

[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Camberwell].

Contributors

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1891-92.

ST. GILES, CAMBERWELL,
SURREY.

THIRTY-SIXTH
ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

VESTRY

OF THEIR

*Proceedings under the Metropolis Local Management
Act 18 and 19, Vic., Cap. 120.*

LONDON :

G. MORRISH, PRINTER, 114, CAMBERWELL ROAD, S.E.

—
1892.

THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
VESTRY of the PARISH of ST. GILES,
CAMBERWELL.

In conformity with the provisions of the Metropolis Local Management Act, the Vestry of the said Parish submit to the Parishioners a Statement of their Proceedings in the execution of the various powers vested in them, and an Account of their Receipts and Expenditure for the year ending 25th March, 1892.

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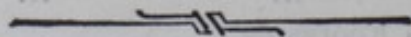
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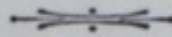
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1891-92.



Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell.

REPORT

OF

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE.

*REPORT OF Works executed, and matters dealt
with during the Year ending Lady-day, 1892.*

1891-92

Board of St. Giles' Hospital

REPORT

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE COMMITTEE
FOR THE YEAR ENDING AUGUST 1892

1891-92.

LIST OF ROADS & FOOTWAYS IN THE PARISH.

THE following is a List of the Roads and Footways within this Parish—the Public Roads are those which are under the control of the Vestry, and the Private Roads which are not under Vestry supervision except as to Lighting.

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Ablett street, Rotherhithe New road	181	...
Absolom place, South street ...	...	48
Acorn street, Southampton street ...	200	...
Acacia grove, Dulwich ...	218	...
Aboukir street, Pepler road ...	53	...
Ada road, Brunswick square ...	127	...
Adelaide place, Martin's road (footway only) ...	100	...
Addington square, Camberwell road	466	...
Adys road, Peckham ...	367	...
Acorn place, Meeting-house lane	225	...
Albany mews, Albany road ...	...	63
Albany road, Old Kent road ...	1,550	...
Albany row, Neate street ...	142	...
Albany street, Albany road ...	63	...
Albert road, Peckham ...	1,194	...
Alder street, Sumner road ...	69	...
Alexander street, Old Kent road ...	126	...
Allendale road, Denmark road ...	182	...
Alleyn crescent, Park road, Dulwich	...	100
Carried forward ...	5,122	106

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	5,122	106
Alleyn road, Park road, Dulwich ..	483	497
Alleyn park, Dulwich common ...	1,562	...
Allen's court, Crown street... ..	..	20
Allison grove, Dulwich common ...	..	146
Alpha street, Choumert road ..	126	...
Amott road, Fenwick road... ..	282	..
Ann's place, George street, Camberwell... ..	...	116
Ansdell road, St. Mary's road ..	303	...
Anstey road, Nigel road	206	..
Archdale road, North Cross road ...	205	...
Arlington grove, Neate street ...	...	50
Arnold road, Peckham rye	129	...
Arthur street, Old Kent road ...	226	...
Arthur mews, Hanover street ...	...	56
Artichoke place, Church street ...	40	...
Ashbourne grove, Lordship lane ...	274	...
Astbury road, Queen's road ...	428	...
Astley street, Old Kent road ...	158	...
Asylum road, Old Kent road ...	866	...
Attwell road, Rye lane	176	...
Attwell street, Rye lane	133	...
Aulay street, Ossory road	127	113
Avenue, The, Gipsy hill	900	...
Avenue, The, High street, Peckham	...	76
Carried forward ...	10,454	1,574

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	11,832	1,280
Avenue road, Camberwell road (part of)	410	...
Avenue cottages, Avenue road ...	...	40
Avondale road, Bellenden road ...	372	...
Avondale square, Old Kent road ...	670	...
Azenby square, Lyndhurst road ...	410	...
Back lane, Asylum road	177	...
Back road, Brunswick square ...	...	78
Bagshot street, Albany rd. (part of)	53	...
Back alley, Peckham rye ... ..	...	150
Badsworth Road, Leipsic Road ...	165	...
Balchier road, Dunstons road ...	158	242
Baldwin crescent	139	...
Banbury place, George street, Cam- berwell ... ..	...	47
Banstead street, Nunhead green ...	290	...
Barforth road, Nunhead lane ...	212	...
Barkworth road, Rotherhithe New road	661	...
Barry road, Peckham rye	1,366	...
Barnes buildings, Wyndham road ...	...	17
Barset road, Evelina road	234	..
Basing road, High street, Peckham	256	...
Batchelor's Hall, Blue Anchor lane	...	33
Carried forward ...	17,405	1,887

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	17,405	1,887
Bath place, Canal bank, Camberwell	136	...
Batten's yard, High street ...	...	17
Batten's place, High street...	...	120
Bawdale road, Lordship lane	...	43
<i>Beauval gardens, Lordship lane</i>	...	...
Beckett street, Wyndham road	217	...
Belham street, Kimpton road	123	...
Bellenden road, Choumert road	537	...
Bell's Garden rd., Peckham park rd.	228	...
<i>Belwood road, Ivydale Road</i>	...	...
Belvoir road, Lordship lane	222	...
Benhill road, Brunswick square	213	...
<i>Besika road, Forest Hill road</i>	..	...
Bexley place, Lower Park road	...	123
Bianca road, Derwent road...	...	240
Bidwell street, Burchell road	138	...
Bird-in-Bush road, Commercial road	745	...
Bishop's road, Lothian road	76	...
Blackbridge street, New Church rd.	...	67
Blackwater street, Lordship lane	131	...
Bland avenue, King Arthur street...	...	46
Blenheim grove, Rye lane ...	333	...
Blakes road, Peckham grove	443	...
Blucher road, Camberwell road	175	...
Blue Anchor lane, High street	100	...
Carried forward ...	21,232	2,543

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	21,232	2,543
Bonamy street, Rotherhithe New rd.	133	...
Bonsor street	86	...
Borland road, The Newlands ...	46	116
Bournemouth road, Rye lane ...	201	...
Boundary lane, Camberwell road (part of)	141	...
Boyton's place, New Church road ...	87	...
Boyton's row, New Church road (footway only)... ..	...	67
Boxall row, Dulwich village ...	...	130
Bowles road, Old Kent road ...	110	...
Brabourn grove, Hollydale road ...	113	...
Bradshaw street, Ruby street ...	63	...
Bramcote road, Rotherhithe New rd.	235	...
Branch buildings, Commercial road	...	140
Brayard road, Copeland road ...	614	...
<i>Brief street, Burton road</i> ... ..	...	...
Brimmington road, Asylum road ...	103	...
Brisbane street, Waterloo street ...	246	...
Brockley footpath, Nunhead ...	833	...
Brodie street, Old Kent road ...	90	...
Bromar road, Grove Hill road ...	211	...
Bronte place, Waite street ... ..	...	65
<i>Brookland street, Wells street</i> ...	...	...
Brunswick road, Brunswick square...	123	...
Carried forward ...	24,657	3,061

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	24,657	3,061
Brunswick square, Peckham road ...	612	...
Brymer road, Albany road ...	194	...
Buchan road, Kimberly road ...	283	...
Burchell road, Queen's road ...	203	...
Burton road, Knatchbull road ...	137	...
Bushey Hill road, Peckham road ..	484	...
Bull yard, High street, Peckham ...	...	60
Burbage road, Half Moon lane ...	...	1,080
<i>Calais street, Knatchbull road</i> ...	...	...
Calmington road, Albany road ...	172	...
Calton road, Dulwich ...	...	167
Camberwell grove ...	1,073	...
Camberwell green ...	548	...
Camberwell New road (part of) ...	520	...
Camberwell road (part of) ...	910	...
Camberwell Station road ...	208	...
Camden avenue, Peckham road ...	120	...
Camden grove, Peckham road ...	280	...
Camden grove north, St. George's road ...	630	...
Camden square, Southampton street	...	76
Camden street, Camden grove ...	166	...
Cambrook street, Hatcham ...	...	102
Canning place, Grove lane ...	...	100
Carried forward ...	31,197	4,646

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	31,197	4,646
Canterbury road, Old Kent road ... (Portion in Deptford Parish and also Camberwell)	854	...
Canal grove, Old Kent road ...	...	126
Canal place, Coburg road ...	215	...
Canal place, Lisford street ...	45	...
Canal row, Melon place ...	...	70
Canal street, Albany road ...	90	..
Canonbie road, Honor Oak ...	...	531
Carden road, Nunhead lane ...	215	...
Carew street, Harold street ...	58	...
Caroline place, Wyndham road ...	..	67
Caroline street, Old Kent road ...	200	...
Carlton grove, Queens road ...	313	...
Carpenter's place, High street ..	...	33
Caspian street, New Church road ...	132	...
Castle square, Rosemary road ...	...	50
Castle street, Camberwell road ...	...	76
Castle street, Neate street ...	41	...
Castlemain road, Gloucester road ...	306	.
Cator street, Commercial road ...	838	...
Caulfield road (late Lugard road), part of ...	200	...
Cerise road, Hanover park ...	140	...
Champion grove, Grove lane ...	288	...
Carried forward ...	35,132	5,599

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	35,132	5,599
Champion hill, Grove lane (part of) ...	...	658
Champion park, Denmark hill ...	333	..
Chadwick road, Victoria road ...	616	...
Chatham rd., Avenue rd. (part of)...	60	...
Charlotte street, Old Kent road ...	133	...
Chesterfield grove, Lordship lane ...	225	...
Chiswell street, Waterloo street ...	153	...
Choumert road, Rye lane	768	...
Choumert grove, Blenheim grove ...	306	...
Chumleigh street, Albany road ...	250	...
Church passage (by St. Giles' Church), footway only ...	186	...
Church street, Camberwell green ...	360	...
Cicely road, Hanover park	141	...
Clarendon avenue, Clarendon street	...	130
Clarendon place, Clarendon street	80	...
Clarendon street, Camberwell New road	218	...
Clarkson place, Meeting-house lane	130	...
Claude road, Heaton road	304	...
Clayton road, High street	387	...
Cleveland street, Wyndham road ...	90	...
Clifton road, Asylum road (part of)	300	...
Clifton crescent, Asylum road ...	457	...
Clifton square, Albert road... ..	...	82
Carried forward ..	40,629	6,469

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	40,629	6,469
Cobden street, St. George's road ...	...	70
Cobourg road, Old Kent road ...	600	...
Colby road, Gipsy hill (part of) ...	160	...
Coleman road, Southampton street...	396	...
College road, Dulwich ...	714	2,270
Colls road, Astbury road ...	218	..
Collyer place, High street ...	42	...
Colwell road, Lordship lane ...	175	...
Colyton road, Forest Hill road ...	...	550
Commercial road, Old Kent road ...	1,533	...
Constance road, Grove vale ...	153	...
Cooper's road, Old Kent road ...	236	...
Cooper's mews, Cooper's road ...	...	83
Copeland avenue, Copeland road ...	...	120
Copeland road, Peckham rye ...	483	...
Coplestone road, Choumert road ...	387	...
Cork street, Waterloo street ...	160	...
Cornwall road, Commercial road ...	133	...
Cossall street, Burchell road ...	79	...
Costa street, Choumert road ...	140	...
Cottage green, Southampton street...	100	...
County grove, Camberwell New road	256	...
Court lane, Dulwich village ...	...	1,166
Cox's walk, Lordship lane (footpath only) ...	...	866
Carried forward ...	46,594	11,594

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	46,594	11,594
<i>Cormon road, Flodden road</i> ...	...	...
Cowan street, Albany road... ..	235	...
Craigallion Gardens, Grove Park ...	.	380
Cranswick rd., Rotherhithe New rd.	192	...
Crawthow grove, Crystal Palace road	350	...
Crebor street, Upland road... ..	140	...
Credon road, Rotherhithe New road	220	...
Crescent Wood road, Sydenham hill	520	...
Crewys road, Kirkwood road ...	202	...
Crofton road, Peckham road ...	579	...
Crown street, Wyndham road ...	210	...
Cross road, from Shenley road to Crofton road	54	...
Cross road, Green's row ...	16	...
Cross road, from Alleyn road to Croxted road ... ..	...	92
Croxted road, West Dulwich ...	782	...
Crystal Palace road, Goose green ...	1,421	...
Crystal Palace parade ...	...	770
Culmore road, Asylum road ...	323	...
Cumberland place, Addington square	195	...
Cunard street, Albany road ...	145	...
Cuthill road, Denmark hill ...	144	...
Cyrena road, Whately road ...	...	213
Dagmar road, Peckham road ...	268	...
Carried forward ...	52,500	13,049

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	52,500	13,049
Daneville road, Denmark hill ...	258	...
Danby street, Bellenden road ...	342	...
Dane's road, Denmark street ...	58	...
Daniel street, Sumner road ...	62	...
Daniels road, Nunhead ...	280	...
Darrell street, Upland road ...	314	...
Dartnell road, Albany road ...	195	...
Datchelor place ...	76	...
Davey street, Sumner road... ...	76	...
Dayton grove, York grove	197	...
De Crespigny park, Denmark hill ...	366	...
Del ford road, Barkworth road ...	402	...
Denmark hill (part of)	1,023	...
Denmark road, Knatchbull road		
(part of)	342	...
Denmark st., Denmark rd. (part of)	218	...
Denman road, Talfourd road ...	293	...
Depôt street, Addington square ...	49	...
Derwent grove, Grove vale ...	252	...
Dewar street, Fenwick road ...	53	62
Devonshire grove, Old Kent road ...	133	...
Devonshire street, Devonshire grove	69	80
D'Eynsford road, Camberwell green	267	...
Diamond street, Southampton street	150	...
Dog Kennel hill (or lane), Grove vale	320	...
Carried forward ...	58,295	13,191

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	58,295	13,191
Dorset terrace, Downes street ...	...	50
Dorton street, St. George's road ...	70	...
Domville grove, Albany road ...	158	...
Dominic road, Glengall road ...	...	60
Downes street, Lower Park road ...	220	...
Dowlas street, Wells street ...	183	...
Dragon road, St. George's road ...	270	...
Dray court, or Draycott place, Edmund street ...	...	68
Dulwich common, Lordship lane ...	1,640	...
Dulwich Wood park, Farquhar road	833	...
Dulwich village ...	765	...
Dundas road, St. Mary's road ...	166	...
Dunstan's road, Forest Hill road ...	549	447
Earl road, Old Kent road ...	300	...
Eastdene street, St. George's road...	...	63
East Dulwich grove, Lordship lane	611	688
East Dulwich road, Peckham rye ...	1,003	...
East Surrey grove, Commercial road	420	...
Ebenezer cottages, Camden grove north ...	...	45
Ebenezer place, Wyndham road ...	...	67
Edgecombe road, Camberwell grove	77	...
Edith road, St. Mary's road ...	231	...
Carried forward ...	65,791	14,679

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward . .	65,791	14,679
Edmund street, New Church road...	285	...
Edwin's row, Green Hundred road	...	80
Egan street, Rotherhithe New road	83	...
Elam street, Harold street (part of)	39	...
Ellery street, Albert road ...	109	...
Elland road, Peckham rye ...	...	60
Elcot avenue, Lower Park road ...	174	...
Elm grove, Rye lane ...	366	...
Elmington road, Brunswick square	160	...
Elms road, Dulwich village ...	167	...
Elsie road, Grove vale ...	252	...
Emily road, Cooper's road...	70	...
Etherow street, Barry road ...	144	...
Ethnard road, Old Kent road ...	157	...
Evelina road, Lausanne road ...	498	...
Farndon row, John street ...	60	...
Farquhar road, Upper Norwood ...	749	...
Fearnley road, Camberwell grove ...	60	...
Fellbrigg road, Lordship lane ...	148	152
Fendick road, Rosemary road ...	46	...
Fenham road, Bell Garden road ...	275	...
Ferris road, Oakhurst grove ...	125	...
Fenwick grove (late Gledhill road), Fenwick road ...	70	...
Carried forward ...	69,828	14,971

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	69,828	14,971
Fenwick road, East Dulwich road ...	346	...
Firbank road, Stanbury road ...	99	...
Flodden road, Camberwell New road	330	...
Foreign street, Harold street (part of)	27	...
Forest Hill road, Peckham rye ...	1,400	...
Forester road, Linden grove ...	156	...
Fountain road, College road ...	...	425
Fowler street, Lettsom street ...	89	...
Frankton road, Hill street ...	170	...
Friern road, Peckham rye ...	1,330	...
Frogley road, Lordship lane ...	126	...
Furley street, Goldsmith road ...	193	...
Gairloch road, Vestry road ...	132	...
Galatea road, Philip road ...	43	...
Gallery road, Dulwich ...	866	...
Gange street, Wyndham road ...	...	55
Gardens, The, Peckham rye ...	...	562
Garnies street, Sumner road ...	86	...
Garsdale road, Frankton road ...	122	...
Garden street, Mawbey road ...	...	40
Garden row, Dulwich village ...	...	57
Geldart road, Meeting-house lane	108	...
George street, Camberwell green ...	385	...
Gervase street, Asylum road ...	166	...
Carried forward ...	76,002	16,110

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	76,002	16,110
Gibbon road, Nunhead	527	...
Glebe, The, Grove lane ... ..	...	150
Glengall road, Old Kent road ...	812	...
Glengall terrace, Trafalgar road ...	90	...
Glengall mews, Glengall road ...	...	77
Glengarry road, East Dulwich grove	353	...
Gloucester road, Wells street ...	646	...
Godman road, Copeland road ...	202	...
Goldie street, Coburg road... ..	180	...
Goldsmith road, Hill street ...	405	...
Goodrich road, Lordship lane ...	738	323
Goodyear place, Addington square...	...	42
Goose green (road in front of St. John's villas)	261	...
Gordon road, Nunhead green ...	831	...
Gowlett road, East Dulwich road ...	243	...
Graces road, Wilson road	240	...
Grainger street, Lower Park road ...	113	...
Grange street, Old Kent road .	133	...
Graylands road, Rosemary road ...	246	...
Great Orchard row, Camberwell rd.	85	...
Green's row, Camberwell road ...	105	...
Green lane, Champion hill ... ..	...	1,265
Green Hundred road, Peckham Park road	313	...
Carried forward ..	82,525	17,977

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward . .	82,525	17,977
Grenard road, Rosemary road ...	370	...
Grimwade crescent, Evelina road ...	115	...
Grove, The, College road ...	...	227
Grove crescent, Camberwell grove...	...	120
Grove cottages, Cobourg road ...	...	33
Grove Hill road, Camberwell grove	413	...
Grove lane, Church street ...	1,300	...
Grove lane mews (rear of Grove) ...	...	310
Grove park, Camberwell grove ...	...	290
Grove vale, Goose green ...	496	...
Grummant road, Peckham road ...	140	...
Guilford place, Camberwell road ...	102	...
Gurney terrace, Avenue road ...	54	...
Half Moon lane, Dulwich ...	1,320	...
Hall road, Peckham rye ...	223	177
Hampton's avenue, Chiswell street	...	80
Hanlon's place, Albany road ...	...	50
Hanover park, Rye lane ...	300	...
Hanover street, Rye lane ...	333	...
Hansler road, Lordship lane ...	171	...
Hardcastle street, High street ...	166	...
Harder's road, Queen's road ...	440	...
Harling street, Wells street ...	230	...
Harris street, Havil street ...	300	...
Carried forward ...	88,998	19,264

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	88,998	19,264
Harris place, Harris street ...	93	...
<i>Harlescott road, Ivydale road</i> ...	...	...
Harold street, Knatchbull road ...	343	...
Harvey road, Kimpton road ...	127	...
Haslam place, Jocelyn street ...	133	...
Hatcham road, Old Kent road ...	315	...
Hathway street, Lausanne road ...	53	...
Havil street, Peckham road ...	523	...
Hawker street, Sumner road ...	106	...
Haymerle road, Peckham ...	405	...
Hazlemere road, Rosemary road ...	83	...
Headley street, Gordon road ...	43	...
Hearseys place, Waterloo street ...	...	50
Heaton road, Peckham rye... ...	256	...
Heber road, Lordship lane ...	351	...
Henslowe road, Upland road ...	331	...
Hereford retreat, Bird-in-Bush road ...	...	69
Herman road, Old Kent road ...	103	...
Herne grove, Dunstan road ...	...	100
Herne terrace, Dunstan road ...	...	86
Herring street, Neate street ...	191	...
<i>Hewetson road, Dulwich common</i> ...	...	...
Hichisson road, The Newlands ...	...	210
High street, Peckham ...	730	...
Hill street, Peckham ...	797	...
Carried forward ...	93,981	19,779

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	93,981	19,779
Hillsborough road, East Dulwich ...	226	...
Hinckley road, Goose green ...	95	...
Hindman's road, Underhill road ...	461	...
Hollington street, Crown street ...	193	...
Hollydale road, Queen's road ...	962	...
Homestall road, Peckham rye ...	...	730
Holmby street, Albany road ...	...	65
Honor Oak road, Forest Hill road ...	...	110
Honor Oak rise, Forest Hill road ...	...	186
Hook's road, Harder's road ...	267	...
Hornby road, Blakes road ...	254	...
Howbury road, Eveline road ...	220	...
Howden street, Maxted road ...	165	...
Hyndman grove, Old Kent road ...	53	...
Hyndman place, Old Kent road ...	...	46
Hyndman street, Old Kent road ...	76	...
Huguenot road, Heaton road ...	102	...
Humphrey street, Old Kent road ...	66	...
<i>Howlett grove, Melbourne grove</i> ...	...	...
Howlett's road, Half Moon lane ...	...	14
Ilderton road, Rotherhithe New rd.	298	..
Ildersly grove, Croxted road ...	...	175
Ingoldisthorpe grove, Glengall road ...	90	...
Inglis street, Knatchbull road ...	71	...
Carried forward ...	97,580	21,105

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	97,580	21,105
<i>Inverton road, Limesford road</i> ...	...	...
Ivanhoe road, Grove Hill road ...	298	...
Ivydale road, Nunhead ...	977	...
James cottages, Nunhead lane ...	...	60
James grove, Commercial road ...	190	...
Jardin street, Albany road ...	261	...
Jarvis road ...	38	...
Jasper road, Farquhar road ..	148	110
Jasper passage, Jasper road (foot-way only) ...	20	...
Jennings road, Landcroft road ...	248	...
Jocelyn street, Commercial road ...	201	...
Joiners Arms yard, Denmark hill ...	...	40
Joys cottages, George street ...	...	43
Kelmores grove, Oakhurst grove ...	189	...
Kempshead road, Albany road ...	215	...
Keston road, East Dulwich road ...	172	...
Kerfield crescent, Grove lane ...	108	...
Kimberley road, Nunhead ...	556	...
Kimpton road, Church street ...	223	...
King Arthur street, Clifton road ...	260	...
King's road, Queen's road ...	439	...
Kingswood road, Upper Norwood ...	518	...
Kirkwood road, Nunhead green ...	1,099	...
Carried forward ...	103,740	21,358

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	103,740	21,358
Kitchener's alley, Hill street (foot- way only) ... ..	...	60
Kitto road (part), Nunhead ...	60	...
Kitson road, Addington square ...	160	...
Knatchbull road, Camberwell New road	777	...
Kincaid road, Meeting-house lane ...	126	...
Lacon road, Crystal Palace road ...	142	...
<i>Lanbury road, Ivydale road</i> ...	...	...
Landroft road, Lordship lane ...	576	...
Langdale road, Hill street	260	...
Langton road (S.W.), Lothian road	130	...
Langton road (S.E.), Wood vale . .	129	...
Landells road, Lordship lane ...	662	...
Landsdowne place, Naylor road ...	...	43
Lanvanor road, Brayard road ...	191	...
Latona road, Peckham	132	72
Laurel terrace, Avenue road ...	54	...
Lausanne road, Queen's road ...	400	...
Ledbury street, Commercial road ...	116	...
Leipsic road, Camberwell New road	360	...
Leo street, Old Kent road	253	...
Lettsom street, Camberwell grove...	195	...
Leyton square, Peckham Park road	...	430
Lidgate road, Rosemary road ...	31	...
Carried forward ...	108,494	21,963

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	108,494	21,963
Limesford road, Nunhead ...	...	350
Linden grove, Nunhead lane ...	1,000	33
Lindo street, Gibbon road ...	83	...
Linnell road, Vestry road ...	258	...
Lisford street, Sumner road ...	216	...
Little Marlborough place, Old Kent road ...	..	60
Little Orchard row, Camberwell road	76	...
Lloyd's yard, Dulwich village ...	...	100
Lothian road, Camberwell New road	380	...
Lovegrove street, Old Kent road ...	160	...
Love walk, Denmark hill (part foot- way only) ...	366	...
Lordship lane, East Dulwich ...	2,700	...
Loder street, Clifton road ...	327	...
London road, Forest hill ...	350	...
Loncroft road, Albany road ...	262	...
Lower Park road, Peckham ...	700	...
Lowth rd., next Warner rd. (part of)	10	...
Lugard road, Hollydale road ...	270	...
Lulworth road, Brayard road ...	119	...
Lyndhurst grove, Lyndhurst road...	580	...
Lyndhurst road, Peckham road ...	750	...
Lyndhurst square, Lyndhurst road	143	...
Lyticott grove, East Dulwich grove	...	100
Carried forward ...	117,244	22,606

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	117,244	22,606
Machell road, Kimberly road ...	135	...
Malt street, Old Kent road... ...	140	...
Malfort road, Grove hill road ...	108	...
Manaton road, Albert road ...	176	...
Manor grove, Hatcham	170	...
Mansion-house sq., Camberwell road	...	76
Mansion street, Camberwell road ...	...	127
Marlborough cottages, Stafford street	...	45
Marmont road, High street, Peckham	373	...
Marlborough road, Old Kent road ...	293	...
Marmora road, Forest Hill road ...	359	81
Marsden road, Oglander road ...	168	...
Martin's road, Peckham	123	...
Mary Ann place, South street ...	...	60
Matham grove. Lordship lane ...	182	...
Maude road, Dagmar road	182	...
Mawbey road, Old Kent road ...	263	...
Maxted road, Goose green	274	...
May place, Nunhead passage ...	..	66
Maydwell street, Albany road ...	..	73
Mayor's buildings, Wyndham road	..	35
Mayhew's cottages, George street ...	...	53
McDermott road, Maxted road ...	194	141
McDowall road ... ..	...	162
McKerrell road, Hanover park ...	171	...
Carried forward ...	120,555	23,525

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	120,555	23,525
McNeil road, Linnell road ...	131	...
Meeting-house lane, High street ...	630	...
Melbourne grove, East Dulwich grove	809	...
Melford road, Lordship lane ...	393	...
Melon place, High street, Peckham	...	83
Mews, Artichoke row (end of) ...	...	30
Mews, from Gervase street to Leo street ...	...	83
Middle street, Sumner road ...	133	...
<i>Milo road, Lordship lane ...</i>	...	...
Mill street, Old Kent road ...	66	...
Millais street, Albany road...	...	68
Milledge street, Verney road ...	131	...
Moncrieff street, Rye lane ...	333	...
Montpelier road, Queen's road ...	365	...
Mortlock gardens, Harders road ...	101	...
Mosedale street, Belham street ...	178	...
Mona road, Lausanne road (part of)	33	...
Moody's cottages, Blake's road ...	...	25
Mount Adon park, Lordship lane ...	...	266
Muschamp road, Oglander road ...	216	...
Mundania road, Forest Hill road ...	251	...
Naylor road, Asylum road ...	480	...
Neate street, Wells street ...	875	...
Carried forward ...	125,680	24,080

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	125,680	24,080
Nelson square, Commercial road ...	143	...
Netherby road, Forest Hill road ...	...	294
Newbold road, Asylum road ...	40	...
New Church road, Camberwell road	730	...
New James street, Nunhead lane ...	...	103
Nile terrace, Trafalgar road ...	108	...
Nigel road, Peckham rye ...	148	...
North Cross road, Lordship lane ...	301	...
Nunhead crescent, Peckham rye ...	147	...
Nunhead green ...	400	...
Nunhead grove ...	333	...
Nunhead lane, Peckham rye ...	493	...
Nunhead passage (part footway only), Peckham rye to Nunhead green . . .	295	165
Nutbrook street, Maxted road ...	297	...
Nutcroft road, Naylor road ...	268	...
Nutfield road, Lordship lane ...	169	...
Nutt street, Sumner road ...	99	...
Nungate, High street, Peckham ...	...	60
Notley street (late John street), Edmund street ...	142	...
Oakhurst grove, East Dulwich road	363	...
Oakley place, Old Kent road ...	124	...
Carried forward ...	130,280	24,702

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	130,280	24,702
Odell street, Albany road ...	200	...
Oglander road, Maxted road ...	314	...
Old James street, Nunhead lane ...	142	...
Old Kent road (from Mina road to Whitepost lane) ...	2,266	...
Olmar road, Ossory road ...	116	...
Ondine road, Grove vale ...	365	...
Orchard, The, Peckham ...	50	33
Orchard row, Camberwell New road	141	...
Ormside street, Old Kent road ...	600	...
Ormond place, Old Kent road ...	...	66
Ossory road, Old Kent road ...	111	...
Oswyth road, Peckham road ...	139	...
Overhill road, Lordship lane ...	163	630
Oxonian street, Lordship lane ...	...	77
Paddock place, Edmund street ...	...	40
Park road, West Dulwich (part of)	333	...
Park row, Lower park road ...	...	98
Park street, Peckham park road ...	60	...
Parkhouse street, Southampton st	300	...
Parkstone road, Rye lane ...	190	...
Paradise place, High street, Peckham	...	140
Paradise yard, High street, Peckham	...	40
Paulet road, Harold street ...	438	...
Carried forward ...	136,208	25,826

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	136,208	25,826
Peckham park, Lower park road ...	175	...
Peckham park road, Old Kent road	866	...
Peckham grove, Southampton street	370	...
Peckham road	1,090	...
Peckham rye, both sides to "King's Arms" P.H.	1,065	...
Peckham rye, Cross roads at "King's Arms" P.H.	133	...
Peckham rye, from Nunhead lane to Newlands	947	...
Peckham rye, W. side "King's Arms" P.H. to "The Herne" P.H. ...	973	...
Pellat road, Lordship lane	377	...
Pemell's place, Queen's road ...	184	...
Penford street, Knatchbull road ...	151	...
Penarth street, Hatcham road ...	125	...
<i>Pennack road, Sumner road</i> ...	...	...
Pennethorne road, Goldsmith road	185	...
Pepler road, Trafalgar road ...	209	...
Pera road, Forest Hill road ...	...	313
Phillip road, Peckham rye	354	...
Picton street, George street ...	316	...
Piermont road, Peckham rye ...	64	...
Pilkington road, Brayard road ...	160	...
Carried forward ...	143,952	26,139

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	143,956	26,139
Pitt street, Commercial road ...	113	...
Pitman street, Nelson street ...	73	...
Placquett road, Grove vale... ...	103	107
Pleasant place, George street ...	...	40
Plough lane footpath, from Goodrich road to Lordship lane ...	...	329
Pomeroy street, Queen's rd. (part of)	33	...
Povah road, Albany road	57	...
Prince's yard, Troy town ... ..	...	66
Providence place, Waterloo street ...	...	55
Queen's road, Peckham	870	...
Radnor street, Bird-in-bush road....	233	...
Raglan passage, Camden grove north	49	...
Rainbow street, Southampton street	200	...
Ranger road ... ..	...	50
Raul road, Hanover park	93	...
Reedham street, Choumert road ...	192	...
Reddin road, Glengall road ...	137	...
Red post hill, Dulwich	950	...
Relf road, Peckham rye	158	...
Regent street, Southampton street...	95	...
Regent place, Southampton street ...	...	23
Reservoir road (or Rock Hills)		
College road ... ..	...	225
Carried forward ...	147,308	27,034

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	147,308	27,034
Retreat, Queen's road ...	...	233
Reynolds road, The Newlands ...	122	...
Rignold road, Lettsom street ...	140	...
Rivet street, Old Kent road ...	67	...
Rockell's place, Forest Hill road ...	...	71
Rodwell road, Landcroft road ...	299	...
Rosemary road, Sumner road ...	534	...
Rosemary terrace, Regent street ...	...	43
Roslyn avenue, Denmark street ...	...	105
Rotherhithe New road, Old Kent rd.	230	...
Ruby street, Old Kent road ...	300	...
Russell road, Copeland road ...	151	...
Rust square, Kitson road ...	99	...
Rye hill park, Peckham rye ...	527	...
Rye lane, Peckham ...	866	...
Rye road, Peckham rye ...	...	145
Royal Oak place, Forest Hill		
road ...	...	73
Sandison street, Maxted road ...	120	...
Sandover road, Albany road ...	240	...
Sansom street, Waterloo street ...	182	...
Sartor road, Peckham rye ...	...	100
Salisbury cottages, Lisford street		
(two portions) ...	35	...
Carried forward ...	151,220	27,804

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	151,220	27,804
St. Aidan's road, Peckham rye ...	...	300
St. Aidan's road, 20-ft. way out of ...	...	35
St. James' road, Old Kent road ...	335	...
St. George's street, Commercial road ...	153	...
St. George's road, Wells street ...	867	...
St. Mary's road, Queen's road ...	560	...
St. Thomas's road, Old Kent road ...	167	...
Scarsdale grove, Scarsdale road ...	...	100
Scarsdale road, Albany road ...	198	...
Scipio street, Sumner road... ...	79	...
Seylla road, Peckham rye ...	173	...
Scutari road, Forest Hill road ...	...	361
Sears street, New Church road ...	116	...
Secretan road, Albany road ...	213	...
Sedgmoor place, Southampton street ...	280	...
Selborne road, Denmark hill ...	150	...
Selden road, Lausanne road ...	213	...
Senate street, Lausanne road ...	65	...
Shard road, Meeting-house lane ...	183	...
Shard square, Peckham Park road ...	120	...
Shawbury road, Lordship lane ...	165	...
Shenton street, Old Kent road ...	120	...
Shenley road, Peckham road ...	432	...
Shields street, Sumner road ...	90	...
Carried forward ...	155,899	28,600

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
Length in Yards.		
Brought forward ...	155,899	28,600
Sidmouth grove, Lower park road...	...	45
Sidmouth place, Lyndhurst road ...	...	53
Silcote road, Albany road ...	68	...
Silvester road, Lordship lane ...	464	...
Simpson's alley, Half Moon lane ...	...	40
Simpson's alley to Herne Hill (foot- path only) ...	...	340
Snakes lane, Dulwich common (footpath only) ...	...	143
Soames street, Bellenden road ...	117	...
Solomon's passage, Peckham rye (footpath only) ...	...	160
Somerton road, Peckham rye ...	...	130
Southampton street, Camberwell ...	1,280	...
South Croxted road, West Dulwich	517	398
South grove, Rye lane ...	...	303
South place, Lyndhurst road ...	60	...
South street, Havil street ...	340	...
Springall street, Asylum road ...	91	...
Spurling road, Goose green ...	120	...
Stafford street, High street ...	200	...
Stamboul road, Forest Hill road ...	...	175
Stanbury road, Hollydale road ...	268	...
Stanton street, Commercial road ...	193	...
Staveley road, Asylum road ...	65	...
Carried forward ...	159,682	30,387

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	159,682	30,387
Sternball lane, Rye lane ...	147	...
Stockwell street, Hatcham ...	210	...
Stories road, Camberwell grove ...	117	...
Straker's road, Peckham rye ...	620	...
Stuart road, Peckham rye ...	240	123
Studholme street, Asylum road ...	196	...
Sturdy road, Gordon road ...	107	...
Sugden street, Addington square ...	87	...
Sumner road, Peckham ...	840	...
Sultan street, Crown street ...	230	...
Sultan terrace, Avenue road ...	70	...
Sunwell street, Woods road ...	153	...
Surrey terrace, Peckham park road ...	...	123
Surrey place, Albany road ...	44	...
Surrey road, Peckham rye ...	...	180
Surrey square, Banstead street ...	...	40
Sylvan grove, Old Kent road ..	173	...
Sydenham hill (part of) ...	395	...
Sydenham rise, Lordship lane ...	295	...
Sumner avenue (late Back passage), Peckham road ...	120	...
Talfourd place, Talfourd road ...	144	...
Talfourd road, Peckham road ...	493	...
Tappesfield road, Nunhead green ...	303	...
Tarbert road, East Dulwich grove...	170	...
Carried forward ...	164,836	30,853

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	164,836	30,853
Teather street, Southampton street	43	...
Tell grove, East Dulwich grove ...	147	...
Templar street, Knatchbull road ...	161	...
<i>Terriswood road, Goodrich road</i> ...	...	...
Therapia road, Forest Hill road ...	118	125
Thompson avenue, from Avenue road to Sultan terrace ...	...	100
Thompson street, Landcroft road ...	138	...
Thorncombe rd., East Dulwich grove	...	170
Thornhill square, Westmacott street	...	42
Thurlow park rd., Dulwich Common	373	...
Tiger yard, Camberwell green ...	...	117
Tilson road, Camden grove north ...	300	...
Toulon street, Wyndham road ...	206	...
Townley road, Lordship lane ...	...	555
Tindal street, Lothian road ...	190	...
Trafalgar road, Old Kent road ...	500	...
Trafalgar square, Peckham park rd.	...	76
Tresco road, Linden grove ...	253	...
Trossachs road, East Dulwich grove	197	...
Triangle, Old Kent road ...	83	...
Triangle, Champion hill ...	...	33
Trimby street, Green Hundred road	66	...
Troy town, Peckham rye ...	...	333
Turney road, Dulwich village ...	...	912
Carried forward ...	167,611	33,316

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ..	167,611	33,316
Tustin street, Old Kent road ...	300	...
Iyrrell road, Barry road	424	...
Ulric street, Wyndham road ...	85	...
Ulverscroft road, North Cross road	301	...
Underhill road, Lordship lane ...	1,861	...
Union road, Dulwich ... ..	...	460
Unwin road, Derwent road ...	136	...
Upland road, Lordship lane ...	1,720	...
Upper Hall street, Commercial road	90	...
Upstall street, Knatchbull road ...	140	...
Upper Grange road (part)	73	...
Varcoe road, Credon road	103	206
Vaughan place, Ruby street ...	...	73
Verney road, including Proctor street,		
Rotherhithe New road ...	716	266
Vestry road, Peckham road ...	395	...
Vicarage road, Church street ...	282	...
Victoria place, High street, Peckham	120	...
Victoria place, Cornwall road ...	...	46
Victoria road, Peckham	610	...
Victory place, Trafalgar road ...	...	67
Victory square, New Church road ...	122	...
Villa street, Albany road	50	...
Vivian road, Philip road, Peckham rye	88	...
Carried forward ..	175,227	34,434

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	175,227	34,434
Waghorn street, Maxted road ...	204	...
Wagner street, Old Kent road ...	201	...
Waite street, Trafalgar road ...	125	...
Warmington road, Half Moon lane ...	...	14
Warner road, Denmark road (part of)	116	...
Waterloo cottages, Neate street ...	...	60
Waterloo square, George street ...	...	53
Waterloo street, Camberwell green	446	...
Waveney avenue, Peckham rye ...	...	298
Welby street, Knatchbull road ...	91	...
Wellington road, St. Mary's road ...	150	...
Wells crescent, Southampton street	116	...
Wells place, South street ...	160	...
Wells street, Southampton street ...	633	...
Westerfield gardens, Goldsmith road	...	80
Westmacott street, Southampton st.	343	...
Westwood park, Forest Hill ...	...	300
Whateley road, Lordship lane ...	339	...
Whittington road, Asylum road ...	130	...
<i>Whorleton road, Peckham rye</i> ...	...	...
Wilby road, Grove lane ...	...	34
Wildash road, Grove vale ...	179	...
Williams place, Waterloo street ...	...	60
Willowbrook road, Sumner road ...	380	...
Willowbrook grove, Trafalgar road	70	...
Carried forward ...	178,910	35,333

Name.	Public Roads.	Private Roads.
	Length in Yards.	
Brought forward ...	178,910	35,333
Wilson road, Peckham road ...	291	...
Winchester place, High st., Peckham	100	...
Windsor road, Grove lane ...	280	...
Wingfield street, Maxted road ...	160	...
Wivenhoe road, Albert road ...	166	...
Wood vale, Lordship lane ...	1,293	...
Woods road, Harders road... ..	150	...
Worlingham road, Goose green ...	303	...
Woodwarde road, Lordship lane ...	...	800
Wroxton road, Brayard road ...	110	...
Wren road, Camberwell green ...	68	92
Wyndham road, Camberwell road ...	366	...
York grove, Queen's road ...	225	...
Zampa road, Ilderton road... ..	20	...
Zenoria street, Lordship lane ...	...	80
Total	182,442	36,305

Public Roads—

Length, 182,442 yds. = about $103\frac{3}{4}$ miles

Private Roads—

Length, 36,305 yds. = about $20\frac{3}{4}$ miles.

¹ * *Roads in italics have been sanctioned, but not yet formed.*

SUMMARY.

Public Roads, with two Footways,	}	About $103\frac{3}{4}$ miles.
Length 181,980 yds		
Public Footways only, Length 462 yds		
=about $\frac{1}{4}$ mile.	—	

182,442 yds.—

Private Roads, Length 34,175 yds.	}	About $20\frac{3}{4}$ miles.
Private Footways, Length 2,130 yds.		
=about $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles.		
	—	

36,305 yds. —

Total mileage of roads and Foot-
ways in Parish . . . About $124\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

“NEW STREETS.”

THE following Roads having been declared “New Streets” by order of the Vestry, under the Parliamentary powers of the 18th, 19th, 25th, and 26th Vic., have been paved at the cost of the Owners, and which Streets are now under the control of the Vestry as Public Roads :—

	Length in Yds.		Length in Yds.
Alleyn Road, Dulwich (part of), from Cross Road, opposite Emman- uel Church to Alleyn Park	483	Brought forward	1296
Croxted Road, Dulwich (part of), from Cross Road, opposite Emman- uel Church to Alleyn Park	517	Croxted Road, Dulwich, from Thurlow Park Road (Northward) to Parish Boundary	163
Camberwell Green (East side) from Church Street to Waterloo Street ...	156	Canal Street, Albany Road	90
Crebor Street, Upland Road, East Dulwich ...	140	Dunstans Road (part of) from Underhill Road to Goodrich Road ..	219
Carried forward ...	1296	Ethnard Road, Old Kent Road	158
		Wagner Street, Old Kent Road	201
		Willowbrook Grove, Tra- falgar Road	70
		Total length ...	2197

The total length of the above New Streets which have become Public Roads during the year, equals about $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles.

The undermentioned Roads also have been ordered by the Vestry to be taken as “New Streets.” Surveys, esti-

mates and apportionments have been made, and the collection of the estimated expenses is now in hand:—

Cyrena Road, East Dulwich	Lordship Lane, part of, (Foot-paths only from rear of Townley Road to Woodward and Barry Roads
Crystal Palace Parade, Upper Norwood, from Sydenham Hill to Westow Hill	McDowall Road, Knatchbull Road
Devonshire Street (in completion) Old Kent Road	Marylebone Road, now Borland Road (in completion) from Paddington Road to Stuart Road
Hampton's Avenue, Chiswell Street	McDermott Road, from rear of Anstey Road to Maxted Road
Jasper Road (in completion) Upper Norwood	Thorncombe Road, East Dulwich
Linden Grove (in completion) next Ivydale Road	Thompson's Avenue, from Avenue Road to Sultan Terrace

The mileage and approximate cost of "New Streets" works, undertaken by the Vestry, to the present date, is as under:—

Year.	Length in miles.	Approximate Cost.
Reported to 1891 ...	65	£344,562
Executed between Lady-day, 1890, and Ladyday, 1891 ...	1½	6,600
Total to date	66½	£351,162

LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS.

CAMBERWELL GREEN (East Side). In the execution of this Road as a New Street, the Bar which previously obstructed the use of this road for through vehicular traffic, was removed. This has been found to be a great convenience to the locality.

GOLDSMITH ROAD, MEETING HOUSE LANE AND PENNETHORNE ROAD. At the junction of these Roads the old Beerhouse known as The "Beehive" has given place to a new structure, and the Owner having offered to surrender conditionally about 267ft. superficial of freehold ground to form part of the public way, the Vestry, upon the Committee's recommendation, adopted the following resolution, viz. :—

"That the offer be accepted, the Vestry indemnifying the Owners from all costs or charges in respect of any paving or road-making works, the Owners to have right of user to flap access to cellar in the new pavement, in such position as may be approved by your Surveyor, the Owners executing the necessary dedication to the Vestry of the land to be given up, and the work to be carried out by the Vestry workmer, under the direction of the Surveyor.

All of the above has been carried out, and the improvement is of much value to the neighbourhood.

HOLLINGTON STREET AND SULTAN STREET. Your Committee having viewed these Streets with the view of improving their general and sanitary condition, and your Surveyor having recommended the obtaining second-hand

granite setts for channelling the same, the Vestry passed a resolution that these setts be purchased, the work to be executed by the Vestry workmen. This has been done to the extent of about 300 yards superficial of paving.

CREDON ROAD AND CRANSWICK ROAD. Channelling has also been executed in these Roads fronting the Board School.

PORTIONS OF LAND have been paved where Shop Fronts, &c., have been brought out in advance of the General Line of Buildings, but not fully up to the Public footway, the land intervening between such advanced line and the pathway, being added to the Public way. With regard to all such portions of land, a letter was received from the County Council stating that it was their intention to impose (under 46 Vic., cap. 14, sec. 9) the following condition as to land to be dedicated to public use in front of buildings erected beyond the building line,

“That the whole of the land in front of the same *be dedicated to the use of the public.*”

Your Surveyor, at the request of the Committee, made a report upon this subject, in which he stated that, “This Vestry has made it a practice on the giving up of land under the above conditions to at once claim it and pave the surface.” As to the proposition of the London County Council to substitute “That the whole of the land in front of the same *be dedicated to the use of the public,*” he said, “I am of opinion it would be an additional security for obtaining the same object.”

The Vestry adopted the resolution of your Committee to the effect that the Council were informed that the proposed Amendment was approved by this Vestry.

PLOUGH LANE FOOTPATH. Your Committee having received complaints as to the nuisance arising from a narrow footway running from Lordship Lane on the north side of "The Plough" public-house, and at the rear of the gardens of houses situate in Landells Road and thence to the Goodrich Road, recommended the Vestry, That the old line of narrow footway known as Plough Lane, leading from Lordship Lane on the north side of "The Plough" public-house, and commencing at or near the rear of No. 93, Landells Road to Goodrich Road, should be stopped up, the same being unnecessary; and that the Vestry exercising the office of Surveyors of the Highways of the Parish, should by their Clerk or Chairman, apply to two Justices to view the said footpath proposed to be stopped up, and if it should appear to them upon such view that the said footway was unnecessary, to direct the publication of the requisite notices, so that application might be made to the General Quarter Sessions for an order to stop up the same.

This recommendation being adopted by the Vestry, two Justices, (Messrs. Strong and Turney) viewed the footway, and eventually informed the Vestry that they were unable to certify that it was "unnecessary." In all probability, therefore, this footway will require to be further dealt with by the Vestry, more particularly as to lighting.

CAMBERWELL GREEN. Additional seating accommodation having been asked for, six extra seats have been provided.

ASHBOURNE GROVE AND MELBOURNE GROVE. Improved Wire Tree Guards have been introduced for the protection of the trees, which has the desired effect, taking up but a small portion of the little room on pathway. About 200 trees were thus treated in these Groves and their vicinity.

STREET NOMENCLATURE, &c.

The following Streets have been re-numbered or re-named during the past twelvemonth, in accordance with the orders received from the London County Council, notices have been served by the Vestry Officers, and Reports that such numbering has been carried out have been duly forwarded in each case to the London County Council.

RE-NUMBERING ONLY.

Colby Road
Crescent Wood Road
Dulwich Wood Park
Farquhar Road
Jasper Road
Sydenham Hill
Sydenham Rise
Underhill Road
East Dulwich Grove

Kingswood Road
Alleyn Park
Canterbury Road (part of)
Canal Bank (between Willowbrook Road and Commercial Road)
New Church Road (south side)
Pitt Street (part of)
Willowbrook Road

RE-NAMING.

<p>12 Albert and Victoria Terraces, New Church Road, <i>now</i> Sears Street</p>	<p>Paddington Road, The Newlands, <i>now</i> Hichisson Road</p>
<p>A Amelia Street, Southampton Street, <i>now</i> Teather Street</p>	<p>Pancras Road, The Newlands, <i>now</i> Reynolds Road</p>
<p>8 Bath Street, Sumner Road, <i>now</i> Hawker Street</p>	<p>Marylebone Road, The Newlands <i>now</i> Borland Road</p>
<p>D Crescent, Southampton Street, <i>now</i> Wells Crescent</p>	<p>Croxted Road from Park Road to Gipsy Hill, <i>now</i> South Croxted Road</p>
<p>11 Edward Street, Sumner Road, <i>now</i> Garnies Street</p>	<p>Surrey Terrace, Peckham Park Road, <i>now</i> Frensham Street</p>

PARLIAMENTARY DEPOSITIONS.

Session 1891-92.

The following Reports upon these Depositions were
made by your Surveyor:—

RAILWAYS.

LONDON, CHATHAM, AND DOVER RAILWAY.

G. B. ROCHE, *Engineer*.

The deposition, so far as this Parish is concerned, is
for obtaining power “to widen, to the extent of 20 feet or

thereabouts, on each side, the Bridge carrying the Company's Railway over the Road, formerly called Cemetery Road, now called Gibbon Road, in the Parish of St. Giles, Camberwell, in the County of London."

There is no Section deposited referring to the above, but it is presumed that no alteration will be made between the level of the present Bridge and the proposed widenings, and that the abutments of the new portions of the Bridge in question will be executed within the line of the Fences, now enclosing the Company's property.

LONDON, BRIGHTON, & SOUTH COAST RAILWAY
(VARIOUS POWERS) BILL.

SESSION, 1892.

FREDERICK D. BANISTER, *Engineer*.

The deposition, so far as this Parish is concerned, is "To extend on both sides of the Company's Railway (South London Line) the Bridge carrying the said Railway over the Street known as Culmore Road, in the Parish of St. Giles, Camberwell, in the County of London, at about 4 chains westward of the centre of the platforms at Old Kent Road Station.

The proposed widening, as per plan, is about 15 feet each side of the present Bridge.

Level of headway of new and old portions as at present.

Level of surface of road unaltered.

This widening will affect the frontage line of the adjoining property on both sides of Culmore Road next the Railway.

TRAMWAYS.

LONDON TRAMWAY COMPANY'S EXTENSION.

SESSION 1892.

GEORGE HOPKINS, *Engineer*.

This deposition has for its object the extension of the present lines of Tramway of this Company (also the connection of the same, with the lines already laid but not yet worked), by the Peckham and East Dulwich Tramways Companies:—

Tramway No. 1.

Commences by a junction with the present tramway in the *Peckham Road*, passes along *Lyndhurst Road* to *Chadwick Road*, thence by a curve into and along *Chadwick Road* to *Victoria Road*, then by a curve into and along *Victoria Road*, joining the present line of the East Dulwich Tramway at *Bellenden Road* opposite *Choumert Road*, by which present tramway continues on to *Goose Green* and by way of *Crystal Palace Road* to the "Plough" Public House, *Lordship Lane*.

Tramway No. 2.

Is a curved junction proposed to be laid at *Goose Green*, at the junction with *East Dulwich Road*, in order

to connect the traffic at this point leading towards Peckham Rye.

Tramways No. 3, 4, & 4A.

It is proposed to lay down a line of Tramway (continuing from that already laid at Peckham Rye) opposite the "Heaton Arms," the course of which will be as follows:—From a junction to be made with the present East Dulwich Tramway as above, passing into and along Copeland Road to Albert Road, thence turning westward at right angles at the Railway Bridges along Albert Road to Harders Road, along the Harders Road passing St. Mark's Church to Queen's Road, and there forming a junction with the present line of Tramway in Queen's Road.

In this route there is a junction proposed (part of tramway No. 3) from the Copeland Road into the already formed tramway at Brayards Road.

Tramway No. 5.

Is a line proposed to run from the present tramway in Brayards Road, opposite Gordon Road, at the Railway bridge of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway along Gordon Road (passing the Camberwell Workhouse) to Harders Road, there joining with the proposed Tramway No. 4, which, as before described, leads to Queen's Road.

Tramway No. 6.

As proposed is the continuation or completion of the present tramway in Hollydale Road, being a length of about $4\frac{1}{2}$ chains down to the Queen's Road, where it will form a junction with the main tramway lines near the Queen's Road Railway Station.

LONDON TRAMWAYS EXTENSION.

Table shewing the widths of public roads and footpaths.

LOCALITY.		East Side Foot- way.		Roadway between Kerbs.		West Side Foot- way.		TOTAL.	
		Ft.	Ins.	Ft.	Ins.	Ft.	Ins.	Ft.	Ins.
Lyndhurst Road.									
	Near Peckham Road	9	2	26	10	7	10	43	10
Do.	At Urinal	12	3	25	0	7	1	44	4
Do.	Near north corner of Lyndhurst Square	9	7	30	10	7	7	48	0
Do.	Opposite No. 13 (near Hanover Street)	6	8	28	10	8	1	43	7
Do.	Opposite No. 51 (near South Place)	7	0	31	0	6	11	44	11
Do.	Near Chadwick Road	6	6	32	5	5	8	44	7
Chadwick Road.		North				South			
	Near Lyndhurst Road	7	10	30	10	6	7	45	3
Do.	Near Victoria Road	6	7	31	5	6	5	44	5
Victoria Road.		East				West.			
	Corner Chadwick Road	5	9	23	9	5	6	35	0
Do.	By projecting forecourt (Wooster)	5	11	23	6	5	6	34	11
Do.	Opposite shop	7	7	30	5	5	6	43	6
Do.	Near Choumert Road	7	8	28	7	5	6	41	9
Adys Road.									
	Opposite East Dulwich Road, Goose Green	6	7	32	1	6	7	45	3
East Dulwich Road.									
	Near Adys Road, Goose Green	6	6	36	2	8	10	51	6
Copeland Road.		West				East			
	Next Heaton Road	5	1	28	8	6	4	40	1
Do.	Near Godman Road	5	7	27	9	6	10	40	2
Do.	Near Attwell Street	6	5	31	10	6	2	44	5
Do.	Near Parkstone Road	6	4	33	3	6	8	46	3
Do.	Opposite No.	6	4	29	8	6	5	42	5
Do.	do. Opposite	6	7	31	7	6	6	44	8

LOCALITY.		West Side Foot- way.		Roadway between Kerbs.		East Side Foot- way.		TOTAL.	
		Ft.	Ins.	Ft.	Ins.	Ft.	Ins.	Ft.	Ins.
Albert Road.									
	Under Railway (Lon- don Chatham and Dover)	6	6	26	7	6	6	39	7
Do.	Opposite 104	6	7	27	0	5	6	39	1
Do.	Opposite 98	6	8	*22	3	5	3	34	1
Do.	Opposite 94	6	8	*21	3	5	2	33	1
Do.	Opposite 90	6	8	*21	6	5	3	33	5
Harders Road.									
	Near Albert Road	6	2	27	9	6	6	40	5
Do.	Near Gordon Road	6	4	27	8	6	5	40	5
Do.	Near Mortlock Gardens	6	11	29	3	8	8	44	10
Do.	Opposite St. Mark's Church	6	2	*21	3	7	2	34	7
Do.	Opposite Corner of Mews	6	4	*19	4	4	0	29	8
Do.	Opposite No 9	5	11	*20	9	5	8	32	4
Do.	Opposite No. 5	7	0	*23	6	6	3	36	9
Do.	Opposite side of Wes- leyan Chapel, next Queen's Road	4	8	24	10	9	10	39	4
Gordon Road.									
	Half distance between Railway and Hook's Road (opposite side entrance to Work- house)	6	6	26	3	6	11	39	8
Do.	Near Harders Road	7	0	26	4	6	6	39	10
Hollydale Road.									
	End of, near Lugard Road	6	6	26	2	7	4	40	0
Do.	End of Existing Tram Line	6	5	27	9	6	5	40	7
Do.	Near Queen's Road	6	7	27	1	6	6	40	2

In Albert Road (near Clayton Road), opposite the references in the appended table marked thus *

Also in Harders Road (opposite to and north of St.

Mark's Church), opposite the reference in the appended table marked * the roadways being narrow, "It is proposed to lay the Tramways at a *less space than 9 ft. 6 in. between the kerbs and the nearest rail of the Tramway.*

In such instances I suggest that the entire width of the Roadway be paved by the Tramway Company.

I recommend also, that the Tramway be paved with wood in the vicinity of the following Public Buildings, viz. :—

Camberwell Workhouse, Gordon Road ;
 St. Mark's Church, Harders Road ;
 Wesleyan Chapel, do.

J. C. REYNOLDS,
Surveyor.

Vestry Hall, Camberwell,
 14th December, 1891.

With regard to this Bill the following *joint* Report was also received from the Vestry Clerk and the Surveyor :—

Report of the Vestry Clerk and Surveyor of Camberwell to the General Purposes Committee with reference to the Bill to authorise the London Tramways Company, Limited, to extend their tramways and for other purposes, Session of Parliament 1892.

25th January, 1892.

GENTLEMEN,

In accordance with the instructions received at the last meeting of your Committee we have carefully considered

the provisions of the above Bill which we find contain the usual clauses inserted in Tramways Bills, and which are regulated by the general Tramway Act of 1870, and the Orders of the Board of Trade.

The title of the Bill is "The London Tramways Company, Limited, Extensions Act, 1892."

The Bill authorises the use of Cable power, which means wires, ropes, &c., placed underground, and worked by stationary engines, this power is, we believe, more particularly intended to refer to Streatham Parish.

The Tramways Lines proposed are fully set out in the Report of the Surveyor, dated 14th December, 1891, and which was submitted to the Vestry on the 23rd December last.

The lines are to be completed within two years, or the power given to the Company shall cease. If the lines are not opened for public traffic within that time the Company shall be liable to a penalty of £50 a day.

The tolls are to be those regulated and fixed by the Metropolitan Street Tramways, 1869, and artizans' cars are to be run, two early in the morning and two after six in the evening, at a charge not exceeding One Half-penny per mile (no fare need be less than a Penny).

A penalty of £5 a day is imposed for non-repair of line.

The right is given to the Company of using the road material when laying the line, the surplus to be the property of the Road Authority.

The most important section is the following :—

The London Company on the one hand, and the

Camberwell Company (meaning the London, Camberwell, and Dulwich Tramways Company), may make and carry into effect agreements and arrangements in respect of the following purposes on such terms and conditions as they may think fit, i.e.

“The granting or making by the Camberwell Company and the accepting by the Company of a lease for any term of years, or a sale or transfer to the Company of the undertaking of the Camberwell Company, or any tramways or tramway, or portion of tramway, or tramway houses, buildings, or works forming part thereof, and all and any of their respective rights, powers, privileges, or authorities connected therewith.”

The consideration for such sale or lease may be by yearly or other payment.

The sanction of the Shareholders to be given to agreements under Act, the Board of Trade to approve.

The usual power for the London County Council to lease or work is given.

We do not see any objection to the Bill, but we believe it will be a public and local advantage.

The following suggestions made by the Surveyor in the Report already referred to:—

- (i.) In cases where the roadways are narrow, the entire width of the roadway should be paved by the Tramway Company.

- (ii.) That the Tramway be paved with wood in the vicinity of the following Public buildings :—

Camberwell Workhouse, Gordon Road,
St. Mark's Church, Harder's Road,
Wesleyan Chapel, Harder's Road.

We suggest that a consent be given conditionally upon the Company agreeing to clauses and conditions that may be satisfactory to the Vestry.

All of which we submit.

GEO. W. MARSDEN,

Vestry Clerk.

J. C. REYNOLDS,

Surveyor.

Your Committee recommended :—That the consent of the Vestry be given to the London Tramways Company (Extension) Bill, 1892, upon the condition that the Company agreed to the insertion of Clauses and Conditions (if required) that may be satisfactory to this Vestry.

The Bill received a conditional consent from the County Council, who require the insertion of labour clauses, viz., 10 hours a day, and the same fares on Sundays and Bank Holidays. The Bill is now receiving Parliamentary consideration.

LONDON, CAMBERWELL, AND DULWICH TRAMWAYS.

With regard to these Tramways, your Committee received from the Secretary of the London, Camberwell,

and Dulwich Tramways Company, a copy of the following sealed resolution of the London County Council:—

“That the Council is satisfied that for the purpose of the proposed construction of a Tramway in Rye Lane from High Street, Peckham, to Choumert Road, no widening of Rye Lane is necessary.”

Your Committee submitted and the Vestry on the 24th June, last, adopted the following resolution:—

“That the Seal of the Vestry be affixed to the Mortgage of Rates to the London County Council to secure the Loan of £3,000 and interest for the paving of the margins of Rye Lane, as ordered by the Vestry on the 24th January, 1891, and also to the Contract with Messrs. Dick, Kerr & Co., for the execution of the above work, in accordance with the terms agreed upon by resolution of the Vestry of 11th February, 1891, and that the Surveyor be instructed to give the order to commence such work forthwith.

On the same date, the 24th June, the Vestry received a letter from Messrs. Dick, Kerr & Co., giving statutory notice of their intention to break ground on Monday, July 6th, and stating that they were prepared to wait upon your Surveyor to arrange about the work being carried out with the least inconvenience to the Public. Also stating that the cars were ready.

The representative of Messrs. Dick, Kerr & Co. waited upon your Surveyor, and consequent upon these preliminary arrangements application was made to the London County Council for permission to close part of the thoroughfare and

to divert the traffic, and the consent to do so was duly received.

Immediately upon this a letter was received from Mr. H. Foskett, a solicitor, to the effect that an injunction had been granted by Mr. Justice Stirling restraining the Tramway Company from laying a Tramway in any part of Rye Lane, and also a letter from Messrs. Dick, Kerr & Co., stating that they were ready to carry out the Rye Lane paving contract.

The Vestry, at the instance of your Chairman, Mr. Matthew Wallace, at once took steps to approach the Attorney-General upon the matter, and on the 22nd July passed the following resolution:—"That the Vestry express their hope that the Attorney-General will withdraw his fiat *re* the Tramways Company's desire to lay the line through the northern portion of Rye Lane, and that a Deputation of seven present this request."

A copy of this resolution was sent to the Attorney-General, and a letter from him was received, stating that he could not receive a deputation, but that he would see the Vestry Clerk on the matter. Accordingly your Vestry Clerk and Surveyor, and the opposing parties also, waited on him at the House of Commons; but subsequently a communication arrived to the effect that the Attorney-General had carefully considered the representation and the statements which were made before him, that he was not prepared to withdraw his fiat, as the matter was one which must be determined by the Courts, having regard to the legal rights of the parties, or, if necessary, by Parliament.

Your Committee then recommended that the Vestry Clerk make application to the Company to ascertain what steps they intended taking, having regard to this decision.

With regard to the £3,000 Loan for the paving of the margins in Rye Lane, which work was to have been carried out by the Contractors to the Company, Messrs. Dick, Kerr & Co., your Vestry Clerk had, upon hearing of the interim injunction being granted, written to the Solicitor of the County Council asking that the loan might be deferred until after the trial of the action, or the decision as to the right to construct the line, and, if necessary, that his request might be referred to the Finance Committee.

In reply a letter was received from the Assistant-Solicitor to the Council, stating that the Finance Committee had recommended the Council to cancel the cheque drawn for the amount of the loan, leaving the Vestry to apply again if, and when, they are in a position to take up the loan.

Your Committee recommended, and the Vestry adopted the following:—

That upon the Contractor for the London, Camberwell and Dulwich Tramways Company being empowered, and commencing the construction of the tram line in Rye Lane, application be made to the London County Council to take up the loan of £3,000 when required by the Vestry.

A letter was received in October from the Secretary to the London, Camberwell and Dulwich Tramways Company, regretting the decision of the Attorney-General, and

stating that the Company were directing their attention to the widening of Rye Lane, in front of Coombe Lodge, Peckham Public Hall, and the Shops adjoining, but that the large amount of compensation asked by the Owners had prevented the Company from completing and opening the tramway, under the resolution of the Vestry of the 25th July, 1888.

Later in October the Company applied to the County Council for their sanction to the widening of the thoroughfare of Rye Lane, in accordance with a Plan marked B, referred to in the resolution of the Vestry of the 25th July, 1888, and the Council sent to ask whether that resolution expressed the *present* views of the Vestry, or whether the Vestry's opinion had in any way changed. To which the Vestry replied that they saw no reason to depart from such resolution.

Thereupon the Council, at its meeting on the 8th December, 1891, passed the following resolution:—

“That upon the London, Camberwell and Dulwich Tramways Company acquiring the land coloured red on the plan, marked B, submitted by the Company, and upon the same being conveyed without cost to the Vestry of Camberwell, for the use of the public for ever, the consent of the London County Council be given to the construction of the tramway through Rye Lane, in accordance with the existing Acts of Parliament in that behalf, and that a sealed copy of this resolution be sent to the Company.”

LONDON TRAMWAYS.

An application was received from the London Tramways Company for permission to lay down a "turn out," opposite their new premises, next the Post Office, Camberwell Road, opposite Camberwell Green, which was acceded to by the Vestry, on condition that no change of horses or interruption to traffic take place on the public thoroughfare at this spot.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

CAMBERWELL & ISLINGTON ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER SUPPLY, LIMITED.

The Parliamentary Bill of the Board of Trade has been received confirming the Provisional Order made for the Camberwell and Islington Electric Light and Power Supply, Limited, which had been approved by this Vestry.

And also, a letter has been received from the Engineer formally acquainting the Vestry that their Bill had passed both houses of Parliament, and received the Royal Assent, also that the Company had made the deposit of £2,000 required by the Board of Trade, and that it is anticipated that the new system of lighting will be inaugurated this year.

CRYSTAL PALACE AND DISTRICT ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The Board of Trade have informed the Vestry that the undertakers under the Crystal Palace and District Electric

Lighting Order, 1890, have satisfied the Board that they are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations imposed upon them by the Order throughout the area of supply, and later, the Board sent a description of the system by means of which Electrical Energy is to be supplied, viz., by a high pressure continuous current Transformer System at constant pressure—and asking the Vestry whether they desired to offer any observation upon the System in the form which the Board proposed to approve.

Your Surveyor reported upon the proposed regulations, and with special regard to the aerial conductors along the public streets which might endanger the public, and he was of opinion that all the necessary precautions had been taken, but the Vestry was recommended to ask the Board to prevent the placing of overhead wires as far as possible. The Board having had this request made to them, in reply, wrote to the Vestry drawing their attention to Section 15 of the Order, which specially provides that the undertakers shall not place any electric line above ground, along, over, or across any street or public place without the express consent of the County Council, and the Local Authority.

Notice has been received from the Electric Installation and Maintenance Company, Limited, of their intention to commence works on Sydenham Hill, in connection with the Crystal Palace and District Electric Lighting, but no portion now proposed to be put in hand has reference to roadways within this parish.

GENERAL REPAIRS TO YORK PAVED FOOTWAYS AND GRANITE PITCHING.

GENERAL WORKS. The repairs to Footpaths paved with York Stone, and the relay of Granite Pitching, has been executed by the Masons in the Vestry's employ, the new material being purchased under contract. Numerous openings have been made by the several Gas and Water Companies, and the re-instatement of the same has also been executed by Vestry at the cost of the Companies.

The new material expended incidental to such repairs, and inclusive of paving those portions of land which have been given up and dedicated to the public, was as follows :—

York Paving	...	7,880	feet super.
Kerb	... ..	1,145	feet run.
Granite Pitching	...	175 $\frac{3}{4}$	tons.

TAR PAVING.

The ordinary repairs to the Tar-paved footpaths of the Parish have been executed by the Vestry's workmen, including reinstating Trenches opened by Gas and Water Companies, &c.

The amount of such work executed during the past year has been

General Repairs to the above
 Tar Paved Footpaths, viz.:
 Bottoming and Topping, in-
 cluding Trenches ... 11,037 yds. super.

General Repairs—Topping only 1,443 „

Do. Painting and
 Shelling ... 49,876 „

LIGHTING.

The required additions and alterations in respect to Lighting throughout the various Roads in the Parish have received the attention of your Committee. The following is a List of the Public Lamps now under the charge of the Vestry:—

Company providing the supply	No. of Lamps lighted at Lady-day, 1891.	New Lamps erected in year ending Lady-day, 1892.	Total No. of ordinary lamps at Lady-day 1892.
South Metropolitan Gas Company -	3,466	38	3,504
Crystal Palace District Gas Company -	197	14	211
	3,663	52	3,715

In addition to the above ordinary lamps, Central lamps are placed in the following prominent positions :—

- * 1 at Peckham rye, west side, at junction with Barry Road
- * 1 at Goose Green, at junction of roads next Lordship lane
- * 1 at Knatchbull Road, opposite Flodden Road
- * 1 at Knatchbull Road, opposite Burton Road
- * 1 at Lordship lane, opposite Dulwich Common road
- 1 at Camberwell green Urinal
- 1 at Hill street Urinal
- 1 at High street, Peckham, opposite Rye lane
- * 1 at Southampton street, next Peckham road
- * 1 at Thurlow Park road, by Gallery road
- * 1 at Dulwich Common by Alleyn Park
- * 1 at Dulwich village, opposite Half Moon lane
- * 1 at Old Kent road, by Commercial road
- * 1 at Hollydale road, by Lugard road
- * 1 at Dulwich village, opposite Court lane
- 1 at Do on Memorial Fountain
- * 1 at Church Street, next Camberwell green
- * 1 at St. Mary's road, Evelina road
- * 1 at Brunswick square, near Vicarage road
- * 1 at Queen's road, by Harder's road.

* Those marked thus are by meter,

Also special lamps of various power, viz. :—

- 2 in Church street
- 5 at Camberwell green
- 1 at Church street, next Camberwell grove
- 1 at Moncrieff street, next Clayton road
- 1 at Wells street, corner of Albany road
- 1 at Albany road, corner of Villa street
- 1 at Brunswick square, East end

The charge for gas supplied to the ordinary lamps is as follows :—

South Metropolitan Gas Company	£3 3s. 9d.	} per lamp per annum.
Crystal Palace Gas Company	- £3 10s. 4d.	

Where Lamps have improved opal tops, the cost is increased 1s. per annum.

The Gas supplied to Central and Special Lamps is at the rate of 2s. 3d. per 1,000 cubic feet.

NOTE.—These charges are subject to 5 per cent. discount, conditionally that the accounts are paid within one month of each Quarter-day.

The above prices include the supply of gas, also lighting, painting, cleansing, and keeping the lamps and columns in repair.

The ordinary columns and lanterns are provided, fixed, and charged for by the respective Companies, remaining the property of the Vestry, thus :—

* South Metropolitan Gas Company -	£2 11s. 9d.
Crystal Palace Gas Company -	£2 10s. 0d.

* To Improved Lanterns with opal tops there is an extra charge of 4s. 6d.

NEW ROADS.

The following Applications for New Roads were referred by the London County Council to the Vestry for their approval or otherwise, and the Surveyor having viewed and reported thereon the Vestry recommended as follows:—

NAMES OF STREETS.	Recommendation of Vestry.	Decision of London County Council.
Somerton Road, Peckham Rye	Recommended	Approved
Proposed approach Road on Brown's Cricket Ground, Nunhead, out of Ivydale Road	Recommended	Refused

Holmedene Avenue, *Cedar House Estate*, Half Moon Lane, and Elmwood Road and Beckwith Road, *Dulwich House Estate*, Half Moon Lane, having their outlets into Half Moon Lane in this Parish (being almost entirely in Lambeth Parish) were approved by the London County Council, the

Sewers outlets for the same only being submitted for the consent of Camberwell.

LINES OF FRONTAGE, PROJECTIONS, &c.

The London County Council forwarded for the Vestry to express their views 35 Applications for Frontage Lines for New Buildings, and for projections beyond the General Building Lines. These were duly examined and reported upon by the Surveyor, and the Vestry recommended for approval 22 cases, the refusal of 9, and 4 offered no opinion upon, leaving the same to the decision of the London County Council. The Council approved in 15 cases only, refused 18, and upon 2 no decision has yet been received.

DRINKING FOUNTAINS AND CATTLE TROUGHS.

The following is a list of the several Drinking Fountains and Cattle Troughs in the Parish, and which are maintained by the Metropolitan Drinking Fountains' Association, the Vestry contributing £5 per annum towards the cost of the water supply.

	Drinking Fountains.	Cattle Troughs.
Camberwell green - -	2	1
Crystal Palace parade - -	1	1
Dulwich village - -	1	1
Peckham High Street - -	1	0

				Drinking Fountains.	Cattle Troughs.
Peckham rye	-	-	-	2	1
Sydenham rise	-	-	-	1	1
Wells street, by St. George's Church	-	-	-	1	0
				<hr/>	<hr/>
				9	5
				<hr/>	<hr/>

The foregoing is submitted on behalf of the General Purposes Committee.

(Signed) MATTHEW WALLACE,
Chairman.

JOSEPH HENRY COOPER,
Vice-Chairman.

J. C. REYNOLDS,
Surveyor.

THE HISTORY OF THE
CITY OF NEW YORK

FROM THE
FUNDAMENTALS OF THE
ART OF ARCHITECTURE

BY
J. VAN BRUNNEN
OF THE
OFFICE OF THE
CITY ENGINEER

NEW YORK
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1891-92.



REPORT

OF THE

SEWERAGE PLANT & SCAVENGING COMMITTEE

For the Year Ending Ladyday, 1892.

1891-92

REPORT

OF THE

PLANT & SCAVENGING COMMITTEE

For the Year Ending Ladyday, 1892.

Plant & Scavenging Committee.

SLOPPING, WATERING, DUSTING, &c.

This work continues to be carried out by the Vestry Staff, the Plant necessary for carrying out the same has averaged as follows :—

PLANT.			
	No.		No.
Horses - -	102	Steam Road Rollers	3
Water Vans -	69	Corn Van - -	1
Water Carts -	7	Disinfecting Van -	1
Material Carts -	32	Do. Trucks	3
Slop Carts - -	40	Dust Carts - -	34
Slop Vans - -	12	Do. Vans - -	2
Horse Road Brooms	6		

FODDER.

The fodder consumed and the cost thereof per horse per week has averaged as below :—

		s.	d.
Clover, Mixture, and Hay	- 1·78 trusses =	4s.	1½d.
Straw (including bedding)	- 1·48 trusses =	1s.	4½d.
Oats - - - -	- 2·74 bushels =	7s.	0½d.
Beans - - - -	- 0·21 bushels =	1s.	2d.
Bran - - - -	- 8·42 lbs. =		6½d.
Incidental Extras - -	- - -		1½d.
		14s.	4d.

The cost of the Fodder consumed during the year was £3,801 0s. 1d., which as shewn above amounted to about 14s. 4d. per horse per week.

The average number per week for the year of Vestry Horses for all purposes has been 102, out of which an average of 24 has been employed in the Dusting Department, the Vestry Stud and Plant were supplemented, when necessary, by Hired Horses, Carts, &c., the cost of such being £860 1s. 7d.

Four horses died during the year, and 10 others were sold, being considered unfitted to be continued for Vestry work. This represents about 14 per cent. of the stud, which averaged throughout the year 102.

Total No. of Horses in stock at Lady-day,					
1891	-	-	-	-	96
Purchased during the year ending Lady-					
day, 1892	-	-	-	-	12
					—
					108
Horses died and sold during the year,					
ending Lady-day, 1892	-	-	-	-	14
					—
Total number of Stud at Lady-day, 1892 -					94
					=

The Stud now being decreased in numbers will have shortly to be augmented to bring it up to its proper complement, to meet the requirements of the Parish.

COLLECTION OF SLOP.

The quantity of Slop collected from off the Public Roads was:—

Road Slop	-	-	35,169 $\frac{1}{4}$ loads
Gully Slop	-	-	3,098 „
			<hr/>
Total	-	-	38,267 $\frac{1}{4}$ „
			<hr/>

(In 1890-91 the quantity was 35,061 loads.)

BARGING AWAY SLOP AND ROAD REFUSE.

This work has been carried out under contract; the quantity removed by barge being 27,179 $\frac{3}{4}$ cart-loads, or 35356 barge loads.

The cost, delivered direct into barges during the first 3 months of the year, has been at the rate of 2s. 3d., and during the remainder of the year at 2s. per cart-load.

SNOW REMOVAL.

In the month of February a heavy fall of snow visited Camberwell, which necessitated prompt action in the employment of additional labour, &c. Besides extra men taken on at the rate of 5d. per hour for a day of eight working hours, the entire staff of Vestry workmen, including the Dusting staff, were engaged in the necessary

work of clearing the roads and footways as speedily as possible.

The following Return was presented by your Surveyor with regard to this storm :—

1892.	No. of extra Men Clearing Snow.	No. of Regular Men.	No. of Carts and Vans.	No. of Loads of Slop, &c., Carted.	No. of Loads of Siftings & Ballast on Roads.
February 16th -	348	190	70	179	25
„ 17th -	51	180	63	147	82
„ 18th -	604	190	93	229	135
„ 19th -	560	190	72	139	—
„ 20th -	709	190	98	279	22
	2,272	940	396	973	264

The Committee approved entirely of the manner with which the emergency was dealt with by the Superintending Staff.

ROAD WATERING.

The source of supply for watering, the mileage of Roads watered, and the amounts paid for water, the rent and cost of repairs of meters and standposts were as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Southwark & Vauxhall Water Company—Water by meter	612	13	5
Rent, including cost of repair of meters... ..	131	12	0
Repairs to Standposts (the property of Vestry) ...	111	0	0
Lambeth Water Company—Water by meter... ..	295	1	4
Rent of meters (including repairs)	71	15	0
Rent of Standposts (the property of the Company) and Maintenance	51	5	0
Maintenance of Swan necks	17	1	8
Kent Water Company—by mileage : about 13½ miles	300	0	0
Lewisham Board of Works—Sydenham hill (moiety of watering expenses)... ..	21	19	0
Maintenance of Swan necks (the property of the Vestry)	33	0	0
	£1,645	7	5

Length of roads watered about 102½ miles = about £16 4s. 0d. per mile,
inclusive of all the above charges.

	Southwark & Vauxhall Co.'s supply.	Kent Co.'s supply.	Lambeth Water Co.'s supply.
	No.	No.	No.
Hydrants, the property of Vestry ...	6	2	—
Waterposts do. do. ..	57	10	—
Do. the property of the Lambeth Water Company, for which a rental of 30/- each per annum is paid ..	—	—	35
Meters—the property of the Companies, for which a rent of £2 2s. each per annum is paid	63	—	35

The water charges are partly by mileage and partly by meter.

THE SOUTHWARK AND VAUXHALL WATER Co. supply water at $8\frac{1}{2}$ d. per 1,000 gallons.

THE LAMBETH WATER Co. at $8\frac{1}{2}$ d. per 1,000 gallons in the low-level district; 1s. per 1,000 gallons in the mid-level; and 1s. 3d. per 1,000 gallons in the high-level district, near the Crystal Palace.

THE KENT WATER Co's charge of £300 is for about $13\frac{1}{2}$ miles of Road = about £22 4s. 6d. per mile.

REMOVAL OF DUST AND HOUSE REFUSE,

BY BARGE, RAIL, AND TO SHOOT.

Quantity of dust collected during the			
	past year ending Lady-day, 1892	-	30,940 loads
Do.	do.	1891	- 31,321 „

Decrease on previous year	381 „
---------------------------	-------

This decrease is probably due to the number of household gas cooking stoves which are now being so largely used.

Of this quantity, 12,111 loads were removed by Barge (238 Barge loads), 10,397 loads were deported by Rail, 2,223 were shot at a Shoot at "Cold Blow," Hatcham, the remaining loads were delivered to private shoots for various

purposes near to the locality of collection, at agreed prices—
359 loads only being deposited at Free Shoots.

The dust barging contract was at the rate of 2s. 8d. per dust-cart load. The removal by Rail is at 2s. 6d. per load, to which an additional 3d. is paid for delivery into and trimming the Railway-trucks, the Shoot at "Cold Blow" is at 1s. 6d. per load.

It will be seen from the foregoing that *Free Shoots* are now all but extinct, and, in fact, nearly also all Shoots within this Parish; the cost of this work must therefore naturally tend to increase.

CART HORSE PARADE.

The Vestry contributed as hitherto their annual subscription of two guineas to the London Cart Horse Parade Society.

Your Committee submitted four horses in competition at the Annual Parade on Whit Monday, at which each took a *First Class* Prize. The Drivers were awarded ten shillings each by the Society, and also a diploma.

STEAM ROLLERS.

Your Committee insured the Boilers of the three Steam Road Rollers against accident from explosion, with the National Boiler Insurance Company in one group, in the total sum of £1,500, at a premium of £9 15s. 3d. per annum.

CHAFF CLEANER AND SEPARATOR.

Your Committee had under their consideration the question of the necessity of purchasing a Chaff Cleaner for the removal of the dust, dirt, and other injurious impurities from the chaff, and a Sub-Committee viewed various machines used for this purpose in actual working order, and came to the conclusion that Messrs. West and Co.'s Patent was the best; and your Committee recommended, and the Vestry approved, the purchase of one, at an inclusive cost, of £31, fixed complete. This has been carried out with very satisfactory results.

The Committee also recommended the fixing of one of Messrs. West's Separators, at a cost of £39, which ensures a double cutting of all long chaff that escapes the first cutting, and thus saves Fodder that would otherwise be thrown away. This also the Vestry agreed to, and the Separator is fixed and is working well.

The foregoing is submitted by your Committee.

DAVID C. PRESTON,

Chairman.

LEONARD CHARLES SHIPTON,

Vice-Chairman.

J. C. REYNOLDS,

Surveyor.

1891-92.

REPORT

OF THE

SEWERS AND SANITARY COMMITTEE

For the Year ending Lady-day, 1892.

REPORT OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF THE

INTERIOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDING

JANUARY 1, 1892

1891-92.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF THE

INTERIOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDING

JANUARY 1, 1892

Sewers & Sanitary Committee's

Report of the works carried out in this department during the year ending Lady-day, 1892:—

NEW SEWERS.

The following Pipe Sewers have been executed by the Vestry:—

					PIPE SEWERS.		
					12-in.	15-in.	18-in.
					Feet.	Feet.	Feet.
66	Paddington Road	...	...	...	384	...	...
two	Dowles Street	...	...	...	36	...	...
six	Artichoke Row	...	...	...	...	...	178
ga	Wagner Street	...	...	...	268	...	...
zor	Croxted Road	...	...	...	810	666	...
					1,498	666	178

NEW SEWERS ON BUILDING ESTATES.

Plans and Sections having been deposited by the Owners for permission to lay down the following Sewers,

the same were approved and submitted by the Vestry to the London County Council for their sanction, as required by the statute. The Plans in each case received such sanction, the works when executed are supervised by the officers of the Vestry.

SITUATION.				12-inch PIPE.	15-inch PIPE.	18-inch PIPE.
Waveney Avenue ...	...	...	...	960	...	...
Cormon Road	} Myatt's Fields	...	...	1,328	1,470	...
Calais Street		...	...	
Brief Street		...	...	
Varcoe Road ...	...	...	...	150	...	...
McDermott Road ...	...	...	...	660	...	...
Croxted Road (now South Croxted Road) ...	...	...	...	810	666	...
Artichoke Row ...	...	...	...	...	...	174
TOTAL ...	...	...	...	3,908	2,136	174

NEW GULLIES AND AIR SHAFTS.

Gullies for road drainage were executed in the Roads where the Sewers had been laid in connection with the foregoing works, and alterations were also made to present gullies in "New Streets" works. Air Shafts were also constructed in conjunction with the New Sewers,

brand where opportunity afforded, Ventilating Shafts were carried up flank walls of houses to discharge into the upper air instead of at the road surface.

SEWERS, REPAIR AND CLEANSING.

The Local Sewers are cleansed by the flushers in the employ of the Vestry. The quantity of slop removed from the same during the past year has been 332 cart loads.

Special attention was also given to the cleansing of Gullies.

HOUSE DRAINAGE.

294 applications have been received for the drainage of 684 houses into and the works in connection therewith have been carried out under inspection. This number includes mainly the reconstruction and the re-modelling of the drainage of old houses as well as the drainage of new property. Several Factories and Blocks of Stabling have also been drained.

COMBINED DRAINAGE,

According to the Resolution of the Vestry of the 18th June, 1890, has been sanctioned wherever it has been shewn that such combination had a sanitary advantage over *separate* drainage.

The interior or private portion of the drainage has been supervised by the staff in the Sanitary Department.

STEAM DISINFECTOR.

Your Committee recommended, and the Vestry resolved, on the 30th September, 1891 :—

“That a disinfecting apparatus, manufactured by Messrs. Goddard, Massey and Warner, similar to the one seen by the Sub-Committee at Leeds, be purchased and fixed for the use of the Vestry, at a cost of £241, including supervision of fixing.”

Your Committee have held several surveys, with a view of obtaining a suitable site for the erection of a Disinfector, but at present have been unsuccessful. This matter, however, is still engaging the serious consideration of your Committee.

PUBLIC URINALS.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. *Addington square, next Camberwell road. | 11. Peckham rye, Cross road near Nunhead lane. |
| 2. Caspian street, New Church road. | 12. Peckham rye, opposite “Heaton Arms.” |
| 3. *Denmark hill, opposite Camberwell green. | 13. Rotherhithe New road, next St. James’ road. |
| 4. Havil street, rear of Vestry Hall. | 14. Southampton street, by Wells street. |
| 5. Hanover street, next Rye lane. | 15. *Sumner road, next Commercial road. |
| 6. Hill street, opposite Bird-in-Bush road. | 16. Upland road, by Police Station. |
| 7. *Joiners’ Arms yard, Denmark hill. | 17. Wells street, at St. George’s Bridge. |
| 8. Old Kent road, opposite Oakley place. | 18. *Wyndham road, at Railway Bridge. |
| 9. Orchard row, Camberwell New road. | 19. Commercial road, next Southampton street |
| 10. Peckham High street, opposite Hill street. | 20. *Lyndhurst road. |

The Urinals are regularly cleansed, and the water for flushing them is supplied by the Water Companies serving the respective districts. The charge for such water is £6 per urinal per annum, except to those marked * which are now supplied by meter.

W. ADAMS MURPHY,

Chairman.

WILLIAM HOWE,

Vice-Chairman.

J. C. REYNOLDS,

Surveyor.

CAMBERWELL VESTRY'S WEEKLY EMPLOYÉS.

RETURN OF HOURS OF LABOUR, 1892, as existing at Ladyday, 1892.

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.		Deduct for Meals.	Hours per Day.	Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage = at per Hour Worked.	
		a.m.	p.m.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.				
MASONS	Summer	Monday to Friday	6.0	5.0	= 11	— 1½	9½	× 5	= 47½	
		Saturday	6.0	1.0	= 7	— ½	6½	× 1	= 6½	
	Winter	Monday to Friday	7.0	5.0	= 10	— 1	9	× 5	= 45	
			Saturday	7.0	1.0	= 6	— Nil.	6	× 1	= 6
								54	38s.	= 8.52d., say 8½d. per Hour. (Summer.)
								53½		
MASONS' LABOURERS	Summer	Monday to Friday	Same	Hours as Masons,	viz.:-	In Summer	53½	28s.	= 6.28d., say 6¼d. per Hour. (Summer.)	
		Saturday	Same	Hours as Masons,	viz.:-	In Winter	50½	28s.	= 6.65d., say 6½d. per Hour. (Winter.)	
	Winter	Monday to Friday	7.0	5.0	= 10	— 1	9	× 5	= 45	
			Saturday	7.0	2.0	= 7	— ½	6½	× 1	= 6½
								54	30s.	= 6.66d., say 6½d. per Hour. (Summer.)
								51½		
ROAD FOREMEN OR GANGERS OVER ROADMEN	Summer	Monday to Friday	6.0	5.0	= 11	— 1½	9½	× 5	= 47½	
		Saturday	6.0	2.0	= 8	— 1	7	× 1	= 7	
	Winter	Monday to Friday	7.0	5.0	= 10	— 1	9	× 5	= 45	
			Saturday	7.0	2.0	= 7	— ½	6½	× 1	= 6½
								54	30s.	= 7.05d., say 7d. per Hour. (Winter.)
								51		
								3Cs.	(Gangers also receive 2s. 6d. extra for Sunday Work.)	

RETURN OF HOURS OF LABOUR, &c.—(Continued.)

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.	Hours.	Deduct for	Hours per Day.	Nett. No. of Working Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage = at per Hour Worked.
ROAD PICKERS AND TAR PAVIORS		a.m.	p.m.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.			
		Same	Hours as Sweepers.	Gangers & Ind. vi-		In Summer	54	23s.	= 5.11d., say 5d. per Hour. (Summer.)
UNLOADING BARGES BY ROADMEN		Same	Hours as Road Sweepers.	Road Sweepers.		In Winter	51	23s.	= 5.41d., say 5½d. per Hour. (Winter.)
		Same	Hours as Road Sweepers.	Road Sweepers.		In Summer	54	30s.	= 6.66d., say 6½d. per Hour. (Summer.)
		Same	Hours as Road Sweepers.	Road Sweepers.		In Winter	51	30s.	= 7.05d., say 7d. per Hour. (Winter.)
JOBGING CARPENTER		Same	Hours as Road Sweepers.	Road Sweepers.		In Summer	54	30s.	= 6.66d., say 6½d. per Hour. (Summer.)
		Same	Hours as Road Sweepers.	Road Sweepers.		In Winter	51	30s.	= 7.05d., say 7d. per Hour. (Winter.)
GARDENERS' ASSISTANTS OR LABOURERS (Camberwell Green)	Summer	Monday to Friday	7.0	6.0	= 11		× 5	= 47½	
		Saturday	7.0	4.0	= 9		× 1	= 7½	
								55	
						retired hour on Friday	1	54	
	Winter	Monday to Friday	7.0	5.0	= 10		× 5	= 45	
		Saturday	7.0	4.0	= 9		× 1	= 8	
								53	
						retired hour on Friday	½	52½	
CAMBERWELL GREEN KEEPERS (LATE ROADMEN)		Sunday to Saturday	8.0 to Dusk, about 8.0 a.m. to 7.0 p.m. average all the year round.		= 11		× 7	= 66½	

CAMBERWELL GREEN.—Superintendent same hours as Assistants, in addition of closing each night, and general supervision on Sunday, watering, covering up, and attending to greenhouses, and in Winter to the Greenhouse Fires, and in severe weather sometimes up to midnight.

RETURN OF HOURS OF LABOUR, &c.—(Continued.)

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.			Working Hours per Day		Nett. No. of Working Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage = at per Hour Worked.
CARMEN	Summer	Wednes- day to Saturday	a.m. 5.45	p.m. 5.15	Hours. = 11½	Hrs. —	Burs. = 0	× 6 = 60	{ 24s. 25s. 26s.	= 4.80d., say 4¾d. per Hour. = 5.00d., or 5d. per Hour. = 5.20d., or 5¼d. per Hour. (Summer.)
	Winter	Monday to Friday Saturday	6.30 6.0	5.30 3.0	= 11 = 9	— —	= 1 = 3	× 5 × 1 = 50 = 8 58	{ 24s. 25s. 26s.	= 4.96d., say 5d. per Hour. = 5.17d., say 5¼d. per Hour. = 5.37d., say 5½d. per Hour. (Winter.)
ROADMEN (CLASS B & C) (SWEEPERS)	Summer	Monday to Friday Saturday	6.0 6.0	5.0 2.0	= 11 = 8	— —	= 9½ = 7	× 5 × 1 = 47½ = 7	{ 21s. B 22s. C	= 4.66d., say 4¾d. per Hour. = 4.88d., say 5d. per Hour. (Summer.)
	Winter	Monday to Friday Saturday	7.0 7.0	5.0 2.0	= 10 = 7	— —	= 9 = 6½	× 5 × 1 = 45 = 6½	{ 21s. B 22s. C	= 4.94d., say 5d. per Hour. = 5.17d., say 5¼d. per Hour. (Winter.)
ROADMEN (CLASS A) (OLD MEN SWEEPERS)	Summer	Monday to Friday Saturday	6.0 6.0	4.30 2.0	= 10½ = 8	— —	= 9 = 7	× 5 × 1 = 45 = 7	{ 19s. A	= 4.38d., say 4½d. per Hour. (Summer.)
	Winter	Monday to Friday Saturday	7.0 7.0	4.0 2.0	= 9 = 7	— —	= 8 = 6½	× 5 × 1 = 40 = 6½	{ 19s. A	= 4.90d., say 5d. per Hour. (Winter.)
DEPOT OR WHARF CLERKS			Same	Hours as	Roadmen		In Summer	54	30s.	= 6.66d., say 6½d. per Hour. (Summer.)
							In Winter	51	30s.	= 7.05d., say 7d. per Hour. (Winter.)

RETURN OF HOUSEHOLD LABOUR, &c.—(Continued.)

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.		Deduct for	Working Hours per Day.		Nett. No. of Working Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage = at per Hour Worked.
				Hours.	Hours.	Hours.				
STEAM ROLLER DRIVERS		Same	Hours as	Roadmen, viz—		In Summer	<u>54</u>	35s.	= 7·77d., say 7¾d. per Hour. (Summer.)	
						In Winter	<u>51</u>	35s.	= 8·23d., say 8¼d. per Hour. (Winter.)	
FLAGMEN		Same	Hours as	Roadmen, viz—		In Summer	<u>54</u>	22s.	= 4·88d., say 5d. per Hour. (Summer.)	
						In Winter	<u>51</u>	22s.	= 5·17d., say 5¼d. per Hour. (Winter.)	
WATCHMEN WITH STEAM ROLLER	Summer	Monday to Friday } Saturday	p.m. 5.0 a.m. 6.0 = 13 Do not Work	—	13	× 5	<u>65</u>	19s.	= 3·50d., say 3½d. per Hour. (Summer.)	
	Winter	Monday to Friday } Saturday	5.0 7.0 = 1 Do not Work	—	14	× 5	<u>70</u>	19s.	= 3·25d., say 3¼d. per Hour. (Winter.)	
WATCHMAN AT DEPOT (VICTORIA ROAD)	Summer & Winter	Monday to Saturday } Sunday	6.0 7.0 = 13 8.0 7.0 = 11	—	13 11	× 6 × 1	=78 <u>11</u>	34s.	= 4·58d., say 4½d. per Hour.	
							89			
SHOEING SMITHS. { BLACKSMITH OR FARRIER	Summer & Winter	Monday to Friday } Saturday	a.m. 6.0 p.m. 5.0 = 11 6.0 2.0 = 8	—	2 1	× 5 × 1	=45 <u>7</u>	40s.	= 9·23d., say 9¼d. per Hour.	
							52			
DOORMEN		Same	Hours as	Farrier			<u>52</u>	32s.	= 7·38d., say 7¼d. per Hour.	

RETURN OF HOURS OF LABOUR, &c.—(Continued.)

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.		Deduct for Meals.	Nett. No. of Working Hours per Day.		Nett. No. of Working Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage = at per Hour Worked.
		a.m.	p.m.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.				
WHEELWRIGHTS	Summer & Winter } Monday to Friday } Saturday	6.0	5.0	= 11	= 1½	= 9½	× 5	= 47½		
		6.0	1.0	= 7	= 1½	= 6½	× 1	= 6½	40s. 6d.	= 9.00d., or 9d. per Hour.
WHEELWRIGHTS' SMITHS		Same	Hours as	Wheelwrights				54	26s.	= 5.77d., or 5½d. per Hour.
CART PAINTERS		Same	Hours as	Wheelwrights				54	27s. 6d.	= 6.11d., or 6d. per Hour.
HARNESS MAKER	Summer & Winter } Monday to Friday } Saturday	7.0	6.30	= 11½	= 1½	= 10	× 5	= 50		
		7.0	2.0	= 7	= 1	= 6½	× 1	= 6½	40s.	= 8.49d., or 8½d. per Hour.
CHAFF CUTTER	Summer & Winter } Monday to Friday } Saturday	6.0	6.0	= 12	= 1½	= 10½	× 5	= 52½		
		6.0	3.0	= 9	= 1	= 8½	× 1	= 8½	30s.	= 5.90d., or 6d. per Hour.
(PLANT) CARPENTER		Same	Hours as	Wheelwrights				52½	Summer	At 9d. per Hour.
								48	Winter	At 9d. per Hour.
HORSE BROOM SWEEPERS	Monday to Saturday	12.30 to 8.0	9.30	= 9	= Nil	= 9	× 6	= 54	26s.	= 5.77d., or 5½d. per Hour.
HORSE KEEPER AT VICTORIA DEPOT.	Monday to Saturday	5.0	8.30	= 13½	= 1½	= 12				
	Sundays	6.30 to 1.0 a.m., back to Yard	12.0	= 11½	= 1½	= 10	× 6	= 60		
								75½	44s.	= 7d. per Hour.

RETURN OF HOURS AND OF LABOUR, &c.—(Continued.)

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.	Hours.	Deduct for Meals.	Hours.	Hours.		Nett. No. of Working Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage at per Hour Worked.
HORSE KEEPER PARK ROAD WHARF	Monday to Saturday	a.m. 5.15	p.m. 7.30	Hours. = 14½	Hours. — 1½		Hours. = 12½	× 6	= 75	37s.	And Cottage on Wharf Rent Free
WATCHMAN AT VICTORIA DEPOT.	Monday to Saturday	p.m. 6.0	a.m. 7.0	= 13	— Nil		= 13	× 6	= 78		
	Sunday	8.0	7.0	= 11	— Nil		= 11	× 1	= 11	34s.	= 4.58½d., or 4d. per Hour.
DUST DRIVERS	Monday to Friday	a.m. 6.15 Leave Stable 7.15	6.0 p.m. average							21s.	
DUST COLLECTORS		7.15									
										7½d. per Load, (average 50 per week.)	
SHOOT CLERK AT GLEN- GALL WHARF		Same	Hours as	Dust Collectors.						30s.	
FLUSHERS' GANGERS	Monday to Friday	7.0	5.0	= 10	— 1		= 9	× 5	= 45		
	Saturday	7.0	2.0	= 7	— ½		= 6½	× 1	= 6½	34s.	= 7.96d., say 8d. per Hour.
FLUSHERS, WHEN UNDERGROUND.	Monday to Friday	8.0	4.0	= 8	— 1		= 7	× 5	= 35		
	Saturday	8.0	2.0	= 6	— ½		= 5½	× 1	= 5½	30s.	= 8.88d., say 8½d. per Hour.

RETURN OF HOURS OF LABOUR, &c.—(Continued).

		Commence Work.	Leave Work.		Deduct for Meals.	Nett, No. of Working Hours per Day.		Nett, No. of Working Hours per Week.	Rate of Wage per Week.	Weekly Wage = at per Hour Worked.
FLUSHERS, WHEN ABOVEGROUND	Summer & Winter									
	Monday to Friday	a.m. 7.0	p.m. 5.0	Hours. = 10	Hours. — 1	9	× 5	= 45		
	Saturday	7.0	2.0	= 7	$\frac{1}{2}$	$6\frac{1}{2}$	× 1	= $6\frac{1}{2}$	30s.	= 6.99d., say 7d. per Hour.
								<u>51½</u>		
GULLYMEN	Summer									
	Monday to Friday	6.0	5.0	= 11	— 1½	9½	× 5	= 47½		
	Saturday	6.0	2.0	= 8	— 1	7	× 1	= 7		
								<u>54½</u>		
								$\frac{1}{2}$		
								<u>54</u>	25s.	= 5.55d., say 5½d. per Hour.
	Winter									
	Monday to Friday	7.0	5.0	= 10	— 1	9	× 5	= 45		
	Saturday	7.0	2.0	= 7	— ½	$6\frac{1}{2}$	× 1	= $6\frac{1}{2}$		
								<u>51½</u>		
								$\frac{1}{2}$		
								<u>51</u>	25s.	= 5.88d., say 5¾d. per Hour.
DISINFECTING MEN	Summer & Winter									
	Monday to Friday	7.0	6.0	= 11	— 1½	9½	× 5	= 47½		
	Saturday	7.0	2.0	= 7	— ½	$6\frac{1}{2}$	× 1	= $6\frac{1}{2}$	30s.	= 6.66d., say 6½d. per Hour.
								<u>54</u>		
								<u>54</u>	24s.	= 5.33d., say 5½d. per Hour.
MORTUARY KEEPER	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35s.	

Memorandum.—A re-consideration of the Hours of Labour and Rate of Wages is engaging the attention of the Vestry at the time of compilation of this Report—the results of which will be detailed in next year's Report.

SUMMARY OF GENERAL CONTRACTS.

Name of Contractor.				Nature of Contract.	Term.
A. & F. Manuelle	...	...	...	Broken Granite (Guernsey) and Pitchers	From Lady-day 1891 to Lady-day 1892.
G. Wood	...	...	...	Croydon Flints ...	Ditto
J. Covington	...	...	...	Kent Flints and Thames Ballast	Ditto
J. S. Gabriel	...	...	...	Rag Stone, Tar Bottoming and Topping	Ditto
T. Matthews	...	...	...	Hoggin, Hardcore, and Burnt Ballast	Ditto
A. T. Hart	...	...	...	Hoggin ...	Ditto
Van Os & Co.	...	...	...	Broken Granite (Belgian)	Ditto
Mowlem & Co.	...	...	...	Masons' and Paviers' Work	Ditto
Hobman & Co.	...	...	...	Tar Paving	Ditto
J. Shelbourne & Co.	...	...	...	Shell for Tar Paving	Ditto
Eastwood & Co.	...	...	...	Lime	Ditto
P. Trickett & Son	...	...	...	Cement	Ditto
King and Scarborough	...	...	...	Timber for Wheelwrights' Work	Ditto
W. Flegg	...	...	...	Harness	Ditto
J. B. Wedge	...	...	...	Loin Cloths	Ditto
G. A. Gillett	...	...	...	Painters' Sundries, Cart Grease, &c.	Ditto
H. Clarkson	...	...	...	Horse Hire	Ditto
W. H. Daniels	...	...	...	Brooms	Ditto

SUMMARY OF GENERAL CONTRACTS.

Name of Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term.
R. Wood & Sons	Smiths' and Ironmongers' Work ...	From Lady-day 1891 to
Pfeil & Co.	Shovels, Bolts, Files, &c. ...	Lady-day 1892.
J. Stowell	Sewers General Works ..	Ditto
Geo. Morrish	Printing and Stationery ...	Ditto
Aird & Son	Repairs to Hydrants ...	Ditto
Dickinson & Co. (afterwards A. Champion, in default of Dickinson)	Disinfecting Powder ...	Ditto
Flower & Everitt	Slop Barging	From Midsummer 1891
C. Murrell & Co.	Dust Barging	to Midsummer 1892.
W. G. Cloke	Removal of Dust by Rail ...	Ditto
W. Monks	Clock Winding ..	Ditto
Boswell & Sons	Tyreing	Ditto

SUMMARY OF SPECIAL CONTRACTS.

Name of Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Locality of Work.
Mowlem & Co.	Masons and Roadwork...	Willowbrook Grove
Mowlem & Co.	Masons and Roadwork...	Overhill Road } Part of,
Bradshaw & Co.	Asphalte Work	Overhill Road } next Lord-
William Smith	Lobby Screen and Bookcase	Vestry Hall } ship Lane.
J. S. Gabriel	Masons and Roadwork...	Ethnard Road
S. Hudson	Masons and Roadwork...	Wagner Street
S. Hudson	Masons and Roadwork...	Croxted Road } Part of, next
Limmer Asphalte Company	Asphalte Work	Croxted Road } Streatham
Mowlem & Co.	Masons and Roadwork	Alley Road } Boundary.
Mowlem & Co.	Masons, Roadwork and Sewer...	Croxted Road } Next Alley
Val de Travers Company	Asphalte Work	Croxted Road } Park.
Val de Travers Company	Asphalte Work	Alley Road
Wontner, Smith & Co.	Heating Apparatus	Vestry Hall
S. Hudson	Masons and Roadwork...	Crebor Street
S. Hudson	Masons and Roadwork...	Dunstans Road
Mowlem & Co.	Masons and Roadwork...	Camberwell Green
E. & H. Hora	Tip Slop Vans	
Mowlem & Co.	Masons and Roadwork	Canal Street
West & Co.	Chaff Cleaner and Separator	Victoria Road Depôt

VESTRY CLERK'S REPORT.

YOUR Vestry Clerk begs to submit the following Report upon some of the chief questions which have had the attention of the Vestry during the year.

Meetings. During the year ending the 25th March, 1892, the following Meetings have been held:—

Vestry Meetings	-	-	-	30
Standing Committee Meetings	-	-	-	118
Committees, Sub-Committees, Burial Board, and Commissioners of Public Baths and Wash-houses, and Public Libraries and Museums	-	-	-	213
Churchwardens and Overseers	-	-	-	68
Total	-	-	-	429

Accounts. The Accounts of the Vestry for the year ending 25th March, 1892, will be found on pages 277 to 368 of this Report.

They have been examined and certified by the Auditors elected by the Vestry under the provisions of the Metropolis Local Management Acts.

Parliamentary Bills. The following Bills in Parliament have been reported upon. The present position of the Bill is also given:—

A Bill to further Amend the Burial Laws (Mr. Osborne Morgan). Approved by the Vestry. 2nd Reading fixed for 20th June.

A Bill to Amend the Law with respect to the Qualification and Registration of Electors at Parliamentary, Municipal, and County Elections in England and Wales (Mr. Stansfield). Approved by Vestry Committee. (*Progress. Dropped.*)

A Bill to Amend the Law relating to the Rating of Hereditaments containing Machinery. Approved by Vestry Committee. (*Progress.*)

Coroner's Court. The Vestry had again under consideration the necessity of providing accommodation for the holding of inquests in this Parish and it was resolved, "That the London County Council should be asked under the provisions of the Public Health Act (London), 1891, to provide forthwith the necessary Court for the holding of such inquests."

A reply was subsequently received from the Clerk of the Council, stating the Public Health Committee of the Council had the matter under consideration for providing Coroner's Courts throughout the County.

District Councils. The Vestry received a letter from the Vestry of Islington, with a Report and Scheme of the Special Committee appointed by that Vestry, upon the subject of District Councils. The matter was referred to the Finance Law and Parliamentary Committee, who subsequently submitted the following Report and Scheme to the Vestry.

REPORT ON DISTRICT COUNCILS.

Your Committee feeling assured that the experience which the Members of the Vestry have acquired in administering the affairs of a great Parish like Camberwell, has predisposed them in favour of a large area, and an extensive jurisdiction, bring up a scheme based on the assumption that Camberwell will be under the management and control of but ONE District Council.

Your Committee felt that the District Council when appointed, should be entrusted with all that is fairly comprised within the term "Local Government"; that the inhabitants of the district should be fully and adequately represented on the Council; and that to such inhabitants should be secured frequent opportunities of expressing their opinions upon the action of their representatives.

Your Committee, having regard to the special work for which the new council is designed, consider that it should not retain any portion of the semi-ecclesiastical business which was transferred to the Vestry by the Metropolis Management Act, 1855, and the amending Acts. The election of Churchwardens is therefore not included in the duties to be conferred on the District Council, neither is it proposed that the Vicar or Churchwardens should be *ex-officio* members of such Council.

Your Committee have taken into consideration the powers and duties at present vested in County Councils, in Municipal Corporations and in the existing Vestries and District Boards, in order to see how far the District Council should be clothed with like powers. Your Committee

recognise the fact that in London it would be impossible to give to a District Council all such powers as are, for instance, vested in the Corporations of Birmingham, Leeds, Manchester, Nottingham, and other large provincial cities. Some of these must in London be exercised by a central authority, such as the County Council, which is in a position to carry out enterprises, that a District Council could not hope to undertake, and to enforce measures designed to benefit the whole Metropolis, and not particular localities. At the same time, your Committee are of opinion that where it is possible to carry out any matters of local administration without interfering with the interests of those residing in other districts, it is a sound principle to insist on such administration being exercised by the persons living in each district, or by their duly authorised representatives.

Your Committee, in bringing up these recommendations, have been guided solely by a desire to make local government in London as effective for its purpose and as little liable to friction as in the nature of the case it can be.

Having indicated the principles upon which they have proceeded, your Committee now beg to submit the scheme herewith set out, and

Recommend:—That the scheme be approved and adopted by the Vestry, and that copies of it be sent to the President of the Local Government Board and to the Home Secretary, to the Members of Parliament representing the Borough of Camberwell, and the various Metropolitan Constituencies; and to the Chairman and Members of the London County Council.

SCHEME.

1. That the Parish of Camberwell form one District Council area.

2. That the area be divided into 9 Wards, three for each Parliamentary Division.

3. That power be given to the London County Council to alter the Ward Boundaries, on the requisition of the District Council from time to time, so as to keep the Wards of each Division as nearly equal in population as may be possible.

4. That the franchise for the District Council be the same as for the County Council.

5. That the qualification for the office of District Councillor be actual occupation, and payment of rates in the Parish of Camberwell.

6. That the number of District Councillors be 72, *i.e.*, 9 for each of the Camberwell and Peckham Wards; and 6 for each of the 3 Wards in the Dulwich Division.

7. That Councillors hold office for 3 years, one third of them retiring annually.

8. That the annual elections be held in the month of February, so that they may take place on a new register, and enable the newly elected Councillors to consider the financial proposals of the District Council for the ensuing financial year.

9. That the elections be conducted under the Ballot Act.

10. That a casual vacancy be filled up within one month of its occurring.

11. That there be no ex-officio members of the District Council.

12. The District Council shall elect a Chairman and Deputy-Chairman from among the members of their own body, and such elections shall take place annually at the first meeting after the election of Councillors.

13. That there be *transferred* to the District Council the following powers and responsibilities of the Vestry :—

- (a) The entire control of the roads and footpaths, lighting, drainage, and collection of dust and ashes, and all powers incidental to this control :
- (b) As the Sanitary Authority under the Public Health (London) Act, 1891 :
- (c) As the Local Authority under Part II. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890 :
- (d) As the Overseers under the Local Acts of the Parish, with power to assess all rateable property in the District, to prepare Valuation Lists, to estimate the expenditure necessary for various purposes, to make all rates, collect and recover the same, and excuse from payment those whom they think entitled on the ground of poverty, and with power under the Poor Rate Assessment and Collection Act, 1869, to compound with the owners for payment in certain cases should it be deemed advisable :
- (e) As the Local or Highway authority under any Tram-

way, Electric Lighting, Gas, Water, Open Spaces, or other similar Acts in the County of London.

14. That there be further *transferred* to the District Council :—

- (a) The civil duties of the Churchwardens and Overseers including control over Disorderly Houses (until the same shall be transferred to the Police or some other authority): the preparation of the Borough and County Lists of Voters, and of the Jury Lists : (b) The powers of the Overseers and Assessment Committee under the Valuation Act, 1869: (c) The powers and duties at present exercised by the Commissioners for Public Baths and Washhouses : (d) The powers and duties at present exercised by the Burial Board : (e) The powers and duties conferred upon Commissioners under the Public Libraries Acts, or under any Act relating to Museums and Art Galleries : (f) All powers and duties which the Vestry exercises under Michael Angelo Taylor's Act (57 George III., c. 29).

15. That the District Council be *empowered* :—

- (a) To appoint, fix the remuneration of, dismiss and retain entire control over the whole of the officers employed in the execution of any of the powers and duties conferred upon such Council : (b) To make By-Laws for the prevention and suppression of nuisances arising from Shows,

Fairs, Exhibitions, and other like matters within the District: (c) To purchase compulsorily land for official buildings, and to erect such buildings: (d) To borrow for the purpose of these buildings and for other improvements on the security of the rates: (e) To promote and oppose Bills in Parliament, and to prosecute and defend legal proceedings necessary for the promotion or protection of the interests of the inhabitants of the District: (f) To exercise such powers as may from time to time be conferred upon it by Parliament or by any Government Department.

16. That the power of electing Churchwardens or other Church Officials be not vested in the District Council, but in the Parishioners generally in open Vestry, to be convened under Sturges Bourne's Act, and that Overseers of the Poor cease to be appointed.

17. That the District Council be constituted a Local Authority under The Technical Instruction Act, 1889.

18. That the following Bodies shall make rates calculated at so much in the pound on the whole rateable value of the Metropolis, and shall entrust the collection thereof to the District Council:—

(a) The Guardians of the Poor, (b) The Metropolitan Asylums Board, (c) The County Council: (d) The School Board, (e) The Commissioners of Police (until the force is placed under County Council).

19. That all expenses (other than those incurred by the Guardians) at present raised as part of the Poor Rate be transferred to such of the other Rates as they may be properly applicable to.

20. That the Accounts of the District Council be kept in a uniform manner in accordance with forms to be prepared by the London County Council.

21. That such Accounts be audited half-yearly at a Public Audit by two Auditors, one of whom shall be appointed by the London County Council, and the other by the District Council; any difference to be settled by an Umpire or Arbitrator to be appointed under the Arbitration Act.

22. That general power be given to the County Council to arbitrate between District Councils whenever disputes arise as to their duties and jurisdiction respectively, and to determine the same.

23. That the property, assets, and liabilities of all existing bodies, whose duties and powers are to be transferred under this scheme to the District Council, shall vest in such Council.

This scheme was adopted by the Vestry.

Incidence
of Local
Taxation in
London. The Vestry had under consideration the question of the Incidence of Local Taxation in London, in connection with the Report of the London County Council on the subject, referred to them by the Vestry on the 17th of February, 1892, and the Vestry adopted the following resolutions:—

1. That the present system of local taxation which

throws the whole burden of the cost of local government in London on occupiers is inequitable.

2. That the cost of London Government should be divided between the owners and occupiers.
3. That in order to secure this end buildings and land should be separately assessed.
4. That rates should be levied on the annual value of the buildings, and that these rates should be paid by the occupier.
5. That rates should be levied on the annual value of the land, and that these rates should, in the first instance, be paid by the occupier, who should be entitled to deduct the amount from his rent, as at present in the case of the property tax ; and the lessee or under lessee in the same way to deduct from the rent, payable by him respectively, until each owner has paid the rates on the amount of annual benefit he derives from the land.
6. That all contracts which would relieve the owner of the payment of these rates should be null and void.
7. That where an improvement is effected at the public cost, which specially enhances the value of the land in its vicinity, the owner of the area of enhanced value should be specially rated for the cost of that improvement in proportion to the amount of benefit derived.

8. That the "death duties" should be re-arranged so that the owners of realty shall bear a fair share of public burdens, and that a portion of these additional duties be allotted to local authorities.

That the London Members of Parliament be requested to receive a Deputation of the Vestry, asking them to promote a Bill embodying these principles.

^{Water Supply.} In the last Annual Report it was reported that the Select Committee of the House of Commons had thrown out the Bill promoted by the Vestry and District Boards of the Metropolis, for placing the Water Supply of the Metropolis and the adjoining Districts under the control of a Public Authority, and to make further provisions for such supply.

The Vestry declined to grant a further sum of £100 for furthering such Bill then before the Select Committee of the House of Commons.

A letter was received from the Executive Committee of the Vestries and District Boards, asking the Vestry to further consider the matter, and regretting the withdrawal at this stage, of the Vestry representing so large a parish as Camberwell, and one, moreover, whose representative (Mr. Goddard Clarke) had taken so lively an interest in the measure, and so materially assisted the Executive Committee in their deliberations.

A letter was also received from the Parliamentary Department of the London County Council, again drawing the attention of the Vestry to the subject of the Metropolis Water Supply, stating that the policy advocated on behalf

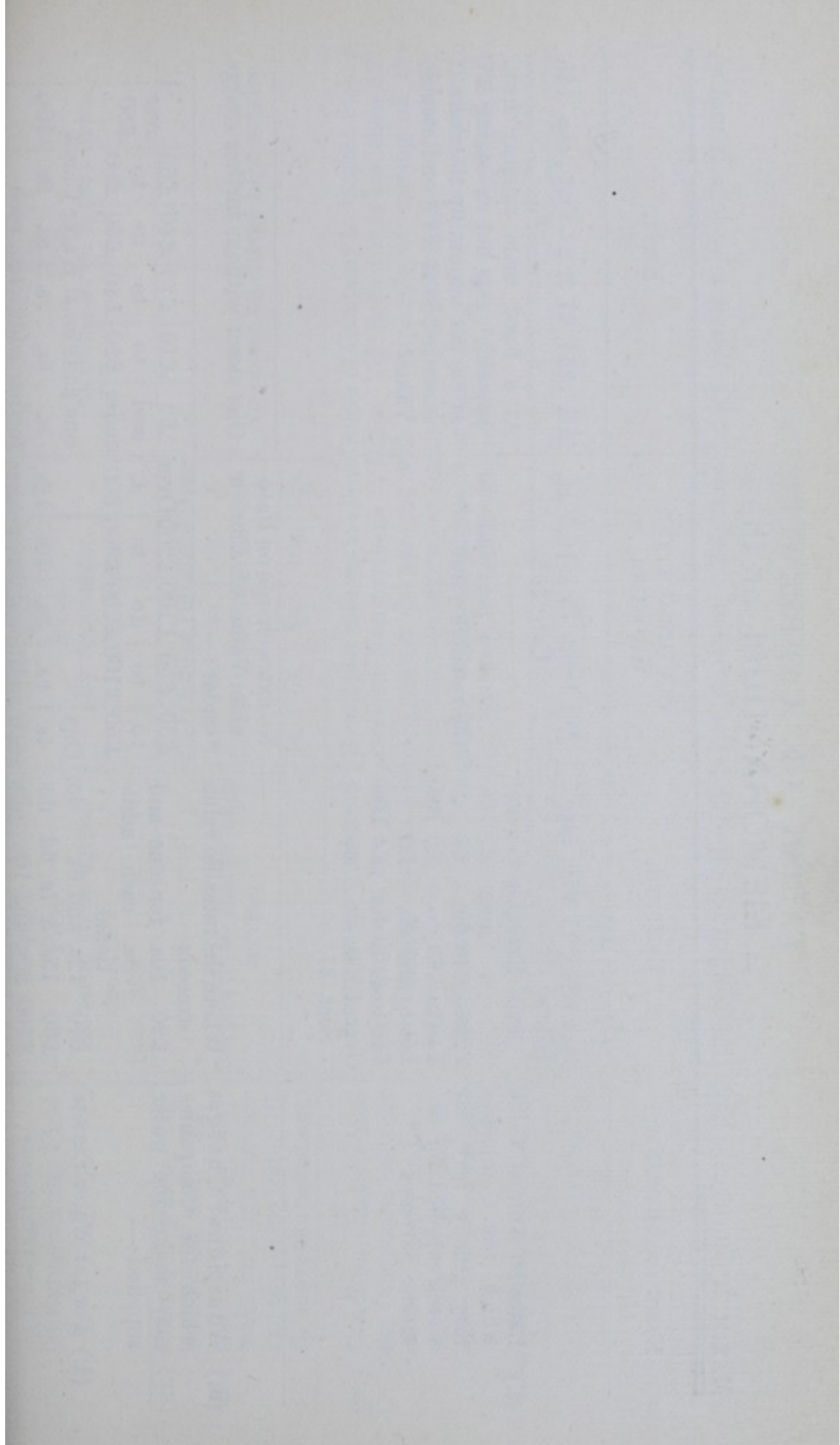
of the Council as indicated in the heads of the proposals, had received a large measure of support from Districts outside the Council of London, and that the Council wished to be in a position to lay before the Select Committee of Parliament the definite views of the Vestries and District Boards of London.

A letter was received from the Vestry of St. James', Westminster, enclosing copy of a letter they had addressed to the President of the Local Government Board, objecting to the 48th Clause of the London County Council (General Powers Bill) by which the London County Council seek power to expend an unlimited sum of money in further enquiries and negotiations relating to the Supply of Water in London and neighbouring Counties, to Companies having powers of such supply, and to the undertakings of such Companies.

The Vestry resolved not to agree with the objections of the Vestry of St. James', Westminster, but were in favour of the course proposed by the London County Council.

On the 16th March, 1892, the Vestry appointed a Special Committee of 12 Members to ascertain what charges the various Companies supplying the Parish with water were legally entitled to make, and to report in detail to the Vestry.

The Special Committee appointed Mr. Seth Coward as Chairman, and submitted to the Vestry a Memorandum showing the maximum charges which the various Companies supplying the Parish with water were legally entitled to make.



PARISH OF CAMBERWELL. MEMORANDUM of the

MAXIMUM CHARGES which the Companies supplying the Parish of Camberwell with Water may legally make.

NAME OF COMPANY.	LAMBETH.	SOUTHWARK AND VAUXHALL.	KENT.
(i.) Rates on Annual Value which the Companies may legally levy for water supplied for domestic purposes.	Act 1848, 11 Vict. cap. 7. Below ———— £20 Rateable Per cent. Value. £7 10s. £20 to £40 do. £7 £40 to £60 do. £6 10s. £60 to £80 do. £6 £80 to £100 do. £5 10s. Over £100 do. £5 Sect. 37.	Act 1852, 15 & 16 Vict. Cap. 158. At five per cent. on the rateable value.	Act 1864, 27 & 28 Vict, cap. 146. At a fixed scale ranging from rateable value not exceeding £7 at 8s. per annum up to where it exceeds £95 at 4% on Rateable Value.
(ii.) Additional Charges which the Companies may make for water supplied:— (1.) For (a) Water Closets	Where the rateable value exceeds £20 10s. for one and 5s. each additional £40 12s. and 6s. do. £60 15s. & 7s. 6d. do. £100 20s. and 10s. do. Sec. 37.	No extra charge on Rateable Value of £30 or under:— £30 £50 £100 £200 Over to to to to £ £50 £100 £200 £300 300 One 4s. 6s. 8s. 10s. 12s. each additional water closet 2s. 3s. 4s. 5s. 6s.	One closet without further charge. £9 £10 £20 £40 £60 over and to to to to £80 under £20 £40 £60 £80 one additional Water Closet 5s. 6s. 7s. 8s. 8s. 10s. further additional, each 5s. 5s. 5s. 5s. 5s. 5s.) one fixed bath 2s. 2s. 2s.

(2.) For Public Purposes (a) Watering Streets (b) Flushing Sewers (c) Extinguishing Fires (3.) For Trade Purposes	At terms to be agreed up on between Local Authorities and Companies. “ Waterworks Clauses Act, 1847. Sect. 37.” Do. Free. At terms to be agreed upon. Sect. 38.	Do. Free. By Agreement. Also by Meter.	Do. Free. At terms to be agreed upon.										
(iii.) Charges which the Southwark and Vauxhall Company may make for High Service i.e., supplying water 10 ft. above the pavement.	No power to charge high service.	<table><tr><td>£30 to £50</td><td>£50 to £100</td><td>£100 to £200</td><td>£200 to £300</td><td>Over £300</td></tr><tr><td>4s.</td><td>6s.</td><td>8s.</td><td>10s.</td><td>12s.</td></tr></table>	£30 to £50	£50 to £100	£100 to £200	£200 to £300	Over £300	4s.	6s.	8s.	10s.	12s.	No power to charge high service.
£30 to £50	£50 to £100	£100 to £200	£200 to £300	Over £300									
4s.	6s.	8s.	10s.	12s.									
(iv.) Conditions under which the Companies may cut off the supply and the charges which may be made for re-instating it.	Where water is misused ; if occupier refuses to allow Officer of Company to inspect fittings between 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. ; and for Non-payment of Rates. If Rate due is less than £20 the Company may in addition recover the amount with the expenses of cutting off the supply and costs of recovering the rate before the Justices, and also charge for re-instating. The Company must furnish the supply on payment or tendering of a quarter's rate in advance. “ Waterworks Clauses Acts. The Companies' Private Acts and the Metropolis Water Act, 1871.”												

Rateable Value :—The figures in the Rateable Columns of the Valuation List are conclusive as to the annual value of premises in the Parish, and this is the amount given on the Demand Notes for Parish Rates.

As to what fittings can be required, and under what circumstances, see Metropolis Water Act, 1871, and Regulations made under that Act, which may be seen at the Vestry Hall, or copies obtained at One Penny each from Messrs. Eyre and Spottiswoode.

In cases where a constant supply is to be provided, “every communication pipe for the conveyance of water to be supplied by the Company into any premises, shall have at or near its point of entrance into such premises, and if desired by the consumer *within* such premises a sound and suitable stop-valve of the screw down kind.” (See Clause 12 of the above-named Regulations.)

(Signed) SETH COWARD,
Chairman, Vestry Special Water Committee.

Issued by the Churchwardens and Overseers of Camberwell,
by order of the Vestry, April 13th, 1892.

The Vestry decided that such Memorandum should be printed, and that the Overseers should be requested to circulate the same with the Demand Note for rates. This was done accordingly.

The Special Committee also considered a letter from Mr. Washington Lyon, as to the action of the Kent Water Company, in regard to the opening up of public roads and pathways for the constant supply.

It was ascertained that under the present arrangements in force, each owner or occupier has to make a separate application for a license to open the ground, and pay into the Vestry a deposit of 20s. before the required work could be put in hand, and the balance (if any) of the costs of repairs, was returned to the owners.

The Committee found that the practice of the Kent Water Company was different to that of either the Lambeth, Southwark and Vauxhall, or South Metropolitan Gas Company, who make an exclusive charge to the owners for this purpose, and the Vestry execute the work and charge cost of same to the respective Companies, thus relieving the owners from the trouble of attending the Vestry Hall, and the payment of deposits.

The Surveyor at the direction of the Committee subsequently had an interview with the Secretary and Engineer of the Kent Water Company, and came to the following arrangement, of which the Vestry approve.

Kent Company Constant Supply.	That to obviate the annoyance and loss of time which has hitherto been caused by the existing arrangement, viz., that of the Ratepayers traversing
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between the Company and the Vestry, to give notice of their intention to break open the road or footway for the purposes of Constant Supply in the Kent Water Company's District, the said Company have agreed in future to give all notices on behalf of the owners or occupiers, and to pay the Vestry a uniform charge of 2s. 6d. for each opening made, whether in road or footway, in payment for subsequent repairs.

The Special Water Committee who invited, and had the advantage of the assistance of Mr. Archibald Dobbs subsequently received from him the following letter of which the Vestry ordered 1,000 copies to be printed, and copies forwarded to the Members of Parliament and London County Council for the Borough, to the Vestries and District Boards of South London, and that the ratepayers of this parish who were consumers of the Lambeth Water Company should be supplied with a copy on application.

To the Chairman and Members of the Special Water Committee of the Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell.

34, WESTBOURNE PARK, W.

19th May, 1892.

DEAR SIRS,

At the recent interview which took place in consequence of your invitation to me to attend and give information as to the charge of ten shillings for each bath made by the Lambeth Water Company, and the notices as to water rates lately issued by your Parish, a wish was expressed by some members of your Committee to take Counsel's opinion in a formal way on a case stated, in order to lay it before the

Vestry. I would suggest that what is wanted is not so much Counsel's opinion, which after all can decide and settle nothing, as a determination on the part of those who are paying or liable to pay these charges, to get the judgment of a Court of Law, on the meaning of this very badly drawn Act. But bearing in mind the great importance of a settlement of the matter, I trust that no steps may be taken unless with a determination to persist, until a final judgment is obtained. I will now do my best endeavour to place before you the grounds for forming an opinion, and the probable result of legal proceedings.

Sections 37, 38, and 39 of the Lambeth Waterworks Act, 1848, contain the law, the true meaning of which has to be ascertained. I give these Sections in full.

11 Vict., c. 7, Sects. 37-39.

(THE LAMBETH WATERWORKS ACT, 1848.)

37. And be it enacted, That the Company shall, at the request of the owner or occupier of any house or part of a house in any street within the limits of this Act in which any pipe of the Company shall be laid, or of any person who under the provisions of this Act, or any Act incorporated therewith, shall be entitled to demand a supply of water for domestic purposes, furnish to such owner or occupier or other person a sufficient supply of water for their domestic uses at the rates hereinafter specified (that is to say):—

If there be no water-closet in the dwelling house or part of the dwelling house to be supplied with water, at the following rates:—

Where the annual value of such house shall not exceed £20, at a rate per centum per annum not exceeding £7 10s. :

Where the annual value of such house shall exceed £20, but shall not exceed £40, at a rate per centum per annum not exceeding £7 :

Where such annual value shall exceed £40 but shall not exceed £60, at a rate per centum per annum not exceeding £6 10s. :

Where such annual value shall exceed £60 but shall not exceed £80, at a rate per centum per annum not exceeding £6 :

Where such annual value shall exceed £80 but shall not exceed £100, at a rate per centum per annum not exceeding £5 10s. :

And where such annual value shall exceed £100, at a rate per centum per annum not exceeding £5 :

If there be a water-closet or water-closets in such dwelling house, then in addition to the rates above specified, the following rates shall be payable (that is to say) :

Where the annual value of such dwelling-house shall exceed £20 but shall not exceed £40, a rate not exceeding 10s. per annum for one water-closet, and a further sum of 5s. for each additional water-closet :

Where the annual value of such dwelling-house shall exceed £40 but shall not exceed £60, a rate not

exceeding 12s. per annum for one water-closet, and a further sum of 6s. for each additional water-closet :

Where the annual value of such dwelling-house shall exceed £60 but shall not exceed £100, a rate not exceeding 15s. for one water-closet, and a further sum of 7s. 6d. for each additional water-closet :

And where such annual value shall exceed £100, at a rate not exceeding 20s. for one water-closet, and a further sum of 10s. for each additional water-closet.

38. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Company to supply any person or body within the limits of this Act with water to be used within the limits aforesaid for other than domestic purposes at such rent and upon such terms and conditions as shall be agreed upon between the Company and the person or body desirous of having such supply of water.

39. And be it enacted, That a supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for baths, horses, cattle, or for washing carriages, or for any trade or business whatsoever."

The 37th Section enacts that the payment of water-rates, which are not to exceed certain specified percentages, is to secure to dwelling-house holders a sufficient supply of water for domestic purposes or uses.

Section 38 provides for the supply of water for other purposes, and the way in which provision is made is by em-

powering the Company to supply at a rent and on conditions to be agreed between the Company and the householder, but in the event of the two parties being unable to come to an agreement no machinery is provided for obtaining an agreement, and no alternative proposed, or umpire appointed.

Section 39 is the Section to which our attention is particularly directed.

Your Committee will at once perceive that the question is of very great importance, and affects the Company and all persons using or requiring supplies for the purposes mentioned in Section 39.

The first point which calls for remark is that this Act has been drafted with culpable vagueness, and passed with carelessness of the great interests involved. The language is loose where strict accuracy is required, and there are no definitions of the meaning of the words used, while in many cases the most important words have enlarged or contracted meanings, and the rights and powers conferred will be quite different according to the meaning which may be decided to be the true one.

The next point is that the state of things existing at the passing of the Act is separated by an immense interval from the state of things existing at present. Houses by the 37th Section are divided into two classes:—those without water-closets, and those which have water-closets, and the former class is regarded as the most numerous, as we also know to have been the fact, whereas now by the 37th Section of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, re-enacting certain provisions in the Sewers Acts, the building

or re-building houses without sufficient water-closet accommodation is made penal, and baths which are now common were then being introduced. In fact, we have to see how an Act which is really obsolete in its structure and the sanitary requirements contemplated by it, is to be made to fit in with the requirements and conditions of to-day.

It is extremely difficult to form any idea as to the precise meaning of the words used in Section 39 :—"That a supply of water for domestic purposes *shall not include a supply of water* for baths, &c., &c." The words are not, That a supply of water for domestic purposes *shall not be used* for baths, &c., &c.; but if the words used have any meaning the Act appears to contemplate two or more *supplies*, and it is difficult to understand clearly exactly what is prohibited.

The interpretation which the Company appears to put upon the Act, places the public at the mercy of the Company, for there appears to be no power in the Act to compel supply for any except for domestic purposes: while to adopt a construction which admits that the Company has been given a statutory right to prohibit the use of baths, or even of fixed baths in dwelling houses supplied by them, must startle medical officers and sanitary reformers.

There are, in my opinion, two ways of regarding the 39th Section; one way—and that favoured by the Company—is to regard it as a definition of domestic purposes, indirectly and negatively. That is to say, baths and bath supplies wherever found, stable and coach-house supplies wherever found, are excluded from domestic supplies, and must be paid for in addition.

The other way, and although it is not the view which would be taken at first sight, still, I am of opinion it is the true view, and the only way to avoid a construction which lands us in an absurdity, is to regard the legislature as having in Section 37, employed the words "domestic purposes," "domestic uses," and "sufficient supply," in connection with dwelling houses, as co-extensive with family supply, supply to residences, supply for household use, as such use and supply should exist from time to time, and using common and familiar words in their common and familiar meaning.

Then Section 39 would enact that supplies which were really, and in fact, trade or business supplies, and which were not for domestic purposes, or household or family use in reality, should not become domestic, and be included under the domestic rates or rates for domestic supply, merely because they happened to be used in connection with a dwelling house.

If, therefore, a bath or baths used for purposes of letting and of profit, and by others than the family of the dwelling house holder, are found in a dwelling house, payment must be made for them, or their business or trade use abandoned; and if a man keeps a carriage or vehicle and horses for trade or business, he is to pay, although the stable and coach-house may be connected with and used with his dwelling house; but if the carriage and horse is for private or family use, and not for trade or business, no extra charge, other than the increased annual value of the premises is to be made.

The intention of the Section then would be, that

ordinary and usual domestic or household or family supplies shall not be used for purposes which are really and in fact not domestic or family, but business or trade, merely because they are used in a dwelling house.

The Company print at the foot of their demand notes the following words:—"The charge for Baths is 10s. each," and then claim payment for all fixed baths. It however appears to me that if the true construction of the Section gives them a right to charge for baths, it gives them a right to charge for all baths, and not merely for baths which are fixed. They print Sections 37 and 39, and ignore the agreement Section (38) altogether. If they have a right to charge ten shillings, they have a right to charge twice ten, or ten times ten shillings. That is to say, if this construction is true, they have the *right* to charge prohibitory rates for baths, as well as for horses, cattle, washing carriages, and for trade and business supplies.

If the construction adopted by the Lambeth Company is the true one, the Act should be at once repealed. If this construction is wrong, then illegal rates have been enforced for a considerable time for baths and for horses and carriages in private use.

I am, Dear Sirs,

Yours very faithfully,

ARCHIBALD E. DOBBS.

The Vestry also passed the following resolution:—

"That this Vestry is of opinion that any Ratepayer who is improperly dealt with by any of the Water

Companies, should be assisted by the Vestry with Public Funds in his opposition to the Companies."

Ownerless
Land.

The Vestry approved of the following resolution of the Board of Works for the Limehouse District:—

"That having regard to the fact that there are in the district several plots of land, with or without houses thereon, for which no owners can be found, and which are used for such purposes as to cause them to be nuisances to the neighbourhood, the London County Council be asked to obtain Parliamentary powers to enable the Local Authority to take possession of such land and houses for the benefit of the Ratepayers."

Snow Removal
from Footways.

The Vestry received from the Vestry of Paddington the following copy of resolutions passed at the Conference on this subject held on Wednesday, 27th April last:—

"That this Conference is of opinion that Sect 29 of the Public Health Act, 1891, which directs the Sanitary Authorities to cleanse the footways, should be amended so as not to include the removal of Snow, the Conference believing that Snow Removal from footways can be more readily, economically, and efficiently carried out by occupiers than by Sanitary Authorities, and that, moreover, the Removal of Snow should be made compulsory on occupiers under a recoverable penalty, and in cases of unoccupied property, tene-

ments, or public buildings, the same duties and obligations should devolve upon the owners thereof."

The Vestry ordered the letter to be received.

Lordship Lane
Paving.

The Vestry, by resolution of the 28th January, 1891, ordered the paving with Asphalte of the foot-paths of Lordship Lane from the part already paved, under the 105th Section, to and opposite Woodward Road, and apportioned the cost upon the owners abutting. The road was a highway of the parish and had always been repaired by the parish, but inasmuch as many houses had been erected on the west side and many improvements made, it was contended it had become a New Street as defined by the Metropolis Management Act.

A Deputation of the Owners of the land abutting, attended a Vestry and presented a Memorial :—

The Memorialists, "while denying firmly and absolutely any such liability on their part and solely with a view to save litigation," make the following suggestions :—

- (1.) That the tar-paving already laid down by the Vestry on the foot-path on the east side should not be taken up.
- (2.) That tar-paving be laid down by the Vestry on the foot-path on the west side, and on such part of the foot-path on the east side, where such tar-paving does not already exist.
- (3.) In consideration whereof your Memorialists would be willing to contribute their fair proportion of the expense of laying down such new tar-paving, and that your Surveyor be

directed to make out a new apportionment charging all the Owners affected by the paving notices accordingly.

A Deputation from the Dulwich Watch Committee also attended in support of the following resolution as to paving Lordship Lane:—

“That this Committee learn with astonishment and regret that the Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell, notwithstanding their resolution that the paving of that portion of Lordship Lane, from Townley Road to Woodward Road, and from Heber Road to the Plough should be executed at the expense of the owners of the property abutting on and adjoining that portion of the said thoroughfare, at their meeting on Wednesday, the 28th of October, 1891, referred the question back to the General Purposes Committee, and directed that in the meantime the legal proceedings commenced for the recovery for the same should be stayed, and respectfully request the Vestry to receive a Deputation of this Committee and Ratepayers upon the said subject.”

A Special Vestry was subsequently convened to rescind the resolution of the Vestry taking to this portion of Lordship Lane, but the proposal was negatived.

Summonses were heard against the Owners, when an Order was made by the Magistrate sitting at the Lambeth Police Court, for payment of the amount apportioned, and awarding Costs to the Vestry.

A letter dated 4th December, 1891, was received from Plumstead Vestry, enclosing copy

of resolution in favour of the action of the London County Council, in desiring that a portion of the cost of Metropolitan Improvements should fall upon the Owners who materially benefit thereby, the principle being a fair and just one.

The Vestry heartily concurred with such resolution.

In answer to a question by Mr. W. Jackson, of the Churchwardens and Overseers, in the Vestry, the following Return was made, showing the total amount of property under compound in each Ward, with the per centage allowed to owners :—

SUMMARY OF PROPERTY UNDER COMPOUND.

Ward.	25 per cent.		20 per cent.		15 per cent.	
	No. of houses.	Rateable Value.	No. of houses.	Rateable Value.	No. of houses.	Rateable Value.
1	2,388	32,752	433	5,453	—	—
2	1,202	14,202	63	1,096	1	20
2A	953	15,600	187	3,266	1	20
3	1,454	18,883	88	1,641	6	120
4	1,564	21,950	30	713	3	60
4A	1,188	14,394	211	4,950	4	80
5	1,385	20,220	120	2,095	3	53
5A	1,255	16,817	135	1,853	—	—
Ham.	162	2,215	4	80	95	1,820
Ham.A	297	4,799	80	1,415	11	210
C.D.	984	13,027	873	2,929	3	57
Dul.	56	537	—	—	—	—
	12,888	175,396	1,52	25,491	127	2,440

	Houses.	R.V.
Total No. of Houses and Rateable Value at 25 %	12,888	175,396
Total No. of Houses and Rateable Value at 20 %	1,524	25,491
Total No. of Houses and Rateable Value at 15 %	127	2,440
Grand Total at all per centages ..	<u>£14,539</u>	<u>£203,327</u>

Open Spaces
By-Laws. The following By-laws were made and confirmed by the Home Secretary.

THE VESTRY OF THE PARISH OF CAMBERWELL, IN THE
COUNTY OF LONDON.

BY-LAWS for the Regulation of Camberwell Green, and the Churchyard of St. George's, Camberwell, in the said County.

1. Camberwell Green shall be open every day throughout the year, from seven o'clock in the morning until sunset, and St. George's Churchyard from eight o'clock in the morning until sunset.

2. The acts and things specified in the following clauses, numbered (1) to (10) respectively, are hereby prohibited in or upon either Camberwell Green or St. George's Churchyard, in the said County (hereinafter called "the said open spaces"), and are declared to be offences pursuant to the Metropolitan Open Spaces Act, 1881.

- (1.) Removing or injuring any of the monuments, walls, vaults, railings, seats, gates, lamp-posts, notice boards, or other matters or things in the said open spaces, defacing or disfiguring the same by the posting of bills, placards, or notices, or by writing, stamping, cutting, printing, drawing or marking in any manner.
- (2.) Cutting, digging up, felling, burning, plucking, breaking, climbing up or upon or otherwise doing damage or injury to the trees, shrubs, flowers, grass, fern or turf, in the said open spaces, or walking or standing upon the grass, turf, or beds.
- (3.) Committing any nuisance in the said open spaces against the walls, fences, or railings thereof.
- (4.) Firing guns or pistols, loitering with firearms, or throwing stones or other missiles, or do anything which may endanger the public, or be deemed a nuisance, or an obstruction or annoyance to the public, or gambling, betting, or playing with cards or dice in the said open spaces.
- (5.) Brawling, fighting, quarrelling, cursing, swearing, or using indecent or improper language, or otherwise disorderly in the said open spaces, or wilfully or designedly doing any act which outrages public decency.
- (6.) Being within either of the said open spaces before the gates are open in the morning or

after the gates are closed in the evenings or climbing on or over the walls, fences or railings

- (7.) Taking any dog or dogs not being led by a chain or string or other sufficient fastening into the said open spaces.
- (8.) Bringing any horse, ass, or mule, or any cart, carriage, velocipede, bicycle, tricycle, hoop, or truck, or other vehicle (except perambulators and wheeled chairs), into the said open spaces or drawing or driving perambulators or wheeled chairs on or across the turf or flower beds, or among the shrubs.
- (9.) Selling any article in the said open spaces without a written order of the Clerk of the Vestry of the Parish of Camberwell.
- (10.) Holding or inviting persons to hold or assemble at any meeting within the said open spaces, for discussion of any subjects political, religious, or otherwise, or addressing or preaching to any body or number of persons assembled thereon except such religious services as may be held under authority of the Vicar of the said Church of St. George's, Camberwell, for the time being conducted on the steps next the gravel sweep on the west of the said Church.

3. Any persons committing any of the offences mentioned in these By-laws shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings.

4. The Superintendent and any Officer of the Vestry and any Police Constable are authorised to remove from the said grounds any person infringing any of the above By-Laws.

5. If any person assault or resist, or aid, or incite any person to assault or resist any Officer of the Vestry or other person in the execution of his duty, or other lawful exercise of any authority under any of the foregoing By-laws, he shall for every such offence be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding Forty Shillings.

6. Nothing in these By-laws shall interfere with the powers of the Metropolitan Police, or any authority legally existing for preventing or punishing offences, or with the power of the Vestry as having the control of the said open spaces.

Note.—Persons committing offences against Vagrant Acts, the Larceny Acts, 1861, the Malicious Injury to Property Act, and the Metropolitan Police Act, 1839, are liable to immediate apprehension without warrant.

School Board Divisions. Report of Delegates to Conference held at St. Pancras, of Vestries and District Boards of the Metropolis, as to School Board Electoral Divisions. Messrs. Coote, Shapland, and Whiteley (Delegates) attended.

The following Resolutions were adopted:—

1. That in the opinion of this Conference the Electoral Divisions for the School Board for London should be the Parliamentary Divisions; that cumulative voting should be abolished, and that

there should be one Member of the Board for each of such Divisions.

2. That existing vacancies in the School Board should be filled up by the Ratepayers in the ordinary way, and not as at present by the Members of the Board.
3. That the Education Department be asked to receive a Deputation from the Conference with a view of urging upon Her Majesty's Government the necessity of dealing with this question forthwith.
4. That the Delegates now present and any other Delegates appointed by any Vestry or District Board approving of the views of this Conference be invited to attend the Deputation to the Education Department, if such Department consent to receive the same, and further, that all Members of Parliament representing Metropolitan Constituences be invited to join such Deputation.

The Public Health (London) Act, 1891
Public Health Act, 1891. which came into force on the 1st January, 1892 imposed additional duties on the Vestry as the Camberwell Sanitary Authority, the Bill for which, was referred to in the last Report.

The following Report of the Vestry Clerk to the Planning and Scavenging Committee of Camberwell, was received by the Vestry :—

GENTLEMEN,

The above Act which came into operation on the 1st January, 1892, makes the Vestry the Sanitary Authority for Camberwell, and throws the duty of removing and disposing of house or street refuse upon the Sanitary Authority. If in carrying out such duties, the Sanitary Authority create any nuisance, they are made liable like any other person who carries on an offensive trade, but in such a case, the duty of making complaint against the Sanitary Authority falls on the County Council. In the past, the duty of seeing that the footways and water courses adjoining their premises were swept and cleansed, was thrown on owners and occupiers. But the law is now completely changed, and the Sanitary Authority are substituted for the occupiers or owners. In addition, they have to keep those streets in their districts, which are repairable by the inhabitants at large, cleared and free from street refuse, and neglect of this duty is visited by a fine not exceeding £20, which is to be paid to the County Council.

Besides seeing that the streets are kept in a proper state, the Sanitary Authority must also make provision for the periodical removal of house refuse from the premises within their district, as well as the due cleaning of closets and privies. Due notice of the times of such removal and cleansing must be given, and if the Sanitary Authority fail to come at the time appointed, an occupier is authorized to serve a notice requiring them to perform their duty, which must be done within 48 hours after service, or a penalty not exceeding £20 will be incurred.

Express power is given to Sanitary Authorities to

employ a sufficient number of scavengers to enable them to do all that is necessary for the removal of house and street refuse, and for the proper cleansing out of closets and privies. House refuse must be removed gratuitously, and the demand of any fee for work of this kind by any employe of a Sanitary Authority, or of any contractor with a Sanitary Authority, renders the person so offending, liable to a fine not exceeding 20s.

Only the Sanitary Authority, their contractors or servants, are authorised to collect or carry away house or street refuse. This refuse is the property of the Sanitary Authority.

If the Sanitary Authority make default to remove house refuse for seven days after the proper time for doing so, the occupier of premises may give away or sell his house refuse at discretion, in all other cases, the person receiving, carrying away, or collecting house or street refuse, is liable to a fine not exceeding £5.

In connection with the subject of the removal of house refuse, it is important to note the case of the Vestry of St. Martins *v.* Gordon (The Metropole case) by which clinkers produced in the furnace of boilers of a steam engine used to drive dynamos for the purpose of lighting an hotel with electric light, were held not to be *trade* refuse. The expression, "house refuse," now means, ashes, cinders, breeze, rubbish, night soil and filth, but does not include *trade* refuse. The right of the Sanitary Authority to *collect* will only arise where the owner has no use for the articles except as rubbish. If he can put them to any use, either where they are produced, or on other premises, he may do so without becoming liable to any penalty.

The term "trade refuse," now means, the refuse of any trade, manufacture, or business, or of any building materials. This must be carefully distinguished from house refuse. An owner or occupier of premises may require a Sanitary Authority to remove trade refuse, and they will be obliged to do so: but this service can only be required on payment of a reasonable sum, to be settled in case of dispute by a Petty Sessional Court. The distinction between house and trade refuse is by no means an easy one, and has in the past, given rise to a great deal of dispute.

It is in the discretion of Sanitary Authorities to extend their duties as scavengers to the collection and removal of manure from any stables or cow-houses within their district, the occupiers of which signify their consent to such removal. But this consent must not be withdrawn without a month's previous notice, and the fact that a Sanitary Authority have undertaken the removal of manure is not to remove anybody from their liabilities for allowing dung and other matters of that kind to be placed on footways or carriage ways or to cause a nuisance, or be dangerous or injurious to health.

The Sanitary Authority are required to make By-Laws (*a*) for the prevention of nuisances arising from any snow, ice, salt, dust, ashes, rubbish, offal, carrion, fish, filth, or other matter or thing in any street, and for other purposes which do not come under the jurisdiction of the Plant and Scavenging Committee.

By Section 39 (1) (*b*) the Vestry is appointed the Sanitary Authority, but by Sub-Section (3) the purposes for which a Committee of a Vestry or District Board may be appointed under the Metropolis Management Act, 1855,

and the Acts amending the same shall include the purposes of this Act, and the provisions of these Acts with respect to Committees shall apply accordingly, the following are the provisions referred to of the Act 18 and 19 Vict. cap. 120:—

“Section 58. It shall be lawful for the Metropolitan Board of Works and the Board of Works for any district, and such Vestry respectively, to appoint a Committee or Committees for, and purposes which in the discretion of the Board or Vestry would be better regulated and managed by means of such Committee, and at any meeting to continue, alter, or discontinue such Committee, provided always that the acts of every such Committee shall be submitted to the general body of the Board or Vestry appointing such Committee for their approval.”

By-law 24 of the Vestry appointed and defined the powers and duties of the Plant and Scavenging Committee, and I now recommend that the Vestry be asked to pass the following resolution, in order that your Committee may have power to carry out their duties under the Public Health (London) Act, 1891.

The Committee having adopted such Report, recommended:—

“That the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, which came into force on the 1st day of January, 1892, having repealed certain of the provisions of the Metropolis Local Management Act, 1855, and the Acts amending the same as to the removal of Dust, street scavenging and cleansing, under which your Committee act, and having also made fresh enactments relating thereto, it is necessary and expedient that the Vestry being the Sanitary Authority for Camberwell under the above Act, should and do hereby

appoint the Plant and Scavenging Committee, in accordance and in exercise of the power given by such Act, the Committee to enquire into all questions of the removal and collection of dust, scavenging and watering, and to have the management and control of all the men, horses, stables, shoots, barges, carts, and machinery connected therewith, to purchase horses, fodder, tools, and materials required, and from time to time report thereon to the Vestry, and that such Plant and Scavenging Committee may serve and receive notices, take proceedings, and empower any officer of the Authority to make complaints and take proceedings in their behalf, and otherwise to execute the Act."

The following Report from the Vestry Clerk was also submitted to the Vestry by the Sewers and Sanitary Committee :—

"The Medical Officer of Health having reported to your Committee in a Report dated the 12th day of October, 1891, fully upon the Sanitary provisions contained in the above Act, it becomes my duty to point out to the Committee the necessity of the Vestry as the Sanitary Authority for Camberwell authorising the Sewers and Sanitary Committee to serve and receive notices, take proceedings and empower any officer of the authority to make complaints, and take proceedings in their behalf, and otherwise to execute the Act, so far as the duties of your Committee are regulated by By-law 22 of the Vestry, and in pursuance thereof I recommend that the Vestry be asked to pass the hereunder written resolution."

The Committee having adopted such report, recommended

"That the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, which

came into force on the 1st January, 1892, having repealed as set out in the Fourth Schedule of such Act certain enactments under which the Sewers and Sanitary Committee were appointed by the Vestry to act, the Vestry now being the Sanitary Authority for Camberwell, as defined by the said Act, and in exercise of the powers given therein, do hereby appoint the Sewers and Sanitary Committee the Committee to enquire into all questions of drainage, sewerage, sanitary improvements, removal of nuisances, all references from the London County Council relating to sewerage, to carry out the provisions of all Acts of Parliament relating to Public Health and Adulteration, and by-laws made or hereafter to be made under the provisions of the said Act, purchase all materials and tools for carrying out such Acts, by-laws and works under their control, and that such Sewers and Sanitary Committee may serve and receive notices, take proceedings, and empower any officer of the Authority to make complaints and take proceedings in their behalf, and otherwise to execute the Act, and that they from time to time shall report thereon to the Vestry."

Upon the motion of Mr. Wallace, seconded by Mr. Shapland, the Vestry appointed a Special Committee to enquire into the new duties sought to be imposed on the Committees.

By resolution of the Vestry of the 3rd February, 1892, the powers of the Special Committee were extended, and they were empowered to enquire into and report upon the duties of the various standing Committees of the Vestry.

A Report of such Special Committee was subsequently received, and the following recommendations were adopted

at a Special Vestry convened for the purpose on 17th February, 1892 :—

That three Standing Committees be elected, by this Vestry forthwith and subsequently annually in the month of June, to be called the Public Health Committee, the General Purposes Committee, and the Finance, Law, and Parliamentary Committee, and that such Committees consist of the following number of members with their respective duties as under :—

Public Health Committee. “22. A Committee to be called the Public Health Committee shall be elected by this Vestry forthwith and subsequently annually in the month of June, consisting of thirty-four Members from the several Wards, in the following proportions :—

Wards 1, 2, & 3	...	5 Members each.
Wards 4 & 5	... ..	6 „ „
Ward 6	... ..	7 „

The Committee shall enquire into all questions of Drainage, Sewerage, Sanitary Improvements, Removal of Nuisances, Removal of Dust, Scavenging, and Watering, and shall have the management and control of all the Men, Horses, Stables, Shoots, Barges, Carts, and Machinery connected therewith ; all references from the London County Council relating to Sewerage ; shall carry out the provisions of all Acts of Parliament relating to the Public Health, and Adulteration of Food and Drugs ; purchase all horses, fodder, materials, and tools required for carrying out such Acts and works under their control ; and serve and receive notices, take proceedings and empower any officer of the Sanitary Authority to make complaints, and take proceedings in that behalf, and otherwise execute the Public Health (London) Act ; also to

authorise the Medical Officer, the Chief Sanitary Inspector and any of the other Sanitary Inspectors, to give the necessary Certificates, under Clause 48 of the Act, as to the supply of water to new Dwelling houses: to authorise the Medical Officer, the Chief Sanitary Inspector, and all other Sanitary Inspectors not to include the Assistant Sanitary Inspectors to examine or enter any premises under Section 115 of the Act; and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.

General
Purposes
Committee. 23. A Committee to be called the General Purposes Committee shall be elected by this Vestry forthwith and subsequently annually in the month of June, consisting of twenty-two Members from the several Wards, in the following proportions:—

Wards 1, 2, & 3	...	3 Members each.
Wards 4 & 5	... ..	4 „ „
Ward 6	... ..	5 „

which shall enquire into all questions of Paving, Lighting, and General Purposes, and the references from the London County Council under the Metropolitan Building Acts; and the Committee shall superintend the execution of such works, purchase all necessary materials and tools, and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.

Finance, Law, &
Parliamentary
Committee. 25. A Committee to be called the Finance, Law, and Parliamentary Committee shall be elected by this Vestry forthwith and subsequently annually in the month of June, to consist of twenty-eight Members from the several Wards in the following proportions:—

Wards 1, 2, & 3	...	4 Members each.
Wards 4 & 5	... ..	5 „ „
Ward 6	... ..	6 „

which shall enquire into all questions of Finance, Law, and Parliamentary business, exercise general supervision over the staff at the Vestry Hall, except those under the direction of the Health Department, collect Paving expenses for New Streets, and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.

That no alteration be made in the Educational Endowments Committee.

That the By-laws of the Vestry be re-numbered accordingly.

That the Vestry at its next Meeting do proceed to the Election of Members of the three Standing Committees to commence their duties forthwith and serve until re-election in the month of June next.

Vestry v
Neall.

The Vestry Clerk reported that the Action brought by Mr. Neall against the Vestry and Mr. Myring the Contractor, to recover Compensation for trespass in cutting off the drain of his house, No. 24, De Crespigny Park (being a combined drainage for Mr. Neall's and the adjoining house, No. 26), to which the Vestry pleaded leave and license had been heard before Mr. Justice Grantham and a Jury. The trial occupied the whole of the day. The Judge summed up strongly in favour of the Vestry and Mr. Myring; the Jury, however, after an absence of upwards of an hour and a half, awarded the Plaintiff ten pounds damages as against the Vestry; and as to Mr. Myring, they found that the five pounds which had been paid into Court by him for the removal of a water pipe was sufficient. The Verdict, therefore, was for Mr. Myring, with costs, to be taxed on the increased scale, and

paid by the Plaintiff. As against the Vestry, the Costs to be on the County Court scale, and paid by the Vestry.

The Vestry considered the reference to them <sup>Markets,
Costermongers.</sup> of a letter from the Clerk to the County Council stating that the Council is authorised to prosecute and conduct inquiries and negotiations relative to existing markets and market rights, and the expediency of establishing new markets in or near the County of London. The letter is accompanied by questions asking for information and suggestions as to the markets and unauthorised markets in this Parish.

The following answers were approved by the Vestry, and forwarded to the Council :—

QUESTION.	ANSWER.
AUTHORISED MARKETS.	None exist, but the Vestry would be pleased to have the power of establishing Authorised Markets in the Parish of Camberwell.
UNAUTHORISED MARKETS.	
Particulars of unauthorised or street markets in the district.	Costermongers barrows at regulated distances of four feet apart in some thoroughfares, excepting south side of High Street, Peckham, and Rye Lane.
Are these markets or any of them a cause of nuisance, either by interfering with traffic or otherwise?	Not when regulated. A special street keeper is kept for this duty alone.

QUESTION.	ANSWER.
<p>Should they continue as now, or should some other accommodation be provided, and, if so, where ?</p>	<p>No complaints are now received as to the costermongers in the public streets. In my opinion the costermongers and the public would not go to any special market; they prefer to do all their marketing in public thoroughfares.</p>
<p>Would there be any difficulty in moving the stalls from their present standing to any specially provided place ?</p>	<p>Yes; they would <i>not</i> go willingly.</p>
<p>Are the tradesmen having shops adjacent to the present unauthorised markets in favour of retaining or removing these markets ?</p>	<p>Yes ; no complaints are now received from tradesmen under the existing arrangement which is a compromise after a conference between the tradesmen and costermongers.</p>
<p>Any other information or suggestions relating to the unauthorised markets of the district.</p>	

QUESTION.	ANSWER.
<p>If the unauthorised markets be continued—</p> <p>(a) Should they be limited to vendors of perishable articles of food only?</p> <p>(b) Should they be limited to vendors who are resident in the district?</p> <p>(c) Should such vendors be registered or licensed?</p>	<p>Yes, <i>certainly</i>.</p> <p>Yes.</p> <p>Yes; it would be a great help, and a small charge for clearing their trade refuse should also be made payable (for each barrow) to the Sanitary Authority.</p>

Buildings in
London.

The Vestry considered a letter from the President of the Local Government Board enclosing draft of a Bill which had been prepared for the purpose of consolidating the enactments relating to the construction and use of Buildings in London, and asking to be furnished with any observations or suggestions which the Vestry may desire to offer on the draft Bill as a Consolidation Bill.

The Vestry referred the same to the General Purposes Committee, who appointed a Sub-Committee consisting of Messrs. Wilkins, Hichisson & Tomkins to consider the various Sections of this Consolidation Bill, and received from them a Report suggesting the following amendments:—

PROPOSED CLAUSE.	OBSERVATION OR SUGGESTED AMENDMENT.
<p>14. (i.) Every arch under any public way* shall be formed of brick, stone, or other incombustible materials.</p>	<p>(i.) No arch shall be constructed under any public way without permission of the Local Authority.</p> <p>To add the words after “way,” * “which may have been permitted.”</p> <p>(1) and (2) to be (2) and (3.)</p>
<p>15. (ii.) Permits shop fronts in less than 30 feet streets to project 5 inches and cornice 13 inches, in 30 feet or over to project 10 inches and cornice 18 inches.</p>	<p>That this legalizes obstructions over the public way.</p>
<p>16. (c.) If any building in one occupation is divided into two or more tenements, each having* a separate entrance and staircase or a separate</p>	<p>To add the word after “having,” * “only.”</p> <p>NOTE.—There are some houses having a separate entrance in rear, with stairs</p>

PROPOSED CLAUSE.	OBSERVATION OR SUGGESTED AMENDMENT.
<p>entrance from without, every such tenement shall be deemed to be a separate building for the purposes of this Act.</p>	<p>to first storey, and a separate entrance in rear for ground storey, but having also a front common entrance with stairs from hall to first floor.</p>
<p>16. (ii.) (A.) The said provision shall not apply to any building to be used wholly for the manufacture of the* machinery and boilers *of steam vessels beyond the distance of three miles from St. Paul's Cathedral.</p>	<p>To omit the word "the" before "machinery" and to omit the words "of steam vessels."</p>
<p>18. Provides rules as to open spaces near dwelling-houses.</p>	<p>NOTE.—It should be clear that the space of 100 square feet should be left open from the ground upward, and that there be the additional space from the first floor upward.</p>
<p>(ii.) Every building which is erected* on a site not previously occupied, etc.</p>	<p>To add the words after "erected," *"or begun to be erected since the 19th June, 1892."</p>

PROPOSED CLAUSE.	OBSERVATION OR SUGGESTED AMENDMENT.
<p>30. Power of entry upon buildings or work for District Surveyor and penalties for refusing to admit.</p>	<p>That Clauses 20, 90, 91 and 92, giving power of entry to parties concerned be consolidated.</p>
<p>33. Summary proceedings against a builder for non-compliance with notice.</p>	<p>That Clauses 33 and 67 be consolidated.</p>
<p>Proceedings* with respect to an irregular building shall not be affected by the removal or falling in of the roof of such building.</p>	<p>To add the words after "proceedings," * "under this and the preceding sections of this Act."</p>
<p>42. Application to County Council for buildings to which rules of Act are inapplicable.</p>	<p>To add the words * "Section 16 Sub-Section (i.) (D.) of."</p>
<p>(2.) The County Council is satisfied, etc., and except in accordance with the foregoing provisions of* this part of this Act.</p>	<p>This reference is to sub-section (i.) (D.) Section 16.</p>
<p>47. Power of County Council to make by-laws with respect to sites and foundations.</p>	<p>These by-laws ought not to be retrospective.</p>
<p>(1.) (A.) The foundations</p>	<p>To add the words after</p>

PROPOSED CLAUSE.	OBSERVATION OR SUGGESTED AMENDMENT.
<p>and the sites of houses, buildings and other erections,* and the mode and materials with which such foundations and sites are to be made, excavated, filled up, prepared and completed for securing stability, the prevention of fires, and for purposes of health.*</p>	<p>“erections,” *to be constructed.”</p> <p>To add the words after “health,” * “and protection from floodings.”</p>
<p>53. Rules as to exercise of rights by building and adjoining owners.</p>	<p>Sub-Section (12) of the 1855 Act is omitted. It provides for agreeing a case for submission to the Supreme Court.</p>
<p>90. Power of entry to inspect premises.</p>	<p>Clauses 11, 12 & 13 of 41 & 42 Vict., Cap. 22 should also be inserted, dealing with Theatres and Music Halls, in order that all the building law for London shall be included in one Act.</p>
<p>101. Definitions.</p> <p>The expression “party structure” includes party walls* and also partitions.</p>	<p>To insert after the word “walls,” * “party fences,” and to add, The expression “party fence,” includes any</p>

PROPOSED CLAUSE.	OBSERVATION OR SUGGESTED AMENDMENT.
<p>Schedules First Schedule Preliminary.</p> <p>6. The height of every external and party wall shall be measured from the base of the wall to the level of the top* of the topmost story</p>	<p>wall, fence or other structure used or intended to be used to separate any premises from any other premises in different occupations.</p> <p>To insert the words after "top," * "highest part of the ceiling of the topmost story."</p>

The Vestry resolved that the Draft Bill be returned to the President of the Local Government Board, with the suggested amendments as set out by your Committee.

Building Law
Memorial.

The Vestry also considered the reference to them of the letter forwarding copy of Memorial which the Conference of various Metropolitan Local Authorities convened at the instance of the Kensington Vestry to consider the London Building Law (Consolidation) Bill have addressed to the President of the Local Government Board, and asking whether the Vestry are willing to support the same.

Messrs. Hazel, Perry, Relph and Wilkins were appointed Delegates on behalf of this Vestry.

The following resolutions were passed at the Conference, and are included in the Memorial:—

District Surveyors. (a) "That in the opinion of this Conference, it is expedient that the regulation and supervision of buildings under the Building Acts should be vested in the Local Authorities, and that the resolution arrived at by the Conference held in Chelsea in June, 1890, in favour of the office and functions of the District Surveyors being transferred to such Authorities, should be given effect to by an amendment of the existing law, due regard being had to the interests of the present District Surveyors."

Appeals. (b) "That the Conference are of opinion that where an appeal is provided under the Building Acts the same should, in the first instance, be made to the London County Council, but that a further appeal should also be provided to the Tribunal of Arbitration, mentioned in clause 85 of the Consolidation Bill."

Encroachments on Highways. (c) "That in the opinion of this Conference, it is imperative, in view of the interpretation which has been placed upon the 26th section of the Metropolitan Building Act, 1855, by the decision of the Divisional Court in the case of *Fortescue v. the Vestry of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green*, that such section should be amended, so that the encroachment of shop fronts or other projections on the public way may be effectually prevented."

Open Spaces to
Buildings. (d) "That in any Amendment Bill which may be introduced, provision should be made for definitely restricting the operation of the exempting proviso in clause 18, sub-clause 2, of the draft Consolidation Bill, as regards the erection of buildings on a site previously occupied in whole or in part by a building, so that adequate open space may be secured for each building."

Ditto. (e) "That the attention of the Local Government Board be called to the desirability of the present provisions of the Bill being amended, to secure an adequate extent of open space at the front and rear of all buildings, and that it be suggested that provision should in all cases be made for rooms used as living rooms to look out upon an open space."

Ditto. (f) "That the importance of securing adequate open space should more especially be insisted upon in respect of the large blocks of Mansions, Hotels, and other large residential buildings; and that the need also of securing fresh air inlets to all well-holes constructed for ventilating purposes, be pointed out."

Width of
Streets. (g) "That in any Amendment Bill which may be introduced, the provision in the Metropolis Local Management Act regulating the width of streets should be altered, and that in future no street, whether intended for vehicular or pedestrian traffic, should be laid out of a less width than 40 feet."

Height of
Buildings. (h) "That provision should also be made in any amendment Bill, for placing a further

restricted limitation on the height of buildings to be erected in old thoroughfares."

Insanitary Building. (i) "That no building should be erected in such a manner to be injurious or dangerous to health, or an obstructive building within the meaning of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890."

That this Vestry decided to support the representations made by the Conference, and that the Local Government Board be so informed."

International Congress of Hygiene and Demography. The Vestry received a report from the three delegates Messrs. W. Jackson, W. A. Murphy, and T. J. Perry, appointed to attend the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography, opened by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, on the 10th of August, at St. James's Hall. Meetings of the Congress were held on the following days in the University of London, Burlington House, Burlington Gardens, when papers were read and discussed in Preventive Medicine; Bacteriology; The Relation of the Diseases of Animals to Man; Infancy, Childhood, and School Life; Chemistry and Physics; Architecture in Relation to Hygiene; Engineering in Relation to Hygiene; Naval and Military Hygiene; State Hygiene; and Demography. These included the disposal of sewage, prevention of infectious diseases, and the health of all classes, for particulars of which the Delegates refer the Vestry to the Reports herewith presented. The Delegates recommend that the sum of £10 10s. be sent to the Secretary, as they find that this Vestry is the only public body in London that did not send a subscription.

It was resolved that a grant of £10 10s. be made to the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography towards the cost of printing of the full transactions and (if funds are available) the statistical and other information gathered from Municipal and Sanitary Authorities, throughout the kingdom.

A letter was subsequently received from the Secretary to the Congress, thanking the Vestry for their subscription, and stating that a copy of the proceedings of the Congress would be forwarded as soon as ready.

The appeal of Wilson *v* The Vestry in respect of Camberwell Green roadway on the east side, has been heard, and judgment given on the Special Case which had been granted by Mr. Biron, the Magistrate, on the summons to recover the apportioned expenses for paving the roadway and pathway abutting three houses on the east side of the Green. It will be remembered that the Vestry passed a resolution to pave the road as a New Street. The road had never been repaired by the Parish, but the footpath was an ancient pathway and had always been repaired by the Parish, and in 1872 had been tar paved by the Vestry. The Surveyor in estimating the expenses, had included the cost of flagging the pathway, and the Vestry had apportioned the expense among the owners. The Appellants refused to pay the apportioned cost, and the magistrate on hearing of the summons, held that both the carriage and footway were a New Street, and that the Vestry had done right in including the cost of paving the pathway, and made an Order accordingly, but granted a Special Case for the opinion of

the Court of Queen's Bench thereon. The Appeal was argued last June before Mr. Justice Cave and Mr. Justice Charles, who after hearing Counsel on behalf of the Appellant and the Vestry, considered that the case was involved in so much difficulty that they postponed their judgment. Judgment was given on the 3rd November, 1891, and the Appeal was dismissed with costs. Appellant's Counsel applied for leave to appeal, and Mr. Justice Charles thinking the case of sufficient general importance to justify their granting it, gave leave to appeal.

No Appeal was however taken, and the amount apportioned by the Vestry being paid, the work was executed.

The Vestry considered a letter from the
Tramway
 Purchase of
 by L.C.C. Vestry of St. Marylebone, enclosing copy of resolution against the proposed purchase by the London County Council, of a portion of the Tramways belonging to the London Streets Tramways Company, when it was resolved :—

- (a) That the Vestry do not agree with the resolution of the Vestry of St. Marylebone against the proposed purchase.
- (b) That the Vestry is in favour of the general principle of the purchase of Tramways by the London County Council.
- (c) That the Representatives of this District on the London County Council be asked to support the purchase of the portion of the Tramways now

proposed, belonging to the London Streets Tramways Company.

Crystal Palace
Parade.

It will have been seen by the last Annual Report that the Vestry had been compelled to take legal proceedings in the Court of Queen's Bench, to recover the sum of £2,926 8s. 2d., being the apportioned amount due from the Company for the estimated cost of paving and making up this Road, which front the entrance to the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, and is known as the Crystal Palace Parade. The Road was constructed by the Company in the year 1855 when the Palace was erected.

The Crystal Palace Company obtained an Act of Parliament in 1853 to enable them to divert certain roads and purchase certain lands, and for further purposes for erecting the Palace. It was enacted by the 4th Section,

"That it should be lawful for the said Company to widen on the western side so much of the road from Norwood to Sydenham and Dulwich, as forms the north-western boundary on which the building was erected (being the land which forms the Parade), and for that purpose it should be lawful for the Company to enter upon and take and use lands shewn on the plans described in the book of reference deposited therewith, in relation to the widening of the said road, provided always that so soon as the said road is so widened, the same shall be *dedicated* to the public and shall be vested in the same persons in whom the other part of the said road is vested." There had been no express dedication of the Road under the General Highway

Act, but it had always been used by the *Public* as a *Public Road*. The Company in their negotiation with the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway Company, in 1862, had treated the Road as their own private property. The Crystal Palace Company had always repaired it, and it was proved at a yearly cost of about £250, so that the Company on payment of the contribution will be relieved from the future repairs of this Road.

The Vestry having passed the Resolution to pave this Road under the 105th Section of the Act, the Surveyor estimated the expenses of paving, with asphalte and kerbing, and channelling the roadway at £5925 0s. 10d.

The Crystal Palace Company refused payment of the amount apportioned upon them, upon the grounds that it was not a "New Street," being part of an old highway, and also by the 4th Section of the statute that it was dedicated to the Parish; but the Vestry contended that the Parade had become a "New Street" by reason of the erection of the Crystal Palace and the other buildings abutting such road, and had never been dedicated to the Parish under the General Highway Act.

The refusal to pay compelled the Vestry to take proceedings against the Company to recover the amount, and the case was tried in the Court of Queen's Bench before Mr. Justice Day on January 11th, 1892.

The Solicitor General, Sir Edward Clarke, Q.C., and Mr. Macmorran were retained for the Vestry; Mr. R. T. Reid, Q.C., and Mr. G. M. Freeman for the Company.

The Solicitor General in his argument, more especially referred to 25 and 26 Vic., cap. 120, section 112, which defined the term "New Street," as applying to "all streets hereafter to be formed or laid out, and a part of any such streets, and also all streets, the maintenance of the paving and roadway whereof had not previously to the passing of this act been taken into charge and assumed by the highway authorities, this road was a "New street," although there had been an old highway, it had been widened and altered, and new buildings had been erected abutting on the road. Until recently it had not been "taken in charge" by the Vestry, having always been repaired by the Crystal Palace Company.

Mr. Reid, Q.C. contended :—"that the road was not a 'New Street,' being upon the site of an old highway, and previously to 1853 it had been maintained and taken in charge by the parish authorities, though since that date there had been no expenditure by them." Mr. Justice Day :—"Why have your clients repaired it for more than 30 years?" Mr. Reid, Q.C. :—"That should not prejudice them if not legally liable ; section 4 of the Crystal Palace Company's Act provides that the road when widened should be dedicated to the public.

Mr. Justice Day in his judgment stated :—"I do not see any prospect of my doubts on this case being removed by further consideration. These doubts arise from the unhappy language of the Legislature as to the paving of New Streets. I think this is a New Street. It has never been 'taken into charge and assumed' by the Authorities, and on this short ground I give judgment for the

plaintiffs with costs, stay of execution granted pending an appeal."

The Vestry of 20th January, 1892, expressed their thanks to Messrs. Marsden & Son for the very careful and able way in which they had conducted the Crystal Palace Parade action.

Notice of appeal was given, and the Solicitor-General was again ordered to be retained for the Vestry.

Subsequently, Mr. Rhodes, a Director of the Crystal Palace Company, and Mr. Gardiner, the Secretary, attended the Vestry, introduced by Mr. Wallace, and the following letter was read:—

CRYSTAL PALACE COMPANY,

CRYSTAL PALACE, S.E.

7th March, 1892.

G. W. MARSDEN, ESQ.,

Vestry Clerk of St. Giles, Camberwell.

DEAR SIR,

RE THE CRYSTAL PALACE PARADE.

At the Board Meeting last Tuesday, a conversation occurred among my Directors which led to an inquiry as to the kind of re-construction which it was proposed by your Honourable Board to adopt in dealing with the above-mentioned Road.

The point in question rose in this wise :—This neighbourhood is a peculiar one. It is not by any means entirely urban in its character, neither is it of course entirely rural, and all who consider the method which should be adopted in dealing with Streets under the Acts, are, of course, aware that the treatment adopted must necessarily be modified, in order that such may harmonise with the character of the Road, Street, or District. This would be true on whomsoever the burthen of the construction may fall, whether public funds or private purse. My Directors accordingly requested one of their colleagues, Mr. John G. Rhodes, to seek an interview with your Honourable Vestry, so that the views of my Board may be fully brought under their notice, and in the hope that some mutually advantageous conclusion may be arrived at.

I am therefore instructed to ask that your Vestry will be pleased to receive Mr. Rhodes as a Deputation from my Board at your next Meeting on the 16th instant, for the purpose above referred to.

I need scarcely add that there is not the most distant intention of importing what is now asked for into the questions of law which are open between my Board and your Honourable Vestry.

Yours faithfully,

W. GARDINER,

Secretary.

Mr. Rhodes* addressed the Vestry in support of the views of the Crystal Palace Company, asking for a revision of the apportionment.

It was resolved:—

“That in the event of the Crystal Palace Company, the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway Company, and the other owners consenting or being found liable to pay the costs of paving and making up the Crystal Palace Parade, the proposals made to-night by the Deputation be referred to the General Purposes Committee for consideration and report.”

The Appeal was heard upon the 16th May, 1892, before the Master of the Rolls and Lords Justices Fry and Lopes.

The Solicitor-General and Mr. A. Macmorran, were for the Vestry, and Mr. Rigby, Q.C., Mr. R. T. Reid, Q.C., and Mr. Freeman for the Crystal Palace Company.

(Mr. Rigby was specially retained.)

The Court heard Counsel at great length, the argument occupying the entire day, when the Appeal of the Crystal Palace Company against the Order made by Mr. Justice Day in the Court of Queen's Bench, giving judgment for the payment of £2,926 8s. 2d., and costs, being the amount apportioned against the Company, as their contribution towards the cost of paving and making up the Crystal Palace Parade as a New Street, was dismissed.

I am glad to report that satisfactory arrangements have now been entered into with the Company for payment of the amount, and it is hoped that payments will be made by the other Owners as will enable the Vestry forthwith to carry out the Order of the Vestry.

Summons
under the
Highway Act.

A summons was issued against the Vestry by a Mr. Walker, under the Highways Act in respect of the non-repair of Crystal Palace Parade, and was adjourned from time to time as proceedings were pending against the owners in the Court of Queen's Bench. The Magistrate, after the decision of the Court of Appeal, ordered the complainant to pay the costs of the Vestry upon the summons.

Duke of
Clarence,
Death of.

The Vestry, at a Meeting held on the 20th January, 1892, passed the following resolution:—

“That the Vestry of Camberwell beg respectfully to offer to the Queen, their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, and all the Members of their Family, and the Princess May of Teck the warmest sympathy of the inhabitants of Camberwell in their great and overwhelming sorrow.”

Subsequently acknowledgments were received from the Right Hon. H. Matthews, Home Secretary, by order of Her Majesty; from Sir Francis Knollys, by order of the Prince of Wales; and F. DeWinton on behalf of the Duke of Teck.

Peckham Rye
Extension.

In the Annual Report of last year it was reported that the necessary sum for the purchase of 52 acres of land for the extension of Peckham Rye Common had been contributed, and a letter was received by the Vestry, dated the 25th March, 1892, from the Assistant Solicitor to the London County Council, stating

that the Charity Commissioners had paid over their contribution of £12,000, and that the Council had agreed to purchase the property, subject to certain Leases existing, or to be granted, for £50,925, and the day named for completion was 26th April, 1892, as the Act provides that the sum to be provided by the Council shall not exceed £18,000. It will be seen from the following statement that the Council will require the maximum contribution of £20,000 from this Vestry :—

CONTRIBUTIONS.

Charity Commissioners	...	...	£12,000
London County Council	...	...	£18,000

VESTRIES.

Camberwell	...	...	...	...	20,000
Lambeth	...	...	...	...	500
St. George-the-Martyr, Southwark	...				250
Newington	...	...	...	...	250
					<hr/>
					£51,000
					<hr/>

Leaving a balance of £75, available towards stamp duty and expenses estimated at £365.

The Vestry determined to apply to the Council for a Loan for the sum of £20,000, repayable with interest by 48 Annual Instalments, being the sum authorised to be contributed by this Vestry towards the purchase of land for the extension of Peckham Rye Common by the London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1891.

The purchase has now been completed, and the Council are in possession of the land, and it is hoped that it will be thrown open to the use of the public at a very early date.

A resolution having been passed by the Vestry:—

“That in the opinion of this Vestry it is desirable to preserve the rural character of the Peckham Rye Extension, and to close it at night.”

The present has not been completely changed, the present
 the representation of the past, and the present is not the
 the present is the present, and the present is the present.

A revolution is not a revolution, it is a revolution.

That in the opinion of the world, it is a revolution, it
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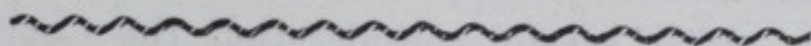
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CAMBERWELL.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC BATHS AND WASH-HOUSES.



The Commissioners in their last Report to the Vestry stated that the tender of Mr. H. L. Holloway had been accepted for the erection of the Dulwich Public Baths. Some difficulties were experienced which caused delay in the completion of the buildings, the chief of which arose from the requirements of the London County Council as to building over the Effra main sewer, which runs under a portion of the site. A complaint was also received from a trades' union that the concrete used in a portion of the foundation was not in accordance with the specifications, and the Commissioners, after requiring such union to deposit the sum of £5, as an evidence of good faith, caused the builder to open up the foundations in three places *selected* by the complainants, when samples of the concrete were obtained and submitted to the Public Analyst who reported that the component parts of such concrete were such as were required by the Architects.

The baths were opened by the Chairman of the Commissioners on the 25th June, 1892, in the presence of about 1,000 persons. Very many members of the Vestry testifying their interest in this movement by accepting the invitation and being present at the opening ceremony. Since the opening the number of persons of both sexes using these baths has been most satisfactory.

In accordance with the Act the Vestry approved the scale of wages to be paid to the officers and servants engaged in these establishments.

Advertisements were then issued in the London and local press for the staff required, and numerous replies were received. After careful consideration the Commissioners elected Mr. John McCandie and his wife (of the St. George's in the East Public Baths and Wash-house) as the Superintendent of the Camberwell Public Baths and Wash-house, and Mr. William Henry Johns and wife (of the Forest Hill Public Baths) to a similar office at the Dulwich Public Baths.

The Clerk to the Commissioners, Mr. G. W. Marsden, having expressed his desire to be relieved from the increasing duties of this position, the Vestry unanimously approved of Mr. Charles William Tagg, of the Vestry Clerk's Department, being appointed Clerk at £40 per annum, and he was appointed accordingly.

Camberwell
Baths and
Wash-houses. The Camberwell Public Baths and Wash-houses were, as reported in the last Report, entrusted for building to Messrs. Balaam Bros., and have now nearly reached completion, and will be opened to the public on the 1st October next. The Vestry has

recently unanimously sanctioned a loan for £1,500, the estimated cost of providing the necessary fittings and requirements for electric light at this establishment.

The accounts of the Commissioners for the year ending March 25th, 1892, are given herewith.

All of which is submitted.

JAMES T. SEARS,
Chairman.

C. WILLIAM TAGG,
Clerk to the Commissioners.

CAMBERWELL, COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC

Abstract of Cash received and Disbursed by the Com-

1891-2.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Balance of Loans, due to the London County Council				20,037	1	8
To Loan for Erection of Camberwell Public Baths and Wash-houses—						
Building	21,200	0	0			
Boilers, Machinery, &c.	5,800	0	0			
				27,000	0	0
				£47,037	1	8

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

Receipts.

1891-2.

	£	s.	d.
To Balance	15,251	10	8
To Cash from Poor Rates	500	0	0
To Loan from London County Council ...	27,000	0	0
To Interest on Deposit Account	357	6	11
To Cash—Sale of Old Greenhouses, &c., Camberwell site	7	13	0
To Cash from Navvies, &c., Union, for examination of Concrete	5	0	0

Carried forward £43,121 10 7

LONDON. BATHS AND WASH-HOUSES.

missioners from 26th March, 1891, to 25th March, 1892.

LOAN ACCOUNT.

1891-2.	£	s.	d.
By Instalments of Loans paid during the year	1,831	0	0
By Balance due to the London County Council	45,206	1	8
	£47,037	1	8

Payments.

1891-2.

Dulwich Public Baths. Camberwell Public Baths.
£ s. d. £ s. d.

By Cost of Buildings—			
By Mr. Charles Barry. Fee as Professional Assessor			26 5 0
By Haywards Executors—purchase of Land	£	s.	d.
20 0 0			
By Andrew Mellor & Co., Solicitors' & Surveyors' Costs	25	0	0
By Marsden & Son, Solicitors' Charges and Stamps	5	4	6
By M. T. Wilkins. Surveyors' charges for Plan of Site and Measurement			7 7 0
By Messrs. Spalding & Cross, Architects on account of Commission and quantities ...	250	0	0
By Mr. H. L. Holloway, on account of Contract	8,500	0	0
Carried forward	8,800	4	6
			1,423 11 0

	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	43,121	10	7

	Dulwich.			Camberwell.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	8,800	4	6	1,423	11	0
By Messrs. Balaam Bros., on account of Contract				8,500	0	0
By Clerk of Works, Wages £4 4 0 per week	219	12	0			
By Clerk of Works, Wages £3 13 6 per week				149	17	9
By James Keith, on account of Engineering work	750	0	0	1,000	0	0
By Vestry of Camberwell, New Sewer in Artichoke Row				87	2	6
By Mr. H. L. Holloway, Charge for opening up Foundations for Examination of Concrete	4	10	0			
By Dr. Teed, Fee for Analysing three Samples of Concrete	6	6	0			
By Mr. Morgan Williams, Electric Lighting Specification				6	6	0
By Towels and Drawers—						
Messrs. Gilbert & Son, Turkish Towels as per Tender	101	2	3	101	2	3
Mr. G. Linstead, Drawers as per Tender	23	0	6	23	0	6
By Loans—						
London County Council Principal repaid	637	13	4	1,193	6	8
Interest	447	18	3	549	10	0
Costs and Stamps	3	18	0	54	17	6
By Salaries and Wages—						
Clerk, One quarter to 25th March ...	5	0	0	5	0	0
By Miscellaneous Expenses—						
Vincent, Tin box for Papers	1	5	3			
G. W. Marsden, Honorarium	25	0	0			
H. Green, Advertising	10	14	4			
F. Tarrant & Son, Printing and Stationery		5	18	0		
G. Morrish, Printing and Stationery		1	5	0		
By Petty Cash Payments		19	13	9		
	63	16	4	31	18	2
By "South London Observer," Advertisement					0	9
By "Camberwell and Peckham Star," Advertisement					0	9
	11,031	3	0	13,126	11	10
Carried forward	43,121	10	7	£24,157	14	10

	£	s.	d.
Brought forward ...	43,121	10	7

£43,121 10 7

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Brought forward ...					24,157	14	10
By Balance March 25th, 1892, viz. :-							
Cash at Bankers	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Deposit Account ...	18,750	0	0				
Current Account ...	204	1	1				
					18,954	1	1
Petty Cash in hand ..					9	14	8
					18,963	15	9
					£43,121	10	7

C. WILLIAM TAGG,
Clerk to the Commissioners.

We hereby certify and report that we have examined and audited the accounts of the Commissioners of Public Baths and Wash-houses of Camberwell for the year ending the 25th March, 1892, and that such accounts (of which the foregoing is an Abstract) are correct.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1892.

J. E. BURKMAR,	} <i>The Auditors appointed by the Vestry.</i>
G. W. PARIS,	

Audited and found correct,

WILLIAM DAVIS, *Chairman*,
GEORGE DRYDEN,
EDWARD GEO. ROBERTS,
W. B. PARNELL,
F. S. BUCK,

} Auditors.

23rd August, 1892.

CAMBERWELL.

THE REPORT

OF THE

Commissioners of Public Libraries and Museums.

Dulwich
Library.

IN the last Report it was stated that the Estate Governors of Dulwich College had been pleased to grant the Commissioners a site for the erection of the Dulwich Public Library in Lordship Lane, at the junction with Woodward Road.

Certain legal difficulties prevented the gift of land for the erection of Public Libraries bequeathed for charitable purposes, but by the insertion of a Clause in the Public Libraries and Museums Act, 1890, these were removed, and in the last Report it was stated that this gift was now only awaiting the consent of the Charity Commissioners for the land to be conveyed. This consent has now been given, and the Governors have executed the necessary conveyance of the site. It is hoped that some generous resident may be disposed now to present a building suitable to the requirements of this growing District.

Central
Library.

The Vestry, by resolution dated July 2nd, 1890, sanctioned, in accordance with the Act, the purchase for £3,000 of the freehold site in Peckham Road, for the erection of a Central Public Library, and a loan for that amount was obtained from the London County Council, interest at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. being paid upon the amount.

In June of last year the Commissioners submitted a report of the Vestry, stating that plans and designs had been prepared by Mr. R. P. Whellock, A.R.I.B.A., for the erection of a Central Library, which plans were placed in the Vestry Hall for the inspection of the members of the Vestry. The Vestry was asked for their sanction to the borrowing of £12,500, the estimated costs of such building.

The question was referred back to the Commissioners, the Vestry being of opinion:—

- (i.) That the ground and first floor of the Library should be reserved exclusively for the free use of the public.
- (ii.) That in the opinion of the Vestry it is desirable that the Chief Librarian's house be provided separately from the Library.

The Commissioners having regard to the above resolutions, instructed their Architect to revise the plans accordingly, and received such revised plans, together with a tender from a responsible firm of Local Builders, for the execution of the work at £9,455, the price to include £500 for fittings, £300 for gas, and £200 for heating, also to include all Surveyor's charges, both for the first estimate and the amended one.

The sanction of the Vestry was asked to a loan of £10,000, with interest thereon, to be repaid by annual instalments, to be extended over a period not exceeding 30 years from the London County Council on the Annuity principle if possible.

The sanction of the Vestry was given, subject to the Commissioners undertaking to offer the contract for the building to public competition.

In accordance with the direction of the Vestry, tenders were invited for the erection of the Library by advertisement, and the tender of Mr. J. O. Richardson, of Albert Works, Albert Road, Peckham, for £9,558 was accepted. The work is now in hand, and it is hoped that such Library will be opened to the use of the Public in June next year.

Mr. Livesey. Mr. George Livesey having intimated that it was not his intention to again seek re-election as a Commissioner, the Vestry, by resolution of 2nd March, 1892, directed that in view of the retirement of Mr. George Livesey, an address be presented to him, and that it be referred to the Library Commissioners to prepare the form of such address, and submit the same to the Vestry.

The Vestry at a subsequent Meeting approved of the following address:—

“That this Vestry deeply regrets that in consequence of his numerous engagements, Mr. George Livesey feels compelled to retire from the office of Commissioner of Public Libraries for Camberwell, a position he has occupied with credit to himself and satisfaction to his friends.”

“That the successful introduction and adoption of the Free Libraries Act in the Parish was mainly due to Mr. George Livesey’s handsome offer and subsequent gift of a freehold site and building, and this Vestry feels assured that neither the present nor future parishioners will ever cease to remember with gratitude, the public-spirited generosity which placed the Livesey Public Library for ever at the disposal of Camberwell Ratepayers, as a means of recreation and intellectual advancement, and for the furtherance of the social well-being of the people of Camberwell.”

The address was engrossed on vellum, the seal of the Vestry affixed, and it was presented to Mr. George Livesey, at a Meeting of the Vestry on the 25th May, 1892. The Chairman of the Commissioners made the presentation, he being the Chairman appointed by the Vestry to preside at that Meeting.

A copy of the Audited Accounts of the Commissioners for the year ending 25th March, 1892, is submitted herewith.

Chief
Librarians
Report.

Throughout the year there has been a growing public interest in the Libraries, which is clearly evidenced by the crowded attendances at the reading-rooms and the large issues of book for home-reading from the respective lending libraries.

BOOKS ISSUED DURING THE YEAR 1891-2.

PECKHAM. (Temporary)	LIVESEY.	DULWICH. (Temporary.)	MINET. (Camberwell and Lambeth.)	TOTAL.
125,736	99,801	130,331	139,202	495,070

Of the foregoing numbers, 166,549 refer to the issue of volumes relating to history, science, art, biography, &c., and 328,521 to prose fiction. Although the demand for "light" literature naturally takes the lead in point of numbers, the amount of reading in the other classes is far greater than appears from a mere comparison of the figures quoted. All the most popular works in science, for instance, are as largely sought after as well-known novels; but, as the former take a much longer time to read, it is obvious that they must necessarily change hands less frequently than books of fiction.

The average daily issue during the past twelve months was 2,008; the totals for the respective libraries being, Peckham, 505; Livesey, 401; Dulwich, 534; Minet, 568. Exclusive of residents in Camberwell who use the Minet Library, no less than 355,868 volumes were borrowed from the Peckham, Livesey, and Dulwich Libraries, by over 13,000 persons resident in the Parish. Taking into account the comparatively small stock of books, the turnover is remarkable, and it is not likely to be exceeded until the permanent libraries are opened.

During the year the number of volumes added to the lending libraries were:—Peckham, 676; Livesey, 257; Dulwich, 308; total 1,241.

The following table shows the present stock :—

Classification.	Dulwich Library.	Livesey Library.	Peckham Library.	TOTALS.
Philosophy, Theology, etc. -	433	476	549	1,458
General History, Biography -	1,075	1,164	1,224	3,463
Travels, Antiquities, Topography	434	445	452	1,331
Arts, Sciences, Natural History -	859	811	1,103	2,773
Law, Commerce, Education -	190	179	247	616
Fiction and Juvenile Literature -	3,115	3,054	3,408	9,577
Language, Poetry, Drama -	274	286	326	886
Miscellaneous and Collected Works	257	440	435	1,132
	6,637	6,855	7,744	21,236
General Reference Books (Reserved for Central Library)			...	977
Total ... ..			...	22,213

The large majority of borrowers have been loyal to the regulations under which the books are lent. At the last stock-taking, it was found that only three books were lost. The delinquent borrowers had left the neighbourhood and could not be traced.

It is impossible to tabulate the number of persons who use the news and magazine rooms for the perusal of the leading daily, weekly, monthly, and quarterly periodicals. The rooms at the temporary libraries are usually inconveniently crowded; and on several occasions, when a count has been made, there have been close on a thousand readers at the Livesey Library during a single day. At the latter Library, a series of lectures on literary subjects was delivered by the Chief Librarian (Mr. Foskett), to large and appreciative audiences.

When the Central Lending and Reference Library, now in course of erection, is completed, there will be ample accommodation for readers. As there is now a special strain on the limited resources at the disposal of the Library Commissioners, gifts of money or books would be particularly opportune.

The Library Commissioners desire to tender their cordial thanks to the following donors of books:—

Mr. W. M. Acworth	Mr. Danson	Mr. A. B. Moss
Anti-Vivisection Society	Miss Daw	Mrs. Murdoch
Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot	Rev. I. Doxsey, F.S.S.	Mr. A. Neate
Mr. J. W. Auvache	Mr. A. D. Druce	Mr. J. S. Noldwitt (The Late)
Miss Bartlett	Mrs. E. M. Edmonds	Ontario Government Agency
Mrs. Backhouse	Mr. Thomas Ely	Miss Ostell
Mr. C. B. Banks	Professor Fowler	Mr. T. J. Perry
Miss I. Banks	Mr. A. C. Fryer	Mr. C. R. S. Philp
Messrs. Balaam Bros.	Mr. W. Gilbert	Mr. I. Pitman
Mr. Batchelor	Dr. W. T. Greene	Mr. H. Presbury
Mr. R. A. Bell	Mr. A. W. Gresham	Mr. C. Rae-Brown
Mr. Benzon	Guildhall Library	Mr. F. Renard
Mr. S. Beal	Mrs. Guinness	Mr. W. Rossiter
Mr. W. F. Blake	Home Rule Union	Mr. George Settles
Mr. C. Bradshaw	Rev. J. R. Howatt	Mr. E. Shorthouse
Dr. J. S. Bristowe	Irish Patriotic Union	Society of Accountants
Mr. F. T. Bullen	Mr. A. Javes	Mr. Evan Spicer
Miss Burgess	Mrs. R. Jefferies	Mrs. Steingass
British Museum	Mrs. Klickmann	Swedenborg Society
Mr. F. J. Burgoyne	Mr. W. Knighton	Mrs. Tyler
Mr. H. Burrows	Mr. George Livesey	Worshipful Company of Plumbers
Mr. S. Butler	Mr. A. E. D. Lowden	Mr. Charles Wakely
Mrs. D. Chadwick	Lord's Day Observance Society	Mr. J. Watkins
Mr. A. Chapman	Liberal Unionist Association	Mrs. Wilson
Mr. C. Goddard-Clarke	Mr. Gerald Massey	Mr. W. H. K. Wright
Cobden Club	Mr. Josiah Messent	Dr. John Yeats
Mr. David Colegrave	Mrs. Morrison	Mr. William Young
Mr. S. Cox	Mrs. Mosenthal	
Rev. G. W. Daniell		

NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES, AND OTHER PERIODICALS
SUPPLIED TO THE READING ROOMS.

*Those marked thus * are presented.*

DAILY.

Daily Chronicle	Evening Standard	Pall Mall Gazette
Daily Graphic	Financial News	Standard
Daily News	Globe	Star
Daily Telegraph	*Morning	Times
Echo	Morning Advertiser	
Evening News & Post	Morning Post	

WEEKLY.

Academy	*Catholic Times	Funny Folks
*Admiralty & Horse Guards Gazette	*Christian Herald	*Gardener's Magazine
*Alliance News	*Christian Million	*Garden Work
*Army & Navy Gazette	Christian World	*Gravesend & Dartford Reporter
Athenæum	Church Times	*Gas World
*Barnsley Chronicle	City Press	Graphic
*Belfast Weekly	*Civilian	Guardian
*Beverley Guardian	*Civil Service Com- petitor	Illustrated London News
*Beverley Recorder	*Cyclist	Illustrated Official Journal
Bicycling News	*Drapers' Record	*Industries
Black and White	*Dramatic Review	*Insurance Journal
Blackburn Standard	*Dundee Weekly News	*Invention
Boston Independent	Electrical Engineer	*Ipswich Journal
*British Architect	Electrician	*Iron
*British Bee Journal	Engineer	*Jewish World
Builder	*Engineering	Journal of Gas Lighting
Building News	English Mechanic	Judy
*Camberwell News	Era	*Kentish Mail
*Camberwell & Peck- ham Star	*Family Doctor	*Kentish Mercury
Camberwell & Peck- ham Times	*Fowls	
	*Freemason	
	Fun	

WEEKLY—*Continued.*

Ladies' Pictorial	*Norwood Review	*South Eastern Herald
Lady	Notes and Queries	South London Mail
Lancet	*Peckham Free Press	South London Press
*Leather Trades Journal	*Phonetic Journal	*South Manchester Chronicle
*Lewisham Gazette	Photographic News	*Southwark Recorder
*Lincoln Mercury	*Photographic Work	Speaker
*Light	*Photography	Spectator
Literary World	Pictorial World	Stage
*Local Government Chronicle	Public Opinion	Surveyor
*Local Government Journal	Punch	*Temperance Record
*Medium & Daybreak	Queen	Truth
*Midland Counties Herald	*Railway Record	*Universe
*Mining Journal	*Railway Times	*Weekly Irish Times
*Moonshine	*Refreshment News	*Woman
*National Teacher	Rock	*Woman's Penny Paper
*Nature	Saturday Review	*Woolwich Gazette
*News	*Schoolmistress	Work
*Norwood News	*Scraps	World
	*Sheffield & Rotherham Independent	
	*Sheffield Weekly Independent	

MONTHLY, &c.

*African Times	Blackwood's Magazine	Cornhill
*Animal World		*Day of Days
Argosy	*Bond of Union	*Educational Times
Army List	Boys' Own Paper	English Illustrated
Atalanta	*British Workman	*Fireside
*Anti-Slavery Reporter	*Brotherhood	Fortnightly Review
Atlantic	Cassell's Magazine	*Free Russia
*Band of Hope Chronicle	Century	*Gas Engineers' Magazine
*Band of Hope Review	Chambers' Journal	Girls' Own Paper
*Bible Advocate	*Church Monthly	Good Words
	Contemporary Review	*Hand and Heart

MONTHLY, &c.—*Continued.*

Harper's Monthly	*Natural Food	Quiver
*Home Words	*Nature Notes	Review of Reviews
*Imperial Federation	Navy List	Scribner's Magazine
*Jeweller's Chronicle	New Review	Strand Magazine
Knowledge	Nineteenth Century	Sunday at Home
Leisure Hour	*Peckham Rye Congre- gational Magazine	Sunday Magazine
Longman's Magazine	*Philanthropist	Temple Bar
Ludgate Magazine	*Phrenological Maga- zine	*University Corres- pondent
Macmillan's Maga- zine	*Plumber's Journal	*Vegetarian Messenger
Magazine of Art	*Protestant Observer	Westminster Review
Musical Times		* Warning Cry

TIME TABLES.

A. B. C. Railway Guide	*London, Brighton, & South Coast Railway
*Cook's Excursionist & Tourist Guide	*London, Chatham, & Dover Railway
*Gaze's Gazette	*London and North Western Railway
*General Steam Navigation Company	*London and South Western Railway
*Great Eastern Railway	*Midland Railway
*Great Northern Railway	*South Eastern Railway
*Great Western Railway	

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure by the Commissioners for Public Libraries and Museums for the Year ended the 25th day of March, 1892.

Receipts.					
A.--RECEIPTS OTHER THAN FROM LOANS:—	£	s.	d.	£	s.
Amounts received from Rates				4782	17
Amounts received from all other sources, specifying them:—					
Interest on Deposit Account from Bankers ...	7	10	11		
Fines, Sale of Catalogues, &c.	281	12	2		
				289	3
TOTAL RECEIPTS OTHER THAN FROM LOANS...	£ 5072			0	
B.--RECEIPTS FROM LOANS:—					
Total Receipts from Loans				3000	0
TOTAL BALANCES IN HAND AT COMMENCEMENT OF YEAR, AS PER FINANCIAL STATEMENT, TO 25TH MARCH, 1891:—	£	s.	d.	£	s.
BALANCES, IF ANY, DUE AT END OF YEAR:—					
Due to Treasurer					
Due to other Officers,					
TOTAL	£ 8072			0	

Expenditure.					
A.--EXPENDITURE OTHER THAN OUT OF LOANS:—	£	s.	d.	£	s.
Interest on Loans	79	0	9		
Repayment of Principal of Loans	540	0	0		
Salaries of Officers... ..	888	13	4		
Rent and Taxes	164	14	2		
Cleaning, Fuel, Lighting, &c.	157	18	5		
Books, Newspapers, Maps, &c.	487	0	4		
Bookbinding and Repairing	116	12	8		
Stationery and Printing	155	17	5		
Other Expenses, specifying them:—					
Miscellaneous Expenses	239	9	4		
The Minet Library Contribution	300	0	0		
Working Expenses, Indicators, Fittings, Furniture, &c.	177	7	9		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER THAN OUT OF LOANS AND ON WHICH STAMP DUTY IS PAYABLE	3306			14	2
B.--EXPENDITURE OUT OF LOANS:—					
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OUT OF LOANS	3000			0	0
C.BROUGHT FORWARD TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER THAN OUT OF LOANS	£ 6306			14	2
TOTAL BALANCES OVERDRAWN AT COMMENCEMENT OF YEAR, AS PER FINANCIAL STATEMENT, TO 25TH MARCH, 1891	21			15	8
BALANCES at end of year:—					
In Treasurer's hands ... Deposit Account...	£1545	0	0		
Current Account	194	12	10		
In hands of other Officers—Clerk (Petty Cash) ...	3	17	11		
Total	1743			10	9
	8072			0	7

GEO. W. MARSDEN, Clerk

24th Day of June, 1892.

* Total brought down	£3,306	14	2
Deduct Amount paid to Minet Library	300	0	0
Expenditure on which Stamp Duty is payable ...	£3,006	14	2

I hereby certify that I have compared the entries in the above Statement with the vouchers and other Documents relating thereto, and that the Regulations with respect to such Statement have been duly complied with.

I hereby further certify that I have ascertained by Audit the correctness of such Statement, and that the amount expended by the Commissioners during the year ended the 25th day of March, 1892, included in such Statement, and allowed by me at the Audit, is three Thousand and Six Pounds, Fourteen Shillings and Twopence.

Stamp.

As witness my hand this 24th day of June, 1892.

T. BARCLAY COCKERTON,

District Auditor.

£5

LOAN ACCOUNT.

Statement with reference to Loans obtained by the Commissioners for Public Libraries and Museums.

Year ended the 25th day of March, 1892.

Amount authorised to be borrowed.	Date of Sanction of Poor Law Board or Local Government Board.	Amount actually borrowed.	When borrowed.	Whether from Public Works Loan Commissioners, a Company, or otherwise.	For what Object.	Period.	Rate of Interest.	Mode of Repayment.	Amounts paid this Year.		Amount of Principal still owing.
									Principal.	Interest.	
£	£	£	£	£					£		£
3,000	15th January, 1891	3,000	29th April, 1891	London County Council	Purchase of Freehold Site for Central Public Library, Peckham Road	70 Years	£3 10s.	£540 each first two yearly instalments, remaining 48 instalments, £40 each	540	£79 0s. 9d.	2,460

Purpose.	Amount Expended.
Purchase of Freehold Site for Central Public Library, Peckham Road	£3,000

GEO. W. MARSDEN, *Clerk.*

24th Day of June, 1892.

Examined by me in connection with the Financial Statement for the year ended 25th day of March, 1892, and found correct.

T. BARCLAY COCKERTON,

District Auditor.

24th day of June, 1892.

1891-92.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S ANNUAL REPORT.

GENTLEMEN,

According to the Registrar General's Annual Summary, the population of London, estimated for the middle of the year 1891 (the population, therefore, used in determining the Metropolitan marriage-rate, birth-rate, and death-rate), was 4,221,452; the marriages during the year numbered 37,298; the births, 134,003; and the deaths, 90,216.

The marriage-rate was 17·7 per 1,000, being higher than in any year since 1883; the birth-rate was 31·8, being considerably higher than that of the year immediately preceding, but with this exception lower than that of any other recorded year; the death-rate was 21·4, which was exactly equal to that of the year 1890, but was higher than that of any other year since 1882.

Table I. shews the populations of London and of its five groups of Districts, as ascertained at the censuses of 1881 and 1891 respectively.

TABLE I.—POPULATIONS OF LONDON AND OF ITS GROUPS OF DISTRICTS AT CENSUSES OF 1881 AND 1891.

		London.	West D.	North D.	Central D.	East D.	South D.
1881	1881	3,816,483	669,633	905,947	282,238	692,738	1,265,927
1891	1891	4,211,056	740,725	994,207	247,140	705,012	1,523,972

Table II. sets forth the births and deaths, together with the birth-rates and death-rates, of London and its five groups of Districts for the year 1891. It will be seen that the birth-rate of South London is higher than that of London, and of all the other groups of Districts, excepting the Eastern ; and that the death-rate of South London is the lowest of all.

TABLE II.—BIRTHS, DEATHS, BIRTH-RATES AND DEATH-RATES OF LONDON AND ITS GROUPS OF DISTRICTS FOR 1891.

		London.	West D.	North D.	Central D.	East D.	South D.
Births		134,003	19,961	29,950	7,427	26,801	49,864
Deaths		90,216	15,412	19,881	6,507	16,914	30,221
Birth-Rates		31·8	26·9	30·1	30·2	38·0	32·7
Death-Rates		21·4	20·8	20·0	26·5	24·0	19·8

Table III. shews the Metropolitan deaths due to the so-called "zymotic diseases" for each of the last ten years ; and, for the last year, their distribution among the groups of Districts. It is satisfactory to note that under nearly every one of the heads there has been a decrease as

compared with the year immediately preceding. Thus, the mortality from hooping cough has diminished by 351; that from measles, by 1,478; that from scarlet fever, by 272; that from diphtheria, by 26; and that referred to the group of continued fevers by 39. The deaths due to small pox increased from 3 to 8.

TABLE III.—MORTALITY OF CHIEF ZYMOTIC DISEASES IN LONDON FOR 10 YEARS.

	Hooping Cough.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Diph- theria.	Fever.	Small Pox.	In- fluenza.
1882	4,647	2,329	2,004	863	1,117	431	—
1883	1,582	2,420	1,989	951	1,081	134	—
1884	3,188	2,285	1,444	973	1,045	913	—
1885	2,479	2,928	707	896	695	899	—
1886	2,834	2,078	688	846	701	24	—
1887	2,928	2,894	1,447	961	672	9	—
1888	2,987	2,401	1,209	1,301	720	9	—
1889	1,749	2,314	784	1,588	596	1	—
1890	3,227	3,285	861	1,387	636	3	652
1891	2,876	1,807	589	1,361	597	8	2,336
1891	West D.	409	122	61	199	95	—
	North D.	658	414	233	487	164	—
	Central D.	175	277	10	103	46	—
	East D.	553	400	54	184	86	—
	South D.	1,081	594	224	386	205	—
Metropolitan Hospitals outside London.		—	—	7	2	1	—

From the above statements it would appear that the year 1891 has been essentially a healthy year, and its comparatively high death-rate, therefore, not easy to explain. But, although this is not shown clearly by the mortality tables, there is no doubt that the excess of mortality has been due to the epidemic of influenza which has been amongst us off and on for the last three years. In 1890, 652 deaths were attributed to this cause, in 1891, no less than 2,336. But, as I have shown on former occasions, influenza is a disease of such varied characters, that it is exceedingly difficult to recognise it with accuracy; and there is no doubt that the mortality attributed to inflammatory affections of the lungs, and even to disorders of other kinds, during an epidemic of influenza, is largely the consequence of Influenza. The Registrar General states that during the thirteen weeks of the second quarter of 1891, during which mainly influenza prevailed, there were 2009 deaths attributed to influenza, and 5,774 to inflammatory affections of the lungs, of which latter a large majority are to be regarded as cases in which the pulmonary inflammation was a sequela or complication of influenza.

Table IV. gives the populations of Camberwell and of its sub-districts as enumerated at the Censuses of 1881 and 1891, and also the populations calculated for the middle of the year on the hypothesis that the rates of increase which had ruled between these periods have been maintained since.

TABLE IV.—POPULATIONS OF CAMBERWELL AND ITS SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Parish.	Dulwich.	Camber- well.	Peckham	St. George's.
As enumerated at Census, 1881	186,593	5,590	59,104	71,089	50,810
As enumerated at Census, 1891	235,312	6,809	81,654	83,483	63,366
As calculated for middle of 1891	236,693	6,843	82,325	83,821	63,720

Table V. enumerates the births which were registered in the Parish and its sub-districts during the years 1890 and 1891. It will be observed that the births in the latter year exceeded those in the former year by 40 only: that in Dulwich there was a decrease of 9, in St. George's of 48; while in Camberwell there was an increase of 69, and in Peckham of 28.

TABLE V.—BIRTHS IN CAMBERWELL AND ITS SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Parish.	Dulwich.	Camber- well.	Peckham.	St. George's.
1890	7,298	74	2,291	2,657	2,276
1891	7,338	65	2,360	2,685	2,228
Difference	+ 40	- 9	+ 69	+ 28	- 48

In Table VI. the birth-rates for the Parish and its component parts are given both for the year 1890 and for the year 1891. The differences are on the whole almost inappreciable. For the entire Parish, for Camberwell and

for Peckham, there is practically no change ; but in Dulwich the Birth-rate (which is always small) has fallen from 11 to 9.5, and in St. George's from 36.4 to 35.

TABLE VI.—BIRTH-RATES OF CAMBERWELL AND ITS SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Parish.	Dulwich.	Camberwell.	Peckham.	St. George's.
1890	31.1	11.0	28.7	32.2	36.4
1891	31.0	9.5	28.7	32.0	35.0

The complete mortality returns are given in Tables IX. and X., to some of the facts set forth in which reference will be made further on. But meanwhile Table VII. has been constructed for the purpose of assisting to form as correct an estimate as may be of the death-rates.

Table IX. gives the deaths due to the Parish, which actually occurred, and were registered, within its limits. But a considerable number of deaths due to the Parish took place in Hospitals and other such institutions which are outside the Parish. These, with some approach to accuracy, are given in Table X. For the purposes of the death-rate these have been added together, and the combined numbers (representing the total mortality of the Parish and of its sub-districts) are set forth in the first column of Table VII. To Dulwich there are thus attributed 69 deaths, to Camberwell 1,731, to Peckham 1,472, to St. George's 1,221, and consequently to the whole Parish 4,493. But Camberwell proper contains the Workhouse and Infirmary, in which

394 deaths, and the Lunatic Asylums, in which 89 deaths occurred; and Peckham contains two off-shoots of the Workhouse, in which 91 deaths occurred. Now these deaths, though happening within these districts, no more properly belong to them than they do to the other districts of the Parish, and if included in the mortality of these districts would unduly and unfairly swell their death-rates I have, therefore, as I have always hitherto done, distributed them throughout the sub-districts in proportion to the deaths (apart from these) due to each. The steps of this calculation are shewn in the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th columns of the Table, and the final result in the last column. It may be added that even so there is a little unfairness to the Parish, inasmuch as many of the deaths in the Lunatic Asylums are of persons who do not properly belong to the Parish. I have, of course, excluded from consideration the deaths occurring in the St. Saviour's Infirmary, which amounted to 650.

TABLE VII.—REDISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS AMONG SUB-DISTRICTS OF CAMBERWELL.

	Deaths returned.	Deaths in W. I. and L. A.	Deaths in W. I. and L. A. sub- tracted.	Deaths in W. I. and L. A. re- distributed	Estimates of Deaths due to Sub- districts.
Dulwich	69	...	69	+ 10	79
Camberwell	1,731	- 483	1,248	+ 183	1,431
Peckham	1,472	- 91	1,381	+ 202	1,583
St. George's	1,221	...	1,221	+ 179	1,400
Parish.	4,493	- 574	3,919	+ 574	4,493

The death-rates per 1,000 derived from the estimated populations of the Parish, and of its sub-districts (as given in the lowest line of Table IV.), and from the redistributed deaths as given in the last column of Table VII. are set forth in Table VIII. ; in which Table are also given, for the purposes of comparison, the corresponding death-rates of the previous year. The results on the whole are highly satisfactory ; for it appears that the death-rate of the Parish is not only less than it was in 1890, but, as may be seen on reference to Table II., is less than that of London and of all its groups of districts. In St. George's the mortality was about 1 per 1,000 heavier than that in 1890 ; in Camberwell there was a merely fractional increase ; in Dulwich there was a fractional fall ; in Peckham there was a fall of about $2\frac{1}{2}$ per 1,000.

TABLE VIII.—DEATH-RATES OF CAMBERWELL AND ITS SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Parish.	Dulwich.	Camberwell.	Peckham	St. George's
1890	19·5	11·9	17·2	21·4	20·8
1891	18·98	11·54	17·38	18·89	21·97

The death-rate in Dulwich remains, as it always has been, remarkably and exceptionally low. In this connection I may perhaps refer to a paper which I wrote some many years ago on the mutual relations of the birth-rate and death-rate. The immediate occasion of the paper was the publication of an address by Dr. B. W. Richardson, and a discussion which took place in the daily press thereupon, in which it seemed to be assumed that by the death-rate

alone one could determine relative healthiness or, in other words, relative length of life. My object was to show that the death-rate *per se* gave no such information; that the death-rate at different times, or in different localities might vary within very wide limits, and yet such variations might be unassociated with any corresponding variations in the average duration of life; and that in order to attach any accurate value to the death-rate, it was necessary to compare it with the birth-rate. Thus, to give an example. A death-rate of 10 per 1,000 (such as not unfrequently occurs in Dulwich) is very low; a death-rate of 40 per 1,000, on the other hand (which could only occur in London during the prevalence of virulent epidemic diseases) is very high; and if these rates prevailed uniformly, one in one district, one in another district, in both of which there was an annual birth-rate of 35 per 1,000, the average duration of life in the former population would be 50·73 years, whereas in the latter it would be only 26·64, or in other words, the one district, as judged of by length of life, would be nearly twice as healthy as the other. But if the lower death-rate prevailed in a population in which the birth-rate was 55 per 1,000, and the higher death-rate prevailed in a population in which the birth-rate was only 15 per 1,000, the average duration of life would in both cases be equal, and amount to 38·7 per 1,000. If we apply the same reasoning to the facts of our own Parish, the respective birth-rates and death-rates which prevailed in 1891, would imply, in the sub-district of Camberwell a mean duration of life of 45 years; in Peckham, of 40 years; in St. George's, of 37 years; in Dulwich, of 34 years; and in the Parish taken generally of 41 years. I need scarcely add that the above results are not to be accepted as representing the actual facts;

they would be true if the same birth-rates and death-rates were maintained uniformly from year to year, and, if at the same time, no immigration or emigration took place, and the variations in the numbers of the populations depended only on the differences between the births and deaths.

Tables IX. and X. give between them the mortality returns of the Parish for the year 1891, according to sex, to age, to disease, and also according to District and to season; Table IX. comprising the deaths that actually occurred in the Parish; Table X., those that occurred in Institutions or elsewhere outside the Parish.

There are not many matters revealed by these Tables which call for comment. Deaths referred to accidental or other forms of violence, amounted to 100, or 31 less than were registered in the previous year. Deaths attributable to premature birth or defective vitality, and to convulsions of infancy, collectively numbered 462, or 42 less than in 1890. To child-birth, 33 deaths were attributed, which number is exactly equal to that of the previous year's Report. Of these, 6 are said to have been due to puerperal fever. Thirty-two persons were stated to have died of either erysipelas, pyæmia, or carbuncle; the deaths due to these affections in the previous year were 31.

Tubercular diseases, including pulmonary consumption, caused 671 deaths, against 625 in 1890; and to cancer, 154 deaths were attributed.

Inflammatory affections of the respiratory organs caused 1,184 deaths, or 139 less than in 1890; and diarrhœa, 142, or two less than in 1890.

The mortality due to the so-called zymotic diseases showed, on the whole, a good deal of falling off from what has been observed in former years. For the details in reference to these affections I must refer not only to Tables IX. and X., but also to Table XI., which displays the annual mortality due to these diseases ever since the constitution of the Vestry at the beginning of 1856, and to Table XII., in which the mortality of the same diseases is shown quarter by quarter for the last six years.

Hooping cough, which was the most fatal, caused 123 deaths, against 191 in the year immediately preceding. It prevailed chiefly in the second quarter; and caused 36 deaths in Camberwell, 33 in Peckham, and 54 in St. George's.

Measles caused 67 deaths, against 163 in 1890. This disease prevailed chiefly in the first quarter, and caused 1 death in Dulwich, 9 deaths in Camberwell, 33 in Peckham, and 24 in St. George's.

Scarlet fever caused 29 deaths, against 51 in 1890. They were distributed fairly uniformly throughout the year; and in the sub-districts as follows: 9 in Camberwell, 9 in Peckham, and 11 in St. George's.

To diphtheria were attributed 56 deaths, against 60 in 1890. These deaths occurred pretty uniformly throughout the year; and of them, 1 occurred in Dulwich, 30 in Camberwell, 13 in Peckham, and 12 in St. George's.

Typhoid fever caused 21 deaths, or 5 less than in the previous year. Of these, 1 was due to Dulwich, 4 to Camberwell, 9 to Peckham, and 5 to St. George's.

TABLE IX.—Returns of Births and Deaths for the Fifty-Two Weeks ending Saturday, January 2nd, 1892.

	BIRTHS.									DEATHS.																													
										ACCORDING TO AGE.													ACCORDING TO DISEASES.																
	M	F	MF	M	F	MF	Under 1 Year	Between 1 and 5.	Between 5 and 10.	Between 10 and 20.	Between 20 and 30.	Between 30 and 40.	Between 40 and 50.	Between 50 and 60.	Between 60 and 70.	Between 70 and 80.	Between 80 and 90.	90 and upwards.	Violence, Poison, and Accident	Premature Birth or Ineffective Viability.	Convulsions, &c.	Child-birth		Erysipelas, Pyæmia, &c.	Hooping Cough	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Typhoid Fever	Influenza	Small Pox	Tubercula	Cancer	Pneumonia, Bronchitis, &c.		Diarrhoea, Dysentery, &c.		Syphilis	Chronic Diseases.
																						Non-fatal affections	Puerperal Fever											Under 5 years	Over 5 years	Under 5	Over 5		
DULWICH	37	28	65	37	29	66	8	3	2	1	3	6	4	8	11	14	4	2	5	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	0	6	3	3	8	1	0	1	27
CAMBERWELL	1215	1145	2360	811	813	1624	287	167	40	51	67	126	163	158	226	232	100	7	14	96	37	11	2	13	36	9	6	19	3	59	0	249	75	119	272	33	7	3	561
PECKHAM	1361	1324	2685	705	688	1393	400	200	31	39	51	83	99	127	141	147	69	6	33	127	48	5	2	5	30	33	6	9	6	35	0	181	30	172	250	57	3	3	358
St. GEORGE'S	1156	1072	2228	573	555	1128	339	217	23	20	58	81	115	86	79	80	28	2	18	110	38	10	2	3	54	24	7	7	4	51	0	189	26	159	172	36	3	2	213
1st Quarter	1012	932	1944	600	608	1208	242	182	28	27	59	75	121	108	152	145	62	7	15	78	30	10	2	6	21	46	6	9	1	6	0	172	24	146	275	8	4	2	347
2nd Quarter	927	890	1817	622	591	1213	239	171	27	37	52	105	114	119	133	151	61	4	25	88	32	4	3	6	43	7	6	6	3	127	0	166	36	127	224	8	3	2	297
3rd Quarter	918	853	1771	406	393	799	303	96	20	14	33	43	67	67	67	54	33	2	12	89	30	9	0	0	22	1	4	9	3	9	0	140	29	52	43	93	4	4	246
4th Quarter	912	894	1806	498	493	991	250	138	21	33	35	73	79	85	105	123	45	4	18	82	31	4	1	9	34	13	3	12	6	8	0	147	45	128	160	18	2	1	269
Totals	3769	3569	7338	2126	2085	4211	1034	587	96	111	179	296	381	379	457	473	201	17	70	337	123	27	6	21	120	67	19	36	13	150	0	625	134	453	702	127	13	9	1159

Deaths in Workhouse: Males, 57; Females, 71; Males and Females, 128. Infirmary: Males, 160; Females, 106; Males and Females, 266. Workhouse, Gordon Road: Males, 53; Females, 36; Males and Females, 89. Workhouse, Willowbrook Road: Males, 2; Females, 0; Males and Females, 2. Lunatic Asylums: Males, 48; Females, 41; Males and Females, 89.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NAME		RESIDENCE		DATE		REMARKS	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144
145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152
153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168
169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176
177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184
185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200

TABLE X.—Supplemental Return of Deaths of Parishioners dying in Institutions outside the Parish.

ACCORDING TO AGE.															ACCORDING TO DISEASE.																						
M	F	M F	Under 1 year.	Between 1 and 5.	Between 5 and 10.	Between 10 and 20.	Between 20 and 30.	Between 30 and 40.	Between 40 and 50.	Between 50 and 60.	Between 60 and 70.	Between 70 and 80.	Between 80 and 90.	90 and upwards.	Violence, Poison, and Accident.	Premature Birth or Defective Vitality.	Convulsions, &c.	Child Birth.		Erysipelas, Pyæmia, &c.	Hooping Cough.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Typhoid Fever.	Influenza.	Small Pox.	Tubercle.	Cancer.	Pneumonia, Bronchitis, &c.		Diarrhoea, Dysentery, &c.		Syphilis.	Chronic Diseases.		
																		Non-fatal affections.	Fœtural Fever.											Under 5 years.	Over 5 years.	Under 5 years.	Over 5 years.				
DULWICH ...	2	1	3	..	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CAMBERWELL ...	57	50	107	6	15	11	2	7	13	15	13	9	11	5	...	6	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	3	11	1	2	...	10	10	1	12	2	...	...	...	44
FICKHAM ...	54	25	79	6	19	7	7	6	9	9	6	6	4	...	...	9	2	...	...	2	...	...	3	4	3	...	1	16	3	4	5	...	...	...	...	27	
St. GEORGE'S ...	60	23	93	5	15	14	7	9	17	12	10	3	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	4	5	1	...	...	20	6	1	6	...	...	...	...	29
1st QUARTER...	50	25	75	3	11	8	3	8	12	10	9	3	7	1	...	8	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	4	4	2	...	...	12	7	...	8	...	...	...	...	27
2nd QUARTER...	45	34	79	2	17	6	5	6	11	12	6	7	6	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	3	5	2	2	...	11	3	2	9	...	...	...	...	30
3rd QUARTER...	49	24	73	8	7	11	4	7	10	9	10	6	1	...	...	9	1	...	...	...	1	3	...	1	6	1	...	1	12	8	3	2	1	...	...	...	24
4th QUARTER...	29	26	55	4	14	7	4	2	6	6	4	3	2	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	5	1	...	...	11	2	1	4	1	...	...	...	19
Totals ...	173	100	282	17	49	32	16	23	39	37	29	19	16	5	...	30	2	...	...	...	11	3	...	10	20	6	2	1	46	20	6	23	2	...	...	...	100

MINUTE RECORD OF DEBATE

ACCORDING TO AGENDA									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Small-pox caused 1 death. This occurred in the third quarter of the year, and was due to Peckham. There were no deaths from this disease in 1889 or 1890.

To influenza, 152 deaths were attributed, against 41 in the previous year. Of these, 129 were reported to have occurred in the second quarter of the year.

Nine deaths were reported as due to syphilis.

The year, generally, may be regarded as having been a healthy year, both by reason of the death-rate being low, and by reason of the comparatively small mortality arising from the so-called zymotic group of diseases. But, nevertheless, the mortuary returns reveal some facts pointing in an opposite direction which should not be disregarded. The first to which I may call attention is the relatively heavy mortality recorded during the second quarter of the year. As a general rule the first and last quarters of the year are (owing mainly to the influence of season) the most fatal periods; and the third quarter, owing largely to the fatality of infantile diarrhoea at that time, comes next in order; the second quarter showing the lightest mortality of all. But in the year 1891 it was the second quarter which was the most fatal. This was no doubt due to the recrudescence of influenza at this time—a fact which is indicated partly by the large number of deaths directly attributed to Influenza, partly by the undue fatality of inflammatory affections of the lungs, and partly by the disproportionately heavy mortality (especially as compared with that of the third and fourth quarters) of persons upwards of 30 years of age, among whom, as is well-known, influenza chiefly made havoc. The second fact is the heavy mortality among

children under 5 years of age—a mortality which was (as it always is) specially heavy in the more prolific and more populous portions of the Parish. Thus in Dulwich 14 per cent. of the total deaths were due to children under 5; in Camberwell, 32; in Peckham, 38; and in St. George's, 40. In proportion to the total births, however, the difference is much less; for in Dulwich these deaths were at the rate of 17 per cent. on the total births; in Camberwell, 19; in Peckham, 22; and in St. George's, 25. The heavy death-rate among children is owing to a variety of causes: partly to premature birth and defective health at the time of birth, partly to the influence of such diseases as hooping cough, measles, and diphtheria, and the like, and largely to the affections of the lungs and bowels to which children are especially liable.

Tables XIII. and XIV. give a summary of the sanitary work done by your Sanitary Inspectors during the year ending March 25th, 1892. Owing to the circumstance that the Public Health Act, 1891 (which has effected many important changes in the duties, powers and procedure of Vestries in relation to sanitary matters), came into operation on the 1st January this year, it has been found convenient to provide two tables: the first, (Table XIII.) relating to the 9 months ending December 31st, the other (Table XIV.) relating to the 3 months ending March 25th.

By collating these Tables the following facts appear:—

1st. That during the year 10,074 primary inspections were made, including 5,843 house-to-house visits, 2,210 inspections consequent on complaints, 1,136 inspections on

account of infectious diseases, and 598* inspections of new buildings.

2nd. That during the same year there were 19,459 re-inspections of works in progress, including premises in which infectious diseases were or had been prevailing.

And 3rd. That in connection with the sanitary defects revealed by inspection, 3,450 notices were served during the first 9 months; and during the last 3 months 386 intimations and only 51 notices. The apparent discrepancy between the above figures relating to the first 9 months of the year, and those relating to the last 3 months, are to be explained by the facts, that during the former period sanitary defects occurring, say in one house, had frequently to be dealt with under different Acts of Parliament and by several notices, whereas now all such defects can, as a rule, be dealt with by a single notice; and that the intimations which are now served immediately on the discovery of defects are largely attended to, and no formal notice becomes necessary. There were only 26 summonses under the Sanitary Acts during the year.

Under Tables XIII. and XIV. B. are included perhaps the most important sanitary duties which the sanitary department has to discharge: those namely which relate to the supervision and regulation of the drainage of houses newly built, and those relating to the total or partial reconstruction (under the Vestry's regulations) of the drains of houses already built. Of partial reconstructions there were

* This applies only to the last 3 months of the year; for the previous 9 months such cases have been included only in Table XIII. B.

201, and of total reconstructions, and of the drainage of new buildings collectively 2,134. This latter work, I need scarcely say, needs in every case a very careful consideration of the plans submitted for execution, and frequent and careful inspection of works in progress.

Tables XIII. and XIV. C. comprise a list of the ordinary sanitary works which have been carried out during the year, and the number of instances in which each item of this list has been successfully dealt with. The Tables bear witness to the successful performance of a large amount of sanitary work, but none of its items call for any special remark.

Tables XIII. and XIV. D. set forth the number of samples of food and drugs submitted by the Inspectors to the Analyst, and the number of summonses which have been taken out under the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act.

During the year, from the 25th March, 1891, to the 25th March, 1892 inclusive, there were notified (see Table XV.) under the Notification Act, 4 cases of small-pox, 1 case of typhus, 648 cases of scarlet fever, 109 cases of typhoid or enteric fever, 9 cases of puerperal fever, 249 cases of diphtheria, and 192 cases of erysipelas, in all 1,212 cases. It is satisfactory to observe that the total number of notifications for the year was less by 353 than that for the year immediately preceding, the diminution in scarlet fever being 240, that in typhoid fever 43, that in puerperal fever 3, that in diphtheria 7, and that in erysipelas 66. In small-pox there was an increase of 2.

Table XVI. sets forth the number of houses which were disinfected by, or under the superintendence of, the

Vestry Officials, and the number of beds and other articles disinfected in the Parish disinfectory.

I think it will be admitted that the sanitary work done during the last twelve months has been very considerable, and I am sure that on the whole it has been carried out in a highly satisfactory manner, and (considering how much such work is apt to irritate and offend) with singularly little friction.

It will be recollected that owing to the large extension of sanitary duties which has taken place during the last few years, arising partly from the growth of population, partly from the increasing stringency of legislation, and partly from the growing fastidiousness of the public, you have, mainly at my own suggestion made many important additions to the sanitary staff, and you have a right to be informed how far this large increase is justified by results. I propose, therefore, to lay before you a brief narrative of the progress of sanitary events in relation to the parish.

I will commence by quoting a passage from my report for the year 1888-89 :—" From the time when the present Vestry came into existence, great attention has been paid to the Sanitary arrangements of houses. At first, we had to get rid of the cess-pools and common privies, with which, almost without exception, every house was provided, to have these replaced by water-closets, and to insist on the trapping and cleansing of drains, and on the drainage of yards and areas. But in these earlier times, the best forms of closets, the best arrangements for flushing them and keeping them sweet, the best methods of dealing with the removal of slops, foul-water, and rain-water, the best form

of traps, and the best systems of arranging underground drains, were not fully understood, and even if understood, would have been difficult or impossible to enforce. But of late years scientific and practical knowledge with respect to these matters has made rapid advances, and public opinion has grown; so that now, not only are the correct principles and the practical details of house drainage well-understood, but also the public generally are alive to the need of having their house-drainage in perfect order. For several years past, we have been enforcing the ventilation of soil-pipes, the disconnecting of sink-, waste-water-, and rain-pipes, from sewers, the provision of efficient traps in place of such as are effete and useless, and of efficient water-closet pans and traps, and water-supply apparatus, in place of such as experience has shown to be defective or dangerous.

“But this has not been sufficient. It has long been known to the Sanitary Committee that, however well everything connected with the Parish drainage has been carried out, there has never been any efficient supervision of the drainage and other sanitary arrangements of houses in course of construction. It has been no part of the duty of the Sanitary Inspectors to perform such functions; and there have been no officers on the Surveyor's Staff to whom the duty has been, or could have been properly, entrusted. It is true that every builder has been required, before constructing his private drains, and connecting them with the public sewer, to send in a plan of his proposed drainage for the sanction of the Surveyor. But there has been no machinery by which builders could be compelled to carry out their works in accordance with the plans submitted, or to ensure that the details of their works had been carried out in a workmanlike or efficient manner. The Sanitary

Committee, the Surveyor and myself have long been troubled about this matter; and all the more so that the inspections of houses even recently built have shown that sanitary nuisances complained of have been largely due to scandalous neglect of duty on the part of those concerned in the carrying out of drainage work; and that in most cases the plans sent in have not accorded with the arrangement finally adopted. The close attention and study which your Sanitary Inspectors have of late years had to devote to drainage questions, and the frequent reconstructions of drainage which, owing to the default above adverted to, they have had to superintend and carry to a successful issue, naturally pointed to them as being the best fitted of all members of the staff of the Vestry to be entrusted with the important duty, not only of superintending the reconstruction of the drainage in houses already built, yet suffering from defective drainage, but also of supervising and advising with respect to the sanitary arrangements of houses in course of construction.

“After fully considering the very great sanitary importance of the matter, and the feasibility of the plan, the Surveyor and myself proposed to the Sanitary Committee that the above duties should be devolved on the Inspectors; and with their assistance we prepared a scheme and a series of requirements with respect to the drainage of new houses, embodying, as far as possible, all the more recent real improvements. After due deliberation our scheme was approved of by the Committee, and has since been adopted by the Vestry.

“It is impossible to tell at present how far the plan will prove a success; but undoubtedly it has the elements

of success within it. The work is as yet only in its early infancy, and we cannot clearly see how large a staff will be needed to carry it out effectually. The actual Sanitary Inspectors are now five in number, a number by no means too large to do all the ordinary duties required of them by Act of Parliament, apart from the special additional duties which henceforth they will have to discharge. The former duties cannot properly be neglected; the latter duties will probably demand a very large amount of time and thought, and if they grow, as doubtless they will, they will absorb so much of the Inspectors' time, that in some form or other assistance will have to be provided, or a further special department created. I hesitate at the present moment to suggest how the difficulty will have to be met. The difficulty, however, is certain to arise, but I think it better to wait, and to propose the remedy when the exact nature of the difficulty to be met becomes apparent. But the new work is so important and far-reaching, and its importance will gradually become so manifest, that I feel sure that in the course of time the Vestry will provide an adequate staff for its efficient performance.

"I may add here, that necessary and important as the supervision and arrangement of the drainage work of new houses certainly are, the gradual reconstruction of the drainage of houses already built is at least as necessary and important, and is even more difficult. For the Sanitary Authority have no power to compel the examination of underground drains, unless they give evidence of being out of order by creating a nuisance; and generally when such a nuisance exists, and the drains are examined, they prove to be altogether faulty, so that not only has new drainage, probably on a new system, to be carried out, but the de-

fective drainage has to be wholly, or to a large extent, abolished and removed."

In my next report, namely that for the year 1889-90, I drew attention to the amount of work under the new rules which had then been carried out systematically for one year, to the falling off that had necessarily taken place in the ordinary sanitary work of the parish, and to the fact that the Act for the Notification of Infectious Diseases had come into operation in the October of the year to which the report related, and that hence heavy additional duties had been thrown on your Sanitary Officers. The remarks which I then made in reference to the above matters were as follows:—

"The amount" of the sanitary work done by your Inspectors in the course of the year ending March 25th, 1890, "is very considerable. But as I anticipated would be the case the primary inspections have fallen off considerably, and their total number is nearly 2,000 less than in the previous year, and not half so many as were carried out annually a few years since. But re-inspections, for the purpose of seeing that works required to be done have been duly carried out, have largely increased. The explanation is simple, and has been given in former reports. It is that during the last few years the Inspectors, acting under my directions, have paid more and more close attention to defects of drainage, which implies a much closer and more exhaustive examination of premises than they had been in the habit formerly of bestowing thereon, and a much more frequent subsequent examination of premises in regard to which orders have been made; and that during the last year the regulations with respect to the drainage of new

houses, and the reconstruction of the drains of houses already built, which you adopted on the 22nd May, 1889, on the recommendation of the Surveyor and myself, have come into force, and that consequently the Inspectors' time has, during the last 10 months, been largely given to work of this nature.

“ This is a subject which I discussed fully in my last annual Report, and which I shall not now rediscuss. All I need say is, that the work is of a most important character; that until the Spring of last year it belonged to no official of the Vestry to take the matter in hand, and had been absolutely neglected to the serious detriment of the Parish; that the work is one which very few Metropolitan Parishes have down to the present time taken seriously in hand; and that, so far as I know, ours is the only Parish in which it has been devolved on the Sanitary Inspectors, or the officers, that is to say, whose training, knowledge, and special sanitary duties make them best fitted to discharge such a function, and to carry it out successfully. During the last year in 452 cases, either new buildings have been drained, and their sanitary arrangements carried out, according to the directions of the Surveyor and myself, and under the immediate supervision of the Sanitary Inspectors; or there has been a total reconstruction of the drainage and other sanitary arrangements of houses already built. I need scarcely say that the duties here spoken of have proved, as was expected, very difficult and very exacting; for they have demanded, first of all, the careful consideration of plans of drainage; second, frequent visits of the Inspectors to works in progress; third, frequent testing of drains; and, lastly, not unfrequent conflicts of opinion between the Vestry officials on the one hand, and landlords, architects,

builders, workmen, or tenants on the other hand. Moreover, the visits have necessarily had frequently to be made by appointment, at times inconvenient to the Inspectors and in relation to their other duties. By far the most difficult of the two branches of the work included in the above returns is that relating to the drainage of houses already built, in regard to which it has proved almost, if not quite, impossible in many cases to become acquainted with all the defects of underground drainage, before amendment was in progress, or to compel complete reconstruction on the most approved principles. Nevertheless, and notwithstanding considerable, not to say needless, friction, the work on the whole has been carried out to my satisfaction, and I am perfectly sure that it will never now be discontinued, and will prove of immense sanitary value to the Parish. I confess that I am much gratified that so much new and important work has been effected, not only with little opposition and annoyance, but largely with the cordial co-operation and approval of builders, architects, landlords, and tenants."

On the 30th October of the year 1889, from the report for which the latter extract has been taken, the Infectious Diseases Notification Act came into operation, and involved a large increase of the duties of the sanitary department, not only in the way of inspection and disinfection, but also in the matter of clerical work and correspondence. Recognising this fact, and further, that while hitherto all the clerical work had devolved on the Inspectors and Medical Officer, and that no Clerk or other official had ever been appointed to assist them in their work, or to be present in the office during business hours in order to receive complaints and give information, &c.,

additional assistance was given, in the first place, by appointing Mr. Griffith at the end of October, and secondly by appointing Mr. Chadderton in the following March: Mr. Griffith mainly for the purpose of keeping the register of infectious diseases and doing all the other clerical work in connection therewith; Mr. Chadderton, a certificated and well qualified Inspector, to take charge of the office, and to act or assist the other Inspectors in cases of emergency.

It will thus be seen that important additions were made to the staff, partly to deal with new sanitary requirements for which otherwise there was no provision, and partly to supply a need in connection with the office which had long been felt and had been becoming urgent. But these were not the additions I had contemplated would be necessary to render the staff competent to deal with the rapidly augmenting sanitary needs of the Parish; and, consequently, on the 24th April, 1890, I presented the following report to the Sewers and Sanitary Committee:—

You will recollect that, when our new regulations in regard to the sanitary arrangement of new houses, and the reconstruction of the drains of houses already built, came into force, I explained that the new and important duties thereby thrown on the Inspectors, would for a time disarrange the work of the sanitary department, and necessarily lead to the neglect of some of the duties which had, up to that date, been systematically performed.

“I explained at the time above referred to that if the regulations in regard to drainage were to be carried out efficiently by your Inspectors, and at the same time their other duties were not to be neglected, it would be absolutely

necessary largely to increase the sanitary staff; but that I thought that instead of at once making the changes, the need of which I foresaw, it would be well to wait for a time, and only to determine on their nature and amount when we should have learnt by experience our actual needs in this respect.

“Sufficient experience has now accrued; and I feel it my duty to place my views on the subject before you. We have always found that, when the routine performance of sanitary work has been interfered with (as when some of the Inspectors have been away in holiday time, or on account of sickness, or when large prevalence of disease has demanded special attention), the duty which has fallen into abeyance has been that of systematic house-to-house inspection. It is this duty which has mainly been neglected during the last few months; and it is this, and the enforcement of our regulations in regard to houses let in lodgings which must continue to be neglected unless a considerable addition be made to the staff of Inspectors.

“There are between 30,000 and 40,000 houses in the parish, of which, probably, one half should be inspected periodically. A few years ago our annual systematic inspections amounted to about 10,000. During the last three or four years, however, owing to our increased attention to drainage matters, the annual number of such inspections has diminished, and during the last six months they have been at the rate of less than 5,000, and even these have been made up largely of inspections of groups of houses determined by some complaint in regard to one of them. I think that in a large and populous parish like

Camberwell, we ought to have from 15,000 to 20,000 inspections annually, and that all houses needing periodical inspection should be inspected at least once during that period.

“The most important change that I would venture to suggest is, that the present staff of Inspectors should be doubled, and that to each district should be allotted an Inspector and an Assistant Inspector, the Inspector being responsible for all the work done in his district, the Assistant (acting under him) performing the duties involving least responsibility. The plan of having two Inspectors, thus working in association, rather than any other plan of increasing their number, commends itself for several reasons. (1.) It is always necessary when an Inspector is obtaining articles under the Food and Drugs Act, that he shall have some one to accompany him. This is at present done by hiring some man for the occasion. The duty might be performed by the Assistant. (2.) It is absolutely necessary when drains are being tested that two Inspectors should co-operate. At present when such testing takes place, one Inspector from another district has to be taken away for the purpose from his proper duties. (3.) The Magistrates of late (properly, as I think) have required that, when an Inspector gives evidence before them in respect of any important case, his evidence shall be corroborated by that of another Inspector. This duty, again, has had to be performed by taking an Inspector from his ordinary duties, and might be more conveniently and economically performed by an assistant. (4.) The Assistant, among other duties, might serve notices. Further, Assistant Inspectors should be young men learning their duties, and would, I

think, be well paid by a salary commencing at £80 per annum, and rising, say, to £120.

“If the plan I here suggest be carried out it will involve the appointment of five Assistant-Inspectors.”

It need scarcely be said that this recommendation of mine was subjected to careful consideration, and that consequently some considerable time elapsed before it was adopted by the Sanitary Committee, and by them submitted to the Vestry. Further, it was thought desirable (a view in which I entirely concurred) that with a largely increased sanitary staff, a staff comprising 5 Inspectors, 5 Assistant Inspectors, 2 persons engaged in disinfection, and 2 Office Clerks; and in view of the large accession of important sanitary duties and responsibilities entailed by these appointments and the progress of sanitary legislation, a chief officer ought to be appointed to assist me in organising and superintending the sanitary work of the Parish, and to act as the Superintendent of Inspectors. The question naturally arose as to what the qualifications of such an officer should be; whether, for example, he should be a qualified sanitary inspector, a qualified engineer, or a medical man who had obtained a diploma in public health. Finally, on the 25th March, 1891, Dr. Priestly was elected Chief Sanitary Inspector, and on the 15th April 5 Assistant Inspectors were appointed.

Some considerable time of course elapsed before the new arrangements came into full and satisfactory operation. Dr. Priestly and myself had to give much time and thought to the matter, and our suggestions had to be considered in Committee; and moreover the young Inspectors had to be

instructed in their duties. Nevertheless, at the end of a few months matters were working smoothly and I think efficiently.

But it will be recollected that on the 5th August, 1891, the Public Health (London) Act (which was to come into operation on the 1st January, 1892) was passed. This was an Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Public Health in London, and involved not only a considerable extension of the powers and responsibilities of Vestries, but in many respects important changes in procedure. On the 20th of October, after having studied the Act carefully, I laid before the Committee a report (*see Appendix*), in which I explained, so far as I was able, its chief requirements and provisions, with the object of preparing the Vestry for their new duties and responsibilities, and of making all the necessary official arrangements by the 1st of January. This latter was a work of no inconsiderable difficulty. But with the cordial co-operation of the Vestry Clerk's Department, Dr. Priestly and myself had all the new forms of notices, and books and such like things ready by the time they were needed, and the Inspectors all fully coached in the duties which were required of them.

Naturally all this tended in some degree to cause temporary disarrangement of the sanitary work of the Vestry; but I am glad to say that on the whole this disarrangement has not been serious, and that the performance of the sanitary duties had been steadily growing in efficiency. In comparing, however, the work actually done in the last year with that done in the year immediately preceding, it must be recollected that our five new Inspectors scarcely

got into real work until 6 months after their appointment, that several of our Inspectors have unfortunately been incapacitated by influenza, and that one of our Assistant Inspectors obtained another appointment early in the year.

But without making a close comparison, which can easily be done by comparing the present report with that of last year, I may point out the facts, that house-to-house inspections have increased from 4,711 to 5,843; that the total primary inspections (including house-to-house inspections) have risen from 7,790 to 10,074; that re-inspections have increased from 14,381 to 19,459; and that the cases of superintendence of the drainage of new buildings and of the total reconstruction of the drains, &c., of old houses, have increased from 1,278 to 2,134. If nothing occurs to interfere with the continuance of our work, I think there is good reason to believe that the next year's report will shew a further advance in the extent of work done.

I am glad, in conclusion, to express my high appreciation of the services of Dr. Priestly during the year, and of the excellent work done by the Sanitary Inspectors.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J. S. BRISTOWE.

TABLE XI.

ANNUAL MORTALITY RETURN OF ZYMOTIC DISEASES, FROM
1856 (inclusive).

YEAR.	Hooping Cough.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Diph- theria.	Fever.	Small Pox.	Diarrhoea
1856 ...	32	48	30		19	5	29
1857 ...	30	7	44		24	4	50
1858 ...	51	28	129	14	20	7	26
1859 ...	66		82		31	12	?
1860 ...	36	40	34	11	26	5	?
1861 ...	72	8	13	25	25	2	?
1862 ...	53	32	101	40	64	0	?
1863 ...	57	32	124	29	41	14	?
1864 ...	61	29	83	16	51	10	?
1865 ...	52	39	55	14	31	12	118
1866 ...	72	38	59	11	53	35	76
1867 ...	64	20	75	8	41	9	67
1868 ...	58	67	71	17	45	13	146
1869 ...	134	43	164	9	46	9	133
1870 ...	49	24	192	10	57	23	160
1871 ...	50	29	60	9	40	153	143
1872 ...	132	46	86	1	38	41	124
1873 ...	60	49	7	7	38	2	137
1874 ..	76	54	24	9	57	2	93
1875 ...	125	64	177	14	40	1	107
1876 ...	93	33	78	16	31	32	126
1877 ...	61	72	38	12	27	124	94
1878 ...	206	88	59	29	41	81	176
1879 ...	122	123	76	31	35	80	75
1880 ...	206	59	126	32	36	33	223
1881 ...	74	95	120	29	44	190	127
1882 ...	180	168	76	60	44	66	100
1883 ..	91	112	48	49	35	19	122
1884 ...	173	171	82	78	40	34	240
1885 ...	136	91	20	68	27	154	135
1886 ...	156	97	18	48	30	2	215
1887 ...	203	133	99	71	41	0	239
1888 ...	130	101	105	65	31	1	115
1889 ...	149	193	37	76	27	0	145
1890 ...	191	163	51	60	26	0	144
1891 ...	123	67	29	56	21	1	142

TABLE XII.

MORTALITY RETURN OF ZYMOTIC DISEASES QUARTERLY
FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS.

YEAR.	Hooping Cough.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Fever.	Small Pox.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.
1886. 1st Quarter	98	6	0	14	5	2	6	—
2nd „	35	61	3	8	8	0	13	—
3rd „	16	25	5	11	7	0	168	—
4th „	7	5	10	8	10	0	28	—
1887. 1st Quarter	29	14	13	16	7	0	10	—
2nd „	65	64	12	15	5	0	11	—
3rd „	80	40	23	20	6	0	207	—
4th „	29	14	51	20	16	0	11	—
1888. 1st Quarter	71	5	40	23	13	1	9	—
2nd „	46	7	22	8	5	0	20	—
3rd „	23	9	6	12	5	0	71	—
4th „	20	80	37	22	8	0	15	—
1889. 1st Quarter	41	126	13	14	3	0	8	—
2nd „	44	38	7	12	10	0	13	—
3rd „	24	21	5	26	5	0	112	—
4th „	40	8	12	24	11	0	10	—
1890. 1st Quarter	100	3	14	20	2	0	9	2
2nd „	40	19	11	7	6	0	11	25
3rd „	31	29	16	13	4	0	97	6
4th „	20	112	10	20	14	0	27	8
1891. 1st Quarter	21	46	10	13	3	0	12	6
2nd „	43	7	9	11	5	0	11	129
3rd „	25	1	5	15	4	1	98	9
4th „	34	13	5	17	7	0	21	8

TABLE XIII.

RETURN OF WORKS PERFORMED BY THE OFFICERS OF THE
SANITARY DEPARTMENT FROM THE 26TH MARCH, TO
THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1891 (INCLUSIVE).

TABLE A.								
Description of Work.	INSPECTORS.							TOTAL.
	STEVEN- SON.	GROOM.	POINTON.	DEWEY.	EAGLE.	CHADDER- TON.	ASSISTANTS	
House to House Inspections	439	508	729	463	693	0	1539	4731
Inspections arising from Complaints	373	491	295	233	280	21	26	1719
Cow-houses	14	9	10	5	5	0	0	43
Slaughter-houses	2	3	4	4	5	0	0	18
Bake-houses	0	6	0	3	0	0	0	9
Infectious Cases	217	177	153	116	164	0	84	911
Total primary Inspections	1045	1194	1191	824	1147	21	1649	7071
Total Re-inspections	2798	2254	2894	2132	2376	174	473	13101
Notices Served	566	853	385	548	907	9	182	3450
Summonses under Sanitary Acts.....	8	7	5	4	0	0	0	24

TABLE B.								
Partial Reconstruction of Drains of Old Houses under Vestry Regulations	3	38	5	41	29	0	0	116
Drainage of New Buildings and total reconstruction of Drains, &c., of old Houses	391	178	378	171	201	5	28	1352

TABLE C.								
Houses ventilated.....	147	136	144	234	101	0	750	1512
„ cleansed	45	181	30	94	78	1	454	883
„ repaired	37	175	23	144	157	1	531	1068
Water supplied	2	10	2	0	0	0	22	36
Drains cleansed, repaired, and trapped	175	504	202	181	230	0	358	1650
Sinks, rainwater-pipes, &c., disconnected	376	597	522	246	254	18	699	2712
Stables, yards, and areas paved and drained	201	547	377	531	285	4	1214	3159

TABLE XIII.—(Continued.)

TABLE C.—Continued.

Description of Work.	INSPECTORS.							TOTAL.
	STEVEN- SON.	GROOM.	POINTON.	DEWEY.	EAGLE.	CHADDER- TON.	ASSISTANTS	
Closets provided	82	152	48	149	28	12	139	610
„ ventilated	195	213	137	251	7	8	816	1627
„ cleansed and repaired	172	201	183	131	183	11	736	1617
„ water laid on to ...	138	198	161	236	166	6	520	1425
Cisterns provided.....	0	55	16	39	1	0	84	195
„ covered and repaired	50	99	130	108	73	0	331	791
„ abolished	0	0	0	0	42	0	0	42
Dustbins provided	95	109	89	144	182	0	247	866
„ repaired	1	76	61	92	61	0	421	712
Cesspools emptied and ab- olished	1	26	0	15	3	0	0	45
Abolish Dust Shoots	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4
Manure and foul accumu- lations removed	43	104	115	33	48	5	228	576
Pigs and other animals re- moved	1	19	8	0	2	0	21	51
Urinals cleansed or pro- vided	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	6
Remove Soil Pipes outside	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
Overcrowding abated	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Smoke nuisances abated ...	4	4	2	12	1	0	1	24
Trade nuisances abated ...	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	8
Drain into Sewer	3	7	1	13	0	0	0	24
Drain Cellar	7	0	0	0	1	0	0	8
Provide Manure Pits	0	12	0	0	5	0	0	17
Cleanse Road Gullies	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	9
Remove Gipsies	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Repair Gutters.....	0	0	6	0	0	0	3	9

TABLE D.—SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACT.

Samples submitted for analysis.....	43	41	41	47	42	0	0	214
Summonses under the above Act	6	12	11	8	6	0	0	43

TABLE XIV.

RETURN OF WORK PERFORMED IN THE SANITARY DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST JANUARY TO 25TH MARCH, 1892, BOTH INCLUSIVE.
PUBLIC HEALTH (LONDON) ACT, 1891.

TABLE A.							
Description of Work.	INSPECTORS.						TOTAL.
	STEVEN-SON.	GROOM.	POINTON	DEWEY.	EAGLE.	ASSIST-ANTS.	
House to House Inspections ..	269	258	409	89	447	0	1472
Complaints	89	125	90	82	105	0	491
Bakehouses ..	6	10	9	6	8	0	39
Infectious Cases	31	72	57	35	30	0	225
Schools	0	3	57	4	8	0	72
Sanitary Conveniences, Urinals, &c.	0	4	33	0	46	0	83
New Buildings	215	40	151	77	115	0	598
Stations Inspected	0	0	23	0	0	0	23
Intimations served under the Public Health Act..	66	100	56	71	93	0	386
Notices served under the Public Health Act	9	16	7	6	13	0	51
Summonses taken out under Public Health Act	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Total Primary Inspections	686	628	892	371	865	0	3442
Re-inspections of Works in hand	1059	1047	1348	1160	1331	0	5945
Do. Infectious Diseases	42	103	104	52	112	0	413
Total Re-inspections	1072	1250	1452	1212	1443	0	6358
TABLE B.							
Partial Re-construction of Old Drains under Vestry Regulations	44	14	22	1	4	0	85
Drainage of New Buildings and total Re-construction of Drains &c., of Old Houses.....	259	100	180	90	153	0	782
TABLE C.							
Houses Ventilated under Floors	186	188	291	99	119	0	883
„ Cleansed	17	61	71	51	55	0	255
„ Repaired	21	46	69	39	65	0	240
Water Supplied.....	6	12	2	33	6	0	59
Drains Cleansed, Repaired and Trapped	233	190	423	123	212	0	1181

TABLE XIV.—(Continued).

TABLE C.—Continued.

Description of Work.	INSPECTORS.						TOTAL.
	STEVEN- SON.	GROOM.	POINTON.	DEWEY.	EAGLE.	ASSIST- ANTS.	
Sinks, Rain Water Pipes, &c., disconnected	400	267	337	156	220	0	1380
Stables, Yards and Areas Paved and Drained	148	155	258	117	177	0	855
Closets Provided, Cleansed or Removed.....	126	193	292	96	386	0	1093
Water laid on to Closets.....	134	136	234	101	173	0	778
Cisterns Provided or Re-constructed ...	16	2	84	29	11	0	142
Cisterns Repaired, Covered, or Cleansed	55	20	181	50	64	0	370
Provide, Repair, or Remove Dust Bin.....	95	106	219	106	232	0	758
Cesspools emptied & abolished or drain into Sewer	16	2	2	9	0	0	29
Remove Refuse or Manure	41	65	234	1	67	0	408
Keep Animals clean or remove them	1	1	4	1	22	0	29
Cleanse and Supply Water to Private Urinals	0	1	1	0	1	0	3
Abate Overcrowding	1	1	5	0	0	0	7
„ Smoke Nuisances and raise Chimnies	2	0	1	1	12	0	16
Trade Nuisances Abated... ..	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Road Gullies do. do.	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Supply Manure Pits.....	4	7	3	1	2	0	17
Drains exposed for Examination	47	60	36	11	72	0	226
Interceptors & Chambers Supplied	64	55	36	2	9	0	166

TABLE D.—SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACT.

Samples submitted for Analysis	10	10	10	10	10	0	50
Summonses under the above Act	1	3	2	3	4	0	13
Inquests ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	45
Dead Bodies removed to Mortuary...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52
Post Mortem Examinations	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
Letters, &c., sent ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1708
Do. Received... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1398

TABLE XV.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED FROM 26TH MARCH, 1891,
TO 25TH MARCH, 1892, INCLUSIVE.

No. of Ward.	Small Pox.	Typhus Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
No. 1 WARD -	1	0	87	13	22	2	1	47
„ 2 Do. -	0	0	55	14	31	1	1	33
„ 3 Do. -	0	1	82	12	25	2	1	32
„ 4 Do. -	0	0	79	24	15	2	2	27
„ 5 Do. -	3	0	160	28	48	3	2	21
„ 6 Do. -	0	0	185	18	92	6	2	32
Total -	4	1	648	109	233	16	9	192

TABLE XV.—(Continued.)

LOCALITIES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED FROM THE
26TH MARCH, 1891, TO 25TH MARCH, 1892, INCLUSIVE.

WARD 1.

Streets.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Acorn street	1	...	...	...	...	..
Addington square	4	...	...	...
Albany road (part of)	1	1	4	1	...	1
Albany, The	2	...	...	...	...	1
Alder street	1	...	...	...	...	...
Avenue road	1
Beckett street	1	...	...	...	2
Blakes road	5	..	...	...	...	...
Bonsor street	3	...	...	...	...	...
Boyton's place	1	...	...	...	...	...
Branch buildings	1	...	...	...	...	...
Camberwell road (part of	1	...	1	...	...	1
Camden grove north	5	...	3	...	...	2
Camden square	1	...	...	..	...	...
Canal bank (part of)	5	...	...	...	...	...
Canal street	1	...	...	...	...
Castlemaine road	6	...	...	...	...	...
Cator street (part of)	2	1	..	...	...	1
Chatham road	1	...	...	...	...	1
Coleman road	3	1	1	1	...	2
Commercial road (part of)	1	...	..	...	...	1
Cumberland terrace	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Denmark terrace	1	...	...	..	...	...
Diamond street	1	...	...	...	...	1
Dragon road	1	...	...	...	...	2
Draycott place	1	...
East Surrey grove	2	...	...	...	...	2
Carried forward	1	45	5	13	2	1	18

Ward 1.—Continued.

Streets.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward ...	1	45	5	13	2	1	18
Edmund street	1
Fendick road	2	...	...	...
Garnies street...	1
Gloucester road	2	...	1	...	...	2
Graylands road	4	...	...	...	...	1
Grenard road	3	4	1	...	...	2
Harling street	2	1	...	..	...	1
Hazlemere road	2	...	...	1
Hollington street	1	1	...	...	...	5
Hornby road	1	...	...	...	...	...
James grove	4	...	...	...	...	...
Kitson road	1	...	...	...	...	1
Maydwell street	1	...	...	...	...	1
Millais street	1
New Church road (part of)	1	..	..	...	2
Parkhouse street	2	...	...	...	...	...
Pitman street..	...	3	...	1	..	...	2
Southampton street (part of)	2	...	1	...	...	1
St. George's road	12	...	...	...	...	2
Sultan street	1
Tilson road	1	...	...	...	...	...
Toulon street	2
Victory square	1	...	...	...	2
Wells street (part of)...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...
Wyndham road (part of)	2	...	1	...	...	...
Total ...	1	87	13	22	2	1	47

WARD 2.

Streets.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Ablett street	2	...	1	...	...	...
Albany road (part of) ...	2	3	...	...	...	3
Astley street	2	...	1	...	...	1
Aulay street ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	...
Avondale square	3	1	1	...	...	...
Barkworth road	3	...	...	...	...	1
Bonamy street ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	1
Bowles road	1	1	...	...	...	...
Bramcote road	1	1	1	...	...	...
Brodie street ... ..	...	...	2	...	...	...
Brymer road	1	...	2	...	...	...
Charlotte street ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	...
Cobourg road	2	...	1	...	...	...
Cooper's road ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	1
Cranswick road ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	...
Credon road	3	...	...	...	...	1
Cunard street	1	...	...	...	...	...
Dartnell road	2	...	...	...	...	1
Delaford road	1	...	3	...	...	...
Domville grove	1	1	...	...	...	2
Earl road ... ..	...	..	...	...	...	1
Egan street ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	...
Emily road	1	...	...	...	...	...
Glengall road (part of) ...	1	...	...	...	...	..
Goldie street ... ..	...	2	...	...	...	...
Ilderton road ... ..	...	2	...	..	...	2
Ingoldisthorpe grove,...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Jardin street	1	...	...	...	...	...
Carried forward	28	13	15	1	0	15

Ward 2.—Continued.

Streets.				Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward	...	...	...	28	13	15	1	0	15
Kempshead road	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2
Loncroft road	...	..	...	...	...	2	..	...	...
Marlborough road	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Mawbey road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Neate street	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	4
Oakley place	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Odell street	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Old Kent road (part of)	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1
Ossory road	...	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...
Pepler road	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Povah road	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Rivett street	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	1
Rotherhithe New road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Sandover road	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1
Scarsdale road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Secretan road...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
St. James' road	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
St. Thomas' road	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Trafalgar road	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1
Varcoe road	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1
Verney road	...	...	...	5	...	1	...	...	...
Wells street (part of)	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Willowbrook grove	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	55	14	31	1	1	33

WARD 3.

Streets.	Typhus Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Acorn street	1	...	...	...	...	...
Artichoke row	2	...	...	...	...	1
Baldwin crescent ..	1	...	...	..	...	...	...
Belham street	7	...	...	...	...	...
Benhill road	1	...	...	...	...
Bishops road	1
Brisbane street	1	...	..	...	...
Burton road	1	...	...	...
Camberwell green (part of)	1
Camberwell road (part of)	1	...	1	..	..	1
Camberwell New road (part of)	3	...	1	...	...	...
Camberwell Workhouse and Infirmary	2	...	..	...	1	12
Carew street	8	...	...	...	...	...
Caspian street	1	...	1	...	...	...
Castle street	3	...	...	...
Chiswell street	1	...	...	...	...
Church street (part of)	1	...	1	...	...	1
Clarendon place	1	..	...	...
Clarendon street	1
Cork street	1	...	...	...
Denmark road	2
Denmark street	4	..	..	...	...	...
D'Eynsford road	1	...	...	...
Edmund street	2	..	1	...	...	1
Farndon row	1	...	...	...	..
George street	2	1	2	...	...	...
Great Orchard row	1	...	1	...	...	...
Greens row	1	..	..	...	...	...
Carried forward ..	1	36	5	15	0	1	21

WARD 3.—Continued.

Streets.	Typhus Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward ...	1	36	5	15	0	1	21
Guildford place	3	..	...	...	...	1
Harris street	2	...	...	...	...	2
Harold street	1	...	...	...	...	...
Harvey road	1	1	...	...	1
Havil street	8	...	...	...	...	..
Inglis street	3	...	...	...	...	...
Kimpton road...	...	3	...	1	...	...	1
Knatchbull road	6	...	...	...	...	...
Leipsic road	5	...	1	1	..	...
Lothian road	1	...	...	...	...
Mansion House square	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
McDowall road	1	...	...	...
Mosedale street	2	...	...	...	...	...
Orchard row	1	...	...	...
Paulet road	1	...	...	..	1
Peckham road (part of)	...	1	...	1	...	...	..
Penford street...	1	...	...	...	...
Picton street	2	1	...	1	..	...
Pinnocks terrace	1	...	...	...	...
Sansom street...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Southampton street (part of)	1
South street	2	...	...	...	...	...
Tindall street	1	...	...	1
Vicarage road	1	...	1	..	...	...
Warner road	1	...	...	1
Waterloo street	1	1	...	...	1
Westmacott street (part of)	1
Wyndham road (part of)	2	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	82	12	25	2	1	32

WARD 4.

Streets.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Acorn place	1	...	1	...	...	...
Arthur street	1	1	...	...	...	...
Astbury road	5	...	2	1	...	1
Asylum road	1	1	...	...	...	...
Bird-in-Bush road ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	2
Brimmington road	1	...	...	...	...	...
Canterbury road	9	...	...	...	...	1
Carlton grove ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	...
Clifton crescent ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	2
Commercial road (part of) ...	3	2	1	1	...	1
Culmore road	1	...	1	...	...	...
Devonshire grove	1	1	1	...	...	1
Downes street... ..	4	1	...	...	...	...
Elcot avenue ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	...
Ethnard road	1	...	...	...	...	...
Fenham road	2	...	...	...	...	...
Furley street ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	1
Geldart road	2	...	...	...	...	...
Glengall road (part of) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	2
Goldsmith road	2	...	...	...	...	1
Hatcham road	4	...	...	...	1	...
Hill street (part of)	1	...	...	...	...	3
Hyndman place	2	...	...	...	...	1
Kincaid road ... ..	...	2	...	...	...	1
King Arthur street	1	...	...	...	...	...
King's road ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	1
Langdale road	2	2	...	...	...	...
Ledbury street ... ..	...	...	1	...	...	...
Leo street .. . .	...	1	...	...	...	1
Carried forward	44	12	9	2	1	19

WARD 4.—Continued.

Streets.				Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward ...	...	...	...	44	12	9	2	1	19
Loder street ...	...	...	...	2	...	...	..	...	..
Lower Park road ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Marmont road ...	...	...	...	1	..	..	...	...	...
Meeting House lane ...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Naylor road ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...
Nutcroft road...	...	..	..	2	...	...	...	...	...
Old Kent road (part of)	...	...	...	7	4	2	..	...	1
Ormside street ...	...	...	...	4	...	...	..	...	1
Peckham Park road ...	...	...	...	2	3	1	...	..	...
Pemels place ...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Penarth street ...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Pennethorne road ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Queen's road (part of)	..	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...
Reddins road ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Ruby street ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	..	...	2
Shard road ...	...	...	...	1	1	...	..	...	...
Stafford street ...	...	...	...	4	...	...	..	...	1
Stockwell street ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Studholme street ...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...
Sylvan grove ...	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Tustin street ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Upper Hall street ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	79	24	15	2	2	27

WARD 5.

Streets.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Albert road	2	1	...	...	...	1
Alpha street	1	...	...	...
Ansdell road	1	...	...	...	...	...
Attwell street...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Avenue mews	4	...	...	...	...	...
Banstead street	1	...	1	...	...	...
Barforth road	1	...	1	...	1	...
Barset road	3	...	...	...	...	...
Basing road	1	...
Bidwell street...	1	...	...	...
Brabourne grove	1	...	2	...	...	...
Brayard road	3	1	...	...	...	...
Buchan road	1	...	...	...	...	2
Burchell road...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
Camden avenue	1
Camden grove...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Camden street	1	...	...
Carden road	2	...	...	...	...	...
Castle square	3	...	...	...	...	...
Caulfield road...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Choumert grove	1	...	...	...	...	...
Choumert road (part of)	1	...	...	...	...
Choumert square (part of)	1
Claude road	1	...	...	...
Clifton square	2	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial road (part of)	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Copeland road...	1	...	...	1
Daniels road	2	4	2	...	...	...
Dundas road	1	...	...	...
Carried forward ...	0	35	8	12	1	2	6

WARD 5.—Continued.

Streets.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward ...	0	35	8	12	1	2	6
Elm grove	1	..	1	..	..	..
Evelina road	4	..	..	..	..	..
Gibbon road	3	..	1	..	..	..
Godman road	2	..	..	..
Gordon road	5	..	3	..	..	2
Gordon road Work-house	2	1	..	..	..	..
Hall road	1	..	..	..	..	1
Harders road	1	..	..	..
Hathaway street	2	..	..	..	..	..
Heaton road	1	..	3	..	..	..
High street, Peckham (part of)	1	..	..	..	..	..
Hill street (part of)	3	..	..	..	..	..
Hollydale road	7	1	1	..	..	1
Howbury road	3	..	2	1	..	..
Huguenot road	1	..	..	..	..	..
Ivydale road	2	..	1	..	..	..
Kimberley road	3	2	..	..	..	..
Kirkwood road	11	..	1	..	..	1
Lanvanor road	1	..	..	..	..
Lausanne road	2	..	1	..	..	..
Limesford road	1	..	..	..	..	1
Linden grove	11	..	..	..	..	1
Lisford street	2	..	..	..	..	..
Lugard road	1	..	..	..	..
Machell road	1	..	..	..	..
Marmora road...	1	..	..	..	..
Martins road	1	..	..	..	..	..
McDermott road	2	..	..	..	..	..
McKerrell road	1	1	..	..	..	..
Middle street	1	..	..	..	..
Moncrieff street ...	2	4	..	1	..	..	..
Carried forward ...	2	109	18	30	2	2	13

WARD 5. — *Continued.*

Streets.			Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward	...	...	2	109	18	30	2	2	13
Nunhead green	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Nunhead grove	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
Nunhead lane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Parkstone road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Peckham road (part of)	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3
Peckham rye	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Philip road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Pitt street	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Raul road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Rosemary road (part of)	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1
Russell road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Rye lane (part of)	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...
Salisbury cottages	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
Sandison street	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Scylla road	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...
Scylla terrace	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Seldon road	...	...	...	8	1	1	...	...	...
Stanbury road	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...
Stanton street	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
St. Mary's road	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1
Sturdy road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Sunwell street	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	...
Tappesfield road	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Tresco road	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Tyne terrace	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Vivian road	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Wellington road	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Winchester place	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...
Wivenhoe road	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...
Wroxton road	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	3	160	28	48	3	2	21

WARD 6.

Streets.				Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas
Adys road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Alleyn park	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Alleyn road	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Anstey road	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Archdale road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1
Avondale road	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
Azenby square	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Balchier road	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Barry road	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...
Bellenden road (part of)	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Calton road	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Camberwell green (part of)	...	...	...	2	1	6	...	...	1
Champion hill	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Champion park	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Chadwick road (part of)	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Chesterfield grove	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...
Choumert road (part of)	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1
Colwell road	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Colby road	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
College gardens	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
College road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Coplestone road	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Constance road	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Court lane	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Crawthew grove	...	...	...	6	...	3	...	...	...
Crescent Wood road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Crofton road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Croxted road	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...
Crystal Palace road	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Daneville road	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Carried forward	...	...	...	37	4	27	1	1	6

WARD 6.—Continued.

Streets.				Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward	...	...	...	37	4	27	1	1	6
Danby street	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...
Darrell road	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	2
Denmark hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Derwent grove	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Dulwich common	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Dulwich rise	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...
Dunstan's road	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	..	1
East Dulwich grove	...	...	...	3	...	9	...	...	...
Elsie road	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Etherow street	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Fearnley road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Fellbrigg road	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Fenwick road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Forest hill road (part of)	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	..	...
Fountain road	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...
Fowler street	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	..
Friern road	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...
Gairloch road	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...
Gardens, The	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Glengarry road	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...
Goodrich road	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Goose green	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...
Gowlett Road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Graces road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Green lane	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Grove Hill road	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Grove park	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...
Grove vale	...	...	...	5	...	1	...	...	...
Grummant road	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...
Half Moon lane	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Carried forward	...	...	...	85	4	52	3	2	13

WARD 6.—Continued.

Streets.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward ...	85	4	52	3	2	13
Hansler road ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Heber road ...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Henslowe road ...	11	1	...	...	...	2
Hillsborough road ...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Hindman's road ...	1	...	1	1	...	...
Ivanhoe road ...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Jasper road ...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Jennings road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kelmore grove ...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Landcroft road ...	1	1	5	...	...	...
Landells road ...	3	...	1	...	...	1
Lettsom street ...	1	1	1	...	...	...
Linnell road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Lordship lane ...	6	...	2	...	...	...
Lyndhurst grove ...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Lyndhurst road ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Marsden road ...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Maxted road (part of) ..	1	...	...	...	...	1
McNiel road ...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Melbourne grove ...	1	...	5	...	...	...
Muschamp road ...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Nutbrook street ...	6	...	1	...	...	1
Nutfield road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Oglander road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Ondine road ...	...	...	5	...	...	...
Oswyth road ...	5	...	...	...	...	1
Overhill road ...	6	...	...	...	...	...
Peckham road (part of) ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Peckham rye (part of) ...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Piermont road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Carried forward ...	141	10	81	4	2	20

WARD 6.—Continued.

Streets.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.
Brought forward ...	141	10	81	4	2	20
Relf road ...	2	...	1	...	...	1
Rignold road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Rodwell road ...	3	1	...	...	...	...
Shawbury road ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Shenley road ...	4	...	...	...	...	2
Spurling road ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Sydenham hill ...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Sydenham rise ...	...	...	...	...	...	1
St. Saviour's Infirmary ...	...	2	...	...	...	4
Talfourd place ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Talfourd road ...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Tarbert road ...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Tiger yard ...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Townley road ...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Trossachs road ...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Troy town ...	4	...	1	...	...	...
Ulverscroft road ...	7	1	...	...	...	2
Underhill road ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Upland road ...	1	...	2	...	...	...
Vestry road ...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Victoria road (part of) ...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Waghorn street ...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Whateley road ...	5	...	1	...	...	...
Wildash road ...	...	...	1	2	...	...
Wilson road ...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Wingfield street ...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Wood vale ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Worlingham road ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	185	18	92	6	2	32

TABLE XVI.

RETURN OF HOUSES AND ARTICLES OF BEDDING, CLOTHING, &C., WHICH HAVE BEEN DISINFECTED AFTER INFECTIOUS DISEASE, FROM THE 26TH MARCH, 1891, TO THE 25TH MARCH, 1892, INCLUSIVE.

INSPECTORS.	Houses Disinfected.	ARTICLES DISINFECTED.										ARTICLES DESTROYED.								Compensation allowed for the articles destroyed.	
		Lots, including	Beds.	Blankets.	Sheets.	Pillows & Cushions.	Mattresses.	Pallliasses.	Bolsters.	Counterpanes.	Wearing Apparel.	Beds.	Blankets.	Sheets.	Pillows & Cushions.	Mattresses.	Pallliasses.	Bolsters.	Counterpanes.		Wearing Apparel.
Stevenson	147	175	248	412	239	454	44	193	85	121	116	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	Nothing	£ s. d.
Groom ...	146	167	234	395	231	437	39	186	76	115	109					do.					—
Pointon	137	162	225	383	220	398	37	179	74	107	99					do.					—
Dewey ...	96	115	161	270	154	309	33	136	61	79	74					do.					—
Eagle ...	155	173	252	409	230	411	31	201	79	139	137					do.					—
Assistants	45	54	82	120	75	141	11	75	30	33	32					do.					—
Total ...	726	846	1202	1989	1142	2150	195	970	405	594	567										—

APPENDIX.CAMBERWELL.

REPORT OF MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH ON
THE PUBLIC HEALTH (LONDON) ACT, 1891, TO
SEWERS AND SANITARY COMMITTEE.

The Public Health (London) Act, 1891, which comes into force on the 1st of January next year, and is intended to consolidate and amend the laws relating to public health, imposes some very important duties on the various Metropolitan Sanitary Authorities, and is in every respect an Act which demands their very serious consideration. For these reasons, and because, moreover, it is a difficult Act (at least I find it so), I have thought it might be convenient if, for the use of the Sanitary Committee, I were to epitomise, and put clearly before them its most important provisions, as I understand them, and, as far as possible, in my own language.

HOUSE TO HOUSE INSPECTION.

Although it does not say so in so many words, it seems to me that the Act makes it the duty of every Sanitary

Authority to institute periodical house-to-house inspections for the discovery of nuisances and the other purposes of the Act. For by Section 1 it enacts, "that it shall be the duty of every Sanitary Authority to cause to be made, from time to time, inspections of their district" for the purposes named; and by Section 40 it is enacted that they may examine any of the sanitary arrangements upon any premises within their district, after 24 hours notice has been served, or, in case of emergency, without notice. Further, Section 115 gives to Sanitary Authorities power, for the purposes of the Act, to examine or enter any premises or structures by any member of the Authority, or by any officers or persons authorised by them, either generally or in any particular case, on condition that the person so claiming the right to enter shall, if required, produce some written authorization properly authenticated. The hours during which entry may be made are from 6 a.m. to 9 p.m., and in the case of manufactories whenever work is going on.

NUISANCES WHICH MAY BE DEALT WITH SUMMARILY.

Certain nuisances, which are enumerated, may be dealt with summarily by the Sanitary Authority. They are as follows:—

(a.) Any premises in such a state as to be a nuisance, or injurious, or dangerous to health.

(b.) Any pool, ditch, gutter, water-course, cistern, water-closet, earth-closet, privy, urinal, cesspool, drain, dung-pit, or ash-pit in such a state as to be a nuisance, &c.

(c.) Any urinal kept in such place or manner as to be a nuisance, &c.

(d.) Any accumulation or deposit which is a nuisance, &c.

(e.) Any house, or part of a house, so overcrowded as to be injurious or dangerous to the health of the inmates, whether or not members of the same family.

(f.) Any such absence from premises of water-fittings as is a nuisance, by virtue of Section 33 of the Metropolis Water Act, 1871. [Also by Section 48, and occupied house without a proper and sufficient supply of water, is a nuisance, liable to be dealt with summarily.]

(g.) Any factory, workshop, or workplace which is not a factory subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshops Act, 1878, relating to cleanliness, ventilation, and overcrowding, and which offends in any of these respects.

By Section 24 any fire-place or furnace employed in any manufacturing or trade process, which does not, as far as practicable consume its own smoke, and any chimney (not being the chimney of a private dwelling house) sending forth black smoke in such quantity as to be a nuisance, are to be dealt with summarily, in the same manner as the foregoing nuisances.

Section 95 enacts that tents, vans, sheds, or similar structures used for human habitation; and Section 110, that any vessel lying in any river or other water within the

district of a Sanitary Authority, shall be dealt with in respect of nuisances as premises in Sub-section (a) *supra*.

As regards procedure in relation to nuisances which are to be dealt with summarily :—

In the first place, it is made the duty of a duly-appointed officer of the Sanitary Authority, whenever it comes to his knowledge that one of the aforesaid nuisances exists, to bring it to the notice of the person required to abate it, by serving on him a *written intimation*. [This, I may mention, is practically what we have done for years past in dealing with nuisances calling for speedy abatement, and legalises our procedure.]

In the next place, the Sanitary Authority, or the Committee appointed to act for them in all such matters, when they have received information of the existence of any nuisance, and are satisfied that it exists, shall serve a notice on the person by whose act, default, or sufferance it arises, requiring him to abate the same within a certain specified time, and to prevent its recurrence, and also to execute such works as may be necessary to these ends. And, further, the Sanitary Authority may, if they think it desirable, specify the works to be executed. When such a notice has been served on a person, and he fails to comply with it within the time specified, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

In the third place, if the person on whom the notice is served makes default in complying with any of the requisitions thereof, the Sanitary Authority shall take legal proceedings, and the petty sessional court hearing the

complaint may make a summary (or, as it is termed, nuisance) order on such person, which order may be either for abatement, for prohibition, or for closing, and in the former two cases may specify the works to be carried out. If the person fails to comply with the provisions of the nuisance order within the time specified in it he will be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings a day during default. It is important to add, that by Section 8 the Magistrate, in cases where the person causing a nuisance, or the owner or occupier, cannot be found, may address the nuisance order to the Sanitary Authority, who will then have to execute it.

There are two other important provisions in relation to nuisances to which attention should be drawn. The one is that, when a nuisance arising outside any district affects any of the inhabitants of that district, the Sanitary Authority may proceed against the person offending as though he were in their own district. The other is, that if any person wilfully damages or destroys any sanitary provision or apparatus, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

SPECIAL REGULATIONS AS TO THE EXAMINATION OF WATER CLOSETS AND OTHER SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS.

In connection with the sanitary arrangements of houses, it is expressly enacted by Clause 40, that the Sanitary Authority may examine any of the following works, that is to say, any water-closet, earth-closet, privy, ash-pit, or cesspool, and any water-supply, sink, trap, syphon, pipe, or other works or apparatus connected

therewith, and for that purpose, or for the purpose of ascertaining the course of a drain, may, at all reasonable times, by day, after 24 hours notice have been served on the occupier, or in the case of unoccupied premises, on the owner, or in case of emergency without notice, enter on any premises and cause the ground to be opened in any place they think fit. And if, on examination, the works examined are found defective, or not in accordance with this Act, or with the By-laws of the County Council or Sanitary Authority, the reasonable expenses of the examination shall be repaid by the person offending; but if, on the other hand, the works are found in good order and condition, the Sanitary Authority shall cause the same to be reinstated and shall defray all expenses.

Further, it is enacted by Clause 41, that if, after such examination, any of the works examined are found faulty; and additionally, that if any person without the consent of the Sanitary Authority constructs or rebuilds any water-closet, earth-closet, privy, ashpit, or cesspool, which has been ordered by them either not to be made or to be abolished, or discontinues any water supply without lawful authority, or destroys any sink, trap, syphon, pipe, or any connected works or apparatus either without lawful authority or so as to create a nuisance, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

The special proceedings to ensure compliance with the orders of the Sanitary Authority under Clauses 40 and 41 I need not explain, the more especially as, although they are such as will doubtless prove effectual, I do not quite understand the repetitions or variations which are introduced.

I must confess, also, that it seems to me that the express objects of Sections 40 and 41, the provisions of which I have briefly placed before you, are not clearly explained. Nearly everything that is dealt with under them can, as it seems to me, be also dealt with under the Sections relating to nuisances which may be dealt with summarily. Their objects, however, I think must be: 1st, to require, that when an efficient inspection of the sanitary arrangements of premises necessitates damage to property, some due consideration to the convenience and rights of the occupier or owner shall be shown; and 2nd, that disobedience to the legal requirements of the Sanitary Authority, or to By-laws (even if the condition of things has been or is unattended with the actual presence of a nuisance) shall not be permitted.

A very important provision is contained in Section 42: namely, that if a water-closet or drain is so constructed or repaired as to be a nuisance, or injurious or dangerous to health, the person who undertook or executed such construction or repair shall, unless it be shown that such construction or repair was not due to any wilful act, neglect, or default, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.

Sections 37 and 38 re-enact with some improvements the Sections in the Metropolis Local Management Act, which relate to the sanitary arrangements of houses; which, by being incorporated in the present Act, may henceforth be dealt with by the Sanitary Committees without need of being brought expressly before the Vestry, and hence without undue delay.

BY-LAWS.

Every Sanitary Authority are required (Section 16), to make By-laws.

(a.) For the prevention of nuisances arising from any snow, ice, salt, dust, ashes, rubbish, offal, carrion, fish, or filth, or other matter or thing in any street ;

(b.) For preventing nuisances arising from any offensive matter running out of any manufactory, brewery, slaughter-house, knacker's yard, butcher's, or fishmonger's shop, or dunghill, into any uncovered place whether or not surrounded by a wall or fence ;

(c.) For the prevention of the keeping of animals on any premises in such place or manner as to be a nuisance or injurious or dangerous to health. [It is further enacted by Section 17 that any premises within 40 yards of any street or public place shall be deemed to be a place unfit for keeping swine.]

(d.) For the paving of yards and open spaces in connection with dwelling-houses.

Further (by Section 39) every Sanitary Authority shall make By-laws with respect to the keeping of water-closets supplied with sufficient water for effective action ;

Also (by Section 50) they shall make By-laws for securing the cleanliness and freedom from pollution of tanks, cisterns, and other receptacles used for storing of water used, or likely to be used, by man for drinking or domestic purposes, or for manufacturing drink for the use of man ;

Also (by Section 66) they may make By-laws for removing to any hospital to which they are entitled to remove patients, and for keeping there so long as may be necessary, any persons brought within their district by any vessel, who are infected with a dangerous infectious disease ;

Also (by Section 94) they shall make By-laws as to houses let in lodgings (not meaning thereby common lodging houses) ;

Also (by Section 95) they may make By-laws for promoting cleanliness in, and the habitable condition of, tents, vans, sheds, and similar structures used for human habitation, and for preventing the spread of infectious diseases by the persons inhabiting the same, and generally for the prevention of nuisances in connection therewith.

It will be observed that, in most of the above cases, the making of By-laws is made compulsory ; but that with respect to the removal of patients from ships to hospital, and for the regulation of tents, vans, and the like, the making of By-laws is permissive only. We have already made By-laws with respect to houses let in lodgings.

The County Council are required (Section 16) to make By-laws :—

(a.) For prescribing the time for the removal, or carriage by road or water of any fæcal or offensive or noxious matter or liquid in or through London, and providing that the carriage or vessel used therefor shall be properly constructed and covered, so as to prevent the escape of any such matter or liquid, and as to prevent any nuisance arising therefrom ;

(b.) As to the closing and filling up of cesspools and privies, and as to the removal and disposal of refuse, and as to the duties of the occupier of any premises in connection with house refuse, so as to facilitate the removal of it by the scavengers of the Sanitary Authority.

They shall also make By-laws (Section 39) with respect to water-closets, earth-closets, privies, ash-pits, cess-pools, and receptacles for dung, and the proper accessories thereof in connection with buildings, whether constructed before or after the passing of this Act.

They may further make By-laws (Section 19) for the regulation of any businesses which are for the time being lawfully carried on, but which come under the denomination of offensive trades.

In relation to all the groups of By-laws enumerated above, the making of which is compulsory, it is required by Section 142 that the By-laws made by the County Council or Sanitary Authority for the different purposes above specified, shall be submitted to the Local Government Board for sanction, not later than the 1st July, 1892.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

The regulations with respect to offensive trades are adopted with little material change from previous Acts, and there is not much in them to which I need call your attention.

Section 21 enacts that when any building or premises used for trade, business, process, or manufacture, causing effluvia (it does not say offensive, or dangerous, or injurious)

are notified to the Sanitary Authority by their Medical Officer of Health, or by any two legally qualified medical practitioners, or by any ten inhabitants of the district, to be a nuisance, the Sanitary Authority shall take legal proceedings before the petty sessional court. The word "shall" which is employed here renders it compulsory on the Local Authority to take legal proceedings on the receipt of any such complaint.

Section 22 expressly makes the collection, storage, treatment and disposal of street and house refuse an offensive trade within the meaning of the Act, and one in respect of which, on complaint made to them the County Council shall act towards the Sanitary Authority, in the same manner as the Sanitary Authority themselves are required to act in respect of other trade nuisances.

SMOKE CONSUMPTION.

The main provisions under this head are:—that (Section 23 and 24) excepting those in dwelling-houses, all furnaces shall, as far as possible, consume their own smoke; that in many cases, as I have already shewn, the non-consumption of smoke may be dealt with summarily as a nuisance; and that the duty of enforcing the provisions of the Act with respect to smoke abatement is now thrown wholly on the Sanitary Authority.

WORKSHOPS AND BAKEHOUSES.

There is nothing noteworthy in the Sections relating to these matters.

REMOVAL OF REFUSE.

Under this heading are included enactments of very serious gravity, which it will be the duty of the Sanitary Authority to enforce and obey (Sections 29 to 36).

It will be no longer the duty of occupiers or owners of premises to cause the footways and watercourses adjoining their premises to be swept and cleansed.

On the other hand it is rendered imperative on the Sanitary Authority to keep all streets (exclusive of new streets not yet taken over), together with the footways, properly swept and cleansed, and to collect and remove therefrom all street refuse (inclusive of snow); and in default the Sanitary Authority will be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.

By Section (31) it is made the duty of the Sanitary Authority not only to secure the due removal of house refuse, and the due cleansing out and emptying of ash-pits, but also to secure the due removal of the contents of earth-closets, privies, and cesspools, and to give sufficient notice of the times appointed for such proceedings; and, on receiving written complaint that any default in reference to any of the above matters has been made, to comply with the notice served on them within 48 hours after service (exclusive of Sundays and public holidays).

If the Sanitary Authority fail to comply with this Section they will be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.

Further, if any one in the employ of the Authority, or

of any contractor, demands from an occupier or his servant any fee or gratuity, he will be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings.

Again, if the Sanitary Authority are required to remove any trade refuse, they must do so, but the owner or occupier must pay a reasonable sum for the removal thereof.

By Section 47; when a person has in his possession any article which is unsound or unwholesome or unfit for the food of man, he may, by written notice to the Sanitary Authority, request its removal, and the Sanitary Authority shall remove it as if it were trade refuse.

It is further enacted by Clause 36, that any Sanitary Authority may, if they think fit, contract for the removal of, or themselves remove, manure and other refuse matter from stables or cow-houses, provided the occupier gives his consent in writing.

UN SOUND FOOD.

The enactments in reference to unsound food are stringent, and an important addition is made to the powers of Sanitary Authorities in that under the term unsound food are included all kinds of food (solid or fluid) intended for the use of man.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

With respect to notification only a few, and on the whole, unimportant changes have been made. In the first place the form of the Medical Certificate of Notification has been altered in certain particulars; and in the next place

the Medical Officer is required to send a copy of the certificate, not only as hitherto to the Asylum Board, but also to the Head Teacher of the school attended by the patient (if a child), or by any child who is an inmate of the same house as the patient. This latter requirement will, I fear, prove very difficult to carry out, and may add seriously to the work of the inspectors.

With respect to prevention, also, a few changes have been made. Every Sanitary Authority will be required in future to provide proper premises, with all necessary apparatus and attendance for the destruction and disinfection, and for the conveyance of all infected articles. According to the present Act, when a certificate that disinfection is needed is given by any qualified practitioner, a notice must be served on the Master (meaning thereby, except in the case of unoccupied houses, the occupier), informing him that disinfection of house and infected articles will be carried out by the Authority, unless within 24 hours he informs the Authority that he will himself do what is necessary to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or of any other legally qualified practitioner.

This enactment renders it the duty of the Sanitary Authority to disinfect not only articles but houses, excepting under the conditions just mentioned; and will probably make it necessary either to appoint special additional officers or to make arrangements with some contractor, in order to carry out the disinfection of houses properly.

Section 60 re-enacts an important provision, which has not yet been acted on in Camberwell, but which may soon

need to be carried out. It is as follows:—The Sanitary Authority shall provide, free of charge, temporary shelter or house accommodation, with any necessary attendants for the members of any family, in which any dangerous infectious disease has appeared, who have been compelled to leave their dwellings for the purpose of enabling them to be disinfected by the Sanitary Authority.

Further, the present Act not simply re-enacts that no one shall knowingly cast any rubbish infected by any dangerous infectious disease into any ash-pit without previous disinfection under a penalty, but additionally enacts that the Authority shall cause their officers to serve notice of the provisions of the Section (62) on the responsible person, and on the request of such person shall provide for the removal and disinfection or destruction of such rubbish.

Clause 69 enacts that any one who knows himself to be suffering from any dangerous infectious disease shall not milk any animal, or pick fruit, or carry on any trade or business, or engage in any occupation connected with food, in such a manner as to be likely to spread infection. This enactment is new.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Enactments in regard to many other matters besides those which I have hitherto brought under your notice, are contained in the Act, and more or less important changes in or additions to former enactments are made by them. But I have not thought it desirable at present to bring them specially under your notice for many reasons; and mainly

because either they are not immediately pressing, or we have already complied with the requirements, or they are only permissive, and their introduction would tend to complicate an already too complicated epitome of the Act. Among the matters here referred to the chief are, enactments with respect to dairies, offensive ditches and the like, the provision of public conveniences and their regulation, the provision of hospitals and ambulances, the provision of mortuaries and of places for post-mortem examinations and for holding inquests, regulations as to the occupation of underground rooms, and legal proceedings and procedure generally.

Section 99 enables the Sanitary Authority to delegate to a specially appointed Committee to serve and receive notices, take proceedings, and empower any officers of the Authority to make complaint and take proceedings in their behalf, and otherwise to execute the Act. In conformity with this Section it appears to be necessary that the Sewers and Sanitary Committee have these powers conferred upon them expressly by the Vestry.

If any default (Sections 100 and 101) in the performance of the sanitary duties required of them under the Act be made, the County Council or the Local Government Board, as the case may be, may, if such default be proved to their satisfaction, do or compel the Sanitary Authority to do the duty in which they have failed.

Further (Section 107) the Local Government Board may, if on a representation from the County Council, and after local inquiry they are satisfied that any Local Authority have failed to appoint a sufficient number of

Sanitary Inspectors, order the Authority to appoint such number of additional inspectors, and to allow them such remuneration as the order directs.

Lastly, it may be pointed out that large changes will have to be made in the form of notices and orders.

J. S. BRISTOWE,

Medical Officer of Health.

October 20th, 1891.

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ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31ST, 1892.

OF THE

PUBLIC ANALYST,

Appointed for the Parish of Camberwell.

GENTLEMEN,

During the year that has now come to an end, I have, in the course of my official duties as Public Analyst to your Parish, examined 260 samples of Food and Drugs. Of this number, 71 were adulterated within the meaning of one or other of the Acts, under which they were taken. Four Inspectors submitted 258 of the above samples, and a private purchaser submitted two (both adulterated butters). I may here remark that the excess in the number of samples over 200, is due to some 60 samples being short in the previous

year, and does not represent any permanent increase on the customary annual number. Even with this rather larger number of samples, the percentage of adulterated samples for the whole year stands at 27·3 per cent.

I have had occasion from time to time in my Quarterly Reports to draw your attention to the high figures for adulteration in this Parish, and I cannot refrain from yet again venturing to urge you to take this matter into your earnest consideration. One very fruitful source of adulteration is the encouragement given to it by the Magistrates through their leniency to the adulterator when convicted. On looking down the result of the cases, I find that in five cases fines of one shilling were imposed. The highest fine in any case being five guineas.

If the Magistrates could be got to see that the profits of adulteration were many hundred times as great as the losses, they could scarcely continue in their present lenient frame of mind towards the offenders. Leniency to an adulterator is cruelty to the poor.

There is one case carried out during the year, which was performed admirably by your Inspectors, and which performance I should like to see frequently repeated. I am referring to a case where Milk in transit to the Parish was sampled by your Inspectors, with the result that the consignor suffered a penalty.

This case shows that it is not only the internal adulteration of the Parish that you have to contend with,

but that there is a large amount of adulteration external to the Parish, defrauding not only the consumers but also the retailers. These cases bristle with technical points, and extreme care has to be exercised on the part of the Inspector to avoid one or other of the numerous pitfalls standing in the way of a conviction. In a recent case, in the Parish of Islington, the summons was dismissed on account of some minor technicality, but on Appeal was remitted to the Magistrate for consideration, and a conviction followed. (*Ralfe v. Thompson.*) In this particular case the Parish of Islington was suffering from the frauds perpetrated on it by a vendor at Newcastle-on-Tyne.

To put a stop to this external adulteration it would be as well if the number of samples taken of Milk in transit could be largely increased.

To diminish the internal adulteration, the only method apart from endeavouring either directly or indirectly to bring influence to bear on the Magistrates to inflict really deterrent fines, is to take many more samples, in the hope that recurrent small fines may have the effect that would be produced by individual large fines.

During the last Session of Parliament a Bill was introduced by Dr. Cameron and others to amend the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, &c.

The above Act certainly requires amendment in certain directions, but the particular Bill introduced for that pur-

pose was fortunately not passed. The effect of this Bill could scarcely have been anticipated by its promoters, for if re-introduced in its present form and passed, it will render the Sale of Food and Drugs Act a dead letter. Among its minor provisions it legalises the addition of poisonous ingredients to Margarine. At the request of the Chairman of your Public Health Committee I have made a more detailed report on this Bill which is, I understand, now under their consideration.

In stating above that the Sale of Food and Drugs Act requires amendment in certain directions, I need only refer, to substantiate my statement, to the question of Baking Powders.

In a former prosecution in a case of Baking Powder for adulteration with alum, a conviction was obtained before a Magistrate, but was upset on Appeal to a Court of Quarter Sessions, on the ground that Baking Powder was neither a Food nor a Drug. Accepting this decision as right in law, it is time that the law was altered. If a confectioner or baker were to sell any article made with such Baking Powder, he would be liable to conviction, but would have no remedy against the original vendor of the Baking Powder. This is no hypothetical case, as I have had, during the last year, two Baking Powders submitted to me that were both largely adulterated with alum.

Apart from the one or two points I have alluded to above, and over which your Officers have no control, the Vestry is to be congratulated on the manner in which the

Acts have been carried out, not only in the taking of samples but also in the conduct of the cases before the Magistrates.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

FRANK L. TEED,

*Public Analyst to the Vestry of
St. Giles, Camberwell.*

R E P O R T

OF THE

B U R I A L B O A R D

Of the Parish of Camberwell for the year 1891-92.

To the Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell.

The Board at their first meeting appointed Mr. Samuel Smith, of Lawn Houses, Peckham Road, their Chairman for the ensuing year.

The Board have to report that the receipts arising from the Burial Fees, the purchase of Private Graves, and from other sources considerably exceeded the expenditure, and that in March the Churchwardens and Overseers attended the Board, and represented that they were making their financial calculation for the next April rate; and as the estimated expenses for the current year were heavy, they

hoped that the Board would be able to make a contribution to the Overseers from the surplus income of the Board in aid of the Rate for the relief of the Poor. The Board having considered the matter and the importance of reducing the Rates as much as possible, it was resolved that inasmuch as there was in a surplus income at the Board's disposal of £1,500 that that sum should be paid to the Overseers. But owing to the heavy expenditure for the repairs hereinafter referred to, the Board were (for the present) unable to pay to them more than £1,000 in aid of the Rate. The Board accordingly have paid the said sum of £1,000 to the Overseers.

Messrs. Thomas Ludlow Lassam and Henry Weedon Woollard, who had been Members of the Board for the past six years, ceased, by effluxion of time, to be Members, and the Vestry, on Easter Tuesday, 1891, elected Mr. John Borland and Mr. Frederick Elisha Crofton Brenchley to be Members.

The great decay in the stonework of the Church and Chapels at the Cemetery rendered it imperative on the Board to consult Mr. R. P. Whellock, their Architect, and they directed him to report thereon, as also in respect to the general repairs to the Cemetery, the Churches, and Lodge, and instructed him to prepare a Specification of the work required to be done.

The Board met specially to consider his Report, and they directed that an advertisement should be inserted in the "Builder," and Local Newspapers inviting Tenders for the work to be executed

The Board received many Tenders, and after much

consideration accepted that of Mr. Richardson, of Langton Works, Brixton, at a sum of £1,107, it being the lowest.

The Board have also to report that the general staff of gravediggers, and gardeners has been augmented and their wages increased.

The late Mr. Cyrus Legg, who had been an old inhabitant of the Parish, and who had put in a stained glass window to the memory of his wife, had by his Will directed that a similar memorial window should be placed in the church to his memory. His widow submitted the design to the Board, which they approved, and the window has now been put in to the embellishment of the church.

The Board have expended much money during the year in the drainage of the Cemetery, putting additional seats for the accommodation of the visitors, and have made many alterations and ornamentation to the Buildings and Superintendent's Lodge.

There have been during the year 3,891 interments. The number of private graves and vaults which have been sold is 236.

An Abstract of the Interments is appended hereto.

On account of the large increase of the population of the Parish, and the limited area of the Cemetery, the Board deemed it expedient not to allow the interment of Non-arishioners, or the purchase of private graves by them.

The Accounts of the Board have all been audited and signed by the Auditors in satisfaction thereof—a copy of which is submitted to the Vestry.

Signed on behalf of the Board,

SAMUEL SMITH,
Chairman.

GEO. W. MARSDEN,
Clerk to the Board

1891-92.

- —

Report of the Finance Committee.

1891-92

Report of the Finance Committee

REPORT of the FINANCE COMMITTEE as to the State of the Finance, &c., of the Parish.

Table I.—Parish of Camberwell.

Census Summaries.

Statement of the NUMBER OF HOUSES AND PERSONS in the Parish of Camberwell, as taken in 1891, 1881, 1871, 1861, 1851, and 1841, according to the Superintendent Registrar's Returns.

	Number of Houses.				Number of Persons.		
	In-habited.	Unin-habited.	Building.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Summary of Returns of Houses and Per- sons in the Parish on the 6th April, 1891.	33,849	1,942	142	35,933	111,389	123,955	235,344
Census of 1881	27,316	3,004	758	31,078	87,491	99,102	186,593
Census of 1871	17,772	1,935	359	20,066	50,814	60,492	111,306
Census of 1861	12,098	667	194	12,959	31,638	39,850	71,488
Census of 1851	9,417	917	237	10,571	23,545	31,123	54,668
Census of 1841	6,843	278	119	7,240	17,102	22,765	39,867

N.B.—The figures relating to the Census in 1891 are subject to final revision.

THE Rateable Value of the Parish has shewn a steady increase during the past 29 years, as will be seen from the following statement:—

TABLE II.

Shewing the RATEABLE VALUE for the last 29 years.

Year.				Rateable Value.		Increase.	
				£	s.	£	s.
1863	...	...	...	270,313	0	...	
1864	...	...	...	287,757	0	17,444	0
1865	...	...	...	311,079	0	23,322	0
1866	...	...	...	362,882	0	51,803	0
1867	...	...	...	388,209	0	25,327	0
1868	...	...	...	414,314	0	26,105	0
1869	...	...	...	445,344	0	31,030	0
1870	...	...	...	465,762	0	20,418	0
1871	...	...	...	500,807	0	35,045	0
1872	...	...	...	504,543	0	3,736	0
1873	...	...	...	508,368	0	3,825	0
1874	...	...	...	520,834	0	12,466	0
1875	...	...	...	583,260	0	62,426	0
1876	...	...	...	599,624	0	16,364	0
1877	...	...	...	635,991	0	36,367	0
1878	...	...	...	696,978	0	60,987	0
1879	...	...	...	723,375	0	26,397	0
1880	...	...	...	778,998	0	55,623	0
1881	...	...	...	866,199	0	87,201	0
1882	...	...	...	907,433	0	41,234	0
1883	...	...	...	923,928	0	16,495	0
1884	...	...	...	951,811	0	27,883	0
1885	...	...	...	979,841	0	28,030	0
1886	...	...	...	1,010,407	0	30,566	0
1887	...	...	...	1,030,905	0	20,498	0
1888	...	...	...	1,036,340	0	5,435	0
1889	...	...	...	1,038,339	10	1,999	10
1890	...	...	...	1,038,907	0	567	10
1891 (Lady day, 1892)...				1,042,179	0	3,272	0
						771,866	0*

* Total Increase in 29 years.

In the year 1863, One Penny in the Pound produced about £1,000 after deduction for losses ; it now yields about £3,800.

MEMORANDUM.

At the commencement of the year the rateable value of the Parish was £1,038,907, at the end £1,042,179. As the rates stood at 6s. 2d. in the £ for the whole twelve-month, the amount collected might have been expected to exceed £320,000. The actual receipts were just over £289,000, or £31,000 less. Nearly £16,000 of the deficiency is due to empty houses, and over £14,000 to compounding. Thus a precept nominally of 9d. in the £, calculated on the rateable value alone, regardless of these causes of loss, actually necessitates the imposition of a tenpenny rate. The serious importance of this difference demands consideration, when the growing expenditure of the great central bodies—the Asylums Board, School Board, and County Council, and the Police Authorities—are taken into account. Already the actual demand exceeds the nominal to the extent of more than 3d. in the £.

TABLE III.

DISPOSITION OF RATES COLLECTED IN THE PARISH.

	£	s.	d.
1. Vestry - - -	85,387	3	2
2. Baths and Wash-houses Commissioners - -	500	0	0
3. Guardians for Poor Law Purposes* - -	60,005	17	2
4. Library Commissioners -	4,782	17	6
5. Police Authorities - -	21,459	6	2
6. Asylums Board - -	13,970	16	9
7. County Council - -	50,659	11	5
8. School Board - -	47,318	3	0
9. Poundage, Establishment Charges, &c. - -	6,797	8	9
	<u>£290,881</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>11</u>

* In addition to this they expended £9,336 4s. 4d. received from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund, and £15,447 10s. 8d. from the County Council as repayments under the Local Government Act.

TABLE IV.

VESTRY RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES.

Receipts.

			£	s.	d.
From Rates	-	-	85,387	3	2
Other Sources	-	-	3,613	12	10
New Streets	-	-	6,321	2	5
			<hr/>		
			£95,321	18	5
			<hr/>		

Expenses.

			£	s.	d.
Assessment Expenses	-	-	505	17	6
Repayment of Loans	-	-	4,206	13	4
Interest on Loans	-	-	1,287	7	1
School Board Election	-	-	307	14	11
New Streets	-	-	6,759	3	10
General Rate	-	-	46,071	4	11
Sewers Rate	-	-	15,486	13	10
Lighting Rate	-	-	13,253	15	2
			<hr/>		
			£87,878	10	7
			<hr/>		

Statement of the Area, Rateable Value, and
number of Assessments in each Ward of
the Parish :—

APRIL 1892 RATE.

Ward.	Number of Assessments.	Rateable Value.	Area in Acres.
No. 1	4,799	£ 90,848 s. 0 d. 0	200
2	4,618	99,206 0 0	240
3	4,199	93,696 0 0	280
4	5,993	120,662 0 0	370
5	7,803	180,903 0 0	830
6	11,112	340,549 0 0	2,422
* Public Com- panies	*130	*116,315 0 0	...
Total.	38,654	£1,042,179 0 0	4,342

* Distributed throughout the Parish.

The above Return is based upon the New Valuation
which came into force on the 6th April, 1892.

*N.B.—The above Wards are now divided—for Collecting purposes—
into Twelve Districts, exclusive of Public Companies.*

The following is a Summary Extract of the
different Accounts as Audited.

OVERSEERS' ACCOUNTS.

The Overseers have received during the past year as follows, viz. :—

ON THE VESTRY RATES.

Dr.				£	s.	d.
To Cash in hand March 26th, 1891	...	..		1,390	8	7
,, Cash received from Rates, &c.	...	...		137,850	12	6
				<u>£139,241</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Cr.						
By Cash disbursed	...	..	...	136,069	3	0
,, Balance in hand March 25th, 1892	...			3,171	18	1
				<u>£139,241</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

ON THE POOR RATE.

Dr.						
To Cash received from Rates, &c.	...	..		£155,657	0	11
Cr.						
By Cash disbursed	...	...	...	£154,812	0	11
,, Balance in hand March 25th, 1892	...			845	0	0
				<u>£155,657</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11</u>

VESTRY ACCOUNT.

Dr.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Cash in hand March 26th, 1891				9,580	4	8
„ do. received during the year				142,318	19	0
				<u>£151,899</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>
Cr.						
By Cash expended during the year . . .				134,437	9	9
„ Balance in hand March 25th, 1892				17,461	13	11
				<u>£151,899</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>

For particulars see detailed account.

VESTRY ACCOUNT (NEW STREETS ACCOUNT).

Dr.						
To Cash in hand, and on Deposit, March 26th, 1891				4,023	9	10
„ Cash received during the year				6,321	2	5
				<u>£10,344</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>
Cr.						
By Cash expended during the year				6,759	3	10
„ Balance in hand March 25th, 1892						
Current Account	245	8	5			
Deposit Account	3,340	0	0			
				<u>3,585</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>
				<u>£10,344</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>

BURIAL BOARD.

Dr.						
To Cash in hand March 26th, 1891				2,035	7	6
„ do. received for Interment Fees and other amounts				4,157	12	9
				<u>£6,193</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>
Cr.						
By Cash expended during the year... ..				5,755	18	4
„ Balance in hand March 25th, 1892				437	1	11
				<u>£6,193</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>

CHURCHWARDENS.

Dr.		£	s.	d.
To Cash in hand March 26th, 1891		136	16	0
„ do. received for Burial Fees, &c.... ..		120	0	0
„ do. transferred from Deposit Account ...		187	9	11
		<u>£444 5 11</u>		

Cr.		£	s.	d.
By Cash expended during the year		439	6	4
„ Balance in hand March 25th, 1892		4	19	7
		<u>£444 5 11</u>		

<i>Note.</i> —Balance, Current Account		4	19	7
Deposit Account		30	0	0
		<u>£34 19 7</u>		

CHARITY DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE.

Dr.		£	s.	d.
To Cash in hand January 1st, 1891		1,101	0	7
„ do. received during the year		1,147	15	6
		<u>£2,248 16 1</u>		

Cr.		£	s.	d.
By Cash expended during the year		1,106	8	5
„ Balance in hand for distribution for the year 1892		1,142	7	8
		<u>£2,248 16 1</u>		

CHARITY TRUSTEES.

Dr.		£	s.	d.
To Cash in hand January 1st, 1891.. ..		8	11	0
„ do. received during the year		1,191	9	11
		<u>£1,200 0 11</u>		

Cr.		£	s.	d.
By Cash expended during the year		1,197	9	11
„ Balance in hand December 31st, 1891 ...		2	11	0
		<u>£1,200 0 11</u>		

It will be seen by the foregoing Statement of Accounts that there are Cash Balances in hand on the different Accounts as follows :—

	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
OVERSEERS' ACCOUNTS on the Vestry					
Rates			3,171	18	1
There are Liabilities amounting to	494	6 10			
From which deduct further Assets in the nature of arrears amounting to	303	1 11			
			191	4	11
Leaving a Balance in favour of			£2,980	13	2
OVERSEERS' ACCOUNT on the Poor Rate			845	0	0
There are further Assets amounting to	852	10 2			
From which deduct Liabilities amounting to	692	12 8			
			159	17	6
Leaving a Balance in favour of			£1,004	17	6
VESTRY ACCOUNT			17,461	13	11
There are Liabilities (partly estimated) after deducting Assets, amounting to			14,032	2	3
Leaving a Balance in favour of			£3,429	11	8
VESTRY ACCOUNT (NEW STREETS WORKS)			3,585	8	5
There are Liabilities (partly estimated) after deducting Assets, amounting to			2,740	11	11
Leaving a Balance of			£844	16	6
BURIAL BOARD ACCOUNT			437	1	11
There are Liabilities after deducting Assets, amounting to			838	8	9
Leaving a Balance against of			£401	6	10
CHURCHWARDEN'S ACCOUNT			£34	19	7
CHARITY DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE'S ACCOUNT			£1,142	7	8
TRUSTEES OF CHARITY ESTATES' ACCOUNT			£2	11	0

All of which is respectfully submitted to the Parishioners.

E. R. PHILLIPS, *Chairman.*

AN
Account in Abstract
OF
CASH RECEIVED & EXPENDED
BY THE
VESTRY OF ST. GILES,
CAMBERWELL,
FROM THE
26th March, 1891, to the 25th March, 1892.

GENERAL

Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Cash Balance, March 26th, 1891, as per last Annual Report (page 335) ...		4,634	12	5
OVERSEERS.				
To order of Vestry, 1891		100,809	15	3
INTEREST ON DEPOSIT ACCOUNT.				
To Cash		14	19	6
RENT ACCOUNT (Park Road Cottage and 80, Henslowe Road).				
To Cash		35	4	0
REPAIRS TO ROADS AFTER OPENING TRENCHES.				
To Cash		1,200	10	0
DEPOSITS ON SCAFFOLD, &c. * LICENSES.				
To Cash		451	1	2
SUNDRY ACCOUNTS.				
To Cash		582	3	8
SALE OF MANURE.				
To Cash		40	17	3
DEPOSITS WITH TENDERS.				
To Cash		240	0	0
REPAIRS TO ROADS.				
To Cash		18	5	0
Carried forward		£108,027	8	3

RATE.

Expenditure.	Cr.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
MATERIALS.							
By Cash to Contractors		9,085	19	1			
SLOPPING AND WATERING.							
By Cash, Working Expenses (including £14,429 for Labour and £2,714 13s. 8d. for Removal of Street Refuse by barge, &c.)		24,264	5	10			
„ Cash, Works Account (for Repairs to Depôts, &c.)		110	14	7			
„ Cash, Plant Account (for Horses, Harness, Tools, &c.)		1,154	6	0			
GLENGALL WHARF.							
By Cash, Moiety of Rent, &c....		105	9	9			
					25,634	16	2
PARISH ROADS.							
By Cash ..		1,447	1	9			
LONDON SCHOOL BOARD.							
By Cash, Amount of Precept, dated 5th January, 1891		23,764	0	4			
By do. do. 9th July, 1891		23,554	2	8			
					47,318	3	0
INCIDENTAL ACCOUNTS.							
By Cash		367	6	8			
Carried forward					£83,853	6	8



GENERAL

Dr.	Receipts	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward ..		108,027	8	3
LOAN OF £6,000 <i>RE</i> BROCKWEILL PARK.				
To Cash, London County Council ...		6,000	0	0

Carried forward £114,027 8 3

RATE.—Continued.

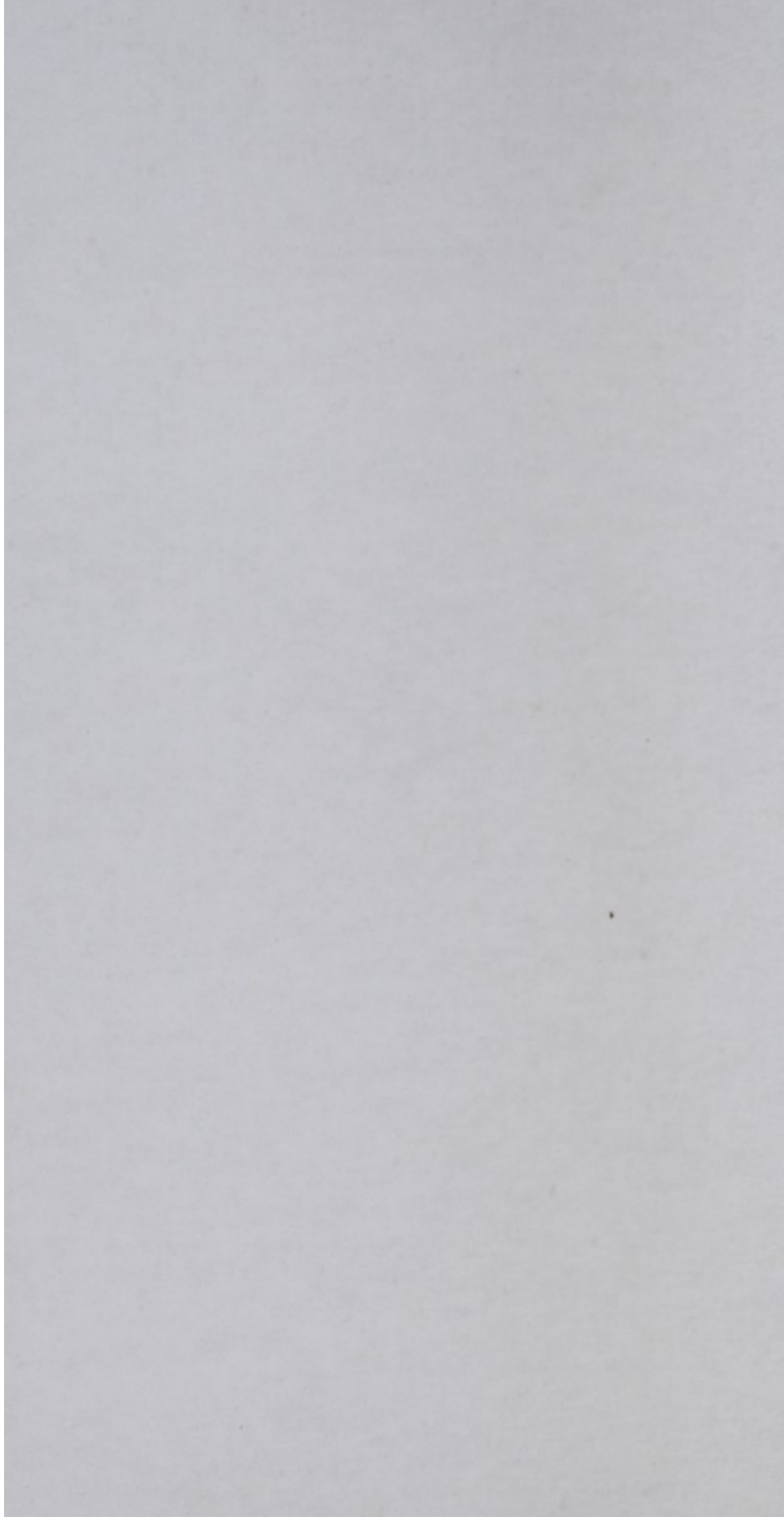
Expenditure.	£	s.	d.	Cr.
By Amount brought forward	83,853	6	8	
HIGHWAYS LABOUR.				
By Cash	2,657	13	11	
SCAFFOLD, &c., LICENSES.				
By Cash, Return of Deposits	248	7	7	
ASSESSMENT EXPENSES.				
By Cash	505	17	6	
RENT OF WHARFS (HIGHWAYS).				
By Cash	312	0	4	
REPAYMENT OF LOANS ACCOUNT.				
By Cash, London County Council, 19th Instalment of Loan of £8,000, due October 1st, 1891	420	0	0 ✓	
12th Instalment of Loan of £17,000, due January 1st, 1892	850	0	0 ✓	
11th Instalment of Loan of £12,500, due April 1st, 1891	625	0	0	
1st Instalment of Loan of £6,000, due October 31st, 1891	120	0	0 ✓	
By Cash, General Assurance Company, 16th Instalment of Loan of £4,500, due February 23rd, 1892	225	0	0	
	2,240	0	0	
Carried forward	89,817	6	0	



GENERAL RATE.—Continued.

Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	114,027	8	3
Carried forward	£114,027	8	3

Expenditure.	£	s.	d.	Cr.
By Amount brought forward ..	...	...	...	89,817 6 0
INTEREST ON LOANS.				
By Cash, viz. :—				
London County Council (Loan of £8,000)	12	4	3	
Do. do. do. (Do. of £17,000)	286	17	4	
Do. do. do. (Do. of £12,500)	216	16	2	
Do. do. do. (Do. of £6,600)	173	3	2	
General Assurance Compy. (Do. of £4,500)	46	12	5	
				735 13 4
DEPOSITS WITH TENDERS.				
By Cash returned	...	...	...	310 0 0
MASONS' GENERAL WORKS.				
By Cash	...	...	...	2,685 2 0
SYDENHAM HILL.				
By Cash to Lewisham Board of Works, for Moiety of Maintenance	...	...	...	301 12 6
SALARIES.				
By Cash, Officer's Weekly Salaries	...	...	...	781 15 0
SALARIES.				
By Cash, Salaries of Vestry Clerk, Surveyor, Assistant Vestry Clerk, and other Officers, One Year, £2,601 13s. 4d., One-third to this Rate	...	...	...	867 4 6
By Cash, Salaries of Medical Officer, Inspectors of Nuisances, &c., One Year, £1,755 2s. 8d., One-half to this Rate	...	...	...	877 11 4
Carried forward ...	...	...	...	96,376 4 8



GENERAL RATE.—Continued.

Dr.	Receipts.		Expenditure.		Cr.
		£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Amount brought forward	..	114,027 8 3	By Amount brought forward ...		96,276 4 8
			BROCKWELL PARK.		
			By Cash, to London County Council, Con-		
			tribution to Cost		6,000 0 0
			SCHOOL BOARD ELECTION EXPENSES.		
			By Cash, Sir J. B. Monkton, Election Ex-		
			penses, 1891		307 14 11
			MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.		
			By Cash for Printing and Stationery ...	482 9 0	
			Establishment Charges, Stamps and Sundries	1,001 13 3	
			One-third to this rate of ...	1,484 2 3	494 14 1
					103,178 13 8
			By Balance carried to Assets and Liabilities		
			Account		10,848 14 7

£114,027 8 3

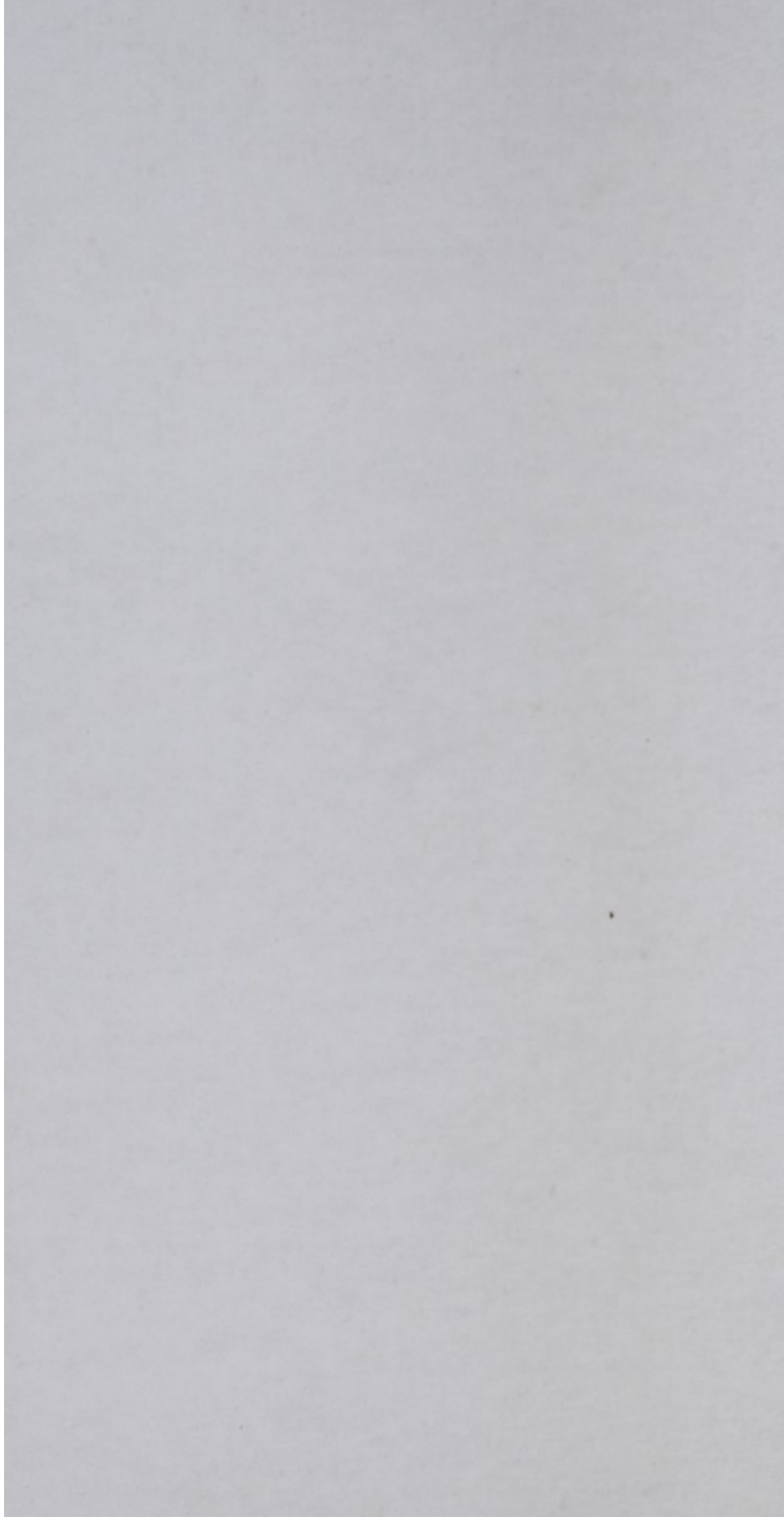
£114,027 8 3



GENERAL RATE.—Continued.

Dr.	Liabilities (Partly Estimated.)	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	MATERIALS.						
To Amounts due	...	1,984	11	11			
	SLOPPING AND WATERING.						
To Amounts due for Horses, Horse Hire, Removal by Barge, &c., Repairs to Hydrants, Rent of Depot, Insurance, Water for Roads, Repairs and Sundries	...	2,595	16	7			
„ Amounts due for Fodder	...	952	5	2			
	GLENGALL WHARF.						
To Moiety of Amounts due for Rates, Gas, Water, Rent, &c.,	...	25	3	0	3,573	4	9
	MASON'S GENERAL WORKS.						
To Amounts due for Stone, Lime, &c., &c.	...				178	16	9
	PARISH ROADS.						
To Amounts due for Tar Paving, Footpaths, &c.	...				58	2	11
	INTEREST AND INSTALMENT OF LOANS.						
To Amounts due to London County Council	...				741	9	8
	SYDENHAM HILL.						
To Amount due to Lewisham Board of Works for Moiety of Maintenance, to Lady-day, 1892	...				70	11	11
	DEPOSITS WITH TENDERS.						
To Amounts due to Contractors	...				120	0	0
	RENT ACCOUNT.						
To Amounts due	...				109	13	10
	SCAFFOLD, &c., LICENSES.						
To Amounts Returnable to Owners (estimated at)	...				458	0	0
	Carried forward				£7,294	11	9

	Assets (Partly Estimated).	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	By Balance from Cash Account	...			10,848	14	7
	By Accounts due to Vestry, viz. :—						
	Repairs to Roads	...	23	8	0		
	Sundries	...	88	6	1		
	Repairs to Trenches (partly estimated)	...	206	19	10		
					318	13	11
	By New Streets Account :—						
	Supervision of Works to Lady-day, 1892	...			46	19	10
	TRANSFERS FROM SEWERS RATE UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH (LONDON) ACT, 1891, viz. :—						
	By Amounts due from Owners for Private Drains	...			346	0	8
	By Amount of Ladyday, 1892, Quarter's Liabilities, as per page 312, transferred to Contra	...			1,766	19	9
					£13,321	8	9



GENERAL RATE.—Continued.

Dr.	Estimated Liabilities—Continued.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward		7,294	11	9
INCIDENTAL ACCOUNTS.				
To Amounts due for Ironmongery, Timber and Sundries		38	18	7
PROVISION FOR SPECIAL WORKS.				
To Amount yet to be expended		2220	3	0
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.				
To one-third of £498 3s. 5d., chargeable to this Rate		166	1	2
LIABILITIES TRANSFERRED FROM SEWERS RATE, UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH (LONDON) ACT, 1891 :—				
SEWERS GENERAL WORKS.				
To Amount due for Drains, Repairs to Sewers, &c.		280	12	6
DUST REMOVAL.				
To Amount due for Horse Hire, Lightering, Repairs to Harness, Dust Shoots, &c.	1,233	2	5	
GLENGALL WHARF.				
To Moiety of Amount due for Gas, Water, Rent, &c.... ..	25	3	0	
		1,258	5	5
DISINFECTING.				
To Amount due for Powder, &c.		31	13	6
INCIDENTAL ACCOUNTS. PUBLIC HEALTH.				
To Amount due for Repairs, Drain Eyes, Registrars' Returns, &c., &c.		158	15	10
INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFICA- TION.				
To Amount due to Medical Practitioners to March 26th, 1892		31	12	6
PRIVATE DRAINAGE.				
To Amount Returnable to Owners		221	14	0
		11,702	8	3
		1,619	0	6
To Balance in favour of Rate		£13,321	8	9

Estimated Assets.—Continued.

Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward	13,321	8	9

£13,321 8 9





SEWERS RATE.				
Dr.	Receipts.			
		£.	s.	d.
To Balance, March 26th, 1891, as per last Annual Report, page 347		1,924	18	11
OVERSEERS				
To Order of Vestry, 1891		17,858	2	2
PRIVATE DRAINS.				
To Cash from Owners of Property		606	8	4
NEW SEWERS.				
To Cash from Owners of Property		31	17	10
NUISANCES REMOVAL ACT.				
To Cash from Police Court for Fines and Costs		24	5	0
REMOVAL OF DUST FROM IVYDALE ROAD.				
To Cash from Lewisham Board of Works ...		66	13	9
SALE OF MANURE.				
To Cash		13	3	3
INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFICATION.				
To Cash from Metropolitan Asylums Board, Return of Fees paid to Medical Practitioners, to December 27th, 1891 ...		147	17	6
SUNDRIES.				
To Cash		114	11	10
Carried forward		20,787	18	7

SEWERS RATE.				
Expenditure.	Cr.			
		£.	s.	d.
SEWERS GENERAL WORKS.				
By Cash paid... ..				1,305 18 5
REPAYMENT OF LOANS ACCOUNT.				
By Cash paid, viz. :—				
London Life Association, 24th Instalment of Loan of £23,000, due May 1st, 1891	766 13 4			
25th Instalment of Loan of £10,000, due 29th Sept., 1891	333 6 8			
Atlas Assurance Company, 26th Instalment of Loan of £26,000, due January 31st, 1892	866 13 4			
	1,966 13 4			
INTEREST ON LOANS.				
By Cash paid, viz. :—				
London Life Association, Loan of £23,000	242 18 9			
Do. do. do. £10,000	97 10 0			
Atlas Assurance Company, do. £26,000	211 5 0			
	551 13 9			
SMALL BILLS.				
By Cash paid				15 12 0
DISINFECTING.				
By Cash paid for attending Machine, Repairs to Apparatus, Compensation, Disinfecting Powder, &c.				319 5 9
PRIVATE DRAINS.				
By Cash returned to Owners				36 4 1
INCIDENTAL ACCOUNTS.				
By Cash paid				556 4 8
Carried forward				4,751 12 0



Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	20,787	18	7
Carried forward...	...	£20,787	18	7

SEWERS RATE—Continued.

Expenditure.	£	s.	d.	Cr.
By Amount brought forward ...	4,751	12	0	
NUISANCES REMOVAL ACT.				
By Cash paid for Summonses, Expenses, &c. ...	46	15	9	
ADULTERATION ACT.				
By cash paid Analyst, Summonses, Samples, &c. ...	219	9	4	
LABOUR.				
By Cash advanced for Flushing, &c. ...	1,373	9	1	
DUST REMOVAL.				
PLANT ACCOUNT. By Cash for Carts, Baskets, &c. ...	134	4	2	
WORKS ACCOUNT. By Cash, Repairs to Depôt ...	22	0	1	
WORKING EXPENSES. By Cash, Fodder, Repairs to Carts, Harness, &c., Veterinary Attendance, Barging, &c., &c. (including £2,797 labour) ...	8,172	6	4	
GLENGALL WHARF.				
By Cash Moiety of Rent, Rates, Sundries, &c. ...	105	9	0	8,433 19 7
DEPOSITS WITH TENDERS.				
By Cash Returned ...	30	0	0	
SALARIES.				
By Cash paid Foreman of Sewers ...	158	16	8	
„ Cash paid Salaries of Vestry Clerk, Surveyor and other Officers, One Year, £2,601 13s. 4d., One third to this Rate... ..	867	4	5	
„ Cash paid Salaries of Medical Officer, Inspectors of Nuisances, &c., One Year, £1,755 2s. 8d. One-half to this Rate ...	877	11	4	
Carried forward ...	£16,758	18	2	



Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	20,787	18	7

SEWERS

£20,787 18 7

RATE.—Continued.

Expenditure.	Cr.
	£ s. d.
By Amount brought forward	16,758 18 2
INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFICATION.	
By Cash paid Medical Practitioners, Labour &c.	257 11 9
NEW SEWER, COLLEGE ROAD.	
By Cash paid for Construction, &c.	351 15 6
NEW SEWER, ARNOLD ROAD.	
By Cash, paid Balance of Construction ...	109 13 5
NEW URINAL—LYNDHURST ROAD.	
By Cash, paid Lion Iron Foundry	32 8 0
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.	
By Cash paid £1,484 2s. 3d., One-third to this Rate	494 14 1
	<hr/>
	18,005 0 11
By Balance carried to Assets and Liabilities Account	2,782 17 8

£20,787 18 7

STATEMENT OF MONEY RAISED ON MORTGAGE BY THE VESTRY.

No. of Mortgage.	Date of Mortgage.	Name of Mortgagee.	Nature of Security.	Amount Borrowed.	For what Purpose.	Rate of Interest.	Term of years.	Annual Instalment.	Amount repaid to March 25th, 1892.	Balance due.
				£		per cent.	years.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Feb. 24th, 1864	Pelican Life Assurance Company	Sewers Rate	8,000	New Sewers	4½	20	400 0 0	8,000 0 0	...
2	June 23rd, 1865	Hand-in-Hand Fire Insurance Company	Sewers Rate	13,000	Do. Do.	5	20	650 0 0	13,000 0 0	...
3	Jan. 31st, 1866	Atlas Life Assurance Company	Sewers Rate	26,000	Do. Do.	5	30	866 13 4	22,533 6 8	3,466 13 4
4	Sept. 5th, 1866	London Life Association	Sewers Rate	10,000	Do. Do.	5	30	333 6 8	8,333 6 8	1,666 13 4
5	Mar. 14th, 1867	London Joint Stock Bank	General Rate	6,000	General Purposes	4	½	...	6,000 0 0	...
6	May 8th, 1867	London Life Association	Sewers Rate	23,000	New Sewers	5	30	766 13 4	18,400 0 0	4,600 0 0
7	Nov. 6th, 1872	Metropolitan Board of Works (Transferred to London County Council, March 21st, 1889)	General Rate	8,000	New Vestry Hall	3½	20	*	8,000 0 0	...
8	July 29th, 1874	London Life Association	General Rate	10,000	York Paving	4½	15	666 13 4	10,000 0 0	...
9	July 29th, 1874	London Life Association	General Rate	5,000	Tar Paving	4½	6	833 6 8	5,000 0 0	...
10	Feb. 23rd, 1876	General Assurance Co.	General Rate	4,500	New Vestry Hall	4½	20	225 0 0	3,600 0 0	900 0 0
11	Oct. 4th, 1876	General Assurance Co.	General Rate	5,000	Tar Paving	4½	6	833 6 8	5,000 0 0	...
12	May 28th, 1879	General Assurance Co.	General Rate	6,000	Slopping, &c., Plant	4	5	1,200 0 0	6,000 0 0	...
13	Mar. 16th, 1880	Metropolitan Board of Works (Transferred to London County Council, March 21st, 1889)	General Rate	17,000	Granite Pitching	3½	20	850 0 0	10,200 0 0	6,800 0 0
14	May 13th, 1880	Metropolitan Board of Works (Transferred to London County Council March 21st, 1889)	General Rate	12,500	Do. Do.	3½	20	625 0 0	6,875 0 0	5,625 0 0
15	April 1st, 1891	London County Council	General Rate	6,000	Brockwell Pk	3½	50	120 0 0	120 0 0	5,880 0 0
				160,000					131,061 13 4	28,938 6 8

* £440 the first year and £420 the remainder of the time.

SEWERS RATE.

ESTIMATED LIABILITIES
AND ASSETS.

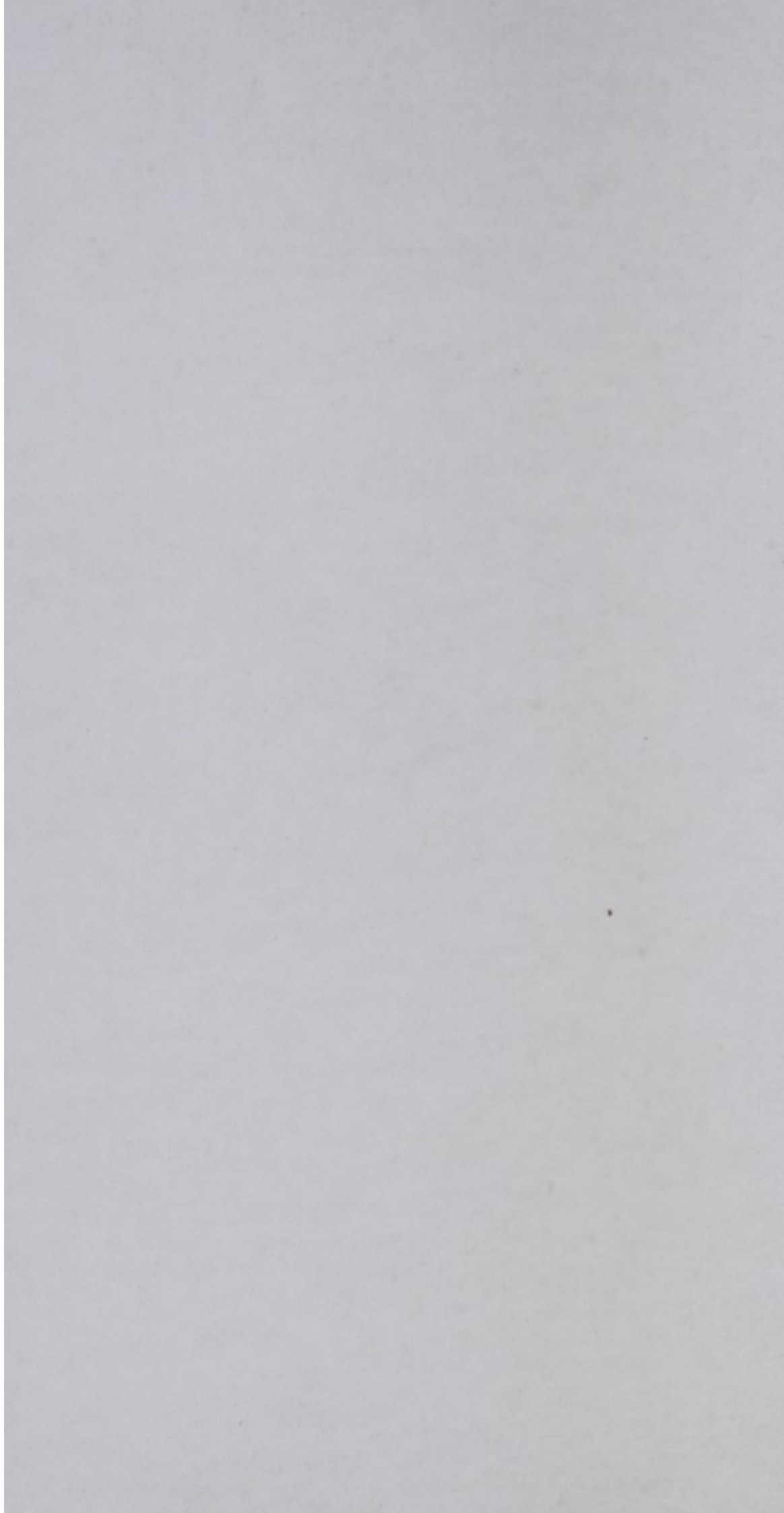
Dr.	Liabilities (Partly Estimated).	£	s.	d.
GENERAL RATE.				
To	Amount of Ladyday, 1892, Quarter's Liabilities, transferred to that Rate, under Public Health (London) Act, 1891, viz. :			
	Sewers General Works	280	12	6
	Dust Removal	1,233	2	5
	Glengall Wharf (Moiety)	25	3	0
	Disinfecting	31	13	6
	Incidentals	158	15	10
	Infectious Diseases Notification	31	12	6
		<hr/>		
			1,760	19 9
INTEREST ON LOAN.				
To	Amount due to London Life Association...		40	12 6
PROVISION FOR SPECIAL WORKS.				
To	Amount yet to be expended		100	0 0
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.				
To	One-third of £498 3s. 5d. to this Rate ...		166	1 2
			<hr/>	
			2,067	13 5
To	Balance in favour of Rate		1,135	12 10

£3,203 6 3

SEWERS RATE.—Continued.

Assets.	Cr.
	£ s. d.
By Balance from Cash Account	2,782 17 8
By Account due to Vestry :—	
For Sewers Sundries	1 1 0
NEW SEWERS.	
By Contributions due from Owners	419 7 7

£3,203 6 3



RATE.

	Expenditure.			Cr.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
GAS FOR STREET LAMPS.						
By Cash paid South Metropolitan Gas Co. ...	11,169	19	1			
„ Do. do. Crystal Palace District Gas Co. ...	678	12	1			
				11,848	11	2
SYDENHAM HILL.						
By Cash paid Lewisham Board of Works, moiety of Lighting to Ladyday, 1891				43	5	6
SALARIES.						
By Cash paid Salaries of Vestry Clerk, Surveyor, and other Officers, one year, £2,601 13s. 4d. One-third to this Rate				867	4	5
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.						
By Cash paid £1,484 2s. 3d., One-third to this Rate				494	14	1
				13,253	15	2
By Balance carried to Assets and Liabilities Account				3,830	1	8
				£17,083	16	10

Dr.	Liabilities.	£	s.	d.
GAS FOR STREET LAMPS.				
To South Metropolitan and Crystal Palace District Gas Companies, to Ladyday 1892		2,971	11	6
SYDENHAM HILL.				
To Lewisham Board of Works, moiety of Lighting, to Lady-day, 1892		43	5	6
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.				
To One-third of £498 3s. 5d. to this Rate ...		166	1	1
		3,180	18	1
To Balance in favour of Rate		674	18	4
		<u>£3,855</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>5</u>

RATE.—Continued.

Assets.	Cr.
	£ s. d.
By Balance from Cash Account	3,830 1 8
GREENWICH DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.	
By Amount due for Moiety of Lighting Canterbury Road Bridge, to Lady-day, 1892	25 14 9
	<hr/> <hr/> £3,855 16 5



A Summary of Cash Received and Expended

Dr.	£	s.	d.
To Cash at Bankers and on Deposit, March 26th, 1891, as per last Annual Report, page 356	9,580	4	8
To Amount received during the year, viz. :—			
GENERAL RATE	109,392	15	10
SEWERS RATE	18,862	19	8
LIGHTING RATE	14,063	3	6
	<u>£151,899</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>

NEW STREETS

To Cash at Bankers and on Deposit Account, March 26th, 1891	4,023	9	10
To Amount received during the year ...	6,321	2	5
	<u>£10,344</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>

Dr.	Balance.	
To General Rate	10,848	14 7
To Sewers Rate	2,782	17 8
To Lighting Rate	3,830	1 8
To New Streets Works	3,585	8 5

£21,047 2 4

From March 26th, 1891, to March 25th, 1892.

	£	s.	d.	Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Amount paid during the year, viz. :							
GENERAL RATE				103,178	13	8	
SEWERS RATE				18,005	0	11	
LIGHTING RATE				13,253	15	2	
				<u>134,437</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>9</u>	
By Balance at Bankers, March 25th, 1892, less Outstanding Cheques				17,461	13	11	
				<u>£151,899</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>	

WORKS ACCOUNT.

By Amount paid during the year	6,759	3	10
By Balance at Bankers, March 25th, 1892	245	8	5
By Cash on Deposit	3,340	0	0
	<u>3,585</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>£10,344</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>

Balance.	Cr.
By Cash at Bankers (Current Accounts) ...	17,707 2 4
By Cash on Deposit Account	3,340 0 0

£21,047 2 4



We, being the Auditors duly elected for the Parish of Camberwell, in the County of London, have Examined and Audited the foregoing Accounts of the Vestry of the said Parish, and the items therein comprised, from the 26th day of March, 1891, to the 25th day of March, 1892, and having found such Accounts correct, do now sign the same, in token of our allowance thereof.

WILLIAM DAVIS, *Chairman*,
 G. DRYDEN,
 E. G. ROBERTS,
 W. B. PARNELL,
 F. S. BUCK,

Auditors of
 the Parish of
 Camberwell.

Dated this 17th day of May, 1892, and continued by adjournment until the 23rd day of August, 1892.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

TO THE

Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell.

VESTRY HALL, CAMBERWELL,

August 23rd, 1892.

GENTLEMEN,

We, the undersigned, being the duly appointed Auditors of the above Parish, have in accordance with the provisions of the Metropolis Local Management Act, 1855, examined and audited the Books and Accounts with the Vouchers relating thereto for the period from the 26th day of March, 1891, to the 25th day of March, 1892, both days inclusive, and submit the following Report thereon:—

Having carefully examined the Vestry, General and the Rate Collectors' Books, we are perfectly satisfied with the correctness thereof.

It is a source of great pleasure for us to be able to endorse the remarks of the Auditors of last year as to the manner in which the various Books and Accounts have been kept.

BURIAL BOARD.

We find everything carried out at the Vestry Hall and the Cemetery to our perfect satisfaction.

CHARITY TRUSTEES.

Having carefully examined the Books and Accounts kept by the late Mr. Stevens (Receiver of the Charity Estates) we are satisfied with the correctness thereof.

CHARITY DISTRIBUTION.

We consider the objects intended by the Donors are properly carried out.

BATHS AND WASH-HOUSES.

Having minutely examined these accounts, and also the Vouchers relating thereto, find them perfectly correct.

In conclusion, we desire to express our thanks to the various Officials for the ready and courteous assistance they have given us in our examination of their Books, thus relieving us of a great deal of time.

(Signed)

WILLIAM DAVIS, *Chairman*,
 GEORGE DRYDEN,
 EDWARD GEO. ROBERTS,
 W. B. PARNELL,
 F. S. BUCK,

*Auditors of the
 Parish of St. Giles,
 Camberwell.*

*To the Chairman and Members of the
 Camberwell Vestry.*

OVERSEERS' ACCOUNTS

From 26th March, 1891, to 25th March, 1892.

VESTRY RATES made APRIL 18th, 1891 OCTOBER 17th, 1891, and ARREARS of 1890.

SEWERS RATE	...	...	...	...	4d. in the Pound	}	...	£ s. d.
LIGHTING RATE	...	...	...	...	4d. in the Pound			
GENERAL RATE	...	...	...	...	3d. in the Pound			
Arrears of last year							...	168 11 10
							£11d.	£152,280 7 7½

Districts.	Amount charged.	Collected and paid into Bankers, including £2 12s. 9d. overpaid at Lady-day, 1891.	Arrears March 25th, 1892.	Allowed to Owners.	Amount Legally Excused.	Empties.	Reduced on Appeal.	Totals.	Short-paid at Lady-day, 1892	Over-paid at Lady-day, 1892
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
St. George's Ward, No. 1	13,280 4 5½	11,524 4 7½	28 17 5½	1,332 5 3	18 12 5½	351 9 4	14 15 3½	13,280 4 5½	...	...
St. George's Ward, No. 2	7,514 16 0	6,670 11 0	5 15 5½	534 7 5	12 16 2½	276 7 1½	3 8 10½	7,513 6 1	1 9 11	...
St. George's Ward, No. 2a	6,940 11 7	6,090 4 6	27 17 5½	662 16 0	13 10 2	149 19 9	6 3 8	6,940 11 7	...	...
Camden Ward, No. 3 ...	13,678 6 0	12,083 8 11	23 11 9	753 18 7	11 15 6½	783 0 1½	12 1 1	13,677 16 0	0 10 0	...
Peckham Ward, No. 4 ...	9,413 4 8	7,832 11 8½	18 11 2	789 18 1	19 11½	714 19 9	7 3 8	9,413 4 4	0 0 4	...
Peckham Ward, No. 4a...	8,227 15 4½	7,112 8 2	35 1 3	614 11 8	0 7 6	448 11 8½	3 3 10½	8,224 4 2½	3 11 2	...
Peckham Ward, No. 5 ...	13,019 8 0½	11,574 19 5	27 16 0½	748 15 1	6 11 0	624 0 2½	10 1 4	13,012 3 5	7 4 7½	...
Peckham Ward, No. 5a ...	13,428 9 2½	12,038 8 4	43 15 11½	623 2 10	5 3 0½	686 14 3	11 5 8	13,428 10 1½	...	0 0 11
Camberwell Ward, No. 6	13,537 12 2½	12,483 11 3	12 1 11	116 17 10	3 13 8½	871 15 3½	19 12 2½	13,537 12 2½	...	...
Camberwell Ward, No. 6a	8,266 1 0	7,486 16 1	29 0 1½	203 6 10	5 11 4	505 2 0	6 4 5	8,266 0 9½	0 0 2½	...
East Dulwich Ward, No. 6	16,449 5 5½	14,446 0 2	41 16 11	535 3 10	0 10 8½	1,372 16 2½	22 6 3	16,448 13 3½	0 12 2	...
Dulwich Ward, No. 6 ..	11,609 14 5	10,852 1 1	8 16 5	20 6 10	7 12 5	695 14 0½	25 3 8½	11,609 14 5	...	...
Public Companies ...	16,914 19 3	16,908 13 3			6 6 0			16,914 19 3	...	...
	152,280 7 7½	137,103 18 6*	303 1 11	6,935 9 1½	12 10 0½	7,480 9 9½	141 10 0½	152,267 0 2	13 8 4½	0 0 11

* MEMO :

Collected and paid to Bankers as above
Deduct overpaid at Lady-day, 1891
Amount as per Vestry Rates Cash
Account, folio 324

137,103 18 6
2 12 9
£137,101 5 9

Add short-paid ... 13 8 4½
Deduct over-paid ... 0 0 11
£152,280 7 7½



VESTRY

Dr.	Receipts.	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Balance in hand, March 26th, 1891	...			1,390	8	7
To Cash received on 1891 Rates, and Arrears of former Rates	...			137,101	5	9
To Cash, Sundries, viz. :—						
Summons and Warrant Fees	..	450	11	9		
Return <i>re</i> Election Expenses	...	100	0	0		
Return <i>re</i> Registration do.	...	150	0	0		
Interest allowed by Bankers, to December 31st, 1891	...	43	5	0		
London County Council, Fees Paid for Recovering Bodies from Canal, to September 3rd, 1891		5	10	0		
				749	6	9

£139,241 1 1

RATES.

Expenditure.	£	s.	d.	Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Cash paid to Vestry, viz. :—							
General Rate, Order 1891	...	100,809	15	3			
Sewers Rate, Order 1891	...	17,858	2	2			
Lighting Rate, Order 1891	...	14,037	8	9			
				132,705	6	2	
By Cash, Collectors' Poundage	...			1,608	10	8	
By do. Salaries of Clerks	...			600	16	8	
By do. Other Payments, viz. :—							
Printing and Stationery	...	438	1	6			
Stamps used in Collection, &c.	...	220	12	0			
Sundry Expenses (including £250 returned to this Account, see Contra)		495	16	0			
				1,154	9	6	
				136,069	3	0	
By Balance to Assets and Liabilities	..			3,171	18	1	

£139,241 1 1



VESTRY

Dr.	Liabilities.	£ s. d.
To Collectors' Poundage		439 16 5
To T. Tilling, Omnibus Hire		2 12 0
To F. Tarrant & Son, Printing to Ladyday, 1892		51 18 5
		<hr/> 494 6 10
To Balance in favour of Rates		2,980 13 2

£3,475 0 0

RATES—Continued.

Assets.	Cr.
	£ s. d.
By Balance from Cash Account	3,171 18 1
By Arrears of Rates	303 1 11

£3,475 0 0

We, the Auditors, having duly and fairly examined the foregoing Accounts, and having found them perfectly correct, do append our signatures to the same.

WILLIAM DAVIS, *Chairman*,
G. DRYDEN,
E. G. ROBERTS,
W. B. PARNELL,
F. S. BUCK,

}
Auditors of
the Parish of
Camberwell.

August 23rd, 1892.



At 3s. 3d. in the £.

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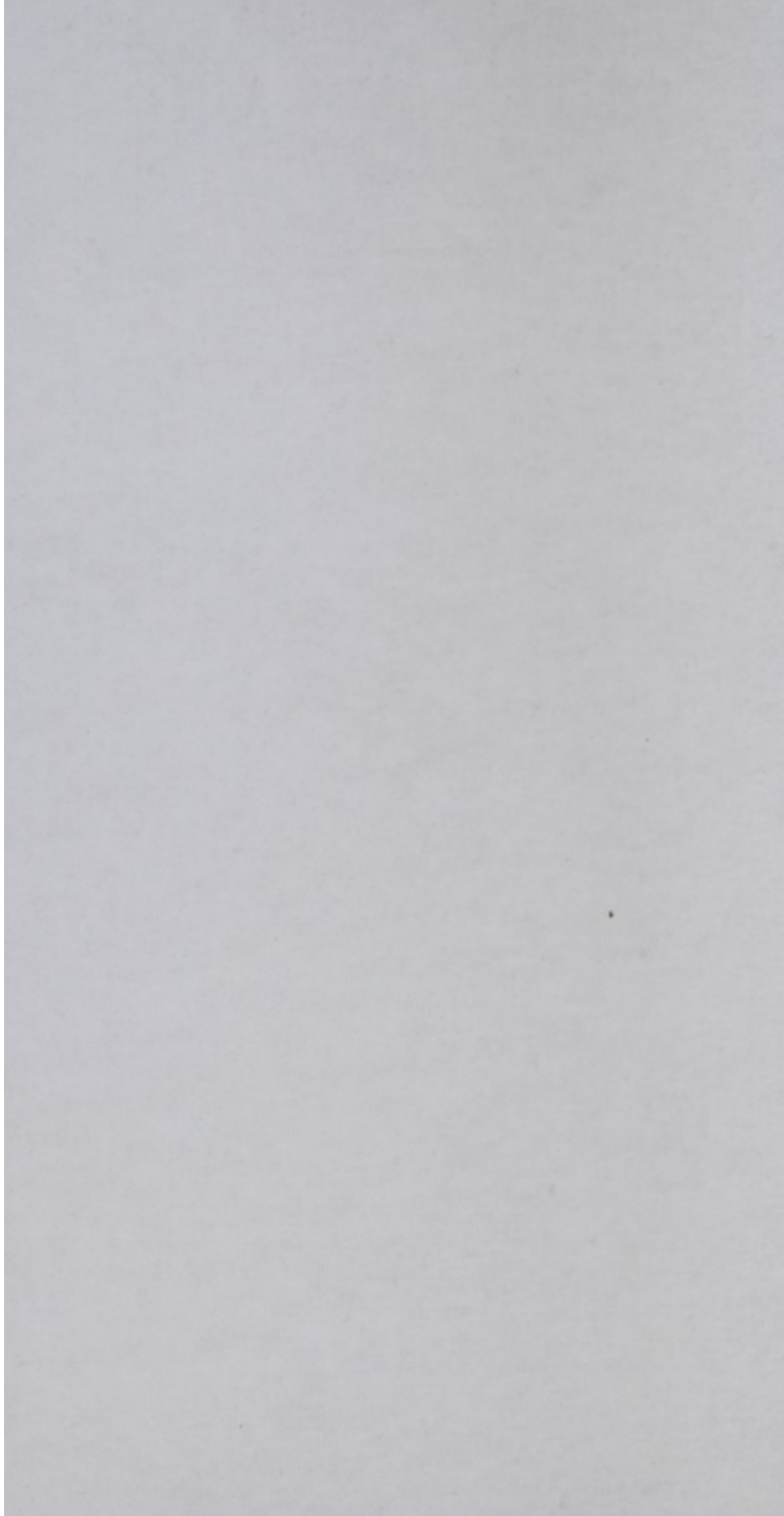
POOR RATE.

POOR RATE.

(Signed) T. BARCLAY COCKERTON,

RATE.

District Auditor,
24th June, 1892.



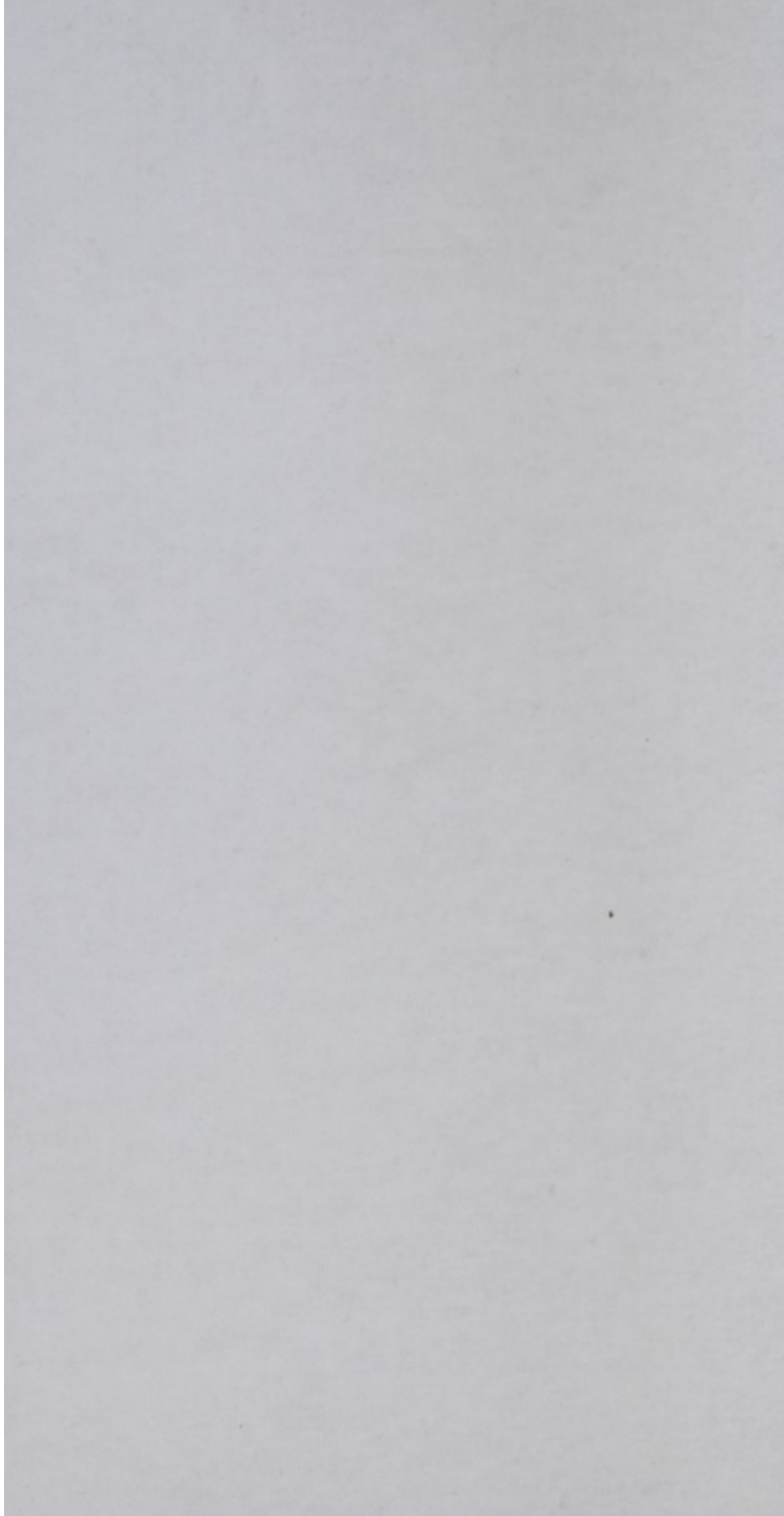
Dr.	Liabilities.	£	s.	d.
To Collector's Poundage		505	18	4
To Commissioners of Public Libraries and Museums, Balance of Precept dated March 25th, 1891		186	14	4
		692	12	8
Balance		1,004	17	6

£1,697 10 2

POOR RATE.—Continued.

Assets.	Cr.
	£ s. d.
By Balance from Cash Account	845 0 0
By Arrears of Rates	352 10 2
By Burial Board, Balance of Amount Voted in aid of Rate	500 0 0

£1,697 10 2



An Account in abstract of the Receipts and Expenditure

OF THE

CAMBERWELL BURIAL BOARD.

FROM MARCH 26TH, 1891, TO MARCH 25TH, 1892.

Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Balance, Cash in hand, 26th March, 1891	535 7 6			
„ Deposit Account	1,500 0 0			
		2,035	7	6
„ Interment Fees, Ground Dues, Sale of Private Graves, &c.	3,750 5 10			
„ Fees for Burial of Paupers received from Board of Guardians	208 6 0			
„ Special Service Fees received at Cemetery	5 12 6			
„ Interest on Deposit Account	12 14 11			
„ Subscriptions received at Cemetery for Turfing, Flowering, and Decorating Graves...	175 1 0			
„ Fees for Burial Certificates received at Cemetery	5 12 6			
Carried forward		£6,193	0	3

Expenditure.	Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Cash, Fees for Interments and Ground Dues to Churchwardens of St. Giles	184 15 4			
„ do. do. Churchwardens of St. George's	38 13 2			
„ do. Fees for Burial Services and Ground Dues.—Rev. F. F. Kelly, Vicar of St. Giles	62 15 4			
„ do. do. „ N. Campbell, Vicar of St. George's	24 7 6			
„ do. do. „ A. A. W. Drew, Vicar of St. Antholin's	15 9 8			
„ do. do. „ W. F. Scott, Vicar of St. Jude's	10 2 0			
„ do. do. „ R. O. T. Thorpe, Vicar of Christ Church	13 2 6			
„ do. do. „ J. Seaver, Vicar of St. Mary Magdalene	10 11 10			
„ do. do. „ J. A. MacLachlan, Vicar of Emmanuel Church	8 13 6			
„ do. do. „ C. E. Brooke, Vicar of St. John Divine	4 12 6			
„ do. do. „ J. D. Dyke, Vicar of St. James	2 12 4			
„ do. do. „ T. J. Gaster, Vicar of All Saints'	7 3 6			
„ do. do. „ J. W. Pulley, Vicar of St. Peter's	8 2 4			
„ do. do. „ H. S. Swithinbank, Vicar of St. Saviour's	5 0 0			
„ do. do. „ T. H. L. Leary, Vicar of St. Phillips	8 9 10			
„ do. do. „ H. B. Chapman, Vicar of St. Luke's	9 3 10			
„ do. do. „ W. J. Strickland, Vicar of St. John the Evangelist	28 3 0			
„ do. do. „ W. S. Cadman, Vicar of St. Andrew's	6 7 6			
„ do. do. „ H. E. Jennings, Vicar of St. Clement's	14 9 6			
„ do. do. „ George Collett, Vicar of St. Mark's	8 6 0			
„ do. do. „ Isaac Haycroft, Vicar of Chrysostom	1 16 6			
„ do. do. „ J. M. Clark, Vicar of St. Stephen's	7 8 10			
„ do. do. „ — Vicar of St. Matthew's	0 16 6			
„ do. do. „ P. S. O'Brien, Vicar of Camden Church	6 13 4			
„ do. Fees to Rev. Dr. Thomas Ray, Nonconformist Minister	166 11 0			
„ do. do. Rev. J. C. Eyre-Kidson, Chaplain	220 5 6			
„ do. Salary and Special Service Fees to Mr. Samuel Bright, Parish Clerk...	131 9 6			
„ do. Advanced to Superintendent of Cemetery to pay Nonconformist Ministers' Fees	70 0 0			
Carried forward		1,076	2	4



BURIAL BOARD

Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	6,193	0	3
Carried forward	£6,193	0	3

ACCOUNTS.—Continued.

Expenditure.	£	s.	d.	Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward ...				1,076	2	4	
By Cash, Overseers, in aid of Poor Rates ...				1,000	0	0	
" Wages at Cemetery ...	1,290	2	9				
" Salary to Superintendent ...	154	10	0				
				1,444	12	9	
" Salary to Clerk ...				200	0	0	
" Flowers :—							
F. French ...	40	16	3				
Goff & Son ...	15	18	0				
A. M. Downs ...	0	16	0				
R. T. Child ...	9	14	0				
W. Ramsden ...	10	19	0				
George Piper ...	11	2	0				
				89	5	3	
" Carting :—							
William Harris ...	33	15	0				
George Thompson ...	8	9	6				
J. Woodhams ...	46	6	0				
				88	10	6	
" Repairs :—							
Mr. Coldman ...	19	3	6				
Mr. Yeatman ...	41	3	0				
H. & C. Davis ...	79	4	1				
Mr. Minter ...	39	2	3				
W. Richardson ...	1,137	3	3				
				1,315	16	1	
" Removing and Replacing Monuments, Gravestones :—							
Messrs. Daniel ...	18	4	0				
Mr. H. Cornford ...	46	10	2				
				64	14	2	
" Sawdust—Mr. E. G. Quinn ...				14	8	9	
" Coal and Coke—J. D. Simmonds ...				9	0	0	
" Timber—Messrs. Bonsall ...				28	10	9	
" Stationery—Messrs. Shaw ..	30	19	9				
Mr. Wm. Carey ...	22	17	6				
				53	17	3	
Carried forward ...				£5,384	17	10	



BURIAL BOARD

Dr.	Receipts.	£ s. d.
Amount brought forward		6,193 0 3

Carried forward

£6,193 0 3ACCOUNTS.—Continued.

Expenditure.	£ s. d.	Cr.
By Amount brought forward		5,384 17 10
By Cash, Brooms—Blind Association ...		1 9 0
„ Lambeth Water Works		10 6 6
„ South Metropolitan Gas Company ...		10 17 10
„ Poor Rates		14 9 10
„ Surveyor's Fees:—		
Mr. R. P. Whellock, General Surveys	67 0 0	
Mr. J. C. Reynolds, Jun., General Surveys ...	30 0 0	
Mr. H. A. Berriman, for Making up Book Maps ...	17 10 0	
„ Returned Fees		114 10 0
„ Petty Cash		6 0 6
„ Sundries:—		101 14 0
Eastwood & Co., Sand and Cement	1 5 8	
J. Thrower, Repairs to Cemetery Safe ...	1 10 0	
J. T. Anderson, 12 Garden Seats	15 12 0	
H & C. Davis, Ironmongery ...	8 6 10	
H. Green, Advertising ...	2 18 8	
Weston and Westall, Salt ...	3 4 0	
J. Waters, Bookbinding ...	1 6 6	
Thomas Tilling & Son, Omnibus	1 15 0	
London & South Western Bank, Cheque Book ...	0 16 8	
Law Fire Insurance Co. Premium	1 2 6	
Carried forward	37 17 10	£5,644 5 6



BURLINGAME BOARD

Dr.	Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward ... ..	...	6,193	0	3

£6,193 0 3

ACCOUNTS.—Continued.

Expenditure.			Cr.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
By Amount brought forward	... ..	37 17 10	5,644	5	6
By Sundries—(Continued)—					

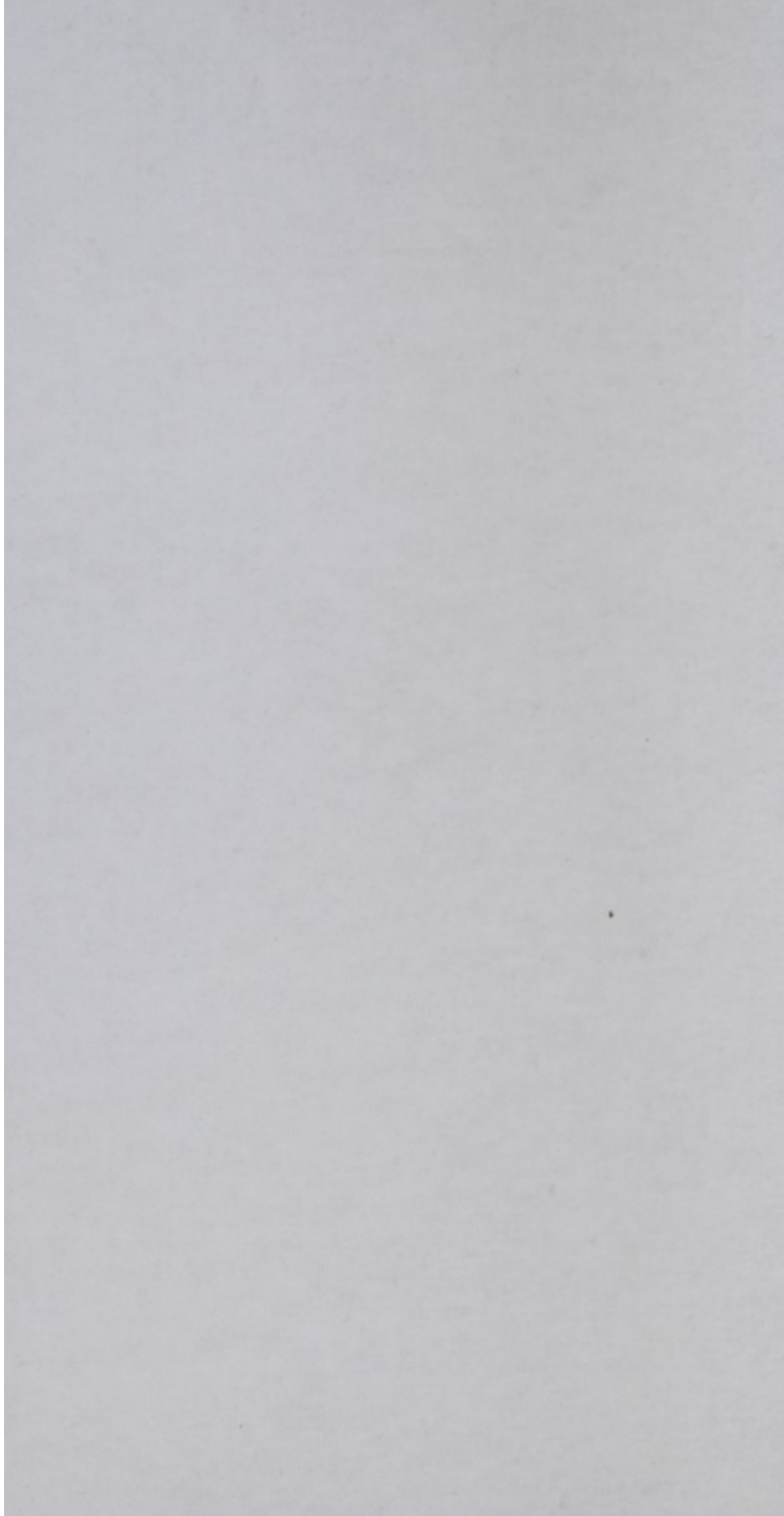
J. Stevens, Box Barrow ...	5	9	0
H. Gates, 6 Chairs for Board Room at Cemetery ...	1	8	6
Osborn & Son, 2 Uniforms	5	18	6
Willing & Co., Lim., Tablets	7	2	0
Moffet & Vickery, Uniform for Messenger ...	3	0	0
"Builder," Advertising ...	0	12	0
"Camberwell and Peckham Times," do. ...	1	2	6
"South London Press," do.	1	13	0
Walter Monks, Winding Clocks	1	1	0
J. C. Morris, Income Tax	26	8	6
J. Flatley, Gratuity ...	10	0	0
J. Russell Walle do. ...	10	0	0

111 12 10

$$\begin{array}{r} 5,755 \ 18 \ 4 \\ 437 \ 1 \ 11 \end{array}$$

Balance
---------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

£6,193 0 3



BURIAL BOARD

Dr.	Liabilities.	£	s.	d.
To Rev. Dr. Thomas Ray	Fees ...	56	6	0
" " J. C. E. Kidson	" ...	81	4	0
" Mr. Samuel Bright	" ...	36	0	0
" Churchwardens of St. Giles	" ...	51	5	0
" Rev. F. F. Kelly	" ...	19	5	0
" Churchwardens of St. George's	" ...	11	12	0
" Rev. Norman Campbell	" ...	9	0	6
" " A. A. W. Drew	" ...	1	10	6
" " W. F. Scott	" ...	2	16	6
" " R. O. T. Thorpe	" ...	6	14	0
" " W. S. Cadman	" ...	1	5	0
" " J. Seaver	" ...	4	10	6
" Vicar of Emmanuel Church	" ...	2	8	0
" Rev. T. J. Gaster	" ...	3	7	6
" " W. F. Strickland	" ...	11	15	6
" " G. Collett	" ...	2	4	6
" " H. E. Jennings	" ...	5	2	6
" " Dr. T. H. L. Leary	" ...	1	4	0
" " C. E. Brooke	" ...	2	10	0
" " H. B. Chapman	" ...	2	13	6
" Vicar of St. Peter's	" ...	2	0	6
" Rev. J. M. Clark	" ...	0	5	0
" Vicar of St. James	" ...	0	4	0
" Vicar of St. Saviour's	" ...	2	0	0
" Rev. P. S. O'Brien	" ...	2	18	0
" Mr. G. W. Marsden	Salary ...	50	0	0
" " John Flatley	" ...	12	0	0
" " T. M. Rider	Returned Fee ...	0	8	0
" South Metropolitan Gas Company	Gas ...	6	2	0
" Mr. J. Gasson	Spars ...	0	19	0
" Mrs. Jones	Returned Fee ...	0	7	6
" Mr. E. G. Quinn	Sawdust ...	9	7	6
" " Wm. Carey	Stationery ...	7	16	0
" " H. A. Berriman	Book Maps ...	5	0	0
" The Overseers of the Poor of Camberwell	" ...	500	0	0
" Mr. G. W. Marsden, Petty Cash ...	" ...	4	15	9

£916 17 9

ACCOUNTS—Continued.

Assets.	£	s.	d.	Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Balance from Cash Account	437	1	11	
" Turfing Fees	4	14	6	
" Burial Certificate	0	2	6	
" Interment Fees, Board of Guardians, for	4	17	6	
Pauper Burials	73	12	0	
" Balance against	401	6	10	

£916 17 9

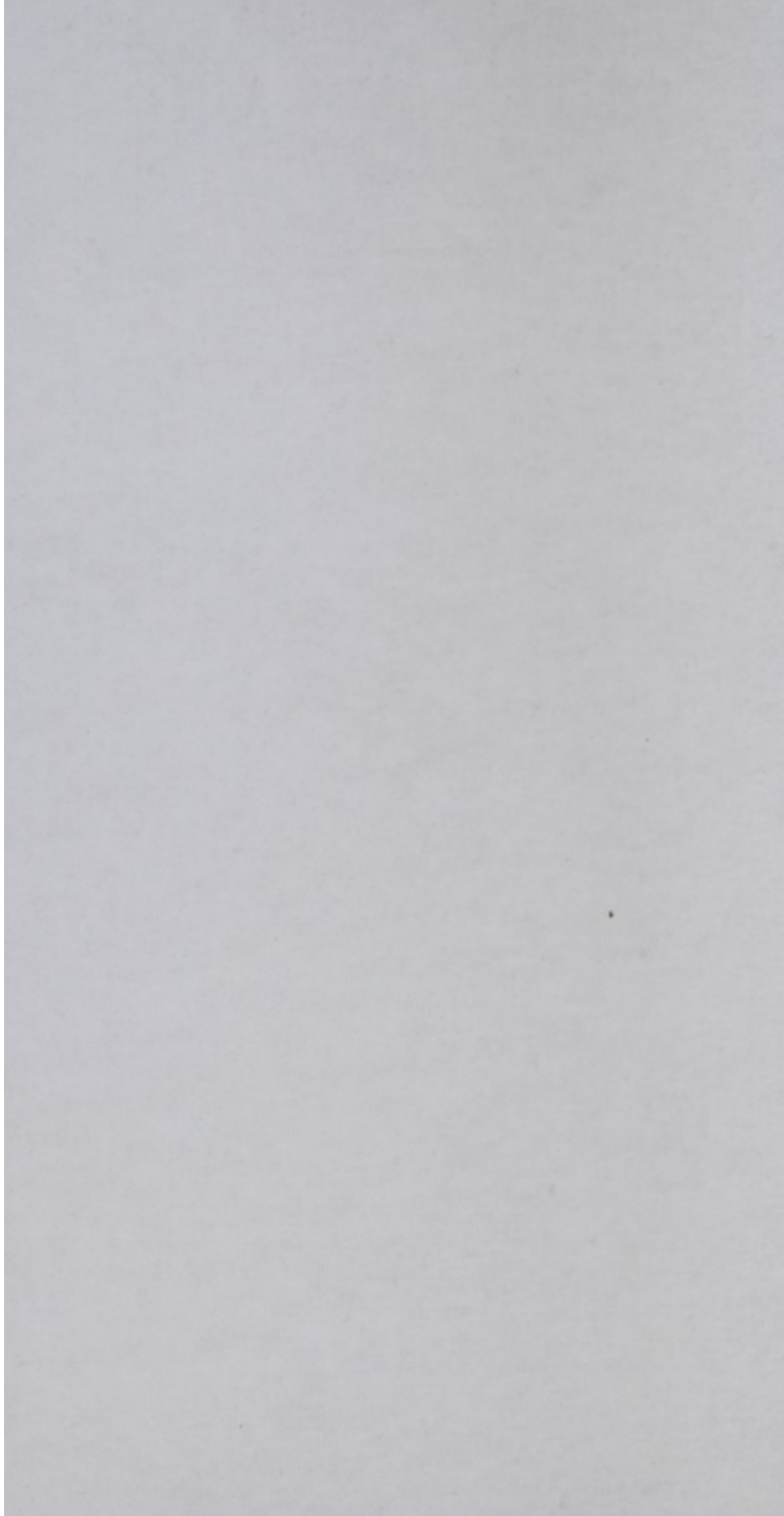
We hereby Certify and Report that we have Examined and Allowed the Accounts of the Burial Board of St. Giles, Camberwell, of which this Account is an Abstract, and we have appended thereto a Statement of Assets and Liabilities to the 25th March, 1892.

WILLIAM DAVIS, *Chairman*,
G. DRYDEN,
E. G. ROBERTS,
W. B. PARNELL,
F. S. BUCK,

Auditors of
the Parish of
Camberwell.

August 23rd, 1892.





CHARITY ACCOUNTS.

18

CHARLES DE COCK

1892.

Parish of St. Giles, Camberwell.

PARTICULARS of the Estates and Bequests
vested in the Trustees of the Charity
Estates of the Parish of St. Giles,
Camberwell, and under their control
and management, by Act of Parlia-
ment 3 Will. 4, C. 33, Sec. 52.

LANDED ESTATES.

SIR EDMOND BOWYER'S CHARITY.

Consisting of five houses and shops (originally four

houses) situate at Denmark Hill, bequeathed by Will of Sir Edmond Bowyer dated 11th July, 1626, let as follows :—

Lessee or Tenant.	Description.	Yearly Rent.
F. Browning	Coffee Shop	£45, on Lease for 12 years from 1887.
A. Wood	Tobacconist's Shop	£35, on Lease for 7, 14, or 21 years from Midsummer, 1892.
J. Grundy,	Baker's Shop	£40, on Lease, 21 years from 1889.
T. E. Silk	Upholsterer's Shop	£60, on Lease for 14 years from 1882.
E. Symes	Butcher's Shop	£112, on Lease for 21 years from Michaelmas, 1891.

OLD CAGE, DENMARK HILL.

Land on which the "Old Watch House" and Cage formerly stood, Denmark Hill.

The building let on lease to James Smith for 60 years from 1862, at £7 per annum.

OLD ENGINE HOUSE, CAMBERWELL GREEN.

A piece of ground next the Greencoat Schools, on which the Engine House was erected.

The building let on lease to George Priest for 21 years from 1872, at £8 per annum.

PECKHAM CAGE.

Building removed some years since and Drinking Fountain erected thereon in 1863 Urinal also since placed thereon.

ENGINE HOUSE, PECKHAM.

A piece of land situate in Blue Anchor Lane, Peckham, conveyed to the Trustees by Deed dated 23rd August, 1849.

The Old Engine House on this land is now vacant.

SHOULDER OF MUTTON ESTATE.

Consisting of a piece of land about 2 roods, 2 perches, situate Sunner Road and Willowbrook Road, Peckham, formerly part of the North Fields or Common Fields of Peckham. Leased for 99 years from 1863 at a ground rent of £50 per annum, and upon which has been erected the "Trafalgar" Public House and 22 dwelling houses and shops. The leases are now held as follows:—

Tenant or Lessee.	Description of Property.	Yearly Rent.
Mann, Crossman & Co.	Public House. "The Trafalgar."	Ground Rent £20, on Lease for 99 years from 1863.
E. J. Harwood	22 Houses and Shops	Ground Rent £30, on Lease for 99 years from 1863.

SIR THOMAS HUNT'S GIFT.

A Legacy of £2 13s. 4d. per annum charged upon four houses formerly standing in Kent Street, Boro' (now pulled down), left by Will of Sir Thomas Hunt dated 28th April, 1625. To be distributed in bread.

The rent charge is paid by the "Chandos Building Society."

THE BURSTEDS, BRAYARD ROAD, PECKHAM.

A piece of land containing about 2 roods, formerly part of Peckham Fields.

On this land eight dwelling houses have been erected and a workshop at rear, and held as follows:—

Tenant or Lessee.	Description of Property.	Yearly Rent.
Messrs. Cooper & Kendall	Nos. 13, 14, 15, & 16, Rock terrace Brayard Road, and Warehouse at rear	£16 10s. on Lease for 80 years from 1877.
Thomas Spurrier	Nos. 17, 18, 19, & 20, Rock terrace, Brayard Road	£21, on Lease for 80 years from 1887.

BOWLES' FIVE ACRES ESTATE.

Originally land purchased from Sir Edmond Bowyer, having a frontage in the Old Kent Road (near Canal Bridge) of 225 feet, or thereabouts, and at the rear thereof, partly abutting on land adjoining the towing path of the Grand Surrey Canal. A portion of this land (about 2 roods) was, in the year 1807, sold to the Canal Company for a sum which was invested in the purchase of £800 Consols. The residue of the land was demised by lease dated the 24th March, 1807, to William Lamb for 61 years from Lady-day then next at £62 per annum. Upon this lease falling in at 1868 the materials of the property were sold at auction, and the estate ultimately laid out for building leases for 70 years from June, 1872. The present lessees are as follow, viz. :—

Tenants or Lessees.	Description of Property.	Yearly Rent (Ground Rents).	£	s.	d.
E. Morgan	1 Bowles Road	dwelling house	5	10	0
J. Dahmen	2 & 3 „	„	9	10	0
W. Ross	4 „	„	4	15	0
J. Massie	5 „	„	4	0	0
J. Hunt	6, 7 & 8 „	„	12	0	0
G. Mason	9 & 10 „	„	7	0	0
M. Barrett	11, 12 & 13 „	„	9	0	0
G. Stokes	14 „	„	3	0	0
R. Pearson	15, 16 & 17 „	„	15	0	0
A. Holloway	18 „	„	5	0	0
G. Marshall junr.	19 to 29 (triangle)	„	30	0	0
E. W. Thomas	30 Bowles Road	„	4	0	0
E. M. Coulsell	31, 32 & 33 „	„	12	0	0
E. W. Thomas	34, 35, 36 & 37 „	„	16	0	0
G. Warren	38 & 39 „	„	10	0	0
W. Howkin's Executors	40, 41, 42 & 45 „	„	18	10	0
R. J. Wilson	43 & 44 „	„	9	0	0
A. Row	46, 47, 48 „	„	12	0	0
London Tramways Company (late Martin)	Factory & Stables		30	0	0
Do. (Late Cocking)	Stables (From Christmas, 1889)		100	0	0
L. Christian's Executors	Factory		41	0	0
London Tramways Company	Stables and Yard		250	0	0
A. Norman	518 Old Kent Road	shop	10	10	0
A. Norman	520 „	„	9	0	0
J. Dahmen	522 „	„	10	0	0
A. Norman	524 „	„	10	10	0
R. Gatenby	526 „	„	9	0	0
R. Gatenby	528 „	„	9	0	0
S. Nunn	530 „	„	9	0	0
S. Nunn	532 „	„	9	0	0
H. Vickery	534 „	„	12	5	0
London Tramways Company	Strip of Land	Smith's shop thereon	5	0	0
			<hr/> £700 10 0 <hr/>		

2.—FUNDED ESTATES.

ALLEN'S GIFT.

Joseph Allen, M.D., formerly of Dulwich, by his Will, dated 12th November, 1793, gave and bequeathed to the Vicar and Churchwardens of Camberwell the sum of £200 Three Per Cent. Consols in trust, for them and their successors, "to pay the dividends thereof to the Churchwarden and Overseer for the time being of the Hamlet of Dulwich every year, to be laid out in coals, and distributed amongst the poor housekeepers of Dulwich for ever."

The dividends, £5 10s. per annum, form one of the special gifts, and are at Christmas expended in the purchase of sacks and half sacks of coals, and distributed according to the Will of the Testator.

BOWLES'S FIVE ACRE.

The proceeds of the sale of a portion of this land (see Landed Estates), was in the year 1807 invested in the purchase of £800 Three Per Cent. Consols, now producing £22 per annum.

The dividends are carried to the General Fund paid to the Distribution Committee.

ARNOT'S CHARITY.

Michael Arnot, by Will dated 20th April, 1823, bequeathed the interest of £100 Old South Sea Annuities (subsequently converted into New $2\frac{1}{2}$ Per Cent. Annuities) to be divided equally—"one half part to charity schools and the other half part to three poor persons of, and belonging to, the Parish of Camberwell.

One half of this dividend—£1 10s.—is paid to a Charity School nominated yearly by the Charity Distribution Committee, and the other half carried to the General Fund handed over to that Committee.

PINCHBACK'S GIFT.

Mrs. Pinchback bequeathed by Will the sum of £100 to the Vicar and Churchwardens of Camberwell, "the interest to be laid out in Bread, and distributed to the Poor at the Parish Church of St Giles, Camberwell, on the second Sunday in each month." This sum was, in the year 1844, invested in the purchase of £100 5s. Old South Sea Annuities.

The dividends of this sum are appropriated according to the Will of the Testatrix as a special gift.

By a resolution of the Trustees, dated 20th May, 1853 this Stock, together with Arnot's Gift, before described, was converted into £220 5s. 6d., New Two and a Half Per Cent Annuities.

NOYES' CHARITY.

By Will, dated 31st March, 1800, Mr. Edward Noyes, Jun., gave and bequeathed £300 Three Per Cent. Reduced Annuities, "the proceeds to be given in Bread to poor persons of the Parish of Camberwell, who shall neither be maintained nor relieved thereby, on Christmas Day and the 21st February (Testator's birthday)."

The dividends, £8 5s. per annum, belong to the Special Gifts, and are applied according to the Will of the Testator.

HARRIOTT SMITH'S GIFT.

Mrs. Harriott Smith, by her Will, dated 23rd September, 1808, gave and bequeathed to the Vicar, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of St. Giles, Camberwell, the sum of £1,000 Three Per Cent. Reduced Annuities in trust "to pay and divide the dividends thereof to ten of the oldest poor housekeepers of the towns and villages of Camberwell and Dulwich equally, for ever."

The Dividends of this sum (now transferred to New Consols $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.), £27 10s. 0d. per annum, form one of the Special Gifts, and are distributed according to the Will among ten poor housekeepers.

MRS. JONES' GIFT.

By Will, dated 21st March, 1842, Mrs. Susannah Jones gave and bequeathed to the Trustees of the Charity Estates the sum of £100 Three Per Cent Reduced Annuities, "the interest to be paid annually at Christmas, equally to six poor persons residing in the Liberty of Peckham."

The Dividend, £2 15s. 0d., per annum, forms one of the Special Gifts, and is distributed according to the Testator's Will.

MATHEWS' GIFT.

Mr. William Mathews, by his Will, dated the 30th October, 1750, gave the interest of £150 "to the Minister, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the Parish of Camberwell, to be laid out in Bread, and distributed to poor communicants of the Church of England on Sacrament Sundays." By a decree of the Court of Chancery, in a suit Attorney-General v. Osmond, this sum was invested in the purchase

of £187 5s. 11d. Three Per Cent. Consols, in the name of the Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery, and the Dividends, belong to the "Special Gifts," and are distributed according to the Will. (The Dividends now amount to £5 3s. 0d., $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. New Consols.)

HOWLETT'S ACRE.

By Will of Sir Edmond Bowyer, dated 11th July, 1626, a piece of land situate at Half-Moon Lane, Dulwich, known as Howlett's Acre, was given to the Poor of "Camberwell the rents to be paid yearly on Good Friday."

In the year 1858, this land was sold to Mr. George Keen of Herne Hill, by the Trustees, with the consent of the Charity Commissioners, and the proceeds invested in the purchase of £350 Three Per Cent. Consols (now $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. New Consols).

The Dividends of this sum form part of the General Fund paid to the Distribution Committee.

WILSON'S CHARITY.

Mrs. Jane Wilson bequeathed by Will dated 23rd December, 1868, £80 13s. 1d. Consols (now $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. New Consols), the Dividends to be laid out in purchase of Flannel Petticoats at Christmas for Poor Persons of Peckham.

The amount is expended annually by the Churchwardens as directed.

3.—OTHER CHARITIES.

GRAY'S CHARITY.

By Will, Dated 15th December, 1868, Robert Alexander Gray bequeathed £500 (to be invested) and the interest to be applied in purchase of warm clothing for the poor of the Parish not receiving parochial relief; also Three Per Cent Consolidated Bank Annuities to produce thirty guineas per annum, to be distributed by the Master of the Workhouse of the Parish of Camberwell, each Christmas, for personal comfort or benefit of the inmates of such Workhouse.

HENRY SMITH'S CHARITY.

A sum, averaging £19 per annum, is receivable by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Camberwell, under the Will of Henry Smith, dated the 24th April, 1627, arising from the Rents of certain Freehold Estates in the County of Kent, "to be laid out every winter in the purchase of Great Coats for the Poor Inhabitants" of certain parishes named in the Will, including the Parish of Camberwell.

The amount is received by the Churchwardens and Overseers, and appropriated by them in the purchase of great coats and cloaks, which are distributed to the poor at Christmas in every year.

LIST
OF THE
TRUSTEES OF THE CHARITY ESTATES.

W. DICKER, Esq.

A. HONYWILL, Esq.

T. L. LASSAM, Esq.

J. A. LYON, Esq.

R. A. PUCKLE Esq.

R. STRONG, Esq., J.P.

M. WALLACE, Esq.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE CHARITY

GENERAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE

Dr.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
December, 1890, to December, 1891			
To Balance brought forward from last year's Account	...		8 11 0
To Cash from Receiver, viz. :-			
SIR EDMOND BOWYER'S CHARITY.			
One year's Rent to Michaelmas, 1891			
E. Symes ... (less £2 10s. 0d. Property Tax)	...	163 10 0	
T. E. Silk " £1 10s. 0d. " "	...	58 10 0	
A. Woods 1 qr. } £0 17s. 6d. " "	...	34 2 6	
A. Bullock 3 qrs } " " " "	...		
F. Browning " £1 2s. 6d. " "	...	43 17 6	
T. Grundy " £1 0s. 0d. " "	...	39 0 0	
Inland Revenue Commissioners, Property Tax Refunded	...	7 0 0	
			286 0 0
CAGE, CAMBERWELL GREEN.			
One year's Rent to Michaelmas, 1891, J. Smith's Executors			
			7 0 0
ENGINE HOUSE, CAMBERWELL GREEN.			
One year's Rent to Michaelmas, 1891, G. Priest			
			8 0 0
ENGINE HOUSE, PECKHAM.			
(Unoccupied during the year.)			
SHOULDER OF MUTTON ESTATE.			
One year's Rent to Michaelmas, 1891, Mann, Crossman and Co. (less Property Tax)			
		19 10 0	
Ditto, G. Culver (less Tax)	...	29 5 0	
Property Tax Deductions refunded	...	1 5 0	
			50 0 0
SIR THOMAS HUNT'S GIFT.			
One year's Rent Charge to Christmas, 1891, Chandos Building Society			
			2 13 4
DIVIDENDS.			
One Year's Dividends to October, 1891, on £1,000 New Consols			
		27 10 0	
One year's Dividends on £220 5s. 6d. to October, 1891, New 2½ per Cent. Annuities			
		5 10 0	
One Year's Dividends on £350 New Consols, to October, 1891, per Charity Commissioners			
		9 12 4	
Ditto on £187 5s. 11d. New Consols, to July, 1891, per Court of Chancery (less Property Tax)			
		5 0 4	
Ditto to October, 1891, on £1,500 17s. 9d. New Consols			
		41 10 4	
Ditto to July, 1891, on £80 13s. 1d. New Consols, per Court of Chancery, Jane Wilson's Bequest, less Income Tax			
		2 3 4	
Property Tax Deductions refunded	...	0 3 9	
			91 10 1
BOWLES' FIVE ACRES.			
Rents to Michaelmas, 1891, less Property Tax			
		243 15 0	
Ground Rents on Property, Bowles Road and Kent Road, to Michaelmas, 1891, less Property Tax			
		439 9 6	
Property Tax refunded	...	17 6 2	
			700 10 8
BURSTED'S LAND.			
One year's Rent to Michaelmas, 1891, Cooper and Kendall (less Property Tax)			
		16 1 10	
Ditto, ditto, T. Spurrier, less Property Tax			
		20 9 6	
Property Tax Deductions refunded	...	0 18 9	
			37 10 1
INTEREST.			
Interest on Cash placed at Deposit Account during the year			
		8 5 9	
			£1,200 0 11

ESTATES OF ST. GILES, CAMBERWELL.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER, 1891.

	Cr.
December, 1890, to December, 1891.	
By Cash London Tramway Company, one year's Rent of slip of Land next Canal, to Michaelmas, 1890	5 0 0
" Fire Insurance, Engine House	0 2 6
" Forms for Return to Charity Commissioners	0 3 0
" C. S. Stevens, Receiver, for Collection of Rents and Dividends, of the several Estates, &c., for the year (including expenses and Stamps)	50 0 0
Charity Distribution Committee, voted for Distribution	1,140 0 0
" J. Wilson's Bequest, Mr. Churchwarden Puckle	2 4 5
" Balance at Bankers carried to next year's Account	2 11 0
Examined and found correct :-	
WILLIAM DAVIS, <i>Chairman</i> ,	} Auditors of the Parish of Camberwell.
G. DRYDEN,	
E. G. ROBERTS,	
W. B. PARNELL	
F. S. BUCK.	
August 23rd, 1892.	
	£1,200 0 11



REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE

1881

The following is a list of the lands which have been surveyed and reported on by the Commission of the General Land Office during the year 1881. The lands are classified according to the nature of the survey, and the results of the same are given in detail. The lands are also classified according to the nature of the survey, and the results of the same are given in detail.

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Charity Distribution Committee.

THE REPORT OF THE CHARITY DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE.

The Committee beg to report as follows:—

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
That they had an available balance in hand on the 1st of January, 1891, of				1101	0	7
Cash received from the Trustees of the Charity Estates				1140	0	0
Interest on Deposit Account				7	15	6
				<hr/>		
				2248	16	1
The Amount expended to the 31st of December, 1891, is as follows:—						
The Aged Parishioners' Gift, 15 Distributors at £5 per month each for 12 months (See page 366)	900	0	0			
Special Gifts (See page 367)	56	6	4			
Samaritan Gift, 15 Distributors at £10 each (See page 367)	150	0	0			
London and South Western Bank, Cheque Book	0	2	1			
				<hr/>		
				1106	8	5
Leaving an available Balance on December 31st, 1891, for distribution during 1892, of						
				<hr/>		
				£1,142	7	8

AGED PARISHIONERS' GIFT.

					£	s.	d.
1	person for	12	months at	6s. per month	3	12	0
2	"	8	"	7s. "	5	12	0
1	"	4	"	7s. "	1	8	0
8	"	12	"	8s. "	38	8	0
1	"	8	"	8s. "	3	4	0
2	"	5	"	8s. "	4	0	0
2	"	4	"	8s. "	3	4	0
1	"	2	"	8s. "	0	16	0
9	"	12	"	9s. "	48	12	0
1	"	8	"	9s. "	3	12	0
2	"	4	"	9s. "	3	12	0
116	"	12	"	10s. "	696	0	0
3	"	11	"	10s. "	16	10	0
3	"	10	"	10s. "	15	0	0
1	"	9	"	10s. "	4	10	0
4	"	8	"	10s. "	16	0	0
3	"	7	"	10s. "	10	10	0
4	"	5	"	10s. "	10	0	0
3	"	4	"	10s. "	6	0	0
2	"	3	"	10s. "	3	0	0
5	"	2	"	10s. "	5	0	0
3	"	1	"	10s. "	1	10	0

177 Persons

£900 0 0

SAMARITAN GIFT.

	£	s.	d.				£	s.	d.
1 person at	2	0	0	...	...	...	2	0	0
2 persons	1	0	0	...	...	...	2	0	0
1 „	0	15	0	...	...	..	0	15	0
75 „	0	10	0	...	...	...	37	10	0
18 „	0	7	6	...	..	..	6	15	0
1 „	0	7	0	...	...	...	0	7	0
3 „	0	6	0	...	...	..	0	18	0
1 „	0	5	6	...	...	...	0	5	6
277 „	0	5	0	...	...	...	69	5	0
2 „	0	4	6	...	...	...	0	9	0
3 „	0	4	0	...	...	...	0	12	0
15 „	0	3	6	...	...	...	2	12	6
15 „	0	3	0	...	...	...	2	5	0
147 „	0	2	6	...	...	...	18	7	6
35 „	0	2	0	...	...	...	3	10	0
23 „	0	1	6	...	...	...	1	14	6
14 „	0	1	0	...	...	..	0	14	0
633 Persons							£150	0	0

SPECIAL GIFTS.

	£	s.	d.
Mr Harriott Smith's Gift	27	10	0
Mr Susannah Jones' Gift	2	15	0
Mr Joseph Allen's Gift	5	10	0
Mr Michael Arnot's Gift	1	10	0
Mr Edward Noyes' Gift	8	5	0
Mr Thomas Hunt's Gift	2	13	4
Mr William Mathew's Gift	5	3	0
Mr Mrs. Pinchback's Gift	3	0	0
	£56	6	4

Examined and found correct,

WILLIAM DAVIS, *Chairman*,
G. DRYDEN,
E. G. ROBERTS,
W. B. PARNELL,
F. S. BUCK.

} Auditors of
the Parish of
Camberwell.

August 23rd, 1892.

VESTRYMEN

FOR THE PARISH OF

CAMBERWELL,

ELECTED UNDER THE

Metropolis Local Management Act, 1855.

Vicar :

REV. F. F. KELLY, LL.M., The Vicarage,
Camberwell.

Churchwardens :

WILLIAM JAMES MORRIS, 91, Camberwell
grove.

JOHN THOMAS RELPH, 8, Crofton road.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER COOTE, 3, Bushey Hill
terrace, Peckham road.

ELECTED MEMBERS.

Retire from
Office in
the year

Ward No. 1.

- 1894 ARNOLD, RICHARD, 122, Sumner road
1894 COLE, JOHN, 101, Southampton street
1893 COOTE, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, 3, Bushey
Hill terrace, Peckham road
1894 DALTON, JAMES HENRY CHESHIRE, 135,
Camberwell road
1895 FINLAY, WILLIAM RUSSELL, 9, Peckham grove
1895 FOSTEN, JAMES, 69, Southampton street
1893 HICHISSON, JOSEPH GELDART, 35, Parkhouse
street
1893 MARSHALL, EDWIN WILLIAM, 57, Camden
grove
1895 SEARS, JAMES TRESSIDER, 11, Peckham grove
1895 SHIPTON, LEONARD CHARLES, 226a, Albany
road
1893 SMITH, SAMUEL, 2, Lawn houses, Peckham road
1894 SUGDEN, JOHN, 19, Peckham grove

Ward No. 2.

- 1894 CASTLE, HENRY, 27, Trafalgar road, Old Kent
road
1894 CUBBON, WILLIAM, 33, Wells street
1895 DAVIS, JOHN, 16, Trafalgar road

Retire from
Office in
the year

- 1895 DAVIS, JOHN HAMPDEN, 147, Denmark road
- 1894 ELLIS, BENJAMIN, 188, Rye lane
- 1894 GIBBERD, JOHN, 477, Old Kent road
- 1893 GRIFFIN, HENRY, 13, Brodie street, Old Kent road
- 1893 HAWKER, WALTER, 378, Old Kent road
- 1895 HAZEL, WILLIAM JAMES, 434, Old Kent road
- 1895 JACKSON, WILLIAM, 156, Barry road
- 1893 JOHNSON, BROXHOLM, 4, Butler's terrace, Ossory road
- 1893 LAWRENCE, JOHN, 1, Glengall terrace, Glengall road

Ward No. 3.

- 1893 BRENCHLEY, FREDERICK ELISHA CROFTON, 41, Church street
- 1895 ELLEN, JOHN FULLER, 16, Church street, Camberwell
- 1894 GEORGE, JOHN, 309, Camberwell road
- 1893 HANN, WILLIAM, 8, Badsworth road
- 1895 HOWE, WILLIAM, 67, Church street
- 1893 HYDE, RICHARD, 1, Paulet road
- 1895 LESLEY, JOHN, 248, Camberwell road
- 1893 O'NEILL, ARTHUR, 36, Harold street
- 1895 PARIS, GEORGE WHITE, 21, Camberwell green
- 1894 RELPH, JOHN THOMAS, 8, Crofton road

Retire from
Office in
the year

- 1894 TEASDALE, THOMAS, 30, Grove Lane
1894 TOMKINS, JOSEPH RUSSELL, 62, Church street

Ward No. 4.

- 1895 BEAL, SAMUEL, 676a, Old Kent road
1893 BURKMAR, JAMES EDWARD, 50, Lausanne road
1894 CLAYTON, JOHN, 8, Edith road
1895 DAVIS, JOHN ALFRED, 123, Barry road, East
Dulwich
1893 FISK, THOMAS, 833, Old Kent road
1895 GIBBON, GRIFFITH, 54, Nutcroft road
1893 GIORGI, EDWIN, 1, George's terrace, Hill street,
Peckham
1894 LYON, JOHN ANDREW, St. Mary-le-strand house,
Old Kent road
1893 LYON, WASHINGTON, 85, Asylum road, Peckham
1895 MITCHELL, WILLIAM HENRY, 1, Clifton
crescent, Asylum road
1894 PHILLIPS, EDWIN ROBERT, 3a, York grove,
Peckham
1893 RAMSEY, HERBERT EDWARD, 115, Queen's
road, Peckham
1894 SAVAGE, WALTER, 84, Glengall road
1894 SLADE, SAMUEL CUNNINGHAM, 911, Old Kent
road
1895 WOODMANSEE, JOHN GEORGE NORTON, 32,
Peckham Park road

Retire from
Office in
the year

Ward No. 5.

- 1895 BONSALL, RICHARD THOMAS, 57, High street,
Peckham
- 1894 BORLAND, JOHN, 111, Barry road
- 1894 CANE, ROBERT COATS, Railway Approach, Rye
lane
- 1894 CHARLES ROBERT, 49, Nunhead lane
- 1895 CLARKE, GODDARD, Ingleside, Elm grove, Rye
lane, Peckham
- 1895 DEWSNAP, JOHN WILLIAM, 8, St. Mary's road,
Peckham
- 1893 DOWTON, WILLIAM LEONARD, 102, Rye lane,
Peckham
- 1893 HARSANT, HENRY, 167, Albert road
- 1893 HOWARD, JOHN, Windsor Lodge, Linden grove,
Nunhead
- 1894 KENNEDY, JOHN, 140, Rye lane
- 1895 MAY, GEORGE EDWARD, 38, High street,
Peckham
- 1895 MAY, JOSEPH ALFRED, 14, Rye lane
- 1893 PERRY, THOMAS JOHN, 22, Queen's road, Peck-
ham
- 1893 PRESTON, DAVID CRIPPS, The Hall, Dulwich
Village
- 1894 WEST, HENRY, 142, Rye lane

Ward No. 6.

- 1893 COOPER, JOSEPH HENRY, Worcester house,
East Dulwich grove

Retire from
Office in
the year

- 1894 COWARD, SETH, 27, Talfourd road, Peckham
 1895 DUFF, THOMAS WILLIAM, Lyndenhurst, North
 Dulwich
 1893 DUNLOP, CHARLES, Myrtle villa, East Dulwich
 grove
 1893 ETHERINGTON, JOHN, Spring Mount, Grove
 lane, Denmark hill
 1894 FALECKI, THEODORE, 39, Barry road
 1895 GRAHAM, HORACE, 22, Hillsborough road, East
 Dulwich grove
 1893 GREENE, WILLIAM THOMAS, M.A., M.D., 186,
 Peckham rye
 1895 HARBORD, WALTER, 2, Hetley terrace, Denman
 road
 1895 HURST, WILLIAM BENJAMIN, 182, Peckham
 rye
 1895 JENNINGS, HENRY, The Crown, Dulwich Village
 1894 KEEBLE, HENRY, 13, Windsor road
 1894 PERKS, FREDERICK JOHN, 148, Peckham rye
 1893 STREETER, WILLIAM, 16, Melbourne grove, East
 Dulwich
 1893 TAYLOR, JAMES BEST, Colonel, 1, Townley road,
 Dulwich
 1894 THORNHILL, JAMES ALFRED, Bradbourne villa,
 Bushey Hill road
 1895 WALLACE, MATTHEW, "Kirkside," Lordship lane
 1894 WHITELEY, GEORGE CRISPE, M.A., M.L.S.B.,
 "The Chestnuts," Dulwich common

Auditors.

FREDERICK SHARP BUCK, Eastwick Lodge, East Dulwich grove

WILLIAM DAVIS, 6, Alpha street, Peckham

GEORGE DRYDEN, 216, Albany road

JOHN GEORGE ORRY, 79, Albany road

WILLIAM BENJAMIN PARNELL, 117, George street, Camberwell

Overseers of the Poor.

LEONARD CHARLES SHIPTON, 226A, Albany road

BROXHOLM JOHNSON, 4 Butler's terrace, Ossory road

GODDARD CLARKE, Ingleside, Elm grove, Peckham

JOHN ETHERINGTON, Spring Mount, Grove lane

Burial Board.

JOHN BORLAND, 111, Barry road

FREDERICK ELISHA CROFTON BRENCHLEY, 41, Church street

GODDARD CLARKE, "Ingleside," Elm grove, Peckham

HORACE GRAHAM, 22, Hillsborough road

JOHN ANDREW LYON, St. Mary-le-Strand house, Old Kent road

DAVID CRIPPS PRESTON, The Hall, Dulwich Village

HERBERT EDWARD RAMSEY, 115, Queen's road

EDWIN RICHARD SHAPLAND, 135, Asylum road

SAMUEL SMITH, 2, Lawn houses, Peckham road
(Chairman)

OFFICERS.

Treasurer.

SIR GEORGE RENDLESHAM PRESCOTT, BART., 9,
Clarges street, Piccadilly.

London and South Western Bank (Peckham Branch).

Vestry Clerk.

GEORGE WILLIAM MARSDEN, 113, Camberwell grove.

Surveyor.

JOHN COOK REYNOLDS, 43, Vicarage road, Camberwell.

Medical Officer.

JOHN SYER BRISTOWE, M.D., LL.D., F.R.S., 13, Old
Burlington street, W.

Analyst.

FRANK LITHERLAND TEED, DSc, F.C.S., F.I.C.,
117, Grove lane, Camberwell

Assistant Vestry Clerk.

FREDERIC A. F. REES, 16, Champion grove, Camberwell.

Assistant Surveyor.

ORMOND STANLEY BROWN.

Vestry Clerk's Department.

C. WILLIAM TAGG, A. RANNEY BRYANT.

Surveyor's Department.

W. E. WOOLDRIDGE, F. J. SLATER.

Accountant's Department.

R. H. LORD.

New Streets Department.

H. H. HYSLOP.

Churchwardens' and Overseers' Department.

R. C. CARTER, T. KINGSBURY, A. E. FLOWER,
A. PURKIS, G. BLUNDEN, H. J. PIPE.

Collectors of Rates.

Ward	Division.	Name.	Address.
1		Maltby, J. B.	111, Camberwell Road.
2	1st Division.	Stevenson, T. W.	28, Glengall Road.
	2nd Division.	Picken, H. G.	94, Avondale Square.
3		White, J. Parker	13, Elmington Road.
4	1st Division.	Wilson, G.	132, Peckham Park Road.
	2nd Division.	Webb, W. H.	43, Clifton Road.
5	1st Division.	Beaumont, F. G.	31, Gordon Road.
	2nd Division.	Lyon, Bainbridge	2, Hanover Park.
6	Camberwell 1st Division.	Bickerton, G. T.	54, Lyndhurst Road.
	2nd Division.	Fisher, Samuel P.	32, Amott Road.
	3rd Division East Dulwich.	Thompson, R. H.	15, Henslowe Road, Barry Road.
Dulwich District.		Andrews, W.	At Mr. Bartlett's, High Street, Dulwich.

Chief Sanitary Inspector.

(VACANT.)

Inspectors of Nuisances.

JOSEPH HENRY STEVENSON, 22, Friern road, East Dulwich.

WILLIAM EDWIN GROOM, 117, Wells street, Camberwell.

JOSEPH SAMUEL POINTON, 74, Evelina road.

GEORGE HENRY DEWEY, 63, Daneville road, Camberwell.

WILLIAM EAGLE, 19, Dayton Grove, Peckham.

ALBERT CHADDERTON, 120, Albert road, Peckham.

Sewers Foreman.

T. BALLARD, 23, Arthur Street, Peckham.

Depôt Superintendent.

WILLIAM HARDY, 6, Cambridge terrace, Victoria road, Peckham.

Depôt Clerk.

JOHN W. DAW, Victoria Road Depôt.

District Superintendents.

THOMAS MOORE, 83, Landcroft road, East Dulwich.

JOHN RHODES, Addington Square Depôt.

ARTHUR MITCHELL, Henslowe Road Depôt.

EDWARD ALBERT TURNER, 37, Jardin street, Albany road, Camberwell.

Dust Superintendent.

WILLIAM GODFREY, Peckham Park Road Depôt.

Superintendent of Camberwell Green.

CHARLES TARRANT.

Street Keeper.

W. ROY.

Hall Keeper.

T. GOODE.

Mortuary Keeper.

St. George's Road,

JOHN FREEMAN, 20, Cobden Street, Peckham.

LIST OF COMMITTEES, 1892-93.

General Purposes Committee.

No. 1 Ward

Mr. J. G. Hichisson
 „ J. T. Sears
 „ J. Sugden

No. 2 Ward

Mr. J. Gibberd
 „ W. Hawker
 „ W. Jackson

No. 3 Ward

Mr. F. E. C. Brenchley
(Vice-Chairman)
 „ J. T. Relph
 „ J. R. Tomkins

No. 4 Ward

Mr. S. Beal

Mr. G. Gibbon
 „ W. Savage
 „ S. C. Slade

No. 5 Ward

Mr. J. Borland
 „ J. W. Dewsnap
 „ G. E. May
 „ T. J. Perry

No. 6 Ward

Mr. J. H. Cooper
 „ C. Dunlop
 „ W. Harbord
 „ H. Jennings
 „ M. Wallace
(Chairman)

Public Health Committee.

No. 1 Ward

p Mr. J. Cole
s „ J. H. C. Dalton
s „ J. Fosten
p „ E. W. Marshall
p „ L. C. Shipton

No. 2 Ward

p Mr. W. Cubbon
s „ J. H. Davis
p „ H. Griffin
s „ W. J. Hazel
s „ J. Lawrence

No. 3 Ward

s Mr. J. George
s „ W. Howe
s „ R. Hyde
p „ A. O'Neill
p „ T. Teasdale

No. 4 Ward

s Mr. J. E. Burkmar
p „ J. A. Davis
s Mr. E. Giorgi
s „ W. H. Mitchell
s „ H. E. Ramsey
(Vice-Chairman)
p „ J. G. N. Woodmansee

No 5 Ward

p Mr. R. T. Bonsall
p „ R. C. Cane
s „ H. Harsant
s „ J. Kennedy
p „ D. C. Preston
 (Chairman)
p „ H. West

No. 6 Ward

p Mr. J. Etherington
s „ T. Falecki
p Rev. H. Graham
s Dr. W. T. Greene
p Mr. W. B. Hurst
s „ H. Keeble
p „ W. Streeter

P. Plant Sub-Committee *S.* Sewers Sub-Committee.

Finance Committee.**No. 1 Ward**

Mr. R. Arnold
 „ W. A. Coote
 (Chairman.)
 Rev. W. R. Finlay
 Mr. S. Smith

No. 2 Ward

Mr. H. Castle
 (Vice-Chairman)
 „ J. Davis
 „ B. Ellis
 „ B. Johnson

No. 3 Ward

Mr. J. Clayton
 „ J. F. Ellen
 „ W. Hann
 „ J. Lesley
 „ G. W. Paris

No. 4 Ward

Mr. T. Fisk
 „ J. A. Lyon
 „ W. Lyon
 „ E. R. Phillips

No 5 Ward

Mr. R. Charles
 „ Goddard Clarke
 „ W. L. Dowton
 „ J. Howard
 „ J. A. May

No. 6 Ward

Mr. S. Coward
 „ T. W. Duff
 „ F. J. Perks
 „ J. A. Thornhill
 „ J. B. Taylor
 „ G. C. Whiteley

Educational Endowments Committee.

No. 1 Ward

Mr. J. Fosten
 „ E. W. Marshall
 „ S. Smith

No. 2 Ward

Mr. J. H. Davis
 „ B. Ellis
 „ J. Gibberd

No. 3 Ward

Mr. W. Howe
 „ A. O'Neill
 „ T. Teasdale

No. 4 Ward

Mr. J. E. Burkmar
(Vice-Chairman)

„ W. H. Mitchell
 „ E. R. Phillips
 „ H. E. Ramsey

No. 5 Ward

Mr. R. Charles
 „ Goddard Clarke
 „ J. W. Dewsnap
 „ H. Harsant

No. 6 Ward

Mr. J. H. Cooper
 „ S. Coward
(Chairman)
 „ W. Harbord
 H. Keeble
 „ G. C. Whiteley

LIST OF SUB-COMMITTEES.

General Purposes Committee.

BILLS.

Mr. S. Beal	Mr. J. Gibberd
„ J. Borland	„ J. Sugden
„ J. H. Cooper	„ J. R. Tomkins

Public Health Committee.

BILLS.

Mr. J. Cole	Mr. J. Kennedy
„ J. H. Davis	„ E. W. Marshall
„ J. Fosten	„ A. O'Neill
„ E. Giorgi	„ L. C. Shipton
„ W. Howe	„ T. Teasdale

Finance Committee.

FINANCE SUB.

Mr. H. Castle	Mr. W. Hann
„ J. Davis	„ F. Lesley
„ W. L. Dowton	„ J. A. Lyon
„ J. F. Ellen	„ J. A. May
„ B. Johnson	

New Streets Committee.

Mr. H. Castle	Mr. W. Hann
„ R. Charles	„ B. Johnson
„ Goddard Clarke	„ G. W. Paris
„ J. Clayton	„ F. J. Perks
„ W. A. Coote	„ S. Smith
„ S. Coward	„ T. Fisk
„ W. L. Dowton	„ T. W. Duff

Wilson's Grammar School Governors.

PECKHAM ROAD.

Founded by Royal Charter 1615—Re-constituted 1880.

Ex-Officio Governors:—

Rev. F. F. Kelly, VICAR (*Chairman.*)

W. J. Morris

J. T. Relph

W. A. Coote

}

Churchwardens.

Representative Governors:—

Elected by the School Board for London.

P. A. Nairne

G. C. Whiteley

Co-optative Governors:—

J. A. Lyon

R. Strong, J.P.

R. A. Puckle

G. L. Turney, J.P.

Vice-Chairman.

Head Master:—

Rev. F. McDowell, M.A. (Merton College, Oxford).

L. DESBOROUGH, *Clerk.*

Charity Distribution Committee.

Mr. J. Borland

„ J. E. Burkmar

(*Chairman*)

„ J. H. Cooper

„ W. A. Coote

„ S. Coward

„ J. W. Dewsnap

„ J. F. Ellen

„ W. Hann

Mr. J. G. Hichisson

„ W. Howe

„ B. Johnson

„ J. Kennedy

(*Vice-Chairman*)

„ J. Lawrence

„ E. W. Marshall

„ H. E. Ramsey

Assessment Committee.

No. 1 Ward

Mr. J. Fosten
 „ J. G. Hichisson

No. 2 Ward

Mr. H. Castle
 „ J. Lawrence

No. 3 Ward

Mr. A. O'Neill
 „ W. Howe
 (*Vice-Chairman*)

No. 4 Ward

Mr. J. E. Burkmar
 „ H. E. Ramsey
 (*Chairman*)

No. 5 Ward

Mr. D. C. Preston
 „ J. Kennedy

No. 6 Ward

Mr. S. Coward
 „ W. Streeter

Commissioners of Public Baths and Wash-houses.

Mr. RICHARD THOMAS BONSALL, 57, High street,
 Peckham

„ HENRY CASTLE, 27, Trafalgar road

„ JOHN THOMAS RELPH, 8, Crofton road

„ JAMES TRESSIDER SEARS, 11, Peckham grove
 (*Chairman*)

„ RICHARD STRONG, J.P., L.C.C., "Helstonleigh,"
 3, Champion park, Camberwell

„ GEORGE LEONARD TURNEY, J.P., 7, Champion
 park

„ MATTHEW WALLACE, "Kirkside," Lordship
 lane

C. WILLIAM TAGG,

Clerk to the Commissioners,

Vestry Hall, Camberwell.

DULWICH PUBLIC BATHS, East Dulwich Road

CAMBERWELL PUBLIC BATHS, Church Street

CAMBERWELL PUBLIC WASH-HOUSES, Harvey
 Road

Commissioners of Public Libraries and Museums.

Mr. EDMUND BALLANTINE, 28, South grove,
Peckham

„ SETH COWARD, 27, Talfourd road

„ JOSEPH FAULKNER, 101, Asylum road,
Peckham (Vice-Chairman)

„ EDWIN ROBERT PHILLIPS, 3A, York grove

„ DAVID CRIPPS PRESTON, The Hall, Dulwich
Village

„ JOHN THOMAS RELPH, 8, Crofton road

„ SAMUEL SMITH, 2, Lawn Houses, Peckham road

„ MATTHEW WALLACE, "Kirkside," Lordship
lane

„ GEORGE CRISPE WHITELEY, M.A., The
Chestnuts, Dulwich common (Chairman)

G. W. MARSDEN,

Clerk to the Commissioners.

E. FOSKETT,

Chief Librarian.

T THE PECKHAM (Temporary) LIBRARY, 20, High
Street

T THE DULWICH (Temporary) LIBRARY, Lordship
Lane

T THE LIVESEY PUBLIC LIBRARY, Old Kent
Road

T THE MINET PUBLIC LIBRARY, Knatchbull Road

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT

FOR THE

BOROUGH OF CAMBERWELL.

NORTH CAMBERWELL DIVISION.

E. H. BAYLEY, Esq. Newington Causeway, S.E.

PECKHAM DIVISION.

F. G. BANBURY, Esq. 41, Lowndes Street, S.W.

DULWICH DIVISION.

SIR J. BLUNDELL MAPLE, Clarence House,
Regent's park.

MEMBERS OF THE LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

FOR THE

BOROUGH OF CAMBERWELL.

DULWICH DIVISION.

W. MATTHEWS, Esq., Chesham Park, Penge.

H. J. POWELL, Esq., "Bowls," Lordship Lane.

PECKHAM DIVISION.

E. JONES, Esq., Atkins road, Clapham park.

R. LYON, Esq., 85, Asylum Road, Peckham.

NORTH CAMBERWELL DIVISION.

J. T. SEARS, Esq., Gladstone House, 11, Peckham
GroveR. STRONG, Esq., J P., "Helstonleigh," Champion
Park, Camberwell

MEMBERS OF THE EAST LAMBETH DIVISION

(Camberwell and Newington),

OF THE

SCHOOL BOARD FOR LONDON.

G. CRISPE WHITELEY, Esq., M.A., "The Chestnuts,"
Dulwich common.

Rev. A. A. W. DREW, St. Antholin's Vicarage,
Peckham Rye, S.E.

Lord SANDHURST, 29, St. James Place, Pall Mall

J. G. LAING, Esq., 1, Elm Court, Temple, E.C.

MEMBERS OF THE EAST LANCERS DIVISION

1. Captain J. H. ...

2. Major ...

3. Colonel ...

4. Lieutenant Colonel ...

5. Major ...

6. Captain ...

7. Major ...

8. Captain ...

9. Major ...

10. Major ...

11. Major ...

12. Major ...

13. Major ...

14. Major ...

15. Major ...

16. Major ...

17. Major ...

18. Major ...

19. Major ...

20. Major ...

BY-LAWS
OF THE
VESTRY OF ST. GILES
CAMBERWELL.

1889.

BY-LAWS

OF THE

ASTORY OF ST. GILES

CAMBRIDGE

1880

BY - LAWS

OF

THE VESTRY

OF

ST. GILES, CAMBERWELL,

Resolved by Vestry of 23rd of October, and 6th of November,
1889.

Time of Meeting. 1. The Vestry shall be summoned to meet every alternate Wednesday, at Half-past Six o'clock in the Evening throughout the year (unless ordered to the contrary by the Vestry), or on such other day and hour as the Vestry may from time to time direct. The Vestry Turret clock shall be the standard of time for the Meeting of the Vestry and Committees.

Special Meetings. 2. A Special Meeting may be summoned upon requisition, stating at length the business of such Meeting and signed by not less than Nine Members of the Vestry, and shall be held not earlier than Half-past Six o'clock in the Evening, and no other business shall be entertained at such Meeting.

Reports for Inspection. 3. All Reports shall be ready for inspection by the members of the Vestry by Four o'clock on the day of the meeting of the Vestry on which such Reports are intended to be read.

Notices of Motion. 4. All Notices of Motion intended to be discussed at any Ordinary Meeting of the Vestry, shall be sent to the Office of the Vestry Clerk, at least five clear days before the day of meeting exclusive of Sunday.

Members
Names. 5. The names of the Members attending each Vestry and Special Vestry shall be taken down by the Messenger, separately recorded, and afterwards entered in the Minutes; and an Attendance Book shall be provided for Members to sign their names, which book shall be removed immediately the Vestry Meeting is over and no Member allowed to sign his name after the removal of the same.

Order of
Business of
Vestry. 6. The business of each Meeting shall be taken in the following order, except that at every third regular Vestry, Notices of Motion which have appeared on two successive Agenda Papers take precedence of Committee Reports :—

- 1st—The Minutes of the last Vestry.
- 2nd—The Paper of Business to be read.
- 3rd—Questions to be put and answered.
- 4th—Report of Medical Officer of Health.
- 5th—Report of Analyst (if any).
- 6th—Payments to be ordered.
- 7th—Deputations to be received (if any).
- 8th—Board of Churchwardens and Overseers Report (if any)
- 9th—Reports in the following order *unless specially resolved to the contrary* :—

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| (a) Public Health Committee | } Alternately. |
| (b) Finance Committee | |
| (c) General Purposes Committee | |

- 10th—Any other Special Report or Communication to the Vestry.

11th—The Seal of the Vestry to be affixed to any document.

12th—Motions (if any).

Minutes. 7. The Minutes of the last Meeting or Meetings of the Vestry shall be printed and circulated among the Members, and if correct, a copy shall be signed and entered in the Minute Book as required by the Statute, but no discussion shall be allowed upon the Minutes, except as to their accuracy, and any objection on that ground shall be decided by the Members present.

Questions. 8. At every Ordinary and Adjourned Meeting of the Vestry, immediately after the Minutes have been signed, it shall be competent for any Member to ask a question or questions, relative to Parochial affairs, of any Member or Officer of the Vestry, of which forty-eight hours notice at the least shall have been given in writing to the Vestry Clerk, and signed by the Member intending to ask the same, but no discussion shall take place thereon; and such questions and replies shall be recorded on the Minutes, unless otherwise ordered by the Vestry.

Business Paper. 9. The Paper of Business for each Vestry shall be prepared by the Clerk, and sent to each Member three days before the Meeting, a copy of which shall be exhibited in a conspicuous place in the Vestry Hall and on the Notice Board outside the Hall, and no other business shall be considered at that Meeting except by a Resolution of the Vestry.

Bank Books. 10. The Treasurer's Bank Pass Books, made up to the evening of the previous day, shall be laid on the table of the Vestry at each Meeting.

Elections. 11. All Elections by the Vestry shall be by Ballot, unless otherwise ordered.

Appointment by Vestry to Office of Profit. 12. No Member of the Vestry shall hold, or be eligible to be a candidate for, any office of profit in the appointment of the Vestry, nor shall any one who has been a Member of the Vestry be eligible for any such office, if the same shall have become vacant within three months of such person ceasing to be a Member.

Money Payments, &c. 13. No Motion for the payment of any sum of money, or Motion for an increase of Salary, or a Gratuity to any Person, shall be entertained at any Meeting of the Vestry, unless notice thereof shall have been placed on the Agenda Paper for such Meeting stating the amount; and no amendment shall be made for any sum in excess of the amount for which notice has been given.

Signing Cheques. 14. Six Members of the Vestry shall be appointed for the purpose of Signing Cheques, and every cheque shall be signed by the Chairman for the time being and two of such Members, and countersigned by the Vestry Clerk; and shall be so signed and sealed in the presence of the Vestry.

Motion, &c., to be in Writing. 15. A Motion or Amendment shall not be put from the Chair (except a Motion to adjourn), unless the same be in writing, and duly seconded.

Speeches. 16. A Member shall not speak more than once upon the same Motion or Amendment, except in reply to the Original Motion, and no Member shall speak longer than ten minutes on any Motion or Amendment.

Division 17. A division may be demanded by any Five Members, and the Chairman shall thereupon cause the names of the Members of the Vestry to be called over, and their Votes taken.

Adjournment of Debate. 18. No Member moving the Adjournment of a Debate or the Vestry shall be allowed to speak for more than five minutes; after the Motion has been Seconded without a speech, and one Member has been heard for not more than five minutes in opposition to the Motion, the question shall be at once put without further debate.

Opposed Business. 19. No opposed business shall be taken after Ten o'clock p.m. Opposed business, for the purposes of this Rule, means business to which three Members rise in their places in opposition.

Closure. 20. When Nine Members shall rise in their places and desire that the question shall be put, the Chairman shall put the previous question, "That the Question be now put." If the Vestry resolve in the affirmative, then, if the question before the Vestry be the original motion, or the first amendment, the Chairman shall call upon the Mover of the original motion to reply before putting the question.

Committees, Nomination for 21. That the Nomination of Members of the Vestry to the different Standing Committees at the first Meeting of the Vestry after the Elections in May of each year, shall be made by Wards. The Vestry Clerk shall, immediately after the May Elections, and prior to the first Meeting of the Vestry thereafter, convene Meetings of the Members for each Ward separately, when they shall prepare their nominations for the different Committees.

Public
Health
Committee.

22. A COMMITTEE to be called the PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE shall be elected annually in the month of June, consisting of thirty-four Members from the several Wards, in the following proportions:—

Wards 1, 2 and 3	-	5 Members each.
Wards 4 and 5	-	6 „ „
Ward 6	-	7 Members.

The Committee shall enquire into all questions of Drainage, Sewerage, Sanitary Improvements, Removal of Nuisances, Removal of Dust, Scavenging, and Watering, and shall have the management and control of all the Men, Horses, Stables, Shoots, Barges, Carts, and Machinery connected therewith; all references from the London County Council relating to Sewerage; shall carry out the provisions of all Acts of Parliament relating to the Public Health, and Adulteration of Food and Drugs; purchase all horses, fodder, materials and tools required for carrying out such Acts and works under their control; and serve and receive notices, take proceedings and empower any officer of the Sanitary Authority to make complaints and take proceedings in that behalf, and otherwise execute the Public Health (London) Act; also to authorise the Medical Officer, the Chief Sanitary Inspector, and any of the other Sanitary Inspectors, to give the necessary Certificates, under Clause 48 of the Act, as to the supply of water to new Dwelling-houses; to authorise the Medical Officer, the Chief Sanitary Inspector, and all the other Sanitary Inspectors (not to include the Assistant Sanitary Inspectors) to examine or enter any premises under Section 115 of the Act; and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.

General Pur-
poses
Committee.

23. A COMMITTEE to be called the GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE shall be elected annually

in the month of June, consisting of twenty-two Members from the several Wards, in the following proportions:—

Wards 1, 2, and 3	-	3 Members each
Wards 4 and 5	-	4 Members each
Ward 6	-	5 Members

which shall enquire into all questions of Paving, Lighting, General Purposes, and the references from the London County Council under the Metropolitan Building Acts; and the Committee shall superintend the execution of such works, purchase all necessary materials and tools, and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.

Finance, Law, 24. A COMMITTEE to be called the FINANCE, LAW and Parliamentary Committee. AND PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE shall be elected annually in the month of June, to consist of twenty-eight Members from the several Wards in the following proportions:—

Wards 1, 2, and 3	-	4 Members each
Wards 4 and 5	-	5 Members each
Ward 6	-	6 Members

which shall enquire into all questions of Finance, Law, and Parliamentary business, exercise general supervision over the staff at the Vestry Hall, except those under the employ of the Health Department, and the principal officers of the Vestry, collect Paving expenses for New Streets, and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.

Bills and Accounts. 25. All Bills of Contractors or Tradesmen in the department of the Surveyor shall be certified by him and he shall be held responsible for the correctness of the measurement and charges therein; and all other bills shall

be certified by the Assistant Vestry Clerk, and when so certified and approved by the respective Committees from which the order emanated, the same shall be signed by the Chairman and two Members thereof, and shall then be laid before the Finance Committee, who shall report upon them to the Vestry before they are paid.

Office Hours. 26. The Offices of the Vestry shall be open daily, except on Public Holidays, from Nine o'clock until Five, and on Saturday until Two o'clock.

Common Seal. 27. The Common Seal of the Vestry shall be kept in the custody of the Vestry Clerk, and shall not be affixed to any document whatever, except by order of the Vestry.

Books, &c.,
Officers
responsible for 28. The Vestry Clerk, Surveyor, and Assistant-
responsible for Vestry Clerk shall severally be responsible for the safe custody of all books, papers, and documents belonging to the Vestry in their respective departments, together with all moneys and securities for money committed to their care respectively. No book, plan, or document, shall be allowed to be taken from the Offices of the Vestry, without the permission of the responsible Officer and except in the custody of one of the Officers.

Contracts, &c. 29. All Contracts and Bonds shall be prepared by the Vestry Clerk, free of charge to the Contractors, Collectors, Officers, or their sureties, the cost of the stamps to be borne by the Vestry.

Works, £40 and
over to be
tendered for 30. All works and goods supplied amounting to the estimated cost of Forty Pounds and upwards, shall be competed for by open Tender.

Signing Receipts. 31. The Vestry Clerk and the Assistant Vestry Clerk shall be authorised to sign receipts on behalf of the Vestry.

Security of Officers. 32. In all future appointments on the Staff, where a guarantee of personal fidelity is required, the same shall be taken only from a recognised Guarantee Society or by the deposit of approved Security.

Educational Endowments Committee. 33. At a Meeting of the Vestry, held on 25th March, 1891, it was

Resolved:—That a STANDING COMMITTEE, to be called the EDUCATIONAL ENDOWMENTS COMMITTEE, be appointed by this Vestry forthwith, and subsequently annually in the month of June, consisting of twenty-two members in the following proportion:—

Wards 1, 2, & 3	-	3 Members each.
„ 4 & 5	-	4 „ „
Ward 6	-	5 Members.

This Committee to watch the interests of the Parish, with regard to the “Foundation of Alleyn’s College of God’s Gift in Dulwich,” and such other educational endowments that the Parish may be interested in; and shall from time to time report thereon to the Vestry.
