

## **Copy of a printed diagram referenced as "Abbe theory of microscope"**

### **Contributors**

Fuller, Watson, 1935-

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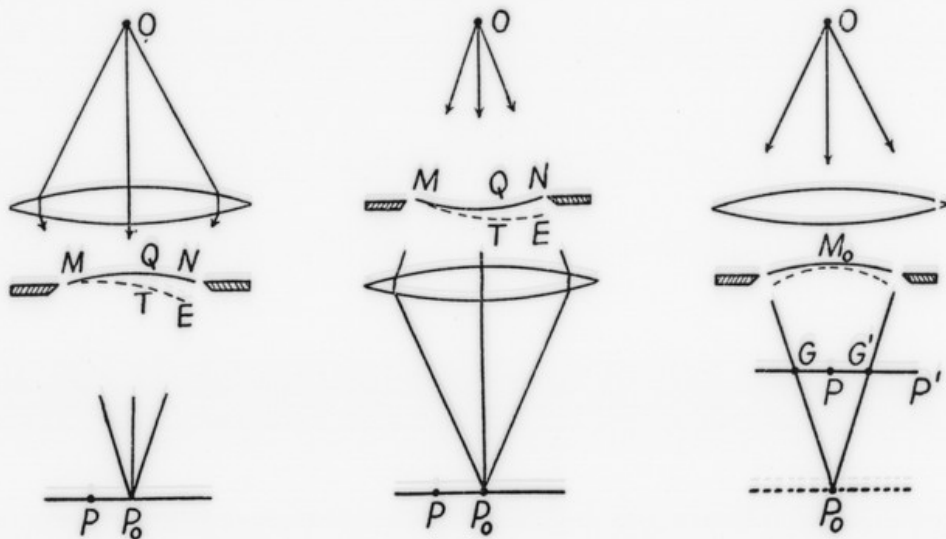
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were infinite, which is the equivalent of having no lens at all, then the lens plane would lie at infinity. Accordingly, it is often said that Fraunhofer diffraction may be considered as that special case of diffraction without lenses. Fresnel diffraction, in which both the source of light and the observer



spheres having both the same radius of curvature. We may so to speak rotate the actual wave front about a hinge located at the left-hand edge of the aperture to obtain the diffracted wave front. The two fundamental conditions which we derived when the actual and the diffracted wave fronts