### [Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Stoke Newington].

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Metropolitan Borough of Stoke Aewington

## Report

OF THE

# Medical Officer of Health and Public Analyst,

FOR THE

YEAR 1917.

BY

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### REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1917.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the Metropolitan Borough of Stoke Newington.

GENTLEMEN,-

The vital statistics of the Borough for the year 1917 are less satisfactory than those for 1916. The general death-rate of 14·1 is a low one, but there were 9 of the 28 Metropolitan Boroughs with rates lower than this. The death-rate from the chief infectious diseases was also low; and the rate of infant mortality (the number of deaths under one year of age to every thousand births) was 85·6, as compared with 103 for London generally. An epidemic of measles and whooping-cough and a much increased number of deaths among those of 70 years and upwards, were mainly responsible for the less favourable vital statistics of the Borough for 1917 as compared with the preceding year.

In accordance with a suggestion from the Local Government Board, the report has been made as short as possible. It is little more than a bare statistical record of the mortality and sickness within the Borough during the year 1917.

It will be seen that, in all the circumstances, a satisfactory amount of public health work has been performed during the past year. I have pleasure in testifying to the efficiency and zeal of the workers in my department.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

HENRY KENWOOD.

April, 1918.

#### POPULATION.

In this Report the rates are based on an estimated civil population of 49,776.

The estimated population for each of the Sub-districts is as follows:—

The Northern Division of the Borough (lying North of the middle line of Church Street) has a population of about 16,755; and in the Southern Division the population is approximately 33,021.

The natural increase of population by excess of births over deaths during the year amounted to only 71, as against 377 in the preceding year.

### BIRTHS.

During the year 1917 there were only 771 births, viz.:—410 males and 361 females. The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum was therefore 15:5, as against 20:1 for the preceding year.

Year. Birth-rate		Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.	
1912	20.4	24.7	23.8	
1913	22.0	24.5	23.9	
1914	20.4	24.6	23.6	
1915	18.4	22.6	21.8	
1916	20.1	22.2	21.6	
1917	15.5	17.5	17.8	

The illegitimate births numbered 26; 11 males and 15 females.

During the year the births notified under the Notification of Births Act have been compared with the births registered by the Registrar of Births, and the respective figures are 620 and 771.

#### MORTALITY.

General Mortality.—There were 440 deaths of residents registered in the Borough, and 260 of residents who died in Public Institutions outside of the Borough, making a total of 700 deaths.

Of these 365 were of females, and 335 were of males.

Year.	General Death-rate.	Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.		
1912	11.6	13.6	13.3		
1913	13.1	14.2	13.7		
1914	12:3	14.4	13.6		
1915	14.6	16.1	15.1		
1916	12.6	14.3	14.0		
1917	14.1	15.0	14.4		

The recorded general death-rate is therefore 14.1, as against 12.6 for the preceding year.

The so-called "factor for correction" for the Borough of Stoke Newington is 0.9512, and the death-rate corrected for age and sex distribution is  $14.1 \times 0.9512 = 13.4$  per 1,000 per annum.

The recorded rate is above that for the preceding year, when it was 12.6. This increase is almost entirely due to more deaths from Measles, Cancer, and Senility. The death-rate for the whole of London was 15.0.

District Mortality.—The deaths among residents of the Northern Division of the Borough numbered 212, and furnished a recorded death-rate of 12.6 per 1,000 per annum.

The deaths among the residents of the Southern Division of the Borough numbered 488, and furnished a recorded death-rate of 14.8 per 1,000 per annum.

TABLE I.

CAUSES OF AND AGES AT DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1917.

and design and lost of the	Net	Deat ther o	hs at the	ne sub	joined hin or	l ages with	of "R	esiden Borou	ts"	or Non- in Institu- Borough.
Causes of Death.	All Ages.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 2 years.	2 and under 5 years.	5 and under 15 years.	15 and under 25 years.	25 and under 45 years.	45 and under 65 years.	65 and up- wards.	Total Deaths whe
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	4	2	1		-	1	TT:	1777	-	
Enteric Fever		-	-	-	-	-	1		-	-
Acute Polio-myelitis	1	-	-	-	-		-	1		-
Measles	18	3	9	4	2	-	-	-		
Scarlet Fever	-	-	_	-	-	-		-	-	
Whooping Cough	6	5	1	-	-		-		-	
Diphtheria and Croup	10	1	1	4	4		-	-0	4	2
Influenza	8	-	-	1			1	2	4	~
Erysipelas	-	_	_				-			
Phthisis (Pulmonary	=0	Take !			5	C	23	15	4	
Tuberculosis)	53		-	3	2	6	20		4	
Tuberculous Meningitis	9	1	2	0	2	1		-		
Other Tuberculous	0	2	1	1	2		2		_	
Diseases	8	4	1	1	4	2011	~			
Cancer (Malignant	07					1	8	39	39	6
Disease)	87				2	1		-	_	
Rheumatic Fever	2 5	-0	-	2	4				1	
Meningitis	70	2	100	_		1	6	20	42.	5
Organic Heart Disease	61	4	NES .		1		2	13	42	10
Bronchitis	31	4	7	1	1		2	9	7	_
Pneumonia (all forms)	31	4	,	-	1		-	-		
Other Diseases of Respi-				-	_			_		-
ratory Organs	11	7	2	TEL:	nein		1	320	1	_
Diarrhœa and Enteritis	11	1	-							
Appendicitis and	3		MILE		119		1	1	1	_
Typhlitis	3	400	- 12 15 11		(An)	1	-2	3		filess.
Cirrhosis of Liver Alcoholism	4						-	3	1	
Nephritis and Bright's		14								
	22	_		7	1	_	4	6	11	1
Disease Puerperal Fever	2	1	Carl I	_		1	1	-	1	-
Other Accidents and Dis-	-							1	1000	
eases of Pregnancy and	100				DHA	1377	122			111111
Parturition	3	-			-	-	3	-	-	10-0
Congenital Debility and										
Malformation (including		320				line.	1			-
Premature Birth)	26	24	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Violent Deaths (exclud-	-	meine.	don	PIOP	1 30	1000	toos	1000		simo/
ing Suicide)	15		-	1	2	1	1	2 2	8	-
Suicide	2		1	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
Other Defined Diseases	164	5	-	_	2	-	7	19	131	11
Diseases ill-defined or un-	I YEAR	16 2	MAL	1	103	hoon	THE P	1100		1
known	72	5	1	-	3	3	7	31	22	1
			-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
TOTALS	700	66	26	18	26	15	69	166	314	37

THE CAUSES OF DEATH. — These are fully set forth in Table I., in which it will be noted that the deaths are also apportioned to different age periods.

Comparing this table with the corresponding table of the preceding year, the following facts are noteworthy: An increase in the deaths from Measles, Cancer, and Ill-defined Diseases (including Senility); and a decrease of those from Consumption.

### INFANTILE MORTALITY.

There were 66 deaths registered of infants under one year of age, as against 771 births; the proportion which the deaths under one year of age bear to 1,000 births is, therefore, 85.6, as against 59.8 in the preceding year.

The deaths under one year of age form 9.4 per cent. of the total deaths at all ages, whereas those for the preceding year formed 9.6 per cent.

Year. Rate of Infantile Mortality.			
1912	70.7	90	95
1913	82 · 7	105	109
1914	78.7	104	105
1915	99.8	112	110
1916	59.8	89	91
1917	85.6	103	97

### TABLE II.—INFANT MORTALITY.

NETT DEATHS FROM STATED CAUSES AT VARIOUS AGES UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE, 1917.

Olli	, 11,	TALL .	-	,	,					1
CAUSE OF DEATH.	Under 1 week.	1 to 2 weeks.	2 to 3 weeks.	3 to 4 weeks.	Total under 4 weeks.	4 weeks and under 3 months.	3 months and under 6 months.	6 months and under 9 months.	9 months and under 12 months.	Total deaths under I year.
Cerebro - spinal Meningitis							1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 2 1 1 1 1 1		1 3 3 1 1 1 1	2 - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Totals	20	3	2	2	27	11	9	8	11	66

A comparison of the causes of Infantile Mortality in 1917 with those of the preceding year shows an increase during last year in the deaths from Measles, Whooping-cough and Premature Birth; and a decrease in those from Wasting and Debility.

### THE INFANT CARE WORK.

Miss Reeve reports as follows :-

- "During the year 659 infants were visited in their homes. These visits were followed by 1,987 re-visits. making a total of 2,646.
- "The Milk Fund has been of great service throughout the year; without it we should have had a larger number of babies hand fed, and much of the advice given to the mothers would have been useless. Seventy mothers were helped out of this fund during the year. These were nearly all soldiers' and sailors' wives.

### WORK AT THE CHILD WELFARE CENTRE.

"During the year 352 children were brought to be weighed and for advice, and their total visits numbered 1,664. This branch of the work is still growing; on some of the Thursday afternoons last year over 40 children attended. We are much indebted to Miss Sandeman, who gave her help on these afternoons throughout the year.

"The number of attendances at the Mothers' Sewing Class was 500. This class is held on Tuesday afternoons, and during the year 383 garments were made.

"Miss Baxter's help at this Sewing Class has been most valuable. She has superintended all the cutting out, and has entirely made many garments for mothers and children who have been unable—generally through illness—to attend.

"We are also indebted to Mrs. Price and Miss Bray, who arrange to give the mothers tea on these afternoons."

SENILE MORTALITY.—Of the 700 deaths, 248 were of persons over 70 years of age. The proportion of deaths occurring among those of over 70 years of age to the total deaths is, therefore, 35.4 per cent. There were 98 deaths of persons over 80 years of age, and 10 of persons over 90—the oldest being 99.

This is a remarkably high proportion of deaths over 70 years of age, which indicates that there is a relatively large number of old persons in the Borough, who contribute largely to our death-rate.

### SENILE MORTALITY DURING 1917.

	70 to 80	80 to 90	90 and over	Total
animals.	Laviu aplida	Son Levelle		e year, These w
	150	88	10	248

### ZYMOTIC MORTALITY.

Included in the Zymotic death-rate are the deaths from the seven principal Zymotic Diseases, viz.: Small-pox, Measles, Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, "Fever" (including Enteric Fever, Typhus Fever, and Simple Continued Fever), and Diarrhœa.

The Zymotic Death-rate for the Borough was 0.90 per 1,000 per annum, as against 0.42 in the preceding year. The rate for London generally was 1.1. In 7 Metropolitan Boroughs this rate was lower than in Stoke Newington.

### CONSUMPTION.

The death-rate for Consumption (Pulmonary Tuberculosis) in the Borough for 1917 was 1.0 per 1,000, as against 1.1 for London generally.

TABLE III.

The chief vital statistics of the Borough of Stoke Newington since its formation.

Year.	Population estimated to middle of year.	Birth-rate	Rate of Infantile Mortality.	General Death-rate	Zymotic Death-rate	Infectious Sickness rate. (Videp.234)
1901	51,328	21.6	117.9	13.1	1.26	7.9
1902	51,188	22.0	114.7	13.3	1.56	7.8
1903	51,130	21.5	120.3	12.6	1.70	3.8
1904	51,072	22.3	115.6	13.4	1.62	5.7
1905	51,015	20.9	124.7	13.0	1.35	5.8
1906	50,957	21.2	108.0	12.0	1.39	5.1
1907	50,899	20.5	97.9	11.8	1.33	7.8
1908	50,841	20.2	98.3	12.9	1.18	5.8
1909	50,784	19.5	84.9	11.7	0.87	3.5
1910	50,726	18.8	66.1	11.8	0.93	3.6
1911	50,669	20.7	106.2	12.5	1.69	4.4
1912	50,591	20.4	70.7	11.6	0.34	3.7
1913	50,514	22.0	82.7	13.1	0.85	4.6
1914	50,454	20.4	78.7	12.3	0.55	8.3
1915	50,527	18.4	99.8	14.6	1.21	7.0
1916	49,776	20.1	59.8	12.6	0.42	4.4
1917	49-776	15.5	85.6	14.1	0.90	3.6

### THE MORTUARY.

During the year 53 bodies were deposited in the Public Mortuary; 31 of these were females and 22 were males. Postmortem examinations were performed upon 37 of these cases, and inquests were held upon 51.

### INQUESTS.

57 Inquests were held upon Deaths of Parishioners during the year 1917.

### INFECTIOUS DISEASES AND THE MEASURES TAKEN TO PREVENT THEIR SPREAD.

It will be seen from Table IV. that 1,224 Notification Certificates of Infectious Illness were received from medical practitioners. These figures include for the first time the notifications of cases of Measles. If we exclude these latter the Notifications of Infectious Diseases compare favourably with those during the preceding year (306 as compared with 347).

In all infected homes the disinfection was performed by the Sanitary Authority. A visit was paid to every house, and it was ascertained that cases of infectious illness occurred in 4 houses where there were "grave" insanitary conditions. In 18 houses less serious insanitary conditions were found.

The Infectious Sickness Rate of the Borough, excluding the notifications from Consumption, Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis, Acute Polio-Myelitis, Ophthalmia and Measles, so as to make the rate comparable with that of former years, was 3.6 to each 1,000 of the population, as against 4.4 for the preceding year. The rate in the Northern Division was 2.7; while that in the Southern Division was 4.0.

Year.	Infectious Sickness Rate.	Rate for London generally.
1912	MAUTH 3.7	5.2
1913	4.6	6.7
1914	8.3	8.9
1915	7.0	8.3
1916	4.4	5.1
1917	3.6	4.2

TABLE IV.

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1917.

Notifiable Disease.		Number of Cases Notined.  No. L. Pa					Notified Localit Parish o	Cases I in each cy—(e.g., or Ward) District.	Total Cases removed		
	At all Ages.	Under 1	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 45	45 to 65	65 and up- wards	North	2 South Division	to Hospital.
Small Pox Cholera Plague Diphtheria, including Membranous Croup Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Typhus Fever Enteric Fever Relapsing Fever Continued Fever Puerperal Fever Cerebro-spinal Meningitis Poliomyelitis Ophthalmia Neonatorum Pulmonary Tuberculosis Measles Measles	4 - 2 4 2 5 101		- - 30 - 9 - - - - 1 1 - 2 301		9 1 5 - - - 1 - 20 2 60	7 11 1 - 1 - 2 - - 58 6 40		5		83 15 32 2 1 3 1 4 74 13	96 
Totals	1224	31	344	588	98	126	30	7	- 5	-	231

The Infectious Sickness Rate for London generally was 4.2.

Two hundred and thirty-one of the cases notified were removed from their homes to Isolation Hospitals.

### SCARLET FEVER.

The 38 cases of Scarlet Fever occurred in 29 houses.

Year.	Death Rate for Stoke Newington.	Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.
1912	0.02	0.04	0.05
1913	0.02	0.04	0.06
1914	0.06	0.07	0.08
1915	0.14	0.07	0.06
1916	0.08	0.03	0.04
1917	0.00	0.02	0.02

### ENTERIC OR TYPHOID FEVER.

The 4 cases notified during the year all occurred in different houses.

Year. Death-Rate for Stoke Newington.		Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.		
1912	0.00	0.03	0.04		
1913	0.04	0.02	0.04		
1914	0.00	0.03	0.05		
1915	0.04	0.03	0.04		
1916	0.00	0.02	0.03		
1917	0.00	0.02	0.03		

### DIPHTHERIA.

The 110 cases of Diphtheria occurred in 82 houses.

Year.	Death-Rate for Stoke Newington.	Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.
1912	0.00	0.10	0.11
1913	0.12	0.09	0.12
1914	0.06	0.16	0.15
1915	0.20	0.16	0.15
1916	0:12	0.14	0.14
1917	0.20	0.14	0.13

Many applications have been made at the offices for tubes of "antitoxin," which I store for the convenience of local practitioners.

The "diagnosis outfits" supplied by the Council to the medical practitioners in Stoke Newington are of great service.

The following is a statement of the applications received during 1917, together with the results of the examinations performed at the Lister Institute of Preventive Medicine, London:

	R	Results.				
Disease.	Positive.	Negative.	TOTAL			
Phthisis	. 20	78	98			
Diphtheria	. 53	60	113			
Enteric	. 6	2	8			
Cerebro-Spinal Men ingitis	3771	Nil	Nil			
Total	. 79	140	219			

### MEASLES AND WHOOPING COUGH.

#### MEASLES.

Year.	Death-Rate for Stoke Newington.	Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.
1912	0.12	0.40	0.35
1913	0.22	0.34	0.48
1914	0.02	0.31	0.24
1915	0.47	0.50	0.43
1916	0.02	0.19	0.15
1917	0.36	0.48	0.30

### WHOOPING COUGH.

Year.	Death-Rate for Stoke Newington.	Rate for London generally.	Rate for England and Wales.
1912	0.04	0.22	0.23
1913	0.12	0.17	0.14
1914	0.12	0.20	0.21
1915	0.14	0.25	0.21
1916	0.02	0.18	0.16
1917	0.12	0.13	0.13

### MEASLES.

As compared with the preceding year, there was a greatly increased prevalence of Measles. Nurse Ager paid 903 visits for advice and assistance.

### ZYMOTIC DIARRHŒA.

Calculated from deaths occurring under 2 years of age per 1,000 births.

Stoke Newington	 		 11.67
London generally	 	· · · · ·	 18.70
England and Wales	 		 12.18

### PUERPERAL FEVER.

Under Puerperal Fever are included deaths from Pyæmia and Septicæmia occurring in lying-in women. Two cases were notified during the year; and there were 2 deaths from this disease.

### PHTHISIS (CONSUMPTION) AND OTHER FORMS OF TUBERCULOSIS.

One hundred and one cases of consumption were notified under the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1912.

Sixty-four of the notified cases were insured under the Insurance Act.

Nurse A. Ager, who is appointed to give part-time services in connection with the Tuberculosis work within the Borough, has, acting under the instruction of the Medical Officer of the Tuberculosis Dispensary, and myself, dealt with 83 different cases, making in all 366 visits during 1917.

The value of our present measures against Tuberculosis is seriously discounted by the failure to make the scheme sufficiently comprehensive.

The persons who disseminate large quantities of the germs of Consumption during coughing and expectoration, while living in intimate contact with their families, are the most serious element of danger in the spread of the disease; for the close association of Tuberculosis with bad housing is admitted by all. Therefore, the preventive measures of first importance are (1) better housing; (2) effective measures to render the spread of infection impossible when once the infective person has been discovered.

For advanced (non-sanatorium) cases, homes should be provided which are local, inexpensive, and conducted on hospital tines; and these should be under the care of the Dispensary Medical Officer.

### THE WORK OF THE TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY IN 1917 IN REFERENCE TO STOKE NEWINGTON.

The following tables show the work done in connection with the Dispensary, so far as Stoke Newington is concerned, during the year 1917. The figures in all the particulars recorded show a material increase over those of the preceding year. (Vide my annual report for 1916.)

### METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF STOKE NEWINGTON. Year ending December 31st, 1917.

RETURN SHOWING THE RESULT OF THE EXAMINATION OF PERSONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DIAGNOSIS.

pathetime surgices the Borongh, has,	Numl to l	per of p	ersons found ring from	Number of Persons	Number in whom	om		
Othograph cuses,	Pulmonary Pulmonary Tube		found to be Non- Tuber- culous.	the diagnosis was doubtful.	TOTAL.			
Persons who before examination at the Dispensary were—	T.B. have been found	T.B. have never been found	a smile of	of our	nutsv snoseib sviens	off classical services of the contract of the		
Diagnosed to be	ciencia		bas yaidan	oo mira	to gotte	mueno.		
tuberculous	18	27	8	3	8	64		
Suspected cases and others not diagnosed to be tuber-culous	2	9	in to eviden	22	11	45		
Contacts of persons	zail o	регво	be intective	3000	ie when			
diagnosed to be tuberculous	1	2	1	17	13	36		
Totals	21	38	10	42	34	145		

Number of doubtful cases remaining on books	
on December 31st, 1916	19
Number of doubtful cases which have oc-	
curred during 1917	34
	1000
Total	53
Number of above found to be suffering from	
Tuberculosis	6
Number of above found to be non-Tuber-	
culous	1
	-
Total	7

Number of doubtful cases remaining on books on December 31st, 1917 — 46.

### METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF STOKE NEWINGTON. Year ending December 31st, 1917.

CLASSIFICATION AND DETAILED STATISTICS OF ATTENDANCES, Etc.

tasmooyan et of fice to the control of the control	Insured Persons Male	Insured Persons Female	Uninsured Persons Male	Uninsured Persons Female	I.	Conta M U.		F	TOTAL.
Attendances of new patients	57	8	21	20	2	10	1	19	138
Attendances of old patients	190	61	124	178	0	28	0	38	619
Consultations with doctors	5	0	0	7	0 (seco	1 nd co	0 nsult	3 ation	16
Specimens of sputum ex- amined	24	2	5	1	0	0	1	0	33

### ACUTE POLIO-MYELITIS AND CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.

Cerebro-spinal Fever is by far the more fatal of the two. Four cases were notified in the Borough during 1917; and 2 cases of Polio-myelitis. There were 4 deaths from the former and 1 from the latter.

### THE DISINFECTING AND CLEANSING STATION.

During the year ending December 31st, 1917, the following disinfecting and cleansing work was performed at the station:—

Total number of textile articles disinfected ... 12,201

Total number of books from Public Library disinfected ... ... ... ... ... 53

Total number of verminous persons cleansed ... 255

All the verminous persons cleansed were children of school age, with the exception of 4 adults.

In addition to the disinfection of rooms on account of the notified infectious diseases, 70 were fumigated on account of vermin, 24 on account of Consumption, 6 on account of Cancer, and 31 on account of Measles.

During the year the Borough Council continued its agreement with the Education Department of the London County Council to bathe and cleanse verminous school children.

### NOTES UPON SANITARY WORK PERFORMED DURING THE YEAR 1917.

It will be seen from the accompanying Report of the Chief Sanitary Inspector that a large amount of sanitary work has been performed during the year; 2,372 premises were inspected for conditions injurious or dangerous to health, and insanitary conditions varying in their nature from slight to grave were discovered

to the number of 634; 293 Intimation Notices, followed in 5 cases by Statutory Notices, were complied with. 3,084 re-inspections were made, making a total for the year of 5,456 inspections.

The slaughter-houses (3), bake-houses (26), cowshed (1), and dairies (65), the common lodging-house (1) and the registered houses let in lodgings (259), situated in the Borough, were all inspected during the year.

### FOOD INSPECTION.

During the year many systematic efforts were made to detect the sale of diseased meat within the Borough, and I am glad to say that, with few exceptions, our inspections have not called for any seizures. 1 ton and 7 cwts. of unsound food was voluntarily surrendered during the year.

### HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.

By the end of the year 1917, 259 such premises were on the Register.

THE HOUSING AND TOWN PLANNING ACT, 1909.

During 1917 no action was taken under this Act.

### FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

At the end of the year 1917, 301 factories, workshops and workplaces were on the Register.

As the result of the inspection of the workrooms and workplaces in the Borough, it was found that for the most part they were in a satisfactory condition, and that the requirements of the Factory and Workshops Act of 1901 were duly observed. There are altogether about 800 domestic workrooms in the Borough in which textile material of various kinds is being dealt with.

A complete list of all out-workers has been kept in the office.

### 1—INSPECTION OF FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspectors of Nuisances.

	Number of				
Premises.	Inspections 2	Written Notices.	Prosecutions		
Factories (including Factory Laundries) Workshops (including Workshop Laundries) Workplaces (Other than Outworkers' premises included in Part 3 of this Report)	57 229 15	23 —	Linday Side		
TOTAL	301	23	Nil.		

### 2—DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

TENER TOY OWNER AND CO	Numb	er of I	efects.	of ns.
Particulars.	⊳ Found.	ωRemedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	Number of
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts:—	Silly 1	Bas	Tah Pa	
Want of Cleanliness	6	6	-	-
Want of Ventilation	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding	1	1	-	-
Want of Drainage of Floors	1	1	-	-
Other nuisances	2	2	-	_
Caritana and (insufficient	-	-	-	-
Sanitary accommoda- unsuitable or defective	22	22	10 75 11	375
tion not separate for sexes	_	-	1.	-
Offences under the Factory and Workshops Act:—	Nil	The state of	1	
TOTAL	32	32	Nil	Nil

<sup>\*</sup> Including those specified in sections 2, 3, 7 and 8 of the Factory and Workshops Act as remediable under the Public Health Acts

### 3-HOME WORK.

	3—H	OME	WORK.				
SEA GOOD TO B	IAS BR	0	UTWORKERS	LISTS, SECT	ION I	107.	
		List	s received from	Employers.		NA LONG	
NATURE OF WORK.		5	Sending twice in	the year.	Mad		
			Outw	orkers.	on O	ces served ccupiers as ceeping or ding lists.	
		Lists.	Contractors.	Workmen.	100		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
Wearing Apparel— (1) Making, &c. (2) Cleaning and Wa Household Linen	ashing			253	1000	28	
	TRANSPORT	Die is	WORK	MITS DUTY			
Workshops on		er (s. 1)	131) at the e	nd of the yea	ar.	Number (2)	
	Miscel	llaneo	us		9800	229	
Important classes of workshops, such as workshops, such as workshop bake- houses, may be enu-	Bakel	24					
merated here.	Total	253					
Charles and a	5—OT1	HER	MATTER	RS.			
	(	Class.				Number (2)	
Matters notified to H.	M. Inspect	or of	Factories—			ed bare.	
Failure to affix Abs				kshop Act (s	.133)	1	
Underground Bakeho	uses (s. 101	1)—				income in	
Certificates grante	d during th	ne yea	r			Nil	
In use at the end	of the year					18	
						Surgius .	

During the year the homes of all outworkers have been inspected.

TABLE V.
SES PERFORMED UNDER THE SALE OF FOOD AN

ANALYSES PERFORMED UNDER THE SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS DURING THE YEAR 1917.

Article submitted for Analysis (156)	No. of Genuine Samples (147)	No. of Adul- terated Samples (9)	Remarks as to Adulteration.
Baking Powder Bread Butter Castor Sugar Cheese Coffee	2 1 13 1 2 4	- 1	Mixture of about 10% of Margarine. Vendor cautioned.
Cream	2 2	1	Not sold as "Preserved" Vendor cautioned, as small amount (0.173%) of boric acid present.
Custard Powder Epsom Salts Flour Ground Ginger Lard	1 2 15 1 7		MCDESIES WORKSHOPS
Margarine Milk	10 69	8	<ul> <li>(1) Added water 2½%. Vendor cautioned.</li> <li>(2) Slight deficiency in fat. Vendor cautioned.</li> <li>(3) Added water 2½%</li> </ul>
	,2513	TAL	<ul> <li>(3) Added water 3½%. Vendor cautioned.</li> <li>(4) Deficiency in fat 3%. Vendor cautioned.</li> <li>(5) Added water 5.4% Vendor</li> </ul>
	Total I		fined £1 and costs, £1 1s.  (6) Added water 2%. Vendor cautioned.  (7) 14% less than the legal amount of milk fat. Defendant fined £1 1s. and costs, £1 1s.  (8) Added water 1.5%. Vendor cautioned.
Paregoric Pepper Quinine, Ammoniated Sausages Spirit of Nitre Sweets	1 3 2 2 1 2		Cautioned.  All a see deslet femore deslet.  All a see deslet femore deslet.
Tea Vinegar	2 2 2	三	

### FOOD AND DRUGS.

Under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, 156 samples of food and drugs were taken and analysed. The results are shown in Table V.

Ten of the samples purchased in the Borough in 1917 were not satisfactory; and, therefore, the percentage of non-genuine samples amounted to 6.4 per cent., as compared with 7.7 per cent. for the preceding year. This is below the figure for London as a whole.

10.4 per cent. of the 77 Milk samples were unsatisfactory, as against 8.3 per cent. during the preceding year; but in some cases the deficiency below the legal limits was very slight.

In London the percentage of Milk samples reported against was about 11 during 1917.

It should be added that many of the samples purchased were below the quality of the average milk supply of London, although they were a trifle above the low legal limits which have been fixed.

All the samples of Milk, Butter, Cream and Margarine were tested for antiseptics, with the result that 0 of the samples of Milk, 3 of Cream, 11 of Margarine, and 10 of Butter were found to contain them. In no case was the amount sufficient to warrant a prosecution, and in each case boric acid was found; but in one or two instances the vendors were cautioned.

All but one of the 14 Butter samples taken throughout the year were found to be satisfactory.

Two informal samples have been taken during the year. The informal samples collected did not lead to the detection of adulteration.

### THE PUBLIC HEALTH (MILK AND CREAM) REGULATIONS, 1912.

All the samples of Milk were examined for preservatives. The samples were all taken under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, and in no instance were the Regulations infringed.

The 3 samples of Cream, although procured under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, were specially examined with regard to the provisions of the Regulations. That is to say, in every case the precise amount of fat was estimated, and the nature and amount of preservatives also. In addition, it was seen whether each of the vessels containing the Cream was duly labelled "Preserved Cream containing Boric Acid." The 3 samples of Cream contained fat varying from 38 to 52 per cent. by weight and Boric Acid varying from 0.17 per cent. to 0.29 per cent. Boric Acid was the only preservative employed. No thickening substances were found to be added to the samples of Cream examined.

### REPORT OF CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1917.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the Metropolitan Borough of Stoke Newington.

GENTLEMEN,-

I beg to present my Annual Report for the year ending December 31st, 1917:—

### HOUSES AND PREMISES INSPECTED.

By house-to-house inspection	326									
Upon complaint, under Sec. 107 (3), Public Health (London)										
Act, 1891	124									
After notification of infectious disease	udei 1									
After Notices from Builders, under Bye-law 14 (London										
County Council)	73									
Stables and mews	321									
Slaughter houses	19									
Milkshops, dairies and cowsheds	96									
Bakehouses	42									
Factories and workshops	452									
Other premises inspected	919									
Re-inspections made to examine and test work, etc	3,084									
Total inspections	5,456									
Total hispections	0,100									
Total hispections	0,100									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.	0,100									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.										
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)	110									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection	distanti yesir. standar									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint	110									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness	110 92 34									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  With reference to stables and mews	110 92									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness  With reference to stables and mews  , , , milkshops, dairies and cowsheds	110 92 34 11									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness  With reference to stables and mews  " " milkshops, dairies and cowsheds  factories and workshops	110 92 34 11 — 4									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness  With reference to stables and mews  " " milkshops, dairies and cowsheds  " bakehouses  " factories and workshops	110 92 34 11 - 4 23									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness  With reference to stables and mews  " " milkshops, dairies and cowsheds  " bakehouses  " factories and workshops  " slaughter houses	110 92 34 11 - 4 23 1									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness  With reference to stables and mews  " " milkshops, dairies and cowsheds  " bakehouses  " factories and workshops	110 92 34 11 - 4 23									
INTIMATION NOTICES SERVED.  (Sec. 3, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.)  House-to-house inspection  After inspection on account of complaint  After infectious illness  With reference to stables and mews  " " milkshops, dairies and cowsheds  " bakehouses  " factories and workshops  " slaughter houses	110 92 34 11 - 4 23 1									

### STATUTORY NOTICES.

Five statutory notices were served by direction of your Committee to be served under Sec. 4, Public Health (London) Act, 1891.

634 nuisances have been abated under Intimation an Statutory Notices. In addition, a large number of improvements have been made on advice to owners and occupiers.

### SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

The three Licensed Slaughter-houses at present in use in the Borough, are:—Nos. 118, Church Street; 165, High Street; and 70, Mountgrove Road. The results of inspections have been satisfactory, and the Licenses of each were renewed by the London County Council in October.

### COMMON LODGING-HOUSES.

The one Common Lodging-house in the Borough, situate at No. 81, Church Street, is under the control of the London County Council, and is conducted in accordance with the bye-laws. Visits have been made from time to time by your Inspectors.

#### BAKEHOUSES.

There are 26 bakehouses in the Borough, 20 of these being underground. Two of the latter were unoccupied at the end of the year. Four Notices were served on the occupiers. The usual standard of cleanliness has been maintained.

### DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS.

There are at present 65 Milk Vendors registered in the Borough, and one Licensed Cowkeeper.

96 inspections were made during the year, with satisfactory results.

#### COMPLAINTS.

Sec. 107 (3) Public Health (London) Act, 1891.

One hundred and twenty-four complaints were received during the year, and the premises to which they related were promptly inspected.

In 36 cases, on inspection of the premises to which the complaint related, no nuisance which could be dealt with under the Public Health Acts was found. Ninety-two Intimation Notices were served, and complied with. The Metropolitan Water Board have been notified of a number of cases of waste or misuse of water in the Borough.

### STABLES AND MEWS.

Three hundred and twenty-one inspections were made during the year. Eleven Intimation Notices were served for accumulations of manure.

#### HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.

There were 259 premises on the Register at the end of the year.

### HOUSE-TO-HOUSE INSPECTION.

Three hundred and twenty-six Inspections were made during the year, mostly in the poorer streets of the Borough. One hundred and ten Intimation Notices were served on Owners and occupiers.

### FOOD INSPECTION.

The following is a list of articles of food surrendered during the year:—

Tinned Food. No. of Tins.				ns.	Tons. cwt. qrs. lbs.						
Beef			19				_	1	0	2	
Salmon			9				-	-	-	9	
Milk			148				_	1	1	8	
			-								
	Total		176								
Other Articles :—											
Bacon							. 1	3	0	0	
Fish							. —	1	1	12	
Bread							_	1	0	8	
Mutton							. —	-		7	
				Total	40		. 1	7	3	18	

387 Inspections were made during the year, attention being directed both to the quality of the food exposed or deposited for sale and also the enforcement of the various orders of the Food Control Board. Your Inspectors attend the meetings of the Food Control Committee and submit a weekly report.

### RESTAURANT KITCHENS AND EATING HOUSES.

There are 10 of these premises in the Borough. The results of the inspections, both of the food and the kitchens, have been satisfactory. The times of the inspections were varied as much as possible.

### FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

Four hundred and fifty-two inspections were made in the 301 workshops and factories in the Borough during the year, and it was found necessary to serve 23 Notices, chiefly for the cleansing and defects in the flushing arrangements of water closets, etc.

The Register has been revised. M.H. Inspector of factories was notified of one case where the occupier of a workshop had failed to affix the Abstract of the Factory and Workshops Acts.

The outworkers Lists from the various firms in the Borough employing outside labour were dealt with.

#### NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

Excluding Measles, 306 cases were notified during the year, and in every instance an inspection of the infected premises was made; 34 Intimation Notices were served for insanitary conditions found.

All the houses where the cases of infectious illness occurred have been disinfected by the department.

No complaints were received of any damage to, or loss of, textile articles during the process of disinfection.

### DRAINAGE PLANS AND APPLICATIONS.

Eleven drainage plans and applications were considered and approved by your Committee.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

D. W. MATTHEWS.

### A LIST OF THE STREETS SITUATED IN THE BOROUGH OF STOKE NEWINGTON.

(For the Guidance of Medical Practitioners, Midwives, Etc.)

A DEN Grove
Aden Terrace
Adolphus Road
Allen Road
Allerton Road
Albion Road

,, Grove Alexandra Road Alexandra Buildings Amhurst Park (90-100 even Nos. and 93)

Arthur Road Ayrsome Road Aldham Place

BARN Street Barrett's Grove

Belgrade Road

Bethune Road (1 to 145) ,, , (2 to 106)

Blackstock Road (5 to 175)

Bouverie Road (94

Boleyn Road (94 to 192)

Brighton Road Brodia Road Broughton Road Brownswood Park

(Queen's Rd. to Brownswood Rd.) Green Lanes

Brownswood Road

Burma Road

CROSSWAY (late Castle St.)
(2 to 50) N. Side
Carysfort Road
Chalman Tarrage

Chalmers Terrace Chapel Place Chesholm Road

Church Path

, Road

,, Street Clonbrock Road Clissold Road Coronation Avenue Cowper Road Cressington Road

DEFOE Road
Digby Road
Dumont Road
Dynevor Road

EADE Road (2 to 66) and 1 to 27 odd Nos. Edward's Lane

FAIRHOLT Road Finsbury Park Road Fleetwood Street

GAINSBORO Road Gloucester Road Goldsmith Square Gordon Road Grange Court Road Grazebrook Road Grayling Road Green Lanes

,, ,, (from 2 to 388) ,, ,, (,, 45 ,, 109a) ,, ,, (271 to 327) Grove Lodge Yard

HAMILTON Place Harcombe Road

Hawksley Road
Hayling Road
Heathland Road
Henry Road
Hermitage Road, 1 to 25a, 2 to 14
Hewling Street
High Street (17 to 217)
Hornsey Place
Howard Road

IMPERIAL Avenue

KERSLEY Road King's Road Knebworth Road Kynaston Road ,, Avenue

Laver's Road
Lavell Street
Leconfield Road (1-33)
Leonard Place
Lidfield Road
Lilian Street
Listria Park
Londesborough Road
Lordship Road

,, Grove ,, Park ,, Terrace Lordship Park Mews

MANOR Road
Martaban Road
Marton Road
Mason's Court
,, Place

Matthias Road (2-122) Millard Road Milton Road Mountgrove Road (2-98)

NEVILL Road Newington Green (33-42)

OLDFIELD Road Osterley Road

PAGET Road
Painsthorpe Road
Palatine Road
Paradise Row
Park Crescent

" Lane

,, ,, Terrace ,, Street

Pellerin Road Petherton Road (106 to 138) Portland Road

Prince George Road

Princess Road ,, May Road

QUEEN Elizabeth's Walk Queens Road

REEDHOLM Villas Rochester Place Riversdale Road (92-104)

SANDBROOK Road Salcombe Road :-

Seven Sisters Road:—From Blackstock Road to Amhurst Park

Shakespeare Road Shelgrove Road Shipway Terrace Somerfield Road Spenser Road Springdale Road St. Kilda's Road St. Andrew's Road

,, Mews Pavement, S. Side Selsea Place

Stamford Hill (1-39) Stoke Newington Road (1-175) Statham Grove Summerhouse Road

TRUMAN'S Road Town Hall Approach.

VICTORIA Grove Victoria Grove West Victoria Road

WALFORD Road
Warwickshire Road
Watson Street
White Hart Court
Wilberforce Road
Winston Road
Wordsworth Road
Woodland Road
Woodlea Road
Woodberry Down

Grove