

[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Southwark, The Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr].

Contributors

St. George the Martyr (Southwark, London, England). Parish Council.
Bateson, Henry.

Publication/Creation

1868.

Persistent URL

<https://wellcomecollection.org/works/ru3q3m4z>

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution, Non-commercial license.

Non-commercial use includes private study, academic research, teaching, and other activities that are not primarily intended for, or directed towards, commercial advantage or private monetary compensation. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection
183 Euston Road
London NW1 2BE UK
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722
E library@wellcomecollection.org
<https://wellcomecollection.org>

15 20 Sou 13
Vestry of St. George the Martyr, Southwark.

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT,

BEING THE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING

MARCH 25th, 1868.

CONTAINING

A LIST OF THE VESTRYMEN AND AUDITORS,

AND OF

THE OFFICERS OF THE VESTRY;

ALSO,

AN ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT,

SHewing THE

RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE

WITH THE

Statement of the Allowance of the Auditors,

AND

AN ACCOUNT OF MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY,

AND OF

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY,

AND

A STATEMENT OF CONTRACTS ENTERED INTO DURING THE YEAR.

ALSO,

THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS,

IN RELATION TO

THE RECTOR'S RATE,

THE THIRD SERVICE IN THE PARISH CHURCH,

AND THE PAROCHIAL CHARITIES;

AND

THE ACCOUNTS IN ABSTRACT OF
THE OVERSEERS AND THE GUARDIANS.

TOGETHER WITH

THE REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

CONTAINING

THE STATISTICS OF THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE PARISH;

AND THE REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS IN RELATION TO THE REMOVAL OF NUISANCES

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE VESTRY.

VESTRY HALL, BOROUGH ROAD, SOUTHWARK.

1868.

Meeting of St. George the Martyr, Southwark.

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT,

BEING THE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING

MARCH 25th, 1868.

CONTAINING
A LIST OF THE VESTRYMEN AND AUDITORS,
AND OF
THE OFFICERS OF THE VESTRY;



AN ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT,

SHOWING THE
RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE

WITH THE

Statement of the Allowance of the Vestry,

AND

AN ACCOUNT OF MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY,

AND OF

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY.

For Table of Contents see the last page.

A STATEMENT OF THE MONIES RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR.

AND

THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS,

IN RELATION TO

THE RECTOR'S RATE,

THE THIRD SECTON IN THE PARISH CHURCH,

AND THE PAROCHIAL CHARITIES;

AND

THE ACCOUNTS IN ABSTRACT OF

THE OVERSEERS AND THE GUARDIANS,

FORBIDDEN WITH

THE REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

CONTAINING

THE STATISTICS OF THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE PARISH,

AND THE REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS IN RELATION TO THE REMOVAL OF NUISANCES

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE VESTRY.

VESTRY HALL, BOROUGH ROAD, SOUTHWARK.

1868.

FRANKS PEARSON, PRINTER AND STATIONER, 60, BOROUGH ROAD, SOUTHWARK—S.W.

Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE VESTRY.

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE PAVING of the Carriageway of the OLD KENT ROAD in this Parish has now been some time completed. As the repayment by Annual Instalments of the loan, by means of which this was effected, proceeds, and the Interest thereby becomes less, the burden on the parochial funds of this expensive thoroughfare will gradually be diminished. The arrangements for completing the paving of the carriage way in the LONDON ROAD have been delayed by the efforts of the Vestry to ascertain some system of Tramways free from the defects which characterize all those hitherto brought under their notice. From the very favorable statements submitted to them respecting a Tramway laid at Salford the Vestry to prevent the possibility of mistake decided to send a deputation thither to learn, by inspection on the spot, the practical working of it. In the result it was found to have been laid for the use of Omnibuses furnished with a fifth or guide-wheel adapted to a groove in the middle rail; and the unanimous report of the deputation was (in effect) that while it appeared admirably adapted for the purpose for which it was intended, both it, and any adaptation of it, would for reasons given in the Report, be decidedly unsuited for a street of such traffic as the London Road. The Deputation subjoined the important statement, that the conclusion, forced upon their minds by the investigation, is, that, on account of the risk of being mulcted in damages which arises when any accident occurs through smooth iron being laid in the public way, that material should not be so employed unless and until the sanction of the Legislature be previously given thereto. The paving of the Road with Granite Cubes may be expected very shortly to be completed.

The Annual Report of the MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH and the Statistical Tables which as usual will be found accompanying it while they shew the actual Sanitary condition of the Parish, testify also the strong desire cherished, and the strenuous efforts made, to improve, in all matters affecting the Public Health, the populous district under the charge of the Vestry.

During the year has emerged from Chancery a small Charity called DICKINSON'S CHARITY in which this Parish is interested. The scheme for the future management of the Charity and some other particulars relating to it, will be found on a subsequent page.

On application at the Vestry Clerk's Office Parishioners will be supplied with a copy of this Report.

DANIEL BIRT, *Vestry Clerk.*

Vestry Hall, Borough Road,

June, 1868.

LIST OF VESTRYMEN,

19th MAY, 1868.

EX-OFFICIO.

The Rev. HUGH ALLEN, D.D., *Rector*, New Kent Road.Mr. HENRY BLANDFORD SANDALL, *Rector's Warden*, St. George's Road.Mr. CHARLES TAYLOR, *Renter Warden*, St. George's Road.Mr. THOMAS HILTON, *Puisne Warden*, Great Suffolk Street.

WARD No. 1.

Mr. JOHN CUMNER, High Street.

Mr. WILLIAM PRATT, High Street.

Mr. HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT, Wellington Street.

Mr. JOHN SHERWOOD, Little Lant Street.

Mr. FREDERICK THOMAS STANLEY, Montague Street.

Mr. GEORGE LINES, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. BERIAH DREW, Blackman Street.

Mr. GEORGE AUGUSTUS GRIFFITH, High Street.

Mr. HENRY PALMER, High Street.

Mr. THOMAS WILLCOX, Borough Road.

Mr. JAMES ROWELL, Webber Street.

Mr. HENRY ARUNDELL, Webber Street.

Mr. EDWARD COLLINSON, Blackman Street.

Mr. ALFRED GWILT, Union Street.

Mr. JOHN COX, Warner Street.

Mr. JONATHAN EMMETT, Webber Row.

Mr. JOSEPH ROCKLEY, High Street.

Mr. JAMES MARSLAND, Southwark Bridge Road.

WARD No. 2.

Mr. GEORGE CALLINGHAM, St. George's Road.

Mr. CHARLES TAYLOR, St. George's Road.

Mr. HENRY BLANDFORD SANDALL, St. George's Road.

Mr. JOHN TANNER, Newington Causeway.

Mr. JOSEPH ISAAC BRUNT, Lambeth Road.

Mr. JAMES BARNES, West Square.

Mr. ALFRED POCOCK, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. WILLIAM ALLARD, London Road.

Mr. CHARLES HAWKINS, Westminster Bridge Road.

Mr. STEPHEN SWAIN, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. JAMES WHITE, Lambeth Road.

Mr. WILLIAM LOCK, Borough Road.

Mr. WILLIAM RENDLE, Newington Causeway.

Mr. DAVID PAULL, St. George's Road.

Mr. ALEXANDER MILLAR, West Square.

WARD No. 3.

Mr. THOMAS MARTIN, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. SAMUEL TRING, High Street.
 Mr. JOHN SIMONS, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. ROBERT DREWITT HILTON, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. GEORGE CADOGAN, Old Kent Road.

Mr. THOMAS COULDERY, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. DONALD SCOTT, Etham Place.
 Mr. FREDERICK WILLIAM EVANS, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JAMES SPRUNT, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. THOMAS JOHN ROBINS, Old Kent Road.

Mr. GEORGE ATTENBOROUGH, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOHN ADDERLEY, High Street.
 Mr. JOSEPH ALLWORTH PASH, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. WILLIAM PIKE, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOHN JACOBS, Old Kent Road.

AUDITORS.

WARD No. 1.—Mr. WILLIAM HINCHLIFF, Southwark Bridge Road.
 „ 2.—Mr. JOSEPH WEBSTER, Newington Causeway.
 „ 3.—Mr. RICHARD TILLING, Warner Street.

OFFICERS.

Vestry Clerks,

DANIEL BIRT, Esq. Vestry Hall.
 DANIEL BIRT, Jr., Esq. Vestry Hall.

Medical Officer of Health.

HENRY BATESON, Esq., M.D. St. George's Road.

Surveyor of Roads and Inspector of Nuisances.

Mr. GEORGE POCKOCK, C.E. Vestry Hall.

Surveyor of Sewers and Inspector of Nuisances,

Mr. JAMES SMITH Vestry Hall.

Inspector of Nuisances,

Mr. JOHN EDWARDS Vestry Hall.

Messenger,

Mr. WALTER COLLETT Vestry Hall.

ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT.

Shewing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the Vestry, under the Metropolitan Local Management Act, for the Year ending the 25th day of March, 1868.

(18 & 19 Vic. c. 120 s. 196.)

Dr.

GENERAL RATE.

To Proceeds of Rates paid by the Overseers to the Vestry during the Year	14073	6	8
" Contributions chiefly in respect of Private Works and for Ashes ..	434	17	10
" Interest on Balances at Bankers	64	6	3
" Incidentals including Fines, &c.	12	14	6
" Loan for Paving Carriage way of the Old Kent Road and the London Road	20000	0	0

34585 5 3

SEWERS RATE.

To Balance in hand March 25th, 1867	1671	18	6
" Proceeds of Rates paid by the Overseers to the Vestry during the Year	4649	19	0
" Contributions chiefly in respect of Private Drainage	138	13	8
" Interest on Balances	64	6	2

6524 17 4

METROPOLIS MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

To Proceeds of Rates paid by the Overseers to the Vestry during the Year	2585	7	6
	2585	7	6
	43695	10	1

Local Management Act, for the Year ending the 25th day of March, 1868.

By Balance overpaid, March 25th, 1867 562 16 7

By Works, viz:—

Paving	17721	14	7
Lighting	2486	1	2
Scavenging and Watering	4792	6	8
Materials	2960	16	11
Cartage	80	18	2

28041 17 6

Establishment

Interest on South District Bonds

" " Loan

Compensation Annuities

Moiety of General Disbursements

Incidentals and Contingencies

Property Tax (to be repaid)

Amount expended 30624 9 10

Balance in hand March 25th, 1868 3960 15 5

By Payment of the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works 2727 12 6

By Works, viz:—

Construction of Sewers	527	6	9
Private Drains	88	4	1
Repairs and Alterations	39	6	9
Cleansing Sewers	430	12	11
Public Conveniences	17	4	4

1102 14 10

Establishment

Incidentals and Contingencies

Moiety of General Disbursements

Amount expended 4572 15 5

Balance in hand March 25th, 1868 1952 1 11

By Balance overpaid March 25th, 1867 391 3 9

By Payment of the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works, 1868 2187 10 0

Amount expended 2578 13 9

Balance in hand March 25th, 1868 6 13 9

43695 10 1

THE JOURNAL OF THE

ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

Volume 19, Part 1, 1889

London: Published by the Royal Society

11, BEDFORD SQUARE, W.C.

STATEMENT

OF

ALLOWANCE OF THE AUDITORS.

(18 & 19 Vic. cap. 120, s. 196.)

WE, the undersigned, Auditors for the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, having in the present Month of May, in the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty Eight, attended at the Office of the Vestry of the said Parish, and there Audited the Accounts thereof for the year ending the 25th Day of March last, Do hereby state our Allowance of the said Accounts, as signed by us, in accordance with the foregoing Account in Abstract, shewing under the several distinct heads therein mentioned, the Receipt and Expenditure of the Vestry under the "Metropolis Management Act, 1855," and the several Acts amending the same: and we find the Cash Balances on the day last above named to be as therein and hereunder shewn:—

Dr. Cash—		Per Contra—		Cr.
To General Rate in hand . . .	3960 15 5	By Treasurer, Balance in hand	5825 18 9	
„ Sewers Rate do.	1952 1 11	„ Vestry Clerk	93 12 4	
„ Main Drainage Rate do.	6 13 9			
	<u>£5919 11 1</u>		<u>£5919 11 1</u>	

Dated this 18th day of May, 1868.

WILLIAM HINCHLIFF,
JOSEPH WEBSTER,

Auditors for the Parish
of St. George the Martyr,
Southwark.

A C C O U N T

OF THE

M O N I E S O W I N G T O

A N D D E B T S A N D L I A B I L I T I E S O W I N G B Y

T H E V E S T R Y ,

O N T H E 25TH D A Y O F M A R C H , 1868.

(18 & 19 Vic., c. 120, s. 196.)

1st.—MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY.

FROM THE OVERSEERS.

In respect of the Orders made by the Vestry—

General Rate	686	2	6
Sewers Rate	83	6	6
Main Drainage Rate	83	8	6

2nd.—DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY.

The Debt incurred by the late South District Board—

Messrs. Bastow & Aaron	1000	0	0
Miss Sarah Wilkinson	1000	0	0
Mrs. Isabella Watts	1000	0	0
Mr. John Hensby	500	0	0

The Globe Insurance Company, Loan payable by Annual Instalments of £1000 on the 23rd day of April in each year

the 23rd day of April in each year	20000	0	0
Mr. Reddin, Scavenging and Watering	387	10	0
Mr. Reddin, for Cart Hire	21	7	6
Mrs. E. Beevers, for Guernsey Granite	426	13	4
Messrs. Mowlem & Co., for Paving	183	3	3
Mr. Howe, for Drainage Works	179	0	7
London Gas Company, for Lighting Public Lamps	123	15	0
South Metropolitan, " " " "	73	16	4
Phoenix Gas Company " " " "	420	15	0
Lambeth Water Works, for Water for Public Conveniences	5	0	0
J. Saynes, Esq., for Rent of Vestry Hall	55	0	0
Mr. Thomas, for Rent of Stone Yard	7	10	0
Mr. Barnes, for Printing, &c.	14	14	0
The Guardians, for use of Carriage, Horse, &c., for Sick Persons	10	0	0
For Salaries	250	16	8
Small Bills	6	10	6

COMPENSATION ANNUITIES.

George Ware, Esq. per Annum	12	10	2
John R. Rush, Esq.	15	10	4
Mr. Charles Anderson	50	0	0

STATEMENT OF ALL CONTRACTS

ENTERED INTO BY THE VESTRY,

IN THE YEAR PRECEDING THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1868.

(18 & 19 Vic. c. 130, s. 196.)

SEWERS RATE.

Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term.
Henry Howe.	Sewers Work and Materials as Ψ Schedule.	One Year from Lady-day, 1868.

GENERAL RATE.

Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term.
Edmund Reddin	Removal of Dust—£380	One Year from Lady-day, 1868
William Reed	Scavenging and Watering £4450	" "
William Reed	Carts, Horses, Harness, and Drivers as } Ψ Schedule	" "
Mrs E. Beevers	Guernsey Granite @ 14s. 9d. Ψ Yard ... } Guernsey Granite Spalls @ 11s. Ψ Ton }	" "
Messrs. Mowlem & Co. ...	Paviors' and Masons' Work as Ψ Schedule	One Year from Christmas, 1867

STATEMENT
OF
ALLOWANCE BY THE AUDITORS
OF THE
ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS.

(18 & 19 Vic. cap. 120, s. 196.)

WE, the undersigned, Auditors of the Accounts of the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, having attended at the Office of the Vestry of the said Parish, and there Audited the Accounts of the Churchwardens from the 9th Day of August, 1867, to the 6th Day of May, 1868, Do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts, as the same are, in the Churchwardens' Cash Book, and Churchwardens' Ledger, signed by us, and we find the Cash Balances on the said 6th Day of May to be as therein shewn, and the General Cash Balance in the hands of their Bankers to be Five Hundred and Fifteen Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Five Pence.

WILLIAM HINCHLIFF, } Auditors for the Parish
R. TILLING, } of St. George the Martyr,
Southwark.

ABSTRACT OF THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS.

Drs.

JOHN ADDERLEY, ALFRED GWILT, and CHARLES TAYLOR, Churchwardens.

Crs.

As to the RECTOR'S RATE,

To Balance in hand (see last Report, page 29).....	331	13	2
„ Cash since received from the Collectors on account of this Rate	72	11	10

£404 5 0

As to the RECTOR'S RATE,

To Balance in hand brought down	177	0	2
„ Cash received from the Collectors on account of this Rate @			
Three Half-pence in the £	864	12	0

£1041 12 2

To Balance in hand May 6th, 1868, carried over £420 11 2

MADE OCTOBER 2ND, 1866.

By Rector's Stipend, One Quarter, to Michaelmas, 1867.....	120	0	0
Clock Winder, One Year to Michaelmas	10	0	0
St. Thomas's Hospital Rent of School One Year, to Michaelmas, less Property Tax	9	16	8
Church Yard Annuitant, less Property Tax	39	6	8
Printing	1	8	0
Insurance of Church, to Michaelmas, 1868	15	16	0
Collectors' Poundage.....	30	17	6
Balance in hand October 1st, 1867, carried down	177	0	2

£404 5 0

MADE OCTOBER 1ST, 1867.

By Rector's Stipend, Two Quarters, to Lady-day, 1868	240	0	0
Executrix of R. Smith, Churchyard Annuitant, to January 14th, being the day of his decease	23	17	8
Visitation Fees	3	4	4
Bell Ringing	2	8	0
Keeping in order the Churchyards	2	5	0
Printing	4	8	0
Water Rate to Michaelmas, 1867	1	1	0
Messrs. John Smith & Son, for New Church Clock.....	290	15	0
Mr. Thomas South, for Gas Fittings thereto	28	3	0
Mr. J. Harrison, for Carpenter's Work „	10	0	0
Mr. Gwilt, for Mr. Thomas, and Petty Expenses	6	7	0
Mr. Cottrell, New Locks for Belfry, &c.....	5	11	6
Incidentals	3	0	6
Balance in hand	420	11	2

£1041 13 2

Drs.

JOHN ADDERLEY, ALFRED GWILT, AND

Brought Over 420 11 2

As to THE THIRD

To Pew Rents	56 8 6
Marriage Fees	6 7 0
Collection at Church	12 0 4
Balance due to Churchwardens	79 17 0

£154 12 10

As to DELAFORCE'S

To Balance from former Account (see last Report, page 31)	14 14 7
October Dividend on £3000—£3 7 Cent. Bank Annuities	45 0 0
Balance due to the Churchwardens	5 19 2

£65 13 9

As to KENT STREET

To Balance from former Account (see last Report, page 33)	30 4 4
Proportion of Rents due Michaelmas 1867	45 16 9
Balance due to Churchwardens	14 14 11

£90 16 0

Carried over £120 11 2

CHARLES TAYLOR, CHURCHWARDENS.

Crs.

SERVICE FUND.

By Balance (See last Report, page 31.)	24 5 7
Servants' Wages, 37 Weeks	42 16 0
Salary of Organist, 3 Quarters	30 0 0
Salary of Beadle, 3 Quarters	15 0 0
Tuning Organ	3 0 0
Gas	18 15 4
Washing Surplices	1 6 2
Communion Wine	5 10 0
Coals, Wood, &c.	6 11 6
Pew Openers' Dresses	4 12 2
Umpire on Trial for Organist	2 2 0
Sundries	14 1 1
	<u>£154 12 10</u>

Balance due to Churchwardens May 6th, 1868 79 17 0

CHARITY.

By Distribution on St. Thomas's Day, 1867—

100 Money Tickets, @ 5s. each	25 0 0
99 Tickets for Coals, @ 2s. 3d. each	11 2 9
100 Tickets for Bread	3 15 0
Payments to 6 Men and 6 Women in the Workhouse, @ 2s. 7½ Month, 9 Months	10 16 0
Parochial Schools, to Lady-day, 1867	15 0 0
	<u>£65 13 9</u>

Balance due to Churchwardens, May 6th, 1868 5 19 2

CHARITY.

By Payments to 15 Pensioners for 44 weeks, from August 20th, 1867, to April 27th, 1868, @ 3s. each	90 0 0
" Printing	16 0
	<u>£90 16 0</u>

Balance due to the Churchwardens May 6th, 1868 14 11 11

Carried over £100 11 1

Drs.

JOHN ADDERLEY, ALFRED GWILT, AND

Brought over... 420 11 2

As to SAYER & SHAW'S

To Rents, viz:—

Mr. Palmer, 222, High Street, 3 Quarters	75	0	0	
Less Property Tax	2	1	8	72 18 4
Mr. Payne, 223, High Street, 4 Quarters.....	110	0	0	
Less Property Tax	1	16	8	108 3 4
Mr. Lyons, 224 & 225, High Street, 4 Quarters	155	0	0	
Less Property Tax	3	4	7	151 15 5
S. Morley and others, Buckenham Square, three Quarters.....	18	15	0	
Less Property Tax	1	1	4	17 13 8
Balance due to Churchwardens	29	3	11	
	<u>£379</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>8</u>	

As to MARTIN'S & FENNER'S

To Balance from former Account (see last Report, page 35)	89	1	7	
Rent Hatfield House (Martin's) to Michaelmas.....	30	0	0	
Less Drainage	5	3	9	
Valuation	2	0	0	7 3 9 22 16 3
	<u>£111</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>10</u>	
Balance in hand May 6th, 1868	111	8	10	

As to PHILLIP'S

To Balance from former Account (see last Report, page 35)	5	9	1	
Balance due to Churchwardens	5	12	11	
	<u>£11</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	

Carried over... £532 0 0

CHARLES TAYLOR, CHURCHWARDENS.

Crs.

Brought over... 100 11 1

As to BROOK'S (MINISTERS)

By Balance (see last Report, page 33)	12	9	8	
Aug. 19. Pensioners, 4 Weeks.....	35	13	0	
Sept. 16. " "	35	13	0	
Oct. 15. " "	35	13	0	
Nov. 9. " "	35	13	0	
Dec. 10. " "	35	13	0	
1868.				
Jan. 7. " "	35	13	0	
Feb. 3. " "	35	13	0	
Mar. 2. " "	35	13	0	
Mar. 30. " "	35	13	0	
April 27. " "	35	13	0	
Insurance of High Street to Michaelmas, 1868	10	15	0	
	<u>£379</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>8</u>	

Balance due to Churchwardens 6th May, 1868 29 3 11

CHARITIES.

By Insurance of Hatfield House, to Christmas, 1868	9	0	
Balance	111	8	10
N.B. The Bibles for this year were paid for after balancing this Account.			
	<u>£111</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>10</u>

CHARITY.

By 120 Tickets for Bread, distributed at Christmas, 1867	4	10	0
12 Tickets for Blankets.....	6	12	0
	<u>£11</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>
Balance due to Churchwardens	5	12	11
Carried over	<u>£135</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>11</u>

Drs.

JOHN ADDERLEY, ALFRED GWILT AND

Brought over 532 0 0

As to BROOK'S (MARINER)

Mr. Harding, Rent Charge, 1 Year, to Michaelmas, 1867 5 0 0

As to GRAYSON'S

Mr. Porter, Rent Charge, due Lady-day, 1867 2 0 0

As to HENRY SMITH'S

To Balance from former Account (see last Report, page 37) 2 12 5

Messrs. Bray, Harding & Warren, Rent Charge, due Michaelmas, 1867 35 6 0

£37 18 5

Balance in hand, May 6th, 1868 3 15 9

As to GENERAL

To Balance from former Account (see last Report, page 37) 121 0 3

Simmond's Charity 59 0 0

Brook's (Yeoman) do. 1 0 0

Dudson's do. to Lady-day, 1867 2 12 0

Skidmore's do. to Michaelmas, 1867 1 0 0

Belcher's do. 2 5 0

186 17 3

Balance in hand, May 6th, 1868 115 10 7

As to BERNARD

To the Salters' Company, to be distributed to Eighteen Poor Widows, or

Maidens, of this Parish 4 10 0

£651 6 4

CHARLES TAYLOR, CHURCHWARDENS.

Crs.

Brought over 135 7 11

CHARITY.

By 50 Money Tickets, @ 2s. each, distributed at Christmas, 1867 5 0 0

CHARITY.

By 40 Money Tickets @ 1s. each distributed at Christmas, 1867 2 0 0

CHARITY.

By 120 Tickets, for Flannel, each 3½ yards 20 10 8

24 " for Hose, @ 1s. 1d. each 1 6 0

48 " for Women's Boots, @ 4s. 3d. each 10 4 0

7 " for Men's do. @ 6s. 2 2 0

Balance 3 15 9

£37 18 5

CHARITIES.

By Bread distributed on Sundays 59 6 8

Bread Tray and Cloth 16 0 0

Weighing and delivery of Coals, Sir Thomas Campbell's Gift 1 0 0

Rent of Warehouses for ditto 3 3 0

Repairs of Weighing Machine 5 6 0

Printing 2 13 0

Sundries 4 2 6

Balance 115 10 7

£186 17 3

HYDE'S GIFT.

By 18 Tickets, for 5s. each, to 18 Poor Widows, or Maidens 4 10 0

Balance at Banker's, to the credit of the Churchwardens, May 6th, 1868 515 18 5

£651 6 4

DICKINSON'S CHARITY.

According to a statement of the Informant's Solicitor (JOHN P. FEARON, ESQUIRE), it appears that the property of the Charity consists of premises situate in Northumberland Alley, City, which according to the account passed by the late trustees are let to a Mr Jones at the rent of £45 per annum, and of a sum of £304 1s. 9d. which having been paid to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, pursuant to the direction of the Court, has been by them invested for the benefit of the Charity.

SCHEME for the future management and regulation of Thomas Dickinson's Charity, and for the application of the income thereof.

1. The charity and the lands and property thereof shall be under the management and control of the incumbents and churchwardens for the time being respectively of the several parishes of St. Sepulchre, St. Giles-without-Cripplegate, St. Olave, Southwark, and St. George, Southwark.
2. The legal estate in the lands belonging to the charity shall be vested in the Official Trustee of Charity Lands, and the funds of the charity shall be transferred to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, in trust for the charity.
3. The trustees may appoint during pleasure a fit and proper person to be their clerk and receiver of the rents and income of the charity, and may allow him as a stipend any sum not exceeding £5 per annum, or they may appoint one of themselves, who may be willing to undertake the duties gratuitously, to execute the said office, and may allow him such a sum as he may expend for assistance in executing such offices.
4. The duties of the clerk shall be to attend the trustees at the meetings, and to enter the minutes of the proceedings at such meetings; to attend and give information to any committee that may be appointed by the trustees; to keep the accounts of the charity, and to furnish and send such duplicates or copies thereof as the trustees may by law be from time to time bound to supply; to preserve, subject to the directions of the trustees, all vouchers for payments made by the trustees on behalf of the charity; to make out once in every year a detailed account of the receipts and payments of the charity during the preceding year, which shall be vouched and passed before the trustees at their annual general meeting, and also a statement of the assets and liabilities of the charity, if any; to make out an abstract of such account; and to perform all such other duties appertaining to the office of clerk in respect of the charity and the management thereof as the trustees shall direct.
5. The duties of the receiver shall be to collect and receive the rents and income of the charity property, and to pay the same to the bankers of the trustees; to see that the cove-

nants to be contained in any lease of the charity property are properly performed; to submit to the trustees annually a report shewing the state and condition of the charity property; and to perform all such other duties and acts appertaining to the office of receiver in respect of the charity and the management thereof as the trustees shall direct.

6. The trustees shall hold not less than one general meeting in each year, for transacting the business of the charity, which shall be held on the first Monday in the month of February, at such convenient place as the trustees shall determine; and if at any time any matter shall arise requiring the consideration of the trustees, and which cannot be conveniently deferred to the next general meeting, any two or more of the trustees may by requisition in writing call a special meeting of the trustees. Notice of every meeting, whether general, special, or adjourned, shall be given in writing to each trustee three clear days at least before the time appointed for holding the same, which notice may be delivered at the residence of each trustee, or be sent by post.

The notice of any special meeting shall specify the object of the meeting, and no business shall be transacted at such meeting other than that which shall be specified in the notice.

7. At every general and special meeting five trustees shall form a quorum, and so soon after the time appointed for any meeting as a sufficient number of trustees shall be in attendance to form a quorum the trustees present shall elect a chairman, and in the event of an equality of votes on the election of chairman the question shall be decided between persons proposed by lot. The acts and proceedings of a majority of votes at any meeting properly held shall be binding on the whole of the trustees, but the trustees or a majority of them, present at any subsequent meeting duly held and constituted as aforesaid, shall have power from time to time to alter, vary, or rescind any resolution or direction which may have been come to or given at any previous meeting.

The chairman of every meeting shall, in the event of an equality of votes, have a second or casting vote.

8. If there shall not within the space of half an hour from the time appointed for holding any meeting be a sufficient number of trustees in attendance to form a quorum, or the business of any meeting shall remain undisposed of, the trustees or trustee present, or if no trustee be present then the clerk may adjourn the meeting until some subsequent day, of which adjournment such notice shall be given as hereinbefore directed.

9. The trustees may at any general or special meeting appoint two or more trustees to be a committee for the purpose of making any enquiry, or superintending or performing any specific act or duty which in the judgment of the trustees would be more efficiently executed by such committee, but the acts and proceedings of such committee shall be submitted to the trustees at their next general meeting.

10. The trustees shall provide a minute-book, wherein shall be entered a minute of their proceedings at every meeting, which minute shall be signed by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting. They shall also provide all necessary account-books, wherein shall be entered an account of their receipts and payments on behalf of the charity.

11. The trustees shall from time to time let and demise the charity property at the best annual rent or rents that can reasonably be obtained for the same, either from year to year or for any number of years not exceeding twenty-one years, in possession and not in reversion, and without taking any fine or premium. On the granting of any such demise and on the granting of any lease the lessee shall execute a counterpart thereof. All leases shall con-

tain covenants with the trustees for the due payment of the rent, the proper cultivation of the land, the repair and insurance of the houses and buildings comprised therein, a proviso for re-entry on non-payment of rent or non performance of the covenants, and all other usual and proper covenants applicable to the property which shall be the subject of the lease.

12. All cheques and orders for the payment of money shall be signed by the chairman at one of the meetings of the trustees, and by two of the other trustees present at such meeting, and shall be countersigned by the clerk.

13. The trustees shall appoint as their banker some fit and responsible person or persons who is or are carrying on the business of a banker, or some joint-stock banking company, with whom shall be deposited all moneys belonging to the charity, and they may change such banker as they may see fit.

14. The trustees shall out of the income of the charity make the following annual payments: that is to say, to the minister of the parish of St. Stephen, Walbrook, in the City of London, for the time being the sum of 20s., in consideration of his preaching a sermon in the same church, on Good Friday in the forenoon; to the clerk and sexton of the said parish, for their attendance, twenty-pence each, and to the churchwardens of the parish of Ewell, in the county of Surrey, the sum of 40s., to be by them distributed in the month of March amongst the deserving poor of the said parish not receiving parochial relief.

The residue of the rents and profits of the charity property shall be applied by the trustees in providing apprentice fees for poor children, to be selected in regular rotation from the said four parishes of St. Sepulchre, St. Giles-without-Cripplegate, St. Olave, Southwark, and St. George, Southwark.

No child shall be selected to be apprenticed whose parent or parents shall within one year previously have been in the receipt of parish relief.

The premium shall not exceed £20 in any case, and shall be paid in such proportions and at such times as the trustees shall in each case think fit to direct.

15. The trustees shall preserve in a book a list of the children for whom apprentice fees shall be provided, containing also the names and station in life of their parents (if any), the names of the persons to whom the children shall be apprenticed, and the amount and date of payment of the apprentice fees.

16. A fair and authenticated copy of this scheme shall be kept with the documents belonging to the charity, and a duplicate thereof shall be sent to the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales, and the trustees shall from time to time take such steps as they may think necessary to cause the provisions of this scheme and the purposes to which the income of the charity is applicable to be known in the said four parishes.

Dated this 12th day of June, 1867.

I approve of this scheme, and direct that the same be filed at the Record Office.

ROMILLY, M.R.

ROBERT FOWLER, Esq., the Vestry Clerk of the Parish of St. Sepulchre, has been appointed by the Trustees to be their Clerk and Receiver.

Dr. THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR OF THE PARISH OF Cr.
ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK,
 in respect of the Order of the Vestry of the said Parish, No. 23, and
 dated December 4th, 1866.

THE SEWERS RATE.

Amount ordered ... £2400 0 0

To Amount collected of Rate made

on the 2nd day of January, 1867,

@ 4d. in the pound 2392 7 8

By payments to the Vestry 2332 11 6

Poundage on Collection 59 16 2

THE METROPOLIS MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

Amount ordered £500 0 0

To Amount collected of Rate made

on the 2nd day of January, 1867,

@ 1d. in the pound 598 7 8

By payments to the Vestry 583 8 6

Poundage on Collection 14 19 2

THE GENERAL RATE.

Amount ordered ... 7000 0 0

To Amount collected of Rate made

on the 2nd day of January, 1867

at 12d. in the pound 7163 14 0

,, Amount received on account of

Summonses 14 5 0

By payments to the Vestry 6984 10 3

Poundage on Collection 179 8 11

Postage and Receipt Stamps 4 19 7

Printing 9 0 3

£10168 14 4£10168 14 4

An Account for delivery to the Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr Southwark of all Monies and Rates received by the Overseers in pursuance of an Order of the said Vestry numbered 23 and dated the 4th day of December 1866.

H. BLANDFORD SANDALL,	} Churchwardens.
CHARLES TAYLOR,	
THOMAS HILTON,	
F. T. STANLEY,	} Overseers.
DAVID PAULL,	
EDWARD ROBERTS,	

WE the undersigned having audited the above Accounts relating to The General Rate the Sewers Rate and the Metropolis Main Drainage Rate levied by the Overseers in pursuance of the Order of the Vestry numbered 23 and dated the 4th day of December 1866 do hereby state our allowance of the same and do find in accordance therewith that the excess amounting to Eighty three pounds eight shillings and sixpence levied for The Metropolis Main Drainage Rate beyond the respective amount in the said Order mentioned less the expenses of and incidental to the making and collecting of the said Rates has been paid to the Vestry.

Given under our hands this 17th day of June 1868.

WILLIAM HINCHLIFF,	} Auditors for the Parish of St.
R. TILLING,	
	} George the Martyr, Southwark.

Dr. THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR OF THE PARISH OF Cr.
St. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK,
in respect of the Order of the Vestry of the said Parish, No. 24, and
dated June 11th, 1867.

THE SEWERS RATE.		By Payments to the Vestry.....	1750 15 0
Amount ordered ... £1800 0 0		„ Poundage on Collection.....	44 17 10
To Amount collected of Rate made on the 3rd day of July, 1867, @ 3d. in the pound	1795 12 10		
<hr/>		<hr/>	
THE METROPOLIS MAIN DRAINAGE RATE		By Payments to the Vestry.....	1166 11 4
Amount ordered ... £1200 0 0		„ Poundage on Collection	29 18 2
To Amount collected of Rate made on the 3rd day of July, 1867, @ 2d. in the pound	1196 9 6		
<hr/>		<hr/>	
THE GENERAL RATE.		By Payments to the Vestry	5793 7 8
Amount ordered ... £5848 0 0		„ Poundage on Collection.....	149 13 1
To Amount collected of Rate made on the 3rd day of July, 1867, @ 10d. in the pound	5972 19 2	„ Postage and Receipt Stamps.....	3 13 9
To Amount received on account of Summonses	13 7 0	„ Payments to Collectors, for obtaining names of Compound Householders	35 17 6
		„ Printing	3 14 2
<hr/>		<hr/>	
£8978 8 6		£8978 8 6	

An Account for delivery to the Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr Southwark of all Monies and Rates received by the Overseers in pursuance of an Order of the said Vestry numbered 24 and dated the 11th day of June 1867.

H. BLANDFORD SANDALL,	} Churchwardens.
CHARLES TAYLOR,	
THOMAS HILTON,	
F. T. STANLEY,	} Overseers.
DAVID PAULL,	
EDWARD ROBERTS,	

WE the undersigned having audited the above Accounts relating to the General Rate, the Sewers Rate and the Metropolis Main Drainage Rate levied by the Overseers in pursuance of the Order of the Vestry numbered 24 and dated the 11th day of June 1867 do hereby state our allowance of the same and do find in accordance therewith that the excess amounting to One Hundred and eighty six pounds two shillings and six pence levied for the General Rate and the excess amounting to Eighty three pounds six shillings and six pence levied for the Sewers Rate beyond the respective amounts in the said Order mentioned less the expenses of and incidental to the making and collecting of the said Rates have been paid to the Vestry.

Given under our hands this 17th day of June, 1868.

WILLIAM HINCHLIFF,	} Auditors for the Parish of St. George the Martyr, Southwark.
R. TILLING,	

Dr. **THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR OF THE PARISH OF** **Cr.**
ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK,
 in respect of the Order of the Vestry of the said Parish, No. 25, and
 dated November 19th, 1867.

THE SEWERS RATE.

Amount ordered ...£1000 0 0

To Amount collected of Rate made
on the 8th day of January, 1868,
@ 2d. in the pound 1299 0 9

By payments to the Vestry..... 1266 7 9

„ Poundage on Collection 32 13 0

THE METROPOLIS MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

Amount ordered ...£1000 0 0

To Amount collected of Rate made
on the 8th day of January, 1868,
@ 2d. in the pound 1269 0 9

By payments to the Vestry..... 1237 4 10

„ Poundage on Collection 31 15 11

THE GENERAL RATE.

Amount ordered ... 3500 0 0

To Amount collected of Rate made
on the 8th day of January, 1868
at 6d. in the pound 3915 11 0

By payments to the Vestry..... 3786 8 10

„ Poundage on Collection 98 2 1

„ Postage and Receipt Stamps..... 6 2

„ Printing 30 13 11

£6483 12 6

£6483 12 6

An Account for delivery to the Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr Southwark of all Monies and Rates received by the Overseers in pursuance of an Order of the said Vestry numbered 25 and dated the 19th day of November, 1867.

H. BLANDFORD SANDALL,	} Churchwardens.
CHARLES TAYLOR,	
THOMAS HILTON,	
F. T. STANLEY,	} Overseers.
DAVID PAULL,	

WE the undersigned having audited the above Accounts relating to The General Rate the Sewers Rate and the Metropolis Main Drainage Rate levied by the Overseers in pursuance of the Order of the Vestry numbered 25 and dated the 19th day of November 1867 do hereby state our allowance of the same and do find in accordance therewith that the excess amounting to Two Hundred and Eighty six pounds eight shillings and ten pence levied for The General Rate and the excess amounting to Two Hundred and Sixty six pounds seven shillings and nine pence levied for The Sewers Rate and the excess amounting to Two Hundred and Three pounds sixteen shillings and two pence levied for The Metropolis Main Drainage Rate beyond the respective amounts in the said Order mentioned less the expenses of and incidental to the making and collecting of the said Rates have been paid to the Vestry.

Given under our hands this 8th day of July, 1868.

WILLIAM HINCHLIFF,	} Auditors for the Parish of St. George the Martyr, Southwark.
J. WEBSTER,	
R. TILLING,	

STATISTICS OF RELIEF,

(Communicated by E. COLLINSON, Esq.)

From March, 1867, to March, 1868.

For the Week ending—		Number of Out-Door Poor.	Amount of Relief given.			Number of Poor in the Workhouse	Number of Lunatic Poor.	Imbeciles in Eagle House.	Number of Children at Mitcham.
March	30, 1867	3192	£123	3	11	422	61	88	283
April	6	3091	114	6	7½	417	61	89	279
"	13	2963	125	4	0½	413	60	89	272
"	20	2873	120	14	9½	418	60	84	270
"	27	2795	117	13	7½	414	60	85	263
May	4	2753	113	18	4	410	60	85	257
"	11	2765	114	5	10½	408	61	86	253
"	18	2603	109	13	5½	401	62	85	250
"	25	2483	111	0	10	386	63	85	247
June	1	2511	110	1	8	381	63	85	241
"	8	2527	110	17	1½	378	63	86	254
"	15	2570	107	13	1½	370	62	85	246
"	22	2409	104	6	1	362	62	86	252
"	29	2619	106	19	11	358	63	85	254
July	6	2422	104	5	1½	368	63	85	250
"	13	2480	107	6	2½	363	63	85	243
"	20	2383	106	16	0½	349	64	85	241
"	27	2431	106	9	8	358	65	85	246
August	3	2474	107	15	1	362	65	85	247
"	10	2538	110	4	9	370	65	84	253
"	17	2443	109	2	8½	367	65	84	252
"	24	2547	108	9	2	370	65	83	253
"	31	2548	110	6	1	380	65	85	251
September	7	2392	108	5	1½	372	67	85	254
"	14	2386	104	12	10½	361	67	85	251
"	21	2345	109	0	7½	364	66	86	250
"	28	2427	105	10	3½	382	66	86	249
October	5	2425	102	1	8½	388	66	86	248
"	12	2620	107	14	1½	392	66	88	255
"	19	2448	109	11	5	407	65	88	263
"	26	2480	123	7	2	402	61	91	255
November	2	2749	119	1	1½	405	60	91	247
"	9	2695	117	5	11½	405	60	92	248
"	16	2711	117	3	8	419	61	92	249
"	23	3022	121	0	6½	424	60	92	249
"	30	3032	122	15	6½	422	60	92	245
December	7	3225	125	2	7½	422	58	92	242
"	14	3317	128	1	3	421	58	92	249
"	21	3238	131	11	2½	438	58	92	257
"	28	3173	120	11	0½	442	58	91	255
January	4, 1868	3473	132	12	11½	435	58	89	259
"	11	3545	135	19	8	453	58	88	269
"	18	3679	137	1	9½	451	57	87	270
"	25	3722	140	13	7	458	58	88	274
February	1	3503	136	18	7	446	59	88	268
"	8	3546	138	19	2½	438	59	87	257
"	15	3527	137	15	6	442	59	87	259
"	22	3451	135	19	0	451	57	87	260
"	29	3554	139	10	2½	447	54	87	256
March	7	3466	134	3	11	447	53	87	260
"	14	3390	138	15	0½	445	53	88	262
"	21	3088	127	5	10	443	53	88	271
Totals		149049	£6169	5	10	21047	3176	4536	13288
Weekly Averages		2866	£118	12	10	405	61	87	256

Dr. THE OVERSEERS IN ACCOUNT WITH

To Balance from last Account	1819	18	6
Collection on April and July Rates, including Summonses, by—			
Mr. Wingham	5622	1	9
Mr. Distin	5004	18	2
Mr. Saunders	4725	0	2
	15352	0	1

1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1
1819	18	6	5622	1	9	5004	18	2	4725	0	2	15352	0	1

We declare the Entries in the above Account and Memorandum to be true, just, and complete, and in verification thereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this 6th day of November, 1867.

THOMAS HILTON, }
DAVID PAULL, } Overseers.
JOHN ADDERLEY, }
ALFRED GWILT, } Churchwardens.

Dr. THE OVERSEERS IN ACCOUNT WITH

To Balance from last Account	1619	17	11
Collection on October and January Rates, including Summonses, by—			
Mr. Wingham	5041	13	3
Mr. Distin	4710	17	7
Mr. Saunders	3993	11	4
Mr. Beadle	1281	8	10
Mr. Stroud	1221	12	8
Mr. Bulstrode	1318	10	0
	17567	13	8

1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8
1619	17	11	5041	13	3	4710	17	7	3993	11	4	1281	8	10	1221	12	8	1318	10	0	17567	13	8

We declare the Entries in the above Account and Memorandum to be true, just, and complete, and in verification thereof we have hereunto subscribed our names this 8th day of April, 1868.

DAVID PAULL, }
THOMAS HILTON, } Overseers.
JOHN ADDERLEY, }
ALFRED GWILT, } Churchwardens.

THE POOR RATE, for the Half Year, ending Michaelmas, 1867.

Cr.

By Cash to the Guardians	11700	0	0
Police Rate	913	16	0
County Rate	608	6	8
Fire Brigade Rate	132	10	7
Mr. Wingham, Poundage	118	4	0
Mr. Distin do.	111	6	2
Mr. Saunders do.	362	0	9
Mr. Potier, Superannuation allowance	42	0	0
Mr. Ware, Fees at Petty Sessions	3	16	6
Registration Expenses	54	14	9
Royal Society for Protection of Life from Fire	10	0	0
Printing and Stationery	22	0	0
Stamps, &c.	9	0	0
Balance	1619	17	11
	£17171	18	7

I find the Balance of this Account to be Sixteen Hundred and Nineteen Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Eleven Pence against the Overseers.

J. C. MEYMOTT, Auditor.

Dated 28th November, 1867.

THE POOR RATE, for the Half-Year ending Lady-day, 1868.

Cr.

By Cash to Guardians	13000	0	0
Police Rate	1093	15	0
County Rate	729	3	4
Fire Brigade Rate	546	17	6
Mr. Wingham, Poundage	143	3	2
Mr. Distin do.	120	4	11
Mr. Saunders do.	116	4	10
Mr. Beadle do.	25	2	6
Mr. Potier, Superannuation Allowance	404	15	5
High Bailiff, Registration Expenses	42	0	0
Printing and Stationery	66	18	8
Stamps	31	7	6
Balance	8	3	6
	1986	3	0
	£19187	11	7

I find the Balance of this Account to be Nineteen Hundred and Eighty Six Pounds and Three Shillings against the Overseers.

J. C. MEYMOTT, Auditor.

Dated 23rd April, 1868.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE GUARDIANS

For the Half-Year ending

Dr.		
To Balance last Audit	2599	19 11
" Cash of Churchwardens and Overseers	11700	0 0
" Non-settled Poor	25	4 7
" Relations of Paupers	48	17 2
" Pensioners	10	18 8
" Fire Wood	183	10 7
" Sundries	2153	19 0
" Poor under Orders	42	18 6
	<u>£16765</u>	<u>8 5</u>

For the Half-Year ending

Dr.		
To Balance as above	3429	15 2
" Cash of Churchwardens and Overseers	13000	0 0
" Non-settled Poor	28	2 11
" Poor under Orders	12	17 6
" Relations of Paupers	87	11 2
" Pensioners	11	2 4
" Fire Wood	197	14 4
" Sundries	1773	19 4
	<u>£18541</u>	<u>2 9</u>

OF ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK.

Michaelmas, 1867.

	By	In	Maintenance	Cr.
" Out Relief	4661	13 7		
" Non-resident Poor	2953	16 9		
" Lunatics	27	9 3		
" Medical Expenses	931	18 1		
" Election of Guardians	210	12 3		
" Vaccination	44	5 0		
" Registration	47	8 10		
" Salaries	94	8 6		
" Establishment Charges	1440	8 7		
" Workhouse Loans	1906	12 4		
" Apprentices Fees	181	18 4		
" Clothing	10	0 0		
" Out Maintenance	662	1 3		
" Expenses of Removals	12	11 0		
" Law Expenses	10	13 5		
" Burials	4	12 0		
" Balance	135	4 1		
	<u>£16765</u>	<u>8 5</u>		

Lady-day, 1868.

	By	In	Maintenance	Cr.
" Out Relief	4559	19 5		
" Non-resident Poor	3113	3 10		
" Lunatics	38	1 10		
" Medical Expenses	939	13 8		
" Vaccination	322	19 5		
" Registration	28	15 4		
" Salaries	97	7 8		
" Establishment Charges	1422	2 7		
" Workhouse Loans	1532	13 7		
" Apprentices Fees	1149	11 5		
" Clothing	10	0 0		
" Out Maintenance	659	19 5		
" Expenses of Removals	7	7 0		
" Law Expenses	23	13 6		
" Burials	12	0 0		
" Metropolitan Asylum District Board	137	1 7		
" Balance	78	12 6		
	<u>£18541</u>	<u>2 9</u>		

Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

ANNUAL REPORT

MADE TO THE VESTRY

BY THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING LADY-DAY, 1868.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN,

I have again the honour to present you with a report of the sanitary condition of the district, and with the number of the births and deaths that have occurred during the year, as well as the diseases which have caused those deaths. That a considerable similarity should exist in these reports will not occasion surprise, when you remember that the subject always remains the same, and that the number of deaths, and the kind of diseases only vary. Besides, the year now ended, has passed quietly and smoothly away. No cholera or other epidemic, has happened to scare us out of our usual course, and distinguish it from other years. Taking the experience of the past for our guide, cholera might reasonably have been expected. Hitherto, the disease has appeared in the autumn of one year with a few scattered cases, to burst out in all its uncontrollable fury in the following year. Such indeed, has been the case on the Continent. That this has not been so here, much credit, I think, is due to the Vestries of London. They did promptly and zealously all that they could, to prevent and break up this usual train of events. "Medicine," says a celebrated writer, "has tried her skill in vain, and in vain has the devotee offered up his prayers; only has Hygiene effectually intervened between pestilence and its victims." As her true disciples, you have faithfully and diligently carried out her behests, and the result has shown reasonable cause for gratulation.

During the time which we are now contemplating, many measures have been passed in Parliament, showing a desire to improve the health and comfort of the people. There was the Metropolitan Poor Act; Vaccination Act; Factory Acts Extension; Agricultural Gangs Act; Traffic Regulation Act; and Hours of Labour Regulation Act. The tendency of these measures is good; but their practicability is, I fear, remote. To carry them out fully, will require time. Undue haste, and harsh conduct, will rather injure than help the

people. Laws may be good, in the abstract, but oppressive in their operation. No specific exists, whereby the evils from which we suffer can be made void. The struggle will have to continue as long as man lives. It is not only in large towns that sanitary evils are met with, but in every region round about. Many a picturesque village perched on the hill-side, or lying quietly in the deep and silent valley, is defaced with sanitary defects, unknown even in our towns and cities; and is only kept free from disease by the pure air ever blowing over it. But this even does not always avail to keep at bay fever and other epidemics.

We seem in the position of the Alpine traveller, who thinks he sees the end of his ascent, and will soon exultingly stand upon the topmost height. But no sooner does he reach the fancied summit, than he finds there is still another, and another, until hope almost fails. Thus it is with us. Grave nuisances that towered high, and cast far and wide their baleful shadow, we once thought had only to be cast hence, and all would be well. These gone, we find that they only hid others still more formidable, and more enduring. Many belong not to the surroundings of man, but to the constitution of his moral and intellectual powers. And hence, for any real and lasting good we require an improvement in the human race. "We are fired with the hope to reform man. After many experiments we find that we must begin earlier—at school. But the boys and girls are not docile; we can make nothing of them. We must begin our reform earlier still—at generation." To reform man, moral and hygienic measures must go hand in hand. They cannot be divided without injury to the cause they are intended to benefit. Morality doubtless does depend upon the sanitary state of a people. How can a man develop his moral powers, whilst living in the midst of filth and dirt; with all the associations by which he is surrounded, tending only to imbrute his mind? Whilst on the other hand it is true that "the moral governs the economical in the condition of man;" and that his happiness, and the prosperity of the nation of which he forms a part must ever depend upon his character. Alternately, they are related as cause and effect. When united the circle is complete.

TABLE No. 1.

Years	1858	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866	1867
Deaths	1382	1355	1263	1385	1457	1584	1732	1479	1551	1383
Excess of Births over Deaths...	541	706	658	583	679	540	266	703	514	728

I have made these remarks, preparatory to placing before you a Table, which tells the number of deaths that have occurred in each year during the last ten years; and seeing that the number of deaths registered in the year 1867 does not manifest a signal diminution, we might naturally be apt to despair. There have been three years in which the mortality has been less than that of 1867, namely, 1858, 1859 and 1860. In 1858 there was one death less; in 1859, 29; in 1860, 120. In 1864, 349 deaths were registered in excess of 1867. The population, we must remember, has increased; besides, overcrowding

exists to a greater degree than ever, owing to the destruction of houses, and great increase of rents. Putting aside, however, this view of the matter, no one who remembers what London was a few years ago, with its foul open ditches, its multitudinous cess-pools, its scanty supply of impure and disease-propagating water, its bad roads, unflagged pathways, and unregulated slaughter-houses and cow-sheds, can hesitate for one moment to acknowledge how great has been sanitary advance. But going farther back in time, and contrasting the rate of mortality then, with the rate of mortality now, the decrease becomes strikingly manifest. In Southwark during the ten years 1660-9, the range of the death-rate was from 70 to 80 per 1000; whilst in that of the ten years 1858-67, the range was from 21 to 36 per 1000. "A review of the Tables," writes the Registrar General in his Summary of Weekly Returns of Births, Deaths, and Causes of Death in London during the year 1867, "justifies the observation that in none of the London Divisions are the signs of sanitary improvement more legible than in the southern section."

The births of 2058 children were registered in the year, 14 in excess of 1866-7. Of the births registered 1063 were male, and 995 were female children. Whilst the births of males were in excess of females, so likewise were the deaths. The total number of deaths registered in the year 1867-8 was 1352, of which 723 were males, and 629 females. The most fatal quarter of the year was that ending December, and the least fatal that ending June. This comparison does not always hold good.

TABLE No. 2.

Week.	Kent Road.	Borough Road.	London Road.	Total.	Mean Temperature.	Humidity.	Week.	Kent Road.	Borough Road.	London Road.	Total.	Mean Temperature.	Humidity.
14	10	9	11	30	48.6°	77	40	7	7	6	20	48.2°	77
15	8	7	5	20	46.7°	79	41	9	6	8	23	43.7°	91
16	7	9	7	23	50.9°	83	42	8	8	15	31	52.5°	89
17	7	4	15	26	48.7°	81	43	6	7	11	24	52.1°	91
18	11	10	11	32	51.5°	73	44	10	11	6	27	48.5°	88
19	4	2	10	16	63.4°	68	45	4	8	5	17	41.9°	89
20	2	8	8	18	46.8°	75	46	10	11	15	36	45.0°	89
21	6	11	7	24	45.7°	80	47	10	14	10	34	39.6°	83
22	8	5	5	18	59.0°	78	48	8	18	5	31	37.7°	85
23	10	3	7	20	56.8°	83	49	15	13	11	39	35.7°	84
24	6	11	10	27	59.9°	71	50	13	10	8	31	38.4°	90
25	5	7	4	16	55.3°	83	51	10	14	7	31	41.0°	98
26	7	5	10	22	59.1°	67	52	8	11	10	29	37.2°	94
27	7	8	9	24	61.9°	74	1	9	13	7	29	30.1°	75
28	11	13	12	36	60.0°	75	2	6	12	12	30	30.6°	91
29	6	10	8	24	59.0°	79	3	7	19	9	35	44.9°	91
30	7	7	7	21	59.2°	77	4	11	16	14	41	37.4°	84
31	9	12	11	32	55.0°	78	5	7	8	7	22	42.7°	85
32	8	11	6	25	60.1°	82	6	7	12	8	27	41.2°	78
33	6	8	10	24	66.1°	75	7	6	11	8	25	40.9°	84
34	7	8	10	25	63.7°	80	8	11	8	7	26	42.4°	81
35	11	5	8	24	61.7°	81	9	13	18	5	36	46.9°	80
36	5	12	12	29	63.2°	79	10	3	8	8	19	45.9°	81
37	5	11	8	24	60.1°	79	11	7	15	1	23	44.7°	82
38	10	9	5	24	54.8°	80	12	4	7	5	16	44.0°	84
39	10	4	8	22	53.0°	85	13	6	8	10	24	42.7°	77

The second Table will show at a glance the number of deaths that occurred weekly, and in what sub-districts, with the average of temperature. The lowest death rate in the year 1866-7 happened in the 37th week, ending 15th September, when the number was 17; and the highest, in the 39th week, when 45 deaths were registered. The highest death rate of the year now under consideration was 41, which occurred in the week ending 25th January; and the lowest in the weeks ending 11th May, 22nd June, and 21st March, when the number in each was 16.

TABLE No. 3.

SUB-DISTRICTS.	NUMBER OF DEATHS IN 1867-8.	POPULATION IN 1861.
Kent Road	408	19652
Borough Road.....	502	16668
London Road	442	19190

The third Table exhibits the number of deaths that happened in each sub-district. In these the rate of mortality varies considerably. In the Kent Road sub-district 21 have died in 1000 persons living; whilst in the Borough Road sub-district 30 have died in 1000 persons living; and in the London Road sub-district, 23.

TABLE No. 4.

	1863-4		1864-5		1865-6		1866-7		1867-8	
	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.
Quarter ending June.....	569	405	469	410	359	315	491	375	532	292
Quarter ending September	498	373	494	357	479	351	466	377	512	334
Quarter ending December	552	404	516	450	552	583	509	366	489	373
Quarter ending March	513	507	589	429	599	433	578	384	525	353

In the fourth Table is shown the number of births and deaths that have been registered in each quarter during five years. This requires no comment.

TABLE No 5.

	1863—4					1864—5					1865—6					1866—7					1867—8				
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
Small Pox ...	24	4	2	1	31	2	1	4	1	8	2	...	1	3	6	8	14	8	14	44	7	10	6	1	24
Measles	30	12	5	6	53	16	13	19	5	53	...	9	17	8	34	13	5	3	4	25	3	1	5	4	13
Scarlatina ...	17	29	23	23	92	25	20	30	3	78	2	16	4	6	28	7	12	5	10	34	6	5	20	11	42
Diphtheria ...	3	1	2	2	8	1	2	2	...	5	...	1	3	2	6	...	2	2	3	7	1	2	1	2	6
Whooping Cough	26	9	8	16	59	18	9	21	16	64	7	5	15	21	48	29	11	11	4	55	13	8	21	52	67
Diarrhœa ...	8	33	15	6	62	8	28	3	5	44	12	63	6	4	85	6	29	8	1	44	4	44	4	6	58
Typhus	19	25	33	36	113	37	36	26	29	128	11	10	12	18	51	...	26	12	...	38	6	9	8	11	34

Zymotic diseases in the aggregate were fatal to 288 persons, less by 24 than in the preceding year. The decrease is chiefly due to the diminished rate of mortality from small-pox. The deaths from that disease were little more than half, when compared with those of 1866-7. It has been stated that Jenner's discovery has saved 80,000 lives annually. That 80,000 have not died from small pox may be very true, but that they have been saved is doubtful. Vaccination closes one avenue to death, but many more are open. There is a vicarious mortality. The weak and ailing whom small-pox would have destroyed, perish in their struggle with some other disease; hence the increase of deaths from scarlatina, whooping cough, and the like diseases. This need be no cause for lamentation; for as long as beings with degenerate organisation are born amongst us, it is necessary for the safety of our race, that they be swept away. Whooping cough has been pre-eminently fatal, 67 deaths being referred to that disease. Next in degree of fatality follows diarrhœa, which caused 58 deaths. Only in two years of the last five has this disease proved more fatal; and these were 1863-4, and 1865-6. The deaths from fever were 34. In London there were registered 2174 deaths from this disease. Syphilis was fatal in 15 cases, and most were infants. For arresting the spread of this subtle and terrible disease, the Contagious Disease Act was passed. Besides this, another Act was passed last session (1867), whereby the Guardians are empowered, on a certificate of their Medical Officer, to retain in the workhouse any inmate suffering from this disease, so long as they cannot leave without danger to themselves or others. "On the whole," says Sir William Jenner, "I believe that among all preventible diseases, there is not one which is the cause of so much misery and loss of life." It predisposes to many other diseases, especially consumption and scrofulous affections. It is the companion and curse of civilization.

Whether it rests within the compass of man's power to rid the world of the sources from which Zymotic diseases take their rise I know not. The poison germs may be present everywhere; they may be carried on or in water; they may adhere to walls, clothing, and bedding; they may float idly about in the atmosphere, but if no suitable soil be prepared for them whereon to settle, and work out their results, then no more consequences would follow than if good seed were scattered upon the brown and naked rock, or upon the dry and parched sand of the desert. The fact is certain, that the extent and mortality of Zymotic diseases will always be found to correspond with the social and sanitary condition of a people, rather than upon the strength and power of the epidemic. The International Sanitary Conference, which met in Constantinople in the beginning of the year 1867, anticipated a period when the minds of all men would be penetrated with the truth, that most endemics and epidemics owe their violence and spread to the massing together of people, and to the fatal customs prevalent amongst them—a period, when all shall understand that it is in the power of man, at the same time that it is his duty, to overcome by his efforts, that condition which he has created by his ignorance. The conference asserted that if man was to be preserved from cholera epidemics, he must live on a clean soil, drink pure water, and breathe a pure atmosphere. “The preventive power” of disease “which we possess, is amongst the happiest possessions of science.”

TABLE No. 6.

	1863—4	1864—5	1865—6	1866—7	1867—8
Phthisis.....	232	181	202	211	184
Bronchitis.....	203	177	132	165	137
* Pneumonia	106	130	119	110	60

To constitutional diseases were referred 305 deaths. This class consists of two divisions; one only of which will demand our attention. This includes that most fatal of all diseases, consumption, as well as tabes, which destroyed 76 persons, 74 of whom were under five years of age; as well as hydrocephalus, a disease also fatal to children. Consumption has caused 184 deaths; the lowest number that has happened in five years, except the year 1864-5, when they were three less. A curious and very important fact has been brought to light with reference to this disease, by Dr. Buchanan. He found, whilst on his search into the results of the sanitary improvement in English towns, that the drying of the soil, which has followed in most cases from the laying of main sewers, has led to a considerable diminution of this disease. At Leicester it was observed that when a diminution occurred in the subsoil water, a corresponding reduction was observed in the consumptive death rate. Clearly some intimate relation exists between the subsoil water and consumption. I need not say that the mortality of other diseases is also influenced to a greater or lesser degree by efficient drainage. Any knowledge which may tend to diminish the ravages of consumption cannot be too widely known, consequently I think it right to inform you, that it is the opinion of a modern writer, that if we avoid breathing the same air over again we cannot incur the disease; but that if we breathe the same air again we cannot in the long run avoid it. Simply by shunning re-breathed air, tubercular and tubercle induced maladies may be got rid of for ever. Granting the result should not be so complete as here

told us, yet it would be well to put the teaching into practice, not only for health's sake, but also for the sake of cleanliness. The air after being used in the lungs, is like water after having been used for washing, only fit to be got rid of as fast and as effectually as possible, and not retained by closed windows, boarded fire-places, and listed doors. If we could only see its foulness we should need no exhortation to allow its escape.

Under the class Local Diseases, are included the affections of particular organs of the body, whether assailed by inflammation or by mere functional derangement. Two hundred and twenty seven deaths from the brain and nervous system were recorded. Disease of this kind is steadily upon the increase. The number of deaths during the last five years have been as follows: 189, 197, 198, 211, and 227. This gives cause for reflection. The opinion is also daily becoming more confirmed and general, that insanity is upon the increase; an increase outrunning the increase of the population. It is an established fact, that insanity reaches its highest point amongst civilized communities. City life, with all its struggles, anxieties, mental excitement, late hours, vices and pleasures, is one of the main causes. Mental culture has also been greatly increased of late years, and that not equally. The reasoning powers have been left too much in abeyance, whilst the emotional have been unduly excited. This unfortunately has been too much the object with many of our popular preachers and writers. Manly exercises were once considered the foundation of that elevation of mind, which gives one nature influence over another. Now physical force is becoming less and less necessary. The strong-brained have supplanted the strong-limbed. The intellect has become the highway to wealth, position, and power.

Diseases of the lungs (consumption excluded) exhibit a considerable diminution in their mortality. Two hundred and twenty deaths are attributed to them, and these were chiefly owing to inflammation of the air passages and cells. They cause about 40 per cent. of the mortality. The seasons increase or diminish their mortality to a remarkable degree. "The difference between winter's cold and summer's heat," says Dr. Farr, "will cause a loss or saving of 800 lives in a week." Sanitary neglect and want of personal cleanliness add to their fatality. It is these diseases which make our winter mortality so high; hence the necessity of careful protection against cold.

Teething destroyed 15 infants, and to premature birth and debility were attributed 51 deaths. Suffocation was the cause of 15 deaths; 12 of these were infants, and were found dead in bed, with one exception; this exception was an infant which had been wrapped up in a shawl so carefully, that when the shawl was opened it was found smothered. A new-born infant was found dead in West Square. A male, aged 42, was found suffocated in the bed clothes, and a female, aged 72, perished from the same cause, by falling backwards and forcing her head upon her chest. Injuries to the brain gave rise to 8 deaths. The falling of the shafts of a cart killed a girl, aged 4 years; and upon a male, aged 63, a pocket of hops fell; the others died from falls, or from being run over. A woman, aged 42, was killed by falling into the sewer in Westminster-bridge-road. A girl, aged 2 years, was poisoned from drinking paraffine. Two females were burnt from their clothes taking fire, aged respectively 20 and 67 years. Four persons committed suicide. A male, aged 64, hung himself; another, aged 60, poisoned himself by taking laudanum; and a third by taking prussic acid; a female (insane) set fire to herself with a lucifer match. Seven persons died whose ages had reached and passed four score years and ten; two were aged 90, one 92, 93, 94, 95, and 98.

TABLE No. 7.

NAME OF WATER COMPANY.	TONS.	NAME OF WATER COMPANY.	TONS.
1867.		1867.	
Southwark Company—April	29	Lambeth Company—April	29
" " May	29	" " May	30
" " June	30	" " June	28
" " July	26	" " July	26
" " August	25	" " August	26
" " September	26	" " September	26
" " October	26	" " October	27
" " November	30	" " November	31
" " December	30	" " December	30
1868.		1868.	
" " January	32	" " January	30
" " February	32	" " February	31
" " March	33	" " March	29

The analysis of the Metropolitan waters is still conducted by Professor Frankland, F.R.S. The Table will show the number of tons of solid impurities in 100,000 tons of the water of the Lambeth and Southwark Companies. Our supply remains intermittent. It seems, however, that some of the water companies have expressed their desire to work with medical officers of health "for improvement in the water supply of the poor," and that "they are quite prepared on the single condition of effective provision being made against waste, to add to the number of main supplies." Messrs. Beggs & Son, Southampton-street, Strand, have manufactured what they call "double valve water waste preventers," which they assert will answer every demand that can be made. They are simple in construction, and cannot easily be disarranged. They have one which is intended for passages and courts, or such like places, and which can be fastened against the wall or other place by means of a bracket. This will deliver about $2\frac{1}{2}$ gallons each time, and the cost is 36s. To landlords having blocks of houses, the erection of these would be far better, as well as cheaper than water-butts. They might almost supplant butts. And what a benefit they would prove; water always on, cool in summer, and no pipes to freeze and burst in the winter; besides obtaining the water as pure as it leaves the reservoirs. Provincial towns are better supplied, and with purer water than is the metropolis. Thousands of pounds are spent every year in London, which would be saved, were the water as soft and free from impurities as it ought to be. The intermittent supply besides its inconvenience and incompleteness, involves other dangerous liabilities. Dr. Frankland tells us, that in addition to the well known evils attending the storage of water in butts and cisterns, there is the danger of the leakage of sewage into the pipes whilst the pressure is withdrawn. He found in some drawn from the West Middlesex Company rather more than one per cent. of fresh sewage. It came out on inquiry that a leakage had occurred in one of the mains near a gully hole: consequently when the water pressure was removed from the main at night, the sewage gained access into the interior. No chance should exist for an accident like this to happen. Putting aside the nastiness of the thing, we are incurring great danger in ordinary times of fever, and in extraordinary times of cholera.

The bake-houses have been visited twice during the year, and the slaughter-houses and cow-sheds once, according to the requirements of the Metropolis Management Act, and the Bake-house Regulation Act.

TABLE No. 8 Continued.

1867—8.	Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Diphtheria	Whooping Cough	Typhus	Diarrhoea	Teething, Tabes, &c.	1867—8.	Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Diphtheria	Whooping Cough	Typhus	Diarrhoea	Teething, Tabes, &c.
Surrey Street	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	Warner Street	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2
Surrey Buildings	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	Warwick Street	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	1
St. Stephen's Place	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	West Place	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
St. Stephen's Square	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	Webber Row	1	...	3	...	2	...	1	9
St. George's Circus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	West Square	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1
St. George's Place	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	William's Place	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
St. George's Passage	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Wilson's Court	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
St. George's Road	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	Wickham Place	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
Southwark Bridge Road	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	2	Webber Street	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
									Westcott Street	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Tennis Place	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Wellington Place	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...
Tower Street	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	2	Westminster Bridge Rd.	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2
Townsend Street	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	White Street	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	2
									Workhouse	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
Union Street, B. R.	...	...	3	1	...	1	...	3	York Street, K. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Union Street, L. R.	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	York Street, L. R.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Union Street, K. R.	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	York Place	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
William Street	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2									

The eighth Table places before you the localities in which deaths from zymotic, constitutional, and developmental diseases have taken place. It will be found that where poverty and over crowding exist, these diseases abound. Indeed poverty and over crowding are but convertible terms. It seems to me that the tendency of the present day is to lessen human responsibility; and make man good upon compulsion; to bring about by outward force, that which ought to spring spontaneously from within. As men in the affairs of life will not act with integrity and honor, why then means must be made to compel them. For every vice we shall soon have a law. This is sad, after so many centuries of teaching and preaching. "What higher morality we seem to possess, when compared with the past, appears to be produced, not by greater love of virtue, but by the greater perfection of the police." Man must be made, in some measure, his own healer and helper. Improvement must proceed from himself; and for this end his responsibility should be increased, and education in its widest and fullest sense extended. Sanitary knowledge is extremely limited; and where possessed, seldom practised. One of the most neglected of sanitary duties is ventilation; and yet it is one of the very utmost importance, as I have previously shown. How many of our public rooms, churches, and chapels exhibit the greatest heedlessness in this respect; and not for want of means so much, as from a foolish fear of draughts. Some of our places of worship when full, and the gas is burning, are positively noxious. The greatest pains are taken with reference to the health and comfort of the hearers, in most of our public places of amusement; and surely every thing connected with religious worship ought to approximate as nigh as possible to perfection. Besides, how is it possible to gain the attention and consent of the lower and ignorant classes to this matter, when the upper and intelligent classes are so careless about it.

The result of what massing together human beings will ultimately lead to, is now being tested to the utmost. Little garden-plots, green spots, open spaces, are absorbed and swal-

lowed up one after another, and houses are covering them. If instead of long and monotonous streets of low houses, which must soon become the habitations of wretchedness and vice, loftier houses were built, in flats, and with numerous open spaces, we might anticipate a better future. Apparently, however, each builder does that which seems good in his own eyes, and we must submit. I have often wondered at the indifference manifested by Government. Such was not the case with that of old Rome. The utmost care and watchfulness was shown in the erection of houses, both as regarded their position and structure, so that they might not become the haunts for disease and crime. Shall the Christian City, in the performance of such important duties, lag behind the Pagan City? The building of proper habitations is the greatest want of the time, and the very basis of sanitary improvement. Without this, our labour is despoiled of more than half its benefits. The placing of a block of houses here and there is of no avail, except perhaps to show the greater need of them. It is high time something should be done; and I earnestly hope that the bill now before Parliament to provide better dwellings for artisans and labourers will be the commencement of a better era. If modified and carefully carried out, it may prove one of the most efficient sanitary measures yet passed. There will, however, be many and great obstacles, the chief being poverty. A man will not build unless he can see that he shall be remunerated for his labour and outlay. How can he pull down old houses, and build new ones, and the rents not be increased? To increase rents will render almost nugatory the good done. I say, now, as I have said before, that I do not believe suitable houses can be built for the poor which will pay. The philanthropist halts here, and the capitalist will not advance. How much might be done by those who have been set upon the high places of the earth, did they consider what their position demands. The gulph now widening between the rich and poor might then be bridged over. Many of the localities in our parishes, and not only in our parishes, but in other parishes out in the open country, upon which stand buildings that are a disgrace and a curse to the age, belong to the wealthiest of the land, yet, they heed not. Apparently they have abdicated those duties which the possession of property involves. There is certainly need of greater sympathy between the various classes which form our social condition. Justice may be most rigidly and impartially enforced, and money payments most correctly made, but this is not all that is required. There abide other wants within the human heart. There is much said at the present time about the working classes, and a variety of means proposed for their benefit; a great deal however remains to be done. For we must not forget, that it is amongst them is found our highest death-rate; and that it is amongst them epidemics rage most fatally. The case is hard when a man, even when in full work, can barely supply the necessities of himself and family; but how much harder still, when seeking anxiously for leave to toil, that he may eat the bread of diligence, he can find none, but must stand with folded arms, his heart filled with blind wrath. "A man willing to work," writes Carlyle, "and unable to find work, is perhaps the saddest sight that fortune's inequality exhibits under the sun." Beneath the fair aspect of our prosperity, there ever welters a dark sea of hunger, discontent, and turbulence; and I need not say how such evils impair the health of a people.

HENRY BATESON, M.D.

16th June, 1868.

TABLE No. 9.—DEATHS Registered in St. George's, Southwark, during the Year ending March 28th, 1868. (52 Weeks.)

Deaths in the Year 1866-7.	CAUSES OF DEATH.	ALL AGES				AGES.												80 and upwards.
		M.	F.	T.	Under 1—	1—	2—	3—	4—	All under 5	5—	10—	15—	All under 20	20—	40—	60—	
	ALL CAUSES.	723	639	1352	378	141	85	34	25	663	54	14	16	747	168	215	191	31
329	I. Zymotic	142	146	288	85	52	41	23	13	214	31	1	4	250	18	12	7	1
26	II. Dropsy, &c. .. .	8	13	21	2	..	2	..	..	4	1	..	..	5	3	7	6	..
306	III. Tubercular .. .	171	113	284	67	32	10	5	3	117	4	5	6	132	87	51	14	..
211	IV. Brain and Nerves .. .	127	100	227	78	23	13	5	4	123	9	3	1	136	20	50	20	1
46	V. Heart, &c. .. .	20	24	44	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	4	7	16	16	1
300	VI. Lungs, &c. .. .	124	96	220	42	23	16	1	3	85	4	1	..	90	18	45	64	3
56	VII. Digestive Organs .. .	25	34	59	13	5	..	..	..	18	1	3	2	24	8	18	8	1
19	VIII. Kidneys, &c. .. .	7	6	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	3	7	..
13	IX. Childbirth, &c. .. .	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	1	..
3	X. Joints, Bones, &c. .. .	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..
3	XI.—Skin, &c. .. .	2	2	4	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	2	..
6	XII.—Malformation .. .	1	1	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
43	XIII.—Premature Birth and Debility .. .	25	26	51	51	..	..	..	..	51	..	..	..	51	..	..	..	..
17	XIV.—Atrophy .. .	19	10	29	22	1	1	..	1	25	1	1	..	27	..	1	1	..
86	XV.—Old Age .. .	25	36	61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	24
..	XVI.—Sudden .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	XVII.—Violence, Privation, &c. .. .	19	15	34	13	5	1	..	1	20	1	..	..	21	2	5	6	..
10	XVIII.—Not Specified .. .	6	1	7	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	4	1	..
44	I. Small Pox .. .	17	7	24	4	6	3	2	3	18	2	..	1	21	3	..	..	..
25	Measles... .. .	6	7	13	2	5	3	1	..	11	2	..	..	13	..	..	..	..
34	Scarlatina .. .	18	24	42	..	4	11	3	4	22	18	..	1	41	1	..	..	..
55	Hooping Cough .. .	31	36	67	18	19	16	8	4	65	1	1	..	67	..	..	..	..
13	Croup .. .	3	9	12	2	3	2	4	..	11	1	..	..	12	..	..	..	..
..	Thrush .. .	3	2	5	5	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..
44	Diarrhoea .. .	29	29	58	36	15	1	..	..	52	1	..	..	53	1	1	2	1
1	Dysentery .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38	Cholera.. .. .	..	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
..	Influenza .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Scurvy and Purpura .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ague .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Remittent Fever .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Infantile .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	Typhus .. .	17	17	34	2	..	4	1	2	9	3	..	2	14	8	7	5	..
..	Puerperal .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
5	Rheumatic .. .	2	3	5	..	..	..	1	..	1	2	..	..	3	1	1	..	..
4	Erysipelas .. .	3	1	4	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..
1	Pyæmia .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	Syphilis .. .	7	8	15	11	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	11	2	2	..	..
..	Noma .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	Diphtheria .. .	6	..	6	3	..	1	1	..	5	1	..	..	6	..	..	..	..
..	Hydrophobia .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	II. Haemorrhage .. .	1	3	4	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..
11	Dropsy .. .	3	9	12	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	1	5	4	..
2	Abscess .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ulcers .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Fistula .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Mortification .. .	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..
7	Cancer .. .	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..
2	Gout .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
1	III. Scrofula .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
79	Tabes Mesenterica .. .	49	27	76	45	21	6	1	1	74	1	1	..	76	..	..	..	..
211	Phthisis .. .	107	77	184	11	5	3	1	1	21	2	3	6	32	87	51	14	..
1	Spasmodic Croup .. .	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
14	Hydrocephalus .. .	13	9	22	9	6	1	3	1	20	1	1	..	22	..	..	..	..
1	IV. Cephalitis .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
39	Apoplexy .. .	16	18	34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	8	18	7	..
15	Paralysis .. .	16	10	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	5	15	5	..
5	Delirium Tremens .. .	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	..
..	Chorea .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Table No. 9 continued.

Births.... M. 1063. F. 995. Total....2058.

Excess of Births over Deaths....706.

Deaths....M. 723. F. 629. Total....1352.

[illegible]

REMOVAL OF NUISANCES.

IN THE SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

Besides those cases which have been remedied on the Officer's application without service of formal Notice, the following have passed through the Books within the Year ending March 25th, 1868.

	Number of Cases.
Houses cleansed throughout	82
Houses partly cleansed	129
Apartments cleansed and disinfected	23
Roofs repaired	122
Gutters fixed or repaired	22
Rain Pipes fixed or repaired	13
Water Closets repaired	8
Water Closets cleansed	33
Drains opened and cleansed	140
Drains repaired	2
Yard Paving repaired	43
Sinks trapped	9
Yards limewashed	108
Privies abolished and Water Closets formed	21
Dust Bins provided or repaired	118
Water Butts cleansed, repaired, or new Water Butts set up	45
Service Pipes repaired	10
Supply of Water provided	39
Offensive accumulations removed	8
Urinals cleansed	2
Noxious Business abolished	1
Piggeries abolished	18
Cowsheds inspected	10
Slaughter Houses inspected	21
Horse Slaughterers' premises inspected	2
Bakehouses inspected	86
Single Private Drains connected to the Public Sewers.. .. .	32

Total 1147

JAMES SMITH, *Inspector of Nuisances.*

REMOVAL OF NUISANCES CONTINUED.

	Number of Cases.
Apartments cleansed and disinfected	22
Dust Bins provided or repaired	141
Yard Paving repaired	142
Houses cleansed throughout	177
Partial cleansing and colouring	63
Water Butts cleansed, repaired, or new or extra Butts set up	211
Service Pipes repaired	35
Sinks in Back Yards repaired or trapped	194
Pans in Water Closets cleansed	6
Roofs repaired	183
Drains opened and cleansed	68
Privies emptied and abolished and Water Closets formed	12
Offensive accumulations removed	4
Rain Water Pipes repaired	127
Water Closets repaired	29
Piggeries abolished	1
Yards lime-washed	37
Drains repaired	60
Supply of Water provided	73
Closet Drains panned and trapped	43
Other improvements	24
Catgut Premises inspected	2
Inspections of Bone Boilers' premises	104
Do. Catgut Makers' Premises	90
Do. Horse Slaughterers' Premises	60
<hr/>	
Total 1908	<hr/>

Of 38 Summonses issued in relation to Nuisances 2 were dismissed, and in 36 cases the Defendants were convicted. Six bushels of Fruit and 23 lots of Fish, weighing about 2 tons 12 cwt., were seized, condemned, and destroyed.

JOHN EDWARDS, *Inspector of Nuisances.*

CONTENTS.

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE VESTRY.

	PAGE.
Prefatory Note	3
List of Vestrymen	4
List of Auditors	5
List of Officers of the Vestry	5
Account in Abstract	6
Allowance of the Auditors	8
Debts and Liabilities	9
Statement of Contracts	10
<hr/> CHURCHWARDEN'S ACCOUNTS. <hr/>	
Allowance by the Auditors	11
Rector's Rate, made October 2nd, 1866	12
Rector's Rate, made October 1st, 1867.	12
Third Service Fund	14
Delaforce's Charity	14
Kent Street Charity	14
Sayer and Shaw's Charity	16
Martin's and Fenner's Charities	16
Phillips's Charity	16
Brook's (Mariner) Charity	18
Grayson's Charity	18
Smith's Charity	18
General Charities	18
Bernard Hyde's Charity	18
Cooper's Charity	20
Particulars and Scheme of Dickinson's Charity	21
The Overseers in respect of Vestry Rates	24, 26
Statistics of Relief	27
The Overseers in respect of the Poor Rates	28
Accounts of the Guardians.	30
Medical Officer of Health's Report	32
Table 1—Deaths and Births	33
„ 2—Deaths and Mean Temperature	34
„ 3—Deaths and Population	35
„ 4—Births and Deaths Quarterly	35
„ 5—Deaths and Diseases	36
„ 6—Deaths from Lung Diseases	37
„ 7—Water Analysis	39
„ 8—Deaths and Localities	40
„ 9—Deaths from all causes	43
Removal of Nuisances	45

CONTENTS

TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE VESTRY

1	Probationary Note
2	List of Vestrymen
3	List of Auditors
4	List of Officers of the Vestry
5	Account in Abstract
6	Allowance of the Vestry
7	Debt and Disbursements
8	Statement of Contributions
9	
10	
11	Churchwarden's Accounts
12	Allowance by the Auditors
13	Treasury's Note, made October 2nd, 1866
14	Treasury's Note, made October 1st, 1867
15	Third Service Fund
16	Debtors' Charity
17	Debtors' Charity
18	Debtors' Charity
19	Debtors' Charity
20	Debtors' Charity
21	Debtors' Charity
22	Debtors' Charity
23	Debtors' Charity
24	Debtors' Charity
25	Debtors' Charity
26	Debtors' Charity
27	Debtors' Charity
28	Debtors' Charity
29	Debtors' Charity
30	Debtors' Charity
31	Debtors' Charity
32	Debtors' Charity
33	Debtors' Charity
34	Debtors' Charity
35	Debtors' Charity
36	Debtors' Charity
37	Debtors' Charity
38	Debtors' Charity
39	Debtors' Charity
40	Debtors' Charity
41	Debtors' Charity
42	Debtors' Charity
43	Debtors' Charity
44	Debtors' Charity
45	Debtors' Charity

SOUTHWARK:
PRINTED BY FRANCIS PASSMORE,
60, BOROUGH ROAD.

1	Cooper's Charity
2	Cooper's Charity
3	Cooper's Charity
4	Cooper's Charity
5	Cooper's Charity
6	Cooper's Charity
7	Cooper's Charity
8	Cooper's Charity
9	Cooper's Charity
10	Cooper's Charity
11	Cooper's Charity
12	Cooper's Charity
13	Cooper's Charity
14	Cooper's Charity
15	Cooper's Charity
16	Cooper's Charity
17	Cooper's Charity
18	Cooper's Charity
19	Cooper's Charity
20	Cooper's Charity
21	Cooper's Charity
22	Cooper's Charity
23	Cooper's Charity
24	Cooper's Charity
25	Cooper's Charity
26	Cooper's Charity
27	Cooper's Charity
28	Cooper's Charity
29	Cooper's Charity
30	Cooper's Charity
31	Cooper's Charity
32	Cooper's Charity
33	Cooper's Charity
34	Cooper's Charity
35	Cooper's Charity
36	Cooper's Charity
37	Cooper's Charity
38	Cooper's Charity
39	Cooper's Charity
40	Cooper's Charity
41	Cooper's Charity
42	Cooper's Charity
43	Cooper's Charity
44	Cooper's Charity
45	Cooper's Charity







