

Royal Commission on Opium

Publication/Creation

1893

Persistent URL

<https://wellcomecollection.org/works/dc6r6md>

License and attribution

Conditions of use: it is possible this item is protected by copyright and/or related rights. You are free to use this item in any way that is permitted by the copyright and related rights legislation that applies to your use. For other uses you need to obtain permission from the rights-holder(s).



Wellcome Collection
183 Euston Road
London NW1 2BE UK
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722
E library@wellcomecollection.org
<https://wellcomecollection.org>

Royal Commission on Opium Answers

- 1). Opium is commonly consumed by Chinese - including occasional consumers
- 2). One third of the Chinese Population (Male) are consumers. Neither women nor children use opium.
- 3). Moderate smoking has no evil effects morally, physically, or socially. Excessive indulgence (amounting to the proportion of 1 in 5000 of the male population) causes physical & social evils.
- 4). Consumers smoke opium
- 5). The vast majority of smokers are moderate consumers. Slaves to the drug are rare.
- 6). Moderation in opium smoking is the rule. I have known opium smokers who have taken opium in moderation for 25 & 30 years respectively, who are careful & intelligent men of business.
- 7). All classes in China consume opium just as all classes in Europe consume tobacco.
- 8). The evils of alcohol amongst the Chinese are confined chiefly to the wealthier class...
- 9). The Chinese regard the consumption of alcohol with abhorrence; the consumption of opium with indifference.
- 10). Opium consumers are not more difficult to wean from

Spirin than are consumers of tobacco to break them selves off the habit.

- 11). The Consumers would obtain Spirin elsewhere immediately were the supply from India cut off.
- 12). The loss of the Spirin revenue to this colony would cause immediate financial difficulties, but in a few years, the revenue would be adapted to the want.
- 13). Spirin is taken to by 40 per cent of the consumers to allay the following disease : Malaria, asthma & chronic bronchitis.
- 14). Europeans do not take to Spirin smoking. Tobacco supplies to European what Spirin does to Chinese.
- 15). Spirin consumers themselves seldom desire to get rid of the habit.
- 16). There is no feeling of hostility against Britain for allowing Spirin to be exported from India.
- 17). Were the Chinese as a people under the belief that Spirin was oppressing the manhood of the people of the Empire, it would be stopped at once, by rigid punishment in a manner which the Chinese better know, than any other people, how to carry out.

James Cantlie
 MA, MB, FRCR (Eng)
 Dip. Public Health Rec. (London).

Hang Hau
 Dec 14th 1893.

Report on
Opium

Royal Commission on Opium

Answers.

- 1/. Opium is commonly consumed by Chinese, including occasional consumers (male)
- 2/. One-fifth of the Chinese population are consumers. Neither Women children use Opium
- 3/. Moderate Smoking has no evil effect morally, physically or socially. Excessive indulgence (amounting in the proportion of 1 in 5000 of the male population) causes physical & social evils.
- 4/. Consumers are the Driven.
- 5/. The vast majority of smokers are moderate slaves to the drug are rare.
- 6/. Moderation in Opium Smoking is the rule. I have known Opium smokers who have taken Opium in moderation for 25 years & 30 years respectively who are careful intelligent men of business.
- 7/. All classes in China consume Opium just as all classes in Europe consume tobacco.
- 8/. The evils of alcohol amongst the Chinese are confined chiefly to the wealthier class; the evils of Opium to the lower class.
- 9/. The Chinese regard the consumption of alcohol with abhorrence; the consumption of Opium with indifference.
- 10/. Opium consumers are not more difficult to wean from Opium, than are consumers of tobacco to break themselves of the habit.
- 11/. The consumers would obtain Opium elsewhere immediately were the

Supply from Indian Cut off.

- 12). The loss of the Opium revenue to this colony would cause immediate financial difficulties; but in a few years the revenue would be adapted to the want.
- 13). Europeans do not like Opium smoking. Tobacco supplies to Europeans what Opium does to the Chinese.
- 14). Opium is taken by 40 per cent of the consumers to allay the following diseases: Malaria, Asthma & Chronic bronchitis.
- 15). ~~Some~~ Opium consumers themselves, ~~do~~ desire to get rid of the habit.
- 16). There is no feeling of hostility against England for allowing Opium to be exported from India.
- 17). Were the Chinese as a people under the belief that Opium was sapping the manhood of the people of the Empire, & it would be stopped at once by rigid punishment on a manner which the Chinese better know, than any other people, how to carry out.

JAMES GUTHRIE

MA. M.B. F.R.C.S. (Eng.)

Dipl. Public Health R.C.P.
Lond

Hong Kong
Dec: 14th 1853

- 11). The consumers would obtain Opium elsewhere immediately were the supply from India cut off.
- 12). ~~The loss of the Indian revenue by the way would cause immediate financial difficulties, but as upon answer to the revenue would be adopted at the want.~~
- 13). Europeans do not take to Opium smoking. Tobacco ^{being to} supplies to Europeans what Opium does to Chinese.
- 14). Opium is taken to by 40 per cent. of the consumers to allay the following disease - Malaria, asthma & chronic bronchitis.
- 15). Opium consumers themselves seldom desire to get rid of the habit.
- 16). There is no feeling of hostility against Britain for allowing Opium to be exported from India.
- 17). Were the Chinese as a people under the belief that Opium was oppressing the manhood of the people of the Empire, it would be stopped at once by rigid punishment in a manner which the Chinese better know, than any other people how to carry out.

Jame Bantre

M.M.B. FRCR (Eng)
Dip. Public Health RCP London.

Hong Kong
Dec 14th 1853.