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COOKERY A HAS







# FAMILY FRIEND,

Housekeeper's Instructor:

A VERY COMPLETE COLLECTION

ORIGINAL & APPROVED

OF



EVERY BRANCH

# CCOKERY, CONFECTIONARY,

Bc.

# BY PRISCILLA HASLEHURST,

Who lived Twelve Years as Housekeeper in the families of Wa, Bethell, Esg. of Rice Park, near Beverley ; Mrs. Joddrell, of Manchesler ; and others of the greatest respectability.

# Sheffield:

Printed by J. Montgomery, Iris-Office, Hartshead, 1802.



# PREFACE.

As the information, contained in this little volume, is not carelefsly copied from any fimilar work, but is really the fruit of twelve years of valuable experience, as houfekeeper in very refpectable families, and twenty years of diligent practice, as a confectioner and inftructor of young perfons in this neceffary domeflic knowledge, in Sheffield ;---the author humbly hopes, by the accomplifhment of her work, to deferve that patronage, which has enabled her to lay it before the public, and which fhe gratefully acknowledges.

She has nothing at all to fay in difparagement of the labours of others, and little to advance in praife of her own; except, that fhe can confcientioufly recommend the following treatife to her friends and the public as a collection of FAMILY RECEIPTS---which will be found ufeful and agreeable, œconomical and elegant.



# FAMILY FRIEND.

# Ox Liver.

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TAKE an Ox liver and cut it in two, lay it on a large board aflant, then throw on two or three handfuls of falt; when it has done running, to fetch out the blood, rub it very well with faltpetre and common falt; turn it every day and rub it with falt, until it becomes fad, then take it and hang it upuntil dry. This is very ufeful in little families, or in large families; a finall bit of it, and a few bones, make a very good gravy in a little time.

### To make Almond Soup.

Take a large knuckle of veal, cut it in pieces and boil it with five quarts of water until it is reduced to two, with a blade or two of mace. and a few pepper corns, fix ounces of Jordan almonds blanched and beat fine, a little cayenne pepper and falt, to your tafte; have ready two French rolls, the fize of a fmall tea.cup, if larger they will not look well; then take a few almonds cut length-way, flick them into the rolls both fide and top; boil the almonds but not the rolls, with the foup ; then put it through a hair-fieve, and the rolls in, the tureen; take two yolks of eggs, and a spoonful of flour beat together, and half a pint of thick cream, but it must not boil, after the cream is in ; pour your foup upon your rolls in the tureen.

# To make Onion Soup.

Boil ten or twelve large fpanish onions, in milk and water, change it three times; when they are quite fost, rub them through a hair fieve; cut an old fowl in pieces, and boil it for gravy with a blade or two of mace, firain it, and pour it upon the pulp of the onions; boil it gently with the crumb of an old penny loaf grated into half a pint of cream, add cayenne pepper, and falt to your taste, and a few heads of asparagus, which makes it eat well and look very pretty.

# To make rich Vermicelli Soup.

Take a knucle of veal, a fcragg of mutton, and a shank of ham cut in pieces, three blades of mace, two carrots, two large onions, flick four cloves in the onions; four or five heads of celery a fmall bunch of fweet herbs cut fine, and mixt with the meat: put four ounces of butter in the bottom of the pan, and the meat in the top, and a couple of anchovies; cover it close, and put it over a flow fire, without any water, till the gravy is drained out of the meat; pour your gravy out into a bason, let your meat brown a little, but not to let it burn; then pour into it four quarts of water, let it boil gently till it is reduced to three pints, then ftrain it, put the other gravy to it, and fet it on the fire; add to it, two ounces of vermicelli; cut the nicest part of two heads of celery, and cayenne pepper, and falt to your taste; if not good coloured, put to it a little browning: lay a fmall french roll in the foup difh, and pour the foup upon it and lay fome of the vermicelli over it.

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meat

## To make green peafe Soup.

Shell a peck of peafe, and boil them in fpring water till they are foft, then work them through a hair fieve; take the thin part of the water and add fome more to it; then put in a knucle of veal; a flice of ham, one carrot and a few beet leaves, boil them two hours and clear it off; firain the gravy, and mix the pulp to it; then add to it a little fpinage juice to make it a pretty colour, then give it a gentle boil, which will take off the tafte of the ipinage; flice in the whiteft part of a head of celery and put in a lump of fugar the fize of a walnut; take a flice of bread, cut it in little squares pieces, and cut a little bacon the fame way, fry them a light brown in fresh butter, cut a large cabbage lettuce in flices, fry it after the other, put it in the tureen with the fry'd bread and bacon :- have ready boil'd as for eating, a pint of young peale, and put them in the foup, with a little chopped mint if you like it, and pour it into your tureen.

#### Gravy Soup.

Put a fhank of beef, and a fhank of ham to fix quarts of water, and fix onions; fet them over a flow fire, and let them boil gently add to it a little Ox liver; when boiled enough, ftrain it through a hair fieve, then put in a little celery, and fome beet leaves; cut a little fried toaft in dices, and ferve it up.

# To make a Transparent Soup.

Take a leg of veal, and cut off the meas as thin as you can, when you have cut off all the

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meat clean from the bone, break the bone in fmall pieces; put the meat in a large jug, and the bones at top, with a bunch of lweet herbs, a quarter of an ounce of mace, half a pound of jordan almonds blanched and beat fine; pour on it four quarts of boiling water, and let it fland all night by the fire, covered clofe; the next day put it into a well tinned fauce pan, and let it boil flowly till it is reduced to two quarts; be fure you take the four and fat off as it rifes, all the time it is boiling : firain it into a punch bowl, let it fettle for two hours, pour it into a faucepan clear from the fediment, if any at the bottom; when you ferve it up, you muft have a french roll in your tureen.

#### To make a Hare Soup.

Cut a large old hare in fmall pieces, with two onions, three anchovies, half a pint of red wine, and two quarts of water; fend it in a jug to the oven: you may feald the liver of the hare, with hot water, when the liver is fealded, pound it with the back of a wooden fpoon; work a little butter in flour, and flir it over the fire; put in crifped bread fleep'd in red wine, a litt e fago, if you like it, and ferve it up.

# To make brown Onion Soup.

Skin and cut in round flices fix large Spanifh onions; fry them in butter till they are a nice brown, and very tender, then take them out and lay them on a hair fieve, to drain out the butter; when drained, put them in a pot with five quarts

quarts of boiling water, boil them one hour and flir them often, then add pepper and falt to your tafte; rub the crumb of a penny loaf through a cullender, put it to the foup, flir it well to keep it from being in lumps, and boil it two hours more; and ten minutes before you fend it up, beat the yolks of two eggs with two fpoonfuls of vinegar, and a little of the foup, pour it in by degrees, and keep flirring it all the time one way, put in a few cloves if you chufe it.

N. B. It is a fine foup, and will keep three of four days.

#### To make mock Turtle.

Take a knuckle of veal, cut it in fquare pieces and feafon it highly with cayenne, a handful of fweet herbs, mace and pepper, and make fome gravy, and fend it to the oven: put in the pot a pint of Madeira wine; and when enough put in two cow heels, cut in fquare pieces, and thicken it with yolks of eggs; have ready forcemeat balls, and hard yolks and juice of lemon, falt to your tafle, and add a little more wine before you fend it up.

# To flew a Leg of Mutton.

Rub your mutton over with cayenne, and a little clove pepper, and fluff the fhank with fhalots or garlic, lay three flices of fat bacon in the bottom of the pot, and then the mutton, three large onions, a little lemon peel, a bunch of fweet herbs, and a little falt ; cover it down clofe, put a wet cloth round the edge to keep the fleam in,

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in, but flew it over a very flow fire; pour the gravy out, and put to it a quart of water and a gill of red wine; when enough, add fome morells, and thicken it to your tafte; pour the gravy on, but first fkim off all the fat.

# To drefs a Turtle about thirty pound weight.

When you kill the turtle, which must be the night before, cut off the head, and let it bleed two or three hours; then cut off the fins, and the callipee, from the callipash; take care you do not burft the gall; throw all the inwards into cold water, the guts and tripe keep by themfelves, flit them open with a penknife, wash them clean in fcalding water, and fcrape off all the inward fkin as you do them; throw them into cold water, wash them out of that, and put them into fresh water, let them lie all night, scalding the fins, and edges of the callipath and callipee; cut the meat off the fhoulders, and hack the bones, and fet them over the fire with the fins, in about a quart of water; add a little mace, nutmeg, cayenne, and falt; let it flew about three hours, then strain it, and put the fins by for ule: the next morning take fome of the meat you cut off the fhoulders, and chop it as fmall as for fausages, with about a pound of beef or veal fuet, feasoned with mace, nutmeg, fweet marjoram, parfley, and cayenne, and falt to your taste, and three or four glasses of madeira wine, fo fluff it under the two flefhy parts of the meat, and if you have any left, lay it over to prevent the meat from burning; then cut the remainder of the meat and the fins

fins in pieces the fize of an egg, featon it pret-, ty high with cayenne, falt, and a little nutmeg. and put into the callipash; take care that it be fewed up, or fecured at both ends to keep in the gravy, then boil up the gravy, and add more wine if required, and thicken it a little with butter, and flour; put fome of it to the turtle and fet it in the oven with a well buttered paper over it, to keep it from burning; when it is about half baked, squeeze in the juice of one or two lemons, and flir it up; the callipafh or back will take half an hour more baking than the callipee, which two hours will do; the guts must be cut in pieces, two or three inches long, the tripe in lefs; put it into a mug of clear water, and fet it into the oven, with the callipafh and when it is enough, and drained from the water, it is to be mixed with the other parts, and fent up very hot, with a pint more Madeira wine.

# To stew a Breast of Veal.

Take out the long bones in the infide, cut the fkin and take it out with your fingers, then cut off both ends to make it pretty; flew the ends and the bones with a little more veal, to make the gravy; then lay the breaft the meat fide down and flew it whilft enough over a flow fire, with a blade or two of mace and a few pepper corns; have ready the fweet-bread boiled and cut fine, the rind of a lemon boiled and cut finall, fome fmall green pickled cucumbers, all done feparate, the fame fize as the lemon : then melt four ounces of butter, mix it with part of the gravy drawu

drawn as above; clear the gravy from the fat, and mix the fweet-bread, and fet it over the fire; when near boiling, put in the yolks of eggs beat with flour, with half a pint of cream, but not to let it boil after the cream is in; pour it over the breaft of veal, ferve it up with forcedmeat balls, and garnish it with bacon in rolls, and flices of lemon.

This is a grand difh for the table, and is much liked.

# How to make Balls.

Half a pound of veal of a leg chopped very fine, beef fuet cut fine, bread crumbs, a little lemon peel, mace, pepper, parfley, falt, lemon thyme, and a little lemon peel with two eggs, leaving out one white, beat fine in a marble mortar: then make them up into little balls, and boil them eight or ten minutes in milk and water.

### To make a Herrico of a Neck of Mutton.

Cut the beft end of a neck of mutton into chops, fingle ribs, cut the fat off the ends of the ribs and fry them a light brown; then put them into a flew pan, with as much gravy or broth as will cover them, a large canot, half a fcore turnips, and onions, both of a fize, and the carrots muft be cut in round flices, the white part of a head of celery, a few heads of asparagus or cabbage lettuce fried, cay enne, and a little falt; boil them all together until tender, but do not thicken your gravy: put it into a turcen, or difh. It is proper for a top difh.

To

# To make a Calf's Head Hash.

Clean your calf's head and boil it half an hour; when cold, cut the meat into thin broad flices, and put in a flew pan, with two quarts of gravy, a blade or two of mace and anchovy, a little lemon pickle, and cayenne pepper, a few fweet herbs tied up together, a little walnut catchup and a few morells: when it has flewed an hour take it off, fkim it clear from fat, and put a glafs of wine to it.—Garnifh your difh with balls and brain cakes, and flices of lemon. Serve it up on a water difh, as it ought to be kept very hot.

# To make Brain Cakes for a Calf's Head.

Take your Brains and put them in hot water to make them fkin fooner; beat them well in a bafon; add to them two eggs leaving out one white, fome crumbs of bread, a little parfley, one fage leaf cut fine, a little mace, pepper and falt; take a pan-full of boiling hogslard, drop the brains into your pan, and fry them a light brown, lay them on a drainer, then take your hafh out of the pan, and lay it upon your difh, with a fifh flice; ftrain your gravy over it.—Garnifh with Lemon and Pickle:

# To Grill a Calf's Head.

Boil your Calf's Head until it be enough, then take it up and hash one half, and the other half rub over with the yolk of an egg, a little pepper, salt, bread crumbs, and parsley; set it before the fire to froth it a good deal; keep bast-B:

ing all the time, with a little butter to make the froth rife; when it is a fine light brown, difh up your hafh, and lay the half of the calf's head upon it, peel the tongue and cut it down the middle and lay it on a foup plate: you muft boil parfley, fage, and beet leaves, to make it green, Iome thick melted butter, a fpoonful of cream, then mix the brains with it, and make it very hot and pour it upon the tongue.—Garnifh the difh with broiled bacon and lemon.

## To ragoo a Breaft of Veal.

Half roaft a breaft of Veal, then bone it and put it in a flew pan, with a quart of veal gravy, one ounce of morells, and the fame of truffles, flew it till tender, and juft before you thicken the gravy, put in a few oyfters, pickled mufhrooms, and pickled cucumbers, cut in finall fquare pieces, and the yolks of four eggs boiled hard, then cut your fweetbread in flices, and fry it a light brown, difh up your veal, and pour the gravy hot over it; lay your fweetbread round, the morells, truffles, and eggs upon it.—Garnifh with pickled barberries. This is proper for either the top or fide for dinner, or the bottom for fupper.

#### To make Veal Olives.

Cut the thick part of a leg of Veal in thin flices, flatten them with the broad fide of a cleaver, rub them over with the yolk of an egg, lay over every piece a very thin flice of bacon, flrew over them a few bread crumbs, a little lemon peel and parfley chopped fmall, pepper, falt, and nutmeg; roll them up close and fkewer them tight,

tight, rub them with the yolks of eggs, and roll them in bread crumbs and parfley chopped fmall, put them into a tin dripping pan, to bake or fry them: then take a pint of good gravy, add to it a fpoonful of lemon pickle, the fame of wallnut catchup, and one of browning, a little anchovy, and cayenne pepper, thicken it with flour and butter; ferve them up with forced meat balls, and ftrain the gravy hot upon them.—Garnifh with pickles, and ftrew over them a few pickled mufhrooms. You may drefs Veal Cutlets the fame way, but do not roll them.

#### To drefs Scotch Collops White.

Cut off the thick part of a leg of veal, the fize and thickness of a crown piece, put a little butter into a stew pan, put in your veal and cover it up over a flow fire; when enough put your collops and gravy into a pot, and let it on the hearth to keep warm; fill the pan and fry them as above, while you have done it all, then pour the gravy from the veal, and put into your pan with a tea-spoonful of lemon pickle, a little mushroom, powder mace, cayenne and falt; boil it a few mintes, then put two yolks of eggs beat with a little flour; take a gill of thick cream put your collops in and fhake them, but do not let them boil; dish them up with a few pickled mushrooms and forced meat balls .--- Garnish with lemon, or kidney beans.

#### To dress Scotch Collops Brown.

Cut your collops the fame way as the white ones: before you lay in your collops wet B 2 them them with the yolk of an egg, crumbs of bread, parfley, and feafoning; then fry them over a quick fire, then take them out and clear the gravy from them; keep them hot; add half a pint of gravy and a teafpoonfull of lemon pickle, and a large one of catchup, half an ounce of morells, half a lemon, a little anchovy, a little pepper and falt, a little flour and butter, and let them boit fix minutes; then put in your collops: when hot difh them up, a few flices of bacon curled upon a fkewer and browned, and a few mufhrooms.—Garnifh with lemon and barberries.

### Forced Sweet Breads.

Put three fweet breads in boiling water five minutes; beat the yolk of an egg a little, and rub it over them with a feather, flrew on bre d crumbs, lemon peel and parfley, fhred very fine, nutmeg, falt, and pepper to your tafte, fet them, before the fire to brown, and add to them a little veal gravy; put a little mufhroom powder, caper liquor, or lemon juice, and browning; thicken it with flour and butter, boil it a little and pour it into your difh; lay in your fweet breads, and lay over them lemon peel in rings cut like ftraws.—Garnifh with pickles.

# To Goosify a Shoulder of Lamb.

You may fluff the fhoulder bone with onions, fage, pepper, and falt, and a little butter, and fluff it into your fhank: a little gravy into your difh, roaft it before a quick fire, bafling it with fresh butter all the while; if young lamb you may firew over it a little falt, which will make it crifper and better.

## To drefs Sheep's Rumps and Kidneys.

Boil fix fheep's rumps in veal gravy; then lard your kidneys with bacon, and fet them before the fire in a tin oven, when the rumps are tender rub them over with the yolk of an egg, a little cayenne and grated nutmeg; fkim the fat off the gravy, put it in a clean flew pan, with three ounces of boiled rice, a fpoonful of cream, a little mushroom powder or catchup, thicken it with flour and butter, and give it a gentle boil; fry your rumps a light brown, when you difh them up, lay them round on your rice fo that the fmall ends meet in the middle, and lay a kidney between every rump. -Garnish with red cabbage, or barberries, and ferve it up. It is a pretty fide or corner difh.

## To drefs a Leg of Mutton to eat like Venifon.

Get the largeft and fatteft leg of mutton you can; cut the fame as a haunch of venifon, keep it for feveral days or a week, if the weather will permit, in the air, with the thick end uppermoft; wipe it with a dry cloth every day; take a paper and greafe it well, and wrap about it, then a palte, and then a paper and band round it to keep the pafte on; roaft it about three hours, take off the pafte about ten minutes before you want it, and make it a cinnamon brown: have good gravy on the difh, with a little red wine, and two boats of red wine with a little currant jelly in, with a plate of currant jelly. Oxford

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Take a leg of mutton and cut it into collops; rub the collops with eggs, then firew over them chopped fhalots, with a few crumbs, and parfley, anchovy, nutmeg, pepper, and falt; then have boiling butter ready to fry them a light brown; keep them hot while you get the gravy ready; half a pint of gravy, a little lemon pickle, mufhroom powder, catchup, and a bit of butter, the fize of a walnut worked in flour; let it boil a few minutes; then put the collops in, let hem fimmer awhile, and ferve them up with a few morells.—Garnifh with pickles.

#### To Stew a Rump of Beef.

Half roaft your beef, then put it in a large faucepan with two quarts of water, and one of red wine, two or three blades of mace, a fhallot, one fpoonful of lemon pickle, two of wallnut catchup, and the fame of browning, pepper and falt to your tafte; let it flew over a gentle fire clofe covered for two hours, then take up your beef and lay it on a deep difh, fkim off the fat and flrain the gravy, and put in one ounce of morells, and half a pint of mufhrooms; thicken your gravy, and pour it over your beef; lay round it forced-meat balls. —Garnifh with horfe-radifh, and ferve it up.

## To make Beef-a la-mode.

Take the bone out of a rump of beef, lard the top with bacon, then make a forced meat of four ounces of marrow, two heads of garblic, the crumbs of a penny loaf, a few fweet herbs, herbs chopped fmall, nutmeg, pepper and fait to your tafle, and the yolks of four eggs well beat, mix it up and fluff your beef where the bone came out, and in feveral places in the lean part; fkewer it round and bind it about with a fillet; put it in a pot with a pint of red wine, and tie it down with flrong paper, bake it in the oven for three hours; when it comes out, if you want to eat it hot, fkim the fat off the gravy, and add half an ounce of morells, a fpoonful of pickled mufhrooms, a little cayenne, thicken it with flour and butter; difh up your meat and pour on the gravy: ferve it up with forced meat balls.

# Beef Olives.

Cut flices off a rump of beef about fix inches long and half an inch thick; beat them with a pafte pin, and rub them over with the yolk of an egg, a little pepper, falt, and beaten mace, the crumbs of half a penny loaf, two ounces of marrow fliced fine, a handful of parfley chopped fmall, a few fhalots cut fine, ftrew them all over your fleaks and roll them up, fkewer them quite clofe and fet them before the fire to brown, then put them into a ftew pan with a pint of gravy, a fpoonfull of catchup, the fame of browning, and a tea-fpoonful of lemon pickle; thicken it with a little flour and butter : lay round torced meat balls, mufhrooms, or the yolks of hard eggs.

#### To Stew Ox Palates.

Walh four ox palates in several waters, then lay

lay them in warm water for half an hour; wafh them out, put them in a pot and tie them down with flrong paper, and fend them to the oven, with as much water as will cover or boil them till tender, then skin and cut them in pieces half an inch broad and three inches long, and put them in a flew pan, with a pint of veal gravy, one fpoonful of Madeira wine, the fame of catchup and browning, one onion fluck with cloves, and a flice of lemon : flew them half an hour, then take out the onion and lemon, thicken your fauce, and put them in a difh; have ready fome boiled artichoke bottoms, cut them in quarters and lay over the palates with forced meat balls, and morells .- Garnish with lemon and ferve them up.

### To roaft a haunch of Venifon.

When you have fpitted your venifon lay over it a large fheet of paper, then a thin common pafte, with another paper over it, greafed; tie it well to keep the pafte from falling; if it be a large one it will take four hours roafting: when it is enough take off the paper and pafte, dust it well with flour, and baste it with butter; when it is a light brown, dish it up, with a little brown gravy and red wine on your dish. You must find a boatful of red wine made hot, and a plate of currant jelly with it.

# To broil Beef Steaks the best way.

Cut your steaks off a rump of beef, and rub your grid-iron well with beef fuet; when it is hot lay them on, let them broil until they

they begin to brown, turn them, and when the other fide is brown lay them on a hot difb, with a flice of butter betwixt every fleak, fprinkle a little pepper and falt over them, and let them fland two or three minutes, then flice a fhalot as thin as poffible into a fpoonful of water, lay on your fleaks again, keep turning them till they are enough, then put them on your difh, pour the fhalot and water amongft them, and fend them to the table.

# To make Portable Soup for Travellers.

Take three large legs of veal, and one of beef, the lean part of half a ham, cut them in fmall pieces; put a quarter of a pound of butter at the bottom of a large cauldron, then lay in the meat and bones, with four ounces of anchovies, two ounces of mace; cut off the green leaves of five or fix heads of celery, walk the heads quite clean, cut them fmall, put them in with three large carrots cut thin, cover the cauldron close and set it over a moderate fire; when you find the gravy begins to draw, keep taking it up till you have got it all out; then put water in to cover the meat, fet it on the fire again and let it boil flowly for four hours, ftrain it through a hair fieve into a clean pan and let it boil three parts away, then strain the gravy that you drew from the meat into the pan, let it boil gently, and keep fourming the fat off very clean as it rifes till it looks like thick glue; you must take great care when it is nearly enough that it does not burn; put in cayenne pepper to your tafte, then pour it upon flat earthen dishes a quarter of an

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an inch thick, and let it fland till the next day, and cut it with round tins a little larger than a crown piece, lay the cakes on difhes and fet them in the fun to dry : this foup will anfwer beft to be made in frofly weather; when the cakes are dry, put them in a tin box with writing paper, betwixt every cake, and keep them in a dry place, this is a very ufeful foup to be kept in gentlemen's families, for by pouring a pint of boiling water on one of the cakes, and a little falt, it will make a good bafon of broth. A little boiling water poured on it will make gravy for a turkey or fowls, and the longer it is kept the better.

N. B. Be careful to keep turning the cakes as they dry.

# Cockle Soup.

Take a knuckle of veal and boil it with a blade of mace, a few pepper corns, and two anchovies; put to it three quarts of water and let it boil to one; then get half a peck of cockles, open them and clear the liquor off; then clear the gravy from off the knuckle of veal, and put the cockles and the clear liquor to the gravy; then take the yolk of an egg and a little flour beat well, and mix the cream with it: fhake it over the fire while hot and ferve it up in a turenne.

# To drefs Cucumbers with Eggs.

Take fix large young cucumbers, pare, quarter and cut them into fquares, about the fize of a dice; put them into boiling water and let them boil up, then take them out of the water and

and put them into a flew pan, with an onionfluck with cloves, a good flice of ham, a quarter of a pound of butter, and a little falt; fet it over the fire a quarter of an hour, keep it close covered, fkim it well, and fhake it often, as it is apt to burn; then dredge in a little flour over them, and put in as much veal gravy as will just cover the cucumbers; flir it well together, and keep a gentle fire under it, till no fkim will rife ; then take out the ham and onion, and put in the yolks of two eggs beat up with a teacuplul of good cream; flir it well for a minute then take it off the fire, and just before you put it in the dish, squeeze in a little lemon juice; have ready five or fix poached eggs to lay on the top.

# To fricaffee Mushrooms.

Peel, and fcrape the infide of your mufhrooms; if buttons rub them with a flannel; fet them over the fire with a little water, a little white pepper and falt: they will take half an hour flewing over a flow fire, put in a bit of butter, the fize of a walnut, roll'd in flour, a a little cream and fhake it up: Garnifh with fippets. It is a very good difh for fupper.

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#### To drefs Cods Head and Shoulders.

Take out the gills and the blood clean from the bone; walk the head very clean, and lay it on your fifk plate; when your water boils throw in a good handful of falt, with a glafs of alegar, then put in your fifk, and let it boil gently half an hour; take it up very carefully, and  $C_2$  firin ftrip the fkin nicely off, fet it before a brifk fire, dredge it all over with flour and bafte it well with butter; when the froth begins to rife, throw over it fome very fine bread crumbs; you muft keep bafting it all the time to make it froth well; when it is a fine light brown, difh it up and garnifh it with Lemon and horfe-radifh and ferve it up.—Either Oyfter fauce, cockle fauce, or any fhell fifh will be proper for it.

# To drefs Cod's Sounds.

Steep your founds the fame as you do any any other fifh; boil them in a quantity of milk and water; when they are tender and white you must take them up to drain: have four eggs chopp'd fine, and fome good melted butter: pour fome over them hot, and fend up the reft in a boat.

#### To boil a Turbot.

Wafh your turbot clean, but do not let it flay in water, as that will make it foft; rub it with vinegar, and lay it upon your fifh plate, the white fide upwards; put a handful of falt and a cupful of vinegar in 10me hard water; if it is a large one it will take an hour boiling, but you muft let it boil flow.

#### Sauce for the Turbot.

Take a lobiter that is boiled, and pick out all the meat and the red part; then take fome good melted butter put the red part in and most of the other; then put in fome mushroom catchup or mushroom powder; give it a gentle boiling and fend it up in boats.—Garnish with lemon and horfe-radish. To

#### To flew Carp and Tench.

Stick the tench under the head and fave the blood; gut and scale your fish, and wash and dry them dry; flour them, and have a panful of dripping or rendered fuet to fry them in; then fry them a light brown and drain them; have ready, in your flew pan, a quart of good gravy, mix a fpoonful of lemon pickle, another of browning, the fame of catchup, a little mushroom powder, and cayenne to your tafte, onions fluck with cloves, and a fmall bunch of fweet herbs; the gravy must be reduced till it will only cover the fifh; then put in half a pint of red wine; when enough take it out and put it upon the difh you intend for the table; skim your gravy and take out the herbs, thicken it with a little flour and butter; when boil'd strain it over your fish. Garnish with pickled mushrooms and horse-radish and serve it up.

#### To drefs a Sturgeon.

Take what fize of a piece of Sturgeon you think proper, and wafh it clean; lay it all night in falt and water; the next morning take it out, rub it well with alegar, and let it lie in it for two hours: then have ready a fifh kettleful of boiling water, with an ounce of bay falt, too large onions, and a few fprigs of fweet marjoram; boil your flurgeon till the bones will leave the fifh; then take it up; take the fkin off, and flour it well, fet it before the fire, bafte it with with frefh butter, and let it ftand till it be a fine brown; then difh it up, and pour into the difh the fame fauce as for the white carp. Garnifh with crifp parfley and red pickles.

# Pigeons Compote.

Take fix young pigeons and fkewer them as you do for boiling; put forced meat into the craws, lard them down the breaft, and fry them brown: then put them into ftrong brown gravy, and let them flew three quarters of an hour; thicken it with a lump of better rolled in flour: when you difh them up, lay forced meat balls round them .---- The forced meat must be made thus ;-grate the crumbs of half a penny loaf, and fcrape a quarter of a pound of fat bacon, inflead of fuet, chop a little parfley, thyme, two fhalots or an onion, grate a little nutmeg, lemon-peel, fome pepper and falt, mix them all up with eggs. It is proper for a top difh for a fecond course, or a fide difh for the first.

#### To boil the Jowl and Shoulder of Salmon.

Salmon twelve pounds weight will take an hour and half boiling; put it in when the water is cold with a handfull of falt, and let it boil gently; when enough put it over the flear of the pan covered with a cloth. Boil fome fennel and parfley, to put in your melted butter, which must be good.—Garnish with lemon.

If you pickle any of the Salmon fave the water the fifh was boiled in, and boil it till the water be wafted much away; then put in alegar, pepper, cloves, a little ginger and fennel; let it boil a few minutes, and when cold put the fifh in. When you fend it up cover it with fennel.

Carbilly were compared by and red pickles,

# To boil Skate or Ray.

Clean your fkate or ray very well, and cut it in long narrow pieces; then put it in boiling water with a little falt in it; when it has boiled a quarter of an hour take it out, flip the fkin off; then put it into your pan again with a little vinegar, and boil it till enough: when you take it up fet it over the water to drain, and cover it clofe up; when you difh it up be as quick as poffible, for it foon grows cold, pour over it a little cockle, fhrimp or mufcle fauce.—Garnifh with horfe-raddifh or barberries.

#### To roaft Soals.

Skin them as you do eels but not to take the heads off; rub over hem egg and bread crumbs, with a little feafoning, roaft them in the oven and bafte them well to make them froth; with a little flour, fome good melted butter, a little catchup and lemon pickle for fauce.—Garnifh with pickles and lemon.

# To broil Haddocks or Whitings.

Gut and wash your haddocks or whitings, dry them with a cloth and rub a little vinegar over them, it will keep the skin on better; dust them well with flour, you may broil them either in the oven or on the grid-iron; if you do them on the grid-iron, rub it with butter and let it be hot before you lay on the fish, or they will stick, turn them two or three times on the grid-iron; if in the oven baste them with butter; when enough, serve them up and lay pickles round them, with plain melted butter

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butter or cockle fauce. They are a pretty difh for fupper.

# To pitchcock Eels.

Skin, gut and wash your eels; dry them well with a cloth, turn them round and fasten them with a skewer; rub them over with egg, crumbs of bread, fuet, parsley and a little pepper and falt; rub your gridiron with fuet, and keep turning them till they are enough ferve them up with crisp parsley, melted Butter and anchovies for fauce.

# To Scollop Oyfters.

When your oyfters are opened put them in a bafon, and wafh them out of their own liquor; put fome in your feolloped fhells, ftrew over them a few fine bread crumbs and lay a flice of butter on them, then more oyfters and bread crumbs, and a flice of butter on the top; put them into a Dutch oven to brown, and ferve them up in the fhells.

# To make Oyster-Loaves.

Take fmall french rafps, or you may make little round loaves: make a round hole in the top, fcrape out all the crumbs, then put your oyfters into a toffing pan with the liquor, a little white pepper and crumbs that came out of your rafps or loaves, and a good lump of butter; flew them together five or fix minutes; fill your rafps or loaves, lay the bit of cruft carefully on again, then fet them in the oven to cufp, till they are enough for a fide difh.

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# To pickle Oysters.

Open the oyflers very carefully, and take off all the fheirs that flick to the fifh; put them into a little water, and wafh the oyflers in it and ftrain the liquor; boil it with a little vinegar, whole pepper, falt and mace, till it tafte of the fpices, then put in the oyflers : if they are large they muft boil eight minutes, if imall not fo long; put them into pickle pots; when the liquor is cold pour it upon the oyfters. To half a hundred of oyflers put fix fpoonfuls of water and four of vinegar, then tie bladders clofe over them.

#### To Collar Ecls.

Cafe your eels, cut off the head, flit open the belly, take out the guts, cut off the fins, take out the bones, and lay it flat on the back; grate over it a fmall nutmeg, two or three blades of mace beat fine, a little pepper and falt, ftrew over it a handful of parfley fhred fine, with a few fage leaves, roll, it up tight in a cloth, bind it well; if it be of a middle fize, boil it in falt and water three quarters of an hour, hang it up all night to drain, add to the pickle a pint of vinegar, a few pepper corns, and a fprig of fweet marjoram, boil it ten minutes, and let it stand till the next day, take off the cloth, and put your eels into the pickle; you may fend them whole on a plate, or cut them in flices .--- Garnish with green parlley. Lampreys are done the fame way.

# To pot Lobflers.

Take the meat out of the claws and belly of

a boiled lobfter, put it in a marble mortar, with two blades of mace, a little white pepper and falt, a lump of butter the fize of an egg; beat them altogether till they come to a pafte; put one half of it into your pot, take the meat out of the tail part; lay it in the middle of the pot, lay on it the other half of your pafte; prefs it clofe down, and pour over it clarified butter, a quarter of an inch thick. To clarify butter, put it into a clean fauce-pan, fet it over a flow fire, when it is melted fkim it and take it off the fire, let it ftand a little, and then pour it off; but not too near the bottom.

## To pot Shrimps.

Pick the fineft fhrimps you can get; feafon them with mace, pepper and falt to your tafte, put them in a fauce pan with a lump of butter, and keep flirring them till they boil; then drain them, and pound them in a mortar, till they be like a pafte and put them in fmall pots. When cold pour over them clarified butter.

# To pot red and black Moor Game.

Pluck and draw them, and feafon them with pepper, cloves, mace, ginger, and nutmeg, well beaten and fifted, with a quantity of falt not to overcome the fpices; roll a lump of butter in the feafoning, and put it into the body of the fowls, rub the out fide with feafoning, and put them into pots with the breaft downwards and cover them with butter, lay a paper and then a pafte over them, and bake them till they are tender, then take them out and lay them to drain

drain; then put them into potting pots with the breaft upwards, and take all the butter they were baked in clear from the gravy and pour it upon them; fill up the pots with clarified butter, and keep them in a dry place.

# To roast a Hare.

Skin your hare and wash it well in water but do not let it flay in 100 long; when it is skewered and put down to the fire it must be basted with butter or roaft beef dripping; for the pudding take fix ounces of beef-fuet and the crumbs of a twopenny roll and two eggs, a little lemon peel, mace and nutmeg, and pepper and falt it to your tafte, also a little lemon, thyme and parfley; mix it pretty stiff, and put it in the hare's belly. If you like the liver for fauce, give it a boiling and crush it with the back of a spoon, and mix it with some good melted butter. For the gravy, take a bit of fcrag of beef, a little dried liver and a lump of butter rubbed well in flour to thiken it. Send it up with a plate of currant jelly. An hour and quarter will will roaft it. If a Liveret it will not take an hour,

# To boil a Turkey with Oyster Sauce.

Let your turkey have no meat the day before you kill it; when you are going to kill it give it a fpoonful of alegar, it will make it white and eat tender; when you have killed it, hang it up by the legs for three or four days, when you have plucked it draw it at the rump, and take the breaft bone out, (which will make it look D 2 much
much better,) cut off the legs, put the ends of the thighs into the body of the turkey, fkewer them down, and tie them with a flring; cut off the head and neck. To fuff the neck, take a fweet-bread and give it a boiling; cut the fweet-bread and take fome marrow, a few crumbs; a little parfley, mace, nutmeg, and lemon peel; take the yolks of two eggs and one white to mix it up. If any be left make it up into balls, adding a little veal cut fine, and boil them in milk and water ten minutes. Wrap your turkey in a cloth and flour it well and put it in a kettle of cold water; when the ikim begins to vife, you must take care to ikim it and let it boil flowly half an hour, the fleam being kept in, will flew it enough in another half hour. When you dish it up pour over it a little oyster fauce. To make the oyster fauce, take a fcore of oysters, chop them, take the yolk of an egg with a little flour, to make it fmooth, and a gill of cream; fhake it over the fire till it be hot, but not to let it boil. Garnifh your difh with lemon and balls, and put the remainder of the fauce into a boat to ferve it up.

# To roaft a Turkey.

When you have dreffed your turkey as before truls its head down to the legs; then make your forced meat as for the hare, leaving out the liver. Make the gravy the fame as for the hare, with a little lemon pickle. It will take an hour roafting, and bafte it with butter.—Garnifh your difh with multrooms, and faufages and ferve it up.

#### To jug a Hare.

Cut the hare as for eating, feafon it with pepper and falt and beaten mace; put it into a jug or pitcher, with a clofe top, put to it a bundle of fweet herbs, and fet it in a kettle of boiling water, let it ftand till it is tender; then take it up and pour the gravy into a toffing pan, with a glafs of red wine, one anchovy, a large onion fluck with cloves, a little beaten mace, and cayenne pepper to your tafle; boil it a little and thicken it, difh up your hare, and ftrain the gravy over it and fend it up.

#### To fricaffee Sweet-breads.

Take four fweet-breads, feald them, and take off the fkin to make them white; tie them up feparate in linen cloths, then make fome forced meat as for veal, as large as two fweet-breads; wrap it up in the caul of the veal, then in a linen cloth; boil all together in milk and water. Take a little veal to make the white fauce, boil it with a little lemon juice, and half a pint of thick-cream; fhake it over the fire, till it be hot, but not to let it boil. When you difh it up put the forced meat in the middle, and the fweetbreads round it; pour over it fome of the fauce, and fend the reft in a boat. Garnifh with lemon and barberries. It is a proper difh for the top at fupper, and a fide difh for dinner.

## To make a Porcupine of a Break of Veal

Bone the finest and largest breast of veal you can get, rub it over with the yolks of two eggs; spread it on a table, lay over it a little bacon cut cut as thin as possible, a handful of parsley, fhred fine, the with yolks of, five hard boiled eggs chopped fmall, a little lemon peel cut fine, nutmeg, pepper, and falt to your tafte, and the crumb of a penny loaf fleeped in cream; roll the breaft clofe, and skewer it up, then cut fat bacon and the lean of ham that has been a little boiled, or it will turn the veal red, and pickled cucumbers about two inches long to answer the other lardings, and lard it in rows, first ham, then bacon, then cucumbers, till the veal be larded all over; put it in a deep earthen pot. with a pint of water, and cover it, and fet it a in flow oven two hours; when it comes from the oven fkim the fat off and firain the gravy through a fieve into a flewing-pan, put in a glafs of white wine, a little lemon pickle and caper liquor, and a fpoonful of mulhroom catchup; thicken it with a little butter rolled in flour; lay the porcupine on the difh, and pour it hot over it; cut a roll of forced meat into four flices. lay one at each end and the other on the fides: have ready your fweet-breads cut in flices and fried, lay them round it with a few mushrooms. It is a grand difh for the bottom when game is not to be had. N. B. Make the forced meat of a few chopped oyflers, the crumb of a penny loaf, half a pound of beef fuet shred fine, and two eggs, mix them well together with nutmeg, cayenne pepper, and falt to your tafle; fpread it on a veal caul and roll it up close like a collared sel; roll it in a cloth, and boil it an hour.

## A good way to drefs a Midcalf.

Take a calf's heart; fluff it with good forced meat, and fend it to the oven in an earthen difh with a little water under; lay butter over it and dredge it over with flour; boil half the liver, and all the lights together half an hour, then chop them fmall, and put them in a toffing-pan with a pint of gravy, one fpoonful of lemon pickle and one of catchup; fqueeze in half a lemon, pepper and falt; thicken with a good piece of butter rolled in flour. When you difh it up pour the minced meat in the bottom, and have ready fried a fine brown the other half of the liver cut in thin flices, and little bits of bacon; fet the heart in the middle, and the liver and bacon over the minced meat and ferve it up.

#### To boil Rabbits, with onion fauce.

Skewer and boil your rabbits three quarters of an hour in milk and water. Take a dozen large fpanish onions, boil them and take out the whitest part; have some good melted butter and a cupfull of thick cream, and mix the onions with it: pour some upon the rabbits when you fend them up, and put the rest in a boat. Boil the liver, and cut it small, and lay round the dish.

## To roaft Rabbits.

Skin, and fkewer your rabbits; put them to the fire, and bafte them with butter; put the fame forced meat in the belly as you have for a hare. Boil the liver and cut it fmall, mix it with melted butter for fauce.

### To fricoffee Rabbits brown.

Cut your rabbits as for eating, fry them in butter a light brown; put them into a toffing pan, with a pint of water, a tea-fpoonful of lemon-pickle, a large fpoonful of mufhroom catchup, one anchovy, and an ounce of truffles, with a little cayenne pepper and falt to your tafte; flew them over a flow fire, till they are enough, thicken your gravy and flrain it over your rabbits.—Garnifh with pickles.

## To fricassee Rabbits white.

Cut your rabbits as before, and put them into a toffing-pan with a pint of veal gravy, a tea-fpoonful of lemon pickle, a flice of lemon, a little beaten mace, cayenne pepper and falt: flew them over a flow fire till enough; thicken your gravy with the yolks of eggs and flour, adding half a pint of cream; fhake it over the fire till hot but not to boil. Strew over the fricaffee two fpoonfuls of pickled mufhrooms. —Garnifh with lemon.

#### To roaft a Goose.

Pick the feathers off dry; take half a dozen onions, half boil and cut them fine, half a handful of fage, wafhed and cut fine; take a little pepper and falt and rub the infide of the goole; feafon the onions and fage with pepper and falt; take a lump of butter and take up the fage and onions with it; put it in the goole and tie both ends clofe, roaft it well, and when nearly enough bafte it with butter to make it froth. Have a little hot gravy upon the difh, and a plate of apple fauce, fo ferve it up. Te

## To roaft Wild Ducks.

Pick them clean, and draw them, put in the infide a whole fage leaf or two, and a couple of fmall onions, half an hour will roaft them : feafon the infide with pepper and falt. When drawn put in the infide a cupful of red wine made hot ; make the difh hot and rub it with a cut onion : then difh them up.

N.B. The common ducks you may roaft the fame way as the goofe.

## To roaft a Woodcock.

Pick your woodcock very clean and fkewer it with the neb; you must not draw it; baste it well with butter, and have under it a toast, for the trail to drop on. Put the toast upon the dish you ferve it up on; and lay your woodcock upon it, put over it fome good melted butter, and some in a boat: so ferve it ups

#### To roak Partridges,

Pick and draw your partridges and fkewer them that they may appear plump: roaft them half an hour with butter; have plenty of crifp crumbs; fend them up with bread fauce, in two boats. Put fome crumbs upon the difh and fome on a plate.——How to make the bread fauce.—Take a little gravy; boil in it an onion and a few pepper corns; have fome crumbs in a bafon, and pour the gravy over them; keep it warm till you are ready; put to it melted butter and a little thick cream.

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## To roast a Pheafant.

Pick and draw your pheafant, and fluff the neck; make the fluffing of a few crumbs, a little marrow, a fweet bread, a little lemon, mace pepper, parfley and falt: takeit up with the yolk of an egg, and fluff the neck with it. Put the head under the wing and the legs down, roaft it three quarters of an hour, and bafte it with butter. When you difh it up, have on the difh fome ftrong brown gravy; take two handfome feathers, and flick them in the rump of the pheafant when you difh it up.

Bread fauce and melted butter, fame as for partridges.

## To goosify the Leg or Crop of Pork.

Score your pork; fluff it with fage, onions, pepper and falt, a few crumbs and a little butter, fluff it at the fhank part; if a crop, fluff it at the end. The leg will take two hours roafting, at a good fire. Serve it up with apple fauce.

# To boil the Leg of a Forkling.

It must boil flowly two hours and a half: when enough fcore it in Diamonds, taking out every other fquare; boil fome fplit peas for a pudding, take up the pudding a quarter of an hour before you dish it up. Put it in a wooden bowl, and pound it well with yolks of two eggs, a lump of butter rubbed well in flour and a little falt. Boil it ten minutes, put it in tea cups and fet it round the dish. It is a nice dish for a first courfe.

#### To make Lemon Pickle.

Take two dozen of lemons, grate off the out rinds very thin; cut them in four quarters, but leave the bottoms whole; rub on them equally half a pound of bay falt; and fpread them on a large pewter difh; put them in a cool oven, or let them dry gradually by the fire, till all the juice is dried into the pulps; put them into a pitcher well glazed, with one ounce of mace, half an ounce of cloves, beat fine, one ounce of nutmegs cut in thin flices, four ounces of peeled garlic, half a pint of muflard feed bruifed a little, and tied in a muslin bag, pour two quarts of boiling white wine vinegar upon them; clofe the pitcher well up, and let it fland five or fix days by the fire; fhake it well up every day; then tie it up and let it ftand for three months to take off the bitter. When you bottle it, put the pickle and lemon in a hair fieve; prefs them well to get out the liquor, and let it fland till another day; then pour off the fine and bottle it; let the other ftand three or four days and it will refine itself; pour it off and bottle it; let it fland again and bottle it in like manner. till the whole is refined. It may be put in any white fauce, and will not hurt the colour, it is very good for fifh fauce, and made difhes; a tea spoonful is enough for white and two for brown fauce for a fowl : it is a most useful pickle and gives a pleafant flavour. Be fure you put it in, before you thicken the fauce, or put cream in it, left the fharpnels make it curdle.

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## Browning for made Difhes.

Beat finall four ounces of fugar, put it in a clean iron frying-pan, with one ounce of butter; fet it over a clear fire; mix it very well together all the time; when it begins to be frothy, the fugar is diffolving: hold it higher over the fire, have ready a pint of red wine; when the fugar and butter is of a deep brown, put in a lutle of the wine; flir it well together, then add a little more wine, and keep flirring it all the time; put in half a nutmeg, fix cloves, four fhalots peeled, two or three blades of mace, three fpoonfuls of mufhroom catchup, a little falt, the out-rind of one lemon; boil them flowly for ten minutes; pour it into a bafon; when cold take off the fcum, and bottle it for ufe.

#### To make Walnut Catchup.

Take two quarts of the juice of walnuts, two pounds and a half of anchovies, half a pint of Madeira, half a pint of vinegar, a head of garlick and fome fhalots, mace, cloves, nutmeg, pepper and ginger. Boil all together and let it ftand a few days; then clear it off, bottle it up clofe, and put a teafpoonful of cayenne to the whole. This catchup will keep for years, and is better for keeping.

#### To make Mushroom Catchup.

Take two pecks of mufhroom flaps, fresh got; break them down with your hand with two handfuls of falt, fet them in a cool place all night; clear it off, boil it and skim it well, then let it stand till the next day; clear it off again,

again, provided there is two quarts of the liquor; put in a pound and a half of anchovies, half an ounce of mace, a quarter of an ounce of nutmeg pounded, two ounces of black pepper, a quarter of an ounce of cloves, an ounce of ginger, and a tea spoonful of cayenne, boil it all together. The next day bottle it. You may leave out the seasoning when you bottle it, and put to them a few anchovies, a little catchup, and half a pint of red wine, give it a boil and it makes excellent fish fauce.

#### To roaft a Beaft's heart, to eat like Hare.

Wash it clean, and cut off the deaf ears, suff it with forced meat as you do a hare, paper it well at the top, and put it in a deep pot, with a little fuet cut fine over it, with a little water on the bottom, put it in the oven, and it will take two hours roasting in a quick oven; have ready fome good gravy, thicken it with a lump of butter about the fize of an egg, rubbed well in flour, pour it over the heart, you may put a glass of wine in the fauce if you like the taste. Send it up with a plate of currant jelly.

# To make Red Beef.

Take the crop, or top fide of the lift, falt it with common falt and falt-petre, but not to lay on too much: let it lay two days in falt and hang it up, a week or ten days. Then roaft it. It is a nice cold difh in winter.

# Bouillie Beef.

Take the thick end of a brifket of beef, put it

it in a kettle of water quite covered over, let it boil fast for two hours, then keep stewing it close by the fire for four hours more, and as the water wastes fill up the kettle; put in with the beef some turnips cut in little balls, carrots, cut in pieces; an hour before it is done take out as much broth as will fill your foup difh, and boil in it, for that hour, turnips and carrots cut in little balls or square pieces, with some celery, falt and pepper to your tafte ; ferveit up in two difhes, the beef by itfelf, and the foup by itfelf ; you may put pieces of fried bread if you like it in your foup, boil in a few knots of greens, and if you think your foup will not be rich enough, you may add a pound or two of fried mutton chops to your broth when you take it from the beef, and let it flew for that hour in the broth; fkim it, and be fure to take out the mutton when you fend it to table : the foup must be very clear.

### Boiled Pigeons and Bacon.

Take fix young pigeons, wash them clean, turn their legs under their wings, boil them in milk and water twenty minutes, have ready boiled a square piece of bacon, take off the skin and brown it, put the bacon in the middle of your dish, and lay the pigeons round it, and lumps of stewed spinage; pour plain melted butter over them, and send parsley and butter in a boat.

## To make a Queen's Pye.

Make it in a deep oval difh, with cold paffe; take

take three pounds of flour to make your paste, rub in a pound of butter, as much water as will make it rather fliff, and roll a paste out for the difh edge: the reft is for the lid. Take two fine chickens, drefs them and draw the legs in as for boiling, feafon them with white pepper, falt, and a little mace; rub the fowls well with the feafoning, and put a lump of butter in each, put two flices of ham at the bottom of the difh, then the chickens, and a flice of ham upon each breaft. It must be covered over with forced meat balls, and the yolks of fix eggs boiled hard. Make the balls of a little veal chopped fine, fome bread crumbs, two eggs leaving out one white, some marrow or beef suet, lemon peel, mace, nutmeg, pepper and falt, then pound them in a mortar, and make them up into balls with a little flour. Make a good gravy of a little ox liver, the pinions or any bit of meat you may have; lay a paper over the cruft to prevent it fcorching, and bake it two hours.

#### To make a Venifon Pafty.

Make the fame pafte as for the Queen's pye, if the venifon be fat and nice, you muft put it in as whole as you can, if lean it will be better cut and flewed down, for an hour and a half, with a pafte over it, to prevent it drying; when it becomes cold, put it in your pafty pan, and lay fome fat of a loin of lamb over it; feafon it pretty well with pepper and falt, and a little cayenne; you muft put a cruft on the edge and lay a thick lid over it, put in fome gravy and bake it two hours. When it comes back from the

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the oven, have fome good gravy and a glafs of red wine made hot, to put in the pafty, and fend it up with a plate of currant jelly.

# To drefs a shoulder of mutton called hen and chickens.

Half roaft a fhoulder, then take it up, and cut off the blade at the firft joint, and both the flaps to make the blade round, fcore the blade round in diamonds, throw a little pepper and falt over it, and fet it in a tin oven to broil, cut the flaps and the meat off the fhanks into the gravy that runs out of the mutton, and put a little good gravy to it, with two fpoonfuls of walnut catchup, one of browning, a little cayenne pepper and one or two fhalots; when your meat is tender thicken it with flour and butter, and put your meat on the difh the blade at the top of the meat, and ftrew over it two table fpoonfuls of capers, fo fend it up.

## To grill a Breaft of Mutton.

Score a breaft of mutton in Diamonds, and rub it over with the yolk of an egg then firew on a few bread crumbs and fhred parfley, put it in a dutch oven to broil, bafte it with frefh butter; pour in the difh good caper fauce, and ferve it up.

#### To make a Goofe Pye.

Take a large fat goole, fplit it down the back take all the large bones out, and feafon it with popper and falt; take a fowl and fplit it fame as the goole and take out the large bones, you must put a boiled tongue in the infide of the fowl fowl, and rub the fowl with pepper and falt and mace; put it in the goofe and few it up the back. For the pafte take a peck and a half of fine flour, two pounds of butter and a pound of fuet; boil it well and make your pafte; make it an oval pye, and put in your goofe; fill the corners with birds, veal, or pork to make it even. Put in the infide a pound of butter, then put on your lid, and have fome parchment ready to put round the pye to keep up the walls; you may ornament the lid with leaves, rofes, or any other pretty ornament. You must bake it four hours and have ready melted a pound and a half of butter to put in the pye and let it flay ten minutes after.

## A thatched Houfe Pye.

Take an earthern difh that is pretty deep, rub the infide with two ounces of butter; then put over it two ounces of vermicelli; make a good puff pafte, and roll it pretty thick, and lay it on the difh: take three or four pigeons, feafon them well with pepper and falt, and put a good lump of butter in them, and lay them in the difh with the breafts down, and put a thick lid over them, and bake it in a moderate oven; when it is enough take the difh you intend for it, and turn the pye on it, and the vermicelli will appear like thatch which gives it the name of thatched houfe pye. It is a pretty fide or corner difh for a large dinner, or a bottom for fupper.

# A Bride's Pye.

Take two calves feet, boil them and take the F. meat meat from the bones, and cut it very fine; take the marrow out of two marrow bones, and fome bread crumbs, a pound of currants wafhed and plumped, half a pound of jar raifins floned and cut, and half a pound of fine powdered fugar; make a good pafte; put fome round your difh, and leave a good lid, lay a layer of calves feet, marrow, and crumbs, currants and raifins, with a little lemon peel, feafoning and fugar; repeat it again, till the difh is full, adding a glafs of brandy and two glaffes of red wine, with a little candied orange; put on your lid, and have a little red wine, made hot, to put in when it comes from the oven, fo fend it up.

# To make minced Pies. (the best way.)

Take a peck of apples, pare and chop them fmall, two pound of beef fuet cut fine, the crumbs out of a fixpenny loaf, a good deal of lemon peel, three pound of currants, a pound and a half of raifins floned and cut, a quarter of an ounce of nutmeg, a few cloves and a little mace; a pint of red wine, half a pint of brandy: put it down in pots, mix them well together.

### To make a good light paste for the Pies.

Take two pounds of flour, rub in it a quarter of a pound of butter, roll it out three times, and put the remainder of the pound in; when you make them up, put on the top a little candied orange.

To make a fine Paste for Puffs and Tarts. Take eight øunces of flour, and seven ounces of butter

butter; rub in two ounces of the butter, take it up very carefully with a little water, handte it very lightly, put the butter in with a knife and turn it up with a knife, and put in the remainder of your butter; you may roll it twice, and then it is ready for ufe.

## A Codlin Pye.

Gather fmall codlins, put them in a clean brafs pan with fpring water, lay vine leaves over them, and cover them with a cloth wrapped round the cover of the pan to keep in the fteam ; when they grow foftish pull off the skin, put them in the fame water with the vine leaves hang them a great height over the fire to green; when you fee them a fine green, take them out of the water and put them in a deep difh, with as much powder or loaf fugar as will fweeten. them, make the lid of rich puff palle and bake it; when it comes from the oven take off the lid, and cut it in little pieces like fippets and flick them round the infide of the pye with the points upwards, and put some fyrup in ; pour over vour codlins, a good cuftard made thus. Boil a pint of cream, with a flick of cinnamon, and fugar enough to make it a little fweet; let it fland till cold, then put in the yolks of four eggs well beaten, fet it on the fire, and keep flirring till it grows thick, but do not let it boil left it curdle, then pour it into your pye, pare a little lemon thin, cut the peel like ftraws, and lay it on your codlins over the top.

#### An Eel Pyc. .....

Skin and wash your eels and cut off the heads, F 2 take

take an oval difh and cut your eels the length of it, feafon them with pepper, falt and a little mace, put pretty well of butter in the pye, and have a good pafte over it, and bake it well: it is a nice pye to eat cold.

# A Rook Pye.

Take eight rooks, cafe them, and take the breafts and the legs, wash and dry them well; feason them with pepper and falt; lay over them fix ounces of butter, have a good passe with a paper over; it takes a good deal of baking; add a little gravy.

#### A savory Veal Pie.

Cut a loin of veal into fteaks, feafon them with beaten mace, nutmeg, pepper and falt ; lay the meat in your difh with forced meat balls, if you have any oyfters you may put them in : put in a little gravy, add a little more when it comes from the oven, put fome pafte on the difh edge, put on your lid half an inch thick ; an hour and a quarter will bake it in a quick oven. You may fend up fome lemon with it.

#### A Lark Pye.

Drefs a dozen larks, feafon them with pepper and falt, and put a bit of butter in each, lay a beef fteak at the bottom of your difh, then lay the larks on the top with half a pouud of butter, put on your lid and bake it an hour : put in a little gravy when it comes from the oven. It is very good either hot or cold.

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#### Raifed veal Patties.

Make a boiled paste, and raife them thin and high, but not more round than a small dredging box, cut your veal in thin bits, feason it with pepper, falt, mace, and a little butter; when baked have some good gravy to put in, so serve them up. They are a nice fide dist.

If you have any oval tins bake a little light pafte with a little bread in the infide, take a little fowl, ham, yolk of an egg boiled hard, an anchovy, a little pepper and falt and lemon peel to feafon them; cut your meat fmall, and make it hot over the fire with a little gravy; take the lids off the patties and fill them with the meat, you must take the bread out of the patties before you put in the meat; and then lay on the lids again and ferve them up.

## To make German Puffs.

Put half a pint of good milk into a toffing pan, and dredge in flour till it is thick like hafty pudding ; keep fliring it over a flow fire till it is all of a lump, then put it in a marble mortar ; when it is cold put to it the yolks of eight eggs, four ounces of fugar, a spoonful of role water, grate a little nutmeg, and the rind of half a lemon, beat them together an hour or more ; when it looks light, and bright, drop them into a pan of boiling lard with a tea fpoon, the fize of a large nutmeg; they will rife and look like a large yellow plumb if they are well beat; as, you fry them, lay them on a fieve to drain, grate fugar round your difh, and ferve them up with fack for fance. It is a proper corner difh for dinner or fupper, A

#### A Yorkshire Giblet Pye.

Make a cold pafte, put fome round the difh edge, flew your giblets for half an hour, with a little gravy; lay a beef fleak at the bottom, and feafon your giblets pretty well with pepper and falt; then put them on the fleak, and put on your lid, it will take an bour and a quarter baking in a moderate oven.

## A Pigeon Pye.

Take half a dozen pigeons, drefs them and put their legs under their wings, feafon them with pepper and falt, and a lump of butter in each the fize of a walnut; lay a flice of ham at the bottom of your difh, the yolks of four or five eggs boiled hard; lay the pigeons upon the ham, and the eggs on the top: put over them a good cruft, and have ready fome good gravy to put in when it comes from the oven. It will take an hour and a half baking.

## A Partridge Pye.

Take two or three partridges, drefs them, and cither take the large Lones out or cut them in two, feafon them well with white pepper and falt; put a pound of butter in the infide, make a good cruft and have a little gravy to put in when it comes out of the oven, if you eat it hot: if cold, it is not neceffary. An hour will bake it.

# A Beef Steak Pye.

Beat five or fix rump fleaks very well with a pafte pin, and feafon them well with pepper and

falt,

falt, lay a good puff passe round the dish, and put a little water in the bottom, then lay the steaks in, with a lump of butter upon every steak; put on the lid, cut a little passe in what form you please, and lay on it.

# A Trout Fye.

Make the pye in an oval difh, make a good puff pafte for it, and put a little on the difh edge, drefs your trout and wafh them very clean, and dry them well with a cloth, feafon them with pepper, falt and mace ; lay them ftraight in and then crofs them over it ; put in three quarters of a pound of butter. It is a very nice pye to eat cold.

## To pot Trout.

Drefs them and dry them well with a cloth, then feafon them pretty high; put them in the pot with half a pound of butter, put a pafte on the top, and fet them in the oven for an hour. When you take them out, drain from them all the fat and the liquor, you may take the fat out again, to put to the fifh, and put clarified butter over them, and they are fit for ufe.

# Egg and Bacon Pye to eat cold.

Steep a few thin flices of bacon all night in water to take out the falt; lay your bacon in the difh edge-way; beat fix eggs with a pint of good milk and a little pepper, and pour it over your bacon; put over it a good pafte and bake it in a moderate oven, the day before you want it.

#### A Hunter's Pudding,

Take a pound of flour, a pound of beef fuet, and the crumb of a twopenny loaf, a pint of milk and fix eggs, a pound and a half of currants washed clean, half a pound of jar raifins fioned, a little powder fugar, and the rind of a lemon cut fine, with mace, nutmeg and a little fa't, a glafs of brandy and a little candied orange. The it up tight in a cloth and let it boil three 'or four hours. Wine and butter for fauce.

## A Lemon Pudding.

Blanch, and beat half a pound of almonds in a little rofe water, fix ounces of favoy bifcuits, the yolks of nine eggs, and the whites of five, the rinds of two lemons and the juice of half a one, half a pound of lump fugar, and fix ounces of butter, beat it altogether in a marble mortar, or wooden bowl; you must pound it an hour, and put it in a china dish with a thin paste at bottom. It will take half an hour baking.

# A ground Rice Pudding.

Boil half a pound of rice in three gills of milk till it be thick, take it off the fire and while hot put to it fix ounces of butter; blanch two ounces of fweet almonds, and a dozen bitter ones, pound them and put them to the rice, fix eggs well beat, a little cinnamon and nutmeg, fweeten it to your tafte, and before you fend it to the oven put in a glafs of brandy. Send it up with wine fauce.

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# A Calf's-foot Pudding.

Take the meat of three calve's feet, boiled and chopped fine, the crumb of a two-penny loaf, three quarters of a pound of beef fuet, a little lemon peel fhred fine, two cunces of candied orange, a little mace, and nutmeg, and fugar to your tafte: mix all well together, butter your cloth and duft it with flour; put in a little falt, and a glafs of brandy, tie it up clote, and boil it two hours or better. Put it in a bafon that will juft hold it, and let it flay ten minutes before you turn it out. Wine fauce.

## A boiled Rice Pudding.

Boil fix ounces of rice in water till it be foft; put it in a fieve to drain, then beat it in a marble mortar with five eggs, a quarter of a pound of butter, fome grated nutmeg, and a quarter of a pound of fugar; beat them all well together, and then put in half a pound of currants. Boil it an hour. Wine fauce.

# Bread Pudding.

Take the crumb of a two-penny loaf, boil a flick of cinnamon in a pint of milk, pour it over your crumbs, with two ounces of butter; beat it up with four eggs, a little fugar, nutmeg, and half a pound of currants: beat it all up together, and boil it an hour.

# Bread Pudding another way.

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Take half a pint of milk, and boil it with a flick of cinnamon; take a lemon grated, half a pound of fuet chopped fine, and as much G bread

bread as will make it up; beat it well, and put in four eggs, a little falt, fugar, and nutmeg. You may either boil or bake it.

# A Bread and Butter Pudding.

Take a two-penny loaf and cut off the cruft; butter and cut it as for tea; have ready your difh with a little pafte on the edge to bake it in; lay a layer of bread and butter at the bottom, and currants and fugar; take four eggs and a pint of milk, a little nutmeg and fugar, mix all well, and pour a little upon the bread and currants; then put in another layer of bread and currants, and pour a little of your milk and eggs on; and fo on till you have filled your difh. You muft pour a glafs of brandy over it, and put fome fuet on the top. Half an hour will bake it.

# A Transparent Pudding.

Beat eight eggs very well, and put them in a pan, with half a pound of butter, the fame of loaf fugar beat fine, and a little grated nutmeg: fet it on the fire, and keep flirring it till it thickens like buttered eggs; then put it in a bafon to cool; roll a rich puff pafte very thin, and lay it round the edge of a china difh; then pour in the pudding, and bake it in a moderate oven half an hour: it will cut light and clear. It is a pretty pudding for a corner for dinner, and a middle for fupper.

# A Vermicelli Pudding.

Roil four ounces of vermicelli in a pint of new

new milk, till it is foft, with a flick or two of cinnamon; then put in half a pint of thick cream, a quarter of a pound of butter, a quarter of a pound of fugar, and the yolks of four beaten eggs. Bake it in an earthen difh without a pafte.

## A Tapioca Pudding.

Boil two ounces of tapioca with three gills of milk and a flick of cinnamon; you muft flir it till it becomes thick, then take it off the fire, and when cold, put to it three eggs, a little falt and nutmeg, and fugar to your tafte. Bake it three quarters of an hour. It is a very flrengthening pudding, for any perfor that is poorly.

# A Sago Pudding.

Boil two ounces of fago in water, with a flick of cinnamon, till it is foft and thick;' then take it from the fire, and let it fland till it is quite cold; grater the crumb of half a penny loaf, and pour over it a large glafs of red wine, half a pound of fugar, and four eggs; beat it a quarter of an hour, and put it in a difh with a pafte on the edge. When it comes out of the oven flick is with fome almonds cut long.

# A Tanfey Pudding.

Grater four naples bilcuits in a pint of good milk or cream and five eggs; ftamp your tanley, and fqueeze it through a cloth; and take fome fpinage to green it, ftamped and put through a cloth feparate; fugar it to your taffe; put in as  $G \mathfrak{D}$  much much of the tanfey juice as you like for tafte, and as much of the fpinage as will make it a fine green. Set it on a flow fire and flir it till it be thick, with a quarter of a pound of butter.

When cold put in a glass of brandy; you may either boil or bake it. Garnish with a feville orange, cut into fix or eight pieces.

# A Tanfey Fudding of ground Rice.

Boil fix ounces of ground rice in a quart of good milk, till it is foft; then put in half a pound of butter, with fix eggs very well beat, fugar and rofe water to your tafte; put in your tanfey and fpinage as before, and mix all well together: then pour it into your difh; three quarters of an hour will bake it. When you difh it up flick it over with a feville, or fweet orange in half quarters.

# A Quaking Pudding.

Boil a quart of cream, and let it ftand till almost cold; then beat four or five eggs a full quarter of an hour, with a spoonful and a half of flour; then mix them with your cream; add sugar and nutmeg to your taste: tie it close up in a cloth well buttered, and let it boil an hour and turn it carefully out.

#### A Marrow Pudding.

Pour on the crumb of a penny loaf a pint of cream boiling hot; cut a pound of beef marrow very thin; beat five or fix eggs very well; then add a glass of brandy, with fugar and nutmeg to your palate, and mix them all well up together

ther. You may either boil or bake it; three quarters of an hour will do it; cut two ounces of citron very thin, and flick them over it when you fend it up.

## Dutch Puddings.

Take two spoonfuls of flour, fix eggs, a pint of good milk, a little falt, and nutmeg, mix them well together, and greafe your pots well before you put in the batter; bake them quick half an hour, and lend them up hot, with melted butter for fauce.

# A Black Cap Pudding.

Take a quarter of a pound of butter rub in it a quarter of a pound of flour; put it in the oven till it be melted, then take it out, flir it, and let it fland till it be cool; put to it a quart of good milk, five or fix eggs, a little iemon peel, mace and nutmeg; fweeten it to your talte, and put in a glafs of brandy. An hour will bake it.

### A plain Rice Pudding.

Boil half a pound of rice in three pints of milk with a flick of cinnamon; when fost take it off the fire, and put in a little butter the fize of a walnut; fweeten it to your tafte, put in a little falt, and one egg, put a little fuet on the top, before you bake it.

#### To make Black Puddings.

When you kill a pig, drefs the fkins very well, and fave two quarts of blood; put it through a hair fieve whilft warm upon a quartern

tern of groats; flir it often and keep it warm, to foften the groats ; your skins will not be ready for use that day; you must put them in water and rub them with falt, and change the water every two hours. Boil penny-royal and fweet leeks in fome milk, and ftrain it over a quantity of bread crumbs; the fat of the pig you must skin, and cut it in small pieces to put in the blood, with the reft of the ingredients; beat four eggs, and two nutmegs, with fome pepper and falt, mix them well together and fill your skins, but not too full or they will break. Before you put them in to boil, prick them with a pin, and boil them ten or twelve minutes; when you take them out, put them in clean flraw. You must renew the fat, and be fuie to put plenty into every pudding ; do not boil too many at once, or they will burit. When you have boiled them once over, put fresh water into your pot, and when it boils, boil them again ten minutes, then spread them in dry flraw, and it will make them black. This is the the beft way for making black puddings I know.

# To roaft a Pig.

Take a small fat pig, cut off the feet at the first joint, flit up the belly, and take out all the entrails; put thel iver heart and lights to the petitoes; wash them well out with cold water, and dry your pig exceeding well with a cloth; fhred fome fage, and take a handful of bread crumbs, pepper falt, and a little mace; take it up with a lump of butter, put it in the pig,

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pig, and few it up. Roaft it till it be very crifp and well done; if it be a fine young pig it will roaft in an hour, but if a large one an hour and a half. If the fkin appears dry in roafting you muft have a little butter in a cloth and rub over it. When enough, cut the head off the ears, and fplit the jaw in two, when you cut the pig down the back, which you muft do before you draw out the fpit, put the pig back to back on the difh, the jaws on each fide and the ears on each fhoulder.

# To make Sauce for the Pig.

Have a bason of good melted butter; take the brains out of the head, and the fage and crumbs out of the belly; mix it with your melted butter and make it hot; pour some upon your discount of the best of the second second put the rest in a boat, and fend up with it a plate of plumped currants.

# To drefs the Pettitoes.

Take the heart, liver and lights and boil them five minutes, and then walh them out, and have a little gravy to flew them in, for half an hour with the pettitoes; then take the heart, liver and lights, chop them fmall, and put them in the gravy; then cut the pettitoes in two and lay them on the minced meat; feafon them with pepper and falt to your tafte, and lay the whole on your difh. Garnifh with fippets.

# An Apple Pudding.

Make a good cold paste, and roll it rather thin;

thin; take a large codlin, pare it and take out the core, with an apple foraper; put fome fugar in the hole, and fome candied orange on the top, put it on your pafte and clofe it up at one end, tie it up clofe in a cloth, and boil it an hour. Three or four are fufficient for a difh. Send them up with melted butter.

You may make Damfons the fame way, leaving out the orange.

## To make a Raefpbrry Pudding.

Make a cold passe, roll it pretty square, spread preferved raspberries on it, and roll it up; tie it up in a cloth, and boil it. When boiled, cut it in three, and lay it on your dish, with melted butter poured over it.

### To make fuet Puddings.

Take half a pound of beef fuet cut fine, half a pound of flour, half a pound of currants, a little fugar, falt, and nutmeg; make it up into a pafte with a little cream; divide it into three, and tie them feparately in cloths. Boil them an hour and a half. Plain melted butter for fauce.

## To make a Sparrow Pudding.

Make a cold pafte, take a lump of butter rolled in pepper and falt, and put in every fparrow : roll out your pafte, and put in your fparrows; tie them up in a cloth and boil them, one hour and a half. Pour melted butter over them and fend them up. You may make the pafte of fuet inftead of butter, if you like it.

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# To make Barm Puddings.

Take a pound of flour, mix a fpoonful of barm in it, with a little falt, and make it into a light pafte, with warm water; let it lie one hour, then make it into round balls, and tie them up in little nets, and put them in a pan of boiling water; do not cover them or they will be fad, nor fuffer them to boil fo faft as to let the water boil over them; turn them when they have been in fix or feven minutes, and they will rife through the nets and look like diamonds; twenty minutes will boil them; ferve them up and pour fweet fauce over them.

#### A Yorkshire Pudding to bake under meat.

Beat three or four eggs with a little falt, and a quart of milk, with flour to make it tolerably fliff; put it in your dripping pan, and bake it under mutton, beef, or veal. Before you take it up have a chaffing difh full of coals under, to brown it and make it light. Take it up, and cut it in fquares and fend it up to the table.

# To make Goffers.

Beat three eggs well with three fpoonfuls of flour, and a little falt, a little fugar, half a nutmeg, a pint of milk and a quarter of a pound of currants; beat them all well togethe ri Make your goffer tongs hot and greafe the m well with butter; then fill the bottom part of your tongs, and clap the other down; turn them till they are a fine brown, fpread them on a difh, and fend them up with a little wine.

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#### To make Cream Pancakes.

Take the yolks of three eggs with half a pint of cream, and half a fpoonful of flour, with a little fugar, nutmeg and falt; beat them well together, greafe your pan and fry them, as thin as possible; grate a little fugar over them and fend them up hot.

#### To make Tanfey Pancakes.

Beat four eggs in half a pint of cream, three fpoonfuls of flour, and a fpoonful of fine fugar; beat them a quarter of an hour, and put to them one fpoonful of juice of tanley, and juice of fpinage to green them : fry them with frefh butter, and ferve them up hot. Garnish with feville orange.

# To make Apple Fritters.

Pare a large apple and take out the core with an apple fcope; mix half a pint of cream and a little flour, a little falt, and nutmeg, and fugar, and two eggs; cut the apple in flices and dip them in the batter, fry them flowly and it will foften the apple; fend them up with fugar grated over them.

#### To make Plumb Fritters.

Take fome good milk, about a pint, warm it, and take five or fix fpoonfuls of flour, three or four eggs, and one fpoonful of new barm, a few flices of apples cut thin, half a pound of currants and a little fugar and nutmeg : fry them a nice brown, with either buter or lard. White wine and fugar for fauce.

#### A boiled Milk Pudding.

Boil a pint of new milk, pour it on three fpoonfuls of flour, with a lump of butter, and a little falt; let it ftand till it be cold and beat it up with five or fix eggs. Tie it tight in a cloth. Melted butter for fauce.

# To make a Transparent Pudding.

Make your calf's-foot jelly very fliff, and when it is quite fet put a gill of it into a china bason, let it stand till it is quite set, blanch a few Jordan almonds, cut them and a few jar raifins length way; cut a little candied lemon and citron in little thin flices, flick them all over your jelly, and throw in a few currants: then more jelly as before; then more almonds raifins, citron, and lemon in layers, till your bason is full; let it stand all night. When you want to use it, set your bason to the brim in hot water for one minute, take care that you do not let the water go over the top, layyour plate on the top of your balon and turn it upfide down, if you want it for the middle turn it upon a falver.

# Orange Marmacelli.

Take the yolks of fix eggs boiled hard, three ounces of fweet almonds beat fine, with a little rofe water, two ounces of butter, the out fide rind of a large lemon grated, as much lump fugar as will fweeten it to your tafte; have fome macaroons wetted with white wine at the bottom of of your difh; mix the ingredients H 3.

together. and rub it through a fmall cullender over your macaroons. Garnish with preferved orange and citron.

#### Burnt Cream

Take a pint of cream, boil fome laurel leaves in it till they tafte it; take them out, fweeten it to your tafte with loaf fugar; take the yolks of fix eggs, beat them well, then flir them into the hot cream, over a flow fire, flirring it all the time; when thickened, pour it into a china difh; grate loaf fugar over it; have ready a hot falamander to brown it, till it is crifp like candy; do not grate your fugar upon it till the moment you are going to brown it. It is proper for a corner difh.

#### To make a Bride Cake.

Take four pounds and a half of fine flour well dried; four pounds of loaf sugar pounded, and fifted, four pounds of butter, washed in clean fpring water, then put in a little rofe water; work your butter to a cream with your hand: to every pound of butter have nine eggs, whilk the whites to a froth, and keep working the flour in gradually, with the whites of the eggs; then put in a quarter of an ounce of mace, and half an ounce of nutmeg, pounded, four pounds of currants, and half a pound of jar raifins ftoned; beat your yolks half an hour; then add half a pound of blanched almonds, and a glafs of brandy, two pounds of candied orange and one of citron; put the third part, in your gath; then lay over your candies a third part, with

with your almonds; then put in another layer, and the candies, as before, and the third layer, put in all your candies. It will take five hours baking. When it comes from the oven you must put almond-icing over it.

#### To make Almond-Icing.

Take a pound of almonds, and beat them fine with role water, half a pound of loaf fugar and the whites of four eggs, then lay it on your cake whilft warm.

## Sugar Icing for Bride Cake.

Take two pound of the trefined fugar pounded and fifted, fix of the paleft whites of eggs you can find; beat them one hour: put in the fugar very lightly, a little at a time; when you have got all the fugar in, you must beat it one hour, and the longer you beat them the whiter it will be. Lay it on the almond icing with a knife, and as even as you can. You must keep it from the fire in a dry place; when it is dry, put a thin gause over it to keep off the flies. This icing will do for the fides as well as the top.

#### An Almond Cake.

Take a pound of flour dried well, nine eggs leaving out two whites, a pound of butter washed in rofe water, three quarters of a pound of sweet almonds, blanched and pounded, but not very fine, a little mace and nutmeg, a pound of loaf sugar, fisted fine; work the butter well with your hand, and put in the flour by by degrees; when your eggs are well whifked put them in, and work them well with your butter and flour, then put in your almonds and feafoning. Before you put it in the oven grate over it a little fugar. Bake it one hour and a half.

## To make a Spunge Cake.

Take fifteen eggs, separate the whites from the yolks; a pound of fugar finely fifted a pound of flour dried and fifted; grate the rind of two fresh lemons into your yolks of eggs, and whilk your eggs one hour at leaft; it requires two perfons to make it, as the whites must be beat alfo, and longer than the yolks; work the flour into the yolks gradually, with a little of the sugar, and put in the whites gradually, until you have got all in; put writing paper into your tin, well greafed before you put the cake in: it will bake in an hour in a quick oven : grate a little fugar over it when you put it in the oven: if you fee it fcorch you must must put paper over it, and any cake requires paper to prevent them fcorching.

# Small Spunge Bifcuits.

Take fix eggs, their full weight of loaf fugar, and half their weight of flour; feparate the whites from the yolks, and beat the yolks very well, then the whites till they are as white as fnow; grate the rind of one lemon; then put the rind, the fugar, and all together; put the flour lightly on the top, flirring it until it is ready to put into the oven. Put them in little tins, grating fome fine fugar on the tops.

#### To make Macaroons.

To one pound of blanched and beaten fweet almonds, put in one pound of fugar, and a little rofe water to keep them from oiling; beat the whites of five eggs to a froth, for half an hour; put them in, and beat them well together; drop them on wafer paper and grate fome fugar over them; then bake them.

## To make Ratifia Cakes.

Take a pound of fweet and two ounces of bitter almonds; blanch and beat them in a little rofe water; pound and fift a pound of loaf fugar, mix it with your almonds; have ready very well beat, the whites of four eggs: mix them very lightly with your almonds and fugar; drop them in little drops the fize of a nutmeg on cap paper, and bake them in a flow oven.

# To make Shrewfbury Cakes.

Take a pound of flour, half a pound of lump fugar pounded, half a pound of butter washed in role water; rub it in the flour; put in a little mace and nutmeg, and mix them all well together; make them up into a stiff passe with an egg and thick cream; roll it out, and cut them what shape you please. Bake them a cinnamon brown. They are an excellent cake.

# To make Queen Cakes.

Take a pound of loat fugar, beat and fift it; a pound of flour well dried, a pound of butter, nine eggs, a pound of currants well washed and picked; grate a nutmeg, the fame quantity of mace,
mace, and work your butter to a cream; then put in your fugar, beat the whites of your eggs near half an hour; mix them with your fugar and butter; then beat your yolks near half an hour, and put them to your butter, beat them exceeding well together; then put in your flour, fpices and the currants; when it is ready for the oven, bake them in tins, and duft a little fugar over them.

### To make a Bifcuit Cake.

Take a pound of flour, well dried, a pound of butter, nine eggs well whifked, half a teacup full of carraway feeds, a little mace and nutmeg, a pound of loaf fugar beat and fifted; work your butter to a cream and then put in your fugar; whifk the whites of your eggs very well, then beat the yolks and put them and the flour in; then your fpices and feeds; work all together, and bake it in a tin well greafed and papered.

# To make Jumbalis.

Take a pound of fugar well beat and fifted, half a pound of butter, a pound of flour well dried, grate the rinds of two fine lemons, two eggs exceedingly well beat, if this number of eggs will make it up into a pafte; if it will not fet it before the fire, and then work it all together; cut it in fmall bits the fize of a walnut, and roll it as long and as finall as you can: then turn it up round in as little compafs as you can, and bake it on tins.

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#### To make Rice Cake.

Beat twelve eggs exceeding well, the whites and the yolks feperate; the rinds of two lemons, a pound of fugar, and a pound of ground rice; work them all well together; bake it in a tin in a quick oven, and bake it three quarters of an hour.

## To make a common Seed Cake.

Take two pound of flour, rub in half a pound of butter; take a fpoonful of new barm and mix it up with a pint of milk warmed a little and two eggs, and a few carraway feeds; fet it to rife before the fire, and then work in three quarters of a pound of fugar, and bake it in a quick oven.

## To make Buns.

Take a quartern of flour, rub in half a pound of butter, make it up with warm milk, and two or three eggs, and two fpoonfuls of new barm; fet it before the fire to rife; when rifen, put in three quarters of a pound of fugar, half a pound of currants, and a few carraway feeds. Bake, it in little tins, in a quick oven.

## To make light Wigs.

To three quarters of a pound of fine flour, put half a pint of milk made warm; mix in it two or three fpoonfuls of barm, and two or three eggs; cover it up; fet it half an hour to rife; work into the pafte four ounces of fugar, and four ounces of butter: make it into wigs with as little flour as poffible.

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### To make Tea Crumpets.

Beat two eggs very well, put to them a quart of cream warmed, and a large fpoonful of barm; beat in as much fine flour, as will make them rather thicker than a common batter pudding; then make your bake-ftone very hot, and rub it with a little butter wrapped in a clean linen cloth; then pour a large fpoonful of batter upon your ftone, and let it run to the fize of a tea faucer; turn it, and when you want to ufe them, toaft them very crifp and butter them.

#### To make Pikelets.

Take a pound of flour, and a large fpoonful of barm, a little falt, fome good milk or cream, and two eggs; make it up in a ftiff batter; let it ftand to rife, and then bake them on a bakeftone, rubbed with butter, in fmall cakes; they are the best buttered hot off the ftone, but are very nice toafted crifp and buttered.

### To make French Bread.

Take half a peck of flour, rub in it three ounces of butter; have fome warm milk, and water, and three eggs, with three or four fpoonfuls of new barm; mix it up and beat it well before you make it fliff, let it fland to rife, and then bake it about the fize of a threepenny rafp. If you want any for the table make them fmaller.

# To make plain Fritters.

Put one pint of boiling milk to the crumb of a penny loaf; mix it very fmooth; when cold

cold put in three eggs, sugar it to your tafte, and fry them with very little butter,

## To make drop Biscuits.

Beat the yolks of ten eggs and the whites of fix, ten ounces of loaf fugar pounded; beat and whifk them very well for half an hour; put in a few carraway feeds, and fix or feven ounces of flour; drop them on writing paper and bake them in a moderate oven.

#### To make Snow Balls.

Pare five large baking apples, take out the cores with a fcoop, and fill the holes with orange or quince marmalade; then make a little good hot paste and roll your apples in it: make your cruft of an equal thicknefs, and put them in a tin dripping-pan; bake them in a moderate oven: when you take them out, make iceing for them, the fame way as for a plumb cake, and ice them all over with it about a quarter of an inch thick; fet them a good distance from the fire, till they are hardened but do not let them brown; put one in the middle of a china difh, and the other five round it. Garnish them with green sprigs, or small flowers; they are a proper corner difh for either dinner or fupper.

#### Snow Cream.

Make a rich cuftard and put it in the bottom of a china difh; then take the whites of eight eggs beat with role water, and a spoonful of treble refined fugar: beat it till It

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it is a ftrong froth; put fome milk and water into a broad flew pan, and when it boils take the froth off the eggs, lay it on the milk and water, and let it boil once up; take it off carefully, and lay it on your cuttard. It is a pretty difh for fupper.

#### Tea Cream.

To half a pint of milk put a quarter of an ounce of fine hyfon tea; boil them together ftrain the leaves out, and put to the milk half a pint of cream, and two fpoonfuls of rennet, fugar it to your tafte; fet it over fome hot embers in the difh which you fend it to table in, and cover it with a tin plate; when it is thick, it is enough. Garnifh with fweet meats.

# A very good receipt for making Gingerbread.

Take half a ftone of flour, a pound of fugar; five pounds of treacle, a pound and a half of butter, melt it with the treacle over the fire; put into the flour the peels of four lemons cut fine, two ounces of ginger, and two of cloves-pepper, a nutmeg grated, fome candied orange cut fine, and a fmall bit of pearlafh diffolved: then mix up the flour and all the ingredients, with the warm treacle and butter, putting in a large glafs of brandy: let it fland till the next day, and then make it up into what fhape you pleafe. If you make brandy fnaps, you muft put little bits of candied orange into every fnap.

\*\*\* When you make flummery always take care to have it thick, and your moulds wet in cold water. When you make whips or Syllabubs, raife

raife your froth with a chocolate mill, and lay it on a fieve to drain; lay it fafe on your glaffes without mixing it with the wine.

## To make Calf's Foot Jelly.

Take a gang of calf's feet well cleaned, and boil them in fix quarts of water, gently, till reduced to two quarts; let it fland all night; put it through a cullender; when cold, forape all the fat off, and put it in a fauce-pan with a pint of lifbon, madeira, or any other pale wine; the whites of four eggs, the rind of two lemons and the juice of two, with fugar to your tafte; a glafs of french brandy to keep it from turning blue; put all in whilft hot, ftir it a little, and let it boil two minutes; put it in a bag, and let it run through into a bafon, till your jelly is clear by frequently putting it back into your bag again; when clear, fet your glaffes under it and let it run into them.

## To make Hartshorn Jelly.

Take half a pound of hartshorn, and a quarter of a pound of ifinglass, put to it two quarts of water, and let it stand all night in the oven, strain it off, and put to it a pint of Rhenish wine, the whites of three eggs, sugar to your taste, with the juice and rind of two lemons; boil them together, and put them through a bag whilst clear; then let it run into your glasfes. If you have no Rhenish wine, white will do.

To make Savoury Jelly for cold Meat. Boil beef and mutton to a stiff jelly, season

it with pepper and falt, a blade or two of mace and an onion; beat the whites of four eggs, put them to your jelly, and beat it a little; then run it through a jelly bag, and when clear, pour it on your meat, or fowls, in the difh you fend it up on.

### To make Flummery, or Blomange.

When you boil calve's feet for jelly it must be flrong, you must reduce it to a quart or five gills; put it through a cullender, let it ftand all night; and take off all the fat; blanch two ounces of fweet almonds, and half a ounce of butter, pound them in a mortar with a little rofe-water, boil them in a gill of new milk, and ftrain them very well; then put half of your ftock into a faucepan, fweeten it to your tafle; and put to it the milk that the almonds were boiled in ; let it ftay till it is hot; then take it off the fire and flir it till nearly cold; put in as much thick cream, as will make it white, and flir it well; wet your moulds, and put in your flummery; let it fland five or fix hours, and then turn it out: if your flummery was fliff it will turn out without warming, which often fpoils the look of it.

# To make colouring for Flummery or Blomange.

Take two penny-worth of cochineal and bruile it with the blade of a knife, put it in half a teacup full of french brandy; let it fland a quarter of an hour, and filter it through a fine cloth : it makes it a very fine pink colour.

For yellow take a little faffron, tie it in a cloth and diffolve it in cold water.

For green take fome fpinage and boil it, take off the froth and put it to your flummery.

### To make a Fish Pond.

Fill your large fifh moulds with flummery and fix fmalls ones; take a china bowl and put in half a pint of fliff clear calf's foot jelly, let it ftand till cold; then lay two of the fmall fifhes on the jelly, the right fide down; put in half a pint more jelly, let it fland till cold, and then lay in the four fmall fifhes acrofs one another, that when you turn the bowl upfide down the heads and tails may be feen; then nearly fill your bowl with jelly, and let it fland till cold; lay in the jelly four large fifhes, and fill the bafon quite full with jelly, and let it fland till the next day.

Turn it out very carefully upon a falver, just dip it in warm water and it will turn out better, but do not let it stay in long or it will spoil the look of it.

### To make a Hen's Neft.

Take three or five of the smallest pullet eggs you can get, fill them with flummery, and when they are stiff and cold, peel off the shells; pare off the rinds of two lemons very thin, and boil them in fugar and water to take off the bitterness; when they are cold, cut them in long shreds to imitate straw; then fill a bason one third full of calf's foot jelly, let it fland till cold, lay the shreds of the lemons. in a ring, about two inches high in the middle of your bason, ftrew a few corns of stago to look like barley,

barley, fill the bafon to the height of the peel, and let it ftand till cold; then lay your eggs of flummery in the middle of the ring, that the ftraws may be feen round, fill the bafon quite full of jelly, let it ftand, and turn it out the fame way as the fifh pond.

## To make Blomange of Ifinglafs.

Boil two ounces of ifinglafs in a quart of water till it is reduced to a pint, then put in the whites of four eggs, with two fpoonfuls of rice water to keep, the eggs from poaching, and fugar to your tafte; run it through a jelly bag; and put to it two ounces of fweet, and one ounce of bitter almonds, give them a fcald in your jelly, and put them through a hair fieve; put it in a china bowl, the next day turn it out, and flick it all over with almonds, blanched and cut length ways. Garnifh with green leaves or flowers.

### To make Moonshine.

Take the fhapes of half.moon, and five or feven flars, wet them and fill them with flummery; let them fland till they are cold, then turn them into a deep china difh; pour lemon cream round them, made thus:—take a pint of fpring water, put to it the juice of three lemons, and the yellow rind of one, the whites of five eggs well beaten, and four ounces of loaf fugar; then fet it over a flow fire, and flir it till it looks white and and thick; if you let it boil it will curdle; then flrain it through a hair fieve, and let it fland till it is cold: beat

beat the yolks of five eggs, and mix them with your whites, fet them over the fire, and keep flirring till it is almost ready to boil, then pour it into a bason; when it is cold pour it among your moon and stars; garnish with flowers.— It is a proper dish for a lecond course either for dinner or supper.

# To make Eggs and Bacon in Flummery.

Take a pint of stiff flummery, and make part of it a pretty pink co'our, with the colouring for the flummery; dip a potting-pot in cold water and pour in red flummery, the thickness of a crown piece; then the fame of white flummery, and another of red, and twice the thickness of white at the top; one layer must be fliff and cold before you pour on another, then take five tea cups, and put a large spoonful of white flummery into each, and let them ftand all night; then turn your flummery out of your potting-pot, on the back of a wet plate; cut your flummery into thin flices; and lay them on a china difh, then turn your flummery out of your cups on the difh, and take a bit out of the top of every one, and lay in half a preferved apricot; it will prevent the fyrup from discolouring the flummery, and make it look like the yolk of a poached egg; garnifh with flowers. It is a pretty dish for dinner or fide for fupper.

## Solomon's Temple in Flummery.

Make a quart of fliff flummery, divide it into three parts; make one part a pretty deep K. colour

colour with a little cochineal bruifed fine, and fteeped in French brandy; fcrape one ounce of chocolate very fine, difolve it in a little ftrong coffee, and mix it with another part of your flummery, to make it a light ftone colour; the last part must be white; then wet your temple mould, and fix it in a pot to fland even, then fill the top of the temple with red flummery to the fleps, and the four points with white; then fill it up with chocolate flummery; let it ftand till the next day, then loofen it round with a pin and fhake it gently till it is loofe, but do not dip your mould in warm water it will take off the gloss, and spoil the colour; when you turn it out, flick a fmall fprig, or a flower stalk, down from the top of every point, it will strengthen them and make it look pretty; lay round it rock candy fweet meats.---It is proper for a corner difh for a large dinner.

### To make Lemon Cream.

Take the juice of three or four lemons at leaft, put them on the difh you fend it to table on; make the juice pretty fweet, and make hot a pint of cream and put it in a tea pot; fet your difh on the floor, and get on a ftool and pour your cream on the lemon juice; the higher you ftand the more froth there will be. Let it ftand till the next day.

# To make Lemon Cheefecakes.

Grate the rinds of two large lemons, take fix ounces of butter, and the yolks of nine eggs; fet

fet the lemon and butter over the fire, flir it whilft thick; take it off the fire, and flir it till almoft cold; blanch a quarter of a pound of almonds and beat them, half a pound of fugar beat, (leave out a little fugar to put over your cheefecakes) put in your fugar and almonds, flir it a little, and fet it by a day or two; make a nice pafte and put it a moderate thicknefs in your tins, before you fend them to the oven; put over them a little fugar.

### To make Curd Cheefe-cakes.

Take a difh of curds the fize of a large plate; work in them a quarter of a pound of butter and a little cream, fugar to your tafte; grate in tome nutmeg, and put in ratifia, or a little rofe water, four eggs, half a pound of currants well wafhed and dried; work them altogether and bake them with a nice cruft under.

### To make Curd Cheefe-cakes another way.

Set a quart of new milk near the fire, with a fpoonful of rennet, let the milk be made blood warm; when it is broke, drain the curd through a coarfe cloth, now and then break the curd gently with your fingers; rub into the curd a quarter of a pound of butter a quarter of a pound of fugar, a nutmeg and two naples bifcuits grated, the yolks of four eggs, and the white of one, two ounces of almonds well beat with two fpoonfuls of role water, and two of fack; put them into your curd and mix them well together.

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### To make Black Caps.

Take fix large apples, cut off a flice at the bloffom end; put them in a tin, and fet them in a quick oven till they are brown; then wet them with rofe water and grate lump fugar over them; fet them in the oven again, till they look bright and black, then take them out, and put them on a deep china difh or plate, and pour round them thick cream cuftard; or white wine and fugar.

#### To make Green Caps.

Take codlins just before they are ripe, green them as you would for preferving, then rub over them a little oiled butter, grate over them double refined fugar, and fet them in the oven till they look bright and fparkle like frost; then take them out and put them in a china difh; make a very fine custard, and pour it round them, stick a fingle flower in every apple and ferve them up.——It is a pretty corner difh.

### To Stew Pears.

Pare the largeft flewing pears, and flick a clove in the bloffom end; put them in a deep earthen pot, with a quart of water and a pound of fugar, with a penny worth of cloves; put a new pewter fpoon in the middle, and the parings over the top, tie over them flrong brown paper, and let them flew all night. If your fyrup be too thin, boil it with a little red wine and fugar, and when cold put it to your pears.

### To make Syllabubs.

Take a pint of cream and a gill of new milk, a few lumps of fugar rubbed on the rind of a lemon; take a chocolate mill and froth it; take off your troth, and lay it on a hair fieve; keep taking off your froth as long. as it rifes; half fill your glaffes with white, and have the fame number of glaffes half filled with red wine; put into each glafs a little fugar, and lay on your froth as high as you can. If you have any orange-flower water by you, put a little in, and it will give them a nice flavour.

# To make a Syllabub under the Cow.

Put a bottle of firong beer and a pint of cyder, into a punch bowl, grate in a fmall nutmeg, fweeten it to your tafte, then milk as much milk from the cow as will make it a firong froth and the ale clear; let it fland an hour, then firew over it a quantity of currants, and fend it to the table.

# To make Red Currant Jelly.

Take your currants when they are dry and full ripe; pick them off the ftalks, put them into a pitcher, fet it in water, and let it boil feveral hours, but take care you do not let the water or the fteam in: put a weight over it to keep it fteady; put them in a hair fieve, and let them ftand all night to drain; to every pint of juice put a pound of lump fugar, boil it twenty minutes, and take off all the fcum; put it into your pots when hot; when quite cold put put over them writing paper dipped in brandy; tie them over with brown paper and keep them in a dry place.

You may make black currant jelly the fame way, only ftrain your currants.

### To make black Currant Jam.

Take your black currants when they are full ripe; pick them off the ftalks; to a quarter of a peck of your currants, when picked, put two pounds and a half of raw fugar; boil them half an hour, then put them into your jars when hot.—Cover them with paper fame as the jelly.

## To preferve Currants for Tarts.

Get your currants when they are dry, and pick them off the ftalks; to every pound and a half of currants, put a pound of fugar; take a few of your currants, and bruife them to diffolve your fugar with; give it a boil, and then put in the remainder of currants; boil them twenty minutes; put them in jars, and put a brandy paper over them. Keep them in a dry place.

## To make Red Raspberry Jam.

Let your rafpberries be dry when you get them, and pick out all that are moulded; crufh your rafpberries with the back of a wooden fpoon; put your fugar over them if you cannot boil them immediately, as it will keep in the flavor: to every three quarts of rafpberries put three pounds of fine raw fugar; boil them half

half an hour over a flow fire, take off all the fcum, and keep flirring them from the bottom; put them hot into your pots, and put a brandy paper over them.

### To preferve Red Currants in bunches.

Tie fix or feven bunches of red currants to a bit of cane, about the length of your finger; then squeeze some juice out of red currants. (about half a pint) and diffolve a pound of lump fugar in the juice; then boil and fkim it well: then take your bunches and hold them by the cane, in your fyrup, for two or three minutes; take them out, and fpread them on a difh; fo keep holding them in your fyrup till all have been boiled once over : put a little more fugar into your fyrup and boil it; then put in your currants, as before, and lay them npon a difh; then more currants till all have been in: dip them again and they will have been done sufficient; take out your currants and put them in glaffes, but not too full; fill up your glasses with the fyrup; let them flay till cold, and then put a paper dipped in brandy over them; keep them in a dry place.

## To preferve White Currants in bunches.

Stone your currants, and tie them in bunches, three or four stalks together, with a bit of thread; diffolve a pound of double refined sugar in water: boil it, and dip in your currants as before, and spread them on a discurdip them two or three times, lay them on a disch and press them a little; then so them,

them, when cold, fome fine fugar: turn them upon fome writing paper, and fift more fugar over them; when it is dried a little, fift more fugar over them: if they requires more fugar it must be fifted over them; lay writing paper over the top, and dry them over a flow flove. Keep them in a dry place.

## To preferve Quinces whole.

Pare your Quinces very thin and round; put them into a well tinned faucepan, with a new pewter fpoon in the middle; then fill your faucepan with hard water, and put the parings over them, to keep them clofe covered; fet them over a flow fire till they are foft, and of a fine pink colour; let them fland till cold: if your fyrup be not thick, you muft boil it again; put them into jars, with brandy paper over them.

You may preferve quinces in quarters the fame way.

## To preferve Kentish or Golden Pippins.

Boil the rind of a lemon very tender, then lay it in water two or three days; take a quart of golden pippins, pare, core, and quarter them: boil them to a ftrong jelly, and run it thro' a jelly bag; then take twelve pippins, pare and fcrape out the cores; put two pounds of loaf fugar into a ftew-pan, with near a pint of water; when it boils fkim it, and put in your pippins, with the lemon rind cut in thin flices; let them boil faft till the fugar is very thick, and will almost candy; then

then put in a pint of the pippin jelly, and boil them fast till the jelly is clear; then squeeze in the juice of a lemon; give it one boil, and put them into pots or glasses, with lemon peel.

### To prefe ve Green Gooseberries in imitation of Hops.

Take the largest walnut goofeberries you can get, cut them at the stalk end in four quarters, leave them whole at the blofforn end; then take out all the feeds, and put five or fix one in another: take a needleful of ftrong thread, with a large knot at the end; run the needle through the bunch of goofeberries, and tie a knot to fasten them together, (they refemble hops) and put cold fpring water into your pan, a large handful of vine leaves in the bottom, and have three or four layers of goofeberries with plenty of vine leaves between every layer, and over the top of your pan; cover it fo that no fleam can get out, and fet them over a flow fire ; when they are fealding hot, take them off, and let them thand till they are cold; then fet them on again till they are a good green, then take them off and let them fland till cold, and put them in a fieve to drain; make a thin fyrup: to every pint of water put in a pound of common loaf fugar, boil and fkim it well; when it is 'half cold, put in your goofeberries, and let them fland till the next day; then give them one boil a day for three days; make a little clear fyrup with losf fugar, ginger and a little lemon peel, cut very fine length ways; skim your syrup well, and when cold, put it to your gooseberries. Put them in glalles and keep them for ule.

To preferve Green Pine Apples. Get your pine apples before they are ripe, L.. and

and lay them in ftrong falt and water five days; then put a large handful of vine leaves in the bottom of a large faucepan and put in your pine apples, fill your pan up with vine leaves, then pour on the falt and water it was laid iu; cover it up very close, and set it over a flow fire; let it fland till it is a fine light green : have ready a thin fyrup, made of a quart of water and a pound of double refined fugar; when it is almost cold; put it into a deep jar, and put in the pine apple with the top; let it fland a week, and take care that it is well covered with fyrup; then boil your fyrup again, and put it carefully into your jar, left you break the top off your pine apple; let it ftand eight or ten weeks, and give the fyrup two or three boils to keep it from moulding: let your fyrup fland till it is near cold before you pour it on; when your pine apple looks quite full and green, take it out of the fyrup, and make a thick fyrup of three pounds of double refined fugar, with as much water as will diffolve it; boil and fkim it well; put a few flices of white ginger in it; when it is nearly cold pour it upon your pine apple, tie it down with a bladder, and the pine apple will keep many years and not fhrink; but if you put it into thick fyrup at first it will shrink, for the strength of the fyrup draws out the juice and fpoils it.

N. B. It is a great fault to put any kind of fruit that is preferved whole, into a thick fyrup at first.

To

### To preferve Strawberries whole.

Get the finest scarlet strawberries with stalks on, before they are too ripe; then lay them feparately on a china difh; beat and fift a little lump fugar and ftrew it over them; then take a quart of full ripe scarlet ftrawberries, crush them and put them into a jar; put to them fome double refined fugar beat fmall; cover them clofe and let them fland in a kettle of boiling water till they are foft, and the fyrup is come out of them; then strain them through a bit of catgut, into a toffing pan, boil and fkim it well; when it is almost cold, put in your whole strawberries, a very few at a time; let them flay in till your fyrup is hot, then take them out and fpread them on a difh, then put in a few more till you have done them all; fift over them a little fugar, when your fyrup is cold, put it over the fire, and put them all in again as before; do not let them boil, and be careful not to bruife them when you take them out; you must boil up your fyrup to a proper thicknefs; put your strawberries into glaffes with the stalks downwards; fill up your glaffes with the fyrup when it is cold; tie them clofe up, and put over them brandy papers.

### To make Strawberry Jam.

Take two quarts of ftrawberries, pick them clean, and pound fine two pounds of fugar; take a gill of currant juice, boil all together on a quick fire half an hour; fkim it well, and pour them into your pots hot: put a brandy paper over them, and tie them close up.

## To preferve Apricots.

Take two dozen fine apricots, clear from fpots and not too ripe; put a little water into the pan you preferve them in, put in half a dozen, and let them warm till you can take the skins off clear, spread them on a dish, and fift fome fine fugar over them; repeat it till you have got them all done; take a pint of water and a pound and a quarter of lump fugar, boil and fkim it well, take it off the fire and let it fland a while; then put in half of your apricots, and give them a gentle boil; take them out one by one, and fpread them on a difh, then do the fame with the remainder; give the fyrup a boil and put to it a little more fugar; boil them as before twice more, the last time you boil them, fkim your fyrup well, till it is both thick and clear, and when cold put it to your apricots, in glafs jars; put over them brandy papers, and keep them in a cool dry place.

### To make Apricot Marmalade.

Take your apricots when they are ripe; take off the fkin and take out the flones with a pen knife; take their weight of fugar, and boil them half an hour or more, rub them well with the back of a fpoon againft your pan,; when they are boiling, pour them into your pots when hot, and the next day put over them a paper dipt in brandy; tie them up clofe with leather over them.

To preferve Red Gooseberries. To every quart of rough red gooseberries, put put a pound of lump fugar; put your fugar into a preferving pan, with as much water as will diffolve it; boil and fkim it well; then put in your goofeberries, let them boil a little, and fet them by till they are cold; then boil them till they look clear, and the fyrup thick, then put them into pots or glaffes: cover them with brandy papers, and keep them for ufe.

### To preferve Morrello Cherries.

Get your cherries, when they are full ripe, take out all the ftalks, and prick them with a pin; to every two pounds of cherries put a pound and a half of loaf fugar: beat part of your fugar and flrew it over them; let them ftand a few hours; diffolve the reft of your fugar in half a pint of the juice of currants, fet it over a flow fire, and put in the cherries with the fugar, and give them a gentle fcald; let them ftand all night, and give them another fcald; then take them carefully out, and boil your fyrup till it is thick, then pour it upon your cherries; if you find it too thin boil it again.

### To preferve Barberries in bunches.

Take the female barberries, fome of the largeft bunches, then pick the reft from the flalks, put them in as much water as will make a fyrup, for your bunches, and boil them till they are foft; then ftrain them through a fieve; to every pint of the juice put a pound and a half of loaf fugar, boil and fkim it well; to every pint of fyrup put half a pound of barberrics in bunches, boil them till they look vety

ry fine and clear, then put them carefully into pots or glaffes; tie brandy papers over them.

### To preferve Damfons.

Get your damfons, before they are full ripe; put them in ftone bottles, with half their weight of fugar; tie over them a calf's bladder, and put your bottles in a pot of cold water, let them boil twenty minutes; then take them out and keep them in a dry place. You must not take the bladders off till you want to use them.

### To preferve Damfons another way.

Take half a peck of finall long damfons; pick off the ftalks and prick them with a pin; put them in a deep pot with two pounds of fugar, and fet them in a moderate oven till they are foft; take them out, and let them ftand two days before you boil the fyrup; boil up your fyrup with two pounds more fugar, till it is clear and thick; then 'put in your damfons, and give them a boil for a few minutes: put them into pots, and put a brandy paper over them, and tie a bladder over it. Keep them in a dry place,

# To preserve Magnum Bonum Plumbs.

Take the large yellow plumbs; put them in a pan full of fpring water, fet them over a flow fire, and keep putting them down with a fpoon, till you find the fkin will come off; then take them up, and take off the fkin with a penknife; put them in a fine fyrup; and give them a gentle boil; then take them off, and keep turning

turning them pretty often in the fyrup, or the outfide will turn brown; when they are quite cold, fet them over the fire again; boil them five or fix minutes; then take them off, and turn them in the fyrup very often till they are near cold; then take them out and lay them feparately on a flat china difh; ftrain the fyrup through a rag, and add to it the weight of your plumbs, of fine loaf fugar, boil and fkim it well; then put in your plumbs; boil them till they look clear: then put them into jars or glaffes, cover them well with the fyrup, or they will lofe their colour; put brandy papers over them.

### To preferve Wine Sours.

Take the finest wine sours; pick off the stalks and run a pin down the feam, skin deep; fift over them some sugar; put them in a jar with half their weight of sugar, and set them in a pan of water to stew; do not let them be too soft; let them stand till the next day, then pour the syrup from the plumbs, and boil it with a little more sugar; let it stand another day and then give the plumbs a boil; then boil up your syrup to a proper thickness; let it stand till near cold, and then pour it on your plumbs, put them in jars with brandy papers over them and a bladder over that.

## To preferve Peaches.

Get the largest peaches before they are too ripe; rub off the lint with a cloth; then run them down the seam with a pin, skin deep; boil them

them in a thick fyrup and drain them very well till they are rather dryed; put them in a jar and fill it up with French brandy. Tie them up clofe and keep them for use.

#### To make Bullace Cheefe.

Take your bullaces when they are full ripe, put them into a pot; to every quart of bullaces put a quarter of a pound of loaf fugar; let them ftay in the oven till they are foft, then rub them through a hair fieve; to every pound of pulp add half a pound of loaf fugar beat fine; then boil it an hour and a half over a flow fire, flirring it all the time, then pour it into potting pots, and tie brandy papers over them; keep them in a dry place; when it has flood a few months it will cut very bright and fine.

You may make floc cheefe the fame way.

## To dry Cherries.

Take kentifh cherries, ftone them; and to every pound of cheries put a pound and a quarter of fine fogar; beat and fift it over your cherries, and let them fland all night; take them out of the fogar, and to every pound of fogar put two fpoonfuls of water, boil and fkim it well, then put in your cherries; and let your fogar boil over them, the next morning fitain them, and to every pound of the fyrup put half a pound more fogar; let it boil a little thicker; then put in your cherries and let them boil gently; the next day fitain and dry them in a flove, and turn them every day.

To

#### To make Violet Cakes.

Take the finefl violets you can get, pick off the leaves; beat the violets fine in a mortar, with the junce of a lemon: beat and fift twice their weight of double refined fugar; put your fugar and violets into a filver fauce-pan or tankard, fet it over a flow fire, and keep flirring it gently till all your fugar is diffolved; if you let it boil it will difcolour your violets; drop them in a china plate: when you take them off, put them in a box with paper between every layer.

## To dry Green Gage Plumbs.

Make a thin fyrup of half a pound of loaf fugar, and fkim it well; flit a pound of plumbs down the feam, and put them into the fyrup; keep them fealding hot, till they are tender; you must cover them well with fyrup or they will lofe their colour; let them fland all night; then make a rich fyrup: to a pound of double refined fugar, put two spoonfuls of water, fkim it well, and boil it almost to a candy; when it is cold, drain your plumbs out of the first fyrup, and put them into the thick fyrup; be sure let the fyrup cover them; fet them on the fire to feald till they look clear; take them out after they have been in a few days, and dry them in a flove; turn them once a day till they are dry.

### To candy Ginger.

Beat two pounds of fine loaf fugar; put one pound in a toffing pan, with as much wa-M. ter ter as will diffolve it, with one ounce of race ginger, grated fine; flir them well together over er a very flow fire till the fugar begins to boil, then flir in the other pound, and keep flirring it till it grows thick; then take it off the fire, and drop it in cakes upon earthen difhes; fet them in a warm place to dry, and they will look white, and be very hard and bitter.

## To preferve Oranges.

Take feville oranges free from spots, cut a piece off the top, about the fize of a fhilling; cut them like a pine, with a penknife, and take out the infide very carefully, but not too near; put them in a pot with falt and water; let them fland all night or longer; boil them in a large well tinned fauce-pan, and wrap them in linen cloths before you put them in; let them boil three hours; have ready, two pounds of lump fugar, boil it with three gills of water pretty thick; put in three or four oranges let them boil ten minutes, and keep turning them with a ipoon; when they look clear, put them in separate jars; boil your syrup after you have taken out the oranges, and fkim it well; let it ftand till cold, and then put it to your oranges; the next day, put over them brandy papers, and tie them clofe with either leather or a bladder.

### To make Clotted Cream.

Take a quart of good cream, put to it on<sup>e</sup> fpoonful of earning; when it comes to a curd, break it very carefully with a filver fpoon; lay it

it upon a fieve to drain a little; put it into a china foup plate, and pour over it fome good cream, with the juice of rafpberries, damfons, or any fruit to make it a fine pink colour: fweeten it to your tafte, and lay a few ftrawberry leaves round it. It is proper for a middle difh at fupper, or a corner at dinner.

# To make Steeple Cream with Wine Sours.

Take one pint of ftrong clear calf's-foot jelly, the yolks of four hard boiled eggs, pounded in a mortar exceeding fine; with the juice of a feville orange, and as much double refined fugar as will make it fweet; when your jelly is warm, put it in, and keep ftirring it till it is cold, and grows as thick as cream; then put it into jelly glaffes; the next day turn it out into a difh with preferved wine fours; flick a fprig of myrtle in the top of every cream and ferve it up.

#### Lemon Cream with Peel.

Boil a pint of cream, when it is half cold put in the yolks of four eggs, and ftir it till it is cold; then fet it over the fire, with four ounces of loaf fugar, a tea fpoonful of grated lemon peel, ftir them till it is pretty hot; take it off the fire, and put it in a bafon to cool; when it is cold, put it in fweetmeat glaffes; lay over them lemon peel cut like ftraws ——It is proper to be put on a bottom falver, among jellies and whips.

### To make a Trifle.

Take a quarter of a pound of macaroons, Ma put put them in the bottom of a china difh, wit. two glaffes of white wine, and half a glafs of brandy; make a cuffard to put upon the macaroons; make it of a pint of cream; put it in a clean fauce-pan, and make it hot : have ready the yolks of fix eggs beat with a little fugar; put in your eggs when it is hot, and fir it one way whilft it is very hot, but not to boil: fweeten it to your tafte: and when cold pour it upon your macaroons: then take half a pint of new milk and a pint of cream, rub a lump of fugar on the rind of a lemon, to tafte your froth; take a chocolate mill and froth it; take off your froth as it rifes, and lay it upon a fieve to drain; lay it upon your trifle, and heap it up as high as you can; before you fend it to the table, ftrew over it morell comfi's. It is proper for a middle difh.

### To make Rice Cheefecakes.

Boil four ounces of rice with a flick of cinnamon, till foft; then drain it through a fieve; put in half a pound of butter, and crufh it with the back of a fpoon; put in four eggs, fix ounces of fugar, and half a pint of cream, a nutmeg grated, and half a glafs of ratifia water, or brandy; bake them in tins, with a good pafte under them.

### To pet Venifon.

Take four or fix pounds of venifon; if ftale wafh it with vinegar, and dry it very well; cut it in pieces, and put it in a pot, with a pound of butter, fome mace, and falt, and a few

few cloves; cover it clofe up, fet it in a kettle of water, and let it boil four or five hours; take it out, drain it well, and take off all the fkim; pound it well in a mortar, and put a little of the fat to it as you pound it; feafon it to your tafte, and put it in potting pots; when cold, put over it clarified butter.

### To pot Veal.

Cut a fillet of veal and put it in a pot, fet it over the fire to flew three hours, with a pound of butter, pepper, mace, and falt, (if you fend it to the oven, put over it a paper, and then a pafte); when it is flewed, drain the meat from the gravy very well; and clear off the fat to put to your meat; when you pound it, feaion your veal a little more; pound it very well, and keep putting to it a little of your butter; put it very clofe down in your pots, and lay a weight over them; the next day put clarified butter over them.

#### To pot Marble Veal.

Boil a dried tongue until tender ; fkin and cut it as thin as poffible aud beat it exceeding well with butter and a little mace ; have ready your veal ftewed, and beaten as before ; then put fome veal into your potting pots, and then fome tongue and fo fill your pots; lay a weight on them till the next day, and then pour clarified butter over them.

### To pot Beef.

Take three or four pounds of a rump of beef;

beef; put it down in the pot, with three quarters of a pound of butter or marrow, with cloves and a little cayenne; put it in a pan of water and let it flew five hours; drain your meat well from the gravy, and feafon it with mace, nutmeg, and falt, and a little cayenne; pound it very well, and keep putting to it a little of your fat; put it in pots, and put clarified butter over as before.

#### To collar a Breast of Veal.

Bone your veal, and rub it a little, then rub it over with the yolk of an egg; firew all over it a little beaten mace, nutmeg, pepper and falt, a large handful of parfley chopped fmall, with a few fprigs of fweet marjoram, a little lemon peel cut exceeding fine, one anchovy, wafhed, boned, and chopped fmall, and mixed with a few bread crumbs; then roll it up very tight, bind it with a fillet, and wrap it in a clean cloth, then boil it two hours and a half in foft water; when it is enough, hang it up by one end and make a pickle for it: to one pint of falt and water put half a pint of vinegar, when you fend it to the table, cut a flice off one end; garnifh with pickles and parfley,

### To collar a Calf's Head.

Take a calf's head with the fkin on, and drefs off the hair, then rip it down the face, and take out all the bones carefully from the meat and fleep it in warm blue milk, till it is white; then lay it flat, and rub it with the white of an egg, and firew over it a tea fpoonful of white pepper,

pepper, two or three spoonfuls of beaten mace, and one nutmeg, a spoonful of falt, two score of oysters chopped small, half a pound of beef marrow, and a large handful of parsley; lay them all over the infide of the head, cut off the ears, and lay them in a thin part of the head; roll it up tight, bind it with a fillet, and wrap it up in a clean cloth; then boil it two hours and when it is nearly cold, bind it up with a fresh fillet, and put it in a pickle, made as above, and keep it for use.

### To pot all kinds of small Birds.

Pick and gut your birds, dry them well with a cloth, and and feafon them with mace, pepper and falt; put them into a pot with butter, tie paper over your pot, and flew them in a moderate oven; when they come out, drain the gravy from them, and put them into potting pots; when cold, cover them with clarified butter.

## To pot Pigeons.

Clean your pigeons very well; and cut off the pinions; dry them very clean, and featon them well with pepper and falt, and a little nutmeg,: put a lump of butter in the infide of every pigeon; put them into a pot with butter over them, tie them down, and fet them in a moderate oven; when they come from the oven drain them well from the gravy, and feafon them a little more: put them in your pots, and when cold cover them with clarified butter.

### To pot a Hare.

Hang up your hare with the fkin on, for three or four days; then take it down and cafe it; cut it up as for eating, and put it in a pot, with mace, pepper, and falt; put a pound of butter over it, and flew it in an oven; when enough, take the meat from the bones, and feafon it a little more, adding cayenne and a few cloves; beat it very well in a mortar, and then put it in potting pots very clofe down; let it fland till cold, and then pour over it clarified butter; keep it in a dry place.

### To collar a Pig.

Take your pig, and drefs it very well; wafh and dry it clean; take a sharp knife, rip it open and take out all the large bones; rub it well with pepper, falt, and mace; take a handful of parfley and fome fage leaves, chop them very fmall, and lay them in the infide of the rig and roll it up tight; bind it very well with a long fillet: then fill your boiler with foft water, and put in half a handful of falt, a pint of vinegar, fome mace, and pepper-corns, and ten cloves, with a bunch of fweet herbs; when it boils, put in your pig; let it boil flowly for two hours: if it requires the fillet a little tighter, you must tighten it before you hang it up; let it drain and flay till cold; then put it in an earthen pot, with the liquar it was boiled in; when you fend it to table cut a flice off the end.

#### To make Mock-Brawn.

Take a belly piece of pork, and the head and

and feet of a young porkling; falt it, lay on a little falt-petre, and let it flay a few days; iplit the head and feet, and boil them till they are very tender; take out all the bones, and lay the meat on the piece of pork; put in two cow-heels, and fprinkle over them a little fpices; roll it up tight, and boil it flowly for three hours; hang it up till the next morning, and put it in pickle the fame as for any thing collared.

### To make an Almond Poffet.

Grate the crumbs of a penny loaf very fine, pour a pint of boiling milk upon them and let them fland two or three hours; then beat it exceeding well; add to it four ounces of almonds blanched and beat as fine as poffible, with role water; and a quart of good cream; mix them all well together, and fet them over a flow fire; boil them a quarter of an hour: then let it to cool, and beat the yolks of four eggs, and mix with your cream; when it is cold, sweeten it to your taste; then fir it over a flow fire, till it grows pretty thick, but do not let it boil, or it will curdle; then put it in a china bowl, and fend it up with a few macaroons to fwim on the top .- It is proper for a top difh at fupper.

### To mull Wine.

Put a pint of new milk, to a pint of wine; fweeten it to your tafte; and grate in fome nutmeg, let it be a little hot; beat the yolks N.

of four eggs with a little wine, and put it to your milk and wine; pour it backwards and forwards to keep it of a fine froth, and fet it a little on the fire to make it pretty hot; fend it up in a bason, with some toass upon a plate.

### To mull Ale.

Take a pint of good ftrong ale, and put in a little nutmeg and fugar; fet it on the fire to be made hot; beat two eggs in a little cold ale, pour it into your hot ale, and backwards and forwards; fet it on the fire a little and continue to do fo till it is quite hot; fend it up as before.

### To make Wine Whey.

Take a pint of fkimmed milk, and to half a pint of water, put half a pint of wine in a jug, and pour your milk and water boiling hot upon it, with a little lump fugar and a flice of lemon; the curd will be on a lump, and you mult pour the whey from it.

## To make Cream of Tartar Whey.

Set a pint of blue milk over the fire, when it begins to boil, put in two teafpoonfuls of cream of tartar; take it off the fire, and pour it into a bafon: drink it new milk warm.

## To make Beef Tea.

Take a pound of lean beef, cut it in thin flices, put it in a jar, and pour a quart of boiling water upon it; cover it clofe, to keep in the fleam: it must be drank new milk warm, and is very good for a weak conflictution.

### To make Chicken Broth.

Skin a chicken, and boil it in two quarts of water, with a little mace and a cruft of white bread; boil it to half the quantity, and take off the fat; fend it up in a bason with a little dry toaft.

### To make Groat Gruel.

Boil half a pint of groats in three pints of water, or more, as you would have your gruel for thicknefs, with a blade or two of mace, take it off the fire, put to it a quarter of a pound of currants wafhed well; put it in a china bowl and a toaft of bread round cut in long pieces.

### To make Sago Gruel.

Take four ounces of Sago, wash it in warm water, and fet it over the fire, with two quarts of water and a stick of cinnamon; keep ikimming it till it grows thick and clear; when your fago is enough take out the cinnamon, and put in a pint of red wine; if you would have it very strong, put in more, and sweeten it to your taste: then set it over the fire to warm, but not to let it boil after the wine is put in, it weakens the taste and makes the colour not so deep a red: pour it into a tureen, and put in a flice of lemon, when you fend it to table.—It is proper for a top dish for super.

### To make Raifin Wine.

Take a wine, or a brandy cafk to put your raifins in; to every gallon of water put fix pounds of raifins, picked very clean from the N 2 ftalks
ftalks; keep ftirring it every day for fix weeks, then make up your cafk with clay for eight months; then bottle it off; the longer you keep the wine the better it will be; you may use the raifins after for either diffilling or making a fmall wine of.

### To make Cowflip Wine.

Boil fix gallons of water, and to every gallon of water put three pounds of loaf fugar, boil and fkim it very well; put it in the tub you intend to work it in; when cold, fqueeze in fome lemons and oranges, then put in three pecks of cowflip pips, and a fpoonful of barm upon a bit of white toaft; let it work two or three days; put it in the barrel, with fome lemon peel; when it has done working faften it up, for two or three months; then bottle it off, and put a little brandy into every bottle.

### To make Blackberry Wine.

Gather your blackberries when they are full ripe; take twelve quarts, and crufh them with your hand; boil fix gallons of water with fixteen pounds of brown fugar, a quarter of an hour, fkim it well; put into your cafk fix pounds of Malaga raifins then pour the wine into the cafk, with one ounce of ifinglafs, which must be diffolved in a little cyder; flir it all up together, clofe it up and let it ftand fix months and bottle it.

## To make Birch Wine.

To every gallon of birch water, put three pounds

pounds of fugar; work it three or four days in a tub, putting in a little wine upon a toaft; ftir it every day in the tub; then rinfe your barrel with a little brandy, and put in your water and fugar, with a pound of raifins to every gallon: diffolve two pennyworth of ifinglafs and put in: ftir it every day for a fort-night, and make it up for fix months; then bottle it.

You may either boil the fugar and water or make it without boiling at all.

## To make Orange Wine.

Take fix gallons of water, and three pounds of fine fugar, to every gallon; boil it three quarters of an hour: when boiling, put in the whites of two eggs to make the fcum 11fe; fkim it well; when it is cold enough for working, put in three fpoonfuls of barm, and put in the peel and juice of fifty oranges; work it two days and a night and then make it up in your barrel; bottle it at four months old.

# To make Red Currant Wine.

Take five quarts of red currants, full ripe; bruife and take all the ftalks from them; to every five quarts of fruit, put a gallon of water and a quart of rafpberries; to every gallon of liquor, put three pounds of fugar: boil your fugar and water, and put in two whites of eggs and fkim it well; when cold ftrain in your fruit through a hair fieve; diffolve a little inglafs and put in: put your liquor into the barrel,

barrel, and when you make it up put in a quart of brandy. Keep it whilft fine, then bottle it.

### To make Goofeberry Wine.

Take twelve quarts of good ripe gooleberries; ftamp them, and put to them twelve quarts of water; and fifteen pounds of fugar; let them ftand three days, and ftir them twice every day; then put it into your cafk, with half an ounce of ifinglafs diffolved; clay up your barrel and let it ftay two months, then bottle it.

## To make Balm Wine.

Boil twelve quarts of water; put to it nine pounds of fugar, fkim it well, and take it off to cool; put it in the veffel, you intend to to keep it in, and put to it a pound and a half of the tops of balm fhred a fittle; let it work twenty four hours flirring it every two hours, putting in a little barm; clofe it up in a barrel, and bottle it in ten or twelve weeks.

### To make Mulberry Wine.

Take your mulberries when they are full ripe and beat them in a marble mortar; to every quart of berries put a quart of watet, rub them very well with your hands into the tub; let them ftand all night, and ftrain them through a fieve; to every gallon of water put three pounds of fugar, and when the fugar is diffolved put it into your barrel; take two pennyworth of ifinglafs and chop it in pieces, put to it a little wine, and let it ftand within the air of the fire all night, take the whites of two eggs,

eggs, beat them very well, then put them to the ifinglas, mix them well together, and put them into your barrel stirring it about when it is put in; do not let it be too full, nor bung it close at first; fet it in a cool place and bottle it when fine.

## To make Syrup of Mulberries.

Take mulberries when they are full tipe, break them very well with your hand, and drop them through a flannel bag: to every pound of juice take half a pound of loaf fugar; boil and fkim it well all the time it is boiling; when the fcum has done rifing it is enough: when it is cold bottle it, and keep it for ufe.

You may make rafpberry fyrup the fame way.

## To make Elder Wine.

Take twenty pounds of malaga raifins, picked from the ftalks; and twenty quarts of water; boil your water, and let it be cold again; then put in your raifins with fix pounds of fugar, and fix quarts of elder juice, a little ginger and fome juice of floes, to give it a roughnefs; when it has done fermenting, make up the cafk for three months, and keep it in a dry place; then bottle it off.

## Io make Goofeberry Vinegar.

Boil eight gallons of water with twelve pounds of brown fugar; boil and fkim it well; let it ftand till cold, gather your goofeberries when full ripe and bruife them; to every quart of mafh put put three quarts of water, put it to your fugar and water, and let it fland twenty four hours; then firain it and put it in a barrel, and the day following, clole up your barrel; keep it in a dry place.

One gallon of gooseberries yield two quarts of mash.

# To keep French Beans.

Gather your beans when full dry and not too old; put them in an earthen jar, in layers of the beans, and then of falt; let your laft layer be falt; put a flag, on the top; and fet them in a dry cellar.

# To keep French Beans a second way.

Make a flrong falt and water that will bear an egg; fet it on the fire, when it boils put in your beans and boil them five or fix minutes, take them out and lay them on a fieve: put to your falt and water a little bay falt, boil it ten minutes, fkim it well, and pour it into an earthen jar to cool and fettle; put your beans into a narrow flopped jar, and pour the clear liquor over them; tie a calf's bladder over them that no air may get in. Before you ufe them, put them in falt and water the night before to take out the faltnefs.

## To keep Mushrooms to eat like Fresh ones.

Wash large buttons as you would for flewing, and lay them on fieves with the stalks upwards; strew over them some falt, to setch out the water; when they are drained, put them

them in a pot, and fet them in a cool oven for an hour; then take them carefully out, and lay them to cool and drain; boil the liquor that comes out of them with a blade of mace, and boil it half away; put your mufhrooms into a clean jar well dried; when the liquor is cold cover your mufhrooms in the jar with it, and pour over it rendered fuet; tie a bladder over it, and fet them in a dry place, and they will keep very well most of the winter.

When you use them, take them out of the liquor, pour over them boiling milk, and let them stand an hour: thicken them with flour and butter, and be careful you do not oil them; then beat the yolks of two eggs with a little cream and put it in, but do not let it boil after the eggs are in; lay untoassed signal fippets round the infide of the dish, and serve them up: they will eat near as good as fresh gathered mushrooms; if they do not take strong enough, put in a little of the liquor; this is a valuable liquor, and it will give all made dishes a flavour like fresh mushrooms.

## To keep Mushrooms another way.

Scrape large flaps, peel them, take the infide out, and then boil them in their own liquor, and a little falt; then lay them on tins, fet them in a cool oven, and repeat them till they are dry : put them in clean jars, tie them close down, and they will eat very good.

# To dry Artichoke Bottems.

Pluck your artichokes before they are full grown; boil them till the leaves will come eafily out, and then drefs and dry them in a cool oven; you must hold them up to the light, and if you can fee through them they are dry enough; put them in paper bags and hang them up.

# To bottle Damsons.

Take your damsons when they are just turned colour, put them in wide necked bottles, and tie a bladder over them, fet the bottles in dry fand, and they will keep till spring.

## To bottle Goofeberries.

Pick green walnut goofeberries, fill your bottles, and then fill them up with fpring water; put a cork loofe in, and fet them in a copper of water till they are quite hot through; then take them out, and let them flay till the next day, then cork them, and tie a bladder over the top, and keep them in a dry cool place.

### To bottle Cranberries.

Gather your cranberries when they are quite dry, pick them, and bottle them, cork them clofe, and fet them in a dry cool place.

## To bottle Green Currants.

Gather your currants when the fun is hot upon them, ftrip them from the ftalks and put them into dry bottles : fet themin dry fand, and they will keep till fpring. To

## To pickle Walnuts.

Gather your walnuts when the fun is upon them, and before the fhell is hard, which you may know by running a pin into them : put them into a ftrong falt and water, for nine days, and flir them twice a day, and change the falt and water every three days; then put them into a hair fieve, and let them fland in the air till they turn black; then put them into ftrong ftone jars and pour boiling allegar over them; cover them up, and let them fland till cold; then boil the allegar three times more and let it fland till it is cold betwixt each time; then take as much fresh alegar as will cover them, boil it up with pepper, cloves, and ginger, a little bag of mustard feed, and a head of garlick: pour it over your walnuts, and let them stand till cold : then tie them over with a bladder, and in two months they will be ready for ule.

# To pickle Samphire.

Wafh your famphire in four, beer and put it in a large brafs pan; diffolve in four beer a little bay falt and twice the quantity of common falt; put it to your famphire, and fill up your pan with four beer; cover your pan very clofe, and fet it over a flow fire till it is a fine green: then put it in a hair fieve to drain; put it in jars, and boil white wine vinegar, with ginger, pepper-corns, and a few cloves; pour it hot upon your famphire, and when cold tie it clofe down.

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# To pickle Mangoe.

Take the largest cucumbers you can get; chuse them a fine green, and heavy, (as those have the lefs feeds in) cut a piece out of the fide, and take out the infide very carefully with an apple scope, and put them into a large pot with flrong falt and water; keep flirring them twice a day till they are yellow; then take fome fresh falt and water and fcald them twice or thrice a day, till they are a good green; take a little allegar and give them a fcald, and whilft they are fcalding prepare the feasoning; take a pound of brown mustard feed, a pound of shalots, two ounces of beaten ginger, a little horfe-radifh cut fine, half an ounce of cloves, half an ounce of mace, two ounces of pepper corns, and a head of garlick; fill up your cucumbers and few in the pieces belonging to each; tie them with holland twine and then put them in your jars. Take as much strong beer allegar as will cover them, and put in part of your ginger and pepper; boil it and if any of your feafoning is left, put it in a bag, and boil it with your allegar; pour it hot upon your mangoes, and when cold tie them close up.

# To pickle Beet Roots.

Take red beet roots, and boil them till they are tender; then take the fkins off, cut them in flices, and gimp them in the fhape of leaves, or what form you pleafe, and put them into a jar; then take as much vinegar as will cover them

them and boil it with a little mace, a race of ginger fliced, and a few flices of horfe-radifh; pour it hot upon your roots, and tie them down. They are a very pretty gamish for made dishes,

## To fickle Elder Buds.

Get your elder buds when they are the fize of hop buds, and put them into flrong falt and water for nine days; flir them two or three times a day; then put them into a brafs pan, cover them with vine leaves, and pour the water on which they came out of; fet them over a flow fire, till they are quite green; then make a pickle for them, of allegar a little mace, a few fhalots, and fome ginger fliced; boil them a few minutes, and pour it upon your buds; tie them down, and keep them in a dry place for ufe.

# To pickle Barberries.

Get your barberries before they are full ripe; pick out the leaves and the dead stalks; then put them into jars, with a large quantity of falt and water, and tie them down with a bladder.

N. B. When you see your barberries foum over, put them into fresh falt and water; they need no vinegar, their own sharpness is sufficient to keep them.

# To pickle Cucumbers in flices.

Get your cucumbers large before the feeds are ripe, flice them a quarter of an inch thick; then lay them on a hair fieve, and betwixt every lay lay put a fhalot or two; throw on a little falt, and let them ftand four or five hours to drain; then put them into a ftone jar; take as much ftrong allegar as will cover them, boil it five minutes, with a blade or two of mace, a few white pepper-corns, a little ginger fliced, and fome horfe-radifh fcraped; then pour it boiling hot upon your cucumbers, and let them ftand till they are cold; do fo two or three times more; let it grow cold betwixt every time, then tie them down with a bladder for ufe.

## To pickle Cucumbers.

Take the smallest cucumbers you can get, and as free from spots as possible; put them into a firong falt and water till they are quite yellow, and flir them twice every day at least, to prevent them being foft; take fome fresh falt and water, boil it, and pour it over your cucumbers, and let it ftand ull cold; then boil your falt and water again, and pour it over them, and keep doing fo till they are a fine green; then put them into a hair fieve to drain; make a pickle for them, of fome good allegar a little mace, and a few cloves, one ounce of ginger, cut in flices, the fame of black pepper, and a little horfe-radifh, boil it, and pour it hot upon your pickles; when cold tie them down with a bladder, and keep them for uie.

# To pickle Kidney Beans.

Get your beans when they are young and fmall; put them into a flrong falt and water for a few days, and flir, them twice or three times

times every day; then put them into a brafs pan, with vine leaves both under and over them; pour on them the water they came out of; cover them clofe, and fet them over a flow fire till they are a fine green; put them into a hair fieve to drain, and make a pickle for them of good allegar: boil it five or fix minutes, with a little mace, Jamaica pepper, long pepper, and a race or two of ginger fliced: then pour it hot upon the beans, and tie them down with a bladder.

# To pickle Onions.

Peel the fmalleft onions you you can get, and put them into falt and water for two or three days, changing the water every day; put them in jars, and pour boiling falt and water over them, two or three times : have fome good vinegar, boil it with ginger, white pepper and mace; when the vinegar is cold; pour it upon the onions; if you like the tafte of bay leaves, put a few into every jar, and a fpoonful of oil when you make it up; tie bladders over them If you wifh to have them very white, you muft have double diftilled vinegar.

## To make Indian Pickle.

Take a few white cabbages, cut them in flices; half a dozen cauliflowers, cut them in pieces; a few codlin apples, kidney beans, radifh pods, a few nafturtiums, fome fmall cucumbers, fhalots or onions green, plumbs if you have them; put them into a large earthen pot, with a quantity of falt, between every layer

layer, cover them well with falt, and let it. stand a day or two till it is quite sodden; take it out and put it in hair fieves for three days, to dry before the fire, or in the fun; put it into a large flone jar, and between every layer, put in a handful of mustard feed : take as much ftrong allegar as will cover it well, boil it with two ounces of black pepper, one of long pepper, two ounces of ginger, either cut or beat half an ounce of cloves, a spoonful of cayenne, and one ounce of turmerick; pour it hot upon your pickle, and the next day boil it again, adding more allegar to it, and a few heads of garlick; tie it cloie down, and keep it well covered with allegar.---You may put to it any thing that comes in feason, only falt it in the fame manner as before.

# To pickle Mushrooms white.

Take small buttons fresh gathered; tike a piece of flannel, and wet one part of it in milk and water, and rub them till they are white, and put them into milk and water as you do them; unil you have done them all; then take fome fresh milk and water, and set it over the fire; put the mufhrooms in, and let them fteam a little over the fire, take them out carefally into fieves, and then fpread them whilft hot upon flannels, and cover them close up to keep in the fleam, until the pickle is ready; take as much double distilled vinegar as will cover them well, boil it with a little mace, white pepper coms, and white ginger; put your mushrooms into pint bottles, with wide necks and 22843

and fill up your bottles with the pickle; when quite cold, put a fpoonful of fweet oil into every bottle; cork your bottles and tie a bladder over them.

They will look the best in clear flint bottles.

# To pickle Mushrooms brown.

Take buttons, and rub them with a flannel dipt in falt and water; put them into a clean pot, and fprinkle a little falt over every layer; when you have got a quantity, fet them over the fire, and fcald them in their own liquor; take off all the fcum, let them fland till the next day, and fcald them again; fkim it well, and then put in allegar according to the quantity; a little more pepper, and ginger; put them into jars and tie them clofe down, and they are ready for prefent ufe. They are very nice in beef fleaks, mutton chops, &c.

## To make Mushroom Powder.

Take fresh mushrooms, such as you would like for stewing, or larger; peel off the out skins; then take a knife and scrape the red out of the infide: spread them separately on disses or on tins and set them before the kitchen fire to dry; then put them into a flow oven to be thoroughly dried, but not to brown them: when quite dry, pound them in a marble mortar; when well pounded, put in a little mace pounded, and half a spoonful of cayenne, mix it with your powder, and put it in small bottles, and cork them up close.

It will keep several years.

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# To pickle Naslurtium Buds.

Gather your buds before they are too old; put them into falt and water till they are yellow, changing the water two or three times; then fcald them with fresh falt and water till they are green; then make a pickle for them, of some good allegar, ginger, pepper, and cloves; boil it, and pour it over your buds; then tie them up and keep them for use.

You may do radifh pods in the fame way.

# To pickle Cauliflours white.

Take two or three white cauliflours, the firmcft you can get; cut them in fprigs, as you would wifh to fend them to table; give them a gentle boil, but not too long; take them off the fire, and fpread them upon cloths; fprinkle fome falt over, and then cover them to keep in the fteam; take fome double diffilled vinegar, boil it with a little mace, white pepper, and a little ginger; put your cauliflours into jars, and pour your vinegar over when cold. Tie them clofe up with a bladder.

# To pickle Cauliflours another way.

Take your cauliflours as before, cut them in pieces and fprinkle fome falt over them; take a little hot vinegar and fcald them; bruife a little cochineal and diffolve it in allegar; take as much allegar as you think will cover them, boil it with p.pper, cloves, and ginger; put your cauliflours in jars, and pour your allegar hot upon them; put into each jar a head of garlick: when cold tie a bladder over it.

## To pickle Codlins.

Get your codlins when they are the fize of a large French walnut; put a good deal of vine leaves in the bottom of a brass pan, then put in your codlins, cover them very well with vine leaves, and fet them over a flow fire till you can peel off the fkins; take them carefully up in an hair fieve, peel them with a pen-knife, and put them into the fame pan again, with the vine leaves as before; cover them clole, and fet them over a flow fire till they are a fine green; drain them through a hair fieve, and when they are cold put them into vinegar, with a little ginger and pepper, and a few bay-leaves. Tie them up clofe with a bladder.

## To pickle Red Cabbage.

Take a red cabbage, cut it in very thin flices, put it into an earthen pot, and fprinklea quantity of falt over it; let it ftand a day and night; then take three gills of allegar, rince your cabbage with it, and squeeze it into your jars; boil fome fresh allegar, with a little pepper and ginger; when cold, pour it upon your cabbages. Tie it close up.

#### Non Imperial.

Take one gallon of water, boil in it one ounce of cream of tartar very well, pour it hot upon the peel of one large lemon; ftir into it sugar to your tafte, when it is quite cold bottle it. If you would have it beautifully fine, filter it through a fieve or cloth, if you add at fprig of balm it will give it a pleafant flavour. P 2 To

# To make Ham Rolls

Take a rafp and cut thin flices of bread and butter off, as for tea: cut fome very thin flices of ham, and lay one upon a flice of bread and butter, and roll it up, and fo on till you have fufficient: lay them by two one way, and two another, till you have filled your difh; put fome curled parfley upon your difh, and fome fnail horns of butter round the edge. It is a pretty difh for fupper.

# To make Butter Scotch.

Take half a pound of treacle, melt in your pan two ounces of butter, then put in a pound of coarle raw fugar, boil all together over a clear fire; when you think it is enough, take a little out and drop it upon a plate, if it hardens it is enough, greafe a tin and pour it out on your tin, cut it out in pieces, before it is too hard.

# To make Boiled Treacle.

Take a pound and a half of treacle; two ounces of butter, boil it over a clear fire, till it is enough; which you may know by dropping a little in cold water; grate the rind of a lemoa and put in, pour it out into a dripping-tin well greafed, cut it out when it is hard.

# To make a Tharf Cake.

Take a quarter of a ftone of treacle, a pound of lard or butter, melt your lard and treacle together; take three pounds of oatmeal, a quarter

ter of a pound of carraway feeds, half a pound of raw fugar, and a little lemon peel cut fine, a tea-cup full of brandy; mix it up with your treacle and butter, make it up into cakes, lay them upon tins, and bake them, but not too hard.

# To roaft Eels, or Lampreys, with a pudding in the belly.

Skin your eels or lampreys, cut off the heads, take the gut out, and fcrape the blood clean from the bone: then make a good forcedmeat of oyfters or fhrimps chopped fmall, the crumbs of half a penny loaf, a little nutineg, and lemon peel fhred fine, pepper, falt and the yolks of two eggs; put them in the belly of your fish, few it up, and turn it round on your difh ; put over it flour and butter, pour a little water in your difh, and bake them in a moderate oven; when it comes out, take the gravy from under it, and skim off the fat; then strain it through a hair fieve; add to it a fpoonful of lemon pickle, two of browning, a meat fpoonful of walnut catchup, a glass of white wine, one anchovy, and a flice of lemon; let it boil ten minutes, thicken it with butter and flour, and fend it up in a fauce boat ; difh your fifh ; garnish it with lemon and crifp parsley.

This is a pretty dish for either corner or fide for a dinner.

## To flew Flounders, Plaice, or Soles.

Half fry your fish in three ounces of butter a fine brown; then take up your fish, and put to to your butter a quart of water, and boil it flowly a quarter of an hour with two anchovies; put in your fifh and flew them gently twenty minutes; then take your fifh out, and thicken your fauce with butter and flour, give it a gentle boil, and put it through a hair fieve. Then you must have oysters, cockles or shrimps, a little catchup, a spoonful of lemon pickle to mend your fauce; pour it hot upon your fish. Garnish with lemon and horse radish.

## To bake Sprats.

Rub your fprats with falt and pepper, and to every two pints of vinegar put one pint of red wine; diffolve a penny worth of cochineal; lay your fprats in a deep earthen difh, pour in as much red wine, vinegar, and cochineal as will cover them; tie a paper over them, and fet them in an oven all night.—They will eat well, and keep for fome time.

# A good Receipt to pot Lobsters.

Take ten good lobfters, and when cold pick all the meat out of the tails and claws, (be careful to take out all the black gut, and the tails which muft not be ufed) beat fine, a quarter of an ounce of mace, half a nutmeg, and two or three cloves, with pepper and falt to feafon the meat; lay a layer of butter into a deep earthen pot, then put in the lobfters and lay the reft of the butter over them, (this quantity of lobfters will take at leaft two pounds of butter to bake them in ) tie a paper over the pot, and fet them in an oven, when they are baked

baked tender, take them out, and lay them in a difh to drain a little; then put them clofe down in your potting pots, but do not break them in finall pieces but lay them as whole as you can, only fplitting the tails: when you have filled you pots as full as you choofe, take a fpoonful of the red butter they were baked in, pour it on the top, and fet it before the fire, to let it melt in, then cool it, and melt a little clarified butter and cover them.

### To broil Mutton Steaks.

Cut your steaks half an inch thick, when your gridiron is hot, rub it with fresh suet; lay on your steaks, keep turning them as quick as possible; if you do not take care the fat that drops from the steaks will smoke them; when they are enough, put them into a hot dish; rub them well with butter, slice a shalot very thin into a spoonful of water, pour it on them with a spoonful of mushroom catchup and stat; ferve them up hot.

## To broil Pork Steaks.

Observe the same as for the mutton steaks, only pork requires more broiling; when they are enough, put them in a little gravy: a little fage rubbed very fine, strewed over them gives them a fine taste.

## To make Handilets.

Take half a pound of a leg of veal, about as much ham, either boiled, or raw; cut imall the yolk of a hard boiled egg, two anchovies, cut them

them all very fmall, the featoning, mace, pepper, and falt, a raw egg; make rolls the fize of veal olives, ; then take the caul of veal to lap the rolls in, make four and fkewer them; rub the rolls with raw eggs, bread crumbs, and fuet; fet it in a quick oven for half an hour to roaft; difh them up with clear good gravy, with either oyfters or, pickled mushrooms, and fend them to table.

# To Difguife a Leg of Veal.

Lard the lap fide of a leg of veal in rows, with bacon, and fluff it well with forcedineat; then put it into a large faucepan, with as much water as will cover it; put on a close lid to keep in the fleam; flew it gently till quite tender, then take it up, and boil down the gravy in a pan to a quart; fkim off the fat, and add haif a lemon, a spoonful of mushroom catchup, a little lemon pickle, and the crumb of half a penny loaf grated exceeding fine : boil it in your gravy, till it looks thick, then add half a pint of oysters; then take half a pint of cream, the volks of two eggs, beat with the cream, and a little flour, shake it over the fire, but do not let it boil. Garnish with fried oysters and flices of lemon. It is fit for a top difh on a large table.

# To fluff a Chine of Pork.

Take a chine that has been hung up, a week or two; boil it half an hour; then take it up, and make holes in it all over the lean part, one inch from another; fluff them between the joints with shred parsley; rub it all over with the

the yolks of eggs; firew over it bread crumbs; bafte it, and let it in a dutch oven; when it is enough, lay round it boiled brocoli, and flewed fpinage: gamiih with parfley.

# To make a Floring Island.

Grate the yellow rind of a large lemon into a quart of cream; put in a large glafs of Made= ira wine, and make it pretty fweet with loaf fugar; mill it with a chocolate mill to a ftrong froth ; take it off as it rifes, and lay it upon a fieve to drain all night: then take a deep glafs difh and lay in your froth, and roll in a sprig of myrtle in it to imitate fnow; flick it in a naples bifcuit; then lay all over your froth currant jelly, cut in very thin flices: pour over it very fine flrong calf's foot jelly; when it grows thick, lay it all over till it looks like a glafs, and your difh is full to the brim; let it ftand till it is quite cold and ftiff, then lay rock candied fweetmeats upon the top of your jelly, and fheep and fwans to pick at the myrtle; flick green fprigs in two or three places upon the top of your jelly, amongst your shapes: it looks very pretty in the middle of your table for fupper .- You must not put the shapes on your jelly till you are going to fend it to the table.

## To make a Rocky Island.

Make a little fliff flummery, and put it into five fifh moulds, wet them before you put it in; when it is fliff turn it out and gild them with gold leaf; then take a deep china difh, fill nearly full of calf's foot jelly, and let it fland O. till

till it is fet, then lay on your fifhes and a few flices of red currant jelly cut very thin round them; then rafp a fmall French roll, and rub it over with the white of an egg, and flrew all over it filver bran and glitter mixed together; flick a fprig of myrtle in it, and put it into the middle of your difh; beat the white of an egg up to a very high froth, then hang it on your fprig of myrtle like inow, and fill your difh to the brim with clear jelly: when you fend it to table, you must put lambs and ducks upon your jelly with either green leaves or moss under them, and their heads towards the myrtle.

# To Spin a Silver Web for covering Sweetmeats.

Take a quarter of a pound of treble refined fugar in one lump, and fet it before a moderate fire, on the middle of a filver falver, or pewter plate; fet it aflant, and when it begins to run clear like water to the edge of the plate or falver, have ready a tin cover or a china bowl, fet it on a stool with the mouth downwards clofe to your fugar, that it may not cool by carrying too far; then with a very clean knife take up as much fyrup as the point of the knife will hold, and a fine thread will come from the point, which you must draw as quick as poffible backwards and forwards, and alfo around the mould as long as it will fpin out, with the knife; be very careful you do not drop the fyrup upon the web, if you do it will fpoil it; then dip your knife into the fyrup again, and take up more, and fo keep fpinning till your fugar

fugar is done or your web is thick enough; be fure you do not let the knife touch the lump on the plate that is not melted, it will make it brittle and not fpin at all : if your fugar is fpent before your web is done; put fresh sugar on a clean plate or falver, and not fpin from the same plate again; if you do not want the web to cover the fweetmeats immediately, fet it in a deep pewter difh, and cover it with a tin cover, and lay a cloth over it to prevent the air from getting to it, and fet it before the fire (it requires to be kept warm or it will fall) when your dinner or fupper is dished, have ready a plate or difh the fize of your web, filled with different coloured fweetmeats, and fet your web over it.

It is pretty for a middle, where the diffies are few or a corner where the number is large.

# To spin a Gold Web for covering Sweetmeats.

Beat four ounces of treble refined fugar in a marble mortar, and fift it through a hair fieve: then put it in a filver or brafs ladle, but filver makes the colour better; fet it over a chafing difh of charcoal, that is burnt clear, and fet it on a table, and turn a tin cover or china bowl upfide down upon the table; when your fugar is melted, it will be of a gold colour; take your ladle off the fire, and then begin to fpin it with a knife, the fame way as the filver webt when the fugar begins to cool and fet, put it over the fire to warm and fpin it as before, but do not warm it too often, it will turn the fugar a bad colour; if you have not enough fugar; Q 2 clean

clean the ladle before you put in more, and fpin it till your web is unick enough, then take it off, and fet it over the fweetmeats, as you did the filver web.

# To preserve Green Collins that will keep all the Year.

Take codlins about the fize of a walnut, with the stalks and a leaf or two on; put a handful of vine leaves into a brafs pan of fpring water, then a layer of codlins, then of vine leaves, ; do fo till the pan is full; cover it close that no steam can get out and set it on a flow fire; when they are foft, take off the fkins with a penknife, then put them in the fame water with the vine leaves; it must be quite cold, or it will be apt to crack them; put in a little roach allum, and fet them over a flow fire till they are green, which will be in three or four hours; then take them out and lay them on a fieve to drain. ---- Make a good fyrup, and give them a gentle boil once a day for three days; then put them in fmall jars; put brandy papers over them, and keep them for ule.

## To preferve Spigs Green.

Gather the fprigs of multard when it is going to feed; put them in a pan of fpring water, with a great many vine leaves under and over them; put to them one ounce of roach allum, fet it over a gentle fire; when it is hot, take it off and let it fland till it is quite cold, then cover it very clofe, and hang it a great height over a flow fire; when they are green, take

take out the fprigs, and lay them on a fieve to drain; then make a good fyrup, boil your fprigs in it once a day for three days, put them in, and keep them in for ufe. They are very pretty to flick in the middle of a preferved orange, or garnish a set of falvers.

You may preferve green peas when they are just come into pod.

# To drefs Macaroni with Parmefan Cheefe.

Boil four ounces of macaroni till it is quite tender, and lay it on a fieve to dry; then put it in a toffing pan, with about a gill of good cream, and a lump of butter rolled in flour, boil it five minutes; pour it on a plate, lay all over it Parmefan cheefe toafted; fend it to the table on a water plate for it foon grows cold.

## Orange Cream.

Take the juice of four feville oranges, and the out-rind of one, pared exceeding fine; put them into a toffing pan, with one pint of water, and eight ounces of fugar; beat the whites of five eggs; fet it over the fire, flir it one way till it grows thick and white; then ftrain it through a gauze fieve; flir it till it is cold: then beat the yolks of five eggs exceeding well; put them in your toffing pan, with the cream; flir it over a very flow fire till it is ready to boil; put it in a bafon to cool, and flir it till it is quite cold, then put it into jelly glaffes; fend it in upon a falver, with whips and jellies,

## To make Ox cheek Soup.

First break the bones of an ox cheek, and wash it in many waters: then lay it in warm water, throw in a little falt to fetch out the flime; wash it very well; then take a large flew pan, put two ounces of butter at the bottom of the pan, then lay the flesh fide of the cheek down; add to it ha f a pound of ham cut in flices, and four heads of celery, pull off the leaves, wash the heads clean, and cut them in with. three large onions, two carrots, and one parfnip fliced, a few beets cut small, and three blades of mace; fet it over a flow fire half an hour, put to it fix quarts of water, and let it flew till it is reduced to two quarts; take the meat out carefully; then firain it through a fieve ; then put in the white part of two heads of celery, and browning to make it a fine colour: take two ounces of vermicelli, give it a fcald in the foup, and put the top of a French roll in the middle of the tureen, and lerve it upon a little toasted bread, cut in flices; if you choofe, to pour it on the bread you may.

# To make white Peafe Soup.

To four or five pounds of beef, and fix quarts of water, put in a little falt; when it boils fkim it, and put in two carrots, three whole onions, a little thyme, and two heads of celery, with three quarts of old green peafe; boil them till the meat is quite tender; then strain it through a hair fieve, and rub the pulp of the pease through the fieve ; split the blanched part of three gols lettuces into four quarters, and cut

cut them about one inch long, with a little mint cut fmall; then put half a pound of butter into a flew pan, that will hold your loup, and put the lettuce and mint into the butter, with a leek fliced very thin, and a pint of green peafe, flew them a quarter of an hour, and keep fhaking them about: then put in a little of the foup and flew them an hour longer; then put in your foup, and as much thick cream as will make it white; keep flirring it till it boils; fry a French roll in butter a little crifp, put it in the bottom of a tureen and pour your foup over it.

# To drefs a Salt Cod.

Steep your falt fifh in water, all night, with a glafs of vinegar; it will fetch out the falt, and make it eat like frefh fifh; the next day boil it; when it is enough cut it into fquares upon your difh; then pour egg fauce over it, and a few potatoes made rich and fmooth, with butter and cream; fend it to table on a water plate, for it will foon grow cold.

# To make Rolled Salmon.

Take a fide of falmon when fplit, and the bone taken out, and fcalded; ftrew over the infide pepper and falt, a few chopped oyfters, parfley, and crumbs of bread; roll it up tight; and put it into a deep pot, and bake it in a quick oven; have a little fennel fauce to pour over it, and fend up a boat of caper fauce. Garnifh with lemon.

To.

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### To drefs Carp the best way, and the Sauce.

Kill your carp and fave all the blood; fcale and clean them very well; have ready fome nice rich gravy, made of beef and mutton, feafoned with pepper, and falt, mace and onions, strain it off before you stew your fish in it; boil your carp first, before you flew it in the gravy; be careful you do not boil them too much before you put in the carp; then let it ftew on a flow fire a quarter of an hour; thicken the fauce with a good lump of butter rolled in flour : garnish your dish with fried oysters, fried toast cut three corner ways, pieces of lemon, fcraped horfe-raddifh, and the roe of the carp cut in pieces, fome fried and the reft boiled; fqueeze the juice of a lemon into the fauce just before you fend it up; take care to difh it up handfomely and very hot.

# To drefs a Saddle of Mutton.

Take off the fkin and fkewer it on again : put a paper over it ; when enough, take off the paper and fkin, and roaft it a cincar on brown; make the difh very hot, and pour a little brown gravy over it : garnifh with horfe radifh, and fend it up with a plate of currant jelly, and a little red wine made hot.

# To make a Porcupine of the Flat Ribs of Beef.

Bone the flat ribs, and beat it very well with a paste pin; then rub it over with the yolk of an egg; strew it over with bread crumbs, parsley, leeks, sweet marjoram, lemon peel shred fine, nutmeg, pepper and falt; roll it up very c ofe, clofe, and bind it hard; lard it acrofs with bacon, then a row of cold boiled tongue, a third row of pickled cucumbers, a fourth of lemon peel; do it all over in rows as above, till it is larded all round; it will look like red, white green, and yellow dices; then fplit it, and put it in a deep pot, with a pint of water, lay over it a caul of veal to keep it from fcorching; tie itdown with ftrong paper, and fend it to the oven; when it comes out, fkim off the fat, and ftrain your gravy into a fauce-pan, add to it two fpoonfuls of red wine, the fame of browning, one of mushroom catchup, half a lemon, thicken it with a lump of butter rolled in flour; difh up the meat, and pour the gravy on the difh, lay round forcedmeat balls. Garnish with horseradifh, and ferve it up.

# To make a Hedge Hog.

Take a french roll, rafp it, and put it in a deep pot or bafon, pour on it as much fherry as will cover the roll, fweeten your wine, and keep turning the roll that it may be fteeped all over; it fhould be put in the wine over night or it will not be fufficiently foftened; take fome fweet almonds cut them in long thin flices; take the roll and lay it on the difficient you intend to fend it to table upon, flick it all over with the almonds, then pour over it a good cuftard, and fend it up.

It is a pretty middle dish for supper.

# To flew a Round of Beef.

Take a fine round of beef; skewer the fat R. round

round as far as you can, feafon it well over with cayenne, nutmeg, mace, cloves, and a little white pepper, and falt, rub your feafoning well in; take a long fillet, bind it very well, and put it in a pot that will juft hold it, put a pint of water in the pot, and lay over it a little marrow, tie the pot close up with ftrong paper, itew it in a night oven very well. Before you fend it to table cut a thin flice off the top. Garnifh with horfe-radifh.

# To force a Round of Beef.

Take a good round of beef, and rub it over a quarter of an hour, with two ounces of faltpetre, the fame of bay falt, half a pound of brown fugar, and a pound of common falt, let it be in it for ten or twelve days, turn it once every day in the brine, then wash it well and make holes in it with a penknife about an inch one from another, and fill one hole with fhred parfley, a fecond with fat pork cut in fmall pieces, and a third with bread crumbs, beef marrow, a little mace, nutmeg, pepper, and falt, mixed together, then parfley, and fo on till you have filled all the holes; then wrap your beef in a cloth, and bind it with a fillet, and boil it four hours ; when it is cold, bind it over again, and cut a thin flice off before you fend it to table : garnish with parsley and red cabbage.

# To boil a Tongue.

If your tongue be a dry one, fleep it in water all night, then boil it three hours, if you would have it eat hot, flick it with cloves, rub it over

over with the yolk of an egg, ftrew over it bread crumbs, bafte it with butter, fet it before the fire till it is a light brown; when you difh it up, pour a little brown gravy, or red wine fauce, mixed the fame way as for venifon; lay flices of currant jelly round it.

# To boil a Ham.

Steep your ham all night in water, if it be of a middle fize it will take three hours boiling, and a fmall one two and a half; when you take it up, pull off the fkin, and rub it all over with an egg; ftrew on bread crumbs, bafte it with butter, fet it before the fire till it is a light brown; if it be to eat hot, garnifh with carrots, and ferve it up.

### To flew Spinage.

Wafh your fpinage well in feveral waters, put it in a cullinder; have ready a large pan of boiling water, put in a handful of falt, then put in your fpinage and let it boil two minutes, it will take off the earthy tafle; then put it into a fieve, and drain it well; put a quarter of a pound of butter into a toffing-pan, and put in your fpinage, keep turning and chopping it with a knife untill it be quite dry and green, lay it upon a plate, and prefs it with another; cut it in the fhape of fippets or diamonds; pour round it very rich melted butter; it will eat exceeding mild, and have quite a different tafte from that done in the common way.

## To boil Artichokes.

If they are young ones, leave about one inch R 2 of

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of the flalk, put them in a ftrong falt and water for an hour or two, then put them into a pan of cold water, fet them over the fire, but do not cover them up, it will take off their colour; when you difh them up, put rich melted butter in fmall cups or pots; put them in the difh with your artichokes, and fen 1 them up.

# To boil Asparagus

Scrape your asparagus, tie them in fmall bunches, boil them in a large pan of falt and water; before you difh them up toaft fome flices of white bread, and dip them in the boiling water; lay the asparagus, on you toafts, pour on them very good melted butter, and ferve them up hot.

# To make Orange Jelly.

Take half a pound of hartshorn shavings, and too quarts of fpring water ; let it boil till it be reduced to a quart; pour it clear off, and let it fland till it is cold; then take half a pint of fpring water, the rind of three oranges pared thin, and the juice of fix; let them fland all night, ftrain them through a fine hair fieve; melt the jelly, pour the orange liquor to it and fweeten to your own tafte with double refined fugar; put to it a blade or two of mace, four or five cloves, half a finall nutmeg, and the rind of a lemon; beat the whites of five eggs to a froth, mix it very well with your jelly, fet it over a clear fire, boil it three or four minutes, and run it through a jelly bag feveral times till it is clear : when you pour it into the bag, take great care you do not thake it 11

To preferve Walnuts Green. Take large French walnuts, when they are a little larger than a good nutmeg, wrap every walnut in vine leaves, and tie it round with a ftring; then put them into a large quantity of falt and water, and let them lie for three days; then put them in fresh falt and water, and let them lie in that three days longer; take them out, and lay a large quantity of vine leaves in the bottom of the pan, then a layer of walnuts, then vine leaves: do fo till your pan is full, but take care the walnuts do not touch each other; fill your pan with hard water, put in a little roach allum, and fet it over the fire till the water is very hot, but not to let it boil: take it off, and let them fland in the water till it is quite cold, then fet them over the fire again; when they are green take the pan off the fire, and when the water is quite cold take out the walnuts; lay them on a fieve a good diftance from each other, have ready a thin fyrup boiled and skimmed; when it is pretty cool, put in your walnuts, let them fland all night, the next day give them feveral fcalds, but do not let them boil; keep the preferving pan clofe covered, and when they look bright, and a pretty colour, have ready made a rich fyrup of fine loaf fugar, with a few flices of ginger, and two or three blades of mace; fcald your walnuts in it, put them in finall jars, with paper dipped in brandy over them; tie them down with bladders and keep them for ule.

# To candy Angelica.

Take it when young, cut it in lengths, cover

it clofe, and boil it till it is tender; peel it and put it in again, let it fimmer and boil till it is green; then take it up and dry it with a cloth: to every pound of flalks, put a pound of fugar; put your flalks into an earthen pan, beat the fugar and flrew over them; let it fland two days, then boil it till it is clear and green, put it in a cullender to drain; beat a pound of fugar to powder, and flrew it on your angelica, as before, lay it on plates to dry, and fet them in the oven after the pies are drawn.—Three pounds and a half of fugar is enough to four pounds of flalks.

# To make an Almond Pudding.

When you make lemon cheefe-cakes, fave a teacupfull out; take the crumb of a penny loaf and fleep it in cream; one ounce of fweet almonds, two eggs, and a little lump fugar to fweeten it. Mix the lemon well with thefe ingredients, before you put it in the cloth; boil it about one hour. Cut fome ribbon dumplings, and place them round it on the difh. This makes a most excellent pudding.

# To refine Malt Liquor.

To cure a hogshead of four ale; take two ounces of ifinglafs, diffolve it in two quarts of new ale, and fet it before the fire; then take two pounds of coarfe brown fugar, and boil it in a quart of new wort, a quarter of an hour; then put it in a pail, with two gallons of new ale out of the clear; whifk the above ingredients very well for an hour or more, till it be all of a white froth; beat very well one pound of plaifter of Paris, and put it into your cafk, with the

the fermentation, and whilk it very well for half an hour, with a ftrong hand, until you have brought all the fediment from the bottom of your cafk, and it will look white; if your cafk be not full fill it up with new ale, and the fermentation will have this good effect : the acid part of the ale will arife to the top immediately, and iffue out of the bung-hole, but if the calk be not full, the part that fhould fly out will continue in and weaken the body of the ale; be fure you do not fail filling up your cafk four or five times a day until it has done working, and all the fournefs or white muddy part is gone; and when it begins to look like new tunned ale, put in a large handful of fpent hops, clofe it up, and let it fland fix weeks; if it be not fine, and cream like bottled ale, let it flay a month longer, and it will drink brifk like bottled ale; this is a very good method, and has been uled to ale that has been both white and four, and never known to fail. If you have malt which you fuspect is not good, fave out two gallons of wort, and a few hours before you want it, add to it half a pint of barm, and when you have tunned your drink into the barrel, and it has quite done working, make the above fermentation; when you have put it in the barrel whifk it very well for half an hour, and it will fet your ale on working afresh, and when the two gallons is done working white over, keep filling up your barrel with it four or five times a day; let it work four or five days; when it has done working close it up: if the malt has got any bad tafte, or be in a fluid nature this will take it off.

FINIS.
## THE PASSIN' FRISKIN.

the formanian and while it was well for half as hour, with a timing hand, which can have brought die he fediment from the notion of your calls, and is will took white; if your call he use full filter up with new ale, and the formantation will have this good effect: the acid part of the ale, will some to the top inputerhavely, he new this call and to the top inputerhavely, be new take will and the filter of the sole of the ale, will and the the her internation the new take out of the hong-hole, but it has call be new take the part that allow body of the ale; or the times a day usual thing up your calls four and all the fourned or while modely part is genty; and all the fourned or while modely part is genty;

## I. Montgomery, Printer, Sheffield. 1802.

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