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THE

CONCORDANCE REPERTORY

OF THE

MORE CHARACTERISTIC SYMPTOMS OF THE MATERIA MEDICA

BY

WILLIAM D. GENTRY, M.D.

VOLUME III.

NEW YORK

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BY

WILLIAM D. GENTRY.

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TO ALL STUDENTS OF MATERIA MEDICA,

AND TO ALL ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE, ACCORDING TO THE LAW OF "SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR," THIS WORK IS MOST AFFECTIONATELY DEDICATED

BY THE AUTHOR.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

Abies-c. Abies canadensis.
Abies-n. Abies nigra.
Abrot. Abrotanum.
Absinth. Absinthium.
Acaly. Acalypha indica.
Acet-ac. Acetic acid.
Acon. Aconite.
Actea-s. Actea spicata.
Æsc. Æsculus hippocastanum.
Æth. Æthusa cynapium.
Agar. Agaricus muscarius.
Agn. Agnus castus.
Ailanth. Ailanthus glandulosus.
Alet. Aletris farinosa.
Al-cep. Allium cepa.
Al-sat. Allium sativum.
Alnus. Alnus rubra.
Aloe. Aloe socrotina.
Alst. Alstonia scholaris.
Alum. Alumen.
Alu. Alumina.
Ambra. Ambra grisea.
Ammoniac. Ammoniacum.
Am-brom. Ammonium bromidum.
Am-c. Ammonium carbonicum.
Am-caust. Ammonium causticum.
Am-m. Ammonium muriaticum.
Am-n. Ammonium nitricum.
Am-ph. Ammonium phosphoricum.
Amyl. Amyl nitrite.
Anac. Anacardium.
Ang. Angustria.
Anthrak. Anthrakokali.
Ant-c. Antimonium crudum.
Antipy. Antipyrine.
Apis. Apis mellifica.
Apium. Apium graveolens.
Apoc-and. Apocynum androsæmifolium.
Apoc. Apocynum cannabinum.
Aqua-m. Aqua marina.
Aralia. Aralia quadrifolium.
Aralia-rac. Aralia racemosa.
Arg-m. Argentum metallicum.
Arg-mur. Argentum muriaticum.
Arg-n. Argentum nitricum.
Arn. Arnica montana.
Ars. Arsenicum album.
Ars-jod. Arsenicum iodatum.
Artem. Ambrosia artemesifolia (the Rag-weed).
Arum. Arum triphyllum.
Asaf. Asafœtida.
Asar. Asarum europæum.
Asclep. Asclepias cornuti (syriaca).
Asclep-tub. Asclepias tuberosa.
Aspar. Asparagus officinalis.
Aster. Asterias rubrens.
Atrop. Atropinum.
Aur. Aurum metallicum.
Bad. Badiaga.
Bapt. Baptisia tinctoria.
Bar-ac. Baryta acetica.
Bar-c. Baryta carbonica.
Bar-m. Baryta muriatica.
Bell. Belladonna.
Benz-ac. Benzoic acid.
Berb. Berberis vulgaris.
Berb-aq. Berberis aquifolium.
Bism. Bismuthum subnitricum.
Blatta. Blatta americana.
Bor-ac. Boracicum acidum.
Borax. Borax.
Bov. Bovista (lycoperdon).

Brachyg. Brachyglottis repens.
Brom. Bromium.
Bry. Bryonia alba.
Bufo. Rana bufo.
Cact. Cactus grandiflorus.
Cad. Cadmium sulphuricum.
Calad. Caladium seguinum.
Calc-c. Calcara carbonica.
Calc-flu. Calcarea fluorata.
Calc-jod. Calcarea iodatum.
Calc-ph. Calcarea phosphorica.
Calc-s. Calcarea sulphurica.
Calend. Calendula.
Camph. Camphora.
Can-ind. Cannabis indica.
Can-sat. Cannabis sativa.
Canth. Cantharis vesicatoria.
Caps. Capsicum annum.
Carbo-an. Carbo animalis.
Carbo-v. Carbo vegetabilis.
Carb-ac. Carbolic acid.
Carbon. Carboneum sulphuratum.
Carls. Carlsbad.
Casc. Cascarilla.
Castan. Castanea vesca.
Cast-eq. Castor equi.
Cast. Castoreum.
Caul. Caulophyllum.
Caust. Causticum.
Ceanoth. Ceanothus.
Cedron. Simaba cedron.
Cham. Chamomilla (matricaria).
Chelid. Chelidonium majus.
Chenop-a. Chenopodium anthelmin ticum.
Chenop-v. Chenopodium vulvaria.
Chim. Chimaphilla uballata.
China. Cinchona calisaya.
Chin-ars. Cinchona arsenicum.
Chin-s. Quinine (sulphate).
Chionan. Chionanthus virginica.
Chloralum. Chloral hydrate.
Chlor. Chlorine gas.
Chrom-ac. Chromic acid.
Cic-m. Cicuta maculata.
Cic-v. Cicuta virosa.
Cimex. Cimex lectularius.
Cimicif. Cimicifuga.
Cina. Flores cinæ.
Cinnab. Mercuric sulphide (Cinnabaris).
Cinna. Laurus cinnamomum.
Cist. Cistus canadensis.
Citr-ac. Citric acid.
Clem. Clematis erecta.
Coca. Erythroxylon coca.
Cocc. Cocculus.
Cocc-c. Coccus cacti.
Cochl. Cochlearia armoracia.
Cod. Codeinum.
Coff. Coffea cruda.
Colch. Colchicum autumnale.
Collins. Collinsonia canadensis.
Coloc. Colocynthis (citrilus).
Coni. Conium maculatum.
Cop. Copaifera officinalis.
Cor-r. Corallum rubrum.
Corn-c. Cornus circinata.
Corn-fl. Cornus florida.
Croc. Crocus sativus.
Crotal. Crotalus horridus.
Croton-tig. Croton tiglium.
Cub. Piper cubeba.
Cund. Cundurango.
Cupr. Cuprum metallicum.
Cupr-ac. Cuprum aceticum.
Curare. Curare.
Cycl. Cyclamen europæum.
Cyprip. Cypripedium pubescens.
Daph. Daphne indica.
Diad. Aranea diadema.
Dict. Dictamnus fraxinella.
Dig. Digitalis purpurea.
Dios. Dioscorea villosa.
Dolich. Dolichos pruriens.
Dros. Drosera rotundifolia.
Dulc. Solanum dulcamara.
Elaps. Elaps corallinus.
Elat. Momordica elaterium.
Equiset. Equisetum hyemale.
Erig. Erigeron canadense.
Eugen. Eugenia jambos.

Eucalp. Eucalyptus globulus.
Euony. Euonymus europæus.
Eupat-perf. Eupatorium perfoliatum.
Eupat-purp. Eupatorium purpureum.
Euphorb. Euphorbium.
Euphr. Euphrasia officinalis.
Ferr. Ferrum.
Ferr-jod. Ferrum iodatum.
Ferr-mag. Ferrum magneticum.
Ferr-ph. Ferrum phosphoricum.
Ferr-s. Ferrous sulphate.
Fluor-ac. Hydrofluoric acid.
Form. Formica rufa.
Gal-ac. Gallicum acidum.
Gels. Gelsemium sempervirens.
Gins. Ginseng.
Glon. Glonoine.
Gnaphal. Gnaphalium polycephalum.
Gossyp. Gossypium herbaceum.
Gran. Punica granatum.
Graph. Graphites.
Grat. Gratiola officinalis.
Guaj. Guaiacum officinale.
Gum-gut. Gambogia.
Gymnoc. Gymnocladus canadensis.
Hæmatox. Hæmatoxylon campechianum.
Ham. Hamamelis virginica.
Hell. Helleborus niger.
Helon. Helonias dioica.
Hep-s. Hepar sulphuris calcareum.
Hydrang. Hydrangea arborescens.
Hydr. Hydrastis canadensis.
Hydroc-ac. Hydrocyanic acid.
Hydroph. Hydrophobinum.
Hyos. Hyoscyamus niger.
Hyper. Hypericum perforatum.
Ign. Strychnos ignatia.
Illic-an. Illicium anisetum.
Ind. Indigo.
Iod. Iodum.
Ipec. Cephælis ipecacuanha.
Iris. Iris versicolor.
Jabor. Jaborandi.
Jac-car. Jacaranda caroba.
Jalap. Jalapa.
Jatr. Jatropha curcus.
Juglans. Juglans cinerea.
Kali-bi. Kali bichromicum.
Kali-brom. Kali bromatum.
Kali-c. Kali carbonicum.
Kali-chl. Kali chloratum.
Kali-jod. Kali iodatum.
Kali-n. Kali nitricum (nitrum).
Kali-s. Kali sulphuratum.
Kalm. Kalmia latifolia.
Kino. Eucalyptus rostrata.
Kobalt. Kobaltum.
Kreas. Kreasotum.
Lach. Trigonocephalus lachesis.
Lachn. Lachnanthes tinctoria.
Lact-ac. Lactic acid.
Lact. Lactuca viroca.
Lam. Lamium album.
Lappa. Lappa major.
Laur. Prunus laurocerasus.
Led. Ledum palustre.
Lept. Leptandra virginica.
Lil-tig. Lilium tigrinum.
Lith-c. Lithium carbonate.
Lob. Lobelia inflata.
Lup. Humulus lupulus.
Lyc. Lycopodium clavatum.
Lycop-v. Lycopus virginicus.
Macrot. Macrotinum.
Magn-c. Magnesia carbonica.
Magn-m. Magnesia muriatica.
Magn-ph. Magnesia phosphoricum.
Magn-s. Magnesia sulphuricum.
Magnolia. Magnolia grandiflora.
Mancin. Hippomane Manzanilla.
Mang. Manganum.
Mel. Melilotus officinalis.
Meny. Menyanthes trifoliata.
Meph. Mephitis putorius.
Merc. Mercurius vivus. (Pure quick silver).
Merc-cor. Mercurius corrosivus.
Merc-cyan. Mercurius cyanatus.

Merc-dulc. Calomel (Mercurius chloride).
Merc-jod. Mercurius iodatus flavus.
Merc-bij. Mercurius iodatus ruber.
Merc-sol. Soluble Mercury (Black oxide).
Mez. Daphne mezereum.
Millef. Achillea millefolium.
Morph. Morphium.
Mosch. Moschus moschiferus.
Murex. Murex purpurea.
Mur-ac. Muriaticum acidum.
Myg. Mygale lasiodora cubana.
Myrica. Myrica cerifera.
Naja. Naja tripudians.
Narc. Narcissus poeticus.
Natr-ars. Natrum arsenicatum.
Natr-brom. Natrum bromatum.
Natr-c. Natrum carbonicum.
Natr-m. Natrum muriaticum.
Natr-n. Natrum nitricum.
Natr-ph. Natrum phosphoricum.
Natr-sal. Natrum salicylicum.
Natr-s. Natrum sulphuricum.
Nicc. Niccolum.
Nitr-ac. Nitricum acidum.
Nitr. Nitrum (Kali nitricum).
Nuph. Nuphar luteum.
Nux-m. Nux moschata.
Nux-v. Nux vomica.
Œnanth. Œnanthe crocata.
Œnonth. Œnonthera biennis.
Oleand. Oleander (Nerium).
Ol-an. Oleum animale.
Ol-jec. Oleum jecoris aselli.
Opi. Opium.
Origan. Origanum marjorana.
Osm. Osmium.
Ox-ac. Oxalicum acidum.
Oxytrop. Oxytropis lamberti.
Pæon. Pæonia officinalis.
Pallad. Palladium.
Pap. Papaya vulgaris.
Pareira. Pareira brava.
Paris. Paris quadrifolia.
Paul-p. Paullinia pinnata.
Paul-s. Paullinia sorbilis (Guarana)
Petr. Petroleum.
Petros. Petroselinum sativum.
Phell. Phellandrium aquaticum.
Phos-ac. Phosphoricum acidum.
Phos. Phosphorus.
Physos. Physostigma venenosum.
Phyt. Phytolacca decandra.
Pic-ac. Picricum acidum.
Pilocarp. Pilocarpinum (Alkaloid).
Pinus-l. Pinus lambertiana.
Pinus-s. Pinus silvestris.
Piper-m. Piper methysticum.
Piper-n. Piper nigrum.
Plant-maj. Plantago major.
Plant-min. Plantago minor.
Plat. Platinum.
Plumb. Plumbum metallicum.
Podo. Podophyllum peltatum.
Polyp. Polyporus officinalis.
Populus. Populus candicans.
Populus-trem. Populus tremuloides.
Poth. Pothos fœtidus.
Prun-s. Prunus spinosa.
Psor. Psorinum.
Ptel. Ptelea trifoliata.
Puls. Anemone pratensis (Pulsatilla).
Ran-b. Ranunculus bulbosus.
Ran-sc. Ranunculus sceleratus.
Raph. Raphanus sativus.
Rat. Ratanhia.
Rheum. Rheum officinale.
Rhod. Rhododendron chrysanthemum.
Rhus-a. Rhus aromatica (Fragrant sumach).
Rhus-gla. Rhus glabra (Smooth sumach).
Rhus-r. Rhus radicans (Poison ivy).
Rhus-t. Rhus toxicodendron (Poison oak).
Rhus-v. Rhus venenata (Poison elder).
Ric. Ricinus communis.
Robin. Robinia pseud-acacia.

Rumex. Rumex crispus.
Ruta. Ruta graveolens.
Sabad. Sabadilla officinarum.
Sabin. Juniperus sabina.
Salic-ac. Salicylicum acidum.
Samb. Sambucus nigra.
Samb-c. Sambucus canadensis.
Sang. Sanguinaria canadensis.
Sang-nit. Sanguinaria nitrate.
Santonin. Santoninum (Cinæic acid).
Sapo. Saponinum (Alkaloid).
Sarra. Sarracenia purpurea.
Sars. Sarsaparilla (Smilax officinal).
Scut. Scutellaria lateriflora.
Sec. Secale cornutum.
Selen. Selenium.
Senecio. Senecio aurens.
Seneg. Polygala senega.
Senna. Cassia officinalis (Acutifolia).
Sep. Sepia officinalis.
Sil. Terra silicea.
Solan. Solaninum (Alkaloid).
Solan-m. Solanum mammosum.
Solan-nig. Solanum nigrum.
Solan-tub. Solanum tuberosum.
Spig. Spigelia anthelmia.
Spong. Spongia tosta.
Squilla. Scilla maritima.
Stann. Stannum.
Staph. Staphisagria (Delphinium).
Sticta. Sticta pulmonaria.
Still. Stillingia sylvatica.
Stram. Datura stramonium.
Stront. Strontium carbonate.
Strych. Strychninum.
Sulph. Sulphur.
Sulph-ac. Sulphuric acid.
Sumb. Sumbul.
Symph. Symphytum.
Tabac. Tabacum.
Tan. Tanacetum.
Tarax. Taraxacum (Dandelion).
Tarent. Tarentula.
Tart-ac. Tartaric acid.
Tart-em. Tartarus emeticus.
Tax. Taxus baccata.
Tellur. Tellurium.
Tereb. Terebinthina.
Teucr. Teucrium (Marum verum).
Thal. Thallium.
Thea. Pekœ-tea.
Therid. Theridion.
Thlapsi. Thlapsi bursa pastoris.
Thuja. Thuja occidentalis.
Tilia. Tilia europæa.
Tong. Tonka bean.
Trill. Trillium.
Trif-rep. Trifolium repens.
Trif-pr. Trifolium pratense.
Uran-n. Uranium nitrate.
Urtica. Urtica urens.
Ustil. Ustilago maidis.
Uva. Uva ursi.
Vaccin. Vaccininum.
Valer. Valeriana officinalis.
Ver-a. Veratrum album.
Ver-V. Veratrum viride.
Verb. Verbascum thapsus.
Vib-op. Viburnum opulous.
Vib-prun. Viburnum prunifolium.
Vinca. Vinca minor.
Viola-od. Viola odorata.
Viola-tr. Viola tricolor.
Vipera-r. Vipera redi.
Vipera-t. Vipera torva.
Wyeth. Wyethia helenioides.
Xanth. Xanthoxylum americanum.
Yucca. Yucca filamentosa.
Zinc. Zincum.
Zinc-ac. Zincum aceticum.
Zinc-cyan. Zincum cyanatum.
Zinc-ferr. Zincum ferrocyanatum.
Zinc-m. Zincum muriaticum.
Zinc-ph. Zincum phosphoricum
Zinc-s. Zincum sulphuricum.
Zing. Zingeber officinale.
Ziz. Zizia aurea.

CONCORDANCE REPERTORY

OF THE

MOST RELIABLE SYMPTOMS FOUND IN THE HOMŒOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA.

Explanation.—The Concordance Repertory is arranged like an index or dictionary. In compiling it, the author observed the following rule: Give the noun, verb and essential adjective in the sentence.

To find any desired symptom, first fix the proper phraseology in the mind, or, better, write it down; then select the noun, verb, or essential adjective, giving preference to the word expressing the central thought, idea, fact, condition, or object of the sentence, and then refer to the word in the section of the Concordance devoted to the portion of the body affected.

For instance take the symptom: "Constant, dull aching in umbilical region, with frontal headache at same time." The symptom refers to a condition of the abdomen, and can be found in the section devoted to that part. "Aching" and "headache" expressing the condition, and "umbilical region" the location, we refer to either word in the Concordance and quickly find the desired symptom.

"Urine is cold when passed." This is a symptom of the urinary organs and may be found in the section devoted to them. By referring to either of the words "cold" or "passed," in that section, the symptom may be found at once.

And in like manner any desired symptom may be found.

Sometimes difficulty will be experienced in finding a symptom on account of the difference in the phraseology of materia medica writers, or upon the part of the person desiring to find the symptom. Therefore, when there is a failure to find a symptom under one word, the synonym should be thought of.

THE ABDOMEN.

Aching.—A. in abdomen. Bell., Cham., Nux-v., Puls., Ver-a. (Ars., Calc-c., Caust., China, Cocc., Coloc., Cupr., Hyos., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Sulph.)

A. distention after eating. Natr-m.

A. pain in hypogastrium. Coni.

A. in flanks or drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf.

A., pressive pain in hypogastrium, with bearing down in uterus. Apis.

A. soreness, cutting, drawing in left groin later in night. Calc-ph.

A. soreness and pain around umbilicus; relieved by passing fetid flatus. Calc-ph.

Burning distress, soreness and a. at umbilicus. Æsc.

Constant, dull a. in umbilical region, with frontal headache at same time. Lept.

Dull sticking or stinging, or burning, gnawing, a. pain on one side of umbilicus, increased by deep pressure; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen, or stomach. Berb.

Dull a. deep in hypogastrium, finally accompanied by fever, heat, anguish and uneasiness. Caust.

Dull a. distress in bowels. Bapt.

Distention of abdomen, followed by a. in stomach. Asaf.

Heavy a. pains in umbilicus. Ver-v.

Loud rumbling, with dull a. in hypogastrium and small of back; worse moving. Hydr.

Pressing and a. in hypogastrium, with cold shivers. Tart-em.

Pressing a. in hypogastrium. China.

Shootings, pinchings, or a. in abdomen. Calc-c.

Soreness and a. distress in abdomen. Ptel.

Soreness and a. in muscles. Myrica.

Tingling, numbness, quivering or a. of abdominal wall. Calc-ph.

Acids.—Pain in abdomen from a. Dros., Phos-ac.

Across.—During pain, transverse colon protrudes like a pad, all way a. abdomen. Bell.

Pressure of clothing a. abdomen feels too tight, after eating. Sil.

Cutting pain a. abdomen, in paroxysms. Phos-ac.

Very sensitive a. abdomen. Coni.

Action.—Peristaltic a. of intestines reversed as in cholera Asiatica. Ver-a.

Spasmodic a. of muscular tissues of intestines, from irritation of motor nerves, or from rheumatism. Caul.

Violent a. of abdominal muscles during inspiration. Spong.

Adhered.—Sensation as if intestines a. to navel. Verb.

Adhesion.—Sensation of a. in hypogastrium. Sep.

Afternoon.—Colic at a certain hour each a. China.

Loud and offensive flatus all a. Caust.

Tension in a. from accumulated flatus, but wind or gas passed copiously and easily. Carbo-v.

After-pains (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Contractive pains in hypogastrium, like a., with urging to stool. Coni.

Agitation.—Colic, with a. Ign.

Agonizing.—A. colic brought on by cold, wet feet. Coloc.

A. pain in abdomen, causing patient to bend double, with great restlessness, moaning and lamenting. Coloc.

Agony.—Intussusception of bowels, with singultus, violent colic, stercoraceous vomiting and great a. Cupr.

Air (see Flatus or Flatulence).—Abdomen hard, as if filled with a.; cannot bear pressure. Raph.

Fermentation in epigastrium, with eructations of hot a. Hep-s.

Alive.—A sudden, starting, bounding sensation in right iliac region, as from something a. Thuja.

Motion in bowels, like something a. Calc-ph. (Croc.)

Movements in abdomen as if from a fœtus, or something a. Sulph. (Croc., Sabad., Thuja.)

Movements and sensation as if something were a., without pain. Thuja.

Quivering in abdomen as if there was something a. in it, resembling fœtal movements. Sabin. (Croc.)

Running and crawling in bowels, as of something a. Cycl. (Croc., Thuja, Sulph.)

Spasmodic stricture in ileus, as if something a. was pushing out. Thuja.

Slight sensation of motion in abdomen, as if something were a. Sabin.

Anasarca.—General a. and dropsical affections of abdomen and legs, with great thirst. Acet-ac.

Anger.—Colic from a. Cham.

Colic, with cramps in calves, after a. Coloc.

Anguish.—Constrictive sensation in epigastric region, with a. and difficult breathing. Grat.

Dull aching deep in hypogastrium, finally accompanied by fever, heat, a. and uneasiness. Caust.

Intolerable a., arresting breathing, with lamentations. Ars.

Intussusception of bowels, with great a.; rushes about bent double, pressing abdomen. Ver-a.

Inflammation of intestines and peritoneum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of a., frequent hiccough. Acon.

Spasmodic contraction of abdomen, with great a., inclined to suicide. Aur.

Violent, burning pains, with intolerable a. Ars.

Violent pain in abdomen, with great a.; has no rest anywhere, rolls about on floor and despairs of life. Ars.

Animal.—Flatulence as from an a. crying. Thuja.

Fixed idea of a living a. in her abdomen. Thuja.

Much rumbling and croaking, as if an a. were crying in abdomen. Thuja. (Coloc.)

Anus (refer to section on Rectum).—Colic, with contraction of a. Verb.

Distention; in evening, with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down towards a. and tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Drawing from a. to umbilicus. Lach.

Painful pressing towards groins and a. Graph.

Pain from umbilicus to a., with feeling as if diarrhœa would occur. Led.

Pressure downward in abdomen toward a. Sulph.

Rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; retraction of a. and nausea. Kali-bi.

Upon pressure at umbilicus a painful sensation is felt down to a., where there is a constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.

Violent cutting, like electric shock, darting through whole abdomen to a. Coloc.

Anxiety.—Distention of bowels in evening, with heaviness and a. Arg-n.

Extreme a. in epigastrium. Dig.

Griping in abdomen, as if constricted, with a. and difficult breathing. Spig.

Heat and a. in abdomen. Stram.

Heaviness in hypogastrium, as from a load, with a., as if abdomen would burst; ceases after sleep. Am-m.

Abdomen hard as a stone; knots in recti muscles; a., with cold sweat and deathly faintness. Plumb.

Pain and a. so great grasped bystanders and again pushed them away, frequently jumped out of bed and sat on chamber or ran about. Ars.

Anxious.—Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin cold; features sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, a. Ver-a.

Aorta abdominalis.—Violent throbbing of a. Iod.

Appear (see Menses, also Female Sexual Organs).—Pain in abdomen as if catemenia would a. Cina, Croc., Kali-c., Lam., Magn-c., Mosch., Mur-ac., Sep., Stann., Tilia.

Appetite.—Colic, with loss of a., hard stool, red urine. Ant-c.

Ascites, with loss of a.; hard, nodular stool, with pain in rectum. Prun-s.

Arm.—Abdomen enlarged and puffed; protrudes here and there as from a. of flatus. Thuja.

Colic in children, made worse at once by uncovering an a. or a leg. Rheum.

Arms.—Violent flatulent colic, pains cutting and twisting; radiate from abdomen to back, chest and a. Dios.

Around.—Cannot bear tight clothing a. abdomen. Carbo-v. (Lach., Lyc.). (Reverse, Nitr-ac.)

Pain extending from region of kidneys a. side to abdomen. Berb.

Sensation as if everything in abdomen were turning a., with nausea. Sep.

Arthritic.—A. pains, which suddenly wander from extremities to abdomen. Daph.

Ascites (see Dropsy).—A. Agn., Ars., China, Colch., Dig., Led., Merc., Millef., Sulph.

A. with bruised feeling in abdomen and scanty urine. Apoc.
A. (especially after scarlet fever). Hell.
A. with characteristic gastric symptoms. Colch.
A. (following cardiac or hepatic disease). Collins.
A.; dropsy, with dull percussion as high as third intercostal space; commenced in feet. Dig.
A. with great thirst. Acet-ac.
A., with loss of appetite; hard, nodular stool, with pain in rectum. Prun-s.
A. from disturbance of abdominal organs. Aur.
A. with scanty urine. Squilla.
A. from glandular affections. Merc.
A. with a fold over pubic region. Colch.
A. (from heart, hepatic, or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.
Inflammation of peritoneum and bowels, with a. and great tenderness of whole abdomen. Apis.
Sacculated a. Can-sat., China.

Asleep.—A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall a. while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Asunder.—Sensation in abdomen as if it were pressing a. Colch., Euphorb., Ign.

Atony.—A. of stomach and abdomen, feeling as if they hung down relaxed. Staph.

Atrophy.—A. mesenterica (in children). Merc.

Awakened.—A. at midnight, with crampy pains in small intestines; chilly; pains more if he moved. Nitr-ac.
Flatulent colic about midnight; a. by an incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatulence continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.
Pressure downward in abdomen, while lying in bed at night, which a. her. Sulph.

Awakens.—Wind in abdomen a. her; screams, thinking herself full of creeping things. Stram.
A. toward morning, with pinching colic, better from bending double. Petr. (Colch., Coloc.)

Axilla (see section on Extremities).—Shooting from left groin to a. Natr-s.
Swelling of glands of groin and a., generally painful. Natr-c.

Back (see section on Back).—Accumulation of flatus in right side of upper abdomen, more towards b., with pinching pains. Carbo-v.

A pressive pain in abdomen and small of b., bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Bearing-down, labor-like pains in abdomen, extending to hips and b. Sulph-ac.

Bruised pain in abdomen and small of b. Natr-s.

Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses, worse on motion, with tearing in small of b., during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust.

Colic: in morning; pain radiates to b. and chest. Caust.

Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending to b. (lumbar vertebræ). Camph.

Colic, with cutting and twisting in umbilical region, in epigastrium, worse on motion, with tension in below small of b. Caps.

Cutting pain in right side of hypogastrium, near pubes, extending to hip and small of b. Am-m.

Contractive pains in abdomen towards small of b. Calc-c.

Cold feeling in abdomen, b., and limbs. Sec.

Colicky pains proceeding from spinal cord, with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to b., with great depression of spirits. Plumb.

Distention and fullness in hypogastrium, as if parts would burst when lying on b. Bar-c.

Distention: in evening with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down toward anus with tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of b. Sulph.

Distended abdomen, has to lie on his b. to prevent suffocation. Iod.

Excrutiating pains in bowels, small of b., and limbs. Cimicif.

Griping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen and across right lumbar region, extending to b. Chelid.

Griping in hypogastrium; pain in small of b., and chilliness over body, during menses. Sulph.

Griping during menses, with pain in small of b. and general chilliness. Sulph.

Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of b., kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Loud rumbling with dull aching in hypogastrium and small of b.; worse moving. Hydr.

Lead colic, pains extend to b. Plat.

Labor-like colic, with pains in b. Kali-c.

Labor-like pains, drawing to small of b. and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flashes of heat in face; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in b., in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; relieved by eructations. Lyc.

Pressure in abdomen and small of b., as from a stone; limbs go to sleep while sitting. Puls.

Pressive tension in epigastrium, increased by motion, same feeling in lower b. Caps.

Pain in left side as from incarcerated flatus, extending to b. Cocc-c.

Pain of a dead, heavy character going through from abdomen to b. Natr-s.

Pain in bowels early in morning, better from external warmth and bending forward, while lying on side; worse lying on the b. Podo.

Pains in umbilical region, aggravated by lying on b. Ars.

Pains in abdomen and b. during and after stool. Podo.

Painful bearing down towards genitals, as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire for stool, extending through groin, above hips, towards small of b. Plat.

Painters' colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through into b.; patient screams and tries to relieve pain by turning in all possible directions. Plat.

Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pains at umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region of b. and to iliac fossæ, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.

Rumbling, with pain in small of b. and kidneys, and slight urethral soreness when urinating. Ferr.

Rumbling as if full of yeast, with severe pain from sternum to b. Still.

Stitches from region of small of b. through pelvis, towards pubes and inguinal region. Carls.

Stitches through abdomen, extending to b. Kali-bi.

Sensation like falling of a heavy lump from just above umbilicus to small of b.; after talking or over-exertion. Laur.

Swelling in cæcal region; must lie on b., with limbs drawn up; typhlitis. Lach.

Twitching in left side between navel and flank, as if in muscles of gall, then sticking deep in left side of b. Bry.

Twisting in abdomen and b., preceded by great weakness, before stool. Ver-a.

Violent colic, relieved only by lying on his b., with legs elevated vertically. Rhus-t.

Violent flatulent colic, pains cutting and twisting; radiate from abdomen to b., chest and arms. Dios.

Violent stitches from left lumbar region in b., transversely through abdomen, especially in hypogastrium and towards right groin. Ran-b.

Backward.—Colic, and pains in bowels which cause patient to bend b. Dios.

Cutting and violent pain in intestines; obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean b., cannot sit upright. Kali-c.

Sensation of pressure or pressing from above downward, or from before b., in abdomen. Calc-c.

Ball.—Constriction of abdomen around umbilicus, as if a b. or lump would form. Bell.

Sensation of a stick extending from throat to left side of abdomen with b. on each end of stick. Kali-c.

Sensation of a b. in hypogastrium while standing. Asaf.

Sensation as if a b. of thread was moving and turning rapidly through abdomen. Sabad.

Band.—Constriction of bowels as if tied tightly with a b. Arg-n.

Bandage.—Emptiness in umbilical region, with desire to take a deep breath; better from a b., or tight clothes. Fluor-ac. (Nitr-ac.)

Bear (see Endure).—Abdomen hard, as if filled with air; cannot b. pressure. Raph.

Cannot b. tight clothing around abdomen. Carbo-v., Nux-v. (Lach., Lyc.) (Reverse, Nitr-ac.)

Cannot b. anything tight about abdomen, especially after eating. Graph. (Carbo-v., Lyc.)

Colic at one o'clock in morning, had to lie crooked; could not b. covering. Magn-m.

Extreme tenderness of abdomen, cannot b. touch of clothes. Crotal. (Lach.)

Great pain in right ileo-cæcal region, cannot b. the lightest touch, not even of bed cover. Bell.

Stomach and bowels feel sore, cannot b. slightest touch. China.

Sensitiveness to touch, cannot b. even clothing. Bell.

Tension of abdomen, cannot b. to be touched. Arg-n.

Bearing down.—B. in abdomen. Nux-v. (Aloe, Natr-c.)

B. sensation with menses. Sep.

B., labor-like pains in abdomen, extending to hips and back. Sulph-ac.

B. in hypogastrium. Arg-n., Calc-c., Coni.

B. in hypogastrium, as if contents would be forced out. Lil-tig.

B. towards genitals. Sabin.

B. towards genitals, in hypogastrium. Nux-v.

B. as though menstruation would come on. Lil-tig.

B. pain. Apoc. (Cact.)

B. pains in abdomen. Phyt.

A forcing, b. into pelvis, with desire for stool; violent cutting pain in hypogastrium. Puls.

A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, b. like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep, while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Aching, pressive pain in hypogastrium, with b. in uterus. Apis.

Drawing, tensive, b. pain in abdomen, like labor pains. Puls.

Distention: in evening, with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and b. towards anus and tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Griping, twisting, pressing, b. or labor-like pains in abdomen to groins. Sabin.

Labor-like, or b. pains in abdomen. Asaf., Bry., Cham., Cina, Croc., Ign., Iod., Kali-c., Kreas., Natr-m., Nux-v., Pallad., Plat., Puls., Sec., Sep., Sulph-ac., Tilia.

Pain and continual b. in hypogastrium. Sec.

Painful b. towards genitals, as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire for stool, extending through groin above hips, towards small of back. Plat.

Painful b., with painful, burning micturition. Psor.

Pressing and b. in abdomen, extending into pelvis. Bell., Plat., Puls., Sep. (Cimicif., Lil-tig.)

Sensation of b. in hypogastrium, with dragging pains from sacrum. Sep.

Violent contracting bellyache, coming suddenly in morning, with b., in suppressed menses. Agn.

Beat.—Flatulence which rises to stomach, causing fullness and oppression in chest, prover has to b. on chest with fists, as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)

Beaten.—Abdomen sore to touch, as if b., after cough. Calad.

Abdominal muscles painful to touch, as if b. Sulph.

Abdomen feels as if it had been b. Cocc., Natr-s. (Am-c., Ang., Arg-m., Ars., Aur., Can-sat., Carbo-v., Caust., Cham., China, Coloc., Coni., Ferr., Hep-s., Ing., Kali-jod., Lam., Led., Magn-m., Merc-cor., Ran-b., Ruta, Sabad., Samb., Sep., Staph., Stram., Sulph., Valer., Ver-a.)

Pain in abdomen, as if b., when lying on right side. Merc.

Sensation as if b. in hypogastrium and inguinal region. Valer.

Sensation of fullness, and as if b., in epigastrium and whole abdomen. Asaf.

Bed.—Flatulent colic moving about abdomen in evening, after lying down in b. Puls.

Pain in hypogastrium, preventing an upright posture, forcing patient to lie doubled up in b. Sec.

Pressure downward in abdomen, while lying in b. at night, which awakened her. Sulph.

Pain and anxiety so great grasped bystanders and again pushed them away, frequently jumped out of b. and sat on chamber or ran about. Ars.

Sensation in abdomen, at night in bed., which causes patient to stretch violently for hours together. Plumb.

Bed-bugs.—Red spots like bites of b. on abdomen. Lach.

Bee sting.—Plunging pain in abdomen, pains like b. in peritonitis, with great prostration; rapid pulse and fever. Apis.

Belch (see Eructation).—Distention of abdomen, with a desire to b.; or a sensation as if abdomen were packed full, not in least relieved by eructations. China.

Belching (see Eructation also section on Stomach).—B. large quantities of wind after eating. Phos.

Abdomen feels swollen; relieved by b. Can-ind.

Fullness and pressure in epigastrium, relieved by b. and passage of flatus. Fluor-ac.

Peristaltic motion reversed, with b. and vomiting of fecal matter. Opi.

Shocks of pain in umbilical region up to epigastrium; nausea straining and b. of wind. Iris.

Bellyache.—B., as if intestines were torn out. Asaf.

B., with rumbling in bowels, diarrhœa and violent delirium. Acet-ac.

B.; griping pains in umbilical region. Am-m.

Cutting b. from right to left iliac fossæ, thence to rectum. Sang.

Terrible cutting b., with frequent thin stools, fainting and cold sweat. Ars.

Violent contracting b., coming suddenly in morning, with bearing down, in suppressed menses. Agn.

Below.—Griping, sometimes b., sometimes above umbilicus. Ver-a.

Bend.—Agonizing pain in abdomen, causing patient to b. double, with great restlessness, moaning and lamenting. Coloc.

Colic, compelling to b. double. Coloc., Rheum. (Bell., Chelid., Grat., Rhus-t., Sabad.)

Colicky pains, obliging him to b. forward for relief. Coloc., Iris.

Cramp in hyogastrium as from pressure of flatus on bladder, so he must b. forward. Prun-s.

Colic, and pain in bowels, which cause patient to b. backward. Dios.

Colic after eating or drinking, obliging one to b. double; worse from sweet things. Sulph.

Griping, pinching, colic; periodical after breakfast or meals; causing him to b. forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

Pain in abdomen, causing her to b. double (Aloe, Colch., Iris); worse from eating or tightening clothes. Caust.

Pain in abdomen when walking; must b. forward; pain settles in ileo-cæcal region; sore, tender. Nitr-ac.

Pain in umbilical region, causing to b. forward. Ars.

Pain in lower chest and abdomen, forcing her to b. forward; abdomen and stomach distended; she must unlace. Puls.

Pinching in abdomen, obliging him to b. double. China.

Severe colicky pains, mostly in umbilical region; has to b. double. Coloc.

Spasmodic cutting in hypogastrium; must b. double. Calad. (Coloc.)

Sudden, painful cuttings, with feeling as if one were digging him with fingers, compelling patient to b. double, relieved by profuse pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)

Sticking in a small spot in umbilical region, obliging him to b. up; aggravated by lifting. Coloc.

Violent cutting colic, forcing one to b. double. Rheum, Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris.)

Bending.—Colic, better b. double. China. (Coloc.)

Colic better by b. forward. Magn-c. (Coloc.)

Colic: aggravated by eating; after flatulent food; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from b. double. Colch., Coloc.

Colic: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; relief only obtained by b. body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Cutting, flatulent colic, worse on b. double. Tart-em.

Griping, colic-like pains, relieved by b. forward. Senecio. (Coloc.)

Periodical, colicky pains, better b. double and after stool. Cimicif.

Pain in bowels early in morning, better from external warmth and b. forward while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and b. himself inward. Coloc.

Bends.—Spasmodic contraction of abdominal muscles, left side, with burning pains; b. over to left side. Sabad.

Bent.—Along with sensation of distention, constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks and forces one to lean forward b. double. Bell.

Colic pains and contraction in abdomen force him to walk b. Rhus-t., Bell., Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris, Nux-v., Rheum.)

Cutting and violent pain in intestines, obliged to sit b. over, pressing with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.

Contraction and tension of abdominal muscles; has to walk b. forward. Arg-m.

Griping in intestines, as if bowels were forcibly grasped; on account of which could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk b. over. Coloc.

Heaviness, with sensation as if abdomen hung down heavily, obliging her to walk b. Carbo-v.

Intussusception of bowels, with great anguish; rushes about b. double, pressing abdomen. Ver-a.

Twisting, griping, must sit b. forward. Aloe. (Caust., Coloc., Iris, Ver-a.)

Better.—Awakens toward morning with pinching colic, b. from bending double. Petr. (Coloc., Colch.)

Abdomen greatly distended; b. from passing wind up or down. Carbo-v.

Abdominal troubles, b. from tight clothing. Nitr-ac.

Cutting, griping, and jerking pains in abdomen, especially after eating; b. after stool. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)

Cutting, colicky pains, with heat and faintness; b. after passing flatus. Hydr.

Cutting pain in upper part of abdomen, b. by passing flatus. Asar.

Cutting, contractive pains, with restless tossing; b. from rubbing, or hard pressure. Plumb.

Colic b. by bending forward. Magn-c. (Coloc.)

Colic b. bending double. China. (Coloc.)

Colic, worse after stool. Nux-v. (B. after stool. Coloc., Rhus-t.)

Colic-like spasmodic pain after vexation, spreading from umbilicus, b. from frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc.

Colic: cutting, griping, and twisting, especially about umbilicus; b. after stool. Ver-a.

Colic b. from hot milk. Croton-tig.

Colic: aggravated by eating; after flatulent food; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; b. from bending double. Colch., Coloc.

Colicky pains, b. passing fetid flatus. Psor.

Clawing around umbilicus; b. from pressure. Bell.

Emptiness in umbilical region, with desire to take a deep breath; b. from a bandage or tight clothes. Fluor-ac. (Nitr-ac.)

Frequent but transient abdominal pains during day, b. from pressure, Podo.

Griping as from a hand, each finger seemingly sharply pressing into intestines; b. during rest, worse by motion. Ipec.

Hernia, b. from pressure on abdomen. Stann.

Pain in bowels early in morning, b. from external warmth and bending forward while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.

Periodical colicky pains, b. bending double and after stool. Cimicif.

Sudden painful contraction of bowels, extending to epigastrium; b. from pressure; on lying it ceases. Am-c.

Big belly.—B. of children. Cupr. (Calc-c.)

B. and emaciated limbs, in children who dislike to be washed. Sulph.

Biliary calculi.—Pain attending passage of b. Calc-c.

Bites.—Red spots like b. of bed-bugs on abdomen. Lach.

Black.—Strangulated hernia; gut b. China.

Blackish.—B. blue swelling of abdomen. Æth.

Bladder (see section on Urinary Organs).—Colic, with pain in b. Lach., Nux-v., Prun-s.

Colic, with great pressure downwards upon rectum and b. Opi.

Colicky pains in right side of abdomen, extending into b., with frequent urging to urinate. Lyc.

Cramp in hypogastrium, as from pressure of flatus on b., so he must bend forward. Prun-s.

Flatulent colic; cutting as if bowels, b. and rectum were pressed upon by a sharp instrument. Nux-v.

Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, b. and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Pressive and constrictive pain, like a stone, in hypogastrium, extending down to b. Puls.

Pressing outward, as if b. would be forced out. Sep.

Painful sensitiveness of abdomen and region of b. (hypogastrium). Squilla.

Pelvic peritonitis, associated with inflammation of b., with tympanitis. Tereb.

Pain in perinæum, seemingly arising from neck of b. Canth.

Shooting pains from bowels into testes and b. Opi.

Blisters.—Large b. on raised base, from umbilicus to spine. Graph.

Bloated.—B. abdomen. Agar., Dolich., Magn-c., Mang., Rheum., Sabin.

B. abdomen after eating. Carbo-v., Caust. (Lyc., Sep., Kali-c.)

B. distention after eating. Cham.

B. hard and sore abdomen. Cina.

B. abdomen, with diarrhœa. Graph.

B. abdomen; puffed up at single spots. Bov.

B. abdomen in children. Calc-c.

B. around waist and abdomen, with flatus. Absinth.

Abdomen b; flatulent colic; soreness in hypogastrium. Carb-ac.

Abdomen b. (as in intermittent fever). Chin-ars.

Abdomen b., with constipation. Magn-m.

Distended, b. abdomen. Mang.

Epigastrium painfully b. in morning, with sensation as if contents were pressing into chest. Cham.

Great heaviness in b. abdomen. Asaf., Magn-c.

Hard, b. abdomen. Natr-c., Valer., Ver-a.

Hard, b. abdomen, especially in children. Sil.

Hard, b., sensitive abdomen, especially around umbilicus. Kali-c.

Hard, b., tympanitic abdomen. Opi.

Inclination to colic, diarrhœa; b. abdomen. Sec.

Tympanitis; abdomen feels b., followed by eructation. Kali-bi.

Bloatedness.—Fullness and sensation of b. in abdomen, as if she were inflated. Apis.

Painful b. in both groins. Kali-c.

Tympanitis; b. of abdomen; rumbling in evening. Sabin.

Bloating.—Sudden painful b. of abdomen, as if it would burst, disappearing after emission of flatus. Kali-jod.

.Blood.—Neuralgia of bowels, with nausea and retching, even vomiting of b. Stann.

Bloody fluid—Oozing of b. from navel of infants. Calc-ph.

Blowing.—Pain in abdomen when b. nose. Canth.

Blue.—Blackish b. swelling of abdomen. Æth.

Blueness.—Colic, with b. of nails. Sil.

Board.—Abdomen stretched like a b. Cupr.

Body.—Feeling in left groin, on sitting down, as if a hard b. were lying there; relieved after pressure by passage of flatus. Carbo-an.

Feeling as if a hard b. pressed from within outwards, at right inguinal-ring; part not feeling hard to touch; while sitting with b. bent forward. Bell.

Neuralgic enterodynia, with sensation of retraction of abdomen; pains radiating to all parts of b. Plumb.

Sensation of a hard b. moving in abdomen. Borax.

When turning on right side, a hard b. seems to roll from umbilicus to that side. Lyc.

Boiler.—Borborygmus, as if a b. was working within bowels. Nitr-ac.

Borborygmus (see Rumbling).—B. Agar., Caps., Coloc., Coni., Lyc., Natr-c., Plumb.

B.; sounds as if water running out of a bottle. Aloe.

B., as if a boiler was working within bowels. Nitr-ac.

B., with profuse fetid flatus. Oleand.

Flatulent colic, with b., at night. Ferr.

Boring.—B. in abdomen. Seneg. (Aloe, Arg-m., Ars., Calad., Cina, Coloc., Dig., Sabad., Sep., Tarax.)

B. in hypogastrium. Sabad.

B. in epigastrium. Seneg.

Burning, b., whirling in umbilical region. Sabad.

Intermittent, b., pains often extending in chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Bottle.—Borborygmus; sounds as if water running out of a b. Aloe.

Gurgling, as of a fluid running out of a b. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Loud gurgling in abdomen as if water running out of b. Aloe.

Noise as if water running out of b. (Aloe.) in evening. Jatr.

Brandy.—Colic of b. or coffee drinkers. Nux-v.

Break.—Sensation in abdomen as if something tight would b., if too much effort was made to void a constipated stool. Apis.

Breakfast.—Griping, pinching colic; periodical after b. or meals; causing him to bend forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

Pain in abdomen after b. Nux-v., Phos.

Griping at various times, sometimes when yawning, or after b., or with cutting after dinner. Zinc.

Rumbling after stool; after b., with griping; retraction of anus, and nausea. Kali-bi.

Breath.—Abdomen distended, with shortness of b. Lob.

Emptiness in umbilical region, with desire to take a deep b.; better from a bandage, or tight clothes. Fluor-ac. (Nitr-ac.)

Pain in upper part of hypogastrium, as from a stone, that always takes away b., so that he could breathe only with difficulty, immediately after dinner. Nux-v.

Constrictive pinching or griping in epigastrium, taking away b. Cocc.

Stitches under false ribs left side, intercepting b. Arn. (Bry., Seneg., Zinc.)

Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhœa and vomiting, and great oppression of b. Apis.

Breathe.—Pain in upper part of hypogastrium, as from a stone, that always takes away breath, so that he could b. only with difficulty immediately after dinner. Nux-v.

Breathing (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Constrictive sensation in epigastric region, with anguish and difficult b. Grat.

Griping in abdomen, as if constricted, with anxiety and difficult b. Spig.

Intolerable anguish, arresting b., with lamentations. Ars.

Lancinating pains extending from bowels to chest, aggravated by b., also micturition. Clem.

Pain in hypogastrium when b. Asaf.

Pain in abdomen when b. out (expiring). Brom., Dig.

Pain in abdomen when b. Anac., Arg-m., Berb., Dig., Hyos., Kreas., Magn-c., Mosch., Seneg., Sulph.

Pressure in epigastrium which arrests b. Lach.

Sudden stinging stiches to pelvis, impeding b. Chelid., China, Kali-c., Ran-sc., Samb., Tilia.

Bright's disease (see section on Urinary Organs).—Ascites (from heart, hepatic, or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from b. of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.

Brown.—B. spots on abdomen; chloasma. Lyc., Sep.

Yellow or b. spots on abdomed. Thuja.

Brownish.—B. spot on abdomen. Ars., Carbo-v., Kali-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sabad., Sep., Thuja.

Bruised.—B. feeling in abdomen. Hep-s., Sulph.

B. pain in abdomen. Merc-cor., Ox-ac.

B. pain in left side over left hip. Arg-m.

B. feeling in abdominal walls, which are extremely tender. Apis.

B. feeling of intestines; cannot lie on right side. Merc.

B. sore pain in intestines. Natr-c., Nux-v. (Merc.)

B. pain in abdomen, especially in cæcal region and over transverse colon. Merc-cor.

B. pain in abdomen and small of back. Natr-s.

Ascites with b. feeling in abdomen and scanty urine. Apoc.

Abdomen tense, sore, as if b., sensitive to touch. Magn-m.

Bowels feel sore when touched, or on coughing, as if b. (Merc.) or weakened by cathartics. Ferr.

Elastic swelling (size of a fist) in left groin, evenings; with b. pain therein; cannot lie on left side; on awaking, both swelling and pain gone. Am-c.

Hæmorrhoids, with sore b. feeling in bowels. Bad.

Intestines feel b. Can-sat., Coloc.

Pinching, cutting colic; abdomen sore on pressure as if b. and ulcerated. Ran-b.

Soreness over abdomen as if b. Bad. (Arn., Ruta.)

Soreness as if b. Arn.

Violent pain in umbilical region whole forenoon, without intermission. It was situated at a spot about size of a hand and was a b. pain; aggravated by walking, but not by pressing. Coloc.

Bruises.—Pain as from b. in groins. Caust.

Pain as from b., with pinching in right side of abdomen. Caust.

Bubbles.—Motions in abdomen, as if b. were forming and bursting. Tarax.

Bubbling.—B. in abdomen. Hell., Phos-ac., Tarax.

B. sensation in abdomen. Croc.

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and b.; relieved by eructations. Lyc.

Bubo (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—B. Clem., Merc.

Buboes (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Inflamed b. Nitr-ac.

Syphilitic b. Bad.

Suppuration of inguinal gland; b. Hep-s. (Calc-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Thuja.)

Hard b. suppurate, with callous edges; ichorous, offensive discharges. Carbo-an.

Burned.—Insupportable heat in abdomen, as though something b. him internally. Cact.

Burning.—B. in abdomen. Ars., Camph., Canth., Laur., Mez., Natr-m., Natr-s., Ran-b., Sabad., Sep., Ver-a.

B. around umbilicus. Bov., Lach.

B. in hypogastrium. Calad., Camph. (Nitr., Phos-ac., Stram.)

B. or coldness in abdomen. Sabad., Sars.

B. and smarting in right inguinal region, with tension on motion. Berb.

B. in umbilical region or in whole abdomen, rising up into chest and throat. Calc-ph.

B. in umbilical region, frequently extending to pit of stomach, with anxious throbbing, piercing, and vanishing with a chill. Acon.
B. distress in abdomen, like coals of fire, with great restlessness, tossing and turning (in peritonitis). Ars.
B. sensation along intestinal tract. Canth.
B. in left side of pelvis. Am-c., Graph., Plat., Ruta, Sep.
B. pains in bowels. Caps.
B. in navel. Acon., Berb., Bov., Calc-c., Canth., Carbo-v., Cham., Crotal., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Lach., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-jod., Natr-c., Ol-an., Phos-ac., Plat., Raph., Sulph-ac., Tilia.
B. in small spots in sides of abdomen. Ox-ac.
B. in epigastrium. Calad., Camph. (Canth., Raph.)
B. in umbilical region, with goneness and faintness in epigastrium. Hydr.
B. pains radiating through abdomen (in gastralgia). Graph.
B. pain in abdomen. Crotal.
B. distress, soreness and aching at umbilicus. Æsc.
B. and pressure in hypogastrium, as if in uterus. Sulph-ac.
B. in bowels as from hot coals. Ars., Ver-a.
B. like fire in hypogastric and lumbar region. Lach.
B. in abdomen mounting towards chest and descending to thighs. Lach.
B. and cutting in intestines, worse from pressure or lying on right side. Acon.
B., boring, whirling in umbilical region. Sabad.
B., griping pains in umbilical region. Phyt.
B. in abdomen, with chronic inflammation of bowels. Ran-b.
B. and pain in abdomen. Ox-ac.
B. in small spots. Ox-ac.
Abdomen swollen, b. hot, and sensitive to touch. Acon. (Bell., Cupr.)
Coldness in epigastrium and hypogastrium followed by b. heat. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Sec.)
Cutting, stitching, or b. in groins. Canth.
Cutting in abdomen as from knives, with b. Canth.
Cutting, b. around umbilicus. Kali-jod.
Dull sticking or stinging, or b., gnawing pain on one side of umbilicus, increased by deep pressure; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb.
Deep, heavy, b. pain in abdomen, as if intestines were tied. Ars.
Great b. in epigastrium, at same time mucous membrane of mouth burns like fire. Iris.
Great b. distress in epigastrium, can hardly endure it. Iris.
Heat and b. in abdomen. Bell., Mez. (Acon., Ars., Canth.)
Hernia, recent and small; incarcerated; with bilious vomiting, cold sweat, b. as from coals of fire. Acon.
Internal b. heat with external coldness. Camph.

Inflammation of intestines and peritoneum, with intense b. and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Intestinal catarrh, with b. in bowels. Puls.

Peritonitis, with sticking, b. pains; abdomen very sore to touch, with constipation. Bry.

Pressing, cutting, stinging, b. in abdomen. Sep.

Stitching, tearing, or b. in skin of abdomen, mostly in umbilical region. Berb.

Sticking outward in a small spot, more on left side, ending in b. itching. Lith-c.

Sharp pain in region of spleen, with dull pain and b. in stomach and bowels. Hydr.

Terrible b. in intestines. Ars.

Violent b. pains through whole intestinal tract. Ars., Canth.

Violent b. in epigastrium. Colch.

Violent b. soreness in right groin. Tart-em.

Violent b., must shriek, horrible pains in bowels. Tabac.

Violent, b. pains, with intolerable anguish. Ars.

Weak, b., uneasy feeling in bowels, as of approaching diarrhœa. Ailanth.

Burns.—Great burning in epigastrium, at same time mucous membrane of mouth b. like fire. Iris.

Burst.—Colic as if abdomen would b.; presses fists into sides. Hyos.

Colic: as if stomach had been overloaded; as if abdomen would b. Coff.

Colic as if abdomen would b.; cannot suffer clothes to even touch abdomen. Coff.

Distention and fullness in hypogastrium, as if parts would b. when lying on back. Bar-c.

Excessive tympanitis, as if abdomen would b., aggravated by food. Caust.

Feeling as if abdomen would b. if eats or drinks. Carbo-v.

Heaviness in hypogastrium, as from a load, with anxiety, as if abdomen would b.; ceases after sleep. Am-m.

Pain on side above left hip, as if it would b. there on coughing. Caust.

Pain in abdomen as if it would b. when walking. Lach.

Pain in abdomen as if it would b. Coff., Sep., Valer.

Painful pressure in hypogastrium, as if it would b., before stool. Spig.

Sudden painful bloating of abdomen, as if it would b., disappearing after emission of flatus. Kali-jod.

Violent cramp-like pains, as if abdomen would b., with contractive eructations; worse after midnight. Nitr-ac.

Bursting.—Colic from flatulence; abdomen full to b.; worse from least motion; better from passing flatus. Carbo-v.
Feeling as if greatly distended, even to b., causing suffocation. Caps.
Motions in abdomen, as if bubbles were forming and b. Tarax.
Button.—Pressure in epigastrium, as if caused by a b. Am-c.
Bystanders.—Pain and anxiety so great grasped b. and again pushed them away, frequently jumped out of bed and sat on chamber or ran about. Ars.

Cæcal region.—Bruised pain in abdomen, especially in c. and over transverse colon. Merc-cor.
Large hard swelling in c., painful to touch and motion. Plumb.
Sharp pain in c. Hydr.
Swelling in c.; must lie on back, with limbs drawn up; typhlitis. Lach.
Cæcum.—Tympanitis, mostly about c. and transverse colon. Phos.
Sensitiveness below c. Phos-ac. (Sulph.)
Callous.—Hard buboes suppurate, with c. edges; ichorous, offensive discharges. Carbo-an.
Calves.—Colic, with cramps in c., after anger. Coloc.
Cardiac.—Ascites following c. or hepatic disease. Collins.
Cardialgia.—Spasmodic pressure in hypogastrium in c. Tabac.
Carriage.—Pain in abdomen from riding in c. Carbo-v.
Carrying.—Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by c. it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.
Catamenia (see Menses, also Female Sexual Organs).—Pain in abdomen as if c. would appear. Cina, Croc., Kali-c., Lam., Magn-c. Mosch., Mur-ac., Sep., Stann., Tilia.
Catarrh.—C. of duodenum. Kali-bi.
Intestinal c., followed by ulceration. Hydr.
Intestinal c., with burning in bowels. Puls.
Catarrhal.—C. mucous enteritis, with severe colic and tenesmus. Dios.
C. enteritis. Ars.
Acute c. enteritis during damp weather. Gels.
Cavity.—Accumulation of serum in abdominal c. Graph.
Cease.—Wandering pains in umbilical region, which c. and recur periodically. Cact.
Ceases.—Heaviness in hypogastrium, as from a load, with anxiety as if abdomen would burst; c. after sleep. Am-m.
Cellulitis.—Acute pelvic c. and peritonitis. Ver-v.
Changing.—Flatus c. place and causing pain. Natr-c.
Violent cutting pressure in abdomen, c., now here, now there. Bell.
Chattering.—Cutting colic, with coldness, teeth c., limbs tremble; worse after stool. Bov.

Cheeks.—Contractive, clawing pains in abdomen, around umbilicus, in paroxysms, with nausea and heat of c. Hep-s.

Chest.—Burning in abdomen mounting towards c. and descending to thighs. Lach.

Burning in umbilical region or in whole abdomen, rising up into c. and throat. Calc-ph.

Colic: in morning; pain radiates to back and c. Caust.

Cutting in intestines, extending through c. towards right shoulder. Acon.

Dragging down of stomach and whole abdominal contents, extending even to organs of c.; must support abdomen. Lil-tig. (Bell., Plat., Sep.)

Epigastrium painfully bloated, in morning, with sensation as if contents were pressing into c. Cham.

Flatulence in bowels, seems to rise up into c. Rheum.

Feeling as from hot water pouring from c. to abdomen, followed by diarrhœa. Sang.

Flatulence which rises to stomach, causing fullness and oppression in c., prover has to beat on c. with fists, as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)

Griping, tearing, in epigastric region, in side of c., after eating. Zinc.

Incarcerated flatus with oppression of c. Phos.

Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to c., threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Lancinating pains extending from bowels to c., aggravated by breathing, also during micturition. Clem.

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of ribs and c., causing tension and bubbling; relieved by eructations. Lyc.

Pinching constriction in epigastrium after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and c. Cocc.

Pinching colic alternating with pain in c. Ran-b.

Pain in lower c. and abdomen, forcing her to bend forward; abdomen and stomach distended, she must unlace. Puls.

Tightness in abdomen, extending into c., followed by diarrhœa. Natr-s.

Tensive pain from abdomen to c., as from distention of abdomen. Caps.

Violent flatulent colic, pains cutting and twisting; radiate from abdomen to back, c. and arms. Dios.

Warm contraction extending from umbilical region to c., with nausea. Mang.

Child.—C. writhes in every possible direction; doubles itself up and screams in great distress; it cries very hard. Coloc.

Movement in abdomen, as of fists of c. Sulph.

Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when c. is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

Children.—C. frequently afflicted with worms. Stann.

Atrophy mesenterica in c. Merc.

Big belly of c. Cupr. (Calc-c.)

Bloated abdomen in c. Calc-c.

Big belly and emaciated limbs, in c. who dislike to be washed. Sulph.

Colic in c. made worse at once by uncovering an arm or a leg. Rheum.

Corpulency of c., with glandular swellings. Caust. (Calc-c.)

Flatulency in c. Cham.

Hard, bloated abdomen, especially in c. Sil.

Inguinal hernia in c. Aur. (Nitr-ac.)

Jaundice in nursing c.; abdomen tympanitic; spleen and liver enlarged. China.

Mesenteric glands swollen and hard in c. Calc.c.

Marasmus (of c.). Ant-c.

Swollen abdomen, in c., with much colic. Staph.

Swelling in c. Calc-c., Caust., Staph.

Tumid, swollen abdomen in c. Caust., Calc-c., Sil.

Worms in c. Spig. (Cina.)

Chill.—Burning in umbilical region, frequently extending to pit of stomach, with anxious throbbing, piercing, and vanishing with a c. Acon.

Chilliness.—C. in abdomen. Ars., Kali-c., Phos., Plumb., Sec., Sulph.

Colic, with c. Coloc., Daph., Merc., Mez., Phos., Spig., Stront.

Colic about umbilicus, with c., nausea and vomiting, worse in evening. Puls.

Cramp, with c., in suppressed menstruation. Puls.

Griping in hypogastrium; pain in small of back, and c. over body, during menses. Sulph.

Griping during menses, with pain in small of back and general c. Sulph.

Griping and c. inside abdomen, passing downwards into legs as far as knees. Cham.

Labor-like pain, drawing to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flashes of heat in face; palpitation, afterwards c. Kreas.

Pinching in bowels attended by c. and shuddering. Merc.

Sudden violent colic, with much fainting and c. Stram.

Chilly.—Awakened at midnight, with crampy pains in small intestines; c.; pain more if he moved. Nitr-ac.

Chloasma.—Brown spots on abdomen; c. Sep.

Cholera.—C.; cramps; cold, clammy perspiration. Sec.

Cholera Asiatica.—Peristaltic action of intestines reversed, as in c. Ver-a.

Cholera infantum.—Excessive tympanitis in c. Sec.

Cholera morbus.—C., caused by fat, rich food. Puls.

Chronic.—C. painful hernia. Cic-v.

Burning in abdomen, with c. inflammation of bowels. Ran-b.

Circumscribed.—Tympanitic distention of abdomen in c., knotty swellings, large as fists, with obstruction of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.

Clammy.—Cholera; cramps; cold, c. perspiration. Sec.

Clawing.—C. in abdomen. Carbo-an., Coloc., Hep-s., Ipec., Mosch., Sep., Zinc.

C. around umbilicus; better from pressure. Bell.

C. in epigastrium. Mosch.

C. in hypogastrium. Bell., Lyc., Puls.

C. in navel. Acon., Stann.

C. in umbilical region, extending from both sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes up to epigastrium, as if had taken cold, or as if menses were coming on. Hep-s.

Colic, as if a spot in abdomen were seized with nails; a griping, clutching, c. Bell.

Clothes.—C. press upon abdomen. Sulph.

Colic, as if abdomen would burst; cannot suffer c. to even touch abdomen. Coff.

Extreme tenderness of abdomen, cannot bear touch of c. Crotal. (Lach.)

Emptiness in umbilical region, with desire to take a deep breath; better from a bandage, or tight c. Flour-ac. (Nitr-ac.)

Tight c. are unbearable. Calc-c. (Lach.)

Clothing.—Abdomen distended and very painful to least touch, even of c. Merc-cor. (Acon., Bell., Cupr.)

Abdomen so sensitive and tender cannot [permit c., not even night-dress to touch. Lach.

Abdominal troubles, better from tight c. Nitr-ac.

Body cold, abdomen hot; not satisfied until all c. is removed from abdomen. Tabac.

Cannot bear tight c. around abdomen. Carbo-v. (Lach., Lyc.) (Reverse, Nitr-ac.)

Cannot bear tight c. around abdomen. Nux-v.

Everything about body feels too tight, desires to throw off c. Puls. (Lyc.)

Pressure of c. across abdomen feels too tight, after eating. Sil.

Pains in groin, as if he had strained himself; c. uncomfortable. Hydr.

Sensitiveness to touch, cannot bear even c. Bell.

Tight c. oppressive. Eupat-perf.

Clutching.—Colic, as if a spot in abdomen were seized with nails; a griping c., clawing. Bell.

Coals.—Burning in bowels, as from hot c. Ver-a., Ars.

Cœliac.—Neuroses of bowles involving c. and umbilical plexuses of nerves, which are in a great state of hyperæsthesia and pains and spasms are unbearable. Dios.

Coffee.—Colic of brandy or c. drinkers. Nux-v.

Cold.—C. feeling in abdomen. Grat., Ver-a.

C. feeling in abdomen, back and limbs. Sec.

C. feeling in bowels after every dose. Æth.

Agonizing colic brought on by c., wet feet. Coloc.

Abdomen hard as a stone; knots in recti muscles; anxiety, with c. sweat and deathly faintness. Plumb.

Body c., abdomen hot; not satisfied until all clothing is removed from abdomen. Tabac.

Burning or c. feeling in abdomen. Sars.

Colic as if intestines were twisted in a knot, with flatulence and c. sweat. Ver-a.

Colicodynia, with sensation as if bowels were tied up in knots; suffering causes c. sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Cholera; cramps; c., clammy perspiration. Sec.

Colic: after a c.; from fruits and vegetables. Ver-a.

Colic from c. water. Staph.

Colic in mornings, during c., misty weather. Arg-n.

Clawing in umbilical region, extending from both sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes up to epigastrium, as if had taken c., or as if menses were coming on. Hep-s.

Colic from c. Croc., Dulc., Nitr-ac., Merc., Puls.

Dull abdominal pain, as after taking c. Aloe.

Feeling of coldness during menses, as if a c. fluid passed through intestines. Kali-c.

Griping, as from taking c., with emission of flatus. Samb.

Griping and pinching as after taking c. Bry.

Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin c.; features sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.

Pressing and aching in hypogastrium, with c. shivers. Tart-em.

Pain in abdomen from c. Cham., Dulc. (Alu., China, Coloc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Ver-a.)

Pain in epigastrium as from taking c. with sensation as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf.

Swelling of inguinal glands from a c. Dulc.

Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, coldness and c. sweat. Ver-a.

Terrible cutting bellyache with frequent thin stools, fainting and c. sweat. Ars.

Shuddering in abdomen as if c. water were moving through. **Can-sat.**

Coldness.—C. in abdomen. Croton-tig., Hell., Petr., Sep.

C. of abdomen (Ambr.) and lower limbs. Æth.

C. in one side of abdomen. Ambr.

C. in epigastrium and hypogastrium followed by burning heat. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Sec.)

Burning or c. in abdomen. Sabad.

Colic, with general c. Ars., Bov., Meph.

Cutting colic, with c., teeth chattering, limbs tremble; wore after stool. Bov.

Feeling of c. during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali-c.

Frequent severe cramp in intestines, especially evening and night, with c. in thighs. Calc-c.

Heaviness in abdomen, with c. of hands and feet. **Aur.**

Internal c. Cist.

Internal burning heat with external c. Camph.

Pressure in abdomen and in epigastrium, with c. of hands and feet. Ambr.

Prostration and threatened collapse with internal c. Colch. (Ver-a.)

Paralysis of nerves, then follows copious discharge of serum accompanied by c. and prostration. Ver-a.

Rumbling in bowels, with c. Laur.

Sensation of c. in abdomen. Æth., Tereb. (Acon., Alu., Ambr., Ars., Asaf., Bell., Berb., Bov., Calc-c., Camph., Caps., Caust., China, Cist., Colch., Croton-tig., Eugen., Grat., Hell., Hydroc-ac., Kali-c., Kreas., Laur., Meny., Oleand., Petr., Phell., Phos., Plumb., Podo., Rot., Ruta, Sabad., Sars., Sec., Seneg., Sep., Sulph., Zinc.)

Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with great c. in epigastrium. Colch.

Tension across abdomen; heaviness, inactivity, c. Kali-c.

Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, c. and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Colic.—C. Asar., Ang., Bov., Cina, Coloc., Cop., Cupr., Euphorb., Ferr., Kali-c., Laur., Mez., Nux-v., Ran-b., Sec., Senna, Sil., Sulph., Ver-a.

C. passing off in a recumbent posture. **Merc.**

C. from worms. Sil., Spig., Valer.

C., and pains in bowels which cause patient to bend backward. **Dios.** (Forward. Coloc.)

C. better from hot milk. Croton-tig.

C., with cramps in calves, after anger. **Coloc.**

C. from incarcerated flatus. Coni., Kali-c.

C., cutting at umbilicus, at night. Kali-bi.

C., with dry, rough cough. Hep-s.
C. in transverse colon before every stool. Croton-tig.
C.: as if stomach had been over-loaded; as if abdomen would burst. Coff.
C. very violent in paroxysms, obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.
C. succeeded by vomiting, vertigo and weakness. Æth.
C. so painful as to drive patient mad. Coff.
C. as if abdomen would burst; cannot suffer clothes to even touch abdomen. Coff.
C. as if abdomen would burst; presses fists into sides. Hyos.
C. pains, first griping, then stitches in one or other side of abdomen. Ign.
C. which comes on suddenly and leaves suddenly. Dios.
C., after stool as though diarrhœa would occur. Natr-m.
C. every evening, as if diarrhœa would occur. Led. **(Coloc.)**
C., as if diarrhœa would occur. **China, Dulc.**
C., with sleepiness. Nux-m.
C. from anger. Cham.
C. before passage of flatus. **China.**
C. of most violent character. Coloc.
C. in evening, followed by leucorrhœa. Magn-m.
C., with distention of abdomen. Bry. **(Aloe, Coloc., Lyc.)**
C., with great thirst. Camph.
C., followed by stool. Merc-bij.
C., with eructations and spitting. **Kali-c.**
C., resembling pains of labor. Kreas.
C., followed by watery leucorrhœa. **Magn-c.**
C. during menstruation. Millef. (Am-c.)
C., compelling one to move about. Mosch.
C.: pinching, cutting, contractive, griping. **Nux-v.**
C. during pregnancy or from suppressed menses. **Puls.**
C. about umbilicus, with chilliness, nausea and vomiting, worse in evening. Puls.
C., with great pressure downwards upon rectum and bladder. Opi.
C. at umbilicus, or feeling of repletion after eating. Rhod.
C., with violent urging to stool. Sabad.
C.; motor nerves are mostly affected. Plumb. (Colocynthis attacks sensory.)
C. and griping, especially in epigastrium. Puls.
C. before and during stool, relieved after stool. Rheum.
C., as if umbilicus was pulled out. Stram. (As if pulled in. Plumb.)
C.: after a cold; from fruits and vegetables. Ver-a.
C., after midnight, painful in sides. Sulph.
C. in hypogastrium, from constipation, with yellow hands and blue nails. Sil.
C. about umbilicus, as from flatus. Ver-a.

C., with sensation as if a hernia would protrude. Sulph-ac.
C., with great distention and sensitiveness of abdomen. **Sep.**
C., with hæmorrhoids. Sulph.
C. from suppression of hæmorrhoidal flow. **Nux-v.**
C., from torpor of liver. Sang.
C., with suppressed menses. Puls.
C. after stool. Puls.
C., as if diarrhœa would occur, but only a normal stool **results.** Puls.
C. after drinking, in evening. Puls.
C., with pain in bladder. Lach., Nux-v., Prun-s.
C., with yellowness of hands. Sil.
C., with cramp in leg. Coloc.
C., with lameness of leg. Carbo-v.
C., with painfulness in leg. Coloc., Cop., **Sec.**
C. alternates with affections of eyes. Euphr.
C., with constipation. Bell.
C., with agitation. Ign.
C., with contraction of anus. Verb.
C., with diarrhœa. Coloc., Jalap., Stront. (Ambr., **Am-c.**, Ars., Borax, Bry., Chelid., Lach., Natr-c., Nicc., Ol-an., Petr., Phos., Puls., Spig., Ver-a., Zinc.)
C., with dyspnœa. Cocc. (Berb., Caps., Cham., China, Kreas., Lach., Lyc., Mez., Mosch., Rhod., Prun-s., Sulph.)
C., with eructations. Grat., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Nux-v., Rhod.
C., with fainting. Ran-sc.
C., with headache. Hyos.
C., with discharge of leucorrhœa. Kreas., Magn-c., Magn-m.
C., with cries. Cupr., Hyos., Ipec., Viola-tr.
C., compelling to walk bent. Coloc., Puls., Rhus-t.
C., with chilliness. Coloc., Daph., Merc., Mez., Phos., Spig., **Stront.**
C., with convulsions. Cic-v., Cupr., Sec.
C., with cough. China.
C.; in morning; pain radiates to back and chest. **Caust.**
C., better bending double. China. (Coloc.)
C., with convulsions, also vomiting. Cic-v.
C. in umbilical region, together with shivering. **China.**
C. at a certain hour each afternoon. China.
C. in umbilical region, with mucous stools. **Caps.**
C., with bright-red urine; relieved by eating. **Bov.**
C., with general coldness. Ars., Bov., Meph.
C. about umbilicus during stool. Ox-ac.
C. from cold water. Staph.
C. before every stool. Sulph.
C., with strangury. Arn.
C. before and during stool. Arg-n.
C. of brandy or coffee drinkers. **Nux-v.**

C. at one o'clock in morning, had to lie crooked; could not bear covering. Magn-m.
C., worse after stool. Nux-v. (Better after stool. Coloc., Rhus-t.)
C., with nausea, relieved by passing flatus. Natr-m.
C., umbilicus drawn in, abdomen hard. Natr-c. (Plumb.)
C. better by bending forward. Magn-c. (Coloc.)
C. alternating with cutting at navel, during night. Kali-bi.
C.; frequent discharge of wind. Aur.
C. in mornings, during cold, misty weather. Arg-n.
C. from eating sugar. Ox-ac.
C. at night. Petr.
C., with nausea, vomiting. Dig., Puls.
C. in morning. Alu., Phos.
C. immediately after eating. China, Graph., Nux-m.
C. after a meal. Kali-c. (Sulph.)
C. always after eating. Sulph. (Kali-c.)
C. from cold. Croc., Dulc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Puls.
C. pains from flatulence. Asclep-tub., Aster., Coca. (Aloe, Carbo-v., Coloc., Lyc.)
C. around umbilicus. Stann., Tart-em., Zinc.
C., with loss of appetite, hard stool, red urine. Ant-c.
C., as if a spot in abdomen were seized with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. (Ipec.)
C. resembling dysentery; a kind of grinding deep in hypogastrium, accompanied by nausea and slumber. Arn.
C., as if intestines were twisted in a knot, with flatulence and cold sweat. Ver-a.
C. in children made worse at once by uncovering an arm or a leg. Rheum.
C. pains and contraction in abdomen force him to walk bent. Rhus-t., Bell., Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris, Nux-v., Rheum.)
C. after eating or drinking, obliging one to bend double, worse from sweet things. Sulph.
C.: cutting, griping and twisting, especially about umbilicus; better after stool. Ver-a.
C. from flatulence; abdomen full to bursting; worse from least motion; better from passing flatus. Carbo-v.
C., with nausea and retraction of umbilicus. Chelid.
C., with stool, like constriction and griping with hand, followed by diarrhœa. Bry.
C., compelling to bend double. Acon., Coloc., Rheum. (Bell., Chelid., Grat., Rhus-t., Sabad.)
C., with cutting and twisting in umbilical region, in epigastrium, worse on motion, with tension in small of back. Caps.
C. about umbilicus, with stitches, and difficult emission of flatus; with thirst, nausea; waking him at night. Ox-ac.

C.: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

C., with constriction in epigastrium, or contraction of umbilicus and hardness of integuments of abdomen. Natr-c

C.: aggravated by eating; after flatulent food; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from bending double. Colch., Coloc.

Agonizing c. brought on by cold, wet feet. Coloc.

Awakens toward morning, with pinching c., better from bending double. Petr. (Coloc., Colch.)

Abdomen bloated; flatulent c.; soreness in hypogastrium. Carb-ac.

Catarrhal mucous enteritis, with severe c. and tenesmus. Dios.

Continual lacerating c. in side of abdomen. Cham.

Constrictive cutting c. Rheum.

Cramping c. pains in hypogastrium, almost insupportable, coming suddenly and with terrible severity. Vib-op.

Cutting, pinching, sharp c., followed by diarrhœa. Calc-ph.

Cutting c., with coldness, teeth chattering, limbs tremble; worse after stool. Bov.

Cutting c. (and sometimes diarrhœa) during menstruation. Caust.

Cutting c. and drawing in thighs before menses. Cham.

Cutting, sticking c.; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.), and sensitive to touch. Cham.

Cutting c. in abdomen. Squilla.

Cntting, flatulent c., worse on bending double. Tart-em.

Drawing c. as if menses would appear. Croc.

Drawing c. during menses. Sulph.

Drawing or griping c., after stool. Carbo-v.

Distended abdomen, continued motion in abdomen and c., then continued constipation; feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry.

Flatulent c. Alu., Cham., Kali-c., Natr-s., Phos., **Zinc.**

Flatulent c. at night. Ferr., Ign.

Flatulent c., with borborygmus, at night. **Ferr.**

Flatulent c., with faintness. Hydr.

Flatulent c., durning pregnancy. Cocc.

Flatulent c.; loud rumbling and gurgling; flatus moves about in abdomen, especially in evening. Puls.

Flatulent c., with griping pains in umbilical region as though intestines were grasped by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

Flatulent c. moving about abdomen in evening, after lying down in bed. Puls.

Flatulent c. especially in evening; loud rumbling and rolling with retraction of abdomen similar to lead c. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)

Flatulent c., with loud rumbling. Ver-a. (Lyc.)

Frequent c. from excessive tympanitis (in septic fever). Tereb.
Flatulent c. (Coloc., Lyc.); drawing, twisting pains. Caps.
Flatulent c. especialy after eating at night. China.
Flatulent c., greatly aggravated by food; relieved by lying down or bending double. Caust.
Flatulent c., with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa, and downward, causing urging to stool. Nux-v.
Flatulent c. in evening after lying down. Nux-v.
Flatulent c.; cutting as if bowels, bladder and rectum were pressed upon by a sharp instrument. Nux-v.
Flatulent c.; from indigestion; from over-eating. Nux-v.
Flatulent c.; griping pains. Aspar.
Flatulent c. in hypogastrium, as from a flatulent purgative. Acon.
Flatulent c. about midnight; awakened by an incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatulence continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.
Flatulence after meals; wind c. Dios.
Griping in abdomen, like c., immediately after eating. Natr-c.
Griping, pinching c., weakness, features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.
Griping, pinching c., with muco-purulent stools. Tereb.
Griping, pinching c., painful cutting and digging pains, relieved by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)
Griping, pinching c.; periodical after breakfast or meals; causing him to bend forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)
Griping c., relieved by discharge of flatus. Natr-s.
Great distention of stomach and bowels, with flatulency; almost to point of rupturing, with severe c. and acid diarrhœa. Robin.
Horrible c., with symptoms of collapse; convulsive vomiting or hiccough. Cupr.
Hæmorrhoidal c. Valer.
Intussusception of bowels, with singultus, violent c., stercoraceous vomiting and great agony. Cupr.
Intussusception, with c. and fecal vomiting. Plumb.
Intestinal obstruction, with violent c. and fecal vomiting. Opi.
Incarcerated flatus, causing c. Puls.
Inclination to c., diarrhœa; bloated abdomen. Sec.
Lead c. Natr-s., Opi., Sulph-ac.
Lead c., pains extend to back. Plat.
Labor-like c., with pains in back. Kali-c.
Much rumbling in abdomen, with excessive c. and debility. Hell.
Menstrual c. Puls. (Cimicif.)
Neuralgic c. in various parts of abdomen. Rhod.
Pinching c. in hypogastrium. Carbo-v.

Pinching, cutting c.; abdomen sore on pressure as if bruised and ulcerated. Ran-b.

Pinching c. alternating with pain in chest. Ran-b.

Pinching, pressing c., and fermenting rumbling in hypogastrium followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in morning. Nux-v.

Periodical c. and diarrhœa. Gels.

Painful c., with convulsions. Sec.

Painter's c. (said to be specific). Alu.

Painter's c.; pain in umbilical region, extending through into back; patient screams and tries to relieve pain by turning in all possible directions. Plat.

Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with c.; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

Rumbling in abdomen; feeling as though c. would occur. Nux-m.

Rumbling in bowels and c. around umbilicus. Rumex.

Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; from movement of gas, threatening c. Nux-m.

Scorbutic c. China.

Shifting of flatus, with sharp, cutting c., with nausea. Tart-em.

Spasmodic flatulent c. about midnight; passing flatus without relief; aggravated when coughing. Cocc.

Spasmodic contractive c. Sulph.

Spasmodic and griping flatulent c., with heat in palms of hands and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)

Spasmodic and flatulent c. Caul.

Sharp, cutting c. before stool. Tart-em. (Coloc., Merc.)

Sudden violent c., with much fainting and chilliness. Stram.

Severe c.; abdomen distended like a drum; wind passes off only in small quantities. Cham.

Swollen abdomen, in children, with much c. Staph.

Three months c. China.

Terrible c., pain begins in stomach radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Terrible c.; violent nausea and vomiting, with copious watery diarrhœa and great prostration. Ver-a.

Twisting c.; hysterical. Valer.

Violent flatulent c., pains cutting and twisting; radiate from abdomen to back, chest and arms. Dios.

Violent intermittent c.; cutting, drawing pains. Cupr.

Violent spasmodic flatulent c. Euphorb., Coloc.

Violent c., with cutting and stinging pains, as if caused by knives, principally at night or in cool of evening. Merc.

Violent c. with shivering. China.

Violent cutting c., with nausea and diarrhœa. Petr.

Violent c.; more on right side; griping and cutting about umbilicus. Kali-n.

Violent cutting c., forcing one to bend double. Rheum, Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris.)

Violent c.; abdomen retracted to spine, as if drawn in by a string. Plumb. (Chelid.)

Violent c., relieved only by lying on his back, with legs elevated vertically. Rhus-t.

Violent c., with feeling as if bowels would be cut to pieces. Tart-em.

Violent c. and faintness before menses. Sep.

Violent c.; urging; pinching in hypogastrium. Canth.

Wind c., with abdominal pulsations. Asaf.

Wind c. in hysterical or hypochondriacal persons. Millef.

When walking, he feels constantly a subdued c. in whole tract of intestines; they are painful when pressing upon integuments of abdomen. Ran-b.

Colicky.—C. pains. Acet-ac.

C. pains, obliging him to bend forward for relief. Coloc., Iris.

C. pains in right side of abdomen, extending into bladder, with frequent urging to urinate. Lyc.

C. pains, better passing fetid flatus. Psor.

C. pains in abdomen, as if caused by worms. Sabad.

C. pains proceeding from spinal cord, with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great depression of spirits. Plumb.

C. pains in hypogastrium, with straining and increased pain during stool. Sil.

C. pains begin in abdomen, with tension and pressure, as from flatulence. Acon.

C. pinching, griping in abdomen. Mur-ac.

Cutting, c. pains, with heat and faintness; better after passing flatus. Hydr.

Constipation, with distress one or two hours before stool, with c., sticking pains. Kali-c.

Fine cutting, c. pains every few minutes all day, relieved by hard stool, followed by dull distress in bowels. Ustil.

Griping and c. pains. Brom.

Griping c. pains, with rumbling and discharge of flatus. Ptel.

Periodical c. pains, better bending double and after stool. Cimicif.

Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, c. pains; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.

Rumbling and c. pains, with much flatulence. Naja.

Severe c. pains in hypogastrium every few minutes, with fainting, has to sit down to get relief. Collins.

Severe c. pains, mostly in umbilical region; has to bend double. Coloc.

Severe c. pains in umbilical region and hypogastric region. Dios.
Violent c. pains in epigastrium, with headache and other pains. Eupat-perf.
Violent c. pains in hypogastrium, before and during stool. Bapt.

Colic-like.—C. flatulency in hypogastrium. Acon., China, Phos., Sulph-ac.
C. flatulency. Asaf., Aur., Bell., Caps., Carbo-v., Cham., China, Grat., Mez., Nux-v., Phos.
C. abdominal pains and discharge of flatulence. Carls.
C. flatulency, with protrusion of colon, relieved by pressure and leaning forward. Bell., Cocc.
C. spasmodic pain after vexation, spreading from umbilicus, better from frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc.
Constant distress in umbilical region and hypogastric region, with severe cutting, c. pains every few minutes in stomach and small intestines. Dios.
Griping, c. pains, relieved by bending forward. Senecio. (Coloc.)

Colicodynia.—C., with sensation as if bowels were tied up in knots; suffering causes cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Colitis.—C., with soreness along transverse colon. Sulph.
Pain in groins after c.; on motion. Therid.

Collapse.—Horrible colic, with symptoms of c.; convulsive vomiting or hiccough. Cupr.
Prostration and threatened c., with internal coldness. Colch. (Ver-a.)

Collapsed.—Abdomen c. Euphorb.

Colon.—Bruised pain in abdomen, especially in cæcal region and over transverse c. Merc-cor.
Colic in transverse c. before every stool. Croton-tig.
Colitis, with soreness along transverse c. Sulph.
Colic-like flatulency, with protrusion of c., relieved by pressure and leaning forward. Bell., Cocc.
Distention of transverse c. Plumb.
Distention on left side of c., worse after eating. Aloe.
During pain, transverse c. protrudes like a pad, all way across abdomen. Bell.
Gnawing pain in transverse c. Gels.
Gurgling flatus in descending c., worse after eating. Aloe.
Inflammation of transverse or descending c. which is very sore, with burning pain. Merc-cor.
Pain and rumbling in transverse c. three a. m., followed by diarrhœa. Podo.
Pain on right side in region of ascending c. Rhus-t.
Pain and distention in c., especially transverse portion. Merc-cor.
Rumbling in ascending c. Podo.
Tympanitis, mostly about cæcum and transverse c. Phos.

Comes.—Colic which c. on suddenly and leaves suddenly. Dios.

Coming.—Abdomen tense and full, momentary stitches c. and going rapidly. Carbo-v.

Compressed.—Sensation as if parts in abdomen were c Ambr.

Compressive.—C. pain in abdomen. Cham.

Congestion.—C. in large intestines. Aloe.

Portal c. Polyp.

Constipated.—Colic: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately c. and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Constipation.—C., with distress one or two hours before stool, with colicky, sticking pains. Kali-c.

Abdomen bloated, with c. Magn-m.

Cutting and griping, with flatulence, then hard stool; c. Opi.

Cutting and pinching pains in abdomen, with c. Sil.

Colic in hypogastrium, from c., with yellow hands and blue nails. Sil.

Colic with c. Bell.

Distended abdomen, continued motion in abdomen and colic, then continued c.; feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry.

Incarcerated flatus in left side and c. Sulph.

Incarcerated flatulence in left side of abdomen, with heaviness, fullness, and c. Sulph.

Pains in hypogastrium, with c. and hæmorrhoids. Collins.

Peritonitis, with sticking, burning pains; abdomen very sore to touch, with c. Bry.

Constricted.—Griping in abdomen, as if c., with anxiety and difficult breathing. Spig.

Pain across umbilicus, as if abdomen were c. by a cord. Chelid. (Plumb.)

Sensation as if abdomen were too tightly c. Plat.

Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically c. (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually increase and gradually decrease. Bell.

Constriction.—C. in abdomen. Plat.

C. and hardness of hypogastrium. Clem.

C. or weight in bowels. Nux-v.

C. of intestines; umbilicus violently retracted; recti muscles hard and knotty. Plumb.

C. of abdomen around umbilicus, as if a ball or lump would form. Bell.

C. of bowels as if tied tightly with a band. Arg-n.

Colic, with c. in epigastrium, or contraction of umbilicus and hardness of integuments of abdomen. Natr-c.

Colic with stool, like c. and griping, with hand, followed by diarrhœa. Bry.

Griping pains, with c. about umbilicus; soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry.

Pinching c. in epigastrium, after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc.

Pain in intestines in epigastrium, with sensation of c. transversely. Chelid.

Sensation of c. in abdomen. Coloc., Plat., Plumb. (Bell., Carbo-an., China, Dig., Euphorb., Kali-bi., Mez., Mosch., Sabad., Thuja.)

Sensation of c. in intestines. Carls.

Constrictive.—C. sensation in epigastric region, with anguish and difficult breathing. Grat.

C. pinching or griping in epigastrium, taking away breath. Cocc.

C. pain in umbilicus, immediately after dinner. Coloc.

C. cutting colic. Rheum.

C. pain below short ribs, extending to back (lumbar vertebræ). Camph.

Along with sensation of distention, c. pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks and forces one to lean forward, bent double. Bell.

Cutting and c. pain in abdomen. Dig.

Pressive and c. pain, like a stone, in hypogastrium, extending down to bladder. Puls.

Contact.—Abdomen fallen in, tender to c. Stram.

Distention of hypogastrium, which was exceedingly sensitive to c. Arg-m.

Contents.—Dragging down of stomach and whole abdominal c., extending even to organs of chest; must support abdomen. Lil-tig. (Bell., Plat., Sep.)

Epigastrium painfully bloated, in morning, with sensation as if c. were pressing into chest. Cham.

Feeling in pelvis as if whole c. of abdomen were dragging, pushing or forced down, as into a funnel. Lil-tig.

Pressure in hypogastrium as if c. of abdomen would issue through genital organs. Sep.

Contracted.—C. and tense abdomen. Æth.

Extremely violent pains in umbilical region; abdomen so c. that umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Plumb.

Contracting.—C. pain in abdomen. Hep-s., Laur. (Am-c., Berb., Caust., Coloc., Dig., Gels., Kali-c., Kreas., Lyc., Magn-c., Mang., Merc., Mosch., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Phos., Rhus-t., Sabin., Sars., Sec., Sep., Sulph., Zinc.)

Violent c. bellyache, coming suddenly in morning, with bearing down in suppressed menses. Agn.

Contraction.—C. of abdomen. Plumb. (Dros., Hep-s., Ferr., Lach., Rhus-t.)

C. of abdomen on stooping. Ferr.

C. above navel. Rhus-t., Plumb.

C. and tension of abdominal muscles; has to walk bent forward. Arg-m.

Colic, with constriction in epigastrium, or c. of umbilicus and hardness of integuments of abdomen. Natr-c.

Colic pains and c. in abdomen force him to walk bent. Bell., Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris, Nux-v., Rheum.)

Painful retraction of umbilicus; violent c. of abdominal muscles. Tabac. (Chelid., Plumb.)

Pressure as if viscera would be forced out towards sexual organs, with distention, then c. of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell.

Sudden spasmodic pain in epigastrium, leaving a sensation of c., and causing him to cry out. Gels.

Sudden painful c. of bowels, extending to epigastrium; better from pressure; on lying it ceases. Am-c.

Spasmodic c. of abdominal muscles, left side, with burning pains; bends over to left side. Sabad.

Spasmodic c. of abdomen. Lyc.

Spasmodic c. of abdomen, with great anguish, inclined to suicide. Aur.

Sensation of c. in abdomen. Kreas.

Warm c. extending from umbilical region to chest, with nausea. Mang.

Contractions.—Spasmodic c. in abdomen. Actea-s. (Plumb.)

Sensation as if something was torn off in abdomen, with visible c. above umbilicus. Rhus-t.

Contractive.—C. pains in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with urging to stool. Coni.

C., twisting pains in bowels, immediately about umbilicus, spreading over epigastrium, leaving hypogastrium perfectly free from pains. Coloc.

C., clawing pains in abdomen, around umbilicus, in paroxysms, with nausea and heat of cheeks. Hep-s.

C. pains in abdomen towards small of back. Calc-c.

C. dragging in umbilical region. Bell.

Colic: pinching, cutting, c., griping. Nux-v.

Cutting, c. pains, with restless tossing; better from rubbing, or hard pressure. Plumb.

Frequent attacks of c. pain in right side of abdomen. Sep.

Pressing, c., pain in abdomen. Magn-c.

Pressing, spasmodic, c., colicky pains; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.

Pain in hypogastrium, at times cutting, at times c., during menses. Sulph.

Pressure in abdomen with c. colicky pains. Thuja.
Qualmishness, with c. pain in hypogastrium. Graph.
Spasmodic c. colic. Sulph.

Convulsions.—Colic, with c., also vomiting. Cic-v.
Cramp with c. Cupr. (Sec.)
Colic with c. Cic-v., Cupr., Sec.
Spasms in abdomen, with c. Cupr.

Cord.—Pain across umbilicus, as if abdomen were constricted by a c Chelid. (Plumb.)
Sensation as if a hoop or c. stretched around abdomen, especially on deep inspiration. Carls.

Cords.—When coughing, pain in abdominal ring, extending into testicles, as if spermatic c. would be torn to pieces. Natr-m.

Corpulency.—C. of children, with glandular swellings. Caust. (Calc-c.)

Cough (see Respiratory Organs.)—Abdomen sore to touch, as if beaten, after c. Calad.
Colic, with dry, rough c. Hep-s.
Colic with c. China.
Flatulency increased by c. Cocc.
Protrusion of inguinal hernia during c. Ver-a.
Tabes mesenterica, with rapid emaciation, night-sweats, slow fever, dry laryngeal c.; diarrhœa. Iod.

Coughing.—Bowels feel sore when touched, or on c., as if bruised (Merc.), or weakened by cathartics. Ferr.
Externally abdominal walls are tender to touch, when c. or sitting, especially at stool. Puls.
Pain in abdomen when c. Anac., Ars., Bell., Canth., Cham., Cocc., Nux-v.
Pain on side above left hip, as if it would burst there on c. Caust.
Spasmodic flatulent colic about midnight; passing flatus without relief; aggravated when c. Cocc.
Soreness in abdomen when c. Carbo-an.
Stitches when c. Arn.
When c., pain in abdominal ring, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr-m.

Cover.—Great pain in right ileo-cæcal region, cannot bear the lightest touch, not even of bed c. Bell.

Covering.—Colic at one o'clock in morning, had to lie crooked; could not bear c. Magn-m.

Cramp.—C. in abdomen. Bry., Calc-c., Cham., Cocc., Cupr., Euphorb., Hyos., Ign., Ipec., Kali-c., Magn-c., Mosch., Mur-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t., Sep., Stann., Stram., Valer., Ver-a.
C. in hypogastrium, as from pressure of flatus on bladder, so he must bend forward. Prun-s.
C., with chilliness, in suppressed menstruation. Puls.

C., with irregular menses. Cocc.
C. during pregnancy. Puls.
C. with convulsions. Cupr. (Sec.)
C. around navel. Stann.
C. in hypogastrium. Stann.
Frequent severe c. in intestines, especially evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc-c.
Hysteric c. Cocc., Ipec., Magn-m., Mosch., Stram., Valer. (Ars., Bell., Bry., Nux-v.)
Periodical c. Ign.
Sensation as if abdomen was drawn in, following c. in stomach. Ver-v.

Cramping.—C. colic pains in hypogastrium, almost insupportable, coming suddenly and with terrible severity. Vib-op.
Griping, c. pains in umbilical region. Dios.

Cramp-like.—C. pains in abdomen. Cycl., Magn-m., Mur-ac.
C. sensation in umbilical region. Myrica. (Coloc.)
C. pinching tension in abdomen. Hep-s.
C. pain in left side of abdomen, with qualmishness in epigastrium. Nux-v.
C. pain in bowels, with retraction of abdominal muscles, ten p. m. and again at five a. m. until nine a. m. Podo.
C. pains, especially in umbilical region. Berb.
Pinching or c. pressure transversely across epigastrium after a meal. Cina.
Stitching, cutting pains and c. pressure. Ang.
Violent, c. pains, as if abdomen would burst, with contractive eructations; worse after midnight. Nitr-ac.

Cramps.—C. in abdomen. Cupr.
C., purging and vomiting. Iris.
C. in hypogastrium. Graph.
C. and drawing pain in abdomen at night. Magn-m.
C. in abdomen, with violent pressure upon rectum and genitals, with peevish depression of spirits. Magn-m.
Colic, with c. in calves, after anger. Coloc.
Colic, with c. in leg. Coloc.
Cholera; c.; cold, clammy perspiration. Sec.
Griping and c. in abdomen. Phyt.
Pressing c. or cuttings in bowels. Puls.

Crampy.—C. pain in epigastrium. Dios.
C. pain in abdomen. Phos-ac.
C. sensation in abdomen. Ambr.
C. intestinal motions. Opi.
C. pain, obliging careful walking, so that abdomen would not be shaken. Prun-s.
Awakened at midnight, with c. pains in small intestines; chilly; pain more if he moved. Nitr-ac.

Crawling.—C. sensation in abdomen. Camph., Croton-tig., Magn-m.
Running and c. in bowels, as of something alive. Cycl. (Croc., Thuja, Sulph.)

Creeping.—C. sensation in abdomen. Dulc.
Wind in abdomen awakens her; screams, thinking herself full of c. things. Stram.

Cries.—Colic, with c. Cupr., Hyos., Ipec., Viola-tr.
Child writhes in every possible direction; doubles itself up and screams in great distress; it c. very hard. Coloc.

Croaking.—C. as from frogs. Coloc.
C. as from frogs in abdomen. Graph. (Lyc., Natr-s.)
Loud c. in abdomen, with hunger. Arg-m.
Loud rumbling in left side of abdomen, like c. of frogs. Arg-m.
Much rumbling and c., as if an animal were crying in abdomen. Thuja. (Coloc.)

Crooked.—Colic at one o'clock in morning, had to lie c.; could not bear covering. Magn-m.
Pain in abdomen when sitting c. Tart-em.

Cry.—Sudden spasmodic pain in epigastrium; leaving a sensation of contraction, and causing him to c. out. Gels.
Sudden spasmodic pain and sensation of contraction in epigastrium, obliging him to c. out. Gels.

Crying.—Flatulence as from an animal c. Thuja.
Much rumbling and croaking, as if an animal were c. in abdomen. Thuja. (Coloc.)
Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is c. with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.
Umbilical hernia of infants, particularly from much c. Nux-v., Strych. (Reduce and support with a flat piece of lead — a bullet flattened is the thing.—W. D. G.)

Cut.—Pressive pain, as if intestines would be c. to pieces. Opi.
Tearing, as if stones would c. their way out, attended with diarrhœa, always preceded by pleasant sensation in stomach. Nux-m.
Violent colic, with feeling as if bowels would be c. to pieces. Tart-em.

Cutting.—C. in abdomen. Agar., Alu., Ambr., Ant-c., Calc-c., Chelid., Hep-s., Laur., Lyc., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Ol-an., Petr., Rheum, Sep., Sil., Staph., Stront., Sulph-ac., Tart-em., Viola-tr.
C. in abomen after eating. Petr.
C., shooting in abdomen. Ox-ac.
C. in right inguinal region. Æsc.
C. pain in left side of epigastrium. Kali-c.
C. in right side of abdomen, causing fainting. Lach.
C., shooting, darting stitches all over abdomen. Kali-c.
C., twisting, griping pains in bowels. Naja.

C., pinching in epigastrium and umbilicus. Nux-m.
C. in intestines, extending through chest towards right shoulder. Acon.
C. extending in a circle, from spine to abdomen. Acon.
C. pains in abdomen. Ars., Viola-tr.
C. transversely across abdomen. Arg-m.
C. in bowels, with watery diarrhœa. Ant-c.
C. in hypogastric region at night. Bar-c.
C. in abdomen, with diarrhœa. Ambr.
C. pains around umbilicus. Bov., Puls.
C. in abdomen, as from knives, with burning. Canth.
C. in abdomen after drinking cold water. Calc-ph.
C., pinching in abdomen, as from worms. Cina.
C., jerking pains in umbilical region. Berb.
C., pinching, sharp colic, followed by diarrhœa. Calc-ph.
C., stitching, or burning in groins. Canth.
C. colic (and sometimes diarrhœa) during menstruation. Caust.
C. in abdomen, in umbilical region, with cold sweat on forehead. China.
C. colic and drawing in thighs before menses. Cham.
C. in abdomen as with a knife. Sabad., Ver-a. (Coloc., Lact., Merc., Murex.)
C. in epigastrium. Cham., Lyc. (Asar., Calc-c., Chin-s., Laur., Magn-m., Nux-m., Ol-an., Sulph., Tereb.)
C. flatulency. Coni., Puls.
C. in bowels, as with knives. Sabad. (Coloc.)
C. colic in abdomen. Squilla.
C. in umbilical region. Dulc., Rheum.
C. in bowels as from knives. Ver-a. (Coloc., Dios.)
C. in bowels after drinking. Teucr.
C. and rumbling in abdomen before stool. Sec.
C. and griping in bowels, as from wind. Spig.
C. pain in abdomen, as from flatulence. Squilla.
C. pains in hypogastrium. Thuja.
C. and pinching pains in abdomen, with constipation. Sil.
C. pains about umbilicus; pains as from an ulcer. Stann.
C., with incarcerated flatulence; pain at every step. Sil.
C., sticking pain in hypogastrium, soon after eating. Ver-a
C., flatulent colic, worse on bending double. Tart-em.
C. bellyache from right to left iliac fossa, thence to rectum. Sang.
C. about umbilicus, in forenoon, therewith was frequently obliged to go to stool. Rhus-t.
C. pain across abdomen, in paroxysms. Phos-ac.
C. in hypogastrium. Merc-cor., Sil. (Ang., Iris, Laur., Magn-s., Nicc., Ol-an., Sep., Tereb.)
C. and griping, with flatulence, then hard stool; constipation. Opi.

C., contractive pains, with restless tossing, better from rubbing, or hard pressure. Plumb.

C., griping, and jerking pains in abdomen, especially after eating; better after stool. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)

C. in bowels. Nux-m.

C. in bowels before stools. Kobalt.

C., colicky pains, with heat and faintness; better after passing flatus. Hydr.

C., pinching around umbilicus, as if grasped by hands, worse on motion. Ipec.

C., drawing in abdomen. Kali-c.

C. and rumbling in abdomen. Natr-m.

C. in abdomen during menses. Kali-c.

C. in abdomen, as if everything would be torn to pieces. Kali-c.

C., pinching in abdomen. Magn-c.

C., burning around umbilicus. Kali-jod.

C. in bowels, as from wind, before stool. Caps.

C. in abdomen, before emission of flatus. Coni.

C. low down in hypogastrium. Hyos.

C. and constrictive pain in abdomen. Dig.

C., stinging or pinching in abdomen. Ign.

C. pains in hypogastrium, abdomen being painful to touch. Cupr.

C. pain in abdomen, as from knives. Coni.

C. pain about umbilicus, with shivering. Ipec.

C. pain in right side of hypogastrium, near pubes, extending to hip and small of back. Am-m.

C. as from knives, soon after eating. Kali-bi.

C. in umbilical region during deep inspiration. Mang.

C. pain, as from stones in bowels. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

C. and pinching pains in abdomen. Nitr-ac.

C. about umbilicus before stool. Nux-v.

C. in abdomen on appearance of menses, worse on motion, with tearing in small of back during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust.

C. and violent pain in intestines, obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.

C., sticking colic; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.) and sensitive to touch. Cham.

A forcing, bearing down into pelvis, with desire for stool; violent c. pain in hypogastrium. Puls.

Aching soreness, c., drawing in left groin, later in night. Calc-ph.

Burning and c. in intestines, worse from pressure or lying on right side. Acon.

Colic, c. at umbilicus, at night. Kali-bi.

Constant distress in umbilical region and hypogastric region, with severe c., colic-like pains every few minutes in stomach and small intestines. Dios.

Colic: pinching, c., contractive, griping. Nux-v.
Constrictive c. colic. Rheum.
Colic: c., griping and twisting, especially about umbilicus; better after stool. Ver-a.
Colic, with c. and twisting in umbilical region, in epigastrium, worse on motion, with tension in small of back. Caps.
Colic alternating with c. at navel, during night. Kali-bi.
Drawing in præcardia in direction of stomach, like c. Croc.
During menses c. in abdomen. Kali c.
Fine c., colicky pains every few minutes all day, relieved by hard stool, followed by dull distress in bowels. Ustil.
Flatulent colic; c. as if bowels, bladder and rectum were pressed upon by a sharp instrument. Nux-v.
Frequent c. in abdomen, as before diarrhœa. Kali-c.
Griping at various times, sometimes when yawning, or after breakfast, or with c. after dinner. Zinc.
Griping in umbilical region, then c. in abdomen and across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chelid.
Griping, pinching colic, painful c. and digging pains, relieved by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)
Griping, c. pains in bowels. Chelid. (Coloc.)
Jerk-like c. in intestines, as with knives. Chelid.
Loose stool, preceded and followed by c. in abdomen. Am-c.
Occasional c. in umbical region. Kali-n.
Pain in hypogastrium, at times c., at times contractive, during menses. Sulph.
Pressing; c.; stinging; burning in abdomen. Sep.
Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, colicky pains; griping, c. and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin, green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.
Pinching and c. pains in abdomen. Æth.
Pinching, tearing or c. in hypogastrium, with diarrhœa. Ars.
Pinching, c. colic; abdomen sore on pressure, as if bruised and ulcerated. Ran-b.
Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with c., extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and even drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.
Rumbling, gurgling, pinching and c. in bowels. Chelid.
Rumbling in bowels, with uneasiness, or sharp, c. pains. Asclep-tub.
Severe c. in hypogastrium, extending to testicles; occuring after stool, with faint feeling. Hydr.
Stitching, c. pains, and cramp-like pressure. Ang.
Sensitiveness and swelling of abdomen, with knife-like, c. pains. Coni.
Sharp c. pains in whole abdomen, which is tender to touch. Acon.

Sharp, c. colic before stool. Tart-em. (Coloc., Merc.)
Sharp, c. pains in epigastrium. Dios.
Sharp, c. pains in hypogastric region, with stool of bilious matter, mucus streaked with blood. Collins.
Sharp, c. pains in bowels, sometimes with sour vomiting, accompanied by excessive flatulence. Phos.
Shifting of flatus, with sharp, c. colic, with nausea. Tart-em.
Shooting, c. from pit of stomach to umbilical region. Valer.
Spasmodic c. pain in stomach and abdomen. Calad. (Coloc.)
Spasmodic c. in hypogastrium; must bend double. Calad. (Coloc.)
Spasmodic c. in abdomen after eating and drinking. Staph.
Twisting and sharp c. pains in bowels. Dios.
Terrible c. bellyache, with frequent thin stools, fainting and cold sweat. Ars.
Violent colic, with c. and stinging pains, as if caused by knives, principally at night or in cool of evening. Merc.
Violent sticking, c. pains all over abdomen. Coloc., Kali-c.
Violent c. pain in bowels, lasting for hours after stool. Nitr-ac.
Violent flatulent colic, pains c. and twisting; radiate from abdomen to back, chest and arms. Dios.
Violent intermittent colic; c., drawing pains. Cupr.
Violent c., like electric shock, darting through whole abdomen to anus. Coloc.
Violent c. colic, forcing one to bend double. Rheum, Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris.)
Violent colic; more on right side; griping and c. about umbilicus. Kali-n.
Violent c. colic, with nausea and diarrhœa. Petr.
Violent c. and labor-like tearing, from above downwards across groins, through thighs down to knees. Tart-em.
Violent c. pressure in abdomen, changing, now here, now there. Bell.
Violent c. pains in abdomen. Apis.
Violent c. in abdomen; feeling of oppression coming from stomach. Ant-c.
Violent griping and c. in abdomen. Opi. (Coloc.)
With every movement, a c. pain almost constantly running from left to right. Ipec.
With stool, c. in abdomen. Canth.

Cuttings.—Pressing cramps or c. in bowels. Puls.
Sudden painful c., with feeling as if one were digging him with fingers, compelling patient to bend double, relieved by profuse pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)

Damp.—Acute catarrhal enteritis during d. weather. Gels.

Dart.—Stitches d. through abdomen like electric shocks on left side, especially when changing from rest to motion. Arg-n.

Darting.—Cutting, shooting, d. stitches, all over abdomen. Kali-c.

Sticking, d., or else pressing sticking, tensive or oppressive dragging pain in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.

Violent cutting, like electric shock, d. through whole abdomen to anus. Coloc.

Dartings.—D. in side of abdomen, every expiration. Coff.

Stitches, lancinations, d. in abdomen, particularly in left side, when walking. Asaf.

Day.—Frequent but transient abdominal pains, during d., better from pressure. Podo.

Debility.—Much rumbling in abdomen, with excessive colic and d. Hell.

Decrease.—Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually increase and gradually d. Bell.

Delay.—Flatulent pain here and there, longer d. in passing, more difficult it is to pass. Ver-a.

Delirium.—Violent d. with distention of bowels and obstinate constipation. Acet-ac.

Depression.—Cramps in abdomen, with violent pressure upon rectum and genitals, with peevish depression of spirits. Magn-m.

Colicky pains proceeding from spinal cord, with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great d. of spirits. Plumb.

Desire (see Wants).—A forcing, bearing down into pelvis, with d. for stool; violent cutting pain in hypogastrium. Puls.

Distention of abdomen, with a d. to belch; or a sensation as if abdomen were packed full, not in least relieved by eructations. China.

Desperation (see Mad).—Colic so painful as to drive patient to d. Coff.

Pains, as if abdomen would burst, driving to d. Coff.

Diaphragm (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Viscera drawn up against d. Spong.

Diarrhœa (see section on Rectum).—Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with d. and vomiting, and great oppression of breath. Apis.

Abdomen tense and hot, with rumbling, grumbling and constant d. Sil.

Bellyache, with rumbling in bowels, d. and violent delirium. Acet-ac.

Bloated abdomen with d. Graph.

Cutting in abdomen with d. Ambr.

Cutting colic (and sometimes d.) during menstruation. Caust.

Cutting, pinching, sharp colic, followed by d. Calc-ph.

Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses, worse on motion, with tearing in small of back, during menstruation, with d. Caust.

Colic with d. Coloc., Jalap., Stront. (Ambr., Am-c., Ars., Borax, Bry., Chelid., Lach., Natr-c., Nicc., Ol-an., Petr., Phos., Puls., Spig., Ver-a., Zinc.)

Colic as if d. would occur, but only a normal stool results. Puls.
Colic as if d. would occur. China, Dulc.
Colic with stool, like constriction and griping, with hand, followed by d. Bry.
Colic after stool, as though d. would occur. Natr-m.
Colic every evening as if d. would occur. Led. (Coloc.)
Colic: aggravated by eating; after flatulent food; with great distention of abdomen, until d. sets in; better from bending double. Colch., Coloc.
Colicky pains, intermittent, about umbilicus before vomiting or d. Iris.
Distress and griping pains in epigastrium, with rumbling in bowels, followed by d. Still.
Feeling as from hot water pouring from chest to abdomen, followed by d. Sang.
Feeling of weakness in abdomen, as if d. would result. Aloe. (Physos.)
Flatulent distention after stool (Carbo-v.) with frequent d. Lyc.
Frequent cutting in abdomen, as before d. Kali-c.
Flatulent colic, with griping pains in umbilical region, as though intestines were grasped by hands, with mucous d. Ipec.
Griping in bowels at night, followed by d. Sulph.
Griping in bowels with d. Sulph.
Griping, pinching colic, painful cutting and digging pains relieved by d. Bry. (Coloc.)
Griping as if d. was coming on. Lach.
Griping in abdomen followed by d. Cocc-c.
Great distention of stomach and bowels, with flatulency; almost to point of rupturing, with severe colic and acid d. Robin.
Inclination to colic, d.; bloated abdomen. Sec.
Much distress and distention of abdomen, with d., aggravated by everything eaten or drank. Coloc.
Peritonitis, with vomiting and d.; skin cold; features sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.
Periodical colic and d. Gels.
Pinching pains in abdomen, as if d. would occur. Coni.
Pinching in abdomen with d. Borax.
Pinching and sensation as if d. would occur. Ant-c.
Pinching, pressing colic, and fermenting rumbling in hypogastrium, followed by watery d., very early in morning. Nux-v.
Pinching, tearing, or cutting in hypogastrium, with d. Ars.
Pain in morning, followed by brown d. Rumex.
Pain with d. Kali-bi.
Pain and rumbling in transverse colon at three a. m., followed by d Podo.
Pain from umbilicus to anus, with feeling as if d. would occur. Led.
Pain in abdomen as if menses would come on (Cimicif.), or as if d. would occur. Actea-s. (Aloe.)

Pain in abdomen as if d. would occur. Borax, Bry.

Pain in epigastrium as from taking cold, with sensation as if d. would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf.

Painful sensation in abdomen; yellowish d. towards morning; dull pain across under ribs, with distention, as if it were too narrow; some headache in forehead. Aloe.

Rolling and grumbling, with sudden pinching as from purgative, followed by d. Natr-s.

Rumbling, with feeling as if d. would occur. Kobalt.

Shifting of flatulence, with rumbling in bowels and d. Tart-em.

Tabes mesenterica, with rapid emaciation, night sweats, slow fever, dry laryngeal cough; d. Iod.

Terrible colic; violent nausea and vomiting, with copious watery d. and great prostration. Ver-a.

Tearing, as if stones would cut their way out, attended with d., always preceded by pleasant sensation in stomach. Nux-m.

Tightness in abdomen, extending into chest, followed by d. Natr-s.

Violent pinching in abdomen, with d. Agar.

Violent cutting colic, with nausea and d. Petr.

Weak feeling, as if d. would occur. Aloe, Myrica.

Weak, burning, uneasy feeling in bowels, as of approaching d. Ailanth.

Difficult.—Flatulent pains here and there, longer delay in passing, more d. it is to pass. Ver-a.

Digestion (see vol. ii., section on Stomach.)—Great accumulation of flatus in small intestines, with slow d. Lyc.

Much flatulence from slow d. Puls.

Digging.—D. in abdomen. Ars., Bell., Natr-c., Rhus-t., Ruta, Sabad., Seneg., Spong., Stann., Sulph., Ver-a.

D. in navel. Coni.

D. in abdomen before every stool. Stann.

D. in abdomen during menses. Natr-s.

D. in epigastrium or hypogastrium. Ol-an., Sep.

Griping, pinching colic, painful cutting and d. pains relieved by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)

Griping, d. pains in abdomen. Graph.

Sudden painful cuttings with feeling as if one were d. him with fingers, compelling patient to bend double, relieved by profuse pasty stool. (Coloc.)

Diggings.—Shootings, d. in abdomen. Natr-c.

Dinner (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Constrictive pain in umbilicus, immediately after d. Coloc.

Discharge of fetid flatus after d. and movements in hypogastrium. Coloc.

Griping at various times, sometimes when yawning, or after breakfast, or with cutting after d. Zinc.

Pain in upper part of hypogastrium, as from a stone, that always takes away breath, so that he could breathe only with difficulty immediately after d. Nux-v.

Discharge.—D. of much flatus relieving pain in abdomen. Aloe.

Paralysis of nerves, then follows copious d. of serum accompanied by coldness and prostration. Ver-a.

Pressure as if viscera would be forced out towards sexual organs, with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by d. of white mucus from vagina. Bell.

Discharges.—Hard buboes suppurate, with callous edges; ichorous, offensive d. Carbo-an.

Discomfort.—D. in hypogastrium, with some nausea in it. Cycl.

Distended.—Abdomen d. Millef., Psor.

D. abdomen; accumulation of flatus, which subsides without being passed. Ambr.

D. and painful abdomen. Ars.

D. abdomen about umbilicus, with pain on pressure. Merc-bij.

D., bloated abdomen. Mang.

D. abdomen, continued motion in abdomen and colic, then continued constipation; feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry.

D. abdomen, fullness; flatulence, rumbling, feels as if vomiting would relieve. Bapt.

D. abdomen, has to lie on his back to prevent suffocation. Iod.

Abdomen is always very much d. Carbo-an.

Abdomen much d., enlarged after eating. Thuja.

Abdomen hard, tense, tympanitic, and d. with gas, from paralysis of muscles of intestines. Stram.

Abdomen d. by flatulence. Thuja.

Abdomen d., hard and tense. Sil. (Ars., Bar-c., Calc-c., Merc.)

Abdomen constantly hard, greatly d., making him very uncomfortable. Sil.

Abdomen d. and sensitive. Sep. (Graph.)

Abdomen d. and tympanitic. Sec.

Abdomen swollen and d. Arg-n.

Abdomen is d. and swollen as in dropsy. Acon.

Abdomen very much d.; with rumbling. Ant-c., Coca, Kali-n.

Abdomen d. after meals. Ang.

Abdomen d. and painful. Apoc. (Ars., Merc.)

Abdomen d., tense and hard. Chelid.

Abdomen tense and d. Carls., Hep-s.

Abdomen greatly d.; better from passing wind up or down. Carbo-v.

Abdomen hard and d. Cina. (Ars., Bar-c., Calc-c., Coloc., Lach., Merc.)

Abdomen tense, hard, swollen, d. and painful. Merc.

Abdomen d., hot. Bell.

Abdomen hard and very much d. Calc-c. (Ars., Bar-c.)

Abdomen d., with dyspnœa. Caps.
Abdomen d.; rumbling, and incarcerated flatus. Natr-m.
Abdomen d. and very painful to least touch, even of clothing. Merc-cor. (Acon., Bell., Cupr.)
Abdomen feels swollen, as if d. with wind. Lith-c.
Abdomen d., with flatulence; very tender. Nitr-ac.
Abdomen d., with shortness of breath. Lob.
Abdomen d. and tense, like a drum, without being hard or painful Kreas.
Abdomen enormously d. after meals. Nux-m.
Abdomen hard d.; feels full and uncomfortable. China.
Abdomen d. with wind. Kali-c.
Abdomen d. and soft. Jatr.
Abdomen full and d., with griping pain about umbilicus. Croton-tig. (Coloc.)
Abdomen d., sore to touch; tympanitic. Hyos. (Opi.)
Abdomen d. and painful; tympanitic. Coloc.
Abdomen d. and feeling as if full of sharp sticks or stones when moving. Cocc.
Abdomen much d. with gas. Croton-tig. Merc. Petr.
Abdomen hard and d., but not with flatulence. Ferr.
Abdomen d. and hard from incarcerated flatus; hot; sensitive; painful. Lach.
Abdomen hard, d., tympanitic, and sensitive to touch. Opi.
Abdomen hard, tense; greatly d. with flatulence, with rumbling and gurgling of gas. Sil.
Aching d. after eating. Natr-m.
Cutting, sticking colic; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen d. like a drum (Carbo-v.) and sensitive to touch. Cham.
Feeling as if greatly d., even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps.
Flatulent colic about midnight; awakened by incessant accumulation of flatulence, which d. abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatus continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.
Nervous irritation of intestines; abdomen d., all symptoms worse after every unpleasant emotion. Nux-m.
Painfully d. abdomen, very sensitive to touch. Bell. (Acon., Coloc., Cupr., Merc.)
Painful abdomen d. and hard. Bar-c. (Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc.)
Pain in lower chest and abdomen, forcing her to bend forward; abdomen and stomach d., she must unlace. Puls.
Severe colic; abdomen d. like a drum; wind passes off only in small quantities. Cham.
Viens d. on abdomen. Sep.

Distention.—D. of abdomen. Acet-ac., Agar., Carbo-v. (Acon., Aloe, Am-m., Anac., Apis, Arn., Ars., Bar-c., Bell., Borax, Bov., Calc-c., Caust., China, Cic-v., Cimex., Cocc., Coff., Coloc., Coni., Corn-c., Croton-tig., Cub., Cupr., Cycl., Dig., Ferr., Graph., Hell., Hyos., Jatr., Kali-bi., Kali-c., Kreas., Lach., Lil-tig., Lyc., Magn-c., Magn-m., Merc., Mez., Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-m., Opi., Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Plum., Puls., Raph., Rheum, Rhus-t., Sang., Sep., Sil., Spig., Spong., Squilla, Stram., Stront., Sulph., Ver-a., Zinc.)

D. on left side of colon, worse after eating. Aloe.

D. after eating a little. Raph. (Lyc.)

D. of transverse colon. Plumb.

D. in epigastrium, with dyspnœa, evening and morning. Rhod.

D. in hypogastrium, as if uterus was filled with wind. Phos-ac.

D. and sensation of fermentation after eating. Rhus-t.

D: in evening with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down toward anus with tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of b. Sulph.

D. of stomach and bowels. Croc.

D. and pain (Magn-c.), with tension. Coloc.

D. of abdomen, with rush of blood to head. Graph.

D. of hypogastrium, which is painful to touch. Hyos.

D. of abdomen, with a desire to belch; or a sensation as if abdomen were packed full, not in least relieved by eructations. China.

D. and fullness in hypogastrium, as if parts would burst when lying on back. Bar-c.

D. of abdomen during menses, with motions and passage of offensive flatus. Carbo-an.

D. of abdomen, as from much drinking and flatulent food. China.

D. of abdomen, with profuse emission of flatulence. Magn-c., Aloe, Lyc.

D. of abdomen especially after eating. Natr-c.

D. and painfulness of abdomen. Cic-v.

D. and painfulness of stomach and abdomen. Cic-v.

D. of abdomen (Magn-c., Merc., Lyc.), with enlarged liver. Chelid.

D. of abdomen, with tenderness. Caul.

D. of abdomen, followed by aching in stomach. Asaf.

D. of abdomen (Ant-c., Bry., China), especially epigastrium, with flatus moving about. Aloe. (Lyc., Hep-s., Puls.)

D. of hypogastrium, which was exceedingly sensitive to contact Arg-m.

D. of bowels in evening, with heaviness and anxiety. Arg-n.

D. of abdomen, rumbling in bowels. Sulph.

D. with pain in place of hernia. Sil.

Accumulation of flatulence in abdomen, with much d. Graph.

Along with sensation of d., constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks and forces one to lean forward, bent double. Bell.

Bloated d. after eating. Cham.

Colic. with great d. and sensitiveness of abdomen. Sep.

Colic, with d. of abdomen. Bry. (Aloe, Coloc., Lyc.)

Colic: aggravated by eating; after flatulent food; with great d. of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from bending double. Colch., Coloc.

Excessive d. of abdomen. Hell., Tereb. (Graph., Hep-s.)

Excessive d. of abdomen, with pinching pains. Mosch.

Excessive fullness and d. of abdomen from flatulence. Lyc. (China, Carbo-v., Kali-c.)

Excessive flatulent d. of abdomen and dysmenorrhœa. Cocc.

Extreme d., especially after eating. Rhus-t. (Nux-v.)

Enteritis or peritonitis; great d. of abdomen, and typhoid symptoms, with involuntary stools. Rhus-t.

Enteralgia, with d. of abdomen. Hydroc-ac.

Fullness and d. of abdomen. Mur-ac.

Fullness, d. and heat in whole abdomen. Aloe.

Fullness, heaviness and d. of abdomen Arg-n. (Ant-c., Aloe., China.)

Fullness and sensation of d. of abdomen. Apis, Bapt. (Bry., China, Caps.)

Fullness, heat and great d. in abdomen immediately after eating a little. Kali-c. (Carbo-v., Lyc., Nux-v.)

Fullness and d. of abdomen and stomach; painful sensitiveness. Puls.

Flatulent d., always after eating. Nux-v., Puls.

Flatulent d. of abdomen, with much rumbling. Cocc-c.

Flatulent d. after every meal. Borax.

Flatulent d. after stool (Carbo-v.), with frequent diarrhœa. Lyc.

Frequent d. of abdomen. Sulph.

Great d. of abdomen with gas. Mur-ac.

Great fullness and d. of abdomen. Zinc.

Great d. of abdomen. Abrot., Asaf., Cocc., Graph.

Great tenderness and d. of abdomen. Canth.

Great d. of abdomen; much annoyed by flatus. Carbo-an. (Carb ac., Carbo-v.)

Great increase of flat or flabby abdomen, also flatulent d. Calc-c.

Great flatulent d. of abdomen and accumulation of flatus, with belching of wind. Carb-ac. (Arg-n.)

Great d. and dropsical swelling of abdomen. Fluor-ac.

Great d. of abdomen, as if he had eaten too much. Colch. (China, Lyc.)

Great d. of stomach and bowels, with flatulency; almost to point of rupturing, with severe colic and acid diarrhœa. Robin.

Intestinal inflammation, with burning heat; tympanitic d. Canth. (Tereb.)

Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with d. of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Inflation, d. of abdomen. Æth., Aloe, Ambr., Am-c., Anac., Ant-c., Arg-m., Arn., Ars., Asar., Asaf., Aur., Bar-c., Bell., Bism., Bry., Calc-c., Calc-ph., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Cast-eq., Caust., Cham., China, Chin-s., Cocc., Colch., Coloc., Croc., Croton-tig., Dig., Ferr., Graph., Grat., Gum-gut., Hyos., Hyper., Ign., Iod., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Kreas., Lach., Lam., Lob., Lyc., Magn-c., Magn-m., Mang., Meny., Merc., Merc-cor., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nitr., Nux-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Opi., Ox-ac., Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Plat., Plumb., Poth., Puls., Raph., Rheum, Rhod., Rhus-t., Sabin., Sec., Sep., Spig., Squilla, Stann., Stram., Stront., Sulph., Tabac., Thuja, Tilia., Valer., Verb.

Much flatulence and d., caused by things which usually digested easily. Carbo-v.

Much distress and d. of abdomen, with diarrhœa, aggravated by everything eaten or drank. Coloc.

Much d. of stomach and abdomen, with gas, with tearing pains in umbilical region. Hep-s.

Much d. of abdomen in nervous fevers. Hyos.

Meteoristic d. of abdomen. Phos.

Painful sensation in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull pain across under ribs, with d., as if it were too narrow; some headache in forehead. Aloe.

Painful d., flatulence. Lach.

Painful d. of abdomen. Caust.

Pain and d. in colon, especially transverse portion. Merc-cor.

Pressure as if viscera would be forced out towards sexual organs, with d., then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell.

Rumbling and rolling in abdomen, with feeling of d. Carb-ac.

Strangulated hernia, with great d. and retching. Lyc.

Swelling and d. of abdomen. Iod.

Tightness and d. of abdomen, after eating or drinking. Ambr.

Tensive pain from abdomen to chest, as from d. of abdomen. Caps.

Typhlitis; extreme d. of abdomen, with great coldness in epigastrium. Colch.

Tympanitic d. of abdomen; frequent urging to stool. Arn.

Tympanitic d. of abdomen, and passage of much wind. Brom. (Aloe, Arn., China.)

Tympanitic d. of abdomen in circumscribed knotty swellings large as fists, with obstruction of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.

Very painful d. of abdomen, rumbling; relieved by passing wind. Asaf.

Violent delirium with d. of bowels and obstinate constipation. Acet-ac.

Violent d. of abdomen after meals. Caust.

Distorted.—Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are d. and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Distress.—D., dull pain in umbilical region. Bapt.

D. and griping pains in epigastrium, with rumbling in bowels, followed by diarrhœa. Still.

Burning d. in abdomen, like coals of fire, with great restlessness, tossing and turning (in peritonitis). Ars.

Child writhes in every possible direction, doubles itself up and screams in great d.; it cries very hard. Coloc.

Constant d. in umbilical region and hypogastric region, with severe cutting, colic-like pains every few minutes in stomach and small intestines. Dios.

Constant d. about umbilicus, with feeling as if small intestines were being tied in knots. Polyp.

Constipation, with d. one or two hours before stool, with colicky, sticking pains. Kali-c.

Fine cutting, colicky pains every few minutes all day, relieved by hard stool, followed by dull d. in bowels. Ustil.

Much d. and distention of abdomen, with diarrhœa, aggravated by everything eaten or drank. Coloc.

Rumbling and d. in whole bowels, especially in hypogastrium, with black stools. Lept.

Severe and constant d. between umbilicus and epigastrium, with sharp cutting pains. Lept.

Sudden d. in hypogastrium, with great desire for stool. Polyp.

Soreness and aching d. in abdomen. Ptel.

Double.—Along with sensation of distention, constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks, and forces one to lean forward bent d. Bell.

Colic after eating or drinking, obliging one to bend d., worse from sweet things. Sulph.

Colic: aggravated by eating; after flatulent food; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from bending d. Colch., Coloc.

Colic, compelling to bend d. Coloc., Rheum. (Bell., Chelid., Grat., Rhus-t., Sabad.)

Colic forces him d., yet relieved in no position. Acon.

Colic, better bending d. China. (Coloc.)

Cutting, flatulent colic, worse on bending d. Tart-em.

Intussusception of bowels, with great anguish; rushes about bent d., pressing abdomen. Ver-a.

Pinching in abdomen, obliging him to bend d. China.

Pain in abdomen, causing her to bend d. (Aloe, Coloc., Iris.); worse from eating or tightening clothes. Caust.

Severe colicky pains, mostly in umbilical region; has to bend d. Coloc.

Sudden painful cuttings, with feeling as if one were digging him with fingers, compelling patient to bend d., relieved by profuse, pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)

Spasmodic cutting in the hypogastrium; must bend d. Calad. (Coloc.)

Violent cutting colic, forcing one to bend d. Rheum, Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris.)

Doubled.—Pain in hypogastrium, preventing an upright posture, forcing patient to lie d. up in bed. Sec.

Doubles.—Child writhes in every possible direction; d. itself up and screams in great distress; it cries very hard. Coloc.

Down.—Atony of stomach and abdomen, feeling as if they hung d. relaxed. Staph.

Abdomen seems to hang d. heavily, like a load, when walking. Alu.

Dragging d. in abdomen. Aloe.

Dragging d. of stomach and whole abdominal contents, extending even to organs of chest; must support abdomen. Lil-tig. (Bell., Plat., Sep.)

Hernia forced d., with bruised pain; cannot be reduced with hand. Sulph.

Sensation as if everything in abdomen would fall d., which obliged him to walk carefully. Nux-v.

Sensation of great weakness and emptiness in abdomen; must lie d. Phos.

Sensation as if everything inside would fall d., obliging him to walk carefully. Nux-v.

Downward.—Flatulent colic, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa, and d., causing urging to stool. Nux-v.

Griping pains, with constriction about umbilicus; soreness and dragging d. and outward. Bry.

Pressure d. in abdomen, while lying in bed at night, which awakens her. Sulph.

Pressure d. in abdomen toward anus. Sulph.

Stitches at origin of Poupart's ligament near left ilium, extending d. then shooting to female urethra. Berb.

Sensation of pressure or pressing from above d., or from before backward in abdomen. Calc-c.

Downwards.—Colic, with great pressure d. upon rectum and bladder.

Griping and chilliness inside abdomen, passing d. into legs as far as knees. Cham.

Violent cutting and labor-like tearing, from above d. across groins, through thighs down to knees. Tart-em.

Dragging.—D. down in abdomen. Aloe.

D. down of stomach and whole adominal contents, extending even to organs of chest; must support abdomen. Lil-tig. (Bell., Plat., Sep.)

Contractive d. in umbilical region. Bell.

Feeling in pelvis, as if whole contents of abdomen were d., pushing, or forced down, as into a funnel. Lil-tig.

Griping pains, with constriction about umbilicus; soreness and d. downward and outward. Bry.

Heavy weight and d. in hypogastrium; has to stoop over when walking. Sulph.

Sticking, darting, or else pressing sticking, tensive or oppressive d. pain in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.

Sensation of bearing down in hypogastrium, with d. pains from sacrum. Sep.

Drank.—Much distress and distention of abdomen, with diarrhœa, aggravated by everything eaten or d. Coloc.

Drawing.—D. in abdomen. Acon., Agn., Ars., Caps., China, Cocc., Dros., Kreas., Lach., Led., Lob., Lyc., Magn-c., Natr-m., Nux-v., Opi., Staph., Ver-a.

D. in hypogastrium. China, Valer.

D. in of inguinal glands. Dulc., Mez., Thuja.

D. flatulency. China.

D., tensive, bearing-down pain in abdomen, like labor-pains. Puls.

D. and tensive pains, extending from abdomen through spermatic cords into testicles, that hang low down. Puls.

D. and tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc.

D. in præcardia in direction of stomach, like cutting. Croc.

D. colic, as if menses would appear. Croc.

D. or griping colic, after stool. Carbo-v.

D. and pinching in umbilical region. Ign.

D. pain in abdomen during menses. Kreas.

D. pains in abdomen at night. Magn-m.

D. from anus to umbilicus. Lach.

D. and twisting in abdomen. Caps.

D. in umbilicus, early in morning. Acon.

D. colic during menses. Sulph.

D., tearing, or bearing-down pains in abdomen, like labor-pains. Puls.

D. pains in abdomen, extending from both sides to umbilicus, worse on stooping. Acon.

Aching in flanks or d. in abdominal muscles. Asaf.

Aching soreness, cutting, d. in left groin, later in night. Calc-ph.
Cramps and d. pain in abdomen at night. Magn-m.
Cutting colic and d. in thighs before menses. Cham.
Cutting, d. in abdomen. Kali-c.
Colic: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body forward and d. up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.
Colicky pains proceeding from spinal cord, with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great depression of spirits. Plumb.
Flatulent colic (Coloc., Lyc.), d. twisting pains. Caps.
Griping, d. in side of abdomen. Nux-v.
Labor-like pain, d. to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flashes of heat in face; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.
Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with d., tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.
Painful d. in both groins, as if menses would appear. Plat.
Pressive pain and d. in abdominal muscles. Asaf.
Spasmodic d. pains in both inguinal regions. Chelid.
Tension and d. in inguinal region, when walking. Clem.
Violent intermittent colic; cutting, d. pains. Cupr.

Drawn.—Abdomen d. in and sore to touch. Cupr.
Colic, umbilicus d. in, abdomen hard. Natr-c. (Plumb.)
Epigastrium d. in. Thuja. (Plumb., Thal.)
Sensation as if abdomen was d. in, following cramp in stomach. Ver-v.
Umbilicus d. in. Mosch.
Violent colic; abdomen retracted to spine, as if d. in by a string. Plumb. (Chelid.)

Drinkers.—Colic of brandy or coffee d. Nux-v.

Drinking.—Abdomen bloated after eating or d. Carbo-v., Kali-c., Lyc.
Cutting in bowels after d. Teucr.
Cutting in abdomen after d. cold water. Calc-ph.
Colic after eating or d., obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulph.
Colic after d., in evening. Puls.
Distention of abdomen, as from much d. and flatulent food. China.
Flatulency after d. Nux-v.
Griping in epigastric region after eating and d. Rhus-t.
Pain in abdomen from d. water. Croc., Teucr.
Spasmodic cutting in abdomen after eating and d. Staph.
Sensation of heaviness after d. Asaf.
Tightness and distention of abdomen, after eating or d. Ambr.

Drinks.—Feeling as if abdomen would burst if eats or d. Carbo-v.

Drive.—Colic so painful as to d. patient mad. Coff.

Drop.—Feeling of weakness in abdomen, as if it would d.; wants to hold it up. Staph.

Great sinking at epigastrium, with sensation as if everything would d. through pelvis. Podo.

Dropsical.—Great distention and d. swelling of abdomen. Fluor-ac.

General anasarca and d. affections of abdomen and legs, with great thirst. Acet-ac.

Dropsy (see Ascites).—D. of abdomen. Dulc., Sulph.

D., following diseases of kidneys or eruptive diseases. Hell.

Abdomen is distended and swollen as in d. Acon.

Abdominal d., sometimes with diarrhœa and vomiting, and great oppression of breath. Apis.

Ascites; d., with dull percussion as high as third intercostal space; commenced in feet. Dig.

Drum.—Abdomen distended and tense, like a d., without being hard or painful. Kreas.

Cutting, sticking colic; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a d. (Carbo-v.) and sensitive to touch. Cham.

Severe colic; abdomen distended like a d.; wind passes off only in small quantities. Cham.

Dull.—Ascites; dropsy, with d. percussion as high as third intercostal space; commenced in feet. Dig.

Duodenum (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Catarrh of d. Kali-bi.

Catarrh of d. and intestines. China.

Dysentery (see section on Rectum).—Colic resembling d.; a kind of grinding deep in hypogastrium, accompanied by nausea and slumber. Arn.

Dysmenorrhœa (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Excessive flatulent distention of abdomen and d. Cocc.

Dyspnœa (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Abdomen distended, with d. Caps.

Colic with d. Cocc. (Berb., Caps., Cham., China, Kreas., Lach., Lyc., Mez., Mosch., Rhod., Prun-s., Sulph.)

Distention in epigastrium, with d., evening and morning. Rhod.

Flatulent colic, with pressure upward, causing d., and downward, causing urging to stool. Nux-v.

Eat (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Fullness on beginning to e. Nux-v. (Lyc.)

Pain in abdomen on attempting to e. Calc-ph.

Eaten.—Feeling of fullness, as after having e. too much. Kreas. (Lyc.)

Great distention of abdomen as if he had e. too much. Colch. (China, Lyc.)

Much distress and distention of abdomen, with diarrhœa, aggravated by everything e. or drank. Coloc.

Eating (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Abdomen bloated after e. or drinking. Carbo-v., Kali-c., Lyc.

Aching distention after e. Natr-m.

After e. patient ramains full for a long time; what has been eaten remains in epigastrium. China.

Abdomen much distended, enlarged after e. Thuja.

After e., fullness and heaviness in abdomen as if overloaded. Sulph.

Belching large quantities of wind after e. Phos.

Bloated abdomen after e. Caust., Kali-c. (Lyc., Sep.)

Bloated distention after e. Cham.

Colic immediately after e. China, Graph., Nux-m.

Colic after e. or drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from sweet things. Sulph.

Colic always after e. Sulph.

Colic at umbilicus, or feeling of repletion after e. Rhod.

Colic: aggravated by e.; after flatulent food; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from bending double. Colch., Coloc.

Cutting, sticking pain in hypogastrium, soon after e. Ver-a.

Cutting in abdomen after e. Petr.

Cutting, griping and jerking pains in abdomen, especially after e.; better after stool. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)

Cutting as from knives, soon after e. Kali-bi.

Distention and sensation of fermentation after e. Rhus-t.

Distention of abdomen, especially after e. Natr-c.

Distention on left side of colon, worse after e. Aloe.

Extreme distention, especially after e. Rhus-t. (Nux-v.)

Flatulent distention, always after e. Puls.

Flatulent colic, especially after e. at night. China.

Flatulent distention of abdomen after e. Nux-v.

Fullness, heat and great distention in abdomen immediately after e. a little. Kali-c. (Carbo-v., Lyc., Nux-v.)

Griping in epigastric region after e. and drinking. Rhus-t.

Griping in abdomen, like colic, immediately after e. Natr-c.

Griping, with pinching about umbilicus on e. Nux-v.

Griping, tearing, in epigastric region, in side of chest after e. Zinc.

Gurgling in epigastric region after e., with pain. Zinc.

Loud rumbling in abdomen after e. Sep.

Pain in abdomen after e. Iod., Psor.

Pain after e. small quantity, with tympanitis. Zinc.

Pressure in abdomen after e. Sil.

Pressure of clothing across abdomen feels too tight, after e. Sil.

Pressure and tension in abdomen, after e. Zinc.

Pinching constriction in epigastrium, after e., extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc.

Rumbling in abdomen immediately after e., returning daily. Cycl.

Rumbling after e. Cycl. (Lyc.)
Sensation of emptiness at navel, better by bandaging and e. Fluor-ac.
Spasmodic cutting in abdomen after e. and drinking. Staph.
Soreness in abdomen, aggravated by eating. Sang.
Tearing pain around umbilicus, with flatulence, in morning, relieved by e. Natr-s.
Throbbing in abdomen after e. Selen.
Tightness and distention of abdomen, after e. or drinking. Ambr.

Eats.—Feeling as if abdomen would burst if e. or drinks. Carbo v.

Effort.—Sensation in abdomen as if something tight would break, if too much e. was made to void a constipated stool. Apis.

Eggs.—Rolling and rumbling, with much flatus, smelling like rotten e. Oleand.

Electric.—Lancinations rapidly following one another like e. shocks. Thal.
Stitches dart through abdomen like e. shocks on left side, especially when changing from rest to motion. Arg-n.
Sticking in bowels like e. shocks extending to vagina. Kreas.
Sudden tinging stitches like e. shocks, in left side. Arn.
Violent cutting, like e. shock, darting through whole abdomen to anus. Coloc.

Emaciated.—Big belly and e. limbs, in children who dislike to be washed. Sulph.

Emaciation.—Tabes mesenterica, with rapid e., night sweats, slow fever, dry laryngeal cough; diarrhœa. Iod.

Emotion.—Nervous irritation of intestines; abdomen distended, all symptoms worse after every unpleasant e. Nux-m.

Emptiness.—E. and rumbling in abdomen. Petr.
E. in umbilical region, with desire to take a deep breath; better from a bandage, or tight clothes. Fluor-ac. (Nitr-ac.)
E. and sensation of hollowness in abdomen. Cocc.
E. of abdomen, while stomach feels full. Dulc.
Feeling of e. in abdomen. Lach.
Rumbling with sensation of e. in abdomen. Sars.
Rumbling in hypogastrium, as from e. Sulph.
Sensation of e. at navel, better by bandaging and eating. Fluor-ac.
Sensation of great weakness and e. in abdomen; must lie down. Phos.
Sensation of e. in abdomen. Cocc., Mur-ac., Sars. (Ant-c., Arn., Arum, Cham., Cina, Coloc., Dig., Dulc., Euphorb., Fluor-ac., Guaj., Gum-gut., Hep-s., Kali-c., Kobalt., Lach., Merc., Mez., Oleand., Petr., Phos., Puls., Seneg., Squilla, Stann.)
Sensation of e. in abdomen, with great hunger. Stann.
Sensation of e.; or load in abdomen during motion. Sep.
Sensation of e. in intestines, going off after a meal. Ant-c.
Soft stool, followed by a sensation of e. in abdomen. Sulph-ac.

Unpleasant sensation of e. Croton-tig.
Weakness and e. after stool. Sep.

Empty—E. feeling in abdomen and stomach. Gum-gut.
E. feeling in abdomen. Cina.
E., sinking sensation around umbilicus, or in whole abdomen. Calc-ph.
Great sinking and e. feeling in bowels Ver-a.
Rumbling in abdomen as if e. Sabad. (Lyc.)
Rolling and rumbling in bowels, as if e. Sulph.
Shooting in abdomen with e. feeling. Phos.

Endure (see Bear).—Stomach and bowels feel sore, cannot e. slightest touch. China.
Cannot e. tight clothing around abdomen. Carbo-v. (Lach., Lyc.) (Reverse, Nitr-ac.)
Cannot e. anything tight about abdomen, especially after eating. Graph. (Lyc., Carbo-v.)
Extreme tenderness of abdomen, cannot e. touch of clothes. Crotal. (Lach.)

Engorgment.—E. of portal circulation. Æsc.

Enlarged.—E., hypertrophied glands. Carbo-an.
E. mesenteric glands; abdomen hard and swollen. Bar-c.
Abdomen much distended, e. after eating. Thuja.
Abdomen e. and puffed; protrudes here and there as from arm of of fœtus. Thuja.
Inguinal glands e.; sloughing unhealthy pus. Crotal.
Jaundice in nursing children; abdomen tympanitic; spleen and liver e. China.

Enteralgia.—E., with distention of abdomen. Hydroc-ac.

Enteric.—E. or typhoid fever (in first stages). Bapt.

Enteritis.—E. Acon., Canth., Mez., Nux-v., Puls., Ver-a.
E. or peritonitis, with typhoid symptoms. Hyos.
E. in infants, caused by indigestion. Lyc.
E. with red face, moist skin, fever; continual moaning. Bell. (Merc.)
E., lancinating pains; bloody, slimy stools; sweat without relief. Merc.
E. or peritonitis; great distention of abdomen, and typhoid symptoms, with involuntary stools. Rhus-t.
E. with high fever, great vascular excitement; vomiting; dark, bloody stools. Ver-v.
E. or peritonitis, with high fever. Acon.
Acute catarrhal e. during damp weather. Gels.
Catarrhal mucous e., with severe colic and tenesmus. Dios.
Catarrhal e. Ars.
Peritonitis and e., with restlessness. Rhus-t.

Enterodynia.—Neuralgic e., with sensation of retraction of abdomen; pains radiating to all parts of body. Plumb.

Entero-colitis.—E., with hæmorrhages and ulceration of bowels, especially epithelial degeneration. Tereb.

Epigastric region (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—E. sensitive to touch. Cocc-c.

Constrictive sensation in e., with anguish and difficult breathing. Grat.

Griping in e. after eating and drinking. Rhus-t.

Griping, tearing in e., in side of chest after eating. **Zinc.**

Gurgling in e. after eating, with pain. Zinc.

Incarcerated flatus in e. Nitr-ac.

Sharp pressure on a spot in middle of e. Lyc.

Sensitiveness to pressure in e. Bry., Lyc.

Tension of e., with sensitiveness to touch. Coff.

Epigastrium (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—E. extremely sensitive to touch. Colch. (Bell.)

E. painfully bloated, in morning, with sensation as if contents were pressing into chest. Cham.

E. swollen, hard, sensitive; pulsations. Kali-c.

E. drawn in. Thuja. (Plumb., Thal.)

After eating patient remains full for a long time; what has been eaten remains in e. China.

Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb) and tender; e. yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.

Burning in umbilical region, with goneness and faintness in e. Hydr.

Burning in e. Calad., Camph., Cham. (Canth., Raph.)

Boring pain in e., passing off when pressing thereon. Cina.

Boring in e. Seneg.

Crampy pain in e. Dios.

Cramp-like pain in left side of abdomen, with qualmishness in e. Nux-v.

Colic and griping, especially in e. Puls.

Colic, with constriction in e., or contraction of umbilicus and hardness of integuments of abdomen. Natr-c.

Colic, with cutting and twisting in umbilical region, in e., worse on motion, with tension in small of back. Caps.

Cutting in e. Cham., Lyc. (Asar., Calc-c., Chin-s., Laur., Magn-m., Nux-m., Ol-an., Sulph., Tereb.)

Cutting pain in left side of e. Kali-c.

Cutting, pinching in e. and umbilicus. **Nux-m.**

Clawing in e. Mosch.

Clawing in umbilical region, extending from both sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes up to e., as if had taken cold, or as if menses were coming on. Hep-s.

Constrictive pinching or griping in e., taking away breath. Cocc.

Contractive, twisting pain in bowels, immediately about umbilicus, spreading over e., leaving hypogastrium perfectly free from pains. Coloc.

Coldness in e. and hypogastrium, followed by burning heat. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Sec.)

Distention in e., with dyspnœa, evening and morning. Rhod.

Distention of abdomen (Ant-c., Bry., China), especially e., with flatus moving about. Aloe. (Lyc., Hep-s., Puls.)

Distress and griping pains in e., with rumbling in bowels, followed by diarrhœa. Still.

Digging in e. or hypogastrium. Ol-an., Sep.

Extreme tenderness in e. Eupat-perf.

Extreme sensitiveness in e. Dig.

Extreme anxiety in e. Dig.

Feeling as if stone lay in e. Puls.

Fullness and tenderness across e. and hypochondria. Merc.

Fullness and pressure in e., relieved by belching and passage of flatus. Fluor-ac.

Fermentation in e., with eructations of hot air. Hep-s.

Great burning distress in e., can hardly endure it. Iris.

Great burning in e., at same time mucous membrane of mouth burns like fire. Iris.

Great sinking at e., with sensation as if everything would drop through pelvis. Podo.

Griping, pinching in e. Cocc.

Griping pains in e. Puls.

Heaviness in e. Nux-m. (Croton-tig.)

Lacerating pains in umbilicus and e., shooting to other parts of abdomen. Plumb.

Pain in e. Iod.

Pain in e., as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Graph.

Pain in bowels from side to side, in e., corresponding to transverse colon, commencing in right and going over to left. Cham.

Pain in intestines in e., with sensation of constriction transversely Chelid.

Pressing as from a weight in e. Nux-v., Tarax.

Pressing in e. Caust., Nux-v. (Ambr., Bry., Croton-tig., Elat., Sulph., Teucr.)

Pressure in e. Natr-m., Phos-ac.

Pressure in e., as if caused by a button. Am-c.

Pressure in abdomen and in e., with coldness of hands and feet Ambr.

Pressure in e. which arrests breathing. Lach.

Pressive tension in e. increased by motion, same feeling in lower back. Caps.

Pressure in e., as of a load. Caust.

Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across e. after a meal. Cina.

Pinching constriction in e., after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc.

Peculiar pain, as if a sore spot were pressed upon, in e., on pressure and during inspiration. Sabad.

Peculiar sensation of weakness in e. Ign.

Pulsation in e. Calad., Can-sat.

Red spots on e. Natr-m.

Sudden spasmodic pain in e.; leaving a sensation of contraction, and causing him to cry out. Gels.

Sudden pains in paroxysms, across e., from lower border of liver, downward toward left, then ceasing in right side. Kalm.

Sharp sticking in e. and to left of umbilicus. Ign.

Sharp, cutting pains in e. Dios.

Sharp pressure on a small spot in middle of e. Lyc.

Sensation of fullness in e. Led.

Sensation of fullness and as if beaten, in e. and whole abdomen. Asaf.

Sensation of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in e., together with griping in abdomen. Diad.

Shocks of pain in umbilical region up to e.; nausea, straining and belching of wind. Iris.

Stitches in e. when moving about. Cycl.

Soreness in e. Mang.

Severe and constant distress between umbilicus and e., with sharp, cutting pains. Lept.

Tenderness of e. Iod.

Tearing tension here and there in e. Colch.

Tension in e. Croton-tig., Natr-c.

Typhlitis; extreme distention of abdomen, with great coldness in e. Colch.

Twirling and twisting in e. two inches above navel. Lachn.

Tickling in e. Bar-c., Cham., Hep-s., Lach., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Phos-ac.

Throbbing in e. Can-sat., Puls. (Calad.)

Violent, colicky pains in e., with headache and other pains. Eupat-perf.

Violent pain across e. Lith-c.

Violent burning in e. Colch.

Weight in e.; hypogastrium tense. Nux-m.

Eructations (see Belching; also, vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Colic, with e. and spitting. Kali-c.

Colic, with e. Grat., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Nux-v., Rhod.

Distention of abdomen, with a desire to belch; or a sensation as if abdomen were packed full, not in least relieved by e. China.

Frequent flatus and e., each giving relief for a time, but same condition soon renewed, continuing many days. Fluor-ac.

Fermentation in epigastrium, with e. of hot air. Hep-s.

Globus hystericus, relieved by e. Magn-m.

Much rumbling, with e. and discharge of fetid flatus. Rhod.

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; relieved by e. Lyc.

Sensation of weakness in abdomen, extending to throat; relieved by e. Kalm.

Tympanitis; abdomen feels bloated, followed by e. Kali-bi.

Violent, cramp-like pains, as if abdomen would burst, with contractive e.; worse after midnight. Nitr-ac.

Eruption (see section on Skin).—E. on abdomen. Natr-c.

Herpetic e. in groins. Graph.

Eruptive.—Dropsy, following diseases of the kidneys or e. diseases. Hell.

Erysipelas.—E. on abdomen. Graph.

Evening.—Colic every e., as if diarrhœa would occur. Led. (Coloc.)

Colic about umbilicus, with chilliness, nausea and vomiting, worse in e. Puls.

Distention: in e., with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down towards anus and tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Flatulent colic in e. after lying down. Nux-v.

Flatulent colic moving about abdomen in e., after lying down in bed. Puls.

Flatulent colic, especially in e.; loud rumbling and rolling, with retraction of abdomen similar to lead colic. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)

Much flatulence in e. and night. Cist.

Noise, as if water running out of bottle (Aloe), in e. Jatr.

Pain in abdomen in e. Magn-m., Puls., Valer. (Ambr., Diad., Fluor-ac., Led., Meph., Merc., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Paris, Phos., Ver-a., Zinc.)

Tympanitis; bloatedness of abdomen; rumbling in e. Sabin.

Violent colic, with cutting and stinging pains, as if caused by knives, principally at night or in cool of e. Merc.

Evenings.—Incarcerated flatulence, worse mornings and e. Nitr-ac.

Excitement.—Enteritis, with high fever, great vascular e.; vomiting; dark, bloody stools. Ver-v.

Exercise.—Pain in abdomen from e. Aloe, Arn., Berb., Cocc., Cycl., Dig., Ipec., Kreas., Natr-m., Nitr., Nux-v., Ol-an., Puls., Sep., Stram.

Exertion.—Painful pressure in hypogastrium, on physical e. Calc-c.
Exostosis.—E. Aur.
Expiration.—Dartings in side of abdomen, every e. Coff.
Expiring.—Pain in abdomen when breathing out (e.). Brom., Dig.
Extension.—Feeling of e. in inguinal region. Magn-s.
Feeling of e. in abdomen. Ign., Sep., Valer.
External.—E. painfulness. Acon., Bov., Canth., Nux-v., Puls., Tabac.
Internal burning heat with e. coldness. Camph.
Pain in bowels early in morning, better from e. warmth and bending forward, while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.
Pain relieved by e. warmth. Alu., Bar-c., Cast-eq., Meph., Pallad., Sil.
Externally.—E. abdominal walls are tender to touch, when coughing or sitting, especially at stool. Puls.
Abdomen feels raw and sore internally as well as e. Sulph.
Extremities (see section on Extremities).—Arthritic pains which suddenly wander from e. to abdomen. Daph.
A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower e. are inclined to fall asleep, while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.
Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower e., so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.
Exudation.—Peritonitis, with e.; often with metritis; urine scanty. Apis.
Eyes (see vol. i., section on Eyes).—Colic alternates with affections of e. Euphr.
Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and e. drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Face (see vol. i., section on Face).—Enteritis, with red f., moist skin, fever; continual moaning. Bell. (Merc.)
Griping, pinching colic; weakness, features sunken, staggering; f. cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.
Labor-like pains, drawing to small of back and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flashes of heat in f.; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.
Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of f. are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Faint.—Ascites (from heart, hepatic, or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.

Severe cutting in hypogastrium, extending to testicles; occurring after stool, with f. feeling. Hydr.

Weak, f. feeling, as if diarrhœa would occur. Myrica.

Fainting.—Colic, with f. Ran-sc.

Cutting in right side of abdomen, causing f. Lach.

Great tympanitis in hysterical women, with f. Mosch.

Sudden violent colic, with much f. and chilliness. Stram.

Severe colicky pains in hypogastrium every few minutes, with f., has to sit down to get relief. Collins.

Terrible cutting bellyache with frequent thin stools, f. and cold sweat. Ars.

Faintness.—Abdomen hard as a stone; knots in recti muscles; anxiety, with cold sweat and deathly f. Plumb.

Burning in umbilical region, with goneness and f. in epigastrium. Hydr.

Cutting, colicky pains, with heat and f.; better after passing flatus. Hydr.

Flatulent colic, with f. Hydr.

Sensation in both sides of abdomen as if something living were jumping about, with nausea, shivering and f. Croc. (Sulph.)

Sensation of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of f. in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.

Violent colic and f. before menses. Sep.

Fall (see Move).—Intestines f. from side to side on turning in bed. Bar-c. (Merc.)

Pressure in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would f. out and menses come on. Natr-c.

Sensation as if everything inside would f. down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux-v.

Sensation as if bowels f. to side on which one is lying. Merc. (Merc-cor.)

Fallen.—Abdomen f. in, tender to contact. Stram.

Pain in abdominal muscles when sitting, as if had f. upon them. Hyos.

Falling.—Sensation like f. of a heavy lump from just above umbilicus to small of back; after talking or over-exertion. Laur.

Sensation of something f. in abdomen. Plumb.

Fat.—Cholera morbus, caused by f., rich food. Puls.

Fear.—Tenderness of abdomen, is aggravated by least jar of bed, or chair in which she sits; obliged in walking to step with great care for f. of a jar. Bell.

Features.—Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin cold; f. sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.

Fecal.—Incarcerated umbilical and inguinal hernia, with f. vomit. Opi.
Peristaltic motion reversed, with belching and vomiting of f. matter. Opi.

Feel.—Abdominal muscles sore; f. strained. Hyos.
Bowels f. sore when touched, or on coughing, as if bruised (Merc.) or weakened by cathartics. Ferr.
Intestines f. bruised. Apis., Can-sat., Coloc.

Feeling (see Sensation).—F. of coldness during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali-c.
F. in pelvis as if whole contents of abdomen were dragging, pushing, or forced down, as into a funnel. Lil-tig.
F. of coldness in abdomen. Calc-c., Cist., Grat., Ver-a.
F. of emptiness in abdomen. Lach.
F. of fullness in abdomen. Cycl., Kali-n., Natr-s.
F. as if greatly distended, even to bursting, causing suffocation. Caps.
F. as if abdomen would burst if eats or drinks. Carbo-v.
F. in left groin, on sitting down, as if a hard body were lying there; relieved after pressure by passage of flatus. Carbo-an.
F. as if a hard body pressed from within outwards, at right inguinal ring; part not feeling hard to touch; while sitting with body bent forward. Bell.
F. of heat in abdomen, as from a hot iron. Bell.
F. of fullness, as after having eaten too much. Kreas. (Lyc.)
F. of weakness in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would result. Aloe. (Physos.)
F. as if stone lay in epigastrium. Puls.
F. like a lump around umbilicus. Rheum.
F. of weakness in abdomen, as if it would drop; wants to hold it up. Staph.
F. as from hot water pouring from chest to abdomen, followed by diarrhœa. Sang.
F. of fullness, with soreness over stomach and abdomen. Sulph.
F. of flabbiness in abdomen. Phos., Rhus-t.
F. of fermentation. Ang., Croc., Gran., Ipec., Lyc., Rhus-t., Seneg., Stram.
F. of extension in abdomen. Ign., Sep., Valer.
F. of fullness and tension in abdomen. Sulph.
Atony of stomach and abdomen, f. as if they hung down relaxed. Staph.
Ascites, with bruised f. in abdomen and scanty urine. Apoc.
Abdomen distended and f. as if full of sharp sticks or stones when moving. Cocc.
Bruised f. in abdomen. Hep-s., Sulph.
Burning, or cold f. in abdomen. Sars.
Bruised f. of intestines; cannot lie on right side. Merc.
Bruised f. in abdominal walls, which are extremely tender. Apis.

Cold f. in abdomen, back and limbs. Sec.
Constant distress about umbilicus, with f. as if small intestines were being tied in knots. Polyp.
Colic at umbilicus, or f. of repletion after eating. Rhod.
Distended abdomen, continued motion in abdomen and colic, then continued constipation; f. as if something lay in abdomen. Bry.
Empty f. in abdomen and stomach. Gum-gut.
Empty f. in abdomen. Cina.
Fermenting and rumbling; f. of heat through abdomen, especially during menses. Lachn.
Forcing-down f. in hypogastrium. Coni.
Great sinking and empty f. in bowels. Ver-a.
Hæmorrhoids, with sore, bruised f. in bowels. Bad.
In hypogastrium, immediately below umbilicus, f. as if intestines pressed outwards, while standing. Bell.
Pain from umbilicus to anus, with f. as if diarrhœa would occur. Led.
Rumbling and rolling in abdomen, with f. of distention. Carb-ac.
Rumbling in abdomen; f. as though colic would occur. Nux-m.
Rumbling, with f. as if diarrhœa would occur. Kobalt.
Relaxed f. in abdomed. Phos.
Sickly f. in abdomen, inclines him to sit quiet. Apis.
Severe cutting in hypogastrium, extending to testicles; occurring after stool, with faint f. Hydr.
Shooting in abdomen, with empty f. Phos.
Sensation of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant f. of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.
Sudden, painful cuttings, with f. as if one were digging him with fingers, compelling patient to bend double, relieved by profuse, pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)
Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with f. as if it were spasmodically constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually increase and gradually decrease. Bell.
Uneasy, sore f. all over bowels. Merc-bij.
Violent colic, with f. as if bowels would be cut to pieces. Tart-em.
Violent cutting in abdomen; f. of oppression coming from stomach. Ant-c.
Weak f. in abdomen, as if menses would appear. Sulph-ac.
Weak, burning, uneasy f. in bowels, as of approaching diarrhœa. Ailanth.
Weak f., as if diarrhœa would occur. Aloe, Myrica.
Weak f. in abdomen. Magn-m.

Feels.—Abdomen f. raw and sore internally, as well as externally. Sulph.
Abdomen f. swollen, as if distended with wind. Lith-c.

Abdomen tympanitic and very sensitive to pressure; or f. as if stuffed full of stones, though he has eaten nothing, and it does not feel hard. Tart-em.

Abdomen hard and distended; f. full and uncomfortable. China.

Abdomen f. swollen; relieved by belching. Can-ind.

Abdomen f. as if it had been beaten. Cocc., Natr-s. (Am-c., Ang., Arg m., Ars., Aur., Can-sat., Carbo-v., Caust., Cham., China, Coloc., Coni., Ferr., Hep-s., Ign., Kali-jod., Lam., Led., Magn-m., Merc-cor., Ran-b., Ruta, Sabad., Samb., Sep., Staph., Stram., Sulph., Valer., Ver-a.)

Distended abdomen, fullness; flatulence, rumbling, f. as if vomiting would relieve. Bapt.

Everything about body f. too tight, desires to throw off clothing. Puls. (Lyc.)

Emptiness of abdomen, while stomach f. full. Dulc.

Pressure of clothing across abdomen f. too tight, after eating. Sil.

Tympanitis; abdomen f. bloated, followed by eructations. Kali-bi.

When walking, he f. constantly a subdued colic in whole tract of intestines; they are painful when pressing upon integuments of abdomen. Ran-b.

Feet (see section on Extremities).—Agonizing colic brought on by cold, wet f. Coloc.

Heaviness in abdomen, with icy coldness of hands and f. Aur.

Pressure in abdomen and in epigastrium, with coldness of hands and f. Ambr.

Spasmodic and griping, flatulent colic, with heat in palms of hands and soles of f. Nux-v. (Sulph.)

Fermenting.—F. and rumbling; feeling of heat through abdomen, especially during menses. Lachn.

Pinching, pressing colic, and f. rumbling in hypogastrium, followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in morning. Nux-v.

Fermentation.—F. in bowels. Agar.

F. in abdomen. Magn-m., Natr-m.

F. in epigastrium, with eructations of hot air. Hep-s.

F. in abdomen, followed by vomiting. Coff.

F. in abdomen after eating fruit. China. (Ars., Bry., Puls.)

Constant sensation of f. in abdomen, like a pot of yeast working. Lyc.

Distention and sensation of f. after eating. Rhus-t.

Feeling of f. Ang., Croc., Gran., Ipec., Lyc., Rhus-t., Seneg., Stram.

Rumbling, grumbling and f. in abdomen, with rawness. Acon.

Fetid.—Meteorism, with loud rumbling; f. or odorless flatus. Carbo-v.

Fever.—Abdomen bloated (as in intermittent f.). Chin-ars.

Dull aching deep in hypogastrium, finally accompanied by f., heat, anguish and uneasiness. Caust.

Enteritis, with red face, moist skin, f., continual moaning. Bell. (Merc.)

Enteritis or peritonitis, with high f. Acon.
Enteritic or typhoid f., in first stages. Bapt.
Enteritis, with high f., great vascular excitement; vomiting; dark, bloody stools. Ver-v.
Frequent colic from excessive tympanitis (in septic f.). Tereb.
Tabes-mesentrica, with rapid emaciation, night sweats, slow f., dry laryngeal cough; diarrhœa. Iod.
Typhlitis (peri), with high f., with great tenderness and hardness. Crotal.

Fevers.—Much distention of abdomen in nervous f. Hyos.

Finger.—Griping as from a hand, each f. seemingly sharply pressing intestines; better during rest, much worse by motion. Ipec.

Fingers.—Sudden painful cuttings, with feeling as if one were digging him with f., compelling patient to bend double, relieved by profuse pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)

Fire.—Burning like f. in hypogastric and lumbar region. Lach.
Hernia, recent and small; incarcerated; with bilious vomiting, cold sweat, burning as from coals of f. Acon.

Fist.—Elastic swelling (size of a f.) in left groin, evenings; with bruised pain therein; cannot lie on left side; on awaking, both swelling and pain gone. Am-c.

Fists.—Colic, as if abdomen would burst; presses f. into sides. Hyos.
Flatulence which rises to stomach, causing fullness and oppression in chest, prover has to beat on chest with f., as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)
Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his f. into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.
Tympanitic distention of abdomen in circumscribed, knotty swellings large as f., with obstruction of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.

Fixed wind (see Incarcerated flatulence; also, Wind).—**F. Lyc.**, Natr-c., Natr-s.
F., causing pain. Lyc.
F., incarcerated flatulence in left side of abdomen. Iod.

Flabbiness.—Feeling of f. in abdomen. Phos., Rhus-t.

Flabby.—Abdomen soft, f. and sunken. Borax.
Great increase of flat or f. abdomen, also flatulent distention. Calc-c.

Flaccidity.—F. of abdomen. Phos.

Flank.—Piercing pain in right f., with nausea. Natr-s.
Twitching in left side between navel and f., as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry.

Flanks.—Aching in f. or drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf.

Flashes.—Labor-like pains, drawing to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with f. of heat in face; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.

Flat.—Great increase of f. or flabby abdomen, also flatulent distention. Calc-c.

Flatulence (see Wind, etc., also section on Rectum).—F. Bism.

F. with rumbling. Sec., Sil.

F. as from an animal crying. Thuja.

F. in bowels, seems to rise up into chest. Rheum.

F. and colic pains. Aster.

F. after meals; wind colic. Dios.

F., with much rumbling and gurgling, and pains of various character. Lyc.

F. from excessive tea drinking. China.

F., causing sensation of fullness. Cimicif.

F. rising and becoming incarcerated under short ribs. Nux-v.

F. which rises to stomach, causing fullness and oppression in chest, prover has to beat on chest with fists as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)

Abdomen distended by f. Thuja.

Abdomen distended, with f.; very tender. Nitr-ac.

Abdomen hard, tense; greatly distended with f., with rumbling and gurgling of gas. Sil.

Accumulation of f. in abdomen, with much distention. Graph.

Accumulation of flatus; loud rumbling; swellings here and there as from incarcerated f. Natr-c.

Colic as if intestines were twisted in a knot, with f. and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Colic pains from f. Asclep-tub. (Aloe, Carbo-v., Coloc., Lyc.)

Colic-like abdominal pains and discharge of f. Carls.

Colic from f.; abdomen full to bursting; worse from least motion, better from passing flatus. Carbo-v.

Colicky pains begin in abdomen, with tension and pressure, as from f. Acon.

Cutting, sticking colic; f. in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.), and sensitive to touch. Cham.

Cutting and griping, with f., then hard stool; constipation. Opi.

Cutting, with incarcerated f.; pain at every step. Sil.

Cutting pain in abdomen as from f. Squilla.

Dull pressing as from incarcerated f. Teucr.

Distention of abdomen, with profuse emission of f. Magn-c., Aloe, Lyc.

Discharge of much f. Kali-c.

Distended abdomen, fullness; f., rumbling, feels as if vomiting would relieve. Bapt.

Excessive f. in hysterical subjects. Ign. (Arg-n., Zinc.)

Excessive fullness and distention of abdomen from f. Lyc. (China, Carbo-v., Kali-c.)

Fullness and tension in abdomen as from incarcerated f. Sulph.

Flatulent colic about midnight; awakened by an incessant accumulation of f., which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatulence continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. **Cocc.**

Flashes of heat in abdomen, with much f. Cinnab.

Fixed f. causing pain. Lyc.

Gurgling in bowels, with shifting f. Tabac.

Griping with f. Asaf.

Incarceratdd f. Aur., Carbo-an., China, Natr-c., Natr-s., Sil. (Calc. c., Carbo-v., Lyc.)

Incarcerated f. in left side of abdomen, with heaviness, fullness and constipation. Sulph.

Incarcerated f., worse mornings and evenings. Nitr-ac.

Incarcerated f., with tympanitic state of abdomen, occurring chiefly in old people. Lyc.

Incarcerated f. in left side of abdomen. Iod.

Immense accumulation of f. Absinth.

Loud rumbling and noises in abdomen from f. **Mez.**

Much f., but none emitted either way. Raph.

Much f. and great tenderness of abdomen. **Ver-a.**

Much trouble from f. Carbo-an.

Much f. from slow digestion. Puls.

Much f. in evening and night. Cist.

Much f., with tension of abdomen. Coloc.

Much f. and distention caused by things which usually digested easily. Carbo-v.

Much f., rolling and rumbling; incarcerated, especially on right side, causing great pain; relieved by emission of flatus. Natr-s.

Moving about of f. in abdomen. Aloe.

Pinching in abdomen from incarcerated f., receding towards rectum until emitted. Grat.

Pain as from incarcerated f. Millef.

Painful distention, f. Lach.

Rattling of f. Thuja.

Rumbling and colicky pains, with much f. Naja.

Rumbling in bowels and passing large quantities of f. Dios.

Shifting of f., with rumbling in bowels and diarrhœa. Tart-em.

Shifting f. Puls.

Sharp cutting pains in bowels, sometimes with sour vomiting, accompanied by excessive f. Phos.

Sudden f. passing painfully towards ring. Graph.

Tension and pain in abdomen from incarcerated f. Lyc. (Carbo-v.)

Tearing pain around umbilicus, with f., in morning; relieved by eating. Natr-s.

Tension around abdomen as from f. Natr-m.

Flatulency.—F. Arg-n. (Aloe, Carbo-v., Lyc.)

F. increased by cough. Cocc.

F. after drinking. Nuv-v.

F. in children. Cham.

F.; loud rumbling and rolling in bowels. Caust.

F. and gurgling in right side of abdomen. Calc-c.

Colic-like f. in hypogastrium. Acon., China, Phos., Sulph-ac.

Colic-like f. Asaf., Aur., Bell., Caps., Carbo-v., Cham., China, Grat., Mez., Nux-v., Phos.

Colic-like f., with protrusion of colon, relieved by pressure and leaning forward. Bell., Cocc.

Cutting f. Coni., Puls.

Drawing f. China.

Griping f. Anac., Asaf., Aur., Graph., Lam., Natr-s., Rhus-t., Tart-em., Teucr.

Great distention of stomach and bowels, with f. almost to point of rupturing, with severe colic and acrid diarrhœa. Robin.

Much troubled with f.; it becomes incarcerated under left ribs, with lancinating pains. Aur.

Flatulent.—F. colic. Alu., Cham., Kali-c., Natr-s., Phos., Zinc.

F. colic at night. Ferr. Ign.

F. colic; griping pains. Aspar.

F. distention, always after eating. Puls.

F. colic moving about abdomen in evening, after lying down in bed. Puls.

F. colic; loud rumbling and gurgling; flatus moves about in abdomen, especially in evening. Puls.

F. colic, with loud rumbling. Ver-a. (Lyc.)

F. pain here and there, longer delay in passing, more difficult to pass. Ver-a.

F. colic, especially in evening; loud rumbling and rolling with retraction of abdomen similar to lead colic. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)

F. colic: from indigestion; from over-eating. Nux-v.

F. colic; cutting as if bowels, bladder and rectum were pressed upon by a sharp instrument. Nux-v.

F. colic in evening after lying down. Nux-v.

F. or flying pains in bowels. Æsc.

F. colic in hypogastrium, as from a flatulent purgative. Acon.

F. distention after stool (Carbo-v.), with frequent diarrhœa. Lyc.

F. colic, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa, and downward causing urging to stool. Nux-v.

F. colic, with griping pains in umbilical region, as though intestines were grasped by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

F. colic, with borborygmus, at night. **Ferr.**
F. distention of abdomen, with much rumbling. **Cocc-c.**
F. colic during pregnancy. Cocc.
F. colic with faintness. Hydr.
F. rumbling in bowels at night. **Can-ind.**
F. distention after every meal. Borax.
F. colic (Coloc., Lyc.), drawing, twisting pains. **Caps.**
F. colic, especially after eating at night. **China.**
F. distention of abdomen after eating. Nux-v.
F. colic, greatly aggravated by food; relieved by lying down or bending double. Caust.
F. colic about midnight; awakened by an incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatulence continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.
Abdomen bloated; f. colic; soreness in hypogastrium. Carb-ac.
Cutting, f. colic, worse on bending double. Tart-em.
Colic: aggravated by eating; after f. food; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from bending double. Colch., Coloc.
Distention of abdomen, as from much drinking and f. food. China.
Excessive f. distention of abdomen and dysmenorrhœa. Cocc.
Great increase of flat or flabby abdomen, also f. distention. Calc-c.
Great f. distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus, with belching of wind. Carb-ac. (Arg-n.)
Spasmodic f. colic about midnight; passing flatus without relief; aggravated when coughing. Cocc.
Spasmodic and griping f. colic, with heat in palms of hands and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)
Spasmodic and f. colic. Caul.
Violent f. colic, pains cutting and twisting; radiate from abdomen to back chest and arms. Dios.
Violent spasmodic f. colic. Coloc., Euphorb.

Flatus (see section on Rectum).—F. moving about in intestines, causing pinching pains, with rumbling noise. Puls.
F. collects here and there in abdomen, under short ribs, in hypogastrium, etc. Carbo-v. (Lyc.)
F. changing place and causing pain. Natr-c.
F. rolls about from place to place, here and there, and becomes incarcerated. Natr-s.
Abdomen distended; rumbling and incarcerated f. Natr-m.
Abdomen distended and hard from incarcerated f.; hot; sensitive; painful. Lach.
Aching soreness and pain around umbilicus; relieved by passing fetid f. Calc-ph.

Accumulation of f. in right side of upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching pains. Carbo-v.

Accumulation of f.; loud rumbling; swellings here and there, as from incarcerated flatulence. Natr-c.

Accumulation of much f., with rumbling. Opi.

Borborygmus, with profuse fetid f. Oleand.

Colic from incarcerated f. Coni., Kali-c., Puls.

Colic about umbilicus, as from f. Ver-a.

Colic about umbilicus with stitches, and difficult emission of f.; with thirst, nausea, waking him at night. Ox-ac.

Colic with nausea, relieved by passing f. Natr-m.

Colic pains; much f. Coca.

Colic before passage of f. China.

Colicky pains, better passing fetid f. Psor.

Colic-like spasmodic pain after vexation, spreading from umbilicus; better from frequent discharge of f. Coloc.

Cutting in abdomen before emission of f. Coni.

Cutting, colicky pains, with heat and faintness; better after passing f. Hydr.

Cutting pain in upper part of abdomen; better by passing f. Asar.

Cramp in hypogastrium as from pressure of f. on bladder, so he must bend forward. Prun-s.

Collection of f., without being able to evacuate it, with pain. Natr-s.

Distention: in evening, with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down toward anus with tickling there; with emission of f. smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Distention of abdomen (Ant-c., Bry., China), especially epigastrium, with f. moving about. Aloe. (Lyc., Hep-s., Puls.)

Distention of abdomen during menses, with motions and passage of offensive f. Carbo-an.

Distended abdomen; accumulation of much f. which subsides without being passed. Ambr.

Discharge of much f., relieving pain in abdomen. Aloe.

Discharge of fetid f. after dinner, and movements in hypogastrium. Coloc.

Emission of very offensive f. Sil. (Aloe, Bry., Graph.)

Flatulent colic; loud rumbling and gurgling; f. moves about in abdomen, especially in evening. Puls.

Flatulent colic about midnight; awakened by incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new f. continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.

Fullness and pressure in epigastrium, relieved by belching and passage of f. Fluor-ac.

Frequent f. and eructations, each giving relief for a time, but same condition soon renewed, continuing many days. Fluor-ac.
Full abdomen, as from incarcerated f. Graph.
Griping pains about umbilicus, relieved by emission of f. Sulph.
Griping, as from taking cold, with emission of f. Samb.
Griping colicky pains, with rumbling and discharge of f. Ptel.
Griping colic, relieved by discharge of f. Natr-s.
Griping before emission of f. Graph.
Griping, with violent pains in abdomen when passing f. China.
Great distention of abdomen; much annoyed by f. Carbo-an. (Carb-ac., Carbo-v.)
Great accumulation of f. in small intestines, with slow digestion. Lyc.
Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of f., with belching of wind. Carb-ac. (Arg-n.)
Great rumbling and moving of much f. in abdomen. China.
Gurgling f. in descending colon, worse after eating. Aloe.
Incarcerated f. Agn., Ant-c., Coloc., Magn-m., Staph., Sulph-ac., Teucr. (Calc-c.)
Incarcerated f. in left side and constipation. Sulph.
Incarcerated f. pressing here and there. Puls.
Incarcerated f. with oppression of chest. Phos.
Incarcerated f. in epigastric region. Nitr-ac.
Incarcerated f. preventing sleep. Nux-m.
Incarcerated f. with nausea. Kalm.
Loud and offensive f. all afternoon. Caust.
Loud rumbling in abdomen, with emission of much f. Phos.
Much rumbling, with eructations and discharge of fetid f. Rhod.
Much rumbling in abdomen, followed by emission of f. Euphorb.
Much f. accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; relieved by eructations. Lyc.
Much flatulence, rolling and rumbling; incarcerated, especially on right side, causing great pain; relieved by emission of f. Natr-s.
Meteorism, with loud rumbling; fetid or odorless f. Carbo-v.
Noiseless f., with odor of liver. Teucr.
Pain at night, waking prover, followed by number of greenish, fetid, mucous stools, with noisy emission of f. Arg-n.
Pain in left side, as from incarcerated f., extending to back. Cocc-c.
Pain in bowels relieved by discharge of f. Iris.
Pressure in abdomen, as from incarcerated f. Coff.
Pressure under short ribs as from incarcerated f. Nux-v. (Carbo-v.)
Rolling and rumbling, with much f., smelling like rotten eggs. Oleand.
Rumbling in bowels and passage of f. downwards. Lob.
Rumbling in abdomen, f. discharged above and below. Gels. (Lyc.)
Spasmodic, flatulent colic about midnight; passing f. without relief; aggravated when coughing. Cocc.

Shifting of f., with sharp cutting colic, with nausea. Tart-em.

Sudden painful bloating of abdomen, as if it would burst, disappearing after emission of f. Kali-jod.

Tension in afternoon from accumulated f., but wind or gas passed copiously and easily. Carbo-v.

Violent palpitation, with incarcerated f., which rises with great violence and noise, as if œsophagus would split. Coca.

Floor.—Violent pain in abdomen, with great anguish; has no rest anywhere, rolls about on f., and despairs of life. Ars.

Fluid.—Feeling of coldness during menses, as if a cold f. passed through intestines. Kali-c.

Gurgling, as of a f. running out of a bottle. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Flushes.—F. of heat in abdomen. Cinnab.

Flying.—Pain in abdomen f. upward. Bry.

Fœtal.—Quivering in abdomen, as if there was something alive it it, resembling f. movements. Sabin. (Croc.)

Fœtus.—Movements as from a f. in abdomen. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)

Movements in abdomen as from a f., or something alive. Sulph. (Croc., Sabad., Thuja.)

Abdomen enlarged and puffed; protrudes here and there as from arm of f. Thuja.

Food.—Cholera morbus, caused by fat, rich f. Puls.

Colic: aggravated by eating; after flatulent f.; with great distention of abdomen, until diarrhœa sets in; better from bending double. Colch., Coloc.

Distention of abdomen, as from much drinking and flatulent f. China.

Excessive tympanitis, as if abdomen would burst, aggravated by f. Caust.

Pain in abdomen from warm f. Kali-c., Ol-an.

Force.—Paralytic pain in right abdominal ring, as if something would f. itself through (Nux-v.); a pain as from hernia only while sitting. Cocc.

Forced.—Bearing-down pains in hypogastrium, as if contents would be f. out. Lil-tig.

Feeling in pelvis, as if whole contents of abdomen were dragging, pushing, or f. down, as into a funnel. Lil-tig.

Pressure as if viscera would be f. out towards sexual organs, with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell.

Pressing outward, as it bladder would be f. out. Sep.

Squeezing pains, as if something were f. through a narrow space. Opi.

Forcing down (see Bearing down).—F. feeling in hypogastrium. Coni.

Forehead.—Cutting in abdomen, in umbilical region, with cold sweat on f. China.

Colicodynia, with sensation as if bowels were tied up in knots; suffering causes cold sweat on f. Ver-a.

Forenoon (see Morning).—Violent pain in umbilical region whole f., without intermission. It was situated at a spot about size of hand and was a bruised pain; aggravated by walking, but not by pressing. Coloc.

Forward.—Along with sensation of distention, constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks, and forces one to lean f. bent double. Bell.

Colic-like flatulency, with protrusion of colon, relieved by pressure and leaning f. Bell., Cocc.

Colic: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body f. and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Colicky pains, obliging him to bend f. for relief. Iris, Coloc.

Cramp in hypogastrium, as from pressure of flatus on bladder, so he must bend f. Prun-s.

Contraction and tension of abdominal muscles; has to walk bent f. Arg-m.

Griping, pinching colic; periodical after breakfast or meals; causing him to bend f. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

Griping, colic-like pains, relieved by bending f. Senecio. (Coloc.)

Pain in bowels early in morning, better from external warmth and bending f. while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.

Pain in lower chest and abdomen, forcing her to bend f.; abdomen and stomach distended, she must unlace. Puls.

Pain in abdomen when walking; must bend f.; pain settles in ileo-cæcal region; sore, tender. Nitr-ac.

Frogs.—Croaking, as from f. Coloc.

Croaking, as from f. in abdomen. Graph. (Lyc., Natr-s.)

Loud rumbling in left side of abdomen, like croaking of f. Arg-n.

Front.—Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in sides and f., down both sides of umbilicus, and hurts greatly in pit of stomach on making misstep. Aloe.

Fruit.—Fermentation in abdomen after eating f. China. (Ars., Bry., Puls.)

Fruits.—Colic: after a cold; from f. and vegetables. Ver-a.

Full.—F. abdomen, as from incarcerated flatus. Graph.

F. feeling in abdomen. Cycl., Kali-n.

Abdomen tense and f., momentary stitches coming and going rapidly. Carbo-v.

Abdomen f. and distended, with griping pain about umbilicus. Croton-tig. (Coloc.)

Abdomen f. and tympantic. Eupat-perf.

After eating, patient remains f. for a long time; what has been eaten remains in epigastrium. China.

Abdomen hard and distended; feels f. and uncomfortable. China.

Colic from flatulence; abdomen f. to bursting; worse from heat, better from passing flatus. Carbo-v.

Emptiness of abdomen, while stomach feels f. Dulc.

Sensation internally in groins as if f. and too thick; as if stuffed; only in each side. Cocc.

Wind in abdomen awakens her; screams thinking herself f. of creeping things. Stram.

Fullness.—F. in abdomen. Agar., Aloe, Alu., Am-c., Anac., Ant-c., Ars., Asar., Aur., Bar-c., Calad., Calc-c., Camph., Carbo-v., Caust., China, Cocc., Cocc-c., Coff., Colch., Coni., Croc., Dig., Graph., Hell., Lach., Lact., Laur., Led., Lyc., Magn-m., Magn-s., Mur-ac., Natr-s., Nitr., Nux-j., Nux-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Phos., Plumb., Puls., Raph., Rhod., Sars., Spig., Stann., Sulph., Tart-em., Tereb., Verb., Zinc.

F. in hypogastrium. Aur., Diad., Sulph.

F. and heaviness in abdomen. Carls., Graph.

F. and tenderness across epigastrium and hypochondria. Merc.

F., heat and great distention in abdomen immediately after eating a little. Kali-c. (Carbo-v., Lyc., Nux-v.)

F. and sensation of distention of abdomen. Apis, Bapt., Mur-ac. (Bry., Caps., China.)

F., distention and heat in whole abdomen. Aloe.

F. and sensation of bloatedness in abdomen, as if she were inflated. Apis.

F., heaviness and distention of abdomen. Arg-n. (Ant-c., Aloe, China.)

F. and pressure in epigastrium, relieved by belching and passage of flatus. Fluor-ac.

F. and distention of abdomen and stomach; painful sensitiveness. Puls.

F. and tension in abdomen as from incarcerated flatulence. Sulph.

F. on beginning to eat. Nux-v.

After eating, f. and heaviness in abdomen as if overloaded. Sulph.

Distended abdomen, f.; flatulence, rumbling, feels as if vomiting would relieve. Bapt.

Distention and f. in hypogastrium, as if parts would burst, when lying on back. Bar-c.

Excessive f. and distention of abdomen from flatulence. Lyc. (China, Carbo-v., Kali-c.)

Feeling of f., with soreness over stomach and abdomen. Sulph.

Feeling of f. and tension in abdomen. Sulph.

Feeling of f., as after eating too much. Kreas. (Lyc.)

Flatulence which rises to stomach, causing f. and oppression in chest, prover has to beat on chest with fists as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)

Feeling of f. in bowels. Natr-s.
Flatulence, causing sensation of f. Cimicif.
Great f. and distention of abdomen. Zinc.
Heaviness, f. and pressing down in pelvis. Aloe. (Natr-c., Sulph., Rhus-t.)
Incarcerated flatulence in left side of abdomen, with heaviness, f. and constipation. Sulph.
Sensation of f. in epigastrium. Led.
Sensation of f., and as if beaten, in epigastrium and whole abdomen. Asaf.
Sensation of f. and throbbing in abdomen. Æsc.
Sensation of heaviness and f. in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.
Tightness, f. of abdomen. Cham.

Funnel.—Feeling in pelvis as if whole contents of abdomen were dragging, pushing or forced down, as into a f. Lil-tig.

Furunlces.—F. on abdomen. Phos., Zinc.

Gall stones (see Biliary calculi; also refer to vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Pain attending passage of g. Calc-c.

Gangrene.—G. of abdomen. Plumb.
Inflammation, ulceration, g. of bowels. Plumb.

Gas (see Wind, Air).—Abdomen hard, tense, tympanitic, and distended with g., from paralysis of muscles of intestines. Stram.
Abdomen hard, tense; greatly distended with flatulence, with rumbling and gurgling of g. Sil.
Abdomen greatly distended by g. Croton-tig., Merc., Mur-ac.
Abdomen much distended with g., for several days. Petr.
Continual rumbling and rolling in abdomen, as of g. Lachn., Aloe, (Lyc.)
Flatulence which rises to stomach, causing fullness and oppression in chest, prover has to beat on chest with fists as if by doing so g. could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)
Much distention of stomach and abdomen, with g., with tearing pains in umbilical region. Hep-s.
Rumbling and gurgling in abdomen; from movement of g. threatening colic. Nux-m.
Tension in abdomen from g., so could hardly straighten up. Sulph.
Tension, in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but wind or g. passed copiously and easily. Carbo-v.

Gastralgia.—Burning pains radiating through abdomen (in g.). Graph.

Genital organs (see section on Sexual Organs).—Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents of abdomen would issue through g. Sep.

Genitals (see section on Sexual Organs).—Bearing down towards g., in hypogastrium. Nux-v., Sabin.

Cramps in abdomen, with violent pressure upon rectum and g., with peevish depression of spirits. Magn-m.

Pressure in hypogastrium, extending to g., as if everything in abdomen would fall out, and menses come on. Natr-c.

Painful bearing down towards g., as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire for stool, extending through groin above hips, towards small of back. Plat.

Gland.—Hard g. in left groin, painful to pressure. Ant-c.

Pain through right g. when walking. Psor.

Glands.—G. of left groin swollen; painful on walking. Bapt.

Enlarged, hypertrophied g. Carbo-an.

Hardening, swelling of mesenteric g. Coni. (Calc-c., Sil.)

Inguinal g. swollen, also other g. Cist.

Small swollen g. in each groin. Calc-c.

Swelling of g. of groin and axilla; generally painful. Natr-c.

Glandular.—G. swelling in groins. Graph.

Ascites from g. affections. Merc.

Corpulency of children, with g. swellings. Caust. (Calc-c.)

Globus hystericus (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—G., relieved by eructations. Magn-m.

Gnawing.—G. in abdomen. Ars., Calc-c., Cupr., Dulc., Oleand., Plat., Ruta.

G. about transverse colon. Gels.

G. about navel. Ruta.

G. in hypogastrium. Gum-gut., Seneg.

G. in a small spot in hypogastrium. Gum-gut.

Dull sticking or stinging, or burning, g. pain, on one side of the umbilicus, increased by deep pressure; passing either to the right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen, or stomach. Berb.

Shootings, g. around umbilicus. Oleand.

Going.—Abdomen tense and full, momentary stitches coming and g. rapidly. Carbo-v.

Goneness.—Burning in umbilical region, with g. and faintness in epigastrium. Hydr.

Gradually.—Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically c. (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains g. increase and g. decrease. Bell.

Grasped.—Cutting, pinching around umbilicus, as if g. by hands, worse on motion. Ipec.

Flatulent colic, with griping pains in umbilical region as though intestines were g. by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

Griping in intestines as if bowels were forcibly g., on account of which could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over. Coloc.

Pain and anxiety so great g. bystanders and again pushed them away, frequently jumped out of bed and sat on chamber or ran about. Ars.

Grasping.—G. in abdomen. Carbo-an., Coloc., Sep., Zinc.

G. in hypogastrium. Bell. (Lyc., Puls.)

G. in navel. Stann.

Grinding.—Colic resembling dysentery; a kind of g. deep in hypogastrium, accompanied by nausea and slumber. Arn.

Gripes.—G. with swelling of abdomen, relieved by expulsion of flatus. Acon.

Griping.—G. in bowels with diarrhœa. Sulph.

G. in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen and across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chelid.

G. and pinching in abdomen. Coloc.

G. pains in abdomen. Colch. (Coloc.)

G. in abdomen followed by diarrhœa. Cocc-c.

G. in abdomen before discharge of leucorrhœa. Coni.

G. about umbilicus. Croton-tig., Raph., Sang.

G. before emission of flatus. Graph.

G. about umbilicus, increased by eating fruit. Coloc.

G., digging pains in abdomen. Graph.

G. in side of abdomen, then sticking. Ign.

G. in intestines, as if bowels were forcibly grasped; on account of which could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over. Coloc.

G. cramping pains in umbilical region. Dios.

G. in hypogastrium, relieved by passing copious bilious stool. Gels.

G. as from a hand, each finger seemingly sharply pressing into intestines; better during rest, much worse by motion. Ipec.

G. after a pappy stool. Agar.

G. before, with and after stool. Aloe.

G. with flatulence. Asaf.

G. pains of intermittent character, shifting from place to place. Coloc.

G. pinching colic; weakness, features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.

G. on walking. Phos-ac.

G. colicky pains, with rumbling and discharge of flatus. Ptel.

G. in epigastric region after eating and drinking. Rhus-t.

G. and cramps in abdomen. Phyt.

G. colic, relieved by discharge of flatus. Natr-s.

G. with pinching about umbilicus on eating. Nux-v.

G. pinching, colic; periodical after breakfast or meals, causing him to bend forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

G. in abdomen before and during a stool. Sulph.

G. worse when at rest. Bov.

G. pains in epigastrium. Puls.
G. in abdomen, with great urging to stool. Rheum.
G. pinching about umbilicus, followed by gelatinous stools. Hell.
G., as if diarrhœa was coming on. Lach.
G. and colicky pains. Brom.
G. when wishing to stool. Nux-v.
G. in abdomen, like colic, immediately after eating. **Natr-c.**
G., relieved by kneading abdomen. Natr-s.
G. pains; rumbling; urging to stool. Myrica.
G. pinching colic, painful cutting and digging pains, relieved by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)
G. pains, with constriction about umbilicus; soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry.
G. with violent pains in abdomen when passing flatus. China.
G. cutting pains in bowels. Chelid. (Coloc.)
G. and pinching, as after taking cold. Bry.
G. and chilliness inside abdomen, passing downwards into legs as far as knees. Cham.
G. pinching colic, with muco-purulent stools. Tereb.
G., sometimes below, sometimes above umbilicus. Ver-a.
G. at various times, sometimes when yawning, or after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. Zinc.
G. pains about umbilicus, relieved by emission of flatus. Sulph.
G. during menses, with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Sulph.
G. drawing in side of abdomen. Nux-v.
G. tearing in epigastric region, in side of chest after eating. Zinc.
G. in hypogastrium; pain in small of back, and chilliness over body, during menses. Sulph.
G., colic-like pains, relieved by bending forward. Senecio. (Coloc.)
G., twisting, pressing, bearing-down or labor-like pains in abdomen to groins. Sabin.
G. in abdomen, as if constricted, with anxiety and difficult breathing. Spig.
G. pain, twisting about here and there in whole abdomen. Staph.
G. in bowels at night, followed by diarrhœa. Sulph.
G. pinching, as with nails. Bell.
G. as from taking cold, with emission of flatus. Samb.
G. pinching in abdomen. Am-m., Asaf., Euphr., Hell., Ign., Lyc., Merc., Natr-m., Spig., Sulph-ac.
G. pinching in side. Lyc. (Ign., Mur-ac., Rat., Ruta.)
G. pinching in epigastrium. Cocc.
G. pinching, from worms. Cina.
G. pinching in hypogastrium. Sil. (Aur., Ruta, Tart-ac.)
G. flatulency. Anac., Asaf., Aur., Graph., Lam., Natr-s., Rhus-t.
Audible rumbling in abdomen, with some g. Carbo-v.

Abdomen full and distended, with g. pain about umbilicus. Croton-tig. (Coloc.)

Bellyache; g. pains in umbilical region. Am-m.

Burning, g. pains in umbilical region. Phyt.

Cutting and g. in bowels, as from wind. Spig.

Cutting, twisting, g. pains in bowels. Naja.

Cutting and g., with flatulence, then hard stool; constipation. Opi.

Cutting and g. in bowels. Agar.

Cutting, g. and jerking pains in abdomen, especially after eating; better after stool. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)

Colic and g., especially in epigastrium. Puls.

Colic, as if a spot in abdomen were seized with nails; a g., clutching, clawing. Bell.

Colic: cutting, g. and twisting, especially about umbilicus; better after stool. Ver-a.

Colic with stool, like constriction and g. with hand, followed by diarrhœa. Bry.

Colicky, pinching, g. in abdomen. Mur-ac.

Colic pains, first g., then stitches in one or other side of abdomen. Ign.

Colic: pinching, cutting, contractive, g. Nux-v.

Constrictive pinching or g. in epigastrium, taking away breath. Cocc.

Distention: in evening with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down toward anus with tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with g. in small of back. Sulph.

Distress and g. pains in epigastrium, with rumbling in bowels, followed by diarrhœa. Still.

Drawing or g. colic, after stool. Carbo-v.

Flatulent colic; g. pains. Aspar.

Flatulent colic, with g. pains in umbilical region, as though intestines were grasped by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

Growling movement in abdomen, as if g. of bowels would take place. Aloe.

Much g. and pain in hypochondria as if intestines were strung in knots. Sulph.

Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, colicky pains; g., cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin, green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.

Pinching and g. in abdomen. Anac.

Rumbling, with g.; moving about slowly. Carbo-v.

Rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with g.; retraction of anus and nausea. Kali-bi.

Sticking g. in umbilical region. Zinc.

Spasmodic and g. flatulent colic, with heat in palms of hands and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)

Sharp, g. pains in bowels. Iris.

Sensation of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with g. in abdomen. Diad.

Twisting g. here and there. Staph.

Tension and pressure in umbilical region, with g. extending to stomach. Sulph.

Twisting g., must sit bent forward. Aloe. (Caust., Coloc., Iris, Ver-a.)

Uneasiness and g. pains in abdomen. Grat.

Violent g. in hypogastrium, so could hardly walk. Sulph.

Violent g. and cutting in abdomen. Opi. (Coloc.)

Violent colic; more on right side; g. and cutting about umbilicus. Kali-n.

Groin.—Aching soreness, cutting, drawing in left g., later in night. Calc-ph.

During menses pain in g., like stitching and pressing. Borax.

Elastic swelling (size of a fist) in left g., evenings; with bruised pain therein; cannot lie on left side; on awaking both swelling and pain gone. Am-c.

Feeling in left g., on sitting down, as if a hard body were lying there; relieved after pressure by passage of flatus. Carbo-an.

Fine shooting in left g. Bell.

Glands of left g. swollen; painful on walking. Bapt.

Hard gland in left g., painful to pressure. Ant-c.

Inflammation in right g.; typhlitis. Natr-s.

Pain at right of umbilicus, pressing down to g. Ver-v.

Pains in g., as if he had strained himself; clothing uncomfortable. Hydr.

Painful bearing down towards genitals, as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire to stool, extending through g., above hips, towards small of back. Plat.

Small swollen glands in each g. Calc-c.

Sticking, darting, or else pressing, sticking, tensive or oppressive dragging pain in g., aggravated by walking, Berb.

Stitching and pressive pain in g. Borax.

Shooting from left g. to axilla. Natr-s.

Stitches in g. Carbo-an.

Swelling of glands of g. and axilla; generally painful. Natr-c.

Swelling, redness, inflammation and pain in g. on touch or walking. Merc.

Sharp pain in right g., preventing motion (during latter months of pregnancy). Podo.

Violent burning soreness in right g. Tart-em.

Violent stitches from left lumbar region in back transversely through abdomen, especially in hypogastrium and towards right g. Ran-b.

Groins.—Cutting, stitching or burning in g. Canth.
Griping, twisting, pressing, bearing-down or labor-like pains in abdomen to g. Sabin.
Glandular swelling in g. Graph.
Hard and painful lump in both g. **Puls.**
Herpetic eruption in g. Graph.
Labor-like pains in g. Sec.
Pain as from bruises in g. Caust.
Pain in g. after colitis; on motion. Therid.
Pressure and tension in g., as if a hernia would develop, especially when walking or standing. Berb.
Painful bloatedness in both g. Kali-c.
Painful drawing in both g., as if menses would appear. Plat.
Pressing in both g., towards sexual organs. Alu.
Painful pressing towards g. and anus. Graph.
Pinching in abdomen and g. Gum-gut.
Stitches and swelling in g. Kali-c.
Sensation internally in g., as if full and too thick; as if stuffed; only in each side. Cocc.
Tension in g. Arg-m.
Violent cutting and labor-like tearing, from above downwards across g., through thighs down to knees. Tart-em.
Violent pains of long standing in g. Lach.

Growling.—G. movement in abdomen, as if griping of bowels would take place. Aloe.

Grumbling.—G. in abdomen. Ign.
Rumbling and g. in abdomen. Coni., Mur-ac.
Rolling and g., with sudden pinching as from a purgative, followed by diarrhœa. Natr-s.
Rumbling, g. and fermentation in abdomen, with rawness. Acon.
G. and gurgling in abdomen. Lyc.
Abdomen tense and hot, with rumbling, g. and constant diarrhœa. Sil.
G. pains in abdomen, followed by dry, hard stool. Ustil.
Pinching with pressure in abdomen, with rumbling, g. and urging to stool. Bism.

Gurgling.—G. as if bowels were full of water. Hell. (Aloe.)
G., as of a fluid running out of a bottle. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)
Loud g. in abdomen, as if water running out of a bottle. Aloe.
G. in intestines as though only water were in them (Hell.); mostly on left side. Croton-tig.
G. at night, with sudden urging to stool. Aloe.
G. flatus in decending colon, worse after eating. **Aloe.**
G. in abdomen, as after a purge. Natr-m.
G. in left side of abdomen. Nitr-ac.
G. in abdomen as of water, and murmuring in hypogastrium. Carls.

G. in epigastric region after eating, with pain. Zinc.
G. in bowels, with shifting flatulence. Tabac.
Abdomen hard, tense; greatly distended with flatulence, with rumbling and g. of gas. Sil.
Constant rumbling, g. in intestines. Calc-c.
Flatulent colic; loud rumbling and g.; flatus moves about in abdomen, especially in evening. Puls.
Flatulence with much rumbling and g., and pains of various character. Lyc.
Flatulency and g. in right side of abdomen. Calc-c.
Grumbling and g. in abdomen. Lyc.
Loud rumbling and g. in abdomen in morning. Nux-v.
Much rumbling and g. in abdomen. Asar., Grat., Phos-ac., Sulph.
Rumbling and g., wind cannot pass. Arg-n.
Rumbling and g. in abdomen; from movement of gas, threatening colic. Nux-m.
Rumbling and g. in bowels. Bry.
Rumbling, gurgling, pinching and cutting in bowels. Chelid.

Hæmorrhages.—Entero-colitis, with h. and ulcerations of bowels, especially epithelial degeneration. Tereb.
Hæmorrhoidal.—H. colic. Valer.
Colic from suppression of h. flow. Nux-v.
Hæmorrhoids (see section on Rectum).—H., with sore bruised feeling in bowels. Bad.
Colic, with h. Sulph.
Pains in hypogastrium with constipation and h. Collins.
Hand.—Colic with stool, like constriction and grasping with h., followed by diarrhœa. Bry.
Griping as from a h., each finger seemingly sharply pressing into intestines; better during rest, much worse by motion. Ipec.
Violent pain in umbilical region whole forenoon, without intermission; it was situated at a spot about size of a h. and was a bruised pain; aggravated by walking, but not by dressing. Coloc.
Hands.—Spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, with heat in palms of h. and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)
Colic in hypogastrium, from constipation, with yellow h. and blue nails. Sil.
Sensation as if intestines were sinking down, constantly inclined to support bowels with h. Agn.
Cutting, pinching around umbilicus, as if grasped by h., worse on motion. Ipec.
Cutting and violent pain in intestines, obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both h., or to lean backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.
Colic, with yellowness of h. Sil.

Flatulent colic, with griping pains in umbilical region as though intestines were grasped by h., with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

Griping, pinching, in navel, as if grasped by h. Ipec.

Heaviness in abdomen, with icy coldness of h. and feet. Aur.

Pressure in abdomen and in epigastrium, with coldness of h. and feet. Ambr.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with h. and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Hang.—Abdomen seems to h. down heavily, like a load, when walking. Alu.

Hard (see Indurated).—H., bloated, tympanitic abdomen. Opi.

H. gland in left groin, painful to pressure. Ant-c.

H., bloated abdomen, especially in children. Sil.

H. and painful lump in both groins. Puls.

H., painful, hot swelling in ileo-cæcal region. Merc.

H., bloated, sensitive abdomen, especially around umbilicus. Kali-c.

H., bloated abdomen. Natr-c., Valer., Ver-a.

Abdomen h. and distended, but not with flatulence. Ferr.

Abdomen h. and distended. Cina. (Ars., Bar-c., Calc-c., Coloc., Lach., Merc.)

Abdomen h., tense; greatly distended with flatulence, with rumbling and gurgling of gas. Sil.

Abdomen distended and h. from incarcerated flatus; hot; sensitive; painful. Lach.

Abdomen distended, tense and h. Chelid., Sil. (Ars., Bar-c., Calc-c., Merc.)

Abdomen h. and very much distended. Calc-c. (Ars., Bar-c.)

Abdomen tense, h., swollen, distended and painful. Merc.

Abdomen h. and distended; feels full and uncomfortable. China.

Abdomen h. with pain in umbilical region on touch. Kali-c.

Abdomen h., tense, tympanitic and distended with gas, from paralysis of muscles of intestines. Stram.

Abdomen h., tense, tympanitic, and sensitive to touch. Opi.

Abdomen constantly h., greatly distended, making him very uncomfortable. Sil.

Abdomen h., as if filled with air (see Flatus or Flatulence); cannot bear pressure. Raph.

Abdomen h. as a stone; knots in recti muscles; anxiety, with cold sweat and deathly faintness. Plumb.

Bloated, h. and sore abdomen. Cina.

Colic: with h. abdomen, great sentitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Colic, umbilicus drawn in, abdomen h. Natr-c. (Plumb.)
Enlarged mesenteric glands; abdomen h. and swollen. Bar-c.
Epigastrium swollen, h., sensitive; pulsations. Kali-c.
Inguinal glands h. and painful to touch. Sil.
Mesenteric glands swollen and h. in children. Calc-c.
Painful abdomen, distended and h. Bar-c. (Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc.)
Umbilical region h., swollen. Acon.
When turning on right side, a h. body seems to roll from umbilicus to that side. Lyc.

Hardening.—H., swelling of mesenteric glands. Coni. (Calc-c., Sil.)

Hardness (see Induration).—H. of abdomen. Ars., Opi., Sep., Sil. (Alu., Anac., Arn., Bar-c., Calc-c., Caps., Caust., Cham., Chelid., China, Coni., Cupr., Ferr., Graph., Grat., Kali-c., Lach., Magn-m., Magn-s., Merc-jod., Mez., Natr-c., Nux-j., Nux-v., Phos., Plumb., Puls., Sec., Spig., Spong., Stram., Sulph., Valer.)
H. in inguinal glands. Ars., Calc-c., Clem., Dulc.
H. of navel. Bry., Plumb., Rhus-t.
H. of hypogastrium. Clem., Graph., Sep.
Colic, with constriction in epigastrium, or contraction of umbilicus and h. of integuments of abdomen. Natr-c.
Constriction and h. of hypogastrium. Clem.
Distention: in evening with h.; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down towards anus and tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.
Retraction of abdomen, with h. and pain at umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region of back and to iliac fossa, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.
Typhlitis (peri), with high fever, with great tenderness and h. Crotal.

Head (see vol. i., section on Head).—Distention of abdomen, with rush of blood to h. Graph.

Headache (see vol. i., section on Head).—Painful sensation in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull pain across under ribs, with distention, as if it were too narrow; some h. in forehead. Aloe.
Colic, with h. Hyos.
Constant dull aching in umbilical region, with frontal h. at same time. Lept.
Violent colicky pains in epigastrium, with h. and other pains. Eupat-perf.

Heart (see section on Heart).—Acites (from hepatic or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.
Pulsation in umbilical region, synchronous with h. Ptel.
Pain in bowels with slimy stool and palpitation of h. Petr.

Heat.—H. in abdomen. Camph., Laur. (Aloe, Bell., Bry., Carbo-an., Cic-v., Cina, Euphorb., Graph., Lach., Lachn., Lact., Mang., Meny., Mez., Plumb., Podo., Raph., Ruta, Sabad., Sars., Sil., Spong.)

H. and anxiety in abdomen. Stram.

H. and burning in abdomen. Bell., Mez. (Acon., Ars., Canth.)

Constrictive, clawing pains in abdomen, around umbilicus, in paroxysms, with nausea and h. of cheeks. Hep-s.

Cutting, colicky pains, with h. and faintness; better after passing flatus. Hydr.

Coldness in epigastrium and hypogastrium followed by burning h. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Sec.)

Dull aching deep in hypogastrium, finally accompanied by fever, h., anguish and uneasiness. Caust.

Fermenting and rumbling; feeling of h. through abdomen, especially during menses. Lachn.

Fullness, h. and great distention in abdomen immediately after eating a little. Kali-c. (Carbo-v., Lyc., Nux-v.)

Fullness, distention and h. in whole abdomen. Aloe.

Flushes of h. in abdomen. Cinnab.

Flushes of h. in abdomen, with much flatulence. Cinnab.

Feeling of h. in abdomen, as if from a hot iron. Bell.

Insupportable h. in abdomen, as though something burned him internally. Cact.

Internal burning h. with external coldness. Camph.

Intestinal inflammation, with burning h.; tympanitic distention. Canth. (Tereb.)

Labor-like pains, drawing to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flushes of h. in face; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.

Sensation of h. in bowels accompanying stool. Podo.

Spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, with h. in palms of hands and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)

Heavily.—Heaviness, with sensation as if abdomen hung down h., obliging her to walk bent. Carbo-v.

Heaviness.—H. in abdomen. Ambr., Asaf., Graph., Hel., Kali-c., Opi., Sep. (Aloe, Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Cop., Croc., Ferr., Lact., Lyc., Magn-c., Mez., Nux-j., Nux-v., Phos., Rhus-t., Sulph., Tereb.)

H. in abdomen, with icy coldness of hands and feet. Aur.

H., with sensation as if abdomen hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo-v.

H. in hypogastrium and rectum. Aloe.

H. in hypogastrium, as from a load, with anxiety as if abdomen would burst; ceases after sleep. Am-m.

H. in epigastrium. Nux-m. (Croton-tig.)

H. and pressing in abdomen. Croc.
H., fullness and pressing down in pelvis. Aloe. (Natr-c., Rhus-t., Sulph.)
H. and bloatedness of abdomen. Asaf.
H. and tension in abdomen. Kali-c.
H. during motion. Sep.
H. in hypogastrium. Aloe, Croton-tig., Diad., Ferr.
After eating, fullness and h. in abdomen as if overloaded. Sulph.
Distention of bowels in evening, with h. and anxiety. Arg-n.
Fullness and h. in abdomen. Carls., Graph.
Fullness, h. and distention of abdomen. Arg-n. (Aloe, Ant-c., China.)
Great h. in bloated abdomen. Magn-c.
Incarcerated flatulence in left side of abdomen, with h., fullness, and constipation. Sulph.
Pressure and h. in abdomen. Sep.
Sensation of h. after drinking. Asaf.
Sensation of h. like a stone in abdomen; just before menses. Puls.
Sensation of h. in walking. Ferr.
Sensation of h. and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.
Tension across abdomen; h., inactivity, coldness. Kali-c.

Heavy.—Deep, h., burning pain in abdomen, as if intestines were tied. Ars.
Pain of a dead, h. character going through from abdomen to back. Natr-s.
Sensation of something h. lying on left side of abdomen. Lyc.

Hepatic (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Ascites following cardiac or h. disease. Collins.
Ascites (from heart, h., or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.

Here.—Flatus rolls about from place to place, h. and there, and becomes incarcerated. Natr-s.
Flatus collects h. and there in abdomen, under short ribs, in hypogastrium, etc. Carbo-v. (Lyc.)
Incarcerated flatus, pressing h. and there. Puls.
Violent cutting pressure in abdomen, changing now h. now there. Bell.

Hernia.—H. Mur-ac.
H., recent and small; incarcerated; with bilious vomiting, cold sweat, burning as from coals of fire. Acon.
H., umbilical or inguinal, or weakness of abdominal muscles, and sensation as if h. would occur. Cocc.
H., right side. Lyc.
H., better from pressure on abdomen. Stann.

H. forced down, with bruised pain; cannot be reduced with hand. Sulph.

Chronic, painful h. Cic-v.

Colic, with sensation as if a h. would protrude. Sulph-ac.

Distention with pain in place of h. Sil.

Incarcerated h. Millef., Plumb., Sulph., Tabac.

Incarcerated h., not inflamed. Ver-a.

Inguinal h. Alu., Asar., Aur., Cham., Cocc., Grat., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Psor., Sil., Sulph-ac., Ver-a., Zinc.

Inguinal and femoral h. Laur.

Inguinal h. in infants. Nux-v., Strych. (Nitr-ac.)

Incarcerated umbilical and inguinal h., with fecal vomit. Opi.

Incarcerated h., with relaxation of abdominal ring. Dig.

Incarcerated h., with bilious vomiting. Acon.

Inguinal h., protruded. Aur., Sulph-ac. (Alu.)

Inguinal h. (also of children). Nitr-ac.

Painful inguinal h. Sil.

Painful inclination to inguinal h., especially after rising from sitting. Cocc.

Protrusion of inguinal h. during cough. Ver-a.

Pressing towards abdominal ring as if h. would protrude. Cham.

Pressure and tension in groins, as if a h. would develop, especially when walking or standing. Berb.

Paralytic pain in right abdominal ring, as if something would force itself through (Nux-v.); a pain as from h. only while sitting. Cocc.

Relaxation of the muscles of the abdomen permitting h. to occur. Nux-v.
(Strych.)

Strangulated h. Tabac.

Strangulated h.; gut black. China.

Sticking, pressive pain in umbilical region, as from h. Alu. (Cocc., Nux-v.)

Sensation of weakness in inguinal ring, as if h. would occur; or pain as if a h. would become incarcerated. Nux-v., Strych.

Strangulated h., with great distention and retching. Lyc.

Sticking in abdominal ring, from within outward, as in inguinal h. Coff.

Strangulated inguinal h. Nux-v., Opi. (Acon., Alu., Ars., Bell., Lach., Millef., Rhus-t., Sulph., Ver-a.)

Tearing in locality of h. Lyc.

Umbilical h. Nux-m.

Umbilical h. of infants, particularly from much crying. Nux-v., Strych. (Reduce and support with a flat piece of lead — a bullet flattened is the thing.—W. D. G.)

Violent protrusion of an inguinal h. Sulph-ac.

Hernial stricture.—Inflammation of h., with bitter, bilious vomiting. Acon.

Inflammation of h. Acon., Nux-v., Opi., Sulph.

Herpes.—H. zoster on abdomen. Graph., Rhus-t., Thuja.

Herpetic.—H. eruption in groins. Graph.

Hiccough (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Horrible colic, with symptoms of collapse; convulsive vomiting; h. Cupr.

Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent h. Acon.

Hinder.—Stitches and other pains in abdomen which h. respiration. Bry.

Hip.—Pain on side above left h., as if it would burst there on coughing. Caust.

Bruised pain in left side over left h. Arg-m.

Cutting pain in right side of hypogastrium, near pubes, extending to h. and small of back. Am-m.

Stitches in side of abdomen above left h. Am-m.

Hip bone.—Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and pushing from left to right h. and then to knee. Can-sat.

Hips.—Painful bearing down towards genitals, as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire for stool, extending through groin, above h., towards small of back. Plat.

Bearing-down, labor-like pains in abdomen, extending to h. and back. Sulph-ac.

Stitches over h. Ambr.

Hold.—Feeling of weakness in abdomen, as if it would drop; wants to h. it up. Staph.

Hollowness.—Emptiness and sensation of h. in abdomen. Cocc.

Hoop.—Sensation as if a h. or cord stretched around abdomen, especially on deep inspiration. Carls.

Horizontal.—Swelling, with danger of suffocation when in h. position. Iod.

Hot.—Abdomen distended and hard from incarcerated flatus; h.; sensitive; painful. Lach.

Abdomen tense, h., and tender to touch. Cupr.

Abdomen swollen, burning h., and sensitive to touch. Acon. (Bell., Cupr.)

Abdomen tense and h., with rumbling, grumbling and constant diarrhœa. Sil.

Abdomen distended, h. Bell.

Body cold, abdomen h.; not satisfied until all clothing is removed from abdomen. Tabac.

Burning in bowels, as from h. coals. Ver-a., Ars.
Colic better from h. milk. Croton-tig.
Feeling as from h. water pouring from chest to abdomen, followed by diarrhœa. Sang.
Feeling of heat in abdomen, as if from a h. iron. Bell.

Hour.—Colic at a certain h. each afternoon. China.

Hung.—Atony of stomach and abdomen, feeling as if they h. down, relaxed. Staph.
Heaviness, with sensation as if abdomen h. down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo-v.

Hunger (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—H., with rumbling in abdomen. Croton-tig.
Loud croaking in abdomen, with h. Arg-m.
Pain in epigastrium as from taking cold, with sensation as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous h. Asaf.
Sensation of emptiness in abdomen, with great h. Stann.

Hurts (see Pains).—Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in sides and front, down both sides of umbilicus, and h. greatly in pit of stomach on making misstep. Aloe.

Hydrogen.—Distention: in evening, with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down toward anus with tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted h.; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Hyperæsthesia.—Neuroses of bowels involving cœliac and umbilical plexuses of nerves, which are in a great state of h. and pains and spasms are unbearable. Dios.

Hypertrophied.—Enlarged, h. glands. Carbo-an.

Hypochondria (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Cutting, sticking colic; flatulence in h.; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.), and sensitive to touch. Cham.
Fullness and tenderness across epigastrium and h. Merc.
Much griping and pain in h. as if intestines were strung in knots. Sulph.
Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in h. in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; relieved by eructations. Lyc.
Pressure in several places in h. Phos-ac.

Hypochondrical.—Wind colic in hysterical or h. Millef.

Hypogastric region.—Burning like fire in h. and lumbar region. Lach.
Cutting in h. at night. Bar-c.
Sharp, cutting pains in h., with stool of bilious matter, mucus streaked with blood. Collins.
Severe colicky pains in umbilical region and h. Dios.

Hypogastrium.—Aching, pressive pain in h., with bearing down in uterus. Apis.

Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.) and tender in epigastrium, yeilds a dull sound in h., with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.

Abdomen bloated; flatulent colic; soreness in h. Carb-ac.

A forcing, bearing down into pelvis, with desire for stool; violent cutting pain in h. Puls.

Aching pain in h. Coni.

Along with sensation of distention, constrictive pain in h., which comes in jerks and forces one to lean forward, bent double. Bell.

Bearing down towards genitals, in h. Nux-v.

Boring in h. Sabad.

Burning in h. Calad., Camph. (Nitr., Phos-ac., Stram.)

Burning and pressure in h., as if in uterus. Sulph-ac.

Bearing down in h. Arg-n., Calc-c.

Bearing down pains in h., as if contents would be forced out. Lil-tig.

Cutting in h. Merc-cor., Sil. (Ang., Iris, Laur., Magn-s., Nicc., Olan., Sep., Tereb.)

Cutting pain in right side of h., near pubes, extending to hip and small of back. Am-m.

Colic resembling dysentery; a kind of grinding deep in h., accompanied by nausea and slumber. Arn.

Coldness in epigastrium and h. followed by burning heat. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Sec.)

Cramp in h. Graph., Stann.

Clawing in h. Bell., Lyc., Puls.

Constant distress in umbilical region and h., with severe cutting, colic-like pains every few minutes in stomach and small intestines. Dios.

Cutting low down in h. Hyos.

Constriction and hardness of h. Clem.

Cramping colic pains in h., almost insupportable, coming suddenly and with terrible severity. Vib-op.

Cutting, sticking pain in h., soon after eating. Ver-a.

Colic in h., from constipation, with yellow hands and blue nails. Sil.

Colicky pains in h., with straining and increased pain during stool. Sil.

Cutting pains in h. Thuja.

Cramp in h. as from pressure of flatus on bladder, so he must bend forward. Prun-s.

Cutting pains in h., abdomen being painful to touch. Cupr.

Contractive pains in h., like after-pains, with urging to stool. Coni.

Colic-like flatulency in h. Acon., China, Phos., Sulph-ac.

Drawing in h. China, Valer.

Distention of h., which was exceedingly sensitive to contact. Arg-m.

Distention and fullness in h., as if parts would burst when lying on back. Bar-c.
Distention of h., which is painful to touch. Hyos.
Distention in h., as if uterus was filled with wind. Phos-ac.
Discharge of fetid flatus after dinner and movements in h. Coloc.
Discomfort in h., with some nausea in it. Cycl.
Digging in epigastrium or h. Ol-an., Sep.
Dull aching deep in h., finally accompained by fever, heat, anguish and uneasiness. Caust.
Flatus collects here and there in abdomen, under short ribs, in h., etc. Carbo-v. (Lyc.)
Flatulent colic in h., as from a flatulent purgative. Acon.
Forcing down feeling in h. Coni.
Fullness in h. Aur., Diad., Sulph.
Gurgling in abdomen as of water, and murmuring in h. Carls.
Gnawing in h. Gum-gut., Seneg.
Gnawing in a small spot in h. Gum-gut.
Griping in h., relieved by passing copious bilious stool. Gels.
Griping, pinching in h. Sil. (Aur., Ruta, Tart-ac.)
Griping in h.; pain in small of back, and chilliness over body, during menses. Sulph.
Grasping in h. Bell. (Lyc., Puls.)
Hardness of h. Clem., Graph., Sep.
Hard painful pressure in right side of h. Staph.
Hard tumefaction in h., with burning pains in loins. Canth.
Heaviness in h. Aloe, Croton-tig., Diad., Ferr.
Heaviness in h. and rectum. Aloe.
Heavy weight and dragging in h.; has to stoop over when walking. Sulph.
Intermittent tearing in left half of pubic eminence, h. Arn.
In h., immediately below umbilicus, feeling as if intestines pressed outwards while standing. Bell.
Jerks in h. Arn., Sulph-ac.
Load or weight in h. Sep.
Loud rumbling with dull aching in h. and small of back; worse moving. Hydr.
Oppression in h. at night. Magn-c.
Pain in upper part of h., as from a stone, that always takes away breath, so that he could breathe only with difficulty immediately after dinnner. Nux-v.
Pain in h. Ver-v.
Pain in h., as if intestines were torn. Graph.
Pain in h., preventing an upright posture, forcing patient to lie doubled up in bed. Sec.
Pain in h. when stooping. Kali-c.
Pain in h. from touch. Cycl.

Pain in h., at times cutting, at times contractive, during menses. Sulph.
Pain and soreness across h., just below pelvis. Ver-v.
Pain in h., with much tympanitis. Ver-v.
Pain and continual bearing down in h. Sec.
Pain in h., when breathing. Asaf.
Pains in h., with constipation and hæmorrhoids. Collins.
Pains in h., as if menses were coming on. Aloe.
Painful pressure in h., as if it would burst, before stool. Spig.
Painful pressure in h. on physical exertion. Calc-c.
Painful sensation in right h., as if something would be squeezed through. Carbo-an.
Painful sensitiveness of abdomen and region of bladder; h. Squilla.
Painfulness in h. Verb. (Arg-n., Caust., Cycl., Merc., Psor., Stann.)
Pressure in h. Phos-ac., Sulph.
Pressure in h., with ill-humor, during profuse menses. Plat.
Pressure deep in h., after stool. Ambr.
Pressure in h., extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out, and menses come on. Natr-c.
Pressure in h., as if contents of abdomen would issue through genital organs. Sep.
Pressing aching in h. China.
Pressing as of a weight in h. Bell., Cocc., Diad., Sep.
Pressing and aching in h., with cold shivers. Tart-em.
Pressing in h. Ambr., Arg-m., Aur., Bell., Carbo-v., Caust., China, Cocc., Colch., Diad., Elat., Kali-c., Natr-m., Ruta, Squilla, Sep., Thuja, Valer.
Pressive and constrictive pain, like a stone in h., extending down to bladder. Puls.
Pinching, tearing or cutting in h., with diarrhœa. Ars.
Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting, extending to pubic region, so severe in h. that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.
Pinching, pressing colic and fermenting rumbling in h., followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in morning. Nux-v.
Pinching colic in h. Carbo-v.
Qualmishness, with contractive pain in h. Graph.
Rumbling and distress in whole bowels, especially in h., with black stools. Lept.
Rumbling in h., as from emptiness. Sulph.
Swelling of h. Sil.
Sensation as if beaten in h. and inguinal region. Valer.
Sensation as of something living in h. Sabad., Thuja.
Sensation of adhesion in h. Sep.

Sensation of heaviness and fullness in h.; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.
Sensation of bearing down in h., with dragging pains from sacrum. Sep.
Sensation of lump in h. Nux-m.
Sensation of a ball in h. while standing. Asaf.
Sensitiveness of h. to touch. Acon.
Spasmodic cutting in h.; must bend double. Calad. (Coloc.)
Spasmodic pressure in h. (in cardialgia). Tabac.
Spasmodic pain in h. Am-c., Bry., Camph., Carbo-v., Cham., Cocc., Coni., Dig., Ferr., Hyos., Ign., Ipec., Iod., Mur-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Stann.
Severe cutting in h., extending to testicles; occurring after stool with faint feeling. Hydr.
Severe colicky pains in h. every few minutes, with fainting; has to sit down to get relief. Collins.
Stitches in h. Kali-c.
Sticking in left side of h., on and after walking rapidly. China.
Sudden distress in h., with great desire for stool. Polyp.
Sharp pain across h. Cimicif.
Tearing in h. during menses. Am-c.
Twitching in h. Sulph-ac.
Tensive pressing pain in h., especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually increase and gradually decrease. Bell.
Tension in h. Aur., China, Lyc.
Tension in h., exceedingly painful to touch. Opi.
Ulcerous pain in h. Nitr-ac.
Violent colicky pains in h., before and during stool. Bapt.
Violent colic; urging; pinching in h. Canth.
Violent griping in h. so could hardly walk. Sulph.
Violent stitches from left lumbar region in back transversely through abdomen, especially in h. and towards right groin. Ran-b.
Weight in epigastrium; h. tense. Nux-m.

Hysteric.—H. cramp. Cocc., Ipec., Magn-m., Mosch., Stann., Stram., Valer. (Ars., Bell., Bry., Nux-v.)

Hysterical.—H. spasms in abdomen. Stann., Stram.
H. spasms in bowels, not relieved by any position. Valer.
Excessive flatulence (in h. subjects). Ign. (Arg-n., Zinc.)
Great tympanitis (in h. women), with fainting. Mosch.
Twisting colic; h. Valer.
Wind colic (in h. or hypochondriacal subjects). Millef.

Ichorous.—Hard buboes suppurate, with callous edges; i., offensive discharges. Carbo-an.

Idea.—Fixed i. of a living animal in her abdomen. Thuja.

Ileo-cæcal region.—Great pain in right i., cannot bear the lightest touch, not even of bed cover. Bell.

Hard, painful, hot swelling in i. Merc.

Pain in i., which is sensitive to touch. Gum-gut.

Pain in abdomen when walking; must bend forward; pain settles in i.; sore, tender. Nitr-ac.

Walls of abdomen tense; sensitiveness of i. (in typhus). Apis.

Ileus.—Spasmodic stricture in i., as if something was alive pushing out. Thuja.

Iliac fossa.—Cutting bellyache from right to left i., thence to rectum. Sang.

Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pains at umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region of back and to i., with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.

Iliac region.—A sudden starting, bounding sensation in right i., as from something alive. Thuja.

Continuous pinching pain in i. Coff.

Hard pushing or sticking sensation in a small spot in left i. Caps.

Pain in i. of both sides. Carb-ac.

Right i. sensitive. Bapt.

Tenderness in right i. during typhoid. Gels.

Ilium.—Deep-seated, sticking, or tearing pain from i., near spine, obliquely inward toward sacrum. Berb.

Painful sticking deep in i., extending to region of kidneys. Berb.

Pain above crest of i., right side, then left. Iris.

Stitches at origin of Poupart's ligament near left i., extending downward, then shooting to female urethra. Berb.

Ill-humor.—Pressure in hypogastrium, with i. during profuse menses. Plat.

In.—Colic, as if umbilicus was pulled out. Stram. (As if pulled i. Plumb.)

Epigastrium drawn i. Thuja. (Plumb., Thal.)

Inactivity.—Tension across abdomen; heaviness, i., coldness. Kali-c.

Incarcerated (see Fixed Wind).—I. flatus. Agn., Ant-c., Coloc., Magn-m., Staph., Sulph., Teucr. (Calc-c.)

I. flatulence. Calc-c., Carbo-an., China, Natr-c., Natr-s., Sil. (Aur., Carbo-v., Lyc.)

I. flatus in epigastric region. Nitr-ac.

I. flatus, preventing sleep. Nux-m.

I. flatus, with nausea. Kalm.

I. flatulence in left side of abdomen. Iod.

I. hernia, with bilious vomiting. Acon.

I. flatulence, worse mornings and evenings. Nitr-ac.

I. flatulence, with tympanitic state of abdomen, occurring chiefly in old people. Lyc.

I. umbilical and inguinal hernia, with fecal vomit. Opi.
I. flatus, pressing here and there. Puls.
I. flatus, causing colic. Puls.
I. flatus, with oppression of chest. Phos.
I. flatus, with colic. Kali-c.
I. flatulence in left side of abdomen, with heaviness, fullness, and constipation. Sulph.
I. flatus in left side and constipation. Sulph.
Abdomen distended and hard from i. flatus; hot; sensitive; painful. Lach.
Accumulation of flatus; loud rumbling; swellings here and there as from i. flatulence. Natr-c.
Abdomen distended; rumbling, and i. flatus. Natr-m.
Colic from i. flatus. Coni.
Cutting, with i. flatulence; pain at every step. Sil.
Dull pressing, as from i. flatulence. Teucr.
Flatus rolls about from place to place, here and there, and becomes i. Natr-c.
Full abdomen, as from i. flatus. Graph.
Flatulence rising and becoming i. under short ribs. Nux-v.
Fullness and tension in abdomen, as from i. flatulence. Sulph.
Hernia, recent and small; i., with bilious vomiting, cold sweat, burning as from coals of fire. Acon.
Much troubled with flatulency; it becomes i. under left ribs, with lancinating pains. Aur.
Much flatulence, rolling and rumbling; i., especially on right side, causing great pain; relieved by emission of flatus. Natr-s.
Pain in left side, as from i. flatus, extending to back. Cocc-c.
Pain, as from i. flatulence. Millef.
Pressure under short ribs, as from i. flatus. Nux-v. (Carbo-v.)
Pressure in abdomen, as from i. flatus. Coff.
Pinching in abdomen from i. flatulence, receding towards rectum until emitted. Grat.
Sensation of weakness in inguinal ring, as if hernia would occur; or pain as if a hernia would become i. Nux-v., Strych.
Tension and pain in abdomen from i. flatulence. Lyc. (Carbo-v.)
Violent palpitation, with i. flatus, which rises with great violence and noise, as if œsophagus would split. Coca.

Increase.—Great i. of flat or flabby abdomen, also flatulent distention. Calc-c.
Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually i. and gradually decrease. Bell.

Increased.—Griping about umbilicus, i. by eating fruit. Coloc.
Peristaltic action and secretions i. Aloe.

Indigestion.—Enteritis in infants (caused by i.). Lyc.
Flatulent colic (from i.; from over-eating). Nux-v.
Indurated (see Hard).—I. inguinal glands. Bad.
Induration (see Hardness).—I. in abdomen. Lyc., Sang. (Apis, Ars., Calc-c., China, Lach., Plumb., Thuja.)
Painful swelling and i. in right side of abdomen. Lach.
Painful i. in right side of abdomen. Magn-m. (Apis, Lach., Lyc., Plumb.)
Swelling and i. of inguinal glands (Calc-c., Nitr-ac.), with pricking, jerking pains. Clem.
Infants.—Enteritis in i. (caused by indigestion). Lyc.
Inguinal hernia (in i.). Nux-v., Strych. (Nitr-ac.)
Oozing of bloody fluid from navel (of i.) Calc-ph.
Umbilical hernia of i., particularly from much crying. Nux-v., Strych. (Reduce and support with a flat piece of lead—a bullet flattened is the thing.—W. D. G.)
Inflamed.—I. buboes. Nitr-ac.
I. inguinal glands. Sil.
Inflammation.—I. of bowels. China, Tart-em.
I. of peritonæum. Acon., Bell., Bry., Cham., Cocc., Coff., Coloc., Hyos., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t.
I. of bowels; intestines glued together by formation of lymph. Coloc.
I. of hernial stricture. Acon., Nux-v., Opi., Sulph.
I. of right groin; typhlitis. Natr-s.
I. of transverse or descending colon, which is very sore, with burning pain. Merc-cor.
I. of hernial stricture, with bitter, bilious vomiting. Acon.
I. of intestines and peritoneum. Acon.
I. of peritonæum and bowels, with ascites and great tenderness of whole abdomen. Apis.
I. of inguinal glands. Merc. (Dulc., Sil.)
I., ulceration, gangrene of bowels. Plumb.
I. of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.
Burning in abdomen, with chronic i. of bowels. Ran-b.
Chronic i. of pancreas, with greasy stools. Phos.
Intestinal i., with burning heat; tympanitic distention. Canth. (Tereb.)
Pelvic peritonitis, associated with i. of bladder, with tympanitis. Tereb.
Sensation in ring and inguinal glands as if there was i. or as if a swelling would occur. Clem.
Swelling, redness, i. and pain in groin on touch or walking. Merc.
Swelling and i. of left inguinal gland. Spong.
Stitches in abdomen arresting respiration, with uterine i. Croc.

Typhlitis, painful swelling and i. of whole right side of abdomen. Rhus-t.

Inflated.—Fullness and sensation of bloatedness in abdomen, as if she were i. Apis.

Inflation.—I. of abdomen. Æth., Aloe, Ambr., Am-c., Anac., Ant-c., Arg-m., Arn., Ars., Asar., Asaf., Aur., Bar-c., Bell., Bism., Bry., Calc-c., Calc-ph., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Cast-eq., Caust., Cham., China, Chin-s., Cocc., Colch., Coloc., Croc., Croton-tig., Dig., Ferr., Graph., Grat., Gum-gut., Hyos., Hyper., Ign., Iod., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Kreas., Lach., Lam., Lob., Lyc., Magn-c., Magn-m., Mang., Meny., Merc., Merc-cor., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nitr., Nux-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Opi., Ox-ac., Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Plat., Plumb., Poth., Puls., Raph., Rheum, Rhod., Rhus-t., Sabin., Sec., Sep., Spig., Squilla, Stann., Stram., Stront., Sulph., Tabac., Thuja, Tilia., Valer., Verb.

I. and tension of abdomen, with pinching in umbilical region. Gum-gut.

Sensation of i. in umbilical region, with compression in throat and nausea. Coloc.

Inguinal.—I. hernia. Alu., Asar., Aur., Cham., Cocc., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil., Sulph-ac., Ver-a., Zinc.

I. hernia (also of children). Nitr-ac.

Incarcerated umbilical and i. hernia, with fecal vomit. Opi.

Hernia, umbilical or i., or weakness of abdominal muscles, and sensation as if hernia would occur. Cocc.

Inguinal gland.—Swelling and inflammation of left i. Spong.

Swelling and great sensitiveness of one i. Graph.

I. swollen. Cupr.

Inguinal glands.—I. swollen or suppurating. Merc.

I. enlarged; sloughing unhealthy pus. Crotal.

I. swollen, also other glands. Cist.

I. hard and painful to touch. Sil.

Drawing in of i. Dulc., Mez., Thuja.

Hardness in i. Ars., Calc-c., Clem., Dulc.

Itching or pressure in region of i., with pain from touch as though they would swell. Berb.

Increased sensitiveness of both i. Clem.

Indurated i. Bad.

Inflammation of i. Merc. (Dulc., Sil.)

Pain in i. Calc-c., Merc. (Ars., Berb., Graph., Tereb., Thuja.)

Painful swelling of i. Staph., Sulph., Thuja.

Pressure, pulsation and shooting in i. Berb.

Swelling of i. Ars., Calc-c., Clem., Iod., Merc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Staph., Thuja.

Swelling about i., with circumscribed redness, with pain on pressing or walking. Merc.

Swelling induration of i. (Calc-c., Nitr-ac.), with pricking, jerking pains. Clem.

Swelling of i., which are sore when walking and painful at night. Clem. (Merc.)

Swelling of i. from a cold. Dulc.

Swelling and suppuration of i. Hep-s., Nitr-ac.

Swelling and painfulness of i. Calc-c. (Clem.)

Swelling of i., suppurative, with pain on walking; whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.

Sensation as of something living in i. Kali-jod.

Sensation in ring and i., as if there was inflammation, or as if swelling would occur. Clem.

Suppurations in i. Ars., Hep-s., Merc., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sulph.

Suppuration of i.; buboes. Hep-s. (Calc-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Thuja.)

Stinging sharp pains in i. Psor.

Stitches in i. Thuja.

Twitching of i. Clem.

Ulcerous pain in i. Am-m., Bov., Dig., Hell., Kreas., Magn-c., Mang., Nitr-ac., Ran-b., Rhus-t.

Inguinal region.—Burning and smarting in right i., with tension on motion. Berb.

Cutting in right i. Æsc.

Feeling of extension in i. Magn-s.

Pain as from a sprain in i. Euphorb.

Pain in left i. while walking. Ustil.

Sensitiveness of i. Clem. (Ran-b.)

Sensation as if beaten in hypogastrium and i. Valer.

Stitches, itching in left i. Cycl.

Stitches from region of small of back through pelvis, towards pubes and i. Carls.

Tension and drawing in i., when walking. Clem.

Tensive, spasmodic pain in i., extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chelid.

Pain in i. (Graph.), extending to testicles. Dios.

Spasmodic drawing pains in both i. Chelid.

Tensive pain in i. when walking. Kreas.

Inguinal ring.—Feeling as if a hard body pressed from within outwards, at right i.; part not feeling hard to touch; while sitting with body bent forward. Bell.

Vericose veins near right i. Berb.

Inhalation.—Sore pain in abdomen during deep i. Kreas.

Insensibility.—I. of abdomen. Ars.

Inside.—Griping and chilliness i. abdomen, passing downwards into legs as far as knees. Cham.

Sensation as if everything i. would fall down, obliging him to walk carefully. Nux-v.

Inspiration.—Cutting in umbilical region during deep i. Mang.
Peculiar pain, as if a sore spot were pressed upon, in epigastrium, on pressure and during i. Sabad.
Sticking in umbilical region during i. Hyos.
Sensation as if a hoop or cord stretched around abdomen, especially on deep i. Carls.
Violent action of abdominal muscles during i. Spong.
Instrument.—Flatulent colic; cutting as if bowels, bladder and rectum were pressed upon by a sharp i. Nux-v.
Insupportable.—I. heat in abdomen, as though something burned him internally. Cact.
Integument.—Pain in abdominal i. when turning body. Ambr.
Intermittent.—I. boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.
I. tearing in left half of pubic eminence, hypogastrium. Arn.
Abdomen bloated (as in i. fever). Chin-ars.
Colicky pains, i. about umbilicus before vomiting or diarrhœa. Iris.
Griping pains, of i. character, shifting from place to place. Coloc.
Internal.—I. burning heat, with external coldness. Camph.
Internally.—Abdomen feels raw and sore i., as well as externally. Sulph.
Intestinal.—I. inflammation, with burning heat; tympanitic distention. Canth. (Tereb.)
I. obstruction, with violent colic and fecal vomiting Opi.
Crampy i. motions. Opi.
Chronic i. ulceration. Kali-bi. (Merc.)
Intestinal tract.—Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.) and tender in epigastrium; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole i.; very painful to touch. Canth.
Burning sensation along i. Canth.
Violent burning pains through whole i. Canth. (Ars.)
Intestines.—I. sore as if pressed, so cannot sleep on right side. Merc.
I. feel as if bruised. Can-sat., Coloc.
I. painful to touch. Cycl.
I. fall from side to side on turning in bed. Bar-c. (Merc.)
Awakened at midnight, with crampy pains in small i.; chilly; pain more if he moved. Nitr-ac.
Abdomen hard, tense, tympanitic, and distended with gas, from paralysis of muscles of i. Stram.
Bellyache, as if i. were torn out. Asaf.
Bruised feelings of i.; cannot lie on right side. Merc.
Bruised, sore pain in i. Natr-c., Nux-v. (Merc.)

Burning and cutting in i., worse from pressure or lying on right side. Acon.

Constant distress in umbilical region and hypogastric region, with severe cutting, colic-like pains every few minutes in stomach and small i. Dios.

Constant rumbling and gurgling in i. Calc-c.

Constant distress about umbilicus, with feeling as if small i. were being tied in knots. Polyp.

Constriction of i.; umbilicus violently retracted; recti muscles hard and knotty. Plumb.

Congestion in large i. Aloe.

Colic, as if i. were twisted in a knot, with flatulence and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Cutting in i., extending through chest towards right shoulder. Acon.

Cutting and violent pain in i., obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.

Catarrh of duodenum and i. China.

Deep, heavy, burning pain in abdomen, as if i. were tied. Ars.

Feeling of coldness during menses, as if a cold fluid passed through i. Kali-c.

Feeling as if i. were bruised. Apis.

Flatus moving about in i., causing pinching pains, with rumbling noise. Puls.

Flatulent colic, with griping pains in umbilical region as though i. were grasped by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

Frequent severe cramp in i., especially evening and night, with coldness in thighs. Calc-c.

Great accumulation of flatus in small i., with slow digestion. Lyc.

Griping, as from a hand, each finger seemingly sharply pressing into i.; better during rest, much worse by motion. Ipec.

Griping in i., as if bowels were forcibly grasped; on account of which could neither lie nor sit, and could only walk bent over. Coloc.

Gurgling in i., as though only water were in them (Hell.); mostly on left side. Croton-tig.

In hypogastrium, immediately below umbilicus, feeling as if i. pressed outwards while standing. Bell.

Intussusception of i. Thuja.

Ileus or paresis of i., causing retention of stool. Opi.

Inflammation of bowels; i. glued together by formation of lymph. Coloc.

Inflammation of i. and peritonæum. Acon.

Inflammation of i. China.

Inflammation of i. and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Jerk-like cutting in i., as with knives. Chelid.

Much griping and pain in hypochondria as if i. were strung in knots. Sulph.

Nervous irritation of i.; abdomen distended, all symptoms worse after every unpleasant emotion. Nux-m.

Pain in i. in epigastrium, with sensation of constriction transversely. Chelid.

Pain in hypogastrium, as if i. were torn. Graph.

Pain as if i. were sore and raw. Nux-v.

Pressive pain as if i. would be cut to pieces. Opi.

Peristaltic action of i. reversed as in cholera Asiatica. Ver-a.

Spasmodic action of muscular tissues of i., from irritation of motor nerves, or from rheumatism. Caul.

Swashing in i., as from water. Croton-tig.

Sensation of constriction in i. Carls.

Sensation as if i. were sinking down, constantly inclined to support bowels with hands. Agn.

Sensation of emptiness in i., going off after a meal. Ant-c.

Sensation as if i. adhered to navel. Verb.

Sensation as of a plug pressed in i. Anac.

Sluggish action of i.; strongest purgatives lose their action. Opi.

Terrible burning in i. Ars.

Violent pains in abdomen and i., especially at night. Canth.

When walking, he feels constantly a subdued colic in whole tract of i.; they are painful when pressing upon integuments of abdomen. Ran-b.

Intussusception.—I. of bowels, with great anguish; rushes about bent double, pressing abdomen. Ver-a.

I., with colic and fecal vomiting. Plumb.

I. of intestines. Thuja.

I. of bowels, with singultus, violent colic, stercoraceous vomiting and great agony. Cupr.

Inward.—Deep seated, sticking or tearing pain from ilium, near spine, obliquely i. toward sacrum. Berb.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed i., with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself i. Coloc.

Irritation.—Nervous i. of intestines; abdomen distended, all symptoms worse after every unpleasant emotion. Nux-m.

Spasmodic action of muscular tissues of intestines, from i. of motor nerves, or from rheumatism. Caul.

Itching.—I. on abdomen. Bell., Graph., Led., Merc., Natr-c., Ol-an., Petr., Puls., Sars., Sep., Sulph., Zinc.

I. prickings in umbilical region. Staph.

I. stinging in umbilical region passing off by rubbing. Bell.
I., or pressure in region of inguinal glands, with pain from touch as though they would swell. Berb.
Scabby, i. spots on abdomen, moist when scratched. Kali-c.
Stitches, i. in left inguinal region. Cycl.
Sticking outward in a small spot, more on left side, ending in burning i. Lith-c.

Jar.—Tenderness of abdomen, is aggravated by least j. of bed, or chair in which she sits; obliged in walking to step with great care for fear of a j. Bell.

Jaundice (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—J. in nursing children; abdomen tympanitic; spleen and liver enlarged. China.
Abdomen puffed (with j.) Tarax.

Jerking.—J. and twitching in abdominal muscles. Nux-v.
Cutting, j. pains in umbilical region. Berb.
Cutting, griping and j. pains in abdomen, especially after eating; better after stool. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)
Swelling induration of inguinal glands (Calc-c., Nitr-ac.), with pricking, j. pains. Clem.

Jerk-like.—J. cutting in intestines, as with knives. Chelid.

Jerks.—J. in abdomen. Ars., Can-sat., Murex, Natr-m., Plat., Rhus-t.
J. in hypogastrium. Arn., Sulph-ac.
Along with sensation of distention, constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in j. and forces one to lean forward, bent double. Bell.
Painful j. in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.
Scraping and pressing in whole abdomen, and at times j. below ribs in sides. Carls.

Jumped.—Pain and anxiety so great grasped bystanders and again pushed them away, frequently j. out of bed and sat on chamber or ran about. Ars.

Jumping.—Sensation as if something living was j. about in different parts of abdomen. Croc. (Thuja.)
Sensation in both sides of abdomen as if something living were j. about with nausea, shivering and faintness. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)

Kidneys (see section on Urinary Organs).—Ascites (from heart, hepatic or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the k.); faint from least motion. Ars.
Dropsy, following diseases of k. or eruptive diseases. Hell.
Painful sticking deep in ilium, extending to region of k. Berb.

Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, k., bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Pain extending from region of k. around side to abdomen. Berb.

Rumbling, with pain in small of back and k., and slight urethral soreness when urinating. Ferr.

Kneading.—Griping, relieved by k. abdomen. Natr-s.

Knee.—Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from place, to place as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to k. Can-sat.

Knees.—Colic: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up k.; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Griping and chilliness in side abdomen, passing downwards into legs as far as k. Cham.

Violent cutting and labor like tearing, from above downwards across groins, through thighs down to k. Tart-em.

Knife.—Cutting in abdomen as with a k. Sabad., Ver-a. (Coloc., Lact., Merc., Murex.)

Knife-like.—Sensitiveness and swelling of abdomen, with k., cutting pains. Coni.

Knives.—Cutting in bowels as from k. Sabad., Ver-a. (Coloc., Dios.)

Cutting as from k., soon after eating. Kali-bi.

Cutting like k., in abdomen. Coloc., Coni.

Cutting in abdomen as from k., with burning. Canth.

Jerk-like cutting in intestines, as with k. Chelid.

Lancination in abdomen, as if k. were plunged in. Coni.

Violent colic, with cutting and stinging pains, as if caused by k. principally at night or in cool of evening. Merc.

Knot.—Colic, as if intestines were twisted in a k., with flatulence and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Knots.—Abdomen hard as a stone; k. in recti muscles; anxiety, with cold sweat and deathly faintness. Plumb.

Colicodynia, with sensation as if bowels were tied up in k.; suffering causes cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Constant distress about umbilicus, with feeling as if small intestines were being tied in k. Polyp.

Much griping and pain in hypochondria, as if intestines were strung in k. Sulph.

Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain at umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region of back and to iliac fossa, with hard k. over its surface. Plumb.

Knotty.—Tympanitic distention of abdomen in circumscribed k. swellings large as fists, with obstruction of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.

Labor.—Colic, resembling pains of l. Kreas.

Labor-like.—L. pains, drawing to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flashes of heat in face; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.

L. colic, with pains in back. Kali-c.

L. spasms, extending into legs. Nux-v.

L., or bearing-down pains in abdomen. Asaf., Bry., Cham., Cina, Croc., Ign., Iod., Kali-c., Kreas., Natr-m., Nux-v., Pallad., Plat., Puls., Sec., Sep., Sulph-ac., Tilia.

L. pains in groins. Sec.

Bearing-down, l. pains in abdomen, extending to hips and back. Sulph-ac.

Griping, twisting, pressing, bearing-down or l. pains in abdomen to groins. Sabin.

Violent cutting and l. tearing, from above downwards across groins, through thighs down to knees. Tart-em.

Drawing, tearing, bearing-down or l. pains in abdomen. Puls.

Laced.—Tensive pain, as if l. together. Aur.

Lacerating.—L. pains in umbilicus and epigastrium, shooting to other parts of abdomen. Plumb.

L. in abdomen during menses. Lach.

L. and pinching in abdomen. Tart-em.

Continual l. colic in side of abdomen. Cham.

Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and l. pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Lameness.—Colic, with l. of leg. Carbo-v.

Lamentations.—Intolerable anguish, arresting breathing, with l. Ars.

Lamenting.—Agonizing pain in abdomen, causing patient to bend double, with great restlessness, moaning and l. Coloc.

Lancinating.—L. pain in abdomen. Berb.

L. pains extending from bowels to chest, aggravated by breathing, also during micturition. Clem.

Enteritis, l. pains; bloody, slimy stools; sweat without relief. Merc.

Much troubled with flatulency; it becomes incarcerated under left ribs, with l. pains. Aur.

Sharp l. pains in peritonæum. Canth.

Lancination.—L. in abdomen, as if knives were plunged in. Coni.

Lancinations.—L. rapidly following one another, like electric shocks. Thal.

Stitches, l., dartings in abdomen, particularly in left side, when walking. Asaf.

Laughing.—Pain in abdomen when l. Ars., Nux-v.

Laxness.—L. of abdominal organs. Opi.

Lay.—Distended abdomen, continued motion on abdomen, and colic, then continued constipation; feeling as if something l. in abdomen. Bry.

Lead.—L. colic. Natr-s., Opi., Sulph-ac.

L. colic; pains extend to back. Plat.

Flatulent colic, especially in evening; loud rumbling and rolling, with retraction of abdomen similar to l. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)

Lean.—Along with sensation of distention, constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks, and forces one to l. forward bent double. Bell.

Cutting and violent pain in intestines, obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to l. backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.

Leaning.—Colic-like flatulency, with protrusion of colon, relieved by pressure and l. forward. Bell., Cocc.

Leaves.—Colic, which comes on suddenly and l. suddenly. Dios.

Left.—Burning in l. side of pelvis. Am-c., Graph., Plat., Ruta, Sep.

Cramp-like pain in l. side of abdomen, with qualmishness in epigastrium. Nux-v.

Cutting bellyache from right to l. iliac fossa, thence to rectum. Sang.

Constant, passive stitches, with pressure in l. side of abdomen. Tarax.

Chronic pains in l. side under short ribs. Rhod.

Fixed wind in l. side of abdomen. Iod.

Gurgling in intestines, as though only water were in them (Hell.); mostly on l. side. Croton-tig.

Gurgling in l. side of abdomen. Nitr-ac.

Incarcerated flatulence in l. side of abdomen, with heaviness, fullness and constipation. Sulph.

Incarcerated flatus in l. side, and constipation. Sulph.

Pinching stitch in l. side. Staph.

Pain in l. side when lying on right, and vice versa. Graph.

Pain in l. abdominal ring, like pressing from within outward. Lith-c.

Pain above crest of ilium, right side, then l. Iris.

Pain at l. quadratus lumborum muscle, with nausea. Rhus-t.

Pain in bowels from side to side, in epigastrium, corresponding to transverse colon, commencing in right and going over to l. Cham.

Pressure in l. side of abdomen. Nitr-ac.

Severe stitches in l. side of abdomen. Sep.

Stitches in l. side of abdomen. Graph., Sulph., Ran-b.

Stitches, itching in l. inguinal region. Cycl.

Stinging stitches in l. side. Bell., China, Hep-s., Lach., Sars., Staph., Sulph., Tarax.

Sticking outward in a small spot, more on l. side, ending in burning, itching. Lith-c.

Sticking in l. side of hypogastrium, on and after walking rapidly. China.
Swelling and inflammation of l. inguinal gland. Spong.
Spasmodic contraction of abdominal muscles, l. side, with burning pains; bends over to l. side. Sabad.
Soreness in l. side of abdomen. Colch.
Sudden stinging stitches like electric shocks, in l. side. Arn.
Sudden sharp pain in l. side of abdomen. Lob.
Sensation of something heavy lying on l. side of abdomen. Lyc.
Sensation of a stick extending from throat to l. side of abdomen, with ball on each end of stick. Kali-c.
Weight in l. side when walking, sitting, and lying. Lyc.
With every movement a cutting pain almost constantly running from l. to right. Ipec.

Leg.—Colic, with cramps in l. Coloc.
Colic, with lameness of l. Carbo-v.
Colic, with painfulness in l. Coloc., Cop., Sec.
Colic in children made worse at once by uncovering an arm or a l. Rheum.

Legs.—Griping and chilliness in side abdomen, passing downwards into l. as far as knees. Cham.
Labor-like spasms, extending into l. Nux-v.
Violent colic, relieved only by lying on his back, with l. elevated vertically. Rhus-t.

Leucorrhœa (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Colic, with discharge of l. Kreas., Magn-c., Magn-m.
Colic in evening, followed by l. Magn-m.
Colic, followed by watery l. Magn-c.
Griping in abdomen, before discharge of l. Coni.

Lie.—Bruised feelings of intestines; cannot l. on right side. Merc.
Distended abdomen, has to l. on his back to prevent suffocation. Iod.
Pain in hypogastrium, preventing an upright posture, forcing patient to l. doubled up in bed. Sec.
Sensation of great weakness and emptiness in abdomen; must l. down. Phos.
Swelling in cæcal region; must l. on back, with limbs drawn up; typhlitis. Lach.

Lies.—Pain in bowels, as from lifting or a sprain, as soon as prover l. upon side. Carbo-v.

Lifting.—Pain in bowels, as from l. or a sprain, as soon as prover lies upon side. Carbo-v.
Sticking in a small spot in umbilical region, obliging him to bend up; aggravated by l. Coloc.

Limb.—Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; whole l. seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.

Limbs.—Big belly and emaciated l., in children who dislike to be washed. Sulph.

Cold feeling in abdomen, back and l. Sec.

Cutting colic, with coldness, teeth chattering, l. tremble; worse after stool. Bov.

Excrutiating pains in bowels, small of back, and l. Cimicif.

Pressure in abdomen and small of back, as from a stone; l. go to sleep while sitting. Puls.

Swelling in cæcal region; must lie on back, with l. drawn up; typhlitis. Lach.

Violent spasms in abdomen and upper and lower l., with penetrating, distressing screams. Cupr.

Liquid.—Noises as of l. Jatr.

Liver (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Colic, from torpor of l. Sang.

Distention of abdomen (Lyc., Magn-c., Merc.), with enlarged l. Chelid.

Jaundice (in nursing children); abdomen tympanitic; spleen and l. enlarged. China.

Noiseless flatus with odor of l. Teucr.

Living.—Fixed idea of a l. animal in her abdomen. Thuja.

Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something l. were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.

Sensation like something l. in abdomen. Croc., Sabad. (Can-sat., Kali-jod., Merc., Nux-v.)

Sensation as if something l. was moving, about in different parts of abdomen. Croc. (Thuja.)

Sensation as of something l. in hypogastrium. Sabad., Thuja.

Sensation in both sides of abdomen as if something l. were jumping about, with nausea, shivering and faintness. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)

Sensation as of something l. in inguinal glands. Kali-jod.

Load (see Weight).—L. or weight in hypogastrium. Sep.

Abdomen seems to hang down heavily, like a l., when walking. Alu.

Heaviness in hypogastrium, as from a l., with anxiety as if abdomen would burst; ceases after sleep. Am-m.

Pressure in epigastrium as of a l. Caust.

Sensation of emptiness in abdomen, or l. in abdomen, during motion. Sep.

Loins.—Hard tumefaction in hypogastrium, with burning pains in l. Canth.

Sore pain in abdomen and l. Caps.

Twitching stitches from umbilical region towards l. and spine. Coloc.

Loose.—Bowels shake as if l. on walking. Merc.

Sensation as if bowels were l. and shaking about on walking. Mang.

Loss.—L. of or sluggish peristaltic act on of bowels. Opi.

Loud.—L. and offensive flatus all afternoon. Caust.

Lumbar region.—Burning like fire in hypogastric and l. Lach.

Griping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen and across right l., extending to back. Chelid.

Lumbar vertebræ.—Constrictive pain below short ribs, extending to back (l.). Camph.

Lumbrici (see Worms).—Children frequently afflicted with l. Stann.

Lump.—Constriction of abdomen around umbilicus, as if a ball or l. would form. Bell.

Feeling like a l. around umbilicus. Rheum.

Hard and painful l. in both groins. Puls.

Pressure in umbilical region as from a hard l. Spig.

Sensation of l. in hypogastrium. Nux-m.

Sensation like falling of a heavy l. from just above umbilicus to small of back; after talking or over-exertion. Laur.

Sensation as of a l. in abdomen. Sulph. (Plumb., Rhus-t., Tart-em.)

Turning and twisting through whole abdomen, as from a l. Sabad.

Lumps.—Hard l. in different parts of abdomen. Abrot.

L. and welts in abdomen, in affections of uterus. Sec.

Lying.—Distention and fullness in hypogastrium, as if parts would burst when l. on back. Bar-c.

Flatulent colic in evening after l. down. Nux-v.

Pain in abdomen as if beaten, when l. on right side. Merc.

Pain in left side when l. on right, and vice versa. Graph.

Pressure downward in abdomen, while l. in bed at night, which awakened her. Sulph.

Sensation as if bowels fell to side on which one is l. Merc. (Merc-cor.)

Sensation of something heavy l. on left side of abdomen. Lyc.

Violent colic, relieved only by l. on his back, with legs elevated vertically. Rhus-t.

Weight in left side when walking, sitting and l. Lyc.

Lymph.—Inflammation of bowels; intestines glued together by formation of l. Coloc.

Mad.—Colic so painful as to drive patient m. Coff.

Marasmus.—M. Abrot.

M. (of children). Ant-c.

Meal.—Colic after a m. Kali-c.

Pinching or cramp-like pressure transversely across epigastrium after a m. Cina.

Meals.—Abdomen distended after m. Agn.

Abdomen enormously distended after m. Nux-m.

Flatulence after m.; wind colic. Dios.

Griping, pinching colic; periodical after breakfast or m., causing him to bend forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

Violent distention of abdomen after m. Caust.

Menses (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during m., wherewith the lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep, while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Bearing-down sensation with m. Sep.

Colic during pregnancy or from suppressed m. Puls.

Colic with suppressed m. Puls.

Cutting in abdomen during m. Kali-c.

Cutting colic and drawing in thighs before m. Cham.

Cutting in abdomen on appearance of m., worse on motion, with tearing in small of back during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust.

Cramp with irregular m. Cocc.

Clawing in umbilical region, extending from both sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes up to epigastrium, as if had taken cold, or as if m. were coming on. Hep-s.

Drawing colic, as if m. would appear. Croc.

Drawing pain in abdomen during m. Kreas.

Drawing colic during m. Sulph.

Distention of abdomen during m., with motions and passage of offensive flatus. Carbo-an.

During m., cutting in abdomen. Kali-c.

During m., pain in groin, like stitching and pressing. Borax.

During m., a pain pressing outward in side of abdomen. Nux-v.

Digging in abdomen during m. Natr-s.

Feeling of coldness during m., as if a cold fluid passed through intestines. Kali-c.

Fermenting and rumbling; feeling of heat through abdomen, especially during m. Lachn.

Griping in hypogastrium; pain in small of back, and chilliness over body, during m. Sulph.

Griping during m., with pain in small of back and general chilliness. Sulph.

Lacerating in abdomen during m. Lach.

Pains in hypogastrium as if m. were coming on. Aloe.

Pain in hypogastrium at times cutting, at times contractive, during m. Sulph.

Pain as before m. Aloe.

Pain in abdomen as if m. would come on (Cimicif.) or as if diarrhœa would occur. Actea-s. (Aloe.)

Painful drawing in both groins, as if m. would appear. Plat.

Pressure in hypogastrium, with ill-humor, during profuse m. Plat.

Pressure in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out, and m. come on. Natr-c.

Sensation of heaviness like a stone in the abdomen; just before m. Puls.

Soreness in abdomen, as if m. would appear. Sep.
Tearing in hypogastrium during m. Am-c.
Violent contracting bellyache, coming suddenly in morning, with bearing down, in suppressed m. Agn.
Violent colic and faintness before m. Sep.
Weak feeling in abdomen, as if m. would appear. Sulph-ac.

Menstrual.—M. colic. Puls.

Menstruation.—Bearing down as though m. would come on. Lil-tig.
Cramp, with chilliness, in suppressed m. Puls.
Colic during m. Millef. (Am-c.)
Cutting colic (and sometimes diarrhœa) during m. Caust.
Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses, worse on motion, with tearing in small of back, during m., with diarrhœa. Caust.
Pain in epigastrium, as if everything would be torn to pieces during m. Graph.
Painful bearing down towards genitals, as during m. (Bell.), at times with desire for stool, extending through groin above hips, towards small of back. Plat.
Pressure outward during m. Nux-v.

Mesenterica.—Atrophy m. in children. Merc.

Mesenteric glands.—M. swollen and hard in children. Calc-c.
Enlarged m.; abdomen hard and swollen. Bar-c.
Hardening, swelling of m. Coni. (Calc-c., Sil.)

Meteorism.—M. Stram., Tereb. (Acon., Agar., Phos-ac., Sec.)
M. of abdomen. Tart-em. (Phos-ac.)
M. of abdomen without pain. Ars.
M., with loud rumbling; fetid or odorless flatus. Carbo-v.

Metritis.—Peritonitis, with exudation; often with m.; urine scanty. Apis.

Micturition (see section on **Urinary Organs**).—Lancinating pains extending from bowels to chest, aggravated by breathing, also during m. Clem.
Painful bearing down, with painful burning m. Psor.

Midnight.—Awakened at m., with crampy pains in small intestines; chilly; pain more if he moved. Nitr-ac.
Colic, after m., painful in sides. Sulph.
Flatulent colic about m.; awakened by incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatus continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.
Pain in abdomen after m. Ambr.
Spasmodic flatulent colic about m.; passing flatus without relief; aggravated when coughing. Cocc.

Milk.—Colic better from hot m. Croton-tig.
Pain in abdomen from m. Ang., Bry., Carbo-v., Coni., Sulph-ac.

Misstep.—Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in sides and front, down both sides of umbilicus, and hurts, pains greatly in pit of stomach on making m. Aloe.

Moaning.—Enteritis, with red face, moist skin, fever; continual m. Bell. (Merc.)

Agonizing pain in abdomen, causing patient to bend double, with restlessness, m. and lamenting. Coloc.

Morning.—Awakens towards m. with pinching colic, better from bending double. Petr. (Coloc., Colch.)

Colic in m. Alu., Phos.

Colic at one o'clock in m., had to lie crooked; could not bear covering. Magn-m.

Colic: in m.; pain radiates to back and chest. Caust.

Epigastrium painfully bloated, in m., with sensation as if contents were pressing into chest. Cham.

Loud rumbling and gurgling in abdomen in m. Nux-v.

Pain in bowels early in m. better from external warmth and bending forward while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.

Pain and weight in abdomen, on rising in m. Sep.

Pain in abdomen in m. Phos. (Agar., Alu., Ambr., Am-c., Borax, Bov., Calc-c., Caust., Cham., Hep-s., Kreas., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Petr., Ran-sc.)

Pinching, pressing colic, and fermenting rumbling in hypogastrium followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in m. Nux-v.

Soreness in m.; when sneezing or on pressure. Apis.

Tearing pain around umbilicus, with flatulence, in m.; relieved by eating. Natr-s.

Mornings.—Colic in m., during cold, misty weather. Arg-n.

Incarcerated flatulence, worse m. and evenings. Nitr-ac.

Mothers.—Abdomen pendulous (of m.). Sep. (Iod., Natr-c.)

Abdomen puffed up; pot-belliedness (of m.). Sep., Thea.

Swelling in m. Sep. (Iod., Natr-c.)

Motion.—M. in bowels, like something alive. Calc-ph. (Croc.)

Acites (from heart, hepatic, or spleen diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least m. Ars.

Burning and smarting in right inguinal region, with tension on m. Berb.

Colic, with cutting and twisting in umbilical region, in epigastrium, worse on m., with tension in small of back. Caps.

Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses, worse on m., with tearing in small of back, during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust.

Cutting, pinching around umbilicus, as if grasped by hands, worse on m. Ipec.

Heaviness, during m. Sep.

Distended abdomen, continued m. on abdomen and colic, then continued constipation; feeling as if something lay in abdomen. Bry.

Griping as from a hand, each finger seemingly sharply pressing into intestines; better during rest, much worse by m. Ipec.

Large, hard swelling in cæcal region, painful to touch and m. Plumb.

Pain in groins after colitis; on m. Therid.

Pressive tension in epigastrium increased by m., same feeling in lower back. Caps.

Sharp pain in right groin, preventing m. (during latter months of pregnancy). Podo.

Slight sensation of m. in abdomen, as if something were alive. Sabin.

Sensation of emptiness in abdomen, or load in abdomen during m. Sep.

Motions.—M. in abdomen, as if bubbles were forming and bursting. Tarax.

Crampy intestinal m. Opi.

Distention of abdomen during menses, with m. and passage of offensive flatus. Carbo-an.

Motor nerves.—Colic; m. are mostly affected. Plumb. (Colocynthis attacks the sensory.)

Spasmodic action of muscular tissues of intestines, from irritation of m., or from rheumatism. Caul.

Mouth (see vol. ii., section on Mouth).—Great burning in epigastrium, at same time mucous membrane of m. burns like fire. Iris.

Move.—Intestines m. from side to side on turning in bed. Bar-c. (Merc.)

Colic, compelling one to m. about. Mosch.

Moved.—Awakened at midnight, with crampy pains in small intestines; chilly; pain more if he m. Nitr-ac.

Movement.—M. in abdomen as of fist of child. Sulph.

With every m. a cutting pain almost constantly, running from left to right. Ipec.

Movements.—M. in abdomen. Coloc., Croc., Sabad. (Berb., Cansat., Caps., Carbo-v., Chin-s., Kali-jod., Lact., Mang., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-s., Ol-an., Phell., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Sep., Sulph., Tarax., Thuja.)

M. in abdomen as if from a fœtus, or something alive. Sulph. (Croc., Sabad., Thuja.)

M. and sensation as if something were alive, without pain. Thuja.

M. as from a fœtus in abdomen. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)

Discharge of fetid flatus after dinner and m. in hypogastrium. Coloc.

Quivering in abdomen as if there was something alive in it, resembling fœtal m. Sabin. (Croc.)

Rumbling and m. in bowels. Ran-b.

Spasmodic m. of abdominal muscles. Cupr.

Moves.—Flatulent colic; loud rumbling and gurgling; flatus **m.** about in abdomen, especially in evening. Puls.

Moving.—M. about of flatulence in abdomen. Aloe.

Abdomen distended and feeling as if full of sharp sticks or stones when m. Cocc.

Abdomen swollen with sensation of something m. in it. Croc.

Distention of abdomen (Ant-c., Bry., China), especially epigastrium, with flatus m. about. Aloe. (Lyc., Hep-s., Puls.)

Flatulent colic m. about abdomen in evening, after lying down in bed. Puls.

Flatus m. about in intestines, causing pinching pains, with rumbling noise. Puls.

Great rumbling and m. of much flatus in abdomen. China.

Loud rumbling with dull aching in hypogastrium and small of back worse m. Hydr.

Painful jerks in abdomen, m. from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.

Pains in umbilical region when m. Arn.

Rumbling, with griping; m. about slowly. Carbo-v.

Sensation of something m. up and down in stomach and bowels. Lyc.

Sensation of a hard body m. in abdomen. Borax.

Sensation as if a ball of thread was m. and turning rapidly through abdomen. Sabad.

Sensation as if something living was m., jumping about in different parts of abdomen. Croc. (Thuja.)

Shuddering in abdomen as if cold water were m. through. Can-sat.

Stitches in epigastrium when m. about. Cycl.

Violent cutting pressure in abdomen m. now here now there. Bell.

Much.—Feeling of fullness, as after having eaten too m. Kreas. (Lyc.)

Great distention of abomen as if he had eaten too m. Colch. (China, Lyc.)

Mucous membrane.—Great burning in epigastrium, at same time m. of mouth burns like fire. Iris.

Mucus.—Flatulent colic, with griping pains in umbilical region as though intestines were grasped by hands with diarrhœa of m. Ipec.

Pressure as if viscera would be forced out towards sexual organs, with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white m. from vagina. Bell.

Murmuring.—Gurgling in abdomen as of water, and **m.** in hypogastrium. Carls.

Muscles.—Abdominal m. sore on pressure. Bapt.

Abdominal m. sore. Cimicif.

Aching in flanks or drawing in abdominal m. Asaf.
Abdominal m. painful to touch, as if beaten. Sulph.
Abdomen hard, tense, tympanitic and distended with gas, from paralysis of m. of intestines. Stram.
Abdominal m. painful to touch. Kali-c.
Abdominal m. sore; feel strained. Hyos.
Cramp-like pain in bowels, with retraction of abdominal m. ten p. m. and again at five a. m. until nine a. m. Podo.
Hernia, umbilical or inguinal, or weakness of abdominal m., and sensation as if hernia would occur. Cocc.
Jerking and twitching in abdominal m. Nux-v.
Painful retraction of umbilicus; violent contraction of abdominal m. Tabac. (Chelid., Plumb.)
Pain at left quadratus lumborum m., with nausea. Rhus-t.
Pain in abdominal m. when sitting, as if had fallen upon them. Hyos.
Relaxation of m. of abdomen permitting hernia to occur. Nux-v. (Strych.)
Rheumatism extending to abdominal m. Phyt.
Reaching too high, strains abdominal m. Alu.
Spasmodic movements of abdominal m. Cupr.
Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; whole limb seems paralyzed and m. tense. Nitr-ac.
Stitches in m. Prun-s.
Spasmodic contraction of abdominal m., left side, with burning pains; bends over to left side. Sabad.
Soreness and aching in m. Myrica.
Soreness of abdominal m. Sabin.
Twitches in abdominal m. Grat.
Twitching of m. Calc-c.
Twitching in left side between navel and flank, as if in m. of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry.
Twitching in m. of abdomen. Rheum.
Tingling stitches in abdominal m. Magn-m.
Violent action of abdominal m. during inspiration. Spong.
Weakness and sinking of abdominal m. and viscera, extending down into pelvis; women have to sit down, to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Nails.—Colic with blueness of n. Sil.
Colic, as if a spot in abdomen were seized with n.; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell.
Griping, pinching as with n. Bell.

Narrow.—Painful sensation in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull pain across under ribs, with distention, as if it were too n.; some headache in forehead. Aloe.
Squeezing pains, as if something were forced through n. space. Opi.

Nausea (see vol. ii, section on Stomach).—Colic, with n. and retraction of umbilicus. Chelid.

Colic, with n., relieved by passing flatus. Natr-m.

Colic, with n., vomiting. Dig.

Colic about umbilicus with stitches, and difficult emission of flatus; with thirst, n., waking him at night. Ox-ac.

Colic resembling dysentery; a kind of grinding deep in hypogastrium, accompanied by n. and slumber. Arn.

Colic about umbilicus, with chilliness, n. and vomiting, worse in evening. Puls.

Contractive, clawing pain in abdomen, around umbilicus, in paroxysms, with n. and heat of cheeks. Hep-s.

Discomfort in hypogastrium, with some n. in it. Cycl.

Incarcerated flatus, with n. Kalm.

Neuralgia of bowels, with n. and retching, even vomiting of blood. Stann.

Piercing pain in right flank, with n. Natr-s.

Pain at left quadratus lumborum muscles, with n. Rhus-t.

Rumbling after stool; after breakfast, with griping; retraction of anus, and n. Kali-bi.

Soreness over abdomen, attended with n. and vomiting. Kali-bi.

Sensation in both sides of abdomen as if something living were jumping about, with n., shivering and faintness. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)

Shocks of pain in umbilical region up to epigastrium; n., straining and belching of wind. Iris.

Sensation of inflation in umbilical region, with compression in throat and n. Coloc.

Sensation as if everything in abdomen were turning around, with n. Sep.

Sensation of n. in abdomen. Rheum.

Shifting of flatus, with sharp cutting colic, with n. Tart-em.

Terrible colic; violent n. and vomiting, with copious watery diarrhœa and great prostration. Ver-a.

Violent cutting colic, with n. and diarrhœa. Petr.

Warm contraction extending from umbilical region to chest, with n. Mang.

Navel (see Umbilicus).—Burning in n. Acon., Berb., Bov., Calc-c., Canth., Carbo-v., Cham., Crotal., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Lach., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-jod., Natr-c., Ol-an., Phos-ac., Plat., Raph., Sabad., Sulph-ac., Tilia.

Colic alternating with cutting at n. during night. Kali-bi.

Clawing in n. Acon., Stann.

Cramp around n. Stann.

Contraction above n. Rhus-t., Plumb.

Digging in n. Coni.

Gnawing about n. Ruta.
Griping, pinching in n., as if grasped by hands. Ipec.
Grasping in n. Stann.
Hardness of n. Bry., Plumb., Rhus-t.
Oozing of bloody fluid from n. of infants. Calc-ph.
Painful twisting around n. Cina.
Painful swelling of n. Caust.
Pain in n. from touch. Carbo-v., Caust., Croton-tig.
Pressing as of a weight in n. Spig. (Cocc., Lact., Verb.)
Pulsation in n. Acon., Aloe.
Screwing pains at n., as from worms, with sleepiness. Nux-m.
Sensation of emptiness at n., better by bandaging and eating. Fluor-ac.
Sensation as if intestines adhered to n. Verb.
Sensation as of a plug behind n. Ran-sc.
Sensation of warmth on abdomen and n. Sulph-ac.
Sensation of perforation in region of n. Aloe.
Swelling of n. Bry., Caust., Prun-s., Puls.
Soreness in n. Rhus-t., Thuja.
Spasmodic pain in n. Bell., Calad., Phos-ac., Verb., Zinc.
Throbbing in n. Acon., Aloe.
Twisting in n. Cina, Ran-b.
Tension in n. Ver-a.
Ulcers about n. Apis, Ars., Calc-c., Lach., Lyc., Sep., Sil., Sulph.
Winding, wringing, whirling pain in n. Cina, Nux-m.

Needles.—While sitting, stitching in abdomen, as from n. Thuja.

Nerves.—Colic; motor n. are mostly affected. Plumb. (Colocynthis attacks the sensory.)
Neurosis of bowels involving cœliac and umbilical plexuses of n., which are in a great state of hyperæsthesia and pains and spasms are unbearable. Dios.
Paralysis of n., then follows copious discharge of serum accompanied by coldness and prostration. Ver-a.

Nervous.—N. irritation of intestines; abdomen distended; all symptoms worse after every unpleasant emotion. Nux-m.
Much distention of abdomen in n. fevers. Hyos.

Neuralgia.—N. of viscera. Cupr.
N. of bowels. Spig.
N. of bowels, with nausea and retching, even vomiting of blood. Stann.
Abdominal n. Kalm.

Neuralgic.—N. pains in abdomen. Ver-v.
N. colic in various parts of abdomen. Rhod.
N. enterodynia, with sensation of retraction of abdomen; pains radiating to all parts of body. Plumb.
N. pains in abdomen (uterine diseases). Cimicif.

Neurosis.—N. of bowels, with great pain. Collins.

N. of bowels involving cœliac and umbilical plexuses of nerves, which are in a great state of hyperæsthesia and pains and spasms are unbearable. Dios.

Night.—Colic at n. Petr.

Colic alternating with cutting at navel, during n. Kali-bi.

Colic about umbilicus, with stitches and difficult emission of flatus; with thirst, nausea, waking him at n. Ox-ac.

Colic, cutting at umbilicus, at n. Kali-bi.

Cramps and drawing pain in abdomen at n. **Magn-m.**

Cutting in hypogastric region at n. Bar-c.

Drawing pains in abdomen at n. Magn-m.

Flatulent colic, with borborygmus, at n. **Ferr.**

Flatulent colic at n. Ferr., Ign.

Flatulent rumbling in bowels at n. Can-ind.

Flatulent colic, especially after eating at n. China.

Frequent severe cramp in intestines, especially evening and n., with coldness in thighs. Calc-c.

Griping in bowels at n., followed by diarrhœa. Sulph.

Gurgling at n., with sudden urging to stool. Aloe.

Much flatulence in evening and n. Cist.

Pressure downward in abdomen, while lying in bed at n., which awakened her. Sulph.

Pain at n., waking prover, followed by number of greenish fetid stools of mucus, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg-n.

Pain in abdomen at n. Aur., Ferr., Nux-m., Plumb., Rhus-t., Sep., Sulph-ac.

Sharp stitches in abdomen at n. Sulph.

Sensation in abdomen, at n. in bed, which causes patient to stretch violently for hours together. Plumb.

Suffocative spells at n. Ars.

Swelling of inguinal glands, which are sore when walking and painful at n. Clem. (Merc.)

Umbilical region unceasingly painful at n. Coloc.

Violent pains in abdomen and intestines, especially at n. Canth.

Violent colic, with cutting and stinging pains, as if caused by knives, principally at n. or in cool of evening. Merc.

Night sweats.—Tabes mesenterica, with rapid emaciation, n., slow fever, dry laryngeal cough; diarrhœa. Iod.

Noise (see Borborygmus).—N. as if water running out of bottle (Aloe) in evening. Jatr.

Flatus moving about in intestines, causing pinching pains, with rumbling n. Puls.

Rumbling in abdomen, and n. as from water. Phos-ac.

Violent palpitation with incarcerated flatus, which rises with great violence and n., as if œsophagus would split. Coca.

Noises.—Loud rumbling and n. in abdomen from flatulence. Mez.
Rumbling and n. in abdomen. Ign., Sep.

Nose.—Pain in abdomen when blowing n. Canth.

Numbness.—Tingling, n., quivering or aching of abdominal wall. Calc-ph.

Nurse's.—Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of n. shoulder. Stann.

Obliquely.—Deep-seated, sticking or tearing pain from ilium, near spine, o. inward toward sacrum. Berb.

Obstruction.—Intestinal o., with violent colic and fecal vomiting. Opi.
Tympanitic distention of abdomen in circumscribed knotty swelling, large as fists, with o. of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.

Obtained.—Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with colic; relief is at once o. by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

Odor.—Noiseless flatus with o. of liver. Teucr.

Œdema.—Œ. of external abdomen. Graph.

Œsophagus.—Violent palpitation, with incarcerated flatus, which rises with great violence and noise, as if œ. would split. Coca.

Offensive.—Emission of very o. flatus. Sil. (Aloe, Bry., Graph.)
Hard buboes suppurate, with callous edges; ichorous, o. discharges. Carbo-an.
Loud and o. flatus all afternoon. Caust.

Old people.—Incarcerated flatulence, with tympanitic state of abdomen (occurring chiefly in o.). Lyc.

Oozing.—O. of bloody fluid from navel of infants. Calc-ph.

Oppression.—O. in hypogastrium at night. Magn-c.
Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhœa and vomiting, and great o. of breath. Apis.
Flatulence which rises to stomach, causing fullness and o. in chest, prover has to beat on chest with fists, as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)
Violent cutting in abdomen; feeling of o. coming from stomach. Ant-c.

Oppressive.—Sticking, darting, or else pressing sticking, tensive or o. dragging pain in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.
Tight clothing o. Eupat-perf.

Os coccygis.—Sensation as of a plug between symphysis pubis and o. (Bell., Sep.), with urging to stool. Aloe.

Os innominatum.—Sharp stitches in abdomen in region of o., only when walking. Spig.

Out.—Colic, as if umbilicus was pulled o. Stram. (As if pulled in. Plumb.)
Pressing outward, as if bladder would be forced o. Sep.

Pressure in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall o., and menses come on. Natr-c.

Pain in abdomen when breathing o. (expiring). Brom., Dig.

Spasmodic stricture in ilius, as if something was alive pushing o. Thuja.

Outpressing.—O. pain in abdomen. Colch.

Outward.—During menses a pain pressing o. in side of abdomen. Nux-v.

Griping pains, with constriction about umbilicus; soreness and dragging downward and o. Bry.

Pain and pressing o. in abdominal ring, as if parts would suppurate. Can-sat.

Pain in left abdominal ring, like pressing from within o. Lith-c.

Pressing o., as if bladder would be forced out. Sep.

Pressure o. during menstruation. Nux-v.

Upon pressure at umbilicus a painful sensation is felt down to anus, where there is a constant pressure o. Croton-tig.

Outwards.—Feeling as if a hard body pressed from within o., at right inguinal ring; part not feeling hard to touch; while sitting with body bent forward. Bell.

Ovarian region.—Tenderness even to slight pressure, especially over o. Bell.

Over-eating.—Flatulent colic: from indigestion; from o. Nux-v.

Over-exertion.—Sensation like falling of a heavy lump from just above umbilicus to small of back; after talking or o. Laur.

Over-loaded.—After eating, fullness and heaviness in abdomen, as if o. Sulph.

Colic: as if stomach had been o.; as if abdomen would burst. Coff.

Packed.—Distention of abdomen, with a desire to belch; or a sensation as if abdomen were p. full, not in the least relived by eructations. China.

Pad.—During pain, transverse colon protrudes like a p., all way across abdomen. Bell.

Pain.—Violent p. in abdomen. Ars., Coloc., Cupr., Phos., Plumb. (Aloe, Bell., Cast-eq., Cham., Nitr.)

P. in abdomen when breathing out (expiring). Brom., Dig.

P. in hypogastrium, at times cutting, at times contractive, during menses. Sulph.

P. in abdomen when sitting crooked. Tart-em.

P. in hypogastrium when breathing. Asaf.

P. in hypogastrium, preventing an upright posture, forcing patient to lie doubled up in bed. Sec.

P. at right of umbilicus, pressing down to groin. Ver-v.

P. across umbilicus, preventing sleep. Sulph.

P. in abdomen from drinking water. Croc., Teucr.

P. in groins after colitis; on motion. Therid.
P. and soreness across hypogastrium, just above pelvis. Ver-v.
P. in left inguinal region while walking. Ustil.
P. after eating small quantity, with tympanitis. Zinc.
P. and continual bearing down in hypogastrium. Sec.
P. in hypogastrium, with much tympanitis. Ver-v.
P. and weight in abdomen, on rising in morning. Sep.
P. in abdomen, as if something would be torn out. Sulph.
P. in hypogastrium. Ver-v.
P. and rumbling in transverse colon, three a. m., followed by diarrhœa. Podo.
P. in bowels, with slimy stool and palpitation of heart. Petr.
P. in abdomen while riding. Psor.
P. through right gland when walking. Psor.
P. in morning, followed by brown diarrhœa. Rumex.
P. in abdomen as if beaten, when lying on right side. Merc.
P. in abdomen after eating. Iod., Psor.
P. in abdomen from warm food. Kali-c., Ol-an.
P. in abdomen when blowing nose. Canth.
P. in abdomen as if it would burst, when walking. Lach.
P. relieved by external warmth. Alu., Bar-c., Cast-eq., Meph., Pallad., Sil.
P. in navel from touch. Carbo-v., Caust., Croton-tig.
P. in hypogastrium from touch. Cycl.
P. in abdominal integument when turning body. Ambr.
P. in hypogastrium when stooping. Kali-c.
P. as from a sprain in inguinal region. Euphorb.
P. in abdomen when riding in a carriage. Carbo-v.
P. in abdomen as if catamenia would appear. Cina, Croc., Kali-c., Lam., Magn-c., Mosch., Mur-ac., Sep., Stann., Tilia.
P. in abdomen when sneezing. Bell., Canth., Cham., Pallad.
P. in abdomen when sitting. Ruta.
P. in abdomen when pressed upon. Acon., Aloe, Anac., Bell., Carbo-v., Cina, Coff., Kali-bi., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Ran-b., Samb., Sars., Sulph.
P. in abdomen when coughing. Anac., Ars., Bell., Canth., Cham., Cocc., Nux-v.
P. in abdomen from cold. Cham., Dulc. (Alu., China, Coloc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Ver-a.)
P. in abdomen when breathing. Anac., Arg-m., Berb., Dig., Hyos., Kreas., Magn-c., Mosch., Seneg., Sulph.
P. in abdomen from exercise. Aloe, Arn., Berb., Cocc., Cycl., Dig., Ipec., Kreas., Natr-m., Nitr., Nux-v., Ol-an., Puls., Sep., Stram.
P. in abdomen from acids. Dros., Phos-ac.
P. in abdomen after breakfast. Nux-v. (Phos.)
P. in abdomen after midnight. Ambr.

P. in abdomen in evening. Magn-m., Puls., Valer. (Ambr., Diad., Fluor-ac., Led., Meph., Merc., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Paris, Phos., Ver-a., Zinc.)

P. in abdomen when standing. Aloe, Bell.

P. in abdomen in morning. Phos. (Agar., Alu., Ambr., Am-c., Borax, Bov., Calc-c., Caust., Cham., Hep-s., Kreas., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Petr., Ran-sc.)

P. in abdomen at night. Aur., Ferr., Nux-m., Plumb., Rhus-t., Sep., Sulph-ac.

P. in inguinal regions extending to testicles. Dios.

P. in hypogastrium, as if intestines were torn. Graph.

P. in abdomen from milk. Ang., Bry., Carbo-v., Coni., Sulph-ac.

P. in abdomen with thin, fluid stool. Diad.

P. in left side as from incarcerated flatus, extending to back. Cocc-c.

P. above crest of ilium, right side, then left. Iris.

P. in left side when lying on right, and vice versa. Graph.

P. attending passage of billary calculi. Calc-c.

P. in abdomen flying upwards. Bry.

P. in iliac region of both sides. Carb-ac.

P. as from bruises in groins. Caust.

P. in abdomen on attempting to eat. Calc-ph.

P. in abdomen as if diarrhœa would occur. Borax, Bry.

P. in bowels on taking a few steps, walking. Coloc.

P. in perinæum, seemingly arising from neck of bladder. Canth.

P. in abdomen when walking. Sulph. (China, Coloc., Ferr., Hyos., Phos., Ran-b., Ver-a.)

P. extending from region of kidneys around side to abdomen. Berb.

P. in ileo-cæcal region, which is sensitive to touch. Gum-gut.

P. and pressing outward in abdominal ring, as if parts would suppurate. Can-sat.

P. in side above left hip, as if it would burst there on coughing. Caust.

P. as from bruises, with pinching in right side of abdomen. Caust.

P. in bowels from side to side, in epigastrium, corresponding to transverse colon, commencing in right and going over to left. Cham.

P. across umbilicus, as if abdomen were constricted by a cord. Chelid. (Plumb.)

P. in intestines in epigastrium, with sensation of constriction transversely. Chelid.

P. in bowels, as from lifting or a sprain, as soon as prover lies upon side. Carbo-v.

P. starts from umbilicus. Coloc. (Dios.)

P. and anxiety so great grasped bystanders and again pushed them away, frequently jumped out of bed and sat on chamber or ran about. Ars.

P. in epigastrium as from taking cold with sensation as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf.
P. in abdomen during pregnancy. Puls. (Arn., Bry., Hyos., Nux-v., Sep.)
P. in bowels relieved by discharge of flatus. Iris.
P. in abdominal muscles when sitting, as if had fallen upon them. Hyos.
P. in epigastrium. Iod.
P. in umbilical region as if blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. Anac.
P. in epigastrium, as if everything would be torn to pieces during menstruation. Graph.
P. as from a stone in right side. Merc.
P. in abdomen when walking; must bend forward; p. settles in ileo-cæcal region; sore, tender. Nitr-ac.
P. as if intestines were sore and raw. Nux-v.
P. in left abdominal ring, like pressing from within outward. Lith-c.
P. from umbilicus to anus, with feeling as if diarrhœa would occur. Led.
P. at night, waking prover, followed by number of greenish, fetid mucous stools, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg-n.
P. about umbilicus. Æsc., Aloe.
P. as before menses. Aloe.
P. in abdomen as if menses would come on (Cimicif.), or as if diarrhœa would occur. Actea-s. (Aloe.)
P. from sides spreading upward. Apis.
P. in umbilical region, causing to bend forward. Ars.
P. on pressure and sensitiveness to touch. Apis.
P. at left quadratus lumborum muscle, with nausea. Rhus-t.
P. on right side in region of ascending colon. Rhus-t.
P. in bowels early in morning better from external warmth and bending forward while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.
P. in abdomen as if it would burst. Coff., Sep., Valer.
P. in abdomen when laughing. Ars., Nux-v.
P. in inguinal regions. Graph.
P. in lower chest and abdomen, forcing her to bend forward; abdomen and stomach distended, she must unlace. Puls.
P. with diarrhœa. Kali-bi.
P. in umbilical region. Kreas.
P. in abdomen worse after eating. Lob.
P. across abdomen after walking. Lach.
P. and distention in colon, especially transverse portion. Merc-cor.
P. in intestines as if bruised. Natr-c.
P. as from incarcerated flatulence. Millef.
P. of a dead, heavy character, going through from abdomen to back. Natr-s.

P. in abdomen after vexation. Coloc.

P. in abdomen from sugar. Ign., Sulph.

P. in inguinal glands. Calc-c., Merc. (Ars., Berb., Graph., Tereb., Thuja.)

P. in upper part of hypogastrium, as from a stone, that always takes away breath, so that he could breathe only with difficulty immediately after dinner. Nux-v.

P. in abdomen from touch. Acon., Plumb., Ver-a. (Æth., Aloe, Apis, Bell., Berb., Canth., Cham., Cupr., Cycl., Hyos., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Phos., Puls., Sil., Stann., Stram., Tabac., Tereb., Tilia.)

A forcing, bearing down into pelvis, with desire for stool; violent cutting p. in hypogastrium. Puls.

A pressive p. in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep, while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Ascites, with loss of appetite; hard, nodular stool, with p. in rectum. Prun-s.

Acute p. in abdomen during stool. Nitr-ac.

Acute p. in umbilical region increased by walking. Coloc.

Aching, pressive p., in hypogastrium, with bearing down in uterus. Apis.

Aching soreness and p. around umbilicus; relieved by passing fetid flatus. Calc-ph.

Aching p. in hypogastrium. Coni.

Agonizing p. in abdomen, causing patient to bend double, with great restlessness, moaning and lamenting. Coloc.

Abdomen hard with p. in umbilical region on touch. Kali-c.

Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.), and tender in epigastrium; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent p. through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.

Abdominal muscles p. when touched, when pressing at stool, or on rising from a recumbent position. Aloe.

Awakened at midnight with crampy pains in small intestines; chilly; p. more if he moved. Nitr-ac.

Along with sensation of distention, constrictive p. in hypogastrium which comes in jerks and forces one to lean forward, bent double. Bell.

Burning and p. in abdomen. Ox-ac.

Burning p. in abdomen. Crotal.

Boring p. in epigastrium, passing off when pressing thereon. Cina.

Bearing-down p. Apoc. (Cact.)

Bruised p. in abdomen. Merc-cor., Ox-ac.

Bruised p. in abdomen and small of back. Natr-s.

Bruised p. in left side over left hip. Arg-n.

Bruised, sore p. in intestines. Nux-v. (Merc.)

Bruised p. in abdomen, especially in cæcal region and over transverse colon. Merc-cor.
Cutting, sticking p. in hypogastrium, soon after eating. Ver-a.
Cutting p. in abdomen as from flatulence. Squilla.
Cutting, with incarcerated flatulence; p. at every step. Sil.
Cutting p. across abdomen, in paroxysms. Phos-ac.
Cutting p., as from stones in bowels. Nux-v. (Coloc.)
Cutting p. in upper part of abdomen, better by passing flatus. Asar.
Cutting p. with retraction of abdominal walls. Am-c.
Cutting and violent p. in intestines, obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.
Cutting p. in left side of epigastrium. Kali-c.
Cutting p. in right side of hypogastrium, near pubes, extending to hip and small of back. Am-m.
Cutting p. about umbilicus, with shivering. Ipec.
Cutting and constrictive p. in abdomen. Dig.
Cutting p. in abdomen, as from knives. Coni.
Crampy p. in epigastrium. Dios.
Crampy p. in abdomen. Phos-ac.
Crampy p., obliging careful walking, so that abdomen would not be shaken. Prun-s.
Cramp-like p. in left side of abdomen, with qualmishness in epigastrium. Nux-v.
Cramp-like p. in bowels, with retraction of abdominal muscles, ten p. m. and again at five a. m. until nine a. m. Podo.
Cramps and drawing p. in abdomen at night. Magn-m.
Colic, with p. in bladder. Lach., Nux-v., Prun-s.
Colic: in morning; p. radiates to back and chest. Caust.
Colic-like spasmodic p. after vexation, spreading from umbilicus, better from frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc.
Collection of flatus, without being able to evacuate it, with p. Natr-s.
Compressive p. in abdomen. Cham.
Continuous pinching p. in iliac region. Coff.
Contracting p. in abdomen. Hep-s., Laur. (Am-c., Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Caust., Coloc., Dig., Gels., Kali-c., Kreas., Lyc., Magn-c., Mang., Merc., Mosch., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Phos., Rhus-t., Sabin., Sars., Sec., Seneg., Sep., Sulph., Zinc.)
Constrictive p. in umbilicus, immediately after dinner. Coloc.
Constrictive p. below short ribs, extending to back (lumbar vertebræ). Camph.
Distention, with p. in place of hernia. Sil.
Distention and p. (Magn-c.), with tension. Coloc.
Distended abdomen about umbilicus, with p. on pressure. Merc-bij.
Distress, dull p. in umbilical region. Bapt.
Drawing, tensive, bearing down p. in abdomen, like labor pains. Puls.
Drawing p. in abdomen during menses. Kreas.

During menses p. in groin, like stitching and pressing. Borax.

During p. transverse colon protrudes like a pad, all way across abdomen. Bell.

During menses a p. pressing outward in side of abdomen. Nux-v.

Dull sticking or stinging, or burning, gnawing, aching p. on one side of umbilicus, increased by deep pressure; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb.

Dull p. in bowels on pressure. Asclep-tub.

Dull abdominal p., as after taking cold. Aloe.

Deep, heavy, burning p. in abdomen, as if intestines were tied. Ars.

Deep-seated, sticking, or tearing p. from ilium, near spine, obliquely inward toward sacrum. Berb.

Discharge of much flatus relieving p. in abdomen. Aloe.

Excrutiating tearing p. in bowels, worse at umbilicus. Plumb.

Flatulent p. here and there, longer delay in passing, more difficult it is to pass. Ver-a.

Flatulent colic about midnight; awakened by an incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive p. here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatus continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one side and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.

Flatus changing place and causing p. Natr-c.

Fixed flatulence, causing p. Lyc.

Frequent attacks of contractive p. in right side of abdomen. Sep.

Griping in hypogastrium; pain in small of back, and chilliness over body, during menses. Sulph.

Griping during menses, with p. in small of back and general chilliness. Sulph.

Gurgling in ep gastric region after eating, with p. Zinc.

Griping p., twisting about, here and there, in whole abdomen. Staph.

Great rumbling in abdomen, and p. in umbilicus, with stools of mucus and blood. Phyt.

Great p. in right ileo-cæcal region, cannot bear the lightest touch, not even of bed cover. Bell.

Gnawing p. in transverse colon. Gels.

Hernia forced down, with bruised p.; cannot be reduced with hand. Sulph.

Hard swelling of right side of abdomen, with severe p. when touched. Arn.

Inflammation of transverse or descending colon, which is very sore, with burning p. Merc-cor.

Itching, or pressure in region of inguinal glands, with p. from touch as though they would swell. Berb.

Labor-like p., drawing to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flashes of heat in face; palpitation; afterwards chilliness. Kreas.

Lancinating p. in abdomen. Berb.

Much griping and p. in hypochondria, as if intestines were strung in knots. Sulph.

Much flatulence, rolling and rumbling; incarcerated, especially on right side, causing great p., relieved by emission of flatus. Natr-s.

Meteorism of abdomen without p. Ars.

Neurosis of bowels, with great p. Collins.

Outpressing p. in abdomen. Colch.

Pressure on abdomen relieves p. when child is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

Pressive p. in left side of abdomen. Am-c.

Pressive p. and drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf.

Pressive and constrictive p., like a stone, in hypogastrium, extending down to bladder. Puls.

Pressive p. as if intestines would be cut to pieces. Opi.

Pinching p. in umbilical region. Camph.

Pinching p. in right side of abdomen. Natr-m.

Pinching in bowels, with p. in forehead off and on. Natr-s.

Pinching colic alternating with p. in chest. Ran-b.

Pinching p. in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Piercing p. in right flank, with nausea. Natr-s.

Peculiar p., as if a sore spot were pressed upon, in epigastrium, on pressure and during inspiration. Sabad.

Plunging p. in abdomen, pains like bee sting in peritonitis, with great prostration; rapid pulse and fever. Apis.

Pressing, contractive p. in abdomen. Magn-c.

Painful sensation in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull p. across under ribs, with distention, as if it were too narrow, some headache in forehead. Aloe.

Painters' colic; p. in umbilical region, extending through into back; patient screams and tries to relieve p. by turning in all possible directions. Plat.

Paralytic p. in right abdominal ring, as if something would force itself through (Nux-v.), a p. as from hernia only while sitting. Cocc.

Qualmishness, with contractive p. in hypogastrium. Graph.

Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and p. at umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region of back and to iliac fossa, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.

Rumbling, with p. in small of back and kidneys, and slight urethral soreness when urinating. Ferr.

Rumbling, as if full of yeast, with severe p. from sternum to back. Still.

Sudden spasmodic p. and sensation of contraction in epigastrium, obliging him to cry out. Gels.

Sudden sharp p. in left side of abdomen. Lob.

Spasmodic p. in abdomen. Ang., Coloc., Phos-ac. (Carbo-v., Dig., Graph., Ign., Kali-c., Ol-an., Ran-sc., Sars., Staph., Tart-em., Teucr., Thuja, Verb.)

Spasmodic cutting p. in stomach and abdomen. Calad. (Coloc.)

Spasmodic p. in hypogastrium. Am-c., Bry., Camph., Carbo-v., Cham., Cocc., Coni., Dig., Ferr., Hyos., Ign., Ipec., Iod., Mur-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Stann.

Spasmodic p. in navel. Bell., Calad., Phos-ac., Verb., Zinc.

Stitching and pressive p. in groin. Borax.

Sticking p. in left side below ribs. Can-sat.

Sticking, darting, or else pressing, sticking, tensive or oppressive dragging p. in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.

Sticking, pressive p. in umbilical region, as from hernia. Alu. (Cocc., Nux-v.)

Shocks of p. in umbilical region up to epigastrium; nausea, straining and belching of wind. Iris.

Sharp p. in region of spleen, with dull p. and burning in stomach and bowels. Hydr.

Sharp p. across hypogastrium. Cimicif.

Sharp p. in cæcal region. Hydr.

Sharp p. in right groin, preventing motion (during latter months of pregnancy). Podo.

Sore p. in abdomen and loins. Caps.

Sore p. in abdomen during deep inhalation. Kreas.

Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with p. on walking; whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.

Swelling about inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness, with p. on pressing or walking. Merc.

Swelling, redness, inflammation and p. in groin on touch or walking. Merc.

Sensation of weakness in inguinal ring, as if hernia would occur; or p. as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux-v., Strych.

Terrible colic; p. begins in stomach, radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Tensive p. in inguinal region when walking. Kreas.

Tensive p. from abdomen to chest, as from distention of abdomen. Caps.

Tensive spasmodic p. in inguinal region, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chelid.

Tensive p., as if laced together. Aur.

Tensive pressing p. in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually increase and gradually decrease. Bell.

Tension and p. in abdomen from incarcerated flatulence. Lyc. (Carbo-v.)

Tearing p. around umbilicus, with flatulence, in morning; relieved by eating. Natr-s.

Ulcerous p. in hypogastrium. Nitr-ac.

Ulcerous p. in abdomen. Cham., Croc., Kreas., Ran-b.

Violent screwing, pinching p. in whole of abdomen. Staph.

Violent cutting p. in bowels, lasting for hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Violent p. across epigastrium. Lith-c.

Violent p. in abdomen, with great anguish; has no rest anywhere; rolls about on floor and despairs of life. Ars.

Violent p. in umbilical region whole forenoon, without intermission. It was situated at a spot about size of hand and was a bruised p.; aggravated by walking, but not by pressing. Coloc.

Winding, wringing, whirling p. in navel. Cina, Nux-m.

Winding, wringing, whirling p. in abdomen. Berb., Ran-b., Rhus-t., Sulph-ac.

Writhing, twisting p. in abdomen about umbilical region. Calc-c.

Writhing p. in abdomen previous to stool. Caust.

When coughing, p. in abdominal ring, extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr-m.

With every movement a cutting p. almost constantly running from left to right. Ipec.

Painful.—P. sensitiveness of abdomen to touch. Sulph. (Bell., Cupr., Merc.)

P. retraction of umbilicus; violent contraction of abdominal muscles. Tabac. (Chelid., Plumb.)

P. sensitiveness of abdomen and region of bladder (hypogastrium). Squilla.

P. retraction of abdomen when vomiting. Ver-a.

P. drawing in both groins, as if menses would appear. Plat.

P. bearing down towards genitals, as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire for stool, extending through groin above hips, towards small of back. Plat.

P. bearing down, with p., burning micturition. Psor.

P. sensitiveness of abdomen. Puls.

P. bloatedness in both groins. Kali-c.

P. distention, flatulence. Lach.

P. soreness in whole abdomen; worse when riding in a carriage. Arg-m.

P. induration in right side of abdomen. Magn-m. (Apis, Lach., Lyc., Plumb.)

P. sensation in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull pain across under ribs, with distention, as if it were too narrow; some headache in forehead. Aloe.
P. swelling and induration in right side of abdomen. Lach.
P. pressing towards groins and anus. Graph.
P. inclination to inguinal hernia, especially after rising from sitting. Cocc.
P. jerks in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.
P. pressure in hypogastrium, on physical exertion. Calc-c.
P. twisting around navel. Cina.
P. sensation in right hypogastrium, as if something would be squeezed through. Carbo-an.
P. sticking deep in ilium, extending to region of kidneys. Berb.
P. distention of abdomen. Caust.
P. abdomen distended and hard. Bar-c. (Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc.)
P. soreness of abdominal walls. Hyos.
P. inguinal hernia. Sil.
P. swelling of inguinal glands. Staph., Sulph., Thuja.
Abdominal muscles p. to touch. Kali-c.
Abdominal muscles p. to touch, as if beaten. Sulph.
Abdomen distended and p. Apoc. (Ars., Merc.)
Abdomen tense, hard, swollen, distended and p. Merc.
Abdomen distended and hard from incarcerated flatus; hot; sensitive; p. Lach.
Abdomen distended and tympanitic; p. to touch. Bell., Phos.
Abdomen p. to touch. Stram.
Abdomen distended and very p. to least touch, even of clothing. Merc-cor. (Acon., Bell., Cupr.)
Abdomen p., especially in umbilical region. Aloe.
Abdomen distended and p. to touch. Hyos.
Abdomen distended and p.; tympanitic. Coloc.
Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.) and tender in epigastrium; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very p. to touch. Canth.
Colic, after midnight, p. in sides. Sulph.
Colic so p. as to drive patient mad. Coff.
Chronic p. hernia. Cic-v.
Cutting pains in hypogastrium, abdomen being p. to touch. Cupr.
Distended and p. abdomen. Ars.
Distention of hypogastrium, which is p. to touch. Hyos.
Fullness and distention of abdomen and stomach; p. sensitiveness. Puls.
Glands of left groin swollen; p. on walking. Bapt.

Hard, p. pressure in right side of hypogastrium. Staph.
Hard and p. lump in both groins. Puls.
Hard gland in left groin, p. to pressure. Ant-c.
Hard, p., hot swelling in ileo-cæcal region. Merc.
Inguinal glands hard and p. to touch. Sil.
Intestines p. to touch. Cycl.
Large, hard swelling in cæcal region, p. to touch and motion. Plumb.
Painless rumbling of wind in abdomen. Puls. (P. Lyc.)
Swollen abdomen, p. Ars.
Swelling of glands of groin and axilla; generally p. Natr-c.
Swelling of inguinal glands, which are sore when walking and p. at night. Clem. (Merc.)
Sudden, p. cuttings, with feeling as if one were digging him with fingers, compelling patient to bend double, relieved by profuse, pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)
Tension in hypogastrium, exceedingly p. to touch. Opi.
Typhlitis, p. swelling and inflammation of whole right side of abdomen. Rhus-t.
Umbilical region unceasingly p. at night. Coloc.
Upon pressure at umbilicus a p. sensation is felt down to anus, where there is a constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.
Violent p. pressure, as from a stone upon umbilicus, aggravated by stooping. Verb.
When walking he feels constantly a subdued colic in whole tract of intestines; they are p. when pressing upon integuments of abdomen. Ran-b.

Painfully.—Sudden flatulence passing p. towards ring. Graph.
Skin of abdomen is p. sensitive. Lyc.

Painfulness.—P. in abdomen, Coff. (Acon., Aloe, Apis, Ars., Bell., Bry., Bov., Can-sat., Canth., Carbo-an., Cic-v., Coloc., Coni., Croton-tig., Cub., Dig., Ferr., Gymnoc., Hyos., Jatr., Kreas., Mang., Merc., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Ox-ac., Puls., Ran-b., Ran-sc., Squilla, Sec., Sulph., Valer.)
P. in whole abdomen, especially in sides and front, down both sides of umbilicus, and hurts greatly in pit of stomach on making misstep. Aloe.
P. when walking. Phos., Ran-b., Sulph.
P. in hypogastrium. Verb. (Arg-n., Caust., Cycl., Merc., Psor., Stann.)
P. to touch. Acon., Ver-a.
Colic, with p. in leg. Coloc., Cop., Sec.
Distention and p. of stomach and abdomen. Cic-v.
Distention and p. of abdomen. Cic-v.
External p. Acon., Bov., Canth., Nux-v., Puls., Tabac.
Long-lasting p. of whole abdomen, as if it were all sore and raw. Bell.
Swelling and p. of inguinal glands. Calc-c. (Clem.)

Pains.—Violent p. in bowels. Puls.
P. in abdomen, relieved by warmth. Sil.
P. in abdomen and back during and after stool. **Podo.**
P. in abdomen at night. Rhus-t.
P. in umbilical region, aggravated by lying on back. **Ars.**
P. in hypogastrium, as if menses were coming on. **Aloe.**
P. worse sitting bent. Alu.
P. in umbilical region when moving. Arn.
P. in groin, as if he had strained himself; clothing uncomfortable. Hydr.
P. in hypogastrium, with constipation and hæmorrhoids. Collins.
P., as if abdomen would burst, driving to desperation. Coff.
P. in abdomen, causing her to bend double (Aloe, Coloc., Iris); worse from eating, or tightening clothes. Caust.
Arthritic p. which suddenly wander from extremities to abdomen. Daph.
Abdomen p. when touched. Nitr-ac.
Awakened at midnight, with crampy p. in small intestines; chilly; pain more if he moved. Nitr-ac.
Bearing-down p. in abdomen. Phyt.
Bearing-down, labor-like p. in abdomen, extending to hips and back. Sulph-ac.
Bearing-down p. in hypogastrium, as if contents would be forced out. Lil-tig.
Burning, griping p. in umbilical region. **Phyt.**
Burning p. in bowels. Caps.
Burning p. radiating through abdomen (in gastralgia). **Graph.**
Bellyache; griping p. in umbilical region. Am-m.
Cutting p. about umbilicus; p. as from an ulcer. Stann.
Cutting p. in hypogastrium. Thuja.
Cutting and pinching p. in abdomen, with constipation. **Sil.**
Cutting p. in abdomen. Ars., Viola-tr.
Cutting, contractive p., with restless tossing; better from rubbing, or hard pressure. Plumb.
Cutting p. around umbilicus. Bov., Puls.
Cutting and pinching p. in abdomen. Nitr-ac.
Cutting, griping and jerking p. in abdomen, especially after eating; better after stool. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)
Cutting, twisting, griping p. in bowels. Naja.
Cutting, jerking p. in umbilical region. Berb.
Cutting p. in hypogastrium, abdomen being painful to touch. **Cupr.**
Cutting, colicky p., with heat and faintness; better after passing flatus Hydr.
Colic, resembling p. of labor. Kreas.
Colic p. and contraction in abdomen force him to walk bent. Rhus-t., Bell., Coloc. (Aloe, Caust., Iris, Nux-v., Rheum.)

Colic p. from flatulence. Asclep-tub. (Aloe, Carbo-v., Coloc., Lyc.)
Colic p., first griping, then stitches in one or other side of abdomen. Ign.
Colic and p. in bowels, which cause patient to bend backwards. Dios.
Colic p.; much flatus. Coca.
Colic-like abdominal p. and discharge of flatulence. Carls.
Colicky p., intermittent, about umbilicus before vomiting or diarrhœa. Iris.
Colicky p. in right side of abdomen, extending into bladder, with frequent urging to urinate. Lyc.
Colicky p., obliging him to bend forward for relief. Iris. (Coloc.)
Colicky p. in hypogastrium, with straining and increased pain during stool. Sil.
Colicky p. begin in abdomen, with tension and pressure, as from flatulence. Acon.
Colicky p. Acet-ac.
Colicky p. proceeding from spinal cord, with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great depression of spirits. Plumb.
Colicky p., better passing fetid flatus. Psor.
Colicky p. in abdomen as if caused by worms. Sabad.
Constant distress in umbilical region and hypogastric region, with severe cutting, colic-like p. every few minutes in stomach and small intestines. Dios.
Constipation, with distress one or two hours before stool, with colicky, sticking p. Kali-c.
Contractive, twisting p. in bowels, immediately about umbilicus, spreading over epigastrium, leaving hypogastrium perfectly free from p. Coloc.
Contractive, clawing p. in abdomen, around umbilicus, in paroxysms, with nausea and heat of cheeks. Hep-s.
Contractive p. in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with urging to stool. Coni.
Contractive p. in abdomen towards small of back. Calc-c.
Chronic p. in left side under short ribs. Rhod.
Cramping colic p. in hypogastrium, almost insupportable, coming suddenly and with terrible severity. Vib-op.
Cramp-like p. in abdomen. Cycl., Magn-m., Mur-ac.
Cramp-like p., especially in umbilical region. Berb.
Drawing p. in abdomen at night. Magn-m.
Drawing and tensive p., extending from abdomen through spermatic cords into testicles, that hang low down. Puls.
Drawing, tearing or bearing-down p. in abdomen, like labor p. Puls.
Drawing p. in abdomen, extending from both sides to umbilicus, worse on stooping. Acon.

Distress and griping p. in epigastrium, with rumbling in bowels followed by diarrhœa. Still.

Extremely violent p. in umbilical region; abdomen so contracted that umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Plumb.

Excessive distention of abdomen, with pinching p. Mosch.

Excruciating p. in bowels, small of back, and limbs. Cimicif.

Excruciating p. in umbilical region, shoot to other portions of abdomen and body; somewhat relieved by pressure. Plumb.

Enteritis, lancinating p.; bloody, slimy stools; sweat without relief. Merc.

Fine cutting, colicky p. every few minutes all day, relieved by hard stool, followed by dull distress in bowels. Ustil.

Frequent but transient abdominal p., during day, better from pressure. Podo.

Frequent p. and soreness about umbilicus. Ox-ac.

Flatus moving about in intestines, causing pinching p., with rumbling noise. Puls.

Flatulent colic; griping p. Aspar.

Flatulent or flying p. in bowels. Æsc.

Flatutent colic (Coloc., Lyc.); drawing, twisting p. Caps.

Flatulent colic, with griping p. in umbilical region as though intestines were grasped by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.

Flatulence and colic p. Aster.

Flatulence with much rumbling and gurgling, and p. of various character. Lyc.

Griping, colic-like p., relieved by bending forward. Senecio. (Coloc.)

Griping p. about umbilicus, relieved by emission of flatus. Sulph.

Griping p. in epigastrium. Puls.

Griping, twisting, pressing, bearing-down or labor-like p. in abdomen to groins. Sabin.

Griping colicky p., with rumbling and discharge of flatus. Ptel.

Griping p.; rumbling; urging to stool. Myrica.

Griping p. with stools. Hydr.

Griping p. in abdomen. Colch. (Coloc.)

Griping p., with constriction about umbilicus; soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry.

Griping, pinching colic, painful cutting and digging p. relieved by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)

Griping, with violent p. in abdomen when passing flatus. China.

Griping, cutting p. in bowels. Chelid. (Coloc.)

Griping and colicky p. Brom.

Griping p. of intermittent character, shifting from place to place. Coloc.

Griping, cramping p. in umbilical region. Dios.

Griping, digging p. in abdomen. Graph.

Grumbling p. in abdomen, followed by dry, hard stool. Ustil.

Hard tumefaction in hypogastrium, with burning p. in loins. Canth.

Heavy aching p. in umbilicus. Ver-v.

Intermittent, boring p., often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating p. in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Labor-like p. in groins. Sec.

Labor-like p., drawing to small of back, and pressing down lumbar vertebræ, with flushes of heat in face; palpitation, afterwards chilliness. Kreas.

Labor-like or bearing-down p. in abdomen. Asaf., Bry., Cham., Cina, Croc., Ign., Iod., Kali-c., Kreas., Natr-m., Nux-v., Pallad., Plat., Puls., Sec., Sep., Sulph-ac., Tilia.

Labor-like colic, with p. in back. Kali-c.

Lacerating p. in umbilicus and epigastrium, shooting to other parts of abdomen. Plumb.

Lancinating p. extending from bowels to chest, aggravated by breathing; also during micturition. Clem.

Much troubled with flatulency; it becomes incarcerated under left ribs, with lancinating p. Aur.

Much distention of stomach and abdomen, with gas, with tearing p. in umbilical region. Hep-s.

Neuralgic p. in abdomen. Ver-v.

Neuralgic enterodynia, with sensation of retraction of abdomen; p. radiating to all parts of body. Plumb.

Neuralgic p. in abdomen (uterine diseases). Cimicif.

Neurosis of bowels involving cœliac and umbilical plexuses of nerves which are in a great state of hyperæsthesia; p. and spasms are unbearable. Dios.

Pressure in abdomen with contractive colicky p. Thuja.

Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, colicky p.; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin, green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.

Pinching p. in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would occur. Coni.

Pinching and cutting p. in abdomen. Æth.

Peritonitis, with sticking, burning p.; abdomen very sore to touch with constipation. Bry.

Periodical colicky p., better bending double and after stool. Cimicif.

Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in sides and front, down both sides of umbilicus, and p. greatly in pit of stomach on making misstep. Aloe.

Rumbling in bowels, with uneasiness or sharp, cutting p. Asclep-tub.
Rumbling and colicky p., with much flatulence. Naja.
Sensation of bearing down in hypogastrium, with dragging p. from sacrum. Sep.
Sensitiveness and swelling of abdomen, with knife-like, cutting p. Coni.
Stitches and other p. in abdomen which hinder respiration. Bry.
Stitching, cutting p. and cramp-like pressure. Ang.
Stitching p. in sides of abdomen. Tarax.
Stinging, sharp p. in inguinal glands. Psor.
Spasmodic drawing p. in both inguinal regions. Chelid.
Spasmodic p. in abdomen. Kreas.
Spasmodic p. in abdomen, with unusually severe tenesmus. Dios.
Spasmodic contraction of abdominal muscles, left side, with burning p.; bends over to left side. Sabad.
Sudden p. in paroxysms, across epigastrium, from lower border of liver, downward toward left, then ceasing in right side. Kalm.
Severe colicky p. in hypogastrium every few minutes, with fainting, has to sit down to get relief. Collins.
Severe colicky p., mostly in umbilical region; has to bend double. Coloc.
Severe colicky p. in umbilical region and hypogastric region. Dios.
Severe and constant distress between umbilicus and epigastrium, with sharp cutting p. Lept.
Severe stabbing p. in abdomen. Zinc.
Sharp, cutting p. in epigastrium. Dios.
Sharp, cutting p. in hypogastric region, with stool of bilious matter, mucus streaked with blood. Collins.
Sharp lancinating p. in peritonæum. Canth.
Sharp, griping p. in bowels. Iris.
Sharp, shooting p. in bowels. Bapt.
Sharp cutting p. in whole abdomen, which is tender to touch. Acon.
Sharp cutting p. in bowels, sometimes with sour vomiting, accompanied by excessive flatulence. Phos.
Shooting p. from bowels into testes and bladder. Opi.
Screwing pains at navel, as from worms, with sleepiness. Nux-m.
Squeezing p., as if something were forced through a narrow space. Opi.
Swelling, induration of inguinal glands (Calc-c., Nitr-ac.), with pricking, jerking p. Clem.
Twisting and sharp cutting p. in bowels. Dios.
Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were spasmodically constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); p. gradually increase and gradually decrease. Bell.
Uneasiness and griping p. in abdomen. Grat.
Violent burning, must shriek, horrible p. in bowels. Tabac.

Violent colic, with cutting and stinging p. as if caused by knives, principally at night or in cool of evening. Merc.

Violent cutting p. in abdomen. Apis.

Violent, sticking, cutting p. all over abdomen. Coloc., Kali-c.

Violent p. of long standing in groins. Lach.

Violent colicky p. in hypogastrium, before and during stool. Bapt.

Violent, burning p., with intolerable anguish. Ars.

Violent cramp-like p., as if abdomen would burst, with contractive eructations; worse after midnight. Nitr-ac.

Violent colicky p. in epigastrium, with headache and other p. Eupat-perf.

Violent p. in abdomen and intestines, especially at night. Canth.

Violent burning p. through whole intestinal tract. Ars., Canth.

Violent flatulent colic, p. cutting and twisting; radiate from abdomen to back, chest and arms. Dios.

Violent intermittent colic; cutting, drawing p. Cupr.

Wandering p. in umbilical region, which cease and recur periodically. Cact.

Painters' colic.—P. (said to be specific). Alu.

P.; pain in umbilical region, extending through into back; patient screams and tries to relieve pain by turning in all possible directions. Plat.

Palms.—Spasmodic and griping flatulent colic. with heat in p. of hands and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)

Palpitation.—Pain in bowels with slimy stool and p. of heart. Petr.

Violent p., with incarcerated flatus, which rises with great violence and noise, as if œsophagus would split. Coca.

Pancreas (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Chronic inflammation of p., with greasy stool. Phos.

Paralysis.—P. of nerves, then follows copious discharge of serum accompanied by coldness and prostration. Ver-a.

Abdomen hard, tense, tympanitic and distended with gas, from p. of muscles of intestines. Stram.

Paralyzed.—Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; whole limb seems p. and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.

Paresis.—P. of intestines, causing retention of stool. Opi.

Paroxysms.—Cutting pain across abdomen, in p. Phos-ac.

Colic very violent, in p., obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

Constrictive, clawing pains in abdomen, around umbilicus, in p., with nausea and heat of cheeks. Hep-s.

Sudden pains in p., across epigastrium, from lower border of liver, downward toward left, then ceasing in right side. Kalm.

Passing.—Flatulent pain here and there, longer delay in p., more difficult it is to pass. Ver-a.

Peevish.—Cramps in abdomen, with violent pressure upon rectum and genitals, with p. depression of spirits. Magn-m.

Pelvis.—A forcing, bearing down into p., with desire for stool; violent cutting pain in hypogastrium. Puls.

Burning in left side of p. Am-c., Graph., Plat., Ruta, Sep.

Feeling in p. as if whole contents of abdomen were dragging, pushing, or forced down, as into a funnel. Lil-tig.

Great sinking at epigastrium, with sensation as if everything would drop through p. Podo.

Heaviness, fullness and pressing down in p. Aloe. (Natr-c., Sulph., Rhus-t.)

Pain and soreness across hypogastrium, just above p. Ver-v.

Pressing and bearing down in abdomen, extending into p. Bell., Plat., Puls., Sep. (Cimicif., Lil-tig.)

Sudden stinging stitches to p., impeding breathing. Chelid., China, Kali-c., Ran-sc., Samb., Tilia.

Stitches from region of small of back through p., towards pubes and inguinal region. Carls.

Weakness and sinking of abdominal muscles and viscera, extending down into p.; women have to sit down to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Pendulous.—Abdomen p. Bell., Croc., Plat., Podo., Sep., Zinc.

Abdomen p. (of mothers). Sep. (Iod., Natr-c.)

Percussion.—Ascites: with dull p. as high as third intercostal space; commenced in feet. Dig.

Perforation.—Sensation of p. in region of navel. Aloe.

Perinæum.—Pain in p., seemingly arising from neck of bladder. Canth.

Periodical.—P. spasms in abdomen. Ign.

P. colicky pains, better bending double and after stool. Cimicif.

P. cramp. Ign.

P. colic and diarrhœa. Gels.

Griping, pinching colic; p. after breakfast or meals; causing him to bend forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

Peristaltic action.—P. and secretions increased. Aloe.

P. of intestines reversed as in cholera Asiatica. Ver-a.

P. of bowels weakened, and stool retarded. Bry.

Loss of or sluggish p. of bowels. Opi.

P. reversed, with belching and vomiting of fecal matter. Opi.

Peritonæum.—Inflammation of p. and bowels, with ascites, and great tenderness of whole abdomen. Apis.

Inflammation of intestines and p. Acon.

Inflammation of intestines and p., with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Inflammation of p. Acon., Bell., Bry., Cham., Cocc., Coff., Coloc., Hyos., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t.

Sharp lancinating pains in p. Canth.

Peritonitis.—P. Bell., Bry., Sulph.

P., with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin cold; features sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.

P. and enteritis, with restlessness. Rhus-t.

P., abdomen very tender, with aggravation from sleep, worse on right side. Lach.

P., with purulent exudation, especially with typhlitis. Merc.

P., with exudation; often with metritis; urine scanty. Apis.

P., with sticking, burning pains; abdomen very sore to touch, with constipation. Bry.

Acute pelvic cellulitis and p. Ver-v.

Burning distress in abdomen, like coals of fire, with great restlessness, tossing and turning (in p.) Ars.

Enteritis or p., with typhoid symptoms. Hyos.

Enteritis or p.; great distention of abdomen, and typhoid symptoms, with involuntary stools. Rhus-t.

Enteritis or p., with high fever. Acon.

Pelvic p., associated with inflammation of bladder, with tympanitis. Tereb.

Plunging pain in abdomen, pains like bee sting in p., with great prostration; rapid pulse and fever. Apis.

Perspiration (see Sweat).—P. on abdomen. Ambr., Anac., Ang., Cic-v., Dros., Plumb.

Cholera; cramps; cold, clammy p. Sec.

Piercing.—P. pain in right flank, with nausea. Natr-s.

Tearing, p. through and through. Cycl.

Pinching.—P. in abdomen. Bov., Hyos., Kali-n., Mosch., Natr-s., Tabac.

P. in abdomen, obliging him to bend double. China.

P. constriction in epigastrium after eating, extending to left side of abdomen and chest. Cocc.

P. in abdomen with diarrhœa. Borax.

P. pain in umbilical region. Am-m., Camph.

P. with pressure in abdomen, with rumbling, grumbling and urging to stool. Bism.

P. or cramp-like pressure transversely across epigastrium, after a meal. Cina.

P. in abdomen and groins. Gum-gut.

P. and cutting pains in abdomen. Æth.

P. pain in right side of abdomen. Natr-m.

P., pressing colic, and fermenting rumbling in hypogastrium, followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in morning. Nux-v.

P. and sensation as if diarrhœa would occur. Ant-c.

P. around umbilicus. Laur., Plat.

P. in bowels, with pain in forehead off and on. Natr-s.

P. in bowels, attended by chilliness and shuddering. Merc.

P., cutting colic; abdomen sore on pressure as if bruised and ulcerated. Ran-b.
P. in abdomen towards umbilical region. Sulph-ac.
P. stitch in left side. Staph.
P. colic alternating with pain in chest. Ran-b.
P. pains in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would occur. Coni.
P. in abdomen from incarcerated flatulence, receding towards rectum until emitted. Grat.
P., tearing or cutting in hypogastrium, with diarrhœa. Ars.
P. and griping in abdomen. Anac.
P. pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.
Awakens toward morning, with p. colic, better from bending double. Petr. (Coloc., Colch.)
Cutting, stinging or p. in abdomen. Ign.
Cutting and p. pains in abdomen, with constipation. Sil.
Cutting and p. pains in abdomen. Nitr-ac.
Cutting, p. in abdomen. Magn-c.
Cutting, p. in epigastrium and umbilicus. Nux-m.
Cutting, p., sharp colic, followed by diarrhœa. Calc-ph.
Cutting, p. in abdomen, as from worms. Cina.
Cutting, p. around umbilicus, as if grasped by hands; worse on motion. Ipec.
Colic: p., cutting, contractive, griping. Nux-v.
Colicky, p., griping in abdomen. Mur-ac.
Cramp-like p. tension in abdomen. Hep-s.
Continuous p. pain in iliac region. Coff.
Constrictive p. or griping in epigastrium, taking away breath. Cocc.
Drawing and p. in umbilical region. Ign.
Excessive distention of abdomen, with p. pains. Mosch.
Flatus moving about in intestines, causing p. pains, with rumbling noise. Puls.
Griping, with p. about umbilicus on eating. Nux-v.
Griping, p. in navel, as if grasped by hands. Ipec.
Griping, p. colic, with muco-purulent stools. Tereb.
Griping, p. colic; periodical after breakfast or meals; causing him to bend forward. Nux-v. (Coloc.)
Griping, p., from worms. Cina.
Griping, p. in side. Lyc. (Ign., Mur-ac., Rat., Ruta.)
Griping, p., as with nails. Bell.
Griping, p. in abdomen. Am-m., Asaf., Euphr., Hell., Ign., Lyc., Merc., Natr-m., Spig., Sulph-ac.
Griping and p. in abdomen. Coloc.

Griping, p. colic, painful cutting and digging pains, relieved by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)

Griping and p. as after taking cold. Bry.

Griping, p. colic; weakness, features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.

Griping, p. about umbilicus, followed by gelatinous stools. Hell.

Inflation and tension of abdomen, with p. in umbilical region. Gum-gut.

Intermittent writhing and p. in umbilical region. Sabin.

Lacerating and p. in abdomen. Tart-em.

Loud rumbling and p. in abdomen. Bell.

Pain as from bruises, with p. in right side of abdomen. Caust.

Rolling and grumbling, with sudden p., as from a purgative, followed by diarrhœa. Natr-s.

Rumbling, gurgling, p. and cutting in bowels. Chelid.

Sudden urging, with hot p. throughout abdomen. Gum-gut.

Stitches or p. in abdomen. Cycl.

Violent screwing, p. pain in whole of abdomen. Staph.

Violent p. in abdomen, with diarrhœa. Agar.

Violent colic; urging; p. in hypogastrium. Canth.

Writhing and p. in abdomen; in umbilicus. Sabin.

Pinchings.—Shootings, p. or aching in abdomen. Calc-c.

Place.—Flatus rolls about from p. to p., here and there, and becomes incarcerated. Natr-s.

Griping pains of intermittent character, shifting from p. to p. Coloc.

Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from p. to p., as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.

Places.—Pressure in several p. in hypochondria. Phos-ac.

Pleasant.—Tearing, as if stones would cut their way out, attended with diarrhœa; always preceded by p. sensation in stomach. Nux-m.

Plug.—Pain in umbilical region, as if blunt p. were squeezed into intestines. Anac.

Sensation as of a p. between symphysis pubis and os coccygis (Bell., Sep.), with urging to stool. Aloe.

Sensation as of a p. behind navel. Ran-sc.

Sensation as of a p. pressed in intestines. Anac.

Plunging.—P. pain in abdomen, pains like bee sting in peritonitis, with great prostration; rapid pulse and fever. Apis.

Portal.—P. congestion. Polyp.

Portal circulation.—Engorgement of p. Æsc.

Potbelliedness.—Abdomen puffed up; p. (of mothers). Sep., Thea.

Poupart's ligament.—Stitches at origin of P., near left ilium, extending downward, then shooting to female urethra. Berb.

Power.—Sluggish action of intestines; strongest purgatives lose their p. Opi.

Præcordia.—Drawing in p. in direction of stomach, like cutting. Croc.

Pregnancy (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Colic during p., or from suppressed menses. Puls.

Cramp during p. Puls.

Flatulent colic during p. Cocc.

Pain in abdomen during p. Puls. (Arn., Bry., Hyos., Nux-v., Sep.)

Sharp pain in right groin, preventing motion (during latter months of p.). Podo.

Pregnant.—Soreness in abdomen (of p. women). Sep.

Press.—Clothes p. upon abdomen. Sulph.

Pressed.—Flatulent colic; cutting as if bowels, bladder and rectum were p. upon by a sharp instrument. Nux-v.

Feeling as if a hard body p. from within outwards, at right inguinal ring; part not feeling hard to touch; while sitting with body bent forward. Bell.

Intestines sore as if p., so cannot sleep on right side. Merc.

In hypogastrium, immediately below umbilicus, feeling as if intestines p. outwards, while standing. Bell.

Intermittent boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, p. his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Pain in abdomen when p. upon. Acon., Aloe, Anac., Bell., Carbo-v., Cina, Coff., Kali-bi., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Ran-b., Samb., Sars., Sulph.

Peculiar pain, as if a sore spot were p. upon, in epigastrium, on pressure and during inspiration. Sabad.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were p. inward, with cutting, extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Sensation as of a plug p. in intestines. Anac.

Presses.—Colic, as if abdomen would burst; p. fists into sides. Hyos.

Pressing.—P. in abdomen. Ambr., Arg-m., Bism., Calc-c., Caps., Casc., Caust., China, Cupr., Euphorb., Grat., Natr-m., Paris, Plat., Sep., Sulph., Tereb., Zinc.

P. and aching in hypogastrium, with cold shivers. Tart-em.

P. and bearing down in abdomen, extending into pelvis. Plat., Bell., Puls., Sep. (Cimicif., Lil-tig.)

P.; cutting; stinging; burning in abdomen. Sep.

P. outward, as if bladder would be forced out. Sep.

P., as from stones in abdomen. Tart-em.

P. cramps or cuttings in bowels. Puls.
P., as of a weight in hypogastrium. Bell., Cocc., Diad., Sep.
P., as of a weight in navel. Spig. (Cocc., Lact., Verb.)
P., as of a weight in epigastrium. Nux-v., Tarax.
P. towards umbilicus. Kali-n.
P., spasmodic, contractive, colicky pains; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.
P. in both groins towards sexual organs. Alu.
P. soreness in abdomen. Mang.
P., contractive pain in abdomen. Magn-c.
P. aching in hypogastrium. China.
P. towards abdominal ring, as if hernia would protrude. Cham.
P. in epigastrium. Caust., Nux-v. (Ambr., Bry., Croton-tig., Elat., Sulph., Teucr.
P. in hypogastrium. Ambr., Arg-m., Aur., Bell., Carbo-v., Caust., China, Cocc., Colch., Diad., Elat., Kali-c., Natr-m., Ruta, Squilla, Sep., Thuja, Valer.
Boring pain in epigastrium, passing off when p. thereon. Cina.
Cutting and violent pain in intestines, obliged to sit bent over, p. with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot sit upright. Kali-c.
Dull p. as from incarcerated flatulence. Teucr.
During menses a pain p. outward in side of abdomen. Nux-v.
During menses pain in groin, like stitching and p. Borax.
Epigastrium painfully bloated, in morning, with sensation as if contents were p. into chest. Cham.
Griping, twisting, p., bearing-down or labor-like pains in abdomen to groins. Sabin.
Griping, as from a hand, each finger seemingly sharply p. into intestines; better during rest, much worse by motion. Ipec.
Heaviness, fullness and p. down in pelvis. Aloe. (Natr-c., Sulph., Rhus-t.)
Heaviness and p. in abdomen. Croc.
Intussusception of bowels, with great anguish; rushes about bent double, p. abdomen. Ver-a.
Incarcerated flatus, p. here and there. Puls.
Pain in left abdominal ring, like p. from within outward. Lith-c.
Pain and p. outward in abdominal ring, as if parts would suppurate. Can-sat.
Painful p. toward groins and anus. Graph.
Pinching, p. colic, and fermenting rumbling in hypogastrium, followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in morning. Nux-v.
Sticking, darting, or else p. sticking, tensive or oppressive dragging pain in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.
Sensation of pressure or p. from above downward, or from before backward, in abdomen. Calc-c.

Sensation in abdomen, as if it were p. asunder. Colch., Euphorb., Ign.

Swelling about inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness, with pain on p. or walking. Merc.

Scraping or p. in whole abdomen, and at times jerks below ribs in sides. Carls.

When walking, he feels constantly a subdued colic in whole tract of intestines; they are painful when p. upon integuments of abdomen. Ran-b.

Pressive.—P. pain, as if intestines would be cut to pieces. Opi.

P. and constrictive pain, like a stone, in hypogastrium, extending down to bladder. Puls.

P. pain in left side of abdomen. Am-c.

P. pain and drawing in abdominal muscles. Asaf.

A p. pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep, while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Aching, p. pain in hypogastrium, with bearing down in uterus. Apis.

Sticking, p. pain in umbilical region, as from hernia. Alu. (Cocc., Nux-v.)

Stitching and p. pain in groin. Borax.

Pressure.—P. in abdomen, as from incarcerated flatus. Coff.

P. of clothing across abdomen feels too tight, after eating. Sil.

P. on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

P. downward in abdomen, while lying in bed at night, which awakened her. Sulph.

P. in hypogastrium, as if contents of abdomen would issue through genital organs. Sep.

P. in abdomen, with contractive colicky pains. Thuja.

P. in abdomen after eating. Sil.

P. and tension in abdomen, after eating. Zinc.

P. downward in abdomen toward anus. Sulph.

P. in hypogastrium, with ill-humor, during profuse menses. Plat.

P. in umbilical region, as from a hard lump. Spig.

P. in several places in hypochondria. Phos-ac.

P. in epigastrium. Natr-m., Phos-ac.

P., pulsation, and shooting in inguinal glands. Berb.

P. and heaviness in abdomen. Sep.

P. on abdomen, as from a stone. Merc.

P. in left side of abdomen. Nitr-ac.

P. in epigastrium which arrests breathing. Lach.

P. in abdomen and small of back, as from a stone; limbs go to sleep while sitting. Puls.

P. in abdomen and in epigastrium, with coldness of hands and feet. Ambr.

P. deep in hypogastrium, after stool. Ambr.

P. in hypogastrium. Phos-ac., Sulph.

P. outward during menstruation. Nux-v.

P. in hypogastrium, extending to genitals, as if everything in abdomen would fall out and menses come on. Natr-c.

P. under short ribs, as from incarcerated flatus. Nux-v. (Carbo-v.)

P. and tension in groins, as if a hernia would develop, especially when walking or standing. Berb.

P., as if viscera would be forced out towards sexual organs, with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell.

P. in abdomen, as from wind. Coff.

P. in epigastrium, as if caused by a button. Am-c.

P. in epigastrium, as of a load. Caust.

Abdomen tympanitic and very sensitive to p.; or feels as if stuffed full of stones, though he has eaten nothing, and it does not feel hard. Tart-em.

Abdomen sensitive to p. Agn., Kali-bi.

Abdomen sore to p. Kali-bi.

Abdomen hard, as if filled with air; cannot bear p. Raph.

Abdominal muscles sore on p. Bapt.

Burning and p. in hypogastrium, as if in uterus. Sulph-ac.

Bowels sore and tender on p. Dios.

Cutting contractive pains, with restless tossing; better from rubbing or hard p. Plumb.

Clawing around umbilicus; better from p. Bell.

Constant passive stitches with p. in left side of abdomen. Tarax.

Cramps in abdomen, with violent p. upon rectum and genitals, with peevish depression of spirits. Magn-m.

Colic with great p. downwards upon rectum and bladder. Opi.

Colic-like flatulency, with protrusion of colon, relieved by p. and leaning forward. Bell., Cocc.

Colicky pains begin in abdomen, with tension and p. as from flatulence. Acon.

Distended abdomen about umbilicus, with pain on p. Merc-bij.

Dull sticking or stinging, or burning, gnawing, aching pain on one side of umbilicus, increased by deep p.; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb.

Excruciating pains in umbilical region, shoot to other portions of abdomen and body; somewhat relieved by p. Plumb.

Flatulent colic, with p. upward, causing dyspnœa, and downward causing urging to stool. Nux-v.

Frequent but transient abdominal pains, during day, better from p. Podo.

Fullness and p. in epigastrium, relieved by belching and passage of flatus. Fluor-ac.

Hard painful p. in right side of hypogastrium. Staph.

Hard gland in left groin, painful to p. Ant-c.

Hernia, better from p. on abdomen. Stann.

Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on p., and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Itching or p. in region of inguinal glands, with pain from touch as though they would swell. Berb.

Painful p. in hypogastrium as if it would burst, before stool. Spig.

Painful p. in hypogastrium, on physical exertion. Calc-c.

Pain on p. and sensitiveness to touch. Apis.

Peculiar pain, as if a sore spot were pressed upon, in epigastrium, on p. and during inspiration. Sabad.

Pinching p. in abdomen, with rumbling, grumbling and urging to stool. Bism.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by p. upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Pinching or cramp-like p. transversely across epigastrium after a meal. Cina.

Pinching, cutting colic; abdomen sore on p., as if bruised and ulcerated. Ran-b.

Spasmodic p. in hypogastrium (in cardialgia). Tabac.

Sensation of p. or pressing from above downward, or from before backward in abdomen. Calc-c.

Sensitiveness to p. Stram.

Sensitiveness to p. in epigastric region. Bry., Lyc.

Soreness: in morning; when sneezing or on p. Apis.

Sharp p. on a small spot in middle of epigastrium. Lyc.

Stitching, cutting pains and cramp-like p. Ang.

Tension and p. in umbilical region. Sulph.

Tension and p. in umbilical region, with griping extending to stomach. Sulph.

Tenderness even to slight p., especially over ovarian region. Bell.

Upon p. at umbilicus a painful sensation is felt down to anus, where there is a constant p. outward. Croton-tig.

Violent painful p., as from a stone upon umbilicus, aggravated by stooping. Verb.

Violent cutting p. in abdomen, changing now here now there. Bell.

Pricking.—Swelling, induration of inguinal glands (Calc-c., Nitr-ac.), with p., jerking pains. Clem.

Prickings.—Itching p. in umbilical region. Staph.

Prolapsus.—Weakness and sinking of abdominal muscles and viscera, extending down into pelvis; women have to sit down to prevent seeming p. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Prostration.—P. and threatened collapse with internal coldness. Colch. (Ver-a.)

Paralysis of nerves, then follows copious discharge of serum accompanied by coldness and p. Ver-a.

Plunging pain in abdomen, pains like bee sting in peritonitis, with great p.; rapid pulse and fever. Apis.

Terrible colic: violent nausea and vomiting, with copious watery diarrhœa and great p. Ver-a.

Protruded.—Inguinal hernia, p. Aur., Sulph-ac. (Alu.)

Protrudes.—Abdomen enlarged and puffed; p. here and there as from arm of fœtus. Thuja.

During pain, transverse colon p. like a pad, all way across abdomen. Bell.

Protrusion.—P. in various parts of abdomen. Ign.

P. of inguinal hernia during cough. Ver-a.

Colic-like flatulency, with p. of colon, relieved by pressure and leaning forward. Bell., Cocc.

Sensation of p. in abdomen Ign.

Violent p. of an inguinal hernia. Sulph-ac.

Protrusions.—P. on various parts of abdomen. Ign.

Pubes.—Stitches from region of small of back through pelvis, towards p. and inguinal region. Carls.

Pubic region.—Ascites with a fold over p. Colch.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting extending to p., so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only relieved by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Puffed.—Abdomen p. (with jaundice). Tarax.

Abdomen p. up; potbelliedness (of mothers). Sep., Thea.

Abdomen enlarged and p.; protrudes here and there as from arm of fœtus. Thuja.

Bloated abdomen; p. up at single spots. Bov.

Puffing.—Tympanitic p. of right side of abdomen. Arg-m.

Pulled.—Colic, as if umbilicus was p. out. Stram. (As if p. in. Plumb.)

Pulsation.—P. in abdomen. Acon., Aloe, Calad., Caps., Coff., Colch., Fluor-ac., Ign., Kali-c., Lach., Natr-s., Plumb., Sang., Sep., Stront., Sulph-ac., Tart-em.

P. in navel. Acon., Aloe.

P. in epigastrium. Calad., Can-sat.

P. in umbilical region (Aloe), synchronous with heart. Ptel.

Pressure, p., and shooting in inguinal glands. Berb.

Pulsations.—Epigastrium swollen, hard, sensitive; p. Kali-c.
Rumbling with deep-seated p. Coloc.
Strong p. in umbilical region. Sec.
Wind colic, with abdominal p. Asaf.

Pulse.—Griping, pinching colic; weakness, features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; p. thready. Hell.
Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin cold; features sunken, p. small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.

Purgative.—Flatulent colic in hypogastrium, as from a flatulent p. Acon.
Rolling and grumbling, with sudden pinching, as from a p., followed by diarrhœa. Natr-s.

Purgatives.—Sluggish action of intestines; strongest p. lose their power. Opi.

Purge.—Gurgling in abdomen, as after a p. Natr-m.

Purging.—Cramps, p. and vomiting. Iris.
Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach, radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, p., coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Pus.—Inguinal glands enlarged; sloughing, unhealthy p. Crotal.

Pushing.—Feeling in pelvis, as if whole contents of abdomen were dragging, p., or forced down, as into a funnel. Lil-tig.
Hard p. or sticking sensation in a small spot in left iliac region. Caps.
Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, tearing and p. from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.
Spasmodic stricture in ileus, as if something was alive p. out. Thuja.

Qualmishness.—Q., with contractive pain in hypogastrium. Graph.
Cramp-like pain in left side of abdomen, with q. in epigastrium. Nux-v.

Quiet.—Sickly feeling in abdomen, inclines him to sit q. Apis.

Quivering.—Q. in abdomen, as if there was something alive in it, resembling fœtal movements. Sabin. (Croc.)
Tingling, numbness, q. or aching of abdominal wall. Calc-ph.

Radiates.—Colic; in morning; pain r. to back and chest. Caust.

Radiating.—Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pains at umbilicus, r. to lumbar region of back and to iliac fossa, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.

Rapidly.—Sticking in left side of hypogastrium on and after walking r. China.

Rasping.—R. in abdomen. Hep-s.

Rattling —R. of flatulence. Thuja.

Ravenous.—Pain in epigastrium, as from taking cold, with sensation as if diarrhœa would ensue, with r. hunger. Asaf.

Raw.—Abdomen feels r. and sore internally, as well as externally. Sulph.

Long-lasting painfulness of whole abdomen, as if it were sore and r. Bell.

Pain as if intestines were sore and r. Nux-v.

Places in side sore or r., with a sensation as of something rising from abdomen to throat. Asaf.

Rawness.—R., soreness in abdomen. Sulph.

Rumbling, grumbling and fermentation in abdomen, with r. Acon.

Reaching.—R. too high, strains abdominal muscles. Alu.

Recti muscles.—Abdomen hard as a stone; knots in r.; anxiety, with cold sweat and deathly faintness. Plumb.

Constr ction of intestines; umbilicus violently retracted; r. hard and knotty. Plumb.

Rectum (see section on Rectum).—Ascites, with loss of appetite; hard, nodular stool, with pain in r. Prun-s.

Cutting bellyache from right to left iliac fossa, thence to r. Sang.

Col c, with great pressure downwards upon r. and bladder. Opi.

Cramps in abdomen, with violent pressure upon r. and genitals, with peevish depression of spirits. Magn-m.

Flatulent colic; cutting, as if bowels, bladder and r. were pressed upon by a sharp instrument. Nux-v.

Heaviness in hypogastrium and r. Aloe.

Recumbent position.—Abdominal muscles pain when touched, when pressing at stool, or on rising from a r. Aloe.

Recur.—Wandering pains in umbilical region, which cease and r. periodically. Cact.

Red.—R. spots on abdomen. Bell., Sabad., Sep.

R spots on epigastrium. Natr-m.

R. spots, like bites of bedbugs on abdomen. Lach.

Redness.—R., scarlet, of abdomen. Rhus-t.

Swelling about inguinal glands, with circumscribed r., with pain on pressing or walking. Merc.

Swelling, r., inflammation and pain in groin on touch or walking. Merc.

Reduced.—Hernia forced down, with bruised pain; cannot be r. with hand. Sulph.

Relaxation.—R. of muscles of abdomen permitting hernia to occur. Nux v. (Strych.)

Incarcerated hernia, with r. of abdominal ring. Dig.

Relaxed.—R. feeling in abdomen. Phos.

Atony of stomach and abdomen, feeling as if they hung down r Staph.

Relief.—Colic: with hard abdomen, great sensitiveness; r. only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Colicky pains, obliging him to bend forward for r. Iris. (Coloc.)

Frequent flatus and eructations, each giving r. for a time, but same condition soon renewed, continuing for many days. Fluor-ac.

Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with colic; r. is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

Severe colicky pains in hypogastrium every few minutes, with fainting, has to sit down to get r. Collins.

Relieve.—Painters' colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through into back; patient screams and tries to r. pain by turning in all possible directions. Plat.

Relieved (see Ameliorated and Better).—Abdomen feels swollen; r. by belching. Can-ind.

Aching soreness and pain around umbilicus; r. by passing fetid flatus. Calc-ph.

Colic, with nausea, r. by passing flatus. Natr-m.

Colic before and during stool, r. after stool. Rheum.

Colic, with bright-red urine; r. by eating. Bov.

Distention of abdomen, with a desire to belch; or a sensation as if abdomen were packed full, not in the least r. by eructations. China.

Excruciating pains in umbilical region, shoot to other portions of abdomen and body; somewhat r. by pressure. Plumb.

Fine cutting, colicky pains every few minutes all day, r. by hard stool, followed by dull distress in bowels. Ustil.

Flatulent colic, greatly aggravated by food; r. by lying down or bending double. Caust.

Feeling in left groin, on sitting down, as if a hard body were lying there; r. after pressure by passage of flatus. Carbo-an.

Fullness and pressure in epigastrium, r. by belching and passage of flatus. Fluor-ac.

Griping pains about umbilicus, r. by emission of flatus. Sulph.

Griping, colic-like pains, r. by bending forward. Senecio. (Coloc.)

Griping, r. by kneading abdomen. Natr-s.

Griping colic, r. by discharge of flatus. Natr-s.

Griping, pinching colic, painful cutting and digging pains, r. by diarrhœa. Bry. (Coloc.)

Griping in hypogastrium, r. by passing copious bilious stool. Gels.

Much flatulence, rolling and rumbling; incarcerated, especially on right side, causing great pain; r. by emission of flatus. Natr-s.

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing tension and bubbling; r. by eructations. Lyc.

Pain in bowels r. by discharge of flatus. Iris.

Pains in abdomen, r. by warmth. Sil.

Pinching pain in abdomen, as if bowels were pressed inward, with cutting, extending to pubic region, so severe in hypogastrium that muscles of face are distorted and eyes drawn together; pain is only r. by pressure upon bowels with hands and bending himself inward. Coloc.

Sensation of weakness in abdomen, extending to throat; r. by eructations. Kalm.

Sudden painful cuttings, with feeling as if one were digging him with fingers, compelling patient to bend double; r. by profuse pasty stool. Bry. (Coloc.)

Tearing pain around umbilicus, with flatulence, in morning; r. by eating. Natr-s.

Very painful distention of abdomen, rumbling; r. by passing wind. Asaf.

Violent colic, r. only by lying on his back, with legs elevated vertically. Rhus-t.

Relieves.—Pressure on abdomen r. pain when child is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's shoulder. Stann.

Remains.—After eating, patient r. full for a long time; what has been eaten r. in epigastrium. China.

Removed.—Body cold, abdomen hot; not satisfied until all clothing is r. from abdomen. Tabac.

Rending.—R., tearing in abdomen. Cham., Cop., Magn-m., Phos. (Aloe, Alu., Ars., Bry., Croc., Colch., Croton-tig., Cycl., Dig., Lyc., Merc., Mez., Nux-m., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t., Squilla, Sec., Stram., Sulph., Tabac., Verb., Zinc.)

Renewed.—Frequent flatus and eructations, each giving relief for a time, but same condition soon r., continuing for many days. Fluor-ac.

Repletion.—Colic at umbilicus, or feeling of r. after eating. Rhod.

Respiration.—Stitches in abdomen arresting r., with uterine inflammation. Croc.

Stitches and other pains in abdomen which hinder r. Bry.

Restless.—Cutting, contractive pains, with r. tossing; better from rubbing or hard pressure. Plumb.

Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin cold; features sunken, pulse small, weak; r., anxious. Ver-a.

Restlessness.—R. in abdomen. Agar., Kali-c.

Agonizing pain in abdomen, causing patient to bend double, with great r., moaning and lamenting. Coloc.

Burning distress in abdomen, like coals of fire, with great r., tossing and turning (in peritonitis). Ars.

Peritonitis and enteritis, with r. Rhus-t.

Retching (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Neuralgia of bowels, with nausea and r., even vomiting of blood. Stann.

Strangulated hernia, with great distention and r. Lyc.

Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with r. and vomiting, purging, coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Retention.—Paresis of intestines, causing r. of stool. Opi.

Retracted.—Abdomen r. Thal.

Constriction of intestines; umbilicus violently r.; recti muscles hard and knotty. Plumb.

Colic: with hard abdomen, great sentitiveness; relief only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls r. Plumb.

Violent colic; abdomen r. to spine, as if drawn in by a string. Plumb. (Chelid.)

Retraction.—R. of abdomen. Ang., Apis, Cupr., Natr-n., Podo., Puls., Staph., Thuja, Ver-a.

R. of abdomen, with hardness and pain at umbilicus, radiating to lumbar region of back and to iliac fossa, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.

Cutting pain, with r. of abdominal walls. Am-c.

Colic, with nausea and r. of umbilicus. Chelid.

Cramp-like pain in bowels, with r. of abdominal muscles, ten p. m., and again at five a. m. until nine a. m. Podo.

Flatulent colic, especially in evening; loud rumbling and rolling, with r. of abdomen similar to lead colic. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)

Neuralgic enterodynia, with sensation of r. of abdomen; pains radiating to all parts of body. Plumb.

Painful r. of umbilicus; violent contraction of abdominal muscles. Tabac. (Chelid., Plumb.)

Painful r. of abdomen when vomiting. Ver-a.

Returning.—Rumbling in abdomen immediately after eating, r. daily. Cycl.

Reversed.—Peristaltic action of intestines r., as in cholera Asiatica. Ver-a.

Peristaltic motion r., with belching and vomiting of fecal matter. Opi.

Rheumatism.—R., extending to abdominal muscles. Phyt.

Spasmodic action of muscular tissues of intestines, from irritation of motor nerves, or from r. Caul.

Ribs.—Chronic pains in left side under short r. Rhod.

Constrictive pain below short r., extending to back (lumbar vertebræ). Camph.

Flatulence rising and becoming incarcerated under short r. Nux-v.

Flatus collects here and there in abdomen, under short r., in hypogastrium, etc. Carbo-v. (Lyc.)

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of r. and chest, causing tension and bubbling; relieved by eructations. Lyc.

Much troubled with flatulency; it becomes incarcerated under left r., with lancinating pains. Aur.

Painful sensation in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull pain across under r., with distention, as if it were too narrow; some headache in forehead. Aloe.

Pressure under short r., as from incarcerated flatus. Nux-v. (Carbo-v.)

Sticking pain in left side below r. Can-sat.

Scraping and pressing in whole abdomen, and at times jerks below r. in sides. Carls.

Stitches under false r., left side, intercepting breath. Arn. (Bry., Seneg., Zinc.)

Riding.—Pain in abdomen while r. Psor.

Pain in abdomen when r. in a carriage. Carbo-v.

Right.—R. iliac region sensitive. Bapt.

A sudden starting, bounding sensation in r. iliac region, as from something alive. Thuja.

Accumulation of flatus in r. side of upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching pains. Carbo-v.

Bruised feelings of intestines; cannot lie on r. side. Merc.

Cutting bellyache from r. to left illiac fossa, thence to rectum. Sang.

Cutting in r. inguinal region. Æsc.

Cutting in r. side of abdomen, causing fainting. Lach.

Colicky pains in r. side of abdomen, extending into bladder, with frequent urging to urinate. Lyc.

Frequent attacks of contractive pain in r. side of abdomen. Sep.

Flatulency and gurgling in r. side of abdomen. Calc-c.

Feeling as if a hard body pressed from within outwards, at r. inguinal ring; part not feeling hard to touch; while sitting with body bent forward. Bell.

Griping in umbilical region, then cutting in abdomen and across r. lumbar region, extending to back. Chelid.

Great pain in right ileo-cæcal region, cannot bear the lightest touch, not even of bed cover. Bell.

Hard painful pressure in r. side of hypogastrium. Staph.

Hernia, r. side. Lyc.

Intestines sore, as if pressed, so cannot sleep on r. side. Merc.

Pain in bowels from side to side, in epigastrium, corresponding to transverse colon, commencing in r. and going over to left. Cham.

Pain on r. side in region of ascending colon. Rhus-t.

Pain in abdomen as if beaten, when lying on r. side. Merc.

Pain as from bruises, with pinching in r. side of abdomen. Caust.

Pain in left side when lying on r. and vice versa. Graph

Pain above crest of ilium, r. side, then left. Iris.

Pain as from a stone in r. side. Merc.
Painful swelling and induration in r. side of abdomen. Lach.
Painful induration in r. side of abdomen. Magn-m. (Apis, Lach., Lyc., Plumb.)
Peritonitis, abdomen very tender, with aggravation from sleep, worse on r. side. Lach.
Piercing pain in r. flank, with nausea. Natr-s.
Pinching pain in r. side of abdomen. Natr-m.
Stitches in r. side of abdomen. Natr-m.
Soreness in r. side of abdomen. Zing.
Typhlitis, painful swelling and inflammation of whole r. side of abdomen. Rhus-t.
Tenderness in r. side of iliac region (during typhoid). Gels.
Violent burning soreness in r. groin. Tart-em.
Violent colic; more in r. side; griping and cutting about umbilicus. Kali-n.
With every movement a cutting pain almost constantly running from left to r. Ipec.
When turning on r. side, a hard body seems to roll from umbilicus to that side. Lyc.

Ring.—Incarcerated hernia, with relaxation of abdominal r. Dig.
Pain in left abdominal r., like pressing from within outward. Lith-c.
Pressing towards abdominal r., as if hernia would protrude. Cham.
Pain and pressing outward in abdominal r., as if parts would suppurate. Can-sat.
Paralytic pain in right abdominal r., as if something would force itself through (Nux-v.), a pain as from hernia only while sitting. Cocc.
Sensation of weakness in inguinal r., as if hernia would occur; or pain as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux-v., Strych.
Sensation in r. and inguinal glands as if there was inflammation or as if a swelling would occur. Clem.
Sticking in abdominal r. from within outward, as in inguinal hernia. Coff.
Sudden flatulence passing painfully towards r. Graph.
When coughing, pain in abdominal r., extending into testicles, as if spermatic cords would be torn to pieces. Natr-m.

Ringworm.—R. on abdomen. Tellur.

Rise.—Flatulence in bowels, seems to r. up into chest. Rheum.

Rises.—Violent palpitation with incarcerated flatus, which r. with great violence and noise, as if œsophagus would split. Coca.

Rising.—Abdominal muscles pain when touched, when pressing at stool, or on r. from a recumbent position. Aloe.
Burning in umbilical region or in whole abdomen, r. up into chest and throat. Calc-ph.
Painful inclination to inguinal hernia, especially after r. from sitting. Cocc.

Pain and weight in abdomen, on r. in morning. Sep.
Places in side sore or raw, with a sensation as if something r. from abdomen to throat. Asaf.

Roaring.—Continuous rumbling and r. in abdomen. Lyc.
Rumbling and r. in abdomen. Cic-v.

Roll.—When turning on right side, a hard body seems to r. from umbilicus to that side. Lyc.

Rolling.—R. and rumbling in bowels, as if empty. Sulph.
R. and rumbling, with much flatus smelling like rotten eggs. Oleand.
R. and grumbling, with sudden pinching, as from purgative, followed by diarrhœa. Natr-s.
Continual rumbling and r. in abdomen, as of gas. Aloe, Lachn. (Lyc.)
Continual r. of gas in abdomen. Lyc.
Flatulency, rumbling and r. in bowels. Caust.
Flatulent colic, especially in evening; loud rumbling and r., with retraction of abdomen similar to lead colic. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)
Much flatulence, r. and rumbling; incarcerated, especially on right side, causing great pain; relieved by emission of flatus. Natr-s.
Rumbling and r. in abdomen, with feeling of distention. Carb-ac.

Rolls.—Flatus r. about from place to place, here and there, and becomes incarcerated. Natr-s.
Violent pain in abdomen, with great anguish; has no rest anywhere, r. about on floor, and despairs of life. Ars.

Roseola.—R. on abdomen. Hyos.

Rubbing.—R. together in abdomen, like sharp stones. Coloc.
Cutting contractive pains, with restless tossing; better from r. or hard pressure. Plumb.

Rumbling (see Boborygmus).—R. in abdomen. Apis, Graph., Hep-s., Magn-m., Rheum, Sec. (Lyc.)
R. in bowels. Aur., Bapt., Berb., China, Croton-tig., Robin.
R. in bowels, with cutting about umbilicus. Æsc.
R. in bowels and passage of flatus downwards. Lob.
R. in bowels, with coldness. Laur.
R. in bowels, with uneasiness, or sharp, cutting pains. Asclep-tub.
R. and grumbling in abdomen. Coni., Mur-ac.
R. in bowels, and passing large quantities of flatulence. Dios.
R. and rolling in bowels. Gum-gut.
R. and noise in abdomen. Ign., Sep.
R. with deep-seated pulsations. Coloc.
R. in abdomen, flatus discharged above and below. Gels. (Lyc.)
R. in abdomen immediately after eating, returning daily. Cycl. (Lyc.)
R., with pain in small of back and kidneys, and slight urethral soreness when urinating. Ferr.
R., with feeling as if diarrhœa would occur. Kobalt.
R. and colicky pains, with much flatulence. Naja.
R. and rolling in abdomen, with feeling of distention. Carb-ac.

R. and gurgling in abdomen; from movement of gas, threatening colic. Nux-m.
R. in abdomen during sleep. Agn.
R. and gurgling, wind cannot pass. Arg-n.
R., grumbling and fermentation in abdomen, with rawness. Acon.
R. in bowels after eating, with great appetite. Abies-c. (China, Lyc.)
R. and distress in whole bowels, especially in hypogastrium, with black stools. Lept.
R. in abdomen; feeling as though colic would occur. Nux-m.
R. and roaring in abdomen. Cic-v.
R., with griping; moving about slowly. Carbo-v.
R. and gurgling in bowels. Bry.
R. after stool; after breakfast, with griping; retraction of anus, and nausea. Kali-bi.
R. in bowels and colic around umbilicus. Rumex.
R. in abdomen, and noise as from water. Phos-ac.
R. in abdomen as if empty. Sabad. (Lyc.)
R., gurgling, pinching and cutting in bowels. Chelid.
R. and gurgling in abdomen. Asar., Phos-ac., Sulph.
R. and movements in bowels. Ran-b.
R. in ascending colon. Podo.
R. in hypogastrium, as from emptiness. Sulph.
R. as if full of yeast, with severe pain from sternum to back. Still
R., with sensation of emptiness in abdomen. Sars.
Abdomen distended, with much r. Coca, Kali-n.
Abdomen hard, tense; greatly distended with flatulence, with r. and gurgling of gas. Sil.
Abdomen distended; r. and incarcerated flatus. Natr-m.
Abdomen very much distended; much r. Ant-c.
Abdomen tense and hot, with r. grumbling and constant diarrhœa. Sil.
Accumulation of flatus; loud r., swellings here and there, as from incarcerated flatulence. Natr-c.
Accumulation of much flatus, with r. Opi.
Audible r. in abdomen, with some griping. Carbo-v.
Bellyache, with r. in bowels, diarrhœa and violent delirium. Acet ac.
Cutting and r. in abdomen. Natr-m.
Cutting and r. in abdomen before stool. Sec.
Constant r., gurgling in intestines. Calc-c.
Continuous r. and roaring in abdomen. Lyc.
Continual r. and rolling in abdomen, as of gas. Lachn., Aloe. (Lyc.)
Continual r. in abdomen. Anac.
Distended abdomen, fullness; flatulence, r., feels as if vomiting would relieve. Bapt.
Distention of abdomen, r. in bowels. Sulph.
Distress and griping pains in epigastrium, with r. in bowels, followed by diarrhœa. Still.

Emptiness and r. in abdomen. Petr.
Flatus moving about in intestines, causing pinching pain, with r. noise. Puls.
Flatulent distention of abdomen, with much r. Cocc-c.
Flatulent r. in bowels at night. Can-ind.
Flatulent colic, especially in evening; loud r. and rolling with retraction of abdomen similar to lead colic. Zinc. (Plumb., Thal.)
Flatulent colic, with loud r. Ver-a. (Lyc.)
Flatulent colic; loud r. and gurgling; flatus moves about in abdomen, especially in evening. Puls.
Flatulence with much r. Sec., Sil.
Flatulence with much r. and gurgling and pains of various character. Lyc.
Flatulency, loud r. and rolling in bowels. Caust.
Fermenting and r.; feeling of heat through abdomen especially during menses. Lachn.
Great r. in bowels. Cocc.
Great r. and moving of much flatus in abdomen. China.
Great r. in abdomen, and pain in umbilicus, with stools of mucus and blood. Phyt.
Griping pains: r.; urging to stool. Myrica.
Griping colicky pains, with r. and discharge of flatus. Ptel.
Hunger with r. in abdomen. Croton-tig.
Loud r. in bowels. Agar. (Aloe, Lyc., Sep., Sulph.)
Loud r. with dull aching in hypogastrium and small of back; worse moving. Hydr.
Loud r. and noises in abdomen from flatulence. Mez.
Loud r. in left side of abdomen, like croaking of frogs. Arg-m.
Loud r. and gurgling in abdomen in morning. Nux-v.
Loud r. and pinching in abdomen. Bell.
Loud r. in abdomen with emission of much flatus. Phos.
Loud r. in abdomen after eating. Sep.
Much r. in abdomen. Ang.
Much r. and gurgling in abdomen. Grat.
Much r. in abdomen, with excessive colic and debility. Hell.
Much flatulence, rolling and r., incarcerated, especially on right side, causing great pain; relieved by emission of flatus. Natr-s.
Much r. in abdomen, followed by emission of flatus. Euphorb.
Much r., with eructations and discharge of fetid flatus. Rhod.
Much r. and croaking, as if an animal were crying in abdomen. Thuja. (Coloc.)
Meteorism, with loud r.; fetid or odorless flatus. Carbo-v.
Pinching, pressing colic, and fermenting r. in hypogastrium, followed by watery diarrhœa, very early in morning. Nux-v.
Pinching and pressure in abdomen, with r., grumbling and urging to stool. Bism.

Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, colicky pains; griping, cutting and r. in whole abdomen, followed by thin, green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.

Pain and r. in transverse colon three a. m., followed by diarrhœa. Podo.

Painless r. of wind in abdomen. Puls. (Painful. Lyc.)

Rolling and r., with much flatus, smelling like rotten eggs. Oleand.

Rolling and r. in bowels, as if empty. Sulph.

Slight r. in bowels. Ailanth.

Shifting of flatulence, with r. in bowels and diarrhœa. Tart-em.

Tympanitis: bloatedness of abdomen; r. in evening. Sabin.

Very painful distention of abdomen, r.; relieved by passing wind Asaf.

Running.—R. and crawling in bowels, as of something alive. Cycl (Croc., Thuja, Sulph.)

Gurgling, as of a fluid r. out of a bottle. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Noise as if water r. out of bottle (Aloe), in evening. Jatr.

Sensation as of cold water r. through abdomen. Can-sat.

Rupturing.—Great distention of stomach and bowels, with flatulency; almost to point of r., with severe colic and acid d arrhœa. Robin.

Rushes.—Intussusception of bowels, with great anguish; r. about bent double, pressing abdomen. Ver-a.

Sacrum.—Deep-seated, sticking or tearing pain from ilium, near spine, obliquely inward toward s. Berb.

Sensation of bearing down in hypogastrium, with dragging pains from s. Sep.

Scabby.—S., itching spots on abdomen, moist when scratched. Kali-c.

Scarlatina.—Ascites (from heart, hepatic, or spleen diseases, also as sequela to s.; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.

Ascites (especially after s.) Hell.

Scirrhous.—S. swelling of inguinal glands. Iod.

Scorbutic.—S. colic. China.

Scraping.—S. and pressing in whole abdomen, and at times jerks below ribs in sides. Carls.

Scratched.—Scabby, itching spots on abdomen, moist when s. Kali-c.

Screams.—Child writhes in every possible direction; doubles itself up and s. in great distress; it cries very hard. Coloc.

Painters' colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through into back; patient s. and tries to relieve pain by turning in all possible directions. Plat.

Violent spasms in the abdomen and upper and lower limbs, with penetrating, distressing s. Cupr.

Wind in abdomen wakens her; s. thinking herself full of creeping things. Stram.

Screwing —S. around umbilicus. Nux-m.
S. pains at navel as from worms, with sleepiness. Nux-m.
Violent s., pinching pain in whole of abdomen. Staph.

Seems.—Abdomen s. to hang down heavily, like a load when walking. Alu.

.d.—Colic, as if a spot in abdomen were s. with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. (Ipec.)

nsation (see Feeling).—S. of a stick extending from throat to left side of abdomen, with ball on each side of stick. Kali-c.
S. of fullness and throbbing in abdomen. Æsc.
S. in both sides of abdomen as if something living were jumping about, with nausea, shivering, and faintness. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)
S. like falling of a heavy lump from just above umbilicus to small of back; after talking or over-exertion. Laur.
S. of protrusion in abdomen. Ign.
S. as if everything in abdomen would fall down, which obliged him to walk carefully. Nux-v.
S. as if a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis (Bell., Sep.), with urging to stool. Aloe.
S. of fullness and as if beaten, in epigastrium and whole abdomen. Asaf.
S. internally in groins as if full and too thick; as if stuffed; only in each side. Cocc.
S. of inflation in umbilical region, with compression in throat and nausea. Coloc.
S. of something moving up and down in stomach and bowels. Lyc.
S. of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.
S. in abdomen as if something tight would break, if too much effort was made to void a constipated stool. Apis.
S. as of a plug behind navel. Ran-sc.
S. as if parts were stretched. Lach.
S. of weakness in abdomen. Borax, Ign., Lil-tig., Oleand., Phos., Staph.
S. as of a lump in abdomen. Sulph. (Plumb., Rhus-t., Tart-em.)
S. of heaviness after drinking. Asaf.
S. of something turning in abdomen. Sabad. (Caps., Ign., Lach., Sep.)
S. like something living in abdomen. Croc., Sabad. (Can-sat., Kali-jod., Merc., Nux-v.)
S. of warmth on abdomen. Casc., Mang., Seneg.
S. as of water in abdomen. Casc., Hell., Phos-ac.
S. of lump in hypogastrium. Nux-m.
S. of something heavy lying on left side of abdomen. Lyc.

S. of weakness in abdomen, extending to throat; relieved by eructations. Kalm.
S. as if bowels fell to side on which one is lying. Merc. (Merc-cor.)
S. as if bowels were loose, and shaking about on walking. Mang.
S. as if intestines were sinking down, constantly inclined to support bowels with hands. Agn.
S. of contraction in abdomen. Kreas.
S. of a ball in hypogastrium while standing. Asaf.
S. of fullness in epigastrium. Led.
S. as of something living in inguinal glands. Kali-jod.
S. as if something living was jumping about in different parts of abdomen. Croc. (Thuja.)
S. as if something was torn off in abdomen, with visible contractions above umbilicus. Rhus-t.
S. of emptiness in abdomen. Cocc., Mur-ac., Sars. (Ant-c., Arn., Arum, Cham., Cina, Coloc., Dig., Dulc., Euphorb., Fluor-ac., Guaj., Gum-gut., Hep-s., Kali-c., Kobalt., Lach., Merc., Mez., Oleand., Petr., Phos., Puls., Seneg., Squilla, Stann.)
S. of coldness in abdomen. Æth., Tereb. (Acon., Alu., Ambr., Ars., Asaf., Bell., Berb., Bov., Calc-c., Camph., Caps., Caust., China, Cist., Colch., Croton-tig., Eugen., Grat., Hell., Hydroc-ac., Kali-c., Kreas., Laur., Meny., Oleand., Petr., Phell., Phos., Plumb., Podo., Rat., Ruta, Sabad., Sars., Sec., Seneg., Sep., Sulph., Zinc.)
S. in abdomen as if it were pressing asunder. Colch., Euphorb., Ign.
S. of perforation in region of navel. Aloe.
S. of heaviness in walking. Ferr.
S. of great weakness and emptiness in abdomen; must lie down. Phos.
S. of constriction in abdomen. Coloc., Plat., Plumb. (Bell., Carbo-an., China, Dig., Euphorb., Kali-bi., Mez., Mosch., Sabad., Thuja.)
S. of strangulation in abdomen. Spong.
S. of soreness of abdominal walls. Gels.
S. of something falling in abdomen. Plumb.
S. in abdomen, at night in bed, which causes patient to stretch violently for hours together. Plumb.
S. of heat in bowels accompanying stool. Podo.
S. as if intestines adhered to navel. Verb.
S. of weakness in abdomen, extending to throat, relieved by eructations. Kalm.
S. of bearing down in hypogastrium, with dragging pains from sacrum. Sep.
S. of emptiness at navel; better by bandaging and eating. Fluor-ac.
S. as if abdomen was drawn in, following cramp in stomach. Ver-v.
S. of nausea in abdomen. Rheum.

S. as of cold water running through abdomen. Can-sat.
S. as if abdomen were too tightly constricted. Plat.
S. as of a plug pressed in intestines. Anac.
S. of a hard body moving in abdomen. Borax.
S. of emptiness in abdomen, with great hunger. Staph.
S. as if abdomen was sunken in. Sabad.
S. of heaviness like a stone in abdomen; just before menses. Puls.
S. of emptiness in abdomen, or load in abdomen during motion. Sep.
S. as if beaten in hypogastrium and inguinal region. Valer.
S. of warmth on abdomen and navel. Sulph-ac.
S. as if a hoop or cord stretched around abdomen, especially on deep inspiration. Carls.
S. as of something living in hypogastrium. Sabad., Thuja.
S. of pressure or pressing from above downward, or from before backward, in abdomen. Calc-c.
S. of emptiness in intestines, going off after a meal. Ant-c.
S. as if a ball of thread was moving and turning rapidly through abdomen. Sabad.
S. as if parts in abdomen were compressed. Ambr.
S. as if everything in abdomen were turning around, with nausea. Sep.
S. of constriction in intestines. Carls.
S. in ring and inguinal glands, as if there was inflammation or as if a swelling would occur. Clem.
S. of weakness in inguinal ring, as if hernia would occur; or pain as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux-v., Strych.
S. of adhesion in hypogastrium. Sep.
A sudden starting, bounding s. in right iliac region, as from something alive. Thuja.
Abdomen swollen, with s. of something moving in it. Croc.
Along with s. of distention, constrictive pain in hypogastrium, which comes in jerks and forces one to lean forward, bent double. Bell.
Bubbling s. in abdomen. Croc.
Burning s. along intestinal tract. Canth.
Bearing-down s. with menses. Sep.
Crampy s. in abdomen. Ambr.
Cramp-like s. in umbilical region. Myrica. (Coloc.)
Crawling s. in abdomen. Camph., Croton-tig., Magn-m.
Creeping s. in abdomen. Dulc.
Constant s. of fermentation in abdomen, like a pot of yeast working. Lyc.
Constrictive s. in epigastric region, with anguish and difficult breathing. Grat.
Colic, with s. as if a hernia would protrude. Sulph-ac.
Colicky pains proceeding from spinal cord, with s. as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great depression of spirits. Plumb

Colicodynia, with s. as if bowels were tied up in knots; suffering causes cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Distention and s. of fermentation after eating. Rhus-t.

Distention of abdomen, with a desire to belch; or a s. as if abdomen were packed full, not in the least relieved by eructations. China.

Emptiness and s. of hollowness in abdomen. Cocc.

Empty, sinking s. around umbilicus or in whole abdomen. Calc-ph.

Epigastrium painfully bloated in morning, with s. as if contents were pressing into chest. Cham.

Fullness and s. of distention of abdomen. Apis.

Fullness and s. of bloatedness in abdomen, as if she were inflated. Apis.

Flatulence, causing s. of fullness. Cimicif.

Great sinking at epigastrium, with s. as if everything would drop through pelvis. Podo.

Hard pushing or sticking s. in a small spot in left iliac region. Caps.

Hernia, umbilical or inguinal, or weakness of abdominal muscles, and s. as if hernia would occur. Cocc.

Heaviness, with s. as if abdomen hung down heavily, obliging her to walk bent. Carbo-v.

Movements and s. as if something were alive, without pain. Thuja.

Neuralgic enterodynia, with s. of retraction of abdomen; pains radiating to all parts of body. Plumb.

Places inside sore or raw, with a s. as if something rising from abdomen to throat. Asaf.

Pain in intestines in epigastrium, with s. of constriction transversely. Chelid.

Pain in epigastrium, as from taking cold, with s. as if diarrhœa would ensue, with ravenous hunger. Asaf.

Painful s. of coldness in abdomen. Kreas.

Painful s. in abdomen; yellowish diarrhœa towards morning; dull pain across under ribs, with distention, as if it were too narrow; some headache in forehead. Aloe.

Painful s. in right hypogastrium, as if something would be squeezed through. Carbo-an.

Peculiar s. of weakness in epigastrium. Ign.

Pinching and s., as if diarrhœa would occur. Ant-c.

Rumbling, with s. of emptiness in abdomen. Sars.

Sudden spasmodic pain in epigastrium; leaving a s. of contraction, and causing him to cry out. Gels.

Soft stool, followed by a s. of emptiness in abdomen. Sulph-ac.

Shattering s. in abdomen. Carbo-an., Kreas., Squilla.

Sick s. in bowels. Abies-c.

Slight s. of motion in abdomen, as if something were alive. Sabin.

Tearing, as if stones wou'd cut their way out, attended with diarrhœa, always preceded by pleasant s. in stomach. Nux-m.

Upon pressure at umbilicus a painful s. is felt down to anus, where there is a constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.
Unpleasant s. of emptiness. Croton-tig.
Weak, sinking s. in bowels. Abrot.

Sensitive.—Abdomen s. to touch. Aloe. (Acon., Puls., Sulph.)
Abdomen tympanitic and s. to touch. Cham.
Abdomen very s. and sore. Bry. (Apis, Bell.)
Abdomen distended and hard (from incarcerated flatus); hot; s.; painful. Lach.
Abdomen s. to pressure. Agn., Kali-bi.
Abdomen so s. and tender cannot permit clothing, not even night-dress, to touch. Lach.
Abdomen tympanitic and very s. to pressure; or feels as if stuffed full of stones, though he has eaten nothing, and it does not feel hard. Tart-em.
Abdomen swollen, burning hot, and s. to touch. Acon. (Bell., Cupr.)
Abdomen tense, sore, as if bruised, s. to touch. Magn-m.
Abdomen hard, distended, tympanitic, and s. to touch. Opi.
Abdomen tender and s., worse about umbilicus. Vib-op.
Abdomen sore and s. to touch. Stann. (Lach., Puls., Sulph.)
Abdomen swollen and very s. Ver-a.
Abdomen distended and s. Sep. (Graph.)
Cutting, sticking colic; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.) and s. to touch. Cham.
Distention of hypogastrium, which was exceedingly s. to contact. Arg-m.
Epigastrium swollen, hard, s.; pulsations. Kali-c.
Epigastric region s. to touch. Cocc-c.
Epigastrium extremely s. to touch. Colch. (Bell.)
External abdomen very s. to touch. Sars.
Hard, bloated, s. abdomen, especially around umbilicus. Kali-c.
Painfully distended abdomen, very s. to touch. Bell. (Acon., Coloc., Cupr., Merc.)
Pain in ileo-cæcal region, which is s. to touch. Gum-gut.
Right iliac region s. Bapt.
Skin of abdomen is painfully s. Lyc.
Very s. across abdomen. Coni.

Sensitiveness.—Great s. of abdomen. Bry.
S. to touch, cannot bear even clothing. Bell.
S. of hypogastrium to touch. Acon.
S. to touch. Acon.
S. and swelling of abdomen, with knife-like, cutting pains. Coni.
S. to pressure in epigastric region. Lyc. (Bry.)
S. of inguinal region. Clem. (Ran-b.)
S. to pressure. Stram.
Constant s. of abdomen in umbilical region. Coloc.

Colic, with great distention and s. of abdomen. Sep.

Colic: with hard abdomen, great s.; relief only obtained by bending body forward and drawing up knees; bowels obstinately constipated and abdominal walls retracted. Plumb.

Extreme s. in epigastrium. Dig.

Fullness and distention of abdomen and stomach; painful s. Puls.

Great s. of abdomen to touch. Ver-a. (Acon., Bell., Coloc.)

Increased s. of both inguinal glands. Clem.

Pain on pressure and s. to touch. Apis.

Painful s. of abdomen. Puls.

Painful s. of the abdomen and region of the bladder (hypogastrium). Squilla.

Painful s. of abdomen to touch. Sulph. (Bell., Cupr., Merc.)

Swelling and great s. of one inguinal gland. Graph.

Tension and s. of abdominal walls. Bar-c.

Tension in abdomen, with s. Magn-m.

Tension of epigastric region, with s. to touch. Coff.

Walls of abdomen tense; s. of ileo-cæcal region (in typhus). Apis.

Sensory.—Colic; motor nerves are mostly affected. Plumb. (Colocynthis attacks the s.)

Serum.—Accumulation of s. in abdominal cavity. Graph.

Paralysis of nerves, then follows copious discharge of s. accompanied by coldness and prostration. Ver-a.

Settles.—Pain in abdomen when walking; must bend forward; pain s. in ileo-cæcal region; sore, tender. Nitr-ac.

Sexual organs (see section on Sexual Organs).—Pressing in both groins towards s. Alu.

Pressure, as if viscera would be forced out towards s., with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell.

Shake.—Bowels s. as if loose on walking. Merc.

Shaken.—Crampy pain, obliging careful walking, so that abdomen would not be s. Prun-s.

Shaking.—Sensation as if bowels were loose and s. about on walking. Mang.

Sharp.—S. thrusts through abdomen from side to side. Arn.

S., cutting pains in hypogastric region, with stool of bilious matter, mucus streaked with blood. Collins.

S. sticking in epigastrium and to left of umbilicus. Ign.

S. pain in region of spleen, with dull pain and burning in stomach and bowels. Hydr.

S., cutting pains in epigastrium. Dios.

S., griping pains in bowels. Iris.

S., cutting colic before stool. Tart-em. (Coloc., Merc.)

Flatulent colic; cutting, as if bowels, bladder and rectum were pressed upon by a s. instrument. Nux-v.

Rubbing together in abdomen, like s. stones. Coloc.
Sudden s. pain in left side of abdomen. Lob.
Twisting, and s. cutting pains in bowels. Dios.

Shattering.—S. sensation in abdomen. Carbo-an., Kreas., Squilla.

Shifting (see Moving).—S. flatulence. Puls.
S. of flatus, with sharp cutting colic, with nausea. Tart-em.
S. of flatulence, with rumbling in bowels and diarrhœa. Tart-em.
Griping pains, of intermittent character, s. from place to place. Coloc.
Gurgling in bowels, with s. flatulence. Tabac.

Shifts (see Moves).—Flatulent colic; loud rumbling and gurgling; flatus s. about in abdomen, especially in eveniug. Puls.

Shivering (see Shuddering).—Colic in umbilical region, together with s. China.
Cutting pain about umbilicus, with s. Ipec.
Sensation in both sides of abdomen as if something living were jumping about, with nausea, s. and faintness. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)
Violent colic with s. China.

Shivers.—Pressing and aching in hypogastrium, with cold s. Tart-em.

Shocks.—S. in abdomen. Calc-c., Natr-m., Puls., Squilla.
S. of pain in umbilical region up to epigastrium; nausea, straining and belching of wind. Iris.
Lancinations rapidly following one another like electric s. Thal.
Stitches dart through abdomen like electric s. on left side, especially when changing from rest to motion. Arg-n.
Sudden stinging stitches like electric s., in left side. Arn.
Sticking in bowels like electric s. extending to vagina. Kreas.

Shoot.—Excruciating pains in umbilical region, s. to other portions of abdomen and body; somewhat relieved by pressure. Plumb.

Shooting.—S. from left groin to axilla. Natr-s.
S. pains from bowels into testes and bladder. Opi.
S. in abdomen with empty feeling. Phos.
S., cutting from pit of stomach to umbilical region. Valer.
Cutting, s. in abdomen. Ox-ac.
Cutting, s., darting stitches all over abdomen. Kali-c.
Fine s. in left groin. Bell.
Lacerating pains in umbilicus and epigastrium, s. to other parts of abdomen. Plumb.
Pressure, pulsation and s. in inguinal glands. Berb.
Stitches at origin of Poupart's ligament near left ilium extending downward then s. to female urethra. Berb.
Sharp, s. pains in bowels. Bapt.

Shootings.—S., gnawings around umbilicus. Oleand.
S., diggings, in abdomen. Natr-c.
S., pinchings or aching in abdomen. Calc-c.

Shoulder.—Cutting in intestines, extending through chest towards right s. Acon.

Pressure on abdomen relieves pain when child is crying with colic; relief is at once obtained by carrying it with its abdomen resting upon point of nurse's s. Stann.

Shoulders.—Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach radiates to s., then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Shriek.—Violent burning, must s., horrible pains in bowels. Tabac.

Shuddering.—S. in abdomen. Can-sat., Coloc.

S. in abdomen as if cold water were moving through. Can-sat.

Cutting pain about umbilicus, with s. Ipec.

Pinching in bowels attended by chilliness and s. Merc.

Sickly.—S. feeling in abdomen inclines him to sit quiet. Apis.

Side.—Accumulation of flatus in right s. of upper abdomen, more towards back, with pinching pains. Carbo-v.

Bruised feelings of intestines; cannot lie on right s. Merc.

Bruised pain in left s. over left hip. Arg-m.

Burning in left s. of pelvis. Am-c., Graph., Plat., Ruta, Sep.

Colicky pains in right s. of abdomen, extending into bladder, with frequent urging to urinate. Lyc.

Continual lacerating colic in s. of abdomen. Cham.

Coldness in one s. of abdomen. Ambr.

Cramp-like pain in left s. of abdomen, with qualmishness in epigastrium. Nux-v.

Colic pains, first griping, then stitches in one or other s. of abdomen. Ign.

Cutting pain in left s. of epigastrium. Kali-c.

Cutting in right s. of abdomen, causing fainting. Lach.

Chronic pains in left s. under short ribs. Rhod.

Constant passive stitches with pressure in left s. of abdomen. Tarax.

During menses a pain pressing outward in s. of abdomen. Nux-v.

Dartings in s. of abdomen, every expiration. Coff.

Elastic swelling (size of a fist) in left groin, evenings; with bruised pain therein; cannot lie on left s.; on awaking, both swelling and pain gone. Am-c.

Flatulent colic about midnight; awakened by incessant accumulation of flatulence, which distended abdomen, causing oppressive pain here and there; some was passed without relief, whilst new flatus continually collected for several hours; obliged to lie on one s. and then on the other to obtain relief. Cocc.

Flatulency and gurgling in right s. of abdomen. Calc-c.

Fixed wind in left s. of abdomen. Iod.

Frequent attacks of contractive pain in right s. of abdomen. Sep.

Gurgling in intestines as though only water were in them (Hell.); mostly on left s. Croton-tig.

Griping, drawing in s. of abdomen. Nux-v.
Griping in s. of abdomen, then sticking. Ign.
Griping, pinching in s. Lyc. (Ign., Mur-ac., Rat., Ruta.)
Gurgling in left s. of abdomen. Nitr-ac.
Hard swelling of right s. of abdomen, with severe pain when touched. Arn.
Hard painful pressure in right s. of hypogastrium. Staph.
Hernia, right s. Lyc.
Intestines sore as if pressed, so cannot sleep on right s. Merc.
Intestines move from s. to s. on turning in bed. Bar-c. (Merc.)
Incarcerated flatus in left s. and constipation. Sulph.
Incarcerated flatulence in left s. of abdomen, with heaviness, fullness, and constipation. Sulph.
Loud rumbling in left s. of abdomen, like croaking of frogs. Arg-m.
Much flatulence, rolling and rumbling; incarcerated, especially on right s., causing great pain; relieved by emission of flatus. Natr-s.
Pain in left s. when lying on right, and vice versa. Graph.
Pressive pain in left s. of abdomen. Am-c.
Peritonitis, abdomen very tender, with aggravation from sleep, worse on right s. Lach.
Pinching constriction in epigastrium, after eating, extending to left s. of abdomen and chest. Cocc.
Pain above crest of ilium, right s., then left. Iris.
Pain in left s. as from incarcerated flatus, extending to back. Cocc-c.
Pain in bowels from s. to s., in epigastrium, corresponding to transverse colon, commencing in right and going over to left. Cham.
Pain in bowels, as from lifting or a sprain, as soon as prover lies upon s. Carbo-v.
Pain as from bruises, with pinching in right s. of abdomen. Caust.
Pain on s. above left hip, as if it would burst there on coughing. Caust.
Places in s. sore or raw, with a sensation as if something rising from abdomen to throat. Asaf.
Painful swelling and induration in right s. of abdomen. Lach.
Pinching p. in right s. of abdomen. Natr-m.
Pain as from a stone in right s. Merc.
Painful induration in right s. of abdomen. Magn-m. (Apis., Lach., Lyc., Plumb.)
Pressure in left s. of abdomen. Nitr-ac.
Pain in bowels early in morning, better from external warmth and bending forward while lying on s.; worse lying on back. Podo.
Pain on right s. in region of ascending colon. Rhus-t.
Pain in stomach as if beaten, when lying on right s. Merc.
Pinching stitch in left s. Staph.

Pain extending from region of kidneys around s. to abdomen. Berb.
Stitches, lancinations, dartings in abdomen, particularly in left s., when walking. Asaf.
Stitches dart through abdomen like electric shocks, on left s., especially when changing from rest to motion. Arg-n.
Stitches in right s. of abdomen. Caust.
Stitches in s. of abdomen above left hip. Am-m.
Stitches in left s. of abdomen. Graph., Ran-b.
Stitches under false ribs, left s., intercepting breath. Arn. (Bry., Seneg., Zinc.)
Stitches extending to right s. of chest. Coni.
Sticking in left s. of hypogastrium on and after walking rapidly. China.
Sticking outward in small spot, more on left s., ending in burning itching. Lith-c.
Sensation internally in groins as if full and too thick; as if stuffed; only in each s. Cocc.
Sensation of something heavy lying on left s. of abdomen. Lyc.
Sensation of a stick extending from throat to left s. of abdomen with ball on each end of stick. Kali-c.
Sensation as if bowels fell to s. on which one is lying. Merc. (Merc-cor.)
Sudden sharp pain in left s. of abdomen. Lob.
Sharp thrusts through abdomen from s. to s. Arn.
Sticking pain in left s. below ribs. Can-sat.
Soreness in left s. of abdomen. Colch.
Soreness in right s. of abdomen. Zing.
Sudden stinging stitches like electric shocks, in left s. Arn.
Severe stitches in left s. of abdomen. Sep.
Spasmodic contraction of abdominal muscles, left s., with burning pains; bends over to left s. Sabad.
Stinging stitches in left s. Bell., China, Hep-s., Lach., Sars., Staph., Sulph., Tarax.
Throbbing, mostly in upper right s. of abdomen. Calad.
Tympanitic puffing of right s. of abdomen. Arg-m.
Twitching in left s., between navel and flank, as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left s. of back. Bry.
Typhlitis, painful swelling and inflammation of whole right s. of abdomen. Rhus-t.
Violent colic; more on right s.; griping and cutting about umbilicus. Kali-n.
Weight in left s. when walking, sitting and lying. Lyc.
When turning on right s., a hard body seems to roll from umbilicus to that s. Lyc.

Sides.—Clawing in umbilical region, extending from both s. of abdomen towards middle and sometimes up to s., as if had taken cold, or as if menses were coming on. Hep-s.
Colic, as if abdomen would burst; presses fists into s. Hyos.

Colic, after midnight, painful in s. Sulph.

Drawing pains in abdomen, extending from both s. to umbilicus, worse on stooping. Acon.

Sensation in both s. of abdomen as if something living were jumping about, with nausea, shivering, and faintness. Croc. (Sulph., Thuja.)

Stitching pains in s. of abdomen. Tarax.

Scraping and pressing in whole abdomen, and at times jerks below ribs in s. Carls.

Tension from umbilical region to s. Alu.

Pain from s. spreading upward. Apis.

Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in s. and front down both s. of umbilicus, and pains greatly in pit of stomach on making misstep. Aloe.

Singultus (see Hiccough).—Intussusception of bowels, with s., violent colic, stercoraceous vomiting and great agony. Cupr.

Sinking.—Empty, s. sensation, around umbilicus, or in whole abdomen. Calc-ph.

Great s. at epigastrium, with sensation as if everything would drop through pelvis. Podo.

Great s. and empty feeling in bowels. Ver-a.

Sensation as if intestines were s. down, constantly inclined to support bowels with hands. Agn.

Weak s. sensation in bowels. Abrot.

Weakness and s. of abdominal muscles and viscera, extending down into pelvis; women have to sit down to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Sit.—Cutting and violent pain in intestines, obliged to s. bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot s. upright. Kali-c.

Sickly feeling in abdomen, inclines him to s. quiet. Apis.

Twisting, griping, must s. bent forward. Aloe. (Caust., Coloc., Iris, Ver-a.)

Weakness and sinking of abdominal muscles and viscera, extending down into pelvis; women have to s. down to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Sitting.—A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith the lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep, while s., with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Externally abdominal walls are tender to touch, when coughing or s., especially at stool. Puls.

Feeling in left groin, on s. down, as if a hard body were lying there; relieved after pressure by passage of flatus. Carbo-an.

Paralytic pain in right abdominal ring, as if something would force itself through (Nux-v.), a pain as from hernia only while s. Cocc.

Pain in abdominal muscles when s., as if had fallen upon them. Hyos.

Pain in abdomen when s. crooked. Tart-em.

Pain in abdomen when s. Ruta.

Painful inclination to inguinal hernia, especially after rising from s. Cocc.

Pressure in abdomen and small of back, as from a stone; limbs go to sleep while s. Puls.

Weight in left side when walking, s. and lying. Lyc.

While s., stitching in abdomen, as from needles. Thuja.

Skin.—S. of abdomen is painfully sensitive. Lyc.

Enteritis, with red face, moist s., fever; continual moaning. Bell. (Merc.)

Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; s. cold; features sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.

Stitching, tearing or burning in s. of abdomen, mostly in umbilical region. Berb.

Sleep.—Intestines sore, as if pressed, so cannot s. on right side. Merc.

Incarcerated flatus preventing s. Nux-m.

Pain across umbilicus preventing s. Sulph.

Peritonitis, abdomen very tender, with aggravation from s., worse on on right side. Lach.

Pressure in abdomen and small of back, as from a stone; limbs go to s. while sitting. Puls.

Rumbling in abdomen during s. Agn.

Sleepiness.—Colic, with s. Nux-m.

Screwing pains at navel, as from worms, with s. Nux-m.

Sloughing.—Inguinal glands enlarged; s. unhealthy pus. Crotal.

Sluggish.—S. action of intestines; strongest purgatives lose their power. Opi.

Loss of or s. peristaltic action of bowels. Opi.

Slumber.—Colic resembling dysentery; a kind of grinding deep in hypogastrium, accompanied by nausea and s. Arn.

Smarting.—Burning and s. in right inguinal region, with tension on motion. Berb.

Smelling.—Distention: in evening, with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down toward anus with tickling there; with emission of flatus s. like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Sneezing.—Pain in abdomen when s. Bell., Canth., Cham., Pallad.

Soreness of bowels felt when s. or pressing upon abdominal walls. Apis. (Bell., Bry., Nux-v.)

Soreness: in morning; when s. or on pressure. Apis.

Soft.—Abdomen s., flabby and sunken. Borax.

Abdomen distended and s. Jatr.

Softness.—S. of abdomen. Phos., Rhus-t.

Soles (see section on Extremities).—Spasmodic and griping flatulent colic, with heat in palms of hands and s. of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)

Sore.—S. pain in abdomen during deep inhalation. Kreas.

S. pain in abdomen and loins. Caps.

Abdomen s. to touch, as if beaten, after cough. Calad.

Abdomen very sensitive and s. Bry. (Apis, Bell.)

Abdomen tense, s., as if bruised, sensitive to touch. Magn-m.

Abdomen s. to pressure. Kali-bi.

Abdomen distended, s. to touch; tympanitic. Hyos.

Abdomen drawn in and s. to touch. Cupr.

Abdomen s. and sensitive to touch. Stann. (Lach., Puls., Sulph.)

Abdomen feels raw and s., internally and externally. Sulph.

Abdomen s., as if from subcutaneous ulceration. Stann.

Abdominal muscles s., feel strained. Hyos.

Abdominal muscles s. Cimicif.

Abdominal muscles s. on pressure. Bapt.

Bruised, s. pain in intestines. Nux-v. (Merc.)

Bloated, hard and s. abdomen. Cina.

Bowels feel s. when touched, or on coughing, as if bruised (Merc.) or weakened by cathartics. Ferr.

Bowels s. and tender on pressure. Dios.

Intestines s. as if pressed, so cannot sleep on right side. Merc.

Inflammation of transverse or descending colon, which is very s., with burning pain. Merc-cor.

Long-lasting painfulness of whole abdomen, as if it were all s. and raw. Bell.

Pain as if intestines were s. and raw. Nux-v.

Pain in abdomen when walking; must bend forward; pain settles in ileo-cæcal region; s., tender. Nitr-ac.

Peritonitis, with sticking, burning pains; abdomen very s. to touch, with constipation. Bry.

Places inside s. or raw, with a sensation as if something rising from abdomen to throat. Asaf.

Pinching, cutting colic; abdomen s. on pressure as if bruised and ulcerated. Ran-b.

Stomach and bowels feel s., cannot bear slightest touch. China.

Swelling of inguinal glands, which are s. when walking and painful at night. Clem. (Merc.)

Uneasy, s. feeling all over bowels. Merc-bij.

Umbilicus s. and ulcerated. Nux-m.

Soreness.—S. in abdomen. Acon., Arg-n., Ars., Bell., Calc-c., Cansat., Carbo-an., Coloc., Coni., Croton-tig., Euphorb., Gels., Hell., Hep-s., Hyos., Ipec., Kali-c., Magn-m., Meny., Natr-c., Nux-v., Pallad., Puls., Ran-b., Rhus-t., Sep., Stann., Sulph., Tilia.

S. in abdomen, aggravated by eating. Sang.

S. in abdomen of pregnant women. Sep.

S. of abdominal muscles. Sabin.
S. in left side of abdomen. Colch.
S. and aching distress in abdomen. Ptel.
S. in right side of abdomen. Zing.
S. of abdomen and stomach to touch, on walking. **Phos.**
S. in navel. Rhus-t., Thuja.
S. in epigastrium. Mang.
S. over abdomen, attended with nausea and vomiting. **Kali-bi.**
S. and aching in muscles. Myrica.
S.: in morning; when sneezing or on pressure. Apis.
S. as if bruised. Arn.
S. over abdomen, as if bruised. Bad. (Arn., Ruta.)
S. of bowels, felt when sneezing or pressing upon abdominal walls. Apis. (Bell., Bry., Nux-v.)
S. in abdomen while coughing. Carbo-an.
S. in abdomen, as if menses would appear. Sep.
Aching s., cutting, drawing in left groin, later in night. Calc-ph.
Aching s. and pain around umbilicus; relieved by passing fetid flatus. Calc-ph.
Abdomen bloated; flatulent colic; s. in hypogastrium. Carb-ac.
Burning distress, s. and aching at umbilicus. Æsc.
Colitis, with s. along transverse colon. Sulph.
Frequent pains and s. about umbilicus. Ox-ac.
Feeling of fullness, with s. over stomach and abdomen. Sulph.
Griping pains, with constriction about umbilicus; s. and dragging downward and outward. Bry.
Pain and s. across hypogastrium, just above pelvis. Ver-v.
Painful s. in whole abdomen, worse when riding in a carriage. Arg-m.
Painful s. of abdominal walls. Hyos.
Pressing s. in abdomen. Mang.
Rumbling, with pain in small of back and kidneys, and slight urethral s. when urinating. Ferr.
Rawness, s. in abdomen. Sulph.
Stinging s. when touched. Nitr-ac.
Sensation of s. of abdominal walls. **Gels.**
Violent burning s. in right groin. Tart-em.

Sound.—Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.), and tender in epigastrium; yields a dull s. in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.

Spasmodic.—S. cutting pain in stomach and abdomen. **Calad.** (Coloc.)
S. drawing pains in both inguinal regions. Chelid.
S. cutting in hypogastrium; must bend double. Calad. (Coloc.)
S. action of muscular tissues of intestines, from irritation of motor nerves, or from rheumatism. Caul.
S. contractions in abdomen. Actea-s. (Plumb.)

S. and flatulent colic. Caul.
S. flatulent colic about midnight; passing flatus without relief; aggravated when coughing. Cocc.
S. contraction of abdomen, with great anguish, inclined to suicide. Aur.
S. and griping flatulent colic, with heat in palms of hands and soles of feet. Nux-v. (Sulph.)
S. contraction of abdomen. Lyc.
S. pains in abdomen. Kreas.
S. contractive colic. Sulph.
S. pain in abdomen. Ang., Coloc., Phos-ac. (Carbo-v., Dig., Graph., Ign., Kali-c., Ol-an., Ran-sc., Sars., Staph., Tart-em., Teucr., Thuja, Verb.)
S. movements of abdominal muscles. Cupr.
S. pains in abdomen, with unusually severe tenesmus. Dios.
S. pain in hypogastrium. Am-c., Bry., Camph., Carbo-v., Cham., Cocc., Coni., Dig., Ferr., Hyos., Ign., Ipec., Iod., Mur-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Stann.
S. contraction of abdominal muscles, left side, with burning pains; bends over to left side. Sabad.
S. pain in navel. Bell., Calad., Phos-ac., Verb., Zinc.
S. cutting in abdomen after eating and drinking. Staph.
S. pressure in hypogastrium in cardialgia. Tabac.
S. stricture in ileus, as if something was alive pushing out. Thuja.
Colic-like s. pain after vexation, spreading from umbilicus, better from frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc.
Pressing, s., contractive, colicky pains; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin, green stools, without tenesmus. Magn-c.
Sudden s. pain in epigastrium; leaving a sensation of contraction, and causing him to cry out. Gels.
Tensive s. pain in inguinal region, extending from upper and outer part downward and inward. Chelid.
Violent s., flatulent colic. Coloc., Euphorb.

Spasmodically.—Tensive pressing pain in hypogastrium, especially in region of os pubis, with feeling as if it were s. constricted (sometimes as if distended, though rarely so); pains gradually increase and gradually decrease. Bell.

Spasms.—S. of bowels. Cham., Tabac.
S. in abdomen, with convulsions. Cupr.
Hysterical s. in abdomen. Mosch., Stann., Stram.
Hysterical s. in bowels, not relieved by any position. Valer.
Labor-like s. extending into legs. Nux-v.
Neurosis of bowels involving cœliac and umbilical plexuses of nerves, which are in a great state of hyperæsthesia and pains and s. are unbearable. Dios.

Periodical s. in abdomen. Ign.

Violent s. in abdomen and upper and lower limbs, with penetrating, distressing screams. Cupr.

Spermatic cords.—Drawing and tensive pains, extending from abdomen through s. into testicles, that hang low down. Puls.

When coughing, pain in abdominal ring, extending into testicles, as if s. would be torn to pieces. Natr-m.

Spinal cord.—Colicky pains proceeding from s., with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great depression of spirits. Plumb.

Spine (see section on Back).—Cutting, extending in a circle, from s. to abdomen. Acon.

Deep-seated, sticking, or tearing pain from ilium, near s., obliquely inward toward sacrum. Berb.

Extremely violent pains in umbilical region; abdomen so contracted that umbilicus seems to adhere to s. Plumb.

Large blisters on raised base, from umbilicus to s. Graph.

Twitching stitches from umbilical region towards loins and s. Coloc.

Violent colic; abdomen retracted to s., as if drawn in by a string. Plumb. (Chelid.)

Spirits.—Colicky pains proceeding from spinal cord, with sensation as if drawing in from abdomen to back, with great depression of s. Plumb.

Cramps in abdomen, with violent pressure upon rectum and genitals, with peevish depression of s. Magn-m.

Spitting.—Colic, with eructations and s. Kali-c.

Spleen (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Ascites (from heart, hepatic, or s. diseases, also as sequela to scarlatina; from Bright's disease of the kidneys); faint from least motion. Ars.

Jaundice in nursing children; abdomen tympanitic; s. and liver enlarged. China.

Sharp pain in region of s., with dull pain and burning in stomach and bowels. Hydr.

Split.—Violent palpitation, with incarcerated flatus, which rises with great violence and noise, as if œsophagus would s. Coca.

Spot.—Colic, as if a s. in abdomen were siezed with nails; a griping, clutching, clawing. Bell. (Ipec.)

Gnawing in a small s. in hypogastrium. Gum-gut.

Hard pushing or sticking sensation in a small s. in left iliac region. Caps.

Peculiar pain, as if a sore s. were pressed upon, in epigastrium, on pressure and during inspiration. Sabad.

Sticking outward in a small s. more on left side, ending in burning itching. Lith-c.

Sticking in a small s. in umbilical region, obliging him to bend up; aggravated by lifting. Coloc.

Sharp pressure on a s. in middle of epigastric region. Lyc.
Violent pain in umbilical region whole forenoon, without intermission; it was situated at a s. about size of hand and was a bruised pain; aggravated by walking, but not by pressing. **Coloc.**

Spots.—Brown s. on abdomen. Lyc.
Bloated abdomen; puffed up at single s. Bov.
Burning in small s. in sides of abomen. **Ox-ac.**
Burning in small s. Ox-ac.
Brownish s. on abdomen. Ars., Carbo-v., **Kali-c., Nitr-ac.,** Phos., Sabad., Sep., Thuja.
Brown s. on abdomen; chloasma. Sep.
Red s. like bites of bedbugs on abdomen. **Lach.**
Red s. on epigastrium. Natr-m.
Red s. on abdomen. Bell., Sabad., Sep.
Scabby, itching s. on abdomen, moist when scratched. **Kali-c.**
Yellow s. on abdomen. Ars., Canth., Carbo-v., Kali-c., Phos., Sabad., Sep., Thuja.
Yellow or brown s. on abdomen. Thuja.

Sprain.—Pain as from a s., in inguinal region. Euphorb.
Pain in bowels, as from lifting, or a s., as soon as prover lies upon side. Carbo-v.

Spreading.—Pain from sides s. upward. Apis.

Squeezed.—Pain in umbilical region, as if blunt plug were s. into intestines. Anac.
Painful sensation in right hypogastrium, as if something would be s. through. Carbo-an.

Squeezing.—S. pains, as if something were forced through a narrow space. Opi.

Stabbing.—Severe s. pains in abdomen. **Zinc.**

Stabbings.—S. in abdomen. Merc.

Staggering.—Griping, pinching colic; weakness, features sunken, s.; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.

Standing.—In hypogastrium, immediately below umbilicus, feeling as if intestines pressed outwards while s. Bell.
Pain in abdomen when s. Aloe, Bell.
Pressure and tension in groins, as if a hernia would develop, especially when walking or s. Berb.
Sensation of a ball in hypogastrium while s. Asaf.

Starting.—A sudden s., bounding sensation in right iliac region, as from something alive. Thuja.

Step.—Cutting, with incarcerated flatulence; pain at every s. Sil.
Tenderness of abdomen, is aggravated by least jar of bed, or chair on which she sits; obliged in walking to s. with great care for fear of a jar. Bell.

Steps.—Pain in bowels on taking a few s., walking. Coloc.

Sternum (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Rumbling as if full of yeast, with severe pain from s. to back. Still.

Stick.—Sensation of a s. extending from throat to left side of abdomen, with ball on each end of s. Kali-c.

Sticking.—S. deep in bowels. Coloc.

S., pressive pain in umbilical region, as from hernia. Alu. (Cocc., Nux-v.)

S. in left side of hypogastrium on and after walking rapidly. China.

S. pain in left side below ribs. Can-sat.

S. in bowels like electric shocks, extending to vagina. Kreas.

S., darting, or else pressing s., tensive or oppressive dragging pain in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.

S. outward in a small spot, more on left side, ending in burning itching. Lith-c.

S. in a small spot in umbilical region, obliging him to bend up; aggravated by lifting. Coloc.

S. in umbilical region during inspiration. Hyos.

S. in abdominal ring, from within outward, as in inguinal hernia. Coff.

S. griping in umbilical region. Zinc.

Cutting, s. colic; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.) and sensitive to touch. Cham.

Cutting, s. pain in hypogastrium, soon after eating. Ver-a.

Constipation, with distress one or two hours before stool, with colicky, s. pains. Kali-c.

Dull s. or stinging, or burning, gnawing, aching pain on one side of umbilicus, increased by deep pressure; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb.

Deep-seated, s., or tearing pain from ilium, near spine, obliquely inward toward sacrum. Berb.

Griping in side of abdomen, then s. Ign.

Hard pushing or s. sensation in a small spot in left iliac region. Caps.

Peritonitis, with s., burning pains; abdomen very sore to touch, with constipation. Bry.

Painful s. deep in ilium, extending to region of kidneys. Berb.

Sharp s. in epigastrium and to left of umbilicus. Ign.

Violent s., cutting pains all over abdomen. Kali-c. (Coloc.)

Sticks.—Abdomen distended and feeling as if full of sharp s. or stones when moving. Cocc.

Stinging.—S. stitches in abdomen. Bry., Grat., Kali-c., Magn-s., Spig., Sulph., Tarax., Verb.

S. soreness when touched. Nitr-ac.

S. sharp pains in inguinal glands. Psor.

S. stitches in left side. Bell., China, Hep-s., Lach., Sars., Staph., Sulph., Tarax.

Burning, s. in bowels. Ams.

Cutting, s. or pinching in abdomen. Ign.

Dull sticking or s., or burning, gnawing, pain on one side of umbilicus, increased by deep pressure; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb.

Itching, s. in umbilical region passing off by rubbing. Bell.

Pressing; cutting; s.; burning in abdomen. Sep.

Sudden s. stitches like electric shocks, in left side. Arn.

Sudden s. stitches to pelvis, impeding breathing. Chelid., China, Kali-c., Ran-sc., Samb., Tilia.

Violent colic, with cutting and s. pains, as if caused by knives, principally at night or in cool of evening. Merc.

Stitch.—Pinching s. in left side. Staph.

Stitches.—S. through abdomen. Am-c., Bov.

S. dart through abdomen like electric shocks on left side, especially when changing from rest to motion. Arg-n.

S. from region of small of back through pelvis, towards pubes and inguinal region. Carls.

S., itching in left inguinal region. Cycl.

S. extending to right side of chest. Coni.

S. in umbilical region. Cycl.

S. or pinching in abdomen. Cycl.

S. in right side of abdomen. Caust.

S. at origin of Poupart's ligament near left ilium, extending downward, then shooting to female urethra. Berb.

S. and other pains in abdomen which hinder respiration. Bry.

S. in groin. Carbo-an.

S. over hips. Ambr.

S. when coughing. Arn.

S. in abdomen, extending into vagina. Ars.

S. in side of abdomen above left hip. Am-m.

S. and swelling in groins. Kali-c.

S. in left side of abdomen. Graph., Ran-b., Sulph.

S. under false ribs, left side, intercepting breath. Arn. (Bry., Seneg., Zinc.)

S., lancinations, dartings in abdomen, particularly in left side, when walking. Asaf.

S. through abdomen, extending to back. Kali-bi.

S. in muscles. Prun-s.

S. in hypogastrium. Kali-c.

S. in epigastrium when moving about. Cycl.

S. in abdomen arresting respiration, with uterine inflammation. Croc.

S. in inguinal glands. Thuja.

Abdomen tense and full, momentary s. coming and going rapidly. Carbo-v.

Cutting, shooting, darting s., all over abdomen. Kali-c.

Colic pains, first griping, then s. in one or other side of abdomen. Ign.

Colic about umbilicus with s. and difficult emission of flatus; with thirst, nausea, waking him at night. Ox-ac.

Constant passive s. with pressure in left side of abdomen. Tarax.

Stinging s. in abdomen. Bry., Grat., Kali-c., Magn-s., Spig., Sulph., Tarax., Verb.

Stinging s. in left side. Bell., China, Hep-s., Lach., Sars., Staph., Sulph., Tarax.

Sharp s. in abdomen at night. Sulph.

Severe s. in left side of abdomen. Sep.

Sharp s. in abdomen in region of os innominatum, only when walking. Spig.

Sudden stinging s. like electric shocks, in left side. Arn.

Sudden stinging s. to pelvis, impeding breathing. Chelid., China, Kali-c., Ran-sc., Samb., Tilia.

Transient s. in abdomen. Sulph.

Tingling s. in abdominal muscles. Magn-m.

Twitching s. from umbilical region towards loins and spine. Coloc.

Violent s. from left lumbar region in back transversely through abdomen, especially in hypogastrium and towards right groin. Ran-b.

Stitching.—S., tearing or burning in skin of abdomen, mostly in umbilical region. Berb.

S. and pressive pain in groin. Borax.

S., cutting pains, and cramp-like pressure. Ang.

S. pains in sides of abdomen. Tarax.

Cutting, s. or burning in groins. Canth.

During menses pain in groin, like s. and pressing. Borax.

While sitting s. in abdomen, as from needles. Thuja.

Stomach (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Burning in umbilical region, frequently extending to pit of s. with anxious throbbing, piercing and vanishing with a chill. Acon.

Distention of abdomen, followed by aching in s. Asaf.

Dragging down of s. and whole abdominal contents, extending even to organs of chest; must support abdomen. Lil-tig. (Bell., Plat., Sep.)

Flatulence which rises to s., causing fullness aud oppression in chest, prover has to beat on chest with fists, as if by doing so gas could be forced out. Arg-n. (Lyc.)

Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in sides and front, down both sides of umbilicus, and hurts greatly in pit of s. on making misstep. Aloe.

Shooting, cutting, from pit of s. to umbilical region. Valer.

Tearing as if stones would cut their way out, attended with diarrhœa, always preceded by pleasant sensation in s. Nux-m.

Tension and pressure in umbilical region, with griping extending to s. Sulph.

Terrible colic; pain begins in s., radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Stone.—A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a s., during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep while sitting, with ineffectual desire to stool. Puls.

Abdomen hard as a s.; knots in recti muscles; anxiety, with cold sweat and deathly faintness. Plumb.

Feeling as if s. lay in epigastrium. Puls.

Pressure in abdomen and small of back, as from a s.; limbs go to sleep while sitting. Puls.

Pressive and constrictive pain, like a s., in hypogastrium, extending down to bladder. Puls.

Pressure on abdomen, as from a s. Merc.

Pain as from a s. in right side. Merc.

Pain in upper part of hypogastrium, as from a s., that always takes away breath, so that he could breathe only with difficulty immediately after dinner. Nux-v.

Sensation of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a s. lay there, with unpleasant feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.

Sensation of heaviness like a s. in abdomen; just before menses. Puls.

Violent painful pressure as from a s. upon umbilicus, aggravated by stooping. Verb.

Weight as from a s. in abdomen. Cupr.

Stones.—Abdomen distended and feeling as if full of sharp sticks or s. when moving. Cocc.

Abdomen tympanitic and very sensitive to pressure; or feels as if stuffed full of s., though he has eaten nothing, and it does not feel hard. Tart-em.

Cutting pain as from s. in bowels. Nux-v. (Coloc.)

Pressing, as from s. in abdomen. Tart-em.

Rubbing together in abdomen, like sharp s. Coloc.

Tearing as if s. would cut their way out, attended with diarrhœa, always preceded by pleasant sensation in stomach. Nux-m.

Stool (see section on Rectum).—A pressive pain in abdomen and small of back, bearing down like a stone, during menses, wherewith lower extremities are inclined to fall asleep while sitting, with ineffectual desire to s. Puls.

Ascites, with loss of appetite; hard, nodular s., with pain in rectum. Prun-s.

Abdominal muscles pain when touched, when pressing at s., or on rising from a recumbent position. Aloe.

Acute pain in abdomen during s. Nitr-ac.
A forcing, bearing down into pelvis, with desire for s.; violent cutting pain in hypogastrium. Puls.
Cutting in bowels, as from wind, before s. Caps.
Cutting and griping, with flatulence, then hard s.; constipation. Opi.
Cutting colic, with coldness, teeth chattering, limbs tremble; worse after s. Bov.
Cutting about umbilicus before s. Nux-v.
Cutting about umbilicus, in forenoon, therewith was frequently obliged to go to s. Rhus-t.
Cutting and rumbling in abdomen before s. Sec.
Cutting, griping and jerking pains in abdomen, especially after eating; better after s. Rhus-t. (Coloc.)
Colic with s., like constriction and griping with hand, followed by diarrhœa. Bry.
Colic before and during s., relieved after s. Rheum.
Colic, worse after s. Nux-v. (Better after s. Coloc., Rhus-t.)
Colic before every s. Sulph.
Colic, after s. as though diarrhœa would occur. Natr-m.
Colic before and during s. Arg-n.
Colic after s. Puls.
Colic, with violent urging to s. Sabad.
Colic, with loss of appetite, hard s., red urine. Ant-c.
Colic followed by s. Merc-bij.
Colic about umbilicus during s. Ox-ac.
Colic: cutting, griping, and twisting, especially about umbilicus; better after s. Ver-a.
Colic in transverse colon before every s. Croton-tig.
Colicky pains in hypogastrium, with straining and increased pain during s. Sil.
Contractive pains in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with urging to s. Coni.
Constipation, with distress one or two hours before s., with colicky sticking pains. Kali-c.
Drawing or griping colic, after s. Carbo-v.
Digging in abdomen before every s. Stann.
Externally abdominal walls are tender to touch, when coughing or sitting, especially at s. Puls.
Flatulent distention after s. (Carbo-v.), with frequent diarrhœa. Lyc.
Flatulent colic, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa, and downward, causing inclination to s. Nux-v.
Fine cutting, colicky pains every few minutes all day, relieved by hard s., followed by dull distress in bowels. Ustil.
Griping after a pappy s. Agar.
Griping in abdomen, with great urging to s. Rheum.
Griping when wishing to s. Nux-v.

Griping pains; rumbling; urging to s. Myrica.
Griping in hypogastrium, relieved by passing copious bilious s. Gels.
Griping in abdomen before and during s. Sulph.
Griping before, with and after s. Aloe.
Grumbling pains in abdomen, followed by dry, hard s. Ustil.
Gurgling at night, with sudden urging to s. Aloe.
Ileus or paresis of intestines, causing retention of s. Opi.
Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into abdomen, followed by desire to s. Plumb.
Loose s. preceded and followed by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.
Tympanitic distention of abdomen; frequent urging to s. Arn.
Periodical colicky pains, better bending double and after s. Cimicif.
Pain in abdomen, with thin, fluid s. Diad.
Pain in bowels, with slimy s. and palpitation of heart. Petr.
Painful pressure in hypogastrium, as if it would burst, before s. Spig.
Painful bearing down towards genitals, as during menstruation (Bell.), at times with desire for s., extending through groin above hips, towards small of back. Plat.
Pains in abdomen and back during and after s. Podo.
Pinching, with pressure in abdomen, with rumbling, grumbling and urging to s. Bism.
Pressure deep in hypogastrium, after s. Ambr.
Peristaltic action of bowels weakened, and s. retarded. Bry.
Rumbling after s.; after breakfast, with griping; retraction of anus, and nausea. Kali-bi.
Severe cutting in hypogastrium, extending to testicles; occurring after s., with faint feeling. Hydr.
Soft s., followed by a sensation of emptiness in abdomen. Sulph-ac.
Sensation in abdomen as if something tight would break, if too much effort was made to void a constipated s. Apis.
Sensation as of a plug between symphysis pubis and os coccygis (Bell., Sep.), with urging to s. Aloe.
Sensation of heat in bowels accompanying s. Podo.
Sharp, cutting colic before s. Tart-em. (Coloc., Merc.)
Sharp, cutting pains in hypogastric region, with s. of bilious matter, mucus streaked with blood. Collins.
Sudden distress in hypogastrium, with great desire for s. Polyp.
Twisting in abdomen and back, preceded by great weakness, before s. Ver-a.
Violent colicky pains in hypogastrium, before and during s. Bapt.
Violent cutting pains in bowels, lasting for hours after s. Nitr-ac.
Writhing pain in abdomen previous to s. Caust.
Weakness and emptiness after s. Sep.

Stools (see section on Rectum).—Cutting in bowels before s. Kobalt.
Colic in umbilical region, with mucus s. Caps.
Chronic inflammation of pancreas, with greasy s. Phos.
Enteritis or peritonitis; great distention of abdomen, and typhoid symptoms, with involuntary s. Rhus-t.
Enteritis, lancinating pains; bloody, slimy s.; sweat without relief. Merc.
Enteritis with high fever, great vascular excitement; vomiting; dark, bloody s. Ver-v.
Great rumbling in abdomen, and pain in umbilicus, with s. of mucus and blood. Phyt.
Griping, pinching about umbilicus followed by gelatinous s. Hell.
Griping pains with s. Hydr.
Griping, pinching colic, with muco-purulent s. Tereb.
Pain at night, waking prover, followed by a number of greenish, fetid, mucous s., with noisy emission of flatus. Arg-n.
Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, colicky pains; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin, green s., without tenesmus. Magn-c.
Rumbling and distress in whole bowels, especially in hypogastrium, with black s. Lept.
Terrible cutting bellyache, with frequent thin s., fainting and cold sweat. Ars.

Stoop.—Heavy weight and dragging in hypogastrium; has to s. over when walking. Sulph.

Stooping.—Contraction of abdomen on s. Ferr.
Pain in hypogastrium when s. Kali-c.
Violent painful pressure, as from a stone upon umbilicus, aggravated by s. Verb.

Strangulated.—S. hernia; gut black. China.
S. hernia, with great distention and retching. Lyc.
S. inguinal hernia. Nux-v., Opi. (Acon., Alu., Ars., Bell., Lach., Millef., Rhus-t., Sulph., Ver-a.)

Strangulation.—Sensation of s. in abdomen. Spong.

Strangury.—Colic with s. Ars.

Strained.—Abdominal muscles sore; feel s. Hyos.
Pains in groin, as if he had s. himself; clothing uncomfortable. Hydr.

Straining.—Colicky pains in hypogastrium, with s. and increased pain during stool. Sil.
Shocks of pain in umbilical region up to epigastrium; nausea, s. and belching of wind. Iris.

Strains.—Reaching too high s. abdominal muscles. Alu.

Straighten.—Tension in abdomen from gas, so could hardly s. up. Sulph.

Stretch.—Sensation in abdomen, at night in bed, which causes patient to s. violently for hours together. Plumb.

Stretched.—Abdomen s. like a board. Cupr.
Sensation as if parts were s. Lach.
Sensation as if a hoop or cord s. around abdomen, especially on deep inspiration. Carls.

Stricture.—Spasmodic s. in ileus, as if something was alive pushing out. Thuja.

String.—Pain across umbilicus, as if abdomen were constricted by a s. Chelid. (Plumb.)
Violent colic; abdomen retracted to spine, as if drawn in by a s. Plumb. (Chelid.)

Strung.—Much griping and pain in hypochondria, as if intestines were s. in knots. Sulph.

Stuffed.—Abdomen tympanitic and very sensitive to pressure; or feels s. full of stones, though he has eaten nothing, and it does not feel hard. Tart-em.
Sensation internally in groins as if full and too thick; as if s.; only in each side. Cocc.

Sudden.—S. pains in paroxysms, across epigastrium, from lower border of liver, downward toward left, then ceasing in right side. Kalm.
S. sharp pain in left side of abdomen. Lob.
S. spasmodic pain and sensation of contraction in epigastrium, obliging him to cry out. Gels.
A s. starting, bounding sensation in right iliac region, as from something alive. Thuja.

Suddenly.—Arthritic pains which s. wander from extremities to abdomen. Daph.
Colic which comes on s. and leaves s. Dios.

Suffer.—Colic, as if abdomen would burst; cannot s. clothes to even touch abdomen. Coff.

Suffocation.—Distended abdomen, has to lie on his back to prevent s. Iod.
Feeling as if greatly distended, even to bursting, causing s. Caps.
Intermittent, boring pains, often extending to chest, threatening s.; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost wild, tossed about, pressed his fists into his abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.
Swelling, with danger of s. when in horizontal position. Iod.

Suffocative.—S. spells at night. Ars.

Sugar.—Colic from eating s. Ox-ac.
Pain in abdomen from s. Ign., Sulph.

Suicide.—Spasmodic contraction of abdomen, with great anguish, inclined to s. Aur.

Sulphuretted hydrogen.—Distention: in evening with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down towards anus with tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like s.; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Sunken.—S. abdomen. Euphorb., Plumb.
Abdomen soft, flabby and s. Borax.
Griping, pinching colic; weakness, features s., staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.
Peritonitis, with vomiting and diarrhœa; skin cold; features s., pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.
Sensation as if abdomen was s. in. Sabad.
Support.—Sensation as if intestines were sinking down, constantly inclined to s. bowels with hands. Agn.
Suppressed.—Colic with s. menses. Puls.
Colic during pregnancy or from s. menses. Puls.
Cramp, with chilliness, in s. menstruation. Puls.
Suppression.—Colic from s. of hæmorrhoidal flow. Nux-v.
Suppurate.—Hard buboes s., with callous edges; ichorous, offensive discharges. Carbo-an.
Pain and pressing outward in abdominal ring, as if parts would s. Can-sat.
Suppurating.—Inguinal glands swollen or s. Merc.
Suppuration.—S. of inguinal glands; buboes. Hep-s. (Calc-c., Merc.) Nitr-ac., Thuja.)
Swelling and s. of inguinal glands. Hep-s., Nitr-ac.
Suppurations.—S. in inguinal glands. Ars., Hep-s., Merc., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sulph.
Suppurative.—Swelling of inguinal glands, s., with pain on walking; whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.
Swashing.—S. in intestines, as from water. Croton-tig.
Sweat (see Perspiration).—Abdomen hard as a stone; knots in recti muscles; anxiety, with cold s. and deathly faintness. Plumb.
Colic as if intestines were twisted in a knot, with flatulence and cold s. Ver-a.
Colicodynia, with sensation as if bowels were tied up in knots; suffering causes cold s. on forehead. Ver-a.
Cutting in abdomen, in umbilical region, with cold s. on forehead. China.
Enteritis, lancinating pains; bloody, slimy stools; s. without relief. Merc.
Griping, pinching colic; weakness, features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy s.; pulse thready. Hell.
Hernia, recent and small; incarcerated; with bilious vomiting, cold s., burning as from coals of fire. Acon.
Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach, radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and vomiting, purging, coldness and cold s. Ver-a.
Sweet.—Colic after eating or drinking, obliging one to bend double; worse from s. things. Sulph.

Swell.—Itching, or pressure in region of inguinal glands, with pain from touch as though they would s. Berb.

Swelling.—S. of abdomen. Caust., Crotal., Iod., Staph. (Acon., Arg-m., Ars., Bry., Calc-c., Graph., Jatr., Kali-bi., Kali-c., Mang., Natr-c., Natr-m., Sep., Sulph., Ver-a.)

S. of inguinal glands. Ars., Calc-c., Clem., Iod., Merc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Staph., Thuja.

S. and suppuration of inguinal glands. Hep-s., Nitr-ac.

S. and painfulness of inguinal glands. Calc-c. (Clem.)

S., redness, inflammation and pain in groin on touch or walking. Merc.

S. in cæcal region; must lie on back, with limbs drawn up; typhlitis. Lach.

S. about inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness, with pain on pressing or walking. Merc.

S. of inguinal glands, which are sore when walking and painful at night. Clem. (Merc.)

S., induration of inguinal glands (Calc-c., Nitr-ac.), with pricking, jerking pains. Clem.

S. of glands of groin and axilla; generally painful. Natr-c.

S. of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.

S. and great sensitiveness of one inguinal gland. Graph.

S. of inguinal glands from a cold. Dulc.

S. and distention of abdomen. Iod.

S. of navel. Bry., Caust., Prun-s., Puls.

S. in children. Calc-c., Caust., Staph.

S. in mothers. Sep. (Iod., Natr-c.)

S. of hypogastrium. Sil.

S. with danger of suffocation when in horizontal position. Iod.

S. and inflammation of left inguinal gland. Spong.

Blackish-blue s. of abdomen. Æth.

Elastic s. (size of a fist) in left groin, evenings; with bruised pain therein; cannot lie on left side; on awaking, both s. and pain gone. Am-c.

Gripes with s. of abdomen; relieved by expulsion of flatus. Acon.

Great distention and dropsical s. of abdomen. Fluor-ac.

Glandular s. in groins. Graph.

Hard s. of right side of abdomen, with severe pain when touched. Arn.

Hard, painful, hot s. in ileo-cæcal region. Merc.

Hardening, s. of mesenteric glands. Coni. (Calc-c., Sil.)

Large, hard s. in cæcal region, painful to touch and motion. Plumb.

Painful s. of navel. Caust.

Painful s. of inguinal glands. Staph., Sulph., Thuja.

Sensitiveness and s. of abdomen, with knife-like, cutting pains. Coni.

Sensation in ring and inguinal glands as if there was inflammation or as if a s. would occur. Clem.

Stitches and s. in groins. Kali-c.

Typhlitis, painful s. and inflammation of whole right side of abdomen. Rhus-t.

Swellings.—Accumulation of flatus; loud rumbling; s. here and there as from incarcerated flatulence. Natr-c.

Corpulency of children, with glandular s. Caust. (Calc-c.)

Tympanitic distention of abdomen in circumscribed knotty s. large as fists, with obstruction of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.

Swollen.—S. abdomen, painful. Ars.

S. and tense abdomen. Æth., Merc.

S. abdomen, in children, with much colic. Staph.

Abdomen feels s.; relieved by belching. Can-ind.

Abdomen s. and tender to touch. Calad. (Bell.)

Abdomen is distended and s. as in dropsy. Acon.

Abdomen s. and distended. Arg-n.

Abdomen s., burning hot, and sensitive to touch. Acon. (Bell., Cupr.)

Abdomen tense, hard, s., distended and painful. Merc.

Abdomen feels s., as if distended with wind. Lith-c.

Abdomen s., with sensation of something moving in it. Croc.

Abdomen s. and very sensitive. Ver-a.

Abdomen s. and tympanitic (Tereb.) and tender in epigastrium; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.

Enlarged mesenteric glands; abdomen hard and s. Bar-c.

Epigastrium s., hard, sensitive; pulsations. Kali-c.

Glands of left groin s.; painful on walking. Bapt.

Inguinal glands s. or suppurating. Merc.

Inguinal glands s., also other glands. Cist.

Inguinal gland s. Cupr.

Mesenteric glands s. and hard in children. Calc-c.

Small s. glands in each groin. Calc-c.

Tumid, s. abdomen, in children. Caust., Calc-c., Sil.

Umbilical region hard, s. Acon.

Symphysis pubis.—Sensation as if a plug between s. and os coccygis (Bell., Sep.), with urging to stool. Aloe.

Synchronous.—Pulsation in umbilical region, s. with heart. Ptel.

Syphilitic.—S. buboes. Bad.

Tabes mesenterica.—T., with rapid emaciation, night sweats, slow fever, dry laryngeal cough; diarrhœa. Iod.

Talking.—Sensation like falling of a heavy lump from just above umbilicus to small of back; after t. or over-exertion. Laur.

Tea drinking.—Flatulence (from excessive t.). China.

Tearing.—T. in abdomen. Magn-m.

T. in hypogastrium during menses. Am-c.

T. in locality of hernia. Lyc.

T., piercing through and through. Cycl.

T. tension here and there in epigastrium. Colch.

T. pain around umbilicus, with flatulence, in morning; relieved by eating. Natr-s.

T. as if stones would cut their way out, attended with diarrhœa, always preceded by pleasant sensation in stomach. Nux-m.

Deep-seated, sticking, or t. pain from ilium, near spine, obliquely inward toward sacrum. Berb.

Drawing and tearing in whole abdomen. Coloc.

Drawing, t. or bearing-down pains in abdomen, like labor pains. Puls.

Griping, t. in epigastric region, in side of chest after eating. Zinc.

Intermittent t. in left half of pubic eminence. Arn.

Much distention of stomach and abdomen, with gas, with t. pains in umbilical region. Hep-s.

Painful jerks in abdomen, moving from place to place, as if something living were in it (Croc., Calc-ph.), with drawing, t. and pushing from left to right hip bone and then to knee. Can-sat.

Pinching, t. or cutting in hypogastrium, with diarrhœa. Ars.

Rending, t. in abdomen. Cham., Cop., Magn-m., Phos. (Aloe, Alu., Ars., Bry., Croc., Colch., Croton-tig., Cycl., Dig., Lyc., Merc., Mez., Nux-m., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t., Sec., Squilla, Sulph., Stram., Tabac., Verb., Zinc.)

Stitching t. or burning in skin of abdomen mostly in umbilical region. Berb.

Violent cutting and labor-like t. from above downwards across groins, through thighs down to knees. Tart-em.

Teeth (see vol i., section on Mouth).—Cutting colic, with coldness, t. chattering, limbs tremble; worse after stool. Bov.

Tender.—Abdomen so sensitive and t. cannot permit clothing, not even night-dress to touch. Lach.

Abdomen t. and sensitive, worse about umbilicus. Vib-op.

Abdomen distended, with flatulence; very t. Nitr-ac.

Abdomen swollen and t. to touch. Calad. (Bell.)

Abdomen fallen in, t. to contact. Stram.

Abdomen t. to touch. Æsc.

Abdomen tense, hot and t. to touch. Cupr.

Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.) and t. in epigastrium; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.

Bowels sore and t. on pressure. Dios.
Bruised feeling in abdominal walls, which are extremely t. Apis.
Externally abdominal wall are t. to touch, when coughing or sitting, especially at stool. Puls.
Peritonitis, abdomen very t., with aggravation from sleep, worse on right side. Lach.
Pain in abdomen when walking; must bend forward; pain settles in ileo-cæcal region; sore, t. Nitr-ac.
Sharp cutting pains in whole abdomen, which is t. to touch. Acon.
Tumefaction of abdomen, which is t. to touch. Bell.

Tenderness.—T. of epigastrium. Iod.
T. even to slight pressure, especially over ovarian region. Bell.
T. of abdominal walls. Bry.
T. in right iliac region (during typhoid). Gels.
T. of abdomen, is aggravated by least jar of bed, or chair on which she sits; obliged in walking to step with great care for fear of a jar. Bell.
Distention of abdomen, with t. Caul.
Extreme t. of abdomen, cannot bear touch of clothes. Crotal. (Lach.)
Extreme t. in epigastrium. Eupat-perf.
Fullness and t. across epigastrium and hypochondria. Merc.
Great t. and distention of abdomen. Canth.
Great t. of abdomen to touch. Ran-b.
Much flatulence and great t. of abdomen. Ver-a.
Typhlitis (peri), with high fever, with great t. and hardness. Crotal.

Tenesmus (see section on Rectum).—Catarrhal mucous enteritis, with severe colic and t. Dios.
Spasmodic pains in abdomen, with unusally severe t. Dios.
Pressing, spasmodic, contractive, colicky pains; griping, cutting and rumbling in whole abdomen, followed by thin green stools, without t. Magn-c.

Tense.—Abdomen t., hard, swollen, distended and painful. Merc.
Abdomen hard, t.; greatly distended with flatulence, with rumbling and gurgling of gas. Sil.
Abdomen hard, t., tympanitic and distended with gas, from paralysis of muscles of intestines. Stram.
Abdomen t. and hot, with rumbling, grumbling and constant diarrhœa. Sil.
Abdomen distended, hard and t. Chelid., Sil. (Ars., Bar-c., Calc-c., Merc.)
Abdomen t. and distended. Carls.
Abdomen t., sore, as if bruised, sensitive to touch. Magn-m.
Abdomen distended and t., like a drum, without being hard or painful. Kreas.
Abdomen distended and t. Hep-s.

Abdomen t. and full, momentary stitches coming and going rapidly. Carbo-v.

Abdomen t., hot, and tender to touch. **Cupr.**

Contracted and t. abdomen. Æth.

Swollen and t. abdomen. Æth., Merc.

Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on walking; whole limb seems paralyzed, and muscles t. Nitr-ac.

Weight in epigastrium; hypogastrium t. Nux-m.

Walls of abdomen t.; sensitiveness of ileo-cæcal region (in typhus). Apis.

Tension.—T. in abdomen. Staph. (Ambr., Ang., Arg-m., Bar-c., Bell., Bry., Calc-c., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Caust., China, Croton-tig., Graph., Gum-gut., Hyos., Kali-c., Kreas., Lact., Laur., Lyc., Magn-c., Magn-m., Merc., Mez., Mosch., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nux-v., Paris, Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Plat., Plumb., Puls., Rheum, Rhod., Sabin., Sec., Sep., Sil., Spong., Stram., Stront., Sulph., Thuja, Ver-a., Zinc.)

T., in afternoon, from accumulated flatus, but wind or gas passed copiously and easily. Carbo-v.

T. in hypogastrium, exceedingly painful to touch. Opi.

T. and drawing in inguinal region, when walking. Clem.

T. of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to touch. Coff.

T. in abdomen, with sensitiveness. Magn-m.

T. around abdomen, as from flatulence. **Natr-m.**

T. in hypogastrium. Aur., China, Lyc.

T. in groins. Arg-m.

T. from umbilical region to sides. Alu.

T. of abdomen, cannot bear to be touched. **Arg-n.**

T. in epigastrium. Croton-tig., Natr-c.

T. and pressure in umbilical region. Sulph.

T. in abdomen from gas, so could hardly straighten up. Sulph.

T. across abdomen; heaviness, inactivity, coldness. Kali-c.

T. and pain in the abdomen from incarcerated flatulence. Lyc. (Carbo-v.)

T. and sensitiveness of abdominal wall. Bar-c.

T. and pressure in umbilical region, with griping extending to stomach. Sulph.

T. in navel. Ver-a.

Burning and smarting in right inguinal region, with t. on motion. Berb.

Cramp-like pinching t. in abdomen. Hep-s.

Colicky pains begin in abdomen, with t. and pressure, as from flatulence. Acon.

Contraction and t. of abdominal muscles; has to walk bent forward. Arg-m.

Distention and pain (Magn-c.), with t. Coloc.

Distention: in evening, with hardness; with tympanitis; with t. and bearing down towards anus and tickling there; with emissions of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Fullness and t. in abdomen, as from incarcerated flatulence. Sulph.

Feeling of fullness and t. in abdomen. Sulph.

Heaviness and t. in abdomen. Kali-c.

Inflation and t. of abdomen, with pinching in umbilical region. Gum-gut.

Much flatus accumulates here and there in abdomen, in hypochondria, in back, in region of ribs and chest, causing t. and bubbling; relieved by eructations. Lyc.

Much flatulence, with t. of abdomen. Coloc.

Pressure and t. in abdomen, after eating. Zinc.

Pressure and t. in groins, as if a hernia would develop, especially when walking or standing. Berb.

Pressive t. in epigastrium increased by motion, same feeling in lower back. Caps.

Tearing t. here and there in epigastrium. Colch.

Tensive.—T. pain, as if laced together. Aur.

Drawing and t. pains, extending from abdomen through spermatic cords into testicles, that hang low down. Puls.

Drawing, t., bearing-down pain in abdomen, like labor pains. Puls.

Sticking, darting, or else pressing, sticking, t. or oppressive dragging pain in groin, aggravated by walking. Berb.

Testicles (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Shooting pains from bowels into t. and bladder. Opi.

Drawing and tensive pains, extending from abdomen through spermatic cords into t. that hang, low down. Puls.

Pain in inguinal regions, extending to t. Dios.

Severe cutting in hypogastrium, extending to t.; occurring after stool, with faint feeling. Hydr.

When coughing, pain in abdominal ring, extending into t., as if spermatic cord would be torn to pieces. Natr-m.

There.—Flatus collects here and t. in abdomen, under short ribs, in hypogastrium, etc. Carbo-v. (Lyc.)

Flatus rolls about from place to place, here and t., and becomes incarcerated. Natr-s.

Incarcerated flatus, pressing here and t. Puls.

Violent cutting pressure in abdomen, changing now here now t. Bell.

Thick.—Sensation internally in groins as if full and too t.; as if stuffed; only in each side. Cocc.

Thighs.—Burning in abdomen mounting towards chest and descending to t. Lach.

Cutting colic and drawing in t. before menses. Cham.

Frequent severe cramp in intestines, especially evening and night, with coldness in t. Calc-c.

Violent cutting and labor-like tearing, from above downwards across groins, through t. down to knees. Tart-em.

Thirst.—Ascites with great t. Acet-ac.

Colic with great t. Camph.

Colic about umbilicus, with stitches and difficult emission of flatus; with t., nausea, waking him at night. Ox-ac.

Thread.—Sensation as if a ball of t. was moving and turning rapidly through abdomen. Sabad.

Thready.—Griping, pinching colic; weakness, features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse t. Hell.

Three months'.—T. colic. China., Dioscorin.

Throat (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—Burning in umbilical region or in whole abdomen, rising up into chest and t. Calc-ph.

Places in side sore or raw, with sensation as of something rising from abdomen to t. Asaf.

Sensation of weakness in abdomen, extending to t., relieved by eructations. Kalm.

Sensation of a stick extending from t. to left side of abdomen with ball on each end of stick. Kali-c.

Sensation of inflation in umbilical region, with compression in t. and nausea. Coloc.

Throbbing (see Pulsations).—T. in abdomen. Ign., Sang. (Aloe.)

T. through whole body. Zinc.

T. in abdominal pelvic cavity. Æsc.

T. in epigastrium. Can-sat., Puls. (Calad.)

T., mostly in upper right side of abdomen. Calad.

T. in navel. Acon., Aloe.

T. in abdomen after eating. Selen.

Burning in umbilical region, frequently extending to pit of stomach, with anxious t., piercing, and vanishing with a chill. Acon.

Violent t. of aorta abdominalis. Iod.

Thrusts.—Sharp t. through abdomen from side to side. Arn.

Through.—Paralytic pain in right abdominal ring, as if something would force itsself t. (Nux-v.), a pain as from hernia only while sitting. Cocc.

Tearing, piercing t. and t. Cycl.

Tickling—T. in epigastrium. Bar-c., Cham., Hep-s., Lach., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Phos-ac.

Distention: in evening with hardness; with tympanitis; with tension and bearing down towards anus with t. there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphuretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.

Tied.—Constant distress about umbilicus, with feeling as if small intestines were being t. in knots. Polyp.

Colicodynia, with sensation as if bowels were t. up in knots; suffering causes cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Deep, heavy, burning pain in abdomen, as if intestines were t. Ars.

Tingling.—T. stitches in abdominal muscles. Magn-m.

T., numbness, quivering or aching of abdominal wall. Calc-ph.

Tight.—T. clothes are unbearable. Calc-c. (Lach.)

Abdominal troubles, better from t. clothing. Nitr-ac.

Cannot bear t. clothing around abdomen. Carbo-v., Nux-v. (Lach., Lyc.) (Reverse, Nitr-ac.)

Cannot bear anything t. about abdomen, especially after eating. Graph. (Lyc., Carbo-v.)

Emptiness in umbilical region, with desire to take a deep breath; better from a bandage or t. clothes. Flour-ac. (Nitr-ac.)

Everything about body feels too t., desires to throw off clothing. Puls. (Lyc.)

Pressure of clothing across abdomen feels too t., after eating. Sil.

Sensation in abdomen as if something t. would break, if too much effort was made to viod a constipated stool. Apis.

Tightly.—Sensation as if abdomen were too t. constricted. Plat.

Tightness.—T. in abdomen, extending into chest, followed by diarrhœa. Natr-s.

T. and distention of abdomen, after eating or drinking. Ambr.

T., fullness of abdomen. Cham.

Torn.—Bellyache as if intestines were t. out. Asaf.

Cutting in abdomen, as if everything would be t. to pieces. Kali-c.

Pain in abdomen as if something would be t. out. Sulph.

Pain in epigastrium, as if everything would be t. to pieces during menstruation. Graph.

Pain in hypogastrium, as if intestines were t. Graph.

Sensation as if something were t. off in abdomen, with visible contractions above umbilicus. Rhus-t.

When coughing, pain in abdominal ring, extending into testicles as if spermatic cords would be t. to pieces. Natr-m.

Tossed.—Intermittent boring pains often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities so violent at times that he was almost wild; t. about, pressed his fists into abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Tossing.—Burning distress in abdomen, like coals of fire, with great restlessness, t. and turning (in peritonitis). Ars.

Cutting contractive pains, with restless t.; better from rubbing, or hard pressure. Plumb.

Touch.—Abdominal muscles painful to t., as if beaten. Sulph.

Abdomen painful to t. Stram.

Abdomen sore and sensitive to t. Stann. (Lach., Puls., Sulph.)

Abdomen swollen and tender to t. Calad. (Bell.)

Abdomen sore to t., as if beaten, after cough. Calad.
Abdomen swollen and tympanitic (Tereb.) and tender in epigastrium; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to t. Canth.
Abdomen tympanitic and sensitive to t. Cham.
Abdomen distended and very painful to least t., even of clothing. Merc-cor. (Acon., Bell., Cupr.)
Abdomen is sensitive to t. Acon.
Abdomen tender to t. Æsc.
Abdomen so sensitive and tender cannot permit clothing not even night-dress to t. Lach.
Abdomen hard with pain in umbilical region on t. Kali-c.
Abdominal muscles painful to t. Kali-c.
Abdomen tense, hot and tender to t. Cupr.
Abdomen tense, sore as if bruised, sensitive to t. Magn-m.
Abdomen distended and tympanitic; painful to t. Phos., Bell.
Abdomen distended and painful to t. Hyos.
Abdomen drawn in and sore to t. Cupr.
Abdomen distended, sore to t.; tympanitic. Hyos.
Abdomen hard, distended, tympanitic and sensitive to t. Opi.
Abdomen swollen, buring hot, and sensitive to t. Acon. (Bell., Cupr.)
Cutting pains in hypogastrium, abdomen being painful to t. Cupr.
Cutting, sticking colic; flatulence in hypochondria; abdomen distended like a drum (Carbo-v.), and sensitive to t. Cham.
Colic as if abdomen would burst; cannot suffer clothes to even t. abdomen. Coff.
Distention of hypogastrium, which is painful to t. Hyos.
External abdomen very sensitive to t. Sars.
Extreme tenderness of abdomen, cannot bear t. of clothes. Crotal. (Lach.)
Epigastrium extremely sensitive to t. Colch. (Bell.)
Epigastric region sensitive to t. Cocc-c.
Externally abdominal walls are tender to t., when coughing or sitting, especially at stool. Puls.
Great sensitiveness of abdomen to t. Ver-a. (Acon., Bell., Coloc.)
Great tenderness of abdomen to t. Ran-b.
Great pain in right ileo-cæcal region, cannot bear the lightest t., not even of bed cover. Bell.
Inguinal glands hard and painful to t. Sil.
Intestines painful to t. Cycl.
Itching, or pressure in region of inguinal glands, with pain from t. as though they would swell. Berb.
Large, hard swelling in cæcal region, painful to t. and motion. Plumb.
Pain in hypogastrium from t. Cycl.

Painfully distended abdomen, very sensitive to t. Bell. (Acon., Coloc., Cupr., Merc.)
Painful sensitiveness of abdomen to t. Sulph. (Bell., Cupr., Merc.)
Pain in abdomen from t. Acon., Plumb., Ver-a. (Æth., Aloe, Apis, Bell., Berb., Canth., Cham., Cupr., Cycl., Hyos., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Phos., Puls., Sil., Stann., Stram., Tabac., Tereb., Tilia.)
Pain in navel from t. Carbo-v., Caust., Croton-tig.
Painfulness to t. Acon., Ver-a.
Pain in ileo-cæcal region, which is sensitive to t. Gum-gut.
Peritonitis, with sticking, burning pains; abdomen very sore to t. with constipation. Bry.
Pain on pressure and sensitiveness to t. Apis.
Swelling, redness, inflammation and pain in groin on t. or walking. Merc.
Stomach and bowels feel sore, cannot bear slightest t. China.
Sensitiveness to t., cannot bear even clothing. Bell.
Sharp cutting pains in whole abdomen, which is tender to t. Acon.
Sensitiveness of hypogastrium to t. Acon.
Sensitiveness to t. Acon.
Soreness of abdomen and stomach, to t., on walking. Phos.
Tumefaction of abdomen, which was very tender to t. Bell.
Tension of epigastric region, with sensitiveness to t. Coff.
Tension in hypogastrium, exceedingly painful to t. Opi.

Touched.—Abdomen pains when t. Nitr-ac.
Abdominal muscles pain when t., when pressing at stool, or on rising from recumbent position. Aloe.
Bowels feel sore when t., or on coughing, as if bruised (Merc.), or weakened by cathartics. Ferr.
Hard swelling of right side of abdomen, with severe pain when t. Arn.
Stinging soreness when t. Nitr-ac.
Tension of abdomen; cannot bear to be t. Arg-n.

Transverse colon.—During pain, t. protrudes like a pad, all way across abdomen. Bell.
Gnawing pain in t. Gels.
Inflammation of t. or descending colon, which is very sore, with burning pain. Merc-cor.
Pain in bowels from side to side, in epigastrium, corresponding to t., commencing in right and going over to left. Cham.

Transversely.—Cutting t. across abdomen. Arg-m.
Pain in intestines in epigastrium, with sensation of constriction t. Chelid.
Pinching or cramp-like pressure t. across epigastrium, after a meal. Cina.

Tremble.—Cutting colic, with coldness, teeth chattering, limbs t.; worse after stool. Bov.

Trembling.—T. in abdomen. Iod., Tart-em.

Twisting.—T. in abdomen. Dig., Dios., Elaps, Pallad.

T. deep in bowels. Coni.

Tumefaction.—Hard t. in hypogastrium, with burning pains in loins. Canth.

T. of abdomen, which was very tender to touch. Bell.

Tumid.—T., swollen abdomen in children. Caust., Calc-c., Sil.

Tuberculosis.—T. abdominalis. Natr-s.

Turning.—T. and twisting through whole abdomen, as from a lump. Sabad.

Burning distress in abdomen, like coals of fire, with great restlessness, tossing and t. (in peritonitis). Ars.

Intestines fall from side to side on t. in bed. Bar-c. (Merc.)

Pain in abdominal integument when t. body. Ambr.

Painters' colic; pain in umbilical region, extending through into back; patient screams and tries to relieve pain by t. in all possible directions. Plat.

Sensation of something t. in abdomen. Sabad. (Caps., Ign., Lach., Sep.)

Sensation as if everything in abdomen were turning around, with nausea. Sep.

Sensation as if a ball of thread was moving and t. rapidly through abdomen. Sabad.

When t. on right side, a hard body seems to roll from umbilicus to that side. Lyc.

Twirling.—T. and twisting in epigastrium two inches above navel. Lachn.

Twisted.—Colic as if intestines were t. in a knot, with flatulence and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Twisting.—T. in navel. Cina, Ran-b.

T. and sharp cutting pains in bowels. Dios.

T., griping, must sit bent forward. Aloe. (Caust., Coloc., Iris, Ver-a.)

T. colic; hysterical. Valer.

T. in abdomen and back, preceded by great weakness, before stool. Ver-a.

T., griping, here and there. Staph.

Colic: cutting, griping and t., especially about umbilicus; better after stool. Ver-a.

Colic, with cutting and t. in umbilical region, in epigastrium; worse on motion, with tension in small of back. Caps.

Cutting, t., griping pains in bowels. Naja.

Contractive, t. pains in bowels, immediately about umbilicus, spreading over epigastrium, leaving hypogastrium perfectly free from pains. Coloc.

Drawing and t. in abdomen. Caps.

Flatulent colic (Coloc., Lyc.), drawing, t. pains. Caps.

Griping pain, t. about here and there in whole abdomen. Staph.
Griping, t., pressing, bearing-down or labor-like pains in abdomen to groins. Sabin.
Painful t. around navel. Cina.
Twirling and t. in epigastrium two inches above navel. Lachn.
Turning and t. through whole abdomen, as from a lump. Sabad.
Violent flatulent colic, pains cutting and t.; radiate from abdomen to back, chest and arms. Dios.
Writhing, t. pain in abdomen about umbilical region. Calc-c.

Twitches.—T. in abdominal muscles. Grat.

Twitching.—T. in abdomen. Rhus-t. (Agar., Ars., Guaj.)
T. in hypogastrium. Sulph-ac.
T. of inguinal glands. Clem.
T. of muscles. Calc-c.
T. stitches from umbilical region towards loins and spine. Coloc.
T. in left side between naval and flank, as if in muscles of wall, then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry.
T. in muscles of abdomen. Rheum.
Jerking and t. in abdominal muscles. Nux-v.

Tympanitic.—Abdomen t. China, Merc., Tabac.
T. distention of abdomen, and passage of much wind. Brom. (Aloe, Arn., China.)
T. puffing of right side of abdomen. Arg-m.
T. distention of abdomen in circumscribed knotty swellings large as fists, with obstruction of bowels and frequent vomiting. Plumb.
Abdomen hard, tense, t. and distended with gas, with paralysis of muscles of intestines. Stram.
Abdomen t. and very sensitive to pressure; or feels as if stuffed full of stones, though he has eaten nothing, and it does not feel hard. Tart-em.
Abdomen distended and t. Sec.
Abdomen t. and sensitive to touch. Cham.
Abdomen distended, sore to touch; t. Hyos.
Abdomen full and t. Eupat-perf.
Abdomen distended and painful; t. Coloc.
Abdomen hard, distended, t. and sensitive to touch. Opi.
Abdomen distended and t.; painful to touch. Bell., Phos.
Abdomen swollen and t. (Tereb.) and tender in epigastricum; yields a dull sound in hypogastrium, with violent pain through whole intestinal tract; very painful to touch. Canth.
Hard, bloated, t. abdomen. Opi.
Incarcerated flatulence, with t. state of abdomen, occurring chiefly in old people. Lyc.
Jaundice in nursing children; abdomen t.; spleen and liver enlarged.

Tympanitis.—T. Ailanth., China, Coloc., Opi. (Arn., Jatr., Kali-bi.)
T.; bloatedness of abdomen; rumbling in evening. Sabin.

T.; abdomen feels bloated, followed by eructations. Kali-bi.
T., mostly about cæcum and transverse colon. Phos.
Distention: in evening with hardness; with t.; with tension and bearing down toward anus and tickling there; with emission of flatus smelling like sulphretted hydrogen; with griping in small of back. Sulph.
Excessive t. (in cholera infantum). Sec.
Excessive t., as if abdomen would burst, aggravated by food. Caust.
Frequent colic from excessive t. (in septic fever). Tereb.
Great t. in hysterical women, with fainting. Mosch.
Pain in hypogastrium, with much t. Ver-v.
Pain after eating small quantity, with t. Zinc.

Typhlitis.—T. Natr-s.
T., painful swelling and inflammation of whole right side of abdomen. Rhus-t.
T.; extreme distention of abdomen, with great coldness in epigastrium. Colch.
Inflammation in right groin; t. Natr-s.
Peritonitis, with purulent exudation, especially with t. **Merc.**
Swelling in cæcal region; must lie on back with limbs drawn up; t. Lach.

Typhlitis (peri).—T., with high fever, with great tenderness and hardness. Crotal.
T. Merc.

Typhoid.—Enteritis or peritonitis; great distention of abdomen, and t. symptoms, with involuntary stools. Rhus-t.
Enteritis or peritonitis, with t. symptoms. Hyos.
Enteric or t. fever, in first stages. Bapt.
Tenderness in right iliac region during t. Gels.

Typhus.—Walls of abdomen tense; sensitiveness of ileo-cæcal region (in t.). Apis.

Ulcer.—Cutting pains about umbilicus; pains as from an u. Stann.

Ulcerated.—Pinching, cutting colic; abdomen sore on pressure, as if bruised and u. Ran-b.
Umbilicus sore and u. Nux-m.

Ulceration.—U. of bowels. Ars.
Abdomen sore, as if from subcutaneous u. Stann.
Chronic intestinal u. Kali-bi. (Merc.)
Entero-colitis, with hæmorrhages and u. of bowels, especially epithelial degeneration. Tereb.
Intestinal catarrh, followed by u. Hydr.
Inflammation, u., gangrene of bowels. Plumb.

Ulcerative.—U. pain in abdomen. Kreas.

Ulcerous.—U. pain in hypogastrium. Nitr-ac.
U. pain in abdomen. Cham., Croc., Kreas., Ran-b.

U. pain in inguinal glands. Am-m., Bov., Dig., Hell., Kreas., Magn-c., Mang., Nitr-ac., Ran-b., Rhus-t.

Ulcers.—U. in bowels. Cupr., Plumb.

U. about navel. Apis, Ars., Calc-c., Lach., Lyc., Sep., Sil., Sulph.

Umbilical.—U. hernia. Nux-m., Nux-v.

U. hernia of infants, particularly from much crying. Nux-v., Strych. (Reduce and support with a flat piece of lead—a bullet flattened is the thing.—W. D. G.)

Hernia, u. or inguinal, or weakness of abdominal muscles, and sensation as if hernia would occur. Cocc.

Incarcerated u. and inguinal hernia, with fecal vomit. Opi.

Neurosis of bowels involving cœliac and u. plexuses of nerves, which are in a great state of hyperæsthesia; and pains and spasms are unbearable. Dios.

Umbilical region.—U. hard, swollen. Acon.

U. unceasingly painful at night. Coloc.

Abdomen painful, especially in u. Aloe.

Acute pain in u., increased by walking. Coloc.

Abdomen hard, with pain in u. on touch. Kali-c.

Burning, griping pains in u. Phyt.

Burning, boring, whirling in u. Sabad.

Bellyache; griping pains in u. Am-m.

Burning in u., frequently extending to pit of stomach, with anxious throbbing, piercing, and vanishing with a chill. Acon.

Burning in u. or in whole abdomen, rising up into chest and throat. Calc-ph.

Burning in u., with goneness and faintness in epigastrium. Hydr.

Cutting in abdomen, in u., with cold sweat on forehead. China.

Colic, with cutting and twisting in u., in epigastrium, worse on motion, with tension in small of back. Caps.

Cutting, jerking pains in u. Berb.

Colic in u., together with shivering. China.

Colic in u., with stools of mucus. Caps.

Cramp-like pains, especially in u. Berb.

Contractive dragging in u. Bell.

Clawing in u., extending from both sides of abdomen towards middle and sometimes up to epigastrium, as if had taken cold, or as if menses were coming on. Hep-s.

Constant distress in u. and hypogastric region, with severe cutting, colic-like pains every few minutes in stomach and small intestines. Dios.

Constant sensitiveness of abdomen in u. Coloc.

Cramp-like sensation in u. Myrica. (Coloc.)

Constant, dull aching in u., with frontal headache at same time. Lept.

Cutting in u. during deep inspiration. Mang.

Cutting in u. Rheum.

Distress, dull pain in u. Bapt.
Drawing and pinching in u. Ign.
Extremely violent pains in u.; abdomen so contracted that umbilicus seems to adhere to spine. Plumb.
Excruciating pains in u. shoot to other portions of abdomen and body; somewhat relieved by pressure. Plumb.
Emptiness in u., with desire to take a deep breath; better from a bandage, or tight clothes. Fluor-ac. (Nitr-ac.)
Flatulent colic, with griping pains in u., as though intestines were grasped by hands, with mucous diarrhœa. Ipec.
Griping in u., then cutting in abdomen and across right lumbar region, extending to back. Chelid.
Griping, cramping pains in u. Dios.
Griping in u. Sang.
Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in u., intolerable on pressure, and worse turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.
Itching, stinging in u. passing off by rubbing. Bell.
Inflation and tension of abdomen, with pinching in u. Gum-gut.
Itching prickings in u. Staph.
Intermittent writhing and pinching in u. Sabin.
Occasional cutting in u. Kali-n.
Pulsation in u., synchronous with heart. Ptel.
Painters' colic; pain in u., extending through into back; patient screams and tries to relieve pain by turning in all possible directions. Plat.
Pain in u., as if blunt plug were squeezed into intestines. Anac.
Pinching in u. Am-m.
Pulsation in u. Aloe.
Pains in u. when moving. Arn.
Pain in u., causing to bend forward. **Ars.**
Pains in u., aggravated by lying on back. **Ars.**
Pinching pain in u. Camph.
Pain in u. Kreas.
Pressure in u., as from a hard lump. Spig.
Pinching in abdomen towards u. Sulph-ac.
Much distention of stomach and abdomen with gas, with tearing pains in u. Hep-s.
Stitching, tearing or burning in skin of abdomen, mostly in u. Berb.
Sticking in a small spot in u., obliging him to bend up; aggravated by lifting. Coloc.
Shocks of pain in u. up to epigastrium; nausea, straining and belching of wind. Iris.
Sensation of inflation in u., with compression in throat and nausea. Coloc.

Severe colicky pains, mostly in u.; has to bend double. **Coloc.**
Severe colicky pains in u. and hypogastric region. **Dios.**
Sticking in u. during inspiration. Hyos.
Stitches in u. Cycl.
Shooting, cutting from pit of stomach to u. **Valer.**
Sticking, griping in u. Zinc.
Strong pulsation in u. Sec.
Tension from u. to sides. Alu.
Twitching stitches from u. towards loins and spine. **Coloc.**
Tension and pressure in u., with griping extending to stomach. Sulph.
Tension and pressure in u. Sulph.
Violent pain in u. whole forenoon, without intermission; it was situated at a spot about size of hand and was a bruised pain; aggravated by walking, but not by pressing. Coloc.
Warm contraction, extending from u. to chest, with nausea. Mang.
Wandering pains in u., which cease and recur periodically. Cact.
Writhing, twisting pain in abdomen about u. Calc-c.

Umbilicus (see Navel).—U. sore and ulcerated. Nux-m.
U. drawn in. Mosch.
Aching soreness and pain around u.; relieved by passing fetid flatus. Calc-ph.
Abdomen full and distended, with griping pain about u. Croton-tig. (Coloc.)
Abdomen tender and sensitive, worse about u. Vib-op.
Burning distress, soreness and aching at u. Æsc.
Burning around u. Bov., Lach.
Colic about u., with stitches, and difficult emission of flatus; with thirst, nausea, waking him at night. Ox-ac.
Cutting about u., in forenoon, therewith was frequently obliged to go to stool. Rhus-t.
Cutting pains around u. Puls.
Colic about u., with chilliness, nausea and vomiting, worse in evening. Puls.
Constant distress about u., with feeling as if small intestines were being tied in knots. Polyp.
Colic at u., or feeling of repletion after eating. Rhod.
Constriction of intestines; u. violently retracted; recti muscles hard and knotty. Plumb.
Colic, with nausea and retraction of u. Chelid.
Constriction of abdomen around u., as if a ball or lump would form. Bell.
Clawing around u., better from pressure. Bell.
Colic, with constriction in epigastrium, or contraction of u. and hardness of integuments of abdomen. Natr-c.
Contractive, clawing pains in abdomen, around u., in paroxysms, with nausea and heat of cheeks. Hep-s.

Colic-like spasmodic pain after vexation, spreading from u., better from frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc.
Colicky pains, intermittent, about u. before vomiting or diarrhœa. Iris.
Cutting pain about u., with shivering. Ipec.
Contractive, twisting pains in bowels, immediately about u., spreading over epigastrium, leaving hypogastrium perfectly free from pains. Coloc.
Constrictive pain in u., immediately after dinner. Coloc.
Cutting around u. Dulc.
Colic about u. during stool. Ox-ac.
Cutting, pinching in epigastrium and u. Nux-m.
Colic, u. drawn in, abdomen hard. Natr-c. (Plumb.)
Colic, cutting at u., at night. Kali-bi.
Cutting about u. before stool. Nux-v.
Cutting, burning around u. Kali-jod.
Colic, as if u. was pulled out. Stram. (As if pulled in. Plumb.)
Cutting pains about u.; pains as from an ulcer. Stann.
Colic about u., as from flatus. Ver-a.
Colic around u. Stann., Tart-em., Zinc.
Colic: cutting, griping, and twisting, especially about u.; better after stool. Ver-a.
Cutting pains around u. Bov.
Cutting, pinching around u,, as if grasped by hands, worse on motion. Ipec.
Drawing pains in abdomen, extending from both sides to u., worse on stooping. Acon.
Drawing in u. early in morning. Acon.
Dull sticking or stinging, or burning, gnawing, aching pain on one side of u., increased by deep pressure; passing either to right lumbar region or else to groin, liver, spleen or stomach. Berb.
Distended abdomen about u., with pain on pressure. Merc-bij.
Drawing from anus to u. Lach.
Excruciating tearing pain in bowels, worse at u. Plumb.
Extremely violent pains in umbilical region; abdomen so contracted that u. seems to adhere to spine. Plumb.
Empty, sinking sensation around u., or in whole abdomen. Calc-ph.
Feeling like a lump around u. Rheum.
Frequent pains and soreness about u. Ox-ac.
Great rumbling in abdomen, and pain in u., with stools of mucus and blood. Phyt.
Griping pains, with constriction about u.; soreness and dragging downward and outward. Bry.
Griping about u., increased by eating fruit. Coloc.
Griping and pinching about u. on eating. Nux-v.
Griping, pinching about u., followed by gelatinous stools. Hell.
Griping pains about u., relieved by emission of flatus. Sulph.

Griping, sometimes below, sometimes above u. **Ver-a.**
Griping about u. Croton-tig., Raph.
Hard, bloated, sensitive abdomen, especially around u. **Kali-c.**
Heavy aching pains in u. Ver-v.
In hypogastrium, immediately below u., feeling as if intestines pressed outwards while standing. Bell.
Lacerating pains in u. and epigastrium, shooting to other parts of abdomen. Plumb.
Large blisters on raised base, from u. to spine. Graph.
Oozing of bloody fluid from u. of infants. Calc-ph.
Painfulness in whole abdomen, especially in sides and front, down both sides of u., and hurts greatly in pit of stomach on making misstep. Aloe.
Pain across u., as if abdomen were constricted by a cord. Chelid. (Plumb.)
Pain from u. to anus, with feeling as if diarrhœa would occur. Led.
Pain starts from u. Coloc. (Dios.)
Painful retraction of u.; violent contraction of abdominal muscles. Tabac. (Chelid., Plumb.)
Pinching around u. Laur., Plat.
Pressing towards u. Kali-n.
Pain at right of u., pressing down to groin. **Ver-v.**
Pain across u. preventing sleep. Sulph.
Pain about u. Æsc., Aloe.
Pain around u., with frontal headache. Lept.
Retraction of abdomen, with hardness and pain at u., radiating to lumbar region of back, and to iliac fossa, with hard knots over its surface. Plumb.
Rumbling in bowels, with cutting about u. Æsc., Rumex.
Sensation as if something was torn off in abdomen, with visible contractions above u. Rhus-t.
Shootings, gnawings around u. Oleand.
Sensation like falling of a heavy lump from just above u. to small of back; after talking or over-exertion. Laur.
Sharp sticking in epigastrium and to left of u. Ign.
Severe and constant distress between u. and epigastrium, with sharp cutting pains. Lept.
Screwing around u. Nux-m.
Soreness of u. Thuja.
Tearing pain around u., with flatulence, in morning; relieved by eating. Natr-s.
Upon pressure at u. a painful sensation is felt down to anus, where there is a constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.
Violent colic; more on right side; griping and cutting about u. Kali-n.
Violent, painful pressure, as from a stone upon u., aggravated by stooping. Verb.

When turning on right side, a hard body seems to roll from u. to that side. Lyc.

Writhing and pinching in abdomen; in u. Sabin.

Uncovering.—Colic in children made worse at once by u. an arm or a leg. Rheum.

Uneasiness.—U. in abdomen Asaf., Aur., Cist., Cycl., Ferr-mag., Natr-c., Natr-m., Tart-em.

U. and griping pains in abdomen. Grat.

Dull aching deep in hypogastrium, finally accompanied by fever, heat, anguish and u. Caust.

Rumbling in bowels, with u., or sharp, cutting pains. Asclep-tub.

Uneasy.—U., sore feeling all over bowels. Merc-bij.

Unlace.—Pain in lower chest and abdomen, forcing her to bend forward; abdomen and stomach distended, she must u. Puls.

Unpleasant.—Sensation of heaviness and fullness in hypogastrium; it seems as if a stone lay there, with u. feeling of faintness in epigastrium, together with griping in abdomen. Diad.

Up and down.—Sensation of something moving u. in stomach and bowels. Lyc.

Upright.—Cutting and violent pain in intestines, obliged to sit bent over, pressing with both hands, or to lean backward, cannot sit u. Kali-c.

Upward.—Flatulent colic, with pressure u., causing dyspnœa, and downward, causing urging to stool. Nux-v.

Pain in abdomen flying u. Bry.

Urethra (see section on Urinary Organs).—Stitches at origin of Poupart's ligament near left ilium extending downward then shooting to female u. Berb.

Urging.—Contractive pains in hypogastrium, like after-pains, with u. to stool. Coni.

Colic, with violent u. to stool. Sabad.

Flatulent colic, with pressure upward, causing dyspnœa, and downward causing u. to stool. Nux-v.

Griping pains; rumbling; u. to stool. Myrica.

Griping in abdomen, with great u. to stool. Rheum.

Tympanitic distention of abdomen; frequent u. to stool. Arn.

Pinching with pressure in abdomen, with rumbling, grumbling and u. to stool. Bism.

Sudden u., with hot pinching throughout abdomen. Gum-gut.

Violent colic; u.; pinching in hypogastrium. Canth.

Urinate (see section on Urinary Organs).—Colicky pains in right side of abdomen, extending into bladder, with frequent urging to u. Lyc.

Urinating (see section on Urinary Organs).—Rumbling, with pain in small of back and kidneys and slight urethral soreness when u. Ferr.

Urine (see section on Urinary Organs).—Ascites, with scanty u. Squilla.
Ascites with bruised feeling in abdomen and scanty u. **Apoc.**
Colic with bright red u.; relieved by eating. Bov.
Colic, with loss of appetite, hard stool, red u. Ant-c.
Peritonitis, with exudation; often with metritis; u. scanty. Apis.

Uterine (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Neuralgic pains in abdomen (u. diseases). Cimicif.
Stitches in abdomen arresting respiration, with u. inflammation. Croc.

Uterus (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Aching, pressive pain in hypogastrium, with bearing down in u. Apis.
Burning and pressure in hypogastrium, as if in u. Sulph-ac.
Distention in hypogastrium, as if u. was filled with wind. Phos-ac.
Lumps and welts on abdomen, in affections of u. Sec.

Vagina (see Female Sexual Organs).—Pressure as if viscera would be forced out towards sexual organs, with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from v. Bell.
Stitches in abdomen, extending into v. Ars.
Sticking in bowels like electric shocks extending to v. Kreas.

Vascular.—Enteritis with high fever, great v. excitement; vomiting; dark, bloody stools. Ver-v.

Vegetables.—Colic (from fruits and v.). Ver-a.

Veins.—V. distended on abdomen. Sep.

Vericose veins.—V. near right inguinal ring. Berb.

Vertigo.—Colic succeeded by vomiting, v. and weakness. Æth.

Vexation.—Colic-like spasmodic pain after v., spreading from umbilicus, better from frequent discharge of flatus. Coloc.
Pain in abdomen after v. Coloc.

Viscera.—V. drawn up against diaphragm. Spong.
Pressure, as if v. would be forced out towards sexual organs, with distention, then contraction of abdomen, followed by discharge of white mucus from vagina. Bell.
Weakness and sinking of abdominal muscles and v., extending down into pelvis; women have to sit down, to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Vomit (see vol ii., section on Stomach).—Incarcerated umbilical and inguinal hernia, with fecal v. Opi.

Vomiting (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Abdominal dropsy, sometimes with diarrhœa and v., and great oppression of breath. Apis.
Colic, with nausea, v. Dig.
Colic with v. Puls.
Colicky pains, intermittent, about umbilicus before v. or diarrhœa. Iris.

Colic, with convulsions, also v. Cic-v.
Colic about umbilicus, with chilliness, nausea and v., worse in evening. Puls.
Colic succeeded by v., vertigo and weakness. Æth.
Cramps, purging and v. Iris.
Enteritis with high fever, great vascular excitement; v.; dark, bloody stools. Ver-v.
Fermentation in abdomen, followed by v. Coff.
Horrible colic, with symptoms of collapse; convulsive v., hiccough. Cupr.
Hernia, recent and small; incarcerated; with bilious v., cold sweat, burning as from coals of fire. Acon.
Inflammation of hernial stricture, with bitter, bilious v. Acon.
Intussusception of bowels, with singultus, violent colic, stercoraceous v. and great agony. Cupr.
Intestinal obstruction, with violent colic and fecal v. Opi.
Intussusception, with colic and fecal v. Plumb.
Incarcerated hernia with bilious v. Acon.
Neuralgia of bowels, with nausea and retching, even v. of blood. Stann.
Peristaltic motion reversed, with belching and v. of fecal matter. Opi.
Painful retraction of abdomen when v. Ver-a.
Peritonitis, with v. and diarrhœa; skin cold; features sunken, pulse small, weak; restless, anxious. Ver-a.
Sharp cutting pains in bowels, sometimes with sour v., accompanied by excessive flatulence. Phos.
Soreness over abdomen, attended with nausea and v. Kali-bi.
Tympanitic distention of abdomen in circumscribed knotty swelling, large as fists, with obstruction of bowels and frequent v. Plumb.
Terrible colic; violent nausea and v., with copious watery diarrhœa and great prostration. Ver-a.
Terrible colic, pain begins in stomach radiates to shoulders, then involves whole abdomen, with retching and v., purging, coldness and cold sweat. Ver-a.

Vulva (See Female Sexual Organs).—Pressure in hypogastrium as if contents of abdomen would issue through v. Sep.

Waist.—Bloated around w. and abdomen, with flatus. Absinth.

Waking.—Colic about umbilicus with stitches, and difficult emission of flatus; with thirst, nausea, w. him at night. Ox-ac.
Pain at night w. prover, followed by number of greenish fetid, mucous stools, with noisy emission of flatus. Arg-n.

Walk.—Colic compelling to w. bent. Coloc., Puls., Rhus-t.
Colic pains and contraction in abdomen force him to w. bent. Bell., Coloc., Rhus-t. (Aloe, Caust., Iris, Nux-v., Rheum.)

Contraction and tension of abdominal muscles; has to w. bent forward. Arg-m.

Heaviness, with sensation as if abdomen hung down heavily, obliging her to w. bent. Carbo-v.

Sensation as if everything in abdomen would fall down, which obliged him to w. carefully. Nux-v.

Violent griping in hypogastrium so could hardly w. Sulph.

Walking.—Acute pain in umbilical region increased by w. Coloc.

Abdomen seems to hang down heavily, like a load, when w. Alu.

Bowels shake as if loose, on w. Merc.

Crampy pain, obliging careful w., so that abdomen would not be shaken. Prun-s.

Griping on w. Phos-ac.

Glands on left groin swollen; painful on w. Bapt.

Heavy weight and dragging in hypogastrium; has to stoop over when w. Sulph.

Painfulness when w. Phos., Ran-b., Sulph.

Pain in abdomen as if it would burst when w. Lach.

Pain in abdomen when w. Sulph. (China, Coloc., Ferr., Hyos., Phos., Ran-b., Ver-a.)

Pain in left inguinal region while w. Ustil.

Pain through right gland when w. Psor.

Pressure and tension in groins, as if a hernia would develop, especially when w. or standing. Berb.

Pain across abdomen after w. Lach.

Pain in bowels on taking a few steps, w. Coloc.

Pain in abdomen when w.; must bend forward; pain settles in ileo-cæcal region; sore, tender. Nitr-ac.

Sensation of heaviness in w. Ferr.

Sharp stitches in abdomen in region of os innominatum, only when w. Spig.

Soreness of abdomen and stomach, to touch, on w. Phos.

Sticking, darting, or else pressing sticking, tensive or oppressive dragging pain in groin, aggravated by w. Berb.

Swelling, redness, inflammation and pain in groin on touch or w. Merc.

Sticking in left side of hypogastrium on and after w. rapidly. China.

Stitches, lancinations, dartings in abdomen, particularly in left side, when w. Asaf.

Swelling about inguinal glands, with circumscribed redness, with pain on pressing or w. Merc.

Sensation as if bowels were loose and shaking about on w. Mang.

Swelling of inguinal glands, suppurative, with pain on w.; whole limb seems paralyzed and muscles tense. Nitr-ac.

Swelling of inguinal glands, which are sore when w. and painful at night. Clem. (Merc.)

Tenderness of abdomen, is aggravated by least jar of bed, or chair on which she sits; obliged in w. to step with great care for fear of a jar. Bell.

Tensive pain in inguinal region when w. Kreas.

Tension and drawing in inguinal region when w. Clem.

Violent pain in umbilical region whole forenoon, without intermission; it was situated at a spot about size of a hand and was a bruised pain; aggravated by w. but not by pressing. Coloc.

When w., he feels constantly a subdued colic in whole tract of intestines; they are painful when pressing upon integuments of abdomen. Ran-b.

Weight in left side when w., sitting and lying. Lyc.

Wall.—Twitching in left side between navel and flank, as if in muscles of w., then sticking deep in left side of back. Bry.

Tingling, numbness, quivering or aching of abdominal w. Calc-ph.

Walls.—Bruised feeling in abdominal w., which are extremely tender. Apis.

Cutting pain, with retraction of abdominal w. Am-c.

Externally, abdominal w. are tender to touch, when coughing or sitting, especially at stool. Puls.

Painful soreness of abdominal w. Hyos.

Sensation of soreness of abdominal w. Gels.

Tenderness of abdominal w. Bry.

Tension and sensitiveness of abdominal w. Bar-c.

Warm.—W. contraction, extending from umbilical region to chest, with nausea. Mang.

Pain in abdomen from w. food. Kali-c., Ol-an.

Warmth.—Pain relieved by external w. Alu., Bar-c., Cast-eq., Meph., Pallad., Sil.

Pain in bowels early in morning, better from external w. and bending forward while lying on side; worse lying on back. Podo.

Pains in abdomen, relieved by w. Sil.

Sensation of w. on abdomen and navel. Sulph-ac.

Sensation of w. on abdomen. Casc., Mang., Seneg.

Washed.—Big belly and emaciated limbs (in children who dislike to be w). Sulph.

Water.—Borborygmus; sounds as if w. running out of a bottle. Aloe.

Colic from cold w. Staph.

Cutting in abdomen after drinking cold w. Calc-ph.

Feeling as from hot w. pouring from chest to abdomen, followed by diarrhœa. Sang.

Gurgling in abdomen, as of w., and murmuring in hypogastrium. Carls.

Gurgling in intestines as though only w. were in them (Hell.); mostly on left side. Croton-tig.

Gurgling as if bowels were full of w. Hell. (Aloe.)

Loud gurgling in abdomen as if w. running out of bottle. Aloe.
Noise as if w. running out of bottle (Aloe), in evening. Jatr.
Pain in abdomen from drinking w. Croc., Teucr.
Rumbling in abdomen, and noise as from w. Phos-ac.
Sensation as of cold w. running through abdomen. Can-sat.
Sensation as of w. in abdomen. Casc., Hell., Phos-ac.
Swashing in intestines, as from w. Croton-tig.
Shuddering in abdomen, as if cold w. were moving through. Can-sat.

Weak.—W., burning, uneasy feeling in bowels, as of approaching diarrhœa. Ailanth.
W. feeling, as if diarrhœa would occur. Aloe.
W. feeling in abdomen. Magn-m.
W., faint feeling, as if diarrhœa would occur. Myrica.

Weakened.—Peristaltic action of bowels w. and stool retarded. Bry.

Weakness.—W. and emptiness after stool. Sep.
W. and sinking of abdominal muscles and viscera, extending down into pelvis; women have to sit down to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)
Colic succeeded by vomiting, vertigo and w. Æth.
Feeling of w. in abdomen, as if it would drop; wants to hold it up. Staph.
Feeling of w. in abdomen, as if diarrhœa would result. Aloe. (Physos.)
Griping, pinching colic; w., features sunken, staggering; face cold, pale, covered with clammy sweat; pulse thready. Hell.
Hernia, umbilical or inguinal, or w. of abdominal muscles, and sensation as if hernia would occur. Cocc.
Peculiar sensation of w. in epigastrium. Ign.
Sensation of w. in abdomen, extending to throat; relieved by eructations. Kalm.
Sensation of w. in abdomen. Borax, Ign., Lil-tig., Oleand., Phos., Staph.
Sensation of great w. and emptiness in abdomen; must lie down. Phos.
Sensation of w. in inguinal ring, as if hernia would occur; or pain as if a hernia would become incarcerated. Nux-v., Strych.
Twisting in abdomen and back, preceded by great w. before stool. Ver-a.

Weather.—Acute catarrhal enteritis during damp w. Gels.
Colic in mornings, during cold, misty w. Arg-n.

Weight.—W. in abdomen. Hell.
W. in bowels. Ferr.
W. in epigastrium; hypogastrium tense. Nux-m.
W. in left side when walking, sitting and lying. Lyc.
W. as from a stone in abdomen. Cupr.

Constriction or w. in bowels. Nux-v.

Heavy w. and dragging in hypogastrium; has to stoop over when walking. Sulph.

Load or w. in hypogastrium. Sep.

Pressing as of a w. in hypogastrium. Bell., Cocc., Diad., Sep.

Pressing as from a w. in epigastrium. Nux-v., Tarax.

Pain and w. in abdomen, on rising in morning. Sep.

Pressing as of a w. in navel. Spig. (Cocc., Lact., Verb.)

Pressure in epigastrium, as of a w. Caust.

Wild.—Intermittent boring pains often extending to chest, threatening suffocation; to small of back, kidneys, bladder and lower extremities, so violent at times that he was almost w., tossed about, pressed his fists into abdomen, followed by desire to stool. Plumb.

Wind (see Air, Gas, Flatus).—Great accumulation of w. in whole abdomen. Grat.

W. colic, with abdominal pulsations. Asaf.

W. in abdomen awakens her; screams thinking herself full of creeping things. Stram.

Abdomen feels swollen, as if distended with w. Lith-c.

Abdomen distended with w. Kali-c.

Cutting and griping in bowels, as from w. Spig.

Colic, frequent discharge of w. Aur.

Distention in hypogastrium, as if uterus was filled with w. Phos-ac.

Fixed w. (see Incarcerated flatulence). Natr-c., Natr-s.

Fixed w. in left side of abdomen. Iod.

Flatulence after meals; w. colic. Dios.

Great flatulent distention of abdomen and accumulation of flatus, with belching of w. Carb-ac. (Arg-n.)

Painless rumbling of w. in abdomen. Puls. (Painful. Lyc.)

Pressure in abdomen, as from w. Coff.

Rumbling and gurgling, w. cannot pass. Arg-n.

Severe colic; abdomen distended like a drum; w. passes off only in small quantities. Cham.

Shocks of pain in umbilical region up to epigastrium; nausea, straining and belching of w. Iris.

Tympanitic distention of abdomen, and passage of much w. Brom. (Aloe, Arn., China.)

Tension in afternoon from accumulated flatus, but w. or gas passed copiously and easily. Carbo-v.

Very painful distention of abdomen, rumbling; relieved by passing w. Asaf.

Winding.—W., wringing, whirling pain in navel. Cina, Nux-m.

W., wringing, whirling pain in abdomen. Berb., Ran-b., Rhus-t., Sulph-ac.

Women.—Great tympanitis (in hysterical w.), with fainting. Mosch.
Soreness in abdomen (of pregnant w.). Sep.
Weakness and sinking of abdominal muscles and viscera, extending down into pelvis; w. have to sit down to prevent seeming prolapsus. Natr-m. (Sep.)

Working.—Constant sensation of fermentation in abdomen, like a pot of yeast w. Lyc.

Worm.—W. colic. Valer.

Worms (see section on Rectum, also see Lumbrici).—W. Eucalyp. (Removes condition of mucous membrane which favor formation of w.)
W. in children. Spig. (Cina.)
Children frequently afflicted with **w.** Stann.
Colic from w. Sil., Spig.
Colicky pains in abdomen, as if caused by w. Sabad.
Cutting, pinching in abdomen, as from w. Cina.
Griping, pinching, from w. Cina.
Screwing pains at navel, as from w., with sleepiness. Nux-m.

Worse (see Aggravated).—Burning and cutting in intestines, w. from pressure or lying on right side. Acon.
Colic in children made w. at once by uncovering an arm or a leg. Rheum.
Cutting, flatulent colic, w. on bending double, Tart-em.
Colic from flatulence; abdomen full to bursting; w. from least motion, better from passing flatus. Carbo-v.
Cutting colic, with coldness, teeth chattering, limbs tremble; w. after stool. Bov.
Cutting in abdomen on appearance of menses, w. on motion, with tearing in small of back, during menstruation, with diarrhœa. Caust.
Colic after eating or drinking, obliging one to bend double, w. from sweet things. Sulph.
Colic, with cutting and twisting in umbilical region, in epigastrium, w. on motion, with tension in small of back. Caps.
Colic, w. after stool. Nux-v. (Better after stool. Coloc., Rhus-t.)
Cutting, pinching around umbilicus, as if grasped by hands, w. on motion. Ipec.
Colic about umbilicus, with chilliness, nausea and vomiting, w. in evening. Puls.
Drawing pains in abdomen, extending from both sides to umbilicus, w. on stooping. Acon.
Excruciating, tearing pain in bowels, w. at umbilicus. Plumb.
Griping, as from a hand, each finger seemingly sharply pressing into intestines; better during rest, much w. by motion. Ipec.
Gurgling flatus in descending colon, w. after eating. Aloe.
Griping, w. when at rest. Bov.

Inflammation of intestines and peritonæum, with intense burning and lacerating pains in umbilical region, intolerable on pressure, and w. turning on left side; with distention of abdomen, paroxysms of anguish, frequent hiccough. Acon.

Loud rumbling, with dull aching in hypogastrium and small of back; w. moving. Hydr.

Nervous irritation of intestines; abdomen distended, all symptoms w. after every unpleasant emotion. Nux-m.

Pain in bowels early in morning, better from external warmth and bending forward while lying on side; w. lying on back. Podo.

Pain in abdomen, causing her to bend double (Aloe, Coloc., Iris); w. from eating or tightening clothes. Caust.

Pains w. sitting bent. Alu.

Peritonitis, abdomen very tender, with aggravation from sleep, w. on right side. Lach.

Pain in abdomen w. after eating. Lob.

Painful soreness in whole abdomen, w. when riding in a carriage. Arg-m.

Violent cramp-like pains, as if abdomen would burst, with contractive eructations; w. after midnight. Nitr-ac.

Wringing.—Winding, w., whirling pains in abdomen. Berb., Ran-b., Rhus-t., Sulph-ac.

Writhes.—Child w. in every possible direction; doubles itself up and screams in great distress; it cries very hard. Coloc.

Writhing.—W. in abdomen. Agar.

W. pain in abdomen previous to stool. Caust.

W., twisting pain in abdomen about umbilical region. Calc-c.

W. around umbilicus. Plat.

W. and pinching in abdomen; in umbilicus. Sabin.

Intermittent w. and pinching in umbilical region. Sabin.

Winding, w., whirling pain in navel. Cina, Nux-m.

Yawning.—Griping at various times, sometimes when y., or after breakfast, or with cutting after dinner. Zinc.

Yeast.—Constant sensation of fermentation in abdomen, like a pot of y. working. Lyc.

Rumbling, as if full of y., with severe pain from sternum to back. Still.

Yellow.—Y. spots on abdomen. Ars., Canth., Carbo-v., Kali-c., Phos.,

Y. or brown spots on abdomen. Thuja.

Yellowness.—Colic, with y. of hands. Sil.

Zoster.—Herpes z. on abdomen. Graph., Rhus-t., Thuja.

ANUS, RECTUM AND STOOL.

Abdomen (see section on Abdomen).—Before stool, aching in a.; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Before stool: sudden and violent urgings; colic; pinching deep in a.; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling, white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Before and during stool, cutting in a. and sharp stitches in rectum, from above downward. Asar.

Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; a. sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Cholera Asiatica, with violent spasms in a. and cramps in legs and feet; general convulsions, with continual vomiting, and violent colic. Cupr.

Constipation with large a. and flatulence; stools too large. Bry.

Constipation with distended a. Bell., Magn-m.

Constipation with pains in a.; ineffectual urging; tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.

Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary, and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or watery, with bloated a. Ars.

Chronic watery diarrhœa, mornings, with pains in side of a. Coloc.

Cutting in a. during evacuation. Acon., Agar., Aloe, Ars., Caps., Cham., Chelid., Coloc., Iris, Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr., Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour-smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in a. after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Diarrhœa, with full feeling in a. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa, with sensation in a. of sharp stones rubbing together. Cocc.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic a. and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Diarrhœa consisting of yellowish-green, frothy water, forcibly evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in a., with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Diarrhœa preceded and followed by cutting in a. Am-c.

Diarrhœa, with colic, pain and tenderness of a. Acet-ac.

Diarrhœa, with distention of a. Sulph., Ver-a.

Diarrhœa, with pain in a. Agar., Ang., Ant-c., Asaf., Bov., Bry., Cansat., Canth., Cham., Coloc., Jalap., Merc., Merc-cor., Mez., Nux-v., Ol-an., Petr., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Stront., Sulph., Ver-a.

Diarrhœic stools with pinching and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful drawing in of stomach and a. Agar.

Desire to evacuate, with pain in a. Ars., Bar-c.

During stool, cutting in a.; after stool, shivering. Canth. (Merc.)

Distention of a. with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated. Arn.

Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great fear and restlessness accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and tearing pain in a. Acon.

Empty feeling in a. after evacuation. Sulph-ac., Ver-a.

Frequent passage of blood, with distended a. Bar-c.

Griping in a. during evacuation. Apis.

Liquid, yellow, fecal stools, with twisting pains in a. Bov.

Loose stool preceded and followed by cutting in a. Am-c.

Malignant dysentery, stools fetid, with great prostration, and excessive distention of a. Colch.

Pinching in a., with diarrhœa. Borax.

Pinching in a. during evacuation. Agar., Canth., Merc., Ver-a.

Pain in a. before evacuation. Am-m., Bar-c., Bry., Eugen., Rat., Thuja, Ver-a.

Pain in a. during evacuation. Ang., Ars., Bry., Merc., Merc-cor.

Retraction of a. during evacuation. Agar.

Rumbling in a. during evacuation. Chelid., Iris, Kali-bi.

Stinging stitches from anus to sacral region and a. Aloe.

Soreness in a. during evacuation. Euphorb.

Slimy, bloody stools, violent pains in a.; tenesmus, urging, between discharges. Acon.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole a., twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in a., with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Stools: greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in a., offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Tenesmus, with nausea and pain in a. Rhus-t.

Tearing in a. during evacuation. Aloe, Cop.

Twisting in a. during evacuation. Bov.

Thin, fluid stool, passed only part at a time, by straining, with pai in a. Diad.

Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in back, and feeling across a. as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.

Abdominal.—After great urging and straining until a. walls are sore, stool that has already protruded slips back again. Sil.

Constipation from a. plethora; stools hard and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when after much violent effort of a. muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

Throbbing in rectum and through a. cavity. Æsc.

Ability (see Power).—No desire for and no a. to pass stool, until there is a large accumulation. Alu.

Absence.—Cholera: a. of discharges; body icy cold. Camph.

Diarrhœa: stools mixed with mucus and blood; great a. of animal heat. Led.

Accumulation.—No desire for and no ability to pass stool, until there is a large a. Alu.

Aching.—A. in anus. Sulph.

A. and pressure in the rectum; worse nights, with bleeding piles. Lyc.

A. and fullness in rectum after evacuation. Gymnoc., Lyc.

Anal fissure; severe sharp, cutting pain during stool, followed by constriction and a. for several hours. Graph.

Before stool, a. in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Frequent a. and straining in anus. Sulph.

Hæmorrhoids, with a. and lameness or shooting in sacrum and small of back, with fullness in region of liver. Æsc.

Protruding piles, a., itching and sore; oozing of a yellow fluid. Calc-ph.

Soreness, a., or stitches in anus. Sep.

Stool large, soft, with tenesmus and a. in sphincter ani. Kobalt.

Thin, watery diarrhœa, preceded by sharp, a. pains in bowels. Eucalyp.

Acid (see Sour).—A. stools from early morning till noon; desire for stool continually. Arg-n.

Diarrhœa, a., putrid stools. Coloc.

Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by a. fruits; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing a diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Thin, watery, a. stools that produce great excoriation. Sulph.

Tendency to diarrhœa and a. stomach, and prolapsus recti. Calc-c.

Acidity.—Excessive a. (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this a. extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Acids.—Aggravation: in morning; from a.; in warm room; from motion. Apis.

Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from a.; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Acrid.—A., excoriating stool. Ars., China, Merc., Puls., Sulph.

A., corrosive moisture from rectum. Carbo-v.

A., slimy stools. Ars.

A. diarrhœa. Ant-c.

Chronic diarrhœa of mucus and fecal matter; itching, soreness, and discharge of a. fluid from anus. Sulph.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucous and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish-gray; a. and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa at night, stool consisting of green and a. mucus, preceded by commotion in bowels. Puls.

Diarrhœa: stools irregular, frothy, a., bilious. Still.

Diarrhœa: bilious and a. stools, with soreness of anus. Bry.

During stool: stitches and a. feeling in anus. China.

Frequent, small, thin, dark, offensive and a. stools (Ars.), consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.

Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning, a. stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

Profuse, light-colored, a. stools. Hydr.

Stools so a. that they cause great excoriation. Ars.

Stools black, a. and putrid. Ars.

Stools offensive, pasty, or bilious and a. Bry.

Sour, a. diarrhœa (in children stools are green). Alu.

Action.—Inharmonious muscular a., irritation and hyperæsthesia, in either constipation or diarrhœa. Sulph.

Most obstinate constipation, with feeling as if all a. of bowels had been lost. Æth.

Urging to stool, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic a. or power and cannot expel feces, which are not hard. Hep-s.

Adheres.—Stool a. to rectum and anus, like soft clay. Plat.

Adhering.—A., clay-like stool. Plat.

Dysentery; infantile diarrhœa of cholera infantum, bloody mucus mixed with green, watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and a. there. Magn c.

Adhesive.—Stool of a. mucus. Caps.

Adults.—Chronic diarrhœa (of a.). Agn.

Diarrhœa (in a.). Camph. (At commencement, in majority of cases, a dose or two of Camphora will arrest at once.—W. D. G.)

After.—A. stool, tenesmus and burning at anus. Bov.

A. stool, tenesmus. Kali-bi.

A. stool, griping, but no straining. Lept.

A. a thin, pappy stool, troublesome feeling, as if still more remained and would pass. Aloe.

A. stool, burning in anus; trembling weakness. Carbo-v.

A. stool, tingling in rectum, as from worms. China.

A. stool, burning in anus. Bry. (Ars., Caps.)

A. stool, itching or burning at anus; anus feels as if lacerated. Kali-c.

A. stool, feeling of great relief in abdomen, as though an irritating substance were removed from intestines. Gum-gut.

A. stool, remission of pains and urging. Rhus-t.

A. stool, lassitude; sleepiness. Ipec.

A. stool, sensation as if something remained, and as if stool had been insufficient. Sulph.

A. stool, nausea, and cramp in calves; dryness in throat. Ox-ac.

Anus constricted a. evacuations. Ign., Lach., Mez., Nux-m., Plat., Stront., Sulph.

Anxiety in chest, a. stool, heat in face and inclination to sweat. Caust.

Burning in rectum a. evacuation. Am-m., Ars., Bry., Grat., Kali-c., Natr-m., Natr-s., Petr., Phos., Sabad., Tereb.

Burning, relieved a. stool. Clem.

Burning, stinging in anus before, during and a. stool. Berb. (Sil.)

Burning in anus, subdued pulse and palpitation of heart a. stool. Caust.

Burning in anus a. stool. Æsc., Aloe, Carbo-v. (Ars., Caps., Merc., Nitr-ac., Sulph.)

Burning and pressure in rectum during a stool; burning in anus a. stool. Sulph.

Burning and tingling at anus, a. stool, with sensation as if worms were crawling about, sometimes with spasms. Tereb.

Burning at anus a. stool, with stitches in rectum. Tart-em.

Burning at anus, as if on fire, a. stool. Iris.

Burning in anus a. dry, hard stool. Sil.

Burning in rectum and anus a. stool, with exhaustion. Phos.

Burning in anus as from salt in a wound, a. slimy diarrhœa. Prun-s.

Burning and stinging in anus and rectum a. stool. Petr.

Burning in anus before and a. stool. Oleand.

Burning and cutting in anus and rectum during and a. stool; with sexual excitement. Natr-c.

Burning at anus, and pain, as from excoriation, during and a. stool. Magn-m.

Biting, sore sensation in and around anus a. stool. Kali-c.
Blood before, during or a. stools. Merc.
Blind, painful hæmorrhoids internally during and a. black stool; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.
Before, during and a. stools, constant tenesmus and urging to stool. Merc-cor.
Before stool, rumbling; after stool, chilliness. Puls.
Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; a. stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.
Cutting pains before and a. stool in anus. Sulph.
Cutting in rectum a. evacuation. Natr-c.
Constipation, with frequent and ineffectual desire for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; a. stool, sensation as if more remained, but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.
Creeping in rectum a. evacuation. Mez., Teucr.
Creeping in anus a. evacuations. Mez.
Cholera infantum, waking up frightened, shortly a. a dark or black diarrhœic stool; very offensive. Psor.
Chill before and a. stool. Mez.
Chills a. evacuations. Canth., Grat., Mez., Ox-ac., Pæon., Plat.
Chilliness a. stool. Plat.
Chilliness in back a. evacuations. Puls.
Chilliness, tenesmus a. stool; prolapsus ani. Canth.
Colic before and a. stools. Am-c.
Colic; burning and tenesmus before, during and a. stool; chilliness between stools. Merc.
Constriction a. stool. Æsc.
Constrictive sore pain in rectum, as from blind piles, for one or two hours a. stool. Ign. (Natr-m.)
Continual sensation a. stool, as if had just been to stool or just recovered from pain in anus. Berb.
Diarrhœa a. meals. China. (During meals. Ferr.)
Diarrhœa: frequent; thin, involuntary with flatus; soft a. eating. Ign.
Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and a. sleep; burning in anus during and a. stool. Lach.
Diarrhœa; great pain during and a. stool, as though anus was fissured. Nitr-ac.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour-smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen a., and shuddering, shivering during stool. Rheum.
Desire for stool a. a meal. Rheum.
Dark blood a. stool. Vib-op.
During stool, cutting in abdomen; a. stool, shivering. Canth. (Merc.)
Distressing contraction of sphincter ani, painful a. stool, and when walking or standing, relieved by sitting. Ign.

Discharge of black blood a. stool. Lob.
Discharge of thin red blood or mucus from rectum a. stool. Calad.
Discharge of blood during and a. stool. Am-c.
Discharge of prostatic fluid a. stool. Am-c.
Dysentery, with colic before, during and a. stool. Staph.
Dysentery, burning at anus as from pepper a. every stool, thirst and shivering, and every drink, shuddering. Caps.
Drowsiness a. evacuations. Bry.
Exhaustion a. evacuations. Merc., Sulph., Nitr-ac., Podo., Sec., Sep., Ver-a.
Extreme constipation, unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; a. stool a sensation as if something still remained, stool hard and dry as if burnt. Sulph.
Excoriation in anus a. evacuation, with contraction of rectum and anus. Alu. (Natr-m., Sil.)
Empty feeling in abdomen a. evacuation. Sulph-ac., Ver-a.
Fainting a. evacuations. Croton-tig.
Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen a. stool. Podo.
Flatulence a. evacuations. Cimex, Coni., Lyc., Natr-s.
Frequent, small stool, consisting of mucus with prostration and necessity to lie down a. stool. Arn.
Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture, pain in rectum as if being torn or cut with knife; or spasmodic contraction of anus many hours a. stool. Nitr-ac.
Fissures more in rectum than in anus a. stool. Nitr-ac. (Graph., Sil.)
General soreness a. evacuation. Calc-c.
Great faintness during and a. each stool. Aloe.
Griping before, during and a. stool. Aloe. (Merc.)
Headache a. stool. Coni., Kobalt, Rat.
Hard feces as if burnt, with pressure, bearing down before and a. stool. Plat.
Hunger a. evacuations. Petr.
Hæmorrhoids: sore, blind; protruding a. stool, with pressing in rectum, as if everything would come out. Rhus-t.
Hæmorrhoids, with itching or burning, particularly a. stool, which is hard and covered with blood. Berb.
Hæmorrhoids sore on wiping, a. stool. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids protrude a. stool, with constriction of sphincter. Lach.
Hæmorrhoids protrude during diarrhœa, with stitches and burning a., for hours. Kali-c.
Itching of anus relieved a. stool. Clem.
Itching at anus, worse a. sleep. Lach.
Inactivity of rectum; full feeling even a. stool. Sep.
Intensely painful hæmorrhoids; protrude a. stool, become incarcerated and suppurate; often accompanied with fistula. Sil.

Lancinating pain from anus upward, especially a. stool. Sulph.
Large hæmorrhoids, violent burning and sticking in anus; pressing in rectum during and a. stool. Sulph.
Much burning in rectum during and for hours a. stool. Am-m. (Aloe, Ars., Mur-ac., Sulph.)
Much burning pain in anus a. stool. Hell.
Nausea a. evacuations. Acon., Caust., Croton-tig., Kali-bi., Ox-ac., Zing.
Old hæmorrhoidal tumors, secreting much slime, and bleeding profusedly a. stool. Nitr-ac.
Perspiration a. evacuations. Acon., Croton-tig., Merc., Sulph.
Pressure in rectum a. stool. Puls.
Pressing in anus during and a. pasty stool. Sulph-ac.
Pressing in rectum a. evacuation. Caust., Kalm., Nux-v., Phos., Seneg.
Papescent stool, with tenesmus and feeling in anus as a. a hard stool. Selen.
Palpitation of heart, sometimes intermittent a. stool. Coni.
Protrusion of rectum a. stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach.
Pain in rectum during and long a. stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.
Pain in perinæum a. stool. Lyc.
Pain in rectum a. evacuation. Asar., Grat., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nux-v., Petr., Phos., Puls., Seneg.
Pain in anus a. evacuations. Alu., Coloc., Lyc.
Pain in abdomen a. evacuation as if diarrhœa would occur. Natr-m.
Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling in abdomen, and burning at anus a. stool. Kali-c.
Pricking in anus a. evacuations. Iris.
Pulsation in anus, a. stool, that continues all day. Sulph.
Prolapsus ani a. stool. Æsc.
Prolapsus ani a. evacuations. Ign. (Ars., Merc., Podo., Sep.)
Prolapsus of rectum a. evacuation. Croton-tig., Iris, Mez.
Prolapsed feeling with backache, a. stool. Æsc.
Rectum closes firmly a. discharge of small white stool. Cimex.
Ripping up sensation a. stool. Natr-m.
Relaxation a. evacuation. Calc-c., Nitr-ac., Phos.
Rawness in anus a. stool. Apis.
Rending in anus a. evacuations. Kali-c.
Shuddering a. evacuation. Canth., Mez., Plat.
Severe cutting pain in anus, a. stool. Æsc.
Sensation a. stool as if more remained in rectum. Aloe. (Nux-v.)
Sensation of prolapsus ani a. a hard stool. Æsc.
Sensation a. stool as if something remained. Sulph.
Sensitiveness a. evacuation. Nitr-ac.

Smarting in anus a. stools. Agar., Corn-c.
Smarting, sore pain in rectum a. stool. Staph.
Smarting more in rectum than in anus, immediately a. stool, and continuing two or three hours; sometimes prolapsus ani or discharge of blood accompanies these symptoms. Nitr-ac.
Sticking, cutting pains in anus a. stool. Aloe.
Sticking and scraping in rectum and anus a. a stool. Nitr-ac.
Stitches or sticking in rectum, and spasmodic constriction in anus during and a. stool. Nitr-ac. (Sil.)
Spasmodic pain before and a. stool. Lach.
Scanty, bilious, slimy stool with flatus and tenesmus; during and a., burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.
Stitches in rectum a. evacuation. Cham.
Straining before and a. stool. Sulph.
Soreness a. stool as if raw. Sulph.
Soreness as if skin were cracked, a. slimy stool. Thuja.
Sore pain in anus immediately a. a stool. Puls.
Sharp pain in rectum a. stool and a. eating. Nux-v.
Stools of pure mucus; or mucus, blood, and bile, with great faintness and distress a. stool, from portal congestion. Polyp.
Tenesmus during and a. stools. Bell., Hydroph.
Tenesmus a. stool. Kobalt., Merc., Sulph., Tabac.
Tenesmus a. stool; diarrhœa, discharge of flatus before stool. Cocc.
Tenesmus during and a. loose stools. Tart-em.
Trembling a. evacuation. Coni.
Thirst a. evacuation. Caps., Dulc., Ox-ac.
Throbbing in anus a. evacuations. Berb., Lach.
Tremulous weakness a. every stool. Coni.
Tingling in rectum a. evacuation. China.
Urgency to evacuate a. evacuations. Æth., Croton-tig., Dig., Lach., Lyc., Merc-cor., Nicc., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Rheum, Staph., Tabac., Tarax., Therid.
Vertigo a. evacuation. Petr.
Vomiting a. evacuation. Eugen., Kali-bi., Merc-cor.
Violent burning in anus a. diarrhœic stool. Canth. (Ars., Bry., Caps., Merc., Nitr-ac.)
Violent burning in anus and rectum, with great exhaustion a. stool. Phos. (Ars., China.)
Very distressing, persistent tenesmus, and cutting, colicky pains; a. stool burning and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.
Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness a. every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.
Weight in anus a. evacuations. Aloe.

Weakness a. evacuation. Ars., Bov., Calc-c., Carbo-v., China, Coloc., Coni., Ipec., Lach., Mez., Nitr-ac., Petr., Podo., Sep., Thuja, Ver-a.

Weakness, or loss of power (paralysis) of sphincter ani, which is incompletely closed a. a stool, so that keeping anus clean was difficult. Aloe.

Afternoon.—Frequent, loud passage of flatus, whole a. Caust.

Hard stool in morning after much urging and straining, with natural evacuation in a. Ran-b.

Morning, a. and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas, and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

Diarrhœa in a. Aloe, Bell., Borax, China, Dulc., Laur.

Afternoons.—Contractive pain in rectum, preventing sitting, a. Cocc.

Aged people.—Constipation of a., or of those with weak heart. Phyt.

Irregular stools; diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Iod. (In a. Ant-c.)

Alternate diarrhœa and constipation (Cimicif., Card., Natr-ars., Nux-v., Podo.) of a. Ant-c.

Diarrhœa of a. Ant-c.

Aggravated (see Worse).—Chronic diarrhœa a. during menses. Am-m.

Diarrhœa in warm weather; a. by acid fruits; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Desire for stool a. by moving about or walking. Rheum.

Tearing, sticking and constricting pain, as from a. blind piles. Nux-v.

Aggravates.—Thinking of symptoms a. Ox-ac.

Aggravation.—A.: when walking or standing; after eating; when passing urine. Aloe.

A.: in morning; from acids; in warm room; from motion. Apis.

A.: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

A.: after drinking; while urinating; while eating. Croton-tig.

A.: after eating; from fruit; after vexation, indignation or grief from ill-treatment; during dentition. Coloc.

A.: at night; after ice cream; after fruit (strawberries). Puls.

Chronic diarrhœa, accompanying chlorosis, with depraved appetite and a. on alternate days. Alu.

Infantile diarrhœa; a. from boiled milk; rapid exhaustion.. Sep.

Aggravations.—A. Sulph.

Aid.—Constipation; stool so hard and impacted that it requires mechanical a. Selen.

Constipation: stools large, hard, dry balls, expelled with difficulty, requiring mechanical a. Vib-op.

Air.—Aversion to open, cold a. after evacuation. Mez.

Colic and diarrhœa, caused by cold evening a. Merc.

Diarrhœa worse: in wet weather; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in cold evening a. Natr-s.

Nightly diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open a.; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Albuminuria (see section on Urinary Organs).—Bilious stool (in a.). Tereb.

Alcohol.—Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of a. Ars.

Ale.—Amelioration of pains in anus by drinking beer or a. Aloe.

Alike.—Diarrhœa; stools watery, gushing, changeable in color; no two a. Sulph.

Nightly diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools a.; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Alkaline.—Cholera infantum of a. or fat, chubby, pale children, with light-green, frothy stools, nausea and vomiting. Ipec.

Alternate.—A. diarrhœa and constipation. Am-m., Bry., Chelid., Cimicif., Cupr., Ign., Iod., Kobalt., Lach., Natr-m., Nux-v. (Ant-c., Arg-n., Ars., Kali-bi., Rhus-t., Ruta, Tart-em.)

A. diarrhœa and constipation (Cimicif., Card., Natr-ars., Nux-v., Podo.) of old people. Ant-c.

A. diarrhœa and constipation (from enlargement of mesenteric glands in children, with acrid stools). Sulph.

A. slimy stools and constipation. Acon.

A constipation and papescent stool. Natr-m.

Constipation and diarrhœa, a. (in dyspepsia). Arg-n.

Alternately.—Frequent ineffectual urging to stool, a. with liquid stools. Natr-c.

Hard and soft stool a. Ars., Borax, Iod., Lach., Magn-s., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Phos.

Alternating.—Constipation: with convulsions; cardialgia; a. with diarrhœa. Stram.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice-water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting a. at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Diarrhœa a. with headache. Podo.

Irregular stools; diarrhœa, a. with constipation. Iod. (In aged or old people. Ant-c.)

Fistula in ano, a. with chest symptoms. Calc-ph.

Squeezing, constrictive pain in colon and rectum, a. with shooting or jerks toward perinæum. Bell.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and pressing towards anus and genitals, a. with painful contraction of anus. Bell.

Amelioration (see Better).—A. of pains in anus by drinking beer or ale. Aloe.

Anæmia.—A. after summer complaint; feeble; pallid, white skin. Carbo-v.

Anger.—Cutting, griping, followed by frequent urging to stool (after a. or fright). Acon.

Diarrhœa (during dentition) from cold; a.; chagrin. Cham.

Diarrhœa from a. and chagrin. Acon., Cham.

Anguish.—Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without a. and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.

Angular.—Cramp-like pain, as if an a. body pressed inward in right side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

Animal.—Diarrhœa; stool mixed with mucus and blood; great absence of a. heat. Led.

Ankles (see section on Extremities).—Copious diarrhœic stools, with rheumatic pains in a., but not in wrists. Bry.

Anorexia —Diarrhœa, with a. Nux-m.

Anticipation.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); a. of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels. (Arg-n.)

Ants.—Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation as from a. Sec.

Anxiety.—A. during evacuations. Cham., Merc., Ver-a

A. in chest, after stool, heat in face and inclination to sweat. Caust.

A. before evacuations. Ant-c., Ars., Bar-c., Caust., Cham., Croton-tig., Kali-c., Merc.

Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching, deep in abdomen; rumbling; a., distressed feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great a. and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Choleraic stools with collapse, deathly a. and restlessness. Acon.
Constipation, ineffectual urging, with a. and red face. Caust.
Cramp in rectum whole forenoon; a griping and stitching, with great a.; was not able to sit, but was obliged to walk about. Calc-c.
Desire to evacuate, with a. Ambr., Caust.
Diarrhœa, with a. Ant-c., Lach., Merc.

Anxious.—Frequent ineffectual desire for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her a.; at this time presence of other persons becomes unbearable. Ambr.

Aphthous.—Soft, light yellow stool, of slimy mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing infants with a. sore mouth). Borax.

Appetite (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Chronic diarrhœa accompanying chlorosis, with depraved a. and aggravation on alternate days. Alu.
Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps; ravenous a. Calc-c.
Diarrhœa; stools undigested, or like chopped eggs, with loss of a. (in summer, with children). Nux-m.

Apples.—Stool from fruits (a., pears). Borax.

Apprehension.—A. on going to church or opera, bringing on diarrhœa. Arg-n. (Gels.)

Arms (see section on Extremities).—Hæmorrhoids: bleeding, with intolerable pain in sitting; with cramps in a. Phos-ac.
Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of a. and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Around.—Itching in and a. anus (in old men). Fluor-ac.

Ascarides (see Pin worms).—A. Eucalyp. (Use an injection.)
Expulsion of a. Ferr., Sep. (Merc., Spig.)
A. Agn., Calc-c., Cina, Ferr., Ign., Magn-s., Spig., Sulph., Teucr., Valer.
A. in rectum, with itching at anus at night (in children). Ferr.
A., itching commencing toward bed-time and troubling for hours. Calc-c.
A. and lumbrici. Magn-c.
A., with creeping and itching and nightly restlessness; worse from warmth of bed. Teucr.
A., lumbrici or tape-worm. Sulph.
Crawling in rectum, as from a. Carbo-v., Hep-s.
Crawling in rectum; expulsion of a. Bar-c.
Creeping in anus, as of a. Croc.
Crawling in rectum and anus, as of a. Sabad.
Discharge of a. during evacuations. Ferr., Magn-s., Sulph.
Discharge of a. and lumbrici. Merc. (Cina, Ferr., Spig., Sep.)
Inflammation, soreness, stitches and tingling as from a. in varices. Kali-c.

Ineffectual urging; stool of large lumps of mucus; lumbrici; a. Spig.
Itching, tingling and titillation of anus, as of a. Agar., Spig.
Prickling and crawling in rectum as of a. Calc-c.
Stools: involuntary, white; discharge of lumbrici and a. Cina.

Ash-colored.—A. stool. Asar., Dig.
Violent diarrhœa: stools white as clay; chalky; a.; whitish or ash-gray, fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish, filled with mucus. Dig.

Ash-gray.—Violent diarrhœa: stools white as clay; chalky; ash-colored; whitish or a., fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish filled with mucus. Dig.

Ashy.—Diarrhœa: stools offensive, painful, grayish, a. Aur.

Asphyxia (see Suffocation).—Cholera, with marble coldness of whole body, pulselessness, and rapid progress of disease towards a. Hydroc-ac.

Asunder.—With stool, pain in rectum as if something would be torn a. Nitr-ac. (Sulph-ac.)

Attempts.—Ineffectual a. at stool. Æsc.

Attempt.—Only wind (flatus) from an a. at stool. Aloe.

Autumn.—Dysentery (in a.). Merc. (Colch.)
Dysentery (in a.); white mucus, or bloody stool. Colch.
Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs, and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever (in a. or in hot weather). Bapt.

Autumnal.—A. diarrhœa; much griping about umbilicus. Ipec.

Aversion.—A. to open cold air after evacuation. Mez.
Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, a. to heat and being covered, crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.
Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with a. to heat or being covered. Sec.

Awakened.—A. early morning by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.

Awakens.—Sticking in rectum a. four o'clock in morning. Magn-c.
Stool very offensive, smells horrible; child always a. in distress. Lach.

Awaking.—Morning diarrhœa: brown and watery, preceded by urging and pain in abdomen, a. patient at four o'clock. Rumex.

Away.—Constipation: stool so hard and impacted that it must be taken a. Selen.

Back (see section on Back).—Blind hæmorrhoids, preceded by pains in small of b. Puls.
Constipation; pain in small of b.; large quantities of blood from rectum, with hard, difficult stool. Psor.
Constipation: stools difficult and painful; pain from b. to pubes. Sabin.

Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, light colored; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled, it slips b. again. Sil.

Constipation with hæmorrhoids, attended with severe pain in b., like lumbago. Euony.

Cramps in rectum and small of b., like labor-pains. Lyc.

Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs and small of b.; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in hot weather. Bapt.

Dysentery, with pain in b. Puls. (Ars., Kali-jod.)

Dysenteric stools of clear yellow, red or green slime; pain in b. with straining. Puls.

Diarrhœa and tenesmus, with pain in small of b., as if in a vise. Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa, with pain in b. Ferr., Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa, with pain extending from b. through to pubes (in rheumatic, gouty females). Sabin.

Desire to evacuate, with sweat on b. Kali-bi.

Desire to evacuate, with pain in b. Rat.

Frequent soft stool of yellow mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or pain in b. Puls.

Hæmorrhoids, with enlarged prostate; intense pain in b. and through whole pelvis. Staph.

Hæmorrhoids, with aching and lameness, or shooting in sacrum and small of b., with fullness in region of liver. Æsc.

Hæmorrhoids, with feeling as if b. would break. Bell.

Heat in b. after evacuation. Podo.

Piles, either blind or flowing, with discharge of venous blood, and violent bearing-down pains in small of b., towards anus. Sulph.

Pain in b. during stool. Carbo-an., Cupr., Kali-jod., Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Stront., Tabac.

Pain in b. with constipation. Colch.

Suppression of piles, with hæmorrhoidal colic, congestion, palpitation, rigidity of small of b., as if bruised. Sulph.

Stitch from anus through to small of b. into left groin; worse on inspiring. Croc.

Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness or a shuddering over b., then urging to stool, which is insufficient. Colch.

Sudden irresistible urging to stool; soreness in lumbar region of b.; chills over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

Tenesmus is peculiar: an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held b. on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in b. and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.

Violent pain in small of b. during soft stool, with tenesmus and burning. Tabac.

Backache (see section on Back).—B. before evacuations. Nux-v., Puls.

Before stool: cutting about umbilicus; b. as if broken; constant urging. Nux-v.

Constipation with b. Lach., Psor.

Constipation: stools hard and difficult, followed by b. Ferr.

Dysentery, with b., violent tenesmus, nausea and vomiting. Nux-v.

During stool: b.; violent tenesmus. Nux-v.

Difficult stool, with much b. and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

Hæmorrhoids, with frequent desire to stool, but little passed at a time; bearing-down feeling in rectum and b. Nux-v.

Prolapsed feeling, with b. after stool. Æsc.

Straining and b. with soft stool. Puls.

Stool with much wind, colic and b. Sars.

Backward.—Diarrhœa, with sensation as if umbilicus were being pulled b., with actual retraction. Plumb.

Bad eggs.—Cholera infantum, with putrid discharges like b.; with brain symptoms. Carb-ac.

Stools smelling like b. Cham.

Thin, offensive stools, smelling like b. Calc-c.

Ball.—Sensation in anus as if sitting on a b., as if anus and part of urethra were filled by a hard round body. Can-ind. (Sep.)

Sensation of plug, lump or b. in rectum. Sep.

Sensation of weight or ball in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep. (The uterus is found to be prolapsed, and pressing down upon rectum causes the sensation.—W. D. G.)

Balls.—Constipation: stools dark, in very hard b., with painless straining. Mez.

Constipation: stools, little b., or lumps like sheep's dung, passed after great straining (Magn-m.), with burning. Natr-c.

Constipation: stools composed of hard, black b., with violent griping in abdomen. Opi.

Constipation: stools greasy, hard, in lumps or b., like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Opi., Magn-m.); black or green color; passed with difficulty Plumb.

Constipation: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part small; stools in round black b.; chronic (with children); as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.

Constipation, with feces in b. and hæmorrhoids from congestive inertia of lower bowels (in latter months of pregnancy). Collins.
Constipation: stools large, hard, dry b., expelled with difficulty, requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.
Constipation: feces hard impacted b. Colch.
Costiveness for weeks, nothing but small hard b. being passed. Opi.
Feces in form of b.; often hard, and of a black or green color. Plumb.
Hard stool, in b. Alu. (Magn-c.)
Obstinate constipation; stools: in hard b. Thuja.
Stool consisting of little b., like peas. Natr-c.
Stool hard, in small b., or nuts, or like sheep's dung. Cimex.

Bear (see Endure).—Exceeding tenderness of anus; cannot b. least touch, not even of clothes. Mur-ac.

Bearing down.—B. pain in rectum and anus. Apoc.
Constipation, violent urging to urinate, stool small, with much b. Sars.
Chronic diarrhœa, patient feels as if stool might occur at any time, with disposition to strain, and b. Iris.
Constant b. pressure in rectum and urging to stool. Sulph.
Copious diarrhœic stools, with b. in rectum. Corn-c.
Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes (Mur-ac.), with constant b. and urging in rectum. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids, with frequent desire to stool, but little passed at a time; b. feeling in rectum, and backache. Nux-v.
Hard feces, as if burnt, with pressure, b. before and after stool. Plat.
Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and b. Podo.
Piles, either blind or flowing, with discharge of venous blood, and violent b. pains in small of back towards anus. Sulph.
Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; b.; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.
Stools of masses of epithelium connected by muco-lymph, looking red, or green, or shreddy, with severe b. in hypogastrium Arg-n.
Urging to stool early in morning, with b. in hypogastrium. Corn-c.

Beaten.—Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like b. or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Beating.—B. in anus, as with hammers. Lach.
B., as of a small hammer, in rectum. Lach.
Blind hæmorrhoids; with sticking, b., or pressive pain in rectum and anus. Nux-v.
Crawling and violent b. in anus, in evening in bed. Teucr.
Fistula in anus, with sensation of throbbing, or b. with little hammer. Lach.

Bed.—Aggravations early in morning in b. Sulph.

Ascarides, with creeping and itching, and nightly restlessness, worse from warmth of b. Teucr.

Before stool, sudden urging, driving out of b. Rumex.

Burning at anus, prevents sleep at night; must rise from b. on account of this and tenesmus. Am-c.

Crawling and violent beating in anus, in evening in b. Teucr.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in b. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa some hours after midnight, or driving out of b. early in morning. Sulph. (Aloe, Nux-v., Podo., Rumex.)

Diarrhœa early in morning, driving out of b. Dios. (Aloe, Bry., Nux-v., Phos., Podo., Rumex, Sulph.)

Itching at anus at night in b. Lyc.

Stool evacuated rapidly and almost involuntarily; cannot rise from b. quick enough. Sulph.

Urging wakens at night, drives out of b. at six o'clock a. m. Aloe.

Watery, yellow, painless stools in b. without consciousness of it. Hyos. (Phos-ac.)

Bed-time.—Ascarides, itching commencing toward b., and troubling for hours. Calc-c.

Been.—Continual sensation after stool, as if had just b. to stool or just recovered from pain in anus. Berb.

Beer.—B. relieves pain in anus. Aloe.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour b.; cadaverous smelling, chocolate-colored, worse at night. China.

Beets.—Stool profuse, full of bright red lumps, like chopped b. Apis.

Before.—B. stool: urgent pressure, waking patient in morning. Kali-bi.

B. stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

B. stool: rumbling in abdomen; nausea. Chelid.

B. stool, slight cutting. Carbo-v.

B. stool, cutting colic, writhing pains about umbilicus. Caps.

B. and during stool, cutting in abdomen and sharp stitches in rectum, from above downward. Asar.

B. stool: cutting colic; great urging. Coloc.

B. stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

B. stool, burning in rectum. Rhus-t.

B. stool, sudden urging, driving out of bed. Rumex.

B. stool: constant urging, with nausea and tearing colic; cutting. Rhus-t.

B. stool, rumbling; after stool chilliness. Puls.
B. stool, headache. Ox-ac.
B. stool: cutting about umbilicus; backache, as if broken; constant urging. Nux-v.
B., during and after stools, constant tenesmus and urging to stool. Merc-cor.
Anxiety b. evacuations. Ant-c., Ars., Bar-c., Caust., Cham., Croton-tig., Kali-c., Merc.
Brown, watery diarrhœa occurring early in morning, with rumbling about umbilicus, and colic b. stool. Rumex.
Blood b., during or after stools. Merc.
Burning in anus b. and during a diarrhœa-like stool. Rat.
Burning in anus b. and after stool. Oleand.
Burning in anus b. evacuations. Aloe, Berb., Fluor-ac., Iris, Oleand., Rat.
Burning, stinging in anus b., during and after stool. Berb. (Sil.)
Backache b. evacuations. Nux-v., Puls.
Colic b. and during stool. Aloe, Alu.
Colic b. and after stool. Am-c.
Colic in umbilical region, b. diarrhœa. Aloe.
Colic; burning and tenesmus b., during and after stool; chilliness between stools. Merc.
Colic b. a loose stool. Sulph.
Colic b. stool. Colch., Rheum. (Coloc., Merc.)
Colic b. evacuations only in daytime. Petr.
Colic b. evacuations. Alu., Ars., Bry., Merc., Petr., Puls., Sulph., Ver-a.
Chill b. evacuations. Mez. (Aloe, Ars., Bar-c., Benz-ac., Dig.)
Chill b. and after stool. Mez.
Chill in rectum b. evacuations. Lyc.
Chilliness in rectum b. stool. Lyc.
Chilliness b. stool. Benz-ac.
Creeping in anus b. evacuations. Mez.
Creeping in rectum b. evacuations. Mez.
Cutting pains b. and after stool in anus. Sulph.
Cutting b. evacuation. Acon., Æth., Agar., Ant-c., Ars., Bar-c., Bry., Caps., Carbo-v., Chelid., Coloc., Coni., Dig., Gels., Grat., Iris, Kobalt, Laur., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Nicc., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Petr., Puls., Rhus-t., Sang., Sep., Sulph., Tart-em., Thuja, Ver-a.
Child turns red in face b. and during each stool, which is watery and expelled with great force. Bell.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour smelling, with straining b., and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.
Diarrhœa frequently b. and during menses. Bov. (Aloe.)

Dysentery, with colic b., during and after stool. **Staph.**
Discharge of blood b. evacuations. Lob.
Discharge of black blood b. evacuations. **Merc.**
Erections b. evacuations. Thuja.
Fainting b. evacuations. Dig.
Flatulency b. evacuations. Aloe, Ars., Cact., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Chelid., Cocc., Gels., Grat., Iris, Kali-c., Kobalt, Lach., Lept., Magn-s., Merc., Mez., Mur-ac., Natr-s., Oleand., Phos-ac., Puls., Rat., Sec., Spong., Sulph., Thuja, Tilia.
Griping b., during and after stool. Aloe. (Merc.)
Great pain b. stool, which is greenish, and contains jelly-like globules or flakes. Rhus-t.
Hard feces, as if burnt, with pressure, bearing down b. and after stool. Plat.
Heat and pain in anus, and griping and colic b. stool. Podo.
Heat b. evacuations. Croton-tig., Magn-c., Merc., Phos.
Itching in anus b. evacuations. Euphr.
Intense pain b. and during stool, as from constriction in rectum, preventing passage of feces. Berb.
Just b. and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasm. Dios.
Large, pappy, free stools, mostly with tenesmus b. and after. Berb.
Nausea b. evacuations. Acon., Bry., Calc-c., Chelid., Dulc., Grat., Hell., Ipec., Merc., Rhus-t., Rumex, Sep., Tart-em.
Nausea b. and during stool. Ipec.
Pains in sacrum b. evacuations. Berb., Carbo-v., Natr-c., Nitr.
Pain in groins b. evacuations. Natr-s.
Pain about navel b. evacuations. Aloe, Am-m., Caps., Fluor-ac., Grat., Nux-v., Ox-ac.
Pain in abdomen b. evacuation. Am-m., Bar-c., Eugen., Rat., Thuja, Ver-a.
Pain in rectum b. evacuations. Nux-v.
Pain in anus b. evacuations. Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Lach., Merc., Nux-v., Oleand., Phos., Puls., Rat., Spong.
Perspiration b. evacuations. Acon., Bell., **Dulc., Merc.**
Ptyalism b. evacuations. Dig., Fluor-ac.
Pressing in anus b. evacuations. Sulph-ac.
Restlessness b. evacuations. Ars.
Straining b. and after stool. Sulph.
Sudden urging b. evacuations. Bar-c., Cist., Kali-c., Phos., Podo., Sulph.
Stinging in anus b. evacuation. Berb., Spong.
Sensitiveness, irritability, b. evacuations. Borax, **Calc-c.**
Shuddering b. evacuations. Mez. (Bar-c., Dig.)

Sudden urging, with hot pinching throughout abdomen, b. stool. Gum-gut.
Spasmodic pain b. and after stool. Lach.
Tenesmus after stool; diarrhœa; discharge of flatus b. stool. Cocc.
Tenesmus b. evacuations. Merc. (Merc-cor.)
Tremor b. evacuations. Merc.
Thirst b. evacuations. Ars.
Urging b. stool, which shot out as from a gun. Phos.
Urging b. evacuations. Aloe, Am-m., Apis, Borax, Bov., Canth., Cist., Coloc., Gum-gut., Kali-bi., Lept., Merc., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Nicc., Nitr., Nux-v., Phos., Rhus-t., Rheum, Sang., Sulph.
Vomiting b. evacuations. Ars., Ipec., Ox-ac., Tart-em.
White mucus b. and during stool. Kali-c.
Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with tearing and cutting b. stool, after taking cold. Dulc. (Rhus-t.)

Belching (see Eructations, also vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Constipation, with b. Zing.

Bellyache (see section on Abdomen).—Diarrhœa, with violent delirium, b. and rumbling in bowels. Acet-ac.
Diarrhœa, with dullness, dizziness, weariness, nausea and b. Kalm.

Bend.—Nightly diarrhœa, with severe colic, causing child to b. double. Cham.
Thin stool, with flatus up and down; colic causing prover to b. double. Coloc.
Tenesmus, with copious, pappy, offensive stools; boring pain in bowels obliging him to b. forward. Coloc.

Berries.—Stool like sheep's dung or laurel b.; difficult passage, with cutting in anus, as if too narrow, followed by stream of blood; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.

Better (see Relieved and Ameliorated).—Hæmorrhoids worse in evening, b. after rest. Alu.
Nightly diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed b. then it gets worse again without any apparent cause; always seems b. in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Between.—Burning b. nates. Thuja.
Inflamed feeling b. scrotum and anus. Alu.
Knotty, wart-like eruption on anus and b. thighs. Natr-s.
Moist soreness in anus and b. nates, when walking. Nitr-ac.
Scanty, slimy, dark-colored, bloody stools in dysentery, intervals of from five to six hours b. stools, with bruised pain in anus. Arn.
Soreness b. buttocks. Sep.
Sore, itching, smarting, humid spot b. anus and coccyx. Led.

Bile.—Increased secretion of b. Asclep.
Stools greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like b., following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Stools of pure mucus; or mucus, blood and b., with great faintness and distress after stool, from portal congestion. Polyp.

Bilious.—B. stool. Æth., Cham., Merc-cor., Puls.

B. diarrhœa. Naja, Phyt., Tarax.

B. stool (in albuminuria). Tereb.

B. stool; loose but not copious. Apoc.

B. diarrhœa (of infants), with colic. Acon.

Cholera morbus, with profuse b. stools and great prostration. Euony.

Diarrhœa: stools irregular, frothy, acrid, b. Still.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish, b., watery; only, or usually at night, sometimes unconsciously evacuated. Puls.

Diarrhœa: b. and acrid stools, with soreness of anus. Bry.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, dark, offensive; b. Ptel.

Green b. diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor.

Morning diarrhœa; stools loose, b.; dark, offensive, very urgent; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.

Pappy, soft stools; dark green b. stools; like frog spawn. Carls.

Stools yellow; fecal; b.; cream colored; clay colored; green. Gels.

Stool pasty, dark green, b., blackish, offensive. Merc-cor.

Stools b., then mixed with membranous pieces. Colch.

Stools first watery and of mucus, then b., and lastly bloody. Coloc.

Stools dark, b., loose, copious, with burning, griping and tenesmus. Corn-c.

Stools: slimy; dark-colored; b.; very offensive; light, mushy. Dios.

Stools offensive, pasty, or b. and acrid. Bry.

Stools: b.; watery; mucus. Cact.

Scanty, b. slimy stool, with flatus and tenesmus; during and after burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.

Thin pasty stool of a b. appearance passed involuntarily, with sensation as if wind would pass. Sulph.

Tenesmus, with first only a little mucus, then transparent, b., membranous mucus, relieving colic. Colch.

Biting.—B. in anus and rectum. Dulc., Phos-ac.

B. pain in anus during evacuation. Dulc., Lyc.

B. and itching in anus, orifice seems swollen. Pæon.

B. and itching in anus. Phos.

B. sore pain in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. Mez.

B. sore sensation in and around anus after stool. Kali-c.

Crawling and b. in rectum, as from worms. Sulph.

Itching, b. and soreness at anus. Spong.

Black.—B. stools. Ars., Bry., China, Lept., Sulph-ac., Ver-a.

B. discharge from bowels, with throbbing headache, located over right eye. Sep.

B. liquid stool. Ars., Squilla, Stram.

B. lumpy stools; constipation. Usti.

B. blood. Ant-c., Merc-cor.

B., fecal stools, worse after oysters. Brom.

After taking cold, cutting pain, with a loose discharge of dark-brown or b. feces, like coffee grounds. Camph.

Bloody, b. stools (in typhoid). Ver-v.

Blind, painful hæmorrhoids internally during and after b. stools; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.

Constipation: stool composed of hard, b. balls, with violent griping in abdomen. Opi.

Constipation: stools tenacious, crumbling, with much straining; undigested, b. (pitch-like), yellowish. Merc.

Constipation: stools scanty, hard, in lumps or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Magn-m., Opi.); b. or green in color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.

Constipation: stools in small b. lumps, mixed with blood, accompanied with violent pricking in anus, with trembling sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.

Constipation: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part small; stools in round b. balls; chronic (with children); as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.

Chronic diarrhœa; b. stools, only in morning. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools dark-brown or b., slimy fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning, two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility. Bell.)

Diarrhœa: stools b., fluid, putrid; cadaverous. Stram.

Diarrhœa: profuse b., tar-like, very fetid stools, running out in a stream. Lept.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucus, or dark or b. watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Discharge of b. blood after stool. Lob.

Discharge of b. blood before evacuations. Merc.

Dysenteric stools, loaded with dark, b. blood. Ham.

Feces in form of balls; often hard, and of a b. or green color. Plumb.

Hard, dry, b. stools, with constipation and hæmorrhoids. Dios.

Stools b. through and through. Tellur.

Stools during day copious, soft, dark, or light yellowish-brown; at night scanty, hard and b. Merc-jod.

Stool hard, b., crumbly, as if burnt. Sulph.

Stool yellow and copious during day, hard and b. at night. Merc-jod.

Stools b., copious, and painful or bloody, with tenesmus and weakness. Cupr.

Stools b., acrid and putrid. Ars.

Stool at first hard, b. and lumpy, then mushy. Lept.

Stools like b. fermented, frothy molasses. Ipec.

Stools dysenteric; bloody mucus, with tenesmus; b. offensive blood Nitr-ac.

Stools: first part hard, b., last about natural consistency, but white as milk. Æsc.

Watery, copious, dark or b. stools. Apis.

Blackish.—B. diarrhœa. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish watery, with flakes; brownish watery; b. watery; bloody; frequent; profuse, watery. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c. Podo.); b. (Ars., Lept.); yellow (Chelid.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœa: stools b., watery; foamy, brownish; frothy; bloody; whitish mucus. Iod.

Diarrhœa: stools b.; attacks very sudden. Camph.

Stool pasty, dark green, bilious, b., offensive. Merc-cor.

Bladder (see section on Urinary Organs).—Blennorrhœa of rectum, with spasms of b. Hell.

Dysentery: great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent bloody mucus stools, accompanied by tenesmus of b. and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.

Dysentery, with ischuria, or tenesmus of neck of b., with fruitless urging. Arn.

Dysentery in most aggravated and distressing form, with extreme tenesmus (greater really, than caused by any other drug); involving also b. Merc-cor.

Desire to evacuate with pain in b. Sulph.

Intense burning in anus and perinæum, which seems to come from neck of b. Canth.

Pressing on rectum as if it would protrude, with pressing on b. Sulph.

Pressure in rectum and on b. with almost constant desire to go to stool. Lil-tig.

Stools in fragments, tough, scanty, with urging and tingling in rectum, and pressure on b. and uterus. Carbo-v.

Very distressing, persistent tenesmus, and cutting colicky pains; after stool burning and tenesmus of rectum and b.; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

Bleed.—Cracks in fissured anus ulcerate and b. Graph.

Hæmorrhoidal congestion; hæmorrhoids b. often and profusely; protrude like grapes, with much tenesmus. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids swollen, b. during stool. Kali-c.

Hæmorrhoids with rectal catarrh; external piles, b. during stool. Aur.

Bleeding.—B. from anus. Carbo-v.

B. hæmorrhoids. Acon., Ferr., Millef., Mur-ac., Phyt., Sabin.

B. piles during evacuation. Merc., Nitr-ac.
B. piles, burning and itching. China.
B. from anus and other orifices of body. Crotal.
B. during stool. Carbo-v. (Sulph.)
B. hæmorrhoids, with burning soreness, and at times rawness of anus, from portal congestion; hæmorrhage profuse. Ham.
B. piles, copious hæmorrhage. Lob.
B. even with soft stool. Lyc.
Aching and pressure in rectum; worse nights, with b. piles. Lyc.
Constipation with b. from anus. Cact.
Constipation (of children), with dry and inflamed rectum, with b. Alu.
Fissure of anus, with periodical, profuse b. piles. Rhus-t.
Hæmorrhoids; b., with intolerable pain in sitting; with cramps in anus. Phos-ac.
Hæmorrhoids protruding; swollen; b.; are painless or burning. Nitr-ac.
Hæmorrhoids painful and b. when walking. Sep.
Hæmorrhoids, painful, b. Stram.
Hæmorrhoids, b. almost incessantly, with sensation of sharp sticks in rectum. Collins. (Æth.)
Hæmorrhoids, either blind or b. (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum; intense irritation, itching, feeling as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.
Hæmorrhoids: blind; painful, b., burning. Cham.
Hæmorrhoids b. with hard, lumpy stools; burning in margin of anus; it feels as if torn. Erig.
Hæmorrhoids, copious b. or ichorous oozing; tearing pains, with itching and gnawing. Ferr.
Hæmorrhoids, b. or blind, burning, swollen, itching and throbbing. Caps. (Sulph.)
Large painful hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with stitches and burning; protrude during stool; much b. Kali-c.
Old hæmorrhoidal tumor, secreting much slime, and b. profusely after stool. Nitr-ac.
Oozing, moist, blind or b. hæmorrhoids. Sulph.
Profuse hæmorrhoidal b. Acet-ac.
Profuse b. from anus during stool. Puls.
Painful b. hæmorrhoids. Ham. (Nitr-ac., Phyt.)
Unsatisfactory, difficult stools with pain as if rectum would burst, then b., with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.

Bleeds.—Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry, and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it b. and pains as if sore. Natr-m.

Blennorrhœa.—B. of rectum, with spasms of bladder. Hell.

Blind.—B. hæmorrhoids. Æsc., Alu., Nux-v. (Ant-c., Caps., Ferr., Grat., Puls., Ver-a.)

B. hæmorrhoids; with sticking, beating or pressive pain in rectum and anus. Nux-v.

B. hæmorrhoids, preceded by pains in small of back. Puls.

B. hæmorrhoids, with itching in anus. Puls.

B. piles, with pressure and soreness in abdomen and rectum, painful when sitting and standing. Ign.

B., painful hæmorrhoids internally during and after black stool; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.

Constrictive sore pain in rectum, as from b. piles, for one or two hours after stool. Ign. (Natr-m.)

Hæmorrhoids: sore, b.; protruding after stool, with pressing in rectum, as if everything would come out. Rhus-t.

Hæmorrhoids, either b. or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum; intense irritation, itching, feeling as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Hæmorrhoids, bleeding or b., burning, swollen, itching and throbbing. Caps. (Sulph.)

Hæmorrhoids: b.; painful, bleeding, burning. Cham.

Hæmorrhoids: b., painful, with burning prickings, as if hot needles were piercing parts. Ars.

Itching and burning in rectum, with smarting b. piles. Rhus-t.

Oozing, moist, b. or bleeding hæmorrhoids. Sulph.

Painful, protruding b. piles, with stitches, smarting, soreness and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)

Piles either b. or flowing, with discharge of venous blood and violent, bearing-down pains in small of back towards anus. Sulph.

Tearing, sticking and constricting pain, as from aggravated b. piles. Nux-v.

Blisters.—Sensation of soreness, followed by b. (from horseback riding). Carbo-an.

Bloated.—Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or watery, with b. abdomen. Ars.

Blood.—B. with stool. Carbo-an., Sars., Thuja.

B. before, during or after stools. Merc.

B. and mucus at stool. Ferr.

B. and mucus, or diarrhœic stools. Sabin.

B. and sanious matter. Natr-m.

B. with stool; white or bloody mucus after stool. Asar.

Bright red b. with feces, and sensation of constriction in rectum. Nux-v.

Bright red b. Merc. (Bufo, Casc., Hydroph., Zinc.)

Black b. Merc-cor., Ant-c.

Constipation: pain in small of back; large quantities of b. from rectum, with hard, difficult stool. Psor.

Constipation with rush of b. to head. Nux-v.

Constipation: stools in small black lumps, mixed with b., accompanied with violent prickings in anus, with trembling sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.

Constipation with discharge of b. from rectum. Psor.

Constipation: stool mixed with b. Led.

Chronic constipation; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to discharge of b., with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Chronic diarrhœa, with many small passages of b. and mucus in women at climacteric. Apis.

Constriction in rectum during stool with discharge of bright b. Nux-v.

Congestion of b. to anus. Sep., Sulph-ac.

Congestion of b. to head during evacuation, with red face. Aloe.

Constant dropping of b. from anus (stools not bloody). Kobalt.

Clots of b. pass from anus. Alu.

Discharge of large quantities of dark b. from bowels. Ham.

Discharge of b. from rectum. Calc-c., Cycl.

Discharge of b. from anus. Am-c., Ant-c., Borax, Merc., Merc-cor.

Discharge of b. during and after stool. Am-c.

Discharge of coagulated b. from rectum. Stram.

Discharge of b. and mucus during stool. Puls.

Discharge of black b. before evacuations. Merc.

Discharge of b. during evacuations. Am-c., Merc.

Discharge of b. before evacuations. Lob.

Discharge of black b. after stool. Lob.

Discharge of b. during soft stool. Lyc.

Discharge of thin, red b. or mucus from rectum after stool. Calad.

Diarrhœa: stools very fetid, and come away with a gush all at once, or mucus and b. with great tenesmus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa: stool mixed with mucus and b.; great absence of animal heat. Led.

Diarrhœa of brown fermented stool, swimming on water; liquid, mixed with b. and slime. Sabad.

Diarrhœa: stools dark, muddy, copious; mucus and b.; involuntary; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, pasty; yellowish-white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of b.; very offensive. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa, discharges of mucus and b.; or thin, yellow matter, or watery, accompanied by violent tenesmus, and sharp cutting pains in bowels. Collins.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with b.; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: dysenteric discharges of dark fluid b.; involuntary stools; great debility and faintness. Crotal.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow brown, fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and b.; frothy, copious, and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœic stool streaked with b. Merc.

Dysentery, with stools of dark, pitch-like b. Ipec.

Dysentery; discharges mostly of b. Trill.

Dysentery; b. and slime separated. Mur-ac.

Dysentery; stools of mucus and b. Puls.

Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs and small of back; stools small, all b., not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever (in autumn or in hot weather). Bapt.

Dysenteric stools, loaded with dark, black b. Ham.

Dysenteric diarrhœa; stools of mucus and b., or like scrapings from intestines; tenesmus. Plat.

Dropping of b. during stool. Alu.

Difficult stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with b. Puls.

Dark b. Alu., Asar., Caps., Lob., Ver-a.

Dark b. after stool. Vib-op.

Exceedingly painful stools of b. and membranous substances. Nitr-ac.

Frequent soft stool of yellow mucus, or mixed with b., preceded by colic or pain in back. Puls.

Frequent passage of b., with distended abdomen. Bar-c.

Frequent, small, thin, dark, offensive and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure b.; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.

Feces covered with mucus or b. Magn-m.

Gastro-enteritis; stools of mucus and b. Phyt.

Hæmorrhage from bowels, b. bright red. Acon. (Ham., Nitr-ac.)

Hæmorrhage from rectum, b. dark and clotted. Trill.

Hæmorrhages from bowels (in typhoid fever); flakes of decomposed b., having appearance and form of perfectly charred wheat straw, in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portions more or less ground up. Lach.

Hæmorrhoids; profuse flow of b. Millef. (Erig., Ham.)

Hæmorrhoids worse when rheumatism abated, with frequent inclination to stool, with passage of b. Abrot.

Hæmorrhoids, with itching or burning, particularly after stool, which is hard and covered with b. Berb.

Hard, knotty stools, streaked with b., accompanied and preceded by smarting in anus; often with scanty menses. Natr-s.

Hard stool, with b. at end. Selen. (Alu.)

Large, painful pustule near anus, discharging pus, b., and serum. Caust.

Loose feces lined with mucus and b. Merc.
Mucus and b. with stool. Merc., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Selen.
Much straining at stool, causing rush of b. to head and dizziness. Bry.
Piles: discharge of bright red, or dark venous b., with pain from sacrum through to pubes. Sabin.
Piles, either blind or flowing, with discharge of venous b., and violent bearing-down pains in small of back towards anus. Sulph.
Polypoid tumors of rectum, with persistent diarrhœa and evacuation of much b. Kali-brom.
Painless discharge of masses of b. in clots, with sinking feeling. Ver-a.
Painless diarrhœa, tinged with b. Trill.
Profuse diarrhœa containing membranes and clots of b. Phos.
Stools like pitch, with b. (in infants). Nux-v.
Stools of b. and mucus, worse nights, with great tenesmus. Rhus-t.
Stool spotted with b. Natr-c.
Stools of pure mucus; or mucus, b. and bile, with great faintness and distress after stool, from portal congestion. Polyp.
Stools of mucus and b., with frequent urging. Sabin.
Stool covered with mucus streaked with b. Magn-m.
Stools dysenteric: bloody mucus with tenesmus; black offensive b. Nitr-ac.
Stools contain dark, stringy b. Croc.
Stools of mucus, streaked with b. Sulph.
Stools of pure b., or b. and mucus; involuntary. Phos.
Stool of yellow, fecal matter, mucus and b., with tenesmus, then cutting in hypogastrium. Collins.
Stool of pure b., with much tenesmus. Canth.
Stools small, streaked with b.; tormina; burning in bowels and rectum; hard lumps of feces with discharges. Erig.
Stools: watery, light yellow, fecal; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed b. and slime. Lach.
Stools of mucus, b. and pus, where rectum is involved. Arn.
Stools of slimy mucus and b. Apis.
Stool of b. and mucus. Canth. (Merc.)
Stools soft, yellow; soft, afterwards of thin red b. Calad.
Stools hard and knotty like sheep-dung (Opi., Plumb.); with cutting in anus, followed by b. Alu. (Merc., Nux-v.)
Stool like sheep's dung or laurel berries; difficult passage, with cutting in anus as if too narrow, followed by stream of b.; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.
Small, frequent stool of tenacious mucus, mingled with black b., causing tenesmus. Caps.
Small, frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with b., causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.

Smarting, more in rectum than in anus, immediately after stool, and continuing two or three hours; sometimes prolapsus ani or discharge of b. accompanies these symptoms. Nitr-ac.

Severe colic every morning, with stools of mucus and b. Podo.

Thin stool, mixed with mucus and b., floating on surface of water. Sabad.

Tenesmus, succeeded by fluid discharge mixed with b. and mucus. Aloe.

Ulceration of rectum with discharge of pus and b.; tenesmus. Phos.

Very distressing, persistent tenesmus and cutting, colicky pains; after stool, burning and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with b. Merc-cor.

Varices protrude during micturition; b. then white mucus escapes. Kali-c.

White, tough mucus with stool, like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of b. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Blood-streaked.—B. stool. Cina, Led., Magn-m., Natr-m., Nux-v., Squilla, Thuja.

Painless, b. stools, like flesh-colored water. Phos.

Stool of slimy, bloody, white, or b. mucus. Canth. (Merc-cor.)

Bloody.—B. stool. Canth., Coloc., Ipec., Merc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Sulph., Tart-em.

B., watery stools, with colic. Acet-ac.

B. dysentery, tenesmus (during epidemic). Millef.

B. discharges from bowels, with tenesmus. Millef.

B. flux (after much exertion). Millef.

B., dysenteric stool, with tenesmus, fever and headache. Nitr-ac.

B., black stools (in typhoid). Ver-v.

B. leucorrhœa during evacuations. Murex.

B. diarrhœa, with violent pain in bowels, extending down into thighs. Coloc.

B., watery, painless stools. Ars.

B. stools of dark-brown mucus, with tenesmus and typhoid tendency. Bapt. (Ars.)

B. dysentery. Cinnab.

Blood with stool; white or b. mucus after stool. Asar.

Colic, with b. diarrhœa (during pregnancy). Millef.

Chronic b. diarrhœa. Dulc.

Cholera infantum where there is violent vomiting of curdled milk; of greenish mucus, and stools of green or b. mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.

Diarrhœa, with b. stools. Rhus-t., Tart-em.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; b. mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucus; slimy; frothy: b.; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); b.; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa: stools b., slimy; scanty, frequent, offensive. Merc-cor.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish, mucus; tenesmus; b. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa: stools fetid, yellow and fecal; watery, with vomiting and violent colic; b. masses. Plumb.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish watery, with flakes; brownish watery; blackish watery; b.; frequent; profuse, watery. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: stools blackish, watery; foamy, brownish; frothy; b.; whitish mucus. Iod.

Diarrhœa: b. mucus, or stool, on seeing water or hearing it run. Hydroph.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, fecal; b.; soft. with colic. Kreas.

Diarrhœa or dysentery: stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or b., jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Diarrhœa: stools b. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools green mucus; as green as grass (Agar.); b.; fermented; looking like frothy molasses. Ipec.

Dysentery (in autumn); white mucous, or b. stool. Colch.

Dysentery, with slimy, b. stools at night; constant urging. Kali-n.

Dysentery: stools b.; of mucus. Canth.

Dysentery: stools b. mucus, with colic and tenesmus. Merc.

Dysentery: stool scanty, frequent, with tenesmus; small, brown, painful; at last b. Acon.

Dysentery: stools of b. mucus; tenesmus. Coloc.

Dysentery, after b. stools having ceased, tenesmus, with brown mush-like, slimy, sour stools. Rheum.

Dysentery, with rectum and anus greatly inflamed and sore, stool of b. mucus, attended by tenesmus. Merc-bij.

Dysentery: great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent b. mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.

Dysentery: infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; b. mucus mixed with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of intestines, b., or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.

Dysentery: b. stool with tenesmus; painful, with fever and headache. Nitr-ac.

Dysenteric stools: difficult evacuation of soft stool or of b. mucus with tenesmus. Hep-s.

Discharge of b. slime. Thuja.

Discharge of b. mucus, with itching or burning at anus, extending up towards rectum. Carls.

Dark, b., stringy stool. Croc.

Feces covered with b. mucus. Ipec.

Frequent b., painless diarrhœic stools. Apis.

Frequent, small, thin, dark, offensive, and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure blood; b. mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.

Green and b. mucous stools; anus remaining wide open (in dysentery). Phos.

Green, brown, b. stools, worse after midnight. Arg-n.

Infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; stools liquid, mucus or b., having a very offensive odor. Psor.

In summer diarrhœa of infants this remedy (Erig.) is nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly b., greenish or yellowish-green; tenesmus during stool and stools are excoriating. —Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.

Light-colored, fetid, watery or b., burning stools, with tenesmus. Carbo-v.

Painful b. discharges, with vomiting. Merc-cor.

Painless b. stool. Apis.

Purging of b. mucus. Merc-cor.

Stools of b. mucus. Æth.

Stools dysenteric: b. mucus, with tenesmus; black, offensive blood. Nitr-ac.

Stools b., brown and slimy, with great exhaustion. Nitr-ac.

Stools: greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and b. mucus. Puls.

Stools like washings of meat; yellowish-brown, b., cadaverous smelling, and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.

Stools mushy or copious and watery, and sometimes b. Ver-v.

Stools first watery and of mucus, then bilious, and lastly b. Coloc.

Stools slimy and b. Colch.

Stool b.; mingled with skinny substances. Colch.

Stools black, copious, and painful or b., with tenesmus and weakness. Cupr.

Stool of slimy, b., white, or blood-streaked mucus. Canth. (Merc-cor.)

Stool thin, pale or b. mucus, frequent. Carbo-v.

Stools of b., shaggy mucus. Caps.

Stools covered with filamentous yellow mucus, last part b. Carbo-v.

Stool: insufficient, soft, b.; like sheep's dung; only with much exertion. Kali-c. (Alu., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Sep.)

Stools b., with tenesmus; containing membranous substances as of portions of intestines; great pressure. Kali-n.

Stools b. and extremely painful. Kali-bi.

Stools of b. water. Ars.

Slimy, watery, greenish, b. stools, with tenesmus. Arg-n.

Slimy and b. stool. Bell. (Merc., Nux-v.)

Slimy, b. stools, violent pains in abdomen; tenesmus, urging between discharges. Acon.

Small stools of a slimy, b. mucus, with much urging. Nux-v.

Small, diarrhœic, green, mucous and b. stool, followed by urging, little or no stool passed. Bell.

Scanty, slimy, dark-colored, b. stools in dysentery, intervals of from five to six hours between stools, with bruised pain in anus. Arn.

Soft stool, with b. mucus, preceded by cutting in abdomen. Sulph.

Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and dysenteric b. discharges. Acon.

Blowing.—Pressure upon perinæum when b. nose. Alu.

Blue.—Diarrhœa, with protrusion of b. or dark purple hæmorrhoids. Mur-ac.

Hæmorrhoids protruding like a bunch of grapes; swollen, b., with burning soreness. Mur-ac.

Hæmorrhoids: protrude; b.; suppurating and offensive; with burning; after debauchery; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.

Piles, suddenly (in children); protruding, reddish b., burning; sore to least touch. Mur-ac.

Bluish.—B., livid hæmorrhoids. Mur-ac. (Carbo-v.)

Body.—Constipation with coldness of b. and hot head. Bufo.

Constipation with heat of b. Cupr., Ver-a.

Cramp-like pain as if an angular b. pressed inward in right side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

Cholera: absence of discharges; b. icy cold. Camph.

During stool (in teething infants), screaming, with drawing up of limbs or stiffening b. Rheum.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole b. and extremities become involved in spasms. Dios.

Sensation of foreign b. or rough hard feces in rectum, with constant diarrhœa. Natr-m.

Sensation in anus as if sitting on a ball; as if anus and part of urethra were filled by a hard round b. Can-ind. (Sep.)

Watery diarrhœa, with sensation of tremor all over b.; without trembling, and great debility. Sulph-ac.

Boil (see section on Skin).—Small b. near anus, to right, with much pain; cannot sit. Calc-ph.

Boiled.—Grains like b. rice in stool. Plumb.

Infantile diarrhœa; aggravation from b. milk; rapid exhaustion. Sep.

Boring.—B. stitches in perinæum. Spig.

B. cramp-like pain extending from rectum to testicles. Sil.

Cholera infantum, with discharges of green mucus, sometimes with tenesmus (Merc-dulc.), with b. of head into pillow. Zinc.

Tenesmus with copious, pappy, offensive stools; b. pain in bowels obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

Bottle.—Thin, watery stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as of water gurgling from a b. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Bowels (see section on Abdomen).—Bloody diarrhœa, with violent pain in b., extending down into thighs. Coloc.

Copious hæmorrhage from b., with solid feces; hæmorrhoidal. Ant-c.

Diarrhœic stools, with pinching and cutting in b. and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful drawing in of stomach and abdomen. Agar.

Dysentery: anus feels raw and excoriated, in hæmorrhage from b., with burning pains and tenesmus. Apis.

Discharge like scrapings of b., with tenesmus during stool. Coloc.

Hæmorrhage from b., with ulceration; epithelial degeneration. Tereb.

Hæmorrhage from b., blood bright red. Acon. (Ham., Nitr-ac.)

Hæmorrhage from b., with burning pains, excoriating anus; constant tenesmus. Apis.

Hard stool with copious hæmorrhage from b. Ant-c.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and b., of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasms. Dios.

Most obstinate constipation, with feeling as if all action of b. had been lost. Æth.

Obstruction of b. Cocc.

Pains go from limbs to b. producing diarrhœa and partial retention of urine. Cimicif.

Soft stool, with disposition to frequent evacuation (looseness of b.). Calc-c.

Strings of odorless mucus pass from b., as in catarrh. Asar.

Tenesmus, with copious, pappy, offensive stools; boring pain in b. obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

Watery (liquid) stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic and gurgling noise in b. Aloe.

Brain.—Cholera infantum, with putrid discharges like bad eggs; with b. symptoms. Carb-ac.

Cholera, when purging ceases, and congestion to b. and chest, turning eyes, difficult breathing. Cic-v.

Cholera infantum, with b. symptoms, and chronic convulsions beginning in hands and feet. Cupr.

Summer complaint (of children) with b. affections. Cupr

Break.—Hæmorrhoids with feeling as if back would b. Bell.

Breakfast.—Diarrhœa after b. Arg-n., Borax, Thuja.

Breaks.—Stool: hard, tough, brown and glistening; b. to pieces like sheep's dung. Brom.

Breath (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Cholera Asiatica; collapse without stool; cold b. and tongue; voice lost. Carbo-v. (Camph.)

During stool shortness of b. Rhus-t. (Sulph.)

Breathing (see section on Respiratory Organ).—Cholera, when purging ceases, and congestion to brain and chest, turning eyes, difficult b. Cic-v.

Brittle.—Obstinate constipation; stools small, hard, dry, b., granulous or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Brown.—B. stool. Ambr., Arn., Ars., Asaf., Camph., Canth., Casc., Chelid., Croton-tig., Dulc., Fluor-ac., Graph., Gum-gut., Kali-bi., Kreas., Magn-c., Magn-m., Merc-cor., Mez., Psor., Rheum, Rumex, Sabad., Squilla, Sulph., Tereb., Ver-a.

B. fermented stools (like yeast). Arn.

B. stool, like liver. Anac., Magn-c.

B. liquid stool. Graph., Magn-c., Nux-v., Phos., Psor., Raph., Squilla.

B., watery diarrhœa occurring early in morning, with rumbling about umbilicus, and colic before stool. Rumex.

Constipation; stool hard, b., tough. Rumex.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, b., sour, fermented; containing glistening bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Diarrhœa: stools b. or yellow-brown fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa: stools dark b., thin fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa: stools; b. fluid; with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, b., watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa of b., fermented stool, swimming on water; liquid mixed with blood and slime. Sabad.

Diarrhœa: stools b. and as if fermented. Sabad.

Diarrhœa: stools dark b. or black, slimy fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility. Bell.)

Diarrhœa: stools thin, b. or pale fecal; mixed with hard lumps. Lyc.

Diarrhœa: stools watery; yellowish b., fecal; offensive. Fluor-ac.

Diarrhœa and dysentery: stool consisting of b. frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Dysentery: stool scanty, frequent, with tenesmus; small, b., painful; at last bloody. Acon.

Dysentery, after bloody stools have ceased, tenesmus, with b., mush-like, slimy, sour stools. Rheum.

Green, b., bloody stools, worse after midnight. Arg-n.

Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, b., profuse, with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.

Morning diarrhœa: b. and watery, preceded by urging and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. Rumex.

Small white shining grains in b. feces. Mez.

Stools: b., slimy, mixed with mucus, followed by tenesmus, and great burning in anus and rectum. Rheum. (Ars., Sulph.)

Stools bloody, b. and slimy, with great exhaustion. Nitr-ac.

Stool thin, papescent, or b., slimy, curdled, and mixed with mucus. Rheum.

Stools: pappy, b., with undigested food and of atrociously putrid odor. Graph.

Stools dark b., very fluid and foul smelling. Psor.

Stools like washings of meat; yellowish b., bloody, cadaverous smelling and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.

Stool profuse, thick, papescent, b., offensive. Asaf.

Stool: hard, tough, b. and glistening; breaks to pieces like sheep's dung. Brom.

Stool of b. mucus. Ars., Grat., Nux-v., Zing.

Very offensive dark, b., fetid stools. Psor.

Watery, green or b. stools, exceedingly offensive. Asaf. (Ars., Bapt., Lept.)

Brownish.—Small, slimy, b., half fluid (half solid). Aloe.

Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, b. or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, b., mucus; tenesmus; bloody. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; slimy; b.; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa, accompanied by violent dry cough, excited by tickling in throat; stools thin, b., fecal, early in morning. Rumex.

Diarrhœa: stools b., loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, b., fecal; undigested; spurting out with force. Rhod.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish, watery, with flakes; b. water; blackish watery; bloody; frequent; profuse, watery. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: stools blackish, watery; foamy, b., frothy; bloody; whitish mucus. Iod.

Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish, or b.; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.

Infantile diarrhœa, where there is b. or dirty yellowish stool, gushing out at one effort. Gum-gut.

Stool liquid; b., frothy, profuse, forcible, frequent. Raph.

Stools soft, b., easy; floating on water. Merc.

Stools odorless, b. yellow, mixed with some mucus. Cycl.

Stools small, dysenteric, b., slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Whitish or b. color of stools. Sep.

Bruise.—Pain, like a b. in anus. Lact.

Bruised.—Suppression of piles, with hæmorrhoidal colic, congestion, palpitation, rigidity of small of back, as if b. Sulph.

Scanty, slimy, dark-colored bloody stools, in dysentery, intervals of from five to six hours between stools, with b. pain in anus. Arn.

Bubbles.—Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black, slimy fluid; in frothy b.; very offensive; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility. Bell.)

Frothy stool, with b. Squilla.

Bubbling.—B. stool. Eugen.

Bunch.—Hæmorrhoids protruding like a b. of grapes; swollen, blue, with burning soreness. Mur-ac.

Bunghole.—Diarrhœa: stools pale yellow watery; forcibly expelled; copious; gurgling like water from b. Thuja.

Burn.—Hæmorrhoids much swollen; b. on walking. Carbo-an.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors, pain and b. during usual stool; smart after hard stool. Magn-m.

Piles, b. and sting, worse while walking. Carbo-an.

Burning.—B. stools. Ars., Lach., Merc.

B. in anus before evacuations. Aloe, Berb., Fluor-ac., Iris, Oleand., Rat.

B. at anus. Colch., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-v., Gum-gut., Sep., Sulph., (Berb.)

B. in rectum. Abies-c., Alu., Hep-s., Sep., Sulph. (Ars., Iris, Canth., Merc.)

B. in rectum; in anus. Calc-c., Carbo-an. (Ars., Canth., Caps., Iris.)

B. in anus, in evening. Iod. (Sulph.)

B. at anus, as if on fire, after stool. Iris.

B. sensation in rectum and anus. Nitr-ac. (Ars., Caps.)

B. pain after stool, in anus. Kali-bi. (Iris, Sulph.)
B., serous diarrhœa, cholera morbus, or cholera infantum commencing at two or three o'clock in morning. Iris.
B. at anus, prevents sleep at night; must rise from bed on account of this and tenesmus. Am-c.
B. varices. Carbo-v. (Ars., Phos.)
B. in anus after stool. Carbo-v. (Ars., Caps., Merc., Sulph.)
B. in anus, subdued pulse, and palpitation of heart after stool. Caust.
B., cutting, crawling and itching in rectum. Chelid.
B. and heat in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. (Æsc., Sulph.)
B. as from pepper. Caps.
B. in rectum after evacuation. Am-m., Ars., Bry., Grat., Kali-c., Natr-m., Natr-s., Petr., Phos., Tereb.
B. relieved after stool. Clem.
B. between nates. Thuja.
B. in rectum during stool. Coni.
B. and tingling at anus, after stool, with sensation as if worms were crawling about, sometimes with spasms. Tereb.
B. pain in perinæum, raphe of which was more prominent than usual, and one inch from anus a tubercle size of a pea appeared, which increased for three days and disappeared in about ten days. Thuja.
B. pain in anus during evacuation. Caps., Natr-m., Ver-a.
B. eruptions in groups. Calc-c.
B. or itching in anus. Zinc. (Sulph.)
B. after stool. Æsc. (Aloe, Nitr-ac., Sulph.)
B. and sticking in rectum during stool. Sil.
B. at anus after stool, with stitches in rectum. Tart-em.
B. in hæmorrhoids as from hot needles. Ars.
B. and pressure in rectum during a stool; b. in anus after stool. Sulph.
B. in anus after dry, hard stool. Sil.
B. and intolerable itching of anus at night; patient cannot sleep for itching. Sulph.
B. during stool. Sil. (Sulph.)
B. in rectum after stool. Sabad.
B. in rectum and anus after stool, with exhaustion. Phos.
B. in anus before and during a diarrhœa-like stool. Rat.
B. hæmorrhoidal tumors. Psor.
B. in anus as from salt in a wound, after slimy diarrhœa. Prun-s.
B. in anus before and after stool. Oleand.
B. in rectum towards perinæum, with ineffectual urging; straining without stool. Nitr-ac.
B. pain with soreness in anus when touched, and great sensitiveness when sitting. Berb.
B. after stool (Æsc.), with weakness and trembling in limbs. Ars.
B. and soreness around anus as if excoriated. Bar-c.

B. and stinging in anus and rectum after stool. Petr.
B. in anus after hard stool. Natr-m.
B., stinging in anus before, during and after stool. Berb. (Sil.)
B. at anus and pain, as from excoriation, during and after stool. Magn-m.
B. hæmorrhoids. Ars. (Acon., Aloe, Ant-c., Apis, Berb., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Caust., Cham., China, Lach., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Psor., Sulph-ac.)
B. and itching in rectum. Sep. (Sulph.)
B. in anus after stool. Aloe.
B. and cutting in anus and rectum during and after stool; with sexual excitement. Natr-c.
After stool, itching or b. at anus; anus feels as if lacerated. Kali-c.
After stool, b. in anus; trembling weakness. Carbo-v.
After stool, b. in anus. Bry. (Ars., Caps.)
After stool, tenesmus and b. at anus. Bry.
Bleeding hæmorrhoids, with b. soreness, and at times rawness of anus from portal congestion; hæmorrhage profuse. Ham.
Bleeding piles, b. and itching. China.
Before stool, b. in rectum. Rhus-t.
Biting sore pain in anus on walking, and b. in rectum. Mez.
Constant b. in rectum and anus. Merc-cor.
Constipation, with hard, knotty stools (Magn-m.), hæmorrhoids, b. and soreness. Bar-c.
Constipation, with pains in abdomen, ineffectual urging; tenesmus as in dysentery, with b. and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.
Constipation with retention of urine, or with frequent urination, attended with cutting b. pains, but little urine being passed at a time. Canth.
Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with b. on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.
Constipation: stool, little balls, or lumps like sheep's dung, passed after great straining (Magn-m.), with b. Natr-c.
Chronic constipation; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with itching and b. in anus. Sulph.
Colic; b. and tenesmus before, during and after stool; chilliness between stools. Merc.
Croupous inflammation of rectum; thin unshapely strips pass in masses, with b., constriction and sore pain. Arg-n.
Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with b. in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.
Diarrhœa with b. at anus. Clem.

Diarrhœa, consisting only of yellow, greenish stool, followed by b in anus. Grat.

Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and after sleep; b. in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Diarrhœa, consisting of yellowish-green, frothy water, forcibly evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in abdomen, with b. in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Diarrhœa with b. pain and tenesmus of rectum; prolapsus ani and constant pinching around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa with smarting, stinging or b. pains at night. Caps.

Diarrhœa: sudden pasty stool, followed by b. in anus, then internal chilliness; stools thin, frequent. Pæon.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and b. fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa, with much wind, worse evening and morning; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and b. in anus. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and b. in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœic stools, with b. in rectum. Aloe.

Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great fear and restlessness accompanied with cutting, lancinating, b. and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.

Dysentery: stools frequent and extremely painful, with b. tenesmus at extremity of rectum. Aloe.

Dysentery, b. at anus as from pepper; after every stool, thirst and shivering, and every drink, shuddering. Caps.

Dysenteric diarrhœa, with b. in anus and rectum and great debility or prostration (in malarious districts). Corn-c.

Discharge of bloody mucus, with itching and b. at anus, extending up towards rectum. Carls.

During stool, b. and cutting in anus; tenesmus. Carbo-v.

During stool, colic, pressing, cutting or b. pains in anus, causing patient to cry out. Canth.

Flatus smells very badly, and causes b. in rectum. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude during soft stool; b.; sticking; painful to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.

Hæmorrhoids bleeding, with hard, lumpy stools; b. in margin of anus; it feels as if torn. Erig.

Hæmorrhoids: protrude; blue; suppurating and offensive; with b.; after debauchery; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.

Hæmorrhoids, large, hard, stinging, b.; painful when touched; walking unendurable. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; stinging, b.; painful when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids of rectum, with b. rhagades at anus. Graph.

Hæmorrhoids protruding; swollen; bleeding; painless or b. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids protrude during diarrhœa, with stitches and b. after for hours. Kali-c.

Hæmorrhoids, bleeding or blind, b., swollen, itching and throbbing. Caps. (Sulph.)

Hæmorrhoids; during stool, pains are so great has to desist; b. violently while walking; anus fissured. Thuja.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent b., stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoids with painful sensation of b. Æsc.

Hæmorrhoids: blind, painful, with b. prickings, as if hot needles were piercing parts. Ars.

Hæmorrhoids protruding with b., from touch or when pressing. Abrot.

Hæmorrhoids, inflamed, swollen, b. and painful. Agar.

Hæmorrhoids, with itching or b., particularly after stool, which is hard and covered with blood. Berb.

Hæmorrhoids protruding like a bunch of grapes; swollen, blue, with b. soreness. Mur-ac.

Hæmorrhoids: blind; painful, bleeding, b. Cham.

Hæmorrhoidal lumps as large as hazel nuts at anus, with b. after stool and impeded walking. Carls.

Hæmorrhage from bowels, with b. pains, excoriating anus; constant tenesmus. Apis.

Heat, b. and swelling of anus. Sep.

Habitual constipation, with b. in anus. Kali-bi.

Intense b. in anus and perinæum, which seems to come from neck of bladder. Canth.

Itching in rectum, with b. pain after rubbing. Cic-v.

Itching and b. in rectum, with smarting blind piles. Rhus-t.

Itching and b. of anus. Alu. (Graph., Sulph.)

Itching and b. in anus, painful in highest degree, prevents sleeping. Aloe.

Itching and b. in anus (Sulph.); weakness or loss of power of sphincter ani. Aloe.

Large painful hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with stitches and b.; protruded during stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.

Large hæmorrhoids, violent b. and sticking in anus; pressing in rectum during and after stool. Sulph.

Loose, diarrhœic stool, with b. at anus. Rat.

Light-colored, fetid, watery or bloody, b. stools, with tenesmus. Carbo-v.

Little pimples around anus b. and itching. Cinnab.
Much b. pain in anus after stool. Hell.
Much b. in rectum during and for hours after stool. Am-m. (Aloe, Ars., Mur-ac., Sulph.)
Mucous stools, with great b. in anus after stool. Croton-tig.
Mucous piles, pricking, b.; continuous discharge of mucus, staining yellow; sometimes ichor oozes out. Ant-c.
Nightly diarrhœa, with b. in rectum. Aur.
Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a b., acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.
Painless diarrhœa, with rumbling in abdomen, and b. at anus after stool. Kali-c.
Painless diarrhœa, with clay-colored stool and b. and smarting in anus. Berb.
Pressing and b. in rectum. Aloe.
Persistent diarrhœa; stools whitish, pasty, and causing excessive b. in anus. Opi.
Piles, suddenly (in children); protruding, reddish-blue, b.; sore to least touch. Mur-ac.
Pieces or stripes of mucus, with tenesmus, b. and cutting in anus. Ars.
Prolapsus of rectum; b. pain, with soft stool. Merc.
Prolapsus ani; hæmorrhoids; b. pain. Ars.
Sore feeling in anus; worse outside; with stitching, b. and throbbing. Calc-ph.
Soreness (Berb.), b., itching and fullness at anus. Æsc. (Sulph.)
Soreness, stitches itching and b. in anus. Kali-c.
Sensation of soreness, with b. and tenderness in sitting. Berb.
Sensation of heat and b. in rectum. Aloe. (Ars.)
Stools brown, slimy, mixed with mucus, followed by tenesmus, and great b. in anus and rectum. Rheum. (Ars., Sulph.)
Stool of b. water, preventing sleep. Natr-m.
Stool covered with mucus, and sometimes impossible to evacuate, even with most terrible straining, with much b. at anus and in rectum, and sense of great weight in anus. Sep.
Stools dark, bilious, loose, copious, with b., griping and tenesmus. Corn-c.
Stools small, streaked with blood; tormina; b. in bowels and rectum; hard lumps of feces with discharges. Erig.
Stool smelling like brown paper b. Coloc.
Stool hard, with b. pain in anus and rectum. Sulph.
Scanty, bilious, slimy stool, with flatus and tenesmus; during and after b. pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.
Spasmodic contraction of sphincter ani, with b. and itching in anus, with watery diarrhœa. Coff.

Severe b. in rectum, in evening. Carbo-an.

Swelling, pressing and b. in hæmorrhoidal veins. Thuja.

Tenesmus; b. pain in anus. Caps.

Tenesmus as in dysentery, and b. pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. (Aloe, Canth., Caps., Cina, Iris, Merc., Nitr-ac., Osm., Sulph.)

Tearing, stitching, b., crawling or itching in and around the anus. Berb.

Thin, frothy stools, saffron-yellow, of musty odor like brown paper b. Coloc.

Tabes mesenterica; purging, with cold extremities; worse after midnight; b. stool, with violent colic. Ars.

Unpleasant b. in rectum. Psor.

Unsatisfactory, difficult stools, with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; b. in anus when walking. Natr-m.

Varices, b., stinging. Carbo-an.

Violent b. in anus after diarrhœic stool. Canth. (Ars., Bry., Caps., Merc., Nitr-ac.)

Violent b. in anus and rectum, with great exhaustion after stool. Phos. (Ars., China.)

Violent pain in small of back during soft stool, with tenesmus and b. Tabac.

Violent urging to stool, with croaking as from frogs; sits a long while, then passes immense quantity of flatus, followed by enormous evacuation; afterwards b. in abdomen. Sabad.

Violent b. pain in anus, as if parts around it were sore. Berb. (Sil., Sulph.)

Very offensive b. flatus. Aloe.

Very distressing, persistent tenesmus, and cutting, colicky pains; after stool b. and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

Burnt.—Constipation: stools hard, as if b.; scanty, difficult and insufficient; knotty. Sulph.

Extreme constipation, unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool a sensation as if something still remained, stool hard and dry as if b. Sulph.

Hard, feces, as if b., with pressure, bearing down before and after stool. Plat.

Obstinate constipation, stools large, hard and dry, as if b., passed with great effort. Bry.

Stool crumbly and dry, as if b. Magn-m.

Stool hard, black, crumbly, as if b. Sulph.

Stool hard and dry, as if b. Plat. (Bry.)

Burst.—Bowels move with a spasmodic b. or jerk, coming out like a shot from a gun. Croton-tig.

Unsatisfactory, difficult stools, with pain as if rectum would b., then bleeding, with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.

Buttocks.—Soreness between b. Sep.

Cabbage.—Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after c.; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Cadaverous.—C. rice-water stools, with great prostration and burning thirst (in cholera). Ars.

C. diarrhœa, scenting whole atmosphere of room. Ars.

C. smelling stool. Ars., Bism., Carbo-v., Kreas., Lach., Phos., Rhus-t., Sil., Stront.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; c. smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; c. smelling, chocolate-colored, worse at night. China.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucous; slimy; frothy; bloody; c. smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stools black, fluid, putrid; c. Stram.

Mushy stools of c. odor. Oxytrop.

Putrid, c. smelling, involuntary stools. Carbo-v.

Stools: papescent, foul-smelling; watery; c. odor. Bism. (Ars.)

Stools: mucous, with much urging; c., putrid, offensive, involuntary. Carbo-v.

Stools: watery, light yellow, fecal; dark, chocolate-colored, c. smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.

Stools like washings of meat; yellowish-brown, bloody, c. smelling and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.

Calves (see section on Extremities).—After stool, nausea and cramp in c.; dryness in throat. Ox-ac.

Violent cramps of feet, c. and thighs, with painless watery stools. Podo.

Cancer.—Constriction (in case of uterine c.). Kreas.

Canthus (see vol. i., section on Eye).—Diarrhœa of children, with intense itching about eyes, especially inner c. Gum-gut.

Cardialgia (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Constipation, with convulsions; c.; alternating with diarrhœa. Stram.

Care.—Diarrhœa, watery, painless, all day, from too much c. about domestic affairs. Coff.

Cares.—Stools yellowish and very offensive; child very listless, wants nothing and c. for nothing. Phos-ac.

Carriage.—Const pation from taking cold by riding in a c. Ign.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a c.; during pregnancy. Petr.

Diarrhœa from riding in c. or cars. Cocc.

Carried.—Cholera infantum; colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish, ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being c. about. Cham.

Carrion.—Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin, fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or c.; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa: stools dark yellow mucus, very offensive, like c. Podo.

Frequent scanty discharge of liquid as offensive as c. Sil.

Cars.—Diarrhœa from riding in carriage or c. Cocc.

Catarrh.—Constipation, with c. Eupat-perf.

Chronic c. of intestines and discharge of masses of mucus with stool, feces covered with mucus. Graph.

Hæmorrhoids, with rectal c.; costive; external piles, bleed during stool. Aur.

Intestinal c. coming on suddenly at night (in summer); vomiting and purging. Ver-a.

Intestinal c. and diarrhœa, with nephritis. Tereb.

Strings of odorless mucus pass from bowels (as in c.). Asar.

Catarrhal.—C. inflammation of bowels, with great pain and tenesmus of rectum. Merc-cor.

C. diarrhœa, with spasmodic colic and tenesmus. Gels.

C. mucous enteritis, with severe colic and tenesmus. Dios.

Cerebral (see vol. i., section on Head).—Cholera infantum, especially with c. irritation and collapse. Kali-brom.

Chafed.—Anus and surrounding parts sore and c. Œnonth. (Hydr. IX, dusted on parts.)

Easily c. by riding on horseback. Carbo-an.

Chagrin.—Diarrhœa from anger and c. Acon., Cham.

Diarrhœa from c. Cham.

Chalk.—Stool containing lumps of c. Bell. (Hep-s., Podo.)

Stool like lumps of c. (in children during dentition). Calc-c.

Chalk-like.—C. stool. Bell., Calc-c., Dig., Hep-s., Lach., Spong.

Diarrhœa: c. fecal stools. Podo.

Perfectly white, c. stools. Calc-c.

Chalky.—Violent diarrhœa: stools white as clay; c.; ash colored; whitish, or ash-gray, fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish, filled with mucus. Dig.

Change.—Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing pains in intestines; is rheumatic and has to c. positions often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa from c. of weather from warm to cold. Dulc.

Changeable.—Stools of c. color. Colch., Puls., Sulph.

Dysentery; tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of intestines, bloody, or c. in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.

Diarrhœa: stools watery, gushing, c. in color; no two alike. Sulph.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, c. Sulph.

Stools: greenish-yellow, slimy, very c.; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Nightly diarrhœa; c., no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Stools of mixed or c. green and white mucus. Cham.

Charred.—Hæmorrhages from bowels (in typhoid fever); flakes of decomposed blood, having appearance and form of perfectly c. wheat straw, in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portions more or less ground up. Lach.

Cheese.—Stool smelling like rotten c. Bry.

Cherries.—Hæmorrhoidal tumors as large as red c., with pain and distress in anus. Dios.

Chest.—Anxiety in c. after stool, heat in face and inclination to sweat. Caust.

Cholera, when purging ceases and congestion to brain and c., turning eyes, difficult breathing. Cic-v.

Diarrhœa following coryza; pains in c. and cough. Sang.

Fistula in ano, alternating with c. symptoms. Calc-ph.

Fistula in ano, accompanied by c. symptoms. Sil.

Child.—C. turns red in face before and during each stool, which is watery and expelled with great force. Bell.

C. lying upon mother's lap, moaning, eyes half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.

C. fond of sugar, but diarrhœa resulting from eating it. Arg-n.

Cholera infantum, typhoid type; c. is very restless at night, has to be moved often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Cholera infantum, where c. smells intensely sour; stools green and watery, with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.

Diarrhœic stools: white and fetid, c. has a sour smell. Hep-s.

Excessive acidity (making c. smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Infantile diarrhœa; stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing c. to cry and scream at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

Nightly diarrhœa, with severe colic, causing c. to bend double. Cham.

Nightly diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time c. seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Offensive diarrhœa, day and night; c. can swallow nothing but milk or fluids. Bapt.

Painless diarrhœa, with much moving of flatus in bowels (produced by fright in c.). Ign.

Stool very offensive, smells horrible; c. always awakens in distress. Lach.

Stools yellowish and very offensive; c. very listless, wants nothing and cares for nothing. Phos-ac.

Sour stools (of infants), whole c. smells sour. Robin., Rheum, Calc-c.

Child-bed (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Offensive, watery diarrhœa (in c.). Sec.

Children.—Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa like chopped eggs and spinach; c. peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Ascarides in rectum, with itching at anus at night (in c.). Ferr.

Constipation (of nursing c.). Alu. (Hydr., Opi., Nux-v.)

Constipation (of pregnant women and of c.). Alu. (Selen., Sil.)

Constipation (of c.), with dry and inflamed rectum, with bleeding. Alu.

Constipation (of c.) during teething. Dolich. (Alu., Hydr.)

Constipation (of corpulent, good-humored women and c.). Opi.

Constipation: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part small; stools in round black balls; chronic (with c.); as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.

Cholera infantum (in teething c.), excessive nausea and frequent stools of green or yellow water. Croton-tig.

Cholera infantum: stool as if chopped; saffron yellow, stringy and slimy, or frothy (in c. during dentition). Sulph-ac.

Cholera infantum (of alkaline or fat, chubby, pale c.), with light green frothy stools, nausea and vomiting. Ipec.

Chronic watery diarrhœa (in c.), usually soon after eating and drinking, without pain and effort, mostly containing undigested substances. Ferr.

Diarrhœa (of c.). Agn., Cham., Hep-s., Jalap., Nux-v., Rheum.

Diarrhœa (in c. during dentition); profuse, watery, light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of a strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Diarrhœa (in c.) from drinking least quantity. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in c.). Valer.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, or like chopped eggs, with loss of appetite (in summer with c.). Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of c.), worse at night. Nux-m.

Diarrhœa (of c.) with intense itching about eyes, especially inner canthus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa (of c.) during dentition, with rolling head from side to side. Podo.

Diarrhœa, with crying and emaciation (in c.). Teucr.

Diarrhœa with shrieking and whining (in c.) Cham., Jalap., Senna.

Dysentery (especially in c.); mucous membrane swollen and everted, with excessive tenderness. Bell.

Flatulent colic (in c. and hysterical women). Kali-brom.

Fetid, watery diarrhœa (of scrofulous c.). Sulph.

Green stools (in summer complaint of c.). Acon., Dulc., Rhus-t.

Green, loose stools, sometimes slimy (in c.). Calc-ph.

Gastro-intestinal irritation (in c.), with vomiting, diarrhœa and sometimes convulsions. Æth.

Green, slimy stools, nausea, vomiting and great prostration (in c.). Tabac.

Jelly-like stools, or sour stools of green mucus (in c.). Sep.

Morning diarrhœa (of c.) Cimicif.

Old-man look in c., with enteritis, or tabes mesenterica. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

Prolapsus recti (in c.). Ferr., Podo.

Piles, suddenly (in c.): protruding, reddish blue, burning; sore to least touch. Mur-ac.

Putrid diarrhœa (in c.). Salic-ac.

Stools like lumps of chalk (in c. during dentition). Calc-c.

Sour, acrid diarrhœa (in c. stools are green). Alu.

Summer complaint (of c.), with brain affections. Cupr.

Summer diarrhœa (of teething c.). Œnonth. (Gum-gut. 2x.)

Summer diarrhœa (of fat, chubby, pale c.). Ipec.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum with characteristic frequent stools of green mucus (in c. who are very fond of sugar and sweets; water runs straight through). Arg-n.

Chill.—C. before evacuations. Mez. (Aloe, Ars., Bar-c., Benz-ac., Dig.)

C. in rectum before evacuations. Lyc.

C. before and after stool. Mez.

During stool, shaking c. Puls.

Diarrhœa: stools green or watery (after c. or fright). Acon.

Violent pain in rectum, with c. and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and dysenteric bloody discharges. Acon.

Chilliness.—C. between stools. Merc.

C., tenesmus after stool; prolapsus ani. Canth.

C. before stool. Benz-ac.
C. after stool. Plat.
C. in rectum before stool. Lyc.
C. in back after evacuation. Puls.
Before stool rumbling; after stool c. Puls.
Colic: burning and tenesmus before, during and after stool; c. between stools. Merc.
Diarrhœa, with colicky pains, with c. and sensitiveness to cold air. Camph.
Diarrhœa: sudden pasty stool, followed by burning in anus, then internal c.; stools thin, frequent. Pæon.
Frequent desire for stool; but discharge of only mucus, with c. Sil.
Spasms of sphincter ani, with c. or a shuddering over back then urging to stool, which is insufficient. Colch.

Chilling.—Diarrhœa, with c. Cop., Dig.
Diarrhœa after c. stomach by taking cold substances. Ars.

Chills.—C. after evacuations. Canth., Grat., Mez., Ox-ac., Pæon., Plat.
C. during evacuations. Aloe, Ars., Bry., Coni., Cop., Ipec., Jatr., Lyc., Merc., Rheum, Sec., Sil., Sulph., Ver-a.
Diarrhœa as if caused by repelled eruption, c. or teething. Dulc.
Profuse diarrhœa, watery, with c. and at same time cold sweat rolls off of forehead. Vib-op.
Sudden irresistible urging to stool; soreness in lumbar region of back; c. over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

Chlorosis.—Chronic diarrhœa, accompanying c., with depraved appetite and aggravation on alternate days. Alu.

Chlorotic.—Chronic diarrhœa (in c., dyspeptic and debilitated persons). Lyc.

Chocolate.—Stools: watery, light yellow, fecal; dark, c. colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.
Diarrhœa; stools light yellow; offensive; from fruit; after c. Lith-c.
Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, c. colored, worse at night. China.

Cholera.—C.: absence of discharges; body icy cold. Camph.
C., when purging ceases, and congestion to brain and chest, turning eyes, difficult breathing. Cic-v.
C., second stage, with chronic spasms and collapse. Cupr.
C. with marble coldness of whole body, pulselessness, and rapid progress of disease towards asphyxia. Hydroc-ac.
C., stools copious, watery; great coldness; collapse. Tart-em. (Camph.)
C., painless watery; discharge after midnight. Sulph.
Cadaverous rice water stools, with great prostration and burning thirst (in c.). Ars.

Diarrhœa which precedes c., or prevalent during epidemic. **Phos-ac.**
Dysentery (during c. epidemic). Puls.
Diarrhœa (after c.). Sec.
Frequent diarrhœa (during c. epidemic). Phos.
Gray stools, with flocculent matter (in c.). Cupr.
Stool resembling those of c. Tabac.

Cholera Asiatica.—C. without pain or cramps. Jatr.
C. with violent spasms in abdomen and cramps in legs and feet; general convulsions, with continual vomiting and violent colic. Cupr.
C.; collapse without stool; cold breath and tongue; voice lost. Carbo-v. (Camph.)
C.: profuse, exhausting, watery diarrhœa, pouring away as if from a hydrant. Phos.
C.: great sinking and collapse, sometimes without stool. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Ver-a.)
C.: rice-water stools, with great prostration, coldness of surface, but will not be covered, with cramps. amph.
C. Sulph. (The flower of sulphur sprinkled between the toes and in foot of stocking and worn there has proven prophylactic, even dispelling the fear of the disease. To the late Constantine Hering belongs the credit of making known this valuable fact.)
C. Kali-brom. (In first stage, it arrests vomiting, cramps and rice-water stools; restores secretion of urine; and warmth and color return to cold, livid skin.—Dr. Begbie.)
C.: gushing, profuse rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.
C., with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.

Choleraic—C. stools, with collapse, deathly anxiety and restlessness. Acon.
C. diarrhœa where spasms and cramp are predominant symptoms, affecting involuntary muscles. Cupr.

Cholera infantum.—C. Euphorb-cor.
C. (with reflex irritation of brain, before effusion.—Burt). Kali-brom.
C. with absence of thirst, with dry tongue and dry hot skin, together with characteristic stools. Apis.
C., with putrid discharges, like bad eggs; with brain symptoms. Carb-ac.
C., vomiting, purging, tongue thickly coated white. Bism.
C., simultaneous vomiting and purging, great exhaustion. Ars.
C. where there is violent vomiting of curdled milk; of greenish mucus, and stools of green or bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.

C., with discharges of green mucus, sometimes with tenesmus (Merc-dulc.), with boring of head into pillow. Zinc.

C. (in teething children), excessive nausea and frequent stools of green or yellow water. Croton-tig.

C.: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour, diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

C., with brain symptoms, and chronic convulsions beginning in hands and feet. Cupr.

C.: emaciation; face like that of an old person. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

C.: diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark-brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

C.: stools green, liquid, mucous (liquid or drink is heard as it runs down œsophagus, is characteristic). Laur.

C. (of alkaline or fat, chubby, pale children), with light-green, frothy stools, nausea and vomiting. Ipec.

C., especially with cerebral irritation and collapse. Kali-brom. (Cowperthwaite.)

C., with stupor snoring, convulsions. Opi.

C.; stools as green as grass, slimy or watery. Tart-em.

C., with nausea, vomiting and watery diarrhœa. Mez.

C.; enteritis folliculosa; larger stools than are to be expected from quantity of food taken, with excessive fetor. Podo.

C.: stools frequent, uniformly frothy, watery, and of a pea-green color. Rheum.

C., waking up frightened, shortly after a dark or black diarrhœic stool; very offensive. Psor.

C.: stools watery, gushing, profuse, green, with sudden urging, often painless; offensive, worse in hot weather. Podo.

C., with yellow, stinking stools; anus excoriated. Ant-c.

C.: watery, green, sour, frothy stools; white lumps like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.

C.: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold prespiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

C., typhoid type; child is very restless at night, has to be moved often to get relief. Rhus-t.

C.: stool as if chopped; saffron yellow, stringy and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.

C., where child smells intensely sour; stools green and watery, with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.

C.: stools involuntary, with stupor, or hydrocephaloid (following infantile diarrhœa). Zinc.

C.: stools thin, papescent, mucous, green, gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.

C.: foul smelling stools. Stram.

C., with desire for indigestible things like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

C., with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps; ravenous appetite. Calc-c.

Burning, serous diarrhœa, cholera morbus, or c. commencing at two or three o'clock in morning. Iris.

During dentition (with c.) stools of clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell.

Diarrhœa or commencement of c., as if caused by eating unripe fruit, with green stools. Ipec.

Dysentery; infantile diarrhœa or c.; bloody mucus mixed with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering. Magn c.

Infantile diarrhœa or in c.; stools liquid, mucous, or bloody, having a very offensive odor. Psor.

Infantile diarrhœa; c. (child has large head with open fontanelles; profuse prespiration on head; pale earthy-colored face; aversion to mother's milk, and vomiting whenever taking it). Sil.

Sudden and severe attacks of c., with characteristic frequent stools, of green mucus (in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets); water runs straight through. Arg-n.

Cholera-like.—C. symptoms at commencement of menstruation. Am-c.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish-green or greenish, slimy; c. Tabac.

Cholera morbus.—Severe c. Mez.

C. (occurring in hottest of season). Iris.

C., with profuse bilious stools and great prostration. Euony.

C. from drinking excessive quantities of water. Grat.

C., worse at night, cold sweat on foreward; vomiting and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Burning, serous diarrhœa, c. or cholera infantum, commencing at two or three o'clock in morning. Iris.

Painless c. Colch. (Podo. The remedies differ. In Colchicum stools are smaller and less gushing; in time of aggravation and presence of nausea and vomiting.)

Painless c., stools profuse, gushing, each seeming to drain patient dry, but soon he is full again. Podo.

Cholera sporadica.—C.: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice-water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Cholerine.—C., with more retching than vomiting. Sec.

Chopped.—Cholera infantum; stool as if c.; saffron-yellow, stringy and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark-brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, c., very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like c. eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Diarrhœa; stool like c. eggs, of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, or like c. eggs, with loss of appetite (in summer, with children). Nux-m.

Green stools, or like c. eggs, with sour odor. Rheum.

Green, watery diarrhœa, like c. spinach. Acon.

Stool of c., white and yellow mucus. Cham.

Stool profuse, full of bright-red lumps like c. beets. Apis.

Watery-white stool, like c. herbs, with red urine. Acon.

Chronic.—C. diarrhœa, sudden, copious, easy, watery stools. Jalap.

C. diarrhœa (of dyspeptics). Kali-c.

C. bloody diarrhœa. Dulc.

C. constipation. Hydr. (Give tincture in drop or two-drop doses morning and night. The first and second dilutions may be given to children.)

C. diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting, colicky pains; stool of mucus, or watery. Mez.

C. diarrhœa, undigested stool. Oleand.

C. diarrhœa, loose morning stool. Natr-s. (Differing from Sulph. in occurring later and after rising.)

C. diarrhœa, accompanying chlorosis, with depraved appetite and aggravation on alternate days. Alu.

C. diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Polyp.

C. diarrhœa; black stools, only in morning. Podo.

C. diarrhœa of mucus and fecal matter; itching, soreness, and discharge of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.

C. diarrhœa. Carls., Cist., Collins., Hep-s., Magn-m., Nitr-ac., Plumb., Psor., Rhus-t.

C., painless diarrhœa of undigested food, with much thirst, for water during night. Phos.

C. diarrhœa; stools sour, frothy. Rheum.

C. diarrhœa, with characteristic eruption on skin. **Mez.**

C. diarrhœa (in phthisical patients). Sulph.

C. diarrhœa with great debility. Sulph-ac.

C. soft stool. Calc-c., Graph., Phos., Sulph-ac.
C. constipation; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.
C. constipation. Bry., Caust., Graph., Lyc., Nux-v., Opi., Plumb., Sulph., Ver-a.
C. diarrhœa, with many small passages of blood and mucus (in women at climacteric). Apis.
C. diarrhœa, involuntary and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.
C. diarrhœa; cannot urinate without having stool. Apis.
C. diarrhœa (of adults). Agn.
C. constipation; ineffectual urging; easily flushed face, with cold hands and feet. Ferr.
C. watery diarrhœa (in children), usually soon after eating and drinking, without pain and effort, mostly containing undigested substances. Ferr.
C. diarrhœa (in syphilitic or mercurial subjects). Kali-jod.
C. diarrhœa, patient feels as if stool might occur at any time, with disposition to strain, and bearing down. Iris.
C. diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.
C. constipation of years standing. Lach.
C. diarrhœa, clay-like stools. Calc-c.
C. diarrhœa, aggravated during menses. Am-m.
C. diarrhœa (in chlorotic, dyspeptic and debilitated persons). Lyc.
Stool like clay (in c. diarrhœa). Petr.

Church.—Apprehension on going to c. or opera, bringing on diarrhœa. Arg-n., Gels.
Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipations of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to c. or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.
C. hard stool. Bry., Caust., Cocc., Graph., Lyc., Sil., Sulph.

Chyle.—White stool like c. or milk. Bell.

Cider.—Juicy fruit or c. causes diarrhœa. Calc-ph.

Circulation.—Obstructed portal c. Nux-v.

Clammy.—Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth, cold, c. perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation as from ants. Sec.

Claw.—Clawing, squeezing, as from a c. in anus. Phell.

Clawing.—C., squeezing, as from a claw in anus. Phell.
C. in anus, with crumbling, unsatisfactory stool. Zinc

Clay.—Stool like c. (in chronic diarrhœa). Petr.
Stool adheres to rectum and anus, like soft c. Plat.
Clay-colored.—C. stools. Calc-c., Hep-s., Kali-bi., Nitr-ac., Petr.
Constipation: stools c., with an excessively torpid liver; jaundice and great languor. Podo.
Constipation, with c. stools. Acon.
Jaundice: stool whitish, pasty or c. Rheum.
Painless diarrhœa, with c. stools and burning and smarting in anus. Berb.
Stools yellow; fecal; bilious; cream colored; c.; green. Gels.
Stools light yellow, mushy, c. (in jaundice). Myrica.
Yellowish-gray, or c., fecal stools. Calc-c.
Clayey.—Stools: profuse, diarrhœic, dysenteric, fermented, thin, like water; pasty, yellowish, c. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)
Clay-like.—Adhering, c. stool. Plat.
Constipation; stools gray or c. Dig.
Chronic diarrhœa, c. stools. Calc-c.
Clay stones.—Very hard nodular stool, like c., evacuated only with great effort. Sil.
Clay-white.—Constipation: stool c.; like sheep's dung. Chelid.
Clean.—Weakness, or loss of power (paralysis) of sphincter ani, which is incompletely closed after a stool, so that keeping anus c. was difficult. Aloe.
Clear.—During dentition (with cholera infantum), stools of c. tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell.
Climacteric.—Hæmorrhoids at c. period. Lach.
Chronic diarrhœa with many small passages of blood and mucus (in women at c.). Apis.
Clinging.—Stool on starting from sleep, with anxious screams, throwing hands about, seizing things, or c. to mother or nurse. Borax.
Close.—Constrictive pain in anus, together with a sensation as if thighs were drawn together, so that she was obliged to c. them. Can-sat.
Closed.—Anus painfully c. Lyc. (Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil)
Anus spasmodically c. during colic, with difficult emission of flatus. Opi.
Constipation: ineffectual urging; anus feels c. Lach.
Difficult passage of stool, as though sphincter ani were spasmodically c. Gels.
Sensation as if anus were c. Lach., Plumb.
Weakness, or loss of power (paralysis) of sphincter ani, which is incompletely c. after a stool, so that keeping anus clean was difficult. Aloe.
Closes.—Rectum c. tight after evacuation. Cimex.
Rectum c. firmly after discharge of small white stool. Cimex.
Closet.—Has to hurry to c. immediately after eating and drinking. Aloe. (China, Coloc., Ferr., Puls.)

Closing.—Prolapsus ani, with c. of sphincter. Mez.

Clothes.—Great accumulation of wind; flatus has odor of urine remaining long on c. Agn.

Soiling c. when passing flatus. Oleand.

Clots.—C. of blood pass from anus. Alu.

Painless discharge of masses of blood in c., with sinking feeling. Ver-a.

Profuse diarrhœa containing membranes and c. of blood. Phos.

Clotty.—C. stool. Nux-v.

Clotted (see Coagulated and Curdled).—Dysentery; collapsed condition, stools involuntary, thick, c., viscid. Sec.

Hæmorrhage from rectum, blood dark and c. Trill.

Clysters.—Constipation from inertia of bowels; stool hard, dark brown, in small pieces, can only be expelled after c. Opi.

Coagulated (see Curdled and Clotted).—Discharge of c. blood from rectum. Stram.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of c. milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Coated (see Covered).—Stools c. with shreds of yellow mucus. Podo.

Coccyx.—Itching in anus and in c. for many days. Spig.

Moisture between anus and c. Led.

Sore, itching, smarting, humid spot between anus and c. Led.

Weight in perinæum and feeling as if a plug were wedged between symphysis pubis and c. Aloe, Caust., Hep-s., Thuja.

Coffee.—Diarrhœa, renewed after drinking c. Cycl., Ox-ac.

Soft stool after c. Fluor-ac.

Coffee grounds.—After taking cold, cutting pain, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like c. Camph.

Cold.—C. flatus. Coni.

After taking c., cutting pain, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee grounds. Camph.

Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from c. food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Blind, painful hæmorrhoids internally during and after black stool; worse from c. or warm water. Brom.

Colic and diarrhœa from c. Camph. (Coloc., Dulc.)

Colic and diarrhœa from taking c., or from fruit, ice cream, pastry, etc. Puls.

Colic and diarrhœa caused by c. evening air. Merc.

Cholera morbus, worse at night, c. sweat on forehead; vomiting and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Constipation: debility, coated tongue, headache, c. extremities; stool dry, scanty and lumpy, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Constipation from taking c. by riding in a carriage. Ign.

Chronic constipation; ineffectual urging; easily flushed face, with c. hands and feet. Ferr.

Cholera Asiatica; collapse without stool; c. breath and tongue; voice lost. Carbo-v. (Camph.)

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth, c., clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.

Diarrhœa, with colicky pains, with chilliness and sensitiveness to c. air. Camph.

Diarrhœa brought on by c. drinks in hot weather. Bry.

Diarrhœa in hot weather. Bry. (In c. weather. Dulc.)

Diarrhœa, with great prostration, c., yet will not be covered. Camph.

Diarrhœa (during dentition) form c.; anger; chagrin. Cham.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.) extreme prostration, coma, hot tympanitic abdomen and c. extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Diarrhœa from c.; stool green or white mucus. Dulc.

Diarrhœa from change of weather from warm to c. Dulc.

Diarrhœa; worse during day; after eating; and after drinking c. water. Hep-s.

Dysentery as if caused by c. and damp weather, and becoming worse as weather grows colder. Dulc.

Diarrhœa from debility or c. Nux-m.

Diarrhœa; worse in wet weather; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in c. evening air. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa: from milk; with colic from c. Natr-c.

Diarrhœa after a c. Nux-m. (Acon., Aloe, Ars., Bar-c., Bell., Bry., Caust., Cham., China, Coff., Dulc., Elat., Graph., Ipec., Kali-c., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Opi., Puls., Sep., Sulph., Ver-a., Zing.)

Diarrhœa after chilling stomach by taking c. substances. Ars.

Diarrhœa: from vinegar; from c. damp room; when walking or standing; when urinating. Aloe.

Dysentery or inflammatory diarrhœa during hot days and c. nights. Acon.

Profuse diarrhœa, watery, with chills, and, at same time, c. sweat rolls off of forehead. Vib-op.

Rice-water discharges; c., with c. sour sweat. Ferr.

Straining for stool all day, nausea, disagreeable taste; worse drinking c. water. Ferr.

Sensation as if c. water were dripping from anus. Can-sat.

Tabes mesenterica: purging, with c. extremities; worse after midnight; burning stools, with violent colic. Ars.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with c. sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with tearing and cutting before stool, after taking c. Dulc. (Rhus-t.)

Coldness.—Cholera Asiatica: rice-water stools, with great prostration, c. of surface, but will not be covered, with cramps. Camph.

Cholera with marble c. of whole body, pulselessness, and rapid progress of disease towards asphyxia. Hydroc-ac.

Cholera: stools copious, watery; great c.; collapse. Tart-em. (Camph.)

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, c., fainting, cold perspiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, mucus, green, gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, c. of extremities. Ver-a.

Constipation, with c. of body and hot head. Bufo.

Constipation with c. of extremities. Kali-bi.

Diarrhœa, with c. Spig.

Diarrhœa, consisting of yellowish-green, frothy water, forcibly evecuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with c. in abdomen, with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Purging with prostration and c. of extremities. Ars. (Sec., Ver-a.)

Stools green, gushing, exhausting, with great c. (after fright). Ver-a. (Gels.)

Colic (see section on Abdomen).—C. and diarrhœa from cold. Camph. (Coloc., Dulc.)

C., diarrhœa and dysentery, where pain and spasm are leading symptoms. Dios.

C. and diarrhœa immediately after nursing. Croton-tig.

C. before stool. Colch.

C. and diarrhœa from taking cold, or from fruit, ice cream, pastry, etc. Puls.

C.: burning and tenesmus before, during and after stool; chilliness between stools. Merc.

C. and diarhœa caused by cold evening air. Merc.

C. about umbilicus, during stool. Ox-ac.

C. before each stool. Rheum. (Coloc., Merc.)

C. in umbilical region, before diarrhœa. Aloe.

C., with bloody diarrhœa (during pregnancy). Millef.

C. before a loose stool. Sulph.

C. before evacuations only in daytime. Petr.

C. before evacuations. Alu., Ars., Bry., Merc., Petr., Puls., Sulph. Ver-a.

C. before and after stools. Am-c.

C. before and during stool. Aloe, Alu.

Anus spasmodically closed during c., with difficult emission of flatus Opi.

Before stool, cutting c., writhing pains about umbilicus. Caps.

Before stool: cutting c.; great urging. Coloc.
Before stool: sudden and violent urging; c.; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.
Bowels relaxed after c.; stools first white, then putty-like. Cham.
Before stool constant urging, with nausea and c.; cutting. Rhus-t.
Bloody, watery stools, with c. Acet-ac.
Bilious diarrhœa (of infants), with c. Acon.
Brown, watery diarrhœa occurring early in morning, with rumbling about umbilicus, and c. before stool. Rumex.
Cholera infantum: c., with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.
Cholera infantum, where child smells intensely sour; stools green and watery, with much tympanitis; c., and accompanied with excessive irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.
Cholera Asiatica, with violent spasms in abdomen and cramps in legs and feet; general convulsions, with continual vomiting and violent c. Cupr.
Catarrhal diarrhœa, with spasmodic c. and tenesmus. Gels.
Catarrhal mucous enteritis, with severe c. and tenesmus. Dios.
Constipation, with c. Plumb.
Constipation; ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, insufficient; green; curdy, with c. Stann.
Cutting c. and diarrhœa (during menstruation). Caust.
Diarrhœa, with c. (in summer), with watery stool at night, if weather cools. Dulc.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, fecal; bloody; soft, with c. Kreas
Diarrhœa, with c. and rumbling in bowels. Iris.
Diarrhœa, preceded by c., only during day. Petr.
Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, mucus, with c. and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour-smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sep.
Diarrhœa: stools fetid, yellow and fecal; watery, with vomiting and violent c.; bloody masses. Plumb.
Diarrhœa: from milk; with c. from cold. Natr-c.
Diarrhœa, preceded by c. Can-sat., Merc.
Diarrhœa at night, with violent c., always relieved by stools, or when lying on belly. Rhus-t.
Diarrhœa, preceded by c.; stools yellow, watery, thin, fecal, undigested. Sang.
Diarrhœa, with c. pains and tenderness of abdomen. Acet-ac.
Diarrhœa, preceded by c. (Aloe) and nausea. Ang.
Diarrhœa in morning after rising, with violent pinching; after meals; with much rumbling; crampy c. and passing wind. Agar.
Diarrhœa, with enuresis and c. Acon.

Diarrhœic stools; violent c. Millef.
Dysentery, with nausea and c. Rhus-t.
Dysentery, with c. before, during and after stool. Staph.
Dysentery; stools bloody mucus, with c. and tenesmus. Merc.
Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scraping of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; c.; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.
Dysenteric stools at night, with c. and violent tenesmus. Sulph.
Dysenteric stools, with c.; straining and violent tenesmus, especially at night. Sulph.
During stool, c., pressing, cutting or burning pains in anus, causing patient to cry out. Canth.
During stool: cutting c.; urging; nausea. Rhus-t.
During stool: c.; smarting at anus. Kali-c.
Flatulent, watery, urgent diarrhœa; great gurgling and c. pains about umbilicus, with much prostration. Croton tig.
Flatulent c. (in children and hysterical women). Kali-brom.
Frequent passage of mere mucus, preceded by c. Puls.
Frequent soft stool of yellow mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by c. or pain in back. Puls.
Heat and pain in anus and griping and c., before stool. Podo.
Liquid stool mixed with hard portions, passed with many loud emissions of flatus, together with c. Coni.
Liquid green stools, with c., early morning, with fainting. Podo.
Mucous stool, with c. Ign.
Much c., with very sour stools. Rheum.
Morning diarrhœa; stools watery, green, undigested or slimy, with severe c. and prolapsus ani. Podo.
Much c., relieved by green liquid stools. Magn-c.
Nightly diarrhœa, with severe c., causing child to bend double. Cham.
Nocturnal diarrhœa, with violent c., headache and pain in limbs. Rhus-t. (Merc.)
Obstinate constipation; stool only once in eight or ten days, feces composed of lumps packed together like sheep's dung, with severe c. Plumb.
Small, frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent c. in hypogastrium. Caps.
Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent c. and noisy flatus during stool. Arg-n. (Jatr.)
Suppression of piles, with hæmorrhoidal c., congestion, palpitation, rigidity of small of back, as if bruised. Sulph.
Severe c. every morning, with stools of mucus and blood. Podo.
Stool, with much wind, c. and backache. Sars.
Stools like green spinach, with c. and cramps in limbs; great weakness. Ver-a.

Stools: like sheep's dung; like water, with c.; involuntary. Natr-m.
Stools of very membranous mucus, relieving c. Colch.
Tenesmus, with first only a little mucus, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, relieving c. Colch.
Tabes mesenterica; purging, with cold extremities; worse after midnight; burning stool, with violent c. Ars.
Urgent stool, preceded by c. and passage of offensive flatus. Cast-eq.
Urging to stool, with c., also when at stool. Acon.
Very offensive diarrhœa, with c. Asaf.
Watery diarrhœa, with nausea, c. and great debility. Hell.
Watery (liquid) stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe c., and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.

Colicky.—Awakened early morning by desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp cutting, c. pains in hypogastrium. Petr.
Chronic diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting, c. pains; stools of mucus, or watery. Mez.
Diarrhœa, with c. pains, with chilliness and sensitiveness to cold air. Camph.
Diarrhœa of watery mucus, with c. pains about umbilicus during stool. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour-smelling, with straining before, and c. constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering during stool. Rheum.
Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, c. pains in umbilical region. Cham.
Very distressing, persistent tenesmus and cutting, c. pains; after stool, burning and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

Collapse.—Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by c., coldness, fainting, cold perspiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.
Cholera: stools copious, watery; great coldness; c. Tart-em. Camph.
Cholera Asiatica, with c.; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.
Choleraic stools, with c., deathly anxiety and restlessness. Acon.
Cholera Asiatica; c. without stool; cold breath and tongue; voice lost. Carbo-v. (Camph.)
Cholera, second stage, with chronic spasms and c. Cupr.
Cholera infantum (especially with cerebral irritation and c.) Kali-brom. (Cowperthwaite.)

Cholera Asiatica: great sinking and c., sometimes without stool. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Ver-a.)

Collapsed.—Dysentery; c. condition, stools involuntary, thick, clotted, viscid. Sec.

Colliquative.—C. diarrhœa. Ars., China, Ipec., Tart-em., Ver-a.

C. diarrhœa, with meteorism and great thirst. Tart-em.

Involuntary diarrhœa of water; putrid, fetid and c. Sec.

Colon.—Constipation from inactivity of c. and rectum. Alu.

Pain along c. down into rectum. Croton-tig.

Squeezing, constrictive pain in c. and rectum, alternating with shooting or jerks toward perinæum. Bell.

Colorless.—C. watery stools. Apis.

Coma.—Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, c., hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Commotion.—Diarrhœa at night, stool consisting of green and acrid mucus, preceded by c. in bowels. Puls.

Compact.—Constipation; stool c., hard, knotty. Sulph-ac. (Stront.)

Condylomata.—Hæmorrhoids and c. Nitr-ac.

C. on and about anus. Aur.

Confinement (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Prolapsus of rectum (after c.). Ruta.

Congested.—C. full feeling about rectum. Aloe.

Congestion.—C. of blood to head during evacuation, with red face. Aloe.

C. of hæmorrhoidal veins. Sulph.

C. of blood to anus. Sep., Sulph-ac.

Bleeding hæmorrhoids, with burning soreness, at times rawness of anus, from portal c.; hæmorrhage profuse. Ham.

Cholera, when purging ceases, and c. to brain and chest, turing eyes; difficult breathing. Cic-v.

Hæmorrrhoidal c.; hæmorrhoids bleed often and profusely; protrude like grapes, with much tenesmus. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids with c. at anus. Lach.

Suppression of piles, with hæmorrhoidal colic, c., palpitation, rigidity of small of back as if bruised. Sulph.

Stools of pure mucus, or mucus, blood and bile, with great faintness and distress after stool, from portal c. Polyp.

Connected.—Stools of masses of epithelium c. by muco-lymph, looking red or green or shreddy, with severe bearing down in hypogastrium. Arg-n.

Consciousness.—Watery, yellow, painless stools in bed without c. of it. Hyos. (Phos-ac.)

Constant.—Diarrhœa: stools dark, muddy, copious; mucous and blood; involuntary; a c. discharge. Ox-ac

Feels a c. desire to go to stool. Aloe.

Constipated (see Costive and Constipation).—Always c. immediately before and during menses. Sil.

Distention of abdomen with frequent urging to s., though more than ever c. Arn.

Constipation.—C. Abies-c., Abies-n., Actea-s., Ambr., Am-c., Bell., Bry., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Chelid., Coca, Cocc., Coni., Graph., Hydr., Kali-c., Lach., Laur., Lyc., Magn-m., Mosch., Naja, Natr-m., Nux-v., Opi., Phyt., Plat., Plumb., Podo., Sabad., Selen., Sil., Staph., Sulph., Ver-a., Zinc.

C., stool every other day. Caul.

C. with flatulence. Bov., Carbo-an.

C. from inactivity of bowels. Alu., Hep-s., Opi. (China, Camph., Plumb.)

C.: stool clay white; like sheep's dung. Chelid.

C., with hard, crumbling stool, or feces covered with glairy mucus. Am-m.

C., with clay-colored stools. Acon.

C., with hæmorrhoids. Am-c., Magn-m.

C. worse during menses. Aur.

C., bowels sluggish. Apoc.

C. from inactivity of colon and rectum. Alu.

C., with tympanitis and stupor. Acet-ac.

C. (of nursing children). Alu. (Hydr., Opi., Nux-v.)

C. from great dryness of mucous membrane of rectum, with long-lasting pain. Alu.

C.; hard, knotty or large stools. Aur.

C.; scanty stool, with much depression of mind. Ambr.

C. (of pregnant women and children). Alu. (Selen., Sil.)

C. (of children), with dry and inflamed rectum, with bleeding. Alu.

C., with excessive flatulence; stools white and lumpy. Ant-c.

C. and diarrhœa, alternate (in dyspepsia). Arg-n.

C.; stools hard and crumbling, requiring great effort and force to expel. Am-m.

C., with pains in abdomen, ineffectual urging; tenesmus as in dysentery, with burning and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.

C. with belching. Zing.

C. (in eldery people). Ant-c., Opi.

C. with debility. Kali-bi.

C. with backache. Lach., Psor.

C. for several days. Coni., Sulph., Thuja.

C. with catarrh. Eupat-perf.

C. with discharge of blood from rectum. Psor.

C. with coldness of body and hot head. Bufo.

C. every three months. Kali-bi.

C. with headache. Coni., Kali-bi., Nux-v., Podo., Vera.

C. with gastric derangement. Iod.

C. with leucorrhœa. Podo.
C. with perspiration. Bell.
C. with urging to stool. Cocc., Coni., Opi., Sec.
C. with coated tongue. Kali-bi.
C. with distended abdomen. Bell., Magn-m.
C. (in pregnant women). Alu., Coloc., Dolich., Lyc., Nux-v., Sep., (Hydr.)
C. from lead poisoning. Alu., Opi., Plat.
C. (in nursing infants). Alu., Nux-v., Opi., Sulph., Ver-a.
C. with sour taste. Sep.
C. with clean patches on tongue. Kali-bi., Natr-m., Tarax.
C.; stool slips back, as if not power enough. Sil.
C. with painful retraction of anus. Kali-bi.
C. with colic. Plumb.
C. with heat of head. Bell.
C. on a voyage. Plat.
C. every other day. Ambr., Calc-c., Cocc., Coni., Kali-c., Natr-m., Sulph.
C. with coldness of extremities. Kali-bi.
C. with heat of body. Cupr., Ver-a.
C. with nausea and vomiting. Plumb., Nux-v.
C. with induration of liver. Graph.
C., with want of desire. Alu., Graph., Lyc.
C.; stools hard and too large. Ver-a. (Bry., Kali-c.)
C. from inactivity or intussusception of bowels. Thuja.
C.: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part small; stools in round black balls; chronic (with children), as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.
C. with fruitless pressing to stool. Caust., Coni., Ign., Merc., Natr-m., Nux-v.. Rhus-t., Sabad., Sep., Sulph., Ver-a.
C. with spasmodic retention of feces, especially in small intestines. Opi.
C. from taking cold by riding in a carriage. Ign.
C. with frequent desire to urinate. Sars.
C. (after intermittent fever, suppressed by quinine). Puls.
C. with incarcerated flatulence in left side. Aur., Iod., Lyc., Rhod., Sulph.
C. on account of paralysis of motor nerves; hardness and large size of stools; cannot be expelled. Ver-a. (Bry., Iris.)
C.; stools large, hard, dry balls, expelled with difficulty, requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.
C., violent urging to urinate, stool small, with much bearing down. Sars.
C. from paralysis of rectum. Selen.
C.: hard, insufficient stool; tenesmus. Spong.
C: stools hard, like sheep's dung, and enveloped in mucus. Spig.

C.; stools in small black lumps, mixed with blood, accompanied with prickings in anus, with trembling sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.
C.; stool compact, hard, knotty. Sulph-ac. (Stront.)
C., with frequent ineffectual urging. Sec.
C.; stool hard, brown, tough. Rumex.
C. with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.
C.: stool so hard and packed in rectum that it was difficult to expel. Selen.
C.: stool so hard and impacted that it requires mechanical aid. Selen.
C.: stools difficult and painful; pain from back to pubes. Sabin.
C.: stools only every second day, stools hard as a stone. Magn-c.
C. of large, difficult stools, crumbling as they pass verge of anus. Magn-m.
C.: stools difficult, as from inactivity of bowels. Mur-ac.
C.: stools difficult to evacuate, in small pieces like sheep's dung. Magn-m.
C.: stools tenacious, crumbling, with much straining; undigested, black (pitch-like), yellowish. Merc.
C.: stools difficult, dry, knotty. Mang. (Plumb.)
C.: stool, tenacious feces. Merc-cor.
C.: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, light-colored; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled, it slips back again. Sil.
C. of difficult stools, as if rectum had no power to expel them, stool recedes after having been partly expelled. Sil.
C.: stool dry, insufficient, retarded; like sheep's dung. Sep. (Natr-m.)
C., obstinate, with large, hard, difficult stools; a feeling of tightness. Apis.
C.; ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, insufficient; green; curdy, with colic. Stann.
C.: stools clay-colored, with an excessively torpid liver; jaundice and great languor. Podo.
C. with convulsions; cardialgia, alternating with diarrhœa. Stram.
C. (of infants). Nux-v. (Alu., Hydr.)
C. from inactivity of rectum. Camph., Natr-m. (Alu.)
C.; stool every other day. Natr-m.
C.; small, hard stool, with much straining. Ptel.
C.: after lead poisoning or while traveling; frequent urging, scanty stool, with sensation of great weakness. Plat.
C.; much straining with hard stool, Rat.
C. (of aged, or of those with weak heart). Phyt.

C.: stool like that of a dog Prun-s. (Phos.)
C.: stools hard, as if burnt; scanty, difficult, and insufficient; knotty. Sulph.
C. (before and during menses) of hard lumps which remain long in rectum, as if it had no power to expel them. Sil.
C. from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.
C.; stools hard, difficult, dry, knotty, with sense of weight in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep.
C. from torpidity of liver, with jaundice and depression of mind. Still.
C. from inertia of bowels; stool hard, dark brown, in small pieces, can only be expelled after enemas. Opi.
C., as from constriction and contraction of intestines; as from inactivity of bowels. Nux-v.
C. with rush of blood to head. Nux-v.
C.; stools dry, difficult, irregular. Nitr-ac.
C., with frequent and ineffectual desire for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more remained, but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.
C. (of corpulent, good-humored women and children). Opi.
C.: stool composed of hard, black balls, with violent griping in abdomen. Opi.
C.: stool, little balls, or lumps like sheep's dung, passed after great straining (Magn-m.), with burning. Natr-c.
C.; debility, coated tongue, headache, cold extremities; stool dry, scanty, and lumpy, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.
C.: stools hard, difficult, slow, and insufficient evacuations; knotty, like sheep's dung. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)
C.; stools frequent, ineffectual urging, with small stools or only flatus. Magn-c.
C.: stools dark, in very hard balls, with painless straining. Mez.
C., with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr-m.
C.: stool hard, scanty; feces enveloped in mucus. Nitr-ac.
C. with hæmorrhoids (during pregnancy). Hydr. (Nux-v., Sulph.)
C.; stool mixed with blood. Led.
C.: stools very dry, hard and infrequent. Kali-brom.
C.: stool dry, too large; rectum inactive. Kali-c.
C.: stool hard and expelled only after much pressing. Kreas. (Bry., Nux-v., Sulph.)
C.: stools hard, knotty dark colored. Iod.
C.: stool like glue. Euphorb.
C.: stool hard and crumbling. Guaj.

C. (of children) during teething. Dolich. (Alu., Hydr., Selen.)
C.: stools gray or clay-like. Dig.
C.: ineffectual urging; anus feels closed. Lach.
C. (during menstruation); stools like sheep's dung, painful and difficult. Kali-c. (Magn-m.)
C. (of infants). Croc. (Use from one to three drops of tincture.)
C., with hard, knotty stools (Magn-m.), hæmorrhoids, burning and soreness. Bar-c.
C.: stools dry, tough and hard, long, slender like a dog's; voided with difficulty. Phos.
C.: feces long, dry and hard, like dog's stool. Cimex. (Phos.)
C.: stools scanty, hard, in lumps or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Opi., Magn-m.); black or green color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.
C., not more than one stool occurring in a week. Opi.
C.: pain in small of back; large quantities of blood from rectum, with hard, difficult stool. Psor.
C.: stools hard and dry; feces not hard but expelled with difficulty. Hep-s.
C.: almost impossible to evacuate stools, spasmodic constriction of anus preventing stool. Lyc.
C.: stools tardy, infrequent and hard. Fluor-ac. (Bry.)
C.: hard stools, with much urging and sticking in anus. Graph.
C., with hard, lumpy stools, occurring once in two or three days. Coloc.
C.: stools hard, like stones. Coloc.
C.: stools dry and hard, or first part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.
C.: stools hard and difficult, followed by backache. Ferr.
C., with engorgement of liver, headache, coated tongue, and bad taste. Euony.
C., with hæmorrhoids, attended with severe pain in back like lumbago. Euony.
C. for six days, followed by copious papescent stool. Cor-r.
C., with feces in balls, and hæmorrhoids from congestive inertia of lower bowels (in latter months of pregnancy). Collins.
C.: hard and difficult evacuation; hard stool every other day; from paralysis of rectum and bowels; from torpor of intestines. Cocc.
C.: large, difficult, knotty stools. Graph.
C.: feces hard with tenesmus; constant and ineffectual urging without stool (Nux-v.) with vertigo while lying down, or small quantities pass each time. Coni.
C.: stools light colored and lumpy, with hard straining, followed by dull aching pains in anus and hypogastrium. Collins.
C. with bleeding from anus. Cact.

C.: stools large and hard; white. Calc-c.

C. with large abdomen and flatulence; stool too large. Bry.

C.: large accumulation; stool difficult, even if soft; after long purging. China.

C. with retention of urine, or with frequent urination, attended with cutting burning pains, but little urine being passed at a time. Canth.

C.: ineffectual urging, with anxiety and red face. Caust.

C.: stools hard, containing undigested food, and often accompanied by slime. Calc-c.

C.: feces hard, in impacted balls. Colch.

Alternate c. and diarrhœa. Am-m., Bry., Chelid., Cimicif., Coff., Cupr., Ign., Iod., Kobalt, Lach., Natr-m., Nux-v., Plumb., Podo., Puls., Sang. (Ant-c., Arg-n., Ars., Kali-bi., Rhus-t., Ruta, Tart-em.)

Alternate c. and papescent stool. Natr-m.

Alternate diarrhœa and c. (from enlargement of mesenteric glands in children, with acrid stools). Sulph.

Alternate diarrhœa and c. (Cimicif., Card., Natr-ars., Nux-v., Podo.) of old people. Ant-c.

Alternate slimy stools and c. Acon.

Almost unconquerable chronic c. Opi.

Black, lumpy stools; c. Ustil.

Chronic c., with dry and difficult stools. Bry. (Lyc., Opi.)

Chronic c.; ineffectual urging; easily flushed face, with cold hands and feet. Ferr.

Chronic c. of years standing. Lach.

Chronic c. Hydr. (Give tincture in drop or two-drop doses morning and night. The first and second dilutions may be given to children.)

Chronic c.; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Chronic c. Bry., Caust., Graph., Lyc., Nux-v., Opi., Plumb., Sulph., Ver-a.

Extreme c., unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool a sensation as if something still remained, stool hard and dry as if burnt. Sulph.

First diarrhœa, then hard difficult stool, c. (during pregnancy). Oleand.

Gastralgia with c. Abrot.

Habitual c. with burning in anus. Kali-bi.

Habitual c. of large and difficult stools, with frequent urging to go to stool, but not able to defecate. Nux-v.

Habitual c.; rectum dry and irritable. Sulph.

Hard stools; c. with discharge of prostatic fluid when straining at stool. Agn. (Phos.)

Hard stool, with c. Bry., Clem., Cocc., Coni., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil., Staph., Ver-a.

Hard, dry, black stools, with c. and hæmorrhoids. Dios.

Irregular stools; diarrhœa, alternating with c. Iod. (In aged or old people). Ant-c.

Irregular stools, sometimes two or three a day, then c. Natr-m.

Inharmonious muscular action, irritation and hyperæsthesia, in either c. or diarrhœa. Sulph.

Melancholy, sits for days weeping, with great weakness and c. Ambr.

Most obstinate c., with feeling as if all action of bowels had been lost. Æth.

Marasmus, with alternate diarrhœa and c. Abrot., Ant-c.

Neuralgia in rectum and anus, shooting through perinæum to penis, with c. Phyt.

Obstinate c.; sometimes causing retention of urine. Can-sat.

Obstinate c.; stools large, hard and dry, as if burnt, passed with great effort. Bry.

Obstinate c.; stools tough, very solid; expelled with great difficulty; shining as if greased. Caust.

Obstinate c., with weak feeling in stomach, sour eructations, and frontal headache. Hydr.

Obstinate c.; stool only once in eight or ten days, feces composed of lumps packed together like sheep's dung, with severe colic. Plumb.

Obstinate c.; stools hard and scanty. Kali-jod.

Obstinate c. Lach., Psor. (Alu., Plumb., Nux-v., Opi.)

Obstinate c.; stools small, hard, dry, brittle, granulous or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Obstinate c.; stools in hard balls. Thuja.

Obstinate c. with abdominal and hæmorrhoidal cramps. Asaf.

Obstinate c. with hæmorrhoids. Aur.

Obstinate c. after a blow on epigastrium. Arn.

Pain in back with c. Colch.

Piles with c. and great sensitiveness of anus. Nitr-ac.

Prolonged obstinate c.; no desire for stool, perspiring. Natr-m.

Painful c.; stool evacuated in hard masses. Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bry., Sulph.)

Painless c. Opi., Puls., Squilla.

Periodical c. Kali-bi.

Constricted.—Anus c. during evacuation. Ign., Lach.

Anus feels as if drawn upward, as if c. Plumb.

Anus c. after evacuations. Ign., Lach., Mez., Nux-m., Plat., Stront., Sulph.

Dried and c. feeling during stool. Alu.

Constricting.—Tearing, sticking and c. pain, as from aggravated blind biles. Nux-v.

Constriction.—C. of anus. Cimex, Croton-tig., Lach., Laur., Mez., Natr-m., Nux-v., Plumb., Therid.

C. with stool. Thuja.

C. of rectum; of anus. Lach.

C. of and itching at anus. Grat.

C. (in case of uterine cancer). Kreas.

C. in rectum during stool with discharge of bright blood. **Nux-v.**

C. of sphincter ani. Plumb.

C. during stool. Sil. (Nitr-ac., Opi.)

C. after stool. Æsc.

C. of anus; itching. Chelid. (Sulph.)

Anal fissure; severe, sharp, cutting pain during stool, followed by c. and aching for several hours. Graph.

Constipation, with frequent and ineffectual desire for stool, and sensation of c. in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more remained, but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.

Constipation, as from c. and contraction of intestines; as from inactivity of bowels. Nux-v.

Constipation; almost impossible to evacuate stools, spasmodic c. of anus preventing stool. Lyc.

Croupous inflammation of rectum; thin unshapely strips pass in masses, with burning, c. and sore pain. Arg-n.

Daily c. of anus. Nitr-ac.

Desire to evacuate, followed by painful c. of anus. **Lyc.**

Dryness, heat and c. of rectum. Æsc.

Excoriation in anus after evacuation, with contraction of rectum and c. of anus. Alu. (Natr-m., Sil.)

Hæmorrhoids protrude after stool, with c. of sphincter. Lach.

Intense pain before and during stool, as from c. in rectum, preventing passage of feces. Berb.

Pasty, sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), followed by shivering (Puls.), then urging, with drawing c. in intestines. Rheum.

Protrusion of rectum after stool, then painful c. of anus. Lach.

Painful c., tearing and drawing at anus, perinæum and through urethra. Mez.

Stitches or sticking in rectum, and spasmodic c. in anus during and after stool. Nitr-ac. (Sil.)

Sensation of c. in rectum, as though one side had grown up. Rhus-t

Spasmodic c. of rectum. Therid.

Constrictive.—C. sore pain in rectum, as from blind piles, for one or two hours after stool. Ign. (Natr-m.)

C. pain in anus, together with a sensation as if thighs were drawn together, so that she was obliged to close them. Can-sat.

C. pain in anus while sitting. Mang.

Squeezing, c. pain in colon and rectum, alternating with shooting or jerks toward perinæum. Bell.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour smelling, with straining before, and colicky, c. cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Violent itching and c. sensation in anus. Bell.

Consumptives.—Tendency to diarrhœa (in dyspeptics and c.), which is renewed whenever taking fresh meat. Caust.

Contracted.—Anus c. during evacuation. Staph., Thuja.

Difficult stool, as if sphincter c. Gels.

Rectum c. and protrudes during hard stool. Lyc.

Sensation as if anus were c., preventing passage of stool. Chelid.

Contraction.—C. of rectum. Alu., Borax, Cact., Calc-c., Cocc., Coloc., Ferr., Lach., Natr-m., Nux-v., Plumb., Sep., Stront.

C. of anus. Ang., Borax, Croton-tig., Ign., Mang., Plumb., Sec., Thuja.

C. and narrowing of rectum, hindering expulsion of stool. Nux-v.

C. and spasm of anus. Plumb.

Bright-red blood with feces, and sensation of c. in rectum. Nux-v.

Constipation, with sensation of c. of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr-m.

Constipation: as from constriction and c. of intestines; as from inactivity of bowels. Nux-v.

Distressing c. of sphincter ani, painful after stool, and when walking or standing, relieved by sitting. Ign.

Desire to evacuate with c. of scrotum. Ferr-mag.

Excoriation in anus after evacuation, with c. of rectum and constriction of anus. Alu. (Natr-m., Sil.)

Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisure, pain in rectum as if being torn or cut with knife; or spasmodic c. of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids attended with pains shooting deep into rectum, seemingly up into abdomen, with a sensation of excoriation or c. of anus. Ign.

Painful c. of anus during stool. Thuja.

Pressing and urging in rectum toward anus; painful c. of anus. Bell.

Spasmodic c. of sphincter ani, with burning and itching in anus, with watery diarrhœa. Coff.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and pressing towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful c. of anus. Bell.

Contractions.—Painful c. Acon. (Sil.)

Contractive.—C. pain at anus. Lyc.

C. pain in rectum, preventing sitting, afternoons. Cocc.

Convulsions.—Cholera Asiatica with violent spasms in abdomen and cramps in legs and feet; general c., with continual vomiting, and violent colic. Cupr.

Cholera infantum with stupor, snoring, c. Opi.

Cholera infantum, with brain symptoms, and chronic c. beginning in hands and feet. Cupr.

Constipation, with c.; cardialgia; alternating with diarrhœa. Stram.

Gastro-intestinal irritation in children, with vomiting, diarrhœa, and sometimes c. Æth.

Infantile diarrhœa, with characteristic stools and c. Opi.

Copious.—C. stool. Aur., Ran-b. (Ang., Ant-c., Benz-ac., Berb., Cact., Colch., Cop., Cub., Dios., Elat., Gum-gut., Jatr., Iod., Ipec., Iris, Kali-bi., Lept., Magn-c., Nux-m., Podo., Raph., Rumex, Sec., Tart-em., Teucr., Thuja, Ver-a.)

C. diarrhœic stools with rheumatic pains in ankles, but not in wrists. Bry.

C., watery, sour-smelling diarrhœa. Calc-c.

C. liquid stools; watery, frothy, or of olive-green color. Elat.

C., soft or pasty stools. Cocc-c.

C. fecal stools, with great discharge of wind. Coloc. (Aloe.)

C. diarrhœic stools, with bearing down in rectum. Corn-c.

C., watery, nightly diarrhœa, with great tympanitis. Mosch.

C., watery diarrhœa, with rumbling in bowels. Phos-ac.

C., soft, yellowish stools, attended with some griping. Asclep.

Bilious stool; loose but not c. Apoc.

Constipation, for six days, followed by c. papescent stool. Cor-r.

Chronic diarrhœa, sudden, c., easy, watery stools. Jalap.

Cholera: stools c., watery; great coldness; collapse. Tart-em. (Camph).

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow-brown, fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, c. and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa: stools dark, mudy, c.; mucus and blood; involuntary; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.

Diarrhœa; stools c. like water from a hydrant. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools pale-yellow watery; forcibly expelled; c.; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja.

Diarrhœa, violent, painful, c., with profuse perspiration. Ver-a.

Frequent, c. stools, with shivering. Ver-a.

Hæmorrhoids, c. bleeding or ichorous oozing; tearing pains, with itching and gnawing. Ferr.

Hard stool with c. hæmorrhage from bowels. Ant-c.

Mushy or c. watery stools. Polyp.

Reliable drastic purgative; speedily producing c. liquid stools. Jalap.

Several c., thick, mushy stools. Berb.

Stools dark, bilious, loose, c., with burning, griping and tenesmus. Corn-c.

Stools: black, c., and painful or bloody with tenesmus and weakness. Cupr.

Stools frequent; c., shooting out all at once with a single, somewhat prolonged, effort. Gum-gut.

Stools during day c., soft, dark or light yellowish-brown; at night scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.

Stools mushy or c. and watery, and sometime bloody. Ver-v.

Stool yellow and c. during day, hard and black at night. Merc-jod.

Sensation of c. stool, but only flatus escapes, with finally very hard stool. Ant-c.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, c. stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Tenesmus with c., pappy, offensive stools; boring pain in bowels obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

Tenesmus, in morning after waking, then c. fluid stool. Sulph.

Tenesmus followed by c., thin or pap-like, sour-smelling stool, giving great relief. Arn.

Thin, c. stools. Ang.

Urging followed by c. pasty evacuation (with relief of all symptoms except confusion of head). Bry.

Very exhausting, c., involuntary, watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Watery, c., dark or black stools. Apis.

Cork.—Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, streaming out with much gas, as if a c. were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.

Corpulent.—Constipation (of c., good humored women and children). Opi.

Corroding.—C. stools. Cham.

Frequent diarrhœic stools, c. anus; face being fiery red. Ferr.

Small diarrhœa-like stools in morning, c. anus. Nux-v. (Caps.)

Corrosive.—C. ichor oozes from anus, excoriating parts. Merc-cor.

C. ulceration of rectum. Merc-bij.

C. itching of perinæum. Agn.

Acrid, c. moisture about anus. Carbo-v.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery; greenish; frequent; c.; profuse. Iris.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; c; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Stools greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, c.; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Coryza (see section on Nose, in vol. i.).—Diarrhœa after c. Sang.

Diarrhœa following c.; pains in chest, and cough. Sang.

Costive (see Constipated).—Desire to go to stool immediately after drinking, c., passing nothing but mucus. Caps.

Hæmorrhoids with rectal catarrah; c.; external piles, bleed during stool. Aur.

Costiveness (see Constipation).—C. for weeks, nothing but small hard balls being passed. Opi.

C. on account of hardness of feces. Am-c.

C., with tympanitis and stupor. Acet-ac.

Cough (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Diarrhœa, accompanied by violent dry c., excited by tickling in throat; stools thin, brownish, fecal, early in morning. Rumex.

Diarrhœa following coryza; pains in chest and c. Sang.

Fistula in ano, with itching there; short c. Berb.

Hæmorrhoids pain during c.; when walking. Kali-c.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors, protruding, with stitches at each c. or sneeze. Lach.

Stitches in hæmorrhoids during c. Ign.

Slow fever, dry laryngeal c., diarrhœa. Iod.

Coughing.—Involuntary stools when c., or during low fevers. Phos.

Covered.—Cholera Asiatica; rice-water stools, with great prostration, coldness of surface, but will not be c., with cramps. Camph.

Chronic catarrh of intestines and discharge of masses of mucus with stool, feces c. with mucus. Graph.

Constipation, with hard, crumbling stool, or feces c. with glairy mucus. Am-m.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth, cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being c., crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.

Diarrhœa, with great prostration, cold, yet will not be c. Camph.

Feces c. with mucus or blood. Ipec., Magn-m.

Hard stool c. with mucus (Casc.), shines as if greased. Caust.

Hard stool in lumps, c. with mucus. Caust., Magn-m., Nux-v., Plumb.

Hard stool c. with mucus. Am-m.

Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with aversion to heat or being c. Sec.

Stools c. with filamentous yellow mucus, last part bloody. Carbo-v.

Stool lumpy, c. with mucus. Hydr. (Graph.)

Stool c. with mucus streaked with blood. Magn-m.

Stools c. with mucus. Alu.

Stool c. with mucus, and sometimes impossible to evacuate, even with most terrible straining, with much burning at anus and in rectum, and sense of great weight in anus. Sep.

Cracked.—C. hæmorrhoids. Cham., Caust.

Anus sensitive after a slimy discharge, as though skin were c. and chapped there. Thuja.

Cracks.—C. in anus. Agn., Al-cep., Graph.

C. in fissured anus ulcerate and bleed. Graph.

Painful hæmorrhoids with ulceration; surrounding parts purple and covered with crusts; whole mucous membrane covered with ulcers and c. Pæon.

Cramp.—C. in anus. Colch.

C. in rectum. Calc-c., Lyc., Phos.

C. in rectum whole forenoon; a griping and stitching, with great anxiety; was not able to sit, but was obliged to walk about. Calc-c.

After stool: nausea and c. in calves; dryness in throat. Ox-ac.

Choleraic diarrhœa, where spasms and c. are predominant symptoms, affecting involuntary muscles. Cupr.

Cramp-like.—C. pain, as if an angular body pressed inward in right side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

C. pain in rectum during stool. Kreas.

Boring, c. pain, extending from rectum to testicles. Sil.

Loose stools, mushy, with tenesmus, and c. sensation in umbilical region. Myrica.

Cramps.—C. in rectum and small of back, like labor pains. Lyc.

Cholera Asiatica, with violent spasms in abdomen and c. in legs and feet; general convulsions, with continual vomiting and violent colic. Cupr.

Cholera Asiatica; rice-water stools, with great prostration, coldness of surface, but will not be covered, with c. Camph.

Obstinate constipation, with abdominal and hæmorrhoidal c. Asaf.

Hæmorrhoids: bleeding, with intolerable pain in sitting; with c. in arms. Phos-ac.

Intense vomiting and purging, with griping pains and c. in abdomen. Phyt.

Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse, rice-water discharges, with tonic c., commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratical face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with c. of abdominal muscles, flexors of arms and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Stitches and c. in rectum. Lyc.

Stools like green spinach, with colic and c. in limbs; great weakness. Ver-a.

Violent c. of feet, calves and thighs, with painless watery stools. Podo.

Watery, involuntary diarrhœa, with violent c. of involuntary muscles. Cupr.

Crampy.—Diarrhœa in morning after rising, with violent pinching; after meals; with much rumbling; c. colic, and passing wind. Agar.

Crawling.—C. in rectum, like from worms. Calc-c., Carbo-v., Hep-s.

C. and biting in rectum, as from worms. Sulph.

C. and violent beating in anus, in evening in bed. Teucr.
C. in anus, as from worms. Zinc. (Sep., Spig.)
C. in rectum and anus, as of ascarides. Sabad.
C. in hæmorrhoids. Ant-c., China.
C. in anus, as from thread worms. Croc. (Ign.)
C. in rectum; expulsion of ascarides. Bar-c.
Burning, cutting, c. and itching in rectum. Chelid.
Burning and tingling at anus, after stool, with sensation as if worms were c. about, sometimes with spasms. Tereb.
Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, c. sensation, as from ants. Sec.
Itching and c. in rectum, as from thread worms. Ign.
Itching, tingling, c. and tenesmus at anus, especially in evening. Plat.
Itching, creeping, c. in anus. Natr-c.
Prickling and c. in rectum, as of ascarides. Calc-c.
Tingling, c. at anus. Croc., Ign., Plat., Teucr., Zinc.
Tearing, stitching, burning, c. or itching in and around anus. Berb.
Violent stitches and c. in rectum, especially in evening. Sulph.

Cream colored.—Stools yellow; fecal; bilious; c.; clay colored; green. Gels.

Creeping.—C. in anus before evacuations. Mez.
C. in anus, as of ascarides. Croc.
C. in rectum before evacuations. Mez.
C. in anus after evacuations. Mez.
C. in rectum after evacuations. Mez., Teucr.
Ascarides, with c. and itching, and nightly restlessness; worse from warmth of bed. Teucr.

Cringing.—Intolerable c. in anus. Croc.

Croaking.—C. noise from flatus. Arg-m., Graph.
Violent urging to stool, with c. as from frogs; sits a long while, then passes immense quantity of flatus, followed by enormous evauation; afterwards burning in abdomen. Sabad.

Croupous.—C. discharge, with much straining. Nitr-ac.

Crowd.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipations of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a c.; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Crumbling.—C. stool. Am-c., Guaj., Magn-m., Merc., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Ruta.
Constipation; stool hard and c. Guaj.
Constipation of large, difficult stools, c. as they pass verge of anus. Magn-m.
Constipation: stools tenacious, c., with much straining; undigested, black (pitch-like), yellowish. Merc.

Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry and c. stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr-m.

Clawing in anus, with c., unsatisfactory stool. Zinc.

Constipation; stools hard and c., requiring great effort and force to expel. Am-m.

Constipation, with hard, c. stool, or feces covered with glairy mucus. Am-m.

Dry and c. stool, like sand. Arg-m.

Obstinate constipation; stools small, hard, dry, brittle, granulous or c.; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Crumbly.—Stool hard, black, c., as if burnt. Sulph.

Stool c. and dry, as if burnt. Magn-m.

Crusts.—Painful hæmorrhoids, with ulceration; surrounding parts purple and covered with c.; whole mucous membrane covered with ulcers and cracks. Pæon.

Cry.—Cholera infantum; colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish, ill-humored; c. much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

During stool, colic, pressing, cutting or burning pains in anus, causing patient to c. out. Canth.

Infantile diarrhœa, stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to c. and scream at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

Crying.—Diarrhœa, with c. and emaciation (in children). Teucr.

Flatus: noise as of something c. Arg-m., Thuja.

Green stools (in infants) preceded by c. Borax. (Coloc.)

Curd.—Stools white, dry, irregular; hard lumps of c. Ant-c.

Curdled (see Clotted and Coagulated).—C. stool. Cham. (Merc., Nux-m., Puls., Sulph., Sulph-ac., Viola-tr.)

Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or c. lumps; ravenous appetite. Calc-c.

Cholera infantum, where there is violent vomiting of c. milk; of greenish mucus, and stools of green or bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.

Diarrhœa: stools mucus; green c. and mixed with mucus; undigested; yellowish-white, fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Stool thin, papescent, or brown, slimy, c. and mixed with mucus. Rheum.

Stools like c. milk, of offensive, sickening odor, expelled forcibly. Gum-gut.

Cut.—Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture; pain in rectum, as if being torn or c. with knife; or spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Cutting.—C. in rectum during a normal stool. Sulph.

C. colic and diarrhœa (during menstruation). Caust.

C. in anus. Caust., Jac-car., Kali-c., Laur., Natr-c., Staph.

C. in rectum. Caust., Lyc., Mang., Natr-c.

C. and stinging in rectum. Sil.

C. before evacuation. Acon., Æth., Agar., Ant-c., Ars., Bar-c., Bry., Caps., Carbo-v., Chelid., Coloc., Coni., Dig., Gels., Grat., Iris, Kobalt, Laur., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Nicc., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Petr., Puls., Rhus-t., Sang., Sep., Sulph., Tart-em., Thuja, Ver-a.

C. in rectum after evacuation. Natr-c.

C. in abdomen during evacuation. Acon., Agar., Aloe, Ars., Caps., Cham., Chelid., Coloc., Iris, Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr., Rhus-t.

C. in hæmorrhoids. Kali-c., Lach.

C. pain in anus during evacuation. Caust., Laur., Natr-c., Staph.

C. pains before and after stool in anus. Sulph.

C., griping, followed by frequent urging to stool (after anger or fright). Acon.

C. before stool. Kobalt.

Awakened early morning by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp, c., colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.

After taking cold, c. pain, with a loose discharge of a dark-brown or black feces, like coffee grounds. Camph.

Anal fissure; severe, sharp, c. pain during stool, followed by constriction and aching for several hours. Graph.

Before and during stool, c. in abdomen and sharp stitches in rectum, from above downward. Asar.

Before stool, slight c. Carbo-v.

Before stool: constant urging, with nausea and tearing colic; c. Rhus-t.

Burning, c., crawling and itching in rectum. Chelid.

Before stool: c. about umbilicus; backache, as if broken; constant urging. Nux-v.

Burning and c. in anus and rectum during and after stool; with sexual excitement. Natr-c.

Bright-yellow stools, preceded by c. and rumbling in abdomen. Brom.

Before stool, c. colic, writhing pains about umbilicus. Caps.

Before stool: c. colic; great urging. Coloc.

Constipation: ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, insufficient; green; c., with colic. Stann.

Chronic diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; c., colicky pains; stools of mucus or water. Mez.

Dysentery, with high synochal fever; great fear and restlessness, accompanied with c., lancinating, burning and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.

Diarrhœic stools, with pinching and c. in bowels and emmission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful drawing in of stomach and abdomen. Agar.

Diarrhœa, preceded and followed by c. in abdomen. Am-c.

During stool, burning and c. in anus; tenesmus. Carbo-v.

During stool: c. colic; urging; nausea. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa, with violent c. in abdomen. Mosch.

Drowsiness and c. in bowels. Nux-m.

During stool, colic, pressing, c. or burning pains in anus, causing patient to cry out. Canth.

During stool, c. in abdomen; afrer stool, shivering. Canth. (Merc.)

Diarrhœa, with c. pains. Bov.

Diarrhœa; stools thin, pasty, sour-smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive c. in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool Rheum.

Frequent pasty stool, with c. in abdomen. Sulph.

Hard, large feces, with c. and soreness in rectum and anus. Vib-op.

Loose stool, preceded and followed by c. in abdomen. Am-c.

Pieces or strips of mucus, with tenesmus, burning and c. in anus. Ars.

Painful, green stools, with violent c. pains and tenesmus (Merc.); profuse; squirting out; much wind passing. Cupr.

Severe c. pain in anus, after stool. Æsc.

Sticking, c. pains in anus after stool. Aloe.

Stool like sheep's dung or laurel berries; difficult passage, with c. in anus, as if too narrow, followed by stream of blood; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.

Stools hard and knotty, like sheep dung (Opi., Plumb.); with c. in anus, followed by blood. Alu. (Merc., Nux-v.)

Stitches, tearing and c. in anus. Kali-c.

Stool of yellow, fecal matter, mucus and blood, with tenesmus, then c. in hypogastrium. Collins.

Soft stool, with bloody mucus, preceded by c. in abdomen. Sulph.

Very distressing, persistent tenesmus, and c., colicky pains; after stool b. and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with tearing and c. before stool, after taking cold. Dulc. (Rhus-t.)

Yellow and green diarrhœic stool, mixed with mucus, preceded by excessive c. around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Daily.—Diarrhœa d., in morning, with much noisy flatus; after vaccination; after fat food; after onions. Thuja.

Damp.—Diarrhœa in d. weather. Rhod. (Lach.)

Diarrhœa: from vinegar; from cold d. room; when walking or standing; when urinating. Aloe.

Dysentery, as if caused by cold and d. weather, and becoming worse as weather grows colder. Dulc.

Hæmorrhoids feel d., painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Dark.—D., offensive stools, like gruel, with griping in intestines. Jalap.

D., bloody, stringy stool. Croc.

D., watery stool. Nux-v.

D. blood. Alu., Asar., Caps., Lob., Ver-a.

Constipation; stools d., in very hard balls, with painless straining. Mez.

Chronic constipation; stools hard, d. and dry expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Cholera infantum, waking up frightened, shortly after a d. or black diarrhœic stool; very offensive. Psor.

Child lying on mother's lap, moaning, eyes half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and d. colored. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools d., muddy, copious; mucus and blood; involuntary; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools d., fluid, frothy; offensive; involuntary; after fright; after sudden joy. Opi.

Diarrhœa, with protrusion of blue or d. purple hæmorrhoids. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools d. brown, thin fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa, especially in morning, stools of a d. color. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa; d. yellow mucus, very offensive, like carrion. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, d., offensive; bilious. Ptel.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery; d. colored; containing hard lumps. Senecio.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucus, or d. or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Diarrhœa: stools d. brown or black, slimy fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning, two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Dysentery, with stools of d., pitch-like blood. Ipec.

Dysenteric stools, loaded with d., black blood. Ham.

Morning diarrhœa; stools loose, bilious; d., offensive, very urgent; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.

Morning diarrhœa; very profuse, thin, yellow, d. and fetid stools. Dios.

Frequent, thin, d., offensive stools. Cimicif., Ars.

Frequent, small, thin, d., offensive, and acrid stools (Ars.), consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.

Stools contain d., stringy blood. Croc.

Stools d., bilious, loose, copious, with burning, griping and tenesmus. Corn-c.

Stools watery, light yellow, fecal; d., chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.

Stools during day copious, soft, d. or light yellowish-brown, at night scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.

Stools d. brown, very fluid and foul smelling. Psor.

Stools of thick, d. green mucus. Ars.

Stool small in quantity, of d. color, offensive odor, with great prostration. Ars.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down: d., muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Tumors of a hæmorrhoidal character, very sore, and of a d. purple color. Æsc.

Very offensive, d. brown, fetid stools. Psor.

Watery, copious, d. or black stools. Apis.

Dark brown.—After taking cold, cutting pain, with a loose discharge of d. or black feces, like coffee grounds. Camph.

Bloody stools of d. mucus, with tenesmus and typhoid tendency. Bapt. (Ars.)

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, d., putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Constipation from inertia of bowels; stool hard, d.; in small pieces, can only be expelled after enemas. Opi.

Dark colored.—Constipation; stools hard, knotty and d. Iod.

Pipe-stem stool; very thin, like a round worm, d.; half digested, of an intolerable odor; much white mucus with stool. Graph.

Stools slimy; d.; bilious; very offensive; light mushy. Dios.

Scanty, slimy, d., bloody stools in dysentery, intervals of from five to six hours between stools, with bruised pain in anus. Arn.

Dark-green.—Diarrhœa, with thick, d. mucus, or dark or black watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Pappy, soft stools; d. bilious stools; like frog spawn. Carls.

Stool pasty, d., bilious, blackish, offensive. Merc-cor.

Stools thin, yellow, fecal; offensive; d. mucus. Gum-gut.

Darting.—D. from perinæum to rectum and genitals. Bov.

Hæmorrhoids with d. pains, shooting to liver; look like grapes, great pain and distress. Dios.

Day.—Chronic diarrhœa; worse during d. Petr.

Constipation; stool every other d. Natr-m.

Constipation every other d. Ambr., Calc-c., Cocc., Coni, Kali-c., Natr-m., Sulph.

Colic before evacuations only in d. time. Petr.

Diarrhœa, preceded by colic, only during d. Petr.

Diarrhœa in d., not at night. Am-m., Canth., Carbo-an., Cina, Glon., Gum-gut., Hep-s., Kali-c., Magn-c., Natr-s., Nitr., Petr., Squilla.

Diarrhœa only through d., thin, yellow without pain. Cocc.

Diarrhœa; worse during d.; after eating; and after drinking cold water. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa d. and night. Kali-c., Sil. Sulph.

Excoriating diarrhœa like water, only in d. Natr-m.

Excessive itching in anus d. and night. Caust.

Frequent stool in d. time. Ran-b., Ran-sc.

Interrupted stool every other d. Ambr., Calc-c., Coni., Kali-c., Natr-m., Sulph.

Neuralgia of rectum; pain in anus, returning regularly every d., relieved by sitting. Ign.

Stool contains undigested food eaten d. before. Oleand.

Stools natural, but too frequent during the d., and are exhausting. Podo.

Stools during d. copious, soft, dark, or light yellowish brown; at night scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.

Stool yellow and copious during d., hard and black at night. Merc-jod.

Soft stool twice a d. Cinnab.

Days.—Constipation, for six d., followed by copious papescent stool. Cor-r.

Chronic diarrhœa, accompanying chlorosis, with depraved appetite and aggravation on alternate d. Alu.

Constipation for several d. Coni., Sulph., Thuja.

Dysentery or inflammatory diarrhœa during hot d. and cold nights. Acon.

Extreme constipation, unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four d.; after stool a sensation as if something still remained, stool hard and dry as if burnt. Sulph.

Obstinate constipation; stool only once in eight or ten d., feces composed of lumps packed together like sheep's dung, with severe colic. Plumb.

Very offensive flatus for many d., smelling like rotten eggs. Sulph.

Death.—Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucus, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of d.; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Death-like.—Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety and a d. sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Debauchery.—Hæmorrhoids: protrude; blue; suppurating and offensive; with burning; after d.; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.

Debilitated.—Chronic diarrhœa (in chlorotic, dyspeptic and d. persons). Lyc.

Debilitating.—D. diarrhœa. Coni., Sec., Sep.

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, mucous, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour-smelling; d.; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sep.

Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); d. (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); blackish (Ars., Lept.); yellow (Chelid.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœa not d. Phos-ac.

Mushy stools that are terribly offensive and very d. Sil.

Painless, d. diarrhœa, worse mornings. Phos.

Painless, d. diarrhœa. China, Clem., Natr-s., Phos.

Very d. diarrhœa. Sec. (Phos.)

Debility.—Constipation: d., coated tongue, headache, cold extremities; stool dry, scanty and lumpy, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Constipation with d. Kali-bi.

Chronic diarrhœa, with great d. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: dysenteric discharges of dark fluid blood; involuntary stools; great d. and faintness. Crotal.

Diarrhœa from d. or cold. Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with d.; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.

Dysenteric diarrhœa, with burning in anus and rectum and great d. or prostration (in malarious districts). Corn-c.

Oozing of moisture from anus; prolapsus ani and d. Sep.

Watery diarrhœa, worse at night, with great d. Iris.

Watery diarrhœa, with nausea, colic and great d. Hell.

Watery diarrhœa, with sensation of tremor all over body, without trembling, and great d. Sulph-ac.

Defecation (see Evacuation).—Vertigo during d. Caust.

Deficient.—Rectum inactive as if d. in peristaltic action and had not strength enough to pass contents out. Alu.

Degeneration.—Hæmorrhage from bowels, with ulceration; epithelial d Tereb.

Delayed.—Stool scanty, d. Carbo-an.

Delaying.—Stool scanty and d. several days. Carbo-an.

Delirium.—Diarrhœa, with violent d., bellyache and rumbling in bowels. Acet-ac.

Dentition (see Teething).—Aggravations during d. Sulph.

Aggravation: after eating; from fruit; after vexation, indignation or grief from ill-treatment; during d. Coloc.

Diarrhœa during d. Coff., Nux-m. (Calc-c., Cham.)

Diarrhœa (in children during d.); profuse, watery, light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of a strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Diarrhœa with much wind (in young infants during first d., which is retarded). Calc-ph.

Diarrhœa of d., with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Diarrhœa (during d.), with much flatus. Calc-ph.

Diarrhœa (of children during d.), with rolling head from side to side. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin, fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during d.; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa (during d.) from cold; anger; chagrin. Cham.

During d. (with cholera infantum), stools of clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell.

Cholera infantum: stool as if chopped; saffron yellow, stringy, and slimy, or frothy (in children during d.). Sulph-ac.

Flatulence during d., with green, sour stools in morning. Podo.

Stools like lumps of chalk (in children during d.). Calc-c.

Depraved.—Chronic diarrhœa, accompanying chlorosis, with d. appetite and aggravation on alternate days. Alu.

Depressing.—Involuntary diarrhœa from d. emotions. Gels.

Depression.—Constipation; scanty stool, with much d. of mind. Ambr.

Constipation; from torpidity of liver, with jaundice and d. of mind. Still.

Hard stool, with d. of mind, causing headache (in old people). Calc-ph.

Desire.—D. to evacuate, with sweat on back. Kali-bi.

D. for stool aggravated by moving about or walking. Rheum.

D. to evacuate, with discharge of flatulency. Carbo-an., Sep.

D. to evacuate with contraction of scrotum. Ferr-mag.

D. to evacuate with pain in bladder. Sulph.

D. to evacuate with pain in lumbar region. Bar-c., Rat.

D. to evacuate with redness of face. Caust.

D. to evacuate with anxiety. Ambr., Caust.

D. to evacuate at night. Merc. (Puls., Sulph.)

D. to evacuate in evening. Bism.
D. to evacuate with eructations. Ferr-mag.
D. to evacuate with vomiting. Sang.
D. to evacuate with small stool and tenesmus. Acon., Æth., Ars., Bell., Caps., Gum-gut., Laur., Merc-cor.
D. to evacuate with nausea. Rhus-t.
D. to evacuate with pain in abdomen. Ars., Bar-c.
D. to evacuate with itching in rectum. Euphorb.
D. to evacuate with prolapsus recti. Ruta.
D. to evacuate (from exertion). Thuja.
D. to evacuate with pain in back. Rat.
D. to evacuate with erections. Thuja.
D. to evacuate after meals. Aloe, Ferr-mag.
D. to evacuate with pa n in anus. Ars., Caust., Magn-c., Sulph.
D. to evacuate followed by painful constriction of anus. Lyc.
D. for stool while urinating. Canth.
D. to go to stool immediately after drinking; costive, passing nothing but mucus. Caps.
D. to evacuate with pain in sacral region. Rat.
D. for stool when lying on left side. Phos.
D. for stool after a meal. Rheum.
D. for stool in evening, with griping in hypogastrium, followed by large, moist, at last thin, sour stools. Dulc.
D. to evacuate when walking or exercising. Rheum.
D. for stool, but little passes; feels as if it remained in rectum and could not be expelled. Nitr-ac.
Awakened early morning by urging d. for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.
Acid stools from early morning till noon; d. for stool continually. Arg-n.
Constipation, with frequent and ineffectual d. for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more remained but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.
Constipation: ineffectual d. for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, insufficient; green; curdy, with colic. Stann.
Constipation with d. for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when, after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.
Constipation, with want of d. Alu., Graph., Lyc.
Constipation, with frequent d. to urinate. Sars.
Cholera infantum, with d. for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.
Constant d. to go to stool, but nothing passes. Berb. (Alu., Cact., Nux-v.)

Constant ineffectual d. in evening. Sil. (Sulph.)

Diarrhœa; painful stools, with profuse sweat, with d. for eating and drinking. Ver-a.

Difficult stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent d. for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

Eating causes a great d. for stool. Aloe.

Flatulence, soon followed by urgent d. for stool. Croton-tig.

Frequent d. for stool; but discharge of only mucus, with chilliness. Sil.

Frequent d. to evacuate. Arg-m., Hyos., Ign., Natr-c., Ran-sc., Rheum, Sulph.

Frequent ineffectual d. for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her anxious; at this time presence of other persons becomes unbearable. Ambr.

Frequent d. to evacuate bowels, accompanying urging to urinate; very small, soft stools, without relief. Dig.

Frequent d. for stool, with small discharges. Hyos.

Frequent urgent d. for stool. Dios.

Feels a constant d. to go to stool. Aloe.

Great and ineffectual urgency and d. for stool, in evening, felt mostly in middle of abdomen, but no stool follows, only rectum protrudes. Ign.

Griping and d. for stool while riding. Psor.

Griping, with great ineffectual d. for stool. Cham.

Great and urgent d. for stool, but with effort d. passes away without an evacuation; rectum seems powerless, with a sensation as if plugged up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Hæmorrhoids, with frequent d. to stool, but little passed at a time; bearing-down feeling in rectum, and backache. Nux-v.

Ineffectual d. to evacuate. Anac., Carbo-an., Caust., Ign., Merc., Nart-c., Natr-m., Sep., Stann., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

No d. for and no ability to pass stool, until there is a large accumulation. Alu.

Pressure in rectum and on bladder, with almost constant d. to go to stool. Lil-tig.

Prolonged obstinate constipation; no d. for stool, perspiration. Natr-m.

Sudden or continuous d. for stool. Aloe.

Sudden d. to evacuate. Bar-c. (Aloe, Anac., Ant-c., Carbo-an., Ferr-mag., Natr-c., Viola-tr.)

Strong d. to evacuate, voiding wind only. Mang-c. (Ferr., Sang.)

Urgent d. for stool, which is loose, at six and seven o'clock in morning. Abrot.

Urgent d. to evacuate. Bar-c., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Rheum, Rhus-t.

Urgent d. for stool while walking, worse when standing. Kobalt.

Watery (liquid) stools, d. for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic, and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.

Desist.—First effort to stool very painful, often compelling patient to d., accompanied with hæmorrhoids. Sulph.

Hæmorrhoids: during stool pains are so great has to d.; burning violently while walking; anus fissured. Thuja.

Diaphragm (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Stool large in size, requiring great effort of abdominal muscles and d. to expel. Zinc.

Diarrhœa.—D. Ant-c., Arn., Bry., Cham., China, Cocc., Coloc., Cupr., Hep-s., Ign., Ipec., Kali-c., Laur., Magn-c., Magn-m., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Nitr., Nux-m., Nux-v., Phos., Phos-ac., Podo., Puls., Rheum, Rhus-t., Sec., Senna, Sep., Sulph., Tart-em., Ver-a.

D.; white, watery stools. Phos.

D. following coryza; pains in chest, and cough. Sang.

D.; stools of green mucus. Phos.

D.; stools involuntary. Phos.

D., preceded by colic; stools yellow, watery, thin fecal, undigested. Sang.

D.; stools undigested. Phos.

D.; stools bloody. Phos.

D. of brown, fermented stool, swimming on water; liquid mixed with blood and slime. Sabad.

D. early in morning; after lemonade. Phyt.

D., with tearing streaks of pain down legs, causing them to be powerless, at every stool. Rhus-t.

D.; greenish watery stools. Podo.

D., immediately after eating or drinking. Podo. (Aloe, Puls.)

D. (during inflammatory rheumatism). Rheum.

D.; stools of jelly-like mucus. Podo.

D.; stools at first green, then slimy. Puls.

D.: stools fetid, yellow and fecal; watery, with vomiting and violent colic; bloody masses. Plumb.

D., with violent cutting in abdomen. Mosch.

D. from fright. Puls. (Gels., Opi.)

D.: stool thin, watery; dark colored; containing hard lumps. Senecio.

D.: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

D. during morning, then natural stool in evening. Podo.

D. early in morning, stool green, sour. Podo.

D.; stools copious like water from a hydrant. Phos.

D., preceded by colic. Can-sat., Merc.

D.; stools containing lumps of white mucus, or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.
D., preceded by rumbling in bowels. Magn-s.
D. after much eating or drinking. Podo. (Coloc.)
D.; stools dark-yellow mucus, very offensive, like carrion. Podo.
D. of children during dentition, with rolling head from side to side. Podo.
D.: stools while being washed; dirty water soaking napkin through. Podo.
D.; stools undigested, profuse, frequent, gushing, painless. Podo.
D.; stools watery, with meal-like sediment. Podo.
D.: stools brown fluid; with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses. Phos.
D.: stools dark brown, thin, fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.
D., with sensation as if umbilicus were being pulled backward, with actual retraction. Plumb.
D.; stools white, slimy, mucus. Podo.
D., with sensation as if everything would drop through pelvis, with great sinking at epigastrium. Podo.
D.: stools greenish, bilious, watery; only, or usually at night, sometimes unconsciously evacuated. Puls.
D., with infarcted scybala. Natr-m.
D., with disposition to faint. Nux-m.
D. from debility or cold. Nux-m.
D. as soon as one drinks coffee. Arg-n., Ox-ac.
D. (of phthisis). Oleand.
D.: stools thin, dark, offensive; bilious. Ptel.
D. (of lying-in women; of children). Rheum. (Ant-c., Dulc., Hyos.)
D.: stools brown or yellow-brown, fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.
D., with much wind, worse morning and evening; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and burning in anus. Mur-ac.
D.: from milk; with colic from cold. Natr-c.
D.: watery stools spurting from anus. Seneg. (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Grat., Thuja.)
D. (in pregnant women). Ant-c., Dulc., Hyos., Lyc., Nux-m., Petr., Phos., Sep., Sulph.
D. (during dentition). Coff., Nux-m. (Calc-c., Cham.)
D.; stools thin, pasty, sour-smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.
D., especially in morning, stools of a dark color. Nux-v.
D. only during day. Kali-c.

D. at night, stool consisting of green and acrid mucus, preceded by commotion in bowels. Puls.

D. of greenish water, with great distention of abdomen. Magn-c. (Grat., Podo., Puls.)

D.; chalk-like fecal stools. Podo.

D. with burning at anus. Clem.

D.: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucus and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

D.: stools bloody, slimy; scanty, frequent, offensive. Merc-cor.

D.: stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

D. from eating veal. Kali-n.

D., with protrusion of blue or dark purple hæmorrhoids. Mur-ac.

D.: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; containing glistening bodies undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

D. with colic and rumbling in bowels. Iris.

D. or dysentery (after rheumatism). Kali-bi.

D.: stools light green and yellow; watery. Kali-jod.

D., with pain, causing unceasing screaming and tossing about. Ipec.

D.: stools light yellow, offensive; from fruit; after chocolate. Lith-c.

D. every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in rectum and anus. Lil-tig.

D. and tenesmus, with pain in small of back, as if in a vise. Kali-jod.

D. or commencement of cholera infantum as if caused by eating unripe fruit, with green stools. Ipec.

D., with dullness, dizziness, weariness, nausea and bellyache. Kalm.

D. with much urging, following fright or sensational excitement, especially from grief. Ign.

D. (of children), with intense itching about eyes, especially inner canthus. Gum-gut.

D. or dysentery: stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

D.: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish, or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.

D. (in warm weather); aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

D. commencing in morning. Guaj.

D. with unnatural hunger. Ferr.
D.; stools very fetid, and come away with a gush all at once, or mucus and blood with great tenesmus. Gum-gut.
D. frequent; thin, involuntary with flatus; soft after eating. Ign.
D. of watery mucus, with colicky pains about umbilicus during stool. Gum-gut.
D.: Stools thin, watery; greenish; frequent; corrosive; profuse. Iris.
D.: worse during day; after eating; and after drinking cold water. Hep-s.
D., renewed after drinking coffee. Cycl.
D., with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum; prolapsus ani and constant pinching around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.
D.: stools thin, brown or pale fecal; mixed with hard lumps. Lyc.
D.; profuse, black, tar-like, very fetid stools, running out in a stream. Lept.
D. in morning with tenesmus; frequent stools of thin, greenish mucus, suffocating spells about heart. Laur.
D.; bloody mucus or stool, on seeing water or hearing it run. Hydroph.
D. watery, papescent. Cycl.
D. without pain, followed by prostration. Graph.
D.: stool mixed with mucus and blood; great absence of animal heat. Led.
D.: stools thin, watery, fecal; bloody; soft, with colic. Kreas.
D., with profuse stools of variable color. Euony.
D.: painless with rumbling of wind; worse at night and from fright, with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.
D.: stools blackish, watery; foamy, brownish; frothy, bloody; whitish mucus. Iod.
D. worse mornings; bad sleep before midnight. Ferr.
D.: stools light yellow, fecal, thin or papescent; undigested; whitish, sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.
D.: stools green mucus; as green as grass (Agar.); bloody; fermented; looking like frothy molasses. Ipec.
D. early in morning, driving out of bed. Dios., Sulph. (Aloe, Bry., Nux-v., Phos., Podo., Rumex.)
D. consisting of yellowish-green, frothy water, forcibly evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in abdomen, with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)
D. consisting only of yellow greenish stool, followed by burning in anus. Grat.
D. with colic (in summer), with watery stool at night, if weather cools. Dulc.
D. from cold; stool green or white mucus. Dulc.

D. from change of weather from warm to cold. Dulc.
D.: stools watery; yellowish brown, fecal; offensive. Fluor-ac.
D. as if caused by repelled eruption, chills or teething. Dulc.
D. after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.
D.; watery, with undigested food, involuntary painless stool during a meal. Ferr.
D.: stools yellowish, greenish, watery; whitish watery; with flocculi. Dulc.
D. from sudden joy. Coff. (Gels.)
D. after eating fruit. Ars., Cist., China, Lach., Puls., Rhod.
D., with goitre. Cist.
D. after drinking. Cina.
D. (in children) from drinking least quantity. Croton-tig.
D. comes on gradually, more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation and much fermentation in abdomen. China.
D. (of infants.) Coff.
D., acid, putrid stools. Coloc.
D. from riding in carriage or cars. Cocc.
D., with sensation in abdomen as of sharp stones rubbing together. Cocc.
D., discharges of mucus and blood; or thin, yellow matter, or watery, accompanied by violent tenesmus, and sharp cutting pains in bowels. Collins.
D. of white mucus appearing like small pieces of pop-corn. Cina.
D. only through day, thin, yellow, without pain. Cocc.
D.; watery, painless, all day, from too much care about domestic affairs. Coff.
D.: stools yellow watery; sudden expulsion, coming out like a shot. Croton-tig.
D. of dentition, with rolling of head from ides to side (Podo.), ex-extreme prostration, coma, hot tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.
D.: dysenteric discharges of dark fluid blood; involuntary stools; great debility and faintness. Crotal.
D.: stools liquid, fecal; mingled with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.
D. Camph. (In adults; at commencement in a majority of cases, a dose or two of Camphora will arrest at once.—W. D. G.)
D. after breakfast. Arg-n., Borax, Thuja.
D. preceded by rumbling. Cact.
D. (accompanying heart affections). Cact.
D. after eating oysters. Brom.

D.; bilious and acrid stools, with soreness of anus. **Bry.**
D. in morning soon as she moves. Bry.
D. after every meal; at night. Brom.
D. with cutting pains. Bov.
D. frequently before and during menses. Bov. (Aloe.)
D. (during dentition) with much flatus. Calc-ph.
D.: stools blackish; attacks very sudden. Camph.
D. in hot weather. Bry. (In cold weather. Dulc.)
D. worse every spell of hot weather. Bry.
D. with much wind (in young infants during first dentition, which is retarded). Calc-ph.
D. with great prostration, cold, yet will not be covered. Camph.
D. of undigested stools; of sour odor. Calc-c.
D. with colicky pains, with chilliness and sensitiveness to cold air. Camph.
D. (in children during dentition); profuse, watery, light colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored, and of a strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.
D. brought on by cold drinks in hot weather. Bry.
D.: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.
D.; stools mush-like, yellowish, with rumbling and passing of wind. Berb.
D. with full feeling in abdomen. Natr-s.
D. preceded by colic, only during day. **Petr.**
D. (during typhoid fever). Opi.
D.; stools thin, yellow, fluid. Natr-s.
D.: stools dark, muddy, copious; mucus and blood; involuntary; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.
D.: stool thin, watery, whitish-gray, fecal; yellowish, and very offensive; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos ac.
D.; stool liquid, soft, yellow. Oleand.
D.: stools dark, fluid, frothy; offensive; involuntary; after fright; after sudden joy. Opi.
D.: stools yellowish, watery; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.
D.; great pain during and after stool, as though anus was fissured. Nitr-ac.
D.: stools thin, brownish, mucous; tenesmus; bloody. Nux-v.
D.: stools mucus; green, curdled and mixed with mucus; undigested; yellowish-white, fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.
D.: worse in wet weather; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.
D. in young persons who grow too rapidly. Phos-ac.

D. which precedes cholera, or prevalent during epidemic. Phos-ac.
D.: sudden pasty stool, followed by burning in anus, then internal chilliness; stools thin, frequent. Pæon.
D.; stools undigested, or like chopped eggs, with loss of appetite (in summer, with children). Nux-m.
D. alternating with headache. Podo.
D. with pain in sacral region. Colch., Kali-jod., Nux-v., Puls.
D. day and night. Kali-c., Sil., Sulph.
D. after exciting news. Gels.
D. periodically, at same hour. Apis, Sabad., Selen., Thuja.
D. (in children). Cham., Hep-s., Jalap., Nux-m., Rheum.
D. with profuse perspiration. Ver-a.
D. with coldness. Spig.
D. with flatulence. Sabin.
D. resembling brown yeast. Arn.
D. whenever she urinates. Alu.
D. caused by least excitement. Arg-n. (Gels.)
D. (of old people). Ant-c.
D. with enuresis and colic. Acon.
D. with nausea and sweat, either before or after. Acon.
D. with urging in rectum, when she urinates. Alu.
D. after infant nurses. Ant-c.
D.: with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.
D. at same time prover passes large quantities of wind (flatus). Agar. (Aloe.)
D. in morning after rising, with violent pinching; after meals; with much rumbling; crampy colic, and passing wind. Agar.
D. with violent delirium, bellyache and rumbling in the bowels. Acet-ac.
D. with flatulence, caused by shocks. Arg-n.
D. from eating sugar or sweets. Arg-n.
D. daily, in morning, with much noisy flatus, after vaccination; after fat food; after onions. Thuja.
D. with difficult expulsion of stool and urine. Alu.
D. during menses, green, mucous stools. Am-m.
D.; worse after midnight, also in morning after rising. Ars.
D. with nausea and vomiting (Ipec., Iris, Ver-a.), with excoriation of anus. Asclep. (Ars., Sulph.)
D.; stools green or watery, after chill or fright. Acon.
D. with swelling of legs and feet, as in phthisis. Acet-ac.
D. with colic pains and tenderness of abdomen. Acet-ac.
D. preceded by colic (Aloe) and nausea. Ang.
D. after chilling stomach by taking cold substances. Ars.

D. after exalted imagination; stool and urine passed involuntarily. Arg-n.
D.; stools offensive, painful, grayish, ashy. Aur.
D. preceded and followed by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.
D.; stools bright yellow (Chelid.), or greenish, watery and slimy, with violent tenesmus. Æth. (Merc.)
D.: stools with pinching and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful drawing in of stomach and abdomen. Agar.
D. or dysentery, with dysuria. Canth.
D.: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); yellow (Chelid); blackish (Ars., Lept.); involuntary. China.
D.; excessive prostration, with burning in anus. Tereb.
D. with crying and emaciation (in children). Teucr.
D. (during dentition) from cold; anger; chagrin. Cham.
D. after meals. China. (During meals. Ferr.)
D. with smarting, stinging or burning pains at night. Caps.
D. during day. Carbo-an.
D.: from vinegar; from cold, damp room; when walking or standing; when urinating. Aloe.
D. from getting wet. Acon.
D. (of children). Agn.
D.: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.
D. (from malaria). Chin-ars.
D.; stools of mucus. Stann.
D.; loose stool with much flatulence. Staph.
D. from milk. Sep.
D.; frequent stools, with vomiting and weakness. Tart-em.
D.: stools black, fluid, putrid; cadaverous. Stram.
D.; stools irregular, frothy, acrid, bilious. Still.
D.: stools watery, gushing, changeable in color; no two alike. Sulph.
D. with discharge of flatulence. Arg-n., Asaf., Ferr-mag., Glon.
D.: stool as if chopped; saffron yellow, stringy and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.
D.: stools thin, mushy; of mucus with tenesmus; worms. Spig. (In large doses it is said to be specific for lumbricoides.)
D. at night, with violent colic, always relieved by stools, or when lying on belly. Rhus-t.
D. and vomiting. Tart-em.
D.: stool soft, pasty; yellowish-white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac..

D.: stools yellowish-green, or greenish, slimy; cholera-like. Tabac.
D. (in pneumonia, small-pox, and suppressed eruptions). Tart-em.
D. (during small-pox). Ars., China, Tart-em.
D.: stools jelly-like, mucus, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sec.
D.: stools dark brown or black, slimy, fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)
D.; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy. Sulph-ac.
D.: accompanied by violent dry cough, excited by tickling in throat; stools thin, brownish, fecal, early in morning. Rumex.
D.: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucous, slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.
D., with pain extending from back through to pubes (in rheumatic, gouty females). Sabin.
D.: stools thin, brownish, fecal; undigested; spurting out with force Rhod.
D.; stools brown and as if fermented. Sabad.
D.; stools gray, or whitish gray. Phos.
D. violent, painful, copious, with profuse perspiration. Ver-a.
D.: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.
D.: stools pale yellow, watery; forcibly expelled; copious; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja.
D.: stools greenish watery, with flakes; brownish watery; blackish watery; bloody; frequent; profuse, watery. Ver-a.
D.; painful stools, with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking. Ver-a.
D.: stools frequent, small, sometimes involuntary; pitch-like. Zinc.
D. in latter stages of abdominal typhus. Acet-ac.
D., with thirst, Ars., Dulc., Magn-s., Podo.
D. from acute diseases. Carbo-v., China, Psor.
D. in forenoon. Cact., Gum-gut.
D. at night. Puls., Rhus-t.
D. after midnight. Al-cep., Arg-n., Ars., Lyc.
D. in evening. Aloe, Borax, Bov., Canth., Caust., Colch., Gels., Kali-c., Lach., Merc., Mez., Mur-ac.
D. not debilitating. Phos-ac.
D., with smarting in anus. Kali-c.
D. (in summer). Acon., Æth., Bry., Dulc., Kali-bi., Kreas., Nux-m.
D. (after measles). China, Merc., Puls., Squilla.
D. from opium. Mur-ac., Nux-v.

D. after a cold. Nux-m. (Acon., Aloe, Ars., Bar-c., Bell., Bry., Caust., Cham., China, Coff., Dulc., Elat., Graph., Ipec., Kali-c., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Opi., Puls., Sep., Sulph., Ver-a., Zing.)
D., with fainting. Nux-m.
D. from weakness. Asar., China, Nux-m., Phos-ac.
D. in afternoon. Aloe, Bell., Borax, China, Dulc., Laur.
D., with anorexia. Nux-m.
D., with soreness of anus. Cham., Ferr., Merc., Sars.
D., with anxiety. Ant-c., Lach., Merc.
D. (in spring). Lach.
D. (in scrofulous persons). Calc-c.
D. (after coryza). Sang.
D., with chilling. Cop., Dig.
D., with trembling. Merc.
D., with heat. Merc.
D., with profuse urine. Acon.
D., with tenesmus. Ars., Lach., Merc., Nux-v.
D., with sleepiness. Nux-m.
D., with shuddering. Merc., Puls., Sulph.
D., with vomiting. Æth., Ant-c., Ars., Asar., Bell., Coloc., Cupr., Dulc., Eugen., Jatr., Ipec., Lach., Phos., Rheum, Seneg., Stram., Tart-em., Ver-a.
D., with headache. Merc.
D., with dyspnœa. Sulph.
D. (after cholera). Sec.
D., with weakness. Ars., Bry., China, Coni., Kali-c., Merc., Phos., Rheum, Sec., Sep., Sulph.
D., with eructations. Coni., Dulc., Merc.
D. every three weeks. Magn-c.
D. every year (in early part of summer). Kali-bi.
D. from midnight to morning. Ars., Cist.
D. from anger and chagrin. Acon., Cham.
D. in damp weather. Rhod. (Lach.)
D. from suppressed eruption. Bry., Hep-s., Mez., Sulph.
D. (in typhus fever). Nux-m.
D. from warm weather. Lach.
D., with distention of abdomen. Sulph., Ver-a.
D. from ice cream or ice water. Puls.
D., with painfulness of limbs. Am-m., Rhus-t.
D., with pain in abdomen. Agar., Ang., Ant-c., Asaf., Bov., Bry., Can-sat., Canth., Cham., Coloc., Jalap., Merc., Merc-cor., Mez., Nux-v., Ol-an., Petr., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Stront., Sulph., Ver-a.
D., with faintness. Dulc., Nux-m.
D., with pain in back. Ferr., Kali-jod.
D., with nausea. Ars., Bell., Bism., Hell., Ipec., Lach., Merc., Prun-s., Rhus-t.

D. from impure water. Zing.
D., with rumbling in stomach. Pæon.
D., with micturition and perspiration. Bell.
D. in day, not at night. Am-m., Canth., Cina, Glon., Gum-gut., Hep-s., Magn-c., Natr-s., Nitr., Petr., Squilla.
Alternate constipation and d. Am-m., Bry., Chelid., Cimicif., Cupr., Ign., Iod., Kobalt, Lach., Natr-m., Nux-v., Plumb., Podo., Puls., Sang. (Ant-c., Arg-n., Ars., Kali-bi., Rhus-t., Ruta, Tart-em.)
Alternate d. and constipation (from enlargement of mesenteric glands in children, with acrid stools). Sulph.
Alternate d. and constipation (Cimicif., Card., Natr-ars., Nux-v., Podo.) of old people. Ant-c.
Acrid d. Ant-c.
Apprehension on going to church or opera, bringing on d. Arg-n. (Gels.)
Autumnal d.; much griping about umbilicus. Ipec.
Burning, serous d., cholera morbus, or cholera infantum commencing at two or three o'clock in morning. Iris.
Burning in anus, as from salt in a wound, after slimy d. Prun-s.
Blackish d. Ver-a.
Bilious d. Naja, Phyt., Tarax.
Bilious d. (of infants), with colic. Acon.
Bloody d., with violent pain in bowels, extending down into thighs. Coloc.
Brown, watery d. occurring early in morning, with rumbling about umbilicus, and colic before stool. Rumex.
Chronic d., with fever, dry mouth, and thirst; aggravated by moving about. Natr-m.
Copious, watery d., with rumbling in bowels. Phos-ac.
Chronic d., loose morning stool. Natr-s. (Differing from Sulph. in occurring later and after rising.)
Chronic d.; worse during day. Petr.
Chronic d., clay-like stools. Calc-c.
Chronic watery d., mornings, with pains in side of abdomen. Coloc.
Chronic d. (in old men, indicated by stool and urinary symptoms, with tremulous weakness). Coni.
Chronic watery d. in children, usually soon after eating and drinking, without pain or effort, mostly containing undigested substances. Ferr.
Chronic d. of an exhausting character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in an Ars.). Iod.
Chronic d., patient feels as if stool might occur at any time, with disposition to strain and bearing down. Iris.
Chronic bloody d. Dulc.
Chronic d., sudden, copious, easy, watery stools. Jalap.

Chronic d. (in syphlitic or mercurial subjects). Kali-jod.
Chronic d. (in chlorotic, dyspeptic and debilitated persons). Lyc.
Chronic d. (of dyspeptics). Kali-c.
Chronic d., with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting colicky pains; stool of mucus, or watery. Mez.
Chronic d., loose, papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Polyp.
Chronic d., with characteristic eruption on skin. Mez.
Chronic d., undigested stool. Oleand.
Chronic d.; black stools, only in morning. Podo.
Chronic, painless d. of undigested food, with much thirst for water during night. Phos.
Chronic d.; stools sour, frothy. Rhum.
Chronic d. of mucus and fecal matter; itching, soreness, and discharge of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.
Chronic d. with great debility. Sulph-ac.
Chronic d. (in phthisical patients). Sulph.
Chronic d., accompanying chlorosis, with depraved appetite and aggravation on alternate days. Alu.
Chronic d., with many small passages of blood and mucus, in women at climacteric. Apis.
Chronic d., involuntary and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.
Chronic d. aggravated during menses. Am-m.
Chronic d.; cannot urinate without having stool. Apis.
Chronic d. (of adults). Agn.
Colic in umbilical region, before d. Aloe.
Colic and d. from taking cold, or from fruit, ice cream, pastry, etc. Puls.
Colic, with bloody d. (during pregnancy). Millef.
Colic and d. caused by cold evening air. Merc.
Colic, d. and dysentery, where pain and spasm are leading symptoms. Dios.
Colic and d. immediately after nursing. Croton-tig.
Colic and d. from cold. Camph. (Coloc., Dulc.)
Colliquative d., with meteorism, and great thirst. Tart-em.
Colliquative d. Ars., China, Ipec., Tart-em., Ver-a.
Copious watery nightly d., with great tympanitis. Mosch.
Copious, watery, sour-smelling d. Calc-c.
Cadaverous d., scenting whole atmosphere of room. Ars.
Child fond of sugar, but d. resulting from eating it. Arg-n.
Choleraic d. where spasms and cramp are predominant symptoms, affecting involuntary muscles. Cupr.
Cholera infantum; stools involuntary, with stupor, or hydrocephaloid (following infantile d.). Zinc.

Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour d., like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Cholera infantum, with nausea, vomiting, and watery d. Mez.

Cholera infantum, d. and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Cholera Asiatica; profuse, exhausting, watery d., pouring away as if from a hydrant. Phos.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice-water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, d. and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Catarrhal d., with spasmodic colic and tenesmus. Gels.

Constipation and d., alternate (in dyspepsia). Arg-n.

Constipation: with convulsions; cardialgia; alternating with d. Stram.

Cutting colic and d. (during menstruation). Caust.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting d. of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Debilitating d. Coni., Sec., Sep.

Dragging in anus as if d. would easily ensue. Croton-tig.

Disposition to d., frequent attacks, each stool being followed by tenesmus. Bov.

Dysentery or inflammatory d. during hot days and cold nights. Acon.

Dysentery: infantile d. or cholera infantum; bloody mucus mixed with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Dysentery-like d. renewed after taking least food or drink. Coloc.

Dysenteric d. (from over-eating). Anti-c.

Dysenteric, mucous d. Millef.

Dysenteric d.; stools of mucus and blood, or like scrapings from intestines; tenesmus. Plat.

Dysenteric d., with tenesmus and great nevous excitement. Ign.

Dysenteric d., with burning in anus and rectum and great debility or prostration (in malarious districts). Corn-c.

Dysenteric d. Ars., Canth., Caps., Colch., Coloc., Ipec., Merc., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Sulph.

Excoriating d. like water, only in day. Natr-m.

Exceedingly sudden d. at night. Nux-v.

Exhausting, profuse, watery d. Œnonth.

Extraordinary d., bright yellow, watery, streaming out with much gas as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid d., with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Frequent urging, as if d. would occur. Puls.

Erequent excessive urging to stool, with sensation as if rectum were weakened by long-continued d. Coloc.

Frequent d.; stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and worse after food or drink. Ferr.

Frequent sensation as if d. would occur. Ran-sc.

Frequent d. during cholera epidemic. Phos.

Frequent violent d., profuse and painful. Ver-a. (It is useless to give Ver-a., in painless cases.—Bell.)

Feeling as if would have d., soon as drank anything. Caps. (Croton-tig.)

Feels as if d. would occur when standing. Agn.

Fetid, watery d. (of scrofulous children). Sulph.

Fecal d., stools evacuated with great force. Gum-gut.

Fecal d. Agar., Aloe, Berb., Chelid., Coloc., Fluor-ac., Gels., Iris, Myrica, Ptel.

Feculent d. Cina, Hep-s., Led., Mosch., Mur-ac., Plumb., Prun.s., Spig.

Flatulent, watery, urgent d.; great gurling and colic pains about umbilicus, with much prostation. Croton-tig.

Flatulency and tendency to d. Psor.

Fatty or greasy d. (from disease of pancreas). Iod. (Caust., Thuja.)

First hard stool, then d. Agar.

First d., then hard difficult stool, constipation (during pregnancy). Oleand.

Green, watery d. (after indignation). Coloc.

Green bilious d., mixed with mucus. Psor.

Green, watery d., like chopped spinach. Acon.

Gastro-intestinal irritation (in children), with vomiting, d. and sometimes convulsions. Æth.

Hæmorrhoids protrude during d., with stitches and burning after, for hours. Kali-c.

Involuntary d. Camph.

Involuntary d. from depressing emotions. Gels.

Irritation of rectum setting up d., soon running into dysentery. Collins.

Infantile d., where there is brownish or dirty-yellowish stool, gushing out at one effort. Gum-gut.

Infantile d. with characteristic stools and convulsions. Opi.

Infantile d.: stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to cry and scream at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

Infantile d. or in cholera infantum; stools liquid, mucus, or bloody, having a very offensive odor. Psor.

Infantile d.: aggravation from boiled milk; rapid exhaustion. Sep.

Infantile d.: cholera infantum (child has large head with open fontanelles; profuse perspiration on head; pale earthy-colored face; aversion to mother's milk, and vomiting whenever taking it). Sil.

Irregular stools; d. alternating with constipation. Iod. (In aged or old people. Ant-c.)

Intestinal catarrh and d., with nephritis. Tereb.

Involuntary d. of water; putrid, fetid and colliquative. Sec.

Involuntary d.; putrid, watery, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.

Inharmonious muscular action, irritation and hyperæsthesia, in either constipation or d. Sulph.

Juicy fruit or cider causes d. Calc-ph.

Lienteric d. Ant-c., Asar., China.

Lying down causes return of d. Ox-ac.

Long-lasting d.; pernicious. Sec.

Morning d.; very profuse, thin, yellow, dark and fetid stools. Dios.

Morning d.: stools loose, bilious; dark, offensive, very urgent; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.

Morning d. Aloe, Apis, Eupat-perf., Ox-ac.

Morning d., preceded by great pain. Cact.

Morning d. (of children). Cimicif.

Morning d.; stools watery, green, undigested or slimy, with severe colic and prolapsus ani. Podo.

Morning d.; brown and watery, preceded by urging and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. Rumex.

Mucous d. Carls., Graph., Rheum. (Apis.)

Nightly d., with burning in rectum. Aur.

Nightly d.; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Nightly d. with severe colic, causing child to bend double. Cham.

Nocturnal d. with violent colic, headache and pain in limbs. Rhus-t. (Merc.)

Marasmus, with alternate d. and constipation. Abrot., Ant-c.

Offensive, watery d. (in child-bed). Sec.

Offensive d. day and night; child can swallow nothing but milk or fluids. Bapt.

Painless debilitating d. China, Clem., Natr-s, Phos.

Persistent d.; stools whitish, pasty, and causing excessive burning in anus. Opi.
Painful d. Am-c., Rheum, Rhus-t., Ver-a.
Painless, putrid, sour-smelling d., worse evenings. Calc-c.
Painless yellow d. Can-ind.
Profuse d.; squirting out, with much wind passing, or flocculent, whey-like fluid. Cupr.
Painless d. in morning (Podo., Sulph.), with six stools from morning till two o'clock p. m. Borax.
Pinching in abdomen, with d. Borax.
Painless d. with clay-colored stool and burning and smarting in anus. Berb.
Pain goes from limbs to bowels, producing d. and partial retention of urine. Cimicif.
Painless watery d. Croton-tig., Natr-m.
Profuse d. and vomiting. Euphorb.
Painless d. with much moving of flatus in bowels (produced by fright in child). Ign.
Painless d. with rumbling in abdomen, and burning in anus after stool. Kali-c.
Polypoid tumors of rectum, with persistent d. and evacuation of much blood. Kali-brom.
Profuse d., containing membranes and clots of blood. Phos.
Painless morning d. Nuph. (Podo.)
Painful d., with great prostration. Sec.
Prolapsus ani, with hæmorrhoids and morning d. Podo.
Protrusion of rectum, with d. Podo.
Putrid d. (in children). Salic-ac.
Profuse d. without pain. Ric. (Crab-orchard salts.)
Painless d. tinged with blood. Trill.
Painless, debilitating d., worse mornings. Phos.
Peculiar d. (after vaccination). Thuja.
Profuse d., watery, with chills, and at same time, cold sweat rolls off of forehead. Vib-op.
Painless d. China, Hyos., Lyc., Podo., Stram., Sulph.
Rheumatism after suddenly-checked d. Abrot.
Sensation of foreign body or rough, hard feces in rectum, with constant d. Natr-m.
Sensation of rawness in anus, with d. Apis.
Summer d. (of fat, chubby, pale children). Ipec.
Summer d., with great physical prostration, patient can hardly stand up. Polyp.
Summer d. (of teething children). Œnonth.
Sour, acrid d. (in children, stools are green). Alu.
Spasmodic contraction of sphincter ani, with burning and itching in anus, with watery d. Coff.

Slimy d. Puls.
Sudden, watery, painless d., without smell. Ferr.
Slow fever, dry laryngeal cough; d. Iod.
Suppression of d. followed by eruption of skin. Mez. (Croton-tig.)
Stool like clay (in chronic d.). Petr.
Tendency to d. and acid stomach, and prolapsus recti. Calc-c.
Tendency to d. (in dyspeptics and consumptives), which is renewed whenever taking fresh meat. Caust.
Tenesmus after stool; d., discharge of flatus before stool. Cocc.
Tenesmus during d. Alu.
Thin, watery d., preceded by sharp, aching pains in bowels. Eucalyp.
Thin, watery, offensive d.; passing involuntary when urinating. Ailanth.
Urging to stool, as if d. would occur. Nux-m.
Urgency, as with d.; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with sensation as of a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and os coccygis. Aloe. (Anac.)
Very offensive d. Calc-ph. (Ars.)
Very offensive d., with colic. Asaf.
Very fetid, exhausting d., causing excoriations. Bapt. (Ars.)
Very debilitating d. Sec. (Phos.)
Very pressing d. always after eating. Thuja.
Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, watery d., expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.
Violent, gushing, watery d.; stools spurting out like a shot. Jatr. (Croton-tig., Elat., Gum-gut.)
Violent d.: stools white as clay; chalky; ash-colored; whitish, or ash gray, fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish filled with mucus. Dig.
Violent watery d. Cupr.
Vehement d. Jatr., Mez., Tabac., Ver-a.
Watery, fecal and mucous d.; restless tossing about and constant uneasiness. Cupr.
Watery, profuse, excoriating d. (in infants). Croton-tig.
Watery, involuntary d., with violent cramps of involuntary muscles. Cupr.
Watery d. Ars., China, Cina, Podo.
Watery d., worse at night, with great debility. Iris.
Watery, painless d. (of lying-in women). Hyos.
Watery d., with nausea, colic and great debility. Hell.
Watery d. in morning; grains like tallow in rice-water evacuations, always worse in warm weather. Phos.
Watery d., with sensation of tremor all over body, without trembling, and great debility. Sulph-ac.
Watery d., with constant urging to stool. Carb-ac.

Watery, yellow d., with griping. Apis.

Yellow, watery d., with tearing and cutting before stool, after taking cold. Dulc. (Rhus-t.)

Diarrhœa-like.—Burning in anus before and during a d. stool. Rat.

Small d. stools in morning, corroding anus. Nux-v. (Caps.)

Diarrhœic.—Frequent d. stools. Abrot.

D. stools, with burning in rectum. Aloe.

D. stool, mixed with much flatus. Sang. (Aloe.)

D. stools composed of slime and undigested food, stools painless, excoriating and exhausting. Ferr.

D. stools; white and fetid, child has a sour smell. Hep-s.

D. stools; violent colic. Millef.

D. stool streaked with blood. Merc.

Along with some flatus several drops of d. feces involuntarily discharged. Sulph.

Blood and mucus, or d. stools. Sabin.

Copious d. stools, with rheumatic pains in ankles, but not in wrists. Bry.

Copious d. stools, with bearing down in rectum. Corn-c.

Cholera infantum, waking up frightened, shortly after a dark or black d. stool; very offensive. Psor.

Frequent d. stools, corroding anus; face being fiery red. Ferr.

Frequent bloody, painless d. stools. Apis.

Feels nauseated during a d. stool. Merc.

Green, slimy, d. stool. Am-m. (Ars., Merc.)

Loose, d. stool, with burning at anus. Rat.

Prolapsus ani following parturition, accompanied by d. stools. Podo.

Small d. green, mucous and bloody stool followed by urging, little or no stool passed. Bell.

Stool at first hard and knotty, afterwards loose, and lastly d. Agar.

Stools profuse, d., dysenteric, fermented, thin, like water; pasty, yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)

Straining at stool, d., but little voided, followed by increased straining. Bell.

Violent burning in anus after d. stool. Canth. (Ars., Bry., Caps., Merc., Nitr-ac.)

Yellow and green d. stool, mixed with mucus, preceded by excessive cutting around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Diathesis.—Chronic diarrhœa (with psoric d.); much tympanitis; cutting, colicky pains; stool of mucus, or watery. Mez.

Difficult.—D. stool. Alu., Carbo-v., Casc., Cocc., Ign., Kali-c., Magn-m., Merc., Nux-j., Nux-v., Ol-an., Petr., Plumb., Rhod., Ruta, Sars., Thuja.

D. stool, easier standing. Caust.

D. expulsion of stool on account of paralyzed condition and inactivity of rectum. Graph.

D. passage of stool, as though sphincter ani were spasmodically closed. Gels.

D. stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

D. hard stool; feces too large. Ant-c. (Bry.)

D. stool, as if sphincter contracted. Gels.

D. flatus. Calc-ph., Hep-s., Plat., Sil., Ver-a.

D. passage of even a soft stool. Alu., China, Nux-m., Natr-s., Ruta.

Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; d. expulsion of hard, dry and crumbling stool, fissuring anus so that it bleeds and pains, as if sore. Natr-m.

Constipation: hard and d. evacuation; hard stool every other day; from paralysis of rectum and bowels; from torpor of intestines. Cocc.

Constipation; stools dry, d., irregular. Nitr-ac.

Constipation; large, d., knotty stools. Graph.

Constipation; stools hard and d., followed by backache. Ferr.

Constipation during menstruation; stools like sheep's dung, painful and d. Kali-c. (Magn-m.)

Constipation; stools d., dry, knotty. Mang. (Plumb.)

Constipation of large d. stools, crumbling as they pass verge of anus. Magn-m.

Constipation; stools d. to evacuate, in small pieces like sheep's dung. Magn-m.

Constipation; stools d., as from inactivity of bowels. Mur-ac.

Constipation: pain in small of back; large quantities of blood from rectum, with hard, d. stool. Psor.

Constipation; stool so hard and packed in rectum that it was d. to expel. Selen.

Constipation: stools hard, as if burnt; scanty, d. and insufficient; knotty. Sulph.

Constipation: stools d. and painful; pain from back to pubes. Sabin.

Constipation: stools hard, d., slow and insufficient evacuations; knotty, like sheep's dung. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)

Constipation; stools hard, d., dry., knotty, with sense of weight in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep.

Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, light-colored; expulsion d., as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled it slips back again. Sil.

Constipation of d. stools, as if rectum had no power to expell them, stool recedes after having been partly expelled. Sil.

Constipation obstinate, with large, hard, d. stools; a feeling of tightness. Apis.

Constipation: large accumulation; stool d., even if soft; after long purging. China.

Dysenteric stools; d. evacuation of soft stool or of bloody mucus with tenesmus. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa, with d. expulsion of stool and urine. Alu.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucous; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion d. Sil.

First diarrhœa, then hard, d. stool, constipation (during pregnancy). Oleand.

Hard, d., lumpy, insufficient stools. Petr.

Hard stool, resembling sheep's dung, with d., scanty discharge, or with tenesmus. Lach.

Hard, d., lumpy stool. Magn-m.

Habitual constipation of large and d. stools, with frequent urging to go to stool; but not able to evacuate. Nux-v.

Obstinate constipation; stools small, hard, dry, brittle, granulous, or crumbling; insufficient; d.; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Prostatic fluid after d. stool. Nitr-ac.

Painful, d. evacuations, with fainting. Sars.

Soft, d. stool. Anac., Agn., China, Natr-c., Nux-m., Rhod., Tarax. (Alu.)

Stools d. and hard; slimy.

Stools first hard and d.; last, thin and watery. Bov.

Slow, d. stool. Nux-m.

Stool like sheep's dung or laurel berries; d. passage, with cutting in anus as if too narrow, followed by stream of blood; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.

Thin, fecal stool, expulsion d. Alu.

Unsatisfactory, d. stools with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.

Urging, without, or hard, d. stool. Bov.

Weakness of sphincter ani, so that cleanliness was d. Aloe.

Difficulty.—Constipation: stools hard and dry; feces not hard but expelled with d. Hep-s.

Constipation; stools large, hard, dry balls, expelled with d., requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.

Constipation: stools dry, tough and hard, long, slender, like a dog's; voided with d. Phos.

Constipation: stools scanty, hard, in lumps or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Magn-m., Opi.); black or green in color; passed with d. Plumb.

Inactivity of rectum, even small stool passes with d. Anac. (Alu.)

Obstinate constipation: stools tough, very solid; expelled with great d.; shining, as if greased. Caust.

Soft stool is expelled with d. Carbo-v., Ign., Nux-m., Psor., Sep. (Aloe, Alu., China.)

Stools hard, dry, and passed with d. Æsc.

Soft stools, passed with d., accompanying headache (of school girls). Calc-ph.

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with d. and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Scanty, hard or lumpy stools, expelled with d. Bar-c.

Very large hard stool, voided with great d., followed by severe pains in anus, with sensation as if a portion of anus protruded. Æsc.

Diphtheritic.—D. dysentery. Nitr-ac.

Dirty.—Constant urging to stool, followed by sudden, pasty, offensive evacuation of a d. green color, which is forcibly shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: stools while being washed; d. water, soaking napkin through. Podo.

Infantile diarrhœa, where there is brownish or d. yellowish stool, gushing out at one effort. Gum-gut.

Discharge.—D. of thin, red blood or mucus from rectum, after stool. Calad.

D. of prostatic fluid during hard stool. Alu. (During soft stool. Ars.)

D. of mucus. Alu., Ant-c., Borax, Merc., Phos., Spig.

Chronic diarrhœa of mucus and fecal matter; itching, soreness, and d. of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.

Chronic constipation; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to d. of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Desire to evacuate, with d. of flatulency. Carbo-an., Sep.

Diarrhœa. Erig. (In summer diarrhœa of infants this remedy is nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where d. are slightly bloody, greenish or yellowish-green; tenesmus during stool and stools are excoriating.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.)

Piles, either blind or flowing, with d. of venous blood, and violent bearing-down pains in small of back toward anus. Sulph.

Discharges.—Painful bloody d., with vomiting. Merc-cor.

Disgusting.—Watery stools of d. odor; discharge profuse and greenish. Asaf.

Disposition.—Chronic diarrhœa, patient feels as if stool might occur at any time, with d. to strain and bearing down. Iris.

Diarrhœa with d. to faint. Nux-m.

Distended.—Constipation with d. abdomen. Bell., Magn-m.

Frequent passage of blood, with d. abdomen. Bar-c.

Distention (see section on Abdomen).—D. of abdomen, with frequent urging to stool, though more than ever constipated. Arn.

D. of abdomen during evacuation. Carbo-an., Lyc.

Diarrhœa of greenish water, with great d. of abdomen. Magn-c. (Grat., Podo., Puls.)

Diarrhœa with d. of abdomen. Sulph., Ver-a.

Frequent urging to stool, with d. of abdomen. Arn.

Malignant dysentery, stools fetid, with great prostration, and excessive d. of abdomen. Colch.

Distress.—Constant d. in the anus, feeling as if it were prolapsed. Iris.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors as large as red cherries, with pain and d. in anus. Dios.

Hæmorrhoids with darting pains, shooting to liver; look like grapes; great pain and d. Dios.

Stool very offensive, smells horrible; child always awakens in d. Lach.

Stools of pure mucus; or mucus, blood and bile, with great faintness and d. after stool, from portal congestion. Polyp.

Distressed.—Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, d. feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Distressing.—D. contraction of sphincter ani, painful after stool, and when walking or standing, relieved by sitting. Ign.

Suddenly seized with d. feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Very d., persistent tenesmus and cutting, colicky pains; after stool burning and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

Dizziness (see vol. i., section on Head).—D. during stool. Kobalt.

Diarrhœa, with dullness, d., weariness, nausea and bellyache. Kalm.

Much straining at stool, causing rush of blood to head and d. Bry.

Dog.—Constipation; stool like that of a d. Prun-s. (Phos.)

Dog's.—Constipation: stools dry, tough and hard, long, slender, like a d.; voided with difficulty. Phos.

Dog's stool.—Constipation; feces long, dry and hard, like d. Cimex. (Phos.)

Domestic.—Diarrhœa; watery, painless, all day, from too much care about d. affairs. Coff.

Doughy.—D. stools. Coloc.

Double.—Nightly diarrhœa, with severe colic, causing child to bend d. Cham.

Down.—Frequent, small stool, consisting of mucus, with prostration and necessity to lie d. after every stool. Arn.

Pressure in rectum and sacral region, as if intestines were sinking d. and would be pressed out, while sitting. Can-sat.

Thin stool, with flatus up and d.; colic causing prover to bend double. Coloc.

Downward.—Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and d., until whole body and extremities become involved in spasms. Dios.

Dragging.—D. pains around pelvis. Ign.

D. in anus, as if diarrhœa would easily ensue. Croton-tig.

Light-colored, papescent stool, followed by d. pains in liver and sinking in epigastrium. Polyp.

Drank.—Feeling as if would have diarrhœa, soon as d. anything. Caps. (Croton-tig.)

Drastic.—Reliable d. purgative; speedily producing copious liquid stools. Jalap.

Draw.—Tenesmus is peculiar: an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not d. anus together. Aloe.

Drawing.—D., extending from rectum to genitals. Rhod.

D. in anus and perinæum. Cycl.

D. pressive pain in and about anus and perinæum as if a spot was suppurating; when walking or sitting. Cycl.

During stool (in teething infants), screaming, with d. up of limbs or stiffening body. Rheum.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, d. character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasms. Dios.

Noise from flatus rolling, with d. through legs down to toes. Ferr-mag.

Painful constriction, tearing and d. at anus, perinæum and through urethra. Mez.

Pasty, sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), followed by shivering (Puls.), then urging, with d. constriction in intestines. Rheum.

Drawing in.—Diarrhœic stools, with pinching and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful d. of stomach and abdomen. Agar.

Drawn.—Anus feels as if d. upward. Plumb.

Constrictive pain in anus, together with a sensation as if thighs were d. together, so that she was obliged to close them. Can-sat.

Draws.—Mucous stool; d. out like a rope. Xanth.

Dried.—D. and constricted feeling during stool. Alu.

Drink (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—After least food or d., griping and dysenteric stool. Staph.

Cholera infantum: stools green, liquid, mucous (liquid or d. is heard as it runs down œsophagus, is characteristic). Laur.

Dysentery, burning at anus as from pepper; after every stool, thirst and shivering, and every d., shuddering. Caps.

Dysentery-like diarrhœa renewed after taking least food or d. Coloc.

Frequent diarrhœa; stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and worse after food or d. Ferr.

Drinking.—Aggravation after d.; while urinating; while eating. Croton-tig.

Aggravation: at night; after eating and d.; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

After d. it appears fluid runs straight through intestinal canal without stopping. Arg-n.

Chronic watery diarrhœa in children, usually soon after eating and d., without pain and effort, mostly containing undigested substances. Ferr.

Cholera morbus from d. excessive quantities of water. Grat.

Diarrhœa (in children) from d. least quantity. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: worse during day; after eating; and d. cold water. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa, immediately after eating or d. Podo. (Aloe, Puls.)

Diarrhœa after much eating or d. Podo. (Coloc.)

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, mucus, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after d. milk. Sep.

Diarrhœa after d. Cina.

Diarrhœa; painful stools with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and d. Ver-a.

Desire to go to stool immediately after d., costive, passing nothing but mucus. Caps.

Has to hurry to closet immediately after eating and d. Aloe. (China, Coloc., Ferr., Puls.)

Infantile dysentery, with drowsiness, startings, feverish; frequent d., thirst. Bell.

Straining for stool all day, nausea, disagreeable taste; worse d. cold water. Ferr.

Urging to stool after d., but only a little is passed. Caps.

Drinks.—Diarrhœa as soon as he d. Arg-n.

Diarrhœa brought on by cold d. in hot weather. Bry.

Dripping.—Constant d. of blood, but no blood with stool. Kobalt.

Sensation as if cold water were d. from anus. Can-sat.

Drives.—Urging wakens at night, d. out of bed at six o'clock a. m. Aloe.

Driving.—Diarrhœa early in morning, d. out of bed. Dios.. Sulph. (Aloe, Bry., Nux-v., Phos., Podo., Rumex.)

Drop.—Diarrhœa with sensation as if everything would d. through pelvis, with great sinking at epigastrium. Podo.

Dropping.—Constant d. of blood from anus (stools not bloody) Kobalt.

Drops.—Along with some flatus several d. of diarrhœic feces involuntarily discharged. Sulph.

Drowsiness.—D. during evacuations. Bry.

D. and cutting in bowels. Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great d.; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Infantile dysentery, with d., startings, feverish; frequent drinking; thirst. Bell.

Dry.—D. stool. Hep-s. (Arg-m., Arg-n., Bry., Kobalt, Kreas., Lyc., Mang., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Opi., Phos., Podo., Stann., Tereb., Zinc.

D., uncomfortable feeling in rectum, as if it were filled with small sticks. Æsc. (Nitr-ac.)

D. and crumbling stool, like sand. Arg-n.

Burning in anus after d., hard stool. Sil.

Constipation; stools d., difficult, irregular. Nitr-ac.

Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, d. and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr-m.

Chronic constipation, with d. and difficult stools. Bry., Lyc., Opi.

Constipation, feces long, d. and hard, like dog stool. Cimex. (Phos.)

Constipation: debility, coated tongue, headache, cold extremities; stool d., scanty and lumpy, followed by burning and presssure in anus. Kali-bi.

Constipation; stools large, hard, d. balls, expelled with difficulty, requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.

Constipation: stools d. and hard, or first part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.

Constipation: stools hard and d.; feces not hard but expelled with difficulty. Hep-s.

Constipation: stool d., too large; rectum inactive. Kali-c.

Constipation; stools very d., hard and infrequent. Kali-brom.

Constipation; stools difficult, d., knotty. Mang. (Plumb.)

Constipation: stools d., tough and hard, long, slender like a dog's; voided with difficulty. Phos.

Constipation, stools hard, difficult, d., knotty, with sense of weight in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep.

Constipation: ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, d., knotty, insufficient; green; curdy, with colic. Stann.

Constipation: stool d., insufficient, retarded; like sheep's dung. Sep. (Natr-m.)

Constipation (of children), with d. and inflamed rectum, with bleeding. Alu.

Chronic constipation; stools hard, dark and d., expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Extreme constipation; unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool sensation as if something still remained, stool hard, and d., as if burnt. Sulph.

Hard, d., black stools, with constipation and hæmorrhoids. Dios.

Habitual constipation; rectum d. and irritable. Sulph.

Obstinate constipation, stools large, hard and d., as if burnt, pas ed with great effort. Bry.

Obstinate constipation; stools small, hard, d., brittle, granulous or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Stools d. and hard. Bry. (Alu., Kali-c., Phos.)

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost d.; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Stool crumbly and d., as if burnt. Magn-m.

Stool hard and d., as if burnt. Plat. (Bry.)

Stools white, d., irregular; hard lumps of curd. Ant-c.

Stools hard, d. and passed with difficulty. Æsc.

Stool hard, d., long and narrow. Phos.

Yellow, watery, greenish and painless stools, with d. lips, nausea and great faintness. Croton-tig.

Dryness.—D. and itching in rectum. Æsc.

D., heat and constriction of rectum. Æsc.

After stool: nausea and cramp in calves; d. in throat. Ox-ac.

Constipation from great d. of mucous membrane of rectum, with long-lasting pain. Alu.

Dull.—D., pressive pain in perinæum. Asaf.

Sensitive, d., long stitch near left side of anus, from time to time, affecting whole nervous system. Croc.

Dullness.—Diarrhœa, with d., dizziness, weariness, nausea and belly-ache. Kalm.

Feces like hazelnuts, with d. in head. Kobalt.

During.—D. stool, pains, with nausea. Agar.

D. evacuation, rectum feels dried up and constricted. Alu.

D. stool, burning and cutting in anus; tenesmus. Carbo-v.

D. stool, cutting in abdomen; after stool, shivering. Canth. (Merc.)

D. stool, often violent tenesmus. Æth.

D. stool, stitches and acrid feeling in anus. China.

D. stool, colic, pressing, cutting or burning pains in anus, causing patient to cry out. Canth.

D. stool, shaking chill. Puls.

D. stool, shortness of breath. Rhus-t. (Sulph.)

D. stool (in teething infants), screaming, with drawing up of limbs or stiffening body. Rheum.

D. stool: backache; violent tenesmus. Nux-v.

D. stool: colic; smarting at anus. Kali-c.

D. dentition (with cholera infantum) stools of clear, tenacious, colorless mucus. Hell.

D. stool: painful urging; tenesmus; gnawing pain about umbilicus. Kali-bi.

D. stool: protrusion of hæmorrhoids; prolapsus ani; pain about umbilicus. Fluor-ac.

D. stool: cutting colic; urging; nausea. Rhus-t.

Anal fissure; severe, sharp, cutting pain d. stool, followed by constriction and aching for several hours. Graph.

Anxiety d. evacuations. Cham., Merc., Ver-a.

Anus sore d. evacuations. Ars.

Anus contracted d. evacuation. Staph., Thuja.

Anus constricted d. evacuation. Ign., Lach.

Blind, painful hæmorrhoids internally d. and after black stool; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.

Before stool, aching in abdomen; d. stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Before and d. stool, cutting in abdomen and sharp stitches in rectum, from above downward. Asar.

Before, d. and after stools, constant tenesmus and urging to stool. Merc-cor.

Biting pain in anus d. evacuation. Dulc., Lyc.

Bloody leucorrhœa d. evacuations. Murex.

Blood passes d. stool. Carbo-an.

Blood before, d. or after stools. Merc.

Bleeding piles d. evacuation. Merc., Nitr-ac.

Bleeding d. stool. Carbo-v. (Sulph.)

Burning in anus before and d. a diarrhœa-like stool. Rat.

Burning and pressure in rectum d. a stool; burning in anus after stool. Sulph.

Burning and sticking in rectum d. stool. Sil.

Burning d. stool. Sil. (Sulph.)

Burning pain in anus d. evacuation. Caps., Natr-m., Ver-a.

Burning in anus d. soft stool. Am-m., Mur-ac.

Burning at anus, and pain, as from excoriation, d. and after stool. Magn-m.

Burning and cutting in anus and rectum d. and after stool; with sexual excitement. Natr-c.

Burning in rectum d. stool. Coni.

Burning, stinging in anus before, d. and after stool. Berb. (Sil.)

Chills d. evacuations. Aloe, Ars., Bry., Coni., Cop., Ipec., Jatr., Lyc., Merc., Rheum, Sec., Sil., Sulph., Ver-a.

Child turns red in face before and d. each stool, which is watery and expelled with great force. Bell.

Colic about umbilicus, d. stool. Ox-ac.

Colic: burning and tenesmus before, d. and after stool; chilliness between stools. Merc.
Colic before and d. stool. Aloe, Alu.
Congestion of blood to head d. evacuation, with red face. Aloe.
Contraction of rectum, so that it protrudes d. hard stool. Lyc (Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil.)
Constriction d. stool. Sil. (Nitr-ac., Opi.)
Constriction in rectum d. stool, with discharge of bright blood. Nux-v.
Cutting in abdomen d. evacuation. Acon., Agar., Aloe, Ars., Caps., Cham., Chelid., Coloc., Iris, Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr., Rhus-t.
Cutting pain in anus d. evacuation. Caust., Laur., Natr-c., Staph.
Diarrhœa, great pain d. and after stool, as though anus was fissured. Nitr-ac.
Diarrhœa frequently before and d. menses. Bov. (Aloe.)
Diarrhœa; watery, with undigested food, involuntary, painless stool d. a meal. Ferr.
Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus d. and after stool. Lach.
Diarrhœa of watery mucus, with colicky pains about umbilicus d. stool. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive, cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, d. stool. Rheum.
Diarrhœa after meals. China. (D. meals. Ferr.)
Dysentery, with colic before, d. and after stool. Staph.
Discharge of mucus d. evacuations. Alu., Ferr., Graph., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Magn-m., Merc., Nux-v., Selen., Spig., Sulph.
Discharge of blood d. evacuations. Am-c., Merc.
Discharge of prostatic fluid d. hard stool. Alu. (D. soft stool. Ars.)
Discharge of blood d. and after stool. Am-c.
Discharge of ascarides d. evacuations. Ferr., Magn-s., Sulph.
Dizziness d. stool. Kobalt.
Distention of abdomen d. evacuation. Carbo-an., Lyc.
Dried and constricted feeling d. stool. Alu.
Dropping of blood d. stool. Alu.
Drowsiness d. evacuations. Bry.
Epistaxis d. evacuations. Carbo-v., Phos.
Erections d. evacuations. Ign.
Eructations d. evacuation. Cham., Dulc., Kobalt, Merc.
Feeling as if intestines had no power to expel feces, d. soft stool. Hell.
Feels nauseated d. a diarrhœic stool. Merc.
Flatulency d. evacuations. Agar.
Fainting d. stool. Ver-a.
Griping before, d. and after stool. Aloe. (Merc.)

Griping in abdomen d. evacuation. Apis.
Grasping pain in anus d. evacuation. Phell.
Great faintness d. and after each stool. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude d. soft stool; burning; sticking, painful to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.
Hæmorrhoids protrude d. diarrhœa, with stitches and burning after for hours. Kali-c.
Hæmorrhoids swollen, bleed d. stool. Kali-c.
Hæmorrhoids with rectal catarrh; costive; external piles, bleed d. stool. Aur.
Hæmorrhoids: d. stool pains are so great has to desist; burning violently while walking; anus fissured. Thuja.
Hæmorrhoidal tumors pain and burn d. usual stool; smart after hard stool. Magn-m.
Headache d. evacuations. Ox-ac.
Hunger d. evacuations. Aloe.
Heat in rectum d. evacuations. Coni.
Heat d. evacuations. Dulc., Merc., Sulph.
Intense pain before and d. stool, as from constriction in rectum, preventing passage of feces. Berb.
Itching in anus d. evacuations. Merc., Mur-ac., Sil., Sulph.
Itching in rectum d. evacuations. Sil., Sulph.
Just before and d. stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasm. Dios.
Loud flatus d. stool. Aloe. (Agar., Thuja.)
Large, painful hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with stitches and burning; protrude d. stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.
Large hæmorrhoids, violent burning and sticking in anus; pressing in rectum d. and after stool. Sulph.
Lacerating in anus d. evacuations. Calc-c.
Much burning in rectum d. and for hours after stool. Am-m. (Aloe, Ars., Mur-ac., Sulph.)
Micturition d. evacuations. Alu., Bell., Ox-ac.
Nausea before and d. stool. Ipec.
Nausea d. evacuations. Agar., Ang., Arg-m., Asar., Berb., Bell., Cham., Chelid., Coloc., Croton-tig., Cupr., Grat., Hell., Ipec., Kali-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Pæon., Prun-s., Sil., Sulph., Tart-em., Ver-a.
Protrusion and sore pain of rectum d. stool. Ant-c.
Profuse bleeding from anus d. stool. Puls.
Pressing in anus d. evacuations. Acon., Ant-c., Chelid., Lach., Laur., Nitr., Ox-ac., Phell., Puls., Spig., Staph., Tong., Verb., Zinc.
Pressing in anus d. and after pasty stool. Sulph-ac.
Pain as if rectum would be torn asunder d. stool. Nitr-ac.

Pain in back d. evacuation. Cupr., Kali-jod., Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Stront., Tabac.

Pain in rectum d. evacuations. Ant-c., Aloe, Caust., Coni.

Pain about navel d. evacuations. Kali-bi., Fluor-ac., Ox-ac.

Pain in abdomen d. evacuation. Ang., Ars., Bry., Merc., Merc-cor.

Pain in anus d. evacuation. Mur-ac., Ox-ac., Sars., Stront.

Pain in rectum d. stool; feeling of soreness, as if an ulcer had been torn open. Ant-c.

Pain in back d. stool. Carbo-an.

Pain in rectum d. and long after stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.

Painful piles d. evacuation. Caps., Cimex, Rhus-t.

Painful hæmorrhoids; protrude d. stool. Sil.

Painful contraction of anus d. stool. Thuja.

Painful micturition d. evacuation. Caps.

Painful pressure in rectum d. stool. Sulph.

Palpitation of heart d. evacuation. Dig., Nitr-ac., Sulph., Tart-em.

Paleness d. evacuations. Calc-c., Ipec., Ver-a.

Pinching in abdomen d. evacuation. Agar., Canth., Merc., Ver-a.

Perspiration d. evacuations. Bell., Cham., Croton-tig., Dulc., Jatr., Merc., Stram., Ver-a.

Prolapsus ani d. evacuations. Sep. (Ant-c., Ars., Asar., Bry., Calc-c., Canth., Colch., Dulc., Fluor-ac., Graph., Gum-gut., Ign., Lach., Magn-m., Merc., Mez., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Plumb., Podo., Ruta, Sulph., Therid.)

Prolapsus ani d. stool. Sep. (Ign., Podo.)

Rectum contracted and protrudes d. hard stool. Lyc.

Rumbling in abdomen d. evacuation. Chelid., Iris, Kali-bi.

Retraction of abdomen d. evacuation. Agar.

Stitches or sticking in rectum, and spasmodic constriction in anus d. and after stool. Nitr-ac. (Sil.)

Stitches in rectum d. stool. Carbo-v.

Stinging in anus d. evacuations. Berb., Natr-m., Sil., Sulph.

Sticking in anus d. stool, as with needles. Carbo-v.

Syncope d. evacuations. Borax, Ox-ac., Sars., Sulph., Ver-a.

Sensation d. a thin stool as if it passed in pieces. Carls.

Shuddering d. evacuations. Alu., Bell., Calad., Coni., Kali-c., Magn-c., Natr-c., Plat., Rheum, Spig., Stann., Ver-a.

Shuddering d. stool. Bell.

Shivering d. stool. Canth.

Soreness in abdomen d. evacuation. Euphorb.

Scanty, bilious, slimy stool, with flatus and tenesmus; d. and after burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.

Smarting in anus d. evacuations. Agar., China, Kali-c., Mur-ac.

Strong urging d. stool, causing stool to be expelled quickly. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Tenesmus d. and after stool. Bell., Hydroph.
Tenesmus d. diarrhœa. Alu.
Tenesmus d. and after loose stools. Tart-em.
Tenesmus d. evacuations. Acon., Æth., Aloe, Alu., Am-m., Apis, Ars., Bapt., Bell., Caust., Euphorb., Merc., Merc-cor., Spig., Tabac.
Twisting in abdomen d. evacuation. Bov.
Thirst d. evacuations. Ars., Bry., Cham., China, Dulc., Magn-c., Podo., Sulph.
Tearing in anus d. evacuations. Natr-m.
Tearing in abdomen d. evacuation. Aloe, Cop.
Urging, griping, tenesmus d. stool. Apis.
Urging d. evacuations. Alu., Apis, Arg-n., Benz-ac., Canth., Gum-gut., Hell., Kali-bi., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Mez., Nicc., Nux-m., Ox-ac., Rhus-t.
Varices protrude d. micturition; blood, then white mucus escapes. Kali-c.
Vomiting d. evacuations. Apis, Arg-m., Ars., Bry., Cycl., Dulc., Ipec., Merc-cor., Ox-ac., Plumb., Seneg., Ver-a.
White mucus before and d. stool. Kali-c.
Weakness d. evacuations. Borax, Ver-a.

Dysenteric.—D. stools; difficult evacuation of soft stool or of bloody mucus with tenesmus. Hep-s.
D. diarrhœa, with burning in anus and rectum and great debility or prostration (in malarious districts). Corn-c.
D. stools, loaded with dark, black blood. Ham.
D. diarrhœa, with tenesmus and great nervous excitement. Ign.
D. diarrhœa: stools of mucus and blood, are like scrapings from intestines; tenesmus. Plat.
D., mucous diarrhœa. Millef.
D. stools of clear yellow, red or green slime; pain in back, with straining. Puls.
D. stools, with colic; straining and violent tenesmus, especially at night. Sulph.
D. stools, terribly offensive. Carbo-v.
D. diarrhœa. Ars., Canth., Caps., Colch., Coloc., Ipec., Merc., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Sulph.
D. diarrhœa (from over-eating). Ant-c.
After least food or drink, griping and d. stools. Staph.
Bloody, d. stool, with tenesmus, fever and headache. Nitr-ac.
Diarrhœa: d. discharges of dark fluid blood; involuntary stools; great debility and faintness. Crotal.
Stools d.: bloody mucus, with tenesmus; black, offensive blood. Nitr-ac.
Stools: profuse, diarrhœic, d., fermented, thin, like water; pasty, yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)

Stools: small, d., brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.): pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and d. bloody discharges. Acon.

Dysentery (see Flux).—D. Ipec. (In acute tropical d., the heroic use of large doses of from twenty to thirty grains, of the crude Ipecacuanha, has no doubt saved thousands of lives by the old school. The purging of blood and mucus, the abdominal pain and tenesmus, soon disappear, which is often followed by copious perspiration.)

D., blood and slime separated. Mur-ac.

D. (during pregnancy or during uterine congestion). Aloe.

D.; discharges mostly of blood. Trill.

D. of a low type, with tenesmus. Arn.

D.: stool scanty, frequent, with tenesmus; small, brown; painful; at last bloody. Acon.

D.; frequent painful stools, but little fecal matter, much bloody mucus. Ailanth.

D.; anus feels raw and excoriated, in hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning pains and tenesmus. Apis.

D., with high synochal fever; great fear and restlessness, accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.

D.; stools frequent and extremely painful, with burning tenesmus at extremity of rectum. Aloe.

D.; with ischuria, or tenesmus of neck of bladder, with fruitless urging. Arn.

D.: rigors, pains in limbs, and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever (in autumn or in hot weather). Bapt.

D. or inflammatory diarrhœa during hot days and cold nights. Acon.

D., burning at anus as from pepper; after every stool, thirst and shivering, and every drink, shuddering. Caps.

D.: stools bloody; of mucus. Canth.

D. (flux). Agar.

D.; collapsed condition, stools involuntary, thick, clotted, viscid. Sec.

D., with nausea and colic. Rhus-t.

D. in summer, renewed before a thunder storm. Rhod.

D., with colic before, during and after stool. Staph.

D. in most aggravated and distressing form, with extreme tenesmus (greater really, than caused by any other drug); involving also bladder. Merc-cor.

D. (in autumn). Merc. (Colch.)

D. (in autumn); white mucus or bloody stool. Colch.

D. with inflammation and pain. Ran-b.

D. during cholera epidemic. Puls.
D.; stools of mucus and blood. Puls.
D., with pain in back. Puls. (Ars., Kali-jod.)
D., after bloody stools having ceased, tenesmus, with brown, mush-like, slimy, sour stools. Rheum.
D., with heat in rectum; tenesmus; discharge of mucus; great prostration; hæmorrhage from bowels. Eucalyp.
D.: great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent, bloody, mucus stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.
D.; stools bloody mucus, with colic and tenesmus. Merc.
D.; infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody mucus mixed with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering. Magn-c.
D. with rectum and anus greatly inflamed and sore, stool of bloody mucus, attended by tenesmus. Merc-bij.
D. of pure mucus. Iod.
D., with stools of dark, pitch-like blood. Ipec.
D., with painful tenesmus; stools, jelly-like mucus. Kali-jod.
D., with slimy, bloody stools at night; constant urging. Kali-n.
D., as if caused by cold and damp weather, and becoming worse as weather grows colder. Dulc.
D.: stools of bloody mucus; tenesmus. Coloc.
D. where disease is located in small intestines. Coloc.
D., with backache, violent tenesmus, nausea and vomiting. Nux-v.
D., with violent lancinating pains in bowels. Dios.
D.: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scraping of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; c.; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.
D.: bloody stool with tenesmus; painful, with fever and headache. Nitr-ac.
D. (especially in children); mucous membrane swollen and everted, with excessive tenderness. Bell.
Advanced d., with suspected ulceration. Arg-n.
Bloody d. Cinnab.
Bloody d., tenesmus (during epidemic). Millef.
Colic, diarrhœa and d., where pain and spasm are leading symptoms. Dios.
Constipation with pains in abdomen, ineffectual urging; tenesmus as in d., with burning and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.
Diarrhœa or d.: stool consisting of brown frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)
Diarrhœa or d. (after rheumatism). Kali-bi.
Diarrhœa or d., with dysuria. Canth.

Diphtheritic d. Nitr-ac.

Frequent stool of mucus only, after d. Puls.

Green and bloody mucous stools; anus remaining wide open (in d.). Phos.

Irritation of rectum setting up diarrhœa, soon running into d. Collins.

Infantile d., with drowsiness, startings, feverish; frequent drinking; thirst. Bell.

Malignant d., stools fetid, with great prostration, and excessive distention of abdomen. Colch.

Periodical d. every year. Kali-bi.

Rectal d. Collins. (Aloe.)

Scanty, slimy, dark colored, bloody stools in d., intervals of from five to six hours between stools, with bruised pain in anus. Arn.

Tenesmus in d. Ipec. (Use by injections).

Tenesmus as in d. and burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. (Aloe, Canth., Caps., Cina, Iris, Merc., Nitr-ac., Osm., Sulph.)

Dysentery-like.—D. diarrhœa renewed after taking least food or drink. Coloc.

Dyspepsia (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Constipation and diarrhœa, alternate (in d.). Arg-n.

Dyspeptic.—Chronic diarrhœa (in chlorotic, d. and debilitated persons.) Lyc.

Dyspeptics.—Chronic diarrhœa (of d.) Kali-c.

Tendency to diarrhœa (in d. and consumptives), which is renewed whenever taking fresh meat. Caust.

Dyspnœa (see section on Respirarory Organs).—Diarrhœa with d. Sulph.

Dysuria (see section on Urinary Organs).—Diarrhœa or dysentery, with d. Canth. (Merc-cor.)

Hæmorrhoids: protrude; blue; suppurating and offensive, with burning; after debauchery; cause d. Carbo-v.

Easier.—Difficult stool, e. standing. Caust.

Eat (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—As soon as commences to e., has to go to stool. Puls. (Aloe.)

Eaten.—Stool contains undigested food e. day before. Oleand.

Eating (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—E. causes a great desire for stool. Aloe. (Puls.)

Aggravation: after e.; from fruits; after vexation, indignation, or grief from ill-treatment; during dentition. Coloc.

Aggravation after drinking; while urinating; while e. Croton-tig.

Aggravation: at night; after e. and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Aggravation: when walking or standing; after e.; when passing urine. Aloe.

Chronic watery diarrhœa in children, usually soon after e. and drinking, without pain and effort, mostly containing undigested substances. Ferr.

Diarrhœa: frequent; thin, involuntary, with flatus; soft after e. Ign.

Diarrhœa: painful stools, with profuse sweat, with desire for e. and drinking. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: worse during day; after e. and after drinking cold water. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa or commencement of cholera infantum, as if caused by e. unripe fruit, with green stools. Ipec.

Diarrhœa, immediately after e. or drinking. Podo. (Aloe, Puls.)

Diarrhœa after much e. or drinking. Podo. (Coloc.)

Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from e. fruit (Cist); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc c., Podo.); yellow (Chelid.); Blackish (Ars., Lept.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœa after e. oysters. Brom.

Diarrhœa from e. sugar or sweets. Arg-n.

Fluid stool after e., with much flatus and pain in abdomen. Coloc. (Agar.)

Has to hurry to closet immediately after e. and drinking. Aloe. (China, Coloc., Ferr.)

Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after e., stool half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas, and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

Stools very scanty, must go to stool after e. Apoc. (Aloe, Podo., Puls.)

Sharp pain in rectum after stool and after e. Nux-v.

Urging after e. fruit or sour krout. Bry.

Very pressing diarrhœa always after e. Thuja.

Effort.—Constipation; stools hard and crumbling, requiring great e. and force to expel. Am-m.

Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when, after much violent e. of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

First e. to stool very painful, often compelling patient to desist, accompanied with hæmorrhoids. Sulph.

Great and urgent desire for stool, but with e. desire passes away without an evacuation; rectum seems powerless, with a sensation as if plugged up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Obstinate constipation, stools large, hard and dry, as if burnt, passed with great e. Bry.

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great e. of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat

Stool large in size, requiring great e. of abdominal muscles and diaphragm to expel. Zinc.

Stools frequent; copious, shooting out all at once with a single, somewhat prolonged e. Gum-gut.

Soft stool, whole evacuated with one e. Gum-gut.

Unsuccessful e. for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.

Very hard, nodular stool, like clay stones, evacuated only with great e. Sil.

Efforts.—Fruitless e. and urging to stool. Ign.

Eggs.—Cholera infantum; colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped e. and spinach; children peevish, ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Diarrhœa; stool like chopped e., of yellow mucus, sometimes frothy. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten e. or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, or like chopped e., with loss of appetite (in summer, with children). Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred e.; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœa of children); worse at night. Nux-m.

Flatus like rotten e. Staph.

Green stools or like chopped e., with sour odor. Rheum.

Profuse emission of fetid flatus, with odor like rotten e. Oleand.

Very offensive flatus for many days, smelling like rotten e. Sulph.

Elderly (see Old and Aged).—Constipation (in e. people). Ant-c., Opi.

Emaciation.—Cholera infantum: e.; face like that of an old person. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; e.; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Diarrhœa comes on gradually, more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid e. and much fermentation in abdomen. China.

Diarrhœa, with crying and e. (in children). Teucr.

Tabes mesenterica, with rapid e., night sweats. Iod.

Emotions.—Diarrhœa after sudden e., grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Involuntary diarrhœa from depressing e. Gels.

Emptiness.—Faintness with sensation of e. in abdomen, after stool. Podo.

Soft stool, followed by a sensation of e. in abdomen. Sulph-ac.

Empty.—E. feeling in abdomen after evacuation. Sulph-ac., Ver-a.

Enemas.—Constipation from inertia of bowels; stool hard, dark brown, in small pieces, can only be expelled after e. Opi.

Engorgement.—E. of hæmorrhoidal veins. Aloe.

Enteritis (see Gastro-enteritis).—Catarrhal mucous e., with severe colic and tenesmus. Dios.

Old-man look in children, with e. or tabes mesenterica. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

Enteritis folliculosa.—Cholera infantum; e.; larger stools than are to be expected from quantity of food taken, with excessive fetor. Podo.

Enters.—When anything e. rectum it produces involuntary stools. Phos.

Enuresis (see section on Urinary Organs).—Diarrhœa with e. and colic. Acon.

Enveloped (see Covered).—Constipation; stools hard, like sheep's dung and e. in mucus. Spig.

Constipation: stool hard, scanty; feces e. in mucus. Nitr-ac.

Knotty stool, e. in mucus. Magn-m.

Epidemic.—Dysentery during cholera e. Puls.

Diarrhœa, which precedes cholera or prevalent during e. Phos-ac.

Frequent diarrhœa during cholera e. Phos.

Epigastrium (see section on Abdomen; also vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Diarrhœa, with sensation as if everything would drop through pelvis, with great sinking at e. Podo.

Flatus in e. Caust., China, Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Phos-ac., Puls.

Light-colored, papescent stool, followed by dragging pains in liver and sinking in e. Polyp.

Epistaxis (see vol. i., section on Nose).—E. during evacuations. Carbo-v., Phos.

Epithelial.—Hæmorrhage from bowels, with ulceration; e. degeneration. Tereb.

Epithelium.—Stools of masses of e. connected by muco-lymph, looking red, or green, or shreddy, with severe bearing down in hypogastrium. Arg-n.

Erections (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—E. before evacuations. Thuja.

E. during evacuations. Ign.

Ineffectual urging to stool, with e. Thuja.

Desire to evacuate, with e. Thuja.

Eructations (see Belching, also, vol. ii., section on Stomach).—E. during evacuations. Cham., Dulc., Kobalt., Merc.

Desire to evacuate, with e. Ferr-mag.

Diarrhœa with e. Coni., Dulc., Merc.

Obstinate constipation, with weak feeling in stomach, sour e., and frontal headache. Hydr.

Urging to stool with every e. Æsc.

Eruption (see section on Skin).—E. on anus. Calc-c., Kali-c., Lyc.

E., furuncles on perinæum. Ant-c.

Chronic diarrhœa, with characteristic e. on skin. Mez.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; contains glistening bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed e. Mez.

Diarrhœa from suppressed e. Bry., Hep-s., Mez., Sulph.

Diarrhœa, as if caused by repelled e., chills or teething. Dulc.

Herpetic e. Natr-m.

Itching e. Lyc., Petr.

Knotty, wart-like e. on anus and between nates. Natr-s.

Suppression of diarrhœa, followed by e. of skin. Mez. (Croton-tig.)

Eruptions.—Aggravations; after suppressed e. Sulph.

Burning e. in groups. Calc-c.

Diarrhœa (in pneumonia, small-pox, and suppressed e). Tart-em.

Ulcerous e. Kali-c.

Escape.—Fear lest feces should e. with flatus. Aloe.

Feces and urine e. at same time. Aloe. (Hyos.)

Evacuated.—Constipation, with frequent and ineffectual desire for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more remained, but could not be e. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish, bilious, watery; only, or usually at night, sometimes unconsciously e. Puls.

Feeling of a load in rectum which cannot be e. Plat. (Sep.)

Painful constipation; stool e. in hard masses. Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bry., Sulph.)

Stool e. rapidly and almost involuntary; cannot rise from bed quick enough. Sulph.

Soft stool e. slowly and with much urging. Rhod. (Carbo-v., China.)

Very hard nodular stool, like clay stones, e. only with great effort. Sil.

Evacuation.—Difficult stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient e. or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

Hard stool in morning after much urging and straining, with natural e. in afternoon. Ran-b.

Evening.—Colic and diarrhœa caused by cold e. air. Merc.

Crawling and violent beating in anus, in e. in bed. Teucr.

Constant ineffectual desire in e. Sil. (Sulph.)

Desire to evacuate in e. Bism.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; contains glistening bodies; undigested; worse in e.; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Diarrhœa, with much wind, worse e. and morning; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and burning in anus. Mur-ac

Diarrhœa in e. Aloe, Borax, Bov., Canth., Caust., Colch., Gels., Kali-c., Lach., Merc., Mez., Mur-ac

Desire for stool in e., with griping in hypogastrium, followed by large, moist, at last thin, sour stools. Dulc.

Diarrhœa during morning, then natural stool in e. Podo.

Great and ineffectual urgency and desire for stool, in e., felt mostly in middle of abdomen, but no stool follows, only rectum protrudes. Ign.

Hæmorrhoids worse in e., better after rest. Alu.

Itching, tingling, crawling and tenesmus at anus, especially in e. Plat.

Morning, afternoon and e., always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy mixed with gas, and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

Severe burning in rectum, in e. Carbo-an.

Very offensive flatus in e. Colch.

Violent stitches and crawling in rectum, especially in e. Sulph.

Evenings.—Much flatulence e. that is very fetid. Sulph.

Eversion.—Anxious urging, but inability to stool without e. and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. (Nux-v.)

Everted.—Dysentery (especially in children): mucous membrane swollen and e., with excessive tenderness. Bell.

Examination.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an e.; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Excitement.—Burning and cutting in anus and rectum during and after stool; with sexual e. Natr-c.

Diarrhœa caused by least e. Arg-n. (Gels.)

Diarrhœa, with much urging, following fright or sensational e. especially from grief. Ign.

Dysenteric diarrhœa, with tenesmus and great nervous e. Ign.

Exciting news.—Diarrhœa after e. Gels.

Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, e. (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Excoriated.—Burning and soreness around anus, as if e. Bar-c.

Anus e., red and sore. Ars.

Cholera infantum, with yellow, stinking stools; anus e. Ant-c.

Dysentery, anus feels raw and e., in hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning pains and tenesmus. Apis.

Hæmorrhoids: tumors prolapse with every stool and have to be replaced; they are sore, as if e. Ign.

Excoriating.—Stools e. anus. Ars., Merc. (Sulph.)

E. diarrhœa like water, only in day. Natr-m.

Acrid, e. stool. Ars., China, Merc., Puls., Sulph.

Corrosive ichor oozes from anus, e. parts. Merc-cor.

Diarrhœic stools composed of slime and undigested food, stools painless, e. and exhausting. Ferr.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; e. anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucus and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Infantile diarrhœa, stools frequent, every few minutes, e. parts around anus, causing child to cry and scream at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

In summer diarrhœa of infants this remedy (Erig.) is as nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly bloody, greenish or yellowish-green; tenesmus during stool and stools are e.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill,

Watery, profuse, e. diarrhœa (in infants). Croton-tig.

Excoriation.—E. in anus after evacuation, with contraction of rectum and constriction of anus. Alu. (Natr-m., Sil.)

Diarrhœa, with nausea and vomiting (Ipec., Iris, Ver-a.), with e. of anus. Asclep. (Ars., Sulph.)

Burning at anus and pain, as from e., during and after stool. Magn-m.

Hæmorrhoids attended with pains shooting deep into rectum, seemingly up into abdomen, with a sensation of e. or contraction of anus. Ign.

Hard feces, with pressure and sensation of e. in rectum. Alu.

Pressure and feeling of e. after small, hard stool. Alu.

Stools so acrid that they cause great e. Ars.

Soreness, e. of anus. Bar-c., Sulph.(Am-c., Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-an. Grat., Hep-s., Kali-c., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac.)

Thin, watery, acid stools that produce great e. Sulph.

Excoriations.—Very fetid exhausting diarrhœa, causing e. Bapt. (Ars.)

Excrescences (see section on Skin).—E. at anus. Jac-car.

E. on and in anus, moist, irregular. Petr.

Exercising.—Desire to evacuate when walking or e. Rheum.

Exertion.—Bloody flux (after much e.). Millef.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak, depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical e. Podo.

Desire to evacuate (from e.). Thuja.

Prolapsus ani from moderate e. at stool, with stabbing, stitching pains. Ign.

Stool soft, but passed with great e. Lob.

Stool passes without e.; seems so heavy that it falls out. Aloe.

Sool insufficient, soft, bloody; like sheep's dung; only with much e. Kali-c. (Alu., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Sep.)

Exhausting.—Chronic diarrhœa of an e. character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.

Cholera Asiatica; profuse, e., watery diarrhœa, pouring away as if from a hydrant. Phos.

Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, mucous, green, gushing, e., painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in e. diarrhœa of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, mucus, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour smelling; debilitating; e.; worse after drinking milk. Sec.

Diarrhœic stools composed of slime and undigested food, stools painless, excoriating and e. Ferr.

Diarrhœa (in children, during dentition); profuse, watery, light colored, offensive, e. stools, with urine highly colored and of strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Stools green, gushing, e., with great coldness (after fright). Ver-a. (Gels.)

Stools natural, but too frequent during day, and e. Podo.

Very e., copious, involuntary, watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Very fetid, e. diarrhœa, causing excoriations. Bapt. (Ars.)

Exhaustion.—E. after evacuations. Merc., Sulph., Nitr-ac., Podo., Sec., Sep., Ver-a.

Burning in rectum and anus after stool, with e. Phos.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice-water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and e. Euphorb-cor.

Cholera infantum, simultaneous vomiting and purging, with great e. Ars.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great e., aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.

Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, streaming out with much gas, as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive e. Thuja.

Involuntary stools, with great e. (in typhoid fever and gastro-enteritis). Rhus-t.

Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, brown, profuse, with great e., with aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.

Soft, light-yellow stool, of slimy mucus, with weakness and e. (in nursing infants with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.

Stools bloody, brown and slimy, with great e. Nitr-ac.

Violent burning in anus and rectum, with great e. after stool. Phos. (Ars., China.)

Expel.—Constipation before and during menses, of hard lumps which remain long in rectum, as if it had no power to e. them. Sil.

Constipation; stool so hard and packed in rectum that it was difficult to e. Selen.

Ineffectual urging to stool; rectum feels too weak to e. it. Kali-c. (Hep-s.)

Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to e. them; when after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

Loss of power to e. contents of rectum. Opi.

Soft stool difficult to e. Tarax. (Alu.)

Stool large in size, requiring great effort of abdominal muscles and diaphragm to e. Zinc.

Urging to stool, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action or power and cannot e. feces, which are not hard. Hep-s.

Tenesmus: cannot e. anything; rectum seems to be plugged up. Anac.

Expelled.—Constipation: stools hard and dry; feces not hard but e. with difficulty. Hep-s.

Constipation on account of paralysis of motor nerves; hardness and large size of stools; cannot be e. Ver-a. (Bry., Iris.)

Constipation; stools large, hard, dry balls, e. with difficulty, requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.

Constipation; stool hard and e. only after much pressing. Kreas. (Bry., Nux-v., Sulph.)

Constipation of difficult stools, as if rectum had no power to expel them, stool recedes after having been partly e. Sil.

Desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it remained in rectum and could not be e. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools pale yellow, watery; forcibly e.; copious; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja.

Obstinate constipation: stools small, hard, dry, brittle, granulous or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; e. with much pressure. Zinc.

Strong urging during stool, causing stool to be e. quickly. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Stool soft, but e. with difficulty. Nux-m., Psor., Sep.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, watery diarrhœa, e. with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Expulsion.—Contraction and narrowing of rectum, hindering e. of stool. Nux-v.

Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, light colored; e. difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled, it slips back again. Sil.

Difficult e. of soft stool. Natr-c., Natr-s.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucous; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; e. difficult. Sil.

Difficult e. of stool. Ruta.

Difficult e. of stool on account of paralyzed condition and inactivity of rectum. Graph.

Diarrhœa with difficult e. of stool and urine. Alu.

Thin, fecal stool, e. difficult. Alu.

Expulsive.—Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no e. power. Carbo-an.

Extremities (see section on Extremities).—Constipation with coldness of e. Kali-bi.

Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, mucous, green, gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of e. Ver-a.

Constipation: debility, coated tongue, headache, cold e.; stool dry, scanty and lumpy, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot tympanitic abdomen and cold e.; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward until whole body and e. become involved in spasm. Dios.

Purging with prostration and coldness of e. Ars. (Sec., Ver-a.)

Tabes mesenterica; purging, with cold e.; worse after midnight; burning stools, with violent colic. Ars.

Exudation.—E. of offensive moisture. Pæon.

Exudes.—Glutinous moisture of a musty odor e. in considerable quantity from anus, at night. Carbo-v.

Eyes (see vol. i., section on Eyes).—Child lying upon mother's lap, moaning, e. half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.

Cholera, when purging ceases, and congestion to brain and chest, turning e., difficult breathing. Cic-v.

Diarrhœa (of children), with intense itching about e., especially inner canthus. Gum-gut.

Face (see vol. i., section on Face).—Anxiety in chest, after stool, heat in f. and inclination to sweat. Caust.

Constipation, ineffectual urging, with anxiety and red f. Caust.

Child turns red in f. before and during each stool, which is watery and expelled with great force. Bell.

Congestion of blood to head during evacuation, with red f. Aloe.

Cholera infantum: emaciation; f. like that of an old person. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse, rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratical f.; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Chronic constipation: ineffectual urging; easily flushed f., with cold hands and feet. Ferr.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; f. sunken, distorted, particularly mouth, cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation as from ants. Sec.

Desire to evacuate with redness of f. Caust.

Frequent diarrhœic stools, corroding anus; f. being fiery red. Ferr.

Faint.—Diarrhœa, with disposition to f. Nux-m.

Hæmorrhage bright red, not clotted; f. from least motion. Nitr-ac.

Profuse, deep yellow, thin stool, followed by a very weak, f. feeling. Dios.

Fainting.—F. during stool. Ver-a.

F. before evacuations. Dig.

F. after evacuations. Croton-tig.

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, f., cold perspiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Diarrhœa with f. Nux-m.

Liquid, green stools with colic, early morning, with f. Podo.

Painful, difficult evacuations, with f. Sars.

Faintness.—F., with sensation of emptiness in abdomen, after stool. Podo.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety and a death-like sense of f. and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Diarrhœa: dysenteric discharges of dark fluid blood; involuntary stools; great debility and f. Crotal.

Diarrhœa with f. Dulc., Nux-m.

Great f. during and after each stool. Aloe.

Stools of pure mucus; or mucus, blood and bile, with great f. and distress after stool, from portal congestion. Polyp.

Slimy stool with f. Dulc.

Yellow, watery, greenish and painless stools, with dry lips, nausea and great f. Croton-tig.

Faints.—Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Fall.—Rectum feels full of fluid, and as if it would f. out. Aloe.

Falls.—Hard stool f. out on standing. Caust.

Hard stool f. out unnoticed. Aloe. (Caust.)

Stool passes without exertion; seems so heavy that it f. out. Aloe.

Farinaceous.—Diarrhœa, worse in wet weather; in morning; after vegetabels and f. food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.

Fat.—Cholera infantum of (alkaline or f., chubby, pale children), with light-green, frothy stools, nausea and vomiting. Ipec.

Diarrhœa daily, in morning, with much noisy flatus; after vaccination; after f. food; after onions. Thuja.

Fatty.—F. or greasy diarrhœa (from disease of pancreas). Iod. (Caust., Phos., Thuja.)

Fear.—F. lest feces should escape with flatus. Aloe.

Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great f. and restlessness, accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucus, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst but drinks little; restlessness; f. of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Features (see vol. i., section on Face).—Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of arms and feet, and sunken f. Colch.

Fecal.—F. diarrhœa. Agar., Aloe, Berb., Chelid., Coloc., Fluor-ac., Gels., Iris, Myrica., Ptel.

F. diarrhœa, stools evacuated with great force. Gum-gut.

Black, f. stools, worse after oysters. Brom.

Copious f. stools, with great discharge of wind. Coloc. (Aloe.)

Chronic diarrhœa of mucus and f. matter; itching, soreness, and discharge of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.

Diarrhœa, preceded by colic; stools yellow, watery, thin f., undigested. Sang.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, f., involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucus and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning f. matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, whitish gray, f., yellowish, and very offensive; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, f.; bloody; soft, with colic. Kreas.

Diarrhœa, accompanied by violent dry cough, excited by tickling in throat; stools thin, brownish f., early in morning. Rumex.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, f., thin or papescent; undigested; whitish, sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa: stools watery; yellowish brown, f.; offensive. Fluor-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brown or pale f.; mixed with hard lumps. Lyc.

Diarrhœa: stools light gray, f., yellowish or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish, f.; undigested; spurting out with force. Rhod.

Diarrhœa: stools fetid, yellow and f.; watery, with vomiting and violent colic; bloody masses. Plumb.

Diarrhœa; chalk-like f. stools. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, f.; mingled with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Dysentery; frequent painful stools, but little f. matter, much bloody mucus. Ailanth.

Liquid, yellow, f. stools, with twisting pains in abdomen. Bov.

Stools yellow; f.; bilious; cream colored; clay colored; green. Gels.

Stools watery, light yellow, f.; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.

Stools thin, yellow, f.; offensive; dark-green mucus. Gum-gut.

Stool of yellow, f. matter, mucus and blood, with tenesmus, then cutting in hypogastrium. Collins.

Stools soft, thin, f., slimy, whitish yellow. Cocc.

Stools liquid, f.; offensive. Coff.

Thin, f. stool, expulsion difficult. Alu.

Thin yellow, f. and slimy stools. Agar.

Violent diarrhœa: stools white as clay; chalky, ash-colored; whitish or ash gray, f., with jaundice; or yellowish filled with mucus. Dig.

Watery, f. and mucous diarrhœa; restless tossing about and constant uneasiness. Cupr.

Yellowish, gray, or clay-colored, f. stools. Calc-c.

Feces.—F. covered with mucus or blood. Magn-m.
F. hard and small, like marbles. Nux-v.
F. and urine escape at same time. Aloe. (Hyos.)
F. like hazelnuts, with dullness in head. Kobalt.
F. covered with bloody mucus. Ipec.
F. red, slimy. Canth.
Along with some flatus several drops of diarrhœic f. involuntarily discharged. Sulph.
After taking cold, cutting pain, with a loose discharge of dark brown or black f., like coffee grounds. Camph.
Bright-red blood with f., and sensation of constriction in rectum. Nux-v.
Constipation: stools hard, scanty; f. enveloped in mucus. Nitr-ac.
Constipation; stool tenacious f. Merc-cor.
Constipation: stools hard and dry; f. not hard but expelled with difficulty. Hep-s.
Constipation: f. hard in impacted balls. Colch.
Constipation, with hard, crumbling stool, or f. covered with glairy mucus. Am-m.
Constipation: f. hard, with tenesmus; constant and ineffectual urging without stool (Nux-v.); with vertigo while lying down, or small quanties pass each time. Coni.
Constipation; f. long dry and hard, like dog stool. Cimex. (Phos.)
Constipation, with f. in balls, and hæmorrhoids from congestive inertia of lower bowels (in latter months of pregnancy). Collins.
Costiveness on account of hardness of f. Am-c.
Copious hæmorrhage from bowels, with solid f.; hæmorrhoidal. Ant-c.
Chronic catarrh of intestines and discharge of masses of mucus with stool, f. covered with mucus. Graph.
Discharge of liquid, then f. at night during sleep. Sulph.
Difficult hard stool; f. too large. Ant-c. (Bry.)
Fear lest f. should escape with flatus. Aloe.
Feeling as if intestines had no power to expel f. during soft stool. Hell.
Hard f., with pressure and sensation of excoriation in rectum. Alu.
Much flatus and little f. Aloe.
Intense pain before and during stool, as from constriction in rectum, preventing passage of f. Berb.
Passage of f. with much sputtering flatus. Aloe.
Rectum seems inactive and unable to evacuate f. Nitr-ac.
Sensation of foreign body or rough hard f. in rectum, with constant diarrhœa. Natr-m.
Sensation as if mucous membrane of rectum was thickened and that f. obstructed passage. Æsc.
Spasmodic retention of f. in small intestines. Opi.
Stools small, streaked with blood; tormina; burning in bowels and rectum; hard lumps of f. with discharges. Erig.
Stools of f. and mucus. Am-c.

Stool of hard impacted f., with great soreness of anus. Æsc.

Urging to stool, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action or power and cannot expel f., which are not hard. Hep-s.

Feculent.—F. diarrhœa. Cina, Hep-s., Led., Mosch., Mur-ac., Plumb., Prun-s., Spig.

Feeble.—Anæmia after summer complaint; f.; pallid, white skin. Carbo-v.

Feel.—Hæmorrhoids f. damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Feeling (see Sensation).—F. of soreness at anus. Thuja.

F. as if sharp sticks were being pressed into anus, on slightest touch. Nitr-ac.

F. as if intestines had no power to expel feces, during soft stool. Hell.

F. of a load in rectum which cannot be evacuated. Plat. (Sep.)

F. of heaviness in lower portion of rectum. Calc-c. (Aloe.)

F. as if would have diarrhœa, soon as drank anything. Caps. (Croton-tig.)

After a thin, pappy stool, troublesome f. as if still more remained and would pass. Aloe.

After stool, f. of great relief in abdomen, as though an irritating substance were removed from intestines. Gum-gut.

Constant urging at night, cannot lie nor sit on account of sticking and sore pain in anus; f. as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.

Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed f.; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Congested full f. about rectum. Aloe.

Constipation: stools dry and hard, or first part lumpy, then soft; f. as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.

Constant distress in anus, f. as if it were prolapsed. Iris.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak depressed f. and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Podo.

Constipation: obstinate, with large, hard, difficult stools; f. of tightness. Apis.

Diarrhœa with full f. in abdomen. Natr-s.

Dry, uncomfortable f. in rectum, as if it were filled with small sticks. Æsc. (Nitr-ac.)

Dried and constricted f. during stool. Alu.

During stool: stitches and acrid f. in anus. China.

Empty f. in abdomen after evacuation. Sulph-ac., Ver-a.

Every time on urinating a f. as if some thin stool would escape. Aloe.

Full f. in rectum. Æsc.

Frequent passages of flatus, which are continually forming in bowels and causing uncomfortable f. Fluor-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, with frequent desire to stool, but little passed at a time; bearing-down f. in rectum, and backache. Nux-v.

Hæmorrhoids, with f. as if back would break. Bell.

Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum; intense irritation, itching, f. as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Inactivity of rectum; full f. even after stool. Sep.

Inflamed f. between scrotum and anus. Alu.

Most obstinate constipation, with f. as if all action of bowels had been lost. Æth.

Obstinate constipation, with weak f. in stomach, sour eructations and frontal headache. Hydr.

Papescent stool, with tenesmus and f. in anus as after a hard stool. Selen.

Painless discharge of masses of blood in clots, with sinking f. Ver-a.

Pressure and f. of excoriation after small hard stool. Alu.

Prolapsed f., with backache, after stool. Æsc.

Profuse, deep yellow, thin stool, followed by a very weak, faint f. Dios.

Pain in rectum during stool; f. of soreness as if an ulcer had been torn open. Ant-c.

Raw, sore f. in rectum. Nux-v.

Raw f. at anus. Æsc.

Suddenly seized with distressing f. in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Straining and f. as if had to pass large and hard stool, but reverse was case. Abrot.

Sore f. in skin near anus when walking, as from subcutaneous suppuration. Agn.

Shooting in anus, with sore f. Acon.

Strangulated painful and very tender hæmorrhoids with sticking or f. as of a plug in anus, with throbbing. Lach.

Sore f. in anus; worse outside; with stitching, burning and throbbing. Calc-ph.

Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in back and f. across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.

Weight in perinæum and f. as if a plug were wedged between symphysis pubis and coccyx. Aloe, Caust., Hep-s., Thuja.

Weak f. in rectum in evening, causing restlessness, preventing sleep. Sep.

With a pappy stool, f. as if it were solid. Aloe.

Feels.—F. nauseated during a diarrhœic stool. Merc.

F. a constant desire to go to stool. Aloe.

F. as if diarrhœa would occur when standing. Agn.

Anus f. sore, or as if sharp points were sticking in parts. Iris.

Anus f. as if drawn upward, as if constricted. Plumb.

After stool, itching or burning at anus; anus f. as if lacerated. Kali-c.

Chronic diarrhœa, patient f. as if stool might occur at any time, with disposition to strain and bearing down. Iris.

Constipation: ineffectual urging; anus f. closed. Lach.

Desire for stool, but little passes; f. as if it remained in rectum and could not be expelled. Nitr-ac.

During evacuation rectum f. dried up and constricted. Alu.

Dysentery; anus f. raw and excoriated, in hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning pains and tenesmus. Apis.

Hæmorrhoids, bleeding, with hard, lumpy stools; burning in margin of anus; it f. as if torn. Erig.

Ineffectual urging to stool; rectum f. too weak to expel it. Kali-c. (Hep-s.)

Noise from flatus rolling in left side; f. it but does not hear it. Lachn.

Rectum f. full of fluid, and as if it would fall out. Aloe.

Rectum f. paralyzed. Alu.

Feet (see section on Extremities).—Chronic constipation: ineffectual urging; easily flushed face, with cold hands and f. Ferr.

Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of f. Sulph.

Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse, rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and f., spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Cholera Asiatica, with violent spasms in abdomen and cramps in legs and f.; general convulsions, with continual vomiting and violent colic. Cupr.

Cholera infantum, with brain symptoms and chronic convulsions, beginning in hands and f. Cupr.

Diarrhœa with swelling of legs and f., as in phthisis. Acet-ac.

Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of arms and f., and sunken features. Colch.

Violent cramps of f., calves and thighs, with painless watery stools. Podo.

Felt.—Upon pressure at umbilicus a painful sensation is f. down to anus where there is constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.

Females.—Diarrhœa, with pain extending from back through to pubes (in rheumatic, gouty f.) Sabin.

Fermentation.—Diarrhœa comes on gradually, more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation and much f. in abdomen. China.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with f. in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.

Fermented.—F. stool. Calc-c., Ipec., Mez., Rhod., Sabad.

Brown f. stools (like yeast). Arn.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, f., containing glistening bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Diarrhœa of brown, f. stool, swimming on water; liquid, mixed with blood and slime. Sabad.

Diarrhœa; stools brown and as if f. Sabad.

Diarrhœa: stools green mucus; as green as grass (Agar.); bloody; f.; looking like frothy molasses. Ipec.

Stools: profuse, diarrhœic, dysenteric, f., thin, like water; pasty, yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)

Stools poured from him with a gush, as if forced by wind; very offensive and f. exactly like yeast. Ipec.

Stools like black, f., frothy molasses. Ipec.

Fetid.—Diarrhœa; stools f. Rhus-t., Sulph.

F., offensive stool. Ars., Asaf., Carbo-v., Coloc., Opi., Paris, Puls., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

F., watery diarrhœa (of scrofulous children). Sulph.

F. flatus. Aur., Coff.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very f.; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Diarrhœic stools; white and f., child has a sour smell. Hep-s.

Discharge of f. flatus. Æsc., Asaf., Spig.

Diarrhœa; profuse, black, tar-like, very f. stools, running out in a stream. Lept.

Diarrhœa; stools very f. and come away with a gush all at once, or mucus and blood, with great tenesmus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa: stools f., yellow and fecal; watery, with vomiting and violent colic; bloody masses. Plumb.

Extremely f., pappy, yellowish-green stools. Sulph.

Emission of f., sulphurous flatulence. Psor.

Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of f. moisture; pain in rectum, as if being torn or cut with knife; or spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Great rectal and anal irritation, with passage of f. mucus. Grat.

Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, f., brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or to being covered. Sec.

Involuntary diarrhœa of water; putrid, f. and colliquative. Sec.

Light-colored, f., watery or bloody, burning stools, with tenesmus. Carbo-v.

Malignant dysentery; stools f., with great prostration and excessive distention of abdomen. Colch.

Much flatulence evenings, that is very f. Sulph.
Much flatus, mostly f. Natr-s.
Morning diarrhœa; very profuse, thin, yellow, dark and f. stool. Dios.
Profuse emission of f. flatus, with odor like rotten eggs. Oleand.
Sour-smelling or f. flatus. Natr-c.
Stool so f., smell follows patient. Sulph.
Stools of green, f. mucus, with noisy flatus at night. Arg-n.
Thin, f. stools of bright yellow (after weaning). Arg-n.
Very f., exhausting diarrhœa, causing excoriations. Bapt. (Ars.)
Very offensive, dark-brown, f. stools. Psor.
White, pasty, f. stools. Still.

Fetor.—Cholera infantum: enteritis folliculosa; larger stools than are to be expected from quantity of food taken, with excessive f. Podo.

Fever (see section on Fever).—Bloody, dysenteric stool, with tenesmus, f. and headache. Nitr-ac.
Constipation (after intermittent f. suppressed by Quinine). Puls.
Chronic, watery diarrhœa, with f., dry mouth and thirst; aggravated by moving about. Natr-m.
Diarrhœa (during typhoid f.). Opi.
Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid f., with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.
Diarrhœa (in typhus f.). Nux-m.
Dysentery, with high, synochal f.; great fear and restlessness, accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.
Dysentery: bloody stool with tenesmus; painful, with f. and headache. Nitr-ac.
Frequent, small, thin, dark, offensive and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid f.). Bapt.
Hæmorrhages from bowels (in typhoid f.); flakes of decomposed blood, having appearance and form of perfectly charred wheat straw, in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portions more or less ground up. Lach.
Involuntary stools, with great exhaustion (in typhoid f. and gastro-enteritis). Rhus-t.
Lumbrici; tænia; worm f. Sabad.
Slow f., dry laryngeal cough; diarrhœa. Iod.
Violent pain in rectum, with chill and f., inflammation, tenesmus and dysenteric bloody discharges. Acon.

Feverish.—Infantile dysentery, with drowsiness, startings, f.; frequent drinking; thirst. Bell.

Fevers.—Involuntary stools when coughing, or during low f. Phos.
Involuntary stool (Ars., Carbo-v.); at night (Hyos.); during sleep (in f.). Arn.

Filled.—Dry, uncomfortable feeling in rectum, as if it were f. with small sticks. Æsc. (Nitr-ac.)

Sensation in anus as if sitting on a ball; as if anus and part of urethra were f. by a hard round body. Can-ind. (Sep.)

Fire.—Burning at anus as if on f. after stool. Iris.

First.—Constipation: stools dry and hard, or f. part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.

Stools at f. hard and knotty, afterwards loose and lastly diarrhœic. Agar.

Stools: f. part hard, black, last about natural consistency, but white as milk. Æsc.

Fish-brine.—Oozing of fluid from rectum, smelling like f. Calc-c.

Fissure.—F. in anus pains more when walking. Caust.

F. of anus, with periodical, profuse bleeding piles. Rhus-t.

Anal f.; severe sharp, cutting pain during stool, followed by constriction and aching for several hours. Graph.

Fissured.—Cracks in f. anus ulcerate and bleed. Graph.

Diarrhœa, great pain during and after stool, as though anus was f. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids: during stool pains are so great has to desist; burning violently while walking; anus f. Thuja.

Fissures.—F. in anus. Nitr-ac., Pæon., Plumb., Mez. (Æsc., Ars., Caust., Grat., Ign., Lach., Natr-m., Nux-v., Phos., Sep., Sil., Sulph., Thuja.)

F. more in the rectum than in anus after stool. Nitr-ac. (Graph., Sil.)

F. of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture; pain in rectum as if being torn or cut with knife; spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Deep rhagades or f. of anus. Agn.

Piles and f. of anus; great itching. Petr.

Ulcerating f. at anus. Cham.

Ulcers and f. in rectum. Phyt.

Fissuring.—Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry and crumbling stool, f. anus, so that it bleeds and pains, as if sore. Natr-m.

Fistula.—F. in anus with sensation of throbbing or beating with little hammer. Lach.

Intensely painful hæmorrhoids; protrude after stool, become incarcerated and suppurate; often accompanied with f. Sil.

Fistula in ano.—F. Aloe.

F. (in young men). Aur.

F. very sensitive. Alu.

F., accompanied by chest symptoms. Sil.

F., alternating with chest symptoms. Calc-ph.

F., with itching there; short cough. Berb.

Flabby.—Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, f.; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Flakes.—Diarrhœa: stools greenish watery, with f.; brownish watery; blackish watery; bloody; frequent; profuse watery. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white f. or shreds in stool. Colch.

Great pain before stool, which is greenish, and contains jelly-like globules, or f. Rhus-t.

Hæmorrhages from bowels (in typhoid fever); f. of decomposed blood, having appearance and form of perfectly charred wheat straw, in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portions more or less ground up. Lach.

Stools green f., like spinach. Arg-n.

Stool watery, mixed with white f. Croton-tig.

Slimy stools, with bright yellow f. Colch.

Stools watery, greenish, mixed with f.; rice water; sudden, involuntary. Ver-a.

Stool containing white points or f., like pus, offensive odor. Calc-ph.

Watery stool with f. Cupr., Phos., Ver-a.

Flakey.—F. stool. Cupr., Phos., Ver-a.

Flatulence.—Excessive f. China.

F. after evacuations. Cimex, Coni., Lyc., Natr-s.

F., soon followed by urgent desire for stool. Croton-tig.

F. during dentition, with green, sour stools in morning. Podo.

F. and constipation. Bov., Carbo-an.

Constipation with incarcerated f. in left side. Aur., Iod., Lyc., Rhod., Sulph.

Constipation with excessive f.; stools white and lumpy. Ant-c.

Constipation with large abdomen and f.; stool too large. Bry.

Copious emission of f. Actea-s., China, Cist., Graph. (Aloe, Lyc.)

Diarrhœic: stools with pinching and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of f.; also with painful drawing in of stomach and abdomen. Agar.

Diarrhœa, with discharge of f. Arg-n., Asaf., Ferr-mag., Glon.

Diarrhœa, with f. Sabin.

Diarrhœa, with f. caused by shocks. Arg-n.

Diarrhœa; loose stool with much f. Staph.

Emission of fetid, sulphurous f. Psor.

Frequent emission of f., especially evening and night. Gum-gut.

Frequent diarrhœa; stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by pain, but always with much f., and worse after food or drink. Ferr.

Gushing stool, with f. Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c., Natr-s., Podo., Rhod., Sulph., Tabac., Thuja.

Ineffectual urging to stool with discharge of mucus or f. only Sep.
Much f. evenings that is very fetid. Sulph.
Violent urging to stool, with croaking as from frogs; sits a long while, then passes immense quantity of f., followed by enormous evacuation; afterwards burning in abdomen. Sabad.
Watery (liquid) stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much f.; severe colic, and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.

Flatulency.—F. before evacuations. Aloe, Ars., Cact., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Chelid., Cocc., Gels., Grat., Iris, Kali-c., Kobalt, Lach., Lept., Magn-s., Merc., Mez., Mur-ac., Natr-s., Oleand., Phos-ac., Puls., Rat., Sec., Spong., Sulph., Thuja, Tilia.
F. during evacuations. Agar.
F. and tendency to diarrhœa. Psor.
Desire to evacuate, with discharge of f. Carbo-an. Sep.

Flatulent.—F. colic (in children and hysterical women). Kali-brom.
F., watery, urgent diarrhœa; great gurgling and colic pains about umbilicus, with much prostration. Croton-tig.
Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with f. colic and noisy flatus during stool. Arg-n. (Jatr.)
Small, frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by f. colic in hypogastrium. Caps.

Flatus.—Discharge of much f. Cist.
F. hot, moist, offensive. Carbo-v.
F. smells like garlic. Agar.
F. smells very badly, and causes burning in rectum. **Aloe.**
F.; noise as of something crying. Arg-m., Thuja.
F. like rotton eggs. Staph.
Frequent f. Agar., Carbo-v., Graph., Kali-c., Oleand.
F. in hypogastrium. Cycl. (Aur., Hydroc-ac., Sil., Sulph-ac.)
F. in epigastrium. Caust., China, Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Phos-ac., Puls.
Anus spasmodically closed during colic, with difficult emission of f. Opi.
Anus spasmodically closed during colic, with difficult emission of f. Opi.
Along with some f. several drops of diarrhœic feces involuntarily discharged. Sulph.
Constipation; stools frequent, ineffectual urging, with small stools or only f. Magn-c.
Cold f. Coni.
Croaking noise from f. Arg-n., Graph.
Difficult f. Calc-ph., Hep-s., Plat., Sil., Ver-a.
Diarrhœic stool mixed with much f. Sang. (Aloe.)
Diarrhœa, at same time passes large quantities of f. Agar. (Aloe.)

Diarrhœa: frequent; thin, involuntary, with f.; soft after eating. Ign.
Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing f., worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.
Diarrhœa (during dentition), with much f. Calc-ph.
Diarrhœa daily, in morning, with much noisy f.; after vaccination; after fat food, after onions. Thuja.
Discharge of fetid f. Asaf., Æsc., Spig.
Emission of f. after every meal. Aloe.
Emission of large quantities of wind (f.), with odor of garlic, with smarting pain in rectum. Agar.
Emission of large quantities of f. Carbo-v.
Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, streaming out with much f., as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.
Evacuation sudden and with much f. Aloe, Croton-tig.
Frequent passages of f., which are continually forming in bowels and causing uncomfortable feeling. Fluor-ac.
Frequent passage of offensive f. Caust.
Frequent loud passage of f., whole afternoon. Caust.
Fluid stool after eating, with much f. and pain in abdomen. Coloc. (Agar.)
Fear lest feces should escape with f. Aloe.
Gurgling noise from f. Aloe, Cina, Gum-gut., Jatr.
Grunting noise from f. Sil., Spong.
Hot f. Acon., Aloe, Cham., Cocc., Phos., Plumb., Puls., Staph., Teucr., Zinc.
Hot, humid f. Carbo-v.
Incarcerated f. Cocc., Natr-c.
Involuntary stools when emitting f. Oleand., Phos-ac.
Fetid f. Aur., Coff.
Itching at anus, with discharge of offensive f. Rumex.
Involuntary stool on passing f. Aloe, Sulph. (Phos-ac.)
Loud f. during stool. Aloe. (Agar., Thuja.)
Liquid stool mixed with hard portion, passed with many loud emissions of f., together with colic. Coni.
Much offensive f. passed; f. peculiar and stinking. Tellur.
Much offensive f. Carbo-v., Myrica. (Aloe, Bry., Colch., Mez., Sil.)
Much f., mostly fetid. Natr-s.
Much f. and little feces. Aloe.
Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas, and attended with great noise from f. Sulph.
Noise from f. rolling. Bry., Carbo-an., Lyc., Sars., Sep., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
Noise from f. rolling in left side; feels it but does not hear it. Lachn.
Noise from f. rolling, with drawing through legs down to toes. Ferr-mag.

Offensive f. Bov., Bry., Calc-ph. (Aloe.)
Offensive f. (Æsc., Aloe, Bry., Carbo-v., Graph.), with odor of rotten eggs. Arn. (Sulph.)
Only f. from an attempt to stool. Aloe.
Profuse emission of fetid f., with odor like rotten eggs. Oleand.
Painful f. Coni., Graph., Kali-c., Puls.
Pasty and thin stools, preceded by much sulphurous smelling f. Sulph.
Great accumulation of wind; f. has odor of urine remaining long on clothes. Agn.
Passage of feces with much sputtering f. Aloe.
Painless diarrhœa, with much moving of f. in bowels (produced by fright in child). Ign.
Persistent dull stitches in rectum, as from incarcerated f. Puls.
Rumbling noise from f. Anac., Ant-c., Natr-m., Oleand., Plumb., Sep., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
Sour-smelling or fetid f. Natr-c.
Soiling clothes when passing f. Oleand.
Sensation of copious stool, but only f. escapes, with finally very hard stool. Ant-c.
Stools of green fetid mucus, with noisy f. at night. Arg-n.
Small interrupted f. Calad., Caust., Plumb.
Scanty, watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy f. during stool. Arg-n. (Jatr.)
Scanty, bilious, slimy stool with f. and tenesmus; during and after burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.
Thin stool passes unconsciously, with a sensation as if f. would pass. Staph.
Thin stool with f. up and down; colic causing prover to bend double. Coloc.
Tenesmus after stool; diarrhœa, discharge of f. before stool. Cocc.
Treacherous stool; patient does not know whether there will be f. or stool, or whether fluid or solid. Aloe.
Urging, but no evacuation, with sensation of a mass in lower part of rectum, and discharge of offensive f. only. Sang.
Urging and straining, yet only f. passes. Aloe.
Urging to stool, with passage only of offensive f. Aloe.
Urgent stool, preceded by colic and passage of offensive f. Cast-eq.
Urgency as with diarrhœa; only hot f. passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with sensation as of a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and os cocygis. Aloe. (Anac.)
Unconscious discharge of thin feces when passing f. Ver-a.
Unsatisfactory urging to stool, relieved by passing f. Colch.
Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive f., pain in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.
Very offensive burning f. Aloe.

Very offensive f. in evening. Colch.

Very offensive f. for many days, smelling like rotten eggs. Sulph.

Flesh-colored.—Painless, blood-streaked stools, like f. water. Phos.

Flexors.—Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, f. of arms and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Floating.—Stools; green and frothy, like scum of a frog pond, or with white f. lumps, like tallow. Magn-c.

Stools soft, brownish, easy; f. on water. Merc.

Thin stool, mixed with mucus and blood, f. on surface of water. Sabad.

Flocculent.—Gray stools, with f. matter (in cholera). Cupr.

Profuse diarrhœa; squirting out, with much wind passing, or f. whey-like fluid. Cupr.

White f. stool. Ipec., Squilla.

Flocculi.—Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, greenish, watery; whitish watery; with f. Dulc.

Flowing.—Piles, either blind or f., with discharge of venous blood, and violent bearing-down pains in small of back towards anus. Sulph.

Fluid.—F. stool after eating, with much flatus and pain in abdomen. Coloc. (Agar.)

After drinking, it appears f. runs straight through intestinal canal without stopping. Arg-n.

Chronic diarrhœa of mucus and fecal matter; itching, soreness, and discharge of acrid f. from anus. Sulph.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear f. like rice-water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Diarrhœa: stools dark, f., frothy; offensive; involuntary; after fright; after sudden joy. Opi.

Diarrhœa: stools mucus; green curdled and mixed with mucus; undigested; yellowish-white, f.; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa; stools thin, yellow, f. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa: stools black, f., putrid; cadaverous. Stram.

Diarrhœa; stools frothy, painless and odorless (yellow f.). Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black, slimy, f.; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning, two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black watery or f. stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow-brown, f.; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin, f.; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa; stools brown f., with whitish-yellow and cheesy masses. Phos.

Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half f., half lumpy, mixed with gas and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

Oozing of f. from rectum, smelling like fish-brine. Calc-c.

Profuse diarrhœa; squirting out, with much wind passing, or flocculent, whey-like f. Cupr.

Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore; oozing of a yellow f. Calc-ph.

Rectum feels full of f., and as if it would fall out. Aloe.

Stool: first hard, then f. Aloe.

Stools: small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half f.; bright yellow (Chel.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Stools dark brown, very f. and foul smelling. Psor.

Tenesmus, in morning after waking, then copious f. stool. Sulph.

Tenesmus, succeeded by f. discharge mixed with blood and mucus. Aloe.

Treacherous stool; patient does not know whether there will be flatus or stool, or whether f. or solid. Aloe.

Thin, f. stool, passed only part at a time by straining, with pain in abdomen. Diad.

Yellow, f. stools. Rhus-t.

Fluids.—Offensive diarrhœa day and night; child can swallow nothing but milk or f. Bapt.

Flushes.—Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty and insufficient; frequent hot f., with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Flux (see Dysentery).—F. Agar.

Bloody f. (after much exertion). Millef.

Passive, mucous f., with little pain, occurring chiefly at night. Puls.

Flying.—F., very painful single stitches in anus, as from a fine needle. Thuja.

Foamy.—Diarrhœa: stools blackish, watery; f., brownish; frothy; bloody; whitish mucus. Iod.

Frothy, f. stool. Coloc., Magn-c., Merc.

Follow.—Tenesmus is peculiar; an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would f., which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Followed (see After).—Anal fissure; severe sharp, cutting pain during stool, f. by constriction and aching for several hours. Graph.

Constipation; stools hard and difficult, f. by backache. Ferr.

Diarrhœa preceded and f. by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.

Flatulence, soon f. by urgent desire for stool. Croton-tig.

Loose stool, preceded and f. by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.

Pasty, sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), f. by shivering (Puls.), then urging, with drawing constriction in intestines. Rheum.

Sensation of soreness, f. by blisters (from horseback riding). Carbo-an.

Stools preceded and f. by pains in hypogastrium. Collins.

Thin, watery stool, preceded and f. by rumbling, and at times noise, as of water gurgling from a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Urging to stool, f. by natural evacuation. Coca.

Following.—Diarrhœa, with much urging, f. fright or sensational excitement, especially from grief. Ign.

Food (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—F. passes undigested (in marasmus). Abrot.

After least f. or drink, griping and dysenteric stool. Staph.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested f.; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Cholera infantum: enteritis folliculosa; larger stools than are to be expected from quantity of f. taken, with excessive fetor. Podo.

Constipation; stools hard, containing undigested f., and often accompanied by slime. Calc-c.

Chronic, painless diarrhœa of undigested f., with much thirst for water during night. Phos.

Diarrhœa: worse in wet weather; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous f.; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa; watery, with undigested f., involuntary, painless stool during a meal. Ferr.

Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested f. (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); yellow (Chelid); blackish (Ars., Lept.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœic stools composed of slime and undigested f., stools painless, excoriating and exhausting. Ferr.

Dysentery-like diarrhœa renewed after taking least f. or drink. Coloc.

Frequent diarrhœa; stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and worse after f. or drink. Ferr.

Lienteria; stools of undigested f., without pain. Ferr.

Stool contains undigested f. eaten day before. Oleand.

Stools pappy, brown, with undigested f. and of atrociously putrid odor. Graph.

Force.—Constipation; stools hard and crumbling, requiring great effort and f. to expel. Am-m.

Child turns red in face before and during each stool, which is watery and expelled with great f. Bell.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish, fecal; undigested; spurting out with f. Rhod.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged rapidly with great f., or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow-brown fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much f. Raph.

Frequent, watery stools expelled with great f. Ailanth.

Fecal diarrhœa, stools evacuated with great f. Gum-gut.

Stools watery; yellow, green, frothy; frequent, gushing out with f. Grat.

Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great f., with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of arms and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, watery diarrhœa, expelled with great f.; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Forced.—Stools poured from him with a gush, as if f. by wind; very offensive, and fermented exactly like yeast. Ipec.

Forcing.—Pain in anus, as if plug were f. outward. Croton-tig.

Forcible.—Stool liquid; brownish, frothy, profuse, f., frequent. Raph.

Forcibly.—Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, f. expelled. Calc-ph.

Constant urging to stool, followed by sudden, pasty, offensive evacuation of a dirty green color, which is f. shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa, consisting of yellowish-green, frothy water, f. evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in abdomen, with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Diarrhœa: stools pale yellow, watery; f. expelled; copious; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja.

Stools like curdled milk, of offensive, sickening odor, expelled f. Gum-gut.

Stool very thin, like yellowish water, f. evacuated. Croton-tig. (Jatr., Seneg., Thuja.)

Violent, sudden, hurried urging, thin, yellowish watery, liquid stool, f. spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Forehead.—Cholera morbus, worse at night, cold sweat on f.; vomiting and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Profuse diarrhœa, watery, with chills, and at same time, cold sweat rolls off of f. Vib-op.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on f. Ver-a.

Foreign.—Sensation of a f. body or rough, hard feces in rectum, with constant diarrhœa. Natr-m.

Forenoon.—Cramp in rectum whole f.; a griping and stitching, with great anxiety; was not able to sit, but was obliged to walk about. Calc-c.

Diarrhœa in f. Cact., Gum-gut.

Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about middle of f. a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

Formication.—F., as from a large worm. Cinnab.

Forward.—Tenesmus, with copious, pappy, offensive stools; boring pain in bowels obliging him to bend f. Coloc.

Foul-smelling.—F. diarrhœa. Apis.

Cholera infantum; f. stools. Stram.

Stools dark brown, very fluid and f. Psor.

Stools papescent, f.; watery; cadaverous odor. Bism. (Ars.)

Fragments.—Stools in f., tough, scanty, with urging and tingling in rectum, and pressure on bladder and uterus. Carbo-v.

Free.—Large, pappy, f. stools, mostly with tenesmus before and after. Berb.

Frequent.—F. stools. Cham.

F. stools, first hard, then pasty, then liquid. Calc-c.

F., sudden, pressing, piercing pain in rectum. Caust.

F. loose stools. Ran-sc.

F. sensation as if diarrhœa would occur. Ran-sc.

F. soft stool of yellow mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or pain in back. Puls.

F., green, watery stools. Eupat-perf.

F. passages of flatus, which are continually forming in bowels and causing uncomfortable feeling. Fluor-ac.

F., small, thin, dark, offensive and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.

F. small stool, consisting of mucus, with prostration and necessity to lie down after every stool. Arn.

F. watery stools, expelled with great force. Ailanth.

F. small stools, consisting only of slime. Arn.

F. violent diarrhœa, profuse and painful. Ver-a. (It is useless to give Ver-a. in painless cases.—Bell.)

F. desire to evacuate. Arg-m., Hyos., Ign., Natr-c., Ran-sc., Rheum, Sulph.

F. stool in day-time. Ran-b., Ran-sc.

F. copious stools, with shivering. Ver-a.
F. flatus. Agar., Carbo-v., Graph., Kali-c., Oleand.
F. ineffectual urging to stool. Coni.
F., thin, dark, offensive stools. Ars., Cimicif.
F. liquid stools. Cic-v.
F. urging, as if diarrhœa would occur. Puls.
Constipation; stools f., ineffectual urging, with small stools or only flatus. Magn-c.
Constipation, with f. and ineffectual desire for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more remained, but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.
Constipation, with f. desire to urinate. Sars.
Cholera infantum; stools f., uniformly frothy, watery, and of a pea-green color. Rheum.
Cholera infantum (in teething children), excessive nausea and f. stools of green or yellow water. Croton-tig.
Diarrhœa: stools f. and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.
Diarrhœa: stools greenish watery, with flakes; brownish watery; blackish watery; bloody; f.; profuse watery. Ver-a.
Diarrhœa: stools f., small, sometimes involuntary; pitch-like. Zinc.
Diarrhœa: stools bloody, slimy; scanty, f., offensive. Merc-cor.
Diarrhœa: sudden, pasty stool, followed by burning in anus, then internal chilliness; stools thin, f. Pæon.
Diarrhœa; f. stools, with vomiting and weakness. Tart-em.
Diarrhœa: stools f., brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery; greenish; f.; corrosive; profuse. Iris.
Diarrhœa; stools undigested, profuse, f., gushing, painless. Podo.
Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, f., bloody mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.
Dysentery; stools f. and extremely painful, with burning tenesmus at extremity of rectum. Aloe.
Dysentery: stool scanty, f., with tenesmus; small, brown; painful; at last bloody. Acon.
Hæmorrhoids, with f. desire to stool, but little passed at a time; bearing-down feeling in rectum, and backache. Nux-v.
Habitual constipation of large and difficult stools, with f. urging to go to stool, but not able to defecate. Nux-v.
Infantile diarrhœa: stools f., every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to cry and scream at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

Painless, offensive stools; profuse and f.; great prostration, paleness and listlessness. Bism.

Small, f. stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.

Small, f. stools. Bell.

Small, f. stool of tenacious mucus, mingled with black blood, causing tenesmus. Caps.

Stool thin, pale, or bloody mucus, f. Carbo-v.

Stools watery; yellow, green, frothy; f., gushing out with force. Grat.

Stool liquid; brownish, frothy, profuse, forcible, f. Raph.

Stools natural, but too f. during day, and exhausting. Podo.

Stools f.; copious, shooting out all at once with a single, somewhat prolonged effort. Gum-gut.

Soft stool, with disposition to f. evacuation (looseness of bowels). Calc-c.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic f. stools of green mucus (in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets); water runs straight through. Arg-n.

Urging violent, quickly passing, f., with sensation of fullness and weight in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

Violent and f. urging to stool. Merc.

Watery stool; urgent, painless, f. every morning. Tabac.

Fright.—Cutting, griping, followed by frequent urging to stool, after anger or f. Acon.

Diarrhœa: stools dark, fluid, frothy; offensive; involuntary; after f.; after sudden joy. Opi.

Diarrhœa; stools green or watery (after chill or f.). Acon.

Diarrhœa: painless with rumbling of wind; worse at night and from f., with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.

Diarrhœa with much urging, following f. or sensational excitement, especially from grief. Ign.

Diarrhœa from f. Puls. (Gels., Opi.)

Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, f., exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Painless diarrhœa, with much moving of flatus in bowels (produced by f. in child). Ign.

Stools green, gushing, exhausting, with great coldness (after f.). Ver-a. (Gels.)

Stools involuntary (after f.). Ver-a.

Frightened.—Cholera infantum, waking up f., shortly after a dark or black diarrhœic stool; very offensive. Psor.

Frog pond.—Stools; green and frothy, like scum of a f., or with white, floating lumps like tallow. Magn-c.

Frogs.—Violent urging to stool, with croaking as from f.; sits a long while, then passes immense quantity of flatulence, followed by enormous evacuation; afterwards buruing in abdomen. Sabad.

Frog spawn.—Diarrhœa; stools containing lumps of white mucus, or little grains, like opaque f. or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Pappy, soft stools; dark-green bilious stools; like f. Carls.

Stools like green f. Salic-ac.

White gelatinous stool, like f., with much pressure. Hell.

Frothy.—Diarrhœa; stools f. Rhus-t., Sulph.

F. stool, with mucus. Iod., Podo., Sil., Sulph-ac.

F. stool, with bubbles. Squilla.

F., foamy stool. Coloc., Magn-c., Merc.

F. stools, like soap suds. Benz-ac.

Cholera infantum; watery, sour, green, f. stools; white lumps, like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.

Copious liquid stools; watery, f. or of olive-green color. Elat.

Cholera infantum; stools frequent, uniformly f., watery, and of a pea-green color. Rheum.

Chronic diarrhœa; stools sour, f. Rheum.

Diarrhœa: stools dark, fluid, f., offensive; involuntary; after fright; after sudden joy. Opi.

Diarrhœa; stools f., painless and odorless (yellow fluid). Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa; stools like chopped eggs, of yellow mucus, sometimes f. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucus; slimy; f., bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black slimy fluid; in f. bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Diarrhœa or dysentery; stools consist of brown, f. water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Diarrhœa; stools irregular, f., acrid, bilious. Still.

Diarrhœa: stools green mucus; as green as grass (Agar.); bloody; fermented; looking like f. molasses. Ipec.

Diarrhœa, consisting of yellowish-green f. water, forcibly evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in abdomen, with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Diarrhœa: stools blackish, watery; foamy, brownish; f., bloody; whitish mucus. Iod.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow-brown fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; f., copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; f., with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.

Greenish, f. stool, worse at night. Caps.

Stools; green and f., like scum of a frog pond, or with white, floating lumps like tallow. Magn-c.

Stools: watery; yellow, green, f.; frequent, gushing out with force. Grat.

Stools like black, fermented, f. molasses. Ipec.

Stool liquid; brownish, f., profuse, forcible, frequent. Raph.

Thin, f. stools, saffron yellow, of musty odor, like brown paper burning. Coloc.

Fruit.—Aggravation: after eating; from fruit; after vexation, indignation, or grief from ill-treatment; during dentition. Coloc.

Aggravation: at night; after ice cream; after f. (strawberries). Puls.

Colic and diarrhœa from taking cold, or from f., ice cream, pastry, etc. Puls.

Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating f. (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); yellow (Chelid); blackish (Ars., Lept.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœa after eating f. China, Cist., Lach., Rhod. (Ars., Puls.)

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow; offensive; from f.; after chocolate. Lith-c.

Diarrhœa, or commencement of cholera infantum, as if caused by eating unripe f., with green stools. Ipec.

Juicy f. or cider causes diarrhœa. Calc-ph.

Fruitless (see Ineffectual).—F. efforts and urging to stool. Ign.

Constipation, with f. pressing to stool. Caust., Coni., Ign., Merc., Natr-m., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sabad., Sep., Sulph., Ver-a.

Fruits.—Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid f.; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus durning and after stool. Lach.

Stool from f. (apples, pears). Borax.

Full.—F. feeling in rectum. Æsc.

Congested f. feeling about rectum. Aloe.

Diarrhœa, with f. feeling in abdomen. Natr-s.

Inactivity of rectum; f. feeling even after stool. Sep.

Rectum feels f. of fluid, and as if it would fall out. Aloe.

Throbbing in rectum, with sensation in anus as if stuffed f. Apis.

Fullness.—F. and pressing out in anus. Aloe.

F. of hæmorrhoids. Kali-bi.

F. and itching at anus, after walking. Æsc.

Aching and f. in rectum after evacuation. Gymnoc., Lyc.

Soreness (Berb.), burning, itching and f. at anus. Æsc. (Sulph.)

Urging violent, quickly passing, frequent, with sensation of f. and weight in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

Furuncles (see section on Skin).—Eruption, f. on perinæum. Ant-c.

Garlic.—Emission of large quantity of wind (flatus), with odor of g., with smarting pain in rectum. Agar.

Flatus smells like g. Agar.

Gas (see Wind, Air).—Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, streaming out with much g., as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.

Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy mixed with g., and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

Gastralgia.—G. with constipation. Abrot.

Gastric.—Constipation, with g. derangements. Iod.

Gastro-enteritis (see Enteritis).—Stools of mucus and blood. Phyt.

Involuntary stools, with great exhaustion (in typhoid fever and g.). Rhus-t.

Gastro-intestinal.—G. irritation (in children), with vomiting, diarrhœa and sometimes convulsions. Æth.

Gelatinous.—G. stool. Colch., Hell., Rhus-t., Sep.

G. mucous stools. Aloe, Colch., Cub., Hell., Kali-bi., Podo., Rhus-t., Sep.

Diarrhœa or dysentery: stools consisting of brown, frothy water, (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; g., with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Stools of transparent, g., jelly-like mucus. Colch.

White g. stools, with tenesmus. Hell.

Genitals (see section on Sexual Organs).—Drawing, extending from rectum to g. Rhod.

Darting from perinæum to rectum and g. Bov.

Pain in rectum extending to g. Sep.

Pulsations in rectum and g. Ham.

Severe itching in rectum and in g. Caust.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and pressing towards anus and g., alternating with painful contraction of anus. Bell.

Glairy.—Constipation, with hard, crumbling stool, or feces covered with g. mucus. Am-m.

Glands.—Alternate diarrhœa and constipation (from enlargement of mesenteric g. in children, with acrid stools). Sulph.

Glassy.—G., tough mucus in stool. Am-m. (Caust.)

Glazed.—Stool of g. mucus. Kalm.

Glistening.—Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; containing g. bodies undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Stool hard, tough, brown and g.; breaks to pieces like sheep's dung. Brom.

Globular.—G. stool. Plumb. (Cimex., Mez., Thuja.)

Globules.—Great pain before stool, which is greenish and contains jelly-like g. or flakes. Rhus-t.

Glue.—Constipation; stool like g. Euphorb.

Glutinous.—G. moisture of a musty odor exudes in considerable quantity from anus at night. Carbo-v.

Gnawing.—G. at anus. Ang., Spong.

G. in rectum when not at stool. Carbo-v.

During stool: painful urging; tenesmus; g. pain about umbilicus. Kali-bi.

Go.—As soon as commences to eat has to g. to stool. Puls. (Aloe.)

Constant desire to g. to stool, but nothing passes. Berb. (Alu., Cact., Nux-v.)

Desire to g. to stool immediately after drinking; costive, passing nothing but mucus. Caps.

Feels continually as if he ought to g. to stool. Aloe.

Pressure in rectum and on bladder, with almost constant desire to g. to stool. Lil-tig.

Going.—Long urging when g. to stool. Nitr-ac.

Goitre.—Diarrhœa, with g. Cist.

Good-humored.—Constipation (of corpulent, g. women and children). Opi.

Gradually.—Diarrhœa comes on g., more and more watery, pale, pinkish, with rapid emaciation and much fermentation in abdomen. China.

Grains.—G. like boiled rice in stool. Plumb.

Diarrhœa; stools containing lumps of white mucus, or little g., like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Small, white, shining g. in brown feces. Mez.

White g. or particles in stool. Cub., Phos.

Watery diarrhœa in morning; g. like tallow in rice-water evacuations, always worse in warm weather. Phos.

Granular.—G. stool. Mang.

G. mucous stool. Bell., Borax.

Granulous.—Obstinate constipation; stools small, hard, dry, brittle, g. or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Grapes.—Hæmorrhoids, with darting pains, shooting to liver; look like g.; great pain and distress. Dios.

Hæmorrhoids protruding like a bunch of g.; swollen, blue, with burning soreness. Mur-ac.

Hæmorrhoidal congestion; hæmorrhoids bleed often and profusely; protrude like g., with much tenesmus. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of g. (Mur-ac.), with constant bearing down and urging in rectum. Aloe.

Grasping.—G. pain in anus during evacuation. Phell.

Grass.—Cholera infantum; stools as green as g., slimy or watery. Tart-em.

Diarrhœa: stools green mucus; as green as g. (Agar.); bloody; fermented; looking like frothy molasses. Ipec.

Stools green as g. Agar. (Ipec., Magn-c.)

Gray.—G. stools. Aloe, Asar., Aur., Cist., Dig., Kali-c., Merc., Phos.

G. stools, with flocculent matter (in cholera). Cupr.

Constipation; stools g. or clay-like. Dig.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucus and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish g.; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa; stools g., or whitish g. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools light g., fecal; yellowish, or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.

Stool like mush, g., hot, or undigested. Aloe.

Yellowish, g. stool. Cist.

Yellowish, g., or clay-colored, fecal stools. Calc-c.

Grayish.—Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery, or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; g. or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Diarrhœa; stools offensive, painful, g., ashy. Aur.

Sudden papescent, yellow, green or g. slimy stools, with tenesmus. Tabac.

Greased.—Hard stool covered with mucus (Casc.), shines as if g. Caust.

Obstinate constipation; stools tough, very solid; expelled with great difficulty; shining as if g. Caust.

Greasy.—G., shining stool. Caust., Thuja.

G. stools, or stools like cooked sago, with inflammation of pancreas. Phos.

Fatty or g. diarrhœa (from disease of pancreas). Iod. (Caust., Thuja.)

Oily or g. stool. Thuja. (Iris.)

Stool hard, tough and g. Caust.

Green.—G. stools, or like chopped eggs, with sour odor. Rheum.

G., bilious diarrhœa, mixed with mucus. Psor.

G. and bloody mucous stools; anus remaining wide open (in dysentery). Phos.

G., slimy stools, nausea, vomiting and great prostration (in children). Tabac.

G., watery, very offensive mucus; stools being involuntary. Colch.

G. stools (in summer complaint of children). Acon. (Dulc., Rhus-t.)

G., soft stool. Lob.

G., watery diarrhœa, like chopped spinach. Acon.
G., slimy, diarrhœic stool. Am-m. (Ars., Merc.)
G., watery diarrhœa (after indignation). Coloc.
G., loose stools, sometimes slimy (in children). Calc-ph.
G., brown, bloody stools, worse after midnight. Arg-n.
G. stools (in infants) preceded by crying. Borax. (Coloc.)
Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, mucus, g., gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.
Cholera infantum: watery, g., sour, frothy stools; white lumps like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.
Cholera infantum, with discharges of g. mucus, sometimes with tenesmus (Merc-dulc.), with boring of head into pillow. Zinc.
Cholera infantum: stools watery, gushing, profuse, g., with sudden urging, often painless; offensive, worse in hot weather. Podo.
Cholera infantum: colic, with g., watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.
Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools g., undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.
Cholera infantum; stools frequent, uniformly frothy, watery and of a pea g. color. Rheum.
Cholera infantum (in teething children), excessive nausea and frequent stools of g. or yellow water. Croton-tig.
Cholera infantum, where child smells intensely sour; stools g. and watery, with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.
Cholera infantum; stools as g. as grass, slimy or watery. Tart-em.
Cholera infantum: stools g., liquid, mucous (liquid or drink is heard as it runs down œsophagus, is characteristic). Laur.
Cholera infantum of alkaline or fat, chubby, pale children, with light g., frothy stools, nausea and vomiting. Ipec.
Cholera infantum, where there is violent vomiting of curdled milk, of greenish mucus, and stools of g. or bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.
Constant urging to stool, followed by sudden, pasty, offensive evacuation of a dirty g. color, which is forcibly shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.
Copious liquid stools; watery, frothy, or of olive g. color. Elat.
Constipation: ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, insufficient; g., curdy, with colic. Stann.
Constipation: stools scanty, hard, in lumps or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Opi., Magn-m.); black or g. color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.
Diarrhœa: stools mucous; g., curdled and mixed with mucus; undigested; yellowish-white fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; g. or g. mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucous and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish-gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa from cold; stool g. or white mucus. Dulc.

Diarrhœa at night, stool consisting of g. and acrid mucus, preceded by commotion in bowels. Puls.

Diarrhœa; stools at first g., then slimy. Puls.

Diarrhœa early in morning, stools g., sour. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow brown, fluid; undigested; g. liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa; stools light g. and yellow; watery. Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa; stools of g. mucus. Phos., Sulph.

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, mucous, with colic and tenesmus; of g. mucus; sour-smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sep.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin, olive g.; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa; stools g. mucus; as g. as grass (Agar.); bloody; fermented; looking like frothy molasses. Ipec.

Diarrhœa or commencement of cholera infantum, as if caused by eating unripe fruit, with g. stools. Ipec.

Diarrhœa during menses, g., mucous stools. Am-m.

Diarrhœa; stools g. or watery, after chill or fright. Acon.

Dysenteric stools of clear yellow, red or g. slime; pain in back, with straining. Puls.

Dysentery: infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody mucus mixed with g. watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive g., watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Extremely fetid, pappy, yellowish g. stools. Sulph.

Frequent stools of g. liquid without pain, always preceded by some griping in abdomen. Magn-c.

Frequent g., watery stools. Eupat-perf.

Flatulence during dentition, with g., sour stools in morning. Podo.

Feces in form of balls; often hard, and of a black or g. color. Plumb.

Jelly-like stools, or sour stools of g. mucus (in children). Sep.

Liquid g. stools with colic, early morning, with fainting. Podo.

Much colic, relieved by g. liquid stools. Magn-c.

Morning diarrhœa; stools watery, g., undigested or slimy, with severe colic and prolapsus ani. Podo.

Nightly diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or g. mucus. Puls.

Painful g. stools, with violent cutting pains and tenesmus (Merc.); profuse; squirting out; much wind passing. Cupr.

Stool of g. mucus. Æth., Am-m., Apis, Arg-n., Bell., Borax, Canth., Cham., Cina, Colch., Dulc., Elat., Gum-gut., Ipec., Laur., Magn-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos., Phos-ac., Psor., Sep., Sulph.

Stools g. and frothy, like scum of a frog pond, or with white, floating lumps like tallow. Magn-c.

Stools like g. spinach, with colic and cramps in limbs; great weakness. Ver-a.

Stools of g. flakes like spinach. Arg-n.

Stools g., gushing, exhausting, with great coldness (after fright). Ver-a. (Gels.)

Stools of mixed or changeable g. and white mucus. Cham.

Stools thin, g. (olive g.), involuntary, with shriveled skin. Sec.

Stools g. as grass. Agar. (Ipec., Magn-c.)

Stools like g. frog spawn. Salic-ac.

Stools watery; yellow, g., frothy; frequent, gushing out with force. Grat.

Stools of masses of epithelium connected by muco-lymph, looking red, or g., or shreddy, with severe bearing down in hypogastrium. Arg-n.

Stools of thick, dark g. mucus. Ars.

Stools yellow; fecal; bilious; cream colored; clay colored; g. Gels.

Stool of thin, g. mucus. Bell. (Apis, Arg-n., Merc., Puls., Sulph.)

Stools of g., fetid, mucus, with noisy flatus at night. Arg-n.

Sour, acrid diarrhœa; (in children stools are g.). Alu.

Small, diarrhœic, g., mucous and bloody stool, followed by urging, little or no stool passed. Bell.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic frequent stools of g. mucus (in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets); water runs straight through. Arg-n.

Sudden, papescent, yellow, g. or grayish, slimy stools, with tenesmus. Tabac.

White or g. mucous stools. Dulc.

Watery, g. or brown stools: exceedingly offensive. Asaf. (Ars., Bapt., Lept.)

Yellowish g. stool. Apis, Croton-tig., Grat.

Yellow and g. diarrhœic stool, mixed with mucus, preceded by excessive cutting around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Greenish.—G. stool. Æth., Ars., Phos., Puls., Sep., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

G. liquid stool. Æth., Croton-tig., Raph.

G., frothy stool, worse night. Caps.

G. diarrhœa. Erig. (In summer diarrhœa of infants this remedy is nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly bloody, g. or yellowish green; tenesmus during stool and stools are excoriating.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.)

G., slimy, watery stools. Coloc.

Cholera infantum where there is violent vomiting of curdled milk; of g. mucus, and stools of green or bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, g., slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold prespiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Cholera infantum: diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent g., watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; g., papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa of g. water, with great distention of abdomen. Magn-c. (Grat., Podo., Puls.)

Diarrhœa: stools g. watery, with flakes; brownish watery; blackish watery; bloody; frequent; profuse watery. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery; g.; frequent; corrosive; profuse. Iris.

Diarrhœa consisting only of yellow g. stool, followed by burning in anus. Grat.

Diarrhœa: stools g., bilious, watery; only, or usually, at night, sometimes unconsciously evacuated. Puls.

Diarrhœa; g. watery stools. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish-green, or g., slimy; cholera-like. Tabac.

Diarrhœa in morning, with tenesmus; frequent stools of thin g. mucus; suffocating spells about heart. Laur.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, g., watery; whitish watery; with flocculi. Dulc.

Diarrhœa; stools bright yellow (Chelid.) or g., watery, and slimy, with violent tenesmus. Æth. (Merc.)

Frequent stools of g. mucus. Ipec. (Arg-n., Bell., Magn-c., Merc-dulc., Puls.)

Great pain before stool, which is g. and contains jelly-like globules, or flakes. Rhus-t.

Stools watery, g., mixed with flakes; rice-water; sudden, involuntary. Ver-a.

Stool like g. scum. Magn-c.

Stools g. yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Stools: g., muddy, spouting out like water; worse as soon as moves; from meat or vegetables. Lept.

Stools of g. yellow mucus; worse morning. Apis.

Slimy, watery, g., bloody stools, with tenesmus. Arg-n.

Thin, g., yellow, hot stools; squirting out (Croton-tig., Gum-gut.); worse after midnight until noon. Cist.

Watery stools of disgusting odor; discharge profuse and g. Asaf.

Yellow, watery, g., and painless stools, with dry lips, nausea and great faintness. Croton-tig.

Grief.—Aggravation: after eating; from fruits; after vexation, indignation or g. from ill-treatment; during dentition. Coloc.

Diarrhœa with much urging, following fright or sensational excitement, especially from g. Ign.

Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, g., fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Griping.—G. in rectum. Sabad.

G. pains in anus, so severe as to cause headache and heat in head. Ox-ac.

G. before, during and after stool. Aloe. (Merc.)

G. with great ineffectual desire for stool. Cham.

G. and desire for stool while riding. Psor.

G. in abdomen during evacuation. Apis.

After least food or drink, g. and dysenteric stool. Staph.

After stool g., but no straining. Lept.

Autumnal diarrhœa; much g. about umbilicus. Ipec.

Constipation; stools composed of hard black balls, with violent g. in abdomen. Opi.

Copious soft, yellowish, stools, attended with some g. Asclep.

Cutting, g. followed by frequent urging to stool, after anger or fright. Acon.

Cramp in rectum whole forenoon; a g. and stitching, with great anxiety; was not able to sit, but was obliged to walk about. Calc-c.

Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with g. in abdomen and rasping in rectum and anus. Lil-tig.

Desire for stool in evening, with g. in hypogastrium, followed by large, moist, at last thin, sour stools. Dulc.

Dark, offensive stools, like gruel, with g. in intestines. Jalap.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe g., colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Frequent stools of green liquid without pain, always preceded by some g. in abdomen. Magn-c.

Heat and pain in anus and g. and colic, before stool. Podo.

Intense vomiting and purging with g. pains and cramps in abdomen. Phyt.

Stools dark, bilious, loose, copious, with burning, g. and tenesmus. Corn-c.

Stool preceded and accompanied by g. Sulph.

Urging, g., tenesmus during stool. Apis.

Very loose, bright-yellow stools, with a quantity of mucus, preceded by considerable g. Fluor-ac.

Groin (see section on Abdomen).—Sore between nates, around anus and in g. on moderate walking. Arg-n.

Stinging stitches from rectum to left g. Croc., Kreas.

Stitches from rectum into left g. Kreas.

Stitch from anus through to small of back into left g., worse on inspiring. Croc.

Groins.—Pain in g. before evacuations. Natr-s.

Groundnuts.—Hæmorrhoids like g., purple. Æsc.

Groups.—Burning eruptions in g. Calc-c.

Grow.—Diarrhœa in young persons who g. too rapidly. Phos-ac.

Grown.—Sensation of constriction in rectum, as though one side had g. up. Rhus-t.

Gruel.—Dark, offensive stools, like g., with griping in intestines. Jalap.

Grumbling.—G. in rectum. Mang.

Grunting.—G. noise from flatus. Sil., Spong.

Gun.—Bowels move with a spasmodic burst or jerk, coming out like a shot from a g. Croton-tig.

Urging before stool, which shot out as from a g. Phos.

Gurgling.—G. in rectum. Calc-c., Sulph.

G. noise from flatus. Aloe, Cina, Gum-gut., Jatr.

Diarrhœa: stools pale yellow, watery; forcibly expelled; copious; g. like water from a bunghole. Thuja.

Flatulent, watery, urgent diarrhœa; great g. and colic pains about umbilicus, with much prostration. Croton-tig.

Thin, watery stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as of water g. from a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Watery (liquid) stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic, and g. noise in bowels. Aloe.

Gush.—Diarrhœa; stools very fetid, and come away with a g. all at once, or mucus and blood, with great tenesmus. Gum-gut.

Stools pour from him with a g., as if forced by wind; very offensive, and fermented exactly like yeast. Ipec.

Violent, sudden, hurried, urging, thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool, forcibly spurting out with a g. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Gushing.—G. stool, with flatulence. Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c., Natr-s., Podo., Rhod., Sulph., Tabac., Thuja.

Awakened early morning by urging desire for stool, which is g., watery; sharp cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.

Cholera Asiatica; g. profuse rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Cholera infantum; stools thin papescent, mucus, green, g., exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.

Cholera infantum; stools watery, g., profuse, green, with sudden urging, often painless; offensive, worse in hot weather. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, profuse, frequent, g., painless. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools watery, g., changeable in color, no two alike. Sulph.

Infantile diarrhœa, where there is brownish or dirty yellowish stool, g. out at one effort. Gum-gut.

Painless cholera morbus, stools profuse, g., each seeming to drain patient dry, but soon he is full again. Podo.

Stools green, g., exhausting, with great coldness (after fright). Ver-a. (Gels.)

Stools; watery, yellow, green, frothy, frequent, g. out with force. Grat.

Violent, g., watery diarrhœa; stools spurting out like a shot. Jatr. (Croton-tig., Elat., Gum-gut.)

Habitual.—H. constipation, with burning in anus. Kali-bi.

H. constipation of large and difficult stools, with urging and calls to go to stool, but not able to defecate. Nux-v.

Hæmorrhage.—H. from bowels. Acet-ac., Erig., Sec.

H. from rectum. Rat.

H. from rectum, with soft stool. Hep-s.

H. bright red, not clotted; faint from least motion. Nitr-ac.

H. from bowels, with ulceration; epithelial degeneration. Tereb.

H. from rectum, blood dark and clotted. Trill.

H. from bowels, with burning pains, excoriating anus; constant tenesmus. Apis.

H. from bowels after checked metrorrhagia. Acet-ac.

H. from bowels, blood bright red. Acon. (Ham., Nitr-ac.)

H. from bowels (in typhoid). Arn.

Bleeding piles, copious h. Lob.

Bleeding hæmorrhoids, with burning soreness, and at times rawness of anus, from portal congestion; h. profuse. Ham.

Copious h. from rectum. Cact. (Crotal., Phos.)

Copious h. from bowels, with solid feces; hæmorrhoidal. Ant-c.

Dysentery, anus feels raw and excoriated, in h. from bowels, with burning pains and tenesmus. Apis.

Dysentery, with heat in rectum; tenesmus; discharge of mucus; great prostration; h. from bowels. Eucalyp.

Frequent, profuse h. when at stool. Anac.
Hard stool, with copious h. from bowels. Ant-c.
Severe h. from bowels (in typhoid). Alu.

Hæmorrhages.—H. from bowels (in typhoid fever); flakes of decomposed blood, having appearance and form of perfectly charred wheat straw, in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portion more or less ground up. Lach.

Hæmorrhoidal.—H. tumors attending scantiness of menstrual flow at climacteric. Lach.
H. tumors of rectum. Calc-c., Coloc., Phos. (Ars., Caust., Hep-s., Lyc., Phos-ac., Sep., Stront.)
H. pains with stool. Cimex.
H. congestion; hæmorrhoids bleed often and profusely; protrude like grapes, with much tenesmus. Aloe.
H. lumps as large as hazelnuts at anus, with burning after stool, and impeded walking. Carls.
H. tumors large as red cherries, with pain and distress in anus. Dios.
Swelling, pressing and burning in h. veins. Thuja.
H. tumors pain and burn during usual stool; smart after hard stool. Magn-m.
H. tumors, protruding, with stitches at each cough or sneeze. Lach.
H. tumors of anus. Anac., Bar-c. (Aloe, Alu., Ambr., Am-c., Am-m., Ant-c., Apis, Arn., Ars., Bell., Berb., Borax, Calc-c., Calc-ph., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Casc., Caust., Cham., Cimex, Collins., Coloc., Cupr., Ferr., Fluor-ac., Graph., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos., Puls., Sang., Sep., Sulph., Sulph-ac., Zinc.)
Burning, h. tumors. Psor.
Burning and heat in h. vessels. Acon. (Æsc., Sulph.)
Congestion of h. veins. Sulph.
Engorgement of h. veins. Aloe.
Heat in rectum, with swelling of h. veins. Cycl.
Large h. tumors. Graph.
Profuse h. bleeding. Acet-ac.
Old h. tumors, secreting much slime, and bleeding profusely after stool. Nitr-ac.
Obstinate constipation, with abdominal and h. cramps. Asaf.
Suppression of piles, with h. colic, congestion, palpitation, rigidity of small of back, as if bruised. Sulph.
Tumors of a h. character, very sore and of a dark purple color. Æsc.

Hæmorrhoids (see Piles).—H. Collins. (No known remedy can equal Collinsonia for old obstinate cases of h.; I have cured many such cases by giving one and two-drop doses of the tincture morning and night till cured; I have cured hæmorrhoidal tumors as large as my thumb, where patients have been obstinately constipated, in a few weeks.—Burt.)

H. from bowels at every stool. Phos.
H. very sensitive. Aloe.
H. protrude, independent of stool. Am-c.
H. (after suppressed leucorrhœa). Am-m.
H.; a good deal of mucus continually discharged from anus. Ant-c.
H., with rectal catarrh; costive; external piles, bleed during stool. Aur.
H., with aching and lameness, or shooting in sacrum and small of back, with fullness in region of liver. Æsc.
H., which make even loose stools painful; they are often painful when walking. Calc-c.
H.; blind, painful, with burning prickings, as if hot needles were piercing parts. Ars.
H. protruding, with burning, from touch or when pressing. Abrot.
H., inflamed, swollen, burning and painful. Agar.
H. protrude like a bunch of grapes (Mur-ac.), with constant bearing down and urging in rectum. Aloe.
H.: protrude; blue; suppurating and offensive; with burning; after debauchery; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.
H. worse in evening, better after rest. Alu.
H.: large, hard, stinging, burning; painful when touched; walking unendurable. Caust.
H.: blind; painful, bleeding, burning. Cham.
H. bleeding or blind, burning, swollen, itching and throbbing. Caps. (Sulph.)
H.: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.
H. of rectum, with burning rhagades at anus. Graph.
H.: bleeding, with hard, lumpy stools; burning in margin of anus; it feels as if torn. Erig.
H., with darting pains, shooting to liver; look like grapes; great pain and distress. Dios.
H.: copious bleeding or ichorous oozing; tearing pains, with itching and gnawing. Ferr.
H., with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, also violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph.
H. swollen and very tender. Aloe.
H., with painful sensation of burning. Æsc.
H. sore on wiping, after stool. Aloe.
H. inflamed, with stinging and pressure in anus. Acon.
H. so sensitive to slightest touch that patient has to lie down, with nates separated. Bell.
H., with stinging pains. Apis.
H., worse when rheumatism abated, with frequent inclination to stool, with passage of blood. Abrot.

H. like groundnuts; purple. Æsc.
H., with itching or burning, particularly after stool, which is hard and covered with blood. Berb.
H., worse sitting. Thuja. (Æsc.)
H., painful to slightest touch. Thuja.
H., with disease of lungs or plura. Ver-a.
H.: during stool pains are so great has to desist; burning violently while walking; anus fissured. Thuja.
H., with feeling as if back would break. Bell.
H., which itch at times. Caps.
H., bleeding almost incessantly, with sensation of sharp sticks in rectum. Collins. (Æth.)
H., either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum; intense irritation, itching, feeling as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.
H. discharg ng mucus. Clem.
H.: sore, blind; protruding after stool, with pressing in rectum, as if everything would come out. Rhus-t.
H. much swollen; burn on walking. Carbo-an.
H. painful, bleeding. Stram.
H. sensitive, though protrude but little. Sil.
H. painful and bleeding when walking. Sep.
H., with enlarged prostate; intense pain in back and through whole pelvis. Staph.
H. feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.
H. and condylomata. Nitr-ac.
H. after standing too long. Nux-v.
H. with prickling in rectum. Nitr-ac.
H.: protruding; swollen; bleeding; painless or burning. Nitr-ac.
H.: bleeding, with intolerable pain in sitting; with cramps in arms. Phos-ac.
H.: protruding like a bunch of grapes; swollen, blue, with burning soreness. Mur-ac.
H. with constipation. Magn-m.
H.; profuse flow of blood. Millef. (Erig., Ham.)
H. with frequent desire to stool, but little passed at a time; bearing-down feeling in rectum and backache. Nux-v.
H.: pain during cough; when walking. Kali-c.
H. swollen, bleed during stool. Kali-c.
H. protrude after stool, with constriction of sphincter. Lach.
H.: tumors prolapse with every stool and have to be replaced; they are sore as if excoriated. Ign.
H. protrude during diarrhœa, with stitches and burning after for hours. Kali-c.

H.: swollen, protrude during soft stool; burning; sticking; painful to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.

H. attended with pains shooting deep into rectum, seemingly up into abdomen, with a sensation of excoriation or contraction of anus. Ign.

H. with some itching stitches in anus. Puls.

H. protruded. Aloe, Am-c., Bar-c., Calc-c., Caust., Ferr., Ham., Hep-s., Kali-c., Lyc., Merc., Nitr., Nitr-ac., Phos., Phos-ac., Plat., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Sep., Sil., Sulph., Zinc.

H. with congestion at anus. Lach.

H. (at climacteric period). Lach.

H. painful when sitting and lying. Phos.

H. painful when walking. Caust.

Anus very sore, either with or without h. Mur-ac.

After stool, large and prominent h., tender, hot (Brom.), relieved by cold water. Aloe.

Burning in h. as from hot needles. Ars.

Burning h. Ars. (Acon., Aloe, Ant-c., Apis, Berb., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Caust., Cham., China, Lach., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Psor., Sulph-ac.)

Bluish, livid h. Mur-ac. (Carbo-v.)

Blind h., with itching in anus. Puls.

Blind h., with sticking, beating or pressive pain in rectum and anus. Nux-v.

Blind h., preceded by pains in small of back. Puls.

Blind, painful h. internally, during and after black stool; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.

Blind h. Æsc., Nux-v. (Ant-c., Caps., Ferr., Grat., Puls., Ver-a.)

Bleeding h. Acon., Ferr., Millef., Mur-ac., Phyt., Sabin.

Bleeding of h. at stool. Nitr-ac.

Bleeding h., with burning soreness, and at times rawness of anus, from portal congestion; hæmorrhage profuse. Ham.

Constipation with h. (during pregnancy). Hydr. (Nux-v., Sulph.)

Constipation, with feces in balls, and h. from congestive inertia of lower bowels (in latter months of pregnancy). Collins.

Constipation with h., attended with severe pain in back like lumbago. Euony.

Constipation, with hard, knotty stools (Magn-m.), h., burning and soreness. Bar-c.

Constipation with h. Am-c.

Constant pressing out of h. in rectum. Nitr-ac.

Cracked h. Cham., Caust.

Cutting in h. Kali-c., Lach.

Crawling in h. Ant-c., China.

Diarrhœa, with protrusion of blue or dark purple h. Mur-ac.

Dull stitch in h. Sulph.

During stool: protrusion of h.; prolapsus ani; pain about umbilicus. Fluor-ac.

First effort to stool very painful, often compelling patient to desist, accompanied with h. Sulph.

Fullness of h. Kali-bi.

Hard, dry, black stools, with constipation and h. Dios.

Hæmorrhoidal congestion; h. bleed often and profusely; protrude like grapes, with much tenesmus. Aloe.

Itching h. Ars., Berb., Clem., China, Graph., Kali-c., Sulph-ac.

Inveterate h. Nitr-ac.

Intensely painful h.; protrude after stool, become incarcerated and suppurate; often accompanied with fistula. Sil.

Large h. Caust., Graph., Lach.

Large painful h. (Mur-ac.), with stitches and burning; protrude during stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.

Large h., violent burning and sticking in anus; pressing in rectum during and after stool. Sulph.

Oozing, moist, blind, or bleeding h. Sulph.

Obstinate constipation, with h. Aur.

Protrusion of h. Hep-s., Nux-v.

Protrusion of h. after stool, with long-lasting pains, cannot walk. Am-c.

Protruding, painful, sore h. Merc.

Painful h. with ulceration; surrounding parts purple and covered with crusts, whole mucous membrane covered with ulcers and cracks. Pæon.

Painful and bleeding h. Ham. (Nitr-ac., Phyt.)

Painful h. Graph., Kali-c., Mur-ac.

Painful h.; protrude during stool. Sil.

Painfully swollen h., in rectum and at anus. Coloc.

Painless h. Ars.

Prolapsus ani; h.; burning pain. Ars.

Prolapsus ani, with h. and morning diarrhœa. Podo.

Rasping h. Puls.

Raw h.; scurf on anus. Petr.

Sore, smarting h. Aloe, Apis, Graph., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Phos., Puls., Rhus-t., Zinc.

Swollen h. protrude and cause pain during stool. Calc-c. (Aloe, Lach., Mur-ac., Puls.)

Swollen h. Aloe, Ang., Cact., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Coloc., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Thuja.

Suppressed h. Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Caps., Nux-v., Phos., Sulph.

Strangulated, painful and very tender h., with sticking, or feeling as of a plug in anus, with throbbing. Lach.

Spasm of sphincter, with intensely painful h. Sil.

Smarting h. Am-c., Puls.

Stinging h. Apis, Ars., Bar-c., Carbo-an., Caust., Kali-c., Natr-m., Sulph-ac.

Stitches in h. during cough. Ign.

Tingling in h. Ant-c.

Ulcerated h. Cham.

Hairs.—Threads like h. in stools. Selen.

Half.—Stools brownish, small, slimy, h. fluid (h. solid). Aloe.

Pipe-stem stool; very thin, like a round worm, dark colored, h. digested, of an intolerable odor; much white mucus with stool. Graph.

Ham.—Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like h.; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation: stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Hammer.—Beating, as of a small h. in rectum. Lach.

Hammering (see Beating, Throbbing).—Crawling and violent h. in evening in bed. Teucr.

Hammers.—Beating, throbbing in anus, as with h. Lach.

Hands (see section on Extremities).—Chronic constipation; ineffectual urging; easily flushed face, with cold h. and feet. Ferr.

Cholera infantum, with brain symptoms, and chronic convulsions beginning in h. and feet. Cupr.

Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in h. and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Stool on starting from sleep with anxious screams, throwing h. about, seizing things, or clinging to mother or nurse. Borax.

Hard.—H. stool. Agar., Casc., Cocc., Coni., Grat., Hep-s., Laur., Magn-m., Nitr., Nux-v., Petr., Plumb., Rat., Seneg., Sil., Stront., Sulph., Verb.

H. stool falls out on standing. Caust.

H. stool covered with mucus (Casc.), shines as if greased. Caust.

H., dry, black stools, with constipation and hæmorrhoids. Dios.

H. stool covered with mucus. Am-m.

H. stool falls out unnoticed. Aloe. (Caust.)

H. stools; constipation, with discharge of prostatic fluid when straining at stool. Agn. (Phos.)

H. stool, with depression of mind, causing headache (in old people). Calc-ph.

H., large feces with cutting and soreness in rectum and anus. Vib-op.

H., scanty stool, like sheep's dung. Berb.

H. feces, with pressure and sensation of excoriation in rectum. Alu.

H. stool, with blood at end. Selen. (Alu.)

H. feces as if burnt, with pressure, bearing down before and after stool. Plat.

H. stool in morning after much urging and straining, with natural evacuation in afternoon. Ran-b.

H., difficult, lumpy, insufficient stools. Petr.
H. stool, like hazelnuts, with dullness in head. **Kobalt.**
H. stool with hardness of liver. Graph.
H., difficult, lumpy stool. Magn-m.
H. stool, like sheep's dung. Kali-n.
H. stool at night or after meals. China.
H. stool, resembling sheep's dung, with difficult, scanty discharge, or with tenesmus. Lach.
H. stool with copious hæmorrhage from bowels. Ant-c.
H. stool with constipation. Bry., Cocc., Coni., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil., Staph., Ver-a.
H. stool in lumps covered with mucus. Caust., Magn-m., Nux-v., Plumb.
H., knotty stools, streaked with blood, accompanied and preceded by smarting in anus; often with scanty menses. Natr-s.
H. stool, in balls. Alu. (Magn-c.)
H. and soft stool alternately. Ars., Borax, Iod., Lach., Magn-s., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Phos.
Buruing in anus after h. stool. Natr-m., Sil.
Constipation; stools h. and crumbling, requiring great effort and force to expel. Am-m.
Constipation; stool h. and crumbling. Guaj.
Constipation; stools tardy, infrequent and h. Fluor-ac. (Bry.)
Constipation; h. stools, with much urging and sticking in anus. Graph.
Constipation; stools h. and difficult, followed by backache. Ferr.
Constipation; stools h., containing undigestad food, and often accompanied by slime. Calc-c.
Constipation; stools h. and too large. Ver-a. (Bry., Kali-c.)
Constipation, with h., knotty stools (Magn-m.), hæmorrhoids, burning and soreness. Bar-c.
Constipation: stools h., diffcult, slow and insufficient evacuations; knotty, like sheep's dung. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)
Constipation; h., knotty or large stools. Aur.
Constipation; stools large and h.; or first part large, latter part small; stools in round black balls; chronic (with children); as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.
Constipation; stools large, h., dry balls, expelled with difficulty, requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.
Constipation: stools large and h.; white. Calc-c.
Constipation; feces long dry and h., like dog stool. Cimex. (Phos.)
Constipation; feces h. in impacted balls. Colch.
Constipation: h. and difficult evacuation; h. stool every other day; from paralysis of rectum and bowels; from torpor of intestines. Cocc.

Constipation: feces h. with tenesmus; constant and ineffectual urging without stool (Nux-v.); with vertigo while lying down, or small quantities pass each time. Coni.

Constipation; stools light colored and lumpy, with h. straining, followed by dull aching pains in anus and hypogastrium. Collins.

Constipation, h. stool. Clem.

Constipation: h., insufficient stool; tenesmus. Spong.

Constipation; stools h. like stones. Coloc.

Constipation, with h. lumpy stools, occuring once in two or three days. Coloc.

Constipation; stools h. like sheep's dung, and enveloped in mucus. Spig.

Constipation; stool compact, h., knotty. Sulph-ac. (Stront.)

Constipation, stools h., difficult, dry, knotty, with sense of weight in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep.

Constipation: ineffectual desire for stool; stools h., dry, knotty; insufficient; green; curdy, with colic. Stann.

Constipation: stools scanty or composed of h. lumps, light colored; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled, it slips back again. Sil.

Constipation, before and during menses, of h. lumps which remain long in rectum, as if it had no power to expel them. Sil.

Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools h. and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Constipation: stools h., as if burnt; scanty; difficult, and insufficient; knotty. Sulph.

Constipation; stool so h. and impacted that it requires mechanical aid. Selen.

Constipation: pain in small of back; large quantities of blood from rectum, with h., difficult stool. Psor.

Constipation: stools scanty, h., in lumps or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Magn-m., Opi.); black or green in color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.

Constipation: stools dry, tough and h., long, slender like a dog's; voided with difficulty. Phos.

Constipation; small, h. stool, with much straining. Ptel.

Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of h., dry and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr-m.

Constipation from inertia of bowels; stools h., dark brown, in small pieces, can only be expelled after enemas. Opi.

Constipation; stools only every second day, stool h. as a stone. Magn-c.

Constipation; stools h., knotty and dark colored. Iod.

Constipation; stool so h. and packed in rectum that it was difficult to expel. Selen.

Constipation; stool h., brown, tough. Rumex.

Constipation: stool h., scanty; feces enveloped in mucus. Nitr-ac.

Constipation; stool h. and expelled only after much pressing. Kreas. (Bry., Nux-v., Sulph.)

Constipation: stools h. and dry; feces not h. but expelled with difficulty. Hep-s.

Constipation; much straining with h. stool. Rat.

Constipation: stools dry and h., or first part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.

Constipation: obstinate, with large, h., difficult stools; a feeling of tightness. Apis.

Constipation, with h., crumbling stool, or feces covered with glairy mucus. Am-m.

Constipation; stool composed of h., black balls, with violent griping in abdomen. Opi.

Constipation; stools very dry, h., and infrequent. Kali-brom.

Chronic constipation; stools h., dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Chronic h. stool. Bry., Caust., Cocc., Graph., Lyc., Sil., Sulph.

Costiveness for weeks, nothing but small h. balls being passed. Opi.

Contraction of rectum, so that it protrudes during h. stool. Lyc. (Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil.)

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; mixed with h. lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brown or pale fecal; mixed with h. lumps. Lyc.

During menses, very h. stool. Natr-m.

Discharge of prostatic fluid during h. stool. Alu. (During soft stool. Ars.)

Difficult h. stool; feces too large. Ant-c. (Bry.)

Extreme constipation; unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool, sensation as if something still remained; stool h. and dry, as if burnt. Sulph.

Frequent h. stool in lumps. Cycl.

Frequent urging to stool, without result, or with a very scanty and h. evacuation. Bell.

Frequent urging to stool; finally a liquid portion is discharged, followed by h. portion. Sabin.

Frequent stools, first h., then pasty, then liquid. Calc-c.

First h. stool, then diarrhœa. Agar.

First diarrhœa, then h. difficult stool, constipation (during pregnancy). Oleand.

Feces h. and small like marbles. Nux-v.

Feces in form of balls; often h. and of a black or green color. Plumb.

Hæmorrhoids, large, h., stinging, burning; painful when touched; walking unendurable. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids, bleeding, with h., lumpy stools; burning in margin of anus; it feels as if torn. Erig.

Hæmorrhoids, with itching or burning, particularly after stool, which is h. and covered with blood. Berb.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors pain and burn during usual stool; smart after h. stool. Magn-m.

Involuntary h. stool. Aloe.

Liquid stool mixed with h. portion, passed with many loud emissions of flatus, together with colic. Coni.

Obstinate constipation; stools large, h. and dry, as if burnt, passed with great effort. Bry.

Obstinate constipation: stools small, h., dry, brittle, granulous, or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Obstinate constipation; stools h. and scanty. Kali-jod.

Pain in rectum during and long after stool; h., knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.

Painful constipation; stool evacuated in h. masses. Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bry., Sulph.)

Papescent stool, with tenesmus and feeling in anus as after a h. stool. Selen.

Rectum contracted and protrudes during h. stool. Lyc.

Stools: first part h., black, last about natural consistency, but white as milk. Æsc.

Stools at first h. and knotty, afterwards loose and lastly diarrhœic. Agar.

Stools small, streaked with blood; tormina; burning in bowels and rectum; h. lumps of feces with discharges. Erig.

Stools retarded and h.; later, soft stools. Am-c.

Stool of h. impacted feces with great soreness of anus. Æsc.

Stool: h., tough, brown and glistening; breaks to pieces like sheep's dung. Brom.

Stools h. and knotty, like sheep's dung (Cimex, Opi., Plumb.); with cutting in anus, followed by blood. Alu. (Merc., Nux-v.)

Stools first h. and difficult; last thin and watery. Bov.

Stools dry and h. Bry. (Alu., Kali-c., Phos.)

Stool h., in small balls or nuts, or like sheep's dung. Cimex.

Stool h., with burning pain in anus and rectum. Sulph.

Stool h., black, crumbly, as if burnt. Sulph.

Stool retarded; scanty, h., evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Stool during day copious, soft, dark or light yellowish-brown; at night scanty, h. and black. Merc-jod.
Stools difficult and h.; slimy. Petr.
Stool retarded, h. and insufficient. Sars.
Stool at first h., black and lumpy, then mushy. Lept.
Stool h. and dry, as if burnt. Plat. (Bry.)
Stool yellow and copious during day, h. and black at night. Merc-jod.
Stool first soft, then h. Oleand., Sabin.
Stool partly h. and partly liquid. Nux-v.
Stool h., dry, long and narrow. Phos.
Stool first h. then fluid. Aloe.
Stool h., tough and greasy. Caust.
Stool first natural, then several small, loose evacuations, then as small but h. evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus until all are passed. Ant-c.
Stool watery, with little h. lumps, or containing undigested food. Ant-c.
Stools h., dry, and passed with difficulty. Æsc.
Stools h., knotty. Am-c.
Sensation in anus as if sitting on a ball; as if anus and part of urethra were filled by a h. round body. Can-ind. (Sep.)
Sensation of foreign body or rough, h. feces in rectum, with constant diarrhœa. Natr-m.
Sensation of copious stool, but only flatus escapes, with, finally, very h. stool. Ant-c.
Sensation of prolapsus ani after a h. stool. Æsc.
Scanty stool, h. or soft. Berb.
Scanty, h. or lumpy stools, expelled with difficulty. Bar-c.
Straining and feeling as if had to pass large and h. stool, but reverse was case. Abrot.
Urging without, or h., difficult stool. Bov.
Undigested, h. stools. Calc-c.
Very h. nodular stool, like clay stones, evacuated only with great effort. Sil.
Very large and h. stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with sensation as if a portion of anus protruded. Æsc.

Hardness.—Costiveness on account of h. of feces. Am-c.
Constipation on account of paralysis of motor nerves; h. and large size of stools; cannot be expelled. Ver-a. (Bry., Iris.)
Hard stool with h. of liver. Graph.

Hazelnuts.—Feces like h., with dullness in head. Kobalt.
Hæmorrhoidal lumps as large as h. at anus, with burning after stool, and impeded walking. Carls.

Head (see vol. i., section on Head).—Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of h. and soles of feet. Sulph.

Congestion of blood to the h. during evacuation, with red face. Aloe.

Cholera infantum, with discharge of green mucus, sometimes with tenesmus (Merc-dulc.), with boring of h. into pillow. Zinc.

Child lying upon mother's lap, moaning, eyes half closed; rolling h., stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.

Constipation, with rush of blood to h. Nux-v.

Constipation, with heat of h. Bell.

Constipation, with coldness of body and hot h. Bufo.

Diarrhœa, with cold perspiration on h. Merc.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of h. from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Feces like hazelnuts, with dullness in h. Kobalt.

Much straining at stool, causing rush of blood to h. and dizziness. Bry.

Headache (see vol. i., section on Head).—H. during evacuations. Ox-ac.

H. before evacuations. Ox-ac.

H. after evacuations. Coni., Kobalt., Rat.

Bloody, dysenteric stool, with tenesmus, fever and h. Nitr-ac.

Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, h., painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Black discharge from bowels, with throbbing h., located over right eye. Sep.

Constipation, with h. Coni., Kali-bi., Nux-v., Podo., Ver-a.

Constipation: debility, coated tongue, h., cold extremities; stool dry, scanty and lumpy, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Constipation, with engorgement of liver, h., coated tongue, and bad taste. Euony.

Diarrhœa, with h. Merc.

Diarrhœa, alternating with h. Podo.

Dysentery: bloody stool, with tenesmus; painful, with fever and h. Nitr-ac.

Griping pains in anus, so severe as to cause h. and heat in head. Ox-ac.

Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing h. (in old people). Calc-ph.

Nocturnal diarrhœa, with violent colic, h. and pain in limbs. Rhus-t. (Merc.)

Soft stools, passed with difficulty, accompanying h. (of school girls). Calc-ph.

Hearing.—Diarrhœa; bloody mucus, or stool, on seeing water or h. it run. Hydroph.

Heart (see section on Heart).—Burning in anus, subdued pulse, and palpitation of h. after stool. Caust.

Constipation of aged, or of those with weak h. Phyt.

Diarrhœa in morning, with tenesmus; frequent stools of thin, green mucus, suffocating spells about h. Laur.

Diarrhœa accompanying h. affections. Cact.

Palpitation of the h. during evacuation. Dig., Nitr-ac., Sulph., Tart-em.

Palpitation of h., sometimes intermittent after stool. Coni.

Stools slimy, with pain in bowels and palpitation of h. Petr.

Heat.—H. of rectum. Aloe, Coni.

H. before evacuations. Croton-tig., Magn-c., Merc., Phos.

H. during evacuations. Dulc., Merc., Sulph.

H. in rectum during evacuations. Coni.

H. and pain in anus, with griping and colic before stool. Podo.

H. in back after evacuation. Podo.

H., burning and swelling of anus. Sep.

H., soreness and heaviness in rectum. Aloe.

H. in rectum, with swelling of hæmorrhoidal veins. Cycl.

Anxiety in chest after stool, h. in face and inclination to sweat. Caust.

Burning and h. in hæmorrhoidal vessels. Acon. (Æsc., Sulph.)

Constipation, with h. of body. Cupr., Ver-a.

Constipation, with h. of head. Bell.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth, cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to h. and being covered, crawling sensation as from ants. Sec.

Diarrhœa, with h. Merc.

Diarrhœa: stool mixed with mucus and blood; great absence of animal h. Led.

Dysentery, with h. in rectum; tenesmus; discharge of mucus; great prostration; hæmorrhage from bowels. Eucalyp.

Dryness, h. and constriction of rectum. Æsc.

Griping pains in anus, so severe as to cause headache and h. in head. Ox-ac.

Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with aversion to h. or being covered. Sec.

Purging stools, with smarting and h. in anus. Eupat-perf.

Sensation of h. and burning in rectum. Aloe. (Ars.)

Heaviness.—H. in rectum. Aloe.

H. at anus. Sep.

H. in perinæum. Therid.

Feeling of h. in lower portion of rectum. Calc-c. (Aloe.)

Heat, soreness and h. in rectum. Aloe.

Heavy.—Stool passes without exertion; seems so h. that it falls out. Aloe.

Held.—Tenesmus is peculiar; an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be h. back on account of soreness; yet on account of pain does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Helminthiasis (see Worms).—H. Stann. (Cina, Spig.)

Herbs.—Watery, white stool, like chopped h., with red urine. Acon.

Herpes (see section on Skin).—H. around anus. Berb., Natr-m.

H. on perinæum. Petr.

Itching h. about anus. Petr.

Herpetic.—H. eruption. Natr-m.

Hiccough (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Involuntary stools, h. and great prostration. Hydroc-ac.

Hindering.—Contraction and narrowing of rectum, h. expulsion of stool. Nux-v.

Hippocratic.—Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse, rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even h. face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Horseback.—Easily chafed by riding on h. Carbo-an.

Sensation of soreness, followed by blisters (from h. riding). Carbo-an.

Hot.—H. stool. Aloe, Cham., Cist., Phos., Podo.

H. flatus. Acon., Aloe, Cham., Cocc., Phos., Plumb., Puls., Staph., Teucr., Zinc.

H., humid flatus. Carbo-v.

After stool large and prominent hæmorrhoids, tender, h. (Brom.), relieved by cold water. Aloe.

Burning in hæmorrhoids, as from h. needles. Ars.

Cholera infantum: stools watery, gushing, profuse, green, with sudden urging; often painless; offensive, worse in h. weather. Podo.

Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty and insufficient; frequent h. flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Diarrhœa worse every spell of h. weather. Bry.

Diarrhœa in h. weather. Bry. (In cold weather. Dulc.)

Diarrhœa brought on by cold drinks in h. weather. Bry.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, h., tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in h. weather. Bapt.

Dysentery or inflammatory diarrhœa during h. days and cold nights. Acon.

Hæmorrhoids; blind, painful, with burning prickings, as if h. needles were piercing parts. Ars.

Flatus; h., moist, offensive. Carbo-v.
Stool like mush, gray, h., or undigested. Aloe.
Small, h. stools. Cham.
Thin, greenish, yellow, h. stools; squirting out (Croton-tig., Gum-gut.); worse after midnight until noon. Cist.

Hour.—Diarrhœa periodically, at same h. Apis, Sabad., Selen., Thuja.

Hours.—Smarting more in rectum than in anus, immediately after stool, and continuing two or three h., sometimes prolapsus ani or discharge of blood accompanies these symptoms. Nitr-ac.

Hunger.—H. after evacuation. Petr.
H. during evacuation. Aloe.
Diarrhœa with unnatural h. Ferr.

Hurried.—Violent, sudden, h., urging, thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool, forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Hurry.—Has to h. to closet immediately after eating and drinking. Aloe. (China, Coloc., Ferr.)

Hydrant.—Cholera Asiatica; profuse, exhausting, watery diarrhœa, pouring away as if from a h. Phos.
Diarrhœa; stools copious, like water from a h. Phos.

Hydrocephaloid.—Cholera infantum; stools involuntary, with stupor, or h. (following infantile diarrhœa). Zinc.

Hyperæsthesia.—Inharmonious muscular action, irritation and h. in either constipation or diarrhœa. Sulph.

Hypogastrium (see section on Abdomen).—Awakened early morning by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp, cutting, colicky pains in h. Petr.
Constipation; stools light-colored and lumpy, with hard straining, followed by dull aching pains in anus and h. Collins.
Desire for stool in evening, with griping in h., followed by large, moist, at last thin sour stools. Dulc.
Flatus in h. Cycl. (Aur., Hydroc-ac., Sil., Sulph-ac.)
Large, thin stool, with tenesmus and urging in h. Kobalt.
Stools of masses of epithelium connected by muco-lymph, looking red or green, or shreddy, with severe bearing down in h. Arg-n.
Stools preceded and followed by pains in h. Collins.
Stool of yellow fecal matter, mucus and blood, with tenesmus, then cutting in h. Collins.
Small, frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in h. Caps.
Urging to stool early in morning, with bearing down in h. Corn-c.

Hysterical.—Flatulent colic (in children and h. women). Kali-brom.

Ice cream.—Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or i.; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Aggravation: at night; after i.; after fruit (strawberries). Puls.

Colic and diarrhœa from taking cold, or from fruit, i., pastry, etc. Puls.

Diarrhœa from i. or ice water. Puls.

Ice water.—Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, i. or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Diarrhœa from ice cream or i. Puls.

Ichor.—Corrosive i. oozes from anus, excoriating parts. Merc-cor.

Mucous piles, pricking, burning; continuous discharge of mucus, staining yellow; sometimes i. oozes out. Ant-c.

Ichorous.—Hæmorrhoids, copious bleeding or i. oozing; tearing pains, with itching and gnawing. Ferr.

Icy-cold.—Cholera; absence of discharge; body i. Camph.

Ill-humored.—Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; i.; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Ill-treatment.—Aggravation: after eating; from fruit; after vexation, indignation or grief, from i.; during dentition. Coloc.

Imagination.—Diarrhœa after exalted i.; stool and urine passed involuntarily. Arg-n.

Impacted.—Constipation; feces hard in i. balls. Colch.

Constipation; stool so hard and i. that it requires mechanical aid. Selen.

Stool of hard i. feces, with great soreness of anus. Æsc.

Impossible.—Constipation; almost impossible to evacuate stools, spasmodic constriction of anus preventing stool. Lyc.

Stool covered with mucus, and sometimes i. to evacuate, even with most terrible straining, with much burning at anus and in rectum, and sense of great weight in anus. Sep.

Impure.—Diarrhœa from i. water. Zing.

Inability.—Anxious urging, but i. to stool without eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. (Nux-v.)

Inactive.—Constipation: stools dry, too large; rectum i. Kali-c.

Rectum i. Nux-m.

Rectum seems i. and unable to evacuate feces. Nitr-ac.

Rectum i.; much urging even with soft stool. Stann.

Rectum i., as if deficient in peristaltic motion and had not strength enough to pass contents out. Alu.

Inactivity.—I. of bowels. Sep. (Alu., Opi.)

I. of rectum. Alu., Graph., Therid. (Anac., Arn., Camph., Carbo-v., China, Croc., Croton-tig., Hep-s., Ign., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Natr-c., Nux-m., Nux-v., Opi., Petr., Phyt., Plumb., Puls., Ruta, Staph., Sulph., Ver-a., Zinc.)

I. of rectum (Opi.); even soft stool requires great straining. Alu.

I. of rectum, no inclination for stool. Vib-op.

I. of rectum; full feeling even after stool. Sep.
I. of rectum, even small stool passes with difficulty. Anac. (Alu.)
Constipation from i. of rectum. Camph., Natr-m. (Alu., Opi., Plumb.)
Constipation from i. of bowels. Alu., China, Hep-s.
Constipation from i. or intussusception of bowels. Thuja.
Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, light colored; expulsion difficult, as from i. of rectum; when partly expelled, it slips back again. Sil.
Constipation: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part small; stools in round black balls; chronic (with children); as from i. of rectum. Ver-a.
Constipation from i. of colon and rectum. Alu.
Constipation; stools difficult, as from i. of bowels. Mur-ac.
Difficult expulsion of stool on account of paralyzed condition and i. of rectum. Graph.

Incarcerated.—Constipation with i. flatulence in left side. Aur., Iod., Lyc., Rhod., Sulph.
Intensely painful hæmorrhoids; protrude after stool, become i. and suppurate; often accompanied with fistula. Sil.

Incarcerated flatus (see section on Abdomen).—I. Cocc., Natr-c.
Persistent dull stitches in rectum, as from i. Puls.

Inch.—Cramp-like pain, as if an angular body pressed inward in right side of rectum about one i. above anus. Prun-s.

Inclination.—Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessness; i. to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.
Inactivity of rectum, no i. for stool. Vib-op.

Incomplete.—Sensation as if stool were i. Nux-v.

Indignation.—Aggravation: after eating; from fruit; after vexation, i. or grief from ill-treatment (during dentition). Coloc.
Green watery diarrhœa (after i.). Coloc.

Indisposed.—Chronic diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak depressed feeling, and i. to any mental or physical exertion. Podo.

Indurated.—I. feces as if burnt, with pressure, bearing down before and after stool. Plat.

Induration.—Constipation with i. of liver. Graph.

Ineffectual.—I. urging to stool. Ars., Lach., Nux-v., Oleand., Rat., Tarax., Ver-a.
I. attempts at stool. Æsc.
I. desire to evacuate. Anac., Carbo-an., Caust., Ign., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Sep., Stann., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
I. urging to stool, with vomiting. Sang.
I. urging to stool; rectum feels too weak to expel it. Kali-c. (Hep-s.)
I. urging to stool every moment, with tenesmus in rectum. Merc.
I. urging; stool of large lumps of mucus; lumbrici; ascarides. Spig.

I. urging to stool, with discharge of mucus of flatulence only. Sep.

I. urging to stool, with erections. Thuja.

Burning in rectum towards perinæum, with i. urging; straining without stool. Nitr-ac.

Constipation, with frequent i. urging. Sec.

Constipation: feces hard, with tenesmus; constant and i. urging without stool (Nux-v.); with vertigo while lying down, or small quantities pass each time. Coni.

Constipation: i. desire for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, insufficient; green; curdy, with colic. Stann.

Constipation, with frequent and i. desire for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more remained but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.

Constipation; stools frequent, i. urging, with small stools or only flatus. Magn-c.

Constipation, i. urging, with anxiety and red face. Caust.

Constipation; i. urging; anus feels closed. Lach.

Constipation; stools dry and hard, or first part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much remained; i. urging. Lyc.

Chronic constipation; i. urging; easily flushed face, with cold hands and feet. Ferr.

Constant i. desire in evening. Sil. (Sulph.)

Frequent i. urging to stool. Caust., Coni., Sulph.

Frequent i. urging to stool, worse on motion and when walking. Rheum.

Frequent i. urging to stool, alternately with liquid stools. Natr-c.

Frequent i. desire for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her anxious; at this time presence of other persons becomes unbearable. Ambr.

Griping with great i. desire for stool. Cham.

Great and i. urgency and desire for stool, in evening, felt mostly in middle of abdomen, but no stool follows, only rectum protrudes. Ign.

Urging to stool; sometimes i. Cocc-c.

Violent though i. urging to stool. Mosch.

Inertia.—Constipation from i. of bowels; stools hard, dark brown, in small pieces, can only be expelled after enemas. Opi.

Constipation with feces in balls, and hæmorrhoids from congestive i. of lower bowels (in latter months of pregnancy). Collins.

Infant.—Diarrhœa after i. nurses. Ant-c.

Infantile.—I. dysentery, with drowsiness, startings, feverish; frequent drinking; thirst. Bell.

I. diarrhœa; cholera infantum (child has large head with open fontanelles; profuse perspiration on head; pale earthy-colored face; aversion to mother's milk, and vomiting whenever taking it). Sil.

I. diarrhœa; aggravation from boiled milk; rapid exhaustion. Sep.

I. diarrhœa or in cholera infantum; stools liquid, mucus, or bloody, having a very offensive odor. Psor.

I. diarrhœa, with characteristic stools and convulsions. Opi.

I. diarrhœa, stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to cry and scream at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

I. diarrhœa, where there is brownish or dirty yellowish stool, gushing out at one effort. Gum-gut.

Cholera infantum; stools involuntary, with stupor, or hydrocephaloid (following i. diarrhœa). Zinc.

Dysentery; i. diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody mucus mixed with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Infants.—Bilious diarrhœa of i., with colic. Acon.

Constipation (of i.). Croc. (Use from one to three drops of tincture).

Constipation (in nursing i.). Alu., Nux-v., Opi., Sulph., Ver-a.

Constipation (of i.). Nux-v. (Alu., Hydr.)

Diarrhœa of i. Coff.

Diarrhœa of lying-in women; of i. Rheum.

Diarrhœa with much wind (in young i., during first dentition which is retarded). Calc-ph.

During stool (in teething i.), screaming, with drawing up of limbs or stiffening of body. Rheum.

Green stools (in i.), preceded by crying. Borex. (Coloc.)

In summer diarrhœa of i. this remedy (Erig.) is nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly bloody, greenish or yellowish green; tenesmus during stool and stools are excoriating.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.

Lienteria (of nursing i.); milk passes undigested. Magn-c.

Prolapsus ani (Sep., Ign.) (in i., Podo.) Asar.

Stools like pitch, with blood (in i.). Nux-v.

Sour stools (of i.), the whole child smells sour. Robin., Rheum, Calc-c.

Soft, light-yellow stool, of slimy mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing i. with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.

Watery, profuse, excoriating diarrhœa (in i.). Croton-tig.

Infarcted.—Diarrhœa, with i. scybala. Natr-m.

Inflamed.—I. feeling between scrotum and anus. Alu.

Constipation (of children), with dry and i. rectum, with bleeding. Alu.

Dysentery with rectum and anus greatly i. and sore, stool of bloody mucus, attended by tenesmus. Merc-bij.

Hæmorrhoids i., with stinging and pressure in anus. Acon.

Hæmorrhoids i., swollen, burning and painful. Agar.

Inflammation.—I., soreness, stitches and tingling as from ascarides in varices. Kali-c.

Catarrhal i. of bowels, with great pain and tenesmus of rectum. Merc-cor.

Croupous i. of rectum; thin unshapely strips pass in masses, with burning, constriction and sore pain. Arg-n.

Dysentery with i. and pain. Ran-b.

Greasy stools, or stools like cooked sago, with i. of pancreas. Phos.

Redness and i. of anus. Sulph.

Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, i., tenesmus and dysenteric bloody discharges. Acon.

Inflammatory.—Dysentery or i. diarrhœa during hot days and cold nights. Acon.

Diarrhœa during i. rheumatism. Rheum.

Infrequent.—Constipation; stools tardy, i. and hard. Fluor-ac. (Bry.)

Inharmonious.—I. muscular action, irritation, and hyperæsthesia, in either constipation or diarrhœa. Sulph.

Insecurity.—Constant sensation of i. of spincter ani. Aloe.

Insufficient.—I. stool. Arn., Cham., Lach., Magn-m., Natr-c., Sulph.

After stool, sensation as if something remained, and as if stool had been i. Sulph.

Constipation: hard, i. stool; tenesmus. Spong.

Constipation: ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, dry, knotty, i., green, curdy, with colic. Stann.

Constipation: stool dry, i., retarded; like sheep's dung. Sep. (Natr-m.)

Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and knotty, and i.; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Constipation: stools hard, as if burnt; scanty, difficult, and i.; knotty. Sulph.

Constipation: stools hard, difficult, slow, and i. evacuations; knotty, like sheep's dung. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)

Difficult stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with i. evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

Hard, difficult, lumpy, i. stools. Petr.

Obstinate constipation; stools small, hard, dry, brittle, granulous or crumbling; i.; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Pain in rectum during and long after stool; hard, knotty i. stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.

Stool retarded, hard and i. Sars.

Spasm of sphincter ani, with chilliness or a shuddering over back, then urging to stool, which is i. Colch.

Stool: i., soft, bloody; like sheep's dung; only with much exertion. Kali-c. (Alu., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Sep.)

Urging to stool and i. discharges. Camph.

Intermittent fever (see section on Fevers).—Constipation (after i., suppressed by quinine). Puls.

Internally.—Blind, painful hæmorrhoids i. during and after black stool; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.

Interrupted.—I. stool. Ambr. (Calc-c., Coni., Kali-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Ol-an., Phos., Ruta, Sabad., Sulph., Verb.)

I. stool every other day. Ambr., Calc-c., Coni., Kali-c., Natr-m., Sulph.

Small, i. flatus. Calad., Caust., Plumb.

Intestinal.—I. catarrh coming on suddenly at night (in summer); vomiting and purging. Ver-a.

Paralysis of i. canal. Phos.

Intestines (see section on Abdomen).—Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in i.; general lassitude. Sulph.

Constipation, with spasmodic retention of feces, especially in small i. Opi.

Constipation: as from constriction and contraction of i.; as from inactivity of bowels. Nux-v.

Constipation: hard and difficult evacuation; hard stool every other day; from paralysis of rectum and bowels; from torpor of i. Cocc.

Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing pains in i.; is rheumatic and has to change positions often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Constant tenesmus, with nausea and lacerating in i. Rhus-t.

Chronic catarrh of i. and discharge of masses of mucus with stool, feces covered with mucus. Graph.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of i., great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of i., bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.

Dysentery where disease is located in small i. Coloc.

Dysenteric diarrhœa: stools of mucus and blood, are like scrapings from i.; tenesmus. Plat.

Dark, offensive stools, like gruel, with griping in i. Jalap.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller i., producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive, green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Feeling as if i. had no power to expel feces, during soft stool. Hell.
Paralysis of i. Opi., Phos.
Pressure in rectum and sacral region, as if i. were sinking down and would be pressed out, while sitting. Can-sat.
Pasty, sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), followed by shivering (Puls.), then urging, with drawing constriction in i. Rheum.
Retention of stool from ileus or paresis of i. Opi.
Stool like scrapings from i. Canth. (Colch.)
Spasmodic retention of feces in small i. Opi.
Stools bloody, with tenesmus; containing membranous substances, as as if portions of i.; great pressure. Kali-n.
Urging to stool, after a meal, more in upper part of i. Anac.
Urging to stool, but large i. are wanting in peristaltic action or power and cannot expel feces, which are not hard. Hep s.
White, tough mucus with stool, like scrapings from i., with streaks of blood. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Intussusception (see section on Bowels).—Constipation from inactivity or i. of bowel. Thuja.

Inward.—Cramp like pain, as if an angular body pressed i. in right side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

Involuntarily.—Along with some flatus several drops of diarrhœic feces i. discharged. Sulph.
Diarrhœa after exhalted imagination; stool and urine passed i. Arg-n.
Stool evacuated rapidly and almost i.; cannot rise from bed quick enough. Sulph.
Thin, pasty stool of a bilious appearance passed i., with sensation as if wind would pass. Sulph.

Involuntary.—I. stool during sleep. Arn., Bry., Coni., Hyos., Mosch., Phos., Puls., Rhus-t., Sulph., Ver-a.
I. stool. Arn., Bell., Carbo-v., China, Hyos., Laur., Natr-m., Opi., Phos-ac., Sec., Sulph.
I. stool on passing urine (Mur-ac., Sulph.), especially in typhus. Aloe.
I., putrid stools (in typhoid). Arn.
I. stool (Ars., Carbo-v.); at night (Hyos.); during sleep (in fevers). Arn.
I. diarrhœa. Camph.
I., hard stool. Aloe.
I., thin stool on passing wind. Vera.
I. stool when sneezing or laughing. Sulph.
I. stool on least motion. Phos.
I. stool when coughing, or during low fevers. Phos.
I. stools (Arn., Ars., Phos.) at night; while vomiting. Hyos. (Ailanth., Mur-ac.)
I. stools, hiccough and great prostration. Hydroc-ac.
I. stools, with great exhaustion (in typhoid fever and gastro-enteritis). Rhus-t.

I. diarrhœa of water; putrid, fetid and colliquative. Sec.
I. diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.
I. diarrhœa from depressing emotions. Gels.
I. stool during a meal. Ferr.
I. stool when urinating. Aloe, Mur-ac., Sulph., Squilla, Ver-a.
I. stools and urine. Ars., Oleand. (Hyos.)
I. stool when passing wind. Acon., Aloe, Caust., Ferr-mag., Jatr., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Oleand., Phos-ac., Podo., Staph., Sulph., Ver-a.
Chronic diarrhœa, i. and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.
Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, mucous, green, gushing, exhausting, painful, i.; coldness of extremities. Ver-a.
Cholera infantum; stools i., with stupor, or hydrocephaloid (following infantile diarrhœa). Zinc.
Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); blackish (Ars., Lept.); yellow (Chelid.); i. China.
Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; mingled with hard lumps; watery; undigested; i. during sleep without waking. Coni.
Diarrhœa: dysenteric discharges of dark fluid blood; i. stools; great debility and faintness. Crotal.
Diarrhœa: stools frequent, small, sometimes i.; pitch-like. Zinc.
Diarrhœa; stools i. Phos.
Diarrhœa: stools dark, fluid, frothy; offensive; i.; after fright; after sudden joy. Opi.
Diarrhœa: stools dark, muddy, copious; mucus and blood; i.; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.
Diarrhœa; i. stool at night while sleeping. Rhus-t.
Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even i. Sec.
Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish or brownish; profuse; i., when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.
Diarrhœa: frequent; thin, i., with flatus; soft after eating. Ign.
Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, fecal, i. while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.
Diarrhœa; watery, with undigested food, i., painless stool during a meal. Ferr.
Dysentery; collapsed condition, stools i., thick, clotted, viscid Sec.
Green, watery, very offensive mucus; stools being i. Colch.
Paralysis of sphincter ani; i. stools. Bell. (Ars., Hyos.)
Pain in rectum during and long after stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; i. straining. Sep.

Putrid, cadaverous-smelling, i. stools. Carbo-v.
Stools watery, greenish, mixed with flakes; rice-water; sudden, i. Ver-a.
Stools: mucous with much urging; cadaverous, putrid, offensive, i. Carbo-v.
Stools: i., white; discharge of lumbrici and ascarides. Cina.
Stools i. (after fright). Ver-a.
Stools of pure blood, or blood and mucus; i. Phos.
Stools: like sheep's dung; like water, with colic; i. Natr-m.
Stools thin, green (olive green), i., with shriveled skin. Sec.
Stools like washings of meat; yellowish-brown, bloody, cadaverous smelling and i. at night. Rhus-t.
Thin, watery, offensive diarrhœa; passing i. when urinating. Ailanth.
Very exhausting, copious, i., watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.
Watery, i. diarrhœa, with violent cramps of i. muscles. Cupr.
When anything enters rectum, it produces i. stools. Phos.

Irregular.—I. stools. Iod.
I. stools, sometimes two or three a day, then constipation. Natr-m.
I. stools; diarrhœa alternating with constipation. Iod. (In aged or old people. Ant-c.)
Constipation; stools dry, difficult, i. Nitr-ac.
Diarrhœa; stools i., frothy, acrid, bilious. Still.
Stools white, dry, i.; hard lumps of curd. Ant-c.

Irresistible.—Sudden i. urging to stool; soreness in lumbar region of back; chills over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

Irritability.—Great i. of anus. Calc-c.
Cholera infantum, where child smells intensely sour; stools green and watery, with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with excessive i. of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.
Sensitiveness, i. before evacuations. Borax, Calc-c.

Irritable.—Habitual constipation; rectum dry and i. Sulph.

Irritating.—After stool, feeling of great relief in abdomen, as though an i. substance were removed from intestines. Gum-gut.

Irritation.—I. of rectum setting up diarrhœa, soon running into dysentery. Collins.
Cholera infantum, especially with cerebral i. and collapse. Kali-brom.
Gastro-intestinal i. in children, with vomiting, diarrhœa, and sometimes convulsions. Æth.
Great rectal and anal i., with passage of fetid mucus. Grat.
Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum; intense i., itching, feeling as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Inharmonious muscular action, i. and hyperæsthesia, in either constipation or diarrhœa. Sulph.

Ischuria (see section on Urinary Organs).—Dysentery, with i., or tenesmus of neck of bladder, with fruitless urging. Arn.

Itch.—Hæmorrhoids, which i. at times. Caps.

Itching.—I. in anus. Ambr., Am-c., Anac., Ant-c., Cact., Calc-ph., Carbo-v., Caust., Cham., Cina, Croc., Euphorb., Graph., Ham., Ign., Ipec., Lyc., Mez., Nitr-ac., Sabad., Teucr., Thuja. (Alu., Nux-v., Sep., Sil., Sulph.)

I. in rectum. Dios., Sulph. (Ambr., Borax, Bov., Calc-c., Chin-s., Cic-v., Ferr-mag., Gran., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos., Phos-ac., Rhus-t., Sep., Sil., Spig.)

I. at anus, inducing him to rub until he becomes sore. Arg-n.

I., tingling and tittillation of anus, as of ascarides. Agar.

I. and burning in anus painful in highest degree, prevents sleeping. Aloe.

I. and burning in anus (Sulph.); weakness or loss of power of sphincter ani. Aloe.

I. and sticking in rectum. Caust.

I. in rectum, with burning pain after rubbing. **Cic-v.**

I. pain in anus. Cham.

I. in anus and coccyx for many days. Spig.

I. in anus while sitting. Jac-car., Staph.

I. in perinæum. Sulph. (Agn., Fluor-ac., **Natr-s.**, **Nux-v.**, Petr., Tarax.)

I. eruption. **Lyc.**, Petr.

I. hæmorrhoids. Ars., Berb., Clem., China, Graph., Kali-c., Sulph-ac.

I. in anus during evacuations. Merc., **Mur-ac.**, Sil., **Sulph.**

I. in anus before evacuations. Euphr.

I., biting and soreness at anus. Spong.

I. and tingling in anus and rectum, as from ascarides. **Spig.**

I. at anus, with discharge of offensive flatus. **Rumex.**

I. of anus relieved after stool. Clem.

I. in rectum during evacuations. Sil., Sulph.

I., tingling, crawling and tenesmus at anus, especially in evening. Plat.

I. stitches in rectum. Natr-m.

I. herpes about anus. Petr.

I., creeping, crawling in anus. **Natr-c.**

I. at anus from seat worms. Ign.

I. and crawling in rectum, as from thread worms. **Ign.**

I. of anus (during menses). Am-c.

I. and burning of anus. Alu. (Graph., Sulph.)

I. and burning in rectum, with smarting blind piles. **Rhus-t.**

I. at anus at night in bed. Lyc.

I. at anus, worse after sleep. Lach.

I. in and around anus (in old men). Fluor-ac.
I. of rectum, as from worms. Bov.
Ascarides, i. commencing toward bed-time, and troubling for hours Calc-c.
Ascarides, with creeping and i., and nightly restlessness, worse from warmth of bed. Teucr.
After stool: i. or burning at anus; anus feels as if lacerated. Kali-c.
Ascarides in rectum, with i. at anus at night (in children). Ferr.
Burning, cutting, crawling and i. in rectum. Chelid.
Bleeding piles, burning and i. China.
Burning and intolerable i. of anus at night; patient cannot sleep for i. Sulph.
Burning and i. in rectum and anus. Sep., Zinc. (Sulph.)
Biting and i. in anus. Phos.
Biting and i. in anus, orifice seems swollen. Pæon.
Corrosive i. of peinæum. Agn.
Constriction of anus; i. Chelid., Grat. (Sulph.)
Chronic constipation; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much straining, even to discharge of blood, with i. and burning in anus. Sulph.
Chronic diarrhœa of mucus and fecal matter; i., soreness and discharge of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.
Discharge of bloody mucus, with i. and burning at anus, extending up towards rectum. Carls.
Dryness and i. in rectum. Æsc.
Diarrhœa (of children), with intense i. about eyes, especially inner canthus. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa, with much wind, worse morning and evening; with intolerable i. of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and burning in anus. Mur-ac.
Desire to evacuate, with i. in rectum. Euphorb.
Excessive i. in anus day and night. Caust.
Fullness and i. at anus, after walking. Æsc.
Fistula in ano, with i. there; short cough. Berb.
Hæmorrhoids, with i. or burning, particularly after stool, which is hard and covered with blood. Berb.
Hæmorrhoids, bleeding or blind, burning, swollen, i. and throbbing. Caps. (Sulph.)
Hæmorrhoids impeding stool; swollen, i., stitching, moist; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.
Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum: intense irritation, i., feeling as if sticks, or sand, or gravel had lodged there. Collins.
Hæmorrhoids, copious bleeding or ichorous oozing; tearing pains, with i. and gnawing. Ferr.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, i. violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, with some i., stitches in anus. Puls.

Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, also violent i. and very sore to touch. Graph.

Intolerable nightly tingling and i. at anus, from seat worms. Acon.

Intense i. of anus, as from worms. Urtica.

Little pimples around anus burning and i. Cinnab.

Moisture, with soreness and i. about anus. Sulph.

Protruding piles, aching, i. and sore; oozing of a yellow fluid. Calc-ph.

Painful, protruding, blind piles, with stitches, smarting, soreness and i. Puls. (Sulph.)

Piles and fissures of anus; great i. Petr.

Stinging, smarting, i. at anus. Ambr.

Soreness (Berb.), burning, i. and fullness at anus. Æsc. (Sulph.)

Soreness of perinæum, with moisture and painful i. when touched. Carbo-v.

Soreness, stitches, i., and burning in anus. Kali-c.

Sore, i., smarting, humid spot between anus and coccyx. Led.

Severe i. in rectum and genitals. Caust.

Spasmodic contraction of sphincter ani, with burning and i. in anus, with watery diarrhœa. Coff.

Tænia or thread worms (latter especially), with much i. Arg-n.

Tearing, stitching, burning, crawling or i. in and around anus. Berb.

Violent i. in rectum and anus. Sulph.

Violent i. of anus. Calc-c.

Violent i. and constrictive sensation in anus. Bell.

Voluptuous i. in perinæum, compelling scratching. Tarax.

Jaundice (see section on Hypochondria).—J.; stool whitish, pasty, or clay colored. Rheum.

Constipation; stools clay colored, with an excessively torpid liver; j. and great languor. Podo.

Constipation from torpidity of liver with j. and depression of mind. Still.

Stools light yellow, mushy, clay colored (in j.). Myrica.

Violent diarrhœa; stools white as clay; chalky; ash colored; whitish or ash gray, fecal, with j. or yellowish filled with mucus. Dig.

Jelly.—Stools slip from anus like lumps of j. Oxytrop.

Jelly-like.—Stools of j. mucus. Rhus-t.

J. stools, or sour stools of green mucus (in children). Sep.

Diarrhœa; stools of j. mucus. Podo.

Dysentery, with painful tenesmus; stools j. mucus. Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa or dysentery; stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, j.; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Diarrhœa: stools j., mucus, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sep.

Dysentery: tenesmus; j. mucus, like scrapings of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Coloc.

Great pain before stool, which is greenish, and contains j. globules, or flakes. Rhus-t.

Stools of transparent, gelatinous, j. mucus. Colch.

Stools small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of j. mucus. Aloe.

White, j. stools, with tenesmus. Hell.

Jerk.—Bowels move with a spasmodic burst or j., coming out like a shot from a gun. Croton-tig.

Jerking.—J., sticking pain. Sil.

J. pains from anus up rectum. Sep.

Jerks.—Squeezing, constrictive pain in colon and rectum, alternating with shooting or j. toward perinæum. Bell.

Joy.—Diarrhœa: stools dark, fluid, frothy; offensive; involuntary; after fright; after sudden j. Opi.

Diarrhœa from sudden j. Coff. (Gels.)

Jug.—Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, streaming out with much gas, as if a cork were pulled out of a full j., with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.

Juicy.—J. fruit or cider causes diarrhœa. Calc-ph.

Knife.—Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture, pain in rectum as if being torn or cut with k.; or spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a k., also violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph.

Knife-like.—K. pain in anus. Æsc.

Knotty.—K. stool. Magn-m., Merc., Plumb., Opi., Stront., Sulph.

K. wart-like eruption on anus and between thighs. Natr-s.

K. stool enveloped in mucus. Magn-m.

Constipation; stools hard, k., and dark colored. Iod.

Constipation: stools hard, as if burnt; scanty, difficult, and insufficient; k. Sulph.

Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and k., and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Constipation; stool compact, hard, k. Sulph-ac. (Stront.)
Constipation: ineffectual desire for stool; stools hard, dry, k., insufficient; green, curdy, with colic. Stann.
Constipation, stools hard, difficult, dry, k., with sense of weight in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep.
Constipation: debility, coated tongue, headache, cold extremities; stool dry, scanty, and k., followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.
Constipation: stools hard, difficult, slow, and insufficient evacuations; k., like sheep's dung. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)
Constipation, with hard, k., stools (Magn-m.), hæmorrhoids, burning and soreness. Bar-c.
Constipation; hard, k. or large stools. Aur.
Constipation; stools difficult, dry, k. Mang. (Plumb.)
Constipation; large, difficult, k. stools. Graph.
Hard, k. stools, streaked with blood, accompanied and preceded by smarting in anus; often with scanty menses. Natr-s.
Pain in rectum during and long after stool; hard, k., insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.
Stool first thin, then k. Euphorb.
Stools k., like sheep's dung. Caust.
Stools hard and k., like sheep's dung (Opi., Plumb.); with cutting in anus, followed by blood. Alu. (Merc., Nux-v.)
Stools at first hard and k., afterwards loose and lastly diarrhœic. Agar.
Stools hard, k. Am-c.

Labor pains.—Cramps in rectum and small of back, like l. Lyc.
Lacerated.—After stool: itching or burning at anus; anus feels as if l. Kali-c.
Lacerating.—L. in anus during evacuations. Calc-c.
Constant tenesmus, with nausea and l. in intestines. Rhus-t.
Lameness.—Hæmorrhoids, with aching and l. or shooting in sacrum and small of back, with fullness in region of liver. Æsc.
Lancinating.—L. pain from anus upward, especially after stool. Sulph.
Dysentery, with violent l. pains in bowels. Dios.
Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great fear and restlessness, accompanied with cutting, l., burning and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.
Languor.—Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; l. (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.
Lap.—Child lying upon mother's l., moaning, eyes half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.

Large.—L. stool. Bry., Kali-c. (Graph., Ign., Nux-v., Puls., Sil., Sulph-ac., Thuja, Ver-a.)

L. hæmorrhoidal tumors. Graph.

L. painful hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with stitches and burning; protrude during stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.

L., pappy, free stools, mostly with tenesmus before and after. Berb.

L. hæmorrhoids. Caust., Graph., Lach.

L., thin stool, with tenesmus and urging in hypogastrium. Kobalt.

After stool, l. and prominent hæmorrhoids, tender, hot (Brom.), relieved by cold water. Aloe.

Constipation; hard, knotty or l. stools. Aur.

Constipation; stools hard and too l. Ver-a. (Bry., Kali-c.)

Constipation; l., difficult, knotty stools. Graph.

Constipation: l. accumulation; stool difficult, even if soft; after long purging. China.

Constipation of l. difficult stools, crumbling as they pass verge of anus. Magn-m.

Constipation on account of paralysis of motor nerves; hardness and l. size of stools; cannot be expelled. Ver-a. (Bry., Iris.)

Constipation; stools l., hard, dry balls, expelled with difficulty, requiring mechanical aid. Vib-op.

Constipation: stools l. and hard; or first part l., latter part small; stools in round black balls; chronic (with children); as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.

Constipation: stool dry, too l.; rectum inactive. Kali-c.

Constipation, with l. abdomen and flatulence; stools too l. Bry.

Constipation: stools l. and hard; white. Calc-c.

Constipation obstinate, with l., hard, difficult stools; a feeling of tightness. Apis.

Difficult, hard stool; feces too l. Ant-c. (Bry.)

Desire for stool in evening, with griping in hypogastrium, followed by l., moist, at last thin, sour stools. Dulc.

Hæmorrhoidal lumps as l. as hazelnuts at anus, with burning after stool, and impeded walking. Carls.

Hæmorrhoids, l., hard, stinging, burning; painful when touched; walking unendurable. Caust.

Habitual constipation of l. and difficult stools, with frequent urging to go to stool, but not able to defecate. Nux-v.

Hard, l., feces, with cutting and soreness in rectum and anus. Vib-op.

No desire for and no ability to pass stool, until there is a l. accumulation. Alu.

Obstinate constipation, stools l., hard and dry, as if burnt, passed with great effort. Bry.

Small or pipe-stem shaped stool; varices l., painful, hindering, worse on thinking of them. Caust. (Ox-ac. Reverse, Camph.)

Stools l. and soft, but passed with difficulty. Ign.

Stool l. in size, requiring great effort of abdominal muscles and diaphragm to expel. Zinc.

Stool l., soft, with tenesmus and aching in sphincter ani. Kobalt.

Straining and feeling as if had to pass l. and hard stool, but reverse was case. Abrot.

Very l. and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with sensation as if a portion of anus protruded. Æsc.

Larger.—Cholera infantum; enteritis folliculosa; l. stools than are to be expected from quantity of food taken, with excessive fetor. Podo.

Lassitude.—After stool l.; sleepiness. Ipec.

Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general l. Sulph.

Last.—Stools: first part hard, black, l. about natural consistency, but white as milk. Æsc.

Lastly.—Stools at first hard and knotty, afterwards loose, and l. diarrhœic. Agar.

Laughing.—Involuntary stool when sneezing or l. Sulph.

Laurel berries.—Stool like sheep's dung or l.; difficult passage, with cutting in anus, as if too narrow, followed by stream of blood; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.

Lead.—Constipation from l. poisoning. Alu., Opi., Plat.

Constipation: after l. poisoning or while traveling; frequent urging, scanty stool, with sensation of great weakness. Plat.

Left.—Desire for stool when lying on l. side. Phos.

Stinging stitches from rectum to l. groin. Croc., Kreas.

Noise from flatus rolling in l. side; feels it but does not hear it. Lachn.

Legs (see section on **Extremities**).—Cholera Asiatica, with violent spasms in abdomen and cramps in l. and feet; general convulsions, with continual vomiting and violent colic. Cupr.

Diarrhœa, with swelling of l. and feet, as in phthisis. Acet-ac.

Diarrhœa, with tearing streaks of pain down l., causing them to be powerless, at every stool. Rhus-t.

Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of intestines, bloody or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out l. Colch.

Noise from flatus rolling, with drawing through l. down to toes. Ferr-mag.

Lemonade.—Diarrhœa early in morning (after l.). Phyt.

Lethargy.—Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; l.; languor (in exhausting diarrhœa of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Leucorrhœa (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Bloody l. during evacuations. Murex.

Constipation with l. Podo.

Hæmorrhoids after suppressed l. Am-m.

Lie.—Constant urging at night, cannot l. or sit on account of sticking and sore pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.

Frequent, small stool, consisting of mucus, with prostration and necessity to l. down after every stool. Arn.

Hæmorrhoids so sensitive to slightest touch that patient has to l. down, with nates separated. Bell.

Lienteria.—L.; stools undigested. Polyp.

L. (of nursing infants); milk passes undigested. Magn-c.

L.; stools of undigested food, without pain. Ferr.

Lienteric.—L. diarrhœa. Ant-c., Asar., China.

Light.—Stools of very pale, l. color. Anac.

Stools during day copious, soft, dark, or l. yellowish-brown; at night scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.

Light colored.—L. stools. Plumb. (Benz-ac., Carbo-v., Caust.)

L., papescent stool, followed by dragging pains in liver and sinking in epigastrium. Polyp.

L., fetid, watery or bloody, burning stools, with tenesmus. Carbo-v.

Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, l.; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled it slips back again. Sil.

Constipation: stools l. and lumpy, with hard straining, followed by dull aching pains in anus and hypogastrium. Collins.

Diarrhœa (in children, during dentition); profuse, watery, l., offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Profuse, l., acrid stools. Hydr.

Limbs (see section on Extremities).—Burning after stool (Æsc.), with weakness and trembling in l. Ars.

During stool (in teething infants), screaming, with drawing up of l. or stiffening body. Rheum.

Diarrhœa, with painfulness of l. Am-m., Rhus-t.

Dysentery: rigors, pains in l. and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever (in autumn or in hot weather). Bapt.

Nocturnal diarrhœa, with violent colic, headache, and pain in l. Rhus-t. (Merc.)

Pains go from l. to bowels, producing diarrhœa and partial retention of urine. Cimicif.

Stools like green spinach, with colic and cramps in l.; great weakness. Ver-a.

Lips (see vol. i., section on Face; also vol. ii., section on Mouth).—Yellow, watery, greenish, and painless stools, with dry l., nausea and great faintness. Croton-tig.

Liquid (see Diarrhœa).—L. stool. Arn., Ars., Cic-v., Oleand., Phos., Sec., Tereb.

L. green stools with colic, early morning, with fainting. Podo.

L., yellow, fecal stools, with twisting pains in abdomen. Bov.

L. stool mixed with hard portion, passed with many loud emissions of flatus, together with colic. Coni.

Black l. stool. Ars., Squilla, Stram.

Brown l. stool. Graph., Magn-c., Nux-v., Phos., Psor., Raph., Squilla.

Copious l. stools; watery, frothy or of olive-green color. Elat.

Cholera infantum: stools green, l., mucus (l. or drink is heard as it runs down œsophagus, is characteristic). Laur.

Diarrhœa of brown fermented stool, swimming on water; l., mixed with blood and slime. Sabad.

Diarrhœa; stool l., soft, yellow. Oleand.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow brown, fluid; undigested; green l.; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, l., mucus; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stool soft, pasty; yellowish-white; partly solid, partly l., with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools l. fecal; mingled with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Discharge of l., then feces, at night during sleep. Sulph.

Frequent stools, first hard, then pasty, then l. Calc-c.

Frequent urging to stool; finally a liquid portion is discharged, followed by hard portion. Sabin.

Frequent l. stools. Cic-v.

Frequent stools of green l. without pain, always preceded by some griping in abdomen. Magn-c.

Frequent ineffectual urging to stool, alternately with l. stools. Natr-c.

Frequent scanty discharge of l., as offensive as carion. Sil. (Ars.)

Greenish l. stool. Æth., Croton-tig., Raph.

Infantile diarrhœa or in cholera infantum, stools l., mucus, or bloody, having a very offensive odor. Psor.

Much colic, relieved by green l. stools. Magn-c.

[Reliable drastic purgative]; speedily producing copious l. stools. Jalap.

Reddish-yellow l. stool. Lyc.

Stool l.; brownish, frothy, profuse, forcible, frequent. Raph.

Stools very offensive; l. or pasty. Sil.

Stool: partly hard and partly l. Nux-v.

Stools: liquid, fecal; offensive. Coff.

Violent, sudden hurried urging, thin, yellowish, watery, l. stool, forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Watery (l.) stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic, and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.

Yellow l. stool. Æth., Calc-c., Croton-tig., Iris, Natr-s., Nux-m., Raph., Rhus-t.

Liquids.—Sudden urging to stool, with noises as of l. in abdomen. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Listless.—Stools yellowish and very offensive; child very l., wants nothing and cares for nothing. Phos-ac.

Listlessness.—Painless, offensive stools; profuse and frequent; great prostration, paleness and l. Bism.

Little.—Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucus, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks l.; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it remained in rectum and could not be expelled. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, with frequent desire to stool, but l. passed at a time; bearing-down feeling in rectum and backache. Nux-v.

Liver (see vol. ii., section on Hypochondria).—Brown stool, like l. Anac., Magn-c.

Constipation, with engorgement of l., headache, coated tongue, and bad taste. Euony.

Constipation: stools clay colored, with an excessively torpid l., jaundice and great lauguor. Podo.

Constipation; from torpidity of l., with jaundice and depression of mind. Still.

Constipation with induration of l. Graph.

Hæmorrhoids with darting pains, shooting to l.; look like grapes, great pain and distress. Dios.

Hard stool, with hardness of l. Graph.

Hæmorrhoids, with aching and lameness, or shooting in sacrum and small of back, with fullness in region of l. Æsc.

Light-colored, papescent stool, followed by dragging pains in l. and sinking in epigastrium. Polyp.

Load.—Feeling of a l. in rectum which cannot be evacuated. Plat. (Sep.)

Long.—Constipation; feces l., dry and hard, like dog's stool. Cimex. (Phos.)

Constipation: stools dry, tough and hard, l., slender like a dog's; voided with difficulty. Phos.

Stool: hard, dry, l. and narrow. Phos.

Long-lasting.—L. diarrhœa; pernicious. Sec.

Protrusion of hæmorrhoids after stool, with l. pains, cannot walk. Am-c.

Loose.—L. stool, preceded and followed by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.

L. stool, expelled by pressing. Rhod.

L., diarrhœic stool, with burning at anus. Rat.

L. stools with much straining. Dios.

L. feces lined with mucus and blood. Merc.

L. stools, mushy, with tenesmus and cramp-like sensation in umbilical region. Myrica.

After taking cold, cutting pain, with a l. discharge of dark brown or black feces, like coffee grounds. Camph.

Chronic diarrhœa, l. morning stool. Natr-s. (Differing from Sulph. in occurring later and after rising.)

Chronic diarrhœa; l., papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak, depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Polyp.

Colic before a l. stool. Sulph.

Diarrhœa; l. stool, with much flatulence. Staph.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, l., painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.

Frequent l. stools. Ran-sc.

Green l. stools, sometimes slimy (in children). Calc-ph.

Hæmorrhoids, which make even l. stool painful; they are often painful when walking. Calc-c.

Morning diarrhœa; stools l., bilious; dark, offensive, very urgent; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.

Stool retained, then l. Am-c.

Sudden irresistible urging to stool; soreness in lumbar region of back; chills over head and legs; then l. stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

Stools at first hard and knotty, afterwards l. and lastly diarrhœic. Agar.

Stools dark, bilious, l., copious, with burning, griping and tenesmus. Corn-c.

Stool first natural, then several small, l. evacuations, then as small but hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus until all are passed. Ant-c.

Sensation as if rectum were l. Aloe.

Tenesmus during and after l. stools. Tart-em.

Urgent desire for stool, which is l., at six and seven o'clock in morning. Abrot.

Very l., brighty-ellow stools, with a quantity of mucus, preceded by considerable griping. Fluor-ac.

Looseness.—Soft stool, with disposition to frequent evacuation (l. of bowels). Calc-c.

Sensation of l. and relaxation about rectum and anus. **Aloe.**

Loss.—L. of power to expell contents of rectum. Opi.

Itching and burning in anus (Sulph.); weakness or l. of power of sphincter ani. **Aloe.**

Weakness or l. of power (paralysis) of sphincter ani, which is incompletely closed after a stool, so that keeping anus clean was difficult. Aloe.

Loud.—Liquid stool mixed with hard portion, passed with many l. emissions of flatus, together with colic. Coni.

Lumbago.—Constipation with hæmorrhoids attended with severe pain in back like l. Euony.

Lumbar region.—Desire to evacuate with pain in l. Bar-c., Rat.

Sudden irresistible urging to stool; soreness in l. of back; chills over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

Lumbrici (see Worms).—**L.**; tænia; worm fever. **Sabad.**

Stool size of l. or pipe stems. Graph.

Ascarides, l., or tapeworm. Sulph.

Ascarides and l. Magn-c.

Discharge of ascarides and l. Merc. (Cina, **Ferr.**, Spig., Sep.)

Ineffectual urging; stool of large lumps of mucus; l.; ascarides. Spig.

Stools involuntary, white; discharge of l. and ascarides. **Cina.**

Lumbricoides.—**L.** Cic-v., Cina, Sil., Sulph.

Lump.—Sensation of plug, l. or ball in rectum. Sep.

Lumps.—Constipation; stool, little balls or l. like sheep's dung, passed after great straining (Magn-m.), with burning. Natr-c.

Constipation before and during menses, of hard l. which remain long in rectum, as if it had no power to expel them. Sil.

Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard l., light colored; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled it slips back again. Sil.

Constipation; stools in small black l., mixed with blood, accompanied with violent prickings in anus, with trembling sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.

Constipation: stools scanty, hard, in l. or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Opi., Magn-m.); black or green color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.

Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled l.; ravenous appetite. Calc-c.

Cholera infantum; watery, sour, green, frothy stools; white l. like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brown or pale fecal; mixed with hard l. Lyc.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with l. of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: stools containing l. of white mucus, or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid fecal; mingled with hard l.; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery; dark colored; containing hard l. Senecio.

Frequent hard stool in l. Cycl.

Hard stool in l. covered with mucus. Caust., Magn-m., Nux-v., Plumb.

Hæmorrhoidal l. as large as hazelnuts at anus, with burning after stool, and impeded walking. Carls.

Ineffectual urging; stool of large l. of mucus; lumbrici; ascarides. Spig.

Obstinate constipation; stool only once in eight or ten days, feces composed of l. packed together like sheep's dung, with severe colic. Plum.

Olive-green, slimy, profuse stools, full of bright-red l. Apis.

Stool watery, with little hard l., or containing undigested food. Ant-c.

Stools small, streaked with blood; tormina; burning in bowels and rectum; hard l. of feces with discharges. Erig.

Stools slip from anus like l. of jelly. Oxytrop.

Stools green and frothy, like scum of a frog pond, or with white floating l. like tallow. Magn-c.

Stools like l. of chalk (in children during dentition). Calc-c.

Stool containing l. like chalk. Bell. (Hep-s., Podo.)

Stool profuse, full of bright red l. like chopped beets. Apis.

Stools white, dry, irregular; hard l. of curd. Ant-c.

Lumpy.—L. stool. Coni., Lyc.

L. stools united by threads of mucus. Graph.

Black l. stools; constipation. Ustil.

Constipation; stools dry, and hard, or first part l., then soft; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.

Constipation: debility, coated tongue, headache, cold extremities; stool dry, scanty, and l., followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Constipation; stools light colored and l., with hard straining, followed by dull aching pains in anus and hypogastrium. Collins.

Constipation, with hard l. stools, occurring once in two or three days. Coloc.

Constipation with excessive flatulence; stools white and l. Ant-c.

Hæmorrhoids bleeding with hard, l. stools; burning in margin of anus; it feels as if torn. Erig.

Hard, difficult, l. stool. Magn-m.

Hard, difficult, l., insufficient stools. Petr.
Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half l. mixed with gas, and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.
Stool at first hard, black and l., then mushy. Lept.
Stools l., covered with mucus. Hydr. (Graph.)
Stools small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; l.; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.
Scanty, hard or l. stools, expelled with difficulty. Bar-c.

Lungs (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Hæmorrhoids, with disease of l. or plura. Ver-a.

Lying.—L. down causes return of diarrhœa. Ox-ac.
Child l. upon mother's lap, moaning, eyes half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.
Diarrhœa at night, with violent colic, always relieved by stools, or when l. on belly. Rhus-t.
Desire for stool when l. on left side. Phos.
Hæmorrhoids painful when sitting and l. Phos.

Lying-in (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Diarrhœa of l. women; of children. Rheum.
Diarrhœa in l. women. Rheum. (Ant-c., Dulc., Hyos.)
Watery, painless diarrhœa (of l. women). Hyos.

Malaria.—Diarrhœa (from m.). Chin-ars.

Malarious.—Dysenteric diarrhœa, with burning in anus and rectum and great debility or prostration (in m. districts). Corn-c.

Marasmus.—M., with alternate diarrhœa and constipation. Abrot. (Ant-c.)
Food passes undigested (in m.). Abrot.

Marbles.—Feces hard and small like m. Nux-v.

Margin.—Hæmorrhoids bleeding, with hard, lumpy stools; burning in m. of anus; it feels as if torn. Erig.

Meal.—Stool with sediment like m. Podo.
Diarrhœa after every m. Brom.
Diarrhœa; watery, with undigested food, involuntary, painless stool during a m. Ferr.
Desire for stool after a m. Rheum.
Emission of flatus after every m. Aloe.
Involuntary stool during a m. Ferr.
Urging to stool, after a m., more in upper part of intestines. Anac.
Urging to stool after each m. Aloe. (China, Coloc., Ferr., Puls.)

Meal-like.—Diarrhœa; stools watery, with m. sediment. Podo.

Meals (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Diarrhœa after m. China. (During m. Ferr.)
Diarrhœa in morning after rising, with violent pinching; after m.; with much rumbling; crampy colic and passing wind. Agar.

Desire to evacuate after m. Aloe, Ferr-mag.
Hard stool at night or after m. China.
Pain in anus after m. Lyc.

Measles.—Diarrhœa (after m.). China, Merc., Puls., Squilla.)
Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black slimy, fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during m.). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Meat.—Stools like washings of m.; yellowish brown, bloody, cadaverous smelling and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.
Stools: greenish, muddy, spouting out like water; worse as soon as moves; from m. or vegetables. Lept.
Tendency to diarrhœa (in dyspeptics and consumptives), which is renewed whenever taking fresh m. Caust.

Mechanical aid.—Constipation; stool so hard and impacted that it requires m. Selen.
Constipation; stools large, hard, dry balls, expelled with difficulty, requiring m. Vib-op.

Melancholy.—M., sits for days weeping, with great weakness and constipation. Ambr.

Membranes.—Profuse diarrhœa containing m. and clots of blood. Phos.

Membranous.—Exceedingly painful stools of blood and m. substances. Nitr-ac.
Stools of very m. mucus, relieving colic. Colch.
Stools: bilious, then mixed with m. pieces. Colch.
Stools bloody, with tenesmus; containing m. substances, as if portions of intestines; great pressure. Kali-n.
Tenesmus, with first only a little mucus, then transparent, bilious, m. mucus, relieving colic. Colch.

Menses (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Always constipated immediately before and during m. Sil.
Chronic diarrhœa aggravated during m. Am-m.
Constipation before and during m., of hard lumps which remain long in rectum, as if it had no power to expel them Sil.
Constipation worse during m. Aur.
During m. very hard stool. Natr-m.
Diarrhœa during m., green, mucous stools. Am-m.
Diarrhœa frequently before and during m. Bov. (Aloe.)
Itching of anus (during m.) Am-c.
Hard, knotty stools, streaked with blood, accompanied and preceded by smarting in anus; often with scanty m. Natr-s.
Paralyzed condition of anus and rectum during m. Sil.

Menstrual.—Hæmorrhoidal tumors attending scantiness of m. flow at climacteric. Lach.

Mensturation.—Constipation during m.; stools like sheep's dung, painful and difficult. Kali-c. (Magn-m.)

Cutting colic and diarrhœa (during m.). Caust.

Cholera-like symptoms at commencement of m. **Am-c.**

Mental (see vol. i., section on Mind).—Chronic diarrhœa, loose papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak depressed feeling, and indisposed to any m. or physical exertion. Podo.

Mercurial.—Chronic diarrhœa (in syphlitic or m. subjects). Kali-jod.

Mesenteric.—Alternate diarrhœa and constipation (from enlargement of m. glands in children, with acrid stools). Sulph.

Meteorism.—Colliquative diarrhœa, with m. and great thirst. Tart-em.

Metrorrhagia (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Hæmorrhage from bowels after checked m. Acet-ac.

Micturition (see section on Urinary Organs).—M. during evacuations. Alu., Bell., Ox-ac.

Diarrhœa, with m. and perspiration. Bell.

Painful m. during evacuation. Caps.

Tearing in rectum and in urethra, between acts of m. Ruta.

Unsatisfactory, difficult stools, with pain, as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent m.; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.

Varices protrude during m. blood, then white mucus escapes. Kali-c.

Middle.—Great and ineffectual urgency and desire for stool, in evening, felt mostly in m. of abdomen, but no stool follows, only rectum protrudes. Ign.

Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about m. of forenoon, a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

Midnight.—Cholera: painless, watery; discharge after m. Sulph.

Diarrhœa after m. Al-cep., Arg-n., Ars., Lyc.

Diarrhœa some hours after m., or driving out of bed early in morning. Sulph. (Aloe, Nux-v., Rumex, Podo.)

Diarrhœa worse after m., also in morning after rising. **Ars.**

Diarrhœa from m. to morning. Ars., Cist.

Green, brown, bloody stools, worse after m. Arg-n.

Scanty, watery stool about m., with flatulent colic and noisy flatus during stool. Arg-n. (Jatr.)

Tabes mesenterica; purging, with cold extremities; worse after m.; burning stool, with violent colic. Ars.

Thin, greenish-yellow, hot stools; squirting out (Croton-tig., Gumgut.); worse after m. until noon. Cist.

Milk.—Aggravations after m. Ars., Sulph.

Cholera infantum where there is violent vomiting of curdled m.; of greenish mucus, and stools of green or bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated m.; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: from m.; with colic from cold. Natr-c.

Diarrhœa from m. Sep.

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, mucous, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour-smelling, debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking m. Sep.

Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after m. Kali-c.

Infantile diarrhœa; aggravation from boiled m.; rapid exhaustion. Sep.

Lienteria (of nursing infants); m. passes undigested. Magn-c.

Offensive diarrhœa, day and night; child can swallow nothing but m. or fluids. Bapt.

Stools like curdled m., of offensive, sickening odor, expelled forcibly. Gum-gut.

Stools: first part hard, black, last about natural consistency, but white as m. Æsc.

White stool, like chyle or m. Bell.

Mind (see vol. i., section on Mind).—Constipation; from torpidity of liver, with jaundice and depression of m. Still.

Constipation; scanty stool, with much depression of m. Ambr.

Hard stool, with depression of m., causing headache (in old people). Calc-ph.

Mingled.—Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; m. with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Mixed.—Constipation; stool m. with blood. Led.

Diarrhœa: stool mucous; green curdled and m. with mucus; undigested; yellowish-white, fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brown or pale fecal; m. with hard lumps. Lyc.

Diarrhœa: stool m. with mucus and blood; great absence of animal heat. Led.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; m. with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep, without waking. Coni.

Dysentery; infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody mucus m. with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Liquid stool m. with hard portion, passed with many loud emissions of flatus, together with colic. Coni.

Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy, m. with gas, and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

Pain in rectum during and long after stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, m. or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.

Stools watery, greenish, m. with flakes; rice water; sudden, involuntary. Ver-a.

Stools brown, slimy, m. with mucus, followed by tenesmus, and great burning in anus and rectum. Rheum. (Ars., Sulph.)

Stool watery, m. with white flakes. Croton-tig.

Stools of m. or changeable green and white mucus. Cham.

Stool nodular, m. with mucus. Sulph.

Stools bilious, then m. with membranous pieces. Colch.

Stools watery, light yellow, fecal; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; m. blood and slime. Lach.

Thin stool, m. with mucus and blood, floating on surface of water. Sabad.

Tenesmus, succeeded by fluid discharge m. with blood and mucus. Aloe.

Yellow and green diarrhœic stool, m. with mucus, preceded by excessive cutting around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Moaning.—Child lying upon mother's lap, m., eyes half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.

Moist.—M. soreness in anus and between nates, when walking. Nitr-ac.

Desire for stool in evening, with griping in hypogastrium, followed by large, m., at last thin, sour stools. Dulc.

Excrescences on and in anus, m., irregular. Petr.

Flatus: hot, m., offensive. Carbo-v.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, m.; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when walking, or when thinking of them. Caust.

Oozing, m., blind, or bleeding hæmorrhoids. Sulph.

Moisture.—M. about anus. Bar-c., Nitr-ac., Ran-sc., Sil. (Carbo-an., Carbo-v.)

M. from rectum. Anac.

M. with soreness and itching about anus. Sulph.

M. and soreness about anus. Nitr-ac.

M. oozes from anus. Natr-m.

M. between anus and coccyx. Led.

M. on perinæum. Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Pæon.

Acrid, corrosive m. from rectum. Carbo-v.

Anus sore; viscid m. oozing, also from perinæum. Carbo-an. (Sil.)

Exudation of offensive m. Pæon.

Fissure of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid m.; pain in rectum as if being torn or cut with knife; spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Glutinous m. of a musty odor exudes in considerable quantity from anus, at night. Carbo-v.

Oozing of m. from anus; prolapsus ani and debility. Sep.

Oozing of m. about anus. Thuja.

Sticky, odorless m. oozes from anus. Carbo-an.

Soreness of perinæum, with m. and painful itching when touched. Carbo-v.

Molasses.—Diarrhœa: stools green mucus; as green as grass (Agar.); bloody; fermented; looking like frothy m. Ipec.

Stools like black, fermented, frothy m. Ipec.

Moment.—Ineffectual urging to stool every m., with tenesmus in rectum. Merc.

Watery stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one m., with much flatulence; severe colic and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.

Months.—Constipation every three m. Kali-bi.

More.—After a thin, pappy stool, troublesome feeling as if still m. remained and would pass. Aloe.

Sensation after stool, as if m. remained in rectum. Aloe. (Nux-v.)

Tenesmus is peculiar: an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if m. stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Morning.—Aggravation in m. Sulph.

M. diarrhœa; very profuse, thin, yellow, dark and fetid stools. Dios.

M. diarrhœa, preceded by great pain. Cact.

M. diarrhœa (of children). Cimicif.

M. diarrhœa; brown and watery, preceded by urging and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. Rumex.

M. diarrhœa; stools watery, green, undigested or slimy, with severe colic and prolapsus ani. Podo.

M., afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy, mixed with gas and attended with great noise from flatus. Sulph.

M. diarrhœa: stools loose, bilious; dark, offensive, very urgent; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.

M. diarrhœa. Aloe, Apis, Eupat-perf., Ox-ac.

Awakened early m. by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp, cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.

Aggravation: in m.; from acids; in warm room; from motion. Apis.

Acid stools from early m. till noon; desire for stool continually. Arg-n.

Brown, watery diarrhœa occurring early in m., with rumbling about umbilicus, and colic before stool. Rumex.

Burning, serous diarrhœa, cholera morbus or cholera infantum, commencing at two or three o'clock in m. Iris.

Before stool, urgent pressure, waking patient in m. Kali-bi.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose m. stool. Natr-s. (Differing from Sulph. in occurring later and after rising.)

Chronic diarrhœa; black stools, only in m. Podo.

Diarrhœa, especially in m., stools of a dark color. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa some hours after midnight, or driving out of bed early in m.. Sulph. (Aloe, Nux-v., Rumex, Podo.)

Diarrhœa: worse in wet weather; in m.; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa during m., then natural stool in evening. **Podo.**

Diarrhœa early in m.; after lemonade. Phyt.

Diarrhœa early in m., stools green, sour. Podo.

Diarrhœa from midnight to m. Ars., Cist.

Diarrhœa daily, in m., with much noisy flatus; **after vaccination**; after fat food; after onions. Thuja.

Diarrhœa in m., soon as she moves. Bry.

Diarrhœa worse after midnight, also in m., after rising. Ars.

Diarrhœa in m. after rising, with violent pinching; after meals; with much rumbling; crampy colic and passing wind. Agar.

Diarrhœa every m. on rising, with griping in abdomen and rasping in rectum and anus. Lil-tig.

Diarrhœa, with much wind, worse evening and m.; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and burning in anus. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa commencing in m. Guaj.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black, slimy, fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in m. two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Diarrhœa early in m., driving out of bed. Dios. (Aloe, Bry., Nux-v., Phos., Podo., Rumex, Sulph.)

Diarrhœa in m. with tenesmus; frequent stools of thin, greenish mucus, suffocating spells about heart. Laur.

Flatulence during dentition, with green, sour stools in m. Podo.

Hard stool in m. after much urging and straining, with natural evacuation in afternoon. Ran-b.

Irresistible urging to stool early in m. Cist. (Color and consistency of stool differ from other early m. remedies.)

Liquid green stools with colic, early m., with fainting. Podo.

Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus early in m., and again about middle of forenoon a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

Painless m. diarrhœa. Nuph. (Podo.)

Prolapsus ani, with hæmorrhoids and m. diarrhœa. Podo.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock m. Ox-ac.

Small diarrhœa-like stools in m. corroding anus. Nux-v. (Caps.)

Severe colic every m., with stools of mucus and blood. Podo.

Sticking in rectum awakens four o'clock in m. Magn-c.

Stools of greenish-yellow mucus; worse m. Apis.

Stools chiefly at night or early in m. Fluor-ac.

Tenesmus, in m. after waking, then copious fluid stool. **Sulph.**

Tenesmus in m. after rising. Æth.

Urging to stool early in m., with bearing down in hypogastrium. Corn-c.

Urgent desire for stool, which is loose, at six and seven o'clock in m. Abrot.

Watery stool; urgent, painless, frequent every m. Tabac.

Watery diarrhœa in m., grains like tallow in rice-water evacuations, always worse in warm weather. Phos.

Wakes in m. with severe urging to stool, which continues after copious evacuation. Aloe.

Mornings.—Chronic watery diarrhœa, m., with pains in side of abdomen. Coloc.

Diarrhœa worse m.; bad sleep before midnight. Ferr.

Painless diarrhœa in m. (Podo., Sulph.) with six stools from morning till two o'clock p. m. Borax.

Mother's.—Child lying upon m. lap, moaning, eyes half closed; rolling head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.

Motion.—Aggravation: in morning; from acids; in warm room; from m. Apis.

Frequent ineffectual urging to stool, worse on m. and when walking. Rheum.

Hæmorrhage bright-red, not clotted; faint from least m. Nitr-ac.

Involuntary stool on least m. Phos.

Prolapsus ani with stool, or from least m. Podo. (Ign.)

Rectum inactive as if deficient in peristaltic m. and had not strength enough to pass contents out. Alu.

Stool occurs with every m. of body, as if anus was constantly open. Apis.

Mouth (see vol. ii., section on Mouth).—Chronic watery diarrhœa, with fever, dry m. and thirst; aggravated by moving about. Natr-m.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly m., cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation as from ants. Sec.

Move.—Bowels m. with a spasmodic burst or jerk, coming out like a shot from a gun. Croton-tig.

Moved.—Cholera infantum, typhoid type; child is very restless at night, has to be m. often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Moves.—Diarrhœa in morning soon as prover m. Bry.

Stools: greenish, muddy, spouting out like water; worse as soon as m.; from meat or vegetables. Lept.

Moving.—Chronic watery diarrhœa, with fever, dry mouth and thirst; aggravated by m. about. Natr-m.

Desire for stool aggravated by m. about or walking. Rheum.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucus, or dark or black watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks litt'e; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on m. Ars.

Muco-lymph.—Stools of masses of epithelium connected by m., looking red, or green, or shreddy, with severe bearing down in hypogastrium. Arg-n.

Mucous (see Mucus).—M. diarrhœa. Carls., Graph., Rheum. (Apis.)

M. piles, pricking, burning; continuous discharge of mucus staining yellow; sometimes ichor oozes out. Ant-c.

M. stool, like mush. Kalm.

M. stool, with colic. Ign.

M. stool; draws out like a rope. Xanth.

Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling; white m. discharge. Kali-c.

Catarrhal m. enteritis, with severe colic and tenesmus. Dios.

Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent bloody m. stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.

Dysenteric, m. diarrhœa. Millef.

Dysentery (in autumn); white, m. or bloody stool. Colch.

Gelatinous m. stool. Aloe, Colch., Cub., Hell., Kali-bi., Podo., Rhus-t., Sep.

Green and bloody m. stools; anus remaining wide open (in dysentery). Phos.

Granular m. stool. Bell., Borax.

Passive m. flux, with little pain, occurring chiefly at night. Puls.

Red m. stool. Canth., Graph., Rhus-t., Sulph.

Small, diarrhœic, green, m. and bloody stool, followed by urging, little or no stool passed. Bell.

Stools: m. with much urging; cadaverous, putrid, offensive, involuntary. Carbo-v.

Stools: bilious; watery; m. Cact.

White or green m. stools. Dulc.

White m. stool. Bell., Canth., Caust., Cham., Cina, Cocc., Coloc., Dulc., Elat., Graph., Hell., Iod., Ipec., Phos-ac., Podo., Puls., Sulph.

Watery, fecal, and m. diarrhœa; restless tossing about and constant uneasiness. Cupr.

Mucous membrane.—Constipation from great dryness of m. of rectum, with long-lasting pain. Alu.

Dysentery (especially in children); m. swollen and everted, with excessive tenderness. Bell.

Painful hæmorrhoids with ulceration; surrounding parts purple and covered with crusts; whole m. covered with ulcers and cracks. Pæon.

Sensation as if m. of rectum was thickened and that feces obstructed passage. Æsc.

Mucus (see Mucous).—Stool of m. Ang., Asar., Borax, Caps., Carbo-v., Chelid., China, Colch., Dulc., Graph., Hell., Merc., Nux-v., Phos., Puls., Rheum, Rhus-t., Squilla, Sec., Sep., Stann., Sulph.

Stool of m. in masses. Aloe.

M. remaining in anus after stool. Graph.

M. and blood with stool. Ferr., Merc., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Selen.

Blood and m. or diarrhœic stools. Sabin.

Blood with stool; white or bloody m. after stool. Asar.

Bloody stools of dark-brown m., with tenesmus and typhoid tendency. Bapt. (Ars.)

Chronic catarrh of intestines and discharge of masses of m. with stool, feces covered with m. Graph.

Chronic diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting, colicky pains; stools of m., or watery. Mez.

Chronic diarrhœa of m. and fecal matter; itching, soreness, and discharge of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.

Chronic diarrhœa, with many small passages of blood and m. (in women at climacteric). Apis.

Cholera infantum, with discharges of green m., sometimes with tenesmus (Merc-dulc.), with boring of head into pillow. Zinc.

Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, m., green, gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.

Cholera infantum; stools green, liquid, m. (liquid or drink heard as it runs down œsophagus, is characteristic). Laur.

Cholera infantum where there is violent vomiting of curdled milk of greenish m., and stools of green or bloody m., with tenesmus. Æth.

Constipation: stool hard, scanty; feces enveloped in m. Nitr-ac.

Constipation; stools hard like sheep's dung, and enveloped in m. Spig.

Constipation, with hard, crumbling stool, feces covered with glairy m. Am-m.

Discharge of m. from rectum. China.

Discharge of m. from anus. Ant-c.

Discharge of blood and m. during stool. Puls.

Discharge of m. during evacuations. Alu., Ferr., Graph., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Magn-m., Merc., Nux-v., Selen., Spig., Sulph.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green m. (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; m. and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa; stool like chopped eggs, of yellow m., sometimes frothy. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stool soft, pasty; yellowish white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin m. and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish, m.; tenesmus; bloody. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, m.; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like, m., with colic and tenesmus; of green m.; sour smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sec.

Diarrhœa; stools thin, mushy; of m. with tenesmus; worms. Spig.

Diarrhœa: stools green m.; as green as grass (Agar.); bloody; fermented; looking like frothy molasses. Ipec.

Diarrhœa: stools blackish, watery; foamy, brownish; frothy; bloody; whitish m. Iod.

Diarrhœa, discharges of m. and blood; or thin, yellow matter, or watery, accompanied by violent tenesmus, and sharp cutting pains in bowels. Collins.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; bloody m.; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Diarrhœa: stools m.; green, curdled and mixed with m.; undigested; yellowish-white, fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools dark, muddy, copious; m. and blood; involuntary; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow-brown fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with m. and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa, with stools of green m. Phos., Sulph.

Diarrhœa; stools of m. Stann., Tart-em.

Diarrhœa; stools white, slimy, m. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools dark yellow m., very offensive, like carrion. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools containing lumps of white m., or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Diarrhœa at night, stool consisting of green and acrid m., preceded by commotion in bowels. Puls.

Diarrhœa; stools of jelly-like m. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools watery, thin, red, m. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa; bloody m., or stool, on seeing water or hearing it run. Hydroph.

Diarrhœa with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum; prolapsus ani and constant pinching around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of m. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa in morning with tenesmus; frequent stools of thin, greenish m., suffocating spells about heart. Laur.

Diarrhœa; stools very fetid, and come away with a gush all at once; or m. and blood with great tenesmus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa: stool mixed with m. and blood; great absence of animal heat. Led.

Diarrhœa from cold; stool green or white m. Dulc.

Diarrhœa during menses, of green, m. stools. Am-m.

Diarrhœa, with stools of thick, dark-green m., or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Diarrhœa of watery m., with colicky pains about umbilicus during stool. Gum-gut.

Dysentery with rectum and anus greatly inflamed and sore, stool of bloody m., attended by tenesmus. Merc-bij.

Dysentery of pure m. Iod.

Dysentery: infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody m. mixed with green watery stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Dysentery: stools bloody; of m. Canth.

Dysenteryi with painful tenesmus; stools jelly-like m. Kali-jod.

Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like m., like scrapings of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.

Dysentery, with heat in rectum; tenesmus; discharge of m.; great prostration; hæmorrhage from bowels. Eucalyp.

Dysentery: stools of bloody m.; tenesmus. Coloc.

Dysentery; stools bloody m., with colic and tenesmus. Merc.

Dysentery; stools of m. and blood. Puls.

Dysentery; frequent, painful stools, but little fecal matter, much bloody m. Ailanth.

Dysenteric diarrhœa; stools of m. and blood, are like scrapings from intestines; tenesmus. Plat.

Dysenteric stools; difficult evacuation of soft stool or of bloody m., with tenesmus. Hep-s.

Discharge of m. Alu., Ant-c., Borax, Merc., Phos., Spig.

Discharge of bloody m., with itching and burning at anus, extending up towards rectum. Carls.

Discharge of thin, red blood, or m. from rectum after stool. Calad.

Desire to go to stool immediately after drinking; costive, passing nothing but m. Caps.

Difficult stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish m., sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

During dentition (with cholera infantum), stools of clear, tenacious, colorless m. Hell.

Frothy stool with m. Iod., Podo., Sil., Sulph-ac.

Frequent stools of greenish m. Ipec. (Arg-n., Bell., Magn-c., Merc-dulc., Puls.)

Frequent passage of mere m., preceded by colic. Puls.

Frequent, small stool, consisting of m. with prostration and necessity to lie down after every stool. Arn.

Frequent stool of m. only (after dysentery). Puls.

Frequent soft stool of yellow m., or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or pain in back. Puls.

Frequent desire for stool; but discharge of only m., with chilliness. Sil.

Feces covered with bloody m. Ipec.

Feces covered with m. or blood. Magn-m.

Glassy, tough m. in stool. Am-m. (Caust.)

Green bilious diarrhœa, mixed with m. Psor.

Green, watery, very offensive m.; stools being involuntary. Colch.

Gastro-enteritis; stools of m. and blood. Phyt.

Great rectal and anal irritation, with passage of fetid m. Grat.

Hard stool covered with m., shines as if greased. Caust.

Hard stool covered with m. Am-m., Casc.

Hard stool in lumps, covered with m. Caust., Magn-m., Nux-v., Plumb.

Hæmorrhoids discharging m. Clem.

Hæmorrhoids; a good deal of m. continually discharged from anus. Ant-c.

Ineffectual urging; stool of large lumps of m.; lumbrici; ascarides. Spig.

Ineffectual urging to stool, with discharge of m. or flatulence only. Sep.

Infantile diarrhœa or in cholera infantum; stools liquid, m., or bloody, having a very offensive odor. Psor.

Jelly-like stools, or sour stools of green m. (in children). Sep.

Knotty stool, enveloped in m. Magn-m.

Light-yellow stools of slimy m. Brom.

Loose feces lined with m. and blood. Merc.

Lumpy stools united by threads of m. Graph.

Mucous piles, pricking, burning; continuous discharge of m., staining yellow; sometimes ichor oozes out. Ant-c.

Nightly diarrhœa: changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green m. Puls.

Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with m., early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

Pipe-stem stool; very thin, like a round worm, dark colored, half digested, of an intolerable odor; much white m. with stools. Graph.

Pieces or strips of m., with tenesmus, burning and cutting in anus. Ars.

Pain in rectum during and long after stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with m.; involuntary straining. Sep.

Papescent stool, with m. Merc.

Purging of bloody m. Merc-cor.
Stools lumpy, covered with m. Hydr. (Graph.)
Stool nodular, mixed with m. Sulph.
Stool odorless, brownish-yellow, mixed with some m. **Cycl.**
Stool of thin, green m. Bell. (Apis, Arg-n., Merc., Puls., Sulph.)
Stool of yellow m. Agar., Apis, Asar., Bell., Borax, Brom., **Cham.**, China, Cub., Magn-c., Nicc., Podo., Puls., Rhus-t., Sulph-ac.
Stool of green m. Æth., Am-m., Apis, Arg-n., Bell., Borax, Canth., Cham., Cina, Colch., Dulc., Elat., Gum-gut., Ipec., Laur., Magn-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos., Phos-ac., **Psor.**, **Sep.**, Sulph.
Stools of m. and water. **Tereb.**
Stools of feces and m. Am-c.
Stools of bloody, shaggy, m. Caps.
Stools of chopped white and yellow m. **Cham.**
Stool thin, pale or bloody m., frequent. Carbo-v.
Stool covered with m. streaked with blood. Magn-m.
Stool of tenacious m. Asar., Caps., Croton-tig., Hell.
Stools dysenteric; bloody m. with tenesmus; black offensive **blood.** Nitr-ac.
Stool covered with m. and sometimes impossible to evacuate, even with most terrible straining, with much burning at anus and in rectum, and sense of great weight in anus. Sep.
Stools of m. streaked with blood. Sulph.
Stool thin, papescent, or brown, slimy, curdled, and mixed with m. Rheum.
Stools of pure m.; or m., blood and bile, with great faintness and distress after stool, from portal congestion. Polyp.
Stools of m., or watery, with great prostration. Nitr-ac.
Stools brown, slimy, mixed with m., followed by tenesmus, and great burning in anus and rectum. Rheum. (Ars., Sulph.)
Stools coated with shreds of yellow m. Podo.
Stools greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody m. Puls.
Stool of yellow, fecal matter, m. and blood, with tenesmus, then cutting in hypogastrium. Collins.
Stools of blood and m., worse nights, with great tenesmus. Rhus-t.
Stools first watery and of m., then bilious, and lastly bloody. Coloc.
Stools of transparent, gelatinous, jelly-like m. Colch.
Stools of bloody m. Æth.
Stools of pure blood, or blood and m.; involuntary. **Phos.**
Stools of greenish-yellow m.; worse morning. **Apis.**
Stool of adhesive m. Caps.
Stools of slimy m. Arn.
Stools thin, yellow, fecal; offensive; dark-green m. **Gum-gut.**

Stool of scanty yellow, stringy m. Asar.
Stools of slimy m. and blood. Apis.
Stool of slimy, bloody, white, or blood-streaked m. Canth. (Merc-cor.)
Stools of green, fetid, m., with noisy flatus at night. Arg-n.
Stool of shaggy masses of m., of resinous appearance. Asar.
Stools of thick, dark, green m. Ars.
Stools small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like m. Aloe.
Stools of very membranous m., relieving colic. Colch.
Stools of m., blood and pus, where rectum is involved. Arn.
Stools of mixed or changeable green and white m. Cham.
Stools of m. and blood, with frequent urging. Sabin.
Stool of brown m. Ars., Grat., Nux-v., Zing.
Stool papescent, with large quantities of m.; no pains. Bapt.
Stool of glazed m. Kalm.
Stools covered with filamentous yellow m., last part bloody. Carbo-v.
Stools of m., with great burning in anus after stool. Croton-tig.
Stool of blood and m. Canth. (Merc.)
Stool of dark m. Arg-n.
Stools covered with m. Alu.
Soft stool, with bloody m., preceded by cutting in abdomen. Sulph.
Soft, light-yellow stool, of slimy m., with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing infants with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.
Small, frequent stools, consisting of m., at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.
Small, frequent stool of tenacious m., mingled with black blood, causing tenesmus. Caps.
Small stools of a slimy, bloody m., with much urging. Nux-v.
Severe colic every morning, with stools of m. and blood. Podo.
Strings of odorless m. pass from bowels (as in catarrh). Asar.
Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic frequent stools of green m., in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets; water runs straight through. Arg-n.
Tenesmus, with first only a little m., then transparent, bilious, membranous m., relieving colic. Colch.
Tenesmus, succeeded by fluid discharge mixed with blood and m. Aloe.
Thin stool, mixed with m. and blood, floating on surface of water. Sabad.
Varices protrude during micturition; blood, then white m. escapes. Kali-c.
Violent diarrhœa: stools white as clay; chalky; ash-colored; whitish or ash-gray, fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish filled with m. Dig.
Very loose, bright-yellow stools, with a quantity of m., preceded by considerable griping. Fluor-ac.

Very distressing, persistent tenesmus, and cutting, colicky pains; after stool, burning and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but m. tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

White m. before and during stool. Kali-c.

White, tough m. with stool, like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Yellow and green diarrhœic stool, mixed with m., preceded by excessive cutting around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Muddy.—Diarrhœa: stools dark, m., copious; mucus and blood; involuntary; a constant discharge. Ox-ac.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, m., copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Stool: greenish, m., spouting out like water; worse as soon as moves; from meat or vegetables. Lept.

Muscular.—Inharmonious m. action, irritation, and hyperæsthesia, in either constipation or diarrhœa. Sulph.

Muscles.—Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them, when after much violent effort of abdominal m. feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

Stools large in size, requiring great effort of abdominal m. and diaphragm to expel. Zinc.

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal m., and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal m., flexors of arms and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Watery, involuntary diarrhœa, with violent cramps of involuntary m. Cupr.

Mush.—Mucous stool, like m. Kalm.

Stool like m., gray, hot, or undigested. Aloe.

Stool like m., easily discharged, followed by pressure in rectum. Kalm.

Mush-like.—Dysentery; after bloody stools have ceased, tenesmus. with brown, m., slimy, sour stools. Rheum.

Diarrhœa; stools m., yellowish, with rumbling and passing of wind. Berb.

Papescent or m. stools, with odor like old cheese. Bry.

Mushy.—M. stools. Bapt.

M. or copious watery stools. Polyp.

M. stools that are terribly offensive, and very debilitating. Sil.

M. stools of cadaverous odor. Oxytrop.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, m.; of mucus, with tenesmus; worms. Spig.

Loose stools, m., with tenesmus, and cramp-like sensation in umbilical region. Myrica.

Stools: slimy; dark-colored; bilious; very offensive; light m. Dios.
Several copious, thick, m. stools. Berb.
Stool; at first hard, black and lumpy, then m. Lept.
Stools m. or copious and watery, and sometimes bloody. Ver-v.
Stools light yellow, m., clay-colored (in jaundice). Myrica.

Musty.—Glutinous moisture of a m. odor exudes in considerable quantity from anus, at night. Carbo-v.
Thin, frothy stools, saffron yellow of m. odor, like brown paper burning. Coloc.

Napkin.—Diarrhœa: stools while being washed; dirty water soaking through n. Podo.

Narrow.—Stool; hard, dry, long and n. Phos.
Stool like sheep's dung or laurel berries; difficult passage, with cutting in anus, as if too n., followed by stream of blood; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.

Narrowing.—Contraction and n. of rectum, hindering expulsion of stool. Nux-v.

Nates.—Burning between n. Thuja.
Hæmorrhoids so sensitive to slightest touch that patient has to lie down, with nates separated. Bell.
Knotty, wart-like eruption on anus and between n. Natr-s.
Moist soreness in anus and between n., when walking. Nitr-ac.
Sore between n., around anus and in groin, on moderate walking. Arg-m.
Soreness between n. Calc-c., Natr-m., Sep.

Natural.—Diarrhœa during morning, then n. stool in evening. Podo.
Stools n., but too frequent during day, and exhausting. Podo.

Nausea (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—N. before and during stool. Ipec.
N. after evacuations. Acon., Caust., Croton-tig., Kali-bi., Ox-ac., Zing.
N. during evacuations. Agar., Ang., Arg-m., Asar., Berb., Bell., Cham., Chelid., Coloc., Croton-tig., Cupr., Grat., Hell., Ipec., Kali-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Pæon., Prun-s., Sil., Sulph., Tart-em., Ver-a.
N. before evacuations. Acon., Bry., Calc-c., Chelid., Dulc., Grat., Hell., Ipec., Merc., Rhus-t., Rumex, Sep., Tart-em.
After stool: n. and cramp in calves; dryness in throat. Ox-ac.
Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, n., headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.
Before stool: constant urging, with n. and tearing colic; cutting. Rhus-t.
Before stool: rumbling in abdomen; n. Chelid.
Cholera infantum (in teething children), excessive n. and frequent stools of green or yellow water. Croton-tig.

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold perspiration, deathly n. without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Cholera infantum of alkaline or fat, chubby, pale children, with light-green, frothy stools, n. and vomiting. Ipec.

Cholera infantum, with n., vomiting and watery diarrhœa. Mez.

Constant tenesmus, with n. and smarting pains in intestines; is rheumatic and has to change positions often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Constant tenesmus, with n. and lacerating in intestines. Rhus-t.

Constipation with n. and vomiting. Nux-v., Plumb.

Diarrhœa with n. and vomiting (Ipec., Iris, Ver-a.), with excoriation of anus. Asclep. (Ars., Sulph.)

Diarrhœa, preceded by colic (Aloe.) and n. Ang.

Diarrhœa, with dullness, dizziness, weariness, n. and bellyache. Kalm.

Diarrhœa with n. and sweat, either before or after. Acon.

Diarrhœa with n. Ars., Bell., Bism., Hell., Ipec., Lach., Merc., Prun-s., Rhus-t.

Dysentery, with backache, violent tenesmus, n. and vomiting. Nux-v.

Dysentery, with n. and colic. Rhus-t.

During stool: cutting colic; urging; n. Rhus-t.

During stool: pains, with n. Agar.

Desire to evacuate, with n. Rhus-t.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); n. and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Green, slimy stools, n., vomiting and great prostration (in children). Tabac.

Straining for stool all day, n., disagreeable taste; worse drinking cold water. Ferr.

Tenesmus with n. and pain in abdomen. Rhns-t.

Watery diarrhœa, with n., colic and great debility. Hell.

Yellow, watery, greenish and painless stools, with dry lips, n. and great faintness. Croton-tig.

Nauseated.—Feels n. during a diarrhœic stool. Merc.

Navel (see section on Abdomen).—Pain about n. before evacuations. Aloe, Am-m., Caps., Fluor-ac., Grat., Nux-v., Ox-ac.

Pain about n. during evacuation. Kali-bi. (Fluor-ac., Ox-ac.)

Needle.—Flying, very painful, single stitches in anus, as from a fine n. Thuja.

Needle-like.—N. stitches in rectum, when not at stool. Phos.

Needles.—Burning in hæmorrhoids, as from hot n. Ars.

Hæmorrhoids; blind, painful, with burning prickings, as if hot n. were piercing parts. Ars.

Intolerable pain in rectum as if pierced by numerous n. Magn-c.

Piercing pain in rectum, as from n. Magn-c., Aloe.

Sticking in anus during stool, as with n. Carbo-v.

Nephritis (see section on Urinary Organs).—Intestinal catarrh and diarrhœa, with n. Tereb.

Nerves (see section on Nerves).—Constipation on account of paralysis of motor n.; hardness and large size of stools; cannot be expelled. Ver-a. (Bry., Iris.)

Nervous.—Dysenteric diarrhœa, with tenesmus and great n. excitement. Ign.

Neuralgia.—N. of rectum. Plumb.

N. in rectum and anus, shooting through perinæum to penis, with constipation. Phyt.

N. of rectum; pain in anus, returning regularly every day, relieved by sitting. Ign.

News.—Diarrhœa after exciting n. Gels.

Night.—Stool only at n. Merc.

Ascarides in rectum, with itching at anus at n. (in children). Ferr.

Aggravation: at n.; after ice cream; after fruit (strawberries). Puls.

Aggravation: at n.; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Burning at anus, prevents sleep at n.; must rise from bed on account of this and tenesmus. Am-c.

Cholera morbus, worse at n., cold sweat on forehead; vomiting and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Cholera infantum, typhoid type; child is very restless at n., has to be moved often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Constant urging at n., cannot lie nor sit on account of sticking and sore pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.

Chronic, painless diarrhœa of undigested food, with much thirst for water during n. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish or brownish; profuse; involuntary; when passing flatus; worse at n; after milk. Kali-c.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at n. China.

Diarrhœa, with smarting, stinging or burning pains at n. Caps.

Diarrhœa: painless with rumbling of wind; worse at n. and from fright, with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.

Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at n. and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Diarrhœa with colic (in summer), with watery stool at n., if weather cools. Dulc.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish, bilious, watery; only or usualy at n., sometimes unconsciously evacuated. Puls.

Diarrhœa at n., stool consisting of green and acrid mucus, preceded by commotion in bowels. Puls.
Diarrhœa day and n. Kali-c., Sil., Sulph.
Diarrhœa in day, not at n. Am-m., Canth., Cina, Glon., Gum-gut., Hep-s., Magn-c., Natr-s., Nitr., Petr., Squilla.
Diarrhœa at n. Brom., Puls., Rhus-t.
Diarrhœa at n., with violent colic, always relieved by stools, or when lying on belly. Rhus-t.
Diarrhœa; involuntary stools at n. while sleeping. Rhus-t.
Dysentery, with slimy, bloody stools at n.; constant urging. Kali-n.
Dysenteric stools at n., with colic and violent tenesmus. Sulph.
Dysenteric stools, with colic; straining and violent tenesmus, especially at n. Sulph.
Discharge of liquid, then feces, at n. during sleep. Sulph.
Desire to evacuate at n. Merc. (Puls., Sulph.)
Excessive itching in anus day and n. Caust.
Exceedingly sudden diarrhœa at n. Nux-v.
Glutinous moisture of a musty odor exudes in considerable quanity from anus, at n. Carbo-v.
Greenish, frothy stool, worse n. Caps.
Hard stool at n. or after meals. China.
Involuntary stool at n. in sleep. Arn. (Hyos.)
Involuntary stools (Ars., Carbo-v.); at n. (Hyos.); during sleep (in fevers). Arn.
Involuntary stools (Arn., Ars., Phos.), at n.; while vomiting. Hyos. (Ailanth., Mur-ac.)
Involuntary stool at n. Arn., Bry., Coni., Hyos., Mosch., Puls., Rhus-t.
Infantile diarrhœa, stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to cry and scream at every stool; worse at n. Merc-cor.
Itching at anus at n. in bed. Lyc.
Intestinal catarrh coming on suddenly at n. (in summer); vomiting and purging. Ver-a.
Passive mucous flux, with little pain, occurring chiefly at n. Puls.
Stools often entirely at n. China.
Stools of green, fetid, mucus, with noisy flatus at n. Arg-n.
Stools during day copious, soft, dark, or light yellowish-brown; at n. scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.
Stools chiefly at n. or early in morning. Fluor-ac.
Stool yellow and copious during day, hard and black at n. Merc-jod.
Stools like washings of meat; yellowish brown, bloody, cadaverous smelling and involuntary at n. Rhus-t.
Tenesmus at n. Merc.
Urgency to stool on urinating at n. Aloe.
Urging mostly at n. or after eating. Bry.

Urging wakens at n., drives out of bed at six o'clock a. m. Aloe.
Watery diarrhœa, worse at n., with great debility. Iris.

Nightly.—N. diarrhœa, with burning in rectum. Aur.
N. diarrhœa, with severe colic, causing child to bend double. Cham.
N. diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.
Ascarides, with creeping and itching, and n. restlessness, worse from warmth of bed. Teucr.
Copious, watery, n. diarrhœa, with great tympanitis. Mosch.
Intolerable n. tingling and itching at anus, from seat-worms. Acon.

Nights.—Aching and pressure in rectum; worse n., with bleeding piles. Lyc.
Dysentery or inflammatory diarrhœa during hot days and cold n. Acon.
Stools of blood and mucus, worse n., with great tenesmus. Rhus-t.

Night-sweats.—Tabes mesenterica, with rapid emaciation, n. Iod.

Nocturnal.—N. diarrhœa, with violent colic, headache and pain in limbs. Rhus-t. (Merc.)

Nodular.—N. stool, with pain in rectum. Magn-m.
Stool n., mixed with mucus. Sulph.
Very hard n. stool, like clay stones, evacuated only with great effort. Sil.

Noise.—N. from flatus rolling. Bry., Carbo-an., Lyc., Sars., Sep., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
N. from flatus rolling, with drawing through legs down to toes. Ferr-mag.
N. from flatus rolling in left side; feels it but does not hear it. Lach.
Croaking n. from flatus. Arg-m., Graph.
Flatus; n. as of something crying. Arg-m., Thuja.
Gurgling n. from flatus. Aloe, Cina, Gum-gut., Jatr.
Grunting n. from flatus. Sil., Spong.
Morning, afternoon and evening, always soon after eating, stool half fluid, half lumpy mixed with gas, and attended with great n. from flatus. Sulph.
Rumbling n. from flatus. Anac., Ant-c., Natr-m., Oleand., Plumb., Sep., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
Thin, watery stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times n. as of water gurgling from a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)
Watery stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic and gurgling n. in bowels. Aloe.

Noiseless.—Frequent n. emission of warm flatus. Teucr.

Noises.—Sudden urging to stool, with n. as of liquids in abdomen. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Noisy.—Diarrhœa daily, in morning, with much n. flatus, after vaccination; after fat food; after onions. Thuja.

Stools of green, fetid mucus, with n. flatus at night. Arg-n.

Noon.—Acid stools from early morning till n.; desire for stool continually. Arg-n.

Thin, greenish, yellow, hot stools squirting out (Croton-tig.); worse after midnight until n. Cist.

Nose (see section on Nose, vol. i.).—Pressure upon perinæum when blowing n. Alu.

Nothing.—Constant desire to go to stool, but n. passes. Berb. (Alu., Cact., Nux-v.)

Sensation of great weight and urging to evacuate a great quantity, but n. passes. Cact.

Nurse.—Stool on starting from sleep, with anxious screams, throwing hands about, seizing things, or clinging to mother or n. Borax.

Nurses.—Diarrhœa after infant n. Ant-c.

Nursing.—Constipation of n. children. Alu. (Hydr., Opi., Nux-v.)

Colic and diarrhœa immediately after n. Croton-tig.

Constipation (in n. infants). Alu., Nux-v., Opi., Sulph., Ver-a.

Diarrhœa after n. Ant-c.

Lienteria (of n. infants); milk passes undigested. Magn-c.

Soft, light-yellow stool of slimy mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in n. infants with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.

Nuts.—Stool hard, in small balls or n., or like sheep's dung. Cimex.

Obstinate.—O. constipation. Lach. (Alu., Plumb., Nux-v., Opi.)

Constipation, o., with large, hard, difficult stools; a feeling of tightness. Apis.

Obstructed.—O. portal circulation. Nux-v.

Sensation as if mucous membrane of rectum was thickened and that feces o. passage. Æsc.

Obstruction.—O. of bowels. Cocc.

Occur.—Chronic diarrhœa, patient feels as if stool might o. at any time, with disposition to strain and bearing down. Iris.

Feels as if diarrhœa would o. when standing. Agn.

Occurs.—Stool o. with every motion of body, as if anus was constantly open. Apis.

O'clock.—Morning diarrhœa; brown and watery, preceded by urging and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o. Rumex.

Sticking in rectum awakens four o. in morning. Magn-c.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o. morning. Ox-ac.

Urging wakens at night, drives out of bed at six o. a. m. Aloe.

Urgent desire for stool, which is loose, at six and seven o. in morning. Abrot.

Odor.—Diarrhœa (in children, during dentition); profuse, watery, light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of a strong, pungent o. Benz-ac.

Diarrhœa of undigested stools; of sour o. Calc-c.

Emission of large quantities of wind (flatus) with o. of garlic, with smarting pain in rectum. Agar.

Green stools, or like chopped eggs, with sour o. Rheum.

Glutinous moisture of a musty o. exudes in considerable quantity from anus, at night. Carbo-v.

Infantile diarrhœa or in cholera infantum, stools liquid, mucous or bloody, having a very offensive o. Psor.

Mushy stools of cadaverous o. Oxytrop.

Offensive flatus (Æsc., Aloe, Bry., Carbo-v., Graph.), with o. like rotten eggs. Arn. (Sulph.)

Oozing of fluid from rectum, o. of fish brine. Calc-c.

Profuse emission of fetid flatus, with o. like rotten eggs. Oleand.

Papescent or mush-like stools with o. like old cheese. Bry.

Pipe-stem stool; very thin, like a round worm, dark colored, half digested, of an intolerable o.; much white mucus with stools. Graph.

Stool small in quantity, of dark color, offensive o., with great prostration. Ars.

Stool containing white points or flakes, like pus, offensive o. Calc-ph.

Stools papescent, foul smelling; watery; cadaverous o. Bism. (Ars.)

Stools of strong, pungent o., like that of urine. Benz-ac.

Stools pappy, brown, with undigested food and of atrociously putrid o. Graph.

Stools like curdled milk, of offensive, sickening o., expelled forcibly. Gum-gut.

Thin, frothy stools, saffron yellow, of musty o. like brown paper burning. Coloc.

Watery stools of disgusting o.; discharge profuse and greenish. Asaf.

Whitish, watery stools, worse in after part of day, often of sour o. Calc-c.

Odorless.—Diarrhœa; stools frothy, painless and o. (yellow fluid). Rhus-t.

Painless, o. stools, like scraping from intestines. Brom.

Stool o., brownish-yellow, mixed with some mucus. Cycl.

Œsophagus (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—Cholera infantum; stools green, liquid, mucous (liquid or drink heard as it runs down œ., is characteristic). Laur.

Offensive.—O. stools. Ars.

O. flatus, with odor like rotten eggs. Arn. (Sulph.)

O., yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

O. perspiration at anus. Alu., Carbo-an., Thuja.
O., watery diarrhœa (in child-bed). Sec.
O. flatus. Æsc., Aloe, Bry., Calc-ph., Carbo-v., Graph.
Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, o., forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.
Cholera infantum: stools watery, gushing, profuse, green, with sudden urging, often painless; o., worse in hot weather. Podo.
Cholera infantum, waking up frightened, shortly after a dark or black diarrhœic stool; very o. Psor.
Constant urging to stool, followed by sudden, pasty, o. evacuation of a dirty green color, which is forcibly shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.
Child lying upon mother's lap, moaning, eyes half closed; rolling head, stools o. and dark colored. Podo.
Diarrhœa (in children, during dentition); profuse, watery, light colored, o., exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.
Diarrhœa; stools o., painful, grayish, ashy. Aur.
Diarrhœa: stools watery; yellowish-brown, fecal; o. Fluor-ac.
Diarrhœa: light yellow; o.; from fruit; after chocolate. Lith-c.
Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; o.; thin olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.
Diarrhœa: stools horribly o.; pasty, liquid, mucous; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.
Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black, slimy, fluid; in frothy bubbles; very o.; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell)
Diarrhœa: stool soft, pasty; yellowish-white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very o. Sulph-ac.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, dark, o.; bilious. Ptel.
Diarrhœa: stools dark yellow mucus, very o. like carrion. Podo.
Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin, fluid; very o.; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease Psor.
Diarrhœa: stools dark, fluid, frothy; o.; involuntary; after fright; after sudden joy. Opi.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, whittish-gray, fecal; yellowish, and very o.; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-ac.
Diarrhœa: stools bloody, slimy; scanty, frequent, o. Merc-cor.
Dysenteric stools, terribly o. Carbo-v.
Dark, o. stools, like gruel, with griping in intestines. Jalap.

Exudation of o. moisture. Pæon.
Frequent, small, thin, dark, o. and acrid stools (Ars); consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.
Frequent passage of o. flatus. Caust.
Frequent scanty discharge of liquid as o. as carrion. Sil.
Frequent, thin, dark, o. stools. Ars., Cimicif.
Flatus; hot, moist, o. Carbo-v.
Fetid, o. stool. Ars., Asaf., Carbo-v., Coloc., Opi., Paris, Puls., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
Green, watery, very o. mucus; stools being involuntary. Colch.
Hæmorrhoids: protrude; blue; suppurating and o.; with burning; after debauchery; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.
Infantile diarrhœa or in cholera infantum; stools liquid, mucus, or bloody, having a very o. odor. Psor.
Morning diarrhœa: stools loose, bilious; dark, o., very urgent; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.
Much o. flatus. Carbo-v., Myrica. (Aloe, Bry., Colch., Mez., Sil.)
Much o. flatus is passed; flatus peculiar and stinking. Tellur.
Mushy stools that are terribly o., and very debilitating. Sil.
Painless, o. stools; profuse and frequent; great prostration, paleness and listlessness. Bism.
Pus discharged with stools, which are extremely o. Calc-ph.
Stool profuse, thick, papescent, brown, o. Asaf.
Stool containing white points or flakes, like pus, o. odor. Calc-ph.
Stool small in quantity, of dark color, o. odor, with great prostration. Ars.
Stools: thin, yellow, fecal; o.; dark-green mucus. Gum-gut.
Stools poured from him with a gush, as if forced by wind; very o. and fermented exactly like yeast. Ipec.
Stool very o., smells horrible; child always awakens in distress. Lach.
Stools like curdled milk, of o., sickening odor, expelled forcibly. Gum-gut.
Stools: mucus, with much urging; cadaverous, putrid, o., involuntary. Carbo-v.
Stools thin, watery, o., with pains in bowels. Chin-ars.
Stools very o.; liquid or pasty. Sil.
Stool greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; o., corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.
Stools: slimy; dark colored; bilious; very o.; light, mushy. Dios.
Stools: liquid, fecal; o. Coff.
Stools o., pasty, or bilious and acrid. Bry.
Stools yellowish and very o.; child very listless, wants nothing and cares for nothing. Phos-ac.
Stool pasty, dark green, bilious, blackish, o. Merc-cor.
Thin, o. stools, smelling like bad eggs. Calc-c.

Thin, watery, o. diarrhœa; passing involuntary when urinating. Ailanth.

Tenesmus with copious, pappy, o. stools; boring pain in bowels obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

Urging to stool, with passage only of o. flatus. Aloe.

Urging, but no evacuation, with sensation of a mass in lower part of rectum, and discharge of o. flatus only. Sang.

Urgent stool, preceded by colic and passage of o. flatus. Cast-eq.

Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only o. flatus; pain in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.

Very o. burning flatus. Aloe.

Very o. diarrhœa, with colic. Asaf.

Very o. flatus in evening. Colch.

Very o. flatus for many days, smelling like rotten eggs. Sulph.

Very o. dark-brown, fetid stools. Psor.

Very o. diarrhœa. Calc-ph. (Ars.)

Watery, green or brown stools; exceedingly o. Ars. (Asaf., Bapt., Lept.)

Oily (see Grease).—Oily or greasy stool. Thuja. (Iris.)

Old cheese.—Papescent or mush-like stools with odor like o. Bry.

Old man.—O. look in children, with enteritis or tabes mesenterica. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

Old men.—Chronic diarrhœa (in o., indicated by stool and urinary symptoms, with tremulous weakness). Coni.

Itching in and around anus (in o.). Fluor-ac.

Old people.—Alternate diarrhœa and constipation (Cimicif., Card., Natr-ars., Nux-v., Podo.) of o. Ant-c.

Diarrhœa of o. Ant-c.

Hard stool, with depression of mind, causing headache (in o.). Calc-ph.

Irregular stools; diarrhœa, alternating with constipation. Iod. (In aged or o. Ant-c.)

Cholera infantum; emaciation; face like of an o. Guaj. Arg-n.

Olive green.—O., slimy, profuse stools, full of bright-red lumps. Apis.

Copious liquid stools; watery, frothy or of o. color. Elat.

Once.—Stools: frequent; copious, shooting out all at o. with a single, somewhat prolonged effort. Gum-gut.

Onions.—Diarrhœa daily, in morning, with much noisy flatus (after vacination; after fat food; after o.). Thuja.

Stool smelling like o. Nux-j.

Oozes.—Corrosive ichor o. from anus, excoriating parts. Merc-cor.

Glutinous moisture of a musty odor o. in considerable quantity from anus, at night. Carbo-v.

Mucous piles, pricking, burning; continuous discharge of mucus, staining yellow; sometimes ichor o. out. Aut-c.

Moisture o. from anus. Natr-m.

Sticky, odorless moisture o. from anus. Carbo-an.

Oozing.—O. from anus. Rat.

O. of moisture about anus. Thuja.

O. of moisture from anus; prolapsus ani and debility. Sep.

O., moist, blind, or bleeding hæmorrhoids. Sulph.

O. of fluid from rectum, smelling like fish-brine. Calc-c.

O. of offensive moisture. Pæon.

Anus sore; viscid moisture o., also from perinæum. Carbo-an. (Sil.)

Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant o. of fetid moisture; pain in rectum, as if being torn or cut with a knife; spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, copious bleeding or ichorous o.; tearing pains, with itching and gnawing. Ferr.

Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore; o. of a yellow fluid. Calc-ph.

Opaque.—Diarrhœa; stools containing lumps of white mucus, or little grains, like o. frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Open.—Paralysis of rectum and anus; anus stood wide o. Sec.

Paralysis of sphincter ani; anus always o. Phos. (Apis, Sec.)

Stool occurs with every motion of body, as if anus was constantly o. Apis.

Openness.—Constant o. of anus. Phos.

Opera.—Apprehension on going to church or o., bringing on diarrhœa. Arg-n., Gels.

Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or o.; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Orauge colored.—Thin yellow, or o. stools, with extreme weakness. Apis.

Ordeal.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual o.; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Orifices.—Bleeding from anus and other o. of body. Crotal.

Os coccygis.—Urgency as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with sensation as of a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and o. Aloe. (Anac.)

Ought.—Feels continually as if he o. to go to stool. Aloe.

Out.—Fullness and pressing o. in anus. Aloe.

Hard stool falls o. unnoticed. Aloe. (Caust.)

Hæmorrhoids: sore, blind; protruding after stool, with pressing in rectum, as if everything would come o. Rhus-t.

Rectum feels full of fluid, and as if it would fall o. Aloe.

Rectum inactive, as if deficient in peristaltic motion and had not strength enough to pass contents o. Alu.

Stools frequent, copious, shooting o. all at once with a single, somewhat prolonged effort. Gum-gut.

Violent, sudden, hurried urging; thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool forcibly spurting o. with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Outward.—Pressure o. in perinæum. Asaf.

Pain in anus, as if a plug were forcing o. Croton-tig.

Upon pressure at umbilicus a painful sensation is felt down to anus where there is constant pressure o. Croton-tig.

Over-eating.—Dysenteric diarrhœa (from o.). Ant-c.

Oysters.—Black, fecal stools, worse after o. Brom.

Diarrhœa after eating o. Brom.

Packed.—Constipation; stool so hard and p. in rectum that it was difficult to expel. Selen.

Obstinate constipation; stool only once in eight or ten days, feces composed of lumps p. together like sheep's dung, with severe colic. Plumb.

Pain.—P. in rectum. Kreas., Mang., Rhod.

P. and tenesmus in rectum. Acon. (Caps.)

P. in rectum during and long after stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary straining. Sep.

P. in rectum extending to genitals. Sep.

P. as if rectum would be torn asunder during stool. Nitr-ac.

P. about navel during evacuation. Kali-bi. (Fluor-ac., Ox-ac.)

P. in sacral region after evacuation. Tabac.

P. in abdomen after evacuation, as if diarrhœa would occur. Natr-m.

P. in abdomen during evacuation. Ang., Ars., Bry., Merc-cor.

P. in anus before evacuations. Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Lach., Merc. Nux-v., Oleand., Phos., Puls., Rat., Spong.

P. in abdomen before evacuation. Am-m., Bar-c., Bry., Eugen., Rat., Thuja, Ver-a.

P. about navel before evacuations. Aloe, Am-m., Caps., Fluor-ac., Grat., Nux-v., Ox-ac.

P. in groins before evacuations. Natr-s.

P. in anus during evacuation. Mur-ac., Ox-ac., Sars., Stront.

P. in rectum after evacuation. Asar., Grat., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nux-v., Petr., Phos., Puls., Seneg.

P. in rectum before evacuations. Nux-v.

P. in anus after evacuations. Alu., Coloc., Lyc.

P. in rectum during evacuations. Ant-c., Aloe, Caust., Coni.

P. in anus when sitting. Am-m., Phos., Therid.

P. in anus as if something were torn away. Calc-c.

P. in anus after meals. Lyc.

P., like a bruise in anus. Lact.
P. in perinæum after stool. Lyc.
P. in back with constipation. Colch.
P. in anus, as if plug were forcing outward. Croton-tig.
P. along colon down into rectum. Croton-tig.
P. in back during evacuation. Carbo-an., Cupr., Kali-jod., Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Stront., Tabac.
P. in rectnm during stool; feeling of soreness as if an ulcer had been torn open. Ant-c.
Anal fissure; severe, sharp, cutting p. during stool, followed by constriction and aching for several hours. Graph.
After taking cold, cutting p., with a loose discharge of a dark-brown or black feces, like coffee grounds. Camph.
Bearing-down p. in rectum and anus. Apoc.
Bloody diarrhœa, with violent p. in bowels, extending down into thighs. Coloc.
Blind hæmorrhoids; with sticking, beating or pressive p. in rectum and anus. Nux-v.
Boring, cramp-like p. extending from rectum to testicles. Sil.
Biting, sore p. in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. Mez.
Biting p. in anus during evacuation. Dulc., Lyc.
Burning p. with soreness in anus when touched, and great sensitiveness when siting. Berb.
Burning p. after stool, in anus. Kali-bi. (Iris, Sulph.)
Burning at anus, and p. as from excoriation, during and after stool. Magn-m.
Burning p. in anus during evacuation. Caps., Natr-m., Ver-a.
Burning p. in perinæum, raphe of which was more prominent than usual, and one inch from anus a tubercle size of a pea appeared, which increased for three days and disappeared in about ten days. Thuja.
Constrictive p. in anus while sitting. Mang.
Constrictive sore p. in rectum, as from blind piles, for one or two hours after stool. Ign. (Natr-m.)
Constrictive p. in anus, together with a sensation as if thighs were drawn together, so that she was obliged to close them. Can-sat.
Contractive p. at anus. Lyc.
Contractive p. in rectum, preventing sitting, afternoons. Cocc.
Constant urging at night, cannot lie nor sit on account of sticking and sore p. in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.
Continual sensation after stool, as if had just been to stool or just recovered from p. in anus. Berb.
Constipation from great dryness of mucous membrane of rectum, with long-lasting p. Alu.
Cramp-like p. in rectum during stool. Kreas.

Constipation: stools difficult and painful; p. from back to pubes. Sabin.

Constipation: p. in small of back; large quantities of blood from rectum, with hard, difficult stool. Psor.

Constipation with hæmorrhoids attended with severe p. in back like lumbago. Euony.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without p., with great prostration and weak, depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Polyp.

Colic, diarrhœa and dysentery, where p. and spasms are leading symptoms. Dios.

Cramp-like p. as if an angular body pressed inward in right side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

Catarrhal inflammation of bowels, with great p. and tenesmus of rectum. Merc-cor.

Cutting p. in anus during evacuation. Caust., Laur., Natr-c., Staph.

Croupous inflammation of rectum; thin, unshapely strips pass in masses, with burning, constriction, and sore p. Arg-n.

Diarrhœa, great p. during and after stool, as though anus was fissured. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa with burning p. and tenesmus of rectum; prolapsus ani, and constant pinching around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa with p. in sacral region. Colch., Kali-jod., Nux-v., Puls.

Diarrhœa with pain in back. Ferr., Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa, with p. in abdomen. Agar., Ang., Ant-c., Asaf., Bov., Bry., Can-sat., Canth., Cham., Coloc., Jalap., Merc., Merc-cor., Mez., Nux-v., Ol-an., Petr., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Stront., Sulph., Ver-a.

Diarrhœa and tenesmus, with p. in small of back, as if in a vise. Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa, with p., causing unceasing screaming and tossing about. Ipec.

Diarrhœa without p., followed by prostration. Graph.

Diarrhœa, with tearing streaks of p. down legs, causing them to be powerless, at every stool. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa, with p. extending from back through to pubes (in rheumatic, gouty females). Sabin.

Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great fear and restlessness accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and tearing p. in abdomen. Acon.

Dysentery, with p. in back. Puls. (Ars., Kali-jod.)

Dysentery, with inflammation and p. Ran-b.

Dysenteric stools of clear yellow, red or green slime; p. in back, with straining. Puls.

Desire to evacuate, with p. in anus. Ars., Caust., Magn-c., Sulph.

Desire to evacuate, with p. in abdomen. Ars., Bar-c.
Desire to evacuate, with p. in lumbar region. Bar-c., **Rat.**
Desire to evacuate, with p. in sacral region. Rat.
Desire to evacuate, with p. in back. Rat.
Desire to evacuate, with p. in bladder. Sulph.
Dull, pressive p. in perinæum. Asaf.
During stool: protrusion of hæmorrhoids; prolapsus ani; p. about umbilicus. Fluor-ac.
During stool: painful urging; tenesmus; gnawing p. about umbilicus. Kali-bi.
Drawing, pressive p. in and about anus and perinæum, as if a spot was suppurating; when walking or sitting. Cycl.
Emission of large quantity of wind (flatus), with odor of garlic, with smarting p. in rectum. Agar.
Frequent stools of green liquid without p., always preceded by some griping in abdomen. Magn-c.
Frequent diarrhœa; stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by p., but always with much flatulence, and worse after food or drink. Ferr.
Frequent, sudden, pressing, piercing p. in rectum. Caust.
Frequent soft stool of yellow mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or p. in back. Puls.
Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture; p. in rectum, as if being torn or cut with knife; spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.
Fluid stool after eating, with much flatus and p. in abdomen. Coloc. (Agar.)
Grasping p. in anus during evacuation. Phell.
Great p. before stool, which is greenish, and containg jelly-like globules, or flakes. Rhus-t.
Hæmorrhoids: bleeding, with intolerable p. in sitting; with cramps in arms. Phos-ac.
Hæmorrhoids, with enlarged prostate; intense p. in back and through whole pelvis. Staph.
Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, also violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph.
Hæmorrhoids p. during cough; when walking. Kali-c.
Hæmorrhoids, with darting p., shooting to liver; look like grapes; great p. and distress. Dios.
Hæmorrhoidal tumors as large as red cherries, with p. and distress in anus. Dios.
Hæmorrhoidal tumors p. and burn during usual stool; smart after hard stool. Magn-m.
Heat and p. in anus and griping and colic, before stool. Podo.
Intolerable p. in rectum, as if pierced by numerous needles. Magn-c.

Intense p. before and during stool, as from constriction in rectum, preventing passage of feces. Berb.
Itching in rectum, with burning p. after rubbing. **Cic-v.**
Itching p. in anus. Cham.
Jerking, sticking p. Sil.
Just before and during stool, severe p. in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasm. Dios.
Knife-like p. in anus. Æsc.
Much burning p. in anus after stool. Hell.
Morning diarrhœa; brown and watery, preceded by urging and p. in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. **Rumex.**
Morning diarrhœa, preceded by great p. Cact.
Nodular stool, with p. in rectum. Magn-m.
Neuralgia of rectum; p. in anus, returning regularly every day, relieved by sitting. Ign.
Nocturnal diarrhœa, with violent colic, headache and p. in limbs. Rhus-t. (Merc.)
Prolapsus of rectum; burning p., with soft stool. **Merc.**
Prolapsus ani; hæmorrhoids; burning p. Ars.
Prolapsus ani, with much p. and smarting in rectum and anus. **Nitr-ac.**
Protrusion and sore p. of rectum during stool. Ant-c.
Piercing p. in rectum, as from needles. Magn-c. (Aloe.)
Profuse diarrhœa without p. Ric. (Crab Orchard salts.)
Piles; discharge of bright red, or dark venous blood, with p. from sacrum through to pubes. Sabin.
Rasping p. in rectum. Natr-m.
Rasping p. in anus. Ant-c., Grat., Ver-a.
Stool slimy, with p. in bowels, and palpitation of heart. **Petr.**
Stool hard, with burning p. in anus and rectum. Sulph.
Shooting p. in rectum and anus. Carls.
Squeezing, constrictive p. in colon and rectum, alternating with shooting or jerks towards perinæum. Bell.
Swollen hæmorrhoids protrude and cause p. during stool. **Calc-c.** (Aloe, Lach., Mur-ac., Puls.)
Spasmodic p. before and after stool. Lach.
Severe cutting p. in anus, after stool. Æsc.
Sharp, pressive p. in rectum. Ign.
Sharp p. in rectum after stool and after eating. **Nux-v.**
Scanty, bilious, slimy stool, with flatus and tenesmus; during and after burning p. at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.
Scanty, slimy, dark colored, bloody stools in dysentery, intervals of from five to six hours between stools, with bruised p. in anus. Arn.
Small boil near anus, to right, with much p., cannot sit. Calc-ph.

Smarting, sore p. in rectum after stool. Staph.
Sore p. in anus immediately after a stool. Puls.
Sore p. in anus, without reference to stool. Ign.
Stitching, smarting, sore p. in anus on wiping it. Graph.
Tenesmus, with nausea and p. in abdomen. Rhus-t.
Tenesmus; burning p. in anus. Caps.
Tenesmus, with copious, pappy, offensive stools; boring p. in bowels obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.
Tenesmus is peculiar; an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of p., does not draw anus together. Aloe.
Tenesmus, as in dysentery, and burning p. and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. (Aloe, Canth., Caps., Cina, Iris, Merc., Nitr-ac., Osm., Sulph.)
Tearing, sticking and constrictive p., as from aggravated blind piles. Nux-v.
Tearing, stinging p. in rectum after evacuation. Kali-c.
Thin, fluid stool, passed only part at a time, by straining, with p. in abdomen. Diad.
Unsatisfactory, difficult stools, with p. as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.
Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; p. in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.
Ulceration of rectum, with severe p. after stool. Nitr-ac.
Ulcerous p. at anus and perinæum. Cycl.
Ulcerous p. when walking. Agn.
Violent p. in small of back during soft stool, with tenesmus and burning. Tabac.
Violent burning p. in anus, as if parts around it were sore. Berb. (Sil., Sulph.)
Violent p. in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, tenesmus and dysenteric bloody discharges. Acon.
Varices of rectum and anus, with p. and urging to stool. Lach.
With stool p. in rectum, as if something would be torn asunder. Nitr-ac. (Sulph-ac.)

Painful.—P. spasmodic stricture of anus. Nux-v.
P. contraction of anus during stool. Thuja.
P. hæmorrhoids; protrude during stool. Sil.
P. stitches in anus. Thuja.
P. diarrhœa. Am-c., Rheum, Rhus-t., Ver-a.
P. hæmorrhoids with ulceration; surrounding parts purple and covered with crusts, whole mucous membrane covered with ulcers and cracks. Pæon.
P. piles during evacuation. Caps., Cimex, Rhus-t.

P. contractions. Acon. (Sil.)
P. spasmodic protrusion of rectum. Ars.
P. constriction, tearing and drawing at anus, perinæum and through urethra. Mez.
Hæmorrhoids p. when sitting and lying. Phos.
P. constipation; stool evacuated in hard masses. Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bry., Sulph.)
P. flatus. Coni., Graph., Kali-c., Puls.
P. bloody discharges, with vomiting. Merc-cor.
P. hæmorrhoids. Graph., Kali-c., Mur-ac.
P. and bleeding hæmorrhoids. Ham. (Nitr-ac., Phyt.)
P. pressure in rectum during stool. Sulph.
P. green stools, with violent cutting pains and tenesmus (Merc.); profuse; squirting out; much wind passing. Cupr.
P., protruding, blind piles, with stitches, smarting, soreness and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)
P. diarrhœa, with great prostration. Sec.
P., difficult evacuations, with fainting. Sars.
P. micturition during evacuation. Caps.
Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in abdomen and rectum, p. when sitting and standing. Ign.
Blind, p. hæmorrhoids internally during and after black stool; worse from cold or warm water. Brom.
Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, p. pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.
Cholera infantum; stools thin, papescent, mucus, green, gushing, exhausting, p., involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.
Constipation: stools difficult and p.; pain from back to pubes. Sabin.
Constipation with p. retraction of anus. Kali-bi.
Constipation during menstruation; stools like sheep's dung, p. and difficult. Kali-c. (Magn-m.)
During stool: p. urging; gnawing pain about umbilicus. Kali-bi.
Desire to evacuate followed by p. constriction of anus. Lyc.
Diarrhœa; stools offensive, p., grayish, ashy. Aur.
Diarrhœa; p. stools, with profuse sweat, with desire for eating and drinking. Ver-a.
Diarrhœa or dysentery: stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with p. pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)
Diarrhœa; violent, p., copious, with profuse perspiration. Ver-a.
Diarrhœic stools with pinching and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with p. drawing in of stomach and abdomen. Agar.

Dysentery; stools frequent and extremely p., with burning tenesmus at extremity of rectum. Aloe.

Dysentery, with p. tenesmus; stools jelly-like mucus. Kali-jod.

Dysentery: stool scanty, frequent, with tenesmus; small, brown; p.; at last bloody. Acon.

Dysentery; frequent p. stools, but little fecal matter, much bloody mucus. Ailanth.

Dysentery: bloody stool with tenesmus; p., with fever and headache. Nitr-ac.

Distressing contraction of sphincter ani, p. after stool, and when walking or standing, relieved by sitting. Ign.

Exceedingly p. stools, of blood and membranous substances. Nitr-ac.

Frequent violent diarrhœa, profuse and p. Ver-a. (It is useless to give Ver-a. in painless cases.—Bell.)

First effort to stool very p., often compelling patient to desist, accompanied with hæmorrhoids. Sulph.

Flying, very p. single stitches in anus, as from a fine needle. Thuja.

Hæmorrhoids, p. to slightest touch. Thuja.

Hæmorrhoids with p. sensation of burning. Æsc.

Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude during soft stool; burning; sticking; p. to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.

Hæmorrhoids p. when walking. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, p. to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoids p. and bleeding when walking. Sep.

Hæmorrhoids, p., bleeding. Stram.

Hæmorrhoids, which make even loose stool p.; they are often p. when walking. Calc-c.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; stinging, burning, p. when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids: blind; p., bleeding, burning. Cham.

Hæmorrhoids: large, hard, stinging, burning; p. when touched; walking unendurable. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids, inflamed, swollen, burning and p. Agar.

Hæmorrhoids: blind, p., with burning prickings, as if hot needles were piercing parts. Ars.

Itching and burning in anus, p. in highest degree, prevents sleeping. Aloe.

Intensely p. hæmorrhoids; protrude after stool, become incarcerated and suppurate; often accompanied with fistula. Sil.

Large p. hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with stitches and burning; protrude during stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.

Prolapsed rectum, which remains strangulated; very p. when touched. Mez.

Protrusion of rectum after stool, then p. constriction of anus. Lach.
Pressing and urging in rectum toward anus; p. contraction of anus. Bell.
Stools bloody and extremely p. Kali-bi.
Stools black, copious and p., or bloody, with tenesmus and weakness. Cupr.
Soreness of perinæum, with moisture and p. itching when touched. Carbo-v.
Small or pipe-stem shaped stool; varices large, p., hindering, worse on thinking of them. Caust. (Ox-ac.) (Reverse, Camph.)
Spasm of sphincter, with intensely p. hæmorrhoids. Sil.
Strangulated, p., and very tender hæmorrhoids, with sticking or feeling as of a plug in anus, with throbbing. Lach.
Tenesmus, with constant urging and pressing towards anus and genitals, alternating with p. contraction of anus. Bell.
Upon pressure at umbilicus, a p. sensation is felt down to anus where there is constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.
Varices protrude; very p. to touch. Lyc.

Painfully.—Anus p. closed. Lyc. (Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil.)

Painfulness.—P. of rectum. Acon., Caust., Coni., Nux-v., Seneg.
Diarrhœa, with p. of limbs. Am-m., Rhus-t.

Painless.—P. hæmorrhoids. Ars.
P. bloody stool. Apis.
P. diarrhœa. China, Hyos., Lyc., Podo., Stram., Sulph.
P. discharge of masses of blood in clots, with sinking feeling. Ver-a.
P. constipation. Opi., Puls., Squilla.
P. debilitating diarrhœa. China, Clem., Natr-s., Phos.
P. watery diarrhœa. Croton-tig., Natr-m.
P. morning diarrhœa. Nuph. (Podo.)
P. diarrhœa, with rumbling in abdomen, and burning at anus after stool. Kali-c.
P., odorless stools, like scraping from intestines. Brom.
P. yellow diarrhœa. Can-ind.
P. diarrhœa, with much moving of flatus in bowels (produced by fright in child). Ign.
P., offensive stools; profuse and frequent; great prostration, paleness and listlessness. Bism.
P., putrid, sour-smelling diarrhœa, worse evenings. Calc-c.
P. diarrhœa, with clay-colored stools and burning and smarting in anus. Berb.
P. cholera morbus. Colch. (Podo.) (The remedies differ. In Colch. stools being smaller and less gushing; in time of aggravation and presence of nausea and vomiting.)
P. blood-streaked stools, like flesh-colored water. Phos.
P. cholera morbus, stools profuse, gushing, each seeming to drain patient dry, but soon he is full again. Podo.

P., debilitating diarrhœa, worse mornings. Phos.

. Bloody, watery, p. stools. Ars.

Constipation: stools dark, in very hard balls, with p. straining. Mez.

Chronic, p. diarrhœa of undigested food, with much thirst for water during night. Phos.

Cholera: p., watery; discharge after midnight. Sulph.

Cholera infantum: stools watery, gushing, profuse, green, with sudden urging, often p.; offensive, worse in hot weather. Podo.

Diarrhœa: p., with rumbling of wind; worse at night and from fright, with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black; slimy, fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; p., in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Diarrhœa: stools light-yellow, fecal, thin or papescent; undigested; whitish, sour smelling; p. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa; watery, with undigested food, involuntary, p. stool during a meal. Ferr.

Diarrhœic stools composed of slime and undigested food, stools p., excoriating and exhausting. Ferr.

Diarrhœa: p. (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); yellow (Chelid); blackish (Ars., Lept.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, p., with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, worse at night. China.

Diarrhœa; watery, p., all day, from too much care about domestic affairs. Coff.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, profuse, frequent, gushing, p. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools frothy, p. and odorless (yellow fluid). Rhus-t.

Frequent bloody, p. diarrhœic stools. Apis.

Great weakness; p. stools. China.

Hæmorrhoids: protruding; swollen; bleeding; p. or burning. Nitr-ac.

Sudden, watery, p. diarrhœa, without smell. Ferr.

Violent cramps of feet, calves and thighs, with p., watery stools. Podo.

Watery stool; urgent, p., frequent, every morning. Tabac.

Watery, p. diarrhœa (in lying-in women). Hyos.

Watery, yellow, p. stools, in bed without consciousness of it. Hyos. (Phos-ac.)

Yellow, watery, greenish and p. stools, with dry lips, nausea and great faintness. Croton-tig.

Pains.—P. go from limbs to bowels, producing diarrhœa and partial retention of urine. Cimicif.

P. in sacrum before evacuations. Berb., Carbo-v., Natr-c., Nitr.

After stool remission of p. and urging. Rhus-t.

Amelioration of p. in anus by drinking beer or ale. Aloe.
Awakened early in morning by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp, cutting, colicky p. in hypogastrium. Petr.
Anus swollen, with sore, stitching p. Sulph.
Blind hæmorrhoids, preceded by p. in small of back. Puls.
Before stool, cutting colic, writhing p. about umbilicus. Caps.
Beer relieves p. in anus. Aloe.
Constipation; stools light-colored and lumpy, with hard straining, followed by dull aching p. in anus and hypogastrium. Collins.
Constipation with retention of urine, or with frequent urination, attended with cutting, burning p., but little urine being passed at a time. Canth.
Constipation with p. in abdomen, ineffectual urging; tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.
Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry and crumbling stool, fissuring anus so that it bleeds and p. as if sore. Natr-m.
Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing p. in intestines; is rheumatic and has to change positions often to get relief. Rhus-t.
Chronic diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting, colicky p.; stools of mucus, or watery. Mez.
Chronic watery diarrhœa, mornings, with p. in side of abdomen. Coloc.
Copious diarrhœic stools with rheumatic p. in ankles, but not in wrists. Bry.
Cutting p. before and after stool in anus. Sulph.
Diarrhœa, discharges of mucus and blood; or thin, yellow matter, or watery, accompanied by violent tenesmus, and sharp cutting p. in bowels. Collins.
Diarrhœa following coryza; p. in chest, and cough. Sang.
Diarrhœa with smarting, stinging or burning p. at night. Caps.
Diarrhœa of watery mucus, with colicky p. about umbilicus during stool. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa with cutting p. Bov.
Diarrhœa, with colicky p., with chilliness and sensitiveness to cold air. Camph.
Diarrhœa with colic p. and tenderness of abdomen. Acet-ac.
Dysentery, anus feels raw and excoriated, in hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning p. and tenesmus, Apis.
Dysentery: rigors, p. in limbs, and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in hot weather. Bapt.
Dysentery, with violent lancinating p. in bowels. Dios.
Dragging p. around pelvis. Ign.
During stool, colic; pressing, cutting or burning p. in anus, causing patient to cry out. Canth.

During stool, p., with nausea. Agar.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky p. in umbilical region. Cham.

Frequent sudden piercing p. in rectum. Caust.

Flatulent, watery, urgent diarrhœa; great gurgling and colic p. about umbilicus, with much prostration. Croton-tig.

Fissure in anus; p. worse when walking. Caust.

Griping p. in anus, so severe as to cause headache and heat in head. Ox-ac.

Hæmorrhoidal p. with stool. Cimex.

Hæmorrhoids with darting p., shooting to liver; look like grapes, great pain and distress. Dios.

Hæmorrhoids, copious bleeding or ichorous oozing; tearing p., with itching and gnawing. Ferr.

Hæmorrhoids, with stinging p. Apis.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing p., or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoids attended with p. shooting deep into rectum, seemingly up into abdomen, with a sensation of excoriation or contraction of anus. Ign.

Hæmorrhoids: during stool p. are so great has to desist; burning violently while walking; anus fissured. Thuja.

Hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning p., excoriating anus; constant tenesmus. Apis.

Intense vomiting and purging with griping p. and cramps in abdomen. Phyt.

Jerking p. from anus up rectum. Sep.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing drawing character; p. radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasm. Dios.

Ligh-tcolored, papescent stool, followed by dragging p. in liver and sinking in epigastrium. Polyp.

Liquid, yellow, fecal stools, with twisting p. in abdomen. Bov.

Painful green stools, with violent cutting p. and tenesmus (Merc.): profuse; squirting out; much wind passing. Cupr.

Piles either blind or flowing, with discharge of venous blood, and violent bearing-down p. in small of back towards anus. Sulph.

Prolapsus ani from moderate exertion at stool, with stabbing, stitching p. Ign.

Protrusion of hæmorrhoids after stool, with long-lasting p., cannot walk. Am-c.

Stools thin, watery, offensive, with p. in bowels. Chin-ars.

Stools preceded and followed by p. in hypogastrium. **Collins.**
Sticking, cutting p. in anus after stool. Aloe.
Stitching or tearing p. in perinæum when walking. Am-m.
Slimy, bloody stools, violent p. in abdomen; tenesmus, urging, between discharges. Acon.
Thin, watery diarrhœa, preceded by sharp, aching p. in bowels. Eucalyp.
Very large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe p. in anus, with sensation as if a portion of anus protruded. Æsc.
Very distressing, persistent tenesmus, and cutting, colicky p.; after stool burning and tenesmus of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.

Pale.—Diarrhœa: stools thin, brown or p., fecal; mixed with hard lumps. Lyc.
Stool thin, p. or bloody mucus, frequent. Carbo-v.
Stools of very p. light color. Anac.
Diarrhœa comes on gradually, more and more watery, p., pinkish, with rapid emaciation and much fermentation in abdomen. China.

Paleness.—P. during evacuations. Calc-c., Ipec., Ver-a.
Painless, offensive stools; profuse and frequent; great prostration, p. and listlessness. Bism.

Pallid.—Anæmia after summer complaint; feeble; p., white skin. Carbo-v.

Palpitation (see section on Heart).—P. of heart during evacuation. Dig., Nitr-ac., Sulph., Tart-m.
P. of heart, sometimes intermittent after stool. Coni.
Burning in the anus, subdued pulse, and p. of the heart after sitting. Caust.
Stools slimy, with pain in bowels, and p. of heart. Petr.
Suppression of piles, with hæmorrhoidal colic, congestion, p., rigidity of small of back, as if bruised. Sulph.

Pancreas (see vol. ii., secion on Hypochondria).—Fatty or greasy diarrhœa (from disease of p.). Iod. (Caust., Thuja.)
Greasy stools, or stools liked cooked sago, with inflammation of p. Phos.

Paper.—Stool smelling like brown p. burning. Coloc.
Thin, frothy stools, saffron yellow, of musty odor like brown p. burning. Coloc.

Papescent.—P. stool. Cycl.
P. stool, with mucus. Merc.
P. or mush-like stools, with odor like old cheese. **Bry.**
P. stool, with tenesmus and feeling in anus as after a hard stool. Selen.
Alternate constipation and p. stool. Natr-m.

Cholera infantum; stools thin, p., mucus, green, gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery, or p., dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary, and very prostrating; stools slimy, p., brownish or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose, p. stools without pain, with great prostration and weak depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Polyp.

Constipation, for six days, followed by copious p. stool. Cor-r.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, p., with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, fecal, thin or p.; undigested; whitish, sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa watery, p. Cycl.

Light colored, p. stool, followed by dragging pains in liver and sinking in epigastrium. Polyp.

Pappy, p. stool. Agar., Arn., Calad., Euphorb., Phos-ac., Rheum, Rhod., Sil., Sulph., Tart-em.

Stool p., with large quantities of mucus; no pains. Bapt.

Stools p., foul smelling; watery; cadaverons odor. Bism. (Ars.)

Stool thin, p., or brown, slimy, curdled, and mixed with mucus. Rheum.

Stool profuse, thick, p., brown, offensive. Asaf.

Sudden, p., yellow, green or grayish slimy stools, with tenesmus. Tabac.

Scanty, pasty, p. stool. Calad.

Pappy.—P. stool. Actea-s., Coloc., Natr-m.

P., papescent stool. Agar., Arn., Calad., Euphorb., Phos-ac., Rheum, Rhod., Sil., Sulph., Tart-em.

P., soft stools; dark-green, bilious stools; like frog spawn. Carls.

After a thin, p. stool, troublesome feeling as if still more remained and would pass. Aloe.

Extremely fetid, p., yellowish-green stools. Sulph.

Large p., free stools, mostly with tenesmus before and after. Berb.

Stools p., brown, with undigested food and of atrociously putrid odor. Graph.

Stools small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); p.; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Tenesmus with copious, p., offensive stools; boring pain in bowels obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

With a p. stool, feeling as if it were solid. Aloe.

Paralysis.—P. of anus. Acon., Coloc., Graph., Laur., Selen.
P. of intestines. Opi., Phos.
P. of rectum; of spincter ani. Hyos.
P. of intestinal canal. Phos.
P. of sphincter. Bell., Gels., Graph., Hyos., Phos., Selen.
P. of tongue and sphincter ani. Mur-ac.
P. of sphincter ani; involuntary stools. Bell. (Ars., Hyos.)
P. of rectum and anus; anus stood wide open. Sec.
P. of sphincter ani; anus always open. Phos. (Apis., Sec.)
Constipation on account of p. of motor nerves; hardness, and large size of stools; cannot be expelled. Ver-a. (Bry., Iris.)
Constipation: hard and difficult evacuation; hard stool every other day; from p. of rectum and bowels; from torpor of intestines. Cocc.
Constipation from p. of rectum. Selen.
Weakness or loss of power (p.) of sphincter ani, which is incompletely closed after a stool, so that keeping anus clean is difficult. Aloe.

Paralyzed.—P. condition of anus and rectum during menses. Sil.
All sphincters p. (in cholera). Tabac.
Difficult expulsion of stool on account of p. condition and inactivity of rectum. Graph.
Prolapsus recti, with varices, as if p. Graph.
Rectum feels p. Alu.

Parasiticide.—P.; an especial poison to tape-worm (tænia). Filix. (Give dose two fluid ounces, or one drachm of ethereal extract of the Filix mas, every three hours for one day, a milk diet being observed, followed by a brisk cathartic in evening. Eating heartily of cocoanut, Dr. T. G. Comstock, of St. Louis, states, will expel tænia. I have known tape-worms to be expelled by eating heartily of gooseberries. Another reliable remedy to quickly remove tænia, which I have frequently used, and always with success in from one to two hours, is a strong decoction of the Pomgranate bark (Granati). The decoction is prepared as follows: In one gallon of water place eight ounces of the bark broken up in small pieces; boil until the liquid is reduced to half a gallon, then strain through muslin, pressing well. Add the bark again to a gallon of water and boil until reduced to half a gallon and again strain. Mix the two liquids and reduce by evaporating over a slow fire to one pint. When cold add one fluid drachm of fluid extract of Jalap. This should be divided into four parts and given: One part in the morning while patient is fasting, every fifteen minutes until all is taken. Should the patient vomit, the fluid vomited, together with what remains of the decoction, if any, should be injected into rectum, which will bring the monster, head and body.—W. D. G.)

Paresis.—Retention of stool from p. of intestines. Opi.

Particles.—Stools contain large quantities of small, white, shreddy p. Colch.

White grains or p. in stool. Cub., Phos.

Parturition (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Prolapsus ani following p., accompanied by diarrhœic stools. Podo.

Pass.—After a thin, pappy stool, troublesome feeling, as if still more remained and would p. Aloe.

No desire for and no ability to p. stool, until there is a large accumulation. Alu.

Rectum inactive, as if deficient in peristaltic action and had not strength enough to p. contents out. Alu.

Passage.—P. of feces, with much sputtering flatus. Aloe.

Passed.—Stool soft, but p. with great exertion. Lob.

Urine can only be p. with stool. Alu.

Passes.—Desire for stool, but little p.; feels as if it remained in rectum and could not be expelled. Nitr-ac.

Passing.—Urging, violent, quickly p., frequent, with sensation of fullness and weight in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

Pastry.—Colic and diarrhœa from taking cold, or from fruit, ice cream, p., etc. Puls.

Pasty.—P. and thin stools, preceded by much sulphurous-smelling flatus. Sulph.

P., soft, bright-yellow but scanty stool. Lach.

P., sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), followed by shivering (Puls.), then urging, with drawing constriction in intestines. Rheum.

Constant urging to stool, followed by sudden, p., offensive evacuation of a dirty green color, which is forcibly shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.

Copious, soft, or p. stools. Cocc-c.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, whitish gray, fecal; yellowish and very offensive; p.; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; p., liquid, mucous; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stool soft, p.; yellowish white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and p.; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: sudden, p. stool, followed by burning in anus, then internal chilliness; stools thin, frequent. Pæon.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, p., sour smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Frequent p. stool, with cutting in abdomen. Sulph.

Frequent stools, first hard, then p., then liquid. **Calc c.**
Jaundice; stool whitish, p., or clay colored. Rheum.
Pressing in anus during and after p. stool. Sulph-ac.
Persistent diarrhœa: stools whitish, p., and causing excessive burning in anus. Opi.
Stools very offensive; liquid or p. Sil.
Stool p., dark green, bilious, blackish, offensive. Merc-cor.
Stools: profuse, diarrhœic, dysenteric, fermented, thin, like water; p.; yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)
Stools offensive, p., or bilious and acrid. Bry.
Stool: profuse, thin, or p., bright yellow. Chelid.
Scanty, p., papescent stool. Calad.
Thin, p. stool of a bilious appearance passed involuntarily, with sensation as if wind would pass. Sulph.
Urging, followed by copious p. evacuation (with relief of all symptoms except confusion of head). Bry.
White, p., fetid stools. Still.

Pea.—Burning pain in perinæum, raphe of which was more prominent than usual, and one inch from anus a tubercle size of a p. appeared, which increased for three days and disappeared in about ten days. Thuja.

Pea-green.—Cholera infantum; stools frequent, uniformly frothy, watery, and of a p. color. Rheum.

Peanuts.—Hæmorrhoids like p.; purple. Æsc.

Pears.—Stool from fruits (apples, p.). Borax.

Peas.—Stool consisting of little balls, like p. Natr-c.

Peevish.—Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children p.; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Pelvis.—Dragging pains around p. Ign.
Diarrhœa, with sensation as if everything would drop through p., with great sinking at epigastrium. Podo.
Fullness and weight in p. before evacuations. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids, with enlarged prostate; intense pain in back and through whole p. Staph.
Urging, violent, quickly passing, frequent, with sensation of fullness and weight in p. and sacrum. Aloe.

Penis (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Neuralgia in rectum and anus, shooting through perinæum to p., with constipation. Phyt.

People.—Frequent ineffectual desire for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her anxious; at this time presence of other p. becomes unbearable. Ambr.

Pepper.—Burning, as from p. Caps.
Dysentery, burning at anus as from p.; after every stool, thirst and shivering, and every drink shuddering. Caps.

Perinæum.—P. sweats and is tender to touch. Alu.

Anus sore; viscid moisture oozing, also from p. Carbo-an., Sil.

Burning in rectum towards p., with ineffectual urging; straining without stool. Nitr-ac.

Burning pain in p., raphe of which was more prominent than usual, and one inch from anus a tubercle size of a pea appeared, which increased for three days and disappeared in about ten days. Thuja.

Boring stitches in p. Spig.

Corrosive itching of p. Agn.

Dull, pressive pain in p. Asaf.

Darting from p. to rectum and genitals. Bov.

Drawing, pressive pain in and about anus and p., as if a spot was suppurating; when walking or sitting. Cycl.

Drawing in anus and p. Cycl.

Excessive perspiration on p. Thuja.

Eruption, furuncles on p. Ant-c.

Heaviness in p. Therid.

Herpes on p. Petr.

Intense burning in anus and p., which seems to come from neck of bladder. Canth.

Itching in p. Sulph. (Agn., Fluor-ac., Natr-s., Nux-v., Petr., Tarax.)

Moisture on p. Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Pæon.

Neuralgia in rectum and anus, shooting through p. to penis, with constipation. Phyt.

Stitching or tearing pains in p. when walking. Am-m.

Squeezing, constrictive pain in colon and rectum, alternating with shooting or jerks toward p. Bell.

Soreness of p., with moisture and painful itching when touched. Carbo-v.

Perspiration of p. Alu., Carbo-v., Hep-s., Thuja.

Pressure upon p. when blowing nose. Alu.

Pressure in p. Berb., Lil-tig. (Alu., Cop., Cycl.)

Pulsation in p. Caust.

Pain in p. after stool. Lyc.

Pressure outward in p. Asaf.

Painful constriction, tearing and drawing at anus, p. and through urethra. Mez.

Ulcerous pain at anus and p. Cycl.

Voluptuous itching in p., compelling scratching. Tarax.

Weight in p. and feeling as if a plug were wedged between symphysis pubis and coccyx. Aloe, Caust., Hep-s., Thuja.

Periodical.—P. constipation. Kali-bi.

P. dysentery every year. Kali-bi.

Fissure of anus, with p., profuse bleeding piles. Rhus-t.

Periodically.—Diarrhœa p. at same hour. Apis, Sabad., Selen., Thuja.

Peristaltic.—Rectum inactive, as if deficient in p. motion and had not strength enough to pass contents out. Alu.

Urging to stool, but large intestines are wanting in p. action or power and cannot expel feces, which are not hard. Hep-s.

Pernicious.—Long-lasting diarrhœa; p. Sec.

Persons.—Frequent, ineffectual desire for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her anxious; at this time presence of other p. becomes unbearable. Ambr.

Perspiration (see Sweat).—P. during evacuations. Bell., Cham., Croton-tig., Dulc., Jatr., Merc., Stram., Ver-a.

P. after evacuations. Acon., Croton-tig., Merc., Sulph.

P. of perinæum. Alu., Carbo v., Hep-s., Thuja.

P. before evacuations. Acon., Bell., Dulc., Merc.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth, cold, clammy p.; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation, as from ants. Sec.

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold p., deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Constipation with p. Bell.

Diarrhœa: violent, painful, copious; with profuse p. **Ver-a.**

Diarrhœa with micturition and p. Bell.

Diarrhœa with cold p. on head. Merc.

Excessive p. on perinæum. Thuja.

Offensive p. at anus. Alu., Carbo-an., **Thuja.**

Perispiring.—Prolonged obstinate constipation; no desire for stool, p. Natr-m.

Phthisical (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Chronic diarrhœa (in p. patients). Sulph.

Phthisis (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Diarrhœa, with swelling of legs and feet (as in p.). Acet-ac.

Diarrhœa of p. Oleand.

Physical.—Chronic diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and weak, depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or p. exertion. Podo.

Pieces.—P. or strips of mucus, with tenesmus, burning and cutting in anus. Ars.

Constipation from inertia of bowels; stool hard, dark brown, in small p., can only be expelled after enemas. Opi.

Diarrhœa; stools containing lumps of white mucus, or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like p. of tallow. Phos.

Stool in small p. Am-c., Guaj., Magn-m., Merc., Phos-ac., **Ruta.**

Stools bilious, then mixed with membranous p. Colch.

Sensation during a thin stool as if it passed in p. Carls.

Pierced.—Intolerable pain in rectum, as if p. by numerous needles. Magn-c.

Piercing.—P. pain in rectum, as from needles. Aloe, Magn-c.
Frequent, sudden, pressing, p. pain in rectum. Caust.
Hæmorrhoids; blind, painful, with burning prickings, as if hot needles were p. parts. Ars.

Piles (see Hæmorrhoids).—P.; discharge of bright-red or dark venous blood, with pain from sacrum through to pubes. Sabin.
P., burn and sting, worse during walking. Carbo-an.
P., suddenly (in children); protruding, reddish-blue, burning; sore to least touch. Mur-ac.
P. with constipation, and great sensitiveness of anus. Nitr-ac.
P., either blind or flowing, with discharge of venous blood, and violent bearing-down pains in small of back towards anus. Sulph.
P. and fissures of anus; great itching. Petr.
Aching and pressure in rectum; worse nights, with bleeding p. Lyc.
Blind p. Alu.
Blind p., with pressure and soreness in abdomen and rectum, painful when sitting and standing. Ign.
Bleeding p., burning and itching. China.
Bleeding p., copious hæmorrhage. Lob.
Bleeding p. during evacuation. Merc., Nitr-ac.
Constrictive sore pain in rectum, as from blind p., for one or two hours after stool. Ign. (Natr-m.)
Fissure of anus, with periodical, profuse bleeding p. Rhus-t.
Hæmorrhoids with rectal catarrh; costive; external p., bleed during stool. Aur.
Itching and burning in rectum, with smarting blind p. Rhus-t.
Mucous p., pricking, burning; continuous discharge of mucus, staining yellow; sometimes ichor oozes out. Ant-c.
Painful p. during evacuation. Caps., Cimex, Rhus-t.
Painful, protruding blind p., with stitches, smarting, soreness and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)
Protruding p., aching, itching and sore; oozing a yellow fluid. Calc-ph.
Suppression of p., with hæmorrhoidal colic, congestion, palpitation, rigidity of small of back, as if bruised. Sulph.
Tearing, sticking and constricting pain, as from aggravated blind p. Nux-v.

Pillow.—Cholera infantum, with discharge of green mucus, sometimes with tenesmus (Merc-dulc.), with boring of head into p. Zinc.

Pimples (see section on Skin).—Little p. around anus burning and itching. Cinnab.

Pinching.—P. in rectum. Sabad.
P. in abdomen during evacuation. Agar., Canth., Merc., Ver-a.
P. in abdomen with diarrhœa. Borax.
Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; p. deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Diarrhœa, with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum; prolapsus ani and constant p. around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa in morning after rising, with violent p.; after meals; with much rumbling; crampy colic, and passing wind. Agar.

Diarrhœic stools with p. and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful and drawing in of stomach and abdomen. Agar.

Sudden urging, with hot p. throughout abdomen, before stool. Gum-gut.

Stool soft, scanty, preceded by p. Cinnab.

Pinkish.—Diarrhœa comes on gradually, more and more watery, pale, p., with rapid emaciation and much fermentation in abdomen. China.

Pins.—Pricking in anus as from p. Cact.

Pin-worms (see Ascarides).—Prickling and crawling in rectum, as of p. Calc-c.

Pipe-stem.—P. stool; very thin, like a round worm, dark colored, half digested, intolerable odor; much white mucus with stool. Graph.

Small or p. shaped stool; varices large, painful, hindering; worse on thinking of them. Caust. (Ox-ac.) (Reverse, Camph.)

Pipe-stems.—Stool size of lumbricus or p. Graph.

Pitch.—Stools like p., with blood (in infants). Nux-v.

Pitch-like.—P. stool. Merc. (Mez., Nux-v.)

Constipation: stools tenacious, crumbling, with much straining; undigested, black (p.), yellowish. Merc.

Dysentery, with stools of dark, p. blood. Ipec.

Diarrhœa; profuse black, p., very fetid stools, running out in a stream. Lept.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, small, sometimes involuntary; p. Zinc.

Plethora.—Constipation from abdominal p.; stools hard and knotty, and insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and soles of feet. Sulph.

Plug.—Pain in anus, as if a p. were forcing outward. Croton-tig.

Sensation as of a p. in rectum. Anac.

Sensation as of a p. in anus. Kali-bi., Lach. (Sep.)

Sensation as if a p. were pressing out. Croton-tig.

Sensation as of a p. in anus; cannot sit down. Kali-bi., Lach.

Sensation of p., lump or ball in rectum. Sep.

Strangulated, painful and very tender hæmorrhoids with sticking or feeling as of a p. in anus, with throbbing. Lach.

Urgency, as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with sensation as of a p. wedged in between symphysis pubis and os cocygis. Aloe. (Anac.)

Weight in perinæum and feeling as if a p. were wedged between symphysis pubis and os coccyx. Aloe, Caust., Hep-s., Thuja.

Plugged.—Great and urgent desire for stool, but with effort desire passes away, without an evacuation; rectum seems powerless, with a sensation as if p. up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Tenesmus; cannot expel anything; rectum seems to be p. up. Anac.

Pleura.—Hæmorrhoids, with disease of lungs or p. Ver-a.

Pneumonia.—Diarrhœa (in p., small-pox and suppressed eruptions). Tart-em.

Points.—Anus feels sore, or as if sharp p. were sticking in parts. Iris.

Stool containing white p. or flakes, like pus, offensive odor. Calc-ph.

Poisoning.—Constipation from lead p. Alu., Opi., Plat.

Constipation: after lead p. or while traveling; frequent urging, scanty stool, with sensation of great weakness. Plat.

Polypoid.—P. tumors of rectum, with persistent diarrhœa and evacuation of much blood. Kali-brom.

Pop-corn.—Diarrhœa of white mucus appearing like small pieces of p. Cina.

Portal.—Obstructed p. circulation. Nux-v.

Position.—Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change p., so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.

Positions.—Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing pains in intestines; is rheumatic and has to change p. often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Postponed.—Watery (liquid) stools, desire for which cannot be p. for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic, and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.

Poured.—Stools p. from him with a gush, as if forced by wind; very offensive, and fermented exactly like yeast. Ipec.

Pouring.—Cholera Asiatica; profuse, exhausting, watery diarrhœa, p. away as if from a hydrant. Phos.

Power.—Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no p. to expel them; when after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

Constipation; stool slips back as if not p. enough. Sil.

Constipation before and during menses, of hard lumps which remain long in rectum, as if it had no p. to expel them. Sil.

Constipation of difficult stools, as if rectum had no p. to expel them, stool recedes after having been partly expelled. Sil.

Feeling as if intestines had no p. to expel feces, during soft stool. Hell.

Itching and burning in anus (Sulph.); weakness or loss of p. of sphincter ani. Aloe.

Loss of p. to expel contents of rectum. Opi.

Urging to stool, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action or p. and cannot expel feces, which are not hard. Hep-s.

Unsuccessful effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive p. Carbo-an.

Weakness or loss of p. (paralysis) of sphincter ani, which is incompletely closed after a stool, so that keeping anus clean was difficult. Aloe.

Powerless.—Great and urgent desire for stool, but with effort desire passes away, without an evacuation; rectum seems p., with a sensation as if plugged up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Diarrhœa with tearing streaks of pain down legs, causing them to be p., at every stool. Rhus-t.

Preceded (see Before).—Diarrhœa, p. by colic. Merc.

Diarrhœa, p. by colic (Aloe), and nausea. Ang.

Diarrhœa, p. by rumbling in bowels. Magn-s.

Diarrhœa, p. by colic; stools yellow, watery, thin fecal, undigested. Sang.

Diarrhœa p. and followed by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.

Frequent stools of green liquid without pain, always p. by some griping in abdomen. Magn-c.

Frequent diarrhœa; stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and p. or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and worse after food or drink. Ferr.

Loose stool, p. and followed by cutting in abdomen. Am-c.

Morning diarrhœa; brown and watery, p. by urging and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. Rumex.

Pasty and thin stools, p. by much sulphurous-smelling flatus. Sulph.

Soft stool, with bloody mucus, p. by cutting in abdomen. Sulph.

Stool p. and accompanied by griping. Sulph.

Stool soft, scanty, p. by pinching. Cinnab.

Stools p. and followed by pains in hypogastrium. Collins.

Small, frequent stools, consistng of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, p. by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.

Thin, watery stool, p. and followed by rumbling and at times noise as of water gurgling from a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Thin, watery diarrhœa, p. by sharp, aching pains in bowels. Eucalyp.

Urgent stool, p. by colic and passage of offensive flatus. Cast-eq.

Very loose, bright yellow stools, with a quantity of mucus, p. by considerable griping. Fluor-ac.

Yellow and green diarrhœic stool, mixed with mucus, p. by excessive cutting around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Pregnancy (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Constipation with feces in balls, and hæmorrhoids from congestive inertia of lower bowels (in latter months of p.). Collins.

Constipation with hæmorrhoids (during p.). Hydr. (Nux-v., Sulph.)
Constipation of women during p. Coloc., Dolich. (Alu., Hydr.)
Colic, with bloody diarrhœa (during p.). Millef.
Diarrhœa (during p.). Ant-c., Lyc., Nux-m.
Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during p. Petr.
Dysentery during p. or during uterine congestion. Aloe.
First diarrhœa, then hard difficult stool, constipation (during p.) Oleand.

Pregnant.—Constipation of p. women and of children. Alu. (Selen., Sil.)
Constipation in p. women. Alu., Coloc., Lyc., Nux-v., Sep.
Diarrhœa in p. women. Dulc., Hyos., Lyc., Nux-m., Petr., Phos., Sep., Sulph.

Presence.—Frequent, ineffectual desire for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her anxious; at this time p. of other persons becomes unbearable. Ambr.

Pressed.—Constant urging at night, cannot lie or sit on account of sticking and sore pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been p. out. Sulph.
Cramp-like pain, as if an angular body p. inward in right side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.
Feeling as if sharp sticks were being p. into anus, on slightest touch. Nitr-ac.
Pressure in rectum and sacral region, as if intestines were sinking down and would be p. out, while sitting. Can-sat.

Pressing.—P. in anus during and after pasty stool. Sulph-ac.
P. on rectum, as if it would protrude, with p. on bladder. Sulph.
P. in rectum after evacuation. Caust., Kalm., Nux-v., Phos., Seneg.
P. in anus during evacuations. Acon., Ant-c., Chelid., Lach., Laur., Nitr., Ox-ac., Phell., Puls., Spig., Staph., Tong., Verb., Zinc.
P. in anus before evacuations. Sulph-ac.
P. and urging in rectum towards anus; painful contraction of anus. Bell.
P. and burning in rectum. Aloe.
Constipation, with fruitless p. to stool. Caust.. Coni., Ign., Merc., Natr-m., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sabad., Sep., Sulph., Ver-a.
Constipation; stool hard and expelled only after much p. Kreas. (Bry., Nux-v., Sulph.)
Constant p. out of hæmorrhoids in rectum. Nitr-ac.
Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant p. and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.
During stool, colic, p., cutting or burning pains in anus, causing patient to cry out. Canth.
Frequent, sudden p., piercing pain in rectum. Caust.

Fullness and p. out in anus. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids: sore, blind; protruding after stool, with p. in rectum, as if everything would come out. Rhus-t.

Hæmorrhoids protruding, with burning, from touch or when p. Abrot.

Loose stool, expelled by p. Rhod.

Large hæmorrhoids, violent burning and sticking in anus; p. in rectum during and after stool. Sulph.

Swelling, p. and burning in hæmorrhoidal veins. Thuja.

Sensation as if a plug were p. out. Croton-tig.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and p. towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contraction of anus. Bell.

Very p. diarrhœa always after eating. Thuja.

Pressive.—Blind hæmorrhoids; with sticking, beating or p. pain in rectum and anus. Nux-v.

Drawing, p. pain in and about anus and perinæum, as if a spot was suppurating; when walking or sitting. Cycl.

Pressure.—P. in anus. Acon., Ang., Ant-c., Bar-c., Cact., Chelid., China, Collins., Cycl., Kali-bi., Lach., Lact., Laur., Lob., Nitr., Nux-v., Ol-an., Phell., Phos., Puls., Seneg., Spig., Staph., Tong., Ver-a., Verb., Zinc.

P. in rectum. Caust. (Aloe, Ant-c., Arg-m., Arn., Can-sat., Chenop., China, Croton-tig., Cycl., Kali-c., Kobalt., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Opi., Ox-ac., Phos., Seneg.)

P. in rectum and on bladder, with almost constant desire to go to stool. Lil-tig.

P. outward in perinæum. Asaf.

P. in perinæum. Berb., Lil-tig. (Alu., Cop., Cycl.)

P. in rectum and sacral region, as if intestines were sinking down and would be pressed out., while sitting. Can-sat.

P. and feeling of excoriation after small, hard stool. **Alu.**

P. in rectum after stool. Puls.

P. upon perinæum when blowing nose. Alu.

Aching and p. in rectum; worse nights, with bleeding piles. **Lyc.**

Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful p. in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Burning and p. in rectum during a stool; burning in anus after a stool. Sulph.

Blind piles, with p. and soreness in abdomen and rectum, painful when sitting and standing. Ign.

Before stool: urgent p. waking patient in morning. Kali-bi.

Constant bearing-down p. in rectum and urging to stool. Sulph.

Diarrhœa or dysentery: stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful p., urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Frequent urging to stool, with severe p. at anus. Arn.
Hard feces, as if burnt, with p., bearing down before and after stool. Plat.
Hard feces, with p. and sensation of excoriation in rectum. Alu.
Hæmorrhoids inflamed, with stinging and p. in anus. Acon.
Ineffectual urging, only wind passes, with p. in rectum. Carbo-v.
Natural stool, evacuated with much p. and straining. Sil.
Obstinate constipation: stools small, hard dry, brittle, granulous, or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much p. Zinc.
Painful p. in rectum during stool. Sulph.
Stools bloody, with tenesmus; containing membranous substances, as if portions of intestines; great p. Kali-n.
Stools in fragments, tough, scanty, with urging and tingling in rectum, and p. on bladder and uterus. Carbo-v.
Stool like mush, easily discharged, followed by p. in rectum. Kalm.
Sensation as from p. of a stick in rectum. Rumex.
Tenesmus, as in dysentery, and burning pain and p. in rectum and anus. Ars. (Aloe, Canth., Caps., Cina, Iris, Merc., Nitr-ac., Osm., Sulph.)
Upon p. at umbilicus a painful sensation is felt down to anus where there is constant p. outward. Croton-tig.
White, gelatinous stool, like frog spawn, with much p. Hell.

Prevent.—Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors p. stool. Sulph-ac.

Preventing.—Contractivè pain in rectum, p. sitting, afternoons. Cocc.
Constipation; almost impossible to evacuate stools, spasmodic constriction of anus p. stool. Lyc.
Intense pain before and during stool, as from constriction in rectum, p. passage of feces. Berb.
Stool of burning water, p. sleep. Natr-m.
Sensation as if anus were contracted, p. passage of stool. Chelid.

Prevents.—Burning at anus, p. sleep at night; must rise from bed on account of this and tenesmus. Am-c.
Itching and burning in anus painful in highest degree, p. sleeping. Aloe.

Pricking.—P. in anus after evacuations. Iris.
P. in anus, as from pins. Cact.
Mucous piles, p., burning; continuous discharge of mucus, staining yellow; sometimes ichor oozes out. Ant-c.

Prickings.—Hæmorrhoids; blind, painful, with burning p., as if hot needles were piercing parts. Ars.
Constipation; stools in small, black lumps, mixed with blood, accompanied with violent p. in anus, with trembling sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.

Prickling.—P. and crawling in rectum as of ascarides. Calc-c.
Hæmorrhoids with p. in rectum. Nitr-ac.

Proctalgia.—P., with severe spasms of sphincter ani. Bell.
Fisures of anus, with p.; constant oozing of fetid moisture; pain in rectum as if being torn or cut with knife; spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Profuse.—P. emission of fetid flatus, with odor like rotten eggs. Oleand.
P. diarrhœa, watery, with chills, and at same time, cold sweat rolls off of forehead. Vib-op.
P., deep yellow, thin stool, followed by a very weak, faint feeling. Dios.
P., light-colored, acrid stools. Hydr.
P. diarrhœa containing membranes and clots of blood. Phos.
P. diarrhœa without pain. Ric. (Crab Orchard salts.)
Bleeding hæmorrhoids, with burning soreness, and at times rawness of anus, from portal congestion; hæmorrhage p. Ham.
Cholera Asiatica; gushing, p. rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratical face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.
Cholera Asiatica; p., exhausting, watery diarrhœa, pouring away as if from a hydrant. Phos.
Cholera infantum; stools watery, gushing, p., green, with sudden urging; often painless; offensive; worse in hot weather. Podo.
Cholera morbus, with p. bilious stools and great prostration. Euony.
Diarrhœa: stools greenish watery, with flakes; brownish watery; blackish watery; bloody; frequent; p., watery. Ver-a.
Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish, or brownish, p.; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.
Diarrhœa; p. black, tar-like, very fetid stools, running out in a stream. Lept.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery; greenish; frequent; corrosive; p. Iris.
Diarrhœa; violent, painful, copious, with p. perspiration. Ver-a.
Diarrhœa (in children, during dentition); p., watery, light colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of strong pungent odor. Benz-ac.
Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; p.; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.
Diarrhœa with p. stools of variable color. Euony.
Diarrhœa; stools undigested, p., frequent, gushing, painless. Podo.
Exhausting, p., watery diarrhœa. Œnonth.
Frequent violent diarrhœa, p. and painful. Ver-a. (It is useless to give Ver-a. in painless cases.—Bell.)

Hæmorrhoids; p. flow of blood. Millef. (Erig., Ham.)
Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, watery, fetid, brown, p., with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.
Morning diarrhœa; very p., thin, yellow, dark and fetid stools. Dios.
Olive-green, slimy, p. stools, full of bright red lumps. Apis.
Painless, offensive stools; p. and frequent; great prostration, paleness and listlessness. Bism.
Painless cholera morbus, stools p., gushing, each seeming to drain patient dry, but soon he is full again. Podo.
Painful green stools, with violent cutting pains and tenesmus (Merc.); p.; squirting out; much wind passing. Cupr.
Stools p., diarrhœic, dysenteric, fermented; thin, like water; pasty, yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)
Stool p., watery, spouting. Kobalt.
Stool p., thin or pasty, bright yellow. Chelid.
Stool p., full of bright-red lumps like chopped beets. Apis.
Stool liquid, brownish, frothy, p., forcible, frequent. Raph.
Stool p., thick, papescent, brown, offensive. Asaf.
Watery, p., excoriating diarrhœa (in infants). Croton-tig.
Watery stools of disgusting odor; discharge p. and greenish. Asaf.

Prolapse.—Hæmorrhoids: tumors p. with every stool, and have to be replaced; they are sore as if excoriated. Ign.

Prolapsed.—P. feeling, with backache, after stool. Æsc.
P. rectum, which remains strangulated: very painful when touched. Mez.
Rectum p. and tumified, very tender. Lach.

Prolapsus.—P. of rectum (after confinement). Ruta.
P. of rectum; burning pain, with soft stool. Merc.
P. of rectum when urinaing. Mur-ac.
P. of rectum after evacuation. Croton-tig., Iris, Mez.
P. of rectum with varices, as if paralyzed. Graph.
Anxious urging, but inability to stool without eversion and p. of rectum. Ign. (Nux-v.)

Prolapsus ani.—P. Calc-c., Colch., Merc., Plumb. (Ign., Podo., Sep.)
P. (in relaxed and weakened constitutions). Arn.
P. after evacuations. Æsc., Ign. (Ars., Merc., Podo., Sep.)
P. while urinating. Mur-ac.
P., worse sitting. Therid.
P., with much pain and smarting in rectum and anus. Nitr-ac.
P. during evacuations. Sep. (Ant-c., Ars., Asar., Bry., Calc-c., Canth., Colch., Dulc., Fluor-ac., Graph., Gum-gut., Ign., Lach., Magn-m., Merc., Mez., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Plumb., Podo., Ruta, Sulph., Therid.
P., with closing of sphincter. Mez.
P.; hæmorrhoids; burning pain. Ars.

P. from moderate exertion at stool, with stabbing, stitching pains. Ign.

P. Asar. (Sep., Ign., in infants.) (Podo.)

P., with hæmorrhoids and morning diarrhœa. Podo.

P. following parturition, accompanied by diarrhœic stools. Podo.

P. with stool, or from least motion. Podo. (Ign.)

Chilliness, tenesmus after stool; p. Canth.

Diarrhœa with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum; p. and constant pinching around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.

During stool, protrusion of hæmorrhoids; p.; pain about umbilicus. Fluor-ac.

Morning diarrhœa; stools watery, green, undigested or slimy, with severe colic and p. Podo.

Oozing of moisture from anus; p. and debility. Sep.

Smarting more in rectum than in anus, immediately after stool, and continuing two or three hours; sometimes p. or discharge of blood accompanies these symptoms. Nitr-ac.

Sensation of p. after a hard stool. Æsc.

Prolapsus recti.—P. Dig., Dulc., Ign., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Podo., Sep., Sulph.

P. in children. Ferr.

Desire to evacuate, with p. Ruta.

Tendency to diarrhœa and acid soomach and p. Calc-c.

Prolonged.—Stools frequent; copious, shooting out all at once with a single, somewhat p. effort. Gum-gut.

Prostate (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Hæmorrhoids, with enlarged p.; intense pain in back and through whole pelvis. Staph.

Prostatic fluid (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—P. after difficult stool. Nitr-ac.

Discharge of p. after stool. Am-c.

Discharge of p. during hard stool. Alu. (During soft stool. Ars.)

Hard stools; constipation, with discharge of p. when straining at stool. Agn. (Phos.)

Prostrating.—Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary and very p.; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.

Prostration.—Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great p. Kreas.

Cholera morbus, with profuse bilious stools and great p. Euony.

Cadaverous rice-water stools, with great p. and burning thirst (in cholera). Ars.

Cholera Asiatica; rice-water stools, with great p., coldness of surface but will not be covered, with cramps. Camph.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without pain, with great p. and weak depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Polyp.

Diarrhœa, with great p., cold, yet will not be covered. Camph.

Diarrhœa; excessive p., with burning in anus. Tereb.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme p., coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Diarrhœa without pain, followed by p. Graph.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great p. on moving. Ars.

Dysentery, with heat in rectum; tenesmus; discharge of mucus; great p.; hæmorrhage from bowels. Eucalyp.

Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great p., brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in hot weather. Bapt.

Dysenteric diarrhœa, with burning in anus and rectum and great debility or p. (in malarious districts). Corn-c.

Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, watery, streaming out with much gas, as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive p. Thuja.

Flatulent, watery, urgent diarrhœa; great gurgling and colic pains about umbilicus, with much p. Croton-tig.

Frequent, small stool, consisting of mucus, with p. and necessity to lie down after every stool. Arn.

Green, slimy stools, nausea, vomiting and great p. (in children). Tabac.

Involuntary stools, hiccough, and great p. Hydro-ac.

Malignant dysentery, stools fetid, with great p., and excessive distension of abdomen. Colch.

Painless, offensive stools; profuse and frequent; great p., paleness and listlessness. Bism.

Painful diarrhœa, with great p. Sec.

Purging, with p. and coldness of extremities. Ars. (Sec., Ver-a.)

Stools of mucus, or watery, with great p. Nitr-ac.

Stool small in quantity, of dark color, offensive odor, with great p. Ars.

Summer diarrhœa, with great physical p., patient can hardly stand up. Polyp.

Varices of anus, which are exceedingly sore to touch; much p. Mur-ac.

Weakness and p. at stool. Aloe.

Protrude.—Hæmorrhoids p., independent of stool. Am-c.

Hæmorrhoids sensitive though p. but little. Sil.

Hæmorrhoids p. during diarrhœa, with stitches and burning after for hours. Kali-c.

Hæmorrhoids p. after stool, with constriction of sphincter. Lach.

Hæmorrhoids: p.; blue; suppurating and offensive; with burning; after debauchery; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.

Hæmorrhoids: swollen, p. during soft stool; burning; sticking; painful to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.

Hæmorrhoids p. like a bunch of grapes (Mur-ac.), with constant bearing down and urging in rectum. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoidal congestion: hæmorrhoids bleed often and profusely; p. like grapes, with much tenesmus. Aloe.

Intensely painful hæmorrhoids; p. after stool, become incarcerated and suppurate; often accompanied with fistula. Sil.

Large, painful hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with stitches and burning; p. during stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.

Pressing on rectum, as if it would p., with pressing on bladder. Sulph.

Swollen hæmorrhoids p. and cause pain during stool. Calc-c. (Aloe, Lach., Mur-ac., Puls.)

Varices p. during micturition; blood, then white mucus escapes. Kali-c.

Varices p.; very painful to touch. Lyc.

Protruded.—After great urging and straining until abdominal walls are sore, stool that has already p. slips back again. Sil.

Hæmorrhoids p. Aloe, Am-c., Bar-c., Calc-c., Caust., Ferr., Ham., Hep-s., Kali-c., Lyc., Merc., Nitr., Nitr-ac., Phos., Phos-ac., Plat., Puls., Rat., Rhus-t., Sep., Sil., Sulph., Zinc.

Very large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with sensation as if a portion of anus p. Æsc.

Painful hæmorrhoids; p. during stool. Sil.

Protrudes.—Great and ineffectual urgency and desire for stool, in evening, felt mostly in middle of abdomen, but no stool follows, only rectum p. Ign.

Rectum contracted and p. during hard stool. Lyc. (Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sil.)

Protruding.—P., painful, sore hæmorrhoids. Merc.

P. varices. Ferr., Rat.

P. piles, aching, itching and sore; oozing of a yellow fluid. Calc-ph.

Hæmorrhoids: sore, blind; p. after stool, with pressing in rectum, as if everything would come out. Rhus-t.

Hæmorrhoids p. like a bunch of grapes; swollen, blue, with burning soreness. Mur-ac.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors, p., with stitches at each cough or sneeze. Lach.

Hæmorrhoids: p.; swollen; bleeding; painless or burning. Nitr-ac.
Hæmorrhoids p., with burning, from touch or when pressing. Abrot.
Piles, suddenly (in children); p., reddish-blue, burning; sore to least touch. Mur-ac.
Painful, p., blind piles, with stitches, smarting, soreness and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)

Protrusion.—P. of rectum. Calc-c.
P. of hæmorrhoids. Hep-s., Nux-v.
P. of rectum after stool, then painful constriction of anus. Lach.
P. of rectum, with diarrhœa. Podo.
P. of hæmorrhoids after stool, with long-lasting pains, cannot walk. Am-c.
P. and sore pain of rectum during stool. Ant-c.
During stool: p. of hæmorrhoids; prolapsus ani; pain about umbilicus. Fluor-ac.
Diarrhœa, with p. of blue or dark-purple hæmorrhoids. Mur-ac.
Frequent urging to stool, with p. of rectum. Ruta.
Painful spasmodic p. of rectum. Ars.
Tendency to p. of rectum. Ign.

Pruritus.—P. podicis. Agn.
P. of anus. Ruta.

Psoric.—Chronic diarrhœa, with p. diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting colicky pains; stool of mucus, or watery. Mez.

Ptyalism (see vol ii., section on Mouth).—P. before evacuations. Fluor-ac.

Pubes.—Constipation: stools difficult and painful; pain from back to p. Sabin.
Diarrhœa, with pain extending from back through to p. (in rheumatic, gouty females). Sabin.
Piles; discharge of bright red or dark venous blood, with pain from sacrum through to p. Sabin.

Public.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in p.; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Pulled.—Diarrhœa with sensation as if umbilicus were being p. backward, with actual retraction. Plumb.

Pulling.—Sensation of a string p. anus into rectum. Plumb.

Pulsation (see Throbbing).—P. at anus. Rhod.
P. in anus, after stool, that continues all day. Sulph.
P. in perinæum. Caust.

Pulsations.—P. in rectum and genitals. Ham.

Pulselessness.—Cholera with marble coldness of whole body, p. and rapid progress of disease towards asphyxia. Hydroc-ac.

Pungent.—Diarrhœa (in children, during dentition); profuse, watery, light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of strong, p. odor. Benz-ac.

Stools of strong, p. odor, like that of urine. Benz-ac.

Purgative.—Reliable drastic p.; speedily producing copious liquid stools. Jalap.

Slow p. Aloe.

Purging.—P. stools, with smarting and heat in anus. Eupat-perf.

P. of bloody mucus. Merc-cor.

P., with prostration and coldness of extremities. Ars. (Sec., Ver-a.)

Cholera morbus, worse at night, cold sweat on forehead; vomiting and p. at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Cholera infantum, simultaneous vomiting and p.; great exhaustion. Ars.

Cholera infantum, vomiting, p.; tongue thickly coated white. Bism.

Cholera, when p. ceases, and congestion to brain and chest, turning eyes; difficult breathing. Cic-v.

Constipation: large accumulation; stool difficult, even if soft; after long p. China.

Intestinal catarrh coming on suddenly at night (in summer); vomiting and p. Ver-a.

Intense vomiting and p., with griping pains and cramps in abdomen. Phyt.

Tabes mesenterica; p. with cold extremities; worse after midnight; burning stools, with violent colic. Ars.

Violent p. and tenesmus. Sulph.

Purple.—Diarrhœa, with protrusion of blue or dark p. hæmorrhoids. Mur-ac.

Hæmorrhoids like groundnuts; p. Æsc.

Painful hæmorrhoids, with ulceration; surrounding parts p. and covered with crusts, whole mucous membrane covered with ulcers and cracks. Pæon.

Tumors of a hæmorrhoidal character, very sore, and of a dark p. color. Æsc.

Purulent.—P. stool. Arn., Merc. (Ars., Canth., Iod., Lach., Lyc., Puls., Sulph.)

Pus.—P. discharged with stools, which are extremely offensive. Calc-ph.

Stool containing white points or flakes, like p., offensive odor. Calc-ph.

Stools of mucus, blood and p., where rectum is involved. Arn.

Ulceration of rectum, with discharge of p. and blood; tenesmus. Phos.

Pustule.—Large, painful p. near anus, discharging p., blood and serum. Caust.

Pustules (see section on Skin).—Stitching soreness of rectum; several p. formed at side of it. Am-m.

Putrid.—P., cadaverous-smelling, involuntary stools. Carbo-v.
P. diarrhœa (in children). Salic-ac.
Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery, or papescent, dark brown, p., containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.
Cholera infantum, with p. discharges like bad eggs; with brain symptoms. Carb-ac.
Diarrhœa; acid, p. stools. Coloc.
Diarrhœa: stools black, fluid, p.; cadaverous. Stram.
Diarrhœa: stools mucous; green curdled and mixed with mucus; undigested; yellowish-white, fluid; p.; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.
Involuntary, p. stools (in typhoid). Arn.
Involuntary diarrhœa; p., watery, fetid, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.
Involuntary diarrhœa of water; p., fetid, and colliquative. Sec.
Painless, p., sour-smelling diarrhœa, worse evenings. Calc-c.
Stools pappy, brown, with undigested food and of atrociously p. odor. Graph.
Stool smelling p. Ars., Sulph-ac.
Stools black, acrid and p. Ars.
Stools: mucous with much urging; cadaverous, p., offensive, involuntary. Carbo-v.

Putty.—Scanty stools, like p., requiring much straining to evacuate. Merc-jod.

Putty-like.—Bowels relaxed after colic; stools first white, then p. Cham.

Quantity.—Cholera infantum; enteritis folliculosa; larger stools than are to be expected from q. of food taken, with excessive fetor. Podo.
Sensation of great weight and urging to evacuate a great q., but nothing passes. Cact.

Quick (see Rapidly).—Q. stool. Ant-c., Bar-c., Croton-tig., Cupr., Grat., Gum-gut., Iod., Jatr., Kali-c., Magn-m., Mez., Natr-c., Nicc., Tabac., Thuja, Ver-a., Viola-tr.
Stool evacuated rapidly and almost involuntary; cannot rise from bed q. enough. Sulph.

Quickly.—Strong urging during stool, causing stool to be expelled q. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)
Urging violent, q. passing; frequent, with sensation of fullness and weight in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

Quieted.—Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only q. by being carried about. Cham.

Radiate.—Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains r. upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasm. Dios.

Raphe.—Burning pain in perinæum, r. of which was more prominent than usual, and one inch from anus a tubercle, size of a pea, appeared, which increased for three days and disappeared in about ten days. Thuja.

Rapidly (see Quick).—Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged r. with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa (in young persons who grow too r.). Phos-ac.

Stool evacuated r. and almost involuntary; cannot rise from bed quick enough. Sulph.

Rasping.—R. pain in rectum. Natr-m.

R. hæmorrhoids. Puls.

R. pain in anus. Ant-c., Grat., Ver-a.

Diarrhœa every morning on rising, with griping in abdomen and r. in rectum and anus. Lil-tig.

Ravenous.—Cholera infantum, with vomiting of sour food or curdled lumps; r. appetite. Calc-c.

Raw.—R. feeling at anus. Æsc.

R., sore feeling in rectum. Nux-v.

R. hæmorrhoids; scurf on anus. Petr.

Dysentery; anus feels r. and excoriated, in hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning pains and tenesmus. Apis.

Skin around anus feels r. Berb.

Soreness after stool, as if r. Sulph.

Rawness.—R. in anus after stool. Apis.

Bleeding hæmorrhoids, with burning soreness, and at times r. of anus, from portal congestion; hæmorrhage profuse. Ham.

Sensation of r. in anus, with diarrhœa. Apis.

Recede.—Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly r. into rectum. Sil.

Recedes.—Constipation of difficult stools, as if rectum had no power to expel them, stool r. after having been partly expelled. Sil.

Recovered.—Continual sensation after stool, as if had just been to stool or just r. from pain in anus. Berb.

Red.—R. stool. Rhus-t., Sil.

R. mucous stool. Canth., Graph., Rhus-t., Sulph.

Anus excoriated, r. and sore. Ars.

Bright r. blood. Merc. (Bufo, Casc., Hydrop., Zinc.)

Congestion of blood to head during evacuation, with r. face. Aloe

Constipation, ineffectual urging, with anxiety and r. face. Caust.

Child turns r. in face before and during each stool, which is watery and expelled with great force. Bell.

Dysenteric stools of clear yellow, r. or green slime; pain in back; with straining. Puls.

Diarrhœa: stools watery; thin, r., mucus. Rhus-t.

Discharge of thin, r., blood, or mucus from rectum after stool. Calad.

Feces r., slimy. Canth.

Frequent diarrhœic stools, corroding anus; face being fiery r. Ferr.

Olive-green, slimy, profuse stools, full of bright r. lumps. Apis.

Stools: soft, yellow; soft, afterwards of thin r. blood. Calad.

Stool profuse, full of bright r. lumps, like chopped beets. Apis.

Stool of masses of epithelium connected by muco-lymph, looking r., or green, or shreddy, with severe bearing down in hypogastrium. Arg-n.

Reddish.—R. yellow liquid stool. Lyc.

Piles, suddenly (in children); protruding, r. blue, burning; sore to least touch. Mur-ac.

Redness.—R. and inflammation of anus. Sulph.

Desire to evacuate, with r. of face. Caust.

Relaxation.—R. after evacuation. Calc-c., Nitr-ac., Phos.

Sensation of looseness and r. about rectum and anus. Aloe.

Relaxed.—Bowels r. after colic; stools first white, then putty-like. Cham.

Sphincter ani r. Oxytrop.

Relief.—After stool, feeling of great r. in abdomen, as though an irritating substance were removed from intestines. Gum-gut.

After stool, r. of pains and urging. Rhus-t.

Cholera infantum, typhoid type; child is very restless at night, has to be moved often to get r. Rhus-t.

Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing pains in intestines; is rheumatic and has to change positions often to get r. Rhus-t.

Tenesmus followed by copious, thin or pap-like, sour-smelling stool, giving great r. Arn.

Urgency, as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great r., but it soon returns, with sensation as if a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and os cocygis. Aloe. (Anac.)

Urging followed by copious pasty evacuation (with r. of all symptoms except confusion of head). Bry.

Relieved (see Better).—After stool, large and prominent hæmorrhoids, tender, hot (Brom.), r. by cold water. Aloe.

Burning, r. after stool. Clem.

Distressing contraction of sphincter ani, painful after stool, and when walking or standing, r. by sitting. Ign.

Diarrhœa at night, with violent colic, always r. by stools, or when lying on belly. Rhus-t.

Itching of anus r. after stool. Clem.

Much colic r. by green liquid stools. Magn-c.

Neuralgia of rectum; pain in anus, returning regularly every day, r. by sitting. Ign.

Unsatisfactory urging to stool, r. by passing flatus. Colch.

Relieves.—R. spasms of sphincter ani. Kali-brom.

Beer r. pains in anus. Aloe.

Relieving.—Stools of very membranous mucus, r. colic. Colch.

Tenesmus, with first only a little mucus, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, r. colic. Colch.

Remain.—Constipation before and during menses, of hard lumps which r. long in rectum, as if it had no power to expel them. Sil.

Remained.—After a thin, pappy stool, troublesome feeling, as if still more r. and would pass. Aloe.

After stool, sensation as if something r. and as if stool had been insufficient. Sulph.

Constipation, with frequent and ineffectual desire for stool, and sensation of constriction in rectum; after stool, sensation as if more r., but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.

Constipation: stools dry and hard, or first part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much r.; ineffectual urging. Lyc.

Constipation with desire for stool; sensation as though feces r. in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

Desire for stool, but little passes; feels as if it r. in rectum and could not be expelled. Nitr-ac.

Extreme constipation: unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool sensation as if something still r., stool hard and dry, as if burnt. Sulph.

Sensation after stool as if something r. Sulph.

Sensation after stool as if more r. in rectum. Aloe. (Nux-v.)

Remaining.—Green and bloody mucous stools; anus r. wide open (in dysentery). Phos.

Mucus r. in anus after stool. Graph.

Remission.—After stool, r. of pains and urging. Rhus-t.

Removed.—After stool, feeling of great relief in abdomen, as though an irritating substance were r. from intestines. Gum-gut.

Rending.—R., tearing in anus. Colch. (Kali-c., Phos-ac., Zinc.)

R. in anus after evacuations. Kali-c.

R., tearing up rectum. Sep.

Renewed.—Dysentery-like diarrhœa r. after taking least food or drink. Coloc.

Repelled.—Diarrhœa as if caused by r. eruption, chills or teething. Dulc.

Replaced.—Hæmorrhoids: tumors prolapse with every stool, and have to be r.; they are sore, as if excoriated. Ign.

Requires.—Inactivity of rectum (Opi.); even soft stool r. great straining. Alu.

Resinous.—Stool of shaggy masses of mucus, of r. appearance. Asar.

Rest.—Hæmorrhoids worse in evening, better after r. Alu.

Restless.—Cholera infantum, typhoid type; child is very r. at night, has to be moved often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Watery, fecal, and mucous diarrhœa; r. tossing about and constant uneasiness. Cupr.

Restlessness.—R. before evacuations. Ars.

Ascarides, with creeping and itching, and nightly r., worse from warmth of bed. Teucr.

Chronic diarrhœa of exhausting character, with r.; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.

Choleraic stools, with collapse, deathly anxiety and r. Acon.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; r.; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great fear and r. accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and tearing pains in abdomen. Acon.

Weak feeling in rectum in evening causing r., preventing sleep. Sep.

Retained.—Stool r., then loose. Am-c.

Retarded.—Constipation: stool dry, insufficient, r.; like sheep's dung. Sep. (Natr-m.)

Stool r., hard and insufficient. Sars.

Stools r. and hard; later soft stools. Am-c.

Stool r.; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Retching.—Cholerine, with more r. than vomiting. Sec.

Retention.—R. of stool. Mosch.

R. of stool from paresis of intestines. Opi.

Constipation, with spasmodic r. of feces, especially in small intestines. Opi.

Spasmodic r. of feces in small intestines. Opi.

Retraction.—R. of anus. Kali-bi., Plumb.

R. of abdomen during evacuation. Agar.

Constipation, with painful r. of anus. Kali-bi.

Diarrhœa, with sensation as if umbilicus were being pulled backward, with actual r. Plumb.

Return.—Lying down causes r. of diarrhœa. Ox-ac.

Returning.—Neuralgia of rectum; pain in anus, r. regularly every day, relieved by sitting. Ign.

Returns.—Urgency, as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon r., with sensation as of a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and os coccygis. Aloe. (Anac.)

Rhagades (see Fissures).—Deep r. or fissures of anus. Agn.

Hæmorrhoids of rectum, with burning r. at anus. Graph.

Rheumatic.—Copious diarrhœic stools, with r. pains in ankles, but not in wrists. Bry.

Constant tenesmus, with nausea and tearing pains in intestines; is r. and has to change positions often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa, with pain extending from back through to pubes (in r., gouty females). Sabin.

Rheumatism.—R. after suddenly checked diarrhœa. Abrot.

Diarrhœa (during r.). Kali-bi.

Diarrhœa (during inflammatory r.). Rheum.

Diarrhœa or dysentery (after r.). Kali-bi.

Hæmorrhoids worse when r. abated, with frequent inclination to stool, with passage of blood. Abrot.

Rice.—Grains like boiled r. in stool. Plumb.

Rice water.—R. stools (in summer complaint). Camph.

R. discharges; cold, with cold, sour sweat. Ferr.

Cholera Asiatica; gushing, profuse r. discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; sunken, even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Cholera Asiatica; r. stools, with great prostration, coldness of surface, but will not be covered, with cramps. Camph.

Cholera sporadic: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like r.; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Cadaverous r. stools, with great prostration, and burning thirst (in cholera). Ars.

Sero-mucous vomiting and r. stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of arms and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Stools watery, greenish, mixed with flakes; r.; sudden, involuntary. Ver-a.

Watery diarrhœa in morning; grains like tallow in r. evacuations, always worse in warm weather. Phos.

Riding.—Constipation from taking cold by r. in a carriage. Ign.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after r. in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Diarrhœa from r. in carriage or cars. Cocc.

Easily chafed by r. on horseback. Carbo-an.
Griping and desire for stool while r. Psor.
Soreness in rectum and anus when r. Psor.
Sensation of soreness, followed by blisters (from horseback r.). Carbo-an.

Right.—Cramp-like pain, as if an angular body pressed inward in r. side of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

Rigidity.—Suppression of piles, with hæmorrhoidal colic, congestion, palpitation, r. of small of back, as if bruised. Sulph.

Rigors.—Dysentery: r., pains in limbs and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in hot weather. Bapt.

Ripping up.—R. sensation after stool. Natr-m.

Rise.—Burning at anus, prevents sleep at night; must r. from bed on account of this and tenesmus. Am-c.
Stool evacuated rapidly and almost involuntarily; cannot r. from bed quick enough. Sulph.

Rising.—Diarrhœa every morning on r., with griping in abdomen and rasping in rectum and anus. Lil-tig.
Tenesmus in morning after r. Æth.

Rolling.—Child lying upon mother's lap, moaning, eyes half closed; r. head, stools offensive and dark colored. Podo.
Diarrhœa of children during dentition, with r. head from side to side. Podo.
Diarrhœa of dentition, with r. of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.
Noise from flatus r., with drawing through legs down to toes. Ferr-mag.
Noise from flatus r. in the left side; feels it but does not hear it. Lachn.
Noise from flatus r. Bry., Carbo-an., Lyc., Sars., Sep., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

Rope.—Mucous stool; draws out like a r. Xanth.

Rotten.—Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin, fluid; very offensive; smell like r. eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.
Flatus like r. eggs. Staph.
Offensive flatus (Æsc., Aloe, Bry., Carbo-v., Graph.), with odor like r. eggs. Arn. (Sulph.)
Profuse emission of fetid flatus, with odor like r. eggs. Oleand.
Stool smelling like r. cheese. Bry.
Very offensive flatus for many days, smelling like r. eggs. Sulph.

Rough.—Sensation of foreign body or r., hard feces in rectum, with constant diarrhœa. Natr-m.

Round.—Constipation: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part small; stools in r. black balls; chronic (with children), as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.

Sensation in anus as if sitting on a ball; as if anus and part of urethra were filled by a hard, r. body. Can-ind. (Sep.)

Rub.—Itching at anus, inducing him to r. until he becomes sore. Arg-n.

Rubbing.—Itching in rectum, with burning pain after r. Cic-v.

Rumbling.—R. in rectum. Mang.

R. in abdomen during evacuation. Chelid., Iris, Kali-bi.

R. noise from flatus. Anac., Ant-c., Natr-m., Oleand., Plumb., Sep., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

Before stool r.; after stool chilliness. Puls.

Before stool, r. in abdomen; nausea. Chelid.

Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; r.; anxiety, distressed feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Brown, watery diarrhœa occurring early in morning, with r. about umbilicus, and colic before stool. Rumex.

Bright yellow stools, preceded by cutting and r. in abdomen. Brom.

Copious, watery diarrhœa, with r. in bowels. Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa preceded by r. Cact.

Diarrhœa; stools mush-like, yellowish, with r. and passing of wind Berb.

Diarrhœa in morning after rising, with violent pinching; after meals; with much r.; crampy colic, and passing wind. Agar.

Diarrhœa, with violent delirium, bellyache and r. in bowels. Acet-ac.

Diarrhœa, preceded by r. in bowels. Magn-s.

Diarrhœa, with colic and r. in bowels. Iris.

Diarrhœa: painless, with r. of wind; worse at night and from fright, with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.

Diarrhœa, with r. in stomach. Pæon.

Painless diarrhœa, with r. in abdomen, and burning in anus after stool. Kali-c.

Stool greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following r. in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Thin watery stool, preceded and followed by r. and at times noise as of water gurgling form a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Run.—Diarrhœa; bloody mucus, or stool, on seeing water or hearing it r. Hydroph.

Running.—Diarrhœa: profuse, black, tar-like or pitch-like; very fetid stools, r. out in a stream. Lept.

Runs.—After drinking it appears fluid, r. straight through intestinal canal without stopping. Arg-n.

Cholera infantum: stools green, liquid, mucous (liquid or drink is heard as it r. down œsophagus, is characteristic). Laur.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic, frequent stools, of green mucus, in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets; water r. straight through. Arg-n.

Sacral region.—Diarrhœa, with pain in s. Colch., Kali-jod., Nux-v., Puls.

Desire to evacuate, with pain in s. Rat.

Stinging stitches from anus to s. and abdomen. Aloe.

Pain in s. after evacuation. Tabac.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in s. and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasms. Dios.

Sacrum.—Hæmorrhoids, with aching and lameness or shooting in s. and small of back, with fullness in region of liver. Æsc.

Piles; discharge of bright-red, or dark venous blood, with pain from s. through to pubes. Sabin.

Pains in s. before evacuations. Berb., Carbo-v., Natr-c., Nitr.

Urgent, violent, quickly passing, frequent, with sensation of fullness and weight in pelvis and s. Aloe.

Saffron.—Cholera infantum: stool as if chopped; s. yellow, stringy and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.

Thin, frothy stools, s. yellow, of musty odor like brown paper burning. Coloc.

Sago.—Diarrhœa: stools containing lumps of white mucus; or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or s., or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Greasy stools, or stools like cooked s., with inflammation of pancreas. Phos.

Salt.—Burning in anus, as from s. in a wound, after slimy diarrhœa. Prun-s.

Sand.—Dry and crumbling stool, like s. Arg-m.

Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc); sense of weight in rectum; intense irritation, itching, feeling as of sticks or s. or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Sandy.—S. stool. Arg-m.

Sanious.—Blood and s. matter. Natr-m.

Scanty.—S. stool. Calad., Grat., Merc., Merc-cor., Seneg., Tereb.

S., slimy, dark-colored, bloody stools in dysentery, intervals of from five to six hours between stools, with bruised pain in anus. Arn.

S., hard or lumpy stools, expelled with difficulty. Bar-c.

S., watery stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatus during stool. Arg-n. (Jatr.)

S., bilious, slimy stool, with flatus and tenesmus; during and after, burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.

S. stools like putty, requiring much straining to evacuate. Merc-jod.

S. stool, hard or soft. Berb.

S., pasty, papescent stool. Calad.

Constipation: debility, coated tongue, headache, cold extremities; stool dry, s., and lumpy, knotty, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Constipation: stool hard, s.; feces enveloped in mucus. Nitr-ac.

Constipation: stools s., hard, in lumps or balls, like sheep's dung (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Opi., Magn-m.); black or green color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.

Constipation: after lead poisoning or while traveling; frequent urging, s. stool, with sensation of great weakness. Plat.

Constipation: stools hard as if burnt; s., difficult and insufficient; knotty. Sulph.

Constipation: stools s., or composed of hard lumps, light colored; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled it slips back again. Sil.

Constipation; s. stool, with much depression of mind. Ambr.

Diarrhœa: stools s.; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucus and bloody; slimy; brownish; whitish-gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa: stools bloody, slimy; s., frequent, offensive. Merc-cor.

Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with s., frequent bloody mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder and urinary suppression, or s. urine. Merc-cor.

Dysentery: stool s., frequent, with tenesmus; small, brown; painful; at last bloody. Acon.

Extreme constipation, unsatisfactory and s. stool, voided every two or four days; after stool a sensation as if something still remained; stool hard and dry, as if burnt. Sulph.

Frequent s. discharge of liquid as offensive as carrion. Sil.

Frequent urging to stool, without result, or with a very s. and hard evacuation. Bell.

Hard stool, resembing sheep's dung, with difficult, s. discharge, or with tenesmus. Lach.

Hard, s. stool, like sheep's dung. Berb.

Obstinate constipation; stools hard and s. Kali-jod.

Pasty, soft, bright yellow but s. stool. Lach.

Stools very s., must go to stool after eating. Apoc.

Stools during day copious, soft, dark, or light yellowish-brown; at night s., hard and black. Merc-jod.

Stool retarded: s., hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Stools in fragments, tough, s., with urging and tingling in rectum, and pressure on bladder and uterus. Carbo-v.

Stool s. and delaying several days. Carbo-an.
Stool soft, s., preceded by pinching. Cinnab.
Stool s., delayed. Carbo-an.
Stool of s., yellow, stringy mucus. Asar.
Straining and urging, with s. stool. Bell.

School girls.—Soft stools passed with difficulty, accompanying headache (of s.). Calc-ph.

Scraping.—S. in anus. Croton-tig.
Painless, odorless stools, like s. from intestines. Brom.
Sticking and s. in rectum and anus after a stool. Nitr-ac.
Stool, with s. in intestines. Canth., Colch.

Scrapings.—Dysenteric diarrhœa; stools of mucus and blood, or like s. from intestines; tenesmus. Plat.
Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like s. of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.
Discharge like s. of bowels, with tenesmus during stool. Coloc.
Stool like s. from intestines. Canth. (Colch.)
White, tough mucus with stool, like s. from intestines, with streaks of blood. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Scratching.—Voluptuous itching in perinæum, compelling s. Tarax.

Scream.—Infantile diarrhœa, stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to cry and s. at every stool; worse at night. Merc-cor.

Screams.—Stool on starting from sleep with anxious s., throwing hands about, seizing things, or clinging to mother or nurse. Borax.

Screaming.—Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papsecent, with blood, constant pressing and violent s. (especially in children). Valer.
During stool (in teething infants), s., with drawing up of limbs or stiffening body. Rheum.
Diarrhœa, with pain, causing unceasing s. and tossing about. Ipec.

Scrofulous.—Fetid, watery diarrhœa (of s. children). Sulph
Diarrhœa (in s. persons). Calc-c.
Worm complaints (in s. individuals). Sil.

Scrotum (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Desire to evacuate with contraction of s. Ferr-mag.
Inflamed feeling between s. and anus. Alu.

Scum.—Stool like greenish s. Magn-c.
Stools green and frothy like s. of frog pond, or with white, floating lumps like tallow. Magn-c.

Scurf.—Raw hæmorrhoids; s. on anus. Petr.

Scybala.—Diarrhœa, with infarcted s. Natr-m.

Seat worms.—Intolerable, nightly, tingling and itching at anus, from s. Acon.

Seizing.—Stool on starting from sleep with anxious screams, throwing hands about, s. things, or clinging to mother or nurse. Borax.

Sensation (see Feeling, Sense).—S. in anus as if sitting on a ball; as if anus and part of urethra were filled by a hard round body. Can-ind. (Sep.)

S. as from pressure of a stick in rectum. Rumex.

S. of copious stool, but only flatus escapes, with finally very hard stool. Ant-c.

S. as if mucous membrane of rectum was thickened and that feces obstructed passage. Æsc.

S. of great weight and urging to evacuate a great quantity, but nothing passes. Cact.

S. of constriction in rectum, as though one side had grown up. Rhus-t.

S. as if anus were closed. Lach., Plumb.

S. after stool as if something remained. Sulph.

S. of weight or ball in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep. (The uterus is found to be prolapsed, and pressing down upon rectum causes the s.—W. D. G.)

S. of plug, lump or ball in rectum. Sep.

S. during a thin stool as if it passed in pieces. Carls.

S. as if anus were contracted, preventing passage of stool. Chelid.

S. as if cold water were dripping from anus. Can-sat.

S. as of a plug in rectum. Anac.

S. of soreness in anus. Zinc.

S. as of a plug in anus; cannot sit down. Kali-bi., Lach.

S. as if a plug were pressing out. Croton-tig.

S. of string pulling anus into rectum. Plumb.

S. of soreness, followed by blisters (from horseback riding). Carbo-an.

S. as of a plug in anus. Kali-bi., Lach. (Sep.)

S. as if stool were incomplete. Nux-v.

S. of foreign body or rough, hard feces in rectum, with constant diarrhœa. Natr-m.

S. as if rectum were loose. Aloe.

S. of heat and burning in rectum. Aloe. (Ars.)

S. of looseness and relaxation about rectum and anus. Aloe.

S. of rawness in anus with diarrhœa. Apis.

S. of prolapsus ani after a hard stool. Æsc.

S. after stool as if more remained in rectum. Aloe. (Nux-v.)

S. of soreness with burning and tenderness in sitting. Berb.

After stool, s. as if something remained, and as if stool had been insufficient. Sulph.

Bright red blood with feces, and s. of constriction in rectum. Nux-v.

Burning s. in rectum and anus. Nitr-ac. (Ars., Caps.)

Burning and tingling at anus, after stool, with s. as if worms were crawling about, sometimes with spasms. Tereb.

Biting, sore s. in and around anus after stool. Kali-c.

Before stool, aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, s. of soreness and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Constant s. of insecurity of sphincter ani. Aloe.

Continual s. after stool, as if had just been to stool or just recovered from pain in anus. Berb.

Constrictive pain in anus, together with a s. as if thighs were drawn together, so that she was obliged to close them. Can-sat.

Cholera Asiatica, with colapse; face sunken, distorted, particularly mouth; cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling s. as from ants. Sec.

Constipation after lead poisoning or while traveling; frequent urging, scanty stool, with s. of great weakness. Plat.

Constipation, with frequent and ineffectual desire for stool, and s. of constriction in rectum; after stool, s. as if more remained, but could not be evacuated. Nux-v.

Constipation; stools in small black lumps, mixed with blood, accompanied with prickings in anus, with trembling s. all over body. Sulph-ac.

Constipation with desire for stool; s. as though feces remained in rectum, which has no power to expel them; when after much violent effort of abdominal muscles, feces have been nearly expelled, they suddenly recede into rectum. Sil.

Constipation, with s. of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry, and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if sore. Natr-m.

Diarrhœa with s. as if umbilicus were being pulled backward, with actual retraction. Plumb.

Diarrhœa with s. as if everything would drop through pelvis, with great sinking at epigastrium. Podo.

Diarrhœa, with s. in abdomen as of sharp stones rubbing together. Cocc.

Extreme constipation; unsatisfactory and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool s. as if something still remained, stool hard, and dry as if burnt. Sulph.

Fistula in ano with s. of throbbing or beating with little hammer. Lach.

Faintness, with sensation of emptiness in abdomen, after stool. Podo.

Frequent s. as if diarrhœa would occur. Ran-sc.

Frequent excessive urging to stool, with s. as if rectum were weakened by long-continued diarrhœa. Coloc.

Great and urgent desire for stool, but with effort desire passes away without an evacuation; rectum seems powerless, with a s. as if plugged up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Hæmorrhoids with painful s. of burning. Æsc.

Hæmorrhoids attended with pains shooting deep into rectum, seemingly up into abdomen, with a s. of excoriation or contraction of anus. Ign.

Hæmorrhoids, bleeding almost incessantly, with s. of sharp sticks in rectum. Collins. (Æth.)

Hard feces, with pressure and s. of excoriation in rectum. Alu.

Ripping up s. after stool. Natr-m.

Soft stool, followed by a s. of emptiness in abdomen. Sulph-ac.

Thin, pasty stool of a bilious appearance passed involuntarily, with s. as if wind would pass. Sulph.

Thin stool passes unconsciously, with a s. as if flatus would pass. Staph.

Tenesmus; peculiar and unpleasant s. in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Throbbing in rectum, with s. in anus as if stuffed full. Apis.

Upon pressure at umbilicus a painful s. is felt down to anus where there is constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.

Urging violent, quickly passing, frequent, with s. of fullness and weight in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

Urging, but no evacuation, with s. of a mass in lower part of rectum, and discharge of offensive flatus only. Sang.

Urgency, as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with s. as of a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and os coccygis. Aloe. (Anac.)

Violent itching and constrictive s. in anus. Bell.

Very large and hard stool, voided with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with s. as if a portion of anus protruded Æsc.

Watery diarrhœa, with s. of tremor all over body, without trembling, and great debility. Sulph-ac.

Sense.—Cholera sporadic; sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like s. of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); s. of weight in rectum, intense irritation, itching, feeling as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Sensitive.—S., dull, long stitch near left side of anus, from time to time, affecting whole nervous system. Croc.

Anus s. after a slimy discharge, as though skin were cracked and chapped there. Thuja.

Anus sore, and very s. Thuja. (Sulph.)

Fistula in ano very s. Alu.
Hæmorrhoids s. though protrude but little. Sil.
Hæmorrhoids very s. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids so s. to slightest touch that patient has to lie down, with nates separated. Bell.

Sensitiveness.—S. after evacuation. Nitr-ac.
S., irritability, before evacuations. Borax, Calc-c.
Burning pain with soreness in anus when touched, and great s. when sitting. Berb.
Diarrhœa, with colicky pains, with chilliness and s. to cold air. Camph.
Piles, with constipation and great s. of anus. Nitr-ac.

Separated.—Hæmorrhoids so sensitive to slightest touch that patient has to lie down, with nates s. Bell.

Serum.—Large, painful pustule near anus, discharging pus, blood and s. Caust.

Sexual (see section on Sexual Organs).—Burning and cutting in anus and rectum during and after stool, with s. excitement. Natr-c.

Shaggy.—Stools of bloody, s. mucus. Caps.

Sharp.—S., pressive pain in rectum. Ign.
S. stitches in rectum when walking. Sil.
Anus feels sore, or as if s. points were sticking in parts. Iris.
Anal fissure; severe, sharp, cutting pain during stool, followed by constriction and aching for several hours. Graph.
Awakened early morning by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; s. cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.
Feeling as if s. sticks were being pressed into anus, on slightest touch. Nitr-ac.
Hæmorrhoids, bleeding almost incessantly, with sensation of s. sticks in rectum. Collins. (Æth.)
Stools retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in abdomen, with s. stitches in rectum. Plat.
Thin, watery diarrhœa, preceded by s. aching pains in bowels. Eucalyp.

Sheep's dung.—Stool like s. Magn-m., Plumb. (Berb., Kali-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Opi., Ruta, Sep., Verb.)
Constipation; stools difficult to evacuate, in small pieces, like s. Magn-m.
Constipation: stool little balls or lumps, like s., passed after great straining (Magn-m.), with burning. Natr-c.
Constipation: stools hard, difficult, slow and insufficient; evacuations knotty, like s. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)
Constipation during menstruation; stools like s., painful and difficult. Kali-c. (Magn-m.)
Constipation: stool clay white, like s. Chelid.
Constipation: stool dry, insufficient, retarded; like s. Sep. (Natr-m.)

Constipation: stools scanty, hard, in lumps or balls, like s. (not separated as in Opium, but packed together) (Alu., Kali-c., Opi., Magn-m.); black or green color; passed with difficulty. Plumb.

Constipation; stools hard, like s., and enveloped in mucus. Spig.

Hard stool, resembling s., with difficult, scanty discharge, or with tenesmus. Lach.

Hard scanty stool, like s. Berb., Kali-n.

Obstinate constipation; stool only once in eight or ten days, feces composed of lumps packed together like s., with severe colic. Plumb.

Stool: like s., like water, with colic; involuntary. Natr-m.

Stool: insufficient, soft, bloody; like s.; only with much exertion. Kali-c. (Alu., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Sep.)

Stools knotty, like s. Caust.

Stool hard, in small balls, or nuts, or like s. Cimex.

Stool: hard, tough, brown and glistening; breaks to pieces, like s. Brom.

Stools hard and knotty like s. (Opi., Plumb.); with cutting in anus, followed by blood. Alu. (Merc., Nux-v.)

Stool like s. or laurel berries; difficult passage, with cutting in anus, as if too narrow, followed by stream of blood; soreness in anus and rectum. Alu.

Snines.—Hard stool covered with mucus (Casc.) s. as if greased. Caust.

Shining.—Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; contains s. bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Greasy, s. stool. Caust., Thuja.

Obstinate constipation: stools tough, very solid; expelled with great difficulty; s. as if greased. Caust.

Small white, s. grains in brown feces. Mez.

Shivering.—S. during stool. Canth.

Dysentery: burning at anus as from pepper; after every stool, thirst and s., and every drink, shuddering. Caps.

During stool, cutting in abdomen; after stool s. Canth. (Merc.)

Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, sour smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, s., during stool. Rheum.

Frequent, copious stools, with s. Ver-a.

Pasty, sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), followed by s. (Puls.), then urging, with drawing constriction in intestines. Rheum.

Shocks.—Diarrhœa with flatulence (caused by s.). Arg-n.

Shooting.—S. in anus, with sore feeling. Acon.

S. pain in rectum and anus. Carls.

Hæmorrhoids attended with pains s. deep into rectum, seemingly up into abdomen, with a sensation of excoriation or contraction of anus. Ign.

Hæmorrhoids with darting pains, s. to liver; look like grapes, great pain and distress. Dios.

Hæmorrhoids with aching and lameness or s. in sacrum and small of back, with fullness in region of liver. Æsc.

Neuralgia in rectum and anus, s. through perinæum to penis, with constipation. Phyt.

Stools: frequent, copious, s. out all at once with a single, somewhat prolonged effort. Gum-gut.

Squeezing, constrictive pain in colon and rectum, alternating with s. or jerks toward perinæum. Bell.

Shot.—Bowels move with a spasmodic burst or jerk, coming out like s. from a gun. Croton-tig.

Constant urging to stool, followed by sudden, pasty, offensive evacuation of a dirty green color, which is forcibly s. out of rectum. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: stools yellow, watery; sudden expulsion, coming out like a s. Croton-tig.

Urging before stool, which s. out as from a gun. Phos.

Violent gushing, watery diarrhœa; stools spurting out like a s. Jatr. (Croton-tig., Elat., Gum-gut.)

Shreddy —Stools of masses of epithelium connected by muco-lymph, looking red, or green, or s., with severe bearing down in hypogastrium. Arg-n.

Stools contain large quantities of small, white, s. particles. Colch.

Shreds.—Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; flakes or s. in stool. Colch.

Stools coated with s. of yellow mucus. Podo.

Shrieking.—Diarrhœa, with s. and whining (in children). Cham., Jalap., Senna.

Shuddering.—S. before evacuations. Mez. (Bar-c., Dig.)

S. during evacuations. Alu., Bell., Calad., Coni., Kali-c., Magn-c., Natr-c., Plat., Rheum, Spig., Stann., Ver-a.

S. after evacuation. Canth., Mez., Plat.

Diarrhœa; stools thin, pasty, sour smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and s., shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Diarrhœa with s. Merc., Puls., Sulph.

Dysentery, burning at anus as from pepper; after every stool, thirst and shivering, and every drink, s. Caps.

Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness or s. over back, then urging to stool, which is insufficient. Colch.

Sickening.—Stools like curdled milk, of offensive, s. odor, expelled forcibly. Gum-gut.

Side.—Cramp-like pain, as if an angular body pressed inward in right s. of rectum about one inch above anus. Prun-s.

Constipation, with incarcerated flatulence in left s. Aur., Iod., Lyc., Rhod., Sulph.

Chronic watery diarrhœa, mornings, with pains in s. of abdomen. Coloc.

Desire for stool when lying on left s. Phos.

Diarrhœa of children during dentition, with rolling head from s. to s. Podo.

Noise from flatus rolling in left s.; feels it but does not hear it. Lachn.

Sensation of constriction in rectum, as though one s. had grown up. Rhus-t.

Itching soreness of rectum; several pustules formed at s. of it. Am-m.

Single.—Stools: frequent; copious, shooting out all at once with a s., somewhat prolonged effort. Gum-gut.

Sinking.—Cholera Asiatica; great s. and collapse, sometimes without stool. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Ver-a.)

Diarrhœa, with sensation as if everything would drop through pelvis, with great s. at epigastrium. Podo.

Dysentery: infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody mucus mixed with green, watery stools, s. to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Pressure in rectum and sacral region, as if intestines were s. down and would be pressed out, while sitting. Can-sat.

Painless discharge of masses of blood in clots, with s. feeling. Ver-a.

Sit.—Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessnes; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither s. nor sleep without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.

Constant urging at night, cannot lie nor s., on account of sticking and sore pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.

Cramp in rectum whole forenoon; a griping and stitching, with great anxiety; was not able to s., but was obliged to walk about. Calc-c.

Small boil near anus, to right, with much pain; cannot s. Calc-ph.

Sensation as of a plug in anus; cannot s. down. Kali-bi., Lach.

Sitting.—Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in abdomen and rectum, painful when s. and standing. Ign.

Burning pain with soreness in anus when touched, and great sensitiveness when s. Berb.

Constrictive pain in anus while s. Mang.

Contractive pain in rectum, preventing s., afternoons. Cocc.

Drawing pressive pain in and about anus and perinæum, as if a spot was suppurating; when walking or s. Cycl.

Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude during soft stool; burning; sticking; painful to touch, or when s. Lyc.

Hæmorrhoids, worse s. Thuja. (Æsc.)

Hæmorrhoids: bleeding, with intolerable pain in s.; with cramps in arms. Phos-ac.

Hæmorrhoids painful when s. and lying. Phos.

Hæmorrhoids, with pain on s. down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, also violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph.

Itching of anus when s. Jac-car., Staph.

Neuralgia of rectum; pain in anus, returning regularly every day, relieved by s. Ign.

Pain in anus when s. Am-m., Phos., Therid.

Pressure in rectum and sacral region, as if intestines were sinking down and would be pressed out, while s. Can-sat.

Prolapsus ani, worse s. Therid.

Sensation in anus as if s. on a ball; as if anus and part of urethra were filled by a hard round body. Can-ind. (Sep.)

Tearing stitches in rectum while urinating; while s. Ruta.

Skin (see section on Skin).—S. around anus feels raw. Berb.

Anus sensitive after a slimy discharge, as though s. were cracked and chapped there. Thuja.

Anæmia after summer complaint; feeble; pallid, white s. Carbo-v.

Chronic diarrhœa, with characteristic eruption on s. Mez.

Sore feeling in s. near anus, when walking, as from subcutaneous suppuration. Agn.

Stools thin green (olive green), involuntary, with shriveled s. Sec.

Soreness, as if s. were cracked, after a slimy stool. Thuja.

Suppression of diarrhœa followed by eruption of s. Mez. (Croton-tig.)

Skinny.—Stool bloody; mingled with s. substance. Colch.

Sleep (see section on Sleep).—Burning at anus, prevents s. at night; must rise from bed on account of this and tenesmus. Am-c.

Burning and intolerable itching of anus at night; patient cannot s. for itching. Sulph.

Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor s. without anguish and tossing (as in Ars.). Iod.

Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and after s.; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; mingled with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during s. without waking. Coni.

Discharge of liquid, then feces, at night during s. Sulph.

Involuntary stool during s. Arn., Bry., Coni., Hyos., Mosch., Phos., Puls., Rhus-t., Sulph., Ver-a.

Involuntary stool (Ars., Carbo-v.); at night (Hyos.); during s. (in fevers). Arn.

Stool of burning water, preventing s. Natr-m.

Stool on starting from s., with anxious screams, throwing hands about, seizing things or clinging to mother or nurse. Borax.

Weak feeling in rectum in evening, causing restlessness, preventing s. Sep.

Sleepiness.—After stool, lassitude; s. Ipec.

Diarrhœa with s. Nux-m.

Sleeping.—Diarrhœa; involuntary stools at night while s. Rhus-t.

Itching and burning in anus, painful in highest degree, prevents s. Aloe.

Slender.—Constipation: stools dry, tough and hard, long, s. like a dog's; voided with difficulty. Phos.

Slide.—Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to s. down in bed. Mur-ac.

Slime.—Only s. passes, no feces. Asaf.

Constipation; stools hard, containing undigested food, and often accompanied by s. Calc-c.

Dysentery, blood and s. separated. Mur-ac.

Dysenteric stools of clear yellow, red or green s.; pain in back, with straining. Puls.

Diarrhœa of brown, fermented stool, swimming on water; liquid, mixed with blood and s. Sabad.

Diarrhœic stools composed of s. and undigested food, stools painless, excoriating and exhausting. Ferr.

Discharge of bloody s. Thuja.

Frequent small stools, consisting only of s. Arn.

Old hæmorrhoidal tumors, secreting much s., and bleeding profusely after stool. Nitr-ac.

Stools: watery, light yellow, fecal; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.

Slimy.—Very s. stool. Sulph.

S., bloody stools, violent pains in abdomen; tenesmus, urging between discharges. Acon.

S. stools, with bright-yellow flakes. Colch.

S. diarrhœa. Puls.

S. and bloody stool. Bell. (Merc., Nux-v.)

S., watery, greenish, bloody stools, with tenesmus. Arg-n.

S. stool, with faintness. Dulc.

Acrid s. stools. Ars.

Alternate s. stools and constipation. Acon.

Anus sensitive after a s. discharge, as though skin were cracked and chapped there. Thuja.

Brownish, small, s., half fluid (half solid). Aloe.

Burning in anus, as from salt in a wound, after s. diarrhœa. Prun-s.

Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, s., sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Cholera infantum; stools as green as grass, s. or watery. Tart-em.

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, s.; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold perspiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary and very prostrating; stools s., papescent, brownish or watery, with bloated abdomen. Ars.

Diarrhœa: stools bloody, s.; scanty, frequent, offensive. Merc-cor.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucus and bloody; s.; brownish; whitish gray; acrid and burning fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa; stools at first green, then s. Puls.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucous; s.; frothy; bloody; cadaverous smelling; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish-green, or greenish, s.; cholera-like. Tabac.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown or black, s., fluid; in frothy bubbles; very offensive; painless, in morning two to seven o'clock (during measles). Squilla. (Stools similar to Psorinum, but those of Squilla are frothy, and there is an absence of debility.—Bell.)

Diarrhœa: stool as if chopped; saffron yellow, stringy and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and s.; profuse; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa; stools bright yellow (Chelid.) or greenish, watery and s., with violent tenesmus. Æth. (Merc.)

Diarrhœa; stools white, s., mucus. Podo.

Dysentery, after bloody stools have ceased, tenesmus, with brown, mush-like, s., sour stools. Rheum.

Dysentery, with s., bloody stools at night; constant urging. Kali-n.

Feces red, s. Canth.

Green, s. stools, nausea, vomiting and great prostration (in children). Tabac.

Greenish, s., watery stools. Coloc.

Green, s., diarrhœic stool. Am-m. (Ars., Merc.)

Green, loose stools, sometimes s. (in children). **Calc-ph.**

Light-yellow stools of s. mucus. Brom.

Morning diarrhœa; stools watery, green, undigested or s., with severe colic and prolapsus ani. Podo.

Olive-green, s., profuse stools, full of bright-red lumps. **Apis.**

Stools of s. mucus and blood. Apis.

Stools of s. mucus. Arn.

Stools s., with pain in bowels, and palpitation of heart. **Petr.**

Stools bloody, brown and s., with great exhaustion. Nitr-ac.

Stools: difficult and hard; s. Petr.

Stool thin, papescent, or brown, s., curdled, and mixed with mucus. Rheum.

Stools brown, s., mixed with mucus, followed by tenesmus, and great burning in anus and rectum. Rheum. (Ars., Sulph.)

Stools greenish yellow, s., very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of white and bloody mucus. Puls.

Stool of s., bloody, white or blood-streaked mucus. Canth. (Merc-cor.)

Stools: soft, thin, fecal, s., whitish-yellow. Cocc.

Stools: small, dysenteric, brownish, s., half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Stools s. and bloody. Colch.

Stools: s.; dark colored; bilious; very offensive; light, mushy. Dios.

Soreness as if skin were cracked, after s. stool. Thuja.

Scanty, bilious, s. stool, with flatus and tenesmus; during and after burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.

Small stools of a s., bloody mucus, with much urging. Nux-v.

Stercoraceous, s. stool. Dig., Rheum. (Cham., Led., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Viola-tr.)

Sudden, papescent, yellow, green or grayish, s. stools, with tenesmus. Tabac.

Soft, light-yellow stool, of s. mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing infants, with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.

Thin, yellow, fecal and s. stools. Agar.

Slip.—Stools s. from anus like lumps of jelly. Oxytrop.

Slips.—After great urging and straining until abdominal walls are sore, stool that has already protruded s. back again. Sil.

Constipation: stools scanty, or composed of hard lumps, light colored; expulsion difficult, as from inactivity of rectum; when partly expelled it s. back again. Sil.

Constipation; stool s. back, as if not power enough. Sil.

Slow.—S. purgative. Aloe.

S., difficult stool. Nux-m.

Constipation: stools hard, difficult, s., and insufficient evacuations; knotty, like sheep's dung. Magn-m. (Alu., Kali-c., Natr-m., Opi.)

Slowly.—Soft stool, evacuated s. and with much urging. Rhod. (Carbo-v., China.)

Sluggish.—Constipation, bowels s. Apoc.

Sluggishness.—S. of rectum. Anac.

Small.—S. stool. Acon., Aloe, Arg-m., Arn., Ars., Asar., Bell., Canth., Caps., Caust., Cham., Colch., Coloc., Dulc., Eugen., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Merc-cor., Mez., Nux-v., Oleand., Phos., Ruta, Sang., Sep., Sulph.

S. stools of a slimy, bloody mucus, with much urging. Nux-v.

S. diarrhœa-like stools in morning, corroding anus. Nux-v. (Caps.)

S., interrupted flatus. Calad., Caust., Plumb.
S., soft stool. Graph.
S. or pipe-stem shaped stool; varices large, painful, hindering, worse on thinking of them. Caust. (Ox-ac.) (Reverse, Camph.)
S., frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.
S. frequent stool of tenacious mucus, mingled with black blood, causing tenesmus. Caps.
S., hot stools. Cham.
S. frequent stools. Bell.
S., diarrhœic green, mucus, and bloody stool, followed by urging, little or no stool passed. Bell.
Brownish, s., slimy, half fluid (half solid). Aloe.
Constipation; stools frequent, ineffectual urging, with s. stools or only flatus. Magn-c.
Constipation; stools difficult to evacuate, in s. pieces like sheep's dung. Magn-m.
Constipation from inertia of bowels; stool hard, dark brown, in s. pieces, can only be expelled after enemas. Opi.
Con tipation; s., hard stool, with much straining. Ptel.
Constipation; stools in s. black lumps, mixed with blood, accompanied with prickings in anus, with trembling sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.
Constipation: stools large and hard; or first part large, latter part s.; stools in round black balls; chronic (with children); as from inactivity of rectum. Ver-a.
Costiveness for weeks, nothing but s., hard balls being passed. Opi.
Dysentery: stool scanty, frequent, with tenesmus; s., brown; painful; at last bloody. Acon.
Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs, and small of back; stools s., all blood, not very dark, but thick; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in hot weather. Bapt.
Diarrhœa: stools frequent, s., sometimes involuntary; pitch-like. Zinc.
Diarrhœa of white mucus appearing like s. pieces of pop-corn. Cina.
Desire to evacuate with s. stool and tenesmus. Acon., Æth., Ars., Bell., Caps., Gum-gut., Laur., Merc-cor.
Frequent s. stools, consisting only of slime. Arn.
Frequent urging in lower part of rectum, with discharge of s., soft stool. Arg-m.
Frequent desire for stool, with s. discharges. Hyos.
Frequent, s., thin, dark, offensive, and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.
Frequent, s. stool, consisting of mucus with prostration and necessity to lie down after every stool. Arn.

Frequent desire to evacuate bowels, accompanying urging to urinate; very s., soft stools, without relief. Dig.

Inactivity of rectum, even s. stool passes with difficulty. Anac. (Alu.)

Obstinate constipation; stools s., hard, dry, brittle, granulous, or crumbling; insufficient; difficult; expelled with much pressure. Zinc.

Pressure and feeling of excoriation after s. hard stool. Alu.

Rectum closes firmly after discharge of s. white stool. Cimex.

Stool in s. pieces. Am-c., Guaj., Magn-m., Merc., Phos-ac., Ruta.

Stool hard in s. balls, or nuts, or like sheep's dung. Cimex.

Stools contain large quanities of s., white, shreddy particles. Colch.

Stools s., dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Stool s. in quantity, of dark color, offensive odor, with great prostration. Ars.

Stool, first natural, then several s., loose evacuations, then as s. but hard evacuations, with violent straining in rectum and anus until all are passed. Ant-c.

Stools s., streaked with blood; tormina; burning in bowels and rectum; hard lumps of feces with discharges. Erig.

Small-pox.—Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during s.; during typhoid fever; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Diarrhœa (in pneumonia, s., and suppressed eruptions). Tart-em.

Diarrhœa (during s.). Ars., China, Tart-em.

Smart.—Hæmorrhoidal tumors pain and burn during usual stool; s. after hard stool. Magn-m.

Smarting.—S. during stool. Phos.

S. in rectum. Ign., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Puls.

S. in anus. Ant-c., Dulc., Grat., Mur-ac., Phos-ac., Puls., Ver-a.

S. in anus during evacuations. Agar., China, Kali-c., Mur-ac.

S., sore pain in rectum after stool. Staph.

S., more in rectum than in anus, immediately after stool, and continuing two or three hours; sometimes prolapsus ani or discharge of blood accompanies these symptoms. Nitr-ac.

S. hæmorrhoids. Am-c., Puls.

S. in anus after stools. Agar., Corn-c.

Diarrhœa, with much wind, worse evening and morning; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; s. and burning in anus. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by s. and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa with s. in anus. Kali-c.

Diarrhœa: painless, with rumbling of wind; worse at night and from fright, with great timidity, with s. in rectum. Ign.

Diarrhœa with s., stinging or burning pains at night. Caps.

During stool, colic; s. at anus. Kali-c.

Emission of large quantity of wind, with odor of garlic, with s. pain in rectum. Agar.

Hard, knotty stool, streaked with blood, accompanied and preceded by s. in anus; often with scanty menses. Natr-s.

Itching and burning in rectum, with s. blind piles. Rhus-t.

Prolapsus ani, with much pain and s. in rectum and anus. Nitr-ac.

Painful, protruding, blind piles, with stitches, s., soreness and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)

Purging stools, with s. and heat in anus. Eupat-perf.

Sore, itching, s., humid spot between anus and coccyx. Led.

Sore, s. hæmorrhoids. Aloe, Apis, Graph., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Phos., Puls., Rhus-t., Zinc.

Stitching, s., sore pain in anus on wiping it. Graph.

Stitches or s. in rectum. Phos.

Stinging, s., itching at anus. Ambr.

Smell.—Diarrhœic stools; white and fetid, child has a sour s. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, thin, fluid; very offensive; s. like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Excessive acidity (making child s. sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Stool so fetid, s. follows patient. Sulph.

Smelling.—Cadaverous s. stools. Ars.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery, or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous s., great prostration. Kreas.

Cadaverous s. stool. Ars., Bism., Carbo-v., Kreas., Lach., Phos., Rhus-t., Sil., Stront.

Cholera infantum; foul s. stools. Stram.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, fecal, thin or papescent; undigeted; whitish, sour s.; painless. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa: stools horribly offensive; pasty, liquid, mucous; slimy; frothy; bloody; cadaverous s.; expulsion difficult. Sil.

Mouldy s. stool. Coloc.

Oozing of fluid from rectum, s. like fish-brine. Calc-c.

Peculiar s. stool. Aloe.

Putrid, cadaverous s., involuntary stools. Carbo-v.

Stools watery, light yellow, fecal; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous s.; mixed blood and slime. Lach.

Stool s. like brown paper burning. **Coloc.**
Stool s. like rotten cheese. Bry.
Stool s. putrid. Ars., Sulph-ac.
Stool s. like onions. Nux-j.
Stools s. like bad eggs. Cham.
Stools like washings of meat; yellowish brown, bloody, cadaverous s. and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.
Sour s. stool. Calc-c., Cham., Graph., Hep-s., Magn-c., Merc., Natr-c., Rheum, Sulph.
Sour s. or fetid flatus. Natr-c.
Very offensive flatus for many days, s. like rotten eggs. Sulph.

Smells.—Cholera infantum, where child s. intensely sour; stools green and watery, with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.
Flatus s. very badly, and causes burning in rectum. Aloe.
Flatus s. like garlic. Agar.
Stool very offensive, s. horribly; child always awakens in distress. Lach.
Sour stools (of infants), whole child s. sour. Robin., Rheum, Calc-c.

Smoked meat.—Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like s.; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciated; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Sneeze.—Hæmorrhoidal tumors, protruding, with stitches at each cough or s. Lach.

Sneezing.—Involuntary stool when s. or laughing. Sulph.

Snoring.—Cholera infantum with stupor, s., convulsions. Opi.

Soaking.—Diarrhœa: stools while being washed; dirty water s. napkin through. Podo.

Scap-suds.—Frothy stools like s. Benz-ac.

Soft.—S. stool. Agn., Anac., Bar-c., Calc-c., Graph., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Oleand., Phos., Puls., Ran-sc., Rat., Rhod., Sep., Viola-tr.
S. stool twice a day. Cinnab.
S. stool, whole evacuated with one effort. Gum-gut.
S. stool after coffee. Fluor-ac.
S. stool, with disposition to frequent evacuation (looseness of bowels.) Calc-c.
S. stool, with bloody mucus, preceded by cutting in abdomen. Sulph.
S. stool with tenesmus. Magn-s.
S. stool, difficult to pass. Agn., Alu., Anac., China, Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-m., Psor., Rhod., Sep., Tarax.
S. light-yellow stool, of slimy mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing infants with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.
S. stool, evacuated slowly, and with much urging. Rhod. (Carbo-v., China.)
S. stools, passed with difficulty, accompanying headache (of school girls). Calc-ph.

S. stool, followed by a sensation of emptiness in abdomen. Sulph-ac.
Alternate hard and s. stool. Magn-s., Nux-v.
Burning in anus during s. stool. Am-m., Merc., Mur-ac.
Bleeding, even with s. stool. Lyc.
Constipation: stools dry and hard, or first part lumpy, then s.; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual urging. Lyc.
Constipation: large accumulation; stool difficult, even if s.; after long purging. China.
Copious, s., yellowish stools, attended with some griping. Asclep.
Copious, s. or pasty stools. Cocc-c.
Chronic s. stool. Calc-c., Graph., Phos., Sulph-ac.
Diarrhœa: frequent; thin, involuntary with flatus; s. after eating. Ign.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, watery, fecal; bloody; s., with colic. Kreas.
Diarrhœa; stool liquid, s., yellow. Oleand.
Diarrhœa: stools s., brown, sour, fermented; containing glistening bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.
Diarrhœa: stool s., pasty; yellowish-white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.
Dysenteric stools; difficult evacuation of s. stool or of bloody mucus with tenesmus. Hep-s.
Discharge of prostatic fluid during hard stool. Alu. (During s. stool, Ars.)
Discharge of blood during s. stool. Lyc.
Even s. stool passes with difficulty. Carbo-v. (Aloe, Alu., China, Nux-m.)
Frequent urging in lower part of rectum, with discharge of small, s. stool. Arg-m.
Frequent s. stool of yellow mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or pain in back. Puls.
Feeling as if intestines had no power to expel feces, during s. stool. Hell.
Great straining required to void s. stool. Alu. (Sil.)
Green, s. stool. Lob.
Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude during s. stool; burning; sticking; painful to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.
Hæmorrhage from rectum, with s. stool. Hep-s.
Hard and s. stool alternately. Ars., Borax, Iod., Lach., Magn-s., Nitr-ac., Phos.
Inactivity of rectum (Opi.); even s. stool requires great straining. Alu.
Pasty, s., bright-yellow but scanty stool. Lach.
Pappy, s. stools; dark-green bilious stools; like frog spawn. Carls.
Rectum inactive; much urging even with s. stool. Stann.

Stools retarded and hard; later s. stools. Am-c.
Stools s., brownish, easy; floating on water. Merc.
Stools during day copious, s., dark, or light yellowish-brown; at night scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.
Stool insufficient, s., bloody; like sheep's dung; only with much exertion. Kali-c. (Alu., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Sep.)
Stool large, s., with tenesmus and aching in sphincter ani. Kobalt.
Stool s. but passed with great exertion. Lob.
Stools large and s. but passed with difficulty. Ign.
Stool first s., then hard. Oleand., Sabin.
Stool seldom, but s. Meph.
Stools s., very white. Caul.
Stool s., scanty, preceded by pinching. Cinnab.
Stools s., thin, fecal, slimy, whitish-yellow. Cocc.
Stools: s., yellow; s., afterwards of thin red blood. Calad.
Small, s. stool daily, with much straining. Therid.
Small s. stool. Graph.
Scanty stool, hard or s. Berb.
Straining and backache with s. stool. Puls.
Violent pain in small of back during s. stool, with tenesmus and burning. Tabac.

Soiling.—S. clothes when passing flatus. Oleand.

Soles.—Constipation from abdominal plethora; stools hard and and knotty, insufficient; frequent hot flushes, with burning on top of head and s. of feet. Sulph.

Solid.—Diarrhœa: stool soft, pasty; yellowish-white; partly s., partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.
Obstinate constipation; stools tough, very s.; expelled with great difficulty; shining as if greased. Caust.
Treacherous stool; patient does not know whether there will be flatus or stool, or whether fluid or s. Aloe.
With a pappy stool, feeling as if it were s. Aloe.

Sore.—S., itching, smarting, humid spot between anus and coccyx. Led.
S. pain in anus, without reference to stool. Ign.
S. pain in anus immediately after a stool. Puls.
S., smarting hæmorrhoids. Aloe, Apis, Graph., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Phos., Puls., Rhus-t., Zinc.
S. feeling in anus; worse outside; with stitching, burning and throbbing. Calc-ph.
S. feeling in skin near anus when walking, as from subcutaneous suppuration. Agn.
S. between nates, around anus and in groin, on moderate walking. Arg-m.
Anus excoriated, red and s. Ars.

Anus very s., either with or without hæmorrhoids. Mur ac.
Anus s.; viscid moisture oozing, also from perinæum. Carbo-an. (Sil.)
Anus and surrounding parts s. and chafed. Œnonth.
Anus feels s., or as if sharp points were sticking in parts. Iris.
Anus s. during evacuations. Ars.
Anus swollen, with s., stitching pains. Sulph.
Anus s. and very sensitive. Thuja. (Sulph.)
After great urging and straining, until abdominal walls are s., stool that has already protruded slips back again. Sil.
Biting s. pain in anus on walking, and burning in rectum. Mez.
Biting, s. sensation in and around anus after stool. Kali-c.
Constipation, with sensation of contraction of anus; difficult expulsion of hard, dry and crumbling stool, fissuring anus, so that it bleeds and pains as if s. Natr-m.
Croupous inflammation of rectum; thin, unshapely strips pass in masses, with burning, constriction and s. pain. Arg-n.
Constant urging at night, cannot lie nor sit on account of sticking and s. pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.
Constrictive s. pain in rectum, as from blind piles, for one or two hours after stool. Ign. (Natr-m.)
Dysentery, with rectum and anus greatly inflamed and s., stool of bloody mucus, attended by tenesmus. Merc-bij.
Hæmorrhoids s. on wiping, after stool. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids; tumors prolapse with every stool and have to be replaced; they are s. as if excoriated. Ign.
Hæmorrhoids: s., blind; protruding after stool, with pressing in rectum as if everything would come out. Rhus-t.
Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, also violent itching and very s. to touch. Graph.
Itching at anus, inducing him to rub until he becomes s. Arg-n.
Piles, suddenly (in children); protruding, reddish-blue, burning; s. to least touch. Mur-ac.
Protruding, painful s. hæmorrhoids. Merc.
Protruding piles, aching, itching and s.; oozing of a yellow fluid. Calc-ph.
Protrusion and s. pain of rectum during stool. Ant-c.
Raw, s. feeling in rectum. Nux-v.
Shooting in anus, with s. feeling. Acon.
Smarting, s. pain in rectum after stool. Staph.
Stitching, smarting, s. pain in anus on wiping it. Graph.
Tumors of a hæmorrhoidal character, very s., and of a dark purple color. Æsc.
Violent burning pain in anus, as if parts around it were s. Berb. (Sil., Sulph.)

Varices of anus, which are exceedingly s. to touch; much prostration. Mur-ac.

Sore mouth (see section on Mouth, vol. ii.).—Soft, light-yellow stool of slimy mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing infants, with aphthous s.). Borax.

Soreness.—S. in anus. Kali-bi.

S. of rectum. Am-m., Ars., Caust., Grat., Lyc., Nux-v., Puls.

S. (Berb.), burning, itching and fullness at anus. Æsc. (Sulph.)

S., stitches, itching and burning in anus. Kali-c.

S. in rectum and anus when riding. Psor.

S. in abdomen during evacuation. Euphorb.

S. between nates. Calc-c., Natr-m., Sep.

S., excoriation of anus. Bar-c., Sulph. (Am-c., Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-an., Grat., Hep-s., Kali-c., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac.)

S. of perinæum. Carbo-v., Rhod.

S. of perinæum, with moisture and painful itching when touched. Carbo-v.

S. after stool, as if raw. Sulph.

S., aching, or stitches in anus. Sep.

S. as if skin were cracked, after slimy stool. Thuja.

Bleeding hæmorrhoids, with burning s., and at times rawness of anus, from portal congestion; hæmorrhage profuse. Ham.

Blind piles, with pressure and s. in abdomen and rectum, painful when sitting and standing. Ign.

Before stool aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of s. and weakness in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Burning pain, with s. in anus when touched, and great sensitiveness when sitting. Berb.

Burning and s. around anus, as if excoriated. Bar-c.

Chronic diarrhœa of mucus and fecal matter; itching, s., and discharge of acrid fluid from anus. Sulph.

Constipation, with hard, knotty stools (Magn-m.); hæmorrhoids, burning and s. Bar-c.

Diarrhœa, with s. of anus. Cham., Ferr., Merc., Sars.

Feeling of s. at anus. Thuja.

Great s. of anus. Æsc.

General s. after evacuation. Calc-c.

Heat, s., and heaviness in rectum. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids protruding like a bunch of grapes; swollen, blue, with burning s. Mur-ac.

Hard, large feces, with cutting and s. in rectum and anus. Vib-op.

Inflammation, s., stitches and tingling, as from ascarides in varices. Kali-c.

Itching, biting and s. at anus. Spong.

Moist s. in anus and between nates, when walking. Nitr-ac.

Moisture, with s. and itching about anus. Sulph.

Painful, protruding blind piles, with stitches, smarting, s. and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)

Pain in rectum during stool; feeling of s., as if an ulcer had been torn open. Ant-c.

Stool of hard impacted feces, with great s. of anus. Æsc.

Stool like sheep's dung or laurel berries; difficult passage, with cutting in anus, as if too narrow, followed by stream of blood; s. in anus and rectum. Alu.

Stitching s. of rectum; several pustules formed at side of it. Am-m.

Sticking, stitching s. in anus. Carbo-v.

Sudden, irresistible urging to stool; s. in lumbar region of back; chills over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

Sensation of s., followed by blisters (from horseback riding). Carbo-an.

Sensation of s., with burning and tenderness when sitting. Berb.

Sensation of s. in anus. Zinc.

Tenesmus is peculiar: an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of s.; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Sour.—Diarrhœa; stools s. Sulph.

S. stools (of infants), whole child smells s. Robin., Rheum, Calc-c.

S., acrid diarrhœa; in children stools are green. Alu.

Cholera infantum: watery, green, s., frothy stool; white lumps like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.

Cholera infantum, where child smells intensely s.; stools green and watery, with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.

Cholera infantum, with vomiting of s. food or curdled lumps; ravenous appetite. Calc-c.

Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, s. diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Chronic diarrhœa; stools s., frothy. Rheum.

Constipation, with s. taste. Sep.

Diarrhœa early in morning, stools green, s. Podo.

Diarrhœa of undigested stools; of s. odor. Calc-c.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, s., fermented; containing glistening bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, fecal, thin or papescent; undigested; whitish, s. smelling; painless. Hep-s.

Diarrhœic stools; white and fetid, child has a s. smell. Hep-s.

Dysentery, after bloody stools have ceased, tenesmus, with brown, mush-like, slimy, s. stools. Rheum.

Excessive acidity (making child smell s.); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Flatulence during dentition, with green, s. stools in morning. Podo.

Green stools, or like chopped eggs, with s. odor. Rheum.

Jelly-like stools, or s. stools of green mucus (in children). Sep.

Much colic, with very s. stools. Rheum.

Obstinate constipation, with weak feeling in stomach, s. eructations and frontal headache. Hydr.

Whitish, watery stools, worse in after part of day, often of s. odor. Calc-c.

Sour krout.—Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, watery; bloody mucus; after s.; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Sour smelling.—S. or fetid flatus. Natr-c.

S. stool. Calc-c., Cham., Graph., Hep-s., Magn-c., Merc., Natr-c., Rheum., Sulph.

Copious, watery, s. diarrhœa. Calc-c.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, pasty, s., with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like mucus, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; s.; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sep.

Pasty, s. stools (Dulc.), followed by shivering (Puls.), then urging, with drawing constriction in intestines. Rheum.

Painless, putrid, s. diarrhœa, worse evenings. Calc-c.

Spasm.—S. of sphincter, with intensely painful hæmorrhoids. Sil.

Contraction and s. of anus. Plumb.

Colic, diarrhœa and dysentery, where pain and s. are leading symptoms. Dios.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character, pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in s. Dios.

Spasmodic.—S. retention of feces in small intestines. Opi.

S. pain before and after stool. Lach.

S. constriction of rectum. Therid.

S. contraction of sphincter ani, with burning and itching in anus, with watery diarrhœa. Coff.

Bowels move with a s. burst or jerk, coming out like a shot from a gun. Croton-tig.

Constipation: almost impossible to evacuate stools, s. constriction of anus preventing stool. Lyc.

Catarrhal diarrhœa, with s. colic and tenesmus. Gels.

Constipation, with s. retention of feces, especially in small intestines. Opi.

Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture; pain in rectum, as if being torn or cut with a knife; or s. contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Painful s. protrusion of rectum. Ars.

Painful s. stricture of anus. Nux-v.

Stitches or sticking in rectum, and s. constriction in anus during and after stool. Nitr-ac. (Sil.)

Spasmodically.—Anus s. closed during colic, with difficult emission of flatus. Opi.

Difficult passage of stool, as though sphincter ani were s. closed. Gels.

Spasms.—S. in rectum. Calc-c., Lyc., Phos.

S. in anus. Colch.

S. of sphincter ani, with chilliness or a shuddering over back then urging to stool, which is insufficient. Colch.

Blennorrhœa of rectum, with s. of bladder. Hell.

Burning and tingling at anus, after stool, with sensation as if worms were crawling about, sometimes with s. Tereb.

Choleraic diarrhœa where s. and cramps are predominant symptoms, affecting involuntary muscles. Cupr.

Cholera Asiatica, with violent s. in abdomen and cramps in legs and feet; general convulsions, with continual vomiting, and violent colic. Cupr.

Cholera, second stage, with chronic s., and collapse. Cupr.

Cholera sporadic; sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with nucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful s. of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Proctalgia, with severe s. of sphincter ani. Bell.

Relieves s. of sphincter ani. Kali-brom.

Spinach.—Cholera infantum: colic, with green, watery, slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and s.; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Green, watery diarrhœa, like chopped s. Acon.

Stools of green flakes like s. Arg-n.

Stools like green s., with colic and cramps in limbs; great weakness. Ver-a.

Sphincter.—Difficult stool, as if s. contracted. Gels.

Hæmorrhoids protrude after stool, with constriction of s. **Lach.**

Prolapsus ani, with closing of s. Mez.

Paralysis of s. Bell., Gels., Graph., Hyos., Phos., Selen.

Spasm of s., with intensely painful hæmorrhoids. Sil.

Sphincter ani.—S. relaxed. Oxytrop.
Constant sensation of insecurity of s. Aloe.
Constriction of s. Plumb.
Difficult passage of stool, as though s. were spasmodically closed. Gels.
Distressing contraction of s., painful after stool, and when walking or standing, relieved by sitting. Ign.
Itching and burning in anus (Sulph.); weakness or loss of power of s. Aloe.
Proctalgia, with severe spasms of s. Bell.
Paralysis of s.; involuntary stools. Bell. (Ars., Hyos.)
Paralysis of tongue and s. Mur-ac.
Paralysis of rectum; of s. Hyos.
Paralysis of s.; anus always open. Phos. (Apis, Sec.)
Relieves spasms of s. Kali-brom.
Stool large, soft, with tenesmus and aching in s. Kobalt.
Spasms of s., with chilliness or a shuddering over back then urging to stool, which is insufficient. Colch.
Spasmodic contraction of s., with burning and itching in anus, with watery diarrhœa. Coff.
Weakness of s., so that cleanliness was difficult. Aloe.
Weakness or loss of power (paralysis) of s., which is incompletely closed after a stool, so that keeping anus clean was difficult. Aloe.

Sphincters.—All s. paralyzed (in cholera). Tabac.

Split.—Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if s. with a knife, also violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph.

Spot.—Sore, itching, smarting, humid s. between anus and coccyx. Led.

Spotted.—Stool s. with blood. Natr-c.

Spouting.—Stools: greenish, muddy, s. out like water; worse as soon as moves; from meat or vegetables. Lept.
Stool profuse, watery, s. Kobalt.

Spring.—Diarrhœa (in s.). Lach.

Spurting.—Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish, fecal; undigested; s. out with force. Rhod.
Diarrhœa: watery stools s. from anus. Seneg. (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Grat., Thuja.)
Violent gushing, watery diarrhœa; stools s. out like a shot. Jatr. (Croton-tig., Elat., Gum-gut.)
Violent, sudden, hurried, urging, thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool forcibly s. out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Sputtering.—Passage of feces with much s. flatus. Aloe.

Squeezing.—S., constrictive pain in colon and rectum, alternating with shooting or jerks toward perinæum. Bell.
Clawing, s., as from a claw in anus. Phell.

Squirting.—Painful green stools, with violent cutting pains and tenesmus (Merc.); profuse; s. out; much wind passing. Cupr.

Profuse diarrhœa; s. out, with much wind passing, or flocculent, whey-like fluid. Cupr.

Thin, greenish, yellow, hot stools; s. out (Croton-tig., Gum-gut.); worse after midnight until noon. Cist.

Violent, sudden, hurried urging, thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool forcibly s. out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Stabbing.—Prolapsus ani from moderate exertion at stool, with s., stitching pains. Ign.

Staining.—Mucous piles, pricking, burning; continuous discharge of mucus, s. yellow; sometimes ichor oozes out. **Ant-c.**

Standing —Stool passes better when s. Caust.

Aggravation when walking or s.; after eating; when passing urine. Aloe.

Blind piles, with pressure and soreness in abdomen and rectum, painful when sitting and s. Ign.

Difficult stool easier s. Caust.

Diarrhœa: from vinegar; from cold damp room; when walking or s.; when urinating. Aloe.

Feels as if diarrhœa would occur when s. **Agn.**

Hard stool falls out on s. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids after s. too long. Nux-v.

Starting.—Stool on s. from sleep with anxious screams, throwing hands about, seizing things, or clinging to mother or nurse. Borax.

Startings.—Infantile dysentery, with drowsiness, s., feverish; frequent drinking; thirst. Bell.

Step.—Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide s. as if split with a knife, also violent itching and very sore to touch. Graph.

Stercoraceous.—S., slimy stool. Dig., Rheum. (Cham., Led., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Viola-tr.)

Sticking.—S. in anus when not at stool. Coni.

S., cutting pains in anus after stool. Aloe.

S. in rectum awakens four o'clock in morning. **Magn-c.**

S. and scraping in rectum and anus after a stool. **Nitr-ac.**

S., stitching soreness in anus. Carbo-v.

S. in anus during stool, as with needles. Carbo-v.

Anus feels sore, or as if sharp points were s. in parts. **Iris.**

Blind hæmorrhoids; with s., beating or pressive pain in rectum and anus. Nux-v.

Burning and s. in rectum during stool. Sil.

Constant urging at night, cannot lie nor sit on account of s. and sore pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.

Constipation; hard stools with much urging and s. in anus. Graph.
Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude during soft stool; burning; s.; painful to touch or when sitting. Lyc.
Itching and s. in rectum. Caust.
Jerking, s. pain. Sil.
Large hæmorrhoids, violent burning and s. in anus; pressing in rectum during and after stool. Sulph.
Strangulated, painful and very tender hæmorrhoids with s. or feeling as of a plug in anus, with throbbing. Lach.
Stitches or s. in rectum, and spasmodic constriction in anus during and after stool. Nitr-ac. (Sil.)
Tearing, s. and constricting pain, as from aggravated blind piles. Nux-v.
Unsatisfactory, difficult stools with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent micturition; s. in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.
Violent s. in rectum. Sulph.

Sticks.—Dry, uncomfortable feeling in rectum, as if it were filled with small s. Æsc. (Nitr-ac.)
Feeling as if sharp s. were being pressed into anus, on slightest touch. Nitr-ac.
Hæmorrhoids, bleeding almost incessantly, with sensation of sharp s. in rectum. Collins. (Æth.)
Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of weight in rectum; intense irritation, itching, feeling as of s., or sand, or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Sticky.—S., odorless moisture oozes from anus. Carbo-an.

Stiffening.—During stool (in teething infants), screaming, with drawing up of limbs or s. body. Rheum.

Sting.—Piles burn and s., worse during walking. Carbo-an.

Stinging.—S. in rectum. Sil. (Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sulph.)
S. hæmorrhoids. Apis, Ars., Bar-c., Carbo-an., Caust., Kali-c., Natr-m., Sulph-ac.
S., smarting, itching at anus. Ambr.
S. in anus before evacuation. Berb., Spong.
S. in anus during evacuations. Berb., Natr-m., Sil., Sulph.
S. stitches from anus to urethra. Cocc., Thuja.
S. stitches from rectum to left groin. Croc., Kreas.
S. stitches from anus to sacral region and abdomen. Aloe.
S. stitches in rectum. Bell., Borax, Carbo-an., Ign., Kali-c., Lach. Lachn., Lyc., Mez., Sep., Sil., Sulph.
S. stitches from anus to rectum. Ign.
S. stitches at anus. Carbo-an., Sep., Sulph.
Burning and s. in anus and rectum after stool. Petr.
Burning and s. in anus before, during and after stool. Berb. (Sil.)
Cutting and s. in rectum. Sil.

Diarrhœa with smarting, s. or burning pains at night. Caps.
Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; s., burning; painful when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.
Hæmorrhoids: large, hard, s., burning; painful when touched; walking unendurable. Caust.
Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, s., tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.
Hæmorrhoids, with s. pains. Apis.
Hæmorrhoids inflamed, with s. and pressure in anus. **Acon.**
Varices, burning, s. Carbo-an.

Stinking.—S. flatus. Bov.
Cholera infantum, with yellow, s. stools; anus excoriated. **Ant-c.**
Much offensive flatus is passed; flatus peculiar and s. Tellur.

Stirred.—Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or s. eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Stitch.—S. from anus through to small of back into left groin, worse on inspiring. Croc.
Dull s. in hæmorrhoids. Sulph.
Sensitive, dull, long s. near left side of anus, from time to time, affecting whole nervous system. Croc.

Stitches.—S. from anus deep into rectum. Ign.
S. in rectum and anus. Carbo-an.
S. in anus. Magn-c.
S. in rectum. Al-cep., Mez.
S. or sticking in rectum, and spasmodic constriction in anus during and after stool. Nitr-ac. (Sil.)
S., tearing and cutting in anus. Kali-c.
S. in hæmorrhoids during cough. Ign.
S. and cramps in rectum. Lyc.
S. from rectum into left groin. Kreas.
S. or smarting in rectum. Phos.
S. in rectum after evacuation. Cham.
S. in rectum during stool. Carbo-v.
Burning at anus after stool, with s. in rectum. **Tart-em.**
Boring s. in perinæum. Spig.
Before and during stool, cutting in abdomen and sharp s. in rectum, from above downward. Asar.
During stool, s. and acrid feeling in anus. China.
Frequent s. in anus. Coni.
Flying, very painful single s. in anus, as from a fine needle. Thuja.
Hæmorrhoids protrude during diarrhœa, with s. and burning after for hours. Kali-c.
Hæmorrhoids, with some itching s. in anus. Puls.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors, protruding, with s. at each cough or sneeze. Lach.

Itching s. in rectum. Natr-m.

Inflammation, soreness, s. and tingling, as from ascarides in varices. Kali-c.

Large, painful hæmorrhoids (Mur-ac.), with s. and burning; protrude during stool; much bleeding. Kali-c.

Needle-like s. in rectum, when not at stool. Phos.

Painful, protruding blind piles, with s., smarting, soreness and itching. Puls. (Sulph.)

Painful s. in anus. Thuja.

Persistent, dull s. in rectum, as from incarcerated flatus. **Puls.**

Soreness, s., itching and burning in anus. Kali-c.

Soreness, aching, or s. in anus. Sep.

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great weakness in the abdomen, with sharp s. in the **rectum.** Plat.

Stinging s. from anus to sacral region and abdomen. **Aloe.**

Stinging s. from rectum to left groin. Croc., Kreas.

Stinging s. from anus to urethra. Cocc., Thuja.

Stinging s. in rectum. Bell., Borax, Carbo-an., Ign., Kali-c., **Lach.,** Lachn., Lyc., Mez., Sep., Sil., Sulph.

Stinging s. from anus to rectum. Ign.

Stinging s. at anus. Carbo-an., Sep., **Sulph.**

Sharp s. in rectum when walking. Sil.

Tearing s. in rectum while urinating; while sitting. **Ruta.**

Violent s. and crawling in rectum, especially in evening. **Sulph.**

Stitching.—S. soreness of rectum; several pustules formed at side of it. Am-m.

S. or tearing pains in perinæum when walking. **Am-m.**

S., smarting, sore pain in anus on wiping it. **Graph.**

Anus swollen, with sore, s. pains. Sulph.

Cramp in rectum whole forenoon; a griping and **s.,** with great anxiety; was not able to sit, but was obliged to walk about. Calc-c.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, s., moist; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.

Prolapsus ani from moderate exertion at stool, with stabbing, s. pains. Ign.

Sticking, s. soreness in anus. Carbo-v.

Sore feeling in **anus;** worse outside; with s., burning and throbbing. Calc-ph.

Tearing, s., burning, crawling or itching in and around the anus. Berb.

Stomach (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Diarrhœic stools with pinching and cutting in bowels and emission of a quantity of flatulence; also with painful drawing in of s. and abdomen. Agar.

Diarrhœa after chilling s. by taking cold substances. Ars.

Diarrhœa with rumbling in s. Pæon.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from s. to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Obstinate constipation with weak feeling in s., sour eructations, and frontal headache. Hydr.

Tendency to diarrhœa and acid s. and prolapsus recti. Calc-c.

Stone.—Constipation; stools only every second day, stool hard as a s. Magn-c.

Stones.—Constipation: stools hard like s. Coloc.

Diarrhœa, with sensation in abdomen as of sharp s. rubbing together. Cocc.

Stoppage.—S. of anus. Nux-v.

Strain.—Chronic diarrhœa, patient feels as if stool might occur at any time, with disposition to s., and bearing down. Iris.

Has to s. at stool in order to pass urine. Alu.

Straining.—S. and urging to stool, with scanty stool. Bell.

S. and backache with soft stool. Puls.

S. at stool, diarrhœic; but little voided, followed by increased s. Bell.

S. before and after stool. Sulph.

S. and feeling as if had to pass large and hard stool, but reverse was case. Abrot.

S. and urging to stool, with scanty stool. Bell.

S. for stool all day, nausea, disagreeable taste; worse drinking cold water. Ferr.

After great urging and s., until abdominal walls are sore, stool that has already protruded slips back again. Sil.

Burning in rectum towards perinæum, with ineffectual urging; s. without stool. Nitr-ac.

Constipation; stool little balls or lumps, like sheep's dung, passed after great s. (Magn-m.), with burning. Natr-c.

Constipation: stools tenacious, crumbling, with much s.; undigested, black (pitch-like), yellowish. Merc.

Constipation; stools dark, in very hard balls, with painless s. Mez.

Constipation; small, hard stool, with much s. Ptel.

Constipation; much s., with hard stool. Rat.

Constipation; stools light colored and lumpy, with hard s., followed by dull aching pains in anus and hypogastrium. Collins.

Chronic constipation; stools hard, dark and dry, expelled with much s., even to discharge of blood, with itching and burning in anus. Sulph.

Croupous discharge, with much s. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa; stools thin, pasty, sour smelling, with s. before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Dysenteric stools of clear yellow, red or green slime; pain in back, with s. Puls.

Dysenteric stools, with colic; s. and violent tenesmus, especially at night. Sulph.

Frequent ach ng and s. in anus. Sulph.

Great s. required to void soft stool. Alu. (Sil.)

Hard stools; constipation, with discharge of prostatic fluid when s. at stool. Agn. (Phos.)

Hard stool in morning after much urging and s., with natural evacuation in afternoon. Ran-b.

Inactivity of rectum (Opi.); even soft stool requires great s. Alu.

Loose stools with much s. Dios.

Much s. at stool, causing rush of blood to head and dizziness. Bry.

Natural stool, evacuated with much pressure and s. Sil.

Pressing and s. in rectum; tenesmus. Ox-ac.

Pain in rectum during and long after stool; hard, knotty, insufficient stool, mixed or covered with mucus; involuntary s. Sep.

Scanty stools like putty, requiring much s. to evacuate. Merc-jod.

Stool first natural, then several small, loose evacuations, then as small but hard evacuations, with violent s. in rectum and anus until all are passed. Ant-c.

Stool covered with mucus, and sometimes impossible to evacuate, even with most terrible s., with much burning at anus and in rectum, and sense of great weight in anus. Sep.

Small, soft stool daily, with much s. Therid.

Thin, fluid stool, passed only part at a time, by s., with pain in abdomen. Diad.

Urging and s., yet only flatus pass. Aloe.

Strangulated.—S., painful and very tender hæmorrhoids, with sticking or feeling as of a plug in anus, with throbbing. Lach.

Prolapsed rectum, which remains s.; very painful when touched. Mez.

Straw.—Hæmorrhages from bowels (in typhoid fever); flakes of decomposed blood, having appearance and form of perfectly charred wheat s., in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portions more or less ground up. Lach.

Strawberries.—Aggravation at night; after ice cream; after fruit (s.). Puls.

Streaked.—Diarrhœic stool s. with blood. Merc.

Diarrhœa; white and yellow s. stools. Rhus-t.

Hard, knotty stools, s. with blood, accompanied and preceded by smarting in anus; often with scanty menses. Natr-s.

Small, frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times s. with blood, causing tenesmus, preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.

Stools of mucus, s. with blood. Sulph.

Stools small, s. with blood; tormina; burning in bowels and rectum; hard lumps of feces with discharges. Erig.

Yellow s. stool. Rhus-t.

Streaks.—White tough mucus with stool, like scrapings from intestines, with s. of blood. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Stream.—Diarrhœa; profuse black, tar-like, very fetid stools, running out in a s. Lept.

Streaming.—Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, watery, s. out with much gas, as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.

Strength.—Rectum inactive, as if deficient in peristaltic motion and had not s. enough to pass contents out. Alu.

Stretch.—Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to s. out legs. Colch.

Stricture.—S. of rectum. Borax, Camph. (Bell., Ign., Phos.)

Painful spasmodic s. of anus. Nux-v.

String.—Sensation of s. pulling anus into rectum. Plumb.

Stringy.—Dark, bloody, s. stool. Croc.

Diarrhœa: stool as if chopped; saffron yellow, s. and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.

Stool of scanty, yellow, s., mucus. Asar.

Strips.—Croupous inflammation of rectum; thin, unshapely s. pass in masses, with burning, constriction and sore pain. Arg-n.

Strong.—Diarrhœa (in children during dentition); profuse, watery, light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored and of a s., pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Stools of s., pungent odor, like that of urine. Benz-ac.

Stuffed.—Throbbing in rectum, with sensation in anus as if s. full. Apis.

Stupor.—Costiveness, constipation, with tympanitis and s. Acet-ac.

Cholera infantum, with s., snoring, convulsions. Opi.

Cholera infantum; stools involuntary, with s., or hydrocephaloid (following infantile diarrhœa). Zinc.

Subcutaneous.—Sore feeling in skin near anus when walking, as from s. suppuration. Agn.

Succeeded (see Followed).—Tenesmus, s. by fluid discharge mixed with blood and mucus. Aloe.

Suckling.—Constipation s. Alu. (Hydr., Opi., Nux-v.)

Sudden.—S. and urgent call to stool. Sulph.

S. desire to evacuate. Bar-c. (Aloe, Anac., Ant-c., Carbo-an., Ferr-mag., Natr-c., Viola-tr.)

S. urging before evacuations. Bar-c., Cist., Kali-c., Phos., Podo., Sulph.

S. urging to stool, with noises as of liquids in abdomen. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

S. urging to stool, with tenesmus. Natr-c.

S. urging to stool. Naja.

S., watery, painless diarrhœa, without smell. Ferr.

S. or continuous desire for stool. Aloe.

S., irresistible urging to stool; soreness in lumbar region of back; chills over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing urging (after taking cold). Bar-c.

S. and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic, frequent stools of green mucus, in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets; water runs straight through. Arg-n.

Before stool: s. and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety; distressed feeling; white mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Chronic diarrhœa, s., copious, easy, watery stools. Jalap.

Constant urging to stool, followed by s., pasty, offensive evacuation of a dirty green color, which is forcibly shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: s. pasty stool, followed by burning in anus, then internal chilliness; stools thin, frequent. Pæon.

Diarrhœa: stools blackish; attacks very s. Camph.

Diarrhœa: stools yellow watery; s. expulsion, coming out like a shot. Croton-tig.

Exceedingly s. diarrhœa at night. Nux-v.

Evacuation s. and with much flatus. Croton-tig. (Aloe.)

Frequent, s., piercing pains in rectum. Caust.

Stools watery, greenish, mixed with flakes; rice water; s. involuntary. Ver-a.

Violent, s., hurried urging, thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Suddenly.—S. seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Intestinal catarrh coming on s. at night (in summer); vomiting and purging. Ver-a.

Suffocating.—Diarrhœa in morning, with tenesmus; frequent stool of thin, greenish mucus, s. spells about heart. Laur.

Sugar.—Child fond of s., but diarrhœa resulting from eating it. Arg-n.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic frequent stools of green mucus, in children who are very fond of s. and sweets; water runs straight through. Arg-n.

Sulphurous.—Emission of fetid, s. flatulence. Psor.

Pasty and thin stools, preceded by much s. smelling flatus. Sulph.

Summer.—S. diarrhœa, with great physical prostration, patient can hardly stand up. Polyp.

S. diarrhœa (of fat, chubby, pale children). Ipec.

S. diarrhœa (of teething children). Œnonth.

Diarrhœa every year (in early part of s.). Kali-bi.

Diarrhœa (in s.). Acon., Æth., Bry., Dulc., Kali-bi., Kreas., Nux-m.

Diarrhœa; stools undigested, or like chopped eggs, with loss of appetite (in s. with children). Nux-m.

Diarrhœa, with colic (in s.), with watery stool at night, if weather cools. Dulc.

Dysentery in s., renewed before a thunder-storm. Rhod.

Intestinal catarrh coming on suddenly at night (in s.); vomiting and purging. Ver-a.

In s. diarrhœa of infants this remedy (Erig.) is as nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly bloody, greenish or yellowish-green; tenesmus during stool, and stools are excoriating.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.

Summer complaint.—S. (of children), with brain affections. Cupr.

Anæmia after s.; feeble, pallid, white skin. Carbo-v.

Green stools (in s. of children). Acon., Dulc., Rhus-t.

Rice-water stools (in s.). Camph.

Sunken.—Cholera Asiatica: gushing, profuse, rice-water discharges, with tonic cramps, commencing in hands and feet, spreading all over; s., even hippocratic face; almost faints with every stool. Ver-a.

Cholera Asiatica, with collapse; face s., distorted, particularly mouth, cold, clammy perspiration; great exhaustion, aversion to heat and being covered, crawling sensation as from ants. Sec.

Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen s., flabby; emaciation; stools green, undigested, offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Sero-mucous vomiting and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of anus and feet, and s. features. Colch.

Suppressed.—S. hæmorrhoids. Ars., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Caps., Nux-v., Phos., Sulph.

Aggravation of diarrhœa after s. eruptions. Sulph.

Diarrhœa from s. eruption. Bry., Hep-s., Mez., Sulph.

Constipation (after intermittent fever s. by quinine). Puls.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; contains glistening bodies; undigested; worse in evening; also from s. eruption. Mez.

Diarrhœa (in pneumonia, small-pox and s. eruptions). Tart-em.

Suppression.—S. of both stool and urine. Stram.

S. of diarrhœa followed by eruption of skin. Mez. (Croton-tig.)

S. of piles, with hæmorrhoidal colic, congestion, palpitation, rigidity of small of back, as if bruised. Sulph.

Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent bloody mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and urinary s., or scanty urine. Merc-cor.

Hæmorrhoids after s. of leucorrhœa. Am-m.

Suppurate.—Intensely painful hæmorrhoids; protrude after stool, become incarcerated and s.; often accompanied with fistula. Sil.

Suppurating.—Drawing pressive pain in and about anus and perinæum, as if a spot was s.; when walking or sitting. Cycl.

Hæmorrhoids: protrude; blue; s. and offensive; with burning; after debauchery; cause dysuria. Carbo-v.

Suppuration.—Sore feeling in skin near anus when walking, as from subcutaneous s. Agn.

Surface.—Cholera Asiatica; rice-water stools, with great prostration, coldness of s., but will not be covered, with cramps. Camph.

Thin stool, mixed with mucus and blood, floating on s. of water. Sabad.

Surgical operations.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any unusual ordeal; undergoing an examination; on going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to s. Gels.

Swallow.—Offensive diarrhœa, day and night; child can s. nothing but milk or fluids. Lept.

Sweat (see Perspiration).—S. on perinæum. Hep-s.

Anxiety in chest, after stool, heat in face and inclination to s. Caust.

Cholera morbus worse at night, cold s. on forehead; vomiting and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Diarrhœa, with nausea and s., either before or after. Acon.

Diarrhœa; painful stools, with profuse s., with desire for eating and drinking. Ver-a.

Desire to evacuate, with s. on back. Kali-bi.

Profuse diarrhœa, watery, with chills, and, at same time, cold s. rolls off of forehead. Vib-op.

Rice-water discharges; cold, with cold, sour s. Ferr.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, watery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold s. on forehead. Ver-a.

Sweats.—Perinæum s. and is tender to touch. Alu.

Sweets.—Diarrhœa from eating sugar or s. Arg-n.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic frequent stools of green mucus, in children who are very fond of sugar and s.; water runs straight through. Arg-n.

Swelling.—S. of anus. Apis, Graph., Nux-v., Sulph., Teucr.
S., pressing and burning in hæmorrhoidal veins. Thuja.
Diarrhœa, with s. of legs and feet, as in phthisis. Acet-ac.
Heat in rectum, with s. of hæmorrhoidal veins. Cycl.
Heat, burning and s. of anus. Sep.

Swimming.—Diarrhœa of brown, fermented stool, s. on water; liquid mixed with blood and slime. Sabad.

Swollen.—S. hæmorrhoids. Aloe, Ang., Cact., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Coloc., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Thuja.
S. hæmorrhoids protrude and cause pain during stool. Calc-c. (Aloe, Lach., Mur-ac., Puls.)
Anus s., with sore, stitching pains. Sulph.
Biting and itching in anus, orifice seems s. Pæon.
Dysentery (especially in children); mucous membrane s. and everted, with excessive tenderness. Bell.
Hæmorrhoids s. and very tender. Aloe.
Hæmorrhoids: s., protrude during soft stool; burning; sticking; painful to touch, or when sitting. Lyc.
Hæmorrhoids protruding like a bunch of grapes; s., blue, with burning soreness. Mur-ac.
Hæmorrhoids protruding; s.; bleeding; painless or burning. Nitr-ac.
Hæmorrhoids s., bleed during stool. Kali-c.
Hæmorrhoids, inflamed, s., burning and painful. Agar.
Hæmorrhoids, bleeding or blind, burning, s., itching, stitching, moist; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.
Hæmorrhoids much s.; burn on walking. Carbo-an.
Painfully s. hæmorrhoids, in rectum and at anus. Coloc.

Symphysis pubis.—Urgency, as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with sensation as of a plug wedged in between s. and os coccyx. Aloe. (Anac.)
Weight in perinæum and feeling as if a plug were wedged between s. and coccyx. Aloe, Caust., Hep-s., Thuja.

Syncope.—S. during evacuations. Borax, Ox-ac., Sars., Sulph., Ver-a.

Syphlitic.—Chronic diarrhœa (in s. or mercurial subjects. Kali-jod.

Tabes mesenterica.—T., with rapid emaciation, night sweats. Iod.
T.; purging with cold extremities; worse after midnight; burning stools, with violent colic. Ars.
Old-man look in children with enteritis, or t. Guaj. (Arg-n.)

Tænia (see Tape worm).—T. Calc-c., Filix, Graph., Plat., Puls., Sabad., Sil.
T. or thread-worms (latter especially), with much itching. Arg-n.
Lumbrici; t.; worm fever. Sabad.

Taken.—Constipation; stool so hard and impacted that it must be t. away. Selen.

Tallow.—Cholera infantum: watery, sour, green, frothy stools; white lumps like pieces of t. Magn-c.

Diarrhœa: stools containing lumps of white mucus, or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of t. Phos.

Stools; green and frothy, like scum of a frog pond, or with white floating lumps like t. Magn-c.

Watery diarrhœa in morning; grains like t. in rice-water evacuations, always worse in warm weather. Phos.

White masses like t. in stool. Magn-c.

Tape worm (see Tænia).—T. Tereb. (In from one to two ounce doses, in combination with as much castor oil, turpentine has often removed and cured tænia. The oil prevents absorption of the turpentine, thus preventing its toxic action.—Burt.

T. Ailanth., Graph., Natr-c.

Ascarides, lumbrici, or t. Sulph.

Parasiticide: an especial poison to t. (tænia). Filix-mas. (Give dose two fluid ounces, or one drachm of the ethereal extract of the Filix-mas, every three hours for one day, a milk diet being observed, followed by a brisk cathartic in evening. Eating heartily of cocoanut, Dr. T. G. Comstock, of St. Louis, states, will expel tænia. I have known tape-worms to be expelled by eating heartily of gooseberries. Another reliable remedy to quickly remove tænia, which I have frequently used, and always with success in from one to two hours, is a strong decoction of the Pomgranate bark (Granati). The decoction is prepared as follows: In one gallon of water place eight ounces of the bark broken up in small pieces; boil until the liquid is reduced to half a gallon, then strain through muslin, pressing well. Add the bark again to a gallon of water and boil until reduced to half a gallon and again strain. Mix the two liquids and reduce by evaporating over a slow fire to one pint. When cold add one fluid drachm of fluid extract of Jalap. This should be divided into four parts and given: One part in the morning while patient is fasting, every fifteen minutes until all is taken. Should the patient vomit, the fluid vomited, together with what remains of the decoction, if any, should be injected into rectum, which will bring the monster, head and body.—W. D. G.)

Tardy.—T. stool. Am-m., Colch., Mag-m., Nux-m., Rhod., Seneg., Sil., Stront.

Constipation; stools t., infrequent and hard. Fluor-ac. (Bry.)

Tar-like.—Diarrhœa; profuse black, t., very fetid stools, running out in a stream. Lept.

Taste (see vol ii., section on Mouth).—Constipation, with engorgement of liver, headache, coated tongue, and bad t. Euony.

Straining for stool all day, nausea, disagreeable t.; worse drinking cold water. Ferr.

Tea-colored.—T. stool. Gels.

Tearing.—T. in abdomen during evacuation. Aloe, **Cop.**

T., stinging pain in rectum after evacuation. Kali-c.

T. in anus during evacuations. Natr-m.

T., sticking and constricting pain, as from aggravated blind piles. Nux-v.

T., stitching, burning, crawling or itching in and around anus. Berb.

T. stitches in rectum while urinating; while sitting. Ruta.

T. in rectum and in urethra, between acts of micturition. Ruta.

Constant tenesmus, with nausea and t. pains in intestines; is rheumatic and has to change positions often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Dysentery, with high, synochal fever; great fear and restlessness accompanied with cutting, lancinating, burning and t. pains in abdomen. Acon.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, t. pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, copious bleeding or ichorous oozing; t. pains, with itching and gnawing. Ferr.

Painful constriction, t. and drawing at anus, perinæum, and through urethra. Mez.

Rending, t. in anus. Colch. (Kali-c., Phos-ac., Zinc.)

Rending, t. up rectum. Sep.

Stitches, t. and cutting in anus. Kali-c.

Stitching or t. pains in perinæum when walking. Am-m.

Yellow, watery diarrhœa, with t. and cutting before stool, after taking cold. Dulc. (Rhus-t.)

Teething.—Cholera infantum (in t. children), excessive nausea and frequent stools of green or yellow water. Croton-tig.

Constipation of children during t. Dolich. (Alu., Hydr.)

During stool (in t. infants), screaming, with drawing up of limbs or stiffening body. Rheum.

Diarrhœa as if caused by repelled eruption, chills or t. Dulc.

Summer diarrhœa (of t. children). Œnonth.

Tenacious.—T. stool. Merc., Plat. (Asar., Caust., Plumb., Sars.)

Constipation: stools t., crumbling, with much straining; undigested, black (pitch-like), yellowish. Merc.

Constipation: t. feces. Merc-cor.

Stools of t. mucus. Asar., Caps., Croton-tig., Hell.

Tender.—After stool, large and prominent hæmorrhoids, t., hot (Brom.), relieved by cold water. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids swollen and very t. Aloe.

Perinæum sweats and is t. to touch. Alu.

Rectum prolapsed and tumified, very t. Lach.

Strangulated, painful and very t. hæmorrhoids with sticking or feeling as of a plug in anus, with throbbing. Lach.

Tenderness.—Diarrhœa with colic pains and t. of abdomen. Acet-ac.

Dysentery (especially in children); mucous membrane swollen and everted, with excessive t. Bell.

Exceeding t. of anus; cannot bear least touch, not even of clothes. Mur-ac.

Sensation of soreness with burning and t. in sitting. Berb.

Tenesmus.—T. Apoc., Cycl., Caps., Hell., Merc., Rheum. (Colch.)

T. from anus up along rectum. Puls.

T.; burning pain in anus. Caps.

T., with first only a little mucus, then transparent, bilious, membranous mucus, relieving colic. Colch.

T. during and after stools. Bell., Hydroph.

T., with constant urging and pressing towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contraction of anus. Bell.

T. is peculiar; an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

T., with copious, pappy, offensive stools; boring pain in bowels obliging him to bend forward. Coloc.

T. during diarrhœa. Alu.

T.; cannot expel anything; rectum seems to be plugged up. Anac.

T. followed by copious, thin or pap-like, or sour-smelling stool, giving great relief. Arn.

T., as in dysentery and burning pain and pressure in rectum and anus. Ars. (Aloe, Canth., Caps., Cina, Iris, Merc., Nitr-ac., Osm., Sulph.)

T. after stool; diarrhœa, discharge of flatus before stool. Cocc.

T. in dysentery (use by injections). Ipec.

T. after stool. Kali-bi., Kobalt., Merc., Sulph., Tabac.

T. during and after loose stools. Tart-em.

T. during evacuations. Acon., Æth., Aloe, Alu., Am-m., Apis, Ars., Bapt., Bell., Caust., Euphorb., Merc., Merc-cor., Spong., Tabac.

T. before evacuations. Merc. (Merc-cor.)

T. in morning after rising. Æth.

T., succeeded by fluid discharge mixed with blood and mucus. Aloe.

T. with nausea and pain in abdomen. Rhus-t.

T. in morning after waking, then copious fluid stool. Sulph.

T. at night. Merc.

After stool, t. and burning at anus. Bov.

Before, during and after stools, constant t. and urging to stool. Merc-cor.

Burning at anus, prevents sleep at night; must rise from bed on account of this and t. Am-c.

Bloody stools of dark-brown mucus, with t. and typhoid tendency Bapt. (Ars.)

Bloody, dysenteric stool, with t., fever and headache. Nitr-ac.
Bloody discharges from bowels, with t. Millef.
Bloody dysentery, t. (during epidemic). Millef.
Cholera infantum, with discharges of green mucus, sometimes with t. (Merc-dulc.), with boring of head into pillow. Zinc.
Cholera infantum where there is violent vomiting of curdled milk, of greenish mucus, and stools of green or bloody mucus, with t. Æth.
Constipation with pains in abdomen, ineffectual urging; t. as in dysentery, with burning and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.
Constipation: hard, insufficient stool; t. Spong.
Constipation: feces hard with t.; constant and ineffectual urging without stool (Nux-v.); with vertigo while lying down, or small quantities pass each time. Coni.
Catarrhal diarrhœa, with spasmodic colic and t. Gels.
Catarrhal inflammation of bowels, with great pain and t. of rectum. Merc-cor.
Catarrhal mucous enteritis, with severe colic and t. Dios.
Constant t., with nausea and tearing pains in intestines; is rheumatic and has to change positions often to get rel ef. Rhus-t.
Constant t., with nausea and lacerating in intestines. Rhus-t.
Chilliness, t. after stool; prolapsus ani. Canth.
Colic; burning and t. before, during and after stool; chilliness between stools. Merc.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, mushy; of mucus with t.; worms. Spig.
Diarrhœa: stool jelly-like mucus, with colic and t.; of green mucus; sour smelling; debilitating; exhausting; worse after drinking milk. Sep.
Diarrhœa with t. Ars., Lach., Merc., Nux-v.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish. mucus; t.; bloody. Nux-v.
Diarrhœa in morning, with t.; frequent stools of thin, greenish mucus; suffocating spells about heart. Laur.
Diarrhœa; stool very fetid, and come away with a gush all at once, or mucus and blood, with great t. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa or dysentery: stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and t. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)
Diarrhœa with burning pain and t. of rectum; prolapsus ani and constant pinching around umbilicus, sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa, discharges of mucus and blood; or thin, yellow matter, or watery, accompanied by violent t., and sharp, cutting pains in bowels. Collins.
Diarrhœa; stools bright yellow (Chelid.), or greenish, watery, and slimy, with violent t. Æth. (Merc.)

Diarrhœa, and t. with pain in small of back, as if in a vise. Kali-jod.
Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs, and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but thick; t., great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or hot weather. Bapt.
Dysentery, with ischuria, or t. of neck of bladder, with fruitless urging. Arn.
Dysentery: t.; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; tympanitis; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.
Dysentery of a low type, with t. Arn.
Dysentery, anus feels raw and excoriated, in hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning pains and t. Apis.
Dysentery; stools frequent and extremely painful, with burning t. at extremity of rectum. Aloe.
Dysentery: stool scanty, frequent, with t.; small, brown; painful; at last bloody. Acon.
Dysentery: stools of bloody mucus; t. Coloc.
Dysentery: bloody stool, with t.; painful, with fever and headache. Nitr-ac.
Dysentery, with headache, violent t., nausea and vomiting. Nux-v.
Dysentery in most aggravated and distressing form, with extreme t. (greater really, than caused by any other drug); involving also bladder. Merc-cor.
Dysentery, with heat in rectum; t.; discharge of mucus; great prostration; hæmorrhage from bowels. Eucalyp.
Dysentery; stools bloody mucus, with colic and t. Merc.
Dysentery, with painful t.; stools jelly-like mucus. Kali-jod.
Dysentery, with rectum and anus greatly inflamed and sore, stool of bloody mucus. attended by t. Merc-bij.
Dysentery; great intensity of constant t. and urging, with scanty, frequent, bloody mucous stools, accompanied by t. of bladder, and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.
Dysentery, after bloody stools having ceased, t., with brown mush-like, slimy, sour stools. Rheum.
Dysenteric stool, difficult evacuation of soft stool or of bloody mucus with t. Hep-s.
Dysenteric stools, with colic; straining and violent t., especially at night. Sulph.
Dysenteric diarrhœa: stools of mucus and blood, or like scrapings from intestines; t. Plat.
Dysenteric diarrhœa, with t. and great nervous excitement. Ign.
Dysenteric stools at night, with colic and violent t. Sulph.
During stool, burning and cutting in anus; t. Carbo-v.
During stool, often violent t. Æth.
During stool: painful urging; t.; gnawing pain about umbilicus. Kali-bi.

During stool: backache; violent t. Nux-v.

Disposition to diarrhœa, frequent attacks, each stool being followed by t. Bov.

Discharge like scrapings of bowels, with t. during stool. Coloc.

Desire to evacuate, with small stool and t. Acon., Æth., Ars., Bell., Caps., Gum-gut., Laur., Merc-cor.

Frequent diarrhœa; stools watery, with or without t. and preceded or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and worse after food or drink. Ferr.

Great t. in anus. Sulph.

Hæmorrhoidal congestion: hæmorrhoids bleed often and profusely; protrude like grapes, with much t. Aloe.

Hard stool, resembling sheep's dung, with difficult, scanty discharge, or with t. Lach.

Hæmorrhage from bowels, with burning pains, excoriating anus; constant t. Apis.

Itching, tingling, crawling and t. at anus. especially in evening. Plat.

Ineffectual urging to stool every moment, with t. in rectum. Merc.

In summer diarrhœa of infants this remedy (Erig.) is nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly bloody, greenish or yellowish-green; t. during stool and stools are excoriating.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.

Loose stools, mushy, with t., and cramp-like sensation in umbilical region. Myrica.

Large, thin stool, with t. and urging in hypogastrium. Kobalt.

Large, pappy, free stools, mostly with t. before and after. Berb.

Light-colored, fetid, watery or bloody burning stools, with t. Carbo-v.

Offensive, yellow, undigested stool mixed with mucus early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning, acrid stool, with t. and bearing down. Podo.

Pressing and straining in rectum; t. Ox-ac.

Pieces or strips of mucus, with t., burning and cutting in anus. Ars.

Painful green stools, with violent cutting pains and t. (Merc.); profuse; squirting out; much wind passing. Cupr.

Pain and t. in rectum. Acon. (Caps.)

Papescent stool, with t. and feeling in anus as after a hard stool. Selen.

Stools; brown, slimy, mixed with mucus, followed by t. and great burning in anus and rectum. Rheum. (Ars., Sulph.)

Stool large, soft, with t. and aching in sphincter ani. Kobalt.

Stools bloody, with t.; containing membranous substances, as if portions of intestines; great pressure. Kali-n.

Stools dysenteric: bloody mucus, with t.; black offensive blood. Nitr-ac.

Stools; black, copious and painful, or bloody, with t., and weakness. Cupr.

Stools dark, bilious, loose, with burning, griping, and t. Corn-c.
Stool of yellow, fecal matter, mucus and blood, with t., then cutting in hypogastrium. Collins.
Stools of blood and mucus, worse nights, with great t. Rhus-t.
Stool of pure blood, with much t. Canth.
Small, frequent stools, consisting of mucus, at times streaked with blood, causing t., preceded by flatulent colic in hypogastrium. Caps.
Small, frequent stool of tenacious mucus, mingled with black blood, causing t. Caps.
Soft stool with t. Magn-s.
Sudden urging to stool, with t. Natr-c.
Sudden, papescent, yellow, green or grayish slimy stools, with t. Tabac.
Slimy, bloody stools, violent pains in abdomen; t., urging between discharges. Acon.
Slimy, watery, greenish, bloody stools, with t. Arg-n.
Scanty, bilious, slimy stool with flatus and t.; during and after burning pain at anus and in rectum. Corn-c.
Ulceration of rectum, with discharge of pus and blood; t. Phos.
Urging, griping, t. during stool. Apis.
Violent pain in small of back during soft stool, with t. and burning. Tabac.
Violent pain in rectum, with chill and fever, inflammation, t. and dysenteric bloody discharge. Acon.
Violent purging and t. Sulph.
Violent t. Colch.
Vomiting after t. Bell.
Very distressing, persistent t., and cutting, colicky pains; after stool burning and t. of rectum and bladder; stools frequent, nothing but mucus tinged with blood. Merc-cor.
White gelatinous stools, with t. Hell.

Tension.—T. of anus. Lyc., Sep.
T. of rectum. Sep.

Testicles (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Boring cramp-like pain extending from rectum to t. Sil.

Tetter (see section on Skin).—T. at anus. Natr-m.

Thick.—Diarrhœa, with t., dark-green mucous, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.
Dysentery; colapsed condition, stools involuntary, t., clotted, viscid. Sec.
Dysentery: rigors, pains in limbs and small of back; stools small, all blood, not very dark, but t.; tenesmus, great prostration, brown tongue, low fever, in autumn or in hot weather. Bapt.

Stools of t., dark-green mucus. Ars.

Stools profuse, t., papescent, brown, offensive. **Asaf.**

Several copious, t., mushy stools. Berb.

Thickened.—Sensation as if mucous membrane of rectum was t. and that feces obstructed passage. Æsc.

Thighs.—Bloody diarrhœa, with violent pain in bowels, extending down into t. Coloc.

Constrictive pain in anus, together with a sensation as if t. were drawn together, so that she was obliged to close them. Can-sat.

Knotty, wart-like eruption on anus and between t. Natr-s.

Violent cramps of feet, calves and t., with painless watery stools. Podo.

Thin.—T. stool mixed with mucus and blood, floating on surface of water. Sabad.

T. stool, with violent urging to urinate, which could not be withstood. Cic-v.

T., offensive stools, smelling like bad eggs. Calc-c.

T., watery, offensive diarrhœa; passing involuntary when urinating. Ailanth.

T. stool with flatus up and down; colic causing prover to bend double. Coloc.

T., copious stools. Ang.

T., yellow, fecal and slimy stools. Agar.

T., fetid stools of bright yellow (after weaning). Arg-n.

T., fecal stool, expulsion difficult. Alu.

T., yellow, or orange-colored stools, with extreme weakness. Apis.

T., greenish, yellow, hot stools; squirting out (Croton-tig., Gum-gut.); worse after midnight until noon. Cist.

T., frothy stools, saffron yellow, of musty odor like brown paper burning. Coloc.

T., watery stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as of water gurgling grom a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

T., fluid stool, passed only part at a time, by straining, with pain in abdomen. Diad.

T., watery diarrhœa, preceded by sharp, aching pains in bowels. Eucalyp.

T., stool passes unconsciously, with a sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph.

T., watery, acid stools that produce great excoriation. Sulph.

T., pasty stool of a bilious appearance passed involuntarily, with sensation as if wind would pass. Sulph.

After a t., pappy stool, troublesome feeling as if still more remained and would pass. Aloe.

Cholera infantum; stools t., papescent, mucus, green, gushing, exhausting, painful, involuntary, coldness of extremities. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa; stools t., pasty, sour smelling, with straining before, and colicky, constrictive cutting in abdomen after, and shuddering, shivering, during stool. Rheum.

Diarrhœa: stools dark brown, t., fluid; very offensive; smell like rotten eggs or carrion; during dentition; after severe acute disease. Psor.

Diarrhœa: stools t., dark, offensive; bilious. Ptel.

Diarrhœa: stools t., mushy; of mucus with tenesmus. Spig.

Diarrhœa: stool soft, pasty; yellowish-white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much t. mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; t., watery, with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papsecent, with blood, constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: stools t., brownish, mucus; tenesmus; bloody. Nux-v.

Diarrhœa; stools t., yellow, fluid. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa in morning with tenesmus; frequent stools of t., greenish mucus, suffocating spells about heart. Laur.

Diarrhœa: stools t., brown or pale fecal; mixed wtih hard lumps. Lyc.

Diarrhœa: frequent; t., involuntary, with flatus; soft after eating. Ign.

Diarrhœa: stools t., watery, fecal; bloody; soft, with colic. Kreas.

Diarrhœa: stools t., watery; greenish; frequent; corrosive; profuse. Iris.

Diarrhœa: stools t., yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stool t., watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa, discharges of mucus and blood; or t., yellow matter, or watery, accompanied by violent tenesmus, and sharp cutting pains in bowels. Collins.

Diarrhœa: sudden pasty stool, followed by burning in anus, then internal chilliness; stools t., frequent. Pæon.

Diarrhœa: stool t., watery, whitish-gray, fecal; yellowish, and very offensive; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa only through day, t., yellow, without pain. Cocc.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, fecal, t. or papescent; undigested; whitish, sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa, accompanied by violent dry cough, excited by tickling in throat; stools t., brownish, fecal, early in morning. Rumex.

Diarrhœa: stools t., brownish, fecal; undigested; spurting out with force. Rhod.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, watery and slimy; profuse; offensive; t. olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa: stool t., watery; dark colored; containing hard lumps. Senecio.

Diarrhœa, preceded by colic; stools yellow, watery, t., fecal, undigested. Sang.

Diarrhœa: stools watery; t., red mucus. Rhus-t.

Discharge of t., red blood, or mucus from rectum after stool. Calad.

Desire for stool in evening, with griping in hypogastrium, followed by large, moist, at last t., sour stools. Dulc.

Every time on urinating, a feeling as if some t. stool would escape. Aloe.

Frequent, t., dark, offensive stools. Ars., Cimicif.

Frequent, small, t., dark, offensive, and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during typhoid fever). Bapt.

Involuntary, t. stool on passing wind. Ver-a.

Large, t. stool, with tenesmus and urging in hypogastrium. Kobalt.

Morning diarrhœa; very profuse, t., yellow, dark and fetid stools. Dios.

Pasty and t. stools, preceded by much sulphurous-smelling flatus. Sulph.

Profuse, deep-yellow, t. stool, followed by a very weak, faint feeling. Dios.

Pipe-stem stool; very t., like a round worm, dark colored, half digested, of an intolerable odor; much white mucus with stool. Graph.

Stool t., papescent, or brown, slimy, curdled, and mixed with mucus. Rheum.

Stools: profuse, diarrhœic, dysenteric, fermented, t., like water; pasty, yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)

Stools: t., yellow, fecal; offensive; dark-green mucus. Gum-gut.

Stool very t., like yellowish water, forcibly evacuated. Croton-tig. (Jatr., Thuja, Seneg.)

Stool first t., then knotty. Euphorb.

Stools: soft yellow; soft, afterwards of t. red blood. Calad.

Stool first hard and difficult; last t. and watery. Bov.

Stool of t. green mucus. Bell. (Apis, Arg-n., Merc., Puls., Sulph.)

Stools soft, t., fecal, slimy, whitish-yellow. Cocc.

Stool t., pale or bloody mucus, frequent. Carbo-v.

Stool profuse, t. or pasty, bright yellow. Chelid.

Stools t., watery, offensive, with pain in bowels. Chin-ars.

Unconscious discharge of t. feces when passing flatus. Ver-a.

Violent, sudden, hurried, urging, t., yellowish, watery, liquid stool, forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Thinking.—T. of symptoms aggravates. Ox-ac.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when walking or when t. of them. Caust.

Small or pipe-stem shaped stool; varices large, painful, hindering; worse on t. of them. Caust. (Ox-ac.) (Reverse, Camph.)

Thirst.—T. before evacuations. Ars.

T. after evacuation. Caps., Dulc., Ox-ac.

T. during evacuations. Ars., Bry., Cham., China, Dulc., Magn-c., Podo., Sulph.

Colliquative diarrhœa, with meteorism and great t. Tart-em.

Chronic, painless diarrhœa of undigested food, with much t. for water during night. Phos.

Chronic, watery diarrhœa, with fever, dry mouth and t.; aggravated by moving about. Natr-m.

Cadaverous rice-water stools, with great prostration, and burning t. (in cholera). Ars.

Diarrhœa with t. Ars., Dulc., Magn-s., Podo.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black, watery or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great t., but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Dysentery, burning at anus, as from pepper; after every stool t. and shivering, and every drink, shuddering. Caps.

Infantile dysentery, with drowsiness, startings, feverish; frequent drinking; t. Bell.

Threads.—T., like hairs, in stools. Selen.

Lumpy stools united by t. of mucus. Graph.

Thread worms (see Ascarides).—T. Cupr., Dig., Sulph.

Crawling in anus, as from t. Croc. (Ign.)

Tænia or t. (latter especially), with much itching. Arg-n.

Throat (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—After stool: nausea and cramp in calves; dryness in t. Ox-ac.

Diarrhœa, accompanied by violent dry cough, excited by tickling in t.; stools thin, brownish, fecal, early in morning. Rumex.

Throbbing (see Pulsation).—T. at anus. Aloe, Croton-tig., Grat., Lach., Rhod.

T. in rectum. Natr-m.

T. in rectum and sacrum. Alu.

T. in anus after evacuation. Berb., Lach.

T. at perinæum. Caust.

T. in rectum, as of a small hammer. Lach.

T. in rectum, with sensation in anus as if stuffed full. Apis.

T. in rectum and through abdominal cavity. Æsc.

Beating, t. in anus, as with hammers. Lach.

Fistula in ano, with sensation of t. or beating with little hammer. Lach.

Hæmorrhoids, bleeding or blind, burning, swollen, itching and t. Caps. (Sulph.)

Strangulated, painful and very tender hæmorrhoids, with sticking, or feeling as of a plug in anus, with t. Lach.

Through.—After drinking it appears fluid runs straight t. intestinal canal without stopping. Arg-n.

Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic frequent stools of green mucus, in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets; water runs straight t. Arg-n.

Throwing.—Stool on starting from sleep, with anxious screams, t. hands about, seizing things, or clinging to mother or nurse. Borax.

Thunder storm.—Dysentery in summer, renewed before a t. Rhod.

Tickling.—Voluptuous t. in lower part of rectum and anus. Bell.

Diarrhœa, accompanied by violent dry cough, excited by t. in throat; stools thin, brownish, fecal, early in morning. Rumex.

Tightness.—Constipation, obstinate, with large, hard, difficult stools; a feeling of t. Apis.

Time.—Chronic diarrhœa, patient feels as if stool might occur at any t., with disposition to strain and bearing down. Iris.

Feces and urine escape at same t. Aloe. (Hyos.)

Hæmorrhoids, with frequent desire to stool, but little passed at a t.; bearing-down feeling in rectum and backache. Nux-v.

Timidity.—Diarrhœa: painless with rumbling of wind; worse at night and from fright, with great t.; with smarting in rectum. Ign.

Tingling.—T. at anus. Ferr., Zinc.

T. at rectum. Sabad. (Calc-c., Rhus-t., Sep., Spig., Spong., Tart-em.)

T. in hæmorrhoids. Ant-c.

T., crawling at anus. Croc., Ign., Plat., Teucr., Zinc.

T. in rectum after evacuation. China.

After stool, t. in rectum, as from worms. China.

Burning and t. at anus after stool, with sensation as if worms were crawling about, sometimes with spasms. Tereb.

Inflammation, soreness, stitches and t., as from ascarides in varices. Kali-c.

Intolerable nightly t. and itching at anus, from seat worms. Acon.

Itching, t. and titillation of anus, as of ascarides. Agar.

Itching and t. in anus and rectum, as from ascarides. Spig.

Itching, t., crawling and tenesmus at anus, especially in evening. Plat.

Stools in fragments, tough, scanty, with urging and t. in rectum, and pressure on bladder and uterus. Carbo-v.

Titillation.—Itching, tingling and t. of anus, as of ascarides. Agar.

Toes.—Noise from flatus rolling, with drawing through legs down to t. Ferr-mag.

Together.—Constrictive pain in anus, t. with a sensation as if thighs were drawn t., so that she was obliged to close them. Can-sat.

Tenesmus is peculiar: an unpleasant sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus t. Aloe.

Tongue (see vol. ii., section on Mouth).—Constipation, with coated t. Kali-bi.

Constipation, with clean patches on t. Kali-bi., Natr-m., Tarax.

Constipation, with engorgement of liver, headache, coated t. and bad taste. Euony.

Constipation: debility, coated t., headache, cold extremities; stool dry, scanty, and lumpy, followed by burning and pressure in anus. Kali-bi.

Cholera infantum, vomiting, purging, t. thickly coated white. Bism.

Cholera Asiatica; collapsed, without stool; cold breath and t.; voice lost. Carbo-v. (Camph.)

Paralysis of t. and sphincter ani. Mur-ac.

Tormina.—Stools small, streaked with blood; t.; burning in bowels and rectum; hard lumps of feces with discharges. Erig.

Torn.—Fissures of anus, with proctalgia; constant oozing of fetid moisture, pain in rectum as if being t. or cut with knife; or spasmodic contraction of anus many hours after stool. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids bleeding with hard, lumpy stools; burning in margin of anus; it feels as if t. Erig.

Pain in anus as if something were t. away. Calc-c.

With stool, pain in rectum as if something would be t. asunder. Nitr-ac. (Sulph-ac.)

Torpid.—Constipation: stools clay colored, with an excessively t. liver; jaundice and great languor. Podo.

Torpidity.—T. of bowels. Æsc.

Constipation from t. of liver with jaundice and depression of mind. Still.

Torpor.—Constipation: hard and difficult evacuation; hard stool every other day; from paralysis of rectum and bowels; from t. of intestines. Cocc.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; t.; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), worse at night. Nux-m.

Tossing.—Chronic diarrhœa of an exhausting character, with restlessness; inclination to constantly change position, so that one can neither sit nor sleep without anguish and t. (as in Ars.). Iod.

Diarrhœa, with pain, causing unceasing screaming and t. about. Ipec.

Watery, fecal and mucous diarrhœa; restless t. about and constant uneasiness. Cupr.

Touch.—Exceeding tenderness of anus; cannot bear least t., not even of clothes. Mur-ac.

Feeling as if sharp sticks were being pressed into anus, on slightest t. Nitr-ac.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to t., itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or tumors prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoids, painful to slightest t. Thuja.

Hæmorrhoids, with pain on sitting down, or on taking a wide step, as if split with a knife, also violent itching and very sore to t. Graph.

Hæmorrhoids: swollen, protrude during soft stool; burning; sticking; painful to t., or when sitting. Lyc.

Hæmorrhoids protruding with burning, from t. or when pressing. Abrot.

Hæmorrhoids so sensitive to slightest t. that patient has to lie down, with nates separated. Bell.

Piles, suddenly (in children); protruding, reddish blue, burning; sore to least t. Mur-ac.

Perinæum sweats and is tender to t. Alu.

Varices protrude; very painful to t. Lyc.

Varicies of anus, which are exceedingly sore to t.; much prostration. Mur-ac.

Touched.—Burning pain with soreness in anus when t., and great sensitiveness when sitting. Berb.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; stinging, burning; painful when t., when walking or when thinking of them. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids, large, hard, stinging, burning; painful when t.; walking unendurable. Caust.

Prolapsed rectum, which remains strangulated; very painful when t. Mez.

Soreness of perinæum, with moisture and painful itching when t. Carbo-v.

Tough.—T. stool. Mang., Merc-jod., Rumex.

Constipation; stool hard, brown, t. Rumex.

Constipation: stools dry, t. and hard, long, slender like a dog's; voided with difficulty. Phos.

Glassy, t. mucus in stool. Am-m. (Caust.)

Obstinate constipation; stools t., very solid; expelled with great difficulty; shining as if greased. Caust.

Stool hard, t. and greasy. Caust.

Stool hard, t., brown and glistening; breaks to pieces like sheep's dung. Brom.

Stools in fragments t., scanty, with urging and tingling in rectum, and pressure on bladder and uterus. Carbo-v.

White, t. mucus with stool, like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Transparent.—Stools of t., gelatinous, jelly-like mucus. Colch.

Tenesmus, with first only a little mucus, then t., bilious, membranous mucus, relieving colic. Colch.

Traveling.—Constipation: after lead poisoning or while t.; frequent, urging, scanty stool, with sensation of great weakness. Plat.

Treacherous.—T. stool; patient does not know whether there will be flatus or stool, or whether fluid or solid. Aloe.

Trembling.—T. after evacuation. Coni.

After stool, burning in anus; t. weakness. Carbo-v.

Burning after stool (Æsc.), with weakness and t. in the limbs. Ars.

Constipation; stools in small black lumps, mixed with blood, accompanied with prickings in anus, with t. sensation all over body. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa with t. Merc.

Tremor.—T. before evacuations. Merc.

Watery diarrhœa, with sensation of t. all over the body, without trembling, and great debility. Sulph-ac.

Tremulous.—T. weakness after every stool. Coni.

Tubercle.—Burning pain in perinæum, raphe of which was more prominent than usual, and one inch from anus a t., size of a pea appeared, which increased for three days and disapeared in about ten days. Thuja.

Tumified.—Rectum prolapsed and t., very tender. Lach.

Tumors.—T. of a hæmorrhoidal character, very sore, and of a dark purple color. Æsc.

Burning, hæmorrhoidal t. Psor.

Hæmorrhoids: t. prolapse with every stool, and have to be replaced; they are sore as if excoriated. Ign.

Hæmorrhoids feel damp, painful to touch, itch violently; stools cause violent burning, stinging, tearing pains, or t. prevent stool. Sulph-ac.

Hæmorrhoidal t. of anus. Anac., Bar-c. (Aloe, Alu., Ambr., Am-c., Am-m., Ant-c., Apis, Arn., Ars., Bell., Berb., Borax, Calc-c., Calc-ph., Caps., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Casc., Caust., Cham., Cimex, Collins., Coloc., Cupr., Ferr., Fluor-ac., Graph., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos., Puls., Sang., Sep., Sulph., Sulph-ac., Zinc.)

Hæmorrhoidal t. of rectum. Calc-c., Coloc., Phos. (Ars., Caust., Hep-s., Lyc., Phos-ac., Sep., Stront.)

Hæmorrhoidal t., protruding, with stitches at each cough or sneeze. Lach.

Hæmorrhoidal t. attending scantiness of menstrual flow at climacteric. Lach.

Old hæmorroidal t., secreting much slime, and bleeding profusely after stool. Nitr-ac.

Polypoid t. of rectum, with persistent diarrhœa and evacuation of much blood. Kali-brom.

Twinging.—T. in rectum. Lyc.

Twisting.—T. in abdomen during evacuation. Bov.

Liquid, yellow, fecal stools, with t. pains in abdomen. Bov.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, t. around umbilicus; bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Tympanitic.—Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, t. abdomen and cold extremities; white flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Tympanitis.—Cholera infantum, where child smells intensely sour; stools green and watery, with much t.; colic, and accompanied with excessive irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.

Costiveness, constipation, with t. and stupor. Acet-ac.

Chronic diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much t., cutting colicky pains; stool of mucus, or watery. Mez.

Copious watery nightly diarrhœa, with great t. Mosch.

Dysentery: tenesmus; jelly-like mucus, like scrapings of intestines, bloody, or changeable in character; t.; colic; inability to stretch out legs. Colch.

Typhoid (see section on Fever).—Aggravation: at night; after eating and drinking; from cold food, ice water or ice cream; from milk; from acids; during small-pox; during t.; after abuse of alcohol. Ars.

Bloody stools of dark-brown mucus, with tenesmus and t. tendency. Bapt. (Ars.)

Bloody, black stools (in t.). Ver-v.

Cholera infantum (t. type); child is very restless at night, has to be moved often to get relief. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in t. fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa (during t. fever). Opi.

Frequent, small, thin, dark, offensive, and acrid stools (Ars.); consisting of pure blood; bloody mucus (during t. fever). Bapt.

Hæmorrhages from bowels (in t. fever); flakes of decomposed blood, having appearance and form of perfectly charred wheat straw, in longer or shorter flat pieces, with portions more or less ground up. Lach.

Involuntary, putrid stools (in t.). Arn.

Involuntary stools, with great exhaustion (in t. fever and gastro-enteritis). Rhus-t.

Severe hæmorrhage from bowels (in t.). Alu., Arn.

Typhus.—Diarrhœa in latter stages of abdominal t. Acet-ac.
Diarrhœa (in t. fever). Nux-m.
Involuntary stool on passing urine (Mur-ac., Sulph.), especially in t. Aloe.

Ulcer.—U. in anus. Cub., Kali-c., Pæon.
Pain in rectum during stool; feeling of soreness, as if an u. had been torn open. Ant-c.
Ulcerate.—Cracks in fissured anus u. and bleed. Graph.
Ulcerated.—U. hæmorrhoids. Cham.
Ulcerating.—U. fissures at anus. Cham.
Ulceration.—U. of rectum, with severe pain after stool. Nitr-ac.
U. of rectum with discharge of pus and blood; tenesmus. Phos.
Advanced dysentery, with suspected u. Arg-n.
Corrosive u. of rectum. Merc-bij.
Hæmorrhage from bowels, with u.; epithelial degeneration. Tereb.
Painful hæmorrhoids with u.; surrounding parts purple and covered with crusts; whole mucous membrane covered with ulcers and cracks. Pæon.
Ulcerous.—U. eruptions. Kali-c.
U. pain at anus and perinæum. Cycl.
U. pain when walking. Agn.
Ulcers.—U. and fissures in rectum. Phyt.
Painful hæmorrhoids with ulceration; surrounding parts purple and covered with crusts; whole mucous membrane covered with u. and cracks. Pæon.
Umbilical region (see section on Abdomen).—Colic in u. before diarrhœa. Aloe.
Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in u. Cham.
Loose stools, mushy, with tenesmus, and cramp-like sensation in u. Myrica.
Umbilicus (see section on Abdomen).—Autumnal diarrhœa; much griping about u. Ipec.
Before stool, cutting colic, writhing pains about u. Caps.
Before stool: cutting about u.; backache, as if broken; constant urging. Nux-v.
Brown, watery diarrhœa occurring early in morning, with rumbling about u. and colic before stool. Rumex.
Colic about u., during stool. Ox-ac.
Diarrhœa of watery mucus, with colicky pains about u. during stool. Gum-gut.
Diarrhœa with sensation as if u. were being pulled backward, with actual retraction. Plumb,

Diarrhœa with burning pain and tenesmus of rectum; prolapsus ani and constant pinching around u., sometimes attended with discharge of mucus. Gum-gut.

During stool: painful urging; tenesmus; gnawing pain about u. Kali-bi.

During stool: protrusion of hæmorrhoids; prolapsus ani; pain about u. Fluor-ac.

Flatulent, watery, urgent diarrhœa; great gurgling and colic pains about u., with much prostration. Croton-tig.

Suddenly seized with distressing feeling in whole abdomen, twisting around u., bearing down; dark, muddy, copious stool about six o'clock morning. Ox-ac.

Upon pressure at u. a painful sensation is felt down to anus where there is constant pressure outward. Croton-tig.

Yellow and green diarrhœic stool, mixed with mucus, preceded by excessive cutting around u. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Unable.—Rectum seems inactive and u. to evacuate feces. Nitr-ac.

Unbearable.—Frequent ineffectual desire for stool (Nux-v.); this makes her anxious; at this time presence of other persons becomes u. Ambr.

Uncomfortabe.—Frequent passages of flatus, which are continually forming in bowels and causing u. feeling. Fluor-ac.

Unconscious.—U. discharge of thin feces when passing flatus. Ver-a.

Unconsciously.—Diarrhœa: stools greenish, bilious, watery; only, or usually at night, sometimes u. evacuated. Puls.

Thin stool passes u., with a sensation as if flatus would pass. Staph.

Undigested.—U. stools. Arn., Ars., Coni., Ferr., Oleand. (Ant-c., China, Podo.)

U., hard stools. Calc-c.

Cholera infantum, with desire for indigestible things, like ham, smoked meat; abdomen sunken, flabby; emaciation; stools green, u., offensive, forcibly expelled. Calc-ph.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery, or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing u. food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Constipation: stools tenacious, crumbling, with much straining; u., black (pitch-like), yellowish. Merc.

Constipation: stools hard, containing u. food, and often accompanied by slime. Calc-c.

Chronic diarrhœa, u. stool. Oleand.

Chronic, painless diarrhœa of u. food, with much thirst for water during night. Phos.

Chronic watery diarrhœa in children, usually soon after eating and drinking, without pain and effort, mostly containing u. substances. Ferr.

Diarrhœa of u. stools, of sour odor. Calc-c.

Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); u. food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); blackish (Ars., Lept.); yellow (Chelid.); involuntary. China.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; mingled with hard lumps; watery; u.; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Diarrhœic stools composed of slime and u. food, stools painless, excoriating and exhausting. Ferr.

Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; containing glistening bodies; u.; worse evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.

Diarrhœa; stools u., or like chopped eggs, with loss of appetite (in summer with children). Nux-m.

Diarrhœa: stools mucus; green curdled and mixed with mucus; u.; yellowish-white, fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools brown or yellow brown, fluid; u.; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.

Diarrhœa; stools u., profuse, frequent, gushing, painless. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools u., changeable. Sulph.

Diarrhœa; stools u. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, brownish, fecal; u.; spurting out with force. Rhod.

Lienteria (of nursing infants); milk passes u. Magn-c.

Diarrhœa, preceded by colic; stools yellow, watery, thin, fecal, u. Sang.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, fecal, thin or papescent; u.; whitish, sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.

Food passes u. (in marasmus). Abrot.

Lienteria; stools of u. food, without pain. Ferr.

Lienteria; stools u. Polyp.

Morning diarrhœa; stools watery, green, u. or slimy, with severe colic and prolapsus ani. Podo.

Offensive, yellow, u. stool, mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.

Pipe-stem stool; very thin, like a round worm, dark colored, u., of an intolerable odor; much white mucus with stools. Graph.

Stool like mush, gray, hot or u. Aloe.

Stool watery, with little hard lumps, or containing u. food. Ant-c.

Stools yellow, watery; u. China.

Stools pappy, brown, with u. food and of atrociously putrid odor. Graph.

Stool contains u. food eaten day before. Oleand.

Uneasiness.—Constant u. in bowels and urging to stool. Natr-s.

Watery, fecal, and mucous diarrhœa; restless tossing about and constant u. Cupr.

United.—Lumpy stools u. by threads of mucus. Graph.

Unnoticed.—Hard stool falls out u. Aloe. (Caust.)

Unobserved.—Stool u. Aloe, Ars., Colch., Ferr-mag., Graph., Phos-ac., Staph., Ver-a.

Unpleasant.—Tenesmus is peculiar: an u. sensation in anus, as if more stool would follow, which must be held back on account of soreness; yet, on account of pain, does not draw anus together. Aloe.

Unsatisfactory.—U., difficult stools, with pain as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when walking. Natr-m.

Clawing in anus, with crumbling, u. stool. Zinc.

Extreme constipation; u. and scanty stool, voided every two or four days; after stool sensation as if something still remained, stool hard, and dry as if burnt. Sulph.

Unsuccessful.—U. effort for stool; passes only offensive flatus; pain in back, and feeling across abdomen as if there were no expulsive power. Carbo-an.

Unusual.—Diarrhœa after sudden emotions, grief, fright, exciting news (Ign., Phos-ac., Opi.); anticipation of any u. ordeal; undergoing examination; going into a crowd; appearing in public; on going to church or opera; submitting to surgical operations. Gels.

Up.—Thin stool, with flatus u. and down; colic, causing prover to bend double. Coloc.

Upward.—Anus feels as if drawn u., as if constricted. Plumb.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a writhing, drawing character, pains radiate u. and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasm. Dios.

Lancinating pain from anus u., especially after stool. Sulph.

Urethra (see section on Urinary Organs).—Sensation in anus as if sitting on a ball; as if anus and part of u. were filled by a hard round body. Can-ind. (Sep.)

Stinging stitches from anus to u. Cocc., Thuja.

Tearing in rectum and in u. between acts of micturition. Ruta.

Painful constriction, tearing and drawing at anus, perinæum, and through u. Mez.

Urgency.—U. to stool on urinating at night. Aloe.

U., as with diarrhœa; only hot flatus passes, with great relief, but it soon returns, with sensation as of a plug wedged in between symphysis pubis and os coccygis. Aloe. (Anac.)

U. to evacuate after evacuations. Æth., Croton-tig., Dig., Lach., Lyc., Merc-cor., Nicc., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Rheum, Staph., Tabac., Tarax., Therid.

Great and ineffectual u. and desire for stool, in evening, felt mostly in middle of abdomen, but no stool follows, only rectum protrudes. Ign.

Urgent.—U. stool, preceded by colic and passage of offensive flatus. Cast-eq.

U. desire for stool while walking, worse when standing. Kobalt.

U. desire to evacuate. Bar-c., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Rheum, Rhus-t.

Before stool, u. pressure, waking patient in morning. Kali-bi.

Flatulent, watery, u. diarrhœa; great gurgling and colic pains about umbilicus, with much prostration. Croton-tig.

Frequent u. desire for stool. Dios.

Great and u. desire for stool, but with effort desire passes away without an evacuation; rectum seems powerless, with a sensation as if plugged up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Morning diarrhœa: stools loose, bilious; dark, offensive, very u.; cannot wait a moment. Lil-tig.

Sudden and u. call to stool. Sulph.

Watery stool; u., painless, frequent every morning. Tabac.

Urging.—U. to stool. Cycl.

U. wakens at night, drives out of bed at six o'clock a. m. Aloe.

U. to stool; sometimes ineffectual. Cocc-c.

U. before evacuations. Aloe, Am-m., Apis, Borax, Bov., Canth., Cist., Coloc., Gum-gut., Kali-bi., Lept., Merc., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Nicc., Nitr., Nux-v., Phos., Rhus-t., Rheum, Sang., Sulph.

U. during evacuations. Alu., Apis, Arg-n., Benz-ac., Canth., Gum-gut., Hell., Kali-bi., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Mez., Nicc., Nux-m., Ox-ac., Rhus-t.

U., but no evacuation, with sensation of a mass in lower part of rectum, and discharge of offensive flatus only. Sang.

U. before stool, which shot out as from a gun. Phos.

U. to stool, as if diarrhœa would occur. Nux-m.

U. to stool, but large intestines are wanting in peristaltic action or power and cannot expel feces, which are not hard. Hep-s.

U. to stool early in morning, with bearing down in hypogastrium Corn-c.

U. to stool after drinking, but only a little is passed. Caps.

U. to stool, followed by natural evacuation. Coca.

U. to stool when urinating. Aloe. (Merc-cor.)

U. to stool after each meal. Aloe. (China, Coloc., Ferr.)

U. to stool, with colic, also when at stool. Acon.

U. to stool with every eructation. Æsc.

U. to stool, with passage only of offensive flatus. Aloe.

U. to stool after a meal, more in upper part of intestines. Anac.

U., griping, tenesmus during stool. Apis.

U. violent, quickly passing, frequent, with sensation of fullness and weight in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

U. after eating fruit or sour krout. Bry.

U. mostly at night or after eating. Bry.

U. without, or hard difficult stool. Bov.

U. to stool and insufficient discharges. Camph.

U. followed by copious, pasty evacuation (with relief of all symptoms except confusion of head). Bry.

Anxious u., but inability to stool without eversion and prolapsus of rectum. Ign. (Nux-v.)

After great u. and straining until abdominal walls are sore, stool that has already protruded slips back again. Sil.

After stool: remission of pains and u. Rhus-t.

Awakened early morning by u. desire for stool, which is gushing, watery; sharp, cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.

Before stool: cutting colic; great u. Coloc.

Before, during and after stool, constant tenesmus and u. to stool. Merc-cor.

Before stool: sudden and violent u.; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling; white mucus discharge. Kali-c.

Before stool: cutting about umbilicus; backache, as if broken; constant u. Nux-v.

Before stool: constant u., with nausea and tearing colic; cutting. Rhus-t.

Before stool, sudden u., driving out of bed. Rumex.

Burning in rectum towards perinæum, with ineffectual u.; straining without stool. Nitr-ac.

Constipation, with pains in abdomen, ineffectual u.; tenesmus, as in dysentery, with burning and pressing in anus and rectum. Ars.

Constipation, ineffectual u., with anxiety and red face. Caust.

Constipation: feces hard, with tenesmus; constant and ineffectual u. without stool (Nux-v.); with vertigo while lying down, or small quantities pass each time. Coni.

Constipation: ineffectual u.; anus feels closed. Lach.

Constipation: hard stools, with much u. and sticking in anus. Graph.

Constipation: stools dry and hard, or first part lumpy, then soft; feeling as if much remained; ineffectual u. Lyc.

Constipation; stools frequent, ineffectual u., with small stools or only flatus. Magn-c.

Constipation: after lead poisoning or while traveling; frequent u., scanty stool, with sensation of great weakness. Plat.

Constipation, with frequent ineffectual u. Sec.

Constipation, with u. to stool. Cocc., Coni., Opi., Sec.

Constant u. at night, cannot lie nor sit on account of sticking and sore pain in anus; feeling as if everything had been pressed out. Sulph.

Constant u. to stool, followed by sudden, pasty, offensive evacuation of a dirty green color, which is forcibly shot out of rectum. Croton-tig.

Constant bearing-down pressure in rectum and u. to stool. Sulph.
Constant uneasiness in bowels and u. to stool. Natr-s.
Constant u. to stool during day. Aloe.
Chronic constipation: ineffectual u.; easily flushed face, with cold hands and feet. Ferr.
Cholera infantum: stools watery, gushing, profuse, green, with sudden u., often painless; offensive, worse in hot weather. Podo.
Cutting, griping, followed by frequent u. to stool, after anger or fright. Acon.
Diarrhœa, with u. in rectum, when she urinates. Alu.
Diarrhœa or dysentery; stool consisting of brown, frothy water (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, u. and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)
Diarrhœa, with much u., following fright or sensational excitement, especially from grief. Ign.
Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and u., with scanty, frequent, bloody mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and urinary suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.
Dysentery, with slimy, bloody stools at night; constant u. Kali-n.
Dysentery, with ischuria, or tenesmus of neck of bladder, with fruitless u. Arn.
Distention of abdomen, with frequent u. to stool, though more than ever constipated. Arn.
Difficult stool, with much backache and u., or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead yellowish mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.
During stool: cutting colic; u.; nausea. Rhus-t.
During stool: painful u.; tenesmus; gnawing pain about umbilicus. Kali-bi.
Frequent u. to stool, without result, or with a very scanty and hard evacuation. Bell.
Frequent u. in lower part of rectum, with discharge of small soft stool. Arg-m.
Frequent u. to stool, with distention of abdomen. Arn.
Frequent u. to stool with severe pressure at anus. Arn.
Frequent u. to stool. Berb.
Frequent ineffectual u. to stool. Caust., Coni., Sulph.
Frequent excessive u. to stool, with sensation as if rectum were weakened by long-continued diarrhœa. Coloc.
Frequent ineffectual u. to stool, alternating with liquid stools. Natr-c.
Frequent ineffectual u. to stool, worse on motion and when walking. Rheum.
Frequent u., as if diarrhœa would occur. Puls.
Frequent u. to stool; finally a liquid portion is discharged, followed by hard portion. Sabin.

Frequeut u. to stool, with protrusion of rectum. Ruta.
Fruitless efforts and u. to stool. Ign.
Hæmorrhoids protrude like a bunch of grapes (Mur-ac.), with constant bearing down and u. in rectum. Aloe.
Hard stool in morning after much u. and straining, with natural evacuation in afternoon. Ran-b.
Habitual constipation of large and difficult stools, with frequent u. to go to stool, but not able to defecate. Nux-v.
Ineffectual u., only wind passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo-v.
Ineffectual u. to stool; rectum feels too weak to expel it. Kali-c. (Hep-s.)
Ineffectual u. to stool every moment, with tenesmus in rectum. Merc.
Ineffectual u.; stool of large lumps of mucus; lumbrici; ascarides. Spig.
Ineffectual u. to stool, with discharge of mucus or flatulence only. Sep.
Ineffectual u. to stool, with erections. Thuja.
Ineffectual u. to stool, with vomiting. Sang.
Ineffectual u. to stool. Ars., Lach., Oleand., Rat., Tarax., Ver-a. (Nux-v.)
Irresistible u. to stool early in morning. Cist. (Color and consistency of stool differ from other early morning remedies.)
Large, thin stool, with tenesmus and u. in hypogastrium. Kobalt.
Long u. when going to stool. Nitr-ac.
Morning diarrhœa; brown and watery, preceded by u. and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. Rumex.
Pressing and u. in rectum toward anus; painful contraction of anus. Bell.
Pasty, sour-smelling stools (Dulc.), followed by shivering (Puls.), then u., with drawing constriction in intestines. Rheum.
Rectum inactive; much u. even with soft stool. Stann.
Straining and u. to stool, with scanty stool. Bell.
Sudden, irresistible u. to stool; soreness in lumbar region of back; chills over head and legs; then loose stools and renewing u. (after taking cold). Bar-c.
Sensation of great weight and u. to evacuate a great quantity, but nothing passes. Cact.
Straining and u. to stool, with scanty stool. Bell.
Slimy, bloody stools; violent pains in abdomen; tenesmus, u., between discharges. Acon.
Spasms of sphincter ani, with chilliness or a shuddering over back, then u. to stool, which is insufficient. Colch.
Sudden u. to stool, with noises as of liquids in abdomen. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)
Strong u. during stool, causing stool to be expelled quickly. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)

Sudden u., with hot pinching throughout abdomen, before stool. Gum-gut.

Sudden u. to stool, with tenesmus. Natr-c.

Sudden u. to stool. Naja.

Small stools of a slimy, bloody mucus, with much u. Nux-v.

Sudden u. before evacuations. Bar-c., Cist., Kali-c., Phos., Podo., Sulph.

Soft stool, evacuated slowly, and with much u. Rhod. (Carbo-v., China.)

Stools of mucus and blood, with frequent u. Sabin.

Stools in fragments, tough, scanty, with u. and tingling in rectum, and pressure on bladder and uterus. Carbo-v.

Stools mucus, with much u.; cadaverous, putrid, offensive, involuntary. Carbo-v.

Tenesmus, with constant u. and pressing towards anus and genitals, alternating with painful contraction of anus. Bell.

Thin stool, with violent u. to urinate, which could not be withstood. Cic-v.

Tormenting, constant u. in rectum, but not for stool. Lach.

Unsatisfied u. to stool. Æth.

Unsatisfactory u. to stool, relieved by passing flatus. Colch.

Varices of rectum and anus, with pain and u. to stool. Lach.

Violent and frequent u. to stool. Merc.

Violent, sudden, hurried, u., thin, yellowish, watery, liquid stool, forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Violent though ineffectual u. to stool. Mosch.

Violent u. to stool, with croaking as from frogs; sits a long while, then passes immense quantity of flatulence, followed by enormous evacuation; afterwards burning in the abdomen. Sabad.

Wakes in morning with severe u. to stool, which continues after copious evacuation. Aloe.

Watery diarrhœa, with constant u. to stool. Carb-ac.

Urinary.—Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent, bloody mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and u. suppression, or scanty urine. Merc-cor.

Urinate (see section on Urinary Organs).—Constipation; violent urging to u., stool small, with much bearing down. Sars.

Chronic diarrhœa; cannot u. without having stool. Apis.

Constipation with frequent desire to u. Sars.

Frequent desire to evacuate bowels, accompanying urging to u; very small, soft stools, without relief. Dig.

Thin, stool, with violent urging to u., which could not be withstood. Cic-v.

Urinates.—Diarrhœa whenever she u. Alu.

Diarrhœa with urging in rectum, when she u. Alu.

Urinating.—Aggravation: after drinking; while u.; while eating. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: from vinegar; from cold damp room; when walking or standing; when u. Aloe.

Diarrhœa; stool thin, watery, fecal, involuntary while u.; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Desire for stool, while u. Canth.

Every time on u. a feeling as if some thin stool would escape. Aloe.

Involuntary stool when u. Aloe, Mur-ac., Sulph., Squilla, Ver-a.

Prolapsus ani while u. Mur-ac.

Thin, watery, offensive diarrhœa; passing involuntary when u. Ailanth.

Tearing stitches in rectum while u.; while sitting. Ruta.

Urgency to stool on u. at night. Aloe.

Urging to stool when u. Aloe. (Merc-cor.)

Urination.—Constipation with retention of urine, or with frequent u., attended with cutting, burning pains, but little urine being passed at a time. Canth.

Urine.—U. can only be passed with stool. Alu.

Aggravation when walking or standing; after eating; when passing u. Aloe.

Constipation with retention of u., or with frequent urination, attended with cutting, burning pains, but little u. being passed at a time. Canth.

Diarrhœa (in children during dentition); profuse, watery, light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with u. highly colored, and of a strong pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Diarrhœa after exalted imagination; stool and u. passed involuntarily. Arg-n.

Diarrhœa with difficult expulsion of stool and u. Alu.

Diarrhœa with profuse u. Acon.

Dysentery; great intensity of constant tenesmus and urging, with scanty, frequent bloody mucous stools, accompanied by tenesmus of bladder, and urinary suppression, or scanty u. Merc-cor.

Feces and u. escape at same time. Aloe. (Hyos.)

Great accumulation of wind; flatus has odor of u. remaining long on clothes. Agn.

Has to strain at stool in order to pass u. Alu.

Watery, white stool, like chopped herbs, with red u. Acon.

Involuntary stool on passing u. (Mur-ac., Sulph.), especially in typhus. Aloe.

Involuntary stools and u. Ars. (Hyos.)

Obstinate constipation; sometimes causing retention of u. Can-sat.

Pains go from limbs to bowels, producing diarrhœa and partial retention of u. Cimicif.

Stools of strong pungent odor like that of u. Benz-ac.

Stool and u. involuntary. Oleand.

Uterine (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Dysentery during pregnancy or during u. congestion. Aloe.

Uterus.—Stools in fragments, tough, scanty, with urging and tingling in rectum, and pressure on bladder and u. Carbo-v.

Vaccination.—Diarrhœa daily, in morning, with much noisy flatus (after v.; after fat food; after onions). Thuja.

Peculiar diarrhœa (after v.). Thuja.

Variable.—Diarrhœa with profuse stools of v. color. Euony.

Varices.—V. of anus. Calc-c.

V. of anus. Ham. (Inject twenty minims behind vein, which is lifted with a fold of skin; this will cure without fail or danger.)

V. protrude; very painful to touch. Lyc.

V. burning, stinging. Carbo-an.

V. of rectum and anus, with pain and urging to stool. I ach.

V. protrude during micturition; blood, then white mucus escapes. Kali-c.

V. of anus, which are exceedingly sore to touch; much prostration. Mur-ac.

Burning v. Carbo-v. (Ars., Phos.)

Inflammation, soreness, stitches and tingling as from ascarides in v. Kali-c.

Prolapsus of rectum with v., as if paralyzed. Graph.

Protruding v. Ferr., Rat.

Small or pipe-stem shaped stool; v. large, painful, hindering, worse on thinking of them. Caust. (Ox-ac.) (Reverse, Camph.)

Veal.—Diarrhœa from eating v. Kali-n.

Vegetable.—Diarrhœa, worse in wet weather; in morning; after v. and farinaceous food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.

Stools greenish, muddy, spouting out like water; worse as soon as moves; from meat or v. Lept.

Veins.—Engorgement of hæmorrhoidal v. Aloe.

Vertigo (see vol. i., section on Head).—V. after evacuation. Petr.

V. during defecation. Caust.

Constipation: feces hard, with tenesmus; constant and ineffectual urging without stool (Nux-v.); with v. while lying down, or small quanities pass each time. Coni.

Vexation.—Aggravation: after eating; from fruit; after v., indignation, or grief from ill-treatment; during dentition. Coloc.

Vinegar.—Diarrhœa from v.; from cold, damp room; when walking or standing; when urinating. Aloe.

Viscid.—Dysentery; collapsed condition, stools involuntary, thick, clotted, v. Sec.

Vise.—Diarrhœa and tenesmus, with pain in small of back, as if in a v. Kali-jod.

Voice.—Cholera Asiatica: collapse without stool; cold breath and tongue; v. lost. Carbo-v. (Camph.)

Voided (see Expelled).—Constipation: stools dry, tough and hard, long, slender like a dog's; v. with difficulty. Phos.

Very large and hard stool, v. with great difficulty, followed by severe pains in anus, with sensation as if a portion of anus protruded. Æsc.

Vomiting (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—V. before evacuations. Ars., Ipec., Ox-ac., Tart-em.

V. during evacuations. Apis, Arg-m., Ars., Bry., Cycl., Dulc., Ipec., Merc-cor., Ox-ac., Plumb., Seneg., Ver-a.

V. after evacuations. Eugen., Kali-bi., Merc-cor.

V. after tenesmus. Bell.

Cholerine, with more retching than v. Sec.

Constipation, with nausea and v. Plumb., Nux-v.

Cholera infantum, with v. of sour food or curdled lumps; ravenous appetite. Calc-c.

Cholera infantum, v., purging, tongue thickly coated white. Bism.

Cholera infantum where there is violent v. of curdled milk; of greenish mucus, and stools of green or bloody mucus, with tenesmus. Æth.

Cholera infantum of alkaline or fat, chubby, pale children, with light-green, frothy stools, nausea and v. Ipec.

Cholera infantum, simultaneous v. and purging, great exhaustion. Ars.

Cholera infantum, with nausea, v., and watery diarrhœa. Mez.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and v.; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Cholera sporadic; sudden and violent v., first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with nucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious watery evacuations, diarrhœa and v. alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Cholera infantum: stools yellowish, greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold perspiration, deathly nausea without v., or v. of water on moving. Tabac.

Cholera morbus, worse at night, cold sweat on forehead; v. and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.

Cholera Asiatica, with violent spasms in abdomen and cramps in legs and feet; general convulsions, with continual v., and violent colic. Cupr.

Diarrhœa with v. Æth., Ant-c., Ars., Asar., Bell., Coloc., Cupr., Dulc., Eugen., Jatr., Ipec., Lach., Phos., Rheum, Seneg., Stram., Tart-em., Ver-a.

Diarrhœa; frequent stools, with v. and weakness. Tart-em.

Diarrhœa with nansea and v. (Ipec., Iris, Ver-a.), with excoriation of anus. Asclep. (Ars., Sulph.)

Diarrhœa: stools fetid, yellow and fecal; watery, with v. and violent colic; bloody masses. Plumb.

Diarrhœa and v. Tart-em.

Dysentery, with backache, violent tenesmus, nausea and v. Nux-v.

Desire to evacuate, with v. Sang.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and v.; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, watery stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Green, slimy stools, nausea, v. and great prostration (in children). Tabac.

Gastro-intestinal irritation (in children), with v., diarrhœa, and sometimes convulsions. Æth.

Ineffectual urging to stool, with v. Sang.

Intestinal catarrh, coming on suddenly at night (in summer); v. and purging. Ver-a.

Intense v. and purging, with griping pains and cramps in abdomen. Phyt.

Involuntary stools (Arn., Ars., Phos.) at night; while v. Hyos. (Ailanth., Mur-ac.)

Painful bloody discharges, with v. Merc-cor.

Profuse diarrhœa and v. Euphorb.

Sero-mucous v. and rice-water stools, thrown off with great force, with cramps of abdominal muscles, flexors of arms and feet, and sunken features. Colch.

Voyage.—Constipation on a v. Plat.

Wakens.—Urging w. at night, drives out of bed at six o'clock a. m. Aloe.

Wakes.—W. in morning with severe urging to stool, which continues after copious evacuation. Aloe.

Waking.—Before stool, urgent pressure, w. patient in the morning. Kali-bi.

Cholera infantum, w. up frightened, shortly after a dark or black diarrhœic stool; very offensive. Psor.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; mingled with hard lumps; watery; undigested; involuntary during sleep without w. Coni.

Walk.—Cramp in rectum whole forenoon; a griping and stitching, with great anxiety; was not able to sit, was obliged to w. about. Calc-c.

Protrusion of hæmorrhoids after stool, with long-lasting pains, cannot w. Am-c.

Walking.—Aggravation: when w. or standing; after eating; when passing urine. Aloe.

Biting sore pain in anus on w., and burning in rectum. Mez.

Drawing pressive pain in and about anus and perinæum, as if a spot was suppurating; when w. or sitting. Cycl.

Distressing contraction of sphincter ani, painful after stool, and when w. or standing, relieved by sitting. Ign.

Desire for stool aggravated by moving about or w. Rheum.

Desire to evacuate when w. or exercising. Rheum.

Diarrhœa: from vinegar; from cold, damp room; when w. or standing; when urinating. Aloe.

Fullness and itching at anus, after w. Æsc.

Fissure in anus; pains worse when w. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids, which make even loose stool painful; they are often painful when w. Calc-c.

Hæmorrhoids: impeding stool; swollen, itching, stitching, moist; stinging, burning; painful when touched, when w. or when thinking of them. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids: large, hard, stinging, burning; painful when touched; w. unendurable. Caust.

Hæmorrhoids much swollen; burn on w. Carbo-an.

Hæmorrhoids pain during cough; when w. Kali-c.

Hæmorrhoids painful and bleeding when w. Sep.

Hæmorrhoids: during stool pains are so great has to desist; burning violently while w.; anus fissured. Thuja.

Hæmorrhoids painful when w. Caust.

Moist soreness in anus and between nates, when w. Nitr-ac.

Piles burn and sting, worse during w. Carbo-an.

Sore between nates, around anus, and in the groin, on moderate w. Arg-m.

Sore feeling in skin near anus when w., as from subcutaneous suppuration. Agn.

Sharp stitches in rectum when w. Sil.

Stitching or tearing pains in perinæum when w. Am-m.

Urgent desire for stool while w., worse when standing. Kobalt.

Unsatisfactory, difficult stools with pain, as if rectum would burst, then bleeding, with frequent micturition; sticking in rectum; burning in anus when w. Natr-m.

Ulcerous pain when w. Agn.

Walls.—After great urging and straining until abdominal w. are sore, stool that has already protruded slips back again. Sil.

Wanting.—Urging to stool, but large intestines are w. in peristaltic action or power and cannot expel feces, which are not hard. Hep-s.

Wants.—Stools yellowish and very offensive; child very listless, w. nothing and cares for nothing. Phos-ac.

Warm.—Aggravation: in morning; from acids; in w. room; from motion. Apis.

Blind, painful hæmorrhoids internally during and after black stool; worse from cold or w. water. Brom.

Frequent noiseless emission of w. flatus. Teucr.

Diarrhœa from change of weather from w. to cold. Dulc.

Diarrhœa in w. weather; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Diarrhœa from w. weather. Lach.

Watery diarrhœa in morning; grains like tallow in rice-water evacuations, always worse in w. weather. Phos.

Warmth.—Ascarides, with creeping and itching, and nightly restlessness, worse from w. of bed. Teucr.

Wart-like.—Knotty, w. eruption on anus and between nates. Natr-s.

Warts.—W. about anus. Thuja.

Washed.—Diarrhœa: stools while being w.; dirty water soaking napkin through. Podo.

Washing.—Stools like w. of meat; yellowish-brown, bloody, cadaverous smelling and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.

Water.—After stool, large and prominent hæmorrhoids, tender, hot (Brom.), relieved by cold w. Aloe.

Cholera morbus from drinking excessive quantities of w. Grat.

Cholera infantum (in teething children), excessive nausea and frequent stools of green or yellow w. Croton-tig.

Chronic, painless diarrhœa of undigested food, with much thirst for w. during night. Phos.

Diarrhœa, consisting of yellowish-green frothy w., forcibly evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in abdomen, with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Diarrhœa; bloody mucus, or stool, on seeing w. or hearing it run. Hydroph.

Diarrhœa or dysentery: stool consisting of brown, frothy w. (Ars., Rumex), or bloody, jelly-like; gelatinous, with painful pressure, urging and tenesmus. Kali-bi. (Observe the characteristic tongue of this remedy.)

Diarrhœa: worse during day; after eating; after drinking cold w. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa of greenish w., with great distention of abdomen. Magn-c. (Grat., Podo., Puls.)

Diarrhæa: stools while being washed; dirty w. soaking napkin through. Podo.

Diarrhœa; stools copious, like water from a hydrant. **Phos.**
Diarrhœa from impure w. Zing.
Diarrhœa of brown fermented stool, swimming in w.; liquid mixed with blood and slime. Sabad.
Diarrhœa: stools pale yellow, watery; forcibly expelled; copious; gurgling like w. from a bunghole. Thuja.
Excoriating diarrhœa, like w., only in day. Natr-m.
Involuntary diarrhœa of w., putrid, fetid and colliquative. **Sec.**
Painless blood-streaked stools, like flesh-colored w. Phos.
Stools of bloody w. Ars.
Stools; profuse, diarrhœic, dysenteric, fermented, thin, like w., pasty, yellowish, clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)
Stools very thin, like yellowish w., forcibly evacuated. Croton-tig. (Jatr., Thuja, Seneg.)
Stools: greenish, muddy, spouting out like w.; worse as soon as moves; from meat or vegetables. Lept.
Stools soft, brownish, easy; floating on w. Merc.
Stools: like sheep's dung; like w., with colic; involuntary. **Natr-m.**
Stools of mucus and w. Tereb.
Stool of burning w. preventing sleep. Natr-m.
Sudden and severe attacks of cholera infantum, with characteristic frequent stools, of green mucus, in children who are very fond of sugar and sweets; w. runs straight through. Arg-n.
Sensation as if cold w. were dripping from anus. Can-sat.
Straining for stool all day, nausea, dissagreeable taste; worse drinking cold w. Ferr.
Thin, watery stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as of w. gurgling from a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)
Thin stool, mixed with mucus and blood, floating on surface of w. Sabad.

Watery.—W. stool. Ant-c., Arn., Berb., Cham., China, Ferr., Hyos., Jatr., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sec.
W., yellow diarrhœa, with griping. Apis.
W. diarrhœa, with constant urging to stool. Carb-ac.
W., profuse, excoriating diarrhœa (in infants). Croton-tig.
W., involuntary diarrhœa, with violent cramps of involuntary muscles. Cupr.
W., fecal, and mucous diarrhœa; restless tossing about and constant uneasiness. Cupr.
W., copious, dark or black stools. Apis.
W., green or brown stools; exceedingly offensive. **Asaf.** (Ars., Bapt., Lept.)
W., white stool, like chopped herbs, with red urine. **Acon.**
W. diarrhœa, worse at night, with great debility. Iris.
W., yellow, painless stools in bed, without consciousness of it. **Hyos.** (Phos-ac.)

W. diarrhœa, with nausea, colic and great debility. Hell.
W. diarrhœa. Ars., China, Cina, Podo.
W. diarrhœa in morning; grains like tallow in rice-water evacuations, always worse in warm weather. Phos.
W. diarrhœa, with sensation of tremor all over the body, without trembling, and great debility. Sulph-ac.
W. stool; urgent, painless, frequent every morning. Tabac.
W. stool with flakes. Cupr., Phos., Ver-a.
W. stools of disgusting odor; discharge profuse and greenish. Asaf.
W. (liquid) stools, desire for which cannot be postponed for one moment, with much flatulence; severe colic, and gurgling noise in bowels. Aloe.
W., painless diarrhœa (of lying-in women). Hyos.
Awakened early morning by urging desire for stool, which is gushing, w.; sharp cutting, colicky pains in hypogastrium. Petr.
Bloody, w. stools, with colic. Acet-ac.
Bloody, w., painless stools. Ars.
Brown, w. diarrhœa occurring early in morning, with rumbling about umbilicus, and colic before stool. Rumex.
Copious, w., sour-smelling diarrhœa. Calc-c.
Copious, w., nightly diarrhœa, with great tympanitis. Mosch.
Copious liquid stools; w., frothy or of olive-green color. Elat.
Copious, w. diarrhœa, with rumbling in bowels. Phos-ac.
Chronic diarrhœa, involuntary and very prostrating; stools slimy, papescent, brownish or w., with bloated abdomen. Ars.
Chronic w. diarrhœa, with fever, dry mouth, and thirst; aggravated by moving about. Natr-m.
Chronic diarrhœa, with psoric diathesis; much tympanitis; cutting colicky pains; stools of mucus, or w. Mez.
Chronic diarrhœa, sudden, copious, easy, w. stools. Jalap.
Chronic w. diarrhœa, mornings, with pains in side of abdomen. Coloc.
Chronic w. diarrhœa in children, usually soon after eating and drinking, without pain and effort, mostly containing undigested substances. Ferr.
Cholera: stools copious, w.; great coldness; collapse. Tart-em. (Camph.)
Cholera: painless, w.; discharge after midnight. Sulph.
Cholera Asiatica; profuse, exhausting, w. diarrhœa, pouring away as if from a hydrant. Phos.
Cholera sporadica: sudden and violent vomiting, first of food and other contents of stomach, then large quantities of water mixed with mucus, then clear fluid like rice water; followed immediately by copious w. evacuations, diarrhœa and vomiting alternating at short intervals, accompanied by painful spasms of intestines, great anxiety, and a death-like sense of faintness and exhaustion. Euphorb-cor.

Cholera infantum; stools as green as grass, slimy or w. Tart-em.

Cholera infantum, where child smells intensely sour; stools green and w., with much tympanitis; colic, and accompanied with excessive irritability of patient (like Chamomilla). Robin.

Cholera infantum; stools w., gushing, profuse, green, with sudden urging, often painless; offensive, worse in hot weather. Podo.

Cholera infantum; stools frequent, uniformly frothy, w., and of a pea-green color. Rheum.

Cholera infantum, with nausea, vomiting and w. diarrhœa. Mez.

Cholera infantum: w., green, sour, frothy stools; white lumps, like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting: stools w., or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or white, chopped, very fetid; frequent, greenish, w.; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Cholera infantum: colic, with green, w., slimy, sour diarrhœa, like chopped eggs and spinach; children peevish; ill-humored; cry much and are only quieted by being carried about. Cham.

Colorless, w. stool. Apis.

Child turns red in face before and during each stool, which is w. and expelled with great force. Bell.

Diarrhœa, with colic (in summer), with w. stool at night, if weather cools. Dulc.

Diarrhœa: stools w., gushing, changeable in color; no two alike. Sulph.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, greenish, w.; whitish w.; with flocculi. Dulc.

Diarrhœa: stools w.; yellowish brown, fecal; offensive. Fluor-ac.

Diarrhœa; w., papescent. Cycl.

Diarrhœa; w., painless, all day, from too much care about domestic affairs. Coff.

Diarrhœa: stools yellow w.; sudden expulsion, coming out like a shot. Croton-tig.

Diarrhœa: stools liquid, fecal; mingled with hard lumps; w.; undigested; involuntary during sleep without waking. Coni.

Diarrhœa; stools green or w. (after chill or fright). Acon.

Diarrhœa, discharges of mucus and blood; or thin, yellow matter, or w., accompanied by violent tenesmus, and sharp cutting pains in bowels. Collins.

Diarrhœa; w., with undigested food, involuntary, painless stool during a meal. Ferr.

Diarrhœa: stools blackish, w.; foamy, brownish; frothy; bloody; whitish mucus. Iod.

Diarrhœa comes on gradually, more and more w., pale pinkish, with rapid emaciation and fermentation in abdomen. China.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, w., fecal; bloody; soft, with colic. Kreas.

Diarrhœa of w. mucus, with colicky pains about umbilicus during stool. Gum-gut.

Diarrhœa: stools thin, w., greenish; frequent; corrosive; profuse. Iris.

Diarrhœa: stools light green and yellow; w. Kali-jod.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, w., fecal, involuntary while urinating; followed by smarting and burning in anus, as in typhoid fever, with inclination to slide down in bed. Mur-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, w.; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, w., whitish-gray, fecal; yellowish and very offensive; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-as.

Diarrhœa; stools w. Sulph., Tart-em.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish, bilious, w.; only, or usually at night, sometimes unconsciously evacuated. Puls.

Diarrhœa; greenish, w. stool. Podo.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, w.; dark colored; containing hard lumps. Senecio.

Diarrhœa: stools w.; thin, red, mucous. Rhus-t.

Diarrhœa, preceded by colic; stools yellow, w., thin fecal, undigested. Sang.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent, brown, w. and slimy; profuse; offensive; thin, olive green; discharged rapidly with great force, or even involuntary. Sec.

Diarrhœa; white, w. stools. Phos.

Diarrhœa; stools w., with meal-like sediment. Podo.

Diarrhœa; w. stools spurting from anus. Seneg. (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Grat., Thuja.)

Diarrhœa: stools fetid, yellow and fecal; w., with vomiting and violent colic; bloody masses. Plumb.

Diarrhœa: stools frequent and pasty; thin, w., with lumps of coagulated milk; greenish, papescent, with blood; constant pressing and violent screaming (especially in children). Valer.

Diarrhœa: stools greenish, w., with flakes; brownish w.; blackish w.; bloody; frequent; profuse, w. Ver-a.

Diarrhœa: stools pale yellow, w.; forcibly expelled; copious; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja.

Diarrhœa (in children during dentition); profuse, w., light-colored, offensive, exhausting stools, with urine highly colored, and of a strong, pungent odor. Benz-ac.

Diarrhœa, with thick, dark-green mucous, or dark or black, w. or fluid stools, with burning in anus and rectum; great thirst, but drinks little; restlessness; fear of death; great prostration on moving. Ars.

Diarrhœa; stools bright yellow (Chelid.) or greenish, w. and slimy, with violent tenesmus. Æth. (Merc.)

Dysentery: infantile diarrhœa or cholera infantum; bloody mucus mixed with green, w. stools, sinking to bottom of vessel and adhering there. Magn-c.

Dark, w. stool. Nux-v.

Excessive acidity (making child smell sour); nausea and vomiting; this acidity extends from stomach to smaller intestines, producing acid diarrhœa, with excessive green, w. stools, and severe griping, colicky pains in umbilical region. Cham.

Exhausting, profuse, w. diarrhœa. Œnonth.

Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright yellow, w., streaming out with much gas, as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.

Frequent diarrhœa; stools w., with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and worse after food or drink. Ferr.

Frequent, green, w. stools. Eupat-perf.

Frequent w. stools expelled with great force. Ailanth.

Fetid, w. diarrhœa (of scrofulous children). Sulph.

Flatulent, w., urgent diarrhœa; great gurgling and colic pains about umbilicus, with much prostration. Croton-tig.

Green, w., very offensive mucus; stools being involuntary. Colch.

Green, w. diarrhœa (after indignation). Coloc.

Green, w. diarrhœa, like chopped spinach. Acon.

Greenish, slimy, w. stools. Coloc.

Involuntary diarrhœa; putrid, w., fetid, brown, profuse, with great exhaustion, with great aversion to heat or being covered. Sec.

Light-colored, fetid, w. or bloody burning stools, with tenesmus. Carbo-v.

Morning diarrhœa; brown and w., preceded by urging and pain in abdomen, awaking patient at four o'clock. Rumex.

Morning diarrhœa; stools w., green, undigested or slimy, with severe colic and prolapsus ani. Podo.

Mushy or copious w. stools. Polyp.

Nightly diarrhœa; changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets worse again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools w. or green mucus. Puls.

Offensive, w. diarrhœa (in child-bed). Sec.

Painless, w. diarrhœa. Croton-tig., Natr-m.

Profuse diarrhœa, w., with chills, and at same time, cold sweat rolls off of forehead. Vib-op.

Stools yellow, w., undigested. China.

Stools thin, w., offensive, with pains in bowels. Chin-ars.

Stool w., mixed with white flakes. Croton-tig.

Stools w.; yellow, green, frothy; frequent, gushing out with force. Grat.

Stool w., with little hard lumps, or containing undigested food. Ant-c.

Stools first w. and of mucus, then bilious, and lastly bloody. Coloc.

Stools w., light yellow, fecal; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.

Stools bilious; w.; mucous. Cact.

Stools papescent, foul smelling; w.; cadaverous odor. Bism. (Ars.)

Stool profuse, w., spouting. Kobalt.

Stools of mucus, or w., with great prostration. Nitr-ac.

Stools mushy or copious and w., and sometimes bloody. Ver-v.

Stools w., greenish, mixed with flakes; rice water; sudden, involuntary. Ver-a.

Stools small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright yellow (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; w.; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.

Slimy, w., greenish, bloody stools, with tenesmus. Arg-n.

Spasmodic contraction of sphincter ani, with burning and itching in anus, with w. diarrhœa. Coff.

Sudden, w., painless diarrhœa, without smell. Ferr.

Scanty, w. stool about midnight, with flatulent colic and noisy flatus during stool. Arg-n. (Jatr.)

Thin, w. diarrhœa, preceded by sharp, aching pains in bowels. Eucalyp.

Thin, w. stool, preceded and followed by rumbling and at times noise as of water gurgling from a bottle. Jatr. (Aloe, Croton-tig.)

Thin, w., acid stools that produce great excoriation. Sulph.

Thin, w., offensive diarrhœa; passing involuntary when urinating. Ailanth.

Violent gushing, w. diarrhœa; stools spurting out like a shot. Jatr. (Croton-tig., Elat., Gum-gut.)

Violent, sudden, hurried, urging, thin, yellowish, w., liquid stool forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

Violent w. diarrhœa. Cupr.

Violent cramps of feet, calves and thighs, with painless w. stools. Podo.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, w. diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great weakness after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Whitish, w. stools, worse in after part of day, often of sour odor. Calc-c.

Yellow, w. diarrhœa, with tearing and cutting before stool, after taking cold. Dulc. (Rhus-t.)

Yellow, w., greenish and painless stool, with dry lips, nausea and great faintness. Croton-tig.

Yellow, w. stool. Apis, Ars., Borax, Canth., China, Croton-tig., Dulc., Grat., Gum-gut., Hyos., Stront., Thuja.

Weak.—W. feeling in rectum in evening causing restlessness, preventing sleep. Sep.

Chronic diarrhœa, loose, papescent stools without pain, with great prostration and w. depressed feeling, and indisposed to any mental or physical exertion. Podo.

Ineffectual urging to stool; rectum feels to w. to expel it. Kali-c. (Hep-s.)

Obstinate constipation with w. feeling in stomach, sour eructations, and frontal headache. Hydr.

Profuse, deep-yellow, thin stool, followed by a very w., faint feeling. Dios.

Weakened.—Frequent excessive urging to stool, with sensation as if rectum were w. by long-continued diarrhœa. Coloc.

Weakness.—W. of rectum. Petr.

W. during evacuations. Borax, Ver-a.

W. after evacuation. Ars., Bov., Calc-c., Carbo-v., China, Coloc., Coni., Ipec., Lach., Mez., Nitr-ac., Petr., Podo., Sep., Thuja, Ver-a.

W. and prostration at stool. Aloe.

W. of sphincter ani, so that cleanliness was difficult. Aloe.

W. or loss of power (paralysis) of sphincter-ani, which is incompletely closed after a stool, so that keeping anus clean was difficult. Aloe.

After stool, burning in anus; trembling w. Carbo-v.

Burning after stool (Æsc.), with w. and trembling in limbs. Ars.

Before stool aching in abdomen; during stool, nausea, headache, painful pressure in rectum; after stool, sensation of soreness and w. in intestines; general lassitude. Sulph.

Constipation: after lead poisoning or while traveling; frequent urging, scanty stool, with sensation of great w. Plat.

Diarrhœa; frequent stools, with vomiting and w. Tart-em.

Diarrhœa from w. Asar., China, Nux-m., Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa with w. Ars., Bry., China, Coni., Kali-c., Merc., Phos., Rheum, Sec., Sep., Sulph.

Great w.; painless stools. China.

Itching and burning in anus (Sulph.); w. or loss of power of sphincter ani. Aloe.

Melancholy, sits for days weeping, with great w., and constipation. Ambr.

Stools black, copious and painful or bloody with tenesmus and w. Cupr.

Stool retarded; scanty, hard, evacuated with difficulty and almost dry; requiring great effort of abdominal muscles, and is followed by great w. in abdomen, with sharp stitches in rectum. Plat.

Stools like green spinach, with colic and cramps in limbs; great w. Ver-a.

Soft, light-yellow stool, of slimy mucus, with w. and exhaustion (in nursing infants with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.

Thin, yellow, or orange-colored stools, with extreme w. Apis.

Tremulous w. after every stool. Coni.

Very exhausting, copious, involuntary, wartery diarrhœa, expelled with great force; great w. after every stool, with cold sweat on forehead. Ver-a.

Weaning.—Thin, fetid stools of bright yellow (after w.) Arg-n.

Weariness.—Diarrhœa, with dullness, dizziness, w., nausea and bellyache. Kalm.

Weather.—Diarrhœa brought on by cold drinks in hot w. Bry.

Diarrhœa in hot w. Bry. (In cold w. Dulc.)

Diarrhœa worse every spell of hot w. Bry.

Diarrhœa with colic (in summer), with watery stool at night, if w. cools. Dulc.

Diarrhœa from change of w., from warm to cold. Dulc.

Diarrhœa, worse in wet w.; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa in warm w.; aggravated by acid fruits; worse at night and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.

Diarrhœa in damp w. Rhod. (Lach.)

Diarrhœa from warm w. Lach.

Dysentery as if caused by cold and damp w., and becoming worse as w. grows colder. Dulc.

Week.—Constipation, not more than one stool occurring in a w. Opi.

Weeks.—Diarrhœa every three w. Magn-c.

Costiveness for w., nothing but small, hard balls being passed. Opi.

Weeping.—Melancholy, sits for days w., with great weakness and constipation. Ambr.

Weight.—W. in perinæum and feeling as if a plug were wedged between symphysis pubis and coccyx. Aloe, Caust., Hep-s., Thuja.

W. in anus after evacuations. Aloe.

Constipation; stools hard, difficult, dry, knotty, with sense of w. in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep.

Fullness and w. in pelvis before evacuations. Aloe.

Hæmorrhoids, either blind or bleeding (Æsc.); sense of w. in rectum; intense irritation, itching, feeling as if sticks or sand or gravel had lodged there. Collins.

Sensation of great w. and urging to evacuate a great quantity, but nothing passes. Cact.

Sensation of w. or ball in anus, not relieved by stool. Sep. (The uterus is found to be prolapsed, and pressing down upon rectum causes the sensation.—W. D. G.)

Stool covered with mucus, and sometimes impossible to evacuate, even with the most terrible straining, with much burning at anus and in rectum, and sense of great w. in anus. Sep.

Urging violent, quickly passing, frequent, with sensation of fullness and w. in pelvis and sacrum. Aloe.

Wet.—Diarrhœa: worse in w. weather; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.

Diarrhœa from getting w. Acon.

Whey-like.—Profuse diarrhœa; squirting out, with much wind passing or flocculent, w. fluid. Cupr.

White.—White stools. Acon., Colch., Cop., Dig., Dolich., Hep-s., Ign., Puls., Rhus-t., Sulph. (Bell., Podo.)

W. flocculent stool. Ipec., Squilla.

W. mucous stool. Bell., Canth., Caust., Cham., Cina, Cocc., Coloc., Dulc., Elat., Graph., Hell., Iod., Ipec., Phos., Phos-ac., Podo., Sulph.

W. grains or particles in stool. Cub., Phos.

W. masses, like tallow, in stool. Magn-c.

W. stool, like chyle or milk. Bell.

W., pasty, fetid stools. Still.

W. gelatinous stool, like frog spawn, with much pressure. Hell.

W. gelatinous stools, with tenesmus. Hell.

W. mucus before and during stool. Kali-c.

W. or green mucous stools. Dulc.

W., tough mucus with stool, like scrapings from intestines, with streaks of blood. Canth. (Nitr-ac.)

Anæmia after summer complaint; feeble; pallid, w. skin. Carbo-v.

Before stool: sudden and violent urging; colic; pinching deep in abdomen; rumbling; anxiety, distressed feeling; w. mucous discharge. Kali-c.

Bowels relaxed after colic; stools first w., then putty-like. Cham.

Blood with stool; w. or bloody mucus after stool. Asar.

Constipation with excessive flatulence; stools w. and lumpy. Ant-c.

Cholera infantum; watery, sour, green, frothy stools; w. lumps like pieces of tallow. Magn-c.

Cholera infantum, diarrhœa and vomiting; stools watery or papescent, dark brown, putrid, containing undigested food; grayish or w., chopped very fetid; frequent, greenish, watery; cadaverous smelling, great prostration. Kreas.

Diarrhœa from cold; stool green or w. mucus. Dulc.

Diarrhœa of dentition, with rolling of head from side to side (Podo.), extreme prostration, coma, hot, tympanitic abdomen and cold extremities; w. flakes or shreds in stool. Colch.

Diarrhœa of w. mucus appearing like small pieces of pop-corn. Cina.

Diarrhœa; stools containing lumps of w. mucus, or little grains, like opaque frog spawn or sago, or like pieces of tallow. Phos.

Diarrhœa; w. watery stools. Phos.
Diarrhœa; stools w., slimy, mucous. Podo.
Diarrhœa; w. and yellow streaked stools. Rhus-t.
Diarrhœic stools; w. and fetid; child has a sour smell. **Hep-s.**
Dysentery (in autumn); w., mucous, or bloody stool. Colch.
Perfectly w., chalk-like stools. Calc-c.
Pipe-stem stool; very thin, like a round worm, dark colored, half digested, of an intolerable odor; much w. mucus with stools. Graph.
Rectum closes firmly after discharge of small w. stool. Cimex.
Stools of chopped w. and yellow mucus. Cham.
Stool of slimy, bloody, w., or blood-streaked mucus. Canth. (Merc-cor.)
Stools soft, very w. Caul.
Stool watery, mixed with w. flakes. Croton-tig.
Stools contain large quantities of small, w., shreddy particles. Colch.
Stools: involuntary, w.; discharge of lumbrici and ascarides. Cina.
Stools: greenish-yellow, slimy, very changeable; like bile, following rumbling in abdomen; offensive, corrosive; of w. and bloody mucus. Puls.
Stool w. and resembling curds. Still.
Stool containing w. points or flakes, like pus, offensive odor. Calc-ph.
Stools: first part hard, black, last about natural consistency, but w. as milk. Æsc.
Stools w., dry, irregular; hard lumps of curd. Ant-c.
Stools of mixed or changeable green and w. mucus. Cham.
Stools green and frothy, like scum of a frog pond, or with w., floating lumps like tallow. Magn-c.
Small w., shining grains in brown feces. Mez.
Violent diarrhœa: stools w. as clay; chalky; ash-colored; whitish or ash-gray, fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish, filled with mucus. Dig.
Varices protrude during micturition; blood, then w. mucus escapes. Kali-c.
Watery, w. stool, like chopped herbs, with red urine. Acon.

White colored.—W. stools. Acon.

Whitish.—W., watery stools, worse in after part of day, often of sour odor. Calc-c.
W. or brownish color of stools. Sep.
Diarrhœa: stools yellowish, greenish, watery; w. watery; with flocculi. Dulc.
Diarrhœa: stools blackish, watery; foamy, brownish; frothy; bloody; w. mucus. Iod.
Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, w. gray, fecal; yellowish, and very offensive; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools light yellow, fecal, thin or papescent; undigested; w., sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.

Diarrhœa: stools brown fluid; with w. yellow and cheesy masses. Phos.

Diarrhœa: stools scanty; corrosive; excoriating anus; green or green mucus (Arg-n., Bell., Ipec., Sulph.); bloody; mucous and bloody; slimy; brownish; w. gray; acrid and burning; fecal matter. Merc.

Diarrhœa; stools gray, or w. gray. Phos.

Jaundice; stool w., pasty or clay colored. Rheum.

Persistent diarrhœa; stools w., pasty, and causing excessive burning in anus. Opi.

Stools soft, thin, fecal, slimy, w. yellow. Cocc.

Violent diarrhœa: stools white as clay; chalky; ash colored; w. or ash-gray, fecal, with jaundice; or yellowish filled with mucus. Dig.

Wind (see Air, Flatus, Gas).—Diarrhœa in morning after rising, with violent pinching; after meals; with much rumbling; crampy colic, and passing w. Agar.

Diarrhœa: stools mush-like, yellowish, with rumbling and passing of w. Berb.

Diarrhœa, at same time prover passes large quantities of w. (flatus). Agar. (Aloe.)

Diarrhœa, with much w. (in young infants, during first dentition, which is retarded). Calc-ph.

Diarrhœa: painless with rumbling of w.; worse at night and from fright, with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.

Diarrhœa, with much w., worse morning and evening; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and burning in anus. Mur-ac.

Copious fecal stools, with great discharge of w. Coloc. (Aloe.)

Emission of large quantity of w., with odor of garlic, with smarting pain in rectum. Agar.

Great accumulation of w.; flatus has odor of urine remaining long on clothes. Agn.

Involuntary stool on passing w. Aloe. (Phos-ac., Sulph.)

Involuntary, thin stool on passing w. Ver-a.

Involuntary stool when passing w. Acon., Aloe, Caust, Ferr-mag., Jatr., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Oleand., Phos-ac., Podo., Staph., Sulph., Ver-a.

Ineffectual urging, only w. passes, with pressure in rectum. Carbo-v.

Only w. from an attempt to stool. Aloe.

Profuse diarrhœa; squirting out, with much w. passing, or flocculent, whey-like fluid. Cupr.

Painful, green stools, with violent cutting pains and tenesmus (Merc.); profuse; squirting out; much w. passing. Cupr.

Stool with much w., colic and backache. Sars.

Stools poured from him with a gush, as if forced by **w.**; very offensive and fermented exactly like yeast. Ipec.

Strong desire to evacuate, voiding w. only. Magn-c. (Ferr., Sang.)

Thin, pasty stool of a bilious appearance passed involuntarily, with sensation as if w. would pass. Sulph.

Wiping.—Hæmorrhoids sore on w., after stool. Aloe.

Stitching, smarting, sore pain in anus on w. it. Graph.

Without.—Cholera Asiatica; great sinking and collapse, sometimes w. stool. Camph. (Ars., Cupr., Ver-a.)

Frequent urging to stool, w. result, or with a very scanty and hard evacuation. Bell.

Great and urgent desire for stool, but with effort desire passes away w. an evacuation; rectum seems powerless, with a sensation as if plugged up. Anac. (Aloe.)

Women.—Constipation (of pregnant w. and of children). Alu. (Selen., Sil.)

Constipation of w. during pregnancy. Coloc., Dolich., Lyc., Nux-v., Sep. (Alu., Hydr.)

Constipation (of corpulent, good-humored w. and children). Opi.

Chronic diarrhœa, with many small passages of blood and mucus (in w. at climacteric). Apis.

Diarrhœa (of lying-in w.; of children). Rheum.

Diarrhœa (in pregnant w.). Dulc., Hyos., Lyc., Nux-m., Petr., Phos., Sep., Sulph.

Diarrhœa (in lying-in w.). Rheum. (Ant-c., Dulc., Hyos.)

Flatulent colic (in children and hysterical w.). Kali-brom.

Watery, painless diarrhœa (of lying-in w.). Hyos.

Worm.—Formication, as from a large w. Cinnab.

Lumbrici; tænia; w. fever. Sabad.

Pipe-stem stool: very thin, like a round w., dark colored, half digested, of an intolerable odor; much white mucus with stool. Graph.

Worm complaints.—W. Cic-v., Cina, Ferr., Nux-m., Sabad., Sil., Spig.

W. (in scrofulous individuals). Sil.

Worms.—W. Eucalyp. (Removes condition of mucous membrane which favors production of w.)

After stool: tingling in rectum, as from w. China.

Burning and tingling at anus, after stool, with sensation as if w. were crawling about, sometimes with spasms. Tereb.

Crawling in rectum, like from w. Calc-c.

Crawling and biting in rectum, as from w. Sulph.

Crawling in anus, as from w. Zinc. (Sep., Spig.)

Diarrhœa: stools thin, mushy; of mucus, with tenesmus; w. Spig.

Itching of rectum, as from w. Bov.

Itching at anus from seat w. Ign.

Itching and crawling in rectum, as from thread w. Ign.
Intense itching of anus, as from w. Urtica.
Round w. Cupr.

Worse.—Aching and pressure in rectum; w. nights, with bleeding piles. Lyc.
Ascarides, with creeping and itching and nightly restlessness, w. from warmth of bed. Teucr.
Blind, painful hæmorrhoids internally during and after black stool; w. from cold or warm water. Brom.
Black, fecal stools, w. after oysters. Brom.
Chronic diarrhœa; w. during day. Petr.
Cholera infantum: stools watery, gushing, profuse, green, with sudden urging; often painless; offensive, w. in hot weather. Podo.
Cholera morbus, w. at night, cold sweat on forehead; vomiting and purging at same time (after fruits). Ver-a.
Diarrhœa w. every spell of hot weather. Bry.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, yellow; like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœas of children), w. at night. Nux-m.
Diarrhœa: stools brownish, loose, painless, with debility; frothy, with fermentation in bowels; after sour beer; cadaverous smelling, chocolate colored, w. at night. China.
Diarrhœa: w. during day; after eating; and after drinking cold water. Hep-s.
Diarrhœa w. morning; bad sleep before midnight. Ferr.
Diarrhœa w. after midnight, also in morning after rising. Ars.
Diarrhœa: painless, with rumbling of wind; w. at night and from fright, with great timidity, with smarting in rectum. Ign.
Diarrhœa in warm weather; aggravated by acid fruits; w. at night and after sleep; burning in anus during and after stool. Lach.
Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; yellowish; or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; w. at night; after milk. Kali-c.
Diarrhœa: stools soft, brown, sour, fermented; contains glistening objects; undigested; w. in evening; also from suppressed eruption. Mez.
Diarrhœa, with much wind, w. morning and evening; with intolerable itching of anus, not relieved by scratching; smarting and burning in anus. Mur-ac.
Diarrhœa, w. in wet weather; in morning; after vegetables and farinaceous food; also in cold evening air. Natr-s.
Diarrhœa: stools jelly-like mucus, with colic and tenesmus; of green mucus; sour smelling; debilitating; exhausting; w. after drinking milk. Sep.
Fissure in anus; pains w. when walking. Caust.
Frequent ineffectual urging to stool, w. on motion and when walking. Rheum.

Frequent diarrhœa: stools watery, with or without tenesmus, and preceded or not by pain, but always with much flatulence, and w. after food or drink. Ferr.

Greenish, frothy stool, w. night. Caps.

Green, brown, bloody stools, w. after midnight. Arg-n.

Hæmorrhoids w. when rheumatism abated, with frequent inclination to stool, with passage of blood. Abrot.

Hæmorrhoids, w. sitting. Thuja. (Æsc.)

Hæmorrhoids w. in evening, better after rest. Alu.

Itching at anus, w. after sleep. Lach.

Infantile diarrhœa, stools frequent, every few minutes, excoriating parts around anus, causing child to cry and scream at every stool; w. at night. Merc-cor.

Nightly diarrhœa: changeable, no two stools alike; for a time child seemed better, then it gets w. again without any appreciable cause; always seems better in open air; stools watery or green mucus. Puls.

Piles burn and sting, w. during walking. Carbo-an.

Painless, putrid, sour-smelling diarrhœa, w. evenings. Calc-c.

Painless, debilitating diarrhœa, w. mornings. Phos.

Prolapsus ani, w. sitting. Therid.

Straining for stool all day, nausea, disagreeable taste; w. drinking cold water. Ferr.

Stitch from anus through to small of back into left groin, w. on inspiring. Croc.

Sore feeling in anus; w. outside; with stitching, burning and throbbing. Calc-ph.

Small or pipe-stem shaped stool; varices large, painful, hindering; w. on thinking of them. Caust. (Ox-ac.) (Reverse, Camph.)

Stools of greenish-yellow mucus; w. morning. Apis.

Stools: greenish, muddy, spouting out like water; w. as soon as moves; from meat or vegetables. Lept.

Tabes mesenterica: purging, with cold extremities: w. after midnight; burning stool, with violent colic. Ars.

Thin, greenish, yellow, hot stools; squirting out (Croton-tig., Gumgut.); w. after midnight until noon. Cist.

Urgent desire for stool while walking, w. when standing. Kobalt.

Whitish, watery stools, w. in after part of day, often of sour odor. Calc-c.

Watery diarrhœa, w. at night, with great debility. Iris.

Watery diarrhœa in morning; grains like tallow in rice-water evacuations, always w. in warm weather. Phos.

Wound.—Burning in anus as from salt in a w., after slimy diarrhœa. Prun-s.

Writhing.—Intolerable w. in anus. Croc.

Before stool, cutting colic, w. pains about umbilicus. Caps.

Just before and during stool, severe pain in sacral region and bowels, of a w., drawing character; pains radiate upward and downward, until whole body and extremities become involved in spasms. Dios.

Year.—Diarrhœa every y. (in early part of summer). Kali-bi.
Periodical dysentery every y. Kali-bi.

Yeast.—Brown fermented stools (like y.). Arn.
Diarrhœa resembling brown y. Arn.
Stools poured from him with a gush, as if forced by wind; very offensive, and fermented exactly like y. Ipec.

Yellow.—Y. stool. Ars., Ign.
Y., watery, greenish, and painless stools, with dry lips, nausea and great faintness. Croton tig.
Y. liquid stool. Æth., Calc-c., Croton-tig., Iris, Natr-s., Nux-m., Raph., Rhus-t.
Y. streaked stool. Rhus-t.
Y. fluid stools. Rhus-t.
Y., watery diarrhœa, with tearing and cutting before stool, after taking cold. Dulc. (Rhus-t)
Y. watery stool. Apis, Ars., Borax, Canth., China, Croton-tig., Dulc., Grat., Gum gut., Hyos., Stront., Thuja.
Y. and green diarrhœic stools, mixed with mucus, preceded by excessive cutting around umbilicus. Gum-gut. (Aloe.)
Bright y. stools, preceded by cutting and rumbling in abdomen. Brom.
Cholera infantum, with y., stinking stools; anus excoriated. Ant-c.
Cholera infantum (in teething children), excessive nausea and frequent stools of green or y. water. Croton-tig.
Cholera infantum; stool as if chopped; saffron y., stringy, and slimy, or frothy (in children during dentition). Sulph-ac.
Diarrhœa: stools brown or y. brown, fluid; undigested; green liquid; mixed with mucus and blood; frothy, copious and passing out with much force. Raph.
Diarrhœa: stools bright y. (Chelid.) or greenish, watery and slimy, with violent tenesmus. Æth. (Merc.)
Diarrhœa: stools y. watery; sudden expulsion, coming out like a shot. Croton-tig.
Diarrhœa: painless (Ars., Podo.); debilitating (Phos.); from eating fruit (Cist.); undigested food (Ant-c., Calc-c., Podo.); blackish (Ars., Lept.); y. (Chelid.); involuntary. China.
Diarrhœa: stools fetid, y. and fecal; watery, with vomiting and violent colic; bloody masses. Plumb.
Diarrhœa: discharges of mucus and blood; or thin, y. matter, or watery, accompanied by violent tenesmus and sharp, cutting pains in bowels. Collins.
Diarrhœa only through day, thin, y., without pain. Cocc.

Diarrhœa: stools brown fluid, with whitish y. and cheesy masses. Phos.
Diarrhœa: stools dark y. mucus, very offensive, like carrion. Podo.
Diarrhœa: stools pale y., watery; forcibly expelled; copious; gurgling like water from a bunghole. Thuja.
Diarrhœa: stool like chopped eggs, of y. mucus, sometimes frothy. Sulph-ac.
Diarrhœa: preceded by colic; stools y., watery, thin, fecal, undigested. Sang.
Diarrhœa; white and y. streaked stools. Rhus-t.
Diarrhœa: stools frothy, painless and odorless (y. fluid). Rhus-t.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, y. fluid. Natr-s.
Diarrhœa consisting only of y. greenish stool followed by burning in anus. Grat.
Diarrhœa; stool liquid, soft, y. Oleand.
Diarrhœa: stools thin, y., like beaten or stirred eggs; great drowsiness; torpor; lethargy; languor (in exhausting diarrhœa of children), worse at night. Nux-m.
Diarrhœa: stools light green and y.; watery. Kali-jod.
Diarrhœa: stools light y., offensive; from fruit; after chocolate. Lith-c.
Diarrhœa: stools light y., fecal, thin or papescent; undigested; whitish, sour smelling; painless. Hep-s.
Dysenteric stools of clear y., red or green slime; pain in back, with straining. Puls.
Extraordinary diarrhœa, bright y., watery, streaming out with much gas as if a cork were pulled out of a full jug, with excessive exhaustion. Thuja.
Frequent soft stool of y. mucus, or mixed with blood, preceded by colic or pain in back. Puls.
Light y. stools of slimy mucus. Brom.
Liquid, y., fecal stools, with twisting pains in abdomen. Bov.
Mucous piles, pricking, burning; continuous discharge of mucus, staining y.; sometimes ichor oozes out. Ant-c.
Morning diarrhœa; very profuse, thin, y., dark and fetid stools. Dios.
Offensive, y., undigested stool mixed with mucus, early in morning, and again about middle of forenoon a burning, acrid stool, with tenesmus and bearing down. Podo.
Painless y. diarrhœa. Can-ind.
Protruding piles, aching, itching and sore; oozing of a y. fluid. Calc-ph.
Profuse, deep y., thin stool, followed by a very weak, faint feeling. Dios.
Pasty, soft, bright y. but scanty stool. **Lach.**
Reddish y. liquid stool. Lyc.
Stools of thin y. mucus. Rhus-t.
Stool of scanty, y., stringy mucus. **Asar.**

Stools of chopped, white and y. mucus. Cham.
Stools: small, dysenteric, brownish, slimy, half fluid; bright y. (Chelid.); pappy; lumpy; watery; lumps of jelly-like mucus. Aloe.
Stool: y. and copious during day, hard and black at night. Merc-jod.
Stool: profuse, thin, or pasty, bright y. Chelid.
Stools: y., watery; undigested. China.
Stools: soft y.; soft, afterwards of thin, red blood. Calad.
Stool of y., fecal matter, mucus and blood, with tenesmus, then cutting in hypogasrium. Collins.
Stools coated with shreds of y. mucus. Podo.
Stool of y. mucus. Agar., Apis, Asar., Bell., **Borax**, Brom., Cham., China, Cub., Magn-c., Nicc., Podo., Puls., Rhus-t., Sulph-ac.
Stools: soft, thin, fecal, slimy, whitish y. Cocc.
Stools y.; fecal; bilious; cream colored; clay colored; green. Gels.
Stools: watery; y., green, frothy; frequent, gushing out with force. Grat.
Stools light y., mushy, clay colored (in jaundice). Myrica.
Stools covered with filamentous, y. mucus, last part bloody. **Carbo-v.**
Stools: thin, y., fecal; offensive; dark-green mucus. Gum-gut.
Stools: watery, light y., fecal; dark, chocolate colored, cadaverous smelling; mixed blood and slime. Lach.
Stool: odorless, brownish y., mixed with some mucus. Cycl.
Soft, light y. stool, of slimy mucus, with weakness and exhaustion (in nursing infants with aphthous sore mouth). Borax.
Sudden papescent, **y., green** or grayish **slimy stools, with** tenesmus. Tabac.
Slimy stools, with bright y. flakes. Colch.
Thin, y., fecal and slimy stools. Agar.
Thin, fetid stools of bright y. (after weaning). **Arg-n.**
Thin y., or orange-colored stools, with extreme weakness. Apis.
Thin, greenish, y., hot stools; squirting out (Croton-tig., Gum-gut); worse after midnight until noon. Cist.
Thin, frothy stools, saffron **y.**, of musty odor like brown paper burning. Coloc.
Very loose, bright y. stools, with **a quantity of mucus**, preceded by considerable griping. Fluor-ac.
Watery, y. diarrhœa, with griping. Apis.
Watery, y., painless stools in bed without consciousness **of it. Hyos.** (Phos-ac.)

Yellowish.—Y. green stool. Apis, Croton-tig., **Grat.**
Y. gray stool. Cist.
Y. gray, or clay-colored, fecal stools. Calc-c.
Copious, soft, y. stools, attended with some griping. **Asclep.**
Constipation: stools tenacious, crumbling, with much straining; undigested, black (pitch-like), y. Merc.

Cholera infantum: stools y., greenish, slimy; accompanied by collapse, coldness, fainting, cold perspiration, deathly nausea without vomiting, or vomiting of water on moving. Tabac.

Diarrhœa; stools mush-like, y., with rumbling and passing of wind. Berb.

Diarrhœa; stool soft, pasty; y. white; partly solid, partly liquid, with much thin mucus and streaks of blood; very offensive. Sulph-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools y. green or greenish, slimy; cholera-like. Tabac.

Diarrhœa: stools y, greenish, watery; whitish watery; with flocculi. Dulc.

Diarrhœa: stool thin, watery, whitish-gray, fecal; y. and very offensive; pasty; not debilitating or painful, though of long continuance. Phos-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools mucus; green curdled and mixed with mucus; undigested; y. white, fluid; putrid; fetid; acrid. Nitr-ac.

Diarrhœa: stools y., watery; bloody mucus; after sour krout; after cabbage; after riding in a carriage; during pregnancy. Petr.

Diarrhœa: stools light gray, fecal; y., or brownish; profuse; involuntary, when passing flatus; worse at night; after milk. Kali-c.

Diarrhœa, consisting of y., green, frothy water, forcibly evacuated (Croton-tig., Gum-gut., Jatr., Natr-c.); associated with coldness in abdomen, with burning in anus. Grat. (Iris.)

Difficult stool, with much backache and urging, or frequent desire for stool, with insufficient evacuation or no feces, but instead y. mucus, sometimes mixed with blood. Puls.

Extremely fetid, pappy, y. green stools. Sulph.

In summer diarrhœa of infants this remedy (Erig.) is as nearly specific as any remedy known to me, but it is more particularly indicated in those cases where discharges are slightly bloody, greenish or y. green; tenesmus during stool and stools are excoriating.—Wilson A. Smith, M.D., Morgan Park, Ill.

Infantile diarrhœa, where there is brownish or dirty y. stool, gushing out at one effort. Gum-gut.

Stool very thin, like y. water, forcibly evacuated. Croton-tig. (Jatr., Thuja, Seneg.)

Stools like washings of meat; y. brown, bloody, cadaverous smelling and involuntary at night. Rhus-t.

Stools: profuse, diarrhœic, dysenteric, fermented, thin, like water, pasty, y., clayey. Euphorb. (Bell., Hep-s.)

Stools during day copious, soft, dark, or light y. brown; at night scanty, hard and black. Merc-jod.

Stools y. and very offensive; child very listless, wants nothing and cares for nothing. Phos-ac.

Violent, sudden, hurried urging, thin, y., watery, liquid stool, forcibly spurting out with a gush. Natr-c. (Croton-tig., Grat., Gum-gut., Natr-s., Phos., Thuja.)

URINE AND URINARY ORGANS.

Abdomen (see section on Abdomen).—Ascites, with bruised feeling in a.; sinking feeling at pit of stomach, and scanty urine. **Apoc.**
Constant desire to urinate felt deep in a. Dulc.
Cutting in a. before micturition. Sulph.
Desire to urinate, with pain in a. Lach., Puls.
Desire to urinate, with burning in a. Lach.
Feeling as if a ball were rolling in bladder or abdomen when turning. Lach.
Flow of urine, with pain in a. Acon., Ver-a.
Has to press upon a. with hands in order to empty bladder. Magn-m.
Hæmaturia, with nausea and cutting pains in a. and urethra (from suppressiou of itch). Ipec.
Pain in kidneys extending into a., axilla, and along ureters into bladder. Canth.
Spasmodic contraction of a. after micturition. Natr-m.

Abdominal.—Urine can only be passed by bearing down with a. muscles. Magn-m.

Abundant.—Desire to urinate; urine more a. during stool. Am-m., Ox-ac.
Urine frequent and a., and of a dark color. Agn.

Abscess.—Suppuration or a. of kidneys, urine loaded with pus and mucus. Sil.

Aching.—A. in kidneys, keeping him awake at night. Can-ind.
A. in bladder. Fluor-ac.
Burning, a., or sharp stitches in kidneys. Can-ind.
Continuous a. pain in region of bladder. Berb.
Constant a., extreme tenderness of kidneys, especially right. Helon.
Constant a. and tenderness over kidneys, which seem very active. Helon.
Dull a. in kidneys with copious urine. Natr-ars.
Dull a. pain in region of kidneys, or violent burning, cutting pains from kidney to urethra. Canth.
Inflammation of bladder, with pressure and a. Populus.
Soreness and pain in bladder; deep a.; uneasiness; catarrh. **Eupat-purp.**
Urine retained, with a. and pressing in bladder. **Arn.**

Acid (see Sour).—A. urine. Phyt.
A. urine, corroding labia. Laur.
A. urine burns and excoriates. Arn.
Burning in urethra, as from a. Ox-ac.
Constant desire to urinate, with great debility and a. stomach. **Lith-c.**
Urine dark red; deposits red crystals of uric a. Arg-n.

Urine a.; straw colored; after standing, turbid and a reddish sediment adheres to vessel. Cupr.

Acrid.—Urine a. Iod.

A., fetid urine. Asaf., Borax, Calc-c.

A., excoriating urine. Hep-s., Merc., Paris. (Borax, Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Caust., Clem., Graph., Iod., Kali-c., Kreas., Laur., Natr-m., Prun-s., Rhus-t., Tart-em., Tellur., Thuja, Ver-a.)

Urine scanty, dark, a. Lith-c.

Urine a., bloody, corroding prepuce. Hep-s.

Active.—Constant aching and tenderness over kidneys, which seem very a. Helon.

Adheres.—Brick-dust sediment in urine a. to vessel. Natr-m. (Arn., China, Lyc., Phos.)

Fetid urine deposting a clay-colored sediment, which a. to chamber with great tenacity. Sep.

Red sediment a. to sides of vessel. Daph.

Urine turbid and bloody; offensive; it deposits a red, slimy sand, which a. to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)

Urine deposits a reddish, clay-colored sediment, which a. to bottom and sides of vessel as if it had been burnt on. Sep.

Sediment in urine which a. to vessel. Daph. (Coloc.)

Urine deposits a red, sandy sediment which a. to vessel. Nuph.

Urine deposits a fine white sediment which a. to glass. Canth.

Adhering.—Light flesh-colored urine, depositing a light-brown, flocky, translucent sediment, with hard, solid, reddish crystals, a. to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Sediment reddish, bloody or mucous, jelly-like, a. to vessel. Puls.

Urine has a peculiar red or pinkish sediment or color, not so much in urine as separating from it and a. to vessel. Apis.

Urine turbid, and deposits a whitish sediment a. to vessel. Brom.

Urine turbid, clay colored, with reddish sediment; a. to vessel; very offensive. Sep.

Afraid.—Children a. to urinate, are frantic when desire comes on. Borax.

After.—A. micturition sensation as if a drop remained. Kali-bi.

A. micturition sensation as if drop remained in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.

A. micturition discharge of prostatic fluid. Daph.

A. micturition pressure, with sensation as if urine were retained by contraction of sphincter; with same sensation at anus. Sulph.

A. urinating, urging as if bladder were not emptied, with dribbling. Staph.

A. micturition, sensation as if a few drops were running through urethra. Thuja.

A. urination, spasmodic pain in neck of bladder, extending to thighs. Puls.

Burning in urethra a. urination. Led.
Burning in meatus during and a. micturition. Puls.
Burning in urethra during and a. micturition. Grat., Kali-c., Staph., Tart-em.
Burning and smarting in urethra a. micturition. Lil-tig.
Burning in urethra a. micturition. Uran-n.
Burning, cutting pain in female urethra during and a. urinating. Berb.
Burning in back part of urethra a. micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.
Burning in glands of urethra during and a. urination. Kali-bi.
Burning during and a. urination. Coni.
Burning during and a. micturition, at times amounting to a stabbing pain. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)
Burning, biting and smarting a. urinating. Caps.
Burning at meatus before, during and a. urination. Caps. (Canth.)
Burning during and a. micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drops remained. Arg-n.
Burning and scalding, or stinging pain in urethra before, during and a. urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)
Burning before, during and a. micturition, sending a thrill to cheeks and hands. Can-ind.
Burning and cutting during micturition; straining in urethra a. Mur-ac.
Burning in whole length of urethra a. urinating. Iris.
Burning during micturition, but more immediately a. Can-sat.
Burning pain in glandular portion of urethra during micturition, and for a long time a. Kali-bi.
Burning pain in prepuce a. micturition. Merc., Natr-c., Thuja. (Berb., Can-sat., Canth., Clem., Coloc., Coni., Grat., Kali-c., Kali-bi., Led., Magn-m., Natr-m., Natr-s., Seneg., Teucr., Zinc.)
Before micturition, on rising to urinate, pressing at heart; relieved a. urination. Lith-c.
Biting pain in prepuce a. micturition. Borax, Chin-s., Cop.
Constant urging a. micturition. Stann.
Constant dribbling of urine a. micturition. Petr.
Continuous urging even a. urinating, with profuse fetid urine. Guaj.
Cutting pain in prepuce a. micturition. Berb., Canth., Dig., Natr-m.
Cutting and burning in urethra a. urination. Natr-m. (Canth.)
Cutting and burning in urethra, worse a. urinating. Berb. (While urinating. Canth.)
Cutting a. micturition, with constriction. Cub.
Cutting in urethra at end of and a. micturition. Sulph.
Drawing and sticking in navicular fossa, followed by cutting and biting a. micturition. Petros.
Dragging and urging in morning a. urinating. Sulph.
Discharge of blood a. micturition. Hep-s., Zinc.

Desire continues a. micturition. Bov., Cact., Calc-c., Coni., Guaj. Laur., Ruta.
Discharge of mucus a. micturition. Murex, Phos-ac.
Discharge of a thin, gelatinous fluid a. micturition. Natr-m.
Discharge of viscid, purulent mucus from bladder a. micturition. Nux-v.
Discharge of a few drops of blood a. micturition. Mez.
Discharge of a few drops a. urinating. Kali-c.
Discharge of mucus from urethra during and a. urination. Natr-m. (Merc-cor.)
Discharge of mucus a. urinating, causing itching and burning. Natr-m.
Dribbling of blood a. micturition. Thuja.
Dribbling of urine a. micturition. Clem., Coni., Thuja.
Dribbling of urine a. stool or urination. Selen. (Petr.)
Frequent desire to urinate, even a. urinating. Bov.
Frequent desire to urinate, which is scanty, with tenesmus of bladder a. Mur-ac.
Frequent micturition, with burning a. Kali-bi.
Feeling as if more remained a. micturition. Kali-bi.
Feeling of fullness continuing a. each urination. Dig.
Feeling as if something remained behind a. urinating. Gels.
Great distinctness of sight a. micturition. Eugen.
Hæmaturia: urging a., and shuddering along spine during micturition; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.
Itching, biting and burning in urethra, before and a. micturition. Copaiba.
Itching in prepuce a. micturition. Mez.
Itching in urethra a. micturition. Clem., Cop., Lyc., Nux-v.
Immediately a. urinating, burning in urethra, in morning. Coni.
Intolerable burning in urethra during and a. urination. Fluor-ac. (Canth.)
Ineffectual efforts at micturition, a. passing a few drops; pain in bladder and (a. much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.
Involuntary dribbling a. micturition and stool. Caust., Petr., Selen., Stram.
Jerking, and cutting in urethra a. urinating. Lyc.
Lacerating and drawing in urethra a. urinating, early in morning. Carbo-v.
Loathing and inclination to vomit a. micturition. Cast.
Nausea a. micturition. Cast., Dig.
On rising to urinate, a pressure in region of heart, which did not cease until a. urinating. Lith-c.
Pain in os coccygis a. micturition. Kali-bi.
Pain, extending into spermatic cord (Clem., Puls., Spong.) a. urinating. Lith-c.

Pain in bladder before and a. micturition. Lith-c.
Pain in meatus as if sore, a. urinating. Borax.
Pain at meatus during and a. micturition. Can-ind.
Pain in prepuce a. micturition. Bov.
Pain in glands a. micturition. Anac.
Pain in spermatic cord a. micturition. Lith-c.
Pressing pain in bladder a micturition. Asar., Berb., **Canth.**, **China**, Lith-c., Natr-m., Ruta.
Pressure in bladder as if too full a. micturition. Dig.
Pieces of filaments and whitish membrane passed a. urinating. Merc.
Residuary urination a. micturition. Hep-s., Lach., Selen. (Bry., Clem., Kali-c., Lyc., Natr-c., Petr., Sil., Thuja.)
Smarting in urethra during and a. micturition. Ptel.
Smarting and burning in urethra during and a. urination. **Nitr-ac.**
Spasm in bladder a. micturition. Asaf. (Puls.)
Spasms of bladder during and a. urination. Asaf.
Spasmodic contraction of abdomen a. micturition. **Natr-m.**
Sensation of fullness in bladder a. urinating. Calc-c., Coni., Ruta.
Sensation of fullness in bladder a. micturition, with feeling on every step as if it moved up and down. Ruta.
Spurting of urine a. micturition. Helon.
Stinging in prepuce a. micturition. Berb., Coni., Kali-bi., **Merc.**
Stitches in urethra a. micturition. Kali-bi.
Shuddering a. micturition. Eugen., Plat.
Tenesmus of bladder during and a. micturition. Lith-c. (Canth.)
Tenesmus of bladder before and a. profuse emission of white urine. Ang.
Tenesmus a. micturition. Ang., Squilla.
Unbearable pain a. micturition (in women). Sars.
Urine pale yellow, burning in urethra a. micturition. **Magn-m.**
Urine dribbles out a. stream ceases. Can-ind.
Urine turbid, clay colored soon a. passing. Cham.
Urging a. micturition. Can-ind.
Urging, with dribbling a. micturition. Graph.
Violent, burning, cutting pains in urethra, before, during and a. micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)
Weakness a. micturition. Nux-v.

Afternoon.—Cramp-like pains in region of bladder in a. with frequent urging to urinate. Chelid.
Desire to urinate in a. Bell.
Frequent urging to urinate; worse at night or in a. Aloe.
Tenesmus; amelioration on walking in a. Lith-c.
Urine copious in a. Al-cep.

Agglutinated.—Meatus a. with mucus. Petros.

Aggravated (see Worse).—Pain in urethra excited or a. by movement. Berb.

Agony.—Cystitis; acute inflammation, with a. at thought of urinating. Acon.

Air (see Wind, Gas, Flatus).—Fermentation in bladder, with gas, a. or wind escaping during micturition. Sars.

Sharp pressure on bladder, as from flatulence, when walking in open a., without desire to urinate. Puls.

Albuminous.—A. urine. Glon., Kalm., Tereb., Phyt.

A. urine, containing cylindrical casts, mucus and shreds; looks jelly-like. Canth.

Aucte nephritis, with extreme distress in bladder, urine scanty, bloody or a. Canth. (Tereb.)

Congestion of kidneys, with a. urine. Dulc.

Copious, highly a. urine; must rise at night to urinate. Glon.

Discharge of a. mucus. Petros.

Inflammation of kidneys; urine scanty, a.; containing more or less mucus, and associated with much inflammation at neck of bladder. Merc-cor.

Pain in kidneys, with a. urine. Helon.

Turbid or yellow urine, with white a. deposit. Ocium-canum.

Urine a.; of strong odor; dark brown and scanty; bright-red sediment. Osm.

Urine scanty, bloody, a. Merc-cor.

Urine scanty, milky, a. Apis.

Albuminuria.—A. Chin-s., Kobalt., Physos., Phos-ac., Plumb.

A. (of pregnancy). Gels., Kalm.

A. (after diphtheria or Bright's disease of kidneys). Merc-cor.

A. from fatty degeneration of kidneys. Crotal., Cupr.

A. (during pregnancy), urine very scanty with soreness and pain about kidneys. Helon.

A. (during pregnancy), with general anasarca and despondency. Aur.

A. (after scarlatina). Lach.

A., with dropsy (after scarlatina, and in Bright's disease of kidneys). Ars.

Ascites, and general dropsy from disease of kidneys (especially a. after scarlatina). Copaiba.

Catarrh of ureters and urethra (after scarlatina), with a. and general anasarca. Apis.

Degeneration of kidneys, with a. or glycosuria. Uran-n.

Hæmaturia (Phos.); a.; uræmia. Ars.

Mucus in urine; a. Petr.

Alkaline.—Urine a. Fluor-ac.

Urine dark smoky color; a. Carb-ac. (Benz-ac.)

Alternate.—A. dysuria and enuresis. Gels.

Alternately.—Stitches a. in bladder and rectum. Coloc.

Alternating.—Paraxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, a. with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Alternation.—Pain in kidneys, a. with giddiness as if drunken. Alu.

Alternations.—Frequent painful, scanty, bloody urination; with a. of dry skin and perspiration. Apis.

Amelioration.—Tenesmus; a. on walking in afternoon. Lith-c.

Ammonia.—Irritability of bladder, with muco-purulent discharges and sediment of urate of a. Benz-ac.

Urine has odor of a. Asaf. (Chin-s., Ferr., Mosch,, Nitr-ac., Pareira, Phos., Stront.)

Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of a. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Ammoniacal.—Urine dark, thick, a. Iod.

Urine a., decomposes rapidly, smells like otorrhœa. Aur.

Urine hot, scalding, a. Benz-ac.

Urine smells a. Cina.

Anasarca.—Albuminuria (during pregnancy), with general a. and dispondency. Aur.

Catarrh of ureters and urethra (after scarlatina), with albuminuria and general a. Apis.

Post-scarlatinal dropsy, with general a. Apoc.

Anguish.—Renal colic, with vomiting, a.; red urine with brick dust or bloody sediment. Ocimum-canum.

Urine hot, scalding, with a. on passing it. Cham.

Uræmia with vomiting and colic, with great a. (especially in drunkards). Ars.

Anterior.—Itching in a. portion of urethra. Laur.

Sticking, cutting pains or soreness in a. part of urethra. Lach.

Sticking in a. portion of urethra. Paris.

Anus (see section on Anus).—After micturition pressure, with sensation as if urine were retained by contraction of sphincter; with same sensation at a. Sulph.

Bladder weak; has to wait a long time for urine to pass; has to press so that a. protrudes. Mur-ac.

Cutting from urethra to a. when passing last drop of urine. Arg-n. (Thuja.)

Stitches in neck of bladder and a. at same time. Lyc.

Anxiety.—Paralysis of bladder, with great a. about it. Cic-v.

Anxious.—A. desire to urinate. Acon., Carbo-v., Dig. (Cham., Graph., Phos-ac., Phyt.)

Drawing pain from region of kidneys to inguinal glands, with a., nauseating sensation in pit of stomach. Can-sat.

Painful, a. urging to urinate. Acon. (Borax.)

Painful, a. urging to urinate, with greatly increased watery urination sometimes excited by pressing in hypogastrium. Acon.

Ardor urinæ.—A. Asclep. (Canth., Tereb.)

Arm (see section on Extremities).—Hydrocephalus, with scanty urine; stupor; sight of one eye totally lost; constant motion of one a. and one leg. Apoc.

Ascites (see Dropsy).—A., with bruised feeling in abdomen; sinking feeling at pit of stomach, and scanty urine. Apoc.

A., and general dropsy from disease of kidneys (especially albuminuria after scarlatina). Copaiba.

Emaciation, debility, and tendency to a. or general dropsy, from derangement of kidneys. Uran-n.

Urine dark and scanty (in a. and all kinds of dropsy). Apis.

Asleep (see Sleep).—Involuntary passage of urine at night while a. Caust. (Ars., Cupr., Kali-phos.)

Asunder.—Stream of urine spreads a. Arg-n.

Atony.—A. of bladder; no desire to urinate, and no power to do so (especially after parturition). Ars.

A. or paralysis of bladder, urine passes very slowly and without force; bladder does not seem to empty itself. Hep-s.

A. of sphincter, urine passes involuntarily with cough. Squilla.

Attacks.—Frequent and sudden a. of pain along ureters. Apis.

Attempt.—Urinate frequently day and night; a. to retain it causes pain. Lact-ac.

Attended.—If desire is not a. to, feeling of congestion in chest. Lil-tig.

Awake (see section on Sleep).—Aching in kidneys, keeping him a. at night. Can-ind.

Awakens.—A. at night, with erection and desire to urinate. Hep-s.

Awaking.—A. at night to urinate. Squilla.

Axilla (see section on Extremities).—Pain in kidneys extending into abdomen, a., and along ureters into bladder. Canth.

Back (see section on Back).—Agonizing pains in kidneys, b. and hips. Arn.

Bright's disease of kidneys, with pain in small of b., bruised, crampy or burning; scanty urine. Nitr.

Burning in b. part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.

Desire to urinate with pain in b. and loins. Lach.

Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors running up b. Sars.

Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in b. and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Pain in b. before micturition. Lyc.

Pain in b. on retaining urine. Natr-s.

Pressing in region of kidneys and small of b. Cimicif.

Subacute Bright's disease of kidneys, with peculiar pains in b.; palpitation and pains about heart. Kalm.

Scanty, red urine, depositing copious white sediment, with pain across b. Kali-bi.

Sore pain in b.; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

Terrific pain in b., before every urination, with relief as soon as urine begins to flow. Lyc.

Violent pains in bladder, often in b.; left testicle drawn up; pain in thighs (in hip, Berb.), shooting down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Backache.—Frequent urination with much mucus, intense burning in urethra, and b. while urinating. Ant-c.

Severe b., relieved by urinating. Lyc.

Backward.—Burning and smarting in urethra, from meatus b.; stitches posteriorly during micturition. Can-sat.

Urethritis, with burning, biting pain, extending b. to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of spincter. Can-sat.

Can only urinate while sitting bent b. Zinc.

Bags.—Sensation as if kidneys were two b. of hot water. Helon.

Ball.—Feeling as if a b. were rolling in bladder or abdomen when turning. Lach.

Painful retention of urine (in a boy), with loud screams; sensation as if a b. were rolling about in bladder. Crotal.

Sensation as if a b. were rolling in bladder. Lach.

Barrel.—Urine turbid, resembling remains in a cider b. Nitr-ac.

Bear.—Irritation so great that he cannot b. even a spoonful of urine in bladder, without urging to urinate. Canth.

Bearing down.—B. over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.

Continual desire to urinate, with painful b. in pelvis in morning. Sep.

Painful micturition, with painful b. Psor.

Urine can only be passed by b. with abdominal muscles. Magn-m.

Bed.—B. is wet almost as soon as child goes to sleep; always during first sleep. Sep.

Copious, involuntary micturition in b. Chloralum. (Opi.)

Enuresis; wetting of b. Hep-s., Sulph.

Enuresis; involuntary micturition at night in b. Petr. (Kali-phos.)
Feeling of weakness in bladder and genitals, with fear of wetting b. Alu.
Great urging; cannot get out of b. quick enough. Kreas.
Involuntary discharge of urine at night; wetting b. Am-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Cina, Puls., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Sulph.
Involuntary micturition at night in b. (especially in little girls), while coughing or passing flatus. Puls.
Wets b. at night; wakes up with urging, but cannot retain urine. Kreas.
Wetting b. at night (children) from worms. Cina.
Wetting b. at night (in children). Equiset. (Kali-phos.)
Wetting b. at night. Apoc.
Wets b.; restless, starts in sleep. Bell.

Beer.—Urine b. colored, with yellowish froth; pinkish-brown sediment; scanty. Myrica.
Urine dark, brownish-red, like b. Chelid. (Benz-ac.)
Urine like brown b. (Bry.), becoming turbid when cold (Cina); depositing copious sediment. Coloc.

Before.—B. urinating, child screams with pain; red sand on diaper. Lyc.
B. micturition, on rising to urinate, pressing at heart; relieved after urination. Lith-c.
Burning between labia b. micturition. Kreas.
Burning in urethra b. micturition. Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Chelid., Cop., Dig., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Rhod., Seneg., Zinc.
Burning in hips b. micturition. Dulc.
Burning in kidneys and bladder, b. and during micturition. Rheum.
Burning at meatus b., during and after urination. Caps. (Canth.)
Burning and scalding, or stinging pain in urethra b., during and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)
Burning b., during and after micturition, sending a thrill to cheeks and hands. Can-ind.
Biting and itching in urethra b. micturition. Cop.
Child cries b. urinating. Lach.
Cutting in urethra b. micturition. Bry., Canth., Dig.
Cutting in abdomen b. micturition. Sulph.
Constriction about bladder b. passing turbid urine. Chelid.
Flashes of pain in region of bladder, more toward right b. urinating. Lith-c.
Itching in urethra b. micturition. Cop., Nux-v.
Itching, biting and burning in urethra b. and after micturition. Copaiba.
Infant cries and screams b. urinating, which is done every few minutes. Borax.
Mucus b. micturition. Calc-c., Merc.

Must wait and press long b. she can start urine. **Kali-c.**
Nausea b. micturition. Dig.
Pain in female genitals b. micturition. Thuja.
Pain in bladder b. micturition. Lith-c.
Pain in back b. micturition. Lyc.
Pain in region of bladder b. and during micturition. **Phyt.**
Pain in bladder b. and after micturition. Lith-c.
Pressing in bladder b. micturition. Ang., China, Coni., **Nux-v.**
Pressing in neck of bladder b. micturition. Nux-m.
Pressure on bladder b. urinating. Nux-v.
Sand in urine or on diaper; child screams b. and during urination. Sars.
Terrific pain in back, b. every urination, with relief as soon as urine begins to flow. Lyc.
Tenesmus of bladder b. and after profuse emission of white urine. Ang.
Violent pain in direction of ureters, b. passing turbid urine. Chelid.
Violent burning, cutting pains in urethra, b., during and after micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)
Weakness b. micturition. Nux-v.

Beginning.—Burning on b. to urinate. Merc.
Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on b. to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops. Clem.
Interrupted flow of urine (Coni.), with burning during, but mostly at b. of micturition, or during interruptions. Clem.
Straining and difficulty in b. to urinate. Chim.

Begins.—Terrific pain in back, before every urination, with relief as soon as urine b. to flow. Lyc.

Bending.—Burning in urethra at every effort, b. him double. Prun-s.
Pain in kidneys on b. body. China.

Bent.—Can only urinate while sitting b. backward. Zinc.

Better (see Relieved).—Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; b. from horseback riding. Lyc.
Pressure in kidneys when sitting, b. from motion. Tereb.
Partial paralysis of bladder (in old men); urine flows by fits and starts; passes b. when standing. Coni.
Renal colic, especially in right kidney, extending to genitals and right leg; worse lying on that side, b. on back. Nux-v.
Urging, worse when standing, and still more when walking; b. when sitting. Canth.

Between.—Burning b. labia before micturition. Kreas.
Pain in urethra during micturition, and itching stitch in external portion b. acts. Kali-bi.
Ulcerative pain b. acts of micturition. Arg-n (Prun-s.)

Bile.—Much b. in urine. Carduus. (Chelid.)
Urine deeply tinged with b., and heavily loaded with phosphates. Chelid.
Yellow, or reddish-yellow urine, from much b. Crotal.
Biting.—B. pain in prepuce after micturition. Borax, Chin-s., Cop.
B., burning pain in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Paris, Sabad., Sars., Staph., Thuja.
B. and itching in urethra before micturition. Cop.
B. in urethra. Prun-s., Teucr., Thuja.
Burning, tearing and b. in urethra during micturition. Sulph.
Burning, b. and smarting after urination. Caps.
Burning and b. in forepart of urethra at close of micturition during stool. Mez.
Drawing and sticking in navicular fossa, followed by cutting and b. after micturition. Petros.
Itching, b. and burning in urethra, before and after micturition. Copaiba.
Sensation in urethra near meatus as if a b. drop were forcing its way out. Selen.
Urethritis, with burning, b. pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.
Black.—Urine b. Colch., Lach., Natr-m.
Dark, or b. urine, with coffee-grounds sediment leaving b. spots on vessel (after diphtheria or scarlatina). Lach.
Frequent urging; urine foaming; b. Lach.
Thick b. blood from bladder, looking like prune juice (in disease of kidneys). Sec.
Urine b., with coffee-grounds sediment; great emaciation and weakness. Tereb.
Urine dark like coffee grounds, or b. Natr-m. (Colch.). (After scarlatina. Lach.)
Urine almost b. Carb ac. (Ars-hyd., Kali-chl., Merc-cor.)
Blackish.—Urine b., foaming when shaken, with purulent sediment. Kali-c.
Bladder.—B. weak, must press hard to urinate. Rheum.
B. feels distended. Physos.
B. feels full, without desire to urinate. Calad.
B. weak; has to wait a long time for urine to pass; has to press so that anus protrudes. Mur-ac.
B. full, with urging to urinate, but scanty urine. Abrot.
B. feels too full; ineffectual urging. Arn.
Aching in b. Fluor-ac.
Acute nephritis, with extreme distress in b., urine scanty, bloody or albuminous. Canth. (Tereb.)

Acute pain about kidneys, extending down ureters to b.; worse from slightest touch or motion, even deep inspiration. Arg-n.

After urinating, urging, as if b. were not emptied, with dribbling. Staph.

Atony or paralysis of b., urine passes very slowly and without force, b. does not seem to empty itself. Hep-s.

Atony of b.; no desire to urinate, and no power to do so (especially after parturition). Ars.

Burning in b. and urethra during micturition. Tereb.

Burning in b. during micturition. Aloe, Nux-v., Rheum.

Burning in kidneys and b., before and during micturition. Rheum.

Burning in b. Acon., Ars., Berb., Canth., Cham., Chelid., Colch., Ind., Lach., Nux-v., Petr., Prun-s., Puls., Rheum, Rhus-t., Sabin., Sep., Staph., Tereb.

Burning pain in b. Berb.

Bearing down over b., with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.

Cutting in b. during micturition. Canth.

Cutting pain in b. Berb., Canth., Caps., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Mang., Tereb.

Cutting pains in b., with frequent desire to urinate. Æth.

Constriction about b. before passing turbid urine. Chelid.

Constant pressure upon b.; wants to urinate all time, voids but little. Lil-tig.

Constant desire to urinate; even after frequent passage b. feels full. Eupat-purp.

Continual painful pressure on b. Squilla.

Colic, with spasm of b. Caps.

Chronic ulceration of kidneys and b. Hep-s.

Chronic catarrh of b., with copious discharge of mucus. Copaiba.

Chronic inflammation of b., with cutting and constriction during micturition. Cub.

Chronic inflammation of b. Pareira.

Chronic catarrh of b. Ant-c., Eucalyp.

Catarrh of b., with offensive brown urine. Benz-ac.

Catarrh of b. Chim., Dulc., Equiset., Lach., Millef.

Catarrh of b.; urine contains large quantities of mucus and pus. Populus.

Catarrh of b., with excruciating pain on urinating. Rhus-a.

Catarrh of b., with thick, ropy sediment of mucus in urine. Hydr.

Calculi in b. and kidneys. Sars., Zinc.

Can never finish urinating, some urine always seems to remain in b. Hep-s. (Helon.)

Cartilaginous induration of b. Pareira.

Discharge of viscid, purulent mucus from b. after micturition. Nux.v.

Discharge of blood, with burning pains in kidneys and b. Ipec., Puls.

Dragging pain in b., with spasmodic trembling pains in inguinal region. Chelid.

Dragging in b., as if distended. Dig.

Drawing pain in b. Berb., Rhod.

Dropsy of uterus; red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, b. being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.

Desire to urinate, with pain in b. Hell., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Ruta, Sulph-ac.

Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glands, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in b., relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

Difficulty in urinating, especially in morning, with feeling as if drops came out of b., which is not true. Sep.

During urination, stitches in b., smarting, burning in urethra. Natr-m.

Expulsive power of b. weak. Opi.

Feeling as if a ball were rolling in b. or abdomen when turning. Lach.

Feeling as if b. were greatly distended. Sep.

Feeling of weakness in b. and genitals, with fear of wetting bed. Alu.

Frequent desire to urinate, which is scanty, with tenesmus of b. after. Mur-ac.

Frequent urging, with spasm of b., and burning, tearing pain. Uva.

Fleeting pains in b., not when urinating, but at other times. Benz-ac.

Fullness in b. causes urging. Stann. (Phos.)

Fundus of b. paralyzed and b. enormously distended. Gels.

Fermentation in b., with gas, air or wind escaping during micturition. Sars.

Griping, as if b. were seized. Led.

Griping in b. and urethra. Lyc.

Gravel, renal dropsy and irritable b. Eupat-purp.

Hæmaturia from papilloma or polypus of b. Teucr.

Hæmaturia, preceded by crampy pain in b. Mez.

Hæmorrhage from b. Cub.

Hæmorrhage from b. (from gravel). Erig.

Hæmorrhoids of b. Ant-c., Borax, Nux-v., Puls., Sulph.

Heaviness in b., feels sore on slightest motion. Canth.

Has to press upon abdomen with hands in order to empty b. Magn-m.

Inflammation of b., with tenesmus. Rhus-t.

Inflammation of b., with pressure and aching. Populus.

Inflammation of kidneys, ureters, b. and urethra, with scanty, turbid, dark urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.

Inflammation of b. and urethra, burning or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Inflammation of b. Canth., Dig. (Apis.)

Inflammation of b., with bloody urine and pain about neck of b. at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.

Inflammation of urethra and b., with sudden urging to urinate, which if not done, causes great pain at navicular fossa. Petr.

Inflammation of b. and urethra (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.

Inflammation and ulceration of b. Hydr.

Inflammation of b., with vesical tenesmus and scanty urine. Apis.

Ineffectual efforts at micturition, after passing a few drops pain in b. and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.

Involuntary discharge of urine after b. seemed to be emptied. Helon.

Intense smarting and burning in b. and urethra, when urinating. Eupat-purp.

Irritation of b., and inflammation of whole urethra, with violent urging to urinate. Jatr.

Irritation so great that he cannot bear even a spoonful of urine in b. without urging to urinate. Canth.

Irritability of b., with muco-purulent discharges and sediment of urate of ammonia. Benz-ac.

Irritability of b. (depending on gouty diathesis). Sabin.

Irritability of b. and urethra (in newly-married girls, brought on by sexual excess). Staph.

Ischuria painful, with pressure in b. Aur.

Loss of power of b. (especially in old people, or following diphtheria). Gels.

Lancinating pains, extending from kidneys to b. Cocc-c.

Micturition stops many times before b. is emptied. Thuja. (Coni.)

Micturition difficult, as if there were almost no urine in b., and yet, great urging to urinate. Dig.

Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty b. thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.

Momentary paralysis of b., with involuntary micturition. **Acon.**

Pain in b., before and after micturition. Lith-c.

Pain in b. if call to urinate is postponed. Sulph-ac.

Pain in b. before micturition. Lith-c.

Pain in b., with feeling of fullness and desire, but unable to urinate. Opi.

Pain in b. increased by drinking even small quantity of water. Canth.

Pain in b. and urethra. Can-ind.

Pain in kidneys extending into abdomen, axilla, and along ureters into b. Canth.

Pain in b. as if distended. Equiset.

Pain in b. causes infant to scream. Arn.
Pains in b. Agn., Ferr.
Painful pressure about b. and urethra, discharge of a few drops of urine, with mucus sediment. Dulc.
Painful retention of urine (in a boy), with loud screams; sensation as if a ball were rolling about in b. Crotal.
Painful spasmodic stricture of b. Phos-ac.
Painful constriction of b. Sars.
Paralysis of b., can urinate only when sitting. Zinc.
Paralysis of b., with great anxiety about it. Cic-v.
Paralysis of b. (after labor), urine is retained. Caust.
Paralysis of b. from long retention of urine; urine is expelled very slowly and sometimes is even retained. Caust.
Paralysis of b. (after parturition); no desire. Ars., Caust.
Paralysis of b. Hyos., Sec. (Acon., Ars., Bell., Canth., Caust., Cic-v., Dulc., Lach., Laur., Opi.)
Paretic condition of sphincter muscle of b., causing enuresis (wetting of bed), and spasmodic retention of urine. Gels.
Partial paralysis of b. (in old men); urine flows by fits and starts; passes better when standing. Coni.
Pinching in urethra and b. Lyc.
Polypus of b. Calc-c., Coni., Graph., Lyc., Thuja, Teucr.
Pressing in b. during micturition. Asar., Berb., Hep-s., Lachn., Ver-a.
Pressing pain, or sensation in b. Acon., Al-cep., Alu., Am-c., Arn., Aur., Berb., Canth., Carbo-v., China, Colch., Coni., Cycl., Dig., Hyos., Kreas., Lach., Lact., Natr-m., Ol-an., Pallad., Rhus-t., Ruta, Sars., Sep., Squilla, Tart-em., Zinc.
Pressing pain in b. after micturition. Asar., Berb., Canth., China, Lith-c., Natr-m., Ruta.
Pressing on b. during micturition. Lachn.
Pressing in b. before micturition. Ang., China, Coni., Nux-v.
Pressure in b. Cocc-c.
Pressure of urine in b., with cutting pain. Am-c.
Pressure in b. after frequent and almost ineffectual efforts to urinate. China.
Pressure on b. before urinating. Nux-v.
Pressure in b., as if too full after micturition. Dig.
Pressure in b. with urging to urinate. Sep.
Pressure on b., with urging to urinate, but inability to do so. Lach.
Pressure as if b. were full, with constant urging, as if urine could not be retained, yet little is voided. Ruta.
Pulsation in b. Canth.
Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in b. or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.
Retention of urine with pressure on b. Aur., Hyos.

Retention of urine (as from paralysis of b.); or urine is voided slowly. Laur.
Retention of urine, with full b. Camph.
Retention of urine from paralysis of fundus of b. Opi. (In retention of urine this is our best remedy.—Dunham.)
Retention of urine; b. distended. Hell.
Relaxation of b. Mur-ac.
Sensation as if b. were paralyzed; no power to expel urine. Thuja.
Sensation of fullness in b. after micturition, with feeling on every step as if it moved up and down. Ruta.
Sensation of fullness in b. after urinating. Calc-c., Coni., Ruta.
Sensation of fullness in b. without desire to urinate. Calad., Pallad., Stann., Ver-a.
Sensation of a worm in b. Bell.
Sensation of contraction in b. Berb.
Sensation of constriction in b. Alu., Cact., Caps., Cocc., Phos-ac., Puls., Sars.
Sensation as if a ball were rolling in b. Lach.
Sensation of fullness in b. Calad.
Sensation of weakness or warmth in b. and urethra. Al-cep.
Sensation of fullness in b.; region of b. sore to pressure. Calad.
Sensation of turning and twisting in b., as from a large worm. Bell.
Spasm of b. Gels. (Asaf., Berb., Canth., Caps., Opi., Phos-ac., Prun-s., Sars., Sep., Tereb.)
Spasm of b. and urethra. Canth.
Spasm in b. after micturition. Asaf. (Puls.)
Spasm of b. during micturition. Asaf.
Spasm of b. during and after urination. Asaf.
Spasms in b. and sphincters, not allowing any rest at night. Prun-s.
Spasmodic pains in b. at night. Prun-s.
Spasmodic pains at b. Berb.
Soreness of b. when touched. Canth., Puls.
Soreness and pain in b.; deep aching; uneasiness; catarrh. Eupat-purp.
Soreness and inflammation of kidneys and b. Can-sat.
Stitch in urethra, extending to b. Berb.
Stitches in b. after ineffectual urging to urinate. Guaj.
Stitches alternately in b. and rectum. Coloc.
Stitches from rectum to b. Thuja.
Stitches in b. and urethra. Tart-em.
Stinging in b. Calad. (Berb., Canth., Lyc., Pallad., Sulph., Tart-em.)
Stinging in b. during micturition. Natr-m.
Sticking, pressing pains in kidneys, extending along ureters to loins and b. Berb.
Strangury, stricture, retained urine or inflamed b. Apis.
Strangury with tenesmus of b. Caps. (Canth., Merc-cor.)

Sudden violent pressure upon b., which was full, passed off suddenly on emission of flatus. Coloc.

Subacute inflammation of b., with very offensive dark-brown urine and frequent urging. Lach.

Suppression or retention of urine (Stram.); paralysis of b. Ars.

Suppuration of b. and urethra. Canth.

Sharp pressure on b., as from flatulence, when walking in open air, without desire to urinate. Puls.

Smallest quantity of urine in b. causes urging to urinate. Canth.

Stone in b. Zinc. (Nux-m., Sars.)

Tenesmus of b. Canth., Gels., Merc-cor., Nux-m., Physos., Prun-s., Tereb.

Tenesmus of b., with white pus and mucus in urine. Sars.

Tenesmus of b., with burning and urging. Senecio.

Tenesmus of b. with passage of a few drops of blood-red urine. Rhus-t.

Tenesmus of b. (in old people). Populus.

Tenesmus of b. during and after micturition. Lith-c. (Canth.)

Tenesmus of b., with involuntary dropping of urine. Arn.

Tenesmus of b. rouses him from sleep at night. Ant-c.

Tenesmus of b. before and after profuse emission of white urine. Ang.

Tension of b. Tart-em.

Thick, black blood from b., looking like prune juice (in disease of kidneys). Sec.

Thickening of b. Dulc.

Urine passes by drops, leaving a sensation as if some remained in b. Magn-m.

Urine copious, with irritation of b. and urethra. Populus.

Urine dribbles (from paralysis of b.). Nux-v.

Urine passes tardily and without force; feels as if b. could not be emptied thoroughly. Hep-s.

Urine retained, with aching and pressing in b. Arn.

Urging to urinate; urine scanty; last drops bloody, with violent pains in b. Tart-em.

Urethritis, with burning, biting pain extending backward to b. when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Uneasiness and pressure in b. Naja.

Unable to evacuate all urine in b. at once. Clem.

Ulcers in b. Merc-bij. (Ran-b.)

Violent pressure in b. from urine; sits with legs crossed, and though b. feels full, none is passed. Zinc.

Violent pains in b., often in back; left testicle drawn up; pain in thighs (in hip, Berb.), shooting down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Violent pain in b. and in all neighboring parts. Calc-ph.

Violent pains in b., with frequent urging; intolerable tenesmus. Canth.

Violent pains in b., with frequent intolerable urging. Canth.

Violent inflammation of b., with extreme tenesmus and burning. Merc-cor.

Violent, sticking, cutting pain from kidneys into b. and urethra. Berb. (Cocc-c.)

Violent tenesmus of b. Am-c.

Viscid pus and mucus from b. **Nux-v.**

Weakness of b. and sphincter. Sil.

Weakness of b. Caust., Hep-s. (Al-cep., Alu., Magn-m., Mur-ac., Pallad., Rheum.)

Weakness of sphincter of b. (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.

Want of proper feeling in b. and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing, and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Bleeding --B. of urethra. Arg-n.

Blood.—B. from urethra when not urinating. Bry.

After much straining and pressing, with much pain, a few drops of b. are passed. Hell.

Constant urging; passes a few drops of b. Thuja.

Copious, frequent, pale and watery urine; or red as b. Kali-jod.

Chilliness followed by urging to urinate; urine tinged with b. Senecio.

Discharge of b. with burning pains in kidneys and bladder. Ipec., Puls.

Discharge of b. after micturition. Hep-s., Zinc.

Discharge of b. with pains in stomach and vomiting. **Ipec.**

Discharge of b. from urethra, with dyspnœa. Coni.

Discharge of b. from urethra, with constipation. Lyc.

Discharge of b. from urethra, with burning. Ambr., China, Graph., Kali-c., Puls., Seneg.

Discharge of b. from urethra, with paralysis of legs. Lyc.

Discharge of b. from urethra. Canth., Caps., Euphorb., Lyc., Puls., Sec. (Am-c., Ant-t., Arg-n., Arn., Ars., Cact., Calc-c., Camph., Can-sat., Caust., China, Coni., Hep-s., Ipec., Merc., Mez., Millef., Murex, Nux-v., Phos., Plumb., Sep., Squilla, Sulph., Tart-em., Tereb., Zinc.)

Discharge of a few drops of b. after micturition. **Mez.**

Dribbling of b. after micturition. Thuja.

Emission of b. during micturition. Crotal., Rumex.

Emission of b. instead of urine. Mez.

Hæmaturia; urging after, and shuddering along spine during, micturition; b. flows freely. Nitr-ac.

Hæmaturia; bloody urine; b. forms cakes in vessel. Millef.

Protrusion of varices during micturition; oozing first of b., then mucus. Kali-c.

Painless discharge of b. from urethra. Lyc.

Passes b. and slime, with burning and stinging. Hell.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure b. Canth.

Renal colic, with violent vomiting, moans and cries; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust deposit, or b. Ocimum-canum.

Region of bladder sore to touch; urine passes in a thin stream, or in drops, containing b. and pus. Merc.

Thick, black b. from bladder, looking like prune juice (in disease of kidneys). Sec.

Urine sometimes streaked with b. Kali-jod.

Urine contains b. and mucus, which can be gathered in huge masses. Uva.

Urine red like b. Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Croton-tig., Merc., Rhus-t., Sep.

Urine has red sediment color of b. Am-c.

Urine like water mixed with b. Pallad.

Urine reddish, turbid, as if mixed with b. Carbo-v.

Urine red, as if mixed with b. Canth.

Urine oily or greasy on standing, containing a tough, jelly-like, white or red mucus mixed with b. Dulc.

Bloody.—B. urine. Arn., Calc-c., Camph., Can-sat., Canth., Coni., Hep-s., Mez., Millef., Nux-v., Phos., Puls., Squilla, Tart-em.

B. sediment, and a pellicle on urine. Sulph-ac.

B. urine; hæmaturia. Uva.

B. sediment in urine. Canth., Phos-ac., Puls., Sep. (Acon., Can-sat., Dulc., Hell., Lyc., Phos., Sulph., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Uva.)

B. urine, with constant urging to urinate. Copaiba.

B. urine (hæmaturia from mechanical causes). Arn.

Acute nephritis, with extreme distress in bladder, urine scanty, b., or albuminous. Canth. (Tereb.)

Discharge of b. mucus. Canth., Nitr-ac.

Discharge of b. pus and mucus from urethra. Nitr-ac.

Dark, b. urine, almost like ink, with strangury. Colch.

Dysuria, with passage of only a few drops of b. urine, which causes most severe burning, cutting pain along urethra. Canth.

Frequent painful, scanty, b. urination; with alternations of dry skin and perspiration. Apis.

Inflammation of bladder, with b. urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.

Hæmaturia; b. urine; blood forms cakes in vessel. Millef.

Inflammation with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja) with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, b. urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)

Offensive, turbid urine, containing ropy or b. mucus and depositing much sediment. Chim.

Painful desire, with b. urine, requiring great effort. Sulph.

Pain in region of left kidney, then b. urine. Millef.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of b. urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Renal colic, with vomiting, anguish; red urine with brick-dust or b. sediment. Ocimum-canum.

Sediment reddish, b. or mucous, jelly-like, adhering to vessel. Puls.

Sticking, tearing pains in region of kidneys; urine hot and often b. Mez.

Urine scanty and b. Tereb.

Urine pale and watery (b. in old people). Sec.

Urine acrid, b., corroding prepuce. Hep-s.

Urine turbid and b.; offensive; it deposits a red, slimy sand, which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)

Urine scanty, b., albuminous. Merc-cor.

Urine thick and ropy, of brick color; copious b. sediment; fever. Chim.

Urine much diminished; b., turbid and of a peculiar odor. Hyper.

Urine red, b., hot and scanty. Apis.

Ulcers in urethra; b. mucous or purulent discharge. Nitr-ac.

Blowing.—Involuntary passage of urine when coughing (Colch.), sneezing, or b. nose. Caust. (Natr-m., Puls., Zinc.)

Violent pain in region of kidneys, when lifting and when b. nose. Calc-ph.

Bluish.—B. sediment in urine. Prun-s.

Bodies.—Sediment of red b. in urine. Ant-c., Coloc.

Body.—Dropsy of uterus; red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; b. cold. Camph.

Pain in kidneys on bending b. China.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole b., cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Boiling.—Urine milky and scanty; looks like b. oil. Lil-tig.

Bran.—Sediment like b. Berb.

Sediment yellowish, like b., or slimy. Aloe.

Bran-like.—Urine dark colored, with b. sediment. Cedron.

Brick-colored.—Brown burning urine, with b. sediment. Acon.

Urine thick and ropy, b.; copious bloody sediment; fever. Chim.

Brick-dust.—B. or red, sandy, coarse-grained sediment in urine. Selen. (Lyc.)

B. sediment in urine. Dig. (Lyc.)

B. sediment in urine adheres to vessel. Natr-m. (Arn., China, Lyc., Phos.)

Deposit of a straw-colored, yellow, granular, or b. sediment. Chin-s.

Renal colic, with vomiting, anguish; red urine with b. or bloody sediment. Ocimum-canum.

Renal colic, with violent vomiting, moans and cries; afterwards red urine, with b. deposit, or blood. Ocimum-canum.

Turbid urine, with b. sediment. Ipec., Lyc.

Urine pale, afterwards thick, whitish, purulent; reddish, with b. sediment. Nux-v.

Urine dark and turbid; sediment like b. Natr-m.

Urine scanty, brown, with b. sediment. Merc-cor., Merc-sol. (Lyc.)

Urine dark, turbid, scanty; b. sediment (of phosphates). China. (Ars., Natr-m., Raph., Phos.)

Urine deposits b. sediment. Cocc-c. (Lyc.)

Urine dark, scanty; b. sediment. Arn. (Lyc., Natr-m., Phos.)

Bright.—Urine b. and clear, but irritating. Sars.

Bright's disease.—B. of kidneys. Helon., Osm., Tereb., Uran-n., Ver-a.

B. of kidneys, with pain in small of back, bruised, crampy or burning; scanty urine. Nitr.

B. of kidneys; urine contains fatty casts. Phos.

B. of kidneys, with gout (or mercurio-syphilis). Kali-jod.

Albuminuria (after diphtheria or B. of kidneys). Merc-cor.

Albuminuria, with dropsy (after scarlatina and in B. of kidneys). Ars.

Subacute b. of kidneys, with peculiar pains in back, palpitation and pains about heart. Kalm.

Brown.—Urine b. Ambr., Arn., Bry., Puls., Tart-em. (Acon., Ant-c., Asaf., Bell., Bufo, Calc-c., Canth., Cimex, Colch., Dig., Dros., Graph., Lach., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Oleand., Petr., Phos., Prun-s., Stram., Sulph., Sulph-ac.)

B. red urine, with small red corpuscles after standing twenty-four hours. Ant-c.

B. burning urine, with brick-colored sediment. Acon.

Continuous pressure on bladder. Lil-tig.

Catarrh of bladder, with offensive b. urine. Benz-ac.

Dark brown, scanty urine, depositing a whitish, clay-like sediment. Eupat-perf.

Frequent, but scanty urination, which is b. and fetid. Petr.

Light flesh-colored urine, depositing a light b., flocky, translucent sediment, with hard, solid, reddish crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Subacute inflammation of bladder, with very offensive dark, b. urine and frequent urging. Lach.

Scanty b. urine, becoming turbid, like loam water, on standing. Sulph-ac.

Scanty, dark b. urine, smelling intolerably strong (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Nitr-ac. (Absinth., Natr-c.)

Urine dark red in morning; deposits a b. mucus, with dark, cloudy sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.

Urine chestnut b. Kreas.

Urine copious and pale; then scanty, b. and sometimes white, like milk. Stann.

Urine albuminous; of strong odor; dark b. and scanty; bright-red sediment. Osm.

Urine has b. sediment. Ambr., Lach., Thuja.

Urine dark b. Tart-em. (Calc-c., Caust., Colch., Dig., Eupat-perf., Nitr-ac., Opi., Petr., Puls.)

Urine scanty, b. passed with much straining. Prun-s.

Urine scanty, dark, b., cloudy. Opi.

Urine turbid, b., with red, sandy sediment. Phos.

Urine like b. beer (Bry.), becoming turbid when cold (Cina); depositing copious sediment. Coloc.

Urine beer-colored, with yellowish froth; pinkish b. sediment; scanty. Myrica.

Urine dark b., with white sediment. Calc-c. (Canth., Cochl.)

Urine scanty, b., with brick-dust sediment. Merc-cor., Merc-sol. (Lyc.)

Urine b., with thick, rusty-looking sediment. Cimex.

Urine scanty and dark, almost b. deposits, white sediment. Bry.

Urine highly colored, dark, reddish b. Benz-ac.

Urine dark b., yellow sediment. Bar-c.

Urine b. and of a pungent odor. Asaf. (Benz-ac)

Urine turbid while being emitted, depositing b. sediment, urine being clear and yellow. Ambr. (Ars.)

Urine dark b. and turbid during micturition. Ambr.

Urine scanty, greenish, b. (in jaundice). Aur.

Brownish.—Urine dark, b. red, turbid, with strong odor. Tart-em.

Urine with b. red sediment, like sausage meat. Still.

Urine scanty, b. and turbid. Carduus.

Urine dark, b. red, like beer. Chelid. (Benz-ac.)

Bruised.—B., sore feeling in region of kidneys. Physos.

Ascites, with b. feeling in abdomen; sinking feeling at pit of stomach, and scanty urine. Apoc.

Bright's disease of kidneys, with pain in small of back, b., crampy or burning; scanty urine. Nitr.

Bubbling.—B. pulsation in region of kidneys. Berb.

Burning.—B. urine. Camph., Canth., Hep-s. (Acon., Aloe., Ang., Apis, Ars., Benz-ac., Borax, Bry., Can-sat., Caps., Carbo-an., Cham., Colch., Dig., Dulc., Kreas., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Oleand., Phos., Prun-s., Rhus-t., Sec., Sil., Squilla.)

B. at meatus before, during and after micturition. Caps. (Canth.)

B. during and after micturition. Coni.

B. in urethra during micturition. Ars. (Canth.)

B. in bladder. Acon., Ars., Berb., Canth., Cham., Chelid., Colch., Ind., Lach., Nux-v., Petr., Prun-s., Puls., Rheum, Rhus-t., Sabin., Sep., Staph., Tereb.

B. during and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore, as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drops remained. Arg-n.

B. in urethra during micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and difficulty in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.

B. in fossa navicularis. Acon. (Petros.)

B. at neck of bladder. Acon., Cham., Nux-v., Petr., Puls., Staph.

B. and tenesmus of neck of bladder. Acon.

B. during and after micturition, at times amounting to a stabbing pain. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)

B. and stinging in urethra. Apis.

B. soreness when urinating. Apis, (Can-sat.)

B. after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate frequently although but a few drops of dark-yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a b. pain. Ang.

B. in urethra on passing urine. Bapt., Calc-c., Cham., Clem., Hep-s., Sabad., Thuja. (Ars., Canth.)

B. in whole length of urethra after urinating. Iris.

B. pain in bladder. Berb.

B., cutting pain in female urethra during and after urinating. Berb.

B. in neck of bladder when urinating. Cham.

B. in meatus, especially painful from rubbing of clothing. China.

B. pain in urethra when urinating. Cocc-c. (Can-sat., Canth., Staph.)

B. in kidneys. Hep-s. (Bell., Bufo, Canth., Kali-bi., Tereb.)

B. in navicular fossa during micturition. Kali-bi., Petr.

B. and scalding during micturition, and straining afterwards. Chim.

B. in urethra during scanty micturition. Kali-n.

B. in urethra during and after micturition. Kali-c.

B. in urethra after urination. Led.

B. during micturition. Sars.

B. during micturition (in female urethra). Lyc.

B. before, during and after micturition, sending a thrill to cheeks and hands. Can-ind.

B. and smarting in urethra after micturition. Lil-tig.

B. and smarting during micturition. Magn-c.
B., aching or sharp stitches in kidneys. Can-ind.
B., tearing and biting in urethra during micturition. **Sulph.**
B. and cutting in urethra during micturition. Nux-m.
B. when urinating. Agar., Aloe.
B. in bladder during micturition. Aloe, Nux-v., Rheum.
B. in urethra during and after micturition. Staph., **Tart-em.**
B. in bladder and urethra during micturition. **Tereb.**
B. in urethra after micturition. Uran-n.
B. and drawing from right kidney to hip. Tereb.
B. in meatus during micturition. Sulph.
B. pain in forepart of urethra during micturition. **Ars.**, **Calc-c.**, Caps., Carbo-v., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Seneg., Sulph.
B. pain in prepuce after micturition. Merc., Natr-c., Thuja. (Berb., Can-sat., Canth., Clem., Coloc., Coni., Grat., Kali-bi., Kali-c., Led., Magn-m., Natr-m., Natr-s., Seneg., Teucr., Zinc.)
B., smarting and stinging in urethra, as if scalded. **Apis.**
B. in urethra, as from acid. Ox-ac.
B. pain in urethra. Petr.
B. soreness in urethra while urinating. Carbo-an. (Can-sat.)
B. throughout urethra at commencement and end of urination. Can-sat.
B. between labia before micturition. Kreas.
B. pain in glandular portion of urethra during micturition, and for a long time after. Kali-bi.
B. pain in region of bladder. Sabin.
B. in urethra before micturition. Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Chelid., Cop., Dig., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Rhod., Seneg., Zinc.
B. in left kidney. Benz-ac., Lachn.
B. in urethra at every effort, bending him double. **Prun-s.**
B. in hips before micturition. Dulc.
B. in kidneys and bladder, before and during micturition. **Rheum.**
B. in meatus during and after micturition. Puls.
B. in urethra. Ant-c., Calc-c., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Staph.
B. and stinging in urethra. Paris.
B. and lacerating pain in neck of bladder. **Nux-v.**
B. in meatus when sitting. Paris.
B. and scalding, or stinging pain in urethra before, during and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)
B., smarting, or soreness in urethra during micturition. Ign.
B. biting and smarting after urination. Caps.
B. and smarting in urethra, from meatus backward; stitches posteriorly during micturition. Can-sat.
B. in urethra with frequent micturition. Copaiba.
B. in urethra during and after micturition. Grat.

B. during micturition, but more immediately after. Can-sat.
B. sensation about kidneys; can trace outline by b. Helon.
B. and scalding during micturition. Helon.
B. in urethra, with great nervous excitability. Mosch.
B. and cutting during micturition; straining in urethra after. Mur-ac.
B. and biting in forepart of urethra at close of micturition during stool. Mez.
B. and stitches in urethra during micturition. Natr-c.
B. during micturition. Merc-cor.
B. in meatus while urinating. Dulc.
B. in glands of urethra during and after urination. Kali-bi.
B. in back part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.
B. on beginning to urinate. Merc.
Biting, b. pain in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Paris, Sabad., Sars., Staph., Thuja.
Brown, b. urine, with brick-colored sediment. Acon.
Bright's disease of kidneys, with pain in small of back, bruised, crampy or b.; scanty urine. Nitr.
Cutting and b. in urethra, worse after urinating. Berb. (While urinating. Canth.)
Cutting and b. in urethra. Aspar.
Cutting and b. in urethra after urination. Natr-m. (Canth.)
Contraction, with urging, sticking and b. in neck of bladder, then passage of a few drops of scalding urine. Canth.
Desire to urinate with b. in abdomen. Lach.
Discharge of urine diminished, with b. Colch.
Discharge of mucus after urinating, causing itching and b. Natr-m.
Discharge of blood with b. pains in kidneys and bladder. Ipec., Puls.
Dysuria, with passage of only a few drops of bloody urine, which causes most severe b., cutting pain along urethra. Canth.
Dribbling of urine, with b., after urinating. Brom.
During micturition heat and b. in urethra. Kali-bi.
During urination, stitches in bladder, smarting, b. in urethra. Natr-m.
Dull, aching pain in region of kidneys, or violent b., cutting pains from kidney to urethra. Canth.
Excessive b. in urethra during micturition. Equiset.
Frequent urging, with spasm of bladder, and b., tearing pain. Uva.
Frequent urination at night, with intense b. Tereb.
Frequent urination, passes little and often, with b. Nux-v.
Frequent desire to urinate; urine scanty and b. Sars.
Frequent micturition with b. Paris.
Frequent urination, with b. like pepper in urethra. Caps.
Frequent micturition, with b. after. Kali-bi.

Frequent micturition with b. in urethra, and red urine. Al-cep.
Freqnent urination with much mucus, intense b. in urethra, and backache while urinating. Ant-c.
Great irritation at neck of bladder, with frequent b. urination. Apis.
Hæmaturia, with b. in urethra; with cold rigors along spine. Caps.
Hæmaturia, with b. distress in urethra. Acon. (Canth.)
Highly colored urine, with red sediment and reddish-yellow slime; b. during micturition. Glon.
Intense smarting and b. in bladder and urethra, when urinating. Eupat-purp.
Intense b. and cutting pain during micturition. Sep.
Intolerable b. in urethra during and after urination. Fluor-ac. (Canth.)
Involuntary dribbling, with b. in meatus. Spig.
Ineffectual urging to urinate, b. when it passes. Lach.
Inflammation of bladder and urethra, b. or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.
Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, b. urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.
Interrupted flow of urine (Coni.), with b. during, but mostly at beginning of micturition, or during interruptions. Clem.
Immediately after urinating, b. in urethra in morning. Coni.
Itching, biting and b. in urethra, before and after micturition. Copaiba.
Jerking, twitching and b. in urethra, with frequent desire to urinate. Phos.
Painful micturition, with b. Uva.
Painful, ineffectual urging to urinate; urine passes in drops, with tearing and b. in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.
Pain in prepuce during micturition; last few drops cause violent b. Clem.
Paroxysmal cutting and b. pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.
Persistent, violent urging to urinate, with b. sensation in urethra. Canth.
Passes blood and slime, with b. and stinging. Hell.
Profuse flow of straw-colored urine; or passes in drops with much b. Cact.
Retention of urine, or discharge by drops, with b. Sabin.
Red, turbid urine, with b. and pressure in urethra. Agn.
Smarting or b. in urethra during micturition. Sep.
Smarting and b. in urethra during and after urination. Nitr-ac.
Scanty, red, b. urine. Hæmatox.

Scanty discharge of dark, turbid urine, with tenesmus and b. Colch. (Canth., Merc-cor.)

Swelling and hardness of female urethra, with b. soreness and sensitiveness (especially if caused by instruments). Hyper.

Sore pain in back; b. in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

Stinging, itching, b. in urethra. Bov.

Tenesmus of bladder, with b. and urging. Seneico.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and b., as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Urine pale yellow, b. in urethra after micturition. Magn-m.

Urine flows slowly, with soreness and b. Kali-c.

Urine red, with much urging and b. in urethra. Al-cep.

Urine flakey; b.; with reddish sediment. Mez.

Urine scanty, passed with difficulty; b. during emission. Ars.

Urethritis, with b., biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Uneasiness in urethra and penis, with b. and frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.

Violent b., drawing pains in region of kidneys. Tereb.

Violent, sharp, smarting, b. pains through urethra; worse on micturition. Still.

Violent b., cutting pains in neck of bladder, extending to navicular fossa of urethra. Canth.

Violent inflammation of bladder, with extreme tenesmus and b. Merc-cor.

Violent, b., cutting pains in urethra, before, during and after micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)

Burns.—Acid urine b. and excoriates. Arn.

Urine scanty; b. during micturition. Natr-m.

Burnt.—Sediment looks as if b. Sep.

Urine contains pieces like half b. straw. Lach.

Urine deposits a reddish, clay-colored sediment, which adheres to bottom and sides of vessel, as if it had been b. on. Sep.

Buttermilk.—Turbid urine like b. Aur.

Cakes.—Hæmaturia: bloody urine; blood forms c. in vessel. Millef.

Calculi.—C. in bladder and kidneys. Sars., Zinc.

Inflammation from passage of c., with piercing pains in kidneys and along ureters. Arn.

Sediment of c. Sars., Zinc.

Urine contains gravel or small c. Sars.

Calculus.—Spasmodic, crampy straining along ureter, during passage of c. Bell.

Vesical catarrh from suppressed gonorrhœa, c., or gout. Benz-ac.

Call.—Pain in bladder if c. to urinate is delayed. Sulph-ac.

Carbonate of lime.—White flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and c.; pale, languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.

Cardiac.—Chronic inflammation of kidneys (associated with hepatic or c. diseases). Aur.

Cartilaginous.—C. induration of bladder. Pareira.

Casts.—Albuminous urine, containing cylindrical c., mucus and shreds; looks jelly-like. Canth.

Urine copious, frequent, clear; heat precipitates phosphates; contains epithelial scales, c. and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Catarrh.—C. of bladder; urine contains large quantities of mucus and pus. Populus.

C. of bladder, with offensive, brown urine. Benz-ac.

C. of bladder. Chim., Dulc., Equiset., Lach., Millef.

C. of bladder, with excruciating pain on urinating. Rhus-a.

C. of ureters and urethra (after scarlatina), with albuminuria and general anasarca. Apis.

C. of bladder, with thick, ropy sediment of mucus in urine. Hydr.

Chronic c. of bladder, with copious discharge of mucus. Copaiba.

Chronic c. of bladder. Ant-c., Eucalyp.

Hæmaturia (from gravel or chronic c.). Lyc.

Soreness and pain in bladder; deep aching; uneasiness; c. Eupat-purp.

Vesical c. from suppressed gonorrhœa, calculus, or gout. Benz-ac.

Cat's.—Frequent, copious, fetid urine, smelling like c. urine. Viola-tr.

Cells.—Excess of mucus in urine, with epithelial c., and oxalate of lime. Lyc.

Chalk.—White, turbid urine, as if c. had been stirred in it. Alu.

Chalk-like.—C. sediment in urine. Phyt.

Chamber.—Fetid urine depositing a clay-colored sediment, which adheres to c. with great tenacity. Sep.

Cheeks.—Burning before, during and after micturition, sending a thrill to c. and hands. Can-ind.

Cheese.—Sediment in urine looking like white c. Sec.

Chest (see section on Chest).—If desire is not attended to, feeling of congestion in c. Lil-tig.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and c., and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Urging to urinate, with tickling in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with pain in liver, c. and kidneys. Ferr.

Chestnut colored.—C. urine. Kreas.

Child (see Infant).—C. cries before urinating. **Lach.**

Before urinating, child screams with pain; red sand on diaper. **Lyc.**

Bed is wet almost as soon as c. goes to sleep; always during first sleep. Sep.

Region of bladder very sensitive; c. screams if hand is placed there. Al-cep.

Sand in urine or on diaper; c. screams before and during urination. Sars.

Children.—C. afraid to urinate, frantic when desire comes on. Borax.

Catarrhal ischuria (in c., caused by wading in water), with discharge of mucus from urethra. Dulc.

Difficult urination (with c.). Apis.

Dysuria (of teething c.); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Dysuria (especially of c. and excitable women). Bell.

Enuresis at night (in scrofulous or syphilitic c.). Kali jod.

Enuresis (of c.). Benz-ac. (Kali-phos.)

Gravel (in c.), with constant pulling at penis. Canth.

Incontinence from paralysis of sphincter (Caust.) (in nervous c.). Gels.

Incontinence of urine (especially in c.). Eupat-purp.

Incontinence of urine (in women and c.). Ign.

Involuntary urination at night (in c., with worms, and in chorea.). Sil.

Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in c., with crying and restlessness). Acon.

Wetting bed at night (c.), from worms. Cina.

Wetting bed at night (in c.). Equiset.

Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in c.), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.

Chill.—C. followed by pains in kidneys; nausea and vomiting without relief. Arn.

Chilliness.—C. followed by urging to urinate; urine tinged with blood. Senecio.

Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant c. and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Chilly.—Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; c. sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.

Piercing pains, as from knives plunged into kidneys; c.; inclined to vomit. Arn.

Cholera (see section on Anus, Rectum and Stool).—Suppression of urine (in c.). Carbo-v., Laur.

Chordee (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Dysuria; sometimes amounting to actual inflammation, with painful erections (as in c.). Tereb.

Chorea.—Involuntary urination at night (in children with worms and in c.). Sil.

Cider barrel.—Urine turbid, resembling remains in a c. Nitr-ac.

Clay.—Sediment like c. Am-m.

Urine deposits a reddish, clay-colored sediment, which adheres to bottom and sides of vessel like burnt c. Sep.

Clay colored.—C. urine. Anac., Berb., Cor-r., Sabad., Sars., Sulph-ac., Zinc.

C. sediment in urine. Berb., Chin-s., Cor-r., Ol-an., Tong., Zinc.

Fetid urine depositing a c. sediment, which adheres to chamber with great tenacity. Sep.

Urine deposits a reddish, c. sediment, which adheres to bottom and sides of vessel, as if it had been burnt on. Sep.

Urine turbid, c., with reddish sediment; adhering to vessel; very offensive. Sep.

Urine turbid when passed, deposits a dirty sediment; when shaken looks c. Anac.

Urine turbid, c. soon after passing. Cham.

Clay-like.—Dark-brown, scanty urine, depositing a whitish, c. sediment. Eupat-perf.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, c. mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Clay water.—Urine scanty and looks like c. Sars.

Clear (see Colorless).—Copious discharge of c., limpid urine (Phos-ac.), relieving headache. Gels. (Sang.)

Frequent and copious urination; urine as c. as water (Phos-ac.); but soon becomes turbid and cloudy. Cocc-c.

Copious micturition, especially at night, urine c. like water. Phos-ac.

Dark-colored, c. urine. Eupat-perf.

Frequent and copious urine at night, which is as c. as water. Sang.

Frequent and copious urination, which is c. or straw colored. Ox-ac.

Headache in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning, and lasts all day, with pain in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to region of kidneys, passing off with copious flow of c., watery-looking urine. Sang. (Gels.)

Painful and difficult urination, urine being c., and having a peculiar strong, pungent, fetid odor. Calc-c.

Profuse, colorless urine; c. or lemon colored. Agar.

Quick urging to urinate; flow copious and c. Arg-n. (Apoc., Phos-ac.)
Scanty urine, with headache, which passes off with profuse flow of c. urine. Sang. (Gels., Ign., Sil.)
Urine dark yellow, c. Chelid.
Urine c. but offensive (in jaundice). Chelid.
Urine red with white sediment; copious and c. as water; too frequent after exertion. Æth.
Urine pale and c. Hep-s.
Urine copious, frequent, c.; heat precipitates phosphates; contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.
Urine c., but after standing four or five hours is covered with film like a rainbow in color. Graph.
Urine c., gold colored (in dropsy). Aur.
Urine bright yellow and c. Bell.
Urine c. at first, becomes turbid on standing. Bell.
Urine bright and c., but irritating. Sars.
Urine copious and c. as water. Mosch. (Apoc., Arg-m., Phos-ac.)
Urine turbid while being emitted, depositing brown sediment, urine being c. and yellow. Ambr. (Ars.)

Clogs.—Coagulated mucus c. up urethra. Sep.

Close.—Burning and biting in fore part of urethra at c. of micturition, during stool. Mez.

Closing.—C. of meatus by mucus. Can-sat.
Eruption c. urethra by swelling. Rhus-t.

Clothing.—Burning in meatus, especially painful from rubbing of c. China.

Clots.—Hæmaturia; urination prevented by c. Cact.

Cloud.—Frequent, profuse micturition, depositing a thick white c. Phos-ac.
Urine when heated almost invariably deposits a c. of phosphates. Bell.
Yellow, gold-colored urine, with but little if any c. Ant-c.

Clouded.—Urine c. Kreas.

Clouds.—Frequent and copious urination of pale urine, with reddish c. Kali-n.

Cloudy.—Urine c. Carbo-an., Croton-tig., Lob.
C. sediment in middle of urine. Paris.
Deep-yellow urine, with light, c. sediment. Am-m.
Dark, c. sediment in urine in large quantities, with uncomfortable feeling in head. Agar.
Frequent and copious urination; urine as clear as water (Phos-ac.); but soon becomes turbid and c. Cocc-c.
Frequent urination, with greenish tinge, depositing c. sediment. Seneg.
Inflammation of base and neck of bladder, with copious c. urine, depositing much mucus or pus-like sediment. Chim.

Red, c. sediment in urine. Ambr., Nitr.

Urine turbid, with white sediment; pale, becoming c. or depositing a dingy, yellow, loose sediment. China.

Urine c., like mealy water, with white sediment. Canth.

Urine yellow as saffron, becoming c.; scanty, hot. Aloe.

Urine frequent, scanty, becoming turbid and c. Rat.

Urine at first mixed with strings of mucus, after standing it becomes thick and c. Seneg.

Urine dark red in morning; deposits a brown mucus, with dark, c. sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.

Urine becomes turbid and c., or deposits a thick, yellowish-red sediment with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.

Urine containing c. sediment. Ambr., Arum, Bry., Carbo-v., Cham., Elaps, Grat., Hydroc-ac., Merc., Nitr., Ol-an., Paris, Phos-ac., Plat., Rat., Seneg., Thuja.

Urine dark brown (Bry.), turbid and c. on standing. Caust.

Urine scanty, dark, brown, c. Opi.

Whitish, c. sediment in urine. Phos-ac., Plat.

Watery urine, becomes c. Thuja.

Coagulating.—Urine white like milk (Still.), even c. Phos-ac.

Coarse-grained.—Brick dust, or red, sandy, c. sediment in urine. Selen.

Coating.—Urine leaves a red sediment or c. on vessel. Brom.

Coffee.—Urine like c. Natr-m.

Pressure to urinate (from drinking c.). Ign.

Coffee grounds.—Dark, or black urine, with c. sediment leaving black spots on vessel (after diphtheria or scarlatina). Lach.

Urine scanty, dark, like c. Hell.

Urine black, with c. sediment; great emaciation and weakness. Tereb.

Urine with sediment like c. Hell., Tereb.

Urine dark, like c., or black. Natr-m. (Colch.). (After scarlatina. Lach.)

Cold.—Urine c. Agar., Nitr-ac.

Dropsy of uterus: red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; body c. Camph.

Hæmaturia, with burning in urethra; with c. rigors along spine. Caps.

Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and c. extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, c. sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Urine loaded with slimy mucus after being exposed to c. Can-ind.

Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from c. (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.

Urine like brown beer (Bry.), becoming turbid when c. (Cina); depositing copious sediment. Coloc.

Urine is c. when passed. Nitr-ac.

Coldness.—Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; c. in stomach. Colch.

Colic (see section on Abdomen).—C., with stranguary. Arn.

C. during micturition. Acon., Ver-a.

C., with spasm of bladder. Caps.

Incontinence of urine, sometimes accompanied with profuse sweat, with frequent watery diarrhœa and c. Acon.

Renal c. Ind., Nux-m. (Berb., Sars., Zinc.)

Renal c., with violent vomiting, moans and cries; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust deposit, or blood. Ocimum-canum.

Renal c., especially in right kidney, extending to genitals and right leg; worse lying on that side, better on back. Nux-v.

Renal c., with vomiting, anguish; red urine with brick-dust or bloody sediment. Ocimum-canum.

Uræmia with vomiting and c., with great anguish (in drunkards). Ars.

Coloring.—During night some drops of urine escape from urethra, c. shirt red. Lachn.

Colorless (see Clear).—C. urine. Kreas. (Ign., Phos-ac.)

Diabetes insipidus; must rise frequently at night to void large quantities of c. urine. Phos-ac.

Headache terminated with profuse flow of c., watery urine. Ign. (Gels., Sang., Sil.)

Profuse, c. urine; clear, or lemon colored. Agar.

Profuse, c. urine. Can-ind.

Commencement.—Burning throughout urethra at c. and end of urinating. Can-sat.

Commencing (see Beginning).—Pain and uneasiness always on c. to urinate. Acon.

Confinement (see section on Pregnancy and Parturition).—Dysuria (especially in women during pregnancy and after c.). Equiset.

Retention of urine (after c.). Ign.

Congestion.—C. of kidneys, with albuminous urine. Dulc.

C. of kidneys, it ruptures vessels and brings down products of this destruction with urine. Tereb.

Hæmaturia from passive c. of kidneys. Ham.

If desire is not attended to, feeling of c. in chest. Lil-tig.

Constipation (see section on Stool).—Discharge of blood from urethra with c. Lyc.

Ineffectual urging, with c. Sars.

Constricted.—Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was c.; has to strain to pass a few drops. Clem

Micturition slow and in thin stream (Puls.), as if urethra were c. Clem.

Constriction.—C. about bladder before passing turbid urine. Chelid.

C. of neck of bladder. Cact.

Chronic inflammation of bladder, with cutting and c. during micturition. Cub.

Cutting after micturition, with c. Cub.

Desire to urinate; but sensation as if c. by a tape prevented. Thuja.

Painful c. of bladder. Sars.

Sensation of c. on bladder. Alu., Cact., Caps., Cocc., Phos-ac., Puls., Sars.

Contact.—During micturition c. of urine causes tearing pains in urethra which are felt in whole organism. Jac-car.

Contracted.—Thin stream as if urethra were c. Graph.

Urethra c., with micturition in small, thin stream. Canth.

Contracting.—C. pain in urethra during micturition. Bry., Dig., Ind.

Contraction.—C. of kidneys. Clem.

C. of urethra. Petr.

C., with urging, sticking and burning in neck of bladder, then passage of a few drops of scalding urine. Canth.

After micturition, pressure, with sensation as if urine were retained by c. of sphincter; with same sensation at anus. Sulph.

Long-lasting c. and constriction of urethra. Clem.

Sensation of c. in urethra. Carbo-v., Clem., Cop., Dig.

Sensation of c. in bladder. Berb.

Spasmodic c. of abdomen after micturition. Natr-m.

Turbid, slimy urine, with violent c. of urethra, and pain in region of bladder. Ind.

Urethritis, with burning, bitting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic c. of sphincter. Can-sat.

Contractive.—Crampy, c. pain in region of bladder. Berb.

Cutting and c. pains from uterus down toward penis; at times pains pass from without inwards; pressure on glans somewhat relieves pain. Canth.

Convulsions.—Puerperal c. from uræmia. Apoc.

Convulsive.—Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; c. tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Copious (see Profuse and Excessive).—C. micturition at night. Phyt.

C. micturition, especially at night, urine clear like water. Phos-ac.

C. urine, with abundance of phosphates. Kali-brom.
Copious discharge of urine. Alu., Arg-n., Bar-c., Euphorb., Merc., Mur-ac., Natr-c., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Rhus-t., Sars., Samb., Spig., Squilla, Sulph , Valer., Verb.
C. discharge of urine at midnight. Coff.
C. micturition, with frequent urging. Thuja.
C. urination relieves headache. Sil. (Gels., Ign., Sang.)
C. micturition after midnight. Sulph.
C., frequent, pale and watery urine; or red as blood. Kali-jod.
C. urination, especially after stool. Aloe.
C., pale, watery urine. Æth., Staph.
C., highly albuminous urine; must rise at night to urinate. Glon.
C. discharge of clear, limpid urine (Phos-ac.), relieving headache. Gels. (Ign., Sang., Sil.)
C. discharge of very pale urine. Lact-ac.
Chronic catarrh of bladder, with c. discharge of mucus. Copaiba.
Constant urging day and night; urine c. Nux-j.
Dull aching in kidneys with c. urine. Natr-ars.
Frequent urging to urinate; always c. and with great haste. Kreas.
Frequent urging day and night, with c. micturition. Rhus-t.
Frequent urging to urinate, with c. discharge of urine. Samb.
Frequent, c., pale urine, day and night. Sars.
Frequent and c. urine at night, which is as clear as water. Sang.
Frequent, violent urging to urinate, with c. micturition. Sabin.
Frequent c. urination. Al-cep., Senecio.
Frequent urging to urinate, with c. urine. Guaj.
Frequent and c. urination of pale urine, with reddish clouds. Kali-n.
Frequent c., fetid urine, smelling like cat's urine. Viola-tr.
Frequent and sudden desire to urinate, especially at night, with c. discharge. Sulph.
Frequent, c., watery urine. Bism.
Frequent micturition, with c. foaming urine. Lach.
Frequent urging at night, with c. flow each time. Cact.
Frequent, c., turbid, thick, yellowish, fetid urine. Daph.
Frequent desire to urinate, with c. flow of light watery urine. Natr-m.
Frequent or sudden desire to urinate, cannot retain urine which is c. Natr-m.
Frequent and c. discharge of pale urine in morning. Mez.
Frequent desire to urinate, with c. discharge. Natr-c.
Frequent and c. micturition. Iod., Mur-ac., Physos., Puls., Valer., Verb.
Frequent and c. urination, which is clear or straw colored. Ox-ac.
Frequent and c. urination; urine as clear as water (Phos-ac.), but soon becomes turbid and cloudy. Cocc-c.
First effect, c. diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.

Great desire to urinate, with c. emission of watery urine. Squilla.
Headache in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning and lasts all day, with pain in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to region of kidneys, passing off with c. flow of clear, watery-looking urine. Sang. (Gels., Ign., Sil.)
Inflammation of base and neck of bladder, with c., cloudy urine, depositing much mucus or pus-like sediment. Chim.
Scanty, red urine, depositing c. white sediment, with pain across back. Kali-bi.
Pain in region of kidneys, afterwards c. micturition. Kali-brom.
Quick urging to urinate; flow c. and clear. Arg-n. (Apoc., Phos-ac.)
Urine thick and ropy, of brick color; c. bloody sediment; fever. Chim.
Urine frequent and c., must rise at night; passed without sensation. Sars.
Urine red with white sediment; c. and clear as water; too frequent after exertion. Æth.
Urine c. and pale (in nervous diseases). Alu.
Urine c., with irritation of bladder and urethra. Populus.
Urine c. in afternoon. Al-cep.
Urine c. and pale; then scanty, brown and sometimes white, like milk. Stann.
Urine c., frequent, clear; heat precipitates phosphates; contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of fat. **Natr-ars.**
Urine too frequent and too c. Thuja.
Urine scanty, dark, or c. and watery. Thuja.
Urine dark, yellow, red, c. Berb.
Urine frequent, c., pale and watery. Bell.
Urine c. and dark red; or scanty. Merc-jod.
Urine c., light yellow; diabetic; milky. Carbo-v.
Urine c. and clear as water. Mosch. (Apoc., Arg-m., **Phos-ac.**)
Urine c., with frequent urging, mostly at night. Spig.

Corpuscles.—Brown-red urine, with small red c. after standing twenty-four hours. Ant-c.

Corroding.—Acid urine, c. labia. Laur.
Urine acrid, bloody, c. prepuce. Hep-s.

Coryza.—Discharge of urine increased, with c. Al-cep.

Cough (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Atony of sphincter, urine passes involuntary with c. Squilla.
Involuntary micturition during c. Ver-a.

Coughing.—Involuntary micturition at night in bed (especially in little girls) while c. or passing flatus. Puls.
Involuntary urination while walking, c. and sneezing. Zinc. (Caust., Petr., Puls.)
Involuntary micturition on c., passing wind, during sleep. Puls. (Petr.)

Involuntary micturition at night, or when c. Thuja.
Involuntary urination when c. or laughing. Natr-m.
Involuntary discharge of urine when c. Ant-c., Sep., Ver-a. (Caust., Kreas., Natr-m., Phos., Puls., Staph., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.)
Involuntary passage of urine when c. (Colch.), sneezing, or blowing nose. Caust. (Natr-m., Puls., Zinc.)
Involuntary micturition when c. Rumex.
Incontinence of urine, with great irritation of parts, worse night and when c. Apis.
Stitches in neck of bladder when c. Caps.
Urine passed involuntarily while walking, c. or laughing. Natr-m.

Cramp-like.—C. pains in region of bladder in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chelid.

Cramps.—C. in kidneys. Ocimum-canum.
Ineffectual efforts at urination, after passing few drops pain in bladder (after much walking in order to relieve it), c. in rectum. Caust.

Crampy.—C., contractive pain in region of bladder. Berb.
Bright's disease of kidneys, with pain in small of back, bruised, c. or burning; scanty urine. Nitr.
Hæmaturia preceded by c. pain in bladder. Mez.
Spasmodic, c. straining along ureter, during passage of calculus. Bell.

Crawling.—C. in urethra. Petros.
Frequent desire to urinate, with c. stitch behind navicular fossa. Petros.
Tingling, creeping or c. through urethra. Petr.

Cream-like (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Urethra painful to touch or pressure; discharge c. Caps.

Creeping.—Tingling, c. or crawling through urethra. Petr.

Cries.—Child c. before urinating. Lach.
Infant c. and screams before urinating, which is done every few minutes. Borax.
Renal colic, with violent vomiting, moans and c.; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust deposit, or blood. Ocimum-canum.
Violent pain with strangury; c. out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Crossed.—Violent pressure in bladder from urine; sits with legs c., and though bladder is full, none is passed. Zinc.

Crusty.—C., hard sediment. Sep.

Crying.—Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; c. when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucus discharge. Erig.

Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in children, with c. and restlessness). Acon.

Crystals.—Light, flesh-colored urine, depositing a light brown, flocky, translucent sediment, with hard, solid, reddish c., adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Urine dark red; deposits red c. of uric acid. Arg-n.

Cuticle (see Pellicle, Film).—C. forming on surface of urine. Alu., Calc-c., Croton-tig., Hep-s., Iod., Lyc., Paris, Phos., Psor., Sep., Sulph., Thuja.

Urine variegated, rainbow-looking c. on its surface. Iod.

Urine blood-red, with white sedment and a c. on surface; very offensive. Sep.

Urine has variegated c. on surface. Iod., Phos.

Urine has a greasy c. on surface. Alu., Calc-c., Hep-s., Iod., Kobalt., Lyc., Paris, Petr., Phos., Puls., Sulph.

Urine thick, turbid, red deposit; c. floates on surface. Psor.

Urine rainbow-colored, irridescent, variegated c. appears on surface. Phos.

Cutting.—C. and burning in urethra, worse after urinating. Berb. (While urinating. Canth.)

C. and burning in urethra after urination. Natr-m. (Canth.)

C. after micturition, with constriction. Cub.

C. pain in urethra. Calc-ph. (Berb., Canth., Caps., Chelid., Colch., Coni., Dig., Ipec., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Sep., Zinc.)

C. and contractive pains from ureters down towards penis; at times pains pass from without inwards; pressure on glans somewhat relieves pain. Canth.

C. and burning in urethra. Aspar.

C. in meatus. Zinc.

C. pain in bladder. Berb., Canth., Caps., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Mang., Tereb.

C. in kidneys. Berb., Canth., Clem., Merc., Nux-m.

C. in urethra at end of and after micturition. Sulph.

C. in urethra during micturition. Guaj.

C. pains in bladder, with frequent desire to urinate. Æth.

C. in abdomen before micturition. Sulph.

C. pain in urethra during micturition. Coni. (Ant-c., Bry., Canth., Graph., Guaj., Hell., Iris, Merc., Nux-m., Phos., Sars., Sulph., Thuja.)

C. in urethra before micturition. Bry., Canth., Dig.

C. in bladder during micturition. Canth.

C. pain in prepuce after micturition. Berb., Canth., Dig., Natr-m.

C. in urethra while urinating. Ant-c.

C. from urethra to anus when passing last drop of urine. Arg-n. (Thuja.)

C. in middle of urethra. Mang.
Burning and c. during micturition; straining in urethra after. Mur-ac.
Burning, c. pains in female urethra during and after urinating. Berb.
Burning and c. in urethra during micturition. Nux-m.
Chronic inflammation of bladder, with c. and constriction during micturition. Cub.
Deep, dull pain in kidneys, also c. pain. Eupat-purp. (Berb.)
Dull aching pain in region of kidneys, or violent burning, c. pains from kidney to urethra. Canth.
During micturition c. pain in middle of urethra between acts. Magn-s.
Drawing and sticking in navicular fossa, followed by c. and biting after micturition. Petros.
Frequent, almost ineffectual, urging to urinate, with c. pains; during micturition. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)
Hæmaturia, with nausea and c. pains in abdomen and urethra (from suppression of itch). Ipec.
Intense burning and c. pain during micturition. Sep.
Jerking and c. in urethra after urinating. Lyc.
Paroxysmal c. and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.
Sharp, c. pain in urethra. Equiset.
Stream interrupted from spasm of neck of bladder; c. in urethra. Opi.
Sticking, c. pains, or soreness in anterior part of urethra. Lach.
Violent burning, c. pains in neck of bladder, extending to navicular fossa of urethra. Canth.
Violent burning, c. pains in urethra, before, during and after micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)
Violent sticking, c. pain from kidneys into bladder and urethra. Berb. (Cocc-c.)

Cylindrical.—Albuminous urine, containing c. casts, mucus and shreds; looks jelly-like. Canth.

Cystitis.—C. Canth. (The cystitis calling for this remedy is of the most highly inflammatory character; it may be associated with general fever or chill; always with most terrible distress in neck of bladder.—T. F. Allen's Handbook of Materia Medica.)
C. Caust., Uva.
C.; tenesmus, with frequent urging; urine scanty, dark. Squilla.
C.; acute inflammation, with agony at thought of urinating. Acon.
Acute c. Bell.
Chronic c., with milky deposit of bad odor. Lyc.
Nephritis; c.; urethritis; strangury. Tereb. (If there is no blood in urine this remedy will fail.)
Turbid, milky urine, with an offensive purulent sediment (in c.). Lyc.

Dark.—D. urine. Bell., Carbo-v., Colch., Eugen., Hep-s., Merc., Sep., Tart-em., Ver-a.

D. colored clear urine. Eupat-perf.

D. red, watery urine, quickly decomposing. **Asclep-tub.**

D. yellow urine (with jaundice). Sang.

D., cloudy sediment in urine in large quantities, with uncomfortable feeling in head. Agar.

D., bloody urine, almost like ink, with strangury. **Colch.**

D. yellow urine. Hep-s.

D. red urine, with red sediment, and a greasy pellicle on surface. Paris.

D. brown, scanty urine, depositing a whitish, clay-like sediment. Eupat-perf.

D. or black urine, with coffee-grounds sediment leaving black spots on vessel (after diphtheria or scarlatina). Lach.

Burning after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate frequently, although but a few drops of d. yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a burning pain. Ang.

Cystitis: tenesmus, with frequent urging; urine scanty, d. Squilla.

Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty, thin stream, or d. urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.

Inflammation of kidneys, ureters, bladder and urethra, with scanty, turbid, d., urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.

Micturition difficult, with d., reddish-brown deposit. **Lith-c.**

Meatus swollen and d. red. Nitr-ac.

Painful micturition, passed drop by drop; urine scanty, fiery, scalding hot, red or d. colored. Acon. (Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.)

Subacute inflammation of bladder, with very offensive, d. brown urine and frequent urging. Lach.

Scanty emission of d. yellow urine. Arg-n.

Scanty discharge of d., turbid urine, with tenesmus and burning. Colch. (Canth., Merc cor.)

Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing and can scarcely believe in d. that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Urine scanty, d. red. Bapt., Ipec., Polyp., Selen.

Urine d. red, containing much flocculent matter. Cycl.

Urine d. and scanty; turbid, depositing a red sediment. **Plumb.**

Urine scanty, d., acrid. Lith-c.

Urine frequent and abundant, and of a d. color. Agn.

Urine d., scanty; brick-dust sediment. Arn. (Lyc., Natr-m., Phos.)

Urine d. and scanty (in ascites and all kinds of dropsy). Apis.

Urine scanty and d., with d., floating specks. Hell.

Urine d., brownis-hred, turbid, with strong odor. Tart-em.

Urine scanty and d., painful in passing. **Fluor-ac.**
Urine scanty, d.; like coffee grounds. **Hell.**
Urine very d. Hydr.
Urine d. brown (Bry.), turbid and cloudy on standing. **Caust.**
Urine stains diaper d. yellow. Chelid.
Urine d., turbid, scanty; brick-dust sediment (of phosphates). China. (Arn., Natr-m., Nuph., Phos.)
Urine d., brownish-red, like beer. Chelid. (Benz-ac.)
Urine containing filaments, flocks, or d., flesh-like pieces of mucus. Merc-cor.
Urine d., thick, ammoniacal. Iod.
Urine d. red, leaving a deep-red stain on vessel. Phyt.
Urine d. yellow, fetid, sour, or like horse's urine; deposits a sediment of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)
Urine thick and d. when passing. Merc-bij.
Urine d. and turbid; sediment like brick dust. Natr-m.
Urine d., like coffee grounds, or black. Natr-m. (Colch.) (After scarlatina. Lach.)
Urine scanty, d. red; reddish sediment on standing. Sang.
Urine d. red in morning; deposits a brown mucus, with d., cloudy sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.
Urine scanty, d., or copious and watery. **Thuja.**
Urine scanty, d. brown, cloudy. Opi.
Urine d. red and hot. Hep-s.
Urine d. smoky color; alkaline. Carb-ac. (Benz-ac.)
Urine copious and d. red; or scanty. Merc-jod.
U. d. red, turbid; deposits a sediment. Merc.
Urine d. and frothy. Seneg.
Urine d. red. Hep-s., Merc., Tart-em. (Ant-c., Ipec., Merc-jod., Sulph-ac.)
Urine d. and muddy; d. brown sediment; yellow (Ambr.), with thick mucous sediment. Æsc. (Berb.)
Urine hot, white, muddy or pale, with white sediment; or d., becoming turbid. Rhus-t.
Urine d. brown. Tart-em. (Calc-c., Caust., Colch., Dig., Eupat-perf., Nitr-ac., Opi., Petr., Puls.)
Urine d. and of strong odor. Dros.
Urine d. yellowish green. Iod.
Urine d. thick, muddy and turbid. Sabad.
Urine scanty and d., almost brown; deposits white sediment. **Bry.**
Urine d. yellow, red, copious. Berb.
Urine scanty, d., turbid. Dig.
Urine d. brown; yellow sediment. Bar-c.
Urine highly colored, d. reddish brown. Benz-ac.
Urine d. red; deposits red crystals of uric acid. **Arg-n.**
Urine scanty and d. Brom.

Urine very d., without sediment. Calc-c.
Urine d. colored, with bran-like sediment. Cedron.

Day.—Constant urging d. and night; urine copious. Nux-j.
Constant urging, and frequent emission of urine, every other d.; passes much at night. Bar-c.
Desire to urinate d. and night. Carbo-v., Natr-m. (Cact., Cast., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Magn-m., Merc., Natr-c., Sars.)
Difficulty in urinating all d. Meph.
Frequent urination during d., with dull headache moving from sinciput to occiput and finally settling in left temple. Lil-tig.
Frequent micturition during d., with smarting in urethra. Lil-tig.
Frequent desire to urinate d. and night, with scanty discharge. Magn-m.
Frequent urging d. and night, with copious micturition. Rhus-t.
Frequent, copious, pale urine, d. and night. Sars.
Incontinence of urine night or d. Arg-n.
Involuntary urination, especially during d., when walking about. Ferr.
Involuntary discharge of urine d. and night. Caust.
Involuntary discharge of urine in d. time. Fluor-ac.
Involuntary micturition at night, and during d. when walking. Ruta.
Urinates frequently d. and night; attempt to retain it causes pain. I act-ac.
Urine scanty in d. time. Lyc.
Urine straw colored; urinates frequently d. and night. Abies-c.
Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during d. Caust.

Debility.—Constant desire to urinate, with great d. and acid stomach. Lith-c.
Diabetes insipidus; urine very profuse and light colored, with great d. and emaciation. Helon.
Emaciation, d., and tendency to ascites or general dropsy, from derangement of kidneys. Uran-n.
Hæmaturia, with great d. Rhus-a.
Urine loaded with lithic acid and lithates, with great d. Caust.

Decomposed.—Urine smells d. Hydr.

Decomposes.—Pain in kidneys; urine like milk, mixed with jelly-like lumps, d. rapidly. Phos-ac.
Urine ammoniacal, d. rapidly, smells like ottorrhœa. Aur.

Decomposing.—Dark-red, watery urine, quickly d. Asclep-tub.

Degeneration.—D. of kidneys, with albuminuria or glycosuria. Uran-n.
Albuminuria from fatty d. of kidneys. Crotal., Cupr.
Fatty d. of kidneys. Phyt.

Delay.—D. in starting urine. Kali-bi.
D. of last few drops of urine. Caust.

Delayed.—Pain in bladder if call to urinate is d. Sulph-ac.

Deposit.—D. of a straw-colored, yellow, granular, or brick-dust sediment. Chin-s.

D. of uric acid; reddish-yellow sediment. Natr-s.

Chronic cystitis, with milky d. of bad odor. Lyc.

Large d. of uric acid and urates from urine, on standing. Cocc-c.

Micturition difficult, with dark, reddish-brown d. Lith-c.

Renal colic, with violent vomiting, moans and cries; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust d., or blood. Ocimum-canum.

Urine with thick, yellowish d. Uran-n.

Urine milky, with d. of mucus. Dulc.

Urine turbid, with d. of mucus. Lith-c.

Urine deep red, with copious red d. Lob.

Urine scanty, retained or suppressed; turbid, with muco-purulent d. with red, sandy sediment. Hyos.

Urine thick, turbid, red d.; cuticle floats on surface. Psor.

Depositing.—Dark brown, scanty urine, d. a whitish, clay-like sediment. Eupat-perf.

Fetid urine d. a clay-colored sediment, which adheres to chamber with great tenacity. Sep.

Frequent, profuse micturition, d. a thick white cloud. Phos-ac.

Frequent urination, with greenish tinge, d. cloudy sediment. Seneg.

Light flesh-colored urine, d. a light-brown, flocky, translucent sediment, with hard, solid, reddish crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Urine milky white, d. flocculent, white, sandy sediment. Phos.

Urine dark and scanty; turbid, d. a red sediment. Plumb.

Urine turbid, with white sediment; pale, becoming cloudy or d. a dingy, yellow, loose sediment. China.

Urine turbid while being emitted, d. brown sediment, urine being clear and yellow. Ambr. (Ars.)

Deposits.—Dropsy of uterus; red, sometimes greenish urine, d. a thick sediment; passed slowly; bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.

Urine when heated, almost invariably d. a cloud of phosphates Bell.

Urine d. a pinkish sediment. Bry.

Urine dark red; d. red crystals of uric acid. Arg-n.

Urine d. a sediment of mucus. Equiset.

Urine d. a thick, reddish or mahogany-colored sediment, with floating, jelly-like flocks. Laur.

Urine becomes turbid and thick on standing, and d. a white sediment. Hep-s.

Urine becomes turbid and d. a white or reddish sediment. Graph. (Berb.)

Urine d. a red, sandy sediment which adheres to vessel. Nuph.

Urine d. a pus-like sediment. Clem.

Urine d. a yellowish, pasty sediment; putrid, fetid. Sep.
Urine d. a fine white sediment which adheres to glass. Canth.
Urine d. a red coating on sides of vessel. Cimex.
Urine d. brick-dust sediment. Cocc-c. (Lyc.)
Urine becomes turbid and cloudy, or d. a thick, rellowish-red sediment with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.
Urine turbid when passed, d. a d rty sediment; when shaken looks clay colored. Anac.
Urine turbid and bloody; offensive; it d. a red, slimy sand, which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)
Urine dark yellow, fetid, sour or like horse's urine: d. a sediment of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)
Urine d. a reddish, clay-colored sediment, which adheres to bottom and sides of vessel, as if it had been burnt. Sep.
Urine turbid, and d. a whitish sediment adhering to vessel. Brom.
Urine dark red in morning; d. a brown mucus, with dark, cloudy sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.
Urine scanty and dark, almost brown; d. white sediment. Bry.
Urine d. a thick, muddy, light-yellow sediment, looks like wine, with odor of violets. Tereb.

Desire.—D. to urinate; but sensation as if constriction by a tape prevented. Thuja.
D. to urinate when lifting a load. Bry.
D. to urinate; no urging, only a sensation of fullness indicates necessity for urinating. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.
D. to urinate with burning in abdomen. Lach.
D. to urinate with pale face. Phos-ac.
D. to urinate (in pregnant women). Puls.
D. to urinate day and night. Carbo-v., Natr-m. (Cact., Cast., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Magn-m., Merc., Natr-c., Sars.
D. to urinate; can only pass urine in a sitting posture. Zinc.
D. to urinate, but scanty emisssion. Sil.
D. to urinate in evening. Sabad. (Am-c., Bell.)
D. to urinate with vertigo. Hyper.
D. to urinate with pain in abdomen. Lach., Puls.
D. to urinate with pain in bladder. Hell., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Ruta, Sulph-ac.
D. to urinate with pain in groin. Rhod.
D. to urinate in afternoon. Bell.
D. to urinate in morning. Ambr., Berb.
D. to urinate; urine can be passed only during stool. Aloe, Alu.
D. to urinate with pain in perinæum. Tart-em.
D. to urinate; urine more abundant during stool. Am-m., Ox-ac.
D. to urinate with pain in back and loins. Lach.
D. to urinate with tearing in urethra. Hypr.
D. to urinate; urine can only be passed on standing. Sars.

D. to urinate; urine only reaches glans, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

D. to urinate, with ineffectual urging. Acon., Canth., Cop., Dig., Petros., Sars.

D. continues after micturition. Bov., Cact., Calc-c., Coni., Guaj., Laur., Ruta.

D. to urinate at night. Ars., Calc-c., Hyper., Kreas., Lach., Magn-m., Meph., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sabin., Samb., Spig., Tart-em., Thuja.

D. to urinate with heat. Phos-ac.

D. to urinate with thirst. Phos-ac.

D. to urinate without being able to pass a drop. Borax. (Canth.)

Atony of bladder; no d. to urinate, and no power to do so (especially after parturition). Ars.

Awakens at night, with erection and d. to urinate. Hep-s.

Anxious d. to urinate. Acon., Carbo-v., Dig. (Cham., Graph., Phos-ac., Phyt.)

Bladder feels full, without d. to urinate. Calad.

Bearing down over bladder, with frequent d. to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.

Constant d. to urinate, caused by irritation of urethra. Cact.

Constant d. to urinate, with great debility and acid stomach. Lith-c.

Constant d. to urinate, felt deep in abdomen. Dulc.

Constant d. to urinate; even after frequent passage bladder feels full. Eupat-purp.

Constant d. to urinate. Absinth., Anac., Asar., Aur., Berb., Equiset., Kali-bi., Millef., Phos-ac., Ver-a.

Constant d., but no urine is passed. Merc.

Constant d. to urinate, with tickling sensation in meatus. Brom.

Continual d. to urinate, with painful bearing down in pelvis, in morning. Sep.

Cutting pains in bladder, with frequent d. to urinate. Æth.

Children afraid to urinate, are frantic when d. comes on. Borax.

Dysuria (of teething children); frequent d.; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Dysuria and frequent d. to urinate, with pain and heat. Nitr.

Dull pain in region of right kidney, with urgent d. to urinate. Equiset.

Frequent d. to urinate, with copious discharge. Natr-c.

Frequent d. to urinate, even after urinating. Bov.

Frequent, anxious d. to urinate in evening. Kreas., Lyc., Sabad., Sep., Zinc.

Frequent d. to urinate; urine scanty and burning. Sars.

Frequent and sudden d. to urinate, especially at night, with copious discharge. Sulph.

Frequent or sudden d. to urinate, cannot retain urine which is copious. Natr-m.

Frequent d. to urinate, with scanty discharge. Anac., Bell., Dig., Hell., Led., Meny., Merc., Nitr-ac., Staph., Tart-em. (Am-c., Ang., Ant-c., Camph., Caust., Chelid., Cupr., Dros., Euphorb., Hyos., Kali-c., Kobalt., Lach., Laur., Magn-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Opi., Pareira, Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Raph., Rat., Ruta, Sabad., Sabin., Sars., Sil., Spong.)

Frequent d. to urinate, with copious flow of light watery urine. Natr-m.

Frequent d. to urinate; she cannot retain her water for a moment. Merc-bij.

Frequent d. to urinate; urine scanty, with tenesmus of bladder after. Mur-ac.

Frequent, unsuccessful d. to urinate. Caps.

Frequent d., with urging. Helon.

Frequent and violent d., with much urine each time. Ant-c.

Frequent d. with passage only of a few drops. Apis. (Canth.)

Frequent d. to urinate, with crawling stitch behind navicular fossa. Petros.

Frequent d. to urinate day and night, with scanty discharge. Magn-m.

Frequent d. to urinate, with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; sweetish, profuse at night; diabetes. Arg-m.

Frequent d. to urinate large quantities. Lact-ac.

Frequent micturition, quantity growing less each time, while d. increases. Equiset.

Frequent d. to urinate, and pain during act. Actea-s.

Frequent d. to urinate. Bov., Caust., Cic-v., Cop., Hell., Kali-c., Led., Lyc., Mang., Merc., Millef., Mur-ac., Petros., Puls., Rhus-t., Sabad., Samb., Sep., Spig., Stann., Staph., Sulph., Thuja, Verb.

Great d. to urinate; cannot retain urine. Bar-c.

Great d. to urinate, with copious emission of watery urine. Squilla.

Horrid dreams, with frequent waking and d. to urinate. Kali-c.

Itching at meatus, with d. to urinate. Coloc.

Itching in urethra with d. to urinate. Coloc.

Increased d. to urinate after a few drops have passed, causing patient to walk about in distress, although motion increases d. Dig.

If d. is not attended to, feeling of congestion in chest. Lil-tig.

Jerking, twitching and burning in urethra, with frequent d. to urinate. Phos.

Painful d., with bloody urine, requiring great effort. Sulph.

Painful d. to urinate. Acon., Bov., Can-sat., Graph., Hell., Kali-jod., Tart-em., Ver-a.

Pain in bladder, with feeling of fullness and d., but unable to urinate. Opi.

Paralysis of blader (after parturition); no d. Ars., Caust.

Retention of urine, with frequent and urgent d.; occasionally a few drops or small quantity may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)

Sudden and irresistible d. to urinate. Ign., Phos-ac.

Sudden d. to urinate. Bar-c., Bry., Merc., Nitr-ac., Ruta. (Ambr., Ign., Phos-ac., Puls., Rhus-t., Spong., Sulph.)

Sensation of fullness in bladder without d. to urinate. Calad., Pallad., Stann., Ver-a.

Strangury, with constant, irresistible d. to urinate. Petros.

Urgent d. to urinate, with itching in female meatus during micturition. Petr.

Urgent d. to urinate. Acon., Borax, Can-sat., Hyos., Kalm., Lith-c., Lyc., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Sep. (Alu., Am-c., Arn., Bar-c., Berb., Carbo-an., Colch., Coloc., Coni., Euphorb., Pareira, Paris, Phos-ac., Sabad., Sec., Squilla, Staph., Viola-tr.)

Violent d. to urinate, with inability to retain urine. Natr-m.

With nausea, there is a spasm of drawing pain at neck of bladder and d. to urinate. Jatr.

Desires.—Dull pressing in region of bladder, d. to but cannot urinate. Lyc.

Despondency.—Albuminuria (during pregnancy), with general anasarca and d. Aur.

Destruction.—Congestion of kidneys, it ruptures fine vessels and brings down products of this d. with urine. Tereb.

Diabetes.—D. Carb-ac., Carbo-v., Kreas., Phos-ac., Rhus-a., Tereb. (Bar-m., Bov., China, Led., Magn-c., Natr-m., Phos., Squilla, Tart-em., Thuja.)

D. (both mellitus and insipidus). Uran-n. (Dr. Hughes considers it best suited to cases of diabetes originating in dyspepsia or assimilative derangements, while Phos-ac. is better adapted to those of a nervous origin.)

D. mellitus. Lyc.

D. mellitus; large quantities of sugar in urine, with emaciation, thirst, restlessness and melancholia. Helon.

D. insipidus; must rise frequently at night to void large quantities of colorless urine. Phos-ac.

D. (with phthisis). Phos.

D. insipidus; urine very profuse and light colored, with great debility and emaciation. Helon.

D. insipidus. Caust., Eupat-purp.

D., with impaired memory; dryness of mouth. Kali-brom.

D., with canine hunger. Iod.

D.; urine loaded with sugar. Kali-brom.

Obstinate sleepiness in d. Uran-n.

Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; sweetish, profuse at night; d. Arg-m. (This remedy has made some cures of d. Mosch.)

Diabetic.—Urine copious, light yellow; d.; milky. Carbo-v.

Diaper.—Before urinating, child screams with pain; red sand on d. Lyc.

Sand in urine or on d.; child screamed before and during urination. Sars.

Urine stains d. dark yellow. Chelid.

Diarrhœa (see section on Stool).—Flow of urine with d. Bell., Puls.

Flow of urine with d. and perspiration. Acon.

Incontinence of urine, sometimes accompanied with profuse sweat, with frequent, watery d. and colic. Acon.

Difficult.—D., scanty urination. Bell., Gum-gut. (Acon., Canth.)

D. urination (with children). Apis.

D. micturition; urine passed only in drops. Plumb. (Bell.)

D. discharge of urine. Dig. (Ant-c., Apis, Arn., Ars., Bell., Camph., Can-sat., Canth., Clem., Coni., Dros., Dulc., Euphorb., Hep-s., Magn-m., Pareira, Petr., Plumb., Puls., Ran-b., Sec., Staph., Sulph., Tart-em., Thuja.)

D. and scanty urination, with frequent urging, and sometimes pinching around umbilicus. Acon.

D. urination, with fainting (syncope). Sars.

Micturition d., with dark, reddish-brown deposit. Lith-c.

Micturition d., as if there were almost no urine in bladder, and yet, great urging to urinate. Dig.

Micturition frequent, scanty, d., involuntary. Hyos.

Painful and d. urination, urine being clear, and having a peculiar strong, pungent, fetid odor. Calc-c.

Urination d., from spasmodic inflammatory condition of neck of bladder. Hyos.

Difficulty.—D. in urinating all day. Meph.

D. in urinating, especially in morning, with a feeling as if drops came out of bladder, which is not true. Sep.

Burning in urethra during micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and d. in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.

Great d. in urinating; cannot without pressing and straining. Hyos.

Lithiasis; increase of uric-acid and urates; urine voided with much d., as if sphincters were paralyzed. Sep.

Straining and d. in beginning to urinate. Chim.

Urine scanty, passed with d.; burning during emission. Ars.

Digging.—Sticking, d., tearing, or pulsative pain in region of one or other of kidneys. Berb.

Dilation.—D. of meatus urinarius. Cop.

Diminished.—Discharge of urine d., although he drinks much. Kreas., Rhus-t.

Discharge of urine d. Bry., Colch., Coloc., Seneg., Sulph-ac.
Discharge of urine d., with burning. Colch.
Urine much d.; bloody, turbid and of peculiar odor. Hyper.
Uric acid d. one-half. China.

Dingy.—Urine turbid, with white sediment; pale, becoming cloudy or depositing a d., yellow, loose sediment. China.

Diphtheria (see section on Throat).—Albuminuria (after d. or Bright's disease of kidneys). Merc-cor.
Dark or black urine, with coffee-grounds sediment leaving black spots on vessel (after d. or scarlatina). Lach.
Loss of power of bladder (especially in old people, or following d.). Gels.

Dirty.—D., yellow urine, with sediment like yeast. Raph.
Urine turbid, with d., yellow sediment. Nux-v.
Urine turbid when passed, deposits a d. sediment; when shaken looks clay colored. Anac.

Discharge (see Male Sexual Organs).—D. of offensive mucus during micturition. Lach.
D. of pus from urethra, with itching and redness at meatus. Led.
D. of mucus from urethra during and after urination. Natr-m. (Merc-cor.)
D. of mucus after micturition. Murex, Phos-ac.
D. of mucus after urinating, causing itching and burning. **Natr-m.**
D. of a few drops of blood after micturition. Mez.
D. of blood, with pains in stomach and vomiting. Ipec.
D. of a thin, gelatinous fluid after micturition. Natr-m.
D. of blood after micturition. Hep-s., Zinc.
D. of urine increased, with coryza. Al-cep.
D. of blood from urethra, with burning. Ambr., China, Graph., Kali-c., Puls., Seneg.
D. of viscid mucus. Agar., Bov., Dig., Nitr-ac., **Nux-v.**, Phos., Tart-em.
D. of bloody pus and mucus from urethra. Nitr-ac.
After micturition, d. of prostatic fluid. Daph.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with white d. Caps., Cinnab., **Ferr., Kobalt.**, Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with green d. Kobalt.
Gonorrhœa: first thin, then thicker d. Merc-cor.
Ulcers in urethra; bloody mucous or purulent d. Nitr-ac.
Urethra painful to touch or pressure; d. cream-like. Caps.
When passing stool, d. of prostatic fluid. Agn. (Phos-ac.)
Yellow d. from urethra. Petros. (Hydr., Puls.)

Discharges.—Irritability of bladder, with muco-purulent d. and sediment of urate of ammonia. Benz-ac.

Displaced (see section on Uterus).—Violent dysuria after jolting ride during pregnancy, or from d. uterus. Eupat-purp.

Distended.—Bladder feels d. Physos.
Dragging in bladder as if d. Dig.
Fundus of bladder paralyzed and bladder enormously d. Gels.
Feeling as if bladder were greatly d. Sep.
Pain in bladder as if d. Equiset.
Retention of urine; bladder d. Hell.
Distention.—Tenderness and d. over region of bladder. Sars.
Distress.—Acute nephritis, with extreme d. in bladder, urine scanty, bloody or albuminous. Canth. (Tereb.)
Hæmaturia, with burning d. in urethra. Acon. (Canth.)
Increased desire to urinate after a few drops have passed, causing patient to walk about in d. although motion increases desire. Dig.
Diuresis.—D. Aur.
D., with headache or profuse sweat. Acon.
First effect, copious d.; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.
Divided.—Urine passed in a split, d. or double stream. Rhus-t. (Clem.)
Urine passes in thin, d. stream. Canth. (Can-sat.)
Double.—Burning in urethra at every effort, bending him d. Prun-s.
Urine passed in a split, divided or d. stream. Rhus-t. (Clem.)
Down.—Sensation of fullness in bladder after micturition, with feeling on every step as if it moved up and d. Ruta.
Dragging.—D. in bladder, as if distended. Dig.
D. towards ureters, like labor pains, with frequent urging to urinate. Cham.
D. pain in bladder, with spasmodic trembling pains in inguinal region. Chelid.
D. and urging in morning after urinating. Sulph.
Drawing.—D. pain in spermatic cord, while urinating. Canth.
D. in kidneys. Clem., Nux-m., Tereb.
D. and sticking in navicular fossa, followed by cutting and biting after micturition. Petros.
D. from perinæum to urethra. Kali-bi.
D. in seminal cord during micturition. Bell., Canth., Caps., Clem.
D. pain in bladder. Berb., Rhod.
D. in urethra. Petros. (Puls., Zinc.)
D. in fossa navicularis. Petros.
Burning and d. from right kidney to hip. Tereb.
Intensely painful d. in urethra. Zinc.
Lacerating and d. in urethra after urinating, early in morning. Carbo-v.
Frequent urging to urinate, with drawing in neck of bladder. Rhod.
Painful d. from perinæum into urethra. Kali-bi.
Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with d. when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.
Violent burning, d. pains in region of kidneys. Tereb.

With nausea, there is a spasm of d. pain at neck of bladder and desire to urinate. Jatr.

Dreams (see section on Sleep).—Horrid d., with frequent waking and desire to urinate. Kali-c.

Dribble.—Retention of urine with frequent and urgent desire; occasionally a few drops or small quantity may d. away. **Caust.** (Acon.)

Dribbles.—Urine d. out after stream ceases. **Can-ind.**

Urine d.; is dark-red and fetid. Plumb.

Urine d. (from paralysis of bladder). **Nux-v.**

Dribbling.—D. of urine. Rhus t.

D. from weakness of sphincter vesicæ. **Agar.**

D. after micturition. Clem., Coni., **Thuja.**

D. of urine when at stool. Kali-brom.

D. of blood after micturition. Thuja.

D. of urine after stool or micturition. Selen. (Petr.)

D. of urine in drops, while sitting or walking. Puls.

D. of urine, with burning after micturition. Brom.

After urinating, urging, as if the bladder were not emptied, with d. Staph.

Constant d. of urine after urination. Petr.

Constant d. of urine. Stram., Verb.

Feeling as if molten or hot lead were d. through urethra. Canth.

Involuntary d. of urine. Arn., Bell., Caust., Petr., Puls., Spig.

Involuntary d., with burning in meatus. Spig.

Involuntary d. after micturition and stool. Caust., Petr., Selen., Stram.

Involuntary micturition; constant d.; paralysis of sphincter vesicæ. Bell.

Sensation of d. Lact., Thuja.

Urging, with d. after micturition. Graph.

Drink.—Urinates much more than quantity of drink taken would indidate, especially in morning; followed by dull pain in region of kidneys. Ambr.

Drinking.—Pain in bladder increased by d. even small quantity of water. Canth.

Urine scanty, though d. much. Kreas.

Drinks.—Discharge of urine diminished, although he d. much. Kreas., Rhus-t.

Frequent micturition with great thirst; d. all time. Petr.

Drop.—After micturition, sensation as if d. remained in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.

After micturition sensation as if a d. remained. Kali-bi.

Burning in back part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one d. remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.

Desire to urinate without being able to pass a d. Borax. (Canth.)

Painful micturition, passed d. by d.; urine scanty, fiery, scalding hot, red or dark colored. Acon. (Apis., Ars., Bell., Canth.)

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition d. by d. of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Retention of urine, which passes d. by d. Bell. (Canth., Nux-v.)

Sensation as if d. remained in upper part of urethra. Kali-bi.

Sensation as if a d. remained in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.

Sensation in urethra near meatus as if a biting d. were forcing its way out. Selen.

Urging to urinate but cannot pass a d. Can-ind.

Urine scalds and passes d. by d. Canth. (Acon.)

Dropping.—Tenesmus of bladder, with involuntary d. of urine. Arn.

Drops.—Urine by d. Camph. (Bell., Canth., Nux-v.)

After much straining and pressing, with much pain, a few d. of blood are passed. Hell.

After micturition, sensation as if a few d. were running through urethra. Thuja.

Burning after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate frequently, although but a few d. of dark-yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a burning pain. Ang.

Constant urging while urine passes involuntarily in d. Arn.

Constant urging; passes few d. of blood. Thuja.

Contraction, with urging, sticking and burning in neck of bladder, then passage of a few d. of scalding urine. Canth.

Continual urging, with scanty discharge; a few d. passed involuntarily. Sulph.

During night some d. of urine escape from urethra, coloring shirt red. Lachn.

During motion some d. of urine pass out of urethra without sensation. Bry.

Dysuria, with passage of only a few d. of bloody urine, which causes most severe burning, cutting pain along urethra. Canth.

Dysuria; frequent urging, at first only a few d., then usual stream. Kali-n.

Discharge of a few d. of blood after micturition. Mez.

Discharge of a few d. after urinating. Kali-c.

Difficult micturition; urine passed only in d. Plumb. (Bell.)

Difficulty in urinating, especially in morning, with a feeling as if d. came out of bladder, which is not true. Sep.

Delay of last few d. of urine. Caust.

Dribbling of urine in d. while sitting or walking. Puls.

Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty discharge, frequently only in d. Dros.

Frequent desire with passage only of a few d. Apis. (Canth.)

Frequent effort, with passage of a few d. of urine. Eupat-purp.
Frequent urination; passed in d. with much pain. Merc-cor.
Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty thin stream, or dark urine in d. (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating.) Staph.
Increased desire to urinate after a few d. have passed, causing patient to walk about in distress, although motion increases desire. Dig.
Ineffectual efforts at micturition, after passing a few d. pain in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.
Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few d. Clem.
Last d. cause much pain. Clem.
Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine d. vertically without force. Hep-s.
Much pressing and straining to pass a few d. of urine, with feeling as if more remained. Pareira.
Painful pressure about bladder and urethra, discharge of a few d. of urine, with mucous sediment. Dulc.
Painful, ineffectual urging to urinate; urine passes in d., with tearing and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.
Pain in prepuce during micturition; last few d. cause violent burning Clem.
Passes a few d. of urine, with violent erection. Natr-c.
Profuse flow of straw-colored urine; or passes in d. with much burning. Cact.
Retention of urine with frequent and urgent desire; occasionally a few d. or small quantity may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)
Retention of urine, or discharge by d. with burning. Sabin.
Region of bladder sore to touch; urine passes in a thin stream, or in d. containing blood and pus. Merc.
Sensation as if a few d. passed through urethra. Ambr.
Tenesmus of bladder, with a passage of a few d. of blood-red urine. Rhus-t.
Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few d. causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweet on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.
Urine passes by d., leaving a sensation as if some remained in bladder. Magn-m.
Urine passes in a thin, feeble stream, or in d. Sars.
Urine passed in d. with great pain. Merc-cor.
Urine suppressed, or passes in d. Merc-sol.

Urine is emitted by d., as in spasmodic stricture. Clem. (Coni.)

Urine discharged by d. Can-sat., Canth., Euphorb., Puls., Sulph. (Agar., Ang., Ant-c., Arn., Ars., Aur., Bell., Cact., Camph., Caps., Caust., Clem., Coni., Cop., Dig., Dros., Dulc., Graph., Gum-gut., Kali-c., Lyc., Magn-m., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-cor., Nux-m., Nux-v., Pareira, Petr., Phos-ac., Plumb., Prun-s., Rhus-t., Sabin., Sec., Sil., Spig., Staph., Stram., Tart-em., Tereb., Thuja, Zinc.)

Urine d. out perpendicularly. Hep-s.

Urging yet only a few d. pass, until next stool, when it flows freely. Am-m.

Dropsy.—D. with suppression of urine. Dig.

D. with sinking feeling at pit of stomach. Apoc.

D. of uterus; red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.

D. with suppression of urine (result of kidney disease). Hell.

D. from disease of kidneys. Chim., Chloralum.

Ascites, and general d. from disease of kidneys (especially albuminuria after scarlatina). Copaiba.

Albuminuria, with d. (after scarlatina, and in Bright's disease of kidneys). Ars.

Abdominal d. with scanty urine. Squilla.

Emaciation, debility, and tendency to ascites or general d. from derangement of kidneys. Uran-n.

First effect, copious diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal d. Apoc.

Gravel, renal d. and irritable bladder. Eupat-purp.

Hydrothorax; d. Lycop-v. (Two cases cured by the author, which were the result of the young men drinking too much ice-water. The urine was scanty and thick with whitish sediment, which turned rusty-colored after standing awhile. The first two or three doses of the third dilution in water started the urine and it continued to flow copiously as long as the condition existed.)

Post-scarlatinal d. with general anasarca. Apoc.

Scanty, dark-colored urine (in d.). Apoc.

Urine dark and scanty (in ascites and all kinds of d.). Apis.

Urine scanty; loaded with phosphates and urate of ammonia (in renal d.). Aspar.

Urine clear, gold-colored (in d.). Aur.

Drunkards.—Uræmia with vomiting and colic, with great anguish, (especially in d.). Ars.

Drunken.—Pain in thekidneys, in alternation with giddiness as if d. Alu.

Dry.—Frequent, painful, scanty, bloody urination; with alternations of d. skin and perspiration. Apis.

Dryness—Diabetes with impaired memory; d. of mouth. Kali-brom.

Dull.—Urinates much more than quantity of drink taken would indidate, especially in morning; followed by a d. pain in region of kidneys. Ambr.

During.—D. micturition contact of urine causes tearing pains in urethra which are felt in whole organism. Jac-car.

D. micturition feces escape. Squilla.

D. micturition soreness and smarting in vulva. Natr-m.

D. micturition much straining and prolapsus recti. Valer.

D. urination, stitches in bladder, smarting, burning in urethra. Natr-m.

D. micturition, heat and burning in urethra. Kali-bi.

D. micturition, cutting pain in middle of urethra between acts. Magn-s.

D. micturition, flow intermits. Coni.

Burning in urethra d. micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and difficulty in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.

Burning d. and after urination. Coni.

Burning and smarting d. micturition. Magn-c.

Burning in urethra d. and after micturition. Grat., Sulph., Tart-em.

Burning d. micturition (in female urethra). Lyc.

Burning and scalding d. micturition. Helon.

Burning and cutting in urethra d. micturition. Nux-m.

Burning before, d. and after micturition, sending a thrill to cheeks and hands. Can-ind.

Burning and smarting in urethra, from meatus backward; stitches posteriorly d. micturition. Can-sat.

Burning and scalding, or stinging pain in urethra before, d. and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)

Burning at meatus before, d. and after urination. Caps. (Canth.)

Burning d. and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore, as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drops remained. Arg-n.

Burning in urethra d. and after micturition. Kali-c.

Burning in urethra d. scanty micturition. Kali-n.

Burning, smarting, or soreness in urethra d. micturition. Ign.

Burning in glands of urethra d. and after urination. Kali-bi.

Burning and scalding d. micturition, and straining afterwards. Chim.

Burning d. micturition, but more immediately after. Can-sat.

Burning d. and after micturition, at times amounting to a stabbing pain. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)

Burning and cutting d. micturition; straining in urethra after. Mur-ac.

Burning, cutting pain in female urethra d. and after urinating. Berb.

Burning in bladder and urethra d. micturition. Tereb.

Burning in kidneys and bladder before and d. micturition. Rheum.

Burning in navicular fossa d. micturition. Kali-bi., Petr.

Burning pain in fore part of urethra d. micturition. Ars., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-v., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Seneg., Sulph.

Burning and stitches in urethra d. micturition. Natr-c.
Burning, tearing and biting in urethra d. micturition. Sulph.
Biting pain in urethra d. micturition. Canth., Carbo-v., Clem., Ign., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.
Burning pain in glandular portion of urethra d. micturition, and for a long time after. Kali-bi.
Burning in bladder d. micturition. Aloe, Nux-v., Rheum.
Biting, burning pain in urethra d. micturition. Can-sat., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Paris, Sabad., Sars., Staph., Thuja.
Burning in meatus d. micturition. Sulph.
Burning in meatus d. and after micturition. Puls.
Burning in urethra d. urination. Ars., Calc-c., Hep-s., Merc-cor., Sabad., Sars., Thuja. (Canth.)
Cutting in urethra d. micturition. Guaj.
Cutting in bladder d. micturition. Canth.
Cutting pain in urethra d. micturition. Coni. (Ant-c., Bry., Canth., Graph., Guaj., Hell., Iris, Merc., Nux-m., Phos., Sars., Sulph., Thuja.)
Contracting pain in urethra d. micturition. Bry., Dig., Ind.
Colic d. micturition. Acon., Ver-a.
Chronic inflammation of bladder, with cutting and constriction d. micturition. Cub.
Discharge of offensive mucus d. micturition. Lach.
Discharge of mucus from urethra d. and after urination. Natr-m., (Merc-cor.)
Drawing in seminal cord d. micturition. Bell., Canth., Caps., Clem.
Emission of blood d. micturition. Crotal., Rumex.
Excessive burning in urethra d. micturition. Equiset.
Frequent desire to urinate and pain d. act. Actea-s.
Frequent, almost ineffectual, urging to urinate, with cutting pains; d. micturition. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)
Fermentation in bladder, with gas, air or wind escaping d. micturition. Sars.
Flatus d. micturition. Merc-sol.
Great soreness in urethra d. micturition. Hep-s.
Highly-colored urine, with red sediment and reddish-yellow slime; burning d. micturition. Glon.
Hæmaturia; urging after, and shuddering along spine d. micturition; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.
Interrupted flow of urine (Coni.), with burning d., but mostly at beginning of micturition, or d. interruptions. Clem.
Intolerable burning in urethra d. and after urination. Fluor-ac. (Canth.)
Involuntary stool d. micturition. Hyos., Mur-ac.
Intense burning and cutting pain d. micturition. Sep.

Itching pain in urethra d. micturition. Lyc., Nux-v.
Pain in thighs d. micturition. Berb.
Pain in urethra d. passage of urine, as if raw. Colch.
Pain at meatus d. and after micturition. Can-ind.
Pain in os coccygis d. micturition. Graph.
Pain in region of bladder before and d. micturition. **Phyt.**
Pain in stomach d. micturition. Laur.
Pain in seminal cord d. micturition. Bell., Clem.
Pain in urethra d. micturition, and itching stitch in external portion between acts. Euphorb.
Pain in glans penis d. micturition. Acon., Anac., Casc., Ox-ac.
Pain in kidneys d. micturition. Berb., Rheum.
Pain in prepuce d. micturition; last few drops cause violent burning. Clem.
Pain in urethra d. micturition. Berb., Colch., Diad., Zinc.
Protrusion of varices d. micturition; oozing first of blood, then **mucus.** Kali-c.
Pressing in bladder d. micturition. Asar., Berb., **Hep-s., Lachn.,** Ver-a.
Pressing on bladder d. micturition. Lachn.
Pressure in heart d. micturition. Lith-c.
Rasping pain in urethra d. micturition. Carbo-v., **Lyc., Magn-c.,** Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.
Smarting and burning in urethra d. and after urination. **Nitr-ac.**
Smarting in meatus d. micturition. Kobalt.
Smarting in urethra d. and after micturition. Ptel.
Smarting stitches in urethra d. micturition. Merc-sol.
Smarting or burning in urethra d. micturition. Sep.
Smarting pain in urethra d. micturition. Can-sat., **Kobalt., Merc-cor.,** Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep., Sil., **Thuja.**
Stinging in bladder d. micturition. Natr-m.
Stinging stitches in urethra d. micturition. Can-sat., Clem., **Cupr.,** Cycl., Graph., Iris, Merc., Merc cor., Seneg., Sulph., **Thuja.**
Stitches and smarting in urethra d. micturition. Graph.
Stream of urine often stops d. micturition. Led. (Coni.)
Scalding d. micturition; urethra swollen; stream forked. **Thuja.**
Spasms of bladder d. and after urination. Asaf.
Sand in urine or on diaper; child screams before and d. urination. Sars.
Sore pain in urethra d. micturition. Bov., Carbo-an., Cinnab., Daph., Nux-v.
Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; d. pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.
Soreness in vagina d. micturition. Kreas.
Soreness in region of bladder; worse d. micturition. **Natr-ars.**
Tearing in urethra d. micturition. Nux-v., Sulph.

Tenesmus of bladder d. and after micturition. Lith-c. (Canth.)
Tenesmus d. micturition. Colch. (Ang., Ars., Rhus-t.)
Throbbing pain in region of neck of bladder d. straining effort to urinate. Dig.
Urgent desire to urinate, with itching in female meatus d. micturition. Petr.
Urine dark brown and turbid d. micturition. Ambr.
Urine scanty, passed with difficulty; burning d. emission. **Ars.**
Urine scanty; burns d. micturition. Natr-m.
Violent burning, cutting pains in urethra, before, d. and after micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)
Violent pain d. urination. Calad.

Dysentery (see section on Stool).—Dysuria, with d. **Merc-cor.**
Ischuria, with d. Arn.

Dyspepsia (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Excess of lithic acid in urine (in d.). Lyc.

Dyspnœa (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Discharge of blood from urethra, with d. Coni.

Dysuria.—D. Eupat-purp. (Arn., Ars., Can-sat., Canth., Caps., Colch., Dig., Euphorb., Magn-m., Merc., **Nux-v.**, Plumb., Puls., Ran-b., Sars., Sec., Sil.)
D. (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. **Erig.**
D., with dysentery. Merc-cor.
D.; sometimes amounting to actual inflammation, with painful erections (as in chordee). Tereb.
D. and frequent desire to urinate, with pain and heat. **Nitr.**
D.; frequent urging, at first **only a few drops then usual stream.** Kali-n.
D. (from stricture). Gels.
D., with urging to stool. **Nux-m.**
D. (especially in women during pregnancy and after confinement). Equiset.
D. (especially of children and excitable women). Bell.
D., with passage of only a few drops of bloody urine, which causes most severe burning, cutting pain along urethra. Canth.
Alternate d. and enuresis. Gels.
Chronic d. Can-sat.
Inflammation, with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, d., bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Violent d. after jolting ride during pregnancy, or from displaced uterus. Eupat-purp.

Earthy.—Violet, e. sediment in urine. Mang.

Easy.—Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so e. that prover is not sensible of urine passing and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Effect.—First e., copious diuresis; secondary e., exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.

Effort.—Burning in back part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful e. to void it. Kali-bi.

Burning in urethra at every e., bending him double. Frun-s.

Frequent e., with passage of a few drops of urine. Eupat-purp.

Fruitless e. to urinate. Canth., Dig. (Nux-v.)

Painful desire, with bloody urine, requiring great e. Sulph.

Throbbing pain in region of neck of bladder, during straining e. to urinate. Dig.

Efforts.—Ineffectual e. at micturition, after passing a few drops pain in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.

Pressure in bladder after frequent and almost ineffectual e. to urinate. China.

Eggs.—Urine has odor of rotten e. Daph.

Urine deep yellow, like rotten e. Daph.

Emaciation.—E., debility, and tendency to ascites or general dropsy, from derangement of kidneys. Uran-n.

Diabetes mellitus; large quantities of sugar in urine, with e., thirst, restlessness and melancholia. Helon.

Diabetes insipidus; urine very profuse and light colored, with great debility and e. Helon.

Flow of urine with e. Merc.

Urine black, with coffee-grounds sediment; great e. and weakness. Tereb.

Emission (see Pass, etc.).—E. of blood instead of urine. Mez.

E. of blood during micturition. Crotal., Rumex.

Constant urging, and frequent e. of urine, every other day; passes much at night. Bar-c.

Involuntary e. of urine when walking. Calc-c.

Sudden violent pressure upon bladder, which was full, passed off suddenly on e. of flatus. Coloc.

Slow e. of urine. Mur-ac.

Scanty e. of dark, yellow urine. Arg-n.

Tenesmus of bladder before and after profuse e. of white urine. Ang.

Urine scanty, passed with difficulty; burning during e. Ars.

Emissions.—Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty e. Coloc. (Æsc., Apis, Hell., Merc., Nitr-ac.)

Emitted.—Burning after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate frequently, although but a few drops of dark-yellow urine are e. each time, causing a burning pain. Ang.

Urine turbid while being e., depositing brown sediment, urine being clear, and yellow. Ambr. (Ars.)

Urine is e. by drops, as in spasmodic stricture. Clem. (Coni.)

Emotions.—Involuntary micturition from exciting e. Gels.

Emptied.—After urinating, urging as if bladder were not e., with dribbling. Staph.

Involuntary discharge of urine, after bladder seemed e. Helon.

Micturition stops many times before bladder is e. Thuja. (Coni.)

Urine passes tardily, and without force; feels as if bladder could not be e. thoroughly. Hep-s.

Empty.—Atony or paralysis of bladder, urine passes very slowly and without force, bladder does not seem to e. itself. Hep-s.

Has to press on abdomen with hands in order to e. bladder. Magn-m.

Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot e. bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.

End.—Burning throughout urethra at commencement and e. of urinating. Can-sat.

Cutting in urethra at e. of and after micturition. Sulph.

Enlarged.—Incontinence of urine (in old men) with e. prostate gland. Aloe.

Enuresis (see Wetting bed).—E. Can-sat., Kali-phos., Nitr-ac., Puls., Rhus-t. (Bar-c., Bry., Spong.)

E. (in old age). Sec.

E. at night with profuse sweat. Bell.

E.; head thrown back during sleep. Hep-s.

E.; involuntary micturition at night in bed. Petr.

E.; frequent micturition at night (during pregnancy). **Podo.**

E.; wetting of bed. Hep-s.

E. (of children). Benz-ac. (Kali-phos.)

E. at night (in scrofulous or syphilitic children). **Kali-jod.**

E. with thirst. Acon.

Alternate dysuria and e. Gels.

Nocturnal e. Graph., Verb.

Paretic condition of sphincter muscle of bladder, causing e. (wetting of bed), and spasmodic retention of urine. Gels.

Wetting bed at night; e. Sulph.

Epithelial.—Excess of mucus in urine, with e. cells, and oxalate of lime. Lyc.

Inflammation of kidneys, ureters, bladder and urethra, with scanty, turbid, dark urine, having e. sediment. Tereb.

Urine copious, frequent, clear; heat precipitates phosphates; contains e. scales, casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Epithelium.—Urine containing uriniferous tubules and e. Apis.

Erection (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Awakens at night, with e. and desire to urinate. Hep-s.

Passes few drops of urine, with violent e. Natr-c.

Urethra feels inflamed and sore to touch along its whole length; e. causes tensive pain. Can-sat.

Erections.—Dysuria; sometimes amounting to actual inflammation, with painful e. (as in chordee). Tereb.

Eruption (see section on Skin).—E. closing urethra by swelling. Rhus-t.

Evacuate.—Unable to e. all urine in bladder at once. Clem.

Evening.—Desire to urinate in e. Sabad. (Am-c., Bell.)

Frequent anxious desire to urinate in e. Kreas., Lyc., Sabad., Sep., Zinc.

Urging to urinate, especially in e. Sabad.

Excess.—E. of mucus in urine, with epithelial cells, and oxalate of lime. Lyc.

E. of lithic acid in urine (in dyspepsia). Lyc.

Irritability of bladder and urethra (in newly-married girls, brought on by sexual e.). Staph.

Urine has e. of uric acid. Sars.

Excessive (see Copious and Profuse).—Frequent and e. micturition. Mel.

Excitability.—Burning in urethra, with great nervous e. Mosch.

Excited.—Painful, anxious urging to urinate, with greatly increased watery urination, sometimes e. by pressing on hypogastrium. Acon.

Excitement.—Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest e. during day. Caust.

Exciting.—Involuntary micturition from e. emotions. Gels.

Excoriates.—Acid urine burns and e. Arn.

Excoriating.—Acrid, e. urine. Hep-s., Merc., Paris. (Borax, Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Caust., Clem., Graph., Iod., Kali-c., Kreas., Laur., Natr-m., Prun-s., Rhus-t., Tart-em., Tellur., Thuja, Ver-a.)

Urine turbid; reddish; offensive; e. Sulph.

Exertion.—Micturition only after long e. Opi.

Retention of urine from e. Arn.

Urine red with white sediment; copious and clear as water; too frequent after e. Æth.

Exhaustion.—Oxaluria, with symptoms of gout and e. Ox-ac.

Expel.—Loss of power to e. urine. Kali-c.

Sensation as if bladder were paralyzed; no power to e. urine. Thuja.

Expelled.—Frequent urination, e. with great force. Cic-v. (Ver-v.)

Paralysis of bladder from long retention of urine; urine is e. very slowly and sometimes is even retained. Caust.

Exposed.—Urine loaded with slimy mucus after being e. to cold. Can-ind.

Expulsive.—E. power of bladder weak. Opi.

External.—Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; e. parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Pain in urethra during micturition, and itching stitch in e. portion between acts. Kali-bi.

Extremities (see section on Extremities).—Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold e.; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Retention of urine, with paralysis of lower e. Apoc.

Eye (see vol. i., section on Eyes).—Hydrocephalus, with scanty urine; stupor; sight of one e. totally lost; constant motion of one arm and one leg. Apoc.

Face (see vol. i., section on Face).—Desire to urinate, with pale f. Phos-ac.

Fainting.—Difficult urination, with f. Sars.

Farinaceous.—F. sediment in urine. Berb.

Fat.—Urine has a red sediment and a pellicle of f. Psor.

Urine copious, frequent, clear; heat precipitates phosphates; contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of f. Natr-ars.

Fatigue.—Flow of urine, with f. Calc-ph.

Fatty.—Bright's disease of kidneys; urine contains f. casts. Phos.

Fatty degeneration.—F. of kidneys. Phyt.

Albuminuria from f. of kidneys. Crotal., Cupr.

Feces.—During micturition f. escape. Squilla.

Feeble.—Urine passes in a thin, f. stream, or in drops. Sars.

Urine in a f. stream. Cham., Hell., Merc.

Feeling (see Sensation).—F. when urinating as if must have thin stool. Aloe.

F. as if molten or hot lead were dribbling through urethra. Canth.

F. of weakness in bladder and genitals, with fear of wetting bed. Alu.

F. as if a ball were rolling in bladder or abdomen when turning. Lach.

F. as if bladder were greatly distended. Sep.

F. as if something remained behind after urinating. Gels., Kali-bi.

F. of fullness continuing after each urination. Dig.

Ascites, with bruised f. in abdomen; sinking f. at pit of stomach and scanty urine. Apoc.

Burning in urethra during micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen f. and difficulty in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.

Burning during and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore, as if swollen (Can-sat.), with f. as if last drop remained. Arg-n.

Bruised, sore f. in region of kidneys. Physos.

Dark, cloudy sediment in urine in large quantities, with uncomfortable f. in head. Agar.

Dropsy, with sinking f. at pit of stomach. Apoc.

Difficulty in urinating, especially in morning, with a f. as if drops came out of bladder, which is not true. Sep.

If desire is not attended to, f. of congestion in chest. Lil-tig.

Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; f. as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops. Clem.

Much pressing and straining to pass a few drops of urine, with f. as if more remained. Pareira.

Nervous f. about sphincter. Gels.

Pain in bladder, with f. of fullness, desire, but unable to urinate. Opi.

Sensation of fullness in bladder after micturition, with f. on every step as if it moved up and down. Ruta.

Want of proper f. in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing, and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Feels.—Bladder f. too full; ineffectual urging. Arn.

Bladder f. full, without desire to urinate. Calad.

Bladder f. distended. Physos.

Constant desire to urinate; even after frequent passage bladder f. full. Eupat-purp.

Gonorrhœa; urethra f. as if glued up. Bov.

Heaviness in bladder, f. sore on slightest motion. Canth.

Meatus inflamed, f. glued. Bov.

Urethra f. inflamed and sore to touch along its whole length; erection causes tensive pain. Can-sat.

Urine passes tardily, and without force; f. as if bladder could not be emptied thoroughly. Hep-s.

Violent pressure in bladder from urine; sits with legs crossed, and though bladder f. full, none is passed. Zinc.

Feet (see section on Extremities).—Inflammation of kidneys, with œdematous or swollen f. Thuja.

Urine scanty, thick and muddy, with œdema of f. Lycop-v.

Felt.—Constant desire to urinate, f. deep in abdomen. Dulc.

During micturition contact of urine causes tearing pains in urethra, which are f. in whole organism. Jac-car.

Female (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Burning during micturition (in f. urethra). Lyc.

Burning, cutting pain in f. urethra during and after urinating. Berb.

Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, or of a very strong odor; external parts (f.) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Pain in f. genitals before micturition. Thuja.
Swelling and hardness of f. urethra, with burning, soreness and sensitiveness (especially caused by instruments). Hyper.
Stitches in f. urethra. Calc-c.
Urgent desire to urinate, with itching in f. meatus during micturition. Petr.

Fermentation.—F. in bladder, with gas, air or wind escaping during micturition. Sars.

Fetid.—Urine f. Aur., Benz-ac., Borax, Calc-c., Dulc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhod., Viola-tr.
F. urine depositing a clay-colored sediment, which adheres to chamber with great tenacity. Sep.
F. mucus in urine, with tenesmus and frequent inclination to urinate. Chim.
F. or muco-purulent urine. Dulc.
Acrid, f. urine. Asaf., Borax, Calc-c.
Continuous urging, even after urinating, with profuse f. urine. Guaj.
Frequent, copious, f. urine, smelling like cat's urine. Viola-tr.
Frequent, copious, turbid, thick, yellowish, f. urine. Daph.
Frequent, but scanty urination, which is brown and f. Petr.
Gonorrhœa, with impotence and f. urine. Calad.
Painful and difficult urination, urine being clear, and having a peculiar strong, pungent, f., odor. Calc-c.
Thick, f., viscid, jelly-like urine. Coloc.
Urine scanty and f. Apis.
Urine f., with greasy-looking pellicle on it. Sulph.
Urine dark yellow, f., sour or like horse's urine; deposits a sediment of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)
Urine deposits a yellowish, pasty sediment; putrid, f. Sep.
Urine scanty, f., turbid. Dulc.
Urine dribbles; is dark red and f. Plumb.
Watery inodorous urine, with f. stool of white mucus. Dros.

Fever.—Inflammation with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and f. Arg-n. (Petros.)

Fibres.—Red sediment of filaments or f. Tart-em.

Fiery.—F. urine. Bell., Colch., Kali-c. (Croton-tig., Merc., Paris, Plumb., Sars., Tart-em.)
Painful micturition, passed drop by drop; urine scanty, f., scalding hot, red or dark colored. Acon. Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.)
Urine red, f., turbid, containing long flakes. Sars.

Filaments.—Red sediment of f. or fibres. Tart-em.
Pieces of f. and whitish membrane are passed after urinating. Merc.
Urine containing f., flocks, or dark flesh-like pieces of mucus. Merc-cor.
Urine contains sediment of slimy f. Croton-tig., Seneg.

Film.—Oily f. upon urine after standing. Hep-s.
Rainbow-colored, iridescent f. floats on the urine after standing. Petr.
Rainbow-colored f. on surface. Paris.
Scanty urine, with white f. and whitish or mucous sediment. Kali-bi.
Urine clear, but after standing four or five hours is covered with f. like a rainbow in color. Graph.
Urine blood red, with white sediment and a f. on surface; very offensive. Sep.
Urine rainbow colored, iridescent, variegated f. appears on surface. Phos.

Finish.—Can never f. urinating, some urine always seems to remain in bladder. Hep-s. (Helon.)

First.—F. effect, copious diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.
Bed is wet almost as soon as child goes to sleep; always during f. sleep. Sep.
Dysuria; frequent urging, at f. only a few drops, then usual stream. Kali-n.
Involuntary discharge of urine in f. sleep. Sep.

Fissure.—Spasms of urethra, with rectal f. Nitr-ac.

Flakes.—F. of mucus in urine. Clem.
Urine red, fiery, turbid, containing long f. Sars.
Urine profuse, turbid, milky, frothy, with f. of mucus. Clem.
Urine leaves large f. of white mucus. Brom.

Flakey.—Urine f. Can-sat., Canth., Cham., Cycl., Mez., Nitr-ac., Sars., Zinc.
F. sediment. Berb., Can-sat., Canth., Cham., Croton tig., Kobalt., Merc., Mez., Sars., Seneg., Zinc.
Urine f.; burning; with reddish sediment. Mez.
Urine yellow, with f. sediment. Cham.
Urine scanty, sandy, f.; slimy. Sars.

Flashes.—F. of pain in region of bladder, more toward right, before urinating. Lith-c.

Flatulence.—Sugar in urine, with much f. and indigestion. Arg-n.
Sharp pressure on bladder, as from f., when walking in open air, without desire to urinate. Puls.

Flatus.—Involuntary discharge of urine on expelling f. Puls., Sulph.
F. during micturition. Merc-sol.
Involuntary micturition at night in bed (especially in little girls), while coughing or passing f. Puls.
Sudden violent pressure upon bladder, which was full, passed off suddenly on emission of f. Coloc.

Flesh colored.—Light f. urine, depositing a light-brown, flocky, translucent sediment, with hard, solid, reddish crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Flesh-like.—F. lumps of mucus in urine. Merc.

Urine containing filaments, flocks, or dark f. pieces of mucus. Merc-cor.

Floating.—Urine deposits a thick, reddish or mahogany-colored sediment, with f., jelly-like flocks. Laur.

Floats.—Rainbow-colored, iridescent film f. on urine after standing. Petr.

Urine thick, turbid, red deposit; cuticle f. on surface. Psor.

Flocculent.—F. sediment in urine after standing. Grat.

Urine becomes turbid and cloudy, or deposits a thick, yellowish-red sediment with upper stratum yellow and f. Seneg.

Urine milky white, depositing f., white, sandy sediment. Phos.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, f., clay-like, mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Urine dark red, containing much f. matter. Cycl.

Urine yellow, f., or red sediment, with strong pungent odor. Kobalt.

White f. sediment in urine. Still.

White f. sediment, immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and carbonate of lime; pale, languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.

Flocks.—Urine deposits a thick, reddish or mahogany-colored sediment, with floating, jelly-like f. Laur.

Urine containing filaments, f. or dark flesh-like pieces of mucus. Merc-cor.

Flocky.—Light flesh-colored urine, depositing a light-brown, f., translucent sediment, with hard, solid, reddish crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Urine straw colored; turbid; containing white, f. sediment or reddish sediment. Aspar.

Floor.—Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against f., remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Flour.—Sediment like f. in urine. Calc-c., Graph., Merc-sol., Natr-m.

Thick, white sediment in urine, as if f. had been stirred in and allowed to settle. Merc-sol.

Flow.—F. of urine with pain in loins. Phos-ac.

F. of urine with pain in abdomen. Acon., Ver-a.

F. of urine with diarrhœa and perspiration. **Acon.**

F. of urine with perspiration. Acon., Bell.

F. of urine with hunger. Bell., Ver-a.

F. of urine with thirst. Bell., Cast., Ver-a.

F. of urine with diarrhœa. Bell., Puls.
F. of urine with fatigue. Calc-ph.
F. of urine with headache. Ver-a.
F. of urine suddenly stops, and continues again after a short interruption. Coni. (Clem.)
During micturition, f. intermits. Coni.
Frequent desire to urinate, with copious f. of light, watery urine. Natr-m.
Frequent urination, with increased f. Coca. (Phos-ac.)
Frequent micturition, with slow f. Plumb.
Headache terminated with a profuse f. of colorless, watery urine. Ign.
Headache in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning, and lasts all day, with pain in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to region of kidneys, passing off with copious f. of clear, watery-looking urine. Sang. (Gels.)
Increased f. of urine. Alu., Ambr., Am-m., Asclep., Clem., Magn-c., Magn-s., Merc-bij., Ol-an., Phos., Rhod., Teucr., Therid. (Eupat-purp., Phos-ac.)
Intermittent f. Gum-gut., Led., Thuja, Zinc. (Coni.)
Increased f. of urine, with unquenchable thirst. Kali-jod.
Incessant f. of urine. Cimicif.
Interrupted f. of urine (Coni.), with burning during, but mostly at beginning of micturition, or during interruptions. Clem.
Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (f. intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.
Scanty urine, with headache, which passes off with profuse f. of clear urine. Sang. (Gels.)
Terrific pain in back, before every urination, with relief as soon as urine begins to f. Lyc.

Flows.—Has to wait a long time before urine f. Arn., Can-ind.
Partial paralysis of bladder (in old men); urine f. by fits and starts; passes better when standing. Coni.
Urging, but has to wait long and urine f. slowly. Kali-c.
Urine f. slowly, with soreness and burning. Kali-c.

Fluid.—Discharge of milky f. from urethra. Petros.
Discharge of a thin, gelatinous f. after micturition. Natr-m.

Fluttering.—F. sensation in region of kidneys, sometimes in one side, sometimes in other. Chim.

Foaming (see Frothy).—Frequent urging; urine f.; black. Lach.
Frequent micturition, with copious, f. urine. Lach.
Urine profuse, whitish, f. Chelid.
Urine f., greenish, turbid. Copaiba.
Urine blackish, f. when shaken, with purulent sediment. Kali-c.

Foams.—Urine contains sugar; f. Thuja.

Foamy.—Urine f. Lyc. (Lach.)

Followed.—Urinates much more than quantity of drink taken would indicate, especially in morning; f. by a dull pain in region of kidneys. Ambr.

Force.—Atony or paralysis of bladder, urine passes very slowly and without f., bladder does not seem to empty itself. Hep-s.

Frequent urination, expelled with great f. Cic-v. (Ver-v.)

Has to f. out last few drops with hands. Can-ind.

Urine passes tardily and without f.; feels as if bladder could not be emptied thoroughly. Hep-s.

Forcible.—Urine in a f. stream. Agn.

Forcing.—Sensation in urethra near meatus, as if a biting drop were f. its way out. Selen.

Forehead.—Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on f. and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Forepart.—Burning pain in f. of urethra during micturition. Ars., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-v., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Seneg., Sulph.

Forked (see Divided, Split).—Stream of urine f. Can-sat. (Canth., Rhus-t.)

Scalding during micturition; urethra swollen; stream f. Thuja.

Fossa navicularis.—After micturition sensation as if drop remained in f. Al-cep., Thuja.

Burning in f. Acon. (Petros.)

Drawing in f. Petros.

Itching in urethra and f. Petros.

Sensation as if a drop remained in f. Al-cep., Thuja.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near f.; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Voluptuous jerking in f. Thuja.

Burning in f. during micturition. Kali-bi., Petr.

Drawing and sticking in f., followed by cutting and biting after micturition. Petros.

Frequent desire to urinate, with crawling stitch behind f. Petros.

Inflammation of urethra and bladder, with sudden urging to urinate, which if not done causes great pain at f. Petr.

Tickling in f. Petros.

Violent burning, cutting pains in neck of bladder, extending to f. of urethra. Canth.

Frantic.—Children afraid to urinate, are f. when desire comes on. Borax

Freely.—Involuntary discharge of urine when sitting or standing (urine passes f.). Sars.

Urging to urinate; urine passes f. and easily. Arg-n.

Urging, yet only a few drops pass, until next stool, when it flows f. Am-m.

Frequent.—F. desire to urinate, with small discharge. Anac., Bell., Coloc., Dig., Hell., Led., Meny., Merc., Nitr-ac., Spong., Staph., Tart-em. (Æsc., Am-c., Ang., Ant-c., Apis, Camph., Canth., Caust., Chelid., Cupr., Dros., Euphorb., Hyos., Kali-c., Kobalt., Lach., Laur., Magn-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Opi., Pareira, Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Raph., Rat., Ruta, Sabad., Sabin., Sars., Sil.)

F. desire to urinate. Bov., Caust., Cic-v., Cop., Hell., Kali-c., Led., Lyc., Mang., Merc., Millef., Mur-ac., Petros., Puls., Rhus-t., Sabad., Samb., Sep., Spig., Stann., Staph., Sulph., Thuja, Verb.

F. urging to urinate, with scanty, green urine. Ruta.

F. and copious urine at night, which is as clear as water. Sang.

F. desire to urinate, with copious flow of light watery urine. Natr-m.

F. or sudden desire to urinate, cannot retain urine which is copious. Natr-m.

F., almost ineffectual, urging to urinate, with cutting pains during micturition. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)

F. desire to urinate; she cannot hold her water for a moment. Merc-bij.

F. urination, with much pale urine, with reddish clouds. **Nitr.**

F. urination; passed in drops, with much pain. Merc-cor.

F. and copious discharge of pale urine in morning. Mez.

F. urging day and night, with copious micturition. Rhus-t.

F. desire to urinate; urine scanty and burning. Sars.

F. and copious urination, which is clear or straw-colored. **Ox-ac.**

F., but scanty urination, which is brown and fetid. Petr.

F. micturition, with slow flow. Plumb.

F. micturition, with great thirst; drinks all time. Petr.

F. micturition, with burning. Paris.

F. urination, passes little and often, with burning. Nux-v.

F. desire to urinate, with crawling stitch behind navicular fossa. Petros.

F., profuse micturition, depositing a thick, white cloud. Phos-ac.

F. discharge of much watery urine. Ign. (Phos-ac.)

F. urging to urinate, with copious urine. Guaj.

F., ineffectual urging, then while sitting involuntary micturition. Caust.

F. micturition, with burning after. Kali-bi.

F., scanty discharge of urine. Kobalt.

F. desire to urinate; urine scanty, with tenesmus of bladder after. Mur-ac.

F. urging to urinate, with copious discharge of urine. Samb.

F., copious, pale urine, day and night. Sars.
F. micturition of watery urine, of strong smell; waking patient. Kali-bi.
F. micturition of large quantities of yellow urine. Kalm.
F. urination, especially at night (Ambr., Coni., Dig., Phos-ac.), with much pressure and scanty emission. Kali-c.
F. effort, with passage of a few drops of urine. Eupat-purp.
F. urination; also at night. Calc-c.
F., violent urging to urinate, with copious micturition. Sabin.
F. micturition, quantity growing less each time, while desire increases. Equiset.
F. and great urging to urinate. Cocc-c.
F. urging to urinate, with increased quantity. Asclep-tub., Cina, Coca. (Phos-ac.)
F. discharge of urine. Ant-c., Bar-c., Bar-m., Calc-c., Canth., Cast., Euphr., Gum-gut., Led., Lyc., Merc., Rhus-t., Sulph., Valer.
F. desire, with urging. Helon.
F. ineffectual urging. Cedron.
F. urination, with fine stitches in meatus. Aspar.
F. desire to urinate, even after urinating. Bov.
F. urging at night, with copious flow each time. Cact.
F., unsuccessful desire to urinate. Caps.
F. urination, with burning like pepper in urethra. Caps.
F. urination, expelled with great force. Cic-v. (Ver-v.)
F., copious, watery urine. Bism.
F. urging, with increased secretion. Aspar. (Phos-ac.)
F. and copious urination; urine as clear as water (Phos-ac.); but soon becomes turbid and cloudy. Cocc-c.
F. and copious urination of pale urine, with reddish clouds. Kali-n.
F. urging to urinate, with scanty thin stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.
F. micturition, with ravenous thirst and hunger. Ver-a.
F. urination at night, with intense burning. Tereb.
F. urination, even at night. Sep.
F. urination, with greenish tinge, depositing cloudy sediment. Seneg.
F. and sudden desire to urinate, especially at night, with copious discharge. Sulph.
F., copious, fetid urine, smelling like cat's urine. Viola-tr.
F. urging, with spasm of bladder and burning, tearing pain. Uva.
F., anxious desire to urinate in evening. Kreas., Lyc., Sabad., Sep., Zinc.
F. desire with passage only of a few drops. Apis. (Canth.)
F. and violent desire with much urine each time. Ant-c.
F. urging with f. micturition. Am-m.
F. desire to urinate large quantities. Lact-ac.
F. urging; urine foaming; black. Lach.

F. urination during day, with dull headache moving from sinciput to occiput and finally settling in left temple. Lil-tig.
F. micturition, with copious foaming urine. Lach.
F. urging to urinate; always copious and with great haste. Kreas.
F., painful, scanty, bloody urination; with alternations of dry skin and perspiration. Apis.
F. micturition during day, with smarting in urethra. Lil-tig.
F. and sudden attacks of pain along ureters. Apis.
F. and copious urination. Al-cep., Apis, Chloralum, Dros., Mel., Mur-ac., Physos., Puls., Senecio, Valer., Verb.
F. micturition. China, Graph. (Apis, Arg-m., Al-cep., Phos-ac.)
F. scanty micturition at night. Phos.
F. discharge of urine at night. Alu., Ambr., Am-c., Borax, Calc-c., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Cinnab., Coni., Dig., Graph., Kreas., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Phos-ac., Sep., Sulph.
F. desire to urinate, with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; sweetish, profuse at night; diabetes. Arg-m.
F. urination with much mucus, intense burning in urethra, and backache while urinating. Ant-c.
F. micturition, with burning in urethra and red urine. Al-cep.
F. urging to urinate; worse at night or in afternoon. Aloe.
F., copious, turbid, thick, yellowish, fetid urine. Daph.
F., scanty, or profuse urine. Led.
Acute and chronic inflammation of kidneys, with great restlessness; weakness; f. micturition. Helon.
Bearing down over bladder, with f. desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.
Burning in urethra, with f. micturition. Copaiba.
Cystitis; tenesmus, with f. urging; urine scanty, dark. Squilla.
Constant urging and f. emission of urine, every other day; passes much at night. Bar-c.
Constant desire to urinate; even after f. passage bladder feels full. Eupat-purp.
Copious, f., pale and watery urine; or red as blood. Kali-jod.
Copious and f. micturition. Iod.
Copious micturition, with f. urging. Thuja.
Cramp-like pains in region of bladder in afternoon, with f. urging to urinate. Chelid.
Dysuria and f. desire to urinate, with pain and heat. Nitr.
Dysuria (of teething children); f. desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.
Dysuria; f. urging, at first only a few drops, then usual stream. Kali-n.
Difficult and scanty urination, with f. urging, and sometimes pinching around umbilicus. Acon.

Dragging towards ureters, like labor pains, with f. urging to urinate. Cham.

Enuresis; f. micturition at night (during pregnancy). Podo.

Great irritation at neck of bladder, with f. burning urination. Apis.

Hæmaturia, with violent and f. urging to urinate. Merc.

Jerking, twitching and burning in urethra, with f. desire to urinate. Phos.

Micturition f., scanty, difficult, involuntary. Hyos.

Profuse and f. discharge of urine at night. Am-m. (Ambr., Phos-ac.)

Pressure in bladder after f. and almost ineffectual efforts to urinate. China.

Retention of urine with f. and urgent desire; occasionally a few drops or small quantity may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)

Urine red with white sediment; copious and clear as water; too f. after exertion. Æth.

Urine f. and abundant, and of a dark color. Agn.

Urine copious, with f. urging, mostly at night. Spig.

Urine too f. and too copious. Thuja.

Urine scanty, with f. urination, and pressing, scalding, smarting pain. Chim.

Urine copious, f., clear; heat precipitates phosphates; contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Uneasiness in urethra and penis, with burning and f. calls to urinate. Can-ind.

Urine f., copious, pale and watery. Bell.

Urine f., profuse, watery. Cycl.

Urine hot, scanty, f., sediment red, slimy. Kali-c.

Urine f. and copious, must rise at night; passed without sensation. Sars.

Urine f., profuse; involuntary. Psor.

Urine f., scanty, becoming turbid and cloudy. Rat.

Urethritis, with burning, biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with f. urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Violent pains in bladder, with f. intolerable urging. Canth.

Frequently.—Burning after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate f., although but a few drops of dark-yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a burning pain. Ang.

Diabetes insipidus; must rise f. at night to void large quantities of colorless urine. Phos-ac.

Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty discharge, f. only in drops. Dros.

Urine straw colored; urinates f. day and night. Abies-c.

Urinates f. day and night; attempt to retain it causes pain. Lact-ac.

Urinates f., but in small quantities. Can-ind.

Fright.—Retention of urine (after f. or parturition). Opi.

Froth.—Involuntary urination (after f.). Gels.
Urine beer colored, with yellowish f. pinkish-brown sediment; scanty. Myrica.

Frothy.—Urine f. Lach., Lyc. (China, Chin-s., Clem., Cop., Croton-tig., Iris, Jatr., Kali-c., Laur., Seneg., Spong., Thuja.)
Urine f., sediment thick, grayish white, or yellow. Spong.
Urine dark and f. Seneg.
Urine f., thick and milky. Still.
Urine profuse, turbid, milky, f., with flakes of mucus. **Clem.**
Urine bright yellow, and f. Jatr.

Fruitless (see Ineffectual, Unsuccessful).—F. effort to urinate. Canth., Dig. (Nux-v.)

Full.—Bladder f., with urging to urinate, but scanty urine. **Abrot.**
Bladder feels too f., ineffectual urging. Arn.
Bladder feels f., without desire to urinate. Calad.
Constant desire to urinate; even after frequent passage bladder feels f. Eupat-purp.
Retention of urine, with f. bladder. Camph.
Sudden violent pressure upon bladder, which was f. passed off suddenly on emission of flatus. Coloc.
Pressure in bladder, as if too f., after micturiton. Dig.
Pressure as if bladder were f., with constant urging as if urine could not be retained, yet little is voided. Ruta.
Violent pressure in bladder from urine; sits with legs crossed, and though bladder feels f., none is passed. Zinc.

Fullness.—F. in bladder causes urging. Stann. (Phos.)
Desire to urinate; no urging, only a sensation of f. indicates necessity for urinating. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.
Feeling of f. continuing after much urination. Dig.
Pain in bladder, with feeling of f., desire, but unable to urinate. Opi.
Sensation of f. in bladder. Calad.
Sensation of f. in bladder without desire to urinate. Calad., Pallad., Stann., Ver-a.
Sensation of f. in bladder after urinating. Calc-c., Coni., Ruta.
Sensation of f. in bladder; region of bladder sore to pressure. Calad.
Sensation of f. in bladder after micturition, with feeling on every step as if it moved up and down. Ruta.

Function.—F. of kidneys suspended. Dig.

Fundus.—F. of bladder paralyzed and bladder enormously distended. Gels.

Gas.—Fermentation in bladder, with g. escaping during micturition. Sars.

Gelatinous.—G. sediment in urine. Berb., Cocc-c., Phos-ac., **Puls.**
G., lumpy urine. Coloc., Phos-ac.
Discharge of a thin, g. fluid after micturition. Natr-m.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight, transparent, g. sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucus sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Genitals (see section on Sexual Organs).—Feeling of weakness in bladder and g., with fear of wetting bed. Alu.

Pain in female g. before micturition. Thuja.

Renal colic, especially in right kidney, extending to g. and right leg; worse lying on that side, better on back. Nux-v.

Giddiness (see vol. i., section on Head).—Pain in kidneys, alternating with g. as if drunken. Alu.

Girls.—Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty thin stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly-married g. suffering much when urinating). Staph.

Involuntary micturition at night in bed (especially in little g.), while coughing or passing flatus. Puls.

Irritability of bladder and urethra (in newly-married g., brought on by sexual excess). Staph.

Gland.—Incontinence of urine (in old men) with enlarged prostate g. Aloe.

Glands.—Burning in g. of urethra during and after urination. Kali-bi.

Pressing pain in urethra relieved by pressing on g. Canth.

Pain in g. after micturition. Anac.

Glandular.—Burning pain in g. portion of urethra during micturition, and for a long time after. Kali-bi.

Glans penis (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in g.; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.

Desire to urinate; urine only reaches g. and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

Pain in g. during micturition. Acon., Anac., Casc., Ox-ac.

Urine only reaches g. and causes violent pain there. Prun-s.

Glue.—Urine viscid; looks like, and has consistency of, thin g. Coloc.

Glued.—Gonorrhœa; urethra feels as if g. up. Bov.

Meatus inflamed, feels g. up. Bov.

Glycosuria (see Diabetes).—G. (with phthisis). Phos.

Degeneration of kidneys, with albuminuria or g. Uran-n.

Gold colored.—Urine clear, g. (in dropsy). Aur.

Yellow, g. urine, with but little if any cloud. Ant-c.

Gonorrhœa (see section on Sexual Organs).—Vesical catarrh from suppressed g., calculus, or gout. Benz-ac.

Gout.—Bright's disease of kidneys, with g. (or mercurio-syphilis). Kali-jod.

Oxaluria, with symptoms of g. and exhaustion. Ox-ac.

Vesical catarrh from suppressed gonorrhœa, calculus, or g. Benz-ac.

Gouty.—Irritability of bladder (depending on g. diathesis). Sabin.
Grained.—Brick dust, or red, sandy, coarse g. sediment in urine. Selen.
Grainy.—Red g. sediment in urine. Selen.
Granular.—A g. kind of mucus in urine, mixed with phosphates in sediment. Benz-ac.
Deposit of a straw-colored, yellow, g., or brick-dust sediment. Chin-s.
Granulated.—G. kidneys. Kali-jod.
Gravel.—G. passes in small quantities with urine. Aspar.
G. (in children), with constant pulling at penis. Canth.
G., renal dropsy and irritable bladder. Eupat-purp.
Hæmaturia (from g. or chronic catarrh). Lyc.
Hæmorrhage from bladder (from g.). Erig.
Urine contains g. or small calculi. Sars.
Gravelly.—Urine g. Sars., Zinc. (Lyc., Nitr-ac., Sil.)
G. sediment. Calc-c., Lyc., Phos., Ruta, Sars., Sil., Zinc. (Ambr., Am-c., Ant-c., Arn., China, Meny., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Nux-v., Puls., Selen., Thuja.)
Gravity.—Pale-colored urine, with light specific g. Asclep.
Urine with increased g. Benz-ac.
Gray.—Urine thick, white and turbid, with g. or white sediment. Coni.
Urine contains g. sediment. Berb., Phos-ac., Spong.
Grayish.—Urine frothy; sediment thick, g. white, or yellow. Spong.
Greasy.—G. pellicle on urine (Hep-s.) after standing awhile. Lyc.
Dark red urine, with red sediment, and a g. pellicle on surface. Paris.
Urine oily or g. on standing, containing a tough, jelly-like, white or red mucus mixed with blood. Dulc.
Urine scanty, with g. pellicle. Kobalt.
Urine has a red sediment and a g. pellicle. Psor.
Urine fetid, with g. looking pellicle on it. Sulph.
Urine has a g. cuticle on surface. Alu., Calc-c., Hep-s., Iod., Kobalt, Lyc., Paris, Petr., Phos., Puls., Sulph.
Green.—Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty g. urine. Ruta.
Urine dark, yellowish g. Iod.
Urine increased, pale, watery or g.; with white sediment. Mang-c.
Urine yellowish g., turbid, of musty odor. Camph.
Greenish.—G. urine. Camph., Magn-c. (Ars., Berb., China, Cop., Iod., Kali-c., Magn-s., Ol-an., Rheum, Ruta, Ver-a.)
G. yellow urine. Rheum.
G. urine, with deposit of mucus. Berb.
In dropsy of uterus: red, sometimes g. urine, deposits a thick sediment, passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed, body cold. Camph.
Frequent urination, with g. tinge, depositing cloudy sediment. Seneg.
Urine foaming, g. turbid. Copaiba.
Urine pale, g. Kali-c.
Urine scanty, g. brown (in jaundice). Aur.
Urine suppressed; involuntary; g. Ver-a.

Griping.—G. as if bladder were seized. Led.
G. in bladder and urethra. Lyc.

Groin.—Desire to urinate with pain in g. Rhod.
Pinching around navel while sitting, with urging to urinate; pain going into g. Natr-s.
Tenderness in region of bladder, extending upward from g. Equiset.

Groins.—Ineffectual urging, with painful pressure in loins, g. and thighs. Carbo-an.
Piercing, shooting in both g., with urging to urinate. Natr-s.

Hæmaturia.—H. Arn., Calc-c., Camph., Can-sat., Canth., China, Chin-s., Coni., Hep-s., Mez., Millef., Natr-m., Nux-v., Phos., Puls., Sec., Squilla, Tart-em.
H. (from passive congestion of kidneys). Ham.
H., with burning in urethra; with cold rigors along spine. Caps.
H.; urination prevented by clots. Cact.
H., with burning distress in urethra. Acon. (Canth.)
H. (from gravel or chronic catarrh). Lyc.
H. (Phos.); albuminuria; uræmia. Ars.
H. preceded by crampy pain in bladder. Mez.
H.; urging after, and shuddering along spine during micturition; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.
H.; bloody urine; blood forms cakes in vessel. Millef.
H., with violent and frequent urging to urinate. Merc.
H., with nausea and cutting pains in abdomen and urethra (from suppression of itch). Ipec.
H. from papilloma or polypus of bladder. Teucr.
H. (from suppressed hæmorrhoids or menses). Nux-v.
H., with pains in region of kidneys and liver (especially after sexual excesses). Phos.
H., with scorbutic affections of teeth. Tereb.
H., with great debility. Rhus-a.
Bloody urine; h. Uva.
Bloody urine (h. from mechanical causes). Arn.
Severe pains in kidneys every few minutes, with h. Can-sat.

Hæmorrhage.—H. from bladder. Cub.
H. from urethra. Crotal.
H. from bladder (from gravel). Erig.

Hæmorrhoids (see section on Rectum).—H. of bladder. Ant-c., Borax, Ham., Nux-v., Puls., Sulph.
Hæmaturia (from suppressed h. or menses). Nux-v.

Hand.—Region of bladder very sensitive; child screams if h. is placed there. Al-cep.

Hands (see section on Extremeties).—Burning before, during and after micturition, sending a thrill to cheeks and h. Can-ind.

Cannot put h. in, or hear running water, without having to urinate. Kreas.

Has to press on abdomen with h. in order to empty bladder. Magn-m.

Has to force out last few drops with h. Can-ind.

Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with h. Caust.

Hardness.—Swelling and h. of female urethra, with burning, soreness and sensitiveness (especially if caused by instruments). Hyper.

Haste.—Frequent urging to urinate; always copious and with great h. Kreas.

Head (see vol. i., section on Head).—Dark, cloudy sediment in urine in large quantities, with uncomfortable feeling in h. Agar.

Enuresis; h. thrown back during sleep. Hep-s.

Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing h. hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Headache (see vol. i., section on Head).—H. terminated with profuse flow of colorless, watery urine. Ign. (Gels., Sang., Sil.)

H. in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning, and lasts all day, with pain in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to region of kidneys, passing off with copious flow of clear, watery-looking urine. Sang. (Gels.)

Copious discharge of clear, limpid urine (Phos-ac.), relieving h. Gels. (Sang.)

Copious urination relieves h. Sil. (Gels., Sang.)

Diuresis, with h. or profuse sweat. Acon.

Frequent urination during day, with dull h. moving from sinciput to occiput and finally settling in left temple. Lil-tig.

Flow of urine with h. Ver-a.

Scanty urine, with h., which passes off with profuse flow of clear urine. Sang. (Gels.)

Urine profuse, watery, relieving the dull, congestive h. Mel. (Gels.)

Hear.—Cannot put hands in, or h. running water, without having to urinate. Kreas.

Heart (see section on Heart).—Before micturition, on rising to urinate, pressing at h.; relieved after urination. Lith-c.

On rising to urinate, a pressure in region of h., which did not cease until after urinating. Lith-c.

Pressure in h. during micturition. Lith-c.

Subacute Bright's disease of kidneys, with peculiar pains in back, palpitation and pains about h. Kalm.

Heat (see section on Fever).—Dysuria and frequent desire to urinate, with pain and h. Nitr.

Desire to urinate with h. Phos-ac.

During micturition h. and burning in urethra. Kali-bi.

Tension and h. in region of kidneys. Natr-m.

Urine copious, frequent, clear; h. precipitates phosphates, contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Heated.—Urine when h., almost invariably deposits a cloud of phosphates. Bell.

Heaviness.—H. and pressure in region of kidneys. Tereb.

H. in bladder, feels sore on slightest motion. Canth.

Hepatic (see section on Hypochondria, vol. ii.).—Chronic inflammation of kidneys (associated with h. or cardiac disease). Aur.

High colored.—H., turbid urine, of a strong urinous odor. Chin-s. (Benz-ac.)

Urine h. and scanty. Apis, Equiset. (Acon.)

Urine is scanty and h.; has a violet odor. Nux-m. (Tereb.)

Hip.—Burning and drawing from right kidney to h. Tereb.

Pain from kidney to h.; cannot straighten. Ox-ac.

Violent pains in bladder, often in back; left testicle drawn up; pain in thighs (in h. Berb.), shooting down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Hips.—Agonizing pains in kidneys, back and h. Arn.

Burning in h. before micturition. Dulc.

Pain in loins and h. when urinating. Berb.

Hold.—Frequent desire to urinate; she cannot h. her water for a moment. Merc-bij.

Horseback.—Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from h. riding. Lyc.

Horse urine.—Scanty, dark-brown urine, smelling intolerably strong (Benz-ac.), like h. Nitr-ac. (Absinth., Natr-c.)

Urine smelling like h. Natr-c., Nitr-ac.

Urine deep yellow (orange color); with strong odor (Benz-ac.), like h. Absinth.

Urine dark yellow, fetid, sour, or like h.; deposits a sediment of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)

Hot.—Urine h. Bry., Hep-s. (Ars., Calc-ph., Cham., Cor-r., Merc-cor., Prun-s., Rhus-t., Sec., Sil., Squilla.)

Feeling as if molton or h. lead were dribbling through urethra. Canth.

Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; h., burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Painful micturition, passed drop by drop; urine scanty, fiery, scalding h., red or dark colored. Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.

Sensation as if kidneys were two bags of h. water. Helon.

Sticking, tearing pains in region of kidneys; urine h. and often bloody. Mez.

Urine yellow as saffron, becoming cloudy; scanty, h. Aloe.

Urine dark red and h. Hep-s.

Urine passed with much pain; scalding h. Æsc.

Urine red, bloody, h. and scanty. Apis.

Urine h., scalding, ammoniacal. Benz-ac.

Urine h., scalding, with anguish on passing it. Cham.

Urine h., scanty, frequent, sediment red, slimy. Kali-c.

Urine h., white, muddy, or pale, with white sediment; or dark, becoming turbid. Rhus-t.

Hunger (see section on Stomach, vol. ii.).—Diabetes, with canine h. Iod.

Flow of urine, with h. Bell., Ver-a.

Frequent micturition, with ravenous thirst and h. Ver-a.

Hurried.—Unable to retain urine on account of large quantity, would have passed involuntarily if had not h. Squilla.

Hurry.—Involuntary micturition if he does not h. Merc.

Hydrocephalus (see section on Head, vol. i.).—H., with scanty urine; stupor; sight of one eye totally lost; constant motion of one arm and one leg. Apoc.

Hydrothorax (see section on Chest).—H.; dropsy. Lycop-v. (Two cases cured by the author, which were the result of the young men drinking too much ice water. The urine was scanty and thick with whitish sediment, which turned rusty colored after standing awhile. The first two or three doses of the third dilution in water started the urine and it continued to flow copiously as long as the condition existed.)

Hypogastrium (see section on Abdomen).—Painful, anxious urging to urinate, with greatly increased watery urination, sometimes excited by pressing on h. Acon.

Sometimes pain in h. and sometimes in the kidneys, when urinating. Agn.

Hysterical.—Irritability at neck of bladder, causing constant urination (in h. women). Gels.

Impeded.—Micturition i.; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.

Impotenence (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Gonorrhœa, with i. and fetid urine. Calad.

Inability.—I. to retain urine. Magn-c.

I. to pass urine in a projecting stream. Arg-n.

Pressure on bladder, with urging to urinate, but i. to do so. Lach.

Violent desire to urinate, with i. to retain urine. Natr-m.

Incessant.—I. flow of urine. Cimicif.

Inclination.—Fetid mucus in urine, with tenesmus and frequent i. to urinate. Chim.

Incontinence.—I. of urine. Kali-brom., Iyc., Nitr-ac., Puls., Rhus-a., Rhus-t., Sep., Sulph. (Bar-c., Bell., Bry., Caust., Cic-v., Dulc., Led., Merc., Natr-m., Petr., Podo., Ruta, Sil., Spig., Spong.)

I. of urine, sometimes accompanied with profuse sweat, with frequent, watery diarrhœa and colic. Acon.

I. of urine, especially in children. Eupat-purp.

I. of urine at night. Tereb., Uran-n.

I. of urine, with irritation of lower part of spine. Nux-v.

I. of urine night or day. Arg-n.

I. of urine, with great irritation of parts, worse night and when coughing. Apis.

I. of urine (in old men), with enlarged prostate gland. Aloe.

I. from paralysis of sphincter (Caust.) (in nervous children). Gels.

I. of urine (in women and children). Ign.

I. of urine (in old people). Iod.

I. of urine, especially during sleep. Rhus-t.

Spasms of urethra and i. of urine. Bell. (Atropia 2x.)

Increase.—Large i. of urine, with sensation of weakness. Calc-ph.

Lithiasis; i. of uric acid and urates; urine voided with much difficulty, as if sphincters were paralyzed. Sep.

Increased.—I. flow of urine. Agn., Alu., Ambr., Am-m., Asclep., Clem., Magn-c., Magn-s., Merc-bij., Ol-an., Phos., Rhod., Teucr., Therid. (Eupat-purp., Phos-ac.)

I. quantity of urine (Phos-ac.) and of a lighter color. Acet-ac.

I. discharge of urine at night. Aloe, Ant-c.

I. desire to urinate after a few drops have passed, causing patient to walk about in distress, although motion increases desire. Dig.

I. flow of urine, with unquenchable thirst. Kali-jod.

Discharge of urine i., with coryza. Al-cep.

Frequent urination, with i. flow. Asclep-tub., Cina, Cŏca. (Phos-ac.)

Frequent urging, with i. secretion. Aspar. (Phos-ac.)

Greatly i. quantity of urine. Eupat-purp.

Urine, with i. gravity. Benz-ac.

Urine much i. and pale. Arum.

Urine i., pale, watery, or green; with white sediment. Magn-c.

Urine i., containing an abundance of sugar. Amyl.

Increases.—Frequent micturition, quantity growing less each time, while desire i. Equiset.

Indigestion (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Sugar in urine, with much flatulence and i. Arg-n.

Induration.—Cartilaginous i. of bladder. Pareira.

Ineffectual.—I. urging, with painful pressure in loins, groins and thighs. Carbo-an.

I. urging to urinate, burning when it passes. Lach.

I. efforts at micturition, after passing a few drops pain in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum Caust.

I. urging, with constipation. Sars.

Bladder feels too full; i. urging. Arn.

Constant, i. urging to urinate. Copabia.

Desire to urinate, with i. urging. Acon., Canth., Cop., Dig., Petros., Sars.

Frequent, i. urging. Cedron.

Frequent, i. urging, then while sitting involuntary micturition. Caust.

Frequent, almost i. urging to urinate, with cutting pains, during micturition. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)

Pressure in bladder after frequent and almost i. efforts to urinate. China.

Painful, i. urging to urinate; urine passes in drops, with tearing and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.

Strangury; i. urging. Nux-v., Plumb. (Merc-cor.)

Stitches in bladder after i. urging to urinate. Guaj.

Tenesmus of neck of bladder, with i. urging. Arn.

Infant (see Child).—I. cries and screams before urinating, which it does every few minutes. Borax.

Pain in bladder causes i. to scream. Arn.

Infants.—Retention of urine (in new-born i.). Acon., Ars., Benz-ac., Hyos.

Inflamed.—Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) i. or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Meatus i., feels glued up. Bov.

Strangury, stricture, retained urine or i. bladder. Apis.

Urethra feels i. and sore to touch along its whole length; erection causes tensive pain. Can-sat.

Inflammation.—I. of kidneys, ureters, bladder and urethra, with scanty turbid, dark urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.

I. of urethra and bladder, with sudden urging to urinate, which if not done, causes great pain at navicular fossa. Petr.

I. of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.

I. and ulceration of bladder. Hydr.

I. of kidneys. Can-sat., Canth. (Acon., Bell., Cocc., Colch., Hep-s., Merc., Sulph., Thuja.)

I. of kidneys, with œdematous or swollen feet. Thuja.

I. of bladder, with pressure and aching. Populus.

I. and redness of meatus. Hep-s. (Can-sat.)

I. of bladder. Canth., Dig. (Apis.)

I. of urethra. Canth., Cop., Cub. (Arg-n., Bov., Can-sat., Hep-s., Sabin., Sulph., Tabac.)

I. of bladder and urethra (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.

I. of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

I. of neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops Clem.

I. of bladder with tenesmus. Rhus-t.

I. of neck of bladder. Elat.

I. of bladder, with vesical tenesmus, and scanty urine. Apis.

I. with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)

I. of kidneys; urine scanty, albuminous; containing more or less mucus, and ascociated with much i. at neck of bladder. Merc-cor.

I. of base and neck of bladder, with copious cloudy urine, depositing much mucus or pus-like sediment. Chim.

I. of bladder and urethra, burning or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

I. of prostate, with pinkish sediment in urine. Lith-c.

I. from passage of calculi, with piercing pains in kidneys and along ureters. Arn.

Acute and chronic i. of kidneys, with great restlessness, weakness; frequent micturition. Helon.

Acute i. of kidneys. Apis, Bell.

Chronic i. of kidneys (associated with hepatic or cardiac disease). Aur.

Chronic i. of bladder. Pareira.

Chronic i. of bladder, with cutting and constriction during micturition. Cub.

Cystitis; acute i., with agony at thought of urinating. Acon.

Dysuria; sometimes amounting to actual i., with painful erections (as in chordee). Tereb.

Irritation and i. of urinary tract. Petros.

Irritation of bladder, and i. of whole urethra, with violent urging to urinate. Jatr.

Irritation and catarrhal i. of urinary tract. Pareira.

Pain and soreness over region of kidneys, with symptoms of i. Rhus-t.

Redness and i. of meatus. Sulph.

Subacute i. of bladder, with very offensive dark-brown urine and frequent urging. Lach.

Subacute or chronic i. of urethra. Kali-bi.

Soreness and i. of kidneys and bladder. Can-sat.

Urethral i. Acon., Canth., Can-sat., Elat.

Violent i. of bladder, with extreme tenesmus and burning. Merc-cor.

Inflammatory.—Urination difficult, from spasmodic i. condition of neck of bladder. Hyos.

Inguinal (see section on Abdomen).—Dragging pain in bladder, with spasmodic trembling pains in i. region. Chelid.

Drawing pain from region of kidneys to i. glands, with anxious, nauseating sensation in pit of stomach. Can-sat.

Inhalation.—Pain in kidneys, worse from sneezing, or from deep i. and from lying. Æth.

Ink.—Dark, bloody urine, almost like i., with strangury. Colch.

Inodorous.—Watery i. urine, with fetid stool of white mucus. Dros.

Insensibility (see Numbness).—I. of urethra. Magn-s.

Inspiration.—Acute pain about kidneys, extending from ureters to bladder; worse from slightest touch or motion, even deep i. Arg-n.

Instruments.—Swelling and hardness of female urethra, with burning, soreness and sensitiveness (especially if caused by i.). Hyper.

Intermits.—Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow i.) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.

Stream i., or is thinner than usual. Sulph.

Intermittent.—Stream i. Clem., Coni., Gels., Gum-gut., Led., Meph., Thuja, Zinc. (Caust., Dulc., Opi., Phos-ac., Puls., Sulph.)

Interrupted.—Flow of urine i. Clem., Coni. (Agar., Caust., Dulc, Gum-gut., Led., Phos-ac., Puls., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.)

I. or intermittent stream. Meph.

I. flow of urine (Coni.), with burning during, but mostly at beginning of micturition, or during interruptions. Clem.

Stream i. from spasm of neck of bladder; cutting in urethra. Opi.

Interruption.—Flow of urine suddenly stops, and continues again after a short i. Coni. (Clem.)

Interruptions.—Interrupted flow of urine (Coni.), with burning during, but mostly at beginning of micturition, or during i. Clem.

Intolerably.—Scanty, dark brown urine, smelling i. strong (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Nitr-ac. (Absinth., Natr-c.)

Involuntarily.—Atony of the sphincter, urine passes i. with cough. Squilla.

Continual urging, with scanty discharge; a few drops passed i. Sulph.

Constant urging while urine passes i. in drops. Arn.

Urine passed i. while walking, coughing or laughing. Natr-m. (Caust.)

Unable to retain urine on account of large quantity, would have passed i. if had not hurried. Squilla.

Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine passes i., especially during first sleep at night, also i. from slightest excitement during day. Caust.

Involuntary.—I. discharge of urine. Acon., Bell., Caust., Dulc., Hyos., Laur., Natr-m., Ver-a., Zinc.

I. discharge of urine at night; wetting bed. Am-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Cina, Puls., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Sulph.

I. stool on urinating. Hyos., Mur-ac., Sulph.

I. dribbling, with burning in meatus. Spig.

I. urination when coughing or laughing. Natr-m. (Caust.)

I. micturition at night, or when coughing. Thuja.

I. micturition. Ars., Cham., Cic-v., Cina, Millef., Opi., Spong., Stram. (Ferr., Hyos.)

I. urination at night (in children with worms, and in chorea). Sil.

I. micturition at night in bed (especially in little girls), while coughing or passing flatus. Puls.

I. micturition on coughing, passing wind, during sleep. Puls. (Petr.)

I. micturition at night, and during day when walking. Ruta.

I. discharge of urine when walking. Calc-c., Magn-c., Selen. (Arn., Bry., Caust., Magn-m., Natr-m., Puls., Ruta, Zinc.)

I. micturition if he does not hurry. Merc.

I. urination at night. Natr-c. (Caust., Kali-phos., Puls.)

I. urination, especially during day, when walking about. Ferr.

I. micturition from exciting emotions. Gels.

I. discharge of urine, after bladder seemed to be emptied. Helon.

I. urination (Ars.) at night during sleep. Arn. (Caust., Puls.)

I. passage of urine when coughing (Colch.), sneezing, or blowing nose. Caust. (Natr-m., Puls., Zinc.)

I. micturition at night, especially during first sleep. Sep.

I. discharge of urine when at rest. Rhus-t.

I. dribbling of urine. Arn., Bell., Caust., Petr., Puls., Spig.

I. discharge of urine (during pregnancy). Podo.

I. urination every time she washes. Kreas.

I. urination. Ant-c., Dulc., Laur., Phos-ac.

I. discharge of urine when coughing. Ant-c., Rumex, Sep., Ver-a. (Caust., Kreas., Natr-m., Phos., Puls., Staph., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.)

I. discharge of urine in daytime. Fluor-ac.

I. discharge of urine early in morning. Am-c.

I. passage of urine at night while asleep. Caust. (Ars., Cupr., Kali-phos.)

I. discharge of urine day and night. Caust.

I. discharge of urine when standing. Bell., Caust., Lyc., Natr-m., Puls., Rhus-t.

I. discharge of urine when running. Arn.

I. discharge of urine on expelling flatus. Puls., Sulph.

I. discharge of urine with thirst. Acon.

I. discharge of urine when sitting or standing (urine passes freely). Sars

I. dribbling after micturition and stool. Caust., Petr., Selen., Stram.
I. micturition; constant dribbling; paralysis of sphincter vesicæ. Bell.
I. urination when walking or rising from a seat. Magn-c.
I. urination while walking, coughing and sneezing. Zinc. (Caust., Petr., Puls.)
I. urination during sleep. Am-c., Graph.
Copious i. micturition in bed. Chloralum. (Opi.)
Enuresis; i. micturition at night in bed. Petr.
Frequent, ineffectual urging, then while sitting, i. micturition. Caust.
Micturition frequent, scanty, difficult, i. Hyos.
Momentary paralysis of bladder, with i. micturition. Acon.
Tenesmus of bladder, with i. dropping of urine. Arn.
Urine frequent, profuse; i. Psor.
Urine suppressed; i.; greenish. Ver-a.

Iridescent.—Rainbow-colored, i. film floats on urine after standing. Petr.
Urine i., variegated film appears on surface. Phos.

Iron.—Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot i. passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Irresistible.—Strangury, with constant i. desire to urinate. Petros.
Sudden and i. desire to urinate. Ign., Phos-ac.
Sudden i. urging to urinate, passing large quantities. Merc. (Kreas.)

Irritability.—I. of bladder, with muco-purulent discharges and sediment of urate of ammonia. Benz-ac.
I. at neck of bladder, causing constant urination (in hysterical women). Gels.
I. of bladder (depending on gouty diathesis). Sabin.
I. of bladder and urethra (in newly-married girls, brought on by sexual excess). Staph.

Irritable.—Gravel, renal dropsy and i. bladder. Eupat-purp.

Irritated.—Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or i., with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Irritating.—Urine bright and clear, but i. Sars.

Irritation.—I. of urinary passages. Arg-n.
I. so great that he cannot bear even a spoonful of urine in bladder, without urging to urinate. Canth.
I. of urethra and neck of bladder (in old women). Copaiba.
I. and consequent stimulation of kidneys, followed, secondarily, by an atonic condition. Helon.
I. of urethra. Helon.
I. of urethra, with urging. Ham.

I. of bladder and inflammation of whole urethra, with violent urging to urinate. Jatr.
I. and inflammation of urinary tract. Petros.
I. and catarrhal inflammation of urinary tract. Pareira.
Constant desire to urinate, caused by i. of urethra. Cact.
Great i. at neck of bladder, with frequent burning urination. Apis.
Incontinence of urine, with great i. of parts, worse night and when coughing. Apis.
Incontinence of urine, with i. of lower part of spine. Nux-v.
Smarting, itching and painful i. through urethra from meatus to neck of bladder. Chim.
Urine copious, with i. of bladder and urethra. Populus.

Ischuria.—I. Arn., Aur., Camph., Canth., Colch., Dig., Plumb., Puls. (Acon., Cic-v., Dulc., Hyos., Merc-cor., Nux-v., Opi., Rhus-t., Sabin., Stann., Sulph., Ver-a.)
I. with dysentery. Arn.
I. painful, with pressure in bladder. **Aur.**
I. (after parturition). Arn., Ars., Bell., Canth., Caust., Hyos., Lyc., Nux-v., Puls., Stann.
Catarrhal i. (in children, caused by wading in water), with discharge of mucus from urethra. Dulc.
Painful i. Arn., Aur., Canth. (Acon., Puls.)

Itch.—Hæmaturia, with nausea and cutting pains in abdomen and urethra (from suppression of i.). Ipec.

Itching.—I. in urethra. Anac., Sulph. (Alu., Ambr., Arn., Berb., Bov., Canth., Caust., Cocc-c., Cop., Ign., Ind., Kali-chl., Laur., Lyc., Merc-cor., Mez., Natr-m., **Nux-v.**, Ol-an., Sep., Tabac., Thuja, Zinc.)
I. during micturition. Nux-v.
I. at meatus, with desire to urinate. Coloc.
I., biting and burning in urethra, before and after micturition. Copaiba.
I. and tickling in urethra after micturition. **Arg-n.**
I. in urethra and fossa navicularis. Petros.
I. in urethra with desire to urinate. Coloc.
I. in urethra before micturition. Cop., **Nux-v.**
I. pain in urethra during micturition. Lyc., **Nux-v.**
I. in anterior portion of urethra. Laur.
I. in prepuce after micturition. Mez.
I. in urethra after micturition. Clem., Cop., **Lyc., Nux-v.**
I. at meatus. Caust.
Biting and i. in urethra before micturition. Cop.
Discharge of mucus after urinating, causing i. and burning. Natr-m.
Discharge of pus from urethra, with i. and redness at meatus. Led.
Pain in urethra during micturition, and i. stitch in external portion between acts. Kali-bi.

Stinging, i., burning in urethra. Bov.
Stitches and i. in urethra. Cocc-c.
Smarting, i., and painful irritation through urethra from meatus to neck of bladder. Chim.
Urgent desire to urinate, with i. in female meatus during micturition. Petr.

Jar.—Region of bladder very sensitive to pressure or j. Bell.
Jaundice (see section on Hypochondria).—Dark-yellow urine (with j.). Sang.
Urine clear, but offensive (in j.). Chelid.
Urine scanty, greenish-brown (in j.). Aur.
Jelly-like.—Albuminous urine, containing cylindrical casts, mucus and shreds; looks j. Canth.
Pain in kidneys; urine like milk, mixed with j. lumps, decomposes rapidly. Phos-ac.
Sediment reddish, bloody or mucus, j., adhering to vessel. Puls.
Thick, fetid, viscid, j. urine. Coloc.
Urine oily or greasy on standing, containing a tough, j., white or red mucus mixed with blood. Dulc.
Urine contains sediment of j. lumps. Phos-ac.
Urine deposits a thick, reddish or mahogany-colored sediment, with floating, j. flocks. Laur.
Jerking.—J. in urethra. Natr-c., Phos.
J., twitching and burning in urethra, with frequent desire to urinate. Phos.
Voluptuous j. in fossa navicularis. Thuja.
Jerks.—J. in kidneys. Canth., Ran-sc.
Jolting.—Violent dysuria after j., ride during pregnancy, or from displaced uterus. Eupat-purp.

Kidney.—Burning and drawing from right k. to hip. Tereb.
Dull pain in region of right k., with urgent desire to urinate. Equiset.
Dropsy, with suppression of urine; result of k. disease. Hell.
Dull, aching pain in region of kidneys, or violent burning, cutting pains from k. to urethra. Canth.
Pain in region of left k., then bloody urine. Millef.
Pain from k. to hip; cannot straighten. Ox-ac.
Renal colic, especially in right k., extending to genitals and right leg; worse lying on that side, better on back. Nux-v.
Soreness in left k. Benz-ac.
Soreness in right k. Phyt.
Sore pain in back; burning in left k., with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.
Stinging stitches in right k. Lob.
Sticking pain in right k. Lob.

Stitches in left k. Gum-gut.
Spasmodic pain in right k. and liver. Chelid.
Shooting pains in region of left k. Bapt.
Tearing, pulsating pain in right k. Berb.

Kidneys.—Albuminuria, with dropsy (after scarlatina, and in Bright's disease of k.). Ars.
Albuminuria from fatty degeneration of k. Crotal., Cupr., Phos.
Albuminuria (after diphtheria or Bright's disease of k.). Merc-cor.
Albuminuria (during pregnancy), urine very scanty with soreness and pain about k. Helon.
Acute inflammation of k. Apis, Bell.
Acute pain about k., extending down ureters to bladder; worse from slightest touch or motion, even deep inspiration. Arg-n.
Acute and chronic inflammation of k., with great restlessness, weakness; frequent micturition. Helon.
Ascites, and general dropsy from disease of k. (especially albuminuria after scarlatina). Copaiba.
Aching in k., keeping him awake at night. Can-ind.
Agonizing pains in k., back and hips. Arn.
Burning in left k. Benz-ac., Lachn.
Burning, aching, or sharp stitches in k. Can-ind.
Burning in k. and bladder, before and during micturition. Rheum.
Burning sensation about k.; can trace outline by burning. Helon.
Burning in k. Hep-s. (Bell., Bufo, Canth., Kali-bi., Tereb.)
Bright's disease of k. Helon., Osm., Tereb., Uran-n., Ver-a.
Bright's disease of k., with pain in small of back, bruised, crampy or burning; scanty urine. Kali-n.
Bright's disease of k.; urine contains fatty casts. Phos.
Congestion of k., with albuminous urine. Dulc.
Congestion of k., it ruptures fine vessels and brings down products of this destruction with urine. Tereb.
Chronic inflammation of k. (associated with hepatic or cardiac disease). Aur.
Chronic ulceration of k. and bladder. Hep-s.
Contraction of k. Clem.
Constant aching, extreme tenderness of k., especially right. Helon.
Constant aching and tenderness over k., which seem very active. Helon.
Cutting in k. Berb., Canth., Clem., Merc., Nux-m.
Calculi in bladder and k. Sars., Zinc.
Cramps in k. Ocimum-canum.
Chill followed by pains in k.; nausea and vomiting without relief. Arn.
Discharge of blood with burning pains in k. and bladder. Ipec., Puls.
Dull aching in k., with copious urine. Natr-ars.

Drawing in k. Clem., Nux-m., Tereb.
Dropsy from disease of k. Chim., Chloralum.
Deep, dull pain in k., also cutting pain. Eupat-purp. (Berb.)
Degeneration of k., with albuminuria or glycosuria. Uran-n.
Emaciation, debility, and tendency to ascites or general dropsy, from derangement of k. Uran-n.
Function of k. suspended. Dig.
Fatty degeneration of k. Phyt.
First effect, copious diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, k. torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.
Granulated k. Kali-jod.
Hæmaturia from passive congestion of k. Ham.
Inflammation of k., with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.
Inflammation from passage of calculi, with piercing pains in k. and along ureters. Arn.
Inflammation of k., with œdematious or swollen feet. Thuja.
Inflammation of k., ureters, bladder and urethra, with scanty, turbid, dark urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.
Inflammation of k.; urine scanty, albuminous; containing more or less mucus, and associated with much inflammation at neck of bladder. Merc-cor.
Inflammation of k. Can-sat., Canth. (Acon., Bell., Cocc., Colch., Hep-s., Merc., Sulph., Thuja.)
Irritation and consequent stimulation of k., followed, secondarily, by an atonic condition. Helon.
Jerks in k. Canth., Ran-sc.
Lancinating pains, extending from k. to bladder. Cocc-c.
Pain in k.; urine like milk, mixed with jelly-like lumps, decomposes rapidly. Phos-ac.
Pain in k. during micturition. Berb., Rheum.
Pain in k. when sitting down. Valer.
Pain in k. when walking. Clem.
Pain in k., in alternation with giddiness, as if drunken. Alu.
Pain in k., worse from sneezing, or from deep inhalation and from lying. Æth.
Pain in k., with albuminous urine. Helon.
Pain in k., with soreness on pressure, or when stooping. Apis.
Pain in k. extending into abdomen, axilla, and along ureters into bladder. Canth.
Pain in k. Æsc., Phyt.
Pain in k. on bending body. China.
Pain in k., worse when stooping on rising again, and when sitting or lying, than when standing. Berb.

Pain in k. when laughing. Can-ind.

Painfulness in k. Alu., Can-sat. (Al-cep., Berb., Cocc., Colch., Nux-v., Ox-ac., Plumb., Zing.)

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both k., region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis: urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Pressing in k. Kali-c., Thuja. (Canth., Ran-sc., Tereb., Zinc.)

Piercing pains as from knives plunged into k.; chilly; inclined to vomit. Arn.

Pressure in k. when sitting, better from motion. Tereb.

Rending, tearing in k. Berb., Canth.

Subacute Bright's disease of k., with peculiar pains in back, palpitation and pains about heart. Kalm.

Spasmodic pain in k. Sulph.

Sometimes pain in hypogastrium and sometimes in k., when urinating. Agn.

Stinging stitches in k. Acon., Æth., Bell., Berb., Canth., China, Croton-tig., Cycl., Dig., Kali-c., Hep-s., Nitr., Phos-ac., Ran-sc., Valer., Zinc.

Sharp stitches in both k. Can-ind.

Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in k.; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

Soreness and inflammation of k. and bladder. Can-sat.

Soreness in k. Cinnab., Zinc.

Sticking, pressing pains in k., extending along ureters to loins and bladder. Berb.

Sticking, digging, tearing or pulsative pain in region of one or other k. Berb.

Sticking in k. and pain as if torn. Mez.

Stitches and pressure in region of both k. **Zinc.**

Stitches from k. through ureters. Lach.

Severe pains in k. every few minutes; with hæmaturia. **Can-sat.**

Suppuration or abscess of k., urine loaded with pus and mucus. **Sil.**

Suppuration of k. Canth.

Sensation as if k. were two bags of hot water. **Helon.**

Throbbing in k. Canth.

Urging to urinate, with tickling in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with pain in liver, chest and k. Ferr.

Violent, sticking, cutting pain from k. into bladder and urethra. Berb. (Cocc-c.)

Weariness, languor and weight in k. Helon.

Knee.—Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right k. swollen. **Benz-ac.**

Knees.—Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on k., pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. **Pareira.** (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Knives.—Pain as from k. in region of kidneys. Arn.

Piercing pains as from k. plunged into kidneys; chilly; inclined to vomit. **Arn.**

Labia (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—**Acid urine, corroding l. Laur.**

Burning between l. before micturition. Kreas.

Labor (see section on Pregnancy and Parturition).—**Paralysis of bladder (after l.), urine is retained.** Caust.

Labor pains (see section on Female Sexual Organs). — **Dragging towards ureters like l., with frequent urging to urinate. Cham.**

Lacerating.—L., as if in fibres of urethra. Can-sat.

L. and drawing in the urethra after urinating, early in the morning. Carbo-v.

Burning and l. pain in neck of bladder. **Nux-v.**

Scraping and l. pain in middle of urethra. **Ign.**

Lancinating.—L. pain in urethra. Asclep-tub.

L. pains, extending from kidneys to bladder. **Cocc-c.**

Languid.—White, flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and carbonate of lime; pale, l.; weak loins. Benz-ac.

Languor.—Weariness, l. and weight in kidneys. Helon.

Large.—L. stream, as if urethra were very l. Phos-ac.

Frequent desire to urinate l. quantities. Lact-ac.

Frequent micturition of l. quantities of yellow urine. **Kalm.**

Passes l. quantities of urine or none at all. Cic-v.

Last.—Burning in urethra during micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and difficulty in passing l. part of urine. Arg-n.

Burning during and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore, as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if l. drop remained. Arg-n.

Cutting from urethra to anus when passing l. drop of urine. Arg-n. (Thuja.)

Delay of l. few drops of urine. Caust.

Has to force out l. few drops with hands. Can-ind.

Pain in prepuce during micturition; l. few drops cause violent burning. Clem.

Laughing.—Pain in kidneys when l. Can-ind.

Urine passed involuntarily while walking, coughing or l. Natr-m.

Lead.—Feeling as if molten or hot l. were dribbling through urethra. Canth.

Left.—Burning in l. kidney. Benz-ac., Lachn.
Stitches in l. kidney. Gum-gut.
Soreness in l. kidney. Benz-ac.
Sore pain in back; burning in l. kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.
Shooting pains in region of l. kidney. Bapt.

Leg (see section on Extremities).—Hydrocephalus, with scanty urine; stupor; sight of one eye totally lost; constant motion of one arm and one l. Apoc.
Renal colic, especially in right kidney, extending to genitals and right l.; worse lying on that side, better on back. Nux-v.

Legs.—Discharge of blood from urethra, with paralysis of l. Lyc.
Violent pressure in bladder from urine; sits with l. crossed, and though bladder feels full, none is passed. Zinc.

Lemon.—Profuse, colorless urine; clear, or l. colored. Agar.
Urine l. yellow, turbid. Chelid.

Less.—Frequent micturition, quantity growing l. each time, while desire increases. Equiset.

Lifting.—Desire to urinate when l. a load. Bry.
Violent pain in region of kidneys, when l. and when blowing nose. Calc-ph.

Light colored.—L. urine. Euphr., Nitr. (Ant-c., Arum, Colch., Coloc., Cycl., Dulc., Fluor-ac., Ign., Lach., Magn-s., Natr-m.)
Profuse l. urine; no sediment. Apoc.

Lighter.—Increased quantity of urine (Phos-ac.), and of a l. color. Acet-ac.

Lime.—Excess of mucus in urine, with epithelial cells and oxalate of l. Lyc.
White flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and carbonate of l.; pale, languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.

Limpid.—Copious discharge of clear, l. urine (Phos-ac.), relieving headache. Gels. (Sang.)

Linen.—Urine stains l. like saffron. Bell.

Lithates.—Urine loaded with lithic acid and l., with great debility. Caust.

Lithiasis.—L.; increase of uric acid and urates; urine voided with much difficulty, as if sphincters were paralyzed. Sep.

Lithic acid.—L., or red sand in urine. Lach.
Excess of l. in urine (in dyspepsia). Lyc.
Urine loaded with l. and lithates, with great debility. Caust.

Little.—Constant pressure upon bladder; wants to urinate all time, voids but l. Lil-tig.
Frequent urination, passes l. and often, with burning. Nux-v.
Pressure as if bladder were full, with constant urging, as if urine could not be retained, yet l. is voided. Ruta.

Liver (see section on Hypochondria).—Hæmaturia, with pains in region of kidneys and l. (especially after sexual excesses). Phos.

Spasmodic pain in right kidney and l. Chelid.

Urging to urinate, with tickling in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with pain in l., chest and kidneys. Ferr.

Load.—Desire to urinate when lifting a l. Bry.

Loaded.—Urine deeply tinged with bile, and heavily l. with phosphates. Chelid.

Urine very scanty and l. with muco-purulent sediment. Chim.

Urine l. with lithic acid and lithates, with great debility. Caust.

Urine l. with slimy mucus after being exposed to cold. Can-ind.

Loam colored.—Urine turbid and l. Zinc.

Loam water.—Scanty, brown urine, becoming turbid, like l., on standing. Sulph-ac.

Loathing.—L. and inclination to vomit after micturition. Cast.

Loins.—Desire to urinate, with pain in back and l. Lach.

Flow of urine, with pain in l. Phos-ac.

Ineffectual urging, with painful pressure in l., groins and thighs. Carbo-an.

Pain in l., and hips when urinating. Berb.

Sticking, pressing pains in kidneys, extending along ureters to l. and bladder. Berb.

Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; l. stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

White, flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and carbonate of lime; pale, languid; weak l. Benz-ac.

Loose.—Urine turbid, with white sediment; pale, becoming cloudy or depositing a dingy, yellow, l. sediment. China.

Loss.—L. of power to expel urine. Kali-c.

L. of power of bladder (especially in old people, or following diphtheria). Gels.

Lumps.—Flesh-like l. of mucus in urine. Merc.

Pain in kidneys; urine like milk, mixed with jelly-like l., decomposes rapidly. Phos-ac.

Urine contains sediment of jelly-like l. Phos-ac.

Lumpy.—Gelatinous, l. urine. Coloc., Phos-ac.

Lying.—Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse l. down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.

Pain in kidneys, worse from sneezing, or from deep inhalation and from l. Æth.

Pain in kidneys, worse when stooping on rising again, and when sitting or l. than when standing. Berb.

Renal colic, especially in right kidney, extending to genitals and right leg; worse l. on that side, better on back. Nux-v.

Mahogany colored.—Urine leaves m. stain. Phyt.

Urine deposits a thick, reddish or m. sediment, with floating, jelly-like flocks. Laur.

Married.—Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty, thin stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly m. girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.

Irritability of bladder and urethra (in newly m. girls, brought on by sexual excess).—Staph.

Mealy.—Urine cloudy, like m. water, with white sediment. Canth.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, m. sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Meat.—Urine with brownish-red sediment, like sausage m. Still.

Meatus.—M. agglutinated with mucus. Petros.

M. inflamed, feels glued up. Bov.

M. swollen and dark red. Nitr-ac.

Burning in m., especially painful from rubbing of clothing. China.

Burning in m. while urinating. Dulc.

Burning at m. before, during and after urination. Caps. (Canth.)

Burning in m. during and after micturition. Puls.

Burning in m. when sitting. Paris.

Burning in m. during micturition. Sulph.

Burning and smarting in urethra, from m. backward; stitches posteriorly during micturition. Can-sat.

Cutting in m. Zinc.

Constant desire to urinate, with tickling sensation in m. Brom.

Closing of m. by mucus. Can-sat.

Discharge of pus from urethra, with itching and redness at m. Led.

Frequent urination, with fine stitches in m. Aspar.

Itching at m., with desire to urinate. Coloc.

Inflammation and redness of m. Hep-s. (Can-sat.)

Involuntary dribbling, with burning in m. Spig.

Itching at orifice (m.). Caust.

Needle-like stitches in m. Nitr-ac.

Pain at m. during and after micturition. Can-ind.

Pain in m., as if sore, after urinating. Borax.

Redness and inflammation of m. Sulph.

Smarting, itching and painful irritation through urethra from m. to neck of bladder. Chim.

Smarting in m. during micturition. Kobalt.

Sensation in urethra near m., as if a biting drop were forcing its way out. Selen.

Stitches in m. and forepart of urethra when not urinating. Caps. (Can-sat.)

Urgent desire to urinate, with itching in female m. during micturition. Petr.

Melancholia (see vol. i., section on Mind).—Diabetes mellitus; large quantities of sugar in urine, with emaciation, thirst, restlessness and m. Helon.

Membrane.—Pieces of filaments and whitish m. are passed after urinating. Merc.

Memory (see vol. i., section on Mind).—Diabetes, with impaired m.; dryness of mouth. Kali-brom.

Men.—Incontinence of urine (in old m.), with enlarged prostate gland. Aloe.

Menses (see section on Menstruation).—Hæmaturia (from suppressed hæmorrhoids or m. Nux-v.

Micturition (see Urination, Urinating, etc.).—M. only after long exertion. Opi.

M. frequent, scanty, difficult, involuntary. Hyos.

M. impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.

M. stops many times before bladder is emptied. Thuja. (Coni.)

M. slow and in thin stream (Puls.), as if urethra were constricted. Clem.

M. difficult, as if there were almost no urine in bladder, and yet, great urging to urinate. Dig.

M. difficult, with dark, reddish-brown deposit. Lith-c.

After m., sensation as if a few drops were running through urethra. Thuja.

After m., sensation as if a drop remained. Kali-bi.

After m., sensation as if drop remained in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.

After m., discharge of prostatic fluid. Daph.

After m., pressure, with sensation as if urine were retained by contraction of sphincter; with same sensation at anus. Sulph.

Acute and chronic inflammation of kidneys, with great restlessness, weakness; frequent m. Helon.

Burning and smarting during m. Magn-c.

Burning during m. (in female urethra). Lyc.

Burning and smarting in urethra after m. Lil-tig.

Burning pain in forepart of urethra during m. Ars., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-v.. Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Seneg., Sulph.

Burning and scalding during m., and straining afterwards. Chim.

Burning between labia before m. Kreas.

Burning pain in prepuce after m. Merc., Natr-c., Thuja. (Berb., Cansat., Canth., Clem., Coloc., Coni., Grat., Kali-c., Kali-bi., Led., Magn-m., Natr-m., Natr-s., Seneg., Teucr., Zinc.)

Burning pain in glandular portion of urethra during m., and for a long time after. Kali-bi.

Burning in bladder during m. Aloe, Nux-v., Rheum.

Burning in urethra before m. Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Chelid., Cop., Dig., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Rhod., Seneg., Zinc.

Burning and cutting during m.; straining in urethra after. Mur-ac.

Burning during and after m., at times amounting to a stabbing pain. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)

Burning in hip before m. Dulc.

Burning in urethra, with frequent m. Copaiba.

Burning and biting in fore part of urethra at close of m. during stool. Mez.

Burning in urethra after m. Uran-n.

Burning in urethra during and after m. Grat., Kali-c., Staph., Tart-em.

Burning after m. (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate frequently, although but a few drops of dark-yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a burning pain. Ang.

Burning in urethra during m. (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and difficulty in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.

Burning in urethra during m. Ars., Hep-s., Merc-cor., Sabad., Sars., Thuja. (Canth.)

Burning during and after m. (Canth.); urethra feels sore as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drops remained. Arg-n.

Burning in meatus during m. Sulph.

Burning during m., but more immediately after. Can-sat.

Burning before, during and after m., sending a thrill to cheeks and hands. Can-ind.

Burning and scalding during m. Helon.

Burning and smarting in urethra, from meatus backward; stitches posteriorly during m. Can-sat.

Burning, smarting, or soreness in urethra during m. Ign.

Burning in urethra during scanty m. Kali-n.

Burning in back part of urethra after m., with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.

Burning and cutting in urethra during m. Nux-m.

Burning in navicular fossa during m. Kali-bi., Petr.

Burning and stitches in urethra during m. Natr-c.

Burning in kidneys and bladder, before and during m. Rheum.

Burning, tearing and biting in urethra during m. Sulph.

Burning in meatus during and after m. Puls.

Burning in bladder and urethra during m. Tereb.

Biting and itching in urethra before m. Cop.

Biting pain in urethra during m. Canth., Carbo-v., Clem., Ign., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.

Biting pain in prepuce after m. Borax, Chin-s., Cop.

Before m., on rising to urinate, pressing at heart; relieved after urination. Lith-c.

Copious m. after midnight. Sulph.

Copious involuntary m. in bed. Chloralum. (Opi.)

Copious and frequent m. Iod.
Copious m., with frequent urging. Thuja.
Copious m. at night. Phyt.
Copious m., especially at night, urine clear like water. Phos-ac.
Constant urging after m. Stann.
Constant dribbling of urine after m. Petr.
Contracting pain in urethra during m. Bry., Dig. Ind.
Colic during m. Acon., Ver-a.
Chronic inflammation of bladder, with cutting and constriction during m. Cub.
Cutting pain in prepuce after m. Berb., Canth., Dig., Natr-m.
Cutting in urethra at end of and after m. Sulph.
Cutting in bladder during m. Canth.
Cutting in abdomen before m. Sulph.
Cutting after m., with constriction. Cub.
Cutting pain in urethra during m. Coni., Guaj. (Ant-c., Bry., Canth., Graph., Hell., Iris, Merc., Nux-m., Phos., Sars., Sulph., Thuja.)
Cutting in urethra before m. Bry., Canth., Dig.
Dribbling of blood after m. Thuja.
Dribbling of urine after m. Clem., Coni.
Difficult m., urine passed only in drops. Plumb. (Bell.)
Discharge of a few drops of blood after m. Mez.
Discharge of blood after m. Hep-s., Zinc.
Discharge of mucus after m. Murex, Phos-ac.
Discharge of viscid, purulent mucus from bladder after m. Nux-v.
Discharge of offensive mucus during m. Lach.
Discharge of a thin, gelatinous fluid after m. Natr-m.
During m. heat and burning in urethra. Kali-bi.
During m. feces escape. Squilla.
During m. flow intermits. Coni.
During m. much straining and prolapsus recti. Valer.
During m. cutting pain in middle of urethra between acts. Magn-s.
During m. soreness and smarting in vulva. Natr-m.
During m. contact of urine causes tearing pains in urethra which are felt in whole organism. Jac-car.
Drawing in seminal cord during m. Bell., Canth., Caps., Clem.
Desire continues after m. Bov., Cact., Calc-c., Coni., Guaj., Laur., Ruta.
Emission of blood during m. Crotal., Murex.
Excessive burning in urethra during m. Equiset.
Enuresis; involuntary m. at night in bed. Petr.
Enuresis; frequent m. at night (during pregnancy). Podo.
Frequent m. China, Graph. (Al-cep., Apis, Arg-m., Cupr., Phos-ac.)
Frequent m., with burning in urethra, and red urine. Al-cep.
Frequent m. during day, with smarting in urethra. Lil-ti♂
Frequent m., with copious foaming urine. Lach.

Frequent m., with ravenous thirst and hunger. Ver a.
Frequent m., quantity growing less each time, while desire increases. Equiset.
Frequent, almost ineffectual, urging to urinate, with cutting pains during m. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)
Frequent scanty m. at night. Phos.
Frequent, ineffectual urging, then while sitting involuntary m. Caust.
Frequent urging, with frequent m. Am-m.
Frequent m. of large quantities of yellow urine. Kalm.
Frequent m. of watery urine, of strong smell; waking patient. Kali-bi.
Frequent, profuse m., depositing a thick white cloud. Phos-ac.
Frequent m., with slow flow. Plumb.
Frequent m. with great thirst; drinks all time. Petr.
Frequent m., with burning after. Kali-bi.
Frequent m. with burning. Paris.
Frequent urging day and night, with copious m. Rhus-t.
Frequent, violent urging to urinate, with copious m. Sabin.
Frequent m. at night. Ambr., Coni., Merc. (Borax, Lyc., Phos-ac.)
Frequent and profuse m. Chloralum, Mel., Mur-ac., Physos., Puls., Valer., Verb.
Feeling as if more remained after m. Kali-bi.
Fermentation in bladder, with gas, air or wind escaping during m. Sars.
Flatus during m. Merc-sol.
Great distinctness of sight after m. Eugen.
Great soreness in urethra, during m. Hep-s.
Hæmaturia; urging after, and shuddering along spine during m.; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.
Interrupted flow of urine (Coni.), with burning during, but mostly at beginning of m. or during interruptions. Clem.
Involuntary dribbling, after m. and stool. Caust., Petr.
Involuntary stool during m. Hyos., Mur-ac.
Involuntary m. at night, especially during first sleep. Sep.
Involuntary m.; constant dribbling; paralysis of sphincter vesicæ. Bell.
Involuntary m. from exciting emotions. Gels.
Involuntary m. at night, or when coughing. Thuja.
Involuntary m. if he does not hurry. Merc.
Involuntary m. at night in bed (especially in little girls), while coughing or passing flatus. Puls.
Involuntary m. at night, and during day when walking. Ruta.
Involuntary m. on coughing, passing wind, during sleep. Puls. (Petr.)
Involuntary m. when coughing. Rumex, Ver-a.
Involuntary m. Ars., Cham., Cic-v., Cina, Millef., Opi., Spong., Stram. (Ferr., Hyos.)
Intense burning and cutting pain during m. Sep.

Ineffectual efforts at m., after passing a few drops pain in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.
Itching during m. Lyc., Nux-v.
Itching and tickling in urethra after m. Arg-n.
Itching, biting and burning in urethra, before and after m. Copaiba.
Itching in urethra before m. Cop., Nux-v.
Itching in urethra after m. Clem., Cop., Lyc., Nux-v.
Itching in prepuce after m. Mez.
Itching pain in urethra during m. Lyc., Nux-v.
Loathing and inclination to vomit after m. Cast.
Momentary paralysis of bladder, with involuntary m. Acon.
Mucus before m. Calc-c., Merc.
Nausea after m. Cast., Dig.
Nausea before m. Dig.
Pressure in heart during m. Lith-c.
Pressure in bladder as if too full after m. Dig.
Pressing in bladder during m. Asar., Berb., Hep-s., Lachn., Ver-a.
Pressing in bladder before m. Ang., China, Coni., Nux-v.
Pressing in neck of bladder before m. Nux-v.
Pressing pain in bladder after m. Asar., Berb., Canth., China, Lith-c., Natr-m., Ruta.
Painful m., with painful bearing down. Psor.
Painful m., with burning. Uva.
Painful m., passed drop by drop; urine scanty, fiery, scalding hot, red or dark colored. Acon. (Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.)
Pain in region of kidneys, afterwards copious m. Kali-brom.
Pain in glands after m. Anac.
Pain at meatus during and after m. Can-ind.
Pain in region of bladder before and during m. Phyt.
Pain in back before m. Lyc.
Pain in os coccygis during m. Graph.
Pain in urethra during m. Berb., Colch., Diad., Zinc.
Pain in stomach during m. Laur.
Pain in kidneys during m. Berb., Rheum.
Pain in prepuce after m. Bov.
Pain in thighs during m. Berb.
Pain in seminal cord during m. Bell., Clem.
Pain in os coccygis after m. Kali-bi.
Pain in glans penis during m. Acon., Anac., Casc., Ox-ac.
Pain in spermatic cord after m. Lith-c.
Pain in urethra during m., and itching stitch in external portion between acts. Euphorb.
Pain in bladder before m. Lith-c.
Pain in female genitals before m. Thuja.
Pain in bladder before and after m. Lith-c.

Pain in prepuce during m.; last few drops cause violent burning. Clem.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful m. drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Protrusion of varices during m.; oozing first of blood, then mucus. Kali-c.

Rasping pain in urethra during m. Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.

Residuary urination after m. Hep-s., Lach., Selen. (Bry., Clem., Kali-c., Lyc., Natr-c., Petr., Sil., Thuja.)

Stream of urine often drops during m. Led. (Coni.)

Sensation of fullness in bladder after m., with feeling on every step as if it moved up and down. Ruta.

Smarting in urethra during and after m. Ptel.

Smarting stitches in urethra during m. Merc-sol.

Smarting in meatus during m. Kobalt.

Smarting or burning in urethra during m. Sep.

Smarting pain in urethra during m. Can-sat., **Kobalt.**, **Merc-cor.**, Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep., Sil., **Thuja.**

Stranguary; painful m. Dulc.

Shuddering after m. Eugen., Plat.

Spurting of urine after m. Helon.

Spasm of bladder during m. Asaf.

Spasm in bladder after m. Asaf. (Puls.)

Spasmodic contraction of abdomen after m. **Natr-m.**

Scalding during m.; urethra swollen; stream forked. **Thuja.**

Stinging in bladder during m. Natr-m.

Stinging in prepuce after m. Berb., Coni., Kali-bi., Merc.

Stinging stitches in urethra during m. Can-sat., Clem., **Cupr.**, **Cycl.**, Graph., Iris, Merc., Merc-cor., Seneg., Sulph., Thuja.

Stitches and smarting in urethra during m. Graph.

Stitches in urethra after m. Kali-bi.

Sore pain in urethra during m. Bov., Carbo-an., Cinnab., **Daph.**, Nux-v.

Soreness in region of bladder; worse during m. **Natr-ars.**

Soreness in vagina during m. Kreas.

Tenesmus of bladder during and after m. Lith-c. (Canth.)

Tenesmus after m. Ang., Squilla.

Tenesmus during m. Colch. (Ang., Ars., Rhus-t.)

Tearing in urethra during m. Nux-v., Sulph.

Urine dark brown and turbid during m. Ambr.

Urine pale yellow, burning in urethra after m. **Magn-m.**

Urine scanty; burns during m. Natr-m.

Ulcerative pain between acts of m. Arg-n. (Prun-s.)

Urethra contracted, with m. in small, thin stream. Canth.
Urethritis; m. painful, scalding (especially during pregnancy). Populus.
Urging, with dribbling after m. Graph.
Urging after m. Can-ind.
Urgent desire to urinate, with itching in female meatus during m. Petr.
Violent burning, cutting pains in urethra, before, during and after m. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)
Violent, sharp, smarting, burning pains through urethra; worse on m. Still.
Weakness before or after m. Nux-v.
Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence m. is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing, and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Middle.—Cutting in m. of urethra. Mang.
Cloudy sediment in m. of urine. Paris.
During micturition cutting pain in m. of urethra between acts. Magn-s.
Pain about m. of urethra, with frequent desire to urinate. Rhod.
Scraping and lacerating pain in m. of urethra. Ign.
Ulcerative pain in m. of urethra, as from a splinter. Arg-n.

Midnight.—Copious micturition after m. Sulph.
Copious discharge of urine at m. Coff.

Milk.—Pain in kidneys; urine like m., mixed with jelly-like lumps, decomposes rapidly. Phos-ac.
Urine white, like m. Aur., Iod., Phos., Phos-ac.
Urine red, violet or like m. Mur-ac.
Urine copious and pale; then scanty, brown and sometimes white like m. Stann.
Urine white like m. (Still.), even coagulating. Phos-ac.

Milky.—Urine m. Iod. (Apis, Arn., Chin-s., Cina, Clem., Dulc., Merc., Mur-ac.)
Chronic cystitis, with m. deposit of bad odor. Lyc.
Discharge of thick m. mucus. Can-sat., Caps., Ferr., Nux-v.
Discharge of m. fluid from urethra. Petros.
Turbid, m. urine, with an offensive purulent sediment (in cystitis). Lyc.
Urine m., with deposit of mucus. Dulc.
Urine profuse, turbid, m., frothy, with flakes of mucus. Clem.
Urine m. and scanty; looks like boiling oil. Lil-tig.
Urine scanty, m., albuminous. Apis.
Urine turns m. after standing a little. Cina.
Urine copious, light yellow; diabetic; m. Carbo-v.
Urine frothy, thick and m. Still.

Urine m. white, depositing flocculent, white, sandy sediment. Phos.
Urine m.; turbid. Hep-s.

Minutes.—Inflammation of urethra and bladder (in women), have to urinate every few m., with smarting, tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.
Infant cries and screams before urinating, which is done every few m. Borax.

Mixed.—Pain in kidneys; urine like milk, m. with jelly-like lumps, decomposes rapidly. Phos-ac.
Urine deposits a red sediment m. with mucus. Naja.
Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucous sediment, m. with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)
Urine like water m. with blood. Pallad.

Moans.—Renal colic, with violent vomiting, m. and cries; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust deposit, or blood. Ocimum-canum.

Molten.—Feeling as if m. or hot lead were dribbling through urethra. Canth.

Morning.—Continual desire to urinate, with painful bearing down in pelvis, in m. Sep.
Dragging and urging in m. after urinating. Sulph.
Difficulty in urinating, especially in m., with a feeling as if drops came out of bladder, which is not true. Sep.
Desire to urinate in m. Ambr., Berb.
Discharge of urine towards m. Am-m., Mez.
Frequent and copious discharge of pale urine in m. **Mez.**
Involuntary discharge of urine early in m. Am-c.
Immediately after urinating, burning in uretera, in m. Coni.
Lacerating and drawing in urethra after urinating, early in m. Carbo-v.
Urine dark red in m.; deposits a brown mucus, with dark, cloudy sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.
Urinates much more than quantity of drink taken would indicate, especially in m.; followed by a dull pain in region of kidneys. Ambr.
Violent urging after urinating, especially in m. Berb.

Motion.—Acute pain about kidneys, extending from ureters to bladder; worse from slightest touch or m., even deep inspiration. Arg-n.
During m. some drops of urine pass out of urethra without sensation. Bry.
Hydrocephalus, with scanty urine; stupor; sight of one eye totally lost; constant m. of one arm and one leg. Apoc.
Heaviness in bladder, feels sore on slightest m. Canth.
Pressure in kidneys when sitting, better from m. Tereb.

Increased desire to urinate after a few drops have passed, causing patient to walk about in distress, although m. increases desire. Dig.

Mouth (see vol. ii., section on Mouth).—Diabetes, with impaired memory; dryness of m. Kali-brom.

Moved.—Sensation of fullness in bladder after micturition, with feeling on every step as if it m. up and down. Ruta.

Movement.—Pain in urethra excited or aggravated by m. Berb.

Muco-purulent.—Fetid or m. urine. Dulc.

Irritability of bladder, with m. discharges and sediment of urate of ammonia. Benz-ac.

Urine very scanty, and loaded with m. sediment. Chim.

Urine scanty, retained or suppressed; turbid, with m. deposit with red, sandy sediment. Hyos.

Mucous.—M. urine. Natr-m. (Ant-c., Berb., Calc-c., Canth., Caust., Chin-s., Coloc., Coni., Dulc., Ind., Merc., Pareira, Puls., Seneg., Tilia, Uva, Valer.)

Scanty urine, with white film and whitish or m. sediment. Kali-bi.

Urine scanty, thick, m., with œdema of feet. Lycop-v.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, m. sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later, a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Ulcers in urethra; bloody, m. or purulent discharge. Nitr-ac.

Mucus.—Tenacious m. passes with urine. Nux-v.

M. before micturition. Calc-c., Merc.

M. from urethra. Hep-s., Kali-jod., Merc., Mez., Sulph. (Agar., Agn., Ant-c., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Coni., Dulc., Elaps, Ferr., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Petr., Rhod., Sabin., Sars., Thuja.)

M. in urine; albuminuria. Petr.

A white glairy m. may be squeezed from urethra. Can-ind.

A granular kind of m. in urine, mixed with phosphates in sediment. Benz-ac.

Agglutination of orifice of urethra by m. Petros.

Albuminous urine, containing cylindrical casts, m. and shreds; looks jelly-like. Canth.

Catarrh of bladder, with thick, ropy sediment of m. in urine. Hydr.

Catarrh of bladder; urine contains large quantities of m. and pus. Populus.

Catarrhal ischuria (in children, caused by wading in water), with discharge of m. from urethra. Dulc.

Chronic catarrh of bladder, with copious discharge of m. Copaiba.

Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white m. or deposits a red sand. Pareira.

Closing of meatus by m. Can-sat.
Coagulated m. clogs up urethra. Sep.
Discharge of green m. Kobalt., Merc.
Discharge of viscid, purulent m. from bladder after micturition. Nux-v.
Discharge of offensive m. during micturition. Lach.
Discharge of m. after micturition. Murex, Phos-ac.
Discharge of purulent m. Can-sat., Canth., Caps., Clem., Cop., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sars., Thuja.
Discharge of viscid m. Agar., Bov., Dig., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos., Tart-em.
Discharge of yellow m. Merc. (Agar., Can-sat., Cop., Natr-m., Petros., Thuja.)
Discharge of watery m. Can-sat., Merc., Merc-cor.
Discharge of albuminous m. Petros.
Discharge of m. of a dark-reddish color. Cub.
Discharge of bloody m. Canth., Nitr-ac.
Discharge of thick milky m. Can-sat., Caps., Ferr., Nux-v.
Discharge of bloody pus and m. from urethra. Nitr-ac.
Discharge of m. after urinating, causing itching and burning. Natr-m.
Discharge of m. from urethra during and after urination. Natr-m. (Merc-cor.)
Excess of m. in urine, with epithelial cells, and oxalate of lime. Lyc.
Fetid m. in urine, with tenesmus and frequent inclination to urinate. Chim.
Frequent urination with much m., intense burning in urethra, and backache while urinating. Ant-c.
Flakes of m. in urine. Clem.
Flesh-like lumps of m. in urine. Merc.
Greenish urine, with deposit of m. Berb.
Inflammation of base and neck of bladder, with copious cloudy urine, depositing much m. or pus-like sediment. Chim.
Inflammation of urethra and bladder (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and ropy m. Cub.
Inflammation of kidneys; urine scanty, albuminous; containing more or less m. and associated with much inflammation at neck of bladder. Merc-cor.
Much m. after standing a short time. Equiset.
Meatus agglutinated with m. Petros.
Offensive, turbid urine, containing ropy or bloody m. and depositing much sediment. Chim.
Oozing of thick white m. at night. Arg-n.
Painless discharge of m. Can-sat., Psor.
Protrusion of varices during micturition; oozing first of blood, then m. Kali-c.
Sediment of m. in urine. Kali-n.

Sediment reddish, bloody or m., jelly-like, adhering to vessel. Puls.
Slimy (m.), sediment in urine. Berb. (Ant-c., Ars., Aur., Benz-ac., Bry., Calc-c., Caust., Coloc., Coni., Dulc., Kali-bi., Lyc., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Sars., Seneg., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Tong., Thuja, Tilia, Valer.)
Suppuration or abscess of kidneys, urine loaded with pus and m. Sil.
Tenesmus of bladder, with white pus and m. in urine. Sars.
Urine dark and muddy; dark-brown sediment; yellow (Ambr.), with thick m. sediment. Æsc. (Berb.)
Urine dark yellow, fetid, sour or like horse's urine; deposits a sediment of m. Natr-c. (Berb.)
Urine profuse, turbid, milky, frothy, with flakes of m. Clem.
Urine milky, with deposit of m. Dulc.
Urine oily or greasy on standing, containing a tough, jelly-like, white or red m. mixed with blood. Dulc.
Urine leaves large flakes of white m. Brom.
Urine loaded with slimy m. after being exposed to cold. Can-ind.
Urine turbid, with deposit of m. Lith-c.
Urine deposits a sediment of m. Equiset.
Urine containing filaments, flocks, or dark flesh-like pieces of m. Merc-cor.
Urine deposits a red sediment mixed with m. Naja.
Urine contains blood and m., which can be gathered in huge masses. Uva.
Urine at first mixed with strings of m., after standing it becomes thick and cloudy. Seneg.
Urine dark red in morning; deposits a brown m., with dark, cloudy sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.
Viscid, glutinous m. from urethra. Agar.
Viscid pus and m. from bladder. Nux-v.
Watery, inodorous urine, with fetid stool of white m. Dros.

Muddy.—M. urine. Hyper., Pallad.
Urine yellow, m. Physos.
Urine dark, thick, m. and turbid. Sabad.
Urine deposits a thick, m., light-yellow sediment, looks like wine, with odor of violets. Tereb.
Urine hot, white, m., or pale, with white sediment; or dark, becoming turbid. Rhus-t.
Urine dark and m.; dark-brown sediment; yellow (Ambr.), with thick, mucous sediment. Æsc. (Berb.)

Muscle.—Paretic condition of sphincter m. of bladder, causing enuresis (wetting of bed), and spasmodic retention of urine. Gels.

Musk.—Thick, purulent urine, with odor like m. Ocimum-canum.

Musty.—Urine yellowish, green, turbid, of m. odor. Camph.

Napkin.—Urine scanty, staining n. yellow. Arn.

Narrowness.—Sensation of n. of urethra. Bry., Dig., Graph.

Nausea (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—N. after micturition. Cast., Dig.

N. before micturition. Dig.

Chill, followed by pains in kidneys; n. and vomiting without relief. Arn.

Hæmaturia, with n. and cutting pains in abdomen and urethra (from suppression of itch). Ipec.

With n., there is a spasm of drawing pain at neck of bladder, and desire to urinate. Jatr.

Nauseating.—Drawing pain from region of kidneys to inguinal glands, with anxious, n. sensation in pit of stomach. Can-sat.

Navel (see section on Abdomen).—Pinching around n. while sitting, with urging to urinate; pain going into groin. Natr-s.

Near.—Has to wait a long time for urine to pass, especially if others are n. him. Natr-m.

Necessity.—Desire to urinate; no urging, only a sensation of fullness indicates n. for urinating. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.

Thinking of urinating causes n. to urinate. Ox-ac.

Neck of bladder.—Burning and tenesmus of n. Acon.

Burning at n. Acon., Cham., Nux-v., Petr., Puls., Staph.

Burning and lacerating pain in n. Nux-v.

Burning in n. when urinating. Cham.

Burning in n. when not urinating. Acon.

Contraction, with urging, sticking and burning in n., then passage of a few drops of scalding urine. Canth.

Constriction of n. Cact.

Frequent urging to urinate, with drawing in n. Rhod.

Great irritation at n., with frequent burning urination. Apis.

Inflammation of kidneys; urine scanty, albuminous; containing more or less mucus, and associated with much inflammation at n. Merc cor.

Inflammation at n., with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops. Clem.

Inflammation at n. Elat.

Inflammation of base and n., with copious, cloudy urine, depositing much mucus or pus-like sediment. Chim.

Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about n. at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.

Irritation of urethra and n. (in old women). Copaiba.

Irritability at n., causing constant urination (in hysterical women). Gels.

Painful, ineffectual urging to urinate; urine passes in drops, with tearing and burning in urethra and n. Nux-v.

Pressing in n. before micturition. Nux-v.
Paralysis of n. Canth.
Soreness at n. from tenesmus. Arn.
Swelling in region of n. Puls.
Shooting in n. Calc-ph.
Smarting, itching and painful irritation through urethra from meatus to n. Chim.
Stitches in n. when coughing. Caps.
Stitches in n. and anus at same time. Lyc.
Stream interrupted from spasm of n.; cutting in urethra. Opi.
Spasmodic stricture of n. Ruta.
Tenesmus of n., with ineffectual urging. Arn.
Tenesmus from spasm of n. Arn.
Tenesmus and stinging in n. Puls.
Throbbing pain in region of n., during straining effort to urinate. Dig.
Urination difficult, from spasmodic inflammatory condition of n. Hyos.
Urging to urinate, with tickling in urethra extending to n.; with pain in liver, chest and kidneys. Ferr.
Violent burning, cutting pains in n., extending to navicular fossa of urethra. Canth.
With nausea, there is a spasm of drawing pain at n. and desire to urinate. Jatr.

Needle-like.—N. stitches in meatus. Nitr-ac.

Nephritis.—Chronic n. Eupat-purp.
N., with extreme pain in region of kidneys. Colch.
N.; cystitis; urethritis; stranguary. Tereb. (If there is no blood in urine this remedy will fail.)
N. (after scarlatina). Dig.
Acute n., with extreme distress in bladder, urine scanty, bloody or albuminous. Canth. (Tereb.)

Nervous.—N. feeling about sphincter. Gels.
Burning in urethra, with great n. excitability. Mosch.
Incontinence from paralysis of sphincter (Caust.) (in n. children) Gels.

Neuralgia.—N. of urethra or seminal cord. Clem.

Night.—Awaking at n. to urinate. Squilla.
Aching in kidneys, keeping him awake at n. Can-ind.
Awakens at n., with erection and desire to urinate. Hep-s.
Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at n.; better from horseback riding. Lyc.
Constant urging, and frequent emission of urine, every other day; passes much at n. Bar-c.
Copious, highly albuminous urine; must rise at n. to urinate. Glon.

Copious micturition, especially at n., urine clear like water. Phos-ac.
Copious micturition at n. Phyt.
Constant urging day and n.; urine copious. Nux-j.
Dull pressing in region of bladder during n. Bell.
During n. some drops of urine escape from urethra, coloring shirt red. Lachn.
Diabetes insipidus; must rise frequently at n. to void large quantities of colorless urine. Phos-ac.
Desire to urinate at n. Ars., Calc-c., Hyper., Kreas., Lach., Magn-m., Meph., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sabin., Samb., Spig., Tart-em., Thuja.
Desire to urinate day and n. Carbo-v., Natr-m. (Cact., Cast., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Magn-m., Merc., Natr-c., Sars.)
Enuresis at n. with profuse sweat. Bell.
Enuresis at n. (in scrofulous or syphilitic children). Kali-jod.
Enuresis; involuntary micturition at n. in bed. Petr.
Enuresis; frequent micturition at n. (during pregnancy). Podo.
Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; sweetish, profuse at n.; diabetes. Arg-m.
Frequent discharge of urine at n. Alu., Ambr., Am-c., Borax, Calc-c., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Cinnab., Coni., Dig., Graph., Kreas., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Phos-ac., Sep., Sulph.
Frequent urination even at n. Sep.
Frequent and sudden desire to urinate, especially at n., with copious discharge. Sulph.
Frequent urination at n., with intense burning. Tereb.
Frequent urging at n. with copious flow each time. Cact.
Frequent copious, pale urine, day and n. Sars.
Frequent and copious urine at n., which is as clear as water. Sang.
Frequent urging day and n., with copious micturition. Rhus-t.
Frequent urination, especially at n. (Ambr., Coni., Dig., Phos-ac.), with much pressure and scanty emission. Kali-c.
Frequent urging to urinate at n. Am-c.
Frequent desire to urinate day and n., with scanty discharge. Magn-m.
Frequent, scanty micturition at n. Phos.
Frequent urging to urinate; worse at n. or in afternoon. Aloe.
Involuntary urination at n. (in children with worms, and in chorea). Sil.
Involuntary micturition at n. or when coughing. Thuja.
Involuntary micturition at n., and during day when walking. Ruta.
Involuntary micturition at n. in bed (especially in little girls), while coughing or passing flatus. Puls.
Involuntary discharge of urine day and n. Caust.
Involuntary micturition at n., especially during first sleep. Sep.

Involuntary discharge of urine at n.; wetting bed. Am-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Cina, Puls., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Sulph.

Involuntary urination (Ars.) at n. during sleep. Arn., Caust., Natr-c. (Cupr., Puls., Kali-phos.)

Increased discharge of urine at n. Aloe, Ant-c.

Incontinence of urine n. or day. Arg-n.

Incontinence of urine at n. Tereb., Uran-n.

Incontinence of urine, with great irritation of parts, worse n. and when coughing. Apis.

Must rise several times to urinate at n. Borax.

Must uinate at n. Cupr.

Oozing of thick, white mucus at n. Arg-n.

Profuse and frequent discharge of urine at n. Am-m. (Ambr., Phos-ac.)

Reddish-yellow urine at n., with white sediment. Bry.

Spasms in bladder and sphincters, not allowing any rest at n. Prun-s.

Spasmodic pains in bladder at n. Prun-s.

Tenesmus of bladder rouses him from sleep at n. Ant-c.

Urine kept over n. left reddish deposit on sides of vessel. Aspar.

Nrine frequent and copious, must rise at n., passed without sensation. Sars.

Urine straw colored; urinates frequently day and n. Abies-c.

Urine copious, with frequent urging, mostly at n. Spig.

Urinates frequently day and n.; attempt to retain it causes pain. Lact-ac.

Urging at n., with scanty discharge. Nitr-ac.

Urging to urinate, waking constantly at n. Chim.

Violent urging to urinate at n. Sulph.

Wetting bed at n.; enuresis. Sulph.

Wetting bed n. (in children from worms). Cina.

Wetting bed at n. (in children.) Apoc., Carbo-v., Cupr. (Caust., Kali-phos., Puls.)

Wets bed at n.; wakes with urging, but cannot retain urine. Kreas.

Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at n., also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.

Nightly—N. urging to urinate, with vertigo. Hyper.

Nocturnal (see Night).—N. enuresis. Graph., Verb.

N. discharge of urine. Alu., Am-c., Am-m., Coni., Cupr., Graph., Hep-s., Iod., Sars., Sulph.

Node.—Hard n. in urethra. Bov.

None.—Passes large quantities of urine or n. at all. Cic-v.

Nose.—Involuntary passage of urine when coughing (Colch.), sneezing or blowing n. Caust. (Natr-m., Puls., Zinc.)

Violent pain in region of kidneys, when lifting and when blowing n. Calc-ph.

Numbness.—N. in urethra. Magn-m.

Odor.—Chronic cystitis, with milky deposit of offensive o. Lyc.
Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong o.; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.
High-colored, turbid urine, of a strong urinous o. Chin-s. (Benz-ac.)
Painful and difficult urination, urine being clear and having a peculiar strong, pungent, fetid o. Calc-c.
Thick, purulent urine, with o. like musk. Ocimum-canum.
Urine has o. of onions. Gum-gut.
Urine yellowish, green, turbid, of musty o. Camph.
Urine of exceedingly strong urinous o. Benz ac. (Nitr-ac.)
Urine has a strong, offensive o. Aspar. (Asaf., Benz-ac., Nitr-ac.)
Urine brown and of a pungent o. Asaf. (Benz-ac.)
Urine has a pungent o. Borax, Kobalt.
Urine deep yellow (orange color), with strong o. (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Absinth.
Urine deposits a thick, muddy, light-yellow sediment, looks like wine, with o. of violets. Tereb.
Urine dark, brownish red, turbid, with strong o. Tart-em.
Urine much diminished; bloody, turbid, and of peculiar o. Hyper.
Urine has o. of rotten eggs. Daph.
Urine has o. of ammonia. Asaf. (Chin-s., Ferr., Mosch., Nitr-ac., Pareira, Phos., Stront.)
Urine yellow, flocculent, or red sediment, with strong pungent o. Kobalt.
Urine dark and of strong o. Dros.
Urine is scanty and high-colored; has a violet o. Nux-m. (Tereb.)
Urine albuminous; of strong o.; dark brown and scanty; bright-red sediment. Osm.
Urine has sour o. Graph. (Ambr., Merc., Natr-c.)

Œdema.—Urine scanty, thick and muddy, with o. of feet. Lycop-v.

Œdematous.—Inflammation of kidneys, with o. or swollen feet. Thuja.

Offensive.—O. urine. Calc-c., Kreas. (Benz-ac., Nitr-ac., Sulph., Sulph-ac.)
O. urine, with sediment. Calad.
O., turbid urine, containing ropy or bloody mucus and depositing much sediment. Chim.
O. urine, with red sand. Sep. (Red sand is characteristic of Lyc., but in Lyc. urine is not offensive.)
Cattarrh of bladder, with o. brown urine. Benz-ac.
Discharge of o. mucus during micurition. Lach.
Subacute inflammation of bladder, with very o. dark-brown urine and frequent urging. Lach.

Scanty, red urine, very o. Arn.
Turbid, milky urine, with an o. purulent sediment (in cystitis). Lyc.
Urine has a stong, o. odor. Asaf., Aspar., Benz-ac., Nitr-ac.
Urine of o. pungent smell. Benz-ac. (Asaf., Aspar.)
Urine thick, slimy and very o. Sep.
Urine becomes turbid and o., with white sediment. Sep.
Urine turbid; reddish; o.; excoriating. Sulph.
Urine turbid, clay colored, with reddish sediment; adhering to vessel; very o. Sep.
Urine blood red, with white sediment and a p. film on surface; very o. Sep.
Urine turbid and bloody; o.; it deposits a red, slimy sand, which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)
Urine clear, but o. (in jaundice). Chelid.

Oil.—Urine thick as o. Stram.
Urine milky and scanty; looks like boiling o. Lil-tig.

Oily.—O. film upon urine after standing. Hep-s.

Old age.—Enuresis (in o.). Sec.

Old men.—Incontinence of urine (in o.) with enlarged prostate gland. Aloe.
Partial paralysis of bladder (in o.); urine flows by fits and starts; passes better when standing. Coni.

Old people.—Incontinence of urine (in o.). Iod.
Loss of power of bladder (especially in o. or following diphtheria). Gels.
Tenesmus of bladder (in o.). Populus.
Urine pale and watery (bloody in o.). Sec.

Once.—Unable to evacuate all urine in bladder at o. Clem.

Onions.—Urine has odor of o. Gum-gut.

Oozing.—O. of thick white mucus at night. Arg-n.
Protrusion of varices during micturition; o. first of blood then mucus. Kali-c.

Orange colored.—O., or yellowish-red sediment in urine. Coca.
Urine deep yellow (o.); with strong odor (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Absinth.
Yellow, o. urine, soon becoming turbid. Ang.

Orifice (see Meatus).—Agglutination of o. of urethra by mucus. Petros.
Dilation of o. of urethra. Cop.
Itching at o. (meatus). Caust.
Redness of o. of urethra. Hep-s. (Gels., Sulph.)

Os coccygis.—Pain in o. during micturition. Graph.
Pain in o. after micturition. Kali-bi.

Others.—Has to wait a long time for urine to pass, especially if o. are near him. Natr-m.

Otorrhœa (see vol. i., section on Ear).—Urine ammoniacal, decomposes rapidly, smells like o. Aur.

Out.—Sensation in urethra near meatus as if a biting drop were forcing its way o. Selen.

Outline.—Burning sensation about kidneys; can trace o. by burning. Helon.

Oxalate.—Excess of mucus in urine, with epithelial cells, and **o.** of lime. Lyc.

Oxaluria.—O. Nitr-ac., Rhus-t.

O., with symptoms of gout and exhaustion. Ox-ac.

Pain.—P. in kidneys, in alternation with giddiness, as if drunken. Alu.

P. in kidneys, worse from sneezing, or from deep inhalation and from lying. Æth.

P. in urethra as if swollen and ulcerated. Arg-n.

P. in kidneys, with albuminous urine. Helon.

P. in urethra excited or aggravated by movement. Berb.

P. in kidneys, worse when stooping on rising again, and when sitting or lying, than when standing. Berb.

P. in loins and hips when urinating. Berb.

P. in meatus as if sore, after urinating. Borax.

P. as from knives in region of kidneys. Arn.

P. in region of left kidney, then bloody urine. Millef.

P. from kidney to hip; cannot straighten. Ox-ac.

P. in kidneys on bending body. China.

P. in bladder if call to urinate is delayed. Sulph-ac.

P. and tenderness in region of bladder. Equiset.

P. in region of bladder before and during micturition. Phyt.

P. in bladder, with feeling of fullness and desire, but unable to urinate. Opi.

P. in kidneys; urine like milk, mixed with jelly-like lumps, decomposes rapidly. Phos-ac.

P. in back on retaining urine. Natr-s.

P. in region of kidneys, afterwards copious micturition. Kali-brom.

P. in region of kidneys. Al-cep., Colch., Ox-ac., Senecio.

P. in kidneys. Æsc., Phyt.

P. in urethra during passage of urine, as if raw. Colch.

P. in urethra as in beginning of gonorrhœa. Sulph.

P. in urethra, as from ulceration. Rhod.

P. about middle of urethra, with frequent desire to urinate. Rhod.

P. and soreness over region of kidneys, with symptoms of inflammation. Rhus-t.

P. in bladder increased by drinking even small quantity of water. Canth.

P. in bladder and urethra. Can-ind.

P. in kidneys when laughing. Can-ind.

P. in kidneys extending into abdomen, axilla, and along ureters into bladder. Canth.

P. at meatus during and after micturition. Can-ind.
P. in kidneys when sitting down. Valer.
P. in bladder before micturition. Lith-c.
P. in os coccygis during micturition. Graph.
P. in urethra during micturition. Berb., Colch., Diad., Zinc.
P. in back before micturition. Lyc.
P. in thighs during micturition. Berb.
P. in urethra during micturition, and itching stitch in external portion between acts. Euphorb.
P. in glans penis during micturition. Acon., Anac., Casc., Ox-ac.
P. in kidneys during micturition. Berb., Rheum.
P. in seminal cord during micturition. Bell., Clem.
P. in os coccygis after micturition. Kali-bi.
P. in stomach during micturition. Laur.
P. in prepuce after micturition. Bov.
P. in spermatic cord after micturition. Lith-c.
P. in female genitals before micturition. Thuja.
P. in glands after micturition. Anac.
P. in prepuce during micturition; last few drops cause violent burning. Clem.
P. in bladder, before and after micturition. Lith-c.
P. extending into spermatic cord (Clem., Puls., Spong.), after urinating. Lith-c.
P. in bladder as if distended. Equiset.
P. in kidneys when walking. Clem.
P. and uneasiness always on commencing to urinate. Acon.
P. in bladder causes infant to scream. Arn.
P. in kidneys, with soreness on pressure, or when stooping. Apis.
After urination, spasmodic p. in neck of bladder, extending to thighs. Puls.
After much straining and pressing, with much p., a few drops of blood are passed. Hell.
Acute p. about kidneys, extending down ureters to bladder; worse from slightest touch or motion, even deep inspiration. Arg-n.
Albuminuria (during pregnancy), urine very scanty, with soreness and p. about kidneys. Helon.
Burning and scalding, or stinging p. in urethra before, during and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)
Burning p. in region of bladder. Sabin.
Burning p. in urethra when urinating. Cocc-c. (Can-sat., Canth., Staph.)
Burning p. in fore part of urethra during micturition. Ars., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-v., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Seneg., Sulph.
Burning p. in prepuce after micturition. Merc., Natr-c., Thuja, Berb., Can-sat., Canth., Clem., Coloc., Coni., Grat., Kali-bi., Kali-c., Led., Magn-m., Natr-m., Natr-s., Seneg., Teucr., Zinc.)

Burning p. in glandular portion of urethra during micturition and for a long time after. Kali-bi.
Burning p. in urethra. Petr.
Burning and lacerating p. in neck of bladder. Nux-v.
Burning p. in bladder. Berb.
Burning, cutting p. in female urethra during and after urinating. Berb.
Burning after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to urinate frequently, although but a few drops of dark-yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a burning p. Ang.
Burning during and after micturition, at times amounting to a stabbing p. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)
Before urinating, child screams with p.; red sand on diaper. Lyc.
Bright's disease of kidneys, with p. in small of back, bruised, crampy or burning; scanty urine. Nitr.
Biting p. in urethra during micturition. Canth., Carbo-v., Clem., Ign., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.
Biting p. in prepuce after micturition. Borax, Chin-s., Cop.
Biting, burning p. in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Paris, Sabad., Sars., Staph., Thuja.
Cutting p. in bladder. Berb., Canth., Caps., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Mang., Tereb.
Cutting p. in urethra. Calc-ph. (Berb., Canth., Caps., Chelid., Colch., Coni., Dig., Ipec., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Sep., Zinc.)
Cutting p. in urethra during micturition. Coni. (Ant-c., Bry., Canth., Graph., Guaj., Hell., Iris, Merc., Nux-m., Phos., Sars., Sulph., Thuja.
Cutting p. in prepuce after micturition. Berb., Canth., Dig., Natr-m.
Crampy, contractive p. in region of bladder. Berb.
Catarrh of bladder, with excruciating p. on urinating. Rhus-a.
Continous aching p. in region of bladder. Berb.
Contracting p. in urethra during micturition. Bry., Dig., Ind.
Desire to urinate, with p. in back and loins. Lach.
Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glands, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; p. in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.
Desire to urinate, with p. in perinæum. Tart-em.
Desire to urinate, with p. in groin. Rhod.
Desire to urinate, with p. in abdomen. Lach., Puls.
Desire to urinate, with p. in bladder. Hell., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Ruta, Sulph-ac.
Dull aching p. in region of kidneys. Hydr.
Dull p. in region of kidneys. Ham.
Dull p. in region of right kidney, with urgent desire to urinate. Equiset.
Dull pressive p. and soreness in region of kidneys. Cocc-c.

Dull, pressing p. in region of kidneys. Canth.

Dull aching p. in region of kidneys, or violent burning, cutting pains from kidney to urethra. Canth.

During micturition, cutting p. in middle of urethra, between acts. Magn-s.

Drawing p. from region of kidneys to inguinal glands, with anxious, nauseating sensation in pit of stomach. Can-sat.

Drawing p. in spermatic cord while urinating. Canth.

Drawing p. in bladder. Berb., Rhod.

Dysuria, with passage of only a few drops of bloody urine, which causes most severe burning, cutting p. along urethra. Canth.

Dysuria and frequent desire to urinate, with p. and heat. Nitr.

Dragging p. in bladder, with spasmodic trembling pains in inguinal region. Chelid.

Deep, dull p. in kidneys, also cutting p. Eupat-purp. (Berb.)

Frequent and sudden attacks of p. along ureters. Apis.

Frequent urination; passed in drops with much p. Merc-cor.

Frequent urging, with spasm of the bladder, and burning, tearing p. Uva.

Frequent desire to urinate, and p. during act. Actea-s.

Flow of urine, with p. in abdomen. Acon., Ver-a.

Flow of urine, with p. in loins. Phos-ac.

Flashes of p. in region of bladder, more toward right before urinating. Lith-c.

Hæmaturia, preceded by crampy p. in bladder. Mez.

Headache in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning, and lasts all day, with p. in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to region of kidneys, passing off with copious flow of clear, watery-looking urine. Sang. (Gels.)

Ineffectual efforts at micturition, after passing a few drops p. in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.

Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great p. on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops. Clem.

Inflammation of kidneys, with p. in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Inflammation of bladder and urethra, burning or shooting p., and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and p. about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.

Inflammation with p. in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)

Inflammation of urethra and bladder, with sudden urging to urinate, which if not done, causes great p. at navicular fossa. **Petr.**

Intense burning and cutting p. during micturition. Sep.

Itching p. in urethra during micturition. Lyc., Nux-v.

Last drops cause much p. Clem.

Lancinating p. in urethra. Asclep-tub.

Nephritis, with extreme p. in region of kidneys. Colch.

Pressing p. or sensation in bladder. Acon., Al-cep., Alu., Am-c., Arn., Aur., Berb., Canth., Carbo-v., China, Colch., Coni., Cycl., Dig., Hyos., Kreas., Lach., Natr-m., Ol-an., Pallad., Rhus-t., Ruta, Sars., Sep., Squilla, Tart-em., Zinc.

Pressing p. in bladder after micturition. Asar., Berb., Canth., China, Lith-c., Natr-m., Ruta.

Pressing p. in urethra, relieved by pressing on glands. **Canth.**

Pressing p. in urethra. Colch., Petros., Puls., Teucr.

Pressure of urine in bladder, with cutting p. Am-c.

Pinching around navel while sitting, with urging to urinate; p. going into groin. Natr-s.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with p. in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Quick, strong tenesmus, with sensitive p. in middle of urethra. **Lith-c.**

Retention of urine causing p. Canth.

Rasping p. in urethra during micturition. **Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c.,** Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.

Sticking p. in right kidney. Lob.

Sticking in kidneys, which p. as if torn. **Mez.**

Sticking, digging, tearing or pulsative p. in region of one or other of kidneys. Berb.

Suppression of urine, with shooting p. in region of kidneys, and prostration. Kali-bi.

Scanty, red urine, depositing copious, white sediment, with p. across back. Kali-bi.

Smarting p. in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Kobalt., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep., Sil., Thuja.

Sometimes p. in hypogastrium and sometimes in kidneys when urinating. Agn.

Severe, dull p. in region of kidneys, with difficult micturition. Still.

Spasmodic p. in right kidney and liver. Chelid.

Spasmodic p. in kidneys. Sulph.

Soreness and p. in bladder; deep aching; uneasiness; catarrh. Eupat-purp.

Sore p. in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull p. in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

Sore p. on touch, or when urinating. Mez.

Sore p. in urethra during micturition. Bov., Carbo-an., Cinnab., Daph., Nux-v.

Scraping and lacerating p. in middle of urethra. Ign.

Sharp, cutting p. in urethra. Equiset.

Tearing, pulsating p. in right kidney. Berb.

Titillating p. in urethra. Berb.

Turbid, slimy urine, with violent contraction of urethra, and p. in region of bladder. Ind.

Throbbing p. in region of neck of bladder, during straining effort to urinate. Dig.

Terrific p. in back, before every urination, with relief as soon as urine begins to flow. Lyc.

Urine only reaches glans penis, and causes violent p. there. Prun-s.

Urine scanty, with frequent urination, and pressing, scalding, smarting p. Chim.

Urine passed in drops, with great p. Merc-cor.

Urine passed with much p.; scalding hot. Æsc.

Uric acid or sediment of red sand in urine, associated with p. in uterus. Ocimum-canum.

Urinates frequently day and night; attempt to retain it causes p. Lact-ac.

Urinates much more than quantity of drink taken would indicate, especially in morning; followed by a dull p. in region of kidneys. Ambr.

Urethra feels inflamed and sore to touch along its whole length; erection causes tensive p. Can-sat.

Urethritis, with burning, biting p., extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Urging to urinate, with tickling in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with p. in liver, chest and kidneys. Ferr.

Unbearable p. after micturition (in women). Sars.

Ulcerative p. between acts of micturition. Arg-n. (Prun-s.)

Ulcerative p. in middle of urethra, as from a splinter. Arg-n.

Violen p. with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing p. in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Violent p. in bladder and in all neighboring parts. Calc-ph.

Violent p. in region of kidneys, when lifting and when blowing nose. Calc-ph.

Violent p. during urination. Calad.

Violent, sticking, cutting p. from kidneys into bladder and urethra. Berb. (Cocc-c.)

Violent p. in direction of ureters, before passing turbid urine. Chelid.

With nausea, there is a spasm of drawing p. at neck of bladder, and desire to urinate. Jatr.

Weakness, with dull p. and soreness in region of kidneys. Phyt.

Painful.—P. pressure about bladder and urethra, discharge of a few drops of urine, with mucous sediment. Dulc.

P. retention of urine. Acon., Arn., Aur., Canth., Crotal., Puls., Sars.

P. ischuria. Arn., Aur., Canth. (Acon., Puls.)

P. desire to urinate. Acon., Bov., Can-sat., Graph., Hell., Kali-jod., Tart-em., Ver-a.

P. discharge of urine. Ars., Bar-m., Colch., Coni., Ind., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Nux-v., Ran-b., Stann., Sulph., Uva, Zinc.

P. and difficult urination, urine being clear and having a peculiar strong, pungent, fetid odor. Calc-c.

P. constriction of bladder. Sars.

P. micturition, with burning. Uva.

P. micturition, with p. bearing down. Psor.

P. desire, with bloody urine, requiring great effort. Sulph.

P. urging to urinate. Kali-bi., Kali-jod.

P. drawing from perinæum into urethra. Kali-bi.

P., ineffectual urging to urinate; urine passes in drops, with tearing and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.

P. spasmodic stricture of bladder. Phos-ac.

P., anxious urging to urinate, with greatly increased watery urination, sometimes excited by pressing in hypogastrium. Acon.

P., anxious urging to urinate. Acon. (Borax.)

P. micturition, passed drop by drop; urine scanty, fiery, scalding hot, red or dark colored. Acon. (Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.)

Burning in meatus, especially p. from rubbing of clothing. China.

Continual p. pressure on bladder. Squilla.

Continual desire to urinate, with p. bearing down in pelvis, in morning. Sep.

Dysuria; sometimes amounting to actual inflammation, with p. erections (as in chordee). Tereb.

Frequent p., scanty, bloody urination; with alternations of dry skin and perspiration. Apis.

Ineffectual urging, with p. pressure in loins, groins and thighs. Carbo-an.

Intensely p. drawing in urethra. Zinc.

Ischuria p., with pressure in bladder. Aur.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; p. micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Region of bladder p. to touch. Puls.

Strangury; p. micturition. Dulc.

Smarting, itching and p. irritation through urethra from meatus to neck of bladder. Chim.

Urination p. or suppressed. Erig.

Urine scanty and dark, p. in passing. Fluor-ac.

Urethritis; micturition p., scalding (especially during pregnancy). Populus.

Urethra p. to touch or pressure; discharge cream-like. Caps.

Painfully.—Urethra p. sore to pressure. Natr-m.

Painfulness.—P. in kidneys. Alu., Can-sat. (Al-cep., Berb., Cocc., Colch., Nux-v., Ox-ac., Plumb., Zing.)

Painless.—P. discharge of mucus. Can-sat., Psor.

P. discharge of blood from urethra. Lyc.

Pains.—P. often extend to spermatic cords and testes, drawing them up. Canth.

P. in bladder. Agn., Ferr.

P. in urethra so severe as to cause perspiration to start. Still.

Agonizing p. in kidneys, back and hips. Arn.

Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; p. worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.

Chill followed by p. in kidneys; nausea and vomiting without relief. Arn.

Cutting p. in bladder, with frequent desire to urinate. Æth.

Cutting and contracting p. from ureters down to penis; pressure on glans relieves a little. Canth.

Cutting and contractive p. from ureters down toward penis; at times pains pass from without inwards; pressure on glans somewhat relieves pain. Canth.

Cramp-like p. in region of bladder in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chelid.

Constant urging to urinate; violent p. in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.

During micturition contact of urine causes tearing p. in urethra which are felt in whole organism. Jac-car.

Dull aching pain in region of kidneys, or violent burning, cutting p. from kidney to urethra. Canth.

Discharge of blood with p. in stomach and vomiting. Ipec.

Discharge of blood with burning p. in kidneys and bladder. Ipec., Puls.

Dragging pain in bladder, with spasmodic trembling p. in inguinal region. Chelid.

Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glans and causes p. and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

Frequent, almost ineffectual urging to urinate, with cutting p. during micturition. Puls. (Canth. has p. after.)

Fleeting p. in bladder, not when urinating, but at other times. Benz-ac.

Hæmaturia, with nausea and cutting p. in abdomen and urethra (from suppression of itch). Ipec.

Hæmaturia, with p. in region of kidneys and liver (especially after sexual excesses). Phos.

Inflammation from passage of calculi, with piercing p. in kidneys and along ureters. Arn.

Lancinating p. extending from kidneys to bladder. Cocc-c.

Pressing and other p. in region of bladder. Al-cep.

Piercing p. as from knives plunged into kidneys; chilly; inclined to vomit. Arn.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning p. in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Sensitiveness in region of kidneys, with shooting p. Acon.

Subacute Bright's disease of kidneys, with peculiar p. in back, palpitation and p. about heart. Kalm.

Spasmodic p. in bladder at night. Prun-s.

Spasmodic p. in bladder. Berb.

Severe p. in kidneys every few minutes; with hæmaturia. Can-sat.

Shooting p. in region of left kidney. Bapt.

Stitches and shooting p. in urethra. Sulph.

Sticking, pressing p. in kidneys, extending along ureters to loins and bladder. Berb.

Sticking, tearing p. in region of kidneys; urine hot and often bloody. Mez.

Sticking, cutting p., or soreness in anterior part of urethra. Lach.

Urging to urinate; urine scanty; last drops bloody, with violent p. in bladder. Tart-em.

Violent burning, cutting p. in neck of bladder, extending to navicular fossa of urethra. Canth.

Violent burning, cutting p. in urethra, before, during and after micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)

Violent p. in bladder, with frequent urging; intolerable tenesmus. Canth.

Violent burning, drawing p. in region of kidneys. Tereb.

Violent p. in bladder, often in back; left testicle drawn up; pains in thighs (in hip. Berb.), shooting down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Violent, sharp, smarting, burning p. through urethra; worse on micturition. Still.

Pale.—Urine p. Chelid., Coni., Magn-c., Nitr-ac., Ol-an., Sars., Stront.

P. colored urine, with light specific gravity. Asclep.

P., sandy sediment in urine. Sars.
P. urine with sandy sediment. Am-c.
Copious discharge of very p. urine. Lact-ac.
Copious, p., watery urine. Æth., Staph.
Copious, frequent, p. and watery urine; or red as blood. Kali-jod.
Desire to urinate, with p. face. Phos-ac.
Frequent urination with much p. urine, with reddish clouds. Kali-n.
Frequent and copious discharge of p. urine in morning. Mez.
Frequent copious, p. urine, day and night. Sars.
Urine hot, white, muddy, or p., with white sediment; or dark, becoming turbid. Rhus-t.
Urine copious and p. (in nervous diseases). Alu.
Urine p. and watery (bloody in old people). Sec.
Urine turbid, with white sediment; p. becoming cloudy or depositing a dingy, yellow, loose sediment. China.
Urine p., greenish. Kali-c.
Urine p., afterwards thick, whitish, purulent; reddish, with brick-dust sediment. Nux-v.
Urine copious and p.; then scanty, brown and sometimes white, like milk. Stann.
Urine much increased and p. Arum.
Urine p. yellow, with a slight, transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)
Urine frequent, copious, p. and watery. Bell.
Urine p. and clear. Hep-s.
Urine increased, p., watery, or green; with white sediment. Magn-c.
White flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and carbonate of lime; p., languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.

Palpitation.—Subacute Bright's disease of kidneys, with peculiar pains in back, p. and pains about heart. Kalm.

Papilloma.—Hæmaturia from p. or polypus of bladder. Teucr.

Pass (see Emission, etc.).—Bladder weak; has to wait a long time for urine to p., has to press so that anus protrudes. Mur-ac.
Cannot p. urine without much straining at stool. Alu.
Desire to urinate; can only p. urine in a sitting posture. Zinc.
Desire to urinate without being able to p. a drop. Borax. (Canth.)
During motion some drops of urine p. out of urethra without sensation. Bry.
Has to wait a long time for urine to p., especially if others are near him. Natr-m.
Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to p. few drops. Clem.

Inability to p. urine in a projecting stream. Arg-n.

Much pressing and straining to p. a few drops of urine, with feeling as if more remained. Pareira.

Urging, yet only a few drops p. until next stool, when it flows freely. Am-m.

Urging to urinate, must wait long before it will p. Lyc.

Urging to urinate but cannot p. a drop. Can-ind.

Violent pain with stranguary; cries out; can only p. urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Passage.—P. of urine while there is only urgency for stool. Aloe.

Contraction, with urging, sticking and burning in neck of bladder, then p. of a few drops of scalding urine. Canth.

Constant desire to urinate; even after frequent p. bladder feels full. Eupat-purp.

Dysuria, with p. of only a few drops of bloody urine, which causes most severe burning, cutting pain along urethra. Canth.

Frequent effort, with p. of a few drops of urine. Eupat-purp.

Frequent desire with p. only of a few drops. Apis. (Canth.)

Involuntary p. of urine at night while asleep. Caust. (Ars., Cupr., Kali-phos.)

Involuntary p. of urine when coughing (Colch.), sneezing or blowing nose. Caust. (Natr-m., Puls., Zinc.)

Inflammation from p. of calculi, with piercing pains in kidneys and along ureters. Arn.

Pain in urethra during p. of urine, as if raw. Colch.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and p. of a few drops, causing smarting burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Tenesmus of bladder, with p. of a few drops of blood-red urine. Rhus-t.

Passages.—Irritation of urinary p. Arg-n.

Passed.—After much straining and pressing, with much pain, a few drops of blood are p. Hell.

Continual urging, with scanty discharge; a few drops p. involuntarily. Sulph.

Constant desire, but no urine is p. Merc.

Dropsy of uterus: red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; p. slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.

Desire to urinate; urine can be p. only during stool. Aloe, Alu.

Difficult micturition; urine p. only in drops. Plumb. (Bell.)
Frequent urination; p. in drops with much pain. Merc-cor.
Increased desire to urinate after a few drops have p., causing patient to walk about in distress, although motion increases desire. Dig.
Painful micturition, p. drop by drop; urine scanty, fiery, scalding hot, red or dark colored. Acon. (Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.)
Sudden violent pressure upon bladder, which was full, p. off suddenly on emission of flatus. Coloc.
Sensation as if a few drops p. through urethra. Ambr.
Urging, but only a small quantity p. each time. Equiset.
Urine can only be p. by bearing down with abdominal muscles. Magn-m.
Urine p. in a split, divided or double stream. Rhus-t. (Clem.)
Urine p. in drops, with great pain. Merc-cor.
Urine scanty or suppressed; p. unconsciously. Ailanth.
Urine p. involuntarily while walking, coughing or laughing. Natr-m.
Urine is cold when p. Nitr-ac.
Urine frequent and copious, must rise at night; p. without sensation. Sars.
Urine turbid when p., deposits a dirty sediment; when shaken looks clay colored. Anac.
Urine p. with much pain; scalding hot. Æsc.
Urine scanty, p. with difficulty; burning during emission. Ars.
Passes.—P. large quantities of urine or none at all. Cic-v.
P. few drops of urine, with violent erection. Natr-c.
P. blood and slime, with burning and stinging. Hell.
Atony of sphincter, urine p. involuntarily with cough. Squilla.
Atony or paralysis of bladder, urine p. very slowly and without force, bladder does not seem to empty itself. Hep-s.
Constant urging while urine p. involuntarily in drops. Arn.
Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glans, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine p. Prun-s.
Frequent urination, p. little and often, with burning. Nux-v.
Ineffectual urging to urinate, burning when it p. Lach.
Involuntary discharge of urine when sitting or standing (urine p. freely). Sars.
Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine p. (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.
Partial paralysis of bladder (in old men); urine flows by fits and starts; p. better when standing. Coni.
Painful, ineffectual urging to urinate; urine p. in drops, with tearing and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.
Profuse flow of straw-colored urine; or p. in drops with much burning. Cact.

Retention of urine, which p. drop by drop. Bell. (Canth., Nux-v.)
Region of bladder sore to touch; urine p. in a thin stream, or in drops, containing blood and pus. Merc.
Spasmodic urging causes spasms; very little urine p. Hell.
Urine p. by drops, leaving a sensation as if some remained in bladder. Magn-m.
Uride scalds and p. drop by drop. Canth. (Acon.)
Urine p. in thin, divided stream. Canth. (Can-sat.)
Urine p. in a thin stream, as if from stricture of urethra. Nitr-ac.
Urine p. in a thin, feeble stream, or in drops. Sars.
Urine suppressed, or p. in drops. Merc-sol.
Urine p. tardily, and without force; feels as if bladder could not be emptied thoroughly. Hep-s.
Urine p. unconsciously and uninterruptedly. Arg-n. (Caust.)
Urging to urinate; urine p. freely and easily. Arg-n.
Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine p. involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.

Passing.—Burning in urethra on p. urine. Clem.
Burning in urethra while p. urine. Cham.
Burning in urethra during micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and difficulty in p. last part of urine. Arg-n.
Cutting from urethra to anus when p. last drop of urine. Arg-n. (Thuja.)
Ineffectual efforts at micturition, after p. a few drops pain in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in rectum. Caust.
Sudden irresistible urging to urinate, p. large quantities. Merc. (Kreas.)
Urine turbid, clay colored soon after p. Cham.
Urine hot, scalding, with anguish on p. it. Cham.
Urine thick and dark when p. Merc-bij.
Urine scanty and dark, painful in p. Fluor-ac.
Violent pain in direction of ureters, before p. turbid urine. Chelid.
Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine p. and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.
When p. stool, discharge of prostatic fluid. Agn. (Phos-ac.)

Pasty.—Urine deposits a yellowish, p. sediment; putrid, fetid. Sep.

Paralysis.—P. of bladder (after parturition); no desire. Ars., Caust.
P. of neck of bladder. Canth.
P. of bladder(after labor), urine is retained. Caust.
P. of bladder. Hyos., Sec. (Acon., Ars., Bell., Canth., Caust., Cic-v., Dulc., Lach., Laur., Opi.)
P. of bladder, with great anxiety about it. Cic-v.

P. of bladder, can urinate only when sitting. Zinc.
P. of bladder from long retention of urine; urine is expelled very slowly and sometimes is even retained. Caust.
Atony or p. of bladder, urine passes very slowly and without force, bladder does not seem to empty itself. Hep-s.
Discharge of blood from urethra with p. of legs. Lyc.
Involuntary micturition; constant dribbling; p. of sphincter vesicæ. Bell.
Incontinence from p. of sphincter (Caust.) (in nervous children). Gels.
Momentary p. of bladder, with involuntary micturition. Acon.
Partial p. of bladder (in old men); urine flows by fits and starts; passes better when standing. Coni.
Retention of urine (as from p. of bladder); or urine is voided slowly. Laur.
Retention of urine from p. of fundus of bladder. Opi. (In retention of urine this is our best remedy.—Dunham.)
Retention of urine, with p. of lower extremities. Apoc.
Suppression or retention of urine (Stram.); p. of bladder. Ars.
Urine dribbles (from p. of bladder). Nux-v.

Paralyzed.—Dropsy of uterus: red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, bladder being nearly p.; body cold. Camph.
Fundus of bladder p. and bladder enormously distended. Gels.
Lithiasis: increase of uric acid and urates; urine voided with much difficulty, as if sphincters were p. Sep.
Sensation as if bladder were p.; no power to expel urine. Thuja.

Paretic.—P. condition of sphincter muscle of bladder, causing enuresis (wetting of bed), and spasmodic retention of urine. Gels.

Paroxysmal.—P. cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Parturition (see section on Pregnancey and Parturition.)—Atony of bladder; no desire to urinate, and no power to do so (especiailly after p.). Ars.
Ischuria (after p.). Arn., Ars., Bell., Canth., Caust., Hyos., Lyc., Nux-v., Puls., Stann.
Paralysis of bladder (after p.); no desire. Ars., Caust.
Retention of urine (after fright or p.). Opi.

Pellicle (see Cuticle and Film).—Bloody sediment and p. on urine. Sulph-ac.
Dark-red urine, with red sediment, and a greasy p. on surface. Paris.
Greasy p. on urine after standing awhile. Lyc.
Greasy p. on urine. Hep-s.
Urine scanty, with greasy p. Kobalt.

Urine fetid, with greasy looking p. on it. Sulph.

Urine rainbow colored, iridescent, variegated p. appears on surface. Phos.

Urine has a red sediment and a p. of fat. Psor.

Urine blood red, with white sediment and a p. on surface; very offensive. Sep.

Pelvis.—Continual desire to urinate, with painful bearing down in p., in morning. Sep.

Penis (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Cutting and contractive pains from ureters down toward p.; at times pains pass from without inwards; pressure on glans somewhat relieves pain. Canth.

Cutting and contracting pains from ureters down to p.; pressure on glans relieves a little. Canth.

Gravel (in children), with constant pulling at p. Canth.

Pulsation in p. Cop.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of p.; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Uneasiness in urethra and p., with burning and frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.

Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of p., smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Pepper.—Frequent urination, with burning like p. in urethra. Caps.

Perinæum (see section on Rectum and Sexual Organs).—Desire to urinate with pain in p. Tart-em.

Drawing from p. to urethra. Kali-bi.

Perpendicularly (see Vertically).—Urine drops out p. Hep-s.

Perspiration (see Sweat).—Flow of urine with p. Acon., Bell.

Flow of urine with diarrhœa and p. Acon.

Frequent, painful, scanty, bloody urination; with alternations of dry skin and p. Apis.

Pains in urethra so severe as to cause p. to start. Still.

Phosphates.—A granular kind of mucus in urine, mixed with p. in sediment. Benz-ac.

Copious urine, with abudance of p. Kali-brom.

Urine copious, frequent, clear; heat precipitates p.; contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Urine, when heated, almost invariably deposits a cloud of p. Bell.

Urine scanty; loaded with p. and urate of ammonia (in renal dropsy). Aspar.

Urine deeply tinged with bile, and heavily loaded with p. Chelid.

White flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of p. and carbonate of lime; pale, languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.

Phthisis (see section on Lungs).—Diabetic glycosuria (with p.). Phos.

Pieces.—Urine contains p. like half burnt straw. Lach.

Urine containing filaments, flocks, or dark flesh-like p. of mucus. Merc-cor.

Piercing.—P. pains as from knives plunged into kidneys; chilly; inclined to vomit. Arn.

P. shooting in both groins, with urging to urinate. Natr-s.

Inflammation from passage of calculi, with p. pains in kidneys and along ureters. Arn.

Pinching.—P. around navel while sitting, with urging to urinate; pain going into groin. Natr-s.

P. in urethra and bladder. Lyc.

Difficult and scanty urination, with frequent urging, and sometimes p. around umbilicus. Acon.

Pinkish.—P. sediment in urine. China.

Inflammation of prostate, with p. sediment in urine. Lith-c.

Urine has a peculiar red or p. sediment or color, not so much in urine as separating from it and adhering to vessel. Apis.

Urine beer colored, with yellowish froth; p. brown sediment; scanty. Myrica.

Urine deposits a p. sediment. Bry.

Polypus.—P. of bladder. Calc-c. (Coni., Graph., Lyc., Thuja, Teucr.)

Hæmaturia from papilloma or p. of bladder. Teucr.

Polyuria.—P. Ant-c. (Plumb.)

P. associated with disease of uterus; urine scanty, fetid, with odor of valerian. Murex.

P., with thirst for large quantities of water. Natr-m.

Posterior.—Jerking stitches in p. part of urethra when standing. Can-sat.

Posteriorly.—Burning and smarting in urethra, from meatus backward; stitches p. during micturition. Can-sat.

Postponed.—Pain in bladder if call to urinate is p. Sulph-ac.

Post-scarlatinal.—P. dropsy, with general anasarca. Apoc.

Power.—Atony of bladder; no desire to urinate, and no p. to do so (especially after parturition). Ars.

Expulsive p. of bladder weak. Opi.

Loss of p. to expell urine. Kali-c.

Loss of p. of bladder (especially in old people, or following diphtheria). Gels.

Sensation as if bladder were paralyzed; no p. to expell urine. Thuja.

Preceded.—Hæmaturia p. by crampy pain in bladder. Mez.

Precipitates.—Urine copious, frequent, clear; heat p. phosphates; contains epithelial scales, casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Pregnancy (see section on Pregnancy).—Albuminuria (of p.). Gels., Kalm.

Albuminuria (during p.), with general anasarca and despondency. Aur.

Albuminuria (during p.), urine very scanty with soreness and pain about kidneys. Helon.

Dysuria (especially in women during p. and after confinement. Equiset.

Enuresis; frequent micturition at night (during p.). Podo.

Involuntary discharge of urine (during p.). Podo.

Urethritis; micturition painful, scalding (especially during p.). Populus.

Violent dysuria after jolting ride during p., or from displaced uterus. Eupat-purp.

Pregnant.—Desire to urinate (in p. women). Puls.

Prepuce (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Burning pain in p. after micturition. Merc., Natr-c., Thuja. (Berb., Can-sat., Canth., Clem., Coloc., Coni., Grat., Kali-bi., Kali-c., Led., Magn-m., Natr-m., Natr-s., Seneg., Teucr., Zinc.)

Bitting pain in p. after micturition. Borax, Chin-s., Cop.

Cutting pain in p. after micturition Berb., Canth., Dig., Natr-m.

Itching in p. after micturition. Mez.

Pain in p. during micturition; last few drops cause violent burning. Clem.

Pain in p. after micturition. Bov.

Stinging in p. after micturition. Berb., Coni., Kali-bi., Merc.

Urine acrid, bloody, corroding p. Hep-s.

Press.—Bladder weak; has to wait a long time for urine to pass; has to p. so that anus protrudes. Mur-ac.

Bladder weak, must p. hard to urinate. Rheum.

Has to p. upon abdomen with hands in order to empty bladder. Magn-m.

Must wait and p. long before she can start urine. Kali-c.

Pressing.—P. on bladder during micturition. Lachn.

P. pain in bladder after micturition. Asar., Berb., China, Lith-c., Natr-m., Ruta.

P. in kidneys. Kali-c., Thuja. (Canth., Ran-sc., Tereb., Zinc.)

P. in bladder before micturition. Ang., China, Coni., Nux-v.

P. pain in urethra, relieved by p. on glans. Canth.

P. pain or sensation in bladder. Acon., Al-cep., Alu., Am-c., Arn., Aur., Berb., Canth., Carbo-v., China, Colch., Coni., Cycl., Dig., Hyos., Kreas., Lach., Lact., Natr-m., Ol-an., Pallad., Rhus-t., Ruta, Sars., Sep., Squilla, Tart-em., Zinc.

P. in bladder during micturition. Asar., Berb., Hep-s., Lachn., Ver-a.
P. in neck of bladder before micturition. Nux-v.
P. and other pains in region of bladder. Al-cep.
P. in region of kidneys and small of back. Cimicif.
After much straining and p., with much pain, a few drops of blood are passed. Hell.
Before micturition, on rising to urinate, p. at heart; relieved after urination. Lith-c.
Dull p. in region of bladder, desires to but cannot urinate. Lyc.
Dull p. in region of bladder during night. Bell.
Great difficulty in urinating; cannot without p. and straining. Hyos.
Much p. and straining to pass a few drops of urine, with feeling as if more remained. Pareira.
Painful, anxious urging to urinate, with greatly increased watery urination, sometimes excited by p. on hypogastrium. Acon.
Sticking, p. pains in kidneys, extending along ureters to loins and bladder. Berb.
Urine scanty, with frequent urination, and p., scalding, smarting pain. Chim.
Urine retained, with aching and p. in bladder. Arn.
Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, p. head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.)—Breyfogle.

Pressure.—P. in bladder, as if too full, after micturition. Dig.
P. on bladder, with urging to urinate, but inability to do so. Lach.
P. in heart during micturition. Lith-c.
P. in bladder after frequent and almost ineffectual efforts to urinate. China.
P. in bladder, with urging to urinate. Sep.
P. in bladder. Cocc-c.
P. to urinate (from drinking coffee). Ign.
P. on bladder before urinating. Nux-v.
P., as if bladder were full, with constant urging, as if urine could not be retained, yet little is voided. Ruta.
P. in kidneys when sitting, better from motion. Tereb.
P. of urine in bladder, with cutting pain. Am-c.
After micturition p., with sensation as if urine were retained by contraction of sphincter; with same sensation at anus. Sulph.
Constant p. upon bladder; wants to urinate all time, voids but little. Lil-tig.
Continuous p. on bladder. Lil-tig.
Cutting and contracting pains from ureters down to penis; p. on glans relieves a little. Canth.

Continual painful p. on bladder. Squilla.
Frequent urination, especially at night (Ambr., Coni., Dig., Phos-ac.), with much p. and scanty emission. Kali-c.
Heaviness and p. in region of kidneys. Tereb.
Ineffectual urging, with painful p. in loins, groins and thighs. Carbo-an.
Inflammation of bladder, with p. and aching. Populus.
Ischuria painful, with p. in bladder. Aur.
On rising to urinate, a p. in region of heart, which did not cease until after urinating. Lith-c.
Painful p. about bladder and urethra, discharge of a few drops of urine, with mucous sediment. Dulc.
Pain in kidneys, with soreness on p., or when stooping. Apis.
Retention of urine, with p. on bladder. Aur., Hyos.
Region of bladder very sensitive to p. or jar. Bell.
Red, turbid urine, with burning and p. in urethra. Agn.
Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with p. in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.
Sensation of fullness in the bladder; region of the bladder sore to p. Calad.
Sudden, violent p. upon bladder, which was full, passed off suddenly on emission of flatus. Coloc.
Sharp p. on bladder, as from flatulence, when walking in open air, without desire to urinate. Puls.
Stitches and p. in region of both kidneys. Zinc.
Urethra painful to touch or p.; discharge cream-like. Caps.
Urethra painfully sore to p. Natr-m.
Uneasiness and p. in bladder. Naja.
Violent p. in bladder from urine; sits with legs crossed, and though bladder feels full, none is passed. Zinc.

Prevented.—Desire to urinate; but sensation as if constriction by a tape p. Thuja.
Hæmaturia; urination p. by clots. Cact.

Priapism (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Inflammation, with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, p., dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Retention of urine, with retraction of testicles and p. Coloc.

Products.—Congestion of kidneys, it ruptures fine vessels and brings down p. of this destruction with urine. Tereb.

Profuse (see Copious and Excessive).—P. flow of straw-colored urine; or passes in drops, with much burning. Cact.
P., colorless urine. Can-ind.
P., colorless urine; clear, or lemon colored. Agar.
P., light-colored urine; no sediment. Apoc.
P. and frequent discharge of urine at night. Am-m. (Ambr., Phos-ac.)
Continuous urging, even after urinating, with p., fetid urine. Guaj.

Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine p., of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Diabetes insipidus; urine very p. and light colored, with great debility and emaciation. Helon.

Frequent, scanty, or p. urine. Led.

Frequent, p. micturition, depositing a thick, white cloud. Phos-ac.

Frequent desire to urinate, with p. discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; sweetish, p. at night; diabetes. Arg-m.

Frequent and p. urination. Apis. (Apoc., Arg-m.)

Frequent and p. micturition. Chloralum, Dros.

Headache terminated with p. flow of colorless, watery urine. Ign. (Gels., Sang., Sil.)

Scanty urine, with headache, which passes off with p. flow of clear urine. Sang. (Gels.)

Tenesmus of bladder before and after p. emission of white urine. Ang.

Urine frequent, p., watery. Cycl.

Urine p., watery, relieving the dull, congestive headache. Mel. (Gels.)

Urine frequent, p.; involuntary. Psor.

Urine p., turbid, milky, frothy, with flakes of mucus. Clem.

Projecting.—Inability to pass urine in a p. stream. Arg-n.

Prolapsus recti (see section on Rectum).—During micturition much straining and p. Valer.

Proper.—Want of p. feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Prostate (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Inflammation of p., with pinkish sediment in urine. Lith-c.

Incontinence of urine (in old men) with enlarged p. gland. Aloe.

Prostatic fluid (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—After micturition discharge of p. Daph.

When passing stool discharge of p. Agn. (Phos-ac.)

Prostration.—Suppression of urine, with shooting pain in region of kidneys and p. Kali-bi.

Protrudes.—Bladder weak; has to wait a long time for urine to pass; has to press so that anus p. Mur-ac.

Protrusion.—P. of varices during micturition; oozing first of blood, then mucus. Kali-c.

Prune juice.—Thick, black blood from bladder, looking like p. (in disease of kidneys). Sec.

Puerperal (see section on Pregnancy and Parturition).—P. convulsions from uræmia. Apoc.

Pulling.—Gravel (in children), with constant p. at penis. Canth.

Pulsating (see Throbbing, Beating).—Tearing, p. pain in right kidney. Berb.

Pulsation (see Throbbing, Beating).—P. in region of kidneys. Actea-s.
P. in urethra. Canth., Merc.
P. in bladder. Canth.
P. in penis. Cop.
Bubbling, p. in region of kidneys. Berb.

Pulsative.—Sticking, digging, tearing, or p. pain in region of one or other of kidneys. Berb.

Pungent.—Painful and difficult urination, urine being clear, and having a peculiar strong, p., fetid odor. Calc-c.
Urine has a p. odor. Borax, Kobalt.
Urine of offensive p. smell. Benz-ac. (Asaf., Aspar.)
Urine yellow, flocculent, or red sediment, with strong p. odor. Kobalt.
Urine brown and of a p. odor. Asaf. (Benz-ac.)

Purple.—Whitish or p. sediment. Fluor-ac.

Purulent.—P. urine. Clem., Sabin., Uva. (Benz-ac., Can-sat., Canth., Coni., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Puls., Sep., Sil., Sulph.)
P. discharge from urethra. Canth. (Can-sat., Caps., Clem., Coni., Ipec., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sabad., Sabin., Sars.)
P. sediment in urine. Canth., Lyc., Puls. (Calc-c., Cham., Coni., Kali-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sil.)
Discharge of viscid, p. mucus from bladder after micturition. Nux-v.
Discharge of p. mucus. Can-sat., Canth., Caps., Clem., Cop., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sars., Thuja.
Slimy p. urine. Uva.
Turbid, milky urine, with an offensive p. sediment (in cystitis). Lyc.
Thick, p. urine, with odor like musk. Ocimum-canum.
Urine pale, afterwards thick, whitish, p., reddish, with brick-dust sediment. Nux-v.
Ulcers in urethra; bloody mucous or p. discharge. Nitr-ac.
Urine blackish, foaming when shaken, with p. sediment. Kali-c.

Pus.—Catarrh of bladder; urine contains large quantities of mucus and p. Populus.
Discharge of p. from urethra, with itching and redness at meatus. Led.
Discharge of bloody p. and mucus from urethra. Nitr-ac.
Region of bladder sore to touch; urine passes in a thin stream, or in drops containing blood and p. Merc.
Suppuration or abscess of kidneys, urine loaded with p. and mucus. Sil.
Thick p. from urethra. Clem.
Tenesmus of bladder, with white p. and mucus in urine. Sars.
Viscid p. and mucus from bladder. Nux-v.

Pus-like.—Urine deposits a p. sediment. Clem.

Putrid.—Urine deposits a yellowish, pasty sediment; p., fetid. Sep.
Urine so p. that it cannot be allowed to remain in room. Sep.

Quantities.—Dark, cloudy sediment in urine in large q., with uncomfortable feeling in head. Agar.
Diabetes insipidus; must rise frequently at night to void large q. of colorless urine. Phos-ac.
Diabetes mellitus; large q. of sugar in urine, with emaciation, thirst, restlessness and melancholia. Helon.
Frequent desire to urinate large q. Lact-ac.
Frequent micturition of large q. of yellow urine. Kalm.
Passes large q. of urine or none at all. Cic-v.
Sudden irresistible urging to urinate, passing large q. Merc. (Kreas.)
Urinates frequently, but in small q. Can-ind.
Quantity.—Frequent urging, with increased q. of urine. Asclep-tub., Cina.
Frequent desire with small q. Bell.
Frequent micturition, q. growing less each time, while desire increases. Equiset.
Greatly increased q. of urine. Agar., Eupat-purp.
Increased q. of urine (Phos-ac.) and of a lighter color. Acet-ac.
Retention of urine with frequent and urgent desire; occasionally a few drops or small q. may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)
Smallest q. of urine in bladder causes urging to urinate. Canth.
Urging, but only a small q. passed each time. Equiset.
Urinates much more than q. of drink taken would indicate, especially in morning; followed by a dull pain in region of kidneys. Ambr.
Unable to retain urine on account of large q., would have passed involuntarily if had not hurried. Squilla.
Quick.—Great urging; cannot get out of bed q. enough. Kreas.
Quiet.—Retention of urine; restless, cannot keep q. Rhus-t.

Rainbow (see Iridescent.)—R. colored film floats on urine after standing. Petr.
R. colored film on surface. Paris.
Urine r. colored, variegated film appears on surface. Phos.
Urine clear, but after standing four or five hours is covered with film like a r. in color. Graph.
Urine variegated, r. looking cuticle on its surface. Iod.
Rasping.—R. pain in urethra during micturition. Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.
Raw.—Pain in urethra during passage of urine, as if r. Colch.
Rectal.—Spasm of urethra, with r. fissure. Nitr-ac.
Rectum (see section on Rectum).—Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glans, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of r., pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

Ineffectual efforts at micturition, after passing a few drops pain in bladder and (after much walking in order to relieve it) cramps in r. Caust.

Stitches alternately in bladder and r. Coloc.

Stitches from r. to bladder. Thuja.

Red.—Urine r. Acon., Bell., Bry., Dig., Hep-s., Merc., Puls., Sil., Squilla, Tart-em.

Urine deep r. Ant-c., Carbo-v., Hep-s., Lob., Merc., Phyt., Sulph-ac., Tart-em.

Urine fiery r. Ars., Bell., Camph., Hæmatox., Selen.

R., turbid urine, with burning and pressure in urethra. **Agn.**

R. sediment of filaments or fibres. Tart-em.

R. sediment adheres to sides of vessel. Daph.

R., cloudy sediment in urine. Ambr., Nitr.

R. grainy sediment in urine. Selen.

R., sandy sediment in urine. Lyc. (Al-cep., Alu., Am-c., Arn., Bapt., Cact., China, Chin-s., Cocc-c., Lact., Natr-m., Petr., Phos., Sil.) (Sepia has r. sand in urine, but urine is offensive.)

R. sediment in urine. Arn., Canth., Carbo-v., Mez., Natr-m., Puls., Sep., Valer. (Acon., Ambr., Am-c., Ant-c., Apis, Bell., Berb., Camph., China, Chin-s., Cocc-c., Daph., Elaps, Graph., Hydroc-ac., Ipec., Lach., Laur., Lith-c., Lob., Lyc., Merc-cor., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Opi., Pallad., Paris, Phos., Plat., Psor., Selen., Squilla, Sulph.)

Brick-dust, or r., sandy, coarse-grained sediment in urine. Selen.

Brown-red urine, with small r. corpuscles after standing twenty-four hours. Ant-c.

Before urinating, child screams with pain; r. sand on diaper. Lyc.

Copious, frequent, pale and watery urine; or r. as blood. Kali-jod.

Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a r. sand. Pareira.

Dark-red urine, with r. sediment, and a greasy pellicle on surface. Paris.

During night some drops of urine escape from urethra, coloring shirt r. Lachn.

Dark r., watery urine, quickly decomposing. Asclep-tub.

Dropsy of uterus; r., sometimes greenish, urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.

Frequent micturition with burning in urethra, and r. urine. Al-cep.

Highly-colored urine, with r. sediment and reddish-yellow slime; burning during micturition. Glon.

Lithic acid, or r. sand in urine. Lach.

Meatus swollen and dark r. Nitr-ac.

Orange-colored or yellowish r. sediment in urine. Coca.
Offensive urine, with r. sand. Sep. (Red sand is characteristic of Lyc., but in Lyc. urine is not offensive.)
Scanty r. urine, depositing copious white sediment, with pain across back. Kali-bi.
Scanty urine with r. sediment (in arthritic affections). Alu.
Scanty r. urine, very offensive. Arn.
Scanty, r., burning urine. Hæmatox.
Sediment of r. bodies in urine. Ant-c., Coloc.
Tenesmus of bladder, with passage of a few drops of blood r. urine. Rhus-t.
Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a r. hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.
Urine thick, turbid, r. deposit; cuticle floats on surface. Psor.
Urine scanty and dark r. Polyp.
Urine dribbles; is dark r. and fetid. Plumb.
Urine blood r., with white sediment and a pellicle on surface; very offensive. Sep.
Urine dark r., scanty. Bapt., Ipec., Selen.
Urine r., fiery, turbid, containing long flakes. Sars.
Urine has a r. sediment and a greasy pellicle. Psor.
Urine scanty, retained or suppressed; turbid, with muco-purulent deposit with r., sandy sediment. Hyos.
Urine hot, scanty, frequent, sediment r., slimy. Kali-c.
Urine r. with white sediment; copious and clear as water; too frequent after exertion. Æth.
Urine turbid, with r. sediment. Ipec.
Urine dark, brownish r., like beer. Chelid. (Benz-ac.)
Urine r. and turbid. Chelid.
Urine deposits a r. coating on sides of vessel. Cimex.
Urine oily or greasy on standing, containing a tough, jelly-like, white or r. mucus mixed with blood. Dulc.
Urine has r. sediment color of blood. Am-c.
Urine dark r., containing much flocculent matter. Cycl.
Urine dark r.; deposits r. crystals of uric acid. Arg-n.
Urine has a peculiar r. or pinkish sediment or color, not so much in urine as separating from it and adhering to vessel. Apis.
Urine r., bloody, hot and scanty. Apis.
Urine yellow, flocculent, or r. sediment, with strong pungent odor. Kobalt.
Urine dark r. Hep-s., Merc., Tart-em. (Ant-c., Ipec., Merc-jod., Sulph-ac.)
Urine dark and scanty; turbid, depositing a r. sediment. Plumb.

Urine dark r., leaving a deep r. stain on vessel. Phyt.
Urine r., violet, or like milk. Mur-ac.
Urine deposits a r. sediment mixed with mucus. Naja.
Urine dark r., turbid; deposits a sediment. Merc.
Urine turbid and bloody; offensive; it deposits a r., slimy sand, which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)
Urine turbid, brown, with r., sandy sediment. Phos.
Urine albuminous; of strong odor; dark brown and scanty; bright r. sediment. Osm.
Urine deep r., with copious r. deposit. Lob.
Urine leaves a r. sediment or coating on vessel. Brom.
Urine dark, yellow, r., copious. Berb.
Urine bright r., with violet sediment. Bov.
Urine with brownish r. sediment, like sausage meat. Still.
Urine turbid, with sediment of r. or yellow sand. Sil.
Urine white and turbid, or r. and turbid. Can-sat.
Urine r., like blood. Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Croton-tig., Merc., Rhus-t., Sep.
Urine copious and dark r.; or scanty. Merc-jod.
Urine dark r. in morning; deposits a brown mucus, with dark, cloudy sediment (in rheumatism). Thuja.
Urine scanty, dark r.; reddish sediment on standing. Sang.
Urine dark, brownish r., turbid, with strong odor. Tart-em.
Urine becomes turbid and cloudy, or deposits a thick, yellowish r. sediment with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.
Urine deposits a r., sandy sediment which adheres to vessel. Nuph.
Urine scanty, r. Iris.
Urine r., with much urging and burning in urethra. Al-cep.
Urine r., as if mixed with blood. Canth.
White, r. or turbid sediment in urine. Valer.
Uric acid, or sediment of r. sand in urine, associated with pain in uterus. Ocimum-canum.

Reddish.—R. yellow urine at night, with white sediment. Bry.
Discharge of mucus of a dark r. color. Cub.
Deposit of uric acid; r. yellow sediment. Natr-s.
Frequent and copious urination of pale urine, with r. clouds. Kali-n.
Highly-colored urine, with red sediment and r. yellow slime; burning during micturition. Glon.
Light flesh-colored urine, depositing a light-brown, flocky, translucent sediment, with hard, solid, r. crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.
Micturition difficult, with dark, r. brown deposit. Lith-c.
Sediment r., bloody or mucus, jelly-like, adhering to vessel. Puls.
Urine scanty, dark red; r. sediment on standing. Sang.
Urine deposits a r., clay-colored sediment, which adheres to bottom and sides of vessel like burnt clay. Sep.

Urine turbid; r.; offensive; excoriating. Sulph.
Urine turbid, clay colored, with r. sediment; adhering to vessel; very offensive. Sep.
Urine: acid; straw colored; after standing turbid, and a r. sediment adheres to vessel. Cupr.
Urine straw colored; turbid; containing white, flocky sediment or r. sediment. Aspar.
Urine becomes turbid and deposits a white or r. sediment. Graph. (Berb.)
Urine scanty and r., and becomes turbid on standing. Grat.
Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a r., mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)
Urine pale, afterwards thick, whitish, purulent; r., with brick-dust sediment. Nux-v.
Urine flaky; burning; with r. sediment. Mez.
Urine has r. sediment. Kreas. (Bell., Carbo-v., Lyc., Graph., Sep.)
Urine scanty and r. brown. Apis.
Urine deposits a thick, r. or mahogany-colored sediment, with floating, jelly-like flocks. Laur.
Urine turbid, like yeast, with r. sediment. Bell.
Urine r., turbid, as if mixed with blood. Carbo-v.
Urine kept over night left r. deposit on sides of vessel. Aspar.
Urine highly colored, dark, r. brown. Benz-ac.
Urine becomes turbid (Chelid), with r. sediment. Bell. (Kreas., Sep.)
Yellow or r. yellow urine, from much bile. Crotal.

Redness.—R. and inflammation of meatus. Sulph.
R. of orifice of urethra. Hep-s. (Gels., Sulph.)
Discharge of pus from urethra, with itching and r. at meatus. Led.
Inflammation and r. of meatus. Hep-s. (Can-sat.)

Region of bladder.—R. painful to touch. Puls.
R. sore to touch; urine passes in a thin stream, or in drops, containing blood and pus. Merc.
R. very sensitive to pressure or jar. Bell.
R. very sensitive, child screams if hand is placed there. Al-cep.
Burning pain in r. Sabin.
Cramp-like pains in r. in afternoon, with frequent urging to urinate. Chelid.
Crampy, contractive pain in r. Berb.
Continuous aching pain in r. Berb.
Dull pressing in r., desires to but cannot urinate. Lyc.
Dull pressing in r. during night. Bell.
Flashes of pain in r., more toward right before urinating. Lith-c.
Pain and tenderness in r. Equiset.

Pain in r. before and during micturition. Phyt.
Pressing and other pains in r. Al-cep.
Soreness in r.; worse during mictuition. Natr-ars.
Sensation of fullness in bladder; r. sore to pressure. Calad.
Tenderness and distention over r. Sars.
Tenderness in r., extending upward from groin. Equiset.
Turbid, slimy urine, with violent contraction of urethra, and pain in r. Ind.

Region of kidneys.—Bruised, sore feeling in r. Physos.
Bubbling, pulsation in r. Berb.
Dull, pressing pain in r. Canth., Ham., Hydr.
Dull, pressive pain and soreness in r. Cocc-c.
Dull aching pain in r., or violent burning, cutting pains from kidney to urethra. Canth.
Dull pain from r. to inguinal glands, with anxious, nauseating sensation in pit of stomach. Can-sat.
Fluttering sensation in r., sometimes in one side, sometimes in other. Chim.
Heaviness and pressure in r. Tereb.
Headache in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning, and lasts all day, with pain in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to r., passing off with copious flow of clear, watery-looking urine. Sang. (Gels.)
Hæmaturia, with pains in r. and liver (especially after sexual excesses). Phos.
Nephritis, with extreme pain in r. Colch.
Pain in r. Al-cep., Colch., Ox-ac., Senecio.
Pain and soreness over r., with symptoms of inflammation. Rhus-t.
Pain in r., afterwards copious micturition. Kali-brom.
Pain as from knives in r. Arn.
Pressing in r. and small of back. Cimicif.
Pulsation in r. Actea-s.
Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in r.; retention from cold (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.
Stitches in r. Kali-c.
Sticking, tearing pains in r.; urine hot and often bloody. Mez.
Severe dull pain in r., with difficult micturition. Still.
Suppression of urine, with shooting pain in r. and prostration. Kali-bi.
Sensitiveness in r., with shooting pains. Acon.
Tearing in r. Rhus-t.
Tension and heat in r. Natr-m.
Urinates much more than quantity of drink taken would indicate, especially in morning; followed by a dull pain in r. Ambr.
Violent pain in r., when lifting and when blowing nose. Calc-ph.

Violent burning, drawing pains in r. Tereb.

Weakness, with dull pain and soreness in r. Phyt.

Relaxation.—R. of bladder. Mur-ac.

Relief.—Terrific pain in back, before every urination, with r. as soon as urine begins to flow. Lyc.

Relieved (see Better).—Before micturition, on rising to urinate, pressing at heart; r. after micturition. Lith-c.

Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glans, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, r. momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

Pressing pain in urethra r. by pressing on glans. Canth.

Severe headache, r. by urinating. Lyc.

Relieves.—Copious urination r. headache. Sil. (Gels., Sang.)

Cutting and contractive pains from urethra down toward penis; at times pains pass from without inwards; pressure on glans somewhat r. pain. Canth.

Relieving.—Copious discharge of clear, limpid urine (Phos-ac.), r. headache. Gels. (Sang.)

Urine profuse, watery, r. the dull, congestive headache. Mel. (Gels.)

Remain.—Can never finish urinating, some urine always seems to r. in bladder. Hep-s. (Helon).

Urine so putrid that it cannot be allowed to r. in room. Sep.

Remained.—Burning in back part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one drop r., with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.

Burning during and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore, as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drop r. Arg-n.

Feeling as if something r. behind after urinating. Gels., Kali-bi.

Sensation as if drop r. in upper part of urethra. Kali-bi.

Sensation as if a drop r. in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.

Much pressing and straining to pass a few drops of urine, with feeling as if more r. Pareira.

Urine passes by drops, leaving a sensation as if some r. in bladder. Magn-m.

Remains.—Urine turbid, resembling r. in a cider barrel. Nitr-ac.

Renal.—R. colic. Ind., Nux-m. (Berb., Sars., Zinc.)

R. colic, with vomiting, anguish; red urine with brick-dust or bloody sediment. Ocimum-canum.

R. colic, especially in right kidney, extending to genitals and right leg; worse lying on that side, better on back. Nux-v.

R. colic, with violent vomiting, moans and cries; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust deposit, or blood. Ocimum-canum.

First effect, copious diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in r. dropsy. Apoc.

Rending.—R., tearing in kidneys. Berb., Canth.

Residuary.—R. urination after micturition. Hep-s., Lach., Selen. (Bry., Clem., Kail-c., Lyc., Natr-c., Petr., Sil., Thuja.)

Rest.—Involuntary discharge of urine when at r. Rhus-t.

Spasms in bladder and sphincters, not allowing any r. at night. Prun-s.

Restless.—Retention of urine; r., cannot keep quiet. Rhus-t.

Wets bed; r., starts in sleep. Bell.

Restlessness.—Acute and chronic inflammation of kidneys, with great r., weakness; frequent micturition. Helon.

Diabetes mellitus; large quantities of sugar in urine, with emaciation, thirst, r. and melancholia. Helon.

Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in children, with crying and r.). Acon.

Retain.—Frequent or sudden desire to urinate, cannot r. urine which is copious. Natr-m.

Frequent desire to urinate; she cannot r. her water for a moment. Merc-bij.

Great desire to urinate; cannot r. urine. Bar-c.

Inability to r. urine. Magn-c.

Unable to r. urine on account of large quantity, would have passed involuntarily if had not hurried. Squilla.

Urinates frequently day and night; attempt to r. it causes pain. Lact-ac.

Violent desire to urinate, with inability to r. urine. Natr-m.

Wets bed at night; wakes with urging, cannot r. urine. Kreas.

Retained.—After micturition, pressure, with sensation as if urine were r. by contraction of sphincter; with same sensation at anus. Sulph.

Pressure as if bladder were full, with constant urging, as if urine could not be r., yet little is voided. Ruta.

Paralysis of bladder from long retention of urine; urine is expelled very slowly and sometimes is even r. Caust.

Paralysis of bladder (after labor), urine is r. Caust.

Strangury, stricture, r. urine or inflamed bladder. Apis.

Urine scanty, r. or suppressed; turbid, with muco-purulent deposit, with red, sandy sediment. Hyos.

Urine r., with aching and pressing in bladder. Arn.

Retaining.—Pain in back on r. urine. Natr-s.

Retarded.—Discharge of urine r. Cocc-c., Hep-s., Hydroc-ac., Ipec., Opi.

Retention.—R. of urine. Acon., Ars., Bism., Canth., Copaiba, Hyos., Lyc., Puls., Ruta, Sec., Stram., Sulph. (Aur., Bell., Caps., Caust., China, Cic-v., Colch., Coni., Cupr., Dig., Graph., Hep-s., Laur., Nux-v., Opi., Plumb., Ver-a.)

R. of urine (in new-born infants). Acon., Ars., Benz-ac., Hyos.

R. or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; r. from cold (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.
R. of urine (after fright on parturition). Opi.
R. of urine, with frequent and urgent desire; occasionally a few drops or small quantity may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)
R. of stool and urine. Sulph-ac.
R. of urine from paralysis of fundus of bladder. Opi. **(In r. of urine this is our best remedy.—Dunham.)**
R. of urine, or discharge by drops, with burning. Sabin.
R. of urine; restless, cannot keep quiet. Rhus-t.
R. of urine (after confinement). Ign.
R. of urine, with paralysis of lower extremities. Apoc.
R. of urine, with retraction of testicles and priapism. **Coloc.**
R. of urine; bladder distended. Hell.
R. of urine, with pressure on bladder. Aur., Hyos.
R. of urine (after typhus). Zing.
R. of urine from exertion. Arn.
R. of urine (as from paralysis of bladder); or urine is voided slowly. Laur.
R. of urine, which passes drop by drop. Bell. (Canth., Nux-v.)
R. of urine, with full bladder. Camph.
Obstinate r. of urine. Iod.
Painful r. of urine. Acon., Arn., Aur., Canth., Crotal., Puls., Sars.
Painful r. of urine (in a boy), with loud screams; sensation as if a ball were rolling about in bladder. Crotal.
Paretic condition of sphincter muscle of bladder, causing enuresis (wetting of bed), and spasmodic r. of urine. Gels.
Paralysis of bladder from long r. of urine; urine is expelled very slowly and sometimes is even retained. Caust.
Spasmodic r. of urine. Chin-ars.
Suppression or r. of urine (Stram.); paralysis of bladder. Ars.

Rheumatism.—R. from suppressed gonorrhœa. Cop., Daph., Sars.
Urine dark red in morning; deposits a brown mucus, with dark, cloudy sediment (in r.). Thuja.

Ride.—Violent dysuria after jolting r. during pregnancy, or from displaced uterus. Eupat-purp.

Riding.—Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback r. Lyc.

Right.—Burning and drawing from r. kidney to hip. Tereb.
Constant aching, extreme tenderness of kidneys, especially r. Helon.
Dull pain in region of r. kidney, with urgent desire to urinate. Equiset.
Spasmodic pain in r. kidney and liver. Chelid.
Soreness in r. kidney. Phyt.

Stinging stitches in r. kidney. Lob.
Sticking pain in r. kidney. Lob.

Rigors.—Hæmaturia, with burning in urethra; with cold r. along spine. Caps.
Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or r. running up back. Sars.

Rise.—Copious, highly albuminous urine; must r. at night to urinate. Glon.
Diabetes insipidus; must r. frequently at night to void large quantities of colorless urine. Phos-ac.
Must r. several times to urinate at night. Borax.
Urine frequent and copious, must r. at night; passed without sensation. Sars.

Rising.—Before micturition on r. to urinate, pressing at heart; relieved after urination. Lith-c.
Involuntary urination when walking, or r. from a seat. Magn-c.
On r. to urinate, a pressure in region of heart, which did not cease until after urinating. Lith-c.
Pain in kidneys, worse when stooping on r. again, and when sitting or lying, than when standing. Berb.

Rolling.—Feeling as if a ball were r. in bladder or abdomen when turning. Lach.

Ropy.—Catarrh of bladder, with thick, r. sediment of mucus in urine. Hydr.
Inflammation of urethra and bladder (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and r. mucus. Cub.
Offensive, turbid urine, containing r. or bloody mucus and depositing much sediment. Chim.
Urine thick and r., of brick color; copious, bloody sediment; fever Chim.

Rotten eggs (see Eggs).—Urine has odor of r. Daph.
Urine deep yellow, like r. Daph.

Rubbing.—Burning in meatus, especially painful from r. of clothing. China.

Running.—After micturition, sensation as if a few drops were r. through urethra. Thuja.
Cannot put hands in, or hear r. water, without having to urinate. Kreas.
Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly sensation or rigors r. up back. Sars.
Involuntary discharge of urine when r. Arn.

Ruptures.—Congestion of kidneys, it r. fine vessels and brings down products of this destruction with urine. Tereb.

Rusty-looking.—Urine brown, with thick, r. sediment. Cimex.

Sacrum.—Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and s.; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in stomach. Colch.

Saffron.—Urine stains linen like s. Bell.

Urine yellow as s., becoming cloudy; scanty, hot. Aloe.

Sand.—S. in urine or on diaper; child screams before and during urination. Sars.

Before urinating, child screams with pain; red s. on diaper. Lyc.

Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red s. Pareira.

Lithic acid, or red s. in urine. Lach.

Offensive urine, with red s. Sep. (Red s. is characteristic of Lyc., but in Lyc. urine is not offensive.)

Uric acid, or sediment of red s. in urine, associated with pain in uterus. Ocimum-canum.

Urine turbid and bloody; offensive; it deposits a red, slimy s., which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)

Urine turbid, with sediment of red or yellow s. Sil.

Sandy.—Brick dust, or red s., coarse-grained sediment in urine. Selen.

Pale urine with s. sediment. Am-c.

Pale, s. sediment in urine. Sars.

Red, s. sediment in urine. Lyc., Phos. (Al-cep., Alu., Am-c., Arn., Bapt., China, Chin-s., Cocc-c., Lact., Natr-m., Petr., Sil.) (Sepia has red sand in urine, but urine is offensive.)

Urine scanty, s., flaky; slimy. Sars.

Urine scanty, retained or suppressed; turbid, with muco-purulent deposit with red, s. sediment. Hyos.

Urine deposits a red, s. sediment which adheres to vessel. Nuph.

Urine milky white, depositing flocculent, white s. sediment. Phos.

Urine turbid, brown, with red, s. sediment. Phos.

Sausage.—Urine with brownish-red sediment, like s. meat. Still.

Scalded.—Burning, smarting and stinging in urethra, as if s. Apis.

Scalding.—S. urine. Caps.

S. during micturition; urethra swollen; stream forked. Thuja.

Burning and s., or stinging pain in urethra before, during and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)

Burning and s. during micturition, and straining afterwards. Chim.

Burning and s. during micturition. Helon.

Contraction, with urging, sticking and burning in neck of bladder, then passage of a few drops of s. urine. Canth.

Painful micturition, passed drop by drop; urine scanty, fiery, s. hot, red or dark colored. Acon. (Ars., Apis, Bell., Canth.)

Urine passed with much pain; s. hot. Æsc.

Urine scanty, s. Ptel.

Urine scanty, with frequent urination, and pressing, s., smarting pain. Chim.

Urine hot, s., ammoniacal. Benz-ac.

Urine hot, s., with anguish on passing it. Cham.

Urethritis; micturition painful, s. (especially during pregnancy). Populus.

Urethritis, with burning, biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine s., with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Scalds.—Urine s. and passes drop by drop. Canth. (Acon.)

Scales.—Urine copious, frequent, clear; heat precipitates phosphates; contains epithelial s., casts and globules of fat. Natr-ars.

Scantiness.—S. or entire suppression of urine. Cupr.

Scanty.—Urine s. Acon., Bry., Can-sat., Canth., Cham., Dig., Graph., Hell., Rat., Ruta, Sabin., Staph., Tart-em.

S., red urine, very offensive. Arn.

S. discharge; no uneasiness. Apoc.

S. brown urine, becoming turbid, like loam water, on standing. Sulph-ac.

S. urine, with headache, which passes off with profuse flow of clear urine. Sang. (Gels.)

S., dark-colored urine (in dropsy). Apoc.

S., dark-brown urine, smelling intolerably strong (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Nitr-ac. (Absinth., Natr-c.)

S. urine, with white film and whitish or mucous sediment. Kali-bi.

S. red urine, depositing copious white sediment, with pain across back. Kali-bi.

S., red, burning urine. Hæmatox.

S. and difficult urination. Gum-gut.

S. emission of dark yellow urine. Arg-n.

S. urine with red sediment (in arthritic affections). Alu.

S. discharge of dark, turbid urine, with tenesmus and burning. Colch. (Canth., Merc-cor.)

Acute nephritis, with extreme distress in bladder, urine s., bloody or albuminous. Canth. (Tereb.)

Ascites, with bruised feeling in abdomen; sinking feeling at pit of stomach, and s. urine. Apoc.

Albuminuria (during pregnancy), urine very s., with soreness and pain about kidneys. Helon.

Abdominal dropsy, with s. urine. Squilla.

Bladder full, with urging to urinate, but s. urine. Abrot.

Burning in urethra during s. micturition. Kali-n.

Bright's disease of kidneys, with pain in small of back, bruised, crampy or burning; s. urine. Kali-n.

Constant desire to urinate, with s. discharge. Lil-tig.

Constant urging to urinate, with s. discharge. Dig.

Continual urging, with s. discharge; a few drops passed involuntarily. Sulph.

Cystitis; tenesmus, with frequent urging; urine s., dark. Squilla.

Difficult and s. urination, with frequent urging, and sometimes pinching around umbilicus. Acon.

Difficult, s. urination. Bell. (Acon., Canth.)

Desire to urinate, but s. emission. Sil.

Dark-brown, s. urine, depositing a whitish, clay-like sediment. Eupat-perf.

Frequent, s., or profuse urine. Led.

Frequent desire to urinate, which is s., with tenesmus of bladder after. Mur-ac.

Frequent desire to urinate, with s. discharge. Meny., Merc., Nitr-ac.

Frequent urination, especially at night (Ambr., Coni., Dig., Phos-ac.) with much pressure and s. emission. Kali-c.

Frequent desire to urinate day and night, with s. discharge. Magn-m.

Frequent, painful, s., bloody urination; with alternations of dry skin and perspiration. Apis.

Frequent s. urination. Æsc., Kobalt. (Canth., Coloc.)

Frequent urging to urinate, with s. emissions. Coloc., Hell., Spong. (Æsc., Apis, Merc., Nitr-ac.)

Frequent, but s. urination, which is brown and fetid. Petr.

Frequent urging to urinate, with s. discharge, frequently only in drops. Dros.

Frequent s. micturition at night. Phos.

Frequent desire to urinate; urine s. and burning. Sars.

Frequent urging to urinate, with s., green urine. Ruta.

Frequent urging to urinate, with s. thin stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating.) Staph.

First effect, copious diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly s. urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.

Hydrocephalus, with s. urine; stupor; sight of one eye totally lost; constant motion of one arm, and one leg. Apoc.

Inflammation of kidneys; urine s., albuminous; containing more or less mucus, and associated with much inflammation at neck of bladder. Merc-cor.

Inflammation of bladder, with vesical tenesmus, and s. urine. Apis.

Micturition frequent, s. difficult, involuntary. Hyos.

Painful micturition, passed drop by drop; urine s., fiery, scalding hot, red or dark colored. Acon. (Apis, Ars., Bell., Canth.)

Strangury; continual urging, with s. urine. Sil.

Urine s. and dark red. Bapt., Ipec., Polyp., Selen.

Urine s., scalding. Ptel.

Urine highly colored and s. Apis, Equiset. (Acon.)

Urine milky and s.; looks like boiling oil. Lil-tig.

Urine s., thick, and muddy, with œdema of feet. Lycop-v.

Urine s., dark, acrid. Lith-c.
Urine s., though drinking much. Kreas.
Urine beer colored, with yellowish froth; pinkish-brown sediment; s. Myrica.
Urine s., brownish and turbid. Carduus.
Urine s., bloody, albuminous. Merc-cor.
Urine s. and turbid. Canth.
Urine s., with greasy pellicle. Kobalt.
Urine s. in daytime. Lyc.
Urine yellow as saffron, becoming cloudy; s., hot. Aloe.
Urine s. or suppressed (in scarlatina). Arum.
Urine s. and fetid. Apis.
Urine s., passed with difficulty; burning during emission. Ars.
Urine s., staining napkin yellow. Arn.
Urine dark, s.; brick-dust sediment. Arn. (Lyc., Natr-m., Phos.)
Urine dark and s. (in ascites and all kinds of dropsy). Apis.
Urine red, bloody, hot and s. Apis.
Urine s. and reddish-brown. Apis.
Urine dark, turbid, s.; brick-dust sediment (of phosphates). China. (Arn., Natr-m., Nuph., Phos.)
Urine very s., and loaded with muco-purulent sediment. Chim.
Urine s. and dark, painful in passing. Fluor-ac.
Urine s., dark, turbid. Dig.
Urine s., fetid, turbid. Dulc.
Urine s. and reddish, and becomes turbid on standing. Grat.
Urine s. and dark, with dark, floating specks. Hell.
Urine s., with frequent urination, and pressing, scalding, smarting pain. Chim.
Urine s., dark; like coffee grounds. Hell.
Urine hot, s., frequent, sediment red, slimy. Kali-c.
Urine s., retained or suppressed; turbid, with muco-purulent deposit with red, sandy sediment. Hyos.
Urine s. or suppressed; passed unconsciously. Ailanth.
Urine s. burns during micturition. Natr-m.
Urine copious and dark red; or s. Merc-jod.
Urine dark and s.; turbid, depositing a red sediment. Plumb.
Urine albuminous; of strong odor; dark brown and s.; bright-red sediment. Osm.
Urine s., brown, with brick-dust sediment. Merc-cor., Merc-sol. (Lyc.)
Urine s., dark brown, cloudy. Opi.
Urine is s. and high colored; has a violet odor. Nux-m. (Tereb.)
Urine s., dark red; reddish sediment on standing. Sang.
Urine s., sandy, flaky; slimy. Sars.
Urine frequent, s., becoming turbid and cloudy. Rat.
Urine s. and looks like clay water. Sars.

Urine copious and pale; then s., brown and sometimes white, like milk. Stann.
Urine s., greenish-brown (in jaundice). Aur.
Urine s., brown, passed with much straining. Prun-s.
Urine s., milky, albuminous. Apis.
Urine s. and dark, almost brown; deposits white sediment. Bry.
Urine s.; loaded with phosphates and urate of ammonia (in renal dropsy). Aspar.
Urine s. and dark. Brom.
Urine s., red. Iris.
Urine s., dark, or copious and watery. Thuja.
Urine s., not often. Camph.
Urine s. and bloody. Tereb.
Urging to urinate; urine s.; last drops bloody, with violent pains in bladder. Tart-em.
Urging at night, with s. discharge. Nitr-ac.
Urging to urinate, with s. discharge. Graph.
Urging with necessity to wait long, then s. urine, then renewed urging. Caust.

Scarlatina.—Albuminuria, with dropsy (after s. and in Bright's disease of kidneys). Ars.
Albuminuria (after s.). Lach.
Ascites, and general dropsy from disease of kidneys (especially albuminuria after s.). Copaiba.
Catarrh of ureters and urethra (after s.), with albuminuria and general anasarca. Apis.
Dark or black urine, with coffee-grounds sediment leaving black spots on vessel (after diphtheria or s.). Lach.
Nephritis (after s.). Dig.
Uræmia (at commencement of s.). Ars.
Urine dark, like coffee grounds, or black. Natr-m. (Colch.) (After s. Lach.)
Urine scanty or suppressed (in s.). Arum.

Scraping.—S. and lacerating pain in middle of urethra. Ign.

Scream.—Pain in bladder causes infant to s. Arn.

Screams.—Before urinating, child s. with pain; red sand on diaper. Lyc.
Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts s.; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.
Infant cries and s. before urinating, which is done every few minutes. Borax.
Painful retention of urine (in a boy), with loud s.; sensation as if a ball were rolling about in bladder. Crotal.
Region of bladder very sensitive; child s. if hand is placed there Al-cep.

Sand in urine or on diaper; child s. before and during urination. Sars.

Scrofulous (see section on Skin).—Enuresis at night (in s. or syphilitic children). Kali-jod.

Seat.—Involuntary urination when walking or rising from a s. Magn-c.

Secondary.—First effect, copious diuresis; s. effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys torpid, resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.

Secreted.—No urine s. Lyc.

Sediment.—S. in urine. Acon., Ambr., Arn., Ars., Calc-c., Cimex, Coloc., Coni., Lyc., Tart-em., Tereb., Thuja, Zinc.

S. like yeast in urine. Raph.

S. like bran. Berb.

S. looks as if burnt. Sep.

S. of calculi. Sars., Zinc.

S. like flour in urine. Calc-c., Graph., Merc., Natr-m.

S. of red bodies in urine. Ant-c., Coloc.

S. like clay. Am-m.

S. of mucus. Equiset., Kali-n.

S. reddish, bloody or mucus, jelly-like, adhering to vessel. Puls.

S. yellowish, like bran, or slimy. Aloe.

S. in urine looking like white cheese. Sec.

A granular kind of mucus in urine, mixed with phosphates in s. Benz-ac.

Abundant s. in urine. Bell.

Adherent s. in urine. Daph., Coloc.

Brown burning urine, with brick-colored s. Acon.

Brick-dust s. in urine adheres to vessel. Natr-m. (Arn., China, Lyc., Phos.)

Brick-dust, or red, sandy, coarse-grained s. in urine. Selen.

Brick-dust s. in urine. Dig.

Bloody s. and a pellicle on urine. Sulph-ac.

Bloody s. in urine. Canth., Phos-ac., Puls., Sep. (Acon., Can-sat., Dulc., Hell., Lyc., Phos., Sulph., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Uva.)

Bluish s. in urine. Prun-s.

Catarrh of bladder, with thick, ropy s. of mucus in urine. Hydr.

Clay-colored s. in urine. Berb., Chin-s., Cor-r., Ol an., Tong., Zinc.

Chalk-like s. in urine. Phyt.

Crusty, hard s. Sep.

Cloudy s. in middle of urine. Paris.

Deposit of a straw-colored, yellow, granular or brick-dust s. Chin-s.

Deposit of uric acid; reddish-yellow s. Natr-s.

Dark, cloudy s. in urine in large quantities, with uncomfortable feeling in head. Agar.

Dark-red urine, with red s. and a greasy pellicle on surface. Paris.

Dark or black urine, with coffee-grounds s. leaving black spots on vessel (after diphtheria or scarlatina). Lach.

Dark-brown, scanty urine, depositing a whitish, clay-like s. Eupat-perf.
Dirty-yellow urine, with s. like yeast. Raph.
Deep-yellow urine, with light, cloudy s. Am-m.
Dropsy of uterus; red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick s.; passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.
Earthy s. in urine. Mang.
Flocculent s. in urine after standing. Grat.
Flaky s. Berb., Can-sat., Canth., Cham., Croton-tig., Kobalt, Merc., Mez., Sars., Seneg., Zinc.
Fetid urine depositing a gray-colored s., which adheres to chamber with great tenacity. Sep.
Frequent urination, with greenish tinge, depositing cloudy s. Seneg.
Farinaceous s. in urine. Berb.
Gelatinous s. in urine. Berb., Cocc-c., Phos-ac., Puls.
Gravelly s. Calc-c., Lyc., Phos., Ruta, Sars., Sil., Zinc. (Ambr., Am-c., Ant-c., Arn., China, Meny., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Nux-v., Puls., Selen., Thuja.)
Highly-colored urine, with red s. and reddish, yellow slime; burning during micturition. Glon.
Inflammation of base and neck of bladder, with copious cloudy urine, depositing much mucus or pus-like s. Chim.
Inflammation of prostate, with pinkish s. in urine. Lith-c.
Inflammation of kidneys, ureters, bladder and urethra, with scanty, turbid, dark, urine, having epithelial s. Tereb.
Irritability of bladder, with muco-purulent discharges and s. of urate of ammonia. Benz-ac.
Light flesh-colored urine, depositing a light-brown, flocky, translucent s., with hard, solid, reddish crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.
Offensive urine, with s. Calad.
Offensive, turbid urine, containing ropy or bloody mucus and depositing much s. Chim.
Orange colored, or yellowish-red s. in urine. Coca.
Thick white s. in urine, as if flour had been stirred in and allowed to settle. Merc-sol. (Calc-c., Graph., Natr-m.)
Painful pressure about bladder and urethra, discharge of a few drops of urine, with mucous s. Dulc.
Pinkish s. in urine. China.
Pale, sandy s. in urine. Sars.
Pale urine, with sandy s. Am-c.
Purple s. in urine. Fluor-ac.
Purulent s. in urine. Canth., Lyc., Puls. (Calc-c., Cham., Coni., Kali-c., Merc., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sil.)
Red s. adheres to sides of vessel. Daph.
Red s. of filaments or fibres. Tart-em.

Red, sandy s. in urine. Lyc., Phos. (Al-cep., Alu., Arn., Bapt., Cact., China, Chin-s., Cocc-c., Lact., Natr-m., Petr., Sil.) (Sepia has red sand in urine, but urine is offensive.)

Red s. in urine. Arn., Canth., Carbo-v., Mez., Natr-m., Puls., Sep., Valer. (Acon., Ambr., Am-c., Ant-c., Apis, Bell., Berb., Camph., China, Chin-s., Cocc-c., Daph., Elaps, Graph., Hydroc-ac., Ipec., Lach., Laur., Lith-c., Lob., Lyc., Merc-cor., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Opi., Pallad., Paris, Phos., Plat., Psor., Selen., Squilla Sulph.)

Red, cloudy s. in urine. Ambr., Kali-n.

Red grainy s. in urine. Selen.

Reddish-yellow urine at night, with white s. Bry.

Renal colic, with vomiting, anguish; red urine, with brick-dust or bloody s. Ocimum-canum.

Scanty urine, with red s. (in arthritic affections). Alu.

Scanty red urine, depositing copious white s., with pain across back. Kali-bi.

Scanty urine, with white film and whitish or mucous s. Kali-bi.

Snow white s. (urate of ammonia) in urine. Rhus-t.

Slimy (mucous) s. in urine. Berb. (Ant-c., Ars., Aur., Benz-ac., Bry., Calc-c., Caust., Coloc., Coni., Dulc., Kali-bi., Lyc., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Sars., Seneg., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Tong., Thuja, Tilia, Valer.)

Thick, white s. in urine. Alu.

Turbid urine with brick-dust s. Ipec.

Turbid, milky urine, with an offensive purulent s. (in cystitis). Lyc.

Turbid s. Coni., Croton-tig., Rhus-t., Zinc.

Urine turbid while being emitted, depositing brown s.; urine being clear and yellow. Ambr. (Ars.)

Urine red with white s.; copious and clear as water; too frequent after exertion. Æth.

Urine turbid when passed, depositing a dirty s.; when shaken looks clay-colored. Anac.

Urine has a peculiar red or pinkish s. or color, not so much in urine as separating from it and adhering to vessel. Apis.

Urine sherry color, no s. on cooling. Apoc.

Urine dark, scanty; brick-dust s. Arn. (Lyc., Natr-m., Phos.)

Urine dark and muddy; dark-brown s.; yellow (Ambr.), with thick mucous s. Æsc. (Berb.)

Urine thick and ropy, of brick-dust color; copious bloody s.; fever. Chim.

Urine cloudy, like mealy water, with white s. Canth.

Urine dark, turbid, scanty; brick-dust s. (of phosphates.) China. (Arn., Nuph., Phos.)

Urine turbid, with white s.; pale, becoming cloudy or depositing a dingy, yellow, loose s. China.

Urine very scanty, and loaded with muco-purulent s. Chim.

Urine acid; straw colored; after standing, turbid, and a reddish s. adheres to vessel. Cupr.
Urine deposits brick-dust s. Cocc-c. (Lyc.)
Urine becomes turbid and thick on standing, and deposits a white s. Hep-s.
Urine becomes turbid and deposits a white or reddish s. Graph. (Berb.)
Urine deposits a pus-like s. Clem.
Urine yellow, with flaky s. Cham.
Urine hot, scanty, frequent, s. red, slimy. Kali-c.
Urine yellow, flocculent, or red s., with strong pungent odor. Kobalt.
Urine scanty, retained or suppressed; turbid, with muco-purulent deposit, with red, sandy s. Hyos.
Urine blackish, foaming when shaken, with purulent s. Kali-c.
Urine turbid, gets thick when standing, s. yellow. Cham.
Urine thick, white, and turbid, with gray or white s. Coni.
Urine increased, pale, watery, or green; with white s. Magn-c.
Urine deposits a thick, reddish or mahogany-colored s., with floating jelly-like flocks. Laur.
Urine turbid, with brick-dust s. Lyc.
Urine has reddish s. Kreas. (Bell., Carbo-v., Lyc., Graph., Sep.)
Urine beer colored, with yellowish froth; pinkish-brown s., scanty. Myrica.
Urine deposits a red, sandy s. which adheres to vessel. Nuph.
Urine deposits a fine white s. which adheres to vessel. Canth.
Urine dark colored, with bran-like s. Cedron.
Urine dark brown, with white s. Calc c. (Canth., Cochl.)
Urine dark and turbid; s. like brick dust. Natr-m.
Urine dark yellow, fetid, sour or like horse's urine; deposits a s. of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)
Urine scanty, brown, with brick-dust s. Merc-cor., Merc-sol. (Lyc.)
Urine dark red, turbid; deposits a s. Merc.
Urine milky white, depositing flocculent, white sandy s. Phos.
Urine flakey; burning; with reddish s. Mez.
Urine dark and scanty; turbid, depositing a red s. Plumb.
Urine pale, afterwards thick, whitish, purulent; reddish, with brick-dust s. Nux-v.
Urine albuminous; of strong odor; dark brown and scanty; bright red s. Osm.
Urine turbid with dirty yellow s. Nux-v.
Urine turbid, brown, with red, sandy s. Phos.
Urine deposits a red s. mixed with mucus. Naja.
Urine scanty, dark red; reddish s. on standing. Sang.
Urine has a red s. and a greasy pellicle. Psor.
Urine turbid, clay colored, with reddish s. adhering to vessel; very offensive. Sep.
Urine frothy; s. thick, grayish white, or yellow. Spong.

Urine hot, white, muddy or pale, with white s.; or dark, becoming turbid. Rhus-t.

Urine blood red, with white s. and a film on surface; very offensive. Sep.

Urine deposits a yellowish, pasty s.; putrid, fetid. Sep.

Urine black, with coffee-grounds s.; great emaciation and weakness. Tereb.

Urine dark red in morning; deposits a brown mucus, with dark, cloudy s. (in rheumatism). Thuja.

Urine deposits a reddish, clay-colored s. which adheres to bottom and sides of vessel like burnt clay. Sep.

Urine turbid, with s. of red or yellow sand. Sil.

Urine with brownish-red s., like sausage meat. Still.

Urine straw colored; turbid; containing white, flocky s. or reddish s. Aspar.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight, transparent, gelatinous s., or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucous s. mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy s. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Urine turbid and deposits a whitish s. adhering to vessel. Brom.

Urine scanty and dark, almost brown; deposits white s. Bry.

Urine leaves a red s. or coating on vessel. Brom.

Urine dark brown; yellow s. Bar-c.

Urine turbid, like yeast, with reddish s. Bell.

Urine deposits a pinkish s. Bry.

Urine bright red, with violet s. Bov.

Urine becomes turbid (Chelid.), with reddish s. Bell. (Kreas., Sep.)

Urine brown, with thick, rusty-looking s. Cimex.

Urine turbid, with red s. Ipec.

Urine contains s. of slimy filaments. Croton-tig., Seneg.

Urine has red s. color of blood. Am-c.

Urine contains s. of jelly-like lumps. Phos-ac.

Urine deposits a thick, muddy, light-yellow s., looks like wine, with odor of violets. Tereb.

Urine containing cloudy s. Ambr., Arum, Bry., Carbo-v., Cham., Elaps, Grat., Hydroc-ac., Merc., Nitr., Ol-an., Paris, Phos-ac., Plat., Rat., Seneg., Thuja.

Urine has brown s. Ambr., Lach., Thuja.

Urine contains gray s. Berb., Phos-ac., Spong.

Urine with s. like coffee grounds. Hell., Tereb.

Urine becomes turbid and offensive, with white sediment. Sep.

Urine becomes turbid and cloudy, or deposits a thick, yellowish-red

Uric acid, or s. of red sand in urine, associated with pain in uterus. Ocimum-canum.

s. with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.

Violet, earthy s. in urine. Mang.

Violet-colored s. in urine. Mang., Puls.

White s. in urine, Actea-s., Phos., Rhus-t. (Alu., Bar-m., Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Colch., Coloc., Coni., Eupat-perf., Euphorb., Fluor-ac., Graph., Hep-s., Kali-bi., Kreas., Magn-c., Murex, Oleand., Petr., Phos-ac., Prun-s., Sep., Spig., Spong., Sulph., Tereb., Tong., Valer., Zinc.)

White flocculent s. immediately after urinating, composed of phosphate and carbonate of lime; pale, languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.

White, red, or turbid s. in urine. Valer.

White flocculent s. in urine. Still.

Whitish or purple s. Fluor-ac.

Whitish, turbid s. in urine. Coni., Rhus-t.

Whitish-yellow s. in urine. Chin-s., Tereb.

Whitish, cloudy s. in urine. Phos-ac., Plat.

Whitish s. in urine. Am-c., Colch., Spig.

Yellow s. in urine. Cham., Chin-s., Cupr., Natr-s., Phos., Sil., Spong., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Zinc.

Seized.—Griping, as if bladder were s. Led.

Seldom.—Discharge of urine s. Canth. (Acon., Agar., Aloe, Arn., Ars., Aur., Bell., Bry., Camph., Cupr., Hep-s., Hyos., Laur., Nux-v., Opi., Plumb., Prun-s., Puls., Ruta, Sec., Stann., Stram., Stront.)

Seminal cord (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Drawing in s. during micturition. Bell., Canth., Caps., Clem.

Neuralgia of urethra or s. Clem.

Pain in s. during micturition. Bell., Clem.

Sensation.—S. of dribbling. Lact., Thuja.

S. of contraction in urethra. Carbo-v., Clem., Cop., Dig.

S. of constriction in bladder. Alu., Cact., Caps., Cocc., Phos-ac., Puls., Sars.

S. of contraction in bladder. Berb.

S. of a worm in bladder. Bell.

S. as if drop remained in upper part of urethra. Kali-bi.

S. of narrowness of urethra. Bry., Dig., Graph.

S. as if a drop remained in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.

S. of soreness in urethra. Berb., Caps., Clem., Cop., Lach., Mez., Prun-s., Teucr.

S. as if a ball were rolling in bladder. Lach.

S. of fullness in bladder after urinating. Calc-c., Coni., Ruta.

S. of fullness in bladder without desire to urinate. Calad., Pallad., Stann., Ver-a.

S. in urethra near meatus as if a biting drop were forcing its way out. Selen.

S. of fullness in bladder after micturition, with feeling on every step as if it moved up and down. Ruta.

S. as if bladder were paralyzed; no power to expel urine. Thuja.
S. of weakness or warmth in bladder and urethra. Al-cep.
S. of fullness in bladder; region of bladder sore to pressure. Calad.
S. as if kidneys were two bags of hot water. Helon.
S. as if a few drops passed through urethra. Ambr.
After micturition s. as if a few drops were running through urethra. Thuja.
After micturition s. as if a drop remained. Kali-bi.
After micturition s. as if a drop remained in fossa navicularis. Al-cep., Thuja.
After micturition pressure, with s. as if urine were retained by contraction of sphincter; with same s. at anus. Sulph.
Burning s. about kidneys; can trace outline by burning. Helon.
Burning in back part of urethra after micturition, with s. as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.
Constant desire to urinate, with tickling s. in meatus. Brom.
Drawing pain from region of kidneys to inguinal glands, with anxious, nauseating s. in pit of stomach. Can-sat.
Desire to urinate; but s. as if constriction by a tape prevented. Thuja.
Desire to urinate; no urging, only a s. of fullness indicates necessity for urinating. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.
Fluttering s. in region of kidneys, sometimes in one side, sometimes in other. Chim.
Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of urination; chilly s. or rigors running up back. Sars.
Large increase of urine, with s. of weakness. Calc-ph.
Painful retention of urine (in a boy), with loud screams; s. as if a ball were rolling about in bladder. Crotal.
Persistent, violent urging to urinate, with burning s. in urethra. Canth.
Pressing pain, or s. in bladder. Acon., Al-cep., Alu., Am-c., Arn., Aur., Berb., Canth., Carbo-v., China, Colch., Coni., Cycl., Dig., Hyos., Kreas., Lach., Lact., Natr-m., Ol-an., Pallad., Rhus-t., Ruta, Sars., Sep., Squilla, Tart-em., Zinc.
Urine frequent and copious, must rise at night; passed without s. Sars.
Urine passes by drops, leaving a s. as if some remained in bladder. Magn-m.

Sensible.—Urinates so easily is not s. of stream. Caust.
Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence, micturition is so easy that prover is not s. of urine passing, and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Sensitive.—Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very s. to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Region of bladder very s. to pressure or jar. Bell.

Region of bladder very s.; child screams if hand is placed there. Al-cep.

Sensitiveness.—S. in region of kidneys, with shooting pains. Acon.

Swelling and hardness of female urethra, with burning, soreness and s. (especially if caused by instruments). Hyper.

Separating.—Urine has a peculiar red or pinkish sediment or color, not so much in urine as s. from it and adhering to vessel. Apis.

Sexual (see section on Sexual Organs).—Irritability of bladder and urethra (in newly-married girls, brought on by s. excess). Staph.

Shaken.—Urine blackish, foaming when s., with purulent sediment. Kali-c.

Urine turbid when passed, deposits a dirty sediment; when s. looks clay colored. Anac.

Sharp.—S. stitches in urethra. Clem.

Violent, s. smarting, burning pains through urethra; worse on micturition. Still.

Sherry color.—Urine s., no sediment on cooling. Apoc.

Shooting.—S. in neck of bladder. Calc-ph.

Inflammation of bladder and urethra, burning or s. pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Piercing, s. in both groins, with urging to urinate. Natr-s.

Sensitiveness in region of kidneys, with s. pains. Acon.

Stitches and s. pains in urethra. Sulph.

Suppression of urine, with s. pain in region of kidneys and prostration. Kali-bi.

Violent pains in bladder, often in back; left testicle drawn up; pain in thighs (in hip, Berb.), s. down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Shreds.—Albuminous urine, containing cylindrical casts, mucus and s.; looks jelly-like. Canth.

Shuddering.—S. after micturition. Eugen., Plat.

Hæmaturia; urging after, and s. along spine during micturition; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.

Sight.—Great distinctness of s. after micturition. Eugen.

Hydrocephalus, with scanty urine; stupor; s. of one eye totally lost; constant motion of one arm and one leg. Apoc.

Sinking.—Ascites, with bruised feeling in abdomen; s. feeling at pit of stomach, and scanty urine. Apoc.

Dropsy, with s. feeling at pit of stomach. Apoc.

Sits.—Violent pressure in bladder from urine; s. with legs crossed, and though bladder feels full, none is passed. Zinc.

Sitting.—Burning in meatus when s. Paris.
Can only urinate while s. bent backward. Zinc.
Desire to urinate; can only pass urine in a s. posture. Zinc.
Dribbling of urine in drops, while s. or walking. Puls.
Frequent, ineffectual urging, then while s., involuntary micturition. Caust.
Involuntary discharge of urine when s. or standing (urine passes freely). Sars.
Pinching around navel while s., with urging to urinate; pain going into groin. Natr-s.
Pressure in kidneys when s., better from motion. Tereb.
Paralysis of bladder, can urinate only when s. Zinc.
Pain in kidneys, worse when stooping on rising again, and when s. or lying than when standing. Berb.
Pain in kidneys when s. down. Valer.
Skin (see section on Skin).—Frequent, painful, scanty, bloody urination; with alternations of dry s. and perspiration. Apis.
Sleep.—Bed is wet almost as soon as child goes to s.; always during first s. Sep.
Enuresis; head thrown back during s. Hep-s.
Involuntary micturition on coughing, passing wind, during s. Puls. (Petr.)
Involuntary discharge of urine in first s. Sep.
Involuntary urination (Ars.) at night during s. Am-c., Arn., Graph. (Caust., Puls.)
Incontinence of urine, especially during s. Rhus-t.
Tenesmus of bladder rouses him from s. at night. Ant-c.
Wets bed; restless, starts in s. Bell.
Weakness of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first s. at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.
Sleepiness.—Obstinate s. in diabetes. Uran-n.
Slime.—Highly-colored urine, with red sediment and reddish-yellow s.; burning during micturition. Glon.
Passes blood and s., with burning and stinging. Hell.
Slimy.—S., purulent urine. Uva.
S. (mucous) sediment in urine. Berb. (Ant-c., Ars., Aur., Benz-ac., Bry., Calc-c., Caust., Coloc., Coni., Dulc., Kali-bi., Lyc., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Sars., Seneg., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Tong., Thuja, Tilia, Valer.)
Sediment yellowish, like bran, or s. Aloe.
Turbid, s. urine, with violent contraction of urethra, and pain in region of bladder. Ind.
Urine scanty, sandy, flakey; s. Sars.
Urine contains sediment of s. filaments. Croton-tig., Seneg.
Urine thick, s. and very offensive. Sep.

Urine hot, scanty, frequent; sediment red, s. Kali-c.
Urine loaded with s. mucus after being exposed to cold. Can-ind.
Urine turbid and bloody; offensive; it deposits a red, s. sand, which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)

Slow.—S. discharge of urine. Am-m., Canth., China, Hep-s., Kali-c., Mur-ac., Plat., Raph.
Frequent micturition, with s. flow. Plumb.
Micturition s. and in thin stream (Puls.), as if urethra were constricted. Clem.

Slowly.—Atony or paralysis of bladder, urine passes very s. and without force, bladder does not seem to empty itself. Hep-s.
Dropsy of uterus; red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed s., bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.
Paralysis of bladder from long retention of urine; urine is expelled very s. and sometimes is even retained. Caust.
Retention of urine (as from paralysis of bladder); or urine is voided s. Laur.
Urine flows s., with soreness and burning. Kali-c.
Urine voided s., with affection of spine (after getting wet). Rhus-t.
Urging, but has to wait long and urine flows s. Kali-c.

Small.—Frequent desire to urinate, with s. discharge. Anac., Bell., Dig., Hell., Led., Meny., Merc., Nitr-ac., Staph., Tart-em. (Am-c., Ang., Ant-c., Camph., Caust., Chelid., Cupr., Dros., Euphorb., Hyos., Kali-c., Kobalt., Lach., Laur., Magn-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Opi., Pareira, Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Raph., Rat., Ruta, Sabad., Sabin., Sars., Sil., Spong.)
Retention of urine, with frequent and urgent desire; occasionally a few drops or s. quantity may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)
Urinates frequently, but in s. quantities. Can-ind.
Urethra contracted, with micturition in s., thin stream. Canth.

Smarting.—S. in meatus during micturition. Kobalt.
S. and burning in urethra during and after urination. Nitr-ac.
S. in urethra during and after micturition. Ptel.
S. on burning in urethra during micturition. Sep.
S. in urethra after urinating. Borax.
S., itching and painful irritation through urethra from meatus to neck of bladder. Chim.
S. pain in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Kobalt., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep., Sil., Thuja.
S. in urethra. Berb., Borax, Natr-c., Phos., Sep., Teucr.
Burning, s., or soreness in urethra during micturition. Ign.
Burning and s. in urethra after micturition. Lil-tig.
Burning and s. during micturition. Magn-c.
Burning, biting and s. after urinating. Caps.
Burning, s. and stinging in urethra, as if scalded. Apis.

Burning and s. in urethra, from meatus backward; stitches posteriorly during micturition. Can-sat.

During urination, stitches in bladder, s., burning in urethra. Natr-m.

During micturition, soreness and s. in vulva. Natr-m.

Frequent micturition during day, with s. in urethra. Lil-tig.

Inflammation of urethra and bladder (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with s., tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.

Intense s. and burning in bladder and urethra when urinating. Eupat-purp.

Stitches and s. in urethra during micturition. Graph.

Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing s. and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Urine scanty, frequent urination, pressing, scalding, s. pain. Chim.

Violent, sharp, s., burning pains through urethra; worse on micturition. Still.

Smell.—Frequent micturition of watery urine, of strong s., waking patient. Kali-bi.

Urine of offensive, pungent s. Benz-ac. (Asaf., Aspar.)

Urine strong s. Benz-ac., Chin-s., Dros., Kali-bi.

Smelling.—Frequent, copious, fetid urine, s. like cat's urine. Viola-tr.

Sour s. urine (in whooping cough). Ambr.

Scanty, dark-brown urine, s. intolerably strong (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Nitr-ac. (Absinth., Natr-c.)

Urine s. like cat's urine. Viola-tr.

Urine s. like valerian. Mosch.

Urine s. like violets. Cop., Lact., Nux-m., Tereb.

Violent pain with stranguary; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, s. strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.—Breyfogle.)

Smells.—Urine s. decomposed. Hydr.

Urine s. ammoniacal. Cina.

Urine ammoniacal, decomposes rapidly, s. like otorrhœa. Aur.

Urine s. like horse urine. Natr-c. (Nitr-ac.)

Smoky.—Urine dark s. color; alkaline. Carb-ac. (Benz-ac.)

Sneezing.—Involuntary passage of urine when coughing (Colch.), s. or blowing nose. Caust. (Natr-m., Puls., Zinc.)

Involuntary urination while walking, coughing and s. Zinc. (Caust., Petr., Puls.)

Pain in kidneys, worse from s. or from deep inhalation and from lying. Æth

Soles (see section on Extremities).—Violent pains in bladder, often in back; left testicle drawn up; pain in thighs (in hip, Berb.), shooting down to toes and s. of feet. Pareira.

Sore.—S. pain on touch, or when urinating. Mez.

S. pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

S. pain in urethra during micturition. Bov., Carbo-an., Cinnab., Daph., Nux-v.

Burning during and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels s., as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drop remained. Arg-n.

Bruised, s. feeling in region of kidneys. Physos.

Heaviness in bladder, feels s. on slightest motion. Canth.

Pain in meatus as if s., after urinating. Borax.

Region of bladder s. to touch; urine passes in a thin stream, or in drops, containing blood and pus. Merc.

Sensation of fullness in bladder; region of bladder s. to pressure. Calad.

Urethra feels inflamed and s. to touch along its whole length; erection causes tensive pain. Can-sat.

Urethra painfully s. to pressure. Natr-m.

Soreness.—S. in region of bladder; worse during micturition. Natr-ars.

S. and pain in bladder; deep aching; uneasiness; catarrh. Eupat-purp.

S. of bladder when touched. Canth., Puls.

S. and inflammation of kidneys and bladder. Can-sat.

S. in urethra, worse from touch. Prun-s.

S. in left kidney. Benz-ac.

S. in right kidney. Phyt.

S. at neck of bladder from tenesmus. Arn.

S. in vagina during micturition. Kreas.

S. in kidneys. Cinnab., Zinc.

Albuminuria (during pregnancy), urine very scanty, with s. and pain about kidneys. Helon.

Burning, smarting, or s. in urethra during micturition. Ign.

Burning s. in urethra while urinating. Carbo-an. (Can-sat.)

Burning s. when urinating. Apis. (Can-sat.)

Dull, pressive pain and s. in region of kidneys. Cocc-c.

During micturition, s. and smarting in vulva. Natr-m.

Distressing strangury, followed by s. Tereb.

Great s. in urethra during micturition. Hep-s.

Pain in kidneys, with s. on pressure, or when stooping. Apis.

Pain and s. over region of kidneys, with symptoms of inflammation. Rhus-t.

Sensation of s. in urethra. Berb., Caps., Clem., Cop., Lach., Mez., Prun-s., Teucr.

Slight s. in urethra. Ferr.

Swelling and hardness of female urethra, with burning, s. and sensitiveness (especially if caused by instruments). Hyper.
Sticking, cutting pains, or s. in anterior part of urethra. Lach.
Urine flows slowly, with s. and burning. Kali-c.
Weakness, with dull pain and s. in region of kidneys. Phyt.

Sour (see Acid).—S. smelling urine (in whooping cough). Ambr.
Urine has s. odor. Graph. (Ambr., Merc., Natr-c.)
Urine dark yellow, fetid, s. or like horse's urine; deposits a sediment of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)

Spasm.—S. of bladder. Gels. (Asaf., Berb., Canth., Caps., Opi., Phos-ac., Prun-s., Sars., Sep., Tereb.)
S. of bladder and urethra. Canth.
S. in bladder after micturition. Asaf. (Puls.)
S. of bladder during micturition. Asaf.
Colic, with s. of bladder. Caps.
Frequent urging, with s. of bladder, and burning, tearing pain. Uva.
Stream interrupted from s. of neck of bladder; cutting in urethra. Opi.
With nausea, there is a s. of drawing pain at neck of bladder, and desire to urinate. Jatr.

Spasmodic.—S. pain in kidneys. Sulph.
S. pains in bladder at night. Prun-s.
S. contraction of abdomen after micturition. Natr-m.
S., crampy straining along ureter, during passage of calculus. Bell.
S. stricture of neck of bladder. Ruta.
S. stricture of urethra. Nux-v.
S. urging causes spasms; very little urine passes. Hell.
S. pain in right kidney and liver. Chelid.
S. pains at bladder. Berb.
S. retention of urine. Chin-ars.
After urination, s. pain in neck of bladder, extending to thighs. Puls.
Dragging pain in bladder, with s. trembling pains in inguinal region. Chelid.
Painful s. stricture of bladder. Phos-ac.
Paretic condition of sphincter muscle of bladder, causing enuresis (wetting of bed), and s. retention of urine. Gels.
Urination difficult, from s. inflammatory condition of neck of bladder. Hyos.
Urine is emitted by drops, as in s. stricture. Clem. (Coni.)
Urethritis, with burning, biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with s. contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Spasms.—S. of bladder during and after urination. Asaf.
S. of urethra, with rectal fissure. Nitr-ac.
S. in bladder and sphincters, not allowing any rest at night. Prun-s.
S. of urethra and incontinence of urine. Bell. (Atropia 2x.)

Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glans and causes pains and s. and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.

Spasmodic urging causes s.; very little urine passes. Hell.

Specks.—Urine scanty and dark, with dark floating s. Hell.

Spermatic cord (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Drawing pain in s., while urinating. Canth.

Pain in s. after micturition. Lith-c.

Pain extending into s. (Clem., Puls., Spong.), after urinating. Lith-c.

Spermatic cords.—Pains often extend to s. and testes, drawing them up. Canth.

Sphincter.—Atony of s., urine passes involuntarily with cough. Squilla.

After micturition pressure, with sensation as if urine were retained by contraction of s.; with same sensation at anus. Sulph.

Dribbling from weakness of s. Agar.

Incontinence from paralysis of s. (Caust.) (in nervous children). Gels.

Involuntary micturition; constant dribbling; paralysis of s. Bell.

Nervous feeling about s. Gels.

Paretic condition of s. muscle of bladder, causing enuresis (wetting of bed), and spasmodic retention of urine. Gels.

Tenesmus of s. Uran-n.

Urethritis, with burning, biting pain, extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of s. Can-sat.

Weakness of bladder and s. Sil.

Weakness of s. of bladder (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.

Sphincters.—Lithiasis; increase of uric acid and urates; urine voided with much difficulty, as if s. were paralyzed. Sep.

Spasms of bladder and s., not allowing any rest at night. Prun-s.

Spine (see section on Back).—Hæmaturia, with burning in urethra; with cold rigors along s. Caps.

Hæmaturia; urging after, and shuddering along s. during micturition; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.

Incontinence of urine with irritation of lower part of s. Nux-v.

Urine voided slowly, with affection of s. (after getting wet). Rhus-t.

Splinter.—Ulcerative pain in middle of urethra, as from a s. Arg-n.

Split.—Urine passed in a s., divided or double stream. Rhus-t. (Clem.)

Spoonful.—Irritation so great that he cannot bear even a s. of urine in bladder without urging to urinate. Canth.

Spots.—Dark, or black urine, with coffee-grounds sediment leaving black s. on vessel (after diphtheria or scarlatina). Lach.

Spreads.—Stream of urine s. asunder. Arg-n.

Spurting.—S. of urine. Cic-v.

S. of urine after micturition. Helon.

Squeezed.—A white, glairy mucus may be s. from urethra. Can-ind.

Stabbing.—Burning during and after micturition, at times amounting to a s. pain. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)

Stain.—Urine dark red, leaving a deep-red s. on vessel. Phyt.

Urine leaves mahogany-colored s. Phyt.

Staining.—Urine scanty, s. napkin yellow. Arn.

Stains.—Urine s. diaper dark yellow. Chelid.

Urine s. linen like saffron. Bell.

Standing.—Brown-red urine, with small red corpuscles after s. twenty-four hours. Ant-c.

Desire to urinate; urine can only be passed when s. Sars.

Flocculent sediment in urine after s. Grat.

Greasy pellicle on urine after s. awhile. Lyc.

Involuntary discharge of urine when sitting or s. (urine passes freely). Sars.

Involuntary discharge of urine when s. Bell., Caust., Lyc., Natr-m., Puls., Rhus-t.

Jerking stitches in posterior part of urethra when s. Can-sat.

Large deposit of uric acid and urates from urine on s. Cocc-c.

Much mucus after s. a short time. Equiset.

Oily film upon urine after s. Hep-s.

Pain in kidneys, worse when stooping on rising again, and when sitting or lying, than when s. Berb.

Partial paralysis of bladder (in old men); urine flows by fits and starts; passes better when s. Coni.

Rainbow-colored, iridescent film floats on urine after s.

Scanty, brown urine, becoming turbid, like loam water, on s. Sulph-ac.

Urine dark-brown (Bry.), turbid and cloudy on s. Caust.

Urine scanty, dark red; reddish sediment on s. Sang.

Urine at first mixed with strings of mucus, after s. it became thick and cloudy. Seneg.

Urine clear at first becomes turbid on s. Bell.

Urine turbid after s. Apis.

Urine turbid, gets thick when s., sediment yellow. Cham.

Urine acid; straw colored; after s. turbid, and a reddish sediment adheres to vessel. Cupr.

Urine oily or greasy on s., containing a tough, jelly-like, white or red mucus mixed with blood. Dulc.

Urine becomes turbid and thick on s., and deposits a white sediment. Hep-s.

Urine scanty and reddish, and becomes turbid on s. Grat.

Urine clear, but after s. four or five hours is covered with film like a rainbow in color. Graph.

Urine turns milky after s. a little Cina.

Urging, worse when s., and still more when walking; better when sitting. Canth.

Start.—Must wait and press long before she can s. urine. Kali-c.

Starting.—Delay in s. urine. Kali-bi.

Starts.—Wets bed; restlessness; s. in sleep. Bell.

Step.—Sensation of fullness in bladder after micturition, with feeling on every s., as if it moved up and down. Ruta.

Sticking.—S. in kidneys, which pain as if torn. Mez.

S., tearing pains in region of kidneys; urine hot and often bloody. Mez.

S. in anterior portion of urethra. Paris.

S. in kidneys and pain as if torn. Mez.

S., pressing pains in kidneys, extending along ureters to loins, and bladder. Berb.

S., digging, tearing, or pulsative pain in region of one or other of kidneys. Berb.

S., cutting pains, or soreness in anterior part of urethra. Lach.

Contraction, with urging, s. and burning in neck of blader, then passage of a few drops of scalding urine. Canth.

Drawing and s. in navicular fossa, followed by cutting and bitting after micturition. Petros.

Violent s., cutting pain from kidneys into bladder and urethra. Berb. (Cocc-c.)

Stiff.—Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins s.; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

Stimulation.—Irritation and consequent s. of kidneys, followed secondarily, by an atonic condition. Helon.

Stinging.—S. stitches in kidneys. Acon., Æth., Bell., Berb., Canth., China, Croton-tig., Cycl., Dig., Kali-c., Hep-s., Kali-n., Phos-ac., Ran-sc., Valer., Zinc.

Stinging in urethra. Sulph. (Apis, Arg-m., Arg-n., Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Can-sat., Caps., China, Cocc., Coni., Cupr., Hep-s., Ign., Lach., Lyc., Mang., Merc., Merc-cor., Natr-m., Nux-v., Pallad., Paris, Petr., Sep., Squilla, Tart-em., Thuja, Tilia, Viola-tr.)

S. in bladder. Calad. (Berb., Canth., Lyc., Pallad., Sulph., Tart-em.)

S. stitches in right kidney. Lob.

S., itching, burning in urethra. Bov.

S. stitches in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Clem., Cupr., Cycl., Graph., Iris, Merc., Merc-cor., Seneg., Sulph., Thuja.

S. in bladder during micturition. Natr-m.

S. in prepuce after micturition. Berb., Coni., Kali-bi., Merc.

Burning and scalding, or s. pain in urethra before, during and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)

Burning and s. in urethra. Apis, Paris.

Burning, smarting and s. in urethra, as if scalded. Apis.

Passes blood and slime, with burning and s. Hell.

Tenesmus and s. in neck of bladder. Puls.

Stitch.—S. in urethra, extending to bladder. Berb.
Frequent desire to urinate, with crawling s. behind navicular fossa Petros.
Pain in urethra during micturition, and itching s. in external portion, between acts. Kali-bi.

Stitches.—S. and pressure in region of both kidneys. **Zinc.**
S. from rectum to bladder. Thuja.
S. in bladder and urethra. Tart-em.
S. and shooting pains in urethra. Sulph.
S. from kidneys through ureters. Lach.
S. in meatus and fore part of urethra when not urinating. **Caps.** (Can-sat.)
S. in neck of bladder when coughing. Caps.
S. in female urethra. Calc-c.
S. along urethra when not urinating. Can-sat. (**Caps.**)
S. in lower portion of urethra. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)
S. when urinating. Agar.
S. alternately in bladder and rectum. Coloc.
S. and itching in urethra. Cocc-c.
S. in bladder after ineffectual urging to urinate. **Guaj.**
S. and smarting in urethra during micturition. **Graph.**
S. in left kidney. Gum-gut.
S. in urethra. Clem., Jatr., Viola-tr.
S. in urethra after micturition. Kali-bi.
S. in neck of bladder and anus at same time. **Lyc.**
S. in region of kidneys. Kali-c.
Burning and smarting in urethra, from meatus backward; **s. posteriorly** during micturition. Can-sat.
Burning, aching, or sharp s. in kidneys. Can-ind.
Burning and s. in urethra during micturition. Natr-c.
During urination, s. in the bladder, smarting, burning in the urethra. Natr-m.
Frequent urination, with fine s. in meatus. Aspar.
Jerking s. in posterior part of urethra when standing. **Can-sat.**
Needle-like s. in meatus. Nitr-ac.
Retention or suppression of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder, or s. in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.
Stinging s. in kidneys. Acon., Æth., Bell., Berb., Canth., China, Croton-tig., Cycl., Dig., Kali-c., Hep-s., Kali-n., Phos-ac., Ran-sc., Valer., Zinc.
Stinging s. in right kidney. Lob.
Stinging s. in urethra during micturition. Can-sat., Clem., Cupr., Cycl., Graph., Iris, Merc., Merc-cor., Seneg., Sulph., Thuja.
Sharp s. in both kidneys. Can-ind.
Smarting s. in urethra during micturition. Merc-sol.

Stomach (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Ascites, with bruised feeling in abdomen; sinking feeling at pit of s. and scanty urine. Apoc.

Constant desire to urinate, with great debility and acid s. Lith-c.

Dawing pain from region of kidneys to inguinal glands, with anxious, nauseating sensation in pit of s. Can-sat.

Discharge of blood, with pains in s. and vomiting. Ipec.

Dropsy, with sinking feeling at pit of s. Apoc.

Inflammation of kidneys, with pain in back and sacrum; hot, burning urine; constant chilliness and cold extremities; coldness in s. Colch.

Pain in s. during micturition. Laur.

Stone.—S. in bladder. Zinc. (Nux-m., Sars.)

Stool (see section on Stool).—Burning and biting in fore part of urethra at close of micturition during s. Mez.

Copious urination, especially after s. Aloe.

Cannot pass urine without much straining at s. Alu.

Dysuria, with urging to s. Nux-m.

Dribbling of urine after s. or urination. Selen. (Petr.)

Dribbling of urine when at s. Kali-brom.

Desire to urinate; urine can be passed only during s. Aloe, Alu.

Desire to urinate; urine more abundant during s. Am-m., Ox-ac.

Feeling when urinating as if must have thin s. Aloe.

Involuntary dribbling after micturition and s. Caust., Peter., Selen., Stram.

Involuntary s. during micturition. Hyos., Mur-ac., Sulph.

Passage of urine, while there is only urgency for s. Aloe.

Retention of s. and urine. Sulph-ac.

Suppression of both s. and urine. Stram.

Suppression of s. and urine, accompanied with profuse sweat. Bell.

Urging, yet only a few drops pass, until next s., when it flows freely. Am-m.

Watery, inodorous urine, with fetid s. of white mucus. Dros.

When passing s., discharge of prostatic fluid. Agn. (Phos-ac.)

Stooping.—Pain in kidneys, with soreness on pressure, or when s. Apis.

Pain in kidneys, worse when s. on rising again, and when sitting or lying, than when standing. Berb.

Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when s.; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee swollen. Benz-ac.

Stops.—Flow of urine suddenly s., and continues again after a short interruption. Coni. (Clem.)

Micturition s. many times before bladder is emptied. Thuja. (Coni.)

Stream of urine often s. during micturition. Led. (Coni.)

Strain.—Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to s. to pass few drops. Clem.

Straining.—S. and difficulty in beginning to urinate. Chim.

After much s. and pressing, with much pain, a few drops of blood are passed. Hell.

Burning and cutting during micturition; s. in urethra after. Mur-ac.

Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; s. extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.

Cannot pass urine without much s. at stool. Alu.

During micturition much s. and prolapsus recti. Valer.

Great difficulty in urinating; cannot without pressing and s. Hyos.

Much pressing and s. to pass a few drops of urine, with feeling as if more remained. Pareira.

Spasmodic, crampy s. along ureter, during passage of calculus. Bell.

Throbbing pain in region of neck of bladder, during s. effort to urinate. Dig.

Urging with much s. Can-ind.

Urine scanty, brown, passed with much s. Prun-s.

Straighten.—Pain from kidney to hip; cannot s. Ox-ac.

Strangury.—S. Can-sat., Canth., Euphorb., Puls., Staph. (Apis, Arn., Ars., Camph., Caps., China, Clem., Cocc-c., Colch., Coloc., Coni., Cop., Dig., Dros., Dulc., Elaps, Graph., Hell., Led., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-cor., Nux-m., Nux-v., Pareira, Petr., Phos-ac., Plumb., Prun-s., Ruta, Sabin., Sec., Sil., Stram., Sulph., Tart-em., Zinc.)

S. from three to six a. m. Pareira.

S. Camph. (In cases caused by Cantharis or cholera, Camph. is a certain remedy.)

S. (after abuse of Cantharis). Kali-n.

S. (in typhoid fever). Can-sat.

S.; continual urging, with scanty urine. Sil.

S., with constant urging. Prun-s.

S., with tenesmus of bladder. Caps. (Canth., Merc-cor.)

S., with constant irresistible desire to urinate. Petros.

S.; ineffectual urging. Nux-v., Plumb. (Merc-cor.)

S., stricture, retained urine or inflamed bladder. Apis.

S.; painful micturition. Dulc.

Colic with s. Arn.

Distressing s., followed by soreness. Tereb.

Dark, bloody urine, almost like ink, with s. Colch.

Gonorrhœa, with tenesmus and s. Tereb.

Violent pain with s.; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when sweat breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.)

Nephritis; cystitis; urethritis; s. Tereb. (If there is no blood in urine this remedy will fail.)

Straw.—Urine contains pieces like half burnt s. Lach.

Straw colored.—Deposit of a s., yellow, granular, or brick-dust sediment. Chin-s.

Frequent and copious urination, which is clear or s. Ox-ac.

Profuse flow of s. urine; or passes in drops with much burning. Cact.

Urine s.; turbid; containing white, flocky sediment; or reddish sediment. Aspar.

Urine s.; urinates frequently day and night. Abies-c.

Urine acid; s.; after standing turbid, and a reddish sediment adheres to vessel. Cupr.

Streaked.—Urine sometimes s. with blood. Kali-jod.

Stream.—S. intermittent. Clem., Coni., Gels. (Caust., Dulc., Opi., Phos-ac., Puls., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.)

S. intermits, or is thinner than usual. Sulph.

S. of urine often stops during micturition. Led. (Coni.)

S. of urine forked. Can sat. (Canth., Rhus-t.)

S. interrupted from spasm of neck of bladder; cutting in urethra. Opi.

S. of urine spreads asunder. Arg-n.

Dysuria; frequent urging, at first only a few drops, then usual s. Kali-n.

Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty thin s., or dark urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.

Interrupted or intermittent s. Meph.

Inability to pass urine in a projecting s. Arg-n.

Large s., as if urethra were very large. Phos-ac.

Micturition slow and in thin s. (Puls.), as if urethra were constricted. Clem.

Region of bladder sore to touch; urine passes in a thin s., or in drops, containing blood and pus. Merc.

Scalding during micturition; urethra swollen; s. forked. Thuja.

Thin s., as if urethra were contracted. Graph.

Urine in a thin s. Zinc. (Agar., Camph., Canth., China, Clem., Graph., Gymnoc., Hell., Merc., Ol-an., Petr., Prun-s., Puls., Samb., Sars., Spong., Staph., Sulph.)

Urine in a feeble s. Cham., Hell., Merc.

Urine passes in thin, feeble s., or in drops. Sars.

Urine in a forcible s. Agn.

Urine passes in a thin s., as if from stricture of urethra. Nitr-ac.

Urethra contracted, with micturition in small, thin s. Canth.

Urine passes in thin, divided s. Canth. (Can-sat.)

Urine dribbles out after s. ceases. Can-ind.

Urinates so easily is not sensible of s. Caust.

Urine passed in a split, divided or double s. Rhus-t. (Clem.)

Stricture.—S. of urethra. Clem., Petr. (Arg-n., Bell., Dulc., Puls.)

Chronic urethritis accompanying s. Petr.
Dysuria (from s.). Gels.
Painful spasmodic s. of bladder. Phos-ac.
Spasmodic s. of urethra. Nux-v.
Spasmodic s. of neck of bladder. Ruta.
Strangury, s., retained urine or inflamed bladder. Apis.
Urine passes in a thin stream, as if from s. of urethra. Nitr-ac.
Urine is emitted by drops as in spasmodic s. Clem. (Coni.)

Strings.—Urine at first mixed with s. of mucus, after standing it became thick and cloudy. Seneg.

Strong.—Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very s. odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.
Frequent micturition of watery urine, of s. smell; waking patient. Kali-bi.
High-colored, turbid urine, of a s. urinous odor. Chin-s. (Benz-ac.)
Painful and difficult urination, urine being clear, and having a peculiar s., pungent, fetid odor. Calc-c.
Scanty, dark-brown urine, smelling intolerably s. (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Nitr-ac. (Absinth., Natr-c.)
Urine albuminous; of s. odor; dark brown and scanty; bright-red sediment. Osm.
Urine dark brownish-red, turbid, with s. odor. Tart-em.
Urine has s. smell. Benz-ac., Chin-s., Dros., Kali-bi.
Urine of exceedingly s. urinous odor. Benz-ac. (Nitr-ac.)
Urine has a s., offensive odor. Aspar. (Asaf., Benz-ac., Nitr-ac.)
Urine deep yellow (orange color); with s. odor (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Absinth.
Urine dark and of s. odor. Dros.
Urine yellow, flocculent, or red sediment, with s. pungent odor. Kobalt.

Stupor.—Hydrocephalus, with scanty urine; s.; sight of one eye totally lost; constant motion of one arm, and one leg. Apoc.

Sudden.—S. and irresistible desire to urinate. Ign., Phos-ac.
S. irresistible urging to urinate, passing large quantities. Merc. (Kreas.)
S. urging to urinate. Petr.
S. desire to urinate. Bar-c., Bry., Merc., Nitr-ac., Ruta. (Ambr., Ign., Phos-ac., Puls., Rhus-t., Spong., Sulph.)
Frequent and s. attacks of pain along ureters. Apis.
Frequent or s. desire to urinate, cannot retain urine which is copious. Natr-m.
Frequent and s. desire to urinate, especially at night, with copious discharge. Sulph.
Inflammation of urethra and bladder, with s. urging to urinate which if not done, causes great pain at navicular fossa. Petr.

Suffering.—Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme s. Canth.

Sugar.—S. in urine. China, Phos-ac., Sulph., Thuja.

S. in urine, with much flatulence and indigestion. Arg-n.

Diabetes; urine loaded with s. Kali-brom.

Diabetes mellitus; large quantities of s. in urine, with emaciation, thirst, restlessness and melancholia. Helon.

Urine increased, containing an abundance of s. Amyl.

Urine contains s., foams. Thuja.

Suppressed.—S. urine (in cholera). Carbo-v., Laur.

Hæmaturia (from s. hæmorrhoids or menses). Nux-v.

Urination painful or s. Erig.

Urine scanty, retained or s.; turbid, with muco-purulent deposit with red, sandy sediment. Hyos.

Urine scanty or s.; passed unconsciously. Ailanth.

Urine scanty or s. (in scarlatina). Arum.

Urine s., or passes in drops. Merc-sol.

Urine s.; involuntary; greenish. Ver-a.

Suppression.—Complete s. of urine. Tereb.

S. of urine. Acon., Apis, Ars., Aur., Bell., Eupat-purp., Merc., Merc-cor., Podo., Sec., Stram. (Bism., Camph., Canth., Cupr., Diad., Dulc., Elaps, Hep-s., Hyos., Iod., Laur., Nux-v., Opi., Osm., Plumb., Puls.)

S. or retention of urine (Stram.); paralysis of bladder. Ars.

S. of urine, with shooting pain in region of kidneys and prostration. Kali-bi.

S. of urine (in cholera). Carbo-v., Laur.

S. of stool and urine, accompanied with profuse sweat. Bell.

S. of both stool and urine. Stram.

Dropsy, with s. of urine. Dig.

Dropsy, with s. of urine; result of kidney disease. Hell.

Retention or s. of urine (Stram.), with pressure in bladder or stitches in region of kidneys; retention from cold (especially in children, with crying and restlessness). Acon.

Scantiness or entire s. of urine. Cupr.

Suppuration.—S. of kidneys. Canth.

S. of bladder and urethra. Canth.

S. or abscess of kidneys, urine loaded with pus and mucus. Sil.

Surface.—Cuticle forming on s. of urine. Alu., Calc-c., Croton-tig., Hep-s., Iod., Lyc., Paris, Phos., Psor., Sep., Sulph., Thuja.

Dark-red urine, with red sediment, and a greasy pellicle on s. Paris.

Rainbow-colored film on s. Paris.

Urine variegated, rainbow-looking cuticle on its s. Iod.

Urine thick, turbid, red deposit; cuticle floats on s. Psor.
Urine has a greasy cuticle on s. Alu., Calc-c., Hep-s., Iod., Kobalt., Lyc., Paris, Petr., Phos., Puls., Sulph.
Urine has variegated cuticle on s. Iod., Phos.

Suspended.—Function of kidneys s. Dig.

Sweat (see Perspiration).—Diuresis, with headache or profuse s. Acon.
Incontinence of urine, sometimes accompanied with profuse s., with frequent watery diarrhœa and colic. Acon.
Suppression of stool and urine, accompanied with profuse s. Bell.
Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold s. on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.
Violent pain with strangury; cries out; can only pass urine when he goes on knees, pressing head hard against floor, remaining in this position from ten to twenty minutes, when s. breaks out, and finally urine drops off with interruption, and tearing pain in end of penis, smelling strong of ammonia. Pareira. (If there is no ammoniacal smell. Berb.)—Breyfogle.

Sweetish.—Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; s., profuse at night; diabetes. Arg-m.

Swelling.—S. of urethra. Merc.
S. of orifice of urethra. Cop.
S. of interior of urethra. Led., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t.
S. in region of neck of bladder. Puls.
S. and hardness of female urethra, with burning, soreness and sensitiveness (especially if caused by instruments). Hyper.
Eruption closing urethra by s. Rhus-t.

Swollen.—Burning in urethra during micturition (Can-sat.), with s. feeling and difficulty in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.
Burning during and after micturition (Canth.); urethra feels sore, as if s. (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drop remained. Arg-n.
Inflammation of kidneys, with œdematous or s. feet. Thuja.
Meatus s. and dark red. Nitr-ac.
Pain in urethra, as if s. and ulcerated. Arg-n.
Scalding during micturition; urethra s.; stream forked. Thuja.
Sore pain in back; burning in left kidney, with drawing when stooping; dull pain in kidneys; loins stiff; right knee s. Benz-ac.

Syncope.—Difficult urination, with fainting (s.). Sars.

Syphilitic (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Enuresis at night (in scrofulous or s. children). Kali-jod.

Tape.—Desire to urinate; but sensation as if constriction by a t. prevented. Thuja.

Tardily.—Urine passes t. and without force; feels as if bladder could not be emptied thoroughly. Hep-s.

Tearing.—T. as if in fibers of urethra, in form of zigzag. **Can-sat.**

T. in urethra during micturition. Nux-v., Sulph.

T. in region of kidneys. Rhus-t.

T. in urethra. Colch., Natr-c., Ruta, Sulph.

T., pulsating pain in right kidney. Berb.

Burning, t. and biting in urethra during micturition. **Sulph.**

Desire to urinate with t. in urethra. Hyper.

During micturition contact of urine causes t. pains in urethra which are felt in whole organism. Jac-car.

Frequent urging, with spasm of the bladder, and burning, t. pain. Uva.

Painful, ineffectual urging to urinate; urine passes in drops, with t. and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.

Rending, t. in kidneys. Berb., Canth.

Sticking, digging, t., or pulsative pain in region of one or other of kidneys. Berb.,

Sticking, t. pains in region of kidneys; urine hot and often bloody. Mez.

Teeth (see vol. ii., section on Mouth).—Hæmaturia, with scorbutic affections of t. Tereb.

Teething.—Dysuria (of t. children); frequent desire; crying when urinating; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Tenacity.—Fetid urine, depositing a clay-colored sediment, which adheres to chamber with great t. Sep.

Tenderness.—T. in region of bladder, extending upward from groin. Equiset.

T. and distention over region of bladder. Sars.

Constant aching, extreme t. of kidneys, especially right. Helon.

Constant aching and t. over kidneys, which seem very active. Helon.

Pain and t. in region of bladder. Equiset.

Tenesmus.—T. from spasms of neck of bladder. Arn.

T. of bladder rouses him from sleep at night. Ant-c.

T. of bladder before and after profuse emission of white urine. Ang.

T. of bladder. Canth., Gels., Merc-cor., Nux-m., Physos., Prun-s., Tereb.

T. and stinging in neck of bladder. Puls.

T. of bladder, with white pus and mucus in urine. Sars.

T. during micturition. Colch. (Ang., Ars., Rhus-t.)

T. after micturition. Ang., Squilla.

T.; amelioration on walking in afternoon. Lith-c.

T. of bladder during and after micturition. Lith-c. (Canth.)

T. of sphincter. Uran-n.

T. of bladder, with passage of a few drops of blood-red urine. Rhus-t.
T. of neck of bladder, with ineffectual urging. Arn.
T. of bladder, with burning and urging. Senecio.
T. of bladder (in old people). Populus.
T. of bladder, with involuntary dropping of urine. Arn.
T., with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.
Burning and t. of neck of bladder. Acon.
Cystitis; t., with frequent urging; urine scanty, dark. Squilla.
Desire to urinate; urine only reaches glans, and causes pains and spasms and t. of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.
Frequent desire to urinate, which is scanty, with t. of bladder after. Mur-ac.
Fetid mucus in urine, with t. and frequent inclination to urinate. Chim.
Gonorrhœa with t. and strangury. Tereb.
Inflammation of bladder with t. Rhus-t.
Inflammation of urethra and bladder (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, t., and ropy mucus. Cub.
Inflammation of bladder, with vesical t., and scanty urine. Apis.
Quick, strong t., with sensitive pain in middle of urethra. Lith-c.
Soreness at neck of bladder from t. Arn.
Scanty discharge of dark, turbid urine, with t., and burning. Colch. (Canth., Merc-cor.)
Strangury with t. of bladder. Caps. (Canth., Merc-cor.)
Violent inflammation of bladder, with extreme t. and burning. Merc-cor.
Violent t. of bladder. Am-c.
Violent pains in bladder, with frequent urging; intolerable t. Canth.
T. Alu. (Acon., Arn., Calc-c., Canth., Caps., Colch., Lach., Merc., Mur-ac., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Ol-an., Plumb., Prun-s.. Puls., Rhus-t., Sabad., Sars., Sil., Viola-tr.)

Tension.—T. of urethra. Phos.
T. of bladder. Tart-em.
T. and heat in region of kidneys. Natr-m.

Tensive.—Urethra feels inflamed and sore to touch along its whole length; erection causes t. pain. Can-sat.

Terminated.—Headache t. with profuse flow of colorless, watery urine. Ign. (Gels., Mel., Sang., Sil.)

Testicle (see section on Male Sexual Organs).—Violent pains in bladder, often in back; left t. drawn up; pain in thighs (in hip, Berb.) shooting down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Testicles.—Pains often extend to spermatic cords and t., drawing them up. Canth.

Retention of urine, with retraction of t., and priapism. Coloc.

Thick.—T. pus from urethra. Clem.

T., fetid, viscid, jelly-like urine. Coloc.

T., purulent urine, with odor like musk. Ocimum-canum.

T., black blood from bladder, looking like prune juice (in disease of kidneys). Sec.

Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urging contains much viscid, t., white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.

Catarrh of bladder, with t., ropy sediment of mucns in urine. Hydr.

Discharge of t., milky mucus. Can-sat., Caps., Ferr., Nux-v.

Frequent, profuse micturition, depositing a t. white cloud. Phos-ac.

Frequent, copious, turbid, t., yellowish, fetid urine. Daph.

Urine t. Coni. (Camph., Carbo-v., Daph., Dulc., Elaps., Nux-v., Pareira, Plumb., Psor., Sabad., Sulph-ac.)

Urine becoming t. Berb., Coloc., Meph., Seneg.

Urine deposits a t., reddish or mahogany-colored sediment, with floating, jelly-like flocks. Laur.

Urine pale, afterwards t., whitish, purulent; reddish, with brick-dust sediment. Nux-v.

Urine t., turbid, red deposit; cuticle floats on surface. Psor.

Urine frothy; sediment t., grayish white, or yellow. Spong.

Urine deposits a t., muddy, light-yellow sediment, looks like wine, with odor of violets. Tereb.

Urine at first mixed with strings of mucus, after standing it became t. and cloudy. Seneg.

Urine becomes turbid and cloudy, or deposits a t., yellowish-red sediment with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.

Urine with t., yellowish deposit. Uran-n.

Urine scanty, t., muddy, with œdema of feet. Lycop-v.

Urine t. as oil. Stram.

Urine t., slimy and very offensive. Sep.

Urine dark, t., muddy and turbid. Sabad.

Urine frothy, t. and milky. Still.

Urine t. and ropy, of brick color; copious bloody sediment; fever. Chim.

Urine turbid, gets t. when standing, sediment yellow. Cham.

Urine brown, with t., rusty-looking sediment. Cimex.

Urine becomes turbid and t. on standing, and deposits a white sediment. Hep-s.

Urine dark, t., ammoniacal. Iod.

Urine t., white, and turbid, with gray or white sediment. Coni.

Urine t. and dark when passing. Merc-bij.

Thickening.—T. of bladder. Dulc.

Thighs.—After urinating, spasmodic pain in neck of bladder, extending to t. Puls.

Ineffectual urging, with painful pressure in loins, groins and t. Carbo-an.

Pain in t. during micturition. Berb.

Violent pains in bladder, often in back; left testicle drawn up; pain in t. (in hip, Berb.), shooting down to toes and soles of feet. Pareira.

Thin.—T. stream, as if urethra were contracted. Graph.

Discharge of a t., gelatinous fluid after micturition. Natr-m.

Frequent urging to urinate, with scanty t. stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.

Micturition slow and in t. stream (Puls.), as if urethra were constricted. Clem.

Region of bladder sore to touch; urine passes in a t. stream, or in drops, containing blood and pus. Merc.

Urine passes in a t. stream, as if from stricture of urethra. Nitr-ac.

Urine passes in a t., feeble stream, or in drops. Sars.

Urine in a t. stream. Zinc. (Agar., Camph., Canth., China, Clem., Graph., Gymnoc., Hell., Merc., Ol-an., Petr., Prun-s., Puls., Samb., Sars., Spong., Staph., Sulph.)

Urine passes in t., divided stream. Canth. (Can-sat.)

Urethra contracted, with micturition in small, t. stream. Canth.

Thinking.—T. of urinating causes necessity to urinate. Ox-ac.

Thinner.—Stream intermits, or is t. than usual. Sulph.

Thirst.—Desire to urinate with t. Phos-ac.

Diabetes mellitus; large quantities of sugar in urine, with emaciation, t., restlessness and melancholia. Helon.

Enuresis with t. Acon.

Frequent micturition with great t.; drinks all time. Petr.

Frequent micturition, with ravenous t. and hunger. Ver-a.

Flow of urine with t. Bell., Cast., Ver-a.

Involuntary discharge of urine with t. Acon.

Increased flow of urine, with unquenchable t. Kali-jod.

Polyuria, with t. for large quantities of water. Natr-m.

Thought.—Cystitis; acute inflammation, with agony at t. of urinating. Acon.

Thrill.—Burning before, during and after micturition, sending a t. to cheeks and hands. Can-ind.

Throbbing (see Pulsation).—T. in kidneys. Canth.

T. pain in region of neck of bladder, during straining to urinate. Dig.

Tickling.—T. in navicular fossa. Petros.

Constant desire to urinate, with t. sensation in meatus. Brom.

Itching and t. in urethra after micturition. Arg-n.

Urging to urinate, with t. in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with pain in liver, chest and kidneys. Ferr.

Time.—Bladder weak; has to wait a long t. for urine to pass; has to press so that anus protrudes. Mur-ac.

Constant pressure upon bladder; wants to urinate all t., voids but little. Lil-tig.

Frequent micturition, quantity growing less each t., while desire increases. Equiset.

Frequent urging at night, with copious flow each t. Cact.

Frequent and violent desire with much urine each t. Ant-c.

Stitches in neck of bladder and anus at same t. Lyc.

Urging, but only a small quantity passed each t. Equiset.

Tingling.—T. of urethra. Petros.

T., creeping or crawling through urethra. Petr.

T. in urethra, lasting some time after urinating. Clem.

Titillating.—T. pain in urethra. Berb.

Toes (see section on Extremities).—Violent pains in bladder, often in back; left testicle drawn up; pain in thighs (in hip, Berb.), shooting down to t. and soles of feet. Pareira.

Torn.—Sticking in kidneys and pain, as if t. Mez.

Torpid.—First effect, copious diuresis; secondary effect, exceedingly scanty urine, kidneys t., resulting in renal dropsy. Apoc.

Touch.—Acute pain about the kidneys, extending from ureters to the bladder; worse from slightest t. or motion, even deep inspiration. Arg-n.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest t., alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Region of bladder sore to t.; urine passes in a thin stream, or in drops, containing blood and pus. Merc.

Region of bladder painful to t. Puls.

Sore pain on t., or when urinating. Mez.

Soreness in urethra, worse from t. Prun-s.

Urethra painful to t. or pressure; discharge cream-like. Caps.

Urethra feels inflamed and sore to t. along its whole length; erection causes tensive pain. Can-sat.

Touched.—Soreness of bladder when t. Canth., Puls.

Tough.—Urine oily or greasy on standing, containing t., jelly-like, white or red mucus mixed with blood. Dulc.

Trace.—Burning sensation about kidneys; can t. outline by burning. Helon.

Translucent.—Light flesh-colored urine, depositing a light-brown, flocky, t. sediment, with hard, solid, reddish crystals, adhering to vessel and are not easily removed by water. Coloc.

Transparent.—Urine pale yellow, with a slight t., gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Trembling.—Dragging pain in bladder, with spasmodic t. pains in inguinal region. Chelid.

Tremor.—Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive t. of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Tubules.—Urine contains uriniferous t. and epithelium. Apis.

Tumor.—Small t. in urethra. Lach.

Turbid.—T. urine with brick-dust sediment. Ipec.

T., slimy urine, with violent contraction of urethra, and pain in region of bladder. Ind.

T., milky urine, with an offensive purulent sediment (in cystitis). Lyc.

T. sediment. Coni., Croton-tig., Rhus-t., Zinc.

T. or yellow urine, with white albuminous deposit. Ocimum-canum.

T. urine, like buttermilk. Aur.

Constriction about bladder before passing t. urine. Chelid.

Frequent and copious urination; urine as clear as water (Phos-ac.); but soon becomes t. and cloudy. Cocc-c.

Frequent, copious, t., thick, yellowish, fetid urine. Daph.

Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine t.; sweetish, profuse at night; diabetes. Arg-n.

High-colored, t. urine, of a strong urinous odor. Chin-s. (Benz-ac.)

Inflammation of kidneys, ureters, bladder and urethra, with scanty, t., dark urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.

Offensive, t. urine, containing ropy or bloody mucus and depositing much sediment. Chim.

Red, t. urine, with burning and pressure in urethra. Agn.

Scanty discharge of dark, t. urine, with tenesmus and burning. Colch. (Canth., Merc-cor.)

Scanty brown urine, becoming t., like loam water, on standing. Sulph-ac.

Urine clear at first, becomes t. on standing. Bell.

Urine becomes t. (Chelid.), with reddish sediment. Bell. (Kreas., Sep.)

Urine t., with red sediment. Ipec.

Urine much diminished; bloody, t. and of peculiar odor. Hyper.

Urine scanty, retained or suppressed; t., with muco-purulent deposit with red, sandy sediment. Hyos.

Urine milky; t. Hep-s.

Urine scanty and reddish, and becomes t. on standing. Grat.

Urine becomes t. and deposits a white or reddish sediment. Graph. (Berb.)
Urine becomes t. and thick on standing, and deposits a white sediment. Hep-s.
Urine t., clay-colored soon after passing. Cham.
Urine red and t. Chelid.
Urine becomes t. immediately. Cina. (Chelid.)
Urine lemon yellow, t. Chelid.
Urine t., with white sediment; pale, becoming cloudy or depositing a dingy, yellow, loose sediment. China.
Urine dark, t., scanty; brick-dust sediment (of phosphates). China. (Arn., Natr-m., Nuph., Phos.)
Urine t., gets thick when standing, sediment yellow. Cham.
Urine profuse, t., milky, frothy, with flakes of mucus. Clem.
Urine foaming, greenish, t. Copaiba.
Urine scanty, dark, t. Dig.
Urine like brown beer (Bry.), becoming t. when cold (Cina); depositing copious sediment. Coloc.
Urine acid; straw colored; after standing t. and a reddish sediment adheres to vessel. Cupr.
Urine t. and loam colored. Zinc.
Urine dark, thick, muddy and t. Sabad.
Urine straw colored; t.; containing white flocky sediment or reddish sediment. Aspar.
Urine white, t. Bry., Can-sat., China, Coni., Cycl., Dulc., Psor., Rhus-t.
Urine t. while being emitted, depositing brown sediment, urine being clear, and yellow. Ambr. (Ars.)
Urine t., with deposit of mucus. Lith-c.
Urine thick, white, and t., with gray or white sediment. Coni.
Urine becomes t. and offensive, with white sediment. Sep.
Urine becomes t. and cloudy, or deposits a thick, yellowish-red sediment with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.
Urine t.; reddish; offensive; excoriating. Sulph.
Urine t., with dirty-yellow sediment. Nux-v.
Urine t., clay colored, with reddish sediment; adhering to vessel; very offensive. Sep.
Urine frequent, scanty, becoming t. and cloudy. Rat.
Urine thick, t., red deposit; cuticle floats on surface. Psor.
Urine red, fiery, t., containing long flakes. Sars.
Urine hot, white, muddy, or pale, with white sediment; or dark, becoming t. Rhus-t.
Urine dark, brownish red, t., with strong odor. Tart-em.
Urine t., with sediment of red or yellow sand. Sil
Urine t. resembling remains in a cider barrel. Nitr-ac.
Urine t. with brick-dust sediment. Lyc.

Urine t. and white. Dulc.
Urine scanty, fetid, t. Dulc.
Urine dark red, t.; deposits a sediment. Merc.
Urine dark and scanty; t., depositing a red sediment. Plumb.
Urine t., brown, with red, sandy sediment. Phos.
Urine t. and bloody; offensive; it deposits a red, slimy sand, which adheres to vessel. Petr. (Sep.)
Urine dark and t.; sediment like brick dust. Natr-m.
Urine pale yellow, with a slight, transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a t., flocculent, clay-like mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)
Urine t., and deposits a whitish sediment adhering to vessel. Brom.
Urine dark brown and t. during micturition. Ambr.
Urine scanty and t. Canth.
Urine white and t., or red and t. Can-sat.
Urine scanty, brownish and t. Carduus.
Urine reddish, t., as if mixed with blood. Carbo-v.
Urine dark brown (Bry.), t. and cloudy on standing. Caust.
Urine yellowish-green, t., of musty odor. Camph.
Urine t. after standing. Apis.
Urine t. when passed, deposits a dirty sediment; when shaken, looks clay colored. Anac.
Urine t., like yeast, with reddish sediment. Bell.
Urine t. Ambr., Bell., Can-sat., Cina, Coni., Merc., Sabad. (Alu., Anac., Ars., Aur., Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Camph., Canth., Carbo-v., Cham., China, Chin-s., Clem., Cop., Croton-tig., Cupr., Cycl., Daph., Dig., Dulc., Hep-s., Ign., Ind., Iod., Ipec., Kali-bi., Kali-c., Kali-chl., Kreas., Lach., Lith-c., Mez., Natr-c., Phos., Phos-ac., Plumb., Psor., Puls., Raph., Rhus-t., Sars., Sep., Sulph., Tart-em., Ver-a., Viola-tr., Zing.)
Urine becoming t. Bry., Cham. (Acet-ac., Ang., Aur., Caust., Chin-s., Cina, Cocc-c., Dulc., Ferr-mag., Graph., Grat., Lach., Lyc., Meph., Merc., Ol-an., Phos-ac., Plat., Rat., Rhus-t., Sang., Seneg., Sulph-ac., Valer., Zinc.)
Violent pain in direction of ureters, before passing t. urine. Chelid.
Whitish, t. sediment in urine. Coni., Rhus-t.
White, red, or t. sediment in urine. Valer.
White, t. urine, as if chalk had been stirred in it. Alu.
Yellow, t. urine. Raph.
Yellow, orange-colored urine, soon becoming t. Ang.

Turning.—Sensation of t. and twisting in bladder, as from a large worm. Bell.
Feeling as if a ball were rolling in bladder or abdomen when t. Lach.

Twisting.—Sensation of turning and t. in bladder, as from a large worm. Bell.

Twitching.—T. in urethra. Alu., Can-sat., Canth, Kali-chl., Natr c., Nux-v., Phos.
Jerking, t. and burning in urethra, with frequent desire to urinate. Phos.
Typhus.—Retention of urine (after t.). Zing.

Ulcerated.—Pain in urethra, as if swollen and u. Arg-n.
Ulceration.—Chronic u. of kidneys and bladder. Hep-s.
Inflammation and u. of bladder. Hydr.
Pain in urethra, as from u. Rhod.
Ulcerative.—U. pain in middle of urethra, as from a splinter. Arg-n.
U. pain between acts of micturition. Arg-n. (Prun-s.)
Ulcers.—U. in urethra; bloody, mucous or purulent discharge. Nitr-ac.
U. in bladder. Merc-bij. (Ran-b.)
Umbilical.—Difficult and scanty urination, with frequent urging, and sometimes pinching around u. Acon.
Unable.—U. to evacuate all urine in bladder at once. Clem.
U. to retain urine on account of large quantity, would have passed involuntarily if had not hurried. Squilla.
Pain in bladder, with feeling of fullness and desire, but u. to urinate. Opi.
Unbearable.—U. pain after micturition (in women). Sars.
Unconsciously.—Urine passes u. and uninterruptedly. Arg-n. (Caust.)
Uncomfortable.—Dark, cloudy sediment in urine in large quantities, with u. feeling in head. Agar.
Uneasiness.—U. down urethra. Phyt.
U. and pressure in bladder. Naja.
U. in urethra and penis, with burning and frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.
Pain and u. always on commencing to urinate. Acon.
Soreness and pain in bladder; deep aching; u.; catarrh. Eupat-purp.
Uninterrupted.—Urine passes unconsciously and u. Arg-n. (Caust.)
Unsuccessful.—U. urging to urinate. Camph., Sec.
Burning in back part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with u. effort to void it. Kali-bi.
Frequent, u. desire to urinate. Caps.
Up.—Sensation of fullness in bladder after micturition, with feeling on every step as if it moved u. and down. Ruta.
Upper.—Sensation as if drop remained in u. part of urethra. Kali-bi.
Upward.—Tenderness in region of bladder, extending u. from groin. Equiset.
Uræmia.—U. (at commencement of scarlatina). Ars.
U. with vomiting and colic, with great anguish (especially in drunkards). Ars.
Hæmaturia (Phos.); albuminuria; u. Ars.
Puerperal convulsions from u. Apoc.

Urate of Ammonia.—Irritability of bladder, with muco-purulent discharges and sediment of u. Benz-ac.

Snow-white sediment (u.) in urine. Rhus-t.

Urine scanty; loaded with phosphates and u. (in renal dropsy). Aspar.

Urates.—Lithiasis; increase of uric acid and u.; urine voided with much difficulty, as if sphincters were paralyzed. Sep.

Ureter.—Spasmodic, crampy straining along u. during passage of calculus. Bell.

Ureters.—Acute pain about kidneys, extending down u. to bladder; worse from slightest touch or motion, even deep inspiration. Arg-n.

Catarrh of u. and urethra (after scarlatina), with albuminuria and general anasarca. Apis.

Cutting and contracting pains from u. down to penis; pressing on glans relieves a little. Canth.

Cutting and contractive pains from u. down toward penis; at times pains pass from without inwards; pressure on glans somewhat relieves pain. Canth.

Dragging towards u. like labor pains, with frequent urging to urinate. Cham.

Frequent and sudden attacks of pain along u. Apis.

Inflammation from passage of calculi, with piercing pains in kidneys and along u. Arn.

Inflammation of kidneys, u., bladder and urethra, with scanty, turbid, dark urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.

Pain in kidneys extending into abdomen, axilla, and along u. into bladder. Canth.

Sticking, pressing pains in kidneys, extending along u. to loins and bladder. Berb.

Stitches from kidneys through u. Lach.

Uneasiness down u. Phyt.

Violent pain in direction of u., before passing turbid urine. Chelid.

Urethra.—U. painfully sore to pressure. Natr-m.

U. feels inflamed and sore to touch along its whole length; erection causes tensive pain. Can-sat.

U. contracted, with micturition in small, thin stream. Canth.

U. painful to touch or pressure; discharge cream-like. Caps.

U. feels as if glued up. Bov.

After micturition, sensation as if a few drops were running through u. Thuja.

A white, glairy mucus may be squeezed from u. Can-ind.

Agglutination of orifice of u. by mucus. Petros.

Burning during and after micturition (Canth.); u. feels sore, as if swollen (Can-sat.), with feeling as if last drops remained. Arg-n.

Burning, cutting pain in female u. during and after urination. Berb.

Burning in u. during micturition (Can-sat.), with swollen feeling and difficulty in passing last part of urine. Arg-n.
Burning in u. during micturition. Ars., Bapt., Cham., Clem., Hep-s., Sabad. (Canth.)
Burning in u. after micturition. Uran-n.
Burning in u. during and after micturition. Grat., Kali-c., Staph., Tart-em.
Burning in bladder and u. during micturition. Tereb.
Burning, tearing and biting in u. during micturition. Sulph.
Burning in u. at every effort, bending him double. Prun-s.
Burning, smarting and stinging in u., as if scalded. Apis.
Burning pain in u. when urinating. Cocc-c. (Can-sat., Canth., Staph.)
Burning and stinging in u. Paris.
Burning in u., as from acid. Ox-ac.
Burning pain in fore part of u. during micturition. Ars., Calc-c., Caps., Carbo-v., Merc., Natr-c., Nux-v., Seneg., Sulph.
Burning pain in glandular portion of u. during micturition, and for a long time after. Kali-bi.
Burning in u. before micturition. Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Chelid., Cop.,, Dig., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Rhod., Seneg., Zinc.
Burning in u. Ant-c., Calc-c., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Staph.
Burning pain in u. Petr.
Burning and cutting in u. during micturition. Nux-m.
Burning in u., with great nervous excitability. Mosch.
Burning and stitches in u. during micturition. Natr-c.
Burning and biting in forepart of u., at close of micturition during stool. Mez.
Burning and cutting during micturition; straining in u. after. Mur-ac.
Burning in whole length of u. after urinating. Iris.
Burning and stinging in u. Apis.
Burning in u. after urination. Led.
Burning and smarting in u. after micturition. Lil-tig.
Burning during micturition (in female u.). Lyc.
Burning in u. during scanty micturition. Kali-n.
Burning in back part of u. after micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to void it. Kali-bi.
Burning in glands of u. during and after urination. Kali-bi.
Burning, smarting, or soreness in u. during micturition. Ign.
Burning in u. during urination. Calc-c.
Burning in u., with frequent micturition. Copaiba.
Burning soreness in u. while urinating. Carbo-an. (Can-sat.)
Burning throughout u. at commencement and end of urinating. Can-sat.
Burning and smarting in u., from meatus backward; stitches posteriorly during micturition. Can-sat.

Burning and scalding, or stinging pain in u. before, during and after urination. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)

Biting pain in u. during micturition. Canth., Carbo-v., Clem., Ign., Lyc., Magn-c., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.

Biting, burning pain in u. during micturition. Can-sat., Caust., Colch., Kali-c., Natr-c., Natr-s., Nux-v., Ol-an., Paris, Sabad., Sars., Staph., Thuja.

Biting in u. Prun-s., Teucr., Thuja.

Biting and itching in u. before micturition. **Cop.**

Blood from u. when not urinating. **Bry.**

Bleeding of u. Arg-n.

Cutting and burning in u., worse after urinating. **Berb.** (While urinating. Canth.)

Cutting from u. to anus when passing last drop of urine. **Arg-n.** (Thuja.)

Cutting and burning in u. Aspar.

Cutting in u. at end of and after micturition. Sulph.

Cutting and burning in u. after urination. Natr-m. (Canth.)

Cutting in u. while urinating. Ant-c.

Cutting in middle of u. Mang.

Cutting pain in u. Calc-ph. (Berb., Canth., Caps., Chelid., Colch., Coni., Dig., Ipec., Lach., Lyc., Merc., Sep., Zinc.)

Cutting in u. before micturition. Bry., Canth., Dig.

Cutting pain in u. during micturition. Coni. (Ant-c., Bry., Canth., Graph., Guaj., Hell., Iris, Merc., Nux-m., Phos., Sars., Sulph., Thuja.)

Cutting in u. during micturition. Guaj.

Catarrh of ureters and u. (after scarlatina), with albuminuria and general anasarca. Apis.

Catarrhal ischuria (in children, caused by wading in water), with discharge of mucus from u. Dulc.

Contracting pain in u. during micturition. **Bry., Dig., Ind.**

Contraction of u. Petr.

Constant desire to urinate, caused by irritation of u. **Cact.**

Coagulated mucus clogs up u. Sep.

Crawling in u. Petros.

Discharge of milky fluid from u. Petros.

Discharge of bloody pus and mucus from u. **Nitr-ac.**

Discharge of mucus from u. during and after urination. **Natr-m** (Merc-cor.)

Discharge of pus from u., with itching and redness at meatus. Led.

Discharge of blood from u. Canth., Caps., Euphorb., Lyc., Puls., Sec. (Am-c., Ant-c., Arg-n., Arn., Ars., Cact., Calc-c., Camph., Can-sat., Caust., China, Coni., Hep-s., Ipec., Merc., Mez., Millef., Murex, Nux-v., Phos., Plumb., Sep., Squilla, Sulph., Tart-em., Tereb., Zinc.

Discharge of blood from u., with dyspnœa. Coni.
Discharge of blood from u., with constipation. Lyc.
Discharge of blood from u., with burning. Ambr., China, Graph., Kali-c., Puls., Seneg.
Discharge of blood from u., with paralysis of legs. Lyc.
During micturition, cutting pain in middle of u. between acts. Magn-s.
During micturition, contact of urine causes tearing pains in u. which are felt in whole organism. Jac-car.
During night some drops of urine escapes from u., coloring shirt red. Lachn.
During micturition heat and burning in u. Kali-bi.
During urination, stitches in bladder, smarting, burning in u. Natr-m.
During motion some drops of urine pass out of u. without sensation. Bry.
Drawing from perinæum to u. Kali-bi.
Drawing in u. Petros. (Puls., Zinc.)
Dysuria, with passage of only a few drops of bloody urine, which causes most severe burning, cutting pain along u. Canth.
Dribbling from u. after urinating. Thuja.
Dull aching pain in region of kidneys, or violent burning, cutting pains from kidney to u. Canth.
Dilation of orifice of u. Cop.
Desire to urinate, with tearing in u. Hypr.
Excessive burning in u. during micturition. Equiset.
Eruption closing u. by swelling. Rhus-t.
Frequent urination, with much mucus, intense burning in u., and backache while urinating. Ant-c.
Frequent micturition during day, with smarting in u. Lil-tig.
Frequent urination, with burning like pepper in u. Caps.
Frequent micturition, with burning in u., and red urine. Al-cep.
Feeling as if molten or hot lead were dribbling through u. Canth.
Griping in bladder and u. Lyc.
Great soreness in u. during micturition. Hep-s.
Hard node in u. Bov.
Hæmaturia, with nausea and cutting pains in abdomen and u. (from suppression of itch). Ipec.
Hæmaturia, with burning in u.; with cold rigors along spine. Caps.
Hæmaturia, with burning distress in u. Acon. (Canth.)
Hæmorrhage from u. Crotal.
Inflammation, with pain in u. (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to urinate; feeling as if u. was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops. Clem.

Inflammation of kidneys, ureters, bladder and u., with scanty, turbid, dark urine, having epithelial sediment. Tereb.

Inflammation of u. and bladder, with sudden urging to urinate, which if not done, causes great pain at navicular fossa. Petr.

Inflammation of u. Canth., Cop., Cub. (Arg-n., Bov., Can-sat., Hep-s., Sabin., Sulph., Tabac.)

Inflammation of bladder and u. (in women), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.

Inflammation of bladder and u., burning or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Intense smarting and burning in bladder and u., when urinating. Eupat-purp.

Intensely painful drawing in u. Zinc.

Intolerable burning in u. during and after urination. **Fluor-ac.** (Canth.)

Insensibility of u. Magn-s.

Immediately after urinating, burning in u., in morning. **Coni.**

Irritation of u., with urging. Ham.

Irritation of u. Helon.

Irritation of u. and neck of bladder (in old women). Copaiba.

Irritation of bladder, and inflammation of whole u., with violent urging to urinate. Jatr.

Irritability of bladder and u. (in newly-married girls, brought on by sexual excess). Staph.

Itching pain in u. during micturition. Lyc., Nux-v.

Itching in u. after micturition. Clem., Cop., Lyc., Nux-v.

Itching in u. during micturition. Lyc.

Itching in u. Sulph. (Alu., Ambr., Anac., Arn., Berb., Bov., Canth., Caust., Cocc-c., Cop., Ign., Ind., Kali-chl., Laur., Lyc., Merc-cor., Mez., Natr-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Sep., Tabac., Thuja, Zinc.)

Itching in u. before micturition. Cop., Nux-v.

Itching in u., with desire to urinate. Coloc.

Itching in u. and fossa navicularis. Petros.

Itching, bitting and burning in u., before and after micturition. Copaiba.

Itching in anterior portion of u. Laur.

Itching and tickling in u. after micturition. Arg-n.

Jerking, twitching and burning in u., with frequent desire to urinate. Phos.

Jerking in u. Natr-c. (Phos.)

Jerking and cutting in u. after urinating. Lyc.

Jerking stitches in posterior part of u. when standing. Can-sat.

Lancinating pain in u. Asclep-tub.

Lacerating as if in fibres of u. Can-sat.

Lacerating and drawing in u. after urination, early in morning. Carbo-v.

Large stream, as if u. were very large. Phos-ac.
Long-lasting contraction and constriction of u. Clem.
Mucus from u. Hep-s., Kali-jod., Merc., Mez., Sulph. (Agar., Agn., Ant-c., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Coni., Dulc., Elaps, Ferr., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Petr., Rhod., Sabin., Sars., Thuja.)
Micturition slow and in thin stream (Puls.), as if u. were constricted. Clem.
Numbness in u. Magn-m.
Neuralgia of u. or seminal cord. Clem.
Pain in u. as if swollen and ulcerated. Arg-n.
Pain in u. excited or aggravated by movement. Berb.
Pains in u. so severe as to cause perspiration to start. **Still.**
Pain in u. as in beginning of gonorrhœa. Sulph.
Pain about middle of u., with frequent desire to urinate. **Rhod.**
Pain in u. as from ulceration. Rhod.
Pain in bladder and u. Can-ind.
Pain in u. during passage of urine as if raw. Colch.
Pain in u. during micturition. Berb., Colch., Diad., Zinc.
Pain in u. during micturition, and itching stitch in external portion between acts. Euphorb.
Painful, ineffectual urging to urinate; urine passes in drops, with tearing and burning in u. and neck of bladder. Nux-v.
Painful drawing from perinæum into u. Kali-bi.
Painful pressure about bladder and u., discharge of a few drops of urine, with mucus sediment. Dulc.
Painless discharge of blood from u. Lyc.
Pulsation in u. Canth., Merc.
Pressing pain in u. relieved by pressing on glans. **Canth.**
Pressing pain in u. Colch., Petros., Puls., Teucr.
Pinching in u. and bladder. Lyc.
Purulent discharge from u. Canth. (Can-sat., Caps., **Clem.**, **Coni.**, Ipec., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sabad., Sabin, Sars.)
Persistent, violent urging to urinate, with burning sensation in u. Canth.
Quick, strong tenesmus, with sensitive pain in middle of u. Lith-c.
Red, turbid urine, with burning and pressure in u. Agn.
Redness of orifice of u. Hep-s. (Gels., Sulph.)
Rasping pain in u. during micturition. Carbo-v., Lyc., Magn-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep.
Scalding during micturion; u. swollen; stream forked. Thuja.
Small tumor in u. Lach.
Slight soreness in u. Ferr.
Stricture of u. Clem., Petr. (Arg-n., Bell., Dulc., Puls.)
Swelling of u. Cop., Merc.
Swelling and hardness of female u., with burning, soreness and sensitiveness (especially if caused by instruments). Hyper.

Swelling of interior of u. Led., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t.
Sharp, cutting pain in u. Equiset.
Stream interrupted from spasm of neck of bladder; cutting in u. Opi.
Sticking, cutting pains, or soreness, in anterior part of u. Lach.
Sticking in anterior portion of u. Paris.
Stinging stitches in u. during micturition. Can-sat., Clem., Cupr., Cycl., Graph., Iris, Merc-cor., Seneg., Sulph., Thuja.
Stinging in u. Sulph. (Apis, Arg-m., Arg-n., Berb., Bry., Calc-c., Can-sat., Caps., China, Cocc., Coni., Cupr., Hep-s., Ign., Lach., Lyc., Mang., Merc., Merc-cor., Natr-m., Nux-v., Pallad., Paris, Petr., Sep., Squilla, Tart-em., Thuja, Tilia, Viola-tr.)
Stinging, itching, burning in u. Bov.
Stitch in u., extending to bladder. Berb.
Stitches and smarting in u. during micturition. **Graph.**
Stitches and itching in u. Cocc-c.
Stitches in u. Clem., Jatr., Viola-tr.
Stitches in meatus and forepart of u. when not urinating. Caps. (Can-sat.)
Stitches in female u. Calc-c.
Stitches along u. when not urinating. Can-sat. **(Caps.)**
Stitches in u. after micturition. Kali-bi.
Stitches in lower portion of u. Arg-n. (Nitr-ac.)
Stitches and shooting pains in u. Sulph.
Stitches in bladder and u. Tart-em.
Sensation as if drop remained in upper part of u. **Kali-bi.**
Sensation of narrowness of u. Bry., Dig., Graph.
Sensation of soreness in u. Berb., Caps., Clem., Cop., **Lach., Mez.,** Prun-s., Teucr.
Sensation of contraction in u. Carbo-v., Clem., Cop., **Dig.**
Sensation as if a few drops passed through u. **Ambr.**
Sensation of weakness or warmth in bladder and u. **Al-cep.**
Sensation in u. near meatus as if a biting drop were forcing its way out. Selen.
Smarting pain in u. during micturition. Can-sat., **Kobalt., Merc-cor.,** Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Phos., Sep., Sil., Thuja.
Smarting in u. Berb., Borax, Natr-c., Phos., Sep., **Teucr.**
Smarting and burning in u. during and after urination. **Nitr-ac.**
Smarting stitches in u. during micturition. Merc-sol.
Smarting in u. during and after micturition. Ptel.
Smarting or burning in u. during micturition. Sep.
Smarting in u. after urinating. Borax.
Smarting, itching and painful irritation through u. from meatus to neck of bladder. Chim.
Subacute or chronic inflammation of u. Kali-bi.
Spasm of bladder and u. Canth.

Spasms of u. with rectal fissure. Nitr-ac.
Spasms of u. and incontinence of urine. Bell. (Atropia 2x.)
Spasms of bladder during and after u. Asaf.
Spasmodic stricture of u. Nux-v.
Sore pain in u. during micturition. Bov., Carbo-an., Cinnab., Daph., Nux-v.
Soreness in u., worse from touch. Prun-s.
Scraping and lacerating pain in middle of u. Ign.
Suppuration of bladder and u. Canth.
Tenesmus, with constant urging and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along u., especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.
Thin stream, as if u. were contracted. Graph.
Turbid, slimy urine, with violent contraction of u. and pain in region of bladder. Ind.
Tearing in u. during micturition. Nux-v., Sulph.
Tearing in u. Colch., Nat-c., Ruta, Sulph.
Tearing, as if in fibers of u., in form of zigzag. Can-sat.
Tingling in u., lasting some time after urinating. Clem.
Tingling of u. Petros.
Tingling, creeping or crawling through u. Petr.
Titillating pain in u. Berb.
Thick pus from u. Clem.
Tension of u. Phos.
Twitching in u. Alu., Can-sat., Canth., Kali-chl., Natr-c., Nux-v., Phos.
Ulcerative pain in middle of u., as from a splinter. Arg-n.
Ulcers in u.; bloody, mucous or purulent discharge. Nitr-ac.
Uneasiness in u. and penis, with burning and frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.
Urging to urinate, with tickling in u. extending to neck of bladder; with pain in liver, chest and kidneys. Ferr.
Urine copious, with irritation of bladder and u. Populus.
Urine passes in a thin stream, as if from stricture of u. Nitr-ac.
Urine red, with much urging and burning in u. Al-cep.
Urine pale yellow, burning in u. after micturition. Magn-m.
Violent, sticking, cutting pain from kidneys into bladder and u. Berb. (Cocc-c.)
Violent, sharp, smarting, burning pains through u.; worse on micturition. Still.
Violent, burning, cutting pains in u., before, during and after micturition. Canth. (Can-sat., Tart-em.)
Violent, burning, cutting pains in neck of bladder, extending to navicular fossa of u. Canth.

Viscid, glutinous mucus from u. Agar.

Want of proper feeling in bladder and u.; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing, and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Yellow discharge from u. Petros. (Hydr., Puls.)

Urethral.—U. inflammation. Acon., Canth., Can-sat., Elat.

Urethritis.—U.; micturition painful, scalding (especially during pregnancy). Populus.

U., with burning, biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Chronic u., accompanying stricture. Petr.

Nephritis; cystitis; u.; strangury. Tereb. (If there is no blood in urine this remedy will fail.)

Urgency.—Passage of urine while there is only u. for stool. Aloe.

Urgent.—U. desire to urinate, with itching in female meatus during micturition. Petr.

Dull pain in region of right kidney, with u. desire to urinate. Equiset.

Retention of urine, with frequent and u. desire; occasionally a few drops or small quanty may dribble away. Caust. (Acon.)

Urging.—U. to urinate; urine passes freely and easily. Arg-n.

U., yet only a few drops pass, until next stool, when it flows freely. Am-m.

U. to urinate; urine scanty; last drops bloody, with violent pains in bladder. Tart-em.

U. to urinate, especially in evening. Sabad.

U. at night, with scanty discharge. Nitr-ac.

U. to urinate, must wait long before it will pass. **Lyc.**

U. with much straining. Can-ind.

U., but has to wait long and urine flows slowly. **Kali-c.**

U. after micturition. Can-ind.

U. with necessity to wait long, then scanty urine, then renewed u. Caust.

U. to urinate but cannot pass a drop. Can-ind.

U., but only a small quantity passed each time. **Equiset.**

U., worse when standing, and still more when walking; better when sitting. Canth.

U. to urinate, waking constantly at night. Chim.

U. to urinate with scanty discharge. Graph.

U., with dribbling after micturition. Graph.

U. to urinate, with tickling in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with pain in liver, chest and kidneys. Ferr.

After urinating, u., as if bladder were not emptied, with dribbling. Staph.

Bladder feels too full: ineffectual u. Arn.

Bladder full with u. to urinate, but scanty urine. Abrot.
Bloody urine, with constant u. to urinate. Copaiba.
Constant u., and frequent emission of urine, every other day; passes much at night. Bar-c.
Constant u. while urine passes involuntarily in drops. Arn.
Constant u. after micturition. Stann.
Constant u.; passes a few drops of blood. Thuja.
Constant u. day and night; urine copious. Nux-j.
Constant u. to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.
Constant, ineffectual u. to urinate. Copaiba.
Constant u. to urinate, with scanty discharge. Dig.
Continual u., with scanty discharge; a few drops passed involutarily. Sulph.
Contraction, with u., sticking and burning in neck of bladder, then passage of a few drops of scalding urine. Canth.
Copious micturition, with frequent u. Thuja.
Cystitis; tenesmus, with frequent u.; urine scanty, dark. Squilla.
Chilliness, followed by u. to urinate; urine tinged with blood. Senecio.
Continuous u., even after urinating, with profuse, fetid urine. Guaj.
Cramp-like pains in region of bladder in afternoon, with frequent u. to urine. Chelid.
Dragging and u. in morning after urinating. Sulph.
Dragging towards ureters, like labor pains, with frequent u. to urinate. Cham.
Difficult and scanty urination, with frequent u. and sometimes pinching around umbilicus. Acon.
Dysuria; frequent u., at first only a few drops, then usual stream. Kali-n.
Desire to urinate, with ineffectual u. Acon., Canth., Cop., Dig., Petros., Sars.
Desire to urinate; no u., only a sensation of fullness indicates necessity for urinating. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.
Frequent u. with but slight discharge. Anac.
Frequent u. with increased secretion. Aspar., Phos-ac.
Frequent u. with increased quantity of urine. Asclep-tub.
Frequent u. at night with copious flow each time. Cact.
Frequent u. to urinate, with scanty thin stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.
Frequent u. to urinate, with scanty discharge. Spong.
Frequent u., with spasm of bladder and burning, tearing pain, Uva.
Frequent u. to urinate, with drawing in neck of bladder. Rhod.
Frequent, almost ineffectual u. to urinate, with cutting pains during micturition. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)

Frequent u. to urinate, with copious discharge of urine. Samb.
Frequent u. to urinate, with scanty, green urine. Ruta.
Frequent, violent urging to urinate, with copious micturition. Sabin.
Frequent u. day and night, with copious micturition. Rhus-t.
Frequent u. to urinate at night. Am-c.
Frequent u. with frequent micturition. Am-m.
Frequent u.; urine foaming; black. Lach.
Frequent u. to urinate; always copious and with great haste. Kreas.
Frequent ineffectual u. Cedron.
Frequent u. to urinate, with scanty discharge, frequently only in drops. Dros.
Frequent u. to urinate, with scanty emissions. Coloc., Hell. (Æsc., Apis, Merc., Nitr-ac.)
Frequent, ineffectual u., then while sitting involuntary micturition. Caust.
Frequent and great u. to urinate. Cocc-c.
Frequent u. to urinate, with increased quantity. Cina.
Frequent u. to urinate; worse at night or in afternoon. Aloe.
Frequent desire, with u. Helon.
Frequent u. to urinate with copious urine. Guaj.
Fullness in bladder causes u. Stann. (Phos.)
Great u., cannot get out of bed quick enough. Kreas.
Hæmaturia, with violent and frequent u. to urinate. Merc.
Hæmaturia; u. after, and shuddering along spine during micturition; blood flows freely. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation of urethra and bladder, with sudden u. to urinate which if not done, causes great pain at navicular fossa. Petr.
Ineffectual u., with painful pressure in loins, groins and thighs. Carbo-an.
Ineffectual u. to urinate, burning when it passes. Lach.
Ineffectual u., with constipation. Sars.
Irritation of urethra, with u. Ham.
Irritation so great that he cannot bear even a spoonful of urine in bladder, without u. to urinate. Canth.
Irritation of bladder, and inflammation of whole urethra, with violent u. to urinate. Jatr.
Micturition difficult, as if there were almost no urine in bladder and yet great u. to urinate. Dig.
Nightly u. to urinate, with vertigo. Hyper.
Pressure in bladder, with u. to urinate. Sep.
Pressure as if bladder were full, with constant u. as if urine could not be retained, yet little is voided. Ruta.
Pressure on bladder, with u. to urinate, but inability to do so. Lach.
Painful, anxious u. to urinate, with greatly increased watery urination, sometimes excited by pressing in hypogastrium. Acon.
Painful, anxious u. to urinate. Acon. (Borax.)

Painful u. to urinate. Kali-bi., Kali-jod.

Painful, ineffectual u. to urinate; urine passes in drops, with tearing and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.

Pinching around navel while sitting, with u. to urinate; pain going into groin. Natr-s.

Piercing shooting in both groins, with u. to urinate. Natr-s.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys, region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; u. to urinate; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Persistent, violent u. to urinate, with burning sensation in urethra. Canth.

Quick u. to urinate; flow copious and clear. Arg-n. (Apoc., Phos-ac.)

Strangury; continual u. with scanty urine. Sil.

Strangury with constant u. Prun-s.

Strangury; ineffectual u. Nux-v., Plumb. (Merc-cor.)

Spasmodic u. causes spasms; very little urine passes. Hell.

Sudden u. to urinate. Petr., Rumex.

Sudden irresistible u. to urinate, passing large quantities. Merc. (Kreas.)

Smallest quantity of urine in bladder causes u. to urinate. Canth.

Subacute inflammation of bladder, with very offensive dark-brown urine and frequent u. Lach.

Stitches in bladder after ineffectual u. to urinate. Guaj.

Tenesmus of neck of bladder, with ineffectual u. Arn.

Tenesmus of bladder, with burning and u. Senecio.

Tenesmus, with constant u. and passage of a few drops, causing smarting and burning, as if a red-hot iron passed along urethra, especially near fossa navicularis; convulsive tremor of whole body, cold sweat on forehead and chest, and no rest whole night on account of extreme suffering. Canth.

Urine copious, with frequent u., mostly at night. Spig.

Urine red, with much u. and burning in urethra. Al-cep.

Urethritis, with burning biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent u. to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Unsuccessful u. to urinate. Camph., Sec.

Violent u. to urinate at night. Sulph.

Violent u. after urinating, especially in morning. Berb.

Violent pains in bladder, with frequent intolerable u. Canth.

Violent pains in bladder, with frequent u.; intolerable tenesmus. Canth.

Wets bed at night; wakes with u., but cannot retain urine. Kreas.

Uric acid.—U. diminished one half. China.

U. or sediment of red sand in urine, associated with pain in uterus Ocimum-canum.

Deposit of u.; reddish-yellow sediment. Natr-s.
Lithiasis; increase of u. and urates; urine voided with much difficulty, as if sphincter were paralyzed. Sep.
Large deposit of u. and urates from urine on standing. **Cocc-c.**
Urine dark red; deposits red crystals of u. Arg-n.
Urine has excess of u. Sars.

Urinary.—Irritation of u. passages. Argn-n.
Irritation and catarrhal inflammation of u. tract. Pareira.

Urinate.—Violent urging to u. Phyt.
Atony of bladder; no desire to u., and no power to do so (especially after parturition). Ars.
Awaking at night to u. Squilla.
Anxious desire to u. Acon., Carbo-v., Dig. (Cham., Graph., Phos-ac., Phyt.)
Awakens at night with erection and desire to u. Hep-s.
Burning after micturition (Canth., Can-sat.); obliged to u. frequently, although but a few drops of dark-yellow urine are emitted each time, causing a burning pain. Ang.
Burning on beginning to u. Merc.
Before micturition, on rising to u., pressing at heart; relieved after urination. Lith-c.
Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to u.; pains worse lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.
Bladder full, with urging to u., but scanty urine. Abrot.
Bladder feels full, without desire to u. Calad.
Bladder weak, must press hard to u. Rheum.
Bloody urine, with constant urging to u. Copaiba.
Constant desire to u., caused by irritation of urethra. **Cact.**
Constant desire to u., with tickling sensation in meatus. **Brom.**
Constant desire to u. Absinth., Anac., Asar., Aur., Berb., Equiset., Kali-bi., Millef., Phos-ac., Ver-a.
Constant urging to u.; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to u.; urine contains much viscid, thick, white mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.
Constant desire to u., with scanty discharge. Lil-tig.
Constant desire to u., with great debility and acid stomach. Lith-c.
Constant pressure upon bladder; wants to u. all time, voids but little. Lil-tig.
Constant, ineffectual urging to u. Copaiba.
Constant urging to u., with scanty discharge. Dig.
Constant desire to u., felt deep in abdomen. Dulc.
Constant desire to u.; even after frequent passage bladder feels full. Eupat-purp.
Continual desire to u., with painful bearing down in pelvis, in morning. Sep.

Copious, highly-albuminous urine; must rise at night to u. Glon.
Can only u. while sitting bent backward. Zinc.
Cannot put hands in, or hear running water, without having to u. Kreas.
Cramp-like pains in region of bladder in afternoon, with frequent urging to u. Chelid.
Cutting pains in bladder, with frequent desire to u. Æth.
Children afraid to u., are frantic when desire comes on. Borax.
Chilliness, followed by urging to u.; urine tinged with blood. Senecio.
Desire to u. without being able to pass a drop. Borax. (Canth.)
Desire to u., but scanty emission. Sil.
Desire to u.; but sensation as if constriction by a tape prevented. Thuja.
Desire to u.; urine can only be passed on standing. Sars.
Desire to u. in morning. Ambr., Berb.
Desire to u. in afternoon. Bell.
Desire to u. in evening. Sabad. (Am-c., Bell.)
Desire to u., with heat. Phos-ac.
Desire to u. at night. Ars., Calc-c., Hyper., Kreas., **Lach.**, Magn-m., Meph., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sabin., Samb., Spig., Tart-em., **Thuja.**
Desire to u., with thirst. Phos-ac.
Desire to u., with vertigo. **Hyper.**
Desire to u. when lifting a load. Bry.
Desire to u., with pain in bladder. Hell., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., **Ruta,** Sulph-ac.
Desire to u., with pain in abdomen. Lach., **Puls.**
Desire to u., with pain in perinæum. Tart-em.
Desire to u., with pain in groin. Rhod.
Desire to u., with pale face. Phos-ac.
Desire to u., with tearing in urethra. Hyper.
Desire to u. (in pregnant women). Puls.
Desire to u., with burning in abdomen. Lach.
Desire to u.; urine more abundant during stool. **Am-m., Ox-ac.**
Desire to u. day and night. Carbo-v., Natr-m. (Cact., Cast., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Magn-m., Merc., Natr-c., Sars.)
Desire to u.; urine can be passed only during stool. Aloe, Alu.
Desire to u., with ineffectual urging. Acon., Canth., Cop., **Dig.,** Petros., Sars.
Desire to u.; can only pass urine in a sitting posture. **Zinc.**
Desire to u., with pain in back and loins. Lach.
Desire to u.; urine only reaches glans, and causes pains and spasms and tenesmus of rectum; pain in bladder, relieved momentarily when urine passes. Prun-s.
Desire to u.; no urging, only a sensation of fullness indicates necessity for urinating. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.
Dysuria and frequent desire to u., with pain and heat. Kali-n.

Dull pressing in region of bladder, desires to but cannot u. Lyc.
Dull pain in region of right kidney, with urgent desire to u. Equiset.
Dragging towards ureters like labor-pains, with frequent u. Cham.
Frequent desire to u., with profuse discharge (Arg-n., Gels., Phos-ac.); urine turbid; sweetish, profuse at night; diabetes. Arg-m.
Frequent desire to u., even after urinating. Bov.
Frequent urging to u., with scanty, thin stream, or dark urine in drops (in newly-married girls suffering much when urinating). Staph.
Frequent urging to u., with scanty discharge. Spong.
Frequent and sudden desire to u., especially at night, with copious discharge. Sulph.
Frequent urging to u., with drawing in neck of bladder. Rhod.
Frequent, almost ineffectual, urging to u., with cutting pains during micturition. Puls. (Canth. has pains after.)
Frequent urging to u., with copious discharge of urine. Guaj., Natr-c., Samb.
Frequent urging to u., with scanty, green urine. Ruta.
Frequent, violent urging to u., with copious micturition. Sabin.
Frequent desire to u.; urine scanty and burning. Sars.
Frequent desire to u., with crawling stitch behind navicular fossa. Petros.
Frequent desire to u.; she cannot hold her water for a moment. Merc-bij.
Frequent urging to u., with scanty emissions. Coloc. (Æsc., Apis, Hell., Merc., Nitr-ac.)
Frequent desire to u., with copious flow of light, watery urine. Natr-m.
Frequent or sudden desire to u., cannot retain urine which is copious. Natr-m.
Frequent desire to u.; urine is scanty, with tenesmus of bladder after. Mur-ac.
Frequent desire to u. large quantities. Lact-ac.
Frequent urging to u.; always copious and with great haste. Kreas.
Frequent desire to u. day and night, with scanty discharge. Magn-m.
Fruitless effort to u. Canth. (Nux-v.)
Frequent, unsuccessful desire to u. Caps.
Fruitless efforts to u. Dig.
Frequent urging to u., with scanty discharge, frequently only in drops. Dros.
Frequent and great urging to u. Cocc-c
Frequent urging to u., with increased quantity. Cina.
Fetid mucus in urine, with tenesmus and frequent inclination to u. Chim.
Frequent desire to u., and pain during act. Actea-s.
Frequent urging to u.; worse at night or in afternoon. Aloe.
Frequent, anxious desire to u. in evening. Kreas., Lyc., Sabad. Sep., Zinc.

Frequent desire to u., with small discharge. Anac., Bell., Dig., Hell., Led., Meny., Merc., Nitr-ac., Staph., Tart-em. (Am-c., Ang., Ant-c., Camph., Caust., Chelid., Cupr., Dros., Euphorb., Hyos., Kali-c., Kobalt., Lach., Laur., Magn-m., Nux-v., Ol-an., Opi., Pareira, Petr., Phos., Phos-ac., Raph., Rat., Ruta, Sabad., Sabin., Sars., Sil., Spong.)

Frequent desire to u. Bov., Caust., Cic-v., Cop., Hell., Kali-c., Led., Lyc., Mang., Merc., Millef., Mur-ac., Petros., Puls., Rhus-t., Sabad., Samb., Sep., Spig., Stann., Staph., Sulph., Thuja, Verb.

Great desire to u.; cannot retain urine. Bar-c.

Great desire to u., with copious emissions of watery urine. Squilla.

Hæmaturia, with violent and frequent urging to u. Merc.

Horrid dreams, with frequent waking and desire to u. Kali-c.

Inflammation of urethra and bladder, with sudden urging to u., which if not done, causes great pain at navicular fossa. Petr.

Inflammation of bladder and urethra (in women), have to u. every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.

Inflammation at neck of bladder, with great pain on beginning to u.; feeling as if urethra was constricted; has to strain to pass few drops. Clem.

Increased desire to u. after a few drops have passed, causing patient to walk about in distress, although motion increases desire. Dig.

Ineffectual urging to u., burning when it passes. Lach.

Irritation so great that he cannot bear even a spoonful of urine in bladder, without urging to u. Canth.

Irritation of bladder, and inflammation of whole urethra, with violent urging to u. Jatr.

Itching in urethra with desire to u. Coloc.

Itching at meatus, with desire to u. Coloc.

Jerking, twitching and burning in urethra, with frequent desire to u. Phos.

Must rise several times to u. at night. Borax.

Must u. at night. Cupr.

Micturition difficult, as if there were almost no urine in bladder, and yet, great urging to u. Dig.

Nightly urging to u., with vertigo. Hyper.

On rising to u., a pressure in region of heart, which did not cease until after urinating. Lith-c.

Pain about middle of urethra, with frequent desire to u. Rhod.

Pain and uneasiness always on commencing to u. Acon.

Pain in bladder if call to u. is postponed. Sulph-ac.

Painful desire to u. Acon., Bov., Can-sat., Graph., Hell., Kali-jod., Tart-em., Ver-a.

Painful, anxious urging to u., with greatly increased watery urination, sometimes excited by pressing in hypogastrium. Acon.

Painful, anxious urging to u. Acon. (Borax.)

Painful urging to u. Kali-bi., Kali-jod.

Painful, ineffectual urging to u.; urine passes in drops, with tearing, and burning in urethra and neck of bladder. Nux-v.

Persistent, violent urging to u., with burning sensation in urethra. Canth.

Paralysis of bladder, can u. only when sitting. Zinc.

Paroxysmal cutting and burning pains in both kidneys; region very sensitive to slightest touch, alternating with pain in tip of penis; urging to u.; painful micturition drop by drop of bloody urine and at times pure blood. Canth.

Pressure in bladder after frequent and almost ineffectual efforts to u. China.

Pressure on bladder, with urging to u., but inability to do so. **Lach.**

Pressure to u. (from drinking coffee). Ign.

Pressure in bladder, with urging to u. Sep.

Piercing, shooting in both groins, with urging to u. Natr-s.

Pinching around navel while sitting, with urging to u.; pain going into groin. Natr-s.

Quick urging to u.; flow copious and clear. Arg-n. (Apoc., Phos-ac.)

Sudden urging to u. Petr., Rumex.

Sudden irresistible urging to u., passing large quantities. Merc. (Kreas.)

Sudden and irresistible desire to u. Ign.

Sudden desire to u. Bar-c., Bry., Merc., Nitr-ac., Ruta. (Ambr., Ign., Phos-ac., Puls., Rhus-t., Spong., Sulph.)

Stitches in bladder after ineffectual urging to u. Guaj.

Sensation of fullness in bladder without desire to u. **Calad., Pallad.,** Stann., Ver-a.

Straining and difficulty in beginning to u. Chim.

Smallest quantity of urine in bladder causes urging to u. Canth.

Throbbing pain in region of neck of bladder, during straining effort to u. Dig.

Thinking of urinating causes necessity to u. Ox-ac.

Uneasiness in urethra and penis, with burning and frequent calls to u. Can-ind.

Urging to u., must wait long before it will pass. **Lyc.**

Urging to u. but cannot pass a drop. Can-ind.

Urging to u.; urine passes freely and easily. Arg-n.

Urging to u..; urine scanty; last drops bloody, with violent pains in bladder. Tart-em.

Urging to u., waking constantly at night. Chim.

Urging to u. with scanty discharge. Graph.

Urging to u., with tickling in urethra extending to neck of bladder; with pain in liver, chest and kidneys. Ferr.

Urgent desire to u., with itching in female meatus during micturition. Petr.

Urgent desire to u. Acon., Borax, Can-sat., Hyos., Kalm., Lith-c., Lyc., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Sep. (Alu., Am-c., Arn., Bar-c., Berb., Carbo-an., Colch., Coloc., Coni., Euphorb., Pareira, Paris, Phos-ac., Sabad., Sec., Squilla, Staph., Viola-tr.)

Urethritis, with burning, biting pain extending backward to bladder when urinating, with frequent urging to u.; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.

Unsuccessful urging to u. Camph., Sec.

Unsuccessful urging to u. Sec.

Violent urging to u. at night. Sulph.

Violent desire to u., with inability to retain urine. Natr-m.

With nausea, there is a spasm of drawing pain at neck of bladder, and desire to u. Jatr.

Urinates.—U. so easily is not sensible of stream. Caust.

U. frequently, but in small quantities. Can-ind.

U. frequently day and night; attempt to retain it causes pain. Lact-ac.

U. much more than quantity of drink taken would indicate, especially in morning; followed by a dull pain in region of kidneys. Ambr.

Urine straw-colored; u. frequently day and night. Abies-c.

Urinating.—After u., urging as if bladder were not emptied, with dribbling. Staph.

Burning in urethra when u. Agar., Aloe, Bapt. (Ars., Canth.)

Burning, cutting pain in female urethra during and after u. Berb.

Burning soreness when u. Apis. (Can-sat.)

Before u., child screams with pain; red sand on diaper. Lyc.

Burning in whole length of urethra after u. Iris.

Burning soreness in urethra while u. Carbo-an. (Can-sat.)

Burning in meatus while u. Dulc.

Burning throughout urethra at commencement and end of u. Can-sat.

Burning, biting and smarting after u. Caps.

Burning in neck of bladder when u. Cham.

Burning pain in urethra when u. Cocc-c. (Can-sat., Canth., Staph.)

Burning in neck of bladder when not u. Acon.

Blood from urethra when not u. Bry.

Cutting and burning in urethra worse after u. Berb. (While u. Canth.)

Cutting in urethra while u. Ant-c.

Can never finish u., some urine always seems to remain in bladder. Hep-s. (Helon.)

Continuous urging even after u., with profuse fetid urine. Guaj.

Catarrh of bladder, with excruciating pain on u. Rhus-a.

Cystitis; acute inflammation, with agony at thought of u. Acon.

Child cries before u. Lach.

Dribbling of urine, with burning, after u. Brom.

Dribbling from urethra after u. Thuja.

Desire to urinate; no urging, only a sensation of fullness indicates necessity for u. Calad., Stann., Ver-a.

Drawing pain in spermatic cord, while u. Canth.

Dragging and urging in morning after u. Sulph.

Dysuria (of teething children); frequent desire; crying when u.; urine profuse, of a very strong odor; external parts (female) inflamed or irritated, with considerable mucous discharge. Erig.

Discharge of a few drops after u. Kali-c.

Discharge of mucus after u., causing itching and burning. Natr-m.

Difficulty in u. all day. Meph.

Difficulty in u., especially in morning, with a feeling as if drops came out of bladder, which is not true. Sep.

Frequent urination with much mucus, intense burning in urethra, and backache while u. Ant-c.

Frequent desire to urinate even after u. Bov.

Feeling as if something remained behind after u. Gels.

Feeling when u. as if must have thin stool. Aloe.

Flashes of pain in region of bladder, more toward right, before u. Lith-c.

Fleeting pains in bladder, not when u., but at other times. Benz-ac.

Great difficulty in u.; cannot without pressing and straining. Hyos.

Infant cries and screams before u., which is done every few minutes. Borax.

Intense smarting and burning in bladder and urethra, when u. Eupat-purp.

Involuntary stool on u. Sulph.

Immediately after u., burning in urethra, in morning. Coni.

Jerking and cutting in urethra after u. Lyc.

Lacerating and drawing in urethra after u., early in morning. Carbo-v.

On rising to urinate, a pressure in region of heart, which did not cease until after u. Lith-c.

Pain in loins and hips when u. Berb.

Pain in meatus as if sore, after u. Borax.

Pain extending into spermatic cord (Clem., Puls., Spong.), after u. Lith-c.

Pieces of filaments and whitish membrane are passed after u. Merc.

Pressure on bladder before u. Nux-v.

Smarting in urethra after u. Borax.

Sensation of fullness in bladder after u. Calc-c., Coni., Ruta.

Sore pain on touch, or when u. Mez.

Severe backache, relieved by u. Lyc.

Sometimes pain in hypogastrium and sometimes in kidneys when u. Agn.

Stitches in meatus and fore part of urethra when not u. Caps. (Can-sat.)

Stitches when u. Agar.
Thinking of u. causes necessity to urinate. Ox-ac.
Tingling in urethra, lasting some time after u. Clem.
Urethritis, with burning, biting pain extending backward to bladder when u., with frequent urging to urinate; urine scalding, with spasmodic contraction of sphincter. Can-sat.
Violent urging after u., especially in morning. Berb.
White flocculent sediment immediately after u., composed of phosphate and carbonate of lime; pale, languid; weak loins. Benz-ac.
Want of proper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence, micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing and can scarcely believe in dark that he is u. until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Urination.—U. painful or suppressed. Erig.
After u., spasmodic pain in neck of bladder, extending to thighs. Puls.
Burning in urethra after u. Led.
Burning in glands of urethra during and after u. Kali-bi.
Burning in urethra during u. Calc-c.
Burning during and after u. Coni.
Burning and scalding, or stinging pain in urethra before, during and after u. Can-ind. (Can-sat., Canth.)
Burning at meatus before, during and after u. Caps. (Canth.)
Copious u. relieves headache. Sil. (Gels., Sang.)
Copious u., especially after stool. Aloe.
Difficult, scanty u. Bell. (Acon., Canth.)
Difficult and scanty u., with frequent urging and sometimes pinching around umbilicus. Acon.
Difficult u., with fainting. Sars.
Difficult u. (with children). Apis.
Discharge of mucus from urethra during and after u. Natr-m. (Merc-cor.)
During u., stitches in bladder, smarting, burning in urethra. Natr-m.
Dribbling of urine after stool or u. Selen. (Petr.)
Involuntary u. every time she washes. Kreas.
Frequent u. with much mucus, intense burning in urethra, and backache while urinating. Ant-c.
Frequent, painful, scanty, bloody u.; with alternations of dry skin and perspiration. Apis.
Frequent u., with fine stitches in meatus. Aspar.
Frequent u., even at night. Calc-c., Sep.
Frequent u. at night, with intense burning. Tereb.
Frequent u., with greenish tinge, depositing cloudy sediment. Seneg.
Frequent and copious u.; urine clear or straw colored. Ox-ac.
Frequent but scanty u., which is brown and fetid. Petr.

Frequent u., passes little and often, with burning. Nux-v.
Frequent u.; passed in drops with much pain. Merc-cor.
Frequent u. with much pale urine, with reddish clouds. Nitr.
Frequent u. during day, with dull headache moving from sinciput to occiput and finally settling in left temple. Lil-tig.
Frequent and copious u. of pale urine, with reddish clouds. Kali-n.
Frequent u., especially at night (Ambr., Coni., Dig., Phos-ac.), with much pressure and scanty emission. Kali-c.
Frequent u., with burning like pepper in urethra. Caps.
Frequent u., expelled with great force. Cic-v. (Ver-v.)
Frequent and copious u.; urine as clear as water (Phos-ac.); but soon becomes turbid and cloudy. Cocc-c.
Frequent u. with increased flow. Coca. (Phos-ac.)
Frequent scanty u. Æsc. (Canth., Coloc.)
Frequent u. Gum-gut.
Frequent and copious u. Al-cep., Apis, Dros., Senecio. (Apoc., Arg-m.)
Frequent u. at night. Carbo-an., Dig. (Ambr., Borax, Coni., Phos-ac., Sep.)
Great irritation at neck of bladder, with frequent burning u. Apis.
Hæmaturia; u. prevented by clots. Cact.
Involuntary u. at night during sleep. Arn. (Caust., Puls.)
Involuntary u. Ant-c., Ars., Dulc., Laur., Phos-ac.
Involuntary u. when coughing or laughing. Natr-m. (Caust.)
Involuntary u. while walking, coughing and sneezing. Zinc. (Caust., Petr., Puls.)
Involuntary u. at night (in children with worms, and in chorea). Sil.
Involuntary u. when walking. Selen.
Involuntary u. at night. Am-c., Natr-c. (Caust., Kali-phos., Puls.)
Involuntary u. when walking or rising from a seat. Magn-c.
Involuntary u., especially during day, when walking about. Ferr.
Intolerable burning in urethra during and after u. Fluor-ac. (Canth.)
Inflammation of bladder, with bloody urine and pain about neck of bladder at conclusion of u.; chilly sensation or rigors running up back. Sars.
Irritability at neck of bladder, causing constant u. (in hysterical women). Gels.
Painful and difficult u., urine being clear, and having a peculiar strong, pungent, fetid odor. Calc-c.
Painful, anxious urging to urinate, with greatly increased, watery u., sometimes excited by pressing on hypogastrium. Acon.
Residuary u. after micturition. Hep-s., Lach., Selen. (Bry., Clem., Kali-c., Lyc., Natr-c., Petr., Sil., Thuja.)
Sand in urine or on diaper; child screams before and during u. Sars.
Smarting and burning in urethra during and after u. Nitr ac.
Scanty and difficult u. Gum-gut.

Terrific pain in back before every u., with relief as soon as urine begins to flow. Lyc.

Urine scanty, with frequent u., and pressing, scalding, smarting pain. Chim.

Violent pain during u. Calad.

Urinous.—Urine of exceedingly strong u. odor. Benz-ac. (Nitr-ac.)

Usual.—Dysuria; frequent urging, at first only a few drops, then u. stream. Kali-n.

Stream intermits, or is thinner than u. Sulph.

Uterus (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Dropsy of u.; red, sometimes greenish urine, deposits a thick sediment; passed slowly, bladder being nearly paralyzed; body cold. Camph.

Uric acid, or sediment of red sand in urine, associated with pain in u. Ocimum-canum.

Violent dysuria after jolting ride during pregnancy, or from displaced u. Eupat-purp.

Vagina (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Soreness in v. during micturition. Kreas.

Valerian.—Urine smelling like v. Mosch. (Murex.)

Varices.—Protrusion of v. during micturition; oozing first of blood, then mucus. Kali-c.

Variegated.—Urine has v. cuticle on surface. Iod., Phos.

Vertically (see Perpendicularly).—Micturition impeded; has to wait awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops v. without force. Hep-s.

Vertigo (see vol. i., section on Head).—Desire to urinate, with v. Hyper.

Nightly urging to urinate, with v. Hyper.

Vessel.—Brick-dust sediment in urine adheres to v. Natr-m. (Arn., China, Lyc., Phos.)

Dark or black urine, with coffee-grounds sediment, leaving black spots on v. (after diphtheria or scarlatina). Lach.

Red sediment adheres to sides of v. Daph.

Sediment reddish, bloody or mucous, jelly-like, adhering to v. Puls.

Urine has a peculiar red or pinkish sediment or color, not so much in urine as separating from it and adhering to v. Apis.

Urine turbid, and deposits a whitish sediment adhering to v. Brom.

Urine leaves a red sediment or coating on v. Brom.

Urine kept over night left reddish deposit on sides of v. Aspar.

Urine deposits a reddish, clay-colored sediment, which adheres to bottom and sides of v. like burnt clay. Sep.

Urine turbid, clay colored, with reddish sediment; adhering to v.; vey offensive. Sep.

Urine dark red, leaving a deep-red stain on v. Phyt.

Urine turbid and bloody; offensive; it deposits a red, slimy sand, which adheres to v. Petr. (Sep.)

Urine deposits a red, sandy sediment which adheres to v. Nuph.

Urine: acid; straw colored; after standing, turbid, and a reddish sediment adheres to v. Cupr.

Urine deposits a fine, white sediment which adheres to v. Canth.

Urine deposits a red coating on sides of v. Cimex.

Vessels.—Congestion of kidneys, it ruptures fine v. and brings down products of this destruction with urine. Tereb.

Violet.—V., earthy sediment in urine. Mang.

V. colored sediment in urine. Mang., Puls.

Urine red, v., or like milk. Mur-ac.

Urine bright red, with v. sediment. Bov.

Urine is scanty and high colored; has a v. odor. Nux-m. (Tereb.)

Violets.—Urine smelling like v. Cop., Lact., Nux-m., Tereb.

Urine deposits a thick, muddy, light-yellow sediment, looks like wine, with odor of v. Tereb.

Viscid.—Urine v. Coloc. (Arg-n., Canth., Cupr., Dulc., Kreas., Phos-ac.)

Thick, fetid, v., jelly-like urine. Coloc.

Urine v.; looks like and has consistency of thin glue. Coloc.

Void.—Burning in back part of urethra after micturition, with sensation as if one drop remained, with unsuccessful effort to v. it. Kali-bi.

Voided.—Pressure, as if bladder were full, with constant urging as if urine could not be retained, yet little is v. Ruta.

Retention of urine (as from paralysis of bladder); or urine is v. slowly. Laur.

Urine v. slowly, with affection of spine (after getting wet). Rhus-t.

Voids.—Constant pressure upon bladder; wants to urinate all time, v. but little. Lil-tig.

Vomit (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Loathing and inclination to v. after micturition. Cast.

Piercing pains, as from knives plunged into kidneys; chilly; inclined to v. Arn.

Vomiting.—Chill, followed by pains in kidneys; nausea and v. without relief. Arn.

Renal colic, with violent v., moans and cries; afterwards red urine, with brick-dust deposit, or blood. Ocimum-canum.

Renal colic, with v., anguish; red urine, with brick-dust or bloody sediment. Ocimum-canum.

Discharge of blood, with pains in stomach and v. Ipec.

Uræmia, with v. and colic, with great anguish (especially in drunkards). Ars.

Vulva (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—During micturition, soreness and smarting in v. Natr-m.

Wait.—Bladder weak; has to w. a long time for urine to pass; has to press so that anus protrudes. Mur-ac.

Has to w. a long time for urine to pass, especially if others are near him. Natr-m.

Has to w. a long time before urine flows. Arn., Can-ind.

Micturition impeded; has to w. awhile before urine passes (flow intermits) (Coni., Clem.); cannot empty bladder thoroughly; urine drops vertically without force. Hep-s.

Must w. and press long before she can start urine. Kali-c.

Urging to urinate, must w. long before it will pass. Lyc.

Urging, with necessity to w. long, then scanty urine, then renewed urging. Caust.

Urging, but has to w. long and urine flows slowly. Kali-c.

Wakes.—Wets bed at night; w. with urging, but cannot retain urine. Kreas.

Waking.—Frequent micturition of watery urine, of strong smell; w. patient. Kali-bi.

Horrid dreams, with frequent w. and desire to urinate. Kali-c.

Urging to urinate, w. constantly at night. Chim.

Walk.—Increased desire to urinate after a few drops have passed, causing patient to w. about in distress, although motion increases desire. Dig.

Walking.—Dribbling of urine in drops, while sitting or w. Puls.

Involuntary urination when w. or rising from a seat. Magn-c.

Involuntary discharge of urine when w. Calc-c., Magn-c., Selen. (Arn., Bry., Caust., Magn-m., Natr-m., Puls., Ruta, Zinc.)

Involuntary urination, especially during day, when w. about. Ferr.

Involuntary micturition at night, and during day when w. Ruta.

Involuntary urination while w., coughing and sneezing. Zinc. (Caust., Petr., Puls.)

Pain in kidneys when w. Clem.

Sharp pressure on bladder, as from flatulence, when w. in open air, without desire to urinate. Puls.

Tenesmus; amelioration on w. in afternoon. Lith-c.

Urine passed involuntarily while w., coughing or laughing. Natr-m.

Urging, worse when standing, and still more when w.; better when sitting. Canth.

Want.—W. of propper feeling in bladder and urethra; in consequence micturition is so easy that prover is not sensible of urine passing, and can scarcely believe in dark that he is urinating until makes sure with hand. Caust.

Wants.—Constant pressure upon bladder; w. to urinate all time, voids but little. Lil-tig.

Warmth.—Sensation of weakness or w. in the bladder and urethra. Al-cep.

Washes.—Involuntary urination every time she w. Kreas.

Water.—Copious micturition, especially at night, urine clear like w. Phos-ac.

Catarrhal ischuria (in children, caused by wading in w.), with discharge of mucus from urethra. Dulc.

Cannot put hands in, or hear running w., without having to urinate. Kreas.

Frequent and copious urine at night, which is as clear as w. Sang.

Frequent and copious urination; urine as clear as w. (Phos-ac.); but soon becomes turbid and cloudy. Cocc-c.

Polyuria, with thirst for large quantities of w. Natr-m.

Pain in bladder increases by drinking even small quantity of w. Canth.

Sensation as if kidneys were two bags of hot w. Helon.

Urine copious and clear as w. Mosch. (Apoc., Arg-m., Phos-ac.)

Urine like w., mixed with blood. Pallad.

Urine cloudy, like mealy w., with white sediment. Canth.

Urine red, with white sediment; copious and clear as w., too frequent after exertion. Æth.

Watery.—W. urine, becomes cloudy. Thuja.

W., inodorous urine, with fetid stool of white mucus. Dros.

Copious, frequent, pale and w. urine; or red as blood. Kali-jod.

Copious, pale, w. urine. Æth., Staph.

Discharge of w. mucus. Can-sat., Merc., Merc-cor.

Frequent micturition of w. urine, of strong smell; waking patient. Kali-bi.

Frequent discharge of much w. urine. Ign. (Phos-ac.)

Frequent, copious, w. urine Bism.

Frequent desire to urinate, with copious flow of light w. urine. Natr-m.

Great desire to urinate, with copious emission of w. urine. Squilla.

Headache in vertex and forehead on right side, begins in morning and lasts all day, with pain in nape in afternoon, which gradually extends to region of kidneys, passing off with copious flow of clear, w. looking urine. Sang. (Gels.)

Headache terminated with profuse flow of colorless, w. urine. Ign.

Painful, anxious urging to urinate, with greatly increased w. urination, sometimes excited by pressing on hypogastrium. Acon.

Urine profuse, w., relieving the dull, congestive headache. Mel. (Gels.)

Urine pale and w. (bloody in old people). Sec.

Urine scanty, dark, or copious and w. Thuja.

Urine w. Alu., Phos., Phos-ac., Sec., Squilla, Teucr. (Acet-ac., Anac., Ant-c., Arn., Arum, Aur., Bell., Berb., Bism., Bry., Caust., Cham., Cocc., Dig., Euphr., Hell., Hydroc-ac., Hyos., Ign., Kali-bi., Kali-jod., Kreas., Lam., Magn-c., Meph., Mez., Mosch., Murex, Mur-ac., Natr-m., Nux-v., Plumb., Puls., Rhus-t., Sang., Stann., Sulph., Sulph-ac., Thuja.)

Urine frequent, profuse, w. Cycl.
Urine frequent, copious, pale and w. Bell.
Urine increased, pale, w., or green; with white sediment. Magn-c.

Weak.—Bladder w., must press hard to urinate. Rheum.
Bladder w., has to wait a long time for urine to pass; has to press so that anus protrudes. Mur-ac.
Expulsive power of bladder w. Opi.

Weakness.—W. of bladder and sphincter. Sil.
W. of bladder. Caust., Hep-s. (Al-cep., Alu., **Magn-m., Mur-ac.,** Pallad., Rheum.)
W., with dull pain and soreness in region of kidneys. **Phyt.**
W. after micturition. Nux-v.
W. before micturition. Nux-v.
W. of sphincter of bladder (especially in children), urine passes involuntarily, especially during first sleep at night, also involuntarily from slightest excitement during day. Caust.
Acute and chronic inflammation of kidneys, with great restlessness, w.; frequent micturition. Helon.
Dribbling from w. of sphincter vesicæ. Agar.
Feeling of w. in bladder and genitals, with fear of wetting bed. **Alu.**
Large increase of urine, with sensation of w. Calc-ph.
Sensation of w. or warmth in bladder and urethra. Al-cep.
Urine black, with coffee-grounds sediment; great emaciation and w. Tereb.

Weariness.—W., languor and weight in kidneys. Helon.

Weight.—Weariness, languor and w. in kidneys. Helon.

Wet.—Bed is w. almost as soon as child goes to sleep; always during first sleep. Sep.
Urine voided slowly, with affection of spine (after getting w). Rhus-t.

Wets.—W. bed; restless, starts in sleep. Bell.
W. bed at night; wakes with urging, but cannot retain urine. **Kreas.**

Wetting.—W. bed at night (children) from worms. Cina.
W. bed at night (in children). Equiset.
W. bed at night. Apoc., Carbo-v., Cupr. (Caust., Kali-phos., Puls.)
Enuresis; w. of bed. Hep-s., Sulph.
Feeling of weakness in bladder and genitals, with fear of w. bed. Alu.
Involuntary discharge of urine at night; w. bed. Am-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Cina, Puls., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Sulph.

White.—W. sediment in urine, Actea-s., Phos., Rhus-t. (Alu., Bar-m., Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Colch., Coloc., Coni., Eupat-perf., Euphorb., Fluor-ac., Graph., Hep-s., Kali-bi., Kreas., Magn-c., Murex, Oleand., Petr., Phos-ac., Prun-s., Sep., Spig., Spong., Sulph., Tereb., Tong., Valer., Zinc.)
W. flocculent sediment immediately after urinating, composed of phophate and carbonate of lime; pale, languid; weak loins. **Benz-ac.**

W., turbid urine, as if chalk had been stirred in it. Alu.
W., red or turbid sediment in urine. Valer.
A w. glairy mucus may be squeezed from urethra. Can-ind.
Constant urging to urinate; violent pains in glans penis; straining extorts screams; must get down on all fours to urinate; urine contains much viscid, thick, w. mucus, or deposits a red sand. Pareira.
Frequent, profuse micturition depositing a w. cloud. Phos-ac.
Oozing of thick w. mucus at night. Arg-n.
Reddish-yellow urine at night, with w. sediment. Bry.
Snow w. sediment (urate of ammonia) in urine. Rhus-t.
Sediment in urine looking like w. cheese. Sec.
Scanty urine, with w. film and whitish or mucous sediment. Kali-bi.
Scanty red urine, depositing copious w. sediment, with pain across back. Kali-bi.
Tenesmus of bladder, with w. pus and mucus in urine. Sars.
Tenesmus of bladder before and after profuse emission of w. urine. Ang.
Turbid or yellow urine, with w. albuminous deposit. Ocimum-canum.
Thick, w. sediment in urine. Alu.
Urine increased, pale, watery, or green; with w. sediment. Magn-c.
Urine milky w., depositing flocculent, w. sandy sediment. Phos.
Urine becomes turbid and deposits a w. or reddish sediment. Graph. (Berb.)
Urine deposits a fine w. sediment which adheres to vessel. Canth.
Urine hot, w., muddy or pale, with w. sediment; or dark, becoming turbid. Rhus-t.
Urine dark brown, with w. sediment. Calc-c. (Canth., Cochl.)
Urine w. and turbid, or red and turbid. Can-sat.
Urine w. like milk (Still.), even coagulating. Phos-ac.
Urine copious and pale; then scanty, brown and sometimes w. like milk. Stann.
Urine becomes turbid and offensive, with w. sediment. Sep.
Urine frothy; sediment thick, grayish w. or yellow. Spong.
Urine blood red, with w. sediment and a pellicle on surface; very offensive. Sep.
Urine w., like milk. Aur., Iod., Phos., Phos-ac.
Urine w., turbid. Bry., Can-sat., China, Coni., Cycl., Dulc., Psor., Rhus-t.
Urine cloudy, like mealy water, with w. sediment. Canth.
Urine turbid, with w. sediment; pale, becoming cloudy or depositing a dingy, yellow, loose sediment. China.
Urine turbid and w. Dulc.
Urine thick, w. and turbid, with gray or w. sediment. Coni.
Urine oily or greasy on standing, containing a tough, jelly-like, w. or red mucus mixed with blood. Dulc.

Urine red, with w. sediment; copious and clear as water; too frequent after exertion. Æth.

Urine leaves large flakes of w. mucus. Brom.

Urine becomes turbid and thick on standing, and deposits a w. sediment. Hep-s.

Urine scanty and dark, almost brown; deposits w. sediment. Bry.

Urine straw colored; turbid; containing w. flocky sediment or reddish sediment. Aspar.

Urine pale yellow, with a slight transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucous sediment, mixed with w. or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. **Berb.** (Agar., Sep.)

Watery inodorous urine, with fetid stool of w. mucus. **Dros.**

Whitish.—W., cloudy sediment in urine. Phos-ac., **Plat.**

W. yellow sediment in urine. Chin-s., **Tereb.**

W. or purple sediment. Fluor-ac.

W., turbid sediment in urine. Coni., **Rhus-t.**

W. sediment in urine. Am-c., Colch., Spig.

Dark-brown, scanty urine, depositing a w., clay-like sediment. **Eupat-perf.**

Pieces of filaments and w. membrane are passed after urinating. Merc.

Scanty urine, with white film and w. or mucous sediment. **Kali-bi.**

Urine w. Alu., Am-c., Berb., Bry., Carbo-v., Cina, Cycl., Dulc., Merc., Natr-m., Phos., Rhus-t., Sec.

Urine pale, afterwards thick, w., purulent; reddish, with brick-dust sediment. Nux-v.

Urine profuse, w., foaming. Chelid.

Urine turbid, and deposits a w. sediment adhering to vessel. **Brom.**

Urine pale yellow, with a slight, transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucous sediment, mixed with white or w. gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)

Whooping cough.—Sour-smelling urine (in w.) Ambr.

Wind (see Air, Gas, Flatus).—Fermentation in bladder, with gas, air or w. escaping during micturition. Sars.

Involuntary micturition on coughing, passing w., during sleep. **Puls.** (Petr.)

Wine.—Urine deposits a thick, muddy, light-yellow sediment, looks like w., with odor of violets. Tereb.

Women.—Dysuria (especially in w. during pregnancy and after confinement). Equiset.

Dysuria (especially of children and excitable w.). **Bell.**

Desire to urinate (in pregnant w.). Puls.

Irritability at neck of bladder, causing constant urination (in hysterical w.). Gels.

Irritation of urethra and neck of bladder (in old w.). Copaiba.
Inflammation of bladder and urethra (in w.), have to urinate every few minutes, with smarting, tenesmus and ropy mucus. Cub.
Incontinence of urine (in w. and children). Ign.
Unbearable pain after micturition (in w.). Sars.

Worm.—Sensation of a w. in bladder. Bell.

Worms.—Involuntary urination at night (in children with w., and in chorea). Sil.
Wetting bed at night (children) from w. Cina.

Worse.—Acute pain about kidneys, extending from ureters to bladder, w. from slightest touch or motion, even deep inspiration. Arg-n.
Bearing down over bladder, with frequent desire to urinate; pains w. lying down, especially at night; better from horseback riding. Lyc.
Cutting and burning in urethra, w. after urinating. Berb. (While urinating. Canth.)
Frequent urging to urinate; w. at night or in afternoon. Aloe.
Incontinence of urine, with great irritation of parts, w. night and when coughing. Apis.
Pain in kidneys, w. when stooping on rising again, and when sitting or lying, than when standing. Berb.
Pain in kidneys, w. from sneezing, or from deep inhalation and from lying. Æth.
Renal colic, especially in right kidney, extending to genitals and right leg; w. lying on that side, better on back. Nux-v.
Soreness in region of bladder; w. during micturition. Natr-ars.
Soreness in urethra, w. from touch. Prun-s.
Urging, w. when standing, and still more when walking; better when sitting. Canth.
Violent, sharp, smarting, burning pains through urethra. Still.

Yeast.—Dirty yellow urine, with sediment like y. Raph.
Sediment like y. in urine. Raph.
Urine turbid like y., with reddish sediment. Bell.

Yellow.—Y. urine. Lach.
Y. discharge from urethra. Petros. (Hydr., Puls.)
Y., gold-colored urine, with but little, if any, cloud. Ant-c.
Y., orange-colored urine, soon becoming turbid. Ang.
Y. or reddish y. urine, from much bile. Crotal.
Y., turbid urine. Raph.
Y. sediment in urine. Cham., Chin-s., Cupr., Natr-s., Phos., Sil., Spong., Sulph-ac., Tereb., Zinc.
Dark y. urine. Hep-s.
Dark y. urine (with jaundice). Sang.
Deposit of a straw-colored, y., granular, or brick-dust sediment. Chin-s.

Deposit of uric acid; reddish y. sediment. Natr-s.
Dirty, y., urine, with sediment like yeast. Raph.
Discharge of y. mucus. Merc. (Agar., Can-sat., Cop., Natr-m., Petros., Thuja.
Deep y. urine, with light, cloudy sediment. Am-m.
Frequent micturition of large quantities of y. urine. Kalm.
Greenish y. urine. Rheum.
Highly-colored urine, with red sediment and reddish y. slime; burning during micturition. Glon.
Light y. urine. Ang. (Agar., Aloe, Ambr., Apis, Aur., Bell., Berb., Cact., Camph., Carbo-an., Carbo-v., Cham., China, Colch., Croton-tig., Daph., Hydroc-ac., Hyos., Iod., Jatr., Kalm., Kali-bi., Kali-n., Lach., Led., Magn-m., Natr-c., Plumb., Prun-s., Raph., Samb., Tong., Ver-a., Zinc.)
Reddish y. urine at night, with white sediment. Bry.
Scanty emission of dark y. urine. Arg-n.
Turbid or y. urine, with white albuminous deposit. Ocimum-canum.
Urine turbid while being emitted, depositing brown sediment, urine being clear and y. Ambr. (Ars.)
Urine y., flocculent, or red sediment, with strong pungent odor. Kobalt.
Urine dark and muddy; dark-brown sediment; y. (Ambr.), with thick mucous sediment. Æsc. (Berb.)
Urine scanty, staining napkin y. Arn.
Urine deep y. (orange-color); with strong odor (Benz-ac.), like horse's urine. Absinth.
Urine pale y., burning in urethra after micturition. Magn-m.
Urine y., muddy. Physos.
Urine turbid, gets thick when standing, sediment y. Cham.
Urine bright y. and frothy. Jatr.
Urine turbid, with white sediment; pale, becoming cloudy or depositing a dingy, y., loose sediment. China.
Urine stains diaper dark y. Chelid.
Urine lemon y., turbid. Chelid.
Urine y., with flakey sediment. Cham.
Urine dark y., clear. Chelid.
Urine dark y., fetid, sour or like horse's urine; deposits a sediment of mucus. Natr-c. (Berb.)
Urine dark y., red, copious. Berb.
Urine dark brown; y. sediment. Bar-c.
Urine pale y., with a slight, transparent, gelatinous sediment, or a turbid, flocculent, clay-like, mucous sediment, mixed with white or whitish-gray, and later a reddish, mealy sediment. Berb. (Agar., Sep.)
Urine bright y. and clear. Bell.
Urine turbid with dirty y. sediment. Nux-v.

Urine deep y., like rotten eggs. Daph.
Urine frothy; sediment thick, grayish-white, or y. Spong.
Urine turbid, with sediment of red or y. sand. Sil.
Urine deposits a thick, muddy, light y. sediment, looks like wine, with odor of violets. Tereb.
Urine y. as saffron, becoming cloudy; scanty, hot. Aloe.
Whitish y. sediment in urine. Chin-s., Tereb.

Yellowish.—Frequent, copious, turbid, thick, y., fetid urine. Daph.
Sediment y., like bran, or slimy. Aloe.
Urine dark y. green. Iod.
Urine beer colored, with y. froth; pinkish-brown sediment; scanty. Myrica.
Urine y., green, turbid, of musty odor. Camph.
Urine deposits a y., pasty sediment; putrid, fetid. Sep.
Urine with thick, y. deposit. Uran-n.
Urine becomes turbid and cloudy, or deposits a thick, y. red sediment with upper stratum yellow and flocculent. Seneg.

Zigzag.—Tearing as if in fibers of urethra, in form of z. Can-sat.

THE MALE SEXUAL ORGANS.

Abandon.—Seeks solitude that he may a. himself to onanism. Bufo.

Abashed.—Melancholy; face sunken; a. look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.

Abdomen (see section on Abdomen).—Drawing pains from a. through spermatic cord to testicles. Puls. (Ham.)
Enlargement of testicles, with pain extending to a. Iod.
Induration and swelling of testicles (especially of left), with violent drawing pains, extending to a. and thighs. Rhod.
Shooting from a. into penis. Puls.

Abdominal ring.—Testicles drawn up toward external a. Cic-v. (Bell., Berb.)

Ability (see Power).—Great desire for coition, but with little a., or with deficient excitement, or tardy, insufficient emission of semen. Agar.
Diminished sexual a. Agn., Bar-c.
Irritability and weakness of genitals; desire without erections or a. to copulate. Dig.
Sexual a. weakened (Agn.); desire increased. Bar-c.

Abscess.—A. in penis. Bov.

Absence.—A. of sexual desire. Agn., Arg-n., Camph., Coni., Nuph., Sulph.
A. of sexual desire in fleshy people. Kali-bi.
A. of emission during coition. Psor.
A. of desire. with aversion to intercourse. Psor.
A. of erection in morning. Graph., Lact.
A. of erection with strong inward desire for coition. Phos.
A. of erections. Coni., Magn-c., Nitr-ac. (Agn., Caust., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nux-m., Rhod., Spong., Teucr.)
A. of desire; lascivious thoughts do not cause erections. **Nuph.**
A. of enjoyment during coition. Anac., Calad., Natr-m., **Plat.**
A. of desire; organs shriveled. Arg-n. (Agar.)
Depression or a. of desire. Berb.
Impotence; a. of proper sensation during coition. **Graph.**
Testicles relaxed; a. of desire. Camph.

Absent.—Sexual desire too strong, or a. Nitr-ac.

Abuse.—Pollutions during sleep; after sexual a. or excesses. **Nux-v.**
Dorsal consumption, trembling, imbecility, mania, epilepsy and indigestion, following sexual excess or a. Phos.
Impotence from sexual a. Can-sat., Phos.

Ache.—Spermatic cords swollen and sensitive; sexual excitement makes them a. Sars.

Aching.—A. in penis during and after stool. Hydr.
A. of testicles with spasmodic retraction. Calc-c.
A. in testicles. Caust., Natr-m.
A. in testicles, as if contused; worse when walking. **Thuja.**
A. in outer side of left testicle when walking. Staph.
Burning and a. in testicles, with or without swelling. **Puls.**
Dragging and a. in testicles after emissions. Phos-ac.
Frequent, dull a. or drawing pain in both testicles. Ham.
Pollutions nearly every night, with great prostration, and burning, a distress in lumbar region of back. Phos.
Violent a. and soreness from a blister on inner side of prepuce. Carbo-v.

Acid.—Excitement of genitals reflex from excessively a. stomach. Iris.
Burning in urethra, as from drops of a. Ox-ac.

Acrid.—Gonorrhœa (caused by a. leucorrhœa or menses of wife). Natr-m.

Afternoon.—Pollutions during sleep in a. Caust., Clem., Merc., Phos., Sulph.

Agglutinated.—Meatus a. with mucus. Petros., Thuja.

Aggravated (see Worse).—Sensitiveness of testicles to touch; a. by erections. Am-c.

Air.—Swelling of prepuce, as if distended with a. or water to a blister. Merc-sol.

Albuminous.—A. discharge from urethra. Canth., Nitr-ac.

Alone.—Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be a. Dios.

Ameliorated (see Relieved).—Painfulness of right testicle, a. after urinating. Kobalt.

Amourous (see Lascivious).—A. paroxysms. Acon. (Ant-c., Hyos., Opi., Stram., Ver-a.)

A. frenzy. Canth.

Pollutions with a. dreams. Puls. (Kali-c., Kobalt., Led., Merc-jod., Paris.)

Anæmia.—Chronic gleet, with a.; discharge copious, painless; milky. Ferr.

Anasarca (see Dropsy and Œdema).—Hydrocele, and general a. Dig., Graph.

Anger.—Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occured as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and a. Calc-c.

Angry.—Discontented and a. after coition. Calc-c.

Anus (see section on Anus, Rectum and Stool).—Condylomata about genitals and a. Nitr-ac.

Drawing pain from a. to testicles. Rhod.

Itching in glans penis and prepuce, alternating with stitches in a. Thuja.

Anxiety.—A. after coition. Sep.

A. after pollutions. Carbo-an.

Aphrodisia.—A. Phos. (Agn., Coca, Phos-ac.)

Appetite (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Frequent debilitating pollutions; palpitation of heart and trembling of limbs; memory impaired; a. lost; constipation. Dig.

Arouses.—A. lowest pasions in man, making him beastly. Bufo.

Asleep.—Falls a. during coition. Lyc.

Asthma (see section on Respiratory Organs).—Coition produces a. Ambr.

Atony.—Gleet; small drop of watery fluid in meatus in morning; at times gluing orifice together (caused by a. of mucous membrane). Phos.

Sexual a.; emissions without excitement or sensations. Dios.

Atrophied.—Impotence with coldness, weakness and a. testicles. Camph.

Testicles a., with complete impotence. Iod.

Atrophy.—A. of testicles. Iod., Kali-jod., Staph., Zinc.

A. of testicles (in boys). Aur.

A. of sexual organs. Phos., Staph.

Emissions nearly every night, without erection, with a. of penis (after onanism). Arg-m.

Impotence; a. of testicles. Caps.

Attempted.—Erections, but when coition is a., penis becomes flaccid. Arg-n.

Attempting.—Cramps in calves of legs on a. coition. Cupr.

Aversion.—A. to other sex. Am-c.

A. to coitus. Graph., Lyc., Psor., Rhod. (Agn., Can-sat., Clem., Kali-c.)

Absence of desire, with a. to intercourse. Psor.

Aware.—Pollution during sleep, without being a. of it. Ham.

Back (see section on Back).—Burning in b. after coition. Magn-m.

Emission followed by burning in b. and cold hands. Merc.

Pains from small of b. down spermatic cords, after emission. Sars.

Pollutions, with weakness and pain in b. (sacrum), and at base of brain. Graph. (Gels.)

Pollutions nearly every night, with great prostration, and burning, aching distress in lumbar region of b. Phos.

Pollutions, followed by pain from small of b. down spermatic cords. Sars.

Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of b., extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.

Pressing pain in b. and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequenses of onanism. Calc-c.

Backache.—Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; b.; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.

Intense burning in urethra, and b. during emission. Ant-c.

Pollutions, followed by headache and b. Kobalt.

Pollutions, with depression of spirits, dull thought, b., staggering gait and great prostration. Kali-brom.

Seminal emissions, with b. Sars.

Seminal emissions, with depressed spirits, dull thought, b., staggering gait; great weakness. Kali-brom., Phos-ac.

Bad.—B. effects from suppressed sexual desire or from excessive indulgence. Coni.

Balanitis.—B. Calc-c., Cor-r., Dig., Sil.

B. and condylomata. Apis.

B., with great burning on urinating; dropsy of prepuce. Dig.

Chronic b., with greasy, offensive-smelling discharge. Merc-cor.

Fig-warts and b. Nitr-ac.

Bearing down.—B. to genitals. Asaf., Coloc.

Beastly.—Arousing lowest passions in man, making him b. Bufo.

Beating (see Throbbing and Pulsation).—Stitches and b. in left spermatic cord. Am-m.

Bed.—Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of b. or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

Scratching and rubbing genitals at night in b. Merc.

Biting.—B. in prepuce. Nux-v., Puls.

B. in glans. Nux-v.

B. in scrotum. Ran-sc.

B. eruption on genitals. Lyc.

Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense b., itching, deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Itching, b., as from salt, on left side of scrotum. Ant-c.

Bladder (see section on Urinary Organs).—Hydrocele, like a b. filled with water. Dig.

Inflammation of b. and urethra, burning or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Pain in b. and prostate gland after coition. Al-cep.

Bleed.—Chancres, which b. easily, with lardaceous edges and fetid discharge. Hep-s.

Flat ulcers, with elevated, zigzag edges on prepuce, or on glans penis; b. when touched. Nitr-ac.

Syphilis; chancres increase very rapidly and b. when touched. Nitr-ac.

Ulcers b. on moving prepuce, or on handling parts. Merc.

Ulcers which b. when touched, so painful they affect whole body. Merc.

Venereal ulcers; sensitive; b. easily. Cor-r.

Warts on prepuce, frænum and inner surface, b. when touched. Cinnab.

Bleeding.—B. ulcers on glans penis. Nitr-ac.

Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; painful tension during erections; chordee; b. from urethra, and shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.

Sycotic excresences on glans, b. when touched. Nitr-ac.

Warts on prepuce, b. when touched. Cinnab.

Blennorrhœa.—B. Ant-c.

B. of glans. Cinnab., Lyc., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sep., Sulph., Thuja. (Alu., Caust., Cor-r., Dig., Jac-car., Lach., Mez., Natr-c.)

B. of glans penis. Cinnab.

B.; yellowish-white fluid from prepuce. Jac-car.

Chronic b. Petr.

Chronic b., or prostatitis. Psor.

Painless, chronic b., stains linen yellow. Psor.

Blister.—Œdema of prepuce; swelling like a large water b. Graph.

Small b. on orifice of urethra and inner surface of prepuce forming chancre-like ulcers. Nitr-ac.

Swelling of prepuce, as if distended with air or water to a b. Merc-sol.

Violent aching and soreness from a b. on inner side of prepuce. Carbo-v.

Blisters.—B. on glans penis. Merc-sol.

Bloatedness.—B. of genitals. Calad.

Blood.—B. from urethra with semen during coition. Caust. (Led., Merc.)

Emissions; semen mixed with b. Merc-sol.

Gleet, or chronic gonorrhœa, with discharge of b. and watery slime. Millef.

Discharge of mucus, b., and pus, with much itching of prepuce. Nitr-ac.

Pollutions; semen mixed with b.; prostatitis. Merc.

Discharge of b. in semen, with much irritation. Petr.

Bloody.—B. semen. Canth., Petr. (Caust., Led., Merc.)

B. discharge from urethra. Canth., Nitr-ac.

B. pollutions. Led., Sars. (Caust., Merc.)

B. emissions nightly. Led.

Gonorrhœa; yellow or b. discharge. Nitr-ac.

Gonorrhœa, with copious discharge and terrible cutting pains; b. urine. Arg-n.

Gonorrhœa, with b. discharge. Lith-c.

Blotches.—Red b. on inner border of prepuce. Rhus-t.

Blue.—B. veins and dark redness of glans penis. Can-sat.

Glans penis b., red, swollen and cracked. Ars.

Pollutions without dreams; pale face, sunken eyes, with b. rings around them. Zinc.

Scrotum raw and looks b. (in little children). Ars.

Bluish.—Scrotum b. red. Mur-ac.

Bodily.—Exhausted mentally and b. Carbo-an.

Body.—After coition coldness of legs, with heat of b. Graph.

Desire greatly excited, with restlessness, wakefulness, and uneasiness of whole b. Ant-c.

Gleet: whitish discharge; gouty pains through b. Mez.

Bones.—Secondary and tertiary syphilis; erosion; pain in b. at night. Fluor-ac.

Boring.—B., cramp-like pain extending from rectum to testicles. Sil.

Bowels (see section on Abdomen).—Neuralgia; pain in testicles, suddenly shifting to b., causing nausea and faintness. Ham.

Bowl shaped.—Small ulcers on prepuce, covered with pus; later spreading, b., with a tallow-like coating. Arg-n.

Boys.—Atrophy of testicles (in b.). Aur.

Brain (see vol. i., section on Head).—After pollutions sensation in b. as if partially paralyzed. Sil.

Pollutions, with weakness and pain in back (sacrum) and at base of b. Graph. (Gels.)

Pollutions, with dreams of women, followed by languor, irritability, and pain at base of b. Gels.

Sexual excesses followed by pain at base of b. Gels.

Broken.—Loss of sexual power, with dull, burning pain constantly in left hypochondrium and pain across loins, as if b. **Cocc-c.**

Brown.—B. spots on glans penis. Nitr-ac.

B. spots on genitals. Kobalt.

Bruise.—Orchitis (following a b.). Zinc.

Hydrocele caused by a b. Arn.

Swelling of testicles (from a b.). **Coni. (Arn., Ham.)**

Pain as from a b. in right test cle. Dig.

Bruised.—B. pain in testicles. Acon., Dig., Pallad., Rhod. (Arg-m., Clem., Cocc., Hep-s., Natr-c., Ox-ac.)

B. pain in glands. Ars., Berb., Croton-tig., Nux-v., Pareira, Tart-em., Viola-tr.

B. crushed pain in testicle (Acon.); clothing makes it worse when walking. Arg-m.

B. feeling in genitals. Arn.

Acute orchitis, with high fever, and tearing or b. pains in testicles (from cold or gonorrhœa). Acon.

Pinching, b. squeezing pain in testicles. Spong.

Phimosis from friction, parts b. and swollen. Arn.

Sensation as if testicles were b. Cocc., Natr-c., Dig., Rhod.

Sensation as if scrotum were b. Acon., Kali-c.

Bubo.—B. in left groin as large as hen's egg; stony, hard. Hep-s.

Gonorrhœal b. with yellowish discharge; burning and itching along urethra and at meatus. Alu.

Syphilis: chancres on penis; throat ulcerated; b.; rheumatism. Phyt.

Syphilis: large b. in right groin; stony, hard. Hep-s.

Secondary syphilis: chancre on glans penis; b. Nitr-ac.

Suppurating b. Hep-s., Merc-bij., Sil.

Buboes.—B. suppurating and extremely tender. Lach.

B. indurated or with fistulous openings and hectic. Lach.

Indolent b. Merc., Cinnab.

Inflamed b. Merc-bij.

Old b. do not heal, but secrete offensive ichor. Carbo-an.

Secondary syphilis: old maltreated b. Carbo-an.

Syphilis: glans swollen; deep chancres, with hard edges; b. ulcerating. Kali-jod.

Burning.—B. in genitals. Anac., Arn., Bov., Can-sat., Canth., Jac-car., Kreas., Magn-m., Puls.

B. when urinating. Caps.

B. in excretory ducts of vesiculæ seminalis during and after coition. Canth.

B. in urethra, as from acid drops. Ox-ac.
B. in glans penis and urethra. Al-cep.
B. in urethra during and after urination. **Acon., Arg-n., Tart-em.** (Canth., Can-sat.)
B. and stinging of penis. Can-sat.
B. soreness when urinating. Apis., Can-sat.
B. in back after coition. Magn-m.
B. and stinging in urethra. Apis.
B. in urethra during ejaculation of semen. Clem.
B. at orifice of urethra before, during and after urination. **Caps.**
B. dragging from testicles to glans penis. Mang.
B. in prepuce. Ars., Berb., Calc-c., Merc., **Nux-v., Puls., Sil., Sulph.**
B. near vesiculæ seminalis. Ambr.
B. in urethra. Lith-c., Merc., Sulph.
B. in prostate gland. Cop.
B. in left half of scrotum. Lachn.
B. at tip of glans penis. Calc-c.
B. in scrotum. Euphr., Lachn., Sil.
B. when semen is discharged during coition. Kreas.
B. in spermatic cord. Berb., Mang.
B. and aching in testicles, with or without swelling. Puls.
B. in lower part of urethra after emission; languid and drowsy. Sep.
B., stinging and pressing drawing of inflamed testicles. Staph.
B. in urethra after emission. Sulph.
B. in genitals during coition, with swelling of penis next day. Kreas.
B. and stinging during ejaculation of semen in coition. Calc-c.
After pollutions b. in urethra. Carbo-v., Merc., Sulph.
Balanitis, phimosis, with great b. on urinating; dropsy of prepuce. Dig.
Condylomata on edge of prepuce, itching and b. Psor.
Condylomata with heat and b. Phos-ac.
Corrosive b. and stinging of prepuce and glans penis. Can-sat.
During coition b. and stinging when semen is discharged. Calc-c
Emission followed by b. in back and cold hands. Merc.
Fig-warts and sycotic excresences, with b. soreness and pain. Sabin.
Fiery red eruption on scrotum, which is almost raw, with b.; oozing of thick, glutinous fluid; vesicles raised. Petr.
Gonorrhœa: frequent painful erections; b. pain in urethra; green purulent discharge; hot swollen prepuce. Merc.
Gonorrhœa, first thin, afterward thick, greenish, with b. and smarting after micturition. Merc-cor.
Gonorrhœa: b. during micturition; painful tension during erections; chordee, bleeding from urethra, and shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.
Gonorrhœal bubo, with yellowish discharge; b. and itching along urethra and at meatus. Alu.

Great debility, profuse night sweats, b. and itching of skin, with tension and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.

Intense b. in urethra and backache during emission. Ant-c.

Intermittent b. between glans penis and prepuce. Thuja.

Inflammation and swelling with deep rhagades, redness and b. of prepuce; phimosis. Sulph.

Inflammation of bladder and urethra, with b. or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with b. pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.

Itching and b. in genitals. Calc-c.

Itching, b., on inner and upper side of prepuce. Puls.

Orchitis, with b., stinging pain; metastasis from mumps. Staph. (Puls.)

Phagadenic chancres; livid color, with intense b., even sloughing. Ars.

Stinging, itching, or b. in urethra. Bov.

Swelling of prepuce, indicating phimosis; violent b. pain in urethra during and after micturition. Can-sat.

Second stage of gonorrhœa: discharge like cream; b. while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.

Smarting, b. pains at stitches in spermatic cord. Berb.

Thin, ichorous discharge with b., stinging pain. Apis.

Uneasiness and b. sensation in penis and urethra, accompanied by frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.

Ulcers on sexual organs, secreting a foul, ichorous pus, with b. pains Carbo-v.

Burnt.—Penis painful, as if sore or b. When walking obliged to have it suspended. Can-sat.

Calves (see section on Extremities).—Cramps in c. during coition. Graph. (Cupr.)

Cramps in c. of legs on attempting coition. Cupr.

Caress.—Emission during an affectionate c. Arn.

Carriage.—Erections while riding in a c., without desire. Calc-ph.

Chafed.—Scrotum c. Petr., Sulph. (Arn., Natr-c., Plum., Zinc.

Prepuce c. Calad., Ign., Sil. (Alu., Mur-ac., Natr-c., Nux-v., Ver-a.)

Glans penis c. Natr-c.

C. between thighs. Bar-c., Cinnab., Hep-s., Petr. (Caust., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhod., Sulph.)

Chancre (see Male and Female Sexual Organs).—C. Merc., Merc-sol.. Merc-cor. (Arg-n., Hep-s., Jac-car., Thuja.) (Where c. assumes a phagademic appearance and secretes a thin, ichorous pus. Merc-cor.) (Apply Colomel locally.)

C. in urethra. Arg-n.
C., with sticking pains, as from a splinter. **Thuja.**
Elevated c. Merc. (Cinnab.)
Fig-warts complicated with c. Phos-ac.
Hard c. Merc-jod.
Indurated, old, obstinate c. Merc-bij.
Indurated c. on middle of penis. Cinnab.
Pimple on glans like a c. Jac-car.
Soft c. Merc.
Secondary syphilis; c. on glans penis; bubo. **Nitr-ac.**
Sore like a c. on prepuce. Ailanth.
Ulcers like c. on prepuce. Hep-s., Nitr-ac.
Ulcers like c. Merc. (Hep-s., Thuja.)

Chancre-like.—C. sore on prepuce. Ailanth., Arg-n.
Small blisters on orifice of urethra and inner surface of prepuce forming c. ulcers. Nitr-ac.
Vesicles at meatus and on inner surface of prepuce, forming c. ulcers. Merc., Nitr-ac. (Hep-s., Thuja.)
C. itching pimples on glans; red point when dry. Jac-car.

Chancres.—C. ulcerate deeply; cheesy, tenacious exudation Kali-bi. (Apply locally also.)
C. after mercury, especially with granulations, condylomata, deep ulcers with ragged edges, bleed easily. Nitr-ac.
C. which bleed easily, with lardaceous edges and fetid discharge. Hep-s.
C. on penis. Phyt. (Merc., Nitr-ac.)
C. which secrete an abundance of pus. Aur.
Mercurialized c. Hep-s., Nitr-ac.
Phagadenic c.; livid color, with intense burning; even sloughing. Ars.
Painful soft c. Cor-r.
Superficial ulcers, like c., on glans and prepuce (Hep-s., Phyt.) looking clean, but exuding an offensive moisture. Nitr-ac.
Syphilis: c. on penis; throat ulcerated; bubo; rheumatism. Phyt.
Syphilis: c.; lardaceous ulcers, or, more commonly, red ulcers on glans penis or prepuce. Cor-r.
Syphilis: glans swollen; deep c., with hard edges; buboes ulcerating. Kali-jod.
Syphilis: c. increase very rapidly and bleed when touched. Nitr-ac.
Syphilis, with c. Myg.

Chancroid.—C. ulcers on genitals. Thuja.

Chancroids.—C. Merc.
Gonorrhœa with c. Merc.
Gonorrhœa, with c.; discharge, now more, again less. Cupr.

Cheese.—Fig-warts with an odor like old c. or herring brine. Calc-c. Hep-s.

Cheesy.—Chancres ulcerate deeply; c., tenacious exudation. Kali-bi.

Chest.—Tightness of c. after coition. Staph.

Child.—C. constantly has hands on genitals, with spasms. Stram. (Look out for irritation about corona glandis, or phimosis.—W. D. G.)

Children.—C. scratch and pull at genitals. Merc. (Look out for irritation of glans penis, or phimosis, when they do.—W. D. G.)

C. reach with hands to genitals. Acon. (This is a symptom indicating irritation of the glans penis, and should be cared for.)

Copper-colored eruptions on genitals (of c.). Calc-c.

Constant pulling at penis (in c. with gravel). Canth.

Hydrocele (in c.). Calc-c., Sil.

Hydrocele of c. (especially after scarlatina). Abrot., Calc-c.

Scrotum raw and looks blue (in little c.). Ars.

Chilliness.—Pollution after coition, followed by c. and lassitude, with increased desire. Natr-m.

Choking.—C. pains in relaxed testicles. Am-c.

Chordee.—C. Camph., Can-ind., Kali-brom., Myg.

C. (with gonorrhœa). Can-ind., Canth., Chloralum.

Gonorrhœa, with inflammation and c. Bell.

Gonorrhœa: high degee of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense itching, biting deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; c. Petros.

Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; painful tension during erections; c., bleeding from urethra and shooting from behind forward. Arg-n.

Priapism, c. Can-ind.

Painful gonorrhœa; c.; phimosis. Canth.

Second stage of gonorrhœa: discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; c. can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.

Chorea.—Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; c.; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Cirsocele.—C. Ham.

Clothing.—Bruised crushed pain in testicles (Acon.); c. makes it worse when walking. Arg-m.

Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or c. causes throbbing. Spong.

Coating.—Small ulcers on prepuce, covered with pus; later spreading bowl-shaped, with a tallow-like c. Arg-n.

Cohabit.—Wanton sexual passion, with inclination to c. Calc-c., Lach. (Ant-c., Coni., Ign., Kobalt., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Phos., Puls., Sars., Sil., Spig., Stram., Zinc.)

Coition.—C. painful; urethra feels as if put on stretch; sensitive at meatus. Arg-n.
C. desired only mentally, not physically. Selen.
C. produces asthma. Ambr.
Absence of emission during c. Psor.
Absence of erection with strong inward desire for c. **Phos.**
Absence of enjoyment during c. Anac.
After c. coldness of legs with heat of body. **Graph.**
After c. prepuce retracted behind glans. Calad.
After c. pain in bladder and prostate gland. Al-cep.
After c. pain over left eye. Cedron.
After c. excited circulation and palpitation of heart. **Am-c.**
After c. pollutions every night. Dig.
After c. great debility, profuse night sweats; burning, itching of skin; tension and pressure under ribs. **Agar.**
Anxiety after c. Sep.
Affection of head after c. Bov., Calc-c.
Aversion to c. Graph., Lyc., Rhod. (Agn., Can-sat., Clem., Kali-c.)
Burning in urethra during seminal discharge in c. Clem.
Burning in genitals during c., with swelling of penis next day. **Kreas.**
Burning when semen is discharged during c. Kreas.
Burning and stinging during ejaculation of semen in c. Calc-c.
Burning in excretory ducts of vesiculæ semenalis during and after c. Canth.
Burning in back after c. Magn-m.
Blood from urethra with semen during c. Caust.
Cramps in calves of legs on attempting c. Cupr.
Cramps in calves during c. Graph. (Cupr.)
Cold legs, exhaustion, heat of body and perspiration after c. **Graph**
Constriction after c. Calad.
Desire for c., but genitals relaxed. Nux-m.
During c. sudden relaxation of penis preventing emission. **Phos-ac.**
During c. ejaculation too soon. Gels.
During c. burning and stinging when semen is discharged. Calc-c.
During c. desire suddenly ceased. Calad.
Dyspnœa towards end of c. Staph. (In all complaints caused by excesses in c. think of Staph; also Bov.)
Emission at night after c. (Phos.); semen comes in a stream, without ejeculation. Agn. (Gels.)
Emission too soon during c. Carbo-v., Phos., Zinc. (Berb., Borax, Calad., Coni., Lyc., Plat., Selen., Sulph.)
Emission too soon during c., or difficult and almost impossible. Zinc.
Emission too soon during c., followed by roaring in ears. Carbo-v.
Emission failing during c. Calad., Eugen., Graph., Lyc., Millef., Psor.
Erections with great desire for c. Ham.

Erections after c. Rhod., Sep.
Erections, but when c. is attempted, penis becomes flaccid. Arg-n.
Ejaculation with but slight erection during c. Graph.
Exhaustion after c., also after pollutions. Phos-ac. (Agar., China, Kali-c., Staph.)
Excessive sexual desire, with retarded erection and too early emission of semen during c. (Natr-c.), followed by excessive weakness. Calc-c.
Excessive enjoyment and pleasure during c. Fluor-ac.
Epilepsy during c., or resulting from onanism. Bufo.
Feeble erections; c. incomplete; emission too soon. Natr-c. (Agn., Calad., Calc-c.)
Flatulent colic during c. Graph.
Great desire for c. (Mosch.), penis being relaxed. Agar. (Agn., Coni.)
Great desire for c., but with little ability, or with deficient excitement, or tardy, insufficient emission of semen. Agar.
Great debility, profuse night sweats, burning and itching of skin, with tension and pressure under ribs, after c. Agar.
Great weakness after pollutions or c. Kali-c. (Agar., Calc-c., China, Coca, Phos-ac., Staph.)
Great sexual excitement; irresistible desire for c. Phos.
Great weakness of knees after c. Sep.
Glans penis remains sensitive after c. Eugen.
Sleepy or goes to sleep during c. Bar-c., Lyc.
Ineffectual effort to have an erection during c. Phos.
Indifference to c. Boarx.
Increased desire, caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as c. commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.
Involuntary emissions after c. Natr-m., Rhod.
Insufficient erection and but little thrill during c. Sep.
Impotence, with dislike to c. or absence of proper sensation during c. Graph.
Insufficient seminal discharge during c. Agar., Berb., Plumb.
Irresistible desire for c. Phos.
Late sleep after c. Bov.
Mental and bodily fatigue after c. Sep.
No ejaculation during c. in spite of every exertion. Graph., Millef.
Nervous irritation after c. Petr.
Night sweats after c. Agar.
Pollutions after c., followed by chilliness and lassitude, with increased desire. Natr-m.
Pollutions after c. Natr-m., Rhod.
Paralysis soon after c. Phos.

Peevishness after c. Selen.
Perspiration after c. Eugen., Graph., Natr-c.
Pain in groin after c. Therid.
Pain in bladder and prostate gland after c. Al-cep.
Penis becomes relaxed during c. Nux-v.
Reeling and confusion in head after c. Bov.
Retraction after c. Calad.
Roaring in head after c. Carbo-v.
Sensation on right side of head as if paralyzed after c.; soreness of thighs. Sil.
Sexual excitement with desire for c. Cocc.
Stinging when semen is discharged during c. Calc-c.
Sexual desire strong, with violent erections all night and desire for c. Fluor-ac.
Soreness of limbs after c. Sil.
Sexual excitement and desire for c. in morning on awaking. Puls.
Seminal discharge fails during c. Calad., Eugen., Graph., Lyc., Millef., Psor.
Seminal discharge too late during c. Borax, Calc-c., Eugen., Lyc., Zinc.
Semen dribbling out during c. Canth.
Thirst after c. Eugen.
Tightness of chest after c. Staph.
Too weak and thrill too short, and ejection too soon during c. Berb.
Toothache after c. Daph.
Tremor of legs after c. Calc-c.
Very faint after c. Asaf.
Weakness of genitals; penis relaxed during c.; no ejaculation. Eugen.
Weakness after c. or pollutions. Phos-ac.
Weakness of organs and loss of desire; retarded ejaculation during c. Natr-m.
Weakness of sexual organs; insufficient erections, lasting only a short time; c. imperfect; weakness after c. Coni.
Weakness, especially eyes, after c. Kali-c.
Weakness after c. Lyc., Natr-m. (Agar., Berb., Calc-c., Coni., Graph., Kali-c., Nitr-ac., Petr., Selen., Sep., Sil.)
Weak and sick several days after c. Calc-c.
Weak and ill-humored after c.; weakness in loins. Selen.
Want of enjoyment during c. Anac., Calad., Natr-m., Plat.

Cold.—C. legs, exhaustion, heat of body and perspiration after coition. Graph.
Acute prostatitis (from c.). Acon.
Acute orchitis, with high fever, and tearing or bruised pains in testicles (from c. or gonorrhœa). Acon.
Emission followed by burning in back and c. hands, Merc.

Genitals relaxed and c., almost insensible. Dios. (Agn.)
Genitals c., relaxed (Agn., Camph., Dios., Gels.) and sweating. Calad.
Impotence from a c. Mosch.
Penis small; testicle c. and relaxed. Aloe.
Penis small, c., relaxed. Lyc.
Prepuce and glans penis icy c. Sulph.
Second stage of gonorrhœa: discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by c. water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Scrotum shrunken, c., with pressure in testicles. Berb.
Scrotum c. and shriveled. Caps.
Swollen, hard and painful testicles, which are c. Acon., Agn., Coni.
Testicles c. Agn., Aloe. (Brom., Caps., Merc.)

Coldness.—C. of genitals. Agn., Can-sat., Caps. (Aloe, Brom., Calad., Gels., Iris, Lyc., Merc., Sulph.)
C. and numbness in prepuce and glans penis. Berb.
C. of legs after coition. Graph.
C. of penis. Sulph.
C. of scrotum. Aloe, Caps., Merc.
C. and induration of left testicle. Brom.
C. and relaxation of scrotum. Iris.
C. and itching of genitals. Iris.
After coition c. of legs with heat of body. Graph.
After pollutions, general c. Merc.
Flaccidity and c. of genitals, with great languor and depression of spirits; dragging pain in testicles. Gels.
Impotence, with c. and flaccidity of parts. Camph.
Impotence, with c. of scrotum. Caps. (Agn., Berb.)
Shrinking of scrotum, with c. and pain in testicles. Berb.
Sensation of c. on prepuce and glans. Berb., Sulph., Zinc.
Sensation of c.; cold sweat on genitals. Calad.
Sensation of c. in testicles. Merc., Merc-sol. (Berb., Caps., Sulph.)
Weakness and c. of genitals. Berb.

Colic (see section on Abdomen).—Flatulent c. during coition. Graph.

Compressed.—Right testicle feels as if c. Staph.

Condylomata (see Excresences).—C. Apis, Aur., Cinnab., Merc-sol., Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Thuja. (Euphr., Lyc., Millef., Sabin., Staph.)
C.; soft sycotic excresences, with greenish discharge. Natr-s.
C. on edge of prepuce, itching and burning. Psor.
C. with heat and burning. Phos-ac.
C. on glans. Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Staph.
C. on prepuce. Nitr-ac., Sabin.
C. on penis. Lyc.
C. about genitals and anus. Nitr-ac.
Balanitis and c. Apis.
Chronic gleet, with c. Aur.

Chancres, after Mercury, especially with granulations, c., deep ulcers with ragged edges; bleed easily. Nitr-ac.

Oozing c. Nitr-ac., Thuja.

Red c. on inner surface of prepuce. Thuja.

Sore c. Euphr., Sabin.

Warty excresences and c., which discharge much. Benz-ac.

Confusion.—Reeling and c. in head after coition. Bov.

Congested.—C. feeling about genitals. Bell.

Constipation (see section on Anus, Rectum and Stool).—After pollutions, c. Thuja.

Frequent debilitating pollutions; palpitation of heart and trembling of limbs; memory impaired; appetite lost; c. Dig.

Constriction.—C. behind glans (Coloc.) after coition. Calad.

C. of prepuce. Sulph. (Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Sabin.)

C. after coition. Calad.

Sensation of c. in penis. Arn., Kali-c., Mosch.

Sensation of c. in testicles; drawn up. Bufo, Nux-v., Plumb., Sulph.

Sensation of c. in scrotum. Arn.

Constrictive.—C. pain at root of penis in morning on waking. Kali-bi.

Contracted.—Penis becomes quite small; c. Ign.

Contracting.—Cutting and c. pains from urethra down to penis; pressure on glans penis relieves a little. Canth.

Contraction —C. in testicles. Alu., Camph., Nux-v., Plumb.

C. of spermatic cord. Alu., Berb., Nux-v.

Severe erections, with c. and sore pain along urethra, at night. Canth.

Pain in spermatic cord, when standing, with c. of scrotum. Can-sat.

Control.—Pollutions, with lascivious dreams, followed by irritability, and inability to c. thoughts; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.

Contused.—C. pain in scrotum. Acon.

C. pain (Arg-n., Spong.), with alternate drawing in testicles. Rhod.

C. pain in right testicle. Dig.

Aching in testicles, as if c.; worse when walking. Thuja.

Testicles feel heavy and c.; shooting along cords. Clem., Ox-ac., Spong.

Contusion.—Pressive pain, as from c. when touching or rubbing. Aur.

Contusive.—Gonorrhœa, with copious discharge; c. pain in testicle. Arg-m.

Copious.—Chronic gleet, with anæmia; discharge c., painless; milky. Ferr.

Gonorrhœa, with c. discharge; contusive pain in testicle. Arg-m.

Gonorrhœa, with c. discharge and terrible cutting pains; bloody urine. Arg-n.

Copper colored.—C. eruptions on genitals (of children). Calc-c.

Syphilis affecting throat; constantly dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; c. spots on palms of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Copulate.—Irritability and weakness of genitals; desire without erections or ability to c. Dig.

Cord.—Bruised pain or burning in spermatic c. Berb., Mang.

Cramping pain in seminal c. Arg-m., Nux-v.

Contraction of spermatic c. Alu., Berb., Nux-v.

Dragging or lancinating pains in spermatic c., extending to testicles. Berb., Ham., Merc., Puls.

Drawing pain in spermatic c. while urinating. Canth.

Drawing pain in testicles and spermatic c. Merc. (Berb.)

Drawing from right or left testicle to spermatic c. Berb.

Drawing in testicles, extending up to spermatic c. Zinc.

Itching in spermatic c. Mang.

Inflammation of spermatic c. Nux-v., Psor., Puls,

Impotence; sexual desire completely lost from chronic degeneration of c. Plumb.

Jerking in spermatic c. Mang., Plumb., Ox-ac.

Left testicle swollen, with intolerable drawing pain in testicle and c. Clem.

Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic c.; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

Pain in spermatic c., when standing, with contraction of scrotum. Can-sat.

Pain in testicles drawing to spermatic c. Clem., Spong.

Pain and spasm of spermatic c., with pollutions. Dios.

Painful swelling of spermatic c. and testicles; tearing pains. China.

Painfulness of spermatic c. Caps., Meny.

Pressure in spermatic c. Berb., Spong., Sulph.

Pressure and tension in testicles and spermatic c. Sulph.

Rheumatic gonorrhœa; painful drawing pains in spermatic c., with tearing pains in testicles. Puls.

Right spermatic c. sensitive, testicle drawn up. Clem.

Right testicle drawn up and swollen, spermatic c. swollen, with tensive pain, while left testicle hangs low down. Puls.

Soft, puffy swelling of left spermatic c., with pain extending down into testicles, especially epididymis. Berb.

Sensation of constriction in spermatic c. Nux-v.

Sensation as if testicles were being drawn up into inguinal ring, with violent dragging in spermatic c. Sec.

Shooting, drawing in spermatic c. Staph.

Smarting in spermatic c. Berb.

Smarting, burning pains or stitches in spermatic c. Berb.

Spermatic c. swollen (Arn.) and painful. Spong. (Puls.)

Stitches in right testicle and spermatic c. Bry.

Stitches shooting from testicles into spermatic c. Spong.

Stitches and beating in left spermatic c. Am-m.

Stinging stitches in spermatic c. Am-m., Arn., Berb., Gra:., Nux-v., Sulph., Thuja.
Swelling of testicles and spermatic c. China, Kali-c.
Tension in spermatic c. Can-sat., Phos-ac.
Tearing in spermatic c. Bell., Colch., Puls.
Tearing upward in left spermatic c., evening in bed. Bell.
Throbbing in spermatic c. Am-m.
Testicles swollen hard, screwing, squeezing, with stitches up in c. Spong.
Twitching in spermatic c. Mang. (Plumb.)
Testicles feel heavy and contused; shooting along c. Clem., Ox-ac., Spong.

Cords.—Choking or forcing pain in testicles and seminal c. **Am-c.**
Drawing pains from abdomen through spermatic c. to testicles. **Puls.** (Ham.)
Drawing pains in testicles and spermatic c. Chelid., Psor.
Drawing in spermatic c. Al-cep., Mang. (Agn., Berb., Clem., Croton-tig., Lact., Merc., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac., Puls., Tereb., Zinc.)
Hot swelling of testicles and c. Kali-c.
Inflammation and swelling of testicles, pain extending to spermatic c. Nitr-ac.
Lacerating, shooting, drawing in spermatic c., extending to right testicle. Staph.
Neuralgia of spermatic c. and testicles. Berb., Cocc. (Clem., Cimicif., Puls.)
Neuralgic pains in spermatic c. Ox-ac.
Pains often extend to spermatic c. and testicles, drawing them up. Canth.
Pain running down spermatic c. into testicles. Berb., Ham., Merc.
Pain in testicles and spermatic c. Clem., Osm.
Painful drawing pain in spermatic c. lasting a long time. Puls.
Pollutions, followed by pain from small of back down spermatic c. Sars.
Soreness and rheumatic pains in spermatic c. Phyt.
Spermatic c. swollen and sensitive; sexual excitement makes them ache. Sars.
Spermatic c. painfully swollen (Calc-c.); stitches in abdomen. **Arn.**
Swelling of spermatic c. (Arn.), with tension. Phos-ac.
Sensation of fullness in spermatic c. Fluor-ac.
Testicles feel heavy and contused; shooting along spermatic c. Ox-ac.

Corona glandis.—Crawling and itching sensation at c. **Natr-m.**
Prepuce and c. feel sore from slight rubbing. **Cycl.**
Red spots and itching on c. Sil.
Red, scurfy spots on c. Cor-r., Nitr-ac.
Round, flat, unclean ulcer on c. Thuja.

Soft, humid excresences on and behind c. **Staph.**
Swelling of one-half of c. Spig.
Tingling around c. Spig.
Violent itching of c., with much pus. **Cinnab.**
Voluptuous itching of c. Mang.

Corrosion.—Sensation of c. in testicles. Phos-ac., **Plat.**

Corrosive.—C. burning and stinging of prepuce and glans penis. Can-sat.

Cough (see section on Respiratory Organs).—**Constant, dry, hacking** c., after suppressed gonorrhœa. Benz-ac.

Crab-lice.—C. Sabad.

Cracked.—Glans penis blue, red, swollen and c. **Ars.**

Cracks.—C. in glans. Ars., Kali-c., Mosch.
C. in prepuce. Merc., Sulph.

Cramping.—C. pain in testicles. Am-c., Agn., Nux-v., Plumb., Spong.
C. pain in seminal cord. Arg-m., Nux-v.

Cramp-like.—Boring, c. pain, extending from rectum to testicles. Sil.

Cramps.—C. in calves during coition. Graph. (Cupr.)
C. in calves of legs on attempting coition. Cupr.

Crawling (see Creeping and Fornication).—C. in testicles. **Agn.**
C. and creeping as of insects. Petr.
C. and itching sensation at corona glandis. Natr-m.
Voluptuous c. on genitals. Plat.
Itching and c. as of insects about scrotum. Staph.
Tingling, creeping and c. through whole length of urethra. **Petros.**
Tingling, c., tickling of genitals. Mosch., Selen.
Tingling, c. of frænum. Phos-ac.
Tingling, c. in testicles. Euphr., Merc.
Tingling, c. in prepuce. Merc., Phos-ac.
Tingling, c. in scrotum. Acon., Lachn., Selen.
Tingling, c. in glans penis. Merc., Spig., Tart-em.

Cream.—Second stage of gonorrhœa; discharge like c.; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Purulent discharge from urethra like c. Caps.

Creeping.—C. and crawling on posterior portions of penis, and on scrotum. Phos-ac.
C. and itching in scrotum and glans penis. Chelid.

Crushed.—Bruised, c. pain in testicles (Acon.); clothing makes it worse when walking. Arg-m.
Orchitis; induration of testicles (Clem.) with feeling as if being c. Rhod.
Pressing pain in right testicle, as if c. Acon., Arg-n., Cau st.

Culpability.—Onanism; patient distressed by his c. in indulgence. Phos-ac.

Curvature.—Priapism without c. of penis. Petros.

Cutting.—C. pains in penis. Ol-an.
C. pains in testicles. Berb., Phos-ac., Sep., Tereb.
C. pains in glans. Lyc.
C. and stinging in perinæum. Aur.
C., contracting pains from ureters down to penis; pressure on glans relieves a little. Canth.
Burning, c., or stinging in urethra. Caps.

Dark.—Blue veins and d. redness of glans penis. Can-sat.
Prepuce d. red, hot and inflamed. Can-sat.
Day.—Constant excitement of genitals, with frequent erections d. and night. Dios.
Erections during d. Anac., Clem.
Erections d. and night. Phos.
Emissions easily excited during d. Canth., Graph.
Emissions without erections d. and night. Eryngium-aquaticum.
Emissions during sleep, followed by prostration and ill-humor next d. Dig.
Frequent erections, even during d. Chelid.
Frequent pain in testicles all d. Ham. (Clem., Rhod.)
Pollutions during sleep, with lascivious dreams; or emissions during d. from sexual excitement, without erections. Gels.
Pollutions easily excited during d. Canth., Graph.
Debauches.—Complaints after sexual d. Agar., China, Gels., Phos.
Debilitating.—Emissions at night very d. Aur., China, Gels., Phos., Phos-ac. (Staph.)
Frequent and d. emissions during sleep. China. (Digitaline 2x trit., Mono-brom. of Camph. 1x, Gels., Phos-ac.)
Frequent d. pollutions; palpitation of heart and trembling of limbs; memory impaired; appetite lost; constipation. Dig.
Frequent d. pollutions, causing hypochondriasis. Phos-ac.
Debility.—D. of genitals. Staph.
D. after coition; also after pollutions. Phos-ac. (Agar., China, Kali-c., Staph.)
D. of genitals and loss of desire. Sulph.
D. and neurasthenia of genitals. Stann.
D. following spermatorrhœa. Hydr., Phos-ac.
After an emission, great d. and lassitude (Phos-ac., Staph.), with pain and weakness in thighs. Agar.
Emissions at night from plethora of sexual organs; or emissions without erections, followed by d. and great relaxation of parts. Opi.
Excessive desire, without emissions, followed by d. Kali-c.
Great d., profuse night sweats, burning and itching of skin, with tension and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.
Gleet with d.; copious, painless, sometimes thick, yellow discharge. Hydr.

Involuntary emission at night followed by great weakness and d. of body and mind. Calc-c.

Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; d.; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Profund d. of sexual organs. Dios.

Sexual d.; pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.

Sexual d., penis relaxed. Mur-ac.

Sexual d. (from intemperate use of table salt). **Phos.**

Sexual d. Mang. (Lyc., Phos.)

Spermatorrhœa, with relaxation and d. Gels.

Weakness and d. of organs (resultant from masturbation or excesses). Phos., Phos-ac.

Deficient.—Great desire for coition, but with little ability, or with d. excitement, or tardy, insufficient emission of semen. Agar.

Semen d., with weakness of genitals. Nux-m.

Degeneration.—Senile d. of prostate gland. Iod.

Denuded.—D. spot on penis, becomes ulcerated and will not heal. Nitr-ac.

Depression.—D. of sexual instinct, with loss of energy. Eryngium-aquaticum.

D. or absence of desire. Berb.

Chronic gonorrhœa, or gleet; accompanied by moral and physical d. Hydr.

Excitablity followed by d. Bell.

Flaccidity and coldness of genitals, with great languor and d. of spirits; dragging pain in testicles. Gels.

Impotence with mental d. Calad.

Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; d. of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.

Pollutions, with d. of spirits, dull thought, backache, staggering gait and great prostration. Kali-brom.

Profound d. of sexual powers. Ustil. (Agar., Agn., Coni.)

Desire.—D. excessive or deficient. Kali-c., Nitr-ac.

Greatly increased d. quickly alternating with relaxation. **Acon.**

D. easily excited. Nux-v. (Coni.)

D. too strong (Nitr-ac.), almost priapism. Puls.

D. without erections. Agar., Agn., Coni., Nuph.

D. and power increased. Helon.

D. increased with violent erections. Kali-n., Mez., Plumb.

D. greatly increased (Can-ind., Canth., Lach., Ox-ac.), at three a. m. Calc-c.

D. increased. Acon., Agar., Al-cep., Aloe., Bar-c., Bell., Brom., Bry., Can-sat., Ferr., Lil-tig., Naja, Nitr-ac., Sang., Sil., Staph., Stram., Tellur.

D. lessened (Dios., Kali-jod., Lyc., Therid.) even to impotence. Agn., Kali-brom.

D. increased which provokes emissions, but weakness follows indulgence, and ejaculations are tardy. Calc-c.

D. increased or very weak. Sil.

D. increased, with weakness of genitals. Sep.

D. diminished, with suicidal despondency. Aur.

D. increased, disturbing sleep. Canth.

D. for coition only mentally, not physically. Selen.

D. increased; fits of lasciviousness. Acon.

D., with relaxed penis (Agar., Agn., Arg-m., Arg-n., Bar-c., Calad., Coni.), or painful erections without d. Calad.

D. greatly excited, with restlessness, wakefulness and uneasiness of whole body, which prevents him from sitting long. Ant-c.

D. for coition, but genitals relaxed. Nux-m.

Absence of d. (Arg-n., Camph.); lascivious thoughts do not cause erections. Nuph.

Absence of erection, with strong inward d. for coition. Phos.

Absence of d., with aversion to intercourse. Psor.

Absence of d.; organs shriveled; feeble erections; impotence. Arg-n. (Agar.)

Absence of d.; testicles relaxed. Agn.

Depression or absence of d. Berb.

Debility of genitals and loss of d. Sulph.

During coition d. suddenly ceased. Calad.

Excessive d. (Alu., Mosch., Phos.), with retarded erection and too early emission (Natr-c.), followed by excessive weakness. Calc-c.

Excessive d., with frequent erections during day. Can-ind.

Excessive sexual d; lascivious; exposes person. Hyos.

Excessive d., without emissions, followed by debility. Kali-c.

Excessive sexual d., disturbing sleep. Canth.

Excitement of genitals, with increased d. for coition. Cocc.

Excitement of d. Sulph.

Erection without d. Asclep-tub., Calad., Euphr., Magn-s., Nitr-ac.

Erections without d. in morning. Am-c.

Feeble erections without sexual d. Agn.

Great sexual excitement; irresistible d. for coition. Ham., Phos.

Great d. for an embrace, penis being relaxed. Agar. (Agn., Coni.)

Great d. for coition, but with little ability, or with deficient excitement, or tardy, insufficient emission of semen. Agar.

Great d. with violent erections, especially at night. Plat.

Greatly increased d., with exhausting erections and pollutions, with hypochondriasis. Aur.

Glans penis very red, covered with fine red points; dry, with d. to rub it. Calad.

Genitals relaxed; d. suppressed; no erections. Hell.

Gleet, without d. or erections. Agn.

Increased d., caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Increased d., which if ungratified causes pain and tension in testicles and cords. Nux-m.

Increased d., with violent erections at night. Fluor-ac.

Increased d., but erections weak and of short duration. Nux-m.

Increased d., with violent and continued erections. Sabin.

Increased d., with frequent erections. Cocc-c.

Irresistible d. for coition. Phos.

Irrepressible d. and excessive priapism. Camph.

Irritability and weakness of genitals; d. without erections or ability to copulate. Dig.

Impotence, with sexual desire. Ign.

Impotence; d. completely lost, from chronic degeneration of cord. Plumb.

Loss of sexual d. (in light complexioned, fleshy people). Kali-bi.

Loss of sexual d. (Bell., Berb., Ign., Plumb.) (in old men). Lyc.

Loss of d.; no erections. Nitr-ac.

Primary action, loss of sexual power; secondary action, increased d. Agn.

Satyriasis, and d. for coition, so that he forgot all modesty and reason. Canth.

Sexual d. excited, with erections, morning and evening. Natr-s.

Sexual d. greatly excited, with lascivious dreams and emissions during sleep, followed by great prostration and excitement of nerves. Coff.

Sexual d. too strong, or absent. Nitr-ac.

Sexual d. increased, with frequent erections and pollutions. Opi. (Phos.)

Sexual d. increased; lascivious fancies; impotence. China. (Agar., Phos-ac.)

Sexual d. suppressed, then excited, with lascivious dreams and pollutions. Eryngium-aquaticum.

Sexual d. excited; violent erections; nightly emissions. Cham.

Sexual d. and power weak. Lyc.

Sexual d. lessened; almost lost. Agn. (Sulph.)

Sexual excitement and d. for coition in morning on waking. Puls.

Sexual d. excited. Croc.

Sexual ability weakened (Agn.); d. increased. Bar-c.

Strong d. excited after involuntary emissions. Aloe, Mez.

Strong d. with feeble erections; all erectile power lost. Phos.
Strong d. without being able to have an erection. Lyc.
Testicles relaxed; absence of d. Camph.
Voluptuous itching of scrotum, exciting d. Anac.
Very great d. Kali-c.
Violent d. Anac.
Violent d. without erections. Am-c.
Weakness of organs and loss of d.; retarded ejaculation during coition. Natr-m.
Weakness of sexual organs and but little sexual d. Phos-ac.
Weak sexual d. Clem.

Despair.—Spermatorrhœa, attended with great sadness and d. Dig.

Despondency.—Sexual dreams and emissions at night, followed by excessive irritability, d. and prostration. Nux-v.
Lascivious dreams of women all night; great d.; knees weak. Dios.
Diminished desire with suicidal d. Aur.
Pollutions, accompanied by lascivious dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; d. and fear of future. Dig.

Despondent.—Pollutions (from indigestion), with much irritability and prostration; d. Sang.

Difficult.—Emission during coition too d. and almost impossible. Zinc.

Difficulty.—Prepuce inflamed and very painful, d. in drawing it back. Sabin.

Digestion (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Sexual debility; pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired d.; pale and languid. Nuph.
Impaired d. from sexual abuse. Sulph.

Diminished (see Lessened).—Sexual passion d. Acon., Agn., Arg-n., Bar-c., Bell., Carbo-an., Hell., Hep-s., Ind., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Lyc., Magn-c., Opi., Petr., Phos-ac., Sabad., Spong., Teucr.

Dinner.—Erections after d. Nicc.

Discharge (see Emission).—D. of prostatic fluid after micturition or hard stool. Hep-s.
D. of prostatic fluid from relaxed penis. Aur.
D. of prostatic fluid (prostatorrhœa) after micturition or stool, with hypertrophy of prostate gland. Natr-c. (Sil.)
D. of a milky fluid from urethra. Petros.
D. of yellowish fluid from prepuce. Jac-car.
D. from urethra causes itching and burning. Natr-m.
D. of prostatic fluid after micturition. Kali-c.
D. of prostatic fluid at every change of emotion, without voluptuous thoughts, with itching of prepuce. Coni.
Urethritis, with offensive, purulent d. (as in gonorrhœa). Puls.
D. of prostatic fluid during stool. Carbo-v., Kali-bi.

D. of prostatic fluid from slight cause. Eryngium-aquaticum.
D. of prostratic fluid on passing flatus. Magn-c.
D. of milk-like fluid after stool. Iod.
D. like gonorrhœa. Guaj.
D. of seamen after urinating. Sulph.
Condylomata; soft sycotic excresences, with greenish d. Natr-s.
Chronic prostatitis, with mucous d. Petr.
Chronic gleet with muco-purulent d. Cop.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with great pain and soreness during micturition, yellowish-green d. Cinnab.
Chronic balanitis, with greasy, offensive-smelling d. Merc-cor.
Chronic gleet, with anæmia; d. copious, painless, milky. Ferr.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with yellow-greenish d., of indolent character. Arg-m.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with milky d. Ferr.
Chancres which bleed easily, with lardaceous edges and fetid d. Hep-s.
Gonorrhœa; thick, yellow, or yellow-green d. Puls.
Gonorrhœa; dark red d. Cub.
Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense itching, biting deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse d.; chordee. Petros.
Gonorrhœa; yellow or bloody d. Lith-c., Nitr-ac.
Gonorrhœa; thick, yellowish-greenish d., with little pain. Natr-s.
Gonorrhœa: frequent painful erections; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent d.; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.
Gonorrhœa, profuse, thick, glutinous, pus-like d. Cub.
Gonorrhœa, with copious d.; contusive pain in testicle. Arg-m.
Gonorrhœa: inflammatory stage; penis swollen; thick purulent d.; micturition difficult, with intermittent flow. Can-sat.
Gonorrhœa: d. of bloody mucus; painful urination; chronic form. Nitr-ac.
Gonorrhœa, with copious d. and terrible cutting pains; bloody urine. Arg-n.
Gonorrhœa, or gleet; d. of watery mucus; stinging and titillating through urethra and perinæum; urethra sore. Mez.
Gonorrhœa; purulent or mucous d. Cop.
Gonorrhœa; thick yellow d. (as in second stage of disease). Hydr.
Gonorrhœa; d. of thick, fetid pus. Sil.
Gonorrhœal bubo, with yellowish d.; burning and itching along urethra and at meatus. Alu.
Gleet, with stringy or jelly-like d. Kali-bi.
Gleet with debility; copious, painless, sometimes thick, yellow d. Hydr.
Gleet, or chronic gonorrhœa, with d. of blood and watery slime. Millef.

Gleet; whitish d.; gouty pains through body. Mez.
Gleet; d. of clear mucus; of transparent, watery slime. Natr-m.
Gleety d. at night, staining linen yellow. Fluor-ac.
Inflammatory and rheumatic gonorrhœa, with d. of pus. Sabin.
Involuntary d. of semen. Sulph.
Insufficient seminal d. Agar., Berb., Plumb.
Purulent d. from urethra like cream. Caps.
Phimosis, with d. of pus, accompanied by throbbing. Hep-s.
Painless d. of mucus, more or less profuse. Can-sat.
Red, flat ulcers on glans penis and inside of prepuce, with d. of yellow ichor. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)
Mucous d. from urethra. Merc.
Second stage of gonorrhœa; d. like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Secondary gonorrhœa, with green d. Kobalt.
Seminal d. too late. Borax, Calc-c., Eugen., Lyc., Zinc.
Seminal d. without erection. Graph.
Spermatorrhœa; d. during stool. Coni.
Strong excitement of sexual passion, with d. of prostatic fluid. Nitr-ac.
Thin, ichorous d., with burning, stinging pain. Apis.
Thick, greenish or yellowish d., more at night. Merc.
Urethritis, with d. of transparent mucus, with pain. Ham.
Venereal ulcers, with fetid d. Hep-s.
Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under prepuce, with d. of yellowish-white matter having strong odor, staining linen. Merc-sol
Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like d.; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.
Yellow d. Agn.
Yellow, purulent d., makes spots on linen like gonorrhœa. Natr-m.
Yellow purulent d. from urethra. Copaiba.
Yellow d. from urethra. Agn., Hydr., Petros., Puls.

Discharged.—During coition burning and stinging when semen is d. Calc-c., Kreas.

Discontent.—Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, d. and anger. Calc-c.

Distended.—Swelling of prepuce, as if d. with air or water to a blister. Merc-sol.
Violent erections; penis d. almost to bursting. Picric-ac.

Distress.—Pollution nearly every night, with great prostration, and burning, aching d. in lumbar region of back. Phos.

Distressed.—Onanism; patient d. by his culpability in indulgence. Phos-ac.

Down.—Right half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs d.; testicles relaxed and also hang d. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)
Testicles relaxed (Camph.); hanging d. Sulph. (Clem.)
Testicles hang d. Am-c., Bell., Camph., China, Gels., Iod., Lyc., Magn-m., Nitr-ac., Puls., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

Dragging.—D. pains in groins extending to testicles. Hydr.
D. sensation in testicles when standing. Can-sat. (Berb.)
D. or lancinating pains in spermatic cord, extending to testicles. Berb., Ham., Merc., Puls.
D. pain in left testicle and penis. Kali-c.
D. and aching in testicles after emissions. Phos-ac.
D., pressive sensation in testicles when standing. Can-sat.
Burning d. from testicles to glans penis. Mang.
Flaccidity and coldness of genitals, with great languor and depression of spirits; d. pain in testicles. Gels.
Sensation as if testicles were being drawn up into inguinal ring, with violent d. in spermatic cord. Sec.

Drawing.—D. in spermatic cords. Al-cep., Mang. (Agn., Berb., Clem., Croton-tig., Lact., Merc., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac., Puls., Tereb., Zinc.)
D. in glans (Iod., Kali-c., Lact., Lyc.), more in afternoon. **Asaf.**
D. in penis. Kali-c., Lact., Ol-an., Ran-sc., Rhod.
D. in testicles. Puls., Thuja, Zinc. (Agar., Am-c., Berb., China, Clem., Cocc., Merc., Natr-c., **Nitr-ac., Ox-ac., Psor.,** Rhod., Staph., Tereb., Ver-a.)
D. up of right testicle. Clem., Puls., **Thuja, Zinc.**
D. from right or left testicle to spermatic cord. **Berb.**
D. up of left testicle. Calc-c., Croton-tig., Pareira, **Zinc.**
D. and sticking in navicular fossa, changing to a cutting, **biting after urination.** Petros. (Can-sat.)
D. pain from anus to testicles. Rhod.
D. in testicles, extending up to spermatic cord. Zinc.
D. pain in spermatic cord while urinating. Canth.
D. pains in spermatic cords lasting a long time. Puls.
D. sore pain in testicles when touched. Cocc.
D. from testicle upwards; right testicle drawn up. **Clem.**
D. pains in testicles and spermatic cords. Psor.
D. soreness in testicles, as if excoriated. Phos-ac.
D. pains from abdomen through spermatic cords to testicles. **Puls.** (Ham.)
Burning, stinging, and pressing d. of inflamed testicles. Staph.
Contused pain, with alternate d. in testicles. Rhod.
Heaviness and d. in testicles. Natr-c., Ox-ac.
Inflammation and swelling of testicles, with hardness and d. **Nux-v.**
Induration and swelling of testicles (especially of left), with violent d. pains, extending to abdomen and thighs. Rhod.

Left testicle swollen, with intolerable d. pain in testicle and cord. Clem.

Lacerating, shooting d., in spermatic cords, extending to right testicle. Staph.

Prepuce inflamed and very painful, difficulty in d. it back. Sabin.

Pains often extend to spermatic cords and testicles, d. them up. Canth.

Rheumatic gonorrhœa; painful d. pains in spermatic cord, with tearing pains in testicles. Puls.

Drawn.—Drawing from testicles upwards; right testicle d. up. **Clem.**

Genitals appear d. in. **Euphr.**

Lacerations in testicles, which are d. up. Bell.

Right spermatic cord sensitive, testicle d. up. **Clem.**

Right testicle d. up and swollen. Puls.

Right testicle d. up, with pain in kidneys. Æth.

Sexual instinct entirely lost; testicles d. up. **Bell.**

Sensation as if testicles were being d. up into inguinal ring, with violent dragging in spermatic cord. Sec.

Testicles d. up towards external abdominal ring. **Cic-v. (Bell., Berb.)**

Testicles d. up; feel constricted. Plumb.

Testicles d. up, swollen and painful. Rhod. **(Clem.)**

Testicles d. up. Berb. (Bell., Croton-tig., Euphr., **Meny., Nux-v.,** Ol-an., Plumb., Rhod., Thuja, Zinc.)

Dreams (see section on Sleep).—D. that he must urinate, when pollution occurs. Merc-jod.

Erections at night, with lascivious d. Nux-v., Ox-ac., Staph.

Emission without d. at night. Anac., Coni., Guaj., Phos., Stann., Vib-op.

Emissions, with voluptuous d. Bism., Coca. (China, Phos ac.)

Emissions at night, with lascivious d.; from high living, etc. Nux-v.

Lascivious d. of women all night; great despondency; knees weak. Dios.

Lascivious thoughts and d. Kali-brom., Opi.

Lascivious d. (Sars.), followed by pollution. **Merc-jod.**

Nightly emissions, with or without voluptuous d. **Ant-c.**

Pollutions, with amorous d. Kali-c., Kobalt., Led., **Merc-jod., Paris.**

Pollutions, with lascivious d. Iris, Puls., Sabad.

Pollutions without d. Coni., Guaj. (Bism., Cor-r., Merc-jod., Puls., Stann.)

Pollutions during sleep, with or without lascivious d. Phos.

Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or d.; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.

Pollutions, with d. of women, followed by languor, irritability, and pain at base of brain. Gels.

Pollutions, with lascivious d.; with flaccid penis. **Graph.**

Pollutions, with lascivious d., followed by irritability, inability to control thoughts; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.

Pollutions, accompanied by lascivious d., followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.

Pollutions during sleep, without d. or erections. Cor-r.

Pollutions, with lascivious d. and erections. Kali-brom.

Pollutions, with lascivious d.; partial or no erections. Kobalt.

Pollutions during sleep, with lascivious d.; or emissions during day from sexual excitement, without erections. Gels.

Pollutions during sleep, with lascivious d. and long continued erections. Rhod.

Pollutions, with lascivious d., followed by great prostration; **dyspnœa.** Staph.

Pollutions without d.; pale face, sunken eyes, with blue rings around them. Zinc.

Sexual desire suppressed, then excited, with **lascivious d. and pollutions.** Eryngium-aquaticum.

Sexual desire greatly excited, with lascivious **d. and emissions during** sleep, followed by great prostration **and excitement of nerves.** Coff.

Satyriasis; voluptuous d. Camph.

Voluptuous thoughts and d. Coff.

Weakness, seminal, with voluptuous **d.** Agn., **China, Coca,** Coni., Phos., Phos-ac.

Dribbles.—Semen d. out during sleep. Selen., **Sil.**

Semen d. out during stool. Phos-ac.

Dribbling.—Semen d. out. Canth.

Drop.—Chronic gonorrhœa or gleet, with one last persistent d. **Natr-m.**

Gleet; small d. of watery fluid in meatus in morning, at times gluing orifice together (caused by atony of the mucous membrane). Phos.

Yellow d. from meatus in morning. Fluor-ac.

Dropping.—Syphilis affecting throat; constantly d. of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on palms of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Dropsical.—Hydrocele; œdema, or d. swelling of penis. **Fluor-ac.**

Hydrocele; d. swelling of genitals. Dig.

Œdema, or d. swelling of prepuce and scrotum. Graph.

Dropsy (see Anasarca and Œdema).—D. of genitals. **Dig.**

D. of scrotum. Apis.

Drowsy.—Burning in lower part of urethra after emission; languid and d. Sep.

Dry.—Itching pimples, like chancre, at glands, red points when d. Jac-car.

Dryness.—D. of glans. Calad.

Ducts.—Burning in excretory d. of vesiculæ seminalis during and after coition. Canth.

During.—Burning in genitals **d. coition**, with swelling of penis next day. Kreas.

Excessive enjoyment and pleasure d. coition. Fluor-ac.

Too weak and thrill too short, and ejection too soon, d. coition. Berb.

Tardy emission d. coition. Agar., Agn.

Dwindled.—Testicles d., with loss of sexual instinct. Caps.

Dwindling.—D. and relaxation of sexual organs, with sensation of weakness in them. Carbo-an.

Dyspnœa (see section on Respiratory Organs).—D. towards end of coition. Staph.

Pollutions, with lascivious dreams, followed by great prostration; d. Staph.

Early (see Soon).—Excessive sexual desire, with retarded erection and too e. emission of semen during coition (Natr-c.), followed by excessive weakness. Calc-c.

Ears (see vol. i., section on Ears).—Emission too soon during coitus, followed by roaring in e. Carbo-v.

Eczema (see section on Skin).—E., erections and pollutions, with sexual excitement. Peter.

Effort.—Ineffectual e. to have an erection during coition. Phos.

Ejaculation.—E. tardy but free. Fluor-ac.

E., with but slight erection during coition. Graph.

Burning in urethra during e. of semen. Clem.

Burning and stinging during e. of semen in coition. Calc-c.

During coition e. too soon. Gels.

Emission at night after coition (Phos.); semen comes in a stream, without e. Agn. (Gels.)

No e. during coition in spite of every exertion. Graph., Millef.

Orgasm subsides before e. Eugen.

Painful e. of semen. Coni.

Weakness of genitals; penis relaxed during coition; no e. Eugen.

Weakness of organs and loss of desire; retarded e. during coition. Natr-m.

Ejection.—Too weak and thrill too short, and e. too soon, during coition. Berb.

Elephantiasis.—E. of scrotum. Sil.

Embrace (see Intercourse, Coition).—Great desire after an e., penis being relaxed. Agar., Agn., Arg-n., Bar-c., Calad., Coni.

During an e. no emission of semen. Graph.

Emission (see Discharge, Pollution).—E. on slightest provocation. Coni.

E. with stool. Gels. (Anac., Ars., Carbo-v., Caust., Coni., Selen., Sep., Sil., Sulph.)

E. with difficult stool. Agn., Alu., Am-c., Anac., Coni., Hep-s., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Sep., Staph.
E. after onanism. Sep.
E. failing during coition. Calad., Eugen., Graph., Lyc., Millef., Psor.
E. too soon during coition. Zinc. (Berb., Borax, Calad., Carbo-v., Coni., Lyc., Phos., Plat., Selen., Sulph.)
E. during coition difficult and almost impossible. **Zinc.**
E. at night without erections. Bism.
E. during an affectionate caress. Arn.
E. at night, penis relaxed. Bell.
E. while frolicking with a woman. Coni., **Nux-v., Sars., Phos.**
E. followed by burning in back and cold hands. **Merc.**
E. without dreams (Vib-op.) at night. Coni. (Phos.)
E. at night after coition (Phos.); semen comes in a stream, without ejaculations. Agn. (Gels.)
E. soon after commencing coition. **Phos.**
E. too soon during coitus, followed by roaring in ears. **Carbo-v.**
Absence of e. during coition. Psor.
After an e., great debility and lassitude (Phos-ac., Staph.), with pain and weakness in thighs. Agar.
Burning in lower part of urethra after e.; languid and drowsy. Sep.
Burning in urethra after e. Sulph.
Feeble erections; coition incomplete; e. too soon. Natr-c. (Agn., Calad., Calc-c.)
Frequent sensation at night as though an e. would occur, without one; in morning a glutinous moisture at orifice of the urethra. Dig.
Great desire for coition, but with little ability, or with deficient excitement, or tardy, insufficient e. of semen. Agar.
Great sexual prostration with e. of semen every night. Graph.
Great excitability of sexual organs, with involuntary e. Cast.
Intense burning in urethra and backache during e. Ant-c.
Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; e. then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.
Involuntary e. at night followed by great weakness and debility of body and mind. Calc-c.
Involuntary e. without erection. Gels.
Least excitement causes e., even without sexual feeling. Sars.
Penis relaxed; e. premature. Bar-c.
Sensation as if something were running out of urethra after e. Dig.
Seminal e., with but slight sensation. **Carbo-v.**
Tardy e. during coition. Agar., Agn.
Voluptuous feeling ending with an e. Stann.

Emissions (see Pollutions).—E. Dig. (No drug diminishes and arrests nocturnal e. with as much promptitude as Digitaline. The dose is one grain of the 2d or 3d trituration every morning or every third morning. It should be given in the morning. If given in the evening it may disturb sleep.—Baehr.)

E. Bov., Carbo-an., Sulph., Nux-m.

E. with depressed spirits, dull thought, backache, staggering gait, great weakness. Kali-brom., Phos-ac.

E.; semen mixed with blood; sallow face; constipation. Merc-sol.

E. at night. Bar-c., Brom., China, Dig., Dios., **Ferr.**, Mono-brom. of Camph., Nuph., Phos-ac., Sil., Sulph.

E. with voluptuous dreams. Coca, Staph. (**China, Phos-ac.**)

E. without erections. Coni., Gels., **Graph.**

E. after onanism. Puls.

E. at night with flaccid penis. **Graph.**

E. with flatulence. Magn-c.

E. at night followed by vertigo. **Caust.**

E. after urinating. Daph., Kali-c.

E. at night with lascivious dreams (from high living, etc.). **Nux-v.**

E. during sleep and stool. Selen.

E. easily excited during day. Canth., Graph.

E. at night, without dreams. Anac.

E. at night after onanism; very debilitating. China. (Staph.)

E. without erections (Natr-c., Nux-v.) day and night. Eryngium-aquaticum.

E. during sleep, followed by prostration and ill-humor next day. Dig.

E. nearly every night (Ant-c.), without erection, with atrophy of penis (after onanism). Arg-m.

Copious nightly e. Aur., Dig.

Copious, painful e., with subsequent painful erections. **Kali-c.**

Almost involuntary e. without erections. **Graph.**

Crampy pains in testicles after e. Caps.

Dragging and aching in testicles after e. Phos-ac.

Exhausting erections and e. at night (Phos-ac.), with hypochondriasis. Aur.

Excessive desire, with retarded erections and too early e. of semen during coition (Natr-c.), followed by excessive weakness. Calc-c.

Excessive desire, without e., followed by debility. Kali-c.

Frequent and debilitating e. during sleep. China. (Digitaline 2x trit., Mono-brom. of Camph. 1x, Gels., Phos-ac.)

Frequent e.; two in one night. Acon., Puls.

Frequent involuntary e. at night. Calc-c.

Frequent and violent erections and e. Alu.

Frequent e. at night. Calad., Naja. (Phos-ac.)

Frequent involuntary e. Canth.

Frequent involuntary e., especially in morning. Carbo-v.
Involuntary e. followed by all old symptoms. Alu.
Involuntary e. when straining at stool. Alu.
Involuntary e. nearly every night. Am-c. (Mono-brom. of Camph. or Digitaline 2x, will control.)
Involuntary erections and e.; chordee. Can-ind.
Involuntary e. Samb.
Involuntary e. (after masturbation). Eryngium-aquaticum.
Involuntary e. without lascivious dreams. Cic-v.
Involuntary e. at night. Cocc-c.
Irritation with great weakness and nocturnal e. Stann.
Nightly e. with great weakness of genitals. Dig.
Nightly e. (Thuja), with or without voluptuous dreams. Ant-c.
Nocturnal e. from plethora of sexual organs; or e. without erections, followed by debility and great relaxation of the parts. Opi. (Nux-v.)
Pollutions during sleep, e. without erections. Natr-c.
Pollutions during sleep, with lascivious dreams; or e. during day from sexual excitement, without erections. Gels.
Painful e. Calc-c., Clem., Sars., Thuja.
Sexual atony; e. without excitement or sensations. Dios.
Sexual dreams and nightly e., followed by excessive irritation, despondency and prostration. Nux-v.
Sexual organs have a weak feeling, with mental and physical exhaustion; seminal e. Carbo-an.
Sexual desire greatly excited, with lascivious dreams and e. during sleep, followed by great prostration and excitement of nerves. Coff.
Sexual desire excited; violent erections; nightly e. Cham.
Seminal e., with lascivious dreams, backache, prostration, vertigo. Sars.
Seminal e. with relaxed parts. Absinth.
Seminal e., with lascivious dreams. Bism.
Strong desire after involuntary e. Aloe.
Slight provocations produce erections and e. Plumb.
Weakness, seminal e. with voluptuous dreams. Agn., China, Coca., Coni., Phos., Phos-ac.
Stitches in fossa navicularis, with e. at night. Cic-v.
Spermatorrhœa; involuntary e. at night, with great prostration. Cocc.
Very weakening nightly e. Acet-ac.
Very profuse e. Phos-ac.

Emotions.—Discharge of prostatic fluid at every change of e., without voluptuous thoughts, with itching of prepuce. Coni.

Energy.—Depression of sexual instinct, with loss of e. Eryngium-aquaticum.

Enjoyment.—Absence of e. during coition. Anac. (Calad., Natr-m., Plat.)

Excessive e. and pleasure during coition. Fluor-ac.

Enlarged.—Prostate gland e. Puls.

Prostate gland e.; pus and mucus in urine. Natr-s.

Enlargement.—E. of testicles, with pain extending to abdomen. Iod.

E. and tenderness of left testicle, with swelling in groin of same side; testicle hard and tender to touch. Clem.

E. of prostate glands. Benz-ac.

Chronic e. of testicles. Aur.

Contused pain with e. and hardening of right testicle. Arg-n.

Prostatitis: e. of prostate gland. Lyc.

Epididymis.—E. sensitive to touch, or when walking. Aloe.

Soft pulpy swelling of left spermatic cord, with pain extending down into testicles, especially e. Berb.

Thickening of e. Sulph.

Severe pain and swelling of e. and testicle of left side. Vib.op.

Testicles, especially e., intensely painful to touch. Rhod.

Epididymitis.—E. Ham., Puls.

Epilepsy (see section on Nervous System.—E. from onanism. Calc-c., Plat.

E. during coition, or resulting from onanism. Bufo.

E. with onanism. Lach., Stram.

Impotence, with melancholy and loss of memory; nervous prostration; e. Kali-brom.

Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; e.; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Trembling, imbecility, mania, e. and indigestion following sexual excess or abuse. Phos.

Erection.—E. during day. Anac., Clem.

E. without desire. Asclep-tub. (Calad., Euphorb., Magn-s., Nitr-ac.)

Absence of e. with strong inward desire for coition. Phos.

Almost involuntary emission without e. Graph.

Emissions nearly every night, without e., with atrophy of penis (after onanism). Arg-m.

Ejaculation with but slight e. during coition. Graph.

Ineffectual effort to have an e. during coition. Phos.

Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but e. could only be excited by rubbing; the emission occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Impotence, with absolute impossibility for an e. Phos.

Penis so relaxed that voluptuous fancies excite no e. Agn. (Agar., Coni.)

Pollutions, without e. Mosch. (Bell., Calad., Coni., Gels., Kobalt., Sabad., Selen.)
Seminal discharge without e. Graph.
Strong desire, without being able to have an e. Lyc.
Wakes at night with e. and desire to urinate. Hep-s., Rhus-t.

Erections.—E. in general. Canth., Euphorb., Kali-c., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Puls. (Am-c., Anac., Arn., Dig., Ferr., Ign., Kreas., Led., Magn-m., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Plat., Ran-b., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Staph., Tabac., Tarax., Viola-tr.
E. at night without exciting dreams. Cycl.
E. not attended with desire, excitement or any other cause. **Can-ind.**
E. unusually strong and frequent. Helon.
E. at night with lascivious dreams. Ox-ac., Nux-v.
E. without desire; morning when standing. Phos-**ac.**
E. day and night. Phos.
E. with contraction and sore pain along urethra, at night. **Canth.**
E., but when coition is attempted, penis becomes flaccid. **Arg-n.**
E. while riding in a carriage, without desire. Calc-ph.
E. without desire in morning. Am-c.
E. slow and insufficient. Selen.
E. without any voluptuous irritation. **Phos-ac.** (Ambr., Eugen., Sabad., Spig.)
E. in morning. Ambr., Thuja. (Caps., Magn-m., Natr-s., Nux-v., Petr., Phos., Puls.)
E. at night. Aur., Merc., Thuja. (Alu., Caps., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Ol-an., Paris., Plat., Plumb., Rhus-t., Sep., Staph., Zinc.)
E. too weak. Agar., Bar-c., Calad., Calc-c., Hep-s., **Lyc.**, **Selen.**, Sulph.
E. after midnight. Osm.
E. with urging to stool. **Thuja.**
E. after dinner. **Nicc.**
E. during stool. Ign.
E. with desire to urinate. **Mosch.**
E. after urinating. Aloe.
E. violent and painful. Can-ind.
E. in morning before rising. Bar-c.
E. too strong. Canth., Phos.,.Puls. (Fluor-ac., Graph., Kreas., Mez., Sabin., Tarax.)
E. while riding. Bar-c.
E. with gonorrhœa. Canth.
E. too easily excited. Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Sabin.
E. after coition. Rhod., Sep.
E. with lascivious thoughts, but without sexual desire. Spig.
E. too short. Calc-c., Coni., Nux-v.

E. weak and of short duration. Nux-m.
E. during siesta. Nux-v.
E. early in morning. Magn-m.
Absence of desire; lascivious thoughts do not cause e. Nuph.
After pollutions, e. Ars., Grat., Kali-c., Rhod.
Continual and violent e. Zinc.
Constant excitement of genitals, with frequent e. day and night. Dios.
Copious, painful emissions, with subsequent painful e. Kali-c.
Desire, with relaxed penis (Agn., Agar., Arg-m., Coni.), or painful e. without desire. Calad.
Desire without e. Coni. (Agar., Agn., Nuph.)
Desire increased, with violent e. Kali-n.
Eczema, e. and pollutions, with sexual excitement. Petr.
Emissions without e. (Gels.) day and night. Eryngium-aquaticum.
Emission at night without e. Bism.
Exhausting e. and emissions at night (Phos-ac.), with hypochondriasis. Aur.
Excessive desire with frequent e. during day. Can-ind
Frequent e. Am-m., Agar., Agn.
Frequent and violent e. (Sil.) and emissions. Alu.
Frequent and long-lasting e. Apis.
Frequent e. and pollutions. Natr-m., Phos.
Frequent emissions without e. Coni.
Frequent e. followed by stitches in urethra. Can-sat.
Frequent e. during evening aud night. Alu.
Frequent e. during sleep. Aster.
Frequent e. even during day. Chelid.
Frequent e. at night. Agar.
Feeble e. Lyc.
Feeble e. without sexual desire. Agn.
Feeble e.: coition incomplete; emission too soon. Natr-c. (Agn., Calad., Calc-c.)
Gonorrhœa: frequent, painful e.; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.
Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; painful tension during e.; chordee; bleeding from urethra, and shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.
Great sexual excitement, with violent e. Graph. (Fluor-ac.)
Great desire, with violent e., especially at night. Plat.
Genitals relaxed; desire suppressed; no e. Hell.
Gleet, without desire or e. Agn.
Irritability and weakness of genitals; desire without e. or ability to copulate. Dig.
Increased desire and violent e. Mez., Plumb.
Impotence; loss of power: e. cannot be excited. Coni.

Increased desire, with violent e. at night. Fluor-ac.
Impotence; pollutions without e. Kobalt.
Increased desire, with violent and continued e. Sabin.
Increased desire with frequent e. Cocc-c.
Involuntary e. and emissions; chordee. Can-ind.
Involuntary emission without e. Gels.
Insufficient e. Coni.
Lascivious thoughts, with frequent e. at night. Merc.
Long-lasting e. in morning. Puls.
Lustful, sexual passion without e. Agar., Aur., Calad., Crotal, Ferr., Ign., Lach., Natr-m., Puls., Sabad., Sep., Sulph.
Priapism; painful e. Can-sat.
Painful e. in morning (Nux-v.), before rising. Sil.
Pollutions, with lascivious dreams; partial or no e. Kobalt.
Pollutions during sleep, with lascivious dreams or emissions during day from sexual excitement, without e. Gels.
Pollutions during sleep, emissions without e. Natr-c.
Pollutions, with lascivious dreams and e. Kali-brom.
Pollutions during sleep, sometimes without e. Dios.
Pollutions during sleep, without e., sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.
Pollutions during sleep, with lascivious dreams and long-continued e. Rhod.
Pollutions during sleep, without dreams or e. Cor-r.
Pollutions easily excited without e. Graph.
Painful, spasmodic e. during sleep. Nitr-ac.
Painful e. at night. Caps.
Painful e. Camph. (IX, two-gr. doses will cure.)
Painful e. Arg-n., Canth., Kali-c., Merc., Puls., Thuja. (Can-sat., Hep-s., Ign., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sabad., Seneg., Zing.)
Painful e. during sleep; pollutions. Thuja.
Sexual desire increased, with frequent e. and pollutions. Opi. (Phos.)
Sexual desire excited, with e. morning and evening. Natr-s.
Sexual desire excited; violent e.; nightly emissions. Cham.
Strong sexual passion with many e. Canth., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Puls. (Dig., Ferr., Nux-v., Plat., Sabin., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Spig., Staph.)
Strong, persistent, painless e., without voluptuous sensation. Canth.
Strong desire with feeble e.; all erectile power lost. Phos.
Strong desire; violent e. Canth., Graph.
Slight provocations produce e. and emissions. Plumb.
Sensitiveness of testicles to touch; aggravated by e. Am-c.
Terrible e., with restless sleep. Pic-ac.
Violent e., with stitches in urethra. Clem.
Violent e.; penis distended almost to bursting. Pic-ac.

Violent e. at night. Sil. (Graph.)
Violent e. Graph., Osm.
Violent desire without e. Am-c.
Violent e. during sleep. Merc-cor.
Weakness of sexual organs; insufficient e., lasting only a short time; coition imperfect; weakness after coition. Coni.
Want of e. in morning. Graph., Lact.
Want of e. Coni., Magn-c., Nitr-ac. (Agn., Caust., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nux-m., Rhod., Spong., Teucr.)

Erosions.—E., or inflammation and redness of parts. Merc-bij.
Secondary and tertiary syphilis; e.; pain in bones at night. Fluor-ac.

Eruption.—E. on genitals. Ant-c., Carbo-v., Dulc., Iod., Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Sep., Sil., Tart-em.
E. between thighs. Hep-s., Petr.
E.; small pustules size of pin-head. Kali-bi.
E. on scrotum. Croton-tig., Petr., Phos-ac., Rhus-t.
E., pimples. Graph., Lach., Sil.
E. on glans. Bry., Calad., Cinnab., Lach., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Sep.
E. on hairy parts. Lach.
E. on penis. Graph., Phos-ac.
E. on prepuce. Merc-sol. (Graph., Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Sars., Sep., Sil.)
Dry e. on genitals and perinæum. Petr.
Erysipelatous e. of scrotum. Arn., Canth., Graph., Merc., Natr-m., Puls., Rhus-t.
Fiery-red e. on scrotum, which is almost raw, with burning; oozing of thick, glutinous fluid; vesicles raised. Petr.
Herpetic e. on prepuce; small whitish vesicles with red bases, in groups, with intolerable itching, and exceedingly sensitive to touch. Hep-s.
Herpetic e. on scrotum and thighs. Eupat-perf.
Herpetic e. on prepuce. Phos-ac., Sars.
Herpetic e. between thighs. Petr., Natr-m.
Herpetic e. on scrotum. Croton-tig., Petr.
Herpetic e. Croton-tig., Dulc., Petr., Sars.
Herpetic e. on genitals. Dulc.
Humid e. on scrotum and between genitals and thighs. Rhus-t. (Graph., Hep-s.)
Itching, herpetic e. on prepuce. Petr.
Itching, soreness and herpetic e. between scrotum and thighs Natr-m.
Itching e. in hairy parts; pustules size of pin-head. Kali-bi.
Itching and moist e. on scrotum. Graph. (Hep-s., Natr-m., Rhus-t.)
Itching e. Arn., Bry., Nitr-ac., Petr., Sep., Sil.
Miliary e. on back of penis, with stinging and itching. Rhus-r.
Miliary e. Bry.

Moist e. Carbo-v., Hep-s., Phos-ac., Rhus-t., Sil.
Reddish e. on glans penis, with itching. Petr.
Red, itching e. on glans penis. Bry.
Red e. Nitr-ac.
Vesicular e. on scrotum and penis. Croton-tig. (Rhus-t.)
Vesicular e. on prepuce. Graph.
Vesicular e., forming light scab or small white scales; moisture exuded is limpid and acrid. Rhus-t.
Vesicular e. Carbo-v., Merc., Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Rhus-t., Tart-em.
Violent itching e. on scrotum. Calad.

Eruptions.—Copper-colored e. on genitals (of children). Calc-c.
Herpetic e. on penis. Graph.
Herpetic e. on genitals. Dulc., Nitr-ac., Sil.
Hydrocele after suppressed e. Hell.
Hydrocele (left side), with herpetic e. on scrotum. Graph.

Erysipelas.—Dark-red swelling of glans penis and prepuce; e. Rhus-t.
E. of scrotum. Rhus-t.

Erysipelatous.—E. inflammation of scrotum. Ars., Puls. (Phos-ac., Plumb., Rhus-t.)
E. inflammation of penis, with œdema, great soreness and stinging pain. Apis.
E. eruption of scrotum. Arn., Canth., Graph., Merc., Natr-m., Puls., Rhus-t.
E. inflammation of penis. Rhus-t.

Evening.—Frequent erections during e. and night. Alu.

Excess.—Impotence; after onanism or sexual e. Lyc.
Complaints from sexual e. Bov.
Palpitation of heart after sexual e. Sec.
Paralysis after sexual e. Natr-m.
Trembling, imbecility, mania, epilepsy and indigestion, following sexual e. or abuse. Phos.

Excesses.—Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual e. Staph.
Pollution during sleep; after sexual abuse or e. Nux-v.
Prostration after onanism or sexual e. Carbo-v. (Staph.)
Bad effects of sexual e. Nux-v.
Sexual e. followed by pain at base of brain. Gels.
Weakness and debility of organs (resultant from masturbation or e.). Phos., Phos-ac.

Excessive.—E. sexual passion. Alu., Kali-c., Lyc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Plat., Plumb. (Coloc., Psor., Sil., Therid., Zinc.)
Impotence (after e. sexual excitement and onanism). Phos.

Excitability.—E. followed by depression. Bell.
Excessive e. of sexual desire. Coff.
Great e. of sexual organs, with involuntary emission. Cast.

Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, e., discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Excite.—Penis so relaxed that voluptuous fancies e. no erection. Agn., Agar., Coni.

Excited.—Desire greatly e., with restlessness, wakefulness, and uneasiness of whole body. Ant-c.

Desire easily e. Nux-v. (Coni.)

Emission easily e. during day. Canth., Graph.

Erections too easily e. Lyc., Nux-v., Phos., Sabin.

Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be e. by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Impotence; penis relaxed when e. Calad.

Pollutions easily e. without erections. Graph.

Pollutions easily e. during day. Canth., Graph.

After pollutions sexual passion e. Aloe, Mez.

Sexual desire e., with erections, morning and evening. Natr-s.

Sexual desire suppressed, then e., with lascivious dreams and pollutions. Eryngium-aquaticum.

Sexual desire greatly e., with lascivious dreams and emissions during sleep, followed by great prostration and excitement of nerves. Coff.

Sexual desire e.; violent erections; nightly emissions. Cham.

Sexual passion easily e. Kali-c., Lyc., Nux-v., Phos.

Sexual desire e. Croc.

Excitement.—E. of genitals. Phos., Plat. (Aur., Carbo-v., Cocc., Coff., Graph., Lyc., Natr-m., Sil., Sulph.)

E. of genitals, reflex from excessively acid stomach. Iris.

E. of genitals, with increased desire for coition. Cocc.

Constant e. of genitals, with frequent erections day and night. Dios.

Eczema, erections and pollutions, with sexual e. Petr.

Great sexual e.; irresistible desire for coition. Phos.

Great desire for coition, but with little ability, or with deficient e., or tardy, insufficient emission of semen. Agar.

Great sexual e., with violent erections. Graph. (Fluor-ac.)

Great sexual e. (especially in old men). Fluor-ac.

Immoderate sexual e. Agar., Bar-c., Graph.

Least e. causes emission, even without sexual feeling. Sars.

Pollution during sleep, with lascivious dreams; or emissions during day from sexual e., without erections. Gels.

Sexual desire greatly excited, with lascivious dreams and emissions during sleep, followed by great prostration and e. of nerves. Coff.

Sexual atony; emissions without e. or sensations. Dios.
Sexual e. and desire for coition in morning on waking. Puls.
Strong e. of sexual passion, with discharge of prostatic fluid. Nitr-ac.
Spermatic cords swollen and sensitive; sexual e. makes them ache. Sars.
Sexual e. (Lach., Phos., Puls.) during stool. Natr-c.
Sexual e. with irritation of glans penis. Nuph.
Violent sexual e. Mosch.

Excoriated.—Drawing soreness in testicles, as if e. Phos-ac.

Excoriation.—E. between scrotum and thighs. Bar-c., Graph., Hep-s., Rhus-t.
Swelling, inflammation and e. of prepuce and glans penis. Natr-c.

Excresence (see Condylomata).—Sycosis; moist e. on prepuce and glans penis. Thuja.

Excresences.—Condylomata; soft sycotic e., with greenish discharge. Natr-s.
Chronic gleet, with e. Aur.
Fig-warts and sycotic e., with burning soreness and pain. Sabin.
Soft, humid e. on and behind corona glandis. Staph.
Sycotic e. on edge of prepuce, itching and burning. Psor.
Sycotic e. (Cinnab., Sabin.), chronic, with heat, burning and soreness when sitting or walking. Phos-ac.
Warty e. on scrotum and prepuce. Aur.
Warty e. and condylomata, which discharge much. Benz-ac.

Exertion.—No ejaculation during coition in spite of every e. Graph.

Exhausting.—E. erections and emissions at night (Phos-ac.), with hypochondriasis. Aur.

Exhaustion (see Debility).—Cannot be in society of women without having pollutions, followed by great e. Nux-v.
Cold legs, e., heat of body and perspiration after coition. Graph.
Impotence, with great spinal e. Nux-v.
Lascivious thoughts with nocturnal emissions, followed by e. Sil.
Pollutions, followed by e. Lyc.
Sexual organs have a weak feeling, with mental and physical e.; seminal emissions. Carbo-an.

Exposes.—Excessive sexual desire; lascivious; e. person. Hyos.

Extremities (see section on Extremities).—Pollutions followed by paralysis of e. Sabad.

Exudation.—Chancres ulcerate deeply; cheesy, tenacious e. Kali-bi.

Eye (see vol. i., section on Eyes).—After coition pain over the left e. Cedron.

Eyes.—After pollutions weakness of e. Kali-c.
Pollutions without dreams; pale face, sunken e., with blue rings around them. Zinc.
Weakness, especially e., after coition. Kali-c.

Face (see vol. i., section on Face).—Melancholy; f. sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.

Pollutions without dreams; pale f., sunken eyes, with blue rings around them. Zinc.

Faculty.—Sexual passion, with weakness of f. Agar., Am-c., Graph., Meny., Nux-m., Selen.

Failing.—Emission f. during coition. Calad., Eugen., Graph., Lyc., Millef., Psor.

Faint.—Very f. after coition. Asaf.

Faintness.—Neuralgia; pain in testicles, suddenly shifting to bowels, causing nausea and f. Ham.

Falls.—Hair f. from genitals. Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Zinc. (Bell., Natr-c., Natr-m., Rhus-t., Sars., Selen.)

Fancies (see Thoughts).—Increased desire caused by lascivious f., but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Penis so relaxed that voluptuous f. excite no erection. Agn. (Agar., Coni.)

Sexual desire increased; lascivious f.; impotence. China. (Agar., Phos-ac.)

Fatigue.—After pollutions f. Sep., Viola-od.

Mental and bodily f. after coition. Sep.

Fauces (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—Syphilis affecting throat; constant dropping of mucus from posterior nares into f.; copper-colored spots on palms of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Fear.—Pollutions accompanied by lascivions dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; despondency and f. of future. Dig.

Feeble.—F. erections. Lyc.

F. erections, without sexual desire. Agn.

F. erections; coition incomplete; emission too soon. Natr-c. (Agn., Calad., Calc-c.)

Feeling (see Sensation).—Congested f. about genitals. Bell.

F. as if testicles were squeezed in a vise. Coloc.

Constitutional syphilis, with indescribable f. of weakness. Ars.

Least excitement causes emission, even without sexual f. Sars.

Orchitis; induration of testicle (Clem.), with f. as if being crushed. Rhod.

Sexual organs have a weak f., with mental and physical exhaustion; seminal emissions. Carbo-an.

Voluptuous f. ending with an emission. Stann.

Feels.—Coition painful; urethra f. as if put on stretch; sensitive at meatus. Arg-n.

Right testicle f. as if compressed. Staph.

Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense biting, itching, deep in urethra; f. as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Feet (see section on Extremities).—Œdema of scrotum and f. (in diabetes). Arg-m.

Fetid.—Chancers which bleed easily, with lardaceous edges and f. discharge. Hep-s.

Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; f. gangrenous odor. Cinnab.

Fever (see section on Fever).—Acute orchitis, with high f., and tearing or bruised pains in testicle (from cold or gonorrhœa). Acon.

Fig-warts.—F. on inner surface of prepuce. Thuja.

F. and balanitis. Nitr-ac.

F. with an odor like old cheese or herring brine. Calc-c., Hep-s.

F. and sycotic excresences, with burning soreness and pain. Sabin.

F. complicated with chancre. Phos-ac.

Fingers (see section on Extremities).—Syphilis affecting throat; constantly dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on palms of hands and f. Cor-r.

Fits.—Desire increased; f. of lasciviousness. Acon.

Flabbiness.—F., perspiration, and insipid odor about genitals. Asclep-tub.

Flabby (see Relaxed).—Organs f., torpid. Psor.

Scrotum relaxed, f. Natr-m.

Flaccid.—Erections, but when coition is attempted, penis becomes f. Arg-n.

Emissions at night with f. penis. Graph.

Penis small, f. Agn. (Arg-n.)

Pollutions with lascivious dreams; with f. penis. Graph.

Scrotum f. and hangs very low. Rhus-t.

Flaccidity.—F. of genitals. Agar. (Calad., Hell.)

F. of penis. Merc., Prun-s.

F. and coldness of genitals, with great languor and depression of spirits; dragging pain in testicles. Gels.

Impotence, with coldness, weakness and f. of parts. Camph.

Flatulence.—Emissions with f. Magn-c.

Flatus.—Discharge of prostatic fluid on passing f. Magn-c.

Fluid (see Prostatorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa).—Emission of prostatic f. Anac., Hep-s., Selen., Sep., Sulph. (Bell., Dig., Elaps, Euphorb., Lyc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Petr., Phos-ac., Puls., Sil., Spig., Staph., Tabac., Thuja, Zinc.)

Blennorrhœa; yellowish-white f. from prepuce. Jac-car.

Discharge of milk-like f. after stool. Iod.

Discharge of milky f. from urethra. Petros.

Fiery-red eruption on scrotum, which is almost raw, with burning, oozing of thick, glutinous f.; vesicles raised. Petr.

Gleet; small drop of watery f. in meatus in morning, at times gluing orifice together (caused by atony of mucous membrane). Phos.

Prostatic f. with urine. Hep-s. (Anac., Natr-c., Sep., Sulph.)

Strong excitement of sexual passion, with discharge of prostatic f. Nitr-ac.

Folds.—Humid soreness on genitals, perinæum, scrotum and f. between scrotum and thighs. Hep-s. (Graph.)

Fornication.—F. of scrotum. Phos-ac.

Fossa navicularis (see section on Urinary Organs).—Stitches in f., with emissions at night. Cic-v.

Frænum.—Itching on penis and at f. preputii. Hep-s.

Inflammation of prepuce, f. and urethra, with collection of yellow pus. Calc-c.

Moisture on f. Phos-ac.

Pain in f., as if pricked by needles. Cor-r.

Swelling of f. Sabin.

Tingling, crawling of f. Phos-ac.

Tingling, oozing vesicles around f. Phos-ac.

Warts on prepuce, f. and inner surface, bleed when touched. Cinnab.

Free.—Ejaculation tardy but f. Fluor-ac.

Frenzy.—Amorous f. Canth.

Frequent.—F. pollutions. Am-c., Bov., Coni., Kali-c., Phos-ac., Plumb., Puls., Sep., Staph.

F. emissions at night. Calad. (Phos-ac.)

Gonorrhœa: f., painful erections; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.

Pollutions too f. Coni., Kali-c., Phos. (Carbo-v., Lyc., Nitr-ac.)

Friction.—Phimosis from f. or injury; parts bruised and swollen. Arn.

Frolicking.—Emission while f. with a woman. Coni. (Nux-v., Phos.)

Fullness.—Sensation of f. in spermatic cords. Fluor-ac.

Furious.—Violent satyriasis, with over-powering, insatiable desire for coition, making him f. Canth.

Gangrene.—G. of genitals. Canth. (Ars., Laur.)

G. of glans penis. Lach.

G. of penis (Laur.), following severe inflammation. Canth.

Gangrenous.—Painful and g. swelling of genitals. Ars.

Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen, producing phimosis; part purple and ulcrated; pus-like discharge; fetid; g. odor. Cinnab.

Gland (see Prostate gland).—Swelling of prostate g. Can-sat., Iod., Thuja.

Stinging stitches in prostate g. when walking. Kali-bi.

Glands.—G. swollen and indurated. Merc., Merc-jod.

Cracks in g. Ars., Kali-c., Mosch.
Inguinal g. suppurated. Aur.
Condylomata on g. Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Staph.
Indurated and enlarged inguinal g. Spong.
Itching pimples, like chancres at g., red points when dry. **Jac-car.**
Painless chancres, with great swelling of inguinal g., not disposed to suppurate. Merc-jod.
Syphilis: g. swollen; deep chancres, with hard edges; buboes ulcerating. Kali-jod.
Sensation of coldness on prepuce and g. Berb., Sulph., Zinc.
Stinging stitches in g. on pressing. Thuja.
Stinging stitches in g. Acon., Ars., Berb., Euphorb., Euphr., Ferr-mag., Lyc., Merc., Mez., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Ran-sc., Rhod., Sabin., Sulph.

Glans penis.—G. red, swollen, sensitive, secreting yellow greenish pus. Cor-r.
G. inflamed, penis swollen. Cupr.
G. blue, red, swollen and cracked. **Ars.**
G. becomes sore easily. Natr-c.
G. remains sensitive after coition. Eugen.
G. very red and covered with fine red points; dry, with desire to rub it. **Calad.**
After coition prepuce retracted behind g. **Calad.**
Blue veins and dark redness of g. Can-sat.
Burning dragging from testicles to g. Mang.
Burning in g. and urethra. Al-cep.
Burning at tip of g. Calc-c.
Biting in g. **Nux-v.**
Blennorrhœa of g. Cinnab., Lyc., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sep., Sulph., Thuja. (Alu., Caust., Cor-r., Dig., Jac-car., Lach., Mez., Natr-c.)
Blisters on g. Merc-sol.
Bleeding on g. Nitr-ac.
Brown spots on g. Nitr-ac.
Bruised pain in g. Ars., Berb., Croton-tig., Nux-v., Pareira, Tart-em., Viola-tr.
Corrosive burning and stinging of prepuce and g. Can-sat.
Corrosive itching of g. and scrotum. Croton-tig.
Cutting pain in g. Coni., Lyc.
Coldness and numbness in prepuce and g. Berb.
Creeping and itching in scrotum and g. Chelid.
Constriction behind g. Coloc.
Chafed g. Natr-c.
Dark-red swelling of g. and prepuce; erysipelas. **Rhus-t.**
Deep suppurating ulcer on g. and prepuce, with puffed edges. **Sulph.**
Dryness of g. Calad.

Drawing in g. (Iod., Kali-c., Lact., Lyc.), more during afternoon. Asaf.
Extensive swelling of g., with paraphimosis. Kali-jod.
Eruption on g. Bry., Calad., Cinnab., Lach., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Sep.
Excoriations on g. Merc-bij.
Frequent, sharp, stinging pains in g. Caul.
Fine, pricking stitches in penis and tip of g. Mez.
Flat ulcers, with elevated, zigzag edges on prepuce, or on g.; bleed when touched. Nitr-ac.
Gangrene of g. Lach.
Heaviness in g., especially during urination. Phos-ac.
Hyperæsthesia and neuralgia of g. Tabac.
Itching of g. Agn., Ambr., Benz-ac., Can-ind., Can-sat., Cinnab., Colch., Euphr., Ferr-mag., Gymnoc., Hep-s., Ind., Kali-bi., Mang., Merc., Mez., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Poth., Sil., Sulph.
Itching of g., or scrotum. Natr-c.
Itching stitches in g. Dros.
Itching in g. and prepuce, alternating with stitches in anus. Thuja.
Itching of prepuce and g. Thuja. (Sulph.)
Itching spots on g. Arn.
Itching at tip of g. Ang., Ant-c.
Inflamed ulcers on g., with swelling and heaviness of testicles. Psor
Inflammation of g. Arn., Ars., Can-sat., Cupr., Led., Merc., Natr-c., Rhus-t., Sars., Thuja.
Intermittent burning between g. and prepuce. Thuja.
Lacerating or tearing in g.; or pain as if ulcerated. Ambr.
Lacerating in g. Kali-c.
Light-red spots on g., size of lentils. Can-sat.
Numbness of g. and prepuce. Berb.
One-sided swelling of g. Spig.
Painful swelling of g. Canth.
Piercing and pinching in g. when urinating. Acon.
Prepuce and g. icy cold. Sulph.
Pricking sensation in g. Stann.
Prickling in g. Kali-bi., Mez., Phos-ac.
Pinching in g. Acon., Brom.
Pain in g. (Chelid.) when urinating. Ox-ac.
Pimples on g., like chancre. Jac-car.
Pimples on g. and perinæum. Nitr-ac.
Red, itching eruption on g. Bry.
Red, moist spots on g. Carbo-v.
Red spots on g. Arn., Carbo-v., Lach., Sil.
Red, flat ulcers on g. and inside of prepuce, with discharge of yellow ichor. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)

Red, tender spots on g. Lach.
Reddish eruption on g., with itching. Petr.
Redness of g. Ars., Calad., Can-sat., Croton-tig., Merc., Sabin., Sars.
Swelling and painful inflammation of prepuce and g. Merc.
Swelling, inflammation and excoriation of prepuce and g. Natr-c.
Swelling of g. which is very painful. Canth.
Swelling of g. Ars., Merc., Rhus-t. (Can-sat., Cinnab., Cor-r., Natr-c., Plumb., Sulph., Thuja.
Syphilis: chancres; lardaceous ulcers, or, more commonly, red ulcers on g. or prepuce. Cor-r.
Superficial ulcers, like chancres, on g. and prepuce (Hep-s., Phyt.), looking clean, but exuding an offensive moisture. **Merc., Nitr-ac.**
Stinging and itching of g. Kali-c.
Small, red points on g. Cinnab.
Smooth, moist spots on g. Carbo-**v.**
Smarting in g. Berb., Nux-v.
Soft, painless tumor on g. Bell.
Secondary syphilis: chancre on g.; bubo. **Nitr-ac.**
Secretion of much smegma behind g. Alu.
Sycosis; moist excresence on prepuce and g. **Thuja.**
Tingling, crawling in g. Merc., Spig., Tart-em.
Titillations in g.; erections and seminal emissions. **Dig.**
Tearing in g. and left spermatic cord. Colch.
Tearing pain in g. Petr.
Tearing in g. Colch., Euphorb., Kali-c., Pareira, **Petr.**
Tension in g. Kali-c.
Throbbing of g. Rhod.
Ulcers, with pricking and itching at g. Kali-bi.
Ulcers on g. Apis, Merc. (Ars., Cor-r., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph.)
Ulcers on g., with lardaceous base. Merc.
Venereal ulcers on g. and under prepuce, with discharge of yellowish-white matter having strong odor, staining linen. **Merc-sol.**
Vesicular ulcers on g.; they eat deep and spread. Merc.
Voluptuous itching at tip of g., which forces one to rub. **Ang.**
Voluptuous itching in g. Acon., Am-c.
Yellow-brown spots on g. Kobalt.

Gleet.—G. (resulting from use of Nitrate of Silver injections). **Natr-m.**
G. Hydr., Petr., Petros., Phyt., Sang., Sulph.
G.; small drop of watery fluid in meatus in morning, at times gluing orifice together (caused by atony of mucous membrane). Phos.
G., watery, bloody discharge. Mur-ac.
G., with offensive urine. Benz-ac.
G., or chronic gonorrhœa, with discharge of blood and watery slime. Millef.
G.; discharge of clear mucus; of transparent, watery slime. **Natr-m.**

G., with stringy or jelly-like discharge. Kali-bi.
G., with debility; copious, painless, sometimes thick, yellow discharge. Hydr. (Use infusion by injection.)
G., without desire or erections. Agn.
G.; whitish discharge; gouty pains through body. Mez.
Chronic g., with anæmia; discharge copious, painless; milky. Ferr.
Chronic g., with condylomata, excresences. Aur.
Chronic g., with muco-purulent discharge. Cop.
Chronic g. Caps., Psor., Sang.
Chronic g. Arg-n. (Injections will often cure.)
Chronic gonorrhœa, or g.; accompanied by moral and physical depression. Hydr.
Chronic gonorrhœa, or g., with one last persistent drop. Natr-m.
Gonorrhœa; g.; orchitis. Phyt.
Gonorrhœa, or g.; discharge of watery mucus; stinging and titillating through urethra and perinæum; urethra sore. Mez.
Impotence, with g. Agn. (Sulph.)
Subacute gonorrhœa; g. Petros.

Gleety.—G. discharge at night staining linen yellow. Fluor-ac.

Gluing.—Gleet; small drop of watery fluid in meatus in morning, at times g. orifice together (caused by atony of mucous membrane). Phos.
G. up of urethra. Petros.

Glutinous.—Gonorrhœa; profuse, thick, g., pus-like discharge. Cub.

Gnawing.—G. in testicles. Phos-ac. (Plat.)

Gonorrhœa.—G. Copaiva. (When inflammatory symptoms have been subdued no remedy can finish cure so quickly as Copaiva. Five drops given on sugar every four hours will frequently dry discharge up at once; but it must be continued for at least a week. —Burt.)
G. Agn., Can-sat., Canth., Cop., Merc., Merc-cor., Nitr-ac., Petros. (Arg-n., Cinnab., Cub., Led., Mez., Natr-s., Psor., Puls., Rhod., Sabad., Sabin., Tereb., Thuja.)
G. Arg-n. (Injections of from one to five grains of the salt in one ounce of water, if used in the first stage, within twelve or fourteen hours, will sometimes abort the disease.)
G. (chronic); with itching in urethra. Petr.
G. with chordee (Canth.), and much inflammation. Bell.
G. which had been suppressed for many years. Hydrocotyle asiatica.
G. with constant sticking together of meatus. Camph.
G.; thick, yellowish-greenish discharge, with little pain. Natr-s.
G. with alternate hæmorrhage and discharge. Lith-c.
G., gleet, orchitis. Phyt.
G. with burning and shooting in urethra. Arg-n.
G.; troublesome tickling and itching in urethra. Petros

G. discharge of bloody mucus; painful urination; chronic form. Nitr-ac.
G.; yellow or bloody discharge. Nitr-ac.
G.; thin discharge, with burning and urging to urinate and frequent urging to stool. Nux-v.
G.; thick, yellow, or green discharge. Puls.
G.; chronic form with prostatitis. Nux-v.
G. complicated with syphilis. Cinnab.
G.; urethra feels as if glued up. Bov.
G. with chordee; penis turned up. Berb., Selen.
G. checked by cold, wet weather, or by Mercury, followed by rheumatism. Sars.
G.; dark-red discharge. Cub.
G., with phimosis. Merc.
G.; discharge of thick, fetid pus. Sil.
G.; thick yellow discharge (as in second stage of disease). Hydr.
G.; purulent, or mucous discharge. Cop.
G. with tenesmus and strangury. Tereb.
G. with impotence and fetid urine. Calad.
G. first thin, afterward thick, greenish; with burning and smarting after micturition. Merc-cor.
G.: frequent painful erect ons; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.
G.: burning during micturition; painful tension during erections; chordee, bleeding from urethra, and shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.
G. (caused by acrid leucorrhœa or menses of wife). Natr-m.
G., with copious discharge; contusive pain in testicle. Arg-m.
G., with copious discharge and terrible cutting pains; bloody urine. Arg-n.
G.; thick, greenish or yellow discharge, worse at night. Merc.
G.: inflammatory stage; penis swollen; thick purulent discharge; micturition difficult, with intermittent flow. Can-sat.
G. of a changeable character, now more, again less; orifice of urethra sticking together. Cupr.
G. or gleet: discharge of watery mucus; stinging and titillating through urethra and perinæum; urethra sore. Mez.
G.; discharge green and painless, worse at night. Merc-sol.
G. at first thin, then thick; at last with biting pain on urinating, stitches extending back through urethra. Merc-sol.
G.: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense biting, itching, deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.
G.; first thin, then thick, greenish, worse at night, burning, smarting urination. Can-sat., Merc-cor.

G.; profuse, thick, glutinous, pus-like discharge. Cub.
Acute or inflammatory stage of g., with pains in limbs. Gels. (Give doses of from one to four drops mother tincture every two to four hours.)
Acute orchitis, with high fever and tearing or bruised pains in testicles (from cold or g.). Acon.
Chronic g. (Myrica, Natr-s.); smarting of urethra and excessively offensive urine. Benz-ac.
Chronic g. with white discharge. Caps., Cinnab., Ferr., Kobalt., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.
Chronic g. with milky discharge. Ferr.
Chronic g. Plumb. (Use locally and internally.)
Chronic g. or gleet; accompanied by moral and physical depression. Hydr.
Chronic g.; during micturition very tenacious mucus passes with urine. Nux-v.
Chronic g. or gleet, with one last persistent drop. Natr-m.
Chronic g., with great pain and soreness during micturition; yellowish-green discharge. Cinnab.
Chronic g., with yellow greenish discharge, of indolent character. Arg-m.
Chronic prostatitis (after g.). Sulph.
Chordee (with g.). Can-ind., Chloralum.
Cannot walk with legs close together on account of increased pain in urethra from g. Can-sat.
Constant, dry, hacking cough, after suppressed g. Benz-ac.
Discharge like g. Guaj.
Erections with g. Canth.
Gleet, from suppressed g., with offensive urine. Benz-ac.
Gleet, or chronic g., with discharge of blood and watery slime. Millef.
Itching of urethra after g. Nitr-ac.
Induration of testicles (after g.). Alu.
Impotence after g. Cub., Kobalt., Thuja.
Inflammation of urethra similar to that caused by g. Acon.
Inflammation with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with g., priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Inflammation of bladder and urethra, burning or shooting pain, and increased g. Arg-n., Can-sat.
Inflammatory and rheumatic g., with discharge of pus. Sabin.
Inflammatory stage of g. Acon. (Give tincture in water locally, also.)
Long-lasting g. Myg.
Orchitis (after mismanaged g.). Clem.
Orchitis (after suppression of g.). Arg-n.

Orchitis (after suppression of g. or mumps). Natr-m.
Orchitis (after suppressed g.); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.
Prostatitis (following suppression of g.). Nitr-ac.
Prostatitis (following g.). Thuja.
Pain in urethra, as in beginning of g. Sulph.
Painful g.; chordee; phimosis. Canth.
Rheumatic g. Mez.
Rheumatic g.; painful drawing pains in spermatic cord, with tearing pains in testicles. Puls.
Rheumatism (from suppressed g.). Coni., Cop., Daph., Sars.
Rheumatism or orchitis (following suppression of g.). Gels.
Spurious g. Hydr. (Agave, Puls.)
Stricture resulting from g. or syphilis. Nitr-ac.
Subacute g.; gleet. Petros.
Suppressed g., with pain in and swelling of testicles; orchitis. Puls.
Suppressed g. Benz-ac., Berb., Canth., Clem., Daph., Puls., Sars.
Suppressed g., followed by rheumatism (Sars.), prostatitis, sycosis, impotence. Thuja.
Swelling and induration of testicles (after suppression of g.). Cop.
Swelling and inflammation of testicles from suppressed g. Agn., Puls. (Aur., Bell., Canth., Clem., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Selen.)
Swelling of scrotum, with chronic g. Brom.
Swelling of right testicle (after g.). Rhod.
Swelling of testicles (after g.). Rhod.
Swelling of testicles (remaining after g.). Brom.
Swollen testicles (after suppressed or badly-treated g.). Mez.
Second stage of g.; discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Secondary g., with green discharge. Kobalt.
Testicles swollen after g. Rhod. (Puls.)
Thick pus from urethra in g. Clem.
Urethritis, with offensive, purulent discharge (as in g.). Agave, Puls.
Yellowish-greenish g., of an indolent character. Arg-n.

Gonorrhœal.—G. rheumatism; mostly effective in knees. Cop.

Gouty.—Gleet: whitish discharge; g. pains through body. Mez.

Gravel.—Constant pulling at penis (in children with g.). Canth.

Greasy.—Chronic balanitis, with g., offensive-smelling discharge. Merc-cor.

Green.—Gonorrhœa; discharge g. and painless, worse at night. Merc-sol.
Gonorrhœa: frequent, painful erections; burning pain in urethra; g., purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.

Gonorrhœa; yellowish g. discharge. Thuja.
Secondary gonorrhœa, with g. discharge. Kobalt.

Greenish.—Condylomata; soft sycotic excrescences, with g. discharge. Natr-s.
Gonorrhœa, first thin, afterwards thick, g., with burning and smarting after micturition. Merc-cor.
Thick g. or yellowish discharge, more at night. Merc.
Yellowish, g. gonorrhœa of an indolent character. Arg-m.

Groin (see section on Abdomen).—Bubo in left g. as large as hen's egg; stony hard. Hep-s.
Enlargement and tenderness of left testicle, with swelling in g. of same side; testicle hard and tender to touch. Clem.
Pain in g. after coition. Therid.
Syphilis; large bubo in right g. stony hard. Hep-s.

Groins.—Dragging pains in g., extending to testicles. Hydr.
Pain in g. when moving. Merc-sol.

Gurgling.—Frequent g. in prostate gland. Phyt.

Hæmorrhage.—Gonorrhœa with alternate h. and discharge. Lith-c.

Hair.—H. falls from genitals. Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Zinc. (Bell., Natr-c., Natr-m., Rhus-t., Sars., Selen.)
Loss of h. from mons veneris. Natr-m.

Hairy parts.—Eruption on h. Lach.
Itching of h.; skin inflamed, with small pustules. Kali-bi.

Half.—Right h. of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; testicles relaxed and also hang down. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)

Hand.—Child constantly has h. on genitals, with spasms. Stram. (Look out for irritation about corona glandis, or phimosis.—W. D. G.)

Handling.—Ulcers bleed on moving prepuce, or on h. parts. Merc.

Hands (see section on Extremities).—Children reach with h. to genitals. Acon. (This is a symptom indicating irritation of the glans penis, and should be cared for.)
Emission, followed by burning in back and cold h. Merc.
Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of h.; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.
Syphilis affecting throat; constant dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on palms of h. and fingers. Cor-r.

Hang.—Right half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; testicles relaxed and also h. low. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)
Testicles relaxed; h. down very low. Puls.
Testicles h. down. Am-c., Bell., Camph., China, Gels., Iod., Lyc., Magn-m., Nitr-ac., Puls., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.

Hanging.—Testicles relaxed (Camph.); h. down. Sulph. (Clem.)

Hangs.—Right half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and h. down; testicles relaxed and also hang down. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)

Scrotum flaccid and h. very low. Rhus-t.

Hard (see Indurated).—Bubo in left groin as large as hen's egg; stony h. Hep-s.

Enlargement and tenderness of left testicle, with swelling in groin of same side; testicles h. and tender to touch. Clem.

Left testicle h. and very painful. Alu.

Scrotum thick and h., with intolerable itching; felt like thick hog's hide. Rhus-t.

Syphilis; large bubo in right groin, stony h. Hep-s.

Swollen, h. and painful testicles, which are cold. Agn.

Testicles swollen and h. Acon.

Hardening.—Contused pain, with enlargement and h. of right testicle. Arg-n.

Hardness (see Induration).—H. of testicles. Agn., Arn. (Bell., Nux-v., Spong.)

Inflammation of testicles, with h. Bell.

Inflammation and swelling of testicles, with h. and drawing. Nux-v.

Head (see vol. i., section on Head).—Affection of h. after coition. Bov., Calc-c.

Pressing pain in back and h.; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Roaring in h. after coition. Carbo-v.

Reeling and confusion in h. after coition. Bov.

Sensation on right side of h. as if paralyzed after coition; soreness of thighs. Sil.

Headache.—Pollutions, followed by h. and backache. Kobalt.

Heart.—Frequent debilitating pollutions; palpitation of the h. and trembling of limbs; memory impaired; appetite lost; constipation. Dig.

Palpitation of h. and excited circulation after coition. Am-c.

Palpitation of h. after sexual excess. Sec.

Penis and scrotum swollen and œdematous, with disease of h. Apoc. (Lycop-v.)

Pollutions accompanied by lascivious dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of h. at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.

Heat.—H. in genitals. Spong.

H. and swelling of penis. Mez.

After coition coldness of legs with h. of body. Graph.

Anxious h. after pollutions. Petr.

Condylomata with h. and burning. Phos-ac.

Cold legs, exhaustion, h. of body and perspiration after coition. Graph.
Sensation of h. in genitals. Sulph-ac.

Heaviness.—H. in testicles. Am-c., Elaps, Lob., Natr-c., **Ox-ac.**
H. in glans especially during urination. Phos-ac.
H. and drawing in testicles. Natr-c., Ox-ac.

Heavy.—Testicles feel h. and contused; shooting along spermatic cords. Clem., Ox-ac.

Hernia scrotalis.—H. Magn-m., **Nux-v.**
Symptoms of h. Lach.

Herpes.—Itching and humid h. on scrotum **and perinæum. Petr.** (Tellur.)
H. preputialis. Dulc.
H. preputialis with tingling. Phos-ac.

Herpetic.—H. eruption. Croton-tig., **Dulc., Petr., Sars.**
H. eruptions on genitals. Dulc., **Nitr-ac., Sil.**
H. eruption on prepuce. Sars.
H. eruption on scrotum. Croton-tig., **Petr.**
H. eruptions on penis. Graph.
H. eruption on scrotum and thighs. **Eupat-perf.**
Itching h. eruption on prepuce. Petr.

Herring brine.—Fig-warts with an odor like old cheese **or h.** Calc-c., Hep-s.

Honey.—Profuse sweat of sweetish or h. odor, about genitals, especially on scrotum and perinæum. Thuja.

Hot.—Gonorrhœa: frequent, painful erections; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; h., swollen prepuce. **Merc.**
Prepuce dark red, h. and inflamed. Can-sat.
Scrotum swollen, red and h.; with vesicles, painful to touch, becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.

Hydrocele.—H. Apis, Apoc., Arn., Fluor-ac., Graph., **Iod., Nux-v.,** Puls., Rhod., Sil., Sulph. (Hydroph., Psor.)
H. (caused by a bruise). Arn.
H. like a bladder filled with water. Dig.
H. of children (especially after scarlatina). **Abrot.**
H. (in children). Abrot., Calc-c., Sil.
H. of left side, with herpetic eruption on scrotum. **Graph.**
H. (after suppressed eruptions). **Hell.**
H. after gonorrhœal orchitis, with **sexual weakness; also after sexual** losses. Phos.
H. and general anasarca. **Dig.**
H. (in scrofulous infants). Ars.
H.; œdema, or dropsical swelling **of penis. Fluor-ac.**
Œdema of scrotum; h. Natr-m.

Hyperæsthesia.—H. and neuralgia of glans penis, **Tabac.**

Hyperthropy.—H. of testicles, with sexual excitement. **Iod.**

H. of prostate gland. Bar-c.

Discharge of prostatic fluid (prostatorrhœa) after micturition or stool, with h. of prostate gland. Natr-c. (Sil.)

Orchitis, with much h. of testicles. Apis.

Hypochondria (See section on Hypochondria).—Pollutions with tension in h. Agar.

Hypochondriasis.—Exhausting erections and emissions at night (Phos-ac.), with h. Aur.

Frequent, debilitating pollutions, causing h. Phos-ac.

Hypochondrium (see section on Hypochondria).—Loss of sexual power, with dull, burning pain constantly in left h. and pain across loins as if broken. Cocc-c.

Ichor.—Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive i., on inner surface. Nitr-ac.

Old buboes do not heal, but secrete offensive i. Carbo-an.

Red, flat ulcers on glans penis, and inside of prepuce, with discharge of yellow i. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)

Ichorous.—Sycosis; copious secretion of thin, i. matter. **Apis.**

Thin, i. discharge, with burning, stinging pain. Apis.

Ideas (see Fancies, Thoughts).—Lascivious i. **Cocc-c.**

Ill-humor.—Emisions during sleep, followed by prostration and i. next day. Dig.

Ill-humored.—Weak and i. after coition; weakness in loins. Selen.

Imbecility.—Trembling, i., mania, epilepsy and indigestion, following sexual excess or abuse. Phos.

Imperfect.—Weakness of sexual organs; insufficient erections, lasting only a short time; coition i.; weakness after coition. Coni.

Impotence.—I. Agn., Ant-c., Bar-c., Bufo, Calad., Calc-c., Camph., Can-sat., Caps., Coff., Coloc., Coni., Dios., Dulc., Eugen., Ferr., Helon., Lyc., Magn-c., Mosch., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Opi., Phos-ac., Psor., Tabac., Selen., Sulph.

I., with melancholly and loss of memory; nervous prostration; epilepsy. Kali-brom.

I. from syphilis. Merc.

I., with weakness of organs. Nux-m.

I. (after excessive sexual excitement and onanism). **Phos.**

I. with great spinal exhaustion. Nux-v.

I., with pollutions (Agar., Agn., Coni., Phos., Phos-ac.) during sleep, at stool and when urinating. Nuph.

I. with coldness of scrotum. Caps. (Agn., Berb.)

I., with coldness and flaccidity of parts. Camph.

I. from weakness of genitals. Elaps.

I.; organs greatly relaxed and constantly perspiring. Ham.

I; loss of power; erections cannot be excited. Coni.

I.; after onanism or sexual excess. Lyc., Can-sat.
I. with mental depression. Calad.
I.; penis small, cold and relaxed. Agn., Bar-c., Berb., Caps., Lyc., Sulph.
I.; pollutions without erections. Kobalt.
I. (from over-indulgence). China.
I., with sexual desire. Ign.
I., with absolute impossibility for an erection. Phos.
I. with gleet. Agn. (Sulph.)
I. (from onanism). Can-sat.
I. (after gonorrhœa). Cub., Kobalt., Thuja.
I. with gloomy thoughts. Calad.
I.; dislike to, or absence of, proper sensation during coition. Graph.
I., with lascivious thoughts. Selen.
I.; penis relaxed when excited. Calad.
Chronic i. Lyc.
Constantly tormented for coition, followed by complete i. Phos.
Gonorrhœa with i. (Agn., Kobalt.) and fetid urine. Calad.
Spermatorrhœa with partial i. Coca.
Sexual desire increased; lascivious fancies; i. China. (Agar., Phos-ac.)
Testicles atrophied with complete i. Iod.
Weakness of sexual powers; i. Plumb.

Inability.—Pollutions, with lascivious dreams, followed by irritability and i. to control thoughts; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.
Sexual debility: pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; i. to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.

Inclination.—I. to touch genitals. Bufo.

Incomplete.—Feeble erections; coition i.; emission too soon. Natr-c. (Agn., Calad., Calc-c.)

Increase.—I. of smegma. Caust., Nux-v. (Bell., Merc.)

Increased.—I. desire, with violent and continued erections. Sabin.
Greatly i. desire, quickly alternating with relaxation. Acon.
I. and stron-gsmelling smegma. Merc-sol.
I. desire and violent erections. Mez.
I. desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occured as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.
I. desire which if ungratified produces pains and tension in testicles and cords. Nux-m.
I. desire, with violent erections at night. Fluor-ac.
Cannot walk with legs close together on account of i. pain in urethra from gonorrhœa. Can-sat.
Desire i., with weakness of genitals. Sep.
Desire i. or very weak. Sil.

Desire i. Acon., Agar., Al-cep., Aloe, Ant-c., Bar-c., Calc-c., Canth., China, Cinnab., Coff., Ferr., Hyos., Ign., Iod., Lach., Lil-tig., Merc., Mosch., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nux-v., Opi., Phos., Plat., Puls., Sabin., Sang., Sil., Stann., Staph., Stram., Sulph., Tellur., Ver-a. (Alu., Am-c., Apis, Arn., Aur., Bell., Bov., Can-sat., Carbo-v., Caust., Cham., Cocc., Croc., Dig., Graph., Laur., Led., Lyc., Mang., Meny., Mez., Natr-s., Nitr., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac., Paris, Plumb., Rhus-t., Ruta, Sars., Seneg., Sep., Sulph-ac., Zinc.)

Desire and power i. Helon., Plumb.

Desire i.; fits of lasciviousness. Acon.

Desire greatly i. (Can-ind., Canth., Lach., Ox-ac.) at three a. m. Calc-c.

Desire i. but erections weak and of short duration. Nux-m.

Desire i., disturbing sleep. Canth.

Excitement of genitals, with i. desire for coition. Cocc.

Greatly i. smegma. Canth. (Bell., Merc-bij.)

Primary action, loss of sexual power; secondary action, i. desire. Agn.

Sexual desire i.; lascivious fancies; impotence. China. (Agar., Phos-ac.)

Sexual ability weakened (Agn.); desire i. Bar-c.

Sexual passion i. (in old men). Fluor-ac.

Sexual desire i., with frequent erections and pollutions. Opi. (Phos.)

Indigestion (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Pollutions (from i.), with much irritability and prostration; despondent. Sang.

Trembling, imbecility, mania, epilepsy and i. following sexual excess or abuse. Phos.

Indolent.—Chronic gonorrhœa, with yellow-greenish discharge, of i. character. Arg-m.

Indulgence.—Bad effects from suppressed desire, or from excessive i. Coni.

Onanism; patient distressed by his culpability in i. Phos-ac.

Indurated (see Hard).—I. chancre on middle of penis. Cinnab.

Glands swollen and i. Merc., Merc-jod.

Induration (see Hardness).—I. of left testicle. Brom., Mez., Rhod.

I. and inflammation of testicles. Spong.

I. and swelling of testicles (especially of left), with violent drawing pains extending to abdomen and thighs. Rhod.

I. and enlargement of inguinal and lymphatic glands. Spong.

I. of right testicle. Clem., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac.

I. of prostate glands. Cop., Iod., Thuja.

I. with coldness in left testicle. Brom.

I. of prepuce. Lach., Sulph.

I. of testicles. Acon., Aur., Cinnab., Clem., Coni., Iod., Rhod. (Agn., Cop., Merc., Nux-v., Spong., Sulph.)

I. of testicles (after gonorrhœa). Alu.

Chronic i. of testicles. Bar-c.

Orchitis; i. of testicles (Clem.), with feeling as if being crushed. Rhod.
Swelling and i. of testicles after suppressed gonorrhœa. Cop.
Swelling and i. of testicles. Acon., Arg-n., Coni., Iod., Phyt.

Infants.—Hydrocele (in scrofulous i.). Ars.

Inflamed.—Burning, stinging, and pressing drawing of i. testicles. Staph.
Glans penis i., penis swollen. Cupr.
Prepuce dark red, hot and i. Can-sat.
Prepuce i. and very painful, difficulty in drawing it back. Sabin.
Painful, i. and swollen testicles. Clem. (Rhod., Spong.)
Testicles swollen, i. and painful. Plumb.
Urethra i., painful to pressure. Nitr-ac.

Inflammation.—I. of genitals. Acon., Ars., Calc-c., Can-sat., Canth., Coni., Merc., Mur-ac., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Plumb., Puls., Rhus-t., Sep., Spong., Staph., Thuja.
I. of prostate gland. Lith-c. (Agn., Alu., Apis, Caust., Cop., Cycl., Dig., Hep-s., Lyc., Puls., Sec., Selen., Sulph-ac., Thuja, Zinc.)
I. of glans penis. Arn., Ars., Can-sat., Cupr., Led., Merc., Natr-c., Rhus-t., Sars., Thuja.
I. and induration of testicles. Spong.
I. of spermatic cord. Nux-v., Puls.
I. of urethra, same as from gonorrhœa. Acon.
I. of lymphatic glands. Merc.
I. and redness of orifice of urethra. Can-sat.
I. of testicles. Clem., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls. (Aur., Bell., Coni., Lyc., Merc., Podo., Spong., Staph., Zinc.)
I. of penis. Canth., Cub. (Can-sat., Led., Plumb., Sep.)
I. about scrotum. Acon. (Ars., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Plumb.)
I. and swelling of right testicle. Apis.
I. of prepuce. Can-sat., Coni. (Ars., Calc-c., Merc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Sulph.)
I. with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
I. of bladder and urethra, burning or shooting pain, and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.
I. and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
I. and swelling of testicles, pain extending to spermatic cords. Nitr-ac.
I. and swelling of testicles, with hardness and drawing. Nux-v.
I. and swelling, with deep rhagades, redness and burning of prepuce; phimosis. Sulph.
I. of testicles, with hardness. Bell.
I. of prepuce, frænum and urethra, with collection of yellow pus. Calc-c.
Erosions, or i. and redness of parts. Merc-bij.

Erysipelatous i. of penis, with œdema, great soreness and stinging pain. Apis.

Erysipelatous i. of penis. Rhus-t.

Erysipelatous i. of scrotum. Ars., Puls. (Phos-ac., Plumb., Rhus-t.)

Epididymitis; i. and swelling extend from testicles upward. Puls.

Gangrene of penis (following severe i.). Canth.

Gonorrhœa with much i. and chordee. Bell.

Gonorrhœa; high degree of i.; patient almost wild from intense biting, itching deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Swelling and i. of testicles from suppressed gonorrhœa. Ang., Puls. (Aur., Bell., Canth., Clem., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Selen.)

Œdema and i. of genitals. Rhus-t.

Swelling and i. of prepuce, with redness of inner surface; painful sensitiveness. Merc-sol.

Swelling and i. of penis. Kali-jod., Led.

Swelling, i. and excoriation of prepuce and glans penis. Natr-c.

Swelling and painful i. of prepuce and glans penis. Merc.

Swelling of testicles, with pain and i. Carls. (Clem., Rhod., Spong.)

Suppurating ulcers with flat edges, with i. of inner surface and on margin of prepuce. Nitr-ac.

Inflammatory.—I. stage of gonorrhœa. Acon. (Give tincture in water, locally also.)

I. and rheumatic gonorrhœa, with discharge of pus. Sabin.

Inguinal (see section on Abdomen).—Suppurating i. glands. Aur., Hep-s.

Indurated and enlarged i. glands. Spong.

Sensation as if testicles were being drawn up into i. ring, with violent dragging in spermatic cord. Sec.

Injuries.—Penis and testicles swollen, and purple red (after i.). Arn.

Injury.—Phimosis from friction or i.; parts bruised and swollen. Arn.

Insects.—Crawling and creeping as of i. Petr.

Itching and crawling as of i. about scrotum. Staph.

Insensible.—Genitals relaxed and cold, almost i. Dios. (Agn.)

Insipid.—Flabbiness, perspiration, and i. odor about genitals. Asclep-tub.

Instinct.—Depression of sexual i., with loss of energy. Eryngium-aquaticum.

Excessive irritability of sexual i., but with physical weakness. Natr-m.

Loss of sexual i. Bell., Carbo-v.

Testicles dwindled, with loss of sexual i. Caps.

Insufficient.—I. erections. Coni.

I. erection and but little thrill during coition. Sep.

I. seminal discharge. Agar., Berb., Plumb.

Erections slow and i. Selen.

Great desire for coition, but with little ability, or with deficient excitement, or tardy, i., emission of semen. Agar.

Intercourse (see Coition).—Absence of desire, with aversion to i. Psor.

Great desire for i., penis being relaxed. Agar. (Agn., Coni.)

Prostatorrhœa when thinking of sexual i. Natr-m.

Sexual debility: pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have i.; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.

Involuntary.—I. emissions, followed by all old symptoms. Alu. (China, Phos., Samb., Sulph.)

I. emissions without lascivious dreams. Cic-v.

I. emissions without erections. Gels., Graph.

I. emissions, when straining at stool. Alu.

I. emissions nearly every night. Am-c. (Mono-brom. of Camph., or Digitaline 2x, will control.)

I. emission at night followed by great weakness and debility of body and mind. Calc-c.

Frequent i. emissions. Canth.

Frequent i. emissions, especially in morning. Carbo-v.

Frequent i. emissions at night. Calc-c.

Strong desire after i. emissions. Aloe.

Spermatorrhœa; i. emissions at night, with great prostration. Cocc.

Irresistible.—I. tendency to onanism. Ustil.

Irritability.—I. confined to prepuce and penis. Petr.

I. and weakness of genitals; desire without erections or ability to copulate. Dig.

Excessive i. of sexual instinct, but with physical weakness. Natr-m.

Lascivious i. of genitals. Graph.

Pollutions followed by languor and great i. of temper. Coff. (Nux-v.)

Pollutions, with lascivious dreams, followed by i., and inability to control thoughts; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.

Pollutions, with dreams of women, followed by languor, i., and pain at base of brain. Gels.

Pollutions (from indigestion), with much i. and prostration; despondent. Sang.

Irritable.—Sexual organs weak and i. (Coni.), involuntary emissions without erections. Gels.

Irritation.—Discharge of blood in semen with much i. Petr.

Erections without any voluptuous i. Phos-ac. (Ambr., Eugen., Sabad., Spig.)

I. with great weakness and nocturnal emissions. Stann.

Nervous i. after coition. Petr.

Sexual excitement caused by i. of glans penis. Nuph.

Orchitis, with great i. of urethra. Clem.

Slightest i., especially if a women is touched, produces lascivious thoughts, and frequently emissions, followed by nervous exhaustion. Nux-v.

Voluptuous i. of genitals. Ang., Graph., Plumb.

Itch.—Penis and scrotum i. and sweat. Lachn.

Itching.—I. of genitals. Agn., Ambr., Am-c., Ang., Magn-m., Natr-s., Sep. (Agar., Benz-ac., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-v., Caust., Clem., Coni., Euphr., Ign., Kali-c., Lyc., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Poth., Selen., Sil., Sulph.)

I. of scrotum. Aur., Cist., Cocc., Graph., Kali-c., Mang., Nux-v., Petr., Selen. (Am-c., Caust., Ferr., Ind., Magn-m., Meph., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Prun-s., Puls., Rhod., Rhus-t., Sil., Staph.)

I. of skin after coition. Agar.

I. of scrotum not relieved by scratching. Mur-ac.

I. and humid herps on scrotum and perinæum. Petr.

I. and moisture on scrotum. Petr. (Sil.)

I. of meatus. Petr.

I. and moist eruption on scrotum. Graph. (Hep-s., Natr-m., Rhus-t.)

I. of urethra (after gonorrhœa). Nitr-ac.

I., herpetic eruption on prepuce. Petr.

I. on penis and at frænum preputii. Hep-s.

I., smarting pain in prepuce. Puls.

I. vesicles on prepuce, which open, and are afterward covered with dry scabs or brown scurf. Nitr-ac.

I. stitches in glans penis. Dros.

I., biting, as from salt, on left side of scrotum. Ant-c.

I. about genitals on lying down in evening. Ign.

I. at tip of glans penis. Ant-c.

I. at mons veneris. Eupat-perf.

I. on inner surface of prepuce. Lyc.

I. pimples over genitals. Ambr.

I. of prepuce. Acon., Aloe, Can-sat. (Cham., Colch., Euphorb., Euphr., Gymoc., Ign., Jac-car., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t., Sep., Sil., Viola-tr., Zing.)

I. and burning in genitals. Calc-c.

I. in spermatic cord. Mang.

I. on a small part of scrotum. Nicc.

I. in urethra. Anac. (Alu., Ambr., Arn., Berb., Bov., Canth., Caust., Cocc., Cop., Ign., Ind., Laur., Lyc., Merc-cor., Mez.)

I. pimples like chancre at glands, red points when dry. Jac-car.

I. in glans penis and prepuce, alternating with stitches in anus. Thuja.

I. soreness and herpetic eruption between scrotum and thighs. Natr-m.

I. of glans penis, or scrotum. Natr-c.

I. of scrotum, with sweating, soreness and pimples. Calc-ph.

I. of meatus, scrotum and skin of penis. Caust.

I. moist spots on scrotum. Sil.
I. of hairy parts; skin inflamed, with small pustules. Kali-bi.
I. between thighs. Petr. (Carbo-v., Natr-m.)
I. spots on glans. Arn.
I. with increase of sweat about scrotum. Rhod., Sil.
I. of prepuce (Acon., Aloe, Nitr-ac.) and glans penis. Thuja. (Sulph)
I. and crawling as of insects about scrotum. Staph.
I. eruption. Arn., Bry., Nitr-ac., Petr., Sep., Sil.
I. of glans penis. Agn., Ambr., Ars., Benz-ac., Can-ind., Can-sat., Cinnab., Colch., Euphr., Ferr-mag., Gymnoc., Hep-s., Ind., Kali-bi., Mang., Merc., Mez., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nux-v., Poth., Sil., Sulph.
Biting i. on inner surface of prepuce. Nux-v.
Corrosive i. of glans penis and scrotum. Croton-tig.
Condylomata on edge of prepuce, i. and burning. Psor.
Coldness and i. of genital. Iris.
Creeping and i. in scrotum and glans penis. Chelid.
Crawling and i. sensation at corona glandis. Natr-m.
Discharge of prostatic fluid at every change of emotion, without voluptuous thoughts, with i. of prepuce. Coni.
Discharge from uretura causes i. and burning. Natr-m.
Frequent i. of glans penis. Nitr-ac.
Gonorrhœa (chronic); with i. in urethra. Petr.
Gonorrhœa; troublesome tickling and i. in urethra. Petros.
Gonorrhœa: high degee of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense i., biting deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.
Gonorrhœal bubo, with yellowish discharge; burning and i. along urethra and at meatus. Alu.
Great debility, profuse night sweats, burning and i. of skin, with tension and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.
Herpetic eruption on prepuce; small whitish vesicles with red bases in groups with intolerable i., and exceedingly sensitive to touch. Hep-s.
Miliary eruption on back of penis, with stinging and i. Rhus-r.
Red, i. eruption on glans penis. Bry.
Red spots and i. on corona glandis. Sil.
Reddish eruption on glans penis, with i. Petr.
Redness and swelling of prepuce, with painful i. Cinnab.
Stinging, i. or burning in urethra. Bov.
Stinging and i. of glans penis. Kali-c.
Stitches and i. in urethra. Cocc-c.
Scrotum thick and hard, with intolerable i.; felt like thick hog's hide Rhus-t.
Scrotum shriveled and i., disturbing sleep. Croton-tig.

Tingling and i. of and around scrotum. Lachn.
Ulcers, with pricking and i. at glans penis. Kali-bi.
Ulcerative pain and soreness, with i. at border of prepuce. Ign.
Violent i. of scrotum. Nitr-ac.
Violent i. eruption on scrotum. Calad.
Violent i. of corona glandis, with much pus. Cinnab.
Violent i. about and on scrotum (Natr-m.); red and sore to touch. Apis.
Voluptuous i. of genitals. Acon., Agar., Agn.
Voluptuous i. at tip of glans penis, which forces one to rub. Ang.
Voluptuous i. Euphorb., Euphr., Staph.
Voluptuous i. of corona glandis. Mang.
Voluptuous i. of glans penis. Acon., Am-c., Ang.
Voluptuous i. of scrotum. Staph.
Voluptuous i. of scrotum, exciting desire. Anac.

Jelly-like.—Gleet, with stringy or j. discharge. Kali-bi.
Jerking.—J. in penis. Mez., Stann., Thuja.
J. in spermatic cord. Mang., Plumb., Ox-ac.
J. stitches in posterior portion of urethra when standing. Can-sat.
J. in urethra. Nitr-ac., Phos.
Painful j. in penis. Thuja.

Kidneys (see section on Urinary Organs).—Right testicle drawn up, with pain in k. Æth.
Knees (see section on Extremities).—Gonorrhœal rheumatism; mostly effecting k. Cop.
Great weakness of k. after coition. Sep.
Lascivious dreams of women all night; great despondency; k. weak. Dios.
Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak k.; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.
Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of k.; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.
Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; k. seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Lacerating.—L. in glans penis. Kali-c.
L. or tearing in glans penis; or pain as if ulcerated. Ambr.
L., shooting, drawing in spermatic cords, extending to right testicle. Staph.
Tearing, l. pain in testicles. Puls.

Lancinating.—Dragging or l. pains in spermatic cord, extending to testicles. Berb.

L. pain in urethra. Asclep-tub.

Lancinations.—L. in testicles, which are drawn up. Bell.

L. in testicles, with pain in end of penis. Nuph.

Languid.—Burning in lower part of urethra after emission; l. and drowsy. Sep.

Sexual debility: pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and l. Nuph.

Languor.—Flaccidity and coldness of genitals, with great l. and depression of spirits; dragging pain in testicles. Gels.

Pollutions followed by l. and great irritabilty of temper. Coff.

Pollutions, with dreams of women, followed by l., irritability, and pain at base of brain. Gels.

Lardaceous.—Chancres which bleed easily, with l. edges and fetid discharge. Hep-s.

Syphilis: chancres; l. ulcers, or, more commonly, red ulcers on glans penis or prepuce. Cor-r.

Larger.—Seminal discharge l. and continues longer during coition. Osm.

Genitals l., as if swollen or puffed. Calad.

Larynx (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—Pollutions, with inability to sleep afterwards, on account of oppression about l. Lach.

Lascivious (see Amorous).—L. thoughts, with frequent erections at night. Merc.

L. thoughts (Calc-c., Phos., Sabad.), with nocturnal emissions, followed by great exhaustion. Sil.

L. irritability of genitals. Graph.

L. dreams, followed by pollution. Merc-jod.

L. dreams of women all night; great despondency; knees weak. Dios.

L. mood; nocturnal emissions. Cocc.

L. thoughts and dreams. Kali-brom., Opi.

Absence of desire; l. thoughts do not cause erections. **Nuph.**

Excessive sexual desire; l.; exposes person. Hyos.

Erections with l. dreams. Nux-v.

Erections at night with l. dreams. Ox-ac.

Erections, with l. thoughts, but without sexual desire. Spig.

Impotence, with l. thoughts (Selen.); sexual desire. Agar., Camph., China, Phos., Phos-ac.

Increased desire caused by l. fancies, but erection could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent, and anger. Calc-c.

Nightly emissions with l. dreams; from high living, etc. Nux-v.

Pollutions, with l. dreams; partial or no erections. Kobalt.

Pollutions during sleep, with l. dreams; or emissions during day from sexual excitement, without erections. Gels.

Pollutions, with l. dreams. Iris, Sabad.

Pollutions during sleep, with or without l. dreams. Phos.

Pollutions during sleep, with l. dreams. Puls.

Pollutions accompanied by l. dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.

Pollutions with l. dreams, followed by great prostration; dyspnœa. Staph.

Pollutions during sleep, with l. dreams and long-continued erections. Rhod.

Pollutions with l. dreams; with flaccid penis. Graph.

Pollutions with l. dreams and erections. Kali-brom.

Pollutions, with l. dreams, followed by irritability, and inability to control thoughts; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.

Seminal emissions with l. dreams. Bism.

Sexual desire suppressed, then excited, with l. dreams and pollutions. Eryngium-aquaticum.

Sexual desire increased; l. fancies; impotence. China. (Agar., Phos-ac.)

Sexual desire greatly excited, with l. dreams and emissions during sleep, followed by great prostration and excitement of the nerves. Coff.

Slightest irritation, especially if a woman is touched, produces l. thoughts, and frequent emissions, followed by nervous exhaustion. Nux v.

Lasciviousness.—L. Phos.

Desire increased; fits of l. Acon.

Lassitude.—After an emission, great debility and l. (Phos-ac., Staph.); with pain and weakness in thighs. Agar.

Pollutions after coition, followed by chilliness and l., with increased desire. Natr-m.

Pressing pain in back and head; l. and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Late.—Seminal discharge too l. Borax., Calc-c., Eugen., Lyc., Zinc.

Laxity.—L. of genitals. Agn. (Calad., Hell.)

Lead colored.—Elevated, l. ulcers, with sensitive edges. Nitr-ac.

Left.—L. testicle swollen, with intolerable drawing pain in testicle and cord. Clem.

L. testicle hard and very painful. Alu.

Bubo in l. groin as large as hen's egg; stony hard. Hep-s.

Coldness of l. testicle. Brom.

Dragging pain in l. testicle and penis. Kali-c.

Drawing up of l. testicle. Calc-c., Croton-tig., Pareira, Zinc.
Enlargement and tenderness of l. testicle, with swelling in groin of same side; testicle hard and tender to touch. Clem.
Fine painful stinging in l. testicle. Merc-cor.
Hard, painless swelling of l. testicle; painful when driving. Brom.
Hydrocele of l. side. Graph.
Induration and swelling of testicles (especially of l.), with violent drawing pains, extending to abdomen and thighs. **Rhod.**
Induration of l. testicle. Brom., Mez., Rhod.
Painfulness of l. testicle. Jac-car.
Retraction of l. testicle. Thuja.
Sarcocele of l. testicle. Merc-bij.
Swelling of l. testicle. Brom., Mez., Podo., Rhod.
Stinging stitches in l. testicle. Merc-cor.

Legs (see section on Extremities).—After coition coldness of l., with heat of body. Graph.
Cold l., exhaustion, heat of body and perspiration after coition. Graph.
Cannot walk with l. close together on account of increased pain in urethra from gonorrhœa. Can-sat.
Tremor of l. after coition. Calc-c.

Lessened (see Diminished).—Desire l. Therid.
Sexual desire l., almost lost. Agn. (Sulph.)

Leucorrœha (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Gonorrhœa (caused by acrid l. or menses of wife). Natr-m.

Linen.—Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under prepuce, with discharge of yellowish-white matter having strong odor, staining l. Merc-sol.
Yellow, purulent discharge makes spots on l. like gonorrhœa. Natr-m.

Limbs (see section on Extremities).—Acute or inflammatory stage of gonorrhœa, with pains in l. **Gels.**
L. cold after coition. Graph.
Soreness of l. after coition. Sil.

Loins.—After pollutions weakness in l. Phos.
Loss of sexual power, with dull, burning pain constantly in left hypochondrium and pain across l., as if broken. Cocc-c.
Weak and ill-humored after coition; weakness in l. **Selen.**

Long lasting.—L. morning erections. Puls.

Loss.—L. of sexual instinct. Carbo-v.
L. of sexual power. Agn., Arg-n., Camph., Ign., Iod., **Merc.**
L. of desire; no erections. Nitr-ac.
L. of sexual desire (in light complexioned, fleshy people). **Kali-bi.**
L. of sexual desire. Agn., Plumb.
L. of sexual desire (in old men). Lyc.
L. of sexual power, with dull, burning pain constantly in left hypochondrium and pain across loins, as if broken. Cocc-c.
L. of hair from mons veneris. Natr-m.

Depression of sexual instinct, with l. of energy. Eryngium-aquaticum.
Debility of genitals and l. of desire. Sulph.
Impotence, with melancholy and l. of memory; nervous prostration; epilepsy. Kali-brom.
Impotence; l. of power; erections cannot be excited. Coni.
Primary action, l. of sexual power; secondary action, increased desire. Agn.
Testicles dwindled, with l. of sexual instinct. Caps.
Weakness of organs and l. of desire; retarded ejaculation during coition. Natr-m.

Losses.—Consequences of excessive sexual l.; from onanism. China. (Agn., Agar., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Staph.)
Hydrocele after gonorrhœal orchitis, with sexual weakness; also after seminal l. Phos.

Lost.—Strong desire with feeble erections; all erectile power l. Phos.
Impotence; sexual desire completely l. from chronic degeneration of cord. Plumb.
Sexual desire lessened, almost l. Agn. (Sulph.)
Sexual instinct l. Bell., Ign., Plumb.

Low.—Scrotum flaccid and hangs very l. Rhus-t.
Testicles relaxed; hang down very l. Puls.

Lumbar region.—Pollutions nearly every night, with great prostration and burning, aching distress in l. of back. Phos.

Lustful.—L. sexual passion without erections. Agar., Aur., Calad., Crotal., Ferr., Ign., Lach., Natr-m., Puls., Sabad., Sep., Sulph.
Great sexual passion; l. China, Merc. (Coni.)

Lustfulness.—L. Calc-c., Carbo-v., China. (Graph.)

Lymphatic.—Inflammation of l. glands. Merc.
Induration and enlargement of inguinal and l. glands. Spong.
Swelling of l. glands. Merc. (Lact.)
Swelling of l. vessels along penis. Merc.

Mania.—Melancholy, with suicidal m. (after onanism). Aur.
Satyriasis; sexual m.; strips himself. Phos.
Trembling, imbecility, m., epilepsy and indigestion, following sexual excess or abuse. Phos.

Masturbation (see Onanism).—Involuntary emissions after m. Eryngium-aquaticum.
Mental, moral and physical ills resulting from m. Bellis-perennis.
Weakness and debility of organs (resultant from m. or excesses). Phos., Phos-ac.

Meatus (see section on Urinary Organs).—M. agglutinated with mucus. Petros.
Coition painful; urethra feels as if put on stretch; sensitive at m. Arg-n.
Gonorrhœa, with constant sticking together of m. Camph.

Gonorrhœal bubo, with yellowish discharge; burning and itching along urethra and at m. Alu.

Gleet; small drop of watery fluid in m. in morning, at times gluing orifice together (caused by atony of mucous membrane). Phos.

Itching of m., scrotum and skin of penis. Caust.

Redness of m., with pinching pain. Cinnab.

Vesicles at m. and on inner surface of prepuce, forming chancre-like ulcers. Nitr-ac.

Yellow drop from m. in morning. Fluor-ac.

Meatus urinarius.—Smarting in m. when urinating. Kobalt.

Inflammation and redness of m. Can-sat., Hep-s.

Itching of m. Petr.

Melancholy.—M. with suicidal mania (after onanism). Aur.

M.; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.

Impotence, with m. and loss of memory; nervous prostration; epilepsy. Kali-brom.

Memory (see vol. i., section on Mind).—Frequent debilitating pollutions; palpitation of heart and trembling of limbs; m. impaired; appetite lost; constipation. Dig.

Impotence, with melancholy and loss of m., nervous prostration; epilepsy. Kali-brom.

Menses (see section on Female Sexual Organs).—Gonorrhœa (caused by acrid leucorrhœa or m. of wife. Matr-m.

Mental (see vol. i., section on Mind).—Impotence, with m. depression. Calad.

Only m., not physical desire for coition. Selen. (Phos.)

Sexual organs have a weak feeling, with m. and physical exhaustion; seminal emissions. Carbo-an.

Metastasis.—Orchitis, with burning stinging pain; m. from mumps. Staph. (Puls.)

Micturition (see section on Urinary Organs).—After pollutions, m., stool and restless sleep. Aloe.

Burning during and after m. Acon., Arg-n., Canth., Can-sat., Tart-em.

Chronic gonorrhœa, with great pain and soreness during m.; yellowish-green discharge. Cinnab.

Discharge of prostatic fluid (prostatorrhœa) after m. or stool, with hypertrophy of prostate gland. Natr-c. (Sil.)

Discharge of prostatic fluid after m. (Kali-c.), or hard stool. Hep-s.

Gonorrhœa, first thin, afterward thick, greenish; with burning and smarting after m. Merc-cor.

Gonorrhœa: burning during m.; painful tension during erections; chordee, bleeding from urethra, shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.

Swelling of prepuce, indicating phimosis; violent burning pain in urethra during and after m. Can-sat.

Midnight.—Erections after m. Osm.

Milk-like.—Discharge of m. fluid after stool. Iod.

Milky.—Discharge of a m. fluid from urethra. Petros.

Chronic gonorrhœa, with m. discharge. Ferr.

Moist.—Smooth, m. spots on glans. Carbo-v.

Scrotum swollen, red and hot; with vesicles, painful to touch, becoming m., and next day forming scales. Chelid.

Moisture.—M. on frænum. Phos-ac.

M. on glans penis. Thuja.

M. on scrotum. Petr., Sil. (Natr-c., Sulph., Zinc.)

M. between thighs. Hep-s. (Bar-c., Carbo-v., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Petr., Rhod.)

Itching and m. on scrotum. Petr. (Sil.)

Sticky, odorless m. about scrotum. Carbo-an.

Sweat and m. on and about genitals of both sexes. Petr.

Soreness and m. of scrotum. Sulph. (Petr.)

Mons veneris.—Itching in m. Eupat-perf.

Loss of hair from m. Natr-m.

Pimples on m. Calad., Kali-bi.

Soreness on m. Nux-v.

Sensitiveness and pressure in and about m., with internal shaking chill and external coldness. Plat.

Morning.—Copious pollution toward m. Petros.

Constrictive pain at root of penis in m. on waking. Kali-bi.

Erections without desire in m. Am-c.

Erections early in m. Magn-m.

Erections in m. Ambr., Thuja. (Caps., Magn-m., Natr-s., Nux-v., Petr., Phos., Puls.)

Erections in m. before rising. Bar-c.

Gleet; small drop of watery fluid in meatus in m., at times gluing orifice together (caused by atony of the mucous membrane). Phos.

Painful erections in m. (Nux-v.) before rising. Sil.

Yellow drop from meatus in m. Fluor-ac.

Motion.—Pains in genitals increased by m. Berb.

Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; m. of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

Moved.—Sensation as if testicles m. on walking. Thuja.

Movement.—Pollutions accompanied by lascivious dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least m.; despondency and fear of future. Dig.

Moving.—Pain in groins when m. Merc-sol.

Mucous membrane.—Gleet; small drop of watery fluid in meatus in morning, at times gluing orifice together (caused by atony of m.). Phos.

Mucus.—Gleet: discharge of clear m.; of transparent, watery slime. Natr-m.
Gonorrhœa: discharge of bloody m.; painful urination; chronic form. Nitr-ac.
Gonorrhœa, or gleet: discharge of watery m.; stinging and titillating through urethra and perinæum; urethra sore. Mez.
Discharge of m., blood and pus, with much itching of prepuce. Nitr-ac.
Meatus agglutinated with m. Petros.
Chronic gonorrhœa; when urinating tenacious m. passes with urine. Nux-v.
Prostate gland enlarged; pus and m. in urine. **Natr-s.**
Viscid, glutinous m. from urethra. **Agar.**
Syphilis affecting throat; constantly dropping of m. from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on palms of hands and fingers. Cor-r.
Painless discharge of m., more or less profuse. **Can-sat.**
Urethritis, with discharge of transparent m., with pain. **Ham.**
Chronic prostatitis, with discharge of m. Petr.
White, glairy m. may be squeezed from urethra. Can-ind.
Discharge of m. from urethra. Merc.

Mumps.—Orchitis (after suppression of gonorrhœa, or m.). Natr-m.
Orchitis, with burning, stinging pain; metastasis from m. Staph. (Puls.)
Swelling from metastasis of m. to testicles. Carbo-v.

Nates (see Thighs, also section on Anus, Rectum and Stool).—Chafed between n. Bar-c., Cinnab., Hep-s., Petr. (Caust., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhod., Sulph.)
Eruption between n. Hep-s., Petr.
Excessive sweat on perinæum and inner surface of n. Thuja.
Herpetic eruption on scrotum and n. Eupat-perf.
Herpetic eruption between n. Natr-m., Petr.
Humid eruption on scrotum, and between genitals and n. **Rhus-t.** (Hep-s., Graph.)
Itching, soreness and herpetic eruption between scrotum and n. Natr-m.
Itching between n. Petr. (Carbo-v., Natr-m.)
Moisture between n. Hep-s. (Bar-c., Carbo-v., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Petr., Rhod.)
Perspiration between n. Cinnab.
Redness between n. Petr.
Spermatorrhœa, with pains and weakness of n. **Agar.**
Soreness between scrotum and n. Lyc., Natr-c. (Hep-s.)
Soreness between genitals and n. Rhod.
Small pimples or vesicles between scrotum and n. Petr.

Soreness of n. Sil.

Smarting between n. Hep-s.

Sweat on genitals, with soreness between scrotum and n. Merc.

Nausea (see section on Stomach, vol. ii.).—Neuralgia; pain in testicles suddenly shifting to bowels, causing n. and faintness. Ham.

Navicular fossa.—Drawing, sticking in n., changing to a cutting, biting after urination. Petros. (Can-sat.)

Frequent, voluptuous tickling in n. Petros.

Needle-like.—N. stitches in penis. Asaf.

Needles.—Pain in frænum, as if pricked by n. Cor-r.

Nerves.—Sexual desire greatly excited, with lascivious dreams and emissions during sleep, followed by great prostration and excitement of n. Coff.

Nervous.—N. irritation after coition. Petr.

Impotence, with melancholy and loss of memory; n. prostration; epilepsy. Kali-brom.

Neuralgia.—N. of testicles. Puls., Zinc.

N. of spermatic cords and testicles. Berb., Cocc. (Clem., Cimicif., Puls.)

N. in one or both testicles. Ustil. (Staph.)

N.; pain in testicles, suddenly shifting to bowels, causing nausea and faintness. Ham.

Hyperæsthesia and n. of glans penis. Tabac.

Neuralgic.—N. pains in spermatic cords. Ox-ac.

Neurasthenia.—Debility and n. of genitals. Stann.

Irritation, great weakness, nocturnal emissions and n. Stann.

Night.—After coition, pollutions every n. Dig.

Constant excitement of genitals, with frequent erections day and n. Dios.

Copious pollutions at n. Dig. (Aur.)

Emission at n. without erections. Bism.

Emission at n. very debilitating (Staph.) after onanism. China.

Emission at n., with flaccid penis. Graph.

Emission without dreams at n. Anac., Coni., Guaj. (Phos.)

Emission at n., penis relaxed. Bell.

Emissions at n. from plethora of sexual organs; or emissions without erections, followed by debility and great relaxation of parts. Opi.

Emissions without erections day and n. Eryngium-aquaticum.

Emissions nearly every n. (Am-c.), without erection, with atrophy of penis (after onanism). Arg-m.

Emission at n. after coition (Phos.); semen comes in a stream, without ejaculation. Agn. (Gels.)

Emissions at n. (Bar-c., Brom., China, Dig., Nux-v., Phos., Puls., Sil., Sulph.), followed by vertigo. Caust.

Erections at n. with lascivious dreams. Ox-ac.

Erections at n. Aur., Merc., Thuja. (Alu., Caps., Merc-cor., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Olan., Paris, Plat., Plumb., Rhus-t., Sep., Staph., Zinc.)
Erections day and n. Phos.
Erections, with contraction and sore pain along urethra, at n. Canth.
Exhausting erections and emissions at n. (Phos-ac.), with hypochondriasis. Aur.
Frequent erection during evening and n. Alu.
Frequent emissions at n. Calad. (Phos-ac.)
Frequent, involuntary emissions at n. Calc-c.
Frequent erections at n. Agar.
Great desire, with violent erections, especially at n. Plat.
Involuntary emissions nearly every n. Am-c. (Mono-brom. of Camph., or Digitaline 2x, will control.)
Increased desire, with violent erections at n. Fluor-ac.
Ivoluntary emissions at n., with lascivious mood. Cocc-c. (China, Phos-ac., Staph.
Involuntary emission at n. followed by great weakness and debility of body and mind. Calc-c.
Lascivious thoughts, with frequent erections at n. Merc.
Lascivious dreams of women all n.; great despondency; knees weak. Dios.
Pollutions at n., three or four times every week. Dig.
Pollutions nearly every n., with great prostration, and burning, aching distress in lumbar region of back. Phos.
Perspiration on genitals at n. Bell.
Painful erection at n. Caps.
Stitches in fossa navicularis, with emission at n. Cic-v.
Spermatorrhœa; involuntary emissions at n., with great prostration. Cocc.
Scratching and rubbing genitals at n. in bed. Merc.
Secondary and tertiary syphilis; erosions; pain in bones at n. Fluor-ac.
Thick greenish or yellowish discharge, more at n. Merc.
Violent erections at n. Sil. (Graph.)

Night sweats.—Great debility, profuse n., burning and itching of skin, with tension and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.

Nodules.—Hard, brown n. on scrotum; suppurating. Nitr-ac.

Numbness.—N. Ambr.
Coldness and n. in prepuce and glans penis. Berb.

Odor.—Fig-warts with an o. like old cheese or herring brine. Calc-c., Hep-s.
Flabbiness, perspiration and insipid o. about genitals. Asclep-tub.
Offensive o. about genitals. Sars.

Profuse sweat of sweetish or honey o. about genitals, especially on scrotum and perinæum. Thuja.

Semen thin, without normal o. Selen.

Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; fetid, gangrenous o. Cinnab.

Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under prepuce, with discharge of yellowish-white matter having strong o., staining linen. Merc-sol.

Œdema (see Dropsy and Anasarca).—Œ. of scrotum. Ars., Colch., Rhus-t.

Œ. from Rhus poisoning. Lactic acid, diluted, or a wash of sour buttermilk will cure about every case.

Œ. and inflammation of genitals. Rhus-r.

Œ. of prepuce and scrotum. Natr-s.

Œ. of scrotum and feet (in diabetes). Arg-m.

Œ. of penis and scrotum. Canth.

Œ. of scrotum; hydrocele. Natr-m.

Œ. of prepuce; swelling like a large water-blister. Graph.

Œ., or dropsical swelling of prepuce and scrotum. Graph.

Erysipelatous inflammation of penis, with œ., great soreness and stinging pain. Apis.

Hydrocele; œ., or dropsical swelling of penis. Fluor-ac.

Swelling and œ. of prepuce. Apis.

Œdematous.—Penis and scrotum swollen and œ., with disease of heart. Apoc. (Lycop-v.)

Offensive.—O. odor about genitals. Sars.

O. sweat about genitals. Sulph.

Chronic balanitis, with greasy, o. smelling discharge. Merc-cor.

Gleet, with o. urine. Benz-ac.

Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting o. ichor on inner surface. Nitr-ac.

Old buboes do not heal, but secrete o. ichor. Carbo-an.

Swelling of testicles; scrotum sore, oozing an o. fluid. Calc-ph.

Uretheritis, with o. purulent discharge (as in gonorrhœa). Agave. Puls.

Oily.—O., pungent-smelling sweat on genitals. Fluor-ac.

Old men.—Frequent pollutions (in o.). Natr-c.

Great sexual excitemet (especially in o.). Fluor-ac.

Loss of sexual desire (in o.). Lyc.

Sexual passion increased (in o.). Fluor-ac.

Onanism (see Masturbation).—O. during sleep. Carbo-v.

O. causing epilepsy. Lach., Stram.

O.; patient distressed by his culpability in indulgence. Phos-ac.

After o. very debilitating emissions at night. China.

Consequences of excessive sexual losses; from o. China. (Agn., Agar., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Staph.)
Epilepsy, with o. Lach.
Epilepsy from o. Calc-c., Plat.
Epilepsy during coition, or resulting from o. Bufo.
Emissions after o. Puls., Sep.
Emissions nearly every night, without erection, with atrophy of penis (after o.). Arg-m.
Impotence (from o.). Can-sat.
Impotence (after excessive sexual excitement and o.). Phos.
Impotence; after o. or sexual excess. Lyc.
Irresistible tendency to o. Ustil.
Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following o. or sexual excesses. Staph.
Prostration after o. or sexual excesses. Carbo-v. (Staph.)
Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of o. Calc-c.
Seeks solitude that he may abandon himself to o. Bufo.
Similar effects on nervous system as those produced by o. Nux-v.

One-sided.—O. swelling of glans. Spig.

Oozes.—Prostatorrhœa; o. when sitting, during sleep, when walking and at stool. Selen. (Agn., Sil.)

Oozing.—Condylomata o. Nitr-ac., Thuja.
Fiery-red eruption on scrotum, which is almost raw, with burning; o. of thick, glutinous fluid; vesicles raised. Petr.
Swelling of testicles; scrotum sore, o. an offensive fluid. Calc-ph.

Oppression.—Pollutions, with inability to sleep afterwards, on account of o. about larynx. Lach.

Orchitis.—O. (following a bruise). Zinc.
O. after mismanaged gonorrhœa. Clem.
O. with much hypertrophy of testicles. Apis.
O. with swelling of scrotum. Puls.
O. with syphilitic ulcers on scrotum. Kali-jod.
O. (Puls.), with great soreness and swelling. Ham.
O. with great irritation of urethra. Clem.
O. (after suppression of gonorrhœa or mumps). Natr-m.
O. (after suppression of gonorrhœa). Arg-n., Tart-em.
O.; induration of testicle (Clem.), with feeling as if being crushed. Rhod.
O., with burning, stinging pain; metastasis from mumps. Staph. (Puls.)
O. (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord.; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

O., with stinging and spasmodic contraction, extending into cords; testicles hard and relaxed. Nux-v.

Acute o., with high fever, and tearing or bruised pains in testicles (from cold or gonorrhœa). Acon.

Gonorrhœa; gleet; o. Phyt.

Hydrocele after gonorrhœal o. Phos.

Rheumatism or o. following suppression of gonorrhœa. Gels.

(In acute o. if chloroform is applied locally to scrotum once in three hours it will often abort the disease.—Burt.)

Suppressed gonorrhœa, with pain in, and swelling of, testicles; o. Puls.

Orgasm.—O. subsides before ejaculation. Eugen.

Orifice.—Gleet; small drop of watery fluid in meatus in morning, at times gluing o. together (caused by atony of mucous membrane). Phos.

Burning at o. of urethra, before, during and after urination. Caps.

Stitches at o. of urethra when not urinating. Caps.

Itching at o. of urethra. Caust.

Gonorrhœa with changeable discharge, now more, again less; o. of urethra sticking together. Cupr.

Inflammation and redness of o. of urethra. Can-sat., Hep-s.

Other.—Aversion to o. sex. Am-c.

Over-indulgence.—Impotence (from o.). China.

Pain.—Bruised p. in genitals. Arn.

P. in testicles and stitches in penis when sitting. Lith-c.

P. in spermatic cord, when standing, with contraction of scrotum. Can-sat.

P. in frænum, as if pricked by needles. Cor-r.

P. and spasm of spermatic cord, with pollutions. Dios.

P. in bladder and prostate gland after coition. Al-cep.

P. in groins when moving. Merc-sol.

P. in left testicle on walking. Jac-car.

P. in right testicle, better after urinating. Kobalt.

P. in glans penis when urinating. Ox-ac.

P. running down spermatic cords into testicles. Berb., Ham., Merc.

P. in groin after coition. Therid.

P. in testicles and back. Abrot.

P. in testicles. Coni.

P. in glans penis. Chelid.

P. in testicles and spermatic cords. Osm. (Clem., Spong.)

P. in tip of penis and prepuce. Osm.

P. in urethra, as in beginning of gonorrhœa. Sulph.

After an emission, great debility and lassitude (Phos-ac., Staph.); with p. and weakness in thighs. Agar.

After coition p. over left eye. Cedron.

Bruised crushed p. in testicles (Acon.); clothing makes it worse when walking. Arg-m.
Bruised p. in testicles. Acon., Berb., Dig., Plat., Rhod., Staph. (Arg-m., Clem., Cocc., Hep-s., Natr-c., Ox-ac., Pallad.)
Bruised p. in scrotum. Acon., Euphorb., Kali-c , Lachn., Sil.
Bruised p. in prepuce. Ars., Berb., Calc-c., Merc., Nux-v., Puls., Sil. Sulph.
Bruised p. in testicles without swelling. Puls.
Bruised p. in prostate gland. Cop.
Bruised p. in spermatic cord. Berb., Mang.
Boring, cramp-like p. extending from rectum to testicles. Sil.
Cramping p. in testicles. Am-c., Ign., Nux-v., Plumb., Spong.
Cramping p. in seminal cord. Arg-m., Nux-v.
Constrictive p. in testicles. Nux-v.
Constrictive p. at root of penis. Kali-bi.
Contused p., with alternate drawing in testicles. Rhod.
Contused p. in scrotum. Acon.
Contused p. in right testicle. Dig.
Contused p., with enlargement and hardening of right testicle. Arg-n.
Cutting p. along penis. Anac., Ol-an.
Cutting p. in glans penis. Coni., Lyc.
Cutting p. in testicle. Berb., Phos-ac., Sep., Tereb.
Cannot walk with legs close together on account of increased p. in urethra from gonorrhœa. Can-sat.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with great p. and soreness during micturition; yellowish-green discharge. Cinnab.
Choking or forcing p. in testicles and seminal cords. Am-c.
Drawing p. in testicles and spermatic cord. Chelid., Merc. (Berb.)
Drawing p. from anus to testicles. Rhod.
Drawing p. in scrotum. Am-c.
Drawing p. in spermatic cord while urinating. Canth.
Drawing p. in testicles. Ham. (Rhod.)
Drawing sore p. in testicles when touched. Cocc.
Dragging p. in left testicle and penis. Kali-c.
Erysipelatous inflammation of penis, with œdema, great soreness and stinging p. Apis.
Erections, with contraction and sore p. along urethra, at night. Canth.
Enlargement of testicles, with p. extending to abdomen. Iod.
Frequent p. in testicles all day. Ham. (Clem., Rhod.)
Fig-warts and sycotic excrescences, with burning soreness and p. Sabin.
Flaccidity and coldness of genitals, with great languor and depression of spirits; dragging p. in testicles. Gels.
Gonorrhœa: frequent, painful erections; burning p. in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.

Gonorrhœa, with copious discharge; contusive p. in testicle. Arg-m.
Great p., swelling and tenderness of testicles. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation with p. in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Inflammation of bladder and urethra, burning or shooting p. and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.
Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning p.; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation and swelling of testicles, p. extending to spermatic cords. Nitr-ac.
Itching, smarting p. in prepuce. Puls.
Lancinations in testicles, with p. in end of penis. Nuph.
Lancinating p. in urethra. Asclep-tub.
Lacerating or tearing in glans penis; or p. as if ulcerated. Ambr.
Left testicle swollen, with intolerable drawing p. in testicle and cord. Clem.
Loss of sexual power, with dull, burning p. constantly in left hypochondrium and p. across loins, as if broken. Cocc-c.
Neuralgia; p. in testicles, suddenly shifting to bowels, causing nausea and faintness. Ham.
Orchitis, with burning, stinging p.; metastasis from mumps. Staph. (Puls.)
Orchitis, with much p. and great swelling of testicles. Ham. (Use locally and internally.)
Pollutions, with dreams of women, followed by languor, irritability, and p. at base of brain. Gels.
Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; p. in small of back extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.
Pollutions, followed by p. from small of back down spermatic cords. Sars.
Pollutions, with weakness and p. in back (sacrum), and at base of brain. Graph. (Gels.)
Pressing p. in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.
Pressing p. in left testicle when walking; worse from touch. Staph.
Pressing p. in right testicle, as if crushed. Acon., Caust. (Arg-n.)
Pressive p., as from contusion, when touching or rubbing. Aur.
Pressive p. in testicles. Carls.
Pinching, bruised, squeezing p. in testicles. Spong.
Pinching p. in testicle, worse from slightest touch. Clem.
Redness of meatus, with pinching p. Cinnab.

Right testicle drawn up, with p. in kidneys. Æth.
Second stage of gonorrhœa: discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Suppressed gonorrhœa, with p. in and swelling of testicles; orchitis. Puls.
Swelling of prepuce, indicating phimosis; violent burning p. in urethra during and after micturition. Can-sat.
Swelling of testicles, with p. and inflammation. Carls. (Clem., Rhod., Spong.)
Shrinking of scrotum, with coldness and p. in testicles. Berb.
Secondary and tertiary syphilis; erosions; p. in bones at night. Fluor-ac.
Smarting p. in one testicle. Coff.
Sexual excess followed by p. at base of brain. Gels.
Spasmodic p. in testicles. Spong.
Sore p. in scrotum. Berb., Zinc.
Sore p. in penis. Arn., Can-sat.
Sore p. in prepuce. Cham., Cor-r., Lob.
Severe p. and swelling of epididymis and testicles of left side. Vib-op.
Spasmodic p. in genitals. Graph.
Squeezing p. in testicles. Sil.
Tearing, lacerating p. in testicles. Puls.
Tearing p. in glans penis. Petr.
Thin, ichorous discharge, with burning, stinging p. Apis.
Urethritis, with discharge of transparent mucus, with p. Ham.
Ulcerative p. in middle of urethra, as from a splinter. Arg-n.
Ulcerative p. and soreness, with itching at border of prepuce. Ign.

Painful.—P. erections in morning. Nux-v.
P. ejaculation of semen. Coni.
P., inflamed and swollen testicles. Clem. (Rhod., Spong.)
P. swelling of glans penis. Canth.
P., spasmodic erections during sleep. Nitr-ac.
P. priapism (Tereb.); frightful satyriasis. Canth.
P. and gangrenous swelling of genitals. Ars.
P. erections during sleep; pollutions. Thuja.
P. jerking in penis. Thuja.
P. discharge of semen. Calc-c., Clem., Sars., Thuja.
P. erections. Canth., Kali-c., Merc., Puls., Thuja. (Can-sat., Hep-s., Ign., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Sabad., Seneg., Zing.)
P. pollutions. Calc-c., Clem., Mosch., Sars., Thuja.
P. erections before rising in morning. Sil.
P. soft chancres. Cor-r.
Coition p.; urethra feels as if put on stretch; sensitive at meatus Arg-n.
Copious, p. emissions, with subsequent p. erections. Kali-c.

Erections violent and p. Can-ind.
Fine p. stinging in left testicle. Merc-cor.
Gonorrhœa: frequent p. erections; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.
Gonorrhœa: discharge of bloody mucus; painful urination; chronic form. Nitr-ac.
Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; p. tension during erections; chordee, bleeding from urethra, and shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.
Lascivious excitement, with p., nightly erections. Merc.
Left testicle hard and very p. Alu.
Penis p., as if sore or burnt, when walking. Can-sat.
Priapism; p. erections. Can-sat.
Prepuce inflamed and very p., difficulty in drawing it back. Sabin.
Prepuce swollen at margin, sore and p. Calad.
Pressive, p. swelling of testicles. Spong. (Clem., Rhod.)
Rheumatic gonorrhœa; p. drawing pains in spermatic cord, with tearing pains in testicles. Puls.
Swelling and inflammation of prepuce, with redness of inner surface; p. sensitiveness. Merc-sol.
Swelling and p. inflammation of prepuce and glans penis. Merc.
Swollen, hard and p. testicles, which are cold. Agn. (Acon., Coni.)
Scrotum swollen, red and hot; with vesicles p. to touch, becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.
Spermatic cord p. Caps.
Spermatic cord swollen and p. Spong. (Puls.)
Testicles swollen, inflamed and p. Plumb.
Testicles retracted, swollen and p. Rhod. (Clem.)
Testicles, especially epididymis, intensely p. to touch. Rhod.
Urethra inflamed; p. to pressure; discharges mucus, blood and pus, with much itching of prepuce. Nitr-ac.
Ulcers which bleed when touched, so p. they affect whole body. Merc.

Painfulness.—P. of right testicle, ameliorated after urinating. Kobalt.
P. of spermatic cord. Meny.
P. of penis. Jac-car., Osm.
P. of left testicle. Jac-car.
P. of prepuce. Cor-r., Cycl., Osm., Sabin.
P. of prepuce, as if a small bundle of fibres were seized. Jac-car.
P. of testicles. Zinc. (Arn., Asaf., Aur., Can-sat., Caust., Clem., Cocc., Ign., Ol-an., Phos-ac., Sep. Tarax.)

Painless.—Chronic gleet, with anæmia; discharge copious, p.; milky. Ferr.
Gonorrhœa; discharge green and p. Merc-sol.
Strong, persistent, p. erections, without voluptuous sensations. Canth.

Pains.—Acute orchitis, with high fever, and tearing or bruised p. in testicles (from cold or gonorrhœa). Acon.

P. in genitals increased by motion. Berb.
Acute or inflammatory stage of gonorrhœa, with p. in limbs. Gels.
Choking p. in relaxed testicles. Am-c.
Crampy p. in testicles after emissions. Caps.
Chancre, with sticking p., as from a splinter. Thuja.
Cutting p. in testicles. Berb., Phos-ac., Sep., Tereb.
Cutting and contractive p. from ureters down to penis; pressure on glans relieves a little. Canth.
Cutting p. in penis. Ol-an.
Drawing p. from abdomen through spermatic cords to testicles. Puls. (Ham.)
Drawing p. in spermatic cords lasting a long time. Puls.
Drawing p. in testicles and spermatic cords. Psor.
Dragging or lancinating p. in spermatic cord, extending to testicles. Berb. (Ham., Merc., Puls.)
Dragging p. in groins extending to testicles. Hydr.
Frequent, sharp, stinging p. in glans penis. Caul.
Gleet: whitish discharge; gouty p. through body. Mez.
Gonorrhœa, copious discharge, terrible cutting p.; bloody urine. Arg-n.
Induration and swelling of testicles (especially of left), with violent drawing p., extending to abdomen and thighs. Rhod.
Neuralgia of testicles, p. dart from testicles into stomach; worse nights and during rainy weather. Ham.
Neuralgic p. in spermatic cords. Ox-ac.
Piercing p. in penis. Can-sat.
Pollutions, accompanied by lascivious dreams, followed by p. in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.
Painful swelling of spermatic cords and testicles; tearing p. China.
Pulsating p. through penis. Cop.
Rheumatic gonorrhœa; painful drawing p. in spermatic cord, with tearing p. in testicles. Puls.
Swelling and soreness of testicles, with tearing p. Puls.
Severe neuralgic p. in testicles. Ham.
Smarting, burning p. or stitches, in spermatic cord. Berb.
Spermatorrhœa, with p. and weakness of thighs. Agar.
Stitches or shooting p. in penis. Can-sat.
Sticking, stitching p. in right testicle. Rhod.
Soreness and rheumatic p. in spermatic cords. Phyt.
Ulcers on sexual organs, secreting a foul, ichorous pus, with burning p. Carbo-v.

Pale.—Pollutions without dreams; p. face, sunken eyes, with blue rings around them. Zinc.
Sexual debility; pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; p. and languid. Nuph.

Palms (see section on Extremities).—Syphilis affecting throat; constant dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on p. of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Palpitation.—P. of heart after sexual excess. Sec.

P. of heart and excited circulation after coition. Am-c.

Frequent debilitating pollutions; p. of heart and trembling of limbs; memory impaired; appetite lost; constipation. Dig.

Pollutions, accompanied by lascivious dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent p. of heart at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.

Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; p.; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Paralysis.—P. soon after coition. Phos.

P. after sexual excess. Natr-m.

Pollutions, followed by p. of extremities. Sabad.

Paralyzed.—Sensation on right side of head as if p. after coition; soreness of thighs. Sil.

Pharaphimosis.—P. Merc-cor., Natr-m., Rhus-t.

P. or phimosis, with discharge of fetid pus. Sulph.

Extensive swelling of glans penis with p. Kali-jod.

Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or p.; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.

Paroxysms.—Amorous p. Acon. (Ant-c., Hyos., Opi., Stram., Ver-a.)

Passion.—After pollutions sexual p. excited. Aloe, Mez.

Excessive sexual p. Alu., Kali-c., Lyc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Plat., Plumb. (Coloc., Psor., Sil., Therid., Zinc.)

Great sexual p.; lustful. China, Merc. (Coni.)

Lustful sexual p. without erections. Agar., Aur., Calad., Crotal., Ferr., Ign., Lach., Natr-m., Puls., Sabad., Sep., Sulph.

Sexual p. diminished. Acon., Arg-n., Bar-c., Bell., Carbo-an., Hell., Hep-s., Ind., Kali-c., Kali-jod., Lyc., Magn-c., Opi., Petr., Phos-ac., Sabad., Spong., Teucr.

Sexual p. increased. Agar., Ant-c., Calc-c., Canth., China, Cinnab,, Coff., Hyos., Ign., Iod., Lach., Merc., Mosch., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nux-v., Opi., Phos., Plat., Puls., Sabin., Sil., Stann., Staph., Stram., Ver-a.

Sexual p., with weakness of faculty. Agar., Am-c., Graph., Meny., Nux-m., Selen.

Sexual p. wanting, suppressed. Agn., Camph., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Corbo-an., Cop., Ferr-mag., Hell., Hep-s., Ign., Lach., Mur-ac., Nux-m., Phos-ac., Sil., Sulph.)

Sexual p. easily excited. Kali-c., Lyc., Nux-v., Phos.

Sexual p. increased (in old men). Fluor-ac.

Sexual p. wanting; power weak. Bar-c., Calad., Ign., Sep., Sulph., (Calc-c., Nux-m., Sil.)

Strong sexual p. with many erections. Canth., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Puls. (Dig., Ferr., Nux-v., Plat., Sabin., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Spig., Staph.)

Strong sexual p. with pollutions. Nux-v., Plumb. (Dig., Ferr., Natr-c., Opi., Sars.)

Strong sexual p. Canth. Kali-c., Lach., Mosch. (Am-c., Ferr-mag., Nux-v., Plat., Plumb.)

Strong excitement of sexual p., with discharge of prostatic fluid. Nitr-ac.

Wanton sexual p., with inclination to cohabit. Calc-c., Lach. (Ant-c., Coni., Ign., Kobalt, Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Phos., Puls., Sars., Sil., Spig., Stram., Zinc.)

Passions.—Arouses lowest p. in man, making him beastly. **Bufo.**

Peevishness.—P. after coition. Selen.

After pollutions, p. Natr-c.

Penis.—P. becomes quite small; contracted. Ign.

P. small (Aloe), flaccid. Agn. (Arg-n.)

P. and testicles enormously swollen. Merc-cor.

P. relaxed; emission premature. Bar-c.

P. and scrotum itch and sweat. Lachn.

P. small; testicle cold and relaxed. Aloe.

P. and scrotum swollen and œdematous (with disease of heart). Apoc. (Lycop-v.)

P. small, cold, relaxed; no erections. Agn., Bar-c., Berb., Caps., Lyc., Sulph.

P. and testicles swollen, and purple, red (after injuries). Arn.

P. so relaxed that voluptuous fancies excite no erection. Agn. (Agar., Coni.)

P. retracted; testicle relaxed. Nuph.

P. relaxed. Sabad.

P. becomes relaxed during coition. Nux-v.

P. painful, as if sore or burnt, when walking. Can-sat.

Abscess in p. Bov.

Aching in p. during and after stool. Hydr.

Burning in genitals during coition, with swelling of p. next day. Kreas.

Burning and stinging of p. Can-sat.

Cutting and contractive pains from ureters down to p.; pressure on glans relieves a little. Canth.

Cutting pain along p. Anac.

Cutting pains in p. Ol-an.

Coldness of p. Sulph.

Constant pulling of p. (in children with gravel). Canth.

Condylomata on p. Lyc.

Discharge of prostatic fluid from relaxed p. Aur.

Drawing in p. Kali-c., Lact., Ol-an., Ran-sc., Rhod.
Drawing pain in left testicle and p. Kali-c.
Denuded spot on p., becomes ulcerated and will not heal. Nitr-ac.
During coition sudden relaxation of p. preventing emission. Phos-ac.
Desire with relaxed p. (Agn., Agar., Arg-m., Coni.), or painful erections without desire. Calad.
Eruption on p. Graph., Phos-ac.
Erysipelatous inflammation of p. Rhus-t.
Erysipelatous inflammation of p., with œdema, great soreness and stinging pain. Apis.
Emissions nearly every night, without erection, with atrophy of p. (after onanism). Arg-m.
Emission at night, p. relaxed. Bell.
Erections, but when coition is attempted, p. becomes flaccid. Arg-n.
Flaccidity of p. Merc., Prun-s.
Fine, pricking stitches in p. and tip of glans penis. Mez.
Glans penis inflamed, p. swollen. Cupr.
Gangrene of p. (Laur.) following severe inflammation. Canth.
Great desire for an embrace, p. being relaxed. Agar. (Agn., Coni.)
Gonorrhœa with chordee; p. turned up. Berb., Selen.
Gonorrhœa; inflammatory stage; p. swollen; thick purulent discharge; micturition difficult, with intermittent flow. Can-sat.
Heat and swelling of p. Mez.
Herpetic eruptions on p. Graph.
Hard swelling of p. Sabin.
Hydrocele; œdema, or dropsical swelling of p. Fluor-ac.
Impotence; p. relaxed when excited. Calad.
Itching of meatus, scrotum and skin of p. Caust.
Itching of p. and at frænum preputii. Hep-s.
Itching stitch in p. and right testicle (Spig.) from behind forward. Sil.
Inflammation of p. Canth., Cub. (Can-sat., Led., Plumb., Sep.)
Irritability confined to prepuce and p. Petr.
Indurated chancre on middle of p. Cinnab.
Jerking in p. Mez.
Lancinations in testicles, with pain in end of p. Nuph.
Miliary eruption on back of p., with stinging and itching. Rhus-r.
Needle-like stitches in p. Asaf.
Œdema of p. and scrotum. Canth.
Painful jerking in p. Thuja.
Painfulness of p. Jac-car., Osm.
Pain in tip of p. and prepuce. Osm.
Pain in testicles and stitches in p. when sitting. Lith-c.
Pulsation in p. Cop.
Pulsations in p., synchronous with radial pulse. Ham.
Pustules on p. Bov.
Pollutions with lascivious dreams; with flaccid p. Graph.

Pollutions accompanied by lascivions dreams, followed by pains in p.; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.
Priapism without curvature of p. **Petros.**
Pressure in p. Viola-tr.
Pulsating pains through p. **Cop.**
Redness of p. Can-sat.
Retraction of p. Berb.
Relaxed and shrunken p. **Can-ind.**
Swelling of p. Arn., Cinnab. (Can-sat., Canth., Cupr., Graph., Kreas., Led., Mez., Millef., Plumb., Sabin.)
Swelling and twitching of p. Cinnab.
Swelling of lymphatic vessels along p. Merc.
Swelling of p. and testicles. Millef., Sil.
Swelling and inflammation of p. (Led.), with constant semi-erections and sexual desire. Kali-jod.
Smarting at end of p. Arum.
Stinging stitches in p. Berb., Lyc., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-jod., Mez., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Ol-an., Petr., Phos., Puls., Spig., Thuja, Viola-tr.
Stitches or shooting pains in p. Can-sat.
Shrinking of p. Aloe, Arg-n., Ign., Lyc.
Shootings in end of p. Merc-jod.
Shooting from abdomen into p. Puls.
Shriveling of p. Berb.
Sensation of constriction in p. **Arn., Kali-c., Mosch.**
Spots on p. Calc-c.
Stitches in p. Sulph.
Syphilis: chancres on p.; throat ulcerated; bubo; rheumatism. Phyt.
Sore pain in p. Arn., Can-sat.
Sexual debility, p. relaxed. Mur-ac.
Sloughing of entire integument of p. (in syphilis). **Nitr-ac.**
Shooting through perinæum into p. Calc-ph.
Tearing in p. Kali-c., Mez.
Twitching in p. Mez.
Tension in p. Arn., Kali-c.
Tickling at end of p. Asclep.
Uneasiness and burning sensation in p. and urethra, accompanied by frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.
Vesicular eruption on scrotum and p. Croton-tig. (Rhus-t.)
Violent erections; p. distended almost to bursting. Pic-ac.
Weakness of genitals; p. relaxed during coition; no ejaculation. Eugen.

Perinæum.—Dry eruption on genitals and p. Petr.
Cutting and stinging in p. Aur.

Excessive sweat on p. and inner surface of thighs. Thuja.
Gonorrhœa, or gleet: discharge of watery mucus; stinging and titillating through urethra and p.; urethra sore. Mez.
Herpes on scrotum and p. Tellur.
Humid soreness on genitals, p., scrotum, and folds between scrotum and thighs. Hep-s. (Graph., Petr.)
Pimples on glans penis and p. Nitr-ac.
Profuse sweat of sweetish or honey odor about genitals, especially on scrotum and p. Thuja.
Soreness and rawness of p. Caust.
Shooting through p. into penis. Calc-ph.

Person.—Excessive sexual desire; lascivious; exposes p. Hyos.

Perspiration (see Sweat).—Strong-smelling p. about genitals. Dios. (Sil., Thuja.)
P. on genitals. Aur., Calad., Canth., Cor-r., Lachn., Merc., Sep., Sulph., Thuja.
P. between thighs. Cinnab.
P. on genitals at night. Bell.
P. after coition. Eugen., Graph., Natr-c.
P. on scrotum. Daph., Ign., Lachn., Natr-s., Rhod., Sep., Sil., Thuja.
Cold legs, exhaustion, heat of body and p. after coition. Graph.
Flabbiness, p. and insipid odor about genitals. Asclep-tub.
Oily, pungent-smelling p. on genitals. Fluor-ac.
Profuse p. of genitals. Cor-r.

Perspiring.—Impotence; organs greatly relaxed and constantly p. Ham.

Purulent.—Urethritis, with offensive p. discharge (as in gonorrhœa). Agave, Puls.

Phagadenic.—P. chancres; livid color, with intense burning; even sloughing. Ars.
When chancre assumes a p. appearance and secretes a thin, ichorous pus. Merc-cor. (Apply calomel locally.)

Phimosis.—P. Calc-c., Cycl., Natr-m., Sabin., Sulph. (Can-sat., Dig., Jac-car., Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Sep., Thuja.
P. from friction or injury; parts bruised and swollen. Arn.
Paraphimosis or p. with discharge of fetid pus. Sulph.
Balanitis; p., with great burning on urinating; dropsy of prepuce. Dig.
P., with discharge of pus, accompanied by throbbing. Hep-s.
Gonorrhœa, with p. Merc.
Inflammation and swelling, with deep rhagades, redness and burning of prepuce; p. Sulph.
Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing p. or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
Painful gonorrhœa; chordee; p. Canth.

Swelling of prepuce, indicating p.; violent burning pain in urethra during and after micturition. Can-sat.

Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen, producing p.; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; fetid; gangrenous odor. Cinnab.

Physical.—Sexual organs have a weak feeling, with mental and p. exhaustion; seminal emissions. Carbo-an.

Piercing.—P. and pinching in glans when urinating. Acon.

P. pains in penis.. Can-sat.

Pimples.—P. on mons veneris. Calad.

P. on glans penis like chancre. Jac-car.

P. on glans penis and perinæum.. Nitr-ac.

Eruption; p. Graph., Lach., Sil.

Itching p. like chancre at glands, red points when dry. **Jac-car.**

Itching of scrotum, with sweating, soreness and p. **Calc-ph.**

Itching p. over genitals. Ambr.

Small p. or vesicles between scrotum and thighs. Petr.

Pinching.—P. in glans. Acon., Brom.

P., bruised, squeezing pain in testicles. Spong.

Pricking or p. in prepuce. Jac-car.

Piercing and p. in glans when urinating. Acon.

Pin-head.—Eruption; small pustule size of p. Kali-bi.

Itching eruption in hairy parts; pustules size of p. Kali-bi.

Pleasure.—Excessive enjoyment and p. during coition. Fluor-ac.

Plethora.—Spermatorrhœa from p. Nux-v.

Emissions at night from p. of sexual organs; or emissions without erections, followed by debility and great relaxation of parts. Opi.

Points.—Glans penis very red and covered with fine red p.; dry, with desire to rub it. Calad.

Itching pimples, like chancre, at glans, red p. when dry. **Jac-car.**

Small red p. on glans penis. Cinnab.

Pollution.—P. during siesta. Therid.

P. during sleep, without being aware of it. **Ham.**

Copious p. toward morning. Petros.

Dreams that he must urinate, when p. occurs. Merc-jod.

Lascivious dreams, followed by p. Merc-jod.

Pollutions (see Emissions).—P. Alu., Arg-m., Aur., Bell., **Calc-c.**, China, Coni., Lact., Nitr-ac., Nux-m., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Puls., Sep., Sulph., Tabac.

P. in healthy, robust men. Nux-v.

P., followed by exhaustion. Lyc.

P. without dreams. Coni., Guaj., Stann. (Bism., Cor-r., Merc-jod.)

P. during sleep. Ferr., Sil.

P. followed by great weakness. Kali-c.

P. without erection Mosch. (Bell., Calad., Coni., Gels., Kobalt., Sabad., Selen.)

P. at night, three or four times every week. Dig.
P. during stool. Phos-ac.
P. easily excited without erections. Graph.
P. too frequent. Coni., Kali-c., Phos. (Carbo-v., Lyc., Nitr-ac.)
P. after coition. Natr-m., Rhod.
P. with backache. Kobalt.
P. easily excited during day. Canth., Graph.
P. during sleep in afternoon. Caust., Clem., Merc., Phos., Sulph.
P. with amorous dreams. Kali-c., Kobalt., Led., Merc-jod., Paris.
P. (from indigestion), with much irritability and prostration; despondent. Sang.
P. without dreams; pale face, sunken eyes, with blue rings around them. Zinc.
P., followed by pain from small of back down spermatic cords. Sars.
P. with lascivious dreams, followed by great prostration; dyspnœa. Staph.
P. during sleep, with lascivious dreams, and long-continued erections. Rhod.
P., with lascivious dreams. Iris, Sabad.
P. during sleep, sometimes without erections. Dios.
P. during sleep, without dreams or erections. Cor-r.
P.: semen mixed with blood; prostatitis. Merc.
P., with depression of spirits, dull thought, backache, staggering gait and great prostration. Kali-brom.
P., with lascivious dreams and erections. Kali-brom.
P., with weakness and pain in back (sacrum), and at base of brain. Graph. (Gels.)
P. with lascivious dreams; partial or no erections. Kobalt.
P. with inability to sleep afterwards, on account of oppression about larynx. Lach.
P. after coition, followed by chilliness and lassitude, with increased desire. Natr-m.
P. accompanied by lascivious dreams, followed by pains in penis; violent palpitation of heart at least movement; despondency and fear of future. Dig.
P. during sleep, emissions without erections. Natr-c.
P. with lascivious dreams; with flaccid penis. Graph.
P. during sleep; after sexual abuse or excesses. Nux-v.
P. with dreams of women, followed by languor, irritability, and pain at base of brain. Gels.
P., with lascivious dreams, followed by irritability, inability to control thoughts; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.
P. during sleep, with or without lascivious dreams. Phos.
P. nearly every night, with great prostration, and burning, aching distress in lumbar region of back. Phos.
P. during sleep, with lascivious dreams. Puls.

P. during sleep, with lascivious dreams; or emissions during day from sexual excitement, without erections. Gels.
P. followed by languor and great irritability of temper. **Coff.**
P. followed by paralysis of extremities. Sabad.
P. followed by headache and backache. Kobalt.
P. during sleep, without dreams. Puls.
P. during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. **Dios.**
After p., micturition, stool and restless sleep. Aloe.
After p., sexual passion excited. Aloe, Mez.
After p., weakness of eyes. Kali-c.
After p., sensation in brain as if partially paralyzed. **Sil.**
After p., weakness in loins. Phos.
After p., tension in hypochondria. **Agar.**
After p., burning in urethra. Carbo-v., **Merc., Sulph.**
After p., sluggishness. Natr-c., Sep.
After p., peevishness. Natr-c.
After p., anxiety. Carbo-an.
After p., vertigo. Caust.
After p., constipation. Thuja.
After p., erections. Ars., Grat., **Kali-c., Rhod.**
After p., general coldness. Merc.
After p., fatigue. Sep., Viola-od.
After coition, p. every night. Dig.
Bloody p. Led., Sars. (Caust., Merc.)
Cannot be in the society of women without having **p., followed by** great exhaustion. Nux-v.
Copious p. at night. Dig. (Aur.)
Eczema, erections and p., with sexual excitement. Petr.
Excessive p., particularly in young men. Coni.
Frequent debilitating p., causing hypochondriasis. Phos-ac.
Frequent debilitating p.; palpitation of heart and trembling of limbs; memory impaired; appetite lost; constipation. Dig.
Frequent p. Am-c., Bov., Coni., Kali-c., Phos-ac., Plumb., Puls., Sep., Staph.
Frequent erections and p. Natr-m., Phos.
Frequent p. (in old men). Natr-c.
Great weakness after p. or coition. Kali-c. (Agar., Calc-c., China, Coca, Phos-ac., Staph.)
Great sexual prostration, with nightly p. Graph.
Impotence; p. without erections. Kobalt.
Impotence, with p. during sleep, at stool and when urinating. Nuph.
Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; p.; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.
Pain and spasm of spermatic cord, with p. Dios.

Painful erections during sleep; p. Thuja.
Painful p. Calc-c., Clem., Mosch., Sars., Thuja.
Sexual debility; p. during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.
Sexual desire increased, with frequent erections and p. Opi. (Phos.)
Sexual desire suppressed, then excited, with lascivious dreams and p. Eryngium-aquaticum.
Sexual powers much weakened; p. Sulph.
Strong sexual passion with p. Nux-v., Plumb. (Dig., Ferr., Natr-c., Opi., Sars.)
Weakness after coition or p. Phos-ac.

Power.—Great prostration of sexual p. Ham.
Impotence; loss of p.; erections cannot be excited. Coni.
Loss of sexual p., with dull, burning pain constantly in left hypochondrium and pain across loins, as if broken. Cocc-c.
Primary action, loss of sexual p.; secondary action, increased desire. Agn.
Spermatorrhœa, with weak sexual p. Cor-r.
Sexual desire and p. weak. Lyc.
Sexual desire and p. increased. Helon.
Sexual passion wanting; p. weak. Bar-c., Calad., Ign., Sep., Sulph. (Calc-c., Nux-m., Sil.)
Loss of sexual p. Iod., Merc. (Agn.)
Sexual p. weak. Bar-c., Calad., Ign., Sep., Sulph. (Nux-m., Sil.)
Profound depression of sexual p. Ustil. (Agar., Agn., Coni.)
Sexual p. much weakened; pollutions. Sulph.

Premature (see Soon).—Penis realxed; emission p. Bar-c.

Prepuce.—P. swollen (Caps.); sore to touch. Cor-r.
P. swollen and sore; yellow pus discharged in drops. Merc.
P. and glans penis icy cold. Sulph.
P. dark red, hot and inflamed. Can-sat.
P. and corona glandis feel sore from slight rubbing. Cycl.
P. inflamed and very painful, difficulty in drawing it back. Sabin.
P. swollen at margin, sore and painful. Calad.
After coition p. retracted behind glans. Calad.
Burning and redness of p. Sulph.
Biting in p. Nux-v., Puls.
Balanitis, phimosis, with great burning on urinating; dropsy of p. Dig.
Blennorrhœa; yellowish-white fluid from p. Jac-car.
Bruised pain in p. Ars., Berb., Calc-c., Merc., Nux-m., Puls., Sil. Sulph.
Border of p. sore. Mur-ac.
Condylomata on edge of p., itching and burning. Psor.
Condylomata on p. Nitr-ac., Sabin.

Constriction of p. Sulph. (Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Sabin.)
Corrosive burning and stinging of p. and glans penis. Can-sat.
Coldness and numbness in p. and glans penis. Berb.
Cracks in p. Merc., Sulph.
Chafed p. Calad., Ign., Sil. (Alu., Mur-ac., Natr-c., Nux-v., Ver-a.)
Discharge of yellowish-white fluid from p. Jac-car.
Deep suppurating ulcer on glans penis and p., with puffed edges. Sulph.
Dark-red swelling of glans penis and p.; erysipelas. Rhus-t.
Eruption on p. Merc-sol. (Graph., Nitr-ac., Phos-ac., Sars., Sep., Sil.)
Flat ulcers, with elevated, zigzag edges on p., or on glans penis; bleed when touched. Nitr-ac.
Grayish ulcers with shaggy borders on p. and at same time in throat. Arg-m.
Gonorrhœa: frequent painful erections; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen p. Merc.
Herpetic eruption on p. Phos-ac., Sars.
Herpetic eruption on p.; small, whitish vesicles with red bases in groups, with intolerable itching, and exceedingly sensitive to touch. Hep-s.
Inflammation and swelling, with deep rhagades, redness and burning of p.; phimosis. Sulph.
Inflammation of p. Can-sat., Coni. (Ars., Calc-c., Merc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Sulph.)
Inflammation and swelling of p., with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness, and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation of p., frænum and urethra, with collection of yellow pus. Calc-c.
Itching of p. and glans penis. Thuja. (Sulph.)
Itching of p. Acon., Aloe, Can-sat. (Cham., Colch., Euphorb., Euphr., Gymnoc., Ign., Jac-car., Lyc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Rhus-t., Sep., Sil., Viola-tr., Zing.)
Itching on inner surface of p. Lyc.
Itching, smarting pain in p. Puls.
Itching, herpetic eruption on p. Petr.
Itching vesicles on p., which open, and are afterwards covered with dry scabs or brown scurf. Nitr-ac.
Itching in glans penis and p., alternating with stitches in anus. Thuja.
Irritability confined to p. and penis. Petr.
Intermittent burning between glans penis and p. Thuja.
Induration of p. Lach., Sulph.
Numbness of glans and p. Berb.
Œdema, or dropsical swelling of p. and scrotum. Graph.
Œdema of p. and scrotum. Natr-s.

Œdema of p.; swelling like a large water blister. Graph.
Prickling or pinching in p. Jac-car.
Painfulness of p., as if a small bundle of fibers were seized. Jac-car.
Painfulness of p. Cor-r., Cycl., Osm., Sabin.
Pain in tip of penis and p. Osm.
Red blotches on inner border of p. Rhus-t.
Red condylomata on inner surface of p. Thuja.
Red, flat ulcers on glans penis and inside of p., with discharge of yellow ichor. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)
Redness and swelling of p., with painful itching. Cinnab.
Redness of p. Cinnab. (Calc-c., Can-sat., Merc., Rhus-t., Sil., Sulph.)
Retraction of p. Bell., Colch., Nux-v., Prun-s., Sulph.
Swelling and inflammation of p., with redness of inner surface; painful sensitiveness. Merc-sol.
Superficial ulcers on glans and p. (Hep-s., Phyt.), looking clean, but exuding an offensive moisture. Merc., Nitr-ac.
Swelling of p., as if distended with air or water to a blister. Merc-sol.
Swelling of p. Calad., Cinnab., Merc., Rhus-t., Sulph., Thuja. (Can-sat., Cor-r., Graph., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Sil., Viola-tr.)
Swelling of p., indicating phimosis; violent burning pain in urethra during and after micturition. Can-sat.
Swelling of p. and soreness of edges. Cham.
Swelling and œdema of p. Apis.
Swelling and painful inflammation of p. and glans penis. Merc.
Swelling, inflammation and excoriation of p. and glans penis. Natr-c.
Sore like a chancre on p. Ailanth.
Sore pain in p. Cham., Cor-r., Lob.
Soreness on margin of p. Nux-v.
Spots on p. Nitr-ac., Rhus-t.
Smarting in p. Benz-ac., Nux-v., Puls.
Sycosis; moist excresence on p. and glans penis. Thuja.
Sycotic excresences on edge of p. itching and burning. Psor.
Sensation of coldness on p. and glans. Berb., Sulph., Zinc.
Stinging stitches in p. Ars., Cham., Euphr., Mang.
Small ulcers on p. covered with pus; later spreading, bowl-shaped, with a tallow-like coating. Arg-n.
Syphilis: chancres; lardaceous ulcers, or, more commonly, red ulcers on glans penis or p. Cor-r.
Secondary syphilis: p. terribly swollen, producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.
Suppurating ulcers with flat edges, with inflammation of inner surface and on margin of p. Nitr-ac.
Tingling, crawling in p. Merc., Phos-ac.
Thickening of p. Elaps, Lact.

Throbbing in p. Cop.
Ulcer on p. Merc., Phos. (Arg-n., Ars., Caust., Cor-r., Hep-s., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph., Thuja.)
Urethra inflamed; painful to touch; discharges mucus, blood and pus, with much itching of p. Nitr-ac.
Ulcers bleed on moving p., or on handling parts. Merc.
Ulcers like chancre on p. Hep-s. (Nitr-ac.)
Ulcerative pain and soreness, with itching at border of p. Ign.
Vesicles on p. Caust.
Vesicles at meatus and on inner surface of p., forming chancre-like ulcers. Nitr-ac.
Vesicular eruption on p. Graph.
Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under p., with discharge of yellowish-white matter having a strong odor; staining linen. Merc-sol.
Violent aching and soreness from a blister on inner side of p. Carbo-v.
Warty excrescences on scrotum and p. Aur.
Warts on p., frænum and inner surface, bleed when touched. Cinnab.
Pressing.—Burning stinging, and p. drawing of inflamed testicles. Staph.
Stinging stitches in glans on p. Thuja.
Pressive.—P., painful swelling of testicles. Spong. (Clem., Rhod.)
Pressure.—P. in right testicle. Bism.
Sensitiveness and p. in and about mons veneris, with internal shaking chill and external coldness. Plat.
P. in spermatic cord. Berb., Spong., Sulph.
Urethra inflamed; painful to p.; discharges mucus, blood and pus, with much itching of prepuce. Nitr-ac.
P. in testicles. Bism., Puls. (Aur., Berb., Calc-c., Can-sat., Carbo-v., Caust., Ign., Lach., Natr-c., Sabad., Spong., Squilla, Staph.)
P. and tension in testicles and spermatic cords. Sulph.
P. in penis. Viola-tr.
P. in prostate glands. Ol-an.
Great debility, profuse night sweats, burning and itching of skin, with tension and p. under ribs, after coition. Agar.
Scrotum shrunken, cold, with p. in testicles. Berb.
Preventing.—During coition, sudden relaxation of penis p. emission. Phos-ac.
Priapism.—P. Arg-n., Can-ind., Canth., Coloc., Graph., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nux-v., Plat., Petros., Phos., Puls., Sabin. (Clem., Sil.)
P., with pain about bladder and wild delirium. Canth.
P. associated with spinal disease. Pic-ac.
P. in evening. Cinnab.
P. without curvature of penis. Petros.
P. during sleep. Camph.
P.; painful erections. Can-sat.

Desire too strong; almost p. Puls.
Irrepressible desire and excessive p. Camph.
Painful p. (Tereb.); frightful satyriasis. Canth.
Inflammation with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja.), with gonorrhœa, p., dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Satyriasis; p., chordee; involuntary erections and emissions. Can-ind.

Pricked.—Pain in frænum, as if p. by needles. Cor-r.

Pricking.—P. sensation in glans penis. Stann.
P. or pinching in prepuce. Jac-car.
Ulcers, with p. and itching at glans penis. Kali-bi.

Prickling.—P. in glans. Kali-bi., Mez., Phos-ac.
P. in prepuce. Jac-car.

Primary.—P. action, loss of sexual power; secondary action, increased desire. Agn.

Profuse.—P. sweat, of sweetish or honey odor, about genitals, especially on scrotum and perinæum. Thuja.
Great debility, p. night sweats, burning and itching of skin, with tension and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.
Gonorrhœa; p., thick, glutinous, pus-like discharge. Cub.
Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense biting itching deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; p. discharge; chordee. Petros.

Prostate gland.—P. enlarged. Puls.
P. enlarged; pus and mucus in urine. Natr-s.
Bruised pain in p. Cop.
Burning in p. Cop.
Discharge of prostatic fluid (prostatorrhœa), after micturition or stool, with hypertrophy of p. Natr-c. (Sil.)
Enlargement of p. Benz-ac.
Frequent gurgling in p. Phyt.
Hypertrophy of p. Bar-c.
Induration of p. Cop., Iod., Thuja.
Inflammation of p. Agn., Alu., Apis, Caust., Cop., Cycl., Dig., Hep-s., Lith-c., Lyc., Puls., Sec., Selen., Sulph-ac., Thuja, Zinc.
Prostatitis; enlargement of p. Lyc.
Pressure in p. Ol-an.
Pain in bladder and p. after coition. Al-cep.
Swelling of p. Can-sat., Iod., Thuja.
Senile degeneration of p. Iod.
Stitches in p. when walking. Kali-bi. (Bov.)
Second stage of gonorrhœa: discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in p. Caps

Prostatic fluid (see Fluid, Prostatorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa).—Discharge of p. after micturition or hard stool. Hep-s.
Discharge of p. after micturition. Kali-c.
Discharge of p. at every change of emotion, without voluptuous thoughts, with itching of prepuce. Coni.
Discharge of p. from slight cause. Eryngium-aquaticum.
Discharge of p. during stool. Carbo-v., Kali-bi.
Discharge of p. on passing flatus. Magn-c.
Discharge of p., with relaxed penis. Aur.
Discharge of p. (prostatorrhœa) after micturition or stool, with hypertrophy of prostate gland. Natr-c. (Sil.)

Prostatitis.—P. Cub., Hep-s., Petr., Puls., Sil. (Bov.)
P. (following gonorrhœa). Sulph., Thuja.
P.; enlargement of prostate gland. Lyc.
P. (following suppression of gonorrhœa). Nitr-ac., Thuja.
Acute p. (from cold). Acon.
Chronic p. (Kali-bi., Nux-v.), with mucous discharge. Petr.
Chronic p. (after gonorrhœa). Sulph.
Chronic blennorrhœa, or p. Psor.
Chronic p., with burning and tearing pains in neck of bladder while urinating. Nux-v.
Gonorrhœa; chronic form, with p. Nux-v.
Pollutions; semen mixed with blood; p. Merc.

Prostatorrhœa (see Spermatorrhœa, Prostatic fluid and Fluid).—P. Nux-v., Nuph., Phos-ac., Psor., Spig.
P. during hard stool. Alu. (During soft stool. Ars.)
P.; oozes when sitting, during sleep, when walking and at stool. Selen. (Agn., Sil.)
P. while straining at stool. Sil. (Agn., Natr-c., Selen.)
P. after hard stool. Phos.
P. when thinking of sexual intercourse. Natr-m.
Copious p. Zinc.
Discharge of prostatic fluid (p.) after micturition or stool, with hypertrophy of prostate gland. Natr-c. (Sil.)

Prostration (see Debility and Weakness).—P. after onanism or sexual excesses. Carbo-v. (Staph.)
Much sadness and p.; impotence, with lascivious fancies, from long-continued seminal losses. China.
Emissions during sleep, followed by p. and ill-humor next day. Dig.
Great p. of sexual power. Ham.
Great sexual p., with nightly pollutions. Graph.
Sexual dreams and nocturnal emissions, followed by excessive irritation, despondency and p. Nux-v.
Impotence, with melancholy and loss of memory; nervous p.; epilepsy. Kali-brom.
Seminal emissions with p. Sars.

Pollutions with lascivious dreams, followed by great p.; dyspnœa. Staph.

Pollutions (from indigestion), with much irritability and p.; despondent. Sang.

Spermatorrhœa with excessive p. Stann.

Complete p. and loss of sexual desire. Sulph.

Pollutions with depression of spirits, dull thought, backache, staggering gait and great p. Kali-brom.

Pollutions nearly every night, with great p., and burning, aching distress in lumbar region of back. Phos.

Sexual desire greatly excited, with lascivious dreams and emissions during sleep, followed by great p. and excitement of nerves. Coff.

Puffed.—Genitals larger, as if swollen or p. Calad.

Pull.—Children scratch and p. at genitals. Merc. (Look out for irritation of glans penis, or phimosis, when they do.—W. D. G.)

Pulling.—Constant p. at penis (in children with gravel). Canth.

Pulsating.—P. pains through penis. Cop.

Pulsation (see Throbbing).—P. in penis. Cop.

Pulsations.—P. in penis, synchronous with radial pulse. Ham.

Pulse.—Pulsations in penis, synchronous with radial p. Ham.

Purple.—Penis and testicles swollen, and p. red (after injuries). Arn.

Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen producing phimosis; part p. and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.

Purulent.—P. discharge from urethra. Canth., Puls.

Gonorrhœa; p. or mucous discharge. Cop.

Gonorrhœa: inflammatory stage; penis swollen; thick, p. discharge; micturition difficult, with intermittent flow. Can-sat.

Gonorrhœa: frequent painful erections; burning pain in urethra; green, p. discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.

Yellow, p. discharge makes spots on linen like gonorrhœa. Natr-m.

Pus.—Chancres which secrete an abundance of p. Aur.

Glans penis red, swollen, sensitive, secreting yellow-greenish p. Cor-r.

Gonorrhœa; discharge of thick, fetid p. Sil.

Inflammation of prepuce, frænum and urethra, with collection of yellow p. Calc-c.

Inflammatory and rheumatic gonorrhœa, with discharge of p. Sabin.

Urethra inflamed; painful to pressure; discharges mucus, blood and p., with much itching of prepuce. Nitr-ac.

Prostate gland enlarged; p. and mucus in urine. Natr-s.

Prepuce swollen and sore; yellow p. discharged in drops. Merc.

Phimosis, with discharge of p. (Sulph.), accompanied by throbbing. Hep-s.

Small ulcers on prepuce, covered with p.; later spreading, bowl-shaped, with a tallow-like coating. Arg-n.

Thick p. from urethra (in gonorrhœa): Clem., Sil.
Ulcers on sexual organs, secreting a foul, ichorous p., with burning pains. Carbo-v.
Violent itching of corona glandis, with much p. Cinnab.

Push.—Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense biting, itching, deep in urethra; feels as if must p. some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Pus-like..—P. smegma. Natr-m.
Gonorrhœa; profuse, thick, glutinous, p. discharge. Cub.
Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swolen producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; p. discharge; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.

Pustules.—P. on penis. Bov.
Eruption; small p. size of pin-head. Kali-bi.
Itching of hairy parts; skin inflamed, with small p. Kali-bi.
Itching eruption in hairy parts; p. size of pin-head. Kali-bi.

Rapidly.—Semen emitted too r. Selen., Zinc.

Raw.—Fiery-red eruption on scrotum, which is almost r., with burning; oozing of thick, glutinous fluid; vesicles raised. Petr.
Scrotum r. and looks blue (in little children). Ars.

Rawness.—Soreness and r. of perinæum. Caust.

Reach.—Children r. with hands to genitals. Acon. (This is a symptom indicating irritation of the glans penis, and should be cared for.)

Rectum (see section on Rectum, Stool and Anus).—Boring, cramp-like pain extending from r. to testicles. Sil.

Red.—R., itching eruption on glans penis. Bry.
R. spots on glans. Arn., Carbo-v., Lach., Sil.
R., moist spots on glans penis. Carbo-v.
Bluish r. swelling of testicles. Arn. (Ars.)
Flat, r. ulcers. Cor-r.
Fiery r. eruption on scrotum, which is almost raw, with burning; oozing of thick, glutinous fluid; vesicles raised. Petr.
Glans penis r., swollen, sensitive, secreting a yellow-greenish pus. Cor-r.
Glans penis very r. and covered with fine r. points; dry, with desire to rub it. Calad.
Glans penis blue, r., swollen and cracked. Ars.
Light r. spots on glans penis, size of lentils. Can-sat.
Penis and testicles swollen and purple r. (after injuries). Arn.
Prepuce dark r., hot and inflamed. Can-sat.
Small r. points on glans penis. Cinnab.
Scrotum swollen, r. and hot; with vesicles, painful to touch, becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.
Scrotum bluish r. Mur-ac.

Redness.—R. of genitals. Cocc-c.
R. between thighs. Petr.
R. of penis. Can-sat.
R. of glans. Ars., Calad., Can-sat., Croton-tig., Merc., Sabin., Sars.
R. of meatus, with pinching pain. Cinnab.
R. and swelling of prepuce, with painful itching. Cinnab.
R. of urethra. Gels.
R. of prepuce. Cinnab. (Calc-c., Can-sat., Merc., Rhus-t., Sil., Sulph.)
R. of scrotum. Arn. (Merc., Petr., Puls.)
Blue veins and dark r. of glans penis. Can-sat.
Erosions, or inflammation and r. of parts. Merc-bij.
Inflammation and r. of orifice of urethra. Can-sat., Hep-s.
Inflammation and swelling, with deep rhagades, r. and burning of prepuce; phimosis. Sulph.
Violent itching and r. of scrotum; sore to touch. Apis.
Swelling and inflammation of prepuce, with r. of inner surface; painful sensitiveness. Merc-sol.

Reeling.—R. and confusion in head after coition. Bov.

Reflex.—Excitement of genitals r. from excessively acid stomach. Iris.

Relaxation.—R. of genitals. Gels.
Greatly increased desire, quickly alternating with r. Acon.
R. of testicles. Nitr-ac., Sulph.
Nocturnal emissions, from plethora of sexual organs; or emissions without erections, followed by debility and great r. of parts. Opi. (Nux-v.)
Dwindling and r. of sexual organs, with sensation of weakness in them. Carbo-an.
During coition sudden r. of penis preventing emission. Phos-ac.
Great r. of genitals. Nux-m.
Spermatorrhœa, with r. and debility. Gels.
Weakness and r. of genitals. Bell.

Relaxed.—R. and shrunken penis. Can-ind.
Choking pains in r. testicles. Am-c.
Discharge of prostatic fluid from r. penis. Aur.
Desire for coition, but genitals r. Nux-m.
Desire with r. penis (Agar., Agn., Arg-m., Coni.), or painful erections without desire. Calad.
Emission at night, penis r. Bell.
Genitals cold, r., and sweating. Calad.
Genitals r.; desire suppressed; no erections. Hell.
Genitals r. and cold (Camph., Gels.), almost insensible. Dios. (Agn.)
Impotence; penis r. when excited. Calad.
Impotence; organs greatly r. and constantly perspiring. Ham.
Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs r.; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.
Organs larger, as if puffed or swollen, r. and sweating. Calad.

Penis r. Sabad.
Penis so r. that voluptuous fancies excite no erection. Agn. (Agar., Coni.)
Penis small, cold, r. Lyc.
Penis small; testicle cold and r. Aloe.
Penis r.; emission premature. Bar-c.
Penis becomes r. during coition. Nux-v.
Penis retracted; testicles r. Nuph.
Right half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; testicles r. and also hang low. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)
Seminal emissions with r. parts. Absinth.
Sexual debility, penis r. Mur-ac.
Scrotum r. Aloe, Coff., Magn-m.
Scrotum r., flabby. Natr-m., Nuph., Sulph.
Scrotum and testicles r., requiring a supporter. Am-c.
Testicles r.; hang down very low. Puls.
Testicles r., scrotum constantly sweating. Gels.
Testicles r. (Camph.); hanging down. Sulph. (Clem.)
Testicles r. with choking pains in them. Am-c.
Testicles r.; absence of desire. Camph.
Weakness of the genitals; penis r. during coition; no ejaculation. Eugen.

Relief.—Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense biting itching deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for r.; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Relieved.—Second stage of gonorrhœa; discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be r. by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.

Restless.—After pollutions micturition, stool and r. sleep. Aloe.

Restlessness.—Desire greatly excited, with r., wakefulness, and uneasiness of whole body. Ant-c.

Retarded.—Weakness of organs and loss of desire; r. ejaculation during coition. Natr-m.
Excessive sexual desire with r. erection. Calc-c.

Retracted.—R. testicles. Agar., Canth.
After coition prepuce r. behind glans. Calad.
One or both testicles r. Zinc.
Penis r.; testicle relaxed. Nuph.
Testicles r., swollen and painful. Rhod. (Clem.)

Retraction.—R. of left testicle. Thuja.
R. of prepuce. Bell., Colch., Nux-v., Prun-s., Sulph.
R. of penis. Berb.
R. after coition. Calad.
Aching of testicles, with spasmodic r. Calc-c.

Rhagades.—Inflammation and swelling, with deep r., redness and burning of prepuce; phimosis. Sulph.

Rheumatic.—R. gonorrhœa. Mez.

R. gonorrhœa; painful drawing pains in spermatic cord, with tearing pains in testicles. Puls.

Inflammatory and r. gonorrhœa, with discharge of pus. Sabin.

Rheumatism.—R. after suppressed gonorrhœa. Coni.

R. or orchitis following suppression of gonorrhœa. Gels.

Gonorrhœal r., mostly affecting knees. Copaiva.

Syphilis: chancres on penis; throat ulcerated; bubo; r. Phyt.

Suppressed gonorrhœa, followed by r. Sars.

Ribs.—Great debility, profuse night sweat, burning and itching of skin, with tension and pressure under r., after coition. Agar.

Riding.—Erections while r. Bar-c.

Erections while r. in a carriage, without desire. Calc-ph.

Right.—R. testicle feels as if compressed. Staph.

R. testicle swollen. Aur.

R. spermatic cord sensitive, testicle drawn up. Clem.

R. half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; testicles relaxed and also hang down. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)

Contused pain, with enlargement and hardening of r. testicle. Arg-n.

Contused pain in r. testicle. Dig.

Drawing up of r. testicle. Clem., Puls., Thuja, Zinc.

Drawing from testicle upwards; r. testicle drawn up. Clem.

Pressing pain in r. testicle, as if crushed. Caust. (Arg-n.)

Inflammation and swelling of r. testicle. Apis.

Induration of r. testicle. Clem., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac.

Itching stitch in penis and r. testicle. Spig.

Lacerating, shooting, drawing in spermatic cords, extending to r. testicle. Staph.

Pain in r. testicle. Kobalt.

Painfulness of r. testicle, ameliorated after urinating. Kobalt.

Pressure in r. testicle. Bism.

Swelling of r. side of scrotum. Puls.

Swelling of r. testicle. Arg-m., Aur., Clem.

Stitches in r. testicle. Caust.

Sticking, stitching pains in r. testicle. Rhod.

Rings.—Pollutions without dreams; pale face, sunken eyes, with blue r. around them. Zinc.

Roaring.—R. in head after coition. Carbo-v.

Emission too soon during coitus, followed by r. in ears. Carbo-v.

Root of penis.—Constrictive pain at r. Kali-bi.

Rough.—Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense itching, biting deep in urethra; feels as if must push some r. article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Rub.—Glans penis very red and covered with fine red points; dry, with desire to r. it. Calad.

Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense itching, biting deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and r. it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Rubbing.—Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erection could only be excited by r.; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by weakness, excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Pressive pain, as from contusion, when touching or r. Aur.

Scratching and r. genitals at night in bed. Merc.

Running.—Sensation as if something were r. out of urethra after emission. Dig.

Sacrum.—Pollutions, with weakness and pain in back and at base of brain. Graph. (Gels.)

Sadness.—Spermatorrhœa attended with great s. and despair. Dig.

Much s. and prostration with impotence, with lascivious fancies from long-continued seminal losses. China.

Salt.—Itching, biting, as from s., on left side of scrotum. Ant-c.

Sexual debility (from intemperate use of table s.). Phos.

Sarsocele.—S. Puls.

S. of left testicle. Merc-bij.

Satyriasis.—S. Can-ind., Fluor-ac., Hyos., Kali-brom., Nuph., Phos., Plat.

S.; priapism. Can-ind.

S.; voluptuous dreams. Camph.

S.; sexual mania; strips himself. Phos.

S. and desire for coition so that he forgets all modesty and reason. Canth.

Chronic s. (of years standing). Pic-ac.

Painful priapism (Tereb.); frightful s. Canth.

Scabs.—Itching vesicles on prepuce, which open and are afterward covered with dry s. or brown scurf. Nitr-ac.

Scales.—Scrotum swollen, red and hot, with vesicles painful to touch, becoming moist and next day forming s. Chelid.

Scratch.—Children s. and pull at genitals. Merc. (Look out for irritation of glans penis, or phimosis, when they do.—W. D. G.)

Scratching.—S. and rubbing genitals at night in bed. Merc.

Screwing.—Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; s., squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

Scrotum.—S. relaxed. Aloe, Coff., Magn-m., Nuph.

S. thick and hard, with intolerable itching; felt like thick hog's hide. Rhus-t.

S. flaccid and hangs very low. Rhus-t.
S. shrunken, cold, with pressure in testicles. **Berb.**
S. cold and shriveled. Caps.
S. relaxed, flabby. Natr-m.
S. and testicles relaxed and heavy, requiring a supporter. **Am-c.**
S. raw and looks blue (in little children). Ars.
S. swollen, red and hot; with vesicles, painful to touch, becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.
S. bluish red. Mur-ac.
S. shriveled and itching, disturbing sleep. **Croton-tig.**
Burning in left half of s. Lachn.
Bitting in s. Ran-sc.
Bruised pain in s. Euphorb., Lachn., Sil. **(Acon., Kali-c.)**
Coldness and relaxation of s. Iris.
Coldness of s. Aloe, Berb., Caps., Merc.
Contused pain in s. Acon.
Corrosive itching of glans penis and s. Croton-tig.
Corrosive itching pain in s.; worse while walking; redness of part. Croton-tig.
Chafed s. Petr., Sulph. (Arn., Natr-c., Plumb., Zinc.)
Creeping and itching in s. and glans penis. Chelid.
Drawing pain in s. Am-c.
Dropsy of s. Apis.
Eruption on s. Croton-tig., Petr., Phos-ac., Rhus-t.
Erysipelas of s. extending to anus. Arn.
Erysipelatous inflammation of s. Ars., Puls. (Phos-ac., Plumb., Rhus-t.)
Erysipelatous eruption of s. Arn., Canth., Graph., Merc., Natr-m., Puls., Rhus-t.
Excoration between s. and thighs. Bar-c., Graph., Hep-s., Rhus-t.
Elephantiasis of s. Sil.
Formication of s. Phos-ac.
Fiery-red eruption on s., which is almost raw, with burning; oozing of thick, glutinous fluid; vesicles raised. Petr.
Herpes on s. and perinæum. Sulph.
Herpetic eruption on s. Croton-tig., Petr.
Herpetic eruption on s. and thighs. Eupat-perf.
Hydrocele, left side, with herpetic eruption on s. Graph.
Hard, brown nodules on s.; suppurating. Nitr-ac.
Humid soreness on genitals, perinæum, s., and folds between s. and thighs. Hep-s. (Graph.)
Humid eruption on s., and between genitals and thighs. Rhus-t. (Hep-s., Graph.)
Itching of s., not relieved by scratching. Mur-ac.
Itching on a small part of s. Nicc.
Itching with increase of sweat about s. Rhod.

Iching and moisture on s. Petr. (Sil.)
Itching and crawling as of insects about s. Staph.
Itching moist spots on s. Sil.
Itching, soreness and herpetic eruption between s. and thighs. Natr-m.
Itching and moist eruption on s. Graph. (Hep-s., Natr-m., Rhus t.)
Itching of meatus, s. and skin of penis. Caust.
Itching of glans penis, or s. Natr-c.
Itching, biting, as from salt, on left side of s. Ant-c.
Itching of s. with sweating, soreness and pimples. Calc-ph.
Itching of s. Aur., Cist., Cocc., Graph., Kali-c., Mang., Nux-v., Selen. (Am-c., Caust., Ferr., Ind., Magn-m., Meph., Natr-m., Natr-s., Nitr-ac., Prun-s., Puls., Rhod., Rhus-t., Sil., Staph.)
Impotence, with coldness of s. Caps. (Agn., Berb.)
Inflammation about s. Acon. (Ars., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Plumb.
Inflammatory swelling of s. Phos-ac.
Moisture on s. Petr., Sil. (Natr-c., Sulph., Zinc.)
Œdema of prepuce and s. Natr-s.
Œdema or dropsical swelling of prepuce and s. Graph.
Œdema of s. and feet (in diabetes). Arg-m.
Œdema of s. Ars., Colch., Rhus-t.
Œdema of s; hydrocele. Natr-m.
Œdema of penis and s. Canth.
Offensive sweat on s. Hydr.
Orchitis, with syphilitis ulcers on s. Kali-jod.
Profuse sweat, especially on s. Sep.
Profuse sweat of sweetish or honey odor, about genitals, especially on s. and perinæum. Thuja.
Perspiration on s. Daph., Ign., Lachn., Natr s., Rhod., Sep., Sil., Thuja.
Penis and s. swollen and œdematous with disease of heart. Apoc. (Lycop-v.)
Penis and s. itch and sweat. Lachn.
Pain in spermatic cord, when standing, with contraction of s. Can-sat.
Redness of s. Arn. (Merc., Petr., Puls.)
Right half of s. swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; testicles relaxed and also hang low. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)
Stinging and throbbing in s. Natr-c.
Stinging stitches in s. Ferr-mag., Merc., Natr-m., Sulph., Thuja.
Sticky, odorless moisture about s. Carbo-an.
Swelling of testicles; s. sore, oozing an offensive fluid. Calc-ph.
Swelling of s. Calad., Samb.
Swelling and induration of s. and testicles. Clem.
Swelling of right side of s. Puls.
Swelling of s., with chronic gonorrhœa. Brom.
Sensation as if s. were bruised. Kali-c.

Sensation of constriction in s. Arn.
Small pimples or visicles between s. and thighs. Petr.
Severe neuralgic pains in testicle, suddenly shifting to stomach or bowels, causing nausea and faintness; profuse cold sweat on s. Ham.
Sweat on s. Rhod., Sil. (About s. Bar-c.)
Sweat on genitals, with soreness between s. and thighs. **Merc.**
Strong-smelling perspiration on s. and pubes. Dios.
Sore pain in s. Berb., Zinc.
Soreness between s. and thighs. Lyc., Natr-c. (Hep-s.)
Soreness and moisture of s. Sulph. (Petr.)
Smarting in s. Ran-sc.
Shivering in s. Zinc.
Shriveling of s. Berb., Rhod., Therid., Zinc.
Shrinking of s., with coldness and pain in testicles. **Berb.**
Testicles relaxed, s. constantly sweating. Gels.
Testicles and s. swollen. Mez.
Tension in s. Arn.
Tingling, crawling in s. Acon., Lachn., Selen.
Tingling and itching of and around s. Lachn.
Ulcers on s. Aur.
Violent itching and redness of s., sore to touch. **Apis.**
Violent itching about and on s. Natr-m., Nitr-ac.
Violent itching eruption on s. Calad.
Voluptuous itching of s., exciting desire. Anac.
Voluptuous itching of s. Staph.
Vesicles on s. Rhus-r.
Vesicular eruption on s. and penis. Croton-tig. (Rhus-t.)
Warty excresences on s. and prepuce. Aur.

Scurf—Itching vesicles on prepuce, which open, and are afterward covered with dry scabs or brown s. Nitr-ac.

Secondary.—Primary action, loss of sexual power; s. action, increased desire. Agn.

Seeks.—S. solitude that he may abandon himself to onanism. Bufo.

Semen (see Emissions).—S. dribbles out during sleep. **Sil.**
S. dribbles out (Canth.) during stool. **Phos-ac.**
S. discharged involuntarily. **Sulph.**
S. dribbling out. Canth.
S. after urinating. Sulph.
S. thin, without normal odor. Selen.
S. emitted too rapidly and with long-continued thrill. Selen.
Bloody s. (Canth., Caust., Led., Merc.), with much irritation. Petr.
Burning and stinging during ejaculation of s. in coition. Calc-c.
Burning when s. is discharged during coition. Kreas.
Burning in urethra during ejaculation of s. Clem.
Deficient s., with weakness of genitals. Nux-m.

During coition burning and stinging when s. is discharged. Calc-c.
During coition no emission of s. Graph.
Emission at night after coition (Phos.); s. comes in a stream, without ejaculation. Agn. (Gels.)
Emission of s. during sleep. Brom., China, Dig., Dios., Phos-ac.
Great desire for coition, but with little ability, or with deficient excitement, or tardy, insufficient emission of s. Agar.
Painful ejaculation of s. Coni.
Painful discharge of s. Calc-c., Clem., Sars., Thuja.
Pollutions: s. mixed with blood; prostatitis. Merc.

Senile.—S. degeneration of prostate gland. Iod.

Sensation (see Feeling).—S. of heat in genitals. Sulph-ac.
S. of constriction in testicles. Bufo, Nux-v., Plumb., Sulph.
S. of warmth in genitals. Meph., Sulph-ac.
S. of constriction in penis. Arn., Kali-c., Mosch.
S. of constriction in scrotum. Arn.
S. of fullness in spermatic cords. Fluor-ac.
S. of turning about in testicles. Sabad.
S. of coldness on prepuce and glands. Berb., Sulph., Zinc.
S. at night as though an emission would occur, without one; in morning a glutinous moisture at orifice of urethra. Dig.
S. of coldness; cold sweat on genitals. Calad.
S. of corrosion in testicles. Phos-ac., Plat.
S. as if testicles moved on walking. Thuja.
S. as if testicles were being drawn up into inguinal ring, with violent dragging in spermatic cord. Sec.
S. on right side of head, as if paralyzed, after coition; soreness of thighs. Sil.
S. as if testicles were bruised. Cocc., Natr-c.
S. as if scrotum were bruised. Kali-c.
S. of coldness in testicles. Merc., Merc-sol. (Berb., Caps., Sulph.)
S. as if something were running out of urethra after emission. Dig.
After pollutions, s. in brain as if partially paralyzed. Sil.
Crawling and itching s. at corona glandis. Natr-m.
Dragging s. in testicles when standing. Can-sat. (Berb.)
Dwindling and relaxation of sexual organs, with s. of weakness in them. Carbo-an.
Impotence; absence of proper s. during coition. Graph.
Pricking s. in glans penis. Stann.
Strong, persistent, painless erections, without voluptuous s. Canth.
Straining and tenesmus at stool, with voluptuous s. in genitals. Natr-c.
Seminal emission with but slight s. Carbo-v.

Sensations.—Pollutions during sleep, without erections, s., or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.
Sexual atony; emissions without excitement or s. Dios.

Sensibility.—Second stage of gonorrhœa; discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive s. of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.

Sensitive.—Coition painful; urethra feels as if put on stretch; s. at meatus. Arg-n.

Epididymis s. to touch, or when walking. Aloe.

Elevated, lead-colored ulcers, with s. edges. Nitr-ac.

Glans penis remains s. after coition. Eugen.

Glans penis red, swollen, s., secreting yellow, greenish pus. Cor-r.

Herpetic eruption on prepuce; small, whitish vesicles with red bases in groups, with intolerable itching, and exceedingly s. to touch. Hep-s.

Right spermatic cord s., testicle drawn up. Clem.

Spermatic cords swollen and s.; sexual excitement make them ache. Sars.

Venereal ulcers; s.; bleed easily. Cor-r.

Sensitiveness.—S. of sexual organs. Cocc., Ver-a.

S. and pressure in and about mons veneris, with internal shaking chill and external coldness. Plat.

S. of testicles to touch; aggravated by erections. Am-c.

Swelling and inflammation of prepuce, with redness of inner surface; painful s. Merc-sol.

Sharp.—Frequent, s., stinging pains in glans penis. Caul.

Shifting.—Severe neuralgic pains in testicles, suddenly s. to stomach or bowels, causing nausea and faintness; profuse cold sweat on scrotum. Ham.

Shivering.—S. in scrotum. Zinc.

Shooting.—S. from abdomen into penis. Puls.

S. along cords. Clem., Ox-ac., Spong.

S. through perinæum into penis. Calc-ph.

Lacerating, s., drawing in spermatic cords, extending to right testicle. Staph.

Stitches or s. pains in penis. Can-sat.

Shootings.—S. in end of penis. Merc-jod.

Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; painful tension during erections; chordee; bleeding from urethra, and s. from behind forward. Arg-n.

Short.—Erections too s. Calc-c., Coni., Nux-v.

Erections weak and of s. duration. Nux-m.

Weakness of sexual organs; insufficient erections, lasting only a s. time; coition imperfect; weakness after coition. Coni.

Shrinking.—S. of penis. Aloe, Arg-n., Ign., Lyc.

S. of scrotum, with coldness and pain in testicles. Berb.

Shriveled.—Absence of desire; organs s. Arg-n. (Agar.)

Scrotum cold and s. Caps.

Scrotum s. and itching, disturbing sleep. Croton-tig.

Shriveling.—S. of penis. Berb.
S. of scrotum. Berb., Rhod., Therid., Zinc.
Shrunken.—Relaxed and s. penis. Can-ind.
Scrotum s.; cold, with pressure in testicles. Berb.
Sick.—Weak and s. several days after coition. Calc-c.
Side.—Enlargement and tenderness of left testicle, with swelling in groin of same s.; testicle hard and tender to touch. Clem.
Tension and pressure in s. after coition. Agar.
Siesta.—Erections during s. Nux-v.
Pollutions during s. Therid.
Sitting.—Pain in testicles and stitches in penis when s. Lith-c.
Prostatorrhœa; oozes when s., during sleep, when walking, and at stool. Selen. (Agn., Sil.)
Skin (see section on Skin).—Great debility, profuse night sweats, burning and itching of s.; with tension and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.
Thickening of scrotal s. Carbo-v., Clem., Rhus-t.
Sleep (see section on Sleep).—After pollutions, micturition, and stool, restless s. Aloe.
Desire increased, disturbing s. Canth.
Excessive sexual desire disturbing s. Canth.
Emissions during s. and stool. Selen.
Emissions during s. Brom., China, Dig., Dios., Phos-ac.
Emissions during s., followed by prostration and ill-humor next day. Dig.
Frequent and debilitating emissions during s. China. (Digitaline 2x trit., Mono-brom. of Camph. 1x, Gels., Phos-ac.)
Frequent erections during s. Aster.
Goes to s. during coition. Bar-c., Lyc.
Impotence, with pollutions during s., at stool, and when urinating. Nuph.
Late s. after coition. Bov.
Onanism during s. Carbo-v.
Pollutions during s. Ferr., Sil.
Pollutions during s., with lascivious dreams; or emissions during day from sexual excitement, without erections. Gels.
Pollutions during s. in afternoon. Caust., Clem., Merc., Phos., Sulph.
Pollutions during s., without dreams. Puls.
Pollutions during s.; after sexual abuse or excesses. Nux-v.
Pollutions during s., with or without lascivious dreams. Phos.
Pollutions during s., with lascivious dreams. Puls.
Pollutions, with inability to s. afterwards, on account of oppression about larynx. Lach.
Pollutions during s., with lascivious dreams and long-continued erections. Rhod.

Pollutions during s., emissions without erections. Natr-c.
Pollutions during s., without being aware of it. Ham.
Pollutions during s., sometimes without erections. Dios.
Pollutions during s., without dreams or erections. Cor-r.
Pollutions during s., without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.
Painful erections during s.; pollutions. Thuja.
Painful, spasmodic erections during s. Nitr-ac.
Prostatorrhœa; oozes when sitting, during s., when walking and at stool. Selen. (Agn., Sil.)
Priapism during s. Camph.
Semen dribbles out during s. Sil.
Scrotum shriveled and itching, disturbing s. Croton-tig.
Sexual debility: pollutions during s.; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.
Sexual desire greatly excited, with lascivious dreams and emissions during s., followed by great prostration and excitement of nerves. Coff.
Terrible erections with restless s. Pic-ac.
Violent erections during s. Merc-cor.

Slime.—Gleet, or chronic gonorrhœa, with discharge of blood and watery s. Millef.
Gleet: discharge of clear mucus; of transparent, watery s. Natr-m.

Sloughing.—S. of entire integument of penis (in syphilis). Nitr-ac.
Phagedenic chancres: livid color, with intense burning; even s. Ars.

Slow.—Erections s. and insufficient. Selen.
Sexual powers diminished and s. Agn.

Sluggishness.—After pollutions, s. Natr-c., **Sep.**

Small.—Penis s., cold, relaxed. Lyc.
Penis s.; testicles cold and relaxed. **Aloe.**
Penis s., flaccid. Agn. (Arg-n.)
Penis becomes quite s.; contracted. **Ign.**

Smarting.—S. in scrotum. Ran-sc.
S. in glans. Berb., Nux-v.
S. in prepuce. Benz-ac., Nux-v., **Puls.**
S. in spermatic cord. Berb.
S. in end of urethra during micturition. **Kobalt.**
S. at end of penis. Arum.
S. between thighs. Hep-s.
S. pain in one testicle. Coff.
S., burning pains or stitches, in spermatic cord. **Berb.**
Burning, s. urination. Can-sat., Merc-cor.
Gonorrhœa; first thin, afterward thick, greenish; with burning and s. after micturition. Merc-cor.

Chronic gonorrhœa; s. of urethra, and very offensive urine. Benz-ac.
Itching, s. pain in prepuce. Puls.

Smegma.—Greatly increased s. Canth. (Bell., Merc-bij.)
Increase of s. Caust., Nux-v. (Bell., Merc.)
Increased and strong-smelling s. Merc-sol.
Secretion of much s. behind glans. Alu.
Pus-like s. Natr-m.

Solitude.—Seeks s. that he may abandon himself to onanism. Bufo.

Soon.—During coition ejaculation too s. Gels.
Emission too s. during coitus, followed by roaring in ears. Carbo-v.
Emission too s. during coition. Phos., Zinc. (Berb., Borax, Calad., Carbo-v., Coni., Lyc., Plat., Selen., Sulph.)
Feeble erections; coition incomplete; emission too s. Natr-c. (Agn., Calad., Calc-c.)
Too weak and thrill too short, and ejection too s., during coition. Berb.

Sore.—S. like a chancre on prepuce. Ailanth.
S. pain in prepuce. Cham., Cor-r., **Lob.**
S. pain in penis. Arn., Can-sat.
S. pain in scrotum. Berb., Zinc.
S. condylomata. **Euphorb., Sabin.**
Border of prepuce s. Mur-ac.
Erections, with contraction and s. pain along urethra, at night. Canth.
Gonorrhœa, or gleet; discharge of watery mucus; stinging and titillating through urethra and perinæum, urethra s. Mez.
Prepuce and corona glandis feel s. from slight rubbing. **Cycl.**
Prepuce swollen at margin, s. and painful. Calad.
Prepuce swollen and s.; yellow pus discharged in drops. **Merc.**
Penis painful, as if s. or burnt, when walking. Can-sat.
Swollen prepuce, s. to touch. Cor-r.
Swelling of testicles: scrotum s., oozing an offensive fluid. **Calc-ph.**
Urethra feels s., as if swollen. Arg-n., Can-sat.
Violent itching and redness of scrotum; s. to touch. **Apis.**

Soreness.—S. and rawness of perinæum. Caust.
S. on margin of prepuce. Nux-v.
S. between scrotum and thighs. Lyc., Natr-c. **(Hep-s.)**
S. and moisture of scrotum. Sulph. (Petr.)
S. or tenderness of testicles, pants feel too tight. **Puls.**
S. and rheumatic pains in spermatic cords. **Phyt.**
S. between genitals and thighs. Rhod.
S. of limbs after coition. Sil.
S. in testicles. Clem., Phos.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with great pain and s. during micturition; yellowish-green discharge. Cinnab.
Drawing s. in testicles, as if excoriated. Phos-ac.

Erysipelatous inflammation of penis, with œdema, great s. and stinging pain. Apis.
Fig-warts and sycotic excresences, with burning s. and pain. Sabin.
Humid s. on genitals, perinæum, scrotum, and folds between scrotum and thighs. Hep-s. (Graph.)
Intense s. and swelling of testicles. Ham.
Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; s. and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
Itching, s., and herpetic eruption between scrotum and thighs. Natr-m.
Itching of scrotum, with sweating, s. and pimples. Calc-ph.
Orchitis (Puls.), with great s. and swelling. Ham.
Swelling of prepuce and s. of edges. Cham.
Swelling and s. of testicles, with tearing pains. Puls.
Sweat on genitals, with s. between scrotum and thighs. Merc.
Sensation on right side of head as if paralyzed, after coition; s. of thighs. Sil.
Ulcerative pain and s., with itching at border of prepuce. Ign.
Violent aching and s. from a blister on inner side of prepuce. Carbo-v.

Spasm.—Pain and s. of spermatic cord, with pollutions. Dios.

Spasmodic.—S. pain in genitals. Graph.
S. pain in testicles. Spong.
Painful s. erections at night. Nitr-ac.

Spasms.—Child constantly has hand on genitals, with s. Stram.

Spermatorrhœa (see Prostatorrhœa).—S. Kali-brom., Millef., Nuph., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Pic-ac., Zinc.
S.; discharge during stool. Coni.
S.; involuntary emissions at night, with great prostration. Cocc.
S., with weak sexual power. Cor-r.
S. attended with great sadness and despair. Dig.
S., with relaxation, debility and sweating. Gels.
S., with pains and weakness of thighs. Agar.
S. with great weakness (in young men growing rapidly). Calc-c.
S., with partial impotence. Coca.
S. from plethora, with sexual dreams and nocturnal emissions, followed by excessive debility, despondency and irritability. Nux-v.
S. with excessive prostration. Stann.
Debility following s. Hydr., Phos-ac.
Sexual debility: pollutions during sleep; s. during stool; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.

Spinal.—Impotence, with great s. exhaustion. Nux-v.
Priapism associated with s. disease. Pic-ac.

Spirits.—Flaccidity and coldness of genitals, with great languor and depression of s.; dragging pain in testicles. Gels.

Pollutions, with depression of s., dull thought, backache, staggering gait and great prostration. Kali-brom.

Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of s.; pain in small of back, extending to testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.

Splinter.—Chancre, with sticking pains as from a s. Thuja.

Ulcerative pain in middle of urethra as from a s. Arg-n.

Spot.—Denuded s. on penis, becomes ulcerated and will not heal Nitr-ac.

Spots.—S. on prepuce. Nitr-ac., Rhus-t.

S. on penis. Calc-c.

Brown s. on glans penis. Nitr-ac.

Brown s. on genitals. Kobalt.

Itching, moist s. on scrotum. Sil.

Itching s. on glans. Arn.

Light-red s. on glans penis, size of lentils. Can-sat.

Red, moist s. on glans penis. Carbo-v.

Red s. and itching on corona glandis. Sil.

Red s. on glans. Arn., Carbo-v., Lach., Sil.

Red, tender s. on glans penis. Lach.

Red, scurfy s. on corona glandis. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)

Syphilis affecting throat; constant dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored s. on palm of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Smooth moist s. on glans. Carbo-v.

Yellow, purulent discharge makes s. on linen like gonorrhœa. Natr-m.

Yellow-brown s. on glans. Kobalt.

Squeezed.—White, glairy mucus may be s. from urethra. Can-ind.

Feeling as if testicles were s. in a vise. Coloc.

Squeezing.—Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, s., with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

Pinching, bruised, s. pain in testicles. Spong.

Staggering.—Pollutions, with depression of spirits, dull thought, backache, s. gait and great prostration. Kali-brom.

Staining.—Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under prepuce, with discharge of yellowish-white matter having strong odor, s. linen. Merc-sol.

Standing.—Dragging sensation in testicles when s. Can-sat. (Berb.)

Pressive, dragging sensation in testicles when s. Can-sat.

Pain in the spermatic cord, when s., with contraction of the scrotum. Can-sat.

Stench.—S. of genitals. Natr-m., Sars., Sulph.

Sticking.—S. stitching pains in right testicle. Rhod.

S. together of orifice of urethra. Cupr.

Chancre, with s. pains, as from a splinter. Thuja.

Drawing and s. in navicular fossa, changing to a cutting, biting after urination. Petros. (Can-sat.)
Gonorrhœa with constant s. together of meatus. **Camph.**

Stinging.—S. and throbbing in scrotum. Natr-c.
S. and itching of glans penis. Kali-c.
S., itching, or burning in urethra. Bov.
S. stitches in left testicle. Merc-cor.
S. stitches in prostate gland when walking. **Kali-bi.**
S. stitches in glands on pressing. Thuja.
S. stitches in scrotum. Ferr-mag., Merc., Natr-m., Sulph., **Thuja.**
S. stitches in prepuce. Ars., Cham., Euphr., Mang.
S. stitches in penis. Berb., Lyc., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-jod., Mez., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Ol-an., Petr., Phos., Puls., Spig., Thuja, Viola-tr.
S. stitches in glands. Acon., Ars., Berb., Euphorb., Euphr., Ferr-mag., Lyc., Merc., Mez., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Ran-sc., Rhod., Sabin., Sulph.
S. stitches in testicles. Arn., Bell., Berb., Bry., Caust., Merc., Nux-v., Rhod., Staph., Sulph.
S. stitches in spermatic cord. Am-m., Arn., Berb., Grat., **Nux-v.,** Sulph., Thuja.
S. during coition. Calc-c.
Burning, cutting or s. in urethra. Caps.
Burning and s. of penis. Can-sat.
Burning and s. in urethra. Apis.
Burning and s. during ejaculation of semen in coition. **Calc-c.**
Burning s., and pressing drawing of inflamed testicles. Staph.
Cutting and s. in perinæum. Aur.
Corrosive burning and s. of prepuce and glans penis. Can-sat.
During coition burning and s. when semen is discharged.. Calc-c.
Erysipelatous inflammation of penis, with œdema, great soreness and s. pain. Apis.
Frequent, sharp, s. pains in glans penis. Caul.
Fine painful s. in left testicle. Merc-cor.
Gonorrhœa or gleet; discharge of watery mucus; s. and titillating through urethra and perinæum, urethra sore. Mez.
Miliary eruption on back of penis, with s. and itching. Rhus-r.
Orchitis, with burning, s. pain; metastasis from mumps. Staph. (Puls.)
Thin, ichorous discharge, with burning, s. pain. Apis.

Stitch.—Itching s. in penis and right testicle. Spig.

Stitches (see Lancinations).—S. in fossa navicularis, with emissions at night. Cic-v.
S. or shooting pains in penis. Can-sat.
S. in prostate gland when walking. Kali-bi. (**Bov.**)
S. in right testicle. Caust.
S. in right testicle and spermatic cord. Bry.
S. in urethra when not urinating. Can-sat., Caps.

S. and itching in urethra. Cocc-c.
S. in urethra. Cycl.
S. and beating in left spermatic cord. Am-m.
S. from testicles into spermatic cord. Spong.
S. in penis. Sulph.
Fine, pricking s. in penis and tip of glans penis. Mez.
Frequent erections, followed by s. in urethra. Can-sat.
Jerking s. in posterior portion of urethra when standing. Can-sat.
Itching s. in glans penis. Dros.
Itching in glans penis and prepuce, alternating with s. in anus. Thuja.
Needle-like s. in urethra. Asaf.
Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with s. up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.
Pain in testicles and s. in penis when sitting. Lith-c.
Spermatic cords painfully swollen; s. in abdomen. Arn.
Smarting, burning pains or s. in spermatic cord. Berb.
Sharp s. in prepuce. Nitr-ac.
Stinging s. in left testicle. Merc-cor.
Stinging s. in prostate gland when walking. Kali-bi.
Stinging s. in glands on pressing. Thuja.
Stinging s. in prepuce. Ars., Cham., Euphr., Mang.
Stinging s. in penis. Berb., Lyc., Magn-s., Merc., Merc-jod., Mez., Mur-ac., Natr-m., Ol-an., Petr., Phos., Puls., Spig., Thuja, Viola-tr.
Stinging s. in glands. Acon., Ars., Berb., Euphorb., Euphr., Ferr-mag., Lyc., Merc., Mez., Natr-m., Phos-ac., Ran-sc., Rhod., Sabin., Sulph.
Stinging s. in testicles. Arn., Bell., Berb., Bry., Caust., Merc., Nux-v., Rhod., Staph., Sulph.
Stinging s. in spermatic cord. Am-m., Arn., Berb., Grat., Nux-v., Sulph., Thuja.
Stinging s. in scrotum. Ferr-mag., Merc., Natr-m., Sulph., Thuja.
Violent erections, with s. in urethra. Clem.
Violent s. in testicles which are drawn up. Bell.

Stitching.—Sticking, s. pains in right testicle. Rhod.

Stomach (see vol. ii., section on Stomach).—Excitement of genitals reflex from excessively acid s. Iris.
Neuralgic pains dart from testicles to s. or bowels; worse nights and during rainy weather. Ham.

Stool (see section on Anus, Rectum and Stool).—Aching in penis during and after s. Hydr.
After pollutions, micturition, s. and restless sleep. Aloe.
Discharge of prostatic fluid (prostatorrhœa) after micturition or s., with hyperthrophy of prostate gland. Natr-c. (Sil.)
Discharge of prostatic fluid during s. Carbo-v., Kali-bi.
Discharge of milk-like fluid after s. Iod.

Discharge of prostatic fluid after micturition or hard s. Hep-s.
Emissions during sleep and s. Selen.
Emissions during diarrhœic s. Ars.
Emissions with difficult s. Agn., Alu., Am-c., Anac., Coni., Hep-s., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Sep., Staph.
Emission with s. Gels. (Anac., Ars., Carbo-v., Caust., Coni., Selen., Sep., Sil., Sulph.)
Erections during s. Ign.
Erections with urging to s. Thuja.
Involuntary emissions, when straining at s. Alu.
Impotence, with pollutions during sleep, at s. and when urinating. Nuph.
Prostatorrhœa: oozes when sitting, during sleep, when walking and at s. Selen. (Agn., Sil.)
Prostatorrhœa during hard s. Alu. (During soft s. Ars.)
Prostatorrhœa while straining at s. Agn., Natr-c., Selen., Sil.
Prostatorrhæa after hard s. Phos.
Pollutions during s. Phos-ac.
Spermatorrhœa; discharge during s. Coni.
Sexual debility: pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during s.; inability to have intercourse; general weakness; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.
Sexual excitement during s. Natr-c.
Semen dribbles out during s. Phos-ac.
Straining and tenesmus at s., with voluptuous sensation in genitals. Natr-c.
Weakness after s. or urination. Calc-ph.

Straining.—S. and tenesmus at stool, with voluptuous sensation in genitals. Natr-c.
Involuntary emissions, when s. at stool. Alu.
Prostatorrhœa when s. at stool. Agn. (Natr-c., Sil.)

Strangury (see section on Urinary Organs).—Gonorrhœa with tenesmus and s. Tereb.

Stream.—Emission at night after coition (Phos.); semen comes in a s. without ejaculation. Agn. (Gels.)

Stretch.—Coition painful; urethra feels as if put on s.; sensitive at meatus. Arg-n.

Stricture.—S. (resulting from gonorrhœa or syphilis). Nitr-ac.
S. of urethra. Apis, Arg-n., Canth.
Chronic urethritis, accompaning s. Petr.
Spasmodic s. Clem.

Stringy.—Gleet, with s. or jelly-like discharge. Kali-bi.

Strips.—Satyriasis; sexual mania; s. himself. Phos. (Hyos.)

Strong.—S. desire after involuntary emissions. Aloe.
S. excitement of sexual passion, with discharge of prostatic fluid. Nitr-ac.

S. sexual passion with pollutions. Nux-v., Plumb. (Dig., Ferr., Natr-c., Opi., Sars.)

S. sexual passion. Canth., Kali-c., Lach., Mosch. (Am-c., Ferr-mag., Nux-v., Plat., Plumb.)

S. sexual passion with many erections. Canth., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Opi., Plumb., Puls. (Dig., Ferr., Nux-v., Plat., Sabin., Seneg., Sep., Sil., Spig., Staph.)

Desire to s.; almost priapism. Psor.

Erections too s. Canth., Phos., Puls. (Fluor-ac., Graph., Kreas., Mez., Sabin., Tarax.)

Erections unusually s. and frequent. Helon.

Sexual desire too s., or absent. Nitr-ac.

Venereal ulcers on glans penis and prepuce, with discharge of yellowish-white matter having s. odor, staining linen. Merc-sol.

Subsides.—Orgasm s. before ejaculation. Eugen.

Suicidal.—Melancholly, with s. mania (after onanism). Aur.

Sunken.—Melancholy: face s.; abashed look; pollutions; backache; weak knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.

Pollutions without dreams; pale face, s. eyes, with blue rings around them. Zinc.

Supporter.—Scrotum and testicles relaxed, requiring a s. Am-c.

Suppressed.—S. gonorrhœa. Benz-ac., Berb., Canth., Clem., Daph., Puls., Sars.

S. gonorrhœa causing rheumatism, prostatitis, sycosis, impotence. Thuja.

S. gonorrhœa, followed by rheumatism. Sars.

Bad effects from s. desire, or from excessive indulgence. Coni.

Genitals relaxed; desire s.; no erections. Hell.

Gonorrhœa which had been s. for years. Hydrocotyle-asiatica.

Gleet, after s. gonorrhœa, with offensive urine. Benz ac.

Orchitis (after s. gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.

Rheumatism from s. gonorrhœa. Cop., Daph., Sars.

Sexual passion wanting; s. Agn., Camph., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-an., Cop., Ferr-mag., Hell., Hep-s., Ign., Lach., Mur-ac., Nux-m., Phos-ac., Sil., Sulph.)

Sexual desire s. (Berb.), then excited, with lascivious dreams, and pollutions. Erynigium-aquaticum.

Suppression.—Orchitis (after s. of gonorrhœa or mumps). Natr-m.

Orchitis (after s. of gonorrhœa). Arg-n.

Prostatitis following s. of gonorrhœa. Nitr-ac.

Rheumatism or orchitis following s. of gonorrhœa. Gels.

Swelling and induration of testicles after s. of gonorrhœa. Cop.

Suppurating.—S. bubo. Merc-bij.
S. inguinal glands. Arn., Hep-s.
Buboes, s. and extremely tender. Lach.
Hard, brown nodules on scrotum; s. Nitr-ac.

Suspended.—Penis painful, as if sore or burnt, when walking; obliged to have it s. Can-ind.

Sweat (see Perspiration).—Offensive s. on genitals. Iod., Sulph.
S. about scrotum. Bar-c.
S. on genitals, with soreness between scrotum and thighs. Merc.
S. and moisture on and about genitals of both sexes. Petr.
Excessive s. on perinæum and inner surface of thighs. Thuja.
Itching with increase of s. about scrotum. Rhod.
Neuralgic pains in testicles, suddenly shoot to stomach or bowels, causing nausea and faintness; profuse cold s. on scrotum. Ham.
Oily, pungent-smelling s. on genitals. Calad.
Offensive s. about genitals. Sulph.
Offensive s. on scrotum. Hydr.
Penis and scrotum itch and s. Lachn.
Profuse s. of sweetish or honey odor, about genitals, especially on scrotum and perinæum. Thuja.
Profuse s., especially on scrotum. Sep.
Sensation of coldness; cold s. on genitals. Calad.

Sweating.—S. of genitals. Bell.
Genitals cold, relaxed and s. Calad.
Itching of scrotum, with s., soreness and pimples. Calc-ph.
Organs larger, as if puffed or swollen; relaxed and s. Calad.
Testicles relaxed, scrotum constantly s. Gels.

Sweats.—Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; s. easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Sweetish.—Profuse sweat, of s. or honey odor, about genitals, especially on scrotum and perinæum. Thuja.

Swelling.—S. of genitals. Ars., Canth., Cocc-c., Kali-bi., Lyc., Merc., Plumb.
S. of prepuce, indicating phimosis; violent burning pain in urethra during and after micturition. Can-sat.
S. of scrotum. Calad., Samb.
S. of testicles. Acon., Agn., Arn., Aur., Clem., Coni., Dig., Iod., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Spong.
S. of prostate gland. Can-sat., Iod., Thuja.
S. of penis. Arn., Cinnab. (Can-sat., Canth., Cupr., Graph., Kreas., Led., Mez., Millef., Plumb., Sabin.)
S. of testicles (from a bruise). Coni.
S. of lymphatic glands. Merc. (Lact.)
S. of spermatic cords (Arn.) and testicles. Kali-bi.

S. of prepuce. Calad., Cinnab., Merc., Rhus-t., Sulph., Thuja. (Can-sat., Cor-r., Graph., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Sil., Viola-tr.)
S. of glans. Ars., Merc., Rhus-t. (Can-sat., Cinnab., Cor-r., Natr-c., Plumb., Sulph., Thuja.)
S. and inflammation of testicles from suppressed gonorrhœa. Agn., Puls. (Aur., Bell., Canth., Clem., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Selen.)
S. of one half of corona glandis. Spig.
S. of scrotum, with chronic gonorrhœa. **Brom.**
S. of right testicle. Arg-m., Aur., Clem.
S. of left testicle. Brom., Mez., Podo., Rhod.
S. of right testicle (after gonorrhœa). Rhod.
S. of testicles (after gonorrhœa). Rhod.
S. of right side of scrotum. Puls.
S. and induration of testicles. Acon., Arg-n., Coni., **Iod., Phyt.**
S. and soreness of testicles, with tearing pains. Puls.
S. of testicles and penis. Sil.
S. and induration of testicles after suppression of gonorrhœa. **Cop.**
S., inflammation and excoriation of prepuce and glans penis. Natr-c.
S. and painful inflammation of prepuce and glans penis. Merc.
S. of testicles; scrotum sore, oozing an offensive fluid. Calc-ph.
S. of prepuce, as if distended with air or water to a blister. **Merc-sol.**
S. and inflammation of prepuce, with redness of inner surface; painful sensitiveness. Merc-sol.
S. and œdema of prepuce. Apis.
S. of testicles (remaining after gonorrhœa). **Brom.**
S. and twitching of penis. Cinnab.
S. of testicles and spermatic cord. China.
S. of prepuce and soreness of edges. **Cham.**
S. and induration of testicles. Iod.
S. and inflammation of penis. Kali-jod., Led.
S. of testicles, with s. and tension in spermatic cords. **Phos-ac.**
S. of lymphatic vessels along penis. Merc.
S. and induration of testicles and scrotum. **Clem.**
S. of penis and testicles. Millef.
S. of glans which is very painful. Canth.
S. from metastasis of mumps to testicles. Carbo-v.
S. of testicles, with pain and inflammation. Carls. (Clem., Rhod., Spong.)
Burning in genitals during coition, with s. of penis next day. Kreas.
Burning and aching in testicles, with or without s. Puls.
Bluish-red s. of testicles. Arn. (Ars.)
Dark-red s. of glans penis and prepuce; erysipelas. Rhus-t.
Dropsical s. of testicles. Dig., Lyc.
Enlargement and tenderness of left testicle, with s. in groin of same side; testicle hard and tender to touch. Clem.

Epididymitis; inflammation and s. extend from testicle upward. Puls.
Extensive s. of glans penis with paraphimosis. Kali-jod.
Great pain, s. and tenderness of testicles. Nitr-ac.
Heat and s. of penis. Mez.
Hot s. of testicles and spermatic cords. Kali-c.
Hot s. of testicles. Arn., Kali-c., Puls.
Hard s. of penis. Sabin.
Hard, painless s. of left testicle, painful when driving. Brom.
Hard s. of testicles. Agn., Arn., Spong. (Merc., Nux-v., Phos-ac., Sabin.)
Hydrocele; œdema, or dropsical s. of penis. Fluor-ac.
Inflammation and s. of right testicle. Apis.
Inflammation and s., with deep rhagades, redness and burning of prepuce; phimosis. Sulph.
Inflammation and s. of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small ulcers secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation and s. of testicles, pain extending to spermatic cords. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation and s. of testicles, with hardness and drawing. Nux-v.
Inflammatory s. of scrotum. Phos-ac.
Induration and s. of testicles (especially of left), with violent drawing pains, extending to abdomen and thighs. Rhod.
Intense soreness and s. of testicles. Ham.
Orchitis (Puls.), with great soreness and s. Ham. (Use locally and internally.)
Œdema, or dropsical s. of prepuce and scrotum. Graph.
Œdema of prepuce; s. like a large water blister. Graph.
Œdematous s. of testicles. Arn., Graph., Lyc., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Sil., Sulph.
One-sided s. of glans. Spig.
Painful s. of spermatic cord and testicles; tearing pains. China.
Painless s. of testicles, with offensive sweat. Ign.
Painful s. of glans penis. Canth.
Painful and gangrenous s. of genitals. Ars.
Painless chancres with great s. of inguinal glands. Merc-jod.
Painful s. of testicles. Arn., Ars., Aur., Canth., Laur., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Ol-an., Plumb.
Pressive, painful s. of testicles. Spong. (Clem., Rhod.)
Redness and s. of prepuce, with painful itching. Cinnab.
Red, shiny s. of testicles. Merc.
Severe pain and s. of epididymis and testicles of left side. Vib-op.
Suppressed gonorrhœa, with pain in and s. of testicles; orchitis. Puls.
Soft, pulpy s. of left spermatic cord, with pain extending down into testicles, especially epididymis. Berb.

Swollen.--S. prepuce, sore to touch. Cor-r.
S. testicles, after suppressed or badly-treated gonorrhœa. **Mez.**
S., hard and painful testicles, which are cold. Agn.
Genitals larger, as if s. or puffed. Calad.
Glans penis red, s., sensitive, secreting yellow, greenish pus. Cor-r.
Glans penis blue, red, s. and cracked. Ars.
Glans penis inflamed, penis s. Cupr.
Gonorrhœa: inflammatory stage; penis s.; thick purulent discharge; micturition difficult, with intermittent flow. Can-sat.
Gonorrhœa: frequent, painful erections; burning pain in urethra; green, purulent discharge; hot, s. prepuce. Merc.
Glands s. and indurated. Merc., Merc-jod.
Left testicle s., with intolerable drawing pain in testicle and cord. Clem.
Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicle s. hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.
Prepuce s. and sore; yellow pus discharged in drops. **Merc.**
Prepuce s. at margin, sore and painful. Calad.
Prepuce s. Caps.
Penis and testicles enormously s. Merc cor.
Penis and testicle s., and purple (after injuries). Arn.
Penis and scrotum s. and œdematous, with disease of heart. Apoc. (Lycop-v.)
Phimosis from friction or injury; parts bruised and s. Arn.
Painful, inflamed and s. testicles. Clem. (Rhod., Spong.)
Right testicle drawn up and s.; spermatic cord s., with tensive pain, while left testicle hangs low down. Puls.
Right testicle s. Aur.
Right half of scrotum s. (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; testicles relaxed and also hang low. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)
Scrotum s., red and hot; with vesicles, painful to touch, becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.
Spermatic cords s. and sensitive; sexual excitement makes them ache. Sars.
Spermatic cord s. and painful (Calc-c., Spong., Puls.), stitches in abdomen. Arn.
Syphilis: glands s.; deep chancres, with hard edges; buboes ulcerating. Kali-jod.
Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly s., producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.
Testicles and scrotum s. Mez.
Testicles s. and hard. Acon.
Testicles drawn up, s. and painful. Rhod. (Clem.)
Testicles s. (Dig.), inflamed and painful. Plumb.
Urethra feels sore, as if s. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Sycosis.—S. Natr-s.

S.; copious secretion of thin, ichorous matter, with burning, stinging pains. Apis.

S.; moist excresence on prepuce and glans penis. Thuja.

Sycotic.—S. excresence (Cinnab., Sabin.) on glans and prepuce (Thuja.), bleeding when touched. Nitr-ac.

S. excresences, chronic, with heat, burning and soreness. Phos-ac.

Condylomata; soft s. excresences, with greenish discharge. Natr-s.

S. excresences on edge of prepuce itching and burning. Psor.

Synchronous.—Pulsations in penis, s. with radial pulse. Ham.

Syphilis.—S. Merc-bij. (The author cured a case of syphilis, where the tongue of the patient was one-third destroyed. It was a chronic case, and patient had been a sufferer for seven years. Her throat was also very red and inflamed. I used the 2x trituration, and cured patient in four months.)

S. Sulphurous acid (not Sulphuric) pure. (Have acid fresh. Give teaspoonful doses three times daily and wash all sores and apply on lint or absorbent cotton.)

S. Berb aq. (I believe this to be the very best remedy we have to antidote the poison of syphilis.—W. D. G.)

S. Jac-car.

S., with chancres. Myg.

S.; large bubo in right groin, stony hard. Hep-s.

S.: glands swollen; deep chancres, with hard edges; buboes ulcerating. Kali-jod.

S.: chancres; lardaceous ulcers, or, more commonly, red ulcers, on glans penis or prepuce. Cor-r.

S.; chancres increase very rapidly and bleed when touched. Nitr-ac.

S.: chancres on penis; throat ulcerated; bubo; rheumatism. Phyt.

S. affecting throat; constant dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on palms of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Constitutional s. Asclep-tub.

Constitutional s., with indiscribable feeling of weakness. Ars.

Gonorrhœa complicated with s. Cinnab.

Hair falls from genitals after s. Nitr-ac.

Secondary and tertiary s.; erosions; pain in bones at night. Fluor-ac.

Secondary s.; brown spots peeling off on discharging; chancre on glans penis; bubo. Nitr-ac.

Secondary s.: prepuce terribly swollen, producing phimosis; part purple and ulcerated; pus-like discharge; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.

Secondary s., causing moist sores on scalp; inflamed eyes; large, soft protuberances on alæ nasi, covered with crusts; ulcerated sore throat; soreness and pains in legs and feet; moist condylomata, like cauliflower, or ulcers on skin. Nitr-ac.

Secondary s.; old maltreated buboes. Carbo-an.
Secondary s. Aur., Hep-s., Merc.
Secondary and tertiary s., especially in tertiary form where Mercury may do harm. This remedy is beneficial when disease has attacked periosteum of bones or fibrous structure of softer organs and forms nodes. Pains are soon relieved and nodes disappear. In syphilitic skin eruptions it is also useful. Kali-jod.
Stricture (resulting from gonorrhœa or s.). Nitr-ac.
Sloughing of entire integument of penis (in s.). Nitr-ac.

Tallow-like.—Small ulcers on prepuce, covered with pus; later spreading, bowl-shaped, with a t. coating. Arg-n.
Tardy.—Ejaculation t. but free. Fluor-ac.
T. emission during coition. Agar., Agn.
Great desire for coition, but with little ability, or with deficient excitement, or t., insufficient emission of semen. Agar.
Tearing.—T. in glans. Colch., Euphorb., Kali-c., Pareira.
T. in spermatic cord. Bell., Colch., Puls.
T., lacerating pain in testicles. Puls.
T. in penis. Kali-c., Mez.
T. in testicles. Euphorb., Puls., Staph.
T. along urethra in a zigzag direction. Can-sat.
T. in glans penis and left spermatic cord. Colch.
Acute orchitis, with high fever and t. or bruised pains in testicles (from cold or gonorrhœa). Acon.
Lacerating or t. in glans penis; or pain as if ulcerated. Ambr.
Temper.—Pollutions followed by languor and great irritability of t. Coff.
Tenacious.—Chancres ulcerate deeply; cheesy, t. exudation. Kali-bi.
Tender.—Buboes, suppurating and extremely t. Lach.
Enlargement and tenderness of left testicle, with swelling in groin of same side; testicle hard and t. to touch. Clem.
Testicle t. to touch. Phos-ac.
Tenderness.—Enlargement and t. of left testicle, with swelling in groin of same side; testicle hard and tender to touch. Clem.
Great pain, swelling and t. of testicles. Nitr-ac.
Soreness or t. of testicles, pants feel too tight. Puls.
Tenesmus (see section on Urinary Organs).—Straining and t. at stool, with voluptuous sensation in genitals. Natr-c.
Gonorrhœa with t. and strangury. Tereb.
Tension.—T. in genitals. Graph.
T. in spermatic cord. Can-sat., Phos-ac.
T. in scrotum. Arn.
T. in penis. Arn., Kali-c.
T. in glans. Kali-c.
T. and pressure in testicles and cords. Sulph.

After pollutions, t. in hypochondria. Agar.
Great debility, profuse night sweats, burning and itching of skin, with t. and pressure under ribs, after coition. Agar.
Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; painful t. during erections; chordee, bleeding from urethra, and shooting from behind forward. Arg-n.

Testicle.—Aching in outer side of left t. when walking. Staph.
Contused pain, with enlargement and hardening of right t. **Arg-n.**
Contused pain in right t. Dig.
Dragging pain in left t. and penis. Kali-c.
Drawing from t. upwards; right t. drawn up. Clem.
Drawing up of right t. Clem., Puls., Thuja, Zinc.
Drawing up of left t. Calc-c., Croton-tig., Pareira, Zinc.
Enlargement and tenderness of left t., with swelling in groin of same side; t. hard and tender to touch. Clem.
Fine painful stinging in left t. Merc-cor.
Gonorrhœa, with copious discharge; contusive pain in t. **Arg-m.**
Hard, painless swelling of left t.; painful when driving. **Brom.**
Inflammation and swelling of right t. Apis.
Induration of left t. Brom., Mez., Rhod.
Induration of right t. Clem., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac.
Itching stitch in penis and right t. (Spig.) from behind forward. **Sil.**
Left t. swollen, with intolerable drawing pain in t. and cord. Clem.
Left t. hard and very painful. Alu.
Lacerating, shooting, drawing in spermatic cords, extending to right t. Staph.
Orchits, with much hypertrophy of t. Apis.
Orchitis, induration of t. (Clem.), with feeling as if being crushed. Rhod.
Pressure in right t. Bism.
Penis small; t. cold and relaxed. Aloe.
Pinching pain in t., worse from slightest touch. **Clem.**
Pressing pain in right t., as if crushed. Caust. **(Arg-n.)**
Pain in right t. Kobalt.
Painfulness of right t., ameliorated after urinating. **Kobalt.**
Pressing pain in left t. when walking; worse from touch. **Staph.**
Painfulness of left t. Jac-car.
Right spermatic cord sensitive, t. drawn up. Clem.
Right t. drawn up and swollen, spermatic cord swollen, with tensive pain, while left t. hangs low down. Puls.
Right t. drawn up, with pain in kidneys. **Æth.**
Right t. swollen. Aur.
Right t. feels as if compressed. **Staph.**
Retraction of left t. Thuja.
Sarsocele of left t. Merc-bij.
Smarting pain in one t. Coff.

Severe pain and swelling of epididymis and t. of left side. Vib-op.
Stinging stitches in left t. Merc-cor.
Stitches in right t. Caust.
Stitches in right t. and spermatic cord. Bry.
Sticking, stitching pains in right t. Rhod.
Swelling of left t. Brom., Mez., Podo., Rhod.
Swelling of right t. Arg-m., Aur., Clem.
Swelling of right t. (after gonorrhœa). Rhod.

Testicles.—T. relaxed, scrotum constantly sweating. Gels.
T. drawn up; feel constricted. Plumb.
T. dwindled with loss of sexual instinct. Caps.
T. relaxed; absence of desire. Camph.
T. and scrotum swollen. Mez.
T. drawn up toward external abdominal ring. Cic-v. (Bell., Berb.)
T. swollen (Dig.) and hard. Acon.
T. swollen, inflamed and painful. Plumb.
T. relaxed; hang down very low. Puls.
T. tender to touch. Phos-ac.
T. feel heavy and contused; shooting along spermatic cords. Ox-ac.
T. retracted, swollen and painful. Rhod. (Clem.)
T. relaxed (Camph.); hanging down. Sulph. (Clem.)
T., especially epididymis, intensely painful to touch. Rhod.
T. hang down. Am-c., Bell., Camph., China, Gels., Iod., Lyc., Magn-m., Nitr-ac., Puls., Sil., Sulph., Sulph-ac.
T. drawn up. Berb. (Bell., Croton-tig., Euphr., Meny., Nux-v., Ol-an., Plumb., Rhod., Thuja., Zinc.)
T. cold. Agn. (Aloe, Brom., Caps., Merc.)
Acute orchitis, with high fever, and tearing or bruised pains in t. (from cold or gonorrhœa). Acon.
Aching of t. with spasmodic retraction. Calc-c.
Aching in t. Caust., Natr-m.
Aching in t., as if contused; worse when walking. Thuja.
Atrophy of t. Iod., Kali-jod., Staph., Zinc.
Atrophy of t. (in boys). Aur.
Burning, dragging from t. to glans penis. Merc.
Burning and aching in t., with or without swelling. Puls.
Burning stinging and pressing drawing of inflamed t. Staph.
Bruised pain in t. without swelling. Puls.
Bruised, crushed pain in t. (Acon.); clothing makes it worse when walking. Arg-m.
Bruised pain in t. Acon., Berb., Dig., Plat., Rhod., Staph. (Arg-m., Clem., Cocc., Hep-s., Natr-c., Ox-ac., Pallad.)
Boring, cramp-like pain extending from rectum to t. Sil.
Bluish-red swelling of t. Arn. (Ars.)
Choking or forcing pain in t. and seminal cords. Am-c.
Choking pains in relaxed t. Am-c.

Cramping pain in t. Am-c., Ign., Nux-v., Plumb., Spong.
Crampy pains in t. after emissions. Caps.
Contraction in t. Alu., Camph., Nux-v., Plumb.
Contused pain, with alternate drawing in t. Rhod.
Constrictive pain in t. Nux-v.
Cutting pains in t. Berb., Phos-ac., Sep., Tereb.
Crawling in t. Agn.
Chronic enlargement of t. Aur.
Chronic induration of t. Bar-c.
Dragging or lancinating pains in spermatic cord, extending to t. Berb.
Dragging pains in groins extending to t. Hydr.
Dragging sensation in t. when standing. Can-sat. (Berb.)
Dragging and aching in t. after emissions. Phos-ac.
Drawing sore pain in t. when touched. Cocc.
Drawing pain in t. and spermatic cords. Chelid., Merc., Psor. (Berb.)
Drawing pains from abdomen through spermatic cords to t. Puls. (Ham.)
Drawing pain from anus to t. Rhod.
Drawing soreness in t. as if excoriated. Phos-ac.
Drawing in t., extending up to spermatic cord. Zinc.
Drawing in t. Puls., Thuja, Zinc. (Agar., Am-c., Berb., China, Clem., Cocc., Merc., Natr-c., Nitr-ac., Ox-ac., Psor., Rhod., Staph., Tereb., Ver-a.)
Drawing pain in t. Ham. (Rhod.)
Dropsical swelling of t. Dig., Lyc.
Enlargement of t., with pain extending to abdomen. Iod.
Epididymitis; inflammation and swelling extend from t. upward. Puls.
Flaccidity and coldness of genitals, with great languor and depression of spirits; dragging pain in t. Gels.
Frequent pain in t. all day. Ham. (Clem., Rhod.)
Feeling as if t. were squeezed in a vise. Coloc.
Great pain, swelling and tenderness of t. Nitr-ac.
Gnawing in t. Phos-ac. (Plat.)
Heaviness and drawing in t. Natr-c.
Hot swelling of t. and spermatic cords. **Kali-c.**
Hot swelling of t. Arn., Kali-c., Puls.
Hard swelling of t. Agn., Arn., Spong. (Merc., **Nux-v., Phos-ac.,** Sabin.)
Hardness of t. **Agn., Arn.** (Bell., Nux-v., Spong.)
Heaviness in t. Am-c., Elaps, Lob., Natr-c., **Ox-ac.**
Heaviness and drawing in t. Ox-ac.
Hypertrophy of t. Iod.
Intense soreness and swelling of t. Ham.

Induration of t. (after gonorrhœa). Alu.
Induration and inflammation of t. Spong.
Induration and swelling of t. (especially of left), with violent drawing pains extending to abdomen and thighs. Rhod.
Induration of t. Aur., Cinnab., Clem., Coni., Iod., Rhod. (Agn., Cop., Merc., Nux-v., Spong., Sulph.)
Inflammation and swelling of t., extending to spermatic cords. Nitr-ac.
Inflammation of t., with hardness. Bell.
Inflammation and swelling of t., with hardness and drawing. Nux-v.
Inflammation of t. Clem., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls. (Aur., Bell., Coni., Lyc., Merc., Podo., Spong., Staph., Zinc.)
Lancinations in t., which are drawn up. Bell.
Lancinations in t., with pain in end of penis. Nuph.
Neuralgia of spermatic cords and t. Berb., Cocc. (Clem., Cimicif., Puls.)
Neuralgia; pain in t. suddenly shifting to bowels, causing nausea and faintness. Ham.
Neuralgia of t. Puls., Zinc.
Neuralgia in one or both t. Ustil. (Staph.)
Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); t. swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes throbbing. Spong.
One or both t. retracted. Zinc.
Œdematous swelling of t. Arn., Graph., Lyc., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Sil., Sulph.
Pressure in t. Bism., Puls. (Aur., Berb., Calc-c., Can-sat., Carbo-v., Caust., Ign., Lach., Natr-c., Sabad., Spong., Squilla, Staph.
Pressive pain in t. Carls.
Pressive, painful swelling of t. Spong. (Clem., Rhod.)
Pain in t. Coni.
Pain in t. and stitches in penis when sitting. Lith-c.
Pain in t. and back. Abrot.
Pain in t. and spermatic cords. Osm. (Clem.)
Pain in t. when touched. Spong.
Pain running down spermatic cords into t. Ham.
Painful swelling of t. Arn., Ars., Aur., Canth., Laur., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Ol-an., Plumb.
Painful, inflamed and swollen t. Clem. (Rhod., Spong.)
Painful swelling of cords and t.; tearing pains. China.
Painfulness of t. Zinc. (Arn., Asaf., Aur., Can-sat., Caust., Clem., Cocc., Ign., Ol-an., Phos-ac., Sep., Tarax.)
Painless swelling of t., with offensive sweat. Iod.
Penis retracted; t. relaxed. Nuph.
Penis and t. swollen and purple red (after injuries). **Arn.**
Penis and t. enormously swollen. Merc-cor.

Pinching, bruised, squeezing pain in t. Spong.
Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great weakness of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of back, extending to t.; desire to be alone. Dios.
Pressure and tension in t. and spermatic cords. Sulph.
Right half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), thickened and hangs down; t. relaxed and also hang down. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)
Rheumatic gonorrhœa; painful drawing pains in spermatic cord, with tearing pains in t. Puls.
Relaxation of t. Nitr-ac., Sulph.
Retracted t. Agar., Canth.
Red, shiny swelling of t. Merc.
Swelling of t. and spermatic cords. Kali-c.
Swelling of t. and penis. Sil.
Swelling and induration of t. Acon., Arg-n., Coni., Iod., Phyt.
Swelling and soreness of t., with tearing pains. Puls.
Swelling of t.; scrotum sore, oozing an offensive fluid. Calc-ph.
Swelling of t. (after gonorrhœa). Rhod.
Swelling of t. Acon., Agn., Arn., Aur., Clem., Coni., Dig., Iod., Nitr-ac., Nux-v., Puls., Rhod., Spong.
Swelling and induration of t. after suppressed gonorrhœa. Cop.
Swelling of t., with pain and inflammation. Carls. (Clem., Rhod., Spong.)
Swelling of t., with swelling and tension in spermatic cords; t. tender to touch; gnawing pain or excoriated feeling in t. Phos-ac.
Swelling from metastasis of mumps to t. Carbo-v.
Swelling and induration of t. Iod.
Swelling and inflammation of t. from suppressed gonorrhœa. Agn., Puls. (Aur., Bell., Canth., Clem., Merc., Natr-c., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Rhus-t., Selen.)
Swelling of penis and t. Millef.
Swelling of t. (remaining after gonorrhœa). Brom.
Swelling of t. and spermatic cord. China.
Swollen t. after suppressed or badly treated gonorrhœa. Mez.
Swollen, hard and painful t., which are cold. Agn.
Sensation as if t. were being drawn up into inguinal ring, with violent dragging in spermatic cord. Sec.
Sensation of corrosion in t. Phos-ac., Plat.
Sensation of turning about in t. Sabad.
Sensation of constriction in t. Bufo, Nux-v., Plumb., Sulph.
Sensation as if t. moved on walking. Thuja.
Sensation as if t. were bruised. Cocc., Natr-c.
Sensation of coldness in t. Merc., Merc-sol. (Berb., Caps., Sulph.)
Soreness in t. Clem., Phos.
Soreness or tenderness of t., pants feel too tight. Puls.
Sensitiveness of t. to touch; aggravated by erections. Am-c.

Scrotum and t. relaxed, requiring a supporter. Am-c.
Scrotum shrunken, cold, with pressure in t. Berb.
Suppressed gonorrhœa, with pain in and swelling of the t.; orchitis. Puls.
Stinging stitches in t. Arn., Bell., Berb., Bry., Caust., Merc., Nux-v., Rhod., Staph., Sulph.
Stitches from t. into spermatic cord. Spong.
Spasmodic pain in t. Spong.
Soft pulpy swelling of left spermatic cord, with pain extending down into t., especially epididymis. Berb.
Shrinking of scrotum, with coldness and pain in t. Berb.
Squeezing pain in t. Sil.
Tearing, lacerating pain in t. Puls.
Tearing in t. Euphorb., Puls., Staph.
Tingling, crawling in t. Euphr., Merc.
Twitching in t. Ambr.
Wasting of t. Agn., Caps., Caust., Iod., Kali-jod., Zinc.

Thick.—T. greenish or yellowish discharge, more at night. Merc.
Gonorrhœa; t., yellow, or yellow-green discharge. Puls.
Gonorrhœa, profuse, t., glutinous, pus-like discharge. Cub.
Gonorrhœa, first thin, afterward t., greenish; with burning and smarting after micturition. Merc-cor.
Gonorrhœa: inflammatory stage; penis swollen; t., purulent discharge; micturition difficult, with intermittent flow. Can-sat.
Scrotum t. and hard, with intolerable itching; felt like thick hog's hide. Rhus-t.

Thickened.—Right half of scrotum swollen (Sulph.), t. and hangs down; testicles relaxed and hang low. Clem. (Camph., Sulph.)

Thickening.—T. of epididymis. Sulph.
T. of prepuce. Elaps, Lact.
T. of scrotal skin. Carbo-v., Clem., Rhus-t.

Thighs (see Nates, also section on Anus, Rectum and Stool).—After an emission, great debility and lassitude (Phos-ac., Staph.); with pain and weakness in t. Agar.
Chafed between t. Bar-c., Cinnab., Hep-s., Petr. (Caust., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Rhod., Sulph.)
Excessive sweat on perinæum and inner surface of t. Thuja.
Excoriation and humid soreness on genitals and between t. Bar-c., Graph., Hep-s., Rhus-t.
Eruption between t. Hep-s., Petr.
Eczema between scrotum and t. Petr.
Herpetic eruption on scrotum and t. Eupat-perf.
Herpetic eruption between t. Natr-m., Petr.
Humid soreness on genitals, perinæum, scrotum, and folds between scrotum and t. Hep-s. (Graph.)
Itching between t. Petr. (Carbo-v., Natr-m.)

Itching, soreness and herpetic eruption between scrotum and t. Natr-m.
Induration and swelling of testicles (especially of left), with violent drawing pains, extending to abdomen and t. Rhod.
Moisture between t. Hep-s. (Bar-c., Carbo-v., Lyc., Merc., Nitr-ac., Petr., Rhod.)
Perspiration between t. Cinnab.
Redness between t. Petr.
Sweat on genitals, with soreness between scrotum and t. Merc.
Smarting between t. Hep-s.
Spermatorrhœa, with pains and weakness of t. Agar.
Soreness between scrotum and t. Lyc., Natr-c., Rhod. (Hep-s.)
Small pimples or vesicles between scrotum and t. Petr.
Sensation on right side of head as if paralyzed, after coition; soreness of t. Sil.
Tickling on genitals and t. Alu.

Thin.—Gonorrhœa; first t., afterwards thick, greenish; with burning and smarting after micturition. Merc-cor.

Thinking.—Prostatorrhœa when t. of sexual intercourse. Natr-m.

Thirst.—T. after coition. Eugen.

Thought.—Pollutions, with depression of spirits, dull t., backache, staggering gait and great prostration. Kali-brom.

Thoughts.—Absence of desire; lascivious t. do not cause erections. Nuph.
Erections, with lascivious t., but without sexual desire. Spig.
Impotence, with gloomy t. Calad.
Impotence, with lascivious t. Selen.
Lascivious t. Sabad., Sil. (Phos.)
Lascivious t. and dreams. Kali-brom., Opi.
Lascivious t., with frequent erections at night. Merc.
Pollutions, with lascivious dreams, followed by irritability and inability to control t.; uses wrong words. Lil-tig.
Voluptuous t. and dreams. Coff.

Thrill.—Insufficient erection and but little t. during coition. Sep.
Semen emitted too rapidly and with long-continued t. Selen.
Too weak and t. too short and ejection too soon, during coition. Berb.

Throat (see vol. ii., section on Throat).—Syphilis: chancres on penis; t. ulcerated; bubo; rheumatism. Phyt.
Grayish ulcers, with shaggy borders, on prepuce and at same time in t. Arg-m.
Syphilis affecting t.; constant dropping of mucus from posterior nares into fauces; copper-colored spots on palms of hands and fingers. Cor-r.

Throbbing (see Pulsation).—T. in spermatic cord. Am-m.
T. of glans. Rhod.

T. in prepuce. Cop.
Orchitis (after suppressed gonorrhœa); testicles swollen hard; screwing, squeezing, with stitches up into spermatic cord; motion of bed or clothing causes t. Spong.
Phimosis, with discharge of pus, accompanied by t. Hep-s.
Stinging and t. in scrotum. Natr-c.

Tickling.—T. on genitals. Alu.
T. at end of penis. Asclep.
Frequent voluptuous t. in navicular fossa. Petros.
Gonorrhœa; troublesome t. and itching in urethra. Petros.
Tingling, crawling, t. of genitals. Mosch., Selen.

Tight.—Soreness or tenderness of testicles, pants feel too t. Puls.

Tightness.—T. of chest after coition. Staph.

Tingling.—T. in genitals. Acon.
T., crawling in testicles. Euphr., Merc.
T., crawling in scrotum. Acon., Lachn., Selen.
T., crawling in prepuce. Merc., Phos-ac.
T., crawling in glans. Merc., Spig., Tart-em.
T., crawling of frænum. Phos-ac.
T., crawling, tickling of genitals. Mosch., Selen.
T. around corona glandis. Spig.
T. and itching of and around scrotum. Lachn.
Herpes preputialis, with t. Phos-ac.

Titillating.—Gonorrhœa, or gleet; discharge of watery mucus; stinging and t. through urethra and perinæum, urethra sore. Mez.

Titillations.—T. in glans penis. Dig.

Toothache (see vol. ii., section on Mouth).—T. after coition. Daph.

Torpid.—Organs flabby, t. Psor.

Torpor.—T. of genitals. Lyc.

Touch.—Epididymis sensitive to t., or when walking. Aloe.
Enlargement and tenderness of left testicle, with swelling in groin of same side; testicle hard and tender to t. Clem.
Herpetic eruption on prepuce; small, whitish vesicles with red bases in groups, with intolerable itching, and exceedingly sensitive to t. Hep-s.
Inclination to t. genitals. Bufo.
Pinching pain in testicle, worse from slightest t. Clem.
Sensitiveness of testicles to t.; aggravated by erections. Am-c.
Scrotum swollen, red and hot; with vesicles, painful to t., becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.
Swollen prepuce, sore to t. Cor-r.
Second stage of gonorrhœa: discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to t.; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Testicles, especially epididymis, intensely painful to t. Rhod.
Testicles tender to t. Phos-ac.

Touched.—Drawing sore pain in testicles when t. Cocc.
Flat ulcers, with elevated, zigzag edges on prepuce, or on glans penis; bleed when t. Nitr-ac.
Syphilis; chancres increase very rapidly and bleed when t. Nitr-ac.
Ulcers which bleed when t., so painful they affect whole body. Merc.
Warts on prepuce, frænum and inner surface, bleed when t. Cinnab.
Touching.—Pressive pain, as from contusion, when t. or rubbing. Aur.
Trembling.—T., imbecility, mania, epilepsy and indigestion, following sexual excess or abuse. Phos.
Frequent debilitating pollutions; palpitation of heart and t. of limbs; memory impaired; appetite lost; constipation. Dig.
Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and weakness in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; t. of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.
Tremor.—T. of legs after coition. Calc-c.
Tumor.—Soft, painless t. on glans. Bell.
Turned.—Gonorrhœa with chordee; penis t. up. Berb., Selen.
Turning.—Sensation of t. about in testicles. Sabad.
Twitching.—T. in penis. Mez.
T. in spermatic cord. Mang. (Plumb.)
T. in testicles. Ambr.
Swelling and t. of penis. Cinnab.

Ulcer.—Inflamed u. on glans, with swelling and heaviness of testicles. Psor.
U. on prepuce. Merc., Phos. (Arg-n., Ars., Caust., Cor-r., Hep-s., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph., Thuja.)
U. on genitals. Phyt.
Deep, suppurating u. on glans penis and prepuce, with puffed edges. Sulph.
Round, flat, unclean u. on corona glandis. Thuja.
Ulcerate.—Chancres u. deeply; cheesy, tenacious exudation. Kali-bi.
Ulcerated.—Denuded spot on penis, becomes u. and will not heal. Nitr-ac.
Lacerating or tearing in glans penis; or pain as if u. Ambr.
Syphilis: chancres on penis; throat u.; bubo; rheumatism. Phyt.
Secondary syphilis: prepuce terribly swollen, producing phimosis; part purple and u.; pus-like discharge; fetid, gangrenous odor. Cinnab.
Ulcerating.—Syphilis: glands swollen; deep chancres, with hard edges; buboes u. Kali-jod.
Ulcerative.—U. pain in middle of urethra, as from a splinter. Arg-n.
Ulcers.—U. on glans penis, with cheesy base. Merc. (Nitr-ac.)
U. bleed on moving prepuce, or on handling parts. Merc.
U., with pricking and itching at glans penis. Kali-bi.

U. which bleed when touched, so painful they affect whole body. Merc.
U. on sexual organs, secreting a foul, ichorous pus, with burning pains. Carbo-v.
U. like chancres on prepuce. Hep-s. (Nitr-ac.)
U. on scrotum. Aur.
U. on glans penis, with lardaceous base. Merc.
U. on glans. Apis, Merc. (Ars., Cor-r., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph.)
U. on glans surrounded by a red-yellow or red ring. Cinnab.
U. like chancre. Merc., Nitr-ac. (Hep-s., Thuja.)
Bleeding u. on glans penis. Nitr-ac.
Chancroid u. on genitals. Thuja.
Deep u. Nitr-ac., Sulph.
Elevated, lead-colored u., with sensitive edges. Nitr-ac.
Flat, red u. Cor-r.
Flat u., with elevated, zigzag edges on prepuce, or on glans penis; bleed when touched. Nitr-ac.
Grayish u. with shaggy borders on prepuce and at same time in throat. Arg-m.
Inflammation and swelling of prepuce, with burning pain; causing phimosis or paraphimosis; soreness and small u. secreting offensive ichor, on inner surface. Nitr-ac.
Orchitis, with syphilitic u. on scrotum. Kali-jod.
Red, flat u. on glans penis, and inside prepuce, with discharge of yellow ichor. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)
Syphilis: chancres; lardaceous u., or, more commonly, red u. on glans penis or prepuce. Cor-r.
Small u. on prepuce, covered with pus; later spreading, bowl-shaped, with a tallow-like coating. Arg-n.
Superficial u. like chancres on glans and prepuce (Hep-s., Phyt.) looking clean but exuding an offensive moisture. Nitr-ac.
Suppurating u. with flat edges, with inflammation of inner surface and on margin of prepuce. Nitr-ac.
Vesicular u. on glans penis; they eat deep and spread. Merc.
Vesicles at meatus and on inner surface of prepuce, forming chancre-like u. Nitr-ac.
Venereal u. which spread rapidly. Merc-cor.
Venereal u. on glans penis and under prepuce, with discharge of yellowish-white matter having strong odor, staining linen. Merc-sol.
Venereal u.; sensitive; bleed easily. Cor-r.
Venereal u., with fetid discharge. Hep-s.

Uneasiness.—Desire greatly excited, with restlessness, wakefulness, and u. of whole body. Ant-c.
U. and burning sensation in penis and urethra, accompanied by frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.

Ungratified.—Increased desire, which if u. causes pains and tension in testicles and cords. Nux-m.

Up.—Gonorrhœa with chordee; penis turned u. Berb., Selen.

Upward.—Drawing from testicles u.; right testicle drawn up. Clem.

Ureters (see section on Urinary Organs).—Cutting and contractive pain from u. down to penis; pressure on glans relieves a little. Canth.

Urethra (see section on Urinary Organs).—After pollutions, burning in u. Carbo-v., Merc., Sulph.

U. inflamed; painful to pressure. Nitr-ac.

U. feels sore, as if swollen. Arg-n., Can-sat.

Burning in u. after emission. Sulph.

Burning in u. Lith-c., Merc.

Burning in lower part of u. after emission; languid and drowsy. Sep.

Blood from u. with semen during coition. Caust.

Burning in glans penis and u. Al-cep.

Burning in u. during ejaculation of semen. Clem.

Burning in u., as from drops of acid. Ox-ac.

Burning in u. with frequent micturition. Copaiva.

Burning, cutting or stinging in u. Caps. (Apis.)

Burning in orifice of u. before, during and after urination. Caps.

Cannot walk with legs close together on account of increased pain in u. from gonorrhœa. Can-sat.

Chancre in u. Arg-n.

Coition painful; u. feels as if put on stretch; sensitive at meatus. Arg-n.

Chronic gonorrhœa; smarting of u. and very offensive urine. Benz-ac.

Discharge from u. causes itching and burning. Natr-m.

Discharge of a milky fluid from u. Petros.

Erections, with contraction and sore pain along u., at night. Canth.

Frequent erections, followed by stitches in u. Can-sat.

Gonorrhœa, or gleet; discharge of watery mucus; stinging and titillating through u. and perinæum, u. sore. Mez.

Gonorrhœa: burning during micturition; painful tension during erections; chordee; bleeding from u., and shootings from behind forward. Arg-n.

Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost wild from intense biting, itching deep in u.; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Gonorrhœa (chronic); with itching in u. Petr.

Gonorrhœa; u. feels as if glued up. Bov.

Gonorrhœa: frequent painful erections; burning pain in u.; green, purulent discharge; hot, swollen prepuce. Merc.

Gonorrhœal bubo, with yellowish discharge; burning and itching along u. and at meatus. Alu.

Gonorrhœa; troublesome tickling and itching in u. Petros.
Inflammation with pain in u. (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody urine and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Inflammation of bladder and u., burning or shooting pain and increased gonorrhœa. Arg-n., Can-sat.
Inflammation of prepuce, frænum and u., with collection of yellow pus. Calc-c.
Intense burning in u. and backache during emission. Ant-c.
Itching of u. (Anac.) after gonorrhœa. Nitr-ac.
Jerking stitches in posterior portion of u. when standing. Can-sat.
Lancinating pain in u. Asclep-tub.
Orchitis, with great irritation of u. Clem.
Pain in u. as in beginning of gonorrhœa. Sulph.
Redness of u. Gels.
Stinging, itching or burning in u. Bov.
Swelling of prepuce, indicating phimosis; violent burning pain in u. during and after micturition. Can-sat.
Sensation as if something were running out of u. after emission. Dig.
Second stage of gonorrhœa; discharge like cream; burning while
Stitches in orifice of u. when not urinating. Caps.
Stitches and itching in u. Cocc-c.
Stitches in u. Cycl.
Tearing along u. in a zigzag direction. Can-sat.
urinating; excessive sensibility of u. to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.
Ulcerative pain in middle of u., as from a splinter. Arg-n.
Uneasiness and burning sensation in penis and u., accompanied by frequent calls to urinate. Can-ind.
Violent erections, with stitches in u. Clem.
Viscid, glutinous mucus from u. Agar.
Yellow, purulent discharge from u. Copaiva.
White, glairy mucus may be squeezed from u. Can-ind.
Yellow discharge from u. Petros. (Hydr., Puls.)

Urethritis.—U. Hydr. (Agave.)
U., with discharge of transparent mucus, with pain. Ham.
U., with offensive, purulent discharge (as in gonorrhœa). Puls. (Agave.)
Chronic u., accompaning stricture. Petr.

Urinate (see section on Urinary Organs).—Dreams that he must u., when pollution occurs. Merc-jod.
Drawing pain in spermatic cord while u. Canth.
Erections with desire to u. Mosch.
Uneasiness and burning sensation in penis and urethra, accompanied by frequent calls to u. Can-ind.
Wakes at night with erections and desire to u. Hep-s. (Rhus-t.)

Urinating.—Emissions after u. Daph., Kali-c.
Balanitis, phimosis, with great burning on u. Dig.
Burning when u. Caps.
Erections after u. Aloe.
Impotence, with pollutions during sleep, at stool and when u. Nuph.
Pain in glans penis when u. Ox-ac.
Piercing and pinching in glans when u. Acon.
Painfulness of right testicle, ameliorated after u. Kobalt.
Second stage of gonorrhœa; discharge like cream; burning while u.; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold water; pain in prostate gland. Caps.

Urination.—Weakness after stool or u. Calc-ph.
Burning, smarting u. Can-sat., Merc-cor.

Urine.—Gonorrhœa; discharge of bloody mucus; painful u., chronic form. Nitr-ac.
Chronic gonorrhœa; when urinating, tenacious mucus passes with u. Nux-v.
Chronic gonorrhœa; smarting of urethra and very offensive u. Benz-ac.
Gonorrhœa with impotence and fetid u. Calad.
Gleet, with offensive u. Benz-ac.
Gonorrhœa, with copious discharge and terrible cutting pains; bloody u. Arg-n.
Inflammation with pain in urethra (Can-sat., Cub., Merc-cor., Thuja), with gonorrhœa, priapism, dysuria, bloody u. and fever. Arg-n. (Petros.)
Prostatic fluid with u. Hep-s. (Anac., Natr-c., Sep., Sulph.)
Prostate gland enlarged; pus and mucus in u. Natr-s.

Varicocele.—V. of spermatic veins, testicles much swollen, with drawing pains in spermatic cords. Ham. (Use locally and internally.)
V. Sec. (Hypodermic injection of two grains of Ergotine; needle so inserted that its point will rest along dilated veins. Very severe pain and faintness follow, with a good deal of swelling; but effects subside in a few hours. A single injection may cure; more than two are rarely necessary.—Bartholow.)

Veins.—Blue v. and dark redness of glans penis. Can-sat.

Vertigo (see vol. i., section on Head).—Pollutions with v. Sars.
Emissions at night followed by v. Caust.

Vesiculæ seminalis.—Burning near v. Ambr.
Burning in excretory ducts of v. during and after coition. Canth.

Vesicles.—V. on scrotum. Rhus-r.
V. on glans penis; eat deep and spread; several small white blisters, which also ooze fluid, but soon disappear. Merc-sol.
V. at meatus and on inner surface of prepuce, forming chancre-like ulcers. Nitr-ac.

V. on prepuce. Caust.
Fiery-red eruption on scrotum, which is almost raw, with burning; oozing of thick, glutinous fluid; v. raised. Petr.
Herpetic eruption on prepuce; small, whitish v., with red bases in groups, with intolerable itching, and exceedingly sensitive to touch. Hep-s.
Itching v. on prepuce, which open, and are afterward covered with dry scabs or brown scurf. Nitr-ac.
Scrotum swollen, red and hot; with v., painful to touch, becoming moist, and next day forming scales. Chelid.
Small pimples or v. between scrotum and thighs. Petr.
Tingling, oozing v. around frænum. Phos-ac.

Vise.—Feeling as if testicles were squeezed in a v. Coloc.

Voluptuous (see Lascivious).—V. thoughts and dreams. Coff.
V. itching of scrotum, exciting desire. Anac.
V. itching (Euphorb., Euphr., Staph.) in glans penis. Acon.
V. irritation of genitals. Ang., Graph., Plumb.
V. itching of scrotum. Staph.
V. feeling ending with an emission. Stann.
V. itching at tip of glans penis, which forces one to rub. Ang.
V. itching of genitals. Acon., Agar.
Erections without any v. irritation. Phos-ac. (Ambr., Eugen., Sabad., Spig.)
Nightly emissions, with or without v. dreams. Ant-c.
Penis so relaxed that v. fancies excite no erection. Agn. (Agar., Coni.)
Satyriasis; v. dreams. Camph.
Strong, persistent, painless erections, without v. sensation. Canth.
Straining and tenesmus at stool, with v. sensation in genitals. Natr-c.

Wakefulness.—Desire greatly excited, with restlessness, w. and uneasiness of whole body. Ant-c.

Waking.—Constrictive pain at root of penis in morning on w. Kali-bi.
Erections and desire to urinate, w. him at night. Hep-s.

Walk.—Cannot w. with legs close together on account of increased pain in urethra from gonorrhœa. Can-sat.

Walking.—Aching in testicles, as if contused; worse when w. Thuja.
Bruised, crushed pain in testicles (Acon.); clothing makes it worse when w. Arg-m.
Epididymis sensitive to touch, or when w. Aloe.
Pressing pain in left testicle when w.; worse from touch. Staph.
Prostatorrhœa; oozes when sitting, during sleep, when w. and at stool. Selen. (Agn., Sil.)
Penis painful, as if sore or burnt, when w. Can-sat.
Stinging stitches in prostate gland when w. Kali-bi.
Stitches in prostate gland when w. Kali-bi. (Bov.)
Sensation as if testicles moved on w. Thuja.

Want (see Absence).—W. of erections. Coni., Magn-c., Nitr-ac. (Agn., Caust., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nux-m., Rhod., Spong., Teucr.)

W. of erections in morning. Graph., Lact.

W. of enjoyment during coition. Anac., Calad., Natr-m., Plat.

Wanting.—Sexual passion w., suppressed. Agn., Camph., Graph., Kali-c., Lyc., Nitr-ac. (Alu., Bell., Berb., Calc-c., Carbo-an., Cop., Ferr-mag., Hell., Hep-s., Ign., Lach., Mur-ac., Nux-m., Phos-ac., Sil., Sulph.)

Sexual passion w.; power weak. Bar-c., Calad., Ign., Sep., Sulph. (Calc-c., Nux-m., Sil.)

Wanton.—W. sexual passion, with inclination to cohabit. Calc-c., Lach., (Ant-c., Coni., Ign., Kobalt., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Phos., Puls., Sars., Sil., Spig., Stram., Zinc.)

Warmth.—Sensation of w. in genitals. Meph., Sulph-ac.

Warts.—W. on prepuce, frænum and inner surface, bleed when touched. Cinnab.

Warty.—W. excresences on scrotum and prepuce. Aur.

W. excresences and condylomata, which discharge much. Benz-ac.

Wasting.—W. of testicles. Agn., Caps., Caust., Iod., Kali-jod., Zinc.

Water.—Hydrocele like a bladder filled with w. Dig.

Swelling of prepuce, as if distended with air or w. to a blister. Merc-sol.

Second stage of gonorrhœa; discharge like cream; burning while urinating; excessive sensibility of urethra to touch; chordee, can only be relieved by cold w.; pain in prostate gland. Caps.

Watery.—Gonorrhœa, or gleet; discharge of w. mucus; stinging and titillating through urethra and perinæum; urethra sore. Mez.

Weak (see Feeble).—W. and ill-humored after coition; weakness in loins. Selen.

W. sexual desire. Clem.

W. and almost extinguished sexual desire. Sil.

W. and sick several days after coition. Calc-c.

Desire increased or very w. Sil.

Erections too w. Agar., Bar-c., Calad., Calc-c., Hep-s., Lyc., Selen., Sulph.

Erections w. and of short duration. Nux-m.

Lascivious dreams of women all night; great despondency; knees w. Dios.

Melancholy; face sunken; abashed look; pollutions; backache; w. knees; organs relaxed; following onanism or sexual excesses. Staph.

Sexual passion wanting; power w. Bar-c., Calad., Ign., Sep., Sulph., (Calc-c., Nux-m., Sil.)

Spermatorrhœa, with w. sexual power. Cor-r.

Sexual organs have a w. feeling, with mental and physical exhaustion; seminal emissions. Carbo-an.
Sexual organs w. and irritable. Gels.
Sexual desire and power w. Lyc.
Too w. and thrill to short, and ejection too soon, during coition. Berb.

Weakened.—Sexual powers much w.; pollutions. Sulph.
Sexual ability w. (Agn.); desire increased. Bar-c.

Weakness (see Debility, Prostration).—W. Asclep-tub.
W. and relaxation of genitals. Bell., Camph.
W.; seminal emissions with voluptuous dreams. Agn., China, Coca, Coni., Phos., Phos-ac.
W. of sexual organs. Agn., Coca, Elaps, Phos-ac. (Berb., Hep-s., Mang., Mur-ac., Sep., Sulph.)
W. after coition or pollutions. Phos-ac.
W. and debility of organs (resultant from masturbation or excesses). Phos., Phos-ac.
W., especially eyes, after coition. Kali-c.
W. of sexual organs; insufficient erections, lasting only a short time; coition imperfect; w. after coition. Coni.
W. of genitals; penis relaxed during coition; no ejaculation. Eugen.
W. of organs and loss of desire; retarded ejaculation during coition. Natr-m.
W. and coldness of genitals. Berb.
W. of sexual powers; impotence. Plumb.
W. of sexual organs, and but little sexual desire. Phos-ac.
W. after stool or urination. Calc-ph.
W. after coition. Lyc., Natr-m. (Agar., Berb., Calc-c., Coni., Graph., Kali-c., Nitr-ac., Petr., Selen., Sep., Sil.)
After pollutions, w. of eyes. Kali-c.
After pollutions, w. in loins. Phos.
After an emission, great debility and lassitude (Phos-ac., Staph.); with pain and w. in thighs. Agar.
Constitutional syphilis, with indescribable feeling of w. Ars.
Desire increased, with w. of genitals. Sep.
Deficiency of semen and w. of sexual powers. Nux-m.
Dwindling and relaxation of sexual organs, with sensation of w. in them. Carbo-an.
Great w. of genitals, with nightly emissions. Dig.
Great w. of knees after coition. Sep.
Great w. after pollutious or coition. Kali-c. (Agar., Calc-c., China, Coca, Phos-ac., Staph.)
Impotence, with w. of organs. Nux-m.
Irritability and w. of genitals; desire without erections or ability to copulate. Dig.
Irritation with great w. and nocturnal emissions. Stann.

Involuntary emission at night followed by great w. and debility of body and mind. Calc-c.

Increased desire caused by lascivious fancies, but erections could only be excited by rubbing; emission then occurred as soon as coition commenced, followed by w., excitability, discontent and anger. Calc-c.

Pollutions followed by great w. Kali-c.

Pollutions, with w. and pain in back (sacrum), and at base of brain. Graph. (Gels.)

Pollutions during sleep, without erections, sensations, or dreams; followed by great w. of knees; depression of spirits; pain in small of the back, extending to the testicles; desire to be alone. Dios.

Pressing pain in back and head; lassitude and w. in lower limbs; knees seem to give way; sweats easily; debility; trembling of hands; chorea; palpitation; epilepsy; all consequences of onanism. Calc-c.

Sexual passion, with w. of faculty. Agar., Am-c., Graph., Meny., Nux-m., Selen.

Sexual w. after seminal losses. Phos.

Sexual debility: pollutions during sleep; spermatorrhœa during stool; inability to have intercourse; general w.; impaired digestion; pale and languid. Nuph.

Spermatorrhœa, with pains and w. of thighs. Agar.

Spermatorrhœa, with great w. (in young men growing rapidly). Calc-c.

Weak and ill-humored after coition; w. in loins. Selen.

White.—Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under prepuce, with discharge of yellowish w. matter, having strong odor, staining linen. Merc-sol.

Chronic gonorrhœa with w. discharge. Caps., Cinnab., Ferr., Kobalt., Merc., Natr-m., Nitr-ac., Sep., Sulph., Thuja, Zinc.

Wife.—Gonorrhœa (caused by acrid leucorrhœa or menses of w.). Natr-m.

Wild.—Gonorrhœa: high degree of inflammation; patient almost w. from intense biting itching, deep in urethra; feels as if must push some rough article down to spot and rub it for relief; profuse discharge; chordee. Petros.

Woman.—Emission while frolicking with a w. Coni. (Phos.)

Women.—Cannot be in society of w. without having pollutions, followed by great exhaustion. Nux-v.

Lascivious dreams of w. all night; great despondency; knees weak. Dios.

Aversion to w. Am-c.

Pollutions, with dreams of w., followed by languor, irritability, and pain at base of brain. Gels.

Worse.—Aching in testicles, as if contused; w. when walking. Thuja.
Bruised, crushed pain in testicles (Acon.); clothing makes it w. when walking. Arg-m.
Pinching pain in testicle, w. from slightest touch. Clem.
Pressing pain in left testicle when walking; w. from touch. Staph.

Years.—Gonorrhœa, which had been suppressed for many y. Hydrocotyle-asiatica.

Yellow.—Y. discharge. Agn.
Y. brown spots on glans. Kobalt.
Y. brown spots on abdomen and genitals. Kobalt.
Y., purulent discharge makes spots on linen like gonorrhœa. Natr-m.
Y. discharge from urethra. Agn., Hydr., Petros. (Puls.)
Y. drop from meatus in morning. Fluor-ac.
Gleet, with debility; copious, painless, sometimes thick, y. discharge. Hydr.
Gleety discharge at night, staining linen y. Fluor-ac.
Gonorrhœa; y. or bloody discharge. Nitr-ac.
Gonorrhœa; thick, y., or y. green discharge. Puls.
Gonorrhœa; thick y. discharge (as in second stage of disease). Hydr.
Red, flat ulcers on glans penis and inside of prepuce, with discharge of y. ichor. Cor-r. (Nitr-ac.)

Yellow-greenish.—Chronic gonorrhœa, with y. discharge, of indolent character. Arg-m.
Glans penis red, swollen, sensitive, secreting y. pus. Cor-r.

Yellowish.—Blennorrhœa; y. white fluid from prepuce. Jac-car.
Chronic gonorrhœa, with great pain and soreness during micturition; y. green discharge. Cinnab.
Gonorrhœa; thick, y. discharge, with little pain. Natr-s.
Gonorrhœal bubo, with y. discharge; burning and itching along urethra and at meatus. Alu.
Venereal ulcers on glans penis and under prepuce, with discharge of y. white matter, having strong odor, staining linen. Merc-sol.