[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Camberwell, St. Giles].

Contributors

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1864-5.

ST. GILES, CAN

CAMBERWELL,

SURREY.

Minth Annual Repont

OF THE

VESTRY

OF THEIR PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE
METROPOLIS LOCAL MANAGEMENT ACT,

18 & 19 Vic., cap. 123.

CAMBERWELL.

PRINTED BY E. BILLING AND SON, COTTAGE GREEN,

NINTH ANNUAL REPORT of the Vestry of the Parish of St. Giles, Camberwell.

In conformity with the provisions of the Metropolis

Local Management Act, the Vestry of the said Parish

submit to the Parishioners a statement of their proceedings

in the execution of the various powers vested in them.

And an Account of their Receipts and Expenditure for the

year ending the 25th March, 1865.

SURVEYOR'S REPORT

1864-5.

To the Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to present to you the particulars of Works, and other matters which have engaged the attention of the Vestry during the financial year ending 25th March last, so far as they are connected with the department under my direction.

GENERAL PURPOSES.

HIGHWAYS.

The general repairs of Roads and Footpaths

which are dedicated to the use of the public, and under the control of the Vestry, do not require any special reference, except that they afford me opportunity to explain an expression in my Report of last year, viz.:-" That their condition is such as merits your satisfaction." Exception has been taken to this paragraph, but when I explain that the exception referred more particularly to those Roads and Footpaths not yet under my supervision, (but still I admit very much needing that control,) the difference of opinion is accounted for. My early Reports will on perusal shew my opinion on this point, and I may claim that no exertion on my part, or fear of additional labor of supervision has prevented me urging the speedy taking to all undedicated Roads and Paths so soon as circumstances will admit The subjoined list of "New Roads" repaired during the past year, and others in hand, as well as the large amount of Kirbing, (in extent about 20,000 feet annually,) executed in the several Wards will testify to the general improvement in the Highways of the Parish

The list would have been considerably increased (as regards New Roads) but for the anticipated Sewers Works, which for the present prevent them being repaired and converted into *Public* Roads, but you may depend that I shall with all possible

speed add to the number of these much needed improvements.

New Paving Works have been executed in the Old Kent Road, from Cooper's Road to the Canal Bridge, and in High Street, Peckham (South side) from Rye Lane to Albert Road. Some of the best of the Old Paving from these Roads was re-used in Regent Street, Southampton street. I refer to this from a desire that the Vestry should inform itself of the manifest improvement which the above Work effected in the Footways of this Street, affording a striking proof of the efficiency (and ultimate economy) of Flag Paving for lower class localities, as well as for the Main Public Thoroughfares of the Parish.

NEW STREETS.

The New Streets before referred to as having been repaired under the provisions of the Metropolitan Local Management Amendment Act, during the last Twelve Months, are as follow:—

Mawhay road Old Kant ward	Length.
Mawbey road, Old Kent road} Emily road ditto	350 yards.
Ossory road ditto	110 "
Lyndhurst grove, Peckham	235 "
Talfourd road ditto	510 ,,
Crab Tree Shot road ditto	450 ,,
Willow Brook road ditto	200 .,
Basing road, ditto	370 ,,
Alpha street, Choumert road, Rye lane	130 ,,
Edmund street, Camberwell	55 ,,

I may here remark that the above list would have been materially extended but for the prohibition before referred to, caused by the construction of the "Main Local Sewerage" Works as explained in last year's Report, (p. 6.)

STREETS, RE-NUMBERING.

The Thoroughfares in this Parish which have received this necessary consideration, are Camberwell Green and Addington Square; several other Roads and Streets have been submitted to the Metropolitan Board of Works, but I believe the number of similar applications from other parts of the Metropolis, has as yet pevented that Board from giving the necessary attention thereto.

RAILWAYS.

Plans have been deposited by the London, Brighton and South Coast Railway ("additional powers.")

This deposit refers to a Line authorized in the last Session of Parliament, (see last Report page 8,) for the purpose of a deviation of the intended alteration of Half Moon Lane, near Red Post Hill, which alteration will be a decided improvement to that first proposed and sanctioned. Plans and particulars of which diversion I have already submitted to the Vestry.

Another deposition, by the London, Chatham and Dover Railway Company (at Albert Road,

Peckham) affects this Public Thoroughfare, only by a widening of the present Bridge, near Fairmead Villas, and has for its object a Junction with the adjacent Line belonging to the London and Brighton Company. This also has been reported upon by me to the Vestry.

Powers are also sought to connect the series of Lines belonging to the Brighton Company, and passing through this Parish, with the Metropolitan and South London Railway, which proposes to utilize the Thames Tunnel as a means of Junction with the lines N. and S. of the Thames.

LIGHTING.

The number of Public Lamps of this Parish, is as follows:—

Those supplied by the South Metropolitan	No,
Gas Company, are	1326 71
Ditto Phœnix Gas Company Ditto Crystal Palace Gas Company	64
Total	1461

Additional Lamps erected during the last Twelve months	No.
Removals ditto	86

SEWERS.

The Sewers Works executed by and under the direction of the Vestry during the past year, are as follows:—

BRICK SEWERS.

PIPE SEWERS.

14,556 Feet.

20,317 feet.

Total 34,873 feet, or $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

I beg to append a list of Roads and Streets included in the above lengths of Sewers, viz.:—

Cooper's Road, Old Kent Road Emily Road, ditto Mawbey Road, Old Kent Road

Grove Lane

Champion Grove

College Street

Fowler Street

Avenue Road

Dagmar Road (part of)

Bells Garden Road, Peckham (part of)

Lyndhurst Road (part of)

Cow Lane

Albert Road (part of)

South Street, Rye Lane

Alpha Street ditto

Choumert Road

Choumert Grove

Elm Grove

St. Mary's Road (part of)

Cemetery Road ditto

Philip Road, Peckham Rye

Nunhead Grove

Lordship Lane (part of)

Nutfield Road, Lordship Lane

Frogley Road, ditto

Lapse Lane, Forest Hill

Dulwich Common

Dulwich Village

Wood Crescent Road

Sydenham Common (at rear of) from Sydenham Hill to Crystal Palace.

In the foregoing list are comprised all the Works for which the Loan (No. 1) of £8000 was raised.

HOUSE DRAINAGE.

No. of Houses permanently Drained.	No. of Houses temporarily Drained.
459	199
Total 658	Houses.

LOCAL SEWERAGE.

In the foregoing list are included most of the Sewers Works at all urgent) on the High Level, the remainder can be executed as necessity arises. As regards the Low Level Local Sewerage, my last year's Report notified that the Plan was under consideration, and without encroaching upon the information due to the current years Report, I may remind the Vestry that this Plan has been prepared and sanctioned, and active measures taken to carry out some of the most urgent Works for the immediate relief of the depressed portion of the Parish.

Your approbation of the matters referred to in the foregoing Report having been so continuously and kindly afforded me, as to render my share of the great Works in which we are engaged, a most satisfactory occupation, I feel I ought to tender you my sincere appreciation of your confidence, and I venture to express a hope for its continuance to enable me to develope further improvements of which the Parish is susceptible, and which its increasing population and growing importance demand.

Your faithful and obedient Servant,

J. C. REYNOLDS,
Surveyor.

Office of Works,
Wells Street, Southampton Street,
Camberwell.

June 24th, 1865.

1864-5.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S

REPORT.

1864-5

MEDICAL OFFICER'S

REPORT

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH'S

ANNUAL REPORT, FOR 1864.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

The year 1864 may be regarded as having been generally an unhealthy year. The death-rates of London and of its several groups of districts were higher than they had been for ten years previously; and the epidemic of typhus fever, which at the end of 1864 had prevailed for three years in London, caused during that year more deaths than it had done during either 1862 or 1863; moreover there was an increased mortality from hooping cough, measles and diarrhoea, and especially from bronchial and pulmonary affections. The death-rates in 1864 were, according to the Registrar General :- for the whole of London 2.645 per cent., for the Western group of districts 2.485, for the Northern group 2.532, for the Central group 2.901, for the Eastern group 2.809 and for the Southern group 2.530 per cent. Deaths from hooping cough increased from 2229 in 1863, to 2386 in 1864: and (still comparing the former with the latter year) deaths from measles rose from 1698 to 2750, deaths from diarrhoea from 2448 to 2861, and deaths from pulmonary affections from 6049 to 8666. Deaths from fever, which were 3635 in 1862, and 2892 in 1863, amounted to 3689 in 1864. It should be added however that other zymotic diseases diminished in severity; that deaths from diphtheria fell from 724 in

1863, to 564 in 1864, deaths from scarlet fever from 5075 to 3242, and deaths from small-pox from 2012 to 537.

It will be observed that the rate of mortality was lower in the Southern districts of London than in any other districts except the Western, and that the difference between the Southern and the Western districts was in this respect exceedingly small; it will be observed also that the fever mortality of the Southern districts was less than the fever mortality of the Northern and of the Eastern districts, but higher than that of the Central and of the Western districts.

In the parish of Camberwell, as in other parts of London, the mortality of 1864 was greater than that of 1863, or indeed than that of any other year since the Metropolis Local Management Act came into operation. (Tables I, II, III, V & VI.) In 1863, 1731 deaths were registered in the parish, in 1864 the registered deaths amounted to 1843; there was therefore during that year an increase of 112 deaths. In the sub-districts also there was generally an increase; the total number of deaths registered for Dulwich was 24 (an increase of 2 on the number registered in the previous year); the total registered for the sub-district of Camberwell was 632 (an increase of 72); the total registered for Peckham was 673 (a diminution of 26); and the total registered for St. George's was 514 (an increase of 64). But of the 632 deaths ascribed to Camberwell proper, 123 occurred in the Workhouse and 73 in the Lunatic asylums. These however belong clearly no more to this sub-district than to the other sub-districts of the parish, and should therefore, for purposes of comparison, be distributed proportionately among them. If such a distribution be made,* the year's mortality becomes, for

^{*} This distribution has been made by dividing the deaths occurring in the Workhouse and Asylums among the sub-districts, in proportion to the number of deaths (exclusive of these) returned from each.

Dulwich 27, for Camberwell 488, for Peckham 753 and for St. George's 575; and the difference between this corrected mortality for the year 1864, and the similarly corrected mortality for 1863, becomes for Dulwich an increase of 3 deaths, for Camberwell an increase of 66, for Peckham a decrease of 10 and for St. George's an increase of 84.

There is no doubt however that the population of Camberwell has increased considerably between the middle of 1863 and the middle of 1864; and relatively far more considerably than that of either London as a whole, or that of any one of its five groups of districts. This is shewn partly by the experience of former years; partly by the common knowledge we possess with regard to the rapid increase of houses, especially of late, in most parts of the parish; and in a remarkable way by the rapid increase in the number of births. From 1857 (of which year I first have returns of births), the number of children born has regularly increased year by year, and latterly this increase has been very rapid. There were 150 more children born in the parish in 1863 than there were in 1862, and 344 more in 1864 than there were in 1863. (Tables IV & VII.)

This increase in the number of births appears all the more remarkable, if it be compared with the increase during a corresponding period for the whole of London. For London, the birth-rate of 1864 shewed an increase of about .2 per cent. only over that of 1863; for Camberwell there was an increase in the birth-rate of 13-0 per cent. But the relative amount of increase varied considerably in the several sub-districts of the parish;—in Dulwich the births rose from 46 to 53, in Camberwell from 698 to 774, in Peckham from 1087 to 1156 and in St. George's from 807 to 999; the rate of increase being for Dulwich 15.2 per cent.. for Camberwell 10.9, for Peckham 6.3 and for St. George's 23.8. Now, doubtless, some portion of this great

increase in the number of births in Camberwell may be due to exceptional circumstances in regard to the population,* some portion to mere accident, but the greater part of is must certainly be due to mere though considerable increase of adult or child-producing population.

In my last report, as in former reports, I explained how difficult it is to estimate the population of this parish and of its several sub-divisions; and in my last report I gave in proof of this three estimates founded on different data. I will give three similar estimates now, and the death-rates calculated according to these estimates.

1st.—If the people of Camberwell and of its sub-districts have since 1861 increased at the same annual rate† as these of the whole of South London increased between the census years 1851 and 1861, the population of Camberwell was in the midled of 1864 76,979, that of Dulwich was 1856, that of Camberwell proper 22,933, that of Peckham 30,296, that of St. George's 21,894; and the death-rates were for the whole parish 2.39 per cent., for Dulwich 1.4, for Camberwell 2.13, for Peckham 2.48 and for St. George's 2.63.

2nd.—If the parish and its component parts increased according to their own respective rates ‡ of increase during the ten years, 1851-61, the population of the parish amounted in the middle of the year to about 78,637, that of Dulwich to about 1754, that of Camberwell to about 22,684, that of Peckham to about 32,221, that of St. George's to about 22,202; and the

^{*} Such as the influx into the parish of a disproportionately large number of young newly married persons, attracted hither by the erection of new houses in new districts.

[†] Viz. at the annual rate of 2.28 per cent.

[‡] Increase of parish 30.77 per cent. per decenniad, of Dulwich 5.57, of Camberwell 20.04, of Peckham 44.69, of St. George's 28.29.

death-rates become respectively 2.34, 1.54, 2.15, 2.34 and 2.59.

3rd.—But if the population be estimated from the births (and the Registrar General has shewn that as a rule the mean birth-rate of England is 3.318 per cent. of the population,) the calculated population becomes for the whole parish 89,873, for Dulwich 1597, for Camberwell 23,327, for Peckham 34,840 and for St. George's 30,109; and the death-rates became respectively 2.05, 1.69, 2.09, 2.16 and 1.91.

Now I can scarcely doubt that the first of the above estimates, of the population of the whole parish is considerably below the truth that the last is considerably above the truth. I believe also that the second estimate is a good deal below the actual number of the population. But even if that estimate be adopted, it will be observed that the parochial death-rate founded upon it is considerably below that of London, and that of any of the groups of districts into which the Registrar General divides London.

As regards the sub-districts of the parish, I have no doubt that the first and second estimates are very wide indeed of the truth; for every thing shews that even if the parish as a whole have increased with some kind of uniformity of increase, the parts of the parish have increased irregularly and by fits and starts as it were. I have reason to believe that these estimates are especially misleading as regards the sub-district of St. George's, and that during 1864 there has been an unprecedently large influx of population into it.

On the whole, I have no hesitation in affirming that the death-rates of the parish at large and of its sub-districts are, compared both with their death-rates in former years and with those of the rest of London, far from unfavorable.

As regards zymotic diseases, Camberwell presents in many

respects the same conditions as London itself. Some diminished in severity, others increased in severity. Deaths from smallpox fell from 14 in 1863 to 10 in 1864, deaths from scarlet fever from 124 to 83, deaths from diphtheria from 29 to 16, and deaths from measles from 32 to 29. But deaths from hooping cough increased from 57 to 61, and deaths from fever from 41 to 51. Generally throughout the parish zymotic diseases prevailed less extensively and were less fatal in 1864 than in 1863. The deaths from the several forms of disease just enumerated were distributed according to districts as follows: -of small pox, 2 fatal cases occurred in Camberwell, 3 in Peckham and 5 in St. George's; of scarlet fever, 1 fatal case occurred in Dulwich, 21 fatal cases in Camberwell, 24 in Peckham and 37 in St. George's; of diphtheria, 2 fatal cases occurred in Dulwich, 4 in Camberwell, 6 in Peckham and 4 in St. George's; of measles, 7 fatal cases occurred in Camberwell, 9 in Peckham and 13 in St. George's; of hooping cough, 15 fatal cases occurred in Camberwell, 21 in Peckham and 25 in St. George's; and of fever, 25 fatal cases occurred in Camberwell, 18 in Peckham and 8 in St. George's.

The only one of these diseases in reference to which I need make any special observations is that to which the term "fever' is applied. It is well known that, during the years 1862, 1863 and 1864, typhus fever, which had for several years previously been absent from London, has prevailed here in an epidemic form. In 1862, 3635 deaths were in the Registrar General's returns ascribed to fever; in 1863, 2892 deaths were ascribed to the same disease; and in 1834, 3689. The epidemic therefore, which was severe in 1862, diminished in severity in 1863, and increased in severity in 1864, during which year the deaths from it were more numerous than they had been even in 1862. In Camberwell the fever mortality was (taking still the

Registrar General's numbers) in 1862, 65, in 1863, 50, and in 1864, 52; * so that there was in 1864 a considerable reduction in fever mortality from that which had obtained in 1862, and the increase above that which had obtained in 1863 was quite unimportant. But although the fever mortality has been generally sufficiently high, and the prevalence of fever sufficiently great to constitute a real typhus epidemic, the mortality due to the disease, relatively to the population, has been much smaller than these statements might lead one to suppose; for, assuming the population of London to have remained stationary since 1861, the fever mortality per cent. in 1864 was for all London, .1316, for the Western districts .0982, for the Northern districts .1420, for the Central districts .1087, for the Eastern districts .1498, and for the Southern districts .1408. And the fever mortality for Camberwell, assuming still the population to be no more numerous than it was in 1861, was only .072 per cent. For the St. George's district it was .054 per cent., for the Peckham district .06, and for the Camberwell district .012. In Dulwich there were no fever deaths.

It must not be forgotten, however, that the deaths ascribed to fever include, besides typhus deaths, deaths from other febrile affections, especially from typhoid or enteric fever, and that if these latter could be deducted, the mortality at present generally attibuted to typhus would become sensibly reduced. We know that for many years past enteric fever has prevailed, not largely but tolerably uniformly, throughout London; we know that during a certain period (from about 1856 to the end of 1861) typhus was absent from London, and that during this period

^{*} On a former page I make the fever deaths in Camberwell 41 in 1863, and 51 in 1864, having derived these numbers from my own interpretation of the Local Registrars' returns; but here, as generally elsewhere, when comparing Camberwell with other districts, I adopt for obvious reasons the Registrar General's figures.

the deaths ascribed to fever were almost exclusively deaths from enteric fever. Now during these years the fever deaths in Camberwell ranged from 19 to 31 per annum. We may assume then, roughly, that there was during this period an annual enteric fever death rate of 25. We may assume also that the deaths from this disease have, during the last three years, averaged about the same number. But if this be so, then it will be seen that the deaths from actual typhus-from the disease which has been lately epidemic, and about which so much has lately been written-were in our parish about 35 instead of 65 in 1862, and in 1863 and in 1864, about six or seven and twenty only, instead of 50 and 52. On the whole it must be admitted that an examination of the mortality due to fever and to other zymotic diseases confirms the favorable opinion which I have expressed as to the general healthiness of Camberwell and of its several districts during the year which has just elapsed.

I should be sorry to have it supposed that in thus endeavouring to estimate the exact truth in reference to typhus, I am endeavouring to conceal in any degree the importance of the epidemic which has prevailed and still prevails, or in any degree to lessen the responsibility of those whose duty it is to watch over the public health. I have no such intention. I may add, in reference to this subject, that the rule which I have adopted has been to have all houses (especially houses of the poorer classes) inspected, in which deaths from typhus and other of the more important zymotic diseases have occurred, and to take such stepe in reference to them as the respective cases seem to require. The continued presence however of typhus in London, and the public notice which the alarm of the so called "Russian epidemic," has drawn to this continued presence, have led me to consider very seriously what is the best mode of dealing in London with epidemics of typhus and other "plagues," such as cholera, when they visit us,

In considering this question it is desirable first to point out briefly some of the more important characters of the disease before us. Typhus fever is an infectious fever, but though infectious is far less so than either scarlet fever or small pox; and hence it happens that, although it spreads rapidly and with virulence in the presence of the overcrowding, ill-ventilation and want of cleanliness, which characterize the dwellings of many of the poorer classes, solitary cases have been known over and over again to occur in the houses of the better classes without the extension of the disease to any other member of the household. Typhus fever again, like small pox and scarlet fever, is one of those affections which as a rule happen only once in a life time; and hence those who have once had it may be regarded as safe from future attacks; hence too when the disease has been sbsent for some years from any locality, and but few of those who have had the disease remain, the population becomes susceptible of its contagion, and the disease, if by any accident introduced, tends to assume among them an epidemic and virulent character, and to prevail, unless precautionary measures be adopted, until it has invaded the whole of the unprotected portion of the population.

These considerations serve to shew that, among the better classes, the disease may be left with propriety to be dealt with by those who are personally interested in the welfare of the sick; but that among the poorer classes, both in the interests of those who who are attacked with the disease and in the interests of those among whom they dwell, the sick should be removed from their residences and treated away from their families in appropriate institutions.

It will, perhaps, at once suggest itself that we already possess these institutions in our general hospitals and in the London Fever Hospital. And no doubt these places, in years when there is no epidemic prevalence, are competent to deal with the scattered fever cases which occur; and even in the presence of an epidemic are competent to afford a certain amount of relief. But experience has shewn that this amount of relief is really very limited; and I may add, that in my belief the resources and arrangements of these institutions are wholly inadequate to meet all the exigencies of an epidemic.

First, as regards the general hospitals; these have only a limited number of beds, 3 or 4000 in all; their income is limited, for they are supported either by a fixed annual revenue or (as in the majority of cases) by charity alone; and they have to meet as much during the presence of epidemics as at other times, all those ordinary claims upon them which they were designed to meet and which they cannot even at these times with justice neglect. I may add that, for my own part, I advocate and always have advocated the admission into these hospitals of a certain proportion of fever cases, and that the practice of at all events the larger London hospitals has been hitherto in accordance with this opinion. There are, nevertheless, some serious objections to this practice, and many persons both amongst physicians and lay managers of hospitals regard them as sufficiently serious to justify the exclusion of all fever cases from these institutions. Under any circumstances, the general public cannot demand of subscription hospitals any form of benefit beyond what the subscribers to these institutions think it right to offer; and even in the case of the endowed hospitals, of which there are but three, all that could be insisted on (taking the very broadest view of the claims of the general public upon them) is that which is at present granted, viz. that fever cases should be received into them in a certain proportion. Altogether then I have no hesitation in declaring that general hospitals, as at present constituted and supported, do not provide for and cannot meet the necessities which an epidemic creates.

Second, as regards the Fever Hospital; this is an admirable institution, admirably conducted and does great good; moreover the Poor Law Board evidently looks upon it as the proper place in which fever cases occurring amongst the poorest of the population should be treated. But to this opinion I am bound to demur, and mainly on two grounds. In the first place, there is the objection which arises from there being only one such institution to this vast metropolis; patients have to be brought to it from long distances, (they come even by direction of the Poor Law Board, from Greenwich and from Woolwich,) and of those who come long distances it is well known that no inconsiderable proportion die directly from the effects of their journey; again, if such an institution be designed to receive and treat all the fever cases occurring amongst the classes most prone to fever, it should be an institution not of hundreds of beds like the present, but I might almost say of thousands of beds, and the creation of such overgrown hospitals is contrary to the sanitary tendencies of the present day. In the second place, there is the objection that the fever hospital is dependent almost entirely on voluntary contributions. Now voluntary contributions are always difficult to obtain; and that it has been so in the case of the fever hospital is shewn by the late appeals which it has been necessary to make on its behalf to the charity of the public. What then would be the difficulty of obtaining adequate funds for the maintenance of the hospital if it consisted of 1000 beds (say) instead of about 300 as it does now? what would be the difficulty of obtaining money sufficient to maintain the buildings alone, at times when (as in the absence of epidemics) not more than 50 beds out of the 1000 are required for constant use? But surely that which is required for the general benefit and security of the public, ought not to depend on the support of the charitable few.

What seems to me to be needed is a number of institutions scattered over the metropolitan area, in such numbers and at such a distance from one another, as that no patient sick of typhus should need to be carried a dangerous distance to reach one of them; institutions to be maintained, not by the subscriptions of the charitable, but by rates equably levied from the public at large; institutions, which in the absence of epidemics, might be used for other purposes. Such institutions we possess in our workhouse infirmaries; these are already acknowledged to be the hospitals for paupers and those whom sickness pauperizes, these conveniently stud the surface of the metropolis, these alone (among hospitals) are supported by funds provided for by law, and capable through the rates of increasing their income to meet any extraordinary demands which may be made upon them. I allow that at the present time the greater number of these institutions are quite unfit to receive cases of infectious diseases. But this unfitness is remediable. To enable them to treat typhus patients with propriety within their own walls, instead of sending them, as under the directions of the Poor Law Board they do now, for treatment elsewhere, it would be necessary for each workhouse to have in connection with it a detached ward or wards; to have these wards arranged and conducted on sound hygienic principles; to entrust the nursing duties to experienced and seasoned nurses only; and to have at all events during the height of an epidemic a resident medical officer. Further, all needless communication should be interdicted between the inmates of these wards and those of other wards in the infirmary. I have only sketched very generally the arrangement and management of fever wards; but it will be seen that these are very different from what are usually met with in workhouse infirmaries; and I may add, that if they were carried out thoroughly and well, there would be no danger of typhus spreading either to the inmates of the general workhouse or to the inmates of other parts of the workhouse infirmary. The plan above sketched would not preclude two or three contiguous parishes from combining, if it seemed advantageous for them to do so, to erect and maintain a common fever house; it is obvious too that wards capable of receiving fever cases would be capable of receiving any other form of infectious diseases, and might in the absence of such diseases be used for the reception of the ordinary sick.

The main points in the plan which I propose are, that there shall be many fever houses, and that they shall be paid for out of the rates. I suggest the workhouse infirmaries for fever houses, because they abundantly fulfil these cardinal conditions; and because, though it might be a matter of some little expense, it would be a matter of no real difficulty to make, in connection with them, the necessary arrangements and to provide the necessary buildings.

I may point out finally in relation to this subject, that unless power be given by the Legislature to local authorities or those acting under them, to insist on the removal of such as are sick of infectious diseases to the institutions whatever they may be which may be provided for their treatment, neither the plan which I have advocated nor any other plan that can be conceived of, will avail to arrest the progress amongst the poorer classes of epidemics of typhus or other such diseases.

During the twelve months, which ended on the 31st March, 1865, the ordinary sanitary labours of my department were systematically carried out (Table VIII.) 1454 houses were inspected in the course of the usual house to house visitation, and 874 complaints in reference to nuisances arising from accomulations of ashes, refuse, dung, from pigs, manufactories, &c.,

were investigated, and for the most part satisfactorily disposed of. 193 houses were white-washed and cleansed and 33 were repaired. In 117 instances water for drinking purposes was supplied to houses, and in 49 instances to closets. 231 cesspools were emptied; 62 were filled up and abolished; and 45 water closets (with the necessary drainage) were provided. 132 drains were trapped, or cleansed; and 97 yards were paved or had their pavement amended. Besides the above, 55 slaughter-houses, 64 cow-houses and 84 bake-houses were inspected and kept under supervision.

The execution of the above works needed the issue of 306 notices to owners or occupiers of houses, of which 13 had to be repeated. Only 8 summonses were needed. At the end of the year 8 works for which notices had been served were still incomplete.

The gas of the South Metropolitan Gas Company; and the waters of the Southwark and Vauxhall, of the Lambeth and of the Kent Companies have during the year been periodically examined. And both the gas and the several waters have been invariably found to be in a satisfactory condition.

I have lastly, Gentlemen, to express my approval of the way in which the Inspectors of Nuisances have performed the duties which have devolved upon them; and to thank you for the continued kindness which I receive at your hands.

I remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

May 31st, 1865.

J. S. BRISTOWE.

TABLE I.—Shewing the Mortality of the Parish of Camberwell in Districts during the year 1864.

				_				At wh	at A	ges ?									F	rom v	vhat	Cause	es P							
	TOTAL,							5 to	10 to	15 to	20 to	30 to	40 to	50 to	60 to		ce, Privation, Poison, Premature Birth.	Small Pox.	Fover	carlet Pever.	Diphtheria.	Dysentery and Acute Diar- rhors (not of Infants) and Cholers.	ilas, Pysmin, and rperal Fever.	Mensies,	Hooping Cough.	Group,	b, Bronchitis, and	phalus and Con-	loth	discuses, chiefly
	М.	F.	M.F.	5	10	15	20	30	40	50	60	70	over	Violence and F			80		Dysenter rhora	Erysipelas, l Puerpera		Hoc		Diarrhoe Pneum under III	Hydroce	Phthisis and	Otherd			
Dulwich	13	11	24	8	2	0	0	1	1	4	2	2	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	3	15			
Camberwell	304	328	632	189	19	13	7	42	53	63	70	70	106	32	2	25	21	4	3	9	7	15	7	55	44	80	32			
Peckham	321	352	673	272	27	12	10	87	54	49	41	70	101	63	3	18	24	6	7	7	9	21	17	68	62	91				
St. George's	260	254	514	257	26	7	9	27	35	33	27	38	55	44	5	8	37	4	1	3	13	25	12	79	42	72				
Total	898	945	1843	726	74	32	26	107	143	149	140	180	266	139	10	51	83	16	11	19	29	61	37	205	150	246	78			

TABLE II.—Shewing Deaths in the Workhouse and Lunatic Asylums in 1864.

					M.	F.	M.F
	М.	F.	M.F.	Workhouse	69	54	123
Camberwell Sub-district	304	328	632	Lunatic Asylums.	42	31	73
				Sub-district exclusive of above	193	243	436

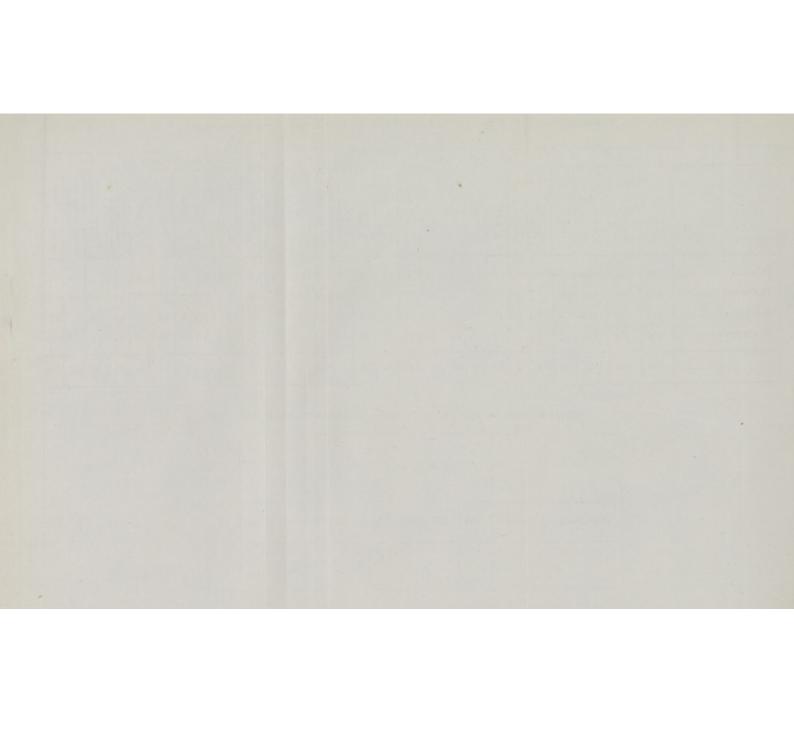


TABLE III.—Shewing the Mortality of the Parish of Camberwell in Seasons during the year, 1864.

							A	wha	t Age	es ?				From what Causes ?													
	TOTAL.			0 to	5 to	10 to	15 to	20 to	30 to	40	50 to	60 to	70 and	Privation, Poison, remature Birth,	Small Pox.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	r and Acute Diar- not of Infants) d Cholera.	as, Pysemia, and rperal Ferer.	Mensles.	Hooping Cough.	Croup.	, Bronchitis, and onla of Infants rec years of age.	phalus and Con- ns of Infincy.	Phthisis and other Tuber-	Other diseases, chiefly Chronic.
	м.	F.	M.F.	5		15	20	30	40	50	60	70	over.	Violence,	on.		Sc		Dysentery rhosa (Erystpelas, Puerpe		Hoo		Diarrhea Paeum under th	Hydroce	Phthisis :	Other
First Quarter	283	291	574	204	18	8	8	27	43	41	57	72	96	35	0	13	25	3	0	5	15	23	9	50	35	66	298
Second Quarter	196	213	409	152	19	9	8	28	33	37	28	38	57	30	3	7	13	5	1	3	8	18	7	30	40	70	17
Third Quarter	205	189	394	188	19	6	5	22	24	84	32	25	39	38	4	13	20	0	6	4	0	11	6	70	38	61	123
Fourth Quarter	214	252	466	182	18	9	5	30	43	37	23	45	74	36	3	18	25	8	4	7	6	9	15	55	37	49	19
Total	898	945	1843	726	74	32	26	107	143	149	140	180	266	139	10	51	83	16	11	19	29	61	37	205	150	246	78

TABLE IV.—Shewing the Births during the year 1864.

	Dulwich.	Camberwell	Peckham.	St. George's	М.	F.	M. F.
First Quarter	21	188	292	205	354	352	706
Second Quarter	13	206	281	270	370	400	770
Third Quarter	5	208	309	276	405	388	793
Fourth Quarter	14	177	274	248	389	324	713
Total	53	774	1156	999	1518	1464	2982

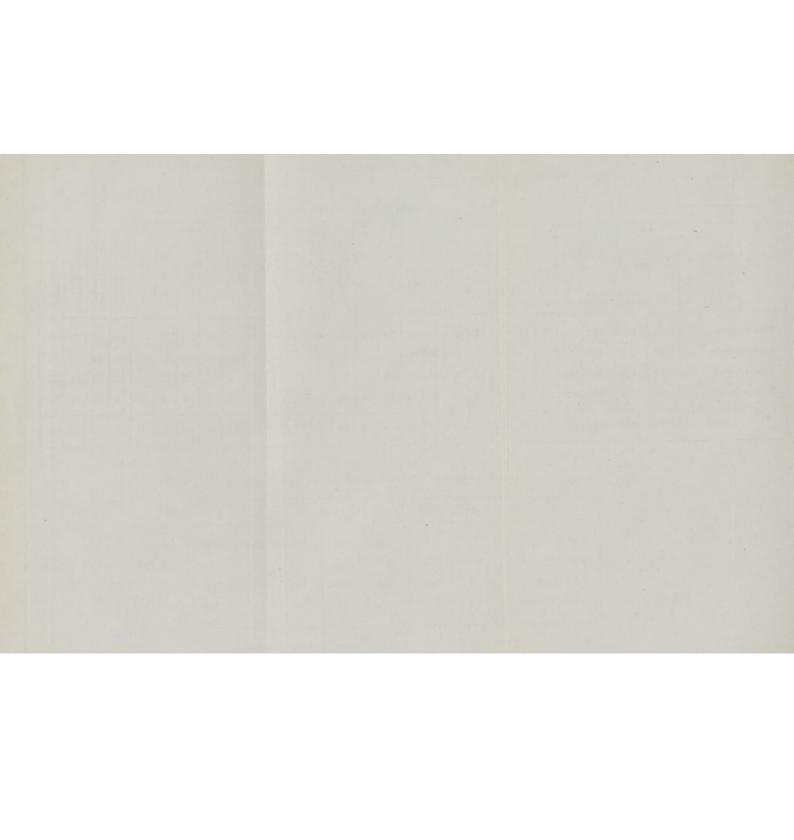


Table V.—Shewing the Deaths in Camberwell during the Nine years, ending December 31st, 1864.

							At	what	t Age	S				From what Causes?													
	TOTA	AL. F.	M.F.	0 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 30	30 to 40	40 to 50	50 to 60	60 to 70	70 and over.		Fever.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Hooping Cough.	Croup.	Erysipelas, Pyemia, and Puerperal Pever.	Dysentery and Acute Diar- rhoa (not of Infants) and Cholers.	Diarrhos, Bronchitis, and Pneumonia of Infants, uoder Three years of age.	Hydrocephalus and Con- vulsions of Infancy.	Phthisis and other Tuber- cular diseases,	Other diseases, chiefly
														Vic								- H	Dy	Dia	Hy	Ph	_
1856	561	622	1183	427	49	21	22	67	104	92	103	116	182	85	19	5	500	0	48	32	20	26	7	104	90	165	552
1857	629	630	1259	430	46	20	18	85	101	105	112	143	199	107	24	4	4	4	7	30	15	16	18	120	99	179	590
1858	688	752	1440	527	67	27	32	83	117	109	115	160	203	101	20	7	129		28	51	29	12	7	126	108	169	639
1859	641	726	1367	494	58	17	26	77	113	122	114	138	208	81	31	12	-	32		66		15	4	183	89	182	62
1860	608	720	1328	472	50	17	25	74	107	102	105	137	239	70	26	5	34	11	76		15	14	7	166	96	191	60
1861	683	736	1419	521	49	31	25	81	105	103	112	149	243	99	25	2	13	25	8	72	22	8	9	164	114	198	66
1862	715	838	1553	601	79	40	32	75	122	124	104	150	226	109	64		101	40	32	53	21	14	4	152	108	607	64
1863	873	858	1731	726	94	40	47	103	92	120	125	169	215	135	41	14	124	29	32	57	34	24	13	169	165	240	65
1864	898	945	1843		74	32	26	107	143	149	1 and		266		51	10	83	16	29	61	37	19	11	205	150	246	78

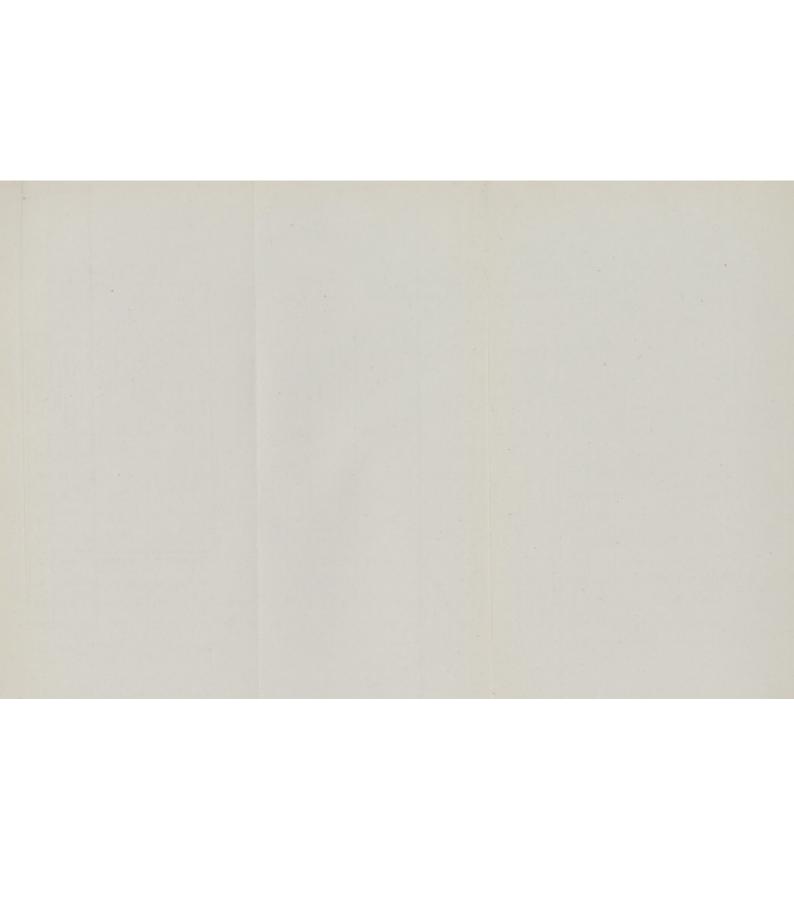


TABLE VI.—Shewing increase of Deaths.

TABLE VII .- Shewing increase of Births.

	Dulwich.	Camberwell	Peckham.	St. George's	Total.
*1857	16	486	426	308	1236
1858	21	530	470	419	1440
1859	20	483	500	364	1367
1860	19	461	495	353	1328
1861	28	486	536	367	1419
1862	25	552	587	389	1553
*1863	22	549	686	441	1698
1864	24	632	673	514	1843
	8	146	247	206	607

	Dulwich.	Camberwell	Peckham.	St. George's	Total.
*1857	33	580	830	601	2044
1858	32	584	810	675	2101
1859	42	591	885	677	2195
1860	25	648	889	681	2243
1861	42	668	972	709	2391
1862	40	681	1002	765	2488
*1863	46	698	1087	807	2638
1864	53	774	1156	999	2982
	20	194	326	398	938

The deaths in the Workhouse and in the Asylums are included in the returns from the sub-district of Camberwell.

^{*} The years 1857 and 1863 comprised 53 Saturdays and the returns therefore 53 weeks. To render the series uniform, the actual numbers of Deaths and Births returned during these years have been reduced in the Tables in the ratio of 53 to 52.

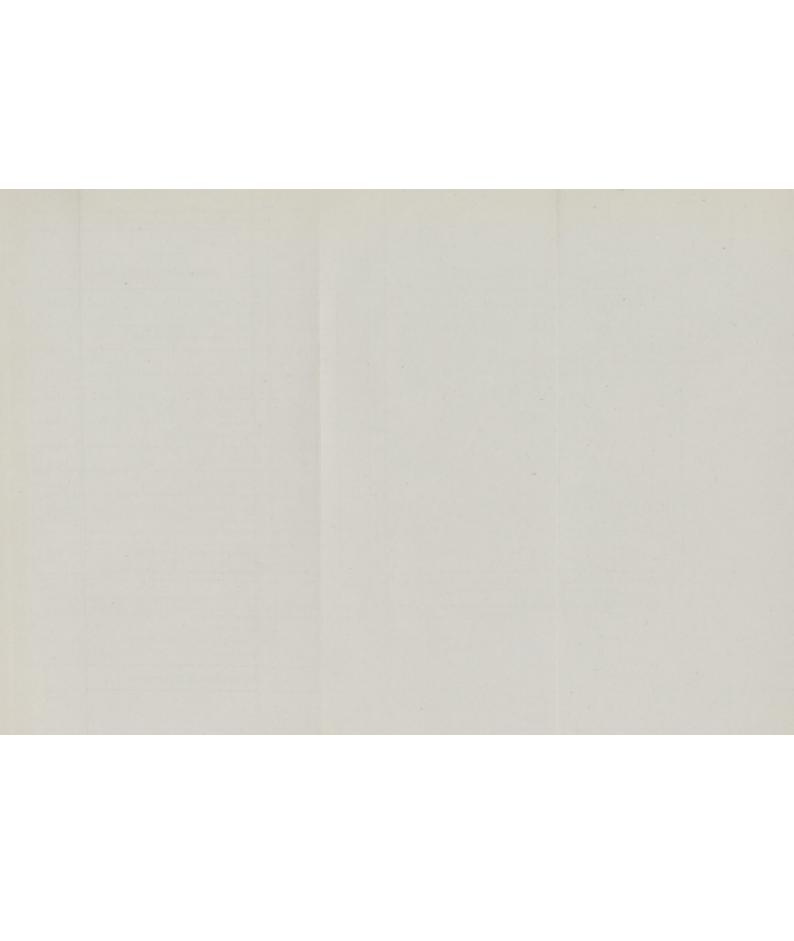


TABLE VIII.—Containing a Tabular Statement of Sanitary Works carried out between March 31st, 1864, and March 31st, 1865.

1454	Houses inspected.
306	1st. Notices served on Owners and Occupiers
13	2nd. of Houses.
8	Summonses.
193	Houses cleansed and whitewashed.
33	Houses repaired
97	Yards paved and amended.
117	Water supplied to premises.
49	Water supplied to closets.
231	Cesspools emptied.
62	Cesspools filled up.
45	Closets provided.
132	Drains cleansed, trapped or otherwise improved.
874	Nuisances arising from accumulations of Ashes, Refuse or Dung, from Pigs, &c., which have been inquired into and for the most removed or remedied.
55	Slaughter Houses inspected, and kept under supervision.
64	Cow-houses ditto ditto
84	Bake-houses ditto ditto
8	Works outstanding, or in progress.

ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT

Of Cash received and expended by the Vestry of this Parish from the 25th March, 1864, to the 25th March, 1865.

Dr.	Cr.
RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.
\pounds s. d. \pounds s. d . To Cash Balance in favor of Rate, March 25th, $1864 \dots \dots$	£ s. d. £ s. d. By Cash paid on Account of Liabilities owing by the Vestry March 25th, 1864, viz:— NEW ROADS.
March 25th, 1864, viz.:— "Overseers, Balance of excess levied beyond Orders of Vestry to end of 1862 Rates 131 16 6 "Ditto, Interest on Deposit Account	By J. Facey, Balance of Contract for Basing and other Roads
to yutaal and expended by the Vestry of and of 1881, deals and mon the 281, deals also	By J. Facey, Hard Core and Gravel
NEW ROADS. To Apportionments paid by Owners, viz.:— "Montpelier Road, Balance	PAVING AND KERBING. By Mowlem & Co
Carried forward£2830 4 3	Carried forward £1641 8 2

£ s. d. £ s. d. To Amount brought forward 2830 4 3	By Au ount brought forward £ s. d. £ s. 1641 8 CARTAGE. By J. Facey 341 13	2
	RENT. By Sturge, Rent to Michaelmas, 1863 106 15	10
REPAIRS TO ROADS, PAVING, &c.	ST. GEORGE'S BRIDGE.	
To Contributions of Owners towards Repairs, viz.:— Dulwich College, Repairs to Lordship's	By Bevington & Topham, Balance of Contract 569 3 "Mr. Branfill, Engineer, Balance 73 10	
Road	WHARFAGE. By J. Archer	0
Paving opposite Lothian Road 6 10 10 114 17 7	By Small Bills 21 17 10 " J. Holcombe, Carpenter's Work 19 11 8 " Acock & Son, Bricklayer's Work 11 14 9 " Warner, Street Tablets 40 15 6	9
	" St. Thomas's Hospital, Quota of Expenses per Mr. H. Sturmy	
REPAIRS TO TRENCHES.	PARLIAMENTARY FEES. By Mr. G. Pike, Costs of Opposition of Bills,	
To Phoenix Gas Company	viz.:— " London, Brighton and South Coast Railway 106 1 2 " London, Chatham and Dover Railway 71 7 10 " Commercial Docks and Grand Surrey Dock and Canal Bill 36 0 8	9 8
Carried forward 3023 15	Carried forward 3068 S	9 1

	£ s. d. £ s. d.		£ s. d	1. £	s. d.
To Amount brought forward	3023 15 7	By Amount brought forward		3068	9 1
The state of the s		A CONTROL OF STREET SAME OF STREET			
ENT.		SALARIES.			
o Board of Guardians, Two Quarters' Rent		By Vestry Clerk	131 5 0		
to Lady Day, 1864	27 10 0	" Surveyor	100 0 0		
Parliamentary Fees (charged in error)	2 2 0				
	/	" One-third to this Rate	231 5 0	77	1 8
				05	0 0
		" Medical Officer, One-half to this Rate	50 0 0	25	0 0
			Wheat he		
/		MIGGEL LANDONG DANDENGEG			
/-		MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.			
		By Messenger, Salary	13 13 0		
		" Billing & Son, Printing	56 17 0		
		" Petty Cash	4 2 10		
amount to other			-		
0 31 91		" One-third to this Rate	74 12 10	24]	7 8
salled to achieve					
/ which was the state of the st					
Total Assets received	3053 7 7	Total Liabilities paid		3195	8 5
Carried forward					-
		Carried forward			

To Amount brought forward	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	By Amount brought forward	£	3195 8 5
To Overseers on Account of Order of Vestry, 1864, for £11,300	9300 0 0		NEW ROADS.		
on 1863 Rates	548 18 9	9848 18 9	By J. Facey, as per Contract	1322 16 523 0	
NEW ROADS.				2	1845 16 3
To Apportionments paid by Owners, viz.:— "Downes Street	50 0 0		REPAIRS TO ROADS, MATERIALS, &c.		
" Green Hundred Road	160 0 0 460 0 0		By J. Facey, Hard Core, Gravel, &c	298 11 15 10	
" Mawbey and Emily Roads " Crab Tree Shot Road and Willow Brook	250 0 0		" J. Hamson, Gravel	557 11 705 12	
Road	500 0 0 220 0 0	1040 0 0	" J. Fuller, Rag and Chippings " C. Constable, Ballast	150 15 15 1	
		1640 0 0	" Shellbourne & Son, Granite	238 18 580 8	
REPAIRS TO ROADS, PAVING, &c.			Board of Guardians, Stone	57 0 143 11	3
To Contribution of Owners, viz :-	6 6 11		" Mr. Wilson, Edmund Street Improvement	75 0	
" R. May" " J. Beswick, Edmund Street Improvement	10 15 0 20 0 0 10 3 8		PAVING AND KERBING.		
" M. Fort " Mrs. Child " Larner	0 10 0		By L. Dalton, Mason's Work	294 12 443 13	
" Mann, Crossman & Co	17 16 2	73 11 9	" H. Booth, Kerbing	6 10 1461 2	5
Carried forward	1	4,615 18 1	Carried forward		10,085 4 2

£ s. d. £ s. d. To Amount brought forward 14,615 18 1	By Amount brought forward CARTAGE.	£		. £		d. 2
REPAIRS TO TRENCHES.	By J. Facey			783	1	9
REPAIRS TO TRENCHES.	WATERING ROADS.					
To South Metropolitan Gas Company 120 2 4 " Lambeth Water Company 25 0 3 To Deposits received with Tenders 30 0 0 REMOVAL OF DUST. To Wm. Winn on account of One Year's Contract for £550 283 6 8	By J. Facey, as per Contract " C. Constable " " Jones & Co. " " G. Burley, Repairs to Carts " Braby & Son " " One Water Cart " Shand & Mason, Repairs to Pumps " Southwark and Vauxhall Water Company for Water " Lambeth Water Company ditto " Grand Surrey Canal Company ditto " Kent Water Company ditto	584 12 112 4 104 (32 14 1 13 26 (56 13 250 (129 15 52 10 30 (1 1 0 0 0 1 1 5 0 0 0 0 3 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
				1380	3	11
RENT.	RENT.					
To Board of Guardians, Half Year's Rent to Michaelmas, 1864	By Sturge, Rent to Michaelmas, 1864, less Property Tax			107	5	10
	REMOVAL OF DUST.					
" Interest on Deposit Account	By G. Smeed, to Michaelmas, 1864			180	0	0
Carried forward 15,193 12 3	Carried forward			12,535	15	8

\pounds s. d.	£	s. d.	£ s	. d.
To Amount brought forward 15,193 12 3	By Amount brought forward	12	,535 1	5 8
- 9 1 200	WHARFAGE.			
The same of the sa	By J. Archer		19	5 0
The same of the sa				
	" Royal Society for the Protection of Life from Fire		100	0 0
The second of th				
	" Small Bills		78 1	6 1
The state of the s				
	SUNDRIES.			
	By Collectors Re-numbering Streets 2	3 4 0		
100 0001		5 0 0		
	# G. Burley, Smith's Work 11	9 15 2		
		9 13 10		
		2 10 0		
	" Surrey Volunteer Fire Brigade, Con-			
		0 0 0		
		9 7 1		
		0 0 0		
		5 9 5		
	" W. A. Haib, raint, co	0 9 0		
Carried forward 15,193 12 3	Carried forward 2	95 16 2	12,733	16 9

£ s. d.		£	S.	d.	£	s. d	1.
To Amount brought forward 15,193 12 3	By Amount brought forward	295	16	2	12,733	16	9
	SUNDRIES.						
	By Beaman, Unloading Barges	30	18	4			
	" Aird & Sons, Repairs to Stand Pipes	6	6	0			
	" Harper, Engine Keeper	5	5	0			
	" Merryweather, Repairs to Engine	7	.0	0			
	" Committees' Expenses	52	14	7			
		-	-	_	398	0	1
/							
	SALARIES.						
	By Vestry Clerk	393	15	0			
	" Surveyor	300	0	0			
	" One Third to this Rate	693	15	0	231	5	0
	By Medical Officer	150	. 0	0			
the Collection Residence of the Collection of th	" Inspectors of Nuisances	153	0	0			
and supposed the same of the s	" One Half to this Rate	303	0	0	151	10-	0 _
And the Miles of the Control of the	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.						
/ continue of the state of the	By Messenger's Salary	40	19	0			
	" Billing & Son, Printing	225	18	0			
	" Petty Disbursements	140	8	0			
	" Jenkins, Coals	5	4	.0			
Carried forward	Carried forward	£412	9	0	13,514	11	10

£ s. d. To amount brought forward 15,193 12 3	By amount brought forward 412 9 0 13,514 11 10
And form	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, (Continued.)
	" South Metropolitan Gas Company, Gas for
	Vestry Hall and Surveyor's Office 2 18 4
	" Straker, Stationery 6 2 0
	" Road Labourers' Holiday 10 5 0
/	" Expenses of Vestry viewing Main Drainage Works
	" Lovett, Messengers' Clothing 6 18 0
	" Christmas Gratuities to Mrs. Edwards and
	Mr. Marsden's Clerks 10 0 0
	" One Third to this Rate 467 18 4 155 19 5
	" Labour 1570 0 0
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
0 0 0/ / Company of the molecular to molecular to	
	/
of the state of th	
. /	
£15,193 12 3	
To Balance against the Rate	
£15,240 11 3	
	£15,240 11 3

Dr.	Cr.
RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.
£ s. d. £ s. d. To Cash Balance in favor of Rate, March 25th, 1865	£ s. d. £ s. d. By Cash paid on account of Liabilities owing by the Vestry, March 25th, 1864, viz.:— JOBBING WORKS.
Ditto Balance of Order of Vestry, 1863 2500 0 0 — 2678 3 8	By J. Blackmore
" Private Drainage of the Surveyor 34 6 1	SEWERS' WORK.
0 0 0021	By T. Pearson, Balance of Contract (Montpelier Road
	SUNDRIES.
	By Small Bills
	# Law Costs, Re Rock Loan dispute, viz.:— # Mr. McNamara, Arbitration Fees
Carried forward, £2748 9 3	Carried forward £408 7 0

£ s. d. £ s.			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward 2748 9	9 3	By Amount brought forward				408	7	0
		SALARIES.						
		By Vestry Clerk	131 100	5 0				
ANG STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH		" One Third to this Rate	231	5	0	77	1	8
		" Medical Officer, One-half to this Rate,	50	0	0	25	0	0
		MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.						
		By One-third of £74 12s. 10d. (See General Rate page 63)				24	17	7
To Total Assets received 2748	9 3	" Total Liabilities Paid				535	6	3
" Overseers, on account of Order of Vestry, 1864, for £7500		" Pelican Life Office, first Instalment of Loan of £8000				400	0	
" Ditto, Excess levied beyond Order of Vestry on 1863 Rates		Ditto One Year's Interest on Ditto, less Income Tax				350	16	8
" Private Drainage of the Surveyor	1 9	JOBBING WORKS.						
" Deposits with Tenders	0 0	By J. Blackmore				764	8 1	1
	0 0							
Carried forward£9563	1 4	Carried forward			£	2050	11	10

£ s. d. To Amount brought forward 9563 1 4	By Amount brought forward	£	8. 0	d. £ 2050	s.) 11	
Owners of Gatton Road, Cleansing and Covering Ditch at rear of Gatton Road 38 16 4	SEWERS WORK (LOAN ACCOUNT).					
# Pelican Life Office, Loan at 4½ per cent. per annum	By J. Blackmore, Grove Lane Sewer as per Contract	2750 1500 400	0 0 2 6 0 0	5	15	4
3 17 12	METROPOLITAN BOARD OF WORKS.			0070	10	-
-8 70 all Labilides Part	By Amount of Precept, dated 1st January, 1864			3542	13	3
Primer Line Office, and Interference of Lone	SUNDRIES.					
Income Tax 1	By Small Bills			26	13 12 7	4
8y J. Elackmore	By Labour			315	0	0
£17,858 19 4						
Carried forward #2000 11 10	Carried forward		£	12,852	13	6

E		

RATE.

By Amount brought forward 12,852 13 6 £ s. d. 17,858 19 4 To amount brought forward ... SALARIES. By One-third to this Rate (See General Rate page 71) page 71) 151 10 0 By One-half to this Rate (See MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES. By One-third of £467 18s. 4d. to this Rate 155 19 6 (See General Ratepage 73) 13,391 8 0 By Balance 4467 11 4 £17,858 19 4 £17,858 19 4

LIGHTING RATE.

Dr. 21 224 21 branel toguered tonoma gd	Cr.	
RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.	
£ s. d. £ s.	d. £ s. d. £ s. d.	
To Cash Balance in favor of Rate March 25th, 1864	By Cash paid on Account of Liabilities owing by the Vestry March 25th, 1864, viz.:—	
March 25th, 1864, viz.:— "Overseers, Balance of Excess levied beyond Orders of Vestry to end of 1862 Rates 302 3		
" Dulwich College, 4 Quarters lighting to	By South Metrpolitan Gas Company 1345 18 6	
March 25th, 1864	0 " Crystal Palace Gas Company	
P. CT SEE	1632 14 4	
	COMPENSATION.	
	By Mr. Lilley	
	" Mr. W. Searle 7 0 3	3
	" Mrs. Baxter, Pension 9 15 0	
	By Vestry Clerk	
and the second second second second	" One-third to this Rate 231 5 0 77 1 8	8
	0 11 00283.	-
Carried forward £2213 7	0 Carried forward £1766 11	3

LIGHTING RATE.

£ s. d. £ s. d. To Amount brought forward 2213 7 0	£ s. d. £ s. d. By Amount brought forward 1766 11 3	
	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.	
By Gen gain on Account of Linichtes ewines. by the Yester March Match 1988, etc.—	By One-third of £74 12s. 10d. to this Rate. (See General Rate page 63)	
To Total Assets received 2213 7 0	" Total Liabilities paid 1791 8 10	
" Overseers on Account of Order of Vestry, 1864, for £7000 5700 0 0	GAS FOR STREET LAMPS.	
" Ditto Excess levied beyond Order of Vestry	By South Metropolitan Gas Company, Three	
on 1863 Rate 343 4 6	Quarters to Christmas, 1864 4096 15 1	
6043 4 6	Crystal Palace Gas Company, Three	
	Quarters to Christmas, 1864 235 0 10	
	Phoenix Gas Company, Three Quarters to	
/onsurescen	Christmas, 1864	
	" Mrs. Baxter, Three-quarters Pension to	
	Christmas, 1864	
	SALARIES.	
	By One-third to this Rate (See General Rate	
	page 71) 231 5 0	
/ CALABINALIA	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.	
	By One-third of £467 18s. 4d. to this Rate	
/ m	(See General Rate page 73) 155 19 5	
	£6765 12 8	3
e i do a ser state de como de la como de como	By Balance 1490 18 10	
£8256 11 6	£8256 11 6	;
		_

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

Dr.	Cr. said achied and to decode no tasome of
RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.
£ s. d. £ s. d.	£ s. s. £ s. d.
To Cash Balance, March 25th, 1864	By Cash on Account of Liabilities owing by the Vestry March 25th, 1864, viz.:— "Metropolitan Board of Works, Precept dated September 25th, 1863
TOTAL SERVICE STREET,	Total Liabilities paid 3125 0 0
Total Assets roceived 814 12 0	By Balance
" Cash of Overseers, Amount of Order of Vestry, 1864	To success the respect of this Rate To success and
- Charles and Char	ATTAC SOCKOLEG VILL
MISTRILLAMBOUS EXPERSES By One-third of files 18s. 4d. to take Rate (See Gereanl Rate poor 73) By Balance	
£3456 13 0	£3456 13 0

Cr.

Dr.

A Summary of Cash received and expended from March 25th, 1864, to March 25th, 1865.

To amount on Deposit at the London Joint Stock Bank, March 25th, 1864	£ s. d. £ s. d.	By amount overdrawn as per Cash Book, March 25th, 1864	£	S.	d. £		
GENERAL RATE.		GENERAL RATE.					
The same of the sa							
To amount received in respect of this Rate		By amount paid in respect of this Rate during					
during the year	12,900 2 0	the year			15,240	11	3
SEWERS RATE.		SEWERS RATE.					
SEWERS RAIE.		By amount paid in respect of this Rate during					
To amount received in respect of this Rate		the year			13,391	8	0
during the year	17,822 19 10	The first term of the first term of the second of the seco					
TOMBUNG DAME		LIGHTING RATE.					
LIGHTING RATE.		By amount paid in respect of this Rate during					
To amount received in respect of this Rate		the year	-		6765	165	8
during the year	6 370 8 5						
		MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.					
MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.		By amount paid in respect of this Rate during					
a		the year			3125	0	0
Co amount received in respect of this Rate during the year	2706 19 6						
during the year		" Amount on Deposit at the London Joint					
		Stock Bank, March 25th, 1865			3000	0	0
		" Cash Balance at Bankers	3252				
		" Less Outstanding Cheque	9	0	0 - 3243		-
					- 5245	-2	2
i status	£45,800 9 9.				£45,800	0	q

Dr.		Cr.		
LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.		
To Balance against the Rate	£ s. d. £ s. d. 46 19 0	By Overseers, Balance of Order of Vestry, 1864	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
MATERIALS, &c. FOR REPAIRS TO ROATO I. Facey, Gravel	195 10 2 101 9 6 269 10 0 276 7 6 4 4 9 81 10 0 259 6 0 72 4 3 10 13 0 216 14 6	REPAIRS TO ROADS. By Thornhill & Son. " C. J. Smyrke. " Young. " Harrap " J. Thompson " Chase. " Humphrey. " Wm. Scotts. " W. A. Shields	14 6 0 1 18 6 1 1 6 3 2 5 7 9 3 10 14 5 1 1 0 37 11 5 37 10 11	
PAVING AND KERBING.	75 10 6 ————————————————————————————————————	" Or. Griffiths	1 9 4	- 116 4 9 313 0 0
To Mowlem & Co	340 16 3 1113 0 3 ——————————————————————————————————	REPAIRS TO TRENCHES. By South Metropolitan Gas Company	4 2 6	
WATERING. To Braby & Son, Two New Water Carts " Burley, Repairs to Carts	52 0 0 46 6 0	" Phœnix Gas Company" " Southwark and Vauxhall Water Company " Lambeth Water Company" " Kent Water Company	14 10 3 33 9 0 2 8 9 28 6 9	
Carried forward	98 6 0 £3162 1 8	Carried forward		82 17 3 2512 2 0

	£ s. d,	£ s. d.		£ s. d	l. £	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward		3162 1 8	By Amount brought forward		2512	2	
CARTAGE.			RENT.				
To J. Facey	374 18 0						
" Booker	3 6 0		By Board of Guardians, Two Quarters' Rent		0		0
		378 4 0	to Lady Day, 1865		27 1	.0	0
RENT.							
TESTI I							
To Sturge, Half Year's Rent to Lady Day,			ST. GEORGE'S BRIDGE.				
1865		55 0 0					
			By Metropolitan Board of Works, Contribution		320	0	0
WHARFAGE.			towards Building Bridge		520	0	0
To J. Archer		10 15 0					
OVINDBY MR I DEGMENTO DILLO			DUST REMOVAL.				
SUNDRY TRADESMEN'S BILLS, &c.			DUSI REMOVAL.				
To G. Burley, Smith's Work	22 11 1		By Wm. Winn, Balance of Contract		266 1	13	4
" Acock & Son, Bricklayers' Work " Return of Deposit	100 5 3						
" J. Miles, Wheelwright's Work	4 18 4						
" Beaman, Unloading Barges	26 14 8		LABOUR ACCOUNT.				
" Tltler, Cradles for Trees, Camberwell Grove	5 10 6		By Balance in hands of Surveyor		37	1	5
" Shand and Mason, Repairs to Hose	7 14 10						
		187 14 8					
STREET TABLETS.							
To J. Warner		60 10 2					
10 d. Waltick		00 10 2					
# Small Bills		18 14 11					
					-		_
Carried forward		3873 0 5	Carried forward		3163	6	9

To Amount brought forward	£ s. d. £ s. d		£ s. d. 3163 6 9
SALARIES.			
To Vestry Clerk, One Quarter to Lady Day, 1865 Surveyor, One Quarter to Lady Day, 1865	131 5 0 100 0 0		
" One-third to this Rate	231 5 0 77 1	8	
 Medical Officer, One Quarter to Lady Day, 1865	50 0 0 6 0 0		
" One-half to this Rate	56 0 0 28 0	•	
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.			
To Messenger's Wages, One Quarter to Lady Day, 1865 "Billing & Son, Printing "Petty Cash	13 13 0 48 14 0 69 5 8		
" One-third to this Rate	131 12 8 43 17	7	3163 6 9
	-	By Balance	858 12 11
	£4021 19	8	£4021 19 8

Dr.		Cr.
LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.
	£ s. d. £ s. d.	£ s. d. £ s. d.
JOBBING WORKS,		By Balance in favor of Rate 4467 11 4
By J. Blackmore	557 0 5	" Overseers Balance of Order of Vestry 1864 1400 0 0
SEWERS WORKS (LOAN ACCOUNT.)		" Private Drainage
By J. Blackmore, Balance of Contract, Lynd-		
hurst Road Sewer	66 4 5 715 3 9	LABOUR ACCOUNT.
- 1/2	781 8 2	To Balance in hands of Surveyor 6 17 3
" Metropolitan Board of Works Balances		Ditto ditto (Loan Account) 10 2 11
due on Precepts from 1856 to 1864 (Re-Rock Loan dispute)	6200 10 7	" Mr. T. Single, Balance of Account (Mont-
(ne-noca noan dispute)	0200 10 7	pellier Road Sewer)
SUNDRIES.	* *	* *
By return of Deposit, Lavers and Pearson	20 0 0	
" C. Constable, Burrs and Planks	4 19 0	
" G. Burley, Smith's Work	6 5 8	
Metropolitan Board of Works)	8 14 8	
-	39 19 4	
" Small Bills	3 10 6	
Carried forward	£7582 9 0	
		. Carried forward

\pounds s. d. \pounds s. To amount brought forward. 7582 9		£ s. d. By amount brought forward 5955 3 1
SALARIES.		
To One-third of £231 5s. (see General Rate page 94) 77 1 "One-half of £56 (ditto page 94) 28 0		
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.		
To One-third of £131 12s. 8d. to this Rate (see General Rate page 94)	7	
		By Balance
£7731 8	3	£7731 8 3
		St. 51 (CO)
" Pelican Life Assurance Co., Balance of		
Loan of £8000 £7600 0	0	

LIGHTING RATE.

Dr.		Cr.	
LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
	£ s. d. £ s. d.		£ s, d.
GAS FOR STREET LAMPS.		By Balance in favor of Rate	1490 18 10
To South Metropolitan Gas Company, (one-quarter to Lady-day, 1865)	1426 15 5 80 5 0 102 11 6 1609 11 11	" Overseers Balance of Order of Vestry 1864 " Dulwich College, Four-quarters Lighting to Lady-day, 1865	1300 0 0
COMPENSATION.			
To Mr. Lilley	40 0 0 7 0 3		
" Mrs. Baxter, One-quarter's Pension to Lady-day, 1865	4 17 6		
SALARIES.			
To one-third of £231 5s. (see General Rate page 94)	77 1 8		
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES			
To one-third of £131 12s. 8d. (see General Rate page 94)	43 17 6		
" Balance in favor of Rate	£1782 8 10 1033 10 0	/	60015 13 15
	£2815 18 10		£2815 18 10

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

Dr. LIABILITIES.		Cr. ASSETS.		
	£ s. d.		E s.	
Metropolitan Board of Works Precept, dated			31 13	
23rd September, 1864	3125 0 0	" Balance against the Rate 27	93 7	0
	Magazini, or	promise assumptive and Principle all chargeds upto mile also accom-		_
· Charles Constituting The Constitution	£3125 0 0	£31	25 0	0
BALANCE.		BALANCE.		
Dr.		Cr.		
Dr.		Oi.		
	£ s. d.		£ s.	
To Sewers Rate (see page 81)	4467 11 4	By General Rate (see page 72)	46 19	9 0
" Lighting Rate (see page 85)	1490 18 10	" Cash Balance at Bankers (see page 89) 3252 4 2		
" Main Drainage Rate (see page 87)	331 13 0	" Less outstanding Cheque (do.) 9 0 0		
				1 2
		" Ditto on Deposit	000	0 0
	£6290 3 2	£6	290	3 2

We being the Auditors duly elected for the Parish of Saint Giles, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, have examined and audited the foregoing Accounts of the Vestry of the said Parish, from the 25th day of March, 1864, and the items therein comprised, and having found such Accounts correct, do now sign the same in token of our allowance thereof; and we have appended to such Accounts a summary statement of the moneys owing to, and the Debts and Liabilities owing by such Vestry.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1865.

JOHN JAMES HOLCOMB, RICHARD SMITH, JAMES WELCH,

AUDITORS.

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTS.

Name of Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Terms.	
Mr. William Jones	Watering Roads	March to Michaelmas, 1864 Ditto ditto Ditto ditto	Districts 1, 2, 3, & 5.
Mr. Colonel Constable Mr. Henry Booth Ditto	Kerbing		As per Schedule
Mr. William Winn Mr. William Wood	~	To Michaelmas, 1865	Ditto Ditto
Mr. James Hamson Mr. George Smeed	Brixton Gravel and Broken Flints	Ditto	Ditto Ditto
Messrs. Mowlem & Co.	Kentish Rag and Chippings Guernsey Granite		Ditto Ditto
Mr. C. Ross	Bombay and Port Philip Granite Bricklayers' Work Smiths' Work	Ditto	Ditto Ditto
Mr. J. Facey Messrs. Billing & Son	Cartage Printing, &c.		Ditto Ditto
Mr. G. Burley Mr. Edmund Reddin	Repairs to Water Carts		Ditto
Mr. J. Facey	Lyndhurst grove	Special Contracts	
Mr. Wm. Lavers	New Sewers Works at Peckham, Dul- wich, &c.	Ditto	

VESTRY RATES made MARCH 24th, 1864.

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE at 2½d. in the Pound, and one-fourth on Land used as Arable, Meadow, or Pasture Ground.

1 5 1 5 2 3 2	Amount includ Arrears Ra	ing t	the	Coll	ecte	d.	Arr	ears	3.	Not Reinching empt	udin	g nd
	£	S.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	S.	d.	£	s.	d.
St. George's Ward. No. 1.	341	19	114	317	17	4 ½				24	2	63
St. George's Ward. No. 2.	394	15	103	386	9	73				8	6	31
Camden Ward No. 3.	429	15	51	399	0	7				30	14	104
Peckham Ward No. 4.	529	2	11/2	466	12	10	1	5	10	- 61	3	5
Peckham Ward No. 5.	295	18	101	272	19	5	1	15	21/2	21	4	3
Camberwell Ward No. 6.	634	9	53	588	18	03	4	12	11	40	18	6
Dulwich District	317	6	13	262	4	13/4	7	18	91/2	47	3	23
MINISTRA	2943	7	103	2694	2	04	15	12	9	233	13	1

SEWERS RATE at 7d. in the Pound, and one-fourth on Land.

	Amount includ Arrears Re	ing t	he	Coll	ecte	ed	Arro	ears.		Not Reincle empt	udin	g nd
222	£	S.	d.	£	S.	d.	£	S.	d.	£	S.	d.
St. George's Ward No. 1.	957	11	81	889	17	113				67	13	9
St George's Ward No. 2.	1105	8	53	1082	2	10				23	5	73
Camden Ward No. 3.	1202	19	31/2	1116	19	10				85	19	51/2
Peckham Ward No. 4.	1479	0	3	1306	11	111/2	3	12	4	168	15	111
Peckham Ward No. 5.	826	11	111/2	763	9	7	3	17	7	59	4	91
Camberwell Ward No. 6.	1770	19	11	1645	7	81/2	12	11	3	113	0	13
Dulwich District	882	13	31/2	731	7	21/2	20	11	81/2	130	14	41/2
	8225	4	1	7535	17	1	40	12	101	648	14	11

LIGHTING RATE at 7d. in the Pound, and in the Hamlet of Dulwich one-third on Land.

decount with	Amoun includ Arrears R	ling t	the		ecte	ed.	Arı	rear	S.	empt	udin	and
a. a		s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	S.	d.	£	S.	d.
St. George's Ward No. 1.	959	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	872	2	91/2				87	10	4
St. George's Ward No 2.	1110	1	8	1072	2	111				37	18	83
Camden Ward No. 3.	1204	12	8	1103	3	21/2				101	9	51
Peckham Ward No. 4.	1486	17	9	1291	18	41/2	5	8	6	189	10	10
Peckham Ward No. 5.	850	18	9	768	4	11/2	7	9	4	75	5	31
Camberwell Ward No. 6.	1793	3	51/2	1651	4	8	15	2	0	126	16	91
Dulwich District	897	10	73	740	1	11/2	23	15	111	133	13	63
	8302	18	03	7498	17	234	51	15	91	752	5	01

GENERAL RATE at 10d. in the Pound.

	Amoun include Arrears R	ding	the	~	lecte	d.	Ar	rears	3.	empt	ludir	ng and
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	g.	d.
St. George's Ward No. 1.	1370	18	9	1245	15	71/2				125	3	11/2
St. George's Ward No. 2.	1585	16	8	1531	12	81/2				54	3	113
Camden Ward No. 3.	1722	6	8	1577	7	6				144	19	4
Peckham Ward No. 4.	2124	2	6	1844	9	2	7	15	0	271	18	2
Peckham Ward No. 5.	1215	12	6	1096	11	64	10	13	4	108	7	71/2
Camberwell Ward No. 6.	2561	13	6	2358	18	9	21	11	51/2	181	3	31
Dulwich District	1411	6	3	1179	2	1	41	8	4	190	15	10
	11991	16	10	10833	17	41/2	81	8	11/2	1076	11	4

The Overseers of the Poor in Account with Vestry Rates made

the Vestry of St Giles, Camberwell, in respect of March 24th, 1864.

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

D-							Mr. Thomason, No. 1 West	
Dr.	£	s.	d.	£	S,	d.	Cr.	
To Cash collected on Rate made March 24th, 1864, at 2½d. in the Pound, viz.:—	200		.015			lawi	By Cash as per Order of Vestry dated March 23rd, 1864	d. 0
" Mr. Thompson, No. 1 Ward				317		-	By Collectors' Poundage, viz.:—	
" Mr. Bickerton, No. 2 Ward				386	9	7‡	" Mr. R. H. Thompson, No. 1 Ward 6 12 5	
" Mr. Andrews, No. 3 Ward	398						" Mr. G. T. Bickerton, No. 2 Ward 8 0 11	
" Ditto Arrears of 1863	0	12	9	399	0	7	" Mr. W. Andrews, No. 3 Ward 8 6 8 " Mr. O. Strong No. 4 and 5 Ward 15 8 0	
" Mr. Strong, No. 4 Ward	466	9	4				" Mr. T. Prebble, No. 6 Ward 12 5 9	
" Ditto Arrears of 1863	0		6				" Mr. G. Shaw, Dulwich 5 8 5	
	-	-		466	12	10		2
" Ditto No. 5 Ward	271	14	7				By Sundry Miscellaneous expenses 26 10	74
# Ditto Arrears of 1863	1	4	10				0700 10	
Web III was a way of the second	607	10	-	272	19	5	2582 12	
" Mr. Prebble, No. 6 Ward	581						By excess levied beyond Order of Vestry 111 9	23
" Ditto Arrears of 1863	-	0	-	588	18	02		
" Mr. Shaw, Dulwich	252	15	91		**	-4		
" Ditto Arrears	9	8	$4\frac{1}{2}$					
			-	262	4	184		
				2604	2	- 01	60001 0	
			2	2694	2	-	£2694 2	01

Cr. To Cash collected on Rate made March 24th, 1864, at 7d. in the Pound, viz.:— "Mr. Thompson, No. 1 Ward "Mr. Bickerton, No. 2 Ward "Mr. Andrews, No. 3 Ward "Ditto arrears of 1863	£ s. d. £ s. d. 889 17 11 1082 2 10 1115 10 1 1 9 9 1116 19 10	By Cash as per Order of Vestry dated March 23rd, 1864
" Ditto No 5 Ward	0 8 2 	" Mr. G. Shaw, Dulwich
" Mr. Prebble, No. 6 Ward Ditto arrears of 1863	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Mr. Printelle, No. 6 Ward,
" Mr. Shaw, Dulwich		2 Mr. Share, Drivetoh
Deficiency of Levy to meet Order of Vestry	£7535 17 1 137 2 5 £7672 19 6	Deficiency of Lavy to meet Order of Ventry
		Owner residence

Dr.		Cr.			
	£ s. d. £ s. d.	Cr,	£ s.	d. #	s. d.
To Cash collected on Rate made March 24th,	£ 8. u. £ 8. u.	By Cash as per Order of Vestry dated March	2 5.		D. 41
1864, at 10d, in the Pound, viz.:-		23rd, 1864		11,300	0 0
" Mr. Thompson, No. 1 Ward	1245 15 74	" Collectors' Poundage, viz. :-			
	1531 12 84	" Mr. R. H. Thompson, No. 1 Ward	25 19	0	
" Mr. Andrews, No. 3 Ward		" Mr. G. T. Bickerton, No. 2 Ward	31 18	11	
U Ditto arrears of 1863	2 2 6	" Mr. W. Andrews, No. 3 Ward	32 16	8	
a a de como de de como de la como		" Mr. O. Strong, No. 4 and 5 Ward	61 5	5	
" Ditto Strong, No. 4 Ward		" Mr. T. Prebble, No. 6 Ward	49 3	2	
" Ditto arrears of 1863		" Mr. G. Shaw, Dulwich	24 10	4	
// Divo alload of 1005		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			12 8
" Ditto No. 5 Ward		By Sundry Miscellaneous expenses			10 7
" Ditto arrears of 1863	1090 19 101	by buildy historiancous capensos, e,		111 4.00	
" Ditto affeats of 1005	5 11 8				
# Mr. Prebble, No. 6 Ward	——————————————————————————————————————				
" Ditto arrears of 1863	23 11 10				
	2358 18 9				
" Mr. Shaw, Dulwich	1132 4 2				
" Ditto arrears of 1863	46 17 11				
	1179 2 1				
	£10,833 17 4±				
" Deficiency of Levy to meet Order of Vestry	708 5 114				
o contract of the contract of	708 5 113			022.510	
	£11,542 3 4	Appendix of the Control of		£11,542	3 4

LIGHTING RATE.

Dr. £ s, d. £ s. d.	Cr.	d.
To Cash collected on Rate made March 24th,	By Cash as per Order of Vestry, dated March 23rd, 1864	0
" Ditto No. 5 Ward	By Sundry Miscellaneous expenses	7号
# Difto Mr. Prebble, No. 6 Ward 1634 14 4½ # Ditto Arrears of 1863 16 10 3½ ———————————————————————————————————	By excess levied beyond Order of Vestry 326 2 1	
" Mr. Shaw, Dulwich		
\$7498 17 2	£7498 17	33

Extract from POOR RATE made January, 1864.

Wards.	Amount of Rate at 1s. 2d at the time o	l. in the f making	Pour thi	ind, a	nd Arrea	rs d	ue	Colle	ected	1.	Arre	ears.		Not Rec includin and ex	gem	pties
Ward 1, St. George's	Amount of Rate	£ 1824 120	8	d. 8 9	£		d.	£		d.	£ 62	s. 4	d. 5	£ 148	s. 8	
" 2, St. George's	ount of Rate	2204 75		4 5	1945	1	9	2188		8	6	6	2	84		
" 3, Camden	Amount of Rate	2380 86		6 10	2467	14	4	2225	0		30		8	212	3	
" 4, Peckham	Amount of Rate	2961 148	7 12		3109		11	2707	15	11	80	3	6	322	0	6
" 5, Peckham	Amount of Rate	1651 108		8 4	1760	15	0	1580	16	1	72	3	0	107	15	11
" 6, Camberwell	Amount of Rate	3471 204		6	3676	13	7	3300	12	4	179	18	7	.196	2	8
Dulwich	Amount of Rate	1892 190	11	5 2	2082	12	7	1630	9	9	166	3	7	285	19	3
				-	17322	17	7	15367	18	7	597	9	11	1357	9	1

Extract from POOR RATE made July, 1864.

Wards.	Amount of Rate at 1s. 1d. in the Pou	ind, and Arrears due is Rate.	Collected.	Arrears.	Not Recoverable, including empties and excused.
Ward 1, St. George's		d. £ s. d. 7½ 5	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
" 2, St. George's	Amount of Rate 2065 16 Arrears 6 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		152 3 5 MA 30 9 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
" 3, Camden	Zimount of Time in Train	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2005 17 9	80 16 10	81 7 8
,, 4, Peckham		4 6 2922 14 10	2394 5 0	171 12 2	356 17 8
,, 5, Peckham		4 0 — 1650 11 4	1422 14 0	120 16 5	107 0 11
,, 6, Camberwell	Amount of Rate 3310 16 Arrears 179 18	7 7 — 3490 15 2	3030 0 6	234 18 3	225 16 5
Dulwich		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1651 14 3	91 15 9	257 10 1112
		16,185 0 11	14049 5 1	882 11 11	1253 3 11

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of Medicine

VESTRYMEN

FOR THE PARISH OF

ST. GILES, CAMBERWELL,

ELECTED UNDER THR

METROPOLIS LOCAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1855.

Er-officio Members of the Testry.

Churchwardens.

JAMES PEW, Esq., Diamond row, Southampton street

CLIFFORD CRAUFURD, Esq., Normandy house, Camberwell green

WILLIAM HOWARD, Esq., Church street, Camberwell







