

[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Southwark, The Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr].

Contributors

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Vestry of St. George the Martyr, Southwark.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT,

BEING THE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING

MARCH 25th, 1863.

CONTAINING

A LIST OF THE VESTRYMEN AND AUDITORS,

AND OF

THE OFFICERS OF THE VESTRY;

ALSO

AN ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT

SHEWING THE

RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE,

WITH THE

Statement of the Allowance of the Auditors,

AND

AN ACCOUNT OF MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY,

AND OF

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY:

AND

A STATEMENT OF CONTRACTS ENTERED INTO DURING THE YEAR;

ALSO

THE REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

CONTAINING

THE STATISTICS OF THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE PARISH;

AND THE REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS IN RELATION TO THE REMOVAL OF NUISANCES.

TO WHICH ARE APPENDED

THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS,

IN RELATION TO

THE RECTOR'S RATE,

THE THIRD SERVICE IN THE PARISH CHURCH,

AND THE CHARITIES;

AND ALSO

THE ACCOUNTS IN ABSTRACT OF

THE OVERSEERS AND THE GUARDIANS.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE VESTRY.

VESTRY HALL, BOROUGH ROAD, SOUTHWARK.

1863.

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Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE VESTRY.

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT of the Vestry of this Parish, being that for the Year ending on the 25th of March, 1863, is prepared and published in pursuance of the Provisions of the Metropolis Management Acts.

The particulars of the Sanitary condition of the Parish will be found in the Report of the Medical Officer of Health and the Tables connected therewith. The Vestry Accounts, duly vouched as the law requires, and the other Statements herein contained, shew the general Proceedings of the Vestry. Besides the Accounts of the Churchwardens, and those of the Overseers and the Guardians relating to the Poor Rates, which are given as usual, there are now subjoined (p.p. 36-38) the Accounts which, pursuant to the Act of last Session, the Overseers have rendered relating to the rates raised by them under the Orders of the Vestry.

It is matter of congratulation to the Parishioners at large, that during the year has been effectively completed the arduous, difficult, and anxious process of revising the rating of that portion of the property in the Parish which was unduly rated below the general Assessment of the Parish. The result, as reported to the Vestry on behalf of the Assessing Committee, was, that, without the introduction of any new principle of valuation whatever, but merely by the fair and equitable application of those principles of Assessment which have been all along in operation in the Parish, the total of the Assessments of the Parish, which had been £125,724, became £139,179. The difference £13,455 is equivalent to a permanent reduction of the Poor Rate throughout the Parish equal to nearly sixpence in the Pound *per annum*, and a corresponding reduction of all the other Parochial Rates. The special thanks of the Vestry to the Assessing Committee and to the Vestry Clerk in relation to this business are recorded in the minutes of the Vestry under date April 7th, 1863.

On application to the undersigned at the Vestry Hall, any Parishioner will be furnished with a Copy of this Report.

DANIEL BIRT,

Vestry Clerk.

VESTRY HALL, BOROUGH ROAD,

June 1st, 1863.

LIST OF VESTRYMEN, 1863.

EX-OFFICIO.

The Rev. HUGH ALLEN, D.D., *Rector*, Bengal Place, New Kent Road.

Mr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, *Rector's Warden*, Blackman Street.

Mr. WILLIAM RENTMORE, *Renter Warden*, Borough Road.

Mr. JOSEPH ROCKLEY, *Puisne Warden*, High Street.

WARD No. 1.

Mr. ALFRED POCOCK, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. THOMAS AUSTIN BARNES, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. THOMAS WILLCOX, Borough Road.

Mr. THOMAS PARK, Blackfriars Road.

Mr. JOSEPH SPEED, Borough Road.

Mr. HENRY SHELLEY, Blackman Street.

Mr. ALFRED GWILT, Union Street.

Mr. WILLIAM HENRY JAMES, Blackfriars Road.

Mr. JAMES MARSLAND, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. EDWARD COLLINSON, Blackman Street.

Mr. GEORGE LAWES, Great Suffolk Street.

Mr. JONATHAN EMMETT, Webber Row.

Mr. WALTER HART, Borough Road.

Mr. JOHN CUMNER, High Street.

Mr. WILLIAM PRATT, High Street.

Mr. HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT, Blackfriars Road.

Mr. JOHN SHERWOOD, Little Lant Street.

Mr. WILLIAM P. J. LLEWELLYN, Blackman Street.

WARD No. 2.

Mr. JAMES BARNES, West Square.

Mr. JOSEPH WILKINSON, St. George's Road.

Mr. THOMAS POCOCK, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. WILLIAM RENDLE, Bridge House Place.

Mr. STEPHEN SWAIN, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. THOMAS AMERY, London Road.

Mr. WILLIAM LOCK, Borough Road.

Mr. JAMES SMITH, Mansfield Street.

Mr. JOHN HOOPER, Barkham Terrace.

Mr. WILLIAM TAYLOR, West Square.

Mr. EDWARD HARRIS RABBITS, Elephant Buildings.

Mr. CHARLES TAYLOR, St. George's Road.

Mr. CHARLES HOOLE, London Road.

Mr. HENRY BLANDFORD SANDALL, Gladstone Place.

Mr. ROBERT ARCHER, Laurie Terrace.

WARD No. 3.

Mr. THOMAS HUNT, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. THOMAS IVATTS, White Street.
 Mr. JOHN ADDERLEY, High Street.
 Mr. JAMES JARVIS, Etham Place, Kent Street Road.
 Mr. DONALD SCOTT, Etham Place, Kent Street Road.

Mr. JOSEPH ALLWORTH PASH, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOSEPH LAKE, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. GEORGE HARDING, White Street.
 Mr. JOSEPH ROCKLEY, High Street.
 Mr. JOHN SARELL, Old Kent Road.

Mr. CHARLES LEONARD, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. THOMAS MARTIN, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOHN EDGINGTON, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. GEORGE ELLIOTT, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. GEORGE CADOGAN, Old Kent Road.

AUDITORS.

WARD No. 1.—Mr. STEPHEN KNIGHT, Great Suffolk Street.
 „ 2.—Mr. JOSEPH WEBSTER, Bridge House Place.
 „ 3.—Mr. ROBERT D. HILTON, Old Kent Road.

OFFICERS.**Vestry Clerk.**

DANIEL BIRT, Esq. Vestry Hall.

Medical Officer of Health,

HENRY BATESON, Esq., M.D. Waterloo Road.

Surveyor of Roads,

Mr. GEORGE WELLMAN Vestry Hall.

Surveyor of Sewers,

Mr. JAMES SMITH Vestry Hall.

Inspectors of Nuisances and Sanitary Inspectors,

Mr. JAMES SMITH.

Mr. GEORGE WELLMAN.

Messenger,

Mr. WALTER COLLETT Vestry Hall.

ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT,

Showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the Vestry, under the Metropolis
(18 & 19 Vic.

Dr.		GENERAL RATE.	
To Balance in hand, March 25, 1862	1288 16 0		
" Rates collected during the Year	9600 0 0		
" Contributions, chiefly in respect of private works	199 17 9		
" Incidentals	57 2 10	9857 0 7	
		£11,145 16 7	

SEWERS RATE.

To Balance in hand March 25th, 1862	640 3 0		
" Rates collected during the Year	3100 0 0		
" Contributions, chiefly in respect of private drainage	95 8 2	3195 8 2	
		£3835 11 2	

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

To Balance in hand, March 25th, 1862	996 6 11		
" Rates collected during the Year	1800 0 0		
" Contributions, proportion of Election expenses	2 14 7	1802 14 7	
		£2799 1 6	
		£17,780 9 3	

Local Management Act, for the Year ending the 25th day of March, 1863
c. 120, s. 196.)

By Works, viz.—		Cr.	
Paving	1,355 19 2		
Lighting	2,512 16 6		
Cleansing and Watering	2,250 7 11		
Removing Dust	213 5 0		
Materials	3,083 16 5		
Cartage	41 2 0		
Incidentals	27 4 9		
		9,484 11 9	
Establishment	657 11 4		
Interest on South District Boards	200 0 0		
Contingencies—chiefly Compensation Annuities	111 5 3		
Amount expended		10,453 8 4	10,453 8 4
Balance in hand, March 25th, 1863		692 8 3	
		£11,145 16 7	

By Payment of the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works	2,213 19 10		
" Works, viz.—			
1,978 feet Stoneware Pipe Sewer, at a cost of	153 14 6		
45 Private Drains	62 7 8		
40 Gullies, Repairs, &c.	149 6 2		
1 Side Entrance	10 3 5	159 9 7	
Flushing Sewers	305 18 9		
Cleansing Gullies	38 15 9		
Cleansing Public Urinals	7 16 0		
Jobbing Works	33 10 3	386 0 9	
Water for Public Urinals	17 10 0		
Incidentals	27 11 3		
		806 13 9	
Establishment	471 14 3		
Amount Expended		3,492 7 10	3,492 7 10
Balance in hand March 25th, 1863		343 3 4	
		£3,835 11 2	

By Payment of the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works	1,825 0 0		
Establishment	155 17 1		
Amount Expended		1,980 17 1	1,980 17 1
Balance in hand, March 25th, 1863		818 4 5	
		£2,799 1 6	
Total Amount Expended		£15,926 13 3	

RECAPITULATION OF BALANCES.

Balance in hand, General Rate	692 8 3		
" " Sewers Rate	343 3 4		
" " Main Drainage Rate	818 4 5		
Total Balance in hand, March 25th, 1863		1,853 16 0	
		£1,7780 9 3	

ACCOUNT

OF THE

MONIES OWING TO, AND DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY,

ON THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1863.

(18 & 19 Vic., c. 120, s. 196.)

1st.—MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY.

FROM THE OVERSEERS.

In respect of the Precept issued November 3rd, 1862—

General Rate	1750	0	0
Sewers Rate	1000	0	0
Main Drainage Rate	500	0	0
Excess levied beyond the amount mentioned in the			
Order No. 10, dated July 2nd, 1860	74	4	1
Do. Order No. 12, dated May 27th, 1861	95	16	3
	170	0	4
Less Deficiency levied below the amount mentioned in the			
Order No. 9, dated January 2nd, 1860	47	10	7
Do. Order No. 11, dated January 11th, 1861	13	5	
	48	4	0
Excess levied beyond the amount mentioned in the Order No. 13, dated Oct. 14th, 1861	121	16	4
Do. Order No. 14, Dated June 2nd, 1862	98	6	6
	81	3	3

2nd.—DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY.

The Debt incurred by the late South District Board—

Messrs. Bastow and Aaron	1000	0	0
Miss Sarah Wilkinson	1000	0	0
Mrs. Isabella Watts	1000	0	0
Mr. John Hensby	1000	0	0
	4000	0	0

GENERAL RATE.

To The Phoenix Gas Company	422	17	6
„ The South Metropolitan Gas Company	79	16	0
„ The London Gas Company	124	17	6
„ Mr. Green, for Scavenging and Watering	200	0	0
„ Mr. Green, for Cart Hire	12	0	0
„ Mr. Beevers, for Paving and Materials	670	14	5
„ Mr. Richardson, for Flints	85	0	6
„ Mr. Hearn, Removal of Dust	76	5	0
„ Mr. Stanford, Map of the Parish, and Mounting	7	3	6
For Salaries, One Quarter	230	0	0
„ Rent, Taxes, Gas and Water—Vestry Hall	75	17	2
Small Bills	12	19	4
	1997	10	11

SEWERS RATE.

To Messrs. Bottom & Co., Contractors	38	9	3
„ The Lambeth Water Company, Water at Urinals	5	0	0
Small Bills	4	0	0
	47	9	3

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works	1825	0	0
--	------	---	---

COMPENSATION ANNUITIES.

George Ware, Esq. for Life	12	10	2
John R. Rush, Esq.	15	10	4
Mr. William Bunce	13	13	2
Mr. Charles Anderson	50	0	0

STATEMENT OF ALL CONTRACTS

ENTERED INTO BY THE VESTRY,

IN THE YEAR PRECEDING THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1863.

(18 19 Vic., c. 130, s. 196.)

SEWERS RATE.

Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term.
William Bottom & Comp :	Sewers Work and Materials as per Schedule	One Year, from Michaelmas, 1862.

GENERAL RATE.

Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term.
William Hearn	Removal of Dust £250 p Annum	One Year from Lady-day, 1863.
William Reed	Scavenging and Watering £2540 p Annum	" "
William Reed	Carts, Horses, Harness, and Drivers, as } p Schedule	" "
James Mayo & Son	Flints @ 5s. 10d. p Yard	" "
William Beevers	Guernsey Granite @ 14s. 11d. p Yard ... Guernsey Granite Spalls @ 10s. 11d. p Ton Yorkshire Paving 2½ in. @ 48s. per 100 Ft. " " 3 in. @ 55s. 6d p 100 Ft. Masons' & Paviers' Work, as p Schedule	" "
A & F. Manuelle.....	Guernsey Granite @ 14s 9½d. p Yard ... Guernsey Granite Spalls @ 11s. 3d. p Ton Yorkshire Paving, 2½ in. @ 48s. 9d. p 100 Ft " " 3 in. @ 56s. p 100 Feet	" "

STATEMENT
OF
ALLOWANCE OF THE AUDITORS.

(18 & 19 Vic., cap. 120, s. 196.)

WE, Stephen Knight, Joseph Webster, and William Gilpin, the Auditors for the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, having in this present Month of May, in the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty Three, attended at the Office of the Vestry of the said Parish, and there Audited the Accounts thereof for the Year ending the 25th day of March last, Do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts, as the same are in the proper Books signed by us, in accordance with the foregoing Account in Abstract, shewing under the before-mentioned several distinct heads, the Receipt and Expenditure of the Vestry under the Metropolis Local Management Act.

Dated this Fifth Day of May, 1863.

STEPHEN KNIGHT,
JOSEPH WEBSTER,
WILLIAM GILPIN.

Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING LADY-DAY, 1863.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN,

THERE were 2074 births registered during the 52 weeks ending 28th March, 1863; 40 more than during the previous year; of these births, 1055 were boys, and 1019 girls. The births were most numerous in the first quarter, and least in the second quarter. You must bear in mind, however, that our first quarter commences in March.

1470 persons died in the year; and the annual rate of mortality was 26.48 per 1000, or, one in 38. The deaths were 51 more than in the previous year. They were fewest in the second quarter, and highest in the fourth. I present you with a Table, in which are marked the numbers of deaths of males, and females, in each sub-district for every week in the year; and also with the mean temperature for the week; you will thereby, be enabled to compare the rise and fall of the mortality, with the rise and fall of the Thermometer.

TABLE No. 1.

Weeks	Kent Road.		London Rd.		Borough Rd.		Total.	Mean Temperature.	Weeks	Kent Road.		London Rd.		Borough Rd.		Total.	Mean Temperature.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
14	3	4	4	3	2	4	20	48.60	40	3	5	6	5	7	4	30	58.10
15	9	3	7	3	4	10	36	43.80	41	6	4	4	1	8	2	25	56.30
16	4	3	4	10	7	7	35	43.50	42	7	4	7	2	3	..	23	53.90
17	1	1	5	9	4	4	24	54.20	43	..	4	5	4	4	3	20	47.40
18	4	5	6	7	5	4	31	53.60	44	4	2	5	5	6	4	26	46.80
19	5	4	4	6	4	2	25	57.50	45	2	4	4	2	1	6	19	44.90
20	6	5	7	5	3	..	26	51.90	46	5	3	6	10	5	6	35	37.30
21	4	3	7	2	2	4	22	55.60	47	3	3	12	6	5	8	37	38.30
22	2	4	5	8	1	2	22	57.60	48	8	5	6	4	6	6	35	37.10
23	3	2	9	4	3	2	23	58.60	49	6	3	7	9	4	1	30	44.80
24	1	5	4	4	3	3	20	55.30	50	5	1	6	5	5	2	24	44.10
25	3	6	8	4	3	3	27	54.90	51	6	7	4	4	4	2	27	42.10
26	3	3	9	4	1	7	27	56.20	52	4	9	5	7	4	4	33	42.20
27	6	3	6	1	5	4	25	56.80	1	7	5	5	4	4	2	27	43.80
28	4	4	2	4	4	5	23	58.20	2	3	4	11	6	4	9	37	40.10
29	4	5	3	4	5	4	25	59.50	3	4	4	10	6	7	7	38	38.10
30	7	3	9	5	4	1	29	60.10	4	8	7	3	1	3	6	28	43.80
31	6	2	6	3	4	2	23	61.30	5	6	9	4	3	7	4	33	44.50
32	5	4	8	2	5	1	25	59.70	6	4	6	3	5	6	4	28	45.30
33	2	6	3	7	3	2	23	58.70	7	6	5	2	3	9	5	30	40.70
34	4	3	6	7	5	4	29	59.60	8	8	6	8	7	6	1	36	390
35	1	1	5	6	9	6	28	58.60	9	12	5	3	2	7	8	37	43.40
36	1	3	3	6	2	2	17	57.9	10	2	7	3	5	2	6	25	47.30
37	3	5	4	5	5	5	27	580	11	7	6	2	12	5	6	38	38.10
38	8	4	3	5	5	5	30	58.60	12	7	9	3	6	7	4	36	410
39	3	3	3	11	6	4	30	56.60	13	9	7	6	9	6	4	41	480

The mean temperature of the atmosphere of London is 50.50.

We may place the death rate at 17 per 1000, with the greatest certainty of not making it too low, for, in some localities it has sunk down to 15 per 1000. That of this district is, as I have said, 26·48; consequently there have died during the past year 526 persons, who had they lived in Glendale, Rothbury, or Eastbourne, would now have been in the possession of life, and fulfilling the duties, that life demanded from them. These persons have come to as an untimely an end, as if they had been swept from off the earth, by a platoon of musketry.

If one situation is so genial, and healthy, that only 15 die in the 1000 annually; and in another situation 36 die in the same number, and time; it is very clear that there must be some destructive cause at work,—either arising from climate, occupation, or the social condition of the people,—in the one, which is absent from, the other. To keep down to the lowest point the death rate, is one of the most grave, and important duties of this Vestry. For the death rate will proclaim aloud, and truthfully to all who will listen, our sanitary condition. We cannot hide the fact if we would. Yearly must be recorded the number of deaths, and the causes which produced them. Many of these causes are removeable, many more are reducible; nevertheless to bring about any notable diminution will be a work, in which time must greatly help. Good comes slowly; it is like growth, silent, and gradually progressive; there is first the blade, then the ear, then the full corn in the ear. Destruction alone is in the sudden whirlwind; and in the throes of the rending earthquake. To carry out measures which have for their end, the general good, is by no means a plain and simple task. Many great and wise plans have been frustrated, or ruined, from the way in which it was sought to bring them into operation. All must pass through a period of opposition and ridicule; and the Public Health Movement has not escaped the trial; but it has passed through unscathed, and the better for the discipline. One proclamation of our advance, and success, has been made; the Registrar General in his weekly returns of births, deaths, and causes of death in London during the year 1862, says, “The South districts have achieved for themselves a marked improvement.”

TABLE 2.

Number of Births and Deaths for each Quarter during Five Years.

	1858—9		1859—60		1860—1		1861—2		1862—3		
	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	
Quarter Ending June, 1858	465	296	525	296	423	298	530	362	546	338	Births, Total .. 9951 Deaths, Total .. 6908 Excess of Births.. 3043
Quarter Ending September, 1858 .. .	417	369	464	347	479	276	435	293	484	334	
Quarter Ending December, 1858 .. .	498	375	497	363	454	302	486	355	520	364	
Quarter Ending March, 1859	572	346	543	381	506	360	583	419	524	434	
TOTAL	1952	1386	2029	1384	1862	1239	2034	1429	2074	1470	

The foregoing Table will shew you the number of births and deaths that have been registered in each quarter, during the period of the last five years; as well as with the total number of each, and the excess of births over the deaths.

Zymotic diseases fall with terrible severity upon the young. More than half of the number of those who have perished from these diseases, have not reached five years of age. Under this heading there have been registered 408 deaths; giving an excess of 54 over the preceding year. This increase has been caused by the greater prevalence of Small pox, Measles, Scarlatina, and Typhus. In place of the small mortality of four deaths from Small Pox in 1861-2, there has been the excessive one, of 46; Scarlatina in excess by 18; and Measles is by 34. Over these two latter diseases, we do not possess that decided control, which we do over the former. Typhus has been fatal in 88 cases; the majority of which happened during the first quarter. I shall speak more fully on this disease further on, in my Report. Diarrhoea, the prevalence of which is said to be the special mark of sanitary neglect in the localities where it is met with, has decreased from 62 to 32. This disease however is very much under the influence of the temperature, and that during last summer, was lower than the average for many years. For your further information upon this subject I refer you to Tables 3 and 4.

TABLE 3.

	Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Hooping Cough	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Typhus	Diseases of Brain & Nerves	Disease of Heart	Phthisis	All other Lung Diseases	Tubercles and Hydrocephalus
Under Five Years	28	44	59	60	27	12	72	...	11	124	106
Above 5 Years and under 20 Years	9	3	17	4	...	18	7	3	16	4	1
Above 20 Years	9	..	1	..	6	58	65	34	170	124	..

TABLE 4.

	1858—9					1859—60					1860—1					1861—2					1862—3				
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
Small Pox ..	1	2	1	4	8	9	25	32	22	88	14				14	3	1			4	2	6	10	28	46
Measles	25	31	12	1	69	1	3	3	9	16	15	13	16	4	48	1	2	5	5	13	7	6	26	8	47
Scarlatina and Diphtheria.	9	31	45	25	110	15	18	23	12	68	10	11	13	10	44	9	13	40	17	79	17	25	23	22	87
Hooping Cough.....	24	14	13	21	72	8	3	5	19	35	11	11	17	18	57	40	10	12	15	77	12	9	12	31	64
Diarrhoea.....	7	49	11	3	70	7	58	4		62	6	14	5	3	28	6	38	12	6	62	5	16	7	4	32
Typhus.....	2	12	9	6	29	7	12	3	5	27	6	5	4	10	25	10	2	5	31	48	48	19	9	12	88

I had to tell you last time of an increase of deaths under five years of age, and this tale I must again repeat; but the number is greatly lessened. In 1861-2 there was a rise of 104; in the year now ended of 22 only. The deaths of Infants add very largely to our mortality Tables. These deaths, so unnatural, and so numerous, have long drawn the especial attention and regard of those who take thought, for the well being, and future progress of our race. "They are amongst the most important studies of sanitary science." Two in Five die before the fifth year is reached. During the last year, 710 deaths have been registered. The causes of this vast destruction of children are apparent enough; for dangers lie thick around them, arising from locality, from ignorance, from neglect, and often from the utter carelessness, of those whose duty it is to nurse and tend them. However there are other, and more hidden influences at work in the production of these deaths. For instance, there is to be considered the moral and physical condition of the parents, and particularly that of the mother, whilst child-bearing. Impressions are then made upon it, which will tell powerfully upon its future existence; whether it shall be born "rightly formed, or painfully deformed"; whether it shall be impressed with healthy tendencies that shall make life happy, and long; or, with unhealthy tendencies, that shall make life a burthen, and a weariness, and death unseasonable. The place where a child is born, exerts also a vast power over its future viability: if in Town, then are the chances of death twice as great, as they would have been had it born in the Country. Dr Arnott states that an individual, the offspring of those who have lived continually in foul air, will have his constitution very different from that of a child who is born of parents who have lived a long time in the country. Accompanied with the want of pure air, and open spaces, there often is want of proper and sufficient food; also of that care and cleanliness so requisite to infant life: hence follows Scrofula in all its various and hideous aspects. Then we have commerce and domestic duties; in direct and irreconcilable opposition, the one to the other. Girls, as soon as they are old enough, are sent off to Factories, or other places, instead of staying at home under a mother's superintendence, and gaining that knowledge which should prepare them for the performance of those duties that must hereafter necessarily devolve upon them; hence of these duties they are profoundly ignorant. But then, the mothers are not at home; they also are engaged abroad, the consequence of which is, that the infants are neglected, left with careless nurses, and suckled only, when she rushes home for her own meals. How often do we see families of children left to the care of one another, in rags, and filth, whilst the parents are away in search of the bare means of subsistence; and left in rooms, or passages, so foul and sickening, that our senses are shocked, and our sorrow excited, at witnessing human beings doomed to spend their childhood, so. How can either health, or home affections be promoted, or exercised, under such untoward influences? Just when children are most susceptible, and most in need of a mother's love, and care, then are they left, or committed to the care of others, whose interest is merely a paid one. With reference to factory women, this subject has been strongly put by Simon, "Domestic obligation," he says, "is outbidden by the labour market; and the poor factory woman who meant only to sell that honest industry of hers, gradually finds that she has sold almost every thing which other women understand as happiness." In striking contrast with this, it has long been remarked, that when labor is short, or stopped, then the mortality of infants rapidly decreases. The explanation lies close at hand. The mother now that the factory doors are shut, has no call to leave her home; she

remains there, and carries out the instincts of her nature ; and the result is that which I have stated. Infant life will always be preserved in proportion to the care that is bestowed upon it : for the delicacy of its organisation, and the susceptibility of its nervous system renders it peculiarly obnoxious to external influences, and makes its hold on life very insecure. Indeed an infant death rate is the most delicate test of the sanitary condition of any place. "It cannot be too distinctly recognised that a high local mortality of children, must almost necessarily denote a high local prevalence of those causes which determine a degeneration of race." But there still remain other causes, which like lesser currents, add to the depth, and sweep of this great death stream. There is the baneful system of drugging so prevalent, and so unconsciously as it were, carried on. In Coventry, the quantity of Godfrey's Cordial consumed was found upon enquiry to amount to the enormous quantity of ten gallons per week, equal, Dr. Greenhow tells us, to 12,000 doses. A member of the Town Council of Nottingham has said, that in the shop where he served his apprenticeship, 13 cwt. of treacle was manufactured into Godfrey's Cordial ; and another gentleman of the same Council, and in the drug trade, stated that he had sold about 400 gallons of Laudanum annually ; one half at least of which, he believed, was given to infants. We may reasonably ask, What justification the mother has to give for the lavish use of this baneful drug ? She has an answer ready ; and plausible enough, also. Her husband, with others of the family, are out at hard work all the day ; and they must have their rest, which is impossible if disturbed all night by the cries of children. So their cries are stifled ; smothered down into silence beneath the benumbing influence of opium : and thus perish thousands ; indirectly doubtless, as they dwindle and pine gradually and slowly away*.

Lastly, there is the most sad, and most dreadful cause of all yet enumerated, resulting in the deaths of Infants :—Murder. This is done for the purpose of hiding shame, or being freed from a burden, or to obtain burial money. "In the starved cities, in the uttermost doomed ruin of old Jerusalem, fallen under the wrath of God, it was prophesied and said, 'The hands of pitiful women have sodden their own children.' The stern Hebrew imagination could conceive no blacker gulf of wretchedness" : yet now, in this neither starved nor doomed city, is infanticide increasing to a very serious extent, and by the "hands of pitiful women."

For all these causes, which give rise to so large an Infant mortality, no one remedy exists. The evils have sent their roots far too deep down, and have so intertwined themselves with our social system, that all hope of their speedy and sure removal would be vain. Before any steps however can be usefully taken, it will be necessary that they be thoroughly examined and understood.

Some little advance has certainly been made within the last few years, in the general rearing of Infants. There is abroad, a greater amount of knowledge concerning their wants and necessities. Social science has taught mothers, and nurses, the folly of rolling them up in mummy fashion ; leaving no room for play of lung, and limb. The advantage of cleanliness is better appreciated ; and a purer air is far more obtainable now in towns, than was formerly possible. But these advantages, when compared with the evils that still remain,—how small !

* See the Fourth Report of the Medical Officer of the Privy Council, pp 195, 1861.

TABLE No. 5.

LUNG DISEASES, INCLUDING PHTHISIS	1858—9	1859—60	1860—1	1861—2	1862—3	Total
Phthisis	146	210	173	194	197	920
Bronchitis	131	130	105	108	139	613
Pneumonia	103	86	90	78	94	451

Phthisis has been fatal in 197 cases; Bronchitis in 139, and Pneumonia in 94: three diseases the most destructive amongst those, which ordinarily afflict us; and in all of them, there has been an increase upon the previous year; from Phthisis 3; from Bronchitis 31; and from Pneumonia 16.

There have been registered 43 deaths from violence and privation; three more than in 1861-2. As usual, I will notice the most particular of these. Ten children have perished from accidental suffocation; their ages reaching from three days, to eight months. Two deaths happened from burns; a child aged two years from the clothes taking fire; and a woman from the same cause, and in the same manner. Three deaths from scalds have been registered; a child aged 1 year from having the chest scalded, and followed by gangrene; another aged 2 years from falling into a copper; and the third aged 1 year from overturning a plate of hot soup. Three boys died from being run over; one aged 9, and another 10, from carts passing over their bodies; the third from a van passing over his head. Injury to the brain has been fatal in 6 cases; a female aged 44 from apoplexy, caused by excessive drinking; a male aged 70 from laceration of the brain following a fall; a male aged 31 from compression produced by a similar accident; a child just born from a fracture of the skull; and a female from rupture of the blood vessels of the brain, from external violence. A male aged 71 was found dead in bed; a female aged 43 was found dead, from lying with her head downwards, whilst intoxicated. A male aged 35, died in 48 hours from erysipelas, produced by a poisoned wound. Two deaths are recorded from suicide; one a female aged 40 from taking oxalic acid; the other, a man who cut his throat and died instantly. There have been 2 deaths from wilful murder; a child newly born was found with its throat cut; and a woman aged 33 died from two stabs in the abdomen; made by a screw driver, and a chisel.

The deaths from old age have been 34; 47 persons had got beyond four score years when they died. One was a widow aged 98, who had lived for more than 40 years in one of those old wooden houses lately pulled down in Falstaff's Yard. This bears out a fact long observed, that very old people are frequently met with in the most wretched parts of a parish, where there is present every thing unfavourable to health, and where the average duration of life is low.

The following Table contains the analyses of the Southwark, and Lambeth Thames Companies, made by Dr. Robert Dundas Thomson, F.R.S., and published in the weekly

returns of births and deaths in London. To contrast with these are appended the analysis of waters from other sources.

TABLE No. 6.

1862-3.	Total Impurity per Gallon.	Organic Impurity per Gallon.	1862-3	Total Impurity per Gallon.	Organic Impurity per Gallon.
Southwark Company—April	20.20	1.40	Lambeth Company—April	20.76	1.76
" " May.....	19.28	2.20	" " May	20.28	2.20
" " June	18.76	1.64	" " June	19.12	1.36
" " July.....	19.72	1.28	" " July	16.40	.72
" " August	17.60	.68	" " August	17.08	1.64
" " September ..	18.56	1.20	" " September ..	16.48	.48
" " October	17.48	1.00	" " October.....	17.68	1.24
" " November ..	20.20	1.24	" " November ...	19.68	1.68
" " December ..	20.88	1.60	" " December ..	18.70	1.68
" " January ...	20.80	2.96	" " January	19.36	3.68
" " February ..	21.76	1.36	" " February	20.08	1.12
" " March.....	18.48	1.04	" " March	19.40	1.24
Glasgow Water Supply	2.35	.605	Well at Brighton	63.60	17.52
Thames Bridge, London	39.84	3.52	Queen Street Well, Edgeware Road	100.40	12.96

The water supplied to us is much purer than it was a few years ago, being now obtained higher up the river, and above tidal influence; yet a greater purity is desirable. It is not satisfactory to dwell upon the fact, that there are so many towns situated upon the banks of the Thames above Teddington Lock, which are daily pouring into the river all their sewage, and other refuse matter. It may be so far diluted as not to be injurious to any appreciable extent to the health; still the unpleasant fact remains. The Regius Professor of Medicine in Oxford, Dr. Acland, sympathises with us concerning this subject, and is astonished at our forbearance. He says, "Why the Londoners do not rise up in arms against us provincials, for remorselessly pouring our sewage upon some of their water companies, is a standing marvel. We may now assume that the elements of disease are carried in water, though to what distance we do not know. Ordinary prudence should therefore keep the upper rivers above great towns as pure as is practically possible."

The mean temperature of London for the year 1862 was 49.5°. The temperature of the air for the first quarter was characterised by its variability, cold and warm days alternating one with the other, the former however predominating in number and duration. Mr. Glaisher states, "I have no recollection of such a succession of hot and cold periods of nearly equal lengths." The mean temperature of the air at Greenwich for the period was 41.1°, giving an excess of 1.6° for 21 years. There was in each of these months an excess of temperature above the average.

The fall of rain in January was 1.9 inch, in February 0.5 inch, and in March 3.7 inches.

The temperature of the second quarter differed little from the average, being 53.3°. From the 1st of April to the 7th there was a mean daily excess of 5°. On the 8th a cold period set in, and continued until the 16th, with a mean daily deficit of 5°. This was followed by a period of warm weather, with few exceptions, until the 8th June. During

this period the temperature for several days was considerably above the average. On the 9th a cold period set in, which continued until the end of the month; the mean daily deficit being more than 4° . The mean temperature for April was higher than that of any April since 1854; and that of May since 1848. The total fall of rain was nearly $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches, exceeding the average of the preceding 43 years by a little more than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch.

The mean temperature for the third quarter ending September 30th, was 58.7° , being 1.3° less for the average during the same quarter for 21 years. That for the three months ending August constituting the summer months was 53.9° . There was less sunshine, and more cloud than had before been experienced. From the 9th of June, until the 12th of September, with few exceptions, the weather was cold. Within this long period there were twelve days only in which the temperature of the air reached or exceeded its average value, and the excess above the average, on the very few days so distinguished, was generally less than 3° ; and on one day only, viz, the 1th of September, it was as large as 5° ."

Rain fell on 40 days out of the 96 to the amount of 7 inches. "From the 13th of September the weather was warm, and for the 18 days ending the 30th of September, the average daily excess over their averages was $2\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$. The total fall of rain was 6.3 inches. The degree of humidity was at all times above its average value.

From the beginning of the last quarter of the year until the 17th, the weather was warm, the excess of temperature rising to $4\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ daily. In the early part of October the weather was changeable, and continued so until its close, with an average deficiency of temperature of $1\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ daily. The mean temperature of this month was 51.8° , being higher than any October since 1847, excepting 1857 and 1861. On the 16th of November a cold period set in, and continued to the commencement of December, with a deficiency of temperature of $4\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ daily. The mean temperature of November was 39.8° , being lower than any November since 1829, with the exception of 1851 and 1858. From the 3rd of December to the end of the year, there was an average excess of temperature of $4\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ daily, just the reverse of the preceding month. The mean temperature for the whole quarter was 45.0° , being above the average. The total fall of rain was 6.6 inches.*

No events of importance have occurred during the past year claiming particular notice; except perhaps the licensing of cow-houses, which had become a necessity in the progress of sanitary measures; unless indeed they were to be left as landmarks, to signify how far these measures had advanced during the past few years. In the 93rd clause of the Act to amend the Metropolis Local Management Acts (25 and 26 Victoria, cap. 102,) it was required that a license should be obtained by cow-keepers from the Justices of the Peace. Every cow-house in the district was visited by the Sewers Committee and the Officers, previous to the applications being sent in. In spite of the pains taken by the Vestry Clerk, and the Inspector of Nuisances, to give all necessary information, as to the mode of proceeding, many failed to carry out the legal requirements; and many failed also to carry out the instructions of the Committee, as regards sanitary improvements. These did not obtain their licenses on their first application. Ultimately, however, all did receive them. Many of the cow-sheds are not now all that is desirable; but improvement will gradually go on, as has been the case with slaughter-houses. Many feel annoyed at such demands being made upon them; many are careless, and some thoroughly ignorant. By and by they

* The above account of the weather, is compiled from the quarterly returns of the Registrar General.

will find the comfort, and the benefit following such measures; so that what at first was unwillingly and grudgingly complied with, will in the end be done cheerfully and voluntarily. The consumers of milk will also come in for a share of the good; for it was impossible that the milk of cows kept as they formerly were, could possess those sweet and nutritive qualities essential to it. The sheds were most foul, and neglected, and the cows covered with their own droppings; this certainly must have affected their health, and if their health, then the milk which they produced. But towns are not fit places for the keeping of cows, as they are crowded too much together, besides being kept in their stalls from the time they enter, until they are taken out to be killed. Their food is not that which is most suitable for continued health, but that which will aid, by its stimulating qualities, to yield the most milk. There were at the time of our visit 215 cows, one bull, and one calf.

TABLE No. 7.

	Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Diphtheria	Whooping Cough	Typhus	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Dentition, &c.		Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Diphtheria	Whooping Cough	Typhus	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Dentition, &c.
Adam's Place .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	Fox's Buildings .....	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...
Angel Place .....	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	Friar Street	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	3
Alfred Place .....	...	L.R.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Falcon Court	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Alfred Place .....	...	K.R.	1	...	2	...	...	...	Francis Place .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Ann's Place .....	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	Falstaff's Yard	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Albion Place .....	...	L.R.	1	...	...	...	...	...	Friar's Place .....	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
									Frederick Place .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
									Fisher's Buildings .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Brent's Court, .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	Grotto Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Brighton Place, L.R. ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	Green Street .....	...	2	...	...	1	2	...	3
Bean Street .....	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	Gladstone Street .....	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Blackman Street .....	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	2	Garden Row .....	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	1
Bath Street .....	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	Gilbert's Court .....	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Barron's Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Gibraltar Place .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Brook Terrace .....	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	George Street, B.R. ....	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	2
Brook Place .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	George Street, L.R. ....	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Bethlem Hospital .....	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	Gray Street .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
Borough Road .....	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	Gun Street	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Buckenham Street	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Gaywood Court .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bland Street .....	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2									
Butcher Row .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	Hayles Street	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	1
Belvedere Buildings ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Harrow Street .....	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
Blackfriars Road	1	2	2	...	...	1	...	1	Hill Street .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Blue Ball Alley .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Henry Street	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
									High Street .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Caroline Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	Hatfield Place .....	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1
Clarendon Street	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	5	Herbert's Buildings	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Castle Court .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	Hunter Street	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	1
Castle Street	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	3									
Cornbury Street .....	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	5	John's Street, K.R. ....	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1
Clarence Place .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	John's Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Cross Street .....	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	John's Terrace .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Charles Street .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	John's Buildings .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Collier's Rents .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...									
Church Street .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	King's Court .....	...	1	...	...	1	2	...	...
Chapel Court .....	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	King Street	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Cieghorn Cottages	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	King's Bench Walk ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Chester Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Kent Street	2	...	3	...	...	3	1	2
Caroline Crescent	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kent Road	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
									Kell Street	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2
Duke Street	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	2									
Dover Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	Lant Street .....	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	1
Dover Road .....	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Lansdowne Place .....	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	1
Deaf and Dumb Asylum	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	Lynn Street .....	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	1
									London Road .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
East Street, L.R.	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	Lombard Street .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Street, K.R.	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	London Street .....	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Ely Place .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Layton Grove .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Earl Street	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lambeth Road .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Earl Place .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...				
Elliott's Row .....	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...							
Etham Street	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1									

lower than it had been for many years. We are now taught that there are various classes of Fevers, having different causes for their origin; which fact if fully borne out, will have practical results. One of these is, Typhus; created by overcrowding and filth, and which having once commenced its existence becomes capable of propagating its kind, where the causes of its creation are not to be found. Another kind owes its origin to decaying organic matter, especially animal matter, and may start up in any locality where this cause is in active operation, just as certainly on the lone hill side, or remote village, as in the most crowded court, or alley. This source of its rise, as we might expect, is most busy in hot weather, when decomposition goes on much more rapidly and continuously. The third is very similar to Typhus, and is closely connected with it as regards cause and result. It like a shadow, invariably follows Famine when passing through a stricken land. Now this division of Fevers may not be so distinct as here stated; for Nature seldom employs definite lines and limits, but shades one thing insensibly into another; still there is doubtless much truth in the theory. In dealing with Sanitary Science, it is well that we should view it, in its broadest aspects; and not fix our minds unduly upon one or two points, however important they may be, and neglect, or pass heedlessly over the rest; if so our career will be halting, and unsatisfactory. Let us then under this consideration, examine the rise and progress of Typhus; that which during the past year has been so prevalent here, and elsewhere. Want in its innumerable forms, is the most frequent and general cause of this disease, as it is indeed of many others, which do not so plainly claim their parentage; the result of this is, a thorough prostration of the vital powers, which renders the individual peculiarly susceptible to the reception of disease, more especially of epidemic disease. What numbers of families there are in our district, who have sufficient food to sustain life, but not equal to the maintaining it in required health, and strength. In Manchester, Typhus Fever began to spread to an unusual extent, but immediately declined as soon as the Relief Committee raised their allowance of money per head, and added a more plentiful distribution of clothing. In all seasons and situations every individual is surrounded by an atmosphere containing organic matter, in a state of decay, and which he prepares and gives off from himself; the quantity of this matter will just be, in proportion to the space he occupies, and the freedom of ventilation present. Now in cold weather, the poor necessarily badly fed, and ill supplied with fuel and clothing; purposely crowd together, and with the utmost care exclude the entrance of the fresh air, because cold; and with the like care prevent the passing out of the foul air, because warm; and thus is formed by respiration, and exhalation, a cloud of this decomposing matter, which possesses the most deleterious qualities. Here consequently is the chosen birth place, and seat of Fever; and here, the victims produce their own destroyer. During the cold of last November, this disease lifted up its head in Preston and neighbourhood, but the liberality of the country intervened, and by a plenteous supply of food and clothing, as at Manchester, crushed it down again.

The teaching of all this is, that we wisely relieve distress, the wide spread, and prolific source of disease; and as wisely, carry on sanitary measures for the keeping up the physical, and moral condition of the people.

HENRY BATESON, M.D.,

Medical Officer of Health.

May 5th, 1863.

TABLE No. 10.—DEATHS Registered in St. George's, Southwark, during the Year ending March 28th, 1863. (52 Weeks.) (Deaths of Non-Residents in Hospitals excluded).

Corresponding Weeks last Year.	CAUSES OF DEATHS.	ALL AGES.				AGES.												
		M.	F.	T.	Under 1—	1—	2—	3—	4—	All under 5	5—	10—	15—	All under 20	20—	40—	60—	80 and upwards.
142	ALL CAUSES.	763	707	1470	361	160	96	61	32	710	50	27	21	808	190	215	210	47
354	I. Zymotic	201	207	408	85	68	54	40	25	272	33	13	6	324	28	32	21	3
55	II. Dropsy, &c. .. .	19	21	40	1	..	1	1	..	3	1	2	..	6	6	15	12	..
334	III. Tubercular .. .	173	134	307	68	31	12	8	1	120	5	2	10	137	92	62	16	..
174	IV. Brain and Nerves .. .	89	55	144	54	10	2	5	1	72	2	3	2	79	15	25	22	3
37	V. Heart, &c. .. .	15	22	37	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	3	13	11	9	1
213	VI. Lungs, &c. .. .	141	111	252	51	2	21	6	4	124	2	2	..	128	8	47	65	4
63	VII. Digestive Organs .. .	28	34	62	10	5	3	..	1	19	3	..	1	23	14	14	11	..
16	VIII. Kidneys, &c. .. .	5	7	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	2	1
4	IX. Childbirth, &c. .. .	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..
7	X. Joints, Bones, &c. .. .	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
4	XI.—Skin, &c. .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
5	XII.—Malformation .. .	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
32	XIII.—Premature Birth and Debility .. .	21	25	46	46	..	..	..	..	46	..	..	..	46	..	..	..	..
25	XIV.—Atrophy .. .	10	10	20	16	1	..	..	..	17	1	..	1	19	..	1	..	..
85	XV.—Old Age .. .	28	52	80	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46	34
..	XVI.—Sudden .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	XVII.—Violence, Privation, &c. .. .	22	21	43	25	3	2	1	..	31	2	1	..	34	3	3	3	..
11	XVIII.—Not Specified .. .	7	3	10	3	..	1	..	..	4	..	..	1	5	2	1	2	..
4	I. Small Pox .. .	23	23	46	10	5	5	7	1	28	6	3	..	37	8	1	..	..
13	Measles... .. .	22	25	47	5	12	13	11	3	44	3	..	..	47	..	..	..	..
59	Scarlatina .. .	43	34	77	11	10	11	12	15	59	12	3	2	76	1	..	..	..
77	Hooping Cough .. .	27	37	64	18	22	11	7	2	60	4	..	..	64	..	..	..	..
21	Croup .. .	9	5	14	2	5	4	2	..	13	1	..	..	14	..	..	..	..
3	Thrush .. .	1	2	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
62	Diarrhoea .. .	15	17	32	19	7	..	1	..	27	..	..	..	27	..	1	3	1
..	Dysentery .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
12	Cholera... .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
..	Influenza .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Scurvy and Purpura .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ague .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	Remittent Fever .. .	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
..	Infantile .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48	Typhus .. .	43	45	88	1	4	5	..	2	12	7	7	4	30	15	26	15	2
1	Puerperal .. .	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
3	Rheumatic .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
9	Erysipelas .. .	2	3	5	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	..
..	Pyæmia .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
11	Syphilis .. .	7	7	14	13	1	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	..
2	Noma .. .	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
20	Diphtheria .. .	6	4	10	2	1	4	..	1	8	..	..	..	8	..	1	1	..
..	Hydrophobia .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	II. Hæmorrhage .. .	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..
19	Dropsy .. .	6	5	11	1	..	1	1	..	3	..	1	..	4	1	4	2	..
10	Abscess .. .	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
1	Ulcers .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Fistula .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
3	Mortification .. .	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
18	Cancer .. .	7	13	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	2	2	9	6	1
..	Gout .. .	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
2	III. Scrofula .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
74	Tabes Mesenterica [.. .	45	33	78	46	20	7	4	1	78	..	..	..	78	..	..	..	..
194	Phthisis .. .	110	87	197	6	3	1	1	..	11	4	2	10	27	92	62	16	..
3	Spasmodic Croup .. .	1	2	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
31	Hydrocephalus .. .	17	12	29	13	8	4	3	..	28	1	..	..	29	..	..	..	..
6	IV. Cephalitis .. .	2	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
30	Apoplexy .. .	8	10	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	6	6	3
10	Paralysis .. .	6	1	7	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	2	2	2	..
6	Delirium Tremens .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
..	Chorea .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Epilepsy .. .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
1	Tetanus .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	Insanity .. .	3	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	4	..	..
74	Convulsions .. .	38	26	64	50	8	1	1	..	60	..	1	1	62	1	1	..	..
38	Disease of Brain, &c., .. .	30	15	45	4	2	..	3	1	10	1	2	..	13	7	11	14	..

Births....M. 1055. F. 1019. Total....2074.

Excess of Births over Deaths....604.

Deaths....M. 763. F. 707. Total....1470.

Corresponding Weeks last Year.	CAUSES OF DEATH.	ALL AGES.			AGES.													
		M.	F.	T.	Under 1	1.—	2.—	3.—	4.—	All under 5	5.—	10.—	15.—	All under 20	20.—	40.—	60.—	80 and upwards.
1	V. Pericarditis .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Aneurism .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36	Disease of Heart, &c.	15	22	37	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	3	13	11	9	..
7	VI. Laryngitis	4	4	8	2	1	3	1	1	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..
108	Bronchitis	69	70	139	19	11	9	2	2	43	..	..	..	43	3	34	56	..
4	Pleurisy .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
78	Pneumonia	61	33	94	28	28	9	2	1	68	2	2	..	72	5	12	4	1
12	Asthma	2	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Disease of Lungs	5	2	7	2	2	..	1	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	1	1	..
18	VII. Teething	7	4	11	4	5	2	..	..	11	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	..
3	Quinsey .. .. .	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
1	Gastritis .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
8	Enteritis	5	4	9	2	..	1	..	..	3	2	..	..	5	2	1	1	..
4	Peritonitis	3	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	4	1	..	..
4	Ascites .. .. .	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..
1	Ulceration of Intestines	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..
..	Hernia .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
..	Heus .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Intussusception .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Stricture of Intestinal Canal .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Disease of Stomach, &c.	2	4	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..
..	Disease of Pancreas .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Hepatitis .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Jaundice	2	3	5	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	1	..	1	..
17	Disease of Liver	8	9	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	8	6	..
..	Disease of Spleen .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	VIII. Nephritis	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
9	Nephria (Bright's Disease)	2	4	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	..
..	Ischuria .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Diabetes .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Stone .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Cystitis	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
1	Stricture of Urethra .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Disease of Kidneys, &c.	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
..	IX. Paramenia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Ovarian Dropsy .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
2	Childbirth (See Metria) .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
1	Disease of Uterus, &c. .. .. .	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..
6	X. Rheumatism .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Arthritis .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Disease of Joints, &c.	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
1	XI. Carbuncle .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Phlegmon	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
2	Diseases of Skin, &c. .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	XII. Cyanosis .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Spina Bifida	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
1	Other Malformations	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
..	XIII. Intemperance .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Privation of Food	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	Want of Breast Milk	5	5	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Neglect .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Cold .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Poison .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
4	Burns and Scalds	1	5	6	..	2	2	1	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	..
4	Hanging .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	Suffocation	7	7	14	12	1	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	13	..	1	..	..
1	Drowning .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Fractures and Contusions	5	2	7	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	3	2	..	2	..
..	Wounds	3	1	4	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	1	1	..	..
1	Other Violence .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

REMOVAL OF NUISANCES.

IN THE SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

Besides those cases which have been remedied on application of the Officer without service of formal Notice, the following have passed through the Books within the Year ending March 25th, 1863.

	Number of Cases.
Houses rendered habitable	26
Privies abolished, and Water Closets constructed	71
Cesspools to Privies emptied	28
Water Closets and the Drains thereto cleansed	62
Pans to Water Closets cleansed	32
Water Closets repaired	6
Sinks cleansed and trapped	54
Back Yards repaved	25
Gutters, and Rain water pipes provided	3
Receptacles for dust provided	7
Rubbish removed from Back Yards	6
Drains to Back Yards and premises, cleansed	42
Defective service pipes repaired	3
Supply of Water for domestic purposes provided	3
Paving round Sinks in Back Yards relaid	27
Rain Water pipes repaired	1
Doors to Privies and Water Closets rehung	5
Side Wall of a Dwelling house rendered with cement	1
Water pipe affixed to a Water Butt	1
Sink and Drain provided in a Back Yard of a dwelling house	1
Offensive accumulations of Dung and Filth removed	10
Sinks provided to Stables and Cow-sheds	3
Nuisance from the smoking of Fish discontinued	1
Piggeries abolished	13
Cow sheds inspected	22
Cow sheds cleaned and improved	7
Dung pits repaired or provided	8
Cow yards and Horse Slaughterers' yards repaved	4
Slaughter Houses inspected	29
Slaughter Houses cleansed and improved	21
New private Drains connected with low level Sewers	45
Houses drained into low level Sewers	127

JAMES SMITH,

Surveyor of Sewers and Sanitary Inspector.

IN THE ROADS DEPARTMENT.

Besides the numerous cases in which upon application by the Inspector Obstructions and other Nuisances have been at once removed, the following Summonses and formal Notices have been issued during the Year ending March 25th, 1863.

SUMMONSES.

For sweeping Slop down a Sewer	1
For Obstructions of the Public footway	3
For non-repair of a dangerous Cellar Flap	1

NOTICES.

To repair dangerous Cellar Flaps	13
To remove obstructions from the Public ways	10
To repair defective Rain Water pipe	1

GEORGE WELLMAN,

Surveyor of Roads and Inspector of Nuisances.

STATEMENT
OF
ALLOWANCE BY THE AUDITORS
OF THE
ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS.

(18 & 19 Vic., cap. 120, s. 196.)

WE, Stephen Knight, Joseph Webster, and William Gilpin, the Auditors of the Accounts of the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, having in this present Month of May, in the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty Three, attended at the Office of the Vestry of the said Parish, and there Audited the Accounts of Charles Saunders, Henry Clement Elliott, and William Rentmore, the Churchwardens of the said Parish, from the 26th day of May, 1862, to the 9th day of May instant, Do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts, as the same are in the Churchwardens' Cash Book, and the Churchwardens' Ledger, signed by us, shewing the respective Balances therein set forth.

STEPHEN KNIGHT,
JOSEPH WEBSTER,
WILLIAM GILPIN.

(See pages 26 to 35.)

May 11th, 1863.

THE ACCOUNTS OF

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,
Made September

1862.		
May 26.	To Balance, see Report for 1862, page 27	336 2 10
Sept. 29.	„ Amount received from the Collectors on account of the Rate made September 29th, 1861, @ 1½d. in the £	225 6 0
		<u>£561 8 10</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,
Made September

1862.		
Sept. 29.	To Balance from former Rate, made September 29th, 1861,	164 18 1
1863.		
May 9.	„ Amount received from the Collectors on account of the Rate made September 29th, 1862, @ 1½d. in the £	525 5 11
		<u>£690 4 0</u>

THE CHURCHWARDENS.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE RECTOR'S RATE,
the 29th, 1861.

Cr.

By Rector's Stipend, 2 Quarters, to Michaelmas, 1862	240 0 0
„ Churchyard Annuitants	75 0 0
„ Clock Winder 2 Quarters	5 0 0
„ Insurance of Church, to Michaelmas, 1863	23 6 0
„ St. Thomas's Hospital, Rent of School, 1 Year (less Property Tax 7/6)	9 12 6
„ Water Rate, 2 Quarters to Michaelmas, 1862	1 1 0
„ Visitation Fees	1 16 6
„ Bell Ringing (Three times)	1 10 0
„ Labor, Churchyard	2 4 0
„ Repairs of Church	1 16 2
„ Printing	14 6
„ Collectors' Poundage	33 11 4
„ Incidentals	18 9
„ Balance	164 18 1
	<u>£561 8 10</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE RECTOR'S RATE,
the 29th, 1862.

Cr.

By Rector's Stipend, 2 Quarters, to Lady-day, 1863	240 0 0
„ Churchyard Annuitants	70 0 0
„ Clock Winder, 2 Quarters	5 0 0
„ Water Rate	1 1 0
„ Visitation Fees	3 10 0
„ Bell Ringing (Four times)	2 10 0
„ Labor and Incidentals at the Churchyard, and the Lock Ground	4 15 8
„ Repairs of Church	8 2 7
„ Printing	10 0
„ Erection of Gallery, on arrival of Princess Alexandra—By order of Vestry	36 0 0
„ Property Tax—School, New Alley	7 6
„ Collectors' Poundage	10 0 0
„ Incidentals	2 8 1
„ Balance	305 18 4
	<u>£690 4 0</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE.

1862.				
May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 29	19	13	11
June 24.	" Pew Rents collected to this date.....	20	0	3
Sept. 29.	" " " "	90	16	3
Dec. 25.	" " " "	20	0	0
1863.				
March 25.	" " " "	64	8	9
May 9.	" " " "	49	14	6
		244	19	9
	" Collection made at the Church	11	19	8
	" Marriage Fees to April, 1863	7	11	0
		<u>£284</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE.

1862.				
May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 29	46	6	5
Dec. 5.	" Half Year's Dividend on £3000—3 P Cent. Bank Annuities	45	0	0
1863.				
April 25.	" " " £3000 " "	45	0	0
		<u>£136</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE.

1861.				
May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 29	114	17	7
June 17.	" Proportion of Rents, due Lady-day, 1862	48	5	0
Dec. 20.	" " " Michaelmas, "	45	16	9
		<u>£208</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>4</u>

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE THIRD SERVICE FUND. Cr.

By Rector's Stipend, 2 Quarters, to Midsummer, 1862	40	0	0
" Bread and Wine	5	17	4
" Salaries to Six Pew Openers, 4 Quarters to Lady-day, 1863	78	0	0
" Dresses for Pew Openers	6	12	9
" Salary to Organist, 4 Quarters, to Lady-day, 1863	52	0	0
" Salary to Organ Blower, 4 Quarters to Lady-day, 1863	10	0	0
" Salary to Organ Blower, for Wednesday Evenings	2	12	0
" Tuning Organ, 1 Year, to Christmas, 1862	9	0	0
" Gas and Candles	29	14	2
" Coals	4	17	9
" Washing Surplices, &c.	2	11	3
" Salary to Beadle	29	0	0
" Bookbinding		9	0
" Brushes, Brooms, Ironmongery, &c.	1	11	4
" Sundries	1	16	2
" Balance	10	2	7
	<u>£284</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH DELAFORCE'S CHARITY. Cr.

1862.	By distribution on St. Thomas's Day—			
	" 220 Money Tickets, @ 5s. each	55	0	0
	" 220 Tickets for Coals	20	12	6
	" 220 Tickets for Bread	6	8	4
	" Payments to 6 Men and 6 Women in the Workhouse, @ 2s. each P month	14	8	0
	" Parochial Schools, to Lady-day, 1863	15	0	0
	" Poor Children " 1863	5	0	0
	" Balance	19	17	7
		<u>£136</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE KENT STREET CHARITY. Cr.

By Payments to 12 Pensioners, for 8 Weeks, from May 6th to June 30th, 1862, inclusive, and to 15 Pensioners, for 44 Weeks, from July 7th, 1862, to May 5th, 1863, inclusive, at 3s. each P Week	113	8	0
" Balance.....	95	11	4
	<u>£208</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>4</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1862.

May 26.	To Balance from former Account, See Report for 1862, page 31	31	4	9
"	Rent Hartfield House (Martin) to Lady-day	15	0	0
"	" " " to Michaelmas	15	0	0
"	Rent Charge (Fenner) to Lady-day, 1863	30	0	0
"	One Year's Dividend £282 17s. 2d. Bank Annuities, " Account Gen.	8	3	4
	Deduct overpaid last Dividend	1	0	0
		7	3	4
		£98	8	1

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1862.

May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 31	21	13	4
To Rent, 4 Quarters, Mr. Palmer, 222, High St. to Christmas, 1862	100	0	0	
Less Property Tax	3	15	0	
		96	5	0
" Rent, 4 Quarters, Mr. Payne, 223, High Street, to Christmas, 1862	110	0	0	
Less Property Tax	4	2	7	
		105	17	5
" Rent, 4 Quarters, Mr. Lyons, 224 & 225, High St. to Lady-day, 1863	155	0	0	
Less Property Tax	3	13	2	
		151	6	10
" Rent, 4 Qrs., Exors. Doubleday, Buckenham Sq., to Lady-day, 1863	120	0	0	
Less Property Tax	4	12	0	
		115	8	0
		£490	10	7

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1863.

Jan. 24.	To 2½ Year's Dividend on £50—3 per cent Consols	£3	15	0
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CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH MARTIN'S & FENNER'S CHARITIES. Cr.

By Insurance of Hartfield House, to Christmas, 1863	12	0
" Affidavit, &c., for Dividend " Account Gen.	11	2
" Payment for Bibles	69	19
" Expenses of Churchwardens' visit to Chandler's Farm, Hartfield, April 30th, 1863	3	8
" Balance	23	17
	£98	8
		1

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH SAYER & SHAW'S CHARITY. Cr.

1862.

June 3.	By Pensioners, 4 Weeks	35	13	0
" 30.	" " "	35	13	0
July 29.	" " "	35	13	0
Aug. 26.	" " "	35	13	0
Sept. 23.	" " "	35	13	0
Oct. 21.	" " "	35	13	0
Nov. 18.	" " "	35	13	0
Dec. 16.	" " "	35	13	0
1863.				
Jan. 13.	" " "	35	13	0
Feb. 10.	" " "	35	13	0
Mar. 10.	" " "	35	13	0
April 7.	" " "	35	13	0
May 5.	" " "	35	13	0
		463	9	0
" Insurance of High Street Property, to Michaelmas, 1863		13	15	0
" Mr. Day, one Year's Salary		10	10	0
" Balance		2	16	7
		£490	10	7

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH Mrs. BELCHER'S CHARITY. Cr.

1863.

March 20.	By Cash to Rev. Hugh Allen, for relief of Poor	£3	15	0
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Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1862.		
May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 33	1 1
Dec. 27.	" Two Half Yearly Dividends on £300, New 3 P Cents, less Property Tax 6s 8d.	8 13 4
		<u>£8 14 5</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1863.		
May 9.	To Balance—being amount of Rent Charge, due Lady-day, 1862—not paid	<u>£5 0 0</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1862.		
July 25.	To Rent Charge, due Lady-day, 1862	<u>£2 0 0</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1862.		
May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 33	19 9
Nov. 29.	" Rent Charge, due Michaelmas, 1862	35 6 0
		<u>£36 5 9</u>

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH Mrs. PHILLIPS' CHARITY. Cr.

1862.		
Christmas.	By 50 Tickets for Bread	1 9 2
"	24 Tickets for Blankets	6 12 0
"	Balance	13 3
		<u>£8 14 5</u>

Examined and found correct,
 STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH BROOK'S (MARINER) CHARITY. Cr.

1862.		
Christmas.	By 50 Money Tickets @ 2s. each	<u>£5 0 0</u>

Examined and found correct,
 STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH GRAYSON'S CHARITY. Cr.

1862.		
Christmas.	By 40 Money Tickets @ 1s. each	<u>£2 0 0</u>

Examined and found correct,
 STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH HENRY SMITH'S CHARITY. Cr.

1862.		
Christmas.	By 119 Tickets for Flannel—each 3½ yards, @ 13½d.	21 15 1
"	24 " Hose—each 1 pair, @ 12½d.	1 5 0
"	20 " Men's Shoes—each 1 pair, @ 6s.	6 0 0
"	35 " Women's Shoes—each 1 pair, @ 4s.	7 0 0
"	Balance	5 8
		<u>£36 5 9</u>

Examined and found correct,
 STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT & WILLIAM RENTMORE,

1862.			
May 26.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1862, page 35	120	18 5
June 12.	„ Simond's Gift, due Lady-day	29	10 0
	Less proportion of Mr. Jarvis' Account	16	0 0
		13	10 0
July 25.	Dudson's Gift, due Lady-day	2	12 0
Dec. 8.	Simond's Gift, due Michaelmas	29	10 0
„	„ Brook's (Yeoman) Gift, due Lady-day, 1862	1	0 0
„	„ Skidmore's Gift—2 years, to Michaelmas, 1862	2	0 0
1863.			
Mar. 25.	L. Camp's Gift, due Lady-day, 1862	5	0 0
April 18.	Scragg's Gift, due Lady-day, 1863	3	4
May 7.	Savage's Gift—2 years, to Lady-day, 1863 (less Property Tax 7s. 6d.)	9	12 6
		<u>£184</u>	<u>6 3</u>

CASH BALANCES, MAY 9TH, 1863.

To Balances in hand May 9th, 1863, viz:—

Rector's Rate	305	18 4
Third Service	10	2 7
Delaforce	19	17 7
Kent Street	95	11 4
Martin and Fenner	23	17 9
Sayer and Shaw	2	16 7
Mrs. Phillips	13	3
Henry Smith	5	8
General Charities	120	5 5
	<u>£579</u>	<u>8 6</u>

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE GENERAL CHARITIES. Cr.

By Bread distributed on Sundays	46	18 4
„ Coals, weighing and delivery, Sir Thomas Campbell's Gift	10	12 6
„ Cost of Weighing Machine, and Weights	2	19 0
„ Printing	1	6 0
„ Sundries	2	5 0
„ Balance	120	5 5
	<u>£184</u>	<u>6 3</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 11th, 1863.

By Balance overpaid, viz:—

Brook's (Mariner)	5	0 0
By Cash at Bankers	574	8 6
	<u>£579</u>	<u>8 6</u>

For the Statement of Allowance by the Auditors of the foregoing
 Accounts of the Churchwardens, see page 25.

Dr. THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR OF THE PARISH OF
in respect of the Order of the Vestry of the said Parish,

THE SEWERS RATE—Amount ordered	2000	0	0
To amount collected on Rate made on the 2nd day of January, 1862, @ 4d. in the £.	2043	15	10
THE MAIN DRAINAGE RATE—Amount ordered	1000	0	0
To amount collected on Rate made on the 2nd day of January, 1862, @ 2d. in the £.	1022	7	10
THE GENERAL RATE—Amount ordered	4500	0	0
To amount collected on Rate made on the 2nd day of January, 1862, @ 9d. in the £.	4746	3	7
To amount received on account of Summonses	17	13	0
Total amount ordered	7500	0	0
Total expenses as on the other side	231	13	9
Excess as on the other side	98	6	6

£7830 0 3

We, the undersigned, having Audited the Accounts of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of St. George the Martyr, Southwark, relating to the several Rates levied by them, in pursuance of the order of the Vestry of the said Parish, numbered 13, and dated the 14th day of October, 1861, do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts; and do find in accordance with the above account, signed by the said Overseers, that there is an excess which has been levied beyond the amount in the said Order mentioned, less the expenses of and incidental to the making and collecting of the same, of Ninety Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Six Pence, which has been paid over to the Vestry. Given under our hands this 27th day of May, 1863.

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors of Accounts of
ROBERT DREWITT HILTON, } the Parish of St. George
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } the Martyr, Southwark.

Dr. THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR OF THE PARISH OF
in respect of the Order of the Vestry of the said Parish,

THE SEWERS RATE—amount ordered	1000	0	0
To amount collected on Rate made on the 3rd day of July, 1862, @ 2d. in the £.	1027	18	6
THE MAIN DRAINAGE RATE—amount ordered	1000	0	0
To amount collected on Rate made on the 3rd day of July, 1862, @ 2d. in the £.	1024	16	2
Carried over	£2000	0	0
	2052	14	8

ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK, Cr.
numbered 13, and dated the 14th day of October, 1861.

By Payments to the Treasurer to the Vestry	2000	0	0
" Poundage on the amount collected	51	1	10
" Brokerage	6	13	4
	2057	15	2
" Payments to the Treasurer to the Vestry	1000	0	0
" Poundage on the amount collected	25	11	2
" Brokerage	6	13	4
	1032	4	6
" Payments to the Treasurer to the Vestry	4500	0	0
" Poundage on the amount collected	119	1	11
" Brokerage	6	13	4
" Postage and Receipt Stamps	2	14	10
" Petty Cash	10	6	
" Printing and Rate Books	12	13	6
	4641	14	1
" Excess levied beyond the amount in the Order mentioned, less expenses	98	6	6

£7830 0 3

This Account, for Audit by the Auditors, and delivery to the Vestry, of all monies and Rates received by us in pursuance of the above named order, signed by us this 21st day of May, 1863.

CHARLES SAUNDERS, } Churchwardens.
H. C. ELLIOTT, }
W. RENTMORE, }
JOSEPH WILKINSON, } Overseers.
HENRY PALMER, }
HENRY B. SANDALL, }
ALFRED GWILT, }

ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK, Cr.
numbered 14, and dated the 2nd day of June, 1862.

By Payments to the Treasurer to the Vestry	1000	0	0
" Poundage on the amount collected	25	13	11
" Brokerage	6	13	4
	1032	7	3
" Payments to the Treasurer to the Vestry	1000	0	0
" Poundage on the amount collected	25	12	4
" Brokerage	6	13	4
	1032	5	8
Carried over	£2064	12	11

Brought forward	£2000	0	0	2052	14	8
THE GENERAL RATE—amount ordered	5500	0	0			
To amount collected on Rate made on the 3rd day of July, 1862,						
@ 11d. in the £.				5812	6	6
To amount received on account of Summonses				14	7	0
Total amount ordered	7500	0	0			
Total expenses as on the other side	298	4	11			
Excess as on the other side	81	3	3			

£7879 8 2

We, the undersigned, having Audited the Accounts of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of St. George the Martyr, Southwark, relating to the several Rates levied by them, in pursuance of the order of the Vestry of the said Parish, numbered 14, and dated the 2nd day of June, 1862, do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts; and do find in accordance with the above account, signed by the said Overseers, that there is an excess which has been levied beyond the amount in the said order mentioned, less the expenses of and incidental to the making and collecting of the same, of Eighty One Pounds Three Shillings and Three Pence, which has been paid over to the Vestry. Given under our hands this 27th day of May, 1863.

STEPHEN KNIGHT,
ROBERT DREWITT HILTON, } Auditors of Accounts of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } the Parish of St. George
the Martyr, Southwark.

Dr.

Mr. THOMAS MARTIN, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH Mr.

To Balance from last Year's Account	64	0	3
„ Burdett's Rent, to Christmas	100	0	0
„ Barber's ditto, to 24th June, 1862	8	0	0

COOPER'S CHARITY—SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT,
20th May, 1862—Balance due to the Trustees,
Principal and Interest, £295 10s. 7d.
HENRY CHARLES SIMS,
Secretary.

£172 0 3

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Parish of St. George the Martyr, Southwark, do hereby certify that the above account is correct, and that the balance in the Treasurer's hands amounts to Sixty Three Pounds Eight Shillings and Three Pence. Given under our hands this 27th day of May, 1863.

STEPHEN KNIGHT,
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } Auditors of the Parish of
ROBERT DREWITT HILTON, } St. George the Martyr,
Southwark.

Brought forward	£2064	12	11
By Payment to the Treasurer to the Vestry	5500	0	0
„ Poundage on the amount collected	145	13	3
„ Brokerage	6	13	4
„ Mr. Quinton, Brokerage on 3 quarters Poor Rate, by order of the Overseers	30	0	0
„ Printing and Rate Books	7	18	6
„ Binding Rate Books	1	18	6
„ Mr. Potier, for information respecting Farmed Property, for the purpose of Re-assessing	17	1	0
„ Mr. Quinton, for ditto	6	15	0
„ Mr. Wingham, for ditto	14	5	0
„ Postage and Receipt Stamps	3	7	5
	5733	12	0
„ Excess levied beyond the amount in the order mentioned, less expenses	81	3	3
	£7879	8	2

This Account, for Audit by the Auditors, and delivery to the Vestry, of all monies and Rates received by us in pursuance of the above named order, signed by us this 21st day of May, 1863.

CHARLES SAUNDERS, }
H. C. ELLIOTT, } Churchwardens.
W. RENTMORE, }
JOSEPH WILKINSON, }
HENRY PALMER, } Overseers.
HENRY B. SANDALL, }
ALFRED GWILT, }

COOPER'S CHARITY, from the 26th March, 1862, to the 25th March, 1863.

Cr.

By Cash to 50 Pensioners @ 10s. each, viz:—

May, 1862	25	0	0
August, 1862	25	0	0
November, 1862	25	0	0
February, 1863	25	0	0
„ Rev. Hugh Allen, D.D., for preaching Sermon	10	0	
„ Insurance to Christmas, 1863, of House in Bishopsgate Street	1	16	0
„ Property Tax, Barber	6	0	
„ Christmas Gifts to Pensioners, 48 @ 2s. 6d. each, by order of Trustees	6	0	0
„ Balance	63	8	3
	£172	0	3

I hereby certify that I have paid the aforesaid 50 Pensioners, duly elected on Mr. Cooper's Charity, the sum of Ten Shillings each Quarter:—that is, £25 in the several months of May, August, and November, 1862, and February, 1863, and to 48 Pensioners a gratuity of 2s. 6d. each, and the balance in my hands on the 25th day of March last was £63 8s. 3d.

May 27th, 1863

THOMAS MARTIN.

Treasurer.

Dr. THE OVERSEERS IN ACCOUNT WITH

To Balance from last Account	1154	18	6
„ Collection on April Rate—			
Mr. Potier	3118	1	0
Mr. Quinton	2586	0	3
Mr. Wingham	2480	6	8
	8184	7	11
„ Collection on July Rate—			
Mr. Potier	2419	7	11
Mr. Quinton	1858	8	8
Mr. Wingham	1830	0	2
	6107	16	9
„ Fire Rewards		1	10
„ Paid from Summons Account		71	1
	£15519	15	1

We declare the entries in the above Account and Memorandum to be true, just, and complete, and in verification thereof we have hereunto subscribed our names this 11th day of December, 1862.

WILLIAM HENRY JAMES, } Overseers.
HENRY FRANKLIN,
CHARLES SAUNDERS, } Churchwardens.
HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

Dr. THE OVERSEERS IN ACCOUNT WITH

To Balance from last Account	1838	14	0
„ Collection on October Rate—			
Mr. Potier	3226	3	3
Mr. Quinton	2544	13	6
Mr. Wingham	2676	17	8
	8447	14	5
„ Collection on January Rate—			
Mr. Potier	2149	9	10
Mr. Quinton	1718	17	6
Mr. Wingham	1804	14	3
	5673	1	7
„ Paid for Disallowance		2	13
„ Fire Rewards		17	0
„ Paid from Summons Account		47	3
	£15510	3	8

We declare the entries in the above Account and Memorandum to be true, just, and complete, and in verification thereof we have hereunto subscribed our names this 9th day of April, 1863.

WILLIAM HENRY JAMES, } Overseers.
HENRY PALMER,
CHARLES SAUNDERS, } Churchwardens.
WILLIAM RENTMORE,

THE POOR RATE, for the Half Year ending Michaelmas, 1862. Cr.

By Cash to the Guardians	10500	0	0
„ Police Rate	912	10	0
„ „ „	912	10	0
„ County Rate	608	6	8
„ „ „	608	6	8
„ Fire Rewards	1216	13	4
„ Mr. Potier, Poundage	37	12	6
„ Mr. Quinton do.	108	15	9
„ Mr. Wingham do.	53	3	9
„ „ „	93	17	3
„ Assistant Overseer's Salary	255	16	9
„ Society for Protection from Fire	125	0	0
„ High Bailiff, 1861	10	0	0
„ Registration Expenses	83	4	10
„ Mr. Passmore, Printing, &c.	49	4	3
„ Messrs. Barnes, do.	5	13	6
„ Mr. Parris, Surveyor, on County Rate Appeal	29	15	3
„ Copy of Schedule A, for Re-assessment	14	19	3
„ Mr. Ware, Fees at Petty Sessions	11	19	9
„ Postage and Receipt Stamps	4	1	6
„ Petty Cash	9	13	6
„ Balance	2	6	8
	1338	14	0
	£15519	15	1

I find the Balance of this Account to be Thirteen Hundred and Thirty Eight Pounds Fourteen Shillings against the Overseers.

J. C. MEYMOTT, AUDITOR.

THE POOR RATE, for the Half Year ending Lady-day, 1863. Cr.

By Cash to the Guardians	10400	0	0
„ Police Rate	912	10	0
„ „ „	912	10	0
„ County Rate	608	6	8
„ „ „	608	6	8
„ Fire Rewards	1216	13	4
„ Mr. Potier, Poundage	27	19	0
„ Mr. Quinton do.	102	2	7
„ Mr. Wingham do.	79	5	3
„ „ „	77	11	0
„ Assistant Overseer's Salary	258	18	10
„ Society for Protection from Fire	125	0	0
„ Mr. Passmore, Printing, &c.	10	0	0
„ Mr. Barnes, do.	28	14	4
„ Expenses of the Election of Vestrymen	5	14	3
„ Costs out of Pocket, for prosecuting Disorderly Houses	16	7	1
„ Postage and Receipt Stamps	36	8	0
„ Petty Cash	8	4	3
„ Balance	1	5	11
	1549	18	8
	£15510	3	8

I find the Balance of this Account to be Fifteen Hundred and Forty Nine Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Eight Pence against the Overseers.

J. C. MEYMOTT, AUDITOR.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE GUARDIANS

For the Year ending

Dr.

To Balance	1466	13	6
" Cash of Churchwardens and Overseers	20900	0	0
" Poor under Orders	154	17	6
" Non-settled Poor	83	17	3
" Relations of Paupers	82	1	7
" Pensioners	33	18	8
" Fire Wood	286	5	1
" Sundries	1772	0	7

£24779 14 2

I have examined the several Accounts of which the foregoing is the Balance Sheet, and I have compared the several payments credited to the Treasurer with the Vouchers, and I hereby certify that the entries appear to be correct and legal, except as to the disallowed items, and that subject to the explanation below (*see opposite*) the Balance of the Treasurer's Account, viz:—£596 11 1 agrees with the Balance which, by his own Book, appears to have been in his hands at the time of closing such Account.

J. C. MEYMOTT, AUDITOR,
30th April, 1863.

OF ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK,

Lady-day, 1863.

Cr.

By In Maintenance	8203	1	7
" Out Relief	4018	9	8
" Non-resident Poor	77	5	6
" Lunatics	1621	4	9
" Medical Expenses	295	7	1
" Vaccination	71	16	6
" Registration	195	1	0
" Salaries	2560	15	3
" Establishment Charges	2774	9	2
" Loans Repaid	2511	8	8
" Apprentice Fees	10	0	0
" Clothing	1388	5	9
" Out Maintenance	60	4	8
" Expenses of Removals	43	13	1
" Law Expenses	58	15	8
" Burial of Paupers	255	19	9
" Irish Passes	11	0	0
" Election of Guardians	26	5	0
" Balance	596	11	1

£24779 14 2

Balance of Account 596 11 1

Cheques unpaid—

Cutress	6	5	0
Neats	26	0	0
Armstrong	17	8	0
	49	13	0

Balance in Treasurer's Book..... £646 4 1

STATISTICS OF RELIEF,

From March, 1862 to March, 1863

(Communicated by E. COLLINSON, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Guardians.)

For the Week ending—		Number of Out Door Poor.	Amount of Relief given.			Number of Poor in the Workhouse.	Number of Lunatic Poor.	Imbeciles in Eagle House.	Number of Children at Mitcham.
April	5, 1862	1937	£76	15	2	491	56	62	259
"	12	1967	79	6	6	479	56	58	247
"	19	1941	79	4	2	484	56	62	244
"	26	1880	77	7	10	473	56	63	240
May	3	1846	78	13	4	441	56	64	241
"	10	1759	77	1	3	447	56	64	241
"	17	1757	75	5	1	457	57	64	239
"	24	1723	74	6	3	442	57	64	244
"	31	1674	73	0	8	437	58	64	244
June	7	1749	75	0	3	412	58	62	243
"	14	1633	73	3	2	401	58	62	239
"	21	1695	74	4	2	403	58	62	238
"	28	1693	74	13	2	394	59	61	239
July	5	1646	73	2	9	391	59	64	237
"	12	1638	73	13	2	396	59	64	229
"	19	1683	73	9	9	395	59	64	230
"	26	1687	76	6	7	392	58	65	230
August	2	1633	72	13	8	414	58	65	228
"	9	1583	71	12	5	409	58	63	222
"	16	1657	73	12	4	406	57	62	223
"	23	1688	77	6	6	411	58	62	222
"	30	1811	77	13	1	403	58	64	215
September	6	1738	75	15	1	398	58	64	228
"	13	1707	74	13	2	408	57	64	226
"	20	1639	72	14	4	407	57	65	232
"	27	1723	74	17	3	399	57	64	225
October	4	1740	72	1	9	385	57	63	226
"	11	1775	71	2	11	399	57	63	230
"	18	1666	70	13	0	400	58	63	231
"	25	1733	72	19	10	399	58	64	234
November	1	1774	75	0	7	413	58	64	243
"	8	1839	75	8	10	419	58	66	246
"	15	2023	80	7	0	440	58	68	242
"	22	2060	79	13	5	445	58	68	240
"	29	2132	82	2	4	465	58	67	245
December	6	2192	80	17	10	476	58	66	252
"	13	2110	81	0	11	462	58	66	250
"	20	2275	82	6	2	466	58	66	249
"	27	2137	77	12	7	472	58	65	256
January	3, 1863	2233	83	15	2	477	58	65	257
"	10	2275	85	18	4	487	58	65	261
"	17	2307	86	9	11	475	57	65	268
"	24	2412	87	9	8	481	57	64	269
"	31	2535	89	16	7	481	57	64	257
February	7	2552	91	9	2	466	57	64	264
"	14	2522	89	6	2	436	57	65	259
"	21	2636	93	0	10	438	57	66	259
"	28	2563	93	1	0	429	57	67	269
March	7	2476	90	2	6	407	56	68	271
"	14	2390	88	10	11	426	56	68	282
"	21	2333	91	5	4	435	56	69	285
"	28	2276	89	5	3	440	57	67	286
Total amount of Out-door Relief.....		£4116	9	1					
Weekly Average		1962 ³ / ₅	£79	3	3	432 ⁵ / ₆	57 ¹ / ₂	64 ² / ₅	245