robin, root. *Arum Maculatum*, L. *Arum, radix.*Asparagus. *Asparagus Officinalis*, L. *Asparagus.*Burdock, root. *Arctium Lappa*, L. *Bardana.*Quick-grafs, root. *Triticum Repens*, L.Seneka root. *Polygala Senega*, L. *Seneka.*Winter Cherry, fruit. *Physalis Alkekengi*, L. *Alkekengi.*Wolfsbane, root. *Doronicum Pardalianches*, L. *Arnica.*Woody-night-shade. *Solanum Dulcamara*, L. *Dulcamara radix et herba.*Bitter Arsmart. *Polygonum Hydro-Piper*, L. *Perficara urens.*Branca Urina. *Acanthus Mollis*, L.Beet. *Beta.*

SECTION III. Means which operate by Sympathy between the Skin or Stomach and the Kidneys.

Cold or Water Bath.

Cold Asperson.

Cold of Wetted Cloths,

Ice.

Solution of various Saline Bodies in the Stomach.

SECTION IV. *Cathartics*, vide p. 43.SUBDIVISION V. *Expectorants*.

Note.—It is extremely doubtful whether or not many of the articles set down really possess the virtues ascribed to this Class.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
A Fœtid Gum-Resins.	Gummi Resinæ fœtidæ.	
1 Gum Ammoniac.	Non descript.	Gummi Ammoniacum.
2 Afa fœtida.	<i>Ferula Afa fœtida</i> , L.	Afa fœtida.
3 Sugapenum.	Non descript.	Sagapenum Gummi.
4 Olibanum.	<i>Juniperus Lycia</i> , L.	Olibanum.
5 Myrrh.	<i>Myrrha</i> , <i>Ovid Met.</i>	Gummi Myrrha.
6 Opoponax.	<i>Pastinaca Opoponax</i> , M.	Opoponax.
7 Galbanum.	<i>Bubon Galbanum</i> , L.	Galbanum Gummi.
8 Tacamahaca?	<i>Fagara Oelandra</i> , L.	Tacamahaca Gummi.
9 Bdellium.	<i>Bdellium</i> , <i>Dioscoridis</i> .	Gum Bdellium.
10 Storax.	<i>Styrax Officinalis</i> , L.	Styrax Calamita.
B Balsams and Resins.		
1 Canada Balsam.	<i>Pinus Balsamica</i> , M.	Balsamum Canadense.
2 Balsam Tolu.	<i>Toluifera Balsamum</i> , M.	Balsamum Tolutanum.
3 Balsam Copaiva.	<i>Copaifera Officinalis</i> , L.	Balsamum Copaibæ.
4 Opobalsamum, or Balm of Mecca.	<i>Amyris Gileadensis</i> —Bruce	Balsamum Gileadense.
5 Balsam Peru.	<i>Myroxylon Peruvianum</i> , L.	Balsamum Peruvianum.
6 Chio Turpentine.	<i>Pistachia Terebinthus</i> , L.	Terebinthina Cypria.
7 Gum Benjamin.	<i>Croton Benzoe</i> , L.	Benzoinum.
8 Gum Guaiacum.	<i>Guaiacum Officinale</i> , L.	Gummi Guaiacum.
C Squill Root.	<i>Scilla Maritima</i> , L.	Scilla, Radix.
D Tobacco.	<i>Licotiana Tabacum</i> , L.	Nicotiana, Folia.
E Mucilaginous.		
a Saccharine.		
1 Sugar.	<i>Saccharum Officinale</i> , L.	Saccharum.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
2 Liquorice.	<i>Glycyrrhiza Glabra</i> , L.	Glycyrrhiza, Radix.
3 Honey.	<i>Apis Mellifera</i> , L.	Mel.
4 Extract of Malt.	<i>Hordeum Distichon</i> , L.	
5 Dried Fruits.		
Figs.	<i>Ficus Carica</i> , L.	Carica, Fructus.
Raisins.	<i>Vitis Vinifera</i> , L.	Uvæ Passæ.
Currants.	Ibid.	Uvæ passulæ minores.
Plumbs, &c.	<i>Prunus Domestica</i> , L.	Pruna Gallica.
6 Conserves of		
Hips.	<i>Rosa Canina</i> , L.	Conserva Cynosbati.
Orange Peel.	<i>Citrus Aurantium</i> , L.	Conserva Corticis exterioris.
Sloes.	<i>Prunus Spinosa</i> , L.	Prunus Sylvestris, Fructus.
Sorrel, &c.	<i>Oxalis Acetifolia</i> , L.	Lujulæ Conserva.
7 Rob, or Jelly of		Succi Spissati.
Black Currants.	<i>Ribes Nigrum</i> , L.	—— Ribis Nigri.
Red Currants, &c.	<i>Ribes Rubrum</i> , L.	—— Ribis Rubri.
8 Lozenges of		Trochisci.
Starch.		—— Amyli.
Liquorice.		—— Glycyrrhizæ.
Sweet Fruits.		—— Fructuum Dulcium.
Sugar.		—— Sacchari.
b Tasteless Mucilages.		
1 Gum Arabic.	<i>Mimosa Nilotica</i> , L.	Arabicum Gummi.
2 Gum Dragon.	<i>Astragalus Tragacantha</i> , L.	Gummi Tragacantha.
3 Cherry Tree Gum.	<i>Prunus Cerasus</i> , L.	Gummi Cerasorum.
4 Quince Seed.	<i>Pyrus Cydonia</i> , L.	Mucilago Seminis Cydonii Mali.
5 Meal.	<i>Triticum Hybernum</i> , L.	Farina Triticæ.
6 Starch.	<i>Triticum Hybernum</i> , L.	Amylum.
7 Inſglafs.	<i>Accipensur Ruthenus et Huſo</i> , L.	Ichthyocolla.
8 Gluc.		Gluten.
9 Jellies.		Gelatina.
10 Line Seeds.	<i>Linum Uſſatifſimum</i> , L.	Linum, Semen.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
F Fat Oils.		
1 Oil of Olive.	<i>Olea Europea</i> , L.	Oliva, Oleum.
2 Oil of Almonds.	<i>Amygdalus Communis</i> , L.	Oleum Amygdalæ.
3 Oil of Poppy Seeds.	<i>Papaver Somniferum</i> , L.	Oleum Semin. Papaveris.
4 Chocolate Nut Oil.	<i>Theobroma Cacao</i> , L.	Oleum Cacao.
G Umbellatæ.		
1 Aniseed.	<i>Pimpinella Anisum</i> , L.	Anisum, Semen.
2 Fennel Seed.	<i>Anethum Feniculum</i> , L.	Fensculum Dulce, Semen.
3 Dill Seed.	<i>Anethum Graveolens</i> , L.	Anethum Semen.
4 Angelica Root, &c.	<i>Angelica Archangelica</i> , L.	Angelica, Radix, Caulis.
H Siliquosæ.		
1 Alliaria.	<i>Erysimum Alliaria</i> , L.	Alliaria.
2 Mustard.	<i>Sinapis Nigra</i> , L.	Sinapi Semen.
3 Horse-radish.	<i>Cochlearia Armoracia</i> , L.	Raphanus Rusticanus.
I Alliaceæ.		
1 Garlic.	<i>Allium Sativum</i> , L.	Allium, radix.
2 Onion.	<i>Allium Cepa</i> , L.	Cepa, radix.
3 Leek.	<i>Allium Porrum</i> , L.	Porrum.
K Certain Herbs.		
1 Ground Ivy.	<i>Glechoma Hederacea</i> , L.	Hedera Terrestris.
2 Hyssop.	<i>Hyssopus Officinalis</i> , L.	Hyssopi Herba.
3 White Horehound.	<i>Marrubium Vulgare</i> , L.	Marrubium Album, Herba.
4 Penny-royal.	<i>Mentha Pulgium</i> , L.	Pulegium, Herba.
5 Coltsfoot.	<i>Tussilago Farfara</i> , L.	Tussilago, Herba.
6 Butterbur.	<i>Tussilago Petasites</i> , L.	Petasites.
L. Certain Roots.		
1 Elecampane.	<i>Inula Helenium</i> , L.	Enula Campana, radix.
2 Florentine Iris.	<i>Iris Florentina</i> , L.	Iris, radix.
3 Rattlesnake Root.	<i>Polygala Senega</i> , L.	Seneka, radix.
4 Meadow Saffron Root.	<i>Colchicum Autumnale</i> , L.	Colchicum.
M External by Inhalation of		
1 Steam of Water.		
2 Steam of Water impregnated with Vinegar, with Aromatic Herbs, Seeds and Essential Oils; with Camphor, Spirit of Wine, Æther , Oil of Wine, Hemlock, Opiums, Carbonic Acid, Nitrous Acid, &c.		
3 Air with Æther , Oil of Alcohol, &c.		

N Sudorific Medicines, especially

Antimonials.
Ipecacuanha.
Opium.
Dover's Powder.

O Nauseating and Emetic Medicines, especially

Foxglove.
Squill.
Tobacco.
Antimonials.

P Inspiring Gases.

Oxygen.
Hydrogen.

SUBDIVISION VI. *Errhines.*A. *Milder or less irritating.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutica and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Red and white Beet-root, juice.	<i>Beta vulgaris et Cicla.</i>	Beta, radix, Succus.
2 Betony, leaves.	<i>Betonica Officinalis, L.</i>	Betonica, Folia.
3 Sweet Marjoram, leaves.	<i>Origanum Majorana, L.</i>	Marjorana, Herba.
4 Lavender, flowers.	<i>Lavendula Spica, L.</i>	Lavendula, Flores.
5 Horse Chestnut, fruit.	<i>Æsculus Hippocastanum, L.</i>	Hippocastanum, Fructus.
6 Florentine Oris, root.	<i>Iris Florentina, L.</i>	Iris, Radix.
7 Rosemary Tops.	<i>Rosmarinus Officinalis, L.</i>	Rosmarinus Cacumina, Flos.
8 Primrose Root, flowers, leaves.	<i>Primula Veris Officinalis, L.</i>	Primula Veris.

B. *More acrid and irritating.*

1 Asarabacca, root and leaves.	<i>Asarum Europæum, L.</i>	Asarum.
2 Euphorbium.	<i>Euphorbium Officinale, L.</i>	Euphorbium.
3 Tobacco Leaves.	<i>Nicotiana Tabacum, L.</i>	Nicotiana.
4 White Hellebore root.	<i>Veratrum Album, L.</i>	Helleborus Albus.
5 Sneezewort.	<i>Achillea Ptarmica, L.</i>	Ptarmica, folia et flores.
6 Common Garden Iris root.	<i>Iris Germanica, L.</i>	Iris Nostras, radix.
7 Pellitory of Spain.	<i>Anthemis Pyrethrum, L.</i>	Pyrethrum.
8 Herb Mastic.	<i>Tenacium Marum, L.</i>	Marum Syriacum.
9 Turpeth Mineral.	<i>Sub-Sulphas Hydrargyri, L.</i>	Hydrargyri Vitriolatus.

SUBDIVISION VII. *Sialagogues.*

A. Internal, *which exert a Specific Action on the Salivary Glands in augmenting their Secretion, and on the Gums in exciting Inflammation with fetid Secretion.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
Mercurial Preparations.		
1 Calomel.	Sub-muriate Mercury.	Calomelas.
2 Calomel by Precipitation.	Idem by Precipitation.	Hydrargyrus muriatus mitis.
3 Mercury calcined.	M. Oxide by Fire and Air.	Hydrargyrus calcinatus.
4 Mercurial Ointment.		Unguentum Hydrargyri.

B. External, *Which are applied to the Salivary Glands, and directly increase their Secretion.*

1 Tobacco.	Nicotiana Tabacum, L.	Nicotiana, Folia.
2 Pellitory of Spain.	Anthemis Pyrethrum, L.	Pyrethrum, Radix.
3 Pepper.	Piper.	Piper.
4 Cloves.	Caryophyllus Aromaticus, L.	Carophyllus, Pericarpium.
5 Angelica.	Angelica Archangelica, L.	Angelica, Radix.
6 Masterwort.	Imperatoria Ostruthium, L.	Imperatoria, Radix.
7 Stavesacre.	Delphinium Stavifagria, L.	Stavifagria, Semen.
8 Ginger.	Amomum Zingiber, L.	
9 Mezereon.	Daphne Mezereum, L.	Mezereum, Radix.
10 Mastich.	Pistachia Lentiscus, L.	Mastiche, Resina.

SUBDIVISION VIII. *Emmenagogues.*

Note.—*Few Articles of this Class appear to have a specific Power of stimulating the Secretory Organs of the Menstrual Fluid; they chiefly seem to act in removing the occasional Cause of the deficient Secretion.*

A. *Stimulants.*

- 1 Inspiring Oxygen Gas.
- 2 Electric Shocks.
- 3 Various Modes of Muscular Exercise.
- 4 Various Modes of Gestation.
- 5 Friction
- 6 Muscular Exercise and Gestation jointly.
- 7 Exciting Passions.

- 8 Mutation of Scene in Common Life.
- 9 Pleasurable Mental Occupation.
- 10 Fermented Liquors.
- 11 Stimulating Food.
- 12 Warm Air.
- 13 Warm Bath.
- 14 Vapour Bath.
- 15 Stimulation by Mercurial Salivation.
- 16 Vomiting by Stimulants.
- 17 Stimulating Cathartics.
- 18 Stimulating Injections.
- 19 Dry Cupping.
- 20 Rubefacients.
- 21 Oblectamenta Connubialia.
- 22 Æthers.
- 23 Afa-fetida and other warm fetid Gum Resins.
- 24 Turpentine.
- 25 Balsam Peru and other Balsams.
- 26 Guaiacum and other Resins.
- 27 Sabine and other fetid Herbs.
- 28 Mulk.
- 29 Castor.
- 30 Ambergrise.
- 31 Distilled or Empyreumatic Animal Oil.
- 32 Essential Oils, viz. Oil of Cajeput, &c. Ph. Edin.
- 33 Vol-Alkali.
- 34 Fossil Oils.
 - Petroleum.
 - Amber, &c.
- 35 Sea Water.
- 36 Bath Water and other Thermæ.
- 37 Madder Root? *Rubia Tinctorum*, L. *Rubia Radix*.
- 38 Black Hellebore. *Helleborus Niger*, L. *Helleborus Niger*.
- 39 Hyssop Leaves. *Hyssopus Officinalis*, L. *Hyssopus*.

B. Strengtheners.

- 1 Accumulating Excitability (a) by abstracting Calorific.
 - Cold Air.
 - Cold Bathing.
 - Sea Bathing.
- b Avoiding excessive labour.
- c Rest.
- d Duly abstaining from fermented Liquors, and from various other customary stimuli.
- 2 Peruvian Bark. *Cinchona Officinalis*, L. *Cinchona*.
- 3 Snake Root, and other Amara calida.

- 4 Mineral Waters impregnated with
 Iron.
 Fos-Alkali.
 Carbonic Acid, &c.
- 5 Metallic Preparations of
 Iron.
 Zinc,
 Copper,
 Tin, &c.

CLASS VI.—Sedatives.

Note.—*Very few of the Articles of this Class possess a direct Sedative Power. Many of them operate by removing Stimuli; others probably operate by a different Stimulus; and many are of doubtful Efficacy.*

SECTION I. Vegetable Substances.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
A Solanaceæ.		
1 Common Foxglove.	<i>Digitalis Purpurea</i> , L.	Digitalis.
2 Deadly Nightshade.	<i>Atropa Belladonna</i> , L.	Belladonna.
3 Bitter Sweet.	<i>Solanum Dulcamara</i> , L.	Dulcamara.
4 Garden Nightshade.	<i>Solanum Nigrum</i> , L.	Mandragora Solanum.
5 Mandrake.	<i>Atropa Mandragora</i> , L.	Mandragora.
6 Henbane.	<i>Hyoscyamus Niger</i> , L.	Hyoscyamus, Succus.
7 Tobacco.	<i>Nicotiana Tabacum</i> , L.	Nicotiana.
8 Common Thorn Apple.	<i>Datura Stramonium</i> , L.	Stramonium.
9 Common Mullein.	<i>Verbascum Thapsus</i> , L.	Verbascum.
B Umbellatæ.		
1 Common Hemlock.	<i>Conium Maculatum</i> , L.	Cicuta.
2 Water Hemlock.	<i>Cicuta Virosa</i> , L.	Cicuta Aquatica.
3 Fine-leaved Water Hemlock.	<i>Phellandrium Aquaticum</i> , L.	Fœniculum Aquaticum.
4 Gigantic Fennel Asa-fœtida.	<i>Ferula Asa-fœtida</i> , L.	Asa fœtida.
5 Water Dropwort.	<i>Oenanthe Crocata</i> , L.	Oenanthe Crocata.
6 Lovage-leaved Bubon.	<i>Bubon Galbanum</i> , L.	Galbanum.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
C Rhæades.		
1 Common White Poppy, Juice of Capsules, or Opium. Extract of Poppy Heads. Syrup of Meconium.	<i>Papaver Somniferum</i> , L.	Papaver Album. Opium. Extractum Papaveris Albi. Syrupus Papaveris Albi.
D Variæ.		
1 Dutchman's Laudanum.	<i>Passiflora Rubra</i> , L.	
2 Wolfs-Bane or Monk's-hood.	<i>Aconitum Napellus</i> , L.	Aconitum.
3 Upright Virgin's Bower.	<i>Clematis Recta</i> , L.	Flammula Jovis.
4 Strong-scented Lettuce Leaves.	<i>Lactuca Virosa</i> , L.	
5 Lettuce, Milky Juice.	<i>Lactuca Sat. et Vir.</i> L.	Lactuca.
6 Dandelion, Milky Juice.	<i>Leontodon Taraxacum</i> , L.	Taraxacum.
7 Cherry Bay.	<i>Prunus Lauro-Cerasus</i> , L.	Lauro-Cerasus.
8 Camphire.	<i>Laurus Camphora</i> , L.	Camphora.
9 Bay.	<i>Laurus Nobilis</i> , L.	Laurus.
10 Meadow-Saffron Root.	<i>Colchicum Autumnale</i> , L.	Colchicum.
11 Sarsaparilla Root.	<i>Smilax Sarsaparilla</i> , L.	Sarsaparilla.
12 Water Lily,	<i>Nymphaea Alba et Lutea</i> , L.	Nymphaea.
13 Yellow-flowered Rhododendron.	<i>Rhododendron Crysanthum</i> , L.	Rhododendron.
E Acid Fruits, Herbs and Roots.		
F Acerb Fruits, Herbs, and Roots.		
G Astringent Roots, Herbs, Juices, &c.		
H Native Acids; Citric, Malic, Tartareous, Oxalic, &c.		
I Acid by Fermentation; Acetous, Lactic.		
K Wine.		
L Hoffman's Anodyne Liqueur.		
M Oil of Wine or of Alcohol.		
N Æther.		
1 Sulphuric.		
2 Nitrous.		
3 Muriatic.		
4 Acetous.		

SECTION II. *Fossil Substances.*

A Mineral Acids.

1 Sedative Salt.	<i>Acidum Boracicum.</i>	Acidum Boracis.
2 Vitriolic Acid.	<i>Acid. Sulphuricum.</i>	A. Vitriolicum.
3 Salt of Amber.	<i>A. Succinicum.</i>	Sal Succini.

*English Names.**Linnean and other Systematic Names.**Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.***B Metallic Preparations.**

Sugar of Lead.

Acetis Plumbi.

Saceharum Saturni.

C Double Salts.

1 Borax.

Sub-boras Fos-Alkali.

Borax.

2 Saline Mixture.

Citrato of Veg. Alkali.

Veg. A. Citratum.

3 Nitre.

Nitrate of Veg-Alkali.

Nitrum.

4 Mindererus's Spirit.

Acetite Vol-Alkali.

Aqua Ammonia acetate.

SECTION III. Animal Substances.

1 Musk.

2 Castor.

3 Ambergris.

4 Empyr. Animal Oil.

5 Acids, of Milk, Phosphorus, &c.

SECTION IV. Means.

1 Abstraction of the Stimulation of Food.

_____ of Drink.

_____ of Calorific by Cold Air; Cold Drink; Ice Milk;
Cold Bathing; Asperision of Cold Water; Water saturated with Carbonic Acid;
Solution of Salts in the Stomach._____ of other Stimuli.—See Class *Acentropoetics*.

2 Music and other Harmonious Sounds.

3 Negative Electricity.

4 Nausea excited by Squill, Foxglove, Tobacco, &c.

5 Compression.

6 Other Classes, viz.

Stimulants.

Relaxants.

Hypnotics.

CLASS VII.—*Acentropoetics.****SECTION I. Which operate on the Skin, or on Surfaces communicating by passages with the Air.**

1 By removing the stimulating Agent, by various evident mechanical means.

2 _____ by Water, or Water with Soap, Alkali, &c. in Lotions,
Gargarisms, Drink, Injections, Clysters.* An assumed term compounded from α priv. $\kappa\epsilon\tau\epsilon\rho\sigma$ stimulus, and $\pi\omega\sigma\tau\omega$ to produce.

- 3 By removing the stimulating Agent ; by Vomiting, Purgings, Sweating, Diuresis, Expectoration.
- 4 By rendering the stimulating Agent inert ; by Dilution with Water ; with Oily Fluids ; with Mucilaginous Fluids, in the *form* just mentioned, Sect. I. 2.
- 5 By defending the Parts against the stimulating Agent ; with absorbent Powders ; with Oil ; with Fat ; with Wax ; with Cerates ; with Mucilage, &c.
- 6 By removing *Calorific* with *cold applications*, as in Burns, Scalds, Erysipelas, &c.
- 7 By removing the stimulating Agent by increasing Secretion in the part.
- 8 By destroying *Acid*, especially in the Stomach and Urinary Passages ; with Alkalis ; with Magnesia ; with Calcareous Earth ; with Strontia ; with Oils ; by Dilution.
- 9 By destroying *Alkali* ; with Acid ; by Dilution ; by Coagulating Mucus, containing the stimulating Matter ; with Alcohol ; with Acetite of Lead ; with Sulphate of Copper, of Zinc, of Iron ; with Muriate of Mercury ; with Vinegar and other Acids ; with Alum, &c.
- 10 By destroying the Susceptibility of Morbid Action ; with Cinchona Bark ; with Opium ; with various Vegetable Astringents ; with Calorific duly applied ; with the Substances last mentioned, 9.
- 11 By altering or exhausting the Morbid Action with other Stimulants, viz. with Volatile Alkali, Euphorbium, Mustard, Cantharides, Oil of Turpentine, Mercurial Ptyalism.
- 12 By Specific Medicines, viz. Mercury for the Syphilis, Sulphur for the Pflora.
- 13 By removing Pressure on the Skin, from thickened Cuticle, Warts, Corns, Schirrhous Tumors, Eruptions, Secreted inspissated Fluids of Cutaneous Diseases.
- 14 By removing Concretions from the Alimentary Canal and Urinary Passages.
- 15 By removing Congestion of Blood in certain Tumours ; by Scarifying, Leeches, Bleeding.
- 16 By Remedies which kill, and expel, Worms in the Skin, and Alimentary Canal.

SECTION II. *Which operate on the Interior Part locally.*

- 1 By removing Concretions in the Joints, Cellular Membrane, Muscular Parts.
- 2 By removing Extravasated Blood.
- 3 By removing Schirrhous or Indurated Parts, by Absorption, by Extirpation, by Caustics.
- 4 By removing Watery Fluids ; by Absorption, by Apertures.
- 5 By letting out Gas confined in the Interior Parts.
- 6 By discharging, or absorbing, purulent Fluid.
- 7 By removing Extraneous Substances from gun-shots, punctures, &c.
- 8 By destroying Syphilitic Irritation, occasioning Nodes, Exostoses, &c. with Mercury.
- 9 By poisoning Hydatids, and other Worms, in the interior parts.
- 10 By removing Morbid Ossifications of Membranes, Vessels, Substances of Parts.
- 11 Various morbid, irritating, secreted Fluids in the interior cavities, in the blood, &c.

CLASS III. *Strengtheners or Tonics.*DIVISION I. *Vide Class III. Zoophoretics.*DIVISION II. *Vide Class I. Nutriment.*DIVISION III. *Articles not referable to other Classes.*A. *Vegetable Substances.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
Ordo Contortæ.		
1 Peruvian Bark, Common.	<i>Cinchona Officinalis</i> , L.	<i>Cinchona</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
2 Red Bark.	N. B. <i>Species latet</i> .	<i>Cinchoua</i> , <i>Rubra</i> .
3 Yellow Bark.	<i>China Flava</i> , Mur.	<i>Cinchona Flava</i> of Relph.
4 Caribbean or Jamaica Bark.	<i>Cinchona Caribæa</i> , L.	<i>Cinchona Caribæa</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
5 St. Lucia Bark.	<i>Cinchona, Floribunda</i> , L.	<i>Cinchona Sanctæ Lucie</i> <i>Cortex</i> .
6 Santa Fe Barks.	<i>Cinchona</i> -D. Ortega.	<i>Cinchona de Santa Fe</i> .
7 Domingo Bark.	<i>Cinchona Augustifolia</i> .—Schwartz.	<i>Cinchonæ Augustifoliæ</i> <i>Cortex</i> .
8 Surinam Bark.	<i>Cinchona Chinæ</i> , Blum.	
9 White Bark.	<i>C. brachuræ</i> ; <i>trifloræ</i> .	<i>Cascarilla Hispanorum</i> .
10 Other species.—See <i>Murray</i> .		

B. *Bitters.—Amara.**Note.*—Bitters most probably operate only directly by strengthening the Stomach.

1 Augustura Bark.	<i>Brucea Ferruginea</i> .	<i>Augustura</i> <i>Cortex</i> .
2 Mahogany Bark.	<i>Swietenia Mahagoni</i> , L.	<i>Swietenia</i> <i>Cortex</i> .
3 Febrifugal Swietenia.	<i>Swietenia Seymida</i> , Duncan.	<i>Sw. Febrifuga</i> , <i>Cortex</i> . <i>Roxburgh</i> .
4 Cascarilla.	<i>Croton Cascarilla</i> , L.	<i>Eleutheria</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
5 Canella Alba.	<i>Winteriania Canella</i> , L.	<i>Winteranus Spurius</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
6 Orange Peel.	<i>Citrus Aurantium</i> , L.	<i>Aurantium</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
7 Portlandia Grandiflora.		
8 Quassia Wood, Bark and Roots	<i>Quassia Amara</i> , L.	<i>Quassia</i> .

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
9 Bitter Wood.	<i>Picrania Amara</i> , Wright.	
10 Rose Wood.	<i>Rhodiola Rosea</i> , L.	<i>Rhodium Lignum.</i>
11 Leopard's Bane; Root, Herb, and Flowers.	<i>Arnica Montana</i> , L.	<i>Arnica</i> , Herba, Flos. Radix.
12 Columbo Root.	<i>Calumba</i> , Redi.	<i>Colomba</i> , Radix.
13 Gentian Root.	<i>Gentiana Lutea</i> , L.	<i>Gentiana</i> , Radix.
14 Wild Gentian.	<i>Gentiana Purpurea</i> , L.	<i>Curfuta</i> , Radix.
15 Angelica—	<i>Angelica Sylvestris</i> , L.	<i>Angelica</i> , Radix.
16 Galangal—	<i>Galanga Kæmpferia</i> , L.	<i>Galanga</i> . Radib.
17 Zedoary—	<i>Kæmpferia Rotunda</i> , L.	<i>Zedoaria</i> , Radix.
18 Orris—	<i>Iris Florentina</i> , L.	<i>Iris</i> , Radix.
19 Turmeric—	<i>Curcuma Longa</i> , L.	<i>Curcuma</i> , Radix.
20 Snakeroot.	<i>Aristolochia Serpentaria</i> , L.	<i>Serpentaria Virginiana</i> , Radix.
21 Calamus Aromaticus.	<i>Acorus Calamus</i> , L.	<i>Calamus Aromaticus</i> , Radix.
22 Birthwort Root.	<i>Aristolochia Clematitis</i> , L.	<i>Aristolochia tenuis</i> , Radix.
23 Ginfeng Root.	<i>Panax quinquefolium</i> , L.	<i>Aureliana Canadensis</i> , Radix.
24 Hops.	<i>Humulus Lupulus</i> , L.	<i>Lepulus</i> , Flores.
25 Camomile Flowers.	<i>Anthemis Nobilis</i> , L.	<i>Chamæmelum</i> , Flores.
26 St. Ignatius's Beau.	<i>Strychnos Ignatii</i> , L.	<i>Faba Sancti Ignatii.</i>
27 Horse Chestnut Fruit.	<i>Æsculus Hippocastanum</i> , L.	<i>Hippocastanum</i> , Fructus.
28 Bitter Almond.	<i>Amygdalus Communis</i> , L.	<i>Amygdala Amara</i> , Semen.
29 Roman Wormwood Tops.	<i>Artemisia Pontica</i> , L.	<i>Abſinthium Romanum</i> Summitates.
30 Sea Wormwood Tops.	<i>Artemisia Maritima</i> , L.	<i>Abſinthium Maritimum</i> , Cæcumen.
31 Worm Seed.	<i>Artem. Santonica</i> , L.	<i>Santonicum</i> , Semen.
32 Southernwood, Leaves.	<i>Artem. Abrotanum</i> , L.	<i>Abrotanum</i> , Folia.
33 Holy Thistle, Leaves.	<i>Centaurea Benedicta</i> , L.	<i>Carduus Benedictus</i> , Herba.
34 Lesser Centaury Tops.	<i>Gentiana Centaurium</i> , L.	<i>Centaureum Minus</i> , Cacumen.
35 Broom Tops.	<i>Spartium Scoparium</i> , L.	<i>Genista</i> , Cacumen.
36 St. John's Wort Flowers.	<i>Hypericum Perfoliatum</i> , L.	<i>Hypericum</i> , Flos.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
37 Tansey-leaves and flowers.	<i>Tanacetum Vulgare</i> , L.	Tanacetum, Flos. et Herbs.
38 Horehound Leaves.	<i>Marrubium Vulgare</i> , L.	Marrubium, Herba.
39 Buebean, Leaves.	<i>Menyanthes Trifoliata</i> , L.	Trifolium Paludosum, Herba.
40 Dandelion, Root and Herb.	<i>Leontodon Taraxacum</i> , L.	Taraxacum, Radix et Folia.

Purgative Bitters.

41 Black Hellebore.	<i>Helleborus Niger</i> , L.	Helleborus Niger, Radix
42 Aloe.	<i>Aloe Perfoliata</i> , L.	Aloe, Succus Spissatus.
43 Myrrh.		Myrrha, Gummi Resina.

B. Mineral Substances.

1 Metallic.

a Iron.	Ferrum.	
Filings.		Limaturæ Ferri.
Calces.	Oxides.	Precipitate from Sulphate of Iron, by Alkali, &c.
Combination with Acids.	Sulphates, Phosphates, &c. of Iron.	Ferrum Vitriolatum.
Combination with Alkalies.	Ferrum Vol-Alkalinum.	
Combinations with Neutral Salts.	Ferrum Ammoniacale, &c.	Flores Martiales, &c.
Combinations with Alcohol.	Alcohol of Iron.	Tinctura Ferri Muriati, &c.
Combinations with Æther.	Æther of Iron.	Bestuchef's Tincture.
b Copper.	Cuprum.	
Ammoniacal C.	Cuprum Vol-Alkalinum.	C. Ammoniacale.
Phosphate of C.	Phosphas Cupri.	C. Phosphoratum
Blue Vitriol.	Sulphas Cupri.	C. Vitriolatum.
c Zinc.	Zincum.	
Calx or Flowers.	Oxidum Zinci.	Oxidum vel Z. Calcinatum.
White Vitriol.	Sulphas Zinci.	Z. Vitriolatum.
Phosphate of Zinc.	Phosphas Z.	Z. Phosphoratum.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
d Silver.	Argentum.	
Phosphate Silver.	Phosphas Argenti.	A. Phosphoratum.
Lunar Caustic.	Nitras Argenti.	A. Nitratum.
e Bismuth.	Bismuthum.	
Magistery of B.	Oxidum B. Album.	Calx Bismuthi.
f Arsenic.	Arsenicum.	
White Arsenic.	Oxidum Album.	Arsenicum.
Acid of A.	Acidum Arsenicum.	
Combinations of Oxides with Alkalies.	Oxidum A. Alkalinum.	Agne Drop, Fowler.
— with Acids.	Phosphas A. &c.	
Combinations of Acid A. with Alkalies.	Arsenias Fos-Alkali, &c.	
g Tin.	Stannum.	
Fillings.		Limatura Stanni.
Powder.		Pulvis Stanni.
2 Acids.	Acida.	
Vitriolic.	A. Sulphuricum.	A. Vitriolicum.
Nitric.	A. Nitricum.	A. Nitrosum.
Muriatic.	A. Muriaticum.	A. Muriaticum.
Fixed Air.	A. Carbonicum.	Aer fixus.

C. Animal Substances.

Bile.	Bilis vel Fel.	Gall.
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CLASS IX.—*Weakeners.*

DIVISION I. *Vide Class IV. Azoophoretics; especially by withdrawal of Stimuli necessary to Life.*

1 Bloodletting, by	
a Venæsection.	Venæsectio.
b Arteriotomy.	Arteriotomia.
c Leeches.	Hirudines.
d Scarification and Cupping.	Cucurbitulæ cruentæ.

2 Abstaining from Food.

3 ————— Drink.

4 Cold.

Cold Air.

Undue Cloathing

Inhabiting Cold Buildings.

Sleeping in Cold, &c.

5 Abstaining from customary Fermented Liquors.

DIVISION II. *Vide Class VI. Sedatives; especially by exciting Sickness of the Stomach.*

CLASS X.—Astringents.

DIVISION I. *Which operate merely by withdrawing, or destroying Stimuli. vide Class VII. Acentropoetics*, especially obstructing.*

1 Calorific.

2 Food.

3 Fermented Liquors; and by

4 Rest.

DIVISION II. *Which operate principally by diminishing Motion or Action, vide Class VI. Sedatives; especially.*

1 Native Vegetable Acids of Fruits.

2 Fermented Acids.

3 *Solanaceæ.*

Foxglove.

4 *Varicæ.*

Rhododendron.

5 *Rhæades.*

Opium.

Extract of Poppy Heads.

Syrup of Poppy Heads.

DIVISION III. *Which operate and belong to Class VI. Weakeners.*

DIVISION IV. *Many of which seem to have a direct and specific Astringent Power, internally taken.*

* From a priv. κεντρον stimulus, and ποισω to produce.

A. Saline; *which operate on the Sanguiferous System.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
1 Aluminous Salts Common Alum.	Sulphas Argillæ Acidulus.	Alumen.
2 Vitriolic Acid.	Acidum Sulphuricum.	A. Vitriolicum.

B. Metallic Salts, *which act especially on the Sanguiferous System.*

1 Sugar of Lead.	Acetis Plumbi.	Plumbum Acetatum.
2 Blue Vitriol.	Sulphas Cupri.	Cuprum Vitriolatum.
3 Verdigrise.	Sub-Acetis Cupri.	Ærugo.

C. Effential Oils, *which operate on the Sanguiferous System.*

Oil of Turpentine.	Vol. Oil of Turpentine.	Oleum Terebinthinæ.
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D. Earthy, *which operate only, or principally, on the Serous Secretions, as of the Intestines.*

1 Calcined Hartshorn.	Sub-Phosphas Calcis.	Cornu Cervi calcin.
2 Calcareous Earth.		
Chalk.	Carbonas Calcis.	Creta præp.
Oyster Shell,	Idem,	Testæ Ostreorum præp.
Lime Water.	Aqua Calcis.	
3 Strontia Earth.		
Carbonate Strontia.	Carbonas Strontia.	
Strontia Water.	Aqua Strontia.	
4 Argill Earth.		
Precipitate from Alum by Alkalies.	Argilla vel Alumina.	
Bole Armenian.	Argilla impura.	Bolus Gallicus.

E. Vegetable; *containing Astringent Principle or Tanning Matter, and Gallic Acid.*

1 Barks and Wood.		
a Oak.	Quercus Robur, L.	Quercus, Cortex.
b Gall-nut.	Quercus Cerris, L.	Gallæ.
c Ash.	Fraxinus Excelsior, L.	Fraxinus, Cortex.
d Pomegranate.	Punica Granatum, L.	Malicorium.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
e Logwood.	<i>Hæmatoxylum Campechianum, L.</i>	<i>Lignum Campechense.</i>
2 Infusitated Juices.		
a Japan Earth.	<i>Mimosa Catechu, L.</i>	<i>Terra Japonica.</i>
b Gum Resin Kino.	<i>G. Rubrum Astringens.</i>	<i>Kino.</i>
c Dragon's Blood.	<i>Pterocarpus Draco, L.</i>	<i>Sanguis Draconis.</i>
d Acacia.	<i>Mimosa Nilotica, L.</i>	<i>Acacia, Succus.</i>
3 Senticosæ.		
a Red Rose Buds.	<i>Rosa Gallica, L.</i>	<i>Rosa rubra, petala.</i>
b Tormentill Root.	<i>Tormentilla Erecta, L.</i>	<i>Tormentilla, Radix.</i>
c Agrimony.	<i>Agrimonia Eupatoria, L.</i>	<i>Agrimonia.</i>
4 Stellatæ.		
a Madder.	<i>Rubia Tinctorum, L.</i>	<i>Rubia, Radix.</i>
b Goose-grass.	<i>Galium Aparine, L.</i>	<i>Aparine.</i>
c Ladies Bed-straw.	<i>Galium Verum, L.</i>	<i>Galium.</i>
5 Vaginales Oleraceæ.		
a Rhapontic, root	<i>Rheum Rhaponticum, L.</i>	<i>Rhaponticum.</i>
b Bistort, Root.	<i>Polygonum Bistorta, L.</i>	<i>Greater Bistort.</i>
c Monk's Rhubarb.	<i>Rumex Alpinus, L.</i>	<i>Rhabarbarum Monachorum.</i>
d Great Water-dock.	<i>Rumex Aquaticus, L.</i>	<i>Hydrolapathum.</i>
e Sharp-pointed Dock.	<i>Rumex Acutus, L.</i>	<i>Oxylapathum.</i>
f Officinal Rhubarb.	<i>Rheum Palmatum, L.</i>	<i>Rhabarbarum.</i>
6 Cryptogamiæ.		
a Flowering Fern,	<i>Osmunda Regalis, L.</i>	<i>Filix florida.</i>
b Maiden Hair.	<i>Asplenium Trichomanes, L.</i>	<i>Trichomanes.</i>
c Horse Tail,	<i>Equisetum Hyemale, L.</i>	<i>Equisetum.</i>
d Cup-Moss.	<i>Lichen Pyxidatus, L.</i>	<i>Muscus Pyxidatus.</i>
7 Acerb Fruits.		
a Quince.	<i>Pyrus Cydonia, L.</i>	<i>Cydonia.</i>
b Sloes.	<i>Prunus Spinosa, L.</i>	<i>Pruna Sylvestris.</i>
c Wild Service.	<i>Sorbus Domestica, L.</i>	<i>Sorba.</i>
8 Variæ.		
a Bear's Berry.	<i>Arbutus Uva-Ursi, L.</i>	<i>Uva Ursi.</i>
b Mistletoe.	<i>Viscum Album, L.</i>	<i>Viscus quernus.</i>
c Myrtle.	<i>Myrtus Communis, L.</i>	<i>Myrtus.</i>

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
d Plantain.	Plantago Major, L.	Plantago.
e Yarrow.	Achillea Millefolium, L.	Millefolium.
f Balauftines.	Punica Granatum, L.	Balauftia.
g Green Sauce.	Rumex Acetosa, L.	Acetosa, Herba.
h Wild Sorrel.	Oxalis Acetosella.	Acetosella, Herba.

DIVISION V. External, many of which operate mechanically, or by applying Coagulated Blood.

1 Meal of Rye.	Farina Secalis.
Oats.	— Avenæ.
Wheat, &c.	— Triticæ, &c.
2 Lint.	Linamentum Siccum.
3 Lycoperdon.	Lycoperdon Bovista, L. Puff Ball.
4 Agaric Quercinus.	Boletus Igniarius. Agaricus Chirurgorum.
5 Spider's Web.	Tela Araneorum.
6 Metallic Solutions.	
e. g. Blue Vitriol.	Sulphate of Copper. Cuprum Vitriolatum.
White ———	— of Zinc. Zincum ———
Green ———	— of Iron. Ferrum ———
Sugar of Lead.	Acetite of Lead. Plumbum acetatum.
7 Oil Turpentine.	
8 Caustics, vide <i>Azoetics</i> .	
9 Actual Caution.	
10 Cold Applications.	
11 Ardent Spirits.	
12 Vegetable Astringents.	

CLASS XI.—Relaxants—Emollients.

DIVISION I. Which seem to operate in removing Spasmodic Contractions, especially of different Canals, and of the Skin.

- 1 Opium.
- 2 Ipecacuanha.

- 3 Antimonials.
- 4 Mixtures of Opium and Ipecacuanha.
Dover's Powder.
Pulvis Ipecac. Compositus.
- 5 Drinking hot Aqueous Liquids.
- 6 Drinking hot Aqueous Liquids impregnated with Stimulants.
- 7 *External.*
 - a Hot Bath.
 - b Fomentations.
 - c Applying Steam through Tubes.
 - d Vapour Bath.
 - e Veficantia, e. g. Blistering Plaisters.
 - f Inflammantia, e. g. Vol-Alkali.
- 8 Exciting Sicknefs at Stomach, by
Antimonials.
Ipecacuanha.
Squill, &c. See Clafs *Emetics*.
- 9 Clafs VI. *Sedatives*.
- 10 Clafs V. *Stimulants*.
- 11 Removing Stimuli or Irritating Matters by Clafs VII. *Acentrophetics*.

DIVISION II. Emollients; *which seem to operate by softening or combining
Water and Oil with Dead Matter adhering to Live Parts.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
A Water.		
1 Hot Water.		
2 Steam.		
3 Fomentation.		
4 Poultices.		
B Oleosa.		
1 Olive Oil.	<i>Olea Europea, L.</i>	<i>Oleum Olivæ.</i>
2 Poppy Seed Oil.		
3 Sperma Ceti.	<i>Phyſter Macrocephalus, L.</i>	<i>Sevum Ceti.</i>
4 Milk.		
5 Cream of Milk.		
6 Butter of Milk.		
7 Cocoa Butter.		
8 Hog's Lard.	<i>Sus Scrofa, L.</i>	<i>Axungia Porci.</i>
9 Suet.	<i>Ovis Arietis, L.</i>	<i>Sevum Ovillum.</i>
10 Soap.		
11 Bees Wax.		

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
L. Mucilages.		
1 Columniferæ.		
a Mallow.	<i>Malva Sylvestris</i> , L.	Malva.
b Marsh Mallow.	<i>Aithæa Offic.</i> L.	Althæa.
2 Farina-Mucilaginosæ		
a Hemp Seed.	<i>Cannabis Sativa</i> , L.	Cannabis, Semen.
b Quince Seed.	<i>Pyrus Cydonia</i> , L.	Cydonium, Semen.
c Linseed.	<i>Linum Usitatissimum</i> , L.	Linum, Semen.
d Fœnugreek Seed.		
3 Pure Mucilages of		
a Arabic Gum.	<i>Mimosa Nilotica</i> , L.	Arabicum Gummi.
b Gum Tragacanth.	<i>Astragalus Tragacantha</i> , L.	Tragacanth.
c Starch.	<i>Triticum Hybernium</i> , L.	Amylum.
4 Various.		
a Bear's Breech.	<i>Acanthus Mollis</i> , L.	Branca Urſina.
b Melilot.	<i>Trifolium Melilotus</i> , L.	Melilotus.
c Soap Wort.	<i>Saponaria Offic.</i> L.	Saponaria.
White Lily.	<i>Lilium Candidum</i> , L.	Liliorum Alborum Radix.

CLASS XII.—*Hypnotics—Nepenthics, or Anodynes.*

DIVISION I. *Which are especially Hypnotic, or Producers of Sleep.*

- 1 Opium.
- 2 Extract of Capsules of Garden White Poppy.
- 3 Syrup of White Poppy.
- 4 Oil of Alcohol of Wine.
- 5 Nitrous Æther.
- 6 Extract of Henbane.
- 7 Exhausting Excitability by Bodily Labour, &c.
- 8 Pressure, or Exertion, of Digestion, especially after a full Meal, with Fermented Liquors.
- 9 Removing Irritation, especially
 - 1st. Of the Stomach, e. g. by drinking Warm Water.
 - 2d. Of the Skin, by Pedilavium and Semicupium.

Sd. Mental Irritation, by Music; by repeating Verses; by Harmonious Sounds.—See Class VII. *Acentropeutics*.

- 10 Abstracting Oxygen from Air in Breathing, by inspiring Hydrogen Gas.
- 11 Abstracting Caloric to produce intense Cold.
- 12 Various changes produced in the Imagination, by pretended Magnetism, Galvanism, &c.
- 13 Impregnating Air with Nitrous Æther, Vapour of various Aromatics, of Hops, &c.
- 14 Rapid Vertiginous Motion.

DIVISION II. Which are especially Anodyne, or Privative of Pain.

A Narcotic, inebriating Stimulants.

- a Opium.
- b Fermented Liquor.
- c Rosmarinus Palustris.
- d Vanilla.
- e Achillea Millefolium.
- f Opium Theriaki.
- g Siberian Henbane.
- h Harmala.
- i Agaricus Muscarius.
- k Lolium Temulentum.
- l Horminum Salvia.
- m Scalaria Sulvia.
- n Indian Hemp.
- o Kaad.
- p Haschisch.
- q Hemlock.

B Exciting new Motions, by

- a Inflammantia.
- b Vesicantia.
- c Friction.
- d Raising Emotions and Passions.
- e Pain.
- f Salivation with Mercury.
- g Negative Electricity.
- h Positive Electricity.
- i Galvanism.
- k Innumerable other Agents, which act by simply stimulating powerfully the *Stomach* in particular, and affecting the mental powers, are frequently mistaken or overlooked for supposed *Specific Medicinal Agents*.

C Removing Irritations —Vide Class VII. *Acentropeutics*.

D Diminishing Motion.—Vide Class VI. *Sedatives*.

CLASS XIII. *Antiputrescents—Antiscorbutics.*

DIVISION I. *Class VIII. Strengtheners.*

DIVISION II. *Which more particularly operate on the supposed Putrid State.*

- 1 Fresh Vegetable Food especially
 - a Acid Fruits.
 - b Siliquose Herbs and Roots.
 - c Semisfoculose Herbs.
 - d Umbellatæ, Herbs and Roots.
 - e Alliaceous Roots and Herbs.
 - f Legumens.
 - g Sour Kraut.
- 2 Fresh Animal Food.
- 3 Breathing fresh, dry, temperate Air.
- 4 Due Bodily Exercise.
- 5 Removing and avoiding all Sources of Filth.
- 6 Medicines.
 - a Wort, and other Saccharine Fluids.
 - b Lemon Juice, and other Citric Juices.
 - c Other Acids.

CLASS XIV.—*Azoetics.—Caustics.—Corrosives.*

DIVISION I. *Which kill the part, especially a morbid one, to which applied, but exert no chemical action on the dead part, and are especially used to kill Fungous Excrescences.*

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
A Vegetable.		
1 Savine leaves.		Ung. Sabinæ, <i>Crowther.</i>
2 Euphorbium.		
3 Gall-nut Powder.		
4 Sugar.		
5 Indian Caustic Barley.	Cevadilla.	

B Vegetable Inflammantia et Vesicantia.—Vide Class V. page 58.

DIVISION II. Which kill the part to which applied, and then act chemically upon it.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
A Metallic.		
1 Lunar Caustic.	Nitras Argenti, fusus.	Argentum Nitratum.
2 Butter of Antimony.	Murias Antimonii.	Antimonium Muriatum.
3 Blue Vitriol.	Sulphas Cupri.	Cuprum Vitriolatum.
4 Corrosive Sublimate.	Murias Hydrargyri.	Hydrargyrus Muriatus.
5 Calomel.	Sub-Murias Hydr.	Calomelas.
6 Verdigrise.	Sub-Acetis Cupri.	Ærugo.
7 White Arsenic.	Oxidum Album A.	Arsenicum album.
8 Red Precipitate.	Sub-Nitras Hydrargyri.	Hydr. Nitratus Ruber.
9 Lapis Calaminaris.	Oxidum Zinci impurum.	Calaminaris.
B Saline.		
1 Caustic Veg-Alkali.	Veg-Alkali fusum.	Kali purum.
2 Lapis Septicus.	Veg. A. fusum cum calce.	Kali purum cum calce viva.
3 Lime.	Calx.	Calx viva.
4 Lime with Soap.		
5 Baryt?	Baryta.	Barytes.
6 Strontia?	Strontia.	Strontites.
7 Nitric Acid.		
8 Vitriolic. —		
9 Muriatic —		
10 Mineral Acid and Alkali alternately applied.		
11 Citrine Ointment.	Axungia Hydr. Nitr. fusa.	Ung. Hydrarg. Nitrati.
12 Alyon's Ointment.	Axungia cum A. Nitrico fusa.	Ung. Alyonis.
13 Alumn, burnt.	Argilla Sulphas Acidulus.	Argilla Vitriolata deaquata.
C Actual Caustery or Fire.		

CALSS XV. Anthelmintics—Remedies for Worms.

Note.—*Strictly, the Articles of this Class, as well as those called Lithon-
triptics, belong to Class VII. See on VIII. Acentropoetics.*

DIVISION I. Which operate by killing Worms.

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names.</i>
<i>A Vegetable.</i>		
a Cowhitch, or Cowhage.	<i>Dolichos Pruriens</i> , L.	<i>Dolichos</i> , <i>Pubes leguminis pruriens</i> .
b Cabbage Tree Bark.	<i>Geoffræa Inermis</i> , L.	<i>Geoffræa</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
c Worm Grass, Maryland.	<i>Spigelia Anthelmintica</i> , L.	<i>Spigelia</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
d Savine.	<i>Juniperus Sabina</i> , L.	<i>Sabina</i> , <i>Folia</i> .
e Indian Pink.	<i>Lonicera Martlandica</i> , L.	<i>Lonicera</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
f Rue.	<i>Ruta Graveolens</i> , L.	<i>Ruta</i> , <i>Folia</i> .
g Worm Seed.	<i>Artemisia Santonica</i> , L.	<i>Santonicum</i> , <i>Semen</i> .
h Tansey.	<i>Tanacetum Vulgare</i> , L.	<i>Tanacetum</i> , <i>Folia</i> , <i>Flores</i> .
i Mezercon Bark.	<i>Daphne Mezereum</i> , L.	<i>Mezereum</i> , <i>Cortex</i> .
k Tobacco, Leaves and Seeds.	<i>Nicotiana Tobacum</i> , L.	<i>Nicotiana</i> , <i>Folia et Semen</i> .
l Male Fern Root.	<i>Polypodium Filix Mas</i> , L.	<i>Filix Mas</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
m Southernwood.	<i>Artemisia Abrotanum</i> , L.	<i>Abrotanum</i> , <i>Herba</i> .
n Wormwood Vulgar.	<i>Artemisia Absinthium</i> , L.	<i>Absinthium</i> , <i>Folia</i> .
o Walnut, Husk and Ex- tract.	<i>Nux Juglans</i> , L.	<i>Nux Juglans</i> , <i>Putamen et Extractum</i> .
p Green Wythe, Juice.	<i>Epidendrum Claviculatum</i> , L.	
q Yellow Helmet, Flower.	<i>Aconitum Anthora</i> , L.	<i>Anthora</i> , <i>Radix</i> .
r Lavender Cotton.	<i>Abrotonum Fæmina</i> , L.	
s Bastard Ipecacuanha.	<i>Asclepias Curassavica</i> , L.	<i>Redhead</i> .
t Sour Sop, four species.	<i>Annona Muricata</i> , &c. L.	
v Physic and Belly-ache Seeds, three species.	<i>Iatropha Gossypifolia</i> , &c. L.	
u Pride of Indian Bark.	<i>Melia Azedarach</i> , L.	
w Carolina Pink Root.		
x Mandrake Root.		
y Cardina Flowers.		

<i>English Names.</i>	<i>Linnean or other Systematic Names.</i>	<i>Pharmaceutical and Vulgar Latin Names</i>
z Stinking Hellebore.	<i>Helleborus Fœtidus</i> , L.	Helleboraster, Folium.
a a Aloes		
b b Draffic Cathartics.		
Bitter Apple, &c.		
B Oils.		
1 Olive Oil.		
2 Oil of Ricinus.		
C Mercurial Preparations.		
1 Hydrargyrus Muriatus Mitis.		
2 Calomelas.		
D Impregnating the secreted Fluids to poison Hydatids.		
1 Sulphurified Hydrogen Gas.		
2 Water impregnated with Sulphurified Gas.		
3 Harrogate Water.		
E 1 Lime Water.		
2 Muriate of Baryt.		
3 Muriate of Baryt.		
F 1 Common Salt.		
2 Salt Water.		
G Tobacco and other Smoke.		
H Electric Shocks?		
I Tin.		
a Tin-powder.	<i>Pulvis Stanni.</i>	
b Tin Filings.	<i>Stanni Limatura.</i>	
c Aurum Musivum or Mosaicum.		
d Amalgams of Tin and Quicksilver.		
K Oil of Turpentine.		

DIVISION II. Which operate by expelling Worms.

- Division I. Vide Class V. Division III. Cathartics, especially Draffic.
 Division II. Emetics, especially
 Nauseous Bitters.
 Sulphate of Zinc.

Division III. Strengtheners, vide Class VIII. especially

- 1 Peruvian Bark.
- 2 Vegetable Bitters.
- 3 Metallic Preparations.
- 4 Due Administration of Food.

DIVISION III. *Mechanical Means of discharging Worms.*

- 1 By Punctures.
- 2 By drawing out the whole, or parts, *gradually*.

THE END.





DICTARY
SOME TIGHT
GUTTERS

