### Vaccination.

#### Contributors

Great Britain. Local Government Board. London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

#### **Publication/Creation**

[London?] : [H.M.S.O.?,], 1888.

#### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/ean6tfb5

#### Provider

London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

#### License and attribution

This material has been provided by This material has been provided by London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine Library & Archives Service. The original may be consulted at London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine Library & Archives Service. where the originals may be consulted. This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org

Keea his 1899



# VACCINATION.

Children are vaccinated for the purpose of protecting them against small-pox. The law requires this protection to be given them in the first months of life.

Hundreds of children now-a-days die of small-pox for want of vaccination, just as thousands used to die before vaccination was discovered. Vaccinated children, even if they should take the disease, hardly ever die of it. They recover without the blindness and scarring so common after small-pox in unvaccinated children.

Parliament has provided the means for vaccination being everywhere properly done. When it is so done, "there need be no apprehension that vaccination will injure health or communicate any disease." These are the words of the Select Committee of the House of Commons in 1871, and they are as true to-day as when they were written.

Vaccination ought to be repeated for children of twelve years old, so that they may get fresh protection against small-pox, and under some circumstances this "re-vaccination" should be done at an even earlier age. The protection given by a recent re-vaccination is such that "re-vaccinated" persons can even live in small-pox hospitals without catching the disease.

Vaccinations and re-vaccinations are done by Public Vaccinators without cost to parents.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, February, 1888.

A 53904.

## VACCINATION.

Obliblications and vaccinated for the purpose of protecting there against small-pox "The law requires this gest-clicu to be given there in the first module of life. Iteraticals of children now poly will of all small pox for want of vacination is that there are the iteration before they should take the discuss hardly cort die of it. They they should take the discuss hardly cort die of it. They

-----

To be purchased, at 6*d*. per 100, either directly or through any Bookseller, from EYRE AND SPOTTISWOODE, EAST HARDING STREET, FLEET STREET, E.C.; or ADAM AND CHARLES BLACK, 6, NORTH BRIDGE, EDINBURGH; or HODGES, FIGGIS, & Co., 104, GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

Vareination and 2 to 5 paired for and here of trains yrane all as that they may get food prototion against amali-par, and under some strang harden this "re-vacing, tion" should be done at an even artist are "the protestion given by a recent as residentian is such that "re-vacinated" permiss can even the in such that horphale without creding the diserce.

Vaccinations and reveninations are lane 15 Public