[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Hornsey, Borough of].

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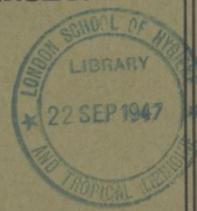
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12439(1) HORNSENS

BOROUGH OF HORNSEY.





ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

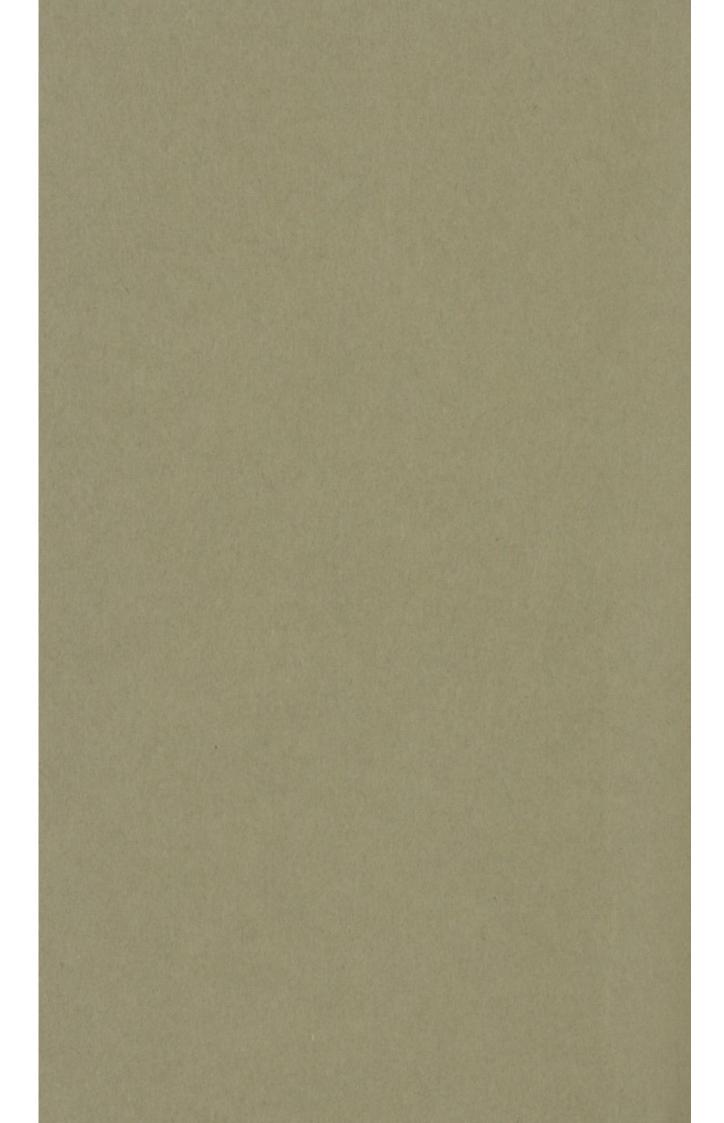
AND

School Medical Officer

FOR

1932.

R. P. GARROW, M.D., D.P.H.



Borough of Ihornsey.

ANNUAL REPORT

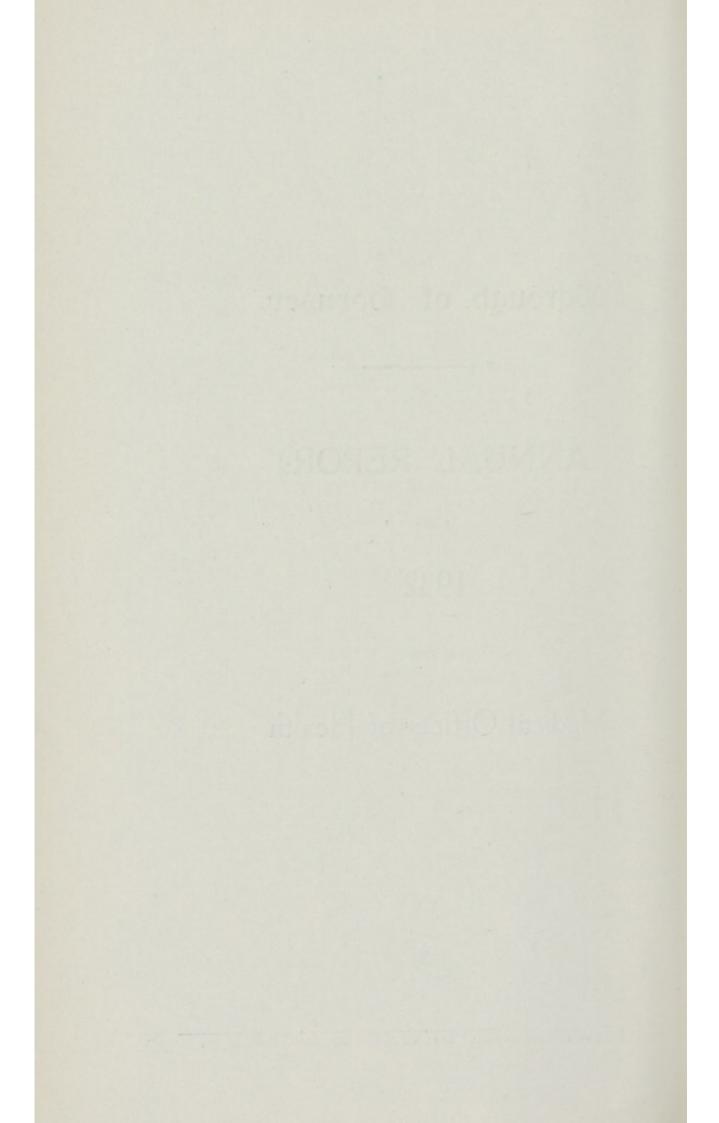
FOR

1932

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health





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HEALTH COMMITTEE

AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1932.

Alderman P. Everington (Chairman), 81, Mount View Rd., N.4.
The Mayor, Alderman J. W. Rowlands, J.P., 25, Cholmeley
Park, N.6.

Alderman W. W. Kelland, M.A., 14, Hillside Mansions, N.6. Councillor Mrs. J. H. Barrenger, 20, Southwood Hall, N.6.

- F. A. P. BOUSTRED, 26, Lanchester Road, N.6.
- ,, E. Brooks, 122, Crouch Hill, N.8.
- ,, Mrs. C. M. CAVE, 10, Wood Vale, N.10.
- ,, J. Edwards, 102, Turnpike Lane, N.8.
- W. J. Grimshaw, 25, Sheldon Avenue, N.6.
- ,, Mrs. M. N. Hill, 16, Bishopswood Road, N.6.
- W. J. Lendrum, 10, Leaside Avenue, N.10.
- J. W. Shipp, 12, Berkeley Road, N.S.
- ,, R. Steeds, 19, Coolhurst Road, N.8.
- ,, L. J. VALETTE, 59, Allison Road, N.8.
- W. V. Wall, 168, Stroud Green Road, N.4.
- ,, C. Winkley, 72, Woodside Avenue, N.10.

MATERNITY & CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE

AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1932.

Councillor Mrs. C. M. Cave (Chairman), 10, Wood Vale, N.10. THE MAYOR, Alderman J. W. ROWLANDS, J.P., 25, Cholmeley Park, N.6.

Alderman P. Everington, 81, Mount View Road, N.4.

,, W. W. KELLAND, M.A., 14, Hillside Mansions, N.6.

Councillor Mrs. J. H. BARRENGER, 20, Southwood Hall, N.6.

,, F. A. P. BOUSTRED, 26, Lanchester Road, N.6.

, E. Brooks, 122, Crouch Hill, N.S.

,, S. G. GOULDING, Woodlands, Cranley Gardens, N.10.

,, W. J. Grimshaw, 25, Sheldon Avenue, N.6.

,, Mrs. M. N. Hill, 16, Bishopswood Road, N.6.

W. J. LENDRUM, 10, Leaside Avenue, N.10.

,, J. W. Shipp, 12, Berkeley Road, N.8.

,, R. STEEDS, 19, Coolhurst Road, N.S.

,, L. J. VALETTE, 59, Allison Road, N.8.

,, W. V. Wall, 168, Stroud Green Road, N.4.

Selected Members:

Mrs. L. J. Bond, 125, Mount View Road, N.4.

Mrs. F. O. Dixon, 56, Talbot Road, N.6.

Miss A. M. INWARD, 29, Endymion Road, N.4.

Mrs. F. M. Merry, 20, Etheldene Avenue, N.10.

Mrs. B. Walton, 19, Etheldene Avenue, N.10.

Miss F. E. Wood, 38, Church Crescent, N.10.

STAFF OF PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

*Medical Officer of Health ... R. P. GARROW, M.D., D.P.H.

†*Deputy Medical Officer of Health and Assistant Medical Officer of Schools and Maternity and Child Welfare Centres

nity and Child Welfare Centres Edith I. L. Abbott, M.B., B.S., D.P.H. (till June, 1932).

JEAN SUTHERLAND, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (from Sept., 1932).

‡Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare

JESSIE MUIR, M.B., Ch.B.

Consultants (Puerperal Fever and Pyrexia Regulations) ...

Dr. J. B. Banister, 129, Harley Street, W.1.

Dr. A. W. BOURNE,
14, Devonshire Street, W.1.
Dr. L. H. W. WILLIAMS,

70, Harley Street, W.1.

Dentists (M. & C.W. Dental Scheme) ...

Dr. B. Hamilton, L.D.S., L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. L. Rowlands, L.D.S.

†*Senior Sanitary Inspector

HENRY EASTWOOD,

M.R.S.I.,
Cert. R.San.I.,
Cert. Insp. of Meat and Foods.

†*Sanitary Inspectors

J. GOODMAN, Cert. R.San.I.

J. H. JESSE,

Cert. R.San.I.,

Cert. Insp. of Meat and Foods.

J. D. CHANCE, Cert. R.San.I., Cert. Insp. of Meat and Foods.

A. E. GOODAY,

Cert. R.San.I.,

Cert. Insp. of Meat and Foods.

†Chief Clerk	W. Gilroy,
†Assistant Clerks	E. CHEESMAN, A. WICKHAM.
	D. BRYANT (Temporary).
†Health Visitors	J. I. Macpherson, Dip. N.H.S., H.V. Cert., C.M.B. E. Durnford, H.V. Cert., C.M.B. A. Godden, H.V. Cert., C.M.B.
†Midwife	M. Andrews, c.m.b.
†Mortuary Keeper	C. F. CATLIN.
†Disinfectors	W. H. LEWIS. P. HALL.
†Medical Services Motor D	Priver P. MARTIN.
‡Veterinary Inspector	under

Diseases of Animals Acts ... F. G. Buxton, M.R.C.V.S.

Note:—† Whole time Officers.

* Officers in respect of whom salary contribution is made under the Public Health Acts or by Exchequer Grants.

[!] Part time Officers.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Hornsey.

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report on the health of the Borough for the year 1932.

From the health point of view the year has been a remarkably good one. In spite of continued economic depression, there has been no evidence of any unusual prevalence of disease.

Throughout the country as a whole the public health problem which has Ioomed largest in 1932 is the housing problem or the "slum problem." State and Church are equally determined that the slums which disgrace many—indeed most—of the towns and cities of England should be wiped out within a limited number of years (within five years, according to Circular 1,331, dated 6th April, 1933, from the Ministry of Health).

In Hornsey, fortunately, the slum aspect of the housing problem—the need for demolition and re-housing—is relatively small and manageable. The five-years' programme submitted to the Ministry of Health in 1931 under the Housing Act, 1930, included 86 houses unfit for human habitation. Further inspections have brought this figure up to 118. Substantial progress has already been made in dealing with these condemned houses, and all of them can be disposed of within the period indicated in the Circular.

There is another aspect of the housing problem which presents much greater difficulty in Hornsey—the problem created by good houses being divided into flats, or groups of rooms, or even single rooms, for occupation by separate families. This process is proceeding apace in every part of suburban London. The resulting overcrowding in some houses and the increased density of population in the areas affected are factors which may influence the prevalence of certain infectious diseases and their complications.

The sanitary inspectors have given this matter constant attention throughout the year in their respective districts of the Borough. The health department, in conjunction with the

housing department, is doing everything possible to prevent new cases of overcrowding and to relieve those found during routine inspection of houses.

Yet another aspect of housing which has received due attention is the early repair of minor sanitary defects—a most important factor in maintaining a high standard of housing.

Good housing alone will not secure good health for a family or for a community. Good health demands good living, in every sense—hence the modern trend in public health effort, which assumes good environmental hygiene, such as we have in Hornsey, and emphasises the importance of personal hygiene. This is a department presided over by the Maternity and Child Welfare and Education Committees, in which much good work has been done at the Schools, the Welfare Centres, the School Clinic, and in the homes.

I wish to acknowledge the untiring efforts of the Voluntary Workers at the Centres and the Care Committees attached to the schools; also the close interest of the Health Committee and the Maternity and Child Welfare Committee in the maintenance of a high standard of health.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
R. P. GARROW.

STATISTICS FOR 1932.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATI	SMICO.
Area (acres)	STIUS,
Population (Census 1931)	2,874
Do., Registrar-General's estimate (mid 1932	95,524
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1931), a	96,990
Rate Books	ecording to
Rateable value (General Rate)	21,307
Product of a penny rate	£1,005,750
LIVE BIRTHS—	
Legitimate Males	
	528
Illegitimate Males	
,, Females	
Total	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Birth-Rate 11.37 per 1,000	
(Registrar-General's estima	ate).
STILL-BIRTHS—	
Legitimate Males	21
,, Females	13
Illegitimate Males	1
,, Females	3
Total	38
RATE per 1,000 total (live and still birt	ths) births, 33.3.
DEATHS—	
Male	486
Female	625
Total	1,111
DEATH-RATE 11.45 per 1,000]	The state of the s
(Registrar-General's estima	
DEATHS FROM PUERPERAL CA	
	Rate per 1,000 total
Puerperal sepsis 4	(live and still) births.
	3.5
Other puerperal causes 2 Total 6	1.75
Total 6	5.25

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR OF AGE.	
Legitimate Males 21, Females 23 = 44	
Illegitimate ,, 5, ,, 2 = 7	
Total 51	
DEATH-RATE OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR OF AGE.	
	46.2
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	41.7
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	145.8
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	6
Death from Whooping-Cough (all ages)	3
Deaths from Diarrhœa (under 2 years of age)	7

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN THE AREA.

The following is a summary of cases and cost of public and voluntary assistance disbursed in the Borough during 1932, from information collected by Mr. R. Parry, Relieving Officer:—

SUMMARY.

CHARITABLE ORGANISATIONS.

CHARITABLE ORG.	ANISATI	ONS.				
Public Assistance (Out-relief)				£ 23,820	1	d. 6
Widows (10/-) and Old Age Pension	ons			8,060	0	0
Widows' (with dependent children) Pensi	ions		1,564	0	0
National Health Insurance benefits					13	0
War Pensions		***		423	8	0
Earnings of Wives of Unemployed				402	6	0
Unemployment Insurance benefit				8,260	9	2
Hornsey United Services Fund				429	14	9
Mrs. Lovell Harrison's Fund				16	10	8
Hornsey British Legion				600	12	0
Muswell Hill United Services Fund				32	6	0
Muswell Hill British Legion		1		60		6
Muswell Hill Distress (Boot) Fund			7	19		0
Central Boot Fund (Mr. Allen)				36	5	11
Parochial Charities (Coal)				114		0
Hornsey Y.M.C.A	***			47	0	0
Mrs. Chapman					12	6
68th Rover Crew	1.55		***	1	10	0
Mr Homewood			***	1	0	0
Mrs. Kingsley-Curtis		***		1	0	0
Calcal C C				164		6
Hornsey Parochial Charities					2	6
Hornsey Distress Committee		***	***	62		11
Mayor's Fund (Oakfield Villa)						11
Muswell Hill Distress Committee						
Welfare Control (Mills and 1)		11			10	0
Welfare Centres (Milk supplied by	Counci	11)		292	9	10
Total			0	46,930	9	8
Total	***		30	40,500	4	0

NURSING IN THE HOME.

(i.e., DISTRICT NURSING.)

The Hornsey Nursing Association continues to render invaluable service to the Borough by the home nursing of many cases of acute disease, medical and surgical. But for this service many more sick and infirm patients would require admission to Hospital.

The following are some particulars of this Association: -

President—The Mayor of Hornsey.

Honorary Secretary-

Mr. R. H. Crookall, 9, Birchington Road, N.8.

Honorary Treasurer-

Mr. S. M. Mason, 50, North Hill, N.6.

Superintendent Nurse-

Miss Ivett, 2, Ravenstone Road, N.8.

Tele. Mountview 6971.

There is a staff of four trained nurses in addition to the Superintendent.

The income is derived from-

- (1) Voluntary subscriptions and donations.
- (2) Provident contributions of members.
- (3) Patients' payments.
- (4) Public authorities (for services rendered).

The following is a statement of the infectious diseases nursed during the year:—

NAME OF DISEASE.	No. of New Cases,	No. of Visits.	No. Conval- escent.	No. Sent to Hospital	No. Died.	Private Nurse
Pneumonia	25	308	16	4	5	-
Tuberculosis	8	280	2	-	4	1
Influenza	26	235	22	-	3	1
Whooping Cough	2	11	2	-	-	-
Whooping Cough— Pneumonia complication	4	55	4	-	-	1
Measles	13	91	12		-	1
Measles— Pneumonia complication	1	7	1	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	1 -	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	-	-	1 -	-	-	-

MIDWIVES.

There are 17 Midwives and one Municipal Midwife notified to the Middlesex County Council as practising in the Borough. The Municipal Midwife attended 161 births, and she also attends all the ante-natal clinics held at the Welfare Centres—Brook Road, Wightman Road, Church Road, Highgate, and Coldfall School. One of the conditions upon which the Council's Midwife accepts a case is that the expectant mother shall attend an ante-natal clinic.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

The arrangements for the examination or analysis of materials are as previously described and meet all requirements.

The specimens examined in the laboratory at the Isolation Hospital during 1932 were as follows:—

Diphtheria spe			Negati 833	ve.	Positive. 53
Sputum (T.B.)	,,		194		26
Enteric Fever	,,		4		1
Other	"	11000	. 8	***	6
		mable minin	1,039	inches de la constante de la c	86
Total				1,125	STORE AND

LEGISLATION IN FORCE.

No new Local Acts, Special Orders, general adoptive Acts or Byelaws relating to the public health came into force in Hornsey in 1932.

The Children and Young Persons Act, 1932, which amends the Children Act, 1908, and deals, *inter alia*, with Infant Life Protection, was passed during the year.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

No change has been made in the ambulance arrangements, which are adequate for all types of case—infectious, non-infectious, maternity, accidents, etc.

The Morris "Viceroy" motor conveyance for the transport of mentally and physically defective children travelled over 11,000 miles and carried over 22,000 passengers.

Prior to 1933 this vehicle was classed as an ambulance and was tax-free. The Ministry of Transport has, however, laid down that a tax-free ambulance must be sent out for recumbent cases.

used only

The following is a statement of the work done by the "Borough Ambulance" under the Fire Brigade:—

ZII TITITO	THEFT			0	
Calls			 		1,009
Persons	conv	eyed	 		1,006
Street a			 		343
Other c			 		666

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

Circular 1,167 and Memo. 156 M.C.W. from the Ministry of Health has received the M.C.W. Committee's close attention. All the services suggested in this Circular are available in the Borough and are working smoothly.

As requested by Circular 1,206 of the Ministry of Health, full details of the conditions and arrangements in regard to the health visiting of children from birth to school age were set out in my Report for 1931.

CHILDREN ACT, 1908, AND CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS ACT, 1932,

An Act, entitled the Children and Young Persons Act, 1932, was passed to amend the Children Act, 1908. The part dealing with infant life protection came into force on 1st February, 1933.

The work under these Acts is carried out by the Health Visitors in their respective areas.

Foster-mothers are encouraged to bring the children to the centres for periodical medical examination.

A register of foster-mothers and foster-children is kept by the Medical Officer of Health at each Centre, and the following is a summary of the register:—

g 15 a sammary		Centre— No. 3			
day nic		No. 1.	No. 2.		Total
No. of foster-mothers on the regis	ter-				-
At the beginning of 1931 .		29	11	10	50
		30	7	16	53
No. of foster-children on the regis	ster-	771			
1		23	10	17	50
		20	7	16	43
		1	_	-	1
On whom inquests were held	d				
during the year			_	-	-
Visits to foster-children .		154	82	74	310
No proceedings were taken du	ring	the y	ear.		

Notification of Births Acts, 1907 & 1915.

All live births and still births of seven months and over must be notified to the Medical Officer of Health within 36 hours, in addition to being registered within a period of six weeks after birth.

The number of births notified under the

The number of births r	notified	under the	Acts during	1932
was:— Live births	Male.	Female.	Total. 1,224	
Still births	21	21	42	
	646	620	1,266	
The births were notified				
By Doctors			177	
By Borough Midwif				
By other Midwives			339	
By Hospitals				
By parents			45	
D 11			370	
			1,191	
Unnotified (from Registra	ar's retu	rn):—		
Live births				
Still births		2		
		Harris Harris	75	
			1,266	
Of this number there wer	e:—	T form to		
Occurring in the Bor	ough and	d trans-	irths. Still bi	rtns.
ferred to other dis Occurring in Hospital	tricts		184 5	
the district belong			957 10	
The 1,077 net number of 1	notified l	hirtha balan	18	
were divided among the distri	iete of t	be Centres	ging to Horr	isey
			537	
Wightman Road			262	
Highgate	not general	ton state a	252	
Coldfall Sub-Centre	101.,100	wd ele	26	
to hamma handadien erichten an hand o			1,077	
y				

REFUSE SHOOTS.

The refuse shoots in Coppetts Road, Muswell Hill, and in Coolhurst Avenue have been kept under close observation during the year. That in Coolhurst Avenue, which is being levelled to form a playing field, has been a cause of trouble, owing to its slow progress, but by an arrangement come to with the owners the filling in has been expedited, and it is hoped that the work will be completed before the end of the year. The superintending of finishing off and levels, etc., has been undertaken by the Borough Engineer's Department.

HOUSING.

Satisfactory progress continues to be made in the five-year programme of demolition of unfit houses and the rehousing of their occupants.

The block of 21 flats on the site of Ward's Cottages, North Hill, is nearing completion, and will provide accommodation for families in certain groups of condemned houses in the Highgate area.

The housing statistics of the year as required by the Ministry of Health are set out below:—

HOUSING STATISTICS.

HOUSING STATISTICS.	
1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the Year:	
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) (b) Number of inspections made for the	
purpose	439

^{*} Note.—Two houses were closed for human habitation without the service of statutory notices and utilised as storage premises in connection with businesses, one being practically rebuilt.

(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	1,203
2. Remedy of Defects during the Year without service of formal Notices:—	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	926
3. Action under Statutory Powers during the Year: —	
A.—Proceedings under sections 17, 18 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1930:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	11/6
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were ren- dered fit after service of formal notices:—	
(a) By owners	_
(b) By local authority in default of	
owners	-
B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	94
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal	54
notices	
(a) By owners	79
(b) By local authority in default of	
owners	_

C	-Proceedings under sections 19 and 21 of the
	Housing Act, 1930:
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of
	which Demolition Orders were made
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in
	pursuance of Demolition Orders
D	-Proceedings under section 20 of the Housing
	Act, 1930:
	(1) Number of separate tenements or under-
	ground rooms in respect of which Closing
	Orders were made
	(2) Number of separate tenements or under-
	ground rooms in respect of which Closing
	Orders were determined, the tenement or
	room having been rendered fit
E	Proceedings under section 3 of the Housing
	Act, 1925:
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of
	which notices were served requiring repairs -
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were ren-
	dered fit after service of formal notices:—
	(a) By owners
	(b) By local authority in default of
	owners
	(3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of
	which Closing Orders became operative in
	pursuance of declarations by owners of
-	intention to close
F	Proceedings under sections 11, 14 and 15 of the
	Housing Act, 1925:
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of
	which Closing Orders were made
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were determined,
	the dwelling-houses having been rendered
	fit (3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of
	which Demolition Orders were made
	(4) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in
	pursuance of Demolition Orders
	pursuance of Demonstration Orders

^{*} Note.—Demolished without formal Demolition Order:— In 1931 ... 5 houses and 1 small factory In 1932 ... 17 houses

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

The following statement of the work of the Sanitary Inspectors has been prepared by Mr. Henry Eastwood, Chief Sanitary Inspector:—

The visits made, the notices served and the sanitary improvements carried out are recorded in the following tables:—

		Visi	TS.				
House-to-house inspect	tions						439
Special inspections			4A	10V	HALL P	1119	981
Re-inspections	0		янео.			1	0,323
Transfer to Council h							13
Notifiable infectious dis	sease	s					204
Tuberculosis					***		70
Deaths							93
							21
Scabies							1
Shops Act			*** [678
The state of the s	and	outwo	orkers	L			556
					***		6
					***	***	15
							182
					***		182
Rag Flock Act							4
Dairies and milkshops							42
							42
							324
							86
			***				26
							-285
Annual licences (Music	and	Dan	eing)				47
Stables							43
Urinals							15
Smoke observations .					***		11
Refuse tips							230
Passages							35
Allotments		200			***	***	4
							91
Fee tests			(1000)				5
House pests							43

Piggeries			10 63
Smoke and chemical tests applied (old drains)			40
Drains examined under Sec. 41, Public Health Ac	t, 187	5	25
Small-pox Contacts—Visits			291
		-	
		1	5,526
The state of a second second second second		-	
		170	
SUMMARY OF SANITARY IMPROV	EME	415	
Drainage.			40
Number of houses and premises redrained			40
Repairs or amendments to existing drains			155
Drains or gullies unstopped or cleansed			98
Manholes provided	***	***	53
do. repaired			36 18
Intercepting traps fixed	***		144
New gully traps fixed			47
New soil pipes and ventilating shafts fixed			54
Soil pipes and ventilating shafts repaired	***		73
Fresh-air inlets provided or repaired		***	10
Water-Closets and Sanitary Fittin	IGS.		
New water-closet basins fixed			202
Water-closets unstopped, cleansed or repaired			47
New check cisterns fitted to water-closets; exist	ing ch	eck	
cisterns repaired			96
New sinks provided			160
New lavatory basins provided			42
New waste-pipes fixed			109
Waste-pipes trapped, repaired or unstopped	***	***	200
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Roofs repaired			265
Eaves guttering renewed, cleansed or repaired			173
Rain-water pipes provided, repaired or unstopped	d		192
do. disconnected from drains			7
Damp walls remedied			290
Damp-proof courses inserted	***	***	128

Paving of yards repaired			 	205
Structural repairs of premises			 	
Rooms cleansed, distempered or pa	apered			1,031
Work-rooms cleansed or repaired				
Drinking-water cisterns repaired, cl				70
Water supply reinstated			 	1
do. (additional) provided				8
Baths provided or made usable				17
Windows and skylights provided or				186
Floors repaired			 	253
Windowsills repaired			 	48
Stagnant water abated		The same		1
Sanitary dustbins provided			 	280
Accumulations of manure and refu				56
Stoves, ranges and coppers repaired				348
Sundry items				506
Overcrowding abated			 	42
			-	
				6,702

PREMISES INSPECTED PERIODICALLY.

The following premises were inspected periodically during the year and any matters requiring attention were dealt with:—

Jour and any mac	cers re	equime	accen	I HOI W	ere de	are wri	
F-11						D	No. in istrict.
Dairies and milkshop	S						33
Milk purveyors in con	nectio	n with	other	busin	esses		58
Bakehouses							26
Restaurant kitchens			Same				37
Tea-rooms and Coffee	-bars						19
Slaughter-houses							6
Butchers' shops		***	***	000	4	***	
Butchers' shops Fish shops	C. THE	3.316	D			***	54
Fish shops	***						23
Factories, workshops	and v	vork-pla	ices			2.55	332
Outworkers' premises							129
Cinemas							7
Places of public entert	ainme	ent					31
Shoots (refuse)							2
Overcrowded houses							57
Licensed petroleum s	tores						81
							O.L

895

HOUSE-TO-HOUSE INSPECTIONS.

HIGHGATE—						
Archway Road						44
North Hill						2
Baker's Lane						2
Muswell Hill—						
St. James's Lane				***		32
Coppett's Road			***			6
Page's Lane						11
North Haringey-						
Clarendon Road						54
Denmark Road					0	45
Haringey Grove		***			i din	25
West Hornsey-						
Campsbourne Road	***					4
Boyton Road						4
East Hornsey-						
Rathcoole Gardens						51
St. Mary's Road						76
Grove House Road						27
FINSBURY PARK—						
Woodstock Road						56
						439

FOR OCCUPATION BY THE WORKING CLASSES AND LET IN LODGINGS OR OCCUPIED BY MEMBERS OF MORE THAN ONE FAMILY.

These Byelaws were made on 24th March, 1930, and confirmed on 13th May, 1930. They do not apply to any lodging-house in which the owner resides and not more than one family is lodged. Parts of these byelaws, involving structural alterations, do not apply to any lodging-house the rent of which is for the time being controlled by the Rent and Mortgage (Restrictions) Acts, 1920 and 1923.

The number on the register at present are classified as follows:—

Decontrolled lodging-			 130	
Partly controlled		***		 33
Fully controlled			h	 81
Total				 244

One hundred and ninety-eight houses have been dealt with under these Byelaws during the year and the following works carried out:—

Byelaw No.		
11 (a)	Repairs to drains, etc	1
11 (b)	Means of carrying off waste water	MI
	(including provision of sinks)	20
11 (e)	Ventilation to passage and staircase	1
11 (f)	Sash-cords and window fittings	29
15 (a)	Closet accommodation	1
15 (b)	Water supplies	15
15 (c)	Washing accommodation	7
15 (d)	Food stores	93
16 (a)	Repairs to staircase	1
16 (b) and (c)	T : 1 / 2	12
21 (a)	C1	9
22	Provision of hand-rail	9
	The Discoulable State of the St	
		198

Note.—In regard to washing accommodation, Byelaw 15 (c), the new baths and wash-houses erected by the Borough Council in High Street, Hornsey, were opened on the 14th April, 1932. These have proved by their use to have been a much-needed institution in the Borough, so much so that it is contemplated extending the premises by additional slipper baths and wash-house accommodation at a cost estimated at £3,000.

OVERCROWDING.

During the year 23 fresh cases of overcrowding have been found and 26 cases abated.

According to our records there were 57 known cases of overcrowding existing in the Borough at the end of the year.

RE-Housing. — The Borough Engineer informs me that during the year 1932, 68 families, representing 303 persons, have been re-housed, as follows:—

				Families.	
Bryanstone Road				1	7
High Street, Hornse			***	2	9
Woodstock Road				1	5
Sydney Road				1	5
Clovelly Road				1	2
Middle Lane (Alexa)	ndra	Paveme	ent)	1	4
Spencer Road				1	5
Lightfoot Road				1	3
The Grove	***	***	***	1	4
Archway Road				1	6
St. James's Lane		***		1	5
North View Road				3	14
Campsbourne Road			***	1	4
Baker's Lane				1	4
South View Road				1	5
Muswell Hill Road				2	7
Rathcoole Gardens				4	14
North Hill		***		7	27
North Road		***		1	5
Nelson Road				1	5
Newlands Road				1	3
Hanbury Road				1	4
Glebe Road		***		2	6
Southwood Lane				2	6
Inderwick Road				1	5
Coleraine Road				1	7
Myddelton Road		***		2	7
Park Road				1	4
Etheldene Avenue				1	4
Prince's Parade				1	4
Everington Road				1	4
Hill Road				4	29
Barrenger Road				2	10
Hawthorn Road				1	8

Marriott Road	 10 110	JAIO	Families.	Persons.
Woodside Cottages	 	b har	1	4
Ward's Cottages	 LES CORP. HE		10	40
			10	-
			68	303

The following houses and flats, etc., have been built during 1932:—

Number of houses erected by private enterprise	47
Number of flats erected by private enterprise	48
Number of houses converted into flats	19
Number of flats erected by the Council	18
(Summersby Road)	

DAIRIES AND MILKSHOPS.

Every dairyman or purveyor of milk must be registered with the Sanitary Authority of the district in which his dairy premises are situated; if he retails milk in the district of another Sanitary Authority he must also be registered with that Authority.

At the end of the year the register showed 50 classed as dairies and 58 classed as milkshops the principal trade of which is not dairy produce.

Of these dairies, however, 17 are situated outside and operate inside the Borough.

The dairies and milkshops have been inspected periodically and it is pleasing to record that a high standard of cleanliness has been found to exist.

These inspections have been amplified by the taking of 30 informal samples for bacteriological examination during the year, seven of which were found to be below the standard. Six of these, however, were from roundsmen operating from dairy premises outside the Borough and the Sanitary Authorities in whose districts these dairy premises were situated and registered were communicated with, after which an improvement was found.

There are no cowsheds and there is only one firm actually pasteurising milk in the Borough.

SPECIAL DESIGNATED MILK.

Producers of, and dealers in, special designated milk are required to obtain licences annually.

During the year	licences were granted as f	ollows	:-
",	Certified Milk		4
,,	Grade "A" (T.T.) Milk		7
,,	Grade "A" Milk		3
,,	Grade "A" (Pasteurised)	Milk	2

In my opinion it would be fairer to the public and eventually to all concerned if the Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1923, was amended so as to apply to milk which is Pasteurised and not designated as such.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

Under the Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924, notice of intention to slaughter animals has to be sent by the butchers to the Town Hall. In this way the Inspectors are enabled to examine the carcase and organs of every animal killed for human consumption.

The year 1932 stands out from recent years on account of the greater amount of slaughtering done and the quantity of meat surrendered and destroyed. These increases were due to the use of one slaughter-house in the Borough by an outside butcher from Ilford for a period extending from 10th of January to 19th of April inclusive. The bulk of this slaughtering took place on Sundays, and it was found necessary to keep this slaughter-house under almost continuous supervision during its use.

During the year the carcases and offal of 2,033 animals have been inspected under the Regulations, and the carcases and offal of 9 sheep and 1 lamb were destroyed, in addition to the offal destroyed where the carcases were sound and wholesome.

STATISTICS OF SLAUGHTERING, 1932.

HORNSEY BUTCHERS.

Sheep & Lambs Cows Bullocks Calves Heifers Total. 1,022 0 4 0 0 1,026

Weight of unsound offal destroyed, 333 lbs. 4 ozs.

OUTSIDE BUTCHER.

Sheep & Lambs Cows Bullocks Calves Heifers Total. 908 33 27 30 9 1.007

Weight of carcases and offal destroyed, 1,446 lbs. 8 ozs.

Total number of animals slaughtered 2,033

Total quantity of meat destroyed ... 1,779 lbs. 12 ozs.

STATISTICS OF SLAUGHTERING, 1926_1932.

Year. 1926	 Beasts. 195	Sheep. 2,843	Swine. 27	Calves.	Total. 3,065
1927	 144	2,374	21	16	2,555
1928	 58	1,526	0	1	1,585
1929	 21	1,303	0	1	1,325
1930	 4	1,024	0	0	1,028
1931	 4	741	34	0	779
1932	 73	1,930	. 0	30	2,033

The Byelaws relating to slaughter-houses were revised in November, 1930, and the use of a "mechanical killer" made compulsory in the slaughter of any bull, ox, cow or heifer.

The local R.S.P.C.A. Inspector has tried to encourage the use of the humane, or mechanical, killer for the slaughter of sheep and has lent instruments and cartridges to the butchers in the hope of making the method popular with them.

FISH.

Boxes of fish brought from the London Market are sometimes found to be unsound on arrival at their destination. These are submitted for examination, destroyed, and a "condemned" note is given, which enables the dealer to obtain a fresh supply or an allowance from the wholesaler. This arrangement is quite good and results in prompt notification.

Cod fillets	 	31 lbs.	8 ozs.
Scotch fillets	 	14 lbs.	0 ozs.
Prawns	 	7 lbs.	0 ozs.
		52 lbs.	8 079

All diseased meat and food is destroyed at the Council's incinerator.

Particular attention has been paid to all premises where food is prepared or sold in order to ensure that satisfactory standards of quality and cleanliness are maintained.

FOOD ADULTERATION.—Mr. R. Robinson, Chief Officer of the Public Control Department of the Middlesex County Council, has kindly supplied me with the following information regarding samples of food taken during the year in the Borough:—

3 012 20	1000	C.C.L.C.L.		7000		4.0
Articl Mill					 Samples. 258	Adulterated.
Mill	, S	terilise	ed		 2	-
Cres	am,	artific	eial		 1	-
But	ter				 1	-
Mea	it				 3	
Sau	sage	es			 1	-
Trip	е				 3	-
App	oles				 1	- 100
					3-	-
					270	4
					-	_

SHOPS ACTS.

Six hundred and seventy-eight visits have been paid to shops during the year, and, apart from a number of minor infringements, which were dealt with, the provisions of the Shops Acts, 1912-1928, have, generally speaking, been well observed.

Letters have been sent in six instances where contraventions have occurred after verbal notices, and undertakings obtained that recurrences will not take place.

There are 1,230 shops in the Borough engaged in the following trades:—

Grocers				114
Confectioners				102
Drapers, Costumiers, Ladies				80
Boots				69
Greengrocers				67
Restaurant Kitchens, Tea-ro	oms &	Coffee	-bars	56
Stationers and Newsagents				54
Butchers				54
Hairdressers and Barbers				52
Tobacconists			F. Dup	47
Off-licences				36
Public-houses				35
Furniture and Upholsterers				34
Dairies and Milkshops				33
Coal Merchants				32
Bakers				32
Gas, Electrical and Wireless	Fittin	gs	10	29
Chemists				28
Tailors and Men's Outfitters				27
Fishmongers				23
Oil and Colour Shops, Gener				
Stores				23
Milliners	V			17
Watches and Jewellery				
Ironmongery and Hardware				15
Florists				13
Builders and Decorators			***	
Cycles and Motor Repairs	222			11
Hosiers	225			11
Cooked Meats				11
Saddlers and Leather Goods				9
Booksellers and Libraries				8
Cornchandlers			***	7
Photographers				7
Pianos and Music	***	***		7
Wardrobe Dealers and Dress	Agene	ies	***	5
Carpets and Lino	1186110	100		5

Timber Merchan	nts					5
Clothes Pressing	g, Clea	aning a	nd Rep	airing		4
Picture Frames						4
Art Needlework	and	Wool				4
Bazaars	***					4
Umbrellas						3
Toys	***				***	3
Sewing Machine	es					3
Opticians					***	3
Furriers					***	3
Blinds						2
Antique Shops	***				***	2
Pawnbrokers						1
Baby Carriages					***	1
Corsets						1
Cotton Goods (Cotton	and and	Shirts)			1
Herbalist					***	1
Basket Ware						1
Cutler	***	***	-10X Bar			1
Cork Goods						1
Arts and Crafts						1
Knitted Goods			***			1
					Topic .	
					1,5	230

Hairdressers' and Barbers' Shops (Sunday Closing) Act, 1930.

This Act came into operation on the 1st day of January, 1931, and provides for the compulsory closing of hairdressers' and barbers' shops on Sundays.

No infringement of this Act has been observed during the year.

PETROLEUM ACTS, ETC.

Under the Petroleum (Consolidation) Act of 1928 provision is made for the storage and safe keeping of Petroleum Spirit. Petroleum Spirit is defined as Petroleum which, when tested in a prescribed manner, gives off an inflammable vapour at a temperature of less than 73° Fahrenheit.

The total number of licences for storing petroleum spirit is 81, and the quantity of petroleum which may be kept on licensed premises is 86,940 gallons, 4,740 gallons being kept in two-gallon cans and 82,200 gallons in underground tanks.

The premises licensed were inspected from time to time and contraventions of the conditions attached to the licences, which have been few, dealt with.

Plans relating to new petrol installations have been submitted to the Committee for their approval. The construction of new installations has been carefully supervised and tanks and pipe lines for bulk storage installations tested.

CARBIDE OF CALCIUM.

There is one premises licensed for the storage of Carbide of Calcium and the quantity stored under licence is 10 cwts.

Hydro-carbon.

There is one licence issued for the storage of 100 gallons of hydro-carbon.

CELLULOSE SPIRIT.

Two premises are licensed solely for the storage of cellulose spirit and the total quantity kept on these premises is 70 gallons.

HORTICULTURAL POISONS.

There are four licences in force for the sale of horticultural poisons under the Poisons and Pharmacy Act.

THE PETROLEUM SPIRIT (MOTOR VEHICLES, &c.) REGULATIONS and the

Petroleum (Carbide of Calcium) Order, 1929, came into force in December, 1929.

The Petroleum Spirit (Conveyance) Regulations, 1932, came into operation on the 1st of February, 1933.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

Legal proceedings have been taken on two occasions.

Under the Shops (Hours of Closing) Act, 1928, for not being closed for the serving of customers at the prescribed time:—Two cases. One defendant was fined 10/-, and the other was dismissed under the Probation of Offenders' Act.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Nothing of an unusual nature is to be recorded in regard to infectious and epidemic diseases during the year. The common infections, like diphtheria, scarlet fever, etc., were relatively low in numbers and mild in character. No death occurred from scarlet fever and only four from diphtheria.

Five cases of the mild form of Small-Pox (Variola Minor), now endemic in London, occurred in the early part of the year.

The incidence of cases of notifiable infectious disease has been very low during the year; in fact, the total number of cases notified is the lowest this century. The average during the ten years previous to 1932 was 479 cases, compared with 308 for 1932. Scarlet fever is lower than it has been since 1918 and diphtheria since 1925.

Details in regard to notifiable infectious diseases will be found in Table F on page 43.

VACCINATION.

The Public Vaccinators inform me that they have performed vaccination of persons in the Borough during 1932 as follows:—

Dr.	E.	Buckler		 152
Dr.	T.	E. Pearman	1	 203

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.

Two cases of ophthalmia neonatorum were notified. One was treated in St. Margaret's (L.C.C.) Hospital, Kentish Town, and one in a nursing-home.

	Cases		Mylo tal		(C. LTOP)		
Notified.	Tre	ated	Vision unimpaired.	Vision impaired.	Total blindness.	Deaths	
	At home.	In hospital or nursing home.		oval mu	Size and		
2	0	2	2	0	0	0	

TUBERCULOSIS.

Sanatorium provision for all forms of Tuberculosis in Hornsey is made by the Middlesex County Council.

There are 555 beds available solely for Middlesex under the Middlesex County Council scheme for the treatment of Tuberculosis in sanatoria, allotted as follows:—

	Acce	ommoda	tion.	
	Adı	alts	Child'n	TYPE OF CASE.
	M.	F.		THE REAL PROPERTY.
County Sanatorium, Harefield	129	129	56 8	Pulmonary—Sanatorium ,, —observation
County Sanatorium, Clare Hall, South Mimms County Council Hos-	120	66	-	,, late sanatorium and hospital
pital — Dispensary Hounslow (Closed Dec. 1932)	9	7	-	,, observation
Heatherwood Hospital, Ascot	_	_	25	Non-pulmonary
Victoria Home, Margate	_	_	6	Hambling pointmail

A number of Tuberculosis patients were maintained by the County Council in other Institutions approved by the Ministry of Health.

The total number of cases on the Tuberculosis Register at the end of 1932 was 684, an increase of 59 during the year.

Dr. Dobson, the Middlesex Tuberculosis Officer for Hornsey, has kindly supplied the following particulars of Hornsey cases of Tuberculosis on his Register:—

86
31
106
344
40
10

Tubercular cases died in 1992	47
Tubercular cases sun on the register	247
Undiagnosed cases on 31st December, 1932	NIL
cult return reschield and school shinker and schief was the	
DISINFECTION.	950
Number of rooms fumigated after notifiable infectious dise	ase 250 418
,, ,, ,, non- ,, ,, ,,	82
	4,892
,, at the total distribution of the total of	202
,, destroyed	134
,, verminous rooms disinfected	
CLEANSING STATION Eight adults and 6 children	en have
been treated at the cleansing station for various reasons.	There
was 1 child belonging to Wood Green treated, paid for h	y Wood
at an agreed charge per treatment.	
DISINFECTING STATION.—The following work	nas been
carried out by the disinfecting staff during the year:	
Disinfection of rooms and removal of bedding for	550
treatment	407
Returning bedding after disinfection	101
On account of vermin, etc:—	80
Disinfestations	2
Spraying of stagnant pools	3
do. shoots	3
Destruction of wasps nests	2
Spraying at Town Hall for cockroaches do. bakehouse for crickets and cockroaches	
Posting 1,200 bills re Dog Nuisance in different	7
parts of the Borough	
Collecting and disinfecting library books:— Received. Returned.	
Public Libraries 81 54	
G 1 - 1 Tibuning 23 17	
Private Libraries 16 16	
Drain tests and conveyance of drain-testing	
appliances	72
Visits in connection with Welfare Centres	60
VISITS III CONNECTION WITH WITH	

en united men lessens some relien

Taking of milk samples f	for ana	lysis			3
Wasted calls			***		34
Brown van			Mileage run. 3,875	е	
Blue van			2,020		

MORTUARY.

Seventy-five bodies were received at the mortuary and an inquest held on 26 of them.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACT.

Mr. F. G. Buxton, the Veterinary Inspector, reports that during the year he inspected 393 pigs and 2 sheep and issued 2 removal licences. A post-mortem examination was made of 3 sheep. No action was necessary under the Tuberculosis Order, 1925.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE,

CENTRES.

No. 1 Centre.—St. Mary's Mission Hall, Brook Road. serving

East and West Hornsey, Crouch End and North Haringey areas.

Health Visitors: Mrs. E. Durnford and Miss A. Godden.

CLINICS: -

2nd and 4th Mondays: 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Sutherland). Wednesdays: 10-12 a.m. and 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Muir). Thursdays: 10-12 a.m. and (Ante-natal) 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Muir).

No. 2 Centre.—No. 22, Wightman Road, serving Stroud Green, Finsbury Park and South Haringey areas.

Health Visitor: Miss A. Glover.

CLINICS: -

1st, 3rd and 5th Mondays, 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Sutherland). Tuesdays: 10-12 a.m. and 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Muir).

1st and 3rd Tuesdays: 2-4 p.m. (Ante-natal). (Dr. Muir).

No. 3 CENTRE.—ALL SAINTS' HALL, CHURCH ROAD, serving Highgate and Muswell Hill areas.

Health Visitor: Miss J. Macpherson.

CLINICS: -

Fridays: 2-4 p.m. (Dr. Garrow).

2nd Fridays (Ante-natal): 10-12 a.m. (Dr. Sutherland).

Sub-Centre at Coldfall School, serving the Council's Coppetts Road Estate. Health Visitor (part time): Miss F. Ross.

CLINICS: -

1st and 3rd Fridays: 10-12 a.m. (Dr. Sutherland).
4th Friday (Ante-natal): 10-12 a.m. (Dr. Sutherland).

Table I. on page 47 gives a statistical record of the work done at the Centres and by the Borough Midwife.

MATERNITY.

During 1932, 192 maternity cases were admitted to the North Middlesex Hospital from Hornsey.

An arrangement has been made with the Royal Northern Hospital whereby expectant mothers attending the Welfare Centre Ante-natal Clinics can be admitted for an inclusive fee of £4 4s. 0d.

MIDWIFERY.

The Municipal Midwife attended 161 births. A reduction of her fee was made in 59 necessitous cases. Twelve hundred and eighty-six births have been attended by the Midwife since the appointment was first made in 1922.

In view of the increasing call upon the Midwife's services and her difficulty in making all her visits, the Council in May made her a car allowance.

X-RAY TREATMENT.

Only one expectant mother was sent to University College Hospital from the Ante-natal Clinic for examination.

MILK-MOTHERS AND CHILDREN ORDERS.

Nine hundred and thirty-two applications for milk under this Order were dealt with during the year, of which 916 were granted and 16 were refused. The total of the accounts paid to 31st December amounted to £292 9s. 10d.

MILK COOKERY LECTURES.

A course of Milk Cookery Lectures was conducted at Brook Road Centre by the National Milk Publicity Council. Unfortunately they were not as well attended as was hoped and the experiment was not extended to the other Centres.

ORTHOPÆDIC TREATMENT.

A joint (Maternity and Child Welfare and Education Committees) scheme for the early diagnosis and treatment and prevention of crippling conditions in children from birth to school-leaving age has been in operation for about four years, and is giving highly satisfactory results at relatively small cost. The local centre of this scheme is at the School Clinic, and hospital cases are admitted to the country branch of the Royal National Orthopædic Hospital at Stanmore.

DENTAL CLINIC.

The following is a record for the year of the Dental Clinic for Mothers and Children which was started in 1928:—

				32.
Clinics held	***		Mothers.	Children.
Old cases			86	62
New cases			34	34
Total attendances			202	116
Attendances for dent	ures		16	-
Gas cases			35	40
Local injections			14	_
Teeth extracted			184	60
Fillings done			60	16
Dentures provided			5	_
Dentures repaired			5	_
Inspections			21	32
Cases finished			27	24
Other treatments	(dress	ings,		
scaling, gum treatn	nent,	etc.)	17	29

VOLUNTARY COMMITTEES.

The Hon. Secretaries of the Voluntary Committees inform me that the following benefits have been dispensed out of voluntary funds:—

Brook Road Centre. — Two mothers sent to convalescent homes and 4 to holiday homes.

Highgate Centre.—Eleven mothers to holiday homes, 1 child to convalescent home, 2 mothers supplied with home helps during confinement, and 15 children supplied with surgical instruments.

NURSERY SCHOOL.

The Nursery School started in November, 1931, and conducted at no expense to the Council by Miss Benn at Highgate Centre, continues to be a success. There are about 20 between the ages of 2 and 5 on the rolls and the total attendances made during the year was 2,719.

LIST OF TABLES.

- TABLE A.—Vital Statistics, 1911-32.
- TABLE B.—Causes of, and ages at, death in 1932, and summary of causes of death, 1931.
- TABLE C.—Summary of causes of death, 1921-1930.
- TABLE D.—Infant Mortality in 1932. Causes of and ages at death.
- TABLE E.—Births, Deaths, Infant Deaths, and Deaths from certain diseases, 1901-1932.
- TABLE F.—Cases of Infectious Disease notified in 1932.
- TABLE G.—Cases of Infectious Disease notified 1909-1932.
- TABLE H.—(1) Notification of, and deaths from, Tuberculosis, 1932.
 - (2) Tuberculosis Register, 1932.
- TABLE I.—Work done at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres and by Municipal Midwife, 1932.
- TABLE J.—Inspection of Factories, Outworkers, etc., 1932.

TABLE A.
BOROUGH OF HORNSEY VITAL STATISTICS, 1911-1932.

	21000	01	HORNSEY	VIIII DINI	101100, 1011	-1002.
	YEAR.		Estimated Mid-Year Population.	Birth Rate per 1,000 Population.	Death Rate per 1,000 Population.	Infant Mortality per 1,000 Births.
1911			84,592	17-5	9.6	78
1912			84,840	16.3	9.9	75
1913			85,122	16.7	9.7	56
1914			85,456	17.8	9.2	57
1915			85,800	15.5	12.2	80
1916			86,147	16.0	11.5	46
1917			86,450	11.3	10.9	70
1918			86,942	11.7	13.8	61
1919			87,100	13.6	11.4	64
1920			87,410	19.3	10.3	54
1921			87,691	16.7	11.0	49
1922			88,007	15.4	11.2	54
1923			88,325	14.4	10.5	51
1924			88,661	13.4	10.4	41
1925			89,064	13.6	10.6	43.6
1926			89,850	13.4	10 3	47.2
1927			90,000	13.3	11.2	38.3
1928			90,250	12.1	12.1	61.3
1929			90,500			02.0
			RegrGen.'s Estimate. 88,450	13.8	12.7	54.05
1930	***		88,450	13.7	11.8	41.35
1931			Census. 95,524	11.9	11.2	52.6
1932			RegrGen.'s Estimate 96,990	11.37	11.45	46.2
ENGL		and		15.3	12.0	65
(R	ates in			100	120	00
118 Co	unty E	Boroug	gh and nclud-	15.4	11.8	69
ing	Lond ates in	on		7		
126 Sm (R	aller ates in	Γowns 1932)		15.4	10.8	58
London (R	ates in	1932)		14.2	12.3	66

A MANAY OR HOUSENAME LATTY TRANSPORT OF HOUSE

		7	1	Agos.	THE PARTY	-1	OAUE	-9	OP.	ANID	Acre	-15	The same	-25	1 05	-35	25	-45	45-	-5.6	55	-65	65-	-75	75 8	over		All 2	iges
1/		Total.		/ F	M	1 F	M	F	M	1 F	M	1 10	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		N1	F
11-		-		-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-				-		-	-	-	-		1		-
	1. Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers 2. Measles	6	3	3			1	1		ï	2	1	***	***		***							***	***			2	***	
	3. Scarlet Fever													***						***							3		1
	4. Whooping cough	3	1	2	1	1	***	1	***	***		187	***	***	***	***	***	***	***				***				4		2
	5. Diphtheria	4	252	4			***	1	***			2		141	***	***	***		283	***	***	1	***	***	**	***	5	2	3
	3. Influenza	31	11	20	***	***	***	***	***	***	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	***	2	1	***	1	2	3	2	10	6	7	16
1 6	. Encephalitis lethargica Cerebro-spinal fever	***		1		***	***	***	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	**	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	7	***	1
9		54	23	31	***	***	**	***	***	1	***	***	3	5	6	12	7	7			***		***	***	***	***	8	0.1	01
10		9	3	6	***	***	***	***	1	1		1	1	2			-	1	2	3	5	2		2	***	***	10	21	31 2
11	Suphilie						***				***		1	-		***		-	1	***	***		***	1	***	***	11	3	3
	. General paralysis of the insane,					***	***	****				***	***	**		**	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	11	1	0
-	tabes dorsalis	7	4	3							***							1	2	1	1			1	W. K.	1000	19	3	
13.		160	66	94	***	***	***						2	1	3		5	8	2	17	20	23	26	22	8	23	13	72	107
14	. Diabetes	13	3	10		***	***												1	1			1	7	1	2	14	4	12
15	. Cercbral hæmorrhage, etc	65	25	40					***							***	2		2	3	2	6	5	18	14	13	15	17	52
16		290	109	181	***	***			441		***			2		6	3	3	6	11	17	21	39	54	44	84	16	110	150
17		5	4	1		***	***		***			***				***	***		2		1	***	1	1			17	2	
18		46	24	22	1		***		***	***	***	***	1		***						3	3	9	6	10	13	18	25	29
19.		29	21	8				***	***	***	***	***	121		***	***	***	***	2		4	***	8	2	7	6	19	15	15
20.		66	32	34	3	2	4		***	***	***	1	1	***	2		3	2	5	2	4	4	7	11	3	12	20	28	40
21.		17	9	8	1	***	***	***		***	***	***	***		***			***	1	1	3	1	4	1	***	5	21	5	6
22.		11	8	3		***			***		184		***	**	1		1	1	3	1	1	1	1	***	1		22	7	4
23		8	4	4	3	3	***	1	***		***	***	***	***	***			***	***	***	***	***	1	***	***		23	2	3
24	Appendicitis	7	2	5	***	***			***	***	***	1		1			***			1	1	1	1	1	***	***	24	3	4
25.		7	5	2	***	***	***	***	***	411	***	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	1	***	2	1	2	1	***	***	25	2	1
27.	Other discribes discreti	4	3 7	14	***	***	***	***		***	***	***	***		***	***	***		***		1	***	***	1	2	***	26	3	1
28.	A control of the state of the s	21	12	14	1	***	***	***	***	1	***	***	***	***	1	***	***	1	***	1	1	4	2	3	2	4	27	10	10
29.	Decomposed access	26	37.74	4	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***		***	***	2	1	3	4	2	3	5	5	28	19	15
30.	0.1	2	***	2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***		***	2	***	2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	29	***	2
31.	Congenital debility, premature	4	***	-		***			**	***	***	***	***	493	***	2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	30	***	3
JI.	birth, malformations, etc	32	15	17	13	17					1						,										31	24	16
32.		34	10	24	10			***	***	***			***	***		***	1	***	. * *	***	***	***	2	3	8	21	32	8	11
33.		11	9	2					***	***	***	***	ï	1	1	1	3	***	ï	***	2	***	1		130	7.5	33	9	2
34.		423	25	18	1		1	1	1	1	2	4	3	1	4			***	4	ï	4	2	3	2	2	7	34	16	13
35.		965	48	47	2	1	1	.1.		î	1		1	3	5	4		2	6	11	5	7	13	8	12	9	35	44	41
36.													*				-				4.00	- 15	-	1999	777		36		
	Totals		486		26	25	7	5	2	6	7	11	14	18	24	29	29	28	46	56	80	82	130	151	121	914	00	462	506
Sn	ecial causes included in 35 above	TALL	-	-	20		-		-	- 0		1.7	1.0	10	2.4	20	23	20	40	00	00	02	100	TOI	121	214		402	550
oh	Small nou	LOT N											- 1				100												
	Poliomyelitis					100																						1,0	58
	Polioencephalitis												1250			-	44												
			-																										
_		- '		- "	-	,	-		1111					- 1	-		1		-	-	-					-		('

CAUSES OF, AND AGES AT, DEATH DURING THE TEN YEARS 1921-1930 (OLD CLASSIFICATION). All Ages. Registrar-General's returns. CAUSES OF DEATH All causes-Certified Uncertified Enteric Fever *** Small-pox 2 Measles ... Scarlet Fever ... Whooping Cough ... Diphtheria ... Influenza Encephalitis Lethargica ... Meningococcal Meningitis ... Q Tuberculosis of Respiratory System Other Tuberculous Diseases Cancer, Malignant Disease... Rheumatic Fever Diabetes Cerebral Hæmorrhage, etc.... ... Heart Disease... Arterio-sclerosis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Other Respiratory Diseases Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum... 8 7 Diarrhœa (under 2 years) ... Appendicitis Cirrhosis of Liver ... Acute and Chronic Nephritis Puerperal Sepsis Other accidents and diseases of ... Pregnancy and Parturition Congenital Debility and Malformation, Premature Birth ... Suicide Other Deaths from Violence Other Defined Diseases Causes Ill-defined or Unknown ... Total 1050 1130 1000 1009 926 938 928

TABLE D.-INFANT MORTALITY, 1932.

CAUSES OF DEATH.		Deaths f	rom state	d causes a	at various	Ages unde	r One Yea	r of Age.	Ja Li	Total Deat
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 Week.	Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 4 Weeks.	1-3 Months.	3-6 Months.	6-9 Months.	9-12 Months.	unde One Yea
Atelectasis Inanition Asphyxia Intra Cranial Hæmorrhage Tetanus Neonatorum Pneumonia Bronchitis Spina Bifida Marasmus Gastric Enteritis Meningitis Peritonitis Strangulated Hernia Hydrocephalus	12 5 1 1 1 	1	- - 1 1 - -	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -	1 	1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	166 55 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 2 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Whooping Cough and Pneumon Acidosis Uræmia Pink's Disease							1	- 1 - -	- 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 1 1
Total	. 20	1	2	3	26	11	6	2	6	51

	BIRTH	S, DEAT	HS, INF	ANT DEA	THS, AN	TABLE	ATHS	FROM	CERTA	AIN DI	SEASE	S, 1901	-1932.	
YEAR.	Population Census,	Total Live Births	Total Still Births	Total Deaths	Total Infant Deaths (under one year)	Deaths from Measles	Deaths from Whooping Cough	Deaths from Diarrhoa (under two years)	Deaths from Scarlet Fever	Deaths from Diphtheria	Deaths from Typhoid Fever.	Deaths from Cancer.	Ceaths from Tuber culosis (Pulmonary	Deaths from Tuberculosis (Non-Pulmonary)
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	72,056 84,592 87,659	1,511 1,565 1,561 1,659 1,567 1,603 1,524 1,485 1,508 1,393 1,479 1,385 1,425 1,529 1,394 1,038 1,037 1,188 1,707 1,468 1,217 1,189 1,214 1,206 1,201 1,191 1,221 1,209 1,139		597 620 589 690 696 769 766 752 787 737 812 840 824 791 1,007 928 906 1,094 992 903 968 992 928 928 946 928 1,012 995 1,128 1,047 1,058	127 129 130 145 106 136 116 95 87 84 116 105 81 12 64 73 64 76 93 72 72 64 48 53 57 46 73 67 50 60	8 7 15 18 9 18 5 12 12 1 20 5 12 1 37 0 14 6 0 4 1 3 4 2 1 8 0 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14 9 19 17 10 4 19 11 12 10 15 2 8 4 7 7 5 6 13 0 7 2 8 3 0 1 7 1 1 2 8 8 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	6 1 1 21 6 22 3 3 0 0 35 13 12 21 23 8 3 7 6 7 15 3 5 1 1 3 2 2 3 4 4 4 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1 3 6 4 3 3 4 1 3 0 0 1 3 0 0 2 2 3 3 3 1 1 0 0 0 1 2 2 0 2 1	8 9 8 7 8 13 9 9 10 8 6 2 4 7 11 11 6 8 3 20 13 6 6 6 2 1 1 6 6 6 7 4 5	3 6 1 2 2 2 5 4 2 0 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	47 51 62 49 65 65 76 84 75 88 103 114 96 82 99 106 113 130 119 119 136 143 143 147 131 143 147 131 143 156 179	45 45 46 54 58 47 50 53 57 41 55 43 58 44 58 45 66 61 74 60 47 55 48 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	18 22 20 23 16 13 19 16 26 18 23 17 14 10 19 20 25 13 11 12 13 11 7 7 8 6 10 15 7 5
1932	RGen.'s Estimate 96,990	1,103	38	1,111	51	6	3	8	0	4	0	160	54	9

														-

	Г				w	ARD					1			AGES	,				net al.	d to	Sing c.	at .	red	
	DISEASE	Highgate	Muswell Hill,	Crouch End	West Hornsey	East Hornsey	North Baringey	South	Stroud	Finsbury Park.	0-	5	5— 15	15— 25	25— 45	45— 65	65 and over	Total	Admitted to Joint Hospital.	Admitted to other Hospitals	In Nursin Home.	Nursed at Home.	Registered Deaths	
	Small Pox Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Typhoid Para Typhoid Pneumonia	20 7 1 2 3	1 25 10 — 11	11 4 — 3	12 8 — 12	4 23 15 — 7	14 8 — 4	-4 5 - 5	7 12 1 — 3	7 1 - 1 4	1	25 15 — 4	1 61 30 — 7	2 26 16 — 1 9	9 8 2 2 12	1 2 1 — — 11	_ _ _ _ 9	5 123 70 2 3 52	89 61 2 1	4 5 6 - 1 11		1 29 3 — 1 31	- 4 - 66	
	Erysipelas Puerperal Fever Puerperal	3	3	5	6 2	5	3	1 -	1 -	1 -	_	1	2	2	6	13	4	28	15	4	-	13	4	
	Pyrexia Ophthalmia	3	4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	5	9	-	-	14	-	13	1	-	-	
	Neonatorum Poliomyelitis Meningitis Encephalitis	=	1 1 -	=	=		=	=	1 1 -	<u>-</u>	2	2		<u>-</u>				2 2 2		<u>-</u>	1 _	<u></u>	-	
	Lethargica	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	_	_	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	_	45
	Tuberculosis:	39	58	24	41	57	31	16	27	15	3	48	101	63	51	29	13	308					75	
	Pulmonary Non-	20	25	5	17	18	13	15	20	13	-	-	3	39	69	32	3	146					54	
	Pulmonary	5	3	2	2	7	4	_1_	4		1_	3	12	7	5	-		28					9	
1g T.B.	Admitted to Joint Isol. Hospital	19	38	31	23	36	18	32 8	18	10	4	51	116	109	125	61	16	482	181	45		80	138	
5	Other Hptls. Nursing Homes Nursed at	12	6 2	3	7	8	3	2	3	1														
H]	Note.—The f	8	12	10	11	13	10	6	6	4										Tanclas				

Note.—The following 97 cases were also admitted to the Isolation Hospital in addition to the above:—16 Measles, 11 Measles and Pneumonia, 14 Tonsilitis, 9 Influenza, 3 Chicken-pox, 3 Mastoid, 3 Gastro-Enteritis, 2 Gastritis, 2 Laryngitis, 1 Pharyngitis, 1 Bad Throat, 1 Quinsey, 1 German Measles, 1 Whooping Cough, 1 Whooping Cough and Pneumonia, 1 Measles, Whooping Cough and Pneumonia, 1 Adenitis, 1 Colic, 1 Rheumatism. 1 Mental derangement, 1 Sepsis, 4 Local sepsis, 2 Septic fingers, 1 Septic toe, 1 Injury to face and hand, 1 Injury to hand, 1 Injury to wrist. 1 Injury to knee, 2 Vaccination, 4 found not to be Enteric Fever, 1 Enteric found to be Appendicitis, 1 found not to be Cerebro-spinal meningitis, and 3 for observation.

	1 -11		

						TABL	E G	-NOTI	FICAT	IONS	OF IN	FECTI	ous I	DISEAS	E, 190	9-1932					
Year.	Population.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria or Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Para Typhoid.	Puerperal Fever,	Puerperal Pyrexia.	Erysipelas.	Cerebral Spinal	Polio-Myelitis.	Ophthalmia Neonatorum.	Malariar	Dysentery.	Encephalitis Lethargica,	Polio-Encepha itis.	Pneumonia.	Small-pox.	Measles.	German Measles.	Total	Attack rate per 1,000 population.
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	82,378 83,401 84,592 84,840 85,122 85,456 85,800 86,147 86,450 87,410 87,691 88,007 88,325 88,661 89,064 89,850 90,000 90,250 88,450 (RGen,'s Estimate) 95,524 (Census) 96,990	221 173 179 138 206 346 182 89 203 245 591 226 126 126 126 140 179 346 247	151 105 133 88 115 101 105 77 66 67 87 149 189 123 133 40 40 129 115	4 10 6 9 10 9 18 8 4 8 6 6 2 1 1 3 10 4 6 4 3 5 7		1 1 2 3 2 1 5 1 1 2 4 2 2 2 2 1 1 4 1 3 3 4 7 4 7 7 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		37 30 40 39 26 24 35 32 28 23 42 27 36 24 24 26 22 34 24 36 36 32 22 34 23 34 24 26 26 27 36 26 27 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36		- 1 - 3 6 - 3 1 3 2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 2			- - - - - - 2 2 1 - - - 1 - - -				1	207 1,227 796 224 not now n	281 881 119 285 otifiable	414 319 361 279 359 492 358 726 2,344 1,110 1,001 555 878 552 373 359 293 364 427 599 592	5·0 3·8 4·2 3·2 4·2 5·7 4·1 2·7 * 2·3 * 5·7 * 6·3 10·1 6·2 4·2 4·0 3·3 4.0 4.7 6·6 6·6 6·6 5·3 3.2
	(RGen.'s Estimste)																				

^{*} Excluding Measles and German Measles.

		Transaction.
	Princellini	

		New	Cases.			De	aths	
AGE PERIODS,	Pulm	nonary	Non-Pu	lmonary	Pulm	onary	Non-Pul	lmonary
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0 — 1	–	_	_	1	_	-	_	_
	-	-	1	2	-	-	1	1
	. 1	2	6	6	_	-	-	1 2
	13	26	4	3	3 6	5 12	1	2
	16	28 11	1	3	7	7		1
$35 - 45 \dots $	10	5	1	1	2	3	1	
FF 0F	0	6			5	1	_	1
er and ann	. 1	2	_		_	3	_	_
	100 2002							
Totals	66	80	12	16	23	31	3	6
Wards:—								
Highgate		10	3	2	3	1	-	-
Muswell Hill		15	-	3	3	2	-	3
Crouch End		2	_	2	1	2	-	1
West Hornsey		9	2	_	3	4	-	_
East Hornsey		10	5	2	7	5	1	2
North Haringey		6	1	3	2	6	-	-
South Haringey		11		1 3	2	4 3	1	_
Stroud Green	. 9	11	1	3	2 2	4	1	
Finsbury Park		6			2	4		
Totals	. 66	80	12	16	23	31	3	6

	Pulm	onary.	Non-Pu	lmonary.	To	otal.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
(a) Number of Cases on Register at commencement of 1932	240	248	69	68	309	316
(b) Number of Cases notified for first time during year under Regulations	52	52	9	9	61	61
(c) Cases restored to Register during 1932	1	1	0	0	1	1
(d) Cases added to Register otherwise than by notifications under Regulations: (1) Transferred from other districts (2) From Death Returns	13 0	22 5	2 1	4 3	15 1	26 8
e) Number of Cases removed from Register during 1932	41	58	6	10	47	68
f) Number of Cases remaining on Register at end of 1932	265	270	75	74	340	344

Cases removed from the Register shown under (c) are accounted for as follows:—

	Found not to be T.B.		Cured.		ved to er area.	Died at Home.		or o	anatorium other ution.	То	tals.
М	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F
						Pulm	onary				
1	3	1	5	21	20	9	18	9	12	41	58
				1		Non-Pu	lmonary				
0	0	0	3	3	2	0	3	3	2	6	10
1	3	1	8	24	22	9	21	12	14	47	68

TABLE I.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE WORK, 1932.

			Cen	tres.				
Nature of Work.	No	. 1.	No	. 2.		and centre.	То	tals.
Number of sessions held	1	97	1	22		73	1	392
" ante-natal sessions held		50		27		24	1	01
Number of individual Mothers seen by Doctor:—								
Ante-natal, New cases	2	28		91	119 3	59	8	78
,, Old cases	3	22	1	27	1	04	5	53
Post-natal, New cases		61		39		1	1	01
,, Old cases		14		9		_		23
	6	25	2	66	1	64	1,0)55
Total attendances of Mothers	9	03	3	44	1	56	1,4	103
Number of babies attending Centres for first time: Under 1 year 1 5 years		36 86		76 44		46 50		58 80
Number of individual babies on Centre registers: Under 1 year 1-5 years		95 25		99 49		16 61		10
Attendances of babies at medical consultations	3,3	25	2,0	89	1,0	44	6,4	158
Babies seen by Doctor	2,4	11	1,3	91	8	14	4,6	16
Total attendances of babies at Centres: Under 1 year 1 5 years	5,1 3,0		2,1 1,1		1,7	65 48	1000	98
Referred to own private doctors		18		37		3		58
Referred to hospitals	1	34		51		6	1	91
Health talks given by nurses		_		26		1		27
Visits paid by nurses:— To expectant mothers To infants under one year To children aged 1-5 years Total visits paid by Nurses	First visits 95 509 99 703	Total visits 167 2,454 3,266 5,887	First visits 80 287 66 433	Total visits 140 1,368 1,825 3,333	First visits 70 287 61 418	Total visits 118 1,090 1,589 - 2,797	226	Total Total visits 42 4,91
CHILDREN ACTS— Visits paid to Foster Children	20	154	8	82	1	74	29	310

RECORD OF WORK OF MUNICIPAL MIDWIFE, 1932.

Confinements atter			 	 161
Ante-natal Clinics	attend	led	 	 . 75
do. vis	its		 	 507
Post-natal visits			 	 2,119

DESCRIPTION OF THE OWN PROPERTY.

			The same of the sa

TABLE J .- FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

The following is a summary of the result of inspections made at Factories, Workshops and Workplaces during the year, with a list of Outworkers' premises, a copy of which has been forwarded to the Home Office, as required.

None of the Outworkers' premises was found to be in an unwholesome condition.

		Number of	
Premises.	Inspections.	Written Notices. (3)	Prosecutions.
Factories (Including Factory Laundries)	137	3	0
Workshops (Including Workshop Laundries)	253	6	0
Workplaces (Other than Outworkers' premises)	50	0	0
Total	440	9	0

DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS & WORKPLACES.

The second second second	Nu	mber of Defe	ects.	Number
Particulars.	Found.	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	of
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts: -* Want of cleanlines	,		9 1 9	
317	4	4		-
Overementing				
Want of Drainage of A.zes	_		00	
Other nuisances	5	5	_	_
Other nuisances	_	_	2 2	_
Sanitary ac. unsuitable or de-			1	
commodation fective	_	-	-	-
not separate for			27 3	
sexes	-	-	_	-
Offences under the Factory and Workshop Acts:— Illegal occupation of underground bakehouse (s. 101) Other offences (Excluding offences relating to outwork and offences under the Sections mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (Factories and Work- shops Transfer of Powers) Order, 1921).	=			111
Total	9	9		

^{*}Including those specified in sections 2, 3, 7 and 8 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, as remediable under the Public Health Acts.

TARRE J.—EACTORING VIOLETANCE AND WORKSTACKS.
The following is a patemary of the result of inspections made at Paristin, Workshops and Workshops and Workshop for rest, with a list of Outworkers' consistent a copy of mbles has been forwarded to the Home Office, on required.

Here of the Outworkers' promises was found to be in an unwholesome securities.

		Confedence Partney Laurenteen)

TABLE J.—(contd.)

	Nature of Work				Outworkers.	Instances.	Notices served.	Prosecutions.
	(1)						ž	
	l							
Wearing	Wearing Apparel	***		***	12	0	0	0
rii	Gloves	***	***	***	1 2	0	0	0
ea	Gaiters	***	***		1	0	0	0
N A	Machinist			***	3	0	0	0
	Underclothing	***			9	0	0	0
	Drapery				2	0	0	0
	Tailoring	***	***	***	18	0	0	0
	Outfitters				2	0	0	0
	Boots				6	0	0	0
	Neckwear				9	0	0	0
	Blouses			***	4	0	0	0
	Gowns				3	0	0	0
	n							
80	Dressmaking			***	20	0	0	0
886	Costumiers	•••	***	***	1 0	0	0	0
Dresses	Jumpers and Costun	nes	***		2	0	0	0
A	Skirt making	***	***	***	1 1	0	0	0
	Dress Designing	***		***	1	0	0	U
	Infants' Millinery			2	2	0	0	0
	Millinery				8	0	0	0
	,							
- m =	Girls' Tunics	***			1	0	0	0
ild n's	Children's Frocks				7	0	0	0
Child- ren's Wear	Children's Outfitting				2 1	0	0	0
0	,, Raincoats				1	0	0	0
	Cellophane Covers		***		1	0	0	0
	Boxes		***		1	0	0	0
	Furs	***			2	0	0	0
	Umbrellas		***		1	0	0	0
	Knitted Goods	***	***	***	2	0	0	0
	Fancy Goods	***			1	0	0	0
	Artificial Flowers		***	***	3	0	0	0
	Embroidery Needlework		***		4	0	0	0
	Danahas	***	***		2	0	0	0
	Chemists' Sundries			***	1	0	0	0
	Jewel Cases			***	1 1	0	0	0
	111							
	Total					0	0	

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Borough of Ihornsey.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

School Medical Officer

FOR THE

Year ending December 31st,

1932

HORNSEY EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

List of Members, December 31st, 1932.

Members of the Town Council-

HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR, ALDERMAN J. W. ROWLANDS, J.P., 25, Cholmeley Park, Highgate, N.6.

ALDERMEN.

Mr. W. G. BARRENGER, 20, Southwood Hall, Highgate, N.S.

Mr. B. H. JENKINSON, 36, Avenue Road, Highgate, N.6.

Mr. W. W. Kelland, M.A., 14, Hillside Mansions, Jackson's Lane, Highgate, N.6.

COUNCILLORS.

Mr. W. J. GRIMSHAW (Chairman), "Oaklea," 25, Sheldon Avenue, N.6.

Mr. D. V. Johnson (Vice-Chairman), 54, Coolhurst Road, N.8.

Mrs. J. H. Barrenger, 20, Southwood Hall, Highgate, N.6.

Mr. A. A. Bell, 120, Wightman Road, Harringay, N.4.

Mrs. C. M. CAVE, 10, Wood Vale, Muswell Hill, N.10.

Mr. R. J. OWEN, 278, Wightman Road, N.S.

Mr. J. W. Palmer, 30, Crescent Road, Crouch End, N.8.

Mr. J. W. Shipp, 12, Berkeley Road, Crouch End, N.8.

Mr. L. J. VALETTE, 59, Allison Road, Hornsey, N.8.

Mr. W. V. Wall, 168, Stroud Green Road, N.4.

Co-optative Members-

The Rev. H. C. Montgomery-Campbell, M.A., The Rectory, Hornsey, N.8.

Mr. J. H. FORD, M.A., 5, Woodlands Gardens, N.10.

Mrs. A. Holman, J.P., 8, Hornsey Lane, Highgate, N.6.

Mr. W. E. PATERSON, M.A., B.Sc., 7, Donovan Avenue, N.10.

Mr. H. Tompkins, 7, Danvers Road, Hornsey, N.8.

Mrs. W. Turner, 65, Crouch Hall Road, Crouch End, N.8.

Mrs. J. WHITEHEAD, 2, Waverley Road, Crouch End, N.8.

Director of the Education Committee-

A. W. ALLEN, Esq., M.A.,

Education Office,

79, Crouch End Hill, N.8.

MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL CARE COMMITTEE.

- Six Members of the Education Committee—
 Councillors J. H. Barrenger, C. M. Cave and L. J. Valette,
 Mrs. W. Turner, Mr. H. Tompkins and Mrs. J. Whitehead.
- Two Representatives of the Middlesex Education Committee—
 Alderman W. W. Kelland, M.A., and Rev. F. M. Tapply,
 M.A.
- Three Head Teachers from among the Head Teachers of the Public Elementary Schools—
 Miss F. A. Barter, Miss H. M. Stone and Mr. H. Turner.
- One Representative of the Hornsey Parochial Charities Trustees—Mr. J. C. Taylor.
- Not more than four other persons residing in the Borough who possess experience or knowledge of social work among school children or young persons—

Mr. J. H. Ford, M.A., Mrs. D. M. Johnson and Mr. G. Simmonds, B.A.

Eight Representatives of Employers and employees in the area of the Authority—

Councillor W. V. Wall, Mr. E. H. Bennett, Mrs. N. Brixey, Mrs. E. Chapman, Mr. G. Pain, Mrs. H. Tompkins, Mr. R. James and Mr. H. Townsend.

MEMBERS OF THE DISTRICT CARE COMMITTEES.

Campsbourne.—Councillor L. J. Valette (ex-officio), *Mrs. E. Chapman, Mrs. W. C. Hardwick, Mrs. A. E. Lamble, Miss G. S. Litchfield, Mrs. E. J. Luckett, Miss M. D. Sibley, Miss D. F. Smith, Mr. H. Turner, Mrs. L. Whittle, Mrs. Durrant, Mrs. Gardiner and Mrs. D. M. Johnson.

CROUCH END.—Councillor L. J. Valette (ex-officio), Miss F. A. Barter, Mr. J. H. Ford, M.A., †Mrs. A. M. Halford, Mrs. E. H. Hare, Mr. J. Iliffe, Miss E. Pitson, Mrs. J. Stevenson, Mrs. H. Tompkins, Miss A. E. Walmsley, Mrs. J. Whitehead, *Mrs. N. W. Findlay, M.A., Miss F. E. Gee and Miss B. Curtis.

^{*} Secretary.

HIGHGATE.—Councillor L. J. Valette (ex-officio), Councillor J. H. Barrenger, Mr. T. E. Durban, Mrs. E. Farrell, †Mrs. P. Farquharson, the Rev. F. Hawkins, M.A., Mrs. A. Imber, Mr. E. R. Lewis, Mr. S. Mason, *Miss M. Owen, Miss R. Spalding, Miss E. Towler, the Rev. C. Wood and Mrs. C. M. Cave.

Muswell Hill.—Councillor L. J. Valette (ex-officio), †Councillor C. M. Cave, Miss E. F. Catley, Miss M. N. Clarke, Mr. F. G. Edwardes, Mrs. A. Holman, J.P., Mrs. M. Heppell, Mr. I. T. Plant, the Rev. C. A. Roberts, Mr. G. Simmonds, B.A., *Mrs. E. Simmonds, the Rev. W. B. Williams, Mr. H. Townsend and Mr. F. J. Randall.

North Harringay.—Mrs. H. Betts, Mrs. W. Briggs, Mrs. N. L. Brixey, the Rev. C. Easterling, *Mrs. H. M. Hay, Mrs. G. Hodd, Miss R. Jones, Mrs. R. Owen, Mr. G. Pain, Miss G. M. Ryde, B.Sc., Miss H. M. Stone, †Councillor Valette, Mrs. Easterling, Mrs. Valette and Mr. J. H. Spilman, B.Sc.

1_STAFF OF SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE.

School Medical Officer: R. P. Garrow, M.D., D.P.H.

Assistant School Medical Officer:
Edith I. L. Abbott, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
(till June, 1932).

Jean Sutherland, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
(from September, 1932).

Oculist: J. S. Boden, M.B., B.S.

Aurist:
A. R. Friel, M.A., M.D., F.R.C.S. (I.).

Radiologist:
J. Morison, M.D.

Orthopædic Surgeon:
H. J. Seddon, F.R.C.S. (Eng.)
(Resident Medical Superintendent,
Royal National Orthopædic Hospital, Country Branch, Stanmore).

Masseuse:
Mrs. Yorke
(Royal National Orthopædic Hospital).

Dentist:
Betty C. Hamilton, L.D.S., L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Edin.),

Nurses:
M. Anscombe.
L. M. Oliver.
F. E. Paris.
F. Ross.

Clerk:
H. M. CROAK.
Assistant Clerk:
V. POWELL.

To the Chairman and Members of the

Hornsey Education Committee.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report on the School Medical Service for the year ending December 31st, 1932.

The outstanding event of the year was the transfer of the School Clinic from temporary premises in Topsfield Parade to the new building at The Broadway, Crouch End. A full description of the new Clinic, with photographs and plan, will be found later in this Report.

An event of great importance in its ultimate effect on the physical condition of the school children was the appointment of a Special Committee on Public Education in Hornsey, which issued its Report in October, 1932. Among the many important aspects of education considered by this Committee was the subject of "Physical Training and Organised Games." In regard to Physical Training, the Special Committee's recommendations are:—

- That the Head Teachers of all Schools be instructed to arrange for some part of every school day to be devoted to the physical training of the children, as distinct from organised games.
- 2.—That arrangements be made for appropriate remedial exercises to be given by specially-qualified teachers to all children in the schools suffering from minor physical deformities who are recommended by the School Medical Officer for special treatment.
- 3.—That the Local Education Authority offer every facility for the younger members of the teaching staff to obtain special training in order that they may be able to undertake the physical training of the children in accordance with the best modern methods.
- 4.—That the Head Teachers of all Schools be requested to see that special attention is paid to the correct posture of the children during the whole time they are in school.

Already in January, 1933, evening classes for the instruction of teachers in modern methods of physical training have been started in Stroud Green School—a class for women teachers on Monday evenings and a class for men teachers on Tuesday evenings. It is hoped that these classes may be repeated periodically, and that the teachers taking part in them will be able in their respective schools to create a desire for the cultivation of good posture and sound body mechanics. There is a big field for useful work in this direction in the elementary schools.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR'S WORK.

At the end of this Report will be found the statistical tables setting out the work of the year in the form required by the Board of Education.

Table I. gives the number of routine and special inspections and re-inspections carried out by the medical staff. The routine inspections at different ages numbered 3,074, special inspections 1,293, and re-inspections 3,608—a total of 7,975. This volume of work is considerably in excess of that of previous years—chiefly because of the inspection of the group of children eligible for admission to secondary schools, i.e., age 10-11, in addition to the usual three "code groups," 5, 8 and 12-14.

Table II. is a statement of the number and nature of the defects found in the course of medical inspection, and the number of individual children found to require treatment. It is extremely difficult to present in figures a true picture of the physical condition of the children from which comparisons may be made between successive years in an attempt to gauge progress. The general impression gained by the handling of considerable numbers of children throughout the year is, on the whole, favourable. In some respects the indications are indeed most pleasing.

For example, the standard of general cleanliness is very high, as also of clothing and footgear.

Certain infectious skin diseases have practically disappeared, e.g., ringworm. Tubercular conditions of glands, bones and joints are extremely rare; affections of the heart, lungs and other vital organs are quite uncommon.

Perhaps most important of all, in view of the straitened economic circumstances of many families, is the fact that the general nutrition of the children has quite definitely improved in recent years.

The departures from health which maintain a relatively high incidence are dental decay, defective vision and defects of posture and general physique. Too many of the children have poor shapes, a condition caused by lack of muscular tone, displaying itself in round shoulders, flat chest and large abdomen. Many of these children carry with them varying degrees of bony deformities chiefly affecting the ribs—pigeon breast, and sunken lower ribs forming a groove across the lower chest known as Harrison's Sulcus. These departures from normal shape are evidence of rickets in infancy—a condition caused by lack of fresh elements in the diet, together with an excess of starchy foods, such as bread, potatoes and such milk puddings as rice and sago.

Table III. classifies in 85 different categories those children who are so physically or mentally defective as to be incapable of receiving proper benefit from the education provided in the ordinary elementary schools. As in former years, I have given special attention to the completion of accurate records of these "exceptional children." Their number is relatively small and they are all provided for in ways suited to their special physical and educational requirements. I have explained in a previous report the difficulty in making any return of "delicate" children.

Table IV. gives details of the treatment carried out during the year under the Authority's scheme of treatment, as set out in tabular form below:—

School Medical Service Scheme of Treatment.

Condition treated.	Where treated.	By whom.	When.
(a) Minor ailments in- cluding skin disease and external eye disease.	School Clinic.	Clinic Nurse (Miss Paris).	Daily at 4 p.m.
THROAT OPERATIONS: (b) Tonsils and Adenoids	Hornsey Central Hospital.	Surgical Staff of the Hospital.	As required.
(c) Defective Vision.	School Clinic.	School Oculist (Dr. Boden).	Two sessions weekly, Tuesday afternoons, Thursday mornings.
(d) Ear Disease and defective hearing.	School Clinic.	School Aurist (Dr. Friel).	One session weekly, Saturday morning.
(e) Dental Defects.	School Clinic.	School Dentist (Dr. Betty C. Hamilton).	Full time, Eleven sessions weekly.
(f) Crippling defects.	School Clinic.	Orthopædic Surgeon (Mr. Seddon). Masseuse (Mrs. Yorke).	One session monthly, 1st Friday afternoon in each month. Two sessions weekly, Monday and Friday afternoons.
(g) Stammering and other speech defects.	School Clinic.	Special Teacher (Miss Bains).	Two sessions weekly, Monday and Wednes- day afternoons.
(h) Ringworm.	Address: Haddon Court, Southwood Lawn Rd., N.6.	Private doctor by arrangement with Education Authority (Dr. Morison)	Each case as required.
(i) Conditions requiring medical consultation.	School Clinics and Infant Welfare Centres.	S.M.O. and A.S.M.O.	Seven sessions or part sessions weekly.

AURAL CLINIC.

Report by Dr. A. R. FRIEL, Aural Surgeon: -

"The event of the year 1932 was the transfer of this Clinic to the new School Clinic in Crouch End Broadway. This Clinic is well equipped and comfortable to work in. It is designed for a Clinic in which there are various departments—general, dental, etc.—and no one who has worked in it would like to go back to an ordinary house adapted for the purpose. The room allotted to ear work is convenient and is wired to provide current for light, heating a steriliser, working a motor, and in addition, a spare plug for other apparatus as required. Hot and cold water are laid on to a large sink and to a handbasin. The plugs are of a safety type, designed to prevent accidents to little fingers which might poke their way into places not intended for them.

"The treatment during the year has been carried out on the same lines as in previous years. All children sent from the Infant Welfare Centres, as well as from the Schools, suffering with otorrhœa, are treated. In addition, many school children are sent up with deafness resulting from suppuration in the ear, as well as the sequel to chronic colds."

Discharging ears classified as to the nature of the disease. Results of treatment summarised:—

Cause of suppuration.	Total.	Cured.	Lost sight of.	Still under treatment.	Needing hospital treatment
I Acute inflammation of the Middle Ear with suppuration	20	19	-	1	-
II. Chronic inflammation of the Middle Ear with suppuration due to—					
(a) Tympanic sepsis	13	12	-	1	-
(b) T.S. + Granulations	4	3	-	1	-
(c) T.S. + Polypus	2	1	-	1	-
(d) Attic disease	8	4	1	2	1
(e) Mastoid disease	3	-	-	1	2
III. Inflammation of the external auditory canal	2	2	-	_	-
IV. Not diagnosed	1	1	-	-	-
Totals	53	42	1	7	3

With reference to the dental treatment, summarised in Table IV., Dr. Betty C. Hamilton, School Dental Officer, furnishes the following observations:—

"During the year 1932 there was a slight increase compared with previous years in the number of children whose parents consented to have their children's teeth treated at the School Clinic. A certain proportion of the remainder attend a private dentist, and those who can afford private treatment are encouraged to do so.

"The opening of the new School Clinic has made dental work much more easily organised, although the time lost during the removal from the old Clinic to the new caused a certain delay in the round of inspection and treatment.

"The Head Teachers have given their help in reducing the number of special inspections of casual applicants for treatment, and emphasis is placed on the necessity of accepting full treatment at the time of inspection.

"The number of actual attendances during 1932 is less than in previous years; but it is now considered advisable to complete the dental treatment of each child in as few visits as possible, considering the nature of the work and the wellbeing of the child.

"It will be noted that there is an increase in the number of permanent teeth filled. The decrease in 1931 and 1932 in the number of temporary teeth filled is balanced by the figures under 'Other operations—temporary teeth,' which relates to nitrate of silver treatment by Howe's method.

"The number of anæsthetics given for extraction is not less than in 1931, but it is worthy of note that nitrous oxide gas is now the invariable anæsthetic, and it has been found better to arrange where necessary for two administrations of nitrous oxide on two different occasions rather than to submit the child to ethyl chloride anæsthesia, with its prolonged recovery period.

"The other operations performed on permanent teeth consist partly of orthodontic work, which is a service given by the Hornsey school dentists for some years, and for which there is a demand, and partly of cleaning and scaling operations and the treatment of incipient gum disease."

BETTY C. HAMILTON, School Dental Surgeon.

THE NEW SCHOOL CLINIC.

After thirteen years in temporary, more-or-less unsatisfactory shop premises at Topsfield Parade, Crouch End, the School Medical Department moved in October, 1932, into its permanent headquarters—the new School Clinic, built in the eastern corner of the site purchased for municipal purposes and lying between the private gardens of houses in Weston Park and Haringey Park. It has access from both these roads and also from The Broadway, Crouch End. The situation is ideal in its quietness and central position.

General Description of the Building. — The building is finished in red brick, with artificial Portland stone dressings, and presents a modest but pleasing appearance. The somewhat unusual cruciform shape (see accompanying plan) was to some extent determined by the necessity for making the best possible use of a small triangular site. This general lay-out has resulted in a very convenient and economical arrangement of the accommodation. The front entrance faces west, and has some 150 yards of open space between it and Crouch End Broadway.

On either side of the front entrance are the lavatories—boys on the left and girls on the right—both entered from the main waiting hall only.

The waiting hall is a spacious, well-lit and well-ventilated room, 40 feet in length and 20 feet wide. The south end of the hall can be divided as occasion requires by a movable partition and used for special purposes (e.g., stammering class, remedial exercises, lectures, etc.), while the remainder of the waiting hall is used for children and their parents waiting attention by doctor or dentist.

Directly opposite the entrance to the waiting hall is a corridor 66 feet long and 5 feet wide, giving access to nine rooms—four on the right side (south) and five on the left side (north). The corridor is exceptionally well lit from both ends, two roof lights, and fanlights above all the doors.

ROOM I.—The first room on the right is the office and store room. In addition to its outside windows to the south, the office has sliding windows into the main waiting hall and corridor, giving the clerk a view of all children in these parts of the building.

Room 2.—The second room on the south, the largest in the building (excepting the waiting hall) is the orthopædic room, 26 by 12 feet. It is also used as the school oculist's room. A special feature is the cork flooring, which is warm, soft and insulating for children stripped and undergoing treatment by massage and electricity. Another feature is the arrangement of French windows, occupying the entire south side and enabling it to be converted into an open-air room, and the adjoining paved courtyard to be used by children doing remedial exercises in the open when weather conditions permit.

ROOM 3.—Room 3 is a small dressing room for children being prepared for examination by the Orthopædic Surgeon in Room 2 or by the Medical Officer in Room 4. It has doors opening into both of these rooms.

ROOM 4.—The end room on the south side is the doctors' consulting room, in which the School Medical Officers see children referred for advice by Head Teachers at the request of parents.

ROOM 5.—The end room on the north side of the corridor is the dentist's operating room, which has a large bay window with glass roof, giving exceptionally good natural lighting (north).

ROOM 6.—Opening out of the dentist's operating room is the recovery room, fitted with ample mouth-washing facilities, a water-closet, and a folding couch for any child requiring rest in the recumbent position.

ROOM 7.—Room 7 is the treatment room, of the same size, shape and lighting as the dental room. It also opens into the recovery room, so that it could be adapted and equipped if required as a second dental room.

ROOMS 8 & 9.—Room 8 is the doctors' and dentist's retiring room and Room 9 is the school nurses' room. Each of these has a lavatory and water-closet.

All cupboard accommodation required is provided in the dividing walls between rooms, thus reducing the need for movable furniture, which restricts working space.

Equipment.—The equipment throughout has been designed with a view to providing the most efficient, up-to-date and economical service in all departments of the work.

FLOORS. — The flooring throughout is buff magnesite on concrete, except in the orthopædic room, where cork is used for warmth, softness and insulation.

Walls.—In the main hall and corridor there is a 4ft. 6in. dado of blue magnesite. Elsewhere the plastered walls have been left to dry out thoroughly before being painted.

LIGHTING.—The natural lighting of the main hall, lavatories, corridors and all rooms is exceptionally good. There is not a dark corner in the building.

The artificial lighting is by electricity and our best thanks are due to Mr. Staniland, the Borough Electrical Engineer, and his staff for the really beautiful and efficient installation provided, and for the trouble they have taken over the sterilisers and other electrical apparatus in use at the Clinic.

Heating.—The central heating of the building is by means of a low-pressure system, with coke-fired sectional boiler in the basement.

The hot-water supply is obtained by means of a domestic boiler, also coke-fired. Both boilers can be converted to automatic oil firing if desired at a later date.

PRAM SHELTER.—It frequently happens that mothers who accompany their school children to the Clinic for treatment also bring the younger members of the family. For their convenience a pram shelter has been provided near the entrance.

The Borough Engineer and Surveyor, Mr. W. H. Adams, F.R.I.B.A., was the architect, and I wish to express to him and his staff the sincerest thanks of the School Medical Service for the way in which all our requirements have been provided for in the new building.

In all departments—medical, dental, orthopædic, etc.—more work is being done here under infinitely more comfortable conditions for staff and children than was possible in the old premises, and it is a matter of interest in connection with the present campaign for "wise spending" that the cost of these services, including annual capital charges on the building (which cost £5,000), is not increased.

The Assistant School Medical Officer, Dr. Edith Abbott, resigned on June 30th to get married and the vacancy was filled in September by the appointment of Dr. Jean Sutherland, formerly Assistant Medical Officer of Health and School Medical Officer for Stockton-on-Tees. There were no other changes in the staff.

I desire to acknowledge the immense amount of time and trouble taken by the Head Teachers and their staffs in the efforts to improve the standard of health throughout the schools; the assistance and support of the Director of Education, and his staff; the hard work of the District Care Committees and the Central Care Committee; and the keen interest of the Education Committee in these concerted efforts to improve the physique of the children.

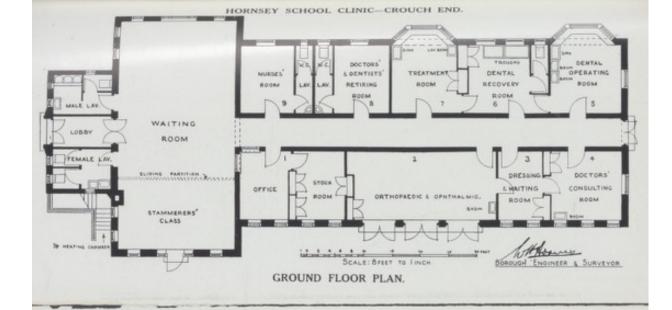
I have the honour to be,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

R. P. GARROW.

School Medical Officer.



Hornsey School Clinic, Interior View of Main Waiting Hall and Corridor taken from Entrance Vestibule.



Hornsey School Clinic Exterior, taken from Broadway Gardens





LIST OF TABLES.

TABLE I.—Number of children inspected.

- " II. (A).—Defects found by medical inspection.
- ,, II. (B).—Number of individual children found to require treatment (including uncleanliness and dental diseases).
- " III.—Return of exceptional children in area.
- " IV.—Return of defects treated.
 - Group 1.—Minor ailments (excluding uncleanliness).
 - Group 11.—Defective vision and squint (excluding minor eye defects treated as minor ailments).
 - Group III.—Treatment of defects of nose and throat.
 - Group IV .- Dental defects.
 - Group V.—Uncleanliness and verminous conditions.
- " V.-List of Schools in the Borough.



TABLE I.

RETURN OF MEDICAL INSPECTIONS (see note a).

(a)-ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

Number of Code Group Inspections— (see note b).

Entr	rants				932
	rmedia		 		1.406
Leav	vers		 		570
	T	otal	 		2,908
Number		er rout	specti	ons	166

(b)—OTHER INSPECTIONS.

Number of special inspections ... 1,293 (see note d).

Number of re-inspections ... 3.608 (see note e).

Total 4,901

NOTES ON TABLE I.

- (a) The return refers to a complete calendar year.
- (b) This heading relates solely to the routine medical inspection of the three ordinary age groups, i.e., to medical inspection carried out:—
 - (i) In compliance with Article 17 of the Consolidated Regulations relating to Special Services—Grant Regulations No. 19;
 - (ii) on the school premises (or at a place specially sanctioned by the Board);
 - (iii) for the purpose of making a report on each child on the lines of the approved Schedule set out in Circular 582.
- (c) Under this heading may be recorded routine inspections, if any, of children who do not fall under the three code age-groups, e.g., routine inspections of a fourth age-group or of other groups of children, as distinct from those who are individually selected on account of some suspected ill-health for "Special" Inspection.
- (d) A Special Inspection is a medical inspection by the School Medical Officer himself or by one of the Medical Officers on his staff of a child specially selected or referred for such inspection, i.e., not inspected at a routine medical inspection as defined above. Such children may be selected by the Medical Officer during a visit to the School or may be referred to him by the Teachers, School Nurses, Attendance Officers, Parents, or otherwise. It is immaterial for the purpose of this heading whether the children are inspected at the School or at the Inspection Clinic or elsewhere. If a child happens to come before the School Medical Officer for special inspection during a year in which it falls into one of the routine groups, its routine inspection should be entered in Part A of Table I. and its special inspection in Part B. The inspection to be recorded under the heading of special inspections should be only the first inspection of the child so referred for a particular defect. If a child who has been specially inspected for one defect is subsequently specially inspected for another defect, such subsequent inspection should be recorded as a Special Inspection and not as a Re-inspection.
- (e) Under this heading should be entered the medical inspections of children who as the result of a routine or special inspection come up later on for subsequent re-inspection, whether at the School or at the Inspection Clinic. The first inspection in every case will be entered as a routine or special inspection as the case may be. Every subsequent inspection of the same defect will be entered as a re-inspection.

Care should be taken to see that nothing is included under the head of special inspections or re-inspections except such inspections as are defined above. Attendances for treatment by a Nurse, or for examinations by anyone other than a Doctor on the staff of the School Medical Service, should not be recorded as medical inspections. If, however, at any such attendance a child is also examined by one of the Authority's Medical Officers, this should be recorded as a special inspection or re-inspection as the case may be, even if treatment is also given; but such attendance may also of course be recorded as an attendance for treatment.

TABLE II.

(A)—RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND BY MEDICAL INSPECTION IN THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER.

	Routine	Inspections.	Special	Inspections.
	No. of	f Defects.	No. of	Defects.
DEFECT OR DISEASE.	Requiring treatmen	Requiring to be kept under observation, but nof requiring treatment.	Requiring treatment.	Requiring to be kept under on observation, but not requiring treatment.
N. 1	47		2	0.00
Malnutrition	47	***	2	
(See Table IV., Group V.)				
(Ringworm, scalp				
., body			5	
Skin Scabies	3		4	***
Impetigo	1	***	25	***
Other Diseases (Non-tuberculous)	3	***	64	
Blepharitis	2 3	***	8	
Conjunctivitis	10000	***	2	
Tretations	***			
Eye Corneal Opacities Defective Vision (excluding	***	***		
Squint)	149	12	87	
Squint	17		34	
Other Conditions	10		117	
(Defective Hearing	4		10	***
Ear Otitis Media	4	0	6	***
Other Ear Diseases	5		32	
Ness (Enlarged Tonsils only	5	8	3	***
Adenoids only	***	***		***
The Enlarged Tonsus and Adenoids	1	1	1	
(Other conditions	24	***	50	***
Enlarged Cervical Glands	0		300	
(Non-Tuberculous)	2 9			0
Teeth - Dental Diseases (see note a - (See Table IV., Group IV.)	1073		3	0
Heart Disease:	F- 17			
and Organic	***	4	***	
Circula- Functional	5	***	20	***
tion Amenia			10	
Lungs Bronchitis - Other Non-Tuberculous Diseases			10	
Other Non-Tuberculous Discusses	***		-	10 310000
Pulmonary; Definite				
Suspected	***			
Non-Pulmonary:	***	1		
Tuber- Glands				
culosis Spine				
Hip				***
Other Bones and Joints				
Skin	***	***	•••	***
Other Forms	***		***	***
Nervous Epilepsy	***		5	***
System Chorea	***		5	***
(Other Conditions			***	***
Defor- Rickets	3	1	***	***
mities Spinal Curvature Other Forms	411	23	20	
Other Defects and Diseases	8	2	749	
Delects and Diseases	0	4	120	***

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TABLE II (continued).

(B)—NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL CHILDREN (see note b) FOUND AT ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTION TO REQUIRE TREATMENT (EXCLUDING UNCLEANLINESS AND DENTAL DISEASES).

		Number	of Children.	Percentage of Children found to
Group (1)		Inspected (see note c). (2)	Found to require Treatment.	require Treat- ment (see note d). (4)
CODE GROUPS:-				
Entrants		932	219	23%
Intermediates	***	1,406	318	23%
Leavers		570	103	18%
Total (code groups)		2,908	640	22%
Other routine inspections		166	33	20%

NOTES ON TABLE II.

- (a) The figures to be included in this space should refer to the findings of the *Medical Officer* and not those resulting from dental inspection in the schools by the School Dentist. The findings of the School Dentist should be recorded in Table IV., Group IV.
- (b) No individual child should be counted more than once in this part of Table II., i.e., under B., even if it is found to be suffering from more than one defect.
- (c) The figures in this column will of course be the same as those given in Table I. A.
- (d) The figure in this column will be the percentage of the figure in column (3) of that in column (2).

TABLE III.

RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN IN THE AREA (see note a).

No child should be entered under more than one heading.

				Boys.	Girls.	Total
i.e., any Total D Active ' category The act	combination eafness (see Tuberculosis, y of the Tabl ual combinat	of To note (Cripp le), or	following types of Multiple Defect, tal Blindness (see note (b) (1)), (d) (1)), Mental Defect, Epilepsy, ling (as defined in penultimate Heart Disease defects and the type of School, indicated on a separate sheet			
Blind (in-	(i) Suitable for train- ing in a School for the totally blind.	2 3 4 5	At Certified Schools for the Blind At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution		1	1
partially blind (see note b).	(ii) Suitable for train- ing in a School for the parti- ally blind.	6 7 8 9	At Certified Schools for the Blind or Partially Blind At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution	4	3	7
Deaf (in- cluding deaf and dumb and	(i) Suitable for training in a School for the totally deaf or deaf and dumb.	10 11 12 13	At Certified Schools for the Deaf At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution		1	1
and parti- ally deaf (see note d)	(ii) Suitable for train- ing in a School for the parti- ally deaf.	14 15 16 17	At Certified Schools for the Deaf or Partially Deaf At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution	6	3	9
Mentally	Feeble- minded. (See note e)	18 19 20 21	At Certified Schools for Mentally Defective Children At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution	19	10	29
Defective	Notified to the Local Mental Deficiency Authority during the year.	22	Details should be given on Form 307 M		4	4

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TABLE III. (continued).

				Boys.	Girls.	Tota
Epileptics.	Suffering from severe epilepsy. (Sec note f).	23 24 25 26 27 28	At Certified Schools for Epileptics At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution			
	Suffering from epilepsy which is not severe. (See note g).	29	At Public Elementary Schools At no School or Institution	4	2	6
	Active pulmonary tuberculosis (including pleura and intrathoracic glands).	31 32 33 34 35 36	At Sanatoria or Sanatorium Schools approved by the Ministry of Health or the Board At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementay Schools (see note h) At other Institutions At no School or Institution			
Physically	Quiescent or arrested tuberculosis (including pleura and intrathoracie glands).	37 38 39 40 41 42	At Sanatoria or Sanatorium Schools approved by the Ministry of Health or the Board At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools At other Institutions At no School or Institution			
Defective (see note i).	Tuberculosis of the peripheral glands.	43 44 45 46 47 48	At Sanatoria or Sanatorium Schools approved by the Ministry of Health or the Board At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools (see note h) At other Institutions At no School or Institution	60	1	4
	Abdominal tuberculosis.	49 50 51 52 53 54	At Sanatoria or Sanatorium Schools approved by the Ministry of Health or the Board At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools (see note h) At other Institutions At no School or Institution			

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TABLE III. (continued).

				Boys.	Girls.	Total
	Tuberculosis of bones and joints (not including deformities due to old tuberculosis).	55 56 57 58	At Sanatoria or Hospital Schools approved by the Ministry of Health or the Board At Public Elementary Schools (see note h) At other Institutions At no School or Institution	1	1	1
	Tuberculosis of other organs (skin, etc.).	59 60 61 62	At Sanatoria or Hospital Schools approved by the Ministry of Health or the Board At Public Elementary Schools (see note h) At other Institutions At no School or Institution			
Physically Defective continued). See note i).	Delicate Children, i.e., all children (except those included in other groups) whose general health renders it desirable that they should be specially selected for admission to an Open Air School. (See note j.)	63 64 65 66 67 68 69	At Certified Residential Cripple Schools At Certified Day Cripple Schools At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools At other Institutions At no School or Institution			
	Crippled Children (other than those with active tuberculous disease) who are suffer- ing from a degree of	70 71 72 73	At Certified Hospital Schools At Certified Residential Cripple Schools At Certified Day Cripple Schools At Certified Residential Open Air Schools	1 1 3	1	1 1 4
	crippling sufficiently severe to interfere materially with a child's nor- mal mode of life.	74 75 76 77	At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools (see note k) At other Institutions (see note k) At no School or Institution (see note k)	13 (1)	15 (0)	28 (1)

District on the state of

TABLE III. (continued).

				Boys.	Girls.	Tota
Physically Defective (continued). (See note i).	Children with heart disease, i.e., children whose defect is so severe as to necessitate the provision of educational facilities other than those of the public elementary school.	78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85	At Certified Hospital Schools At Certified Residential Cripple Schools At Certified Day Cripple Schools At Certified Residential Open Air Schools At Certified Day Open Air Schools At Public Elementary Schools (see note c) At other Institutions At no School or Institution	2		2

NOTES ON TABLE III.

(a) This Table should include all children in the area for whom the Local Education Authority are responsible and who (except in the case of children suffering from epilepsy which is not severe and certain classes of tuberculous and crippled children) have been ascertained to be blind, deaf, defective, or epileptic within the meaning of Part V. of the Education Act. 1921. It is the statutory duty of every Local Education Authority formally to ascertain all defective children in their area irrespective of the actual provision now made for their instruction in Special Schools. It is assumed that every Authority will have a complete list of such children compiled from returns made continuously during the year and kept constantly up to date. In order to secure uniformity, Authorities are requested to make up this Table from their list of defective children as it stands on the last day of each calendar year.

Children who are living in residential schools in the area but who come from other areas, should not be included in this Table; but children should be included who are living in residential schools outside the area and who are being maintained there by the Authority.

For the purpose of this Table, no child should be included whose defect has not been ascertained by the School Medical Officer or a medical member of the Authority's staff. In areas other than Counties or County Boroughs children ascertained by the Tuberculosis Officer of the County should be included.

The definitions of defective children as given in the Act are as follows and must be very carefully borne in mind.

A blind child is a child who is too blind to be able to read the ordinary school books used by children.

A deaf child is a child who is too deaf to be taught in a class of hearing children in an elementary school.

Mentally and Physically Defective children are children who, not being imbecile and not being merely dull and backward, are defective, that is to say, children who by reason of mental or physical defect are incapable of receiving proper benefit from the instruction in the ordinary public elementary schools, but are not incapable by reason of that defect of receiving benefit from instruction in such special classes or schools as under Part V. of the Act may be provided for defective children.

TABLE IT. (condinues)

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Epileptic children are children who, not being idiots or imbeciles, are unfit by reason of severe epilepsy to attend the ordinary public elementary schools.

- (b) For the purpose of this return the Board require that children who are blind within the meaning of the Act should be divided into two categories, i.e., (1) those who are totally blind or so blind that they can only be appropriately taught in a school or class for totally blind children, and (2) those who though they cannot read ordinary school books, or cannot read them without injury to their eyesight, have such power of vision that they can appropriately be taught in a school or class for the partially blind.
- It should be understood that children who are able by means of suitable glasses to read the ordinary school books used by children without fatigue or injury to their vision, should not be included in this Table.
- (c) It should be understood that none of the children in this category should in fact be attending public elementary schools. When the heading is retained, it is merely because at present the insufficiency of Spcial School accommodation makes it impossible to do better for some of these children than to allow them to attend the ordinary school, or because there is some other reason which accounts for the temporary attendance of the children at the ordinary school.
- (d) Children who are deaf within the meaning of the Act should be classified for the purpose of this Table as (1) totally deaf or so deaf that they can only be appropriately taught in a school or class for the totally deaf, and (2) partially deaf, i.e., those who can appropriately be taught in a school or class for the partially deaf.
- (e) This category includes only those children for whose education and maintenance the Local Education Authority are responsible, and should exclude all children who have been notified to the Local Authority under the Mental Deficiency Act.
- (f) In this part of the Table only those children should be included who are epileptic within the meaning of the Act.

For practical purposes the Board are of opinion that children who are subject to attacks of major epilepsy in school should be recorded as "severe" cases and excluded from ordinary public elementary schools.

- (g) In this part of the Table should be entered the remainder of the epileptic children in the area, i.e., children whose disease is of such a kind as not to unfit them for attendance at an ordinary public elementary school.
- (h) Children with "open" tuberculosis should of course be promptly excluded from public elementary schools.
- (i) The exact classification of physically defective children is admittedly a matter of difficulty. Valuable information, however, will be obtained if School Medical Officers will record these defective children as accurately as possible under the selected sub-headings.
- (j) Delicate children suffering from rheumatism should be included in this category, even though it may be considered undesirable to send them to an Open School.
- (k) The total under this heading should be followed by a figure in brackets indicating the number of these children who should be receiving Special School education.

TABLE IV.

RETURN OF DEFECTS TREATED DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER.

(See note a.)

TREATMENT TABLE.

GROUP I.—MINOR AILMENTS (excluding Uncleanliness, for which see Group V.).

		efects treated or t during the year	
DISEASE OR DEFECT.	Under the Authority's Scheme (see note b).	Otherwise.	Total.
Skin-			
Ringworm-Scalp			_
Ringworm-Body	5		5
Scabies	7		7
Impetigo	66		66
Other Skin Disease	73		73
Minor Eye Defects (External and other, but excluding cases falling in Group II).	10		10
Minor Ear Defects (See note c).	56		56
Miscellaneous (e.g., minor injuries, bruises, sores, chilblains, etc.)	400		400
Total	617		617

TABLE IV. (continued.)

GROUP II.—DEFECTIVE VISION AND SQUINT (excluding Minor Eye Defects treated as Minor Allments—Group I.).

	Number of Defects dealt with.						
DEFECT OR DISEASE.	Under the Authority's Scheme (see note b).	Submitted to re- fraction by private practitioner or at hospital, apart from the Authority's Scheme.	Otherwise.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
Errors of Refraction (including Squint) (Operations for squint should be recorded separately in the body of the Report).	449	64	200 7	513			
Other Defect or Disease of the Eyes (excluding those recorded in Group 1.).	133	A designation to the same state of the same stat	or general	133			
Total	582	64		646			

Total number of children for whom spectacles were prescribed

- (a) Under the Authority's Scheme 477
- (b) Otherwise

Total number of children who obtained or received spectacles

- (a) Under the Authority's Scheme 461
- (b) Otherwise

GROUP III.—TREATMENT OF DEFECTS OF NOSE AND THROAT.

	Number of D	efects.		
Receive	d Operative Treatment.		-	
Under the Authority's Scheme, in Clinic or Hospital (see note b).	By Private Practi- tioner or Hospital, apart from the Authority's Scheme.	Total.	Received other forms of Treatment.	Total number treated.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1		1	74	75

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Court II.-Duranty Viscous and Section (Section 19 Section 19

Total number of stillings for which specialis were propried

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Chief Margarett or Dayrett or Home and Tanone.

GROUP IV .- DENTAL DEFECTS.

(1) Number of ((a) Inspect	Aged	the Denti			(2) Half-days devoted to:— Inspection 36 Treatment 395 Total 431
Routine Age Groups	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	153 307 377 405 475 468 528 494 304	Total	3819	(3) Attendances made by children for treatment 3857 (4) Fillings:— Permanent Teeth 2083 Temporary Teeth 229 (5) Extractions:— Permanent Teeth 425
	14 15	178 130			Temporary Teeth 2775 Total 3200
Specials (see		d) Total		486	(6) Administration of general anæsthetics for extractions 1392
(b) Found to (c) Actually Retreated	treat		ment	2978 2101 725	(7) Other operations:— Permanent Teeth 605 Temporary Teeth 919 Total 1524

GROUP V.—Uncleanliness and Verminous Conditions. (See note e.)

- (i.) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses—57.
- (ii.) Total number of examinations of children in the Schools by School Nurses—28,799.
- (iii.) Number of individual children found unclean-317.
- (iv.) Number of children cleansed under arrangements made by the Local Education Authority—119.
- (v.) Number of cases in which legal proceedings were taken:-
 - (a) Under the Education Act, 1921 ... -
 - (b) Under School Attendance Byelaws ... -

NOTES ON TABLE IV.

- (a) The Table should deal with all defects treated during the year, however they were brought to the Authority's notice, i.e., whether by routine inspection, special inspection, or otherwise, during the year in question or previously.
- (b) This heading should include all cases that received treatment under definite arrangements or agreements for treatment made by the Local Education Authority and sanctioned by the Board of Education under Section 80 of the Education Act, 1921. Cases which, after being recommended for treatment or advised to obtain it, actually received treatment by private practitioners, or by means of direct application to Hospitals, or by the use of hospital tickets supplied by private persons, etc., should be entered under other headings.

CROSS IV. DERROR DESCRIPTION

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Afternoon strends of plant per school made during the year by the

Person number of stammanions of sudden to the soloots by Menori

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The Table should deal with all defects broaded during the year, the state of the peak of the state of the sta

The property of the lighter and the property of the property o

- (c) If any treatment is given for more serious diseases of the ear (e.g., operative treatment in hospital) it should not be recorded here but in the body of the School Medical Officer's Annual Report.
- (d) The heading "Specials" in this Table relates to all children inspected by the School Dentist otherwise than in the course of the routine inspection of children in one of the age groups covered by the Authority's approved scheme, namely, to children specially selected by him, or referred by Medical Officers, Parents, Teachers, etc., on account of urgency. The number inspected in each age group should be separately shown, as well as the total, but under "Specials" only the total number should be given.
- (e) A statement as to the arrangements made by the Local Education Authority for cleansing verminous children and a record of the cases in which legal proceedings were taken, should be included in the body of the School Medical Officer's Report.
- N.B.—Groups I.—V. above cover all the defects for which treatment is normally provided as part of the School Medical Service. Particulars as to the measures adopted by the Authority for providing treatment for other types of defect (e.g., for orthopædic treatment) or for securing improvement in types of defect which do not fall to be treated under the Authority's own scheme and for which the Authority neither incur expenditure nor accept any responsibility, together with a statement of the effect of the measures taken, should be included in the body of the School Medical Officer's Report. It is convenient for such particulars to follow the headings of Table II.

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TABLE V.
LIST OF SCHOOLS IN THE BOROUGH.

School,	Department.	Authorized accommodation.	Average No. on the Rolls for qr. ended 31/12/32.	Head Teacher.
Campsbourne	Boys'	388	379	Mr. H. Turner
,,	Girls'	388	307	Miss G. S. Litchfield
,,	Infants'	400	311	Miss D. F. Smith
Coldfall	Mixed	*440	567	Mr. G. Simmonds, B.A.
,,	Infants'	400	292	Miss M. N. Clarke
Crouch End	Boys'	456	343	Mr. J. Iliffe
,, ,,	Girls'	450	316	Miss F. A. Barter
., ,,	Infants'	411	367	Miss A. E. Walmsley
Highgate	Mixed	328	334	Mr. T. E. Durban
,,	Infants'	264	119	Miss R. Spalding
North Harringay	Boys'	380	427	Mr. J. H. Spilman, B.Sc.
,, ,,	Girls'	380	328	Miss G. M. Ryde, B.Sc.
,, ,,	Infants'	416	372	Miss H. M. Stone
South Harringay	Mixed	440	434	Mr. G. F. Shaw, M.A.
n n	Infants'	240	183	Miss R. Jones
Stroud Green	Senr. Mixed	350	365	Mr. F. W. Jaggard
n n	Junr. Mixed	416	359	Mr. A. B. Coleman
11 11	Infants'	352	268	Miss E. Pitson
Muswell Hill	Junr. Mixed	200	154	Miss E. F. Catley
St. Mary's	Mixed	428	431	Mr. J. W. T. Harris
,,	Infants'	232	255	Miss M. D. Sibley
St. Michael's	Mixed	196	143	Mr. E. R. Lewis
n	Infants'	168	95	Miss E. Towler
St. James'	Junr. Mixed	240	256	Mr. I. T. Plant
Holy Innocents'	Infants'	101	66	Miss F. E. Gee
	Totals	8,464	7,471	

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