

Facts in relation to important cures effected by the use of Sands' sarsaparilla.

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183 Euston Road
London NW1 2BE UK
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722
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FACTS

IN RELATION TO

IMPORTANT CURES

EFFECTED BY THE USE OF

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.



"Seize upon truth where'er 'tis found,
Among your friends, among your foes,
On Christian or on heathen ground—
The flower's divine where'er it grows."
Neglect the *prickle* and assume the *rose*."

SMITH & FOWLE,

138 *Washington-street*.

AGENTS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

PUBLISHED BY

ABRAHAM B. SANDS & CO.,

CHEMISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

Granite Buildings,

273 BROADWAY, CORNER CHAMBERS-STREET,
NEW YORK.

ABRAHAM B. SANDS & Co.,

CHEMISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

GRANITE BUILDINGS,

273 BROADWAY, CORNER OF CHAMBERS STREET,

NEW YORK,

Have constantly on hand a choice assortment of MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PERFUMES, BRUSHES, FANCY ARTICLES, MEDICINE CHESTS, &c., &c., &c.

Among their assortment will be found every variety of new Chemicals and Preparations, approved and used by Physicians, new Perfumes, Fresh Drugs, &c. Also a constant supply of fresh and healthy Swedish and German Leeches.

SYRUPS FOR SODA WATER.

Also constantly for sale, of their own manufacture, a large variety of the choicest Fruit Syrups for Soda Water, at lowest market prices. Among them are

STRAWBERRY SYRUP,

SARSAPARILLA SYRUP,

RASPBERRY Do.

ORGEAT Do.

BLACKBERRY Do.

LEMON Do.

CURRENT Do.

GINGER Do.

PINE-APPLE SYRUP.

SARATOGA WATERS.

A constant supply received fresh from the different springs at Saratoga, viz:

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always on hand, and delivered in any part of the city free of expense.

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FACTS

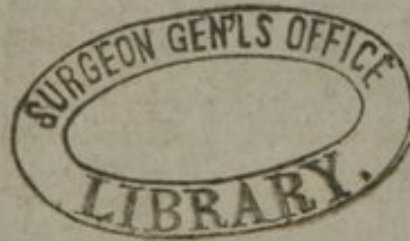
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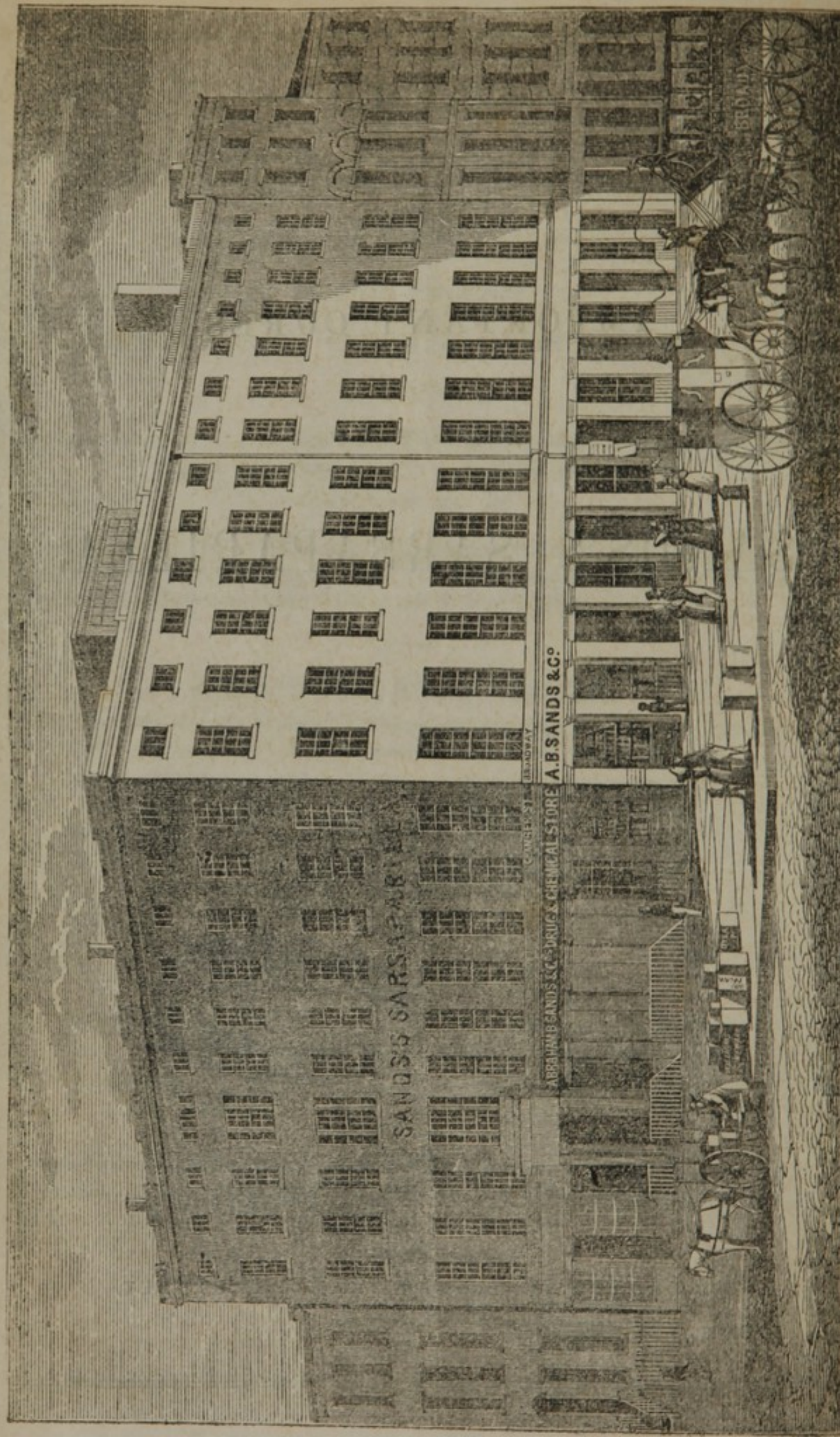


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SANDS'S SARGAPARILLA

A. B. SANDS & CO.

ABRAHAM SANDS & CO. DRUGS & CHEMICAL STORE

PRELIMINARY OBSERVATIONS.

"The proper study of mankind is man."—POPE.

MAN is a compound being, possessing powers conferred on no other part of the creation. Through the medium of his intellectual faculties he holds communion with the immaterial world, and by the means of his animal nature he is connected with surrounding objects of time and sense. It is by a just equilibrium, a proper balance between the two, that the mind becomes fully developed, health permanently established, and man made capable of filling the high aim and destiny intended by his Creator.

The human frame may properly be compared to a musical instrument, possessing peculiar powers, all systematically arranged, and executing various movements or pieces; and LIFE is the music produced by this combination, or the result of such harmonious action. So long as the *machine* is regularly wound up by a constant supply of proper nutrition, (which is pure blood,) so long will the music continue; but when the source becomes impure, this wonderful instrument will shortly cease its movements, and it is found that life is simply the sum of the functions that resist death. In tracing the history of medical science, and particularly that branch denominated *Materia Medica*, we shall find that its progress has been slow and gradual towards its present advanced position. In the early periods of the world, the science of medicine was confined entirely to Priests, who kept the art concealed beneath a veil of mystery; but as knowledge increased, it became a distinct study and profession, and then the most eminent physicians had their own peculiar remedies, often called after them, and the knowledge being confined to themselves, they rose in eminence and fame. The most common drugs, which are now found in almost every family, were in the hands of some distinguished leader, and by him alone dispensed, not more than a century since. In the progress of the history of remedies, the careful observer of nature will occasionally be able to make a discovery or improvement, which is the result of observation, analogy, and experiment. Thus it was by observation Newton was led to discover the refractive powers of different substances; and by analogy and experiment it was proved that *simple water* is a compound substance, consisting of hydrogen and oxygen gases. Astronomy furnishes another illustration equally clear and interesting; but as the phenomena of life are complicated in their nature, the same accurate results cannot always be attained.

The system at one time is more susceptible of being influenced than at others. Thus the sensible operation of a stimulant upon the animal fibre is not in the ratio of its impulse, but depends upon the degree of excitement or vital susceptibility of the individual to whom it is applied. A familiar illustration is furnished of the truth of this observation by placing one hand into a basin of hot, and the other into one of cold water. After this, combine the contents of each vessel, and replace the hands in the vessel. The sensation of heat and cold will be felt from one and the same medium. The hand that had previously been immersed in the hot water will feel cold, while that which had been placed in the cold will feel warm. From these simple tests and self-evident truths we arrive at the following important conclusions, viz.: that he who is governed by preconceived notions may be properly compared to a person viewing surrounding objects through the medium of colored glasses—each assuming a tinge corresponding with that of the glass made use of. When the mind is open to conviction, truth can always enter; and the result of deliberate investigation is often as pleasing as it was unexpected. It is thus by careful and close observation, by analogy and deliberate experiment performed through a series of years, the proprietors of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA have been successful in preparing an article possessing in itself a powerful and controlling influence over various diseases, and so great are its curative powers proved to be, as to win for itself an enduring name, "that envy's pen, though dipped in gall, can never tarnish."

Sarsaparilla has long been a favorite remedy in the treatment and cure of various chronic constitutional diseases, having been introduced into Europe in the year 1530. But the value of no other article in the *Materia Medica*, that at one time held so high a rank, has at others been placed so low; the cause of which is chiefly owing to the great

variation in the manner of its preparation, and want of care in selecting the proper article. A distinguished medical writer, who resided many years in the section of country which produces the best quality of Sarsaparilla, truly observes, "of six or eight species of the root which I found growing in the woods, I never found but *one* to manifest to the taste any of the sensible properties of the genuine medical Sarsaparilla, the rest being insipid, and nearly inert." As the medical profession do not act as their own pharmacutists, but rely on the skill of the apothecary for preparing and compounding different formulæ, it is a matter of the utmost importance that there should be a correct standard preparation of Sarsaparilla, on which the "faculty," and public generally, can rely with implicit confidence. Such is the article now offered. It combines the *Utile cum Dulce*, and in numerous instances has given speedy relief and made a perfect cure when the patient was fast verging to the grave, as the accompanying documents substantiate in the most ample manner. They speak for themselves.

One of the proprietors being a physician, knows from experience the necessity there exists for a preparation of Sarsaparilla that can be depended upon, and having paid particular attention to the best method of preparation, confidently recommends the present article to medical men in all cases where Sarsaparilla is applicable.

This article was first introduced in the year 1835, and certificates of its efficacy will be found on page 17, from persons who remain perfectly cured to this day, (June, 1843.) Since that time various modes have been adopted to concentrate in the most efficient form all the medicinal value of the root, and this most desirable result has been at last triumphantly accomplished by means of an entirely new, ingenious, and costly apparatus. The Sarsaparilla is combined with other articles selected wholly from the vegetable kingdom, all of which are the most powerful purifiers of the blood; and these are concentrated into a fluid extract of great power. The patient, therefore, who uses this preparation, has all combined that can be useful for the removal of his complaint.

The numerous objections to different forms in which Sarsaparilla has been heretofore prescribed are well founded. The quantity of sugar contained in the syrup will in most instances nauseate and surfeit the stomach, if a sufficient dose be taken to be of any benefit. The decoction and infusion being so liable to spoil, combined with the difficulty of preparation, render them both comparatively useless and inert; hence the superior value and efficacy of the article now under consideration.

In addition to the other advantages of this preparation, it will be found exceedingly palatable, so that even to a child it may be readily administered, and to the most delicate person it may be given, without offending or disagreeing with the stomach.

As the addition of mineral poisons is frequently objected to, this preparation is guaranteed entirely free from anything of that nature, leaving it to the judgment of the physician or patient to make such additions, and in such quantities, as the case may require. SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA is adapted to all the various cases where the medicinal virtues of the root are required, and in order to derive the full advantages of the preparation, it is recommended to pay regard to the diet, avoiding salt food, high-seasoned meats, and stimulating drinks, and to keep the bowels regular.

The Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted for the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system, namely: *Scrofula, or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm, or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites, or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life.* Also, *Chronic Constitutional Disorders* will be removed by this Preparation. Its timely administration has been attended with the happiest results in many anomalous affections; but it is chiefly intended to fill the void which exists between cathartic and aperient medicines; hence its *modus operandi* is that of an alterative directly, —indirectly proving a lasting tonic to the system. Diseases of the osseous and glandular system, also of the joints and ligaments, are safely and certainly cured by its use, as the peculiarity of its operation consists in removing the germ or cause of disease, and the health of the patient is speedily restored.

In many cases of diseases of the skin, an external application is also necessary. In such it is recommended to use SANDS'S REMEDY FOR SALT RHEUM, which, together with the use of the Sarsaparilla internally, cannot fail to cure and eradicate the disease.

Can we for a moment look upon our wide-spread land, and behold the fearful amount of suffering and disease that exists, without a feeling of painful sympathy arising in our hearts, accompanied with a desire of bestowing relief if we possessed the power? No, we cannot; the human heart goes forth to meet its fellow, and extend to him the hand of sympathy, if nothing more. This may soothe, but it will not cure. He still feels himself an object that is loathed,—he still feels himself a cripple; the anguish still lingers around his pillow. Those at all familiar with the history of diseases, cannot help being struck with the rapid increase of that peculiar range of diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system;—diseases of the cellular, mucous, and other tissues; also of the osseous and glandular system, Scrofula, Cancerous Ulcers, and Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Chronic Sore Eyes, and Diseases of the Bones. The chief cause of their increase is owing to their being hereditary, running through whole families, and spreading destruction along their path.

But for all these ills a new medicine has dawned upon the world; and in offering to the public this new preparation, which has for its object the relief of suffering humanity, it becomes necessary to state upon what grounds it puts forth its merits, and the reasons upon which it founds its superior claims to the attention of the afflicted, that all who require its use may repose full confidence in its restorative virtues.

The proprietors, during the many years they have been engaged in preparing it, have had the pleasure of witnessing its happy results in numerous instances; but they were determined not to offer it to the world in its present improved form until they had become thoroughly convinced of its efficacy. They have now succeeded in preparing a medicine whose restorative virtues are without a parallel in the history of medicine, which fact is fully substantiated by the numerous testimonials of cures of the most difficult kinds of disease.

This medicine is prepared for the benefit of all suffering mankind, both rich and poor, and to the indigent poor it will be given without money and without price, by bringing a certificate of their need from the pastor, the magistrate, or the alderman of their ward, town, or parish. And now let the testimony of suffering humanity, which is gathering round it thick and fast, bear witness of its merits; by its virtues the afflicted are healed, the leprous are cleansed, and the lame walk. What it has done once, it will do again, and by its use the world will be relieved of a vast amount of suffering and disease.

It is the intention of the proprietors to introduce it into the hospitals, the alms-houses, and all public institutions, wherever enlightened reason may be inclined to receive it, having for their object the sufferers' relief. And to the American public the proprietors would say, let that medicine which is destined to bring health and healing on its wings to its thousands and its tens of thousands, receive your favorable consideration—let all philanthropists sustain an article which has for its object relief to both rich and poor. As long as the medicine produces the desired result for which it is administered—and this has been proved again and again—is it not sufficient to all to administer it in cases where its benign influence may shed relief and happiness around the pillow of suffering and pain?

Every facility will be given to physicians to satisfy themselves of the safety and certainty of prescribing our Sarsaparilla:—*by its fruits a tree is known.*

We shall now proceed to lay before our readers, a few only of the important cures effected by the use of this medicine. Hundreds of others might be adduced, did our limits permit. The proprietors here avail themselves of the opportunity of saying it is a source of constant satisfaction that they are made the means of relieving such an amount of suffering. The medicine does not profess to be a specific, but those diseases for which it is particularly intended are named on the accompanying envelope—with full printed directions for use. The superior efficacy of this preparation to any extemporaneous prescription intended for the same purpose, can readily be ascertained by a comparison of their results.

New York, August 3, 1842.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Under a feeling sense of gratitude inherent to us all when suddenly relieved from suffering and disease, I now, as an act of justice due to you, and with a view of relieving the afflicted, make known to the world the inestimable benefit I have received from the use of your Sarsaparilla. In the year 1832 I sailed from England in a vessel bound for Quebec, and while on the passage, first discovered the disease which after proved to be a sore affliction; and truly I can say, "from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot there was no soundness in me." From the time first mentioned down until the present, a period of more than ten years, I have suffered all that human nature

was capable of bearing. I have been under the care of the most distinguished physicians, both in this country and in England, visited Bath, Cheltenham, Bristol, and Gloucester, tried various specifics, among others a large quantity of Swaim's Panacea, used sulphur baths, &c., &c. As a last resort I was induced to wrap myself in tar ointment, keep myself secluded, shunned by all, myself also shunning. I was induced to believe my case a hopeless one.

In August last, by the advice of friends, I went to the New York City Hospital, but was there told that my case was incurable. The disease now enveloped my whole body, rendering me almost helpless; the skin thickened and cracked, and blood and matter ran, and life itself became almost a burden. A few weeks since I was induced to use your Sarsaparilla by hearing it so highly recommended, having spent nearly \$3,000 without obtaining but little relief. After using it a short time, I found myself better, and now, by using six or eight bottles, costing me less than ten dollars, I am well. Yes, I certify and declare to the world, that after spending near \$3,000 in travelling and doctoring, and suffering more than can be told, I was perfectly cured by using your invaluable preparation of Sarsaparilla; and I now recommend it to all similarly afflicted. Those wishing to know further particulars will find me at my residence, No. 27 Warren-street, New York, where I shall be happy to communicate any thing in relation to the above cure.

PAUL BURDOCK.

ITS OWN WORKS PROCLAIM IT.—Let the following speak for itself:

New York, August 16, 1842.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Owing to you a debt which money cannot pay, I am induced to make a public acknowledgment of the benefit I have derived from your (to me) invaluable preparation of Sarsaparilla. I was sorely afflicted with a terrible scrofulous disease, hereditary in our family, which commenced on my neck, and continuing to spread, soon reached my ears, running into my head, and extending all over my face, neck, arms, and lower extremities. I became a disgusting object to look upon. At times my distress was so great that I was unable to sleep or lay down, and the disease extending into my ears, seriously affected my hearing. My face was one continuous sore, from which a discharge of matter and water kept continually oozing out. People avoided me, supposing I had the small-pox, or some other infectious disease, and I was consequently obliged to relinquish my business. Notwithstanding I had the best medical advice, and tried different plans of treatment, the disease continued to grow worse, until I gave up in despair. Fortunately for me, I chanced to fall in with a lady on board a railroad car, while travelling for my health, who informed me that her son was at one time in as bad a condition as I was, and that by using your Sarsaparilla he was speedily cured. I immediately procured the article and commenced using it, and now, after having used less than six bottles, I am well and able to attend to my business. I send you this statement as an act of justice, only hoping that it may induce the afflicted to make use of the right medicine, and thereby save them much suffering and expense. Those wishing to learn further particulars concerning my case, will find me at 207 Greenwich-street, where it will afford me great pleasure to communicate any thing in relation to the above.

I am, with gratitude, yours, &c. AMOS DENMAN.

The following notices are but a few selected from numerous others of the same character all bearing ample and willing testimony to the true value and efficacy of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. Various journals throughout the length and breadth of our land have spoken in the highest terms of its merits, and many speak from personal knowledge, as will be seen by the accompanying notices.

From the Bay State Democrat, November, 1842.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—A particular friend of ours who for years has suffered under the affliction of Salt-rheum, lack of appetite, &c., &c., accompanied with swelling and eruption of the hands and feet, informs us, that after using a few bottles of the above medicine, he found great relief, and continued its use, hoping thereby to render himself more comfortable, though by no means expecting an entire cure, having long followed the advice of eminent physicians without effect. But to his astonishment, he assures us, he finds that he is now almost entirely recovered, that his appetite is excellent, and his sleep quiet and refreshing; a comfort which he has not enjoyed before for years.

From the New York Tribune, Dec. 1842.

To relieve suffering has been the object of the philanthropist in every age of the world. Previous to the time that medicine was reduced to a science, the sick were placed in public situations, and it was made the duty of every passer-by to name what he considered was most applicable to the case.

The same practice is to a certain extent continued now. Our readers will be much interested in perusing an advertisement of the Messrs. Sands in another part of the paper, addressed "To the American Public." Statements endorsed by such persons as the Very Rev. John Power, the late Rt. Rev. Bishop Dubois, Sr. Elizabeth, (Superior of the Orphan Asylum,) Ald. Purdy, and others, are entitled to the fullest confidence of the whole community.

We can confidently state that Sands' Sarsaparilla is of more value to the public than a mine of gold. The passer-by in the present day has but to recommend to his afflicted brother the use of this invaluable medicine. In a very large majority of cases it is all that is required, and for scrofula, rheumatism, and kindred diseases, it acts like a charm.

The attention of the reader is respectfully called to the following case of scrofula as narrated by the patient herself. The language used is but a repetition in substance of letters almost daily received by the proprietors.

Newark, New Jersey, December 13, 1842.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Words cannot express the gratitude I feel for your treatment to me, a stranger suffering under one of the most loathsome diseases that nature is capable of bearing. The disease with which I was afflicted commenced with inflammation of the eyes, in the year 1836, which caused almost total blindness. For this I was treated and finally relieved, but the remedies were such as to cause the development of a scrofulous affection on my left arm near the elbow.

The pain extended from the shoulder to the end of my fingers, and for two years my sufferings were beyond description. I tried various remedies and consulted different physicians in New York, and among them the late Dr. Bushe, who told me the disease of the arm was caused by the large quantity of mercury taken to cure the inflammation of my eyes.

My sufferings continued, the arm enlarged, tumors formed in different places, and in a few months discharged, making ten running ulcers at one time, some above and some below the elbow, and the discharge was so offensive that no person could bear to be in the room where I was. I then applied to another distinguished physician who told me amputation of the arm was the only thing that could save my life, as it was impossible to cure so dreadful a disease; but as I was unwilling to consent to it he recommended me to use Swaim's Panacea freely, which I did without deriving but little benefit. For three years I was unable to raise my hand to my head or comb my hair, and the scrofula now made its appearance on my head, destroying the bone in different places, causing extensive ulcerations, and I feared it might reach and destroy the brain—the head swelled very much, accompanied with violent pain: numerous external remedies were recommended, but they did no good.—About a year since I was taken severely ill with a swelling of the body from head to foot, so that I was entirely helpless, the doctor advised me to go to the hospital, for he did not understand my case; for the last few months I had been afflicted with a severe pain in both sides, at times so hard I could scarcely get my breath. A hacking cough constantly annoyed me, and this, combined with my other maladies, rendered me truly miserable. Such, gentlemen, had been my situation for seven years of my life when I commenced the use of your Sarsaparilla, but as my case was considered hopeless, and the near prospect of a speedy dissolution seemed inevitable, I felt but little encouragement to persevere. The persuasion of friends induced me to try your medicine, which in a few days produced a great change in my system generally, by causing an appetite, relieving the pains, and giving me strength. As success inspires confidence, I was encouraged to persevere; my pains grew easier, my strength returned, food relished, the ulcers healed, new flesh formed, and I once more felt within me that I might get well. I have now used the Sarsaparilla about two months, and am like a different being. The arm that *was to be amputated* has entirely healed, a thing that seemed impossible. I can scarcely believe the evidence of my own eyes, but such is the fact; and it is now as useful as at any period of my life, and my general health is better than it has been for years past.

Health; what magic in the word! how many thousands have sought it in foreign lands

and sunny climes, and have sought in vain! Yet it came to me when I had given up to die, and as I feel the pulsations of health coursing through my veins, my whole heart and soul go forth in fervent gratitude to the author of all our sure mercies, that he has been graciously pleased to bless the means made use of. Truly have you proved yourself the good Samaritan to the afflicted, for next to my Creator, my life is indebted to you (or rather) the use of your invaluable Sarsaparilla. The value of such a medicine is countless beyond price, money cannot pay for it. I have been raised from death, I may say, for my friends and myself thought it impossible I could recover. And now, gentlemen, suffer me to add another proof, certified too by my friends and guardians as a just acknowledgement of the virtues of your health-restoring Sarsaparilla. That the afflicted may also use it and enjoy the benefits it alone can confer, is the heart-felt, fervent wish of their and your friend,

MARTHA CONLIN.

I know Martha Conlin, and believe what she states in this document to be perfectly true.

JOHN POWER,

Vicar General of New York, Rector of St. Peter's Church.

Given at New York, this 14th day of December, 1842.

I know Martha Conlin, and have known of her suffering illness.

† JOHN DUBOIS, Bishop of New York.

I place full confidence in the statement made by Martha Conlin, having known her the past twenty years. I will cheerfully give any particulars in relation to her case to those who may wish further information.

Sr. ELIZABETH,

Superior of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Prince-street, New York.

December 14, 1842.

I have confidence in the representations made by Martha Conlin, and have full knowledge of her case.

ELIJAH F. PURDY,

Alderman of the 10th Ward, of the City of New York.

December 14, 1842.

Martha Conlin has lived in my family the last 13 years, and I hereby certify the foregoing statement made by herself is correct.

MRS. MARY B. LLOYD,

No. 604 Broad-street, Newark, New Jersey.

From the N. Y. Evening Tattler, December 23, 1842.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to an advertisement in another column, of this preparation, containing some most important cures effected by it. The particulars of one of the cures we observe are known to and endorsed by the Very Rev. Dr. John Power, the late Right Rev. John Dubois, Sr. Elizabeth, (Superior of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Prince-street,) to whom reference for further particulars is permitted to be made,) and Elijah F. Purdy, Alderman of the 10th Ward. Such facts, and such cures, must have the effect of entitling it to the fullest confidence of every man, woman, and child, in our whole community, and these cures, too, are only instances of what it has done for others, some of which we have personally witnessed, and heard it repeated from their own lips.

Copy of a letter received from Mrs. Asenath M. Philips, of Norwich, Conn., after she had been using the medicine about eight days. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary.

Norwich, October 25, 1842.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—It is with the greatest pleasure and a heart overflowing with gratitude I sit down to address you, to inform you of my health, which is rapidly improving every day. Those tormenting pains in my limbs, which have followed me for nineteen years and six months, which were taking my life by inches, tortured and racked to that degree I could not sleep any more than a person wrapped in embers, or with some living creature biting the flesh. Not one single night have I slept all night during the whole of that time; and, wonderful to tell, on the 26th of October I went to bed at ten o'clock, and slept sweet sleep till morning, and have continued to ever since, which is five nights—the best sleep I ever enjoyed in my life. The sores on my limbs are growing smaller, and on one side there appears to be new flesh growing. The water is going off by degrees from my head to my feet. It is about two days since it reached my feet, so

as to leave wrinkles on the skin. Nothing ever before reached my case until I tried your Sarsaparilla. If I continue to take it until the water is all removed from my feet and ankles, I will get well. I want you to send me some more by the next boat, by Mr. Willcox. Can I find words to tell you how much I am indebted to you? No, I cannot. When physicians failed to help, and friends gave me up to die, it seemed that the Lord put it into the heart of strangers to find out a remedy and send it to me before the lamp went out. The Scripture saith, "He that hath pity upon the poor lendeth unto the Lord, and that which he hath given will he pay him again."

I must close my letter by subscribing myself your friend,

ASENATH M. PHILLIPS.

The following letter was received from Mrs. Phillips about three weeks after the above. It addresses itself to the afflicted in a language the afflicted can well understand.

Messrs. A. B. Sands & Co.: Sirs—Most gratefully do I embrace this opportunity for stating to you the great relief I obtained from the use of your Sarsaparilla. I shall also be happy, through you, to publish to all who are afflicted, as I lately was, the account of my unexpected and for a long while despaired of cure. Mine is a painful story; and trying and sickening as is the narrative of it, for the sake of many who may be so surely relieved, I will briefly yet accurately state it.

Nineteen years ago last April, a fit of sickness left me with an erysipelas eruption. Dropsical collections immediately took place over the entire surface of my body, causing such an enlargement that it was necessary to add a half yard to the size of my dresses around the waist. Next followed, upon my limbs, ulcers, painful beyond description. For years, both in summer and winter, the only mitigation of my sufferings was found in pouring upon those parts cold water. From my limbs the pain extended over my whole body. There was literally for me no rest by day or by night. Upon lying down, these pains would shoot through my system, and compel me to arise, and, for hours together, walk the house, so that I was almost entirely deprived of sleep. During this time, the erysipelas continued active, and the ulcers enlarged, and so deeply have these eaten that for two and a half years they have been subject to bleeding. During these almost twenty years I have consulted many physicians. These have called my disease—as it was attended with an obstinate cough and a steady and active pain in my side—a dropsical consumption; and, though they have been skilful practitioners, they were only able to afford my case a partial and temporary relief. I had many other difficulties too complicated to describe. I have also used many of the medicines that have been recommended as infallible cures for this disease, yet these all failed, and I was emphatically growing worse. In this critical condition, given up by friends, and expecting for myself relief only in death, I was, by the timely interposition of a kind Providence, furnished with your, to me, invaluable Sarsaparilla. A single bottle gave me an assurance of health, which for twenty years I had not once felt. Upon taking the second my enlargement diminished, and in twelve days from the eighth of October, when I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, I was able to enjoy rest and sleep by night, as refreshing as any I ever enjoyed when in perfect health. Besides I was, in this short time, relieved from all those excruciating and unalleviated pains that had afflicted my days, as well as robbed me of my nights' repose. The ulcers upon my limbs are healed, the erysipelas cured, and my size reduced nearly to my former measure.

Thus much do I feel it a privilege to testify to the efficacy of your health-restoring Sarsaparilla. A thousand thanks, sirs, from one whose comfort and whose hope of future health are due, under God, to your instrumentality. And may the same Providence that directed me to your aid, make you the happy and honored instruments of blessing others as diseased and despairing as your much relieved and very grateful friend,

Norwich, November, 1842.

ASENATH M. PHILLIPS.

New London county, ss.

Personally appeared, the above-named Asenath M. Phillips, and made oath of the facts contained in the foregoing statement before me,

RUFUS W. MATHEWSON, Justice of the Peace.

Being personally acquainted with Mrs. Phillips, I certify that the above asserted facts are substantially true.

WILLIAM H. RICHARDS,

Minister of the Gospel at Norwich, Conn.

From the Norwich Courier, Nov. 18, 1842.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—The rapid sale of this article in this community is a pretty significant comment upon its virtues as a medicine. The agent for this city is constantly receiving testimonials of the almost incredible cures it is daily effecting in cases where every other medicine has utterly failed. The case of Mrs. A. M. Phillips, mentioned in another column, is well known to many of our citizens, and wherever known is justly regarded as one of a most surprising character. A boy or young man at Jewett City, also, who has been for a long time afflicted with a loathsome excrescence upon his face, and has been under treatment at the hospital of celebrated physicians in Boston, without finding any relief, is now rapidly improving under the use of this powerful article. Many other cases might be added, but it is unnecessary. The medicine has been tested, and is recommended by several physicians in this vicinity, who use it in their practice.

From the Norwich Aurora, Dec. 7, 1841.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—We are daily receiving testimonials of the wonderful effects of this powerful vegetable composition in almost every town in this vicinity. Cases have occurred of long standing complaints, which have resisted all the popular medicines of the day, yielding immediately to its curative powers. We have heard of a case in Colchester, of a young man who has been confined to his house for a year with ulcers, &c., upon his limbs; a lady in Canterbury in a decline; and also the remarkable case of Mrs. A. M. Phillips at the Falls, which is known to many of our citizens. These are sufficient, saying nothing of hundreds of others in this vicinity, to establish its wonderful effects.

The following certificate is from a gentleman who lost nearly the whole of his nose from a severe Scrofulous affection.

[The subjoined cut represents the deformity as nearly as can be portrayed.]



Brooklyn, Nov. 25, 1842.

Messrs. Sands: Gent.—Although I am disfigured and deformed for life, I have not lost my recollection; and never, while I exist, shall I cease to feel grateful for benefits conferred through the use of your invaluable Sarsaparilla. I was attacked in the year 1828 with a scrofulous affection on the end of my nose; the left nostril was first destroyed, and continuing upwards, it crossed the bridge, and seized upon the right cartilage, bone, and surrounding parts, until finally the passages for conveying tears from the eyes to the nose were obliterated, which caused a continual flow of tears. The disease now seized upon the upper lip, extending to the right cheek, and my feelings and sufferings were such as can be better imagined than described. I am a native of Nottingham, in England, and my case is well known there. The first physicians in the kingdom prescribed for me, but with little benefit. At one time I was directed to take sixty-three drops of the tincture of

iodine three times a day, which I continued for six months in succession. At another time I applied oil of vitriol to the parts. After this, I used a prescription of Sir Astley Cooper's, but all proved in vain. I continued to grow worse, and as a drowning man will catch at a straw, I used every remedy I could hear of, that was considered applicable to my case, until I became disgusted with the treatment, and relinquished all hope of getting well.

Many pronounced the disease a cancer, but Dr. —, under whose treatment I was, considered it Scrofulous Lupus, and this is the name given it by medical men. As a last resort I was recommended to try a change of air and an Atlantic voyage, and in April last I sailed for America, and arrived here in the month of May. The disease con-

tinued gradually to increase, extending upwards and backwards; having destroyed the entire nose, and fast verging towards the frontal bone, it seized upon the upper jaw and surrounding parts.

While crossing on the ferry-boat from Brooklyn to New York, a gentleman was attracted by my appearance, and thus accosted me: "My friend, have you used the Sarsaparilla?" "Yes," replied I; "various kinds, and every thing else I could hear of." "But," said he, "I mean Sands's Sarsaparilla?" "No," replied I. "Then use it, for I believe it will cure you." Being thus addressed by a stranger, I was induced to make trial of a medicine so highly recommended.

I purchased one bottle which gave some relief, and, wonderful to tell, after using your Sarsaparilla less than two months, I feel within me well; and under the blessing of Divine Providence, I attribute the result entirely to the use of your Sarsaparilla. With a desire that the afflicted may no longer delay, but use the right medicine and be cured, I remain, with feelings of lasting gratitude, your friend,

THOMAS LLOYD, Pearl street.

State of New York, }

City of Brooklyn. }

On this 25th day of November, 1842, before me came Thomas Lloyd, and acknowledged the truth of the foregoing paper, and that he executed the same.

HENRY MURPHY, Mayor of the city of Brooklyn.

From the Long Island Farmer.

Facts are stubborn things, and cannot be put down by the cry of "humbug." We are not over credulous, but what we see and are witness to, we must believe. A few days since, we saw a Mr. Thomas Lloyd, of Brooklyn, who had suffered under disease of a scrofulous nature for a long time. The nose had been destroyed, glands of the throat indurated, and his face disfigured by disgusting sores. His general health was seriously impaired by the inroads of a disease pronounced by his physicians to be incurable. He informed me that he had just completed his eighth bottle of Sands's Sarsaparilla; and how great the change! the sores on his face completely healed, the glands of the neck softened, and his general health improving, so much so that, to use his own expression, "I feel new life in me," is significant of the change. Mr. Lloyd is well known in Brooklyn, and can be seen any day by persons desirous of witnessing the astonishing effects of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, as prepared by A. B. Sands & Co.

From the New York Tribune, August 27, 1842.

SARSAPARILLA.—The well-known house of A. B. Sands & Co., of this city, have recently made an important discovery in the preparation of this celebrated medicinal root. The apparatus used by the Messrs. Sands in extracting the virtue of this plant is exceedingly ingenious and very expensive. By reference to an announcement and certificate on the first page of this paper, it will be seen that already this valuable medicine has performed astonishing cures. The community at large, as well as the whole body of physicians throughout the country, are deeply indebted to this enterprising house for their liberal and persevering efforts to advance the cause of medical science.

From the Springfield Republican, December, 1842.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA seems almost to work miracles in the cure of those diseases for which it is recommended. All difficulties arising from impurities of the blood disappear before its healthful action, like dew-drops before the sun. For its surprising effect in a cure of Rheumatism, read the letter of Mr. Timothy Baker of this town, published in another column. It is as follows:—

Springfield, Mass., December 12, 1842.

Mr. C. L. Covell: Dear Sir—I consider health the choicest blessing that heaven can confer on man, and as you are the medium through which I have been placed in possession of that inestimable treasure, I deem it an imperative duty, for the benefit of the afflicted, to make known the means by which I have been relieved. For many years I have suffered much from rheumatism, and recently had a severe attack, which wholly disabled me, so that for some time I was unable to move a limb, and feared I should be obliged to abandon my business entirely. While endeavoring to obtain relief from my

sufferings, my attention was attracted to a notice in the "Springfield Republican" of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. Seeing it so highly spoken of, and reading the remarkable cures it had made, and you named as the agent, I was induced to give it a trial. I purchased two bottles, and, surprising as it may seem, before taking half of the first I began to experience its good effects, and in less than a week was able to resume my business. I have now taken the two bottles, and can frankly say I have not been so well for years; besides being relieved of the rheumatism, my general health has been much improved by its use. I confidently believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla the best medicine, for the diseases for which it is recommended, ever introduced, and particularly for rheumatism. I shall always take great pleasure in recommending this invaluable medicine to all of my friends sorely afflicted as I have been.

With sentiments of respect,

TIMOTHY BAKER.

From the Hampden Post.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—Our readers are referred to a communication in our advertising columns testifying to the beneficial effects of this article in the case of a citizen of this town. Mr. Baker is well known in this community, and it is needless for us to say that his statements are entitled to the fullest confidence. We have heard testimony of the same character from other sources, which induces us to consider SANDS'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA as one of the most valuable remedial agents.

Elizabethtown, New Jersey, February 5, 1843.

Messrs. A. B. Sands & Co.: Gentlemen—From a feeling of gratitude to you, as well as from a desire to extend a knowledge of the virtues of your invaluable medicine as widely as possible, I am induced to subjoin this statement, believing that to your Sarsaparilla am I indebted, for relief from a most loathsome disease, thinking that you may deem it proper to publish it with your other testimonials where it may meet the eye of some miserable victim of disease and pain.

Early in June last, I was attacked by glandular swellings in the neck, which in a few weeks extended upwards to the cheek, and downwards to the chest, causing intense pain, preventing me from sleeping at night, and obliging me to cease the labors of my occupation.

At the first appearance of the swelling, I applied liniment of different kinds, but none of them did any good—the swelling continuing to increase and extend, so that my neck became nearly as large as my body. I at length applied to an eminent physician of this town, who pronounced it a virulent case of scrofula. He lanced the swellings and gave me a prescription, at the same time mentioning SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA, as a medicine likely to prove beneficial. After making use of the prescription, and finding no benefit therefrom, and after consulting with two other eminent physicians, (one of Newark and the other of New York,) and receiving but little encouragement from either, I determined to make a trial of your Sarsaparilla. I procured one bottle, and had not used it all before I was entirely freed from pain, and a manifest improvement made in the appearance of the sores, which were at that time discharging large quantities of matter. I continued using it, by which my health daily improved, the sores discharging less and less, until after using ten or twelve bottles, I was entirely free from any pain or disease whatever, or of any appearance of its ravages.

Yours with respect, JOHN W. BLACKLEDGE.

Having witnessed the surprising efficacy of Sands' Sarsaparilla, in the case of John W. Blackledge, who was in my employ, and whom I had frequent opportunities of seeing during the different stages of the disease, I cheerfully accord my testimony as to the correctness of the above statement.

LUKE HAVILAND.

Knowing John W. Blackledge, and witnessing the surprising effect produced by the use of Sands's Sarsaparilla, it is with pleasure I add my testimony as to the truth of the foregoing statement.

JOSEPH D. NEVIUS.

From the Baltimore Sun, January 16.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—Scarlet fever disarmed of its terrors.—This dangerous and alarming affection, which has swept from the stage of time so many, both at the innocent age of infancy, and the more mature and vigorous period of manhood, has at length met its bane and antidote, and its evil effects upon the system are laid waste by its powerful influence. A little grand-child of Mr. William Patrick's, wood-corder, was attacked with scarlet fever, which left her in a dreadful state; her little body was covered with patches

of scarlet eruption, a large lump something like a bile, and at least two inches in diameter, made its appearance on one shoulder, which broke and discharged an almost incredible quantity of most offensive matter and corruption; besides this, she discharged a large quantity of corruption from the ears, of a very offensive character. Almost despairing of ever stopping the discharge, they made trial of Sands's Sarsaparilla, which effected a cure, the child having taken only one bottle. For the benefit of those suffering from the baneful effects of this horrible disease, Mr. Patrick will be pleased to inform any person as to the correctness of this statement, if they will call at his residence in Exeter-street, near Fawn.

TESTIMONY FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, February 17, 1843.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Although personally unacquainted, I feel myself under many obligations, having recently been cured, by the use of your Sarsaparilla, of a most distressing malady. For the past five years I have suffered from a violent palpitation of the heart, connected with a severe pain in the side, disease of liver, and general derangement of the digestive organs; my whole nervous system was protracted, the citadel of life itself attacked, and I despaired of ever being cured. Notwithstanding the best medical treatment, and the use of all ordinary remedies prescribed in such cases, I found myself fast verging toward eternity. Judge, then, of my surprise and delight when I read of the remarkable effects produced by your invaluable Sarsaparilla. Hope opening up afresh, I resolved to make one more trial, and immediately procured some of the Sarsaparilla of your agent, S. P. Thompson. The result is as unexpected as it was unlooked for: to my lasting comfort and satisfaction I pronounce these words, "*I am well.*" Yes, gentlemen, well; and O that this language might resound in the ear of the afflicted to the uttermost parts of the earth, for the afflicted alone can appreciate the value of such a medicine. For the benefit of suffering humanity, I communicate these facts, and only desire the fame of your medicine may spread as far as its real merits deserve.

GEORGE ROE,

No. 597 South Second-street.

STILL FURTHER PROOFS OF THE SUPERIOR VALUE AND EFFICACY OF SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Under a feeling sense of lively gratitude implanted in the human breast, I feel bound to acknowledge and declare to the world the great, and to me most important, benefit derived from the use of your justly celebrated preparation of Sarsaparilla. Your name will be cherished with the fondest recollections of delight so long as memory proves faithful to her trust; for it is to you, under the blessing of an overruling Providence, I am now indebted for my health. As an act of justice on my part, and with a view of setting forth (feebly as it may appear) in good faith, my hearty wish that others who may read may learn where relief may be found, who are suffering from any similar complaints to my own. Chronic rheumatism is the disease which rendered me a cripple, as it attacked my arms very severely, so that I was unable to lift my hands to my head, owing to the excruciating pains; it also seized upon my legs, so that I was entirely helpless. For two months I lay suffering without obtaining relief from various remedies prescribed, when I was told of your medicine, which I sent for, and to my utter astonishment, and that of my friends, in two weeks I was well, and able to go about my business.

Yours, truly,

JOHN M. STEWART.

Wilmington, Delaware, March 15, 1843.

I do hereby certify that the above statement is literally true, I being a near neighbor of his, and personally acquainted with him and his sufferings.

Wilmington, March 15, 1843.

ELLIS SANDERS.

SCROFULA.

The following certificate was addressed to our agents, Messrs. Smith & Fowle of Boston, from Roxbury, Mass. The patient was severely afflicted with hereditary Scrofula, and perfectly cured by our Extract of Sarsaparilla.

May 15, 1843.

Messrs. Smith & Fowle: Gentlemen—It is with great pleasure I send you this certificate of the wonderful cure made upon my child by the use of Sands's Sarsaparilla.

She had been troubled more or less with hereditary scrofula from her infancy, which at length settled in her jaws, where it raged with such violence, (her mouth and lips being extremely sore and very much swollen,) that she could not take any nourishment except liquids from a spoon; she soon became very much emaciated, and so weak as to be unable to raise herself without assistance. The jaw bones began to decay, and four pieces, with fourteen or fifteen teeth, fell out, from the effects of this baneful, and, as I feared, incurable disease. At this time her condition was dreadful to behold, and the pain was so intense that she was unable to sleep, except a few minutes at a time. She had taken other preparations of Sarsaparilla, and other medicines recommended for the cure of scrofula, but without any good effect, and I had almost despaired of seeing my child cured, or even relieved of this loathsome and most detestable disease, when by your recommendation (for which I shall always feel grateful) I was induced to try SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. I procured one bottle, and after she had taken about half of the contents, I saw a decided change for the better. I continued the use of the Sarsaparilla with renewed hope—her health improved rapidly, the foul ulcers in her mouth began to heal—she rested comfortably through the night; and now, gentlemen, after using five bottles, my daughter is entirely cured—yes! I can truly say that she is better than she ever was in her life, and I attribute her cure wholly to the use of Sands's Sarsaparilla.

ASA F. ONION.

From the Boston Times, May 10, 1842.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—We have often heretofore had occasion to speak of the medicinal virtues of this now very popular medicine. Numberless instances have come within our observation of extraordinary cures effected by the use of only a few bottles of the article. The most recent case is that of a young child residing in Roxbury, whose face and jaws were so dreadfully afflicted with a scrofulous disease that all its teeth fell out, and she became an object shocking to behold. Her physician had tried numberless remedies but without producing a cure. Resort was finally had to SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA, and its constant use for about six weeks has effected an entire and perfect cure. The teeth that came from her head can be seen any time at the store of Messrs. Smith & Fowle, 138 Washington-street, who are the wholesale and retail agents for the sale of Sands's Sarsaparilla for this section of the country, and who we doubt not will most willingly give any further information relative to the case that may be asked them. The high reputation of the Messrs. Sands and their agents, is a sure guarantee of the goodness of the medicine—and these repeated instances of its efficacy only confirm the high reputation it has already obtained.

From the New Jersey Journal, April 25, 1843.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—The letter of Mr. David Whitehead of this town, furnishes undoubted testimony of the value of this medicine. Mr. W. has been a great sufferer for many years, as is well known to most of our citizens—is a highly respectable man—and his statement is fully entitled to credit. The benefit he has derived from the use of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA is indeed astonishing.

Elizabethtown, New Jersey, April 17, 1843.

With the most heartfelt gratitude, would I take this method of stating to you (and I wish it were to the whole world) the great benefit derived from the use of your Sarsaparilla, which, if I could have had it five years ago, I confidently believe that I should now be a well man. I have been afflicted with a cancer in the face for upwards of twenty years, which has continued to spread from that time up to within some two or three months; (though its ravages have been much more rapid within the last five years.) During that period I have made use of various remedies but all have failed.

About five years ago, I put myself under the treatment of the celebrated Dr. Davison, of Albany, remaining with him five weeks, being induced to do so by his warranting a cure. I left him worse than when I went, inasmuch as I yet had, when I went to him, part of a nose, but returned without any. From that time up to within three months I have used various advertised medicines which promised cures, but without avail. A year ago my upper lip and jaw, and upper teeth, were entirely gone, which almost prevented me from taking what little food was necessary for sustenance.

About three months ago, I commenced taking your invaluable Sarsaparilla, which has had the effect to restore my appetite, has stopped the progress of the cancer, which is

now healing very fast, and my general health is better than it has been in several years, and has in all probability been the means of prolonging my life until now, and will, I confidently believe, under God's blessing, restore me entirely to health. For the benefit of others I wish you to make this public, and would be glad to have any afflicted in a similar manner to call upon me in Elizabethtown, in order to witness the truth of the foregoing statement. I am knowing to other instances where it has been highly successful.

I would also mention, that I have been subject to attacks of erysipelas, which has entirely left me.

Yours, with esteem,

DAVID WHITEHEAD.

New York, April 29, 1843.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Although it may be considered unnecessary for me to add another proof to the justly deserved celebrity of your invaluable preparations of Sarsaparilla, yet for the benefit of my fellow men, I feel bound to proclaim the facts. From being a most helpless cripple, with a disease of the lower extremities, which spread over the legs, instep, and feet, distressing me so much, as to render life almost miserable, I am now quite recovered, and entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla. For two years I was unable to wear a shoe, and the right foot and ankle were very much swollen—which at times discharged water and puss freely, accompanied with violent itching, and burning sensations, so as to deprive me of all rest. I gave up in despair, and supposed amputation would be necessary; but hearing of the great cures made by your Sarsaparilla, I resolved to make another effort to regain my health—and now, under the blessing of a kind providence, I am thankful to say I am well. With feelings of gratitude to you, and thankfulness to the Giver of all good, for thus blessing the means,

I am, your friend,

JAMES McCONNELL,

No. 469 Greenwich-street.

This is to certify, that James McConnell called on me and exhibited his foot and leg, and stated, that by the use of eleven bottles of Sands's Sarsaparilla, a perfect cure had been effected. With feelings of the warmest gratitude to Messrs. Sands in thus being instrumental, under divine providence, in curing and restoring him to health, he requests me to give this certificate.

ROBERT JONES,

Alderman of the 5th Ward of the City of New York.

New York, April 30, 1843.

From the Boston Times.

MESSRS. SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—Of all the diseases to which the human frame is subject, none are more frequent and more distressing than cutaneous disorders. Scrofulous diseases are hereditary, and the salt-rheum and similar affections are handed down from parents to children through many successive generations. These affections are not only exceedingly troublesome and annoying in themselves, but have hitherto been incurable. Some medicines and modes of treatment, it is true, have been found to alleviate and seemingly suppress them, but, in nine cases out of ten, they reappear, after a partial cure, and rage with more virulence than ever. We were, therefore, prepared to subject the pretensions of Sands's Sarsaparilla to a severe scrutiny. We have carefully and critically examined the claims of the proprietors, and are now ready to endorse their statements. The efficacy of the Sarsaparilla prepared by Messrs. Sands, of New York, is proved by satisfactory statements from the most respectable authorities. It comes recommended by the highest authority, and cases are recorded in which it has effected the radical cure of patients who have suffered for years without alleviation of their misery. The medicine is prepared by an elaborate chemical process, by which the curative properties of the Sarsaparilla are extracted and fixed, and these are then strengthened and combined in an admixture with other efficient remedies. The discovery will be hailed by thousands in all the large cities of the Union.

From the American Traveller, March 24, 1843.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—Three or four weeks since, Mr. P. R. Davis walked hurriedly into our office, "to blow us up," as he said, for advertising medicine as powerful and effectual which was no better than molasses and water. He stated that he had a mar-

ried sister in Lowell, who had been troubled for years with a cutaneous affection, something like the Scrofula or King's Evil, which was at times exceedingly painful, and prostrated her upon a bed of sickness. Seeing the Sarsaparilla advertised in the Traveller, she requested him to send her three bottles to test its virtue. He forthwith purchased the desired quantity and forwarded by express. After two or three weeks' trial, he received word that his sister was no better, and that the pretended panacea must be all a humbug. His story was a poser, to be sure; and we thought that for once the famed Sarsaparilla had failed in its usual effect. On careful inquiry, however, we ascertained of Mr. Davis that he did not procure the article of Smith & Fowle, the regular agents; but at another place in Washington-street, and that the mixture was not *Sands's*, but a compound called Sarsaparilla, the preparation of another apothecary, who would feign make the world believe he had the secret of extracting the choice virtues of the Sarsaparilla.

We put the disappointed gentleman on the right track, and suggested to him to purchase five bottles instead of three. He then withdrew, promising to comply with our request. Yesterday Mr. Davis called again, with a smiling face, from which we inferred that his report was more favorable than before. Nor were we disappointed. The lady in Lowell has taken it regularly every day for more than three weeks, and is now in better health than she has been for ten years. Her skin is becoming clear and white; the humor has nearly disappeared; her appetite is good, her strength completely restored; and she has requested us through her brother to make this statement, and to caution purchasers, who value their lives, to obtain the genuine article at the regular agents advertised in this paper.

From the Boston American.

SARSAPARILLA.—We have no great faith in the generality of medical compounds, and always voted medicine a nuisance, but we can't help saying a good-natured thing now and then in favor of such liberal and enterprising gentlemen as the Messrs. Sands of New York, the discoverers of an excellent mode of extracting the virtues of the famous root, Sarsaparilla. A friend of ours, who was induced to take this article from our recommendation, assures us of its highly beneficial effects in his case. He had been troubled with a cutaneous affection for more than ten years, and had spent two or three hundred dollars and much time in physicians, medicines, &c. He had taken mercury in its various forms, tar, sulphur, and all sorts of stuff, till he was completely disheartened. Since he began to take this preparation, about six weeks since, he has become almost entirely cured. From his experience and our own observation of its good effects, we recommend it to all who are troubled with similar complaints.

From the Louisiana Courier, New Orleans.

To-day ushers in the commencement of spring, a season which ought not to be neglected by those who feel desirous of preserving or improving their health, particularly in a country like Louisiana. What then? We would advise our readers to undergo a course of medicine for purifying their blood, and removing all vicious humors from their systems. Now, to do this, they need not go to any very great expense, or neglect their usual avocations. All that is required is simple enough. Call at the drug store of Messrs. Andrew Oliver & Co., corner of Chartres and Bienville streets, or at Messrs. Sickles & Co., No. 40 Canal street, and purchase a few bottles of Sarsaparilla of Sands, the efficacy of which is attested by certificates from persons well known in New York. It is said that every man who attains the age of fifty, per force, acquires some knowledge of medicine. We are free to confess our acquaintance in this line is not very extensive; still we feel we cannot help advising all our friends to attend to the purification of their blood before the heats of summer set in.

From the Hartford Review.

SANDS'S CELEBRATED SARSAPARILLA.—This excellent compound, which is creating such a universal interest throughout the country, has made its way successfully into the favor of our citizens and the people around us. We have read again and again of the efficacy of this invaluable medicine—if we can call a very pleasant beverage medicine—but not until recently have we had any positive proof which could induce us to speak

fairly of it. But from facts in our possession we are now well convinced that, without any exception, it is the **SAFEST, PLEASANTEST, and BEST** compound ever offered to the public, for the cure of all chronic diseases, rheumatism, and scrofula, and all impurities of the blood, together with many other complaints.

It has so long been remarked that the age is one of "nostrums and nostrum-venders," that we hardly dare recommend a valuable discovery in the medical science, lest we jeopardize our reputation for incredulity and consistency; but in this instance we hesitate not to hazard the remark which we have made above.

The following letters are presented with a view of more fully showing the opinion of physicians in relation to the medicinal value of Sands's Sarsaparilla.

Baltimore, Feb. 4, 1843.

A. B. Sands & Co.: Gentlemen—I have used your **EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA** since its introduction into this city. It gives me pleasure to state I have found it to answer my most sanguine expectations. I believe it to be the best preparation of that valuable article now in use. With much respect, yours, **JOHN WHITRIDGE, M. D., 46 Gay-street.**

Copy of a letter received from Dr. Reed, of Baltimore.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Having witnessed the good effects of your Sarsaparilla in a great variety of cases, and prescribed it in some very complicated forms of disease, with the happiest results, I can cheerfully bear testimony to its medicinal virtues, as they have come under my notice. There is no article in the *Materia Medica* that has undergone as great changes in reputation as Sarsaparilla, arising no doubt from the manner in which it is prepared. It is my belief that *all* this discrepancy of opinion, as regards its medicinal properties, arises solely from this cause. Many have refused to use the article on account of its uncertainty: this objection is entirely obviated by your preparation, it not only retains the virtue of the root in a highly concentrated form, but that of other articles, which renders it as certain in its effects as any other article known to the medical world. In cases where the powers of the system have been almost exhausted by the injudicious use or abuse of Mercury, and when life itself was almost a burden, I have found it a valuable auxiliary in restoring the lost condition of the system. In the treatment of ulcers of a phagadenic character, and in almost every form of Scrofula, Syphilis, &c., even where Mercury, Iodine, and Arsenic have been administered with little or no benefit, by the use of your Sarsaparilla, I have always succeeded in mitigating the sufferings of the patient, and in a vast majority of cases have cured them effectually. In certain forms of Dyspepsia, Cutaneous Affections, Rheumatism in the Chronic Form, and diseases of the glandular system, it has been of great service. As to its mode of operation I can say very little, as it acts almost imperceptibly. I believe it possesses valuable alterative properties and excites the secretions generally.

Baltimore, February 3, 1843.

Very respectfully, &c.,
JAMES A. REED, M. D.

From Dr. Sterne of New London, Conn.

New London, May 30, 1843.

Messrs. A. B. Sands & Co.: Gentlemen—Your Extract of Sarsaparilla has been very extensively used in this city and the neighboring towns within the last year, and so far as my knowledge extends, uniformly with success. In a great variety of diseases of long standing and of a very distressing and dangerous character, which have resisted a long list of remedial agents, it has been used—in many of them with complete success, and in all, with decided benefit.

It is regarded by the Medical Profession as a medicine of great efficacy in a numerous class of diseases, such as inveterate constitutional complaints, when the system has been long diseased, in cases of long use or abuse of Mercury, in Rheumatism of long standing, in obstinate diseases of the skin, in enfeebled condition of the system, in chronic abscesses attended with profuse discharges, diseases of the bones, obstinate ulcers, chronic Pulmonary affections, enlarged glands, and various other maladies connected with a depraved state of the system.

Its use is usually followed with improvement of appetite and digestion, increase of strength and flesh, better rest at night, the production of a more healthy state of mind, and complete restoration to health.

But in order to secure the full benefit of this valuable medicine every thing depends on the selection of the proper materials, and the manner of preparing it for use,—in these two particulars, the extraordinary success which has attended your preparation, is convincing proof that it is without a fault. Last, but not least, is the proper administration of it. I think the accompanying printed directions are all that can be expected of *general directions*, but were it oftener administered by physicians, it would be an instrument in their hands of still more extended usefulness, and they would thereby discharge the duty they solemnly owe to their patients, of furnishing them with the best remedy for their afflictions.

Truly yours,

WILLIAM STERNE, M. D.

From Dr. R. W. Matheuson of Norwich, Conn.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Your preparation of Sarsaparilla has been extensively used in this section of country with prompt and decided success: in every instance relieving the patient speedily, and in cases of a chronic nature, requiring alterative remedies, it has brought about a new action in the absorbent and exhalent system, removing glandular enlargements and obstructions, dropsical accumulations, allaying morbid irritability, and imparting tone to the muscular system. In several cases of chronic inflammation of the eyes, attended with partial opacity, its operation in exciting the capillaries,—removing the congestion,—and improving the sight, has been very remarkable. In a case of spinal disease in an old lady, who had been unable to use or stir her feet for several months, one bottle had such a controlling influence, as to enable her to move the foot, and by using half a dozen, she was enabled to walk two miles without trouble. Your Sarsaparilla is now used by the most popular physicians in this vicinity, who speak highly of its effects in cases under their care. For cutaneous diseases and others attended with torpor and congestion of the capillaries, I consider it a most valuable remedial agent; in chronic irritable ulcers of old people, I have known the happiest effects follow its use. A gentleman, aged eighty-four years, severely afflicted with indolent swellings and chronic ulcerations, was speedily relieved by the Sarsaparilla, and sores of long standing readily yield to its influence. I have known it to be used in several hundred cases, in a great variety of diseases, all with good effect, and in no case have I known any unpleasant results follow its use.

Respectfully yours,

Norwich, June 1, 1843.

R. W. MATHEWSON,

The proprietors are daily receiving from the medical profession, ministers of the gospel, officers of justice, and numerous private citizens, ample and willing testimony, both written and verbal, to the superior value and efficacy of this preparation. To the poor it is furnished gratuitously, on sufficient proof being given of their worthiness.

Prepared and sold at wholesale and retail and for exportation, by

ABRAHAM B. SANDS & CO.,

CHEMISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

GRANITE BUILDINGS, 273 BROADWAY, COR. CHAMBERS-STREET, NEW YORK.

It is put up in ENGLISH, FRENCH, and SPANISH directions, and is securely packed in boxes so as to be transported any distance or to any climate with perfect safety.

Supplies of this valuable medicine can also be obtained at the proprietors' prices of the following agents, viz.:

Boston,	Mass.,	Smith & Fowle, 138 Washington-street.
Philadelphia,	Pa.,	Samuel P. Thompson, cor. Fifth and Spruce streets.
"	"	Dr. David Jayne, 20 South Third-street.
Baltimore,	Md.,	James A. Reed, cor. Gay and Saratoga streets.
Charleston,	S. C.,	Haviland, Harrall & Allen, 11 Hayne-street.
Augusta,	Ga.,	Haviland, Risley & Co., Broad-street.
Mobile,	Ala.,	Mosely & Co.
New Orleans,	La.,	Sickles & Co., 40 Canal-street.

And sold also by Druggists generally in the principal cities and towns throughout the United States. Purchasers are requested to ask *particularly* for *Sands's Sarsaparilla*, and take no other, as there are various preparations bearing similar names.

Price \$1 00 per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5 00.

SANDS'S REMEDY FOR SALT RHEUM.

This medicine has acquired a very extended reputation wherever it has been used, based entirely on its own merits, which its superior efficacy has alone sustained. It has been found in thousands of cases to be a perfect and lasting cure for the following cutaneous diseases, viz.: SALT RHEUM, Ring-worm, Tetter, Scald Head, Barber's or Jackson Itch, Mentagra, Eczema, Psoriasis Palmaria, Blotches and Pimples on the face, and other affections of the skin. In those cases which are of long standing, and the disease very extensive, it is necessary to use some good internal medicine, for the purpose of purifying the blood and system generally, as an external remedy, however efficacious it is in itself, cannot remove the morbid matter from the internal organs of the body; although it acts powerfully in eradicating it from the surface. For an internal medicine we recommend the extract of Sarsaparilla, which by using according to the accompanying directions, will effectually purify the blood and remove all the unhealthy humor from the system. When used in conjunction with the REMEDY in cutaneous affections, it speedily removes all impurities from the blood, and the Remedy, being applied externally at the same time, makes a radical and lasting cure. Many diseases of the skin, existing under different forms and presenting various appearances, are usually known under the common name of SALT RHEUM, but as all of them are generally produced by the same or similar cause, and can be removed by the same course of treatment, it is not material to the patient what the name of his disease is: provided he can meet with a speedy and permanent cure:—this can always be done by a judicious use of the Remedy. There are about eighty different distinct forms of skin diseases, besides all the varieties, but as the principles of treatment are nearly the same in all, a concise and correct account of the most prominent is all that is really necessary. Salt Rheum is not confined to any particular part of the body, but occurs most frequently on the hands, sometimes commencing on the back of the hand and extending downwards, at others in the palm of the hand, gradually increasing in circumference, and again on the ends of the fingers, running upwards.

It sometimes appears on the face, extending to and embracing the ears, continuing its course into the hairy scalp until it finally encircles the head, and occasionally running down the back, following the course of the spine. The lower extremities are occasionally attacked with the disease: when this is the case the instep is commonly seized first: it then spreads upwards: frequently the disease appears on the sole of the foot, producing great itching. For further particulars the reader is referred to the wrapper accompanying each package, which contains full and explicit directions for use.

Over fourteen thousand cases of skin diseases have been cured by this wonderful medicine, which alone is a sufficient guarantee of its great medicinal virtues. The following CERTIFICATES are selected from a variety of others, which it is believed will fully satisfy the minds of all who may use the medicine of its intrinsic value.

To Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—This is to certify, that my wife was afflicted a long time with the Salt Rheum, very severely indeed, causing her so much pain and distress as to destroy her rest at night; and by the recommendation of our physician, Dr. Harrison, I applied to you for a box of Remedy for the Salt Rheum and a bottle of your Sarsaparilla, which, I am thankful to say, has performed an entire and perfect cure in about three weeks' time. I would not myself hesitate one moment to pay you one hundred dollars for your medicine, if that was your price, and she should be in the same situation again. I can, therefore, confidently recommend your Remedy to all who are thus afflicted, and believe they will obtain similar relief.

Yours, truly,
Staten Island, August 12, 1837.

ENOS BUNNEL

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: It gives me pleasure to inform you that I have been cured of the Salt Rheum by using about half of one of the boxes of your Remedy, and one bottle of your Sarsaparilla. I had been afflicted with it in its severest form for about fifteen months, and surprising as it may seem, by using the medicine five days, it cured me entirely. I had been attended by a physician for some months, had used ointments, washes, Indian medicines, and popular remedies of every description, without deriving any benefit; but now I am cured, thanks to your valuable medicine for curing me. I would recommend every person afflicted with this complaint, to use your medicine, believing the result will be the same. Yours, respectfully,

New York, Sept. 6, 1837.

H. M. RITTERBAND, 185 Reade-street.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—I certify that I have been cured of the Salt Rheum of ten years standing, by the use of your Remedy and Sarsaparilla, and I wish every person troubled with this dreadful disease in any form, would call on me, and I will satisfy them that your medicine will cure them perfectly. Yours, truly,

ANN MARIA WEIBALL,

Residence 109 Nassau-street. Store 145 Fulton-street.

New York, June 3, 1840.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—Feeling deeply indebted to you for the valuable service you have rendered me, I do most cheerfully inform you that my wife is entirely cured of the Salt Rheum, by the use of your Remedy and Sarsaparilla. She had been very severely afflicted with the disease in the face for six years—had tried various medicines, both internal and external, but without producing any good effect, until, by the advice of a friend who was cured by your medicine, she was induced to use it, and I am thankful to say the result has been a perfect cure. Yours, respectfully,

JOHN CHAPMAN, 79 Chatham-street.

New York, September 15, 1838.

The following was forwarded to us by Mr. William Brown, 481 Washington-street, Boston.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands.—I have just received a letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Speer, of Bellingham, Mass., a lady seventy-three years of age, who mentions her case of Salt Rheum as being one of the most severe that ever came under the treatment of medicine. She says—

“For the last twenty years I have tried every thing that has been recommended, and attended strictly to a number of physicians' advice, without any apparent benefit. Hearing of SANDS'S celebrated Remedy, I was induced to try it, and in one week from the time I obtained it, I was able to walk, and my feet were nearly covered with a new skin; the return of health was so rapid, that I became a wonder to all who saw me. I not only feel it a privilege, but a duty, to make known to others who are afflicted with this complaint, the wonderful cure I have obtained by the use of Sands's Remedy.

ELIZABETH SPEER, Bellingham, Mass.”

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen—I called at your store last summer to take a glass of Soda Water. For a long time previous I had been afflicted with an eruption on my upper lip, which extended around my mouth, and was at that time very troublesome, being covered with a scab, which made it difficult for me to use the lips, without much suffering and distress. I had applied many different medicines to no purpose. You informed me it was the Barber's Itch, and that SANDS'S REMEDY FOR SALT RHEUM would cure it. I bought the medicine, and on my return home applied it, and effected a perfect cure in a few days. A niece of mine had an eruption on the face that surrounded her mouth, which had been very troublesome for some time; she had tried various medicines, all to no purpose, until I gave her your REMEDY, which, upon the first application, gave relief, and caused the scabs to dry up and separate; it was repeated a few times, and in a week the cure was complete. One of my neighbors by the name of Brewer, had an eruption one side of his face, which ran back of the ear, extending into the hair, with little biles, and his whole cheek was inflamed; he told me he could find no remedy. I gave him some of yours, and in a few days he was perfectly cured.

In all these cases there has been no return of the complaint, and all were cured with the one box which I purchased for my own use. You requested me to let you know my success in the use of the REMEDY, and I consider myself in duty bound to do so; and furthermore to inform you I would not be without the medicine within my reach, for ten times its price. To all who are afflicted as I have been, I would say, go and do as I have done—get cured without delay. I hold myself personally responsible for the truth of the above statements.

TOBIAS WYNKOOP.

Saugerties, Ulster County, April 16, 1840.

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

A. B. & D. SANDS, DRUGGISTS,

79 Fulton-street, New York.—Price \$1 00 per box.

DR. McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM.

This is a new Chemical preparation, containing all the valuable Medicinal qualities of Opium, in a Natural state of Combination, to the exclusion of its Noxious principles.

Full proportions of the greatest number of the noxious principles of Opium, are contained in Laudanum, Paregoric, Black-drop, Denarcotized Laudanum, Extract of Opium, and such other opiate preparations of this class hitherto made, and to which are justly attributed those disagreeable effects upon the stomach and nervous system, which so frequently follow their operation, and limit their usefulness.

This Elixir may be adopted in all those cases in which either Opium or its preparations are administered, with the certainty of obtaining all their sedative, anodyne and antispasmodic effects, without any of those disagreeable consequences, of headache, nausea, vomiting, constipation, tremors, and a train of other unhappy symptoms, which are often as distressing as those which it was applied to remove.

The ELIXIR OF OPIUM is not only superior to the artificial compounds of Morphine, in its being more mild, permanent and uniform in its effects, but the preparation possesses also a superior advantage to their Solutions, in not being liable to decomposition from variable temperature or long keeping; a serious objection to which the latter are exposed.

Finally, Morphine, not being the full representative of Opium, cannot alone, and that in artificial combination too, produce all the characteristic effects of so triumphant a remedy, when so many of its other valuable principles, as Codein, Narcein, and Meconic acid, are excluded.

TESTIMONIALS.

From Dr. Chilton, the eminent Chemist of New York, in proof of the accomplishment of this discovery.

Dr. John B. McMunn having made known to me the process by which he prepares his "ELIXIR OF OPIUM," and wishing me to state my opinion concerning it, I therefore say, that the process is in accordance with well known Chemical laws, and that the preparation must contain all the valuable principles of Opium, without those which are considered as deleterious and useless.

J. R. CHILTON, M. D., Operative Chemist, &c.

New York, December 29, 1839.

Having witnessed the effects of Dr. J. B. McMunn's Elixir of Opium, we are of opinion that it is a valuable preparation, and recommend it to the patronage of the profession.

F. U. JOHNSTON, M. D.,

President of the Medical Society of N. Y., and Physician to the City and Marine Hospital.

JOHN W. FRANCIS, M. D.,

Late Professor of Midwifery in the Col. of Phys. and Surgeons, N. Y.

JOHN C. CHEESMAN, M. D.,

Surgeon to the New York City Hospital.

RICHARD K. HOFFMAN, M. D.,

Surgeon to the Marine Hospital, N. Y., and late Surg. in the U. S. N.

JAMES BREWSTER, M. D.,

Professor of Anat. and Physiology in the Geneva Medical Col., N. Y.

New York, February 18, 1837.

Dr. Mitchell's trials of the Elixir of Opium in the Hospitals.

Dr. J. B. McMunn: Dear sir—I have made repeated trials of your "Elixir of Opium" in the City and Marine Hospitals, and find it to possess the anodyne and sedative powers of the ordinary preparations of Opium, without producing the excitement, headache, nausea, and constipation, which in many cases render those preparations objectionable. Its effects are more permanent and uniform than those of Morphine.

Yours, &c., C. L. MITCHELL,

New York, February 8, 1837.

Resident Physician, N. Y. Hospital.

From Dr. James Heron, President of the Medical Society of Orange County, N. Y., of which Dr. McMunn is a Member.

This certifies, that I have used of Dr. McMunn's Elixir of Opium, and do find it to be preferable to Opium and its tinctures, in that it is not followed by the pain in the head, nausea, dry and bitter mouth, and *constipation*, so generally consequent upon the use of that drug. And I do believe his preparation, at least, equally beneficial with the other combinations of Morphine.

Warwick, October 17, 1836.

JAMES HERON, Physician and Surg.

Drs. Van Hovenbergh and Allen's trials of the Elixir of Opium in the Bellevue Hospital.

This is to certify, that Dr. J. B. McMunn's Elixir of Opium has been used in several cases, at the Bellevue Hospital, with the most satisfactory effects, when the usual preparations of Opium would have proved injurious.

The undersigned are fully convinced, that it possesses the sedative properties of the latter, without producing *constipation of the bowels*, or any unpleasant symptoms.

HENRY VAN HOEVENBERGH, Resident Phys., Bellevue Hosp.

GEORGE F. ALLEN, Assistant Physician.

Bellevue, New York, February 19, 1837.

Those who take Opium and its ordinary preparations, cannot be ignorant of the fact that its distressing and pernicious effects result from the operation of its deleterious principles, and that the tremors, languor and lassitude with which its devotees are afflicted, and for which they repeat the dose to relieve, are sensations of its own creation.

But in consequence of the exclusion of those deleterious principles from the Elixir of Opium, it is not liable to derange the functions of the system, nor injure the constitution and general health; hence its high superiority in all those cases, in which the long continued and liberal use of Opiates are indicated and necessary to allay pain and spasmodic action, and induce sleep and composure, as in cases of fractures, burns or scalds, cancerous ulcers, and other painful affections.

And to those persons, who from necessity or vitiated indulgence have been accustomed to the use of Opium, this preparation will afford a gratifying substitute by which they may relieve themselves from the thralldom of a pernicious and too frequently inveterate habit.

To speak summarily, the ELIXIR OF OPIUM may be adopted in all cases in which either Opium or its preparations are administered, with the certainty of obtaining all their sedative, anodyne, and antispasmodic effects, without being followed by the disagreeable consequences of headache, nausea, vomiting, *constipation*, tremors, and a train of other unhappy symptoms, which are often as distressing as those which it was applied to remove.

Nor is the prevention of these consecutive ill effects, the only important desideratum which recommends this valuable discovery to favorable notice. Its almost universal applicability in the treatment of the great number of diseases in which other opiates are contra-indicated and inadmissible, in consequence of their stimulating and constipating effects, at once entitles it to universal adoption.

Having used this preparation for some time in an extensive medical practice, and being fully satisfied of its value, I therefore take the liberty to submit it to the members of the Medical Profession, with full confidence that it will obtain the approbation of their judgment, and be eminently successful in their enlightened practice.

Your most obedient servant,

JOHN B. McMUNN.

N. B. Full directions accompany each vial, and the signature of my name, in full, on the outside label.

A. B. & D. SANDS, DRUGGISTS,

79 Fulton-street, cor. of Gold-street,

Are the general wholesale agents, and will supply all orders on the most favorable terms; and sold also by Druggists generally in the principal cities and towns throughout the United States. Inquire particularly for McMunn's Elixir of Opium.

Price 25 cents.

SARATOGA "UNION" SPRING.

The water of this Spring having recently attracted the attention of a large number of the visitors at Saratoga, and its effects on the system being attended with such happy results in various diseases, the proprietors were induced to have it analyzed by one of our most eminent chemists; the result of which proves it to be *one of the most highly medicated waters of Saratoga*, and as such it is now offered to the public, in the confident assurance that its virtues are unequalled. The following analysis will show the fact:

UNION SPRING.

One gallon of this water contains the following ingredients:

Chloride of Sodium,	243.620 grs.	Iodide of Sodium, or Iodine,	3.600 grs.
Carbonate of Magnesia,	84.265 "	A trace of Bromide of Potass-	
Carbonate of Lime,	41.600 "	ium, Silica and Ammonia,	1.570 "
Carbonate of Soda,	12.800 "	Carbonic Acid Gas, 314 in.	
Carbonate of Iron,	5.452 "		392.907

Analyzed by James R. Chilton, M. D., Practical Chemist.

Medicinal Properties of the Water, and Diseases in which its use is beneficial.

It is, (allowing for the variation in the quantity taken,) 1st, Aperient; 2d, Alterative; 3d, Diuretic; 4th, Tonic; 5th, Diaphoretic; 6th, Sialagogue; and 7th, Exhilarant,—properties which are perfectly compatible with each other, and may all exist in harmony together.

The free use of this remedial agent is calculated to cure a wide range of diseases to which the human system is subject. It may, with truth and without fear of contradiction, be said to be Nature's great prescription, and the special gift of the same beneficent hand from which we derive all our true and lasting blessings. In all biliary derangements, caused by an inactive state of the liver, such as Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Costiveness, Jaundice and Biliary Secretions, Sick Headache, attended with vomiting, &c., this water properly administered is a sovereign remedy.

In diseases of the kidneys and ureters, (passage to the kidneys,) which in many cases are attended with violent pain and inflammation, also calculi or gravel, together with lumbago or rheumatism of the back, this water is found to be of the greatest service. In gravel it operates as a solvent to the concretions, giving certain and permanent relief. In cutaneous diseases, used both internally and externally, its use is attended with the happiest results.

In incipient gout, intestinal worms, periodical obstructions, dropsy dependent upon obstructions, and in various other diseases, the water is equally valuable.

We request the *particular attention* of the reader to the following testimonials from men who stand at the head of their profession in this or any other country.

TESTIMONIALS.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—The result of the analysis of the water of the "Union Spring" renders it perfectly evident that the water is highly medicinal. The great proportion of carbonate of magnesia, and other active ingredients which it contains, makes it peculiarly valuable. (Signed)

New York, August 19, 1841.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.,
Practical Chemist.

I have great pleasure in bearing testimony to the merits of Dr. Chilton as an analytical chemist, and have no doubt the accompanying statement is correct.

(Signed) VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.,
Professor of Surgery in the University of New York.

New York, September 16, 1841.

The reputation of Dr. J. R. Chilton as an analytical chemist is now well established, and I have the highest confidence in his integrity. The analysis recently made by him of the "Saratoga Union Spring," furnishes strong evidence that this water will prove one of *superior efficacy* in the cure of various diseases, for which the waters of Saratoga have been so far famed.

G. S. BEDFORD, M. D.,
Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children
in the University of New York.

September 22, 1841.

According to the analysis of Dr. Chilton, the water of the "Union Spring" contains a *larger* proportion of the saline and mineral ingredients than either the Pavilion or Putnam's Congress Spring. Dr. Chilton's reputation, as an accurate analytical chemist, is equal to that of any other in this country.

ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, M. D.,
Professor of Surgery, Emeritus, in the "College of Physicians and Surgeons" of the University of the State of New York.

September 23, 1841.

I have full confidence in the correctness of the analysis of Dr. Chilton, and unite with him in the belief that the water of the "Union Spring" will be valuable as a medicinal agent, *equally so with the most active* in that interesting section of country.

(Signed) THOMAS COCK, M. D.,
Vice-President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of the State of New York.

New York, 9th Mo. 22d, 1841.

From the analysis of the water of the "Union Spring" at Saratoga, N. Y., made by Dr. Chilton, I perceive that it contains *more medicinal matter* than any other spring in the neighborhood, and, believing it to be correct, with pleasure recommend it to the public.

(Signed) JOHN C. CHEESEMAN, M. D.,
Surgeon to the New York City Hospital.

New York, September 22, 1841.

Having examined the analysis made by Dr. Chilton of the water of the "Union Spring" at Saratoga, I find that it contains a *large proportion* of the *active ingredients* common to the waters of that vicinity. Placing every confidence in the accuracy of Dr. Chilton as an analytical chemist, I have no doubt that the water will prove exceedingly valuable.

(Signed) JOHN B. BECK, M. D.,
Professor of Materia Medica and Medical Jurisprudence in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of the State of New York.

New York, September 29, 1841.

The following editorial notices are selected from different papers as a farther confirmation of the value of the "Union Spring."

From the New York Times and Evening Star.

MEDICATED WATERS.—We would call the attention of the public generally, to the advertisement of A. B. & D. SANDS, by which it will be seen that the water of the Saratoga Union Spring, for sale by them, is proved by analysis to concentrate more medicinal qualities than either of the other springs. For bilious, liver, or bowel complaints, indigestion and affections of the stomach, it is highly recommended by the most eminent of the medical faculty, and its use heretofore has been eminently successful. We would confidently recommend a trial of it to persons afflicted with the various complaints, for which, from its combination of medical properties, it seems peculiarly adapted.

From the New York Commercial Advertiser.

SARATOGA UNION SPRING.—We have more than once had occasion, when speaking of the various salubrious fountains of Saratoga, to notice a cluster of fountains a short distance east of Saratoga, called the "Ten Springs." One of these fountains we have long known as of great value, and it will be seen by the advertisement of Messrs. SANDS, Druggists, that arrangements have been made to keep it on sale in bottles. By comparing the analysis of the water of the "Union Spring," made by Dr. Chilton, it will be seen that there is no fountain at Saratoga of greater value. *It bottles well, and the flavor is racy.* It will be seen that its contents of Soda, Magnesia, IODINE, are more than those of any other spring.

The water is put up in quart and pint bottles, and packed securely in boxes containing either 2 doz. quarts, or 4 doz. pints. Orders must be addressed to

A. B. & D. SANDS, DRUGGISTS,

79 Fulton-st., New York, owners of Union Spring.

**SIGHT RESTORED,
AND INFLAMMATION OF THE EYES CURED BY THE
ROMAN EYE BALSAM,
A Specific Ointment for Diseases of the Eye.**

This valuable Balsam has been used for many years, in private practice, by the most celebrated oculists in this and foreign countries, and may be confidently relied upon as the most safe and speedy cure for weak or inflamed eyes, that has ever been offered to the world.

In cases where the eyelids are very much inflamed, or the ball of the eye thickly covered with blood, it acts almost like magic, and removes all appearance of disease after two or three applications. In dimness of sight, caused by fixed attention to minute objects, or by long exposure to a strong light, and in the weakness or partial loss of sight from sickness or old age, it is a sure restorer, and should be used by all who find their eyesight failing without any apparent disease.

This Balsam has restored sight in many instances where almost total blindness, caused by excessive inflammation, had existed for years. Inflammation and soreness caused by blows, contusions, or wounds on the eye, or by extraneous bodies of an irritating nature introduced under the eyelids, is very soon removed by the application of the Balsam.

The following certificate, from the pastor of the Episcopal church at Harlem, will convince the most incredulous of its astonishing efficacy:

Harlem, July, 1842.

Messrs. Sands & Co.: Gents.—From motives of humanity I am prompted to inform you that a few applications of your valuable Roman Eye Balsam have made a perfect cure in the case of my aged mother, who has suffered under a most painful inflammation of the eyes for twelve or fifteen years. Physicians had given up the case as hopeless, on account of the patient's age; but, by the blessing of Heaven, your remedy has effected a perfect cure, and verified the adage, "While there is life there is hope."

Yours, most respectfully,

R. HOYT,

Pastor of the Episcopal Church, Harlem.

Many more certificates of its virtues might be given, but space will not permit the insertion of others here; and this is deemed sufficient to insure it a trial by all who are afflicted. Its healing virtues will be its best recommendation. Full directions accompany each jar. Price, 25 Cents.

Prepared and sold by

DAVID SANDS & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
77 East Broadway, corner of Market-street, New York.

Sold also by the Agents named in this Pamphlet.

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TOOTHACHE DROPS.
AN IMMEDIATE AND PERFECT CURE.**

Those who have felt the painful throbbing and excruciating pangs of this disease shooting through their jaws with most tormenting perseverance, and, as is often the case, have received but little sympathy from friends on such occasions, will no doubt be much pleased to know of a remedy that will never fail to quiet forever the unmerciful offender.

The Clove Anodyne is the best of all toothache remedies. It is immediate and certain in its effects, curing the most violent toothache or pain in the gums in one minute.

Experience has proved that this anodyne composition will give immediate and permanent relief after the failure of every other remedy; it is pleasant to the taste and smell, will not injure the teeth or gums in any way, and a few applications will entirely remove the pain and soreness from a decayed tooth, so that it may be filled and rendered as useful as ever. When the pain proceeds from the face, or from the gums around a tooth apparently sound, this application will give speedy relief by rubbing a few drops on the part affected. Price, 25 Cents.

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**DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, WINDOW
GLASS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRUSSES, PERFUMERY,
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Also constantly for sale, fresh Imported Swedish and German Leeches, received direct from Europe, and of our importation. They will be re-packed in the same manner in which they are imported, so as to be sent to any part of the United States or Canadas with perfect safety.

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The subscribers have made arrangements with the proprietors of the different Springs at Saratoga, namely, the

"CONGRESS,"

"IODINE,"

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to receive the water fresh every few days, and to supply it to the "Trade" at the lowest wholesale prices, by the dozen or gross.

The water is packed in boxes containing either two dozen quarts, or four dozen pints.

A. B. & D. S. are the Proprietors' wholesale agents for the following valuable preparations, which they will sell at the lowest wholesale prices:

**McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM,
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LOW & REED'S VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM.

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**JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT,
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JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM,**

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