[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Croydon].

Contributors

Croydon (London, England). County Borough.

Publication/Creation

[1921?]

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/dtpk2uuf

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution, Non-commercial license.

Non-commercial use includes private study, academic research, teaching, and other activities that are not primarily intended for, or directed towards, commercial advantage or private monetary compensation. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



County Borough of Croydon.



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER

For the Year 1920.

R. VEITCH CLARK, M.A., M.B., Ch.B., B.Sc., D.P.H.

CROYDON:

Contents.

						PAGE
VITAL STATISTICS, SUMMARY OF						7
SECTION I.						
NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIO	NS OF T	THE D	STRICT	:		
Climate						8
Social Conditions		***				8
Hospital Accommodation						9
						7
SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF T	HE DIS	TRICT				
Water						12
Rivers and Streams Drainage and Sewerage					***	14
Closet Accommodation					***	14
Scavenging						14
Sanitary Inspection of the						15
Housing						Y #
						15
Infectious Disease, Prevalen	NCE OF	AND C	ONTROL	OVER	:	
Scarlet Fever						17
Diphtheria						17
Measles						17
	***					17
						17
Influenza Pneumonia	***		***			17
Malaria, Dysentery, and E	ncenha	litis le	tharoic	a		18
Tuberculosis						18
Ophthalmia neonatorum						18
HEALTH VISITORS' WORK, REC						18
	JORD OI					10
Disinfection, Record of						19
SICK ROOM REQUISITES			***			20
SECTION II.						
	ulanta d	taratar	don't a			
Table I. Vital Statistics of v						22
previous years II. Cases of Infectious	Disease	notifi	ed duri	ng 102		22
III. Causes of, and Ages						24
IIIa. Causes of Deaths fr						
conditions during	1920					37
Chart showing prin	ncipal o	causes	of dea	ath du	iring	
1920						
IV. Infant Mortality du	ring 19	20				39
V. Cases notified and						
zymotic diseases		-				.0
VI. Vital Statistics of	separate	e loca	lities in	1020	and	48
previous years	- Partition	1001				40
VII. Meteorological Obse	rvation	s for	1920			49 50
VIIA, Meteorological Obse						51

				PAGI
SECTION III.				
MATERNITY AND INFANT WELFARE:—				
Infant Mortality				52
				53
				53
				56
				56
				57
Fooding of Infants				57
Notifications of Rieths Ast room				57
Midwives				59 59
SECTION IV.				29
Tuberculosis Work :-				
General Summary of Cases dealt with				
Tuberculosis Dispensary and work d		conn		
		***		59
Sanatorium and Hospital Treatment .			***	65
SECTION V.				
VENEREAL DISEASE :				
Returns as to persons treated during the	year			66
SECTION VI.				
MENTAL DEFICIENCY :—				
Returns as to cases dealt with				69
		***	***	09
SECTION VII.				
SANITARY INSPECTING STAFF, WORK OF THE :-	-			
Inspections				70
Table giving details of general sanitary wo	ork			71
Combined drainage				72
			***	72
Examination of drains			• • • •	72
Municipal and other Common Lodging Ho				7 ² 7 ²
Houses let in lodgings				73
FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACT:-			100	13
Factories				74
Workshops				74
Homework				74
Bakehouses				74
Workplaces				75
Smoke Nuisances	*	***	*.* *	75
RAG FLOCK ACT				75
SLAUGHTERHOUSES AND THE INSPECTION OF ME.	AT ANI	о Отн	ER	
Foods:—				
				76
Details as to animals slaughtered				76
Summary of meat and other foods destroyed Tuberculosis in meat				78
Tuberculosis in milk				79
Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops Order				79

		PAGE
FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS :		
Prosecutions		80
Mills - 1 Company Demolation		81
T 14 A 1 1 1		82

		83
SECTION VIII.		
BOROUGH HOSPITAL, WORK OF THE :-		
D : 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		8.
		84
Maximum and minimum number of beds occupied		84
Admissions, 1920		84
Admissions, details of comparative, 1909-1920		85
Admissions, analysis of, 1920		86
Admissions, fatality for each disease		87
Illness of Staff		88
Work of Laboratory :-		
Examinations made for Cerebro-spinal meningitis		89
,, ,, Tuberculosis		90
,, ,, Enteric (Typhoid Fever)		91
SECTION IX.		3.
SECTION IX.		
School Medical Officer's Report:—		
Staff		92
Co-ordination		93
		23
SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE IN RELATION TO THE PUBL	LIC	
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS:—		
Number of schools and accommodation		93
		93
		93
Medical Inspection :—		
Routine inspection		95
Inspection of selected children		95
Defective children re exemined		95
Table—Total number of children examined (routing		96
FINDINGS OF MEDICAL INSPECTION:—	/	90
77 4 41		-0
		98
Cleansing Station		98
Clothing		98
Average Heights and Weights		99
Malnutrition		99
Vision and external eye disease		99
Enlarged tonsils and adenoids		99
Lymphatic Glands		Ico
Ear Disease		100
Defective Teeth		100
Affections of the Heart		IOI
Affections of the Lung		101
Tuberculosis	***	
Nervous Diseases		101
Deformities		102
Ringworm		102
Skin Affections		102
Mental Conditions		102
		102
Infectious Disease:—		
School Closure ,, ,,,		102
	2.55	103

PAGE.

Following Up:		100
Work of the Health Visitors		103
11 1		104
Falarend Topolla and Adapoids		105
Tuberculosis		106
		106
Crimpling Defects and Orthogodies		107
Oppu Air Envertion		III
Daniel Transport		III
Deamaran on Marca		114
C. O		
		114
		115
Co-Operation of School Attendance Officers		115
Co-Operation of Voluntary Bodies		115
BLIND, DEAF, DEFECTIVE AND EPILEPTIC CHILDREN	v	115
MENTALLY DEFECTIVE CHILDREN		116
Grangewood Special M.D. School		116
Physically Defective Children		117
Class for Stammerers		117
Nursery Schools		117
SECONDARY SCHOOLS		117
CONTINUATION SCHOOLS		117
EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS .		117
Miscellaneous :		
Teaching of Infant Care		118
Appendix.		
PUBLIC ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.		
A. Table 1. Number of Children Inspected		119
2. Return of Defects found in the course of		
inspection	ron	120
4. Treatment of Defects of Children:—	i Cii.	121
(a) Minor Ailments		123
(b) Visual Defect		123
(c) Defects of Nose and Throat		123
(d) Treatment of Dental defects (e) Treatment of Uncleanliness		124
		125
6. Summary relating to children medically in		127

						PAGE.
	SECON	DAR	Schools.			
В.	Table		Number of Children inspected Return of Defects found in the course of			128
			inspection.			129
		3.	See Appendix A, Table 3.			
		4.	Treatment of Defects of Children:-			
			(a) Minor Ailments	***		130
			(1) X7: 1 T) C .	***		130
			(c) Defects of Nose and Throat			130
			(d) Treatment of Dental Defects	***		130
		5.	Summary of treatment of defects			131
		6.	Summary relating to children medically	inspect	ed	131

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS.

Population—Census of 1911—169,551.

Estimated Population, June, 1920—191,820 (Registrar-General's Estimate of Civilian Population).

Births-4,351 (nett).

Birth-Rate, per 1000-22.6.

Deaths-2,134 (nett).

Death Rate, per 1,000 living, 11.1. (See note § at foot of Table I., page 22).

Deaths under 1 year of age-275.

Infantile Mortality, per 1,000 births—63.

Zymotic Death Rate—.5 per 1,000 population.

Death Rate from all Tuberculous Diseases (including Phthisis)—
1.0 per 1,000 population.

Acreage of the Borough—9,012.

Density of population—21.3, per acre.

Rateable Value—£1,142,984.

Amount produced by 1d. Rate—£4,324.

County Borough of Croydon.

REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

For the Year 1920.

SECTION I.

NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE DISTRICT.

Physical Features and General Character of the District.

The town lies immediately south of London, the northern boundary being the southern boundary of the metropolis along that part extending from the Crystal Palace to western end of Streatham Common. The shape of the town is that of a pear with the stalk as the southern extremity. The acreage is 9,012.

The soil is of clay, river gravel, chalk and sand. The clay lies chiefly in the northern and north-eastern parts of the Borough, the gravel in the central and western, and the chalk in the southern parts. The elevation extends from 135 feet above sea level at the lowest point to 379 feet at the highest.

Climate.

The climate of Croydon is mild. The meteorological returns are given in Tables VII. and VIIa.

Social Conditions.

Croydon is very largely a residential town. A large part of the population goes daily to work in London. The local industries are mainly those arising out of domestic needs, e.g., shopkeeping, laundries, etc. There are several breweries and steelworks, an extensive business is carried on by the Croydon Gas Company which not only supplies gas to the town, but to large adjoining areas of the county of Surrey, and there is also a noted clock and bell making firm in the town. The recent establishment of the continental air-terminus at Croydon will probably considerably influence the development of the neighbouring areas. None of the works in the town, however, are of such extent as to have a noticeable influence either on the general character of the district or of the well-being of its inhabitants from the public health point of view.

Hospital Accommodation.

The hospital accommodation consists of:-

General-

Croydon General Hospital. Norwood Cottage Hospital. Purley Cottage Hospital. Croydon Union Infirmary.

Special-

Croydon Borough Isolation Hospital. Croydon Borough Sanatorium, North Cheam. St. Mary's Maternity Hostel.

Croydon General Hospital-

Report and Statistics of Patients treated during the Hospital Year 1919-20.

I. In-Patients.

				1919-20.	1918-19.
Admissions from July 1st, 1919, to Ju Patients in Hospital July 1st, 1919	ne 30th	n, 1920		1316 82	1294 90
	Total		***	1398	1384
Cases of Accident or Emergency adm	itted fr	ee		895	862
Cases Admitted by Governors' Letter				182	184
Medical Free Cases	***			34	36
Discharged Soldiers (Pensioners)				205	212
	Total			1316	1294
Males				675	741
Females				641	553
	Total			1316	1294
				-	-
The Average Stay in Hospital of each The Average Number of Beds Occupie	h In-pa d	tient 	2	1.4 days	22 days 88
The Average Number of Beds Occupie	h In-pa d			1.4 days	22 days
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department.	h In-pa d			1.4 days	22 days
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) Free:	d			1.4 days 85	22 days 88
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) FREE: Fractures	d			1.4 days 85	22 days 88
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) Free:	d			1.4 days 85	22 days 88
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) Free: Fractures Dislocations	d			256 30	22 days 88 172 21
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) Free: Fractures Dislocations Wounds, Minor Injuries, etc	d			256 30	22 days 88 172 21
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) Free: Fractures Dislocations Wounds, Minor Injuries, etc (b) By Governors' Letters:	d			256 30 4240 371 108	22 days 88 172 21 3687
The Average Number of Beds Occupie II. Casualty Department. (a) Free: Fractures Dislocations Wounds, Minor Injuries, etc (b) By Governors' Letters: Tonsils and Adenoids	d			256 30 4240	22 days 88 172 21 3687

III. Out-Patient Department.

II. Out-Patient Department.						
Medical and Surgical.						
Total Number of New Cases Renewal of Old Letters					1882 1572	1526 1411
		Total			3454	2937
Ophthalmic.						
Total Number of New Cases Renewal of Old Letters					1704 1017	1585 972
		Total			2721	2557
Ear, Nose, and Throat.					_	
Total Number of New Cases Renewal of Old Letters					609 215	503 202
		Total			824	705
					=	=
Dental.						
Total Number of New Cases Gas (N ₂ O) Administrations					347 520	277 462
	***	***	***		020	202
Total Attendance of Out-Patients.					19111	0700
Medical and Surgical Ophthalmic			***		13111 6427	9799 5694
Ear, Nose and Throat		***		***	2732	2064
Dental					801	574
Casualty			***	***	26358	-
Massage	•••	•••		•••	3343	-
		Total			52772	18131
Total Number of Patients treated	durin	ng the	Year.			
In-patients					1398	1384
Casualty Patients					5005	4219
Out-patients (including Renewed				***	7346	6476
Massage Patients	***	***		***	160	
		Total			13909	12079
In-Patients. Summary of Results						
Cases Cured and Relieved					1218	1197
Cases Unrelieved					30.	28
Remaining Under Treatment Died	***	***	***	***	79 71	67
Died	***	***	***			92
		Total			1398	1384
Dahart of the	V D	au Daha				
Report of the		- 15				
Period Patients Year ending. examined.		grams ken.		Patients		tendances
June 30th, 1916 919		060		treated.		treatment.
1017 041		114		48		270
,, 1918 1105		100		60		381
,, 1919 1164		751		51		388
,, 1920 1501	2	313 .		67		448

Norwood Cottage Hospital-

		Numbers in 1919.		Numbers in 1920.
1.	Number of Beds available for use	32	***	32
2.	Average number of Patients resident daily throughout the year, as counted and recorded daily	25.6		23.7
3.	Number of In-Patients in the Hospital at	20.0		20.1
	beginning of year	27		19
4.	Do. admitted during year	505		437
5.	Do. in the Hospital at the end of year	19		25
6.	Average number of days each Patient was resident	18.21		

Ascertained by dividing the yearly total of daily counts by the number of patients treated to a conclusion.

The following figures give a comparison of the results of the last two years:—

						1919.		1920.
Cured	***			***		 335		313
Relieved						 129		85
Unrelieved						 13		6
Died		***				 36		27
Number rem	aining	at en	d of ye	ear	***	 19	***	25
						532		456
						-		-

Purley Cottage Hospital.

Total Number of beds: 10.

The number of cases treated in the wards during 1920 was 293. Of these 87 were detained for less than a day, leaving 206 occupying the regular beds. The average number of days each patient spent in Hospital was 17.5.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of patients treated in the Hospital as compared with last year.

			1919.	1920.
In-patients	 	 	 223	293
Casualties	 	 	 152	218

making a total this year of 511, against 375 last.

Craydon Union Infirmary.

Total numbe	r of	beds:	440.			
Male Wards .					(6)	 192
Female Wards .					(5)	 166
Children's Wards				***	(1)	 60*
Lying-in-Ward .					(1)	 22
						440

Number of patients admitted during year 1920—1803. Average duration of stay about 82 days. *Includes "Waingates" annexe.

Croydon Borough Isolation Hospital.

Total number of beds: 170.

24 of the beds are in cubicle wards, which are designed for the individual isolation of patients, such isolation is also carried out in the "special" wards attached to the main wards of the Hospital. 12 of the cubicle beds and in addition 5 shelters are used for the treatment of advanced cases of pulmonary tuberculosis (6 female and 11 male).

The extension of the hospital to meet the growing needs of the town is receiving the consideration of the local authority. The work of the hospital is detailed in the Borough Hospital Report (see page 84).

Croydon Borough Sanatorium, North Cheam.

This was formerly the Croydon and Districts Joint Small-Pox Hospital, and has been converted into a Tuberculosis Sanatorium under a five years' Agreement with the Joint Small-Pox Board. 50 beds are provided, of which 15 are for Croydon, 30 for Surrey and 5 for Kent.

St. Mary's Maternity Hostel.

This institution is conducted under the auspices of the Croydon Mothers' and Infants' Welfare Association. 17 beds (each with its cot) are provided. The hostel is largely subsidised by the local health authority.

Two members of the Council are on the hostel committee of which the Medical Officer of Health is chairman, in addition to which he acts as the general medical superintendent of the hostel. Statistical details of the work of the hostel are given on page 56.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

Water.

The Corporation is the water authority for the whole borough. The supply is mainly derived from deep wells in the chalk, but the north-eastern part of the borough is supplied with water from the Metropolitan Water Board by agreement made with the latter body—this section of the water supply is intermittent in character.

The following is a description of the water works :-

LOW LEVEL.

Surrey Street Wells.—The chief pumping station is in the Wandle Valley, close to Surrey Street, where there are four wells varying in size and in depth to 50-ft. below which they are all bored. When pumping is going on the level of the water in the wells is about 27-ft. below the surface of the ground, and when it ceases it rises to within 14-ft. The lift to the reservoir averages 160-ft.

The first pair of pumping engines were set to work in December, 1851; they are now removed, the town having outgrown their size. The next pumping engine set to work was the 60-in. Cornish engine of 110-h.p., capable of lifting 134,000 gallons per hour into the low level reservoir, Park Hill. This was erected in 1867.

In 1876 the compound horizontal engine, of 150-h.p., was fixed, which is capable of lifting 178,000 gallons per hour into the same reservoir. Pumping is usually going on continuously, including Sunday, and the quantity raised averages 100,000 gallons per hour.

Waddon Well.—Pumping to supplement Surrey Street Wells commenced on July 21st, 1899, with temporary plant from boreholes. In 1911, permanent buildings were erected, and pumping plant brought into operation. The well is 8-ft. in diameter, sunk to a depth of 60-ft. and lined with cast iron cylinders, beyond which, to a total depth of 190-ft., it is 6-ft. 6-in. in diameter. The machinery consists of three Cornish boilers and a cross compound condensing pumping engine capable of lifting 130,000 gallons per hour.

Reservoir.—The low level reservoir, situated at Park Hill, is a brick domed, one capable of containing 950,000 gallons. The overflow level is 293-ft. above sea level.

HIGH LEVEL.

Addington Well.—The well is 10-ft. in diameter and 205-ft. deep, all in chalk. The well is not bored, but headings or tunnels 6-ft. high and 4½-ft. wide have been made chiefly about 150-ft. from the top. The total length of these is 813 yards, and they will hold with the lower part of the well about 502,000 gallons. Several important water-bearing fissures were cut through in the east headings, the first one yielding 600,000 gallons a day. The maximum yield is about two million gallons per day, and the minimum one million. Pumping to reservoir commenced in August, 1883.

The pumping machinery consists of two engines each 125-h.p., of the "Woolfe" type, 5 steel boilers, double-acting well and lift pumps of the bucket and plunger pattern. Each engine is capable of lifting 77,760 gallons per hour 250-ft. high, through a 21-in. pipe into the covered reservoir on Addington Hills.

In May, 1910, Filters were brought into use for treating the whole of the Addington supply. The three filters have a total area of 4,270 square yards. The water passes through two feet of fine sand and one foot of small gravel.

There is also a softening plant capable of softening 6,000 gallons of water per hour for use at the Croydon Mental Hospital. This water is pumped by two pumping engines each capable of discharging 3,000 gallons per hour into the tank in the Clock Tower at the Hospital.

Stroud Green Well.—The well is sunk to a depth of $390\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. from the surface, the lower 251-ft. in chalk.

The well is lined to a depth of 144-ft. with iron cylinders, the successive diameters of which are 12-ft., 11-ft. and 10-ft., and the latter diameter is continued in the chalk.

A 12-in, borehole is put down beyond to a depth of 537-ft, from the surface.

Headings are driven at 230-ft. and also at 365-ft. from the surface. At the former depth 2,827-ft. 6-in., and at the latter depth, 1,395-ft. of headings have been driven; both upwards and downwards boreholes are made in both sets of headings. The present yield of the Well is about 650,000 gallons per day. Pumping to mains commenced on the 11th July, 1905.

In 1906, permanent buildings and plant were erected. The machinery consists of three steel boilers, a triple expansion engine of 250-h.p., two well pumps and a set of three-throw force pumps capable of lifting 65,000 gallons per hour into the Addington Reservoir.

Reservoir.—This, situated at Addington Hills, is 420-ft. long, 124-ft. broad, and 163-ft. deep, and holds 5 million gallons. It is built entirely of concrete, and the ground over it has been planted with heather and gorse.

The valves are placed in a house built over the entrance to the resrvoir.

Th overflow is 465-ft. above sea level, and 87-ft. above Upper Norwood, the highest part of the borough.

AREA OF SUPPLY.

On the 29th of September, 1904, the Corporation took over that portion of the Borough previously supplied by the Lambeth Water Company, and recently by the Metropolitan Water Board, thus making the Corporation the water authority for the whole of the Borough. The new area is supplied with water obtained in bulk from the Metropolitan Water Board.

NEW WORKS.

New works are in progress as follows:-

A low level service Reservoir at Russell Hill to hold ten million gallons.

Waddon Pumping Station.—An Engine and Pumps capable of lifting 130,000 gallens an hour.

Pumping Mains between Surrey Street Works, Waddon Works, and Russell Hill.

Rivers and Streams.

There are few watercourses in the Borough, and only minor nuisances—very easily remedied—arise in connection with them. The most interesting of the watercourses is that of one of the sources of the Wandle and characterised by the flow of the bourne (the overflow of the underground water of the chalk) from the Kenley Valley.

Drainage and Sewerage.

The whole of the town is on the water-carriage system. The sewage is conveyed to and treated at two separate installations—the Beddington Sewage Works and Irrigation Farm situated just beyond the western boundary of the town and the Norwood Sewage Works and Irrigation Farm situated in the middle of the eastern boundary of the town. The treatment is effected in tanks followed by filtration through sprinkler beds and then by land irrigation.

Closet Accommodation.

The closet accommodation consists throughout of water-closets with the exception of 15 earth closets. In each of the latter instances there is adequate reason for their existence.

Scavenging.

The use of covered metal ashbins is general throughout the town. Domestic refuse is removed once weekly. The refuse is disposd of principally at the Corporation Destructor and at a large shoot on the Norwood Sewage Farm. Many complaints have in recent years been received of nuisance arising from this deposit, and the Corporation are proceeding to provide another destructor to deal with this section of the refuse.

Sanitary Inspection of the District.

The general inspection of the district had to be largely lessened during the war owing to shortage of staff, especially the routine house-to-house inspection. During 1920 the staff of inspectors was at its pre-war size and the normal activities resumed. The accumulation of work, however, resulting from the war conditions is such that it will take a considerable time before current work can cover all demands. Difficulties of labour and in the obtaining of material also hamper owners, but the progress made is generally satisfactory.

The details of this section of the department's work are given on pages 70—72.

HOUSING.

The following return shows the summary of housing work in the town during 1920. The detailed record of inspections of all kinds made by the Sanitary Inspecting Staff is to be found on page

I. HOUSING CONDITIONS.

- 1. Estimated population, 191,820.
- 2. General death-rate, 11.1.
- 3. Death-rate from tuberculosis, 1.0.
- 4. Infantile mortality, 63.
- 1. Number of dwelling houses of all classes, 41,986 (1919 estimate).
- 2. Number of working-class dwelling houses, 35,000 (approx.).
- 3. Number of new working-class houses erected, 267.

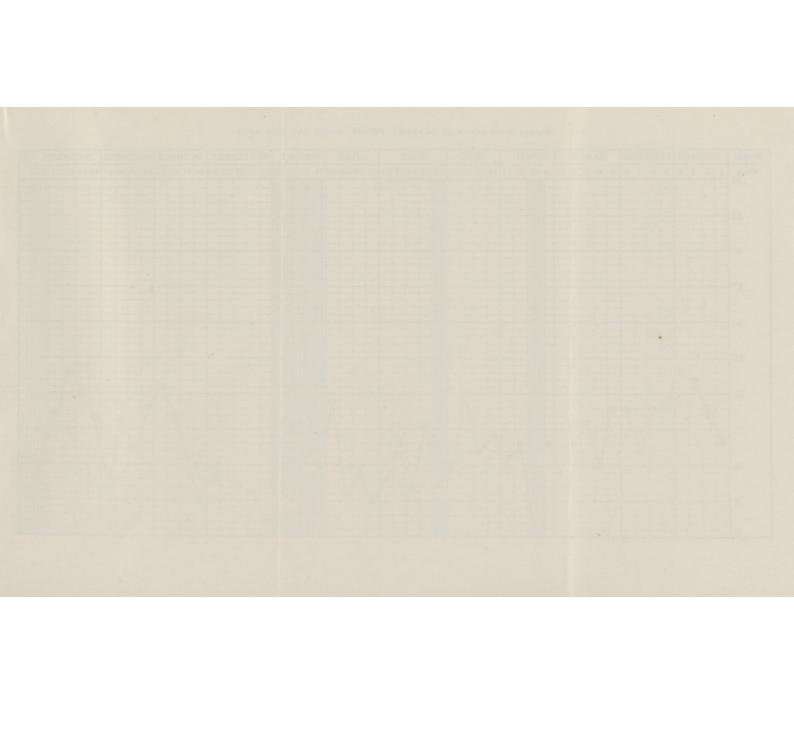
II. UNFIT DWELLING HOUSES.

1. Inspection-

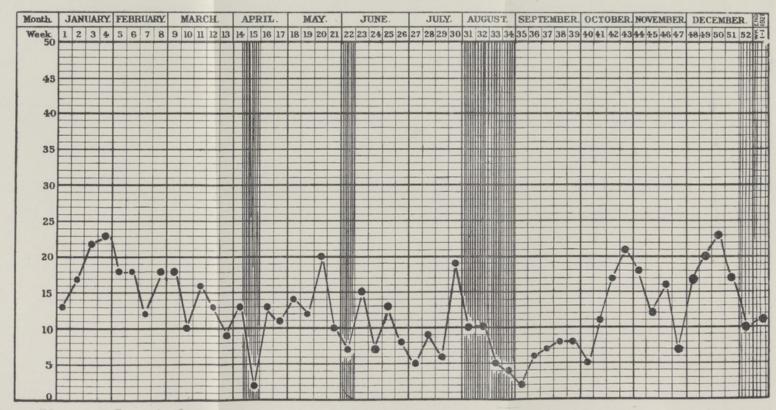
- a. Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) 3544
- b. Number of dwelling houses which were inspected and recorded under the Housing (Inspection of District) Regulations, 1910 ... 2390
- c. Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation ... Nil.
- d. Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-heading) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation

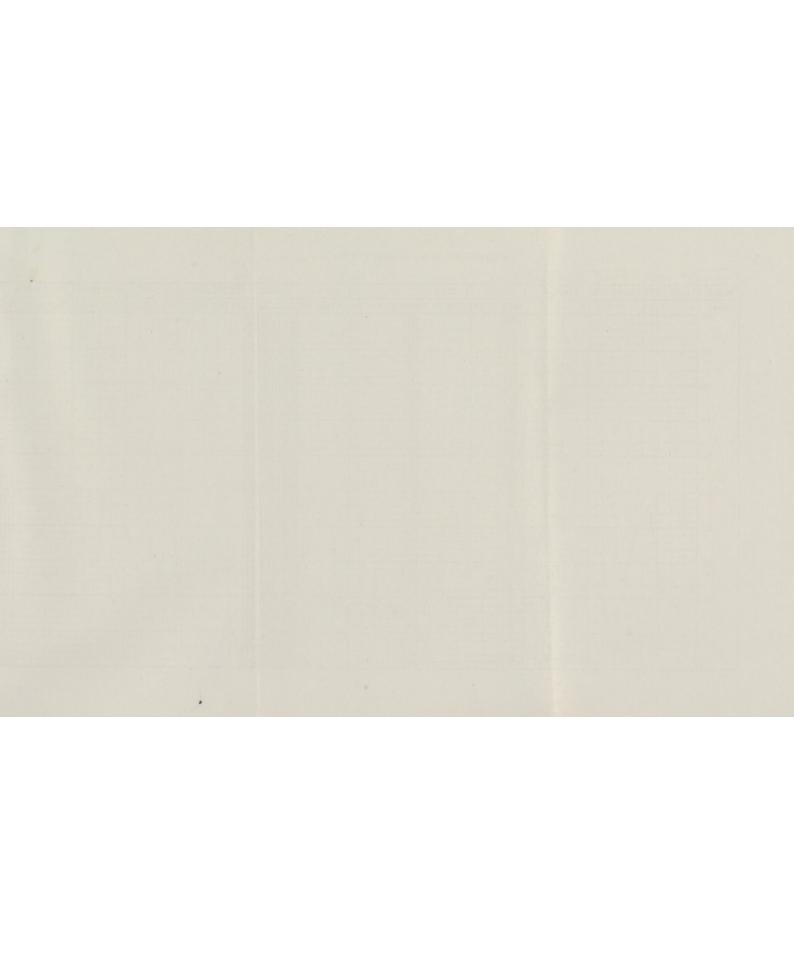
3961

2. Remedy for Defects without Service of Formal Notices-	
a. Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit	
in consequence of informal action by the Local	
Authority or their officers	3366
3. Action under Statutory Powers—	
A. Proceedings under Section 28 of the Housing, Town	
Planning, Etc., Act, 1919:-	
1. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which	
notices were served requiring repairs	1
2. Number of dwelling houses which were rendered	
fit—	1
A. By Owners	NIII
B. By Local Authority in default of owners	Nil.
3. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Closing Orders became operative in pursuance	
of declarations by owners of intention to close	Nil.
B. Proceedings under the Public Health Acts:—	
1. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which	
notices were served requiring defects to be	
remedied	435
2. Number of dwelling houses in which defects were	
remedied:—	0.41
A. By owners	348
B. By Local Authority in default of owners C. Proceedings under Sections 17 and 18 of the Housing	Nil.
and Town Planning Act, 1909—,	
1. Number of representations made with a view to the	
making of Closing Orders	Nil.
2. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which	
Closing Orders were made	Nil.
3. Number-of dwelling houses in respect of which	
Closing Orders were determined, the dwelling	
houses having been rendered fit	Nil.
4. Number of dwelling houses in respect of which	NT'11
Demolition Orders were made	Nil.
5. Number of dwelling houses demolished in pur- suance of Demolition Orders	Nil.
III. UNHEALTHY AREAS.	IVII.
Areas represented to the Local Authority with a view	
to Improvement Schemes under (a) Part I. or	
(b) Part II. of the Act of 1890.	
1. Name of area	Nil.
2. Acreage	Nil.
3. Number of working-class houses in area	.Vil.

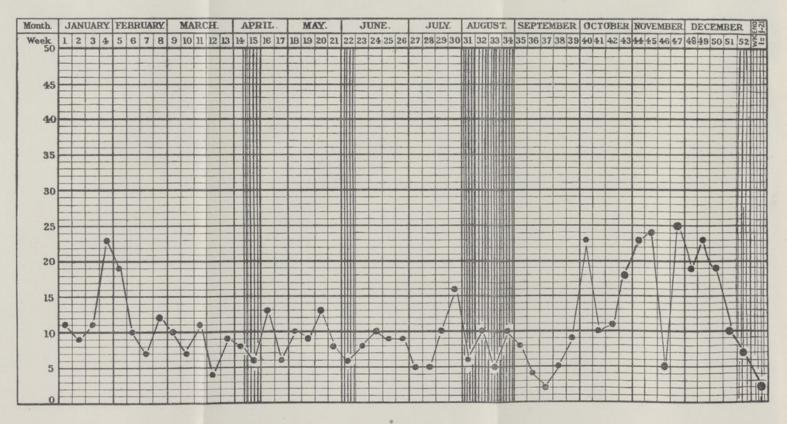


Weekly notifications of SCARLET FEVER during the year 1920.





Weekly notifications of DIPHTHERIA during the year 1920.



	4. Number of working-class persons to be dis-
Nil.	placed
	Number of houses not complying with the Building
	byelaws erected with the consent of the Local
	Authority under Section 25 of the Housing,
1	Town Planning, Etc., Act, 1919
	Staff engaged on housing work with, briefly, the duties of each officer.
	Sanitary Inspectors engaged in general Inspection
6	of Districts

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Scarlet Fever.

638 cases of scarlet fever were notified in 1920, as against 603 the previous year. Death occurred in 7 cases. The need for further hospital accommodation for scarlet fever was again urgently experienced in the winter months.

Diphtheria.

558 cases of diphtheria were notified in 1920, as against 429 for 1919. Death occurred in 26 cases. The hospital accommodation for this disease was severely taxed and the provision of further accommodation felt to be urgent.

Diphtheria Anti-toxin was supplied to practitioners on request as has been the practice for many years. 189 phials were issued in this manner, 34 of these phials were issued free of charge for the treatment of necessitous patients, but the remainder were paid for at cost price.

Measles and German Measles.

This disease is no longer notifiable, and no accurate knowledge of its incidence is available. 22 deaths only were recorded as due to measles, none to German measles.

Enteric Fever.

Only 12 cases were notified during the year, as against 5 in 1919. 4 deaths occurred.

Smallpox.

No cases of smallpox were notified during the year.

Influenza.

Table III.a, page 37, shews the weekly deaths from influenza, along with the deaths from certain other diseases which are epidemiologically of interest in relation to influenza. 43 deaths occurred from Influenza during the year. Anti-Influenza vaccine was supplied on request to practitioners in the town, and returns—so far as obtain from these practitioners—shew that twenty-one doctors used the vaccine for 118 patients, and that 215 injections were made.

Pneumonia.

98 cases of acute primary pneumonia and influenzal pneumonia were notified. Of deaths from pneumonia, 37 were due to lobar pneumonia, 69 to broncho pneumonia and 54 to pneumonia of which the type was not mentioned.

Malaria, Dysentery, Encephalitis Lethargica.

21 cases of malaria were notified, with 0 deaths.

4 cases of dysentery were notified, with 2 deaths. All cases of these two diseases were introduced from abroad. None arose in the town originally.

4 cases of encephalitis lethargica were notified, with 1 death.

Tuberculosis.

The general work at the tuberculosis dispensary is fully detailed in the section of the tables dealing with tubercle. A total of 805 new cases were medically examined during the year, and the total number of medical examinations made was 7,122. This—in view of the necessarily very careful nature of the examinations—means a large volume of work. In spite of this, it is impossible to give adequate attention to the "contacts" with cases of tuberculosis—one of the most important of the preventive sections of this field of public health work. It is certain that if we are to keep proper supervision of tubercular disease in the borough the staff apportioned for this duty will have to be increased at an early date.

The total number of cases who received treatment at Sanatoria and other outside institutions in 1920 was 335, and at the Borough Hospital 73.

The shortage of houses gives rise to most serious difficulties in arranging suitable living conditions at home for tuberculous persons just as it is doing in relation to all other infectious diseases.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum, 1920.

During the year 39 cases of ophthalmia neonatorum were notified. Of these 29 recovered, 2 died, 2 left the district, 3 were not seen (1 parent objected, 2 notified from Infirmary), 1 left eye slightly affected, and 2 both eyes slightly affected.

THE WORK OF THE HEALTH VISITORS.

This is set out in the accompanying table and again shows a large mass of useful work, conscientiously and efficiently performed.

			ffin Chall		1	Mon. No.	been and 3	See Carl	art.		W	Con Maggio	-				Miss Dav	City City		T		Miss Byre				367	Divi Marrie.			4	W	Miss Wate	ATTEND			Mir	ges Hop	gles, Its	Store & C	arms.	1		Miss C	topour,	
its to Houses where the	CHINA	of Com		Other Cares.	30	charl Cus	A V	Osbert	Carra	39	had Care		Other Co	-	504	ed Carri		Other C	Corre	14	But Cases		Diller Co		5000	d Com.		Otler Cem	40	1 7	deed Carry	ATT	00	the Com.			of Costs			Cases		School Ca			lor Coen,
required.			All All	Ministration of the last of th	- Park			per to	Car Culture Special Special Special Special	bet 1	Sec. 7				To years.		part of	of the		De.			ta. Con	Charles Quant white	John N	10 100		the same	-	Tab reades.	No.	canal canal	Sal.	1 m	Anna P		Date S		1-2 () 1-2 ()	in Service	A PERSON	t Nea.	pulse questi rostro	ist stop.	Equ. 3
th Fever there's control of the cont	25 90 11 254 8 162 30 12 12 11 15 19 19 19 14 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	9 20 21 22 24 25 25 25 8 15 11 12 13 15 15 16 17 18	29 - 15 - 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		2 3 174 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 6 42 12 12 12 12 15 15 15 18 3 3 6 6 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	1	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 11			61 73 7 835 8 23 23 24 68 17 18 9 9 19 19	4 9 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 1 93 11 95 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 -	***************************************	3 2 4 100 25 4 53 14 6 6 00 29 38 25 25 25 14 6 00 25 25 14 6 6 00 25 14 6 00 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16		3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			16 66 8 100 9 9 60 14 15 101 111 111 121 121 121 121 121 121 121	# 1 (* [* 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	29 9 3 150 171 37 256 33 146			11 69 6 199 20 66 9 72 142 34 29 1 12 183 80	# 96 1 1 17 1 100 111 4 130 116 11 14 116 11	11 - 92 1 32 1 33 24 1 30 11 - 13 13 - 14 147 - 3 47 - 47 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 -		1	1	111111 m 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9									HITTER STATE				
Teras	1909	511	165		1004	19	332	6		1079	140 3	200 7	9 1	30	1154	20	972	1		1979	798	911 .			1230	000 11	100 9	2	1	625	16	216			-										
	200 400	in.	Day white.	Balange's visi	111	tion.	Count	- 4	sage's wide	A law	de l		. Intern	'se vision	24 66	a.	Eng. visi	n Nobe	mjett stell	24.7	laba I	Una, winte	n. Juliu	eg tal vision	20 100	. 1	Con. strike	between	15 1000	100	Main.	Una.	AND Y	almagely	alida	201.900	in.	Uni, vo	84. Sel	onge's wind	0 10	e vision.	Uan.	rialm. 1	infrart)
slosis cases visited in Elementary and			60	210		n	30		54	29		41:	1	253	13		2		351		3	30		274	13		97	7	266	17	192			192	A	602		117		901					-
ndary Schools for cal Inspections why Inspected cisspected	1319 20 973				100	85 87 I 13 39				81 2076 57 166	9.				85 1056 100 117	5					\$6 \$00 \$2 \$60			-	76 397 41 133					64	29 845 92 90														
isits to Elementary is fulry arising out of						1				34				0							45			2	1					47	3														
al Inspection	223		33	171		18	3	H	14	909 221	0	64	1	362 129 25	243 230		9		101		91	11		31	270 68 359		9	4	236 44 30		943 86 947		AJ	1								-			



DISINFECTION.

The following table shews the disinfection carried out during 1920:—

							Disinfect	ed by	
Destroyed.		Arti	cles.			Steam.	Forma- lin	lin	Tota
		_	6		-		Lamp.	Si ray.	
3	Beds					978			97
5	Blankets			***		2877		***	287
	Blouses				***	110	3	***	11
ï	Bolsters			***	***	919		***	91
15	Books (oth				***	0.10	423	***	42
	Books (Lil						679		67
2	Boots	***	***					436	43
	Capes					10			10
***	Caps		***		***	103		7	11
	Carpets					19			1
	Cloaks	***			***	3	***		
2	Coats	***				401		10	41
	Corsets	***				101		***	10
	Curtains			***		67		***	6'
9	Cushions					484	***		484
	Costumes			***		84	1	***	8
3	Counterpar	ies or	Quilts			1024	***		1024
	Dresses		-			144	***	100	14
1	Dressing C	iowns	***			133	***		133
***	Handkerch	iefs				162	***	***	165
***	Hearthrugs	3	***			***	***		
1	Jackets			***		178		100	178
	Mats		***	***	***	34	+++	***	34
16	Mattresses		***			1516		***	1516
***	Neckerchie	fs	***	444		***	***	***	
12	Palliasses			***		308			308
	Petticoats					229	***		229
9	Pillows			1000	***	2976	111	***	2976
	Rugs			***		176	***	2	178
***	Shawls		***	***		139	***	***	139
1	Sheets	***		***		665		***	665
5			***	***	***	291	***	***	291
***				***		98	2.5	***	98
***	Stockings (Socks	***	***	***	609	***	***	609
			***	***	***	251			251
1						265	***	***	265
	Undercloth		**	***	***	397	***	***	397
1				***		210		***	210
1	Waistcoats			***	***	164		110	164
20	Other articl	es	**		***	2008	***	15	2023
ta! 108			-	otal		18128	1106	470	19704

Premises, etc., Disinfected.

Rooms,	Hospital Wards.	School Departments.	School Class rooms,	Vehicles.	School Lavatories,
2688	3	42	21	_	

The disinfectors were also engaged from time to time in the removal of condemned foodstuffs to the Destructor, and also in journeys to the Borough Hospital in connection with laundry. Approximately four journeys per week in all.

Cleansing of Persons at Disinfecting Station during the Year 1920.

	Adults,	School Children,	Children under School age.
Head Vermin	_	2	_
Scabies	22	109	5
Body Vermin	19	26	10
After Contact with In- fectious Disease	-	1	-
	41	138	15

SICK ROOM REQUISITES.

Under the powers contained in the Public Health Act, 1875, the Corporation have since 1919 kept an outfit of sick room requisites for loan, when necessary, to families in the borough.

The following list shows the articles kept and the use made of the same:

Name of Art	icle.	N	lumber.	Dep	osit Required.
Bed Pans			12 (large)		1/6d.
Bed Pans			4 (small)		1/0d.
Urinals			6		1/0d.
Waterproof Sheet	ting	***	14 yards		1/0d. per yard.
Water Bed			1		10/0d.
Air pillows		***	4 (circular)		2/0d.
Air pillows			1 (square)		2/6d.
Feeding Cups			6		6d.
Douche Cans, cor	mplete		3		1/0d.
Breast relievers	***		3		6d.
Enema Syringes	***		4		6d: -
Glycerine Syringe			1 (½-oz.)		9d.
Glycerine Syringe			1 (1-oz.)		1/0d.
Crutches			1 (pair)		2/0d.
Bed cradles			2		1/0d.
Hot water bottles	s	***	2		1/0d.
Hot water bottles	s		1 (rubber)		1/3d.
Hot water bottles	s		4 (stone)		9d.
Inhaler		***	2 (tin)		10d.
Bronchitis kettles			1		9d.
Bronchitis kettles	· · · ·	***	2		1/6d.
Bed rest			1		3/0d.

Of the articles detailed above, the following were out on loan during this year:—

Article.				Numbe	r of d	eposits	paid.
Air pillows, circular				 		17	
Bedpans				 ***		6	
Breast Reliever		***		 		2	
Waterproof Sheeting			***	 		2	
Douche cans				 		2	
Enema Syringes	***			 ***		4	
Best Rest				 		4	
Hot water bottles				 		2	
Urinals				 		3	
Bronchitis kettles			***	 ***	***	1	
Inhaler	111	***	***	 ***		2	
Water had						9	

SECTION II.

TABLE I. Vital Statistics of whole District during 1920 and previous years.

	rted to Year.		Віктнѕ		To: DEA REG. !	THS N THE	ABLE [SFER-	TO	DEATH:		
	stima				Dist	RICT.	dents the	s not n the		1 Year Age.	At all	Ages.
Year.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	Uncorrected Number.	Number.	Rate.*	Number.	Rate.*	of Non-residents registered in the District.	of Residents registered in District.	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Nett Births.	Number.	Rate *
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1906.	151,011	3886		25.7	2085	13.8	160	94	485	125	2019	13.4
1907.	154,342	3967		25.7	1953	12.5	149	97	371	94	1901	12.3
1908.	157,698	4017		25.5	2053	13.0	137	105	398	99	2021	12.8
1909.	161,078	3938		24.4	1974	12.3	165	70	313	79	1879	11.7
1910.	166,884	3810		22.8	1817	10.9	145	111	331	87	1783	10.7
1911.	170,451	3760	3748	22.0	2069	12.1	177	130	395	105	2022	11.9
1912.	174,257	3861	3859	22.1	1934	11.1	200	159	297	77	1893	10.8
1913.	178,094	3890	3895	21.8	2110	11.8	204	190	368	94	2096	11.7
1914.	181,956	4027	4007	22.0	2041	11.2	234	177	319	79	1984	10.9
1915.	177,345	3699	3704	20.8	2463	13.8	269	221	307	83	2415	13.6
1916.	175,765	3589	3636	20.6	2207	12.5	253	197	281	77	2151	12.2
1917.+	186,917	2836	2861	15.3	2207	11.8	262	219	249	87	2164	11.09
1918.‡	188,755	2632	2626	13.9	2687	15.9	388	245	202	76	2544	15.1
1919.	191,922	3008	2965	15.4	2287	12.4	312	197	219	73	2172	11.7
1920 §	191,820	4434	4351	22.6	2225	11.6	299	209	275	63	2134	11.1

^{*} Rates calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

,, ., 191,580 11

CENSUS, 1911. Total population at all ages, 169,551. Number of inhabited houses, 34,363. Average number of persons per house, 4.9.

Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water), 9,012.

[†]Registrar General's estimate of civilian population. Registrar General's estimate of civilian population for death rate, 168,462. death rate, 184,239 27 ,,

123

TABLE II.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1920.

			CA	SES NO	TIFIE	DINV	VHOLE	Dist	RICT.		13	TOTAL	CASE	s No	TIFIEL	IN E	асн І	LOCALI	TY.	EMOVED S OR
Notifiable Disease.					At A	lyes-	Years.			d ages.						.00d.	rood.	Heath.	cases n not od.	A P
NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.		At all Ages.	Under 1.	1 to 5.	5 to 15.	15 to 25.	25 to 45.	45 to 65	66 & upwd.	Unrecorded	West,	North.	Central.	East,	South.	South Norwood,	Upper Norwood.	Thornton H	Institution cases which could not be distributed.	TOTAL CASES
Small-pox																				
Diphtheria Erysipelas		558 74	6	123	334	56 10	32 28	7 24	8	ï	133 10	71 12	43	57 10	66	130 14	9 4	49 10	**	499
Scarlet Fever		638	6	142	390	63	37				173	108	41	56	36	171	13	40		528
Interic Fever		12			3	5	4				1	2			2	3	2	4		7
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis		39	1 39	i	1						1 19	2	3	1	4	8		1 2		
Pulmonary Tuberculosis		396 84		4	55 49	100	170 9	43	9	15	88 28	35	44	35	28	92 20	15	55 12	4 2	187
neumonia falaria	*	98 21	1	8	16	9 7	33 13	19	12 1		18 8	16 4	7	17	6	27 2	3	4		
ysentery ncephalitis lethargica		4	i		1	2	i	ï		2	1	2		1		1 2				
osterior basic meningitis nterio poliomylitis		1		i														i		
TOTALS		1946	55	291	855	265	338	96	25	21	484	258	153	184	162	472	48	179	6	1263

The Borough (Fever) Isolation Hospital is situated in the West Ward, The Croydon and Districts Smallpox H*pital is at North Cheam, Causes of, and ages at, Death during Year ending December 31st, 1920, excluding Deaths of Strangers at the Workhouse, Workhouse Infirmary, Borough Hospital, General Hospital, Purley Cottage Hospital, Norwood Cottage Hospital, 99, Central Hill (Servants' Reformatory), and adding Deaths of Croydon Residents known to have occurred outside the District.

TABLE III

								L	OCAL	ITIE	s.			Street could	tution ributed tributed.		ė	on .	Ages.								. 5
No.		CAUSI	3			West.	North.	Central.	East.	South.	South Norwood.	Upper Norwood.	Thornton Heath.	Institution & Street Deaths which could not be distributed.	Total Institut Deaths distribund and not distri	Inquest Cases.	Total all Ages	Males all Ages.	Females all A	0-1.	1.2.	2.5.	5-15.	15-25.	25-45.	45-65.	65 and upwards
	I.—	General 1	Diseases.																								
1	Enteric Fever					3							1		2		4	2	2				1	1	1	1	
2	Typhus							****								***						***	2430				
3	(A B.) Relapsing	Fever																									
	(A) Relapsing	Fever	***			***		***	***							***		***			***		***			***	
	(B) Mediterran	nean Feve	r				***	***	211		***	***														***	
4	Malaria			***	**			***		***						***			***					***			
5	Small-pox																										
- 9	(A) Vaccinated		***	***	***		***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***				**					***	***			
	(B) Not vaccin		***	**	**	***	***	**	***	***	***	***		***		***		111	***		***		***	***		+++	
6	(C) Doubtful	***			***		2	1	***	10			***		0 (0)	***	000	10	***		***		***		111	***	
7	Measles Scarlet Fever	***	***	***	***	5		1	***		2	1	***	***	2 (2)	***	22	13	9	3	7	7	4 2	1	111	***	***
8	Whooping Cough			**	***	1	***	***	***	***	1	1	***	***	1	***		4	1	***	2	4	2	1	***	***	***
9	(A) Diphtheria		***	***		2	3	1	7	5	10	4	177	***	24 (4)		26	9	17	***		6	18	***			
	(B.C.) Croup	***	***	***	***		.,		*		10	*	***	***	24 (4)		20	9	11	***	***	0	18	***	***	2	
	(B) Membrano	us larvnoi	tis						***									***				***					
	(C) Croup																				**				***	***	
10	Influenza					11	5	6	7	3	6	3	2		3 (5)		43	25	18		1	2	6	1	13	12	8
11	Miliary Fever	***								***						***		***							***		
12	Asiatic Cholera	***	***						***				***														
13	Cholera Nostras	***				***		***	***			***	444			***		***						***			
4	Dysentery							1	1			444			1		2	2			***		***	***	1	1	
5	Plague	***	**	***				***	100	***	***			***		***			***	***				***	***	***	
16	Yellow Fever	***					***		***	***	***			***		**		***	***		***	***		***	***	***	
17	Leprosy		***	***				***		***	***			***		***				***			***				
18	Erysipelas	***		***		1		***	1	***	***	1	***	***		***	3	1	2	***		***		2	1	***	***

24

				1																					
19	(A.B.C.D.) other Epidemic	Diseases																							
			***			***	***	***	4.1	***	***	***		40	1.17	***		***	***	***		***	***		***
					9.0	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	+++		*	**	***	***	***		***	***	
			***		***	***	***	***				***	***					544	***	***	***			***	
	(D) Other Diseases includ				.(8)	111	- 111		4.4.4			***		**	***	***	***	***	***	1.11	***	***	450	***	
20	(A.B.C.) Pyæmia, Septicæm	13			,		,						1	1	2	2						1		1	
				1	1	***	1		***	1	112	***	3 (2)	2	3	3			1				1	1	-
				1	2	***		***	***	1	***		N. S. A. S.				***			***	***				
	(C) Vaccinia				***	***		***	**	3.00	***		1000	***	111			**							
21	CHRISTIA				***	***	***	***	***	**	100	***	1	+44	Y	***	***								
22	Anthrax (Splenic Fever)		**	100	1177	***		***	***	***		***		***			***								
23	Rabies				***	***	***	1.11	***	***		200		***		***	***	10000							
24	a commission of the commission		***		***		***	***	***	***	***		***	***		***	***	***			***		111		
25	(A.B.) Mycoses																								
	(14) Inclinately coals		**		***	***	***	***	***		***	**	***	***	***	***	200				***	***			
	(B) Other Mycoses					***	***			***	***	***		***	***	***	***				***	20.00			1
26					***	191	***		***	***	***	***	***	***	**	**	***	***	444	***	***	***	***		
27	TACTA DOLL III	0. 00			***		***	***		***		***	***		***	***	***		***	***			- 4.0		
28	(A.B. Pulmonary Tuberculo			00	04	10	vo	10	22		6		55(13)	4	132	67	65	1		2	11	24	59	29	
	(A) Pulmonary Tuberculo	sis	***		24	13	16	12	5	***	1	. 50	2 (2)	-	24	14	10		**		1	8	9	5	
	(B) Phthisis (not defined :	as tuberculous		10	3	4	1	***													-				
29			**	***	***		***	14.9	***		***	***	***	***			***	***	***	***	***	***	***		
	(B) Acute Miliary Tuberculo	sis	***			***						***	6 (2)	1	16	10	6	3	1	3	8	***	1		1
0	Tuberculous Meningitis				3		***	1	3	1	1	**	0 (2)	1	10	10	0	0		0	0	***			-
11	A.B.) Tuberculosis of Perito		stines	1																					
	(A) Tabes Mesenterica .				***		***		***				11 (1)	***	11	5	6	1	1	4		1	2	2	
	(B) Other Peritoneal and		bercle	3	2	***	111	2	***	2	2	***	11 (1)	***	11 4	3	1				1	1	2		
2	Tuberculosis of Spinal Colur	nn ···		1	1		***	1		1			3 (1)	***	1	1		***		***				1	1
3	Tul erculosis of Joints				***	***	***				1	***	***		1	-	***	***	***	***		***	***	-	
4	(A P.C.) Tuberculosis of oth												2 (2)		1		1						1		
	(A) Lupus				***		***	***	***	***	1		1 (1)		1				***	***	***	***			
	B) Scrofula			***	**	1	24.0	***	***	110	***	***	0 733	***	0	1	2	***	***		***		1	1	1
	(C) Other Tuberculosis in		14 .			1	***	1	***	1		***	2(1)	**	3	1	9		1	***	1	***	-		
						1	***	1		***	**	***	1	***	0	+	2	***	1	***	1	***	***	***	
	Disseminated Tuberculosis .		***																						
	Disseminated Tuberculosis . (A.B.) Rickets, Softening of																								10
35 36	Disseminated Tuberculosis .	Bones				***																			

10

TABLE III—continued.

			LOCALITIES.								titution stributed stributed.	è.	.8.	. 88.	Ages.								ds.
No.	CAUSE.	West.	North.	Central.	East.	South.	South Norwood.	Upper Norwood.	Thornton Heath.	Institution & Deaths which not be distrib	Ins dig	. Inquest Cases	Total all Ages.	Males all Ages.	Females all	0-1.	1-2.	2-5.	5-15.	15-25.	25-45.	45-65.	65 and upwards.
37 38	Syphilis	1	1	2	1		1				4 (1)		6	5	1	4						2	
99	(A) Soft Chancre (B) Gonococcus Infection							···			1		1 1		1					ï			
39 40	(C) Purulent Ophthalmia Cancer of the Buccal Cavity Cancer of the Stomach, Liver, &c	- 0	 11	1 10	2 10	1 4	14	1	2		2 (1) 13 (8)		7 65	6 39	1 26							3 27	30
41 42 43	Cancer of the Peritoneum, Intestines & Rectum Cancer of the Female Genital Organs Cancer of the Breast	4	8 5 4	3 2	6 4 3	7 4 4	8 1 2	6	 1 1	1	20(11) 5 (1) 6 (4)		43 27 20	20	23 27 20						2 3	18 17 11	25
44 45 46	Cancer of the Skin Cancer of other or unspecified Organs	2	9	5	1 8	3 5	10	4			5 14 (8)		8 48	5 25	3 23		 1	 1			5	1 26	1
40	(A.B.C.) Other Tumours (situation undefined) (A) Angioma (B) Adenoma															,		***					
47	(C) Other Tumours included under 46 Rheumatic Fever				ï	1			1		2 (1)		1 5	2	1 3				1 1	 1		2	
48	(A.B.) Chronic Rheumatism, Osteo-arthritis (A) Chronic Rheumatism	1			1								2	1	1		***						
	(B) Osteo-arthitis (C) Gout	4	2	1	3		2	1	***		3		13	4	9							5	
49 50	Scurvy		2	2	3	8		···	2		1 (2)		23	15						2	1	9	i
51	Exophthalmic Goître Addison's Disease		1		1		1	···			1 (1)		2 2	2	2				1	···	1	1	
53	(A. B. Leucocythæmia, Lymphadenoma (A) Leucocythæmia (Leucæmia)				1	***							1	1								1	
	(B) Lymphadenoma						1				***		1	1				***				1	

t	5	ć		
	ì		'n	
			•	

1		1								1		1											1
54 55	Anæmia, Chlorosis	1	1		3		1	1			3 (2)	1	7	5	2		1		1		2	2	1
1 00	(A) Diabetes Insipidus							4.															
	(B) Purpura		***		***	***			***	111				***	***		.+0			.60	***	***	
1		1	***		***	***		***						700				123	***		***	***	
1 10	(D) Other Diseases included under 55 Alcoholism (acute or chronic)		**	***	***	1	***	***	100					***	1		***	***		***	***	1	
56	(A.B.) Chronic lead poisoning	1	***	***	***		***	***	***	***	***	***	1	***	+	***	***		***			-	
01	(A) Occupational lead poisoning	1																					
	(B) Non-occupational lead poisoning															1					***		
58	Other chronic occupational poisonings	1	***	***	***	***			***						494					1.7		***	
59	Other chronic poisonings			***	***					***								111			***	***	***
	T D: (2 M C . 1/4																						-
	II.—Diseases of the Nervous System and of the																						
	Organs of Special Sense.		100																				
60	Encephalitis	1.1			1						1		2		2	1						1	
61	(\) Cerebro-spinal fever				***				***						3							444	***
61	(B.C.) Meningitis, other forms or undefined																*						
	(B) Posterior basal meningitis		1	2		***	1			1	3 (1)	1	3	2 8	1		1	***	***	1	***	1	
1	(C) Meningitis, other forms	1 1		3	2	***	2	***	1		3	***	10		2	3	3	***	3	1		****	
62	(A.B.) Other diseases of the spinal cord	1	1		***		***	1		***	1 (2)		3	3		***	***	***		***		2	1
03	(A) Diseases formerly classed to "Other					1.5				-													
	nervous affections"	4	1	2	1	1	3	1	1		3		14	6	8				1		3	3	7
	(B) Other diseases included under 63		1 1	2		2		1	1 2				8	4	4				2	1		3	2
64	(A.B.C.D.F.) Cerebral hæmorrhage, Apoplexy													- 6									
	(A) Apop'exy	. 4	***		1	***	2	1	****	***	2(1)		8	5	3			***	26)	***	***	2	6
	(B) Serous apoplexy and cedema of brain				1		***	***			***	***	1	***	1	1	100					***	
	(C) Cerebral congestion			***	***	**		***	***	***	***	***	111	***					**	***	***	***	
	(D) Cerebral atheroma (E) Cerebral hæmorrhage	100	23	9	15	13	19	9	9	3	37(29)	13	118	53	65		***	***	**	17	6	43	68
65	7. 2	10	1		2	1		2		1	2		7	2	5		**	-11	***	1		3	4
66	(A.B.C.) Paralysis without specified cause	1	-			-		~	***	*		***		-			***	***	2.5	***	***		
	(A) Hemiplegia	. 1			2	***	1		1		2		5	2	3						1		4
	(B) Paraplegia															***					***		
	(C) Other forms of paralysis	1	1			1	***		***		***		3	1	2						1	***	2
		1		1	2223	Les on	-917		and a	aleger-				-	- 1000	100	l. en	1		-			

TABLE III—continuea

	CAUSE.			LOCALITIES.								street could	itution stributed stributed.			8.	Ages.								ds.
No.				West.	North.	Central.	East.	South.	South Norwood.	Upper Norwood.	Thornton Heath.	ich ich trib	al Institut the distri	Inquest Cases	Total all Ages.	Males all Ages.	Females all A	0-1.	1-2.	2.5.	5-15.	15-25.	25-45.	45-65.	65 and upwards.
67	General paralysis of the insane			1	2	2	2	2	1	1			11		11	10	1						7	3	1
68	Other forms of mental alienation	***				***		1	***		***				1	1		***	***		***	***	437	1	
69				1	3			1	1		2		6 (2)	1	8	6	2		***		1	3	2	2	
70		yrs & or	ver)																						
	(B) Others included under 70					***										***		***					***		
71	(A.B.) Infantile convulsions (under 5	years)	- 1																						
	(A Convulsions with teething						***			***	***					***					***			4.00	
72	(B) Other infantile convulsions	***	25	4	2	**		***	7	2	2		1	3	17	13	4	17	***	***	***	***	***		
73	Chorea					***			1	***	***		1		1	1					1		***	***	
10	(A.B.) Hysteria, Neuralgia, Neuritis	5		- 1																					
	(A) Hysteria, Neuralgia, Sciatica (B) Neuritis	***		1	1	***	***	***	***	***			1		2		2			***		***	1	91.9	1
74	(A.B.C.D.) Other diseases of the ner	vone enet		***	1	***		***	***		***		1		1	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	1		***
-	/ A \ T _1' T _1'1'.												(1)												
	(B) Cratinian				***	***	***	***	***	***	***		(1)		***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
	(C) Carebral tumous			1	2		1		2		2	***	4 (2)		8	2	6	***	***	***	1	***	· · ·	2	***
	(D) Other diseases included under	7.4								***			0.00						***	***	1	***	5		***
75										***					***	***		***	***	***			***	***	
76	(A) Mastald diamen				1	1							2		2		2	***	***	1		1	***	***	***
76	/Di Other diagrees of the same										1				1	ï	-	***	***				1		***
	III Diama dala Cimata																	***				****	•		0.01
	III.—Diseases of the Circulatory	System.																							
7 8	Pericarditis (A. B. C.) Acute endocarditis										3		2	1	3	2	1				1			2	
	(A) Acute muccarditie				1						1		1		2		2		100		1000		1	1	
	(B) Infective endocarditis									1			-		1	1		***	***	***		***	1	1	
	(C) Other coute and condition			1	2				1	1	***	***	(1)		-	1	3	***	***		***	2			

																			*				
79 79 79 80 81 81 81 82 82 83	(A) Valvular disease (B Fatty degeneration of the heart (C) Other organic disease of the heart Angina pectoris (A) Aneurysm (B) Arterial sclerosis (C) Other diseases of arteries (A) Cerebral embolism and thrombosis (B) Other embolism and thrombosis (A.B.C.D) Diseases of the veins (Varices Haemorrhoids, Phlebitis, &c.)	5 9 1 1 14 	25 2 14 1 1 26 	13 5 9 16 2 1	14 13 	17 2 6 1 1 13 4 	26 2 17 1 14 2	7 1 3 6 1	13 1 5 1 5 	 31(18 1 12 5) 1 2 67() 	24 10 9 3 5 	148 18 79 3 5 107 7 5	67 8 34 1 4 35 	81 10 45 2 1 72 6 4				 1 1 	6	13 1 6 1 	45 7 23 1 2 8 1 5	84 10 49 2 2 99 5	
84 84	(A) Phlebitis (B) Varix (C) Pylephlebitis (D) Varicocele (A) Status lymphaticus (B) Other diseases of the lymphatic system						 1 			 		i i	 1 						:			 1 	
85	(o) outer another the									 													
86 87 88	IV.—Diseases of the Respiratorv System. Diseases of the nasal fossæ					 1 	 1 1		 1 	 1		3 1 1	 1 1	 2 1			3						
89 & 90 91 92	(A.B.) Bronchitis (A) Bronchiectasis, Bronchial Catarrh, &c. (B) Other bronchitis Broncho-pneumonia (A.B.) Lobar and undefined. (A) Lobar pneumonia (B) Pneumonia (type not stated)	. 14	25 10 7 12	9 5 3 2	 8 8 5 5	21 7 3 3	23 6 9 8	9 3	17 16 6 8	31(19 11 (7) 3 (3) 6 (2)	12	 163 69 37 54	73 36 23 29	90 33 14 25	 23 26 4	 4 6	 2 10 4	 4 7 2 1		4 1 9 12	33 4 16 14	93 15 9 13	

30

TABLE III-continued. Institution & Street Deaths which could not be distributed. LOCALITIES. upwards. Cases. all No. CAUSE. Thornton Heath. all South Norwood. all puv Total 15-25. 25-45. 45-65. 5-15. 0.1. 2-5. 19 (A.B.) Pleurisy (A) Empyema (B) Other pleurisy A.B.C.D.) Pulmonary congestion, Pulmonary 3 1 (1) 1 1 2 4 8 1 3 7 3 1 3 5 94 A.B.C.D.) Fulmonary congestion, Fulmon apoplexy (A) Pulmonary apoplexy and infarction (B) Pulmonary edema and congestion (C) Hypostatic pneumonia (D) Collapse of lung (3 months and over) Gangrene of the lung 1 1 1 2 3 3 95 3 Pulmonary emphysema (A) Fibroid disease of lung ... (B) Other diseases of the respiratory system 1 (1 3 14 96 6 8 2 2 2 3 1 3 1 98 1 98 V.—Diseases of the Digestive System. (A) Diseases of the teeth and gums ... (B.C.D.) Other diseases of the mouth and annexa (b) Thrush, Aphthous Stomatitis ... 2 2 2 99 1 99 (b) Thrush, Aphthous Stomatitis ... (c) Parotitis ... (d) Other diseases included under 99 (A.B.C.) Diseases of pharynx, Tonsillitis (A) Tonsillitis ... (B) Ludwig's angina (C) Other diseases of the pharynx ... Diseases of esophagus Perforating ulcer of stomach ... 100 2 6 3 1 1 2 3 2 1 2 1 1 1 2) 1 2 2 102 6 6

ï

ï

ï

2 2

 $\frac{5}{12}$

1 2

(A) Inflammation of stomach
(B) Other diseases of the stomach
(A B.C.D.E.F.G.H.) Diarrhoea and enteritis
(A) Infective enteritis
(B) Diarrhoea—Not returned as infective
(C) Enteritis—Not returned as infective
(D) Gastro-enteritis—Not returned as infective
(E) Dyspepsia, utder 2 years
(F) Colic

(G) Ulceration of intestines (II) Duodenal ulcer ...

Biliary calculi ... Other diseases of the liver ... (A.B.) Diseases of the spleen

(A) Infarction of spleen ... (B) Other diseases of the spleen

Peritonitis (cause unstated) ...

A.B.) Other diseases of the digestive system

(A) Ab 'ominal abscess, Sub-phrenic abscess

(B) Other diseases included under 118

Ankylostomiasis

& 105

116

118

ï

2 5

2 2

ï

3 2 2

ï

ï

ï

2 (2)

3 (4 4 (1) 3 (11)

(1)

10 (3)

3 (3)

2 (1)

(2)

1 (1)

2 2 $\frac{10}{20}$

5 2

6 5 9

ï

6 5 9

5 11

ï

1 3

6 10

1 2

10 13

1 2 4

TABLE III—continued.

				L	OCAI	ITIE	is.			Street could uted.	tion buted buted.	10	s,		Ages.								ls.
No.	CAUSE.	West	North	Central.	East	South.	South Norwood.	Upper Norwood.	Thornton Heath.	Institution & Deaths which not be distrib	Total Institu Deaths distril and not distri	Inquest Cases	Total all Ages.	Males all Ages.	Fomales all A	0-1.	1.5.	2.5.	5-15.	15-25.	25 45.	45-65.	65 and upwards
	VI. – Non-Venereal Diseases of the Genito- Urinary System and Annexa.																						
119 120	Acute nephritis	1		***					1		(2)		2	2								2	
120	(A.B.) Bright's disease (A) Bright's disease as in 1901 list B. Nephritis (unqualified), 10 years and over		3	4	8	4	5	3	3		7 (2)	1	38	20	18				1		4	14	19
121	and Uraemia	3	4	. 2	1	2	2	1			6 (3)	1	100000	8	7				1		6	4	4
122	(A.B.C.D.) Other diseases of the kidney and							***									***	***					***
	(A) Abscess of kidney										(1)												
	C C			***							1	1		1	.55	***		***	***				
	(D) Other diseases included under 122			252				***	***					***									***
128 124	Calculi of the urinary passages	- 3	1 2	1	1		1		***		2 (2)		7	2 5	2								2 2
125	(A.B.) Diseases of the urethra, Urinary abscess, &c.	-	-				1	***	***		2 (2)	***		0	-		***		***	***	***	5	2
	(A) Perineal abscess				***																		
100	(B) Other diseases of urethra, &c					1			1				2	2									2
126	Diseases of the prostate Non-venereal diseases of male genital organs		1	1	1	1			***		(1)		6	6			***		***			***	6
28	(A.B.) Uterine hæmorrhage (non-puerperal)		***	***		***			***					***		***		***	***	***		***	
	(B) Other uterine hæmorrhage			***											11.				***	***		***	
129	Uterine tumour (non-cancerous)				1		1				1		2		2	***					1	1	***

131 Ovarian cyst, tumour (non-cancerous) 1 2 1 4 4 1			1					1		1			1					1
134 (A.B.C.D.E.) Accidents of pregnancy	(A Disorder of menstruation (except menorrhagia) (B) Other diseases included under 130 Ovarian cyst, tumour (non-cancerous) (A.B.) Other diseases of the female genital organs (A) Diseases of ovary (excluding ovarian tumour) (B) Other diseases included under 132 Non-puerperal diseases of the breast (non-	ï		: 1	2		 	``i	(1)		··· 4 1	4		 	 1	1 	 2	 1
(A) Puerperal nephritis and uræmia (B) Puerperal albuminuria & Bright's disease (C) Puerperal convulsions (C) Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, em-	(A.B.C.D.E.) Accidents of pregnancy (A) Abortion (B) Hæmorrhage of pregnancy (C) Uncontrollable vomiting (D) Ectopic gestation (E) Other accidents of pregnancy Puerperal hæmorrhage Other accidents of childbirth Puerperal fever	1 1 2 3		ï			 		1		1	1 1 3	111	 	 	1 1 1 2 6		
(A) Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, phlebitis (B) Puerperal embolism and sudden death 1 1 1 2 2 2	(A) Puerperal nephritis and uramia (B) Puerperal albuminuria & Bright's disease (C) Puerperal convulsions (A.B.) Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, embolism, and sudden death (A) Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, phlebitis (B) Puerperal embolism and sudden death Puerperal insanity		 1		i	1 1	 		2 (3)		2			 	 	··· 2		

Institution & Street Deaths which could not be distributed. Total Institution Deaths distributed and not distributed. LOCALITIES. all Ages. upwards. all Ages. Cases. Total all Ages. No. CAUSE Upper Norwood. Thornton Heath. South Norwood. Females Inquest 65 and North. Males West. 15-25. 25-45. 45-65. 1.9 0-1. VIII.—Diseases of the Skin and of the Cellular Tissue. 1 2 142 142 1 1 1 1 3 1 2 1 ... 1 ï 1 1 1 ï ï 143 144 2 2 3 1 2 1 1 1 4 ï 145 1 1 ï 1 ï 2 2 1 2(1) 1 1 IX. - Diseases of the Bones and of the Organs of Locomotion. Diseases of the bones ...
Diseases of the joints ... 1 1 1 3 3 3 145 ï 1 147 Diseases of the joints Amputations Other diseases of locomotor system ... 148 149 (1) X.—Malformations. (A. B. C. D.) Congenital malformations
(A) Congenital hydrocephalus ...
(B) Phimosis
(C) Congenital malformation of heart
(D) Other congenital malformations 150 (1) ... 2 5 ... 1 ... 2 1 2 3 7 2 7 2 3 1

TABLE III-continued.

	ř		,	۹
		:	۰	۰
		E		

	,																							
1	XI.—Diseases of Early Infancy.		1	-					-	-								-						
151	111 =	. 19	0			_			-		-													
151	(B.C.D.E.) Infantile debility, Icterus & Sclerema	119	9	4	***	7	11	4	7		7 (5)	1	61	33	28	61	***	***	***		***			
101	(B) Infantile atrophy, debility and marasmus	3 10	-										-											
	(C) Icterus neonatorum	10		4	6	8	5	5	3	4	19 (9)	***	52	33	19	52				***				
			2			1	2	***	***				5	1	4	5					***			
	(D) Sclerema and cedema neonatorum			1111	***	***	***	***			***		***		***					***				
152	(E) Want of breast milk			1						***	1		1	1	***	1						***		
102	(A.B.C.D.) Other diseases peculiar to early		1000				-	1000	1000						0.000									
1	infancy		-																					
	(A) Diseases of umbilious, &c					1							1	1		1								
	(P) Atelectasis		411	1	1		2	****	1		1	1	6	4	2	6								
	(C) Injuries at birth	. 2	1			1				414		1	4	3	1	4			***					
150	(D, Cyanosis neonatorum			100		***			***															
153	Lack of care													***									673	
	XII.—Old Age.			1					1		1000	1000			12000	1		10000	1000					
1 201																								
154	(A.B.) Old age																							
				1		2	100		+2.6		1	177	3		3								3	
	(B) Senile decay	15	15	17	10	13	7	4	12	744	4 (11)	***	93	33	60		***						93	e.
	XIII Affections produced by External Causes.										- 100				1000									35
	Alli.—Affections produced by External Causes.																						- 1	
3 2 2 2	6.1.11.1											1000	1.0		100								- 1	
155	Suicide by poison	1					1				***	2	2	1	1					1		1		
156	Suicide by asphyxia	1		1			1 2	1			(1)	2 6	2 6	1	1 5					1 2		1 3		
156 157	Suicide by hanging or strangulation	1 2					1 2 1	1						1 1 2	1 5 1				+++	1 2	1	1 3 1		
156 157 158	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning	1 2		1		***	1 2 1	1			(1)	6	6	1 1 2 1	1 5 1 2						1	1 3 1		
156 157 158 159	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning	1 2		1			1 2 1 	1		:::	(1)	6 3	6 3	1	1 5 1 2						1 2	1	2	
156 157 158 159 160	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments	1 2		1 2 1		 1		1			(1)	6 3 3	6 3 3	1 1 2 1 2	-						1	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by frearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place	1 2		1 2 1 		 1		1 1	 1		(1)	6 3 3 2	6 3 3 2	1 2	-						1 2 2 1	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing	1 2		1 2 1	 ï	 1 		1 1	 1		(1) 2 1	6 3 2 1	6 3 2 1	1 2	-						1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides			1 2 1	 i	 i 		1 1	 1		(1) 2 1 	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 2 1	1 2	-						1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food	1 2 2 1		1 2 1 	ï	 ii 		1 i 	i i 		(1) 2 1 	6 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1	1 2	ï						1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings			1 2 1 	ï	 ii 		1 1 	··· 1 ··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··		(1) 2 1 	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1	1 2	ï						1 2 2 1 	1 1	··· 2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by frearms Suicide by cruting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration			1 2 1 	ï	ïi		1 1 	··· 1 ··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··		(1) 2 1 	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1	1 2	ï						1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted)	1 2 1		1 2 1	i	i i 		1	··· i i ··· ··· ···		(1) 2 1 (1)	6 3 2 1 	6 3 3 2 1	1 2	ï						1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted) Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration	1 2 1		1 2 1	ï	i i 		1 1 	··· i i ··· ··· ···		(1) 2 1 (1)	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1	1 2	ï						1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cruting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted) Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted)			1 2 1	ï	i i 		1 1 	··· i i ··· ··· ···		(1) 2 1 (1)	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1	1 2	ï			2			1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted) Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted) Accidental drowning			1 2 1	i	ïi		1 1 	··· i i ··· ··· ···		(1) 2 1 (1)	6 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1 4	1 2	"i 1	3		2			1 2 2 1 	1 1	··· 2 ··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted) Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted) Accidental drowning Injury by firearms			1 2 1	i	"i	 1	1 1 	··· 1 ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· 1 1 1		(1) 2 1 (1) 3 (1+	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1 4 4	1 2	 1 1 3 2			2			1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by cruting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted) Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted) Accidental drowning Injury by firearms			1 2 1	i	i i ii iii iii iii iii iii	 1	1 1 	··· 1 ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· 1 1 1		(1) 2 1 (1) 3 (1) 1 5	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1 4 4	1 2 3 1 4 1	1	3		2		 	1 2 2 1	1 1	2	
156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	Suicide by asphyxia Suicide by hanging or strangulation Suicide by drowning Suicide by firearms Suicide by firearms Suicide by cutting and piercing instruments Suicide by jumping from high place Suicide by crushing Other suicides Poisoning by food Other acute poisonings Conflagration Burns (conflagration excepted) Absorption of deleterious gases (conflagration excepted) Accidental drowning Injury by firearms			1 2 1	i	``` i	 1	1 1 	··· 1 ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· 1 1 1		(1) 2 1 (1) 3 (1)	6 3 3 2 1	6 3 3 2 1 4 4	1 2	 1 1 3 2	3		2			1 2 2 1 	1 1	2	

TABLE III -continued

										connn													
				L	OCAI	ATIE	S.			& Street ich could ributed.	buted buted.	oi l	***	es.	Ages.								rds.
No.	CAUSE.	West.	North.	Central.	East.	South.	South Norwood.	Upper Norwood.	Thornton Heath.		Total Institution Deaths distributed and not distributed	Inquest Cases	Total all Ages.	Males all Ages.	Females all	0-1.	1-2.	2.5.	5-15.	15-25,	25-45.	45-65,	55 and upwards
172	Injury by fall		3				1		1		3	5	5	1	4							1	4
173	Injury in mines and quarries				***	***	***		***													***	
174	Injury by machines					111												***	***				
175	Injury by other crushing (vehicles, railways		1	0	,	0			-		0 (0)	11	11		0		,		0		0	2	2
176	Injust by animals	4	1	2	1	2	***	***	1		8 (6)	11	11	9	2	***	1	111	3	1	2		-
177	Staruation			***	***	***	***	***	***		***			***	***		***			***	**		
178	Evansiva sald		1				***									***							
179	Effects of heat																		***			***	
180	Lightning										****								111			***	
181				2000	***	***						122	***		200	***	***	***	***			***	
182	Homicide by firearms			***	***				***		***	***										***	
183			***	***		***	***	***			***	***	***	***			***	140	***			***	***
184			***	***	***		***	***			***	***		***	***		***	***	***		***	***	
186	Other misteres			2				***			1	1	2	1	1			1	***		1	***	***
100							-						-		1						*	***	
	XIV.—Ill-Defined Causes.														1.23								
187				***	***			***				***			***			***	***	***			
188		2	***	***		1		***	***		1	***	3	2	1	***	***		***		2	1	***
188 189		3		2	***	***	***	***	***		***	1	6	***	6				***	***	2	3	1
189	(A) Heart failure (aged 1 year and under 70) (B.C.D.E.) Other ill-defined causes	9	1	2				***			***	1	0	***	0		***		-01	***	-	0	-
100	(B) Atrophy, debility, marasmus (aged 1 ye	ar																					
	and made and	1									1(2)		1	1			1					.550	
	(C. Tasthian									***			1						***			****	***
	(D) Pyrexia		***	1	1	***					***		1	***	1	***		***		****		- 15	1
				1	1	2				***	,	2	3	1	2	2	***		***			1	
189	(F) Cause not specified	- 1		1	***		2	***	1	444	4	3	5	4	1	2		***	***	1	2	***	***
	TOTALS	452	349	215	224	257	330	122	168	17	619 (299)	179	2134	1031	1103	275	44	56	99	83	260	509	808

The total Institution Deaths include those of strangers occurring within the Borough. Deaths of such strangers occurring at the Workhouse, Workhouse Infirmary, Borough Hospital, General Hospital, Purley Cottage Hospital, Norwood Cottage Hospital, and 99, Central Hill (Servants' Reformatory), are excluded from all other columns of the Table. The numbers so excluded are in brackets.

TABLE IIIA.

DEATHS FROM INFLUENZA AND CERTAIN OTHER CONDITIONS 1920.

Week	Influ	enza.	Pneun	nonia.	Bron		Phth	nisis.	Other Dise:		Cere	bro- Fever.	Meas	sles.	Who	oping
Ending.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.		. F.	М.	F.	M.	F.
anuary 3°			1	1						3			1	1		
,, 10	1	2	1	2	1				3	6			1			
,, 17	1		***			1	1		1				***			
,, 24		1	***		2	1	1		4	4	***	***	***			
,, 31		***	1		1	2	1	4.0	2	5	***			1		
ebruary 7	***	1	***	1	2	1	1	1	1	2		***	***	***	***	
., 14			3	**	107	***		1	6	3	***	***		***	****	***
,, 21	2	***	3		3	1		1	2	***	191		٠٠٠ مالا	1 32	***	111
,, 28	3	1	1	4	1	3	***		3	1		***	1		***	
March 6	***	2		3	1	4	***	1	1	8	***	***	1	***		
,, 13		***	2	4	1	1	1	***	6	4	***	***	1	1	***	***
,, 20	2			4	1	2	***	1	2	2	***			2	***	***
,, 27	6		3	1		1	1	***	3	4			1			**
April 3	1	2	1	1	2		***			4			1	1	***	***
,, 10 17	2 .	1	***	***		2		***	1	3	***	***	1	***		***
" 24	2 .		3	1	2	1	2	***	2	4	***	***	1	***	***	***
May 1		1	1	2	1	1	***		6 3	2 3	***	***		***	***	***
, 8	1		3		2	***	1	1	1	1	***	***	1	***	1	***
., 15	1		2	1					2	2	***			***		
99	1			1	***			***		1			2	1	***	
90	-		1		***	***	***		2	2	**					***
une 5	***		1				***									***
10		1	1		1		***		2			***		ï	***	
10	1			1		***			1		***	***			***	***
,, 26			2					***	Î	1						***

Whooping Cough. M. F. Other Resp. Week Broncho-Phthisis. Cerebro-Influenza. Pneumonia. Measles. Pneumonia. M. F. Diseases. M. F. Spinal Fever. M. F. Ending. M. F. M. F. M. F. M. July . . 24 3.3 ... August ··· ... " September ··· ,, 2 2 October ... 2 9 ï 2 3 2 November ... 2 2 December. 1 2 ,, 3 2 ... January 1, 1921

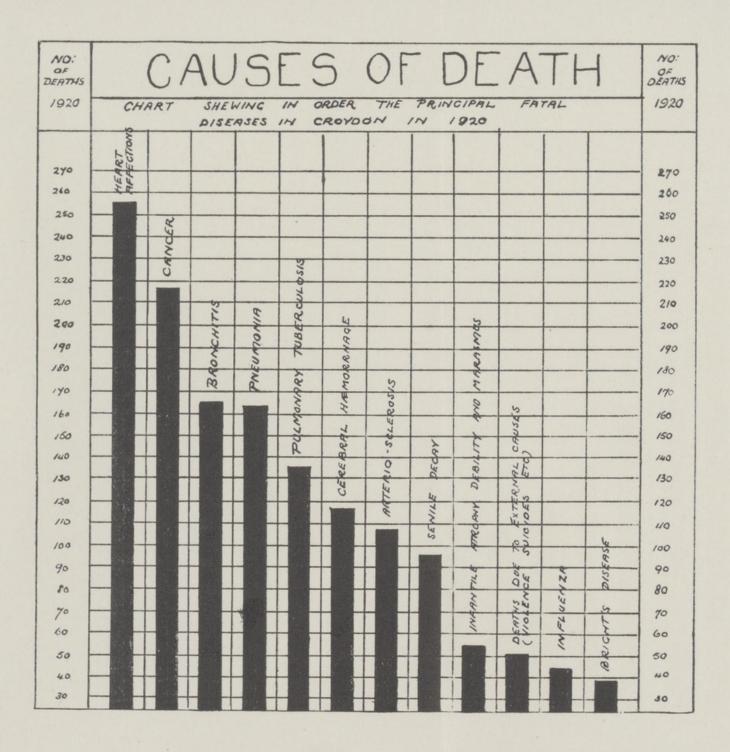


TABLE IV.

County Borough of Croydon-Whole Borough.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	r-3 Months.	3-6 Months.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months	Total Deaths
All Causes. Certified Uncertified	 79	27	15	18	139	65	33	24	14	275
mall-pox Chicken-pox Ieasles carlet Fever Vhooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup	 							 i	2	3
rysipelas uberculous Meningitis bdominal Tuberculosis ther Tuberculous Diseases	 ï				 ï	 1	1	***	2	3 1 1
feningitis (not Tuberculous) onvulsions	 3	1 5 1 1	1 1 3	1 1 2	2 10 2 6	 5 6 12	.1 1 8 4	1 5 3	 2 5	3 17 23 30
iarrhœa Interitis and Gastro Enteritis	 1	2	 1	1	3 2	4 6	1 4	2 5		10 17
astritis	 1 4 5	2 1	 1 	1	4 1 1 4 6	2 3 1 				6 4 2 4 6
ongenital Malformations remature Birth trophy, Debility and Marasmus	 4 41 12	1 5 4	5 2	5 5	5 56 23	3 2 17	1 1 7	1 4	1 1	9 61 52
ther causes	 79	27	1 15	18	139	65	33	24	1 14	23 275

County Borough of Croydon-West Ward.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated causes at various Ages nnder One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF DEATH	Under 1 Week	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Monthe.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths Under 1 Year.
All Causes. Certified Uncertified	 24	5	3	2	34	9	11	11	6	71
Small-pox	 									
Scarlet Fever	 									
Erysipelas	 									
Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases	 						1		1	2
Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis	 1	1 1			1 2 	1	1	1		2 4
neumonia (all forms)	 					2 2	5	2	2	12 6
Enteritis and Gastro Enteritis	 1		1		2		1	2		1 4
Gastritis Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, overlying	 									
Injury at Birth	 2				2 1	1				1 2 1
Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus	 1 14 3	 2 1	1	1 1	1 18 5	 1 2	1	 ï		2 19 10
Other causes	 1		1		2		1	1	1	5
	24	5	3	2	34	9	11	11	6	71

County Borough of Croydon-North Ward.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF DI	EATH.		Under 1 Week,	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under r Month.	r-3 Months.	3-6 Months.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths
All Causes.							1					T
Certified			14	6	4	1	25	13	2	1	4	45
Uncertified												
11			1				İ		-	-		-
mall-pox	***	***	***	***	61.5				***	***	***	
Chicken-pox —		***	***	***	***				***	***	***	
carlet Fever	***			***	***	***			***	***	***	1
Vhooping Cough		***		***	***	***		**	***	***	444	1
iphtheria and Croup	***	***			***		1		***	***		1
Crysipelas												
	***	***		***	***	***			***	***	***	1
uberculous Meningitis	***	***			***		1				1	1
bdominal Tuberculosis	***		***		***		1	***	444	***	***	
ther Tuberculous Diseas	ses			***		***			***			1
Ieningitis (not Tubercule	laure											
Convulsions		***	ï	***	***	i	2	***	***	***	444	2
aryngitis	***	***		***					***			
Bronchitis				1			1	1	***		i	3
neumonia (all forms)					1	300	1				2	3
iarrhœa				1			1	1				1 0
Enteritis and Gastro Ente	ritis	***			***	***		2	1	***	***	2 3
merino una Gustro Eme				***	***	***		-	-			1 0
Sastritis			1		***		1	1	***	***		2
yphilis				1			1				***	li
ickets	***			***								1
uffocation, overlying		***									***	
njury at Birth	***	111	1			***	1			***		1
itelectasis					***				***	***	111	
ongenital Malformations			2				2	3				1 -
remature Birth			6	2	1	***	9	0	***	***	++1	5 9
trophy, Debility and Ma			1	1	2	***	4	5		1		10
hth			2				2					
ther causes			-				1		1			1 3
			14	6	4	1	25	13	2	1	4	45

County Borough of Croydon-Central Ward.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated causes at various Ages under One Y ear of Age.

Uncertified	CAUSES OF	DE	АТН.		Under 1 Week,	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under	r-3 Months.	3-6 Months.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths Under One Year.
Certified	All Causes.												-	
Uncertified					5		1	2	8	5	6		1	20
Chicken-pox					1000									
Chicken-pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Cuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Preumonia (all forms) Diarrhœa Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis Gastritis Syphilis Skickets Suffocation, everlying Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Small-poy													
Measles Scarlet Fever Sc	Chicker-nov				1866							1000		
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Cuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Cheumonia (all forms) Diarrhea Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis Gastritis Syphilis Cickets Suffocation, everlying Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Fremature Birth Congenital Malformations Cremature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes Diarrhea La							1							1
Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Crysipelas Cuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Dither Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Diarrhœa Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis Gastritis Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, everlying Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Maiformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Dither causes Diarrhœa 1 1 1 Cother causes 1 1 1 Cother causes Diarrhœa 1 1 1 Cother causes Diarrhœa Diarrhœa 1 1 1 Diarrhœa Di								17757						1
Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Fuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Diarrhœa Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis Gastritis Syphilis Rickets Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, everlying Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes Diarrhœa 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		***												
Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Convuls		p		2000			1000	137						
Cuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Peneumonia (all forms) Diarrhæa Chteritis and Gastric Enteritis Castritis Supphilis Sickets Suffocation, everlying Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes Diarrhæa 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Erysipelas													
Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Coneumonia (all forms) Diarrhea Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis Sastritis Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, everlying njury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Attrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes Adeningitis (not Tuberculous) 1				819		1000								
Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Convenitis Concentitis Contentitis Contentitis and Gastric Enteritis Conteritis and Gastric Enteritis Conteritis and Gastric Enteritis Contentitis Con	uberculous Mening	itis	***	***	***		***	***		**	***	***	***	
Meningitis (not Tuberculous) Convulsions Caryngitis Concentitis Concentitis Concentrations Conce							***	***			***	***	***	
Convulsions	Other Tuberculous D	isease	S	***	***	***	***	***		***	111	***	101	
Convulsions	Meningitis (not Tuher	reulm	(1)											
Laryngitis Bronchitis Coneumonia (all forms) Diarrhœa Conteritis and Gastric Enteritis Gastritis Gastrit								1 100		277				
Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Diarrhœa Di							1300150	100000		10000	1989			
Principal (all forms)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1													1
Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis														3
Enteritis and Gastric Enteritis														
Gastritis								1	1				***	1
Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, everlying njury at Birth Atelectasis Oremature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Enteritis and Gastric	Enter	ritis	***						1	***			1
Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, everlying njury at Birth Atelectasis Oremature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1														
Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Other causes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				***	***	***	***	***			***	***	***	1
Suffocation, everlying	Piekate			1000			***	***				243	***	1
Injury at Birth								1 0						
Atelectasis	niury at Birth			- 1000				Haraka D						
Congenital Malformations								2000						1
Premature Birth 2 1 3 1				****	-				-				***	1
Premature Birth 2 1 3 1 Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus 2 2 1 1 Other causes 1 1 1 1 1	Congenital Malforma	tions	100			100	***							
Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus 2 2 1 1	remature Birth													4
	Atrophy, Debility and	d Ma	rasmus		2		***							4
	Other causes	***						1	1	1	1			3
5 1 2 8 5 6 1 12					5		1	2	8	5	6		1	20

County Borough of Croydon-East Ward.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated Causes at various ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF DEA	TH.		Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under r Month.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Months.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths
All Causes.												
Certified Uncertified		***	5	1		1	7	8	1			16
Uncertined	***		***	***		***		***	***			
Small-pox												
Chicken-pox		***										
Measles									***	***		
Scarlet Fever												
Whooping Cough	***		***			***				***	***	
Diphtheria and Croup					***							
			Trees.									
Erysipelas		***						***	***			
Tuberculous Meningitis									***	***		
Abdominal Tuberculosis	***		***	***	***	***					***	
Other Tuberculous Disease	S	187	19			***		***	***	***	***	
											1 8	
Meningitis (not Tuberculou	5)	***	7.55	***		***	***	***	***		***	
Convulsions		***	***			***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Laryngitis		***		***	***	111				***	- + 4.0	
Bronchitis	***		***		***	***				***	***	1 17
Pneumonia (all forms)	***	111			***	1	1	3		***	***	4
Diarrhœa		***						1				1
Enteritis		33			***	444						
										1	1	
Gastritis	***			1			1		***			1
Syphilis		***		***	***			1				1
Rickets												
Suffocation, overlying		***	***	***					***	***	***	
Injury at Birth						444						
Atelectasis		***	1		***		1		246	***		1
												1
Congenital Malformations		***		***					***			
Premature Birth	***	***	***	***		***		***	***	***		
Atrophy, Debility and Mar	asmus	***	2				2	3	1	***		6
Other causes			2		***		2				.010	2
			5	1		1	7	8	1			16

Births in the year { legitimate, 402. | Nett Deaths in the year { legitimate infants, 15. | legitimate, 8, | legitimate, 15. | legitimate infants, 1

County Borough of Croydon-South Ward.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated Causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

All Causes. Certified Uncertified Small-pox Chicken-pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseas	EATH.		Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	5-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Monthe.	9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths Under 1 Year.
Certified Uncertified Small-pox Chicken-pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis					The second second	9000	E.	÷i	10	9	9	The
Chicken-pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis			4	3	1	6	14	8	5	4	2	33
Chicken-pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis			***				.,.					
Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis				***				12.00		***	1.000	***
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis					***	***					1	1
Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis					***						***	
Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis									***		100	
Erysipelas Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis					***				**	***		
Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis										***		
Abdominal Tuberculosis	- "		****									
	***		***		99.6	***	***	***	***	***	***	1
Other Tuberculous Diseas	***		***	***	***	**	***	144	***	***	577	111
Orner a doctonions	es		***	***	***	***	***		***	***	***	1
Meningitis (not Tuberculos	115)			***	***	***	***		***	***	***	***
Convulsions	***		***	***	444	***		***		***	***	***
Laryngitis	***		***	***	***	***	33		***	***	***	1
Bronchitis				***	1		1 1	1		***	***	2
Pneumonia (all forms)			+++	***	4.84	1	1	1	***	***	***	2
		-										
Diarrhœa	***		***	121	***			***		1		1
Enteritis and Gastro Ente	eritis		***		***	***		2	3	1	***	6
								1000			1	
Gastritis	***		***	***	***			****	***	***		
Syphilis	***				***			***			***	
Rickets	**			***	***				****	***	***	
Suffocation, overlying	411					***						
Injury at birth			1	***			1	***	***	100		1
Atelectasis	***								***		***	
												1
Congenital Malformations	***		***		***				***	***		1
Premature Birth			2		***	3	5			1	1	7
Atrophy, Debility, and M			1	***	1941	2	3	3	2	1		9
		- 1		3			3	1				1 4
Other causes						227						
	***	100		9	***							-

Births in the year { legitimate, 350. lillegitimate, 22.

Nett Deaths in the year

legitimate infants, 19.

County Borough of Croydon-South Norwood.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Feaths from s ated Causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES	OF DEA	ти.		Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under r Month.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Months.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths Under I Year,
All Causes. Certified . Uncertified				14	7	1	3	25	13	2	4	1	45
Chicken-pox	h					***					 1 		1
Erysipelas Tuberculous Me Abdominal Tub Other Tuberculo	erculosis	 ses				,							
Laryngitis		us)		1	3		1	1 4	3 1 2			 i	1 7 1 3
Diarrhœa . Enteritis and Ga	astro Ente	ritis	:::		1.			1	2		2		3 2
Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, ove Injury at Birth	rlying			 1	1	ï	 ï	1 1 2	ï				1 1 2
Congenital Mali Premature Birth Atrophy, Debili	ty and Ma			9 1	ï		ï	10 2 3	 1 2	1			11 5 6
Other causes				14	7	1	3	25	13	2	4	1	45

County Borough of Croydon-Upper Norwood.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated Causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF D	EATH.		Under 1 Week	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Monthe.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths Under 1 Year.
All Causes. Certified Uncertified			5	2	1	2	10	1	2	3		16
Small-pox												
NE A SE						***						
A.zalaa					***			**			***	
1 1 40					***	***			***		***	
371 . /3 1		***					333		***	****	***	
Diphtheria and Croup		***			***		****		***	****	***	***
ripintneria and Croup	***					***			***		***	***
Erysipelas					***				****		***	
Cuberculous Meningit	is					***			***	****		
Abdominal Tuberculos	is	***			***	***	***					
Other Tuberculous Di					***							
Meningitis (not Tubera	nlous)											
						444		1	1			2
1,1		***								***		
1 1111										1		1
Pneumonia (all forms)					***				***	1		1
Diarrhœa						-		-		1		1
Enteritis and Gastric	Entaritie	**	100	1000			3000	***	***	100	***	
siteritis and Gastric	Eliteritis			***		***		***	***	***		
Gastritis				***			***		***			
Syphilis					***	***	***					
Dialores		000	***	***	***	***			***	***		
Suffocation, overlying									***			l
1 1 1 1 1				***	***		***					
Atalaskasia							***				***	
Congenital Malformat	ions		1	1			2					2
			2		1	1	4		***	***	***	1 4
Atrophy, Debility, and			2	1		1	4		1			5
Other causes					***	***						
			5	2	1	2	10	1	2	3		16

Births in the year $\begin{cases} & \text{legitimate, 193.} \\ & \text{illegitimate, 8.} \end{cases}$

Nett Deaths in the year

 $\left\{ \begin{aligned} &\text{legitimate infants, 15.} \\ &\text{illegitimate infants, 1.} \end{aligned} \right.$

County Borough of Croydon-Thornton Heath.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1920. Nett Deaths from stated Causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF DEA	TH.		Under 1 Week	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Monthe.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	Total Deaths Under 1 Year.
All Causes. Certified Uncertified		:::	.8	3	4	1	16	8	4	1		29
Small-pox										***	***	
Chicken-pox	***	***		***	***		***		***	4.8.0		
Measles	***			***	***					***		
Scarlet Fever		***		***						***	***	
Whooping Cough	***	***		***	110.42					***	***	
Diphtheria and Croup					***							
Erysipelas												
Tuberculous Meningitis												
Abdominal Tuberculosis				***	***	***		1	***		***	1
ther Tuberculous Disea			1	***			1					1
						1						
Meningitis (not Tuberculo		***		1	1		2					2
Convulsions	***					***						1
Laryngitis	***	***	-	***					3	***		3
Bronchitis	***			i	2	***	3	4	1			8
Pneumonia (all forms)	***	***		-	-	***	1 "		-		1	
Diarrhœa					***	***	1.5		***	***		
Enteritis and Gastric Ent								1				1
ontonio and onother and										1		
Gastritis	***				***	1	1	1	***	***	***	2
Syphilis	111				***	***			2			
Rickets				***	***			***		***	***	
Suffocation, overlying	* ***	***				***						1
Injury at Birth					***	***				***		1
Atelectasis	***		1	***	***	***	1	***	***	****		1
Congenital Malformation	s		l									1
Premature Birth			6		1		7					1
Atrophy, Debility and M				1	***	***	1	1		1		
Other causes												1
			8	3	4	1	16	8	4	1		2

Births in the year { legitimate, 434. | legitimate, 434. | legitimate, 13. | Nett Deaths in the year { legitimate infants, 28. | legitimate infants, 1.

TABLE V. Table showing the number of cases notified and deaths from the principal zymotic diseases for the Year 1920 and ten preceding Years.

		1920.	. 10	19.	19	18.	19	17.	19	16.	1	915.	19	014.	15	913,	19	12.	1	911.	19	10.
	Disease.	Cases.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases	Dea hs.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Notifiable.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis Poliomyelitis Small Pox Scarlet Fever Diphtheria and (1) Memb.Croup (2) Erysipels Puerperal Fever Enteric Fever Simple Continued Fever	1 638 558 74 14 12	3 4 1 2 9 7 603 26 429 3 61 6 4 4 5		25 414 179 44 4 15		18 1 191 191 56 3 6		29 2 297 312 52 7 13		24 4 414 195 82 12 22		748 226 96 9 20	18	470 451 107 6 32		476 767 84 10 32	25 6 3 7	468 514 79 12 24	37 5 4 7	759 267 69 8 26	7 21 1
Non-notifiable.		480 19		3 24 1 139		2	397 2944 2439		326 462 636	223 50 27 46 329	550		503	192 8 67 24 15	519	202 58 85 23 26 297	312	140 31 58 13 18	240	165 29 147 38 14 280	130	135 31 51 20 25

(1) Notifiable since May, 1897. (2) Notifiable since January, 1909. (3) Voluntary Notification, 1903-09. Poor Law Cases, Compulsorily Notifiable since 1st Jan., 1909. Cases Treated in Hospital, Compulsorily Notifiable since 1st May, 1911. All cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis notifiable since 1st February, 1913. (4) Not now notifiable.

*Notifiable, i.e., acute primary pneumonia and influenzal pneumonia only. † Pneumonia only. † 136 Pneumonia. † 136 Pneumonia.

In the above Table deaths of Non-residents occurring at the Workhouse, Workhouse Infirmary, Borough Hospital, General Hospital, Norwood Cottage Hospital, Purley Cottage Hospital, and 99, Central Hill (Servants Reformatory), are excluded. Prior to 1903 correction was only made for the first three institutions.

TABLE VI.-Vital Statistics of separate Wards in 1920 and previous years.

Names of Localities.	1. N	ORTH	WAR	D.	2. Wi	est 1	VARD	-	3. CENT	RAL.	WAI	RD.	4. EA	ST V	VARD	1	5. So	сти	WAR	D	. Sou	TH N	NORW D.	700D	7. Urra	R N Divi	ORWC	oop	8. Thor	Divi	sion.	ATH	P. Uni In Births	stitut	ion	
YEAR	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Year	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Vear.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deathsander 1 Year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered,	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under I Year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Year,	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births Registered.	Deaths at all ages.	Deaths under 1 Year.
	a	1 6	0	d		D	0	0	4	b	c	d	*	D	0	d		0	c	d	2	0	10	d	2	D	0	0		4	c	d		0	0	d
010		-	-		*54,458	1489	693	149	17,478	298	179	21	19,736	404	195	33	20,943	376	180	30	24,651	548	239	45	8.888	139	102	6	18,831	474	168	47		82	27	
1911	29,701	691	275	51	33,592	800	473	107	16,167	295	199	3:	20,175	377	217	42	18,998	360	209	42	25,609	579	335	65	8,128	112	105	10	18,081	430	190	43		111	29	3
1919 .	30,450	683	273	46	84,964	829	436	88	16,119	298	190	25	20,743	417	199	27	19,111	370	203	24	26,228	577	281	39	8,115	131	103	14	18,527	416	174	35		140	34	
1913 .	31,117	781	340	69	36,424	800	451	90	16,070	332	216	36	21,323	402	226	37	19,226	337	234	37	26,850	594	319	54	8,102	112	99	8	18,982	425	182	37		107	21	4.0
1014	31,860	729	302	45	37,302	841	490	95	16,021	290	175	27	21,837	468	214	32	19,690	353	218	28	27.498	628	304	42	8,298	109	101	10	19,411	496	159	40		113	21	
1915	80,993	669	451	52	36,276	844	538	82	15 985	264	236	25	21,236	447	254	31	19,148	308	248	29	26,732	559	348	43	8,000	141	99	7	18,906	385	208	38		79	18	4
1916	30.659	721	550	44	35,935	769	488	97	15,949	216	182	14	21,041	458	203	2)	18,970	309	190	19	25.485	589	215	33	7,995	112	1.55	9	18,731	377	155	36		61	19	
1917	92 810	556	597	56	38,406	634	408	65	16,036	197	186	23	22,515	357	212	22	20,275	248	172	23	28,292	451	252	22	8,564	81	91	4	20,019	312	182	34		64	44	
1918 .	2 ,562	516	665	42	84,604	704	582	57	14,449	205	200	13	20,340	503	298	30	18,268	232	211	17	2 ,492	349	292	19	7,717	84	118	3	18,030	239	172	21		66	6	
1919	32,330	570	382	85	37,845	850	444	60	15,802	239	203	20	22,245	281	272	30	19,979	250	236	24	27,879	439	308	25	8,440	110	116	8	19,719	269	197	17		50	19	
Averages of Years 1909 to 1918.									16,167	269	197	24	20,813	403	221	32	19,526	826	206	27	26,203	1.52	287	40	8,175	117	102	8	18,772	401	178	37		91	24	0.5
Averages of Years 1911 to 1918	30,895	669	433	51	35,938	778	493	85																												
Averages of Years 1904 to 1910 inclusive.					50,541	1476	718	172																												
1920	33,618	665	349	45	39,353	1259	453	71	16,432	327	215	20	23,132	410	224	16	2),775	372	257	38	78,990	689	330	45	8.776	201	122	16	20,504	447	168	29		84	17	

NOTES.—Deaths of residents occurring beyond the district are included in sub-columns C of this table, and those of non-residents occurring at the Workhouse, Workhouse Infirmary, Borough Hospital, General Hospital, Norwood Cottage Hospital, Purley Cottage Hospital, and 99, Central Hill (Servants' Reformatory) are excluded.

Deaths of residents occurring in Public Institutions are allotted to the respective localities, according to the addresses of the deceased, and all deaths of Croydon residents whose exact home could not be ascertained, are included in Block 9.

* Including North Ward.

TABLE VII. METEOROLOGICAL RECORD—YEAR 1920.

Rain Gauge 5-in. in diameter, 1-ft. above ground, 146-ft. above sea level. Temperature taken in the shade of a Stevenson's Screen, 4-ft. from the ground. The Ground Thermometer is suspended in an iron tube, the bulb being 4-ft. below the level of the ground.

	Temp	perature of A	ir during the M	onth.	Mean	Difference	Mean	Mean	Mean Tensional		Rainfall.	
Months			Mea	an of	Temperature of Air.	from average 50 years at	Temperature of Ground	Temperature of the	Difference	No. of	Amount	Difference
1920.	Highest.	Lowest.	All Highest.	All Lowest.		Greenwich.	at 4-ft.	Dew Point.	Ground and Dew Point	Days on which Rain fell.	in Inches.	average 90 years at Greenwich
January	56°	22°	47°-6	39°-3	43°-4	+ 5°·0	43°-6	37°·9	in. ·049	13	in. 2·30	in. + 0.51
February	62°	28°	50°-6	37°-9	44°-2	+ 7°-7	43°-5	41°·2	- ·022	8	0.23	-1.0
March	67°	25°	54°·0	37°-8	45° 8	+ 4°·1	432.9	41°-9	015	15	1.66	+ 0.15
April	64°	34°	54°-5	420.4	480.4	+ 1°.0	470-4	44°-8	- 028	22	2.43	+ 1.83
May	80°	33°	65°-3	45°.7	55°-5	+ 2°.3	49°-7	49°-6	NIL	7	0.39	- 1.49
June	77°	36°	69°-9	51°-2	60°-5	+ 1°·0	55°-5	55°·9	+ .011	10	1.92	-0.11
July	76°	45°	66°-7	52°·1	59°·4	— 3°-2	57°-3	56°-5	—·011	17	3.65	+ 1.24
August	74°	41°	66°-0	50°·1	58°-0	- 3°·6	56°-9	55°·1	— ·026	7	1.55	- 0.83
September	74°	41°	65° 3	48° 4	56°-8	- 0°·2	55°-4	55°·0	009	12	2.84	+ 0.64
October	75°	31°	61°-9	44° 6	58°-2	+ 3°.8	54°·1	51°·0	035	9	0.88	- 1.85
November	58°	23°	50°-5	34°-4	42°-4	— 1°·0	48°-2	42°-2	062	13	1.16	-1.13
December	56°	13°	44°-4	- 37° ∙0	40°-7	+ 1°·0	44°-5	40°·1	- 036	20	1.98	+ 0.04
Means and Totals for the Year.	80°	13°	58°·0	43°·1	50°·7	+ 1°·1	50° 0	47°-6	·023	153	21.29	- 2.99

The Rainfall for the Year was 5:15 inches below the average of 54 years at Croydon, and the number of days on which it rained was 153 or 19 days below the average.

H. CORDEN,
Croydon.

TABLE VIIA.

Prevailing direction of the Wind at Croydon in 1920.

Number of Days each Month.

192	0.		N.E	E.	S.E.	S.	S.W.	W.	N.W.	N.
January			4	***	1	4	17	3	1	1
February			5	2	3	1	16	2		
March			***	3	2	3	15	5	3	
April			244	1			22	4	2	1
May				2	4	2	16	4	3	
June			2	4	5	1	7	5	1	5
July			***			3	14	12	1	1
August			4	2		2	3	10	4	6
September	***		1	3	3	2	7	10	2	2
October				16	4	10	1	***		
November			***	6	4	6	6	3	4	1
December			6	2	1	4	8	2	4	4
TOTALS		***	22	41	27	38	132	60	25	21

The 10 years average 1867 to 1876, as embodied in Paper on 10 years Meteorology at Croydon, read to the Croydon Microscopical and Natural History Club, was:—

N.E. and E.	Winds,	yearly a	average			98.7
S. E. and S.	**	33	11			63.7
S.W. and W.	2.7	11	11			131.9
N.W. and W.	***	22	15	***	***	73.8

H. CORDEN,

Cr ydon.

SECTION III.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

Infantile Mortality is measured by the proportion of deaths under one year to 1,000 births, and amounted to 63, as compared with 73 in 1919, 76 in 1918, 87 in 1917, 77 in 1916, 83 in 1915, 79 in 1914, 94 in 1913, 77 in 1912, 105 in 1911, 87 in 1910, 79 in 1909, 99 in 1908. During the year of 1920 the rate for England and Wales was 80, while in the 96 large towns it was 85, and in the 148 smaller towns 80, and in London 75.

The infant mortality rate of 63 is a record low rate for the borough by no fewer than 10 points.

The figures for the various Wards were :-

Upper Norwood S North Ward Thornton Heath S		 Births 201 749 447	Deaths under 1 vear. 16 45 29		Death-rate per 1000 births from diarrheal' diseases. 5 7
East Ward		 410	16	39	2
Borough		 4434	275	63	7
Central Ward		 327	20	61	6
South Ward		 372	33	88	19
West Ward		 1259	71	56	4
South Norwood W	ard	 669	45	67	8

The following table shows the fluctuations since 1892 in the infantil mortality from "all causes," from 'diarrhoeal diseases," and from "causes other than diarrhoeal."

iei man manno	car.					
Years.		Total Infantile Mortality from all causes.		fantile Mortal m '' diarrhæd diseases,	1"	Infantile Morality from other than diarrheal" diseases.
1893-1897		142		25		117
18981902		143		38		105
1903		104		9		95
1904		128		29		99
1905		96		14		82
1906		125		42		83
1907		94		- 10		84
1908		99		12		87
1909		79		7		. 72
1910		87		10		77
1911		105		33		72
1912		77		11		66
1913		94		16		78
1914		79		12	***	67
1915		83	***	8	***	75
1916		77		7		70
1917	***	87	***	12		75
1918		76	***	7		69
1919	***	73	***	6	***	67
1920		63		7		56
1320	***	00		,		50

Diarrhoea and Epidemic Enteritis.

Deaths classified in the tables supplied by the Registrar-General as diarrhæa, epidemic enteritis, enteritis and gastro-enteritis, have been included as "diarrhæal" deaths: as this classification corresponds with that adopted in former years, comparisons made on the resultant figures are valid.

During 1920 diarrhœa and epidemic enteritis accounted for 10 deaths of infants under one year of age, 17 others being due to enteritis or gastro-enteritis, making a total of 27 deaths from "diarrhœal" diseases. A further 9 deaths at ages from one year and upwards were due to these diseases.

Infant Centres.

The Borough Centre is held in the same place—228, London Road—as the School Treatment Centre and the Spinal Remedial Class and Sick Nursery. The Infant Centre work consists of two medical consultations weekly on Monday and Thursday afternoons. At the medical consultations there have been during the year 1920 approximately 55 children attending each afternoon. The progress made by the children is extremely gratifying in practically all instances. Acute illnesses are not dealt with, being referred to hospital or private medical men. Expectant mothers are also seen and advised as to their welfare.

Infant foods and, to a small extent, special foods for mothers are obtainable at the Centre. These are supplied free of cost only to the very poorest people. A charge is made to others, not exceeding the cost price of the article.

Simple medicines are also prescribed and dispensed.

The total number of infants seen at this Centre in the year 1920 has been:—

New Cases		 	 502
Total Attendand	ces	 	 5735

The Centre was opened in the latter part of 1914. One of the Lady Health Visitors acts as the Nurse to the Centre.

The Croydon Mothers and Infants Welfare Association runs nine other centres in the town. The Association provides the premises and the voluntary workers who assist very greatly at the meeting of the centres. The town provides the nursing and medical staff for these centres. The work done by the association has maintained a high level of efficiency. The co-operation between the Association and the Public Health Department is of the closest and pleasantest nature.

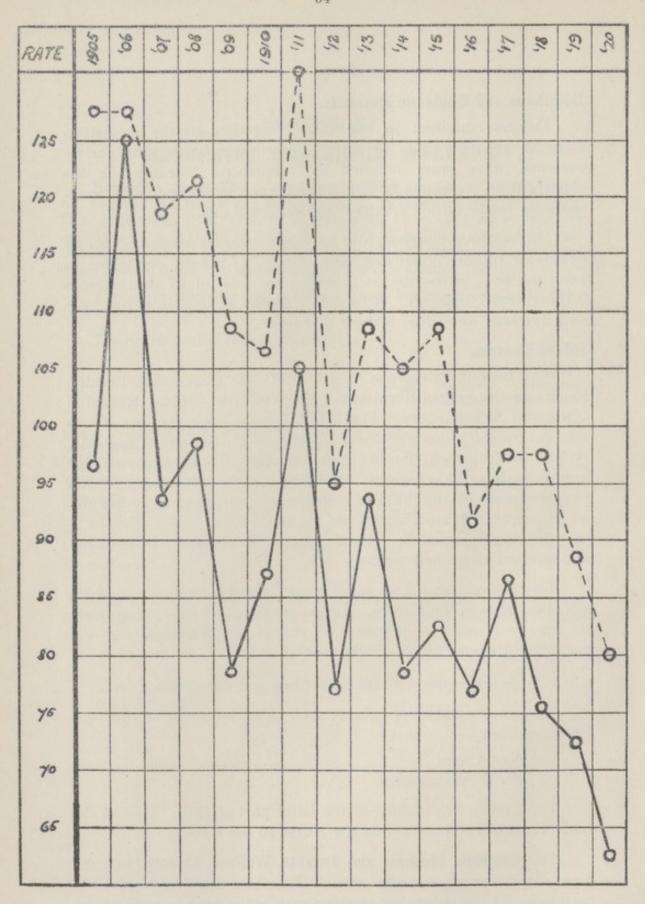


Chart shewing Infant Mortality Rate for Croydon compared with the rate for England and Wales.

Dotted lines indicate England and Wales. Black ,, ,, CROYDON.

Infantile Mortality is measured by the proportion of deaths under one year to one thousand births.

The following table gives the numbers seen at the ten centres in the town during 1920.

INFANT CENTRES	Municipal Centre (228, London Road).	Central Croydon (Sylverdale Road).	South Croydon (Bartlett Street).	East Croydon (Lr. Addisc'be Rd.)	Woodside (St. Luke's Hall, Spring Lane).	South Norwood (Selhurst Road).	Upper Norwood (St. Margaret's, Naseby Koad).	Thornton Heath (Mersham Road).	Thornton Heath (St. Alban's Hall. Whitehorse Lane).	West Croydon (Johnson Road).	TOTAL.
INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR:											
Attendances— (a) 1. New Cases	407	142	145	161	135	289	96	125	197	205	1902
2. Old Cases		1559	10000	1715		3593	1038	1437	2805	3247	22529
	4189	1701	1952	1876	1681	3882	1134	1562	3002	3452	24431
Seen by Doctor		675	554	627	684	1294		1082	1277	1331	9937
CHILDREN 1-5 YRS. OF AGE:											
(b) I. New Cases	95	38	59	38	58	84	40	42	65	114	633
2. Old Cases	1451	1227	1314	816	1356	2865	1542	1080	1464	1400	14515
Total	1546	1265	1373	854	1414	2949	1582	1122	1529	1514	15148
Seen by Doctor	688	437	417	276	411	437	335	220	404	336	3961
Attendance of Mothers (a) & (b)	5078	2480	2691	2373	2394	5453	2080	2087	3807	3996	32439
	-					-					
Expectant Mothers Attendances—											
(c) 1. New Cases	155	37	65	32	33	99	40	21	59	52	593
2. Old Cases	349	249	379	121	193	309	122	112	186	215	2255
Total	504	286	464	153	226	408	162	133	245	267	2848
Home Visits	10.4	63	79	42	43	133	72	52	73	91	752
VISITING of CHILDR'N (d) Under 12 months											
1. First Visits	905	329	331	281	288	449	192	354	362	491	3982
2. Subsequent Visits	1047	435	475	509	565	489	378	555	589	756	5898
3. No, of Children seen	1597	421	432	572	511	868	562	589	646	893	7091
(b) From 1-5 y'rs. of age											
I. First Visits	229	188	212	45	154	108	103	175	177	281	1672
2. Subsequent Visits	512	313	320	209	235	565	482	292	318	599	3845
3. No. of children seen		309	310	212	228	739	615	403	437	663	4649
(c) re Infant Deaths	44	19	23	9	8	39	18	33	37	41	271

At all the Centres in the town the children are regularly seen by a doctor. At least once a week all those that really require medical advice are seen, and all the infants under twelve months are seen not less often than once a month. It has at times been difficult to maintain this full service owing to the restrictions of the staff and the continued growth of the work, but on the whole the results of the work are as above stated.

At a considerable number of the Centres there are conducted auxiliary forms of activity, such as the demonstration of good modern hygienic infant clothing, penny banks, talks to mothers, etc.

At all the Centres records are kept of both infants and toddlers.

Provision of Fresh Milk at the Centres.

Milk is supplied under the same system of control as described in last year's report. The following statement shews the main details of the supply and the liabilities:—

MILK SUPPLIED TO MOTHERS AND INFANTS.

1st April 1920 to 31st March, 1921.

Supplied to Families.	No. of Quarts.	Received from Families.	Corporation Liability.	TOTALS,		
Milk at 3d	160S9½	$£$ s. d. 201 2 $4\frac{1}{2}$	£ s. d 419 13 6	£ s. d. 620 15 10½		
Milk at 6d,	26401	66 0 1½	68 17 4	134 17 5½		
Milk Free	103083	-	437 0 83	437 0 83		
Total number of Quarts supplied	290381	267 2 6	925 11 63	1192 14 0		

Total Number of Families 356.

Average supplied to each family, 81:57 quarts.

Average cost of supply to each family, £3 1s. 81d. (at 9.08d. per quart'.

Maternity Hostel.

The Hostel continues to provide to a limited extent one of the most urgent needs of the town. All cases are admitted by way of the centres or the ante-natalclinic except emergencies. 325 births occurred in the institution in 1920 as against 269 in 1919. The details are given in the subjoined statement. Every month as many cases have to be refused admission as are taken in. There is great need for the extension of this work.

St. Mary's Maternity Hostel.

Admissions, Discharges, Etc., for Period April 1st, 1920, to March 31st, 1921.

	Съ	NFINEMEN	TS.		Women			
Women admitted.	Total.	Normal.	Com- plicated.	Total.	Alive.	Still- born.	Non- viable.	Dis- charged
325	322	220	102	325	313	11	1 (not a birth).	318

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

- 9 women in Hostel on April 1st, 1920, admitted during previous March.
- 16 women in Hostel on April 1st, 1921.
- 3 women admitted for ante-natal treatment only.
- 0 women admitted for post-natal treatment.
- Twins born on three occasions.
- Cæsarean section performed in 2 cases.
- One case of miscarriage.
- No maternal deaths during 1920-21.

Ante-Natal Clinic.

This Clinic has continued to meet once weekly. The total number of expectant mothers attending was 152. 932 attendances were made during the year. The average weekly attendance was 18. The mothers are principally sent to the clinic through the maternity and infant centres and the maternity hostel. The larger proportion of the cases are subsequently confined in the maternity hostel. Cases of venereal disease are sent for treatment to one of the clinics for these conditions. A considerable amount of ante-natal advice is given in the routine work of the maternity and infant centres. Arrangements have been made which still more closely link up this Clinic with the work of the Hostel.

Sick Nursery.

The sick nursery has been continued as in former years. The disadvantageous conditions set out last year as attaching to these premises still hold, so that this very valuable piece of work—one of the most important adjuncts of the infant work of the town—continues to be seriously hampered. We urgently require greatly extended and improved accommodation for this type of ailing child. Below are given the statistics for the nursery for 1920.

Sick Nursery, 228, London Road.

Number of cases at Nursery at end	d of	1919	 		4
Number admitted during 1920			 		55
Number discharged during 1920			 		50
Number died during 1920		,	 		5
Number remaining at end of 1920			 	***	4

Method of Feeding.

The following are the particulars as to feeding of infants during the first six months of life of children who survived, and of children who died between one week and six months old. Deaths of infants under one week have been excluded because it is unlikely that methods of feeding can have been responsible for a fatal issue in so short a time.

TABLE A.

	Infants dying from Diarrhoeal Diseases. 0-6 months.	Infants dying from other than Diarrhocal Diseases. 0-6 months.	Infants surviving 6 months.	Total investigated
Breast Fed only	16	75	1698	1789
Breast and subsequently Cow's milk	,	3	115	118
Ditto Condensed Milk	1	3	49	53
Ditto Other foods	1	5	190	196
Breast & simultaneously Cow's Milk	1	1	48	50
Ditto Condensed Milk		1	45	46
Ditto Other foods		2.2	110	110
Entirely Hand Fed— Cow's Milk	7	11	38	56
Ditto Condensed Milk	2	12	37	51
Ditto Other foods	14	15	89	118
Number investigated	42	126	2419	2587

TABLE B.—The same information expressed in percentages.

		Of all infants investigated under 6 months.	Of infants dying from Diarrhocal Diseases. C-6 months.	
Breast Fed	only	per cent. 69·1	per cent. 38·1	per cent. 59.5
Breast and s	subsequently Cow's Milk	4.6		2.4 [
Ditto	Condensed Milk	2.0	2.4	2.4
Ditto	Other foods	7-6	2.4	4.0
Breast and s	imultaneously Cow's Milk	1.9	2.4	-8
Ditto	Condensed Milk	1.8		-8
Ditto	Other foods	4.3		
Entirely Ha	nd Fed—Cow's Milk	2.2	16.7	8.7
Ditto	Condensed Milk	1.9	4.7	9.5
Ditto	Other foods	4.6	33.3	11.9
		100.0	100.0	100.0

Table B shows that 53·1 per cent. of infant deaths from diarrheal diseases occurred amongst breast-fed children, and the remaining 61.9 per cent. amongst children who were either entirely hand fed or had artificial kinds of food as well as breast fed.

Notification of Births Act, 1907.

This Act was adopted by the Council on January 13th, and came into force on February 19th, 1908, after confirmation by the Local Government Board. During the past year 4,000 notifications were received. These births were notified as follows:—

Notified by medical men		 ***	998	
Notified by parents Notified by certified midwives	• • •	 	919 1960	
	***	 ***	3877	
Stillborn births notified		 ***	123	4000

Midwiyes.

During the year 301 visits were paid to midwives by the Inspector of Midwives for the purpose of information or inspection.

At the end of 1919, 28 midwives were registered as practising in Croydon, and during 1920 four new names were added, leaving 32 on the register at the end of 1920.

SECTION IV.

TUBERCULOSIS WORK.

The following paragraphs give a general summary of the arrangements made for dealing with tuberculosis, and are arranged seriatim to correspond with the headings in Circular No. 168 of the Ministry of Health:—

The Medical Officer of Health is Chief Administrative Officer for Tuberculosis.

The Specialist Clinical Tuberculosis Officer ranks as an Assistant Medical Officer of Health for Tuberculosis. His principal work is at the Dispensary, but he also acts as Consulting Physician to the Tuberculosis Ward in the Croydon Borough Isolation Hospital.

There is one Tuberculosis Dispensary situate at 13, Katharine Street, Croydon, attached to which, in addition to the above-mentioned Clinical Tuberculosis Officer, there are two nurses and three clerks.

The residential institutions at which tuberculous patients are treated under the town scheme are:—

Larchfield Sanatorium, Caterham—14 beds for women—leased to the Corporation by contract.

Grosvenor Sanatorium, Ashford, Kent—20 beds—both male and female—leased to the Corporation by contract.

Various other sanatoria and hospitals where beds are not contracted for, but the occupied beds number on an average 56.

Croydon Borough Isolation Hospital—belonging to the local authority—17 beds—male and female—Resident Medical Officer, Dr. Kerr Simpson.

Nursing staff provided out of the general staff of the Hospital—one sister specially attached to the tuberculosis ward.

Croydon Borough Sanatorium, North Cheam—belonging to the local authority—50 beds. These beds are divided as follows:—15 for Croydon cases, 30 for Surrey cases, and 5 for Kent cases. Resident Medical Officer: Dr. T. Dawson.

Cases from all sources are seen at the Tuberculosis Dispensary by the Clinical Tuberculosis Officer. The principal sources from which patients come are:—

- (a) Private medical practitioners.
- (b) School medical officers.
- (c) Croydon General Hospital, etc.

In general practice cases are not seen excepting after consultation with the private medical practitioner unless there be no actual family medical man attached to the case.

There is close liaison between the Tuberculosis Section of the Department and all other branches of the Public Health Service. School children and other persons seen in any section of the Department suspected to be suffering from tuberculosis are referred direct to the Dispensary for consultation and decision. The co-operation between the sources mentioned has always been smooth and successful.

Where the diagnosis of a case is doubtful the patient is kept under regular observation both directly through the Dispensary and indirectly by communication with the general medical practitioners in the town. Contacts are examined systematically as far as possible, more particularly when the nurse is visiting home cases of tuberculosis. Any contact giving ground for suspicion of early incidence of tuberculosis is referred for examination to the Dispensary. There is no doubt, however, that when the suitable time for extension of the work arrives further medical assistance will be required to enable the Department to examine and watch systematically home contact of known cases.

The only special method of examination of cases which has been employed is examination by X-rays.

The outstanding feature in my opinion of the scheme for tuberculosis is that without a very complete and effective system of after-care of tuberculous patients, the effects of sanatorium and hospital treatment, however good they may be in themselves, are largely lost. No system of after-care is of much value unless it has considerable financial backing secured.

No dental treatment is provided by the Local Authority specifically for tuberculous patients.

One nurse does actual nursing of advanced cases at their homes.

Approximately forty cases received extra nourishment in the form of milk regularly.

Cases of non-pulmonary tuberculosis are referred for treatment to the Royal Sea Bathing Hospital and similar institutions.

Six shelters were provided for the use of patients in their gardens. These were increased in 1921 by the addition of ten shelters.

The arrangements for After-care in Croydon were originally provided for by the establishment of an After-care Committee. It was, however, found that the Committee as a body was not really effective on account of the lack of adequate financial backing. It is an extremely difficult thing to get voluntary support for this work. The Committee, after a year or two's existence ceased to exist as such, and the After-care of tuberculosis patients has developed into individual interest on the part of the staff of the Public Health Department and of people who are disposed to give such help and advice.

Patients are advised as to the kind of occupation they should undertake after return from sanatorium treatment, and so far as is possible help is given to the patients to obtain such suitable form of activity. It cannot, however, be too strongly emphasised, that adequate after-care depends upon assured financial support.

Table showing origin of Cases seen at the Dispensary for the first time in 1920.

Cause of person attending		Insured.			Unin	sured.*		1
Dispensary.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women	Child'n	Total.	Grand Total
(1) Referred by local doctors or hospital for diag- nosis, treatment or advice	65	77	142	20	68	68	156	298
(2) Ditto ditto by School Medical Officers & from Infant Clinics.		3	3		4	164	168	171
3) Litto ditto from other, chiefly charitable, sources	22	10	32	8	29	39	76	108
4) Seen as "Contacts"	5	9	14	1 +	21	73	98	112
5) Ministry of Pensions	114		114	2	•••		2	116
rate and the	206	99	305	34	122	. 344	500	805

^{*} This includes dependents of insured persons

Table showing the way in which new cases were dealt with in 1920.

		Insured.			Unin	sured.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women	Clild'n	Total.	Grand Total.
(1) Diagnosed as tubercu- lous:								
(a) Treated through the Dispensary	135	75	210	11	37	76	124	334
(b) Treated elsewhere	12	6	18	6	28	20	54	72
(2) Diagnosis not settled— Kept under observa- tion	31	8	39	12	49	186	247	286
(3) Diagnosed not tubercu- lous	28	10	38	5	8	62	75	113
	206	99	305	34	122	344	500	805

Table showing details of Medical Examinations made by the Medical Officer to the Tuberculosis Dispensary, 1920.

		Total N	fedical Er	kamination	s made.							
Period.	At the Dispensary,			P	Patients Houses.			New Cases Examined.				
1920.	Insured.	Non- Insured.	Total.	Insured.	Non- Insured.	Total.	Grand Total.	Insured.	Non- Insured.	Total		
Jan. 1st to March 31st	674	1178	1852	9	9	18	1870	90	139	229		
April 1st to June 30th	660	1108	1768	17	5	22	1790	81	114	195		
July 1st to Sept. 30th	588	996	1584	8	9	17	1601	64	92	156		
Oct. 1st to Dec. 31st	726	1120	1846	9	6	15	1861	70	155	225		
Totals	2648	4402	7050	43	29	72	7122	305	500	805		

Note.—In addition to the medical examinations shown in this table the Medical Officer also visited and examined the tuberculous patients at the Borough Hospital twice weekly throughout the year. The proportion of known tuberculosis in the Borough which is dealt with through the Dispensary continues to to be satisfactorily high, as is shown by the following figures:—

- (1) Total Primary Notignations, 1920 ... 480*
- (2) Total new cases seen at Dispensary and diagnosed as tuberculosis, 1920 ... 406

Therefore approximately 84 per cent. of the cases notified in the Borough in 1920 were seen by the Medical Officer to the Tuberculosis Dispensary.

*(This figure includes "other forms of tuberculosis" in addition to pulmonary tuberculosis.)

In 1920 334 new cases were treated through, as well as being seen, at the Dispensary.

CROYDON BOROUGH SANATORIUM.

The fifty beds at the Croydon Borough Sanatorium are kept continuously full with the exception of course of an occasional intervening day or two arising out of the departure and arrival of patients. The following table shews the distribution of the beds amongst the three authorities who contribute towards the maintenance of the patients:—

District,	Remaining at end of year 1919.	Admitted during vear 1920.	Discharged during year 1920.	Died during year 1920,	Remaining at end of year 1920.
Croydon C, B	7	57	48	1	15
Kent C. C	0	21	16	0	5
Surrey C. C	18	107	81	15	29
Total	25	185	145	16	49

SANATORIUM AND HOSPITAL TREATMENT:

SUMMARY OF CASES TREATED AT SANATORIA, 1920.

(A) (B)	Persons in Sanatoria on Jan. 1st, 1 Persons admitted to Sanatoria 1920				M. 30 134	W. 18 91	C. 11 51	59 276
					164	109	62	335†
(C) (D)	Persons discharged from Sanatoria Persons who died in Sanatoria 192				135	80	49 I	264 4
					138	80	50	268
(E)	Persons in Sanatoria on December	315	1, 1920		26	29	12	67
	The total individuals receiving therefore:—	trea	tment	in S	anator.	ia dur	ing I	920 is
	Men		2		164	Bart S		
	Women			***	109	355+		
	Children		***	***	62			
	The total individuals sent to Sanato	ria ii	1 1920	is:-	-			
	Men				134	Service .		
	Women				91	276+		
	Children				51	100		

† 124 men and 46 women were "insured persons." Of the "insured men" 93 were ex-service men.

SUMMARY OF CASES TREATED AT THE BOROUGH HOSPITAL, 1920.

(A) (B)	Persons at t Persons adn					. 1st, 1	920	6 36	4 26		10 63
								42	30	I	73‡
(C) (D)	Persons disc Persons who							30 5	20	1	50 8
								35	22	I	58
(E)	Persons in E	Borough I	Iospi	tal on I	Dec. 31	st, 1920	o	7	.8	-	15
	Total individ	**		treatm	ent at t	he Bor	ough I	Hospita 42 30 1	l in 19	20 is	
	The total ind	Men Women		tted to	the Bo	rough	Hospit 	36	920 is 63		
		Child		***	1.11	***		I)			

\$ 35 men and 14 women were "insured persons." Of the insured men 18 were ex-service men.

SECTION V.

VENEREAL DISEASE.

A joint scheme in which Croydon takes a part, and which consists of maintenance of clinics at practically all the big London Hospitals, has continued to run successfully. The Medical Officers of the joint authorities have met at frequent intervals during the year in London and discussed points which have arisen in connection with this scheme.

The main Table subjoined refers to this scheme. The smaller table gives details of the work carried out at the Croydon General Hospital Venereal Diseases Clinic during 1920. The treatment of male patients and arrangements for daily lavage have both then provided during 1920 at Croydon General Hospital Clinic. The increase in the number attending the local treatment centre is principally due to this extension of the arrangements.

The total number of cases dealt with from Croydon in 1920 was 391, as against 262 in 1919, and 190 in 1918. The number attending the clinics in London increased by 24; those attending the local clinic increased by 105. The number of pathological examinations made for private practitioners—1913 in 1920, as against 1909 in 1919, and 45 in 1918—does not continue to shew the increase which was characteristic of 1919.

VENEREAL DISEASES.

Annual Summary Year 1920.

	London.	Middlesex.	Essex.	Surrey.	Kent.	Herts.	Bucks.	East Ham.	West Ham.	Croydon.	All Districts
No. of persons dealt with at or in connection with the clinic for the first time and found to be suffering from— Syphilis	7,917 570 10,127	704 26 872	392 19 443	285 12 293	206 21 182	89 87	58 2 53	121 4 164	324 26 363	80 3 71	10,176 683 12,655
Not found to be suffering from Venereal Disease	4,998	534	237	165	113	39	32	72	229	58	6,477
	4177	224	-37				3			3-	-1411
Total	23,612	2,136	1,091	755	522	215	145	361	942	212	29,991*
Total Attendances	365,478	34,011	12,386	12,190	7,282	2,436	1,946	3,434	10,278	2,480	451,921
No. of "in-patient" days of Treatment	54,529	1,846	2,924	1,900	3,505	1,324	1,209	332	963	405	68,937
No. of doses of Salvarsan sub- stitutes given	51,266	4,635	2, 164	2,666	1,565	643	603	603	1,662	552	66,359

"In addition, 1,055 cases were dealt with from "counties outside the scheme," the majority of which were merchant seamen from all parts of the world.

The total number of new patients dealt with at the Clinics for the year was therefore ... 29,991

1,055

31,046

PATHOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.												
Nature of Test.		London.	Middlesex.	Essex.	Surrey.	Kent.	Herts.	Bucks-	East Ham.	West Ham.	Croydon.	All Districts
or Practitioners.												
90 WW.		9 513 84	149 537	1 113 750	57 411	 3 67	 12 32	22	16 136	11 268	55 138	29 2,027 11,874 84
Total		11,234	686	864	470	70	44	22	152	279	193	14,014

VENEREAL DISEASES.

Return relating to persons residing in the County Borough of Croydon who were treated at the Croydon General Hospital, 1920 and 1919.

Number of persons dealt	with at or	in conne	ection	with	М.	1920. F.		M. 1	919. F.
the out-patient Clinic to be suffering from :	for the fir								
Syphilis and Go Syphilis Soft Chancre Gonorrhœa Not suffering from		 I disease			2 28 5 40 26	1 27 — 25 25			34 — 18 22
					101	78		_	74
Number of persons disch Clinic after completio				tient					
Syphilis					1	1		_	12
Soft Chancre					_	-			_
Gonorrhæa .			***	***		1	***		
					1	2	***	_	12
Number of persons who patient Clinic without who were suffering fr	it complet	o attending trea	d the atment	out- and					
Syphilis		***	***		9	15	***	_	4
Conombon		***			3 7	9		-	-
Conormica .			***	***			***		1
					19	24			5
Total attendances of all Clinic who were suffe	persons a	at the	out pa	tient					
C-A Cl				***	225	491		-	339
Gonorrhœa		***	***	***	29 423	165			111
Not suffering fro	m venereal	disease		***	74	63		-	101
					751	719		_	551
Aggregate number of "in given to persons suffe	-patient d	ays" of	f treati	ment		Topi !	200		
Syphilis		***	***		20	-		_	67
Gonorrhœa				***	-	-		-	_
					20	_		_	67
Number of persons treate	d with Sa	lvarsan	substi	tutes	-	9	***	-	21
Number of doses of Salva	rsan subst	itutes gi	iven			154	***		91
Examinations of patholog Specimens from pers ment Centre which to an independent	ons attend were sen laboratory	ling at it for en							
For detection of			***		-		***	-	10
,, Wassermann	gonococci				_	33 115	***	_	12 41
" Others		***	***		-	-		-	12
					_	148		_	65
					-			-	-

SECTION VI.

MENTAL DEFICIENCY, 1920.

CASES DEALT WITH.

CASES DEA	LI W	III.			Material of Order (and other
				Ann ad	Nature of Order (whether
D-4				Age at	for Institutional treatment
Date of		Defeation	Can	time of	or for Guardianship) and remarks.
Order.		Defective.	Sex.	Order.	
15th January		H. F. L.	M.	16	Institutional. Royal Earlswood
0111 7		D 1 D	**	01	Institution.
24th January	***	D. I. R.	F.	21	Institutional. Earlswood. Order
					made for contribution of ten
					guineas p.a. by father towards
2011		0.0		20	maintenance.
26th January	***	G. S.	M.	10	Institutional. Stoke Park Colony.
					Under Section 2 (1) (b) (ii)
		NT 1 70	17	00	M. D. Act.
2nd March	***	N. A. T.	F.	20	Institutional. Stoke Park Colony.
2nd March		A. F.	F.	50	Placed under Guardianship.
9th March		E. P.	M.	19	Institutional. Rampton State
					Institution. Order made 1st
					June for contribution by father
					of 5/- p.w. towards mainten-
					ance. Under Section 2 (1)
10.1 11 1		W II	3.5		(b) (ii) M.D. Act.
10th March	***	W. H.	Μ.	7	Institutional. Earlswood. Cos
00.1 37 1		CT	31	10	of maintenance borne by father.
26th March	- 63	C. L.	М.	16	Institutional. Darenth Industrial
					Colony. On behalf of Hertford
001.11		a D		10	Local Authority.
26th March		C. P.	M.	16	Institutional. Darenth Industrial
00.1 4 3		T2 T 137	-	0.5	Colony.
30th April	***	E. J. W.	F.	35	Institutional. Queen's Road In-
					stitution. Order made for con-
					tribution by father of 5/- p.w.
		** **	**	101	towards maintenance.
11th May	***	Н. Р.	F.	16	Institutional, Darenth Industrial
					Colony. Order made for con-
					tribution by father of 3/- p.w.
101 11		T. TT TT		0.0	towards maintenance.
18th May	***	F. H. W.	M.	26	Placed under Guardianship.
9th June	***	W. S.	M.	17	Institutional. Darenth Industrial
					Colony, Under Section 2 (1)
44-1 T		C TT		177	(b) (ii) M. D. Act.
11th June		S. H.	М.	17	Institutional. Stoke Park Colony.
					Order made for contribution by
					father of 5/- p. w. towards main-
0041- T-1-		17 117	40	TO	tenance.
20th July		V. W.	F.	16	Institutional. Princess Christian
					Farm Colony. Order made
					for contribution by father of 5/-
OOsly Tools		CM	11	45	p. w. towards maintenance.
20th July		C. M.	M.	45	Placed under Guardianship.
14th August	***	A, C.	F.	16	Institutional. Caterham Mental
					Mental Hospital. Order made
					for contribution by father of 10/-
10.1 C		CII	3.5	,	p. w. towards maintenance.
18th Sept.	***	С. Н.	M.	4	Institutional. Fountain Mental
					Hospital, Tooting. Order made
					for contribution by father of
Ond Ostobar		C. K.	T	61	10/- p.w. towards maintenance.
2nd October		C. N.	F.	01	Institutional. Queen's Road In-
20th October		I. H.	F.	17	stitution.
20th October	***	1. 11.	г.	11	Institutional. Stoke Park Colony.
					Order made for contribution by
					father of 2/6 p.w. towards
OAth Manual		W. R.	3.5		maintenance.
24th November	A	W. IV.	M.	5	Institutional. Fountain Mental
2nd December		G. R.	F.	16	Hospital, Tooting.
8th December		E. H.	M.	13	Placed under Guardianship.
Jul December	10000			10	Institutional. Stoke Park Colony.

Total number of Defectives know	wn by m	edical	examina	ation in	the .	
Borough					***	256
Statutory Cases						144
(a) 0-5 years			4			
(b) 5—16 ,,			35			
/ \ \ \ 10			105			
In Certified Institutions					56	
In Croydon Mental Hospita	ıl		***		11	
In Poor Law Institutions					10	
Resident at Home					58	
Resident at Home under G	uardians				9	

Education Cases

For a summary of these see Appendix A., Table 3 (School Medical Report page 121.

Total Number of			made	by the	Medi	ical Of	fficers	0.10
during 1920		+++						248
Statutory				***			134	
Education	n Cases			***			114	

During the year 1920 there have been three deaths, all statutory cases at Institutions—two of these were children under five years of age.

Three cases have been transferred to Croydon Mental Hospital, under the Lunacy Act.

Seven cases have removed from the Borough.

Twenty-four new cases were admitted to Grangewood Special M. D. School during the year.

Two cases were certified as imbeciles, and two cases came under the care of the Statutory Committee because of special circumstances.

SECTION VII. WORK OF THE SANITARY INSPECTING STAFF.

GENERAL SANITARY WORK.

A summary of the work done by the Sanitary Inspectors during the year is given on the next page.

2,390 house-to-house inspections were made. These numbers are in addition to 1,154 inspections of houses where infectious diseases have been notified, and 73 inspections on request of larger houses, where the drains were tested and special reports sent to occupiers, prospective occupiers, or owners.

As a result of these inspections, 3,961 preliminary notices were served during the year.

Work done by the Sanitary Inspectors during the Year ending 31st December, 1920.

NATURE OF CASES DEALT WITH	Deputy Chief Insp. Culver.	Insp. Earwicker	Insp. Peck.	Insp. Richardson	Insp. Bull.	Insp. Vincent.	Insp. Flint.	Insp. Hunt.	TOTAL
House to House Inspection	518	54	335	433		470	303	277	2390
No. of Houses inspected where zymotic diseases have occurred	77	153	121	298		198	172	135	1154
No. of Visits of enquiry re infectious disease	113		152			207			1451
House drains tested with smoke (primary)	71	170	95	246		183		137	1103
on application	16	24	5			2			73
Drains found defective	25 17	18	13	1 11 23	**	10			157 54
tiouse drains re-laid	12		40	100		2		27	164
No. of smoke tests during repair	48	-	74			43			555
,, water ,,	39	120				8	1		310
Damp-proof courses inserted		**	2	0			8	7.5	33
Yards paved	**			19			8	15	42
are conducted									
Inspections of Factories and Workshops, etc.	1				1194				1195
,, ,, Greengrocers, Fishmongers &									
Ice Cream Shops	110		138			193 63			993
,, ,, Schools	65		49	11		133		22 13	159 79
,, Shops ,, Bakehouses			**		546				546
,, ,, Yards and Stables	38	497	306			274		573	2065
", ", Common Lodging Houses			**		493				493
,, night visits					10	- 2	20		10
,, ,, Houses let in Lodgings							59	**	59
,, ,, Urinals night visits	135	117	358	121		221	192	460	1604
smoke observations					19				19
Re-inspections of work in progress		1457					1383		9662
Sundry inspections	285		627		**	265		321	2802
Complaints from public investigated	396	343	86	282		214	306	248	1845
NUISANCES DISCOVERED.									
Houses requiring Cleansing & Whitewashing	222	175	137				187	184	1371
" Overcrowded	4	5					5	100	40
Leaky Roofs	89		74			39		103	709
Dampness in Houses	68	101	123 37			30 46	127 50	76 51	589 407
Drains and Sanitary Fittings found defective	163	177	162			93	223	129	1184
Defective Yard Surfaces	53	34	5			9		31	225
" Eaves and Downspouts	149	89	58	150		38	114	54	652
,, Manure Receptacles		6			**	**	1		7 5
,, Urinals	153	3 216	205	218		65	160	84	1099
Smoke Nuisances	1								
Animals improperly kept	6	18		5		1	2		32
Infringements of Bye-laws and Regulations	1	8	2		142				153
Offensive Accumulations Sundry other Nuisances	19	16 48	182			3	230	194	47 1063
Tarahamaharat Naissana					142		1301	906	7583
	1000	1136	990	1003	142	400	1001		1000
Informal notices in abeyance 31st December, 1919	125	68	51	109		23	155	184	715
Informal Notices served	538	368	565		32	541		437	3961
,, ,, complied with	461	294	456		32	496			3366
,. ,, in abeyance	145	94	97	163			225	119	875
Referred to Committee	57	48	63	24	000		113	94	435

Combined drainage.—The number of systems of combined drainage dealt with as single private drains during the year was 3. This work was carried out under the provisions of the Croydon Corporation Act, 1905. The cost of carrying out the necessary works amounted to £65, and was borne by the owners instead of by the inhabitants at large.

House drains relaid.—In 54 instances the whole of the house drains were relaid, and 164 house drains were repaired or partially relaid.

Examination of drains.—73 written applications were received for the examination of the drains and sanitary condition of houses by occupiers or intending occupiers. In all cases special reports were made by the District Inspectors, copies of which were forwarded to the applicants. Where defects were found, and in many cases where improvements were suggested, the work was carried out by the owners without the necessity of serving sanitary notices.

Notices and Statutory Orders.—Most of the nuisances discovered were remedied on receipt of informal notices, but in 435 cases Statutory Orders had to be applied for. Two hundred and seventy-eight were complied with at the end of the year.

MUNICIPAL COMMON LODGING HOUSE.

This Lodging House affords accommodation for 17 women and 84 men. The number of nightly occupants during the year amounted to 29,030 men and 2,826 women, making a total of 31,856. The average number of lodgers amounted to 79 men and 8 women per night.

The receipts and expenditure (exclusive of sinking fund and interest) for the past seven years were :—

	R	ecei	pts.	Expe	end	iture	e.
	£	S.	d.	£	S.	d.	
1914	 822	4	9	 735	8	9	
1915	 787	9	1	 737	17	10	
1916	 722	16	1	 682	15	10	
1917	 678	15	4	 698	4	1	
1918	 781	1	7	 854	3	0	
1919	 834	0	5	 916	15	3	
1920	 1083	10	7	 1216	14	9	

OTHER COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

There are ten other houses on the register.

The following Table gives the situation of the ten registered houses and the accommodation provided therein:—

Premises.	No. of Rooms.	Accommodation.
11 & 12, Princess Road	12	54 men and 8 married couples.
9, Prospect Place	7	18 men and 5 married couples.
19, 20, 21, 22, 23 & 24, Lahore Road	30	50 men, 10 women, and 6 married couples.
52, Union Street	13	30 men.

Nos. 19 to 24, Lahore Road.—These houses are under one management and worked as one establishment, as also are Nos. 11 and 12, Princess Road. Practically, therefore, only four common lodging houses now remain in the Borough, with a total accommodation of 200 adults, or, if we add the Municipal Common Lodging House, a total of five houses with 263 single beds and 19 double beds.

During the year common lodging houses received 503 visits, while 10 houses received night visits.

Minor infringements of bye-laws were detected on 38 occasions, but in no case were they sufficiently serious for legal proceedings to be taken.

HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.

There are 49 houses registered under the bye-laws. During the year these houses received 59 visits.

On no occasion were offences discovered for which prosecutions were necessary.

At the present moment the following houses are registered as houses let in lodgings:—

Wilford Road	 	 	25
Forster Road	 	 	12
Holmesdale Road	 	 	4
Ely Road	 	 	8

FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACT.

FACTORIES.

391 visits were made to Factories.

245 in reference to sanitary accommodation.

- 20 ,, cleanliness of earth closets.
- 21 ,, new occupation.
- 10 ,, new drinking water regulations.
- 50 ,, , defective sanitary accommodation.
- 13 ,, extra w.c. at motor works.
- 2 ,, ,, iron foundry.

25 sundry visits.

391 Total.

WORKSHOPS.

The number of workshops on register is 708.

The number of visits paid by the Inspector is 581.

HOMEWORK.

103 lists were received from employers, containing the names of 287 outworkers residing in the Borough. 191 further names were received from the Medical Officers of Health of various neighbouring districts, and the names of 37 outworkers residing outside the Borough were similarly despatched to the Medical Officer of Health for the district concerned.

167 visits were paid to outworkers.

32 visits were made to premises of employers of outworkers for the purpose of examining lists and other particulars.

BAKEHOUSES.

At the end of the year there were 77 Bakehouses in occupation, of which 8 were underground. 546 visits were made by the Inspector during the year, and 43 nuisances discovered and abated.

WORKPLACES.

At the end of the year there were 69 workplaces on the register, 55 visits to eating-house kitchens have been made, and 9 nuisances discovered and abated.

The following is a list of the various matters which required attention:—

	Factories.	Workshops	Laundries	Bake- houses.	Work- places.	Out- workers.	Тотац
Screening of W.C's	_	3		-	_	_	3
Cleansing, etc	-	9	2	27	8	8	54
Insufficient W.C. accommodation	2	10	_	_	1	-	13
Defective ditto	23	19	-	1	-	-	43
Overcrowding	-		-	-	-	-	_
Dustbins	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paving	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Want of ventilation of stoves	-	5	-	_	-	_	5
Want of intervening venti- lated space	_	_	-	_	-	_	
Drinking water supply	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Sundrygdefects	30	3 49		16	9	8	20
Preliminary Notice Factories Workshops Work places Bakehouses	es served	-				9 19 4 —	

These 32 notices were duly complied with; the remainder of the matters requiring attention were satisfactorily dealt with by verbal notice.

Sixty-five communications were sent to H.M. Inspector of Factories in accordance with the various requirements of the Act.

SMOKE NUISANCES.

There were 19 observations made.

RAG FLOCK ACT, 1912.

No samples were taken under this Act during 1920.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES AND THE INSPECTION OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

The Inspection of meat has been carried out as in previous years.

There are 12 registered slaughterhouses in the Borough, in addition to the Municipal slaughterhouses at Pitlake, which consist of 12 slaughter houses with lairs.

		In 1914.	In Jan. 1920.	In Dec. 1920.
Registered		 14	12	12
Licensed		 ***		
Total	***	 14	12	12

The following table gives a summary of the work done during the year:—

Summary of Inspections during 1920.

Date 1920.			Slaughterhouses.	Butchers.	Fishmongers.	Markets.	Cowkeepers.	Dairies.	Other Premises.	Total.
January			124	94	30	11	8	23	34	324
February			130	99	34	8	7	18	30	326
March			166	136	41	10	11	41	17	422
April			136	96	37	10	20	54	13	366
May	***		79	60	31	6	5	15	9	205
June	***		164	106	46	10	2	36	27	391
July	***		118	78	25	8	3	20	17	269
August and	Septer	nber	287	212	93	22	23	81	46	764
October			148	114	39	8	5	29	15	358
November			97	60	27	6	5	23	11	229
December			149	106	43	10	3	15	22	348
То	tals		1598	1161	446	109	92	355	241	4002

The two following tables shew the number of animals slaughtered at the Public Slaughter Houses, Pitlake, during the year 1920, and a summary of the totals for the last ten years:—

1920.

Slaughterhou	ases.	Cattle.	Sheep-	Pigs.	Calves.	Total.
Public		509	1396	2604	135	4644
Private		248	1279	7883	2786	12196
Total	s	757	2675	10487	2921	16840

Summary for ten years, 1911 to 1920.

Year.	Cattle,	Sheep-	Pigs.	Calves.	Total
1911	635	9724	19371	3961	33691
1912	727	7874	19765	4017	32383
1913	458	4863	15282	3003	2360
1914	589	4171	13281	2667	20708
1915	1000	5339	22406	2539	3128
1916	1261	8332	26181	2661	3843
1917	2044	9904	18152	4604	3470
1918	2217	2215	1638	7103	13173
1919	1061	1482	4910	8017	1547
1920	757	2675	10487	2921	16840
Totals	10749	56579	151473	41493	260294

Summary of Meat and other articles of food destroyed as unfit for food with total weight:—

1920.

ART	ICLES.		Weight in lbs.		Remarks.
		Diseased.	Unsound.	Total.	
Beef Mutton Pork Veal Offal		 16,047 510 5,480 212 7,643	3,440 5,419 250 191 1,553 3,374	16,047 5,929 5,730 403 9,196 3,374	Including 28 carcases. ,, 128 ,, ,, 19 ,, ,, foreign frozen offal. Cod, Catfish, Dabs, Herrings, Haddock,
Other As	rticles	 	8,389	8,389	Kippers, Megrims, Mackerel, Plaice, Saithe, Skate and Winkles. Bacon, Ham, Rabbits, Chickens, Eggs, Cheese, Apples, Dates, Figs, Raisins, Tomatoes & Tinned
То	tal lbs.	 26,452	22,616	49,068	Goods. Including 184 carcases

Summary of whole carcases condemned, with the reasons for such condemnation:—

1920.

Class of Animal.	Tuberculosis.	Peritonitis.	Pneumonia.	Pleurisy.	Metritis.	Enteritis.	Jaundice.	Actinomycosis,	Emaciated,	Immature.	Injuries.	Decomposition.	Total carcases.
Caule	13	2	1	1	2	3		1	3		2		28
Sheep			2	1					12	**		113	128
Pigs	16					1	1					1	19
Calves						4				5			9
Totals	29	2	3	2	2	8	1	1	15	5	2	114	184

Summary of Carcases in which Tuberculosis was found in the course of inspection and how such carcases were disposed of :-

1920.

Animals affected	Carcase and all internal organs destroyed,	Part of carcase and all organs destroyed.	All or part of organs destroyed.	Total.
Cattle	. 13	2	35	50
Pigs	. 16	184	61	261
Total	. 29	186	96	311

TUBERCULOSIS IN MILK.

No samples of milk were taken on account of the impossibility of getting examinations made.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS & MILK SHOPS ORDER.

Cowkeepers on Regist	er (1919)			13
., added	(1920)	***		0
Cowsheds on Register	(1919)			22
" added	(1920)		***	0
Number of Cows prov	ided for			277
Approximate number	of Cows (1	920)		146
Dairymen and Milk F	urveyors o	n Reg	ister	144
,,	,, a	dded (1920)	26
Number of Premises	***	***		197

SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

During the year 240 samples of milk (207 new and 33 skimmed or separated) were taken. In 18 cases the samples were below the standard suggested by the Board of Agriculture.

Proceedings were instituted in respect of 4 of these samples, and fines and costs were imposed on the vendors to the extent of £32 15s. 6d. The other 14 samples were only slightly below the standard suggested by the Board of Agriculture.

In 11 cases the vendors were written to asking for an explanation, and in all cases subsequent samples were taken.

The following is a statement concerning the prosecutions undertaken during 1920:—

PROSECUTIONS, 1920.

Date of Purchase.	Defendant.	Charge.	Result.	Pe	nalty	у.	C	osts.	
1920				£	s	d.	£	5.	d
Mar. 25	А. J.	Selling Milk containing 11 per cent. of added water	Convicted	20	0	0	3	3	0
May 5	H. W. P.	Selling Milk 12 per cent. deficient of fat	Withdrawn.		-		1	1	0
Dec. 5	A. F.	Contravening the Milk Order, 1920 Selling Separated Milk which had been coloured	Convicted	2	0	0	1	1	0
,, 23	A. E. D.	Selling Milk 25 per cent deficient of fat		5	0	0		10	6
			Total	27	0	0	5	15	6

MILK AND CREAM REGULATIONS, 1912.

The following is a copy of the Report sent to the Local Government Board under the above-mentioned Regulations, viz.:

REPORT OF ADMINISTRATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE PUBLIC HEALTH (MILK AND CREAM) REGULATONS, 1912.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1920.

1. Milk; and Cream not sold as Preserved Cream.

	Number of samples examined for the presence of a preservative.	Number in which a preservative was reported to be present.
MILK	240	Nil.
CREAM	6	Nil.

- 2. Cream sold as Preserved Cream.
 - (a) Instances in which samples have been submitted for analysis to ascertain if the statements on the label as to preservation were correct.
 - (i) Correct statements made ... Nil.
 - (ii) Statements incorrect ... Nil.

Total ... Nil.

- (b) Determinations made of milk fat in cream sold as preserved cream.
 - (i) Above 35 per cent. ... Nil.
 - (ii) Below 35 per cent. ... Nil.

Total ... Nil.

- (c) Instances where (apart from analysis) the requirement as to labelling or declaration of preserved cream in Art. v. (1) and the proviso in Art. v. (2) of the Regulations have not been observed.
 Nil.
- (d) Particulars of each case in which the Regulations have not been complied with, and action taken. Nil.
- Thickening substances.—Any evidence of their addition to cream or to preserved cream. Action taken where found.
- 4. Other observations, if any.—No preserved cream was on sale in the shops.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

Total Number of Samples taken during the year 1920.

	Sample	e of		Total Samples.	Genuine,	Not Genuine.	Prosecu- tions.	Convic-	Cautions
Milk				207	193	14	2	1	11
" Sepa	arated	or Ski	mmed	33	29	4	2	2	-
Butter				14	13	1	Informal	Sample.	-
Drs ' Pr	escript	ions		11	11	-	-	-	-
Cream			***	6	6	-	-	-	-
Cheese		144		2	1	1	Informal	Sample.	-
Coffee				7	7	-	-	-	-
Pepper				6	6		-	-	-
Honey		***		2	2	1124	-	_	_
Suet				1	1	-	-	-	-
	To	tals		289	269	20	4	3	11

at rai	lway st	ation		58
	***			42
				140
		Γotal	***	240

FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

Particulars of Samples taken during the sixteen years 1905-1920 inclusive:—

Year.	Number of Samples taken.	Number Genuine.	*Number Adulterated.	Percentage of Adulterated.	Prosecu-	Total amo Fines and impos	Costs
1905	356	320	36	10.0	8	£ s. 36 13	d. 0
1906	400	351	49	12.3	6	15 12	6
1907	448	413	35	7.8	13	86 8	0
1908	438	384	54	12.0	19	40 12	6
1909	455	424	31	6.8	7	55 13	0
1910	480	431	49	10.2	13	33 3	0
1911	501	436	65	12.9	6	18 8	6
1912	525	473	52	9.9	13	35 10	0
1913	535	497	38	7.1	4	37 14	4
1914	526	464	62	11.8	14	42 13	6
1915	504	427	77	15.2	18	105 11	0
1916	388	297	41	12.1	22	85 3	6
1917	356	305	51	14.3	16	227 11	0
1918	414	360	54	13.0	17	175 13	6
1919	339	315	24	7.6	9	45 0	0
1920	289	269	20	6.9	4	32 15	6

^{*} The term adulterated includes samples found to be not up to standard.

SECTION VIII.

WORK OF THE BOROUGH HOSPITAL.

The total nominal accommodation at the Borough Hospital is 170 beds

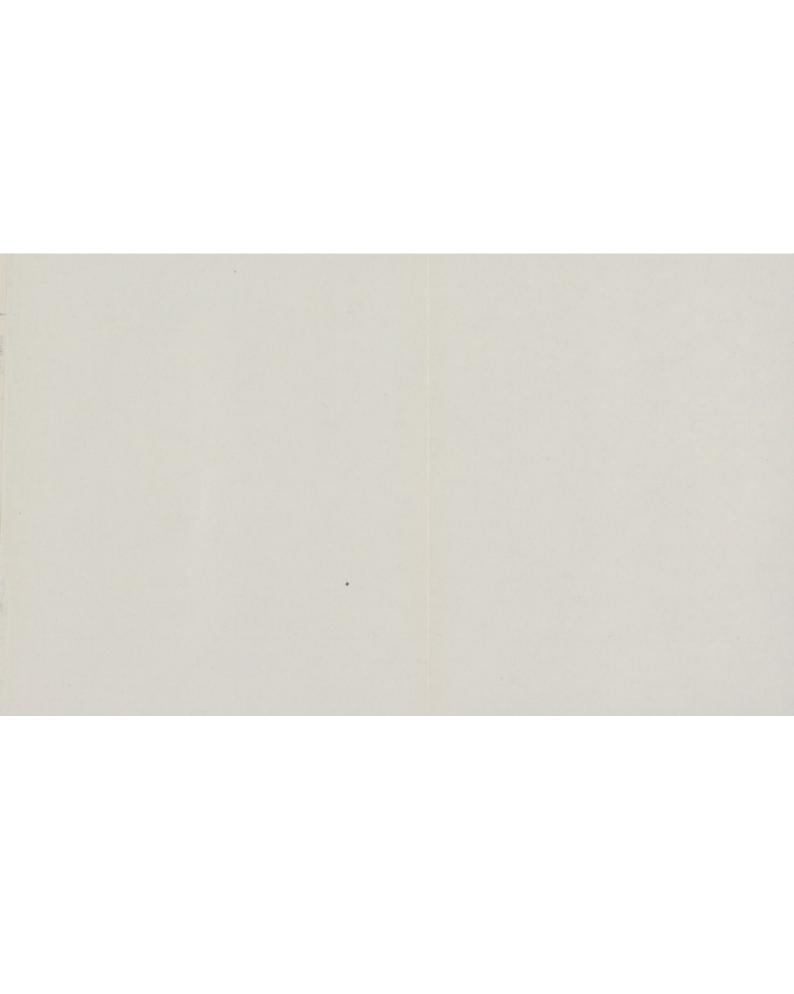
The following table shows the highest and lowest number of beds occupied on any one night during each month of the year 1920.

Mo	nth.	Beds O	ccupied.	Month.	Beds O	copied.
		Highest.	Lowest.		Highest.	Lowest
January		 215	183	July	 138	111
February	,	 219	191	August	 135	106
March .		 204	164	September	 105	79
April .		 167	130	October	 173	101
May		 163	141	November	 185	163
June		 163	132	December	 213	165

During 1920 the average daily number of cases under treatment amounted to 1560 as compared with 132.8 of the previous year.

The following table gives the total number admitted from the Borough and other Districts during the year 1920.

Districts.	Remaining at end of 1919.	Admitted during 1920.	Discharged during 1920.	Died during 1920.	Remaining at end of 1920.
Penge Urban D.C., non- pauper cases	11	89	78	2	20
The Borough of Croydon	186	1157	1132	43	168
Total	197	1246	1210	45	188



CROYDON BOROUGH HOSPITAL.

Detailed Analysis of Expenditure under all Heads for the Year ending March 31st, 1921, and 10 preceding Years.

of .		P	rovi	usions				Alcoh	oľ.				gery a pensar		1	Dome		inclue nd Ga			Est	ablis	shment a	and M	discellan	eous	Char	rges.	101	alares	and	Wa	ges.										F
March. Average No. o		Total.		Paris	Average Cost per Bed occupied.	Wante promise	Total.		Average Cost	per Bed occupied.		Total.		Average Cost per Bed occupied.	T-comp	Total.		Cost Cost	Average Cost per Bed occupied.		Establishment Charges and	Repairs.	Missellanaous	Charges.	100	Total.		Average Cost per Bed	occubied.	Medica Dispensing, Nursing & other,		Average Cost	per Bed occupied.	Total	Expenditure.	Avera	Cost per Bed occupied.	Catag Rand	and and Interest.		Total Average Cost per Bed	occupied including Sinking Fund & Interest.	Filling to an arrange
911 134	1			d. £ 8 20		d. £	E s.	. d.	s. 0	d. 6	£			£ s. c		£ s		d. £					d. £		d. £		POST IN	s. 1 14	d. d. d. 0236		d. 10		s. d	i. £		£ 65		d. £		6. 9	£	s. 6	d.
	1000		9 1	0 21	10	111	0 1	7 0	1	7	618	10	104	12	4 20)62	18	3 15	7	10 9	2250	5	2 385	9	1 2635	14	3 19	9 13	4 259	7 15	4	18 1	17	4 10742	15 (5 80	3	4 272	1 17	3	100	9	8
13 134	304	.7	0	5 22	14	10 1	0 1	9 10	1	7	729	8	10 5	8	10 25	215	6 1	1 16	10	81	1959	0 1	10 467	17	1 2426	17	11 18	8 2	3 272	6 0	4	20	6 10	0 11155	14 3	3 83	5	0 277	1 12	0	103	19	1
14 143	327	9 1	2	2 22	18	8 1	4 1	2 0	2	1	574	19	84	0	4 24	167	3	4 17	5	12	2406	1	5 306	4	5 2712	5	10 18	8 19	4 297	0 8	9	20 1	15	5 12019	1 5	9 84	11	0 3058	3 16	9	105	8	9
15 131	345	5 1	8	1 26	7	7 1	7 1/	5 9	2	8	410	5	23	2	8 2	530	5	1 19	6	42	2433	0	9 558	9	2 2991	9	11 25	2 16	8 298	4 17	9	22 1	5	9 12390	12	4 94	11	8 309	5 5	0	118	4	3
16 96	362	8 1	9	3 37	16	12	3 '	7 4	4	10	439	4	3 4	.11	6 27	66	10	8 26	14	81	1709	12	8 498	11	5 2208	4	1 2	3 0	1 293	7 19	8	30 1	2	1 11804	5 3	3 122	19	3 315	3	8	155	16	9
17 93	339	3 1	8	2 36	9	10 1	2 17	1 6	2	8	451	11	114	17	227	/13	3	4 29	3	61	368	1	2 742	7 1	11 2110	9	125	2 13	10 275	11 17	11	29 1	11 10	0 11433	11 1	1 122	18	10 318	1 16	3	157	3	9
18 84	373	5 /	0	1 44	9	3 2	6 1	4 8	6	3	556	1	4.6	12	5 33	03	3	8 39	6	61	477	15	9,761	3	8 2238	19	5 26	6 13	1 275	9 0	4	32 1	16 17	1 12618	9 (8 150	4	5 317	7 7	5	188	0	11
19 92	426	1 1	5	6 46	6	63	3 11	0 0	6	7	745	19	0.8	2	2 39	77	4	7 43	4	71	489	6	1 723	13	0 2212	19	1 24	4 1	1 308	0 6	11	33	9 8	8 14308	15	1 155	10	7 316	7 12	6	189	19	2
20 156	644	8 1	2	641	6	94	7 1	5 6	6	1	1459	0 15	29	7	254	18	17	8 34	14	93	3278	19	5 1051	2	8 4329	2	12	7 15	0 640	1 15	9	41	0	9 24105	8 8	8 154	10	6 315	7 17	6	174	15	4
21 143	685	6 1	3	3 47	18	1046	5 14	1 6	6	6	946	4	86	12	5 64	24 1	16	5 44	18	73	012	8	4816	0	1 3828	8	5 20	6 15	6 853	5 15	7	59 1	13 10	0 26638	12 10	0 186	5	8 317	1 8	9	208	9	3
			H																																								

Receipts, 1920-21, from various sources

£ s. d. 6037 17 6

^{*}This includes a very considerable expenditure incurred in the Hospital laboratory in respect of laboratory work done for the town extraneous to the Hospital.

The following table shows the comparative admissions during 1920 and previous years.

	Cases admitted during 1909.	Cases admitted during 1910.	Cases admitted during 1911.	Cases admitted during 1912.	Cases admitted during 1913.	Cases admitted during 1914.	Cases admitted during 1915.	Cases admitted during 1916.	Cases admitted during 1917.	Cases admitted during 1918.	Cases admitted during 1919.	Cases admitted during 1920,
Scarlet Fever	608	624	381	365	417	653	413	295	201	386	532	583 (1)
Diphtheria	292	222	430	600	402	211	200	313	207	179	433	540 (2)
Cerebro Sp. Meningitis	-	-	-	-	_	-	67	24	38	23	3	1
Pulmonary Phthisis	11		-	-	48	56	61	44	40	37	44	63
Enteric Fever	-	15	18	16	28	15	13	10	6 2	13	4	12
uerperal Fever	-	-	-	-	1	2	4	2		1	4	7 (3)
dorbilli	-	-	-	_	-	-	9	17	25	17	6	4
Rubella			-	-	-	-	-	-	12	2	3	1
Mumps		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	6	4	1
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	10	6	10
Other diseases	45	47	29	25	6	10	11	33	10	37	29	24
Total	956	908	858	1006	902	947	778	738	579	711	1068	1246

- (1) Includes 11 cases of Rubella.
 - ,, 3 cases of Tonsillitis.
 - ,, 3 cases of Influenza.
 - ,, 1 case of Measles.
 - ., 1 case of, Dermatitis.
 - ,, 1 case of Teething Rash.
 - ., 1 case of Gonococcal Rheumatism.
 - ., 1 case of Desquamation from congenital sores.
 - ,, 13 cases in which no disease could be diagnosed.
- (2) ,, 5 cases of Tonsillitis.
 - ., 3 cases of Measles.
 - ,, 1 case of Herpes.
 - ,, 1 case in which no disease could be diagnosed.
- (3) ,, l case of Pyosalpinx.

The following table gives the number of patients admitted for each disease, an analysis of the admissions, and the number discharged or who have died in the year 1920:—

Disease.	Remaining at end of 1919.	Admitted during 1920.	Discharged during 1920.	Died during 1920.	Remaining at end of 1920.
Scarlet Fever	109	535	545	8	91
Admitted to Hospital as Scarlet Fever and found to be other disease Admitted to Hospital for observation		35	35		
(including contact)	1	13	13	***	1
Diphtheria	71	529	502	21	77
Admitted as Diphtheria and found to be other disease	1	10	10		1
Admitted for observation (including contact)	1	1	1		1
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis Admitted as Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis		1		1	
and found to be other disease Admitted for observation (including	***	***			3.67
contact)					
Enteric Fever Admitted as Enteric and found to be	2	12	10	3	1
other disease Admitted for observation (including				***	
contact)		***			
Pulmonary Tuberculosis Admitted for Pulmonary Tuberculosis	10	62	49	8	15
and found to be other disease Admitted for observation (including					
contact)		1	1	***	
Puerperal Fever Admitted as Puerperal Fever and found	1	5	5	1	
to be other disease Admitted for observation (including		1	1	***	
contact)	***	1	1		
Morbilli		4	4		
other disease					
Rubella Admitted as Rubella and found to be		1	1		
other disease					
Erysipelas Admitted as Erysipelas and found to		10	9		1
be other disease					
Mumps		1	1		
other disease.	***	***			***
Other Diseases	1	24	22	3	
Totals	197	1246	1210	45	188

The following table gives the fatality for each disease :-

	I	912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.
Scarlet Fever		1,1	.8	.7	.9	1.8	1.0	2°I	2.0	1,3
Diphtheria		3.6	3.03	6.4	4'02	4.65	4.1	13.5	8.7	3.9
Enteric Fever		25.0	19.2	20.0	33'3	100.0	-	9.0	-	250
Cerebro Sp. Me	nin	. —		_	54.0	13.0	37'9	40.0	-	100.0
Pulmonary Pht	hisi	s —	12.2	12.6	37.2	40.0	48.6	35'3	52.2	12.0
Puerperal Feve	er	-	-	-	60.0	100,0	-	-	_	20'0
Morbilli		-	_		11.1	_	4'3		_	_
Mumps		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Erysipelas		-	_	_	-		6.2	-	_	_
Other Diseases		-	-	-	_	-	11.1	8.0	24'1	12.5
All Cases		3.5	2.0	3.1	.89	7.2	7.0	8.1	7.4	3.6

Under other diseases are included :-

					Kesult.
Infantile Diarrho	ea	5	***	 3	discharged; 2 died
Enteritis		2		 2	"
Ophthalmia Neo	natorum	4		 4	,,
Influenza		2		 2	,,
Whooping Cougi	1	2		 2	,,
Nephritis		2		 2	,,
Myelitis		1		 I	"
Meningitis		1		 I	died
Tonsillitis		I		 I	discharged
Carbuncle		I		 I	,,
No disease*		3		3	
	-	_			
		24			

^{* 3} mothers with babies (ophthalmia neonatorum).

Notified as Diphtheria or for observation for Diphtheria-

Result. Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever... 8 ... 7 discharged; 1 died """ Measles ... 11 ... 11 ... 1 """ Chicken Pox... 1 ... 1 ... 1 """ Scabies ... 3 ... 3 ... 3 """ Rubella ... 1 ... 1 ... 1 """ Pneumonia ... 2 ... 1 ... 1 ... 1 """ I died """ I remains

Notified as Scarlet Fever or for observation for Scarlet Fever-

Result.

Scarlet Fever and	l Diphtheria	12		12	discharged	
"	Diphtheria					
	and Measles	1		1	"	
" "	Pneumonia and Measles					
,, ,,	Diphtheria	I	•••	*	"	
	and Scabies	I		1	21	
" "	Chicken-pox	13		13	,,	
3)))	Measles	10		9	11	1 died
"	and Mumps	4		4	,,	
" "	Broncho-					
	pneumonia	I		1	1,	
33 . 33	Pneumonia	2		2	,,	
,, ,,	Rubella	1		1	,,	
33 33	Albuminuria	I		1	","	
,, ,,	Cellulitis	I		1	"	
,, ,,	Nephritis	1		1	,,	
",	Appendicitis	I		I	died	

Notified as Enteric or for observation for Enteric-

Enteric Fever and Pneumonia 1 ... 1 died

Illnesses amongst the Staff-

Scarlet Fever		5	 	3 d	ischarged;	z remains
Diphtheria		6		5	,,	1 remains
Nephritis		2	 	2	,,	
Mumps		I	 	1	**	
Carbuncle		1	 	1	,,	
Influenza	***	2	 	2	,,	
Tonsillitis		2	 	2	**	

WORK OF THE BOROUGH LABORATORY.

The work of the Laboratory continues to be of the greatest value to the Borough.

Examinations for Diphtheria.

For Doctors.			Fo	or M.O.	Н.	For Wards (including No and Throat Swabs).		
-	+	Total	-	+	Total	and Imone Ovally).		
1494	312	1806	1664	178	1842	4385		

Outfits sent to the Town Hall.

Diphtheria.	Tubercle	Enteric.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.	Total.
3,583	914	82	46	4,625

Blood Serum prepared.

365 dozen tubes at 5/- per dozen = £91 5s. od.

Special Media prepared.

τ litre Peptone Media.

2,500 ,, Agar Agar.
1,500 ,, Neutral Red Agar.
1,000 ,, Brilliant Green Broth.
500 ,, Gelatine Media.

500 ,, Bile Salt Media (MacConkey's). 200 ,, Litmus Milk Media.

CEREBRO-SPINAL MENINGITIS.

Results of Examinations for Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.

		nination Borough			ninatio Iospita		Total.			
1920.	1920.		xamina	tions.	All E	xamina	tions.	All E	xamina	itions.
		+	-	Total	+	-	Total	+	-	Total
January		11	32	43	1	-	1	12	32	44
February	***	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2
March	***	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2
April	***	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
May		-	7	7	-	-	-		7	7
June		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
July		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
August		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
September		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
October		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
November		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
December		-	6	6		-	_	-	6	6
First Quarter		11	36	47	1	_	I	12	36	48
Second ,,		-	7	7	-	-	-	-	7	7
Third ,,		-		-	-	-	-	-		
Fourth ,,		-	6	6	-	-	-	-	6	6
Total		11	49	60	1	-	1	12	49	61

TUBERCULOSIS.

Results of Examinations for Tuberculosis.

		mination Boroug			ninatio Iospita		Total, All Examinations.		
1920.	All E	Examina	itions.	All E	Examin	ations.			
	+	-	Total	+	-	Total	+	-	Total
January	7	59	66	I	1	2	8	65	68
February	9	156	165	1	4	5	10	160	170
March	13	97	110	3	3	6	16	100	116
April	15	82	97	1	2	3	16	84	100
May	9	60	69	4	2	6	13	62	75
June	8	63	71	3	2	5	11	65	76
July	6	47	53	2	10	12	8	5?	65
August	5	23	28	-	2	2	5	25	30
September	10	74	84	2	7	9	12	Sı	93
October	9	59	68	4	5	9	13.	64	77
November	10	57	67	2	6	8	12	63	75
December	6	48	54	2	3	5	8	51	59
First Quarter	29	312	341	5	8	13	34	320	354
Second ,,	32	205	237	3	6	14	40	211	251
Third ,,	21	144	165	4	19	23	25	163	188
Fourth ,,	25	164	189	8	14	22	33	178	211
Total	107	825	932	25	47	72	132	872	1004

ENTERIC (TYPHOID) FEVER.

Results of Examinations for Diseases simulating Enteric Fever.

			nination sorough			minatio Iospita		Total.		
1920.		Ag R	glutina	tive	, Ag	glutina Reaction	tive	Agglutinative Reactions for all Purposes.		
		+	_	Total	+	-	Total	+	-	Total
January	***	_	1	1	_	-	-	-	T	1
February		-	2	2		-	-	-	2	2
March		-	1	1	-	-	-	-	I	1
April		-	2	2	-	3	3	-	5	5
May		I	4	5	_	-	-	1	4	5
June		2	2	4	-	-	-	2	2	4
July		I	2	3	I	2	3	2	4	6
August		-	5	5	2	I	3	2	6	8
September		-	2	2	-	1	1	-	3	3
October		I	3	4	-		-	1	3	4
November		2	3	5	-	1	1	2	4	6
December		-	2	2	-	2	2	-	4	+
	-				Tiene				-	
First Quarter		-	4	4	-	-	-	-	4	4
Second ,,		3	8	11	_	3	3	3	11	14
Third .,		1	9	10	3	4	7	4	13	17
Fourth .,		3	S	11	-	3	3	3	11	14
Total		7	29	36	3	10	13	10	39	49

MISCELLANEOUS EXAMINATIONS.

Since October 27th, 1920, 148 urines have been tested by Lugol's reaction, and for the presence of Diacetic Acid for diagnostic purposes.

- 1 Swab for organisms present.
- Vincent's Angina.Puerperal Fever.
- 4 Tubercular Meningitis.
- 2 Enteric Stools
- 4 Staphylococcic Vaccines.
- 3 Tubercular Urines.

SECTION IX.

REPORT TO THE EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

I. STAFF.

For the first time since the outbreak of war the staff engaged in medical work amongst school children was entirely permanent. In addition to the School Medical Officer, who is also Medical Officer of Health, the staff consisted of three whole-time Medical Officers, one part-time X-Ray Specialist, one part-time Ophthalmic Surgeon, eight part-time Nose and Throat Surgeons, two part-time Dentists, and nine School Nurses. The Organizer of Physical Training in the Elementary Schools acted also as supervisor of remedial exercises. The Medical Officers devote part of their time only to school work. A Masseuse holding certificates in Massage, Medical Electricity and Remedial Exercises was appointed in the latter part of the year. Towards the end of the year also an Elementary school teacher, after receiving special training at Manchester, was appointed to undertake the treatment of children suffering from certain forms of speech defect.

Dr. H. Gordon Smith resigned in April, and Dr. Ian C. Mackay was appointed in August to fill the vacancy.

At the commencement of the year the work of the school medical service was re-organized. Hitherto the medical inspection schedules had, on completion at routine inspections, been retained in boxes at the schools. The Chief Medical Officer of the Board of Education in his Annual Report for the year 1918 indicated that certain statistical information would be desired from School Medical Officers when submitting their Annual Reports for 1920 and subsequent years. To facilitate the extraction of the necessary figures and, moreover, to enable the medical staff to have ready access for the purpose of reference to the health record of any child who had been examined while attending elementary schools, a scheme for re-organization by which all inspection schedules became filed in my office was submitted to, and subsequently approved by, the Education Authority. The scheme demanded some additional clerical work on the part of the Head Teachers, and it is a pleasure for me to record here the willing co-operation of the teachers in this respect.

2. CO-ORDINATION.

The relationship between the general education staff and the school medical staff continues to be harmonious. The work of medical inspections is carried out smoothly largely owing to the ready co-operation of the teachers.

The Attendance Officers render most valuable assistance in ascertaining defective children, in reporting suspicious cases of infectious diseases and non-notifiable infections, and in bringing to the notice of the medical staff cases of prolonged absence from school.

The School Medical Service is in most intimate relationship with the Tuberculosis Dispensary. In addition to definite cases of the disease all children who, after careful examination by the School Medical Staff, appear to be suffering from early tuberculosis are referred to the Clinical Tuberculosis Officer for advice and such treatment as is necessary.

The medical records of children who have attended the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre and who have attained the age of five years are transferred automatically to the School Medical Service.

3. SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE IN RELATION TO THE PUBLIC ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

(a) No. of Schools and Accommodation.

In 1920 there were in Croydon:

- (a) 22 provided schools, including 57 departments.
- (b) 15 non-provided schools, including 33 departments.

The total provision in 1920 in the borough for elementary school children amounted to 37 schools, with 90 departments.

The number of children on the register on December 31st, 1920, was 26,088, as compared with 25,432 in 1919.

(b) School Buildings and Accommodation.

Additional accommodation in the form of huts of the army pattern has been provided at the following schools:—

ioni ino occi provide di me iono.			Acc	ommodation	2.
Davidson Road Handicraft Class		.,		40	
", ", Cookery Room				18	
Woodside Boys'		***	***	120	
" Girls'			***	120	
Ingram Road Boys'	***			164	
,, ,, Girls'				120	
" " Handicraft Room	***	***			
Boston Road Boys'				120	
,, ,, Girls'	***			120	
Whitehorse Road Girls'				120	
", ", Infants"			1	135	
South Norwood Junior Mixed	***			120	

(c) School Hygiene.

The following is a statement of the sanitary work carried out during the year:—

All the schools were visited periodically and the undermentioned work was carried out :-

Central Polytechnic, Scarbrook Hill.

Drains laid in for waste water from two huts erected in yard

Parish Church Schools.

Rainwater pipes renewed where defective. Water supply to girls' offices increased.

Girls' High School, Wellesley Road.

Drains from two W.C.'s relaid.

Ventilation pipe of drain cleared and repaired.

Woodside Schools.

New iron buildings—gullies for waste from lavatory basins connected to inspection chambers on existing system.

Infant Boys' - trough W.C. of three divisions taken out and replaced with short hopper pans with separate flushing cisterns, connected to existing branch drain.

Public ventilation pipe reinstated.

Oval Road Schools.

New drains and W C.'s for infants.

Tavistock Grove School.

Rainwater pipes unstopped.

St. Andrew's Boys' School.

Doors and seats of W.C.'s repaired.

Obstruction removed from ventilation pipe.

Princess Road Schools.

Front section receiving waste from lavatory basins relaid with manhole and ventilation.

Main soil section repaired where defective.

Lavatory basins wrongly connected with surface water drains transferred to soil sections.

Syphon trapped gullies provided to yard drain.

Ventilation pipes cleared.

The Crescent Schools.

Drains from fittings in temporary buildings at rear dis.

Whitehorse Road Schools.

New iron building erected in infant's playground. 4-in. drain for lavatory basin waste laid from gully to connect with drain of caretaker's house.

Ecclesbourne Road Schools.

Infants' urinal Drain in connection with same and range of W.C.'s were repaired and a new syphon trap placed on end of the range of W.C.'s

Boston Road Schools.

As a result of a smoke test a defective gully was found; this has been replaced with a new one and drains have been flushed.

Mitcham Road Schools.

Flushing apparatus repaired, new seats provided and fixed to the offices.

4. MEDICAL INSPECTION.

Reference should here be made to Table I. Appendix A.

(a) The classes of children medically inspected in Croydon and the number so examined in each class, 1st January, 1920 to 31st December, 1920, are as follows:—

Routine Inspection.

Under the Regulations of the Board of Education:	
Children admitted for the first time during the year	3570
Children between the ages of eight and nine years	1102
Children between the ages of 12 and 14 years and	
other age groups	2075
Total	6747
Inspection of Selected Children.	
Obviously defective and submitted by Head Teachers, Attendance Officers, School Nurses, Care Committees, etc.	1170
Not obviously defective :-	
(i) Fitness for employment in accordance with Bye-laws regulating the employment of	
young persons	600
(ii) Candidates as bursars and student teachers	38
Defective children re-examined	466

All routine and many special inspections were made on the school premises. Other special inspections involving more careful examina tions were made at the Inspection Clinic, 228, London Road.

The following table shows the total number of children examined at routine inspections during 1920 classified according to the schools attended, the number of inspections held in each department, and the number of parents or guardians present:—

School.			Ins	No. of pections held.	Chil	n. of idren ected	No. of Parents or Guardians present.
COUNCIL SCHOOLS :-					BOYS.	GIRLS.	
Beulah Road Sc		(All departmen	its)	12	159	_	95
	,,	,,		14		184	111
Boston Road	23	"		14	192	_	70
,,	"	,,		II	_	155	87
Brighton Road	"	1,		10	149	-	41
"	"	,,		7	-	100	59
Davidson Road	27	"		8	88	-	75
. "	23	"		8	-	96	64
Dering Place	"	"		7	86	-	5 ¹ 63
E 1 1 D	- 53	"		7	-	75	63
Ecclesbourne Rd	. ,,	",		II	164		56
Ingram Pond	"	,,,		9		114	00
Ingram Road	22	"		13	204	180	IOI
Mitcham Road	22	"	***	11	222		1,5
Mitchail Road	"	"		15	232	114	
Oval Road	2.7	,,		8	120		88
O'tal Rolla	"	"		0		138	94
Portland Road	"	"		14	200	-3-	115
	,	- 11		14	_	183	137
Princess Road	"	"		8	119	_	45
",	33	,,		8	-	97	47
South Norwood	,,	,,		8	168	-	64
11	,,	,,		9	-	136	101
Spring Lane	33	,,		2	22	-	2 [
	"	,,		2	-	23	18
Stanford Road	,,	,,		2	36		33
6 1 1" B 1	29	,,		3		59	52
Sydenham Road	"	,,		II	143		83
Townsth Dood	"	"		13	-	176	107
Tamworth Road	33	"	***	8	94		46
Tavistock Grove	31	"	***	5		38	34
	"	"		6	59	78	47
Upper Norwood	17	,,	***	10	90	10	55
Opper mood	"	,,		7	-	56	32
Whitehorse Rd.	33	"		18	330	_	208
	"	"		15		255	182
Winterbourne Rd		"		8	116	_	111
	22	,,		8	_	94	80
Woodside	23	**		II	135		104
,,	17	11		10	-	110	88
Grangewood Spe	cial	,,	+	2	28		-
,,,	"	11		I	-	4	
Day Central	33	,,	***	1	48		10
33	35	"	***	I	-	23	16
		Totals	3	96 2	2982	2488	3267

St. Peter's Shirley	"	"	3	-	40	3
Arch. Tenison's	"	"	2	_	49	3
St. Saviour's	"	"	3	42	47	3
St. Michael's	"	"	3	24	61	2 4
St. Mary's	"	"	3	22	27	1 I
St. Mark's	,,	"	2	19	13	1
St. Joseph's	,,	"	1	14	66	4
St. Andrew's	"	"	6	33	170	2
Parish Church	"	"	10	134	70	5 8
Holy Trinity	"	"	3	23	29	1
(Wildbore's)	"	"	13	31	141	5
Christ Church	"	"	9	95		2

- (b) The Board's schedule of medical inspection has been followed in its entirety.
- (c) The following are the sources from which early ascertainment of crippling defects has been obtained:—
- (1) As a result of medical inspection, either routine or special, at the schools.
- (2) From information obtained both by the Health Visitors and the School Attendance Officers as a result of their district work in the Borough.
- (3) From the various Maternity and Infant Welfare Centres with which the School Medical Service works in close administrative contact
- (4) From the Tuberculosis section of the Public Health Depart ment, and
- (5) From the Croydon Civic Service League, a local voluntary association which provides valuable and willing assistance.

(d) During the last part of the year under review arrangements were made whereby the attendances of children presenting themselves for inspection or treatment at any of the approved Clinics in the Borough would be reckoned for the purpose of ascertaining the average attendance at school in accordance with the regulations of Articles 43 and 44 of the Provisional Code of Regulations, 1919.

5. FINDINGS OF MEDICAL INSPECTION.

Table II., Appendix A, gives a return of defects found in the course of medical inspection, both at routine and special examinations, in 1920. Some of the noteworthy defects so discovered are considered more particularly below.

Uncleanliness.

Out of 6747 children examined at Routine Inspections, 43 of 0.63 per cent. were found to harbour body vermin; 38 or 0.56 per cent. had head vermin; 613 or 9.8 per cent. were found to have the eggs or the louse in the hair although no adult lice were seen; 38 or 0.56 per cent. had simply dirty heads: whilst 117 or 1.7 per cent. were described as dirty generally.

Compared with last year, the figures show an increase and the steady improvement which has been made during previous years has received a check. Demobilization was practically completed in 1920, and there is little doubt that the overcrowded housing conditions became aggravated, and so favoured the spread of vermin infestation.

The teachers have been whole-hearted in their endeavour to raise the standard of cleanliness and have always co-operated willingly with the School Nurses at the Uncleanliness Inspections which have been carried out at certain selected schools.

Apart from the Routine examinations, Uncleanliness Inspections were conducted by the School Nurses at 21 of the Council Schools. 11938 children came under review, 33 had body vermin, 419 head vermin, and 2028, whilst having no adult lice, were found to harbour the eggs in the hair. Slightly over one-fifth of these children gave evidence of vermin infestation.

Cleansing Station.

Twenty-six children were cleansed on account of body vermin and two for head vermin. Scabies still continues to be prevalent, and 47 children were treated for this condition.

Clothing.

Children with dirty clothing numbered 46 or o 68 per cent. Children with defective footgear numbered 70 or 10 per cent. More children with insufficiently protected feet were observed, a condition no doubt to be associated with the inflated cost of the necessaries of life.

Average Heights and Weights.

The following table gives the averages of the children examined at three age periods in ten of the schools in Croydon:—

Ann	Average Heig	tht in Inches.	Average Weight in Pour				
Age.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.			
5	42.2	42'1	40.2	39.0			
8	48.4	47.6	21.1	50.7			
13	56.3	57.9	77.2	86.3			

Malnutrition amongst school children is increasing. Whilst in the previous year 137 (2'3 per cent.) came under observation on this account slightly more than twice as many (351, or 5'2 per cent.) were observed during this year.

In spite of the fact that nourishing food has become more plentiful it is not unlikely that the conditions of unemployment have in many cases deprived families, and particularly the larger families, of adequate and sufficient nourishment. A not uncommon diet is one which consists of white bread and margarine varied with a small portion of meat once or twice weekly. Such a diet is known to be insufficient for the needs of the growing child.

In addition to insufficient and non-nourishing food there are other causes of mal-nourishment, the result of disease, such, for example, as enlarged tonsils, adenoids, carious teeth, early tuberculosis, intestinal worms, whooping cough and measles.

Much is being done for such children by early and adequate treatment at the Throat and Dental Clinics and the Tuberculosis Dispensary and by the provision of milk for the convalescent and insufficiently nourished child.

The provision of open-air schools will go a great way to help these children, and until such schools materialise the opportunity should be taken of establishing open-air classes in the school playgrounds and recreation grounds with which the Borough is well equipped.

Vision and External Eye Disease.

739 Children had defective vision and 202 were found to be suffering from some form of external eye disease, such as squint, ulcers and inflamed eyelids. Where necessary the children were treated by the Ophthalmic Surgeon. 13.9 per cent of the children examined presented visual defects.

Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids.

1,533 Children, or 22.7 per cent., were found suffering from unhealthy conditions of the throat or naso-pharynx. Adenoids tend to make a child deaf, and thus interfere seriously with the progress of the child in school. Enlarged tonsils render a child liable to infection by diseases such as rheumatism, scarlet fever and dipht leria.

Lymphatic Glands.

Glands in the neck were found enlarged in 619 children, or 91 per cent. Enlargements due to infection by the bacillus of tubercle are not here included.

Amongst the most common causes of glandular enlargement in the region of the neck are decaying teeth, enlarged tonsils and adenoids, ear discharge and verminous conditions of the head. As soon as the specific cause is treated the glands quickly subside.

Ear Disease.

77 Children, or 1'1 per cent., were deaf and 94, or 1'4 per cent., suffered from ear disease. The main causes of deafness are wax adenoids, and measles and scarlet fever, the latter tending to produce middle ear disease showing itself by perforation of the drum and discharge.

Defective Teeth.

2,677 Children, or 39.5 per cent., were found at Routine Medical Inspections to have four or less than four decaying teeth, and 1,139 children, or 16.9 per cent., more than four defective teeth. Slightly more than half the children examined therefore had carious teeth.

The following tables shows the numbers of children in each age group suffering from dental caries and the percentage in each group having sound teeth:—

BOYS.

Age Group.	1-4 Decayed Teeth.	Over 4 Decayed Teeth.	Number with sound Teeth.	Percent'ge with sound Teeth.
3-4				
4 5	14	7	32	60.2
5-6	247	123	443	54.4
6-7	233	181	274	39.8
7-8	99	74	113	39.5
8.9	231	133	135	27.0
9-10	40	25	26	28.5
10-11	5	2	8	54.0
11-12	3		10	77.0
12-13	238	35	364	57.3
13-14	143	8	244	62.0
14-15	13	2	11	42.0
Totals	1266	590	1660	47.2

Total number of boys inspected 3516

GIRLS.

3-4	1		1	50.0
4-5	14	3	37	68-5
5-6	230	103	346	50-9
6-7	305	189	212	30.0
7-8	118	53	118	40.8
8-9	309	138	156	25.8
9-10	64	25	34	27.6
10-11	26	2	18	39.1
11-12	4		11	73.3
12-13	218	21	210	46.7
13-14	115	12	108	45-9
14-15	7	3	20	66-6
Totals	1411	549	1271	39.3

Total number of girls inspected 3231

The present school dental service is not coping with the situation. Apathy on the part of the parents is still widespread. Skilled private dental treatment is expensive, and parents living in the outlying districts of the Borough do not find it convenient to make use of the facilities at the Town Hall. In previous reports the necessity for establishing subsidiary centres has been emphasised.

Affections of the Heart.

damaged hearts, caused in many cases by attacks of acute or sub-acute rheumatism. 195 children, or 2.8 per cent., had temporary and mild heart affections associated with anæmia or slight debility.

When such conditions are discovered teachers are at once advised to modify or suspend the physical side of the child's education.

278 children, or 4'1 per cent., suffered from anæmia.

Affections of the Lung were found in 219 children, or 3.2 per cent. Most were suffering from bronchitis or mild forms of bronchial catarrh.

Tuberculosis.

84 Children, or 1'2 per cent., were found to be suffering from tuberculosis infection in one or other of its manifestations.

Of these, 10 children were suffering from tuberculosis of the lungs whilst 65 were suspected of having the disease in the lungs in an early stage.

46 Children had tuberculous glands, I had tuberculosis of the spinal column, I had tuberculous infection of the hip joint and 3 of other bones and joints, 3 had tuberculosis of the skin, and II had the disease in other forms. All cases, both actual and suspected, were referred to the Clinical Tuberculosis Officer for treatment or disposal.

Nervous Diseases.

8 children were found suffering from epilepsy and 8 from chorea (St. Vitus' dance), a condition which is associated with rheumatism.

Deformities.

85 Children were found deformed as a result of rickets contracted in infancy.

141 Children suffered from marked degrees of spinal curvature.
14 Children were found crippled as a result of infantile paralysis.

36 Children were deformed through injury by accident, etc.

Ringworm.

12 Children were found to have the ringworm fungus in the hair of the head and 4 were infected with the fungus associated with the body.

Skin Affections.

Scabies or itch was found in 17 children, and impetigo or infectious scabs in 21 children.

Mental Conditions.

40 Children were found to be mentally sub-normal. It is not possible, as a rule, at a routine medical inspection where each child is reviewed only for a few minutes to arrive at a definite diagnosis of mental deficiency. Suspected cases are subjected to more particular examination later by one of the certifying officers. An account of the work connected with this portion of School Medical inspection is set forth on page 27.

6. INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

At Routine Inspections 7 cases were found. In addition, 15 special visits were made by the medical staff to certain schools where there had been an unusual local prevalence of any infectious disease.

Children suspected to be suffering from infectious diseases are excluded from attendance at school either by the Head Teachers or School Attendance Officers.

Notices of infectious diseases were despatched to the respective schools by the Public Health Department in 5,082 cases as described hereunder:—

Illness.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Total.
Scarlet Fever		98	76	47	111	332
Dinbehania			64	62		
	***	75			119	320
Measles	***	570	480	25	12	1087
Mumps	***	45	100	2.5	IIO	280
Whooping Cough		21	72	69	85	241
Chicken pox		139	66	26	92	323
Sore Throat		86	38	36	103	263
Ringworm (Scalp)		40	39	30	31	140
" (body)		37	28	20	23	108
Impetigo		253	159	96	150	658
Scabies		52	28	18	39	137
Eye Cases	***	33	22	15	19	89
Other diseases		495	221	141	241	1098
Tota	als	1944	1393	610	1135	5082

School Closure.

In accordance with Article 45 (b) of the Code the following schools were closed:—

School.	Department.	Digease.		Closure.						
School.	Department	Digest.		From		Т	o			
Mitcham Road	Infants	Chicken Pox		January 9	th	Februar	v 6th			
			****			T COTULE				
Whitehorse Road	Infants	Measles	****		th	,,	6th			
Princess Road	Infants	Measles	***		th	"	6th			
Spring Lane	_	Chicken Pex	***	,, 29	th	,.	27th			
Ingram Road	Infants	Measles		,, 29	th	11	20th			
Arch. Tenison's	Girls	Diphtheria		February 4	th	March	5th			
South Norwood	Infants	Measles	***	,, 11	th	11	5th			
Christ Charch	Infants	Measles		,, 12	th	.,	5th			
Parish Church	Infants	Measles		,, 27	th	,,	roth			
St. Peter's	Infants	Measles		March 21	nd	.,	19th			
Sydenham Road	Infants	Measles	,	,, 12	th	,,	31st			
Mitcham Road	Infants	Measles		,, 12	th	,,	31st			
All Saints'	Girls & Infants	Measles		,, 12	th	,,	31st			
Portland Road	Infants	Measles	***	,, 16	th	**	31st			
Christ Church (Boston Road)	Infants	Measles	744	,, 16	th	**	31st			
Brighton Road	Infants	Measles	***	,, 18	th	,,	3 tst			
Oval Road	Infants	Measles		,, 221	nd	31	31st			
Winterbourne Rd.	Intants	Measles		,, 221	nd	. ,,	31st			
Famworth Road	Junior, Infants	Measles		,, 24	th	,,	31st			
St. Joseph's	Mixed & Infants	Measles		., 24	th	,,	31st			
St. Michael's	Mixed & Infants	Scarlet Fever		November	22nd	Decemb	er 13th			
South Norwood	Infants	Diphtheria	***		29th	,,	23rd			

School premises were disinfected when necessary. In all, 42 school departments and 21 school classrooms were disinfected during the year.

7. FOLLOWING UP.

There are nine school nurses, two of whom assist at the Clinics only. The other seven attend at school medical inspections, visit the homes of children found to be defective at medical inspections or suspected to be suffering from infectious disease. Each of these seven

school nurses carries on other health visiting work, and has a district of her own in which she is well acquainted with the schools, children and parents.

The parents of those defective children whom the Medical Inspector considers require treatment or observation are visited at their homes by the School Nurses within a few days of the inspection at which the defects were observed, with a view to encouraging the parents to obtain the appropriate medical advice or tr atment either from private medical practitioners, hospitals, or at the different treatment clinics established by the Education Committee in the Borough.

The work of the district school nurses is summarised in the following table:—

Visits to Houses	where	the fol	lowing		School	Cases.
Diseases h					1st Visits	Subsequent Visits.
Scarlet Fever			***		76	75
Diphtheria					381	468
Measles	***	***	***	***	1497	136
German Measles		***			57	4
Mumps	***				394	108
Whooping Cough		***			296	120
Chicken Pox	***				450	81
Sore Throat			444		691	472
Ringworm (scalp)	***				144	613
,, (body)		***		***	118	214
Verminous Heads					26	15
Verminous Bodies			+++		29	48
Impetigo		, 111		***	1491	2249
Scabies	***				165	529
Infectious Eye Diseas	e		***		131	269
Other Diseases			***		2241	1238
					8187	6639
Visits paid to Elemen				dical		
Inspection		***	***		510	
Number of Children	pre	pared for	or Me	dical		
Inspection :- Ne	wly Ir	nspected	1		6747	_
Re-inspected				***	466	
Specially Ins					1170	_
Other Visits to Eleme	ntary	Schools			157	9
Home Visits arising o			Inspe	ction	2280	1108
Home Visits for other					997	407
Cultures taken					1437	45

8. MEDICAL TREATMENT.

Minor Ailments.

There is one clinic at 228, London Road available for the treatment of minor ailments. It is open daily. One of the medical staff is present thrice weekly to direct treatment and to make special examinations. A nurse is in attendance every day to carry out the treatment.

1,546 children were examined or treated for different conditions; there were 3,962 attendances. Table IV. (a), Appendix A, indicates the amount and nature of the work at the Centre.

Under "Miscellaneous" are included :-

Cases of rheumatis					25
Enlarged glands					35
Enlarged tonsils an	d aden	oids			139
Other affections of	nose at	nd throa	at and	other	
ear affections					151
Heart disease					
Lung disease					44
Nervous diseases					22
Debility and anæm	ia	***			137

In addition, too children for whom milk in school had been prescribed were re-examined. There was also a large number of children referred from the Tuberculosis Dispensary for observation by the School Medical Inspectors.

85 children out of the total of 137 suffering from ringworm of the scalp were subjected to X-ray treatment.

Uncleanliness.

A brief account of the treatment of uncleanliness is given in Table IV (E), Appendix A.

Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids.

(Table IV. (C), Appendix A).

The clinic for the operative treatment of these conditions continued to be held at the Croydon General Hospital in accommodation loaned to the Education Committee. During the greater portion of the year the clinic was open on one afternoon each week, but to meet the large number of cases referred for and awaiting treatment an additional weekly session was arranged. The actual operations and administration of anæsthetics are undertaken by eight local medical practitioners working in pairs and in rota for three monthly periods.

303 cases were treated at the clinic, and, as in the previous years, all those having dental caries were, prior to the operation, treated by the Dental Officers at the School Dental Clinic. The number of children treated for dental caries prior to operation at the throat clinic was 304.

In the latter part of the year classes were commenced in which instruction in the correct methods of breathing was given to children who had recently been treated at the Throat Clinic. These classes are held in a large room at the Central Polytechnic and conducted by Miss Cooke. This form of after-care is a most important part of the treatment of enlarged tonsils and adenoids, not only in teaching the children again to breathe properly, but in assisting their quick return to health after the more or less extended periods of general debility consequent upon obstructive affections of the throat and nose.

Each child after operation is expected to attend the class daily during a period of four weeks, the exercises lasting for twenty minutes to half-an-hour. Parents are summoned to attend on the first and last days of the instructional period when a medical officer is present for interview. Parents are shown the nature of the exercises and requested to encourage the children to carry out the exercises at home. The results have been highly satisfactory, and parents generally are enthusiastic in their praise of the effects—both of the operation and the after-treatment—on the well-being of the children. Ear discharges clear up, deafness diminishes in degree or entirely disappears, languor, want of appetite and mental dullness give place to alertness, brightness and a healthy desire for food.

During the last three months of the year the class met on 121 occasions, 68 children were treated and made 1,015 attendances.

Tuberculosis.

The closest co-operation exists been the School Medical Service and the Tuberculosis Dispensary. The advice of the Clinical Tuberculosis Officer is sought in regard to every case or every suspected case of the disease found by school medical inspectors amongst children attending school. 154 children were in this way referred to the Tuberculosis Officer for corroborative diagnosis and subsequent treatment or disposal. Out of this number, 39 were found after a period of observation to have no signs of the disease. In addition, 61 children of school age were referred to the Dispensary from other sources and 36 contacts of the disease examined. The total number of attendances at the Dispensary of children of school age during the year amounted to 3,109.

The question of exclusion from attendance at school is left to the discretion of the Tuberculosis Officer, who arranges for sanatorium or hospital treatment when necessary and prescribes milk, cod liver oil, and drugs which are supplied from the Dispensary. A most important part of the treatment is the advice given to parents of tuberculous children with the object of ensuring as far as possible the maintenance of proper hygienic treatment in the homes. Health Visitors visit the homes to encourage and advise the parents in this respect.

Children who have been under treatment at the Dispensary and in whom the disease has been arrested are referred back to the School Medical Officer, who arranges for their examination from time to time at the inspection clinic and supervises their after-care. In the last nine months of the year 146 children were kept under observation by the School Medical Inspectors.

Vision and External Eye Diseases.

The Eye Clinic continued to be held two mornings weekly at the Town Hall. The total number of children examined for refraction errors was 602, and the total number of attendances at the clinic 1,183. Most of the cases of external eye disease, such as conjunctivitis, blepharitis, corneal ulcers, were treated by the Ophthalmic Surgeon, the remaining few being seen at the Minor Ailments Clinic.

Spectacles are not provided, but parents may obtain glasses at reduced rates from an optician in the town.

A summary of the treatment of visual defect is given in Table IV. (B), Appendix A.

Dental Defects.

Table IV. (D), Appendix A, gives a summary of the work done by the two part time Dental Officers, both in regard to inspection and treatment.

The following tables are self explanatory, and indicate in greater detail the scope and findings of school dental inspection and the results of treatment.

Dental Inspection of Schools (Children 5-9 years of age)

	Boys. 130 111 56 66 80 145 61 145	Girls 117 81 58 68 70 85	Total. 247 192 114 134 150	27 18	21 12 17	Boys. 103 93 46	Girls.	20.8 16.2	Girls- 17'9 14'8
	56 56 80 145 61 145	58 68 70	192 114 134	18	12	93	69	16'2	
	56 56 80 145 61 145	58 68 70	192 114 134	18	12	93	69		
	. 56 . 66 . 80 . 145 . 61 . 145	58 68 70	114	10					
	. 66 . 80 . 145 . 61 . 145	08	134		- 1		41	17.8	29'3
	. 80 . 145 . 61 145	70		II	9	55	59	16.6	13.5
	145 61 145			17	7	63	63	21.2	10.0
	145	200	230	32	18	113	67	22.I	21'1
	145	66	127		19	48	47	21'3	28.8
		85	230	13	14	128	71	11.7	16.4
	44.46		85		9			21.2	20.0
	0.	43 88	169	9	9	33	34	19.7	10.5
100		990	210	16	11	0.5	79	21.6	12.5
	. 120	90			II	94 59	79	15.7	17.1
		8	131	II		59	50		
		1000		4	3		5	40.0	37'7
	. 24	12	36	3	2	21	10	12.2	16.2
	0.6					100			11.8
						1000			
									18 5
									27.8
	1 1 1 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				100071	1000			27.9
		1000000		35.00					30.7
		500					75		18.4
School									II.I
		1						-	15'4
						-			17.0
ton Ro									15.1
									17.3
	-	0.00					1015		17.1
		36	10.00		10	17.			27.7
own .	27	7	100000	I	***		7	12.2	***
	. 5	5	1200	***			4	***	20.0
	. 24	36	60	0	0	18	30	25'0	15 6
			***	***	***	***	***	***	
	12		100000	5	0.700	100.00			8.3
	62	73	135	10		46		25.7	31.2
s .		13	25	I		II			38.4
	61	62	123	9	16	52	46	14.7	25.8
			***	***	***		***	***	
1 1 6	l School	77 111 14 176 1 132 110 1 School 11 13 gley Rd. 39 172 172 33 172 33 5 24 21 12 62 12 61	77 17 17 111 92 14 18 176 154 110 92 110 92 13 13 13 13 13 152 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 99 172 172 172 99 172 172 173 174 175	17	77 17 94 8 111 92 203 20 14 18 32 1 176 154 330 31 132 114 246 42 110 92 202 25 13 13 26 5 gley Rd. 39 41 80 5 gley Rd. 39 41 80 5 172 99 271 24 172 99 271 24 33 36 69 9 33 36 69 9 33 36 69 9 172 99 271 24 33 36 69 9 33 36 69 9 172 99 271 24 33 36 69 9 172 99 271 24 33 36 69 9 172 172 24 35 5 10	77 17 94 8 2 111 92 203 20 17 14 18 32 1 5 176 154 330 31 43 110 92 202 25 17 1 School 11 9 20 1 1 13 13 26 5 2 gley Rd. 39 41 80 5 7 gley Rd. 39 41 80 5 7 172 99 271 24 17 172 99 271 24 17 33 36 69 9 10 33 36 69 9 10 33 36 69 9 10 33 36 69 9 10 12 12 24 5 1 5 5 10 1 24 36 60 6 6 12 12 24 5 1 12 13 25 1 62 73 135 16 23 61 62 123 9 16			

Dental Re-inspection of Schools.

			801	ind at	th teet previou tion.	18	the De	ntal Cli red at p	ere treat nic for revious i n, spection.	caries			ildren for imary ins treat	pection, l		Clinic.		
Date.	School.		All s	ound.	Requ		Requir further t		Requ further t			a treated	privately	treated and now g further ment.	privatel requirin	y and not	received	who have no dental ment.
			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1920.																		
Jan. 12	Dering Place	***	2	4	***		3			***	***	***		***	***	111	2	6
,, 14	Davidson Road	***	1	3	2	2	1 "	2	2	***		***	***	***			23	18
. 29	Parish Church	***	***	***	***	***	6	2		121		111	***	***	***	***	10	34
Mar. 24	Tamworth Road	***	2	1	***	***	"	2	1	***			***	***		***	14	5
ii 26	Spring Lane Grange Wood	***	I	1		1	1	3	200	***	1	***	***	***		***	6	5
May 13	St. Peter's	***	5	2		12	3	2	1	***				***			100	3
,, 17	1111 . 1 . 1	***	11		4		12	11	***		***		100	***	***	I	13	9
***	Whitehorse Road	***	8	3		2	3	6	1	4	1	ī	1		***		21	23
June 1	Sydenham Road	***	2	5 7	***		1 3			***					**			
	Stanford Road	***	1	1	1		4	2	1		1				1		4	
1, 30	Princess Road		5	3	2						1						24	21
July 7	Tavistock Grove		3	2	2	2	3	3	***								27	20
***	St. Andrew's		3		4		1										7	6
Sept. I	Oval Road		I		2	1	1	2		2							12	8
,, 2	Brighton Road		4	5		1	1		2	3			1		1		11	13
,, 3	South Norwood		1	3		***	5	5						***			23	13
3	St. Mary's						1	2			1			- 111			3	5
,, 16	Davidson Road		3	2	1	2	3	2	1								8	13
,, 16	Beulah Road		1		***		2	I									7	6
., 29	Holy Trinity						2	3			1		I		****		4	3
Oct. 1	Portland Road		6	4	I	1	6	10	1	2	I	1	1	I			20	19
,, 6	Boston Road		1	3		111						***				***	26	13
11 7	Parish Church		7	10	1		6	8	1			2	***	2			14	17
,, 15	Woodside		8	6	I	I	8	5	3	4		***		***		***	20	17
,, 19	Ingram Road		6	4	2	1	1			1 .	1	2	1	I		1	14	13
Nov. 4	Dering Place	***	5	***	444		5	***		***			***	***		***	20	16
12	Ecclesbourne Road		17	6	1		12	6	3								36	7
Dec. 13	St. Peter's		2	1	***	***		I		***			***	***	***	***	5	4

109

The work of the Dental Clinic 1920.

	No. o	of Perm	anent T	eeth.	No. o	of Temp	orary T	eeth.		Number	No. of admin- istrations of general No. of other			of other	Opera	tions.	Total number of children who failed to	
	Extract	ted (1).	1 ill	ed.	Extrac	ted (2).	Fil	led.	of Fi	llings.	Anæs inclu in (1) a			anent		oorary eth.		ppoint at Clinic
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Reutine Inspections	7	2	20	15	1432	988	378	427	398	442	42	42	2	4	57	80	434	372
After re-inspection			2	1	115	88	31	38	33	39				3	1		25	29
Specials	17	6	6		59	61	3	6	9	6	10	7					16	9
Tonsils and Adenoids Cases		13	12	12	469	394	80	105	92	117	9	19	9	2	15	5	180	189
Backward Class Cases	5	2	4	2	7	2			4	2	2	2					1	
Totals	38	23	44	30	2082	1533	492	576	536	606	63	70	11	9	73	85	656	599

No. o	f half-days	devoted	to i	inspection			63
,,	,,	,,	1	reatment		***	252
	number of	atten a	nces	made by	children	at the	0495
	linic	0.4.0		2.11		***	3435

Routine	*** ***	-44	***	***	***	***	83
After re-in	nspection	***		***	***		8
Specials						***	. 5
Tonsils an	d Adenoids C	ases			***		30
Backward	Class Cases		444			***	

Out of 3,488 children referred for treatment, the parents or guardians of only 1,223, or 35 per cent., made use of the opportunity offered.

A re-organization of the work of the School Nurses has recently been carried out, so that following-up at the homes of children with defective teeth has been improved, and it is hoped thereby to ensure a larger attendance of children at the Dental Clinic.

Crippling Defects and Orthopædics.

As in previous years the treatment by remedial exercises of children suffering from spinal curvature was carried out by the Organizer of Physical Training. The class was held on four afternoons weekly. The following table gives an account of the work done by Miss Appleton at this clinic:—

Number	of children treated during the year		48
"	discharged as not requiring further treat		17
"	discharged for other reasons, e.g., for hos	pital	
	treatment, over school age, etc.	***	18
"	attending on December 31st, 1920		7
Total nu	mber of attendances during 1920		1380

Only the more severe cases of spinal curvature are treated at this clinic, but classes have now been formed at Whitehorse Road School and St. Andrew's School in which children suffering from milder degrees of curvature will be given daily remedial treatment under the direction of two specially selected lady teachers, and under the supervision of the Medical Officer and the Supervisor of Physical Training.

With the appointment of Miss Cooke as masseuse and the establishment of breathing exercise classes the accommodation in the Treatment Centre at 228, London Road, became inadequate, and consequently in September the Spinal Remedial Class was transferred to larger premises at the Central Polytechnic. Here in a large room it is possible for remedial exercises and massage to be carried out concurrently. The breathing exercise classes are held in the early part of the morning so as not to interfere with the work of the other two clinics.

During the last four months of the year 19 cases were treated by massage:—

Paralysis (i	nfantile a	and bir	th palsi	ies)		9
Spastic con	ditions					2
Scoliosis						7
Talipes	***			***	***	I
						-
			Tota	1		10

Certain of these cases also received remedial exercises, which were carried out under the supervision of Miss Cooke. These children were still receiving treatment at the end of the year, and in many cases marked improvement was noted.

A summary of the treatment of the defects as shown in Tables IV. (A, B, C & D) is given in Table V. Appendix A: whilst Table VI., Appendix A, supplies a summary relating to children medically inspected at the *routine* inspections, 1920.

9. OPEN-AIR EDUCATION.

In spite of the fact that there is a large number of children in this Borough suffering from early tuberculosis, debilitating conditions, catarrhal infections of the lungs, mal-nourishment, etc., no open-air education of any description has yet been provided. The simplest and the least costly form of open-air education is the open-air class, and there are many schools in Croydon with playground area sufficient to permit of the establishment of such classes.

The Borough is well provided with recreation grounds and it should not be difficult to utilise these open-air spaces to provide outdoor education for selected children.

10. PHYSICAL TRAINING.

Below is given the report of the Organizer of Physical Training, to which the attention of the Committee is particularly directed.

To the Education Committee.

March, 1921.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit the report of my work as Organizer of Physical Training for the year 1920.

The work in the Elementary Schools has been encouraging in spite of many difficulties. Physical training has been carried on in accordance with the revised "Syllabus of Physical Training 1919," and "Syllabus of Physical Exercises for Children under seven years of age," issued by the Board of Education early in 1920.

As mentioned in my report of 1919, I had been preparing the way for the introduction of these two books by Courses (four in all) for both Senior and Infants' Teachers in the Autumn of 1919 and the Spring of 1920, so that as soon as copies of this Syllabus were available we were able to introduce it into the schools at once.

On March 19th I arranged a Demonstration to which the Head Teachers of all departments were invited. Typical lessons were conducted with classes of Infants, Standards 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, and 6 and 7, and the same children also demonstrated suitable dances. This Demonstration, which was attended by practically every Head Teacher, as well as one of His Majesty's Inspectors, one member of the Education Committee and the Medical Officer of Health, was followed by a Conference in the afternoon as to the most effective methods of making the new Syllabus of real value in the schools. Several resolutions, arising out of consideration of the Board of Education Circular 1138, issued with the Syllabus, were passed and were submitted to the Education Committee in due course.

At the request of the Head Teachers this Demonstration was repeated for the Class Teachers on two evenings. At least 400 attended these two demonstrations—a proof, I think, of the enthusiasm and earnest desire of the teachers to promote the physical welfare of the children in their care.

At the request of the Medical Officer of Health, two Demonstrations of Physical Training were also arranged in connection with Health Week, May 3rd—8th, at the Gas Company's Hall in Katharine Street. Three schools took part, and the Demonstrations, which included physical exercises, games and dances, were well attended both by parents and the public generally. I would like, here, to express my gratitude to the teachers who aided me in all these Demonstrations and who, by their unfailing co-operation and enthusiasm, made it possible for them to be arranged.

The Chief Medical Officer of the Board of Education again refers in his Annual Report, 1919, to the difficulties of unsuitable clothing. We have certainly encountered this difficulty, especially this year, when suitable material has been almost prohibitive in price; but great progress has been made in the provision of suitable shoes, and the number of schools where the children wear shoes, either home-made or proper gymnastic ones, has increased considerably. In many schools the parents are giving loyal support and encouragement under difficult home circumstances—in fact, I think one of the most hopeful features of the year's work is the interest taken by many of the parents in the Physical Training carried on in the schools. I hope it may be possible during the coming year to give them more opportunities, by way of Demonstrations, etc., to see the work that is being accomplished

At all the Demonstrations, quoted earlier in this Report, a table was arranged on which were shown suitable garments for wear during physical training which, with one or two exceptions, had been made by children in school.

Equipment for the proper carrying out of the training is still inadequate, but the schools have made efforts to supply what is absolutely necessary, $\epsilon.g.$, bean bags, team colours, ropes, balls, etc. In most cases the children are supplying their own colours, etc. The Organizer of Handicraft is giving valuable help by letting the boys at the Handicraft Centres make jumping stands for use in the schools.

A daily period for physical training is not yet universal, although it is found on the time tables of most of the schools where the value of this training is realised.

Considerable disappointment was felt at the decision of the Education Committee not to allow the older scholars to use the recreation grounds for their organised games. At the request of the Committee, the Head Teachers and I had drawn up a scheme by which the boys and the girls in the upper standards of those schools near to recreation grounds would be able to have their games' lessons there rather than in the smaller space of the playground, and we were looking forward hopefully to the benefits which would accrue thereby. May I respectfully urge that the Committee will reconsider their decision on this matter, and if it is found impossible to provide any equipment for use in the recreation grounds, permission may at least be granted to use the recreation grounds for such organised games as can be taken without apparatus or with apparatus provided by the schools themselves? I would again quote from the Report of the Chief Medical Officer of the Board of Education: "Games may prove of almost equal importance with the more formal lessons for children.

First, they have the direct physical value, and in many cases keep the child in the open-air again they have considerable educational possibility in the training of character and the qualities which make for useful citizenship, such as healthy rivalry, co-operation, courage, endurance, public spirit, fair play, loyalty and working together in groups; lastly, many of these activities provide lasting interests for leisure hours in after life, which in itself may prove to be an effective agency of health and strength. With the shortening of the hours of labour this question of the healthy occupation of leisure is of the utmost importance."

Many schools are now using the team system as suggested in the Syllabus in all physical training lessons, especially games, and the co-operative spirit resulting is most encouraging, and is felt not only in the physical training but in the general curriculum of the school also.

During the summer months I arranged a course of six lessons in games for the teachers of the senior departments. The games practised were mostly those mentioned in the Board of Education pamphlet "Suggestions in regard to Games." The class, which was a large one, (nearly 80 teachers attending) was held in the playground of Tavistock Grove Schools.

The decision of the Committee that swimming be included in the subjects of the time-table brought this subject under my direct organisation for the first time in 1920. It was found possible, under these new conditions to relieve the congestion at the Baths caused by several schools having to attend at the same time, and thus to make conditions for the teaching of this subject much easier. As permission to use the Baths in school hours was not given till the season had already commenced it was not possible to do all that was advisable, but, in conjunction with the Inspector, I am hopeful that the organisation of swimming may be complete for the season of 1921.

Owing to the courtesy and help of the Amateur Swimming Association I was able to arrange a course of six lessons for the teachers of the girls' departments on the Organisation of Swimming Lessons on the lines of their new Handbook of Swimming Instruction -the method recommended by the Board of Education in the Syllabus of Physical Training. As the Baths were only available for this course during school hours, permission was granted by the Committee for one teacher from each Senior, Mixed and Girls' departments to attend for six lessons in school hours. Mrs Austin, Hon. Secretary of the Southern District Education Committee of the Amateur Swimming Association, most generously gave her services for this course which proved a most helpful one. At the request of the local Secretary of the N.U.T. a second course, out of school hours, was arranged, but as the Baths were not available for such a course during the summer season it was not started until the weather was cold and unsettled, and after three lessons it was decided to postpone the rest of the course till the spring.

Four teachers holding the diploma of Reading Physical Training College are now working in the Elementary Schools with marked success. It has not been found possible, owing to staffing and other difficulties, to make them responsible for the entire physical training of the departments in which they are working, but they are taking as

much as possible, and their enthusiasm and influence re-act on the work of the whole school. They are also taking gymnastic classes at the Evening Institutes.

The gymnastic classes at the Evening Institutes have been carried on on the same lines as in 1919. At the request of the pupils some of the classes were continued through the summer term, and one Evening Institute conducted a most successful swimming club.

As hitherto, I devoted four sessions weekly to the Spinal Remedial Clinic. In September, 1920, the Clinic was removed from 228, London Road to Room 15, Central Polytechnic, as the accommodation available at the former was inadequate to allow Miss Cooke, the newly appointed full-time Masseuse, working at the same time. The particulars of the Clinic are given in the Report of the Medical Officer of Health. Dr. Barrie Lambert, a Medical Officer of the Ministry of Health, visited the Clinic in December.

In conclusion, I would like to testify to the valuable support and co-operation I have this year, as always, received from all in my efforts to promote the physical welfare of the children under our care.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant

MAY APPLETON.

11. PROVISION OF MEALS.

The selection of suitable children is made usually from recommendations submitted by school teachers, Attendance Officers and Care-Committees. Recommendations are considered and approved by the School Canteen Sub-Committee. Children are fed at local dining-rooms by arrangement with the respective proprietors. The dinners consist of two courses, meat and a milk pudding, and are supervised from time to time by one of the School Attendance Officers.

516 children were given free dinners.

31515 free dinners were provided. 203 children received free milk.

115 children received milk on part payment, and

72 children received milk, full payment for which was made by parents or guardians.

Milk was usually supplied on the recommendation of the School Medical Officer. Recommendations for milk supply are also made by the Tuberculosis Officer and the Maternity and Child Welfare Medical Officers, and accordingly steps have been taken to ensure that the supply of milk is in no case duplicated

Similar care is taken, in the absence of specific recommendation, to avoid supplying milk to a child already in receipt of meals, or meals to a child already receiving milk.

12. CO-OPERATION OF PARENTS.

As in past years, the attendance of parents at the routine medical inspections was invited, and 50'9 per cent. responded, as compared with 55'1 per cent. in 1919.

13. CO-OPERATION OF TEACHERS.

Much of the success of school medical inspection is due to the sympathetic assistance of the teachers. In all schools the greatest personal interest is shown and valuable information made available regarding the children. Through the tactful influence of the teachers difficult parents are induced to obtain or accept treatment for their defective children. Thanks are due in no small measure for the invaluable assistance which teachers so whole-heartedly render.

14. CO-OPERATION OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OFFICERS.

From the School Attendance Officers much useful and essential assistance is most willingly given to the School Medical Officer and his staff. In their investigations of causes of absence, infectious diseases which otherwise might have been overlooked are brought to the notice of the Medical Officer. To a large extent information regarding physically or reputed mentally defective children reaches the Medical Officer as a result of their activities, whilst frequently the treatment of children suffering from certain diseases, e.g., ringworm, scabies, etc., is expedited through their influence with the parents. The closest and most happy co-ordination exists between Attendance Officers and the members of the School Medical Staff.

15. CO-OPERATION OF VOLUNTARY BODIES.

Valuable information in regard to crippled and other defective children has been supplied from time to time to the School Medical Officer and Tuberculosis Officer by the Croydon Civic Service League. This Association has also in many instances arranged for the supply of surgical appliances and convalescent home treatment.

Close contact is maintained with the local branch of the Nationa Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

BLIND, DEAF, DEFECTIVE AND EPILEPTIC CHILDREN.

Table III., Appendix A, gives a numerical and classified account of exceptional defective children under the age of 16. The registers from which this table has been completed have as far as possible been revised, but at the same time it is not unlikely that several exceptional children having escaped notice and have not been included. The sources of ascertainment are:—

(1) School Medical Inspections.

(2) Home visitations by School Nurses, Health Visitors, School Attendance Officers, and Maternity and Child Welfare Health Visitors.

(3) The Tuberculosis Dispensary.

(4) Maternity and Child Welfare Centres, and

(5) The Croydon Civic Service League.

Blind and deaf children, after certification by the School Medical Officer, are admitted to Special Schools, day or residential.

MENTALLY DEFECTIVE CHILDREN.

The work connected with the examination and certification has been considerably accelerated by the appointment of Dr. W. N. W. Kennedy, the Deputy School Medical Officer, as an additional certifying officer.

93 children reputed to be mentally deficient were examined. Of this number

34 were certified as mentally defective, 2 being ineducable, and 3 suffering also from epilepsy.

42 proved to be dull and backward, 17 retarded 1 to 2 years, 22 retarded 2 to 3 years, and 3 retarded more than 3 years.

2 were physically defective only.
1 suffered from epilepsy only.

11 were referred for observation, and

3 were normal children.

93

These cases were disposed of as follows :-

3 were returned to an ordinary class at an elementary school.

23 were returned to an ordinary class at an elementary school with special supervision.

26 were referred for instruction at an elementary school in a special class for dull and backward children under the Public Elementary School Code.

6 were recommended for treatment in a certified institution.

21 were admitted to Grangewood Special Day School for mentally deficient children.

3 were referred for treatment of physical defects, and

11 were placed under observation pending re-examination at a later date.

93

GRANGEWOOD SPECIAL M.D. SCHOOL.

The number of children receiving instruction at Grangewood Special School has during the year showed a marked increase.

The following is a summary of the number of children who attended:—

Number of children on Register on 31st December, 1919		58
Number of children admitted to class during 1920		35
Number of children discharged and re-admitted to Co Schools, 1920	uncil	
Number of children discharged for unsuitability		8
Number of children left over age		8
Number of children on Register, December 31st, 1020		77

Special classes for dull and backward children have been formed in many of the provided schools, but due to the want of accommodation the Inspector has not been able to arrange similar accommodation in the non-provided schools.

PHYSICALLY DEFECTIVE CHILDREN.

The treatment of these children has been discussed under other headings.

Class for Stammerers.

Arrangements have been made to form a class for stammerers, and the first meeting of the class will be held in January, 1921. Miss Walshe, one of the Education Committee's teachers, has been given the opportunity of studying the treatment for stammering children at the Manchester Education Authority's special classes with a view to placing this new class under her direction.

The results of treatment will be fully discussed in the report for 1921.

17. NURSERY SCHOOLS.

No Nursery Schools have yet been established in the Borough.

18. SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

In 1920 the pupils of the two Higher Schools of the Education Committee, the Borough Boys' School and the Borough Girls' School, were medically inspected for the first time. The examinations did not begin until September. Later, at the request of the management of Old Palace Girls' School, the Committee arranged for the provision of medical inspection at this school. In this case the examinations did not begin until December.

The examination of the girls was carried out by one of the women medical officers.

The work was limited to the complete examination of newly admitted pupils, of pupils aged 12 and 15 years, and of those pupils likely to leave school before the end of the year. 199 boys and 413 girls were examined at the routine inspections, making a total of 612. In addition 63 children were re-examined.

A statement of the defects found and treatment carried out is given in Appendix B.

Information in regard to the treatment of those children presenting defects was incomplete since it was not possible in the short time available before the expiration of the year to arrange for the re inspection of more than 63 of the 612 pupils examined.

19. CONTINUATION SCHOOLS.

There are no Continuation Schools in the Borough.

20. EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS.

Milk and newspaper deliveries, general errands, hawking and newspaper selling are the popular forms of employment amongst children and young persons under 16 years of age, and at present those with which the school medical service is only concerned In no instance was it considered necessary to refuse a certificate. Children granted certificates are seen from time to time at reinspections in the schools.

21. MISCELLANEOUS.

38 young persons who desired to become Bursars and Student Teachers were medically examined during the year.

Teaching of Infant Care.

As in past years, the Infant Care Class has been conducted at Tavistock Grove and Beulah Road Schools, instruction being given by one of the Health Visitors.

R. VEITCH CLARK,

School Medical Officer.

TABLE I.—Number of Children Inspected 1st January to 31st December, 1920.

A.—Routine Medical Inspections.

			Entrants.						Leavers.					
Age		3	4	5	6	Other Ages.	TOTAL	Intermediate Group.	12	13	14	Other Ages.	TOTAL	GRANI TOTAL
Boys		-	53	813	688	286	1840	499	637	395	26	119	1676	3516
Girls		2	54	679	706	289	1730	603	449	235	30	184	1501	3231
TOTAL	s	2	107	1492	1394	575	3570	1102	1086	630	56	303	3177	6747

B.—Special Inspections.

	Special Cases.	Re-examinations, i.e., number of children re-examined.
Boys	734	267
Girls	436	199
TOTALS	1170	466

C.—Total Number of individual children inspected by the Medical Officer, whether as Routine or Special Cases.

8383

TABLE II. - RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND IN THE COURSE OF MEDICAL Inspection in 1920.

				ROUTINE I	INSPECTIONS.	"SPE	CIALS."
DEFECT OR	DISEAS	Ε.		Number referred for treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation but not referred for treatment,	Number referred for treatment.	Number re- quiring to b kept under observation but not referred for treatment
Malnutrition				50	5	14	1
Uncleanliness-Head				2			
,, Body	***	***		26			
SKIN-							
Ringworm—Head	***	***		26	***	106	1
Scabies Body	***	***	***	- 5	***	30 36	
Torra diana		***	***	41 45	***	38	
Other Diseases				17	7	21	
EYE-		***				-	
Blepharitis				8		3	
Conjunctivitis	***	***		8	***	2	
Keratitis		***		****	***	2	
Corneal Ulcer		-40		1		***	
Corneal Opacities	***			1	112	007	***
Defective Vision	***	***		319	7	227 16	
Squint Other Conditions	***	***	***	39 29	2	24	
EAR—	***	***	***	20		24	
Defective Hearing				6		1	
Otitis Media				32	ï	10	
Other Ear Diseases			***	70		21	
NOSE & THROAT-							
Enlarged Tonsils	***	***		167	63	16	1
Adenoids				113	22	37	5
Enlarged Tonsils & A	Adenoids	***		290	19	30	5
Other Conditions ENLARGED CERVICAL	Granne	***		12	4	2	1
DEFECTIVE SPEECH	GLANDS	**	***	7	6	10	2
TEETH - DENTAL DIS							
HEART & CIRCULATIO						***	
Heart Disease-Orga			***	28	18	15	10
Fund	ticnal	***		20	28	5	2
Anæmia			**	88	12	25	6
Lungs-				200		-	
Bronchitis			***	29	26	5	
Other Non-Tubercula TUBERCULOSIS—	ir Diseas	es	**	4	2		***
Pulmonary—Definite				19	1	13	5
,, Suspecte				32	6	25	3
Non-Pulmonary-Gla			***	12	9	9	
,, Spir							
,, Hip				3		***	
	er Bones	& Jo	ints	1	***	***	
,, Skii				***		***	***
NERVOUS SYSTEM—	er Form	5	***	1		***	***
T7. 11					1	4	5
Chorea				4			6
Other Conditions				3	2	8	1
DEFORMITIES-	25.75	10.5					
Rickets			4	10		***	
Spinal Curvature			-111	72	7	16	
Other Forms				9	3	4	
OTHER DEFECTS & D	ISEASES		***	61	27	24	3

APPENDIX A. TABLE III.—Numerical Return of all Exceptional Children in the Area in 1920.

			Boys.	Girls.	Total
BLIND (including within the mear mentary Fducat	ing of the Ele-	Schools	2	3	5
Deaf Children)	Act, 1893.	Attending Certified Schools for the Blind	6	3	9
		Not at School	6	2	8
DEAF AND DU partially deaf) v ing of the Eleme	vithin the mean-	Schools	3	1	4
(Blind and Deaf 1893.			3	5	8
		Not at School	1	5	6
		Attending Public Elementary Schools	1	1	2
	FERBLE- MINDED.	Attending Certified Schools for Mentally Defective Children Notified to the Local Control	47	30	77
		Authority by the Local Education Authority during the year	4	4	8
		Not at School	4	6	10
MENTALLY DEFICIENT.	Imbeciles.	Notified to the Local Control Authority by the Local Edu- cation Authority during the year	1	1	2
		At School	-	-	-
		Not at School	8	8	16
	IDIOTS.	Notified to the Local Control Authority by the Local Edu- cation Authority during the year	-		-
		Attending Public Elementary Schools	12	9	21
EPILEPTICS.		Attending Certified School- for Epileptics	4	1	5
		In Institutions other than Certified Schools	2	1	3
		Not at School	13	15	28

APPENDIX A.

TABLE III.—Continued.

			Boys.	Girls.	Total
		Attending Public Elementary Schools	22	28	50
	PULMONARY	Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children	_	1	1
	Tuberculosis	In Institutions other than Cer- tified Schools	-	-	-
		Not at School	5	4	9
		Attending Public Elementary Schools	8	4	12
PHYSICALLY DEFECTIVE.	CRIPPLING . DUE TO TUBERCU-	Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children	1		1
	LOSIS.	In Institutions other than Certified Schools	-	-	-
		Not at School	2	2	4
	CRIPPLING DUE TO CAUSES OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS, i.e., PARALYSIS, RICKETS, TRAUMATISM.	Attending Public Elementary Schools	5	9	14
		Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children	1	-	1
		In Institutions other than Cer- tified Schools		_	_
		Not at School	4	7	11
		Attending Public Elementary Schools	6	4	10
	OTHER PHYSICAL	Attending Open-Air Schools	-		-
	DEFECTIVES.	Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children	_	1	1
		Not at School	5	8	13
		Retarded 2 years	5	5	10
DULL OR BAC	KWARD.	,, 23 ,,	10	11	21
		,, 3 ,,	3	7	10

TABLE IV.—Treatment of Defects of Children During 1920. A.—Treatment of Minor Ailments.

			NUMBER OF	CHILDREN		
				Treated.		
Disease or Defect.		Referred for Treatment.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme.	Otherwise.	Total.	
SKIN-						
Ringworm, head		132	137		137	
Ringworm, body		35	38	***	38	
Scabies	***	77	114	***	114	
Impetigo		84	94	***	94	
Minor Injuries	***	17	17		17	
Other Skin Diseases		21	40	***	40	
EAR DISEASE		140	75	4	79	
EYR DISEASE (external and oth	er)	47	26		26	
MISCELLANEOUS		701	1005	8	1013	

B.—Treatment of Visual Defect.

	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	ted to R	efracti	on.	ses d.	ses 3.	244	T.	0.83
Refraction.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme Clinic or Hospital.	By Private Practitioner or Hospital.	Otherwise.	TOTAL.	For whom glasses were prescribed.	For whom glasses were provided.	Recommended for treatment other than by glasses.	Received other forms of treatment.	For whom no treatment was considered
632	602	7	4	613	192	35	233	107	154

C .- Treatment of Defects of Nose and Throat.

		NUMBER OF		
	Receiv	ved Operative Treatn	nent.	
Referred for treatment.	Under Local Edu- cation Authority's Scheme Clinic or Hospital.	By Private Practitioner or Hospital.	TOTAL.	Received other forms of treat- ment.
659	303	18	321	

APPENDIX A. TABLE IV. D.—Treatment of Dental Defects.

(1) Number of children dealt with.

						AGE G	ROUPS.						
		5	6	78	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	"Specials"	Total
(a) Inspected by Dentist		-	3089	-	1240	-	_	-	-	-		-	4329
(b) Referred for Treatment						34	88						3488
(c) Actually Treated						12	23					56	1279
(d) Re-treated (result of p examination)	eriodical		***				81	***	***			-	8.

(2). Particulars of time given and of operations undertaken.

No. of half-days devoted to	No. of half-days devoted to	Total No of Attendances made by the	No. of Perma	nent Teeth.	No. of Temp	orary Teeth,	Total No.	No. of administrations of general anæsthetics	No, of other	operations.	
inspection.	treatment.	children at the Clinics	Extracted.	Filled.	Extracted.	Filled,	or rinings.	included in (4) and (6).	Permanent Teeth.	Temporary Teeth,	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
63	252	3435	61	74	3615	1068	1142	133	20	158	

E.—TREATMENT OF UNCLEANLINESS.

(a) Average number of visits per annum made by the School Nurses to each school	
(b) Total number of examinations made of children by School Nurses in the year in the schools	11938
(c) The number of individual children found unclean	Nits 2028 Head Vermin 419 Body ,, 33
	Total 2480
(d) Arrangements made by the Local Authority for cleansing, and the number of children cleansed under these arrangements	At Cleansing Station, Factory Lane, Croydon. Head Vermin 2 Body ., 26
	Total 28
(e) Legal proceedings taken under the Children Act 1908, or the School Attendance Bye-laws	1 Prosecution under the School Attendance Bye-laws. Fine of 10/- imposed.

TABLE V.—Summary of Treatment of Defects as shown in Table IV. (A, B, C and D).

		NUMBER OF	CHILDREN				
		Treated-					
Disease or Defect.	Referred for Treatment.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme.	Otherwise-	TOTAL.			
Minor Ailments	1254	1546	12	1558			
Visual Defects	632	602	11	613			
Defects of Nose and Throat	659	303	18	321			
Dental Defects	3488	1279	***	1279			
Other Defects (Tuberculosis)	319		319	319			
TOTAL.	6352	3730	360	4090			

TABLE VI - SUMMARY RELATING TO CHILDREN MEDICALLY INSPECTED AT THE ROUTINE INSPECTIONS DURING THE YEAR 1920.

(2)	The number of children in (1)	sufferin	g from	:				
-/	Malnutrition		S					35
	Skin Disease							10
	Defective Vision (including	Squint)		***	***			73
	Eye Disease			***				20:
	Defective Hearing							7
	Ear Disease	***	***					9
	Nose and Threat Disease				***			153;
	Enlarged Cervical Glands (1	non tub	ercular)				619
	Defective Speech		***					8
	Dental Disease			***		***	***	. 6
	Heart Disease—Organic	***						125
	, Functional	***	***					19.
	Anæmia	***		***				27
	Lung Disease (non tubercula Tuberculosis -	ar)		***				219
			***			***		10
	., Suspected		***	***				6
	Non-Pulmonary		***					6.
	Diseases of the Nervous Sys	tem			***			41
	Deformities			***				27
	Other Defects and Diseases			***			***	270
(3)	The number of children in uncleanliness or defective cl under observation (but not r	othing	or foot	gear) w	ho req	ts (oth uire to	be kep	n ot 55
(4)	The number of children in (1) uncleanliness, defective clot			red for	treatn	ert (e	xcludin	g 175

128

SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

TABLE I.—Number of Children Inspected 1st January, 1920 to 31st December, 1920.

A.—Routine Medical Inspection.

	Entrants.							Leavers.						
Age		3	4	5	6	Other Ages.	TOTAL	Intermediate Group. 8	12	13	14	Other Ages.	TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL.
Boys		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	48	35	41	199	199
Girls		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	112	41	177	413	413
TOTAL	s	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	158	160	76	218	612	612

B.—Special Inspections.

		Special Cases.	Re-examinations. i.e., number of children re-examined.
Boys			_
Girls		1	63
TOTAL	s	1	63

Total number of individual Children inspected by the Medical Officer, whether as Routine or Special Cases

Number of individual children inspected: -

676

TABLE II.—RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND IN THE COURSE OF MEDICAL INSPECTION IN 1920.

				ROUTINE I	NSPECTIONS.	"SPEC	TALS."
DISEASE OR D	AFECI			Number referred for Treatment.	Number re- quiring to be kept under observation but not referred for Treatment.	Number referred for Treatment.	Number requiring to be kept unde observation but not referred for Treatment.
Malnutritien				2	I	***	
Uncleanliness—Head	***	***		***	***		
Body				***	***		
SKIN-							
Ringworm—Head				***	***	***	
Scabies Body	***	***			***	***	***
Impetigo					***	***	
Other Diseases (non-t				I			
EVE-							
Blepharitis				***		***	***
Conjunctivitis	***	***		***		***	***
Keratitis	***			***		***	***
Corneal Ulcer		***	***	***		***	***
Corneal Opacities	***	22	***		***	***	
Defective Vision Souint	***	***	1.01	92	1	***	
Other Conditions		***			***	**	
EAR-	***	141	***				1
Defective Hearing			***	7	I	I	
Otitis Media		***		***	***	***	
Other Ear Diseases		***			***	***	
NOSE AND THROAT							
Enlarged Tonsils			- 11	10	17	***	***
Adenoids	A	14.	***	1	***	447	
Enlarged Tonsils and	Aden		***	I		***	
Other Conditions Enlarged Cervical Gl:	ands	***	***	2 I	9	***	
Defective Speech		***			***	***	***
HEART AND CIRCULATIO							
Heart Disease-Organ				6	8		***
Funce		***			17	444	
Anæmia				4	39	***	
LUNG							
Bronchitis	Thisans	***	**		2	***	
Other non-tubercular	Diseas	es	***	1	1	***	1 100
TUBERCULOSIS— Pulmonary—Definite		+++			2		
Suspecte	d	***		7	7	***	
Non-pulmonary—Gla	nds				4		***
Spi	ne				1.1	***	
	p	- 1		***		***	
	ier bot	res &	joints	***			***
Ski		***	**	***	***	++*	
	ner Fo	rms	***		***	***	
NERVOUS SYSTEM-						***	200
Epilepsy	141	***	**	***	1	***	***
Other Conditions	***		***	***	7		
DEFORMITIES—	***						
Rickets						***	
Spinal Curvature			***	179	16	***	***
Other Forms		***			4	***	
Other Defects and Di	seases	***			12		
		3		.0			
CHEST EXPANSION 11-in	or un	der	441	18		444	
				5.4			
DEFECTIVE TERTH	***	***	1.0	54	***	***	***

TABLE IV.—TREATMENT OF DEFECTS OF CHILDREN IN 1920.

A .- Treatment of Minor Ailments.

					NUMBER OF	CHILDREN.	
						Treated.	
Disease or Defect		ot.		Referred for Treatment.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme.	Otherwise	TOTAL
SKIN-							
Ringworm	(head)		1.				10.
11	(body)				1		
Scabies			***				***
Impetigo		***					***
Minor Inju	ries	**		***		**	
Other Skir				1			***
EAR DISEAS	E			8			
EYE DISEAS	E (extern	al or c	ther)	***			
MISCELLANE	ous	***		11		1	1

B.—Treatment of Visual Defect.

for n.	Submitt	ed to	Refract	ion.	0	0	ed snt by	er	no was d
Referred fo Refraction.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme, Clinic or Hospital.	By Private Practitioner or Hospital.	Otherwise.	TOTAL.	For whom glasses were provided.	For whom glasses were prescribed,	Recommended for treatment other than by glasses.	Received other forms of treatment,	For whom n treatment w considered
92		1		1		***			

C .- Treatment of Defects of Nose and Throat.

		NUMBER OF	CHILDREN.					
	Receive	Received Operative Treatment.						
Referred for treatment.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme, Clinic or Hospital.	By Private Practitioner or Hospital.	TOTAL.	Received other forms of treat- ment.				
14		5	5 -					

TABLE V.—Summary of Treatment of Defects as Shown in Table IV (A, B and C).

		NUMBER OF	CHILDREN.				
		Treated.					
Disease or Defect,	Referred for Treatment. Under Loca Education Authority's Scheme.		Otherwise.	TOTAL,			
MINOR AILMENTS	20		1	1			
VISUAL DEFECTS	92		1	1			
Defects of Nose & Throat	14		5	5			
DENTAL DEFECTS	***						
OTHER DEFECTS	***		***				
TOTAL	126		7	7			

TABLE VI.—Summary Relating to Children Medically Inspected at the Routine Inspections During the Year 1920.

25 1	The number of children in (1) suffering	from:-						
-/	Malnutrition					***		11
	Skin Disease							1.
	Defective Vision (including Squint)							10
	Eye Disease			***			***	10
	Defective Hearing							1:
	Ear Disease	444		***	434			
	Nose and Throat Disease							66
	Enlarged Cervical Glands (non-Tul		***	441		***		
	Defective Speech						1	-
	Dental Disease							10
	Heart Disease-Organic							25
	,, ,, Functional							5
	Anæmia	***						5
	Lung Disease (non-Tubercular)							- 1
	Tuberculosis-Pulmonary (definite)				***			
	,, , (suspected						***	1
	Non-Pulmonary				***		***	2
	Disease of the Nervous System	***		***	***			5
	Deformities					***	***	24
	Out D.C D'		***	***	***	***	***	3
	Other Delects and Diseases	***	***	***	***	***		.,
3)	The number of children in (1) suffering or defective clothing or footgear) w tion (but not referred for treatment)	ho requ	ire to	other t be ke	han un pt und	cleanlii er obse	ness rva-	144
1)	The number of children in (1) who uncleanliness, defective clothing, et		erred	for trea	tment	(exclud	ling	34