Medical reports, of the effects of tobacco : principally with regard to its diuretic quality, in the cure of dropsies, and dysuries: together with some observations, on the use of clysters of tobacco, in the treatment of the colic / by Thomas Fowler.

#### Contributors

Fowler, Thomas, 1736-1801. University of Leeds. Library

#### **Publication/Creation**

London : J. Johnson [etc.], 1785.

#### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/csgjmtm7

#### Provider

Leeds University Archive

#### License and attribution

This material has been provided by This material has been provided by The University of Leeds Library. The original may be consulted at The University of Leeds Library. where the originals may be consulted.

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org

# MEDICAL REPORTS,

#### OF THE

4

EFFECTS of TOBACCO,

Principally with Regard to its

DIURETIC QUALITY,

# IN THE CURE OF

D R O P S I E S, AND D Y S U R I E S:

TOGETHER WITH SOME OBSERVATIONS, ON THE USE OF CLYSTERS OF TOBACCO, IN THE TREATMENT OF THE COLIC:

# By THOMAS FOWLER, M. D.

Phyfician to the General Infirmary of the County of Stafford.

Si quid novisti rectius istis, Candidus imperti: Si non, his utere mecum.

HOR.

120

### LONDON.

- Printed for J. JOHNSON, No. 72 St. Paul's Church Yard, and WILLIAM BROWN, Corner of Effex Street, Strand.

MDCCLXXXV.

MEDICAL REPORTS. EFFECTS of TOBACO. Principally with Regard to its DIURETIC QUALITY, IN THE CURE OF DROPSIES, AND DYSURIES: TOGETHER. WITH SOME ODERRYATIONS, OM TREATMENT OF THE COLIC: BY THOMAS FOWLER, M. D. Division to the Constal Infranaty of the County of Sufford, silli colder illizon hine i? JOH. NO NO 1 Printed for J. Jonsson, the. 78 fa. Paul's Church Vard, and WILLIAN DROWN, Corner of Effex Street, Strend, · 720120300310

# PREFACE,

THE Nature and Causes of Dropfies,

have been inveftigated at large, and the Indications of Cure clearly laid down, by many eminent Writers; in particular by Boerhaave, Hoffman, and Cullen, in their general Syftems of Practice; and by Monro, Wilks, and Others, in Effays profeffedly written upon the Subject. But the Indication of the *most Importance*, that of evacu ating the Waters by the Ufe of Medicines, has in general, been attended with the greateft Difficulty.

Diaphoretics, Sudorifics, and Sialagogues, have very feldom produced the defired Effect. Emetics and Purgatives, REFACE.

iv

P

tives, have fometimes been fuccefsful in carrying off the Waters ; but, much oftener, have only diminifhed them to a certain Degree, and for a fhort Time; becaufe the Debility which they occafion, is found to difpofe the Habit more flrongly to a Reaccumulation of extravafated Fluids. Which Confideration, may juftly render it doubtful, whether upon the whole more Harm than Good, has not been done by thefe Medicines, in the Treatment of Dropfical Patients.

But the fame Objection cannot reafonably be made against the Use of Diuretics; because they seem to produce their Effects, without inducing Debility: and therefore are the only Class of Evacuants, which Authors have unanimously agreed to recommend; and yet PREFACE. v

yet the ftrongeft Advocates for Diuretics, acknowledge the Uncertainty of their Operation.

Dr. Cullen in his Syftem of Practice lately publifhed, after having allowed the Propriety of diurctic Medicines in the Treatment of Dropfies, has added, ——" It happens, however, unluckily, " that none of them are of very certain " operation;" †

Induced by these Confiderations, the Author of the following Reports has made Trial of a greater Variety of diuretic Medicines in Dropfical Cafes, than have generally been used; in Hopes of finding fome one, more efficacious than the Rest: and he flatters

+ Vol. 4. P. 293.

wi PREFACE. flatters himfelf, he may recommend, as fuch, the celebrated Indian Plant commonly called Tobacco.

A Paragraph, in the third Volume of Dr. Duncan's very valuable medical Commentaries, firft induced him to administer Tobacco. It was Part of a Letter, from Dr. Garden of Charles Town, South Carolina, to Dr. Hope of Edinburgh ; wherein he fays ——" Here we use with surprisingly " great efficacy, in dropfical cafes, the " alkaline fixed falt of tobacco, &c." +

On reading this Account, it occurred to him, that if this Salt was endued with any medicinal Virtue, fuperior to that of the common fixed vegetable

+ P. 330.

getable Alkali (the Ufe of which in Dropfies, has long been well known to Phyficians) it must arife from some Property inherent in Tobacco, and which perhaps had not been wholly deftroyed by the Action of Fire; and if

fo, why not try the Plant itfelf?

P

REFACE. vii

It appears, from the Hiftory of this Plant, that it was first introduced into Europe by Monfieur Nicot, from the Island of Tobago, about the Year 1560: and that various medicinal Properties have been attributed to it, at different Times, efpecially by foreign Phyficians. But, from whatever Caufe it has happened, the Generality of Writers on the Materia Medica, have spoken of it, with great Caution and Referve; and for the most Part have concluded their Remarks by declaring it, either obsolete.

obsolete, or so uncertain, violent, and deleterious, in its Effects, as to render its Exhibition unadvisable.

EFACE.

viii

P

R

And indeed thefe Notions of the Plant have fo far prevailed, that (excepting now and then by Way of Clyfter) the internal Ufe of Tobacco, may fairly be confidered as having no Place in modern Practice.

Thefe Confiderations however, have in nowife difcouraged the Author of the following Sheets, from commencing an Enquiry, into the medicinal Effects of Tobacco; and being refolved to give a faithful Account, of his own Experience and Obfervations, he has conducted the Inveftigation thereof, with the fame Caution and Diligence, as if the Subject had never been before treated. Each

### PREFACE.

ix

Each Cafe has been particularly defcribed, and a Report has been made of the Effects of the Medicine upon every Patient.

The Refult of this Enquiry, has afforded him very favourable Ideas upon the Subject: and he hopes to prove, by a confiderable Number of Facts, that Tobacco may (under proper Regulations) be adminiftered internally, not only as a fafe, but as an efficacious, and valuable Remedy; efpecially, as a *powerful Diuretic*, in Cafes of Dropfies and Dyfuries. This Property, among the vaft Number that have been attributed to it, feems fcarcely to have been hinted at by Authors.

A Medicine poffeffing this Quality in an eminent Degree, has long been acknowledged to be a Defideratum in Phyfic ; Phyfic; and let it be confidered as a further Recommendation, that it is found in a Vegetable. Becaufe the Productions of Nature, are generally conftant and uniform; while those of Art, are too often variable and uncertain; which is the Cafe in fome of our most powerful chemical Remedies.

PREFACE.

x

In drawing up the fublequent Cafes, the Author being defirous, to avoid the Prolixity of Repetition, and the Obfcurity of extreme Brevity, has only given a few Cafes at large; but has added Others in an abftracted Form; in which, he has attempted to concentrate all that was ufeful in each. The Former will afford a fufficient Specimen of the Method and Cure, with which the Originals of the abftracted Ones have been collected; and enable the PREFACE. xi the Reader to form a tolerable Judgment, of the Degree of Credit, to which the whole is intitled.

If the following Reports fhould be favourably received by the Public, it will encourage the Author to lay before them (upon the fame Plan) an Account of fome other Medicines, which from his own Experience, he has found efficacious in different Difeafes.

Stafford Jan. 14, 1785.

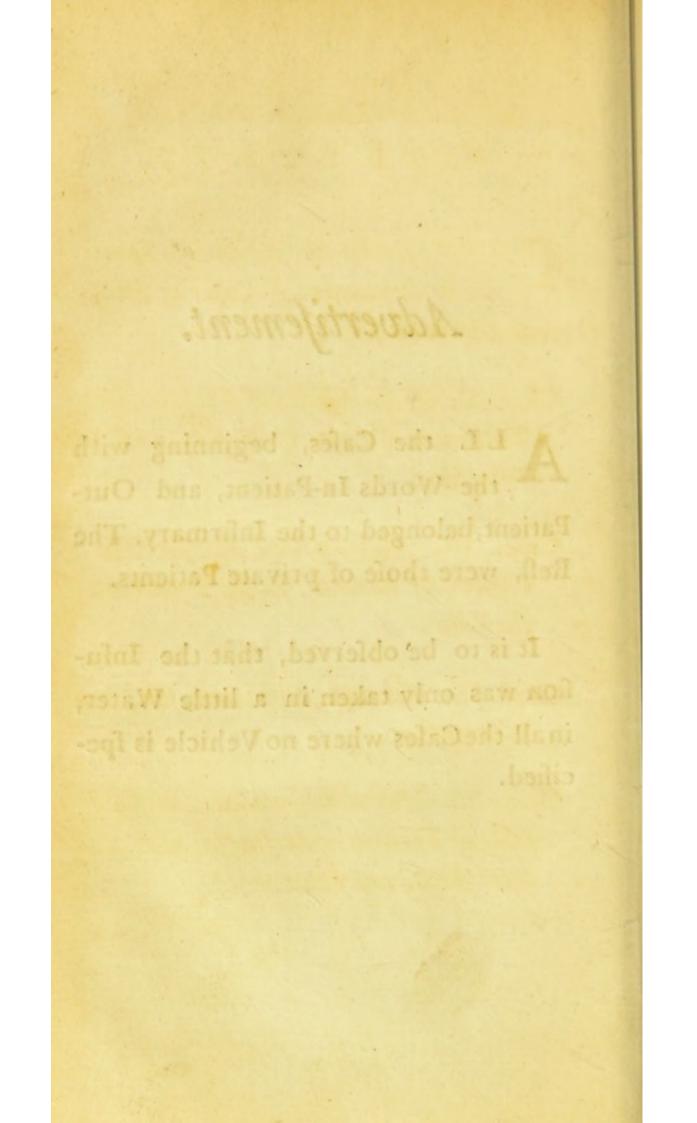
# ADVER-

enled. which from his own Experience, he Cales. Stafford Jan. 14, 1785. . . ADVER

# Advertisement.

A LL the Cafes, beginning with the Words In-Patient, and Out-Patient, belonged to the Infirmary. The Reft, were those of private Patients.

It is to be obferved, that the Infufion was only taken in a little Water, in all the Cafes where no Vehicle is fpecified.



# CONTENTS.

CHAP. I. Of the Effects of Tobacco, in the Treatment of Cafes of Dropfy, with Obfervations.

CHAP. II. Of the Effects of Tobacco, in the Treatment of Cafes of Dyfury, with Obfervations.

CHAP. III. Observations on the Use of Clysters of Tobacco, in the Treatment of the Colic.

CHAP. IV. Formulæ Nicotianæ, &c. with Observations.

CHAP. V. General Observations on the Effects of Tobacco, interspersed with practical Rules and Cautions.

CONTENTS! HAT. T. Of the Effects of Tobacco in the Treatment of Cofes of Drophy & with Obfervalions. CHAP. II. Of the Efells of Tobacco, in that Trediment of Cafes of Defury, with Chfervations. Cant. III. Obfervations on the Ufe of Chylers of Tobacco, in the Freatment of the Colic. GRAT. IV. Formula Nicoliana, Gc. with CHAT. V. General Observations on the Es fells of Tobacco, interferfed with practical Rules and Cautions.

# MEDICAL REPORTS, &c.

# CHAP. I.

Of the Effects of Tobacco, in the Treatment of Cafes of Dropfy, with Observations.

### CASE I.

Drophcal Swellings of the Legs, of five Months Continuance, much relieved by taking an Infusion of Tobacco, for nine Days.

### APRIL 9th. 1784.

WILLIAM BAYLEY, of Newcaftle under Line, a Journeyman Hatter, aged 36, an In-Patient. He is affected with very large dropfical Swellings, of his Legs and Feet, which, when he is fatigued by working at his Bufinefs, extend to his Thighs. His Belly, and fuperior Parts are not at all fwelled : his Urine, of which he makes about a Pint in a B Night

2

Night, is of a natural Colour: his Body is regularly open, and Appetite good. He has ufed no Medicines, except three Dofes of purging Phyfic, from which he has received no Relief. The Swellings came on without any apparent Caufe, about five Months ago.

Ordered to take at Bed time, a Pill of five grains of Calomel, and in the Morning, a purging Draught, of half an Ounce of Glauber's Salts, diffolved in two Ounces of the Infusion of Sena, half an Ounce of the Tincture of Sena being added to the Solution.

### April 10th.

He has had eight or ten Stools from the Pill, and Draught; but the Swellings of his Legs are not diminisched.

Ordered to take in an Ounce of Water, fifteen Drops of an Infusion of Tobacco + to morrow Morning, twenty two at four in the Afternoon, and thirty at Night going to bed.

April

all fwelled : his Urine. of

1018111

<sup>+</sup> Infufum Nicotianæ. No. 1.

. 3

### April 12th.

He took the three Dofes yefterday, as directed, and had three Stools, which was one more than ordinary, and without the leaft Sicknefs, or Uneafinefs. He paffed two Pints of Urine in the Night, having been ufed to make only one. His Legs are rather lefs fwelled ; but are very pafty up to the Calves.

Ordered to repeat the Infusion in Water, twice a Day, beginning with thirty five Drops, and adding from five to ten Drops to each Dose, until a Sensation of Sickness is produced.

### April 14th,

He has taken the Infusion regularly, the laft Dofe of which was feventy five Drops, without perceiving either Sicknefs, or any other Effect, except a flight Heat in the Throat, immediately after fwallowing it. He had three Stools Yesterday: his Urine is become pale, and increased in Quantity, and he paffed four Pints last Night. The dropfical Swellings are evidently diminisched.

Ordered

Ordered to take from feventy five Drops, to one hundred and twenty, or one hundred and fifty, of the Infusion twice a Day.

### April 17th.

He has gradually increafed the Medicine, to the Amount of one hundred and feventy five Drops in the laft Dofe. It operated as a ftrong Diuretic, and gentle Laxative; and produced a flight Giddinefs twice, for the Space of half an Hour. The Quantity of Urine exceeds that of the Liquids taken: he has paffed four Pints each of the two laft-Nights, and has had three Stools daily. The Swellings of his Legs continue to leffen.

Ordered to take two hundred Drops of the Infusion, twice a Day, in an Ounce of a Cordial Julep. +

# April 19th,

The Medicine fat eafy, and was felt warm at the Stomach; the Urine equally copious, and Stools the fame as before; his Legs not at all fwelled in a Morning

+ Julapium Cardiacum. No. 2.

Morning, and very little at Night. The Infusion and Julep were continued.

### April 21ft,

He was fick laft Night, and this Morning, and threw up the Medicine both Times : his Stools and Urine the fame : his Legs continue better ; but ftill are a little Iwelled towards Night.

Ordered to take only one hundred and fifty Drops of the Infusion, in the Julep twice a Day.

# April 24th,

The Medicine fat eafy on the Stomach; but his Urine is not quite fo free: his Legs are rather more fwelled towards Night, and a little in a Morning.

He was ordered to continue the Infusion and Julep, with the Addition of thirty Drops of a strong Lixivium of Tartar, in each Dose twice a Day.

### April 26th,

He has been fick with the Medicine each Morning, and threw it up once: his Urine is not fo copious, and his Legs are rather more fwelled.

Ordered

5

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion, with twelve Grains of the fixed vegetable Alkali, in a Dose of the Julep twice a Day.

### April 28th.

His Urine is not increased, and his Legs are much the fame.

He was ordered to omit the Alkaline Salt, and to take from one hundred and twenty, to two hundred Drops of the Infufion, in the Julep twice a Day.

### May 1ft,

He took the Drops one Day, and his Stomach and Bowels becoming uneafy, a Purging enfued; and he has taken no more fince: his Legs are much the fame as for two Reports paft; but much better upon the whole, the Swellings being now triffing.

The Medicines ordered to be omitted.

CASE

# CASE II.

Dropfical Swellings of the Legs, of eight Weeks Continuance, cured by taking the Infufion of Tobacco, for feven Days.

APRIL 19th, 1784.

JOBKITE, a Soldier, aged 24, an In Patient. His Legs have been dropfical near eight Weeks, and were very much fwelled laft Night. He has had an Ague twenty fix Weeks, but the Fits have been flopped feventeen Days, by the Ufe of Medicines, which were only finifhed a few Days ago. His Face is pale, Habit cachectic, and Belly rather fwelled : his Urine is in tolerable Quantity, Appetite good, and Stools regular.

Ordered to take one Hundred Drops of the Infusion, in an Ounce of the Cordial Julep every Night.

# April 21st,

The Infufion made him fqueamifh laft Night for a quarter of an Hour, and he was fomewhat hot and reftlefs afterwards. He has had three eafy Stools

Stools fince yesterday, and made a greater Quantity of Water both Nights. The fwelling of the Belly quite gone, and that of the Legs much fubfided.

Ordered to take one Hundred and hfty Drops of the Infusion, in the Julep twice a Day.

# April 24th,

The Infusion made him rather sick, and hot, and caused him to sweat. His Urine still increased, and the Swellings of his Legs still lessend.

The Medicines continued.

### April 26th,

The Infusion makes him rather fick, for about an Hour ; alfo hot and reftlefs in the Night Time, although fomewhat drowfy. He makes about five Pints of Urine every Night, used to make only half that Quantity, and has drunk no more than ordinary. The Swellings of his Legs are intirely gone; his Appetite very good, and he finds himfelf ftronger.

Ordered

Ordered to omit the Infusion and Julep, and to take a Dram of the bitter Tincture, ‡ with thirty Drops of the compound Spirits of Lavender, in an Ounce of Water twice a Day.

### April 28th,

No Return of Swellings, although he does not make fo much Urine, by one quarter Part in a Night, fince he omitted the Infusion. No Complaints.

# CASE III.

A general Dropfy, of twelve Days Continuance, cured by taking the Infusion eleven Days.

APRIL 29th, 1784.

VILLIAM MARSHALL, of Acton, aged 68, a Labourer, has been affected with Dropfical Swellings of his Legs and Thighs, for twelve Days paft. His Belly is rather fwelled, and has a Senfation of Fulnels at his Stomach. He has a bad Cough, C attended

t Tipctura Amara Pharm. Lond.

attended with a large Expectoration, a Difficulty of Breathing, and a Pain in his Breaft. His Urine is fcanty; but not high coloured: he has loft Flefh, and is very feeble; his Appetite is bad, and Pulfe weak; he is thirfty, and low fpirited; his fleep is tolerable, and Stools regular. He has taken a Vomit, and two Dofes of purging Phyfic without Relief.

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion every Night, and fifty every Morning in a little Water.

### May 2d.

He has taken fix Dofes of the Infufion, which agreed well, and occafioned feveral eafy loofe Stools: his Urine is alfo fenfibly increafed, and his Belly, Thighs, and Legs much decreafed; his Cough, Refpiration and Stomach are relieved, and his Spirits better.

Ordered to take one hundred and twenty five Drops of the Infusion every Night, and one hundred every Morning in a little Water.

May

### May 6th.

He has paffed three Pints of Urine, and has had one or two loofe Stools, every twenty four hours. The Swellings of his Belly, and Thighs are totally gone, and those of his Legs are only perceptible towards the Evening.

### Ordered to continue the Infusion.

### May 16th.

The Infusion was finished in four Days, proved as diuretic, and laxative as before, and he has had no Swellings, Cough, nor Shortness of Breath since : his Appetite is better, and Strength increased.

# June 19th,

No Return of his Complaint.

NO COLO DE DIO DE VI

Symptoms, wh

CASE

# CASE IV.

A confirmed general Dropfy, in a scrophulous Habit,

# M A Y 14th, 1784.

SAMUEL SHENTON, of Moor Heath, in the Parish of Leigh, aged 37. He is ftrongly affected with dropfical Swellings, and his Face and Neck fo much tumified, that he cannot lie down without Danger of Suffocation. The Abdomen is enlarged, and the Scrotum, Thighs, Legs, and Feet are fwelled to a vaft Size. His Urine is little more than half a Pint in twenty four Hours ; although he drinks from three to four Pints of Liquids in a Day. He coughs and fpits much, and hath great Difficulty of Breathing. He is extremely weak, and thirfty; his Appetite greatly impaired, his Body much bound, and Feet very cold : he has been affected with carious Ulcers on his left Hand, and right Foot, for five Years paft. The dropfical Symptoms, which are of four Months continuance, fucceeded a tertian Fever. 2 3

Ordered

13

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion, in an Ounce of Water, twice a Day; and two Mercurial Purging Pills, † whenever the Body is costive. Advised also to make Use of a more nourishing Diet.

# May 19th,

The Infufion produced a Giddinels, with a flight Naufea, and caufed an amazing Increase of Urine, which continues. All the Swellings, except that of the Abdomen, are much reduced ; and he can now lie down to fleep. He has taken the purging Pills, and had two Stools with each Dofe.

Ordered to take from one hundred, to one hundred and fifty Drops of the Infusion, in Water, twice a Day, and to continue his Pills, and Regimen.

### May 25th,

He has taken the Infusion regularly, and enlarged the Dofe to one hundred and fifty Drops, and found his Urine increased in Proportion. One Evening, he took two hundred Drops, which made

+ Pilulæ Aloeticæ Mercuriales. No. 3.

made him fick, with confiderable Giddinefs, and Pain acrofs his Eyes: during the Night, he paffed four Pints of Urine. The upper Extremities are entirely free from Swellings, excepting about the Hand affected with carious Ulcers. The Scrotum is quite reduced, and the Size of the Belly nearly fo. The Legs and Thighs, although ftill fwelled, are much reduced. His Body was opened by two of the purging Pills, the former Part of the Week; and has fince been kept fo by the Infufion, which feems to affect his Head moft in a Morning.

Ordered to take two hundred Drops of the Infusion every Night, and one hundred every Morning in Water. The Regimen was continued.

# May 30th.

On omitting his Medicine for two Days, the Swellings of his Legs and Thighs feemed at a fland, but on refuming it, his Urine was again increafed, and he had two or three Stools a Day, and can bear the prefent Dofes tolerably well. The Swellings of the lower

IS

lower Extremities are now very trifling, and the Belly, Scrotum, and other Parts of the Body, are entirely free from Tumefaction. He is extremely emaciated; yet rather ftronger, and his Appetite better.

Ordered to take two hundred Drops of the Infusion every other Night, in Water; and to continue his Regimen.

# June 6th,

He finds an Increase of Urine, after each Dose of the Medicine; but perceives a strong Tendency to swell on the intermediate Days. The Swellings of the lower Extremities much the fame. The Infusion has purged him this Morning, and his Appetite is bad.

Ordered to take ten Grains of Ipecacuan, with one of Tartar Emetic, in the Evening; alfo to continue the Infusion every other Night, and take a Steel Pill || twice a Day.

### June 13th.

The Vomit operated well, and his Appetite is rather better: the Steel Pills agreed. The Effects of the Infufion

|| Pilulæ Chalybeatæ No. 4.

fion and Symptoms, the fame as at the laft Report ; excepting that the Ulcers have become painful, and prevent his getting Reft ; his Body ftill loofe.

Ordered to take two hundred Drops of the Infusion every night, and a Pill of a Grain of Opium every other Night.

# June 20th.

He has thrown up his Medicine, almost every Time he took it; his Urine decreased, and Swellings, Cough, and Difficulty of Respiration returning.

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion, twice and thrice a Day; and the Regimen to be continued.

# Aug. 14th.

The Infusion has operated more as an Emetic, and Purgative, than a Diuretic, and the fwellings greatly increasing, it ceased to operate as a Diuretic altogether; and therefore was given up. He has fince tried Cream of Tartar, Squills, &c. but without Relief and is now fast approaching to the forlorn Situation, in which I first faw him.

CASE

hield, and buienged. The

# CASE V.

An Afcites (or Dropfy of the Belly) of three Months Continuance, cured by taking the Infusion, and Tincture of Tobacco,

### MAY 30th, 1784.

JANE RUSHTON, aged 34, the Wife of a labouring Man, of Moor Heath, in the Parish of Leigh. She is affected with a Swelling of the Abdomen, which appears larger than is usual in the last Month of Pregnancy. On examining her Body, a Fluctuation is perceptible to the Touch. She has a fhort Cough, with great Difficulty of Breathing on the least Exertion. Her Countenance is fallow, and Legs rather fwelled. Her Stomach and Bowels are much afflicted with Wind, and from a general Senfation of Fulnefs fhe fleeps ill, and dares eat but very little at a Time. She has five or fix Stools in a Day, and is thirsty. Her Tongue is clean, her Pulfe at 108 Strokes in a Minute, and weak. She has loft both Flefh

Flefh and Strength. Her Urine has been very high coloured, for two Months paft, and not exceeding half a Pint in twenty four Hours: her Menfes are regular but rather pale. About three Months ago, immediately after catching Cold upon a Journey, a fudden Diminution of Urine took Place, and was followed by the above dropfical Symptoms, which have gradually grown worfe. She has been accuftomed to a very poor Diet, and has had feven Children, the youngeft of which is now fifteen months old.

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion, in a little Water, this Evening, and to morrow Morning; and to use a more nourishing Diet.

# June 1st.

She has had fome Vertigo with each Dofe, and paffed a Pint and a half of Urine within the laft twenty four Hours with fome Relief, and her Loofenefs is rather abated.

Ordered to take one hundred and twenty five Drops of the Infusion in Water twice a Day,

Day, and one Grain of Opium at Bed-time, twice in the Courfe of the Week.

### June 6th.

She has fome Sicknefs and Vertigo in a morning: her Urine by the fourth Dofe, was increafed to four Pints in twenty four hours, has continued in the fame Proportion, and is become of a more natural Colour. Her Body is diminifhed in Circumference, acrofs the Navel, two Inches and three quarters, and fhe feels herfelf much relieved in every refpect. She has had more Reft with the two Pills of Opium, and has only had one or two Stools a Day.

Ordered the Infusion and Pills to be continued.

# June 13th.

She has wholly neglected to take her Medicine, and her Urine is leffened fince the laft Report. She has had fome Reft by the Ufe of the Pills, and fays the Size of her Body is much the fame.

D 2

Ordered

19

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion in Water, twice a Day for a Week; and to continue the Pills of Opium as before.

## June 20th.

On taking the Infufion again, her Urine increafed to between three and four pints in twenty four Hours, and has continued in the fame Proportion : her Body is diminifhed three Inches and a half fince the laft Report. She has taken her Pills, has now only two or three Stools in a Day, fleeps well, Appetite mends, and is better in all Refpects.

Ordered to omit the Pills, and to continue the Infusion for seven Days.

## June 27th.

She has regularly taken her Medicine, and makes about four Pints of Urine in a Day, which is double the apparent Quantity of Liquids taken. Her Body fhe thinks reduced to within an Inch or two of its natural Size, the Reduction being two Inches and a half fince the laft Report, and eight Inches and

and three quarters in all. Her Menfes are regular, more copious, and of a better Colour : fhe gathers Flefh and Strength, her Complexion is much more natural, and Stools more regular.

Ordered to take one hundred and twenty five Drops of the Infusion, twice a Day for five Days; and then from fixty to one hundred Drops of the Tincture of Tobacco, § every Night for four Nights, in a little Water.

#### July 11th.

She omitted the Medicines for fome Days, and her Body enlarged two Inches; but on her repeating the Infufion for five Days, that Difcharge was again augmented, and the Diminution, of the Abdomen is now eight Inches and three quarters as before. The Tincture proved equally diuretic with the Infufion; but when fhe came to take one hundred Drops, her Head was more affected with them, than with one hundred and twenty five of the Infufion.

Ordered

§ Tinctura Nicotianæ No. 5.

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Tincture every night.

## August 5th.

She only continued the Tincture a few Nights, and with the fame Operaration : her Body still grew lefs, and has continued fo. It is now reduced to its former State, and is full ten Inches and a Quarter lefs than it was, when she began the Use of the Infusion. In the Courfe of a Week from the laft Report, fhe recovered fo much Strength, as to be able to go out to work in the Fields, which Employment fhe has continued, and has acquired Flesh, and a healthy Complexion. On the accumulated Waters being fo effectually reduced, fhe complained that the Abdomen felt very relaxed and flabby, and therefore I ordered her to wear a tight Waistcoat, by way of Bandage; from which fhe found great Support and Comfort. She also perceived her Recovery of Strength accelerated, by using a fomewhat more nourifhing Diet.

December

#### December 1st.

She continues entirely free from every Dropfical Symptom.

## CASE VI.

An Afcites of nine Weeks Continuance, cured chiefly by taking the Infusion fifteen Days.

## JUNE 26th, 1784.

M R S. B\_\_\_\_\_, in the Neighbourhood of Stafford, aged 55. Her Abdomen is fenfibly enlarged and appears on Examination to contain Water. Her Face is pale, and bloated, and the whole Habit rather dropfical. The Urine is in moderate Quantity, and not high coloured. The Pulfe ninety two Strokes in a Minute, and rather weak, and attended with a general Languor. The Appetite is tolerable, Sleep natural, and no Thirft; but her Body is bound.

The Dropfical Symptoms are of nine Weeks Continuance, and came on fuddenly

23

denly. The firft five Weeks the Urine on an Average, amounted only to about twelve Ounces in twenty four Hours. The Swellings have not increafed much for this Month paft. She has lived abftemioufly, been much confined in the Houfe, and has taken no Medicines.

Ordered to take ninety Drops of the Infusion of Tobacco every Night, and fixty Drops every morning, in an Ounce of a weak aromatic Infusion of Horse Radish for four Days.

Ordered to take alfo, half a Dram of Cream of Tartar, with three Grains of Ginger, twice a Day for three Days.

Advised to make Use of a more nourishing Diet, and take Exercise on Horseback.

## July 2d.

The Medicines were taken regularly for four Days, and made her fick, and light-headed for an Hour each Time. They procured two Stools a Day, and the Urine is materially increased, three Pints a Day being discharged, and only two Pints and a half of Liquids drunk. The

25

The Abdomen, meafured by a Fillet acrofs the Navel, appears to have fubfided near an Inch, and the general Swellings are abated. The Body is become bound fince the Medicines were finifhed.

Ordered the Infusion with the fame Vehicle, to be continued every other Day for a Week; and two Drams of Cream of Tartar, to be taken every other Morning, on the intermediate Days. The Regimen to be continued.

#### July 11th.

She has had an eafy Stool with each Dofe of the Cream of Tartar, and has taken the Infufion four Days, which was accompanied with a flight Giddinefs. The Urine is copious, and the Body meafures acrofs the Navel, one Inch and three Quarters lefs than at the laft Report.

The Medicines, and Regimen were continued.

## July 18th.

The Medicines have been regularly taken, and the Abdomen has fubfided E one

one Inch more, three Inches and a half in all. She judges by her Stays, that her Body is about its natural Size. She feels herfelf ftronger, in better Spirits, and appears more healthy. The Body is kept open by the Cream of Tartar, and the Urine continues in the fame Proportion; but is most copious the Days she takes the Infusion.

Qrdered the Infusion and Vehicle to be repeated, twice every third Day; and two Steel Pills with an Ounce of Port Wine, to be taken twice a Day on the intermediate Days. The Regimen to be continued.

# July 31ft.

The Infufion as ufual, always accompanied with an increase of Urine, and has been taken (in all) fifteen Days. The Size of her Body continues the fame; the Pills and Wine agreed with her, and she has gradually gathered Strength : her Appetite and Digestion are very good; but she is rather coftive.

Ordered to continue the Steel Pills and Wine, every Day for a Fortnight; and to take

27

take a Dram of Cream of Tartar, with half a Dram of Sulphur when costive.

#### August 28th.

The Gream of Tartar, and Sulphur, were taken two or three Times, and gently opened her Body. She has continued the Steel Pills and Wine, and has gathered much Strength. Her Complexion is become natural, and fhe remains quite free from every Dropfical Symptom.

January 10th 1785.

No Relapfe.

## CASE VII.

A general Dropfy, of five Weeks Continuance, cured by taking the Infusion twenty four Days.

SEPTEMBER 10th, 1784.

THOMAS WOOLDRIDGE, of Wolverhampton, a Buckle Maker, aged 30, an In-Patient. He is affected with general dropfical Swellings, his E 2 Legs

Legs and Thighs are very tumid, efpecially towards Night; and his Face, and Hands are much fwelled in a Morning. His Belly is alfo fomewhat enlarged; but there is no perceptible Fluctuation. He makes only about two Pints of Urine in twenty four Hours, but not high coloured; he is thirfty, and fleeps ill; his Appetite is good, and Body regular. Dropfical Symptoms firft came on near five Weeks ago, and have grown gradually worfe. He has taken feveral Medicines; but with very tranfient Relief. He can affign no caufe for his Complaint.

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion twice a Day, in a Teacup of Water.

## September 11th.

No fenfible Effects from the Medicine, and on Enquiry I find he has been accuftomed to chew Tobacco.

Ordered to take from one hundred and fifty, to two hundred Drops of the Infusion twice a Day.

## September 15th.

After trying different Dofes of the Infusion, he finds that one hundred and eighty

eighty Drops at Night, and one hundred in a Morning occafion a Giddinefs, and are as much as he can bear. He was fomewhat griped laft Night; but was foon relieved by a loofe watery Stool: his Urine began to increafe three Days ago, and he makes now three Pints and a half in twenty four Hours, which is double his ufual Quantity: his Legs, Thighs, Belly, and Face have been fubfiding thefe three Days.

Ordered to continue one hundred and eighty Drops of the Infusion every Night, and one hundred every Morning in Water.

#### September 18th.

The Infusion continued to make his Head light, and his Urine copious; his Legs and Thighs are less fwelled; he has two Stools a Day, with some griping Pains.

Ordered to continue the Infusion as before, and to take twenty Drops of Liquid Laudanum, every other Night.

#### September 22d.

His Thighs are not at all fwelled, and Legs very little, either at Mornings

29

ings or Nights. He continues to have two Stools a Day: but the Pains of his Bowels are fomewhat relieved, whenever he takes the Laudanum: he makes near two Pints of Urine in a Night.

Ordered to continue the Infusion and Laudanum.

#### October 7th.

He found his Head become more light and troublefome, with the one hundred and eighty Drops, and therefore took only one hundred and fixty at Night, and continued the one hundred every Morning : his Urine ftill copious, and the dropfical Swellings have been entirely gone for three Days paft; fince which, he has omitted his Medicines, and has been for fome Time flowly gathering Strength.

# CASE VIII.

MARTHA BENTLEY, of Walton, aged 41, cured in four Days, of dropfical Swellings after an Ague,

31

gue, by taking three Dofes of eighty Drops of the Tincture of Tobacco, and the fame Dofes of the Infufion, in a little Water. They operated as Diuretics, attended with Naufea, and Head Ach.

## CASE IX.

MARYEATON, of Brockton, aged 44, an Out Patient, cured of dropfical Swellings after an Ague, by taking fifty Drops of the Infufion, every Night, and twenty five every Morning, for ten Days, operating as a Diuretic.

## CASE X.

S AMUEL REEVES, aged 26, an In Patient, affected, in Confequence of an Ague, with general dropfical Swellings, of eight Weeks Continuance; and cured in eighteen Days, by taking one hundred and fixty Drops of the Infufion, in an Ounce of the Cordial Julep, twice a Day for eight Days. It

It operated as a ftrong Diuretic, and a Laxative ; accompanied with Giddinefs and griping Pains.

# CASE XI.

G EORGE CHADBORN, of Rugeley, aged 42, an In Patient, cured of large dropfical Swellings of the Legs, after an Ague, by taking one hundred and twenty Drops of the Infusion, Tincture, or Wine of Tobacco, every Night, and eighty every Morning for nine Days. Their Operation was ftrongly diuretic, attended with a flight Giddinefs

## CASE XII.

S ARAH DUDLEY, of Stafford, aged 32, an Out Patient, was affected with dropfical Swellings of the Legs, after an Ague; and much relieved by taking from twenty five to fifty Drops of the Infufion, for three Nights together, in an Ounce of the Cordial Julep. It operated as a Diuretic, and Laxative, attended with a Naufea and Giddinefs. CASE

#### CASE XIII.

**F**RANCIS GOUGH, of Stafford, aged 57, cured of dropfical Legs, after a flow Fever, by taking fixty Drops of the Infufion every Night, and forty every Morning, in an Ounce of the Cordial Julep for feven Days. It operated as a Diuretic.

## CASE XIV.

S ARAH BENTON, of Bradley, aged 20, an Out Patient, cured of general dropfical Swellings, by taking about one hundred Drops of the Infufion every Night, and fifty every Morning for eighteen Days. It operated as a Diuretic, accompanied with Giddinefs, and Naufea.

## ÇASE XV.

MARY CHADBORN, of Rugeley, aged 23, an Out Patient, much relieved from dropfical Swellings of fome Continuance, by taking one hundred F Drops

33

Drops of the Infusion every Night for feven Nights; and eighty Drops of the Wine every Night, for four Nights following. Their Operation was diuretic, attended with Giddiness, and Naufea.

## CASE XVI.

MRS. C——. in the Neighbourhood of Rugeley, aged 50, cured of dropfical Swellings of the Legs of fome Continuance, by taking one hundred Drops of the Tincture of Tobacco, in a little pepper Mint Water, twice a Day for fix Days. It operated as a Diuretic, and Laxative, attended with a flight Naufea, and Giddinefs.

## CASE XVII.

S ARAH BRINDLEY, of Great Haywood, aged 42, an Out Patient, was affected with dropfical Swellings of the Legs of fome Continuance, and much relieved by taking one hundred Drops

### 

Drops of the Infusion every Night, and fifty every Morning for eight Days, and one hundred Drops every other Night for four Nights. It operated as a flrong Diuretic, attended with a flight Nausea, and Giddines.

## CASE XVIII.

SARAHABBOTS, middle aged, an In Patient, was affected with dropfical Swellings of the Legs, of fix Weeks Continuance, and relieved in the Space of a Month, by taking one hundred and fixty Drops of the Infufion at Bed-time, and one hundred in a Morning, for eleven Days, with Intervals; and one hundred and fixty Drops of the Vinegar of Tobacco + every Night, and one hundred every Morning for three Days. Their Operation was diuretic, accompanied with flight Giddinefs, and Naufea. F2 CASE

+ Acetum Nicotianæ, No. 7.

#### CASE XIX.

JOHN GOSSIDGE, of Stafford, aged 42, cured of dropfical Swellings of the Legs of two Years and a half continuance, (much aggravated by a Stroke of the Palfy twenty feven Months ago,) chiefly by taking fifty Drops of the Infufion, twice a Day for eleven Days. It operated as a Diuretic, Diaphoretic, and Laxative, attended with a flight Naufea, and Giddinefs. The Cure was alfo affifted by the Ufe of Bandages.

## CASE XX.

0...0

W ALTER OSBORN, of Leek, aged 30, an In Patient, cured of a dropfical Swelling of his Leg, of two Years Continuance, *chiefly* by taking eight Pills of Tobacco, at three Dofes, in the Space of a few Hours; and one hundred Drops of the Infufion, Tincture, or Wine of Tobacco every Night,

|| Pilulæ Nicotianæ No. 8.

Night, and feventy five Drops every Morning for ten Days. Their Operation was strongly diuretic, attended with flight Nausea, and Giddiness. The Cure was also affisted by the Use of Bandages.

## CASE XXI.

MARY BETTONY, aged 61, an Out Patient, afflicted with a confirmed general Dropfy, accompanied with great Debility, for which she took one hundred Drops of the Infusion, in an Ounce of the Cordial Julep, twice a Day for eight Days. It produced a flight Naufea, but no other Effect ; and was attended with no Relief.

# CASE XXII.

HARLES NICOLS, between 60 and 70 Years of Age, an Out

Out Patient, was afflicted with an Afcites of many Months Continuance, and took for fourteen Days, with Intervals, from one hundred to four hundred Drops of the Infufion twice a Day, without receiving any Benefit. It produced no Evacuation, nor any fenfible Effect, except a Head Ach, by two or three of the largeft Dofes.

## OBSERVATIONS.

T HE Cafe of William Bayley, being the firft, in which the Infufion of Tobacco was administered, it was neceffary to begin with fmall Dofes, and to augment them gradually. It deferves Notice, that its diuretic Effects were perceptible, by the Time the Patient had taken the third Dofe, which was thirty Drops, and that his Urine continued progreffively to increase, till he had taken one hundred and feventy five

five at a Dofe ; that he had every Day an eafy Stool extraordinary ; that there was no other fingular Effect, except a flight Vertigo twice, during the firft nine Days ; at the End of which, the Swellings were almostentirely gone; and that the largest Dofe of the Infusion, ( two hundred Drops,) produced not the least alarming or deleterious Effect, either on the vital, or animal Functions.

The Circumftances thus far, were as flattering as could well attend the firft Trial of an active Medicine. It is true the larger Dofes of it, after the Period mentioned, did not feem to agree fo well, efpecially when combined with the Lixivium and fixed alkaline Salt.

The diuretic Effects however of the Infusion were so far confpicuous, as to determine me in my Intention of making further Trials of it, as soon as any other proper Cafes should occur.

With Regard to this Patient, his Stomach having become fqueamifh, and Bowels

Bowels irritable, the Swellings of his Legs triffing, and he able to return to his Work, it appeared most advisable wholly to omit his Medicines.

The Lixivium and Salt were added to the Infusion in this Cafe, upon the Supposition, that the fixed vegetable Alkali had had a confiderable Share in the Success of the Medicine, faid to have been given in South Carolina. But from a Number of Facts, I am now convinced, that I was right in my first Conjecture, on reading that Account in the Medical Commentaries ; and that the Salt of Tobacco, which they made Ufe of, (efpecially if it was administered unseparated from the Afhes,) was not a pure fixed vegetable Alkali; but a vegetable Salt, partaking more or lefs of the native Virtues of the Plant.

The diuretic Effects of the Infufion, in the two following Cafes were very pointed, and fuccefsful. In that of Job Kite, the dropfical Symptoms, (from which

which the Abdomen was not exempt,) were combined with a very cachectic Habit, caufed by the long Continuance of an obftinate Ague; and in that of William Marfhall, connected with old Age, Cough, and Shortnefs of Breath.

The Effects of the Infusion were not a little furprizing, in the Cafe of Samuel Shenton; for although it did not terminate fuccefsfully; yet the immense, Quantity of Waters was almost wholly evacuated, in a very fhort Time, by the powerful Operation of the Medicine. Nor was it at all wonderful, that a Reaccumulation of extravafated Fluids, should afterwards take Place in a Habit, which, from a deep rooted Scrophula of five Years, was affected with lymphatic Obstructions and great general Debility; nor that the Stomach should at last reject the Medicine, in a Conflitution fo much exhaufted.

The Cafe of Jane Rushton, was the most fuccessful and fatisfactory of the Kind, I ever treated ; for the dropfical Distention of her Body, (although a ve-

ry

ry little Woman,) was reduced without any fatiguing Operation, ten Inches and a Quarter in Circumference. The Cure, through the whole Progrefs of the Treatment, flrongly corresponded with the diuretic Effects of the Medicine ; it was speedy, radical, and permanent.

The Cafe of Mrs. B ....... was also very fuccefsful, the Operation of the Medicines were effectual, and her Recovery was completed in a short Time. I have faid cured chiefly by the Infufion ; becaule I allow the Gream of Tartar to have done fome Service; but as the chief Increase of the Urine, always corresponded with the Exhibition of the Infusion, which was (as usual in other Cafes, accompanied with a flight Vertigo, it appears very reasonable to conclude, that the principal Share of the Cure was owing to the Tobacco. The Medicine in which it was administered, I confider as no more than a coinciding Vehicle, prescribed for the Occasion; and therefore have not thought it of Confequence enough to be inferted in the Chapter of Formulæ. The Propriety

ety of exhibiting Steel and Wine, (after the Evacuation of the Waters,) in order to ftrengthen the Conftitution, and prevent a Relapfe, must be obvious to every one, acquainted with the Nature of Dropfies.

The Anafarca, or general Dropfy of Thomas Wooldridge, had not proceeded to fo dangerous a Degree; the Cure however, ferves to eftablish the Efficacy of the Medicine. It was observable that the diuretic Effect of the Infusion did not take Place the first two Days, that it began to operate on the third, and that the Urine continued to increase for feveral Days; then remained copious, and the Cure was progressive. The griping Pains of his Bowels, when troublesome, were always relieved by the Ufe of the Laudanum.

The five first abstracted Cases were in Confequence of Agues; and from the diuretic Operation of the Infusion, (with the three Doses of the Tincture taken by Martha Bentley,) the dropsical Symptoms in four of them were  $G_2$  fpeedily

43

fpeedily cured, and much relieved in the fifth.

Perhaps it may be objected by fome, that these Cases are not in Point ; becaufe dropfical Symptoms, brought on by Agues already cured, will in general fubfide by the mere Effort of Nature. But when it is confidered, that those Cafes were the Confequences of fome of the worft, and most obstinate of the late Epidemic Agues; and that the Patients recovered in a fhorter Time, than they could have done, from the natural Return of Strength, after fuch a State of Debility; and that the Difappearance of the dropfical Symptoms, corresponded precisely with the diuretic Effects of the Medicine ; it must be allowed that fuch Facts, are neither ambiguous nor foreign to the Subject.

The dropfical Affection of Francis Gough, arifing from Debility occafioned by his late Fever, and cured by the fame Means, ftands precifely in the Predicament with the preceding.

Deediny

In the five Cafes next fucceeding, the dropfical Swellings were not in Confequence of any feverifh Complaints, and as they had been of fome Continuance, there was no Likelihood of their being fpeedily relieved by the mere Effort of Nature; therefore the Benefit which enfued, was more pointedly the Effect of the Medicine, whofe Operation was evidently diuretic in all the Cafes, and very ftrongly fo in Sarah Brindley's.

In the two next Cafes, I have faid cured chiefly by the Infusion &c. because as the Difeases appeared not wholly depending upon the Habit, but somewhat local, they were affisted by the Aid of Bandages; otherwise the Medicines were diffinctly diuretic, and the Cures were speedy, and successful.

In the two laft Cafes, the Medicine neither proved diuretic, nor beneficial; but then, the old Woman was in the laft Stage of an Anafarca, or general Dropfy; and the old Man had been afflicted with an Afcites for fome Time. He

45

He had also been accustomed to the Use of Tobacco, and had tried a great many Medicines with no better Effect.

I could add feveral more Cafes, fimilar to those already given; but I apprehend the preceding, are fufficient to shew the general Operation, and Effects of the Infusion, as an hydropic Medicine. I shall however, subjoin an Account of its Success, and Failure, in thirty one Cafes; being the Refult of my whole Experience of it in dropsical Complaints.

the forester the list on

ies were's peedy, and duccelsful.

entailed of a the Medicine

Transload That Diampion

he lalulion ke. becaute

real his and the sylgor

#### CURED.

Two Cafes of Anafarca, or general Dropfy, ftrongly marked; Two Cafes of incipient Anafarcas; Two Cafes of Afcites, or Dropfy of the Belly, ftrongly marked; Twelve Cafes of dropfical Swellings of the Legs.

#### RELIEVED.

- A Cafe of confirmed Anafarca, in the fcrophulous Habit of Samuel Shenton;
- A Cafe of confirmed Afcites, of 20 YearsContinuance, in a Woman aged 72;
- Eight Cafes of dropfical Swellings of the Legs.

NOT RELIEVED.

A confirmed Anafarca, in the Cafe of Mary Bettony, aged 61; A confirmed Afcites, in the Cafe of Charles Nicols, aged 63; A confirmed Anafarca, in a Man aged 38, combined with an Afcites.

> Total 31 CHAP

10

3

No. of Cafes.

# CHAP. II.

Of the Effects of Tobacco, in the Treatment of Cases of Dysury, with Observations.

## CASE XXIII.

A Dyfury (or Difficulty of paffing Urine) from Gravel, of four Days Continuance, cured by three Dofes of the Intufion.

# JUNE 2d. 1784.

WILLIAM IMS, near Rugeley, aged 34, has a conflant Pain in the Region of the Kidnies. It is much worfe by Paroxyfms, with frequent Motions of the Bladder, and confiderable Difficulty in making Water, which is high coloured, and contains a lateritious Sediment. His Stomach is fwelled and painful, from Flatulence, attended with Eructations: his Appetite is impaired, and his Belly bound : he has often been affected with calculous Paroxyfms; but never had the Rheumatifm. His Complaints came

#### IN CASES OF DYSURY.

49

on nine Days ago, and then rather abated; but have been much worfe for thefe laft four Days.

Ordered to take one hundred Drops of the Infusion, in a little Water, every six Hours.

## June 5th.

He took three Dofes of the Infufion, which caufed a Vertigo, and flight Naufea; became fenfibly eafier with the firft Dofe, and was quite relieved by the third; he paffed Urine with great Eafe, had three loofe Stools, and all the Functions became natural.

#### June 19th.

He remains perfectly free from Complaints.

## CASE XXIV.

A Cafe of Dyfury, from Gravel, of five Days Continuance, cured by two Dofes of the Infufion.

## AUGUST 19th, 1784.

T HOMAS BADGER, of Breewood, aged 57, an In Patient. He has for five or fix Days paft, made but H little

little Urine, which for the laft three Days has been rather high coloured, and attended with fome Pain about the Neck of the Bladder. He is fubject to gravelly Complaints, and parts with much red Sand: his Belly is regular, and Appetite good: he has been fomewhat accuftomed to the Ufe of Tobacco.

Ordered to take one hundred and twenty Drops of the Infusion immediately, in a little Water; and eighty more in an Hour's Time.

#### August 20th.

In a fhort Time after taking the Infufion, he was feized with Vertigo, which lafted an Hour and half, and foon after he paffed Urine with Eafe and Freedom, and to the Amount of five Pints in the Courfe of the Night; and fays that the Quantity he has parted with, the laft twenty four Hours, is equal to all that he has made for five Days paft. He has alfo had two loofe Stools, with flight griping Pains.

Ordered to omit the Infusion.

August

IN CASES OF DYSURY.

## August 21st.

His Urine continues free, and he has no gravelly Complaints.

# CASE XXV.

THOMAS STEVENSON, in the Neighbourhood of Rugeley, aged 41, an Out Patient, cured of a Dyfury from Gravel, by taking one hundred Drops of the Infufion, three Times a Day for three Days; operating as a Diuretic, and Anodyne.

# CASE XXVI.

JANE THORNEYWORK, of the Parifh of Leigh, aged 60, cured of a Dyfury from Gravel, of a Month's Continuance, by taking fifty Drops of the Infufion every fix Hours, for four Dofes. It operated as a Diuretic, and Anodyne, accompanied with a flight Vertigo, and a Difcharge of Gravel.

GASE

GASE

SI

#### CASE XXVII.

A NN GATER, of Stafford, aged 49, an Out Patient, was afflicted with a Dyfury from Gravel; and much relieved, by taking from fixty to feventy Drops of the Infufion, once and twice a Day for feven Days. It operated as a Diuretic, and Anodyne, accompanied with a flight Vertigo, and Naufea, and a Difcharge of Gravel.

## CASE XXVIII.

MRS. E. C. aged 23, afflicted with a Dyfury from Gravel, of fome Continuance, much relieved by taking eighty Drops of the Infufion every Night, and fixty every Morning, for four Days, and fixty Drops every Night, for fourteen Nights. It operated as a Diuretic, and Anodyne, accompanied with Giddinefs, and a Difcharge of Gravel.

CASE

CASE

#### IN CASES OF DYSURY.

#### CASE XXIX.

M R. W\_\_\_\_\_ in the Neighbourhood of Stafford, aged 30, afflicted with a Dyfury, accompanied with ftrong calculous Symptoms, of a Month's Continuance, relieved by taking from one hundred to one hundred and twenty Drops of the Infusion of Tobacco, in an Ounce of an Infusion of Liquorice for ten Nights. It operated as a Diuretic, and Anodyne, accompanied with Giddinefs.

# CASE XXX.

E LIZABETH NORTHWOOD, aged 36, an Out Patient, cured of a Dyfury, (or Difficulty of making Water,) of two Weeks Continuance, by taking from eighty to one hundred Drops of the Infufion every Night, for feven Nights. It operated as a Diuretic, and Anodyne; attended with a flight Vertigo.

CASE

## CASE XXXI.

MARY BROOKSHAW, in the Neighbourhood of Rugeley, aged 22, cured of a Dyfury, attended with a painful Dribbling, of three Weeks Continuance, bytaking one hundred Drops of the Infusion every Night, and fixty every Morning, for three Days. It operated as a Diuretic, and Anodyne, attended with Vertigo.

#### CASE XXXII.

M R S. T\_\_\_\_\_. aged 43, was afflicted with a violent Dyfury, and took fixty Drops of the Infusion every Night, and fifty every Morning, for a Week. It produced no Effect; except a very flight Vertigo, and procured no Relief.

E stiv

ASE

#### IN CASES OF DYSURY.

## OBSERVATIONS.

THE Complaint of William Ims, appeared to be a ftrong marked Paroxyfm of Dyfuria Calculofa, (or what is commonly called a Fit of the Gravel,) attended with a very painful Difficulty of paffing Urine. Having tried the Infufion in fome Difeafes, wherein it had proved anodyne, as well as diuretic, I was encouraged to make a Trial of it in this Cafe. Accordingly it was administered, and the Success exceeded Expectation. We find the Patient was fensibly relieved, by the very firft Dofe; and completely cured by the third.

In the Cafe of Badger, the Succefs. was allo very confpicuous; for certainly the Flow of Urine in twenty four Hours, after taking the Preparation, equalling in Quantity, what had been paffed for five Days before, and being attended with corresponding Relief, admitted of no Doubts with regard to the beneficial Operation of the Medicine.

The

55.

#### 56 THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO

The five following Cafes of Dyfury, from Gravel, were firongly characterized; two of them were in a fhort Time cured, and three materially relieved by the Infufion; which alfo fpeedily cured the Complaints of Northwood and Brookfhaw, although not apparently arifing from Gravel.

The Dyfury of Mrs. T. was attended with violent and irregular Paroxyfms, and in this Cafe, the Infufion neither promoted Urine, nor procured Relief. It was obferved that the Vertigo was very flight, perhaps the Medicine was underdofed.

hill Dole ; and completely cut

To fpeak however in more general Terms, the Infufion appears to be powerfully anodyne, and diuretic in Cafes of Dyfury; thereby abating Pain, relaxing the urinary Paffages, and promoting Urine; and in Dyfuries anifing from the Gravel, greatly facilitating the Expulsion of calculous, or gritty Matter.

h regard to the

### IN CASES OF DYSURY.

But in order to exhibit in a clearer Point of View, the Effects of the Medicine in Dyfuries, the following Account is added, containing all the Cafes of this Kind in which I have tried it.

## CURED.

el the minary Pallages, and

No. of Cafes.

57

Four Cafes of Dyfury; Five Cafes of Dyfury, from Gravel; One Cafe of Dyfury, from bloody Urine.

# RELIEVED.

Two Cafes of Dyfury; FiveCafes of Dyfury, from Gravel.

NOT RELIEVED. One Cafe of Dyfury. 1

Total 18

It is fomewhat fingular, that the Infufion proved Diuretic in fixteen, of the preceding eighteen Cafes, and only Laxative in two; as we fhall find thefe Operations in a different Proportion, I when

### 58 THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO

when we come to examine its Effects, upon a larger Scale, including many other Complaints befides Dyfuries.

Perhaps the anodyne Quality of the Medicine, by relaxing the painful Confiriction of the urinary Paffages, and thereby greatly removing Obftruction; might prove fuch an Affiftant to its ufual diuretic Effect, as to account for fo large a Proportion of the Cafes, being diffinguished by that Operation.

TOT

# CHAP. III.

Observations on the Use of Clysters of Tobacco, in the Treatment of the Colic.

I Have prefcribed Clyfters of the Infufion of Tobacco, in feveral Cafes of the Colic, (after the ufual Means had failed,) with confiderable Succefs. They feem to act, principally by their anodyne, naufeo-relaxant Effects upon the Syftem, and flimulating Effects upon the Rectum ; thereby procuring fome immediate Eafe, and a fpeedy Expulfion of the obftructing indurated Fæces.

I have already observed in the Preface, that Clyfters of Tobacco are sometimes administered in modern Practice; and it is much to be regretted, that they are not in more general Use; for I am thoroughly perfuaded, that in Cafes of the Colic, they would prove more fuccessful, than any other Kind with which we are acquainted.

I believe an Ounce of the Infufion, will be found a medium Dofe in a Clyf-I 2 ter

59

## 60 ON THE USE OF CLYSTERS, &c.

ter, for an Adult of an ordinary Conflitution; but I have not yet had a fufficient Number of these Cases, to enable me to afcertain this Point, with fo much Accuracy as I could with. The general Rule however, which I have laid down for myfelf, is this. Suppofing a common Clyfter to have been administered without Effect, I would order one of an Ounce of the Infufion, (agreeable to the preceding Obfervation,) in half a Pint of Milk, or common Gruel, to be immediately injected. If this procured no relieving Stool, or excited no Giddinefs, or Naufea, continuing for the Space of thirty, forty, or fixty Minutes, (these last Effects, in obstinate Constipations, most frequently preceding its laxative Operation,) then I would gradually increase the Strength of the future Injections, till one or other of these Effects should take Place.

By this Mode of proceeding, the Powers of the Medicine, (whether fuccefsful or not) will be fully tried in the Space of a few Hours; a Matter of ferious Confequence, where Sufpenfe is diffreffing, and Delay dangerous. CHAP. FORMULÆ NICOTIANÆ. &c. 61

## CHAP. IV.

Formulæ Nicotianæ, &c. with Observations.

INFUSUM NICOTIANÆ. No. 1.

RECIPE Foliorum ficcatorum Nicotianæ Virginienfis \* Unciam unam, Aquæ bullientis Libram unam.

Macera per Horam unicamin Vafe claufo, in Balneo Mariæ posito, deinde hujus Infusi Uncias quatuordecim exprime, et Colaturæ adde

Spiritus vinofi reclificati Uncias duas, ut melius conservetur.

JULAP-

\* The Nicotiana Tabacum of Linnæus: the particular Sort above preferibed, is commonly fold in the Shops, under the Title of THE BEST VIRGINIAN TOBACCO.

The Pharmaceutic Hiltory of Tobacco according to Lewis, is given us in the following Paragraph. (Materia Medica, P. 390.)

"The leaves of tobacco have a ftrong difagreeable fmell, and a very acrid burning tafte. They give out their acrid matter both to water and fpirit, most perfectly to the latter: the aqueous infusions are of a yellow or brown colour, the spirituous of a deep green. They yield nothing confiderable in distillation with either menstruum: nevertheless their acrimony is greatly abated in the infpissation of the tinctures, the watery extract beingless pungent than the leaves themselves, and the spirituous not much more fo. The several forts of tobacco brought from abroad, are stronger in taste than that of our own growth, and the extracts made from them much more fiery, but in less quantity." 62 FORMULE NICOTIANE. &c.

# JULAPIUM CARDIACUM. No. 2.

Recipe Aquæ Menthæ Piperitidis fimplicis Uncias duodecim, Aquæ Piperis Jamaicenfis spirituosæ, Pharm: Edin: (vel Aquæ Cinnamomi spirituosæ) Uncias tres, Syrupi fimplicis Unciam unam. Misce.

PILULÆ ALOETICÆ MERC: No. 3.

Recipe Mercurii Dulcis Sublimati, Saponis duri, fingulorum Drachmam unam,

Aloës Socotorinæ Drachmas duas, Olei effentialis e Baccis Juniperi Guttas quindecim,

Syrupi Simplicis quantum sufficiat.

Misce, et divide in Pilulas quadraginta octo.

PIL-

FORMULE NICOTIANE. &c. 63

PILULÆ CHALYBEATÆ. No. 4.

Recipe Salis Martis, Extracti Radicis Gentianæ, fingulorum Drachmas duas, Pulveris Radicis Glycyrrhizæ quantum fufficiat.

Misce, et siat Massa in Pilulas sexaginta dividenda.

TINCTURA NICOTIANÆ. No. 5.

Recipe Foliorum ficcatorum Nicotianæ virginiensis Unciam unam, Spiritûs vinosi tenuioris Libram unam. Digere per Dies quatuor, et cola.

VINUM NICOTIANÆ. No. 6.

Recipe Foliorum ficcatorum Nicotianæ virginienfis Unciam unam, Vini Albi Hifpani Libram unam.

Macera per Dies quatuor, et cola.

OBSER

ACE-

64 FORMULÆ NICOTIANÆ. &c.

# ACETUM NICOTIANÆ. No. 7.

Recipe Foliorum siccatorum Nicotianæ virginiensis Unciam unam, Aceti Libram unam.

Macera per Dies quatuor, deinde coletur.

## PILULÆ NICOTIANÆ. No. 8.

Recipe Pulveris Foliorum Nicotianæ virginienfis caute' ficcatorum, Confervæ Rofarum Rubrarum, fingulorum Drachmam unam, Mucilaginis Gummi Arabici quantum fatis fit.

Misce, fiat Massa de qua Pilulæ sexaginta formentur.

NICOTIAN.E.

a për Dies quatuor, et collas

miens fe Electrony annum.

Vini Alds Billenni Lizzam ancent.

chiame there

ACE.

OBSER-

FORMULE NICOTIANE. &c. 65

## OBSERVATIONS.

W HEN I first was desirous of trying the Effects of Tobacco, it occurred to me, that if a certain Portion of the Herb was macerated for a limited Time, in a given Quantity of aqueous Menstruum, affisted by the temperate and fleady Heat of boiling Water ; it would be likely to produce a Medicine of a conftant and equal Strength, and perhaps fomewhat milder in its Effects, than by any other Mode of Preparation. Accordingly I prefcribed the preceding Infufion, and my Expectations were not difappointed. It has also been found of fufficient Activity, to admit of being divided into Dofes by Drops; for which Reafon, I have never had Occafion to alter the Proportion of the Plant, first prefcribed. But if any one fhould think the Number of Drops, neceffary to a Dofe, more than convenient; that Objection may be eafily obviated, by increasing the Strength of the Infusion.

K

### 66 FORMULÆ NICOTIANÆ. &c.

Of the Chalybeate Pills, I have prefcribed many Thoufands; and in cachectic Habits, marked by extreme Palenefs of Face, and Lips; a general Senfation of coldnefs of the Body, effectially of the Feet; a feeble Pulfe, accompanied with general chronic Weaknefs, and not depending on any permanent organic Difeafe, I havefound them of the greateft Service : and (were it not foreign to the prefent Subject,) could produce feveral pointed Cafes of their Efficacy.

I confider the Salt of Steel as the beft Preparation of that Metal, for it appears by far the moft certain and powerful in its Effects, and fo much fuperior to the Bark, as a general Corroborant, that I am greatly furprized that it has not been more generally relied on in modern Practice: efpecially as it has been fo highly recommended by certain Authors of great Reputation, in the Beginning of the prefent Century.

The Tincture, Wine, and Vinegar of Tobacco, are prepared with the fame Proportion

#### FORMULE NICOTIANE. &c. 67

Proportion of the Herb as the Infufion, and have been found, as well as the Pills, upon feveral Trials, to be powerfully diuretic. The Infufion however having anfwered fo well, it has been almost conftantly ufed, and therefore I am not prepared to fpeak with Accutacy, of the comparative Merits of thefe feveral Preparations; but am well fatisfied, they may each of them be directed to very good Purpofes, in the Hands of a fkilful Prefcriber.

CHAP.

# CHAP. V.

General Observations on the Effects of Tobacco, interspersed with practical Rules and Cautions.

I Have tried the Effects of Tobacco in a great many Difeafes, befides Dropfies, Dyfuries, and the Colic; and although the Number of Cafes under each Genus, have been too few to enable me to deduce from them, any general practical Conclusions; yet it may reafonably be expected, that I should make a few Remarks upon this Part of my Experience. They will at least give fome further Idea, of the general Line of Investigation that has been adopted, and may probably afford fome useful Hints, to future Enquirers upon this Subject.

I have prefcribed the Infufion, in many eruptive Cafes, particularly thole commonly called fcorbutic; and in fome of them with Succefs. I have alfo tried it in feveral Cafes of Coughs, and Afthmas, in which it has frequently

#### THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO. &c. 69

ly proved expectorant, and procured Relief: alfo in fome Cafes of nervous Head-Ach, and against fome particular hysteric Symptoms, with Advantage. In feveral other Difeases, in which it has been exhibited, its Effects have likewife been found beneficial and flattering; while in others, it has procured no Relief.

A conftant Pain of four Months Continuance, attending a white Swelling of the Elbow, in a Cafe of Scrophula, has been entirely removed by the Administration of the Infusion for eight Days. And a ftrong marked Tympanites Intestinalis, (or Tympany from Flatulence in the Bowels,) of two Years Continuance, after the Trial of various Remedies with little or no Benefit, has been furprizingly relieved by Clyfters of Tobacco, prepared fomewhat ftronger than those directed in the Treatment of the Colic. Their Operation was moderately purgative, accompanied with Naufea, Vertigo, a copious Perspiration, and much Difcharge of Wind.

I have not yet had an Opportunity of trying the Medicine in biliary calculous Cafes; but when I confider how ferviceable it has been in feveral nephritic Cafes, and what a ftriking Analogy exifts between the Parts affected in these Paroxysms, and in those which arife from Gall-Stones, and alfo of the fymptomatic Affection of the Stomach in both; and that the proximate Caule of each Complaint, is an Irritation of membranous Tubes from the Action of Calculi or Concretions, there certainly is Reafon to hope, it may likewife prove ufeful in Paroxyfms from biliary Calculi.

The immediate Effect of the Infufion, in every Cafe, is a pungent and transient Senfation of Heat in the Throat, which is frequently fucceeded by a Senfe of Warmth at the Stomach, as if the Patient had taken a fmall Dram.

The next general Effect of the Medicine, taken in a moderate Dofe, is Diuretic, either with, or without, a flight Vertigo, or Giddinefs. In a full Dofe,

### THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO. &c. 71

Dofe, it is more certainly Diuretic, often Laxative, generally attended with Giddinefs, and frequently with Naufea, or Squeamifhnefs.

In painful Cafes, for the most Part it proves Anodyne.

It will in fome Patients caufe a Drowfinefs, and promote Sleep; and in others, a Drowfinefs, accompanied with a Senfe of Heat, and Reftleffnefs.

It has now and then produced in certain Cafes, Griping, and Purging; in others, Vomiting, or Sweating; and in others, a Head-Ach, or Trembling.

It has in fome few Inflances, (contrary to its laxative Quality,) induced a Tendency to Coffivenefs; and in two or three Cafes, it has caufed a transfert Confusion of Ideas.

But these latter Effects of griping, purging, &c. (provided the Medicine be given with proper Care and Attention,) occur but feldom, and are of short

fhort Duration, and therefore ought not to be effeemed a Part of its ordinary Operation.

It is neceffary however when they do occur, to fufpend the Ufe of the Medicine, till they are abated ; and to regulate the future Dofes accordingly.

In order to give a more correct Idea of the ordinary Operation of the Infufion, I fhall here exhibit a comparative View, of of its principal, or moft general Effects on the human Syftem, in one hundred and fifteen Cafes : of this Number, Cafes.

It proved	Diuretic in	in and file	93
and	Laxative in	1 . The	40
It caused	Vertigo in	ar tost a	79
and	Nausea in		52

It is of material Confequence, to be accurate in the Dofes of an active Medicine ; and therefore Attention ought to be paid to this Circumftance. The Mode of Drops, has been generally thought the most convenient, for the dofing of liquid Medicines, of the more active

### THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO. &c. 73

active Kind ; although there are more Circumstances, which are liable to vary the Size of Drops, than most People are aware of.

If however the Infusion be carefully dropped, from a two Ounce-Vial, with a broad Margin, and little more than half full, it will be found accurate enough for our Purpose.

There are at prefent in Ufe, with fome Apothecaries, certain two Ounce-Glafs Meafures; § which are graduated into fixteen Parts, for the Purpofe of meafuring Drams. And as a Dram by Meafure, (if accurately graduated,) contains about eighty or eighty four Drops of the Infufion, this Mode of proportioning the Medicine, may be adopted for the Sake of Expedition, when the Dofes are large.

But

5 It is to be wished that these graduated Measures, were introduced into every Apothecary's Shop, for the Purpose of proportioning the Doses of those liquid officinal Medicines, which are dispensed by Drams: for Nothing was ever worse calculated, for the Measurement of the eighth Part of an Ounce, than the common Pewter Ounce-Measure of the Shops. The graduated glass Measures may be had from the Druggists in Londop.

Ł

But when the Dofes are fmall, or a nice Variation becomes requifite, in order to obtain the proper Effects; the Mode of dropping it, as already defcribed, ought certainly to be preferred.

I have found, that the flrongeft evacuating Operations of the Medicine, (efpecially when it acts as a Diuretic,) have been generally preceded by more or lefs either of Vertigo, or Naufea, or both ; but that the vital Functions are not at all, or very little diffurbed by thefe Effects.

It appears therefore advifable, (unlefs the evacuative Effects fhould firft happen to take Place,) fo to increafe, and regulate the Dofes, that a Vertigo, or Naufea may be excited, for the fpace of fifteen, thirty, or forty Minutes ; by which Means, the Medicine will be moft likely to exert its operative Powers.

Nor ought we to be at all alarmed, at these Effects, in a moderate Degree. The exciting a Nausea by Ipecacuan, Tartar Emetic, and Effence of Antimo-

#### THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO.&c. 75

ny, is now in daily Practice; and as for the Vertigo, it is frequently not equal to the Intoxication, which ufually attends young Smokers. For when it continues but for a fhort Time, and is not accompanied with Naufea, many of my Patients, (efpecially those who have painful Complaints,) feem to think it no more than a pleafing Kind of Intoxication.

It appears from many Experiments, that the Average-Dofe for an Adult, (fufficient to produce the Effects juft defcribed,) will be about eighty Drops of the Infufion; or to fpeak with fome Latitude, from fixty Drops to one hundred, and to be repeated twice a Day.

The propereft Times for administering the Medicine, are two Hours before Dinner, and at Bed-time; it being obferved to difagree the most with the Stomach, in a Morning fasting. And fuch is the Difference between Morning and Night, that almost every Patient will require to take one fourth, (and fome even one third,) lefs in the Fore-L 2 1.000,

noon, than in the Evening; in order to enable them to bear the Dofes, with equal Convenience.

The Infusion should always be administered in some Vehicle; which may either be Water, Cordial Julep, or Draught, at the Pleasure of the Prescriber.

The common Dofes juft mentioned, relate only to Adults of an ordinary Confliction; for it deferves particular Notice, that between Conflictions, which are very nervous and irritable, and those which are very robust, or torpid, or long accustomed to the Use of Tobacco, the Doses will admit of very great, and furprizing Variations.

In the Number of the preceding Cafes, Sarah Dudley was a firiking Example of the former, and Charles Nicols of the latter; for twenty five Drops of the Infufion, produced fironger Effects upon the Woman, who was weak and nervous; than four hundred on the Man

### THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO. &c. 77

Man, who was torpid through Age, and accustomed to the Use of Tobacco.

As a further Illustration of this Point, I shall here annex a comparative View, of the Doses of the Infusion, administered in ninety four Cases of Adults : taking the Medium-Dose of each Case, and reducing the whole into four Classes, according to the Number of Drops.

FIRST CLASS. Medium Dofes. 21 Cafes, (3 Men, and 18 Drops. Women,) from 35 to 60 SECONDCLASS. 57 Cafes, (29 Men, and 28 Women,) from 60 to 100 THIRDCLASS. 13 Cafes, (9 Men, and 4 Women,) from 100 to 150 FOURTHCLASS. 3 Cafes, (3 Men,) from 150 to 300 94

From

From this View, it will appear what a ftriking Variation of Dofes, arifes from the fole Difference of the Sex; as upon an Average, the Ages on each Side were equal: for in the first Class, the Patients were almost entirely Women; in the fecond, the Number of each Sex was nearly equal; in the third, almost all Men; and in the fourth, entirely Men.

Seeing the Diverfity of Dofes is fo great, I would lay it down as a Rule, (by Way of Caution,) to begin with fixty Drops, or three fourths of the Medium-Dofe, in a Cafe of an ordinary Conflitution, and with forty Drops, or one half of the Medium-Dofe, in a Cafe of a delicate one ; and to increafe the Number of Drops, by five, eight, or ten at a Time, till by their obvious Effects on the Syftem, the proper Dofe fhall be afcertained.

But if the Patient fhould be a Male, and the Conflitution robuft, torpid, or accuftomed to the Ufe of Tobacco, we may fafely venture to begin with eighty, ninety,

#### THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO &c. 79

ninety, or one hundred Drops; and thus, with more Expedition, regulate the future Dofes according to the Effects.

Eighty Drops of the Infusion, being found an Average-Dole for an Adult, it would appear reafonable to conclude that fixty Drops, for a Patient of fifteen Years of Age, forty for one of ten, and twenty for one of five, would be in Proportion : and upon Trial I have found these Doses not far from the Mark. But I have met with several Instances, wherein the Medicine has affected these Patients, more in Proportion than Adults; and therefore the Precept for beginning with an inferior Dofe, and increasing it by Degrees, until it produce the defired Effects, is more particularly applicable to young Subjects.

To Children under five Years of Age, I have feldom ventured to administer it; because they could not so well describe, the Effects of so active a Medicine.

are produce

Whenever

Whenever the Infusion is administered, in a proportionably large Dofe, by Way of Clyster, the same proportional Allowances (as those already described) must be made, for the Difference of Age, Sex, and Constitution ; otherwise we must not be surprized, if the Effects of the Medicine, be found contrary to our Expectations.

If the Medicine has been used for fome Weeks, it will be found necessary in feveral Instances, to increase the Dofes from Time to Time, in order to continue their operative Effects, in the fame Degree.

Yet this Rule is not without Exceptions; for there are fome Cafes, in which, either from Idiofyncrafy, or accidental Circumftances, it will difagree, after it has been fuccefsfully exhibited for fome Time; although the Inftances are very rare. When however, fuch Cafes do occur, it will in like Manner, be found neceffary to leffen the Dofes, until no more than the defired Effects are produced. THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO. &c. SI

In these Gafes likewise, as well as in all those, where a moderate Dose of Infusion seems to difagree, the Cordial Julep as a Vehicle, will in general be found preferable to Water, for the Purpose of rendering it more grateful to the Stomach.

I have seen a few Instances, wherein the fenfible Operation of the Medicine, when used for a Continuance, has in a great Meafure fubfided. Whenever this happens, its administration ought to be omitted for a Seafon; and then, if we wilh to repeat it, the former Effects will (in general) again take Place, to a certain Degree. Nor fhould this Part of the Hiftory of Tobacco, at all excite Surprize; fince it is well known, in. how fhort a Time, the ftrong Effects of it will difappear, in young Smokers.

Perhaps fome of my medical Readers may think I have been prolix, on this Part of my Subject; but I must beg the Favor of them to fuspend their Judgment, till they themfelves have feen the active Powers of the Medicine; and

and then I am ftrongly perfuaded they will allow, that the practical Rules and Cautions, which I have laid down, ought not to be difregarded, by those who are inclined to make a Trial of its Effects.

Whilft however I am inculcating Care and Attention, I would not have any one infer from this Circumflance, that the Medicine requires more Knowledge and Caution in administering it, than many active Medicines which are daily in Ufe; but whofe Operations are well known. These Precautions therefore arife chiefly, from my confidering it as a Novelty in modern Practice, for if ever it should come into frequent Ufe, I have no Doubt, but it will be ordered with as much Facility and Confidence, as we now prescribe Opium, Mercury, and Antimony.

Upon the Whole, from the Facts, and Obfervations, which have been adduced, relative to the medicinal Properties, and Virtues of Tobacco, it appears reafonable to draw the following Conclusions. 1ft. THE EFFECTS OF TOBACCO. &c. 83

1ft. That the Infusion of Tobacco is very generally diuretic.

2d. That it is an efficacious Medicine in dropfical Cafes, its Succefs ftrikingly corresponding with its diuretic Effects.

3d. That it is *anodyne*, and frequently *laxative*, and therefore likely to prove ufeful in many painful Cafes, where Coffiveness may render Opiates exceptionable.

4th. That it is of great Service in Cales of Dyfury, (or painful Difficulty in paffing Urine,) by giving Eafe, and fuccefsfully promoting that Difcharge.

5th. That it is a most powerful Remedy, by Way of Clyster, in obstinate Cafes of the Colic.

CTON.

I fhall now difmifs this Subject, flattering myfelf that the candid Reader will excufe the Errors and Imperfections he may have difcovered, in this my firft Attempt, to explore the Properties of a powerful, but neglected Medicine. I am fenfible that many more Facts are neceffary to afcertain with

#### 84 GENERAL OBSERVATIONS. &c.

with Precision, its complicated operative Effects upon the human System; and that a wide Field still lies open, for investigating by Experiment, its medicinal Virtues in the Treatment of the different Difeases, in which it is likely to become useful.

In the mean Time, if from the Perufal of thefe Reports, the learned Faculty of this experimental and difcerning Age, fhall be induced to make Trial of its Effects, and thereby find it a VALUABLE MEDICINE, the Intention of this Publication will be anfwered.

#### FINIS.

#### ERRATA.

Page x. Line 18, Preface, for Cure, read Care. Page 1. Line 9, for nine Days, read the first nine Days. Page 3. Line 9, for pasty, read ædematous.