Maxims on the preservation of health, and the prevention of diseases: selected from the best authorities: with The way to wealth, from Dr. Franklin.

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# MAXIMS

ON THE

PRESERVATION OF HEALTH,

AND THE

# PREVENTION OF DISEASES.

SELECTED FROM THE BEST AUTHORITIES.

WITH

THE WAY TO WEALTH,

FROM

DR. FRANKLIN,

FROM LEE'S PATENT AND FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, No. 56 MAIDEN-LANE,

NEW-YORK.

tain means of enjoying all other blessings and pleasures of life. The wise man saith, "Better is the poor being sound and strong of constitution, than a rich man that is afflicted in his body. Health and good estate of body are above all gold, and a strong body above infinite wealth. There are no riches above a sound body, and no joy above the joy of the heart."

The signs of an uninterrupted state of health, enjoyed by a man at the age of maturity are: The fresh and healthy colour of his face, the quickness of his senses, the strength of his bones, and the firmness of his flesh; large veins full of blood; a large and full breast; the power of breathing slowly and deep without coughing; eating with hunger, and digesting well; taking much exercise, and bearing continued labour without fatigue; sleeping quietly and soundly, and enjoying cheerfulness of mind and serenity of countenance; all denote an uninterrupted state of health.

A strong and healthy body can be injured or rendered unwholesome, by a bad education and corrupt way of living; by unwholesome food and spirituous liquors; by breathing bad or unwholesome air; by uncleanliness; by too great exercise, or by inactivity; by heats and colds; by affliction, sorrow, grief, and misery; and by many other means, the human body may be injured, and loaded with disease.

Exercise without doors, in one shape or another, is absotutely necessary to health. Those who neglect it, though they may for a while drag out life, can hardly be said to enjoy it.

Those who read or write much should be very attentive to their posture. They ought to sit and stand by turns, always keeping as nearly in an erect posture as possible.

Fermented liquors, which are too strong, hurt digestion; and the body is so far from being a rengthened by them, that it is weakened and relaxed. Many imagine that hard la-

four could not be supported without drinking strong liquors; this is a very erroneous notion. Men who never taste strong liquors are not only able to endure more fatigue, but also live much longer, than those who use them daily. But, suppose strong liquors did enable a man to do more work, they must nevertheless waste the powers of life, and occasion premature old age. They keep up a constant fever, which exhausts the spirits, inflames the blood, and disposes the body to numberless diseases.

All high seasoning, pickles, &c. are only incentives to luxury, and never fail to hurt the stomach. It were well for mankind, if cookery, as an art, were entirely prohibited. Plain roasting or boiling is all that the stomach requires. These alone are sufficient for people in health, and the sick

have still less need of a cook.

Persons, whose solids are weak and relaxed, ought to avoid all viscid food, or such things as are hard of digestion. Their diet, however, ought to be nourishing; and they should

take sufficient exercise in the open air.

Such as abound with blood should be sparing in the use of every thing that is highly nourishing, as fat meat, rich wines, strong ale, and such like. Their food should consist chiefly of bread and other vegetable substances; and their drifts ought to be water, whey, or small beer.

They ought freely to use horse-radish, garlie, and such things as promote perspiration and urine. Their drink should be water, coffee, tea, or the like; and they ought to take much

exercise and little sleep.

Those who are too lean must follow an opposite course.

Such as are troubled with acidities, or whose food is apt to sour on the stomach, should live much on animal food; and those who are afflicted with hot billious eructations, ought to use a diet consisting chiefly of acid vegetables.

People who are affected with the gout, low spirits, hypochondriac or hysteric disorders, ought to avoid all flatulent food, every thing that is viscid, or hard of digestion; all salted or smoke-dried provisions and whatever is austere, acid, or apt to turn sour on the stomach. Their food should be light, spare, cool, and of an opening nature.

We should beware of such food as tempts us to eat when we are not hungry, and of such liquors as entice us to drink

when we are not thirsty?

The best general rule in the choice of diet is, to eat such food as is agreeable to the taste, and is found by experience to be easy to the stomach. No one who is honest to him-

self need ever be deceived in this particular.

It is not only necessary for health that our diet be wholesome, but also that it be taken at regular periods. Some imagine long fasting will atone for excess; but this, instead of
mending the matter, generally makes it worse. When the
stomach and intestines are over distended with food, they
lose their proper tone; and, by long fasting, they become
weak, and inflated with wind. Thus either gluttony or fasting destroys the powers of digestion.

Pure air is as necessary to health, as eating and drinking, or as clear water is to fishes—It tends to refresh us, and makes us healthy, composed and serene; it encourages man to work cheerfully; excites appetite, and induces balmy sleep; in short, man finds himself exceedingly happy while

he breaths fresh air.

No house can be wholesome, unless the air has a free passage through it. For which reason, houses ought daily to be ventilated, by opening opposite windows, and admitting a current of fresh air into every room. Beds, instead of being made up as soon as people rise out of them, ought to be turned down, and exposed to the fresh air, from the open windows through the day.

Nature implants no disposition in vain. It seems to be a general law throughout the whole animal creation, that no creature without exercise, should enjoy health, or be able to find subsistence. Every creature, except man, takes as much of it as is necessary. He alone, and such animals as are under his direction, deviate from this original law, and

they suffer accordingly.

Indolence not only occasions diseases, and renders men useless to society, but promotes all manner of vice. To say a man is idle, is little better than to call him vicious. The mind, if not engaged in some useful pursuit, is constantly in quest of ideal pleasures, or impressed with the apprehension of some imaginary evil. From these resources proceed most of the miseries of mankind. Certainly man was never intended to be idle. Inactivity frustrates the very design of his creation; whereas an active life is the best guardian of virtue, and the greatest preservative of health.

Sleep, as well as diet, ought to be duly regulated. Too

little sleep weakens the nerves, exhausts the spirits, and occasions diseases; and too much renders the mind dull, the body gress, and disposes to apoplexies, lethargies, and other complaints of a similar nature.

The giddy practice of throwing aside our winter cloaths too early in the spring, and that of exposing our bodies when overheated to sudden cold, has destroyed more peo-

ple than famine, pestilence or sword.

Isaw (says an American officer) thirteen grenadiers lying dead by a spring, in consequence of drinking too freely of cold water, while dripping with sweat in a hard day's march in summer." And many a charming girl, worthy of a tenderer husband, has sunk into the icy embraces of death, by suddenly exposing her delicate frame, warm from the ball-room, to the cold air. And since "the universal cause acts not by partial, but by general laws," many a good soul, with more piety than prudence, turning out quite warm from a crowded preaching into the cold air without cloak or surtout, has gone off in a galloping consumption to that happy world, where pain and sickness are unknown. What a melancholy thing it is, that people cannot take care of their souls, without neglecting their bodies, nor seek their salvation without ruining their health!

The use of flannel shirts has become very general in America: They should be changed once or twice a week. No one need be afraid of becoming too delicate from the

use of them. They have quite a contrary effect.

The celebrated Boerhave used to say, that nobody suffered by cold save fools and beggars; the latter not being able to procure clothes, and the former not having sense to wear them. Be this as it may, I can with the strictest truth declare, that in many cases where the powers of medicine had been tried in vain, I have cured the patient by recommending thick shoes, a flannel waistcost and drawers, a pair of under stockings or a flannel waistcost and drawers, a pair of under stockings or a flannel peticoat, to be worn during the cold season at least. I have known several instances of sore throat from thin shoes.

Every act of intoxication puts Nature to the expence of a fever, in order to discharge the poisonous draught. When this is repeated almost every day, it is easy to foresee the consequences. That constitution must be strong indeed; which is able long to hold out under a daily fever! but fevers occasioned by drinking do not a ways go off in a day;

A 2

they frequently end in an inflammation the breast, liver,

or brains, and produce fatal effects.

Cleanliness is certainly agreeable to our nature. We cannot help approving it in others, even though we should not practise it ourselves. It sooner attracts our regard than even finery itself, and often gains esteem where that fails. It is an ornament to the highest as well as the lowest station and cannot be dispensed with in either. Few virtues are of more importance to society than general cleanliness. It ought to be carefully cultivated every where: but in populatous cities it should be almost revered.

# THE WAY TO WEALTH, FROM DR. FRANKLIN.

God helps them that help themselves.

Sloth, like rust, consumes faster than labour wears, while the used key is always bright.

Dost thou love life, then do not squander time, for that is

the stuff life is made of.

The sleeping fox catches no poultry, and there will be sleeping enough in the grave.

Lost time is never found again; and what we call time

enough always proves little enough.

Sloth makes all things difficult, but industry all easy; and, he that riseth late, must trot all day, and shall scarce overtake his business at night; while laziness travels so slowly, that poverty soon overtakes him. Drive thy business, let not that drive thee; and early to bed and early to rise, makes a man healthy, wealthy, and wise.

Industry need not wish, and he that hves upon hope will

die fasting.

There are no gains without pains.

He that hath a trade, hath an estate; and he that hath a calling, hath an office of profit and honour.

Industry pays debts, while despair increaseth them.

Diligence is the mother of good luck, and God gives all things to industry. Then plough deep, while sluggards sleep, and you shall have corn to sell and to keep.

Work while it is called to-day, for you know not how

much you may be hindred to-morrow.

One to-day is worth two to-morrows

Never leave that till to-morrow, which you can do to-day! Constant dropping wears away stones and by diligence

and patience the mouse ate in two the cable; and little

strokes fell great oaks.

Employ thy time well, if thou meanest to gain leisure; and since thou art not sure of a minute, throw not away anhour.

Many, without labour would live by their wits only, but

they break for want of stock.

Fly pleasures, and they will follow you. The diligent spinner has a large shift; and now I have a sheep and a cow, every body bids me good-morrow.

Three removes is as bad as a fire.

Keep thy shop, and thy shop will keep thee.

If you would have your business done, go; if not, send. The eye of a master will do more work than both his hands.

Want of care does us more damage, than want of know-

ledge.

Not to oversee workmen is to leave them your purse open. If you would have a faithful servant, and one that you like, serve yourself.

A little neglect may breed great mischiefs.

A man may, if he knows not how to save as he gets, keep his nose all his life to the grind-stone, and die not worth a groat at last.

A fat kitchen makes a lean will.

If you would be wealthy, think of saving, as well as of getting.

What maintains one vice, would bring up two children.

A small leak will sink a great ship.

Fools make feasts, and wise men eat them.

Silks and sattins, scarlet and velvets, put out the kitchen fire.

A ploughman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees.

Always taking out of the meal-tub, and never putting in, soon comes to the bottom.

When the well is dry, they know the worth of water.

If you would know the value of money, go and try to borrow some; for he that goes a borrowing goes a sorrowing.

Pride breakfasted with plenty, dined with poverty, and sug-

ped with infamy.

Lying rides upon debt's back.

Cred tors have better memories than debtors, creditors are a si perstitious sect, great observers of set days and times.

Rather go to bed supperless, than rise in debt.

Experience keeps a dear school, but fools will learn in no other.

They that will not be counselled cannot be helped.

Remember this saying, "The good paymaster is lord of another man's purse." He that is known to pay punctually and exactly to the time he promises, may at any time, and on any occasion, raise all the money his friends can spare. This is sometimes of great use. After industry and frugality, nothing contributes more to the raising of a young man in the world, than punctuality and justice in all his dealings: therefore never keep borrowed money an hour beyond the time you promised, lest a disappointment shut up your friends purse for ever.

The most trifling actions that affect a man's credit, are to be regarded. The sound of your hammer at five in the morning, or nine at night, heard by a creditor, makes him easy six months longer: but if he sees you at a billiard table, or hears your voice at a tavern, when you should be at work, he sends for his money the next day; demands it before he

can receive it in a lump.

Remember that six pounds a year is but a great a day. For this little sum, which may be daily wasted either in time or expence, unperceived, a man of credi may, on his own security, have the constant use and possession of an hundred pounds. So much in stock, briskly turned by an industrious man, produces great advantage.

Remember that time is money. He that can earn ten shillings a day by his labour, and goes abroad, or sits idle one half of that day, though he spends but sixpense during this diversion or idleness, ought not to reckon that the only expense; he has really spent, or rather thrown away, five

shillings besides.

The way to wealth, if you desire it, is as plain as the way to market. It depends chiefly on two words, industry and frugality; that is, waste neither time nor money, but make the best use of both. Without industry and frugality nothing will do, and with them every thing. He that gets all he can honestly, and save all he gets, (necessary expences excepted,) will certainly become rich; if that Being who governs the world, to whom all should look for a blessing on

their honest endeavours, doth not, in his wise providence, otherwise determine.

GAIN may be temporary and uncertain, but ever, while you live, expence is constant and uncertain; and, "It is easier to build too chimneys, than to keep one in fuel."

"Get what you can, and what you get hold, 'Tis the stone that will turn all your lead into gold."

This doctrine my friends, is reason and wisdom: but, after all, do not depend too much upon your own industry and frugality, and prudence, though excellent things; for they may all be blasted, without the blessing of heaven; and therefore, ask that blessing humbly, and be not uncharitable to those that at present seem to want it, but comfort and help them. Remember, Job suffered, and was afterwards prosperous.

# AN ACCOUNT

OF

# LEE's

# PATENT & FAMILY MEDICINES.

Celebrated for the Cure of most Diseases to which the hu-

#### PARTICULARLY

Worms,
Coughs & Colds,
Asthma,
Consumption,
Gout,
Rheumatism,
Sprains,
Palsy,
Head-Ache,

Tooth-Ache,
Corns,
Itch,
Diseases of the Eyes,
Ring Worms, Tetters, &c.
Inward Weaknesses,
Nervous Disorders,
Female Complaints,
Hooping Cough, &c.

# HAMILTON's

# WORM DESTROYING

# LOZENGES.

Which have within Twelve years past cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from WORMS, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.—

with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate

pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week fold, should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions; feverish and billious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

# DESCRIPTION OF WORMS,

And the Symptoms by which they are known.

WORMS which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Teres or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short, flat white worm; and lastly the Tania or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape—this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the seat—convulsions and epileptic fits. and sometimes privation of speech.—Starting, and grinding of the teeth in sleep—irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fætid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the Stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow Fever, with small and irregular puise—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptons, should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success

in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionly during the warm season will effectually prevent "the vomiting and purging of children," a dreadful disorder, which anually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain

instructions are given for every part of the necessary treat-

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

# CASES OF CURES,

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any herson may ascertain either by letter or personal application not being performed in Europe, nobody knows where—but at home.

#### TAPE WORM.

MR. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper on the Hartford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began, about twelve months ago, to be grievously afflicted with a tape-worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by its writhing motions, and intolerable pains resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation; his appetite declined rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any busines; when be heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's Worm-Lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS (now in the possession of H. Lee) - But a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigour-Application was made for more of the medicine, with advicefrom which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few weeks have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours, and he himself will gratify any who may wish to make further enquiries on the subject.

Although Hamilton's Worm-Lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even when taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—Their peculiar mildness is abundantly evident in the following cures of infants,

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, of Yorktown, Pennsylvania.

# LETTER.

From the Rev. J. Molther, Minister of the Moravian Church in Yorktown.

DEAR SIR. Yorktown, January 4th, 1802. Doctor Hamilton's Lozenges having been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether, by means of this medicine, I might be enabled to gain a point, whi h to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time, in short he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of the Lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance, to all appearance a mere mucus, but upon close inspection, quite replete with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms, which usually afflict children, came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or any of those disagregable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole, I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a state of digestion, by carrying off that billous substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults. I am sir, your most obedient servant, JOHN MOLTHER:

## From Mr. William Jenkins.

Sir,—In July last, the dysentery or bloody-flux made its appearance in my family, of which one of my children and a servant boy died. Another child and a servant girl were labouring under it at the same time. The former we supposed might be troubled with worms, and were advised to try Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges. The lozenges I procured from you, using them according to the direct

pear almost incredible. I can safely say the child voided nearly a quart of worms at one time. I then gave to the servant girl in a confirmed flux, of which she soon after recovered. My wife had the dysentery, and I myself was threatened with it; we both used the lozenges, with a success much to our satisfaction. From humane motives, I make this communication, which you are welcome to make public. As a worm-destroyer, and as an evacuant, I think the lozenges extremely useful.

Yours, WILLIAM JENKINS,
To Dr. John Spangler, West Manchester.
Nov. 16, 1801.

From David Cassat, Esq. Attorney at Law.

Sir,...I have, in several instances of late, had reason to believe that my children were afflicted with worms, and after trying other remedies to no purpose, have administered Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges; the consequences have uniformly been, that the symptoms were immediately removed, and the children restored to their usual health. This happened, in some cases, even where the advice and aid of physicians have failed. I think I can from sufficient experience say, that the lozenges are the most efficacious remedy now in use for worms, as well as other ordinary complaints of children, such as relaxation of the bowls, indigestion, loss of appetite, &c. You are at liberty to publish the above, if you think proper.

DAVID CASSAT.

To Dr. John Spangler, Yorktown, Nov. 9, 1801.

Communicated by Mr. G. Dawson, Carlisle, Pennsylvania.
To Mr. Dawson.

SIR, --- A son of mine aged five years, was a few months ago, taken very ill of a worm fever. I applied to a doctor of respectability in this place, whose prescriptions were duly administered, without producing the desired effect; the child became worse, so that I despaired of his recovery, when reading in the Carlisle Gazette, certificates of cures performed by Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, I immediately purchased a packet from you, by the use of which he passed a quantity of worms and slimy matter, and in a short time.

perfectly recovered. Gratitude to you, and a regard to the public good, induce me to send you this account, which you may publish, if you please, that others afflicted with similar complaints may have recourse to that invaluable medicine.

JOHN SMITH.

Should any person wish to have more particular information on this subject, I will with pleasure satisfy their enquiries, by applying to me in Carlisle.

J. S.

I certify that a daughter of mine, aged sixteen months, was a short time since taken very ill with complaints, which I was convinced from the symptoms, were occasioned by worms. I tried every remedy I could hear of, without giving her any relief. The child grew worse, and became quite emaciated, when, hearing of the cures performed by Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges, I purchased a packet from Mr. Dawson, and gave them according to the printed directions. She passed a quantity of worms and slime, and is now perfectly recovered. A child of a neighbour of mine, having had similar complaints, got from me part of what remained of the lozenges, after performing the above cure, by which a similar cure was effected.

The above cases can be certified by a number of my

neighbours, who were witnesses of the cure.

JAMES HALL.

# AFFIDAVIT.

MICHAEL DUFFY, residing at No. 47, Walker-street, Fell's-Point, in the city of Baltimore, voluntarily maketh

oath, that the following statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three children, a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five, and the other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a common fever, as I then supposed; but was soon convinced the disorder was caused by worms. They were frequently troubled with convulsive fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and purging, particularly the youngest. I made immediate application to a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines were administered with a confidence of success, which only increased our disappointment. The children grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes of their recovery.

The youngest soon appeared almost devoid of animation and scarcely an inhabitant of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told that Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges had performed many cures in cases equally desperate. I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most desirable effects. The eldest voided a great number of very large worms, and the second thousands of small ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long, in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had the appearance of skin and slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeably to the paper of directions, and they all speedily recovered a good state of health, which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave, and the death of the whole seemed to be inevitable.—Sworn before me, this 26th day of Sept. 1799.

J. SMITH.

# LETTERS

To the Proprietor of Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges.

I think it my duty to inform you, that I have experienced the happiest effects from your Lozenges, having been much afflicted for four years past, with various complaints caused by worms, particularly a constant pain in my stomach and bowels, frequent and severe head-ache, with a general lassitude and weakness, during which time I had the best medical advice that could be obtained from the most skilful physicians I could hear of, both American and Europeans, but without any alleviation of my disorder.

I should, too probably, have continued without relief, but for your Worm Destroying Lozenges, which brought from me, an astonishing quantity of small white worms, about the size of a coarse thread, and, in a short time, I found myself perfectly free from all my former complaints, and have

enjoyed a good state of health for five months past.

I have constantly recommended your medicine, and shall, as long as I live, having, from my own experience, reason to believe it to be an invaluable and unparalleled remedy. Should any person wish further information, I will, with pleasure, satisfy their enquiries on this subject.

JOHN J. ABERCROMBY.

Soap and Candle Manufactory, No. 28 Bridge street, Baltimore. To the Proprietor of Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges.

I had been a long time afflicted with a violent and knawing pain in my stomach, a dull, heavy, continual head-ache, with a frequent swimming in my head, accompanied with dinness of sight, and sometimes partial blindness, and was rendered incapable of attending to my business, through loss of strength; when my appetite would suddenly become astonishingly voracious. I firmly believed myself to be in a consumption, which must soon put a period to my life; when happily hearing of several cures performed by Hamilton's Worm-Lozenges, in complaints which could not be accounted for, I took two doses, which expelled an incredible number of small sharp pointed worms: in short, I now enjoy as perfect health and strength, as ever I did in my life, and I believe my cure to be entirely affected by means of your medicine.

My brother, witnessing its surprising efficacy, was induced to take a dose, though in tolerable health, which occasioned him likewise to void a great quantity of worms of the same kind, and thereby probably prevented his experiencing

those dreadful disorders with which I was afflicted.

A sincere desire that others, in similar circumstances, may receive the same benefit, is the reason for my sending you this account.

Yours, very respectfully,
AQUILA COLDING.

At the Mills, Hartford Road, two miles from Baltimore.

From Mr. Benjamin Wilhams, No. 30 Baltimore-Street, two doors above South Gay-Street.

I have a son six years of age, who, for four years past, has been generally in a very unhealthy state, particularly in summer; frequently afflicted with alarming convulsion fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast, his breath fætid, and almost constant itching at the nose was excited, with other alarming symptoms. During the course of the above period, the advice and attendance of three of the most eminent physicians in Baltimore, were successively procured. Each of these gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be the cause of the child's disorder, and exhausted his skill in attempts to expel them. Pink-root, steel filings, with a variety of other medicines, were administered without the least

success. It was once pronounced impossible for the child to

live many hours.

I had heard of your Worm Destroying Lozenges, but with many did not think highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentleman of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. Moore, auctioneer) in whose family they had been used with good effects, advised me to make trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a dose agreeable to directions, which soon expelled eight large worms, some of them about eight inches in length; a second dose brought away four more of similar size; a third dose being administered, no worms appeared. The child recovered and now enjoys a good state of bealth.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

Letter from the Honorable A: C. Hanson, Esq. late Chancellor of the State of Maryland, to the Editor of the Maryland Gazette.

Sir,—For the good of the public, as well as from a desire to do justice to a man of merit and genius, I request you to

publish the following cases.

A young man in my family, who had read Dr. Hamilton's advertisement, and who had, for some time, as he says, experienced the symptoms described by the doctor, as indicating the presence of worms in the human stomach or intestines, resolved, without consutling any person whatever, to

try the doctor's remedy.

He accordingly procured a box of the Lozenges. Last evening he took four of the yellow, and this morning he took an equal number of the brown kind. They did not, as he says, operate harshly, except one stool, when there came from him a worm, perfectly white, about a yard in length, as broad as his little finger, and having a number of joints, about an inch or an inch and a quarter distance from each other.

Besides this worm, he says there came from him a considerable number of small flat worms, about three quarters of an inch in length, and nearly the same in breadth. He did not think of counting them, but he says there were more

I regret extremely that I had not an opportunity of seeing the tape-worm; the young man not having, as he ought to have done, taken measures for preserving it, and the simple

servant girl, who attended his chamber, having, before I had heard of his taking the medicine, thrown it and the other worms into the necessary, not thinking it of consequence to take care of them. The girl, however, and another servant concurs with him respecting the worms which appeared in the vessel; and the tape-worm, they say, was alive, so far as to have motion, after it came from him.

It is needless to describe his symptoms, as he says they

were exactly such as are described by the doctor.

Another young man of my family also, without any consultation or advice, one evening and morning about three months ago, took seven lozenges, which operated powerfully. No worm came from him; but in the course of two or three days he was quite well; and has since had a considerable accession of flesh and strength.

In short, although I, like many others, have been incredulous with respect to the virtue of Hamilton's Lozenges, I am at length perfectly convinced of their great efficacy

and utility.

As I cannot reasonably be supposed to have any motive, except a consideration for the public good, in publishing these cases, I flatter myself that I shall not incur ridicule or censure from unthinking men, for adding my second-hand testimony to the evidence of the numerous respectable characters who have aimed to render justice to Dr. Hamilton, (with whom I have not the slightest acquaintance,) and to give important information to their fellow creatures.

I think it not amiss to add, that, from the healthy appearance of the young man, who has been so greatly and quickly relieved, I should have ridiculed his symptoms and apprehensions, had he communicated them to me before he took the lozenges. The fact, I am persueded, is, that most young persons, who are from time to time disordered without any visible or apparent cause, are afflicted by worms.

A. C. HANSON.

Annapolis, Sept. 18, 1802.

# CURES IN NEW-YORK.

Letter from Mr. Henry Ackerman, bricklayer, Magazinestreet, near Broadway, Jan. 24, 1802.

It would be ungrateful were I to withhold my testimony in favour of Hamilton's Worm Destroying-Lozenges.

had been between five and six years past much indisposed, and latterly often tormented with severe griping and pains in the bowels, troubled with offensive breath, with violent feverish fits, and other obvious symptoms of worms; but frequently hearing your Worm Lozenges recommended in cases similar to mine, I determined on a trial of them, as my last resource. The first dose evacuated twelve or thirteen feet of a tape-worm; two other doses were taken, which brought away a quantity of matter broken like skins and pieces of worms: I suppose the tape-worm, voided at different times, must in the whole have exceeded forty feet. The almost incredible benefit I received from this medicine, induced me to give a dose to a child of mine who was pining and sickly; it produced the same good effect in this instance, expelling a worm of a different kind, from nine to twelve inches long, and at the same time restoring a good state of health. HENRY ACKERMAN.

The wife of Mr. William Stilwell, merchant, Water-st. New-York, had been in a poor state of health for several years past, and was often confined to her chamber by indisposition, her symptoms were various, though generally attended with great debility; sometimes they were supposed to indicate dropsy, at others a disease of the liver. Having suffered a very severe attack, without obtaining any relief from her physician, and almost despairing of recovery, she was induced to make trial of Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges: having heard of their performing cures in several complaints that could not be accounted for. Two doses were taken, which brought away a large worm, nearly half a yard in length, and a great quantity of matter, evidently pieces of worms, &c. On taking the third or fourth dose an entire animal shaped like a crab, was expelled; its parts were examined with the aid of a microscope, when the claws. feet, &c. appeared perfectly formed; differing but in few respects from the common crab. Mrs. Stilwell began from that time to recover her health-three months have since elapsed and she has been free from her former complaints, and has acquired a degree of health and strength which for years before she had been a stranger to. She being free to extend the knowledge of a medicine from which such benefit has been received, has authorised Mrs. Lee, the present proprietor, to state these particulars for the good of others. New-York, June 5, 1807.

Mrs. Esther Bends, Wall-street, New-York, had for five years been liable to periodical fits, which at last appeared of the most alarming and dangerous nature, so much so, as to leave no doubt in the minds of her friends that they would eventually prove fatal. This lady was cured eight months ago by Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, and has not had the least return of her malady since.

Andrew Stockholm, a boy of 13 years of age, of Bushwick, Long-Island, was unwell for upwards of seven years, frequently had fits, was troubled with griping pains, became greatly emaciated, and had no appetite. Pink-root was administered, but not finding any benefit, larger quantities were given, which injured his eyes so much its use was not further persisted in. The doctors who afterwards attended him relieved him for a time, but his disorder again returned. Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges were then administered, which brought away many worms from him. He has since grown amazingly has had a considerable accession of flesh, and is now in perfect health, nor had he any return of his former complaints, from the time he took the lozenges.

Mr. John Verk, Bowery-lane, near the Methodist Meeting-House, grateful for the benefits his family has derived from the Worm Lozenges, desires to give his public testimony in favour of this medicine. His only child was snatched from the margin of the grave, and restored to health, which has been providentially continued during a lapse of several months.

Mr. Drake Fowler, Shoemaker, near the two mile stone, Bowery-lane, states, that one of his children, aged six years, was violently afflicted with a variety of complaints, which appeared to be caused by worms. The most distressing symptoms were, restlessness at night, extreme debility, and loss of flesh; frequent convulsions in a most alarming degree, and being constantly troubled with tenesmus. To avert the melancholy prospect of dissolution, recourse was had to a variety of medicines. Pink-root, worm-seed, and some kind of worm lozenges, were successively tried. Instead of producing any salutary effect, the danger seemed to increase. The afflicted parents happily hearing of the numerous cures performed in their neighbourhord by Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, immediately administered the medicine agreeable to the printed directions. The effects produced, exceeded the most sanguine hopes of parental affection. About three months have since elapsed, and the darling (to repeat the mother's rapturous phrase) "has cheeks as red as cherries, and feels as strong as a lion." During the operation of the medicine, it is believed that upwards of a quart of maw-worms were discharged, and twenty-seven large worms, from six to eighteen inches long, were counted.

Mr. Gilbert Coutant, merchant, near the two mile stone, Bowery-Road, knowing the above and other cures, was induced to administer the Lozenges to some of his children who were in a very pining and sickly state; the symptoms being similar to those in the case last recited, need not be particularized. The medicine produced the same happy consequences.

#### FITS CAUSED BY WORMS.

The extraordinary cure my wife has experienced by the use of Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges ought to be made public for the benefit of those who may be afflicted in a similar manner: with this intention I now inform you she had been subject to severe convulsion fits upwards of twenty years. These fits were apparently brought on by trifling circumstances. A drink of cold water, or stumbling in walking has often occasioned a recurrence of a fit, and their frequency was such as to render her incapable of all business. Hamilton's Worm Lozenges becoming celebrated in my neighbourhood, were administered, and a quantity of small worms and matter were brought away, which had no doubt been the cause of her fits; she having had none since the lozenges were taken. Nearly two years have elapsed, and my wife continues free from fits, and has became very healthy. Wishing these circumstances may be serviceable in extending the knowledge of your excellent medicine. I am &cc.

JOHN SHOTWELL.

Mrs. H. LEE, widow of Richard Lee, N. York. Rahway, Aug. 27.

An Infant (aged 5 weeks) of Mr. Henry Ewbanks, taylor, Charles-street, Baltimore, was dangerously afflicted with convulsion fits, so that his life was despaired of, but was perfectly cured by one dose of Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, which expelled several worms, the undoubted cause of the child's disorder.

A sister of the above gentleman, aged 22 years, living at New-Castle, Delaware, after exhibiting for upwards of 15 months, every symptom of an increasingly dangerous consumption experienced a rapid recovery, by the use of this medicine.

#### CURES IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, May 22, 1806.

TO H. LEE.

Having, in a most singular manner, experienced in my family the astonishing efficacy of Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I feel it my duty to add the following curious case to the list of remarkable cures performed by that celebrated medicine. My daughter at the age of 17 months was taken ill with those symptoms which are supposed to denote worms; after having tried a number of things which are said to be good in such cases, without any benefit, we had the attendance of a respectable physician; but she still continued to decline in health, and at the end of six months became so weak that she could not walk, nor keep food on her stomach, it was so extremely disordered. At this interesting period, one of our neighbours recommended your Lozenges so earnestly, we were induced to send to Mr. Birch's for a box of them; on her taking the third dose, according to the printed directions, there came from her a living animal about three quarters of an inch long, and of a most frightful appearance, being very white, with a great number of legs, and something which resembled wings, by which it appeared to spring; and which it did repeatedly, to our great surprise, about the same distance that a small toad can hop on the ground. Its form was altogether unknown to every person who saw it. It lived, in water, about 18 hours. We afterwards put it in spirits, and it is now in the possession of Dr. Bleight, of this city. The child grew better from that day; in a very short period began to walk again, and is now Yours, &c. in perfect health.

WILLIAM BRADLEY,

Callow-hill street, between 8th and 9th streets.

Any person may be satisfied of the accuracy and authenticity of this singular occurrence, by making enquiry in the neighbourhood; many of the neighbours saw the creature alive, and are well acquainted with the above particular. W. B.

Philadelphia, Aug. 5, 1806.

TO H. LEE.

Some time last spring, I was afflicted with the loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever and great debility, so that I could scarcely walk. In this distressing situation, I took many things, but without benefit. An acquaintance in the country sent to me to procure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosity prompted me to read the directions, where I found my complaint exactly described by the doctor. I immediately

sent for another box of the Lozenges, and took one dose, which brought away a large quantity of worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encouraged by this I took another dose, which was attended with the happiest effects, as it relieved me entirely, and am now in a better state of health than for a considerable time past. I have since given them to my children, and can speak from experience, that they are a most valuable medicine, and am happy to add my testimony to numberless others of their efficacy.

SARAH JOHNSON, No. 140, North-Second-street.

A daughter of Mr. Ewing Wiley, No. 109, Cedar-street, Philadelphia, was dreadfully afflicted with worms, insomuch that her life was with great reason despaired of; her complexion faded and grew pale and sallow; her eyes sunken; her appetite was lost, and succeeded by a painful and constant sickness at the stomach; and the general wasting and debility was accompanied with every appearance of a dangerous fever. From this deplorable situation, she was relieved, and restored to a state of perfect health and strength in a few days, by the use of Hamilton's Worm-Destroying Lozenges, which expelled a great number of large, pointed worms, from six to nine or twelve inches in length, one of which being of a most extraordinary thickness (supposed from half an inch to an inch in diameter) was opened and found to contain a quantity of young ones. The above was communicated by Mr. Wiley, believing its perusal may be useful to many, by extending a sknowledge of a medicine which merits universal attention.

# HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

A Sovereign Remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore-Throats and approaching Consumptions.

Thousands are too well acquainted with the nature and effects of empirical medicines daily offered for the cure of the above complaints. Dear bought experence has taught them that oily and heating medicines, joined with strong opiates (or sleepy drugs,) repeated doses of which flatter and deceive the patient for the present, by procuring momentary ease: experience, I say, has taught thousands, that the common opiates and balsamics, as they are called finally aggravate every disorder of the breast and lungs, in their most distressing symptoms; that they load the stomach and impair the digestion, inflame the whole system, increase the difficulty of breathing, and excite fever. But the qualities of this valuable discavery, are evinced by perfectly opposite effects. A

single trial will prove, that it restores the determination of the fluids to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humour which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered, the reverse of common medicines which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To Parents who have Children afflicted with the Hooping Cough.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir, of a very complicated disorder occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper. He has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints; and desires to give his public testimony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

Three children, belonging to Mr. Samuel Webbet, Frontstreet, Baltimore, were dangerously ill of the Hooping Cough, the youngest so much as to afford no hope of its recovery, when a bottle of Hamilton's Elixir was procured, the good effects of which were immediately perceived, and the three children restored to health in a few days.

From Mr. John Israel, Printer, Pittsburg.

"I have no doubt but the sales will increase daily. Hamilton's Elixir is already celebrated for its virtues. For it and the lozenges there is a rapid sale."

Mr. Charles Myers, Hamstead-Hill, near Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to

the lowest state of weakness, insomuch that his recovery appeared extremely doubtful. His complaints, which seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs, and general debility, occasioned thereby, yielded little, but rather progressed, under the treatment of several eminent physicians; when by the use of Hamilton's Elixir, his distressing cough was immediately alleviated, and every other symptom rapidly subdued. Four or five bottles entirely removed his complaints, and restored him to an excellent state of health and strength, which he has for upwards of a year past, enjoyed without interruption.

# From Mr. Jacob Clayland, Centreville.

"You will receive a box by this packet, in which please send me a supply of Hamilton's Elixir, which is getting into great credit, and sells well, several here declare it is the best medicine they ever used for a cold—and I know it has cured the Hooping Cough in several children."

# From Luther Martin, Esq. late Attorney-General of the state of Maryland.

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever cold, coughs, or similar complaints, have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness, and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention

LUTHER MARTIN.

David Gilbert, No. 46 South Fourth-street, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely; that about eight months ago he caught a severe cold which resisted every remedy he could think of, and produced the most alarming effects, he could procure no rest for incessant coughing, nor breathe without great pain and difficulty, and was finally so exhausted as to be scarcely able to walk about, which left his friends little hopes of his recovery, though the prescriptions of a respectable physician were constantly attended to. In this situation, hearing of the efficacy of Hamilton's Elixir, a bottle was procured from Mr. Birch, No. 37, South Second-street; the first dose of which afforded the most surprising

relief, and gave him more ease than he had enjoyed during the whole of the above period; and before the contents of one bottle were taken, he was perfectly cured, his strength and appetite recovered, and not a symptom of his former distressing complaints remained.

The above particulars the said David Gilbert wishes to be made public, as a testimony of his gratitude and for the ben-

efit of mankind.

DAVID GILBERT.

Sworn and subscribed before me, John Jennings, alderman.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9, 1806,

TO H. LEE.

Being desirous to make public for the good of others the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it; which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these, a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician, who knew me and the circumstances of my case; advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying, he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and I found relief defore I had taken half of it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the GEO: BENNER, junior, Elixir. No. 11 Budd-street, Philadelphia.

" An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended,

# HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

Which have been attended with a degree of success, highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West-Indies, and the Southern and Middle States, particularly in New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places, can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature, speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy, founded on mere

assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience, for believing, that a dose of these pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventative; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be

used by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use, by every seaman.

Certificate of Mr. Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years, I have been in the habit of using Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever colds, head-aches, or costiveness have rendered medicine necessary; in these cases a single dose has uniformly removed my head ache, and has generally been found sufficient to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken on its first appearance. Induced by the benefit received, I have for years past recommended them to many of my friends, and I have the pleasure to inform you, they have invariably succeeded in removing the above complaints.

Yours, &c. WM. DEVENNY,
145, Cherry-st. New-York.

# HAMILTON'S GENUINE ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD.

A safe and effectual remedy for

Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Palsy, Lumbago, Numbness, White Swellings, Chilblains, Bruises, Pains in the face and neck, &c.

The experience of many ages, and the testimony of the ablest medical practitioners from an early period to the present time, agree in ascribing to Mustard very powerful and singular virtues. In every case where the necessity of attenuating and dispersing remedies are indicated, while the inflammatory state of the system forbids the use of medicines of a heating quality, mustard is eminently useful, and vastly superior to any other drug.

The Essence and Extract of Mustard, contain the whole virtues of the plant concentrated in a small compass, entirely divested of that acrimony which renders its external application so inconvenient in a crude state, likewise rejecting those inert and useless parts which compose the chief of its bulk, and render the necessary dose so large as to be extremely nauseating to the stomach, by which means every inconve-

nience is obviated in these medicines.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted both for external and

internal use.

The pills operate mildy by urine and by insensible perspiration, expelling the superfluous and morbid humours; they are highly cordial to the stomach, create appetite, assist digestion, remove flying pains, and cold or windy complaints in

the stomach and bowels.

The Essence is a wonderful assistant to the pills in Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago and Palsy, and by its peculiar, penetrating and dispersing quality, removes the most violent sprains, bruises, numbness, stiffness of the neck, joints, &c.; swelled faces, head-ache, indurated breasts, white swellings, frozen limbs, &c.; and will infallibly prevent the ill effects of wet or damp in the feet.

Some may be surprised that this medicine should be prescribed with equal success in such a variety of cases, but this suprise will cease when it is recollected, that all those complaints result from the same cause,—a slowness in the circulation of the lymph, or obstructions in the lymphatic ves-

Many persons have been much disappointed by purchasing medicines under the name of Essence of Mustard, which bear no analogy whatever to this remedy: some of these preparations are perfectly inert, others produce the most violent and dangerous effects, and ought much to be guarded against.

# CASES OF CURES.

Selected from a numerous list.

LETTERS TO THE PROPRIETOR.

From Dr. Weatherburn, Wythe County, Virginia.

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, which I believe have perfectly removed a Chronic Rheumatism (of that kind named Sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful, you are at liberty to make it public.

P. WEATHERBURN.

From Captain Dawes, Arch-Street, Philadelpia.
AS you think it will be useful, you are at liberty to publish my testimony in favor of Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

I have been about four years much afflicted with the rheumatism in my shoulders, and sometimes so violently affected, as to prevent me from moving my arms, and I was never free from severe pain in some part or other. I purchased a bottle of drops, advertised under a title similar to your medicine, but experienced the most excruciating smart from its application, which obliged me to desist. At length I was advised by Dr. Biggs, to try Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, from which I found immediate relief and by the use of three boxes and two bottles, I have recovered a state of perfect health and strength. I shall take a good supply to sea, and never be without so valuable a medicine in my possession.

I am, &c.

I. R. DAWES.

JOHN HOOVER, rope-maker, South Second-Street, between Mary and Christian-Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath, as follows, namely—that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life; notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted; when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence of Mustard, they were procured by Mr. Birch, No. 37, South Second Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn, and subscribed, the 25th day of March, 1800, before Ebenezer Ferguson, Esquire, one of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia county.

# THE SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Which although used for 20 years in Europe and for near eight years in America, has never been known to fail in any one instance. It is perfectly innocent, warranted not to contain a particle of mercury, or any pernicious ingredient, and may be used with perfect safety on an infant, being a vegetable preparation and entirely free from the offensive smell which attends most other remedies.

## HAHN'S GENUINE EYE-WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident; defluctions of rheum, dulness, itching and film on the eyes; never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small-pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

Letter from Mr. Peter Clymer, Lancaster.

Agreeable to your request I inform you of the eye-water I bought at your shop. The single bottle has quite cured my daughter's eye. We were just in time with it, as I believe she would have lost the sight of that eye very soon, as all the herbs we had used for washes, as I told you had done no good. She cannot only see as well as ever, but all the pain and swelling are gone. We are much obliged to you for the cure.

## TOOTH-ACHE DROPS.

000

The only remedy yet discovered, which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

## DR. HAMILTON'S-GRAND RESTORATIVE.

Which the inventor confidently recommends as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief, and permanent cure of

Nervous disorders, Consumptions, Lowness of Spirits; Loss of Appetite, Impurity of the Blood, Hysterical Affections, Inward Weaknesses,

Violent Cramps in the stomach and back, Indigestion, Melancholy, Gout in the stomach, Pains in the limbs, Relaxations, &c. &c.

This medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation, from those hot and irritating drugs so frequently proposed for similar purposes, which only recommended themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects, and which, acting as a temporary, but violent stimulus on the nervous system, infallibly produce greater evils than those which they

are intended to remove.

The principle operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the digestive power, and sending from that organ new health and vigour into every part of the system : it enriches and purifies the blood without stimulating too violently the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and general habit; brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The Restorative is absolutely above all commendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many temales are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful

labors, or of injudicious treatment therein.

The most distressing cases of fluor albus in females, fall particularly under the province of this restorative, speedily yield to its benign operation, and are radically cured, by correcting and purifying the acrimonious humours, restoring a proper degree of tension to the relaxed fibres, and strengthening the weakened organs.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease have brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the

most astonishing cures.

The Grand Restorative is prepared in pills, as well as in a flud form, which assists considerably in producing a gradualand lasting effect.

Their virtues remain unimpaired for years in any climate.

Letters from B-O-Esqr. Philadelphia County.

I have no kind of objection to your publishing, in any way you please, the perfect cure which Mrs. O. has received from your grand Restorative, which truly merits the title it bears. It is near's three years since my wife was first troubled with a dry hacking cough, which in a few months was attended with a purulent expectoration; her digestion became bad, with very little appetite; she suffered much from a straitness and oppression of the breast. Her nervous system at last sunk to an extreme degree of weakness, so that her mind was often preyed upon by strange anxieties and apprehensions, without any apparent cause, which generally prevailed in heavy moist weather. During most of the above period, her complaints were highly aggravated by peculiar temale weaknesses. Her situation was deplorable indeed, and my distressed family suffered much by her illness. When we met with your advertisement in a Carlisle paper, which accidently fell into my hands, she was growing completely tired of the apothecaries neuseous drugs, and with great reason, as she was not in the least relieved by them. restorative was immediately procured, and before she had taken one bottle, her appetite improved, her cough almost entirely ceased, and a perseverance in its use for about four months, has done what I believed was beyond the power of medicine. She still keeps the Restorative at hand, and occasionally takes a dose as a nourishing and pleasant cordial, With our sincere acknowledgements, I am, &c.

Many similar cases might be cited did not the delicacy ge-

nerally presumed on, forbid.

# THE ANODYNE ELIXIR. For the cure of all kinds of Head-Ache,

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Thousands can testify of their being cured by these Drops, after the bark and every other medicine have proved ineffectual; and not one in a hundred has had occasion to take

more than one, and numbers not half a br-ttle.

These drops are particularly recommended to the inhabitants of low, marshy countries, where the worst sort of agues generally prevail; which, unless early attended to, and speedily removed, injure the constitution exceedingly, and bring on dropsies, putrid fevers, and a variety of complaints of the most dangerous and alarming nature. Many other medicines are daily offered to the public for the cure of this disorder, which, upon trial, have been found either dangerous or useless. The bark is the usual remedy made use of, but being a very nauseous medicine, and seldom taken in sufficient quantity, it very often fails; and children, and those who have weak stomachs, are frequently lost for want of a more easy and pleasant remedy.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Henry C. Soper.

Kent County, Delaware.

"I have given the ague drops to a number of patients this Fall, and with constant success. In some obstinate cases, they acted like a charm; the disease yielding in a day or two to this remedy, after resisting the barks for months, tho' they had been thrown in, in the largest doses."

From Dr. J. Spangler, Yorktown, Pennsylvania.

"I can, at any moment, if you think proper, to advertise them, procure the certificates of very respectable persons in this place and its vicinity, of the efficacy of the ague drops and worm lozenges, the latter very effectual as a vermifuge, and successfully used in diarhoea and dysentery, complaints, which have been very prevalent here."

From Mr. Gideon White, Annapolis.

"I have sold many of the ague and fever drops, to people in the country, and have not known any to fail curing—the lozenges have sold very well lately—I hear of several cures, such as bringing worms from children, and doing much good to persons of a hilions habit."

From Mr. Robert Mercer, printer, Fredericksburg.

"The ague drops have cured in every case I have heard of, and the demand increases, as the ague and fever prevail very much here every fall. Some interested doctors have done all in their power to depreciate their value, pretending they do not act mildly; but the people will not easily believe what so obviously contradicts their senses.—I know young children who have taken it, and no other effect was perceived but the ceasing of the disorder."

## From the Cartisle Gazette.

The following certificates were voluntarily offered in favor of this medicine.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I hereby certify, that on the fifth day of July last, I was taken ill of the ague and fever, and a short time after two children in my house became sick of the same complaint; hearing of the ague drops advertised in the Carlisle Gazette, I purchased a bottle from Mr. Dawson, by the use of a small

part of which, my ague ceased for some time—the said bottle of drops stopped the ague on the two children—and had we made use of a sufficient quantity of the drops, I believe a perfect cure would have been effected.

I found them innocent and safe, as taken according to the printed directions. GEORGE CROCKET.

I certify, that my wife was a short time since attacked by the Ague and fever, and on being informed of the cures performed by the Ague Drops sold by Mr Dawson, I purchased from him a bottle, by the use of which she soon recovered. I also affirm, that they operated mildly and produced no disagreeable symptoms.

REUBEN LEW IS.

I have made use of your ague drops They have operated mildly, and, according to my wishes, have performed a cure on me, without producing any inconvenience. I think them a safe and excellent medicine, and would have recourse to them again as a cure for the ague in preference to any other medicine.

JOHN RUSSEL.

# THE RESTORATIVE POWDER FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

- CP 430

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure, and finally ruin them.

# THE DAMASK LIP SALVE.

Is recommended, (particularly to the ladies) as an elegant and pleasant preparation for chopped and sore lips, and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by colds, fevers, &c. speedily restoring a beautiful rosy colour, and delicate softness to the lips.

# THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, and perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalelled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, scurfs, tetters, ring-worms, sun-burns. &c. rendering the skin delicately soft and clear; improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth.

CURES.

Miss R. requests Messrs. Lee & co. to send her two bottles of the Persian Lotion by this packet. The bottle she before puschased has been very useful in removing an unpleasant eruption and inflammation on the face. She will recommend it as it merits.

Mr. P. B. in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, was cured by one bottle of the Persian Lotion of a dangerous and inveterate ring-worm, which spread rapidly on his left arm and hand. This excellent preparation immediately stopped its progress, and in a short time no remains of it were seen. Two or three gentle laxatives were advised during its use.

HAHN's true and genuine GERMAN CORN PLAISTER.

A certain remedy for corns, speedily removing them, root and branch without giving pain.

wholesale and retail by the SOLE PROPRIETOR, HAN-NAH LEE, Widow and Administratrix of Richard Lee, degeased, Medicinal Warehouse, No. 56 Maiden-Lane, New-York.

NOTE. - The medicines prepared by H. Lee, have been in high estimation and general use throughout the United

States, for upwards of 12 years.

It is no inconsiderable evidence of their utility, that during the above period. numerous imitations of every article (the productions of ignorance and inexperience, urged by envy and henury) have intruded on the public, seen a day, and then perished. Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the "tomb of the Capulets," while our remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of well earned celebrity. For these reasons the proprietor earnestly requests the public to apply only to those persons appointed and hublicly advertised as venders of her medicines, and likewise to observe that an engraved label with the signature of Hannah Les, is pasted on the outside of each, without which they are counterfeit.

Largin & Thompson, Printers, 5 Burling-slip. W71806