# [Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Southwark, The Vestry of the Parish of St. George the Martyr].

## Contributors

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## REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

For the first Quarter, 1857.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE VESTRY,

I beg now to present to you my Report for the first Quarter of this Year. It consists chiefly of tables, in which are comprised all the particulars necessary to make you acquainted with the healthy or unhealthy condition of this Parish, and of the sanitary works performed or left unfinished during the Quarter. The Mortality is about 50 less than the average of the Quarter for Ten Years; it is slightly above the numbers recorded for the first Quarter of 1850, 1853, and 1856; but allowing for increase of population, it does not exceed the Mortality of the corresponding Quarters, even of those most favourable Years.

Much attention has of late been given to the subject of over-crowding; it demands our most earnest attention for two reasons. It brings sickness and death upon the poor, and ruinous expense upon the Parish. My present Report shows that the most crowded Boroughroad district suffers one-third more deaths than either of the others, although its actual population is less: the London-road district, with 159 persons to the acre, shows 98 deaths; the Kent-road, with 172 to the acre, 97 deaths; while the Borough-road, with 244 to the acre, shows no less than 136 deaths. The Poor Law books show, for the London-road district, 804 cases of illness among the poor attended during the Quarter; for the Kent-road district, 1,074 cases, while our most crowded district yields 1,731 cases; that is, 900 more cases in one Quarter than in the one district, and 700 more than in the other. I need not say that this represents an enormous call upon your poor-rates, and as I have said, the deaths are one in three in excess.

Deaths from zymotic diseases have decreased generally in the Parish one-half; 33 this, as against 63 last Quarter. I have no doubt that some at least of these results are from the

improvements carried out under your orders. Among the most important causes of so much expense and so much mortality in our overcrowded district, I may state this one, that the poor are being gradually driven back upon this and upon certain other poor districts of the Metropolis; that is, upon places too straight to hold them, and upon people too poor to support them. The illness that occurs in these close places, not only comes more readily, but it is with so much more difficulty got rid of, and does with great facility slide into death. The vice, the indecencies consequent upon such a state of things have been so fearfully and so truthfully pourtrayed by a health officer elsewhere, that I gladly refrain from again touching upon the loathsome subject. I may, however, at least say, that vice in its most abominable shapes has often been under my notice, in these places where as yet privacy and cleanliness are impossible.

It seems dreadful to hear any one say there is no remedy for these evils; nor indeed ought any one to say it; true, there is no immediate remedy, nor is there for any great social evil that may gradually grow up, and which may have been first perceived only when it had become quite intolerable. The ordinary duties of your officers will compass much. The last table in the Quarterly Report shows cases of houses, unfit for human habitation, cleansed and made fit; houses almost without air, ventilated, and so made fresh and wholesome; foul, rotten water-butts ; drains bringing back pestilence to houses, instead of removing it ; cesspools overflowing, making the houses intolerable, and causing people, used even to these things, to open their doors and windows at inconvenient and unsafe times ; of yards without pavement soaking up privy and drain overflowings, to give them forth again in the heat and sunshine; of refuse kept long and strewed about in close places ; of animals so kept as to be reeking in their own filth; and of owners and others who will have it that all this is wholesome ! This, and more, the 7th table sets forth, and is all capable of remedy under the legal authority of the Vestry. If we should ever have the good fortune to be relieved of our excessive poorrate burdens, the question of opening courts, of clearing spaces, of better paving and water supply in courts, and even of parks, may be entertained with a certain prospect of making this a very healthy Parish.

Among other salutary changes in progress, not the least, is the great regularity now shown in removing the house refuse ; we have 7,000 houses, each for the most part with its refuse heap, and hitherto the poorer and closer places have been in this particular almost entirely neglected : the organization must, however, be rendered still more complete.

I have before spoken of the large number of casual cases relieved at the workhouse of this Parish. The Michaelmas Quarter, 5,812 were here relieved; in the next neighbouring Parish, 1,054; the Christmas Quarter 4,018 with us, 523 with them; this Quarter with us

### Report of the Medical Officer of Health, for the first Quarter, 1857.

3,128, with them 372. The influx towards St. George's is every way great. We import poverty largely notwithstanding we are already full of it. I have to thank Mr. Churchwarden GILFIN for valuable information upon this point. It appears that out of 7,000 houses in this Parish, only 639 rate above £50; 2,265 over £10 and under £50; the remaining 4,000 rate under £10, or are farmed at from £2 10s. to £5 10s. This proof of the poverty of our Parish shows how little we can spend upon sanitary improvements, while we have to bear not only our own burdens, but the burdens also of the rich men of the City and the West End, and yet as we see by our Mortality Table it is literally death to leave things as they are. Seeing how this stands at the very basis of sanitary improvements in poor Parishes, I may be pardoned for introducing here a contrast between this Parish and three others—

	Property value.	Contribution	to the Poor,
	rioperty value.	in 1846.	in 1855.
City of London	£953,300	£53,000	£53,000
St. George's, Hanover-square	£1,097,580	£23,709	£26,979
St. James's, Westminster	£494,660	£13,788	£18,780
St. George's, Southwark	£174,956	£14,396	£21,277

For further information I beg to refer to the table comprised in the Report. I have not thought it necessary to reiterate here the various points mooted in my individual Reports. I have to request your authority for Printing this Report. I receive most valuable papers from other Officers of health, and I am anxious to reciprocate, so far as I am able, the benefit so conferred; I regret much that in several districts Reports are not printed and circulated, the more so as the interchange of the individual thoughts of so many officers practically engaged in advancing the public health cannot but be of the highest value to the communities among which the officers reside.

I cannot but add, that I continue to receive the most satisfactory assistance and co-operation from the Inspector.

(Signed)

WILLIAM RENDLE.

TABI	LE 1(	Quarterly 1	Mortality.	
	1855	1856	1857	Average Mortality of the Quarters from 1845 to 1854
First Quarter to March, 31	429	304	323	373.6
Second "		291		294.8
Third "		350		431.1
Fourth "		284		391.8

	TABLE 2.—Mortality, &c., compared with other Parishes.																			
	ALL IN	e Trinity r Mark	Area		Fach	Pers	m	pays to Poor		te as uthwark, d pay	ty. m Acre	nnual 10,000,	from o every bitants. 0 & 1854		The	Quarte	r ending	March 28th, 1		
Conditions of Locality	Parish	Height above' High Water	in Acres	Population, 1851	rept	resent al Val	8	Each Person pays Relief of Poor		Same Rate as St. Geo.'s Southwark each should pay	Density. Persons to an	Average Annual Mortality in 10,000, 1841 to 1850	Mortality fr Cholera, to e 10,000 Inhabi Mean of 1840 8	Total Zymotic Mortality	Fever	Diarrhea	Total Mortality	Births	Excess of Births over Deaths to Mar. 31	
Dense Population. High Level. Wealthy.	St. James	9587 58	164	36,406	£ 12	8. 13	d. 4		d. 3	s. d. 30 0	222	206	84.0	19	5	1	182		52	for area tan w
Sparse Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	Hampstead	350	2252	11,986	5	16	0	8 3	3	13 9	5	178	9.5	6	2	0	67		24	11001CA
Dense Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	St. Giles	68	245	54,214	5	12	8	5 1	9	13 4	221	252	37.0	65	7	3	393		80	, aconge
Sparse Population. Low Level. Poor.	Camberwell	4	4342	54,667	4	4	0	5 9	9	10 5	13	231	94.0	36	2	2	335		228	9113
Dense Population. Low Level. Poor.	St. George's, Southwark,— Kent-rd. District Borough-rd. " London-rd. "	$1 \\ 2 \\ 0$	$105 \\ 65 \\ 112$	18,126 15,862 17,836	1	 				 	$173 \\ 244 \\ 159$	252 347 250	}132.5	7 13 12	2 1 5	0 1 2		M. F. 102 86 88 85 100 71 290 242		municyi, southartin
	Total	0	282	51,824	3	6	4	7 10	0	7 10	184	281		32	8	3	331	532	196	Cark.
"	Newington	1	624	64,186	3	15	0	8 3	1	8 10	104	247	122.5	68	10	2	467		204	
" Dense Population. )	Bermondsey	0	688	48,128	3	0	9	5 4	1	7 1	70	268	159.5	47	7	4	318		255	
Medium Height. Very Poor.	Bethnal Green	38	760	90,193	1	10	0	3 10	0	3 6	119	242	55.0	88	20	8	593		421	
	All London			2,480,347	5	16	1	6 4	4	13 9										

		DEATHS, f	rom local we	ekly returns		Barometer	Therm	ometer	ti	Weight of			
Week	Total Zymotic Disease	Diarrhœa	Chest Diseases	Total Mortality	Average of the weeks for 10 years	corrected Mean	Highest	Lowest	Dew Point	Vapour in cubic foot of air, grains	Wind	Rain in inches	
1	2	1	16	29	29.9	29.864	45.1	88.1	36.4	2 6	W.	.59	many it was pital.
2	1	0	8	17	33.3	29.845	43.8	36.0	34.1	2.4	S.W.N.E.	1.02	er for uary s Hos
3	4	0	10	18	33.9	29.745	43.2	35.1	34.9	2.5	variable	.47	Quarte n Jan mas'i
4	3	1	6	19	29.6	29.704	45.5	37.5	35.9	2.6	SW.NW.	.38	f the ( ding i
5	4	1	18	32	30.0	29.731	37.4	29 5	29.2	2.0	N.E.	.20	age of thstan 1 at S1
6	5	0	8	30	28.6	29.894	38.6	30.3	28.5	2.0	N.E.S.W.	.04	Aver notwii taker
7	3	0	10	27	26.6	29.970	48.2	37.5	34.7	2.5	S.W.	.19	on the 092;
8	3	0	11	34	25.9	30.115	49.8	38.7	38.7	2.9	S.W.		ss that, is 5.
9	. 0	0	9	24	26.5	30.348	49.8	38.0	37.0	2.7	variable		uch le oward omso
10	1	0	13	22	30.8	30.272	51.3	40.7	36.9	2.8	variable	.03	vas m to Hc r. Th
11	2	0	11	23	28.2	29.726	45.6	34.4	29.7	2.1	W.S.W	.40	Raiń v rding om D
12	2	0	17	30	28.1	29.827	55.5	41.9	38.6	2.8	variable	.35	ount of I ch, acco excess, ology fr
13	3	0	7	26	27.7	29.752	45.9	35.1	31.2	2.3	variable		* The amount of Rain was much less than the Average of the Quarter for many years, which, according to Howard, is 5.092; notwithstanding in January it was greatly in excess. Meteorology from Dr. Thomson's reports taken at St. Thomas's Hospital.

TABLE 4.—Mortality, classified according to Diseases, &c.														-
	-	ULA		-		1				-			-	
	101						1.							
Deaths		s			166	5	Tot	al		8	331			
Births		s			290 242	5	Tot	al		l	532			
		Exc	ess of	f Birt	hs ov	er Do	eaths		=		201			
	I	District	s		Sex			1		A	ges			
Diseases		251 E Buro' Rd. 65 acres. 281 E Buro' Rd. 65 acres. 282 E Workhouse deaths)		Males	Females	Total	Under 1 year	5 10	Total under 10 years	From 10 to 20 years	From 20 to 30 years	From 30 to 40 years	From 50 to 60 years	From 60 to 70 years
Small Pox														
Measles		1		1		1		1	1					
Scarlatina} Malignant Sore Throat}	1	3	1	1	4	5		5	5					
Hooping Cough	4	6	4	6	8	14	7	6 1	14					
Diarrhœa and Dysentery			3	1	2	3	2		2		1.			
Cholera														
Fever	3	1	4	4	4	. 8		4	4	1	1	1	1	
Rheumatic Fever		2		1	1	2				2				
Erysipelas		1		1		1				•••				
Pyæmia														
Puerperal Fever														
Carbuncle and Boils								• •••					• • • • •	
Chronic Lung Diseases, except Phthisis	1. at	4	3	4	3	7	•••• ••					_		2
Phthisis	14	13	12	22	17	39		6	7	5				1
Acute Lung		27	20	37	26	63	9	8	17	•••	2	4	0 0	16
Diseases, J Lieurisy			1		1	1								
Pneumonia		12	7	21	11	32	111		26		1.		1	4
Croup	1	1		1	1	2	3	2	2	•••	••••			
modic Croup, and Convulsions of }	17	19	16	26	26	52	33 1	8 1	52					
Other Diseases, chiefly Chronic	16	33	24	28	45	73	5	5 1	11	4	3	41	1 7	1419
Violence, Privation, Poison, and Premature Birth	10	11	2	8	15	23	17		17		1	1	1 2	1
Sudden Deaths	2	2	1	4	1	5						2 2	2	1
Total	97	136	98	166	165		85 7		150	10	15 9	1 21	23	37 34

Report of the Medical Officer of Health, for the first Quarter, 1857.

Wn	EKS	Kent 1	Road, Mr. I	Babbage	London	Road, Mr.	. Wakem	Borough Road, Mr. Davies				
WE	EKS	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL		
1		55	15	70	17	30	47	60	37	97		
2		47	21	68	24	20	44	56	47	103		
3		37	33	70	26	20	46	90	54	144		
4		39	26	65	37	18	55	103	43	146		
5		50	29	79	23	31	54	105	38	143		
6		54	44	98	26	34	60	100	38	138		
7		68	39	107	29	28	57	90	66	156		
8		72	30	102	37	29	66	98	50	148		
9		55	39	94	31	30	61	90	47	137		
10		49	30	79	35	37	72	96	38	134		
11		52	37	89	48	46	94	87	64	151		
12		55	29	84	45	34	79	79	42	121		
13		45	24	69	44	25	69	73	40	113		
т	OTAL	678	396	1074	422	382	804	1127	604	1731		

Grand Total-Old Cases, 2227, New Cases, 1382, = 3609.

N.B.-It should be here remarked, that "Old Cases" means only those cases of illness that remain on the books more than one week, and consequently involve repetitions of the same case.

DISEASES	Cases	Death
Small Pox	1	
Measles	1	
Scarlatina		
Hooping Cough		
Diarrhœa and Dysentery		
Cholera	· · · ·	
Fever		
Erysipelas		
Puerperal Fever		
Lung Diseases, except Phthisis	27	19
Phthisis	5	2
Hydrocephalus, Tabes, Scrophula, Spasmodic Croup, Convulsions of Infants	2	3
Mental Disease	9	1
Infirmity	13	
Other Diseases, chiefly Chronic	70	17
Violence, Privation, Poison, and Premature Birth	5	5
Labors	24	
Itch and uncleanly diseases not included above		
Total	157	46
Remaining in Sick Wards from preceding Quarter	127	
'otal Sick in Wards during Quarter	284	

	Cases	Number of houses or places visited	Number of Visits of Medical Officer and Inspector	Premises unclean, or dilapidated within	Overcrowded	Unfit for habitation	Insufficient Ventilation	Without Water	Water receptacle none, bad, or without cover	Bad Drainage	Foul Cesspool	Water Closet without Water	Yard badly paved	Without Dust-bin	Nuisances from animals badly kept	Slaughter-houses, Ma- nufactories in un- wholesome state	Burial Vaults requiring improvement
	78	129	about 650	29	1	19	16		12	72	59	36	17	30	3	6	3
Work completed.	47	81		20	1	14	3		5	52	35	19	5	18		2	
Not begun, or }	31	48		9		5	13		7	20	24	17	12	12	8	4	8

The following 9 Cases were reported as unfinished in last Quarterly report :-John's Place, London St.-6 to 11 Spillers' Court-97, Blackfriars Road-10, Rodney St.-41 & 42, Etham St.-King's Arms, Bath St.-34, King's St., Boro' Road-21, Little Surrey St.-24, Bond St.

Southwark.

# REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

For the Second Quarter, 1857.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE VESTRY,

AUGUST 31st, 1857. No. 6.

M

I HAVE, during the quarter ending Midsummer, brought five individual reports before you. It is now my duty to present my Quarterly Report, consisting chiefly of Tables somewhat more complete than before; and a summary of the most important matters contained in the five reports alluded to.

The first Table shows that, usually, less deaths occur among us in the second quarter, than in either of the others; the averages show the difference in rather an exaggerated form, because of the great mortality in Cholera epidemics. Allowing for increase of population, the quarter's mortality was about 20 less than the average, and 27 less than that of the previous quarter.

In the second Table, I compare our Parish with others in similar and different circumstances. One fact that appears, is, that we lose annually 30 in the 1000, the next worse parish 28, the lowest 18. In fact, there are but two parishes that lose more by death than we do, while there are 33 that lose less. This fact should, of course, be kept in mind; for no doubt some at least of this fatality is preventible; if we could keep to the average of all London, we should lose nearly 300 less every year, or even to that of Bethnal-green, we should lose 200 less every year. It is just as well to know this. Few believe we are as bad as we really are, and, if we do not believe it, we shall not of course try to mend it; but it cannot be denied. The healthy standard is 17 in 1,000 ; we cannot hope to arrive at that. The Registrar General says, " One of the greatest and most prevailing causes of ill health, and of the deaths in excess of 17 in the 1,000, is the condensation of people in towns without the requisite mechanical and chemical arrangements for removing impurities, for supplying pure water, and for introducing free currents of pure air." That is really our case-we might have stood for the portrait. You will also remark in this table as to the iniquity of the rich Londoners paying a low poor rate, and the poor Londoners paying a high rate; how the city and west-end people buy property, and get a reversion of decreasing rates; and how we get a reversion of increasing rates-a result by no means contemplated in the original compact. This bears hardly upon us, it stifles us,-more and more packed, more and more impoverished, with very little space between the poor ratepayer and the pauper, of course there is more sickness and death. We cannot at present help this, but there is very much that we can help.

The third Table is more for the future than the present. It is, however, not without interest, as showing the parallel states of health and weather in this neighbourhood.

The fourth Table shows the mortality in the respective districts of the parish. In the Borough-road district, a little less population reside upon a little more than half the space of the other districts, and the mortality and sickness are in proportion uniformly higher; the workhouse is, however, included, and will account for some of it. Here are shown the returns of sickness from several Institutions. We are in this matter much indebted to the courtesy of the respective medical officers. The fifth Table shows the weekly progress of sickness among the poor in the districts. Kent-road, 105 acres, population 19,200,-335 new cases in the quarter, with 60 pauper cases always under treatment. London-road, 112 acres, population 19,000,-304 new cases, and 53 always under treatment. Borough-road, 65 acres, population 16,850,-475 new cases, and 97 always under treatment; so that this density of population brings you more deaths, more sickness, more expense, and you will observe that the people, when they become sick in the crowded district, are much longer on the parish books. Fever has much diminished-less in numbers, and less in severity ; no case was sent to the Fever Hospital during the quarter. The sixth Table is in accordance with the Registrar-General's wishes. I cannot but express my gratitude for the advice and assistance I have had from that quarter. This Table gives particulars of diseases, ages, and sexes. Here you will observe that out of 299 deaths during the quarter, 145 were under five years of age, 157 under twenty. More than half took place under ten years of age. 60 persons died from zymotic diseases. Of the six diseases especially noticed, and which may be considered as health gauges, there were 53 as against 47 in the corresponding quarter last year. The diseases vary;

we lost fewer from the more preventible diseases. Then typhus and measles predominated ; now hoopingcough and diarrhœa.

	Small Pox	Measles	Scarlatina	Hooping Cough	Diarrhœa	Typhus	TOTAL	
	0		4	28	9	7	53	
Corresponding Qua ter last Year		14	5	8	2	15	47	

This points to the necessity of making every available opening for currents of air in the closer and sicklier districts, of removing everything promptly that unnecessarily vitiates the air, of encouraging a higher standard of cleanliness in back districts ; by the example of public cleanliness and care, and by compelling those refractory persons, who injure their neighbours by their neglect, to put their places in order. A man may, of course, be as filthy as he likes, if he has a taste that way, but he has no right to carry it to the extent of injuring others. In this Table will be seen also, that forty-one persons have been taken off in the very prime of life by consumption : although the disease is hereditary, everything that tends to purify and freshen the atmosphere will diminish its ravages. Open spaces to which children can readily be taken, will do very much to eradicate the seeds of the disease in early life. I have seen children with all the symptoms hinting at decline, become quite well by judicious and regular exposure to the air. The dreadfully vitiated air of our courts, alleys, and close rooms, produces and fosters this disease, which destroys more lives than any other. I need not say any more at present about parks; of course they are necessary, and the nearer the better. Two cases have been brought before you,-one the rare opportunity with little effort and little expense of preserving the open space of ground in Red-cross-court. This court alone costs the parish, as I believe, at least £100 a-year in pauperism. The other is Henry-street and Etham-street; a small opening is greatly needed here, it was reported upon some months ago. The landlords of this small, densely-packed neighbourhood greatly desire the opening of these thoroughfares, and the 2,000 poor people that live in this small space, can scarcely have a greater boon bestowed upon them. The seventh Table shows the extent of sanitary work during the quarter. About half the cases ordered, are reported as unfinished at the end of the quarter, and some remain from previous quarters; the cases are specified; some may perhaps have been done since, but there are great arrears. This Table is partly constructed from the Inspector's book, and the work is chiefly his. I am, however, acquainted with the particulars of every case, and advise with him upon each. One of the earliest and most special orders of the Vestry was that he should act thoroughly with me. I am most glad to say, that he does so to my perfect satisfaction.

I have lately visited all the cow-yards, 18 in number, containing 207 cows. The cows, with some exceptions, look healthy. In the most neglected cow-houses I find the most unhealthy, sickly cows. These cows are generally quickly got rid of. It appears to pay some persons to call round and purchase sickly, diseased, or dying animals ; the cows may, therefore, look well, and a quick succession of sickness take place, and be in this manner removed. One cow-keeper had lost a large number, and had given up the business. Another had lost a few, and some of the cows looked as if they were becoming sick. Many of the cow-yards require great improvement-periodical cleansing, improved paving and drainage, and a better water supply; the dung-pits are defective, open, and in hot weather steaming up and infecting the air. As the principle of draining over or under the service is of the utmost importance, the decision of a full Vestry upon the principle is desirable before proceeding ; sure I am that the existence of many thousands of feet of almost stagnant foul liquid, slowly running from cow-sheds and piggeries, cannot be right in close neighbourhoods, when perhaps half of it would be evaporated by the heat of the sun before it could arrive at the distant sink. The first dairy authorities agree that " hot, close cow-houses are disgraceful affairs." Mr. Martin, one of the first, says, "As the slightest acidity and putrescence affects the milk, it is of the utmost importance that the place should be as pure and clean as possible." Recollect also how the question of good milk bears upon the deaths of children, which are so enormous with us.

I have visited all the lodging-honses in this parish with Inspector Price and Mr. Wellman. They were 25 in number, containing 714 rooms and 827 lodgers. The police regulations, for order, cleanliness, and prevention of disease, are in the highest degree satisfactory. That the amount of disease, and of the worst kinds, was formerly enormous, I, as an old parish surgeon, well know. It rapidly infected others; not so now. The open indecencies have almost passed away. The expense to the parish, of these places, occupied by the most improvident and the filthiest of people, must have been enormous. I saw but two cases of illness in all the houses, and one of them was from intemperance. Fever, small-pox, and the like, cannot spread; they are immediately reported and removed, and the places are cleansed before others are allowed to occupy. The benefits are so great, that the employment of the same regulations in the more crowded and filthier houses of the poor, can only be a question of

time. It is the highest humanity to quicken the progress. Vestries have power, under the Local Management and Disease Prevention Acts, sufficient for the purpose; and such acts as these, in my humble opinion, ought to be done by Vestries; and not by extending the powers of the police, as in the recent bill was attempted. But the need is so great, so undoubted by those who have seen the evils with their own eyes; and the benefit to be obtained so certain; that if local authorities do not enforce the improvements, the police will have to do it, and we shall have ourselves to thank for throwing the duty upon them.

We have had but four deaths from scarlatina; but of these four, in the opinion of every one concerned, two became malignant and fatal from the house being filled with privy stench in hot weather. The work was promptly done—too late to save the children, but not too late to warn us of the fatal character of sulphuretted hydrogen and like gases, that are the components of privy stenches. As to the overcrowding, I have brought many cases before you, in each my attention has been called on account of illness resulting; difficult of cure, and constantly recurring. "I can never get out of that house," said the district surgeon of one of them. The eight rooms of this house were always full, the receipts £2 2s. per week; yet it was dirty, neglected, and overcrowded. So the poor live, and, I may say, so they die.

As to some manufactories, the more offensive should no doubt be compelled to improve. Some of them are very bad, and their pernicious influence spreads widely. I do not think any manufacturer should be obliged to leave; trades must be, of course, protected; but one man must not, to save a little expense in his building and machinery, be allowed to poison a neighbourhood containing, as this does, some thirty thousand people. There are various ways of making almost all of them bearable. One of the most practical men of the day says of one plan, "It has been applied in order to get rid of the offensive effluvia arising from the coppers of the soap-boilers, tallow-melters, and similar occupations, which often become a nuisance to a whole neighbourhood." He further states, "that it was said to have answered perfectly;" so that a factory which was formerly most offensive, became entirely free from offensive odours. I believe where the apparatus is inapplicable, as in hone lofts, cat-gut manufactories, and the like very offensive trades, there appears to be no way but completely enclosing such premises, providing inlets for fresh air below, and with outvents only through tall shafts; the offensive air to be forced through these shafts by blowers, to be depurated in its passage by fire or chemical agency.

Lastly, as to ventilating sewers, I think no more gullies should be trapped, unless a sufficient vent be applied elsewhere. Clearly we must not close the vents in objectionable places, unless we open enough in unobjectionable places. The evils will be-the forcing back the foul gases into houses, and rendering sewers dangerous to workmen. I have spoken of cross roads, or places where four or more ways meet, as apparently the least objectionable : one such I see is now laid down in White-street, and I therefore suppose the principle is recognised. On this side the river, the caution is especially necessary, as 16 hours out of the 24, the sewers have no flow, and consequently become overcharged. Seven or eight men have lately lost their lives from foul sewers. The verdict of the jury in the Wapping case was, "That the four men were suffocated by the noxious gases and mephitic air of the sewer." In the Whitechapel-road case, last week, three men were killed-verdict "That they died from the noxious and mephitic vapours emitted from a sewer." The gas was principally sulphuretted hydrogen, and it is powerful enough to cause instant death. One of the principal witnesses in the case stated that no doubt "measures might have been adopted to prevent the deaths of the three persons by better ventilation." Upon these grounds, and upon the fact that in many parts of this parish, regurgitation of these very gases takes place into houses, I beg to urge the question of ventilation of our sewers in every possible and unobjectionable place, but especially where thoroughfares meet; and to advise that no more external gullies be stopped.

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WILLIAM RENDLE.

	1855	1856	1857	Average Mortality of the Quarters from 1845 to 1854
First Quarter		304	323	373.6
second,, to June 30	333	292	296	294.8
Third "		350		431.1
Fourth "		284		391.8

TABLE 1.—Quarterly Mortality.

A BARRIER AND A DECEMBER OF				E 2.—Morto	ing,	uc.	,,	-		3	1									
		5 Trinity r Mark	Area		Fac	h Per	son	t pays to Poor		te as uthwarl id pay	ty. in Acre	nnual 10,000,	from bitants. ) & 1854			The	Quarte	r endin;	g June 27th, 18	
Conditions of Locality	Parish	Height above Trinity High Water Mark	in Acres	Population, 1851	re	preser ual V	its	Each Person pays Relief of Poor		Same Rate as St. Geo.'s Southwarl each should pay	Density.	Average Annual Mortality in 10,000, 1841 to 1850	Mortality fr Cholera, to e 10,000 Inhabit Mean of 1840 8	Zymotic Mortality	Fever	Diarrhœa	Total Mortality	Deaths to 1000 Living	Births	Excess of Births over Deaths to June 30
Dense Population. High Level. Wealthy.	St. James	PRET 58	164	36,406	£ 12	8. 13	d. 4		d. 3	s. d. 30 0	222	206	84.0	15	0	1	166	22		95
Sparse Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	Hampstead	350	2252	11,986	5	16	0	8	3	13 9	5	178	9.2	10	3	0	58	18		29
Dense Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	St. Giles	68	245	54,214	5	12	8	5	9	13 4	221	252	37.0	70	7	7	335	27		96
Sparse Population. Low Level. Poor.	Camberwell St. George's,	4	4342	54,667	4	4	0	5	9	10 5	13	231	94.0	25	8	3	298	24		195
Dense Population. Low Level. Poor.	Southwark,— Kent-rd. District Borough-rd. ", London-rd. ",	$1 \\ 2 \\ 0$	$105 \\ 65 \\ 112$	18,126 15,862 17,836						 	$173 \\ 244 \\ 159$	$252 \\ 347 \\ 250$	}132.5	$22 \\ 16 \\ 15$	5 2 1	3	94 114 91	 	M. F. 76 79 82 70 92 76 250 225	
	Total	0	282	51,824	3	6	4	7 1	0	7 10	184	281		53	8	9	299	30	475	176
**	Newington	1	624	64,186	3	15	0	8	1	8 10	104	247	122.5	38	9	3	327	26		369
" Dense Population, )	Bermondsey	0	688	48,128	3	0	9	5	4	7 1	70	268	159.5	40	4	7	249	28		283
Medium Height. Very Poor.	Bethnal Green	38	760	90,193	1	10	0	3 1	0	3 6	119	242	55.0	113	23	12	488	26		462
	All London			2,480,347	5	16	1	6	4	18 9								25		

		DEATHS,			eekly returns		Barometer	Therm (Aver	ometer rages)	int	Weight of	1	D.:		
Week	Total Zymotic Disease	Diarrhœa	Cho Disc Cho Disc	hest seases IIV	Total Mortality	the weeks		of Highest	of Lowest	Dew Point	Vapour in cubic foot of air, grains	Wind	Rain in inches		
1	3	0	2	6	25	23,9	29.457	54.9	44.9	34.8	3.0	s.w.	0.39	years, t year	pital.
2	2	0	8	3	26	24.6	29.651	60.2	47.5	44.2	3.6	variable	0.51	Average of the Quarter for many years, in the corresponding Quarter last year 92.5.	Thomson's reports taken at St. Thomas's Hospital.
3	3	0	6	7	28	21.9	29.576	53.7	39.3	35.1	2.6	variable	0.48	r for 1 Quart	mas's
4	2	1	1	4	14	24.3	30.004	59.3	44.0	38.1	2.8	N.	0.10	ding (	t. Tho
5	6	0	4	4	22	22.9	30.149	48.9	39.1	32.1	2.3	N.E.	0.16	the Q espon	n at Sr
6	9	1	1	8	31	22.7	30.094	54.5	39.2	33.1	2.5	N.E.	0.00	ge of corr	taker
7	7	1	3	5	. 25	21.7	29.931	67.4	51.7	46.2	3.8	variable	0.33	Avera in the 92.5.	ports
8	8	0	3	3	18	24.5	29.834	71.9	53.2	47.2	3.9	W.	0.58	n the 19; 28th,	n's re
9	9	1	1	4	29	25.7	29.723	69.5	51.7	43.9	3.5	variable	0.08	is 5.7 une 5	osmo
10	3	2	4	1	21	24.1	29.998	73.3	53.9	48.3	4.0	S.W.	0.01	vas le: vard, ture J	r. Th
11	3	1	3	3	22	23.3	29.879	69.9	52.4	43.9	3.6	S.W.	0.99	amount of Rain was less than the according to Howard, is 5.719; Highest temparature June 28th,	om D
12	6	1	1	2	18	20.3	30.016	71.1	49.7	42.1	3.2	E.	0.92	nt of J ding t est ter	igy fr
13	4	1	4	3	20	21.9	30.158	82.2	59.7	52.1	4.6	E. '	0.19	amou accor High	Meteorology from Dr.
Summaries and Averages	60	9		53	299	301.8	29.864	65.3	48.8	42.9	3.4	S.W. and E.	4.74	* The a which, a 6.25.	Me

10 ······ 5			-	2	-10	30.30		1.5			8 5				911		
13	1	District :	Mortalit	у	13			ľ	EW CAS	SES OF S	ICKNES	S DURIN	G THE Q	UARTER	0.0		
	Estimat	ted present	Population	, 55,000	(	Out and I	n-door P	oor	-251		INST	ITUTIO	NS, 9 We	eks, April	l 26th to Ju	ine 27th	
DISEASES	-	London Road, 112 Acres — Ppn. 1851, 17,836	-	Work- house, Average Inmates, 427	Kent Road, Mr. Babbage	London Road, Mr. Wakem	Boro' Road. Mr. Llewellyn	Workhouse, Mr. Brown	Royal South London Dispensary	Bethlehem Hospital, &c. Av. Inmts. 600	Queen's Bench Prison	School for Indigent Blind	Asylum for Deaf & Dumb	Magdalen Hospital			Sickness Total
mall Pox hicken Pox lessles earlatina, Malignant Sore Throat. looping Cough iarrhoea yisentery holera ever	- 2 - 12 3 - - - - 2 12 9 - 4 1 23 19 9	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 4 7 3 - - 2 13 15 - 3 - 15 42 7	- E Included in the Boro' Road Dis-	$ \begin{array}{c} - & - & - \\ - & - & - & - \\ 1 & 1 & - & - & - \\ 47 & 1 & - & - & - \\ 17 & 1 & - & - & - & - \\ 17 & 1 & - & - & - & - \\ 57 & 9 & 14 & - & - & - \\ 11 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 11 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 14 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 14 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 15 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & $	-1 -1 -7 -3 -6 -1 -2 -2 -7 -2  -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -2                    			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Returns refused.	No Sickness of any importance.	1114	1.			- 2 13 13 13 49 77 5 1 141 2 3 3 8 8 9 72 3 22 1 9 1290 5

WEEKS	Ker	nt Road, Mr. I	Babbage	Lond	lon Road, Mr.	. Wakem	Borour	gh Road, Mr. J	Llewellyn
WEEKS	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL
1	45	45	90	31	84	65	68	85	103
2	43	23	66	40	17	57	65	35	100
3	38	25	63	31	29	60	68	37	105
4	44	26	70	40	26	66	85	36	121
5	35	17	52	29	18	47	70	35	105
6	31	14	45	28	23	51	72	39	111
7	30	30	60	30	17	47	62	47	109
8	29	21	50	42	13	55	66	34	100
9	23	21	44	28	21	49	52	28	80
10	33	38	71	24	32	56	44	43	87
11	39	16	55	26	17	43	65	29	94
12	33	23	56	18	28	46	44	22	66
13	31	36	67	21	29	50	31	55	86
TOTAL	454	335	789	388	304	692	792	475	1267

Grand Total-Old Cases, 1634, New Cases, 1114 = 2748.

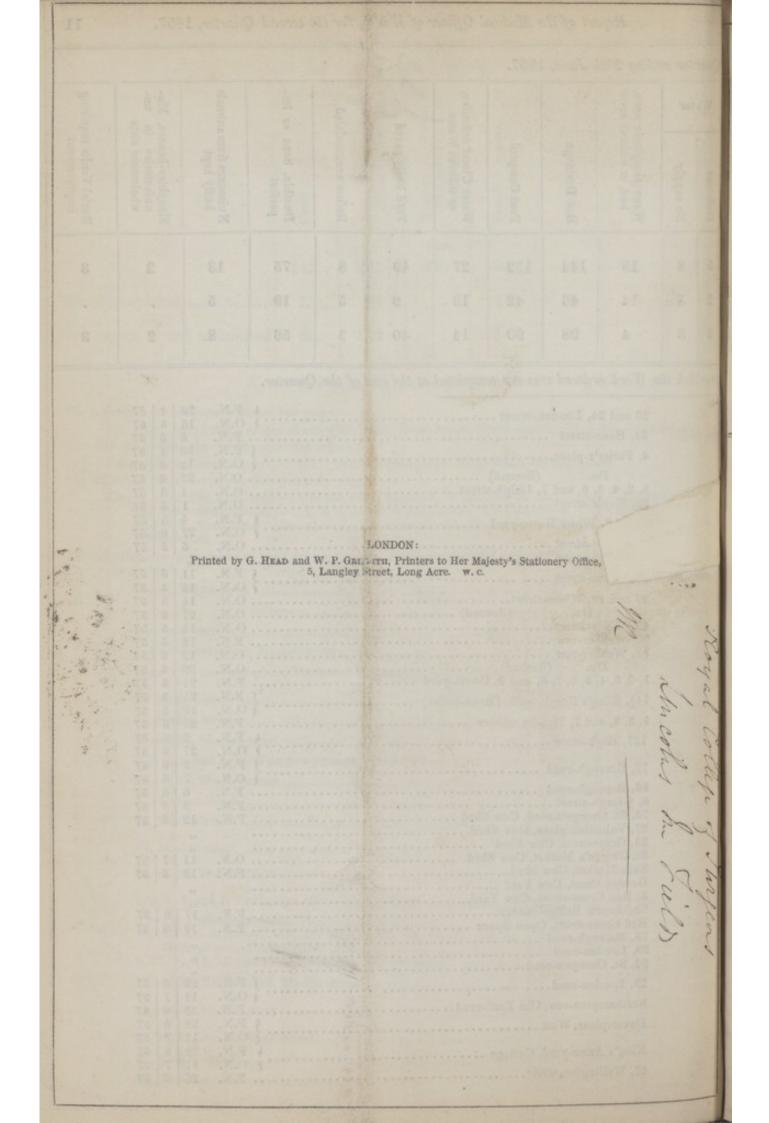
N.B.-It should be here remarked, that "Old Cases" means only those cases of illness that remain on the books more than one week, and consequently involve repetitions of the same case.

Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

Ju	ne	27t	h, 1	857		(1:	3 W	eek	(s.)									
	AL	LAG	ES	-20						1	GES	5						
CAUSES OF DEATH	М.	F.	т.	Under 1	1	2	3.—	Ļ	5	All under 5	5 to 10	10	15	All under 20	20	40	60	
All Causes	148	151	299	76	30	20	10	4	5	145	6	2	4	157	42	37	52	
I. Zymotic II. Dropsy, &c III. Tubercular IV. Brain and Nerves V. Heart, &c. VI. Lungs, &c. VI. Lungs, &c. VI. Digestive Organs VII. Digestive Organs VII. Kidneys, &c. IX. Childbirth, &c. X. Joints, &c. X. Skin, &c. XI. Skin, &c. XI. Skin, &c. XII. Malformation XII. Prem. Birth & Debility XIV. Atrophy XV. Old Age XVI. Sudden XVI. Sudden XVII. Violence, Privation, &c. XVIII. Not specified		36 9 22 25 6 27 4 - 1 4 4 9 1 3 -	$\begin{array}{c} 60 \\ 13 \\ 60 \\ 45 \\ 11 \\ 53 \\ 10 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \mathbf{-} \\ \mathbf{-9} \\ 6 \\ 19 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 19 \\ 1 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -8 \\ 4 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13   3     4	5 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	3	532121 - 237 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 95 - 1 - 31	1   11   11   1   1   1   1   1   1	111101111111111111	11-311111111111111	5423251268111951132	1321537111111111111	993637111111111111	3538412111111111111	
1. Small Pox         Measles         Scarlatina         Hooping Cough         Croup         Thrush         Diarrhœa         Dysentery.         Cholera         Influenza         Scurvy and Purpura         Ague         Remittent Fever         Infantile         "Typhus         Puerperal         Rheumatic         Pyæmia         Syphilis         Noma         Hydrophobia         Hydrophobia	2191 7 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 -4	12171611111111311	1117112111111111111111	- 2228	111111	111011111111111111111111111111111111111	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 5 3 28 1 - 8 - 1 - 1 - 3 1 - 3	111111111111111111111111111111111111111			-54281-8	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1181 1111118111811111111	
III. Scrophula. Tabes Mesenterica								1111 111	1111			1111 111						
IV. Cephalitis Apoplexy Paralysis Delirium Tremens Chorea Epilepsy Tetanus Insanity Convulsions Disease of Brain, &c		22241-22-119		-4	1	11 111111	12	11 11111111		8		11 111111111	1 - 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 4 1 2	

V. Pericardilla       1       1       2       -		Report of the Medic	al	0 <sub>f</sub> fic	er q	of E	Iealt	h, f	or ti	he se	econ	d Q	)uar	ter,	180	57.				9
CAUSES OF DEATH       M.       F.       T.       T. </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Е</th> <th>xce</th> <th>ss o</th> <th>f B</th> <th>irth</th> <th>15 0</th> <th>ver</th> <th>De</th> <th>aths</th> <th>5.</th> <th></th> <th>176</th> <th></th>								Е	xce	ss o	f B	irth	15 0	ver	De	aths	5.		176	
XI         F.         T.         T. <tht.< th="">         T.         T.         T.<!--</th--><th></th><th></th><th>AL</th><th>LAG</th><th>ES</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>AGE</th><th>s</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></tht.<>			AL	LAG	ES								AGE	s						
Aneurism       1       1       2       -<		CAUSES OF DEATH	м.	F.	т.	Under 1	1	2.—	3.—	4	5	under		10	15	All under 20.	20	40	60	so and upwds.
Broinchitis       14       20       34       5       3       3       -       -       11       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1       -       1		Aneurism	1		2	111	111	1 1 1	1 1 1	111		111	111			111		- 1 2	- 1 3	
Guiney		Bronchitis Pleurisy Pneumonia Asthma	1 8 2	6	34 1 14 2	5	-	3			1 1	11 	1	ī	-	$\begin{array}{c} -12\\ -13\\ -13\\ -1\end{array}$	- 5 1 - 1 -	- 6 - 1 -	10 - 1 - 1	- - - -
Dis. of Panareas       -		Quinsey Gastritis Enteritis Peritonitis Ascites Ulceration of Intestines Hernia Ileus Intussusception Stricture of Intestinal Canal Dis, of Stomach, &c.		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 13 1 1 1 1 1		1 1	H CLUTTER	1	111111	11111111		1111	111111111	1111111111	*3 - 1 3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	111111111111	11111111111	1111111111	1111111111
Aveparina (Bright's Dis.)       -<	-	Dis. of Pancreas Hepatitis Jaundice Disease of Liver Disease of Spleen		1111	12-	-	11111	1 1 1	11111	11111	111		11111	11111	111			11111		11111
Overrian Dropsy       -       1       1       -		Isenuria Diabetes Stone Cystitis Stricture of Urethra		1 1 1 1		11111	11111	11111	1111	111	11111	11111	11111	11111	1111	1111111	111111	1111111		111111
Arthritis       -		Ovarian Dropsy Childbirth (See Metria) Disease of Uterus, &c.		1 2	1	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	1111	1111		1111	1111
Mileginon       - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Disease of Joints, &amp;c.</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>1000</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>1.1.1.1</td><td>111</td><td>111</td><td></td><td>111</td><td>111</td></t<>		Disease of Joints, &c.	-	-				-			1000			-	1.1.1.1	111	111		111	111
Symia Binda		Diseases of Skin, &c:			-	-	111	-	111	111	111					111	111	111	111	1.1.4
Want of Breast Milk     1     1     2     2     -		opina Binda		111		-		-		1.1.1					1000	111	111	111	111	111
Wounds         2         -         2         - <td></td> <td>Want of Breast Milk Neglect Cold Poison Burns and Scalds Hanging Suffocation Drowning Fractures and Contusions Wounds</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>-2</td> <td>2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td> <td>111111111</td> <td></td> <td>11111111111</td> <td>111111111</td> <td></td> <td>2                </td> <td>11111111</td> <td>11111111</td> <td>11111111111</td> <td>11211111111</td> <td>111111111111</td> <td>1111111111</td> <td>11111111111</td> <td></td>		Want of Breast Milk Neglect Cold Poison Burns and Scalds Hanging Suffocation Drowning Fractures and Contusions Wounds	1		-2	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	111111111		11111111111	111111111		2	11111111	11111111	11111111111	11211111111	111111111111	1111111111	11111111111	

10 Parish	of Saint	George th	he Martyr	, Southica	urk.					Rep	ort of th	e Medico	al Offices	r of Healt	h, for th	he second (	Quarter,	1857.	11
			TABI	E 7.—8	anitary In	aspections of	during th	Qua	rter e	nding 27t	h June,	1857.							
	Cases	Number of Houses or Places visited	Number of Visits of Medical Officer and Inspector	Premises unclean, or dilapidated within	Overerowded	Unfit for habitation	Insufficient Ventilation	Deficient	ater flddns oN	Water receptacle none, bad, or without cover	Bad Drainage	Foul Cesspool	Water Closet defective, or without Water	Yard badly paved	Refuse accumulated	Dustbin, none or im-	Nuisances from animals badly kept	Slaughter-houses, Ma- nufactories in un- wholesome state	Burial Vaults requiring improvement
	142	211	about 850	85	6	1	10	5	8	18	144	132	27	49	8	75	13	2	8
Work completed	73	88		21	6	1	S	2	5	14	46	42	13	9	5	19	5		•
Not begun, or left unfinished	. 69	123		14			2	3	8	4	98	90	14	40	3	56	8	2	8
The following are old cases reporte Mr. Able, Bone-boiler, Gre The following from the fourth qu John's-place, London-street The following from the last or fill King's Arms, Old Kent-roa 803, Friar-street, (Dairy road75, Kent-street, White-street. The following are cases taken in h the quarter : Dairy, White-street	d last year en-street— iarterly re; —6 to 11, h quarterly re; (-6 to 11, h quarterly re; (-7 to 12, 2, 3, re; -7 to 12, 2, 3, (-7 to 12, 2, 3, re; -7 to 12, 2, 3, mmons (arket-street ace, Marko reet eet trket-street iament-street iament-street 14, Butch ow, Market reet		Bone-boiler purt—34, K ses—5, Wa viker-street street—33, xth) quarter (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	r, Green-str ing-street, ilker-street, t, Kent-str Staple-stre r, and not r 5, and 26,	reet.—34, I Borough-re reet.—4, U ret.—27, 28 F.N. O.N. F.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. F	oad. et—12, Bat nion-street, 3, St. Georg	street. Borough- ge's-place, the end of			34, Bear 4, Potier D 1, 2, 4, 5 32, Stapl 1 and 2, Ker 5, Gree 39 and 4 43, Whit 90, Web 89, Web 80, Web 80	n-street . ''s-place, . 'o. 5, 6, and 2 le-street . White H it-street . n-street . n-street . n-street . 0, White Do. te-street . ber-row . ber-row . ber-row . ber-row . 0, (', 5, 6, 7, 4) g's Bencl and 7, He gh-street . ough-road ugh-road ugh-road ugh-road treet, Co street, Street, Street, Street, Stre	(Second) , Delph- orse-yard street (Se Second) 8, and 9, 1-walk, (1) ndre-terra ond, Cow y c, Cow S Shed w Yard - t, Cow Y -road Open Spn ond Old Ken t. Cottage	street cond) Castle-ya 3one-boile ce Shed hed  thed 	rd		{	O.N. F.N. F.N. O.N. O.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. O.N. F.N. F	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	



# REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

For the Third Quarter, 1857

### MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE VESTRY,

I BEG now to present my report for the quarter ending Michaelmas. I have, during the quarter, brought before you six individual reports; the recommendations contained in them have, for the most part been dealt with, or are in progress. This report consists chiefly of tables, similar to, and fit to be compared with those presented with previous quarterly reports.

The first Table shews a very satisfactory state of things; notwithstanding, in one of the beforementioned reports I stated that the cases of sickness among the poor were more numerous than usual; hast quarter I reported 1880 cases, this quarter 2787. There has been much sickness lately from diarrhea, and still more lately from influenza; the attacks have, however, been very slight, and the death list consequently low; about 70 less have died than in the corresponding quarter last year, and 152 less than the average of the quarter for many years. If we exclude from the calculation the deaths by cholera epidemics, we yet have lost 100 less than the average of the quarter. London altogether has lost more by 212 than in the corresponding quarter last year, and 1386 more than in the corresponding quarter of 1855. You will thus see that our usually unhealthy district has been much favoured. I have not the least doubt that if we honestly carry out the common sense improvements suggested to us from time to time, we shall materially and permanently lessen our death list, and, what must not be overlooked, make life much more comfortable and hopeful for large masses of people who now pass through a most miserable and degraded existence; and allow me to add the practical testimony of some of your own body, given in your hearing, that it pays to make these improvements in hitherto neglected districts.

In the second Table this parish is compared with the same parishes as before; which, to make the comparison as complete and as instructive as possible, are parishes selected as fair specimens of tarious conditions and circumstances. The fourth figure column is from a circular of the Registrar-General's; if calculated upon the latest rateable value of property, a difference would be shown, so slight to rever as not to vitiate the calculation—it is therefore left as it was.

A Minember 30th, 1857.

The third Table affords materials for comparing classes of disease with meteorological conditions. The temperature of the quarter was considerably above the average for 86 years; since 1771 no August has been so hot. It will be remarked that about a fourth more than average rain fell during the quarter; the excess entirely in September. The number of deaths as reported weekly is here shewn; it shews also the fatal weekly progress of zymotic disease and of diarrhœa, and at the close of the quarter a great increase of deaths from chest diseases,—no less than 39 out of 60 deaths from chest diseases being from consumption alone.

The fourth Table shews the mortality in districts. The Boro'-road district is always the most unhealthy, and shews the largest death rate. The Kent-road comes next. The London-road district is as usual the least unhealthy; its streets, bad as many of them are, are better ventilated, and it has the great advantage of 22 acres, a fifth of its area, of well managed open grounds belonging to Bethlehem Hospital, the Blind School, and the Magdalen Hospital. These may be considered as lungs to the London-road district. Connected with this subject, I may be allowed to express a hope that the contemplated Southwark Park, on this side the river, will be brought as near to our doors as possible. In this parish are at least 4000 houses, rated under £10 per annum, and containing about 30,000 poor people : in some neighbouring parishes are equally large numbers of the same class of people : of what benefit to such as these, on whose account we chiefly urge the establishing such open places, will a Park be, placed far off ?- they may visit it upon a holiday, very occasionally, but not frequently for health. The Kent-road, where the opening of the Park might be, is close to us and to 300,000 people, but a more distant place has apparently been chosen; I trust that a strong effort will be made to secure the nearer; which once lost to us is always lost, and by which we shall incur expense, without reaping any corresponding benefit. I am afraid that other than sanitary reasons have been allowed to decide the question with the upper Board. The Kent-road tract of land is near to us, is in use as garden ground, is low, damp and unfit for healthy houses, - in this district only have I seen ague beginning within London ;the class of houses to be placed on it will be of the poorer sort, and densely inhabited; and we, down to the very spot, are too crowded already : but preserve it open, drain and plant it well, and nothing could be better for the health of these over-crowded districts, or more convenient for the people who live in them.

In the fourth Table are recorded 682 cases of diarrhœa; there were only 77 last quarter; and 56 deaths from this disease as recorded against only 8 last quarter. This, with three deaths from cholera, and the presence of the disease in its worst form hovering about us at no great distance, is enough to make us reflect and set our places in order. Consumption always troubles us: there were 40 deaths from this disease last quarter, and 39 this. Opening thoroughfares through the most densely crowded courts; — establishing a Park *near*, to which children, now rarely out of doors, can be readily taken; ventilating sewers in more and better places, so as to relieve the back pressure upon house drains;— greater attention to cleanliness; inclosing and covering dust-heaps; and insisting that animals shall be kept in a cleaner manner, cannot fail to make the air more pure and refreshing. The sickness and death-rate will infallibly lessen when we have compassed these ends.

The fifth Table shews the amount of sickness among the poor week by week. I am endeavouring to make the tabular part of these reports as perfect as possible; if I succeed, and they are continued year after year, they will become useful not only for present purposes, but also as local records and for comparison.

The sixth Table gives particulars of causes of death, ages and sexes. You will observe that of 276 deaths, 135 are males, and 141 females; that 158 died under five years of age-an immense

### Report of the Medical Officer of Health, for the third Quarter, 1857.

proportion of children, and which, without doubt, can be largely diminished by sanitary precaution that 95 died from zymotic disease, including 56 from diarrhœa—15 from typhus fever, or rather fever; for many cases are included under this head that are not really typhus. No Typhoid cases have been sent from among the poor to the Fever Hospital, and but one has died in the Workhouse; the disease does not, therefore, press. It is one, however, of those diseases that may be almost banished by precautionary measures, chiefly by those which insure pure air, and greater cleanliness. 465 births are recorded, and 276 deaths,—our population has, therefore, other circumstances being equal, increased by 189.

The last Table, taken from the Inspector's book and my own diary, shews the amount of sanitary work done during the quarter. About 900 visits have been made to 227 houses, manufactories, &c., found defective more or less, in various ways, and here recorded; in 137 of these places your orders have been obeyed, the places put into good condition, and the evils likely to produce sickness, abated. The places are here recorded, where the work is not yet done.

I have, during the quarter, visited with the Inspector, 33 slaughter-houses; for the most part they were in good condition; slight improvements were recommended in 16, and carried out. 30 had their licences granted; three lost their licences, chiefly through informality. I am convinced that an annual supervision of these places is for health's sake necessary, especially when they are situated, as with us, in densely populated districts; I only regret that other places, such as rag and bone warehouses, cow-houses, piggeries, and the like, are not subjected to the same regulations. Two or three of the slaughter-houses appeared to me to be too often used for the reception or slaughtering of very bad meat; in one I authorized the immediate seizure and removal of several carcases unfit for food—they were condemned by the Magistrate and destroyed; another Butcher has been warned. I cannot but say that I have been disgusted at the filthy and unwholesome condition of the premises, and of the materials, used by the lower class of Sausage Makers; they require, and will have, an occasional visit. I continue to receive the most zealous assistance and co-operation from the Inspector, Mr. Wellman.

(Signed)

WILLIAM RENDLE.

LE 1.—	Quarterly 1	Mortality.	1
1855	1856	1857	Average Mortality of the Quarters from 1845 to 1854
	304	323	373.6
	292	296	294.8
	350	279	431.1 or 383.1 excluding
	284		Cholera. 391.8
		1855       1856          304          292          350          924	304     323        292     296        350     279

			TABI	E 2.—Mort	ality,	, dec.	., co	mpan	red	with	oth	er Pa	arishes	r.								4
		e Trinity r Mark	Area	D	ret	h Per	its	son pays to	ates 1856	te as	ld pay	ty. m Acre	e Annual y in 10,000, to 1850	from every bitants.	0 Living		The (	Quar	ter endi	ng September,		
Conditions of Locality	Parish	Height above Trinity High Water Mark	in Acres	Population, 1851	Reg.	Gene Report	ral's	Each Person Relief of	Pop. 1851, ri	Same Ra	St. Geo.'s Southwark, each should pay	Density.	Average A Mortality in 1841 to	Mortality from Cholera, to every 10,000 Inhabitant Mean of 1840 & 18	Deaths to 1000 Living 1841-50	Zymotic Mortality	Fever	Diarrhosa	Total Mortality to Sept. 30	Births	Excess of Births over Deaths to Sept. 30	
Dense Population. High Level. Wealthy.	St. James	FRET 58	164	36,406	£ 12	8. 13	d. 4	s. 10	d. 3	<i>s.</i> 30	<i>d</i> . 0	222	206	84·0	22	47	7	26	182		48	Farish of
Sparse Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	Hampstead	350	2252	11,986	5	16	0	8	3	13	9	5	178	9.5	18	17	1	9	72		18	f Saint
Dense Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	St. Giles	68	245	54,214	5	12	8	5	9	13	4	221	252	37.0	27	100	6	58	325		116	George
Sparse Population. Low Level. Poor.	Camberwell	4	4342	54,667	4	4	0	5	9	10	5	13	231	94.0	24	68	10	34	290		204	the
	St. George's, Southwark.—	101																		M. F.		Martyr,
Dense Population, Low Level. Poor.	Kent-rd. District Borough-rd. ,, London-rd. ,,	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}105\\65\\112\end{array}$	$18,126 \\ 15,862 \\ 17,836$		 					.	$173 \\ 244 \\ 159$	$252 \\ 347 \\ 250$	}132.5		33 34 19	7	20 21 13	 	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		rr, Southwark
	Total	0	282	51,824	3	6	4	7	10	7	10	184	281		30	86	15	54	279	465	184	wark.
	Newington	1	624	64,186	3	15	0	8	1	8	10	104	247	122.5	26	79	9	56	385		257	
	Bermondsey	0	688	48,128	3	0	9	5	4	7	1	70	268	159.5	28	67	7	44	253		226	-
Dense Population. Medium Height. Very Poor.	Bethnal Green	38	760	90,193	1	10	0	3 3	10	3	6	119	242	55.0	26	195	26	88	588		295	
	All London			2,480,847	5	16	1	6	4	18	9				25							

1		DEATHS, i	from lo	cal we	ekly returns		Barometer	Therm (Aver		. int.		Rain		
Week	Total Zymotic Disease	Diarrhœa	Che Dise		Total Mortality	Average of the weeks for 10 years	corrected Mean	of Highest	of Lowest	Dew Point. Mean.	Wind	in inches		
1	4	2	4	0	20	21.5	29.529	92.5	54.8	52.0	S.W.	0.61	Average of the Quarter for many in the corresponding Quarter last aken at St. Thomas's Hospital,	
2	5	4	3	5	21	23.7	29.871	78.4	51.0	49.3	S.W.	0.15	er for Quarte	
3	6	5	0	1	20	28.8	30.132	86.6	57.0	51.5	W.	0.16	more than the Average of the Quarter for many d, is 6.370; in the corresponding Quarter last m's reports taken at St. Thomas's Hospital,	
4	8	2	1	1	18	29.5	29.948	86.1	57.4	50.7	Wy.	0.03	of the C respond	
5	9	6	2	1	23	37.7	29.993	82.1	56.3	52.0	Wy.	0.42	e corriate o at S	
6	9	6	3	0	17	37.0	29.767	77.9	61.8	49.1	S.W.	1.42	than the Aver 6.370; in the reports taken	
7	8	5	5	3	26	34.4	29.859	75.4	56.0	56.4	S.W.	1.59*	than the 6.370; j	.u.
8	10	9	4	0	22	31.9	30.151	74.5	58.8	53.0	N.E.	0.08	noreth l, is 6.	
9	10	4	0	2	27	37.1	30.070	78.4	62.1	54.9	variable		s much more Howard, is Thomson's	e for
10	18	8	1	1	24	40.1	29.746	71.3	56.8	49.3	variable	1.08	n was m g to H. Dr. Th	*, which is an average
11	2	0	3	1	13	44.2	29.738	67.7	56.9	53.9	S.W.	2.15	of Rain 7 cording	s an a
12	9	5	3	2	21	40.0	30.365	70.3	56.9	53.1	S.W.	0.23	int of . , acco	hich i
13	2	0	10	4	24	31.8	29.937	67.2	55.6	49.7	E.	0.42	The amount of Rain was much mo years, which, according to Howard, year 6.89. Meteorology from Dr. Thomson?	ot *, wi
Summaries	95	56	39	21	276	437.7	29.932	77.5	57.0	59.1	S.W.	8.34	Thyears	except

			T	ABLE 4	1.— <i>M</i> o	rtality	and Si	icķness	in Dis	tricts, d	bc.								6
and the second se	1	District	Mortalit	y	1			1	NEW CAS	SES OF S	ICKNES	s durin	G THE	QUARTEI	2	1			
	Estimat	ted present	Population	n, 55,000	(	Out and I	n-door P	oor			1		INSTIT	UTIONS					
DISEASES	Kent Road 105 Acres. 		Boro' Road, 65 Acres. Ppn. 1851, 15,862	Work- house. Average Inmates, 450	Kent Road, Mr. Babbage	London Road, Mr. Wakem	Boro' Road, Mr. Llewellyn	Workhouse, Mr. Brown	Royal South London Dispensary	Bethlehem Hospital, &c. 15 Acres Av. Inmts. 600	Queen's Bench Prison	School for Indigent Blind Acres, 3.3.10 Av. In., &c., 175	Asylum for Deaf & Dumb 4 Acres Av. Inmts. 340	Magdalen Hospital 34 Acres Av. Inmts. 130				Sickness Total	Parish of S
Small Pox         Chicken Pox         Measles         Searlatina, Malignant Sore Throat.         Hooping Cough         Diarchea         Dysentery         Cholera         Perer         Ague         Iheumatic Fever         Rheumatism         Erysipelas         Pysemia.         Puerperal Fever.         Carbuncle.         Chronic Lung Diseases, (except)         Phthisis.         Acute Lung Diseases         & Catarrh         Plengens         Phensondic Croup. Convulsions of         Infants         Other Diseases, chiefly Chronic         Violence, Privation, Poiseon, and         Premature Birth         Sudden Deaths         Mental Disease	5 22 5 - - - - - 14 2 4 - 14 14 18 5 5 -		- 1 5 20 1 7 - - - 1 8 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - -		$ \begin{array}{c} - \\ 1 \\ 13 \\ 172 \\ - \\ 46 \\ - \\ 2 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ - \\ 1 \\ 21 \\ 8 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ 16 \\ 226 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 2 \\ 226 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16$	$ \begin{array}{c} - \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 106 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 10 \\ 4 \\ 16 \\ - \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 155 \\ 2 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ 2 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ -$	- I I I 210 210  - 7 1 - - - 17 6 3 1 - - - 17 6 3 1 1 - - 2 203 3 - 1		-1 1 2 3 3 5 4 - 7 1 - - 2 - - 6 1 3 1 - - 6 1 3 1 - - - 6 1 3 3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	All probably Mental Diseases.	Returns refused.		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	11111411111111111161111,11111	11111111111111111111111111111111111111			-4 43 300 6829 9 5 7 97 97 97 111 443 9 9 	Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.
TOTAL	93	79	104	27	556	345	588	119	1000	96	-	57	12	11	-	-	-	2787	

				/ O U	T - D 0	OR				WO	RKHO	USE
WEEKS	Kent 1	Road, Mr. B	abbage	Londor	n Road, Mr.	Wakem	Borough	Road, Mr.	Llewellyn		Mr. Brown	
	Old Cases	New Cases	Total	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Qid Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL
1	32	33	65	30	25	55	50	43	93	108	20	128
2	37	40	77	13	24	37	52	49	101	117	18	135
3	30	42	72	19	55	74	54	50	104	118	13	131
4	44	46	90	43	29	72	55	61	116	112	8	120
5	18	63	81	30	35	65	43	59	102	108	9	117
6	27	47	74	29	27	56	55	43	98	104	6	110
7	23	56	79	26	35	61	40	45	85	105	9	114
8	31	50	81	23	31	54	40	58	98	101	7	108
9	49	36	85	14	13	27	61	37	98	98	9	107
0	47	39	88	19	23	42	36	44	80	100	8	108
1	51	33	84	19	16	35	40	32	72	104	4	108
2	53	34	87	15	24	39 -	40	39	79	101	2	103
••••••	40	37	77	25	11	36	56	28	84	97	6	103
TOTAL.	482	556	Average under care weekly, 80	305	348	Average under care weekly, 50	622	588	Average under care weekly, 84	1373	119	Average under care weekly, 114

Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

TABLE 6.—DEATHS Registe Sept											irin	g th	ie G	Juai	rter	en	dinį	50
	AL	LA	GES	-						1	GES	3	_					-
CAUSES OF DEATH	М.	F.	т.	Under 1	1	2	3.—	4		All under 5	5 to 10	10,	15	All under 20	20	40	60	80 and upwds.
All Causes	135	141	276	94	32	24	5	3	-	158	8	3	1	170	28	35	35	8
I. Zymotic II. Dropsy, &c III. Tubercular IV. Brain and Nerves V. Heart, &c. VI. Lungs, &c. VII. Digestive Organs VII. Digestive Organs VII. Kidneys, &c. IX. Childbirth, &c. X. Joints, &c. X. Joints, &c. XI. Skin, &c. XI. Skin, &c. XII. Malformation XII. Malformation XII. Prem. Birth & Debility XIV. Atrophy XV. Old Age XVI. Sudden XVII. Violence, Privation, &c. XVII. Not specified	7 35 13 2 9 	49 6 33 15 3 9 7 -2 	$\begin{array}{c} 95\\13\\68\\28\\5\\21\\16\\-2\\-\\-\\3\\-11\\12\\2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 46 \\ -17 \\ 15 \\ -4 \\ 5 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -3 \\ -1 \\ -3 \\ -3$	14 12 1 23 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 15 16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1111111111111111	$\begin{array}{c} 74 \\ 1 \\ 35 \\ 17 \\ -13 \\ 8 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{array}$	4 4 2 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			5914 1919 11 11 11 11 11	17142124-11111	72371411111116141	111111111111110
1. Small Pox Measles Searlatins Hooping Cough Croup Thrush Diarrhœa Dysentery Cholera Influenza Seurvy and Purpura Ague Remittent Fever Infantile Xgue Remittent Fever Infantile Neumatic Sphilis Syphilis Noma Hydrophobia	-171 + 28 + 1 + - 8 +	- 2 2 5 28 - 3	- 23 312 11 - 555 - 3 1 1 - 15 		1 11117111111131111111	1214116111111111111111	[]=11=11111111111111111111	1111111111111111111111111		$\frac{1}{2}$ 2 11 1 $\frac{1}{50}$ - 1 1 6		111111111111111111111111111111111111111		$-\frac{1}{2}$ 312 1 $-\frac{1}{1}$ 9 $+\frac{1}{1}$ - 1 - 1 - 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	11111111111141111111			
II. Hæmorrhage Dropsy Abscess Uleers Fistula Mortification Cancer Gout	312	1 1 1 3 - 3	9491   1   5		1111111		1111111	11111111	1111111		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1111111	1111111	-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		1 2 4 4 4	1	11111111
III. Serophula. Tabes Mesenterica Phthisis Spasmodic Croup Hydrocephalus	8 23 1	- 14 16 - 3	- 22 39 1 6	- 13 1 - 3	- 5412	- 3 1 - 1		1111	1111	- 21 7 1 6	- 1 1 	1111	1111	-22 8 1 6				11111
IV. Cephalitis Apoplexy Paralysis. Delirium Tremens Chorea Epilepsy Tetanus Insanity Convulsions Disease of Brain, &c.	-417	3 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 9 1	1341-2161	1	1111111111	111111111	1111111111		111111111	1	111111111	111111111	1111111111	1	111111111	1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1	- 2 2 + 1 1 + 1 + 1	1

V. Pericarditis		
CAUSES OF DEATH         M. F. T.         I under 1         S under 2           V. Pericarditis		13:
CAUSES OF DEATH         M.         F.         T.         I appun         S         S         I <thi< th=""></thi<>		B.
Aneurism	40	80 and upwds.
Disease of Heart, &c 2 3 5 1 - 1 2	$\frac{-}{1}$ $\frac{-}{1}$	
VI. Laryngitis       -       -       2       2       -       1       1       -       -       -       2       -       -       -       2       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       2       -	- - - - -	11111
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1111111	111111
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Isenuria         -<	111111	111111
Childbirth (See Metria)		1111
X. Rheumatism		
Discourse of Mules As		111
XII. Cyanosis		
Privation of Food       -	- 1    - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	111111111
We want the state of the state	- 1  	111

10 Parish	y sum	o congo ti	he Martyr	2							port of t								_		11
			TABI	E 7.—S	unitary In	spections	during the	Quar	ter er	iding 26	th Septe	mber, 18	857.	,		-					
	Cases	Number of Houses or Places visited	Number of Visits of Medical Officer and Inspector	Premises unclean, or dilapidated within	Overcrowded	Unfit for habitation	Insufficient Ventilation	Deficient	No supply	Water receptacle, none, bad, or without cover	Bad Drainage	Foul Cesspool	Water Closet defective, or without Water	Insufficient Privy accommodation	Yard badly paved	Cellar badly paved	Refuse accumulated	Dustbin, none or im- perfect	Nuisances from animals	Slaughter-houses, Ma-	wholesome condition Burial Vaults requiring
	119	227	about 900	38		1	2	32		25	135	114	30	5	46	3	recorded. a three of sited.	75	8		4 8
Work completed	79	137		20	•	1	2	31		10	66	39	27		17	3	narly one ir uses via	30	1		
Not begun, or left unfinished.	40	90		18	•	•	•	1		15	69	75	3	5	29		Not regulation in the second s	45	2		4 8
Nam	nes of Pla	uces, and 1	Dates of Q	official or	Friendly 1	Notices ar	re annezed,	in w	hich ti	he Work	ordered	was not	comple	ted at th	he end oj	the Q	uarter.				
The following are old cases reported Mr. Able, Bone-boiler, Green	last year :- n-street—]	_ dr. Ray, P	lone-hoiler,	Green-stre	et.					24, Mi	nt-street							F.N. O.N.	D 21   27   1	ate 8   57 0   57	•
The following are from the fourth 6 to 11, Spiller's-court-34,	quarterly i King-stree	report :	road.							3 and	+, Staple-	street						. F.N.			
The following are from the fifth quar King's Arms, Old Kent-road-	terly repor	t:		-75. Kent-	street. (Da	irv).				10, W	lliam-stre	eet, Suffo	ik-street,	••••••			{	(F.N. O.N.	$\begin{array}{c c} 22 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{array}$	8   57 1   57	
m and in an form the sinth and	starle see						at street -			Bone-	soiler, 25,	Green-s	treet					F.N. O.N.	$\begin{array}{c c} 26 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{array}$	8   57 1   57	
The following are from the sixth qua Caroline-crescent.—1 to 7, Pa 30, Green-street.—1 to 9, Cas	stle Yard;	Northampt	on-row, Old	Kent-road	•					15, Lo	ndon-stre	et						F.N. O.N.	27	8   57 9   57	5
The following are cases taken in hand of the quarter :	d during t	his (the sev	enth) quart	er, and not	reported a	s finished a Date	at the end			5 10 7	Nelson-r	Jace						F.N. 0.N.	28 15		
1 to 13, East-place, Wes																					
1 to 5, Chapel-court, Hig				5	F.N. 10	7   57				10 to 1	9, Union-	-street, D	orougn-r	oad				F.N. O.N.	$\begin{array}{c c} 28\\ 29 \\ 1 \end{array}$	0   57	
24, Valentine-place				5	O.N. 24 F.N. 10					6, Lon	don-stree	t					}	F.N. O.N.	22	9   57      9   57      57	
29, Bond-street, Boroug					-					2, Sun	rey-square	e					{	F.N. 0.N.	4 22	9   57 9   57	
Do.			•••••	(	F.N. 10	10   57   7   57				1, Nor	thampton	-street						F.N. O.N.	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 27 \end{bmatrix} 1$	9   57	
34 and 35, Pitt-street, St	. George's	-road			O.N. 4	9 57							I.I. Wand	have			1	F.N. O.N.	6	9   57	
2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, York-st	reet				0.N. 4	9 57				33 10 4	37, Surrey	-prace, o	in Kent-	road			í J	0.N.	$   \begin{array}{c c}     9 & 1 \\     27 & 1   \end{array} $	1   57   57	
Cow Shed, Noel-street .			•••••	{		10 57				1, Nel	son-yard							F.N. O.N.	15 9   1	$   \begin{array}{c c}     9 & 57 \\     1 & 57   \end{array} $	
9 to 14, York-street				{	F.N. 16 O.N. 4					13 and	14, Will	iam-stree	t					. F.N.			
37, Bridge House-place,	•••••					7 57				158, H	ligh-stree	t						F.N. O.N.	$\begin{vmatrix} 25 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix} 1$	9   57 1   57	
18, Upper Green-street .		••••••		{	F.N. 28 O.N. 7	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 9 \\ 57 \end{vmatrix}$				117, K	ent-street	t					}	F.N. O.N.	$\begin{array}{c c} 26 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{array}$	$   \begin{array}{c c}     9 & 57 \\     1 & 57   \end{array} $	
1 to 6, Elizabeth's-place				{	F.N. 6 O.N. 17	8 57 9 57				9 to 1	3, Frederi	ck-place,	Old Ker	nt-road		• •••••••		. F.N.	26		
Atlas Works, Borough-1	road				F.N. 8 O.N. 22	$\begin{vmatrix} 8 & 57 \\ 9 & 57 \end{vmatrix}$				14 to	19, Potier	street					{	F.N. O.N.	28 26   1	9   57 0   57	
33, Market-street				í	F.N. 22	8 57 9 57				1 to 4 5 to 7	Hunter	-place .						F.N. 0.N.	28 27   1	9   57 0   57	
				(	Calle 1					13 P	tion stress							EM	981	01.57	

### ERRATA.

In last Report, page 3, £2 2s. 0d. are the Receipts for three houses, of which that specified is one.

Table 6. Add column "5.-" in each case to column "5 to 10" and deduct from column "All under 5."

## **REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,**

For the Fourth Quarter, 1857.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE VESTRY,

I AM now prepared with my report for the quarter ending. Christmas. I have, during the quarter, brought before you six individual reports; the matters contained therein, have, for the most part, been dealt with, or are under process: I fear, however, that the true principles of sanitary action are not sufficiently known or recognised, for the work is often found to be so done, as to promise no lasting or good effect. There can be no question as to supplying water to water-closets ; yet how frequently, even in new and "finished" work, we find either no contrivance at all for water supply, or a mere makeshift. The disgusting consequences of leaving them without water, can only be appreciated by those who visit the places. I would at once rather advise a return to the abominable cesspool, than have these closets badly panned and trapped, unprovided with water, and the contents allowed slowly to run through old imperfect drains. In this way, the contents force through or leak through, saturating the ground, tainting the atmosphere about, and making the houses very disgusting and unhealthy to live in. In these cases, I have often perceived the privy smells at the front doors of the houses. At this very time, in John-street and William-street, are houses apparently properly panned and trapped, connected with high level old brick drains, never intended for this purpose, in which the people complain of the smells that continually assail them. I believe these vestry premises to be another case in point. When we enter old or defective drains, (putting our new work upon an old garment as it were,) the more perfect the trap, the more are the gaseous and liquid contents forced out in other directions ; that is, in the yards and basements, in the soil immediately under or around the houses. I, of course, can only judge by repeated illness, and repeated complaints, which must be noticed and reported upon by me as often as they occur ;--with the sick reports that come before me weekly, I am sure to hear again of these patched-up places. All these are most weighty reasons why the work ordered should be perfectly done, and done at once. Again, the conditions necessary to produce or quicken decay are known to all chemists, and, indeed, to every one. To make your dung-heap and ash-heap ferment, and give forth foul vapours continually, you require moisture, free exposure, and the sun's or other heat;-keep it close, keep it dry, and keep it cool, you as far as possible prevent decay. In a parish like this, with thousands of refuse heaps, and a soil already saturated with foul matter, the importance of this cannot be over-rated. Yet, with this knowledge so widely spread, our dust-bins and refuse inclosures are so often found constructed without covers; open to the sun and to the rain, to produce the evil; and to the wind to disperse it among the inhabitants. It is, doubtless, because of these well-known principles, that the Act of Parliament orders proper doors and coverings. The refuse is not collected in the poorer districts with regularity, nor according to the plan laid down some time since by this vestry; nor do we sufficiently press upon the poorer classes the duty of caring for health and for the property they occupy. I now merely mention these matters. I will endeavour to place them clearly before you in an annual report.

This quarterly report consists chiefly of tables, as usual. The first Table shews an increased mortality as compared with corresponding quarters of 1855 and 1856; it is, nevertheless, considerably below the average of the quarter; less deaths, that is, by 61. It shews also considerably less than the actual deaths of the corresponding quarters of nine out of the last twelve years; and it is more

No. 8.

March 1st, 1858.

favourable than the figures shew; in this, that the deaths now recorded are in an increased population. Considering that the causes of increased mortality have been very wide spread, this state of things is not unfavourable. We must not forget that during this quarter, in England, 13,675 persons have died more than in the corresponding quarter of 1855, and 14,176 more than in 1856. In London, 1,293 more than in the corresponding quarter of 1855, and 928 more than in 1856. In the same ratio as all England, our increase would have been 40; it was 39. In the same ratio as London, it would have been 24; it was 39—the excess owing almost entirely to diseases of the breathing organs.

In the second Table are the usual calculations, shewing the enormous pressure of the poor rate in this parish over and above the pressure of the rate in other parishes. We still continue to relieve largely the poor of other parishes, as well as our own, in the shape of casuals—4,794 in the Michaelmas quarter; 4,866 in the Christmas quarter. Most other parishes number their casuals by tens and hundreds only. I have, in previous reports, shewn how this increases disease, and diminishes the chance of a proper provision for the sick poor. I would also draw your attention to that column of this Table which shews our annual mortality as 30 to every thousand living; if we could lose at the rate of Bermondsey, we should lose 110 persons less every year; if at the rate of Hampstead, 650 would every year be saved from death; and the living would, of course, be more healthy. We cannot expect to be as Hampstead; but why should our people die so much faster than those of Bermondsey, St. Giles's, and Bethnal Green ? I, as I think, see the reasons clearly enough; I wish I had the power to convince others.

The third Table shews the total deaths from zymotic disease to have been 56—10 less than in the corresponding quarter last year. Diarrhœa, 12 deaths as against 8 then; this may be considered slight, but it is enough to warn us; especially as we have had a full share of every epidemic, and have lost in all 2,300 persons by cholera. The sprinkling comes before the shower. I would not willingly prophecy evil, but I earnestly and respectfully warn you to have those places where cholera has appeared before, thoroughly cleansed and amended. Of chest diseases, 136 died in 14 weeks, 47 of them from consumption. I shall have something to say in a future report of this disease, and its preventable causes. The weekly average temperature at no time dropped to freezing; it was not, then, the severity of weather, or many and violent changes, that produced so much mortality from chest diseases. The changes were not great, but the weather was not invigorating; the bracing and hardening effect of a healthy winter was wanting. It may be here remarked that rain fell on Thursday, 22nd October, to the extent, on this one day, of one-tenth the average rainfall for a year—about 58,000 gallons to the acre.\*

The fourth Table shews the mortality in districts. 109 in the Kent Road district, or one death in 166 living. 105 in the London Road district, or one in 170 living. 129 in the Borough Road district, or one in 122 living. As to sickness, bearing upon a previous hint, 125 cases of diarrhœa are here recorded, and 535 cases of various chest diseases. I have been favoured with returns from eight institutions, which will be found in this Table; and I have to thank the Officers of these respective institutions for the trouble they have taken to oblige me, and which does not necessarily come within the sphere of their duties.

The poor have suffered much more than in the corresponding quarter last year, an excess of 472 cases is shewn, or 370 in 13 weeks. 91 cases of fever are here recorded; the great majority are happily rather feverish cases than fever. The Relieving Officers inform me that no cases have been sent to the Fever Hospital. I have no doubt that shortly the books will be so kept, that I shall be able to distinguish between one and the other.

The sixth Table gives, as usual, the births, the causes of death, ages and sexes. Of 501 births, 251 were males and 250 females. Of the 343 deaths, 177 were males and 166 females. Other

### Report of the Medical Officer of Health, for the fourth Quarter, 1857.

circumstances being equal, we have gained in population 158 during the quarter, that being the excess of births over deaths. 170 died under ten years of age—that is, half the total deaths;—the diseases I need not further specify, they are all recorded. I have been curious to note the number of very aged persons who died in this quarter : there were 22 from 70 to 80; eight from 80 to 90; three at 93; and two at 94 years of age. Twenty-nine of these were, so far as I can gather, of the poorer or hard working class, so that hard work and a certain amount of privation, are more favourable to a long life than the being in so-called "easy circumstances." I append the analyses of the waters supplied by the Companies to this Parish.

	NOVEMBE	R.		
	Tot	al Impuri	ty. Or	ganle Impurity.
Lambeth Company .		21.56		1.48
Southwark Company		22.56		1.56
	DECEMBEI	2.		
Lambeth Company .		20.84		.56
Southwark Company		20.72		1.24*

The seventh Table shews the amount of Sanitary work under hand during the quarter. There are considerable arrears, partly, no doubt, because of unavoidable difficulties, and the reluctance of parties to do the required work; partly because we are very properly slow to coerce, and prefer to call again and again; giving, indeed, more than sufficient time. The reluctance arises, no doubt, from a belief in the minds of some persons that, with enough delay and obstruction, they may escape the work altogether. This, of course, brings a very large amount of work upon us, and occasionally goes far to embarrass us. As to burial vaults, noticed in this Table, and which have been reported as without improvement from the first : one is in good condition, one requires very slight improvement, but the third, namely, the parish church, requires a speedy and complete alteration. The addresses of places where the work is unfinished, are appended, as usual.

(Signed)

WILLIAM RENDLE.

3

. Dr. Thomson.

TAB	LE 1.—4	Quarterly M	fortality.	
	1855	1856	1857	Average Mortality of the Quarters from 1845 to 1854
First Quarter		304	323	373.6
Second "		292	296	294.8
Third "		350	279	431.1 or 383.1 excluding
Fourth ,, to December 31	290	284	326	Cholera. 391.8

	A	1.13																			
and the		1	TABI	LE 2Mort	ality,	&c.,	con	mpar	ed	with o	ther	Pa	rishes								
		Trinity			rep	Perso	8	son pays to of Poor	tes 1856	Rate as Southwark,	A.	an Acre	nnual 10,000, 850	from every bitants. & 1854	0 Living			uart		ng January 2, 1 wecks	
Conditions of Locality	Parish	Height above Trinity High Water Mark	Area in Acres	Population, 1851	Reg.	Genera Genera Geport	al's	Per	851	Same Rat St. Geo.'s Sou	Density.	Persons to a	Average Annual Mortality in 10,000, 1841 to 1850	Mortality from Cholera, to every 10,000 Inhabitants. Mean of 1840 & 1854	Deaths to 1000 Living 184150	Zymotic Mortality Six Diseases	Fever	Diarrhœa	Total Mortality	Births	Excess of Births over Deaths to Dec. 31
Dense Population. High Level. Wealthy.	St. James	58	164	36,406	£ 12		d. 4	s. 10	d. 3		$\begin{bmatrix} d. \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} 2$	22	206	84.0	22	27	5	2	199		67
Sparse Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	Hampstead	350	2252	11,986	5	16	0	8	3	13	9	5	178	9.5	18	21	3	1	84		35
Dense Population. High Level. Medium Circumstances.	St. Giles	68	245	54,214	5	12	8	5	9	13	4 2	21	252	37.0	27	64	16	10	410		76
Sparse Population. Low Level. Poor.	Camberwell	4	4342	54,667	4	4	0	5	9	10	5	13	231	94.0	24	33	10	11	341		192
Dense Population. Low Level. Poor.	St. George's, Southwark,— Kent-rd. District Borough-rd. ,, London-rd. ,,	1 2 0	$105 \\ 65 \\ 112$	18,126 15,862 17,836							2	73 244 59	252 347 250	<b>}</b> 132.5		13 19 9	432	3 8 1		м. г. 82 88 91 86 78 76 251 250	
	Total	0	282	51,824	3	6	4	7 ]	10	7 1	0 1	84	281		30	41	9	12	343	501	149
33	Newington	1	624	64,186	3 ]	15	0	8	1	8 1	0 1	04	247	122.5	26	41	13	9	465		245
"	Bermondsey	0	688	48,128	3	0	9	5	4	7	1	70	268	159.5	28	53	7	16	330		264
Dense Population. Medium Height. Very Poor.	Bethnal Green	38	760	90,193	1 ]	10	0	3 1	10	3	6 1	19	242	55.0	26	147	35	23	638		376
	All London			2,480,347	5 3	16	1	6	4	18	9.				25						

		DEATHS, f	rom lo	cal we	ekly returns		Barometer	Therm (Aver		int.		Rain	
Week	Total Zymotic Disease	Diarrhœa	Che Dise	ases ases	Total Mortality	Average of the weeks for 10 years	corrected Mean	of Highest	of Lowest	Dew Point. Mean.	Wind	in inches	
1	6	5	3	3	22	25,0	30.001	65.8	55.0	52.8	S.W.	0.07	any last tal.
2	3	1	2	2	16	28.4	29.258	59.6	48.9	45.4	S.W.	0.75	for mu arter   Hospi
3	3	0	5	4	20	27.7	29.893	61.8	52.4	50.6	variable	0.10	arter l g Qu as's ]
4	0	0	1	3	11	25.4	29.687	58.5	50.4	49.6	variable	3.15	he Quarter for many ponding Quarter last Thomas's Hospital.
5	7	3	3	5	28	26.3	29.848	58.4	48.8	45.7	S.W.	0.10	of t tres] St.
6	4	1	5	13	33	27.3	29.867	59.0	52.4	51.4	variable	0.58	verage the col
7	7	1	2	9	31	27.4	30.487	53.4	44.2	42.5	N.E.	0.00	the 8; ts t
8	3	0	3	14	27	30.8	30.220	51.3	43.4	40.9	Easterly	0.00	than the 7.998; i reports t
9	4	1	5	10	30	30.3	29.729	49.2	40.7	39.2	Northerly	0.00	, was much less g to Howard, i Dr. Thomson's
10	7	0	3	10	27	35.0	29.958	52.0	43.6	43.4	S.W.	0.37	How Thom
11	2	0	1	6	25	31.2	30.482	52.5	44.4	45.0	S.W.	0.00	n was ng to Dr.
12	5	0	7	4	31	28.3	30.184	51.3	45.4	42.8	S.W.	0.28	amount of Rain was much less t which, according to Howard, is .54. eorology from Dr. Thomson's 1
13	2	0	1	0	11	29.7	30.204	53.3	45.7	42.8	Westerly	0.05	ount ich, a ology
14	3	0	6	6	31	31.5	30.483	46.0	38.3	38.4	W.	0.00	The amount of Rain was much less than years, which, according to Howard, is 7.99 year 4.54. Meteorology from Dr. Thomson's repor
Summaries and	56	12	47	89	343	404.3	30.021	55.1	46.7	45.0	S.W.	5.45	The years, ' year 4. Met

	] ]	District :	Mortalit	у				1	NEW CAS	SES OF S	ICKNESS	S DURI	NG THE C	UARTEI	2			
	Estima	ted present	Population	, 55,000	(	Out and I	n-door P	oor					INSTIT	UTIONS				
DISEASES	Kent Road 105 Acres. Ppn. 1851, 18,126	London Road, 112 Acres Ppn. 1851, 17,836	_	Work- house. Average Inmates, 475	Kent Road, Mr. Babbage	London Road, Mr. Wakem	Boro' Road, Mr. Llewellyn	Workhouse, Mr. Brown	Royal South London Dispensary	Bethiehem Hospital, &c. Av. lumts. 337 15 Acres	House of Occupations, Av. Inmts, 192	Queen's Bench Prison	School for Indigent Blind Acres, 3.3.10 Av Inmates, 175	Asylum for Deaf & Dumb 4 Acres Av. Inmfr. 340	Magdalen Hospital 3§ Acres Av. Innuts 130	British Schools, Boro' Road, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Acre, Av. Inmis. 84	Yorkshire Schls Westminster Rd. <sup>8</sup> / <sub>8</sub> Acre, Av. Inmts. 38	Sickness Total
mall Pox hicken Pox carlatina, Malignant Sore Throat. ooping Cough iarrhoca ysentery holera ever. gue leumatic Fever heumation rysipelas gyenia. hronic Lung Diseases, (except ) hithisis. cute Lung Diseases, (except ) pithisis. cute Lung Diseases, (except ) pithisis. Bronchitis & & Catarrh i Pleurisy. Pieurisy. Pieurisman ydrocephalus, Tabes, Scrophula, Spasmodie Croup, Convulsions of Infants. ther Diseases, chiefly Chronic . iolence, Privation, Poison, and } Predent Diseases. Hental Diseases. ental Diseases.		1 	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Included in the Boro Road Dis- Included in the Boro Road Dis-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1 1 2 8 8 19 - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2					1		111113111111111111111111111111111111111	No serious Illness. Slight tendency to Diarrhead and Boils	Two Deaths reported in Forty Years	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\1\\5\\42\\41\\125\\2\\-\\91\\11\\16\\6\\9\\-\\3\\3\\106\\40\\398\\5\\54\\40\\398\\5\\54\\41\\616\\7\\-\\78\end{array}$

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				0 U	т-DО	OR					wo	RKHO	USE
WEEKS	Kent	Road, Mr. B	abbage	. Londor	n Road, Mr.	Wakem		Borough	Road, Mr.	Llewellyn		Mr. Brown	
	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL		Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL	Old Cases	New Cases	TOTAL
1	27	35	62	15	19	34		51	27	78	97	9	106
	25	41	.66	17	29	46		52	33	85	100	7	107
	24	42	66	19	23	42		55	56	111	104	13	117
	37	41	78	20	37	57		63	48	111	109	12	121
5	42	57	99	60	35	95		59	57	116	113	12	125
	43	51	94	30	29	59		75	60	135	116	11	127
	36	41	77	29	28	57		78	49	127	121	11	132
	44	25	69	30	49	79		78	36	114	120	10	130
	44	31	75	53	25	78		68	37	105	120	5	125
	44	35	79	34	22	56		69	40	109	115	10	125
	25	17	42	23	15	38	1	73	40	113	118	6	124
	27	31	58	30	29	59		70	43	113	114	7	121
	30	26	56	21	28	49		64	27	91	117	8	125
	28	32	60	45	35	50		56	44	100	123	8	131
OTAL.	476	505	Average under care weekly, 70	426	403	Average under care weekly, 59		911	597	Average under care weekly, 107		129	Average under care weekly, 122

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Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark.

TABLE 6.—DEATHS Registered Januar										irin	g ti	ie (	zua	rter	er	idin	eg
	AL	LAC	RES							A	GES						
CAUSES OF DEATH	М.	F.	т.	Under 1	1	2	3.—	4	All under 5	5 to 10	10 `	15	All under 20	20	40	60	80 and upwds.
All Causes	177	166	343	92	29	23	5	5	154	13	1	2	170	46	62	54	Ш
I. Zymotic II. Dropsy, &c. III. Tubercular IV. Brain and Nerves. V. Heart, &c. V. Heart, &c. VI. Lungs, &c. VI. Lungs, &c. VII. Digestive Organs VIII. Kidneys, &c. IX. Childbirth, &c. X. Joints, &c. X. Joints, &c. X. Joints, &c. XI. Skin, &c. XII. Malformation XIII. Prem. Birth & Debility XIV. Atrophy XV. Old Age XVI. Sudden. XVII. Violence, Privation, &c. XVIII. Not specified	38 26 30 8 1 8 1 7	$28 \\ 5225 \\ 3951 \\ 23 \\ -215 \\ -215 \\ -10 \\ 3$	567705189132231021212117	$     \begin{array}{r}       14 \\       -28 \\       1 \\       \\       \\       10 \\       2 \\      7 \\       7     \end{array} $	6 185 191 11111111111	111111111111	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 3 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ -9 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ -4 \\ 22 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ -7 \\ 2 \end{array}$	7 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		40 -32 222 1 51 3 	8357-5611-11111111	<b>3</b> 2 177 100 3 3 18 2 1 2 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 2 2	4 1 6 1 3 4 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 6 1 9 3	1
1. Small Pox Measles Scarlatina Hooping Cough Croup Thrush Diarrhœa Dysentery Cholera Influenza Scurvy and Purpura Ague Remittent Fever Infantile Typhus Typhus Rheumatie Brysipelas Pyænta Syphilis. Noma Hydrophobia Diptheritis.	1541811311141141311	6 2 1 4 	$\begin{array}{c}1\\-9\\10\\2\\1\\12\\-6\\-1\\-9\\-2\\1\\3\\-1\\1\\1\end{array}$	- 124 116 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1		1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11-19111111111111111111111	THEFT PRESERVED AND A PRESERVEDA AND A PRESERVED AND A PRESERVED AND A PRESERVEDA	1 1 6 8 2 1 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1	1100011111111101111100111	1111111-1111111111111			1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		
II. Hœmorrhage Dropsy Abscess Uicers Fistula Mortification Cancer Gout	1	2	1 3 3 3	1111111	1111111	1111111	1111111	1111111	1111111	1111111	111111	1111111	1111111	12	-1	111111	-
III. Scrophula. Tabes Mesenterica Phthisis Spasmodie Croup Hydrocephaius	8 26 -	- 9 21 - 2	- 17 47 - 6	16313	-71				- 16 7 - 6	- 1 1	11111		17 9 6	- 15 -		1 1 00 1 1	-
IV. Cephalitls. Apoplexy. Paralysis Dehrium Tremens. Chorea Epilepsy. Tetanus Insanity Convulsions. Disease of Brain, &c.	1 - - - - - - - - - 	1773         2775	2 15 4 - 1 1 2 19 8		111111141	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1111111111	1	1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	1111111111	111111111	111111111	1	1 3 I - I - I - I - I I 		1	

Report of the Medical (	Offic	er q	of H	Iealt	h, f	or t	he fo	ourt.	h Q	uar	ter,	185	57.				9
			. 5	501. 343.	Е	lxce	ss o	of B	irth	15 0	ver	De	aths			158	
	AL	LAG	ES							A	GES						
CAUSES OF DEATH	м.	F.	т.	Under 1	1	2	3	4	All under 5	5 to 10	10	15	All under 20.	20	40	60	80 and upwds.
V. Pericarditis Aneurism Disease of Heart, &c	-	5	8	111	111	111	1 1 1	111	111		111	111		1	3	3	111
VI. Laryngitis Bronchitis Pleurisy Pneumonia Asthma Disease of Lungs	1 21 9	- 19 - 14 2 4	$     \begin{array}{r}       3 \\       40 \\       1 \\       35 \\       4 \\       6     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 \\       8 \\       - \\       17 \\       - \\       2     \end{array} $	13-5-	$\frac{-2}{-6}$			2 15 28 3		11111		2 17 - 29 - 3	- 2 - 2 - 1	$1 \\ 11 \\ -1 \\ 4 \\ 1$	- 9 1 3 - 1	-1
VII. Teething Quinsey Gastritis Enteritis Peritanitis Ascites Ulceration of Intestines Hernia Intussusception Stricture of Intestinal Canal Dis. of Stomach, &c. Dis. of Pancreas Hepatitis Jaundice Disease of Liver	191111111119		1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2	1-1-1		1111111111111111		1111111111111111	1	1111111111111111111	11111111111111	11111111111111	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2			11111111111111
VIII. Nephritis. Nephria (Bright's Dis.) Iscnuria Diabetes Stone 'ystitis Stricture of Urethra Disease of Kidneys, &c.	111111			1111111	1111111	1 1111111	1111111	1111111	I I I I I I I I I	I TITTTT	I TITETTI	1111111	-	1 1 1			1 11111
IX. Paramenia Ovarian Dropsy Childbirth (See Metria) Disease of Uterns, &c.	-	- 1 - 1	- 1 - 1	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111		1111	1111
X. Rheumatism Arthritis Disease of Joints, &c.		2	2 - 1		111	111	1 1 1		111	111		1 1 1	1.1.1	- - 1	111	2	111
XI. Carbuncle Phlegmon. Diseases of Skin, &c.	-	111			111	111	111	1.1.1	1.1.1	111		111	111	1-1-1	1 1 1	111	111
XII. Cyanosis Spina Bifida Other Malformations	-	111	111	111	111	111	1 1 1	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111
XVII. Intemperance Privation of Food Want of Breast Milk Neglect Cold Poison Burns and Scalds Hanging Suffocation Drowning Fractures and Contusions Wounds Other Violence		-13 $-1$ $-13$ $-1$ $-1$ $-1$ $-1$ $-1$ $-1$ $-1$ $-1$	-13-1-13-2	-	111111111111	111111111111	11111111111	11111111111	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		111111111111	111111111111	1 1 3 1 4 1 1 3 1 1 1 1	11111111111		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11111111111

gg       205       Work completed	EI         ES         Number of Houses or Places visited           About 800-The sub- places visited         Number of Visits of Medical Officer and Inspector	66 Premises unclean, or dilapidated within	Overcrowded	Tions during the Contract of t		ater Alddns oN	Water receptacle, none, bad, or without cover	Bad Drainage	Foul Cesspool	Water Closet defective, or without Water	Yard badly paved	Cellar badly paved	Refuse accumulated	Dustbin, none or im-	Nuisances from animals badly kept	Slaughter-houses, Ma- nufactories in un- wholesome state	Burial Vaults requiring improvement
Work completed     205       Not begun, or left unfinished.     71	E1         E2         Number of Houses           F1         E2         Places visited           About 900-The cal- relations, that cal- place is visited an he have a true times.         Number of Visits	55 65 Premises unclean, dilapidated within	4		Deficient		Water receptacle, bad, or without	Bad Drainage	Foul Cesspool	Water Closet defective, or without Water	Yard badly paved	Cellar badly paved	Refuse accumulated	none or	Nuisances from animals badly kept	ses, in	rial Vaults requiring uprovement
Work completed	133 180 About 2000–The eal- and althout is that each average three times.	28		18 2				1									Bu
	s, and Duies of O		2	2 2 16 . ces are annexed,	173 1871	+ich th	94 58 36 he Work	111 56 55	68 22 46 was not	63 40 23 completed	92 55 37 d at the	2 2	the Not regularly recorded. Probably cee in three of all cases visited.	134 70 64	1 1	4	3.2
The following are from the fourth quarterly re 6 to 10, Spiller's-court. The following are from the fifth quarterly report : King's Arms, Old Kent-road. The following are from the seventh quarterly rep 1 to 13, East-place, West-square 1 to 5, Chapel-court, High-street 34 and 35, Pitt-street, St. George's-re 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, York-street 9 to 14, York-street 37, Bridge House-place 18, Upper Green-street 20, Surrey-square 2, Surrey-square 1, Northampton-street 9 to 13, Frederick-place, Old Kent-r 14 to 19, Potier-street 1 to 42 1 to 50 1 to 50		F.N. F.N.	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 29 & 6 \\ 10 & 7 \\ 4 & 9 \\ 16 & 7 \\ 4 & 9 \\ 16 & 7 \\ 4 & 9 \\ 16 & 7 \\ 28 & 7 \\ 9 \\ 8 & 8 \\ 22 & 9 \\ 8 \\ 22 & 9 \\ 8 \\ 22 & 9 \\ 8 \\ 11 \\ 4 & 9 \\ 22 & 9 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 27 & 11 \\ 4 \\ 9 \\ 22 & 9 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 27 & 11 \\ 26 & 9 \\ 26 & 9 \\ 26 & 10 \\ \end{array}$	57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 5	Th	he follo	Bone- Bone- Thoma Upper 7, Dri Bond- 8, Glo Elizal Ebdea Warw 96, L John- John- John-	boiler, 24 Do. boiler, 30 Do as-court, r Green-st r Green-st r Green-st r Green-st r Green-st r Green-st -street, 19 oster-place Do. n-court, r Do. n-court, r Do. street, Gr -street, S, -street, S, am-street,	, Green-st Great Suff Do. treet, 1, 2, treet, 11 to blace, Wat Do. , 20, 20, 2 e, Old Ker Do. e, Waterlo	reet Sumr Sumr Solk-street, 3, 4, 5, 6, 0 21 inclus erloo-road 11, 22, 23, at-road Summoned 15 	noned moned 1, 2, 3, 7, 9, 10 ive Summ 24, 25, Summone mmonee  2, 3, 4,	4, 5, 6, 3 0	s, 9, 10 Sumn s, 30		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

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