## [Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Friern Barnet].

#### **Contributors**

Friern Barnet (London, England). Urban District Council.

#### **Publication/Creation**

[1938?]

#### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/zhq9k8pt

#### License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution, Non-commercial license.

Non-commercial use includes private study, academic research, teaching, and other activities that are not primarily intended for, or directed towards, commercial advantage or private monetary compensation. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



# FRIERN BARNET URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL

REPORT



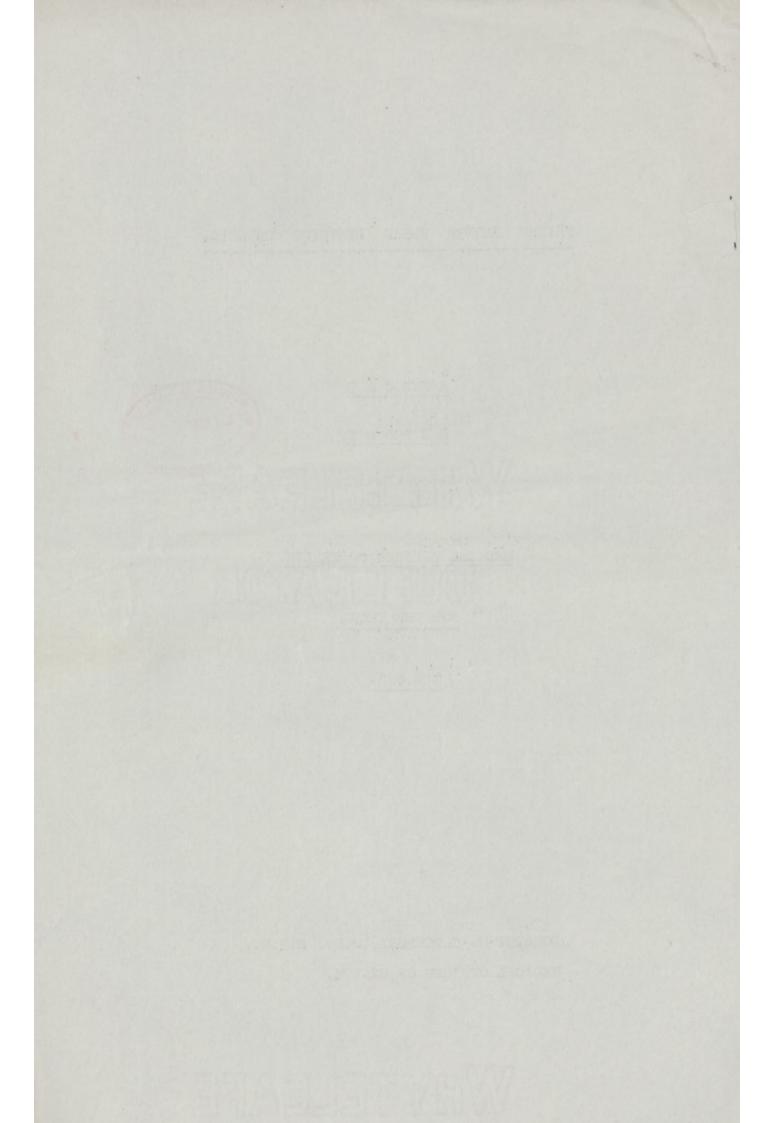
OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1 9 3 7.

DOROTHY M. CATCHPOOL, M.B., D.P.H., MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.



# FRIERN BARNET URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1937.

To the Chairman and Members of the Friern Barnet Urban District Council.



Gentlemen,

Herewith I present to you a report upon the Health Conditions in your district for year ending December 31st, 1937.

The report is drawn up in accordance with circular 1650 of October 4th, 1937, issued by the Ministry of Health.

The main points of interest in the statistics are as follows.-

- (1) A reduction in the birth-rate from 14.5 to 12.4
- (2) An increased death-rate from 8.7 to 10.2
- (3) No deaths occurred from either diarrhoea and enteritis or from maternal mortality.

There has been a marked increase in deaths from heart disease, but a decline in deaths from respiratory diseases, unless the fatal cases of influenza are considered as probably due to respiratory complications.

A marked decline in Infantile Mortality is also noticeable, the deaths amounting to 27 per 1000 births, the lowest figure for this district.

Generally speaking, the health of the district is very good.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

DOROTHY M. CATCHPOOL. M.B., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

# STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area in Acres 1341.2

Population Census 1931 - 23081. Estimated 1937 by M. O. H. - 28200.

" Reg.Gen. - 26775.

District - 25300. Friern Hospital - 2900.

Number of structually separate inhabited houses (1931) - 4467.

" " (1937) - 6312.

Number of families or separate occupiers (1931) - 5332.

1 11 11 11 11 (1937) - 7890.

Rateable Value - Urban District - £263186.

Sum represented by a ld rate - District Rate - £1066.

#### Social conditions.

The district remains almost entirely a residential area, the only factories being one scientific instrument works, one biscuit factory, and one small engineering works.

## Unemployment.

The number of persons registered at the Employment Exchange is as follows.-

			Men.	Women.
End	of	1935	120	15
11	11	1936	120	5
11	11	1937	219	7

# EXTRACT OF VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1937.

		Total	M.	F.	
Ti- Di-th-	Legitimate	320	152	168	Birth-rate - 12.4
Live Births	Illegitimate	9	3	6	DII ou-1000
Still Births		16	7	9	Rate per 1000 Births - 48.6
Deaths (Net	t)	247	132	115	Death-rate (corrected)-10.2

No. of women dying in childbirth - From Sepsis - 0. Other causes - 0.

Deaths of infants under 1 year per 1000 births - 27.0

Legitimate - 9. Illegitimate - 0. Total - 9.

Deaths from Measles (all ages) - 0.

Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages) - 0.

Deaths from Diarrhoca and Gastro-enteritis (under 2 years) - 0.

St. Securited Police of the POPULATION.

I estimate the population to the middle of the year as 28200, made up as follows.-

Division.	Local Government Electors.	Population.
North Central South Friern Hospital	4624 4017 4134	9330 7290 8680 2900
*	12775	28200

The Registrar Generals estimate of population is 26775.

## BIRTHS.

The number registered in the district was 175, and the number assigned to the district by the Registrar General 329, and this gives a birth-rate of 12.4. The Infantile Mortality rate is calculated on the number of births assigned to the district by the Registrar General. The still-births during the year numbered 16, giving the rate of 48.6 per 1000 births, compared with 33.0 for 1936, and 40.0 for 1935.

#### DEATHS.

Table 2 shows in detail the registered causes of death in alphabetical order, their distribution in wards, and particulars of the inward and outward transfers.

The number of deaths registered in the district was 235, giving a crude death-rate of 8.90. The nett deaths numbered 254, giving a rate (including institutional population) of 9.28. Since the preparation of the death-table, the Registrar Generalhas assigned 247 deaths to the district, and this will give the uncorrected death-rate of 10.41 per 1000. The correcting factor for age and sex distribution is 0.98, and this gives a corrected death-rate for comparative purposes of 10.2 per 1000.

The infantile mortality rate has decreased, being 27.0 per 1000 births, compared with 51.0 for 1936, and is the lowest yet recorded.

Affections of the Heart and Circulatory system continue to be the principal cause of death. Cancer was again the cause of many deaths in persons over the age of 45. There were no deaths from Infantile Diarrhoea during the year.

The deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis are the same as for the two previous years. It is interesting to compare the death-rates each year for the past ten years from this cause.

1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 0.47 0.41 0.21 0.47 0.39 0.57 0.61 0.54 0.53 0.45

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

### Public Hoalth Dopartment Staff.

Medical Officer of Health. Dorothy M. Catchpool, M.B., B.S., D.P.H. (Part Time, but not engaged in

private practice).

Chiof Sanitary Inspector. Albert

Albert G. Harman. Qualified in Practical Sanitary Science,

Royal Sanitary Institute.

Qualified as Inspector of Meat & Other Foods,

Royal Sanitary Institute.

Qualified as Sanitary Inspector,

Royal Sanitary Institute.

Royal Sanitary Institute.
Diploma Worshipful Company of Carpenters
and Honoursman Building Construction.

(Whole Time).

Additional Sanitary Inspector. William R. Jackaman, M.S.I.A., A.R.S.I., Qualified as Sanitary Inspector, Sanitary Inspectors' Joint Board.

(Whole Time).

Clerk.

James Wilson.

#### Laboratory facilities.

Examinations for Diphtheria, Tuberculosis etc, are now made at the laboratory in connection with the Isolation Hospital, but milk, food, water, sewage effluent and virulence tests, are done at the Clinical Research Association Laboratories.

#### Ambulance facilities.

We have now an adequate ambulance service worked from the Central Fire Station, under the control of the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade, with an arrangement between the respective officers of Finchley, Hornsey, Southgate and East Barnet, whereby one or the other stand by for use in any district, should the necessity arise.

## Nursing in the home.

There are three nursing associations working in the North Ward, Central Ward and Brunswick Park, and South Ward respectively. The association in the South Ward has a working arrangement with the Council for the home visiting of cases of Measles.

#### Treatment centres and clinics.

These are administered by the Middlesex County Council as the Maternity & Child Welfare Authority, and the authority having control of the School Medical Service.

5.

### Hospitals.

There are no General Hospitals within the district, nor any wholly controlled by the Sanitary Authority.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

## Water supply.

The Barnet District Gas & Water Company continue to give an adequate and wholesome supply of water to this district. Mr. J. F. Haseldine, M.Inst.C.E., the Engineer & Manager to the Company, informs me that.— "The bulk of the water supplied is examined bacteriologically every day and detailed examinations are made at each pumping station once a week". The Water Company have an up to date chemical and bacteriological laboratory under the charge of a fully qualified chemist. Samples are sent periodically to independent analysts for their examination, and the following report is characteristic of such examinations.—

"This is a clean and bright water free from odour and taste, and neutral in re-action. It is hard in character, free from metals, and contains no excess of saline matter. Both organically and bacteriologically, the water is of a high degree of purity, and is pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes".

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal.

The extensions to the Sewage Purification Works were completed on the 29th September and the work officially opened by the Chairman of the Council on the 23rd October.

Briefly the additions include 3 sedimentation tanks, 3 filter units, 2 upward flow humus tanks, 3 storm water tanks, 6 sludge digestion tanks, 11 drying beds and a sub-pumping station, and installation of electrically driven centrifugal pumps.

The sewage was first received from a part of the Borough of Hornsoy on the 23rd March and the volume recorded from the 1st April to the 27th December was 73 million gallons.

The effluent was inspected frequently by the Loe Conservancy Board and samples taken for analysis, all of which were satisfactory.

.

The sludge digestion system does not entirely eliminate odours and this is more noticeable when the atmosphere is humid and heavy.

Owing to the limited area of the drying beds it has been necessary to discharge the digested sludge on to the old lagoons from time to time. No appreciable sale has been found for the dried sludge.

Mr. A. C. Brown who acted as Resident Engineer during the reconstruction of the works has been appointed as from the 1st November, Manager of the works.

The new relief sewer which runs from a point midway between Cromwell Road and the North Circular Road, via Colney Hatch Lane and Friern Barnet Lane to Buxted Road, was completed in March 1937. A sewer was relaid in Friern Barnet Road, between The Avenue and High Road.

In accordance with the provisions of the Public Health 1936, a survey of sewers is being carried out.

## Disposal of House and Trade Refuse.

Controlled Tipping is still proceeding in the Bethune Park area and on April 8th tipping was commenced at the Eastern end of the Western section of the Central Ward Allotments. The hollow in this land is to be raised to the level of the Crescent Road.

We are now tipping somewhat closer to houses than for some two years and special precautions have been taken to prevent any cause for complaint, the shoot being so arranged to prevent any dust being blown towards the street whilst the machines are discharging their contents.

Six other Local Authorities, including two from abroad, have received instruction by the Engineer and Surveyor on this method of disposal of house refuse during the year, and the employees of two Local Authorities have been trained in the work.

## Street scavenging.

The number of Orderlies has been increased and this service has now been completely equipped with modern trucks, and the roadways of the district are maintained in a particularly orderly and cleanly manner.

## Rivers and streams.

These have been under constant observation. The short length of unculverted brook in Oakleigh Road shows pollution in times of dry weather, by paraffin oil, due to motor car owners putting oil into the surface water gullies, and it is held and becomes noticeable at this spot, because the rush of storm water from the culvert under the railway has scooped deep hollows in the bed of the brook, and the water is quiet enough to allow the oil to come to and remain on the surface. Closet accommodation.

The water-carriage system is in operation throughout the district, and there are no privies, middens, or slop water closets. SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

Tables of inspections made and defects remedied through the action of the Sanitary Inspectors will be found later in this report.

A number of complaints regarding the dampness of new houses and flats have been received from tenants, and there is little doubt that the premises are too often occupied before they have dried out. The modern practice of building houses with few coal consuming fireplaces, and plastering internally with non-absorbent plasters, tends to prolong the drying out process, and causes condensation of the warm moisture laden air within the rooms, thus giving rise to the suggestion that dampness is prevalent.

A large part of the time of your Sanitary Inspectors is spent in improving the structual condition of the dwelling houses occupied by persons of the working classes; use is made of the powers given by Section 9 of the Housing Act 1936; a few houses being dealt with at a time. During the year the houses in The Avenue district have been put into good order.

During the year a travelling fair pitched on a vacant plot of land in the South Ward. The site was promptly visited by your Sanitary Inspectors, and proper provision made for water supply and sanitary services. Several complaints were received, but on investigation no nuisance remedial under public health law was observed.

There is no doubt that the noise of these fairs is an annoyance to the residents, and your officers were successful in obtaining an undertaking from the owner of the land not to let it for fair purposes in the future.

The Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919, is administered by the Middlesex County Council. A number of complaints have been received in respect of premises infested with rats, and these have immediately been forwarded to Mr. A. Chudley, the Rats and Mice Destruction Officer for this district. We are constantly asked to assist various householders, and this help has always been given readily, your Sanitary Inspectors co-operating with the Middlesex County Officer.

### Smoke abatement.

There are no factories within the district using coal fired boilers, and no action has been necessary.

### Swimming baths and pools.

There are no public Swimming Baths or Pools within the district, nor any attached to Restaurants or Road Houses.

Eradication of bod bugs.

The department continues to give assistance and advice in keeping promises free from vermin, and there has been a marked decrease in the number of such premises brought to our notice.

- 1. Number of Council houses found to be infested..... 7
  - Number of other houses found to be infested...... 17
    " " disinfested..... 7 x
  - x Owing to the age and structure of the remaining infested houses practical disinfestation measures were impossible. The occupiers were supplied with insecticide on request, and instructed on its proper use with a view to reducing the extent of infestation.
- 2. The methods employed for freeing infested houses from bed bugs.

  Stripping of all wall and ceiling papers, removal of picture rails, skirting boards, architraves and other woodwork; spraying of walls, ceilings, floor and woodwork with an insecticide, followed by fumigation with a gas non-toxic to human beings.
- 3. The methods employed for ensuring that the belongings of tenants are free from vermin before removal to Council houses.

Great care in selecting tenants is exercised, but no routine

inspection or precautionary treatment of furniture undertaken.

Whether the work of disinfestation is carried out by the Local Authority or by a Contractor.

The Council's workmen carry out the disinfestation of the Council houses. Disinfestation of privately owned houses is performed by men employed by the owner under the direction of the Public Health Department.

The measures taken by way of supervision or education of tenants to prevent infestation or re-infestation after cleansing.

Repeated visits are made to the houses after disinfestation has been carried out, to ensure that the treatment has been successful. The tenants are advised that upon any future evidence of returning infestation, they should report the fact immediately to the department.

#### HOUSING.

Number of New Houses erected during the year

- (a) Total 82 houses, and 52 self contained flats (including those under (b)
- (b) With State assistance under Housing Acts;
  - By the Local Authority ..... 0 (1)
  - By other Bodies of persons ... 0 (2)

#### HOUSING STATISTICS.

Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the Year .-

1.	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	413 440
2.	Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-hoad (1) above, which were inspected and recorded under Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	70 78
3.	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	0
4.	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	149

Remedy of defects without service of formal notices .-

Number of	fa	efec:	tive	dwell	ling-ho	uses	rer	idered	fit in	
conseque	one	e of	info	ormal	action	by	the	Local	Authority	
										133

3.	Ac	tion under Statutory Powers	
Α.	Pr	oceedings under sections 9,10 & 16 of the Housing Act 1936.	
		Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	6 2 4
B.	Pr	occedings under Public Health Acts	-
	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	6 6 0
C.	Pr	occodings under sections 11 & 13 of the Housing Act 1936.	
		Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	0
D.	Pr	occordings under section 12 of the Housing Act 1936.	
		Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	0
4.	Но	using Act, 1936 Part 4 Overcrowding.	
Λ.	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses overcrowded at end of the year 20 Number of families dwelling therein	88
В.	(1)	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year.	0
C.	(1)		1 6
D.		Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	0
E.		New flats to abate overcrowding.	
		The Wood Green Borough Council has approved the Council's proposition for flats on the site now occupied by the allotments at the Sewage Works fronting Alexandra Road, under their Town Planning Scheme. Detail plans are now being prepared for approval by the Ministry of Health.	

The second control of 

# SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

No. of	dwo	lling-h	nousos ins	pocted	(separate	primary	inspection	s only	).
(1) 0	n ec	mplaint							269
(2) 0	n no	tificat	tion of in	fection	is disease				74
(3) R	o Tu	aborculo	sis						6
(4) H	ouse	to Hou	180						70
Visits	to	Foodsho	ps						7
11	57	Dairios	and Milk	shops.					37
11	11	Slaugh	tor-houses						6
11	re	Shops 1	cts						187
11	to	Factori	les and Wo	rkshop	s				13
11	re	Potrolo	eums Acts.						35
17	to	Waterco	ourses						10
17	for	disin	Coction						78
tt	ro	Sanita	tion of Pu	blic H	alls				10
11	17	Housing	g Act, 193	6					467
11	to	Fair g	rounds						26
11	ro	Disinf	station a	ind to	verminous	premises			93
11	11	Rat in	fostation.						61
Appoin	tmo	nts and	spocial v	isits.					388
Ro-ins	pec	tions an	nd visits	to wor	ks in prog	ress			1353
Attend	ance	es at C	ourt (Pett	y Sess	ions and C	ounty Co	urt)		2
									77.00
Total									3192
Total	vis:	its and	inspectio	ns for	1936				3013
"	11	**	11	11	1935				2222
11	17	"	"	11	1934				2270
tt	17	11	11	11	1933				2417
"	11	11	11	-11	1932				2282

AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE the first terms of the same and The same of the sa The following is a summary of the sanitary improvements and defects remedied during the year.-

W	Intor.
	Store cisterns provided, repaired, cleansed or covers pro-
	Draw off cocks direct from main supply provided

Store cisterns provided, repaired, cleansed or covers provided.  Draw off cocks direct from main supply provided  Fittings and services repaired	14 17 9
Drainago.	
Drains reconstructed  Drains cleared or repaired  Inspection chambers constructed  Inspection chambers cleansed, repaired etc.  Soil and vent pipes provided  Soil and vent pipes repaired  Now sinks provided  Now sink wastes provided  Sink wastes repaired	2 43 5 15 11 7 26 28 7
W. C.	
W. C. pans and traps fixed W. C. pans and traps repaired W. C. seats, doors, windows, floors, renewed or repaired Walls cleansed and distempered Coilings cleansed and distempered Flushing cisterns provided Flushing cisterns repaired or regulated	32 1 25 24 21 1 20
Floors.	
Floors renewed	12 4 17 100
Roofs.	
Stripped and renewed	24 125 83
Cloansing.	
Walls repaired, cleansed, distempered or papered	375 294
Windows.	
Sashes and frames repaired or renewed	193 85 6 50
Brickwork.	
Damp proof courses provided	9 10 15 2

Brickwork ropaired	10
Chimnoy stacks robuilt or repaired	15
Dampness in walls remodied	2
Walls repointed or rendered	52
Houses underpinned	2

Constitution of the second 

Brought forward from p	revious page	1766							
Yards.									
	d or renewed	7 20							
Refuso.									
Dustbins provided									
Woodwork.									
Balustors and handra	or repairedils ronewed or repairedred or rehung	12 7 36							
General.									
New ranges and grates provided									
Total		2099							
Total number remedied	1936	1377							
11 11 11	1935	1022							
и и п	1934	1551							
17 11 11	1933	703							
INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.									
Milk. The following	Milk.  The following licences were issued under the Milk (Special								
Designations) Order, 1	936								
Accredi	rised								
One premises	has been licensed for the Pasteurising of m	ilk.							

One premises has been licensed for the Pasteurising of milk.

During the year a number of samples of milk were taken and submitted for bacterial count, and all were found to be of a satisfactory standard.

Meat and other foods.

There has been no slaughtering in the district during the year.

Only one licensed slaughter-house exists. Three licences were issued under the Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933. There has been no need for the seizure or surrender of unsound food.

A Committee of the Comm

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Scarlet Fever.

The incidence of this disease remains very low; the attack rates for the past eight years being as follows.-

1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
3.0	3.7	2.3	2.4	2.9	3.9	1.7	1.8

The disease continues to be very mild, and the average length of stay in Hospital was 35 days.

The incidence of this disease has been slightly below normal during the past year, only 10 cases having been notified, against 21 in 1936, and 13 in 1935. The disease has been rather more severe than usual, and the average stay in Hospital was 54 days, against 53 during 1936, and 51 during 1935.

Erysipelas.

During the year 8 cases were notified.

Typhoid.

No notifications of this disease were received.

Small-pox.

No cases of Small-pox were notified during the year.

Puerperal Pyrexia.
One case was notified and made a satisfactory recovery.

Tuborculosis.

Dr. Dobson, the Tuberculosis Officer for this area, has been good enough to send me the following information respecting his work on Friern Barnet residents for the year under review.-

During the year 8 persons have taken up residence within this district, who had previously been notified as suffering from Tuberculosis.

# Non-notifiable diseases.

This disease was not prevalent last year, only 9 notifications from school teachers being received. One case with complications was treated in Hospital, and made a satisfactory recovery.

There were only 10 cases notified by school teachers. The disease was of a mild type, and the cases all occurred at the Oakleigh M.C.C. Infants School. One case was removed to Hospital for treatment.

Whooping Cough.
Sixty-nine cases were notified, and this disease was again very prevalent. The cases were about equally distributed throughout the district. One case was removed to Hospital on account of complications. Chicken-pox.

Only 2 cases were notified as against 103 last year.

The following table shows the number of cases of nonnotifiable diseases which have been brought to my notice by school teachers and other officers of the Education Authority.

School	Chicken pox	Mumps	Measles	Whooping Cough	Influenza
Sydney Rd M.C.C.	_	_	_	19	-
St. Paul's	-	1	-	4	-
St. James's	1	1	-	1	-
Oakleigh M.C.C. In.	-	2	9	13	-
All Saints Girls	-	1	-	-	-
Holly Park	-	4	-	14	-
Cromwell Road	-	-	-	-	-
St. John's	1	1	-	18	21
Totals	2	10	9	69	21

## BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

The following bacteriological examinations and tests have been made during the year.

Examination and result	Diphtheria	Tuborcle	Enteric
Positivo	3	1	-
Nogative	92	10	-
Totals	95	11.	-

# PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1925.

No action was taken under these regulations during the year regarding tuberculous employees in the milk trade.

# PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925, SECTION 62.

No action was taken under this section during 1937.

# REPORT OF MEDICAL OFFICER REQUIRED BY SECTION 132 OF THE FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS ACT, 1901.

Premises	Inspections	Number of written notices	Prosecutions
Factories	2		-
Workshops	11	2	-
Workplaces	-	-	-
Totals	13	2	-

# Defects found in Factories, Workshops and Workplaces.

Particulars		Number o	f defects found	
	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	Prosecutions
Want of cleanliness	1	1	-	-
Other nuisances	1	1	-	-
Totals	2	2		-

# OUTWORKERS.

No of outworkers on lists received	No. of outworkers belonging to district	No. of outworkers on lists belonging to other districts
21	15	6

TABLE 1. FRIERN BARNET URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANALYSIS OF CASES OF NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1937.

			NUM	BER OF	CASES	NOTIFIE	D		CA	SES IN	EACH W.	ARD	
DISLUE			AT AG	ES		YE	ARS			WAR	DS		NUMBER REMOVED
	All	Un.1	1-5	5-15	15-25	25-45	45-65	65 & over	North	South	Cent.	Friern Hosp.	TO HOSPITAL
Pneumonia	47	3	4	4	6	5	14	11	3	10	7	27	-
Diphtheria	10	-	7	1	1	1	-	-	1	7	2	-	10
Scarlet Fever	49	-	6	31	6	5	1	-	12	23	14	-	37
Erysipelas	8	-	-	-	-	3	4	1	5	-	-	3	2
Acute Poliomyelitis	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Dysentery	25	-	1	-	3	16	5	-	-	-	1	24	-
Puerperal Fever	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Pulm. Tuberculosis	11	-	-	-	2	7	2	-	2	4	5	-	-
Other Tuberculosis	5	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	3	2	-	-
Totals	157	3	18	37	20	40	27	12	24	47	32	54	49

In addition to the above, the following cases were also removed to Hospital.
l - Measles. l - Mumps. l - Whooping Cough & Pneumonia.

TABLE 2.

#### FRIERN BARNET URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

## ANALYSIS OF THE CAUSES OF AND AGES AT DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1937 FOR THE WHOLE DISTRICT.

CAUSES OF DEATH	NO.			ra	·	AGES					WA	RDS		Out.	In.	м.	F.	Nett Deaths
Accident & Violence Appendicitis Arterio-sclerosis Bronchitis Cancer Cerebral Haemorrhage Cirrhosis of Liver Congenital Malformations Diabetes Dysentery Epilepsy General Paralysis Heart Disease Hernia Influenza Meningitis Nephritis Old Age Cther defined causes Pneumonia Suicide Syphilis Tuberculosis (Pulm)	1 - 10 6 24 16 1	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-15	15-25	25-45	45-65 4 2 3 2 21 4 1 - 3 31 - 2 8 11 1	5 & 0v 5 11 5 17 20 - 2 2 - 666 1 12 13 7 10 15 1 - 1	N. 8 - 4 1 9 5 - 2 6 1 1 - 5 1 9 1 2 1 - 4	S. 5 3 3 2 2 12 10 1 2 2 - 1 1 1 - 2 8 6 6 5 2 2 1 1	C.  1 13 10 19 -5 5 2 4 4 7 7 1 1 - 7 7	F.H. 7 3 6 - 3 1 4 31 10 5 8 2 7	- 7 3 6 3 - 1 4 34 - 9 1 1 1 5 8 1 2 8 1	13 3 4 1 1 16 9 - 1 2 - 7 3 12 2 11 - 7 2	8 2 6 3 20 10 1 - 2 1 2 4 4 1 - 5 1 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	6 1 8 4 20 15 2 3 - 63 1 11 - 9 6 9 17 2 2 7 7	14 37 4 34 25 1 2 2 1 1 70 17 19 24 3 12 2
Tuberculosis (Other) Premature Birth Totals	235	2	2	-	5	- 9	38	108	186	89	96	77	95	103	122	170	187	254

TABLE 7.

# FRIERN BARNET URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

# ANALYSIS OF NEW CASES OF TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFIED DURING 1937, AND THE MORTALITY FROM THE SAME DISEASE OVER THE SAME PERIOD.

		NEW CAS	ES			DE	ATHS	
AGES	PULM	ONARY	NON-PUL	MONARY	PULMON	MARY	NON-	PULMONARY
	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES
0-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-10	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
10-15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-20	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
20-25	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
25-35	3	-	-	1	1	1	-	-
35-45	2	2	-	-	2	2	1	1
45-55	2	-	1	-	2	-	-	-
55-65	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
65 & Over	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Totals	8	3	3	2	8	4	1	1

# TABLE 4. INFANTILE MORTALITY.

NETT DEATHS FROM STATED CAUSES AT VARIOUS AGES UNDER 1 YEAR OF AGE, 1937.

	Under 1 week	l - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	Total under 4 weeks	4 weeks and under 3 mths.	3 mths and under 6 mths.	6 mths and under 9 mths.	9 mths and under 12 mths.	Total under l year.
All causes Certified Uncertified	6 -	1 -			7 -	1 -	-	1 -	-	9 -
Atolectasis Cerebral Haemorrhage Congenital Malformation Influenza Pneumonia Premature Birth	1 1 2 - 2	1		-	2 1 2 - 2		-			2 1 2 1 1 2

TABLE 5.

BIRTH-RATES, DEATH-RATES, AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1937.

## THE FOLLOWING TABLE HAD BEEN SUPPLIED BY THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, AND IS USEFUL FOR COMPARATIVE PURPOSES.

	Rate p 1000 t pop.	otal	Α	nnual	Death-	rate pe	er 1000	popul	ation			Rate pe	
	Live-births	Still-births	VII causes	Enteric Fever	Small-pox	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria	Influenza	Violence	Diarrhoea and Enteritis (under 2 years)	Total Deaths under one year
England & Wales	14.9	0.60	12.4	0.00	-	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.45	0.54	5.8	58
125 County Boroughs & Great Towns, inc. London	14.9	0.67	12.5	0.01	-	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.08	0.39	0.45	7.9	62
148 Smaller Towns (est. Resident pop. 25,000 to 50,000 Census 1931).	15.3	0.64	11.9	0.00	-	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.42	0.42	3.2	55
London	13.3	0.54	12.3	0.00	-	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.05	0.38	0.51	12.0	60
I therefore recapitulate	the f	igures	for F	riern	Barnet	alread	ly give	n in v	arious	parag	graphs	of the r	eport.
Friern Barnet	12.4	0.60	10.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.53	0.0	27