

Copy of a printed diagram referenced as "Principal and subsidiary maxima in the interference function"

Contributors

Fuller, Watson, 1935-

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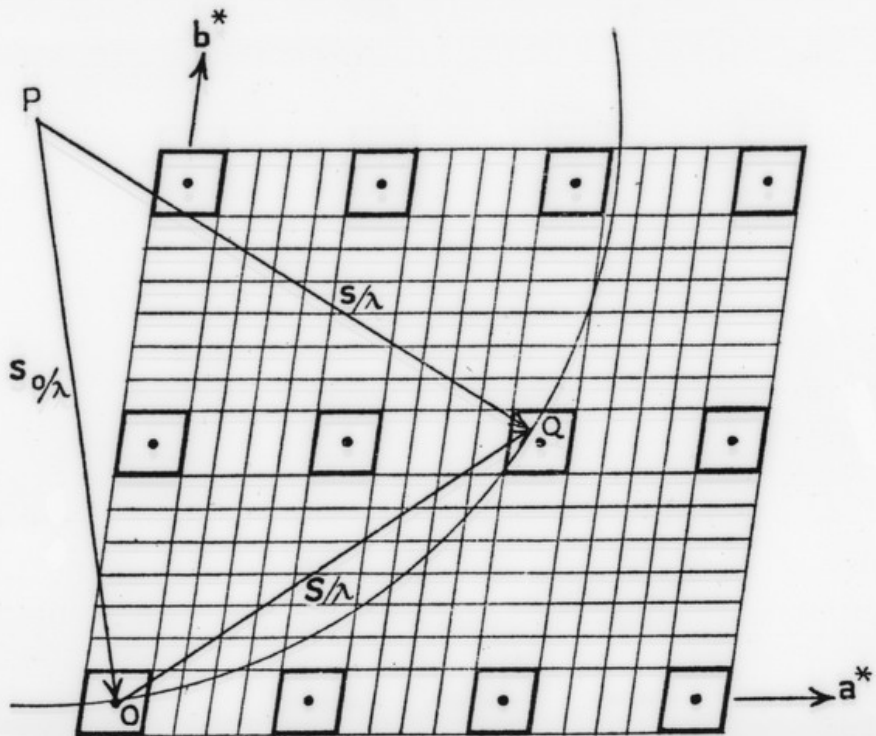
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In fig. 4, the points represent the $a^* b^*$ plane of a reciprocal net, and the parallelograms surrounding the points are the sections by this plane



Principal and subsidiary maxima in the interference function

of the parallelepiped described above, drawn for the case of a crystal block having 6 and 8 lattice-points parallel to the a and b edges respectively. To avoid confusion, no attempt has been made to represent the surface of the sphere of reflection is also determined by the