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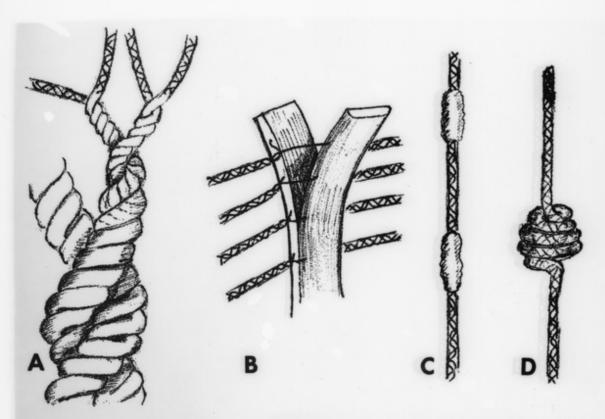
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Hypothetical models of chromosome structure. (A) Multistranded or "rope" hypothesis, showing a portion of the chromosome made up of 8 double helices of DNA histone. (After Steffensen, 1959.) (B) "Protein-backbone" hypothesis, showing a central ribbon of protein, to which DNA-histone fibers are attached laterally. An early stage is shown in the postulated separation of strands prior to chromosome replication. (After Taylor, 1957.) (C) Model showing alternation of DNA-histone fibers (here greatly abbreviated) and small protein molecules. (D) "Differential-coiling" hypothesis showing a single fiber of DNA histone coiled to form a chromomere.

tion values than the usual methou.

The amount of DNA in interband regions is very small, close to the limits of detection by the azure A-Feulgen method. Some faint practically all