

[Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Southwark, The Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr].

Contributors

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Vestry of St. George the Martyr, Southwark.

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

BEING THE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING

MARCH 25th, 1862.

CONTAINING
A LIST OF THE VESTRYMEN AND AUDITORS,
AND OF
THE OFFICERS OF THE VESTRY;

ALSO
AN ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT

SHEWING THE
RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE,

WITH THE
Statement of the Allowance of the Auditors,

AND
AN ACCOUNT OF MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY,
AND OF
DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY:

AND
A STATEMENT OF CONTRACTS ENTERED INTO DURING THE YEAR;

ALSO
THE REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

CONTAINING
THE STATISTICS OF THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE PARISH;
AND THE REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS IN RELATION TO THE REMOVAL OF NUISANCES.

TO WHICH ARE APPENDED,
THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS,
IN RELATION TO
THE RECTOR'S RATE,
THE THIRD SERVICE IN THE PARISH CHURCH,
AND THE CHARITIES;

AND ALSO
THE ACCOUNTS IN ABSTRACT OF THE POOR RATE.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE VESTRY.

VESTRY HALL, BOROUGH ROAD, SOUTHWARK.

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SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE VESTRY.

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Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE VESTRY.

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE Sixth Annual Report of the Vestry of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, is prepared and published in pursuance of the provisions of the enactment entitled "The Metropolis Management Act, 1855."

As in former Years, the particulars relating to the Sanitary condition of the Parish will be found detailed in the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health, which commences on page 11. The Vestry Accounts, vouched by the Allowance of the Auditors, (see page 10) together with other Statements herein contained, shew the General Proceedings of the Vestry during the Year

Till the present Year, the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works (see Account in Abstract—Sewers' Rate—page 7) has been paid by the Vestry in moieties. The Metropolitan Board of Works has, however, determined to insist that the whole amount of the Precept for the ordinary expenses of the Board shall be paid in the month of June. This will oblige the Vestry to direct that the whole amount of the Precept for 1863 shall be included in the Rate to be made for the first half of that Year; and will cause, much to the regret of the Vestry, the making on that occasion of a larger Sewers Rate than has usually been required.

The Accounts of the Churchwardens for the Year, all which have been Audited by the Auditors of the Parish, are appended as of late years has been usual. (See pp. 26 to 36.) This Year are added the Accounts in Abstract of the Overseers and of the Guardians in relation to the Poor Rate; and also a Statement, furnished by the Chairman of the Board of Guardians, of the Poor Relief afforded during the Year.

On application to the undersigned at the Vestry Hall, any Parishioner will be furnished with a Copy of this Report.

DANIEL BIRT,

Vestry Clerk.

VESTRY HALL, BOROUGH ROAD,

June 2nd. 1862.

LIST OF VESTRYMEN, 1862.

EX-OFFICIO.

The Rev. HUGH ALLEN, D.D., *Rector*, Bengal Place, New Kent Road.

Mr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, *Rector's Warden*, Blackman Street.

Mr. HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT, *Renter Warden*, Blackfriars Road.

Mr. WILLIAM RENTMORE, *Puisne Warden*, Borough Road.

WARD No. 1.

Mr. EVAN B. JONES, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. JOHN SHERWOOD, Little Lant Street.

Mr. WILLIAM P. J. LLEWELLYN, Blackman Street.

Mr. WILLIAM J. HAYNES, High Street.

Mr. JAMES S. BEADLE, Blackman Street.

Mr. JAMES ROWELL, Webber Street.

Mr. ALFRED POCOCK, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. JAMES DOWSE, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. THOMAS WILLCOX, Borough Road.

Mr. THOMAS PARK, Blackfriars Road.

Mr. JOSEPH SPEED, Borough Road.

Mr. HENRY SHELLEY, Blackman Street.

Mr. ALFRED GWILT, Union Street.

Mr. WILLIAM HENRY JAMES, Blackfriars Road.

Mr. JAMES MARSLAND, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. EDWARD COLLINSON, Blackman Street.

Mr. GEORGE LAWES, Great Suffolk Street.

Mr. JONATHAN EMMETT, Webber Row.

WARD No. 2.

Mr. JAMES HOUSDEN, Gladstone Street, St. George's Road.

Mr. WILLIAM HINTON, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. SAMUEL LOWBRIDGE BELLAMY, Bridge House Place.

Mr. ALFRED STUBBENS, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. WILLIAM SAMUEL CALVER, Bridge House Place.

Mr. JAMES BARNES, West Square.

Mr. JOSEPH WILKINSON, St. Georges Road.

Mr. THOMAS POCOCK, Southwark Bridge Road.

Mr. WILLIAM RENDLE, Bridge House Place.

Mr. STEPHEN SWAIN, Southwark Bridge Road,

Mr. CHARLES HEDGER, *deceased since Election*.

Mr. WILLIAM LOCK, Borough Road.

Mr. JAMES SMITH, Mansfield Street.

Mr. JOHN HOOPER, Barkham Terrace.

Mr. WILLIAM TAYLOR, West Square.

WARD No. 3,

Mr. JOHN WILLIAM ELL, Surrey Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. GEORGE CADOGAN, Surrey Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. THOMAS GEORGE MAHANY, Cornbury Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. THOMAS COULDERY, Frederick Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOHN ROBERT WIDGINGTON, Frederick Place, Old Kent Road.

Mr. THOMAS HUNT, Pitt's Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. EDWARD PALMER, *deceased since the Issue of Notices of Election.*
 Mr. JOHN ADDERLEY, High Street.
 Mr. JAMES JARVIS, Etham Place, Kent Street Road.
 Mr. DONALD SCOTT, Etham Place, Kent Street Road.

Mr. JOSEPH ALLWORTH PASH, Cornbury Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOSEPH LAKE, Nelson Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. WILLIAM DRAPPER, Heartley Place, Old Kent Road.
 Mr. JOSEPH ROCKLEY, High Street.
 Mr. JOHN SARELL, Surrey Place, Old Kent Road.

AUDITORS.

WARD No. 1—Mr. STEPHEN KNIGHT, Great Suffolk Street.
 „ 2.—Mr. JOSEPH WEBSTER, Bridge House Place.
 „ 3.—Mr. WILLIAM GILPIN, High Street.

OFFICERS.

Vestry Clerk.

DANIEL BIRT, Esq. Vestry Hall.

Medical Officer of Health.

HENRY BATESON, Esq., M.D. Waterloo Road.

Surveyor of Roads,

Mr. GEORGE WELLMAN Vestry Hall.

Surveyor of Sewers.

Mr. JAMES SMITH Vestry Hall.

Inspectors of Nuisances and Sanitary Inspectors.

Mr. JAMES SMITH.

Mr. GEORGE WELLMAN.

Messenger.

Mr. WALTER COLLETT Vestry Hall.

ACCOUNT IN ABSTRACT,

Shewing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the Vestry, under the Metropolis

(18 & 19 Vic.

Dr.

GENERAL RATE.

To Balance in hand, March 25th, 1861.....			1,648	10	8
„ Rates collected during the Year	9,800	0	0		
„ Contributions, chiefly in respect of private works	109	3	2		
„ Incidentals.....	33	11	2		
			9,942	14	4

£11,591 5 0

SEWERS RATE.

To Rates collected during the Year.....	4,400	0	0		
„ Contributions, chiefly in respect of private drainage	104	12	6		

£4,504 12 6

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

To Balance in hand, March 25th, 1861			543	0	4
„ Rates collected during the Year	2,200	0	0		
„ Contributions, proportion of Election expenses.....	2	16	5		
			2,202	16	5
			£2,745	16	9

£18,841 14 3

Local Management Act, for the Year ending the 25th day of March, 1862.

c. 120, s. 196.)

Cr.

By Works, viz.—

Paving.....	776	10	11		
Lighting.....	2,511	16	6		
Cleansing and Watering	3,009	4	0		
Removing Dust	318	15	0		
Materials.....	2,134	9	5		
Cartage	80	10	5		
Incidentals	24	19	5		
			8,856	5	8
Establishment			603	14	5
Repayment of South District Bonds			500	0	0
Interest on South District Bonds			218	15	0
Contingencies—chiefly Compensation Annuities			123	13	11
Amount expended.....	10,302	9	0	10,302	9 0
Balance in hand, March 25th, 1862			1,288	16	0
			£11,591	5	0

By Balance of Account ending March 25th, 1861.....	148	14	7
„ Payment of the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works	2,359	10	4

„ Works, viz.—

610 feet Stoneware Pipe, at a cost of ...	42	15	6		
OPENINGS TO SEWERS.					
4 Side Entrances } at a cost of	272	14	4		
49 Gullies.....					
61 Drain Mouths }	23	11	6		
Repairs and Alterations	390	6	3		
Cleansing Sewers, Public Urinals, &c. ...	81	7	4		
Incidentals			813	14	11
Establishment			542	9	8
Amount Expended	3,864	9	6	3,864	9 6
Balance in hand, March 25th, 1862			640	3	0
			£4,504	12	6

By Payment of the Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works	1,558	5	0
Establishment	191	4	10

Amount Expended	1,749	9	10	1,749	9 10
Balance in hand, March 25th, 1862			996	6	11
			£2,745	16	9

Total of Amount Expended..... £15,916 8 4

RECAPITULATION OF BALANCES.

Balance in hand General Rate	1,288	16	0		
„ „ Sewers Rate	640	3	0		
„ „ Main Drainage Rate	996	6	11		
Total Balance in hand March 25th, 1862			2,925	5	11
			£18,841	14	3

ACCOUNT

OF THE

MONIES OWING TO, AND DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY, THE VESTRY,

ON THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1862.
(18 & 19 Vic., c. 120, s. 196.)

1st.—MONIES OWING TO THE VESTRY.

FROM THE OVERSEERS

In respect of the Precept issued October 14th, 1861—

General Rate	850	0	0
Sewers Rate	600	0	0
Main Drainage Rate	300	0	0

2nd.—DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OWING BY THE VESTRY.

The Debt incurred by the late South District Board—

(£500, part of the above Debt, having been paid during the year.)

Messrs. Bastow and Aaron	1000	0	0
Miss Sarah Wilkinson	1000	0	0
Mrs. Isabella Watts	1000	0	0
Mr. John Hensby	1000	0	0
	4000	0	0

GENERAL RATE.

To The Phoenix Gas Company	421	16	3
„ The South Metropolitan Gas Company	80	8	6
„ The London Gas Company	124	17	6
„ Mr. Green, for Scavenging and Watering	204	3	4
„ Mr. Green, for Cart Hire	6	16	0
„ Mr. Beevers, for Paving and Materials	753	16	8
„ Mr. Richardson, for Flints	166	5	0
„ Mr. Reddin, for Removal of Dust	72	10	0
„ Messrs. Hunt & Co., for Street Tablets (and Fixing)	13	12	11
For Salaries, One Quarter	230	0	0
„ Rent and Taxes	39	13	0
Small Bills	13	10	0
	2127	9	2

SEWERS RATE.

To Mr. Kent, Contractor	89	0	7
„ The Lambeth Water Company, Water at Urinals	12	10	0
Small Bills	4	0	0
	105	10	7

MAIN DRAINAGE RATE.

Precept of the Metropolitan Board of Works	1825	0	0
--	------	---	---

COMPENSATION ANNUITIES.

Mr. H. J. Haddock, for 7 Years, from January 1st, 1856	17	0	3
George Ware, Esq. for Life	12	10	2
John R. Rush, Esq. „	15	10	4
Mr. William Bunce	13	13	2
Mr. Charles Anderson	50	0	0

STATEMENT OF ALL CONTRACTS

ENTERED INTO BY THE VESTRY,
IN THE YEAR PRECEDING THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1862.

(18 19 Vic., c. 130, s. 196.)

SEWERS RATE.

Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term
William Kent	Sewers Work and Materials as per Schedule	One Year from Michaelmas, 1861.

GENERAL RATE.

Contractor.	Nature of Contract.	Term
William Hearn	Removal of Dust £255 P Annum	One Year, from Lady-day, 1862.
Richard Green	Scavenging and Watering £2400 P Annum	" "
Richard Green	Carts, Horses, Harness, and Drivers, as P Schedule	" "
Charles Richardson	Flints @ 6s. 4d. P Yard	" "
William Beevers	Gurnsey Granite @ 15s. 9d. P Yard.....	" "
	Guernsey Granite Spalls @ 12s. 2d. P Ton	" "
	Yorkshire Paving 2½ in. @ 52s. P 100 Ft.	" "
	" " 3 in. @ 62s. P 100 Ft.	" "
	Masons' & Paviers' Work, as P Schedule	" "
A. & F. Manuelle	Guernsey Granite Spalls @ 11s. 5d. P Ton	" "
	Yorkshire Paving, 2½ in. @ 48s. 9d. P 100 Ft	" "
	" " 3 in. @ 56s. P 100 Feet	" "

STATEMENT
OF
ALLOWANCE OF THE AUDITORS.

(18 & 19 Vic., cap. 120, s. 196.)

WE, Stephen Knight, Joseph Webster, and William Gilpin, the Auditors for the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, having in this present Month of May, in the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty Two, attended at the Office of the Vestry of the said Parish, and there Audited the Accounts thereof for the Year ending the 25th day of March last, Do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts, as the same are in the proper Books signed by us, in accordance with the foregoing Account in Abstract, shewing under the before-mentioned several distinct heads, the Receipt and Expenditure of the Vestry under the Metropolis Local Management Act.

Dated this Sixth Day of May, 1862.

STEPHEN KNIGHT,
JOSEPH WEBSTER,
WILLIAM GILPIN.

Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH. FOR THE YEAR ENDING LADY-DAY, 1862.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN,

The Census of England has been taken since I had the honour of presenting you with my last report: I am consequently enabled to place before you with accuracy, the death rate of this district—the standard by which its sanitary condition must be measured.

I find that the death rate I gave you in the report for 1860-1 was less than the actual fact, the increase of the population not having reached the proportion usually allowed. This in a great degree may be accounted for by our position. Our district very much resembles a walled town, only instead of being girdled by walls, it is hemmed in by the surrounding parishes; hence we cannot extend our borders; but if we increase in numbers, we must grow in height, or become still more overcrowded. Altogether it is highly unfavourable to the preservation and renewal of health, being situated upon an alluvial soil, with a line of hills on the one hand, and a river on the other: precisely the circumstances which give rise to a variety of fevers; besides aiding the development and propagation of every kind of epidemic disease. We cannot alter our position; but we may make strenuous, and in the end successful endeavours to improve it. One great hindrance to the fulfilment of this object is the defects of the present Building-act. A house may be built anywhere, and almost anyhow, provided “all the rooms can be lighted and ventilated from a street or alley adjoining.” The object of the Builder is to save as much ground, materials, and expense, as possible. The result is not difficult to foresee. Our forefathers, whose recklessness as regarded cleanliness and the means of securing health was astounding, nevertheless gained a glimpse into the evils arising from the crowding of buildings together, and took means to prevent it; but of so extreme a kind, as to hinder the law from being put in force. In the year 1656, an act was passed, in which certain fines and penalties were directed to be levied on all new houses which had not four acres of land with them and Commissioners were appointed to see this statute carried out. The reason given for the making of this law was the excessive number of houses erected together, which were “found to be very mischievous and inconvenient; and a great annoyance and inconvenience to the commonwealth.” If this proposal was a step of an extreme kind, yet correct in a good direction, we have taken similar steps in another and worse direction. There are many gradations between a yard of four acres, and no yard at all. The examination of the dwellings in which our labouring classes are compelled to live, is very discouraging; and the more so when we witness, as we still do, the erection of new ones which will carry into the future, the evils we are now striving to put an end to. Thus is hope cut off; and poverty, sickness, and misery, have free course to drag on, unchecked, their retributive punishment.

TABLE No. 1.

Population of the district of St. George the Martyr in the year 1831	Sub Districts	Population in 1841.	Population in 1851	Population in 1861	Increase of Population since 1851	Increase of Population since 1831
—	Kent Road	15671	18126	19653	1527	—
39769	Borough Road	14794	15862	16667	805	13740
—	London Road.....	16179	17836	19189	1353	—

The above Table is intended to shew you the number of Inhabitants in each sub-district, at the taking of the Census in 1861. The greatest increase has taken place in the Kent-road sub-district; next to this the London-road sub-district; and the least in the Borough-road sub-district.

TABLE No. 2

Sub Districts.	Separate Families.	HOUSES.			PERSONS.			Average No. of families in each inhabited house.	Average No. of persons in each inhabited house.
		Inhabited.	Un-inhabited	Building.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
London Road	4814	2441	76	7	9158	10031	19189	1·973	7·861
Kent Road	4699	2697	96	...	9607	10046	19653	1·742	7·209
Borough Road	4050	2096	95	1	8238	8429	16667	1·932	7·952

Table No. 2 (a) gives the number of Houses, Families, and Individuals, male and female, in each sub-district, with the average number of Families and Persons in each inhabited house.

TABLE No. 3.—NUMBER OF DEATHS IN 1861.

Sub-Districts.	Quarter ending March 30.	Quarter ending June 30.	Quarter ending Sept. 30.	Quarter ending Dec. 30.	Total.	Total Population.	Deaths per cent.
London Road	109	120	88	117	434	19189	2·26
Kent Road	122	105	89	103	419	19653	2·13
Borough Road	132	137	116	135	520	16667	3·12
Total	363	362	293	355	1373	55509	2·47

Table No. 3 gives the number of deaths in each sub-district, with the average. Upon examining this Table, we shall find that the mortality is largest in the Borough-road sub-district, although it contains the fewest number of persons and families. One reason which may be given for this result is, that there is a less number of houses for the 16,667

(a) The statistics from which this Table is formed were kindly furnished me by G. Wyatt, Esq., Chief Clerk of Census Office.

inhabitants to dwell in, than in either of the other two sub-districts. Thus the London-road sub-district, which follows next in rate of mortality, has 2441 houses, occupied by 19,189 persons; the Kent-road sub-district 4,699, by 19,653; whilst the Borough-road has 4,050 for its population. Kent-road sub-district is the most privileged for the number of houses, and there the death rate is decidedly the smallest. But the main reason for the larger mortality in the Borough-road sub-district is, that it contains the Workhouse; this of course adds greatly to the death rate; whilst at the same time it lessens that of the other two, the sick and dying poor being removed from them to it.

2,034 children have been born alive during the year ending March 29th, 1862; giving an increase of 172 over the preceding year. Of these, there were registered 1051 Boys, and 983 Girls: leaving a majority of 68 Boys.

1429 deaths were registered during the same time; 190 more than in the year ending March, 1861. The deaths of the Males were 741, and those of the Females 688; giving a preponderance of 53 Males over the Females.

TABLE No. 4.

	1857—58		1858—59		1859—60		1860—61		Average of Four Years.		1861—62	
	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	DEATHS.
Quarter Ending June, 1857	475	299	465	296	525	296	423	298	472	297·25	530	362
Quarter Ending September, 1857	465	276	417	369	464	347	479	276	456·25	317	435	293
Quarter Ending December, 1857.. .. .	501	343	498	375	497	360	454	302	487·5	345	486	355
Quarter Ending March, 1858	540	338	572	346	543	381	506	363	540·25	357	583	419
TOTAL	1981	1256	1952	1386	2029	1384	1862	1239	1956	1316·25	2034	1429

I shall now place before you more minutely those diseases which have destroyed the 1429 human beings once dwelling in our district; but who have prematurely, or otherwise, been cut off. 354 have died of zymotic diseases, being at the rate of 6·4 in one thousand of the population. On examining the annexed Table you will find that zymotic diseases have been upon the increase. This increase is chiefly owing to the greater prevalence of Diphtheria, Scarlatina, Hooping Cough, Diarrhoea, and Typhus. Respectively, the increase has been 14, 21, 20, 34, and 23. The two largest majorities are from diarrhoea and typhus. There have been 12 deaths from Cholera, in place of 1.

The deaths from Typhus have been nearly doubled. This disease, it is stated, is entirely within our control; as it takes its origin from fermenting excreta, whether contained in cess-pools, dunghes, or imperfect drains, which indeed are but extended cess-pools. The poison enters into the system, either by the way of the stomach or lungs: by the former in the water used as a beverage; and by the latter, through the medium of the atmosphere. This fever, so allowed to spring up and spread, carried off in the year 1859, 15,877 persons,

and in the year 1857, 19,016; a terrible mortality, when we reflect that there need not have happened one single death. At the close of the last year, we well remember it struck down the "foremost man in all the land," to the great alarm of the nation; and for awhile excited and received special attention. A notable individual, or numbers of obscure individuals, must perish before an evil will be remedied. To reach any blessing we must pass through woe and suffering; nay, the only pathway to health, happiness, and liberty leads over the dead bodies of our brethren, slain in the strife. Thus it has ever been; and apparently will ever remain.

In 1858, Windsor suffered from a virulent attack of this fever. At this period, as a necessary premise, that royal town was in a most neglected and disgraceful condition; arising from imperfect drainage, numerous pig-sties, and heaps of dung and garbage. Besides this, the people were drinking water into which was constantly filtering the contents of cess-pools; and so received the poison both by stomach and lungs. The evidences of its origin were plain and palpable; not to be gainsaid. It happened also, as if on purpose to demonstrate the truth of this, that the Castle which was thoroughly drained, directly into the Thames, having no connexion whatever with the Town drainage was exempt: whilst at the same time there were certain dependencies of the Castle which did not share in this privilege. What was the consequence? In these dependencies the fever raged with great severity, thirty cases having occurred; whilst the Castle entirely escaped, not one case being met with there. A man may have his own house in a good sanitary state, and so also may be the neighbourhood in which he dwells; but if other localities, brooding over their foul cess-pools and bad drains, he runs the risk of a long sickness, and perchance of death, from fever. Let this disease once arise, and no place is secure, no habitation is safe from its visit: it cannot be confined within definite limits, do what we may. It is, however, being driven away from its old haunts—from the narrow alley, the crowded court, and squalid street, where it has so long committed its ravages; and appears now to be migrating towards the better class of houses, which have not obtained the sanitary supervision bestowed upon the former. Doubtless there exists many a lordly mansion, noble square, and magnificent street, in which Typhus-poison is constantly generated, and where it lingers or creeps stealthily in and out; and if not of sufficient power to reproduce itself, yet sufficient to give rise to the discomfort, apathy, and wretchedness of all those abiding within its influence. Architects, thus far, have not deemed the state of the soil, nor the means of ventilation, worthy their attention.

TABLE No. 5.

	Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Hooping Cough	Diarrhoea and Cholera.	Typhus	Diseases of Brain	Disease of Heart	Phthisis	All other Lung Diseases	Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Convulsions, and Dementia
Under 5 Years	3	12	41	74	60	5	10	1	10	105	187
Above 5 Years and under 20 Years	..	1	18	3	1	9	5	2	21	7	7
Above 20 Years	1	..	..	..	13	34	23	34	163	100	2

The foregoing Table shews the ages in which deaths have taken place from those diseases that occasion the largest mortality :

TABLE No. 6.

ZYMOTIC DISEASES.	1857—58					1858—59					1859—60					1860—61					1861—62				
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
Small Pox ..			1		1	1	2	1	4	8	9	25	32	22	88	14				14	3	1			4
Measles	5	2		4	11	25	31	12	1	69	1	3	3	9	16	15	13	16	4	48	1	2	5	5	13
Scarlatina and Diphtheria	4	3	10	10	27	9	31	45	25	110	15	18	23	12	68	10	11	13	10	44	9	13	40	17	79
Whooping Cough.....	28	12	10	20	70	24	14	13	21	72	8	3	5	19	35	11	11	17	18	57	40	10	12	15	77
Diarrhoea	9	56	12	2	79	7	49	11	3	70	7	58	4		62	6	14	5	3	28	6	38	12	6	62
Typhus	7	15	9	7	38	2	12	9	6	29	7	12	3	5	27	6	5	4	10	25	10	2	5	31	48

Table No. 6 the deaths from a few other zymotic diseases, during the different quarters for five years.

TABLE No. 7.

LUNG DISEASES. INCLUDING PHTHISIS.	1857—58	1858—59	1859—60	1860—61	Average of 4 Years	1861—62
Phthisis	170	146	210	173	174.75	194
Bronchitis	138	131	130	105	126	108
Pneumonia	81	103	86	90	90	78

Phthisis and Bronchitis have both proved more fatal in the last, than in the former year, by 21 and 3 deaths. There have, however, been 12 deaths less from Pneumonia.

The deaths under five years of age have increased by 104. Premature birth and debility are marked as the cause of 32 deaths, a diminution of 12. An increase of 12 has taken place from violence and privation. The most important of these I will particularize. Nine Infants have died from suffocation, varying in age from five days to nine months. One out of the number died from a fit of coughing, brought on by taking a dose of medicine. A

boy, four years old, was suffocated in a room which was on fire. A male child, aged 20 months, died from the effects of drinking hot water out of the spout of a kettle. Three Males and one Female, aged 50, 59, 62, and 45 years, fell down dead; and two Males, aged 59 and 73, were found dead on the floor of their rooms. A drover, aged 42, died from Erysipelas, produced from inoculation of matter from a diseased sheep which he was dressing. A Male, aged 27, died from a fall on the back of his head: a Woman, aged 84, from injuries received by falling down stairs. A Man, aged 51, was drowned by falling head first into a water butt, whilst in the act of drawing water out. Two Males and two Females hung themselves, aged 50, 52, 55 and 56. Five persons have died from privation of food. Two out of these were needlewomen, unmarried; examples of the sad effects of an unfair day's wage for a fair day's work.

I present you, as usual, with the analysis of the water of the Lambeth and Southwark Companies, made by Dr. R. D. Thomson, and published in the weekly returns of the Registrar General.

TABLE No. 8.

	Total Impurity per Gallon	Organic Impurity per Gallon.		Total Impurity per Gallon.	Organic Impurity per Gallon.
1861.	grs. or °	grs. or °	1861.	grs. or °	grs. or °
Southwark Company—April	21.60	1.44	Lambeth Company—April	20.20	1.52
" " May	17.20	1.38	" " May	16.60	1.26
" " June	17.64	1.04	" " June	18.12	0.88
" " July	17.60	1.0.80	" " July	17.52	0.96
" " August	17.92	1.20	" " August	17.36	1.12
" " September	16.00	0.48	" " September	16.92	1.04
" " October	12.20	1.12	" " October	16.98	1.68
" " November	18.80	1.60	" " November	16.60	1.32
" " December	21.96	2.40	" " December	20.44	2.64
1862.			1862.		
" " January	21.96	1.56	" " January	21.56	1.72
" " February	21.36	1.68	" " February	20.88	1.76
" " March	20.88	1.60	" " March	20.40	2.04

The state of the weather for the year 1861, which I now proceed to place before you, is compiled from the reports of Mr. Glaisher, published in the Quarterly Reports of the Registrar General.

The mean temperature of the first Quarter of the year at Greenwich was 39.9°, which was 1.8° above the average for 90 years. The cold in the first half of January was very severe, more so than in any similar period since 1820; that is, in 41 years: the average daily deficiency from the 2nd to the 23rd was 3.7°; after this, the weather became milder, and continued so until the end of the Quarter, with an average daily excess of 3.3°. The coldest January of which we have record happened in 1795, the temperature being 23.9°; the next in order of severity were as follows—1814, 26.9°; 1776, 27.0°; 1780, 28.6°; 1838, 28.9°. The fall of rain during this period was 4.5 inches, 0.5 inch below the average. On

February 21st there occurred a strong gale of wind, which uprooted trees, and caused a great destruction of property. On that day, from 5 p.m. to 9 p.m., the wind passed with a velocity of fully 70 miles, and with a pressure varying from 13 lbs to 25 lbs on the square foot. Snow fell 15 days each in January and March, and 8 in February. Fogs prevailed throughout the country.

The mean temperature of the air for the spring quarter was 51.8° , 0.4° below the average for 90 years. The weather in May was variable: keeping cold until the middle, when there occurred a few warm days, followed again by cold days. On the 23rd of this month, the temperature reached 80 : on the same day, in the year 1860, the highest temperature was met with, but it was 76.5° only. The month of June was also hotter than the same month in the preceding year. The total fall of rain was 4.5 inches, being 1.3 below the average of 46 years. Hail and snow fell in April and May.

The summer months were hotter by 4.20° than those of 1860; the mean temperature being 60.4° . The temperature was below the average until the commencement of August, when the weather set in warm, and continued so until the 11th of September; and also again September 28th, and remained until the close of the Quarter. On August 12th, it was as high as 72.9° , being nearly 12° in excess of the average. On the last day of September it rose to 74° , the mean for the day being 61.5° : since 1814, this is the only instance of the temperature of that day rising so high as 60° . There fell during the Quarter $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches of rain, $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches below the average of the preceding 41 years. Hail fell in various places in July and September.

The month of October was remarkable for its high temperature, 54.9° . There has been no such warm October since 1831. The temperature in November was, with the exception of a few days, below the average. In December, as far as the 25th, it was high, when the cold set in, and continued until the end of the year. The mean temperature of the Quarter was 45.5° , 2.0° above the average of 90 years. The total fall of rain was 7.4 inches, about a $\frac{1}{2}$ inch above the average. With the exception of 1853, this is the greatest rain fall for 45 years.

I may here with propriety compare, in their results upon the health of the people, the two last summers; the one having been fine, delightful, and hot; the other wet, gloomy, and cold. The former, that of 1861, has been attended with a considerable amount of Diarrhoea, and also many cases of Cholera; whilst the latter, that of 1860, gave the lowest number of deaths from these causes, especially Diarrhoea, ever known. This was owing to the wetness of the season, and the lowness of the temperature, which only reached 56.2° , 3.3° less than in any corresponding Quarter for 89 years; whilst the rain fall in the driest month had an excess of 2.1 inch. In some of our provincial towns there is a great deficiency in the water supply; and in these places especially, the abundance of rain greatly diminished the death rate. Thus Nature made for us an experiment upon a large scale, and shewed clearly the efficacy of water as a sanatory agent. A statement made by the Registrar General may be thus written: Given a town, where the ordinary water supply is deficient, the mortality will be considerably diminished by heavy rains. The continued gloom and wetness of that miserable summer has shewn openly a great truth, which we shall do well to lay to heart. In Rome, more than twenty centuries ago, no house was considered fit for habitation, unless fully supplied with water. It is said that at one time

"the imperial city contained 1,300 reservoirs, into which the mighty aqueducts that spanned the road campagna poured a daily supply of 15 millions of cubic feet, or 325 millions of gallons of water." In this year of grace, 1862, and in this metropolis, there are numbers which do not receive one drop from month to month; whilst to all (with the fewest exceptions) it is only given for a limited time daily. Water, of which there is such an abundance in this country, (or it is sadly belied) and of which there is such an urgent need, is thus miserably doled out to us.

We have had occasion, for various purposes, to take out summonses; and these have brought about the designs intended. There was one, which I will more especially notice, as it may form a precedent; and that was for the removal of a Piggery in Falstaff's Yard. It was somewhat notable, from the number of times it had been brought before the Vestry, or rather the Sewers' Committee, both by my predecessor and myself. A desire having been manifested not to have it removed unless really necessary, many suggestions for improvements were made, and as readily carried out by the proprietor. Nevertheless complaints were still repeated by those dwelling near, and with great reason. In a small space were collected together as many as 60 Pigs. It was quite impossible so large a number could be kept in such a locality, without creating a nuisance, and one of an intolerable kind. I feel bound to say that the owner did all he could to prevent complaint except—remove them. The condition of Pigs thus kept is most unnatural; huddled together, with scarce room to stretch their legs, much less to take exercise, an object very necessary for the keeping them in health, *and fit for food*. It has been urged in favour of keeping pigs in towns, that they eat up the offensive offal and refuse, and in fact, act as scavengers. I would ask, What manner of food must pigs so fed make? Who, of choice and knowledge, would eat these scavengers? Pigs cannot be too carefully fed, nor their health too closely tended, as their sole end is to be eaten. During the reign of George III. many important sanitary measures were brought before Parliament; but the only one which succeeded in becoming law, was that for the prevention of keeping pigs in towns: a fact which led Goldsmith to observe, that all ended in a squeak!

Every thing connected with the health and strength of the young, who are to carry forward the destinies of this great nation, when those who are now labouring under the heat and burden of the day shall have lain them down to rest, must needs be a matter of the first importance. One of the purposes for which this Vestry was appointed was, to carry out those measures that had for their aim the prevention of sickness and untimely death; and in no wise can this be more fitly done, than by looking after the interests of the young. And who cannot but pity their case in this vast city? Where are their fields and play-grounds, in which they may give full swing to their physical instincts, and develop their bone and muscle, upon the basis of which a strong and sound mind can alone be formed? Nowhere! For them exists only the street, or may be a small back yard, which a hop and skip would compass; but even this privilege is not common; and a street was not made for a play-ground. Indeed, its use for such a purpose is far from being unattended with danger. Some games are perilous to organ and limb. Accidents from this cause we must all have seen or heard of; besides, property is endangered. The chief actors in the scene often also suffer for the doing of that which Providence intended, else is their instinct utterly perverted. How often are they emphatically sworn at, cuffed on the ears, or

dragged off to the Police station. I do not think the conversion of an open free space into an iron fenced, carefully guarded park, a boon to boys, whatever it may be to others. Of course, I am not speaking against the formation of parks; let us have as many as possible; and play-grounds also. Public and open spaces are good, even as reservoirs of fresh air, and as media for diluting the poison constantly manufactured in a crowded community. "Here in this mighty Babylon, 2½ millions of human beings are living, huddled together in one compact mass, like bees in their cells. And not we alone, but to us are linked crowds of dogs, cats, birds, and horses; along with chickens in areas, cows in yards, pigs in cellars, and a host of rabbits and vermin of all kind. And what is all this crowd of compressed mortality doing, but loading the earth and atmosphere with emanations the most foul." Yet in spite of all this, our gardens and open spaces are daily diminishing: however time honoured they are, or useful they might be, they disappear before the ruthless hand of the builder, who upon them runs up monotonous rows of brick houses. Trees are being felled, and shrubs grubbed up; and these, should repentance ever overtake us, cannot be replaced in a day. Why should not our metropolis be as famed for its health and beauty, as it is for its wealth and magnitude? I have often wished that our rich benefactors, who leave large legacies for the cure of sickness, would commence at the other end, and leave them for the prevention of sickness. And now at last, and with a liberality which throws all former gifts into the shade, has this been done, and by a stranger. All thanks to the giver for this gift; and I sincerely hope that end desired by this benevolent act, may be brought to a successful issue.

The subject under discussion will claim a far more serious attention than has yet been bestowed upon it. The Census has shewn us that the population of towns is upon the increase. During the last ten years, this increase has reached over 12 per cent; whilst during the same time, many of the small towns and boroughs have steadily decreased. Men are more and more aggregating together; and whilst we gladly reap the benefits resulting from such a social state, we must be careful to prevent the evils which otherwise will assuredly follow, as the shadow the substance. The Registrar General has warningly said, "The question of the health of towns is therefore a question of the health of England."

As bearing upon the above, I must mention the desire there has been shewn in certain quarters, of appropriating our disused cemeteries for building purposes; and otherwise turning them to pecuniary account. Attempts of such a nature should be earnestly resisted; not only for the reason of the injury that must follow to the health of the people from destroying these "lesser lungs," but also from the desecration to the dead involved. An application is to be made to Parliament, I believe, for the purpose of inducing it to concede a Cemetery in St. Giles's-in-the-Fields, for the benefit of the Rector and his successors. This demand, if granted, will soon be followed by others of a like kind. When news came over, that the graves of those who so nobly fell before the ramparts of Sebastopol had been disturbed by the treasure seeking inhabitants of the Crimea, indignation stirred up the hearts of the people at the wanton outrage. And shall we permit a similar deed to be perpetrated even at our own doors, and arising from the same motive—gain? Let the dead quietly rest in the graves to which they were committed by their sorrowing relatives; and there, by the decay and change through which they must pass in the course of time, kindle into beauty tree and flower, for the benefit and delight of the living.

TABLE No. 9.

	Small Pox	Typhus	Scarlatina	Measles	Whooping Cough	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Phthisis	Other Pulmonary Diseases Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Dentition, &c.		Small Pox	Typhus	Scarlatina	Measles	Whooping Cough	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Phthisis	Other Lung Diseases Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Dentition &c.
Angel Place	1				1			3	2	George Street, L.R.					1		
Alfred Place				1		1	1	3		Gilbert's Court						1	1
Amicable Row			1					1	2	Garden Row						1	3
Albert Terrace	1							1	1								
Ann's Place			1		1				2								
Adam's Place					1					Harrow Street				1		3	4
Amelia Street							1		1	Hayles Street		1				1	2
										Hunter Street		2		2	2	2	1
Bethlem Hospital	1						4			Henry Street		1			3	2	2
Belvidere Place and)						2	2	2	1	High Street			2				
Buildings										Herbert's Buildings		1		1	2		2
Borough Road					1	1	1	4	3	Hendree Road						1	1
Blackman Street	1					2		1		Herbert's Place, K.R.		1					
Barron's Place					1		3		1	Hill Street		1					
Bond Street					2												
Bean Street	1				1	1	1			Joiner Street		1		1		1	2
Bath Street					2	2	1	1		Justice Court		1					
Bridge-house Place		1						1	1	John's Street and)							
Brent's Court						1	5		3	Place, L.R.		1	1		1	3	1
Bermondsey New Road							1	1	1	James Terrace					2		1
Brook Place							2		1	Johnson's Buildings				1			
Board's Buildings						1				John Street, B.R.					3		2
Blackfriars Road						1	2		1	Jane Place					1		
Buckenham Street							1		1								
Blue Ball Alley		1															
Bowling-green Square								1		King Street and Place				2	1	2	3
Beckenham Terrace					1					Kent Street				2	2	3	4
										King's Bench Walk		1				1	1
Clarendon Street					1		1	1	2	Kate Street					1		3
Castle Street		2			1		3	1	1	King Street, K.R.					1		
Cornbury Street						1		3	1	King Street, Upper					1		
Chapel Court								1	1								
Colliers' Rents								2		Lansdowne Terrace)		1	1	1		2	3
Clarence Street							1	2		and Place							
Cross Street	1									Lant Street		2		4		3	4
Cleghorn Cottages						1				Lynn Street						2	
Castle Place					1				1	London Road		1			2	1	4
Charles Court							1		1	Lant Street, Little				5			
Caroline Place		1								London Street					1		2
										Lambeth Road					1		1
Dover Street]							1	1		Laurie Terrace							1
Duke Street		2	1	1		1	2	1	7								
Deaf & Dumb Asylum							1			May-pole Alley		1	1			2	1
Disney Street		1				1				Mint Street		2	1		1	2	6
Delph Street							1			Martin Street		3		2		1	4
Drapers' Alms Houses						1				Mason's Street and)						3	3
										Buildings							1
Etham Street & Place	1		3		3	1	1	2		Marshall Street					1	1	
Elliott's Row			2		2		2	5	3	Magdalen Hospital						1	
Elizabeth Place, L.R.					1				2	Mina Road		1					
Elizabeth Place, K.R.		1								Moreton Street						1	
Earl Street and Place			2				1		1	Marshalsea Place							1
East Street			1				1			Market Street							1
Falcon Court					1				2	New Street						2	1
Fox's Buildings						2				Noel Street				1			
Friar Street, B.R.						2	2	3		Northampton Place						1	
Francis Place					1					Nelson Yard			1		1		
Frederick Place	1	1								New Court						1	
Flint Street							1		1								
Friendly Place				1					2	Obelisk Buildings		1					
										Oxford Place							1
George Street, K.R.				1	1	2			3	Ockley Court							1
George Street, B.R.							1	2									
Gaywood Street							1	2	3	Princes Street, L.R.				1		1	2
Grotto Place	1				1					Pitt Street		1			1	2	
Gibraltar Place & Row								1	3	Peter Street				1	1	1	
Gray Street					1	2		2	1	Paul's Yard						1	
Green Street					1	1	1	5	3	Paragon						1	2
Gun Street		1					1	1	1	Potter Street		1					1

TABLE No. 9 Continued.

	Small Pox	Typhus	Scarlatina	Measles	Whooping Cough	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Phthisis	Other Pulmonary Diseases	Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Dentition, &c.		Small Pox	Typhus	Scarlatina	Measles	Whooping Cough	Diarrhoea and Cholera	Phthisis	Other Pulmonary Diseases	Tubercles, Hydrocephalus, Dentition, &c.
Queen Street		1			3					Townsend Street		1						1	
Queen's Court					1					Types Court			1						
Red Cross Street and Court			1			1	1	3	1	Union Street, L.R.					3	3	2	1	3
Revel's Row		1				1	2		2	Union Street, K.R.							1	1	
Rodney Street						1				Union Street, B.R.		1	1		1		1	1	3
Russell Place							1			Valentine Place							1	4	
Richmond Street						1				Vine Yard						1			
St. Mary's School house				1						Walker Street									1
St. Stephen's Place				1	1		1	2	2	Warner Street					2		4	3	3
St. George's Road		1			2		3	6	2	Webber Row		1	2				4	2	5
St. George's Market							1			Webber Street							4		2
St. George's Circus			1				1			Wellington Street }									
St. George's Square							1			and Place	1		1		1		1	2	2
St. George's Place							2			William Street, K.R.							1	1	1
Southwark Bridge Road		1	4		2		6	2	8	William Street, B.R.						1	2		2
Suffolk Street					1	2	4	3	3	William's Place, K.R.							1		
Staple Street						1	1		1	William's Place, L.R.							1		
Surrey Street						1	2	1	3	Wycombe Place		1						2	
Short Street					2					Warwick Street			1				1	2	3
Surrey Buildings				1						White Street				2		2			1
Swan Place			1						1	White Horse Yard									1
School for Indigent }						1			3	Westcott Street			1				1		2
Blind										Willmott's Buildings								1	2
Star Court						1				Warwick Square									1
Stanford Place									1	West Square					1	1			
Tower Street			3		2	1	1	2	2	Work House	1	18	1			1	25	27	7
Temple Gardens			1							York Place & Buildings								1	1
Temple Street			1				2			York Street, L.R.		1					1	3	1
Tennis Place		1							1	York Street, K.R.								1	1
Thomas Court									1										

This Table shews the streets, places, courts, and alleys where the most common and fatal diseases have occurred. And the old tale is repeated, that where there is overcrowding, deficiency of light, want of air, and other sanatory necessities, there the death rate is highest. Much has lately been said and written concerning the imperfect sanatory condition of many parts of this Parish: "that if we are not positively going back, we are standing still; that epidemic diseases and poverty here find their seat and home, carrying off victims, who had they resided elsewhere, might still have been alive; that, in fact, there hangs thickly and heavily over us the cloud of decay and neglect." Complaints of this kind, indeed of any kind, are easily made, yet often most untruthfully, inasmuch as they are only part of a truth. Suppose, in describing the character of a man, you only speak of his follies and his weaknesses, he would make but a sorry figure; but the likeness would not be correct, it would not represent the whole man; would not be a nature's photograph. There is scarcely a parish in London, of which the like might not be said, as was said of ours. This Parish is neither better nor worse than its neighbours. I find that there were twenty-one applicants for Sayer's and Shaw's Charity, whose average age was 73 years. Now these applicants are those who have necessarily passed through much want and suffering, and who have lived long in the Parish; most of them, probably, all their lives. There was one aged eighty-two years, three eighty-one, one seventy-nine, two seventy-eight, one seventy-seven,

two seventy-five, one seventy-three, two seventy-two, one seventy, two sixty-eight, four sixty-six, and one sixty-four. We have with us a great number of poor: and poverty carries along with it many and sore inconveniences, from which there is no escape. One of these inconveniences is the little choice the poor man possesses in the selection of a habitation. He must needs take that, the rent of which will suit his wages; and should he have a family, then is the choice still more narrowed. This accounts for the wretched places in which numerous families are compelled to live. Far wiser and more beneficial than making complaints, would be building, or aiding in building, proper dwellings. Those at present standing in our parish we cannot pull down; neither can we ever put them in a sanatory condition. Houses will yet have to be built, not for the sake of profit and income, but for the good of the poor; and it is only when this shall be brought to pass, that one of the chief difficulties of the sanatory reformer will be removed.

It, however, only remains, that we go onward in our way, "unhasting, yet unresting"; neither creating mistrust nor hatred on the one hand by rash and inconsiderate proceeding; nor on the other, giving reason for complaint by apathy and lukewarmness. And thus shall one of the designs for which this Vestry was formed be most successfully carried out.

HENRY BATESON, M.D.,

Medical Officer of Health.

April 22nd, 1862.

TABLE No. 10.—DEATHS Registered in St. George's, Southwark, during the Year ending March 29th, 1862. (52 Weeks.) (Deaths of Non-Residents in Hospitals excluded.)

Corresponding Weeks last Year.	CAUSES OF DEATH.	ALL AGES.			AGES.													
		M.	F.	T.	Under 1	1—	2—	3—	4—	All under 5	5—	10—	15—	All under 20	20—	40—	60—	80 and upwards.
	ALL CAUSES	741	688	1429	344	165	91	55	33	688	55	23	19	785	153	233	222	36
258	I. Zymotic	184	170	354	95	61	47	35	16	254	33	6	2	295	15	24	18	2
27	II. Dropsy, &c.	21	34	55	6	4	1	..	1	12	1	2	..	15	8	20	12	..
252	III. Tubercular	171	133	304	58	37	10	5	5	115	6	6	14	141	79	78	6	..
170	IV. Brain and Nerves	96	78	174	51	15	9	4	2	81	7	4	..	92	18	26	37	1
54	V. Heart, &c.	20	17	37	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	3	6	12	16	..
215	VI. Lungs, &c.	112	101	213	40	33	17	9	6	105	4	3	..	112	6	37	55	3
45	VII. Digestive Organs	24	39	63	13	9	6	1	1	30	1	..	2	33	6	14	8	2
7	VIII. Kidneys, &c.	8	8	16	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	2	3	5	6	..
10	IX. Childbirth, &c. .. .. .	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..
5	X. Joints, Bones, &c.	6	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	2	..
2	XI. Skin, &c.	3	1	4	2	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	XII. Malformation	2	3	5	3	1	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	5	..	..	1	..
44	XIII. Premature Birth and Debility	15	17	32	32	..	..	..	..	32	..	..	..	32	..	..	..	..
10	XIV. Atrophy	8	17	25	20	2	..	..	1	23	..	..	..	23	..	1	..	1
94	XV. Old Age	41	44	85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	59	26
3	XVI. Sudden .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	XVII. Violence, Privation, &c.	23	17	40	20	2	1	..	1	24	1	..	..	25	7	7	..	1
5	XVIII. Not Specified	7	4	11	3	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	4	..	5	2	..
14	I. Small Pox	2	2	4	1	..	1	1	..	3	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..
48	Measles	6	7	13	2	4	5	1	..	12	1	..	..	13	..	..	..	..
38	Scarlatina	30	29	59	3	9	11	7	41	14	3	1	..	59	..	..	..	..
57	Whooping Cough	36	41	77	24	23	15	8	4	74	3	..	..	77	..	..	..	..
14	Croup	13	8	21	2	3	4	5	1	15	1	..	..	16	..	..	..	..
2	Thrush	1	2	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
28	Diarrhoea	37	25	62	37	10	3	3	..	53	..	..	..	53	1	2	5	1
..	Dysentery .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Cholera	8	4	12	5	1	..	1	..	7	1	..	..	8	1	..	3	..
2	Influenza .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Scurvy and Purpura .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ague .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Remittent Fever	7	2	9	..	3	1	1	..	5	2	..	..	7	1	1	..	..
..	Infantile .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	Typhus	25	23	48	2	1	..	1	1	5	5	3	1	14	8	17	8	1
4	Puerperal .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
1	Rheumatic	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Erysipelas	7	2	9	3	1	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	5	1	2	1	..
..	Pyæmia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	Syphilis	1	10	11	8	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	1	1	1	..
..	Non a .. .. .	..	2	2	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
6	Diphtheria	9	11	20	5	5	2	2	2	16	3	..	..	19	..	1	..	..
..	Hydrophobia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	II. Hæmorrhage	4	..	4	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..
10	Dropsy	5	14	19	..	3	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	4	1	8	..	..
1	Abscess	7	3	10	3	1	1	..	..	5	2	..	..	7	2	1	..	..
..	Ulcers .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Fistula .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Mortification	2	1	3	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	..
6	Cancer	3	15	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	10	4	..
..	Gout .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	III. Scrofula	1	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
51	Tabes Mesenterica	46	28	74	40	22	5	2	2	71	3	..	..	74	..	..	..	..
173	Phthisis	106	88	194	4	4	..	1	1	10	1	6	14	31	79	78	6	..
2	Spasmodic Croup	3	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
25	Hydrocephalus	15	16	31	10	11	5	2	2	30	1	..	..	31	..	..	..	..
4	IV. Cephalitis	2	4	6	2	..	..	1	..	3	..	2	..	5	1	..	..	..
19	Apoplexy	13	17	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	8	18	..
15	Paralysis	4	6	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	5	1
5	Delirium Tremens	4	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..
..	Chorea .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Epilepsy	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..
..	Tetanus	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
8	Insanity	1	5	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	..
75	Convulsions	47	27	74	44	13	8	2	1	68	3	..	..	71	1	1	..	..
40	Disease of Brain, &c.	22	16	38	5	2	1	1	1	10	3	2	..	15	2	7	14	..

Births....M. 1051. F. 983. Total....2034.

Excess of Births over Deaths....605.

Deaths....M. 741. F. 688. Total....1429.

Corresponding Weeks last Year.	CAUSES OF DEATH.	ALL AGES.			AGES.													
		M.	F.	T.	Under 1	1.—	2.—	3.—	4.—	All under 5	5.—	10.—	15.—	All under 20	20.—	40.—	60.—	80 and upwards.
1	V. Pericarditis	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
..	Aneurism .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53	Disease of Heart, &c.	19	17	36	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	2	6	12	16	..
9	VI. Laryngitis	4	3	7	2	..	1	1	1	5	..	1	..	6	..	1	..	..
105	Bronchitis	59	49	108	13	9	4	5	1	32	1	1	..	34	2	24	45	3
1	Pleurisy	2	2	4	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..
90	Pneumonia	36	42	78	25	20	12	2	4	63	3	1	..	67	2	5	4	..
4	Asthma	10	2	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	6	..
6	Disease of Lungs	1	3	4	..	3	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..
7	VII. Teething	7	11	18	9	8	1	..	..	18	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	..
1	Quinsey .. .. .	..	3	3	1	..	2	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
4	Gastritis	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
8	Enteritis	4	4	8	2	1	1	1	1	6	..	..	..	6	..	1	1	..
9	Peritonitis	1	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..
1	Ascites	1	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1
..	Ulceration of Intestines .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
1	Hernia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ileus .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Intussusception	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
1	Stricture of Intestinal Canal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..
1	Disease of Stomach, &c. .. ..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Disease of Pancreas .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Hepatitis .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Jaundice	2	1	3	1	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1
8	Disease of Liver	6	11	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	3	8	5	..
..	Disease of Spleen .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	VIII. Nephritis .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	3	4	..
4	Nephria (Bright's Disease) ..	4	5	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ischuria .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..
1	Diabetes	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Stone .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Cystitis .. .. .	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Stricture of Urethra	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..
2	Disease of Kidneys, &c.	1	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..
..	IX. Paramenia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Ovarian Dropsy .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
3	Childbirth (See Metria) .. ..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
7	Disease of Uterus, &c. .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
2	X. Rheumatism	5	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..
1	Arthritis	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
2	Disease of Joints, &c. .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	XI. Carbuncle	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
..	Phlegmon .. .. .	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
1	Diseases of Skin, &c.	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
..	XII. Cyanosis .. .. .	..	3	3	2	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
2	Spina Bifida	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
1	Other Malformations	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
2	XIII. Intemperance .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	Privation of Food .. .. .	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	..	..
7	Want of Breast Milk	8	2	10	10	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..
..	Neglect .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Cold .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Poison	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
7	Burns and Scalds	3	1	4	..	2	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..
1	Hanging	2	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..
8	Suffocation	6	4	10	9	..	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..
..	Drowning	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
6	Fractures and Contusions	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1
..	Wounds .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Other Violence .. .. .	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..

REMOVAL OF NUISANCES.

IN THE SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

Besides those cases which have been remedied on application of the Officer without service of formal Notice, the following have passed through the Books within the Year ending March 25th, 1862.

	Number of Cases.
Cesspools done away with, and Water Closets built	124
Cesspools to Privies emptied	7
Drains and Water Closets cleansed	91
Water Closet Pans and Traps replaced	3
Water Closets repaired	2
Water Closet built to a House previously without any such accommodation	1
Private Urinal abolished	1
Nuisance at Urinal abated	1
Houses not fit for human habitation rendered habitable	20
The number of Inmates reduced in an over-crowded house	1
Sinks cleansed and trapped	3
Offensive accumulations of Dung and Filth removed	7
Back Yards re-paved	35
Gutters and Rain Pipes fixed	18
Bone Boiler's Factory cleansed and lime-washed	1
Slaughter Houses Inspected	33
Do. do. cleansed and improved	18
Swine ordered to be removed	3
Swine ordered to be kept in a more cleanly state	1
Houses drained into Low Level Sewers	120
New Private Drains constructed	4

JAMES SMITH,

Surveyor of Sewers and Sanitary Inspector.

IN THE ROADS DEPARTMENT.

Besides the numerous cases in which upon application by the Inspector Obstructions and other Nuisances have been at once removed, the following Summonses and formal Notices have been issued during the Year ending March 25th, 1862,

SUMMONSES.

For erecting Scaffold without License	2
For an Erection on the Public Footway	1
For an obstruction of the Public footway	1

NOTICES.

To remove Dung from the Public way	1
To remove an Erection on the Public footway	1
To repair a dangerous Cellar Flap	1
To remove Blind Posts put up without authority	1
To remove other obstructions from the Public ways	9

GEORGE WELLMAN,

Surveyor of Roads and Inspector of Nuisances.

THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,
Made September

1861.			
May 21.	To Balance, see Report for 1861, page 23	433	4 6
July 2.	„ Marriage Fees	1	10 6
Sept. 29.	„ Amount received from the Collectors on account of the Rate made September 29th, 1860, @ 1½d. in the £	167	19 4
		<u>£602</u>	<u>14 4</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,
Made September

1861.			
Sept. 29.	To Balance from former Rate, made September 29th, 1860	167	2 1
Dec. 25.	„ Amount received from the Collectors on account of the Rate made September 29th, 1861, @ 1½d. in the £	436	12 4
1862.			
May 26.	„ „ „ „	102	14 2
		<u>539</u>	<u>6 6</u>
		<u>£706</u>	<u>8 7</u>

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE RECTOR'S RATE,
the 29th, 1860.

Cr.

By Rector's Stipend, 2 Quarters, to Michaelmas, 1861	240	0	0
„ Churchyard Annuitants „ „	92	0	0
„ Clock Winder 2 Quarters „ „	5	0	0
„ Insurance of Church, to Michaelmas, 1862 „	23	6	0
„ St. Thomas's Hospital, Rent of School, 1 Year	10	0	0
„ Water Rate, 2 Quarters to Michaelmas, 1861	1	1	0
„ Visitation Fees	3	19	10
„ Bell Ringing	3	0	0
„ Garden Tools, Grass Seeds, and Labor, Churchyard	15	14	8
„ Repairs of Church	6	16	4
„ Printing	33	17	5
„ Collectors' Poundage	167	2	1
„ Balance	<u>£602</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>4</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE RECTOR'S RATE,
the 29th, 1861.

Cr.

By Rector's Stipend, 2 Quarters, to Lady-day, 1862	240	0	0
„ Churchyard Annuitants „ „	70	0	0
„ Clock Winder, 2 Quarters „ „	5	0	0
„ Water Rate „ „	1	1	0
„ Visitation Fees „ „	1	10	6
„ Bell Ringing	3	0	0
„ Tolling the Bell for Prince Albert	13	3	2
„ Labor and Incidentals at the Churchyard, and the Lock Ground	2	8	11
„ Repairs of Church	4	14	6
„ Printing, and Banns Book	7	18	0
„ Church Mourning on the Death of Prince Albert	7	6	6
„ Property Tax—School, New Alley	18	0	0
„ Collectors' Poundage	2	14	8
„ Incidentals	336	2	10
„ Balance	<u>£706</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.			
May 21.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 25	2	12 3
June 24.	" Pew Rents collected to this date	21	16 6
Sept. 29.	" " " "	74	15 9
Dec. 25.	" " " "	106	0 6
1862.			
March 25.	" " " "	76	14 6
May 26.	" " " "	53	13 3
		333	0 6
"	Collection made at the Church	11	18 5
"	Marriage Fees to April, 1862	5	12 0
		<u>£353</u>	<u>3 2</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.			
May 21.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 25	13	10 3
" 25.	" Half Year's Dividend on £3000—3 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent. Bank Annuities	45	0 0
Oct. 21.	" " " " £3000 " "	45	0 0
1862.			
April 28.	" " " " £3000 " "	45	0 0
		<u>£148</u>	<u>10 3</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.			
May 21.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 25	105	5 5
June 18.	" Proportion of Rents, due Lady-day, 1861	44	19 2
Dec. 16.	" " " Michaelmas, "	57	11 6
		<u>£207</u>	<u>16 1</u>

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE THIRD SERVICE FUND. Cr.

By Rector's Stipend, 4 Quarters, to Christmas last	80	0	0
" Bread and Wine	9	16	10
" Salaries to Six Pew Openers, 4 Quarters, to Lady-day, 1862	78	0	0
" Dresses for Pew Openers	7	7	9
" Salary to Organist, 4 Quarters, to Lady-day, 1862	52	0	0
" Salary to Organ Blower, 4 Quarters, to Lady-day, 1862	10	0	0
" Salary to Organ Blower, for Wednesday Evenings	2	12	0
" Tuning Organ, 1 Year, to Christmas, 1861	9	0	0
" Gas and Candles	31	1	0
" Coals	5	0	10
" Washing Surplices, &c.	3	0	9
" Salary to Beadle	26	0	0
" Bookbinding and Printing	1	18	6
" Brushes, Brooms, Ironmongery, &c.	1	16	5
" Collectors' Poundage	12	16	6
" Sundries	2	18	8
" By Balance	19	13	11
		<u>£353</u>	<u>3 2</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH DELAFORCE'S CHARITY. Cr.

1861. By distribution on St. Thomas's Day—			
140 Money Tickets, @ 5s. each	35	0	0
140 Tickets for Coals	13	2	6
140 Tickets for Bread	4	13	4
" Payments to 6 Men and 6 Women in the Workhouse, at 2s. each $\frac{1}{2}$ month	14	8	0
" Parochial Schools, to Lady-day, 1861	15	0	0
" " " " 1862	15	0	0
" Poor Children " 1862	5	0	0
" Balance	46	6	5
		<u>£148</u>	<u>10 3</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH THE KENT STREET CHARITY. Cr.

By Payments to 10 Pensioners, for 4 Weeks, from June 4th, to July 2nd, 1861, inclusive, and to 12 Pensioners, for 48 Weeks, from July 9th, 1861, to May 6th, 1862, inclusive, at 3s. each $\frac{1}{2}$ Week	92	8	0
" Printing	10	6	
" Balance	114	17	7
		<u>£207</u>	<u>16 1</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.

May 21.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 27.....	41	8	1
	„ Rent Hartfield House (Martin) to Michaelmas	15	0	0
	„ Rent Charge (Fenner) to Lady-day, 1862	30	0	0
	„ One Year's Dividend £282 17s. 2d. Bank Annuities, P Account. Gen.	9	3	4
		<u>£95</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>5</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

To Rent, 4 Quarters, Mr. Palmer, 222, High St., to Christmas, 1861	100	0	0		
Less Property Tax.....	2	16	3		
				97	3 9
„ Rent, 4 Quarters, Mr. Payne, 223, High Street, to Christmas, 1861	110	0	0		
Less Property Tax.....	3	1	11		
				106	18 1
„ Rent, 1 Quarter, Mr. Peake, 224, High Street, to Midsummer, 1861	20	0	0		
„ Rent, 2 Quarters, Mr. Lyons, 224, High Street, to Christmas, 1861	40	0	0		
	60	0	0		
Less Property Tax.....	2	16	3		
				57	3 9
„ Rent, 4 Quarters, Mr. Blake, 225, High Street, to Christmas, 1861				75	0 0
„ Rent, 1 Quarter, Mr. Lyons, 224 & 225, High St., to Lady-day, 1862	38	15	0		
Less Property Tax.....	3	5	0		
				35	10 0
„ Rent, 4 Qrs., Exors. Doubleday, Buckenham Sq., to Lady-day, 1862	120	0	0		
Less Property Tax.....	4	8	0		
				115	12 0
„ Rent, 3 Quarters, Waddington and others, Buckenham Sq., to Michaelmas, 1861	18	10	0		
„ Return of Property Tax	15	10	0		

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH MARTIN'S & FENNER'S CHARITIES. Cr.

By charges paid, Expte Danbury	8	10	
„ Insurance of Hartfield House, to Christmas, 1862	12	0	
„ Affidavit, &c., for Dividend P Account. Gen.	9	4	
„ Payment for Bibles	62	16	6
„ Balance	31	4	9
	£95	11	5

Examined and found correct,

 STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH SAYER & SHAW'S CHARITY. Cr.

1861.

May 21.	By Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 28.....			6	4	6
June 4.	33	Pensioners, 4 Weeks		36	8	0
July 2.	33	33	33	36	8	0
33	30.	33	33	35	19	6
Aug. 27.	33	33	33	35	19	6
Sept. 24.	33	33	33	35	19	6
Oct. 22.	33	33	33	35	19	6
Nov. 19.	33	33	33	35	19	6
Dec. 17.	33	33	33	35	6	6
1862.						
Jan. 14.	33	33	33	35	13	0
Feb. 11.	33	33	33	35	13	0
Mar. 11.	33	33	33	35	13	0
April 8.	33	33	33	35	13	0
May 6.	33	33	33	35	13	0
				466	5	0
33	Insurance of High Street Property, to Michaelmas, 1862			15	1	3
33	Mr. Day, one Year's Salary.....			10	10	0
33	Printing			1	13	6
33	Balance			21	13	4
				£521	7	7

Examined and found correct,

 STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
 JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
 WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.

Dec. 21. To Two Half Yearly Dividends on £300, New 3 $\frac{7}{8}$ Cents, less Property Tax 7s. 1d.	8 12 11
	<u>£8 12 11</u>

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1862.

Jan. 31. To Rent charge, due Lady-day, 1861	£5 0 0
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Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.

May 21. To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 29.....	£2 0 0
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Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.

May 21. To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 27	11 3
Nov. 29. „ Rent Charge due Michémas, 1861	35 6 0
	<u>£35 17 3</u>

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH Mrs. PHILLIPS' CHARITY. Cr.

1861.

May 21. By Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 28	8 6
Christmas. „ 50 Tickets for Bread	1 13 4
„ 26 Tickets for Blankets	6 10 0
„ Balance	0 1 1
	<u>£8 12 11</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH BROOK'S, (MARINER) CHARITY. Cr.

1861.

Christmas. By 50 Money Tickets @ 2s. each	£5 0 0
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Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS IN ACCOUNT WITH GRAYSON'S CHARITY. Cr.

1861.

Christmas. By 40 Money Tickets @ 1s. each.....	£2 0 0
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Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH HENRY SMITH'S CHARITY. Cr.

1861.

Christmas. By 120 Tickets for Flannel—each 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ yards, @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	20 6 3
„ 30 „ Hose—each 1 pair, @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	1 11 3
„ 20 „ Men's Shoes—each 1 pair, @ 6s.	6 0 0
„ 35 „ Women's Shoes—each 1 pair, @ 4s.	7 0 0
„ Balance	19 9
	<u>£35 17 3</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 9th, 1862.

Dr. CHARLES SAUNDERS, WILLIAM LOCK & HENRY CLEMENT ELLIOTT,

1861.			
May 21.	To Balance from former Account, see Report for 1861, page 31	153	10 7
June 11.	„ Simond's Gift, due Lady-day	29	16 8
Aug. 27.	„ Dudson's Gift, due Lady-day	2	12 0
Nov. 26.	„ Brook's (Yeoman) Gift, due Lady-day	1	0 0
Dec. 9.	„ Simond's Gift, due Michaelmas	29	3 4
1862.			
Feb. 24.	„ L. Camp's Gift, due Lady-day, 1861	5	0 0
May. 9.	„ Scragg's Gift, due Lady-day, 1862	3	4
		<u>£221</u>	<u>5 11</u>

CASH BALANCES, MAY 21ST, 1862.

To Balances in hand May 26th, 1862, viz:—

Rector's Rate	336	2	10
Third Service	19	13	11
Deaforce	46	6	5
Kent Street	114	17	7
Martin and Fenner	31	4	9
Sayer and Shaw	21	13	4
Mrs. Phillips	1	1	
Henry Smith	19	9	
General Charities	120	18	5
	<u>£691</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>1</u>

In connection with the Parochial Charities, to which the foregoing Accounts relate, it may be interesting to the Parishioners to be informed respecting the DRAPERS' ALMS HOUSES CHARITY, that Mrs. Frances Jones, Mrs. Charlotte Bishop, and Mrs. Elizabeth Mounsey, who were elected by the Parishioners to be the additional Alms People in accordance with the New Scheme for the Management and Regulation of this Charity, have, since January last, been admitted to the benefit of the Charity. They are dwelling at present in a house

CHURCHWARDENS, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE GENERAL CHARITIES. Cr.

By Bread distributed on Sundays	77	13	4
„ Coals, weighing and delivery, Sir Thomas Campbell's Gift	11	2	6
„ Printing and Account Book	7	4	6
„ Repairs, &c. Drapers' Alms Houses	1	5	8
„ Sundries	3	1	6
„ Balance	120	18	5
	<u>£221</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>

Examined and found correct,

STEPHEN KNIGHT, } Auditors for the Parish of
JOSEPH WEBSTER, } St. George the Martyr,
WILLIAM GILPIN, } Southwark.

May 29th, 1862.

By Cash at Bankers	691	18	1
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For the Statement of Allowance by the Auditors of the Churchwardens' Accounts see page 36.

£691 18 1

which, under the sanction of the Court of Chancery, obtained upon affidavit of the Vestry Clerk, has been taken for the purpose by the Drapers' Company; and when the new Alms Houses, which are rapidly approaching completion, shall be finished, they will take up their residence therein.

A Copy of the Scheme above referred to will be presented to any Parishioner who may apply to

DANIEL BIRT, Vestry Clerk.

STATEMENT
OF
ALLOWANCE BY THE AUDITORS
OF THE
ACCOUNTS OF THE CHURCHWARDENS.

(18 & 19 Vic., c. 120, s. 196.)

WE, Stephen Knight, Joseph Webster, and William Gilpin, the Auditors of the Accounts of the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, having in the present Month of May in the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty Two, attended at the Office of the Vestry of the said Parish, and there Audited the Accounts of Charles Saunders, William Lock, and Henry Clement Elliott, the Churchwardens of the said Parish, from the 21st day of May, 1861, (the date of their admission) to the 26th day of May instant, Do hereby state our allowance of the said Accounts, as the same are in the Churchwardens' Cash Book, and the Churchwardens' Ledger, signed by us, shewing the respective Balances therein set forth.

STEPHEN KNIGHT,
JOSEPH WEBSTER,
WILLIAM GILPIN.

May 29th, 1862.

STATISTICS OF RELIEF,

From March, 1861, to March, 1862.

(Communicated by E. COLLINSON, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Guardians.)

For the Week ending—		Number of Out Door Poor.	Amount of Relief given.			Number of Poor in the Workhouse.	Number of Lunatic Poor.	Imbeciles in Eagle House.	Number of Children at Mitcham.
April	6, 1861	2016	£85	15	11	447	50	44	199
"	13	1962	85	15	3	455	52	44	190
"	20	1975	86	1	4	449	52	44	190
"	27	1983	83	3	0	439	54	46	203
May	4	1981	85	7	6	442	54	46	198
"	11	1918	80	5	3	428	54	46	201
"	18	1910	79	14	10	428	54	47	201
"	25	1809	79	3	11	402	54	48	192
June	1	1766	78	4	11	394	53	48	199
"	8	1805	79	11	3	370	53	53	187
"	15	1836	80	15	4½	363	54	53	192
"	22	1824	78	10	10½	362	54	52	182
"	29	1748	77	9	11	356	54	53	185
July	6	1827	78	5	3½	351	54	52	191
"	13	1808	78	8	7½	395	54	52	193
"	20	1738	76	3	7	392	56	53	197
"	27	1849	76	11	0	394	56	53	201
August	3	1802	77	1	7	401	56	54	203
"	10	1788	74	14	11½	395	57	55	201
"	17	1662	72	7	4½	391	55	55	205
"	24	1774	74	4	5½	384	57	55	201
"	31	1747	75	1	0	387	57	54	198
September	7	1796	76	16	9½	406	57	53	209
"	14	1766	76	3	5	416	58	54	215
"	21	1824	75	2	0	415	58	54	210
"	28	1856	74	7	7	424	58	54	210
October	5	1645	71	2	6	439	58	53	220
"	12	1690	71	11	8	451	58	52	220
"	19	1672	70	10	6	466	58	53	210
"	26	1676	70	19	1	465	58	54	217
November	2	1712	73	4	11	471	58	54	223
"	9	1854	78	1	5	488	58	54	217
"	16	1915	80	13	5	487	58	54	225
"	23	1993	81	6	7	494	58	53	224
"	30	2058	81	9	4	500	58	53	221
December	7	2068	82	11	1	492	50	53	217
"	14	2080	82	6	6	494	52	53	215
"	21	2134	83	2	2	484	52	51	215
"	28	2057	81	2	1	485	52	51	217
January	4 1862	2325	84	3	2	487	52	50	220
"	11	2341	86	6	4	509	52	53	229
"	18	2463	89	19	10	484	54	54	229
"	25	2714	93	2	2	479	55	55	241
February	1	2728	93	1	4	484	55	55	239
"	8	2577	94	11	1	486	55	59	245
"	15	2591	93	6	1	502	55	64	358
"	22	2652	95	5	1	487	55	64	361
March	1	2610	93	6	9	493	56	61	353
"	8	2485	91	19	1	489	56	61	237
"	15	2342	84	1	2	490	56	62	248
"	22	2244	84	17	4	496	56	62	248
"	29	2168	82	6	6	489	56	61	254
Total amount of Out-door Relief.....			£4219	14	1½				
Weekly Average		2010 ¹¹ / ₁₃	£81	2	11½	443 ⁴ / ₅	55 ³ / ₂₆	53 ⁹ / ₁₀	220 ⁴ / ₁₃

Dr. THE OVERSEERS IN ACCOUNT WITH

To Balance from last Account	1462	12	4
„ Collection on April Rate—			
Mr. Potier	2998	7	11
Mr. Quinton	2397	3	10
Mr. Wingham	2403	18	10
	7799	10	7
„ Collection on July Rate—			
Mr. Potier	2057	8	10
Mr. Quinton	1581	15	0
Mr. Wingham	1560	4	0
	5199	7	10
„ Fire Rewards		3	10 6
„ Repayment		1	0 0
	£14466	1	3

Dr. THE OVERSEERS IN ACCOUNT WITH

To Balance from last Account	1561	18	1
„ Collection on October Rate—			
Mr. Potier	3013	13	2
Mr. Quinton	2396	7	6
Mr. Wingham	2439	6	11
	7849	7	7
„ Collection on January Rate—			
Mr. Potier	2371	11	9
Mr. Quinton	1790	6	6
Mr. Wingham	1869	3	5
	6031	1	8
„ Paid for Disallowance		1	6 6
„ Fire Rewards		2	15 0
„ Paid from Summons Account		173	8 2
	£15609	17	0

THE POOR RATE, for the Half Year ending Michaelmas, 1861. Cr.

By Cash to the Guardians	9600	0	0
„ Police Rate	779	13	0
„ „ „	912	10	0
„ County Rate	304	3	4
„ „ „	608	6	8
	1692	3	0
„ Fire Rewards		912	10 0
„ Mr. Potier, Poundage		23	2 0
„ Mr. Quinton do.	105	6	11
„ Mr. Wingham do.	87	17	9
	99	10	6
„ Assistant Overseer's Salary	292	15	2
„ Society for Protection from Fire	125	0	0
„ High Bailiff, 1860	10	0	0
„ Registration Expenses	81	10	5
„ Mr. Passmore, Printing, &c.	42	5	0
„ Messrs. Barnes, do.	11	6	6
„ Expenses of the Election of Vestrymen	10	18	8
„ Mr. Payne, Surveyor, on County Rate Appeal	16	18	6
„ Messrs. Ingle & Goody, Solicitors, do.	40	0	0
„ By Petty Cash	45	0	0
„ Postage Stamps	2	1	8
„ Balance	8	12	3
	1551	18	1
	£14466	1	3

I find the Balance of this Account to be Fifteen Hundred and Fifty One Pounds Eighteen Shillings and One Penny against the Overseers, besides the surcharge.

21st November, 1861.

J. C. MEYMOTT, AUDITOR.

THE POOR RATE, for the Half Year ending Lady-day, 1862. Cr.

By Cash to the Guardians	10600	0	0
„ Police Rate	912	10	0
„ „ „	912	10	0
„ County Rate	608	6	8
„ „ „	912	10	0
	1825	0	0
„ Fire Rewards		1520	16 8
„ Mr. Potier, Poundage		22	1 0
„ Mr. Quinton do.	117	12	10
„ Mr. Wingham do.	119	13	8
	70	10	4
„ Assistant Overseer's Salary	307	16	10
„ Society for Protection from Fire	125	0	0
„ Messrs. Barnes, Printing, &c.	10	0	0
„ Mr. Legg, Surveying Bethlehem Hospital	14	14	1
„ Mr. Cook, Expenses to Kingston with Jury List	15	4	0
„ Mr. Bevers, for Boundary Stone	10	6	
„ Letter Copying Machine, for Office	2	2	8
„ Petty Cash	1	6	0
„ Postage Stamps	1	1	7
„ Balance	9	5	2
	1154	18	6
	£15609	17	0

I find the Balance of this Account to be Eleven Hundred and Fifty Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Six Pence, against the Overseers.

April 24th, 1862.

J. C. MEYMOTT, AUDITOR.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE GUARDIANS OF ST. GEORGE THE MARTYR, SOUTHWARK,

For the Year ending Lady-day, 1862.

Dr.

To Balance.....	1008	18	1
„ Cash of Churchwardens and Overseers.....	20200	0	0
„ Poor under Orders	78	11	0
„ Non-settled Poor	46	17	6
„ Relations of Paupers	129	6	1
„ Pensioners.....	24	9	4
„ Fire Wood.....	260	19	0
„ Sundries.....	732	5	10
	<u>£22481</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>10</u>

I have examined the several Accounts of which the foregoing is the Balance Sheet, and I have compared the several payments credited to the Treasurer with the Vouchers, and I hereby certify that the entries appear to be correct and legal, except as to the disallowed items, and that subject to the explanation below (*see opposite*) the Balance of the Treasurer's Account, viz: £1466 13 6, agrees with the Balance which, by his own Book, appears to have been in his hands at the time of closing such Account.

J. C. MEYMOTT, AUDITOR.

June 2nd, 1862.

Cr.

By In Maintenance	6926	12	11
„ Out Relief	4186	7	9
„ Non-resident Poor.....	103	2	7
„ Lunatics	1527	8	4
„ Medical Expenses	243	18	3
„ Vaccination	65	13	3
„ Registration.....	185	5	0
„ Salaries.....	2451	18	7
„ Establishment Charges	2386	17	3
„ Loans Repaid	1405	4	7
„ Apprentices Fees	19	10	0
„ Clothing	1074	13	4
„ Out Maintenance	39	5	1
„ Expenses of Removals	76	16	5
„ Law Expenses.....	87	13	0
„ Burial of Paupers	222	14	0
„ Irish Passes	11	13	0
„ Balance	1466	13	6
	<u>£22481</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>10</u>

Balance of Account	1466	13	6
Cheques unpaid—			
Wakem	22	10	0
Sharp	4	5	0
Gillett.....	25	5	8
Budden	21	0	0
Jay	21	0	0
Taylor.....	23	10	0
Gillett.....	26	13	0
Marshall.....	17	10	0
Cutress	6	5	0
Townson.....	19	0	0
	<u>186</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>8</u>
Balance in Treasurer's Book	<u>£1653</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>2</u>