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RECORDS OF THE MILLER HOSPITAL & ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

JOHN POLAND, F.R.C.S.



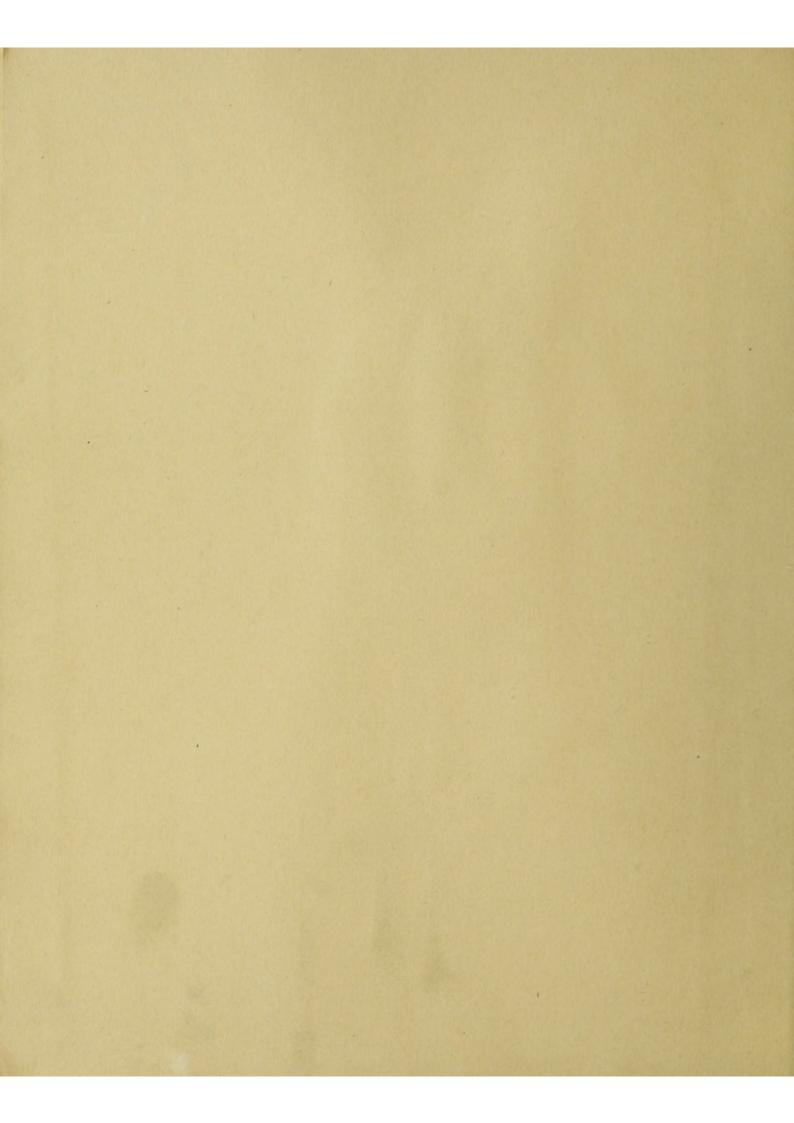


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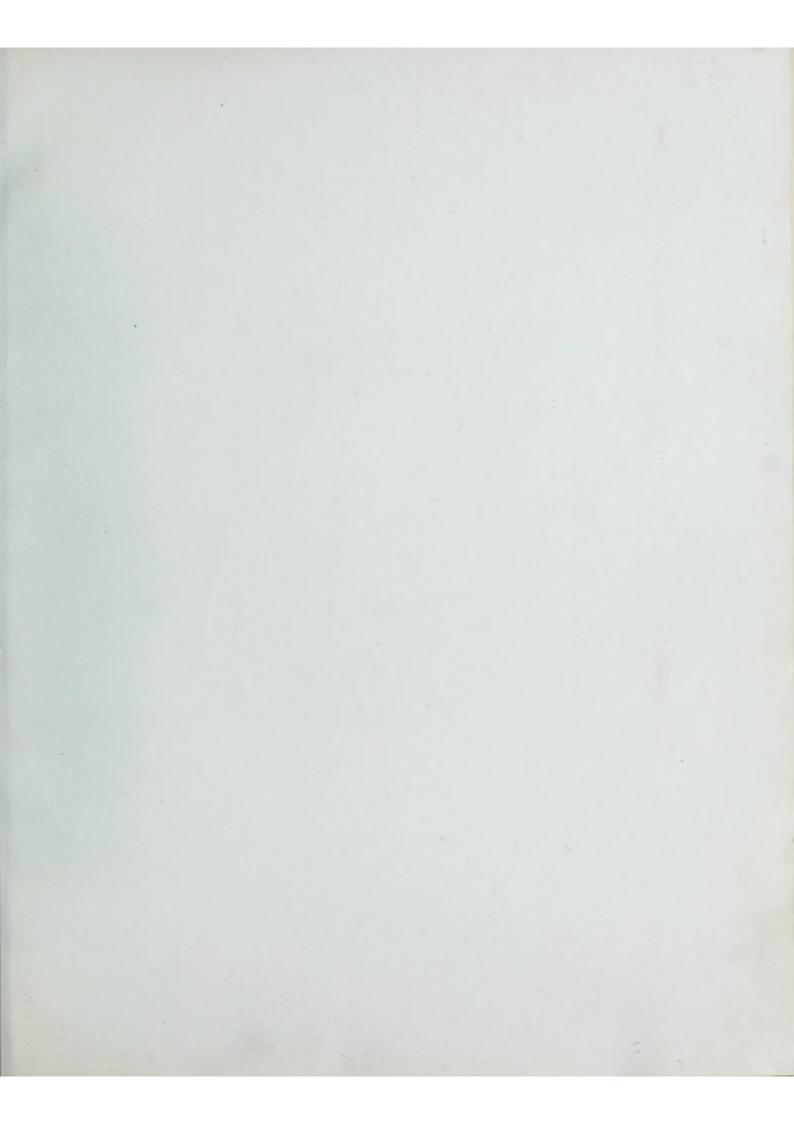
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The Records of the Miller Kospital and Royal Kent Dispensary.

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REV. COLIN MILNE, D.D., F.R.S.,
PRINCIPAL FOUNDER OF THE KENT DISPENSARY.

From a Painting by Russell, R.A., engraved by Holl (for Dr. Thornton, 1804).

RECORDS

OF THE

Miller Hospital

AND

Royal Kent Dispensary.

BY

JOHN POLAND, F.R.C.S.

WITH NINE ILLUSTRATIONS

AND ONE MAP.

BY SUBSCRIPTION.

THE PROCEEDS OF THE SALE OF THIS WORK WILL BE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE INSTITUTION.

GREENWICH:
H. RICHARDSON, PRINTER AND PUBLISHER, 4, CHURCH STREET.
1898.

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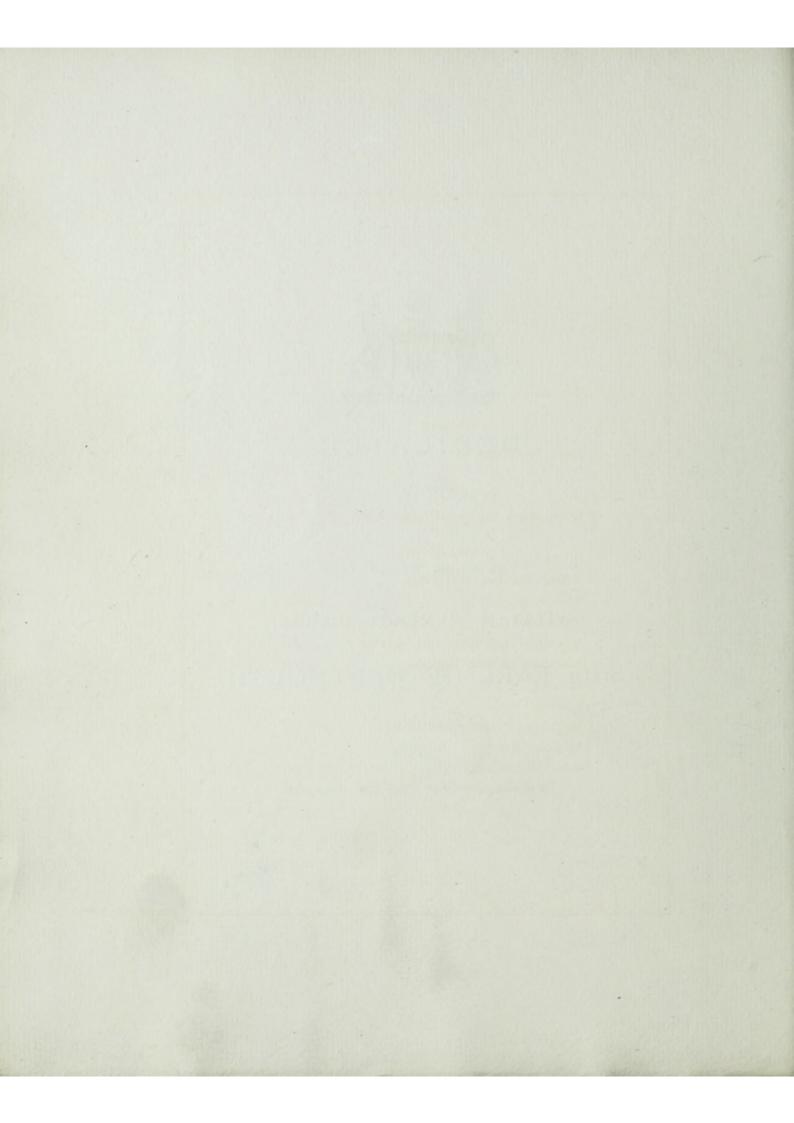
WILLIAM HENEAGE LEGGE,

SIXTH EARL OF DARTMOUTH,

PRESIDENT

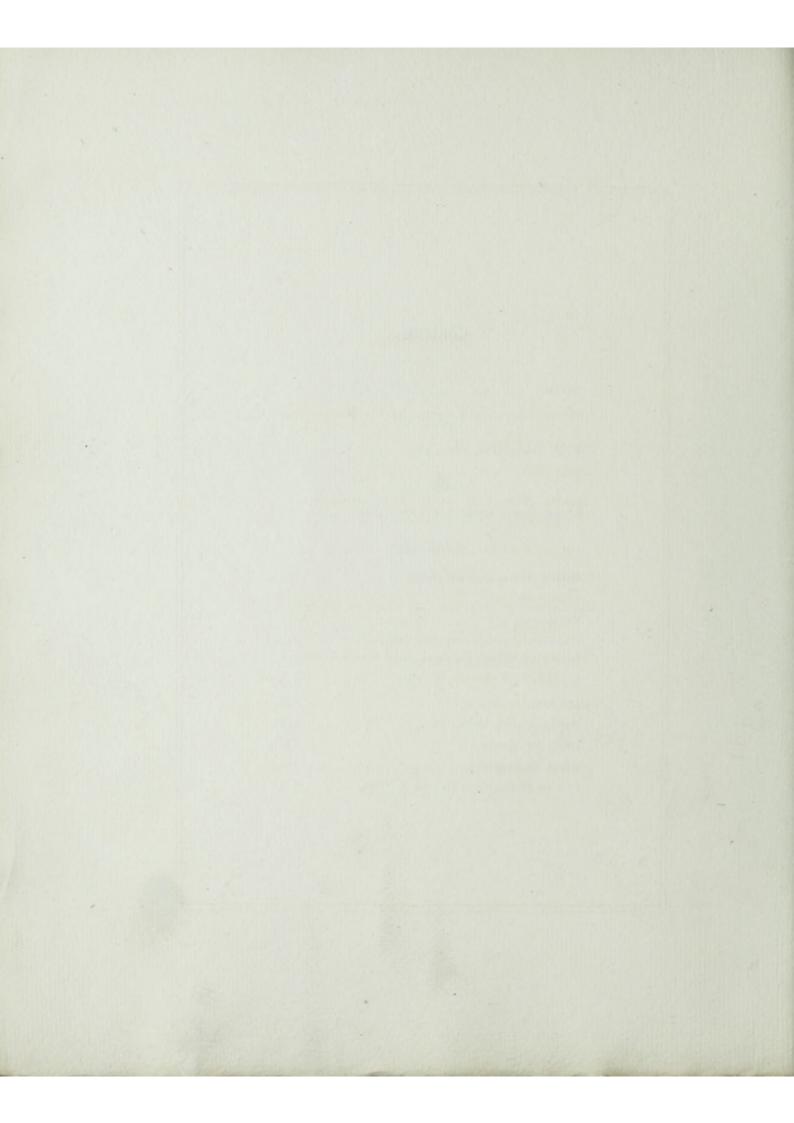
OF

The Miller Hospital & Royal Kent Dispensary.



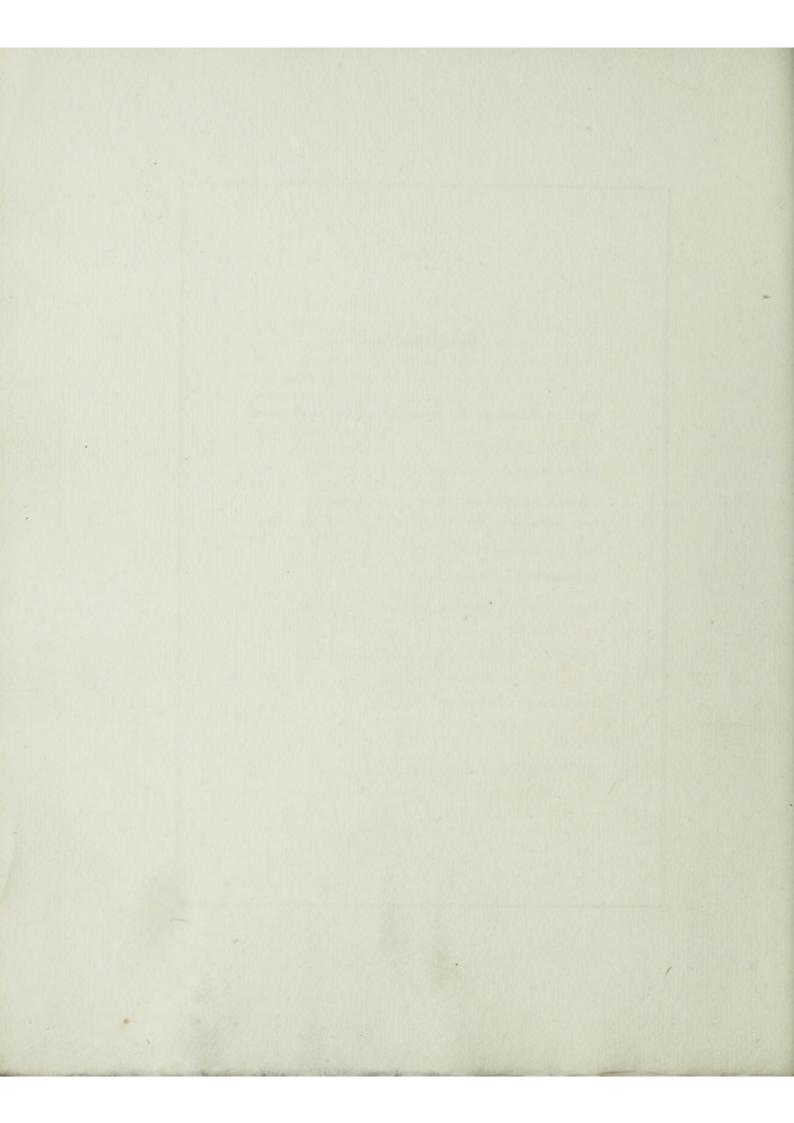
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Preface.

A DMIRATION must always be felt for the Poet Physician, Sir Samuel Garth, who, as far as this country is concerned, may be regarded as the first founder of Dispensaries. For, as is probably well known, Dr. Garth energetically promoted the erection of a dispensary or apartment in the College of Physicians for the relief of the poor by giving them advice gratis and dispensing medicines to them at low rates. This work of charity exposed him to a great complaint on the part of the Apothecaries and others; but he turned his opponents into ridicule in his poem "The Dispensary" (first published in 1699; tenth edition in 1841), and further advocated his scheme in "The necessity and usefulness of the Dispensaries," London, 1702.

Among the multifarious writings of that worthy Physician and Philanthropist, Dr. Lettsom, will be found his "Hints respecting General Dispensaries for extending Medical Relief to the Poor at their own Habitations," published in 1772, which are still worthy of perusal by all who have the true interests of these institutions at heart.

Mr. A. Highmore in his excellent work "Pietas Londinensis," published in 1810, says, "That when Dispensaries were first instituted there was wanting some charitable institution between the hospital and the poorhouse; for the former afforded relief only to the sick who would become its temporary inhabitants and whose diseases required confinement

and attendance; and the latter was designed to give comfort and protection to the aged who are destitute of domestic accommodation. Under this impression it was natural for a humane and generous people to suggest and contrive an intermediate arrangement that should embrace the requisites to which neither of these would apply, where the poor and industrious mechanic and his family might receive medical advice in all cases where confinement was not necessary, or where, if it was, the patient had sufficient accommodation at home; such cases, in the number of which those of midwifery form no inconsiderable part, are happily by far the most numerous of the diseases incidental to the human frame."

It is a matter of no small credit to the inhabitants of London that these charitable Institutions which originated in the Metropolis should have now extended to most of the great cities of the world.

The Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary is an institution of which the friends and subscribers have ever been justly proud. But little apology is needed for the publication of its "Records," for not only very few medical charities have had their records published, but historically, as well as socially, such a work must have some interest to the inhabitants of the south-east division of London. We might go a step further and assert that no account of the surrounding districts for the past hundred years would be complete without some reference to the history and progress of this deserving Institution with which they have been so long and intimately connected. Moreover,

as years roll by, and the population becomes so dense there is a danger of historical associations being obliterated and forgotten. Among its chief supporters we meet with the names of many eminent persons and of those most honoured and respected in these localities—among the laity as well as in the clerical and medical professions.

Amidst the earlier records of the Institution evidences may be traced of the romances of bygone Deptford, Greenwich, and the immediate neighbourhood, which are far more pleasant and agreeable than their modern realities.

In point of age the Royal Kent Dispensary stands ninth on the list of Dispensaries now existing in the Metropolis, having been established in 1783. The eight which are older were established between 1770 and 1782.

At the time (1822) when Mr. A. Highmore wrote his "Philantropia Metropolitana," there were seventeen Dispensaries in and near London for gratuitously supplying the necessitous with medicine and medical aid at their own habitations. This number has been increased at the present time (1892) to 95, including the Provident Dispensaries.

"An Account of the Kent Dispensary, Deptford," was printed in 1799, a similar one, evidently a reprint, in 1785 (?), and a third, "Account of the Kent Dispensary, Broadway, Deptford," was published by the authorities of the Institution in 1834. All of these give but little account of the work carried on by the Charity, but are rather dissertations in

general terms on the advantages of Public Dispensaries to the poor.

The Committee of the Institution very courteously placed at my disposal all the minute-books and other papers for the purposes of the present volume, and I am very pleased to take this opportunity of expressing my thanks for their kindness. To Mr. David Showell's collection of Newspaper Cuttings relating to Greenwich, Deptford, and the neighbourhood, in the British Museum; to Larkin's edition of Hasted's "History of Kent (Hundred of Blackheath)," 1886; and to the Local Press, especially the Kentish Mercury, which has so ably lent its support to the Institution on all occasions, I am indebted for much valuable information. My best thanks are due to the Honorary Secretary, Major-General Roberts, for some valuable papers and suggestions; to Mr. E. Arundel Carttar, Coroner for the south-eastern division of the County of London, many members of whose family have undertaken important offices for carrying on the beneficent work of the Institution; and to other friends and subscribers to this volume who have so freely given their advice and help. I have also to thank the Printer and Publisher, Mr. Henry Richardson, for the able manner in which he has carried out all my wishes; and lastly, my valued friend and brother-in-law, James S. Craigie, M.D., B.Sc., who has kindly assisted me in revising the proof sheets.

J. P.

4, St. Thomas's Street, London Bridge, S.E., December, 1893.

make

Records of the Miller Hospital

AND

Royal Kent Dispensary.

PART I.

1783-1837.

KENT DISPENSARY.

ON the 17th of June, 1783, about the middle of the reign of His Majesty King George III, some 110 years ago, at a meeting of several of the inhabitants of the Parish of St. Paul's, Deptford, a discussion took place on the utility of the Dispensaries in London and the very great benefits that would accrue to the many poor of Deptford and the adjacent towns could one be established on the spot. One of those present, Mr. William Goodhew, representing the great probability of success were a movement made for such purpose, it was resolved that steps be at once taken to open a subscription for the funds that would be needed, and the following gentle-

men then and there put down their names as subscribers for the sums respectively indicated:—

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Da	v. Richard Conyers	0 D	D Pa	otor of	£	s.	d.	
Ne			D., Re	ctor o				
	St. Paul's, Deptfe	ord			2	2	0	
Mi	r. Wm. Goodhew	***	•••		10	10	0	
,,,	Phillip Goodhew				10	10	0	
33	Isaac Parry				10	10	0	
,,	Wm. Waterby We	eller			10	10	0	
"	Thos. Carttar				10	10	0	
,,	Geo. Mitchell				10	10	0	
,,	Thos. Sampey				1	1	0	
,,	Geo. Speering				I	1	0	
"	John Horton	***			I	1	0	
,,	Thos. Haycraft				1	1	0	
"	Richard Dowling				1	1	0	
,,	Richard Sweet				1	I	0	
,,	Henry Varvine				I	1	0	
,,	Samuel Pasmore				1	1	0	
23	John Willan				1	1	0	
,,	D. Davis				2	2	0	
,,	Jas. Agutter				10	10	0	

It was also resolved to invite the Parish of St. Nicholas to join in promoting subscriptions and establishing the Dispensary, and that Parish having with the greatest alacrity come into the proposition, the whole business was from that time conducted by the mutual efforts of both the Parishes.

^{*}Dr. Conyers was instituted Rector 25th September, 1775, and died 23rd April, 1786. He was seized with apoplexy whilst in the pulpit and died at four o'clock the same afternoon. His tomb is in St. Paul's Churchyard, Deptford.

Deptford, originally called West Greenwich, was divided into the two Parishes of St. Nicholas and St. Paul in 1730, the date of the erection of the Church of St. Paul's.

A second meeting was held at the Roman Eagle in Church Street, Deptford, on the 26th June, 1783, "To consider the proposition of some gentlemen for establishing a Dispensary in Deptford," at which the following gentlemen were present: Mr. W. Goodhew, Rev. Dr. Milne, Messrs. Norman, Sloman, Shirreff, Horton, Chamberlain, Chatfield, Hewitt, King, Wilson, Pike, Smith, Rout, Thos. Carttar, Dudman, P. Goodhew and G. Mitchell.

Mr. W. Goodhew having been unanimously called to the chair:

It was Resolved:

- "That it would be 'greatly to the relief of the indigent and the honor of this town if a Dispensary were established in it. That this meeting do believe it practicable,' and will forward it to the utmost of their abilities."
- "That Subscriptions be received by Mr. Currey in Church Street, and Mr. Mitchell in Butt Lane, from such persons as are desirous to promote the Charity."
- "That it be called 'The Kent Dispensary,'
 supported by Voluntary Contributions, for

administering Advice and Medicines to the Poor gratis, and for the purpose of visiting the Poor at their own habitations."

"That 4,000 handbills be printed containing a short account of this Charity, and one be left at every house in Deptford."

On the 24th July, 1783, a committee of twenty-four persons (twelve out of each of the two Parishes of Deptford) who had become subscribers to the Charity, was appointed to receive subscriptions and promote the Institution.

They were desired to wait on the Rev. Dr. Wilson,* Rev. Dr. Conyers, the Rev. Mr. John Olding and Rev. Dr. Milne, and request them to mention this Charity, and recommend its support in their respective Churches and Places of Worship, which they did. This was the origin of the numerous sermons preached in subsequent years in the surrounding Parishes on behalf of this Charity, and which proved so advantageous to it. Up to the present time, 1893, nearly 50 different Churches and Chapels in the immediate neighbourhood, through the efforts of the successive vicars, incumbents, and ministers of all denominations, have contributed to its support.

It must, however, be stated that the principal

^{*}Rev. Wm. Worcester Wilson, D.D., was Vicar of St. Nicholas from 1762 till his death in 1826, at the age of 76.

worker on behalf of its foundation and the one who ensured its permanent success by his powerful efforts in the pulpit and elsewhere, was an eloquent Scotch divine, the celebrated Dr. Colin Milne of botanical fame.

"The Rev. Dr. Colin Milne, Curate of this Parish (St. Nicholas, Deptford) for 40 years, was a Botanist of the first character. He published a Botanical Dictionary in 1788; (he was in early life Tutor to Lord Algernon Percy,) and dedicated it, by permission, to his Father, his Grace the Duke of Northumberland. His abilities as a Pulpit Orator are recorded in all the periodical works of the time in which he so repeatedly, with success, pleaded the cause of Charity in his capacity of Public Preacher. By his exertions the Kent Dispensary was founded." Excerpta Historica Deptfordiensis, June, 1843 (British Museum, Miscellaneous Papers relating to Deptford, 579, l. 14).

Dr. Milne died 2nd October, 1815, in his 72nd year. He was a native of Aberdeen, and besides the Botanical Dictionary just mentioned, which reached three editions, he published the *Institutes of Botany* (1770-72) and *Indigenous Botany* in conjunction with Alexander Gordon, M.D., of Aberdeen (1793), containing the result of several botanical excursions, chiefly in Kent,

Middlesex, and the adjacent counties in 1790, 1791 and 1792. The Rev. Dr. Milne also published, in 1780, besides other single discourses, a volume of Sermons which is well worth perusal.

In the course of six weeks 200 persons had subscribed, and it was decided "that a sufficient sum had been subscribed to proceed to the establishment of the Dispensary," Mr. G. Mitchell was nominated to attend and keep the minutes of the General Meetings and Committees until a Secretary should be appointed. Dr. Theo. F. Leith undertook to attend as a Physician one hour in the morning twice every week to see the patients, and Messrs. Samuel Farar, John Thompson, James Lumsden Shirreff and Chas. Smith attended as Surgeons. These medical gentlemen constituted the first Medical Committee.

On the 11th September, 1783, after diligent inquiry to find a suitable house, it was determined that part of Mr. Bulling's dwelling house in the Broadway should be taken as a temporary situation for the Dispensary. This proposal came from Mr. Bulling himself, one of the members of the committee who undertook this duty. A similar proposal came from Mr. Shirreff, of the White House, in Butt Lane. Mrs. Mary Slade had also generously offered to erect a building for a Dispensary in any convenient place the subscribers

could procure; but the committee felt that Mrs. Slade's courteous proposal could not be accepted at that time.

Butt Lane is now called High Street, Deptford. It was altered to High Street by the general consent of the inhabitants in 1825.

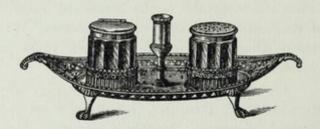
After examining the regulations of the Surrey and other Dispensaries in and about the Metropolis, such of their rules were adopted as were thought consistent with the situation and plan of the Dispensary, together with several new rules and regulations which it was believed would be "for the furtherance of this Charity and extending its benign influence, particularly in case of recent accidents, whereby this Institution would be rendered more liberal in its assistance to the unfortunate and acceptable to the beneficent intentions of its humane and charitable Founders." (The Surrey Dispensary was founded six years previously, 1777).

The regulations included rules for a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Governors, Subscribers, General Meetings, Monthly Committee, House Visitors, Physician, Medical Assistants, Accouchers, Apothecary, Secretary, Collector, Patients, &c.

Home patients were understood to be those who were "absolutely unable to attend at the Dispensary and who were not on board any ships or vessels." This was in contra-distinction to the out-patients, whose disorders did not confine them to their homes.

Mr. William Goodhew accepted the office of Treasurer, and acted almost continuously as Chairman of the Quarterly General Meetings until his death, which took place in January, 1790. Mr. George Mitchell was appointed Secretary to the Charity on 25th September, 1783.

Three months after his appointment as Secretary, Mr. Mitchell presented a silver inkstand to the Charity for the use of the committee. From the accompanying engraving it will be seen that the style of workmanship of the inkstand is that of the end of the last century; according to the Hall-marks it bears the date 1781.



INSCRIPTION ON INKSTAND.

"Mr. Geo. Mitchell to the Kent Dispensary when assiduously discharging the office of Secretary thereto gratis. Engraved by order of the Committee, Dec., 1783." On the 11th October, 1783, the Medical Committee examined the four candidates for the office of Apothecary; a post which was equivalent to our present Resident Medical Officer, except that his duties were far more varied—for instance—he had to receive all letters of recommendation, dispense the medicines prescribed, keep the registers of patients, and see that there was nothing wasted, spoiled, or embezzled.

He had also to execute "unto the Treasurer for the time being a Bond in the penalty of £200" to the effect that after he shall quit or be discharged from the office, he shall not exercise or practice or carry on the profession or business of surgeon or apothecary within the space of two miles from the Dispensary, wherever that might be situated. The title was altered to "Resident Medical Officer" about 1864.

A ballot for these candidates was taken at the following general meeting, and Mr. George Harrison, of Deptford, who "had served his apprenticeship to Mr. Ogle, in Deptford, had attended anatomical lectures under Dr. Hunter, and courses of Surgery in St. Thomas's and Guy's Hospitals, and Midwifery under Dr. McThonsie, and had opportunities of practising and improving his profession in the King's Dockyard, and in the town and neighbourhood of Deptford," was duly elected the first apothecary of the Charity.

On the 1st January, 1784, the following 15 Annual Governors were chosen as the first Monthly Committee:—

Mr. Wm. Rout.

Jas. Pike.

" Wm. Chamberlain.

" Francis Chatfield.

" Chas. Pentyer.

" Josh. Hales.

" Jno. Holmes.

Mr. Thos. Haycraft.

, Thos. Rivers.

" Thos. Sampey.

" Jno. Hester.

" Thos. Creasey.

" Edwd. Lancaster.

, Abrm. Constable.

" Richd. Knight.

On the offer of Messrs. John Mylam and Methusalem Davies at Lewisham, and Mr. Thos. Carnarvon at Greenwich, to visit in these districts as Surgeons and Medical Assistants gratuitously, it was agreed on the 13th January, 1784, at a Quarterly General Meeting that those parishes be added.

In March of the same year (1784), Mr. Samuel Gillam Mills was appointed second surgeon for the District of Greenwich, which post he held between 20 and 30 years. His name will always be referred to with pride by the inhabitants of the district, apart from his own great merits. He was father of the celebrated Charles Mills the historian, who in 1817 published a volume on Mahommedanism, and in 1819 a History of Crusades, &c.*

^{* (}See also Men of Kent and Kentish Men, by John Hutchinson, 1892.)

In a memoir of the Life of Charles Mills (1828) we find that he was the youngest child of Samuel Gillam Mills, and was born at Crooms Hill, Greenwich, on the 29th July, 1788. "His family had been long and respectably known in that place, where his grandfather and father had successively exercised the profession of surgeons for nearly half a century, in the enjoyment of the first practice afforded by an opulent vicinity. His father, Samuel Gillam Mills, was not more esteemed for professional ability, than for his private qualities of mind and heart. He was a man of powerful intellect, upright intention, and keen sensibility; and the uncompromising integrity of his character was brought conspicuously into public notice upon more than one occasion of his life, on which it is not here necessary to dwell. His tastes were intellectual; his acquaintance with general literature was extensive; and the charm which his mental accomplishments lent to his conversation were heightened by a ready flow of vivacity and sprightliness. His society was generally courted in the circle in which he moved; and between him and one rather distinguished member of it, Archdeacon Edwards,-the friend of Paley, and himself a scholar of considerable attainments-congeniality of spirit produced a close and particular intimacy."

These features in the character of Samuel

Gillam Mills are worth recording, because they may be supposed to have had no light influence in awakening the early tastes of his son.

Mr. Wheately was also appointed to visit "in concert with Messrs. Carnarvon & Mills, all such home patients in Greenwich that shall be recommended by any Governor of this Charity."

In pursuance to the customary advertisement published in the *Morning Chronicle* and *Gazetteer*, an extraordinary General Meeting of the Governors was held at the Roman Eagle, Deptford, on Thursday, the 11th day of March, 1784. The Right Honourable the Earl of Romney, Lord Lieutenant of the County, was elected President, and the Honourable Charles Marsham (Lord Romney's son), Lord Mahon, Filmer Honeywood, Esq., John Sawbridge, Esq., Vice-Presidents of this Charity.

In the following month, on the offer of Mr. Stephen Bungey, of Rotherhithe, to visit patients in that parish, the limits of visitation were extended from Deptford to Rotherhithe Church—that particular boundary being adopted owing to that being the limit of the Surrey Dispensary area, from the desire always maintained not to interfere with any other similar institution.

In July of the same year, a like offer being made by Mr. Green, of Peckham, for the Parish of Camberwell, the visiting limit was extended to Camberwell Church, and about the same time to Woolwich, consequent on the offer of Mr. George Bickerton.

The following year 1785, it was thought that the Charity would be benefited by a further extension of the limits of visiting the poor at their own houses; the Parish of Charlton, in the hundred of Blackheath, was therefore on the 7th July, included in the districts of the Dispensary.

In "an account of the Kent Dispensary, in the Broadway, Deptford, for administering Advice and Medicine to the Poor gratis. Instituted December 1st, 1783." Printed in 1785? (British Museum, T. 425.) The introduction commences with the following extracts:—

"Great and evident as the advantage of Dispensaries are to the indigent, in and near the Metropolis; and liberal as the gentlemen who conduct them have been, in extending the limits of visiting the patients at their own habitations, as far as the plan of the several institutions would possibly admit; yet the poor of the lower parts of Rotherhithe and Camberwell in Surrey, and the populous towns of Deptford, Greenwich, Lewisham, and Woolwich, in Kent; containing at least thirty thousand inhabitants, (the greater part of whom are labouring mechanics, or occupied in dangerous employments) long remained without the assistance such excellent charities afford.

"To remedy this inconvenience the Kent Dispensary was instituted, to commence visiting the poor at their own habitations, at Rotherhithe and Camberwell Churches (where the Surrey determines) and from thence through Deptford, Greenwich, Lewisham, Woolwich, and as much of the Hundred of Blackheath as at any future time might be thought proper. * * * * Among other circumstances that recommend this Dispensary, the Physician and Medical Gentlemen, have from the first institution of it and still continue to give their advice and attendance from motives of humanity, and without any pecuniary recompense."

"The limits for visiting the poor at their own habitations, commences from Rotherhithe to Camberwell Churches, and extends through the towns of Deptford, Greenwich, Lewisham, and Woolwich, in all which extensive districts, such as are unable to come to the Dispensary, are attended by a Physician, Surgeon, or Medical Assistants, according to the nature of their complaints.

"The intention of this Charity is to give assistance, not only to the lowest class of the people, but to poor housekeepers, and others, whose income will not enable them to pay for it."

Then follow about four pages on the utility of public dispensaries, and an abstract of the General Rules and Regulations, of which we select the following:—

"XXXIV. No venereal or lunatic case to be admitted, being the peculiar objects of other charities, nor any lying-in women, but such as are married or widows pregnant by their late husbands, nor any person entitled to assistance from the Infirmary at the Royal Hospital, Greenwich; or the Surgeon of Deptford or Woolwich Yards; or being in any parish workhouse. Every other person really necessitous who brings a letter of recommendation from a Governor, shall receive advice and medicine at the Dispensary without regard to place of abode."

"XXXV. "In case of recent accident, the unfortunate person, by sending to the Dispensary, may, during that day and the day following, receive advice and medicine without a letter of recommendation; but such person is within that time to procure one, agreeable to the usual course of admittance, otherwise not to have further relief there."

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

"The limits for visiting patients at their own houses, are to be divided into the following six districts. First, the two parishes of Deptford; second, Greenwich; third, Woolwich and Charlton; fourth, Lewisham and Lee; fifth, from Rotherhithe to Deptford; and sixth, from Camberwell Church to Deptford."

President:

The Right Honourable LORD ROMNEY.

Vice-Presidents:

The Right Honourable Earl of Stanhope.
The Honourable Charles Marsham.
Filmer Honeywood, Esq.
John Sawbridge, Esq.

Treasurer:

Mr. WILLIAM GOODHEW.

Physician:

THEO. FORBES LEITH, M.D., F.R.S.

Consulting Surgeon:

Mr. SAMUEL FARAR.

Mr. J. L. Shirreff, Medical Assistants to the Dispensary, and visit the Home-patients in Deptford

Mr. Mylam,

Mr. Davies,

mi. Davies,

Mr. Carnarvon,

Mr. MILLS,

Mr. WHEATELY,

Visit the Home-patients in Lewisham.

Visit the Home-patients in

Greenwich.

Mr. Moore, Mr. Bickerton, Visit the Home-patients in Woolwich.

Mr. Bungey,

Visits the Home-patients between Rotherhithe Church and Deptford.

Mr. GREEN,

Visits the Home-patients between Camberwell Church and Deptford.

Mr. EDWARD ALSTON, Apothecary.

Mr. GEORGE MITCHELL, Secretary.

Mr. JOHN BENNETT, Collector.

A List of the Governors of the Kent Dispensary is given at the end, and contains the names of a large number of the older families resident in Greenwich, Deptford, Rotherhithe, Lewisham, Blackheath, Lee, Woolwich, Plumstead, Charlton, Peckham, Eltham, Brockley, Poplar, Southwark, Bermondsey and London.

The early history of the Institution has some connection with the numerous highway robberies and outrages which a few years previously (about the middle of the 18th century) were extremely rife upon and in the neighbourhood of Blackheath. The desolate condition of Blackheath at this period rendered it a favourite haunt of robbers, highwaymen and footpads.

The following remarkable account is taken from a newspaper paragraph in the late Mr. Showell's collection at the British Museum, "Miscellaneous Papers relating to Deptford and to the Kent Dispensary." 579. l. 14.

(Mr. David Showell, of Park Lodge, Kent Road, near New Cross, Hatcham, was an overseer of the poor of the Manor of Hatcham, and churchwarden of St. Paul's, Deptford, during the rectorship of the Rev. B. S. Ffinch (vide infra); he took the most sincere interest in parochial and local charitable affairs including this charity.

Mr. Showell was also an extensive collector of the antiquities of the neighbourhood of Deptford.)

"The following is the letter which the Lord Provoft of Edinburgh received from the managers of the Kent Dispensary, concerning Bridget Bonner."

"MY LORD,

ON behalf of the feveral gentlemen who joined me in the letter concerning Bridget Bonner, I have to return your Lordship their and my sincerest thanks, for the very great attention you have paid in the discovery of the fallacy of her relation. We received, on Saturday last, a letter from Mr. Cockburn of your city, who has also much interested himself: and to whom we beg our most polite acknowledgments. Our private ideas here, and with you on the subject, are, and have been uniform. Her tale was too absurd to gain considence with men of business, and acquainted with the numerous artifices of impostors. The opinion of the medical gentlemen, as to the danger of her life, was the only difficulty we could not solve. Her story was still so considently related and persisted in, joined with the circumstances of her exposed situation, danger and sex, that it must unavoidably, and did find many patrons, in a nation where humanity and fellow-seeling is so generally and truly esteemed the first of virtues: the error of the head is

pardoned from the goodness of the heart. It becomes a debt due to the public, to use our best endeavour to vindicate truth, or detect the imposture; and no pains have been spared.

To attempt to give your Lordship an account of all her fubfequent relations, of which one feries of untruths fucceeded to another, would be of little use in investigating her story. Suffice it to fay, from many tedious examinations, (one of which was before two of the magistrates of the neighbourhood, who with the utmost readiness attended for the purpose) and, after having pointed out to her feveral glaring abfurdities-that her flory was no longer credited-that she should not have her liberty, till a complete difcovery of the truth was effected-and all further attempts to impose would be equally ridiculous and uselefshaving recommended it to her, inflead of favouring every fimple fupposition, which the credulity of many who visited her led them to adopt, she had better tell the truth at once-giving her at the fame time the most positive assurances, if she would relate the truth fo as to enable us to get at her accomplices, no part that could affect herfelf should ever be public-we left her to reflection; but all in vain-the old hackneyed tale, with little variations. One ridiculous circumstance, and favoured by her, I fhall take the liberty to mention: A woman came from London, declared Bonner was her daughter-had a mark from a burn under her breaft (which on examination was found)-had not feen her for ten or twelve years-that fhe put her to fchool in this town (Deptford) for fix or feven years—the schoolmistress named-fent for-thought fhe knew her-afterwards positive of it-produced her work-feveral fchool-fellows attended-knew her well-fure it is fo-and yet all ends in vapour. The mother being acquainted with our fuspicions that she was an accomplice, on recollection difowns her; and the other young ladies come to their fenfes by degrees. There is a strange difpolition in human nature to favour romances.-Those who first hear them, if any part relates to actions or places they are acquainted with, foon compare notes, anticipate answers, and from a few trifling occurrences that may be true (though accidentally related) are led, by a crafty person, to support the most extravagant declarations. This is the case of many of the sex who have visited her; and contributed not a little to her obstinacy—it is natural to support that story we wish to

Finding we could only drive her from one flory to another, without coming at the truth, and she uniformly embarrassing us,

by laying the scene of action distant; we resolved to send her to the parish workhouse, and wait what time would produce. She has feparate apartments, very commodious, and everything necessary.-We gave directions to the master to let any person fee her, whom he thought might throw any light on her narrative, or describe her family or connections; but not permit any fuspicious person to be with her alone. Near ten days elapsed, when a man came from Poplar (in the neighbourhood of London) to fee her, induced by a letter from his relations in the country; on entering the room, declared her his cousin; that her father lived at Greatwell, near Lincoln, was a man of property, and he referred to a gentleman in London, of too much respectability intentionally to favour a falfehood. The gentleman came down to fee her, and verily believes her to be the perfon the man defcribed; and proposed to write to her father. She has fince acknowledged this to be fact, and from many corroborating circumstances, we believe it so far true. She fays she quitted her father's house about two years ago, from an amour-her age now 28.—She went to Briftol after her paramour, but miffed him, and there became acquainted with a Captain Ruffel, fince dead, and Mr. and Mrs. Dunmore; with whom fhe has been at different parts of England and Scotland; and once for eleven months as far as Shetland; which fhe well describes-That Mr. and Mrs. D-- lived by illicit practices, fhe fufpects coining. -She has acknowledged almost the whole of her first narrative falfe. No uncle Ruffel, will, or legacy-No phæton from Edinburgh, or lodging in the Cowgate, or Leith Wynd; but for a few days in the Cowgate, and four or five weeks in Leith Wynd, in an obfcure manner-No education, or Mrs. Patterfon at Dunbar-No fchool with Mifs Brown at Briftol-No robbery, or lofs of 500 guineas, trunk, fmelling-bottle, or phæton on Blackheath, post-boy, or horses—That she came from London on foot with Miss Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Dunmore, and another man, naked as fhe was found, and a great coat only in addition-That they made her lay down in a gravel pit on Blackheath, in the manner fhe has described, and told her no harm should happen, if she would lay ftill; made her take an oath fhe would not discover them, and many other particulars, mostly false. Being interrogated, how she could frame the falsehood she first related, as to her fituation? we can get no other answer, than she dares not discover the truth; and is under a dreadful oath not to do it.

Notwithstanding we have told her, her refusal to discover her accomplices, and pretended oath not to do so, must much aggravate her offence; and from the impudent scene she has acted, and taking a previous oath not to disclose the parties or truth, she has proved herself the most abandoned of her sex; and that she impeached our faculties, in supposing we could credit such account, or that so prostituted a character was under any compunction from oath; yet no satisfactory answer can be obtained. She has cunning enough to avoid all questions, tending to discover the purpose for which this exposure was intended, and would have us yet believe it was compulsive.

There is now no doubt, my Lord, in the most credulous breast here, but that she was the chief actress in this imposture; with a view either to sue the hundred on the statute, for her supposed loss of 500 guineas, or excite a contribution from the generosity of the neighbourhood, or both. As to the first, it could not have stood the ordeal of a court of justice; and the second, we took care early to prevent, by informing the visitors there was sufficient money in hand for her present support; if not, those gentlemen who were making enquiry into her story, would answer every expence, and that it would be better to withhold their donations till her veracity was established. How-

ever strange, she joined in this request.

Your Lordship will perceive we have made some progress, and give me leave to assure you, are not disposed to relax our enquiries, or part with her, till we get the truth; the publication of which, we intend as the only recompence in our power to the public, whose generosity and feelings have been called forth on this occasion, to answer the purpose of a designing and abandoned woman. She has had a very contracted education, but possesses more cunning than any person can believe, who has not frequently conversed with her. Her penetration is so great, that amidst this tragic-comic scene, and her numerous visitants, we have had no small pleasure to see her exert it in answering questions; she soon discovers which way the persons lead, so favours their credulity, and nurses the conference, that nineteen out of twenty went away satisfied with her sufferings, and real proselytes to the story.

We now wait to hear from her family, and when anything further occurs worthy your Lordship's notice, we will trouble

you with another letter.

Your Lordship may make use of this in any manner you please for the satisfaction of the public. I have the honour to acknowledge myself, my Lord,

Your Lordfhip's much obliged, and most humble fervant.

Deptford, Kent, 29th June, 1785."

This letter makes no reference to the reasons which in the first instance led the Governors of the Kent Dispensary to take up the case so warmly; but two newspaper paragraphs of 1785 give the sequel to this extraordinary incident.

August 20th, 1785.

"The famous Bridget Bonner, who was found fome time fince almost naked in a gravel pit upon Blackheath, is gone from the workhouse at Deptford, her relations in Scotland having engaged to take care of her. Of her being an impostor, not the shadow of a doubt remains; but, however iniquitous her intention, it could not be proved that she committed any act cognizable by the law."

September 10th, 1785.

"A few days fince died fuddenly, at his house at Greetwell (within one mile of the city of Lincoln) Mr. Bonner, an eminent farmer and grazier of that village, and father of the noted and artful Bridget Bonner, who has lately excited much of the attention of the public, by the fituation in which she was found in a gravel-pit on Blackheath. Her father is said to have died very rich, and without a will; he has left a wife and eight children."

On 20th January, 1786, the statement was made that 3,947 patients had been treated, and "a great proportion of them relieved from their different calamities in so short a space as two years."

On 27th July of the same year it was decided that the medical officers should be limited to two in number for each district of Deptford, Greenwich, and Woolwich, and one for each district of Lewisham, Rotherhithe, Charlton and Peckham.

The Surgeons for the Districts were elected by ballot (if more than one candidate) at a General Meeting of the Governors, after their qualifications had been approved of by the Medical Committee. The rule stated "That the following qualifications be required of each candidate for the office of Surgeon and Medical Assistant. First, a diploma; second, certificates of having attended Medical Lectures from some public Professors or Teachers in Physic, or the usual certificate of having passed examination as and for a Surgeon in the Navy or Army; and that if any candidate shall apply so qualified, every other candidate not having such qualification shall be ineligible at the election. But if no candidate shall appear to have such qualification, then the Governors to proceed to elect any person as if this Rule had not been made."

To the Hon. Medical Officers were entrusted in no small measure the lives and happiness of a large population of labouring poor; they freely sacrificed their own time and comfort and oftentimes their health—in their gratuitous duties. The high position attained by the Royal Kent Dispensary is due, in great measure, to the efficient and skilful way in which the work of the Charity has always been performed by the Hon. Medical Staff, and the Governing Committee have

always most gratefully acknowledged their valuable services.

In this good work the Governors and Medical Officers have ever gone hand in hand.

The first of a long series of sermons preached at St. Alphege, Greenwich, on behalf of this Charity by the Vicars of Greenwich, was commenced this year. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Edwards, Archdeacon of Brecon.*

Another popular and eloquent preacher, the Rev. C. E. de Coetlogon, M.A., who was afterwards vicar of Godstone, Surrey, also supported the charity the same year in a sermon at the Parish Church, Camberwell, (June, 1786).

On 25th January, 1787, the first legacy to the Institution of £100 was left by a surgeon of London, Mr. Matthew Spray, to be applied towards carrying on the benevolent designs of the Charity, and particularly in providing a proper supply of trusses for patients with ruptures.

"In the will of Matthew Spray (Surgeon), formerly of the Parish of Christ Church, London, but late of the Parish of Saint Andrew, Holbourn, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, dated 17th September, 1785, proved in the Prorogative Court of Canterbury, amongst other things therein

The present handsome stone church of St. Alphege was consecrated 18th September, 1718.

contained is as follows":-

"Also I give to my friend, Mr. Esme Clark, of Saddlers' Hall, Cheapside, and the said Mrs. Susanna Sherman and William Sherman the sum of one hundred pounds upon Trust that they or the survivor of them his or her executors or administrators do and shall as soon as may be after my Decease pay the same to the Treasurer for the time being of a Charity called or known by the name of the Kent Dispensary for the relief of the poor instituted in Deptford in the year 1783 which sum I desire may be applied towards carrying on the benevolent designs of the said Charity and particularly in providing a proper supply of Trusses for all patients having ruptures in order to enable them to follow their respective occupations with more comfort.

"Proved at London 2nd Nov., 1786."

On 31st July, 1788, it was resolved that the sum of £4 annually, commencing from the date of Mr. Spray's legacy, be expended in providing trusses to be distributed by the Medical Officers of the Charity in rotation.

(In 1873 it was directed that as the supply of elastic stockings and other medical appliances was

an innovation; and the Institution having no funds to meet the constantly increased demand for those articles; no such appliances except trusses were to be supplied in future).

Amongst the rules and regulations passed at the Quarterly Meeting of Governors on the 25th October, 1787, are the following for the Medical Department:—

"That the limits for visiting patients at their own houses be divided into the following six districts: First, the two Parishes of Deptford; second, Greenwich; third, Woolwich and Charlton; fourth, Lewisham and Lee; fifth, from Rotherhithe Church to Deptford; and sixth, from Camberwell Church to Deptford.

"The Physician to attend at the Dispensary on Tuesday and Friday every week to write for his own home-patients and superintend the directions for the outpatients; also to visit the other home-patients at their own respective habitations when requested by any of the Medical Assistants. His Pupils have liberty to attend with him, but in no case to prescribe or perform any chyrurgical operation. In case the Physician cannot attend his particular home-patients, he is to acquain-

the Medical Assistant of the district, who will visit in his stead. The Surgeons and Medical Assistants are, within their respective districts, to visit the homepatients whose disorders confine them, assist in all difficult labors, and attend such women after delivery who require medical advice, and the Surgeons and Medical Assistants at any time appointed for Deptford are also to be House Surgeons at the Dispensary, and attend there alternately every morning from nine to ten o'clock, or longer if necessary, to examine and order medicine for all those who come under their care. Their Pupils have liberty to attend, but not to prescribe or perform any operation unless in the presence of and by the direction of one of the Surgeons and Medical Assistants. When any capital operation is to be performed, the approbation of the Physician to be had if practicable, and in all difficult chyrurgical cases a consultation of all the surgeons to be had thereon."

In 1793 the second legacy left to the Institution (£50), like the first, was from a surgeon, Mr. John Mylam, late of Lewisham, and the first surgeon to the Charity for that district. He was

buried in St. Mary's Church, Lewisham, and this inscription on his tomb is taken from Messrs. H. C. Kirby and L. L. Duncan's interesting book "The Monument Inscriptions in the Church and Churchyard of St. Mary, Lewisham." Lee, 1889. Page 35. "Altar Tomb with sloping top. On the South side, Here lyeth interred the body of Mr. John Mylam of this Parish, Surgeon who died the 5 of May 1748 aged 56 years. Here also lyeth ye body of Mrs. Grace Mylam wife of ye above John Mylam who departed this life the 28 of May, 1762 aged 68 years. South side of top. To the memory of Mr. John Mylam, Surgeon, who departed this life 14 April, 1793, aged 61 years son of the undernamed John and Grace Mylam. Here also lie interred two sons of the above John Mylam, viz. John Mylam who departed this life 24 July, 1777, aged 13 years, and Joseph Mylam, who departed this life 19 Dec., 1788, aged 23 years. Also Mrs. Mary Mylam, widow of the above Mr. John Mylam, who died 17 May, 1805."

On 30th January, 1794, the death of the President, the Right Hon. Robert, Lord Romney, was announced, and the Right Hon. Lord Charles Romney was elected President to succeed him the same year.

At an Extra-ordinary Quarterly Meeting of the Governors held at the Roman Eagle, Deptford, 5th October, 1792, 152 Governors attended for the purpose of electing a Collector to the Charity. Again in 1828 we find as many as 179 Governors, besides proxies, attending some of the meetings. This is strangely in contrast with the present day. The attendance of Governors at the Annual Meetings is now (1893) far from being a large one, unless some special matter is brought forward.

Mr. H. C. Burdett ("Hospitals and Asylums of the World," vol. ii., 1893, p. 67) remarks upon the difficulty experienced in inducing a quorum of Governors of the voluntary hospitals to attend the annual meetings:—

"The late Canon Miller, D.D., the founder of Hospital Sunday, said, with much truth and some humour, that it was hopeless to expect a full meeting of Governors at any Hospital unless the managers were able to provide for their delectation an election, or a rumpus, or some subject for discussion which excited much feeling and great differences of opinion at the date of its introduction."

The several meetings of the Charity were held at the Roman Eagle up to October, 1795, and for an uncertain number of years beyond.

The severity of the winter of 1794-5 added to the increased expenses of every article of subsistence, and particularly of bread, induced the benevolent Dr. Lettsom, of the City of London, to publish his valuable "Hints," with a view of alleviating the prevailing distress in London and elsewhere.

The "Hints respecting the distresses of the Poor" reached a second edition, and were considered so useful and interesting that they were republished in 1816 as these distresses still continued. It was said "that there was hardly a charitable institution in this country which was not indebted to the energy of his zeal and efficacy of his talents."

Among other remarkable public services rendered by Dr. Lettsom, this philanthropist and physician also took a great share with Dr. Hulme in 1770 in forming the General Dispensary, Aldersgate Street (now the Royal General Dispensary), the first of all similar excellent institutions which now exist in the Metropolis.

Dr. J. C. Lettsom died in 1815, the same year as the principal founder of the Kent Dispensary; he alludes in more than one of his published letters to his contemporary, the Rev. Dr. Colin Milne, for whose eloquence and good works he had the greatest admiration (see letters of Dr. Lettsom, Nichols Literary Illustrations, 1817, vol. ii., p. 681).

In 1796, the eccentric but popular preacher, Rev. Rowland Hill, of the Surrey Chapel, preached at St. Paul's, Deptford, for the Charity. £33 16s. 11d. was collected after the sermon.

Another edition of "An account of the Kent Dispensary," printed by J. Delahoy, Deptford Bridge, and corrected up to June, 1799, (British Museum, 1406, c. 32) contains the same brief description of this Charity as that mentioned in 1785.

President:

The Right Honourable LORD ROMNEY.

Vice-Presidents:

Right Honourable Earl Stanhope.
Filmer Honeywood, Esq.
Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart.
John Julius Angerstein, Esq.
Sir William Geary, Bart.

Treasurer:

PHILIP GOODHEW, Esq. Physician:

THEO. FORBES LEITH, M.D., F.R.S.

Lewisham.

Mr. Chas. Smith, Mr. Daniel Coley,

Surgeons, Accouchers, and Medical Assistants to the Dispensary, and visit the Home-patients in Deptford Visits the Home-patients in

A. Mackie, M.D.,

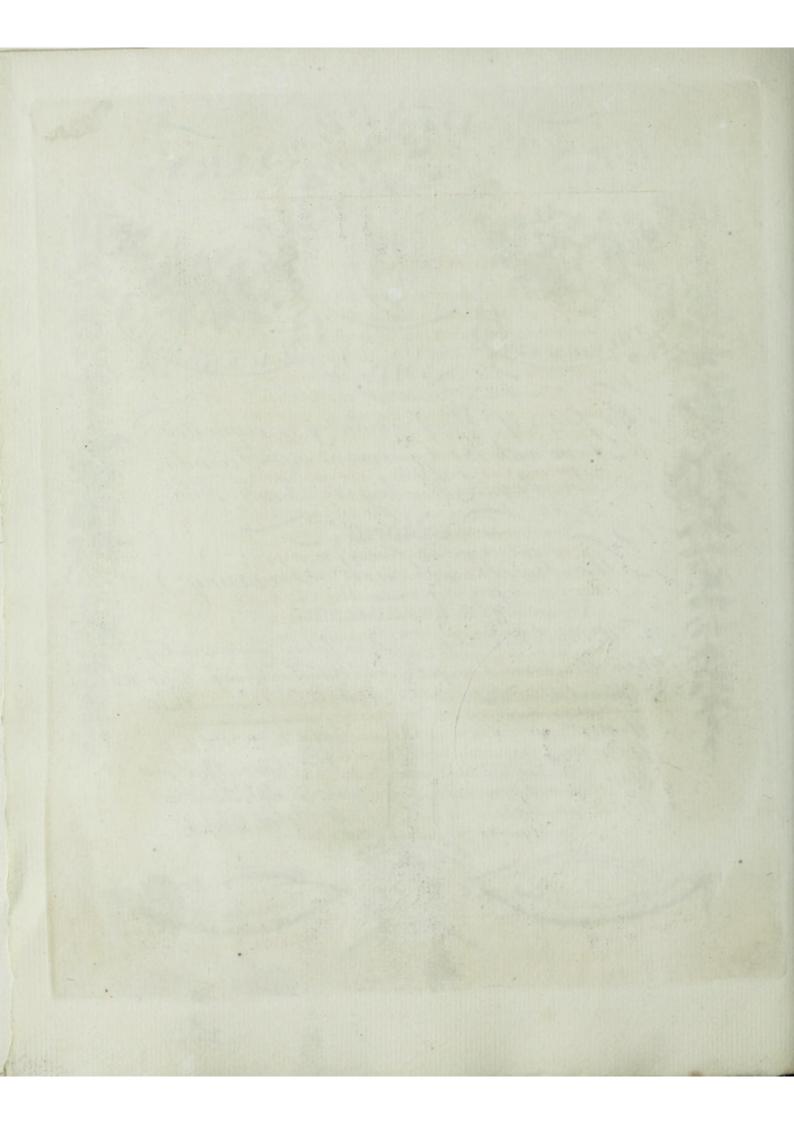
Mr. CARNARVON, Visit the Home-patients in Mr. MILLS, Greenwich. Mr. WHEATELY, Visits the Home-patients in Mr. Moore, Woolwich and Charlton. Visits the Home-patients between Rotherhithe Church Mr. Bungey, and Deptford. Visits the Home-patients between Camberwell Church Mr. and Deptford.

Mr. G. M. Jones, Surgeon, Resident Apothecary.
Mr. George Mitchell, Secretary.
Mr. Charles Fleming, Collector.
John Henley, Apothecary's Assistant.

In September, 1804, Joseph Carttar, Esq., of the Broadway, Deptford, who was now Secretary to the Institution, as well as Vestry Clerk to St. Paul's, and subsequently Coroner for Kent, issued the circular for the Sermon in the Parish Church of St. Nicholas, Deptford, by the Rev. Basil Woodd, M.A., Minister of Bentinck Chapel, St. Mary-le-bonne, and Chaplain to the Right Hon. the Earl of Leicester.

The Anniversary Dinner in 1806 took place at the Green Man, Blackheath, under the auspices of Lord Romney. On the opposite page we give a reproduction of the invitation to the Dinner printed from the original copperplate.





On Sunday morning, June 7th, 1807, a Sermon at the Parish Church of St. Paul's, Deptford, by the Rev. Yates, produced a sum of £42 2s. for the funds of the Charity. The programme of the anthems, &c., on this occasion is to be found in Mr. D. Showell's miscellaneous papers relating to Deptford and the Kent Dispensary (British Museum, 579. l. 14.) Another Sermon in the following year (1808), at St. Alphege, Greenwich, by the Hon. and Rev. the Dean of Windsor, added another sum of £84 4s. 1d.

The Hon. and Rev. Edward Legge, D.C.L., seventh son of William Second Earl of Dartmouth, was the Dean of Windsor and Vicar of Lewisham from 1797 till 1825, when the Rev. Hugh Jones was re-appointed Vicar of Lewisham. Dr. Legge lived at Holly Hedge House, Blackheath, and was afterwards Bishop of Oxford.

Two Sermons preached in 1810 at Lewisham and St. Alphege Churches by the Rev. Geo. Matthew, M.A., produced the respective sums of £54 8s. 3d. and £82 7s. 6d.; and another at St. Paul's, Deptford, in 1821, £39 6s. 0\frac{1}{2}d.

The Rev. Geo. Matthew was instituted Vicar of Greenwich 30th March, 1812, and died on the 4th July, 1833.

An account of St. Alphege Church and of

the different Charities connected with this Parish is given by John Kimbell, one of the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the Parish. It was printed by subscription in 1816 and published by G. Allen, Greenwich, for the benefit of the poor women in the Jubilee Alms Houses.

There was another celebrated minister of this district who supported the Charity. The sermons preached by the Rev. Charles Parr Burney at St. Paul's, Deptford (1812), and St. Alphege, Greenwich (1813), realized considerable sums (see list).

The Rev. C. P. Burney was the son of Rev. Dr. Burney. He carried on his father's school when the latter resigned in 1813, and was also known as an author.

Rev. Charles Burney, D.D., F.R.S., F.S.A., was Rector of St. Paul's, Deptford, from August, 1811, up to the time of his death, 28th December, 1817, in his 61st year. Dr. Burney was Rector of St. Paul's and of Cliffe, Kent, Prebendary of Lincoln, Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty and a distinguished Greek scholar. His valuable library was bought in 1818 by the Trustees of the British Museum, with the sanction of Parliament, for £13,500, and is now known as the "Burney Library." (See Hasted's History of Kent. Hundred of Blackheath, 1886, p. 33).

In St. Paul's Church, Deptford, where he was buried, there is a monument erected by the parishioners of St. Paul, 1818, executed by Goblet in form of a pyramid, with a fine bust of him by Chantry.

The house which was the residence of the Rev. Charles Parr Burney was built on the Hooker Estate, which included portions of Crooms Hill, London Street, Royal Hill, &c.

The site of Rev. Dr. Burney's house and grounds now forms Burney Street. The house, &c., was sold in lots in 1839.

On September 13th, 1812, and on November 19th, 1826, the Rev. W^M. Bengo Collyer—a congregational minister and well-known religious writer supported this charity by sermons preached at Peckham Meeting House and at the Rev. Barker's meeting house in Butt Lane (see list).

The Rev. Dr. Collyer was the son of Thomas Collyer, a builder of Deptford. He was minister of Hanover Chapel, Peckham, as well as preacher at Salter's Hall Chapel.

The Charity found many supporters, as it does at the present day, among ministers of all creeds; for instance, we see on referring to March 15, 1813, that a sum of £316s. was collected at Butt Lane Meeting House.

The Rev. D. Lysons, in his "Environs of

London" (1811), says of these Meeting Houses, which were somewhat numerous in the neighbourhood, that "In Church Street, St. Paul's, Deptford, there is a Meeting House of the Independents, long established, of which Abraham Taylor, an eminent divine of that persuasion, was sometime pastor; there is another small Meeting House for the Independents, built a few years ago by the present pastor, Mr. Thomas Beck (author of several poems, &c.) in his own garden in Butt Lane. In Church Street there is a Meeting House of the General Baptists."

The Rev. F. Pulling, who subsequently succeeded the Rev. John Theodore Barker, at the Independent Chapel, High Street (Butt Lane), Deptford, also supported the Charity by his sermons on behalf of its funds.

On November 20th, 1814, the year previous to the opening of a district branch in Woolwich, a sermon was preached in the Parish Church of this town by the Rev. Samuel Watson, D.D., Rector of Gravesend, for the benefit of the Charity.

A circular issued by the Treasurer, Edward William Forman, Esq., of Crooms Hill, Greenwich, on the 29th June, 1815, briefly sets forth the existing state of the Kent Dispensary and the state of its finances. The expenditure for the year was stated to be £1,119. 6s. 3d. The Medical

Officers then consisted of a Physician and two Surgeons who attended at the Dispensary, and eight other Surgeons who visited the Homepatients in their respective towns, viz., Deptford, Greenwich, Woolwich, Charlton, Lewisham, Lee, and Eltham in Kent; and Rotherhithe and Peckham in Surrey; "all which gentlemen served the Charity from motives of humanity, and without any pecuniary recompense." "An Apothecary who constantly resided at the Dispensary; with a salary of £100 per annum, and an assistant at £50 per annum; coals and candles were allowed them, and gratuities were annually given to each." Since the opening of the Dispensary in December, 1783, Sixty-eight thousand, seven hundred and three patients had been "admitted." Of these seventeen thousand, five hundred, and ninety-five "had been visited at their own habitations."

The poverty existing in the neighbourhood at this time may be surmised from the fact that the Rev. Dr. Burney, then Rector of St. Paul's, Deptford, held a public meeting at the Roman Eagle, Church Street, on Wednesday, 11th December, 1816, "to take into consideration the present distresses of the Poor, and to devise some kind of employment for their relief." A collection was immediately entered upon, and a considerable sum raised to alleviate the suffering.

This year (1816) H.R.H. the Princess Sophia Matilda, the eldest child of the Duke of Gloucester (George III.'s brother) was appointed Ranger of Greenwich Park, and came to reside at the Ranger's Lodge (formerly called Chesterfield House), which had been purchased by the Crown the previous year.

By her sudden death at the Ranger's Lodge, on 29th November, 1844, Greenwich lost a kindly heart and a liberal supporter of its local charities.

The "West Kent Guardian" referring in 1839 to an accident to the Princess Sophia Matilda, at Broadstairs, says that "had it terminated fatally, her loss would have been severely felt by the poor of this and other neighbourhoods, as during the winter months her charity is extended to hundreds of persons who apply to her, and whom she relieves in a most delicate manner, never refusing any of the deserving, and doing more good with her limited income than many possessing three times as much."

Amongst other contributions, H.R.H. gave a donation of £10. 10s. in 1818 to the funds of the Charity.

In a circular announcing a sermon on 7th July, 1816, at St. Paul's, Deptford, for the benefit of the Charity by the Rev. James Rudge, M.A., F.R.S., Minister and Lecturer of Limehouse and Chaplain to H.R.H. the Duke of Kent, it is stated that

seventy-one thousand five hundred and twenty-four patients had been admitted since 1783, and in the annual statement of accounts the expenditure was £984 13s. 8d. A foot-note says that "The Treasurer will attend in the Vestry room of the Church, after the service is over, for the purpose of receiving the names and addresses of all persons desirous of becoming subscribers."

Mrs. Emilia Vansittart, daughter of Nich. Morse, Esq., formerly Governor of Madras, and widow of Henry Vansittart, Esq., formerly Governor of Bengal, died on August 2nd, 1819, aged 82, bequeathing a sum of £20 to this Charity. Her daughter, Mrs. Sophia Vansittart, died in 1836, at the house of her brother, Lord Bexley, who was then president of the institution.

On the occasion of a sermon the 31st January, 1819, at Woolwich, by the Rev. Thomas Waite, D.C.L., Chaplain to H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester and to the Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Oxford, and alternate morning preacher at Greenwich Church, the following statement, issued by the Secretary, Joseph Carttar, Esq., is noteworthy:—

"This Dispensary (being a branch of the Kent Dispensary established in Deptford many years ago) was opened in the town of Woolwich in January, 1815, for the poor in the Parishes of Woolwich, Plumstead and Charlton. Since the opening of this branch, 1,804 patients have been attended. The whole medical duty had been and still was being performed by Messrs. John Butler and W. R. Patten, of Woolwich."

On the 28th May, 1820, the Rev. T. W. McGwire, B.A., Rector of St. Paul's, Deptford, in a sermon preached at the Parish Church, Lewisham, in aid of the Charity, remarked that the number of patients attended since the opening of the Dispensary was eighty-four thousand, one hundred and seventy-two. Dr. McGwire was Rector of St. Paul's from 1819 to 1834. He died in December, 1853, after a protracted illness of several years.

On 23rd January, 1820, died the Duke of Kent, aged 52, six days previous to the decease of his royal father, His Majesty George III., who died at the age of 82, in the 60th year of his reign. It is unnecessary here to do more than allude to His Royal Highness' connection with this Institution, and the interest he took in its welfare.

The first sermon for this Charity, in St. Mary's Church, Greenwich, was preached by the Rev. Evan Morgan in 1826, the year after its consecration (25th June, 1825) by The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Oxford (vice the Lord

Bishop of Rochester), and added a sum of £50 to the funds. St. Mary's was then called the New Church. It was built by the Parish, aided by Subscriptions, and a Grant of £11,000 from the Royal Commissioners. The foundation-stone being laid by H.R.H. The Princess Sophia, on 17th June, 1823.

The same year the Rev. Robert Crawford Dillon, M.A., D.D., who was at that time Curate of St. Matthew's Chapel, Denmark Hill, and Chaplain to the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor (Alderman Venables) preached at Lewisham Church for the Charity. £72 14s. was collected on this occasion. Dr. Dillon was a "popular preacher, and much run after, especially by ladies (Stephens' "Dictionary of National Biography," vol. xv.).

The next few years present little of importance to record, indeed, the whole of the short reign of His Majesty George IV. (1820-1830) was an uneventful period in the annals of the Kent Dispensary.

Notwithstanding the number of patients treated at the Dispensary, no medical lectures were ever given here. It may be presumed that the recent establishment of the Institution, and its distance from the Metropolis, were not conducive to the delivery of medical lectures in connection with it, such as were held at the Surrey Dispensary and other kindred institutions in the early part of this century. In certain parts of London such lectures were important means of Medical Education about this time.

According to a notice of an Extra-ordinary Meeting of the Governors advertised in two London Daily papers to take place on Thursday, 5th June, 1828, (signed by the Secretary, Mr. Joseph Carttar), it may be noted that the meetings of the Committee of Management and the Quarterly Meetings of Governors were being held in the committee room of the Dispensary House in the Broadway, Deptford, of which Mr. J. Sharpe was landlord.

At this time (1828) Local Committees were provided in Greenwich and Deptford for the purpose of soliciting new subscribers.

The collections at many places of worship were now in full swing;—thus, we notice a collection at St. Germans Chapel, Blackheath, on 15th June, 1828, after a sermon by the Rev. George Lock, Vicar of Lee, amounting to £45 2s. 6d., and one in October, 1828, at Charlton Church (Rev. G. Elliott) to £15 18s. 8d.; Southend Chapel, Lewisham, June, £21 9s. od.; St. Paul's, Deptford (Rev. Dr. Mc Gwire) £?

Again, in April, 1829, a sermon at St. Alphege, Greenwich, by the Rev. Dr. Russell,

produced the sum of £60 10s., and on 2nd August, 1829, a sermon at Eltham by the Rev. Thos. Ainger (assistant Minister of St. Mary's, Greenwich) produced £68 2s. 6d.; at Lewisham Chapel, Nov. 15 (Rev. Andrew Braisham) £28 4s. 1d.

In fact, the personal services of the clergy formed a considerable source of the success of the Institution, in addition to the legacies and donations which supported it.

On 19th November, 1829, the Chairman, R. Best, Esq., received a letter of resignation of Mr. Alderman Lucas, the Treasurer. Adam Gordon, Esq., of Blackheath Park, undertook the duties of this office, and carried them out with untiring energy until the time of his death.

This year the Parish of Charlton, hitherto united in one district with Kidbrook, Blackheath and Lee, was separated and re-united with the Parish of Woolwich as formerly.

Two years later (31st March, 1831) the Rev. Evan Morgan being in the chair at a Meeting of the Monthly Committee, the Secretary was requested to convene a Meeting of the Church Committee and represent to them the present finances of the Charity and "earnestly request them to use their utmost exertions in obtaining the use of such churches and chapels as in their opinion may be beneficial to the interests

of the Charity." Messrs. J. Roberts, G. Smith, and J. S. Haycraft formed a deputation and waited upon the Rev. G. Matthew, the Vicar of Greenwich, and obtained the use of the Parish Churches of Greenwich to carry out the objects of the Committee.

Within the space of a few months £232 2s. was collected at Blackheath Park Church and the Parish Churches of Lewisham, Greenwich, and Lee.

This year (1831) H.R.H. The Duchess of Kent, who always took a lively interest in the welfare of the Institution, gave a donation of £25, and again three years later (1834) a further sum of £20.

In order to reduce the expenses as much as possible it was thought desirable that the duties of the two House Surgeons should be carried on gratuitously by Surgeons in the neighbourhood.

The gratuities in sums of £20 to £50, which had been given to them, were therefore discontinued in January, 1832. A report had been received from the following Medical Practitioners of Greenwich, viz.:—Thomas Sutton, M.D., John Sutton, M.D., Thomas Oak, M.D., Henry Keeble, M.D., Fred. Finch, M.D., and W. J. Wattsford, M.D., who feeling desirous to remedy the "inconveniences which the Dis-

pensary is at present under for want of sufficient medical and surgical assistance," without hesitation offered their gratuitous attendance upon the patients of the Charity. This offer was agreed to with the exception that any Medical Officer called upon to attend in any urgent case of midwifery, a proper fee should be granted him for the purpose of "rewarding him for his prompt and necessary attendance."

It was also found this year that a great number of the wives and families of College men belonging to the Greenwich Hospital were constantly on the books of the Charity, and "it was conceived that such persons were not objects of this Institution." This fact was promptly communicated to the Honourable the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital and the abuse remedied. The Pensioners were withdrawn from the Royal Greenwich Hospital in 1869, having occupied the building since the reign of Oueen Anne (1705). "After much public discussion on the merits and administration of this splendid Charity, an Act of Parliament was passed in 1865 converting this Royal Hospital into an Infirmary, and 900 seamen were dismissed with additions to their pensions" (Lysons).

In September of this year it was decided that all life subscriptions should in future be funded for the benefit of the Charity in the names of the Trustees. This rule has been carefully adhered to until the present time.

On the 13th April, 1832, the death occurred of Mr. Joseph Carttar, who had held the post of Secretary for over thirty years, and his son, Mr. Charles J. Carttar, Solicitor, of Blue Style, Greenwich (subsequently Coroner for West Kent), was appointed in his stead.

The Rev. Arthur Drummond, M.A., who preached for the Charity, May 19th, 1832, at the Parish Church, Charlton, was Rector of St. Luke's, Charlton, from 1826 to his decease in 1862. In this connection it may be of interest to recall the fact that his brother, Edward Drummond, Secretary to Sir Robert Peel, was shot by McNaugten on 23rd and died 25th January, 1843. The Rev. A. Drummond married Maria Margaretta, daughter of Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson (Hasted).

On July 25th, 1832, Lord Bexley presided at the Anniversary Dinner, and it was owing to his exertions and benevolence on this occasion that £269 7s. was contributed to the funds.

The Rev. J. Fenn, of Blackheath Park Church, was a good friend to the Institution. His sermons, on more than one occasion, benefited the Charity considerably. His daughter, Miss Fenn, of Blackheath Park, writes saying "Her revered father subscribed to this most valuable Institution soon after he came to Blackheath Park in 1829 (at all events two or three years after), and was a friend of the good Lord Bexley."

The year 1832, the second year of the reign of His Majesty William IV., was also marked by an outbreak of cholera, exciting great alarm in this district as in other parts of the Metropolis. On the 20th February an Act of Parliament was passed "for the Prevention, as far as may be possible, of the disease called the Cholera, or Spasmodic or Indian Cholera, in England."

The Deptford Board of Health issued a notice to fellow Parishioners which was to be affixed and preserved in every house in Deptford. After giving such miscellaneous advice as to the cleanliness of the houses, and as to cramps in the arms, legs, or belly, they end by stating that if any were "attacked with looseness of the bowels, however slight," they were to obtain medical aid immediately, either by application to the Dispensary, or to the nearest of the following gentlemen:—

Mr. Hatfull, in Union Street; Mr. Mitchell, in High Street; Mr. Downing, in Broomfields; Mr. Price, in the New Cross Road; Mr. Atkins,

in Union Street; Mr. Bromley, in Broomfields, or Mr. Arthur Davis, the Secretary, in Church Street.

Miss Fenn, of Blackheath Park, "remembers one remarkable incident connected with the 'Institution,' and thinks that doubtless it may be placed among these 'Records.' On the 'Fast Day' set apart for the Cholera in March, 1832, her father, Rev. J. Fenn, chose the 'Kent Dispensary' as the object of the collection, and to his surprise and pleasure, a match box (of that time) was placed in one of the plates and contained 140 sovereigns." She adds, "the match boxes of those days were of tin, and if 4 inches long and 2 inches deep and wide, this number of sovereigns could be packed into such an one."

"A Pedestrian," in his Rambles and Remarks on the Borders of Surrey and Kent, printed in Deptford, 1833, gives a woeful account of the "distress in Deptford and the present distressed state of the Parish of St. Nicholas."

In July, 1833, the Charity moved to more suitable premises—to the house adjoining the Dispensary in the Broadway, Deptford, belonging to Mr. Barton; it was rented for £30 a year.

The only other important occurrence of this year which requires notice is the resignation of the President.

A Statement of the Number of Lying-in and Sick Patients sent by Life and Annual Governors for five years ending at Midsummer, 1832, the Yearly Expenditure of the Charity together with an Account of the Monies received by Sermons, and showing the Average Expense of Life and Annual Governors.

Annu of T	Annu of T	Annu of T	Annual of Tw	7 5 6	Annual Subscriber of Two Guineas,	Annua of C	Annual Subscribers of One Guinea,	cribers nea.					Year	Yearly payments	nents
Num. Outmoer Number Number Number Number Of of of ber. Lyingin Sick ber Lyingin Sick P. P. P. P.	of Num-	of Num-	Num- Number Number Num- of of of ber- Lyingin Sick P.	Number Number of of Lyingin Sick P.	Sick P.	 Num- ber.	Number of Lying-in P.	Number Number of of Lyingin Sick P. P.	Sermons.	42	ari	d,		of Charity.	
203 266 1157 11 14 61	11.57 11 14	11 14	4		19	 392	246	1284	St. Germans, Southend.	87	11	9	109	17	90
211 228 1018 13 15 72	1018 13 15	13 15	15		72	462	162	1784	Charlton and Greenwich,	65	18	00	647	6	4
208 230 1191 13 17 80	1191 13 17	13 17	17		80	437	292	1700	Eltham, Lewisham, and Deptford.	72	1	1	575	91	1
212 223 1250 11 17 125	1250 11 17	71 17	17		125	416	294	2130		70	6	9	675	61	N
209 248 1179 16 24 88	1179 16 24	16 24	24		88	375	292	1692	Lee, Lewisham, Greenwich & Charlton	163	11	10	1087	91	9
1043 1195 5795 64 87 426	5795 64 87	64 87	87		426	2082	1415	8590	Total	459	12	7	3578	19	0
209 239 1159 13 17 85	1159 13 17	13 17	17		85	417	283	1718	Average	16	18	9	715	15	10
5.66 each 16.56 each 16.56 14.5 6d. At 3/10 5.222.25.25.10d. At 5/6 is 54.135.6d. At 5/10 is 54.135.6d.	74.3/10 At 3/10 At 3/1	: : : 5722 252. 104. : 574 135. 6d. : 571 535. 6d.	£4 13s. 6d.	£4 13s. 6d.		:	si 8/8 1A .ba .ear 773.	At 3/10 is 8d. Ba. 8d.							



With great regret to himself and the Governors, The Right Honorable the Earl of Romney resigned the office of President to the Kent Dispensary on 31st December, 1833, "to which" he said, writing from "The Mote, Maidstone," "he had always felt, that from want of local connection, it was impossible for him to do justice, and in taking leave of this useful Institution he contributed a sum £21, as expressing his sense of the merits of the Charity." The Governors in return expressed their sincere and grateful thanks for the many important services His Lordship had rendered the Charity by his personal exertions and repeated benefactions.

In May, 1834, a deputation consisting of Adam Gordon, Esq. (Treasurer), Joseph Jackson, Esq., and Samuel Gardiner, Esq., waited upon The Right Honourable Lord Bexley, to obtain his acceptance of the office of President, which he readily consented to do. His Lordship took the chair at the Jubilee Dinner held the following month.

The chief event of the year was the Fiftieth or Jubilee Anniversary of the Charity, which was held at the Green Man, Blackheath, on Wednesday, the 25th of June, at 5 o'clock. The Right Honourable Lord Bexley, who occupied the chair, was supported by the Right Hon. the Earl of

Darnley, the Hon. and Rev. Henry Legge, Sir T. M. Wilson, Bart., Thomas Law Hodges, and Thomas Ryder, Esqrs., two of the county members, E. G. Barnard, Esq., M.P. for Greenwich, Thomas Brandram, Esq., Josh. Jackson, Esq., W. Stace, Esq., Adam Gordon, Esq., W. Routh, Esq., Revs. B. S. Ffinch, J. Greenshaw, E. Morgan, Dr. Sutton, Robert Boyd, Esq., J. Cousens, Esq., Henry Francis, Esq., Samuel Prior, Esq., and "most of the resident clergy and gentry of the neighbourhood."

The Report states that "133,053 persons had been relieved, 41,816 of whom had been visited at their own habitations. 18,836 were poor married lying-in women, delivered and attended during their confinement, and there were now 341 patients remaining under care." The applications for relief, especially from poor married lying-in women were more numerous than ever, and the Secretary regretted to announce in his circular for the dinner that the annual income was not sufficient to meet the yearly expenditure.

This Festival had therefore been looked forward to with much pleasure and confidence, as the means of obtaining such an additional number of subscribers as would ensure the permanent prosperity of the charity, and the extension of its benevolent designs.

LORD BEXLEY, the noble Chairman, in proposing prosperity to the Kent Dispensary, congratulated those present on the Jubilee of this most excellent Charity, said "for fifty years has the Kent Dispensary conferred relief on the sick poor of this densely populated neighbourhood, and fifty years longer may it continue to diffuse its benefits, and may many in that room live to see another Jubilee. Few Charities have done so much good as the Kent Dispensary. You will observe, from the printed statement before you, that upwards of 133,000 of our afflicted fellow subjects have been relieved and assisted, and nearly 19,000 poor married women attended and succoured in the hour of peril and solicitude, and their dear off-spring safely ushered into existence by the kind and humane services of the Medical Officers of this Charity. Benefits such as these are too obvious to be dwelt upon; my heartfelt wish is that the Charity may long continue to prosper."

In proposing the next toast, "Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Victoria and the Duchess of Kent, patronesses," His Lordship observed that it was the first time the name of Her Royal Highness the Princess Victoria had been announced as a patroness, but that in consequence of an application to Her Royal Mother, that illustrious lady had been graciously pleased to allow the Princess's name to be added to her own, as patroness of a Charity in which her revered and lamented father, His Royal Highness the late Duke of Kent, had taken so lively an interest.

The Right Hon. the EARL OF DARNLEY, in proposing the health of the noble and excellent Chairman, Lord Bexley, said that His Lordship had always been most forward in promoting the success of that Charity. The noble Lord had frequently presided in the Chair at Meetings similar to the present, but it was the first time he had filled the Chair as President. In that capacity alone he was new to them; but as a munificent donor and contributor to the funds—as its tried friend and supporter, he had been long and deservedly known, and there was no one to whom more than to the noble Lord their best thanks were due.

His Lordship returned thanks, and proposed the health of Earl Darnley and the other Vice-Presidents which was responded to by Earl Darnley.

The Hon. and Rev. H. Legge replied for the toast of the health of the Bishop of Rochester and Clergy of the Diocese.

T. L. Hodges, Esq., returned thanks for the

"Members of the County of Kent," in an eloquent speech in which he congratulated those present upon the prospects of the Charity.

E. G. BARNARD, Esq., in replying for the "Members of the Borough of Greenwich," said "nothing but my extreme desire to promote the success of this noble Charity—noble in the extensive benefits it confers—noble in the great and important relief it affords to the poor—I say nothing but this desire has induced me to desert my public duties in the senate. My father long supported this Charity, and taught me to do so too, and, in imitation of his good example, I am teaching my children to become subscribers."

The health of the Treasurer having been drunk and duly acknowledged, the noble Chairman proposed "The Physicians and Medical Officers of the Charity."

THOMAS SUTTON, M.D., in returning thanks, said that never, during the five-and-thirty years he had had the pleasure of belonging to the Charity, had a greater feeling of unanimity prevailed among the Medical Officers than at the present time.

The toasts of "The Lady Subscribers," "The Secretary, Charles J. Carttar," "Lord Farnborough," "The Duke of Wellington," "The Monthly Committee and Stewards," were all

severally drunk. It being half-past ten o'clock, Lord Bexley retired, and the chair was taken by Matthew Ffinch, Esq., of Deptford; the convivialities of the evening were kept up till long after midnight.

In July of the same year (1834) at the suggestion of the Rev. Benjamin S. Ffinch, the newly appointed Rector of St. Paul's, Deptford, the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Rochester gave a most eloquent and impressive address in this Church at which the sum of £53 16s. was collected. The Rev. Ffinch himself preached one or more Sermons on behalf of the Charity.

The Rev. B. S. Ffinch was Rector of St. Paul's from 1834 till the date of his death, 11th August, 1873. He was appointed 6th March, on the death of the Rev. Thomas W. McGwire, B.A., who held the Rectorship from 1819.

The Rev. William Aldwin Soames, at this time Vicar of Greenwich, became a Subscriber and was elected a Member of the Monthly Committee. The first step he took in this capacity was to secure the establishment of a Depôt of the Dispensary at Greenwich. For very many years he was a most active worker for the welfare of the Charity both on the Monthly Committee and amongst the friends of the Institution.

As instances of the interest the Rev. W. A.

M.A.

Soames took in the Institution, the following sermons which he preached, among many others, may be mentioned. On 13th August, 1843, "Rev. W. A. Soames for use of the three Churches as follows :-

St. Alphege Church £24 10 2

St. Mary's	,,	56	15	31/2	
Trinity	,,	8	I	101/2	
	at goth	£89	7	4"	
In August, 184	19, at—				
St. Alphege, Gree	enwich,	Rev. H.			
Dale, M.A.			£2	1 9	10
St. Mary's, Rev.	W. A.	Soames,			
M.A			3	4 3	10
Trinity Church, R	ev. J. H	. North,			
M.A			2	3 11	7

11 6 0

£90 11 3

The Rev. W. A. Soames on the 15th May, 1856, reported to the Monthly Committee that the amounts of the collections at the following churches on Thanksgiving Day he intended to devote in aid of the Building Fund of the

Christ Church, Rev. J. Y. Hughes,

ows:-	_	
£21	2	I
37	7	ΙI
22	12	6
8	19	0
-		-
290	1	0
	£21 37 22 8	Sows:— £21 2 37 7 22 12 8 19 £90 1

At the latter end of the year (1834), the following item connected with the Medical department appears recorded on the minutes. In consequence of the bills for leeches amounting to £12, £20, and sometimes even more, the matter was referred to the Medical Committee who reported that there was no cheaper method of procuring leeches than from the druggist, but recommended the Medical Officers to "prescribe as few leeches as possible in reference to the nature of the disease and the safety of the patient." Their report of the 27th October notes the interesting fact, "that within the last five months three thousand six hundred

leeches had been prescribed for the patients, and that the expenditure for the same in 12 months ending September last, had exceeded the sum of £60.

The applications for relief, especially from poor married lying-in women, had of late (1834) been so numerous that the Committee reported that in many instances they had been reluctantly compelled to refuse assistance for the want of sufficient means, and they stated that the annual income was not sufficient to meet the yearly expenditure. Up to this date, the gratuitous services of the Physicians and Medical Gentlemen residing in the neighbourhood, had afforded assistance and relief to 133,053 persons, 41,816 of whom had been visited at their own homes.

Writing in 1834, Mr. Henry S. Richardson, in his interesting little work on "Greenwich, its History, Antiquities, Improvements, and Public Buildings, 1834," says that "this benevolent Institution, although situate in Deptford, claims a prominent place in the record of charitable institutions existing under this head, as embracing Greenwich within its scope of operations. Its aid is extended to the Parishes of Greenwich, Deptford, Woolwich, Charlton, Eltham, Lee, and Lewisham, and between Rotherhithe and Camberwell Churches, and Deptford. Some idea of

its utility may be formed from the statement that since the opening of the Dispensary until the Anniversary Dinner in 1833, 111,951 patients have been admitted, and 18,338 poor women attended in their lying-in. The Dispensary is in the Broadway,* Deptford."

By the lamented death of Thos. Sutton, M.D., in May, 1835, the Charity sustained an irreparable loss. His unwearied benevolence in gratuitously discharging with so much zeal and ability the duties of *Physician* to the Kent Dispensary for 26 years, whereby its prosperity and efficiency had been greatly promoted, was gracefully acknowledged by the Governors. His son, Wm. Sutton, M.B., was elected in his stead and held the office for six months.

G. F. Evans, M.D., of 7, Queen Elizabeth's Row, Greenwich, was elected Physician in February, 1836.

In 1836 the number of patients attended since the commencement was 140,664, and during the past year, 3,788.

On account of the expenses incurred by the Charity for the District of Rotherhithe, and on account of the small amount of subscriptions received in return, "and with daily increasing

^{* &}quot;The Broadway, at the top of High Street, where the Greenwich Coaches and Omnibuses pass every five minutes to and from London."

claims from the other districts whose subscriptions and donations alone constitute its resources, which, notwithstanding the most rigid economy, fall far short of its aggregate yearly expenditure," the Committee considered, on 16th February, 1837, the question of "limiting its sphere of operation, and much as they lamented the necessity, they were obliged to commence by withdrawing the assistance of the Charity from those districts whence the least resources were derived." "For many years the average number of patients admitted and relieved annually from Rotherhithe had exceeded 250, at an average expense of £50, for which, of late years, but one solitary yearly subscription of one guinea only had been received."

The Committee brought this to the notice of the Vicar of Rotherhithe (Rev. Edward Blick), believing that the inhabitants of Rotherhithe were unacquainted with the existence of the Charity, or imagined that its benefits were exclusively confined to the County of Kent. It was hoped that the statement submitted would "excite the most benevolent support of their Rotherhithe friends commensurate with the expenses incurred."

This movement was not much productive of success, inasmuch as the inhabitants felt that some of the poor in the lowest parts of the parish obtained relief from the Surrey Dispensary. Rotherhithe was not however removed from the list of districts until many years later.

It was stated this year (1836) that "the Medical Establishment at present consists of a Physician with Thirteen Surgeons and Medical Assistants, all of whom serve the Charity gratuitously and from motives of humanity."

£200 was collected at the Anniversary Dinner this year (1836).





PART II.

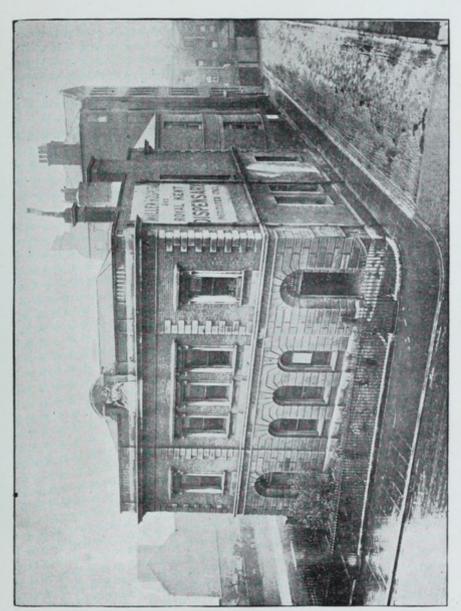
1837-1881.

ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

THE year 1837 proved to be a most eventful one for the Institution; the year of Accession to the Throne of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria in her eighteenth year, upon the death of Her Royal Uncle, William the IV.

On 1st July the Anniversary Dinner was held at the Crown and Sceptre Hall, Greenwich, at 5 o'clock. His Grace the Duke of Wellington, K.G., who presided on this occasion, announced that he had seen and obtained the consent of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen to become the Patroness of the Charity.

The Duke was supported by the Right Hon. Lord Bexley, the President, Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart., M.P., the Vice-Presidents, and many other noblemen, &c.



EXTERIOR OF ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY (from the Greenwich Road).



The attendance of the Duke of Wellington had been procured through the exertions of Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart., M.P., who ever took increasing interest in the welfare of the Charity.

His Grace made a donation of £50 to the funds of the Charity, besides which numerous other donations and subscriptions were given amounting to £530; among the other liberal donors on this occasion may be mentioned the Right Hon. Lord Bexley, the Right Hon. Earl of Dartmouth, the Right Hon. Earl of Winchelsea, the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Sydney, the Right Hon. Lord Farnborough; John Angerstein, Esq., M.P., M. W. Attwood, Esq., Thos. Brockelbank, Esq. For the Duke's munificent services, especially for the permanent benefit and honour he had conferred upon the Charity by procuring the countenance and patronage of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, he received the sincere and grateful thanks of the Governors.

Her Majesty's Mother, Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent, continued her Royal Highness's Patronage as the Vice-Patroness of the Charity.

The following letter from the Right Hon. Lord John Russell, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, was received by the President, Lord Bexley, communicating Her Majesty's gracious pleasure to become the Patroness of the Charity, in reply to the address voted to Her Majesty, which had been signed by the Hon. and Rev. H. Legge, as Chairman, and forwarded by Lord Bexley:—

"WHITEHALL, "Sept. 26th, 1837.

"My LORD,

"I have had the honour to lay before the "Queen the loyal and dutiful address of the "President, Vice-Presidents, Medical Officers, and "Governors of the Kent Dispensary, on the "occasion of Her Majesty's Accession to the "Throne, which was very graciously received by "Her Majesty, and I have the satisfaction to "inform your Lordship that Her Majesty has "been graciously pleased to consent to be the "Patroness of this Institution.

"I have the honour to be, my Lord,
"Your Lordship's very obedient Servant,
"J. Russell,

"THE LORD BEXLEY, &c., &c., &c., &c.,

The name of the Charity thenceforth (Oct. 26th, 1837) was altered to

The Royal Kent Dispensary.

The following account of the Dinner is taken from the *Times* of July 3rd, 1837:—

"Kent Dispensary.—The anniversary festival of the Kent Dispensary, which has been established in the Broadway, Deptford, more than half a century, was celebrated on Saturday last at the Crown and Sceptre Tavern, Greenwich. The company, amounting to upwards of 200, sat down to dinner at six o'clock, in the great room of the tavern, which has been lately erected. The Duke of Wellington was the Chairman; there were also present Lords Bexley, Sydenham, and Homesdown, the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Legge, and several other clergymen. Sir E. Knatchbull, Bart., M.P., Mr. Barnard, M.P., Sir W. Geary, Bart., M.P., Sir F. Filmer, Bart., Mr. Angerstein, M.P., Sir T. Wilson, Bart., Mr. W. Attwood, &c.

"The DUKE OF WELLINGTON rose and said, before he named the toast it was his duty to propose, he would state that in consequence of a requisition he had received from the Directors of the Institution, he had applied to the Secretary of State, to request Her Majesty's pleasure as to her continuing a Patroness of the Dispensary. The answer was, that she graciously consented that he (the Duke) should announce that it was Her Majesty's gracious intention to continue Patroness. (Loud cheers.) He would now propose 'The

health of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria.' (Great cheering.)

"The 'health of Queen Adelaide,' the Queen Dowager, was next drank with the accustomed honours, and was followed by those of the 'Royal Family of England.'

"Captain SMITH briefly returned thanks for the Navy, and the Noble Duke for the Army. No men, His Grace observed, could be more interested in the success of charities like the Kent Dispensary, than the officers of the army.

"HIS GRACE next proposed the 'health of the Bishop of the Diocese and the Clergy.' (Great cheering.) They were a body of men whom he found in all places active and forward in promoting charities of this description."

"In returning thanks, the Hon. and Rev. Henry Legge said the Kent Dispensary had been founded by a clergyman. It extended its benefits over a district of ten parishes, and since its foundation had afforded relief to 143,000.

In proposing the toast of "Prosperity to the Kent Dispensary," the Chairman adverted to the benefits conferred by the Charity. He regretted that it was in debt, but a debt of £200 had been paid off during the year. It would not be difficult to pay off the remaining debt; he appealed to the Meeting to come forward with him and help to

extend its utility, and mentioned what had been done two or three years ago by vigorous exertion to get the St. George's Hospital out of debt. There might be differences of opinion as to the best mode of relieving the poor, but there could be none as to relieving the sick. He called upon the company to enable the Dispensary to pay its debts, and secure its utility (Cheers). The health of the Duchess of Kent, the Patroness of the Institution, was then drank.

LORD BEXLEY returned thanks for the toast of the "President and Vice-Presidents," and immediately proposed the health of the Duke of Wellington (Cheers for several minutes). His Grace was not more distinguished for military eminence than for his beneficence; he was not more distinguished as being the Conqueror of the Conqueror of Europe than for his charitable virtues and for his patronage of all Charitable Institutions (Cheers). He would propose his health with three times three (Immense applause).

As soon as the acclamation which followed this toast subsided,

The Duke of Wellington rose and said "nothing had given him greater satisfaction than to have been able to be present with the company that day. Circumstances had recently taken place which all must deplore. He for one, in conse-

quence of those circumstances, could have wished the meeting to have been postponed, but he thought the postponement would have been injurious to the Institution. In a fortnight or three weeks, many persons who were able to attend that day would unavoidably be absent in different parts of the country. The object of the meeting, he thought, would be a sufficient apology for not postponing it, and sincerely hoped the result of the day would show that he judged correctly. His Grace then returned thanks for the honour done him by the company."

The Company rose simultaneously and cheered the noble Chairman for upwards of five minutes, a scene of greater excitement and enthusiasm was hardly ever witnessed on a similar occasion. His Grace seemed highly sensible of the honour paid him, and bowed to his admirers with feelings of the deepest sense of their good wishes.

The health of the Princess Sophia was then drunk with the usual honours, the Chairman observing that it should have taken the precedence of several other toasts, but it had been unintentionally postponed.

Sir E. Knatchbull, Sir W. Geary, and Mr. Hodges, returned thanks for the toast of the "Members for the County," and Mr. Angerstein that for "Members of the Borough."

The report was then read, by which it appeared that nearly £500 was subscribed in the room.

The health of the various Officers of the Institution was then drunk, and at half-past eleven o'clock the company broke up. The Duke of Wellington, on getting into his carriage, which was surrounded by a dense mob, was loudly cheered.

Another newspaper paragraph of July, 1837, gives the following account:—

"Kent Dispensary .- The Fifty-third anniversary of this Institution was celebrated on Saturday evening, at the Crown and Sceptre, Greenwich, by a large party of the Governors and Subscribers, assisted by many illustrious strangers from different parts of the country. The Duke of Wellington presided. When it was known that His Grace had promised to take the chair at the dinner, a great struggle took place to procure tickets, and had there been space to accommodate three times as large a company the seats would have been eagerly occupied. The noble Duke, in giving the Queen's health, said he was permitted to convey Her Majesty's consent to continue the patroness of the Charity. Her Majesty's health was received with great enthusiasm, and the crowd without echoed the cheers of those within. In proposing 'Prosperity to the Institution,' the Duke said, 'Whatever people might say about the nature of relief to be given to the poor-and in those days of general discussion that question was often referred towhatever might be said about the nature of the relief to be given to the poor, there could be no doubt that it was eminently useful to take care of the sick. (Cheers.) This fact was quite certain, that a common labourer, or a man belonging to the lower orders of society, could not have the means of duly providing for his own wants and for meeting the expenses necessary for the cure of those disorders to which all mankind were (Cheers.) The poor man must have subject. assistance upon those occasions, and it was upon such occasions that all Institutions of the present description were eminently calculated to succour (Cheers.) Under those circumstances he (the Chairman) did not hesitate to call upon the company to come forward that evening with him (loud cheers) to enable the Institution to pay off its debt, and to continue its services with increased utility in the populous neighbourhood in which it was established." (Loud cheers.)

The Duke's health was received with immense cheering, and every body present appeared anxious to salute the hero." The following is a copy of the dutiful address from the Governors to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, expressive of their most grateful thanks for Her Gracious condescension in becoming the Patroness of the Charity:—

"To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty."
"We, your Majesty's most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, the President, Vice-Presidents, Medical Officers and Governors of the Kent Dispensary in General Meeting assembled, beg permission most humbly to offer to your Majesty our sincere congratulations upon your Majesty's Accession to the Throne of your Ancestors, and to express our feelings of devoted attachment and loyalty to your Majesty's Royal Person.

"In presuming to lay before your Majesty the claims of the Kent Dispensary to your Royal Patronage and Bounty, we trust we may be allowed to mention with feelings of the deepest gratitude that for many years it was honoured with the patronage of your Majesty's august Father, His Royal Highness the late lamented Duke of Kent, whose personal attendance at its public meetings and princely donations to its funds contributed greatly towards rendering it one of the most efficient Charities in the neighbourhood of the Metropolis.

"Since His Royal Highness' lamented de-

cease, the Charity has been honoured with the gracious patronage and support of your illustrious Mother, Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent.

"The objects of this charity are to afford gratuitous medical assistance and relief to the sick poor resident in the densely populated towns of Deptford, Greenwich, Lewisham, Eltham, and Woolwich, with their dependencies of Blackheath, Charlton, Kidbrook, and Lee in Kent; and in Camberwell and the lower parts of Rotherhithe, in Surrey; and to the providing proper and gratuitous medical and surgical assistance to poor married women residing in those districts at their delivery and during their confinement.

"The medical department consists of one Physician and thirteen Surgeons, all of whom give their services gratuitously, and since the establishment of the Charity, in 1783, nearly 150,000 persons have been admitted and received relief, and there are now 360 patients under care.

"The resources are derived solely from voluntary subscriptions and benefactions, but owing to the daily increasing claims that are pouring in for relief, they are found very inadequate to support the expenditure, and the Committee of Management are thereby prevented from carrying out the benevolent intentions of the founders to their full extent.

"Such may it please your Majesty are the facts relative to the present condition and resources of the Kent Dispensary, and as His Grace the Duke of Wellington having at the last Anniversary Meeting signified your Majesty's most gracious pleasure to become the Patroness of the Charity, we have humbly ventured to approach your Majesty to return our grateful and dutiful thanks for your Majesty's condescension in so doing, and to solicit that your Majesty will be further graciously pleased to continue to the Charity your Royal favour and protection, and also permit it hereafter to be called the Royal Kent Dispensary. And we will most humbly and fervently pray that Almighty God may bless your Majesty with a long, prosperous, and peaceful reign, with the increasing loyalty and affection of your Subjects, and that your Majesty's name associated with recollections of everything enlightened and charitable may descend in grateful remembrance to the latest Posterity."

The following letter was received from His Grace the Duke of Wellington assenting to the request of the Governors to permit his name to be added to the list of Vice-Presidents of the Charity.

"LONDON,

" November 16th, 1837.

"SIR,

"I have had the honor of receiving your "letter of the 11th inst.

"I am infinitely flattered by the desire of the "Governors of the Kent Dispensary that I should "be one of the Vice-Presidents of the Society. "I accept the honor and beg leave to return my "thanks.

"I have the honor to be, your most "obedient, humble servant,

"WELLINGTON.

"CHARLES JOSEPH CARTTAR, ESQ.,

"Blue Stile, Greenwich."

November, 1837, Mr. C. M. Aldridge, (Chemist), of High Street, Deptford, having offered his services gratuitously, was appointed "Cupper" to the Charity on the recommendation of the Medical Committee. This office was filled up for many subsequent years.

On the following 21st of June, 1838, the night of the Coronation of Her Majesty, the front of the Dispensary House was illuminated with a Crown and a row of lamps round the words "Royal Kent Dispensary."

On the 15th August, 1838, Sir Edmund Filmer, Bart., M.P., occupied the chair at the Anniversary Dinner at the Crown and Sceptre Hall, Greenwich.

On 27th October, 1838, Prior Purvis, M.D., Lond., was elected Surgeon for the district of Greenwich. The London University founded by the Crown, obtained the Charter on November 28th, 1836. At the first examination held by this body in July, 1839, Dr. Prior Purvis, along with eight others (Drs. Taylor, Cooke, Hindle, Hobson, Lewis, Mackenzie, Manger, Storrar), obtained the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, and alone survives.

In 1839, the Treasurer, Adam Gordon, Esq., died; he had held the post for ten years, and had manifested the greatest zeal in the promotion and prosperity of the Charity. He was succeeded by Sir Thomas M. Wilson, Bart., an acting Treasurer, Samuel Gardiner, Esq., was also appointed; Mr. Gardiner resigned this office in 1856, and a special vote of thanks was then presented to him, on vellum, for his long and useful services. Sir Thos. Maryon Wilson (8th Baronet), Col. W. Kent Militia, High Sheriff of the County of Kent, was born 14th April, 1800, and died unmarried 6th May, 1869, having held the office of Treasurer for thirty years up to the time of his death.

In the Annual Statement for 1839, the number of patients treated since the commencement was said to be 149,720, and during the last year 4,033.

The following are the names of the Medical Officers of the Charity in 1839.

William Tutin Haycraft, M.D., Physician.

Mr.	T. Oak,	1
,,	F. C. Finch,	
,,	Keeble,	Greenwich.
,,	Sturton,	
,,	Prior Purvis,	
,,	Hatfull, Mitchell,	Deptford.
"	Butler,	Woolwich.
,,	Turner,	
,,	King,	Eltham.
,,	Austen,	Rotherhithe.
,,	Hawkins,	Camberwell.
,,	Sams,	Kidbrooke, Blackheath,
,,	Carr,	and Lee.
	Brown,	{
"	Gemsa.	Lewisham.
"	Genisa.)

On the election this year (1839), of the House Surgeons or Medical Officers in attendance at the Dispensary, we find that the rule which had been in force some few years still existed, viz., that the Medical Officers for Deptford and Greenwich were alone competent to become candidates.

A sermon preached this year (Jan. 20th, 1839), on behalf of the Charity by the renowned Pulpit Orator, Rev. Henry Melvill, B.D., added £76 5s. 4d. to its funds.

Henry Melvill, well known as the "Golden Lecturer" for many years, was Minister of Camden Chapel, Camberwell, from 1829 to 1843, and was subsequently (1853) one of Her Majesty's chaplains, (1856) Canon of St. Paul's, and (1863) Rector of Barnes (see Herzog's Religious Encyclopædia by Schaff, 1883, Vol. II.)

In 1840, the 56th Anniversary Dinner was held at the Green Man, Blackheath, 20th June, Lord Bexley being in the Chair in the place of H.R.H. The Duke of Cambridge, who was prevented from attending by the state of his health.

After the health of Her Majesty the Queen, the Queen Dowager, the Duchess of Kent, and the rest of the Royal Family had been drank in a most enthusiastic manner, that of the Army and Navy followed.

Lord Bexley, the Chairman, in reply to the toast of his health, said that he trusted that the Charity, which was one among the most valuable of the many noble institutions with which the country abounded, would continue for ages to receive at the hands of the wealthy and powerful

the support to which it was so justly entitled.

The Honorable and Rev. Legge, in returning thanks for the Bishop and Clergy, observed "that it should never be forgotten that "this Charity, which for 50 years had gladdened "the hearts of the destitute, and lightened the "sorrows of the sick-bed of poverty, owed its "origin to the exertions of a curate of the neigh- "bourhood," every succeeding year added to its usefulness and would, he trusted, be marked by an increase in its prosperity.

W. Attwood, Esq., in returning thanks for the Members of Parliament, in the course of a lengthy speech said that, "among the numerous charities of which this country had to boast, none stood more nobly prominent than the Kent Dispensary, nor was there one less liable to be abused in the distribution of its benevolence."

[The Hon. Henry Legge, D.C.L., was a warm supporter of the Charity in which he took the deepest interest, having preached numerous sermons on its behalf. He was the fifth son of George, third Earl of Dartmouth, and was Vicar of Lewisham from 1831 to 1879. He died in 1887, and is buried in Lewisham Cemetery. A sincere letter of sympathy and condolence was sent from the Governors to the Hon. Mrs. Legge for the great loss she had sustained.]

The Report stated that 155,346 patients had been treated, of these 52,015 had been visited at their own habitations. The number of cases treated during the past year was 4,061. The Medical Establishment then consisted of a Physician and sixteen Surgeons, "all of whom served the Charity gratuitously and from motives of humanity, also an apothecary who constantly resided at the Dispensary, and midwives who were paid according to their services."

In April, 1840, a loyal and dutiful address was sent to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, congratulating Her Majesty upon the recent occasion of Her Majesty's marriage with His Royal Highness the Prince Albert Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and was presented to Her Majesty by the President, Lord Bexley, and the Treasurer, Sir Thos. Maryon Wilson, Bart.

In offering to Her Majesty heartfelt congratulations, the address stated that the Royal Kent Dispensary had been "established for upwards of half a century for the relief of the sick poor in a densely populated part of the Western division of Kent, and that it had for many years enjoyed the especial protection and munificence of Her Majesty's Royal father, his Royal Highness the late lamented Duke of Kent, and which now, and for some time past, had been

fostered and upheld by Her Majesty's patronage and bounty."

A similar address was presented to His Royal Highness the Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, congratulating him upon the occasion of his marriage with Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen; and a third address was sent to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent from "the Governors of the Royal Kent Dispensary which had for many, many years been indebted to Her Royal Highness's liberality and especial patronage, which for many years was also nurtured and supported by the personal aid, patronage and munificence of His Royal Highness the late lamented Duke of Kent, and which now likewise boasted of the distinguished name of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen as its patroness."

In July, Sir Thos. Maryon Wilson reported that he had attended the recent Levée and presented the address to Her Majesty the Queen, who was most graciously pleased to receive the same—also that he had presented the address to His Royal Highness Prince Albert, who was pleased to return the following most gracious answer: "Pray accept my sincere thanks for the address which I have just received and assure the Governors of this Institution that my best wishes attend the success of their

exertions;" and that he had presented the address to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent, who was pleased to return the following most gracious answer: "I receive the address of the Royal Kent Dispensary with sincere pleasure; and I beg you will assure its members that I shall always take a warm interest in the well-being of that excellent Institution."

At the Quarterly Meeting of the Medical Committee (the Medical Committee was at this time appointed annually by the Quarterly General Meeting of governors in October), Dr. Haycraft being in the chair, it was decided that the Annual Dinner of the members of this Committee should be held at the Ship Tavern, Greenwich, on Thursday, 10th September, 1840, at 6 o'clock punctually.

It was subsequently held either at the Trafalgar, or at the Crown and Sceptre Tavern. [This dinner was recently (1892) revived at the Ship Hotel by the Hon. Medical Officers of the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary.]

The following were the qualifications required for the post of Surgeons for the Districts in 1840: "a Diploma of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and a License from the Apothecaries' Company, or the usual warrant or Commission as a Surgeon in the Navy or Army."

The gentlemen elected were obliged to reside within the district, and perform the duties of the office gratuitously. The Candidates had to attend personally and produce their qualifications before the Medical Committee at the Dispensary, or they would be deemed ineligible on the day of election. This regulation had been in force for many years, and has continued one of the rules until the present time (1893).

In the early part of 1841 a very serious difference sprang up between the Members of the Medical Committee and the Monthly Committee, chiefly relative to the interpretation of a certain rule which led to the public resignation of sixteen members of the medical staff. The Monthly Committee contended that the office of one of the Surgeons for the Deptford district had been rendered vacant by the removal of Mr. Oak to another part of the district, whilst the Medical Committee denied that the office was vacant.

The misunderstanding was readily adjusted by two special general meetings of Governors held in February and May, at the Green Man, Blackheath, under the presidency of the Rt. Hon. Lord Bexley.

The first meeting was convened by requisition "for the purpose of taking into consideration the circumstances which led to the resignation of the Medical Officers of the Institution," and "for the purpose of proposing such measures as may appear conclusive to the permanent well-being and efficiency of so valuable an Institution." One hundred and thirteen Governors attended on the occasion.

Ultimately a rule was framed that "five Medical Officers should be associated in the formation of the Monthly Committee, who shall be named yearly by the Medical Committee at their meeting in January."

A re-arrangement was also made in several of the districts.

3rd District to be Woolwich and that part of Charlton up to the High Dover Road.

4th District to be Kidbrooke, Blackheath, and the remaining part of Charlton and Lee.

7th District to be from Camberwell Church to the New Cross House, Deptford.

It was also thought that it would materially add to the efficiency of the Charity if depôts for the dispensing of medicines were forthwith established at chemists in the out-districts of Woolwich, Eltham, East Greenwich, Blackheath, Lewisham, and Rotherhithe.

(In 1853 the East district of Greenwich was divided into two—Trafalgar Road forming the boundary, North and South.)

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

"THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE appointed at the Extraordinary Special Meeting of the Governors held at the Green Man, Blackheath, on Saturday, the 20th day of February, 1841, "for the purpose of taking into "consideration the circumstances which led to the resig-"nation of sixteen Medical Gentlemen of the Institution, and proposing such measures as might appear conducive "to the permanent well-being and efficiency of so valuable an Institution," and who were directed, "To receive and consider any statements which might be laid before "them respecting the affairs of the Charity; and also "empowered to propose any measures which may appear to be conducive to the permanent well-being and "efficiency of so valuable an Institution," beg to Report, that they have proceeded to investigate the causes which led to the resignation of those Medical Gentlemen, and find that the statement is recorded in the Minutes of the several Meetings held on and since the 19th day of November, 1840, in the following words, namely:—

"At a Meeting of the Monthly Committee, held on "Thursday, the 19th day of November, 1840,

SAMUEL GARDINER, Esq., in the Chair;

Read the 34th Rule as follows—"That the (Medical) "Department shall consist of 1 Physician; and, if they can be "got, at least 12 Surgeons and Medical Assistants, who are to "be resident within their particular Districts; whereof, two or "more shall be appointed for Deptford, two or more for "Greenwich; two or more for Woolwich; one or more for "Charlton, Kidbrook, Blackheath, and Lee; the like for "Lewisham, Rotherhithe, Camberwell, and Eltham, &c."

Resolved-

That Mr. Thomas Oak, having removed from the District of Greenwich, has thereby, according to the 34th Rule of the Charity, vacated his office of Surgeon to the Institution.

Resolved unanimously-

That the best thanks of the Governors be, and they are hereby presented to Mr. Oak for his past long and valuable services to the Charity in that District.

Ordered_

That the Secretary communicate to Mr. Oak the above Resolution by Letter.

Resolved-

That the Medical Committee be specially summoned and consulted as to the necessity of filling up the vacancy occasioned by the removal of Mr. OAK.

"At a Special Meeting of the Medical Committee, held on "Monday, the 30th day of November, 1840,

Dr. HAYCRAFT, in the Chair;

The Secretary read the minutes of the last Monthly Committee relative to the removal of Mr. Oak and the vacancy thereby created.

Mr. Oak being present, and having stated that he had not sent in his resignation, and that he had not ceased to practice in the District of Greenwich.

It was resolved unanimously-

That the Medical Committee are therefore of opinion that there is not at present a vacancy in the District of Greenwich.

Ordered-

That the Secretary communicate the above resolution to the next meeting of the Monthly Committee.

"At a Meeting of the Monthly Committee, held on "Thursday, the 17th day of December, 1840,

Mr. I. SHEWELL, in the Chair;

The Secretary read the minutes of the Special Meeting of the Medical Committee of the 30th November last.

The same having been discussed.

It was moved by the Rev. J. Prendergast, seconded by Mr. Charles Cooper, and

Resolved-

That a Special General Meeting of the Governors of the Charity be called for Thursday, the 7th day of January next, at the Dispensary, at 7 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of electing a Surgeon to the Charity for the District of Greenwich, vacant by the removal of Thomas Oak, Esq., from that District.

"At a Special Meeting of the Medical Committee, held on "Monday, the 28th day of December, 1840,

ROBERT HATFULL, ESQ., in the Chair;

The Secretary stated that he called the Meeting in pursuance of the following requisition, which had been handed to him by Dr. Haycraft.

"ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

"A Special Meeting of the Medical Committee to be "called on the 28th December, to consider the expediency of "making a new arrangement in the division of the Medical "Duty in the Greenwich District; and for reconsidering the "Minute of the Monthly Committee of November 19th, 1840."—Dated this 24th day of December, 1840."

"To Mr. C. J. Carttar, Secretary."

Read the minutes of the Monthly Committee of the 19th November last; also the minutes of the Medical Committee of the 30th November last, and the subject therein referred to, respecting the Greenwich District having been again considered and discussed.

It was proposed by Dr. Haycraft, seconded by Charles H. Sams, Esq., and

Resolved-

That the Monthly Committee having decided that a vacancy has taken place in Greenwich, the Medical Committee have reconsidered the question put to them by the minutes of the 19th November, and are of opinion that four Surgeons are quite sufficient to perform the duties in the Greenwich District, they having been formerly attended to by two Surgeons.

It was proposed by Dr. Haycraft and seconded by William Carr, Esq., and

Resolved-

That Mr. Keeble and Mr. F. C. Finch attend the Patients on the West Side of Greenwich Hospital; and that Mr. Sturton and Mr. Purvis attend the Patients on the East Side of Greenwich Hospital.

The above division of Duty was agreed to by the Surgeons of the Greenwich District, Messrs. F. Cotton Finch, W. Sturton, and P. Purvis being present at this Committee, and a note having been read from Mr. Keeble to Mr. Henley, requesting that the District formerly attended to by Mr. Oak, might be given to him.

"At a Meeting of the Medical Committee, held on "Wednesday, the 30th day of December, 1840,

Dr. HAYCRAFT, in the Chair;

It was moved by John Sutton, Esq., and seconded by Henry Benwell, Esq., and

Resolved unanimously-

That the following Report be submitted to the General Meeting of the Governors convened for the 7th day of January next.

REPORT.

The Medical Committee of the Royal Kent Dispensary having met in pursuance of the Notices issued by the Secretary "for the purpose of examining the Candidates who might offer "themselves for the District of Greenwich," beg respectfully to draw the attention and consideration of the Governors assembled at the General Meeting convened for the 7th of January next, to the minutes of the Monthly Committee of the 19th of November last, to the minutes of the Medical Committee of the 30th of November last, to the minutes of the Monthly Committee of the 17th December instant, and to the minutes of the Medical Committee of the 28th of December instant; and to state, after again maturely considering the subject referred to and the opinion of this Committee therein entertained, that the Monthly Committee had no authority, according to the Rules of the Charity, to dismiss Mr. Oak from his Office of Surgeon for the District of Greenwich; but that, if even the opinion of this Committee should be erroneous on that point, this Committee still think that the question originally proposed to them

by the Monthly Committee of the 19th November, namely, "as "to the necessity of filling up the vacancy," ought to have been again referred to them.—In the full expectation that the Governors would be desirous of acting in accordance with the unanimous wishes of the Medical Officers of the Charity, a Special Meeting of this Committee was held on Monday last, to reconsider the subject referred to them; and the resolutions therein set forth, were passed.—The Medical Committee therefore beg to decline examining this evening the Gentlemen who may be in attendance, as Candidates; in the full belief that the Governors will not proceed to the Election after the decided opinion of this Committee, that four Surgeons are sufficient for the proper performance of the duties in Greenwich.

"At a Special General Meeting of the Governors of the "Charity, held on Thursday, the 7th day of January, 1841,

SAMUEL GARDINER, ESQ., in the Chair;

After considerable discussion the Secretary read the minutes of the Monthly Committee of the 19th November last; the minutes of the Special Medical Committee of the 30th of November last; the minutes of the Monthly Committee of the 17th of December last; and the minutes of the Special Medical Committee of the 28th and 30th of December last.

The 27th Rule was also read, as follows: "That the "Physician to be elected must be a Member of the Royal "College of Physicians in London; and the following quali-"fications are required of each Candidate for the Office of "Surgeon and Medical Assistant,-a Diploma of the Royal "College of Surgeons in London, and License of the Apothe-"caries' Company; or the usual Warrant or Commission as a "Surgeon in the Navy or Army. That every Candidate for the "said Office of Surgeon and Medical Assistant shall leave his "name and address at the Dispensary for the Secretary; who, "on the earliest opportunity shall give him notice to attend and "produce the qualifications above specified, at such time and "place as shall be appointed by public advertisement for the "meeting of the Medical Committee: which meeting shall not "be less than seven nor more than ten days previous to the "Election; and no person shall be eligible to the said Office of "Surgeon and Medical Assistant, unless he shall attend and "produce such qualifications, which must be reported to the

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"General Meeting, specified in the preceding rule; but if no "Candidate shall offer, having such qualification, then the "Governors shall proceed to elect such other person as the

" Medical Committee may recommend."

Proposed by Mr. John Wade and seconded by Mr. Allen:-

"That Mr. Joseph Appleton, of Trafalgar Road, Green-"wich, be elected Surgeon to the Charity for the District of "Greenwich, vacant by the removal of Mr. Oak from that "Town."

Whereupon it was moved by Mr. Powle, and seconded by Mr. William Carter Moore, by way of Amendment :-

"That this Meeting adjourn until this day month, for the "purpose of giving the Medical Committee an opportunity of "examining the Candidates who may offer for the vacant Office "of Surgeon, and reporting to this Meeting their resolution

The Chairman having put the Amendment, declared the same to be lost.

After some further discussion the original Motion was put, and declared to be carried.

John Sutton, Esq., protested against the Election as illegal and contrary to the Rules of the Institution.

"At a Meeting of the Monthly Committee held on Thursday, the 21st day of January, 1841.

SAMUEL GARDINER, ESQ., in the Chair.

The Secretary read the minutes of the several Committees since the 19th of November last.

The Secretary then read the following communication he had received, namely:

" 13th January, 1841.

"We, the undersigned Members of the Medical Committee "and Medical Officers of the Royal Kent Dispensary, in "consequence of the insults offered to us by the Monthly "Committee and late General Meeting, consider that we "cannot in justice to ourselves, or with proper regard to the "true Interests of the Charity, longer continue our services, and "therefore resign.

"W. T. HAYCRAFT, M.D., Chairman.

"JOHN SUTTON

"FREDERICK FINCH

"THOMAS OAK

"ROBERT HATFULL

"S. W. BROWN

"ROBT. MITCHELL

"CHAs. H. SAMS

"WILLIAM CARR

JOHN HAWKINS
F. COTTON FINCH
WM. STURTON
WM. ATKINS
CHRISTR. GEMSA
HENRY BENWELL
JOHN ATKINS

"To Mr. C. J. CARTTAR, Secretary,"

(This was publicly advertised in the "West Kent Guardian" and other local papers.)

It was moved by Edward Legh, Esq. and seconded by Mr. William Street, and

Resolved unanimously-

That this Committee regret extremely the receipt of the communication from Dr. Haycraft and others, tendering their resignations as Physician and Surgeons to this Charity, a step which this Committee considers may seriously injure the Institution if persisted in. Whilst this Committee deeply lament the indiscretion of Individuals at the recent Meetings towards the Medical Gentlemen,—this Committee, confidently hope that such conduct will not be visited upon their body, as they at once disavow any intention or desire to give the slightest offence, much less "insult" to the Medical Officers, who have for so many years served the Charity, with so much credit to themselves and advantage to the Poor. This Committee therefore urgently entreat the Medical Officers to re-consider and re-call their resignations now tendered, which are for the present not accepted.

Ordered-

That the Secretary transmit a copy of the above resolution to Dr. Haycraft, for the information of the above named Medical Gentlemen.

"At a Special Meeting of the Monthly Committee held on Wednesday, the 10th day of February, 1841. SAMUEL GARDINER, ESQ., in the Chair. The Secretary read the following communication, received from Dr. Haycraft, in answer to the resolution of this Committee of the 21st ultimo.—Namely.

"Resolved unanimously.—That the Medical Officers and "Medical Committee in acknowledging the receipt of the "Extract from the minutes of the Monthly Committee of the "Royal Kent Dispensary, held January 21st, 1841, and which "was forwarded to Dr. Haycraft, consider, that the "indiscretion" of certain individuals referred to in that extract is not the only ground of their resignation; but rather the irregular and uncourteous conduct of the Monthly Committee and late "General Meeting, in over-ruling and totally subverting the resolutions and opinions of the Medical Officers, on purely "Medical questions, and which were formed in strict accordance with the Rules of the Charity, and moreover in all the late proceedings the laws of the Institution have been violated, by "the above-mentioned bodies, the Monthly Committee and late General Meeting; consequently the Medical Committee "cannot re-call their resignation.

"W. T. HAYCRAFT, M.D., Chairman."

It was moved by George Smith, Esq., and seconded by Mr. J. Shewell,

"That the resignation of the Physician and of the Medical "Officers be accepted and the Offices declared vacant."

Whereupon it was moved by Mr. C. Heyne, and seconded by Mr. J. Powle, by way of amendment,

"That a Sub-Committee of this Committee be appointed "for the purpose of meeting the Medical Gentlemen who have "tendered their resignations, with a view of coming to some "amicable and satisfactory arrangement of the matter."

The Chairman having put the amendment declared the same to be lost.

The original motion having been then put, the Chairman declared the same to be carried by 12 to 4.

Resolved-

That the Secretary call a Special General Meeting of the Governors, for Thursday, the 25th instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of filling up the several vacancies.

Moved by George Smith, Esq., and seconded by Captain Roberts, R.N., and

Resolved-

That the best thanks of the Governors are due and are hereby presented to the Physician, and to the several Medical Gentlemen who have resigned, for their past services to the Charity."

YOUR COMMITTEE having duly considered the same, together with the Rules of the Charity bearing upon the subject, and having consulted the Deputation from the Monthly Committee, as well as the Deputation from the Medical Gentlemen, have great satisfaction in stating, that the following Resolution was agreed on as calculated to re-establish, if carried into effect, the good feeling which has hitherto existed between the Monthly and Medical Committees; and to recall the valuable aid of those Medical Gentlemen who tendered their resignations in accomplishing the great object of the Charity, the relief of the Sick Poor; and it was therefore

Resolved unanimously—

"That it is expedient to rescind the several Resolutions "and Minutes of the several Monthly Committees, the several "Medical Committees, and the Special General Meeting of the "Governors, held between the 19th day of November, 1840, "and the 10th day of February, 1841, both inclusive, as above "set forth, and all other resolutions (if any) connected with the "subject thereof; and that it be and it is hereby recommended "to a Special General Meeting of the Governors (to be called "together for the purpose) to rescind and annul the same "accordingly."

YOUR COMMITTEE further beg to Report that they have carefully gone through and well considered the several standing Rules and Regulations by which the Institution is governed, and are unanimously of opinion, that the following alterations and additions would tend to the advantage of the Charity, and accordingly recommend to the Governors that the same be made:—namely—

[Note,—The words printed in *italics* constitute the principal alterations and additions,]

- In Rule 9—"That the Chair shall be taken at eleven o'clock in "the Forenoon precisely at the General Meetings in "January and October; and at Seven o'clock in the "evening precisely in April and July."
- Rule 10.—That this Rule be thus altered—"That at the "Quarterly General Meeting in January in every year, a "Committee of Fifteen Life Governors and 15 Annual "Subscribers shall be chosen, who, with the Stewards "elect, and any five Medical Officers shall meet at the "Dispensary on the third Thursday in every month to "conduct the affairs of the Charity; and to be called the "Monthly Committee "—that no person shall be "eligible to serve on such Committee for more than three "years in succession; nor at any fresh Election shall any "more than two-thirds of the old Committee be re-"appointed, unless three-fourths of the Governors present "concur."
- In Rule 11.—That this Rule stands thus—"That at the
 "Quarterly General Meeting in April, every year, a Com"mittee of five Governors shall be appointed to audit
 "quarterly all the accounts relating to the Charity for
 "the year commencing the 24th of June then next of
 "whom any three of them shall form a Board, and that an
 "Annual Balance Sheet of the Accounts to the twenty-fourth
 "of June be prepared and signed by the Auditors, and
 "printed and circulated for the use of the Governors."
- In Rule 14.—That the Words "Acting Treasurer" be added after the word "Treasurer," and the Words "and the Local Papers" after "Papers."
- In Rule 15.—That the following be added to this Rule—"and
 "that a List of all Donations and new Subscriptions
 "subscribed in the intervals of the Meetings of the Monthly
 "Committees be laid before the next Monthly Committee and
 "entered on the Minutes."
- New Rule.—That the following New Rule be added after the A present Rule 19, viz.—" That in the event of any difference "of opinion on the affairs of the Charity arising between "the Monthly and Medical Committees, the same shall be "referred to a Special General Meeting of the Governors."
- In Rule 26.—That the following words be added to this Rule, viz.—"and the Local Papers."

New Rule—That the following New Rule be added after the B present Rule 26, viz.—" That when any Medical Officer "shall ceuse to reside within the district for which he shall "have been originally elected, he shall report the same to the "next Monthly Committee, who shall obtain the decision of "a General Meeting as to the necessity of his vacating his "Office, or otherwise; but should the Medical Officer fail "to make such Report, the Monthly Committee shall report "the circumstance themselves to a General Meeting."

New Rule.—That the following New Rule be added after the C present Rule 29, viz.—"That the Treasurer, Acting "Treasurer, and Secretary, provide Sureties each for £300 "for the due accounting of all monies received."

In Rule 32.—That the following words be inserted after the word "created," viz.—"except at some Special General "Meeting convened by the President, on the requisition of at "least 21 Governors stating the precise object of the "alteration intended to be proposed, or on report of the "Monthly Committee, and with the consent of two "successive General Meetings."

In Rule 33.—That the 3rd district be as follows—"Woolwich "and that part of Charlton up to the High Dover Road."

That the 4th district be "Kidbrooke, Blackheath, the "remaining part of Charlton and Lee."

And that the 7th district be—"From Camberwell Church "to the New Cross House, Deptford."

In Rule 34.—That the words "and Charlton" be added after "Woolwich," and the word "Charlton" transposed after Blackheath.

In Rule 60.—That the following words be added "and he (the "collector) shall lay before every meeting of the Monthly "Committee the names of new Subscribers and of such as "are deceased or have declined to subscribe."

With respect to the proposed alterations in the first part of Rule 10, and in Rule 32, above set out, YOUR COMMITTEE regret to state, that the same have not received the approval of the Monthly Committee, neither do they approve of the proposed new Rule A, but that they recommend that the words "or Medical" be added after the word "Monthly" in the 14th Rule in

lieu thereof: Your Committee, however, strongly recommend that the proposed alterations in Rule 10 and Rule 32, and the new Rule A, be approved of by the Governors.

All the other proposed alterations and additions, Your Committee have the pleasure of saying have received the approval of the Monthly Committee; as on reference to their Minutes will appear.

YOUR COMMITTEE beg further to Report, that they have investigated the Treasurer's Accounts, and find the same duly Audited to the 24th of June, 1840.

That they have also investigated the Secretary's Accounts and brought up the same to the 25th day of March, 1841, and that the balance in his hands has been duly paid over to the Treasurer.

That they have also investigated the Collector's Accounts, and find the same duly audited to the 24th of June, 1840.

With regard to the present state of the finances of the Charity, Your Committee are of opinion that it will be necessary to solicit additional Donations and Subscriptions, as at Midsummer the Charity will be in Debt about the Sum of £350; which has apparently been accumulating the last two years.

YOUR COMMITTEE beg further to report, that they received the following communication from the Medical Gentlemen who were selected to attend their Meetings, namely:—

"The undersigned Medical Gentlemen beg to report "that they are of opinion that it will materially add to "the efficiency of the Charity if Depôts, contemplated "by the 54th Rule, for the dispensing of Medicines were "forthwith established at Chemists' in the out-districts of "Woolwich, Eltham, East Greenwich, Blackheath, "Lewisham, and Rotherhithe, and they beg strongly "to recommend that measures be immediately adopted

"for providing such Depôts at the least possible expense "to the Institution."

(Signed)

JOHN SUTTON, ROBT. HATFULL, CHAS. H. SAMS, WILLIAM CARR.

"To the Special Committee of the Royal Kent Dispensary."

YOUR COMMITTEE recommend that a trial of the above plan should be forthwith made at Eltham, Blackheath, and Rotherhithe, and that should the same be found to answer, and the expenses thereof to be within the limits of the means of the Charity, that the recommendation be followed out to the full extent.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1841, (Signed) THOMAS MARYON WILSON, Chairman.

Printed pursuant to the Resolution of the Special General Meeting of the Governors, held on the 20th of February, 1841.

> CHARLES J. CARTTAR, Sec., Greenwich, 10th May, 1841."

At the second Special General Meeting of Governors on 19th May, at the Green Man, the above report of the Special Committee was adopted.

All the minutes of the Committees were rescinded, and the Medical Officers remained at their posts.

Rules were drawn up as stated above for the future welfare of the Institution. The Times of Thursday, August 26th, 1841, gives the account of the ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY Dinner of this year:

"The 57th Anniversary dinner of the Royal Kent Dispensary took place yesterday (25th), at the Crown and Sceptre Tavern, Greenwich, His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, K.G., in the chair. Upwards of 120 gentlemen sat down to the very excellent cheer which was provided; among whom we noticed the Right Hon. Lord Bexley, the Hon. and Rev. Henry Legge, Captain Deans Dundas, M.P., Lieutenant-Colonel Cator, R.A., Mr. John Angerstein, Sir T. M. Wilson, Bart., Mr. Crowley Millington, Colonel Jones, Dr. Haycraft, Admiral Taylor, and many other influential gentlemen. The cloth having been removed:—

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS proposed the health of "Her Majesty the Queen" with all the honours.

The National Anthem having been played by the band of the Royal Artillery, "the health of His Royal Highness Prince Albert and the Princess Royal" was drunk. The "Queen Dowager and the rest of the Royal Family" followed. Then the "Vice Patroness, the Duchess of Kent" and "The Army and Navy," for which COLONEL CATOR in a very neat and appropriate speech returned thanks. He said "he experienced a difficulty even on ordinary occasions in addressing any assembly, but he felt it more particularly when the toast had been proposed by so illustrious a personage. He, however, would briefly return his thanks."

Admiral Taylor, who, we believe was a midshipman under Captain Cook, also returned thanks, but in so low a voice that we could not catch his words.

"The Archbishop of Canterbury and the Clergy" was next announced, when The Hon. AND REV. Mr. Legge returned thanks. He spoke in the most unqualified terms of approbation of the Charity, and begged to remind the meeting that it owed its origin to a poor curate, with a small salary (applause).

The Duke of Cambridge then said "that the Charity spoke for itself; that it only shewed what the mass of contributors could do, and that it was not by large individual sums, but by many persons clubbing together that great good was effected; that there were no less than sixteen medical men who attended the Institution gratuitously, and what was a distinguishing feature in the Institution was, that poor women were attended during their confinement at their own homes free of expense."

It is impossible, from the limited space to which we are restricted, to add more than that after the usual toasts, the Secretary read a report, and then a second, by which it appeared that £250 7s. had been subscribed during the evening for the use of the Charity."

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge contributed a handsome donation of £20, and £25 on a similar occasion the previous year (1840).

The Report stated that "since the establishment of the Charity, 159,484 patients have been admitted, of whom 53,420 have been visited at their own habitations, 22,950 were poor married women delivered and attended during their confinement, and 369 patients now remain under care. During the last twelve months the number of patients admitted was 4,068."

The Rev. Thos. Ainger, M.A., Assistant Minister at St. Mary's, Greenwich, was an energetic supporter of the Charity. Four of his sermons produced a sum of £188 18s. 9½d., viz: at the Parish Church, Eltham, 1829 (£68 2s. 6d.); at Lee Church, 1831 (£30); St. German's Chapel, 1836 (£34 1s.); and at St. Mary's, Greenwich, 1843 (£56 15s. 3½d).

In 1841 he was appointed by Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson to the perpetual curacy of Hampstead. Among other good works at Hampstead he helped to found a Dispensary in this rapidly developing district, (Stephen's National Biography, Vol. I, 1885).

Rev. Alex. E. Sketchley, M.A., D.D., who was Vicar of St. Nicholas, Deptford, from 1836 to 1874, preached at Charlton Church, May 15th, 1842, on behalf of the Charity. £18 8s. 5½d. was collected on the occasion.

Sir Thos. Maryon Wilson, Bart., held a Fête Champêtre in his Park and Pleasure Grounds at Charlton House, on 1st June, 1842. The munificent sum of £558 16s. 6d. was added to the funds after payment of all expenses, and the Institution thereby placed out of debt. Two hundred and eighty governors acted as a Managing Committee on the occasion.

The first volume of the *Illustrated London* News, Saturday, June 4th, 1842, contains a short account of the Fête.

"The Fête given at Charlton on Wednesday, for the benefit of the Royal Kent Dispensary, went off with great éclat. The fineness of the day, and the variety of amusements provided, attracted a very large assemblage, among whom were many fashionables of note. Great praise is due to those who had the management of the fête, for the excellent arrangements made for the

gratification of the visitors, and especially to Sir T. M. Wilson, Bart., who so liberally allowed the use of his beautiful park."

"The entertainment was, in every respect, a satisfactory one, and from the number of visitors, it is probable that the Charity will have been much benefited."

Similar Fêtes were held subsequently at intervals of a few years—in 1845, 1848, 1857, and proved a delightful source of entertainment to the many thousands who attended. By these four Fêtes no less than £1,619 8s. were handed over to the Institution.

A deputation of Governors, with the sincere thanks of the Governors inscribed on vellum, waited upon Sir Thos. Wilson to assure him personally of the deep sense of gratitude for his services.

Sir T. M. Wilson also took the chair this year at the 58th Anniversary Dinner.

Charlton House was built between 1607 and 1612, by Sir Adam Newton of Richmond, Surrey, probably from the designs of Inigo Jones, who inhabited a villa at Cherry Orchard, Charlton. Charlton House is of red brick, and a good example of the picturesque style of Jacobean architecture. It is one of the finest specimens of the Stuart Period in the South of England, and is

now the seat of Sir Spencer Maryon-Maryon Wilson, Bart. (Lieut.) R.N., J.P., Lord of the Manor, also a Vice-President of this Charity.

Charlton House, Park, and Pleasure Grounds occupy 93 acres.

1843.

Patroness:

Her Most Gracious Majesty the QUEEN.

Vice-Patroness:

Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent.

President:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BEXLEY.

Vice-Presidents:

His Grace the Duke of Wellington,

The Rt. Hon the EARL OF DARTMOUTH,

The Rt. Hon. the EARL OF ROMNEY,

The Rt. Hon. LORD VISCOUNT SYDNEY,

The Hon. and Rev. HENRY LEGGE, D.C.L.,

The Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart., M.P.

The Rt. Hon. Francis T. Baring, M.P.,

Sir Thos. Maryon Wilson, Bart.,

Sir EDMUND FILMER, Bart., M.P.,

Admiral Sir George Marten, G.C.B.,

JOHN ANGERSTEIN, Esq.,

M. Wolverley Attwood, Esq.

Treasurer:

Sir Thos. Maryon Wilson, Bart.

In 1843, through the exertions of the Charity Sermons Committee—during the months May to August, the sum of £166 os. 11d. was raised by the clergy in the surrounding places of worship. The sermon preached in the newly built church of St. Margaret's, Lee, in June, two years after its consecration, was by the Rev. A. Drummond, M.A., Vicar of Charlton, and the first sermon for the Charity in Trinity Church, Blackheath Hill, three years after its consecration, was preached by Rev. B. S. Ffinch. The foundation stone of Trinity Church was laid by the Princess Sophia Matilda, July, 1838.

At the 59th Anniversary Dinner this year, on 19th July, at the Crown and Sceptre Hall, Greenwich, the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Sydney presided.

That same year Mr. Henley, the Apothecary, resigned through age and feeble state of health after 43 years faithful service, and an annuity of £50 per annum was allowed him for his life time. His death took place three years later.

On the 26th June, 1844, the Right Hon. the Earl of Dartmouth presided at the 60th Anniversary Dinner, held at the Crown and Sceptre Tavern; Col. Thos. Austen, M.P., at the 62nd Dinner in 1846; and Admiral Jas. W. Deans Dundas, C.B., M.P. for the Borough of

Greenwich, at the 68th Dinner at the same place in July, 1850.

A writer in a small but interesting book, "Summer Excursions in the County of Kent, along the banks of the rivers Thames and Medway, 1847," describes Deptford as being "now chiefly distinguished for a dense and poverty-stricken population—many hundreds of whom are engaged in the preparation of the 'bundles of wood' employed for firelighting by the housewives of the metropolis."

On August 13th, 1848, His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury preached the tenth and last sermon on behalf of the Charity, at Lewisham Parish Church. £52 1s. 8d. was collected on this occasion.

The 1st sermon for the Charity in this church was by the Rt. Rev. John Lord Bishop of Rochester, June, 1784 (£43 12s. 6d.)

The 2nd by the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D., March, 1790 (£23 10s.)

The 3rd by the Rev Colin Milne, D.D., June, 1801 (£45).

The 4th by the Rev. Jethro Inwood, B.A., June, 1806 (£33 9s.)

The 5th by the Rev. Geo. Matthew, Vicar of Greenwich, May, 1810 (£54 8s. 3d.)

The 6th by the Rev. R. C. Dillon, D.D., April, 1826 (£72 14s.)

The 7th by the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of Rochester, Sept., 1831 (£60 os. 4½d.)

The 8th by the Hon. and Rev. H. Legge, D.C.L., June, 1837 (£24 6s. 3d.)

The 9th by the Hon. and Rev. Dr. Legge, April, 1843 (£22 15s. 11d.)

An excellent short history of "The Parish Church of St. Mary, Lewisham," has recently been published by Leland L. Duncan, F.S.A. (Blackheath, 1892).

In 1848, the Executors of Thomas Shipman, Esq., of the Parish of Lewisham, sent dividends on a legacy of £400 (at 3½ per cent.) for the Charity. Thos. Shipman died 5th March, 1842, age 81, at his residence in Lewisham. He was one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent, and a liberal and Christian benefactor to the poor (see British Museum, Miscellaneous Papers, 579, l. 14), and took an active interest in this Charity. There is an inscription to his memory (on a high altar tomb on the South side) in St. Mary's Church, Lewisham.

John Thackeray, Esq., of the Priory, Lewisham, who took a keen and practical interest in the affairs of this Institution, died on the 13th May, 1851, aged 75, and bequeathed £200 to it amongst many other charitable legacies, which are recorded on his monument in Lewisham Church.

Inscription on a large Monument over the Western (Tower) Arch of St. Mary's, Lewisham:

"In memory of John Thackeray, Esq., of the Priory, in this Parish, who died on the 13th day of May, 1851, in the 75th year of his age. His remains are deposited in a vault under the south-east porch of this Church, where also repose the remains of his wife, Elizabeth, who died on the 21st day of January, 1847. John Thackeray was educated at Christ's Hospital, and was for many years an active, energetic, and faithful magistrate for the County of Kent. He built and endowed, in 1840, the Priory Almshouses for the maintenance of six aged females. He gave and bequeathed free of legacy duty £10,000 to Christ's Hospital, and his Library; £2,000 to Christ's Hospital Blind Charity; £500 to the Benevolent Society of Blues; £200 to the Female Orphan Asylum, Lambeth; £200 to the Asylum for the Blind; £200 to the Deaf and Dumb Asylum; £200 to the Philanthropic Society; £200 to the Royal Kent Dispensary; £200 to the London Orphan Asylum; £200 to the London Infant Orphan Asylum, Wandstead; and also £1,000 three per cent. consolidated annuities to the Minister, Churchwardens, and Overseers of this Parish for the time being, the interest of which is to be distributed for ever in sums of twenty shillings each on Easter Tuesday to fifteen poor men and fifteen poor women of sixty years of age at the least, who shall have been housekeepers, and paid rates, and resided therein at the time of applying for such gift, and not having received any of the parish gifts usually distributed on St. Thomas's Day previously, such poor persons to be chosen by the inhabitants then assembled in public Vestry.

Edward Hodges Baily, R.A., Del-et Sculp.

SAMUEL WILLIAM BROWN.
CHARLES AUGUSTIN SMITH.

This monument was erected in gratitude to a benevolent brother by Mary (? Osborn), Susannah Cooper, and Frances Thackeray."

The above extract is from "The Monumental Inscriptions of St. Mary, Lewisham," by Herbert C. Kirby and Leland L. Duncan, 1889. In April, 1851, the death of the Rt. Hon. Lord Bexley, the President, took place.

The same year was also remarkable for the future location of the Institution to which special reference must be made.

Notice having been received in February, (1851), from Mrs. Holloway, requiring the Governors to deliver up the possession of the house and premises in the Broadway, Deptford, used as the Dispensary, a permanent home was sought for the Charity, and the question occupied the attention of the Committee for the next few years.

Dr. Shirreff's House in the High Street, Deptford; Catherine House, Blackheath Road; Thornton House, Greenwich; Portland House, London Street, Greenwich; Bexley House, London Street, Greenwich; and lastly Lawn House, Greenwich Road, with grounds, belonging to Miss Bosher; were all suggested as convenient premises. This Freehold Property consisting of Lawn House and premises, with a garden and orchard, having a frontage of 417 feet and a depth of 186 feet, in the occupation and belonging to Miss Bosher, was offered by her for £2,900, with the fixtures at a valuation.

* It was at one time thought that the whole of Miss Bosher's property being "near to the

parish of Deptford, and in the high road, and having an extensive and good frontage, might be made easily available for building respectable private houses at a ground rent on leases of £61 a year, which will during that period bring in as much or more in amount than is now received as interest of the money at present in the funds, which would be required to purchase it, and at the end of the term the leases falling in would produce by the rack rents a very considerable rental to the Charity, and would then permanently place the Charity on that basis which would enable it to maintain itself almost irrespective of annual subscriptions." The Special Committee consisting of Mr. J. Poole, W. H. Rayden, T. Norfolk, S. S. Lewes, Dr. Haycraft, Mr. G. Wheelhouse. G. Bowman, W. Street, I. Peppercorn, J. F. Wright, recommended the sale of stock, £3,000, for this purpose. advertisements had been inserted in the newspapers, and after many meetings and considerable deliberation, as to the various sites, and wishing to obtain eligible premises on the high road, and in or near as possible to the town of Deptford, and freehold, so that the Charity might not in future be subject to removal, it was ultimately decided that the piece of freehold ground adjoining the Tabernacle (50ft. frontage and 70ft.

in depth), at £8 per foot, belonging to Lawn House (Miss Bosher's), in the Greenwich Road, should be purchased of Mr. Booth, the freeholder of Lawn House, and that a suitable building be erected. In the covenant of purchase a new road with width of not less than 25 feet was to be made by Mr. John Fitzgerald Booth on the South side of the ground.

The site chosen was mainly due to Robt. Mitchell, Esq. (an energetic Surgeon to the Charity for the district of Deptford for an almost continuous period of 21 years), from a meeting held at the Green Man, otherwise it would have been at Portland House, next the Greenwich Theatre, for at one of the meetings of Governors it was decided to buy this freehold property.

[Dr. R. N. Mitchell, who had succeeded his father in the district for some years, has always taken a keen interest in the Institution by liberal donations and support on many occasions.]

When the new building in Greenwich Road had been decided on, designs for an appropriate structure were advertised for in the "Times," "Builder" and the local papers. Two premiums of £15 and £10 were offered for the best and most approved plans; the two selected to become the property of the Committee. Twenty-seven designs were sent in, and publicly exhibited

at the Green Man, Blackheath; that of Messrs. Brandon and Ritchie was so much admired that its adoption was immediately agreed upon. The original perspective drawing in sepia may still be seen in one of the Medical Officer's rooms at the Dispensary. Mr. Gore O. Lane, architect, of John Street, Bedford Row, designed the second plan. The estimated cost of building by the plans of both the architects was £1,500.

A Committee composed of the following was appointed on 29th December (1851) to carry out the erection of the Building:—

Sir T. M. Wilson, Bart. Dr. W. T. Haycraft.
The Hon. Col. A. C. Legge. Mr. Benjamin Smith.
The Rev. W. A. Soames. ,, Thos. Norfolk.
The Rev. B. S. Ffinch. ,, Robt. Mitchell.
Francis B. Hookey, Esq. ,, Wm. Street.
John Sutton, Esq. ,, John Ashford.
Alderman Edward Eagleton, Esq., Treasurer
of Building Fund.

Messrs. Brandon and Ritchie, of Greenwich, were the architects employed, who carried their design into execution; and Mr. Edmund Smith, of Wood Street, Woolwich, the Builder.

The Rev. W. A. Soames took a most active part in the erection of the building, which was completed during the summer of 1855. The first Committee meeting was held at the New Dispensary, Greenwich Road, on the 18th October, 1855, and on the 16th January, 1856, the Special Committee for the important work "of erecting a Dispensary House to be the property of the Charity," reported that "not only was the edifice designed with due regard to ornament befitting a Public Institution, but what was of more importance that it was built in a solid and substantial manner," and that it had been "occupied for the purposes of the Institution since Michaelmas last. Both convenient in situation for the populous parishes in the neighbourhood, and well adapted by its internal arrangement for the business of the Charity."

The total expenditure and liabilities amounted to £2,954 13s. 7d., including purchase of site which has since proved to be very advantageous to the Institution.

A special fund for private subscriptions was opened, but £1,500 was withdrawn from the funds in case the private subscriptions should not be sufficient from time to time to answer the current demands for the purposes of the Building Fund.

The Kent Water Works Co. charged (July, 1856), £2 10s. per annum for the supply of water to the building, but presented the amount as an annual donation. They have generously continued this gift up to the present time (1893).

In 1855, a Donation of £57 2s. 11d. (subject to legacy duty) of a fund in a suit in Chancery—The Attorney General v. Hadey and others—was apportioned to the Charity by the Rev. Edward Penny, Rector of Great Mongeham, Kent, with the sanction of the Attorney General.

Dr. Haycraft on 24th January, 1856, resigned the Physiciancy which he had held since April 27th, 1837. He died before the following April (1856), when Dr. Robt. Venables, of Finsbury Circus, London, was appointed Physician. Dr. Venables was the last to hold this office, and died in April, 1872; he was a faithful friend, and great regret was felt at the loss of so zealous a colleague.

LIST OF

2101 01		
Physicians to the Charity,	1783 t	0 1872.
THEO. FORBES LEITH, M.D.,	ELECTED.	DIED OR RESIGNED.
F.R.S.*	1783	R 1799
THOS. SUTTON, M.D	1799	D 1835
WM. SUTTON, M.B	1835	R 1835
ROBERT BOYD, M.D	1836	R 1836
G. F. Evans, M.D	1836	R 1836
WM. TUTIN HAYCRAFT, M.D.	1837	R 1856
ROBERT VENABLES, M.D	1856	D 1872

^{*} Theodore Forbes Leith graduated M.D. at the University of Edinburgh in 1768, and was elected F.R.S. of London in 1781. He practised at Greenwich till his retirement in 1806, to Whitehaugh, Aberdeenshire, which he inherited from his elder brother. Dr. Leith died 6th Sept., 1819, (See Dictionary of National Biography,—Sidney Lee, vol. xxxiii, 1893, p. 11.

On the first formation of the Charity, there were appointed a Physician, and, until very lately, a staff of no less than 18 Medical Officers to perform the duties over the whole limits deriving benefit from the operations of the Charity (then said to contain a population of 100,000 souls), whereas now, April, 1856, through the decreased number (seven) of Medical Officers, and the enormous increase in the population,-the medical work became so great as to necessitate considerable alterations in the Medical Department. It was thought that by excluding the districts of Camberwell and Rotherhithe, which were not within the County of Kent-by dividing some of those which would remain, filling up those districts with, and thus increasing the number of, Medical Officers, the individual amount of labour might be reduced. Deptford to be divided into four districts, two on the South side and two on the North side of the London and Greenwich Railway; Greenwich into four districts. (The Railway from London Bridge to Greenwich was opened on 14th December, 1836, by the Lord Mayor of London, attended by the Lady Mayoress and several of the Foreign Ministers and Noblemen).

However, it was not until 1872 that Rotherhithe was removed from participation in the Sick and Lying-in Letters. The limits for visiting Patients at their own houses are now (1893) divided as follows:—1st, the two Parishes of Deptford into four or more divisions; 2nd Greenwich, into four or more divisions; 3rd, Woolwich; 4th, Upper and Lower Charlton; 5th, the High Dover Road, right and left, the remaining part of Charlton and Kidbrooke; 6th, Blackheath; 7th, Lee; 8th, Lewisham, into two or more divisions; and 9th, Eltham and Shooters' Hill.

On 16th June, 1856, at a meeting of the Charity Sermon Committee, the Secretary read a statement of the sermons that had been preached in aid of the funds of the Charity during the last fifteen years at the several Churches and places of Worship in the neighbourhood.

At the same time a list of the Churches and Chapels and places of Worship within the limits of the Charity was drawn up—70 in number.

On an application (October 16th, 1856), from Dr. R. W. Eve, of Deptford, as Hon. Sec. of the newly formed West Kent Medico-Chirurgical Society, permission was granted for this Society (now one of the oldest Medical Societies in the suburbs of London) to meet in the Board Room. (See History of the West Kent Medico-Chirurgical Society,—Presidential Address by H. W. Roberts, Esq., 1893). This flourishing Society has continued to hold its meetings there until the present

time (1893), and have recently acquired the nucleus of an excellent Medical Library of over two thousand volumes.

Dr. Prior Purvis, the Treasurer, and Dr. Wafford Eve, both octogenarians, alone survive of those who formed this Society, and as Mr. Roberts says, "it must be a source of great pride to see their exertions so well rewarded."

The Board Room is also now used (since 1885) for holding inquests under the Coroner for the South-Eastern Division of the County of London (E. A. Carttar, Esq.), for accident and other cases brought to the Hospital.

The circular issued in 1856, for founding the West Kent Medico-Chirurgical Society, contains the names of many well known members of the medical profession in London, as well as Greenwich, Blackheath, and the immediate neighbourhood.

"ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

Sir,—We, the undersigned Surgeons of the Royal Kent Dispensary, are endeavouring to form a Medical Society for the purpose of holding Monthly Meetings at the Dispensary to discuss subjects in Medicine and Surgery, and it is our wish not to restrict it to the Medical Officers of the Institution, but hope to have the pleasure of uniting with us the other medical men in the neighbourhood. It is also our wish to incorporate

it with the present Book Society, which might be done at the present rate of subscription, viz., £1 1s. per annum. The first meeting will be on to make the necessary arrangements for the purpose, when the favour of your attendance is requested. Signed—

JOHN ATKINS. ROBERT MITCHELL. HUGH STOTT. J. C. CLENDON. GEO. BUSH. PRIOR PURVIS, M.D. Lond. THOMAS OAK, M.D. R. H. BRADLEY. C. CALVERT COGAN. WILLIAM CARR. F. LEGROS CLARK. DAVID KING, M.D. OSMER KING. WILL. HY. BROWN. ARTHUR SARGEANT. CHARLES NIND. JOHN M. BUTLER. SAML. GRIFFITH, M.D. W. M. Hughes, M.D. JOHN SUTTON.

ROBERT VENABLES, M.D. ALFRED JONES. JOHN M. BURTON. ROBT. HATFULL. THOMAS J. RYDER. RICHARD WAFFORD EVE. George Downing. CALEB TAYLER. A. F. PRICE. THOS. CREED. JOSEPH S. BURTON. WM. ATKINS. WM. STURTON. W. MURDOCK. THOS. CHANDLER. SAML. TILLEY. CHARLES J. CARTTAR. JOHN F. SOUTH. EDWD. DOWNING. EDWARD COCK."

On July 8th, 1857, the last of the series of grand fêtes in aid of the funds of the Charity, took place in the park and grounds of Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart., Charlton, which "was attended by a great number of the nobility and gentry and some thousands of visitors."

Sir T. Maryon Wilson, Bart., died in 1869, having almost up to the time of his death displayed his unabated interest in the Institution.

The following is the Programme of the Fête:-

FÊTE CHAMPETRE,

CHARLTON HOUSE.

IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE

Royal Kent Dispensary,

On WEDNESDAY, the 8th of JULY, 1857,

COMMENCING AT ONE O'CLOCK.

Sixty-nine pieces of music were performed during the day by the following Bands:

Royal Artillery Band.

Royal Marine Band.

Royal Engineers' Band. West Kent Light Inf. Militia Band.

PROGRAMME OF AMUSEMENTS.

THE ETHIOPIAN SERENADERS IN THEIR "SOIREES FANTASTIQUES."

Part 1.—Phantom Chorus—From "Somnambula.
"Illustrations of Negro Life."

Part 2.—Pas Comique. Solo Flutina—(Variations).

Part 3 .- Extravaganza-" The Negro in the Dark."

CLASSICAL GROUPINGS & LIVING TABLEAUX.

THE COMBATANTS. TROJAN WARRIORS.
THROWING THE DISCUS.

SAMSON. RAPE OF THE SABINES.

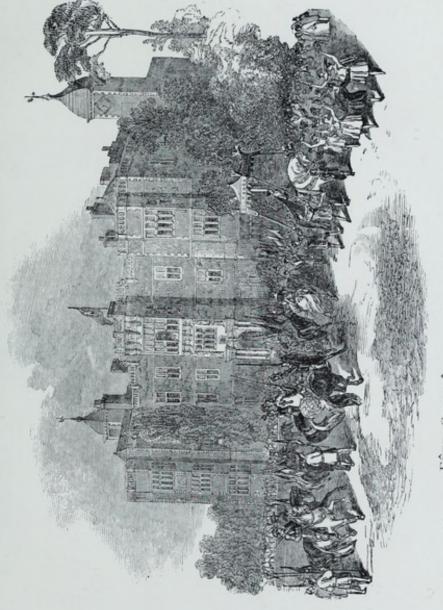
ROMAN FATHER CONDEMNING HIS SON TO DEATH.
MURDER OF THE INNOCENTS.

FIGHTING FOR THE CORSE OF HECTOR.

JUDGMENT OF SOLOMON. THE DEATH OF ABEL.

THE WRESTLERS. MAZEPPA—LORD BYRON.

FRENCH ACROBATS IN THEIR SPORTS OF ATLAS.



FÊTE CHAMPÊTRE AT CHARLTON HOUSE, 1848.

(By permission of the Illustrated London News.)



TERRIFIC ASCENT BY MDLLE. CULINE ON A SINGLE ROPE.

ASCENT BY MDLLE, ELSLER.

MDLLE. CULINE ON THE CORDE ELASTIQUE TENDUE. CLOWN - M. CULINE.

DRAWING-ROOM ENTERTAINMENT.

THE GRAND BALLET DIVERTISSEMENTS.

1.-Introduction à la Fête.

2.—The MORRIS DANCERS.

3.-"La Gitana," by the INFANT SYLPHIDES.

4.—Pas de Trois. 5.—"Danse Espagnole et Caracterestique," by the SYLPHIDES.

6.-Jeux de Flore.

7.- "Danse Montagnarde Ecossaise," by the INFANT SYLPHIDES.

8.—Grand Finale—Tableau Magnifique.

To commence at Half-past Three o'clock.

WONDERFUL EVOLUTIONS ON LA CORDE VOLANTE.

NOVEL AND MOST EXTRAORDINARY FEAT.

THE GREAT GLOBE TRAMPOLINE.

THE DOUBLE TRAPESE, Par M. JEANI A. LEOPOLD.

> RUNNING GLOBE, Par M. SEBASTIAN.

The Celebrated HERR VON JOEL and his SON.

THE BALLOON ASCENT at 5 o'clock. The SEATS in the CAR to be DISPOSED OF.

The FLOWER SHOW will be Exhibited in front of the Mansion

In 1857, John Wood Rouse, Esq., of Greenwich Hospital, was appointed acting Treasurer in the place of Samuel Williams, Esq., who resigned on account of his unwillingness to giving a bond (according to the 32nd existing rule) with two securities.

William H. Rayden, Esq., of Blackheath Hill, who occupied the chair at most of the monthly meetings about this period, also declined the office.

1858.

Patroness.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

Vice-Patroness.

HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUCHESS OF KENT.

Vice-Presidents.

The Most Noble The Marquis Camden.
The Right Hon. The Earl of Dartmouth.
The Right Hon. The Earl of Romney.
The Right Hon. Lord Viscount Sydney.
The Hon. and Rev. Henry Legge, LL.D.
The Rt. Hon. Sir F. T. Baring, Bart., M.P.
Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart.
John Angerstein, Esq.
M. Wolverley Attwood, Esq.
Admiral Sir J. W. D. Dundas, G.C.B.

Treasurer.

SIR THOMAS MARYON WILSON, BART., Charlton House.

Acting Treasurer.

JOHN WOOD ROUSE, Esq., Greenwich.

Secretary.

CHARLES J. CARTTAR, Esq., Greenwich.

Collector.

Mr. John Wilson, Amersham Park Terrace, New Cross.

1858.

MEDICAL OFFICERS OF THE CHARITY.

Physician.

R. Venables, Esq., A.M., M.B. Oxon., Incep. Cand. R.C.P.L.

Surgeons.

ROBERT MITCHELL, Esq.,

Dr. George Downing,

Dr. William Hoggan,

Alfred Jones, Esq.,

Dr. R. Wafford Eve,

Dr. Caleb Tayler, Dr. William Hoggan, House Surgeons.

For Deptford.

Dr. George Downing, WILLIAM STURTON, ESQ., For Greenwich. THOMAS CREED, ESQ., FREDERICK H. SMITH, Esq., JOHN BUTLER, Esq., For Woolwich. DR. J. M. BUTLER, For Charlton. W. A. CARYL, Esq., WILLIAM CARR, ESQ., For Blackheath, Lee, JOHN M. BURTON, Esq., and Kidbrooke. Dr. J. S. Burton, SAMUEL W. BROWN, Esq., For Lewisham. WILLIAM H. BROWN, Esq., DR. DAVID KING, For Eltham.

Resident Apothecary.
Mr. T. J. Ryder.

In April, 1858, the death occurred of John Angerstein, Esq., of The Woodlands, Blackheath, who for so many years past had been one of the Vice-Presidents of the Charity. Deep regret was felt for the loss of "his great benevolence towards and his constant support of the Institution on all occasions, whereby the prosperity and efficiency of the Charity had been greatly promoted and the funds of the Institution considerably added to by his large yearly subscription and frequent and liberal donations." He bequeathed a legacy of £1,000 to the Charity.

His sons, Major-Gen. J. J. W. Angerstein, of Weeting Hall, Norfolk, and William Angerstein, Esq., allowed their names to be added to the list of Vice-Presidents.

The fine mansion known as The Woodlands was built about the year 1772, and was occupied by John Angerstein's father, John Julius Angerstein, who was of German extraction and born in St. Petersburg. J. Julius Angerstein was a Vice-President from July, 1795, up to the time of his death. It is well known that on his death in 1822 his fine collection of pictures was purchased by the Government and formed the nucleus of our National Gallery. The liberal support given by J. Julius Angerstein to the Charity was fully maintained, as we have just stated, by his son, John Angerstein. The Woodlands is now (1893) occupied by Col. Wm. Bristow, V.D., the late Honorary Secretary of the Institution.

During the next few years there is very little to be found recorded with the exception of the loss which this and other like Institutions in the Kingdom sustained by the lamented death in December, 1861, of a Prince who was ever ready to aid in every well planned scheme of Charity or other social improvement.

An Address of Condolence was presented on 30th January, 1862, to Her Majesty the Queen on the decease of His Royal Highness The Prince Consort, who had so justly endeared himself to the Country and obtained the highest esteem and regard of all classes of the community, and who will be always gratefully remembered as a warm friend and liberal supporter of every charitable Institution calculated to promote the social happiness of the people, and to aid and relieve the sick poor in the time of their need and distress.

A reply was received from the Right Hon. Sir George Grey, Secretary of State for the Home Department, informing the Governors that Her Majesty had been pleased to receive the Address very graciously.

Another occasional preacher on behalf of the Charity died in 1864, at the age of 94; the Rev. Geo. Lock, M.A., who was Rector of Lee from 1803 to 1864, a period of 61 years. A monument is erected in Lee Churchyard to his memory (*Hasted*).

A sermon preached at All Saints' Church, Blackheath, by the Rev. Clarke, on October 18th, 1864, produced £46 11s. 4d. This Church was endowed, in 1859, by the Earl of Dartmouth with £99 4s. 4d. a year for the tithes. In the chancel is the inscription: "This central stone of the Church of All Saints' was laid by Wm. Walter, 5th Earl of Dartmouth, October 26th, 1857."

In 1865, a new arrangement was made in the Medical Department whereby Mr. H. W. S. Sturton was appointed Resident Medical Officer, and Mr. Thos. Sturton Resident Dispenser.

In August of this year (1865) David King, M.D., died, aged 78. He was an old and valuable Medical Officer for the District of Eltham and one of the first, having been elected some time previous to 1828. There is a monumental inscription in Eltham Church to his memory. His nephew, David King, M.D., succeeded him in the same office in 1865.

The Rev. S. Russell Davies preached on behalf of the Charity at St. Stephen's Church, Lewisham, on October 4th, 1865, and obtained a sum of £31 10s. This Church was built and endowed this year (1865), by the Rev. S. Russell Davies, at a cost of £16,000. He died on 2nd August, 1869. Beneath the east window of the church is a brass inscribed: "To the glory of God in grateful remembrance of the work and labour of love of the Rev. S. Russell Davies, M.A. Cantab., founder of this church, and first priest of this parish, this window is dedicated by some of the congregation and parishioners. Feast of St. Michael and All Angels, A.D. 1869.

The Right Rev. Geo. Smith, D.D., first Bishop of Victoria (Hong Kong), preached at St. Margaret's, Lee, on October 15th, 1865, and obtained £24 8s. for the Charity. Bishop Smith died at Blackheath in 1871, and was buried in Lewisham Cemetery.

In December, 1865, the advisability and practicability of establishing an Infirmary was discussed, and Mr. John Lovibond suggested converting a portion of the Dispensary into the Hospital for accidents, and a committee appointed to consider the subject were unanimously of opinion that the establishment of a small Hospital for accidents would be of great benefit and advantage to the locality, and that it would be practicable upon a limited scale in the present building (six beds in the board room); in support of this it was their belief that the necessary means could be obtained from so wealthy a neighbourhood for the maintenance of the Hospital, and they stated that they had received from gentlemen resident in the neighbourhood most liberal offers of assistance in fitting up and furnishing the proposed Hospital, which they believed would reduce to a very moderate amount the cost of its first establishment.

They suggested that an appeal should be made to the public for the necessary funds for the establishment and maintenance of the proposed Hospital. The necessity for Hospital accommodation in the district had now been severely felt for many years judging by the numerous paragraphs in the local press, of which the following may be taken as an instance:

"Greenwich Gazette, 19th March, 1836.

"Between one and two o'clock this day, as a countryman was driving through Deptford in an old chaise, he ran over a child who was crossing the road. The child was instantly taken into the Kent Dispensary, but found to be dead."

Such cases as these were taken, some to St. Thomas', Guy's, or other Hospitals in London, others on board the Dreadnought Hospital Ship lying off Greenwich.

It is not a little interesting to note that this scheme was in reality only carrying out the intentions of the founders; for in drawing up the first rules of the Institution, in 1783, the committee on the subject reported that "they apprehended the rules and regulations will be for the furtherance of this Charity and extending its benign influence particularly in cases of recent accidents, whereby they flatter themselves this Institution will be rendered more liberal in its assistance to the unfortunate and acceptable to the beneficent intentions of its humane and charitable founders."

The following STATEMENT was drawn up, printed for private circulation and issued in 1866:

"For many years past there has been felt a want of Hospital accommodation in Greenwich, Deptford and the vicinity, and more particularly since the removal of St. Thomas's Hospital, which leaves the entire and vast population of the South-East Metropolis to send its Surgical Accidents to Guy's. The consequence of this is that occasionally cases sent to the latter Hospital cannot be received and have to be carried through London in search of less crowded wards, the evils of which need not be further pointed out.

The existence of the "Dreadnought" Hospital Ship, exclusively for sailors, and of the Royal Infirmary in Greenwich Hospital, specially devoted to the Navy, constitutes no exception to the above remarks, since both are as a rule closed to ordinary surgical cases.

Practically, therefore, Greenwich, Deptford, and the vicinity with their large manufacturing population, amounting to 100,000 and upwards, have no Hospital to supply the necessities of the almost hourly surgical accidents, many of which are of the most serious nature, and often require immediate treatment.

In this state of pressing and urgent want of Hospital accommodation for this large manufacturing and populous district, the Monthly Committee of the Royal Kent Dispensary are willing to recommend to the Governors of that Charity the establishment (upon a limited scale) of a Hospital for Accidents, in connection with, and in a part of the building of that Institution. The Committee, however, are first anxious to ascertain that such a sum can be raised as will be sufficient to secure the estimated annual expenditure, and, provided £10,000 can be collected and funded, no fear need be entertained of its permanent establishment. The munificent and generous support of the wealthy and benevolent residents in the county and neighbourhood is therefore confidently appealed to for the funds to enable so charitable and important an object to be accomplished:-

John Lovibond, Greenwich, Chairman.
Thos. Maryon Wilson, Charlton House.
Isaac W. North, M.A., Lewisham Hill.
Robt. Venables, M.B., Blackheath Hill.
William Carr, M.D., Lee.
George W. Masters, Deptford.
Edgar Sydney, Greenwich.
Thomas W. Marchant, Deptford.
Edward J. Wiggins, Greenwich.
Samuel S. Lewes, Deptford.
Henry Morley, Greenwich.
Samuel Shove, Lee.
Thomas Burton, Greenwich.
John Couchman, Greenwich.
Thomas Cabban, Greenwich.
Charles J. Carttar, Greenwich.
Royal Kent Dispensary, July, 1866."

Although the scheme met with liberal promises of support, the plan of converting the Board Room of the Dispensary Building into an Accident Ward was held in abeyance in consequence of the Dreadnought Seamen's Hospital being removed ashore (1870), to the late Infirmary of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich, and receiving accidents from the neighbourhood.

During the Cholera Scare in (1866?), a lady, who did not wish her name to be known, offered, through the Charity, to provide all that was necessary for affording immediate relief to the public attacked by this disease, on condition that the medical men of the district rendered their assistance. An unusually large meeting of the practitioners of the neighbourhood was held at the Dispensary, and the generous offer cordially accepted. It subsequently transpired that this lady was Mrs. Penn, of the Cedars, Lee. Mrs. Penn is an old and active friend to the Charity, and liberally continues her aid.

Deep regret was felt in 1866 at the death, on the 6th February, of the Rev. Wm. Aldwin Soames, M.A., who was always a kind friend and a warm supporter of this Charity, and whose services and advice for many years as a member of the Monthly Committee had greatly promoted its usefulness to the poor. He was the Vicar of Greenwich from October, 1833, to the time of his death.

The Rev. Chas. Laurence, A.K.C., who was Rector of St. Margaret's, Lee, from 1865 to 1873, preached at this Church on October 15th, 1866, and on 10th April, for the Institution; at the latter sermon a sum of £25 8s. 8d. was collected.

The want of the services of a Surgeon-Dentist in the Medical Department had been felt for some time, so on 19th March, 1868, Dr. A. G. Medwin was appointed to look after the dental cases, and all such cases as were referred to him by any of the other Medical Officers. He resigned this post December, 1881, and a month later was appointed Consulting Dental Surgeon.

In 1867 (31st October), it was decided that one Annual Meeting instead of four Quarterly Meetings of the Governors should be held; and this arrangement has been found to work successfully up to the present time.

In May, 1868, the Rev. John Cale Miller, D.D., who succeeded on 1st May, 1866, the Rev. Aldwin Soames as Vicar of Greenwich, was elected an Honorary Life Governor, for sermons preached at St. Alphege and St. Mary's Churches. Dr. Miller frequently took the chair at the Monthly Meetings, and, moreover,

endeavoured to bring into united action the services of the Clergy and Ministers of all denominations throughout the district, by setting apart a day for an appeal to their several congregations in aid of charity, with advantage to all, particularly to this Dispensary. But a year later (1869), Dr. Miller found the demands upon his time too great, that as he himself said, "although he was unable then to attend meetings, his warm interest in the prosperity of the Charity would be lessened in no degree." Such was his sympathy with this Charity that in 1871 he preached two unsolicited sermons on its behalf at the Greenwich Churches which realized £112 11s. 5d. In 1871, Dr. Miller handed over to the Charity a cheque of £10 from His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, Prince Arthur, who was residing at this time at the Ranger's House, Chesterfield Walk, Blackheath, when studying at Woolwich. His Royal Highness is at the present time one of the Life Governors of the Charity.

His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught, besides the donation mentioned above, made the following handsome donations to the Charity: 1886, £10; 1868, £10; 1869, £10; 1870, £10.

Chesterfield House had been occupied previous to His Royal Highness, by Lord

Haddo, the Ranger (who died Earl of Aberdeen) in 1860, subsequently by the Countess of Mayo, and now by Lord Wolseley.

The Times of Thursday, July 2nd, 1868, in a leaderette on Medical Charities, says:—

"Though the first place in our Medical Charities must, perhaps, be given to the Hospitals of this Metropolis, it cannot be denied that Dispensaries, conducted as many of these Institutions are, perform an exceedingly useful part in alleviating the sufferings of the poorer classes. It frequently happens that illness attacks some member of a working man's family, who, under ordinary circumstances, is sufficiently provided with the comforts of a home, but for whom medical attendance could not be provided without the aid of some benevolent institution, whose office it is to look after the sick of small means. Here it is that the dispensary affords such valuable assistance as in many instances to enable persons to keep themselves off the rates, and to restore them to a condition of comparative independence. One of these charities was founded in the County of Kent as far back as 1783, since which it has given medical relief to no fewer than 248,297 patients. In the language of its founders, it was instituted for the purpose of "administering advice and medicines to the poor

gratis at the Dispensary, and at their own habitations, and for attending poor married lying-in women during their confinement." Its patron is the Queen, and among those who have given donations in its aid during the past year is Prince Arthur. The Dispensary is situate in Greenwich; but the field of its benevolence embraces Greenwich, Deptford, Lewisham, Lee, Eltham, Woolwich, Charlton, Blackheath, Kidbrooke, and Shooters' Hill. No fewer than 3,873 persons received medical relief from it last year, and at the present moment there are 600 patients on its books. Since the foundation of the Institution, its Medical Officers have attended 39,998 obstetric cases. These figures afford some idea of the amount of good done by the Charity, and it is gratifying to find its beneficence is entirely unsectarian.

Somehow or other the Royal Kent Dispensary had managed to go on without having a dinner for 15 or 16 years; but last evening it fell back upon this thoroughly English mode of raising funds. Its having done so was probably owing to the fact that on the close of the last year's accounts there was a balance of £28 18s. 2d. due to the Treasurer. According to the published balance-sheet, the staff expenditure is very small, while during the last year £346 was expended in

drugs, and £175 for attendance in midwifery cases. Alderman Salomons, M.P. (afterwards Sir David Salomons, Bart.), in the absence of Viscount Lord Homesdale, M.P., presided at the dinner, which was held at the Ship Tavern, Greenwich; and the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Legge, Protestant Clergyman; the Rev. Michael O'Halloran, Roman Catholic Priest; and the Rev. J. Beasley, Nonconformist Minister, were present to bear testimony to the usefulness of the Charity. The dinner was an excellent one, and the more formal proceedings of the evening were enlivened by a selection of music, under the direction of Mr. Ransford, who sung some of Dibdin's songs in capital style. It may be mentioned that the disbursements of the Institution last year amounted to £1,698 7s. 1d., and its receipts to £1,669 8s. 11d., so that there is a necessity for further liberality on the part of the public if the Royal Kent Dispensary is to proceed with the good work in which for more than three quarters of a century it has been so efficiently engaged."

£216 6s. 6s. was collected at this dinner.

For a short, but interesting account of the renowned Ship Tavern, which was first noticed in 1634, as an establishment among many other famous taverns by the waterside for which the locality was noted, and of the many notable meetings held there, the reader must be referred to the 2nd vol. of the Rev. A. G. L'Estrange's work, published in 1886: The Palace and the Hospital, or the Chronicles of Greenwich. The Ship Hotel took the place of the Crown and Sceptre, which L'Estrange states was the principal Hotel in Greenwich at the commencement of this century. At the 'Ship,' the Ministerial (Conservative) Whitebait Dinners used to be held; the Liberal Dinners at the 'Trafalgar' Hotel.

The Report passed at the Annual General Meeting, 23rd July, 1869, contained some particulars as to the present state of the Institution, its past progress and future prospects. The Committee with great care and considerable deliberation, entirely revised the Rules of the Charity, which received the approval and confirmation of the Governors and came into force on the 14th January. It is here only necessary to state that one great fundamental alteration consisted in vesting in the Monthly Committee, to be chosen annually, full powers to conduct the affairs of the Charity, to elect all officers and servants, and fix all salaries; guarding, however, by proper provisions, the safety of the funds and property of the Charity, and the due

efficiency and protection of its officers and servants, and the permanence of its general rules.

"The great importance of the Charity to the very large district over which it extends its benevolence, is amply proved by the number of patients who had been admitted since it was instituted in 1783. The return is as follows:—

Cured and relieved		
Poor married women de		0,
attended in their lying-in		 40,568
Discharged for irregula	rity	 670
Dead		 6,862
Remain under-cure		 545
	Total	 252,525

Of these 86,991 have been visited at their own habitations, and during the last year the number admitted was no fewer than 4,228, shewing a very large increase on former years."

With deep regret the Committee reported the death of their tried friend and great benefactor, Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart., who since 1835 had been the Treasurer of the Charity. His high position and standing in the County had always been of the greatest advantage to the prosperity of the Institution, and when in addition to his influence in society, he so kindly and

liberally permitted his house, park and pleasure grounds to be devoted on several occasions to Public Fêtes, whereby the funds of the Charity had been largely increased, it may be asserted without contradiction, that the Charity never had a greater benefactor or a more devoted friend and supporter. An expression of the opinion of the Governors and their sincere sympathies on the loss which all connected with him suffered, was conveyed to Sir John Maryon Wilson, Bart., and the rest of his family.

"To the whole staff of Medical Officers whose gratuitous and valuable services have been so liberally given, the grateful thanks of the Governors are eminently and deservedly due, for without such aid the Charity could not be carried on efficiently and economically. The Committee in asking for the support of so extensive and wealthy a neighbourhood, feel that they have but to make known to the new residents the great and evident advantages which so valuable a Charity confers on the poor and the public. dispensaries stand pre-eminent for their usefulness, and freedom from abuse or mis-application, the medical advice and relief is given in a manner grateful to the feelings of the industrious working classes, who are ever desirous to retain that natural and laudable pride, not being obliged to

resort to the parish; a principle which cannot be too warmly encouraged. The Committee are therefore determined to make the Charity thoroughly known in every part of the wide district over which it extends its benefits, to those of a benevolent disposition little need be said to induce them to contribute to its maintenance, to the well known character of the neighbourhood for benevolence and charity, the Committee have not the least hesitation in appealing, and feel confident of receiving substantial support."

In March, 1869, Mr. Jas. Marks was appointed Collector, and in 1889, Secretary, on the resignation of Col. Wm. Bristow as Honorary Secretary. We cannot omit to mention that through the instrumentality of Mr. Marks the number of annual subscribers has been (1893) almost doubled during the 24 years he has been an officer of the Institution.

In the following July, 1869, Col. Harry Burrard Farnall, C.B., of the Manor House, Lee, was elected to fill the office of Treasurer, left vacant by the death of Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson. Col. Farnall resigned in February, 1878.

In January, 1870, Mr. Chas. Joseph Carttar resigned the post of Secretary. The vacancy left by Mr. Carttar was filled by Mr. Wm. Bristow, of London Street, Greenwich. Mr.

Bristow resigned the Secretaryship two years later, in November, 1872, and was elected Honorary Secretary.

During the year 1869, £100 was paid to the Charity by Mr. Sergeant Sleigh and Mr. Harry Bodkin Poland, the prosecuting counsel employed by Her Majesty's Lords of the Treasury, out of money seized by the Police at the house where the persons resided who carried on the gambling transactions known as the "Deptford Spec."

On 22nd June, 1870, Lieut. Col. Farnall, C.B., the Treasurer, presided at the Annual Dinner at the Trafalgar Hotel, at which £343 2s. 6d. was collected.

The Report says:—"the Dinner brings the claims of the Charity strongly before the public both by advertisements and circular. It has enabled the Governors to issue complimentary invitations to their Medical Officers and others, to publicly thank them for the gratuitous services rendered by them to the Charity."

A complete list of donations of £5 and upwards, and other benefactions since the foundation of the Charity, was prepared and printed this year for the first time.

For the compilation of this and the printed Report issued annually ever since, the Institution is indebted to Mr. Jas. Marks. A notable increase in the number of applicants for treatment took place this year (1870), in consequence of the large amount of distress and poverty in the neighbourhood caused by the closing of the Government and other large establishments.

In December, 1870, the Woolwich and Charlton Samaritan Institution ceased to exist, and the want caused thereby was supplied by providing a Depôt at Charlton. Many of the subscribers joined the Royal Kent Dispensary through their Secretary, Mr. Church.

The Rev. Francis Cameron, M.A., D.D., who was Rector of St. Luke's Church, Charlton, from 1862 to 1874, preached on two occasions for this Charity, viz.: on November 8th, 1864 (£22 15s.), and in November, 1871 (£12 13s.).

The Thanksgiving Day, on Tuesday, 27th February, 1872, for the Recovery of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, was observed by the Dispensary Building being closed.

In August, 1871, J. B. Saundry, M.D., was elected Resident Medical Officer, and held the post till 1886.

The following is a complete list of Apothecaries to the Royal Kent Dispensary from the time it was first instituted in December, 1783, to 1865:—

17	83, to 1865:—		BLECTED.		I	DIED OR
I.	Mr. GEO. HARRISON		1783		R	1784
2.	Mr. Thos. Carttar					
3.	Mr. Wm. Jackson (of Deptford Yard)		1784		R	1786
4.	Mr. Wm. Stephenson		1786		R	1786
5.	Mr. EDWARD ALSTON		1786		R	179(5?)
6.	Mr. G. M. Jones				R	180(1?)
7.	Мг. Јемметт					
8.	Mr. HENLEY (previ	ious to)	1828		R	1843
	Mr. Wm. Arundell Bur (of Burney Street, Greenwi	RIDGE				
10.	Mr. THOS. JAS. RYDER (of South Street, Greenwich)		1849		R	1865
	Mr. FREDERICK S. TAYL (Assistant Apothecary)		1836			
	On Mr. Ryder's res	ignati	on in	I	86	5, the

On Mr. Ryder's resignation in 1865, the title of this office was altered to that of Resident Medical Officer.

Resident Medical Officers.

	Mr. H. W. S. STURTON				R	1868
	(on his appointment as Poor Law M	ean	cai Ome	cer)		-
12.	Mr. Hugh Stott		1869		D	1869
	M. C C					
13.	Mr. GEO. GRANVILLE BOTH-					
	WELL		1869		R	1871
14.	Mr. JOHN CAMPBELL WHITE	E	1871		R	1871
15.	Dr. J. B. Saundry		1871		R	1886

In 1873, the first contribution was received from the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund.

The Hospital Sunday Fund was found to reduce the amount derived from Sermons very This diminution arose from the considerably. fact that the Hospital Sunday Fund Committee having induced the Clergy and Ministers to preach sermons in aid of that Fund, thereby preventing sermons being preached solely for charities like the Royal Kent Dispensary, and thus the interest of the local Clergy was diverted, and the publicity formerly given to the Royal Kent Dispensary in the churches and chapels of the district was to a certain extent lost, but it was earnestly trusted that the Clergy would, notwithstanding the Hospital Sunday, have special days for advocating the claims of this most excellent Charity. The Royal Kent Dispensary Committee thinking the principle of the Hospital Sunday a good one, gave the Hospital Sunday Fund Committee all the support in their power, but nevertheless, in the first division of the proceeds, a sum of only £38 6s. 8d. was awarded to the Charity. Not being satisfied with the arrangement, involving as it did a very great loss to the Royal Kent Dispensary, a deputation was sent from their body, accompanied by Wm. Bristow, Esq. (Hon. Sec.), to the Lord Mayor's Committee-when after a very lengthened discussion, in which the special claims of this Charity were most ably and powerfully put before the meeting by the Rev. Canon Miller, D.D., Vicar of Greenwich, the Hospital Sunday Fund Committee granted a further sum of £25 11s. 1d., making a total of £63 17s. 9d.

As the Hospital Sunday Fund Committee were informed, the Royal Kent Dispensary is not merely a Dispensary, but is a Midwifery Charity, and really "The Hospital" for out-patients for the whole of the large districts of Deptford, Greenwich, Woolwich, Blackheath, Lee, Lewisham and Charlton.

An equivalent, in the shape of Letters of Recommendation was given in exchange for the amounts awarded from the Hospital Sunday Fund. These letters were distributed among the Ministers who had preached for the fund, and were used by them for the relief of the sick poor of their districts, so that although the Charity was benefited on the one hand by the receipt of the money, yet on the other it meant a very large expenditure by reason of giving the beforementioned letters.

The Rev. J. Morlais Jones, of Lewisham Congregational Church, is one of the local Ministers who still year by year support the claims of the Institution in their churches. The Rev. A. T. Forde, of St. Peter's, Eltham Road, did the same for several years, 1879—1884.

The Kentish Mercury (June, 1893), with much truth points out the fact that we, in the Diocese of Rochester, contribute to the Hospital Sunday Fund, a very much larger sum than our Medical Charities derive from it. "This is not due to any want of justice in the system of distribution adopted by the Committee of the Fund, but to the want of increased Hospital accommodation. The accommodation necessary to cope with the many accidents and cases of illness that happen in this over-populated and very poor district. "For the Committee give fairly according to the rules laid down in proportion to the capacity of the Miller Hospital, but not in proportion to the necessities of the district."

"The total amount collected within this district last year (1892) was £4,903 7s. 8d.; the amounts awarded to the Hospitals and Dispensaries within the same area being £1,871 10s. 1d. Thus, it will be seen, that of the amounts contributed by our Churches, Chapels, and places of worship on Hospital Sunday, 38 per cent. is devoted to Medical Charities in our own district, and 62 per cent. to Medical Charities outside. That is to say, roughly, that one pound out of

every three contributed in this district is used for home, and two pounds out of every three are used for foreign charities! The fact is a startling one, that in the very poorest part of the Metropolis, and the most inadequately supplied with means of medical and surgical relief for the poor, two-thirds of the amount subscribed should be sent away to the more wealthy and more favoured section of the Metropolis North of the Thames."

At the end of 1873, the sick poor in the Plumstead district becoming very numerous—Plumstead was added this year to the fostering care of the Royal Kent Dispensary, with Dr. Frank Smith as its Medical Officer. Two years later, in 1875, the existing Plumstead Dispensary ceased to exist. In 1879, Plumstead district was divided into two districts with two Medical Officers (Dr. Atkins and Dr. Frank Smith).

At the Annual Dinner at the Ship Hotel in 1873, presided over by Sir Charles Mills, Bart., M.P., £445 15s. 4d. was realized, and the debt pressing on the Charity was by that means paid.

In 1874, John Croft, F.R.C.S., and Edward Clapton, M.D., were appointed Consulting Surgeon and Consulting Physician respectively to the Royal Kent Dispensary.

In 1874, the first contribution was received from the Hospital Saturday Fund.

It is to be noticed with pleasure in the published account of the moneys awarded to the different Hospitals and Dispensaries by the Hospital Saturday Fund this year, that a large portion of the money given to the Royal Kent Dispensary was for "economy of management."

The amount awarded (£134 3s. 4d.), by the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund in 1880, was relatively a large one, taking in consideration the small portion of the Fund set apart for Dispensaries, and may be taken as evidence of the very high position attained by this Charity for efficiency and economy in its management.

The Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds continue (1893) to receive "Letters of Recommendation" in proportion to the amounts awarded. These letters are fully used by the Clergy and Ministers of all denominations, all of whom appreciate the letters, and express from time to time their thanks for the way the work is carried on, and the benefits obtained by the poor of this large and overcrowded district.

At the Annual Meeting in June, 1875, it was stated that the long and severe winter had caused an immense amount of sickness and distress amongst the poor, and that the resources of the Charity had been tried to the utmost in relieving the large number of patients who had been compelled to apply for medical aid.

"These home patients and lying-in women being visited by the Surgeons and Midwives at their own homes, every opportunity is afforded the Medical Staff of ascertaining the want of the gratuitous assistance rendered them. It is invariably found the lying-in women thus visited are of the poorest class, and in many cases, were it not for the help given by this Charity, these poor women would be compelled to leave their homes for the Union."

The Royal Kent Dispensary is the only Institution in this large district to which lying-in women, above the pauper class, can look for help, and that at a time when it is most needed.

In 1877, the death of Wm. Carr, M.D., of Lee, one of the oldest Medical Officers and Vice-President, took place. He was the first Medical Officer appointed to the Lee District, in 1837, most energetic in his attendance on the poor, and procured large sums of money to be contributed to the Charity. His loss could not be otherwise than severely felt. There is a window in St. Margaret's Church, Lee, in memory of Wm. Carr, M.D., erected by subscription and a contribution of the Church Committee of which he was Honorary Secretary (20th July, 1879).

It was stated at the Annual Dinner, held this year at the Ship Hotel, at which John Penn, Esq., Junr., presided, that the debt which had been accumulating for three years was removed by the sum subscribed, £781 16s. 5d. Many of the stewards and friends became aware for the first time of the very large benefits derived by the poor of the district through the medium of the Royal Kent Dispensary.

In succession to Col. H. B. Farnall, C.B., who resigned in February, 1878, through ill-health, Mr. John Penn, M.P., kindly undertook the duties of Treasurer in the following June, and has ever since shown the greatest practical interest and sympathy with the objects of the Institution.

On the 23rd of September, 1878, Mr. John Penn, Senr., of The Cedars, Lee, died. In Mr. Penn the Institution lost a most generous contributor and sincere friend.

To Mrs. Penn and her family the Charity is largely indebted for many munificent donations to its funds. Mrs. Penn's interest in this and many other useful branches of charity is well known.

The last of the nine Dramatic Performances by the Blackheath Dramatic Club (of which Major C. D. Davies was for some years the Honorary Secretary), was given in 1878, for the benefit of the Royal Kent Dispensary. The performances for this Institution were given in 1867, 1869, 1873 to 1879, and altogether added a sum of £431 to its funds. There was a voluntary dissolution of the Club in 1879, and the proceeds of all its performances which had been handed over to different local charities considerably exceeded £1,000.

Major C. D. Davies, in a short history of the Blackheath Dramatic Club, contributed to the Blackheath Art Club Magazine and West Kent Review, Vol. I, No. 8, p. 362, says:—

"We were able to fill the hall to overflowing two consecutive nights annually, and the performances were so successful that an idea occurred to Mr. W. H. Smiles and the late Mr. G. W. Clarke that a performance might benefit the Miller Hospital (then the Royal Kent Dispensary) funds. In 1867, they called on me, and after obtaining promises of support from many influential "Blackheathens," the first performance of the Blackheath Club was given in March, 1867—"Cool as a cucumber," "Still waters run deep" and "The two Polts" were performed with success by Mesdames Louisa Moore, Kate Rivers, Bella Merton, and Messrs. F. M. Cobbett, W. H. Smiles, Elmhurst Dunn,

H. P. Patterson, W. C. Gordon, C. D. Davies, P. A. Davies, Herbert Jones and G. W. Clarke. Mr. Eugene Sweny was stage manager, and Mr. C. West was prompter, and we were able to hand over about £50 to the funds of the Charity."

In 1879, we see an increasing demand for the assistance of the Institution, showing without doubt, how very high it stood in the estimation of the poor. The number of patients gives some idea of the work done, more particularly when it is remembered that most cases (accidents and dental cases excepted) represent a month's medical attendance and medicine. The work during the long and severe winter was unusually heavy upon the Medical Officers in the various districts. 10,787 cases were attended during the year.

The death of the Rev. Canon Miller, D.D., at Greenwich, on 11th July, 1880, aged 66, was an irreparable loss. The assistance he gave when the Charity was being re-organised was most valuable, and his appeal to the parishioners of Greenwich brought the largest contributions ever received from Church collections for this Charity.

"The Rev. John Cale Miller, D.D., Vicar and Rural Dean of Greenwich, and Canon of Rochester, was the only child of John Miller, Esq., who for many years held the appointment of Agent to the United States' Government, and who, it is a noteworthy incident, died in the same room in the Greenwich Vicarage in which his son passed away. Dr. Miller was born at Margate on the 11th of October, 1814, so was in the sixty-sixth year of his age. In 1837, he was ordained to the curacy of Bexley, in Kent, by Dr. Law, Bishop of Bath and Wells, by letters dismissary from Dr. Hurley, then Archbishop of Canterbury, by whom he was ordained a priest in 1838. In 1839, Dr. Miller accepted the appointment of Assistant Minister of Park Chapel, Chelsea.

He was elected by the Trustees, Rector of St. Martin's, Birmingham, in June, 1846, and in the following September, entered into the residency, and for twenty years he laboured with an indomitable energy for the temporal and spiritual welfare of his parishioners, and for the benefit of the entire community of that great centre of manufacturing industry. We have few examples in the history of the Church of England in this country that more strikingly illustrate the beauty and the advantage of the parochial system than the course of the rector of St. Martin's, Birmingham, for the period he held the incumbency. A careful and deeply taught student



CANON J. C. MILLER, D.D., FOUNDER OF HOSPITAL SUNDAY.

From a Photograph by Morgan & Kidd, Greenwich.



of the sacred scriptures; a profound and welltrained theologian; an uncompromising advocate of what he believed the truth; an eloquent preacher; his sermons contained a richness, variety, and originality of instruction, that drew around him a large and intelligent congregation, by whom he was greatly beloved, and at the same time he devoted himself assiduously to the discharge of the less public duties of his office, and as a pastor, endeared himself to his flock. But, with a proper estimate of the duties of a Christian Minister, Dr. Miller did not confine his labours within the boundaries of his parish, or restrict his sympathies merely to the immediate congregation committed to his charge. He actively identified himself with the various useful and benevolent enterprises in that busy town, and appreciating the importance of bringing good, moral, and religious influences to bear in a practical and efficient manner upon the working classes, his sympathies were especially drawn out in this direction. Many monuments of Dr. Miller's judicious benevolence remain in Birmingham, amongst these are a Working Men's Association—established mainly under his auspices -which has developed into a very valuable institution, and served as a model for many similar enterprises. In this Institution provision for the useful instruction, both secular and

religious, of its members, is combined with the means of innocent social enjoyment and pleasant recreation. In carrying out this scheme, Dr. Miller was brought very much in contact with the working men, who were quick to perceive the single-hearted devotion, combined with the sound judgment and good sense with which he laboured for their good, and who accorded to him in a very remarkable degree their confidence and respect. But this was only one, and by no means the most important of the various works of practical philanthropy by which the honoured subject of this memoir distinguished himself during his residence at Birmingham. More remarkable still, and one which has attracted wider attention, was the institution of "Hospital Sunday," of which he was the originator, and which is mainly indebted to his efforts for its magnificent success. It may be of interest here to place upon record circumstances attending the inception and inauguration of this grand philanthropic scheme which may be said to have opened a new, and, we may hope, an inexhaustible gold mine for medical charities of this country. It occurred in the following manner:-Toward the close of the year 1859, the governing body of the General Hospital of Birmingham were desirous of obtaining increased funds to sustain and extend its operations

and the question was considered anxiously how this was to be accomplished, when on the 13th of October, 1859, Dr. Miller, in a letter published in one of the Birmingham newspapers, developed his plan for a simultaneous collection on a given Sunday in every place of worship in Birmingham towards the funds of the General Hospital of that town. As this movement has grown to one of even more than national importance,—for it reaches to the colonies, and bids fair eventually to extend as wide as the limits of British civilisation,—it will be of interest to read the words of the sagacious and far-seeing philanthropist who proposed it. The letter was as follows:—

"The prompt and generous response which has been made to the appeal for the Wittall Street sufferers [resulting from a casualty that at the time had excited the sympathy of the people of Birmingham] encourages the hope that the General Hospital will not be allowed to remain in its present most grievous embarrassment.

"I venture to assume that the only questions to be discussed are, How shall the good ship be floated again; and How kept afloat in time to come?

"Allow me in no spirit of dictation, but as a suggestion only, to throw out a proposition which may help towards the solution of difficulty number one. It has occurred to me that a general meeting of the clergy and ministers of every denomination, without exception, should be convened; and that, if practicable, every effort should be made to fix on a given Sunday, before Christmas, on which, in every place of public worship in the town, and suburbs too, collections should be made at every service for the Hospital.

"We want a good, prompt, and united effort to float the Hospital, and a great accession of regular support from our manufacturers and citizens generally, to keep it afloat. I know that the ministers of religion will find a difficulty in agreeing upon one day. But much of the efficiency of the suggestion lies in this. Let the collection come in driblets, and much of the spirit of the movement is lost. It will be a memorable Sunday in Birmingham when, in every place in which God is worshipped, the alms of the people are collected for the work of mercy. I estimate the product of the plates alone at £1,000. There are several congregations which, in the wholesome excitement of a united movement, will raise £100 at their collection.

"However, in sober earnestness and quickly, let us meet and fix the day and preach, and look up for a blessing from the God of Mercy.

"Yours faithfully, JOHN C. MILLER. "St. Martin's Rectory, Oct. 13, 1859."

The wisdom of the suggestion thus made was happily appreciated by the good people of Birmingham, immediate arrangements were made for carrying it into effect, and, in the month following the appearance of Dr. Miller's letter, the first "Hospital Sunday" was held in Birmingham, and so well and wisely was the appeal directed to the sympathies of the inhabitants, that instead of a thousand pounds being laid on the plates in the various places of worship in the town, as Dr. Miller had estimated, five times that amount was contributed, and more than £5,000 were collected in that day towards the funds of the General Hospital. Year by year has it been continued, and not only that, but nearly all the large towns in England, taking the idea from Birmingham, have also established "Hospital Sunday," and with like results. It was found that the people of all denominations responded to this appeal to their religious feelings and their human sympathies, and gladly entered into a scheme, which, for at least one Sunday in the year, enabled every worshipping congregation in the locality to unite their offerings for a common purpose of philanthropy and mercy. Gradually, but steadily, has the institution spread. It was many years before it was adopted in the metropolis, but now it is as firmly rooted in London as in Birmingham, and

each year in an ever-widening area, the advantages of the system are recognised, and "Hospital Sunday" is established. Nor is it confined to our own island, it has already been adopted in Australia; and Melbourne, we learn with pleasure, has followed the good example of Birmingham; and we have no doubt that not only in the towns of our Australian Colonies, but in the Dominion of Canada this wise and beneficent system of procuring funds in aid of the medical charities will eventually prevail.

On the occasion of Dr. Miller's resigning the Rectory of St. Martin's, Birmingham, to enter on the Vicarage of Greenwich,—to which he had been presented by the Prime Minister, Earl Russell, in 1866-the inhabitants of the town united in a public demonstration of the affection and respect for him which was of a most unusual character. The Great Town Hall was thronged with ladies and gentlemen, the latter including all the most influential clergy and laity who were anxious to participate in the proceedings. The Mayor presided, and an address couched in the warmest terms of admiration, and accompanied by a cheque for a thousand guineas was presented to Dr. Miller. His own parishioners made a special presentation of a large chest of silver plate and purse containing six hundred guineas, while in a

touching letter they conveyed to their late Pastor the assurance of their Christian love and veneration. Other public bodies also showed themselves eager in this remarkable expression of their appreciation in which a great community held the faithful and valuable services of an able Minister of Christ and a true philanthropist.

Dr. Miller, in a speech of unusual eloquence and pathos, acknowledged the honour that had been done him, and the affection that had been manifested in the gifts and tributes that were offered to him—the whole audience, by a common impulse, rising to their feet when he stood forward to address them. The scene was a memorable one—as showing not only how the parishioners of St. Martin's, but the people of Birmingham valued the twenty years' labours of Dr. Miller.

It was under these circumstances that Dr. Miller left Birmingham to take charge of the important parish of Greenwich, where for fourteen years—except during the periods of his absence as a Canon Residentiary—he continued his parochial labours with such unflagging industry that during the entire time he never took a holiday, until in May of last year he was compelled under medical advice to seek in relaxation recovery from the malady which it subsequently was seen had taken too firm hold upon his system to be shaken off."

(Memoir of the late J. C. Miller, D.D., Kentish Mercury, July 17, 1880.)

The same paper in a leading article adds-

"But the crowning testimony to Dr. Miller's great practical capacity was the origination of the idea of Hospital Sunday. That idea, based on a sound Christian principle, as well as a shrewd knowledge of human nature, is destined in the future to secure an immense regular revenue to the medical charities of the country; and as the name of Rowland Hill will be for ever coupled with the advantages of penny postage, and that of Robert Raikes with the blessings of Sunday School instruction, so will the name of Dr. Miller as the founder of Hospital Sunday, be recognised by posterity as that of one of the greatest benefactors to the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the British Empire they have ever had. He has secured them an income derived from a source that in the future may be regarded as unfailing."

Mr. H. C. Burdett traces briefly (Hospitals and Asylums of the World, Vol. iii, 1893, p. 190), the origin of the Hospital Sunday Fund—

"The Rev. Canon Miller was one of the honorary secretaries of the Hospital Sunday Fund from its commencement in 1859 in Birmingham, to the time of his leaving Birmingham for Greenwich, and to his whole-hearted devotion its success is largely due.

It is gratifying to add that the connection of the late Mr. Thos. Barker Wright (one of the greatest of modern philanthropists, and a former co-proprietor of the *Midland Counties Herald*), and of Canon Miller with Hospital Sunday, has been appropriately commemorated by the erection of the Wright Cottage Hospital at Perry Bar, near Birmingham; and by the establishment of the Miller Memorial Hospital at Greenwich, which was the first circular hospital erected in any part of the world."

On another page Mr. Burdett says-

"It will thus be seen that the suggestion of an annual collection in all places of worship originated with Mr. Wright, but the foundation of Hospital Sunday was in reality due to the Rev. Canon Miller, who devoted much time and great ability to the elaboration and successful working of the movement, which is now known as "Hospital Sunday," and which has spread not only in this country, but to nearly every English-speaking population throughout the world. In fact, it is becoming as popular and successful in New York as in London, and the large Australian cities seem to show a greater enthusiasm, and to collect relatively larger sums, than those yet realised in American and British Cities."

Writing in 1886, the Rev. L'Estrange in his Chronicles of Greenwich remarks—

"We cannot omit to mention in connection with Greenwich a charitable enterprise that the late Vicar of Greenwich, Canon Miller, inaugurated by the collections on Hospital Sunday, which are made now not only in England and America, but also in the colonies. Nearly a million and a half has been collected for the Hospitals in this country."

It is now (1893) 25 years since Canon Miller first organised the Hospital Sunday movement in Birmingham, and it was hoped on the last occasion, June, 1893, that the collection in the Metropolis would be increased to the sum of £100,000.

The following letter of Mr. Samuel Hatch taken from the *Kentish Mercury* of December 30th, 1892, will be read with interest by the friends and admirers of the late Canon Miller.

THE LATE ARCHDEACON HESSEY.

To the Editor of the Kentish Mercury.

Sir,—The news of the death of Dr. Hessey, Archdeacon of Middlesex, is not altogether without local interest. He was the life-long friend of Canon Miller, the revered Vicar of Greenwich. The two men were born in the same year, and sixty years ago they matriculated at the University of Oxford together, on the same day, and at the same college. In his funeral

sermon for Dr. Miller, at St. Mary's, the late Archdeacon

thus spoke of his lamented friend:

"In the month of October, 1832, two young students fresh from their homes and home associations, were worshipping for the first time in the Chapel of St. John's College, Oxford. One was your loving and affectionate pastor, the friend we have just lost; the other was he who is now addressing you in your sorrow, and who has attended to utter a few words of personal reference to him. I was struck on the first occasion of seeing John Cale Miller. New as was the scene to him, he did not appear in the least abstracted, but appeared as it were wrapt with his God. Other eyes might wander but not his. I feel that he was one who was bound by a higher model than those of his own age and standing, and that feeling was strengthened when I came to know him better. His character carried an amazing weight with it . . . Some might think he was over-scrupulous, but all respected him, many loved him, and wished from their heart of hearts that they could be like him. His quiet unobtrusive pursuit of duty accompanied him throughout his career, and his constant and diligent application to his studies did not divert him from communication with God."

Both men left the University with first class classical honours, the one to become a mighty preacher, the other an eminent schoolmaster. "They rest from their labours

and their works do follow them."

I am Sir, &c., SAMUEL C. HATCH.

Clyde House, Blackheath, December 26th, 1892.

We have not entered in any detail into the life of this worthy man, for this can be read more fully in other places.

Canon Miller was interred at Shooters Hill Cemetery.



PART III.

1881-1893.

MILLER HOSPITAL.

IN the early part of 1881, at the suggestion of Mr. James Watson, who was the first to propose again the Hospital movement, and whose name stands on the list of the first contributors to the Fund, a deputation from the Committee of a memorial to the late Canon Miller, D.D., consisting of the Rev. D. Reith, M.A., Mr. Sherman, Mr. James Watson, and Mr. H. C. Burdett met the monthly committee on the subject of beds for patients in connexion with the Royal Kent Dispensary. Mr. Burdett pointed out the necessity for Hospital accommodation in the district for women and children. The Seamen's Hospital took in a few cases on sufferance, but it was against their rules, they having been founded for seamen only. After having heard the explanation of the deputation, and after some

discussion it was decided "that the time had now arrived when Hospital accommodation should be attached to the Institution."

This resolution was confirmed by a special meeting of the Governors, held on 2nd May, 1881.

At this time the condition of the Home patients occupied the serious attention of the management, for the Medical Officers had reported that many deaths had arisen in consequence of the want of proper nursing to supplement their work, and it was believed that by means of the proposed Hospital many more patients would, under God's blessing, be restored to health.

At the General Meeting of Governors it was decided that no more appropriate way could be found of celebrating the *Centenary of the Royal Kent Dispensary*, and perpetuating the memory of the late Canon Miller, the Vicar of Greenwich, and the founder of Hospital Sunday, than by adding thereto the proposed Hospital accommodation, the necessity for which had been long felt in the neighbourhood of Greenwich, and thus increasing its widely extended usefulness.

A subscription list was started by a combined sub-Committee of the Monthly Committee and Committee of the Miller Memorial Fund; the "Memorial" funds raised in the name of the late Canon Miller being added to the general subscription fund.

The clergy of the Rural Deanery of Greenwich arranged to reserve a Sunday in the latter part of the year 1882 for simultaneous sermons in their churches, when collections were made on behalf of the Hospital Building Fund.

The Hon. Sec. reported in January, 1882, that some freehold land at the rear of the Dispensary building had been purchased for £450, sufficient to erect a building to accommodate 30 beds.

Arrangements were made for laying the foundation stone of the Hospital during the summer of 1883, and commemorating the centenary of the Institution. On 1st August, the Right Hon. the Earl of Dartmouth, President, kindly undertook this duty, and afterwards presided at a Dinner at the Ship Hotel. A large and influential gathering assembled, and the proceedings were most interesting and successful. The amount collected (£1,426–15s. 9d.), was devoted to the formation of an endowment fund for the Hospital.

The co-operation of the Members of Parliament of the County and Borough, and the principal residents in the neighbourhood and friends of the Charity was secured. The following appeal was issued by the Committee:—

"ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

The Committee of this excellent Charity have long recognised the great and pressing need existing for Hospital Accommodation in the large and densely populated District comprising Greenwich, Deptford, Woolwich, Blackheath, Lee, Lewisham, Charlton, Plumstead, and their surroundings; and they feel the time has now arrived when they can no longer delay adopting means for carrying out a scheme which has been suggested of building a Hospital in the rear of the Dispensary.

The Committee have had the pleasure of receiving an influential Deputation from the late "Canon Miller Memorial Fund Committee," who are anxious to co-operate with the Executive Committee of the Royal Kent Dispensary in raising the necessary funds, and it has been arranged that one of the Wards shall be called the "MILLER MEMORIAL WARD," as a recognition of the valuable services rendered to the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Metropolis by the late Rev. Canon Miller, D.D., as the promoter of "Hospital Sunday," and as a mark of esteem and affection to his memory.

In this laudable desire the two Committees are united, and they likewise express the hope

that others may be induced to subscribe, with the same wish that the memory of some dear one may be perpetuated for all time, by naming a Ward or Bed after his or her name.

It only remains to make an appeal to the charitable public for liberal contributions to enable the work to be commenced at once, and completed with the least possible delay, the more so, as the Committee are very desirous that at least part of the scheme should be consummated, and the Hospital ready for the reception of patients on the Centenary of the Royal Kent Dispensary, 1883, in recognition of the noble and valuable work that has been carried on through so many generations by the Royal Kent Dispensary, and which has been, and is, so highly appreciated by the poor. It is estimated that a sum of £10,000 will be required to build and endow the Hospital.

It is hoped that more than one or two Congregations and the workmen of the larger firms in the District will be encouraged to establish and endow a bed or beds in the new Hospital. Full details may be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary, WILLIAM BRISTOW, Esq., 78, London Street, Greenwich, by whom donations and subscriptions, either by immediate payments or by yearly instalments,

will be thankfully received and acknowledged; or by the London and County Bank, Greenwich, and its Branches.

Upwards of £2,000 has been already received, or promised, and a list of subscribers will shortly be advertised.

A Certificate as to the urgent necessity of the Hospital, which has been signed by fifty-eight Medical Men, is annexed.

ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY, GREENWICH ROAD, S.E."

"WE, the undersigned, Members of the Medical Profession, residing and practising in the District of the Royal Kent Dispensary, unanimously certify that it would be of the greatest possible benefit to the Neighbourhood if there were Hospital accommodation in connection with the Dispensary, and we are glad to hear so good a project is now on foot. October 5th, 1881. (Signed)

EDWARD CLAPTON, M.D., F.R.C.P.
THOMAS CREED, M.D.
FREDERICK MOON, M.B.
G. H. CABLE, M.R.C.S.E.
CHAS. H. HARTT, L.R.C.S.I., L.K.Q.C.P., L.M.
MONTAGUE M. C. PERCEVAL, L.R.C.P., &c.
HOWARD B. CARTER, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
FREDERICK G. STEWART, M.R.C.S.
J. N. MILLER, M.D., LOND.
A. L. BOWEN, L.R.C.P., (LOND.,) &c.
THOMAS C. FISHER, M.B., M.Ch.
H. W. JACKSON, M.R.C.S.
WM. PEACEY, M.B.
P. KAVANAGH, M.D.

H. W. ROBERTS, M.R.C.S.E. J. P. LONG, L.R.C.S.I. RICHARD THOMAS FREEMAN, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.E., L.M.L. HENRY N. PINK, M.R.C.S.Eng. GAY SHUTE, F.R.C.S.Eng., &c. ALFRED SHARPE, M.D. A. G. MEDWIN, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., &c. JOHN SUTTON SAMS. REGINALD CLARKE, M.R.C.S. JOHN DUKE, M.R.C.S. Eng. JAMES BAYNARD SAUNDRY, M.D. JAS. LOUTITT, M.D.
DAVID KING, M.D., M.R.C.S.Eng.
FRANCIS ATKINS, L.R.C.P. H. F. Bailey, M.R.C.S., &c. FRANK SMITH, M.R.C.S. RICHARD FEGAN, M.D. R. H. BRADLEY, M.D., F.R.C.S. PETER COOPER, L.R.C.P.Lond., M.R.C.S. WALTER C. S. BURNEY, L.R.C.P. WM. LOCKHART, F.R.C.S. JOHN M. BURTON, F.R.C.S. C. T. BROOKHOUSE, M.D. EDMUND DE B. ROBERTSON, M.R.C.S. H. F. LANCASTER, M.D. W. JOHNSON SMITH, F.R.C.S.Eng. ROBERT FINCH, M.R.C.S.Eng. ALFRED FINCH, M.R.C.S.Eng. LEONARD WILLIAMS, M.B. JOHN TAPSON, M.D., M.R.C.S. C. WILSON STEEL, M.R.C.S. JOHN E. B. BURROUGHS, M.R.C.S. KNOWLSON TOWNSEND, L.R.C.P. Lond., M.R.C.S. HERBERT C. BURTON, M.R.C.S.Eng. JOHN P. PURVIS, M.R.C.S. H. J. DOMVILLE, C.B., Inspt.-Genl. of Hospitals, &c., R.N. G. W. Armstrong, M.R.C.S. JAMES JEKEN, M.R.C.S. ALEX. FORSYTH, M.D. JOHN A. HAYNES, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. ARTHUR ROPER, M.R.C.S.Eng. C. K. ORD, M.D., R.N. R. WAFFORD EVE, M.B. HERBERT W. BERNAYS, M.R.C.S.

The following account of the laying of the foundation stone of the Hospital is taken from The Times (August 2nd, 1883) and the Kentish Mercury:—

"The ceremony of laying the foundation stone by the Right Hon. the Earl of Dartmouth, was witnessed by a large assembly. The stone bore the following inscription: "The foundation stone of this Hospital was laid on the 1st of August, 1883, by the Right Hon. the Earl of Dartmouth, President of the Dispensary, to celebrate its centenary, and to perpetuate the memory of the Rev. Canon Miller, D.D., Vicar of Greenwich from 1866 to 1880, the founder of Hospital Sunday. J. Penn, Esq., Treasurer; W. Bristow, Esq., Honorary Secretary; Keith Young, A.R.I.B.A., Henry Hall, A.R.I.B.A., Architects; H. L. Holloway, Builder." The silver trowel which was used bore on the blade a similar inscription, surmounted with the coat-ofarms of the Dartmouth family, with the motto, Caudet Tentamine Virtus. The band of the "R" Division of Police was in attendance and played selections before the opening of the proceedings.

"Mr. W. Bristow, before His Lordship proceeded to lay the stone, made a short statement of the birth, parentage and progress

of the Royal Kent Dispensary. Upwards of a hundred years ago, a few gentlemen met at Deptford and agreed to found a Dispensary for giving Gratuitous Medical Assistance to the poor of St. Paul's, Deptford. At a meeting a few days after, it was agreed to take in also the poor from the Parish of St. Nicholas, Deptford, and afterwards it was decided not to limit the benefits to Deptford alone, but to extend them to the neighbouring Parishes of Greenwich, Lee, Lewisham, Charlton, and Woolwich. A number of gentlemen were associated in the Institution formed, holding its first meeting in the Broadway, Deptford, and from time to time it went on prospering, until 1855, when it was removed to its present site. In the year 1837, when the Queen came to the throne, an address was sent from the Governors of the Kent Dispensary congratulating Her Majesty upon her Accession, and asking if she would allow her name to be used as a Patroness of the Institution.

Lord John Russell wrote back that Her Majesty had graciously received the address and had consented to her name being used as a Patroness, and henceforth the Institution was entitled the Royal Kent Dispensary, the name which it still bears.

He might mention that during the past ten years 100,000 patients had been attended in connection

with the Dispensary, in fact it was the only out-door Hospital for the whole of the Eastern portion of South London, no other Hospital being nearer than Guy's. At the death of the late Canon Miller, it was suggested that there should be some memorial in memory of him. Some gentlemen suggested a Theological Scholarship, others the circulation of a certain number of Bibles, but it was thought by some it would be better if they could have a Hospital to his memory. A meeting of the Miller Memorial Committee was held, and Governors of the Dispensary consulted, and in the end the two were united, and it was decided to celebrate not only the Centenary of the Institution, but the laying of the foundation stone of a Hospital in connection therewith, to the memory of Dr. Miller, the founder of Hospital Sunday.

It was very gratifying to him to be able to say as the Honorary Secretary that they started with the ground paid for, a sufficient amount to pay for the building and furnishing, and have a certain amount—not a large one—of ready money at their bankers. They must all feel that was a satisfactory state of things. To those who had supported the movement, they owed a debt of gratitude, and for having so

magnanimously come forward and given their money. All the Medical Officers have given their services gratuitously, and on the part of the Governors and himself as Honorary Secretary, he felt that if he did not publicly thank them, he would not be doing his duty. And he thanked them for the grand way in which they had at all times placed themselves at the disposal of the poor.

He had now to ask the Earl of Dartmouth, President of the Institution, to lay the foundation stone of the Hospital, which he hoped would prove of great benefit to the neighbourhood. Messrs. Young and Hall had introduced a circular ward, and the builder was Mr. Holloway. He would now ask His Lordship to lay the stone. (Cheers.) Prayer was said by the Rev. Brooke Lambert, and

"THE EARL OF DARTMOUTH having spread the mortar, the stone was lowered, and after several taps with the mallet, and using the level, His Lordship declared the stone 'well and truly laid.' (Amid loud cheers.)

"THE BARON HENRY DE WORMS, M.P., said, it devolved upon him to propose a vote of thanks to the Earl of Dartmouth for laying the foundation stone of what he believed must be an admirable and useful

Institution. It was customary upon occasions like that to say a few words as to the nature of the Institution inaugurated. They had just heard from the Hon. Secretary the history, birth, and growth of the Dispensary, what had been done by it during its continuance, and the prosperity which had attended it, and which is so richly deserved. They had also heard that there was no other hospital nearer Greenwich than Guy's Hospital, which was five or six miles away, and if they considered the enormous extent of the district, they could imagine the distance some of the poor people had to be transported to a hospital to receive the medical aid they required. The poor had not always in their homes the requirements so necessary for them, and doubly so those who were cast down on a bed of sickness, and they would appreciate the boon by which their needs were assuaged close at home. It was for that the Hospital was founded, and in the name of a man ever loved by his parishioners, whose name was always associated with deeds of charity, and the founder of what was known as Hospital Sunday. There could be no closer relation between religion and the act of doing good. The religion they all respected irrespective of creed, was to fear God, love their neighbour, and do as much good in this world as they could

Canon Miller was a good man, his deeds were a monument to his virtues in his life, and after his death, and nothing could be more appropriate and touching than associating that hospital for the relief of pain, sickness and suffering, with the name of a man whose whole life was devoted to doing good and in alleviating the sorrows and pains of his fellow creatures. He thanked his Lordship on their behalf and on his own, as representing that large constituency, for coming amongst them that day. It was not the first time Lord Dartmouth's name had been coupled with good work there, and they should thank him heartily for the part he had taken in inaugurating that Hospital.

"Professor Marshall, President of the Royal College of Surgeons, seconded the vote of thanks and referred to a distinguished Member of the House of Lords coming down to lay that stone. He had himself great pleasure in being present and finding such a benevolent work there for the poor. As a member of the medical profession, he was pleased to see an addition to the number of hospitals, and was glad to find that Greenwich was not behind hand in endeavouring to provide hospitals for their poorer citizens. The ward would be constructed upon principles which he was the first in that country to expound—the

circular ward. He found that it was not a novelty abroad, and a hospital was begun in Antwerp for circular wards before his pamphlet on the subject was published. That hospital, however, was not finished, and he thought little Greenwich would have the first circular ward before great Brussels or Antwerp. It would be to the credit of Greenwich that it made the first experiment. He would not dilate upon the principles of circular wards except to say that they were a kind of brick tent, which received the winds of heaven on all sides, and made light, the enemy of all obnoxious diseases, easy of access and easy of control, and the only objection to it was that of the expense, but which should not overrule their other advantages. Nothing gave him greater pleasure than being present to witness the laving of the foundation stone of the first Hospital with circular wards in the United Kingdom. Other Hospitals would soon follow would the best give means administering to the sick. He endorsed all the sentiments of the Baron de Worms, and had great pleasure in seconding the vote of thanks to his Lordship. (The vote was carried by acclamation.)

"THE EARL OF DARTMOUTH in acknowledging it, said he heartily thanked the distinguished proposer and eminent seconder of this vote of thanks for the cordial way in which it had been expressed He had long experience and knew of the advantages of hospitals. In addition to this, he was specially interested himself in the erection of the present Hospital, because he had realised the kindness of the late Dr. Miller, with whose name it was associated, and he took this opportunity of saying that from him he had often received acts of kindness and courtesy which he should never forget. (Cheers.) It therefore gave him double pleasure to be there on that occasion to lay the first stone of the Canon Miller Memorial. (Cheers.) . . . It had been well said that the Medical Staff of the Institution, honorary officers as they were, deserved the warmest gratitude of the population, and he now re-echoed that sentiment, and thoroughly endorsed it, because he found that during the year there had been no less than 11,641 cases, of which number 6,617 had been attended to at the Dispensary, 2,502 at their own homes. (Applause). There were also 1,720 dental cases which had been attended to It now only remained for him to thank those present for their attendance, and to thank the Committee and the Honorary Secretary for their united kindness to himself. He was sure they would all agree with him in warmly expressing the wish for long success to the Hospital, the building of which they were inaugurating on that occasion. He again thanked them for their vote of thanks tendered to him. (Loud cheers).

"The proceedings concluded by the band playing the National Anthem, and with cheers for the Queen."

The Banquet immediately followed the laying of the foundation stone, and was held at the Ship Hotel, Greenwich, at which a large company assembled, under the presidency of the Earl of Dartmouth. Among those present were Baron H. de Worms, M.P., Mr. W. J. Evelyn, Sir S. Maryon Wilson, Colonel Hughes, Rev. Brooke Lambert, Admiral Robertson, Captain Robertson Shersby, R.N., Hon. and Rev. A. Legge, Professor Marshall, Mr. E. A. Carttar, Mr. H. C. Burdett.

The Chairman proposed "The Clergy and Ministers of all Denominations." The supporters of the Royal Kent Dispensary would agree with him when he said they could hardly say too much of the Clergy. He had a strong opinion upon politics and religion, but he was sure they would all feel that they owed a debt of gratitude to the Clergy. He had met ministers of several denominations, and whether it was the Clergy of the Church of England, the Clergy of the Church of Rome, or of the Nonconformist

Ministers, the bringing together of men whose pursuits lay in different courses in life led to the benefit of the Institution with which they were connected. The man whose loss they all deplored, and whose memory they met that day to perpetuate in the hospital, was one they all loved. He had often been brought into connexion with Canon Miller, and could say that those people owed him a large debt of gratitude. He coupled with the toast the name of a near relative, the Hon. and Rev. Augustus Legge,* the Rural Dean of Greenwich.

The Hon. And Rev. Canon Legge said he had been called upon quite unexpectedly to respond to the toast, but he felt that they were gathered together for a purpose that must commend itself to the minds of all, and especially to ministers of religion, for it was one of their duties to plead the cause of every charitable institution in that country. The clergy of that neighbourhood had not been altogether wanting in that respect, and he was pleased to say that the Hon. Treasurer of the Miller Hospital Fund

^{*} The Hon. and Rev. Augustus Legge, D.D., fifth son of William Walter, the late Earl of Dartmouth, was Vicar of Lewisham from 1879 to 1891, when he was consecrated (October 24th) Bishop of Lichfield. He was Honorary Canon of Rochester and Chaplain to the Bishop of Rochester, Rural Dean of Greenwich (1880-1886), and Rural Dean of Lewisham (1886-1891). Canon Legge was succeeded as Rural Dean of Greenwich (1886-1891), by the Rev. Canon Reith, M.A., Vicar of Christ Church, Greenwich.

had put himself into communication with him at an early date with reference to that fund, and what could be more appropriate to the memory of Canon Miller than a Hospital in Greenwich? He supposed his name had been coupled with the toast as he was the successor to Canon Miller as Rural Dean. The duties of rural dean he tried to perform to the best of his ability, but what they were he could not then explain. He had known the late Canon Miller for many years. When he (Canon Legge) was first ordained curate of Ainsworth, near Birmingham, Dr. Miller was the leader amongst the clergy of all denominations in Birmingham, and there it was that his great life's work was done. Whilst he (Canon Legge) was in that neighbourhood, Canon Miller was offered and accepted the Vicarage of Greenwich, and he would never forget his farewell meeting at the Town Hall, Birmingham. He had been there when the member for Birmingham, Mr. John Bright, addressed a meeting there; he had been there when Canon Miller received a testimonial, and the hall was then as much crowded as when Mr. John Bright addressed his meeting.

Canon Miller made his mark there, and then in Greenwich, and they all knew that what he had done in Birmingham with regard to Hospitals he had also done in Greenwich, and the movement has now extended to every parish in the metropolis. When it was determined to perpetuate Dr. Miller's memory by a Hospital at Greenwich, the clergy of the deanery did all they could to aid the movement. A Sunday was set apart at all the places of worship in the neighbourhood, and a considerable sum was thereby collected by that means for the Fund. It had been suggested that day that offertories for it might be given in more churches than at present, and he was sure they would like to see the movement more assisted by that means. The clergy of all denominations he could say were all hand-in-hand, and desired to do the most good they could in the They would endorse the words of Baron de Worms that afternoon, and labour in a good cause.

Colonel Hughes, in replying after Admiral Robertson for "The Army, Navy and Reserve Forces," said he was glad to say that the Volunteers had taken up the branch of ambulance work, and they might even yet find the Volunteers bringing patients to the Royal Kent Dispensary on their stretchers. The Rev. Canon Miller came from Birmingham, and so did he. He located himself in Greenwich, and supposed he would never leave it. He had known Canon Miller

both in Birmingham and there; and was pleased to respond to the toast with which they had coupled his name.

After speeches by Mr. W. J. Evelyn and Baron de Worms—

THE CHAIRMAN proposed "Success to the Royal Kent Dispensary and Hospital." They were all, he said, aware of the origin and history of the Kent Dispensary, that from a small beginning it had grown to be a very important, useful, and beneficent institution. The presence of so large a number that evening showed they were determined that its usefulness should increase in the future. He did not suppose that when the next centenary came round their chairman or any of them would take part in the celebration, but he had no doubt that some of their names would be represented. He was proud to think that his ancestors were supporters of this beneficent institution, and he hoped his successors would do the same. He read in the list of the first supporters of the Institution names which were still familiar to them. He thought Professor Marshall would find that the first ward completed in England on the circular system would be that in Greenwich. Sir Charles Mills had explained to him that he had to be at another meeting that night. Lord Lewisham was also unable to be

present. He felt sure that they would both be willing to continue their support of the Institution in the future. This Institution was initiated at a public meeting held at the "Roman Eagle." In olden times the "Roman Eagle" was the type of success all over the world, and he thought they might accept the circumstance to which he had referred as an omen of the future success of the Royal Kent Dispensary.

PROFESSOR MARSHALL, proposing the "Donors," mentioned the names of the most liberal of them, and they were received with loud applause. He understood the wife of the late Mr. John Penn had offered £1,000. The speaker then entered into some details with regard to the circular system of wards.

Mr. W. J. EVELVN in replying for "The Donors," said he thanked Mr. Marshall for the kind way in which he had referred to him and the other donors. The only thing which should have been amended was that Mr. Rock should have replied before him, as he and his sister, Mrs. Payne, had given £2,000 to that excellent Institution. He had been very much interested in looking over the annals of the Dispensary, from which he learned that a hundred years ago some gentlemen met at the "Roman Eagle," in Church Street, Deptford, and looking over the

affairs of the neighbourhood, felt that it would be an excellent thing to found a dispensary. The principal founder appeared to be a gentleman named William Goodhew, and amongst the other promoters was the name of Carttar. With regret he could not find the name of any member of his own family as assisting at the founding of it, but perhaps it was not properly represented to them.

Mr. Evelyn then referred to the great Duke of Wellington presiding at a dinner of the Dispensary, and announcing that Her Majesty had consented to become the patroness of what was then the Kent Dispensary, but since known as the Royal Kent Dispensary. Considering the associations of Greenwich with Royalty, it was pleasing to find that the institution was connected with the name of her present Majesty, just after her accession. His father during his lifetime was one of the vice-presidents of the Kent Dispensary, and had his life been spared from all he knew of him, he believed he would have been one of the first supporters of it. For his own part he was pleased to be able to assist in the good work of any institution in the district with which his name was associated. He trusted that day would be looked back upon as a memorable one. He was much interested in what Professor Marshall had said of the circular system of hospital wards, and

could trust in his opinion that that was the right one. He hoped that the Institution, as years passed away, would become more and more a blessing to Greenwich.

Mr. Rock said it must be a colder man than himself who could be received as he had been without emotion. He accepted it fully, without any affectation of indifference, and because the reference to his beloved sister had touched that emotion, it would not prevent him from addressing a few words to them upon that present occasion. He looked down the list of donors, and could say they had all been cheerful givers. There were givers of more than money-time, energy, and ability-without which that addition to the Royal Kent Dispensary could never have been made. He looked down the table and saw that indefatigable man, William Bristow. They knew him, but they did not fully know him, or they would bow down to him as a man who never lost an opportunity of doing good. It was almost entirely to him that they owed that great movement, but not entirely to him, but to his friends of the press, to his great friend, Mr. J. Watson, who joined him in working for the good of his fellow men, and week after week gave his columns for the advancement of a good work. They had heard the clergy of all

denominations very much praised. There were over 500 places of worship in the neighbourhood, and there had been four of the clergy in in that room to stand up and return thanks At the outset he was told for the toast. that from those 500 places of worship they could get £5 at least each, and that would make £2,500. As yet they had had a little from the Vicar, and a little from the friend on his left, but had they had anything adequate from the congregations? Was it due to the laxity of the Clergy in their zeal in putting it before their congregations, or was it owing to the stinginess of the congregations? Hospital Sunday got from that neighbourhood £3,000; was it asking too much for the relief of their fellow men, that they should advocate it with all their might and strength, and not be satisfied until there was sent a good honest sum, and continue it for its maintenance? There was another source which had not been workedthe working man, for whose benefit it was instituted, and for whom beds would have to be opened, with such appliances as were necessary. Was it too much to ask them for one day in the year to subscribe to the funds of what was for their own good? He was a working man himself, and if it was his last effort he would make it freely on behalf of his fellow men. He thanked

them for the patience with which they had listened to him, and left the matter to their warm hearts and willing hands.

Mr. C. H. Burdett (the well-known authority and most able exponent of Hospital administration), in an excellent address, gave instances of accident cases which had come under his knowledge in proof of the necessity for a Hospital of that kind in Greenwich, and in complimentary terms proposed "The Treasurer and Committee," coupled with the name of Mr. J. Penn.

Mr. Penn said, when asked to return thanks for the toast, he pointed out that it was hardly fair to the Executive Committee to place his name with theirs, as his was an honorary position. He had learnt the wisdom of non-interference when things were going on well, and left the affairs of the Royal Kent Dispensary to that Committee. He, however, yielded to no one in his desire to wish well to the work of that Institution, but it would not be fair for him to interfere with the active work so ably carried on by the Committee.

THE CHAIRMAN gave "The next Centenary, and may it be as successful as the present."

The proceedings then terminated."

This year (1883), a district for Brockley was arranged, and added to the list.

The modest Hospital now erected contains only two wards, in one Northern pavilion or block accommodating 22 beds, and between this and the contemplated additional wing, stands the central administrative portion, consisting of five stories with a basement, operating room, bath rooms—separation wards—kitchen, scullery, matron's, nurses' rooms, &c.

The Building is erected on a rectangular piece of ground, immediately in the rear of the Royal Kent Dispensary Building, which lies on its North side. On the East is a large garden belonging to the Greenwich Road Chapel; on the West a blind road or cul de sac, by which access is obtained to the Hospital; and on the South the ground on which the designed and contemplated Southern Ward was to have been erected.

The circular ward system introduced into this country by the late Professor John Marshall, F.R.S., was adopted as being not only the best, but the only possible form appropriate to the site at the disposal of the Committee. The windows of the Dispensary Building overlooking the Hospital site could not have their light unduly impeded, as they must if the ordinary rectangular form of building had been adopted.

Necessary accommodation was provided in the most economical manner possible, for it was felt that a building of an ornate and consequently expensive character was manifestly inappropriate in a position which did not face the main thoroughfare.

In speaking of circular wards, Mr. C. H. Burdett says (Hospitals and Asylums of the World, Vol. iv, 1893, p. 40) "of this type of ward, but few examples exist. The idea of a circular ward originated in England with Professor Marshall, F.R.S., the distinguished surgeon, but was independently worked out by Sir Andrew Clarke, G.C.M.C. in India, and by Bæckelmans at Antwerp. The first circular wards to be actually occupied by patients were those of the Miller Hospital at Greenwich. Subsequently the splendid Municipal Hospital at Antwerp, the Victoria Hospital at Burnley, the Infirmary of the Hampstead Workhouse, and the Hastings Hospital, besides two small military Hospitals at Milton, near Gravesend, and Seaforth, near Liverpool, were opened. Circular wards have been erected at the Royal Infirmary at Liverpool, and will shortly be built at the Great Northern Central Hospital, London. The differences between one circular ward and another lie mainly in the mode of attachment to the main building,



INTERIOR OF THE BEATRICE WARD, MILLER HOSPITAL.



and in the treatment of the central part. Thus at Liverpool, Burnley, Greenwich, and the military Hospitals, the rooms or either side of the corridor of approach abut on the circle, while at Hastings and Antwerp the attachment is by a corridor only. At Antwerp and at the Great Northern, the connection is by covered bridges, with open spaces between the roof of one bridge and the floor of the bridge above it. At Antwerp, the centre of the ward is occupied by a nurses' room. At Burnley and Hampstead, a staircase to the roof occupies the central part, while at Hastings, Liverpool, and Greenwich the central portion is occupied by three stoves, with smoke and ventilation shafts."

The advantages derived from the circular form of ward are summed up as follows by Professor Marshall in his original pamphlet on "A Circular System of Hospital Wards," (Smith, Elder and Co.), written in 1878. "The circle is the most perfect figure in every respect. For purposes of lighting, warming, and ventilation; for isolation from other buildings, and for internal comfort and easy administration, this figure is well suited; and if the covering of a given area with circular blocks seems to be wasteful of ground space, this very condition would contribute not a little to the constant and

uniform aëration of the outer surface of the Ward Towers."

This Hospital will always remain celebrated as the first in Great Britain where circular wards have been opened for the reception of patients, and which have been found so beneficial.

As to the comfort of the wards, about which question was at one time raised, they are as homely and cheerful as possible. A visit to the Hospital at Greenwich will readily dispel doubts which anyone might have upon this score.

The British Medical Journal of December 13th, 1884, says—

"The opening of the Miller Memorial Hospital at Greenwich, next Wednesday, by the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, is an event of great importance in the hospital world. The Miller Memorial Hospital is the first circular Hospital built and opened throughout the world. Circular wards have been mooted and discussed for some years, both here and in the United States, but it was left to the promoters of this useful and admirably contrived pioneer suburban Hospital to translate theory into practice. We understood that the Hospitals Association propose to signalise the occasion by holding on the evening of the day of opening, a special and informal conference on the subject of circular hospitals, at the rooms in

Adam Street, Adelphi. Papers will then be read by Professor Marshall, whose admirable paper on circular wards first brought the subject into prominence, and by Mr. Keith D. Young, one of the architects to the Hospital. It may not be out of place to mention, with regard to the Miller Memorial Hospital, the gratifying and almost unparalleled fact that not only have there been no extras beyond the estimates for its erection, but there has positively been a small reduction.

Surely so phenomenal an occurrence ought to be written in letters of enduring brass on the walls of the structure. But not only have the Committee been careful in the matter of bricks and mortar, they have been cautious and provident in the matter of internal administration also. They have evidently determined that their Hospital shall not be a mere offshoot or outpost of one of the great temples of healing, to which any case of special difficulty must be referred. They have passed a resolution that the Surgeons to the Hospital, of whom there are to be three, shall be Fellows, by examination, of the Royal College of Surgeons of London or Dublin, or possess a degree in surgery of a British University; evidently with the view that the surgical work of the Hospital shall be of the best procurable kind, and shall be self contained. In other respects,

the regulations which the Committee have adopted seem to be carefully thought out, and the Hospital will open, therefore, under the happiest auspices."

The British Medical Journal for December 20th, 1884, adds—

"The Miller Memorial Hospital at Greenwich, which was opened by the Lord Mayor, on Wednesday, December 17th, is of very special interest to Hospital Committees, because it is the first Hospital with circular wards which has been completed in this country. Part of the large hospital at Antwerp is said to be ready for use, but it has not yet been opened. It is interesting to note that the probable advantages of the circular ward has been thought out by at least three independent persons. To Professor John Marshall belongs the credit of having independently thought out the scheme, and of having brought it prominently before architects in this country; and to the influence of his teachings may be traced the design, not only of the Miller Memorial Hospital, but of the circular wards at the Hampstead Infirmary and at Burnley. Before the publication of Professor Marshall's pamphlet, the plans for the hospital at Antwerp had already been drawn and accepted. Long before this the idea had occurred to a third person,

and Major-General Sir Andrew Clarke had made designs for a hospital at Madras on the circular system in 1852; he also designed a hospital on this principle for Yokohama, but neither of these were built; he also designed a small hospital for Lucknow, but it is not known whether this was ever built. At the present time, however, he has under construction two military hospitals, one, a small cavalry hospital at Seaforth, near Liverpool; and the other a small hospital at Milton, near Southend, for the School of Musketry; a third much larger hospital, to contain a hundred beds, is about to be erected at Valetta, in Malta. The fact that this special system of construction should have suggested itself, quite independently, to no fewer than three persons, is in itself strong evidence that the plan possesses certain conspicuous advantages; anybody who will pay a visit to the hospital at Greenwich will be convinced that many of the objections urged against the system are not borne out by experience. The wards, which each contain ten beds, have a diameter of thirty-five feet, are twelve feet high, and have a cubic space of one hundred and twelve feet for each bed; in the centre is a threesided shaft, with a small fireplace on each side, and also air shafts for ventilation. The general aspect of the wards is very bright and cheerful.

and the central column is found not to offer any serious obstruction to the general view. The cost has been under £160 a bed; when the whole design is completed by the erection of two more circular wards, the cost will be reduced to £140 a bed for the whole Hospital."

Besides these two military hospitals at Milton and Seaforth, at the children's hospital, Bradford, there is (1892), a small pox pavilion attached, in which is an adaptation of Dr. Burdon Sanderson's proposal, the air being passed through a furnace after leaving the wards, and is supposed to be sterilized. Also one at Hastings, New York Cancer Hospital, Hospital for Port Said, designed in 1884 by Viscountess Strangford. Mr. Keith D. Young is now (1892) building at the Great Northern Central Hospital, Holloway, a circular block with three wards, each of which will be identical in cubic space and number of beds with the existing three rectangular wards. This, as he says, will give opportunity for a most exact comparison.

On 17th December, 1884, by virtue of his office as Chairman of the Hospital Sunday Fund in London, The Rt. Hon. G. S. Nottage, Lord Mayor of London, presided, in state with the Lady Mayoress, at the ceremony of formally opening the Miller Memorial Hospital.

The following address was presented to the Lord Mayor:—

"ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY
AND MILLER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

"My LORD MAYOR,

"I have the honour, on behalf of the Committee of Management of the Royal Kent Dispensary and Miller Memorial Hospital, to welcome you here to-day. We have felt that no one could so appropriately be invited to open a new hospital, which has been built to commemorate the fact that Canon Miller was the 'founder of Hospital Sunday,' as you, my Lord Mayor, the President of the Hospital Sunday Fund. It has been ascertained by Mr. H. C. Burdett, a leading authority upon Hospital questions, that nearly £1,500,000 sterling has been collected for the Hospitals of this country through the instrumentality of "Hospital Sunday," and that the annual contributions to the Hospitals from this source now amount to about £250,000 per annum. The Hospital Sunday Fund has spread to the Colonies and America, and is rapidly becoming an Institution in every civilized country throughout the world. No one will, therefore, be likely to

dispute, that the founder of the Hospital Sunday Fund deserves well of the human race, and especially well of his own countrymen, or that the Hospital Sunday Fund has rendered to our Hospitals, wherever they may be situated, services which cannot be too highly eulogised, or too thankfully acknowledged.

"There are two features connected with the establishment of the Miller Memorial Hospital, which are especially worthy of public consideration. In the first place, Greenwich is the first Metropolitan Borough which has attempted to provide Hospital accommodation for the treatment of the poor within its immediate boundaries. It is one of the most serious objections to the existing system of medical relief in London, that the majority of the Hospital beds are situated in buildings located within a radius of a mile-and-a-half from Charing Cross. The Committee, therefore, confess to a feeling of thankfulness that the opening of the Miller Memorial Hospital will remove from the inhabitants of South East London the reproach entailed by the present compulsory removal of serious accidents, and other severe cases of bodily illness, at the risk of the sufferers' lives, to a Hospital situated not only outside the Borough boundaries, but miles away from the scene of the

accident itself. With the removal of this reproach, will terminate an amount of individual suffering which has caused grief to those who have realized it, and which has brought pain and sometimes probably premature death to the patients themselves.

"In the second place, the Committee desire to direct your special attention to the fact that the Miller Memorial Hospital has been constructed, furnished, and fitted upon entirely new, and, as they believe, specially perfect principles, which cannot fail to make it an object of interest to all, whether in this country or elsewhere, who are connected with Hospitals and their management. The Circular System of Hospital Construction has had many advocates for some years, nevertheless, to-day you will admit the public to the Wards of the first Circular Hospital which has yet been completed in the history of the World.

"Finally, whilst thanking you for your presence to-day, and whilst welcoming, with pleasure, the Lady Mayoress, who has so kindly graced the ceremony with her presence, we believe that the facts here brought to your notice cannot fail to interest, not only yourself, intimately related as you are to the Local Government of this Country, but that that

interest will extend to all classes throughout the Metropolis. If this view is found correct, not many years hence, each Metropolitan Borough will have established, within its boundaries, a general Hospital, to which it will be possible to remove all the suffering and sick of the locality who require the facilities which it can alone afford to the poor, when attacked by illness, or overtaken by accident.

"My Lord Mayor, having requested you to kindly unlock the door, I now have the honour to ask you formally to declare the Miller Memorial Hospital open for the reception of patients.

"WILLIAM BRISTOW, Hon. Sec.

"GREENWICH, S.E., 17th December, 1884."

Alderman Nottage's lamented death occurred a few months after he had opened the Hospital, while carrying out the duties of his high office of Lord Mayor.

In December, 1884, three Physicians and three Surgeons for the Hospital were elected by the Governors. The Rev. Brooke Lambert, M.A., B.C.L., Vicar of Greenwich, kindly offering his services, was duly appointed Chaplain to the Institution, and his untiring interest in the spiritual welfare of the patients is a matter of great congratulation.

On the completion of the Hospital, in January, 1885, the subscribers to the Royal Kent Dispensary and Miller Memorial Hospital were invited to view the building previous to the admission of patients.

The Dispensary Building was thoroughly repaired and the drains carefully overhauled by the Architects of the Hospital, Messrs. Keith Young and Hall, of Bloomsbury.

The Builder was Mr. H. L. Holloway, of Deptford.

(In 1891, the Hospital was connected with the Dispensary portion of the building by means of a covered way for the ready access of the Resident House Surgeons, especially at night time).

The wards were most comfortably, though inexpensively, furnished with every modern appliance—and a very complete and valuable collection of surgical instruments added for the use of the Medical Staff.

A portable fire-engine and appliances were supplied to the Hospital by the kindness and liberality of Messrs. Merryweather & Sons.

An oil painting of the late Canon Miller was presented to the Miller Hospital (September, 1884), by Mr. Thomas Spencer, of Greenwich Road; and hung in the Board Room.

Five years later (in 1889) Messrs. Corder and Haycraft, of Greenwich, converted a portion of their property opposite the entrance to the Hospital into a garden, laid it out in a suitable manner, and lent it to the Institution for the benefit of the patients and staff, and which is highly appreciated by them.

The Resident Medical Officer of the Dispensary was appointed to the same post for the Miller Memorial Hospital, but the duties of the two offices were soon found to be too onerous. Two Resident Medical Officers were therefore appointed in October, 1886—a Senior and a Junior, who held office for six months, but are eligible for re-election. They have the care of the in-patients, the Home patients in the vacant districts, and attend the out-patients at the Dispensary during the temporary absence of any of the Hon. Medical Officers at the Dispensary.

The first patient was received in February, 1885, and by the annual meeting on the 12th June following, 56 patients had been admitted into the wards. The in-patients are selected on the recommendation of the Hon. Medical Officers or of any other medical practitioner, from the medical and surgical cases to whom (in most cases) letters are given by the Governors,

but all cases of accident and extreme urgency, are admitted by the Resident House Surgeons at all times, day or night, without any such letter. The number of distressing cases that seek admission to the Hospital removes any doubt as to the need of such an addition to the Royal Kent Dispensary.

The erection of the Hospital and the large increase in work led to necessary and important changes in the administration, in addition to the re-organisation and reinforcements to the Medical Department already alluded to.

In June, 1885, the General Committee was increased from 30 to 50, and a House Committee of nine was appointed. The latter Committee continue to meet every week on Tuesday, to superintend the internal working of the Institution. Three retire by rotation every three months, but are eligible for re-election if they have attended one half of the meetings.

In December, 1885, it was suggested that the title of the Institution should be altered to that of the Royal Kent Hospital and name one ward the Canon Miller Ward, but it was finally decided by a General Meeting of Governors to name the Institution the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary. This alteration in the title was first suggested by Mr. Custance, the

Secretary of the Hospital Sunday Fund, and adopted by the Governors.

At the commencement of 1890, during the settlement of a legacy of £5,000 from the late Mr. Field, of New Cross, Mr. Justice North declared that the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary was the Charity formerly known as the Royal Kent Dispensary.

The accounts of the cash receipts and expenditure of this united Institution are now (1893) annually presented to the Governors, after the form adopted by the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund, and audited by Messrs. Turquand, Youngs, Weise, Bishop and Clarke, Chartered Accountants.

(It is pleasing to record that the expenses in 1892 were considerably less than in former years, due in great measure to the careful economy practised).

In February, 1886, Mr. John M. Burton, F.R.C.S., of Lee, died, who for many years had acted as one of the Honorary Staff of the Institution.

At the Annual Meeting in June, 1886, it was stated that the number of patients (13,118) attended during the past year, was in excess of any former year, which was accounted for by the long and trying winter and to the distress

amongst the labouring classes which had so long prevailed in the South-Eastern District of London.

In February, 1887, the Charity lost a worthy friend in the death of the Hon. and Rev. Henry Legge, D.C.L. He had worked most energetically on its behalf during the whole period of his long connection with the parish of Lewisham.

The Royal Blackheath Golf Club, in April, 1887, through Francis Gilbert, Esq., presented the handsome donation of 20 guineas to the funds of the Hospital. It is not generally known in these days when the golf boom is on, that the Blackheath Club is the oldest in existence. Instituted in 1608, in the time of James I, from whom it became known as the Royal and Ancient game. It was called until 1822 by the rather mystic name of the "Knuckle Club," doubtless from the Dutch origin of Golf, or "Gowff" as it The Members of the Club are, and was called. have always been, liberal supporters of the Hospital and Dispensary, and the names of its Captains, Medal Holders, and Members appear among the generous donors to its funds during the century. Although no record appears in the Annals of the Hospital and Dispensary of any accidents from golf having been treated, it is well

known that the game is not free—especially of late years—from such, and often of a serious nature, which have taken place elsewhere. This may be largely due to the Club Rule, which obliges its members to wear red coats while playing, and in which unique costume the late Lord Mayor, Sir Stuart Knill, Bart., a Blackheath resident and warm supporter of the Hospital, entertained the Club, for the first time, at a banquet in the Mansion House.

On 16th June, 1887, the annual meeting was held in the School Room of the Wesleyan Church, Blackheath, under the presidency of Lord Dartmouth. On this occasion, great regret was expressed that so many pressing cases had to be refused admission to the Hospital, on account of the limited accommodation. The number of cases attended during the year was 15,458, 2,340 more than last year, there being an increase in every department. It has been found that the Hospital has enormously increased the work of the Dispensary.

The following month (July), a dinner, which proved the greatest success in every way, was held at the Holborn Restaurant, to celebrate the 50th year of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, Patron of the Institution, and in aid of the Funds of the Institution.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Dartmouth presided on this occasion. A large proportion of the amount, £930 9s. 8d., handed to the Charity after the payment of all expenses, came from outside the ordinary circle of subscribers, which was no doubt owing to the stewards making known to their friends the benefits the Institution confers upon the poor of the district.

This year, Mrs. Jolit, of Lewisham, named a bed in the Hospital after her husband, the late Francis Hy. Jolit, Esq., of Dartmouth Villas, Lewisham.

It is hoped that many more will follow her praiseworthy example in perpetuating the memory of some beloved friend. (A person paying the sum of £2,000, or £70 per annum, may endow a bed in perpetuity).

On June 15, 1888, Col. Duncan, M.P., distributed the Certificates and Medallions to the Ladies' Ambulance Class in the Board Room of the Institution.

In July, Her Royal Highness Princess Beatrice, accompanied by Prince Henry of Battenberg, visited the Institution, after laying the foundation stone of the Jubilee Almshouses, and after seeing the patients in the Hospital, was graciously pleased to name the Female Ward, the "Beatrice Ward," in commemoration of their Royal Highnesses' visit, a notable instance of the ever conspicuous efforts of the Royal Family to encourage and assist genuine charity.

In the Kentish Mercury, Friday, 13th July, there is an account of the ceremony:

"Under any circumstances it would no doubt have been agreeable to the Princess Beatrice to discharge such a function as she did on Tuesday, but it must have been especially interesting from the historical associations connected with the occasion and the locality. The building, the foundation stone of which Her Royal Highness was laying, was about to be erected in commemoration of the Jubilee of her own beloved mother, Queen Victoria, but it was only the reconstruction of Almshouses, which originally built to commemorate the Jubilee of her great grandfather, George III. In 1809, seventy-nine years before, the foundation of the original structure was laid (for an account of the Jubilee Almshouses, 1809, see John Kimbell, Greenwich Charities, 1816), and now the ceremony was repeated in celebration of the Jubilee of his granddaughter, our present Queen, whose life we hope may be prolonged for many a year. The incident is unique, and the like will probably never again occur in English history. It serves as a most encouraging illustration of the

unchanging loyalty of the British people, and their warm and genuine attachment to the Queen and Royal Family. In that way the celebration of this double Jubilee has more than local importance, and gives Greenwich a distinction, shared, we believe, by no other town in England, adding another claim to the many already possessed by the ancient borough on the favourable regard of the Reigning House. One incident connected with the ceremony we must not omit to mention, for it was of really pathetic interest. Amongst the company assembled on the occasion was Mr. Joseph Cole, a venerable philanthropist, well known and greatly respected in the locality, who had entered on his ninety-fourth year, but still retained his sympathetic interest in all that concerned the welfare of the community, and is at the present moment one of the Vice-Presidents of the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary. This representative of a bygone generation was presented to the Princess Beatrice by the Earl of Dartmouth, and informed Her Royal Highness that he was present at the laying of the foundation of the former Jubilee Houses in 1809. Such a presentation to the great granddaughter of George III must have affected the Princess with peculiar interest, as she saw before her a venerable worthy, who not only had lived through the half

century of the yet unfinished reign of her Royal Mother, but through the entire reigns of her great uncles, William IV and George IV, and many years of that of her great grandfather, George III. Such an old age as Mr. Cole adorns, deserves, in the truest sense, honour and respect. The Royal party were then conducted to the Miller Hospital, were they were received by the Chairman and Committee. A suitable address was read by the Hon. Secretary, Col. Bristow, which succinctly stated the history of the Royal Kent Dispensary, of which the Queen has been the Patroness since her accession to the throne, and of which the Duchess of Kent, the grandmother of the Princess, had been for a long series of years the Vice-Patroness. The address then added the facts connected with the establishment of the Miller Hospital in 1885, as a mark of respect to the late Canon Miller, D.D., Vicar of Greenwich, the founder of Hospital Sunday, and giving some brief particulars of the work done for the benefit of the Sick Poor, both by the Dispensary and the Hospital, asked permission to associate Her Royal Highness's name with the Institution, by giving to the Upper Ward the name of the 'Princess Beatrice' Ward. Her Royal Highness at once and most graciously acceded to the request, replying in the following words: 'I am duly

sensible of your kind wish to call a ward of the Miller Hospital by my name, and I cordially thank you for thus permitting me to be associated with an Institution which, for more than a century, has done such noble work in relieving the wants and sufferings of the poor inhabitants in this populous district.' The Royal Party then proceeded to inspect the wards, and to perform the ceremony of naming the 'Beatrice Ward.' The company who joined in this inspection of the Hospital could not fail to have been struck by the admirable arrangements that had been made for the comfort and care of the patients, and if at one time, we were dubious as to the advantage of the system of Circular Wards, we confess that an observation of the construction of the Wards in the Miller Hospital has entirely removed our difficulty. The whole aspect of the wards, and the mein of the attendants, the arrangements of every kind, the efficient and constant medical supervision, all combine to stamp the Miller Hospital as one of the most useful of our public institutions, and one which certainly has the strongest claims upon the support of the philanthropic public. remember with satisfaction, that we were the first to propose this method of doing honour to the memory of the distinguished Divine, and we take this opportunity of testifying how much the public owe to the Honorary Secretary, Col. Bristow, and the Committee, for the unflagging and efficient efforts they have made to place upon a solid basis this most excellent Charity. We have no doubt the attention that has been drawn to it by this Royal visit will have the effect of inducing contributions and subscriptions, which we may say are at present much needed."

In April, 1889, Col. Wm. Bristow, V.D., resigned the post of Honorary Secretary, which he had held for nearly twenty years.

The Committee placed on record their sense of the very valuable services which Col. Bristow had rendered to the Institution, by electing him a Vice-President and Trustee, for to his energy was greatly due the addition of the Hospital to the Royal Kent Dispensary. In May, Major General G. R. Roberts, whose influence has proved so beneficial to the interests of the Charity, consented to undertake the duties of Hon. Secretary.

In addition to the official recognition of his services another testimonial, accompanied by a handsome collection of silver subscribed for by numerous friends in the neighbourhood, was presented to Col. Bristow, V.D., at the Annual Meeting, held at the Green Man Assembly

Rooms, Blackheath. T. W. Boord, Esq., M.P., presided in the place of the Earl of Dartmouth, who was prevented from attending through ill health.

"Mr. Boord in moving a most cordial vote of thanks to Colonel Bristow for the great assistance he had at all times rendered the Charity during so many years. Added to that they proposed to mark their appreciation of his services, and to express their regret at his retirement by the presentation of the address which was the outward and visible sign of their feelings on this occasion. He himself had known Col. Bristow for many years, and it afforded him the greatest possible pleasure to be present and ask him to accept the address from his hands, although his Lordship, Earl Dartmouth, would have been with them if he had been able. The address, suitably illuminated, was then read by Mr. Boord, and expressed the feelings of the Committee in the following words :- 'That the Committee of the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary desire to place on record their sense of the very valuable services which have been rendered to the Institution by Colonel Bristow during the nearly twenty years in which he has discharged the duties of Honorary Secretary. To the energy he has exhibited is largely due the fact that a hospital, in which serious accidents and illnesses are treated, has been added to the Royal Kent Dispensary, which has for so long been a benefit to the poor of this and the surrounding neighbourhoods. Colonel Bristow has left on his colleagues an impression of his devotion to the work, which they desire individually to emulate, and they trust that his connection with the Institution will be maintained by his acceptance of the appointment to serve as a Vice-President and Trustee."

'Signed on behalf of the Committee and Governors,

'DARTMOUTH,

'JOHN PENN, T. W. BOORD,

'Brooke Lambert, Edgar Sydney.'

"Colonel Bristow accepted the address, which he duly acknowledged. He did not think he had ever had so difficult a task to perform as on that occasion, but it was with the greatest pleasure he returned his most grateful thanks to Mr. Boord, the Committee, and those ladies and gentlemen who had come there for the purpose of supporting what the Committee had done. It was more than twenty years since he first undertook the duties of Honorary Secretary to that Institution, and through those years his work had been a labour of love. He had worked most

cordially with every member of the staff, and it had been to him, during the last twenty years, a grateful pleasure, and he was glad to have the opportunity of that occasion of bearing testimony to the very great amount of work which they had carried on with so much zeal and faithfulness. The neighbourhood could not be too grateful for the labour and time the Honorary Medical Staff had bestowed on the Institution. He had calculated that something like 300,000 patients had been attended by the Medical Staff. They could not return a sufficient amount of thanks to the Honorary Medical Officers for the trouble they had taken to help those people belonging to the class who fought against poverty. As to the Committee he had worked with them in the most harmonious manner possible, and he should think there never was a more happy family than those who formed the working part of the Royal Kent Dispensary. He hoped the Hospital, which had done so much in the past, would be increased to double its size. When he retired he felt that there was a gap in his life. For twenty years he had read the minutes at the annual meeting, and now he saw others occupying that place, but he felt that it was filled very ably by his friend, General Roberts, and he came to the conclusion that he

had done the right thing. He felt the honour they had conferred upon him in appointing him a Trustee and electing him a Vice-President to that glorious Institution, and he hoped he might continue to do some service to the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary.

"After some letters had been read from the Earl of Dartmouth, Sir T. Maryon Wilson, Mr. W. Angerstein, Mr. W. J. Evelyn, J.P., Mr. Alderman and Sheriff Stuart Knill, Mr. Penn, Mr. F. Sherwood, and Mr. W. F. Rock, respecting their absence,

"Mr. John Penn said it was a great privilege to him, and one which he esteemed very highly, to present Colonel Bristow a series of plate, on this occasion, and an album containing the signatures of a very large number of personal friends and friends of the Institution who had joined in making him that presentation. He was quite sure that Colonel Bristow would appreciate that expression of their feelings towards him, but he would appreciate more than anything they could do for him, the gratitude of the many thousand persons who had benefited by the Institution. He sincerely trusted that Colonel Bristow would long be with them in the work.

"(The Testimonial consisted of a handsome silver teapot, stand, and large silver salver, two Corinthian candlesticks, all suitably engraved, and an album signed by all the subscribers.)

"Mr. Penn then read the testimonial, of which the following is a copy:—

'This Testimonial, together with a silver tray and other plate, was presented to Colonel William Bristow, by numerous subscribers, on his resignation of the office of Honorary Secretary to the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary, Greenwich.

'For nearly twenty years Colonel Bristow was Honorary Secretary to the Royal Kent Dispensary, and it is chiefly owing to his untiring exertions that this Institution has become one of the largest of the kind in the Metropolis.

'It was also mainly due to him that the Hospital established in memory of the late Canon Miller, the originator of Hospital Sunday, was added to the Dispensary, and from the number of patients who apply for admission, it must be acknowledged that the Hospital was much needed, and is now of the greatest benefit to the district.

"The Institution is, moreover, deeply indebted to him for the valuable advice which he has given on all occasions where a legal opinion was of importance, and it is cordially

hoped that in the enjoyment of health and prosperity in the future, he may for many years be able to assist in the good work with which he has been so long associated.

'T. W. BOORD, Chairman,

' Presented by John Penn,

'A. CONYERS HAYCRAFT, Hon. Treasurer,

'JOHN POLAND, Hon Secretary.

'GREENWICH, 28th June, 1889.'

"COLONEL BRISTOW again expressed his thankfulness to all present. He prized most highly the album containing the names of his friends. He thanked Mr. Boord, Mr. Penn, and all present for the honour they had done him. After a vote of thanks had been passed to Mr. Boord, who with some difficulty and inconvenience had been able to get away from the precincts of Westminster that evening, Mr. Boord replied. On the proposal of Mr. F. G. Cox, another cordial vote of thanks was passed to Mr. John Penn for the way in which he had made the presentation. Mr. Cox could not say that Mr. Penn came from the precincts of Westminster, he wished he could, but he might do so some day. Mr. John Penn replied. Mr. Thos. Moore, F.R.C.S., said the success of the movement for raising this testimonial, which in money value amounted to nearly £200, was largely due to the efforts of Mr. John Poland, F.R.C.S.,

and Mr. A. Conyers Haycraft, the Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer of the Committee, having it in charge, and he proposed a vote of thanks to those gentlemen for their services. This was briefly acknowledged by these gentlemen and the proceedings terminated."—Kentish Mercury.

In February, 1890, the death of Mr. W. T. Rock, of Blackheath, one of the Vice-Presidents, occurred, by whose munificence the funds of the Institution were greatly benefited.

In March of this year a New Branch Dispensary of the parent Institution was opened at 313, High Road, Lee, close to Lee Green, to meet more effectually the requirements and convenience of the rapidly increasing number of patients at Lee, Blackheath, and the immediate neighbourhood, so that patients residing in this locality can now attend there for advice and medicine. By June this branch was in full working order and much appreciated by the poor.

A large number of drugs and other medicinal preparations are now manufactured at the Institution in the Greenwich Road, and helps also to supply the Lee Branch, thereby a large saving is effected annually in the drug account, and the medicines and other articles supplied to the patients are of a much purer quality.

In February, 1891, Dr. Thos. Creed resigned his post of Visiting Physician, after 40 years honorary service. Dr. Creed had been connected with the Institution almost ever since he first came to practice as a Physician in Greenwich in On his resignation he was elected a Consulting Physician, and a Testimonial consisting of a purse of sovereigns with an address was subscribed by his friends and presented to him in the Board Room of the Institution. The Very Rev. Canon O'Halloran, of Crooms Hill, made the presentation and "in an appropriate address, expressed the esteem in which Dr. Creed was held in Greenwich, after his long residence of 45 years, for over 40 of which he rendered most valuable gratuitous services to the Royal Kent Dispensary and Miller Hospital as one of the Honorary Medical Staff. Mr. Thos. Moore speaking for the Medical Profession, testified to the respect in which Dr. Creed was held by his professional brethren. The reply of Dr. Creed was touching and from the heart, and showed that he appreciated highly this mark of confidence and respect from his old friends and neighbours. The subscribers to the Testimonial included representative men of various creeds and all political parties, and the event was a happy illustration that the services and labours of a good and useful citizen will not be forgotten."—Kentish Mercury.

Dr. Creed (1893) writes:—"looking back to this long period of time, there were fewer Honorary Medical Officers then than now, we had wider districts for many years, and for a good part of the time the whole of West Greenwich fell to my lot, before it was subdivided, I have sometimes had, during epidemics, 3, 4 and 5 patients in one house to attend to, and the Charity was so poor that at times we could not get lint, ointment, dressings, and syrup for the patients' medicine."

On March 20th, 1891, Patrick Cumin Scott, B.A., M.B. Cantab, was elected Physician in the place of Thos. Creed, Esq., M.D., resigned.

Mr. Gay Shute, F.R.C.S., one of the Consulting Surgeons of the Institution, died 3rd May, 1891.

This year (16th May, 1891), the death took place of Mr. Joseph H. Cole, of Lewisham High Road, St. John's, one of the Vice-Presidents, a liberal subscriber, and one of its most generous supporters. Mr. Cole was also, for many years, a member of the Committee. (see page 209)

In July of this year a Festival Banquet was held at the Holborn Restaurant, under the presidency of the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Sir Joseph Savory, Bart., who was supported by Lord Dartmouth, Sir Augustus Harris, and the other Sheriffs, the Vice-Presidents, and Members of Parliament for the County and Borough, &c. After paying all expenses a sum of £520 15s. 2d. was added to the funds.

On August 21st, 1891, great sorrow was felt on the death of the Right Hon. William Walter 5th Earl of Dartmouth, who for many years had been president, and who took so active an interest in the Charity. A letter of deep regret and condolence was sent to the Countess of Dartmouth.

In the following January (1892), Lord Dartmouth accepted the Presidency in place of his father, the late Earl.

This year the Rev. Brooke Lambert, B.C.L., Vicar of Greenwich, contributed the collection (as he did in 1887), at the St. Alphege Harvest Festival to the funds of the Institution, making the twenty-sixth sum collected in St. Alphege Church for the Charity.

SERMONS AT ST. ALPHEGE, GREENWICH.

DEMINION III ON TREATER						
The 1st Sermon for the Charity at St. Alphege, Greenwich, was by				£	S.	d.
the Rev. Edwards, Archdeacon				10.0	1000	,
of Brecon	April,				4	6
The 2nd by the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D.	June,					0
The 3rd by the Rev. M. Rose The 4th by the Right Rev. the	Aug.,	1791	•••	44	5	6
Lord Bishop of Rochester	Oct.,	1794		76	II.	2
The 5th by the Rev. Andrew Hall	July,				7	4
The 6th by the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D.	June,				0	0
The 7th by the Right Rev. the				-		
Lord Bishop of Rochester	Aug.,	1803		70	0	0
The 8th by the Hon. and Rev. the	0,					
Dean of Windsor, Dr. Legge	June,	1808		84	4	1
The 9th by the Rev. G. Matthew,	,,			-	-	
Vicar of Greenwich	Sept	1810		82	7	6
Vicar of Greenwich The 10th by the Rev. C. P. Burney	Sept.	1812		82	TO	83
The 11th by the Rev. Archdeacon Pott	Lune.	1820		67	3	91
The 12th by the Rev. Dr. Russell	Feb.,				10	0
The 13th by the Rev. F. G.	I co.,	1029	•••	00	10	-
Ackland, D.D	Sept,	1821		42	17	8
The 14th by the Rev. F. H. Steel, M.A.	Ian.	1831		43	8	
The 15th by the Rev. Robert Main, M.A	Jan.,	1839	***	20	4	31
The 16th by the Rev. A. Brandram	•	1039		30	4	32
	Aug	-0.0			**	
(Beckenham)	Aug.,					2
The 17th by the Rev. H. Dale, M.A.	Aug.,	1049		21	9	10
The 18th by the Rev. W. A.	Man	-0-6			-	
Soames, M.A., Vicar	May,	1850	•••	21	2	1
The 19th by the Rev. J. C. Miller,	3/	-000		. 0		
D.D., Vicar of Greenwich	May,	1000	••••	40	17	3
The 20th and 21st by the Rev. H.		-01-				
Lansdell and Rev. Walter Miller						0
The 22nd by the Rev. J. C. Miller, D. D.	April,	1871	••••	39	5	10
The 23rd by the Rev. J. C. Miller, D.D.	may,	1872		44	17	10
The sath on the attendence of the						
The 24th, on the attendance of the	0	-0			_	
High Court of Foresters	Oct.,	1877		5	5	0
The 25th, by the Rev. Brooke Lambert, M.A., B.C.L., Vicar of						
Lambert, M.A., B.C.L., Vicar of						
Greenwich, St. Alphege Harvest		00.			,	
Festival		1887	•••	12	0	9
The 26th, by the Rev. Brooke						
Lambert, M.A., B.C.L., Vicar of						
Greenwich, St. Alphege Harvest				0		
Festival		1891	•••	8	4	9

In 1893 the Committee were able to report that the Licensed Victuallers of Deptford, with a single addition from Deptford, contributed £101 17s. od. in continuance of a resolution arrived at on Christmas, 1891, and since maintained, viz: that instead of giving Christmas boxes, they should make contributions to the Hospitals of the amount which otherwise they would have disbursed in the customary gratuities. If this system were generally adopted by members of this trade and by other firms whose employees are chiefly benefited by this Institution it would produce a very large sum and become a trustworthy source of annual income.

We cannot omit to mention the valuable assistance given year by year by the Rev. J. Morlais Jones, of Lewisham Congregational Church. For seven years in succession, viz.:—since 1886—the amounts collected for the Institution in this place of worship have amounted to £138. (See list).

An Eye Department among the outpatients was established in 1892, under the care of Dr. Ernest Clarke, B.S., which has been found of the greatest service.

On the revision of the Rules in 1893, the office of Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Institution was created and filled by the appointment (in December) of Dr. Ernest Clarke.

Under the able presidency of the Right Hon. The Lord Mayor, Sir Stuart Knill, Bart., a festival banquet in aid of the funds of the Institution took place at the Grand Hotel, Trafalgar Square, on July 4th. His Lordship was supported by Lord Hugh Cecil, Major-Genl. Finch, Mr. John Penn, M.P., The Rev. Brooke Lambert, M.A., B.C.L., Major-Genl. Roberts, Mr. J. W. Roberts, Mr. John Knill, C.C., Mr. T. J. Woodrow, C.C., Colonel Bristow, Mr. A. H. Tarleton, J.P., and a large number of gentlemen, friends and subscribers of this Institution. A very successful evening was passed, and a sum of £533 7s. 2d. added to the funds.

LIST OF

Presidents, Treasurers, Hon. Secretaries, Secretaries, and Hon. Medical Officers since 1783.

PRESIDENTS.

The Right Hon. Robert Lord Romney. Elected March 11th, 1784. Died 1794.

The Right Hon. Charles Lord Romney.

Elected April 24th, 1794. Resigned December, 1833.

The Right Hon. Lord Bexley. Elected May, 1834. Died 1851.

The Right Hon. William Walter the 5th Earl of Dartmouth.

Elected 185(9?). Died 1891.

The Right Hon. William Heneage the 6th Earl of Dartmouth.

Elected January 1st, 1892.

TREASURERS. Sept. 25th, 1783 ... William Goodhew died Jan., 1790 1790 ... Philip Goodhew Feb. 1804 ... William Goodhew died 1812 1813 ... Edward William Forman ... 1822 ... Alderman Matthias P. Lucas resigned 19th Nov., 1829 1829 ... Adam Gordon, of Blackheath Park, Dec. 3rd died 21st Jan., 1839 1839 ... Samuel Gardiner (acting Treasurer) April resigned 1856 1839 ... Sir Thomas M. Wilson, Bart. 1856 ... Henry A. Soames, of Blackheath, Jan. 31st (Acting Treasurer pro, to resigned March 20th, 1856 Mar. 20th, 1856 ... Rev. W. A. Soames, (acting Treasurer, pro. tem.) 1856 May 1856 ... S. Williams (acting Treasurer) resigned 1856 1857 ... John Wood Rouse (acting Treasurer) ...resigned Nov., 1862 1869 ... Lieut.-Col. Harry Burrard Farnall, C.B. ... resigned 11th Feb., 1878 1878 ... John Penn, M.P. SECRETARIES. Sept. 25th, 1783 ... George Mitchell Previous to 1804 ... Joseph Carttar ... died 1832 April 13th, 1832 ... Chas. Joseph Carttar, of Blue Style, Greenwich, resigned Jan., 1870 Feb. 25th 1870 ... Col. William Bristow, resigned 1872 1889 ... James Marks HONORARY SECRETARIES.

1872 ... Col. William Bristow, resigned 1889

1889 ... Major General G. R. Roberts.

HONORARY MEDICAL OFFICERS OF THE DISTRICTS

(Formerly called Hon. District Surgeons, Medical Assistants, and Hon. Medical Officers, with care of Home Patients),

From the Foundation of the Institution up to the present time (1893). *

•				
NAME.	DISTRICT.		ELECTED.	RESIGNED OR DIED.
Jas. Lumsden Shirreff	 Deptford		1783 F	1792
John Thompson	 Deptford		1783 F	1795
Samuel Farar	 Deptford		1783B	1789
George Isles	 Deptford (?)		1783	
Chas. Smith	 Deptford		1783R	180(?)
Thos. Carnarvon	Greenwich		1784R	
Methusalem Davies	 Lewisham		1784	
John Mylam	 Lewisham		1784	
Samuel Gillam Mills	Greenwich			180(?)
Stephen Bungey	 Rotherhithe		1784R	
William Wheately	 Greenwich			
J. L. Green	Camberwell		1784	
Geo. Bickerton	 Woolwich			1789
Daniel Coley	Deptford		178(?)R	
Geo. B. Moore	Charlton		1785R	
Nathaniel Hornsby	Woolwich			
A. Mackie, M.D	Lewisham		178(?)R	
Thomas Sutton, M.D.			1790D	
				0,5
Wm. Richard Patten	 Woolwich		1815	
John Butler				1840
S. Cowper Brown	 Lewisham P	rior to	1828R	1832
		-		-

^{*} This List has been made as complete as possible; there are however several unavoidable omissions, especially during the years 1795 to 1828, which it has been found impossible to supply on account of the loss of the minute books of the various Committees for this period.

NAME,	DISTRICT.	ELECTED. RESIGNED OR DIED.
John Browne	Rotherhithe Prior	
— Birch	Charlton Prior t	
	"(Blackheath	
John Sutton	Greenwich Prior t	
Fredk. Finch	Greenwich Prior t	
William Atkins	Deptford Prior to	
Wm. Crees Taylor	Greenwich Prior to	1828D 1831
David King, M.D	{Eltham & Shooters Hill}	1828D 1865
Henry Benwell	· Prior t	1828
John Green	Greenwich	1828D 1829
Samuel Bromley	Deptford	1828 R 1832(?)
Robert Hatfull		1828R 1849
Samuel William Bro		
F.R.C.S. Eng		1829D 1872
James Sherwin	Greenwich	1829R 1831
Jas. Sam. Turner	Woolwich and	1829R 1849
Thomas Oak Mitchell	··· (Charlton	,,
M.D		1831R 1831
Dahast Mitchell	Dontford	(1831 R 1840
Robert Mitchell	Deptford	(1831R 1840 (1853R 1862
Chas. Carttar		1832
Henry Keeble	Greenwich	1832R 1843
W. J. Wattsford	Greenwich	1832R 1838
Thos. Oak, M.D	Greenwich	1832R 1841
John Atkins		1835
Christopher Gemsa	Lewisham	1836R 1844
Wm. Carr, M.D	Blackheath,Lee	1837D 1877
Chas. Hewitt Sams, M	D. Blackheath, Lee	
Edward Vaughan Aus	in Rotherhithe	
I-1- II	(Camberwell,	-0
John Hawkins	Hatcham and Peckham	1837R 1854

		RESIGNED
NAME.	DISTRICT.	ELECTED, OR DIED,
Prior Purvis, M.D. Lond.	Greenwich	{1838R 1849 {1865R 1872
		(1838 R 1854
Wm. Sturton	Greenwich	1856R 1861
., 0	arcenmen	1863R 1865
Fk. Cotton Finch, M.D.	Greenwich	1838R 1843
John Butler	Woolwich	1840 D 1864
Joseph Appleton	Greenwich	1840R 1849
William Atkins, Junr.,	Deptford	1840R 1849
	Camberwell	1852R 1859
	Deptford	1860R 1864
Geo. Cooper	Greenwich	1843R 1849
Geo. Downing, M.D	Greenwich	∫1844R 1854
		"\1854R 1858
0	Lewisham	1845R 1855
Richard Holland Bradley,		
М.D	Greenwich	1845R 1853
G11		(1845 R 1848
Caleb Tayler, M.D	Deptford	1856 R 1860
Fordly Books Folder	D	(1865 R
Fredk. Brooker Fulcher		1846 R 1854
Richard Slaughter Carter	Greenwich	1848R 1851
David Hope	Deptford	1849R 1852
John Moulden Burton,	I oo Blackho	ath) 1849 R 1855
EDCC	and Kidhro	oke 1856 R 1859
	(Blackheatha	and)
Fredk. Collicott	Charlton	ind 1849 R 1855
Felix Weekes Richardson	Woolwich	1849R 1856
Thomas Chandler	Rotherhithe	1851R 1854
Jas. Hurdis Black, M.D.	Greenwich	1851R 1852
	East Greenw	
	Greenwich	1865R
Thos. Creed, M.D	Lower Dept.	1874R 1874
Thos. Creed, M.D	Blackheath	
	(Cold Bath	
	MiddleDept	
	'Royal Hill	1886 R

NAME.		DISTRICT.	E	LECTED.	OR DIED.
E. C. Griffith		Greenwich		1852	R 1854
John Markwell Todd, M.	D.	Deptford		1852	R 1856
J. Brown		Lewisham P	rior to	1853	R 1856
Thos. Rivington Wheel	ler-	Greenwich	::;	1854	R 1855
		(WestGreenv (Upper Charl	vich	1855	R 1850
Joseph Stewart Burton		Blackheath,		1054	K 1050
Joseph Stewart Burton		and Kidbro		1856	R 1870
Jas. Sam. Turner		Plumstead		1854	
Alfred A. Jones		Deptford		1855	R 1858
Alfred Jones		Deptford		1856	R 1859
Osmer King		Greenwich		1856	R 1857
RichardWaffordEve,M.	R	Deptford	1	1856	R 1860
				1865	
John Matthew Butler, M.				1856	
		Charlton		1856	D 1874
William Henry Brown,				0.0	
		Lewisham		1856	
J. T. R. Burroughs		Loats Pits		1856	R 1857
Fredk. Henry Smith		Loats Pits,C Bath, & Lew	ola	1857	D 1862
Fiedk. Helify Silitin)	105/	K 1002
		Deptford (N			
William Hoggan, M.D.	-	Town, and	1	1857	R 1858
Poht Nothanial Mitches	-11	(Hatcham))		
Robt. Nathaniel Mitche		Dentford		1858	P 1862
Robt. Hall Bakewell, M.					
John Sutton Sams					
John Sutton Sains	•••	(East Greeny			
Henry Rowland Palme	er	Greenwich		1865	R 1866
Wm. Atkins		Deptford		1860	
Edward Downing, M.D.).	Lower Depti	ford	1861	R 1864
Thomas Didymus Park					
M.D		Deptford		1862	R 1863
Charles Albany Wade		Greenwich		1862	R 1863

NAME.	DISTRICT, ELECTED, RESIGNED OR DIED,
RobertGeo.Freeman,N	
Patrick Kavanagh, M.	D. {Lewisham 1863 R 1865 Hatcham 1879 R 1887(?)
Arthur Roper, M.D.	Loats Pits, (South Side of Blackheath Hill) 1864 R 1869
Thos. Miles	Greenwich 1864 R 1868
David King, M.D	Eltham 1865 R 1887
Wm. Scott, M.D	Greenwich 1865 R 1867
Rich. Thos. Freeman	Deptford 1865 R 1869
John Coryton Roberts	(Deptford 1865 R 1870
	(Hatcham 1870 K 1881
Joseph Henderson	Deptford 1865 R 1869
Samuel Giles, M.D. Lo	
Francis J. Ryder	East Greenwich 1865R 1871
Frederick Moon, M.B.	Greenwich 1865 R 1872
Lond	" Out-Patients at Dispensary 1872 R 1881
Cecil C. Cogan, M.D.	Out-Patients at Dispensary 1865 R 1867
J. Nicholas Miller, M	.D. (I seemd Block)
Lond	
	(Greenwich 1867 R 1872
John P. Purvis	Royal Hill 1874 R 1885
John T. Purvis	"Blackheath Hill 1890 R 1890
D-1 0 C - 1'	Royal Hill 1890 Still Acting
Palmer & Gooding	Greenwich 1867 R 1869
James Louttit, M.D. E	
H. W. South Sturton	Greenwich 1868 R 1870
Wm. Lamb Shine	Lewisham 1869 R 1872
George Abbott	Deptford 1869 R 1870
Edward Hugh Downin	Upper Dept 1870R 1870 Lower Dept 1870R 1871
	(Lower Dept 10/0 K 10/1
H.KnightHitchcock,M	(Cold Dath 10/0 K 10/2
Bernard Kelly, M.D.	{Lower Road, Deptford}1870R 1873
Sam S. Brown, M.A.	
Oxon	Lewisham 1871 R 1875

NAME,	DISTRICT. ELECTED. RESIGNED
R. Warrener	Greenwich 1871 R 1872
Geo. Hughes Cable	WestGreenwich 1872 R 1885
Geo. Granville Bothwe	ell Woolwich 1872 R 1873
J. Beresford Ryley, M.	.D. Woolwich 1872 R 1873
Alfred Edwards	Upper Deptford 1873 R 1874
Theo. G. Vawdrey	{New Town, Deptford}1873R 1875
Alf. Sharpe, M.D. Ed.	Woolwich 1873 R 1886
Frank J. Shersby Smi	th {Plumstead 1873 R 1879 East Plumstead 1880 R 1883
Wm. Ward Carr, M.D. Lond	
Philip Thornton	Charlton 1874 R 1875
Richard Fegan, M.D.	Charlton 1874 R 1884
Robert Elphinstone	{OldDoverRoad Kidbrooke}1874R 1877
Hy. Wm. Jackson, F.R.A.S	SouthLewisham 1874 R 1879 NorthLewisham 1875 R 1879 Cold Bath 1879 R 1879
Henry Wilcox, M.B.	Cold Bath, Dept- ford New Town, Blackheath Rd.,
Tremy Whoox, M.D.	&c 1875R 1877
	Plumstead 1887 R 1887
F. Smith	Blackheath Hill 1875R 1877
Wm. Peacey, M.B., C.1	
H. Cumberland Taylor	r St. Peter's 1876 R 1877
H. Andrews Speed	{Lower Road, Deptford}1877R 1878
Hy. Wm. Roberts	Deptford 1877 R 1881
Robt. Finch, M.D	Kidbrooke(?)(?)R 1877
Alfred Finch	Kidbrooke 1877 D 1882
Herbert C. Burton	Lee 1877R 1889
Francis Thos. Atkins	Plumstead 1879 R 1886
T. C. Fisher, M.D	Lewisham 1879 R 1885

NAME.	DISTRICT.	ELECTED, RESIGNED
Wm. Freke Hingston,	" (St Paul'a)
M.B., M.Ch	Deptford.	
A. L. Bowen	Blackheath Hi	
Fredk. G. Stewart	Cold Bath .	1879R 1882
Peter Cooper		1879 R 1882
	"(Kidbrooke . (St. John's,	1882R 1887
Howard B. Carter	Deptford.	1879R 1881
	St. Paul's " .	
Alexander M. Moore	Lower Road,	-00- n-00a
Alexander M. Moore	Deptford. St. Paul's " .	
John F. Tabb	Christchurch	
Chas. H. Hartt	College	1881R 1889
A 71 17	Lower Road,	00 - 00
A. Lloyd Jones	St. Paul's " .	1882R 1889 1887R 1891
William Kelsey	Cold Bath	
Reginald Clarke	Lee	
Ernest Atkins	East Plumstea	
William Willes	GreenwichRoa	
Thos. Moore, F.R.C.S.		Il 1883R 1884
		ill 1883R 1887
Ernest Clarke, M.D., B	S.S.{ Lee	. 1887R 1891
William Lamb M.D. C.	Blackheath	. 1889 Still Acting
William Lamb, M.D., C.		1884R 1884
F. L. Stephenson, M.E.	and a	. 1884 Still Acting
F. Sydney Smyth,	charton	1 Took I Tour Admig
F.R.C.S. Ed	Brockley	. 1884 Still Acting
Roland F. Cox		1884R 1888
Lennard Stokes	Lee Green	1884R 1889
Chas. F. Clarke	Plumstead	1885R 1886
John MacGavin	Royal Hill	1885R 1885

NAME,	DISTRICT, ELECTED, RESIGNED OR DIED.
	(Royal Hill 1885 R 1888
Reuben Turner	{Cold Bath 1889R
	(Blackheath Hill 1889 R
Dashwood, E. S	St. Alphege 1885 R 1888
Henry F. Bailey	Blackheath 1885 R 1887
T. Holmestead	Lewisham 1885 R 1888
Clarke Kelly Morris	Kidbrooke 1886 Still Acting
W. T. Bell	Woolwich 1887 R 1887
Chas. J. Thompson	Woolwich 1887 R 1890
J. E. Williams	{St. Peter's, Greenwich} 1887R 1888
Llewelyn Jones	{Lower Road, Deptford} 1887R 1888
Patrick Cumin Scott, M.B. (Cantab.)	{Lee 1887 R1887 Kidbrooke 1888 Still Acting
Morgan Dockrell, M.D.	
B.Ch	Out-Patients at Dispensary 1888 R 1891
Louis Robinson, M.B.	Lewisham 1888 R 1892 (St. Nicholas,
E. T. Hawkesworth	Deptford 1888R 1892 Lower Road, ,, 1888Still Acting
** *** **	(Lower Road, ,, 1888 Still Acting
H. W. Goulden	Lewisham 1888 R 1888
Knowlson Townsend	Out-Patients at Dispensary 1888 R 1890
Chas. J. Heath, F.R.C.S	S. Out-Patients at Dispensary 1888 Still Acting
Wilfred W. O. Beverid	ge, St. John's, 1889 R 1891
R. Spencer Wainewrig	ht Deptiora
	Lee 1889 Still Acting
E. H. Ezard, M.D., B.S.	C. Out-Patients at Dispensary I 890 Still Acting
	(Blackheath Hill 1890 R 1890
A. Thomson Drake, M.	B. Cold Bath 1890 R 1890
	St. John's 1890 Still Acting
Sidney Davies,	(Woolwich 1890 R 1890
M.D. Oxon., D.P.H.	(Woolwich 1890 R 1890 Plumstead 1890 R 1891

NAME.	DISTRICT.	ELECTED. O	SIGNED R DIED.
J. O'Connor	College	1890R 1	891 Acting
E. J. Moore, M.B., B.Ch.	Lee Green	1891 Stall	Acting
John P. Henry, M.D	Blackheath I Cold Bath	Hill 1891R	1892
	Lewisham	1892 Still	Acting
	The College (Plumstead	1891 Still	
Courtenay J. Fuller Walter Groome, M.B., C.M.	(Plumstead Woolwich	1891 Still	
G. Trew Cattell, M.D	St. Paul's, Deptford	1-0	
Alex. Stewart Brown,			
F.R.C.S. Ed	St. Nicholas	1892Still	Acting
S. Scobell Lessey	Deptford	}1892still	Acting

SERMONS

Preache	ed in aid of the Charity, since its four	nda	atio	on
	in 1783, to the present time:-			
1784.		£	s.	d.
May 9	St. Paul, Deptford,			
June 11	By the Rev. Mr. Unwin, Rector of Stock Lewisham Church,	30	9	1
	By the Right Rev. John, Lord Bishop of Rochester, including his Lordship's	40		6
Dec. 16	Subscription as a Life Governor Mr. Olding's Meeting-House, Butt Lane,	43	12	0
	Deptford	11	12	6
1785.	Woolwich Church,			
April 17	By the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D., Curate of			
	St. Nicholas, Deptford	30	15	8
Nov. 20	St. Nicholas, Deptford,			
01	By the Rev. Basil Woodd	17	19	6
1786.	St Alphaga Craanwich			
	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. — Edwards, Archdeacon of			
Tuna as	Brecon	42	4	6
	Brecon			
	Vicar of Godstone, Surrey Rev. — Barker's Meeting-House, Butt Lane,	27	6	6
	Deptford	17	4	6
1787.				
	St. Paul, Deptford, By the Rev. Richard Harrison	24	I	2
Dec. 16	St. Nicholas, Deptford,			,
	By the Rev. John Eyre, Homerton Chapel,			
- 00	near Hackney	19	0	6
1788.	St Alabam Caramiah			
June 21	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D., Curate of			
	St. Nicholas, Deptford	48	3	0
1790.	,	-	3	
Feb. 28	St. Paul, Deptford, By the Rev. W. Percy, Woolwich	20	2	**
March 1	Lewisham Church,	30	3	
	By the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D., Curate of			
	St. Nicholas, Deptford	23	10	0
1791.	M. D. L. I. M. d H.	-		
" 19	Mr. Barker's Meeting-House Woolwich Church,	21	11	0
	By the Rev. Jethro Inwood, B.A., P.G.,			
	Chaplain for the County of Kent, Curate of St. Paul's, Deptford	-		
	of St. Paul's, Deptford	22	12	10

238	MILLER HOSPITAL.			
1791.		£	S.	d.
July 21	Mr. Freeman's Meeting-House, Woolwich	4	0	0
Aug. 28	St. Alphege, Greenwich,	- 7	-	
riug. 20	By the Rev. M. Rose	44	5	6
Oct 16		44	0	-
Oct. 16	By the Rev. Basil Woodd	21		**
	by the Rev. Dash woodd	21	1/	7
1792.	Day Mastaula Chanal			
Mar. II	Rev. — Morton's Chapel	6	2	0
July I	St. Paul, Deptford,			1
	By the Rev. — Morton	15	3	0
1793.				
Aug. 16	Camberwell Church,			
	By the Rev. Wm. Goode, Curate and			
	subsequently Rector of St. Andrew by the			
	Wardrobe and St. Anne, Blackfriars	20	8	4
1794.				
Oct. 5	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
	By the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of			
	Rochester, including his Lordship's Life			
	Subscription	76	11	2
1795.				
Sept. 4	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Rev Moore, LL.B	12	2	7
1796.		- 13		
May 7	St. Paul, Deptford,			
, /	By the Rev. Rowland Hill, Surrey Chapel	28	16	TT.
July 13	St. Alphege, Greenwich,	50		•
july 13	By the Rev. Andrew Hall	27	-	
¥800	Dy-the-Rest Hitter 11th	3/	7	*
1799:	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
June 23	By the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D., Curate of			
.0	St. Nicholas, Deptford	4/	0	0
1801.	Lawiskam Church			
June 14	Lewisham Church,			
	By the Rev. Colin Milne, D.D., Curate of			
	St. Nicholas, Deptford	45	0	0
1803.	C. D. I. D. G. I			
May 20	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Rev. Rowland Hill, Surrey Chapel	35	13	0
Aug. 10	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
	By the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of Rochester	70	0	0
1804.				
Sept. 30	St. Nicholas, Deptford,			
	By the Rev. Basil Woodd, M.A., Minister of			
	Bentinck Chapel, St. Mary le Bonne			
	(Marylebone), and Chaplain to the Right			
	Hon, the Earl of Leicester, and Rector of			
	Drayton Beauchamp, in Buckinghamshire	16	5	0
1806.			1	
	Lewisham Church,			
THE PARTY IN	By the Rev. Jethro Inwood, B.A	33	9	0

	SERMONS.		23	9
1807.		£	s.	d.
June 7	St. Paul, Deptford,		-	
1808.	By the Rev. — Yates	42	2	0
June 19	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Hon. and Rev. the Dean of Windsor	84	4	1
1809. June 18	St. Paul, Deptford,			
1810.		40	10	6
	Lewisham Church, By the Rev. Geo. Matthew, M.A., Vicar of			
	Greenwich	54	8	3
	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. G. Matthew	82	7	6
1812. June 28	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Rev. Chas. Parr Burney	36	4	3
1813.	By the Rev. Dr. Collyer	27	6	3
Mar. 15	Butt Lane Meeting-House	31	6	0
May 20	Rotherhithe Church, By the Rev. M. Scholefield	18	IO	6
Sept. 21	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. C. P. Burney	82	19	84
1814.	W. d. id. Ch. d			
Nov. 21	Woolwich Church, By the Rev. Samuel Watson, D.D., Rector	-0		
1816.	of Gravesend	38	15	3
	St. Paul, Deptford, By the Rev. Ias. Rudge, M.A., F.R.S.,			
	By the Rev. Jas. Rudge, M.A., F.R.S., Minister and Lecturer of Limehouse, and			
	Chaplain to His Royal Highness the Duke of Kent	26	18	3
1817.		-		3
Jan. 26	Greenwich Road Chapel,			
	By the Rev. W. Chapman	21	15	5 3 ³
1819.	thoo by the Nett Dit William.	-	.,	34
Jan. 31	Woolwich, By the Rev. Thos. Waite, D.C.L., Chaplain			
1820.	to His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester	20	16	9
	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
1821.	By the Rev. Archdeacon Pott	67	3	91
	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Rev. Geo. Matthew, M.A., Vicar of			
	Greenwich	30	6	Ol.

240	MILLER HOSPITAL.			
1822.		£	s.	d
	St. Paul, Deptford,	~	-	
	By the Rev. W. H. Springett, M.A	27	6	8
1824.	G: P 1 P -: 6 1			
Sept. 28	St. Paul, Deptford, By the Rector, the Rev. Thos. W. McGwire,			
,,	B.A	30	16	IC
	By the Rector, the Rev. Geo. Lock, M.A. St. Nicholas, Deptford,	28	11	9
1000	By the Rev. Samuel Burch	16	I	c
,, 19	Greenwich Road Chapel, By the Rev. — Townsend	20	17	c
1826.				
Mar. 8	New Church, Greenwich, By the Rev. Evan Morgan	50	0	0
April 7	Lewisham Church,	,-		
	By the Rev. R. C. Dillon, M.A., D.D.,			
	Curate of St. Matthew's Chapel, Denmark			
	Hill, and Chaplain to Alderman Venables,			
	before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor	72	T.4	
Oct. 26	and Sheriffs of London	300		
Nov. 10	By the Rev. W. T. Myers, A.M Mr. Barker's Meeting-House,	21	1	C
,	By the Rev. Dr. Philip, Morning	10	3	1
	By the Rev. W. Bengo Collyer, LL.D., D.D., F.A.S., Afternoon.	0	0	11
1828.	Dibi, Timo, Micholit II II	,	-	-
	Rev. Thos. Wm. McGwire, B.A., Rector of			
may 20	St. Paul's, Deptford			
June 15	St. Germans Chapel,			
	Butha Pay Con Lock M A Postor of Lee	45	2	6
,, 19	Southend Chapel, Lewisham,			
0	Southend Chapel, Lewisham, By the Rev. Newton Smart	21	9	0
Oct. 5	Parish Church, Charlton, By the Rev. G. Elliott	15	18	8
1829.	by the ren of Lines.			
	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. Dr. Russell	60	10	C
Aug. 2	Parish Church, Eltham,	77	97	
	By the Rev. Thos. Ainger, Assistant Minister			
	of St. Mary's, Greenwich	68	2	6
Nov. 15	Lewisham Chapel,			
	By the Rev. Andrew Brandram	28	4	1
1831.				
May 15	Blackheath Church,	200		
Aug -	By the Rev. Joseph Fenn	37	0	3
Aug. 7	Lee Church, By the Rev. T. Ainger	30	0	0
	,	-	1000	

	SERMONS		24	I
1831.		£	s.	d.
Sept. 11	Lewisham Church, By the Right Rev.the Lord Bishop of Rochester	60	0	41
Sept. 25	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. F. G. Ackland, D.D	43		8
"	St. Mary's, Greenwich, By the Rev. John Horsford, M.A	41	2	0
1832.				
	Parish Church, Charlton, By the Rev. Arthur Drummond, Rector Greenwich Road Chapel,	20	1	91
Sept. 16	By the Rev. Henry Chapman	14	11	71/2
1834. Aug. 20	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Rochester		16	0
1835.	0. 111 0 11			
Jan. II	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. T. H. Steel, M.A	41	8	10
1836.	St. Mary's, Greenwich, By the Rev. C. S. Absolom, B.A	51	7	8
	Parish Church, Charlton,			
	By the Rev. Francis Marendaz, M.A., Assistant Minister of St. Alphege,			
July 10	Greenwich	17	17	4
Nov. 27	By the Rev. Chas. Parr Burney Rev. R. B. Greenlaw's Chapel, (St. German's	30	13	91
1837.	Chapel), By the Rev. Thos. Ainger, M.A., Assistant Minister of St. Mary's, Greenwich	34	I	0
	Lewisham Church,			
	By the Hon. and Rev. H. Legge, D.C.L.,	24	6	3
1838.	High Street Changl Dentford			
Sept. 9	High Street Chapel, Deptford, By the Rev. F. Pulling Greenwich Road Chapel,	11	2	4
		6	19	0
1839. Ian. 20	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Rev. Henry Melvill, M.A., B.D., Minister of Camden Chapel, Camberwell	76	5	4
S	St. Alphege, Greenwich, By the Rev. Robert Main, M.A	30	4	31
5	St. Mary's, Greenwich,			
1841.	By the Rev. F. Maurice, M.A	45	6	51
5	St. Paul, Deptford,			
	By the Ven. Archdeacon Robinson, M.A.	40	12	4

*

1842.		-		a
May 15	Charlton Church,	な	5.	d.
, ,	By the Rev. A. E. Sketchley, M.A., D.D., Vicar of St. Nicholas, Deptford	+ 2	8	-1
1843.	vicar of 5t. Prenotas, Deputord	10	0	32
	Lewisham Church,			
	By the Hon. and Rev. Dr. Legge, Rector of			
	Lewisham	22	15	11
May 22	Lewisham		-	
	By the Hon. and Rev. Dr. Legge	21		
June 18	Lee Church,			
	By the Rev. A. Drummond, M.A., Rector of			
	Charlton, Kent	32	6	8
Aug. 2 S	t. Alphege, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. A. Brandram, Beckenham	24	10	2
	St. Mary's, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. Thomas Ainger	56	15	31
	Trinity Church, Greenwich,	-		100
	By the Rev. B. S. Ffinch, B.A., Rector of			
	St. Paul's, Deptford	8	1	10
1844.	m., a			
June 23	Eltham Church,			
-0	By the Rev. Edward Thrupp, Vicar of Eltham	22	9	11
1845.	St. Deul. Deutfaul			
Mar. 30	St. Paul, Deptford,	-1	_	
1848.	By the Rev. John Pool, M.A	20	5	10
	Lewisham Church,			
riug. 13	By His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury			0
Inly 16	Baptist Chapel, High Street, Deptford,	5-	1	0
July 10	By the Rev. O. Squires		16	- 2
Sept. 3	By the Rev. O. Squires High Street Chapel, Deptford, By the Rev. S. Pulling, M.A.		10	-
cepa 5	By the Rev. S. Pulling, M.A.	5	12	2
1849.	-,	,	.3	
	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. H. Dale, M.A	21	0	10
	St. Mary's, Greenwich.		,	-
	By the Rev. W. A. Soames, M.A., Vicar			
	of Greenwich	34	3	10
	Trinity Church, Greenwich, By the Rev. J. H. North, M.A., Vicar	-		
	By the Rev. J. H. North, M.A., Vicar	23	11	7
	Christ Church, Greenwich (Christ Church,			
	Greenwich, was consecrated June 19, 1849),			
	By the Rev. John Young Hughes, M.A.,		3	
,0-,	Vicar	11	0	0
1854.	Post Callarian at Chia Chair			
Oct. 1	Part Collection at Christ Church, Lee,			
	Thanksgiving Day,—per the Rev. F. W. Sims, M.A., Vicar	0	-	
	onne, M.A., vicat	8	7	1

	SERMONS.		24	3
1856.		f.	s.	d.
May 15	St. Alphege,			
	By the Rev. W. A. Soames St. Mary's,	21	2	1
	By the Rev. J. C. Incledon Trinity Church,	37	7	11
	By the Rev. J. H. North	22	12	6
T., 1., /2\	By the Rev. John Young Hughes	8	19	0
July (r)	By the Rev. W. A. Soames, M.A., Vicar of Greenwich	26	6	I
Aug. 23	St. Nicholas, Deptford,	30		
Dec 11	By the Rev. J. H. Knox	5	17	7
DCC. 11	By the Rev. C. F. S. Money, Vicar of St.			
	John's, Lewisham High Road	24	16	0
	Greenwich Road Chapel	6	7	0
1862. April 19	St. Margaret's, Lee,			
	Morning	42	12	10
	Afternoon	4	4	11
	Evening	7	2	8
Iune 7	Evening Communion Lewisham High Road Congregational Chapel,	3	3	I
	By the Rev. George Martin		13	6
1864.	St. Paul, Deptford,			
July 19	By the Rev. C. F. S. Money, M.A., Morning	16	1.4	34
	By the Rev. John Davies, M.A., Evening	6		IOF
	St. James's, Hatcham,			-
	Amount of Offertory after the Morning and			
	Communion Service	5	I	0
Sept. 27				
	After Thanksgiving Sermon for the Abundant Harvest, preached by the Rev. C. F. Money,			
	M.A., Incumbent, Morning	24	2	10
	Afternoon	34		0
	Evening		11	
	Blackheath Park Church,			
0	By the Rev. Joseph Fenn, Incumbent	43	4	3
Oct. 18	Lewisham Chapel,			
	After a Thanksgiving Service by the Hon.			
	and Rev. H. Legge, D.C.L., Vicar of Lewisham		0	1
-	Also at Dartmouth Row Chapel,	.,		
	By the Rev. R. Hall	20	8	1
	Also at All Saints s, Diackileatil,			
	By the Rev. — Clarke, Incumbent	46	II	4

1864.	Also at Morden College Chapel, By the Rev. William Collett, Chaplain of	£	S.	d.
	Morden College Also at the Church of the Assumption, High	1	11	0
	Street, Deptford, By the Rev. Dr. Todd	2	10	0
Nov. 8	Charlton Church, After a Sermon for the Harvest, by the			
1865.	Rev. Francis Cameron, Rector	22	15	0
	St. Stephen's Church, Lewisham,			
10	By the Rev. S. Russell Davies, M.A. St. Margaret's, Lee,	31	10	0
*5	By the Right Rev. Bishop Smith, D.D., first			
	Bishop of Victoria, Hong-Kong, Morning	24	8	0
	By the Rev. C. Lawrence, Rector, Afternoon		15	
	By the Rev. J. Kempthorne, Head Master of			0
	Blackheath Proprietary School, Evening	0	18	0
1866.	- and the state of	7		-
	St. Margaret's, Lee,			
ripin 10	By the Day Charles Laurence Dester		0	0
1868.	By the Rev. Charles Lawrence, Rector	25	0	8
	St. Alphege, Greenwich,			
, .,	By the Rev. J. C. Miller, D.D., Vicar of			
	Greenwich	48	17	3
June 24	St. Mary's, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. J. C. Miller, D.D., Morning	44	I	6
	Evening	20	II	1
1869.				
Ian. 5	St. Margaret's, Lee,			
	By the Rev. C. Lawrence, Rector	35	10	0
24	St. Paul's, Greenwich,	33		
	By the Rev. T. D. Halsted, Vicar, and			
	Rev. G. C. Goodhart, Rector of Wetherden	-		
May o	St. Alphege, Greenwich,	23	12	0
may 9				
	By the Rev. H. Lansdell, Curate of St.			
	Alphege, Morning	13		
	Alphege, Morning	9	12	9
1870.				
Jan. 30	St. Paul, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. T. D. Halsted, Vicar	21	1	0
1871.				
April 16	St. Mary's, Greenwich,			
	By the Rev. J. C. Miller, D.D., Vicar of			
	Greenwich	58	11	7
. 30	St. Alphege, Greenwich,	3-	60	'
. 50	By the Rev. J. C. Miller, D.D	20	-	IO
Oct. 8	Christ Church, Lee,	39	2	10
0	Do also Don Charles A D	25	8	I
Nov.	Charlton Church,	25	0	
1101.	By the Rev. Francis Cameron, M.A., Rector	10		
	by the Rev. Flancis Cameron, M.A., Rector	12	13	3

	SERMONS.		24	15
1872.		£	S.	d.
	All Saints', Hatcham,			
May 19	By the Rev. A. Tooth, M.A., Vicar St. Alphege, Greenwich,		7	2
Jan. 12	St. Paul's Church, Greenwich,			10
Aug. 11	By the Rev. J. W. Bardsley, M.A St. John's Church, Blackheath,	12	7	5
Oct. 5	By the Rev. E. Cowan, M.A	23	4	0
1873.	By the Rev. Henry Martyn Hart, Minist	er 15	15	0
April 13	The Congregational Church, Upper Lewisha Road,	m		
April	By the Rev. George Martin	. 27	11	8
1875.	By the Rev. I. W. North, M.A., Vicar	. 9	2	0
July 29	St. Mark's, Lewisham, By the Rev. T. J. West, M.A., Vicar	. 8	16	4
1876				
Jan. 4	St. Mark's, South Street, Greenwich, By the Rev. G. Elder	10	3	0
"	Morden College Chapel, By the Hon. and Rev. J. Harbord, M.A.	١		
	Chaplain of Morden College St. Mark's, Lewisham,—By the Hon. and Re	. 4	8	3
"	H. Legge, Vicar of Lewisham	5	5	0
33	Dartmouth Chapel, By the Hon. and Rev. I		15	0
1877	2085	. 4	.,	
Oct.	Greenwich Road Chapel,			
	St. Alphege, Greenwich,		12	11
	On the attendance of the High Court			
1879	Foresters	. 5	5	0
	St. Peter's, Eltham Road, By the Rev. A. T. Forde		0	0
	St. Paul's, Deptford,			
1880	By Rev. W. H. Jackson	. 9	11	0
	St. Peter's, Eltham Road, By the Rev. A. T. Forde	. 5	10	0
1881		5	15	0
1001	St. Peter's, Eltham Road,			
	By the Rev. A. T. Forde Children's Offertory, Christ Church, Lee Park	. 5	0	0
1882	ommen's orientory, omist offuren, nee Park		3	10
	St. Peter's, Eltham Road, By the Rev. A. T. Forde	5	0	0

246	MILLER HOSPITAL.				
1883			£	s.	d.
	Holy Trinity, Lee, By the Rev. B. Bucke, M.A., Vicar		21	0	3
100	Dacre Park Chapel, By the Rev. W. K. Dexter		3	18	0
1884	St. Peter's, Eltham,				
	By the Rev. A. T. Forde St. Paul's, Deptford, Offertory, By the Rev. Dr. Cundy St. Germans' Chapel, Blackheath,	••	5	5	0
	By the Rev. Dr. Cundy St. Germans' Chapel, Blackheath,		I	13	11
1885	By Kev. Hayes Robinson, Incumbent		21	0	0
,	A few Christian friends at the Hall, Ki George Street	ng			
1886				12	0
	A few Christian friends at the Hall, Ki	ing			
	George Street		3	6	3
	George Street Lewisham Congregational Chapel, By the Rev. J. Morlais Jones Holy Trinity, Greenwich,		23	0	0
-00-	By the Rev. C. H. Simpkinson		4	16	0
1887	A few Christian friends at the Hall, Ki	nσ			
	George Street		3	2	2
	George Street		20	0	0
	St. Alphege Harvest Festival, By the Rev. Brooke Lambert, M.A., B.C.	L.,			
	Vicar of Greenwich		12	6	9
1888	St. Germans Chapel,				
	By the Pay Haves Pobinson Incumb	ent	30	10	0
	By Rev. J. Morlais Jones		25	0	0
	St. Peter's, Eltham Road		6	0	0
	By Rev. J. Morlais Jones St. Peter's, Eltham Road St. Alphege Sunday School A few Christian friends at the Hall, Kingeorge Street Brockley Road Presbyterian Church	ing	1	10	10
	George Street		3	0	3
1889	Brockley Road Presbyterian Church			10	0
	Rev. Morlais Jones, Lewisham Congregation	nal			
	Church. King George Street Hall Rev. Fred. Hy. Law, M.A., Rector, Offertory St. Margaret's, Lee		20	0	0
	Rev Fred Hy Law M A Rector Offertors	ot.	3	4	0
	St. Margaret's, Lee		2	0	0
1890					
	Rev. A. E. Barnes Lawrence, M.A.,	St.			
	Michael's, Blackheath Park, Incumbent Rev. Morlais Jones, Lewisham Congregation	nal	32	10	3
	Church		20	0	0
	King George Street Hall		3	0	0

SERMONS.		24	7	
		s.	d.	
Rev. Morlais Jones, Lewisham Congregational			13.3	
Church		0	0	
Lambert, M.A., B.C.L., Vicar of Greenwich	8	4	0	
Zamoun, man, zronza, rrear or orealmen		7	7	
King George Street Hall		0	0	
Church	15	0	0	
George Street Hall,				
Per J. W. Jordan	2	11	6	
Lewisham Congregational Church,	1			
	18	15	0	
St. Michael's Church, Blackheath Park,				
Per Rev. A. E. Barnes Lawrence Morden College Offertory,	19	5	2	
Rev. Henry Lansdell D.D. Chanlain	2	2	0	

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LIST OF LEGACIES

TO THE INSTITUTION:

		な	5.	CL.
1787	From The Executrix of the late Matthew Spray,			
	of Deptford (Surgeon)	100	0	0
1793	The Executrix of the late John Mylam, of Lewisham			
0	(Surgeon)	50	0	0
1798	The Executors of the late Robert Todd, Esq., of			
	East Greenwich, by Will dated 6th Dec., 1797,		N.D.	
.0	£100 (less duty £6)	94		0
1819	The Executors of the late Mrs. Emelia vansittart	20	0	0
1824	The Executors of the late J. Willes, at the request			
	of John Hillman, in memory of Dr. J. Wilcox,			
	late Bishop of Rochester, being part of a Fund			
	provided by him to be occasionally distributed			
1826	to public charities	20	0	0
1834	Miss Many Courseft Louisbary	5	0	0
1838	Miss Mary Guy, of Lewisham The Executors of the late George Murray, Bell	200	0	0
1030	Street Croonwich	**		-
1820	Street, Greenwich	10	0	0
1839		00		-
1840	Malling (less duty)	-	0	0
1842	The Executors of the late Mr. Gildhart, by the Rev.	42	6	0
1042		ro		
1847	Sir Charles Farnaby		19	
1848	The Executors of the late Thomas Shipman, of	19	19	0
1040	Lewisham, dividends on Legacy of £400 at 34			
		66	10	0
1849	The Executors of the late W. Halcombe, New	00	10	-
1049	Cross	90	0	0
1851	The Executors of the late John Thackeray, of the	90	-	-
.051	Priory, Lewisham	200	0	0
	Priory, Lewisham The Executors of the late Captain Simpson, R.N.,		-	-
	Greenwich Hospital	18	0	0
1852	Greenwich Hospital	5	0	0
	The Executors of the late Thomas Croft, of North-	,		
		360	0	0
1853	Executors of the late John White, of Elizabeth	3		
33	Executors of the late John White, of Elizabeth Terrace, Deptford (£200 Consols, less duty)	180	0	0
1854	Thomas Howard and William Howard, Executors			
	of the late William Howard, of Augusta Lodge,			
	Rotherhithe	100	0	0
1859	The late John Angerstein, The Woodlands, Black-			
		000	0	0
1860	The late John Ellis, Bath	36	7	3
	The late Miss Sarah Gray, Deptford	180	0	0
1863	The late John Peart, Deptford	19	19	0
MARKET	The best of the second			

	1 - 1
1864	The late John Stow Crooms Hill Croonwish 19 19 9
	The late John Stow, Crooms Hill, Greenwich 10 10 o The late Mrs. Durour, Montpelier Row, Blackheath 100 o
1865	The late Mrs. Durour, Montpeller Row, Blackheath 100 o o The late Rev. W. A. Soames, Vicar of Greenwich
1000	(loss duty)
1867	(less duty) 90 o o The late Miss Faskett; Executors, W. H. Mayne
100/	and C A Coult
	and C. A. Smith
	Post
1870	The late Mr. R. Wheatley, Wellington Terrace,
10/0	
1871	Greenwich
10/1	FELL 5 2 2 221111 22 111
1872	
1873	mi i iii oi n oi n oi n
1875	m 1 1 1 0 0 1 m 61 D 1 0 11
1876	The late Mr. C. Steel, Trafalgar Road, Greenwich 19 19 o The late Mrs. Maude, Blackheath Park 50 o
10,0	mi 1 1 1 0 0 0 11
1877	The late Miss S. Green, Greenwich
.0//	The late Mr. John Harris, Plumstead 510 11 10
	The late Mr. H. W. Burgess, New Cross 5 0 0
1879	The late Mr. J. Hebdin, Lee 200 0 0
.0/9	The late Mr. Thomas Knight, New Cross . 90 0 0
	The late Mrs. White, New Cross 10 0 0
	The late Miss Larwell, Bristol Cottage, Lee 10 0 0
1880	The late Miss Kirkup, Blackheath 100 0 0
	The late Mr. W. Howard, Lee 100 0 0
1883	The late Mr. Shersby, Woolwich 500 0 0
	The late Mr. H. Couchman, Lee 200 o o
	The late Mr. Barnard Fountain, Greenwich 90 0 0
1884	The late Sir W. Poland, Kt., Blackheath 50 0 0
	The late Mrs. Bean, Blackheath 200 o o
1887	The late Miss Caley, St. Leonards 45 0 0
1889	The late Sir H. Watson Parker, Lewisham 504 10 9
1000	The late Mr. George Parker, Lewisham 360 o o
	The late Mrs. Harman 200 0 0
	The late Mr. C. M. Shepherd, New Cross 200 o o
	The late Miss Bower, Woolwich 25 0 0
1890	The late Mr. R. B. Martin 10 10 0
	The late Mr. Field, New Cross 4354 12 4
	The late Mrs. Braidley, Greenwich 200 o o
1	The late Miss Sherriff, Old Charlton 90 0 0
1891	The late Mr. J. H. Cole, of Lewisham High Road 300 0 0
1892	The late Mrs. Davis 90 14 0
1893	The late Mr. G. H. Browne, Greenwich 180 0 0
	The late Miss Logan, Woolwich 10 0 0
	The late Thos. Watkins, Broadway, Deptford 500 o o

LIST OF INTERESTING MISCELLANEOUS

	LIST OF INTERESTING MISCELL.	ANEO	13		
	DONATIONS.		1		d.
1803	Deptford Volunteer Infantry		0	18	0
1812	Concert at the Green Man		10	0	0
1813	Produce of an Oratorio and Concert		522		0
1013	Deptford Volunteer Infantry		28	10	0
1814	Mr. Levi, Lessee of the New Cross Trust	heing		10	-
1014	the amount of Tolls allowed by the Trust	ees for			
	the passage of Louis XVIII, King of Fr	ance		12	0
	A Fine paid through Mr. F. Tucker		2	2	0
	A Fine paid through Mr. Crouch		2	10	0
	A Fine paid through Mr. E. Tucker A Fine paid through Mr. Crouch A Voluntary Contribution to settle a disput	е	2	2	
1815	A Fine for an assault		5	0	
,	A Fine for an assault			2	0
	Benefit at the Greenwich Theatre			19	
	A Fine on two Coachmen, of Deptfor	d. for		-	
	assaulting Thos. Crouch, a Constable.	in the			
	execution of his duty		4	0	0
1816	execution of his duty		28	3	0
	Benefit at the Deptiord Theatre		21	18	6
	A Fine for an assault on the High Consta	able of			
	Woolwich		1	1	0
	A Fine at the Deptford Toll Gate			2	0
	Woolwich A Fine at the Deptford Toll Gate A Fine for robbing Mr. Hardcastle's Garde	n		10	0
	Surplus of money collected for an Applica	tion to			
	Parliament to limit the expenses of the	County			
	Gaol		70	4	3
	Benefit at the Greenwich Theatre, by Mr. I		20	0	0
1817	A Fine levied on a Toll Collector			H	0
	Moiety of a Fine levied on a Coachman			18	6
	Benefit at the Greenwich Theatre		17	3	6
1818	A Fine levied on a Coachman			5	0
1819	A Fine received by Mr. Crouch			2	0
1820	A Fine for an assault on one of the Consta	bles of			
	Deptford			14	6
	Benefit at the Greenwich Theatre	:	10	17	8
1821	A humble mite towards the payment	of the		-	12
	present debt A Fine, per a Constable		1	0	0
	A Fine, per a Constable			10	6
	A Fine received of Mr. Chamtaloup for e	vading			-
.0	the Post-horse Duty, per Mr. Levy			I	0
1822	A Fine for an assault on a Constable			17	
	Benefit at the Greenwich Theatre		28	6	6
	Benefit at the Greenwich Theatre A Reward for finding a Gold Watch			3	
.0	Proceeds of a Consent at the Coop Man	Plack	3	3	0
1825	Proceeds of a Concert at the Green Man, heath, on Dec. 13, by the Society of M	Insical			
	Friends	iusical	12	1	0
	Friends		43	IO	
	A Donation to settle a dispute			10	

		L	S	. d.
1861	Collected by Messrs. Lovibond and Cabban	32	- 44	
	Fines levied for the surreptitious use of gas, per			
	the Phœnix Gas Co	12	9	0
1862	Damages ordered to be paid to the Charity	10	0	0
1863	Balance of the Prince of Wales' Marriage Fes-			
	tivities Fund, Lee, per Dr. Carr and Rev.			
	R. H. Marten, B.A Blackheath,	22	6	0
	Ditto ditto ditto Blackheath,			
	per Messrs. H. Barber Tuck and W. H. Clarke	21		0
	Blackheath Cheap Clothing Society, per Mrs. Bill	30	0	0
1864	Proceeds of an entertainment at the Greenwich		*	
	Lecture Hall, per Dr. Scott	20	0	0
1867	Proceeds of an Entertainment at Blackheath, by			
	the "Blackheath Dramatic Club"	45	6	3
1868	Great Owl Club, per F. Taylor, Esq., President	5		0
1869	Proceeds of Entertainment at Blackheath, by the	10.18	1	
	"Blackheath Dramatic Club," per Messrs.			
	Davies and Hacker	51	11	5
	A portion of the "Deptford Spec," per Mr. Serjeant	1111		
		100	0	0
1871	Sleigh and H. B. Poland, Esq	21	0	0
1872	Proceeds of Masonic Ball held at the "Ship"			
	Tavern, Greenwich	10	15	2
	Invicta Rowing Club, Woolwich	2	2	9
1873	"Sturdy Beggars," per E. Purser, Esq., profits on			
	one night's Entertainment at Blackheath		0	0
	A portion of the Proceeds of an Entertainment at			
	Blackheath, by the "Blackheath Dramatic			
	Club," per Messrs. P. A. Davies and G. W.			
	Clarke	40	0	0
	Board of Works for an assault on their Blackheath			
	Constable	10		0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund Proceeds of an Entertainment by the Upper	63	17	9
1874	Proceeds of an Entertainment by the Upper			
	Lewisham Road "Penny Readings," per F. A.			
	Prout, Hon. Sec	4	3	6
	A portion of the Proceeds of an Entertainment at			
	Blackheath, by the "Blackheath Dramatic		45	3
	Club," per Messrs. C. West and E. O. Dunn	40	0	0
	Proceeds of some Readings at Belmont Park			
	Lecture Hall, Lee, per R. H. Castle, Esq.	10	10	0
	From Essay and Discussion Society, Blackheath,			
	proceeds of a Lecture by James Dodd, Esq.,			
	per Rev. J. Beazley Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	5	0	0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	187	H	6
. 0	Hospital Saturday Fund	60	8	7
1875	A portion of the Proceeds of an Entertainment at			
	Blackheath by the "Blackheath Dramatic Club,"	2.7	_	100
	per Messrs. E. M. Browne and J. R. Taylor	44	7	4
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	138	19	2

	MISCELLANEOUS DONATIONS.		25	3
		,		1
.0	Harnital Caturday Fund	L		d.
1875	Hospital Saturday Fund	15	16	7
10/0	Greenwich Lecture Hall, per J. Swift, Esq	-	0	0
	Proceeds of an Exhibition of Pictures at Black-	5	0	0
	heath, per Miss A. R. Marten	24	6	0
	Part Proceeds of an Entertainment by the	44		0
	"Blackheath Dramatic Club," per F. Furze,			
	Lewisham	27	10	0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	122		
	Lewisham	26	5	
1877	Hospital Saturday Fund		,	'
//	"Blackheath Dramatic Club," per C. D. Davies,			
	and C. West	68	17	6
	and C. West Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	119		4
	Hospital Saturday Fund		0	5
1878	Part Proceeds of an Entertainment by the			-
00000	"Blackheath Dramatic Club," per C. D. Davies,			
	C. West and — Fiddaman	65	0	0
	C. West and — Fiddaman	114	11	8
	Hospital Saturday Fund	26	12	IO
1879	Part Proceeds of an Entertainment by the			
	"Blackheath Dramatic Club"	38	8	2
	Proceeds of two days' Cricket Match at Black-			
	heath by the "West Kent Wanderers' Cricket			
	Club"	21	0	0
		IO	IO	0
	On the Friendly Societies' Gathering at Christ			
	Church, Deptford	9	7	3
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	110	10	0
	Hospital Saturday Fund	29	5	3
1880	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	134	3	4
00	Hospital Saturday Fund	19	13	9
1881	Hospital Saturday Fund	124	7	6
	Hospital Saturday Fund	27	13	0
	Chited Friendly Societies Gathering at St. Alphege	14	10	0
	"South-Eastern Sanitary Association," Black-			
	heath, on its dissolution, per Percival Spurling,		.0	0
	Esq. (A. Spencer, Esq. (Early Dances)	150	10	8
1882	United Friendly Societies' Gathering at St. John's,	2	2	0
1002	New Cross		1	2
	Proceeds of a Cricket Match at Sayes Court,	10		3
	between some East Greenwich and Deptford			
	Tradesmen and 11 of the R Division of Police	0	0	0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	124	7	6
	Hospital Saturday Fund	36	16	8
1883	Hospital Saturday Fund	120	7	
-3	Hospital Saturday Fund	33	6	7
	Proceeds of a Concert by R Division of Police,	33	3350	
	per C. H. McHugo, Esq.		3	I

		1	S.	d.
884	"Brunswick Dramatic Club" (Messrs. Pyne Bros.)	12	0	0
1004	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund			0
	(additional)	20	0	0
	Hospital Saturday Fund		10	6
885	Prince of Wales' Theatre, Greenwich, per Messrs.			~
,	Morton and Clarance	IO	6	3
	United Friendly Societies' Gathering at St.			,
	Alphege on Palm Sunday	25	3	6
	Alphege on Palm Sunday	17.35	8	4
	Hospital Saturday Fund	55	5	6
886	United Friendly Societies' Gathering at St. John's,	"	-	
	Deptford, on Palm Sunday	21	8	6
	Deptford, on Palm Sunday Lewisham Swimming Club Fête	17	1	0
	Concert by St. Peter's, Deptford, Choral Society Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	13	0	0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	208	6	8
	Hospital Saturday Fund	76	3	5
	Hospital Saturday Fund	,	-	-
	Davies	50	0	0
887	United Order of the Phoenix, Church Parade	10	8	5
,	Proceeds of a Concert given by Mr. Thomas			-
	Moore, F.R.C.S., Miss Moore, and Miss Nellie			
	Crookenden	95	0	0
	Crookenden	160	14	4
	Lansdown Choral Society, per Miss Slater	21	0	0
	United Order Sons of the Phoenix, Church Parade	3	I	1
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	260	8	4
	Hospital Saturday Fund	68	3	6
888	S.D.R.S	50	0	0
	United Friendly Societies' Gathering at	23	10	2
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund	285	9	2
	Hospital Saturday Fund	67	9	0
	United Friendly Society Gathering	17	12	0
	Sons of the Phœnix Temperance Society	5	10	0
	Proceeds of a Concert by the "R" Division of			
22.1	Police, per Supt. C. H. McHugo	18	0	0
1889	S.D.R.S	20	0	0
	Greenwich Carnival	9	0	0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund award		5	0
	Hospital Sunday Fund award	74		0
0	United Friendly Society Church Parade	18	9	8
1890	Concert at Good Duke Humphrey (per MajGen.			
	G. R. Roberts)	50	5	6
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund award		5	0
	Hospital Saturday Fund award	86	-	0
	Ditto ditto	5	5	0
	United Friendly Society Church Parade	22		I
	Proceeds of Ball at "Ship Hotel," Greenwich, 1890	89	7	6
	Lecture on "Ober Ammergau," per Dr. E. Clarke Greenwich Art Class, per Rev. Brooke Lambert	00	0	
	Police Concert per Sunt C. H. McHare	30	-	1
	Police Concert, per Supt. C. H. McHugo	17	5	0

	MISCELLANEOUS DONATIONS.		25	55
		,		
2		£	S.	d.
1890	Rugby Football Union, per Mr. Rowland Hill	8	6	8
	Blackethiopians at the Rink	9	0	0
1891	Cricket Match at Sayes Court, Deptford	I	6	2
	Sale of 200 vols. of "Wild Rose," per Jules Singleton	5	0	0
	Proceeds of a Ball at the "Ship" Hotel, Greenwich,	200		
	Feb., 1891, per MajGen. G. R. Roberts, of Lee			
	Park, and John Poland, Esq., F.R.C.S	77	16	1
	Police Concert, per Supt. C. H. McHugo	15	4	6
	Sons of the Phœnix Church Parade	10		0
	United Friendly Society Church Parade	16	5	9
			6	8
		303		0
	Hospital Saturday Fund award		I	
	United Friendly and Trade Societies, per B. R. Phillips	21		0
-0	Blackheath Road Police Court, a fine		10	0
1892	Proceeds of a Ball at the Ship Hotel, Greenwich,			
	per MajGeneral Roberts and MajGeneral		-	
	J. W. Finch	58	6	2
	Sons of the Phœnix Church Paradeon Easter Sunday	10	10	9
	United Friendly Societies' Church Parade on			
	Palm Sunday	22	18	0
	Part Proceeds of an Entertainment by the "R"			
	Division of Police, per Supt. C. H. McHugo	9	0	0
	Pride and Rose of Greenwich Church Parade,	,		
	Whitsun Day	2	0	0
	Welcome Institute and Iona Cricket Club	6	9	0
	Proceeds of Lecture on Venice per Pou F	0	0	0
	Proceeds of Lecture on Venice, per Rev. F.			
	Storer Clark, M.A.	3	4	6
	South Eastern Friendly and Trade Societies, per	221		1320
	Thos. Jeffreys	21	0	0
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund award	12	5	0
	Hospital Saturday Fund (additional)	26	5	0
	Hospital Saturday Fund	001	1	0
1893	Proceeds of Dramatic Performance at New Cross			
	Hall, per Mrs. Scarvell	I	13	5
	Thank offering from Job Ashton, Esq., of Bryan			
	House, Blackheath	105	0	0
	United Friendly Society Church Parade	23	II	I
	J. Taylor "Collecting Box"	I	4	5
	"Star of Brockley" Church Parade	6	0	5
	Collecting Box "Miller Hospital"		13	ó
	Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund Award	- 22		0
	United Friendly and Trade Society Demonstration	21	0	0
	Collecting Box "Merryweather and Sons"	I	5	9
	Proceeds of Ball at Ship Hotel		-	
		54	6	10
	Diackheath Football Club	5	0	0
	Proceeds of Performance of "H.M.S. Pinafore"		112	Miles
	by Blackheath Amateur Dramatic Soc	65	0	0
	Proceeds of Entertainment by "R" Division of			
	Police	11		0
	The Welcome Cricket Club	6	12	0

Number of Patients attended at the Royal Kent Dispensary for 13 years from 1870 to 1882.

1870		 	3,753	cases.
1871		 	3,857	,,
1872		 	4,350	yy ~
1873		 	8,334	33
1874		 	8,174	,,,
1875		 	8,798	,,,
1876		 	8,668	,,
1877		 	10,898	**
1878		 	10,787	**
1879		 	11,439	,,,
1880		 	12,305	,,
1881		 	11,641	,,
1882		 	11,271	"
	Total	 	114,275	33

Total number of Patients for the decade 1873–1882 is 102,315, and if we compare this with the figures of the succeeding one, 1883 to 1892, namely 128,296, we find the enormous increase of 25,981 patients in the last ten years of the work of the Institution. This has been principally the result of the opening of the Hospital in 1885.

MILLER HOSPITAL AND ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

Number of Patients attended for 10 Years-1883 to 1892.

YEAR,	ACCIDENTS.	OUT AND HOME,	MIDWIFERY.	DENTAL.	IN-PATIENTS
1883	27	9032	750	1462	_
1884	29	9267	841	1632	_
1885	46	9167	850	1634	27
1886	149	9969	909	1933	158
1887	557	11861	928	1937	175
1888	1090	10511	876	1895	248
1889	1461	9010	876	1895	226
1890	1682	8436	831	1629	187
1891	1974	7028	732	1390	208
1892	2435	7865	776	1453	242
TOTAL	9450	92146	8369	16860	1471

Accidents		 	 	9450
Out and He	ome	 	 	92146
Midwifery		 	 	8369
Dental		 	 	16860
In-Patients		 	 	1471

If we abstract the number of cases treated as Inpatients since the Hospital was opened in 1885, eight years ago, namely, 1,471, from the total during these years we find the number of patients in the other departments 103,785, being an increase of 12,404 in the same departments of the Dispensary over the eight years previous to the Hospital accommodation. (In these eight years the total number was 91,381). This shows

conclusively the enormous amount of extra work in the Dispensary departments produced by the establishment of the Hospital.

The following table shows the steady annual increase in the number of accidents attended at the Hospital since it was first opened in 1885.

1885	 	 460	ases
1886	 	 149	"
1887	 	 557	"
1888	 	 1,090	"
1889	 	 1,461	,,
1890	 	 1,682	,,
1891	 	 1,974	,,
1892	 	 2,435	,,
1893	 	 3,267	"

The annual increase in the number of patients imperatively calls for a more generous support from the public and particularly from the many large employers of labour in the neighbourhood whose numerous workmen are being continuously benefited by the care, skill, and attention, bestowed upon them when brought to the Hospital through injury and other causes; who are attended to at once, and in nearly all cases without any letter of recommendation. Great as are the needs of East London—the vastness of the population, and the great claims of London South of the Thames, have at least an equal claim upon the benevolent and philanthropic public.

In the Annual Report for 1892, it is noted that the total number of Patients attended showed an increase of 1,439 over the previous year. In 1892 the number of Patients was 12,771, and in 1893, 14,089.

The Out-Patients are now divided into Medical and Surgical cases, or to speak more correctly, they have from their numbers separated themselves into these two divisions, and there has lately been established an Eye Department among the Out-Patients. Year by year the number of patients increases, but the accommodation remains the same.

This small Hospital with only 22 beds has accomplished much during the brief period of its existence—but on the other hand from its smallness and its situation in the midst of so poor and densely populated a neighbourhood, it is placed under most disadvantageous conditions; a disaster may occur at any moment from the death of an applicant whom it was found impossible to admit.

Of the 22 beds in the Hospital "the average number continuously occupied is 20."—Burdett's Hospital Annual, 1893.

The Third Report from the Select Committee of the House of Lords on Metropolitan Hospitals (1892) has been issued, and the Committee in their Annual Report drew the serious attention of the Governors of this Institution to the following extracts from it:—

Paragraph 239. On the south side of the river, St. Thomas's and Guy's are the only general hospitals, neither of which is at present open to its full extent for patients (the Miller Memorial at Greenwich is the nucleus of a third); and the deficiency of a hospital accommodation for that part of London was strongly insisted on.

Paragraph 586. The Committee observe with regret that on the south side of the Thames there is very little hospital accommodation compared with that on the north side. St. Thomas's Hospital and Guy's Hospital, already shown to be obliged for want of funds to close their doors to many of the sick poor, are the only large general hospitals south of the Thames, but they are situated in the extreme margin of the southern district. One witness from the south side described the medical relief as lamentably deficient; at the same time it was stated that Lambeth Infirmary was full.

Paragraph 588. It was suggested that certain hospitals might be removed from places where they are not so much required to localities where the accommodation is deficient. The Committee cannot regard this suggestion as practical, but they would strongly advise that more hospital accommodation should be provided south of the Thames, and were it possible to find the site, and were philanthropic endeavours to be made for further accommodation for the sick in London, a large general hospital would no doubt be of extreme value.

Paragraph 589. They are nevertheless convinced that more hospital accommodation is required south of the Thames.

The Kentish Mercury of Friday, July 15th, 1892, made one or two forcible observations on the proceedings at the recent Annual Meeting of the Miller Hospital and Royal Kent Dispensary.

"The first of these is the increasing public value and importance of the Institution. Of this the Report, of which we printed a synopsis, gives striking evidence. The cases attended were in-patients at Hospital, 242; casualties attended at Hospital, 2,435; showing an increase over the preceding year of 1,439. These were in addition to the out and home patients, making a total with midwifery and dental cases of 12,771. As we have recently taken occasion to point out, a very important part of the work done by the Miller Hospital consists in the relief of persons suffering from accidents occurring in the district; in a large proportion of such cases the patients relieved are strangers in the locality, and no equivalent is given in the shape of subscriptions to the funds by the general public. This constitutes a claim on residents outside of our district, which, if presented in an adequate manner, we feel quite sure would be recognised. The truth is the Miller Hospital has taken too modest a position, as if it were a mere local institution. It is much more than that, and we are gratified to find that its claims to recognition have been brought into prominent notice in the third Report of the Select Committee of the House of Lords on Metropolitan Hospitals, &c., recently issued. That important document calls attention to the great deficiency of hospital accommodation on the south side of the Thames in language so striking that we are induced to quote a brief extract. It says :-

The Committee observe with regret that on the south side of the Thames there is little hospital accommodation compared with that on the north side. St. Thomas's Hospital and Guy's Hospital, already shown to be obliged for want of funds to close their doors to many of the sick poor, are the only large general hospitals south of the Thames, but they are situated in

the extreme margin of the southern district.

We have frequently insisted on this fact as a reason for increasing the capacity of the Miller Hospital, and it is especially gratifying to observe that the Lords Committee directs notice to it as the probable nucleus of a new General Hospital. To quote again from the Report, it says:—

On the south side of the river, St. Thomas's and Guy's are the only general hospitals, neither of which is at present open to its fullest extent for patients (the Miller Memorial at Greenwich is the nucleus of a third); and the deficiency of the hospital accommodation for that part of London was strongly insisted on.

This appears to us to be a matter of great importance. With a recognition of this kind from so important an authority as this Select Committee of the House of Lords, not only of the desirability but of the practicability of developing the Miller Hospital into a much larger institution, adapted to meet the requirements of the district in which it is situated, time certainly should not be lost in taking the matter into consideration. It is quite certain that increased hospital accommodation in South-East London is urgently required. It is equally certain that Greenwich is the centre of the district where this accommodation is most needed, and here in the existing Miller Hospital is the opportunity afforded for the expansion of the institution to meet the requirements of the case."

See also Burdett's Hospital Annual, 1893.

"We are pleased to be able to announce that preliminary measures have been taken with a view to promote the carrying of this suggestion into effect, and although these are not yet sufficiently ripe for publication, yet they have proceeded far enough to obtain the express approval of Her Majesty the Queen of the project, who has graciously forwarded a contribution to the Fund proposed to be raised.—Kentish Mercury, 22nd July, 1892." The present unequal distribution of the great Hospitals of London demands a re-arrangement so that they may be grouped in the different centres of the population of this great metropolis.

The Lancet in the annual summary of events in the medical world (Dec. 31st, 1892), makes the following remarks upon Hospital Administration.

"Apart from the scheme of control issued by the Committee of the House of Lords, the principal recommendation contained in the report is that relating to the foundation of a new hospital for the south of London-a recommendation for which much can be said on the ground of the needs of the district indicated, but which should be adopted only after an inquiry directed more pointedly to the matter in question. It may be admitted that the distribution of hospital accommodation in London, and especially south of the Thames, leaves much to be desired, and yet the proposal to correct this imperfection by the creation of a new institution to compete for the gifts of the charitable should be very jealously scanned and adopted only if in the end it should prove impossible to attain the desired result by any other means."

The extension of the Miller Hospital will fulfil all the requirements and, moreover, there would be this great advantage that no new institution would be created, and the needs of the whole district of S.E. London would be adequately met.

The Rochester Diocesan Society in their Report for the year 1891 (Report of the Rochester Diocesan Society, 1892, p. 19) remarks as follows in their appeal for the fund in this district.

"There is no diocese in the United Kingdom, the condition of which so urgently demands vigorous and persistent Mission Work as this our Diocese, which includes the whole of London south of the Thames, and where a greater percentage of poverty is to be found than

in any other part of the Metropolitan area.

The population is close upon Two Millions, and still increases at about the rate of 35,000 a year, an addition consisting mainly of those who are unable to make spiritual provision for themselves. Mr. Charles Booth in his 'Labour and Life of the People,' vol. II, writes thus: 'The highest percentage of poverty in any one block in South London, an area with about 33,000 inhabitants, lying between Blackfriars Bridge and London Bridge, having close upon 68 per cent. of poor. The next in order is also to be found South of the Thames at Greenwich, where an area with 31,000 has fully 65 per cent. North London follows, with nearly 61 per cent. in the neighbourhood of Goswell Road; and East London stands fourth on the list with 59 per cent. in a part of Bethnal Green. . . . Again, if in each case we take three contiguous areas, we get in Southwark and Bermondsey a population of 90,000 to 100,000, of whom 60 per cent. are poor; and at Greenwich for a similar number, 54 per cent; while Bethnal Green follows with 51 per cent., and North London takes the fourth place with 48 per cent.' (N.B.—Blackfriars, London Bridge, Southwark, Bermondsey, and Greenwich are all in this . . . at every point South London takes Diocese) '. the lead in this miserable competition.'

What a contrast this overcrowded district is to the condition of the neighbourhood at the commencement of the century! The Rev. Daniel Lysons in his Environs of London, in 1811, wrote: "There are now 150 acres of arable land in the parish of Greenwich, 175 occupied by market gardens; about 530 marsh and lowland meadow; and about 310 upland meadow and pasture (including Greenwich Park); and at St. Paul's, Deptford, 250 acres of ground used as market gardens and 50 acres of arable land.'

POPULATION IN 1816. (Lysons).

Charlton	 	 600
Deptford	 	 19,833
Greenwich	 	 16,947
Lewisham	 	 6,625
Woolwich	 	 17,054

ACREAGE AND POPULATION OF THAT PART OF THE NEW COUNTY OF LONDON SITUATED IN THE OLD COUNTY OF KENT.

1891 INHABITANTS	57,130 27.86	6.828 46.13		40,566 26.97		72,274 12.52		334,630 16°03 67,664 25°35
1881 18	46,580 57,	59,584 069,		36,212 40,		53,053 72,		265,966 334 49,291 67, 22.63, 2
1871	40,412	46,347	28,259	35,557	1,865	36,525	4,064	30,303
1981	40,002	32,103	24,502	41,695	804	22,808 6,000(?)	2,867	187,392(?)
PARISHES (OR LIBERTY).	Greenwich o	of Kent [not Hatcham]) Deptford, St. Nicholas	Plumstead Woolwich (North and South of	River Thames) Charlton)	County of London)	Eltham	Total (and average per Acre) Increase over previous 10 years Per centage of Increase
ACREAGE.	2,051	148	3,372	1,306	750	1,238	3,782	20,869

E.—20,869 acres = 32.60 square miles. The total Acreage of the County of London is 75,462, therefore the South-Eastern District as above defined = 27.65 per cent!!! The total Population of the County of London is 4,231,431 therefore South-Eastern District = 7.91 per cent. Total number of Inhabited Houses in the County of London is 557,134, total in above District about 51,000 = 9.16 per cent.

* Population of St. Paul's, Deptford, including Hamlet of Hatcham, was 101,252 in 1891; and area, 1,575 acres.

We have just seen from the figures quoted above that the majority of this rapidly and ever-increasing population of South-East London earn barely enough for their daily sustenance, much less medical assistance. This demand for assistance is yearly extending, and should be met by the wealthy at large, when the fact has become known that the needs of this district are even greater than those of East London.

There must be many persons in the neighbourhood who only require to know the real good this Charity is doing amongst the poor, to induce them to contribute towards its funds in order to carry on the noble work which the Institution has done for so very many years. The poor are equally relieved without distinction of age, sex, creed or country.

Although it is true that the number of annual subscribers to the Dispensary has of late years shown a slight decrease, yet, in other respects, the help to the Institution has been most generous.

The subject of the financial accounts may be dismissed in stating that they are yearly presented to the Governors in the form required by the Council of Distribution of the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund, and are audited by a public chartered accountant.

Much has been effected in the past by the careful economy, judicious management, and the unremitting exertions of the Committee of the Dispensary. But with the increase of the work more assistance is yet required especially from the large employers of labour in the district, as we have in the immediate neighbourhood large factories for telegraph cables, marine and fire engine establishments, rope works, iron foundries, extensive soap works, &c.

The assistance of those who live outside the district is also necessary to maintain the Institution in its present state of efficiency, and to extend the excellent work it has undertaken. The Institution is so well known for its usefulness in the neighbourhood that it is only requisite for this to be more generally known to the public to ensure its support by them.

The greatest gratitude is due to the large Honorary Staff of Medical Officers who carry on a zealous and self-denying work for the cause of the Charity.

There are 25 Hon. Medical Officers in charge of Out and Home Patients, and at the present time 23 Districts in connection with the Dispensary Department.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON THE
PROPOSED EXTENSION OF THE HOSPITAL AND THE
REQUIREMENTS OF THE DISTRICT.

"The proposed Extension of the Hospital has been submitted, by the Committee, to Her Majesty the Queen, who has been graciously pleased to approve the Scheme, and has forwarded a donation to start the Building Fund.

The Select Committee of the House of Lords on Metropolitan Hospitals, &c., in their third Report, 1892, draw attention to the "great Congestion of Hospital Accommodation North of the Thames," and mention the fact that "within a radius of one mile from the Middlesex Hospital (Berner's street, Oxford street,) there are 8 General and 26 Special Hospitals with an aggregate of 2,050 Beds, ' . . . ' in fact that all the Hospitals, with few exceptions, lie within a radius of about two miles square" (par. 238).

Hospital relief in South London is described as "lamentably insufficient;" and it is pointed out that "St. Thomas's and Guy's are the only large General Hospitals South of the Thames, and they are situated on the extreme edge of the Southern district" (par. 94), whilst the "Miller Memorial Hospital, at Greenwich," is mentioned as "the nucleus of a third large General Hospital" (par. 239).

The select Committee go on to "strongly advise (par. 588) that more Hospital Accommodation should be provided South of the Thames;" and they emphasize this recommendation by repeating it in par. 589.

With these facts brought prominently forward, by so great an authority, the Committee of this Hospital, which at present contains only the "lamentably deficient" number of 24 beds, deem that the duty of endeavouring to enlarge it is imperatively cast upon them; and this opinion was unanimously endorsed by the Annual General Meeting of Governors, held 30th June, 1892.

It has been calculated that the Building should be enlarged so as to hold at least 200 beds, if it is suitable to meet, to any extent, the requirements of this large and populous area; and it has been computed that about £120,000 will be required to purchase the site and to carry out the desired work satisfactorily.

The Miller Hospital was founded, A.D. 1883, to perpetuate the memory of Canon Miller, late Vicar of Greenwich, the founder of Hospital Sunday; an Institution which has been of incalculable benefit to the Funds of

Hospitals all over the kingdom.

It was the first Hospital built in Great Britain with Circular Wards; a system intended to afford greater facilities for efficient ventilation, as there are no corners for stagnant air; and experience has shown that the belief in it was well founded. The Committee have therefore no hesitation in recommending the carrying out of the original plan of the building, which contemplated the enlargement of the Hospital.

It is situated between Greenwich and Deptford, the most densely populated part of the South-Eastern District, in the neighbourhood of many extensive manufactories where accidents are almost constantly occurring.

An instance of its constantly increasing usefulness, is that the number of accidents brought there the first year it was opened was 47, whilst in the last year, 1891-92, it was 2,435,—and in one week in the present year no less than 96 accidents were treated there.

The Hospital was affiliated to the Royal Kent Dispensary in 1883, on its Centenary, by the advice of 58 of the principal medical practitioners in the district.

The Dispensary forms a very extensive Out-patient department to the Hospital, larger indeed than at some of the older General Hospitals; as the number of Outpatients attended annually numbers about 14,000, and constantly goes on increasing.

One witness before the Select Committee of the House of Lords—the Secretary of another Hospital—said, "at the Miller Hospital they have an enormous number of Out-patients (14,372), compared with the number of beds, and there are a large number of attendances which are not included here."

It is a matter of constant regret to the Committee and the Medical Staff that great numbers of serious cases among the Out-patients, who would be much benefited by Hospital treatment, have to be refused admission for want of room—and this is more emphatically the case with regard to the accidents before mentioned.

The Royal Kent Dispensary is an Institution which has done yeoman's service in the neighbourhood as, for upwards of 100 years, it has supplied the medical wants of thousands of the poorer inhabitants in nearly the whole of South-Eastern London.

The population of the district served by the Royal Kent Dispensary, was in 1891, according to the Census return 367,076; being an increase of 82,450 persons in the last decennial period, 1881-1891, and of not less than 231,271 in 40 years. This increase in the population is rapidly spreading in an easterly direction, and is very largely composed of the labouring classes, and others whose incomes are small.

This district (shaded in the map) at the present time contains all that portion of the Old County of Kent situated in the New County of London, viz., Greenwich, Blackheath, Deptford (St. Paul's and St. Nicholas), Plumstead, Woolwich, Charlton, Kidbrooke, Lewisham (the 2nd largest Parish in the County of London), Lee and Eltham; an area of 20,721 acres (about 32½ sq. miles), the total area of the County of London being 74,692 acres. Therefore the District served by the Royal Kent Dispensary is more than a quarter of the whole County of London.

The Rochester Diocesan Society in their Report for the year 1892, state on Page 19, "That there is no diocese "in the United Kingdom, the condition of which so "urgently demands vigorous and persistent Mission Work "as this our Diocese, which includes the whole of London "South of the Thames, and where a greater percentage "of Poverty is to be found than in any part of the "Metropolitan area.

"The population is close upon Two Millions, and "still increases at about the rate of 35,000 a year, an "addition consisting mainly of those who are unable to "make spiritual provision for themselves. Mr. Charles "Booth in his 'Labour and Life of the People,' writes "thus: 'The highest percentage of poverty in any one "'block is in South London, an area with about 33,000 "'inhabitants, lying between Blackfriars Bridge and "'London Bridge, having close upon 68 per cent. of poor. "'The next in order is also to be found South of the "'Thames at Greenwich, where an area with 31,000 has "'fully 65 per cent. We get in Southwark and Bermond-"'sey a population of 90,000 to 100,000 of whom 60 per "'cent. are poor, and at Greenwich for a similar number, "' 54 per cent., while Bethnal Green follows with 51 per "'cent., and North London takes the fourth place with "'48 per cent.; at every point South London takes the "'lead in this miserable competition."

There are in the County of London, i.e., the "Registration County" or Inner London, plus Penge—according to the Medical Directory—19 General Hospitals and 12 Minor Hospitals (Cottage and Pay), with 5,400 beds; and 75 Special Hospitals with 4,758 beds—being a total of 106 Hospitals with 10,158 beds; whilst the population of the County was 4,211,056—according to the census returns for 1891—giving 240 Hospital beds for 100,000 inhabitants.

The congestion of Hospital Accommodation in the centre district is even greater than is stated in the Report of the Select Committee of the House of Lords. If we take a larger circle, say with a radius of 2½ miles, and its centre at the British Museum (vide Map) we find within it 68 Hospitals with 7,659 beds. The population

of this Central District was, in 1891, about 1,225,000, a decrease of 70,000 in 10 years; and yet it contains about three-quarters of the Hospital beds of London, or 625 beds to 100,000 inhabitants.

In the South-Eastern District there are only 7 Hospitals with 363 beds, and in this list is included the Seamen's Hospital, which devotes (on an average) 22 beds to local accidents and urgent cases. There are therefore only 160 Hospital beds to serve this rapidly increasing district, with its population approaching half a million—about 44 beds per 100,000 inhabitants, or less still if we include some of the neighbouring parishes which are not in Kent.

The site of the Hospital is most convenient of access from all parts of the district. The Cars of the London Tramcar Company run by the door, northward to New Cross, Hatcham, and Peckham, and southward to East Greenwich, Charlton, Woolwich, and Plumstead. Those of the South-Eastern Company, with a terminus at Greenwich, run to Lewisham and Catford, and will probably ere long go to Forest Hill, Sydenham, &c. The South-Eastern Railway has Stations at Greenwich, New Cross, and Lewisham; and the London, Chatham, and Dover, at Blackheath Hill and Greenwich—all quite close.

Enclosed is a list of the Voluntary Hospitals of London, taken from the Medical Directory; also a Map of the County of London, showing the Sites of all the Voluntary Hospitals in it, from which may be seen at a glance the "Congestion of Hospital Accommodation" in the Central districts spoken of in the Report of the Select Committee, and also the poverty of the Southern districts in that respect.

The enlargement of the Miller Hospital would supply the wants of the South-Eastern District. The Governors and Committee of this Institution therefore beg most respectfully and earnestly to ask your kind co-operation in carrying out their scheme; and moreover they venture to hope that the success with which the Royal Kent Dispensary has been carried on for upwards of 100 years, will be a guarantee that the best possible use will be made of any money contributed for this purpose; whilst the ever increasing demand for the assistance of the Institution shows, without doubt, that it stands very high in the estimation of the poor.

Although the inhabitants of the district cordially support the Institution, the Committee feel that sufficient money cannot be collected locally to carry out the proposed Enlargement of the Hospital to the extent stated to be desirable in the Report of the Committee of the House of Lords. They therefore appeal to the general public, and more especially to the Guilds and Merchants of the City of London, to subscribe the amount needed, and they feel confident that, when the necessities of the district, which contains so many thousands of the very poorest in London, are made known, they will not appeal in vain."

For the present it has been decided to add a few more beds to the present small number to avoid a disaster which might occur from so small a Hospital being placed in the midst of the densely populated and impoverished South-Eastern London. It has happened more than once, a few years ago, that a patient, with inflammation of the lungs or other serious illness, has died on the way to London, there being no Hospital accommodation in the district.

The pressing demands of the poor in this populous district will be met, to some extent, by the carrying out of this portion of the above plan. A special general meeting of Governors was held at the Board room of the Institution on Friday, 14th April, 1893, to receive the following report of the Committee appointed "to determine the minimum number of beds that should be provided by the authorities of the Miller Hospital."

SIR THOMAS CRAWFORD, K.C.B., in the Chair,

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

"The special committee, appointed by resolution of the Governors of February 6th, 1893, met on the 4th and 11th of March, and considered the resolution quoted above, on which they are directed to determine and report :- (1) What is the minimum number of beds which the pressing needs of the poor imperatively demand should be provided by the authorities of the Miller Hospital, and (2) What will be the cost of making the necessary additions to the existing building, with an estimate of the income which will be required to maintain the extra beds to be provided. The committee having carefully considered the report of the Extension Sub-Committee with maps hereto annexed, as well as the needs of the wide district served by the Royal Kent Dispensary (shown in the map), see no reason to modify the opinion already given, 'that the building should be enlarged so as to hold at least 200 beds, if it is suitable to meet the requirements of this large and populous area.' It may be well to state briefly but clearly the grounds which have led this committee to concur in this opinion. (1) The district is a very large one, including within its area Deptford, Greenwich, Charlton, Woolwich, Plumstead, Eltham, Kidbrook, Lee, Lewisham, and Sydenham. (2) Some of these, especially Deptford and Greenwich, which are in the immediate proximity of the Miller Hospital, are not only very populous but very poor. The population of the whole district amounts to 367,076, and includes areas in which the percentage is very low, one district, Greenwich, with a population of 31,000, having 65 per cent. of poor. (3) The hospital accommodation within reasonable limits as to distance consists of-the Miller Hospital, 22 beds; the Blackheath and

Charlton Cottage Hospital, 18; Eltham Cottage Hospital, 10; St. John's Lewisham, 28; Woolwich Cottage Hospital, 12; Women and Children's Home, Sydenham, 50 (all children); Seamen's Hospital, Greenwich (average), 22; total (including the 50 beds for children at Sydenham), 162 beds. Of these, some are partly self-supporting, the patients being required to contribute more or less towards their own maintenance, but were all the beds free, and were admission unrestricted as regards letters of recommendation from subscribers, the provision is obviously inadequate for such a district, and falls short of that existing in other parts of London. For example, in a 21/4 mile radius round the British Museum there are 68 hospitals, providing 7,659 beds, which is equal to 64 beds per 1,000 inhabitants, and in that part of the county of London north of the Thames the number of beds, including several special hospitals, is 7,674, or nearly three beds for every 1,000 inhabitants; while in that portion of the county south of the Thames there are 1½ beds for each 1,000 of population, the proportion in the Royal Kent Dispensary district being 162 beds for 367,076 inhabitants, or less than half a bed for every 1,000 of population. Assuming that the Miller Hospital is to be increased to 200 beds as suggested in the report of the Extension Sub-Committee, this would give for the district a total of 340, or 27 less than one bed per 1,000 inhabitants, a provision which those most competent to judge regard as a very low minimum. In order to test still further the need for increased hospital accommodation the committee have endeavoured to obtain reliable information as to the number refused admission into the hospitals in the district on account of want of room, and also the number admitted into hospitals in other parts of London from the Royal Kent Dispensary Unfortunately no reliable statistics are available, although the necessity for such refusal in the case of the Miller Hospital is known to have been of frequent occurrence. There is, however, ample evidence of the frequent admission of patients from the district into various London hospitals, a large proportion of whom would, it is reasonable to suppose, have sought relief nearer home had it been known that equally suitable accommodation was available. This has been put beyond all doubt by the opening of an ophthalmic branch in connexion with the Dispensary. The foregoing statement does not include the hospital accommodation provided by the Guardians of the Poor or the Metropolitan Asylums Board, and

DIAGRAM OF THE COUNTY OF LONDON

SHOWING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE

METROPOLITAN HOSPITALS

AND THE DEFICIENCY OF HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION

SOUTH OF THE THAMES.



REFERENCE.

This List consists of all London Hospitals, other than the Rate-Supported, contained in the Medical Directory for 1891.

S. University College	paus.	TOTAL BEDS.
1. St. Bartholomew	ALS.	
COTTAGE AND MINOR 4. Bit	y's 630 Thomas' 572 Eller 24	1,286
Page Page		86
22. Cancer Hospital	PATIENTS. Solingbroke House, Clapham 28 TOTAL GENERAL HOSPITALS	21,400
27. North-Eastern 15	LS.	
69. National	hildren's—Evelina	1.00

SUMMERY.

	GENERAL HOSPITALS.		SPECIAL HOSPITALS.			ALL HOISITALS.			
	Number of Beds.	Per cent.	Beda per 100,000 Persons.	Number of Bels.	Per cent,	Beds per 100,000 Persons,	Number of Beds.	Per cent.	Bods per 100,000 Persons.
NORTH OF THAMES SOUTH OF THAMES	4,000 1,400	74 26	149 90	3,674 1,084	77 23	136 70	7,674 2,484	75 25	285 160
ALL LONGON	5,400	100	128	4,758	100	112	10,158	100	240

paid for out of the rates. The average number of beds now available for casualties at the Seamen's Hospital has, however, been included, although the committee cannot say whether they may be at all times relied upon; much will probably depend upon the needs of that institution. Having briefly set forth the needs for further accommodation, the committee enquired into the best method of meeting this in connexion with the present hospital. The architect who built it is of opinion, subject to correction by a more careful survey than the time then at his disposal permitted, that the present circular block would bear another storey, thus adding 10 beds, and that a similar block might be erected, as originally intended, on the south side, on ground belonging to the hospital, but let on lease for a term of years. This would enlarge the present hospital to 62 beds, and go a considerable way towards meeting the more pressing local requirements. It is essential, however, if this addition to the present building be made, that, on sanitary grounds alone, the space between the hospital and the Congregational Church and Morden College cottages be kept entirely clear of buildings, and that all the space to the west, lying between the Morden College cottages and Wellington Terrace on the Greenwich Road, and now partly occupied as a site for stables, be entirely cleared and kept an open space, so as to secure the free circulation of pure air round the hospital. Indeed, this clearance is demanded in the interests of the existing hospital, in which surgical cases involving serious operations are frequently under treatment. Such an augmentation of beds involves the provision of additional quarters for the nursing staff, as well as an operating theatre and suitable offices for such an institution. The work of the out-patient department is seriously hampered for want of suitable accom-These requisites might be met in part by a basement storey to be provided under the new wing, and in part by a rearrangement of the present Dispensary, and if necessary the addition of a storey to it, in which suitable apartments for some of the nursing staff could be secured. It is not possible to fix with any degree of accuracy the cost of these additions without detailed estimates, which the committee are not authorised to procure, but from such information as they have been able to obtain the enlargement of the hospital may be carried out for about £200 per bed, or £8,000. The alterations and additions to the dispensary may be roughly estimated at £2,000. The clearance of the site of the new wing and the requisite open

space around and in front should be provided for, but the committee are not in a position to say what the cost will be. It will not probably exceed £2,000. The annual cost of the maintenance of the additional beds may be estimated at about £60 per bed, or £2,400 per annum in addition to the present outlay. Should it be determined to add still further to the hospital accommodation to be provided in this locality, a further clearance to the requisite extent must be made for the new blocks of wards. If these are to be provided on the pavilion plan to accommodate 138 patients, which would still be under the estimated needs of the district, as explained above, and if they are to be organised and worked as a part of the Miller Hospital it will be necessary to purchase the whole of Wellington Terrace, and possibly also a portion, if not the whole, of the Terrace to the west, and abutting on the open space in front of the present hospital. The committee have not thought it expedient to enquire into the probable cost of such clearance, but in the event of an unreasonable demand being made there is no absolute necessity for fixing on that site. The new pavilion must be complete in itself, so that it could, if necessary, be erected elsewhere, but there is no other site in the immediate vicinity on which such a block of wards could be conveniently placed and worked as part of the Miller Hospital. The cost of such a pavilion for, say, 138 beds, with the requisite domestic offices, nurses' quarters, &c., would probably amount to about £300 per bed, or £41,400 exclusive of the cost of site. The cost of the latter, with a liberal margin for contingencies, might be taken at £8,600, or a grand total of £60,000, for clearances and erection of the requisite accommodation for 178 additional beds. The committee concur in the view of the Extension Sub-Committee that a general hospital of 200 beds is a convenient size, and quite as much as the most sanguine can hope to realise. They have not, therefore, included the 27 beds required to augment the accommodation in the district to one bed per thousand inhabitants. The only other point on which the committee have to report is the cost of maintenance of these extra beds. It has been already stated that the 40 additional beds to be added to the Miller Hospital on its present site will involve an annual charge of £2,400. The additional 138 beds to be provided for in a new pavilion will, if kept full, involve, at the same rate per bed, a further annual charge of £8,280, or a grand total of £10,680 per annum, The capital required to meet this annual charge in perpetuity is

a matter of easy calculation, but your committee think it is right to state that a complete endowment was not contemplated by the sub-committee when they suggested that an appeal should be made to the public for £120,000. This sum would suffice to provide the requisite accommodation, and leave a margin of some £60,000 as a reserve to carry on the work of the hospital during seasons when from any causes the flow of benevolence might be checked or fall short of actual requirements. If the present needs as to accommodation are provided for with a reasonable margin for contingencies, the future support of this excellent institution may, this committee think, be safely left in the future, as it has been in the past, to a benevolent public."

The CHAIRMAN, Sir Thomas Crawford, K.C.B., said, as chairman of the Special Committee, it devolved upon him to move the reception of their report, and in doing so he had very little to add to the report itself. The subject as to the extent of accommodation for meeting the requirements of that large district was reported upon by the House of Lords Committee, and from that report came the report of the Special Committee, as to meeting the requirements of that half of the south side of the Thames. The governors of that hospital, thinking it was a good opportunity to appeal to the residents of that district, referred the matter to a committee, and a report and map were furnished, and the committee made a report, and were unanimous in the opinion that increased hospital accommodation was needed, and carried the report unanimously, leaving the question of the amount to be provided for the consideration of the governors. The committee considered they could increase the number of beds in that hospital to about 60 for a comparatively small sum, considering the amount required to establish a general hospital. But if the governors thought the generosity of the public would enable them to go in for a further scheme it was for them to say so, but they could take the report either en bloc or a portion only. He asked them to receive the report, and that it be entered upon the minutes.

It was carried with but one dissentient; "That the report be adopted, and that the General Committee be and is hereby instructed to take the necessary steps to carry into effect,

as an instalment, that portion of the report which contemplates the augmentation of the present hospital by 40 beds, in the hope that as funds become available the scheme may be completed."

An Institution of such long standing, and which has done so vast an amount of good work, will need still greater help in the future, and must not be allowed to be neglected for any novel scheme for alleviating the poor of South-East London.

"The blessing to the poorer classes of good medical assistance during sickness cannot be overestimated; for, if to all persons sickness is a great trial, on the labouring classes it presses with peculiar severity, and no kind of relief, perhaps, is so acceptable, none certainly so little liable to abuse, as medical aid in time of sickness." This is especially true of this Institution. The necessitous demands of the in-patients at the Hospital and of the lying-in patients speak for themselves, while the abuse of Charity by home patients is rendered almost impossible by the distribution of letters by the Governors to necessitous persons only, and by the careful supervision which the Medical Officers of the districts exercise in their care of these patients at their own dwellings.

"Let every one according to his capacity, lend a helping hand in the good work to which much has already been done, but which now needs more than ever the assistance of all, for it may truly be said that poverty and need demand free help for every sufferer at any hour."

MILLER HOSPITAL AND ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY, GREENWICH.

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HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President:

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF DARTMOUTH.

Vice-Presidents:

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF ROMNEY.
THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF ST. GERMANS.
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JOHN PENN, M.P.

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EXTERIOR OF MILLER HOSPITAL FROM THE GARDEN (with Group of Resident Staff, &c.)



HONORARY MEDICAL OFFICERS OF THE MILLER HOSPITAL AND ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY.

Consulting Surgeons:

JOHN CROFT, F.R.C.S.

SIR THOMAS CRAWFORD, K.C.B., M.D., F.R.C.S.,

Hon. Surgeon to the Queen.

Consulting Physicians:

EDWARD CLAPTON, M.D., F.R.C.P. RALPH GOODING, M.D., J.P. THOMAS CREED, M.D.

Physicians:

CHARLES H. HARTT, L.K.Q.C.P., Irel. WILLIAM WILLES, L.R.C.P., Ed. PATRICK C. SCOTT, B.A. Cantab., M.B.

Surgeons:

THOMAS MOORE, F.R.C.S. JOHN POLAND, F.R.C.S. ERNEST CLARKE, M.D., B.S.

Honorary Medical Officers in Attendance at the Dispensary (Out-patients):

E. J. Moore, M.B., B.Ch.
C. J. Heath, F.R.C.S.
E. H. Ezard, M.D., D.Sc.
COURTENAY J. FULLER.
A. THOMSON DRAKE, M.B.
WALTER GROOME, M.B., C.M.

Eye Department:

ERNEST CLARKE, M.D., B.S., Ophthalmic Surgeon.

Honorary Medical Officers in Attendance at the Lee Branch (Out-patients):

313, HIGH ROAD, LEE.

T. Moore, F.R.C.S.
ERNEST CLARKE, M.D.
R. S. WAINEWRIGHT, M.D., Lond.
E. J. Moore, M.B., B.Ch.

Honorary Medical Officers of Districts.

FOR GREENWICH:

J. F. TABB.
J. O'CONNOR.
J. P. PURVIS.
ALFRED PURVIS.

FOR DEPTFORD:

S. Scobell Lessey.
E. T. Hawkesworth.
F. Sydney Smyth, F.R.C.S., Ed.
ALEX. STEWART BROWN, F.R.C.S., Ed.
A. T. Drake, M.B.
Walter Groome, M.B., C.M.
G. Trew Cattell, M.D.

FOR LEWISHAM:

JOHN P. HENRY, B.A., M.D., B.Ch.

FOR KIDBROOKE:

CLARKE KELLY MORRIS.
PATRICK CUMIN SCOTT, M.B.

FOR CHARLTON:

FRANCIS L. STEPHENSON, M.B., C.M.

FOR WOOLWICH:

COURTENAY J. FULLER.

FOR PLUMSTEAD:

COURTENAY J. FULLER.

Consulting Dental Surgeon:

A. G. MEDWIN, M.D.

Dental Surgeon:

JOHN SMITH, L.D.S.

Hon. Chaplain:

REV. BROOKE LAMBERT, M.A., B.C.L.

Resident Medical Officers:

Senior House Surgeon—CECIL H. ROCK, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Junior House Surgeon-HERBERT D. COLES, M.B., C.M.

Matron:

MISS CLARA PURVIS.

Assistant Secretary:

MISS MAUD MARKS.

1893.

COMMITTEE.

(The Meetings are held on the 3rd Friday in every month, at 8 o'clock p.m.)

ASHTON, JOB, Bryan House, South Row, Blackheath.

BANNING, H. T., 14, Vanbrugh Park Road.

BARNES-LAWRENCE, Rev., M.A., St. Michael's, Black-heath Park.

BATLEY, W. Fox, 12, Vanbrugh Park, Blackheath.

BAYLEY, Rev. GEORGE J., M.A., 10, Prior Street, Greenwich.

Bristow, Rev. Canon, M.A., St. Stephen's Vicarage, Lewisham.

Brown, A. J., Glenmohr, Vanbrugh Hill.

CARPENTER, GEORGE, Blue Stile, Greenwich Road.

CARTTAR, E. A., Blackheath Road.

CLARK, Rev. F. STORER, M.A., St. Peter's, Greenwich.

CLARK, ERNEST, M.D., B.S., 41, Lee Terrace, Blackheath.

Cox, F. G., 12, The Grove, Blackheath.

CRAWFORD, SIR THOS., K.C.B., 5, St. John's Park, Blackheath.

CRITCHLEY, Rev. G., B.A., Handen Road, Lee.

DICKSON, ALEXANDER, 82, Tyrwhitt Road, St. John's.

DRAKE, A. THOMSON, M.B., 160, Lewisham High Road.

FINCH, Major-Gen. J. W., Aberdeen House, Blackheath Park.

GRIERSON, SIR ALEXANDER, Bart., Paragon House, Blackheath.

GRUNDY, Rev. C. H., M.A., St. Peter's, Wickham Road.

HARTT, Dr. C. H., Crooms Hill, Greenwich.

HATCH, S. C., Clyde House, Westcombe Park Road.

HAVILLAND, Major-Gen. de, Vanbrugh Park Road West, Blackheath.

HAYCRAFT, A. CONVERS, Westcourt, Lewisham Hill.

HEATH, C. J., F.R.C.S., Eastcombe Terrace, Charlton Road.

HEATH, J. H., Kingsbridge House, Blackheath.

HOLDING, W. E., Ulundi Road, Westcombe Park.

HOWARD, HENRY, Maitland House, Greenwich.

KNILL, SIR JOHN STUART, Bart., J.P., The Grove, Blackheath. (The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Mansion House, E.C.)

LAMBERT, Rev. BROOKE, M.A., B.C.L., The Vicarage, Greenwich.

LOCKYER, GEORGE, 12, Wickham Road, Brockley.

LOVE, Rev. ALFRED, M.A., St. Paul's, Greenwich.

LOVIBOND, EDWARD, Athelney House, Greenwich Road.

MAJOR, HENRY, 126, Greenwich Road.

MARSHALL, Rev. J. W., M.A., St. John's Vicarage, Blackheath.

McHugo, C. H., 35, Egerton Road, Greenwich.

MILLER, F. H., Royal Victoria Yard, Deptford.

MITCHELL, R. N., M.D., 27, Fitzjohns Avenue, N.W.

MOORE, THOMAS, F.R.C.S., 6, Lee Terrace, Lee.

NORFOLK, EDWARD, Deptford.

O'HALLORAN, Rev. Canon, Crooms Hill, Blackheath.

PEMBROKE, EDWARD, 5, Vanbrugh Park, Blackheath.

PHILLIPS, WALTER, 25, Belmont Park, Lewisham.

PIGOTT, Dr. TURTLE, D.C.L., South Bank, Lewisham Hill.

POLAND, JOHN, F.R.C.S., 4, St. Thomas's Street, S.E.

RESTELL, T. M., 45, Queen's Gate Gardens, Kensington.

SAW, S., 9, Maze Hill, Blackheath.

SCOTT, PATRICK CUMIN, M.B., 38, Shooters Hill Road.

SMITH, EDWARD, 17, Crescent Road, Brockley.
SOAMES, WALTER, Maze Hill, Greenwich.
SPURGEON, REV. C., Dartmouth Grove, Blackheath.
STIDOLPH, E. S., Langdale House, Greenwich.
SYDNEY, EDGAR, The Circus, Greenwich.
WAINEWRIGHT, R. S., M.D., 39, Lee Terrace, Lee.
WATSON, JAMES, Guildford Road, Greenwich.
WILLES, Dr. W., Crooms Hill, Greenwich.

Auditors:

BLACKMUR, W. B., Greenwich.
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DINWIDDY, THOMAS, F.S.I., Greenwich.
INGLE, GEORGE, Lewisham Road.
TRILL, R., Egerton Road, Greenwich.

Secretary and Collector:

JAMES MARKS, Secretary's Office, Miller Hospital.

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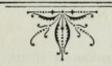
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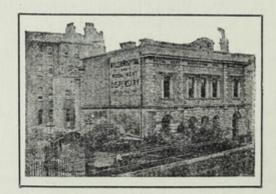
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