Medical reports of the effects of arsenic, in the cure of agues, remitting fevers, and periodic headachs / by Thomas Fowler, M. D. physician to the General Infirmary of the County of Stafford. Together with a letter from Dr. Arnold, of Leicester, and another from Dr. Withering, describing their experience of the effects of arsenic in the cure of intermittents.

Contributors

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MEDICAL RE OF THE EFFECTS of AR a rat CURE AGUES, REMITTIN AND FERIODIC HEA By THOMAS FOWL Bryfoin to the General Informary of th TOUTTREE WITH & LETTER PR OF LEADENTH, AND ANOTHER D SING, MACHINES THEIR EXPERI THEN OF ALLENC IN THE C Plurinum referre a -opes aliqued a policis et esperimentalibus, ad Mor VERTLANDES de Augment. - Polion in fmall defen are the bel ambiers is too large doles are WITHERING'S BO LONDO Hand for J. Journan, No. 15 St. P. WILLEAM BOOM, COMM. of B. RECORDER BRISTOL ROYAL

MEDICAL REPORTS

OF THE

EFFECTS of ARSENIC,

IN THE CURE OF

AGUES, REMITTING FEVERS,

AND

PERIODIC HEADACHS;

By THOMAS FOWLER, M. D.

Phyfician to the General Infirmary of the County of Stafford.

TOGETHER WITH A LETTER FROM DR. ARNOLD, OF LEICESTER, AND ANOTHER FROM DR. WITHE-RING, DESCRIBING THEIR EXPERIENCE OF THE EF-FECTS OF ARSENIC IN THE CURE OF INTERMIT-TENTS.

Plurimum referre cenfemus, fi Medici aliqui, opus aliquod conficiant ; de Medicinis probatis et experimentalibus, ad Morbos particulares. VERULAMIUS de Augment. Scient. Lib. IV. Cap. II.

---- Poifons in fmall dofes are the best medicines, and the best medicines in too large dofes are poifonous. WITHERING'S Botanical Arrangement.

LONDON.

Printed for J. JOHNSON, NO. 72 St. Paul's Church Yard, and WILLIAM BROWN, Corner of Effex Street, Strand. MDCCLXXXVI.

BRISTOL ROYAL INFIRMARY.



ANDREW DUNCAN,

TO

M. D. F. R. & A. S. Ed.

PHYSICIAN TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES FOR SCOTLAND, Fellow of the Royal college of physicians, Edinburgh, and member of the Royal Societies of Medicine of Paris, COPENHAGEN, EDINBURGH, &C.

Sir,

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A^S neither Time nor Diftance can ever efface from my Memory the Kindnefs and Friendfhip with which you honoured me during my Refidence at Edinburgh; I beg leave to inferibe to you thefe medical Reports, as a Teftimony of my great Refpect for your Abilities and Virtues, and of the Sincerity with which I remain,

> > THOMAS FOWLER.

Stafford, May 23d 1786.



THE Medical Reports, which the Author lately publifhed, relative to the Effects of Tobacco, in the Cure of Dropfies and Dyfuries, having been favourably received by the Public; and the general diuretic Property of that Medicine, confirmed by further Experience; he is encouraged to purfue the fame Plan, with Regard to another powerful Article of the Materia Medica.

Arfenic is a Mineral which has long been reputed one of the most violent Poisons hitherto known; and accordingly has been reprobated in the strongest Terms by almost every medical Writer, that has ever deigned to notice it; and yet there is good Reason to believe

believe it bids fair to hold a Place, among the beft and moft valuable Medicines; and to rank with the peruvian Bark in the Cure of Agues, remitting Fevers, and periodic Headachs.

Efficacious Medicines are certainly of the utmost Importance in Practice, the Investigation of which, has been frequently recommended by many celebrated Philosophers and Phyficians, who have done Honour to Science amongst the Ancients; and by fome Authors of the highest Reputation amongst the Moderns, particularly Bacon, Boyle, Baglivi, and Boerhaave. The prefent Materia Medica, however, notwithstanding the many Volumes that have been written upon the Subject, makes but a very humble Appearance, with Regard to Medicines of real Efficacy and Importance; and therefore, if by an experimental Enquiry, another efficacious Medicine is likely to be added to the Number of the few valuable Ones already established, it is to be hoped, that fuch an Attempt will not be deemed unworthy of Attention.

Perhaps

Perhaps by fome it may be alleged, that the Ague is a very common and infignificant Difeafe, becaufe frequently cured both by Art and Nature, and that confequently there is no Occasion for the Investigation of a new Medicine on that Account. But certainly it is a Difeafe of much Importance; for whenever it continues long, Coldnefs, Palenefs, and Debility, are its conftant Concomitants, and evince it to be the fertile Parent of Cachexy ; and when it occurs in old Age, or in Conftitutions broken down by Intemperance, or fome previous Disease, how often do we find it accelerate the Acceffion of Jaundice, Confumption, Dropfy, or fome other Mischief of fatal Confequence.

Fatal however as the Difeafe has been in its Confequences, it is well known to Practitioners that there are many Cafes wherein not only the minor Remedies have proved ineffectual, but even the Bark itfelf has failed, or otherwife its Administration not been admissible; and therefore a powerful vicarious Remedy for fo frequent a Diftemper, becomes an important Object.

a 2

It may alfo be objected, that to introduce a Poifon to the Public as a general Medicine, is to put a two-edged Sword into the Hands of the Ignorant. But the fame Argument will equally apply against feveral of the most efficacious Medicines in daily Ufe, in particular, Opium, and fome of the more active Preparations of Mercury and Antimony.

Or if for a Moment, the Force of this Argument be admitted, yet when it is confidered that a Patent Medicine has, for fome Years paft, been largely circulated through the Kingdom, as a Specific for Agues, under the Title of the Taftelefs Ague and Fever Drops; that from its Effects in Practice there is the ftrongeft Reafon to believe it to be an arfenical Preparation; and that on this very Ground, it is at prefent imitated in different Parts of the Kingdom, the Objection becomes nugatory.

Therefore, if any new and important Medicine, either from its active Nature, or an imprudent Administration thereof, is found to be fometimes connected with diftreffing and deleterious Effects, it becomes highly requifite that that the Public fhould fpeedily be made acquainted with fuch Effects, as far as they are known; together with fuch Precepts, Cautions, and Reftrictions, as may tend to unite the greateft Degree of Safety with its Efficacy. Nothing however, of this Sort, has as yet been done; which Confideration, it is prefumed, will be an Apology for an early Publication on fo interefting a Subject, and for fuch Imperfections as may have taken Place from that Circumftance.

When the Patent Ague Drops began to acquire fome Reputation in the Country, they were occafionally adopted in the Hofpital Practice of this Place, in 1781, 1782, and 1783, and were found efficacious.

In the Beginning of October, 1783, Mr. Hughes, the Apothecary to the Infirmary, (whofe Industry, Attention and Abilities in his professional Line, justly merit Applause) informed the Author, that he had tried to imitate the Ague Drops, and, from a number of Experiments, had so far succeeded (his Medicine having produced similar Effects) that he was convinced they were a Preparation of Arsenic.

In Confequence of this general Intimation, the Author of these Sheets confulted Lewis's Materia Medica upon Arfenic, and agreeable to his pharmaceutic Hiftory of that Article, he diffolved a fmall Portion of the white Sort in a Solution of the fixed vegetable Alkali. On trying and comparing the Effects of this Solution, with those of the Patent Ague Drops, he found the Medicine to be fimilar, but that the former was too ftrong : he therefore diluted the Solution, by doubling the Proportion of Water, and then comparing their Effects, found the Medicines nearly of an equal Strength.

Having thus become acquainted with what he efteemed a powerful Medicine, he was ftrongly impreffed with an Idea of its Importance; and therefore has kept a regular and connected Hiftory of the Cafes in which he has prefcribed it. Hence the following Reports contain an Account of the curative Effects of the Medicine, defcribed in a just Proportion of Examples of Succefs and Failure, in the Courfe of its Administration. They also contain a parti-

particular Account of its operative Effects, which being fometimes troublefome, both in Degree and Number, will be found to merit a ferious Attention. They are likewife divided into Sections, in order that the Cafes of fimilar Nature, Treatment or Event; and alfo the Obfervations more immediately appertaining to each particular Part of the Subject, might appear in a more clear and practical Point of View.

The Cafes drawn out at large are but few, and thofe which are abstracted not fo numerous as Some might think neceffary, confidering the Number which the Writer has collected. But certainly it is fufficient for an Author, to deliver, in as concise a Manner as possible, fuch a View of the Refult of his Experiments, with the Mode of conducting them, as may be clearly understood and readily applied to Practice. Beyond this Point, a Multiplicity of Cafes and Arguments is of no Confequence; because, every Publication which appeals to the Reality of Facts for its Importance, will foon have its Propositions either confirmed or rejected, by the daily Experience of the Public.

The

R FACE. E

P

The Author professes himself a strong Advocate for an effective and powerful Materia Medica; on which Account, the Subjects of his late and prefent Reports have engaged a Share of his most ferious Attention. The Properties however of mild and fimple Medicines, have occafionally been the Objects of his Inveftigation; and his Enquiries in that Line have convinced him, that among the many trifling and infignificant Articles, which are ftill retained in the Materia Medica, there are fome valuable Medicines, that are not in the Reputation they are justly entitled to ; a few Examples of which, it will give him Pleafure to communicate in fome future Publication. In the mean Time, as the Idea of a Poifon feems to be fo ftrongly connected with that of Arfenic, it will be found very difficult to feparate them in the Mind, whenever that Term is named; and therefore to avoid as much as poffible, fuch a difagreeable Affociation of Ideas, in the Practice of the healing Art, the Medicine now about to be introduced to the Notice of the Public, will be diftinguished by the Name of the Mineral Solution. ADVER-

Advertisement.

A L L the Cafes beginning with the Words In-Patient, and Out-Patient, belonged to the Infirmary; the Reft were chiefly fuch as the Author gave Advice to at his own Houfe.

When the Mineral Solution is ordered thrice a Day, fix o'Clock in the Morning, two in the Afternoon, and ten o'Clock in the Evening; and when twice a Day, ten in the Morning, and ten in the Evening, are to be confidered as the medicinal Hours, or Periods for its Administration.

Unlefs the Solution be ordered in fome particular Vehicle, it is always to be underflood, that Adults are to take it in a Tea-cupful of Water, and that the Dofes for Children are to be given in the fame Vehicle, proportionably diminifhed.

Every Medicine prefcribed by a general Title, without a Reference, is to be found in the London Difpenfatory. Stafford, March 10th, 1786.



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MEDICAL REPORTS, &c.

SECT. I.

Cafes of Agues, cured by the Mineral Solution, with Observations.

CASE I.

CATHARINE HAMES, of Tamworth, aged 17, admitted an In-Patient, January 23d, 1784, has had a quotidian Ague for three Days paft : Appetite impaired.

Ordered ta take eight Drops of the Mineral Solution †, three Times a Day, for three Days.

January 26th.

The Solution caufed no Difturbance in the Syftem, and the has miffed her Fit this Morning : Appetite very bad.

Ordered fixteen Drops of the Solution this Evening, and then to refume the former Dofes, three Times a Day, for two Days.

B

Sixteen

+ Solutio Mineralis. No. 1.

EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION

January 28th.

Sixteen Drops did not prove Emetic, but caufed a loofe Stool, with fome Griping; the fubfequent Dofes, of eight Drops each, gave no Difturbance, and fhe continues free from her Ague. Appetite ftill very indifferent.

Ordered half an Ounce of the Spirituous Tincture of Rhubarb, at Bed-time.

January 31st.

It operated gently, and with Relief to her Stomach. No Return of Fits.

February 7th.

No Relapfe.

CASE II.

DOROTHY PERKINS, of Hopton, aged 14, admitted an Out-Patient, February 4th, 1784, has been affected with a quotidian Ague for a Week paft. Functions natural.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days.

February 11th.

She did not begin to take the Solution, till the

the next Morning, and then by Miftake took five Dofes in nine Hours. It operated from the Time fhe had taken the fecond Dofe, as a violent Emetic, attended with Naufea, and painful Griping and Purging, for the Space of ten Hours: foon after which, all the Effects entirely ceafed; and fhe has not had the leaft Signs of Ague fince.

CASE III.

WILLIAM BLEWER, of Walton, aged 14, admitted an Out-Patient, March 3d, 1784, with a quotidian Ague, of near a Month's Continuance: Stools regular,

Ordered twenty Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

March 6th.

The Solution excited Naufea, and purged him three or four Times a Day, with griping Pains; and every Dofe, except the Evening Ones, proved emetic. He has had no Paroxyfms.

After two Days Intermission, ordered to repeat the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days.

March 13th.

It has neither griped nor purged, and only B 2 proved

EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION

proved emetic with Naufea, at the fecond Dofe. He has remained quite free from the Ague.

March 31st.

Continues quite well.

CASE IV.

SARAH BLEWER, of Acton, aged 4, admitted an Out-Patient, March 14, 1784; fhe has had a tertian Ague for a Week, the laft Fit Yefterday Morning: Body open.

Ordered eight Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days.

March 17th.

The Solution excited Naufea and vomiting, twice with each Morning Dofe: fhe had a Fit two Mornings ago; but has quite miffed it this Morning.

After two Days Intermission, ordered to repeat the Solution, for two Days.

March 31st.

The Effects of the Solution much the fame, and no Return of Ague.

OBSER-

5

OBSERVATIONS.

I N the Cafe of Catharine Hames, the Dofe of fixteen Drops of the Solution, was given with a View to cleanfe her Stomach, as an Emetic; but we find it rather operated downwards. The other Dofes were fmall, and attended with no Operation; yet the Cure was fpeedy and fuccefsful. The Tincture of Rhubarb relieved the Anorixia (or Lofs of Appetite) which is fometimes an Effect of the Solution; but could not be confidered as fuch in this Inftance; becaufe it exifted previous to the Administration of that Medicine.

The next Patient Dorothy Perkins, was guilty of a very grofs Miftake, by taking five Dofes of the Solution, in lefs Time than fhe ought to have taken two. The Cure indeed was fpeedy; but the Operation was confiderable, as might reafonably be expected. This Cafe ferves to fhew, that fome Conftitutions will bear a great deal more of the Solution, than is neceffary for a medicinal Operation, without any bad Confequences. At the fame Time, it ought to be confidered by no Means as an Encouragement, for any one to prefcribe it in fuch a Manner.

The Cafe of William Blewer was treated with large Dofes; yet the operative Effects were very fupportable, and the Cure fpeedy and permanent.

The next Cafe was that of a Child of four Years Years old, treated alfo with large Dofes. The Event was equally fuccefsful, and the operative Effects not violent.

CASEV,

JAMES JONES, a Traveller, aged 22, admitted an In-Patient, March 21ft, 1784. He has lived for fome Time in the County of Kent, and has had an Ague of fix Months Continuance, the first two Months a Tertian, and the last four a Quartan. He has used many Medicines, and had the Tertian sufed many Medicines, and had the Tertian fulpended once for three Weeks; but the Quartan has hitherto resisted every Remedy. He is thirsty, and bound in his Body; his Pulse quick, Face pale, and Appetite much impaired.

Ordered an antimonial emetic Powder + in the Evening; five Grains of Calomel, going to Bed; and two Ounces of a cathartic Mixture ‡ in the Morning.

March 23d.

The Emetic operated well, brought up much Phlegm, and his Appetite is better. He had feveral Stools with the Cathartic; but is ftill inclined to be coftive: he had a regular Paroxyfm Yefterday.

Ordered

+ Pulvis Emeticus Antimonialis. No. .

1 Miltura Cathartica. No. 8.

? EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for five Days; and to take the Size of a Nutmeg of an aperient Electuary || when costive.

No Paroxyfms for feven Days paft, and the laft was much milder: no Operation from the Solution. He gathers Strength, although his Appetite is but moderate: his Body is kept gently open by the Electuary.

Ordered to repeat the Solution, for three Days; and then to take a Dram of the bitter Tincture, with thirty Drops of the compound Spirit of Lavendar, in Water, twice a Day.

April gth.

The Solution produced a flight Naufea, two of three Times; the Tincture and Drops agreed well with the Stomach; Appetite and Spirits good, Strength much recovered; no Complaints.

CASE VI.

ANN TOMKINSON, of Gnofall, aged 18, admitted an Out-Patient, March 31ft, 1784, has been afflicted with a quotidian Ague for ten Weeks paft; has alfo loft much Flefh and Strength, and is cachectic. Appetite very bad, Body coftive, and fleeps ill.

Ordered

|| Electarium Apericas. No. 4.

3 EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION

Ordered twenty fix Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days.

April 7th.

It always excited Naufea, and every Dofe, except one, proved Emetic; but neither griped nor purged. She has entirely miffed her Fits thefe laft four Days.

Ordered to repeat the Solution for two Days.

April 17th.

No Return of Ague, and no Complaint except Debility.

May Ift.

No Relapfe.

CASE VII.

April 11th. 1784.

ELIZABETH EVANS, of Acton, aged 14, affected with a tertian Ague for feven Days paft; the laft Fit was two Days ago, and very violent. Stools regular; but Appetite impaired.

Ordered ten or twelve Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for five Days. It

April 17th.

It proved laxative on the fecond Day, and feems to have rendered the Appetite worfe : no Paroxyfms for four Days.

Ordered an antimonial emetic Powder in the Evening; and eight Drops of the acid Elixir of Vitriol, in Water twice a Day, for four Days.

April 22d.

The Lofs of Appetite much relieved by the Emetic, and no Return of Ague.

Ordered twelve Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days.

April 29th.

During its Administration, she was sick every Morning, and had a Relapse of two Fits; but the latter was very slight, and has had None since.

Ordered the antimonial emetic Powder as before; and to repeat the Solution for three Days.

May 7th.

The Sicknefs was relieved by the Operation of the Vomit. She took the Solution, and has had no Ague fince the laft Report, except a flight Fit to Day.

Ordered

10 EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION

Ordered to repeat the Solution, twice a Day, for fix Days.

May 16th.

No Operation from the Solution, and has had no Fits fince last Report, except one within these two Days.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

June 6th.

It fat eafily on the Stomach, and the Ague was fufpended till within thefe three Days, during which fhe has had two Fits.

Ordered twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

June 26th.

The Solution has agreed with her Stomach: fhe had one flight Fit on the 7th, and None fince; but has remained quite well.

CASE VIII.

April 12th, 1784.

A NN HODSON, of Acton, aged 6, has been affected with a quotidian Ague for a Month

Month paft: fhe is alfo very pale, thin, and weak; Stools regular.

Ordered four Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for five Days.

April 18th.

The Solution has occafioned two or three loofe Stools a Day, with fome little griping; and fhe has had four Paroxyfms, three of them decreafing, and None thefe two laft Days. Her Eye-lids have been much fwelled thefe feveral Days (efpecially in a Morning) and Appetite impaired.

Ordered five Grains of the antimonial emetic Powder, in the Evening.

April 20th.

The Powder feemed to operate with much Relief. The Swellings of the Eye-lids gone, Appetite better, Stools regular, Spirits good, and no Return of Ague.

Ordered three Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for two Days; and then a Steel Pill twic e a Day.

C 2

Took

IX

H Pilulæ Chalybeatæ. No. 5.

12 EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION May 2d.

Took the Solution, and has had no Return of Ague. Pills fat eafily on the Stomach; Appetite good.

Ordered to continue her Pills.

May 9th.

No Return of Ague, and general Health improved.

OBSERVATIONS.

T H E Ague of James Jones, of fix Months Continuance (most of that Time a Quartan) and originating in a fenny Country, will doubtless be confidered as one of the most obstinate Kind; yet it was speedily and entirely removed, by the Use of the Solution, for eight Days; and as his Appetite was good, and his Strength furprisingly recovered for the Time, there was good Reason to hope the Cure would prove radical; although the Doses of the Solution were fmall, and attended with little or no Operation.

Ann Tomkinfon's Ague of ten Weeks, was cured by taking the Solution in large Dofes, only five Days: the operative Effects were fmart, but very fupportable.

Elizabeth

Elizabeth Evans exhibited a cafe remarkably tedious, relapfing four Times in the Space of fix Weeks; which I believe was chiefly occafioned, by the Solution being given only twice a Day, and by its Ufe being too much interrupted from the Occurrence of Anorexia, and her dilatory Attendance for Advice. When fhe was ordered to take twelve Drops, three Times a Day, for nine Days; the Cure was foon rendered complete and permanent. Indeed the curative Influence of the Solution, was very confpicuous every Time it was repeated. The Anorexia and Sicknefs, as operative Effects, were pointedly relieved by the Emetics.

The Habit of Ann Hodfon was highly cachectic, the operative Effects of the Solution rather troublefome, and the Dofes fmall; yet the Cure was fuccefsful. The Swellings went off in a Day or two, after fufpending the Ufe of the Solution; and the Anorexia was evidently relieved by the Vomit.

CASE IX.

April 30th. 1784.

WALTER LYCET, of Milford, Labourer, aged 38, has had two tertian Fits, and three quotidian, the last Fit early this Morning: Body gently open; Appetite rather impaired.

Ordered

4 EFFECTS OF THE MINERAL SOLUTION

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

May 6th.

It rather griped, and made him a little fick feveral Times. He has had no more Fits. Bowels eafy, and Appetite better thefe two laft Days, fince he finished the Medicine.

Ordered to repeat the Solution for three Days.

May 16th.

The Effects of the Medicine the fame, and no Return of Ague. Appetite quite good, and Strength recovered.

CASEX.

May 4th. 1784.

R ICHARD BENTLEY, of Brancot, aged 17, a Farmer's Servant, was feized two Months ago with a quotidian Ague, which lafted for three Weeks. It was immediately fucceeded by a Tertian, which has continued for thefe five Weeks, the laft Fit this Morning. He has loft fome Flefh and Strength; Functions natural.

Ordered

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for five Days.

May 9th.

No fenfible Effects from the Solution : he has only had one Fit, and feems to recover Strength.

After three Days Intermission, ordered to repeat the Solution, for three Days.

May 17th.

He took the Solution as directed; yet had a threatening Senfation of a Fit, two Days ago, and this Morning the Paroxyfm was completely formed.

Ordered twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for fix Days.

May 23d.

He has not had the leaft fenfible Effect from the Solution, and no Paroxyfm fince the laft Report.

After four Days Intermission, ordered to repeat the Solution, for three Days.

15
D ESTRE L STYLES

May 29th.

No operative Effects from the Solution, and no Signs of Ague. He appears quite well,

CASE XI.

May 17th. 1784.

JOHN FARMER, of Brancot, aged 13, has had three tertian Fits, and two quotidian: Stools regular; but Appetite impaired.

Ordered seven Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for five Days.

May 23d.

It caufed a flight Naufea, and two or three Stools a Day without griping, and he has had but one Fit fince laft Report : Appetite improved.

After three Days Interval, ordered to continue the Solution, for four Days.

May 29th.

It made him rather fick, but caufed no loofe Stools : He has had no Fit for nine Days, feems quite well, and is therefore difmiffed from his Attendance.

After

June 17th.

After being freed from the Ague twenty five Days, he happened to be much exposed in the Rain, caught Cold, and has had a Relapse of two Fits, within these last three Days.

Ordered to repeat the Solution, for three Days, as before.

June 20th.

The Solution produced no Operation, and he has had but one Paroxyfm fince laft Report.

Ordered to take ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days in seven, for three successive Weeks.

July 18th.

No Operation from the Solution : he continues free from his Ague, and appears quite well.

CASE XII.

May 18th. 1784.

HANNAH HARVEY, of Bednal, aged 18 Months, had the fifteenth Fit of a tertian Ague yesterday. Her Appetite is bad, and D Body

Body bound. She has loft much Flefh and Strength, appears languid and drowfy, and fweats much after each Fit.

Ordered two Drops of the Solution, three times a Day, for four Days.

May 23d.

She has had two or three loofe Stools every Day from the Solution, apparently without griping, and has only had one Fit five Days ago. Appetite and Spirits better.

After three Days Intermission, ordered to repeat the Solution, for three Days.

May 30th.

By Mistake the Medicine was taken immediately after the last Report It caused two easy Stools a Day, and sometimes a slight Sickness. She has had no return of the Ague, gains Strength, and appears free from Complaints.

OBSERVATIONS.

THE Ague of Walter Lycet was cured, by his taking the Solution for fix Days, in fmall Dofes: the curative Influence was immediate, and the operative Effects mild. In Bentley's Cafe, I am inclined to believe, the Relapfe was owing to his having taken the Solution in too fmall Dofes, and not continuing it long enough; for when thefe Circumftances were obviated, on its being repeated, the curative Effect was not only immediate, but permanent.

The Relapfe in the Cafe of John Farmer, is clearly accounted for by his catching Cold : the curative Effect of the Solution was very pointed, both in the Sufpenfion of the Difeafe, and Cure of the Relapfe; for we find he had but one Fit, after commencing each Courfe of the Solution.

The next Patient, an Infant of eighteen Months, was radically cured of a Tertian of thirty Days, by taking the Solution feven Days, and the operative Effects were very mild.

CASE XIII.

E LIZABETH WILLIAMS, of Littleworth, near Stafford, aged 12, admitted an Out-Patient, May 25th, 1785, has had a tertian Ague for fix Weeks paft. She is very pale, weak, and much affected with Stupor : Appetite bad; Stools regular.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

The

May 28th.

The Solution yesterday excited Nausea, retching, and Vomiting, and cleared her Stomach of much flimy Matter; yet caused a Swelling of the Belly, which has continued, although regular for Stools. She had a strong Fit of the Ague yesterday.

Ordered half an Ounce of the Tinclure of Rhubarb immediately; and after the Operation, to repeat the Solution, for three Days.

June 1st.

The Tincture procured two Stools, and relieved the Swelling. The Solution has agreed tolerably well with her Stomach and Bowels, and fhe has miffed two Fits.

After two Days Intermission, ordered to repeat the Solution, for three Days.

June 8th.

The Solution caufed fometimes a flight Naufea; but no other Effect : No Return of Ague.

June 15th.

No Fits for nineteen Days; Appetite good, and gains Strength very fast.

CASE

C A S E XIV.

THOMAS PRESTON, of Sommerfield, aged 16, admitted an In-Patient, July 17th 1784. He has been afflicted with a quartan and tertian Ague for three Months paft; during which Time he has ufed fome Medicines, that fufpended it once for a Fortnight : Stools regular.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

July 24th.

He has had a flight Naufea, with every Dofe of the Medicine, and but one Fit of the Ague : Appetite very good.

Ordered to repeat the Solution for four Days.

July 28th.

Effects of the Solution just the fame, and no Return of Ague. His Medicine omitted.

August 1st.

Difcharged cured.

CASE XV.

JAMES DALTON, of Abbot's Bromley, aged 22, admitted an In-Patient, July 30th, 1785.

1785. He has been affected with a quotidian and tertian Ague, alternately for twelve Weeks paft, which for thefe laft twelve Days has refumed the tertian Type. His Sleep natural, Appetite good, and Body much bound.

Ordered immediately a two Ounce Draught of equal Parts of the cathartic Mixture, and the compound Tincture of Sena \uparrow ; and after its Operation, fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

August 4th.

The purging Draught gave three loofe Stools; and the Solution produced griping Pains, but no Evacuation; and he is again become coffive. The Fits are milder, and he has no fhivering Senfation in the cold Stage.

Ordered an Ounce of the cathartic Mixture immediately; a Scruple of Dover's Powder at Bed-time; and to proceed the Night following with the Solution as before.

August 6th.

He had two relieving Stools with the Draught, a copious Sweat from the Powder, and his Bowels were quite eafy, until he repeated the Solution,

+ Tinctura Sennæ Composita. Ph. Ed.

Solution; fince which he has been very much griped; although not fo coffive as he was. He has had no Fits fince laft Report.

Ordered fourteen Drops of the Solution, with five Drops of the thebaic TinEture, twice a Day, for four Days.

August 10th.

The Solution combined with the Laudanum, did not give the least Disturbance. He continues free from the Ague, and has no Complaints.

CASE XVI.

August 23d. 1785.

SARAH SIMPSON, of Walton, aged 31, has had a tertian Ague for ten Days, the laft Fit yefterday, and was delirious for fome Time. She has been fick and vomited, in every hot Stage of her Ague. Appetite bad; Belly regular.

Ordered three Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

August 27th.

It produced no Operation ; fhe has only had one

one flight Fit on the 24th, None fince : Appetite better.

Ordered to continue the Solution for four Days.

August 31st.

No Operation from the Solution; Appetite good, and no Return of Ague.

September 13th.

Continues perfectly free from the Ague.

OBSERVATIONS.

THE Cafe of Elizabeth Williams was treated with moderate Dofes, which proved fuccefsful; but their operative Effects were accompanied with a Swelling of the Belly, which was relieved by the Operation from the Tincture of Rhubarb.

Prefton's Cafe was alfo treated with moderate Dofes, the operative Effects of which were very flight : the Difeafe was of long Continuance, and had worn a quartan Type ; yet the curative Effect of the Medicine was fpeedy, for he had but one Fit after he began to use it.

The Ague of James Dalton was radically cured by the Solution, which however occafioned difagreeable griping Pains, accompanied with

a bound Belly. Thefe troublefome Effects were removed by the Operations of the cathartic Mixture and Dover's Powder; and the Return of the griping Pains feemed to be entirely prevented, by the fmall Dofes of Laudanum which were added to the Solution.

The next Cafe was that of a Child under four Years old, which was cured by moderate Dofes of the Solution, in eight Days; during which fhe had only one Fit, and no Operation.

C A S E XVII.

WILLIAM WHEELOCK, of Bednal,

aged 18, In-Patient, was affected with a quotidian Ague of three Weeks Continuance, which was fulpended for three Weeks, by twenty Drops of the Solution, taken twice a Day, for nine Days, in the Space of twelve. After a Fortnight's Relapfe, the Difeafe was cured by twenty four Drops of the Solution, taken twice a Day, for eight Days, in the Space of twelve. The Medicine in the first Courfe of Treatment, operated as a Laxative, accompanied with flight Naufea and griping; and in the fecond Courfe as a Laxative, accompanied with Naufea, and fometimes Vomiting,

CASE XVIII.

E LIZABETH HALL, of Bishton, aged 16, was affected with a tertian and quotidian Ague, of three Months Continuance, which was sufpended for fix Days, by her taking E ten

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ten Drops of the Solution, three times a Day, for fix Days, in the Space of eleven. After a Week's Relapfe, fhe was cured by taking twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days, in the Space of fourteen. The Medicine operated as a Laxative, accompanied with Naufea and Headach.

C A S E XIX.

JOHN HALL, of Walton, Joiner, aged 23, cured of a tertian and quotidian Ague, of twenty-eight Days Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for fixteen Days, in the Space of five Weeks. It operated as a Laxative, accompanied with Naufea.

N. B. The Fits were fulpended twice, for a fhort Time during the Treatment, previous to their being entirely removed.

OBSERVATIONS.

THESE three abstracted Cafes were irregular and tedious.

The Relapfe of William Wheelock, could not be accounted for; he was in the Country when it happened, and poffibly might catch Cold.

Elizabeth Hall's Relapfe, was probably owing to the Dofes being fmall, and not continued a fufficient Time ; becaufe when they were rather enlarged,

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enlarged, and fomewhat longer continued, in the fecond Courfe, the Cure proved fpeedy and radical.

The two Relapfes of John Hall, I do not think at all difficult to account for; becaufe he was fubject to occafional Fatigue from his Bufinefs; his Habit was highly cachectic, and the operative Effects of the Solution, would not allow him to take larger Dofes.

CASE XX.

JOHN BUTLER, of Haughton, aged 16, In-Patient, cured of a quotidian Ague of feven Weeks Continuance, by taking eighteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days, in the Space of fifteen; during which he had two Fits. It operated as a flight Emetic, accompanied with Naufea.

C A S E XXI.

JOBKITE, of Stafford, aged 24, In-Patient, cured of a tertian Ague of twenty-fix Weeks Continuance, by taking from fixteen to twentyeight Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for five Days; during which he had no Fits. The Medicine operated as a Cathartic, accompanied with griping Pains.

N. B. Thefe Effects were much relieved, by his taking two Drams of the Paregoric Elixir, at Bed-time, for two Nights.

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CASE

CASE XXII.

MARY SMITH, of Stafford, aged 19, Out-Patient, cured of a tertian Ague of eight Days Continuance, by taking twentyeight Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for four Days; during which fhe had but one Fit. It operated conftantly as an Emetic, accompanied with Naufea.

C A S E XXIII.

WILLIAM BAYLEY, of Newcaftle, aged 36, In-Patient, cured of a tertian Ague of fix Days Continuance, by taking twenty Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eleven Days, in the Space of fixteen. The Medicine operated as a Cathartic and flight Emetic, accompanied with Naufea, but without Griping.

C A S E XXIV.

WILLIAM POVEY, of Pelfal, aged 32, In-Patient, apparently cured of a quotidian, tertian, and quartan Ague, of fix Months Continuance, by taking twenty-eight Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for five Days, in the Space of feven ; during which he had but one Fit. It operated as an Emetic and Cathartic, attended with Naufea aud Griping.

OBSERVATIONS.

THE four abstracted Cafes, from Butler to Bayley inclusive, are Examples of radical Cures from large Dofes of the Solution; the operative and curative Effects of which were strongly marked; and yet the former were lefs troublefome, than one could reafonably expect, from the Largeness of the Doses.

In Povey's Cafe, I have only faid apparently cured, becaufe the Ague having exifted for fix Months, and the laft four Weeks having affumed the quartan Type, rendered it fomewhat doubtful, whether he might not relapfe; but as I faw him no more, after he was difmiffed from the Infirmary, it was a prefumptive Circumftance that he continued well.

C A S E XXV.

JOSEPH FOLLOWS, of Stafford, aged 60, In-Patient, cured of a tertian Ague of a Week's Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days; during which he had no Fits, nor any Operation.

C A S E XXVI.

PETER TONKS, of Stafford, aged 30, cured of a tertian Ague of nine Days Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days, in the .Space

Space of eleven; during which he had no Fits, nor was the Medicine attended with any Operation.

C A S E XXVII.

WILLIAM HARVEY, of Bednal, aged 4, cured of a tertian Ague of a Month's Continuance, by taking three Drops of the Solution, twice and thrice a Day, for fix Days, in the Space of ten; during which he had no Fit, nor any Operation.

C A S E XXVIII.

MRS. T—. from the Neighbourhood of Rugeley, aged 41, cured of a tertian Ague of one Week's Continuance, by taking twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for ten Days; during which fhe had only a threatening Senfation of a Fit, and no Operation.

C A S E XXIX.

E LIZABETH MALLAM, of Stafford, aged 51, cured of a tertian Ague of nine Days Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three times a Day, for four Days; during which fhe had only one Fit, and the Medicine was attended with no Operation,

C A S E XXX.

FRANCIS COPE, of Acton, aged 16, cured of a tertian Ague of five Days Continuance,

tinuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days ; during which he had but one Fit, and no Operation.

C A S E XXXI.

LYDIA BAYLEY, of Billington, aged 5, cured of a tertian Ague of four Days Continuance, by taking four and five Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of thirteen; during which fhe had but one Fit, and no Operation.

OBSERVATIONS.

THESE feven Cafes are Examples of a taftelefs Medicine, without any Operation, producing fpeedy and radical Cures, as if by a Charm: fuch Inftances are not very frequent; but when they do occur, they conflitute a very agreeable Part of our Practice. It alfo deferves Notice, that although the Dofes were comparatively fmall, they proved very efficacious; the three first Cafes being attended with no more Fits, the fourth with but a threatening Senfation of one, and the three last with only one apiece; which affords a strong Argument in Favor of trying the Effects of solutions.

C A S E XXXII.

A NN THRUSTANCE, of Stafford, aged 37, Out-Patient, cured of a tertian Ague of a Fortnight's Continuance, by taking fourteen Drops

Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days; during which fhe had no more Fits. The Medicine operated as a Laxative, without Griping.

C A S E XXXIII.

SARAH JOHNSON, of Acton, aged 26, cured of a tertian Ague of feven Days Continuance, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for five Days; during which fhe had no more Fits. The Medicine produced no Operation, except a flight Naufea for two Mornings.

C A S E XXXIV.

E LIZABETH HODSON, of Acton, aged 9, cured of a tertian Ague of eight Days Continuance, by taking fix Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for eleven Days, in the Space of thirteen; during which fhe had no more Fits. It operated as a Laxative the first five Days.

C A S E XXXV.

SARAH SPILSBURY, of Rugeley, aged 42, Out-Patient, cured of a quotidian and tertian Ague of five Weeks Continuance, attended with a periodic Headach, by taking from fourteen to eighteen Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for feven Days, in the Space of ten; during which fhe had no Paroxyfms of either Ague, or Headach. The Medicine operated

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rated as a Cathartic, accompanied with a Griping, Swelling of the Abdomen, and Pain of the Stomach.

N. B. The two first Effects abated immedidiately on omitting the Solution, and the two latter were foon relieved, by the Operation of an Ounce of the cathartic Mixture.

C A S E XXXVI.

ELIZABETH SMITH, of Stafford, aged 3, Out-Patient, cured of a tertian Ague of three Weeks Continuance, by taking two and three Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days; during which fhe had no more Fits. It caufed no operative Effect except a Naufea.

C A S E XXXVII.

MARY TRUSFIELD, of Gnofal, aged 8, Out-Patient, cured of a quartan Ague of twenty Weeks Continuance, by taking feven Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for five Days; during which fhe had no more Fits. The Medicine produced Swellings of the Face and Eyes, which came on after the first three Dofes, and continued for five Days.

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OBSER-

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OBSERVATIONS.

IN the fix preceding Cafes, the curative Influence of the Solution was ftrongly marked; for the Patients had not the Recurrence of one Fit, after they began the Ufe of the Medicine. The Operation attending the three first Cafes and the fifth, were as gentle as could be wished, and in Spilfbury's Cafe, although rather troublefome, yet those Effects which did not immediately go off on omitting the Solution, were fpeedily removed by the Cathartic. In Trusfield's Cafe it was obfervable, that the Swellings of the Face and Eyes came on, the Day after commencing the Ufe of the Solution, continued stationary for five Days, and then, from the Day after its Difuse, spontaneously went off; and is therefore a very pointed Cafe of Swellings from its Administration ; with which however, the Patient felt no other Inconvenience than a ftiff or tenfe Senfation of the Parts affected.

C A S E XXXVIII.

I SAAC BAYLEY, of Billington, aged 53, cured of a tertian Ague of four Days Continuance, by taking twelve Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for fix Days; during which he had but one flight Fit, and no Operation, except the Body being gently opened.

CASE

C A S E XXXIX.

GEORGE JOHNSON, of Acton, aged 20, cured of a tertian Ague of a Month's Continuance, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for four Days; during which he had but one Fit, and no Operation, except five griping Stools on the fourth Day,

CASE XL.

ELIZABETH CHELL, of Penkridge, aged 60, cured of a tertian Ague of a Month's Continuance, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for five Days; during which fhe had but one flight Fit. The Medicine produced a little Naufea, accompanied with flight griping Pains.

C A S E XLI.

DOROTHY TIPPER, from the Neighbourhood of Rugeley, aged 52, cured of a tertian Ague of one Week's Continuance, by taking from eight to ten Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for five Days, in the Space of nine; during which fhe had but one flight Fit. It frequently operated as an Emetic.

CASE XLII.

ANN WARD, from the Neighbourhood of Rugeley, aged 44, cured of a tertian Ague F 2 of

of four Days Continuance, by taking twelve Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for nine Days, in the Space of feventeen; during which fhe had but one Fit. The Medicine operated as a Laxative, accompanied with fome griping Pains and Naufea.

OBSERVATIONS.

THESE five Cafes we find were attended with only one Fit each, during the Admiuiftration of the Solution, and confidering that it was only administered twice a Day, and in moderate Dofes, they are good Examples of its Efficacy, accompanied with mild operative Effects.

CASE XLIII.

A NN BAGNALL, of Pillington, aged 35, cured of a tertian and quotidian Ague of two Months Continuance, by taking three Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for fix Days; during which the had only two quotidian Fits. It operated as a Laxative.

C A S E XLIV.

JAMES BRINDLEY, of Great Haywood, Jaged 10, cured of a tertian Ague of four Days Continuance, by taking from eight to twelve

twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for five Days; during which he had two Fits, and a Naufea after each Dofe of the Medicine.

-C A S E XLV.

LYDIA BRADSHAW, of Salt, aged 65, cured of a tertian Ague of a Week's Continuance, by taking ten and twelve Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of fifteen; during which fhe had two flight Fits, and no Operation, except fome Degree of Naufea.

C A S E XLVI.

ANN WEAVER, of Brockton, aged 16, cured of a tertian Ague of a Fortnight's Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for nine Days, in the Space of thirteen; during which fhe had two Fits, and no Operation, except a flight Naufea and Anorexia. The latter was relieved, by a gentle Operation from a Dofe of eight Grains of Coloquintida Pills with Aloes, combined with two Grains of Calomel.

C A S E XLVII.

HANNAH BOTT, of Stafford, aged 23, Out-Patient, in the third Month of her Pregnancy, cured of a tertian Ague of three Weeks

Weeks Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for feven Days; during which fhe had two Fits, and no Operation.

OBSERVATIONS.

THESE five Cafes were attended with two Fits each, during the Administration of the Solution. The operative Effects of four of them were fo mild, they would not deferve Notice, but for the Anorexia attending the Cafe of Ann Weaver, whofe Appetite was speedily reftored, by two or three gentle Stools from the Cathartic. The last was a Cafe of Pregnancy, and was attended with no Operation from the Medicine, and is therefore an Example of the Constitution, not being rendered more sufceptible of its operative Effects, from that Circumstance.

C A S E XLVIII.

ANN BRADSHAW, of Salt, aged 27, cured of a tertian Ague of twenty-fix Days Continuance, by taking ten and twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of fifteen; during which fhe had three decreasing Fits, and no Operation, except a flight Degree of Griping.

C A S E XLIX.

JOHN EMBREY, of Billington, aged 13, cured of a tertian Ague of a Fortnight's Continuance,

tinuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, twice and thrice a Day, for nine Days, in the Space of eleven; during which he had four decreasing Fits, and no Operation.

CASEL.

MISS P----. of B-----. aged 30, cured of a quotidian Ague of three Weeks Continuance, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for fix Days, in the Space of eight; during which fhe had four or five decreafing Fits, and no Operation.

CASE LI.

JOHN HOLDRED, of Rugeley, aged 26, cured of a tertian Ague of three Days Continuance, by taking from ten to twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of feventeen; during which he had three decreasing Fits. It produced no operative Effect, except a flight Nausea.

CASE LII.

JOHN HODSON, of Acton, aged 4, cured of a quotidian Ague of a Fortnight's Continuance, by taking from three to five Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for fourteen Days, in the Space of twenty; during which he had feven decreasing Fits. The Medicine operated as a Laxative.

OBSER-

OBSERVATIONS.

THESE five Cafes were accompanied with decreasing Fits, from three to seven each, during the Exhibition of the Solution, and confequently are Instances of its curative Insluence, being fuccessfully exerted, but in a more gradual Manner than usual. The Doses we find were moderate, and attended with little or no Operation.

The whole of this Section contains Cafes of Agues cured by the Mineral Solution, and the moft of them unexceptionably fuccefsful. The Agues were more of them Tertians than Quotidians, and only three or four of them Quartans. The Cafes we find were of both Sexes, and marked by very different Ages. The Dofes of the Solution, although fometimes confiderably enlarged, were given with clofe Attention to their Effects, and were generally intermitted for two or three Days, at the Diftance of every three or four, during the Courfe of their Adminiftration.

SECT.

SECT. II.

Cafes of Agues, cured by the Affiftance of the peruvian Bark, after Failure by the Mineral Solution, with Observations.

CASE LIII.

July 3d. 1784.

GEORGE CHADBORN, of Rugeley, an Adult, an Out-Patient, has been afflicted with a quotidian Ague for a Month paft. His Stools regular, but Appetite much impaired : he has loft much Flesh and Strength, and appears quite pale and cachectic. Many Medicines have been used, but without any Suspension of his Fits.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

He

July 12th.

He has taken the Solution without the leaft Difturbance, and has had no Fits for five Days.

Ordered to repeat the Solution for four Days.

July 17th.

No Operation, nor Signs of Ague.

Ordered to continue the Solution for four Days.

July 28th.

He took the Solution, and the Ague kept off till four Days ago, fince which he has had a Fit every Day.

Ordered fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

August 4th.

He has taken the Solution without Operation as ufual, and has miffed his Fits fince the 30th, ult.

Ordered to repeat the Solution for four Days.

August 13th.

He took his Medicine, and the Ague kept off till within thefe few Days. He complains that his Legs have been dropfical, more or lefs, for fix Weeks paft, and that they have been very bad for the laft ten Days. He is this Day admitted into the Infirmary.

Ordered a Course of the peruvian Bark, to be purfued in the usual Manner, until his Ague is cured; and then to take an Infusion of Tobacco as a Diuretic.

September 2d.

Both Medicines had the defired Effects, and he was this Day difmiffed cured.

CASE LIV.

ANN BEARDMORE, of Baswich, aged 38, admitted an Out-Patient, August 17th, 1785, has had a quotidian Ague for ten Days. Her Body is rather bound, and Appetite bad.

Ordered fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

August 20th.

The Solution caufed a Naufea, and a Swel-G 2 ling

ling of her Stomach. She has had two milder Fits, and None to Day. Her Body is still bound.

Ordered to take two Table Spoonfuls of the cathartic Mixture immediately; and the antimonial emetic Powder in the Evening; and then to repeat the Solution for two Days.

August 22d,

The cathartic Mixture and Emetic operated well, and relieved both Sicknefs and Swelling; but the Solution immediately caufed Lofs of Appetite, and an Uneafinefs and Swelling of the Stomach and Belly, with flight Headach. She has had no Fits for three Days.

Ordered to repeat the cathartic Mixture in the Morning; and then to take a Tea Spoonful of the bitter Tincture in Water, twice a Day.

August 26th.

The Cathartic operated with Relief to her Stomach, Belly, and Head, and the Tincture was ferviceable in promoting Appetite. Stools regular, and no Fits for a Week.

Ordered to repeat the Solution twice a Day, for three Days; and then the I inclure for four Days.

E brie and

September 5th.

By Miftake took the Solution, three Times a Day, inftead of twice, and her Face and Eyes became fo fwelled every Morning, fhe could fcarce fee till towards Noon, when they in fome Meafure fubfided. She had an Anorexia all the three Days; but the Appetite returned as foon as fhe fufpended the Ufe of the Medicine; and the Swellings gradually went off, whilft fhe was taking the Tincture : fince which however, fhe has had three Fits of the Ague.

Ordered to omit her former Medicines, and to take an Ounce of the Powder of peruvian Bark, in half Dram Doses every two Hours, between the Fits.

September 9th.

The Bark has purged her. She has only had one fhaking Fit fince the laft Report.

Ordered to repeat the Solution twice for one Day, and then to take fix Drams of the Bark, in convenient Dofes, between the Fits, or threatening Senfations of Paroxyfms.

September 12th.

The Solution caufed Naufea and Anorexia, but no Swellings: the Bark purged the fame as before: fhe has had no fhivering Fits of fix Days,

Days, but has feverifh Symptoms at the ufual Periods.

After two Days Intermission, ordered to take half a Dram of the Bark, with four Drops of the thebaic Tincture, three Times a Day, for four Days.

September 23d.

She believes fhe caught Cold immediately after the laft Report, which occafioned her to have a fhivering Fit, on the 14th, 15th, and 16th Inftant; but, during that Time, fhe took the Bark with the Laudanum, which agreed with her very well, and has had no aguifh Symptoms for a Week paft.

Ordered to repeat her last Medicines for four Days.

September 30th.

By Miftake only took the Medicines two Days. They perfectly agreed with her, and fhe has continued quite well.

CASE LV.

JAMES HALL, of Stafford, aged 20, admitted an Out-Patient, September 11th, 1785, has been affected with a quotidian Ague for a Week paft. His Appetite is very bad, Body

Body bound, and Habit very pale and cachectic.

Ordered to take fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

September 15th.

The Solution made him rather fick every Time he took it, and Yesterday it began to operate as a Cathartic. He missed his Fit Yesterday.

Ordered to take a Grain Pill of Opium every Night.

September 18th.

He has only taken the Opium two Nights, fince which his Loofenefs has abated; but his Ague returned this laft Night.

Ordered to take ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days, with three Drops of liquid Laudanum, in each Dose.

September 22d.

The Solution still made him fickish, but fince he took the liquid Laudanum, he has had no Return of Loofeness. He has had a Fit every Night, but rather milder.

Ordered

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Ordered to take fix Drams of the Powder of peruvian Bark, in half Dram Doses, one every two Hours, between the Fits.

October 13th.

He took the Bark, and miffed his Fits for a Week; but neglecting to attend the Infirmary, he has had a tertian Ague for nine Days paft, and his Appetite is very bad.

Ordered the antimonial emetic Powder in the Evening; and then to take a Dram of the Bark in Powder, three Times a Day, for four Days, in the Intervals of the Fits.

October 20th.

The Vomit operated well, and with Relief to his Appetite; the Bark agreed with his Stomach, and he has had no Ague for fix Days.

Ordered to repeat the same Doses of the Bark, three Times a Day, for three Days.

October 30th.

He has taken his Powders, and had no Return of the Ague : his Appetite is much better; but he remains very weak and pale.

Ordered to take two Steel Pills, and to wash them down

+ Mistura Peruviana. No. 6.

down with an Ounce of the peruvian Mixture +, with a Dram of aromatic Tincture, and a Scruple of compound Spirits of Lavender, twice a Day, for four Days.

November 3d.

The Medicines agreed with his Stomach; his Appetite is very good, and he gathers Strength.

Ordered to continue the Medicines for seven Days longer.

November 10th.

His Strength is much recovered, and he has no Complaints.

OBSERVATIONS.

T H E Relapfes, in the Cafe of George Chadborn, appeared to be occafioned partly by too fmall Dofes, and partly by two or three confiderable Intervals between the Exhibitions of the Solution, from Irregularity in Point of Attendance; for the curative Influence of the Medicine was very obvious, whenever it was taken; and therefore in August, when he was admitted into the Infirmary, there was good Reason to H believe

† Mistura Peruviana. No. 6.

believe, he might have been cured of his Ague, by an uninterrupted Courfe of the Solution, for eight or ten Days. But as I found his cachectic Habit was now attended with an Œdema of his Legs, extending quite up to his Knees, it appeared the moft prudent to give him the Bark without Delay. Accordingly I ordered two Ounces of the Bark in Powder, to be divided into proper Dofes, and taken between the Fits, which entirely cured the Ague, and then the dropfical Swellings of his Legs were fpeedily removed, by the Administration of Tobacco, acting as a strong Diuretic, as defcribed in the 11th Cafe of my Reports on the Effects of that Medicine.

Ann Beardmore's Cafe, contains the most pointed Example of the Solution, administered in the common Dofes proper for an Adult, difagreeing with the Constitution, which I ever met with, and therefore I have given it at large, both as a Specimen of what I call the collateral Treatment, and alfo as a Proof, that now and then there will be found Cafes, wherein from Idiofyncrafy, the Medicine will not agree ; and whenever fuch Examples are difcovered, it is the Duty of a prudent Practitioner to give up the Medicine, and try other Means. Such however was the Peculiarity of this Patient's Conftitution, that the Bark operated with her like a ftrong Purge, and I am firmly perfuaded, would hardly have cured her, had not that Operation been restrained by the Aid of the Laudanum. The Failure of the Solution, in this Cafe,

Cafe, feemed to arife entirely from the operative Effects preventing her continuing the regular Ufe of the Medicine; becaufe its curative Effects were very obvious, on its first Exhibition. The Anorexia and Swellings feemed to be fensibly relieved, by the Operations of the emetic Powder and cathartic Mixture.

There is little Reafon to doubt, but if James Hall had attended again in due Time, after the 22d of September, he might have been cured by the Solution ; but as the operative Effects of the Medicine proved troublefome in moderate Dofes, even when corrected by liquid Laudanum, I thought it the moft eligible to attempt the Cure by the Bark. The Difagreement of the Solution, in this Cafe, feemed to arife from Idiofyncrafy, for it is plain that his Stomach was not morbidly delicate, fince it could bear without Difturbance, Dofes of the Bark, containing a Dram each, and alfo Steel Pills with a Bark Mixture ; by which Means he foon recovered from the Ague and Cachexy.

C A S E LVI.

SAMUEL HARRIMAN, of Rugeley, aged 16, was affected with a tertian Ague of feven Weeks Continuance, which was fufpended for three Weeks, by taking eight Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days, in the Space of thirteen; during which H 2 he
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he had only one Fit. The Medicine operated as an Emetic and Cathartic, attended with Griping and Naufea. On the Relapfe of the Ague, he was ordered the Bark in the ufual Manner, and was cured.

C A S E LVII.

R UTH LAWRENCE, of Gnofall, aged 15, Out-Patient, was affected with a tertian Ague of eight Weeks Continuance. She had it fufpended by taking eight Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days; but its Administration being accompanied with fome Degree of Naufea, Headach, Pain at the Stomach, and Swelling of the Face, the Cure was finished by the Use of the Bark. On omitting the Solution, the Naufea was no longer excited, and the other operative Effects were speedily relieved, by a moderate Dose of the cathartic Mixture.

C A S E LVIII.

MARY KEELING, of Stafford, aged 19, Out-Patient, was affected with a quotidian Ague of eight Weeks Continuance. She had it fufpended for nineteen Days, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of fourteen; and fufpended again for fourteen Days, by the fame Dofes given in the fame Manner, for feven Days, in the Space of eleven; and during each Period,

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Period, it was attended with no Operation. On the Difeafe relapfing a fecond Time, it was cured by the Ufe of the Bark, exhibited in the ufual Manner between the Fits.

CASE LIX.

I SAAC BAYLEY, of Billington, aged 3, was affected with a quotidian Ague of five Weeks Continuance. It was fufpended for five Weeks, by taking three Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for fifteen Days, in the Space of a Month; and then relapfing, was again fufpended for another five Weeks, by taking the fame Dofes of the Solution, three Times a Day, for feven Days, in the Space of eleven. On the fecond Relapfe, the Habit became dropfical; but both Complaints were cured by a proper Courfe of the Bark, and Cream of Tartar.

CASE LX.

R ICHARD THRUSTANCE, of Stafford, aged 7, Out-Patient, was affected with a tertian Ague of nine Days Continuance, which was twice fufpended in the Space of thirty two Days, by taking fix Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for feven Days; and three Times a Day, for nine Days. It operated as a Cathartic, accompanied with Griping. After the fecond Relapfe, it was cured by a regular Courfe of the Bark.

OBSER-

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OBSERVATIONS.

THE Relapfes in Harriman's Cafe feemed to be occafioned, by the too fmall Dofes of the Solution; but their operative Effects proving troublefome, they could not be conveniently enlarged; and therefore it was certainly preferable, to attempt the Cure by the Bark, which accordingly fucceeded.

Lawrence's Cafe with a Relapfe, was attended with troublefome operative Effects from the Solution; and Keeling's Cafe relapfing twice, after regular Treatment by the fame Medicine, rendered it eligible to try other Means, and accordingly they were both cured by the Bark.

Ifaac Bayley was only three Years old, and his Habit of Body highly cachectic. His Difeafe relapfed, after two Sufpenfions, by the Solution, of five Weeks each. From confidering his Cafe, it appeared highly probable, that if his Ague was again fuspended by the Ufe of the Solution, that his cachectic Habit, now combined with general dropfical Swellings, would difpose him to further Relapses, unless at the fame Time, his dropfical Swellings could be relieved, and Constitution strengthened. I therefore ordered him the Bark, both as a Febrifuge and Corroborant, and the Cream of Tartar as a Diuretic, and he recovered furprifingly from both his Complaints. It deferves Notice in this Cafe, that three Dofes of the Solution in a Day, for

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for feven Days, with fhort Intervals, procured exactly the fame Period of Sufpenfion of the Fits, as two Dofes in a Day, for fifteen Days, with long Intervals.

The Cafe of Thrustance was another Example of two Relapses, after the Fits had been fufpended by the Solution ; which, being given three Times a Day, and for nine Days, in the fecond Course, would have proved fufficient for a radical Cure in most Cases. Perhaps larger Doses might have proved fuccessful ; but as the operative Effects of the Medicine prohibited fuch a Trial, and the Disposition of the Disease to relapse was strongly marked, it was certainly advisable to attempt the Cure by the Use of the Bark.

CASE LXI.

THOMAS MORETON, of Stafford, aged 14, admitted an Out-Patient, April 6th, 1785, had the tenth Fit of a tertian Ague two Days ago. His Belly regular, and his general Health has been very good.

Ordered to take from ten to twelve Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for fix Days.

April 16th.

No Operation from the Solution. After two Fits

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Fits he had an Intermiffion' for four Days; but the laft three Fits have been quotidian. Appetite good.

Ordered to take fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days.

April 20th.

The Solution frequently makes him fick, and he has a conftant Anorexia. Quotidian Fits no better.

After cleanfing his Stomach with ten Grains of Ipecacuan, ordered to take twelve half Dram Doses of the Powder of the Bark, one every two Hours between the Fits; and then to repeat the same Doses, four Times a Day, for three Days.

April 27th.

The Ipecacuan operated three Times, and relieved his Sicknefs and Anorexia. He has taken the Bark, but his Fits are much the fame.

Ordered to take twelve Doses of the Bark between the Fits as before, each Dose containing a Scruple of the Powder, in an Ounce of the Peruvian Mixture.

April 30th.

He has taken the Bark, but the Fits continue the fame.

Ordered

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Ordered to take nine Drops of the Solution, with a Scruple of the Powder of peruvian Bark, in an Ounce of the peruvian Mixture, three Times a Day, for four Days.

May 4th.

The Medicines occasioned three Stools a Day, with fome griping Pains; but the Fits are milder.

Ordered to continue the Medicines for a Week; and to take ten Drops of liquid Laudanum, every Night, for the same Time.

May 11th.

He has had no Fits fince laft Report : the Medicines agreed well with his Bowels; his Appetite is good, and he has no Complaints.

CASE LXII.

WILLIAM HEATH, of Bradley, aged 22, Out-Patient, was affected with an Ague for ten Days, and the laft fix Fits were quotidian, which he had twice fufpended for a fhort Time, by taking from fourteen to eighteen Drops of the Solution, twice and thrice a Day, for feventeen Days, in the Space of thirtytwo. He then took ten Drams of the Powder of peruvian Bark, in half Dram Dofes, at fhort Intervals, between the Fits, which only fuf-I

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pended the Difeafe for a few Days. On its relapfing a third Time, he was ordered to take ten Drops of the Solution, with half a Dram of the Bark, in Powder, three Times a Day, or every eight Hours, without regarding the Paroxyfms, for eight Days, in the Space of twelve, which fpeedily cured the Difeafe, and no Report has been made of any Relapfe. The Solution operated fometimes as a Cathartic and Emetic, attended with Griping, Naufea, Gastrodynia, and Anorexia; on which Account, he took about four Drops of liquid Laudanum in each Dofe of the Medicine, for feven Days; during which he had no Purging, and all the other Effects were rendered much milder.

CASE LXIII.

DOROTHY WARD, of Stafford, aged 30, Out-Patient, being affected with a tertian Ague, of eight Days Continuance, took ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days; which only operated as a Laxative and fhortened the two laft Fits. She then took an Ounce and a Half of the Powder of peruvian Bark, between the Fits, until they were fulpended; and after that, three Times a Day, by which Means, the Bark operating as a brifk Purge, the Ague was only fulpended for twenty-five Days. On the Relapfe,

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lapfe, fhe took both the Solution and Bark in fmaller Dofes, and was perfectly cured without any troublefome Operation.

CASE LXIV.

JOHN KEELING, of Stafford, aged 14, Out-Patient, had a quotidian Ague of eight Weeks Continuance, twice fufpended in the Courfe of thirty-three Days, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for fixteen Days; and then cured by taking the fame Dofes of the Solution, combined with a Scruple of the Powder of the peruvian Bark, three Times a Day, for nine Days, in the Space of eleven. The Solution produced no Operation.

OBSERVATIONS.

I T appears in the Cafe of Thomas Moreton, that from ten to fourteen Drops of the Solution, given three Times a Day, for nine Days, in the Space of thirteen, failed; and that one Ounce and a Half of the Bark in Powder, given in half Dram Dofes, and twelve Dofes of a Scruple each, exhibited in the Bark Mixture, between the Fits, proved ftill more unfuccefsful, the Solution fulpending the Difeafe for the Period of four Fits, but the Bark not at all. The fame Scruple Dofes, however, of the Powder, with the Mixture, combined with nine Drops of the Solution, and adminiftered I 2 three Times a Day, for eleven Days, fpeedily and radically cured the Ague. The Operation of the Ipecacuanha we found relieved the Sicknefs and Anorexia from the Solution; and the liquid Laudanum exhibited every Night, obviated the griping Effects of the combined Medicines.

The Cafe of William Heath proved remarkably obftinate, the Difeafe quickly relapfing, after being twice fufpended by the Solution, and once by the Bark; but the former, in fmall Dofes combined with the latter, fpeedily curing the Difeafe, with little or no Operation, affords another ftriking Example of trying the joint Powers of those Medicines in particular Cafes. In this Inftance alfo, the Use of fmall Dofes of liquid Laudanum, with a View to moderate the operative Effects of the Solution, in particular the Purging, was clearly evinced.

In the Cafe of Dorothy Ward, the Solution feemed to agree very well; but on her informing me at the fecond Vifit, that fhe was in the fifth Month of her Pregnancy, I thought it most prudent to give her the Bark, of which she took a fair Quantity for obtaining a radical cure; and therefore it is probable, that its purgative Operation was the Caufe of its only fuspending the Fits for a short Time. I then ventured to give her both the Solution and the Bark, but in smaller Doses than when she took

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took them fingly, and by their joint Affiftance, the Ague was fpeedily and radically cured. Here was a Cafe, in which the Solution was evidently the milder Medicine, and from my later experience, I am now fully convinced, that the Precaution which I took was needlefs; for as it only proved laxative, it might have been continued with great Safety; and I have little Doubt but it would have cured her without the Aid of the Bark.

The Intervals between the Periods of using the Solution, in Keeling's Cafe, were probably too long, by which Means the curative Influence of the Medicine was too much divided, and thereby occasioned the Relapfes. And as the Patient feemed to have got a confirmed aguish Habit, I am strongly of Opinion that nine Drams of the Bark, in the Space of eleven Days, allowing it to have sufferended the Fits, would not have prevented another Relapfe, had it not been combined with the Solution.

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SECT. III.

Cases of Agues, suspended, relieved, and not relieved, by the Mineral Solution, from the irregular Attendance of Patients, with Observations.

CASE LXV.

E LIZABETH BROUGH, of Great-Haywood, aged 25, Out-Patient, had been affected with a quotidian Ague of eighteen Days Continuance, and had it fufpended for a Fortnight, by taking from ten to fifteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days; during which fhe had only two Fits. The Medicine operated as a Cathartic, attended with fome Degree of Griping. On the Relapfe of the Difeafe, fhe was ordered to take fifteen Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for four Days; but made no Report, from Neglect of Attendance.

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C A S E LXVI.

CHARLES PERKINS, of Stafford, aged 19, Out-Patient, had been affected with a tertian Ague, of feven Weeks Continuance, and had it fufpended for a Fortnight, by taking fixteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days; during which he had only one Fit and no Operation. On the Relapfe of the Ague, he was ordered to repeat the Solution for three Days; during which he had only one Fit, and no Operation. He was then ordered to continue the Medicine for fome Days longer, in order to prevent another Relapfe; but made no Report, from Neglect of Attendance.

C A S E LXVII.

WILLIAM GOODWIN, of Stafford, aged 19, Out-Patient, was affected with a tertian and quotidian Ague, of five Weeks Continuance. He had it fulpended for a Fortnight, by taking twelve Drops of the Solution, twice and thrice a Day, for fix Days; during which he had three quotidian Fits. The Medicine operated as an Emetic and Laxative, accompanied with Naufea. On the Relapfe of the Difeafe, he was ordered to take twelve Drops of the Solution, three times a Day, for three Days; but made no Report, from Neglect of Attendance.

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C A S E LXVIII.

HANNAH COOPER, of Stafford, aged 15, Out-Patient, had been affected with a tertian Ague of a Month's Continuance, accompanied with Jaundice, and had the Fits rendered milder, by taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days. The Medicine operated as a Laxative, attended with a Griping and flight Naufea. She was ordered to continue it, for three Days longer, but made no Report, from Neglect of Attendance.

C A S E LXIX.

E LIZABETH FOX, of Salt, aged 25, Out-Patient, had been affected with a tertian Ague of five Weeks Continuance, and had the Fits rendered milder, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution three Times a Day, for four Days. The Medicine was attended with no Operation, except a flight Griping. It was ordered to be repeated for three Days longer ; but no Report was made, from Neglect of Attendance.

C A S E LXX.

JOSEPH HODGSON, of Haughton, aged 50, Out-Patient, was affected with a quartan Ague for five Weeks, and then took from fourteen to eighteen Drops of the Solution, three times times a Day, for five Days, without Relief. The Medicine proved fomewhat emetic, and was accompanied with a flight Griping and Naufea. He was ordered to continue it for four Days longer, but made no Report, from Neglect of Attendance.

OBSERVATIONS.

IN the three firft Cafes, the Solution was administered from three Days to eight, and fufpended the Difeafe for a Fortnight in each. In the fourth Cafe it was given for three Days, and in the fifth Cafe for four Days, and rendered the Fits milder. In the fixth Cafe, it was exhibited for five Days, and procured no Relief.

I believe there are no Gentlemen of the Faculty, who have had the Care of Patients attending either Hofpitals, or Difpenfaries, but have frequently experienced their Irregularity in Point of Attendance. The preceding Cafes were all Examples of this Kind. They were for that Reafon unfatisfactory, and if fome mention of them had not feemed neceffary, in order to give an impartial View of the Practice, I fhould have been glad to have omitted them altogether.

Imperfect however as the Cafes may appear, which have come under this Defcription, they are not altogether ufelefs in Point of Infor-K mation;

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mation; for in Proportion to the Time, that the Solution was administered, its curative Influence was generally as obvious, as in more perfect Cafes.

SECT. IV.

Cafes of remitting Fevers, treated by the Mineral Solution, with Observations.

MY Experience of the Mineral Solution, has been principally exercifed in the Treatment of Agues; but fome Cafes of remitting Fevers, and periodic Headachs, happening to occur during the Practice, I was encouraged to treat them with the fame Medicine, the Refult of which fhall be the Subject of this Section.

C A S E LXXI.

March 30th, 1784.

CHARLES MARSHALL, of Acton, middle aged, a Labourer, complains of Headach, Thirst, Anorexia, and Want of Sleep; Skin hot, Tongue very white, and Pulfe 120 Srokes in a Minute: Bowels rather griped; but

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but Stools regular. He has a periodical Increafe of his Fever every other Day. The feverifh Symptoms came on eight Days ago and the tertian Type is very diftinct : the laft Exacerbation was Yefterday.

Ordered to take from fourteen to twenty Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for fix Days.

April 6th.

He took fourteen Drops of the Solution twice a Day for two Days, which caufed a flight Naufea, with an eafy Stool each Day, and with relief from Griping, during which he had a Paroxyfm, but his feverifh Symptoms were fenfibly abated. He then took twenty Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for four Days, which caufed a greater Naufea, and two loofe Stools a Day, but no Griping; during which he has had no more Paroxyfms : his feverifh Symptoms are quite gone, and his Pulfe beats only 72 Strokes in a Minute. He makes no Complaints but of general Languor and Debility accompanied with Lofs of Appetite.

Ordered the antimonial emetic Powder immediately; and then to take twelve Drops of the acid Elixir of Vitriol in Water, twice a Day.

April 11th.

The Emetic operated three or four Times with great Relief to his Appetite, which feems K 2 alfo

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alfo to be much improved by the Ufe of the Elixir. He gathers Strength daily, and has no Complaints.

C A S E LXXII.

July 13th, 1784.

JOHN HARPER, of Acton, aged 53, has had feverifh Symptoms for feven Days paft, attended with an Exacerbation every other Day, and a violent periodic Headach. His Body was bound, but is now open by the Ufe of Medicine. Appetite impaired, and Tongue white.

Ordered ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

July 17th.

The Solution made him fick, and retch feveral Times; he had no Exacerbation last Night, Body bound, and Appetite worfe.

Ordered to take two Grains of Calomel, combined with eight Grains of Rufus's Pill, immediately; and after an Interval of two Days, to repeat the Solution for fix Doys.

July 31ft.

He had two Stools with the Pills, and Appetite relieved, but was again impaired on repeating

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repeating the Solution, and has become better again fince he finished the Medicine, which produced no other operative Effect. No Paroxyfms either of Fever, or Headach fince last Report.

C A S E LXXIII.

January 28th, 1786.

SARAH SIMPSON, of Walton, aged 4, has had very feverifh Symptoms for 6 Days, accompanied with the tertian Type: fhe frequently retches and vomits; Body griped, yet Stools are regular.

Ordered four Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for seven Days, and three Drops of liquid Laudanum, every Night.

February 6th.

No Operation from the Solution, and griping Pains feem to be relieved by the liquid Laudanum. She had quotidian Exacerbations for three Days, fubfequent to the laft Report; none fince, except a threatening Senfation of a Paroxyfm Yefterday.

Ordered to repeat the Solution for eight Days.

February 25th.

The Solution gave no Difturbance, fhe has had no Return of Paroxyfms, but continues quite well.

OBSERVATIONS.

MARSHALL's Cafe was very diffinctly marked by the tertian Type; and altho' he only took the Solution twice a Day, for fix Days, it was equally as fuccefsful as in fimple Agues; for he had only two Exacerbations, during the Ufe of the Medicine, the operative Effects of which were very mild.

The remitting Fever of Harper was chiefly remarkable, from the tertian Exacerbations being attended, with corresponding Paroxyfms of violent Headach, which however we find occurred but once, after he began the Ufe of the Solution, the operative Effects of which, although troublefome, were very fupportable. The Anorexia in this Cafe was very pointed, and the Removal thereof feemed to be accelerated, by the gentle Operation of the opening Pills.

Sarah Simpfon was cured of a tertian Ague in August last, by the Use of the Solution*, and now of a remitting Fever by the same Medicine.

* Vide Cafe xvi.

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dicine. She had enjoyed a good State of Health, during the Interval of the two Difeafes. It was obfervable that the tertian Exacerbations, as foon as fhe began the Ufe of the Medicine, became quotidian, and that on the fifth Day of the Sufpenfion of the Fever, fhe had a threatening Senfation of a Relapfe, which occafioned a Repetition of the Solution, for eight Days, by way of Prevention.

C A S E LXXIV.

ELIZABETH STOCKLEY, of Acton, aged 21, Out-Patient, cured of a remitting Fever, with the tertian Type, of three Weeks Continuance, by taking from ten to fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for feven Days; during which the had three Exacerbations, and no Operation.

C A S E LXXV.

ANN ADDERLEY, of Gnofall, aged two Years and a half, Out-Patient, cured of a remitting Fever, with the quotidian Type, of two Weeks Continuance, by taking two Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for eight Days; during which fhe had no Operation, and only two tertian Exacerbations.

C A S E LXXVI.

E LIZABETH CARTER, of Stafford, aged two Years and a half, Out-Patient, cured of a remitting Fever of near a Week's Conti-

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Continuance, by taking three Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for three Days; and three Drops, three Times a Day, for four Days. The Medicine operated as a flight Emetic, accompanied with Griping, Purging, and Naufea.

C A S E LXXVII.

ANN WHISTANCE, of Penkridge, aged 63, had a remitting Fever with the tertian Type for near three Weeks, which was fufpended for a fhort Time, by her taking ten Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days; but being threatened with a Relapfe, the Cure was compleated by the Ufe of the Bark, and volatile Alkali. The Solution operated as a Cathartic, attended with Griping and Naufea.

C A S E LXXVIII.

MARY BAKER, of Whitgrave, aged 4 Years and a Half, had a remitting Fever, with the tertian Type for a Fortnight, which was fufpended for feventeen Days, by her taking four Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for eight Days; during which fhe had only two Exacerbations, and no Operation except Griping.

C A S E LXXIX.

MARY SIMPSON, of Stafford, aged 29, In-Patient, was affected with a remitting Fever of a Month's Continuance, accompanied with

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with the tertian Type, for which fhe took fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days, without Relief. The Medicine produced no Operation, except a Griping.

OBSERVATIONS.

THE Cafes of Stockley and Adderley are good Examples of Succefs from the ufual Courfe of the Solution, with the agreeable Circumftance of being attended with no Operation. Carter's Cafe was radically cured by a Courfe of the Solution, continued only for four Days; but the operative Effects were fmart, and rather troublefome.

In the Cafe of Whiftance, the curative Effects were obvious, from the Exhibition of the Solution for four Days; but the operative Effects being troublefome, and the Patient threatened with a Relapfe, it appeared most prudent to complete the Cure by other Medicines.

The Cafe of Baker was very fuccefsful, and the Circumftances attending it, not unfrequent in the Treatment of Agues : a Courfe of the Solution for eight Days, with only two Paroxyfms, and Operation mild.

In Mary Simpson's Cafe, the Solution produced no Relief; but then it was only exhibited three Days.

L

A Girl

A Girl of 7 Years old, was cured of a remitting Fever with the quotidian Type, by a Courfe of the Solution, for feven Days, without any Operation; and a Child, aged 3, was cured of the fame Fever, with the fame Type, and alfo a Relapfe, by two Courfes of the Solution, in the Space of a Month, with little or no Operation.

A Boy alfo aged 5, had a remitting Fever, with the tertian Type, cured by a fhort Courfe of the Solution, without any Operation : and a male Infant of a Year old, was cured of the fame Fever, with the quotidian Type, of four Weeks Continuance, by a Courfe of the Solution for five Days; during which he had no more Exacerbations; but the operative Effects were rather troublefome.

Two Women alfo about 23 years of Age, had a remittent Fever with the tertian Type, fufpended only for a flort Time, by the ufual Courfe of the Solution. In one of them it was attended with no Operation ; and in the other, it operated as a Laxative, accompanied with fome Griping.

It was alfo administered to another Woman of the fame Age, affected with a remitting Fever, without Relief; but then it was only continued for two Days, on Account of the operative Effects proving troublefome, which Circumftance rendered it more probable than otherwife, that had the Medicine been continued the ufual Courfe,

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Courfe, its curative Influence might have been obfervable. Hence the Mineral Solution has been tried in fixteen Cafes of remitting Fevers, namely, ten cured, four fufpended, and two not relieved.

SECT.V.

Cases of periodic Headachs, treated by the Mineral Solution, with Observations.

C A S E LXXX.

JOHN LAMBERT, from the Neighbourhood of Rugely, aged 57, admitted an Out-Patient, March 19th, 1784. He had a tertian Ague a Month ago, which after four Fits was cured by the Bark, and quickly fucceeded by violent periodic Pains on one Side of his Head, affecting the corresponding Eye and Temples, and continuing for twelve Hours every Day. Body costive, Appetite good when the Pains are abfent.

Ordered to take from twelve to eighteen Drops of the Salution, twice a Day, for four Days.

March 26th.

It operated as a Laxative, without Griping, and he has only had four decreasing Fits, the last, three Days ago.

After

After a further Intermission of the Solution, for two Days, ordered to take eighteen Drops twice a Day, for four Days.

April 3d.

The Solution procured three Stools a Day, without griping : no Return of periodic Pains.

Ordered fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for four Days.

April 16th.

The Effects of the Solution the fame, and he has been free from all Pains for twenty-four Days.

C A S E LXXXI.

ANN BENTLEY, of Stafford, aged 58, cured of a quotidian Headach of nineteen Days Continuance, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution, twice and thrice a Day, for three Days; during which fhe had no more Paroxyfms. The Medicine only excited a Naufea.

C A S E LXXXII.

E LIZABETH HOUGH, of Milwich, aged 25, Out-Patient, cured of a quotidian Headach of five Weeks Continuance, by taking from fourteen to twenty Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of eighteen; during which fhe had five or fix decreafing Fits. The Medicine produced a Naufea, and a flight Griping.

CASE

C A S E LXXXIII.

E LIZABETH BIRCHALL, of Stafford aged, 35, In-Patient, cured of a quodian Headach, of near three Weeks Continuance; by taking ten Drops of the Solution twice a Day, for ten Days, in the Space of fixteen, without any Operation; during which fhe had feveral decreafing Fits.

C A S E LXXXIV.

JAMES HALL, of Stafford, aged 20, Out-Patient, cured of a quotidian Headach, violently affecting his Forehead and Eyes, for feveral Hours together, for thefe feven Days paft, by taking eight Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for four Days; during which he had but one flight Fit, and no Operation.

N. B. He was ordered to take eighteen Drops twice a day, but by Miftake took only eight.

C A S E LXXXV.

SARAH SPILSBURY, aged 42, Out-Patient, cured of a periodic Headach, of five Weeks Continuance (four Weeks with the quotidian Type, and one Week with the Tertian) by taking from fourteen to eighteen Drops of the Solution, twice a Day, for feven Days, in the Space of ten; during which fhe had no more Fits. The Medicine operated as a Cathartic, accompanied with Griping and Swelling of the Belly.

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C A S E LXXXVI.

SARAH ELDERSHAW, of Stafford, aged 23, Out-Patient, was affected with a quotidian Headach, of fix Days Continuance, and had the Paroxyfms rendered milder, by taking fourteen Drops of the Solution, three Times a Day, for three Days. It operated as a flight Emetic, attended with Naufea and Griping. She was ordered to repeat the Medicine for four Days; but made no Report from Neglect of Attendance.

OBSERVATIONS.

OF these seven Cases of periodic Headachs, fix were radically cured by the Mineral Solution, but with different Degrees of Succefs. Lambert's Cafe was a pointed Infrance of the Efficacy of the Solution, in a periodic Headach of fome Continuance; for he had only four quotidian Fits, during its Ufe, and thefe were progreffively milder. Bentley's Cafe was ftill more ftriking; for although fhe had the Difeafe regularly for nineteen Days, and only took the Solution three Days, yet fhe had not the Recurrence of one Fit, after the commenced the Use of the Medicine: the Cure was radical and the Operation mild. The Cafes of Hough and Birchall, although of confiderable Duration, were also fuccessfully treated by the Solution. Hall had only one Fit during the Treatment, which was fomewhat extraordinary, becaufe the Doses of the Medicine, by Mistake, were comparatively .

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paratively very finall. In Spilfbury's Cafe, the operative Effects of the Solution were troublefome; but the Cure was fpeedy and pointed; for the Difeafe had exifted five Weeks; and yet during the Treatment, he had not the Recurrence of one Fit. And in Elderfhaw's Cafe, the curative Virtue of the Medicine was obvious, although it was ufed but for three Days; and it is probable had fhe continued her Attendance, the Treatment would have proved fuccefsful.

SECT. VI.

Formulæ Medicamentorum ; with Observations.

SOJ JTIO MINERALIS. No. 1. **R**ECIPE Arfenici albi in Pulverem fubtilissimum triti, Salis alkalini sixi vegetabilis purisicati, singulorum Grana Sexaginta quatuor, Aquæ fontanæ distillatæ Libram dimidiam.

Immittantur in Ampullam florentinam, qua in Balneo Arenæ posita, Aqua lente ebulliat, donec Arsenicum perfecte solutum fuerit. Deinde Solutioni frigidæ adde

Spiritus Lavendulæ compositi Unciam dimidiam, Aquæ fontanæ distillatæ Libram dimidiam, plus velminus, adeo ut Solutionis Mensura Libra una accurata

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curata sit, vel potius Pondere* Unciæ quindecim cum dimidia.

PULV. EMETICUS ANTIMONIALIS, No. 2.

Recipe Pulveris Radicis Ipecacuanhæ Grana decem, Tartari Emetici Granum unum. Misce, stat Pulvis.

MISTURA CATHARTICA. No. 3.

Recipe Infusi Senæ communis Uncias quatuor, in quo solve Salis Cathartici Amari Unciam unam, cui adde Tinctura Senæ Unciam unam. Misce.

ELECTARIUM APERIENS. No. 4.

Recipe Electarii Lenitivi Unciam Unam, Cryftallorum Tartari in Pulverem tritorum Drachmas duas, Radicis Jalapii in Pulverem tritæ Drachmam unam, Syrupi simplicis quantum satis sit. Misce, stat Electarium.

PILULÆ

* I have faid, VEL POTIUS PONDERE, becaufe Weight is a much more accurate Method of afcertaining Proportions than Measure, in the preparing of Medicines of great Activity, of which Sort the Mineral Solution is a strong Example. It is perhaps superfluous to remind the Reader, that Troy Weight (which differs materially from Avoirdupois) is always implied in medicinal Preferiptions.

PILULÆ CHALYBEATÆ. No. 5.

Recipe, Salis Martis, Extracti Radicis Gentianæ, singulorum Drachmas duas, Pulveris Radicis Glycyrrhizæ quantum sufficiat.

Misce pro Massa, de qua formentur Pilulæ sexaginta.

MISTURA PERUVIANA. No. 6.

Recipe Corticis Peruviani crasse in Pulverem redacti Unciam unam, Aquæ Fontanæ Libras duas, Coque ad Colaturæ Uncias quindecim, cui adde Aquæ Piperis Jamaicensis, Ph. Ed. Unciam unam.

Misce.

OBSERVATIONS.

THE first Medicine is a chemical Preparation, as fimple as could be wilhed for, and if proper Care be taken that the Solution of the Mineral is complete, it will be found of a certain and uniform Degree of Strength. Its being M alfo

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alfo in a liquid Form, renders it convenient, for administering by Drops, and thereby nicely varying the Dofes, according to the Exigencies of the Cafe; a Matter of fome Importance, where the Activity of the Medicine is fo great.

The fmall Proportion of compound Spirits of Lavender is added, merely for the Sake of giving it a medicinal Appearance, left, from its being colourlefs and taftelefs, those Patients who may happen to be intrusted to drop it for themfelves, fhould be tempted to use it with too great Freedom; the Confequences of which might frequently prove troublefome, if not fometimes dangerous.

To a Pint of the Solution, fixty-four Grains were added, for the Purpofe of a more ready Calculation; therefore one Ounce of the Solution contains exactly four Grains of the Mineral and confequently each Dram, juft Half a Grain. I have found by repeated Trials of dropping the Solution, from a two Ounce Vial (with a broad Margin) little more than half full, that each Dram, by a two Ounce graduated Glafs Meafure, contains about eighty Drops.

We ought to be well affured, that the fixed vegetable Alkali we make Ufe of is perfectly pure; for that which is bought of the Druggifts is frequently fo impure, as to be inadequate for the Purpofe of producing a perfect Solution of the Mineral; a Circumftance which would occafion great Confusion and Uncertainty, in the Dofes

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Dofes of the Medicine. If therefore any One defirous of preparing the Mineral Solution, fhould not be provided with the pure Alkali, and would not choofe to be at the Trouble of purifying it, a double Proportion of purified Nitre (which is a Preparation of fome Certainty, and fuppofed to be always at Hand) may be fubfituted; for the Arfenic having the Property of difcharging the nitrous acid, will unite with the Alkali.

The Formula which I have given with the Alkali, contains my own Preparation, alluded to in the Preface, and is that on which my Experience is chiefly founded. Mr. Hughes has likewife ufed it prepared with Nitre, and on Trial found it equally efficacious. I have alfo ufed it a Number of Times, and found it fuccefsful, and believe the two Solutions to be the fame Medicine, provided they are accurately prepared with either of the purified Salts.

The Nature and Virtues of the other Medicines will appear obvious on a flight Examination of the Formulæ, and are inferted here, in order that the plain Narrative of Facts might not be impeded by the Intervention of a few Latin Prefcriptions. They are only a fmall Part of a larger Collection, composed for Hospital Practice; in which I have been defirous to unite Efficacy, with Simplicity and Economy.

M 2

SECT.

S E C T. VII.

Observations on the Doses, and Mode of administering the Mineral Solution, in the Cure of Agues, interspersed with practical Rules and Cautions.

THE Mineral Solution I have administered to Adults, with very confiderable Latitude, from ten Drops twice a Day, to more than double that Number thrice a Day, and have cured Agues both by the extreme, and all the intermediate Dofes. Large Dofes, however, exhibited three Times a Day, and with fhort Intermiffions, are found to be more efficacious, than fmall ones, given twice a Day, and with long Intervals; but as the operative Effects of moderate, or intermediate Dofes, are by no Means fo troublefome and diftreffing to the Patient, as those of larger ones, and yet are found to be fufficiently fuccefsful, they certainly ought to be preferred. It is therefore very

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very neceffary to adopt fome Method, for proportioning the Medicine; but as this may admit of fome Difficulty, with regard to particular Conftitutions, from Circumftances which cannot always be eafily difcriminated, I believe it will be found more ufeful for general Practice, to fuppofe Conftitutions nearly alike upon an Average; and to regulate the Number of Drops to be given, by the Age of the Patient, from the Period of Infancy to that of Manhood, as the moft certain Bafis for eftablifhing general Dofes. Accordingly I have drawn up the following Table.

A Table of the Dofes of the Mineral Solution.

Patients according are to take The Solution, in the following Dofes.											
	Years.								Drops.		
From	2	to	4	to	take	from	2	or	3	to	5
									5		7
									7		10
									10		12
	18	& u war	1p-] ds,]								12

From this tabular View it will appear, that from five Years old to feven the Dofes may be proportioned, by allowing a Drop for each Year; but that a Drop for each Year under that Period

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Period is fcarce fufficient +, and foon becomes too much beyond it, twelve Drops being a medium Dofe for an Adult.

The Hours for taking the Solution, when ordered three Times a Day, being at fix o'Clock, two o'Clock, and ten ; and when twice a Day, at ten in the Morning, and ten in the Evening, have been mentioned in the Advertifement, for the Information of the Reader, whilft perufing the Cafes. I have only to add, that those Hours are to be adhered to, whether they coincide with the Paroxyfms of Fever or not, and that

+ The Dofes of the Solution for Children, being found to be larger in Proportion to their Years than for Adults, is agreeable to what has been observed by Many, with Regard to other Medicines of the flimulant Kind in general, of which antimonial and mercurial Preparations are striking Examples. But I have Reason to believe that this Observation ought to be entirely reverfed with regard to Tobacco. In my Reports on that Medicine, Page 79, fpeaking of young Subjects, I remarked that I had met with feveral Inftances in Favor of this Opinion, and fince that Time feveral more have occurred. For although eighty Drops of the Infusion of Tobacco be a medium Dose for a Man of twenty Years of Age; yet a Boy of five, in general, cannot bear twenty Drops without being fenfibly more affected than the Adult. Many Inftances also have occurred of the fame Kind, in the Courfe of my Practice, with regard to the Exhibition of Opiates to Children and Infants, especially the latter. Hence a Question of some Importance in Practice feems to be fuggested. Do Children and Infants in Proportion to their Ages, require smaller Dofes than Adults, of all the more powerful Narcotic Medicines, fuch as Opium, Hemlock, Foxglove, Tobacco, woody Nightshade, &c? Because if this is really the Case, the proportioning the Dofes of the useful Medicines of this Class for Children and Infants, being on a Scale, just the reverse of that by which ftimulant Medicines have ufually been adminiftered, becomes an IMPORTANT DESIDERATUM.

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that I have not hitherto found the leaft inconvenience from obferving the fame Rule, when from the Failure of the Solution, I have in fome Inftances combined it with the Peruvian Bark, provided the Dofes of the latter were moderate.

In Cafes of Agues in general, let the preceding Dofes of the Solution, according to the Age of the Patient, be administered three Times a Day, for five Days; at the End of which, the Fits being suspended, let the Use of the Medicine be omitted for two or three Days, and then repeated for three Days more, in order to prevent a Relapse.

This is the most general Direction, relative to the Use of the Solution in the Treatment of Agues; but will require a confiderable Number of Exceptions and Qualifications, in the Course of Practice.

If there is no Sufpenfion of the Paroxyfms during the Courfe of five Days, and the Solution has been attended with moderate operative effects, the fame Dofes ought to be continued, without Interruption, for three Days longer ; or if the Medicine has been attended with no Operation during the faid Period, the Dofes may be gradually enlarged during the faid fubfequent three Days, but not to exceed one fourth part more than the former Dofe. At the Expiration of eight Days, if the Sufpenfion has taken Place, order the Medicine to be omitted and repeated, agreeable to
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to that Part of the general Direction, which relates to the Prevention of a Relapfe.

If, after a fuccefsful Administration of the Solution, a Relapse of the Difease is occasioned by catching cold, casual Intemperance, extraordinary Fatigue, or any other accidental Cause, the same Course of the Medicine ought to be speedily repeated without Variation.

Or if no fuch Caufe or Circumftance has occafioned the Relapfe, and the Medicine has been given only twice a Day, or in fmall Dofes three Times a Day; or if the medicinal Courfe has been fhorter than ufual; or it has been interrupted by too long Intermiffions, and the operative Effects in general have not been at all troublefome; in all fuch Cafes, a more full and efficient Trial of the Medicine ought to be made; either by prudently enlarging its Ufe, or by correcting any Inaccuracy or Defect in the former Treatment, fo as to render its Application more pointed *.

But if no Sufpenfion of the Fits has taken place, during the uninterrupted, protracted Courfe of eight Days; or if a Relapfe has occurred within a flort Time, after a regular Courfe of the Medicine, without any obvious Caufe; or is fufpected to prove obftinate and difficult

^{*} Several Examples illustrating these Directions, are contained in the first Section.

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difficult of Cure, either from the flow and difficult Sufpenfion of the Fits, from the long Continuance of the original Difeafe, or from its being of the quartan Type; or if the operative Effects of the Solution have already been very troublefome; it will be advifable, in all fuch Cafes, to attempt the Cure by a regular Courfe of the peruvian Bark ||.

If the Solution and the Bark, have been feparately administered and failed, it will fometimes be advifable to try the joint Powers of the Medicines at the fame Time; but in Dofes rather fmaller than ufual. For which Reafon the Solution being taken at the ftated Hours, three Times a Day, the Bark may either be given combined with it, at the fame Periods \uparrow ; or otherwife between the Fits, in as frequent Dofes as the Stomach can bear. This Method will fucceed in fome obftinate Agues.

The radical Cure of Agues is found by Experience to be rendered much more difficult, from their being fometimes connected with cachectic Conftitutions, whether arifing from Intemperance, Evacuations, the prefent or any previous Difeafe; and therefore fuch a Connexion claims a particular Attention: and in Cafes thus N circum-

|| Of this Practice, feveral Examples have been given in the fecond Section.

† See a few Examples of this Sort, in the fecond Section.

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circumftanced, I hold it the beft Practice, after the Fits have been fufpended by the general Courfe of the Solution, not to wait till the ufual Period of a Relapfe; but to proceed without Delay to finifh the Cure, by the Bark, which will generally prove effectual, by acting both as a Febrifuge and a Corroborant, which laft Property (as far as my Experience goes) the Solution has no Pretenfions to. Hence in Conftitutions of this Sort, when the Difeafe has been fufpended by a regular Courfe of the Solution, and a Relapfe has actually taken place, the Propriety of attempting a radical Cure by Means of the Bark, will be ftill more ftrongly indicated.

If the operative Effects from the Solution, when exhibited in the ufual Manner, fhould prove troublefome, the Dofes ought to be diminifhed, by a Drop at a Time, until the Patient is able to continue the Medicine without Inconvenience, for the Number of Days fpecified in the general Direction.

But if the operative Effects, although troublefome, are fupportable, and confined to griping Pains of the Bowels, and not attended with Coftivenels, but rather an Operation downwards, order the Patient, if an Adult (the Dofes being proportionably lefs for Children) to take from four to fix Drops of liquid Laudanum, with the Solution two or three Times a Day, by which Means,

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Means, the medicinal Courfe of the Solution may often be fuccefsfuly continued, without diminifhing the Dofes.

Sometimes it will be found neceffary to intermit the Ufe of the Solution for a Dofe or two, or even a Day or two, when the operative Effects have proved very confiderable. Such Neceffity, however, is always very unwelcome, when it happens before the Fits are fufpended; becaufe it will generally protract the Cure. On the contrary, if after the Fits have been fufpended, that Neceffity fhould occur, it will be of very little Confequence; becaufe, for the moft Part, there will be very fufficient Time to refume the Medicine, before a Relapfe may take Place.

Indeed, at the End of the first five Days of Treatment, provided there has been a Suspenfion of the Fits, and the Solution has occasioned any operative Effects, a short Suspension from its Use feems no more than prudent, by Way of preventing, either their Increase or Accumulation; and also to allow Time for such Effects, as are already produced to abate, and go entirely off, before the Medicine be again administered.

Thefe Intervals however, in the Courfe of the Solution, may frequently be employed to the Advantage of the Patient. For in many Cafes it will be found ferviceable (efpecially in cachectic Habits) to exhibit twice a Day fome N 2 grateful

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grateful bitter, or tonic Medicine, in order to affift Digeftion, and contribute fomewhat towards corroborating a debilitated Syftem.

At any Time during the Courfe of Treatment, if the Stomach fhould feem to be loaded from Indigeftion, or the Body happen to be very coftive, a gentle Emetic or Laxative may be administered with Advantage.

The Diet fhould be plain and mild; and Care fhould be taken to avoid much Mixture of Food, or loading the Stomach. The Propriety of this Rule muft appear obvious to every one; for as the chief Inconvenience from the Operation of the Solution, arifes from the Difturbance fo frequently given to the Organs of Digeftion, a due Attention to Diet will undoubtedly contribute to render the Medicine more acceptable to the Stomach.

In all Conftitutions of Adults, diftinguifhed by Delicacy, efpecially those of Females, I would advise only ten or twelve Drops of the Solution to be given twice a Day, for the ufual Period ; because this Plan, although it may not be so speedy, will be found to succeed in a great Number of Cases, of which many Examples have been given in the preceding Narrative of Facts ||. It must however be acknowledged, that less depends upon apparent Delicacy of Confti-

^{||} See the feven Cafes attended with no Operation, Page 29, and feveral others in the first Section.

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Conftitution, than might reafonably be imagined; this Circumftance being frequently counteracted by Idiofyncrafy, fome delicate Habits bearing full Dofes of the Medicines, three Times a Day, with little or no Operation; and fome robuft Habits requiring the ordinary Dofes to be reduced.

In pregnant Women, I have cured feveral Agues by the Solution, and am of Opinion it may be fafely and efficacioufly exhibited in those Cafes, provided it excite little or no Operation. But if troublefome operative Effects are produced, there will be Reason to fear, left they should be injurioufly extended to the uterine System : and therefore, in Cafes thus circumstanced, the Solution ought to be omitted, and the Cure attempted by the Bark or fome other Medicine.

Agues in Children under two Years old, I have alfo treated fuccefsfully by the Solution; but as the operative Effects in very young Subjects, are not fo manageable by collateral Treatment, as in those who are older; the Solution in general, ought not to be administered in fo early a Period of Life : or if, from its being tafteles, and therefore more readily administered; or from other Medicines having failed, it solution to be less than on other Occasions, it certainly ought not to be perfisted in, if the operative Effects become troublefome.

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For the Sake of a more accurate Variation of the Dofes, for Children under five Years old, it may be advifable to add an Ounce of common diftilled Water, to an ounce of the Mineral Solution, in order to form a Solutio Mineralis Mitior, of which ten Drops (being equivalent to five of the former) will be a Dofe for a Boy of five Years old, and fo on in Proportion.

Every Rule and Precaution, that has been given relative to Adults, is equally applicable to Children under the fame Circumftances; but with additional Care, that the Neceffity for any medicinal Treatment, of the operative Effects of the Solution, may not be frequent.

Thus I have endeavoured to give fome general and particular Directions relative to the Treatment of Agues by the Solution ; and I believe it may be laid down as a Maxim, that a regular Courfe of eight Days Administration of the Medicine, at a Medium, will be found fufficient for a radical Cure.

As to irregular Cafes, efpecially when attended with Relapfes, there is no faying what Number of additional Dofes, or Variations may be found neceffary. On the other Hand, in very favourable Cafes, a confiderable Number of Cures have been obtained, by the Ufe of the Solution for fix Days; and many Inftances have occurred, wherein it has proved fuccefsful, when exhibited only three, four, or five Days.

The

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The Prognofis, with Refpect to Agues under Treatment with the Solution, will depend much on Circumftances, the fame as under Treatment with the Bark: for if the Patient has enjoyed, for fome Time paft, a tolerable State of Health; has had but few Fits, and those of the regular quotidian or tertian Type; and never had the Difease before; such Circumftances are in Favor of a speedy Suspension of the Paroxyms, and a radical Cure, and vice versa.

In the Treatment of remitting Fevers, and periodic Headachs, the fame Dofes, practical Rules, and Cautions, are to be obferved, which have been laid down for the Treatment of Agues.

SECT.

S E C T. VIII.

Observations on the operative Effects § of the Mineral Solution.

THE Mineral Solution, when administered in fmall Dofes, will generally be attended with no Operation; yet it will frequently produce a Naufea, often accompanied with a flight Griping, or an open Body*; feldom with Vomiting,

§ By OPERATIVE Effects is meant the Naulea, Griping, Purging, &c. in Confequence of the Action of the Medicine on the Body, independent of those Effects which mark the Progress of Relief, or Cure of the Difease; and are therefore distinguished by the Epithet CURATIVE. This Definition of Terms, it is hoped, will be admitted as an Apology for the Liberty I have taken, in annexing the Word OPERATIVE to that of EFFECTS, which otherwise, I am fensible, according to the usual Acceptation of these Words, would be tautological. But the Importance of such a Diferimination of Effects, as these Terms are intended to imply, must be obvious to every One, acquainted with the Nature of Medical Reports.

* By an open Body, in Confequence of the Ufe of the Solution, is meant fuch a State of the Bowels, as is attended with a Stool or two in a Day, more than the Patient has been accuftomed to.

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miting, or Purging. When it is given in large Dofes, efpecially if three Times a Day, it will generally excite a Naufea and Vomiting; or a Naufea with Griping and Purging; and fometimes thefe Effects are combined.

Certain Swellings, efpecially of the Face; or a Lofs of Appetite, will fometimes attend the larger Dofes of the Solution; and now and then even the fmaller ones. These are the general operative Effects of the Solution.

There are indeed fome other Phænomena, apparently attending the Ufe of the Solution, the Mention of which ought not to be wholly omitted.

In feveral Inftances it has proved evidently diuretic; yet in two or three it has feemed to diminifh the natural urinary Difcharge. In a few Cafes it has occafioned an Uneafinefs, and Pain at the Stomach, or a flight general Eruption like the Nettle Rafh; and in a very few Inftances it has feemed to produce a Sweat, a Headach, or flight Tremors. Thefe Effects however, whether feparately or collectively confidered, have been fo few and contingent, that they ought not to be deemed any Part of the ordinary Operation of the Medicine.

I have administered the Solution in more than three Hundred and twenty Cases, including different Diseases, and carefully ob-O ferved

OPERATIVE EFFECTS OF

ferved the Effects; and I find that fomewhat more than one Third of them were attended with Naufea; and nearly one Third with an open Body; and about one Third with Griping.

Vomiting, Purgings, Swellings, and Anorexia, were but rare in Comparison of the preceding Effects, and their less frequent Occurrence was generally found in the Order in which they are here enumerated, Swellings and Anorexia occurring the feldomest.

It was obfervable alfo, that about one Third of the Cafes were attended with no Operation ; and about one fifth of the Cafes attended with Naufea, and one fourth of thofe attended with an open Body, were unconnected with any other Effects. Griping did not often occur alone; Purging and Anorexia feldom or never; and Vomiting was always accompanied with more or lefs of Naufea.

Hence the Affociation of two or three Effects was not unfrequent, whilft the Concurrence of a greater Number was rare. Indeed the most general Circumstance attending the Practice, was either no Operation at all, or the fingle Effects of a flight Nausea, or an open Body.

But as the operative Effects of fo active a Medicine, will always attract the Attention of every prudent Practitioner, and fometimes be found to require a little medicinal Treatment, they

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they ought to make a diffinguished Part, in the general History of its Effects: for which Reason I think it my Duty to dwell rather longer, on this Part of my Subject.

A Naufea for half an Hour, a Stool or two extraordinary in a Day, or very flight griping Pains of the Bowels, are fuch gentle Effects of the Medicine, as feldom to require its Adminiftration to be interrupted.

A continued Vomiting however, attended with confiderable Naufea; a fmart Griping and Purging; Swellings or Anorexia; are Effects which demand more particular Attention.

The emetic Effect, I have never yet had Occafion to treat medicinally, becaufe when I have happened to be prefent, the Medicine being omitted, it has always gone off fpontaneoufly in a reafonable Time : but if it had not, I fhould have treated the Patient juft the fame as I would, if he had taken an over Dofe of Tartar emetic ; the Mineral Solution being of a fimilar Narure, with Regard to its ftimulant Property.

When, after the Ufe of the Solution, a purging continues and becomes troublefome, although accompanied with but little Griping, the Exhibition of Opiates in fmall Dofes, two or three Times a Day, will generally foon give effectual Relief to the Bowels. But if griping Pains fhould become confiderable, and fhould be attended with either very frequent unrelieving Stools, or a Coftivenefs; two or three mild Dofes of the cathartic Mixture, or fpirituous Tincture of Rhubarb, prudently administered in the Course of a few Days, and affisted by a gentle Opiate after each Operation, will feldom fail to remove the Grievance.

The Swellings which fometimes attend the Ufe of the Solution, are rather of the elaftic Kind. They most frequently appear on the Face, particularly affecting the Eyelids, and are the worst in a Morning: they are fometimes connected with a Tumescence of the Stomach and Abdomen, and now and then the Tumefactions are general, affecting also the Limbs.

When they do occur (which is not often) it is generally within a few Days after commencing the Ufe of the Medicine, difappearing again on its Difcontinuance. They are alfo difpofed to recur by a Repetition of the Courfe, unlefs the Dofes are fomewhat diminifhed, or given feldomer.

They do not feem however, to have any dangerous Tendency; becaufe they fpontaneoufly fubfide on the Difufe of the Medicine; but as they are fometimes troublefome, from a Senfation of Tenfion in the Parts affected, and their Removal feems to have been accelerated by

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by the Administration of gentle Emetics and Cathartics, fuch Treatment* may with Propriety be adopted in particular Cafes.

The Anorexia, (or continued Lofs of Appetite) differs from the Naufea in this, that although they are both the Effects of the Solution, the former feems to be one continued Effect, during all or most part of the Adminiftration of the Medicine; whereas the latter is only a transfient Effect, in common with that of many other active Medicines, subsequent to the Exhibition of each Dofe.

In Cafes of Anorexia, the Appetite is in general foon recovered, on omitting the Ufe of the Solution; but when it does not feem to return kindly, the fpeedieft Relief has mostly been obtained by gentle Evacuants⁺, efpecially Emetics.

The Nausea as diftinguished from Anorexia, is fo transient an Effect, as not to become an Object of medicinal Treatment

As to the extraordinary and unufual Effects of the Solution, they have been fo rare, that I have

* See the Cafes of Williams, P. 19. Spilfbury, P. 33. Beardmore, P. 43, and Lawrence, P. 52.

† See the Cafes of Evans, P. 8. Hodfon, P. 10. Weaver, P. 37. Beardmore, P. 43, and Moreton, P. 55.

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I have feldom or never found it neceffary to do more, than fufpend the Ufe of the Solution; and not even that in all Cafes.

Some of my Readers may perhaps think, that the operative Effects of the Solution are materially ferviceable in the Cure of Agues. It is not improbable, but that a moderate Degree of Naufea, accompanied now and then with an emetic Effect, may in fome Cafes affift the Cure, by cleanfing the Primæ Viæ, and acting as a general Relaxant; but the confiderable Number of fpeedy and radical Cures, that have taken Place from moderate Dofes of the Solution, without the least fensible Operation, is a clear Proof, that its operative Effects are not at all effential to its Succefs. I would therefore confider the Operation, for the most Part, as the unavoidable Confequence of the neceffary Dofes of the Medicine, in certain Constitutions ; just as I would the operative Effects of a neceffary Quantity of Mercury upon the Mouth. when a Salivation is unintentionally raifed in the Treatment of the Lues Venerea.

Thus I have endeavoured to give a Defcription, or to fpeak with more Correctnefs (with Regard to foactive a Medicine) confiderable Outlines of a Defcription, of the operative Effects of Arfenic on the human System. It remains for future Experience to fill up those Outlines, and render the Defcription complete. In the mean Time I flatter myself that the Observations alteady made on its Operation, from a close Attention

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tention to the Subject, will render the Inveftigation of its curative Effects in other Difeafes, much lefs difficult to thofe, who may hereafter be inclined to profecute fuch an Enquiry.

S E C T. IX.

Observations on the curative Effects of the Mineral Solution.

BEFORE I enter fully upon this part of my Subject, I hope the Reader will excufe my taking the Liberty of noticing a few Circumftances, relative to the preceding Sections.

The Difeafes which have beeen treated, having their Types characterifed by ftated Paroxyfms, and confequently the Progrefs of their Relief and Cure very diftinguifhable, were perhaps more favourable for medical Inveftigation, than any others that could poffibly have happened.

The first Section contains fifty-two Cafes of Agues, fuccefsfully treated by the Solution ; fixteen of which have been given at large, for the Sake of more full and explicit Information ; and thirty-fix abstracted, for the Sake of communicating Facts with Brevity. We find also that they contain Examples of Cafes, under a Variety of Circumstances ; most of them were treated with moderate Dofes of the Solution, and fome of them with large Ones, and all fuccefsful. Some Cafes during Treatment were attended with no Operation, and others with no Fits. The Treatment of others were attended with one, two, three, or more Fits, and fome few Cafes were protracted by Relapfes before they were perfectly cured.

The fecond Section contains twelve Cafes (four full Ones and eight abstracted) which after Failure by the Solution, were cured by the Affistance of the Bark; eight of them by the Bark alone, and the other four by the Solution and Bark jointly.

The third Section exhibits fix Cafes, treated by the Solution, in three of which the Fits were only fufpended, in two only relieved, and in one not relieved.

The fourth and fifth Sections contain an Account of fixteen Cafes of remitting Fevers, and feven of periodic Headachs, treated likewife

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wife by the Solution, which feemed to be attended with the fame Succefs as in Agues.

Having premifed thefe general Facts; in order to render them more fatisfactory, for the eftablifhing a few general practical Conclusions, hereafter to be drawn; and alfo to fhew that they have been collected, as a just Specimen of the Practice which has been recommended; I fhall here fubjoin a View of the curative Effects of the Medicine, in all the Cafes of Agues, in which the Solution has been exhibited.

A tabular View of Agues cured, fufpended, relieved, and not relieved by the Mineral Solution.

144 27	Wa the			
	R. When	Con State	1	171 cured by the Solution.
	29	13	3	45 cured by the Affilt- ance of the Bark, after Failure by the Soluti- on.
	16	6	2	24 not cured by the So- lution chief ly from the irregular Attendance of the Pa- tients.
The state of the s	6	I		7 remain- ing under Treatment.
171	51	20	5	247 in all.

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By Means of a general Account, including the whole Number of Cures and Failures, the Succefs attending the Practice is defcribed with more Precifion, and the Reader is the better enabled to judge, what Degree of Confidence he ought to place, in the Efficacy of the Medicine.

It appears on examining the preceding Table that of two Hundred and forty-feven Cafes of Agues, one Hundred and feventy-one were radically cured by the Solution; that forty-five were cured by the peruvian Bark, after Failure by the Solution; that twenty-four proved unfuccefsful, from a partial Administration of the Solution, occafioned by the irregular Attendance of the Patients, and that feven remained under Treatment. Fifty-one also we find had the Fits fufpended by the Solution for a Time; Twenty were relieved by its rendering the Fits milder, or fhorter, or both; and only Five were not relieved. It might be alleged that thefe five Patients only took the Solution from three to five Days each : this Argument however I shall not urge : infallible Remedies are not expected.

In quotidian Agues, it was found from comparing the Reports, that the Number of Sufpenfions, on the firft four Days during Treatment was nearly equal; except that rather more occurred after the fecond Fit than any other. It appeared alfo, that in tertian Agues, nearly one Fourth of the Cafes during Treatment

ment had no Recurrence of Paroxyfms ; yet that a Sufpenfion more generally took Place, after one or two Fits. As to the quartan Cafes, they were too few to afford any general Remarks. It was obfervable that Quotidians and Tertians required much the fame Dofes and Periods of Treatment for the Sufpension of the Fits; that nearly three Fourths of all the Cafes during the Treatment, had either no Paroxyims, or but one or two each; and that fcarce more than one Fourth of the Cafes exceeded that Number. It was likewife deferving Notice, that the fame Dofes and Periods of Treatment produced Effects very nearly fimilar, in fuspending the Paroxysms of remitting Fevers, and periodic Headachs.

Had I been inclined to have made a partial Selection of Cafes, a more flattering and firiking View of the medicinal Virtues of the Mineral Solution, might have been exibited; but as a candid Narrator of Facts, I thought it my Duty not to conceal the Failures of the Medicine; and for the Sake of communicating ufeful Information. I have in general been more full and particular, in giving an Account of irregular Cafes than of others; of which the whole Section of Agues treated by the Bark contains Examples.

It may be imagined by fome, notwithftanding what has been advanced in Favor of the Solution, that the Succefs related is much inferior to what might have been, had the Cafes been treated by the Bark. But were I to be at the Trouble, of drawing out from my general Reports, an equal Number of Cafes, wherein that Medicine had been exhibited, I P 2 believe believe the Failures would be found nearly equal. For not to mention the Number of Patients who either cannot, or will not take the Bark, amongft Children and Adults; how often does it prove unfuccefsful, from difagreeing with the Stomach or Bowels, thereby producing Vomiting, or Purging; from the Difficulty of giving it in fufficient Dofes in the Intermifions of fome Quotidians and double Tertians; from the Obftinacy of fome Agues of long Continuance, particularly Quartans, in cachectic Patients; from the Medicine lofing its Efficacy, by the Conftitution being too long accuftomed to its Ufe; and from the Irregularity of Patients in the Mode of taking it.

By fuggesting these Circumstances to the Reader, I do not mean to difparage the Merits of the Bark as a Febrifuge ; for it is certainly a noble Remedy; but whilft I am candidly acknowledging the Failures of the Solution, as a younger Brother, it is but justice to fay that fimilar Ones have attended the Hiftory of the Elder. Nor is an exact Comparison of the Merits of the Solution compared with those of the Bark, at all effential to the prefent fubject : it is fufficient, if the curative Effects of the Solution, in the preceding Cafes, have been fo far fimilar to those of the Bark in the fame Difeafes, as to impress the Mind of the Reader, with a proper Idea of its Importance, in the fame Points of View. Its Importance indeed, with Regard to Agues, has been demonstrated in a ftriking Manner : for when it is confidered that of two Hundred and forty-feven Cafes, in which it was administered, two Hundred and forty-two

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forty-two have been radically cured, or had their Fits fufpended, or relieved; I believe that very few Medicines, if any, are to be found among the Rank of Specifics, poffeffed of a more general curative Influence, than the Mineral Solution in Agues.

SECT.X.

General Observations and Practical Conclusions.

I SHALL here endeavour to remark fuch Circumflances, as either appear to deferve fome Notice in a curfory Way; or feem not fufficiently pointed, to merit a Place in the foregoing Sections; and fhall then proceed to clofe the Subject, with a few general practical Conclusions.

Had it been announced to the World, a century or two ago, that by the fimple Contrivance of a minute Division of its Parts, the most violent mineral Poison then known, had been found experimentally to be a Medicine of most furprising activity and efficacy, yet fase in its Administration; the Account would hardly have been believed : nevertheless this is really the Case at present with Respect to Arfenic.

We find that the thirteenth Part of a Grain of this Mineral is an efficient Dose for an Adult; that

that about one Grain, and three fourth Parts of. a Grain, will in general radically cure an Ague; and that the Variation of the fixtieth or eightieth Part of a Grain, in an established Dose, will frequently render it infupportable or otherwife; and yet Experience has demonstrated, that by proper Care and Attention, it may be exhibited with great Safety. But in order to place the Subject in a more clear and accurate Point of View, let us recollect, that a Grain of the Mineral was faid to be contained in one Hundred and fixty Drops, or two Drams of the Solution, and that, on an Average, a Courfe of its Administration for eight Days (which implies twenty four Dofes) was allowed for the Cure of an Ague; and then the Quantity of the Solution, and confequently of the Mineral, requifite for the Cure of Patients of different Ages, will be illustrated by the three following Examples.

A Child of three Years old, at four Drops to a Dofe, will require ninety fix Drops of the Solution, or nearly five eighth Parts of a Grain of the Mineral; a Boy of twelve, at ten Drops to a Dofe, two Hundred and forty Drops, or a Grain and a half; and a Man of twenty, at twelve Drops to a Dofe, two Hundred and eighty eight Drops, or very little more than a Grain, and three fourth Parts of a Grain.

Perhaps this Reprefentation of the Activity of the Mineral Solution, may induce my Reader, if of a timid Difposition, to confider the Circumftance, as a strong Reason why it ought not to be

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be used as a Medicine, through Fear of Danger. I have already suggested feveral Arguments in the Course of this Work, with the View of diminishing Prejudices, and removing groundless Apprehensions, and I beg Leave on this Occafion to add a few more to the fame Purpose.

The Experience which we derive from a clofe and difcriminating Attention, to a numerous Train of corresponding Facts, produced by the Agency of a fingle Cause, must certainly be the most fatisfactory; because the least liable to Deception. And as this has been the Plan, on which the preceding Reports have been conduced, it affords a fair Argument in Behalf of the Safety of the Medicine.

A Circumstance alfo in Favor of active Medicines of the ftimulant Kind is this, that they first produce their Effects on the Primæ Viæ, or natural Functions, and only fecondarily on the Vital and Animal; by which Means the operative Effects do generally give timely Notice, for regulating the future Dofes; fo that the vital and animal Functions are feldom or never affected. This Doctrine I have found strikingly exemplified, with respect to the Mineral Solution, which is alfo corroborated by our daily Experience of mercurial corrofive Sublimate, and emetic Tartar: and therefore the Effects of the Solution, properly administered, being so feldom extended beyond the Organs of the natural Functions, is a ftrong Argument in Favor of its Safety.

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It alfo deferves Attention, that the Defcription already given of the Operation of the Medicine, has been drawn up from Cafes which occurred, during the Inveftigation of its general Effects; and confequently, when a confiderable Variation of the Dofes was unavoidable; for which Reafon, there is no Doubt but the Effects of regular and eftablifhed Dofes, will prove milder; and this Circumftance affords another Argument in Behalf of the Medicine.

Nor is it any Reafon againft the Ufe of Arfenic as a Medicine, that when given as a Poifon, all the Functions fhould feem to be deranged, and almost deftroyed at once; for it would be abfurd and unreafonable to fuppose, that we should be able to diftinguish the usual Affemblage, and Progression of the operative Effects of a medicinal Dose, during the violent Confusion, which is so quickly introduced into the whole animal Economy, by the accumulated Operation of a poisonous One. Indeed it must be obvious to every one, that the Effects of a Scruple of the Mineral as a Poison, and of the thirteenth Part of a Grain as a Medicine, will not admit of a Comparison.

Nor ought it to be urged as an Objection to the Ufe of the Solution, that the Patent Ague Drops have been reported to produce difagreeable Effects; for both the Solution and Drops, are Medicines of too great Activity, to be fafely administered, by those who are wholly unacquainted

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acquainted with the Practice of Phyfic. Hence is it reafonable, that Mankind fhould be deprived of the Ufe of a powerful and efficacious Remedy, from the Difcredit it may receive, by its imprudent Administration in the Hands of the Ignorant?

Upon the whole, from the Arguments which have been advanced, it is to be hoped, that those alarming and unlimited Apprehensions, which have been generally affociated with the Idea of a mineral Poison, will, with Regard to the prefent Medicine, be in a great Measure removed.

The Mineral Solution alfo deferves Attention in an œconomical Point of View, for it will no Doubt be prefcribed by moft of our Phyficians of Infirmaries and Difpenfaries, in the Cure of Agues, and other periodical Diftempers, which have been commonly treated by the peruvian Bark. The Confequence of which will be, that if it is approved of, after a fair Trial of its Effects, its Reputation will be foon eftablifhed, and the Medicine becoming extensively ufeful, those charitable Inftitutions will experience a certain Saving of confiderable Sums of Money, annually expended, in that coftly foreign Drug, the peruvian Bark.

Of the Agues which have been treated, the major Part occurred during the late Period, when the Difeafe was epidemic; and it was obfervable, that the earlier Part of Life was the most liable to the Distemper; for more than three fourths of the Patients were under thirty Q Years

Years of Age. Why thefe who were under mid-Life, and many of them in the Vigor of their Conftitutions, fhould be more fubject to the Difeafe, than thofe who were more advanced, is perhaps not eafily to be accounted for. The Number of Males and Females, affected with Agues, were nearly equal.

In the Defcription which has been given, of the operative and curative Effects of the Mineral Solution, my principal Care has been to give fuch a cautious Reprefentation of Facts, as thall be found to correspond with future Experience, in all the material Parts of the Practice : I therefore flatter myfelf, that the following practical Conclusions, may be fafely drawn from the Premifes.

1st. That the Mineral Solution is an efficacious and valuable Remedy, in the Cure of Agues.

2d. That in Proportion to the Number of Cafes, in which it has been tried, it appears to be equally fuccefsful in remitting Fevers, and periodic Headachs.

3d. That being taftelefs, it may often be conveniently and fuccefsfully exhibited to Children, and certain Adults, who cannot be prevailed upon to take the peruvian Bark, from its Bitternefs, or other medicinal Qualities.

4th. That

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4th. That from its general efficacy, it is highly probable, it will prove fuccefsful in most Cafes, wherein the peruvian Bark shall fail in producing its usual Effects.

5th. That although its curative Virtue will be obvious in almost every Case of Ague, the Paroxysms in a Number of Instances, will only be relieved, or sufpended for a certain Time.

6th. That a very frequent Caufe of the Failure of the Medicine, is owing to its operative Effects proving troublefome, and thereby not permitting a regular Courfe of its Administration.

7th. That the Operation of the Medicine on the Bowels, as a Caufe of Failure may frequently be obviated, and its Administration fuccefsfully continued, by the Affistance of fmall Dofes of liquid Landanum.

Before I entirely difmifs this Subject, it may not be improper juft to intimate, that from the Variety of Difeafes, in which I have tried the Mineral Solution, there is good Reafon to believe, that its Efficacy will not be confined to periodical Diftempers. The Examples however, which have hitherto occurred in Favor of this Opinion, have not been fufficient for the eftablifhing any general Facts ; and therefore, not to indulge in Speculation, I fhall be filent with Regard to its Effects in those Cafes.

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The most eminent Philosophers, who must ever admire the great Lord Verulam's Plan for the Improvement of Science, agree with him, that our Knowledge must depend, not on Theory, but Experience. Hence the squaring of a Stone, for that noble and permanent Fabric, now rising on the Verulamian Basis, is of more Importance to real Science; than the Erection of the most splendid Edifice, on the Foundation of mere Hypothesis and Speculation.

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A Letter from Doctor ARNOLD, Phyfician to the General Infirmary, and to the Difpenfary, at Leicefter.

Dear Sir,

I WAS pleafed to learn, by your laft, that your intended publication relative to the cure of intermittents by means of an arfenical Preparation, is in fuch forwardnefs; and fhall willingly contribute my affiftance, to eftablifh the credit of a remedy, of which I am led by experience to form a very favourable opinion. With this view you at length receive a fhort fketch of my obfervations, on the ufe of Arfenic in the cure of intermittents; which I flatter myfelf will be found to correfpond in a great meafure with your own, and those of our friend, DOCTOR WITHERING; who first communicated to me the uses of this new Medicine, and the method of preparing it.

I would most readily have fent you a complete fummary of my practice in this refpect; in which I would have left it to facts to fpeak for themfelves: but am obliged to decline an undertaking, which would require more time than is compatible with your hafte, and my prefent leifure.

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The medicine I have made use of is a folution of the common *arsenicum album* of the shops; of which the following is the formula.

Recipe Arfenici albi pulveris fubtiliffimi grana octo, Aquæ diftillatæ uncias octo.

Digere in balneo mariæ donec penitus folvatur arfenicum. Caveas autem ne aquæ vel guttula evaporetur, quæ non statim, folutioni finita, reponatur. Per chartam deinde cola.

Dofis a guttis quindecim ad quadraginta, ter in die, inter febrium intermittentium paroxyfmos, in menthæ vulgaris infufi unciis duabus.

I have never given lefs than fifteen drops; never more than fifty; and rarely more than forty; the latter quantity being ufually found to be the higheft dofe that was neceffary; or that the ftomach, and bowels, of the moft robuft, could bear, without uneafinefs; and the excitement of griping, or purging, in the latter; and of naufea, or vomiting, in the former.

At firft, I ufed always to begin with fifteen drops; and gradually to increafe the number till it arrived at forty: unlefs, before it was advanced to that amount, it began to excite a naufea of any long duration; or vomiting, or a pain in the bowels, or purging, that feemed to demand attention. I then either defifted from increafing the dofe; or, if it was yet infufficient

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ent to effect a cure; and the diforder of the ftomach, and bowels, was inconfiderable, and appeared to be merely the refult of too great irritability of those parts; while I continued to increase it, I ordered two or three drops of *Tinctura Thebaica* to be added to each dose, which usually had the desired effect of appeasing the disturbance in the alimentary canal.

But if the patient was in a very weak ftate; and the ftomach, and bowels, from any caufe whatever, too irritable, and liable to be difturbed by ficknefs, or purging, upon flight occafions; and the diforder excited, in confequence of fuch delicate ftate of thefe organs, was too confiderable to be overlooked; I either lowered the dofe a little, or, which rarely happened, omitted the medicine altogether.

After more experience, I found it unneceffary to begin with fo fmall a dofe; excepting in the cafes of young, or delicate, or infirm perfons. In treating fuch as were robuft, and in the prime of life, I commonly found that I might fafely commence with a dofe of thirty drops; and foon increafe it to forty: by which means the cure was more fpeedily effected, than by overcautioufly beginning with the loweft dofe, and proceeding fo very gradually, as I had before done, in its augmentation.

In confequence of a timidity, which was very natural, in the ufe of a remedy fo formidable, and fo little known, I have never yet ventured

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ventured to give it to very young children; nor to more than about half a dozen out-patients; nor to a fingle patient belonging to the difpenfary: but have confined it almost entirely to the in-patients of the infirmary; who are under the constant infpection, and regulation, of the house apothecary; and among whom none are admitted under fix years of age. But experience having now taught me to be lefs apprehensive, I am just beginning to prefcribe it for out-patients; and intend, son, to introduce it into the dispensary.

It is now eleven months fince; after having tried it in one very bad, and obstinate cafe, which had refifted the powers of the carribean, and red bark, and had at length completely yielded to the arfenical folution; I began to give full fcope to the ufe of this medicine, and prefcribed it in almost every cafe which offered. I have now tried it in about eighty cafes of intermittents; quotidians, tertians, and quartans: and have feldom known it fail of fuccefs. Ina few inftances, I have feen reafon to lay it afide, and to truft the cure to the red bark, which has fucceeded : but the folution has, I believe, fucceeded in as many inftances, when the red bark has failed. And in no cafe am I fenfible that it ever produced any permanent ill effect ; or any other transient inconvenience than naufea, vomiting, griping, and purging ; which were always prevented by care, and attention, in the exhibition of the medicine, from becoming confiderable, or in the fmalleft degree alarming.

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In fome intermittents, which have been accompanied with anafarca, or afcites, I have found it convenient to use diuretics, of the fame kind which I commonly prefcribe, under the fame circumftances, when the cure of the intermittent is entrusted to the peruvian bark ; and have experienced from them the fame advantage. But when the fwelling has not been very great, I have trufted in both cafes, for the cure of the Dropfy, to the medicine which was to cure the intermittent; and in both cafes with equal fuccefs. Dropfical fymptoms have, indeed, with us, been common attendants upon all forts of intermittents; but efpecially upon quartans : and have often difappeared foon after the intermittent has been properly cured, without the use of any diuretic : but it may, perhaps, be worth remarking, that, where there has been no previous dropfy, fymptoms of that diforder have begun to appear at the very time when the intermittent has begun to give way, whether to the bark, or to the arfenical folution; have fuddenly become very confiderable ; and have gradually difappeared on the coming on of a diurefis; whether by means of the common diuretics ; or without their affistance, and by the tonic power of the febrifuge alone.

That the peruvian bark, and arfenical folution, cure intermittents with equal fafety, and certainty, I think I may conclude from what I R have

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have hitherto experienced of their respective efficacy. Nor can I yet determine which cures with the greatest celerity. If it shall prove, on farther trial, that the arfenical folution cures in as fhort a time as the beft red bark ; which I imagine it will be found to do; the faving to our hofpitals will be very confiderable : but if it shall be found to be fo much more tedious, as to lofe in time, and the maintenance of the patient, as much as is gained in the cheapnefs of the medicine ; the faving will be greatly diminished; as, in that cafe, it will be confined to out-patients. My experience, however, in this refpect ; though no exact comparative trials have yet been made, or could be made while the folution was used with great caution, and timidity; leads me to expect that a more accurate comparison would not difgrace the arfenical preparation. And, at all events, it will often be found to be a valuable fubftitute, in confequence of its infipidity, when a naufeous medicine would be refufed, or a load of bark could not be borne.

You have now every thing material which at prefent occurs to my recollection on this fubject: for I have not had leifure to examine my notes. Hereafter you may command whatever more experience, and more leifure on my part, and lefs hafte on yours, fhall enable me to fupply you with. In the mean time you are at perfect liberty to infert this in your intended publication on this new *fpecific* for the cure of intermittents;

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termittents; or to make whatever use you fhall judge best of the information which it contains.

I am, dear Sir,

Your faithful friend, and fervant,

THOMAS ARNOLD, WEST-COTES, March 27th, 1786,

A Letter from W. WITHERING, M. D. F. R. S.

Birmingham, May 21st, 1786. Dear Sir,

THE Arfenical Solution was first used here in the Autumn of the year 1783, at which time Intermittents of various denominations were very prevalent both in this and in the adjoining Counties. The very general use of the *Tasteless Ague and Fever Drops* at this period made me solicitous to know the composition of that medicine, and I was informed it was made from the Ore of Cobalt ; but as it did not answer to the usual tests for that Semi-metal, I thought it was probably Arfenic, which is known to abound very generally in cobalt Ores. Whilst I was intending to submit the drops to a R 2 more

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more effectual examination, my good friend and your excellent Apothecary Mr. Hughes informed me, that he had made an analylis of the drops, and found them to be a folution of Arfenic,

At first we gave the medicine cautiously, and were fparing in the dofes, but it neverthelefs gained our confidence, and in the vernal Intermittents of the following year it came into pretty general use. I am obliged to Mr. Bayley, who was then the Apothecary to our Hofpital, for the dates and many other of the circumstances mentioned in this Letter, and I know I can depend upon the accuracy of his accounts as they are taken from the Phyficians Books, and rendered more perfect from his own obfervations. Out of forty-eight patients, thirty-three were cured by the use of the folution alone; three complained of pain in the Stomach, lofs of Appetite, and had fwollen faces ; but their fevers were cured, and a little foluble Tartar removed the fymptoms now mentioned. The other twelve patients received no benefit. In the Autumn of 1784 it was almost constantly prefcribed, and has ever fince maintained its credit with us under a very great number of trials.

At first we used a simple folution of Arsenicum album, one Grain to each Ounce of distilled Water. The folution is facilitated by boiling for a minute or two in a florence Flask, or other glass Vessel, but long continued boiling dispofes it to precipitate again. After some time, Mr. Bayley

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Mr. Bayley added Nitre to the folution, by the direction of Mr. Hughes, to prevent the precipitation, which in the rapid confumption in the Hofpital had hardly been obferved to take place, but in the fmaller demand of private practice feldom fails to happen. I fhould alfo mention that an ounce of Alcohol has lately been added to twenty Ounces of the folution, but I am doubtful of the propriety of this addition.

This Medicine was given to Adults in dofes of twenty-five or thirty drops, three times every day, without any regard to the prefence or abfence of the fever, and the Cure was generally effected by about half an Ounce.

Having had occasion to remark a variety of what you have properly stiled operative Effects, in people who had taken the Tafteless Drops in an indifcriminate and unguarded manner, I thought it an object to afcertain if poffible, the Circumstances upon which these unwelcome effects depended. I prefently obferved that Children were lefs apt to fuffer from the medicine than adults, for obvious reasons therefore I was induced to give the folution very largely diluted in thick Gruel, Barley Water, or fome other mucilaginous liquor. I have likewife defired my patients to avoid exposure to cold, but I am not quite decided whether this latter caution be neceffary; The former certainly is fo, for out of the great number of patients for whom I have prefcribed the Medicine, as well in private as in public practice, I do not recollect

lect a fingle inftance in which it produced either ficknefs, purging, pain, fwelling, or any other † than curative effects. Mr. J./ Freer jun. a very eminent Surgeon in this place, and who was one of the first to turn his attention to this medicine, tells me he has given it to more than a thousand patients, without either hazard or inconvenience.

I think Mankind much indebted to your endeavours to refcue a very ufeful Medicine from that oblivion to which the general abufe of it would foon have configned it, and I am fatisfied that in patients where great debility has prevailed, either from old age or other caufes, and where the recurrence of the fever under the quotidian form, with the long protraction of the paroxyfms and the great irritability of the Stomach, has not allowed a fufficient quantity of Bark to be given, I have feen their exiftence preferved by the ufe of the Arfenic.

† The Reader will, perhaps, be furprifed at the different Accounts of the operative Effects of the Medicine by the Anthor, and his two medical Friends. But when it is recollected that his Solution, although exhibited in fewer Drops, contains three Times more of the Mineral than theirs; he apprehends the chief Caufe of fuch Difference may be eafily accounted for, from that Circumftance. For of the ftrong Solution prepared by the Author, with the fixed Alkali, the medium Dofe for an Adult was effimated at twelve Drops; but the medium Dofe of the fimple Solution ufed by Dr. Arnold, which feems to have been about thirty-fix Drops, was only equivalent to nine of the ftrong; and Dr. Withering's general Dofe of the fame Solution, from twenty-five Drops to thirty, would only prove equal to feven of the ftrong.

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I wifh to add much more upon this fubject, but time will only allow me to fay that I remain with great efteem Dear Doctor,

Your obliged and faithful friend,

W. WITHERING.

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OBSERVATIONS.

I N Confequence of having lately intimated to thefe Gentlemen, my Intention of publifhing on the Effects of Arfenic, in the Cure of Intermittents, they have, fince I finished thefe Reports, favoured me with the preceding interefting Letters on the fame Subject. I fay *interesting*, because as Physicians, they have distinguished themselves by their Success in Practice; and as medical Authors, by their Learning, Judgment, and Liberality of Sentiments.

When therefore it is confidered that three HOSPITAL PHYSICIANS of different Counties, and confequently in different Spheres of Practice, under a firm Perfuafion of promoting the Good of Mankind, have difintereftedly and impartially united their public Teftimonies, in Favor of an active and efficacious medicine, not confined

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fined either to the fame Preparation or the fame Dofes; it is reafonable to prefume, it will be entitled to a fair and candid Trial of its Virtues, by the Gentlemen of the Faculty, both of this and other Countries. From fuch Trials, I flatter myfelf its Reputation will foon be eftablifhed on fo firm a Bafis, as to render it highly ufeful, not only to the prefent, but future Generations.

FINIS.

ERRATUM.

Page 10, Line 15, for three Days, read nine Days.









