A true and impartial narrative of the eminent hand of God that befell a Quaker and his family, at the town of Panton in Lincolnshire: who affirmed he was commanded of God to pronounce Ralph James preacher of the Gospel a leper from the crown of the head to the sole of the foot: the same judgment of leprosie shortly after falling upon one of his children; himself, wife, and the rest of his children, being also afflicted with a painful distemper. Attested under the hands of several credible persons, eye and ear witnesses. As by the narrative will more at large appear.

Contributors

James, Ralph, active 17th century. Green, John, active 17th century.

Publication/Creation

London: Printed for Francis Smith ..., 1672.

Persistent URL

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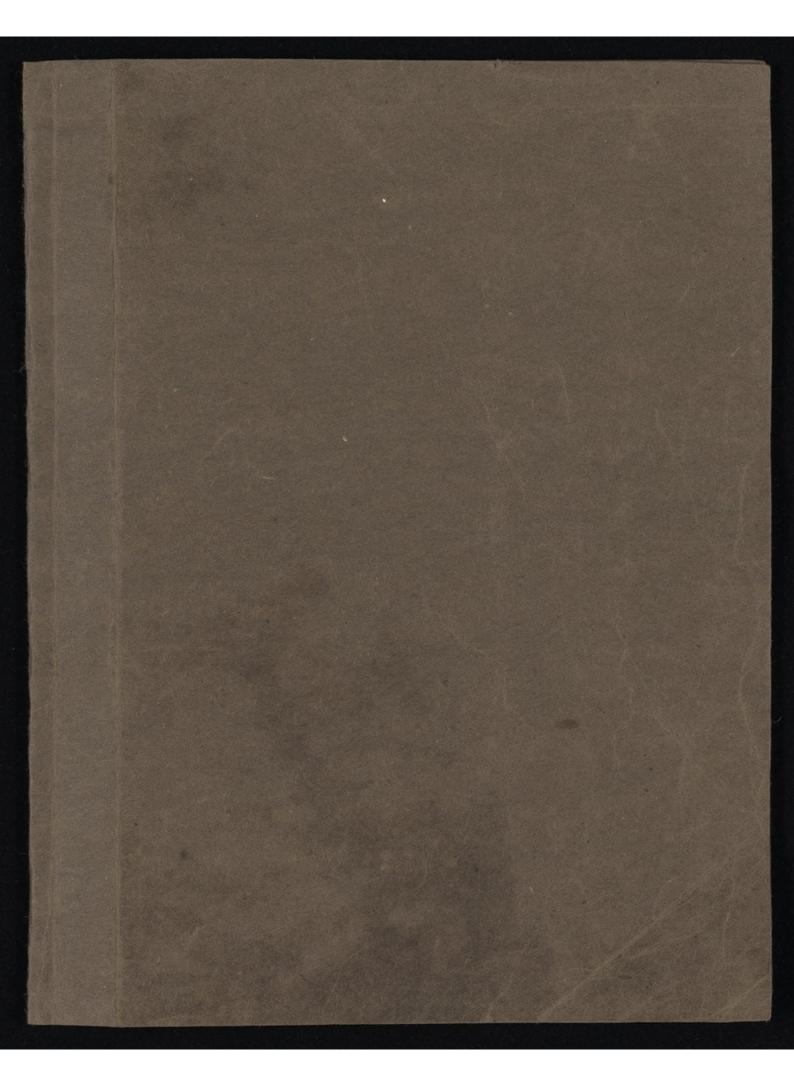
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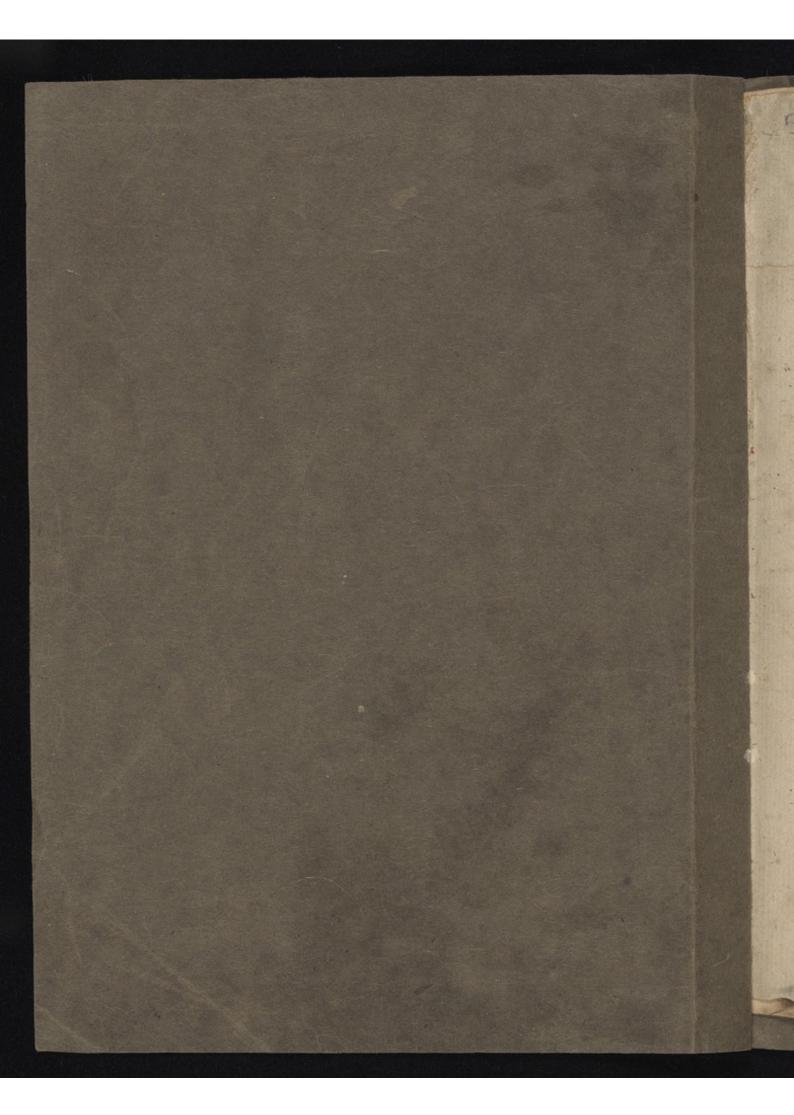
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A True and Impartial

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of under

NARRATIVE

Eminent Hand of God that Befell

KER

And his FAMILY,

At the Town of Panton in Lincolnsbire;

WHO

Affirmed he was commanded of GOD to Pronounce Mr. Ralph James Preacher of the GOSPEL

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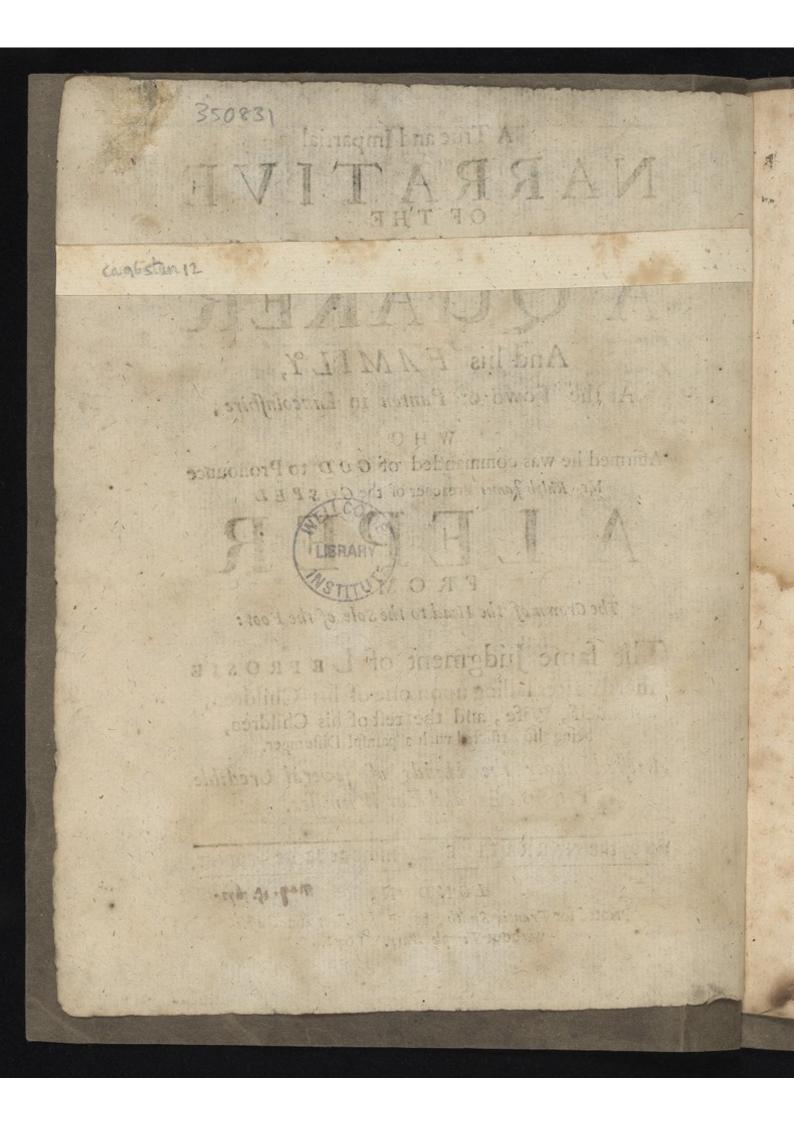
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LONDON,

may . 16. 1672". Printed for Francis Smith, at the Elephant and Castle without Temple Barr. 1672,



A True and Impartial

NARRATIVE

OFTHE

Eminent Hand of God, that befel a Quaker and his Family, at the Town of Panton in Lincolnsbire.

Courteous Reader,



N February last, one Mr. Benjamin Morley, a Person well known to Thousands in this City, and of good Repute, dwelling in the Town of Ravensthorpe, in the County of Northampton, coming then to London, to give his Son, that is a Shop keeper at the Kings

Arms in the Market place in Southwark a visit, among other passages of Providence that he had heard or observed of the Works of God, fince his last being in London. be took an occasion to speak of his being lately in Lincolnshire to visit the Churches, and having there heard by some persons, some Hints of a memorable hand of God, that had befallen a Quaker and his Family in that County, and being unwilling (if Truth) such a mighty Providence Should pass, without the utmost Testimony of its Certainty, resolved with himself, to ride on purpose to the Town of Northwillingham, Some ten Miles beyond Lincolne, and accordingly did, and there received the substance of this following Discourse, from Mr. Ralph James Elder of the Church, kis own Mouth, and was so satisfied in the truth of what is beneattested. knowing

knowing the Sobriety and Worthiness of the Testor, who with great Humility, ascribing the Glory onely to God, gave him an Account from first to last, of all material Circumstances relating to this mighty Providence, which several Ministers in London, and other Intelligible Christians, hearing an Accompt of, from the aforesaid Mr. Benjamin Morley, were very deferous to have it Related more at large, from the Eye and Ear mitneffes of the Place where these things had happened, desiring also, that it might be attested under the Hands of several Inhabitants, that it might gain Gredit in the minds of all that Should hear of it, answerable to its weighty worth; did therefore request one Mr. John Green, now dwelling in the New Rents near Deadmans place in Southwark, whose Birth was within two Miles of this Town of Northwillingham, and also that well knows the Elder of the Church there, and had had the same Relation some time since from his own Mouth, to write this following Letter.

Beloved Brother Ralph James,

I Am by several Worthy Christians in London, defired to intreat you, to send us an Account in VVriting, as full and as clear as it is possible for you to remember, of what passed between your self and Richard Anderson of Panton, that was the Quaker, concerning the Leprosie that befel his Child, and that Sore-Pain that befel himself, his VVise, and the rest of his Children; for in truth, it is utterly denied by the Quakers in London, they say 'tis a false forged Lie of the Independent and Baptist People; And indeed it is scarce credited by any, that so visible a Haudiwork of the Great God, to the Glory of his great Truth, and for the Reputation of the Holy Scrip-

(3)

Scriptures, as being the Rule for his people to walk and square their Lives by, could be concealed from a Publication, under several Credible persons Hands, as were Eie and Ear witnesses, that so the Truth may be vindicated, to the Praise of God, and their Mouths stopped that do gainsay it, and by the good Blesfing of Heaven, those poor deluded people called Quakers that are not hardned, may take seasonable advice from this Land-mark of Providence, to repent of their Grand Sin, of setting up a Light within for a standing rule, that Men and VVomen must walk after, rather then give heed to the Holy Scriptures, calling that a dead Letter, and the Ordinances it calls upon us, to be found till Christs personal coming in the practice of Carnal, Low, and empty Services; This is the Substance of what I am desired at this time to write unto you, fo with my intire Love to your felf and Family, begging your daily Prayers to God for me, and intreating your speedy Answer, I reft

Your truly affectionate,

London, this 12. of Feb. 1671.

though unworthy Brother

had see redsort whowever dances to wet store and John Green.

Here followeth Mr. Ralph James the Elder, his Answer to this Letter;

Brother Green, quilles towled No vow

Have received your Letter, wherein I understand you desire, that I would send you a Copy of that Discourse, and
the handy work of God that appeared betwixt me and a
Quaker, I cannot by this Post answer your desires, for I
must have a little more time; I will shew you the Reasons;

there was some time ago a dispute betwixt the Independants and the Quakers, and I was defired by some of the Independants to be present, and I did then among st other things tell them, of this that past betwixt the Quaker and me; and in the same Month I was at Rason Fair, where I mes with him that was the Quaker, namely Richard Anderson, and so I desired him that he would go with me to one Peter Stacy, who was at that Meeting at that time, and was in the Town at that day; he is an Independant, and declare what past betwixt him and me, and the Handiwork of God that was upon him, his Wife, and Children; I said to him, I had no end nor purpose in what I desired of him to speak, but that God might be Honoured, so he did relate before Peter Stacy of Brigg, an Independant, and Thomas Kidd of Donnington a Baptist, the whole Circumstance, as by the Blessing of God, I will endeavour to give you an Account as speedily as I can: my Reason that I could not send it at this time is, because the Congregation where we fought to God for his Restauration, and the per-Sons that he related it to since, do live many Miles distant one from another, so that I must have a little time to get their Hands to it; no more at present, but my Christian Love to you, I reft,

Your truly Loving though unworthy Brother in the Lord Northwillingham, Feb. 26. 1671. Ralph James.

Here followeth the Second Letter from London, by way of Answer to this preceding Letter.

Beloved Brother Ralph James.

Received your Letter Dated February 26 1671.

and have Communicated the same to several worthy Ministers, and other Christians, to their great satisfaction

tisfaction, who now are perswaded, what was reported in London concerning the Leprofie, is not an invented Fable, but will in due time, and with the good Bleffing of God, prove as useful a Truth, as indeed it is eminent: They look upon it to be such a witness of God, and indeed so little less then a Miracle, that should you hold your peace, it might prove your great Sin, especially considering God himself hath given such a Decision of that great Controverfie now on foot, between those poor deluded People called Quakers, and the whole Christian Profession in England, namely, whether the Scriptures be the Standard to try Spirits by, or whether the Spirit be the Standard to try the Scriptures by; that such a Contention should be between your self and the Quaker, you for the Scriptures to be the Rule to walk by, he for the Light within, to be the Rule to walk by; And that as he told you, the same Spirit or Light within, did Command him to pronounce you a Leper, from the Crown of the Head to the Sole of the Foot, for faying he was Deluded, and a false Prophet, and that the Quakers Light within, was not the Truth or Rule to walk by, but that he and they, were a poor Deceived people; that God in just Judgment should meet such Considence, with the same Measure he meted and pronounced against you, is a matter worthy to be known, and Read of all Men, to the everlasting praise of Gods Grace, that in this our day, hath thus added strength to the weak Hands and feeble Knees of his poor people, in the vindication of the Scriptures of Truth, that was more to Job and David, then their necessary Food; but I shall not farther inlarge at this time, yet give my hearty thanks for your Letter, and earnestly request, that as speedily as is possible, you will send up a full Narratives

-rative; under the hands of feveral that were Eye and - Ean witnesses ; I think meet also to tell you, that fe-- veral Quakers here in London Say Li they have fince this Report hath been abroad writ into Lincolnfoire, and can hear of no fuch Manior Thing, but fayit is a very falle Story raifed on purpole, it blemith what they call Gods Truth, and that how thereis a Quaker in London from your parts to protest against the verity of what is attested; but this doth not in the least give us doubt of the Truth of your Testimony, neither are we affraid of the Face of any that that dare to obscure so eminent a Finger of Heaven, but shall God affilting, speedily make it Publick for his Truths fake, and do from our hearts account it our bounden Duty in every Prayer, to give thanks to his Name, for so eminent a handiwork, to the strengthning our hands after a daily increase in love, and estimation of the Bleffed worth of the Holy Scriptures, as a Lamp for our Feet, and the more fore word of Prophesie, unto which we shall certainly do well, that we take heed as unto a Light, that shineth in a dark place; But before I conclude, I must make it my earnest Request, that you will give us a few Lines of the Reasons why this great Handy-work of God hath been so long Concealed from Publication, in which Service you may give great fatisfaction to many here in London, that much wonderit hath not been much more talked of, and openly spread in every place, to the Honour of God, and deterring of poor ignorant persons, from running after those deluded people called Quakers: thus with my poor Prayers to Almighty God for your affiftance in this and all your Services for his Name and People, I rest i sales of

March 26 1672; Your truly Affectionate though unworthy Brother,

racives

John Green.

Loving

Loving Brother,

Lthough it hath been very long, yet I could not help it, by reason some of the Testors live many Miles distant. But here I have sent you a True Relation of the Discourse, and in short what passed betwixt me, and the Quaker, the Heads of every particular that I can justly remember; and as concerning your desires, why so Eminent a thing was not made known sooner, it had been published at that present, but that a Slavish Feare possessed me, thinking that Friends and others that had seen it, would have thought that I had gloried in it: for, when that it was come to light by Brother Stanley, as having some account of it from one of my Men, and then questioning of me, I was very much possessed with fear in the Telling of it, as if, that if I should tell it, I should have it thought I glory'd in it, and so hath discouraged me, that when I have been telling of it, I have told it but in part; so that as it was wrought by the hand of God, so it is now brought to light by the same hand of God. As for your desire for several friends hands to attest the truth of this Relation, I returne you this answer; First, you have Thomas Baldock, who was an eye and care-witness of every particular where we sought God, he hath signed it with his hand. And then you have Peter Stacy an Independant, who had the Relation from the Quakers own Mouth, before several other Witnesses, and also John Laming, whose sick Child the Quaker Said he had a Command from God to Cure; who doth attest that the Assertion is true: And, as for my Brother and my felf; we went to him the 29th of February last, viz. Richard Anderfon, and examined him again, and he confessed what is in the Assertion to be true; as for the Man, he never went to the Quakers more, but came to our Meetings, till a Warrant came to break them up, and then he went away, his Wife and that Childe that was all over spotted is dead: fince

fince I received your Letter there hath been two Quakers at me to know the Truth of this Relation, and I told them it as it is afferted, and they went away VERY SAD, and told me, That they believed me; and they showed me A LETTER that they had from London, to inquire about it; I told them the Mans Name, and the place of his abode: No more, but my Christian Love to you, and to the Rest of our Friends, though unknown, I rest, expecting an Answer,

Northwillingham, April Ralph James.

The Marrative.

Tobard Anderson of Panton, about Ten miles from Lincolne, came to our Meeting at Northwillingham, to hear the Gospel Preached; who, when he had been a Hearer for some time, was Convinced, and said, he did believe, that Baptisme in Water was an Ordinance of God: and that both Men and Women ought to be Baptised in Water, as taking Fesus Christ for our Leader and Example, so he went away at that time; but, before he came again, he met with the People called Quakers, who told him (as himfelf Confessed) that he must not look upon those outward Ordinances, for they were low, but that now he must minde the Light within, and be guided by it, and not by the Scriptures, for they were A DEAD LETTER: To which Light he gave fuch heed, that when he came to our Meeting again, he much contended against the Baptisme of Water, and said, that now they were to be Baptised with the Baptisme of the Spirit, and not with Water, for the Spirit was to try the Scriptures, and not the Scriptures to try the Spirit. In Answer to which, I said, that I believ'd that the scriptures were to try the spirit, and not the

Spirit to try the Scriptures: he seemingly made light of it, and faid, That now we must mind the LIGHT WITHIN; in answer to which, I said I was afraid that the Quakers were deceiv'd, and guided by a Spirit of Delufion, and that it was my Judgment, that all the Sons and Daughters of Men ought to be Guided by the Scriptures: very much Discourse was betwixt us at that time, I, in the Vindication of the Scriptures, as being the Oracle of God, and the Rule for us to walk . by; and he for the Light within, to be the Rule for the Sons and Daughters of Men to be guided by: But, as for every particular of our Discourse, it is out of my remembrance, so he went away at that time. And the Light which the Quakers did tell him (as he faid) he must be guided by, Commanded him within a short time after, so that he came very early one morning to my House, and enquired for me; so I went to him, and he told me that he was Commanded of God to come and reprove me for Speaking against the People of God, (as he faid) called Quakers, and to Exhort me to turn to the Light within, or elfe he was, as he faid, Commanded of God to Pronounce a Judgment against me: I told him that I thought him to be a False Prophet, and possessed with a spirit of Delusion, (then he said) he was Commanded of God to Pronounce me A LEPER; and he did, from the Crown of the Head to the Sole of the Foot. In Answer to these words, I said to him, through Gods Goodness I am not discouraged at what thou favest, but do believe that thou art a false Prophet, and possessed with a Spirit of Deluston, and that I am not to take any notice of what thou fayest; but I do defire with all my heart that the Lord would be pleafed to let thee see thy Evill, and the Error of thy way, that thou mayest repent, and confess thy Error, that the Name of God may honoured, his wayes and appointments exalted, and so his People may be better established

established and confirmed in his wayes and appointments: So we parted, and he went a little way from me, but returned again, and faid unto me, Thou fayest that I am a false Prophet, deceived, and possessed with a spirit of Delusion, but it will be known by me or mine, or thee, whether I be A TRUE PROPHET, OR A FALSE ONE, and so he went home; but within a short time after he came home, the Lord was pleased to smite one of his Children (as he said) spotted all over, Himself and VVife, and his other Children with a restless Pain in their Bodies also, so that he was forced (as he faid) to come again, and CON-FESSED he was Deceived, and that he was a False Prophet; and the same Judgment he had Pronounced against Me, was fallen upon one of his Children, and that Himself, and his VVife, and his other Children were taken with a restless Pain in their Bodies; and he said, That he and his wife did believe, that if I would Pray to God for them, they might all be restored again to their former healths. In Answer to his words, I told him, I could not at present give him an Answer, but if he and his wife would please to meet me at Dunnington, where I am to be by Promise the next Lords Day, it may please God that his desire might then be answered. He being very sad at that time, I fell a speaking to him, and asking him some Questions about the Light within, which the Quakers bad him mind, and be guided by; and he told me, that that Light many times, would, when he had fat down to eate his Meate, and had drawn his Knife to cut it, have commanded him to put it up again, and so he said he had done for several times, and gone without his Meate, and that Light also, (as he said) perswaded him to Fast, and told him, That he should Cure the sick, in obedience to which perswasion he did Fast, and came to our Town of Northwillingham, to the House of

one John Laming, whose Child was then fick and weak, and he told me, he went to Cure their Child, but that Light and Perswasion did deceive him, for he now saw he could not Cure the Sick. So according to my promise I went to Dunnington, and he and his wife met me there amongst our Friends, and did both Confess what is here before-mentioned, who also defired our Prayers to God for them; and so I with the Congregation there met together, did seek unto God, for the removing of that Distemper and Affliction which he with his wife there Confessed, that they and their Children were under; and the Lord was Mercifully pleased to hear our poor Prayers for them, and to restore them all to their former health again, which he himself Confessed when he came to our Meetings afterwards, to the Praise of God alone for ever be it spoken. This Relation is True, Witness my Hand, this 27th of Aprill, 1672. Ralph James of Northwillingham, in the County of Lincolne.

Now Followeth the Testimony of the other Witnesses specifyed in the Letter.

Rason-Faire, and by occasion of a Dispute betwixt some Independants and Baptists with the Quakers at Rouby, the Truth of this above said Relation our Friends there present desired to know, and then did Ralph James bring Richard Anderson the aforesaid Quaker, on whom the Judgment specifyed had been inflicted, who owned the Truth of this Relation before them all. Witness my Hand this 24 of February, 167. Peter Stacy.

one fold Laming, whose Child was then fick and weak

The next Testimony is that of John Laming, mentioned in the Letter.

Ralph James, Lattest it to be Truth, and that Richard Anderson the aforesaid Quaker did come to my Honse to Bless my Sick Child, and said, God Bless thee, for I was sent to Bless thee, and stroaked bim on the Head. Witness my Hand this 18th of Aprill 1672.

John Laming of Northwillingham, in the

Next is the Testimony of Tho. Baldocke, who was an Eye and Eare-Witness, and present where Prayer was put up to God.

And his Wifes coming to Donnington, and desiring the Churches Prayers for the Recovery of that Great Judgment, that (as they owned) Cod was pleased to lay upon them, I attest to be Truth. Witness my Hand this 18th of Aprill, 1672.

The next is the Testimony of Thomas Iames.

Ferred to be Truth; and also that when he came home

home the first time from Northwillingham, he and his Family were all affrighted with restless paine, and that after they had been at the Meeting at Donnington, where Prayers were made to God for them, they were all Quieted; and, that his Wife was never at such a Meeting before. Witness my Hand this 18th of Aprill, 1672.

Thomas James of Northwillingham, in the

County of Lincoln.

John Green, borne in the Town of Walesby, within two Miles of Northwillingham, in the County of Lincolne, now dwelling at the Sign of the Last in the New-Kents, near Deadmans-place in Southwarke, do testifie, that for this Twelve years I have known Mr. Ralph James, and had this Testimony from his own Mouth, now some Moneths since, and do certainly believe the Truth of it, having knowledge of him to be a Man of Good Reputation in the World, and of Blameless Conversation; he having been also an Elder of a Congregation for many years.

Witness my Hand this 10th of May, 1672.

John Greenes

FINIS.

home the first time from Northwillingham, be and his Family verre all offichted with reftless paint, in his office of the used want gentle office and thing Donnington, where I regers were made to body as things, older were all Dutered ; and, that him Wife was gover the field a Meeting before. Williams my Hand while You of Aprill, ? Thanks James of Worthwillingham, in the County of Lincoln. I John Creme Lowerin the Lown of Walesbyr. A render the Middle of North villing barn, seeker County of Line Street enter defelling or clos Sign of the Lafe in the New Ments, wear Deadmansdation Son breaker, the testiffe, that for this state of the Belph James and their Tellianory was Teorge Mouth, non the Monethan mace, and do contains balieve the taken of its thereig herogeness of him to be as Lines of the Conference of the rose of the research Town Cheng

