[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Mitcham].

Contributors

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OROUGH OF MITCHAM

REPORT

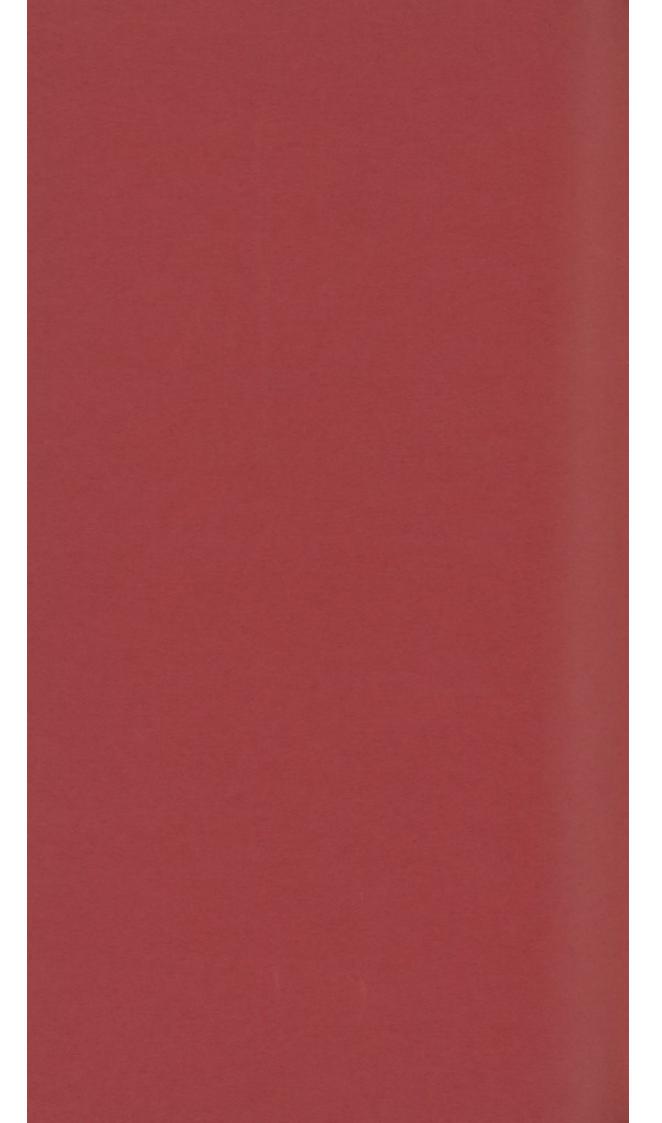
of the



Medical Officer of Health

for the

YEAR 1960





BOROUGH OF MITCHAM

REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

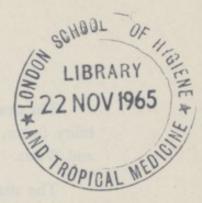
for the

YEAR 1960

MITCHAM

H. G. MATHER, LTD., CAXTON WORKS, LOWER GREEN,

Borough of Mitcham



HEALTH REPORT FOR 1960

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have much pleasure in submitting my annual report for the year 1960.

The general health in the Borough has been good and there was no special outbreak of infectious disease.

The notifications of infectious diseases were 338 compared with 1,000 in 1959. The decrease was mainly due to measles for which 1960 was a year of low incidence.

There were no cases of poliomyelitis and I think it can safely be said that this is due to the beneficial effect of polio immunisation. The downward trend for England and Wales has continued for some years now.

Whooping cough notifications rose to 118 after two years of very low figures.

The tuberculosis death rate at 0.05 compares with 0.07 per 1,000 population for England and Wales. Notifications were 17 compared with 28 for the previous year. This is the first time that annual notifications have dropped below 20. Ten years ago there were more than 100 each year.

Dysentery was notified in 6 cases as against 10 for 1959.

There were no cases of enteric fever.

The birth rate of 14.87 per 1,000 population becomes, after correction by the comparability factor, 14.42 compared with 17.1 for England and Wales. It is the highest in Mitcham since 1949.

The death rate of 9.35 becomes, after correction by the comparability factor, 11.12 per 1,000 population, against 11.5 for England and Wales. It is almost invariably below that of England and Wales.

The death rate from cancer for Mitcham in 1960 stayed the same at 2.25 while that for England and Wales increased from 2.14 to 2.16 per 1,000 population.

As regards infant mortality the local rate was 22.26 and the rate for England and Wales, 21.9 per 1,000 live births, the lowest ever recorded.

The meals-on-wheels service, run by the W.V.S., continues to be appreciated in supplying hot meals to the house bound and also to able-bodied old people who attend the Old People's Welfare Centre in London Road.

I wish to thank the Chairmen of the Committees for their unfailing support, and all the members of the staff for their loyalty and service throughout the year.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,
A. R. GRAHAM,

Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Department, Mitcham Court, Mitcham.

BOROUGH OF MITCHAM

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN ALDERMAN MRS. J. C. ERICSON

The Worshipful the Mayor (Councillor Mrs. Evelyn G. Baker, J.P.)

Aldermen-

Mrs. L. Crump

G. W. Pearce

Councillors-

E. E. Field

A. S. Hutchin

E. J. Mills

E. E. Mount

D. A. Small

Mrs. J. E. Spalding

W. Whittaker

Representatives of the Council on Other Authorities:

WANDLE VALLEY JOINT SEWERAGE BOARD

The Worshipful the Mayor (Councillor Mrs. Evelyn G. Baker, J.P.) (ex-officio)

Alderman T. J. Higgs

Councillors-

D. J. Hempstead

L. A. Cobb

NORTH-EAST DIVISIONAL HEALTH SUB-COMMITTEE (SURREY COUNTY COUNCIL)

The Worshipful the Mayor (Councillor Mrs. Evelyn G. Baker, J.P.)

Alderman G. W. Pearce

Councillors-

D. A. Small

R. Taylor W. E. M. Townsend

STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

A. R. Graham, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Barrister-at-Law

Chief Public Health and Meat Inspector Petroleum Inspector
Shops Act Inspector

K. J. Gutteridge (1, 2)

Assistant Public Health and Meat Inspectors

L. Gleed (1, 2, 3)

E. J. Sluis (1, 2)

J. E. Higgs (1, 2) (a)

Pupil Public Health Inspector

C. S. Smith

- Certificate R.S.H. and Public Health Inspectors' Examination Joint Board.
- 2. Certificate Meat and Foods R.S.H.
- 3. Smoke Inspector's Certificate.

Clerks

- (b) Chief Clerk and Administrative Assistant-F. H. White
- (c) Senior Clerk—F. G. Taylor
- (d) Secretary-Miss V. I. Hill
- (e) Mrs. M. Drewett
- (e) Mrs. K. North.
- (a) Resigned 11th September, 1960.
- (b) 75 per cent. Surrey County Council duties.
- (c) 25 per cent. Surrey County Council duties.
- (d) 20 per cent. Surrey County Council duties.
- (e) 40 per cent. Surrey County Council duties.

REPORT

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area (in acres)	line.				2,932 acres
Population, Census 1921	****		****		35,119
,, 1931					56,856
,, 1951 (3	32,384 N	1.; 34,8	885 F.)	67,269
Registrar-General's estimat	e of po	pulation	mid-	year,	
1960					64,090
Density of Population, 1951			22	2.9 per	sons per acre
Number of inhabited house	s, 1921	****			7,150
33 33 33	1931	8.22			13,187
23 23 23	1960				19,650
Rateable Value, 1960					£1,112,489
Sum represented by a 1d. ra	ate				£4,540

The Borough of Mitcham is an irregular oval in shape, situated in North-East Surrey adjoining the south-west border of the London metropolitan area. It is fairly flat and low lying, with some 600 acres of open space including the 440 acres of Mitcham Common.

The River Wandle, which forms the south-west and western boundary, separates Mitcham from Beddington and Wallington in the south and Carshalton in the west, as it runs a northwards course towards the Thames.

The soil of Mitcham consists of up to four feet of top-soil with about ten feet of gravel sub-soil, except for one or two parts where London clay comes to the surface. Below the gravel London clay extends downwards for 200 to 300 feet.

Mitcham, with over 300 factories, has a great variety of industries, of which the chief ones are paint and varnish, chemical, engineering, margarine and dairy products.

There was practically full employment during the year with perhaps a greater turnover than usual. There were vacancies in all classes of work for those willing and able.

Mitcham is chiefly a working class area. Nearly two-thirds of the houses have been built since 1921 and more than 50 per cent. of all roads are tree-lined.

Virtually no building land is available except for the £2³/₄ million Phipps Bridge scheme on which preliminary work has been done.

STATISTICS

LIVE BIRTHS.	Total	Male	Female	Rate per 1,000 of population
Legitimate	 914	452	462	
Illegitimate	 39	18	21	
Total	 953	470	483	14.87

After correction by the comparability factor becomes 14.42 Illegitimate live births per cent. of total live births 4.27

STILL BIRTHS.		Total	Male	Female	Rate per 1,000 total births
Legitimate		17	7	10	
Illegitimate	***	1	-	1	
		_	_		
Total		18	7	11	18.54
DEATHS.		Total 599	Male 310	Female 289	Rate per 1,000 of population 9.35

After correction by the comparability factor becomes 11.12 Deaths from pregnancy, childbirth and abortion:—

	Rate per 1,000 total births
Number of cases Nil	mainte
Deaths of infants under one year of age: —	
All infants per 1,000 live births	22.26
Legitimate infants per 1,000 live legitimate births	20.79
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 live illegitimate births	51.28

Deaths from: -

Cancer (all ages))		***		 144
Measles					 <u> Marine</u>
Whooping cough	a (all ag	(es)			
Enteritis and Di	arrhœa	under	two years	of age	

PERCENTAGE OF BIRTHS OCCURRING IN INSTITUTIONS

Year	Total births		Births in hospitals, etc.	b	Percentage of pirths occurring in institutions
1941	 737		408		55.4
1942	 986		518		52.5
1943	 1048		727		69.4
1944	 996		678		68.1
1945	 993		661		66.5
1946	 1290	****	845		65.5
1947	 1405		956		68.0
1948	 1215		855		70.37
1949	 1129		832		73.69
1950	 933		718		76.96
1951	 926		703		75.92
1952	 929		749		80.62
1953	 950		735		77.37
1954	 927		673		72.71
1955	 869		628		72.28
1956	 888		661	.,.	74.44
1957	 899		650		72.22
1958	 944		670		70.97
1959	 859		604		70.32
1960	 971		704		72.5

The birth rates, death rates per 1,000 of population, and the infant mortality rates for the years 1941-1960 are shown in the following table:—

Year	per 1,000 pe		Deat per 1,000 pe		Infant Mortality per 1,000 live births		
	MITCHAM	England & Wales	МІТСНАМ	England & Wales	МІТСНАМ	England & Wales	
1941	13.57	14.2	11.06	12.9	55.4	59	
1942	17.54	15.8	9.81	11.6	43.75	49	
1943	18.75	16.5	10.77	12.1	36.2	49	
1944	18.99	17.6	11.88	11.6	36.8	46	
1945	18.01	16.1	10.19	11.4	31.83	46	
1946	20.3	19.1	9.2	11.5	19.9	43	
1947	21.39	20.5	9.47	12.0	38.60	41	
1948	17.99	17.9	8.79	10.8	23.49	34	
1949	16.45	16.7	9.17	11.7	24.48	32	

After 1949 the actual Birth and Death Rates for Mitcham are modified by comparability factor to correspond with the average age and sex distributions of England and Wales.

1950	12.56	15.8	10.66	11.6	29.64	29.8
1951	12.54	15.5	11.32	12.5	25.47	29.6
1952	12.62	15.3	10.87	11.3	19.80	27.6
1953	13.21	15.5	10.52	11.4	18.39	26.8
1954	12.97	15.2	10.03	11.3	13.32	25.5
1955	12.40	15.0	10.81	11.7	15.20	24.9
1956	12.91	15.7	11.49	11.7	13.73	23.8
1957	13.05	16.1	11.07	11.5	12.36	23.0
1958	13.91	16.4	11.48	11.7	20.48	22.5
1959	12.76	16.5	12.6	11.6	14.17	22.2
1960	14.42	17.1	11.12	11.5	22.26	21.9

INFANT MORTALITY

During the year 21 deaths were registered of infants under one year of age:—

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	 9	 10	 19
Illegitimate	 2	 -	 2
Total	 11	 10	 21

as compared with 12 deaths last year.

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE

The following table shows the principal causes of death in the various age groups:—

To be the second		Cause of Death						
Age	No.	Pre- maturity	Congenital Defects		Infectious conditions	Other		
Under 24 hrs	5	3	2	_		_		
1-7 days	10	3	2	_		5		
8 days - 1 mth.	3	no made	1	_	1	2		
1 mth12 mths.	3	-	2	_	_	1		
Total	21	6	7	_		8		

Eighteen infants failed to survive the first month of life, giving Mitcham a neo-natal mortality rate of 18.89 per 1,000 related live births as compared with 15.6 for England and Wales.

MATERNAL MORTALITY

For the fifth successive year, no deaths were registered.

INQUESTS

Inquests were held on 13 residents dying within the district and on 17 Mitcham residents who died outside the district, a total of 30. In addition, post-mortems without inquests were held on 87 residents

dying within the district, and on 68 Mitcham residents who died outside the district, a total of 155.

The following table shows the results of the findings of these inquests:—

Accidental death	***			18
Death from misadventure			,	2
Suicide				6
Open verdict				1
Natural causes				2
Resulting from the opera			emen	1
		Total		30

DEATHS REGISTERED DURING THE YEAR 1960

	CAUSE OF DEATH	Males	Females	Tota
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	3	B1 111	-
2	Tuberculosis, other		***	3
3	Suphilitic diseases	2	***	
4	Diphitteria	2	***	2
5	Whooping cough	***	***	***
6	Meningacaccal infections		***	
7	Acute Polioparelitie		***	***
8	Manalan	***		
9	Other infective and parasitic diseases	- *** -30	***	
0	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	2	1	3
1	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	9	7	16
2	Malignant neoplasm, heart	31	5	36
3	Malignant neoplasm, breast	1	18	19
4	Malignant neoplasm, uterus Other malignant and lymphatic neo-		4	4
5	plasms	31	30	61
5	Leukæmia, aleukæmia	5	3	8
7	Diabetes	1	2	3
	Vascular lesions of nervous system	27	47	74
3	Coronary disease, angina	79	46	125
	Hypertension with heart disease	2	9	11
)	Other heart disease	14	31	45
	Other circulatory disease	9	22	31
2	Influenza		1	1
	Pneumonia	16	11	27
	Bronchitis	21	6	27
	Other diseases of respiratory system	4	1	5
	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	2	2	4
	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	4	2	6
	Nephritis and nephrosis	2	1	3
	Hyperplasia of prostate	5	media e	5
	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		***	2
	Congenital malformations	6	***	***
	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	18	4	10
	Motor vehicle accidents	3	27	45
	All other accidents		1	4
	Suicide	8	6	14
	Homicide and operations of war	4	2	6
	openions of war	1		1
	All causes	310	289	599

BIRTH RATES, DEATH RATES, ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY AND NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN THE YEAR 1960

					England and Wales	Mitcham	
					Rates per 1	1,000 home lation	
Births—					dayro	Sipostrucial	
Live					17.1	14.42	
Still					{ 0.34 19.7*	0.29 18.54*	
Deaths—					my the bett	dell'operation	
All causes				M	11.5	11.12	
Malignant neoplass	m—lun	g, bro	nchus		0.48	0.56	
Whooping cough					0.001	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
Diphtheria					F better more	min	
Tuberculosis-all f					0.07	0.05	
Influenza					0.02	0.015	
Acute Poliomyelitis						cute and	
Pneumonia				11155.011	0.55	0.42	
Coronary disease-	angina	pector	is		2.01	1.95	
Maternal mortality				SERVICE OF	0.39*	tronge is	
					t discusse		
Notifications (Correct	ed)—				DALOUT DISCOUL		
Scarlet Fever	***	***	***		0.703	0.374	
Whooping Cough	***	***			1.270	1.841	
Diphtheria	***				0.001	elaida confi	
Diphtheria Measles					0.001 3.482		
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis					11220000		
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic					11220000		
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic		***	make o		3.482	2.53	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid	Fever		6		3.482 0.006	2.53	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever	Fever		#		0.006 0.003	2.53	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe	Fever		8		3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002	2.53	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065	2.53	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014	2.53	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis—	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065	2.53 0.016 0.078	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis— Infective	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065	2.53 0.016 0.078	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis— Infective Post-Infectious	Fever		6		3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065 0.946	2.53 0.016 0.078 0.094	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis— Infective Post-Infectious Acute Pneumonia	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065 0.946 0.003	2.53 0.016 0.078 0.094	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis— Infective Post-Infectious Acute Pneumonia Food Poisoning	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065 0.946 0.003 0.003	2.53 0.016 0.078 0.094	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis— Infective Post-Infectious Acute Pneumonia Food Poisoning Tuberculosis—	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065 0.946 0.003 0.003 0.318	2.53 0.016 0.078 0.094 	
Diphtheria Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic Enteric or Typhoid Para-typhoid Fever Meningococcal Infe Erysipelas Dysentery Acute Encephalitis— Infective Post-Infectious Acute Pneumonia Food Poisoning	Fever				3.482 0.006 0.003 0.002 0.005 0.014 0.065 0.946 0.003 0.003 0.318	2.53 0.016 0.078 0.094 	

^{*} Per 1,000 total (live and still) births.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

LABORATORY FACILITIES

Most of the bacteriological examinations for this district were carried out at the Emergency Public Health Laboratory at Epsom, including bacteriological examinations of milk, water and ice-cream.

The chemical analysis of milk, water and foodstuffs was carried out by the Public Analyst, Daniel D. Moir, M.Sc., F.R.I.C., 16, Southwark Street, London, S.E.1.

AMBULANCES

The Ambulance service is supervised by the Surrey County Council. The ambulances operate from the Ambulance Control Station, Hill House, Bishopsford Road, Morden (Telephone: MAL 7733).

DISINFECTION

The disinfection of houses is undertaken by the Council. Disinfection of bedding, etc., is done either at the Wandle Valley Isolation Hospital, or in the home.

No charges are made for disinfections carried out in cases of notifiable infectious disease.

Public library books which have been in contact with cases of infectious disease are disinfected at the Public Health Department.

Number of disinfections carried out b	y W	andle	
Valley Isolation Hospital			1
Number of rooms disinfected by fumigator			38
Number of library books disinfected		***	413

HOSPITALS

The hospitals directly concerned with the Mitcham area are administered by the St. Helier Group Hospital Management Committee, which is situated at Carshalton, Surrey, and itself comes under the South-West Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board.

General Cases.—The principal hospitals are the Wilson Hospital, which is situated within the district, and the St. Helier Hospital, Carshalton, which caters for all types of cases. The Nelson Hospital at Merton and the London hospitals are also used.

Infectious Diseases.—Cases usually go to the Wandle Valley Isolation Hospital at Beddington Corner, Mitcham Junction, or to St. Georges Hospital, Tooting.

Smallpox Cases.—By agreement with the South-East Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board, any cases that might occur would be admitted to the Joyce Green Hospital, Dartford, Kent, upon application.

Maternity Cases.—Expectant mothers, if home conditions or medical history do not permit of home confinement, are admitted to the St. Helier Hospital, Carshalton, or occasionally to other hospitals such as the Nelson Hospital, Kingston Road, Merton, S.W.20.

Tuberculosis Cases.—The Regional Hospital Board is responsible for providing the specialist services for the tuberculous, also for institutional treatment. Dr. J. M. Hill is the chest physician for Mitcham patients and holds a clinic at Cumberland Hospital, Mitcham, every Monday and Wednesday afternoon and Thursday morning. A clinic is held for old cases only, on every fourth Thursday at 5 p.m. The Cumberland Hospital, which has 100 beds available, deals principally with tuberculosis although an increasing number of other chest diseases are dealt with.

Venereal Diseases Clinics.—Confidential treatment can be obtained at the St. Helier Hospital, Carshalton, and the Croydon General Hospital. Treatment can also be obtained from the outpatients' departments of many of the London hospitals.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES (Under control of the Surrey County Council)

ANTE-NATAL CLINICS

An ante-natal session is held at the Church Road Clinic every Tuesday, and a clinic for cases booked by midwives is held on Tuesday and Friday afternoons. Ante-natal supervision for some St. Helier bookings is undertaken at Mitcham clinics.

An ante-natal session is held at the Cavendish Road Clinic every second and fourth Friday afternoon of the month.

An ante-natal session is held at Wide Way Clinic on Friday mornings, and on Wednesday afternoons for cases booked by midwives.

X-Ray examinations necessary for expectant mothers are carried out at the Wilson and St. Helier Hospitals.

CHILD WELFARE CLINICS

Infant Welfare sessions are held at the following places:-

Cavendish Road Clinic.—Every Monday afternoon.

St. Barnabas Church Hall, Gorringe Park Avenue.—Every Tuesday afternoon.

Wide Way Clinic.—Every Thursday morning and Monday afternoon.

Church Road Clinic.—Every Thursday afternoon and Wednesday afternoon.

Meopham Road Clinic.—Every Wednesday afternoon.

Toddlers' Clinics for children between the ages of two to five years are held on Monday mornings, other than the first Monday in the month, by appointment.

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

This is held on four days a week, at Sherwood House, by appointment.

More sessions had to be allocated this year because of the increasing number of cases requiring treatment. It has the services of a psychiatrist, a psychologist and a social worker.

DENTAL CLINICS

Dental services are provided for expectant and nursing mothers, toddlers and school children at the Church Road, Western Road and Meopham Road Clinics.

Western Road, Mitcham.—Every weekday morning and afternoon.
Church Road, Mitcham.—Every weekday morning and afternoon.
Meopham Road.—Every weekday morning and afternoon.

DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH, TETANUS AND POLIOMYELITIS
IMMUNISATION. VACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX

Clinics are held as follows:-

Cavendish Road Clinic.—Each Monday afternoon in conjunction with Welfare Clinic.

Church Road Clinic.—On 1st, 3rd and 5th Wednesdays of the month in the morning.

Meopham Road Clinic.—Each Wednesday afternoon in conjunction with Welfare Clinic.

St. Barnabas Clinic.—On 1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesdays of the month in the afternoon.

Wide Way Clinic.—Each Monday afternoon (immunisation only—in conjunction with Welfare Clinic), each Thursday morning (immunisation and vaccination in conjunction with Welfare Clinic), and each Wednesday morning.

POLIOMYELITIS IMMUNISATION

A large number of sessions are held in schools and a large number on Saturday mornings and Tuesday evenings in rotation at the various clinics, for children and adults.

MINOR AILMENTS

Sessions are held at Western Road Clinic on Monday and Friday mornings, with a doctor in attendance, and on Wednesday mornings under the supervision of a nurse; at Wide Way Clinic on Wednesday mornings, with a doctor in attendance.

MOTHERCRAFT CLASSES

Wide Way Clinic.—Thursday, 2 p.m. Church Road Clinic.—Friday, 9.30 a.m. Cavendish Road Clinic.—Thursday, 2 p.m.

OPHTHALMIC CLINIC

An eye specialist attends Western Road Clinic on Thursday mornings and Wednesday afternoons, and Wide Way Clinic on the 1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesdays of the month, in the morning.

PARENTCRAFT CIRCLE

Church Road Clinic.-Monday, 3 p.m.

POST-NATAL CLINIC

The post-natal clinics at Church Road, Cavendish Road and Wide Way are held in conjunction with the ante-natal clinics.

SPEECH CLINIC

A session is held at Western Road Clinic on Tuesday (all day), and Thursday (all day). A speech therapist also holds a session at Wide Way Clinic on Friday afternoons.

U.V. RADIATION CLINICS

Sessions are held during the winter months, as follows:—

Church Road Clinic.—Thursday mornings and Monday afternoons.

Wide Way Clinic.-Tuesday afternoons, Friday afternoons.

HEALTH VISITING

Health Visitors are under the control of the Surrey County Council.

There are nine Health Visitors, who are under the supervision of a Divisional Superintendent Health Visitor. Every Health Visitor carries out the combined duties of District Health Visitor and School Health Visitor.

HOME HELP SERVICE

The Home Help Service, which is under the control of the Surrey County Council has proved most successful. Over 80 part-time workers are usually employed. Enough workers can not be obtained to satisfy the full demand.

Applications for assistance are made to the Divisional Medical Officer at Mitcham Court.

NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN

The Society does very valuable work in the Borough and there is very close co-operation between the officials of the Public Health Department and the officers of the Society.

Number of Mitcham cases	dealt	with in	1960	 50
Number of children affected				 133
Number of visits paid				 318

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948: SECTION 47 NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951

Removal to Suitable Premises of Persons in Need of Care and Attention

There were no cases in this category.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER SUPPLY

Except for eight houses in Goat Road, supplied by the Sutton Water Company, the whole of Mitcham is supplied by the Metropolitan Water Board. A few factories have an additional supply from deep wells.

There are four licensed caravan yards, each with a stand pipe, supplying altogether a total of 14 caravans.

The water has been of a consistently high standard of purity and there is no record of any case of infectious disease being transmitted by water.

A large number of houses in the Borough have no supply of drinking water direct from the main, but are supplied from a tank

in the roof. Provided the tank is properly covered and is cleansed regularly, it provides a satisfactory supply.

SWIMMING BATHS

The only swimming bath in the district is the public bath in London Road, which is owned by the Corporation. Water is from the mains supply and the modern process of continuous circulation through a filter plant with chlorination is used. The water was sampled periodically and found to be satisfactory.

RIVERS AND STREAMS

Visits have been paid to all works suspected of discharging effluent into surface water sewers.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

The whole of the district is on the water carriage system, the houses being drained to the public sewer, then treated at the works of the Wandle Valley Joint Sewerage Board, situated in Mitcham.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

In the winter a weekly collection of house refuse is carried out and in the summer more frequently. Ten refuse collection vehicles are in use.

CLEAN AIR ACT, 1956

There are no Smoke Control Areas as yet, as the time is not considered appropriate. The position in Mitcham is to be reviewed from time to time taking into account the progress in neighbouring areas.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

Number of Council houses found infested during the year, 22. Number of other houses found infested during the year, 2. Total number of houses disinfested during the year, 24. Methods employed:—

24 houses treated with insecticide spray.

Number of houses disinfested of beetles, 56.

Number of houses disinfested of other insects, 9.

SCHOOLS

The supervision of the public elementary schools is under the control of the Education Department of the Surrey County Council.

The sanitary fittings, etc., however, are inspected periodically by the public health inspector. All schools have a constant supply of water from the mains of the Metropolitan Water Board.

Medical Inspection.—The medical inspection of school children is carried out by the School Health Service of the Surrey County Council.

Closure of Schools.—No school has been closed by the local authority during the year by reason of infectious disease.

Infectious Diseases.—Scholars in contact with cases of certain infectious diseases are excluded from school, the period of the exclusion being that set out in a memorandum of the County School Medical Officer to the Surrey Education Committee. The head teacher of the school concerned is always notified of the reason.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

Two full-time and one part-time Rodent Operators were employed.

Properties inspected			11.		2,958
Complaints received	i noi:				680
Number of treatments	re rat in	festation	i, inclu	ding	
test baits, as result of	f inspecti	ion and	compl	aints	776
Factory and business p	remises t	reated			138
Visits by Public Health	Inspector	· · · ·			90

Two sewer maintenance treatments were carried out in the year; 212 manholes were baited. A total of 63 baits were taken compared with 10 taken in 1959.

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit a summary of the visits and works carried out in the Borough by myself and the District Public Health Inspectors:—

	the Borough by myself and the	District	Public	Health	Inspectors: —	
	Complaints received				395	
	Nuisances found				289	
	Verbal Notices given				99	
	Verbal Notices complied with				69	
	Informal Notices served				204	
	Informal Notices complied with				144	
	Statutory Notices served				70	
	Statutory Notices complied with				62	
	Revisits				1,247	
	Houses inspected for defects				722	
	Visits made for this purpose				782	
	Drains tested and inspected				130	
	Private houses found verminous				3	
	Visits to butchers				175	
7	Visits to slaughterhouses				755	
1	Visits to dairies				16	
	Visits to retail milk shops				32	
1	Visits to restaurant kitchens				249	
1	Visits to ice-cream premises				40	
1	Visits to bakehouses				44	
1	Visits to other food premises				989	
*	Number of notices served under	Food	Hygiene	e Regul	la-	
	tions, 1955				4	
1	Number of notices complied with				4	
1	Visits to factories				211	
1	Visits to workplaces				11	
1	Visits to outworkers				69	
1	Visits to stables				56	
1	Visits to piggeries				30	
					-0	

Visits to caravan yards		228
Smoke observations		39
Visits re infectious disease cases		62
Visits re smallpox contacts		
Visits re food poisoning		19
Visits re rats and mice		90
Visits re Shops Acts		46
Visits re schools		18
Visits re Rent Act, 1957	***	61
Visits to refuse tipping site, Mitcham Common		31
Visits to sewage works	***	12
Sundry visits		402
Character of Work Done		
		70
Roofs repaired		72
Rainwater piping or gutters repaired or renewed		61
Yards paved or repaired		11
Dampness remedied		77
Water service pipes repaired		13
Waterclosets: Repairs to structure		4
Flushing apparatus repaired or renewe	d	22
New pans and traps fitted		7
Water storage cisterns cleansed, repaired or renewed		5
Water supply reinstated		5
Flooring of rooms repaired and sub-floor ventile	ation	
improved		33
Rooms cleansed		-
Sinks and handbasins repaired or renewed		5
Waste pipes and traps repaired or renewed		14
Window frames and sashes repaired or renewed		41
Window sills repaired or renewed		22
External brickwork (repaired, pointed or rendered)		11
Drains repaired or obstructions removed		87
Drains inspection covers renewed		18
Drains tested		43
Grid and mica flaps provided		3
Firegrates repaired (including surrounds and hearth	(c)	8
Stoves, coppers, ranges, etc., repaired	3)	2
AA CONTRACTOR III III		- 60

Chimney stacks repaired	 	 		7
Staircases repaired	 	 	2 die	10
Doors repaired	 	 		11
Internal plaster repairs				79
Sash cords renewed	 	 		45
Dustbins provided	 	 		22
Accumulations removed	 	 		17

All ponds and ditches in the Borough where mosquito breeding was likely were sprayed with insecticide twice during the year and larger areas where mosquitoes were found to be breeding but spraying was impracticable, were treated with a fog generating apparatus with satisfactory results.

Disinfestation of dust chutes at the Council's blocks of flats was carried out by means of the high pressure fogging apparatus which was most effective: all school canteens were similarly treated.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Public Health Act, 1936 .-

A summons was issued against the occupier of a caravan on vacant land in Queen's Road, under Section 269 of the above Act. At the hearing at Wallington on 28th January, 1960, the Court imposed a fine of £5 and awarded the Council £2 2s. costs.

Summonses were issued against the occupiers of caravans on vacant land in Bath Road and on Rock Terrace Recreation Ground. At the hearing on 25th February, 1960, the Court imposed fines of £20 and £1 respectively.

A summons was issued against the occupier of a caravan on vacant land in Queen's Road for the enforcement of penalties for failing to remove her caravan. At the hearing at Wallington on 24th March, 1960, the Court imposed a fine of £15.

Petroleum (Regulation) Acts, 1928 and 1936, and Petroleum (Mixtures) Order, 1929.—99 licences to store petroleum spirit and/or petroleum mixtures were issued for a total of 253,795 gallons (inclusive of cellulose solutions).

Petroleum (Regulation) Acts, 1928 and 1936, and Petroleum (Carbide of Calcium) Order, 1929.—Two licences were issued for the storage of 1,224 lbs. of carbide of calcium.

UNSOUND FOOD DEALT WITH

Beef		92 lbs.	Pork		30 lbs.
Ham		743 ,,	Fish	***	6 stone
Corned beef		36 "	Stewed steak		5 tins
Pork luncheon	meat	$113\frac{1}{2}$,,	Ox head		1
Liver		30 "	Vinegar		45 btls.
Jellied veal		12 ,,	Assorted		188 tins

Yours faithfully,

K. J. GUTTERIDGE,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

HOUSING STATISTICS

Total Number of Inhabited Houses—19,950.

Permanent buildings built by the Council before the war—1,461. Permanent buildings built by the Council after the war—2,343.

Other Housing Accommodation Available: -

A.	Sundry properties	226
B.	Temporary buildings, Arcon bungalows	345
	Therefore, total number of properties used for	
	housing by the Mitcham Borough Council is	4,376

NUMBER OF PEOPLE REHOUSED

About 10,800 applicants have registered since 1945, and the current list is still about 1,000, so that some 9,800 applicants have been dealt with.

About 159 cottage flats or bungalows have been built for old people since the war.

All the hutments have now been cleared.

RENT ACT, 1957

Twenty applications were made for Certificates of Disrepair during the year. In one case it was decided not to issue a certificate, in 11 cases undertakings were given by the various landlords and in the remaining 8 cases certificates were issued. Five certificates were cancelled during the year on application by landlords, the works specified having been completed. In four cases cancellation was refused as the work had not been satisfactorily completed.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

One thousand five hundred and forty-five inspections were made of food premises other than slaughterhouses. The premises were on the whole satisfactory with some minor adjustments necessary.

Food premises by type of business.	
General Stores 15	Café & General Stores
Groceries 82	Roadside Snack Bars 2
Butchers 36	Fishmongers 10
Greengrocer & Fruiterers 62	Fried Fish Buffets 6
Greengrocer & General	Fried Fish 1
Provisions 2	Bakers and Confectioners 14
Confectionery 69	Milk & Provisions 13
Chemists 15	Public Houses 30
Restaurants & Cafés 32	Off-Licences 10
Food premises by type, registered a Act, 1955.	under Section 16, Food and Drugs
The storage and sale of ice-cre	am 166
The manufacture for sale of ice	-cream 1
The preparation or manufacture	of sausages, or potted,
pressed, pickled or preserve	d food 38
Dairies registered under the Mil	k and Dairies (General)
Regulations, 1959	
Number of inspections of register	
the year	303

All condemned food is either incinerated at the Refuse Destructor, Garth Road, Morden, by arrangement with the Merton and Morden Urban District Council, or treated with dye and disposed of to fat and bone merchants.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955

Formal Samples.

Sixty-eight formal	samp	oles w	ere taken as follows:—	
Milk		41	Beef Sausages	2
Arrowroot		1	Ice Cream	1
Pink Salmon		1	Frankfurters	1
Salmon Fish Cakes		1	Marmalade	1
Confectionery		4	Christmas Pudding	1
Cream of Asparagus		1	Margarine (10% Butter)	1
Bronchial Mixture		1	Butter	1
Margarine		1	Cheese Spread	1
Pork Sausages		4	Sterilised Cream	1
Dairy Butter		1	Almond Marzipan	1
Lard		1		
Informal Samples.				
One hundred and o	ne in	forma	l samples were taken as follows:	_
Jelly Cream		1	Garibaldi Biscuits	1
Cheese Spread		4	Desiccated Coconut	1
Grated Cheese		1	Aspirin Tablets	1
Milk Chocolate Covered			Baby Soup (Chicken	
SI	ices	1	Variety)	1
Milk Food Drink		1	Coffee and Chicory	
Strawberry Jam		3	Mixture	1
Casserole Meat		1	Double Cream	1
Boneless Chicken		1	Beef Steak with Gravy	1
Mixed Dried Fruit		1	Salmon Spread	1
Tomato Puree		1	Instant Coffee	1
Mixed Vegetables		1	Orange Crush	1
Sponge Drops		1	Glucose Drink with Lemon	1
Stewed Steak		4	Self Raising Flour	3
Sardines in Pure Olive	Oil	1	Madeira Cake Mix	1
White Pepper		1	Variety Cheese Pack	2
Horseradish Sauce		1	_	
Chocolate Covered Swis	SS		Irish Stew	2
F	Roll	1	Minced Meat Loaf	2

Dairy Cream Sponge	. 1	Corned Beef	1
Lemon Fruit Drink	. 1	Lemon Juice	1
Blackcurrant Drink	. 1	Evaporated Milk	2
Fish Paste (Sardine &		Pineapple Flavour	1
Tomato) 1	Chicken Noodle Soup	1
Milk (Half-Pint Carton)	. 1	Ball Chewing Gum	1
Cream of Chicken Soup	1	Raising Powder	1
Sweet Bake (Pudding)	1	Ginger Bun Mixture	1
Fruit Sauce	1	Chiffon Lemon Mixture	1
Curry Powder	1	Gravy Powder	1
Orange Drink	1	Food Beverage	1
Minced Beef with Gravy	1	Ground Nut Cooking Oil	1
Spaghetti Bolognaise	2	Bedtime Drink	1
Stuffed Pork Roll	1	Sugared Strands	1
Custard Powder	1	Lemon Flavour	1
Farmhouse Onions	1	Chicken Vol-au-vent	1
Pork Sausages	1	Lemon Mousse	1
Tomato Flavouring	1	Primula Crispbread	1
Fruit Pastilles	1	Baked Beans with Pork	
Beef Suet	1	in Tomato Sauce	1
Butter	1	Milk Caramels	1
Danish Blue Cheese	1	Hamburger Patties with	
Caerphilly Cheese	1	Gravy (Fried)	1
Beef Steak Pudding	1	Sauce Tartare	1
Fruit Salad	2	Natural Yogurt	1
Cashew Nuts	1	Cocktail Sausages in Brine	
Seafood Dressing	1	A Cor Swars.	

The following samples were not up to standard and warning letters were sent to the firms concerned:—

Formal.—Pork sausages, cream of asparagus soup.

Informal.—Milk caramels.

Complaints from the public relating to food were as follows:—
Two of mouldy meat pies.

Three of foreign matter in a loaf.

One each of:—
Glass in a milk bottle.

Mould on chocolate swiss roll.

Mouldy veal, ham and egg pie.

Nail in toffee.

Warning letters were sent to the firms concerned.

ICE-CREAM

One establishment in the Borough is registered for the manufacture of ice-cream and 166 for the storage and sale of ice-cream. Forty visits were paid during the year.

Four samples of ice-cream were taken and examined for bacteriological purity. The results are tabulated below:—

		Provisi	onal Grade		
	I	II	III	IV	
Coliforms absent	2	1	1	-	
Coliforms present in 1/10th ml	_	_	moint a	-	
Fæcal coli present (in addition					
to above)	-	-	and Town	-	

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF CUPS AND GLASSES

Eighty swabs were taken from tea cups at various catering establishments and fourteen swabs were taken from beer glasses at various public houses during the year, and were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological examination. The results are tabulated below:—

TEA CUP SWAE	ss.				Re	sult
Colony Count (per cup).	Colif Present.		Fæcal Present.		Satis-	Unsatis- factory.
Under 100	3	60	1	2	62	1
100-200	4	2	NAME AND	4		6
200-500	3	2	-	3	-01	5
500-1,000	4	2	-00	4	-	6
1,000-1,500	-	_	_	_	_	-
1,500-2,000	-	-	0 -	21 -1 30	- 10	-
2,000 and over	-	-	-	San Felo	um To an	-
Total	14	66	1	13	62	18

BEER GLASS SW	ABS.				Res	sult
Colony Count (per glass).	Colife Present.		Fæcal Present.	Coli Absent.	Satis-	Unsatis- factory.
Under 100	_	9	_	UI LEBON	9	
100-200	_	1	_	_	_	1
200-500	1	-	1	_	_	1
500-1,000	94 TV 0		a later an	T. Desir	ALIZ I	_
1,000-1,500	in a second	damen	-	-	-	-
1,500-2,000	-	_	m/-	- 10	-	- 50
2,000 and over	2	1	1	1	_	3
Total	3	11	2	1	9	5

The result of the swabs was sent to the establishments concerned and visits were paid to premises where the results were unsatisfactory.

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION) REGULATIONS, 1960

During the year the Council granted the following number of licences under the above-named Regulations:—

Dealer's (Pasteurise Dealer's Licences—		cences	 	 1
Pasteurised			 	45
Sterilised			 	 59
Tuberculin To	ested		 	 27

One hundred and forty-two samples of Graded Milk were submitted for bacteriological examination. All were satisfactory.

BAKEHOUSES

The number of bakehouses in the district is six. Forty-four visits have been paid.

DAIRIES

There is one registered dairy and pasteurising establishment within the district.

During the year sixteen visits of inspection were paid.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES

There are two licensed slaughterhouses in the borough; 755 visits have been paid.

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1958

Fifteen licences were issued to slaughtermen in accordance with the requirements of the above Act.

MEAT INSPECTION

CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART.

THE SHOP A DESIGNATION OF	Cattle, excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed (if known)	117	11	4258	2231	12,017
Number Inspected	117	11	4258	2231	12,017
All diseases except tuberculosis and cysticerci: Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuber- culosis and cysticerci	3 2.56		 9 0.198	72	34 911 7.86
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis					6 65 0.59

FOOD PREPARING FACTORIES

There are 17 factories which are engaged in the manufacture and preparation of food products. All of these are systematically visited.

INFORMAL ACTION TAKEN UNDER THE FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1960

Number of notices served, 4. Number of notices complied with, 4.

PIGGERIES

There are six piggeries in the Borough. Thirty visits were paid during the year.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

Four licences were issued to occupiers of pet shops.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937

I.—Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors):—

		111-	N	100 2	Number of		M/c
	Premises (1)	M/c line No. (2)	Number on Register (3)	Inspections (4)	Written notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted (6)	line No. (7)
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	11	8			1
(ii)	Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	2	338	187			2
iii)	Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	3				5	3
	TOTAL		349	195	1.1		

2.—Cases in which defects were found:—

			M/c	Numbe	er of cases in v	were found			
Particulars				Found	Remedied	To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted	M/c line No.
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)			4	1	2		1		4
Overcrowding (S.2)			5						5
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)			6						6
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)			7						7
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)		***	8						8
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)									
(a) Insufficient	***		9						9
(b) Unsuitable or defective			10		1		1	15505	10
(c) Not separate for sexes		100	11						11
Other offences (not including offence to Homework)	ces rela	iting	12	3	3		***		12
TOTAL				4	6		2		

3.—Outwork (Sections 110 and 111):---

Opput legiones (nes personnes equies			Section 110			Section 111		
Nature of Work		Number of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c) (3)	Number of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (4)	Number of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists (5)	Number of instances of work in unwhole- some premises (6)	Notices served	Prosecutions (8)	M/d line No.
Wearing Making, etc	13	64						13
apparel Cleaning and washing	14							14
Household linen	15	3						15
Lace, lace curtains and nets	16							16
Curtains and furniture hangings	17							17
Furniture and upholstery	18							18
Electro-plate	19							19
File making	20							20
Brass and brass articles	21							21
Fur pulling	22							22
Iron and steel cables and chains	23							23
Iron and steel anchors and grapnels	24							24
Cart gear	25	CONTRACT OF						25
Locks, latches and keys	26							26
Umbrellas, etc	27							27
Artificial flowers	28							28

3.—Outwork (Sections 110 and 111) continued:—

TOTAL		152	
ampshades	44	58	44
extile weaving	43		43
Christmas stockings, etc	42	14	42
Cosaques, Christmas crackers,			
Chocolates and sweetmeats	41		41
Basket making	40		40
Stuffed toys	39	1	39
Carding, etc., of buttons, etc	38	2	38
eather sorting	37		37
ea picking	36		36
Brush making	35		35
wholly or partially of paper	34	10	34
ceptacles or parts thereof made			
The making of boxes or other re-			33
Paper bags	33		32
Racquet and tennis balls	32		
Sacks	31		30
Tents	30		29

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFICATIONS

The total number of confirmed notifications received during 1960 was 338.

CONTACTS, SUSPECTS, ETC.

The Medical Officer of Health is called in consultation by medical practitioners to see patients in their homes, as required.

VISITS

Public	Health	Inspector	s to	commo	n infect	ious disc	eases	62
Public	Health	Inspectors	to s	mallpo	x conta	cts		-
						Total		62
Rooms	disinfe	cted after	infec	ctious o	lisease			38

	Smallpox	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Typhoid Fever	Erysipelas	Pneumonia	Puerperal Pyrexia	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Dysentery	Meningococcal Infections	Poliomyelitis Paralytic	Poliomyelitis Non-Paralytic	Measles	Whooping	Food Poisoning	Paratyphoid	Malaria	Acute Encephalitis Infective	Acute Encephalitis Post-Infectious	Totals
January		2			1			***					3	1	1					8
February		2			1	1	1							2	1					8
March		3			2	3		0	3				2	1	1		***			15
April		7				1	1	1					2	1						13
May									2				25	22	1					50
June		2											45	8						55
July													32	20	1					53
August		***				1							30	13						44
September		1			1				1				6	5						14
October		3								1			5	5	1					15
November	.,.	1				3	3						5	14						26
December		3	***			1							7	26						37
Totals		24			5	10	5	1	6	1			162	118	6					338

The monthly incidence of infectious disease was:-

INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFICATIONS, 1941/60

DISEASE	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947		5.7.48 to 31.12.48	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	196
Smallpox		100			1.47							111	225	86	47				75		24
Scarlet Fever	75 72	175 25	212		147 63	95 32	62	35	57	89	110	111	225			33	56	18		69	
Diphtheria		1000	1		1	34	100	***		1	1	***	13	***	1	***	1	***	***	***	***
Typhoid Fever	2	6	2	5	8	6	9	3	***	2	1	13	23	11	3	1		***	***	***	5
Puerperal Pyrexia Meningococcal Infections	12	6			3		2	1	ï		1	3	1		2		1	***		1	1
Cialaa	19	7	22	13	16	25	9	18	6	12	7	8	14	11	6	9	7	4	3	4	5
Measles	194	599		112		358	533	818	252		354	1386	591	888		1059		1358		847	162
Typhus Fever	1		10000																		
Acute Poliomyelitis:		1																			
Paralytic					2	3	11	2	2	6	2	1	4	4		4	5	2	***	1	
Non-Paralytic										***		***	***	1		3	8	1	***	***	
Ophthalmia	3	10	4	4		2	2	- 6	3	8	2	1	4		1		***	***		2	1
Neonatorum							100				1000					1950					
Acute Encephalitis:		1 3			1											1 9					
Infective		1				***	***		***		***			***	***	***	***	***	***	***	
Post-Infectious									***	***		1		***				2	***		***
Pneumonia	22	20	50	37	33	41	37	30	13	19	28	24	26	27	16	34	19	24	12	22	10
Malaria		***		1	41.	1		1				***	1	200	1			***	***	***	
Whooping Cough	186	161		166		234	216	117	149	212	387	420					103	130		17	
Food Poisoning	6	11			13	1	***			6	3	4	10		12	8		4		27	6
Dysentery			4	67	13	6	1	2	5	7	16	7	16	15	46	17	60	47	8	10	6
Paratyphoid						1	2	***	+40		***	1	***	***	1		1	***	1	***	***
Totals	591	1021	1161	515	1126	807	888	1033	490	717	911	1980	1027	1396	450	1335	322	1590	325	1000	338

SMALLPOX

No case of smallpox was notified during the year 1960. The last case was in 1932.

The following table shows the number vaccinated during the year:—

Age at date	Under				15 or	
of vaccination	1	1	2-4	5-14	over	Total
Number vaccinated	643	13	16	3	26	701
Number re-vaccinated	1	1	1	3	46	52

Over the last five years an average of 75 per cent. of the children born each year have been vaccinated.

SCARLET FEVER

The number of cases of scarlet fever notified during the year was 24 as compared with 69 in 1959, equivalent to a case rate of 0.37 per 1,000 population. This disease has continued mild in character. Of the total number of cases notified one was treated in hospital and 23 were treated at home.

DIPHTHERIA

No case of diphtheria was notified for the eleventh year in succession, whereas cases used to average sixty per year.

Immunisation and reinforcing doses were available to every child whose parents gave consent.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

There are five clinics within relatively easy reach of everyone, as well as immunisation sessions held in the schools.

Efforts have continued during the year to obtain the immunisation of every child before the first birthday. The health visitors urge mothers at the welfare centres, and at home visits, to have their children immunised, making special visits in difficult cases.

The following figures show the number of children immunised and reinforced during the year (this includes those children who received the triple—diphtheria—whooping cough—tetanus—antigen):—

	Immunised.	Reinforced.	Total.
Under five years	954	135	1,089
Five to fourteen years	179	985	1,164
Totals	1,133	1,120	2,253

The following figures show the number of the child population considered immunised at 31st December, 1960:—

Age at 31.12.60, i.e. born in year	Under 1 1960	1 to 4 1959-1956	5 to 9 1955-1951	10 to 14 1950-1946	Under 15 Total
Last complete course of injections (whether primary or booster) A. 1956-1960	416	2657	4082	2775	9930
B. 1946-1955	_		674	1975	2649
C. Estimated mid-year child population	872	3268	9	479	13619
Immunity Index 100 A/C	47.7	81.3	72	2.3	72.9

WHOOPING COUGH IMMUNISATION

This is carried out at the same clinics as diphtheria immunisation, but special visits to schools are not made as this inoculation is intended primarily for children under five years old.

The following figures show the number of children immunised and reinforced during the year (this includes those children who received the combined diphtheria and whooping cough prophylaxis or the triple tetanus, diphtheria, whooping cough antigen):—

		AGE at date of final injection (as regards A) or of re-inforcing injection (as regards B)								
	âny	Under 1	1	2	3	4	5 to 9	10 to 14	Total	
A.	Number of children who completed a course of inoculation with pertus- sis vaccines (including combined vaccines)	809	128	28	29	9	8	1	1004	
В.	Number of children who received a secondary (reinforcing) injection during 1960		-	1	3	71	70	2	147	

POLIOMYELITIS

There were no cases of poliomyelitis during the year. The immunisation campaign was undoubtedly responsible for the diminishing number of cases. For England and Wales the number of cases goes down considerably year by year.

POLIO VACCINATION

The scheme now includes all up to 40 years of age. Those over 40 may be inoculated by private practitioners commencing 1.1.61.

	Numbers vaccinated in 1960					
	Primary courses	Third injections				
0-17 years	899	1,721				
Over 17 years	2,941	3,535				

The total number inoculated since the inception of the scheme is 20,412, which includes 13,534 children or 84 per cent. of the estimated child population.

Clinics are now held on Tuesday evenings, 5—7 p.m., in rotation at the various clinics.

ENTERIC FEVER

There were no cases of enteric fever during the year.

DIARRHŒA AND ENTERITIS UNDER TWO YEARS OF AGE
No death was registered during the year.

FOOD POISONING OUTBREAKS

There were six notified cases in 1960 and a further 43 cases occurred in a factory. The six notifications were all of single cases, the illness being caused by S. Typhimurium in three cases and S. Kotbuss in one. In the remaining two cases the agent could not be identified. In the factory outbreak the cause was Cl. Welchii. It was thought to be due to infected fresh meat that was cooked, not eaten at the time, and subsequently reheated.

ENCEPHALITIS LETHARGICA

There were no cases notified during the year.

ERYSIPELAS

Five cases were notified. None was removed to hospital.

PUERPERAL PYREXIA

There were five cases of puerperal pyrexia during the year.

PNEUMONIA

Ten cases of primary pneumonia were notified during the year. The number of deaths from all forms of pneumonia, some of which are not notifiable, was 27, of which 16 were males and 11 females.

MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTIONS

One case was notified during the year.

INFLUENZA

There was only one death from influenza, compared with seven last year.

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM

During the year one case of ophthalmia neonatorum was notified.

PREVENTION OF BLINDNESS

This comes under the control of the Surrey County Council.

SCHOOL NOTIFICATIONS

The school intimation notices of infectious disease are compared with the notifications received from the medical practitioners. If any case on the school return is found to be unnotified, investigations are made in order to find out if the patient is receiving medical attention.

The school notices also give information of the prevalence of non-notifiable infectious disease, such as chicken-pox, mumps, etc. The numbers were as follows:—

Chicken pox	 	 	 111
Mumps	 	 ***	 354
Ringworm	 	 	 _
Rubella	 	 	 2
Impetigo	 	 	 . 1
Jaundice	 	 	 -
Influenza	 	 	 1
Glandular fever	 	 	 1

CANCER

The number of deaths from cancer registered during the year was 144, of which 77 were males and 67 females.

The trend for England and Wales is continuing upwards.

The site distribution for 1960 was as follows:-

Stomach	***	 	16 cases
Respiratory organs		 	36 "
Breast		 	19 "
Genito-urinary organs		 	4 ,,
Other sites		 	69 "
			- mini

Total ... 144

The following table shows the number of deaths from cancer, together with the death rate as compared with England and Wales:—

		1 6		Death Rate per 1,000 of population				
Year.		umber of Deaths.		Mitcham.	Eng	gland and Wales.		
1941		84		1.6	***	1.67		
1942		104		1.90		1.698		
1943		95		1.7		1.74		
1944		83		1.6		1.7		
1945		103		1.91		1.74		
1946		108		1.74		1.76		
1947		103		1.60		1.86		
1948		111		1.67		1.85		
1010		124		1.85		1.87		
1949						1 00		
1949		102		1.51		1.89		
		102			er 1,0			
1950	N	umber of	Г	Death Rate p		000 of population		
1950 Year.	N	umber of Deaths.	Г	Death Rate p		000 of population		
1950	N	umber of	Г	Death Rate p		000 of population		
1950 Year.	N	umber of Deaths.	Г	Death Rate p		000 of population		
1950 Year. 1951	N 	umber of Deaths.	Г	Mitcham.		000 of population gland and Wales. 1.90		
1950 Year. 1951 1952	N	umber of Deaths. 108 128	Г	Mitcham. 1.61 1.91	Eng	old of population gland and Wales. 1.90 1.94		
1950 Year. 1951 1952 1953	N	umber of Deaths. 108 128 129	Г	Mitcham. 1.61 1.91 1.94	Eng	gland and Wales. 1.90 1.94 1.95		
1950 Year. 1951 1952 1953 1954	N	umber of Deaths. 108 128 129 108		Mitcham. 1.61 1.91 1.94 1.64	Eng	1.90 1.94 1.95 2.04		
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Year. 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957	N	umber of Deaths. 108 128 129 108 132 135 134		Mitcham. 1.61 1.91 1.64 2.02 2.08 2.06	Eng	1.90 1.94 1.95 2.04 2.06 2.07 2.09		

TUBERCULOSIS

During the year 17 new cases of tuberculosis were notified, viz:—

		Males	Females	Total
Pulmonary		 8	7	15
Non-Pulmonary		 1	1	2
	Totals	 9	8	17

Twenty-three cases were transferred into the Borough as follows:—

Pulmonary	Sopholome November of	 Males 12	Females 11	Total 23
Non-Pulmonary		 -	U - 1900	
	Totals	 12	11	23

The total number of deaths from tuberculosis was:-

		Males	Females	Total
Pulmonary		 3	_	3
Non-Pulmonary		 -	-	_
	Totals	 3	_	3

England and Wales. Mitcham.

Death rate from tuberculosis, all forms, per 1,000 population

0.07 0.05

The following table shows the number of new cases, the type of disease and the deaths from tuberculosis during the year:—

	New Cases							
Age Periods	Respiratory			on- ratory	Respi	ratory	Non- Respiratory	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year	***							
1 year to 4 years					***			
5 years to 9 "								
10 ,, ,, 14 ,,								
15 ,, ,, 19 ,,	1			The Park				
20 ,, ,, 34 ,,	2	6	1					
35 ,, ,, 44 ,,					***			
45 ,, ,, 64 ,,	3	1		1	2			
65 ,, and upwards	2	BEAR BE-SE			1			
Totals	8	7	1	1	3			

New cases coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the year through death returns and posthumous notifications:—

Age Periods	0-	1-	2-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75-	Total
Pulmonary: Males						***				1	***			1
Pulmonary Females		***	***											Nil
Non-Pulmonary: Males	1500					***								Nil
Non-Pulmonary: Females							***							Nil

The sources from which information as to the above-mentioned cases was obtained are as follows:—

	Number of Cases				
	and the same believes	Pulmonary	Non- Pulmonary		
Death Returns	(a) From Local Registrar	1 .	***		
	(b) Transferable deaths from Registrar General				
Posthumous notifica	tions from doctors		***		

The percentage of non-notified tuberculosis deaths (i.e., new cases coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health after death of the case) is 33½ per cent.

Non-notified tubercule	osis deaths	 	1
Total tuberculosis dea	iths	 	3

MINIATURE MASS RADIOGRAPHY

The was no public session by the mass radiography unit at the Vestry Hall in 1960. Instead, the unit was concentrated on factories, and between 80 and 90 per cent. of the factories in Mitcham were

visited. The following summary was supplied by the Medical Director of the unit, Dr. F. J. H. Walters:—

	Male	Female
Total number examined	1,019	1,325
Pulmonary tuberculosis (active)	3	_
Primary lung cancer	_	_

The main non-tuberculous abnormalities revealed were abnormal heart conditions, bacterial and virus infections of the lung and pulmonary fibrosis.

The above figures do not apply to Mitcham residents only, as a number of the factory personnel live outside the area.

The examination is of value in the early diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis and non-tuberculous abnormalities.

MITCHAM, BEDDINGTON AND WALLINGTON CARE COMMITTEE FOR TUBERCULOSIS AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST

Functions of the Committee

- 1. To alleviate want or distress amongst those suffering from tuberculosis and diseases of the chest, providing where necessary, extra nourishment, clothing, bedding, coal, surgical appliances, travelling expenses and help in the home.
- 2. To care for the families of patients who are in sanatoria so that their changed economic circumstances shall not result in impaired health and that the sufferer shall not be harassed by undue anxiety.

Christmas gifts are given to hardship cases.

Assistance is given towards extra nourishment, beds and bedding, occupational therapy material, education, clothing, provision of wireless, holidays, fares for relatives to visit, pocket money for patients, removal expenses, etc., etc. The Committee also carry for distribution a stock of milk foods, blankets and sheets. The help given improves the morale of the patient or the well-being of his or her family.

The Committee has the task of raising the larger portion of the funds necessary, the bulk coming from the sale of Christmas seals and donations from voluntary associations.

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