

April 1809-June 1810

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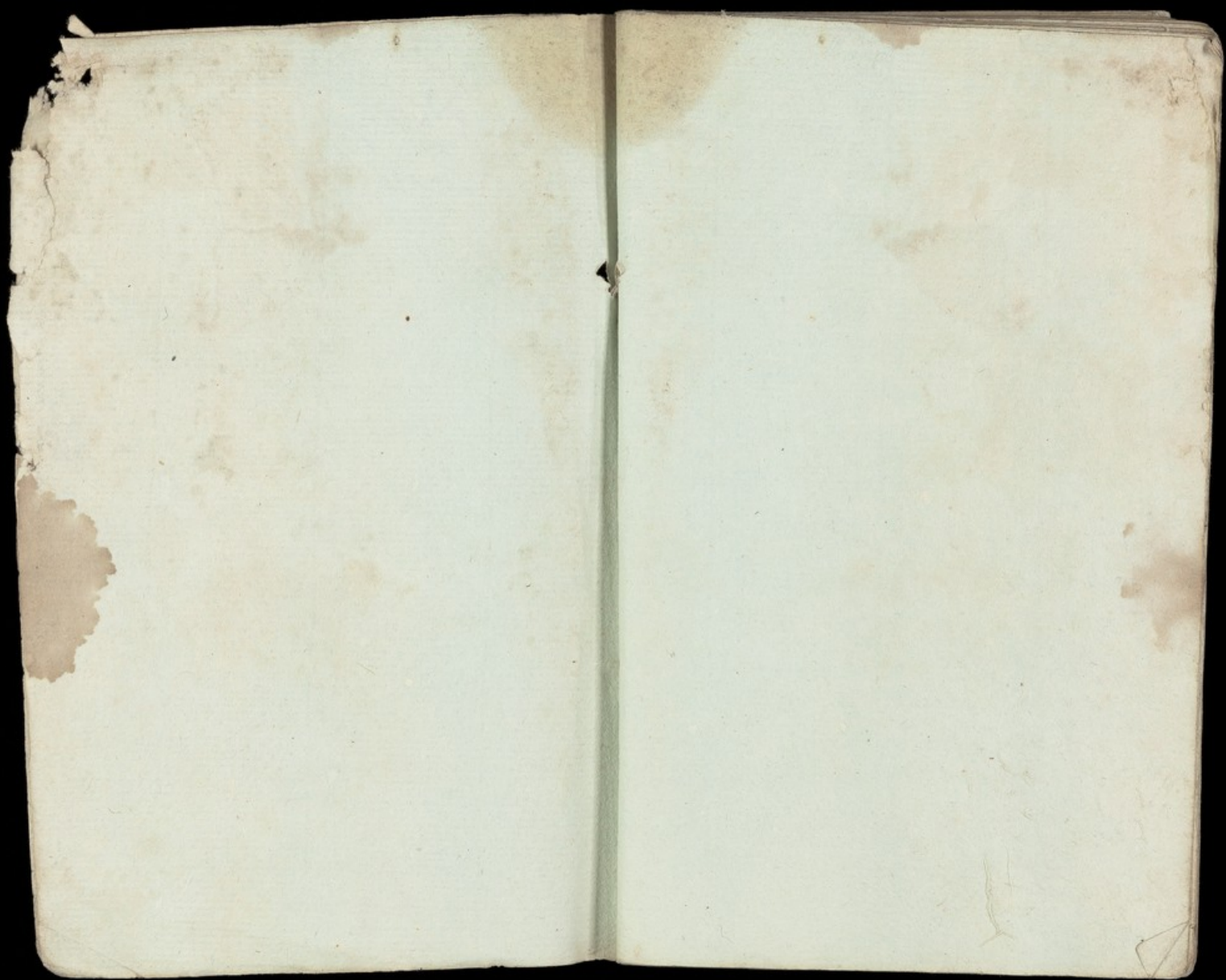
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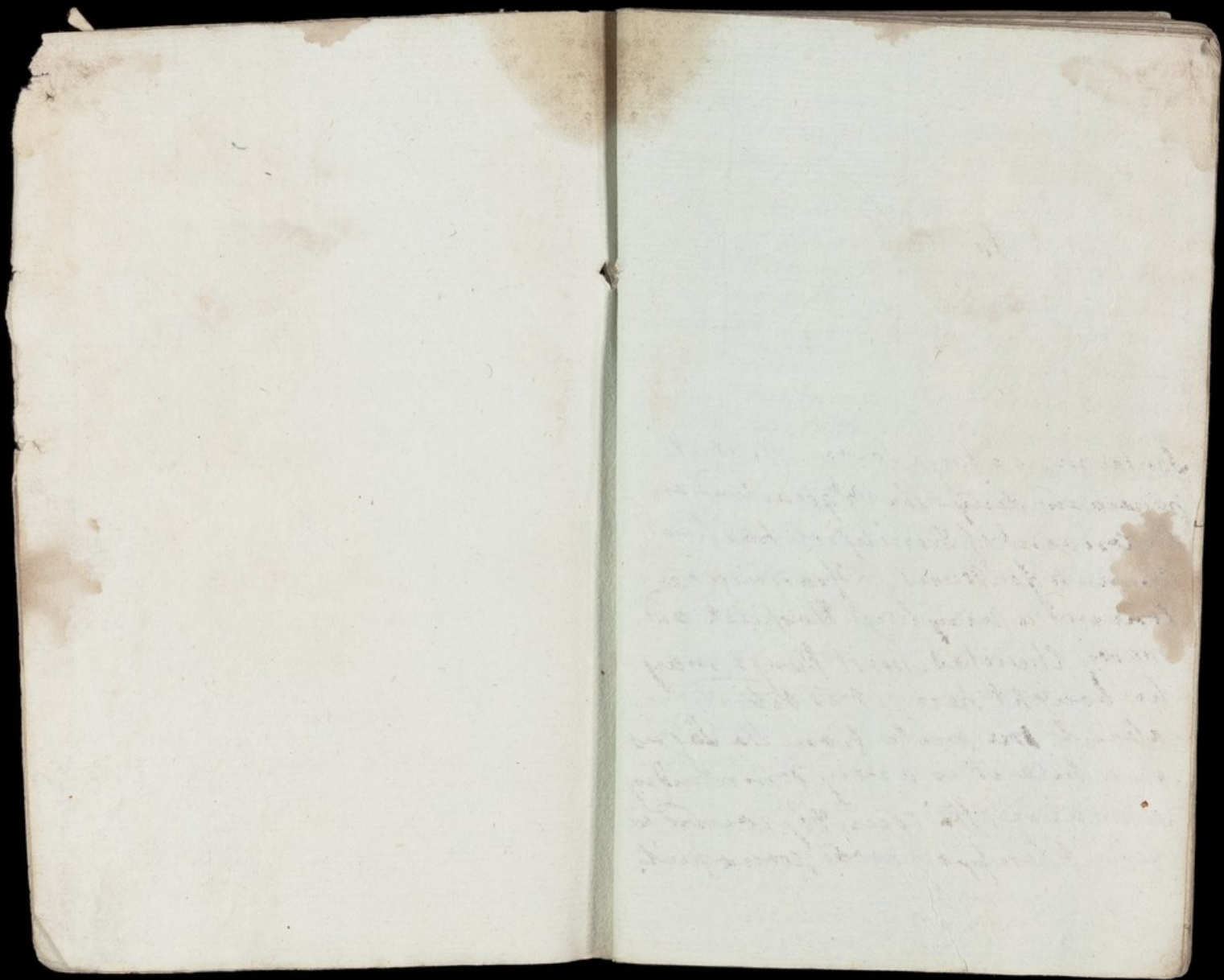
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May 1809

June 1810

AMC 3362





La La

Santarem is a large town the streets narrow and dirty - the Reg^t quartered in the convent of Trinity - it has two Convents for Nuns - a Franciscan Convent a very large Hospital and many Churches - most things may be bought here. it is situated about one mile from the Tagus on a hill it is a very commanding situation - the country round is fine plenty of wood, corn & fruit.

1809 The Journal of H. G. Kingston. (1)
Monday April the 26th ^{the Reg^t} arrived in the Tagus anchored off the Kings Stores Balem at 2 P.M. 26th went on shore in the forenoon and saw Balem, the new Palace - The Reg^t disembarked at 6 P.M. and were quartered in the Convent of St Domingo. wrote to Esther. 27th Billeted on a Padre in Rua largo de Annunciação. 28th The Col^l received the route for Santarem bought a horse for 7 moedores. borrowed of Supant Reville 20 Guineas. gave a bill on Coleman Gill for the same. Mays^t at 7 a.m. marched from Balem to Villa Franca 8 leagues, got a good billet bought an ass 10 Dollars. 2^o at 5 a.m. marched to Azambujas 3^o good billet but nothing to eat, talked a Portuguese out of a dinner 3rd marched to Santarem 4 leagues where we were to halt. quartered on a donna 5th The Reg^t received orders to hold themselves in readiness with three days provision cooked to march at one hours notice. 8th Reviewed by Gen^l Mackenzie. bought a mule for 8 moedores. sold my ass - wrote to Coleman

Colgan is a large town, the streets wide,
it lays in a flat marshy situation,
and is said to be much subject to
intermittents.

Pernette is a large town the streets
very narrow & dirty it is situated
at the junction of the Zamora and
the Sager.

Corticada a small poor town
it was entirely deserted, the houses
stripped of every thing moveable.

Castello Branco a large ill built
town, it has an old castle in
bad repair, which completely
command the town, it is
supposed to be the highest ground
in Portugal.

1809. May 18th

2
At noon the Regt received orders to march
by rout immediately to Sobreda Formosa
left Santarem at 3 P.M. and arrived
at Colgan at 2 A.M. 19th our guide having
lost his way 5 L. left Colgan at 9 A.M.
arrived at Punnetta 3 L. crossed the
River Zamora over a well constructed
bridge of boats. 20th marched from
Punnetta to Villa de Rei 6 L. the road
lay through a mountainous country
near St Domingo 2 L. from Villa
de Rei is a strong pass fortified,
21st halted, billeted on a Priest who
though poor treated us well. 22nd at
5 P.M. marched and arrived at
Cardigos 2 L. at 9 A.M. proceeded
on our march to Corticada but a
dragoon with orders for the Regt to
halt, returned, during our stay in
this town five weeks, wrote twice to
England, June 1st

23rd The Regt ordered to halt. 22nd
150 men arrived Volunteers 26th lost my
mule. the Regt received orders to march
in the morn to Corticada 27th marched
to Corticada 2 L.

1809 - June 28th

3

Marched from Corticuda with the 1st
Batⁿ 31st Regt. a brigade of artillery &
the King's German Hussars, passed thro'
Sobunia formosa 2 L. when I regained
my mule for a moidore, passed the strong
pass of Traxelas which is fortified
and arrived at Sarzedas 1 1/2 L.

29th Marched to Castello Branco 3 L. passed
about halfway another pass not fortified
30th Halted. The brigade was here joined
by the 1st Batⁿ 15th Regt. and Coln Donkers
brigade was with ours to form the
division of Gen^l Mazuzick. Sir A
Wellesley arrived, and reviewed the
division.

July 1st Marched to La Douira 3 L.
2nd To Sobunia 3 L. lodged in a barn
3rd passed Salvateira 3 L. crossed the small
river Elga and pass which divides Spain
from Portugal, passed Tarza-mor 1 L.
from the pass, and marched 1 L. beyond
and halted in a wood. total 5 L. the
country fine and open the roads amaz-
-ingly good. 4th Halted 5th marched nearly
to Mor-allean 4 L. and halted.

^a Louisa is a good Town walled, has the remains of a strong castle, a fine Cathedral the Moorish narrow but clean it is situated on the river D'allagon - which has lately changed its bed you now see a bridge without any water, it has 1500 inhabitants. The village receives the Zorres falls into the Lagos. The woods of Galisteo are in a very good state of preservation - it is a small town about 1200 inhabitants

^c Placencia is large well built Town situated on the river. Here it has some fine churches - a tolerable market the Town is well supplied with water fountains are continually playing in every part of the Town. the water is conveyed to the town by an Aqueduct, for two leagues, near the town you reckon 80 Arches

ⁿ Orapueca is but a small town in a good position - it has a royal Palace. near this Town is division of the Discoveries of Estremadura and New Castille

1809 July 6th

4
Marched to Louisa 2 L: not allowed to hunt lay under the trees. 7th Halted in a wood 2 miles from Galisteo, 4 L: and halted on the banks of the river D'allagon. 8th Passed the river over a bridge of cars, passed under the walls of Galisteo, and marched to Placencia 3 L: the Regt quartered in the Casa de Bobadeda which held 2000 men got a good billet: 9th marched 1 L: to a wood in a valley East of Placencia halted on the banks of the River. 10th Halted. 11th Received a sudden rout to march to Malpartida 2 L: over the mountains S: E of Placencia 12th Halted. 13th Halted. 14th Halted. 15th Halted on the banks of the River Tisita near the Inn of Barsagona 3 L: 16th Halted. 17th crossed the Tisita on a bridge of Donkeys and halted beyond the inn of Barsagona 1 L: 18th marched thro' Bahadros 2 L: and halted in a wood 2 L: total 4 L: 19th Passed Salapuega 1 L: Casa de las Lomas 1 L: to a wood total 2 L: 20th Passed thro' Benta 1 L: & Orapueca 2 L: to Toralla 1/2 total 3 1/2 L: - 21st marched at 8 AM on the road to Salavera 1 L: countermanded & returned. The Spanish Army passed thro' in the even inspected by Gen. Cuesta

Salaverra de la Reyna: a large well
built town formerly walled part
of which still remain. situated on
the north bank of the Tagus in a
fruitful valley abounding in grain
and olives. over the river is the
bridge of St Catherine of 34 arches
it contains many Churches Monas-
teries the chief St Monimo. St Peter
& St Augustine. The Church of St Monimo
is very fine particularly the Altar piece
The town was noted for its wealth &
amusements. It had large silk
Royal
Manufactories, some of which the
French have destroyed & the others are
but little worked. The chief trade
of the town was in silk, soap and
Wool.

1809 July 22nd

5

Marched at 3 A.M. at 7. passed a deserted
village, heard the firing of the French
and Spanish at 9 passed the
reserve of Spanish Cavalry drawn
up; marched forward in column
of Regt. 24th Light II passed 3 French men
dead at 3 P.M. halted in a olive
wood on the left of Salaverra the
French having retreated. 23rd the Regt
under arms at 3 A.M. the whole
army advanced supposed to attack
the French, but retreated to their old
situation at 1 P.M. with the exception
of our division. I was directed by G.O. to
remain with the sick at Salaverra, went
with my baggage to Salaverra, visited the
sick applied to Dr Francis Ferguson and
was relieved in the evening by Lt Guyon
Rule of the 07th joined my Regt in a
wood one league in advance, near
the ruins of a Palace, and in sight
of the French camp. 24th under arms
at 1/2 past 12. marched at 3 A.M. each
man received a pint of wine, arrived
at the river Alberche in front of the
French camp at 1/2 past 5. the French

164
56
2.16

1809 July 24th

6

had retreated in the night, crossed the river, and passed the french camp. passed thro' Cazalegas 2 S. and recrossed the river one League beyond and halted. 25th Halted. 26th crossed the river and took up a position in front of Cazalegas, to cover the retreat of the Spanish Army that had been expelled. The Spaniards were retreating in the greatest disorder the whole night. 27th Under arms at 2 A.M. and retreated, passed Cazalegas, at 11. and took up a position in front of the french camp immediately left it and recrossed the river Alberche at noon took up our old position in front of the old Palace at 2 P.M. the men loaded the firing soon after commenced very hot on the left, began to retreat towards the main body at 4 p.m. occasionally taking up fresh positions until 9 P.M. and for the last hour under a heavy cannonade of shot & shell from the flying artillery of the enemy without much loss. passed thro' the line drawn out.

1809. July 27th

7

at 1/2 past 9 P.M. the french attacked the hill that commanded our position on the right with great force and carried it, it was defended by the Germans; the 3rd 29th & 1st Detach^{ts} regained it and drove the enemy with great loss, at the same time there was a heavy firing on the right near the Sawon, where the enemy were also repulsed remained quiet till day light on the 28th. The 2nd decided to take up a position in rear of the guards on the left of the 40th in a wood. The French at 8 o'clock 11: M. commenced the attack with a most tremendous cannonading on the left and centre, at least 50 pieces of artillery, at the same time a strong column attacked the Hill, but being repulsed after a severe loss, and conflict of half an hour a dead silence till 12 P.M. when the enemy made a false attack on the right which was followed by a serious one on the left and centre where they were after a most bloody fight of some hours repulsed the field of battle was often occupied by the different parties, till 7 P.M. when both

The French force was allowed by every officer to be 40,000. The English were 15,000. Light & 3,000 Cavalry. The Spaniards were but little engaged.

Killed Wounded & Missing

English	French.
5,335.	near 13,000.

out of whom 7,000 were killed or died in a few days. They lost 10 Pieces of Cannon & 3 Eagles.

Official Report of the French Loss —

12,360 hors de combat

May. Popham
Col. Colles
Lt. Thorne
Lt. Sparrin
Lt. Allen
Lt. Grant

1809 July 28th

8.
armies resumed their original position and all firing ceased, in the night the enemy retreated in great disorder.

29th early in the morn went to Salamanca by G.O. to attend the wounded. 30th Our Hospital established in the Convent of St. Seronemo. Capt. Wilson died of his wound.

August 3rd The Army marched towards Oropesa at 4 A.M. ordered to remain at Salamanca in charge of my wounded at noon Lt. Col. M. Keimman of the Guards called all the English Officers together and desired that every one that could, should make their escape from the city as he expected the French would enter it in the evening. The best Surgeons were to remain and do as well as circumstances would permit. We left the town at 12 P.M. the rear guard left the town.

4th No French arrived. 5th The Spanish Cavalry wheeled thro' the city. We were in the greatest want of provisions.

1809 August 6th

9

At 11^h: m. saw the advance of the
advance of the french Cavalry from
the Church - They entered the Town
under Gen^l Beaumont - fine troops,
good horses, they pillaged the town.

7th at 8^h: m. the advance of the Infantry
arrived the commandant, Marshal
Victor, the soldiers pillaged the
houses & many wounded English officers.
I secured my kit, & cattle by keeping
them in the Hospital. Reported we
were to be sent as fast as possible to
Madrid, and that the surgeons were
not to be considered Prisoners -

8th at 3^h: m. The french infantry
crossed the Sagus - a heavy spring on
the right. Provisions spent by the
french. More french arrived and
also crossed the bridge with Cavalry.

9th the french returned - 10th the french
retreated towards Madrid, leaving
a Regt or two. Reported the Spaniards
were defeated - 13th many of our
wounded moved to Madrid.

1809 - August 19th

10

Marshal Mortiers corps arrived from
Orapuca 22nd in the afternoon found
myself very unwell with febrile
symptoms. had been unwell ever since
the retreat of our Army. obliged to go to
bed. at night the fear was formed.

Sept 5th Convalescent. 10th gaining strength
14th the Victors army arrived part remain
-ed the rest marched towards Rapuca

20th walked out. 27th returned to my
duty. in the last 10 days 92 men
died out of 500 British sick. the
men were confined to Hospital by
the French.

Oct 1 & 2 Marshal Victors army
retreated. 3 Marshal Mortiers corps
arrived. numberless reports. the
Maj^r Popham left us for 60 Dollars
to buy my horse for 60 Dollars.

26th ordered to go to Madrid next
morn^g. Rec^d a passport 27th did not
March 28th left Salavera for St. Ulala

5^h: 29th to Naval-Carnero 8^h.

30th through St. Cruz & Mostoles to Madrid

5^h: our passports taken from us, locked
close prisoners in the Retiro.

The Entrance to Madrid is over
the River Manzanares - over which
is a most elegant bridge of Glicks
at this time of the year the river is
scarcely knee deep. but swells greatly
after the rainy season. the bridge
communicates to a spacious ~~small~~
raised road, we passed the south
walls of the city and entered at the
south gate. into a handsome
Mall. On the left is the city the
streets are very fine - on the
right is the botanical Garden
and the Retiro nearly half way
down the Mall.

1809. September 2nd 11
Sold my mule for 20 Dollars. Keen & Grant
went to Hospital, convent St Francis
6th. Made up my mind to attempt to
escape with the two Beames, 31st
Early 29th Heriot & Dr. & Rule of 7th started
by rope, from the windows at 11:30.
crossed the walls and arrived in the Retiro
gardens, almost immediately challenged
by a centry of Beames & Rule fell back
and retreated to their rooms the rest
advanced, and after more than one
hour spent in the gardens marching,
found ourselves in the midst of
Centries, and were obliged to give
ourselves up to a sergeant's guard.
conveyed to the officers guard room,
from thence removed to the Dungeon,
with Heriot & A Beames & early
the place very cold having six windows
iron grated, without glass - whilst
confined here they allowed us very
black bread & a little meat. 15th The
French began to fortify the gate of
the Retiro towards the City. 21st the
Spanish Prisoners arrived taken
at Scanna, near 12000 - on general
atrepader. 300 officers & the Spaniards only

Guardaramma is immediately at the foot
of the mountains, you begin to ascend
near the town for about two leagues, on
the top of the mountain is a large stone
pedestal and statue of a lion, erected in
honor of Ferdinand the 7th this stone
marks the boundaries of Old & New
Castile from it you have a view of the
immense plains of New Castile as far as
the eye can reach you see Madrid and
the grand Monastery of the Escorial
the prospect on the side of Old Castile
is also grand but not so extensive
the descent from the mountain on
this side is equal to the ascent on the
other, at the foot of the mountain
the road divides the left to Valladolid
the right to Segovia & St. Ildefonso.

Segovia is a very ancient town
built on a large rock in a very
singular form. the streets are narrow
& the houses ill built. it has handsome
gate on the Madrid side. also a fine
aqueduct supposed to be built by the
Romans. tho' the Spaniards think it
equal in antiquity to the Egyptian

1809 November 24th

(12)
Marched from the Retiro at 10 a. m.
with 2000 Spanish Prisoners, about
200 officers - arrived at Guardaramma
after a severe march of 8 leagues at
2 o'clock 25th A. M. placed in the
common prison with the privates
25 Crossed the mountains of Guardaramma
and halted at Ottero ^{Lotago} ~~demora~~ on the left
of the high road near the Palace of
Rio-frio 25th lodged as last night 27th
28th arrived at Segovia 29th L. confine
with the Spanish officers in the tower
the people very anxious to serve
us - on the march 5 Spaniards shot
during our stay here many of
the Spanish officers escaped
the weather very cold the ground covered
with snow 27th halted 28th halted
29th marched to St. Maria 3rd lodged in
a billet by ourselves - a plain town
here we found the French had for
their safety barricaded the streets
this place was followed in nearly
every ^{town} on the road, when a detach-
ment was stationed -

monuments. it is formed by a
double row of arches supported in its
greatest height by pillars. in the
highest part it is eighty seven
feet. you reckon 159 arches.
Segovia has about 10000 inhabitants

1809 November 30th

13

Marched to Coca 3 L: a small town
formerly walled has a fine old castle
gothic part in good preservation in
a most delightful situation and in
former times a strong position -
here is a Royal glass manufactory.
Dec^r. 1 - Olmado. a very good town 3 L:
on our march passed a large forest.
had a very good bell on a point.
Dec^r. 2 Valde Hellias 4 L: this town
was nearly destroyed by the french
about one week before our arrival.
near this the roads divide to Salamanca
-ca 2^d 3^d crossed the river Duro
at Oriente Duro arrived at Valladolid
4 L: from Segovia the country is
level - has many villages on all
sides - a vast deal of wood. ^{Pinus} the
soil very sandy. Valladolid is a
large town walled the River Pisuerga
passes through it it has some
fine churches a handsome plaza
with piazzas an English and a
Scotch College

1809 December 4th

14

halted, dined with D. Lamouron
vice rector of the Scotch College.
5th Marched to Dañica & S. on the
march crossed the river
over a handsome stone bridge. ^{to} The
~~is~~ is poor, the streets narrow & dirty
but in a very romantic situation
the caves for securing the wine
on the side of the hill have a curi-
ous appearance. 6th To Torque-
mada nearly destroyed, the first
town the french burnt in Spain
a woollen manufactory - on the
right of the road half a league from
Dañica stands the convent of
Benedictines San Pedro supposed
to have been before the arrival of the
french one of the richest & finest
in Spain. Torquemada is 5 leagues
from Dañica situated on the
river Vizcuera over which is
a handsome stone bridge of
twenty eight arches.

Burgos was supposed formerly
to have contained 35,000 inhabitants
at present they do not reckon 9,000
The river Arlanzon runs into the
Izquierda which as well as the
Esquerria empties itself into the
Duro below Valladolid.

1009 December 7th

15.

To Villa Rodrigo 4 L. a very poor town.
To Celada del camino 4 L. small town
9th To Burgos 4 L. the road from Valladolid
to Burgos is beyond every thing
beautiful - a fine rich country
abounding in villages and perfectly
plain. Burgos is a fine large town
has fine Gothic Cathedral, said to
be the handsomest in Spain -
a very fine Gothic gateway, a
handsome Plaza in the centre of
which is a well executed bronze
statue of Charles the 3rd - a fine
Mall. it contains 14 Churches
& 24 Monasteries it is situated
on the River ~~Duro~~ Arlanzon over
which are three stone bridges -
10th Valladolid. 11th To Bierbesca 7 L. 12th To
Miranda del Ebro 7 L. cross the
Ebro over a handsome stone
bridge. ^{Sanchez.} on the march ~~crossed~~ passed
the village a strong pass of San
Lorenzo - here is a fort. 14 L. from
Bierbesca - here this the road to Bilbao

1809 Dec. 12th

16

divides. The pass of Panorbo is formed as it were by the division of a immense mountain, it extends nearly half a league, in one part the rocks are very grand & hang over the road.

13th To Victoria ^{6 L.} one league from Miranda you meet on the left of the road a handsome Dodecal which marks the boundary of the provinces of Old castle and Alaba. The road from Burgos here is equal to any in the world, the country is more mountainous, and contains an amazing number of villages, more especially near Victoria. Victoria is a good town contains in the whole about 1200 houses - and about 4000 souls. the Plaza is a regular stone building with Pillars; formerly many English resided here who traded with Bilbao & the interior.

14th To Montdragon ^{5 L.} on the march we enter the Province of Guipuzcoa. from Victoria every half league you find a small village. the common people ~~here~~ do not speak Castilian in this Province.

1809 December 13th

To Villa Real 4 L. we crossed a very high mountain. 16th To Soloso 6 L. the capital of the Province, situated on the river Doria, in a very hilly country but very fertile, we had a good battle the people were very anxious for us to escape. 17th Halted. 18th To Herran 3 L. a small town. 19th To Yroon 4 L. at 1 P. M. came in sight of the sea, we had a good battle. This is the last town in Spain and situated about 1 League from the river that divides France & Spain. Though so near France the manners, customs and dress, do not in the least resemble the French, in the whole of the Province of Guipuzcoa, the people appear very industrious, the women are more handsome and wear their hair very long and platted. the men have a very wild and ferocious look, & to the very last town, expressed themselves with more inveteracy against the French, than those of any

1809 December 19th

18th

other province. Yroon is a small town situated within sight of the sea, here sixteen Spanish Officers who had their paroles escaped, we suppose on account of the brutal manner in which the Regiment of Nassau [2^d] treated the Prisoners shooting every man that could not march. They also shot a Spanish officer at Victoria for attempting to escape.

From Lisbon to ^{Lejuns} the boundary near Salvaterra 45
from Salvaterra to Madrid 56
from Madrid to the river } 100
Bidozoa &c. from Yroon }

201

^{Lejuns}

On entering the Province of Estremadura at Zarza you find the country nearly plain to Plasencia which is situated in a valley surrounded by very large mountains you cross the mountains to the southward for Malpartida, this mountain

1809

14
It extends nearly to Navalcarria
and runs East & West; at the time
we passed it July it had snow
in many parts; from Malpartida
the country is a perfect Plain
to Madrid, between Malpartida
and Orpica you pass an
immense royal forest; from
Madrid to Guadalupe
the ~~mountains~~ ^{roads} are level,
and after these mountains you
have scarcely a hill until
you pass Burgos from whence
to Leon your journey lays
through branches of the Pyrenees.

1809 December the 20th

20

Left Yaouza Bayonne 7^h the river
Bidozoo that divides France from
Spain is one league on the March
you cross it over a fine wooden
bridge the river at this time was
large owing to the late rains we
were given to understand in the
summer it is but small.

You pass the small Town of Ologne
also St Jean de Lix. between this
Town and Bayonne the road
runs very near the sea, we
arrived at Bayonne about 30th
and went into private lodgings.
21st Walked reported ourselves to
the Commandant and received an
escort for Verdun also ten grants
and directions to leave Bayonne
next Morn. This is a large
town ill built situated on
a good river - it had scarcely
any shipping - It is fortified

1809 December 21st

(21)

on the ride towards Spain we
went to the Day. 22nd left Bayonne
in a coach & six Mules at 11 A.M.
and arrived at Bordeaux on the
28th at noon passing thro' the towns
of Mountmarzan - Dax - Roquefort.
Bordeaux where we eat our Christmas
dinner - put up at the Hotel
de Providence not a very good
mine the road from Bayonne
to Bordeaux is infernal, a painful
Journey - went to the Day. 29th Halted
Bordeaux is a beautiful town
situated on the Garonne.
it has a beautiful Theatre a
very neat exchange - the Streets
are wide and well built.
we drew money here at 25 p/100.
30th at noon crossed the Garonne
in a boat there being no bridge
and the same was crossed the Gironde
in the same manner arrived
at St Andre.

1810 - January 1st

(22)
Passed Angoulême a fine town
in a very good situation, and in
a fine country supposed to be
the garden of France. passed
Poitiers, in a beautiful, and formerly
a very commanding situation
the ancient walls are amazingly
thick. also passed Tours it has
a most beautiful street is
situated on the Loire. from
Tours to Paris the road is
very fine, on the banks of
the Loire. and raised, on beds
of the low ground, which at
this time was flooded we
arrived at Orleans at noon
Jan. 8th - it is a large town
on the Loire. the square is
ornamented by a handsome
statue of the Maid of Orleans,
it has a fine cathedral.

1810. January 9th

23

Left Orleans in a *bon modeste* car
without springs, at 1/2 past 3 AM.
arrived in the *duin* at Montargis
10 L. 10 L. 10 L. the road infers
this is a very wretched & poor
town 10th to Sens 10 L. the
country from Orleans to Sens is
most wretchedly barren - the road
as yesterday - you have a fine
view of Sens as you approach the
Town from the Hill that
commands it; it is a large town
has a fine cathedral on a large
river a branch of the Seine it
is navigable to Paris 11th to
Troye 10 L. a good road and
fine country - it is a fine
Town - a large stocking Manu-
-factory, has a handsome
cathedral and Bishop's Palace
12 at 1 P. M. left Troye for
Chalons 22 L. in Diligence
a horrid winter conveyance

During the period of my stay at
Verden I was as comfortable as
a Prisoner of War could expect to
be; every fifth day we were
to work our horses in a track
by 10 o'clock then we called the
appel - and in the 26 we were
all reported at the riding house
and put ~~working~~ beyond this beyond from
these two hours observed
and the rest of our time
was entirely our own -
our day was usually spent
in walking with the ramrod the
ramparts or to one of the
walks near the town - and
in the Club Room which
was well conducted having
all the newspapers, a Billiard
Room Card Room and
Bar Room and a Chef -
also a very excellent kitchen
where pretty often we had
Cocktails. The pleasures
of English wine were great about
1556 and were said to be
of good flavor and in fact 10
disappointed with this situation

1810 January 13th

24

Arrived at Chalons at 09:00: a large
clean town a good inn the Pomme
d'or a stocking manufactory, a
good market - has two fine Churches
a Ecole d'Artes established 34 years
past by the Emperor a good
building - good Champagne & C. & C.
Left Chalons at 20:00 in a Party
for Verdun - 20 L: slept at St Min-
- returned a regular built town
14 at noon arrived at Verdun
reported myself was registered,
met Major Diphham & Lieut Allen
of my own Regiment. 15th
Took lodgings at no 5 Rue de l'Arche
at 30 L per month 6 L maid 4 Black
16th admitted a member of the
upper Club. 20th Dined with P. Buckley
R. G. 21st Met Capt De Hauland R. M. R.
29th a very strong letter was received by
Mr Gordon reporting that the exchange
of Prisoners was settled in Paris.

The Exchange on England
was general 25th Feb below how-
but yet there appeared abundance
of money amongst the Prisoners -
Living was very cheap and good.
Thus had I conceived my confinement
was to have been so short ^{a period of time}
& could not have wished to have
passed three months in a better
situation, as a matter of fact was but
being uncertain as to the duration
of our confinement ^{more} became insupportable
we were continually ~~being~~ buzzed
up with the hopes of a general
exchange of Prisoners which
however fell to the ground
at length a Memorial from
the Surgeons taken at Salamina
was sent off (April 3rd 1800)
and at the period of the Marriage
of Napoleon with Marie Louise
we rec^d our passports to return
to England

1800. February - 22nd

25

Drew on Greenwood for this Peruzance
at Paris for 30^l at 10-15 =
all hopes of an exchange are vanished
sent a letter & duplicate to Fox & Co
enclosing one to Coleman Gell - also
sent a letter by M^r Westrange
of the 21st = 2 by Mrs Suckley.
March 13 enters new lodgings no 8
Rue port Chateil. with Curly, at
52nd av: 16th M^r Shery, French
Master came first.
20th M^r J^r Puffant & M^r Dougal rec^d their
orders for Paris. 30th they left
Verdun, and took our Memorial
to the Minister of War. wrote to
my Mother.
April 5 M^r Popham left Verdun
wrote to Peruzance by him
11th drew on Coleman Gell this
M^r Peruzance £0. at 25th av:
wrote M^r Popham. from
whom I rec^d a letter mentioning
the state of Colles. as on the
4th of Jan

Promised to write to Sullivan. Colles
& Mr. Canell.

May 5 P.C.
6

May 17 G.R.

Half month pas. ^{to L} 13-6
To Chalons — 7-10
18 To Versailles — 17-10

Saw some large bottles of L. from
Verdun.

Chateau Heaury has the remains of a
castle on the hill commanding the town
it is a good town has a handsome
stone bridge. Dined at the Table d'Hotel
with the Passengers of the diligences.
5-10

1010 April 17th
went out of Port-Fretz, first time
of leaving the town.

^{to} Mr. Thomas Allen & myself
sent a Louis each thro' the
Rev. Mr. Gaden, to Sergeant
Whiston - at Briancon.

May 13 our Passports arrived.
for Moirax - Cost Colles
received from Madrid.

he left Madrid 11th March -

16 received our passports and
indemnity to Chalons - ^{to L} 13-6 -

17 left Verdun at 5 a.m. passed
Aremont, St. Mihiel halted at Sella ^{to L} 12-6

18 Passed Chalons received indemnity to
Versailles ^{to L} 17-10. passed Epernay and
halted at a small village ^{to L} 16-6

19 Passed Dormans, Chateau Heaury
halted at Lafayette ^{to L} 15-6: here are
thousands of large & small mill
stones.

div'd at Grignon -
Rue de la Harpe

1810 May 20th *Je*

^{to} Passed Mans. Clay; and arrived at
Paris, by the Barrier of St Martin. Stopped
at Rue St Dominique d'enfer Luxembourg.
Went to the Theatre d'Opera - a new
building very handsome, but badly lighted.
The house was very full. The upper boxes
have curtains which keep them quite
private. I left at the Rue d'Orleans
Luxembourg.

21 Call'd on: Mrs Popham
Birmingham 29th Rue St. Etienne
for permission to remain 7 days
saw the Museum Napoleon
Statues & Pictures. The Palace
& Gardens of Theuliers - the
Triumphal Arch chariot of Victory
La Place de Concord where Louis was
beheaded - Opera Comique
Cafe de Mel Colonne -

22 Saw Notre Dame with the
Crown Robes & Papal decorations
the Hotel de Dieu Biblio theque
Imp: M^{ts}. de la guerre & Police
Sindat Recher de concelle
Academie Imp de Musi
Coffre d'argent Bal Hill de

May 23-1810

Called on Drouzeux dress for 20^l
on Greenwood - ^{the} 18-11.

Saw the antique Monuments
Gallery of Luxembourg - Conservatoire
Senate, and Chambers of the
Emperor.

24 Gobelins Tapestry a royal
Manufactory - Jardin de plants
Menagerie - Pont Neuf by
Mr. Denis Jardin des Carmes
des Jure. & Fusti - Supper
with Bessingham Palais
Royal a Ball & Bath

25 Savon Porcelain Manu-
-factory Compagnie de Guerre
Arsenals - Manufactory of Arms
two Palaces of Treasures Orange
Baths of Appollo & Castle
Opera - Triumph of Trajan

May 22 1815.

Called on Mr. de Castellan
visited the Napoleon Museum

The Legislative Body -

The Royal Stables in the
Even went to the Theatre

Francais - saw Talman and

Will. Cocker voice -

27 To the Public Promenade
Champs Elysees - Garden ~~de~~ ^{Musees.}
Boulevard de Boulogne - ~~at~~ ^{at} Theatre
in the Parc. Jardin de Ormeau
& Jardin des Tuileries - Mr. Leger

27 Museum of Anatomy Jardin de
Ormeau. Hotel du Sauvage

Theatre Boulogne Boulevard Casage
Mont St. Bernard - Paid thirty francs
my coat.

20 Left Paris at 2 P.M. in the
Diligence for Meulan - St. E. see
Notre Dame de Victoire - J. P.
Versailles 29 arrived at Alencon
30 passed Bayonne, Laval,
St. Denis

at Rennes met and travelled
with from thence to Exeter a Mrs
Taylor and her Daughter M^{rs}.
Emilie Beaulieu.

Small 13th D
Dutton 53
Cannon 23rd
Curby 29.
Walker 52
Glasco 09.

June 7-1810

Rennes - Montfort - St Breux
at 10 o'clock came in sight of the
sea.

3 Gunpowder arrived at Malais
at 4 P.M.

1. Visited commissary de guerre
& police - Traureau - Mr Malenque
English Agents. Paid the remains of my
allowance -

5 Embarked on board the *Clizia* of
Malais schooner. ^{7th} Friday even.
at 5 o'clock arrived in Cal. Water
Plymouth. went to the Popes
Head.

9 ~~10~~ Reported ourselves to Capt Rogers
Mill Prison and Jed England -

10 Left Plymouth at 8 A.M.
arrived at Exeter. at 5 P.M. -

11 Parted with my companions
on the mail for Exeter - Glaston
- Agny skulls arrived in Bath
at 1/2 past 3 P.M. -
found my Mother had left Bath -

June 12 - 1810

Went to Exeter. to see my Mother
& Mrs Brokenbrow

13 remained at Bath

14 left Bath

15 arrived in London

at Newman Street

Met Col Drummond

19 Introduced to Lord Baird

sent in our Memorial to the
Commander in chief
and claim of Capt. Baggott
to the board of Admiralty

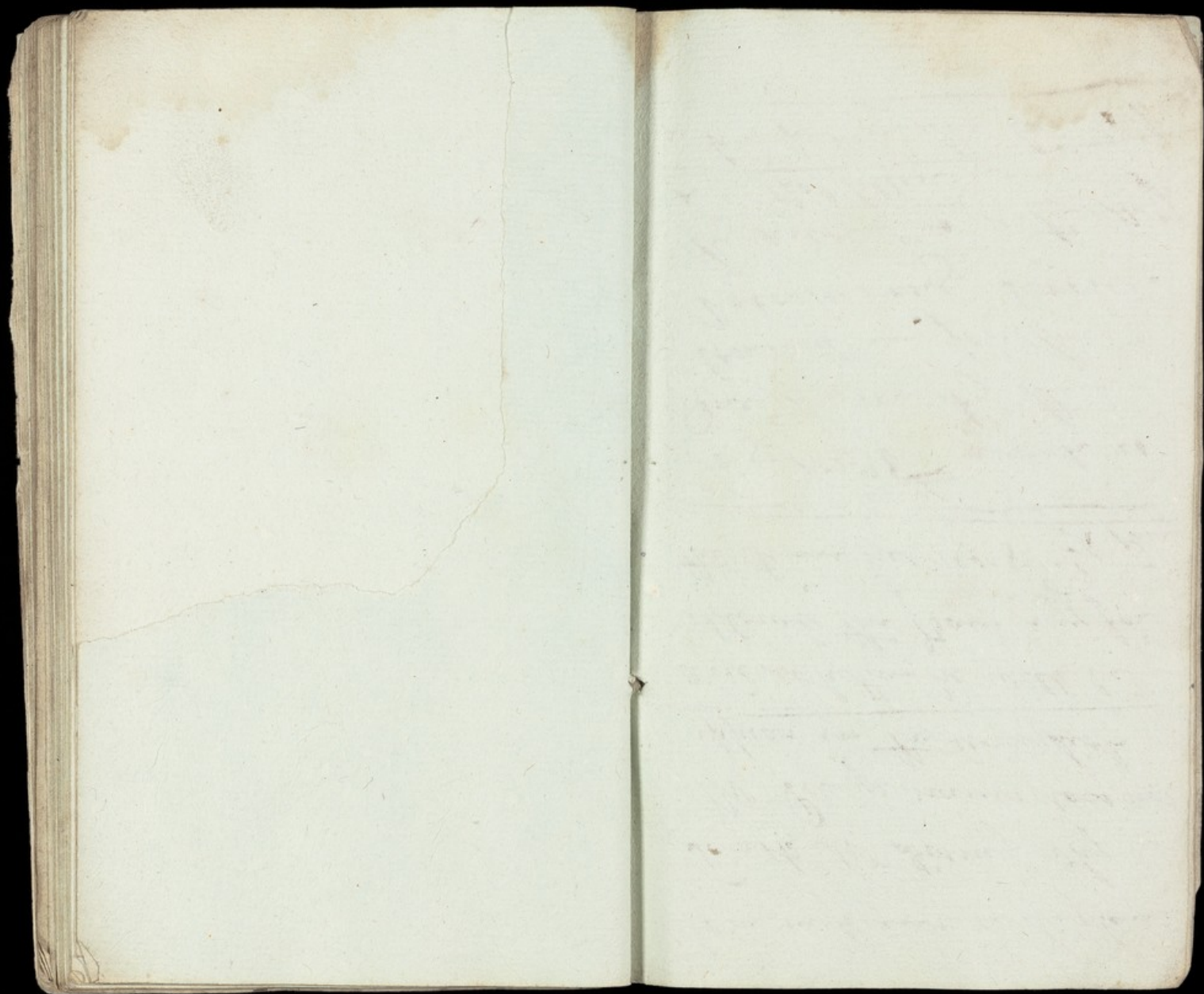
24 dined with Mr Callis

26 left London for Bath

27 arrived in Bath

July 6 received a letter from
Coleman Gill, with an acct
that orders were issued for
my repairing to Portsmouth.
Went Exeter took leave of
my Mother & Sister

**A number of blank pages follow
and have not been photographed.**



Commissions in England
To ask Mr Disney why
Mr Penys name does not
appear in the Army list
and whether he will be
allowed the Back pay for
the time he resigned. A Penys

To get 30[£] which is
due to me by the
Committee for the
Voluntary service.
My account is with Mr Pone
▶ That Allen
▶ And put in the Agents hands

wounded

6 Lt Colr / Adams 66 -
Mason G: Donelan 48

3 Mast Cogan escaped

10 Captns Bryan, Guano & Dind -

29 Lieuts Al Mabeth 42 Dead

Cole 65 Escaped

Green escaped

Dudjon 66th Dind

Steel 66 Dind -

Stembley

Stuyton 87 Dind -

10 Ensigns - Tammes 379 Escaped

Jepson 24 D

Tolen 31 Dind -

Lotter 66 Dind

66

1 Capt

5 Lieut

1 Ensign

7 left behind

2 Staff Surgeon

1 DT

20 Asst Surgeons

23

30
Mr Abbott, Died th 4th Dec. 1809
Mr Edward Esq. 31 Died at Madrid
7th Feb. 1810

in Lat
Comdr Saden 31. Died at Madrid
letter at Naval commission
in Novr

Capt. Poyne 83 Madrid th March
~~1st Nicholas 83~~
1st Morris 66 = ac Valladoled
April 2nd
Capt Wolfz & Hulche 60 =
5.13.
Spanta Thune left
Coleman & Bruggeman J. G. B.

La Caffé des trois Colonnes
Palais Royal

Monday Jardin des Plantes

Theatre Francais Paris

Sunday Opera Comique 19th

~~Monday~~ Grand Opéra Sunday
Le Jardin des Plantes
des Trois Mors

Travali = Thursday

Meon = Wednesday

Nalotte = ~~Musette~~ ~~Recon~~

Vaudouille =

Operacano

Franconi Equitain

