#### [Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Poplar, Metropolitan Borough].

#### **Contributors**

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# METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF POPLAR

# ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE

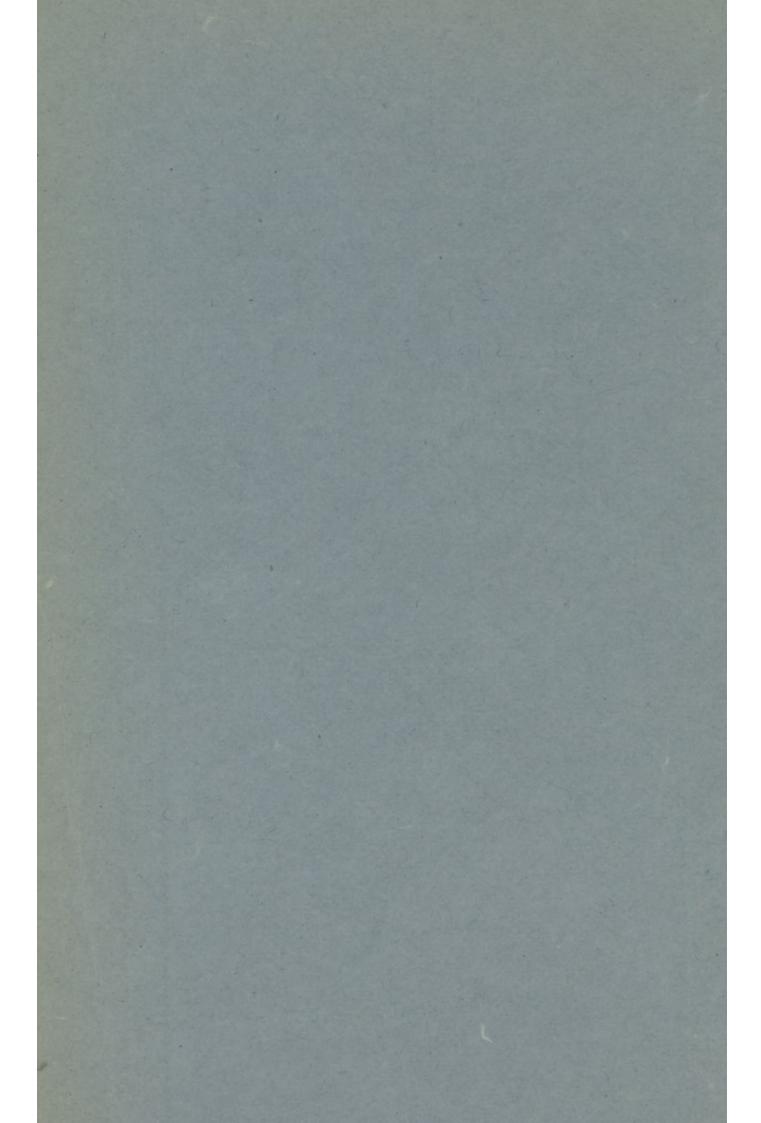
YEAR 1938

ON

The Sanitary Condition and Vital Statistics of the Metropolitan Borough of Poplar

BY

W. ALLAN YOUNG, D.S.O., M.D., CH.B., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health.





METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF POPLAR

# Annual Report

FOR THE

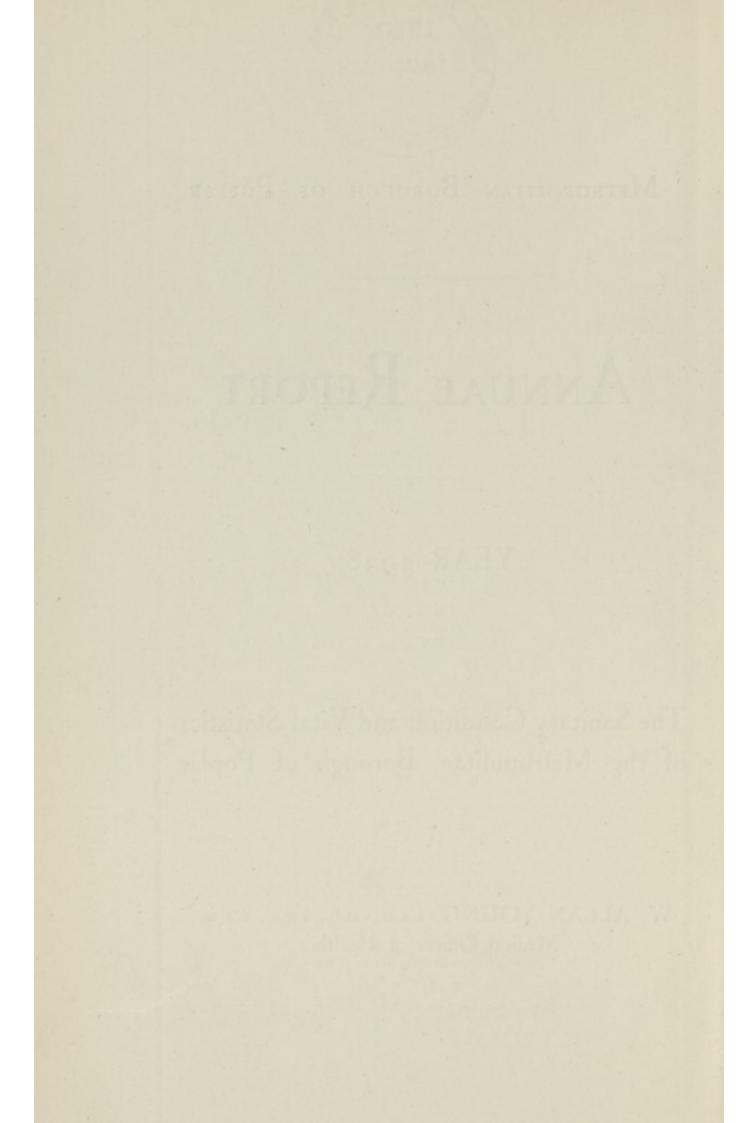
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## PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE (November, 1937).

Councillor Mrs. E. M. Lambert, J.P., L.C.C., Mayor (ex-officio).

Chairman: Councillor J. A. Ashley.

Vice-Chairman: Mrs. N. F. Cressall.

Cllr. Andrews, W.

Cllr. Edgett, G. E.

Cllr. Pidwell, C. J.

Cllr. Ashley, J. A. (Ch.)

Cllr. Fisher, J.

Cllr. Philp, F. C.

Cllr. Butchins, S.

Cllr. Goodway, T. J.

Cllr. Stone, G.

Ald. Cressall, G. J., (from June, 1938) J.P. Cllr. Hammond, J. A. (died June, 1938)

Cllr. Tremain, F. C.

Cllr. Cressall, Mrs. N. F.

Ald. Jones, J. H.

Cllr. Wooster, J. T.

(V.Ch.)

# MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE (November, 1937).

Councillor Mrs. E. M. Lambert, J.P. L.C.C., Mayor (ex-officio).

Chairman: Cllr. Mrs. A. L. Harris.

Vice-Chairman: Cllr. Mrs. L. M. Sadler.

Cllr. Cressall, Mrs. N. F. Cllr. Sadler, Mrs. L. M.

Cllr. Sims, Mrs. E. Cllr. Stavers, Mrs. E.

Cllr. Fisher, J.

Cllr. Harris, Mrs. A. L. Cllr. Sargent, A. R. Cllr. Shepherd, Mrs. Cllr. Tanner, C. A.

Cllr. Hubbart, P.

A. I.

(V.Ch.)

# Co-opted Members:

Miss E. Herbert (Royal College of St. Katharine).

Mrs. F. A. Cotton.

(Ch.)

Mrs. F. A. Sargent.

Mrs. A. M. Sumner.

Mrs. A. L. Topsom.

## STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health:
W. ALLAN YOUNG, D.S.O., M.D. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Camb.).

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Tuberculosis Officer: G. O. MITCHELL, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant Tuberculosis Officer: L. D. RICHARDS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Public Analysts (Part-time):
ALBERT E. PARKES, F.I.C., F.C.S.
H. A. PARKES, B.Sc., F.I.C.

### GENERAL PUBLIC HEALTH SECTION, PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICE.

Chief Administrative Assistant:

## HAROLD DYER.†

#### Sanitary Inspectors:

		Sanitary Inspectors:	
	H. A. TIBBATTS.*	(a) F. A. SMITH. * ‡	(d) E. A. MAY. ††‡
	W. J. COLBORNE††	(a) A. L. Dove. ††‡	(d) G. L. Belshaw††‡
	H. J. LANGLEY.*†	(a) N. L. Brown,	(d) T. C. B. Rose. ††‡
	C. S. Westbrook. *‡	(from 11-4-38)	(e) I. M. G. FARRIES. ††
(a)	Wm. Johnson.*‡	(b) C. A. GRABHAM. * ;	(e) C. H. MEDLAND. ††‡
314	(retired 4-7-38)	(b) H. A. PEARCE. *† §‡	Miss D. A. E.
(a)	S. Kelly.*	(c) H. W. LUKE. ††‡	LANDRAY. ¶*!!

(a) District Inspectors.
 (b) Food Inspectors and certain duties regarding child life protection.
 (c) Inspector for Houses divided into separate tenements, Common Lodging Houses, Seamen's Lodging Houses and Deputy Food Inspector.
 (d) Housing Inspectors.
 (e) Special Inspectors for Disinfestation.

J. CHAPMAN, C. F. GREGORY, F. S. JOLLIFFE (resigned 30-4-38), N. L. BROWN (appointed Sanitary Inspector), C. J. Cooley (resigned 17-12-38), R. P. MAY, R. C. PARR and J. W. Dale (District Inspectors' Assistants). A. S. Collyer (part-time unqualified Assistant to assist the Food Inspectors).

#### Clerks:

F. J. WHITE.\*
W. F. ROBERTS.
MISS S. FELLS.
MRS. E. LONG.

A. Hamilton.††
J. T. Donovan.
S. B. Leader.

W. G. BARNETT. D. G. FLYNN. A. T. BURTON.

R. G. Anderson (Office Boy)

Caretaker and Messenger: C. E. RICHARDSON.

H. HARBOTT (Chauffeur).

Vaccination Officer:
P. RYAN.

#### Public Vaccinators.

The Medical Superintendents of St. Andrew's Hospital, St. Clements Hospital and Bromley House Institution are the Public Vaccinators to their respective Institutions.

\* Cert. S.I.E. Board. † Cert. R.S.I. †† Cert. R.S.I. & S.I.E.J.B. ‡ Cert. Meat and Food Inspector. § R.P.C. ¶ C.M.B. || H.V.Cert. (Board of Education). ‡‡ 3 years' General Nursing Certificate.

### TUBERCULOSIS SECTION.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Tuberculosis Officer: DR. G. O. MITCHELL.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant Tuberculosis Officer: DR. L. D. RICHARDS.

MISS H. MESSEM.

Health Visitors:

MISS D. WOOD. MISS N. ROBERTS. \*\*

Dispenser: MISS K. GENTRY.

Clerks:

MISS A. D. FROST. MISS J. SMITH.

Secretary to Care Committee: MISS L. NUGENT.

Nurse-Helper: MRS. E. TOMLINS (temporary).

Caretaker: W. J. PARKER (retired 1st Aug. 1938)

Non-resident Porter : I. SAINT (from 3rd December, 1938.)

# DISINFECTING STATION, YEO STREET.

Disinfectors:

W. Hodget (Chief).

F. FARROW.

There are also two Apparatus Attendants and one Motor Driver. Four other men are employed in disinfestation work.

MANUFACTURE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTROLYTIC DISINFECTING FLUID. Manufacturing: T. KELLEHER and C. W. SHAW. There are also 3 Distributors, a Lorry Driver and Attendant.

SHELTER AND CLEANSING STATION. Attendants: Mrs. A. Howe. Mrs. M. Allen.

#### MORTUARY.

Mortuary Keeper and Caretaker of Coroner's Court: D. HOGAN. Relief Mortuary Keeper: C. HAGON.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SECTION. (Part-time Medical and Dental Staff).

Clinic Medical Officers: MRS. H. M. GORDON CLARK, M.D., Ch.B. (Glasgow). \*MISS E. MARIAN LAYMAN, M.B., B.S. (London).

MRS. M. B. GRAHAM MORTON, M.D. Ch.B. (Glasgow). MRS. D. F. EGAN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

\*Also Medical Officer-in-charge Artificial Light Treatment. San. Insp. Cert. R.S.I. \*\*H.V. Cert. R.S.I.

Dental Surgeon: C. HAMMOND WILLIAMS, L.D.S., R.C.S. (Eng.).

Anaesthetist: S. HUTCHINSON, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).

> Chief Health Visitor: MISS J. M. CARDOZO, R.R.C. \* 1+

> > Health Visitors:

MRS. M. J. EDGELL. § MISS M. MALLETT. MISS E. A. FOSKETT.\* T

MRS. E. K. HAYTHORNTHWAITE.\*

(c) Miss G. I. Hill\*¶

(c) MISS E. D. HOWLETT\*\*

(c) MISS B. E. LETTS\*¶

(c) Miss M. H. Sutcliffe\*¶† (c) Miss E. A. H. Williams.\*¶

MISS A. EATON\* Sister-in-Charge Artificial Light Treatment.

Miss J. Harris, Unqualified Assistant (Artificial Sunlight).

Clerk:

MISS K. D. EVANS.

Non-Resident Porter at Old Ford Clinic: G. F. GEACH.

OBSERVATION WARDS.

Wellington Road, Bow, E.3.

Consulting Physician: H. St. H. VERTUE, M.A., M.D., Ch.B. (Oxford.)

Emergency Medical Officer: D. G. MACRAE, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)

Matron-in-Charge: Miss A. C. Andrews.\* ¶

Sister: MISS K. WALKER (resigned). MISS E. JOHNSON (from 1st March, 1938).

Two Staff Nurses, three Probationers, one Cook, one Maid and a Porter.

FREE MILK SCHEME.

Clerks:

MISS K. PHELAN. MISS C. RUDD. MISS V. S. ROBERTS.

Investigation and Enquiry Officer (part-time): A. S. COLLYER.

† Cert. S.I.E.B. § Cert. Mid. Colonial Medical Association. \*C.M.B. ¶ Three Years' General Nursing Certificate. †† Fully Trained at Children's Hospital. (c) New H.V. Certificate.

# PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

POPLAR TOWN HALL,

Bow ROAD, E.3.

7th June, 1939.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors

of the Metropolitan Borough of Poplar.

SIR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

In submitting this report upon the health of the Metropolitan Borough of Poplar for the year 1938 I would remind the Council that the extra duties in connection with Air Raid Precautions and the Council's general instruction that such work is to take precedence over the ordinary work of the Department have resulted in considerable disturbance of the routine work during the last nine months. A special investigation which was being carried out at the request of the Minister of Health, concerning wells in the Borough and their association with London's underground water supply, has been unavoidably delayed.

## STATISTICS.

It will be seen from the report that the rates for births, deaths and infantile mortality are slightly lower than the corresponding rates for the previous year, but, apart from the fact that the birth rate is the lowest recorded, there is nothing which calls for special comment.

# MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

The new clinic at Old Ford is referred to on page III of this report and plans and photographs are shown.

## CONFERENCES.

The Council was represented at various Conferences during the year and reports of delegates have been submitted to the appropriate Committees.

STAFF.

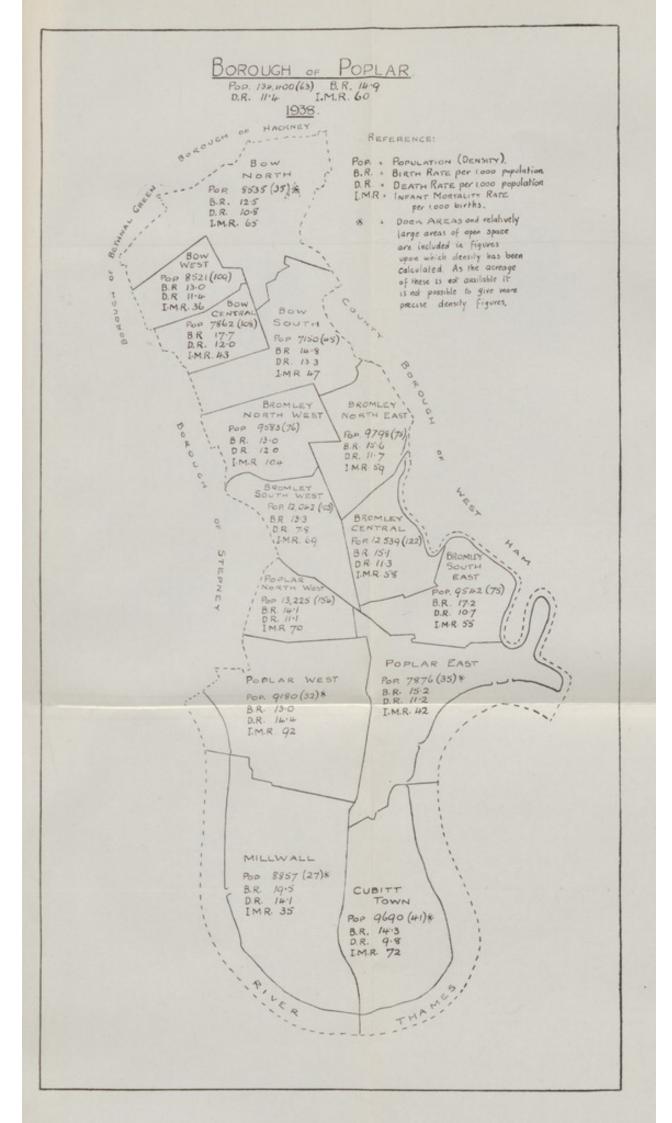
A re-arrangement of the Inspectorial Staff was necessary as a result of Air Raid Precautions work.

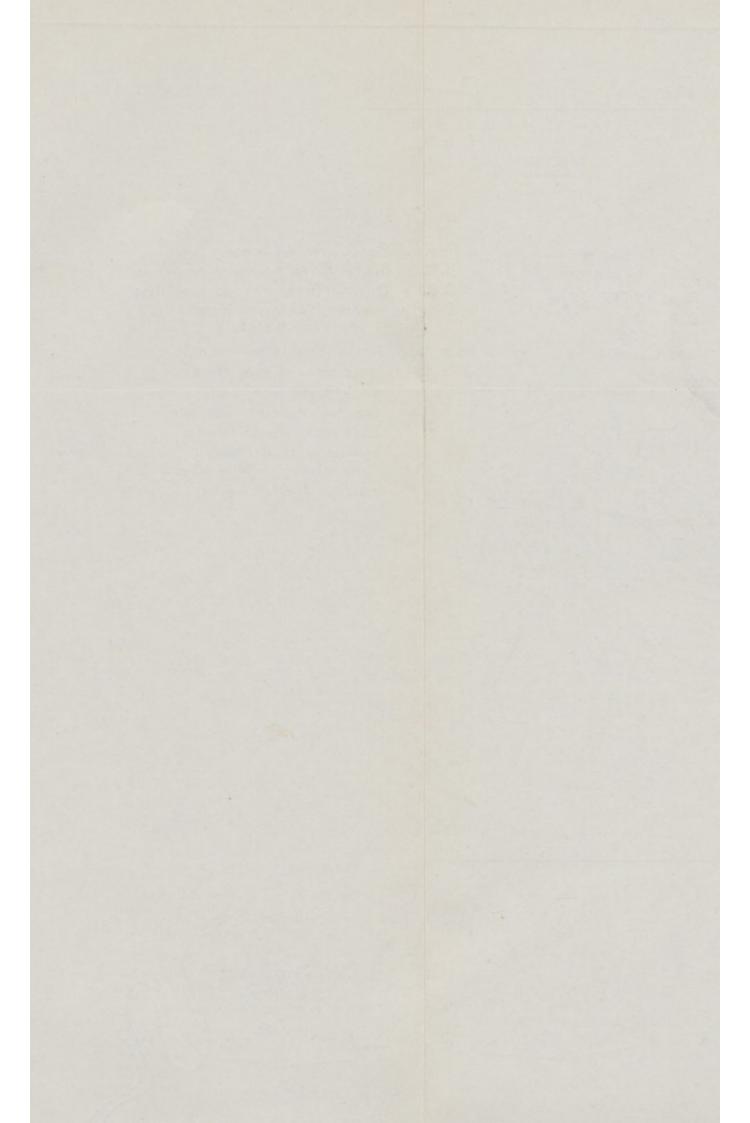
Once again I record my appreciation of the co-operation of members of the Council and Officers of other Departments and the loyal support of my staff.

I am, Sir, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

W. ALLAN YOUNG, Medical Officer of Health.





# Section A.

# STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE BOROUGH.

Area of Borough (excluding water)	2,136 acres
Population (Census, 1931)	155,089
Registrar-General's estimate of resident population—	255,009
mid-1938	134,400
Number of Inhabited Houses (end of 1938) according to	
Rate Books	23,958
Rateable Value (October, 1938)	£785,611
Sum represented by a Penny Rate (April, 1938)	£3,068

Social Conditions, including the chief occupations of the inhabitants, and the influence of any particular occupation on public health.

Poplar is an industrial district with a number of large factories and several docks. There are also many wharves along the river, which bounds the Borough on the south.

# EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS.

(Registrar-General's Figures.) Total M. F. Legitimate .. 1,959 Live 9991 Birth Rate 14.9 per 960 1,000 of the estimated Births Illegitimate.. 42 17 25) resident population. Totals .. 2,001 977 I,024 Still Births 66 32 Rate per 1,000 34 total (live and still) births 31.9. Total M. F. Deaths .. .. I,537 872 665 Crude Death Rate II.4 per I,000 estimated resident population. Adjusted Death Rate 12.7.

Deaths from Puerperal causes (Headings 29 and 30 of the Registrar-General's Short List):—

		Des	ths.	Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births.
No. 29	Puerperal sepsis	3	,	1.45
No. 30	Other puerperal causes	2		0.97
		_		
	Total	5		2.42

(A list of deaths from puerperal causes or otherwise associated with pregnancy, etc., is given on page 123.)

#### 

## Marriages.

During the year the marriages of 2,804 persons were registered, giving a rate of 20.9 as against 17.9, 20.1, 21.2 21.4, and 21.3 in the five years 1933-1937.

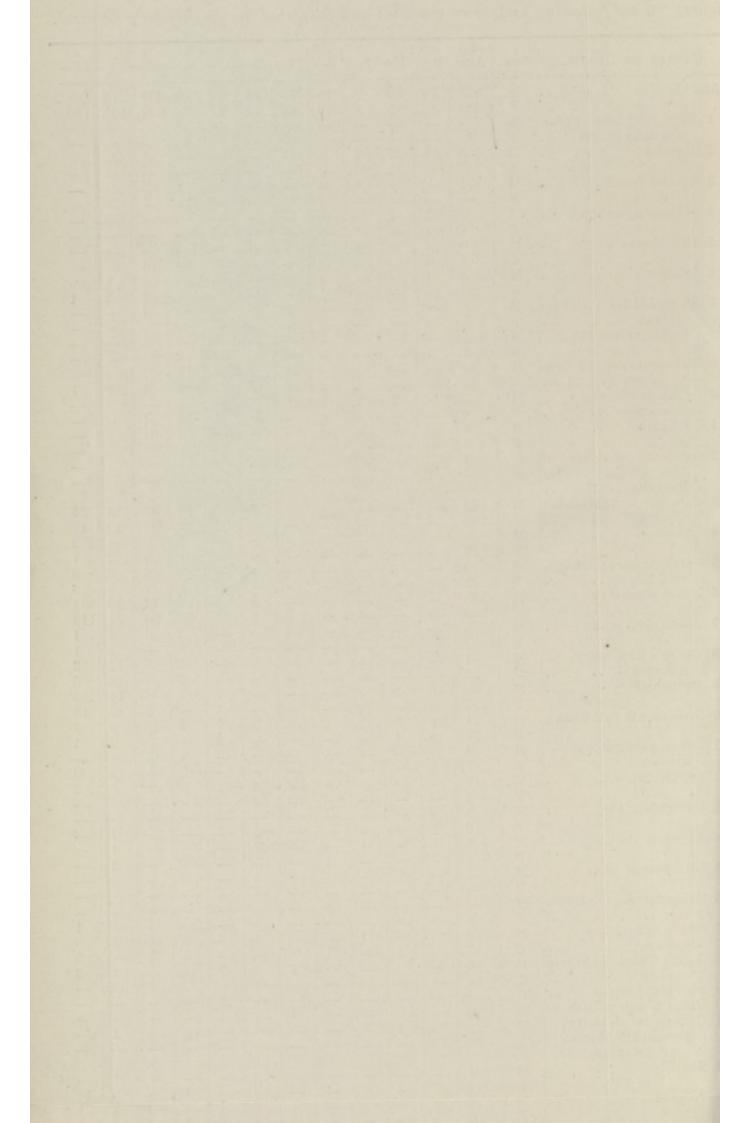
### Natural Increase.

The natural increase of population represented by excess of births over deaths was 464.

The principal causes of death are shown in the chart facing page 10. Heart disease, diseases of the Respiratory System (including Tuberculosis) account for the majority of the deaths, but in placing Heart disease first it should be noted that nearly 76 per cent. of the deaths ascribed to this condition were of persons of 65 years or more.

Figures for the following table were compiled and furnished by the Registrar-General.

	_			-		3			,	2403	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	47-06	recruer.
Causes of Death.	Sex.	All Ages	0-	1-	2-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	-65-	75—
ALL CAUSES		872	70	12	5	16	33	34	32	93	174	215	184
l Typhoid and para-	F M	665	51	5	6	13	18	24	27	56	106	163	196
typhoid fevers 2 Measles	F	6	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
2 Canalat farms	F	7	4	2	1	=	_	=	_		=	=	=
	M F	1	_	=	_	=	=	-	_	1	-	-	-
4 Whooping cough	M F	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	_	=	_	=	_
5 Diphtheria	M	6	1	_	2	2	1	_	_	=	=	=	=
6 Influenza	F	4 4	1	=	2	2	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
7 Encephalitis lethar-	F	6 2	-	-	-	1	-	=	_	1	1	1 2	1
gica	F	-	=	_	_		1	=	_	=	1	=	_
8 Cerebro-spinal fever	M F	1 2	-	=	_	-	_	-	1	-	-	-	-
9 Tuberculosis of re- spiratory system	M F	53	-	-		_	11	8	6	12	11	5	_
10 Other tuberculous	M	45	_	1	1	2	12 2	15	4	6	3	1	1
diseases	F	4 4	=	=	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	_	_
10.0	F	1	-	=	_	_	=	=	=	2	1	1	_
the insane, tabes	M F	4	_	_	=	=	_	=	2	1	-	1	-
dorsalis	м	142									-		_
disease	F	102	=		_	_	1	3	5 3	15 22	45 30	49 29	24 17
	M F	5 17	_	_	_	_	=	=	_	1	2 8	-	2
15 Cerebral haemorrhage, etc	M F	22 23	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	3	6	7 5	1 8
16 Heart disease	M	255	_	=	=	_	_	3	5	1 17	7 47	9 96	6 87
17 Aneurysm	FM	229	_	_	=	3	1	3	5	10	23	71	113
18 Other circulatory	F	3 31		-	_	_	_	-	=	2	1	1 1	1
diseases	F	25	_	=	=	_	_	_	=	2 2	5 7	12 8	12
	M F	36	10	1	=	_	=	-	1	1	4	11	8
20 Pneumonia (all forms)	M F	71 27	16	3	2	2	3	3	2	9	2 15	5 9	10
21 Other respiratory diseases	M	5	8	1	=	=			4	1 2	5 3	4	4
22 Peptic ulcer	F	7	1	_	=	_	-	- 1	-	1	-	3	2 2
23 Diarrhoea, etc	FM	2 9	-	-	-	-	=	1	1	4	6	3	2
94 Appendicitie	F	10	9 8	_	_	_	_	1	=	_	_	1	=
	M F	4 2	1	-	1	1	=	1	-		-	1	-
25 Cirrhosis of liver	M F	2	-	-	-	-		_	=	2	_	1	=
26 Other diseases of liver,	M	=	=	=	=	_	_	=	=	=	_	-	-
27 Other digestive	F	30	_	_	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
diseases	F	7	-	1	-	1	=	=	3	3	2	5	5
nephritis	F	14	_	_	_	=	1	1	1	3	3 3	4 7	3
30 Other puerperal causes	F	0	_	=	-	=	- 1	-	3	-	-	-	=
31 Congenital debility, premature birth,	M F	29	27	1	=	=	-	_	1	_	_	1	_
malformations, etc.		19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
	M F	20			=	_	-	-	-	-	-	1	_
33 Suicide	M F	12	-	-	-	=	1	2	1	2	2	2 3	10
34 Other violence	M	36 .	-	8000	=	7	6	5	1 2	1 4	1 1	=	1
35 Other defined	F M	22 65	1 1	3	1	1 3	-6	1 6	1	-	3	4	11
diseases 36 Causes ill-defined or	FM	38	2	1	2	1	3	2	2 4	6 3	18	6	13 5
unknown	F	4	=		_	=		_	_	=	=	_	1
							Legit			Ille	git.		_
		1		M			66			4		-	
Deaths under 1 year .		-11-		F.			47			4	1		
		()	Tota	ls			113		1	8	3		



#### TABLE II.—CAUSES OF, AND AGES AT DEATH DURING 1938.

		1						Ares	at Dan	ah-h	Year								No	mber of 1	Graffha e	of Basid	lents of	Wards						Nett	Death	s in Put	blic last	litutios	m(at all	ages)	Nett	
Causes of Death.	Total Deaths.		Total		oter 5 y	Tro	I	Agen	The Des		- tours	T	T	П	1		Bow.		1		Baows	access of the second	ITUME OF	Was up.		-	OFIAL.			Proplac dibution.	drew's	metal's	aley ties ties	day.	oles.	ribe.	Total Death In Public	
(Manual of the International List of Causes of Death, 1931.)	L. Hatter		All	0-	1- 1	in lin	Sec. 1	6- 10	11-	20-	20- 3	5- 45	- 55-	65- 5 at 01	d North	Wo	et. Cont	ral. Sou	in No	rth- Nor	th- So	oth- S	outh-	Contral.	North- West.	West.	East.	Mill- wall.	Cubitt Town.	Instit	St. An	BL. Cle	Bestlin	Pop	Foots	Court	Institutions,	Causes of Death.
1			2	3	4	5 (		7 8	8 9	10	11	12 11	14	15 16		1																				1300		
Il Causes Cortified	- {	MMMW	601 601	28 47	15	9 9	000	10 7	8 14 5 20	19 8	35 73	13 90	173	215 184 161 193	} "	1		4 0	5 1	15 11		94	100	142	117	132	85	96	125	76	705	30		28	17	261	1119	All Causes Certified Uncertified
Typhoid and Faratyphoid Fevers	- 1	M								-					3	1																						1 Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fev
Measles	14	X	7	3	3	1	2								3		1			2 .		1	1	- 3	1	. 2	1	2		35	1					12	13	I Messles ,.
Scarlet Fever	1 1	M	1		100	2			2 3			3 3	100	100	3							11		**	1					***						1	1	3 Scarlet Fever
Whooping Cough	0 /	M	2	1	1	3									3			1 .		2																2	2	4 Whooping Cough
Diphtheria	10	H	6	1		2	â	3	1						3 1			1	1		2	1		1		1	1		1	***	=					8	10	5 Diphtheria
Informs	10	M	1	1			î	210	1 0				1	11 3	3		1	1 .		2 .					1	2		2	1		0					2	4	6 Inducasa
Encephalitis lethargica	= 1	M	2						1 3	13			1		3!			10				40		1	-		1			-1						1	2	7 Encephalitis irthargica
Cerebro-spinal Fever	11	M	i	12								1	17		3			1 6				1		1	-		1		**	35	2			1		11	- 1	8 Cerebro-spinal Fever
Tuberculosis of Respiratory	98	M	83		i		1		1 8	10	8	6 1	11	13 3	{ 11		0	4	1	8	7	10	5	5	33	3	. 5	8	7	14	58	1				0	68	9 Tuberculosis of Respi
Other Tuberculous Diseases	11 ]	и	1		ï	1	1		1 2	1131	15	4 3	1.5	18 3	11 1			1	1 .		1	1		1	1		1	1	2	100	6					5	10	50 Other Tuberculous Diseases
Syphilis	5)	H	5					1				3 3	1	13 3	{								1		=	1				1					1			11 Syphills
General Puralysis of the Insane.	4)	N	1							100		3 19	1 ::	1 :	3										2	1		1		2	1				(42	1		13 General Paralysis of the 1
fabes dersadis Cancer, malignant disease	247	Y X	145						2 2	13	2	1 1	144	40 2	{ 11	1	100	A 1	8	14 1	23	16	13	27	11	14	8	20	22	1	1:1	2		3		45		tabre dorsalia
Diabetes	22	F M	100								1	2 2	30	29 17	3					2	3		4	1	2.		1	2			14					2		
Cerebral basmorrhage, etc	41	F	18				8						8 7	7 1	3 3		8	2			8		1	-	3		1				28	1		1		2		15 Cerebral hasmorrhage, etc.
Heart Disease	480	1 1	254						- 1		14	1 3	1 12	70 8	{ "		18 1	2 3			ia la	23	40	41	- 67	43	30	27	200	20	215	25		4	2	46		
Aneurysm	2 3	Y M	127						= 1.0		3	7 25	22	71 11	3 .			1		1						1					2				(8)	1	-	17 Anostysm
Other circulatory diseases	58	F	33			8 8							12	1 1	3 :										- 5	10				-	24						38	
Breachitis	00 }	18	26 36	iò	9	:   i						: 1	9	8 8	<b>?</b>						1				-		+			3	275					1		19 Broachitis
Pprumenia (all forms)	100	Ê	24	17	2					10	-		1,5	6 10	2 :			0								11					30					17		20 Pasumonia (all forms)
Other Respiratory Diseases	1 3	F	28	131			1		1 10	10		4 3	13	8 4	31 .							8	-	1	1				- 6	8								
Peptis Ulser	18 }	8	16	1									100	1 3	1 :					-					3						-							21 Other Respiratory Diseases 22 Peptic Ulcer
	17 }	3	2						1 11		i	1 4	100	1 .	3 :									1		2			5	100						34		
	1 1	Î Î	8	7						i	**		1	12 2	) '						ŝ								-					-				23 Diarrhoes, etc
Appendicitie	133	P.	2			1 .		1 :			1		1::	1 ::	3					2 .			. 000							2.0	400					2	7	24 Approdicitie
Circhosis of Liver	1 3	E								13	**	1	1::		}  "	1.0		1	1 3										**	**								25 Cirrhoels of Liver
Other diseases of liver, etc	1	E	15										'i	1 1	3 1									- 11			1			**						**		16 Other diseases of liver, etc.
Other Digestive diseases	114 {	P.	19		i .							3 1	1	4 0	} "	-	300	2		0	3	1		3	2	-		=	4	4.0	8					7		27 Other Digestive diseases.,
Acute and Chronic Nephritis	21 {	Y.	12							1.	1	1 4	3	7 1	3 :		3	2		2	1	2	4	2	2			1	5	**	1.5	2				8		28 Acute and Chronic Nephriti
Puerperal Sepsia	3 2	ř	3						13			3		100	1 55				1 3			17	1	**		- 1	1		- 10		1					i	2	19 Purrperal Sepsia
		M.	30 19	28	1 .	21							100	1	31 3		2	2		5		7	5	- 4	- 6	4	1	1	2		25			1	(1)	15	40	31 Congenital Debility, Pre-
entitity	15 {	부	3 12									1	-	1 3	3 1		2		100		3 3		1	1	2	1	2	3	223	28	2					144	10	HE Sentity
Islaide	16	M	12				1			1	2	1 2	1	3 1	3 =		2 1	3 3	1	1 3		27		10	1	1			2	1	1				60	4	9	33 Sulcide
Other violence ,	18	M	36			1		5 2	1	4	6	4	190	11	3 4		3	1		2 1	2	2	4	4	7	4	2	5	6		25			6	(0)	15	53	04 Other violence
	100 }	M	90	2	2	1 5		2 1	3	2	15	6	17	6 12	3 7		5			3	\$	B	6	19	11	7	8.	4	11	8	45	1		3	2.5	30	17	35 Other defined causes
Causes ill-defined, or unknown	1 {	M	T			1	1		13	:			1	1 1	} -	-								1												1	1	55 Causes III-defined, or unkno
All Carene	1533 {	M	882 651		15 8		h	0 8	14	19 2	35 3	92	172	215 186 161 193	1										1													
TOTALS	100	100				-	-							376 379	1 92	95	7 91	90	-11	5 11	0 6	94 3	102	142	147	112	58	95	125	76	703	32		28	17	261	1119	All Carres

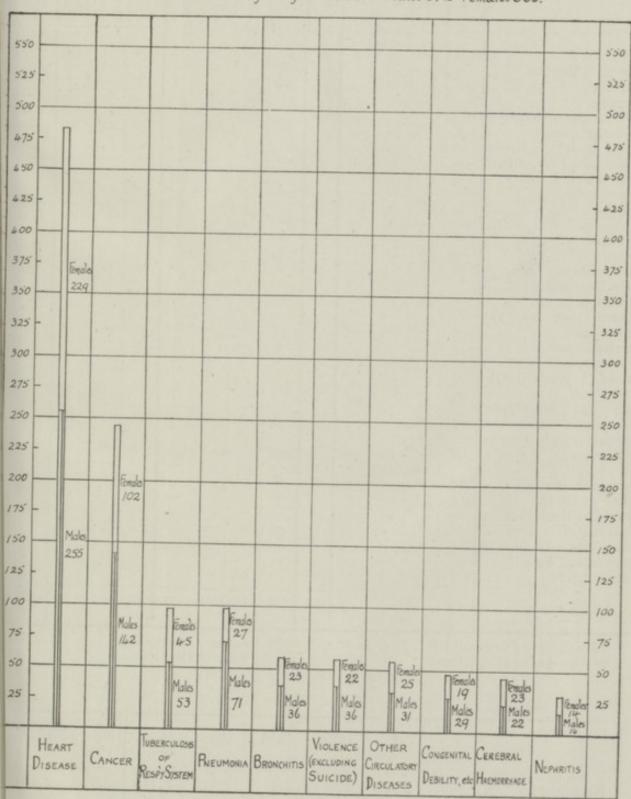
FOUTENTIAL (4) Highways, E. (4) F.R.C. Observation Wants, L. (4) Highways, E. (4) F.R.C. Observation Wants, L. (4) Highways, E. Herbrid Union Canal, L. (4) Highways, 4; River Thanns, L. West India Dock, E. Milwall Dock, E. Milw



# PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH 1978.

(Registrar-General's Classification)

Total Deaths during the year 1537 - Males 872: Females 665.



#### TABLE III.

### INFANTILE MORTALITY.

Nett Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One

				Ye	ar of	Age	е.						/
Causes of Death	Under 1 week.	1-2 weeks.	2-3 weeks.	3-4 weeks.	Total under I month.	1-3 months.	3-6 months.	6-9 months.	9-12 months.	Dea	Bow and Bromlev and Bromlev	nder	No. of Deaths in each Quarter.
Measles Whooping Cough Diphtheria Influenza Tuberculosis of Nervous System Tuberculosis of Intes-			= -	= -			- - -	5 - 1	2 1 -	6 1 1 1 1 -	1 1	7 2 1 1	6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
tines and Peritoneum Other Tuberculous Diseases Syphilis Meningitis Convulsions	11111						_ _ _ _ _			_ _ _ _ _		- - 1 -	1 - 7
Bronchitis			- -	- - -	- 2 -	3 5 -	6 7 -	5 6	1 1	12 12	3 12 —	15 24 1	7 1 9 11 3 1 9
Diarrhoea and Enteritis Hernia, Intestinal Obstruction Congenital malforma				1 -	1 -	4	6	3	2	6	10	16	1 5 4 6
tions	2 	1 - 3 1 -	1		3  23 3  1	4 - 3 - 1	4		1 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \\ -11 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$	6 1 15 2 -	13 3 	3 4 3 1 2 - 7 7 5 9 5 1 - 2 9
Other causes	2 29	5			38	_ 	28	21	1 13	-3 67	- 2 53	5 120	4 1 1 35

Live Births (Legitimate .. 1,959\* Nett Deaths (Legitimate .. .. 113\* in the year (Illegitimate .. . 42\* in the year (Illegitimate .. .. 8\* \*Registrar-General's figures.

#### NEO-NATAL DEATH RATE.

	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.	Average 1933- 1937.	1938.
Nett Births (Registrar-General)	2,295	2,267	2,215	2,110	2,115	2,200	2,001
Deaths under 1 month	67	43	52	39	35	47	38
Neo-Natal death rate per 1,000 nett Births	29.2	19.0	23.5	18.5	16.5	21.4	19.0

Births, Maternal Mortality and Infantile Mortality during the twenty years 1919 to 1938.

The following Table shows the Birth rate, Maternal Mortality rate and the number and rate per 1,000 births of:—

- (a) Deaths of infants under 2 weeks old;
- (b) Deaths of infants from 2 weeks to 12 months old;
- (c) Deaths of infants under I year of age (total and visited by the Health Visitors).

Year.		Birth		ernal ality.		De	aths o	f Infan	ts:		V	aths of isited fants.
-dr.	Births. 1,		rate			nder eeks.		eeks to	ur	otal ider year.	Total	per
1919			Total Births.	No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.	one year.	1,000 visited	
92123345678992234563678	3,949 5,457 4,478 4,417 4,256 3,831 3,658 3,309 3,228 3,064 3,056 2,739 2,616 2,295 2,267 2,215 2,110 2,115 2,001	24.6 34.1 27.2 26.6 25.6 22.9 22.7 21.6 19.8 19.9 19.1 19.3 17.5 17.2 15.4 15.5 15.4 15.5 14.9	2.78 3.48 3.57 3.17 3.29 1.30 3.13 3.97 2.72 2.47 3.26 1.31 2.55 4.20 1.74 3.53 3.16 1.89 0.94 2.50		106 121 92 108 101 75 73 75 68 64 77 66 60 57 59 37 47 35 32 34	26.8 22.2 20.5 24.5 23.7 19.5 19.0 20.5 20.6 19.8 25.1 21.6 21.8 21.8 25.7 16.3 21.2 16.6 15.1	222 326 282 241 154 202 215 183 150 166 153 101 151 109 64 103 55 118 97 86	56.2 59.7 62.9 54.5 36.1 52.7 56.1 50.0 45.3 51.4 49.9 33.5 55.1 41.6 27.9 45.4 24.8 55.9 45.9 43.0	328 447 374 349 255 277 288 258 218 230 230 167 211 166 123 140 102 153 129 120	83 82 83 79 60 72 75 70 66 71 75 55 77 63 54 62 46 72 61 60	243 213 243 147 163 128 174 136 138 152 123 102 139 74 81 72 95 99 77	69 48 66 38 44 38 50 39 42 49 40 34 50 28 34 31 41 44 35

(Tables showing the causes of death are given as follows:— Deaths under 1 year, page 12.

Deaths from puerperal causes, page 123.

TABLE IV.

Birth-rates, Death-rates, and Analysis of Mortality in the Year 1938.

	RA PER 1	TE		A	NNUA	DEAT POPU	TH-RAT		1,000			RATE PE LIVE B		OF		ENTAGE DEATE	is.
	POPUL		All	Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers.	nall-	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Whooping Cough.	Diph- theria.	nfluenza.	iolence.	Diarrhœa and Enteritis	Deaths	iffed by istered edical	Inquest Cases.	iffed by proner er P.M. Inquest:	ertified uses of eath.
	Live Births	Still- births-	Causes.	Typho Parati Fev	Small	Mea	Scal	Who	Dip	Infl	Vio	(under 2 years).	One Year.	Cert Reg M Pract	Ch	Cert No aft	Car
England and Wales	15.1	0.60	11.6	0.00	0,00	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.11	0.55	5.5	53				
*126 County Boroughs and Great Towns, including London	15.0	0.65	11.7	0.00	-	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.10	0.53	7.8	57	Not	avai	ilable.	
148 Smaller Towns (Populations 25,000- 50,000 at Census 1931)	15.4	0.60	11-0	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.11	0.54	3.6	51				
London Administra- tive County	13.4	0.48	11.4	0.00	_	0.08	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.52	13.1	57				
Poplar Borough	14.9	0.49	11.4†	_	_	0.10	0.01	0.02	0.07	0.07	0.55	8.5	60	85.3	6.9	7.8	_
				† Cru	de rat	e. Th	e adju	sted ra	ate is	12.7.			uerperal Sepsis.	Ot	hers.	To	TAL.
*The Maternal Morta	ality R	ates for	England	and V	Vales	are as f	ollow	s:- I	Per 1,0	000 tot	al birt		0.86		2.11	1	2.97
The Maternal Mortal											al birt		1.45		0.97		2.42

\*Provisional figures furnished by the Registrar-General.

CITIES AND BOROUGHS	Marie Vine	SERVI SERVI	Estimated Resident population (Mid-1938)	Live Births, Annual rate per 1,000 popula- tion.	I I,	ath- ate oer 0000 lation.	Deaths of Infants under one year to 1,000 births.
LONDON	et		4,062,800	13.4	1	1.4	57
West District.			mortality		Crude	Adjusted	
Paddington Kensington Hammersmith Fulham Chelsea City of Westminster	::		137,400 174,100 125,100 137,700 56,050 124,400	13.74 12.8 15.5 14.2 10.2 8.3	11.33 11.7 11.3 11.6 13.5 10.4	11.21 10.9 11.6 11.7 11.5 10.7	66 78 61 51 80 54.9
North Districts.			extininati				
St. Marylebone Hampstead St. Pancras Islington Stoke Newington Hackney			90,680 90,480 179,400 292,300 50,480 205,200	8.84 11.7 13.5 15.32 13.8 13.4	11.12 11.4 11.5 11.90 11.0 10.7	11.0 10.7 11.7 12.02 10.5 11.2	60 57 64 65 43.2 56.46
Central Districts.			5.0.	9 77		- Inani	
Holborn Finsbury City of London	::	::	34,350 56,960 8,780	7.28 13.0 6.6	10.51 12.9 10.7	11.25 14.1 11.8	84 73 51.8
East Districts.		9	0.00	8		mandada Is	
Shoreditch Bethnal Green Stepney Poplar	::	::	80,360 92,910 200,500 134,400	14. 7 14. 2 13.06 14. 9	11.4 11.3 11.05 11.4	12.5 12.8 12.92 12.7	64 59.3 60.7
South Districts.			35	1 100	I (Spanon	Bult Chips	
Southwark Bermondsey Lambeth Battersea			145,300 97,420 272,800 141,700 340,100 222,400 95,460 95,770 229,000 150,900	14.0 14.8 14.09 14.92 11.92 13.97 14.4 13.64 13.9 13.6	12.5 11.0 11.9 11.82 11.17 12.27 11.8 10.89 10.49	13.4 12.54 11.7 11.70 10.38 12.27 ? 11.1 10.5 11.0	57 45 51 53.45 46 61 54 42 47 50

Note.—The information relating to London supplied by the Registrar-General and that for individual Boroughs by the Medical Officers of Health.

(This summary is inserted for comparison with those shown in previous reports.)

TO ALL MANUE	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.
Population, estimated by Registrar-General:—	149,300	146,370	143,700	140,300	136,800	134,400
Births, Live, rate per 1,000 population		15.5	15.4	15.0	15.5	14.9
Death rate from all causes, per 1,000 population Crude Adjusted	12.4 13.8	12.3 13.7	11.0 12.3	12.5 13.8	12.6 14.0	11.4 12.8
Deaths under 1 year of age, rate per 1,000 nett births	Dec 2	62	46	72	61	60
Deaths over 65 years of age, rate per 1,000 total population	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.7	6.1	5.6
*Zymotic diseases:—  Death rate per 1,000 population	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.8	0.5	0.3
Proportion of 1,000 deaths	29.0	58.3	21.4	67.0	35.9	29.9
Tuberculosis:— Death rate per 1,000 population:—	0 0	0.00 9 1.00		- 44	A LANGE	
(i) of respiratory system (ii) other forms	0.89 0.09 1.0	0.76 0.14 0.9	0.81 0.09 0.9	0.71 0.12 0.8	0.79 0.08 1.87	0.73 0.08 0.81
All forms: proportion of 1,000 deaths	79.1	73.8	81.9	67.0	69.0	70.9
Respiratory diseases (excluding phthisis and influenzal pneumonia):—	P B B			34	- Side A	
Death rate per 1,000 population	1.1	1.7	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.3
Proportion of 1,000 deaths	87.7	142.2	93.8	126.5	122.7	110.0

<sup>\*</sup> Smallpox, Measles, Scarlet Fever, Whooping Cough, Diphtheria and Mem. Croup, Typhoid Fever and Diarrhoeal Diseases.

Modernisation of Mortuary and Installation of Refrigerating Chamber.

The Public Health Committee considered alternative schemes prepared by the Borough Engineer and Surveyor. Plans were prepared and a rebuilding scheme was approved, at an estimated cost of £4,918. The Minister of Health and the London County Council conferred as to their respective parts of the loan for which sanction was necessary and approval was obtained (I) from the Minister of Health in respect of £2,244 for the post-mortem examination room, and (2) from the London County Council in respect of £2,674 for the mortuary.

## Temporary arrangements.

Arrangements have been made with the London County Council for the temporary use of the mortuary accommodation at the Poplar Institution during the rebuilding of the Council's Mortuary. The Council's Mortuary Keeper will be responsible for the reception of bodies and attendance at post-mortem examinations.

The number of bodies deposited in the Council's Mortuary, Cottage Street, Poplar, during the year was 485:—

		Res	sidents	Non-R	esidents*	Totals
		Males	Females	Males	Females	
Age not stated (i.e.	un-					
known, newly born	1)	3	3	II	12	29
Stillborn		I	_	_	I	2
Under I year		2	5	2	-Evamin	9
I to 5 years	1	3	3	2	ounts_in de	8
5 to 15 years		8	3	9	2	22
15 to 25 years		8	I	4	4	17
25 to 45 years		18	II	22	8	59
45 to 65 years		41	17	56	35	149
65 years and upwards		51	38	59	42	190
the London Course		_	_	_	_	
Totals		135	8r	165	104	485
		_	L. C. STRON	_		1-3

\*Brought from outside the Borough for the convenience of the Coroner.

Inquests were held on 265 (post-mortem examinations, 175), and 213 other post-mortem examinations were made by order of the Coroner. The total number of post-mortem examinations made was 388. Seven bodies were brought from Fever Hospitals to the Mortuary for custody.

In several instances post-mortem examinations were made at the Poplar Mortuary and inquests held at either the Stepney or Shoreditch Coroner's Court.

# Section B.

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE BOROUGH.

(i) Public Health Officers of the Authority.

A list of the Staff is shown at the commencement of the Report, page 4-6.

(ii) (a) Laboratory Facilities.

(a) Chemical Analysis.

Arrangements are made with analytical chemists who are approved by the Minister of Health. All examinations are carried out at the Public Analysts' own laboratory which is situate at Bank Buildings, 161, Bow Road, E.3. The report of the Public Analysts is given on page 78.

(N.B.—Examination of samples of milk for tubercle and bacteriological counts in designated milks are made at the Lister Institute.)

- (b) Bacteriological.
- (i) All sputa examinations are made at the Council's Tuberculosis Dispensary.
- (ii) Examination of diphtheria swabs and Widal tests and examination of stools and urine are carried out by arrangement with the Seamen's Hospital Society, Dreadnought Hospital, Greenwich.
- (iii) Wasserman tests and examination of smears are done at the London Hospital under the Venereal Disease Scheme for London.

# (ii) (b) Ambulance facilities.

The ambulance services are provided by the London County Council.

# (ii) (c) Nursing in the Home.

New agreements with local nursing associations have been entered into and are referred to on page 120.

# (ii) (d) Treatment Centres and Clinics.

Maternity and Child Welfare Centres, Ante-Natal Clinics and Day Nurseries. (See Maternity and Child Welfare Section, page 107.)

Tuberculosis Dispensary. (See page 92, where a list of accommodation and hours of sessions, etc., is shown.)

There are several school treatment centres in the Borough maintained by the London County Council.

There is no centre in the Borough for the treatment of venereal disease. Posters published by the London County Council giving addresses of the nearest clinics are displayed in the public urinals throughout the Borough. These posters also state that a complete list of Hospitals where treatment is available can be had on application at the office of the Public Health Department.

# (ii) (e) Hospitals: Public and Voluntary.

# (i) Fever and Smallpox.

Hospitals for patients suffering from these diseases are provided by the London County Council.

## (ii) Tuberculosis.

Residential Institutional Treatment for tuberculous patients is provided by the London County Council.

# (iii) Other Hospitals.

There are no hospitals in the Borough provided or subsidised by the Council.

There are two General Hospitals, Poplar Hospital (supported voluntarily), and St. Andrew's Hospital (maintained by the London County Council.)

Other Institutions in the Borough are:-

Poplar Institution; St. Clements Hospital (late Bow Institution); Langley House; Bromley House Institution;

all of which are maintained by the London County Council.

### (iv) Children.

At the Observation Wards two five-cot wards and an isolation ward are provided for children suffering from malnutrition, etc. (See report of Consulting Physician, page 125.)

The Royal College of St. Katharine also have accommodation for 12 cots for children suffering from malnutrition, etc. During the months April to October, six of the cots are used for tonsillectomy cases.

## 2 (ii) Poor Law Out-Relief.

The following information was furnished by the London County Council:—

	of persons in receipt of (excluding medical relations)	Cost.	No. of persons in receipt of medical relief only.	
week	st January, 1938	 5,032	£2,218	43
ended	2nd July, 1938	 4,721	£1,921	44

## 3 (i) Midwifery and Maternity Services.

These are referred to in the Maternity and Child Welfare section of this report.

## Maternal Mortality.

All maternal deaths and all cases of Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia are specially investigated. (See Maternity and Child Welfare section, page 123.)

# 3 (ii) Institutional Provision for Mothers and Children.

There is one Institution in the Borough, and, although it is not in any way connected officially with the Council, it receives a grant of £249 per annum from the London County Council.

# 3 (iii) Health Visitors.

The Maternity and Child Welfare work of the Borough is divided between the M. and C.W. section of the Public Health Department and the Royal College of St. Katharine. The latter body is responsible for approximately one-third of the Borough, namely, the central portion lying between Bow Road and East India Dock Road.

With few exceptions, infants are visited on the 11th day after birth, or as soon as possible thereafter. An endeavour is made to pay eight visits during the first year of life, six in the second year, four in the third year, three in the fourth year, and one or two in the fifth year.

3 (iv) Child Life Protection, see page 124.

NEW LEGISLATION.

Factories Act, 1937.

The Council delegated their powers to the Public Health Committee and authorised the Medical Officer of Health and all the Sanitary Inspectors to execute the provisions of the Act which have to be administered by the Council.

London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1938.

Section 3 empowers a Sanitary Authority to provide temporary shelter or house accommodation for occupants of houses where action is being taken under Section 123 of the Public Health (London) Act, 1936, for the destruction or removal of vermin.

Public Health (Aircraft) Regulations, 1938, came into operation 1st July, 1938.

These were primarily designed to prevent the introduction of infectious diseases into this country through the medium of air-borne traffic. Generally they resembled the Port Sanitary Regulations, 1933, which were made to secure a similar object in regard to water-borne traffic.

The County of London Measles and Whooping Cough Regulations, 1938.

These regulations, requiring the notification by medical practitioners of certain cases of Measles and Whooping Cough, were issued by the Minister of Health under date 9th September, 1938.

Notice of these regulations was given by advertisement in the Press and copies were sent to the medical practitioners practising in the Borough.

Increase of Rent and Mortgage Interest (Restrictions) Act, 1938.

The Increase of Rent and Mortgage Interest (Restrictions) Act, 1938, received Royal Assent on 26th May, 1938, and made certain changes in the law relating to rent control. Prior to the passing of this Act, certificates of disrepair issued by local authorities (enabling the tenant to withhold the permitted increase of rent) had to specify the works needed to render the house fit for habitation. Certificates are no longer required to specify works needed.

The Public Health Committee agreed that when applications with the fee of is, were received from controlled tenants and the District Sanitary Inspector was of opinion the house was not in a reasonable state of repair, the certificate be issued immediately and the action reported to the Committee at their next meeting for ratification.

The certificate issued under this Act is in addition to any action which can be taken under the Public Health Act.

Agriculture Act, 1937, Part IV, Milk and Dairies Acts and Orders.

A Circular letter (No. 1685) was received from the Ministry of Health stating that the provisions of the Agriculture Act, 1937, relating to the transfer of the functions of veterinary inspectors of local authorities to veterinary inspectors appointed by the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries (which transfer took effect on 1st April, 1938), had made certain amendments necessary in the Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1936, and the Milk and Dairies Order, 1938, and enclosed copies of Amending Orders which came into operation on 1st April.

The purpose of the Milk (Special Designations) Amendment Order, 1938, was more particularly to distinguish between cases in which clinical examinations and tuberculin tests were made and certificates thereof given by veterinary inspectors of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and by private veterinary surgeons respectively, but the opportunity had been taken to make certain further amendments in the Order which experience had shown to be desirable. The definition of "dealer" was extended so as to include a person who used milk for manufacturing purposes. The conditions for a licence authorising the use of the designation "Pasteurised" had been extended to enable a Licensing Authority to require the provisions of "such indicating thermometers and recording thermometers as the licensing authority shall consider requisite."

# Section C.

#### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE BOROUGH.

Public Cleansing Services.

Included under this heading is the collection, removal and disposal of household, trade and market refuse; street cleansing and watering, gully and cesspool emptying; and snow removal.

I am indebted to Mr. S. A. Findlay, A.M.Inst.C.E., the Borough Engineer and Surveyor, for the following particulars:—

### House Refuse.

A minimum bi-weekly collection service is in operation, most bins being placed on the kerb by the householder. The container system is in operation in connection with flats and institutions, and the growth of this system is maintained from year to year.

Number of petrol vehicles engaged in the work	 21
Number of horse-drawn vans engaged in the work	 I
Number of men engaged in the work	 80

## Trade Refuse.

This is collected and/or disposed of when requested by the trader, at his expense.

# Market Refuse.

The container system, augmented by the use of horse-drawn vans, is in operation in the Street Markets.

Number of men permanently engaged in the work .. 16
(Additional men are engaged in this work at week-ends.)

## Street Cleansing.

Important roads are swept daily and nightly; other roads daily by beat system. In certain roads the beats are covered several times per day.

The cumbersome and noisy wooden orderly trucks have been replaced by rubber tyred trucks of the two-bin type, and mechanical vehicles fitted with an all-steel body and dustless loading covers are used in conjunction with them.

The contents of the bins are collected by motor vehicles which patrol to a scheduled time-table.

Motor sweeping machines engaged on street cleansing								
Motor vehicles employed								
				4	5			
37 1 C					124			

## Street Watering.

Three motor street watering tanks supplemented by six horse-drawn vans constitute the street watering service.

# Gully Cleansing.

A programme of conversion of brick gullies of 170 gallons capacity to pot gullies of 30 gallons capacity is being proceeded with, and improved sanitary conditions result from this work.

Three mechanical gully emptiers are employed and three men (including driver) are engaged with each vehicle, and the gullies receive regular attention.

# Number of street gullies in the Borough:-

	Brick gullies			 2,600
	Pot gullies			 599
				3,199
				di ni noi
Number	r of gully cleansings:-	-		
	Brick (170 gallons)		036903	 11,226
	Pot (30 gallons)			 3,352
				14,578

## Refuse Disposal.

Refuse is discharged into barge at Northumberland Wharf, where three hydraulic hoists render possible the discharge of loads at all states of the tide. It is then tipped at Bowers Gifford, near Pitsea, in strict



#### SANITARY INSPECTORS' WORK.

Tabulated Statement of Inspections, Insanitary Conditions found existing, and Re-inspections during the year 1938.

	DISTRICT.			TOTALS.	Housing Inspectors,* Mr. G. L. Mr. E. A. Mr. T. C. B.			Тотл	ALS.					
	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 7.	No. 8.	(District Inspectors.)	Mr. G. L. Belshaw.	Mr. E. A. May.	Mr. T. C. B. Rose.		
Number of Complaints received	507 	226 234 50	899  852 103	369 — 367 109	407 2 452 112	780  784 142	580 - 579 71	321 — 225 103	4,089 2 4,014 833	103	122		4,0	089 227 014 833
Number of Inspections   Factories, including Factory Laundries   Workshops, including Workshop Laundries   Workplaces, other than outworkers   Outworkers   Stables   Smoke observations	13 40 43 4	24 15 6 — 2 7	25 2 6 — 10	12 3 24 — 23 2	26 8 4 ——————————————————————————————————	1 3 2 - 5	9 3 17 1 46	- 8	110 74 102 5 122 31				1	110 74 102 5 122 31
Miscellaneous visits and inspections (including visits to Infectious Disease contacts, school inspections, etc.) Re-inspections	434	387 2,210	455 1,906	213 2,087	261 3,159	671 1,948	234 2,678	387 2,487	3,042 18,689	450 159	711 49	=	4,5 18,8	203 897
Premises requiring amendment (a) Dwelling-houses (b) Other premises Service of Intimations, etc.:		250 8	819 24	358 29	436 41	716 5	530 13	138 2	3,745 124	=	=	=		745 124
Intimations served , complied with Notices served , complied with Final Notices served complied with Summonses applied for		240 122 88 53 13 4 1	684 432 221 173 63 56 6	397 275 161 70 46 29 2	438 335 138 109 17 14	809 510 277 179 81 70	540 273 270 143 117 122 10	127 139 27 30 2 —	3,698 2,394 1,407 884 409 371 31				2,3	698 394 407 884 409 371 31
Work done, number of instances not included above:  (a) After legal proceedings (b) Voluntarily		1 12	4 64	1 7	133	15 34	9 21	=	32 288	=	=	=		32 288
Defects, etc., found in Dwelling Houses: Drains defective , obstructed Waste pipes defective, etc. Rainwater pipes not disconnected W.Cs. and flushing apparatus defective Dampness (not due to defects shown elsewhere) Water: Supply out off Dust Receptacles: Insufficient or defective Miscellaneous:	26 29 65	15 23 13 — 14 23 7 32	52 78 56 	4 11 54 	124 37 40 6 21 162 2 82	32 51 27 91 436 1	39 13 47 78 217 73	13 13 1 1 25 26 5	297 237 264 7 426 1,236 22 638		ШППП		Nuisances, etc., found. 297 237 264 7 426 1,236 22 638	394 223 279 24 445 1,109 35 687
Rooms, etc., dirty and/or verminous Cases of overcrowding Yards, etc., not properly paved or drained Roofs defective Rainwater pipes and gutters defective Public House Urinals requiring cleansing Other nuisances or defects	33 212 31 1	123 10 69 34 2 158	755 3 97 479 194 1 2,567	451 1 74 207 38 9 943	504 9 92 221 264 6 1,013	877 1 81 406 191 1 2,281	807 10 58 247 80 - 1,625	224 3 18 115 54 6 300	4,005 27 463 1,956 886 26 9,233				4,005 27 463 1,956 886 26 9,233	3,714 4 415 1,698 848 28 8,210
Defects found in Factories, Workshofs, etc.: Sanitary defects W.C. accommodation, insufficient or unsuitable Overcrowding Stables: Manure recentacles defective	=	=	12 2 -	12 1 1 3	19 -	3 _	2 4 - -	= 3	50 7 1	= -	=	=	50 7 1	35 5 —
Accumulations found  Number of visits by Assistants (not included above)		2,148	5,577	2,577	3,520	3,624	3,362	-	23,106				10	16

<sup>\*</sup>The Housing Inspectors were engaged in inspections, etc., in connection with "Areas," and inspections, reports, etc., of underground rooms, referred to elsewhere in this report. Mr. Belshaw also deputised for a District Inspector on 6 days.

Mr. Rose was transferred to other duties (Houses-let-in-lodgings, Common and Scamen's Lodging Houses, etc.)

accordance with the Ministry of Health's suggested precautions for "controlled" tipping.

Free shoots were found for 614 tons of street sweepings and boiler ashes.

# SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR 1938.

House refuse	 		 27,481	tons
Trade refuse	 		 1,117	,,
Street sweepings	 		 4,393	,,,
Solid gully detritus			 804	,,
Market refuse	 	All inter	 1,892	,,
			35,687	,,

Combined Drainage.—The following drainage works were approved by the Public Health Committee:—

32, Glengarnock Avenue			 £15
57/59, ,, ,,			 £20
12 etc, Rothbury Road			 £100
12-22, Duff Street and 50,	Grundy	Street	 £75
92-94, Kerbey Street			 £45
II, Augusta Street	munit.		 £80

Plans of Drainage Systems.

85 drainage plans were approved by the Public Health Committee. 4 other plans were submitted without prejudice.

3 (iii) Sanitary Inspection of the Borough—see summarised statement facing this page.

## THE WORK OF LADY SANITARY INSPECTOR.

Factories and Workshops newly discovered and Registered   15	Number of Inspections of:—   Factories, including Factory Laundries	Ta	bulated statement of	f Inspe	ections,	of	Insan	itary	Cond	itions	four
Number of Inspections of:   Factories, including Factory Laundries	Number of Inspections of:—   Factories, including Factory Laundries	existing	, and of Reinspection	ons, et	c., du	ring	the ye	ear.			
Factories, including Factory Laundries	Factories, including Factory Laundries   111	Factorie	s and Workshops newl	y disco	vered a	nd R	legister	ed		**	15
Workshops, including Workshop Laundries	Workshops, including Workshop Laundries   14	NUMBER	of Inspections of:	_							
Workshops, including Workshop Laundries   54	Workshops, including Workshop Laundries   S4	Fac	tories, including Fact	ory Lau	indries						111
Workrooms	Workrooms	Wo	rkshops, including Wo	rkshop	Laund	ries					54
Homeworkers' premises	Homeworkers' premises										14
Reinspections of above	Reinspections of above									OF.	
Premises requiring amendment.   21	Premises requiring amendment.	Hon	meworkers' premises								
Defects Found:—   1. Nuisances under Public Health (London) Act:—	Defects Found:										
1. Nuisances under Public Health (London) Act:—	1. Nuisances under Public Health (London) Act:—	Premise	s requiring amendmen	t							21
1. Nuisances under Public Health (London) Act:—	1. Nuisances under Public Health (London) Act:—	DEFECTS	FOUND:-								
Want of cleanliness	Want of cleanliness			ic Hea	lth (Lo	ndon	Act:-	Della			
Want of cleanliness	Want of cleanliness								Ď.	-	of to
Want of cleanliness	Want of cleanliness							Ď.	adie	S.I.	In
Want of cleanliness	Want of cleanliness							onu	ED.	o D.	efe I.M
Want of ventilation   Overcrowding   Want of drainage of floors   Other nuisances   Want of drainage of floors   Other nuisances   Unsufficient   Other nuisances   Unsufficient   Other nuisances   Unsuitable or defective   Stanitary   Not separate for sexes   Other nuisances   Unsuitable or defective   Stanitary   Not separate for sexes   Other nuisances   Other nuisa	Want of ventilation   Overcrowding   Overcrowding		TT								24
Overcrowding	Overcrowding							+	-	_	
Want of drainage of floors       — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Want of drainage of floors							_	_		
Other nuisances    Sanitary   Sanitary   Commodation   Sanitary   Sanitary	Other nuisances									_	
Sanitary accommodation   Unsuitable or defective   8   8   1   -	Sanitary accommodation			HOOLS				4	2	2	_
Sanitary accommodation   Unsuitable or defective 8	Sanitary accommodation   Unsuitable or defective   8   8   1   -		Other nuisances	/Insuffi		• •		_	_	_	_
Action Taken Regarding Above:—  Intimations served	Accommodation   Not separate for sexes   16		Sanitary			defe	ctive	8	8	1	-
2. Offences under Factory and Workshop Acts — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2. Offences under Factory and Workshop Acts       — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		accommodation					-	-	-	00-
ACTION TAKEN REGARDING ABOVE:—       13         Intimations served	Action Taken Regarding Above:—   Intimations served			(Want	of clear	ilines	38	10	14	2	007
Intimations served	Intimations served	2.	Offences under Facto	ory and	Works	hop A	Acts	-	-	-	-
,, complied with	Notices served	Action	TAKEN REGARDING A	BOVE:	_						
Notices served	Notices served	Int	imations served								13
,, complied with	,, complied with       —         Final Notices served       —         Legal Proceedings taken       —         Nuisances remedied without service of Intimations, etc.       7         OTHER MATTERS:—       —         Visits re cases of Scabies       —       462         ,, Verminous children       —       35         ,, Outworkers' lists       —       44         ,, Infectious Disease on Homeworkers' premises       —       661         ., School Exclusions, etc.       —       661         ., cases of Whooping Cough       —       38         ., aged and infirm persons       —       9         Other visits and inquiries       —       26		,, complied wit	h							13
Final Notices served	Final Notices served										-
Legal Proceedings taken	Legal Proceedings taken			7. C							-
Nuisances remedied without service of Intimations, etc	Nuisances remedied without service of Intimations, etc						**	2.0	10.		-
OTHER MATTERS:—  Visits re cases of Scabies	OTHER MATTERS:—  Visits re cases of Scabies								Jan 1	A	_
Visits re cases of Scabies   <	Visits re cases of Scabies   <	Nuisano	es remedied without s	ervice (	of Intin	ation	ns, etc.			••	7
,, Verminous children	,, Verminous children	OTHER	MATTERS:-								
Outworkers' lists	., Outworkers' lists	Vis	its re cases of Scabies								462
,, Infectious Disease on Homeworkers' premises 1	, Infectious Disease on Homeworkers' premises		,, Verminous child	ren							
	,, School Exclusions, etc										
0.03	cases of Whooping Cough										
,, believe materials, ever to	aged and infirm persons										
", odgos of " nooping coaga"	Other visits and inquiries 26										
ii agod and illiam persons i	Other visite and induition.	041		-							
Other visite and indament.	I Hope Colone of Denote of Dunion's newson and an array								ay Kan		
	Ineffective calls 424	Ine	ffective calls								

# REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR FOR HOUSES DIVIDED INTO SEPARATE TENEMENTS, ETC.

(a) Houses divided into separate Tenements, etc.	
Number of Houses on Register at end of 1937	(9)
,, ,, removed from Register during 1938	347
registered during 1938	1
	_
on Register at end of 1938	348
Visits for registration purposes	VIII-
Declarations for information cont and	49
with information, returned	1020
Rooms measured, etc	31113
Houses registered	_
Notices of registration sent out	I
Inspections:	
(a) Night inspections	I
(b) First annual inspections	184
(c) Other routine inspections	5
(d) On complaints	37
Re-inspections	I
Miscellaneous visits, enquiries, etc.	884
Number of informal notices served	342
	106
Notices served	107
	45
,, complied with	15
,, cases in which legal proceedings were taken	13
Work done as a result of Final Notice or legal proceedings,	3
number of cases	0 91
and freed from vermin	II
Overcrowding, cases discovered	56
,, ,, abated	
Mixed sleeping, cases discovered	
,, ,, abated	mLink

## Number of nuisances referred to District Inspectors:

(a)	Defective or obstructed drains	 		2
(b)	Defective roofs, guttering, etc.	 		
(c)	Water supply in tenement houses	 		-
(d)	Miscellaneous	 woH b	. zodni	_

#### Remarks:

During the year Mr. Luke was engaged on supervision of out-door temporary staff during overcrowding survey 10 weeks and deputised for District Inspector nine days. He was transferred to District Sanitary Inspector's duty, vice Mr. Colborne, and Mr. Rose took over Houses-letin-Lodgings, etc., from 25th April.

## (b) Common Lodging Houses.

The following 4 Common Lodging Houses were licensed to 30th June, 1939.

- (1) 65, Bazeley Street-Sidney Moore (40 men).
- (2) East London Hostel, Garford Street (Salvation Army)— Evangeline Booth (294 men).
- (3) 378, Old Ford Road-Mrs. Elizabeth Moore (18 men).
- (4) 38, Pennyfields—Thomas Alfred Felton (46 men).

109 inspections of Common Lodging Houses, including 8 night inspections, were made during the year.

#### Homeless Persons.

In connection with a census of homeless persons which it had been the practice of the London County Council to take for a number of years, the Council co-operated by furnishing information as to the number of beds occupied and vacant at Common Lodging Houses in the Borough on the night of 11th February. The total of licensed beds was 398 and beds occupied 316. The number of men known to be in receipt of Public Assistance was 26, and 26 beds were paid for by charitable organisations.

0 486 8

## (c) Seamen's Lodging Houses.

The Public Health Committee licensed the following Seamen's Lodging Houses to 30th June, 1939:—

No. of

Premises.

Licensee.

Men.

The Queen Victoria Seamen's Rev. Thomas Athey Emble-Rest, Jeremiah Street, ton (The Seamen's Mission) .. 115 Poplar

26 inspections of Seamen's Lodging Houses, including 3 night inspections, were made during the year.

Shops Act, 1934.

No exemption certificates or notices under this Act have been issued during the year.

## Smoke Abatement.

Were received from the London County Council. 4 intimations were served. In addition, 4 works managers were interviewed. It was not necessary to institute legal proceedings in any instance.

In this connection it should be mentioned that no formal action is taken on the receipt of a complaint by the London County Council, but observation is kept by our own inspectors and nuisances are then followed up.

Methods of observation and standards in use since 1927 are similar to those of the National Smoke Abatement Society.

At the Smoke Abatement Conference of Greater London Local Authorities held in the County Hall, on 25th February, 1938, the following resolution was approved:—

"That this meeting is of opinion that steps should be taken to promote the formation of an Advisory Regional Smoke Abatement Committee for London and Greater London and requests the National

Smoke Abatement Society to report to the Authorities concerned, asking them to agree in principle to the proposal and to be represented at a further meeting to be convened for the purpose of establishing such a Committee."

The Council agreed they would be prepared to become a member of the proposed Committee and appointed two delegates to a further meeting of representatives of Local Authorities at the Ministry of Health on 16th June.

Swimming Baths and Pools.

As mentioned in previous Annual Reports, following upon the issue of the Ministry of Health Circular 1503, arrangements were made with the London County Council for the bacteriological examination of water from the swimming baths in the Borough, including the London County Council Open Air Bath at Millwall. In July, 1936, an agreement was entered into with the London County Council for the bacteriological examination of 25 samples each year at the Group Laboratory, Mile End Hospital, at an annual charge of £65. Only £10 of this sum (in respect of samples taken from the London County Council Open Air Bath) is chargeable to the Public Health Committee—the balance is a charge to the Baths Committee.

The samples are collected and examined by the Bacteriologist in charge of the Group Laboratory, Mile End. During the year, 17 samples of bath water were taken and examined as follows:—

East India Dock Road—1st class Bath . . . . 2 samples.

East India Dock Road—2nd class Bath . . . . . 4 samples.

Roman Road—1st class Bath . . . . . . 2 samples.

Roman Road—2nd class Bath . . . . . . . . 4 samples.

Glengall Road Bath . . . . . . . . . . . 2 samples.

Millwall Open Air Bath (London County Council). 3 samples.

The Bacteriologist reported that from the bacteriological point of view the results were very satisfactory.

Reports regarding the Poplar Baths were sent to the Baths Superintendent for the information of the Baths Committee, and a copy of the report regarding the London County Council Open Air Bath was sent to the Chief Officer of the Parks Department, London County Council.

Houses Let in Lodgings.

The report of the Inspector is given on page 27.

## Offensive Trades.

The following are the offensive trade premises in the Borough:-

Address.	Proprietors.	Business.
80, Whitepost Lane East London Soap Works 10-16, Aberfeldy Street 43, Whitepost Lane	Sheppy Glue & Chemical Co. E. R. Cook & Co., Ltd. Nathan Cohen & Sons Kestenbaum Bros., Petzold Fur Dyeing and	Fat melters.  Soap boilers.  Dresser of fur skins.
12, Coborn Road	Dressing Works, Ltd. M. Shriebhand W. E. Prideaux	Slaughterer of poultry.

For number of inspections see Table A page 35.

## Illegal Establishment of Offensive Trade.

Legal proceedings were taken against two persons, see page 40.

## Rag and Bone Dealers.

No infringements of the byelaws made by the London County Council under Section 9 of the London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1908, were reported.

## Incensed Premises Urinals.

26 urinals on licensed premises were found to be insanitary, and were subsequently cleansed.

## Water Certificates.

II certificates regarding 243 flats and tenements were issued under the provisions of the Public Health (London) Act.

# Increase of Rent and Mortgage Interest (Restrictions) Acts.

78 certificates were issued to tenants, and at the request of owners 43 certificates that the work had been done were also issued.

Stables.

T

144 stables were inspected and reported upon, the total number of inspections being 167.

he	e following infringements of the Bye-laws were dealt with	:
	Accumulations of manure, or premises otherwise not clear	n 15
	Floors not properly drained	I.
	Dung receptacles:—	
	(a) Not provided	. 3
	(b) Defective	. I
	(c) Not covered	. –
	Other defects	. 6
	II intimations, 3 notices and I final notice were served.	

The works required were completed before the end of the year in most instances.

Customs and Inland Revenue Acts, 1890-1891, and Revenue Act, 1903.

No applications for certificates for exemption under the Customs and Inland Revenue Acts, 1890-1891, and the Revenue Act, 1903, were made during the year.

## Street Trading.

A record is kept in the Public Health Office of street traders who have been licensed to deal in foodstuffs.

All new applications are reported upon prior to licences being granted, and all storage premises are kept under supervision and periodically inspected.

## Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919.

The number of complaints received during the year was III.

No notices were served under the Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919.

The services of the rat-catcher who is employed by the Works Department are utilised by the Public Health Department in the following manner:—

(I) The Sanitary Inspector when investigating a complaint of rats offers the occupier the services of a rat-catcher, and if these are accepted, visits the premises with the rat-catcher.

(2) In cases where runs are traced under the footpaths, etc., arrangements are made with the Borough Surveyor's Department for the paving stones to be raised and for the rat-catcher to be present at the same time as the Sanitary Inspector for the tracing of runs, etc.

A monthly report of the premises visited by the rat-catcher, baits laid, rats caught, etc., is submitted to the Public Health Department.

## SUMMARY OF RAT-CATCHER'S WORK.

## (i) Dwelling-houses.

	No. of Premises.	No. of Baits.		No. of dead	caug	of Rats ght in aps.	Total	
	 	Laid.	Taken.	Rats.	Dead.	Alive.	No. of Rats.	
Council	 har-ing	10 <del>-1</del> 1 0	-					
Private	1,058	30,636	21,586	225	407	238	870	
Totals	 1,058	30,636	21,586	225	407	238	870	

## (ii) Sewers, etc.

	No. of Sewers,	No. of	Baits.	No. of dead		f Rats ht in ps.	Total
Bearing St.	etc.	Laid.	Taken.	Rats.	Dead.	Alive.	No. of Rats.
Sewers	66	3,140	1,858	_	_		
Conveniences, etc.		. ba All h		The second	me- al	to home	
Totals	66	3,140	1,858				

Inspection of Schools.

The sanitary accommodation at each of the public elementary schools was inspected during the year. A few minor defects were discovered and reported to the London County Council.

There is only one private school in the Borough. The accommodation was satisfactory and the sanitary arrangements sufficient and kept in a cleanly state.

Rag Flock Act, 1911.

15 samples were taken. 13 samples were satisfactory, and 2 did not comply with the prescribed standard of cleanliness. Legal proceedings were taken in one case, and a letter of caution was sent in the other case. The firm which was summoned was ordered to pay £3 3s. od. costs.

#### Hairdressers' Premises.

The number of inspections of hairdressers' premises was 93. Nuisances found numbered 6. Four intimations, two notices and one final notice were served. The requirements of these documents were complied with.

#### Canal Boats.

During the year visits were paid to the canals and locks, but only non-registered craft (dumb barges) were seen. At no time was there evidence of the vessels being used for residential purposes.

#### Exhumations.

No notices of exhumation were received.

## Factories Act, 1937-Supply of Drinking Water.

A request was received from the Gas Light and Coke Company for the issue of a certificate under Section 4r of this Act, regarding the water supply for drinking purposes from the well at their Bow Common Works.

The water was examined by the Public Analyst and a certificate approving of this source of supply was granted.

In order to keep strict control over supplies from wells the Committee agreed that the Medical Officer of Health should decide in each case whether or not he would accept reports of the chemical and bacteriological examinations carried out by the Analyst making the examination for the owner of the well, or whether it would be necessary to ask the Public Analyst to carry out quarterly examinations. In either case the Medical Officer of Health was of opinion quarterly bacteriological and chemical examinations should be carried out and submitted to him.

Factory and Workshop Act 1901 and the Factories Act 1937.

## TABLE A.

Table giving number and inspections, etc., of Bakehouses, Laundries, Workshops, Workplaces, Places where food is prepared, Milk premises, Cowsheds, Slaughterhouses, Offensive Businesses, Ice Cream premises, and Homeworkers' premises:—

Premises.	On	Register o	during	Number of Inspections.	Number of Intimations.	Number of Notices.	nber of Notices.	Number of Prosecutions.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Num	Num	Num	Number Final Noti	Number Prosecution
Bakehouses (Factories) Bakehouses (Workshops) Bakehouses (Domestic	39 6	TAY ALL DE LEADING	39 6	216 21	81 13	enoils	_	-
Workshops) Factories (Laundries and Miscellaneous	3	da <del>m</del> a s	3	14	6	bi-qe	(T <del>o.</del> ))	-
Factories)	139	112	251 2	247 2	20	2	1	=
Workshops)	210 236	47 18	257 254	219 237	- 16 20	_ 2 5	- 1 2	=
Milk Premises	1098	=	1098	1701 296	303	-	=	-
Slaughterhouses Poultry Slaughterhouses Other offensive trade	1 4 2	=	4 2	12 14 13	17 9	=	=	111
premises Ice Cream premises‡ Homeworkers' premises	240 13	392	4 240 405	26 263 566	1 1 -	Ξ	=	=

In this Table and in Table C on next page "reminders" that periodical cleansing was due are included as "Intimations."

(Lists of Slaughterhouses and other offensive trade premises are given on pages 68 and 31.)

<sup>\*</sup> Power is used in 84 of these premises.

<sup>÷ ,, ,, 20 ,, ,,</sup> 

TABLE C. FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKPLACES AND HOMEWORKERS. I.—INSPECTION.

not comply with the prescri		N	umber of	actory,			
Premises.	Inspec- tions.	Wri	Written Notices.				
Factories	463	Intima- tion. 101	Statu- tory.	Final.	andries, enrises, (		
and Laundries) Workshops†	256 237	35 20	2 5	1 2	=		
Places where food is sold or pre- pared§	1701 566	303	= +	=	ment =		
Total	3223	459	9	4	Prem		

## 2.—DEFECTS FOUND.\*

(Corresponding figures for 1937 are shown in brackets).

			Te	Nu	mber of	Def	ects.	Number
	culars.		100	Found.	Remed	2	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	
(	1)	166	PO	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
Nuisances under the	Dublia H	alth A	at.		PICT BE	ni.	*berage	to an blo
Want of cleanline		24411 21		108 (123)	108	(122)	-	1000
Want of ventilati			1.	_ (120)	-	/	-	D-
Overcrowding				_	-		- 100	distance in
Want of drainage				1 (2)	1	(2)		-
Other nuisances				45 (69)		(69)		THE -THE
- 1	insufficien			3 (3)	3	(3)	_	10001-00
	unsuitable	e or de		0= (00)	0=	1001	a to a second	The same of
Sanitary	tive			35 (28)	35	(28)		
accommodation	not sep	arate	for				_	_
TO COMPANY	sexes		-	VII 8119	Time I			The second
Offences under the F	actory and	Work	shop	- TY			Land Maria	
Act:-				an more	Paron File		D. MOD D. M	P. In
Illegal occupati	on of ur	ndergro	ound	ertelot si	position por		STORY NOT	Biggings .
bakehouse (s. 1	01)			-	-		he street	-
Breach of specia	al sanitar	y requ	uire-					2000
ments for bake	houses (ss.	97 to	100)	-	-		DY DOMESTIC	NO TO
Other offences .				THE PARTY OF	-		ier case ti	A STOR
(Excluding offe	ences relati	ing to	out-		130000		offent encount	The same of
work which are	Included	птар	16 1)				1	
of this Report.	,			DAJO bri				
Total .		184		192(225)	192	(221)	TE Long S	1 20-0

<sup>\*</sup> These defects refer to premises mentioned above under table of Inspection.

<sup>†</sup> Including Workshop Bakehouses and Laundries. § The inspections of factories where food is prepared are included. Power is used in 81 of the premises.

Nature of Work   Twice in the year   Once in the year   Total   Outworkers   Total   Con.   Work   Con.		1	Lis	ts receive		rkers' List mployers,	(Section		/ Prosec	cutions.	-/ wh	Outwork olesome j (Section	oremises,	(See	twork in premi ctions 10	infected ses, 9, 110).
Wearing Apparel	Nature of Work,	T			,		rear.	Berved Piers ng or	1 0 0 ti	1	68,	lrved,	ons.		ade ).	ons ns
Wearing Apparel			Outwo	orkers.		Outw	orkers	Occup keepi	ing to or pinspe of lis	ing t	stanc	ces se	ecuti	ınces,	rs m	ecution 39, 11
Wearing Apparel— Making, etc	(I)		tractors.	men.		tractors.	men.								Orde (S	Pros
Rie Making Brass and Brass Articles Pur pulling Brass and Grains Brass and Grains Brass and Grains Brass and Grainels Brass and	Making, etc. Cleaning and Washing ousehold Linen ace, lace curtains and nets urtains and furniture hangings urniture and Upholstery		36			1	_				(11)	(13)	(10)		(10)	10)
retificial Flowers	ile Making rass and Brass Articles ur pulling ables and Chains nechors and Grapnels art Gear ocks, Latches and Keys				A TONNESS OF THE PARTY OF									The sale		Breed House
arding, etc., of buttons, etc. tuffed Toys asket Making hocolates and Sweetmeats osaques, Christmas Crackers Christmas Stockings, etc. oxtile Weaving ampshades. iscellaneous* 2 — 9 2 1 12 —	rtificial Flowers ets, other than wire nets ents acks acquet and Tennis Balls aper,etc., Boxes, Paper Bags rush Making ea Picking	10		127	1		1	4	parterages are					Des Layran Toronto		ONTRINE EVENOR
	arding, etc., of buttons, etc. tuffed Toys asket Making hocolates and Sweetmeats osaques, Christmas Crackers Christmas Stockings, etc. extile Weaving ampshades.	9		0			10			Boundi paid		T. D. Hall				THE OF COLM
Totals 66   36   602   5   2   13   33   _   _   _   _   _   _   _	m - 4 - 1	66		602		1										

<sup>•</sup> Flags and bunting.

	Nun	nber of Li	sts rece	eived.	Number of Addresses of Outworkers.						
Class of Homework.	Due Feb. 1st.		Due A	ug. 1st.	otl	rded to her crities.	Received from other Authorities.				
	No. of Lists.	No. of Out- workers.	No. of Lists.	No. of Out- workers.	Due Feb. 1.	Due Aug. 1.	Due Feb. 1.	Due Aug. 1.			
Total	36	334	35	319	223	223	220	194			
Wearing apparel	29	269	28	249	191	180	176	157			
Paper bags, boxes, etc Miscellaneous	6	67	5 2	61 9	32	35 8	8 36	15 22			

# TABLE E. REGISTERED WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

Number of Their			
ouse Workshops ouse Domestic Workshops ries Workshops ries Domestic Workshops shops olaces where food is sold or prepare	  		6 3 2 - 257 254 1098*
	ouse Domestic Workshops ries Workshops ries Domestic Workshops hops claces where food is sold or prepare	ouse Domestic Workshops ries Workshops	ouse Domestic Workshops ries Workshops ries Domestic Workshops hops blaces where food is sold or prepared

## \* Power is used in 84 of these premises.

### TABLE F.

Class.			
Matters notified to H.M. Inspector of Factories:— Failure to affix Abstract of the Factory and Workshop Act (s. 133)			
Action taken in matters referred Notified by H.M. Inspector	3		
able under the Public Health Reports (of action taken) sent to Acts, but not under the Fac- H.M. Inspector	2		
tory and Workshop Act (s. 5) Other (Communications)	6		
Underground Bakehouses (s. 101):— Certificates granted during the year	-		
In use at the end of the year	11		

### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

PUBLIC HEALTH	(LONDON)	ACT,	1936,	METROPOLIS	MANAGEMENT	ACTS,	ETC.
---------------	----------	------	-------	------------	------------	-------	------

Address.	Nature of Complaint.	Result.	Inspector.
30, Hobday Street 32a, Ship Street	Various defects Yard paving defective; walls and ceilings of store room and workshop dirty	7 days' order; £2 8s. costs Summons withdrawn; £2 5s. costs	Colborne, W. J. Dove, A. L.
7, Giraud Street	Main roof defective and other defects	Work done; £2 penalty; £2 5s.	Colborne, W. J.
04, Kerbey Street	Main roof defective and other defects	costs Work done; £1 penalty; £2 5s.	do.
1, Ellesmere Street	Failed to comply with Magistrate's Abatement Order	10s. penalty; £2 2s. costs	do.
7, Ellesmere Street	Failed to comply with Magistrate's Abatement Order	10s. penalty; £2 2s. costs	do.
4, Sussex Street	W.C. obstructed and water service pipe defective	Work done; £2 5s. costs	do.
6, Quickett Street 72, Brunswick Road	Main roof defective and other defects	Work done; £2 5s. costs	Westbrook, C. S.
74, Brunswick Road	Roof and front bay window defective and other defects	14 days' order; £2 8s. costs 14 days' order; £2 8s. costs	Johnson, W.
8, Stewart Street	Various defects	Work done; summons withdrawn;	Dove, A. L.
45, Manchester Road	No proper and sufficient water supply	£2 5s. costs Work done; £2 5s. costs	do,
89, Manchester Road	Various defects	Work done; £2 5s. costs 7 days' order; £2 8s. costs	do.
3, Stebondale Street	Various defects	Work done; £2 5s. costs	do.
66-176, Poplar High Street	Trade and business carried on a nuisance and	Summons dismissed; Magistrate	do.
	causes effluvia which are a nuisance	satisfied Defendants had taken all practicable means to prevent	Spother, A.
66-176, Poplar High Street	Nuisance from noise	nuisance Forthwith abatement order; £10 10s.	do.
7, Usher Road	Various defects	Summons dismissed	Smith, F. A.
, Wyke Road	Various defects	(Magistrate asked to state a case for 7 days' order; £5 penalty; £2 8s.	appeal.) Smith, F. A.
, Chipka Street	Refuse receptacle, yard paving and window sashes defective	costs 7 days' order; £2 8s. costs	Dove, A. L.
00, Stewart Street	Refuse receptacle defective	Work done; £2 5s. costs	
6, Stewart Street	Various defects and top floor front rooms ver- minous	7 days' order; £2 8s. costs	do.
I, Chipka Street	Various defects	14 days' order; £2 8s. costs	do.

		The second secon	Language county we say course	<u> </u>
Address.	Nature o	of Complaint.	Result.	Inspector.
329, Roman Road 329, Roman Road 329, Roman Road 67, Sussex Street 13, Clifton Street 28, Stratfield Road 87, Usher Road	to a W.C. Drain not laid with s concrete Drains repaired so as No proper and suffice floor Various defects Main and back addition other defects Appeal heard and re him to hear further consider paragraphs (Case reheard in Jamons adjourned ordered to pay £20 Business of slaughter without consent of	ition roofs defective and emitted to Magistrate for evidence and further to sof special case as stated. anuary, 1939, when sumsine die and Defendant ocosts.) erer of poultry carried on focal authority	£2 5s. costs 7 days' order; £2 8s. costs Closing order; £2 8s. costs	Smith, F. A.  Luke, H. W.  do. Westbrook, C. S.  Smith, F. A.
4, Coborn Road 45, Alfred Street	Aiding and abetting a Main roof defective ceiling damp	above and top floor front room	Work done; Summons withdrawn; £2 5s. costs	Kelly, S.
76, Stainsby Road 45, Southill Street	Walls and ceilings de Various defects	efective and dirty	work done; £2 penalty; £2 5s.	Luke, H. W.
62, Guildford Road 13, East Ferry Road	Various defects Main roof leaky and o		costs 14 days' order; £2 penalty; £2 8s. costs	do. Dove, A. L.
79, Stebondale Street 45, East Ferry Road Hanbury Buildings 42, Broomfield Street 226, Devons Road	No water supply to V top floors Main roof, back add other defects Main roof defective a		costs 14 days' order; £2 8s. costs Work done; £2 5s. costs  Work done; £1 penalty; £2 5s. costs 14 days' order; £2 8s. costs	do. Luke, H. W. Luke, H. W. Westbrook, C. S.
169, Fairfoot Road 250, Devons Road	Main roof defective a Main roof, W.C. roof	and other defects	14 days' order; £2 8s. costs 14 days' order; £2 8s. costs	do.

Address,	Nature of Complaint.	Result.	Inspector.
22, Stebondale Street	Main roof defective and other defects	14 days' order; £2 8s. costs 10 days' order; £2 8s. costs 14 days' order; £3 penalty; £2 8s. costs	do. Dove, A. L. Langley, H. J.

## LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL BYELAWS WITH RESPECT TO HOUSES DIVIDED INTO SEPARATE TENEMENTS.

Address.	Nature of Complaint.	Result.	Inspector.
oo, remignerus	Top floor front room defective and other defects Main roof defective Various defects	7 days' order; £2 8s. costs  Work done; £2 5s. costs  Work done; £2 5s. costs	Rose, T. C. B.

## Public Health (London) Act, 1936, and the Rag Flock Regulations, 1912.

Address.	Nature of Complaint.	Result.	Inspector.
	In possession of rag flock which contained chlorine 227 parts per 100,000 In possession of rag flock which contained chlorine 100 parts per 100,000 At 551, Old Ford Road, in possession of rag flock which contained chlorine 95 parts per 100,000	£5 penalty; £4 4s. costs	Kelly, S. Tibbatts, H. A. Kelly, S.

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#### FOOD AND DRUGS (ADULTERATION) ACT, 1928.

Address.	Nature of Complaint.	Result.	Inspector.
Keens (Watford), Ltd., Marlborough Road, Wat-	Sold at 2, Archibald Street, sausages which contained sulphur dioxide 160 parts per	£2 2s. costs	Grabham, C. A.
ford Ascotts' Pharmacies, Ltd.,	million Sold at 89, Upper North Street, lime water	Dismissed under Probation of Of- fenders Act; £2 2s. costs	Pearce, H. A.
1-2, Trump Street, E.C.2 Albert Mayes, 24, Leopold Street, Stepney	deficient in calcium hydroxide 40 per cent. Sold at 363, West Ferry Road, minced meat which contained sulphur dioxide 44 parts		Grabham, C. A.
Chas. L. Noakes, 111, West Ferry Road	per million Sold strawberry flavour jam which contained not more than 2.5 per cent. of strawberry matter and had no taste or odour of strawberry	Summons dismissed; "warranty" proved	do.
S. Lewis, Orchard Company, Grange Works, 4, Rock- ingham Street, S.E.1	Gave a label which falsely described strawberry jam (referred to above)	Summons dismissed; Magistrate held case to be a "border line" case	do.

Note.—Letters of caution were sent to 11 vendors in respect of other unsatisfactory samples, etc.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH (CONDENSED MILK) REGULATIONS.

Defendant.	Offence.	Result.	Inspector.
Reginald Bach, 92-94, Chrisp Street	Sold condensed milk not labelled as prescribed	£2 penalty; £2 2s. costs	Pearce, H. A.
George Knight, 35, Upper North Street	Sold condensed milk not labelled as prescribed	Summons dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act	do.

#### MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT AND ORDERS.

Defendant.	Offence,	Result.	Inspector.
Street	Exposed for sale imported beef not bearing indication of origin  Exposed for sale in Roman Road imported raw tomatoes which did not bear indication of origin	£3 penalty: £2 2s. costs	Grabham, C. A. Pearce, H. A.

#### SUMMARY OF PENALTIES AND COSTS.

			Per	alt	ies.	C	ost	8.
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Public Health (London) Act, 1936			24	0	0	106	19	0
L.C.C. Byelaws—Houses divided into separ ments	ate	Tene-		-		6	18	0
Rag Flock Regulations			5	0	0	12	12	0
Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928			1	0	0	5	5	0
Public Health (Condensed Milk) Regulations			2	0	0	2	2	0
Merchandise Marks Acts and Orders			13	0	0	4	4	0
Totals		ā	£45	0	0	£138	0	0
				£	183	0 0		

London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1928, sec. 28, and Public Health (London) Act, 1936, sec. 224.

## Removal of infirm persons.

It was not necessary to obtain Magistrates' Orders for the removal of infirm persons to institutions. Three persons were removed without recourse to Court Orders.

## COPY OF A RETURN TO THE LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

Premises.	No. in Borough on 31st December, 1938.	No. of Inspections.	No. of Prosecutions.
Common Lodging Houses	4	109	
Seamen's Lodging Houses	2	26	_
Cowsheds (Licensed)	1	12	_
Slaughterhouses (Licensed)	4	14*	_
Poultry Slaughterhouses	3	13	2‡
Other Offensive Trades	4	26	
Milkshops	81	296	
Ice Cream Premises	240	263	_
Restaurants and Eating Houses	1,098	1,701	_
Registered Foster-Mothers	17	(17 by Sanitar	v Inspectors.
Nurse Children kept	17		Health Visitor.

<sup>\*</sup>In addition, 810 visits were made in connection with the examination of carcases. ‡2 persons were summoned for carrying on the business which had been established without the consent of the local authority.

Smoke Nuisances.
(1) No. of observations 19 (4) No. of Statutory Notices served —
(2) No. of intimations served 4 (5) No. of legal proceedings — (6) No. of convictions —
(3) No. of complaints received (7) Amount of penalty and (from L.C.C.) 11 costs imposed in each case —
Cleansing and Disinfection.
No. of adults cleansed 285  No. of tious diseases 1470
No. of children cleansed 4907 cleansed (b) for vermin 1211
Water Supply to Tenement Houses.
No. of premises supplied 6 No. of prosecutions —
Sanitary Officers.
No. of Sanitary Inspectors (whole-time) Male. Female.
,, ,, (part-time)
No. of Health Visitors (whole-time)—Borough Council M. & C.W., 10; Tuberculosis, 3.
., ., (part-time)—Nil.
(Voluntary Association)-M. & C.W., 9.

		Hous	ING.		
1.	Total No. of inhabited houses in the Borough	23,958	9.	No. of houses (wholly or in part) the subject of Closing Orders (excluding under-	
2.	Public Health Act— No. of houses inspected on account of complaints or			ground rooms)	-
3.	No. of Intimations served  No. of statutory notices served	5,478 4,332 1,657	10.	No. of Closing Orders determined (i.e., houses made fit)	-
4.	No. of houses repaired or nuisances remedied	4,081	11.	Overcrowding (Housing Act, 1936)—	
5.	Housing Act (1936)— No. of houses inspected— house to house (Housing			No. of families found to be living in overcrowded conditions	468
6.	Consolidated Regs., 1925)  (a) No. of houses included in representations by the	-		No. of overcrowded families who have obtained alter- native accommodation	353
	Borough Medical Officer under Sec. 25 of H.A., 1936  (b) No. of houses demolished following representation by Borough Medical Officer un-	51		No. of houses erected by the Borough Council for work- ing classes during year	58
	der Sec. 25 of H.A., 1936	17	13.	Underground Rooms—	
7.	No. of houses repaired under Sections 9 and 10 of H.A., 1936:—			No. occupied but unfit*  No. closed, or modified occupation approved	58 58†
	(a) By owners (b) By L.A. in default of	-	14.	Houses Let in Lodgings-	
8.	owners  No. of houses demolished:—	-		No. in Borough	348 1,503 3
	(a) In pursuance of orders under Sec. 11 of the H.A., 1936	81 9		under the By-laws (not included under any other heading)	37
	† Specifications of remedial				
	Remedial works completed i				
	Closing orders determined in	respect	01 0 1	rooms.	

#### INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Infectious diseases—cases notified under local orders (excluding cases coming to knowledge otherwise than by notification).

Disease.		Cases notified.	Period.
Measles	Not notifiable  Not notifiable	8 80 — 99	1.10.38-31.12.38 1.10.38-31.12.38 — — — — — — — — — — — — —

# Section D.

### HOUSING.

The following section on Housing has been prepared in accordance with Circular 1,728 (England) of the Ministry of Health, 1938:—

I.—Inspection of Dwelling Houses during the Year.	
(I) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	4,705
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	23,626
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under subhead (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932	
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	_
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	188
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	3,362
2.—Remedy of Defects during the Year without Service of Formal N	otices—
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in con- sequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	2,044
-Action and Statuton Down I	-,-11
3.—Action under Statutory Powers during the Year.	
(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act,	1936—
(I) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	-
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:—	
(a) By owners	-
(b) By local authority in default of owners	_

(b) P	roceedings under Public Health Acts—	
(I)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	1,274
(2)	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:—	
	(a) By owners	1,209
(c) P	Proceedings under Sections II and I3 of the Housing Act, I	936—
(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	-
(2)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	(2)
(d) P	Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936—	
(1)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	57*
(2)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	5
	* Specifications approved in respect of 17 other premises.	
4.—Ho	using Act, 1936, Part IV.—Overcrowding.	
(a)	(i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	3,367
	(ii) Number of families dwelling therein	3,367
Info	(iii) Number of persons dwelling therein	21,490
(b)	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	468*
Mercana Derman Discount Ohiologi Michella Mystolio	* Approximately one-half were due to the increased ages of children, but 238 were discovered in the course of the overcrowding survey (measurement of houses not previously measured) in the early months of 1938.	

(c) (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during	
the year	3531
(ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases	2,076
† (a) Rehoused by London County Council (b) Rehoused by Poplar Borough Council	179
(c) Rehoused by Housing Association	1
(d) Obtained other alternative accommodation (e) Vacated accommodation taken over	59
(e) Vacated accommodation taken over	29 46
es — Algarianas	
	353
	3 .
(d) Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses	
have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of	
overcrowding	See
COI, I THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF	on page 56.
(e) Any other particulars with respect to overcrowding conditions upon which the Medical Officer of Health	ouge oo.
may consider it desirable to report	
Number of new houses and tenements erected during 1938:-	
(a) Total (including numbers given separately under (b))	318
(i) By the Local Authority	58
(ii) By other Local Authorities	260
(iii) By other bodies or persons	-
(b) With State assistance under the Housing Acts:—	
(i) By the Local Authority:—	
(a) For the purposes of the 1936 Act (Slum Clear-	
ance)	56
(b) For the purposes of the 1936 Act (Over-	
crowding)	2
(c) For other purposes	Nil.

## Number of Houses owned by the Local Authority (at 31-12-38)

## (a) Held under the Housing Acts:-

(b)

(I) With State assistance:—				
Under the 1919 Act—New Housing Rehousing	Relie Relie Obje	150 36	186	
,, ,, 1923 Act—New Housing Rehousing	Vadi	61 24	85	
,, ,, 1924 Act ,, ,, 1930/1936 Acts (Slum Clea ance) (including 67 bui			544	
during the last 2 years) ,, ,, 1935/1936Acts(Overcrowdin (including 37 built during)	 ig)		248	
last 2 years)	-		37 —— I	,100
(2) Without State assistance:—				
Houses converted to tenements		(ter	nements)	24
			I	,124
(3) Purchase for eventual demolition	ubpl al ar		(i) Total	4
Held under other powers:—				
(1) Purchased for alternative accommodate (2) Other properties	ion		6	8

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## Housing Act, 1936.

The progress of areas during 1938 has been as follows:—

(I) Represented in 1938.

	Area.	Approx.		Numbe	r of		Date of Council's	
	(F)	area, including	Howasa	1 3/9	Pe	rsons	resolution	Remarks.
No.	Title.	added lands. (acres).	Houses in area.	Families.	In area.	Added lands.	Area.	ngatar balana
	(a) Poplar Borough Council:—	151						CI To a la ST F 90
67	Saltwell Street	0.244	10	13	49	- 10	24.3.38	Clearance only. Inquiry 25.5.38.  Order confirmed 19.8.38.
84a	Maddams Street, 1—4	0.0653	4	4	13	+8	24.3.38	Inquiry 25.5.38. Compulsory Purchase Order confirmed 19.8.38.
84b	Maddams Street, 5—24	0.343	20	21	84		24.3.38	Inquiry 25.5.38. Compulsory Purchase Order confirmed 19.8.38.
85	Arrow Road	0.1055	6	7	40	-	24.3.38	Clearance only. Inquiry 25.5.38 Order confirmed 19.8.38.
86	Watts Grove	0.167	7	12	49	E TE	24.3.38	Inquiry 25.5.38. Compulsory Purchase Order confirmed 19.8.38.
87	Eliza Place	0.089	4	4	17	- B	24.3.38	Clearance only, Council pro
23	(b) London County Council:— Elizabeth Place (3 areas)	4.38	178	?	669	136	26.7.38	
			2 sho	ps, etc.	130		H H A	

#### 50

## (11) Represented prior to 1938.

	Area.	C	earance 2	Area.	Whether	No. of	Acreage	
lo.	Title.	No. of houses.	No. of persons.	Date of resolution.	lands acquired.	persons in added lands.	total area.	Remarks and position at 31st December, 1938.
	(a) Bowley Bowerl Council.			6 9				Order confirmed 10 5.05.
6	(a) Poplar Borough Council; Old Ford Road (Taylor's Buildings)	5	24	20.12.34	No	-	0.07	Premises unoccupied.
4a	Sarah Cottages (Lindale Street)	5	14	7.1.37	No	R = gi	0.04	Premises demolished.
4b	Lindale Street	3	15	25.2.37	No	_	0.03	Premises demolished.
6	Ford Road (No. 2)	3	14	24.1.35	No	-	0.055	Premises unoccupied.
2	Milton Place	9	35	25,5,38	No	_	0.097	Premises demolished.
0	Glaucus Street	7	35	25.5.38	No		0.2304	Inquiry 25.5.38. Order confirmed 19.8.38. 4 houses excluded, but may be purchased under Section 2 of Housing Act, 1936.
	(b) London County Council:			6				
2	Phoebe Street	140	1118	9.2.37	Yes	176	6.661	Rehousing in progress.
0	Vesey Street (2 areas)	44	250	30.7.35	Yes	46	1.04	Rehousing in progress.
2	Hinks Place	26	94	4.5.37	No	1-on	0.403	Order confirmed May, 1938. Re-housing in progress.
6	Cottage Place	10	30	4.5.37	No		0.102	Premises demolished.
8	Bow Road (8 areas)	39	110	31.3.36	Yes	115	4.26	Demolition in progress.
8	Dock Cottages (2 areas)	71	322	19.11.35	Yes	143	2.7	Site cleared.
3	Grace Street	69	288	2.2.37	Yes	20	1.48	Rehousing in progress.
6	Devas Street Areas 1—5	305 (inc.	2164	14.7.36 lands)	Yes	-	11.299	Rehousing in progress.
				Housing	ACT, 1930	1	100	

Underground Rooms.—Orders were made prohibiting the use of the following underground rooms for any purpose other than the storage of non-edible articles, except where otherwise stated:—

3, Blackwall Way, E.14.. Basement front and back rooms. 57, Sussex Street, E.14.. Basement front and back and scullery. 26, Bruce Road, E.3 .. Basement front and back rooms. 63, Three Mill Lane, E.3 Basement back room. 22, Sussex Street, E.14.. Basement front room. 22, Stebondale Street, E.14 Basement front and back rooms. 14, Glengall Grove, E.14 Basement front, back, scullery and passage. 22, Blackwall Way, E.14 Basement front room. 86, Northumberland Street, Basement front and back rooms. E.14 10, Stafford Road, E.3 .. Basement front and back rooms. 69, Guildford Road, E.14 Basement front and back rooms. 23, Harley Street, E.3 .. Basement front, middle and back. 3, Tomlins Grove, E.3 .. Basement front, back and scullery. III, Hind Grove, E.14 .. Basement front and back rooms. 32, Gough Grove, E.14 .. Basement front and back rooms. 32, Woodstock Terrace, Basement front room. E.14 65, East India Dock Road, Basement front and back rooms. E.14 26, Canton Street, E.14.. Basement front room. 119, Cadogan Terrace, E.9 Basement front room. 88, Fairfield Road, E.3.. Basement front room. 51, Upper North Street, Basement back room. E.14 7, Abbott Road, E.14 .. Basement front and back rooms. 9, Glengarnock Avenue, Basement front room. E.14 43, Saunders Ness Road, Basement front and back rooms. 3, Addington Road, E.3.. Basement front and back rooms. 6, Driffield Road, E.3 .. Basement front room. 5, Mornington Road, E.3 Basement front, back and scullery. 10, Bazely Street, E.14.. Basement front and back rooms. 91, Ellerman Street, E.14 Basement front and back rooms. 28, Bruce Road, E.3 .. Basement front and back rooms. 15, Brig Street, E.14 .. Basement front and back rooms.

## Undertakings to carry out works accepted.

551, Manchester Road, E.14.

8, Stafford Road, E.3.

183, Stebondale Street, E.14.

171, Stebondale Street, E.14.

74, Stebondale Street, E.14.

34, Merchant Street, E.3.

497, Manchester Road, E.14.

347, East India Dock Road, E.14.

20, Campbell Road, E.3.

603, Manchester Road, E.14.

113, Cadogan Terrace, E.9.

2, Beale Road, E.3.

10, Stafford Road, E.3.

93, 154, 403 and 472, Grosvenor Buildings, E.14.

## Undertakings cancelled consequent upon specified works being carried out.

50, Saxon Road, E.3.

109, Cadogan Terrace, E.9.

551, Manchester Road, E.14.

93, Campbell Road, E.3.

74, Stebondale Street, E.14.

171, Stebondale Street, E.14.

603, Manchester Road, E.14.

34, Merchant Street, E.3.

## Closing Orders determined.

76, Sussex Street, E.14.. Basement front and back.

3, Tomlins Grove, E.3 .. Basement front, back and scullery.

## Works carried out voluntarily.

2a, Oriental Street, E.14.

## Undertakings not to use rooms for human habitation accepted.

4, Woodstock Terrace, E.14 Basement front, back and scullery.

## Contraventions of Closing Orders.

Premises.

Remarks.

30, Bruce Road, E.3

26th May, 1938, the Town Clerk wrote owner regarding contravention of the Closing Order.

In April, 1938, the owner wrote stating occupants had accepted accommodation offer of London County Council and were waiting to hear from them. Owner promised to communicate with Town Clerk when applicant was rehoused.

still partially furnished.

- 57, Sussex Street, E.14.. Ist June, 1938, Housing Inspector reported that premises were not now used for living purposes although
- 7, Stafford Road, E.3 .. 18th August, 1938, Housing Inspector reported that Order was now being complied with.
- 22, Stebondale Street, E.14 Housing and Town Planning Committee allowed basement front room to be used as a boot repairing business for benefit of present occupier.

Overcrowding. (Also see pages 48-49.)

Special circumstances led to the investigation of 9 new instances of overcrowding, and seven of the more serious cases were reported to the Public Health Committee.

Ten letters have been sent to tenants and sub-tenants calling their attention to the fact that overcrowding is a nuisance. A number of cases were referred to the Town Clerk for submission to the London County Council, or to the Borough Council's Housing Committee for housing accommodation.

No intimations were served.

In all cases where overcrowding has been abated or eased by rehousing, letters are sent to responsible persons calling attention to the fact that overcrowding is a nuisance, and should the premises again become overcrowded the facts will be reported to the Public Health Committee.

Overcrowding Survey.

The measurement of houses which had not been measured during the overcrowding survey of 1935-36 was carried out in the early months of the year. Of the 14,211 houses measured overcrowding was found in 231 (1.11 per cent.).

Licence for temporary use by persons in excess of permitted number.

One licence was granted in December, 1938, for a period of one year. Since that time one member of the family has died and another has left home after her marriage. There is now no overcrowding at the premises concerned.

Verminous Premises and Rooms.

The service of notices regarding 311 premises and the contents of rooms at 10 premises was authorised by the Public Health Committee.

Verminous rooms are brought to the notice of owners upon the "Intimations," which are followed, if necessary, by Statutory Notices as there are usually other nuisances or defects upon the premises. Notices are also served under Section 123 of the Public Health (London) Act, 1936.

## Eradication of Red Bugs.

# SUMMARY OF THE WORK DONE BY THE SPECIAL INSPECTORS FOR DISINFESTATION.

Danier Test of 7	Council	
	Properties.	. Propertie
Number of premises reported to Public Health		
Committee (P. H. (L.) A., 1936)		310
Number of premises found to be infested .	. 58	567
Number of premises disinfested  Inspections Made.	. 55	451
Number of premises inspected		884
infestation		897
Miscellaneous visits and calls	2,140	833
Total numbers of visits	2,482	2,614
	my <u>nin</u> ym	HOLES!
Treatments Applied.		
Fumigations to 55 Council tenements	186	become
,, to 300 private tenements	nd, lawhie	579
Sprayings to Council tenements	C101-191	_
,, to 151 private tenements	- T	378
Total treatments	186	957
Number of rooms to which treatments were	amble.	8 June
applied	462	749
Articles Treated.	STEW SSEED	749
Beds, bedding, etc., by steam disinfection		3,201
Furniture by HCN in the state of the state of the HCN in the HCN in the state of the HCN in the HC	le —	6,014
Furniture, by HCN in transit to Council tene- ments		
ments	3,772	0.000
blowlamp	202	4,086
Miscellaneous articles (includes pictures,	493	4,000
leather goods, crockery, wireless sets, etc.)	er of pren	14,686
Totals of articles treated	24,851	27,987
tol 98 novals twineresting as this work is notpitaled	The state of the s	-1.5-1

	Council	
Verminous Articles Destroyed.	Properties.	Properties.
Bedding	wate Tep	125
Furniture	spured.	52
Miscellaneous articles	. Allaisa - for	292
Total of outiles destroyed	HTT <del>) sol</del> ill	
Totals of articles destroyed		590
Removal of Families to L.C.C. Tenements.		
In 23 cases the household effects of such fame they were allowed to move into L.C.C. flats or	-	reated before
Bedding—steam treatment		419
Furniture—spraying or blowlamp	in Indi	375
Sundries—spraying or blowlamp		781
Total of articles treated	tolis to 55'	1,575
Removal of Families to Poplar Borough Council T	Tenements.	il distribution
In 78 cases the household effects of such by HCN in transit.	families v	vere treated
Bedding		20,786
Furniture		3,772
In no cases were the household effects of su vermicide.	ich families	treated with
In 39 cases the household effects were clea and required no treatment	n and free	from vermin
	Council	Private
Re-inspections of Tenements Previously Disinfested	. Properties	Properties.
Number of premises re-inspected	5	301
Number of premises found satisfactory  Number of premises found satisfactory aft		214
further treatment	Totalston	27 60
Number of premises found re-infested  Percentage re-infestation	–	20%
2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		, ,

The following report was submitted by the Inspectors, Messrs. I. M. G. Farries and C. H. Medland:—

The completion of re-flooring work in Council premises in the early part of the year resulted in fewer vacancies occurring in Council tenements throughout the rest of the year, as many premises were previously vacated for re-flooring work to be carried out. In consequence, less opportunities occurred for thorough inspections to be made and fewer premises were found to be infested as compared with previous years.

Of the vacant premises inspected, there was, however, an increase in the proportion of those found to be free from infestation, and, even among those premises found to be infested, the degree of infestation tended to be less severe. This general tendency towards improvement is probably due, not only to actual fumigation work carried out, but also to the abolition of unnecessary woodwork, the replacement of wooden casing for electric wiring with metal tubing, and the comparatively bug-proof nature of the more modern flats.

Nevertheless, even the most up-to-date flats can easily become infested by the importation of bug-infested furniture, and, for this reason, the furniture of all prospective Council tenants, or of tenants transferring from one Council tenement to another, is inspected a few days prior to the date of removal in order to ascertain if any treatment is necessary.

Slight infestations are dealt with by spraying the furniture, with or without steam disinfestation of bedding, and severe infestations by HCN and steam disinfestation of the furniture in vans during transit to Council houses and steam disinfestation of bedding.

A danger less easily overcome is the importation of bug-infested second-hand furniture some time after the date of removal to Council tenements, and little can be done to prevent this happening beyond warning Council tenants of the possible consequences of such a practice. Fortunately, the majority of tenants seem to appreciate the freedom from bugs experienced following HCN fumigation of their furniture and apparently exercise more care in buying second-hand furniture after becoming Council tenants.

Many of the Council removals carried out were transfers for the purpose of abating overcrowding in Council property, and the proportion of such removals is increasing as this work is proceeded with. Naturally,

these families are usually larger than those from clearance areas, etc., so that there is a tendency for the average amount of furniture fumigated at such removals to become greater. This has resulted in an increased use of hired motor pantechnicons, as the horse-drawn Council vans, which were originally bought for slum clearance work, are usually found to be too small to cope with Council transfers.

It may be added that the undoubted prejudice that existed among Council tenants against what they considered the disgrace of HCN fumigation has largely disappeared, and, if HCN fumigation of their furniture is necessary, the majority of tenants are now quite agreeable to such treatment being carried out.

III. (Special Designations) United 2036 and 1932.

LEGISTON INCOME. THE YEAR PARTY

The bottling establishments have been under constant supervision of for the purpose of renewal of licences, special inspections were made in reports submitted.

At the end of the year there were in the Borough &r regis premises where raw milk is sold. These premises were kept under observation, 295 inspections being made.

r intimation was served in respect of cleansing and wadefects. The necessary work was done without need for further a by the department.

g persons (including I limerant vendor) were registered as purveyors of milk, g being on account of change of ownership of pre-

In addition to the above the following retail purveyors also registered during the year:—

vs for sale of sterilized milk in scaled bottles (14 on according to change of ownership).

4 for sale of raw milk in scaled cartons (1 on account of co

rg for sale of raw milk in sealed bottles to on account of c

Note, One wholesale purveyor of raw milk was registered on a of change of ownership.

# Section E.

### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Cowshed.

The following cowshed was licensed to 30th June, 1939:-

17-19, Morville Street-Mr. John Henry Chandler-licensed to keep 19 cows.

This cowshed in the Borough was inspected on 12 occasions during the year.

Dairies and Milkshops.

At the end of the year there were in the Borough 81 registered premises where raw milk is sold. These premises were kept under strict observation, 296 inspections being made.

I intimation was served in respect of cleansing and various defects. The necessary work was done without need for further action by the department.

3 persons (including I itinerant vendor) were registered as retail purveyors of milk, 2 being on account of change of ownership of premises.

In addition to the above the following retail purveyors also were registered during the year:—

- 78 for sale of sterilized milk in sealed bottles (14 on account of change of ownership).
- 4 for sale of raw milk in sealed cartons (I on account of change of ownership).
- 13 for sale of raw milk in sealed bottles (9 on account of change of ownership).
- Note.—One wholesale purveyor of raw milk was registered on account of change of ownership.

# Milk (Special Designations) Orders 1936 and 1938.

### LICENCES ISSUED DURING THE YEAR.

Designation.	Bottlers.	Pasteurisers.	Dealers in Sealed Bottles only.	Supple- mentary Licences.
Tuberculin Tested	6	2	18	8
Pasteurised	-	2	26	12
Totals	6	2	44	20

The bottling establishments have been under constant supervision and, for the purpose of renewal of licences, special inspections were made and reports submitted.

#### Bacteriological Examination of Milk.

Number of Samples Examined for Bacteria (Total Count and B. Coli and Methylene Blue Test)-108.

Z T Z Z		Where	taken:			THE STATE OF	STA . F
	On deliv	ery at—	From D	ealers-	Number	Number	2 344
Designated Milk.	Railway Stations.	L.C.C. Hospitals and Schools	Before bottling.	After bottling.	satis- factory.	unsatis- factory.	Action taken.
Tuberculin Tested	3	B -	13 (2)	29 (5)	38**	7	10 letters to dealers and 6 letters to Medical Officers of Health of other Authorities.
Pasteurised	The same	25 (1)	15*	19	58	1	One letter to producer and letter to Medical Office of Health of anothe Authority.
Tuberculin Tested Pasteurised	-	-	1	4	4	-	P P P P
Tuberculin Tested (Certified)	-	-	-	-	S P	-	
Totals	3	25	28	52	100	8	2 2 5

The figures in parentheses denote number of unsatisfactory samples and are included in the totals.

\* 8 for B. Coli count only.

\*\* 5 not subjected to B. Coli test.

Note.—Of the Seven samples of Tuberculin Tested milk which did not pass the B. Coli test, three also did not pass the Methylene Blue test.

Examination of Milk for Tubercle Bacilli (Biological Examination).

#### Number of Samples Examined-35.

(An extract from a report of the London County Council of samples of bulk milk taken on delivery and at cowsheds in the Borough is given on page 66.)

		Number reported:		
	Tubercle bacilli absent.	Tubercle bacilli present.	Examination incomplete.	Remarks.
Designated Milks:—				
Tuberculin Tested	8	_	_	
Tuberculin Tested Pasteurised	2	_	_	
Tuberculin Tested Certified	_	_	_	
Pasteurised	14	_	_	4 of these were taken at L.C.C. schools
Other Milks:—				
Sterilised	2	8 -		
Bottled (from Dairies)	8	-	_	
,, (from Cowsheds)	1	_		
Totals	35			

In addition to the samples shown in the table on page 65, the London County Council took samples of milk for biological examination for the presence of tubercle bacillus, as follows:—

Premises.	Grade.		No. of samples taken	No. Tuberculous.
	(Ungraded		 21	
3 Dairies	{Ungraded Accredited		 27	2
	Tuberculin Te	ested	 2	-
			50	2
				1 3 8

Where samples were found to be tuberculous, as a result of consequent inspection, cows believed to be the source of infection were slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order.

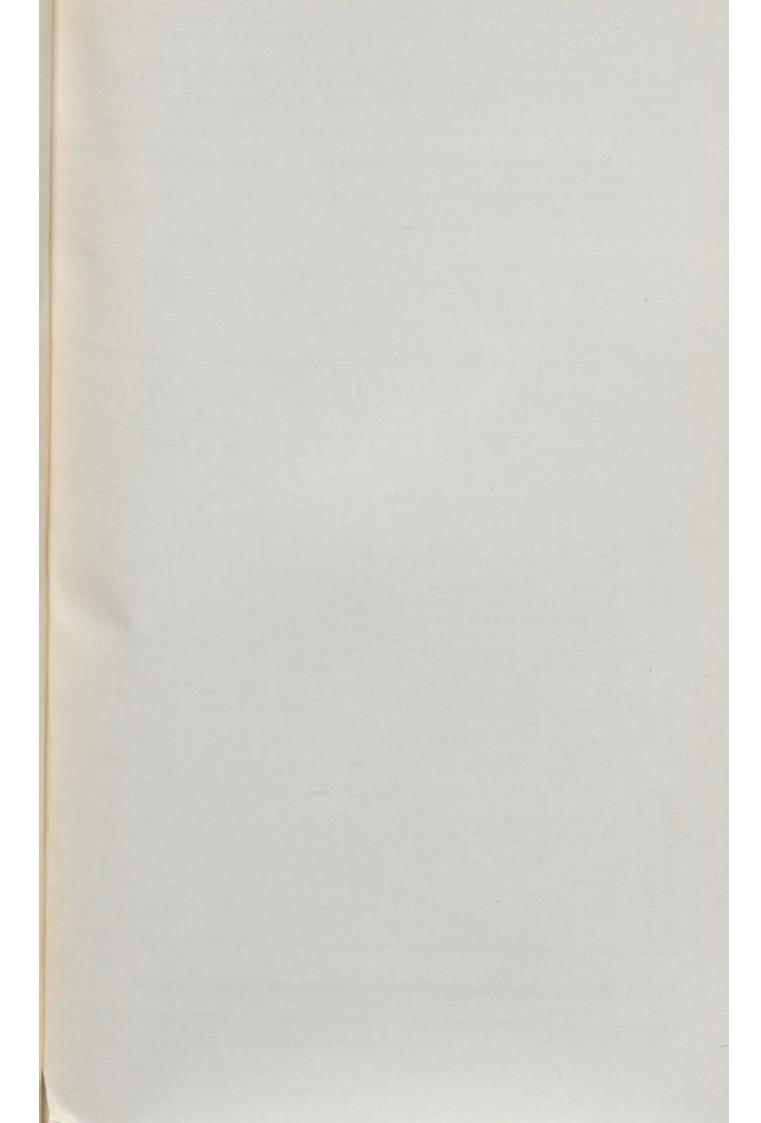
### Inspection by L.C.C. Veterinary Officers in cowsheds:-

Premises.	Date Inspected.	No. of Cows.	Cows suffering with Mastitis.
*17 and 19, Morville Street	18.2.38	6	I I

- \*One bulk sample was taken at these premises on 10th March, 1938, for examination for tubercle and proved to be negative.
- (On 1st April, 1938, the duty of inspecting cows in cowsheds in London was transferred to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.)

### Milk delivered to Hospitals and Schools.

The arrangements for taking samples at St. Andrew's Hospital, St. Clement's Hospital, and Bow Road Open-Air School, belonging to the London County Council, and at Poplar Hospital, have continued throughout the year. Samples have also been taken at Poplar Institution and Bromley House Institution (both L.C.C. Institutions). As the milk supplied to some of the L.C.C. Institutions is "Pasteurised" milk, bacteriological examinations are carried out in addition to chemical analysis. (See table, page 64.)



(1.) Retail Ment.

The Ment and Food Inspectors, during the course of their inspections of retail butchers' shops, find that the general condition of ment which is exposed for sale is satisfactory.

A very large proportion of the meat sold in the Borough is imported. The bulk of the remainder is slaughtered either in this Borough or in adjoining Boroughs, and a small proportion of home-killed meat is obtained from Smithfield Market.

(2.) Ante-Mortem Inspection—Nil.

There is no central abattoir in the Borough where a Veterinary Superintendent is employed. The slaughterhouses are visited regularly by the London County Council Veterinary Surgeon.

(3.) Post-Mortem Inspection at Slaughterhouses, Carcases inspected and condemned:—

		Cattle excluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.
	Number killed	54	535	458	3,763	1,229
	Number inspected	54	535	458	3,763	1,229
N.	Whole carcases condemned	-	-	_	2	2
ulosis.	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	2	71	-	302	161
inspected affected	Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuber- culosis	3.7%	13.3%	-	8.1%	13.2%
	Whole carcases condemned	-	7	-	-	4
Taberculosis Only.	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	2	228	-	-	68
Percentage of the nur inspected affected Tuberculosis	Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	3.7%	43.9%	-	-	5.9%
rulosis senses.	Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	61	-	-	11
inspect	Percentage of the number inspected affected with both Tuberculosis and other diseases	-	11.4%	-	-	0.9%

The following table shows the total number of organs condemned and is inserted for comparison with previous tables.

				ALL	Drsz	ASES	Exc	EFT 7	Cusz	ncer	0815.		_
Class of						On	gans,	etc.					1
Animal	Lungs	Livera	Mesen- teries.	Omenta.	Pancreas.	Spleens.	Tripes.	Hoarts.	Kidneys.	Intestines.	Udders.	Heads.	Tengues
Cattle	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	-	-	_	
Cows	10	64	8	7	6	6	5	2	7	2	68	10	10
Calves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheep and Lambs	316	52	-	-	-	3	-	5	-	1	-	-	-
Pigs	163	21	1	2	-	3		20	-	-	-	3	3

					Tu	BERC	ULOSI	s 0s	UY.				
Class of						Org	ans,	eto.					
Animal.	Lungs.	Livers.	Mesen-	Omenta.	Pancreas.	Spleens.	Tripes.	Hearts.	Kidneys.	Intestines.	Udders.	Heads.	Tongues.
Cattle	. 3	1	1	-	1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Cows	. 225	32	60	10	29	7	12	12	13	6	9	98	98
Calves		-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheep and Lamb		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pigs	. 21	17	38	4	1	4	1	16	1	_	-	37	37

During the year 21 samples were taken at 17 elementary schools and two dairies. All the samples were genuine.

Ice Cream.

During the year, 38 owners or occupiers were registered for the storage or sale of ice cream. Of these 2 were on account of change of ownership.

The number of Ice Cream vendors now on register is 240.

263 Inspections were made during the year and one intimation was served in respect of various defects.

Meat Inspection - see table facing this page.

Staughter of Assimals by Mohammodons.

Staughter of Assimals by Mohammodons.

See Tracing the state of the state has been authorised to lead, or

sendent approximately designable of households for licences for a period of the days of

the of 6d. Applicants white approximates the licences, much state when

Slaughterer of Poultry.

The business of a slaughterer of poultry is carried on at two premises

in the Borough (see p. 31). Inspections of these premises numbered and 9 "reminders" that periodical cleansing was due were served.

#### Slaughterhouses.

The following 4 slaughterhouses were licensed to 30th June, 1939:-

- I. Bazeley Street .- Messrs. Henry Wickes & Sons, Ltd.
- 2. 220, Roman Road.—Mr. Arthur Edmund Fisher. On condition that the slaughtering of cattle on the premises was limited to the requirements of the shop attached to the premises.
- 3. 288, Roman Road.—Mr. Charles Valentine Applegate. On the understanding that the Licensee was to kill small cattle only at these premises.
- 4. 48-50, West Ferry Road.—Mr. John William Faulconbridge (trading as J. Faulconbridge & Son.)
- 14 inspections of slaughterhouses were made. One intimation regarding defects and 16 'reminders' that periodical cleansing was due were served. The defects were remedied and cleansings were carried out without need for further action.

### Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

With regard to licensing of slaughtermen, the Public Health Committee agreed that primary licences be granted for a period of three years at a fee of 2s. and subsequent renewal be made at a fee of 1s. No licences were issued or renewed during the year.

### Slaughter of Animals by Mohammedans.

The Medical Officer of Health has been authorised to issue, on personal application, "occasional" licences for a period of 14 days at a fee of 6d. Applicants, when applying for licences, must state where and at what time it is proposed to slaughter animals.

16 licences were issued during the year.

### Slaughterer of Poultry.

The business of a slaughterer of poultry is carried on at two premises in the Borough (see p.31). Inspections of these premises numbered 13 and 9 'reminders' that periodical cleansing was due were served. The cleansing was carried out without need for further action.

Legal proceedings were taken against two persons for carrying on the business which had been established without the consent of the local authority.

#### Bakehouses.

At the end of the year there were 48 bakehouses in use, of which II are underground. In 39 bakehouses machinery is used. Each bakehouse in the Borough was inspected at least twice during the year, the total inspections numbering 251. 98 'reminders' that periodical cleansing was due were sent out.

2 intimations were served in respect of want of cleanliness and other defects, and the work was done without need for further action by the department.

Places where Food is Sold or Prepared (other than Premises referred to elsewhere).

The number of premises in the Borough where the sale or preparation, etc., of food is carried on is 1,098—Eating Houses, 186; Fruiterers, etc., 123; Fish Shops, 72; Butchers' Shops, 53; other premises (mainly "general" shops), 664.

1,701 visits were paid to these premises during the year.

Want of cleanliness was found in 23 instances, and 35 other defects existed.

In addition to 286 "reminders" that cleansing of fish shops was due, 7 intimations were served. The necessary works were carried out without need for further action by the department.

### REPORTS OF FOOD INSPECTORS.

(I) MR. C. A. GRABHAM.

Inspections.   Insp	Intima- tions.			
Bakehouses:—	tions.	Reminders.	Notices	served.
Factories   Workshops   S   Dom. Workshops   13   Slaughterhouses   14   Cowhouses   — Milkshops   51   Restaurants and Eating Houses   105   Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers — Where power is used   103   Others   160   Stalls   1,778   Other places where food is sold, etc. — Where Power is used   34   Others   225   Ice Cream Premises — Where Power is used   16   Others   93   Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc. — Where Power is used   — Others   92   Markets — Morning   153   Evening   153   Evening   153   Evening   153   Food Poisoning — 6   Fo	C.O.L.	Keminders.	Stat.	Final,
Workshops		e sent or	PRIVE SE	h am
Dom. Workshops   13   14	2	43	-	-
Slaughterhouses         14           Cowhouses         —           Milkshops         51           Restaurants and Eating Houses         105           Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers—         Where Power is used         103           Others         160           Stalls         1,778           Other places where food is sold, etc.—         34           Where Power is used         225           Ice Cream Premises—         16           Others         93           Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—         —           Where Power is used         —           Others         92           Markets—         92           Markets—         92           Morning         68           Infant Life Protection—         68           Food Poisoning—         6	Sovere so	7	-	-
Cowhouses         —         51           Restaurants and Eating Houses         105           Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers—         Where Power is used         103           Others         .         160           Stalls         .         .           Other places where food is sold, etc.—         34           Where Power is used         .         .           Others         .         .           Where Power is used         .         .           Others         .         .         .           Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—         .         .         .           Where Power is used         .         .         .         .           Others         .         .         .         .         .           Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—         .         .         .         .         .         .           Markets—         .	-	10	-	-
Milkshops       51         Restaurants and Eating Houses       105         Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers—       103         Where power is used       160         Stalls       1,778         Other places where food is sold, etc.—       34         Where Power is used       225         Ice Cream Premises—       16         Where Power is used       93         Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—       92         Warkets—       92         Markets—       153         Morning       153         Evening       68         Infant Life Protection—       68         Food Poisoning—       6	1	9	-	-
Restaurants and Eating Houses          105           Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers—              Where power is used               Others <td< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></td<>	-	-	1	1
Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers—         Where power is used	1	1	-	-
Where power is used	4	-	-	-
Others        160         Stalls        1,778         Other places where food is sold, etc.—        34         Where Power is used        225         Ice Cream Premises—        16         Others         93         Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—            Where Power is used             Markets—            68         Infant Life Protection—       Visits				
Stalls        1,778         Other places where food is sold, etc.—        34         Others         225         Ice Cream Premises—	3	69	-	-
Other places where food is sold, etc.—         Where Power is used	1	84	-	-
Where Power is used	_	-	-	-
Others          225           Ice Cream Premises—          16           Where Power is used          93           Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—         —         —           Where Power is used          —           Others          92           Markets—             Morning             Evening             Infant Life Protection—         Visits            Food Poisoning—         6	and one	and to market		
Ice Cream Premises—       Where Power is used	_		-	-
Where Power is used	5	is omrid	DOTT N	-
Others           93           Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—               Where Power is used </td <td>Asset bo</td> <td>A Min. 13</td> <td>coldina.</td> <td></td>	Asset bo	A Min. 13	coldina.	
Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or stored, etc.—  Where Power is used	1			
or stored, etc.— Where Power is used	1	D Geolog	1 -161	11178
Where Power is used	hat a fe	of Is.		
Others        92         Markets—        153         Morning           Evening           Infant Life Protection—       Visits          Food Poisoning—       6	of bisa	sits were	701 V	I
Markets—         153           Evening         68           Infant Life Protection—         68           Visits         6           Food Poisoning—         6				
Morning	2577 220	cleaning	ant or	77
Evening 68 Infant Life Protection— Visits 6 Food Poisoning—		_	_	
Infant Life Protection— Visits 6 Food Poisoning—				
Visits 6 Food Poisoning—				
Food Poisoning—	100 7 000	100000	IDDS 4	_
	V192 970	te agoite	mimi .	
Visits 6	_		_	_
Miscellaneous 66		-	1	_
3,101	18	218		

Mr. Grabham also made 10 inspections under the Shops Act (figures are included in above table).

C	
SLAUGHTERHOUSES:	
Number of Visits	490
Number of Carcases Inspected:—	
Oxen	38
Bulls	_
Calves	279 225
Sheep	2,212
Lambs	254
Pigs	610
Organs condemned and destroyed consequent on slaughterhouse visits	Slaughterhouses
Heads and Tongues condemned and	See table facing page 67.
destroyed	Restaurants and Earling Houses,
	Where Forest is and
	Stalls standard wheel is sold at a
Number of Samples procured:	Where Power is used
(a) Under Food and Drugs (Adulteration)	Ice Cream Premises— are
Act	391
	Column of the state of the state of the
(b) Under other Acts, Orders, etc	61 (including 7 for T.B. only.)
(i) Number satisfactory	58
(ii) Number not satisfactory	3 —alaxald
	Total Marian W
*Action taken in respect of unsatisfactory	smondalledal M
samples:	Estant Life Protection-Visits
(a) Legal proceedings	Food Polanna v mills
(o) Letters sent to Vendors, Bottlers.	
etc	5
(c) Reported to appropriate Govern- ment Department, or Local	
Authority	Mr. Pearce also made 3 in included in above table.)
	- (-sides svois all beniens
Public Health (Foreign Meat) Regulations-	
Certificates issued	74
Certificates issued	
Visits to Factorias	172
Visits to Factories	112
Visits to Factories	1.0
Visits to Factories	4711
Visits to Paginess	
Visits to Paginess	

### (2) MR. H. A. PEARCE.

	Gram	Delpeque .	TOTALS.		
	Inspec-	Intima-	Reminders	Notice	served
	tions.	tions.	Reminders.	Stat.	Fina
Bakehouses:—				C mail	8
Factories		-	36	-	-
Workshops	. 13	-	6	-	-
Dom. Workshops	1	_	-	-	_
Slaughterhouses	. 13	-	16	10-11	-
Cowhouses	. 12	-	1148-114	-	-
Milkshops	245	1000	-	-	-
Restaurants and Eating Houses	172	3	10-10-	-	_
Fried Fish Vendors and Fish Curers-					
Where Power is used	. 56		37	_	-
Others	204	_	96	_	-
Stalls	2,691	_	-	_	_
Other places where food is sold, etc					
Where Power is used	160	-	-	-	10-7
Others	900	1	_	_	_
Ice Cream Premises—		A Lamond	The build		- Park
Where Power is used	. 38	_	_	-	_
Others	110	_		_	_
Wharves, etc., where food is prepared or					
stored, etc.:—		Land L	A madely		
Where Power is used	1000	-	_	_	_
Others	0		10-0	_	_
Markets—		30000000	The state of the state of		
Mamina	214	1200 200	DOMESTIC !	_	_
77	77			_	
W 11	115	_			
Tofant Tife Ductostion Visite	7.7	mayaza id	The state of the state of		******
Food Deigening Visite	0			A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	- 4
rood Poisoning—visits	-		200	-	
	4,636	4	191		
	4,050	4	191	addition .	11

Mr. Pearce also made 3 inspections under the Shops Act (figures are included in above table.)

The full index about the little in	re released an condition that
SLAUGHTERHOUSES:	The fullowing were condemned
Number of Visits	320
	alreas de some l'rait Jules compris
Number of Carcases Inspected:	5 casks Lamon Juice comprising 4,
Oxen	16
Bulls	256
Calves	233
Lambs	862 435
Pigs	619
quent on slaughterhouse visits	See table facing page 67
Heads and Tongues condemned and destroyed	See table facing page of
10 sins Corned Best.	tion Fraway
- Line Antion Scales	- Bootsman Leady
	3 Chiekens
Number of samples procured:	tin Tudoy.
(a) Under Food and Drugs (Adulteration)	and subsequently thought and and a
Act	376
I lat Tentles	179 rins Sprats
(b) Under other Acts, Orders, etc	91‡
(i) Number satisfactory	84
(ii) Number not satisfactory	7
	The same of the sa
*Action taken in respect of unsatisfactory samples:	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
<ul><li>(a) Legal proceedings</li><li>(b) Letters sent to Vendors, Bottlers,</li></ul>	2
etc	6
(c) Reported to appropriate Local Authority	5 man milet spant alone t
00 204 portloga Livera	gamons.
	, carolles
	4 tims Tomatoes.
Public Health (Foreign Meat) Regulations—	tine Planes
Certificates issued	6
Visits to Factories	. 6
	to be well with under supervision
- In terms Channel Balmon	
Assistant's Time—Hours	406

### The following were condemned by Mr. C. A. Grabham and destroyed:-

244 casks Grape Fruit Juice comprising 7,040 gallons. 75 casks Lemon Juice comprising 4,490 gallons. casks Orange Juice comprising 460 gallons. 2 carboys Orange Juice comprising 40 gallons. 28 casks Lime Juice comprising 2,240 gallons. 5 casks Apricot Pulp comprising 250 gallons. 12 tins Apricot Pulp. 19 tins Orange Juice. 5 cwt. Lemon Peel. 4 tins Prawns. 18 tins Tomatoes. 60 lbs. Tomatoes. 13 Chickens. 82 Turkeys. 1 tin Turkey. 35 tins Mushrooms. 1 jar Mushrooms. 1 tin Kippered Herrings. 31 tins Kippers. 179 tins Sprats. 116 tins Peas.

372 tins Strawberries and Blackberries.

17 tins Golden Berries.

324 tins Salmon.

183 tins Lobster.

24 tins Herrings.

12 tins Celery.

17 tins Tongue. 40 jars Tongue. 72 bottles Tongue. 5 tins Caviare. 5 jars Caviare. 1 6-lb. tin Beef. 127 tins Pineapple. 1 tin Asparagus. 93 tins Sardines. 1 jar Cocktail. 338 1-lb. tins Assorted Fruits. 282 2-lb. tins Assorted Fruits. 23 21-lb. tins Assorted Fruits. 1 tin Damsons. 39 bags Brown Sugar. 16 tins Corned Beef. I tin Haricot Beans. 7 tins Pears. 3 tins Petit Pois. 4 tins Sheep Tongues. 54 31-lb. tins Anchovies. 8 tins Oysters. 16 tins Tomato Puree. 96 tins Figs. 5 tins Hams. 1 jar Truffles. 1 tin Mustard. 62 tins Raspberries and Blackcurrants. 1 tin Pate de Foie Gras. 42 10-lb. tins Black Current Pulp. 51 stone Rock Salmon. 20 Scotch Lamb Carcases.

### The following were condemned by Mr. H. A. Pearce and destroyed:-

2 casks Orange Juice comprising 100 gallons.
2 casks Lemon Juice comprising 100 gallons.
3 bags Orange Peel.
14 tins Tomatoes.
2 tins Plums.

8 lbs. Plums. 100 cases Oranges. 204 portions Cheese. 7 lbs. Bacon. 6 stone Dog Fish. 29 Wild Rabbits. The following unsound foodstuffs were released on condition that they were not used for human consumption:—

Released to other Authorities for purposes of Grease making:-

```
19 casks Tallow.
18 casks Tallow.
13 casks Tallow.
```

128 cases Anchovies were placed under stop and subsequently released.

Certain foodstuffs were damaged aboard a vessel in collision in the River Thames. In addition to those foodstuffs previously reported, the following were released to other Authorities for technical and other purposes:—

```
7 bales Hops .. ..
65 packages Confectionery .. ...
49 cases Ground Almonds ..
39 cases Shelled Almonds
38 cases Dates .. ..
                               .. [For animal food.
                          ..
22 baskets Cheese ..
 4 packages Raisins .. ..
.. For sorting purposes.
 2 cases Canned Tomatoes ..
18 cartons of 144 packets Suet
 1 carton containing 28/1 packets Suet
 2 cartons of 28/1 packets Suet
3 cases Canned Dressed Crab
                               .. To be dealt with under supervision
10 cases Canned Pineapples ..
                               .. f of other Authority.
15 cases Canned Salmon ...
18 cases Lambs' Tongues ...
10 cases Canned Salmon ...
                                ..
 2 cartons Marcaroni/Vermicelli
```

### (c) Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928.

The results of the analyses of 793 samples were reported to the Public Health Committee during the year:—

rallons.	** 1	NT 1	Action	taken.
Sample.	Number examined.	Number Adul- terated.	Legal Proceedings. (See page 42)	Letters of caution sent.
1. Drugs, etc.			Section Section	
Glycerine of Thymol	2 4	-	-	-
Lime Water	4	1	1	-
Malt Extract	2 4	-	-	-
Oil, Camphorated	4	_	-	-
Oil, Olive	2	And a let The plant	to orallistico	bearing and
Ointments:	and the second		The state of the s	
Blue	2	1 tie Thurio	Henny.	-
Boracic	4 2 8	T. S. In Theats	well min	n 91 -
Sulphur	2	I HOTPOUL	Publication to the	81 -
Zinc	8	4 tive sheet	Corolies, min	0 81 -
			Anchovies.	
2. Spirits.				
Rum	4	AND THE PART OF	N. W. T. SOUN	-
Whisky	2	OF THE PLAN	_	
0 00 4-12-7		S tine Hatis		
3. Other Articles.	0			
Baking Powder	2	d the works		
Barley, Pearl	6	dis state line		ASSESSED FOR THE PARTY OF THE P
Biscuits	2	3381173124	MAJAMIN BANKE	III III I
Blanc Mange Powder	2 4	soll of rol	N 66 BIR OUT OF THE	the Provide
Brawn		04 20 TO 14	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	or well-offed
Bread and Butter	12	1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	1
Butter	28	1		: enaligratio
Cake Cheese	4			_
(1) 1 / 1) 11	6	1	_	_
0	9	1	and the same	
a. m.	2 2	The same of the same		7 88 -
C - 1 ! - TI - 4	4	Stron	hor-Yann	- 1
Cardiala	6	-5000	III. India 42 man	b 88 -
Cornflour	2		100	b 88 -
Cream	ī	TOU ASSESS IN	This is a charles	1 22 -
Cream, Canned	i	101 101	A Paris Harrison	
Custard Powder	2	Tibe_Bison	lived usb	2 -
Dripping		Water De	1 1307 7 7 7 1 2	mmO -
Egg Powder	8 2	All Marid Str	total Tear allen	- 23 0
Fish Paste	4	tootan	non Compand Ton	0 2 -
Flour	3 2	dank-steda	nd bhi le-anorm	D 81 -
Flour, Self-raising	2			0 -
Fruits, Canned and Dried	4 1008	28 Frackets	rion containing	10 L -
Ground Ginger	2	nolosta Suot	1 182 1- motu	
Herrings in Tomato Sauce	2	dar <del>a J</del> oss	or I han be been	D 8 -
Ice Cream	2	The state of the	ned banage ban	0 01 -
Jams	15	2	2	0.01 -
		nom	ner Canned cal	0 01
Carried forward	170	5	3	10 12 1

		27 1	Number	Action	taken.
Sample		Number examined.	Adul- terated.	Legal Pro- ceedings. (See page 42.)	Letters of caution sent
Brought fo	orward.	 170	5	3	1
dard	JI Wall	 2	_	_	
Lemon Curd			_	-	
o monada		 4 2 2 2	_	_	_
oumanda Comet	als	 2	_	_	_
		 2	-	_	_
		 37	-	-	-
cat, Fresh		 11	-	_	
" Minced		 8	1	1	_
" Paste		 6	_	-	
Milk Cooked		 2	_	-	_
* *		 393	13	-	3
" Condensed		 23	- 101	mer (- day)	
Mincemeat Mustard		 6	3	1	2
Mincemeat		 6		STE COL	11111
Mustard		 2		-	-
Oatmeal		 2 2 2 4	-	_	_
Pea Flour		 2	TO THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH	of the second	man and
Peas, Canned			_	_	_
Peel, Preserved		 2	and the same	-	-
Pepper		 4	_	_	-
Sac		 4		_	THE PARTY NAMED IN
VIII 76 - 3 4		 4	-	_	-
Sauce		 8		-	_
Sano		 2	100 50	-	100 ST
Sausages		 17	3	1	_
Spice Suet		 2	-	-	
Shar, mixed		 2 4	and the second	_	-
100			-	-	_
Table T		 12	_	_	-
Table Jelly Tapioca	**	 12	la not	_	_
1,		 2	-	-	_
4 Pro-		 4	1979	-	_
Vinegar		 4	_	Acres 1	_
Vinegar 3		 26	2	_	2
Vinegar, Malt		 - 40	-	100	-
Totals,	1938	 793	27*	6	8
Totals,	1937	 794	13**	1	8

<sup>\*</sup> Including 4 informal samples.

Of the samples of milk, 152 were procured from itinerant vendors, on Sundays and 71 on weekdays. All these samples were genuine.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Including 3 informal samples.

Milk: and Cream not Sold as Preserved Cream.

The rote	Number of Samples examined for the presence of preservative.	(B) Number in which preservative was reported to be present, and percentage of preservative found in each case.
Milk	393	Nil.
Cream	1	Nil.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC ANALYSTS.

During the year 1938, 793 samples were examined under the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act.

10 samples were submitted by a neighbouring Authority, the remainder by the Inspectors.

No samples were submitted by the Public under the Act.

207 of the samples were purchased informally.

27 samples were found to be adulterated, 23 formal and 4 informal.

The adulteration was at the rate of 3.4 per cent. as compared with 3.46 per cent. for the whole of London and 5.5 per cent. for the whole of England and Wales in 1937.

The rate of adulteration in the Borough for the past 10 years was as follows:—

tollows:—					
		No.	of Samples	3	Percentage of
	Year.	ez	kamined.		adulteration.
	1938		793		3.4
	1937		794		1.6
	1936		813	11. 8	4.2
	1935		822		4.5
	1934		849		6.3
	1933		799		4.5
	1932	mal six ples.	818	alsel.	4.0
	1931	asigers lam	801	elont.es	7.6
	1930		807		6.7
	1929		801		8.7
			TEN WITH		Ol the sampl
	A	verage	810	w no IT b	5.2
			-		

The number of samples examined was at the rate of 5.79 per 1,000 of the estimated population as compared with 9.91 per 1,000 for the whole of London and 3.79 per 1,000 for the whole of England and Wales in 1937.

393 samples of milk were examined of which 13, or 3.3 per cent. were reported as adulterated, as compared with 3.26 per cent. for the whole of London and 7.4 per cent. for the whole of England and Wales in 1937.

The milk adulteration in the Borough for the past 10 years was as follows:—

Year.		No. of Milks examined.	del. 19	Percentage of adulteration.
1938	red made	393		3.3
1937	mitel. I	362		1.1
1936		391		4.9
1935	ortana din	383		3.7
1934		451		7.8
1933	class to	382		3.9
1932	m med	367	1000	2.2
1931	awn to b	392	Orders.	3.3
1930		426		4.0
1929		284	·	4.9
Av	erage .	. 383	enerved to	3.9

### Condensed Milks.

23 samples of Condensed and Evaporated Milk were examined, all of which complied with the provisions of the Condensed Milk Regulations.

### Preservatives.

There were 4 contraventions of the Preservatives Regulations, r Minced Meat and 3 fresh Sausages contained Sulphur Dioxide preservative.

Other samples examined during the year, all for the Public Health Department were:—

- I Effluent.
- I Well Water.
- 2 Spirits.
- 9 Pasteurised Milks, all of which were satisfactory.
- 15 Rag Flocks, 2 of which did not comply with the Regulations for cleanliness.

ALBERT E. PARKES,

H. A. PARKES,

Public Analysts.

### Butter and Margarine Acts.

The following is the number of premises in the Borough registered under the above-mentioned Acts:—

Marga	rine.		Butter.
Wholesale Dealer.	Manu- facturer.	Factory.	Wholesale Dealer in Milk-blended.
15	_	2	100 100 <u>20</u> 110

Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1928.

Premises registered under section 4, for storage of eggs: Bow Cold Storage Company, Limited, Payne Road, Bow.

### Merchandise Marks Act and Orders.

Occupiers of shops and stallholders have been supplied with appropriate circulars respecting marking of foreign produce. Inspections and observations have been made from time to time and where necessary attention has been drawn to breaches of the Orders.

Legal proceedings were taken in two instances, see page 42.

### Manufacture of Preserved Foods.

No applications for the manufacture of preserved food were submitted, The number of premises now on the register is 46.

### Food Poisoning.

During the year 5 notifications were received and one suspected case was found during enquiries.

Investigations into the 6 cases resulted in them being classified as follows:—

Possible cases	 	 	2
Personal susceptibility	 	 	I
Not true food poisoning	 	 	3

The 2 possible cases were members of the same family and the cause of the illness was unsound chocolate roll, the vendor of which was cautioned.

All patients recovered without serious illness.

Certification of Certain Food Products for Export to the Dominions and Foreign Countries.

In view of the requirements of the Food Laws in operation in the Dominions and elsewhere, the system of certification for food products which are derived from the flesh of cattle, sheep, swine or goats, or from game or poultry, and are prepared or packed in England and Wales for export, has been continued.

178 visits were paid to factories and 22 tons 7 cwts. 3 qrs. I st. 3 lbs. of foodstuffs were inspected and passed for export. 4 Turkeys were also certified for export.

Certificates were issued in connection with 80 consignments of foodstuffs: Canada (3), Australia (51), United States of America and Dependencies (11), India (9), other countries (6).

Other foodstuffs certified for export; 100 cases each 48 cartons of dates

Public Health (Imported Food) Regulations, 1925.

Notices were received from time to time from the Port of London Sanitary Authority respecting tallow which had been released under suitable guarantees for soapmaking, lubricating oils, etc.

Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933.

During 1938 the Committee approved 45 re-entries and I new entry in the Council's list.



TABLE VIIA.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES, CASES AND DEATHS BY WARDS, 1938.

							CASES :	Notifii	ED.													DE	ATHS.							
NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.			Be	w.			1	Bromley	7.			100	Poplar.					В	ow.			1	Bromley.					Poplar.		
	Whole Borough.	North.	West.	Cent.	South.	North- West.	North- East.	South- West.	South- East.		North- West.	West.	East.	Mill- wall.	Cubitt Town.	Whole. Borough.	North.	West.	Cent.	South.	North- West.	North- East.	South- West.	South- East.	Cent.	North- West.	West.	East.	Mill-wall.	Cubitt
Smallpox Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup) Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Typhus Fever Enteric Fever (including Paratyphold) Relapsing Fever Continued Fever Puerperal Fever Puerperal Fyrus Puerperal Pyrus Acute Poliomyelltis Acute Encephalitis Lethargica Ophthalmia Neonatorum *Zymotic Enteritis Preumonia, Acute Primary Acute Influenzal.  Dysentery Whooping Cough		35 5 20           3   1       2   16         2	32 19 19 1 	30 2 24 	31 1 28	22 8 25 	36 6 11 — — 1 2 — 1 — 6 18 1 1 1 — 2	47 7 30 	18 11 	62 2 18 —————————————————————————————————	38 6 38	25 7 20 1 1 - 5 - 27 24 - 3 1	20 4 19 	27 9 14 — — 1 1 1 1 1 2 6 39 3 3 1 — 1	17 8 33 1 1 - 1 5 1 15 25 1 1	10 2 1 1 3 - 3 - 2 17 44† 1† 1 1 1 4 3	1		1	1 1 1 3 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	1 3 4 1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 		1 1 1 1 1 2 5 5 1 2 2	1 		1-111111111111111
Totals	1393	84	91	94	82	97	85	140	60	122	131	113	80	106	108	101	5	4	8	5	12	5	10	6	10	8	11	7	4	0

\* † See notes at foot of Table VII.



TABLE VII. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE YEAR 1938. (52 Weeks.)

				CA	SES	Noti	FIED	IN V	VHOL	в Во	BOUG	эн.							Тота	L Di	EATH	S IN	Age-	Peri	ods.			
							At A	Ages-	-Yea	rs.					Number	.80					A	t Ag	es—Y	Cears				
NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.		At all Ages	Under 1.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 35.	35 to 45.	45 to 65.	65 and upwards.	of Cases admitted to Hospital.	At all Age	Under 1.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 35.	35 to 45.	45 to 65.	65 and upwards.
Diphtheria (including Membraneous Crouj Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Typhus Fever Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid) Relapsing Fever Continued Fever Puerperal Fever Puerperal Fever Puerperal Fever Acute Poliomyelitis Acute Encephalitis Lethargica Ophthalmia Neonatorum *Zymotic Enteritis Pneumonia, Acute Primary Acute Influenzal Dysentery \$Measles \$Whooping Cough	))	. 66 310 3 - 3 - 6 45 6 4 - 4 - 9 99 290 290 14 8 80	9 1 3 	16 1 17 	37 2 25 	37 1 31 	23 	196 2 135 		15 3 14 1 - 1 4 - - - 7	- 11 10 18 - 1 - 3 35 25 4 1 1	-4 10 4 	-1 21 1 -1 -1 1 11 31 4	1 13 	439 45 297 3 — 6 43 6 4 — 2 67 125 1 7	100 22 1 1 - 3 3 - 2 2 17 44† 1† 1 1 14 3	7 2	3 - 5 1		2	1 - 1 1 1 1 1	4	-		1 1 1 1 1 3	3 1 3 7	- 1 1 - - - 1 1 1 - - - 1 1 - - - 1 -	7 1 7 1 9
Totals		. 1393	138	121	110	111	113	400	111	45	109	44	61	30	1055	101	41	9	2	2	2	4	1	-	3	7	21	9

This table does not include cases in which the original diagnosis was not confirmed.

• See notes on pages 90 and 119. The number of deaths relates to the whole year. §§ Notifiable from 1st October, 1938.

† Notified patients only. ¶ Not notified; immate of Institution for some years.

(An analysis of cases and deaths by Wards is given in a separate Table on next page.)

## Section F.

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Tables showing the incidence of and deaths from infectious diseases face this page, and there is nothing which calls for special comment.

The notification rate was 10.4, compared with 9.8 in 1937.

Mortality from Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever and Enteric Fever.

			Diphtheria.	Scarlet Fever	Enteric and Paratyphoid Fevers.
Cases		 	 440	310	3
Deaths		 	 10	I	_
Fatality	Rate	 	 2.3	0.3	_

### Diphtheria Immunisation.

Applicants are dealt with at the Hackney Borough Council Clinic for which the Poplar Council pay a sum of 10s. for a complete immunisation and certificate, and 2s. 6d. for a certificate of natural immunity. These charges are on the understanding that the Poplar children do not require a special clinic.

The	number dealt with during the year was as follo	ws:—		
	Cases referred to Hackney			86
	Certificates of immunisation received during 193	38		76
	Certificates of natural immunity received during	1938		12
	Re-Schick only			2
	Treatment incomplete owing to removal			3
	Cost	£40	15s.	od.

The immunising agent used is TAM.

### Diphtheria Anti-toxin.

180,000 units of diphtheria anti-toxin were issued to medical practitioners during the year.

The main supply of anti-toxin is kept at the Public Health Office and is available for the use of medical practitioners in the Borough.

By the courtesy of the Medical Superintendent of St. Andrew's Hospital, a supply is kept at that hospital for the use of medical practitioners who apply when the Public Health Office is closed.

156,000 units were issued from St. Andrew's Hospital during the year.

Care is taken to see that old stock is replaced periodically.

#### Enteric Fever.

Five notifications of cases of Typhoid Fever and Paratyphoid Fever were received and the patients were removed to hospital. In 2 cases the diagnosis was not confirmed leaving 3 cases, the attack rate being 0.02. There were no deaths.

### Smallpox.

No cases of Smallpox were notified during the year.

A revised memorandum on the steps to be taken by Sanitary Authorities on the occurrence of Smallpox was issued by the Ministry of Health. Copies of the memorandum were supplied to each Public Vaccinator in the Borough and the Vaccination Officer.

#### Vaccination.

The following particulars regarding vaccination have been taken from the Vaccination Officer's reports:—

Extract from the Report of the Vaccination Officer, respecting the Vaccination of Children whose Births were registered from 1st January to 31st December, 1937, inclusive:-

	1.8	31st	Numb January, 19	er of Births	entered by accination Regis	ster."	100					1
	Number of Births	Dr. L. J	M Whi	Spring	Col. IV Number in respect of	1 - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N - N -	January,	of Births whice 1939, remained accination Reg	unentered	Number of Births neither	Total number of Certificates of Successful	Number of Statutory Declarations
Registration Sub-Districts.	registered 1st Jan. to 31st Dec., 1937.	Col. I Success- fully vac- cinated.	Insus- ceptible of Vac- cination.	Had Small- pox.	whom Statutory Declarations of Con- scientious Objection have been	Col. V Died unvac- cinated.	Postponement by Medical Certificate.	Removals to Districts the Vaccination Officers of which have been duly apprised.	Removals to places unknown, cases not found, etc.	entered in the "Vac- cination Register" nor ac- counted for in Columns 8, 9 and 10.	Primary Vaccination of Children under 14 received during the calendar year	of Conscientious Objection actually received during the calendar year
				-	received.	39 5	388		- 10	,	1938.	1938.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Bow and Bromley	1246	129	Tot Pahl	- 0	823	55	S Tokas	28	36	175	1	)
Poplar	408	52	- A	-	276	22	our in the second	1	11	46	336	}1115
Total	1654	181	- T	-	1099	77	E GOUN	29	47	221	336	1115

Note,—(a) The total of the figures in Columns 3 to 11 should agree with the figure in Column 2.—The number of children successfully vaccinated after the declaration of conscientious objection had been made was—Nil.

<sup>(</sup>b) The figures in Columns 2 to 11 should not include re-registered births.

The total number of copies of certificates for the year 1937 sent to other Vaccination Officers was 103,

86

RETURN showing the numbers of persons successfully vaccinated and re-vaccinated at the cost of the rates by the Medical Officers of Institutions and the Public Vaccinators during the year ended 30th September, 1938.

#### POPLAR BOROUGH COUNCIL.

Name of the Name of Medical		Numbers of Successful Primary Vaccinations of persons:—			Number of Successful Re-vaccinations— i.e., Successful Vaccina-	E BY	
Name of the Institution or Vaccination District.	Officer or Public Vaccinator.	Under one year of age.	One year and upwards.		tions of persons who had been successfully vaccinated at some previous time.	Observations.	
The figures for the Institutions should be shown separately.		1 B 50	1 0	90 B B	or lost letting	E trail 12 trail	
	TOTALS	213	75	288	33	Since Since	
	spinene by		13		on duly _lumerfete, in Cilumes		
Bromley	Dr. C. Cotter	55	20	75	11		
	Dr. H. J. O'Brien	47	31	78	11		
	Dr. D. G. Macrae	77	11	88	6		
fillwall	Dr. M. Blasker	34	13	47	5		
t. Andrew's Hospital	Dr. J. R. M. Whigham	-	_	-	market - Bulleton		
oplar Institution		-		-	The same of the sa		
t. Clement's Hospital	Dr. E. T. Pinhey	-				Control Service	
Col. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	

M. 379a.

The following analysis of the Report of the Vaccination Officer reveals the fact that nearly 88 per cent. of the children whose births were registered in 1937 were not protected by successful vaccination:—

Births registered	dO gall	1,654
Deduct:—		Ur. Matesian D
Died unvaccinated	77 29 47	153
Surviving residents	d in oth	1,501
Successful vaccinations numbered 181 Insusceptible of Vaccination — Had Smallpox —		=12.1 per cent.
Conscientious Objections declared 1,099 Vaccinations postponed on Medical Certificates		
Number not accounted for 221		
Total unvaccinated children	I,320=	87.9 per cent.
received serum treatment (two with real-	1,501	

Public Health (Smallpox Prevention) Regulations, 1917.

There were no vaccinations or re-vaccinations performed by the Medical Officer of Health during the year.

Plague.

No case of this disease was notified during the year.

Anthrax, Glanders and Hydrophobia in Man.

No cases of Anthrax, Glanders or Hydrophobia in Man occurred.

Erysipelas.

66 cases of Erysipelas were notified, and there were two deaths from this disease.

Public Health (Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia) Regulations, 1926.

The Consulting Obstetrician appointed under the above Regulations, Dr. Malcolm Donaldson, was not called in to any case during the year.

The following is a summary of the cases notified, etc., during the

year:-

	Puerperal	Puerperal
	Fever.	Pyrexia.
Cases notified	6*	45*
Removed to L.C.C. Fever Hospitals	3 4	16
Treated in other Hospitals	2	27
Treated at home	_	2
Consultant called in	_	Tabanani P
Deaths	3**	History and T

- \* Corrected figures (after adjustment for altered diagnosis).
- \*\* Including two cases which were not notified. A list of deaths from puerperal causes or associated with pregnancy is given on page 123.

Continued and Typhus Fevers.

No cases of continued and typhus fevers were notified.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever.

Six cases of Cerebro-Spinal Fever were notified and were treated in hospital. Four patients received serum treatment (two with Prontosil also) and three recovered. Deaths numbered three (including one patient who had been treated with Prontosil only. In three other cases diagnosis was not confirmed.

Acute Poliomyelitis.

Four cases were notified and removed to hospital.

Acute Polio-Encephalitis.

No cases of Acute Polio-Encephalitis were notified.

Acute Encephalitis Lethargica.

No cases were notified.

Two deaths were certified as being due to Encephalitis Lethargica. One was of a patient who was notified in 1928 and the other of a patient who had not been notified. Both had been in institutions for a number of years,

Cases of Encephalitis Lethargica are kept under observation until the acute stage has passed. Subsequently, periodical visits are made and reports as to the condition of patients are forwarded to the London County Council. From time to time reports as to cases admitted to the Encephalitis Lethargica unit at the Northern Hospital are received from the London County Council.

the of this Report dealing with Miles and Wholes of the Country of the land of the Report dealing with Miles of the Report dealing wit with Miles of the Report dealing with Miles of the Report deali

1, Son cases of Measles and German Measles (of which S wentified) were reported to the Medical Officer of Health from various

sources (principally from L.C.C. schools). This figure is corrected for

Fourteen deaths were attributed to Measles.

7050 -- 754 -- 90 -- 250

Zymonic Enterins,

103 con 101

Regulations dated 4th March, 1938, were issued by the Ministry

bildren under 5 years of ago. Notice of the regulations was given

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Visitors to given in the Maternity and ChildsWelfare Section opage 120 d

communication of Acute Primary Phenmonia and 12 cases of Acute Influenza

Pneumonia were notified during the year, 126 of the patients being treated

in hespitals. 45 notified patients died-44 acute training and r Acute Influenzal Pneumonia.

falaria.

to cases of Malaria were notified during the year.

Post-Vaccinal Encephalitis, etc.

No case of Post-Vaccinal infection was reported.

Measles.

The County of London Measles and Whooping Cough Regulations came into operation 1st October, 1938.

1,802 cases of Measles and German Measles (of which 8 were notified) were reported to the Medical Officer of Health from various sources (principally from L.C.C. schools). This figure is corrected for altered diagnosis cases. 268 of the cases were treated in hospitals. Fourteen deaths were attributed to Measles.

### Zymotic Enteritis.

Regulations dated 4th March, 1938, were issued by the Ministry of Health require the notification of cases of Zymotic Enteritis in children under 5 years of age. Notice of the regulations was given by advertisement in the local press and by posters.

(A summary of the notified cases which were visited by the Health Visitors is given in the Maternity and Child Welfare Section, page 120.)

#### Pneumonia.

290 cases of Acute Primary Pneumonia and 13 cases of Acute Influenzal Pneumonia were notified during the year, 126 of the patients being treated in hospitals. 45 notified patients died—44 Acute Primary Pneumonia and I Acute Influenzal Pneumonia.

#### Malaria.

No cases of Malaria were notified during the year.

### Dysentery.

17 cases were notified and were treated in hospital. In 3 instances the diagnosis was not confirmed. One death was recorded—bacillary dysentery; bacillus pyocyaneus; diabetes mellitus.

### Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

A complete summary of cases notified and visited is given in the Section of this Report dealing with Maternity and Child Welfare, page 119.

#### Cancer.

The number of deaths from Cancer for the last ten years is shown below: -

Year. Males		Males.		Total		
1929		114	.C.	96		210
1930		136		75		211
1931		121		100		221
1932	•-	130	Mone	75	alogis	205
1933		116		89	Dispr	205
1934		123		126		249
1935		129		92		221
1936		118		94		212
1937	• • •	134	h	107		241
1938		142		102		244

Tuberculosis.

#### TUBERCULOSIS OFFICER'S REPORT.

The London County Council continued from 1st April, 1938, the arrangements whereby Tuberculosis Officers of the Metropolitan Boroughs are deemed to be honorary consultants for tuberculosis in the general hospitals under the London County Council's control.

The Council's Tuberculosis Dispensary is at No. 1, Wellington Way (late Wellington Road), Bow, E.3, and the following table shows the accommodation, hours of sessions, etc.:—

A LOS CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON		
Accommodation.	Day and time of session.	Type of session.
Two Tuberculosis Officers' Rooms, Dispensary, X-Ray Room, Waiting Room, Dressing Room, Accommodation for Health Visitors, Clerks and Porter.	Monday, 4.30 p.m.  Monday, 6 p.m.  Tuesday Thursday Friday Friday Thursday Friday	Children attending School.  Adults who are working.  Any person not at work or not at- tending School.

## X-Ray Apparatus, Tuberculosis Dispensary.

Early in 1938 a letter was received from the London County Council approving the proposal to renew the X-Ray screening apparatus at the Dispensary by the purchase and installation of the Watson "Telestat" screening unit. The plant was installed in June, 1938, and 211 screenings were carried out from that date till the end of the year.

Statistics for 1938.

The three following tables comprise the annual return for 1938 required by the Ministry of Health. The first provides a concise summary of the work carried out during the year at the Dispensary, while the other two show the classification of all patients remaining on the Dispensary Register on December 31st, together with a cumulative summary of all cases, whether lost sight of, recovered or dead.

#### Return for the year 1938.

#### 1. Return showing the work of the Dispensary.

		PULMO	NARY.			Non-Puli	MONARY.			То	TAL.		
Diagnosis.	Ad	ults.	Chil	ldren.	Adu	ilts.	Chil	dren.	Ad	ults.	Chile	iren.	GRAND
DIAGNOSIS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	M.	F.	TOTAL
A.—New Cases examined during the year (excluding Contacts):—  (a) Definitely Tuberculous	65	44	3 =	3 =	3 =	2 =	6 _	3 =	68 4 133	46 4 121	9 1 59	6 1 68	129 10 381 520
B.—Contacts examined during the year:—  (a) Definitely Tuberculous  (b) Diagnosis not completed  (c) Non-Tuberculous	1 _	<u>2</u> <u>-</u>	=	1 _	=	Ξ	1 _	E	$\frac{1}{76}$	2 2 118	1 1 70		4 5 340} 349
C.—Cases written off the Dispensary Register as:—  (a) Recovered  (b) Non-Tuberculous (including any such cases previously diagnosed and entered on the Dispensary Register as Tuberculous)	19	11	2	3	4	7	8	9	23	18	10	12	63 797
D.—Number of Cases on Dispensary Register on December 31st:—  (a) Definitely Tuberculous	248	207	13	25	32	33	44	34	280	240 6	57 2	59 3	636 15 65
1. Number of cases on Dispensary Register on Jan	uary 1st,	1938		716	2. Nui	nber of ca scharge u	ases transi nder Head	ferred from	n other ar	reas, and		rned afte	
3. Number of cases transferred to other areas, ca assistance under the scheme, and cases "lost a			rther	90	4. Cas	es written	off durin	g the year	as Dead	(all cause	8)		. 99
5. Number of attendances at the Dispensary (inclu-	iding Cor	ntacts)		5,030		nber of	Insured 1st .	Persons	under	Domicilia	ry Treat	ment o	234
7. Number of consultations with Medical Practition (a) Personal	oners:—	: ::	::	6 299	8. Nur	nber of vi	isits by Tu	uberculos		o homes	(includin	g persona	1 555
9. Number of visits by Nurses or Health Visitors purposes	to homes	for Disper		6,461		(b) X-RA	mens of Sp Y exami	inations	made in	Screenin	gs at Disp	.H Dispensary Densary . Densary .	. 21
11. Number of "Recovered" cases restored to I included in A (a) and A (b) above		n Register,	, and	2	12. Nu	mber of "	T.B. plus	" cases o	Dispense	arv Regist	er on Dec	ember 31	35

 PULMONARY TURERCULOSIS.
 at the end of 1938 of all Pagistria remaining on the Dispensary Register; and (3) the reasons for. The table is arranged among the to the years in which this patients were first entered on meany Tubercologis, and third disadication at that time. 1932. Class T. B. +. Previous to 1928, Class T.B.+ Class C (Sas T.B.+)

Class C (Sas C (Sas C)

Class T.B.+)

Class T.B.+) Condition at the time of the last record made during the year 1958. Class Group Group Geoup Total III. (T.B.+) Class Group Group Group Total III. (T.B.+ Class Group Total III. (T.J.+)

- 1 1 - 2

- 1 - 1 - 1

- 1 - 4 - 4

- 1 - - 1 Class Group Group Group Total II. III. (T.B.+) 3 2 -7 1 = 7 1 3 2 8 Disease Arrested .. .. Adults W. Children .. 7 2 2 2 3 1 2 4 3 2 3 7 5 Adults M. Children ... 3 2 - 2
11 12
0 - - 2
20 12
14 16
6 22
- 1
45 51
86 03 Total on Dispensary Register at Dec. 21st 46 80 96 82 6 2 - 2 11 23 2 14 24 9 13 29 6 13 1 - 17 13 12 12 3 4 14 28 13 1 5 15 16 - 1 1 1 30 36 63 33 33 43 64 34 36 47 48 1 10 2 4 36 36 Adults M Children ... 41 32 2 21 10 2 11 25 2 27 35 120 29 99 29 184 17 145 2 9 1 8 2 2 1 2 - 2 -Adults M. Children . . 6 10 I 5 11 I 15 10 3 21 15 4 41 24 1 188 14 8 16 5 5 — 29 33 31 17 1 16 17 6 5 3 6 3 1 2 65 2 16 2 - - 11 23 1 13 49 35 16 30 Discharged as TreLost sight of or otherwise rea
Dispensary Register
Dead.

Total written of Dispensary

Total written of Dispensary 21 13 19 4 18 2 12 1 1 22 54 29 25 - 1 1 - 2 1 6 5 2 1 1 3 2 9 9 9 25 15 58 13 6 11 1 18 1 14 6 21 - 6 2 8 - 1 - 1 7 32 9 48 23 78 12 113 24 31 20 14 15 9 17 6 20 — 1 14 15 - 29 9 17 9 25 6 20 3 29 - 1 - 1 29 53 12 94 42 69 12 120 16 11 1 1 25 23 3 39 47 5 21 17 46 12 75 33 31 69 13 113 147 34



			vious to 19	_		1		1928.					1929.				for the res	1930,		- 1			1931.					1932.		
Condition at the time of the last record made during the year 1938.	Bones A Joints.	Abdom	Other Organs.	Periph'al	Total.	Bones & Joints.	Abdom-	Other	Periph'al Glands.	Total.	Bones & Joints.	Abdom.	Other	Periph'al Glands.	Total.	Beess & Joints.	Abdom-	Other I	Selph'al Glande.	Total.	Bones & Joints.	Abdom- inal.	Other Organs.	Periph'al Glands.	Total.	Bones & Joints.	Abdom-	Other Organs.	Periph'al Glands.	Total
i 8 Disease Arrested Adults M. Children	1	Ξ	1 -	111	1 1 1	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_ 	Ξ	1111	Ξ	- 2	- 2	=	=	Ξ		1 3	=	=	= 1	1 1 4	=	Ξ	2 -	Ξ	=
S of the state of	1 1 —	Ξ	3	1	5		Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-1	= 1	Ξ	111	1 -	1 1	111	=	= =	- 2	- 2	1		2 -	-	3 2	1 2	=	1	Ξ	1 3
Condition not ascertained during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-			-		1		1	-	400	-	-		-	-	1	-	1
Total on Dispensary Register, December 31st	4	-	4	1	9	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	1	4	2		3	2	7	7		4	2	13	5	-	3		10
Transferred to Pulmonary	-	-	-	3	3	-		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-1
Discharged as Recovered Adults W. Children	9 8 28	4 12	4 8 13	6 11 78	23 27 131	- 2 4	-	Ξ	2 -4	2 2 11	5 1 6	1 - 2	- 1 2	3 5	7 4 15	1 2 7	1 5	20.01	1 7	5 4 21	2 2	2 1	1 1	1 6	5 6 11	1 -	-	-	= 7	10
Lost eight of or otherwise removed from Dispensary	19	3	10	31	63	6	3	2	7	18	6	1	:	3	12	9	1	2	4	16	11	1	1	5	19		-	-	5	19
Dead Adults M. Children	1 5	Ξ	Ξ	=	7 1 6	1	Ξ	1 =	=	1 1	1 1 1	=	111	Ξ	1 1 1		111	Ξ	Ξ	=	1 1	1	=	=	2 1	-	=	=	=	=
Total written off Dispensary Register	77	19	35	127	218	13	6	3	14	36	21	4	5	11	41	19	7	8	12	-06	23	8	5	13	46	7	2	1	12	22
Grand Totals of (e) and (b) (excluding those transferred to Pulmonary)	81	19	30	128	267	14	6	3	14	37	24	4	5	12	45	21	7	n	14	53	30	5	9	15	59	12	2	6	12	12
			1933.	_		1		1934.		_	1		1935.				1	936.		1			1937.					1928.		
Disease Arrested Adults M. Children	=	=	Ξ	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	2 1	1 1 8	3 2 8	=	=	11	2 5	2 8	=	- 1	Ξ	- 3	- 4	Ξ		Ξ	_1	_1	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	=
Disease not Arrested Adults F. Children	1 -2	Ξ	1 -	- 2	2 4	= 1	Ξ	Ξ	1	1	- 3	1 1	Ξ	=	1 5	3 5	Ξ	1 1	- 5 3	5 6 9	1 2 4		-	2 2	6 6	-7	- 1	1	1 1	2 9
S Condition not ascertained during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	-						-	-	1	1	-		-	-	-
Total on Dispensary Register, December 31st	- 4	1	1	5	11	1	-	3	14	18	6	3	-	8	17	8	1	4	11	24	7.		2	4	16	7	1	1	4	11
Transferred to Pulmonary	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1				1					-	-				
Discharged as Recovered Adults W. Children	1 1	1	1	1	1 3 6	-1	-1	1	1 -1	3 3	=	Ξ	=	111	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	11		=	=	=	Ξ		Ξ	=
Lost sight of or otherwise removed from Dispensary	2	2	4	3	11	3	-	3	6	12	5	1	1	4	11	4	1	4	2	11	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	2
	1	IE	=		2	Ξ	Ξ	=	E	-	1 -	Ξ	111	1 -	1 -	1 -	=	-	-	1 1	-	=	1	=	1	=				Ξ
Dead Adults F. Children	-															-							- 4	- 4	4		1 1	1		2
Dead Adults F. Children	5	4	5	9	23	5	2	5	8	10	- 6	1	1	- 5	13	6	1	5	3	15	1	-	2	1				-		-



#### Comments on Table I.

Items A and B.—The total new cases and contacts examined during the year shows a decrease of 44 as compared with 1937. The 520 new cases of Item A is a composite figure made up as follows:—375 cases (excluding contacts) attending for the first time during 1938, and 145 cases (including contacts) examined during preceding years and discharged as non-tuberculous, who presented themselves for re-examination during 1938. Of these 520 new cases, 129 were found to be suffering from tuberculosis. 349 new contacts (Item B) were examined during the year, and of these 4 were found to be suffering from tuberculosis.

Item 5.—The number of attendances during the year shows a decrease of 291 as compared with 1937.

Item 9.—In addition to the 6,461 visits paid by the Health Visitors for Dispensary purposes, 162 "non-dispensary" visits were paid under the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1930.

#### Comments on Tables II and III.

These returns continue to remain optional. During the year 63 cases were removed from the Dispensary Register as "Recovered" (there were 45 in 1937), and are analysed in Item C on Table I. These have been added to those similarly removed in former years in the appropriate columns of Tables II and III.

## Additional Statistics.

Patients sent away for institutional treatment	119
Patients in receipt of extra nourishment from Dispensary during	1.9
the year	128
Patients in receipt of extra nourishment from Dispensary on	
December 31st	50
Reports on child contacts to Divisional School Medical Officer	104
Letters to General Practitioners concerning patients	
Reports to General Practitioners on official forms	117
Progress reports received from General Practitioners	24
Clinical reports to London County Council	461
Reports to Ministry of Pensions	green
Shelters on loan during year	2
Shelters on loan on December 31st	
Beds and bedding on loan during year Cases	
Beds and bedding on loan on December 31st ,,	8

During the year 21 new cases and 31 old cases have attended Colindale, Grove Park, Brompton, Royal Chest, St. Andrew's and Victoria Park Hospitals for 744 refills; an increase of 268 over the number for 1937.

2 new cases and 5 old cases of Lupus have attended the London Hospital during the year for 148 applications of Finsen Light and 631 applications of general light.

Patients receiving artificial pneumothorax treatment and patients needing Finsen or general light treatment are treated on the recommendation of the Tuberculosis Officer, the cost of treatment being charged to the Borough Council.

During the year one tuberculous child was recommended for admission to Open Air School, and seven children were boarded out under the London County Council Contact Scheme.

#### Dental Treatment.

Tuberculous patients requiring dental treatment are referred to St. Andrew's Hospital under an agreement with the London County Council. During the year 7 patients were seen by the Dental Officer who reports as follows on the work done:—

Number of	patients attending			in Malta	7
,,	attendances		200		7
minulerno	general anaesthetics				
. ,,.	local anaesthetics				
spen, on	extractions	vilz:	lp.ig	laces of	15

## REPORT OF THE SECRETARY TO THE TUBERCULOSIS CARE COMMITTEE.

The Tuberculosis Care Committee continues to meet monthly at the Dispensary to deal with matters affecting the social welfare of persons suffering from tuberculosis. The primary work of the Committee is the consideration of the home circumstances of each new case of tuberculosis as it occurs, with a view to arranging for the provision of any assistance which the occurrence of the disease may render necessary. Old cases in which any special need arises are also reported. No case is brought forward unless the consent of the patient, or person responsible, has first been obtained, but that this is seldom refused is shown by the fact that out of 133 new cases notified during the year 115 were reported to the Tuberculosis Care Committee.

The total number of cases dealt with by the Committee during the year was 175. About one-third of these were found to be in need of some kind of practical help. This was obtained, when possible, from other agencies, e.g., the London County Council, the Unemployment Assistance Board or from voluntary societies, but in the majority of cases the patients' needs were met by the Tuberculosis Care Committee's voluntary fund, the Poplar Tuberculosis Fund.

143 grants were made by the Committee of the Poplar Tuberculosis Fund during the year. These may be summarised as follows:—

Clothing and Boots				DO
				69
Fares				38
Pocket-money Allowar	nces			13
Removals and Rent				8
Dentures				5
Bedding				5
Holidays			reider!	2
Insurance arrears	3111	or non	ULD CERT	ī
Laundry Allowances			1058 0	I
Wireless		michiga	2874.0	DITTE
is the second and the second	n file	o Birno		I
			-	

143

The income of the Poplar Tuberculosis Fund has been well maintained throughout the year. The Committee has been fortunate in continuing to receive regular contributions in respect of Sunday opening of Cinemas from the Poplar Pavilion and the Poplar Hippodrome. The 1938 Christmas Seal Sale, organised by the Tuberculosis Care Committee under the auspices of the National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, was more successful than that of the previous year, over £60 being raised in the Borough of Poplar by this means, and the Christmas Sale, held at the Dispensary in December, brought in another £52. Other efforts by means of which useful sums have been raised were an Entertainment by the Elyssa School of Dancing and a Saturday night collection at the Clapton Stadium. Grants have again been received from the Alexandra Rose Day Committee, the National Deposit Friendly Society

and the Prudential Societies, as well as donations from the Poplar Benevolent Society, the London Co-operative Society, the Hackney Wick Stadium and a number of private subscribers. Full particulars of the activities of the Poplar Tuberculosis Fund are to be found in the Annual Report of the Fund which is published, together with the Balance Sheet, at the end of the financial year.

The Handicraft Class, an occupation centre for patients who are unable to do ordinary work, continues to meet weekly at the Dispensary under an instructress provided by the London County Council. The occupation provided by the Class, which can also be carried on during the week at home, appears to be much appreciated by those who belong. There were 14 names on the register at the end of 1938. Goods made in the Class were disposed of at an Exhibition and Sale of Handicrafts organised by the Standing Conference of Metropolitan Borough Tuberculosis Care Committees at Kensington Town Hall in March, at the Ex-Servicemen's Exhibition at the Imperial Institute in November, and at the Christmas Sale at the Dispensary.

The Poplar Tuberculosis Care Committee is an affiliated society to the National Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis and, as such, was able to send a delegate to the Annual Conference of that Association, which was held in London from June 30th to July 1st. The Committee is also represented on the Standing Conference of Metropolitan Borough Tuberculosis Care Committees. Two meetings of this Conference were attended during the year and under its auspices a visit was paid to Highwood Hospital.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1930]

PART I.—Summary of Notifications during the period from the 1st January, 1938, to the 31st December, 1938, in the area of the County, County Borough, or Metropolitan Borough of POPLAR (to which this Return relates).

					F	ORMA	L No	TIFIC	ATIO	NS.				
Age Periods		Number of Primary Notifications of New Cases of Tuberculosis.												
	0-	1-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	Total (all ages).	Notifi- cations	
Pulmonary—Males Females Non-Pulmonary—Males Females	=	- 1 2 -	2 1 1 2	2 2 3 1	12 15 2 2	9 14 4 —	12 16 2 1	12 8 - 1	18 3 1 1	11 1 1	5 1 —	83 62 16 8	130 94 21 9	
Col. (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(8)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	

#### PART II .- SUPPLEMENTAL RETURN.

New cases of Tuberculosis coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the above-mentioned period, otherwise than by formal notification.

Age Periods.			0-	1-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	Total.
Pulmonary—Males Females Non-Pulmonary—Males Females	***	::		1 1 2	_  1 2		<u>-</u>	3 -1	5 3 2 3	2 1	2 1 1	7 - 2	1 2 1	18 10 10 8

The source or sources from which information as to the above-mentioned cases was obtained should be stated below:—

			Number of	of Cases.
Source of Information.			Pulmonary.	Non- Pulmonary.
Death Returns } from Local Registrars transferable deaths from Registrar-General Posthumous notifications. "Transfers' from other areas (other than transferable deaths) Other Sources, if any (specify) Forms 1 & 2	::	::	3 2 7 13 3	1 1 4 10 2

#### PART III .- NOTIFICATION REGISTER

		Pulmonar	у.	No	n-Pulmon	ary.	
Number of cases of Tuberculosis remaining	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Total Cases.
at the 31st December, 1938, on the Registers of Notifications kept by the District Medical Officers of Health in the County, the Medical Officer of	or or o		1.135			late T	199
Metropolitan Borough	333	270	603	111	98	209	812
Number of cases removed from the Register(s) during the year by reason of:  1. Withdrawal of notification 2. Recovery from the disease 3. Death (all causes) 4. Otherwise	24 60 43	14 48 35	- 38 108 78	- 9 8 15	20 5 17	29 13 32	67 121 110

## Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1924 and 1930.

# Summary of Quarterly Returns to the London County Council.

	A ARDING WHO IS A MAN		Qua	rter ended	
	w Kathailin of New	March.	June.	September.	December
Number of Cases on mencement of quar		887	877	879	885
Number of New Cases	s notified	52	46	33	33
Number of Cases resto	red to Register, etc.	15	18	15	11
Number of Cases rem	oved from Register	77	62	42	117
	(Pulmonary	641	647	651	603
Number of Cases on Register at end of-	Non-Pulmonary	236	232	234	209
quarter.	Totals	877	879	885	812

## Particulars of new cases of Tuberculosis and of all Deaths from the disease:—

to the National		sociat	New	Cases.	heven!	(Reg		ths. al's figu	res).
Age Periods.		Pulm	onary.	Pulmo		Pulm	onary.	No	
		М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
Under 1			- 2	<u>-</u>	_		-	<u>-</u>	=
		2 2	1 2	2 4	4	1-	2	1	1
5— 0—	::	12 9	15 17	3 4	2	} 11	12	2	-
5— 5—		17 14	19	4	4	8 6	15	1	1
5— 5—		20 18	4	2	1 2	12 11	6 3	1	1
55 and upwards		6	3	1		5	2		
Totals		101	72	26	16	53	45	7	4

The ratio of non-notified Tuberculosis deaths to total Tuberculosis deaths was 6.4%.

## Death rates per 1,000 population:-

Tuberculosis of respiratory system	0.000	 0.73
Other forms of Tuberculosis		 0.08
All forms		 0.81

## Disinfecting Department.

				Totals.
Rooms Disinfected	 	 	 	1,470
Premises visited re Disinfection	 	 	 	1,722

Articles Disinfected.	Small- pox.	Other Infectious Diseases.	Tuber- culosis.	Scabies and Vermin- ous.	Miscel- laneous.	Totals
(a) From Infected Premises (b) From Cleansing	_	9,838	297	2,174*	430	12,739
Station (c) From Contacts			=	71,379†	=	71,379 25
Totals	55	9,863	297	73,553	430	84,143

<sup>\*</sup> Scabies only.

Articles destroyed by request, 43.

Vermicide-Quantity issued from Depots, nil.

## Cleansing Station.

Albert mine tools of eld		М.	F.	Totals.
Verminous persons cleansed	 	15	4	19
,, children ,,	 	486	141	1.627
Scabies cases, cleansed, adults	 	125	141	1,627 266
,, ,, children	 	1,490	1,790	3,280
Total cleansings	 	2,116	3,076	5,192

All verminous children are treated with special comb.

<sup>†</sup> Verminous and Scabies.

#### Motor Vehicles.

Vehicle.	Speedometer register	Petrol consumption	Average
Scables	(miles).	(gallons).	m.p.g.
Blue Van	4,470	289	15.4
Brown Van	5,325 5,657	347 366	15.3 15.4
Lorry	7,005	517	13.5
Special Vehicle for Contacts	6,274	5901	10.6

## Electrolytic Disinfecting Fluid.

The electrolytic disinfecting fluid as manufactured contains approximately 9-10 grammes per litre of free chlorine and is broken down to a strength of approximately 4 grammes per litre for distribution.

During the year 56,229 gallons were manufactured and broken down to 136,431 gallons of weaker solution for distribution.

The production of the solution at a strength of 4 grammes of available chlorine per litre has averaged 124,857 gallons per annum for three years at an average annual cost of £2,053, the cost per gallon thus being nearly 4d.

			Qu	antity Produced.	
		deing some	As Manufactured. Gallons.	As Issued. (s.e., Weaker Solution.) Gallons.	Electricity Consumed. Units.
No. 1 Apparatus No. 2 Apparatus	::	::	28,415 27,814	63,040 73,391	9,807½ 10,768
Totals			56,229	136,431	20,5751

1,025 gallons were supplied to London County Council Elementary Schools for spraying and cleansing floors of classrooms.

## Cleansing of Verminous School Children.

The arrangements for cleansing of verminous school children were continued throughout the year.

tendency a standary arranged	Quarte	r.	nother the	Number of Children Cleansed.	Total number of Cleansings.	Amount payable by L.C.C. to the Borough Council.
The Work	1938.			of Amazeric w	grand grain	£ s. d.
March				450	1,539	90 19 0
June				477	1,133	76 19 0
September				443	859	62 7 0
December				508	1,314	85 6 0
The h	Totals			1,878	4,845	£315 II 0

Miss Landray made 35 visits in connection with verminous school-children and 462 visits in connection with children suffering from Scabies. Arrangements were made for the children to be bathed, and for bedding and clothing to be disinfested.

#### Cleansing of Persons.

During the year, 285 persons—including 15 from common and seamen's lodging houses (see next page)—applied for baths and for their clothes to be disinfested.

Verminous Persons in Common Lodging Houses, etc.

The number of persons from Common Lodging Houses and Seamen's Lodging Houses, etc., cleansed at the Council's Cleansing Station, Glaucus Street, during the year was:—

Lodging House, etc.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Jenonja a konara da di La sada di	117		
65, Bazely Street	CIO. Street	anollina.	T,02
378, Old Ford Road	2	or sprayin	2
East London Hostel, Garford Street	13	_	13
of Children	152 Aug	100 No.	
	15	magem	15
	and and a second	and an assembly as I as I	
ECONO LA SOCIALIS CAREN	ad any was	angurany	
	PE SILL PA	anguanny.	
From Common Lodging Houses without	actually	antainia s	
the Borough of Poplar (by agreement with	actuated a	ontaini s pisitural)	
the Borough of Poplar (by agreement with L.C.C. at a charge of is. per person	actuated a	antainia tristratai	
the Borough of Poplar (by agreement with	actuated a	muini ristraciji ika	prosi-
the Borough of Poplar (by agreement with L.C.C. at a charge of is. per person	actuated a	muinis ristractly sion.	prost-

For cleansing of verminous rooms see page 56.

Public Health Education.

REPORT BY MR. T. WIGLEY, M.A. (Cantab).

The story of public health administration in our country is a very creditable one. Since the Government assumed responsibility for the physical well-being of the people, as it did in the Public Health Act of the seventies, progress has been rapid. From the Ministry of Health downwards, under the spirited guidance of Public Health Committees and Medical Officers, pure water, efficient drainage, disposal of refuse, wholesome milk, untainted food, are only some of the advantages conferred

by progressive administrators. As a result of the labours of research workers and the practical application of their results we can point to a diminution of many serious diseases, and we have only to look at the lowered death-rate, especially among children, and the increased general longevity, to realise that the conditions of life have in the past fifty years improved out of all recognition. Much, however, remains to be done in the way of personal hygiene and education, if these are to keep pace with the advances in Public Health.

This work of education of the public in matters of health and disease has gone on vigorously during the past year. All too many people are still very ignorant and conservative in matters of self-care, and large numbers still cling to the erroneous theories of their forefathers in such matters as diet, clothing, fresh air and exercise, and the task of persuading them to reform is not an easy one. On the other hand, a keen enthusiasm for health and a desire to be instructed have been manifested in a large number of centres of opinion, where regular series of lectures are in constant demand. One example of this eagerness will illustrate the general tendency: out of a large meeting for women, which has a monthly lecture, a number of young mothers asked for a series on "The Child" to be arranged specially for them; the pleasure in giving such lectures is equalled only by the keenness with which the instruction is received. The work is succeeding in an amazing way and grows with every year. The Poplar Borough Council may be congratulated on the adventurous and far-sighted spirit with which it began such educational work, the success which has attended its efforts, and the hopes which it may legitimately entertain for its development in the future.

The health of the citizen cannot be improved so rapidly as the output of aeroplanes, since it is something that depends on a long glimpse into the future, on much thought and the conviction that health is supremely valuable, but expenditure with a view to health of body and mind brings ample return in the present, and creates the conditions which will determine the future.

#### SUMMARY.

Number of Centres at which lectures were given	20
Number of lectures given (January-December)	208
To men and boys 64 (Attendances 1,8	06)
To women and girls 135 ( ,, 8,4	59)
To mixed audiences 9 ( ,, 3	29)
his work of education of the poblic in matters of health and disease	
208 (Total attendances 10,5)	94)
EXPENDITURE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 1939.	
sgral a di botastimum need evad betomtent ed of enterb a b.f. s.	d.
Grant to Central Council for Health Education 5 o	0
Printing, Stationery and Postage 1 8	2
Fees to Lecturers 447 6	0
Total f453 14	2

In addition to the grant to the Central Council for Health Education, the following grants were made:—

To the Industrial Health Education Society, £2 2s.

National Society for the Prevention of Venereal Disease, £2 2s.

SITUATION.	NATURE OF ACCOMMODATION.	CLINICS.
(a) Provided by the Borough Council:— Simpsons Road, Poplar	Medical Officer's, Weighing and Waiting Rooms (Weighing Room also used for Artificial Sunlight Treatment)  Medical Officer's Room and Weighing and Waiting Rooms	Infant Consultations: Tuesdays, 2 to 4 p.m.; Wednesdays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.  Ante-Natal: Mondays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. (except first and third in each month), and 2 to 4 p.m.  Post-Natal: First and third Mondays in each month, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.  Artificial Light Treatment: (By appointment only) Tuesdays and Saturdays, 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.; Thursdays, 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2.30 to 4.30 p.m.  Sewing Class and Cookery Class: Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m.  Infant Consultations: Tuesdays, 2 to 4 p.m.; Fridays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.  Ante-Natal: Tuesdays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. (except first Tuesday in the month); Thursdays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.  Post-Natal: First Tuesday in month, 10.30
54, West Ferry Road	Ditto Ditto	a.m. to 12.30 p.m.  Sewing Class: Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m.  Infant Consultations: Fridays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.  Ante-Natal: Tuesdays, 2 to 4 p.m. (except first, third and fifth Tuesdays in each month); Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m.  Post-Natal: First, third and fifth Tuesdays in each month, 2 to 4 p.m.
Methodist Chapel, Manchester Road  Wellington Road  b) Provided by the Royal College of St.	Medical Officer's, Weighing and Waiting Rooms Medical Officer's, Weighing and Waiting Rooms, Dispensary Dentist's Room, Recovery Room, Arti- ficial Light Room	Sewing Class: Mondays, 2 to 4 p.m.  Infant Consultations: Wednesdays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.  Infant Consultations: Thursdays, 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2 to 4 p.m.  Ante-Natal: Wednesdays (except first in the month), 2 to 4 p.m.  Post-Natal: First Wednesday in the month, 2 to 4 p.m.  Artificial Light Treatment: (By appointment only) Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.  Dental: (By appointment only) Tuesdays and Wednesdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.  Special Clinic: (By appointment only) Fridays, 2 to 4 p.m.
Katharine:— 228-230, Brunswick Road	Two Medical Officers' Rooms; 1 Weighing and 2 Waiting Rooms; 1 Dental Clinic; 1 Artificial Light Room and Waiting Room; 2 Observation Wards, with Kitchen, Bathroom and Out-Patient Room for mothers	Infant Consultations: Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, 2 p.m.  Sewing Class: Mondays, 2 p.m.  Cookery Class: Wednesdays, 2 to 4 p.m.  Dental Clinic: Alternate Tuesdays, 2 p.m.;  Thursdays, 10 a.m.  Artificial Light Treatment: (By appointment only) Mondays to Fridays, 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m., and 2 to 4.30 p.m.  Ante-Natal: Tuesdays, 9.30 a.m.  Tonsil Clinic: (By appointment only) Once weekly.  Remedial Exercise: (By appointment only)  Mondays, 2.30 p.m., Wednesdays and Thursdays, 10 a.m.  Post-Natal Clinic: Wednesdays, 9.30 a.m. to
The Lighthouse Mission, Blackthorn Street Trinity Hall, Augusta Street	Medical Officer's Room and Large Hall for weighing and waiting Ditto Ditto Ditto	12.30 p.m.  Infant Consultations: Wednesdays, 2 p.m.  Infant Consultations: Wednesdays, 2 p.m.

## Section G.

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

The Maternity and Child Welfare work is divided between the Borough Council and the Royal College of St. Katharine, the Borough Council taking approximately the areas north of Bow Road and south of East India Dock Road; the Royal College of St. Katharine being responsible for the intermediate area, except for a small area in the vicinity of the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre in Wellington Road.

Extensions of Maternity and Child Welfare Services.

The following additional sessions have been established during the year:—

Old Ford Clinic.—Ante-natal session on Thursday mornings, commenced at the beginning of October.

Wellington Road.—Ante-natal clinic held weekly in place of fortnightly from beginning of October.

Midwives Act, 1936.

The London County Council's Scheme for Domiciliary Midwifery was referred to in the report for 1937.

I. At the request of the London County Council a circular letter, prepared by the County Medical Officer of Health, giving particulars of the new domiciliary midwifery service was sent to all medical practitioners practising in the Borough.

A letter was also sent to the practitioners giving particulars of the Borough Council's Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics, Ante-Natal Consulting Clinic and the arrangements with the Consulting Obstetricians.

2. Consulting Obstetricians.—It was arranged that the whole of the Consultants for Area "A" should be formed into one panel for the Area and the fee payable an inclusive one of five guineas.

The Council's Consultants, Mr. A. Brews and Mr. R. Dodds, both agreed to act as Consultants for the whole area and the Council agreed that the arrangements with these two Consultants be continued until determined by either side after giving three months' notice.

During the year (1938) the services of a consultant were utilised on two occasions.

3. Emergency Obstetric Service.—Consultations have taken place with the London County Council regarding the establishment of an emergency obstetric service (''Flying Squad''). The County Council intimated that it was prepared to establish an emergency obstetrical service for domiciliary use in connection with its hospitals for the purpose of dealing with acute obstetrical emergencies in cases in which patients cannot be moved to hospital without undue risk. The service includes blood transfusions.

The Borough Council informed the London County Council that it was prepared to make use of this service when necessary and to pay the sum of five guineas in respect of each person attended.

It was intimated that this service would come into operation early in 1939.

4. Prohibition of unqualified persons.—In an Order dated 30th August, 1938, the Minister applied the provisions of Section 6 of the Midwives Act, 1936, to the Administrative County of London.

The "County of London (Midwifery—Prohibition of Unqualified Persons) Order, 1938," came into operation on 1st November, 1938.

As requested by the County Council, copies of a memorandum and an advertisement were sent to the local practitioners.

Co-operation with Voluntary Organisations and London County Council.

(a) Royal College of St. Katharine.

The Minister of Health's Maternity and Child Welfare Contributions (London) Scheme, 1937, made under Section 101 (6) of the Local Government Act, 1929, for the grant period 1st April, 1937, to 31st March, 1942, required the Borough Council to make an annual contribution to the Royal College of St. Katharine of £4,442,

- (b) Co-operation between London County Council Hospitals and Clinic Medical Officers.
- (i) A letter was received from the London County Council stating that the Council felt that a closer link could, with advantage to the maternity services of London be established between the maternity and child welfare clinics of the City Corporation and the Metropolitan Borough Councils and the Council's general hospitals if the medical officers in charge of the maternity and child welfare clinics were permitted to be associated in an honorary capacity with the maternity departments and ante-natal clinics at the Council's hospitals.

For some time past there had been co-operation between the Clinic Medical Officers of this Borough and St. Andrew's Hospital. With the co-operation of the Medical Superintendent of St. Andrew's one Conference had already been held between the Medical Superintendent, the Consulting Obstetrician, the Borough Council Clinic Medical Officers and Medical Officers of the Royal College of St. Katharine.

As the Clinic Medical Officers were only part-time Officers, the Council adopted a recommendation of the Maternity and Child Welfare Committee:—

"That in order to maintain complete co-operation between medical officers of the Borough Council, the Royal College of St. Katharine Ante-Natal Clinics and the officers in charge of Maternity and Ante-Natal Departments of St. Andrew's Hospital, the Council agrees to the suggestion that the Medical Officer of Health be associated in an honorary capacity with the Maternity and Ante-Natal Departments of St. Andrew's Hospital to ensure this co-operation, and through him, the Clinic Medical Officers to have meetings with the staff of St. Andrew's Hospital when desired by either party, a definite meeting to be held every six months, and that the London County Council be so informed."

(ii) Training of Midwives.—At the request of the Matron of St. Andrew's Hospital, arrangements were made for nurses undergoing midwifery training at St. Andrew's Hospital to visit the Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics in order that they may have some knowledge of the work carried on at Infant Consultation. 20 nurse-midwives attended our clinics during the year.

## (c) The Queen Mary Day Nursery and Social Settlement.

The Minister of Health has approved an annual contribution of £500 for the five years 1st April, 1937, to 31st March, 1942, to the Queen Mary Day Nursery and Social Settlement in connection with the work of the Day Nursery and Creche. The new building was opened early in 1937 by Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester.

It is reported that during 1938 the attendances numbered 7,800.

## (d) Co-operation with the General Hospitals.

As reported last year it had been found that the records of many of the children under 5 years of age attending the clinics were incomplete in respect of serious illnesses which had necessitated hospital treatment, and with the willing co-operation of the hospital officials a scheme was arranged whereby a report on each Poplar child treated in their hospitals is sent to the Medical Officer of Health.

The report, in addition to giving information regarding the clinical condition of the child, calls attention to any after-care which is required, and so enables our Health Visitors to follow up and see that the Hospital recommendations are carried out.

Books of 100 forms are supplied to each hospital, together with "Business Reply" envelopes, in order to reduce to a minimum the work of the Hospital staffs.

736 reports were received:-

from St. Andrew's Hospital		 	619
from Voluntary Hospitals	OUT TRIBI	 	117

(In addition to the above the London County Council sent 356 reports of children discharged from the Fever Hospitals, and again the Health Visitors follow up to see that the Hospital recommendations are carried out.)

#### (e) Co-operation with the Education Authority.

- (a) 32 of the senior girls attending Domestic Science classes visited Wellington Road Maternity and Child Welfare Centre for instruction in mothercraft.
- (b) 1,578 case sheets relating to the children who reached the age of 5 years were forwarded to the Education Department. 240 special reports were also forwarded regarding children attending school, not yet 5 years of age.

## (f) Co-operation with the Invalid Children's Aid Association.

The Council makes a grant of fro per annum towards the cost of providing surgical appliances for children under 5 years of age.

The Association assisted 12 children in obtaining surgical appliances and provided convalescent treatment in 16 cases during 1938.

#### Old Ford Clinic.

After prolonged discussion with the London County Council as to the provision in a Maternity and Child Welfare Clinic of a School Treatment Centre, the erection of the new Clinic at Old Ford, commenced in December, 1937, was completed in the late summer. The work was carried out by direct labour and the cost of demolishing the old buildings and erecting the Clinic was £9,609.

The Maternity and Child Welfare Centre on the ground floor comprises a waiting hall, in which there is a raised platform which is fitted out as a model kitchen, where talks and demonstrations can be given; weighing room with undressing cubicles; doctor's room; health visitors' room; perambulator shelter, store cupboards, etc. In addition, a grass plot has been provided where children may play while waiting for their mothers and a lean-to shelter for the protection of perambulators during inclement weather will be provided.

Plans and photographs of the Clinic are included in this report.

The first floor, with a separate entrance, has been rented to the London County Council for use as a School Treatment Centre.

Owing to the international crisis there was no official opening of the building.

#### Centres.

In the table facing page IIO will be found a list of the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres in the Borough, together with the days and hours of clinics and the accommodation available at each centre.

The number of attendances at the Centres during the last 10 years is shown below:—

		Bor	ough Council.	Royal College
1929	10.30	mbr. ma	38,504	28,250
1930			40,924	32,173
1931			42,340	34,275
1932			48,167	35,413
1933			50,599	35,713
1934			48,048	34,600
1935			45,101	33,253
1936			44,099	29,478
1937			41,530	28,335
1938			47,240	29,180

## Ante-Natal Clinic, Public Health Department.

1,102 live births and 35 stillbirths were notified in the area served by the Public Health Department during the year 1938. The following table shows the distribution of these births:—

obethi ai doidw mroithiq beda			Live Births.	Stillbirths.
Doctors' patients			60	THE REAL PROPERTY.
Midwives' patients			276	6
St. Andrew's Hospital		RIDER	509	18
East End Maternity Hospital			143	6
Other Institutions			114	4
Per Registration Returns			an void or	I
(information not ascertaina	able)		- modeleda	here see ST
			1,102	35
			-	am - Fall

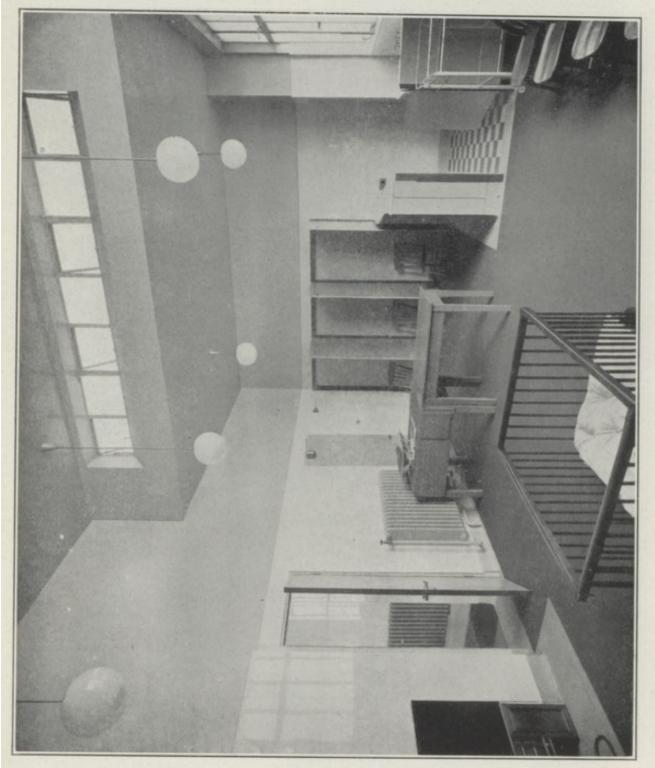
Of this number the following attended our Ante-Natal Clinics:-

Doctors' patients	di sia	ma.le	pilen	5	(8.3%)
Midwives' patients				245	(86.9%)
St. Andrew's Hospital				371	(70.4%)
East End Maternity Ho	spital			19	(12.8%)
Other Institutions				5	(4.2%)
				6,=	/=6 =0/\
				645	(56.7%)

Old Ford Clinic—Exterior (1).

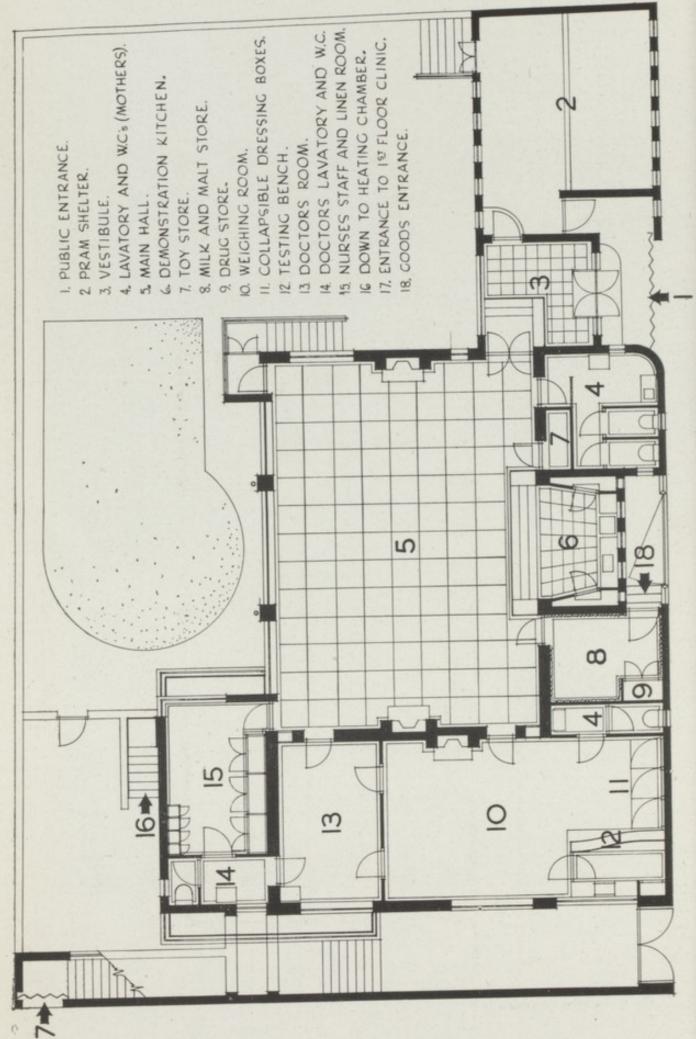
Old Ford Clinic—Exterior (2).

Old Ford Clinic-Main Hall.

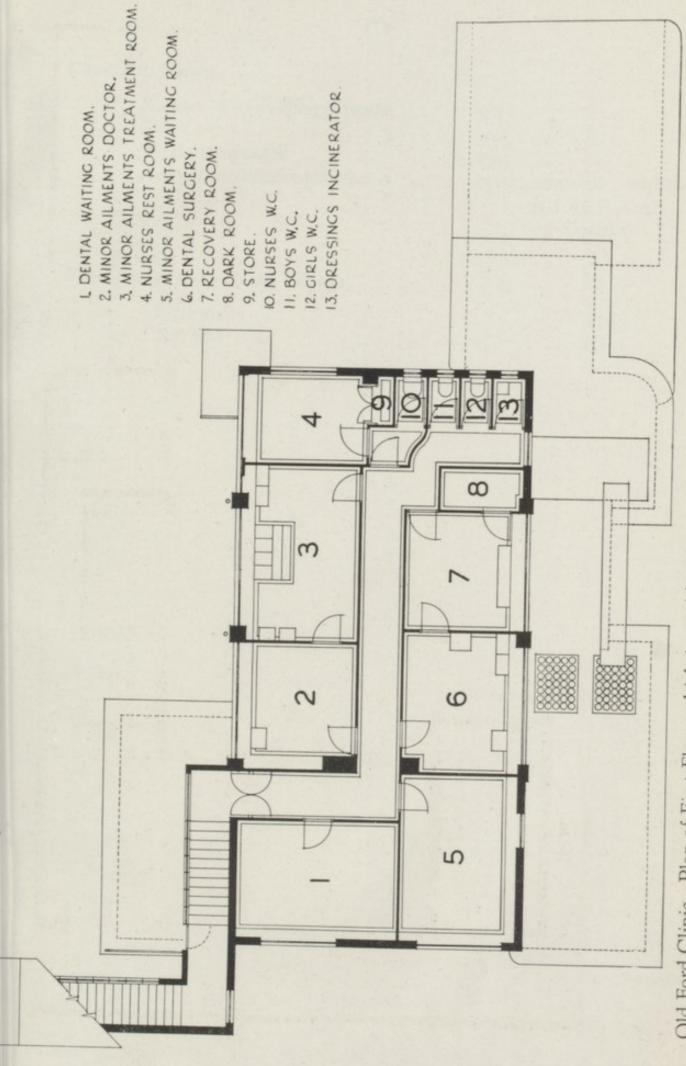


Old Ford Clinic-Weighing Room.

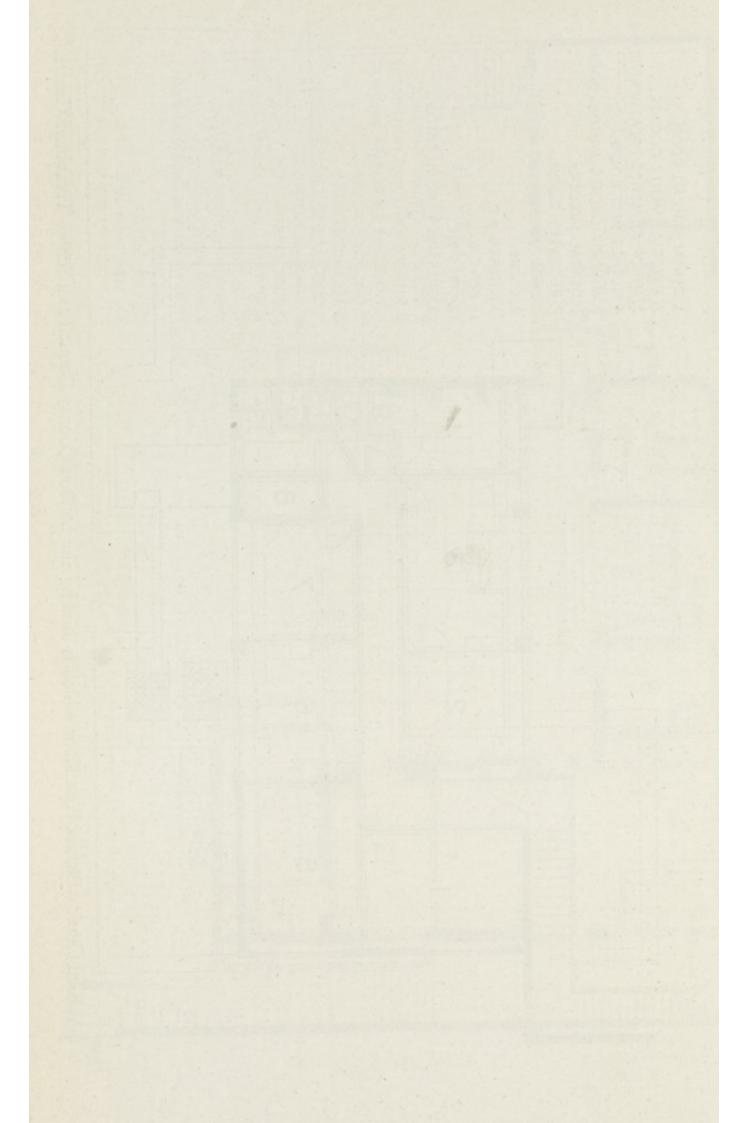
Old Ford Clinic—Vestibule.



Old Ford Clinic—Ground Floor Plan.



Old Ford Clinic-Plan of First Floor which is used by the London County Council as a School Treatment Centre.



## Clinic Attendances.

Number of individual patients		978	(stmallel) at	
New Cases		910		
Total attendances	***	3,295		
Average attendance per session	*		(compared	with
			35.I at R.	Coll.
			-3 Doctor	s)

## Home Visitation by Health Visitors.

First visits		 	1	879
Revisits				0/9
revisits	* *	 		1.855

STATISTICAL	Pu He	MARY O	The Coll	Royal ege of tharine.		OR 1938		1 1937.
	Cases.	Visits.	Cases.	Visits.	Cases.	Visits.	Cases.	Visits.
Ante-Natal:— No. of Cases Primary visits Re-visits	879	879 1,855	539		1,418	1,418 3,447	1,611	1,611
Infant Child Welfare visits:  Primary visits (Infants) Removed before visit Died before visit Stillbirths	8 <u>TB</u>	995 35 8 26		879 62 26 33		1,874 97 34 59	=	1,991 64 33 57
Re-visits—	-	7,643 18,105 741	=	8,632 19,150 615	busin	16,275 37,255 1,356	=	17,807 42,873 1,427
Died	9	56 - 9 13	=	36	9	92 - 9 13	5	108 - 5 7
Removed to Hospital  *Enteritis:—  (a) No. of Cases reported  (a) Primary visits	2		=	=		First v Revisi	21 —	- - 21
Re-visits Removed to Hospital Died (b) No. of Cases notified	=	=		=	=	=	15 45	- 6 2
(Z.E.)	77	71 50 -	33	33 73 -	104 — 77	104 123 —	81	45 62 — 15
Measles:— No of Cases under 5 years Primary visits Re-visits	000	636 169	496	496 235	1,132	1,132 404	222 	222 125
Removed to Hospital Died	=	6 435 49	=	229 14	=	10 664 63	=	219 35
No. of Cases Primary visits Re-visits Removed to Hospital Died		103 24 -	134	134 58	237 — 29	237 82 -	534	534 320 - 7
†Puerperal Fever:— No. of Cases notified Primary visits Re-visits	6 -	- 6 8	=	=	6 - 6	- 6 8	5 - 5	- 5 10
Removed to Hospital Died:— (a) Notified Cases. (b) Non-notified Cases †Puerperal Pyrexia:—	1 1	Ξ	=	=	1 1	=	-1	=
No. of Cases notified Primary visits Re-visits Removed to Hospital	43	45 39 —	===	=	45 - 43 -	45 39 —	31 - 28 1	31 53 —
Maternal Deaths:— Maternal Deaths (number) Primary visits Re-visits	5 _	- 5 17 962	Ξ	_ _ 	5 -	5 17 1,439	5	- 5 6 1,131
Total Visits:— Primary Re-visits	-	3,253 29,745	_	2,428 30,892	-	5,681 60,637	=	4,843
Total Visits paid, 1938 Total Visits paid, 1937  * Zymotic Enteritis i		32,998 34,257		33,320 38,472		66,318	=	72,729

<sup>\*</sup> Zymotic Enteritis is notifiable. † All cases are visited by Health Visitors of the Public Health Department. Enquiries re Maternal Deaths are made by the Public Health Department.

The following table shows the attendances at each of the Clinics during the year 1938:—

	Old Ford.	West Ferry Road.	Man- chester Road.	Simp- sons Road.	Wel- lington Road.	P.H. Dept. Total.	Royal College of St. Katharine Total.
Ante-Natal Clinics:-	Cas	- DAR					
Attendances	898	964	-	929	504	3,295	1,720
Average per session	18.0	15.3	_	12.2	17.4	15.0	35.1
Infant Consultations:-		1000000			IN PROPERTY.		(3 doctors
First attendances	309	234	177	279	334	1,333	875
Total attendances	7,475	5,659	5,489	6,537	7,190	32,550	18,156
Average per session	50.0	56.6	53.8	43.0	70.5	53.4	74.1
Average attendance of		offiling ,	Rung cl		acerials		(2 doctors
each child	10.9	10.0	11.2	10.0	9.2	10.1	_
Light Clinics:-					Burnin		Marin and
Attendances	_	1 22 yr	- T	2,692	5,062	7,754	4,510
Average per session	_	-	_	14.0	17.7	16.2	18.4
Dental Clinics:-							1
Attendances	-	-	-		1,386	1,386	1,292
Average per session	-	-	-	1	13.9	13.9	11.0
Sewing Class	63	312	_	819		1,194	1,285
Garden attendances	_	-	-	90	820	910	660
Mothers' Clinic (Post-			25 8		H DHILL		
Natal)	67	105	-	171	8	351	653
Remedial Clinic	_	-	-	1203023	HILLER SE	DE TOTAL	904

### Total attendances at all Clinics:-

				1938.	1937.
P.H. Department			despent	47,240	41,530
Royal College of St	. Katha	rine		29,180	28,335
	Tota	1	olinia) a	76,420	69,865

# Special Ante-Natal Consulting Clinic-St. Andrew's Hospital.

The number of patients seen at the Ante-Natal Consultation Clinic was as follows:—

(a) Referred	by p	rivate	practitioners	ne ion	3	(4	consultations	5)
--------------	------	--------	---------------	--------	---	----	---------------	----

(b) Referred by clinic medical officers .. 20 (21 consultations)

23 (25 consultations)

### Post-Natal Consultative Clinic at St. Andrew's Hospital.

With the approval of the London County Council arrangements have been made with the Consulting Obstetrician at St. Andrew's Hospital to see post-natal cases at the Special Ante-Natal Consultative Clinic, held at St. Andrew's Hospital. Should the number of ante-natal patients become too great for this Clinic, arrangements will be made to hold another clinic.

### Sale of Food Accessories, etc.

The following table shows the sales of food accessories, simple remedies, and materials for making clothing, which are sold at cost price to mothers attending the clinics, and payments at clinics for various services:—

	£ s. d.	
Dried Milk, 11,535 lbs	817 1 3	
Special Milk, 342 lbs	24 4 6	
Dried Milk, Humanised, 75 lbs	7 10 0	
Aberdeen Emulsion	4 0 0	
Dusting Powder	I 5 0	
Medicinal Paraffin	8 11 4	
Medical Sundries	18 12 4	
Dentures	144 I 10	
Materials at Sewing Class	30 18 11	
Convalescent Treatment	II 2 6	
Virol	19 1 0	
Oil and Malt	67 12 9	
Concentrated Food	88 15 2	
Payments for Gas (Dental Clinic)	5 13 0	
Accouchement Sets	2 17 0	
Cod Liver Oil	27 17 4	
	-	
Total £1	,279 3 11	

In addition to the foregoing, by arrangement with local chemists, vouchers are issued for certain food accessories, etc., to be supplied by the chemists at cost price. 775 such vouchers were issued during the year.

## Convalescent Treatment, etc.

Convalescent	Treatment	(mothers with babies)	 29	cases.
,,	. ,,	(mothers alone)	 2	,,
,,	,,	(children under 5 years)	 39	,,
Loan of mater	nity bag,	containing clothing, etc.	 13	,,

GRANTS BY MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR, 1938.

Maternity	Outfits	at half-pr	rice			12
,,	,,	free to	Nursing	Sisters	of	
		St. John	the Divir	ne		274

The Committee provided dentures to five necessitous mothers who were unable to complete their payments, the cost to the Committee being £7 2s. od.

## (The following tables refer to the whole Borough.)

## STATISTICS RESPECTING INFANTS BORN IN 1937.

All births, including those occurring in outlying		
districts, but belonging to the Borough		2,230
Doctors in attendance	178	
Midwives in attendance	560	
Delivered in institutions	1,492	
Not stated		
Moved into Borough		147
		2,377
Stillborn (Stillbirths per 1,000 births)	60	
Died before visit	31	
Not requiring or desiring visits	56	
	-	147
Visited		2,230
Removed within the year	391	
Died during visitation	77	
atidwives in attendance		468
Remaining under supervision end of first year		1,762
, 9 dich. These were fed as follows -		
Mortality per 1,000 visited		34.5

The 1,762 children visited during	1937 and remaining under super-
vision at the end of their first year of	life, were fed during the first six
months of life as follows:-	Convalescent Treatment (moti

Breast-fed		*****			11.00	67.8	per cent.
Mixed feeding						22.6	,,
Hand-fed	oQ.as	WILLIAM	dim	) dky	YIJIKR	9.6	GRANT, BY

The 77 children who died during the first year of life, were fed during the first six months of life as follows:—

Breast-fed	000	ili tro		b. Inchis		19.5 per cent.
Mixed feeding	d steps	000.20	many.	d tinds	stelar	44.0 ,,
Hand-fed						3.64 ,,

Below is a statement comparing the mortality rates per 1,000 visited of children fed by the various methods:—

(a)	Bab	ies br	east-fed				show		 12
(b)	,,	who	received	mixed	food	(breast	and	hand)	 79
(c)	,,	hand	l-fed						 142

Stillbirths.

## (This refers to the whole Borough.)

67 Stillbirths were investigated during the year 1938.

Number of Stillbirths			67
Doctors in attendance	TROV.	un une	2
Midwives in attendance			II
Delivered in Institutions			52
B.B.A	Parvisq	der so	I (Hospital case)
Unknown			T

### Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

Five cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum were notified during the year:—

(This table refers to the whole Borough.)

			Cases.			***		
Yes	ar.	Notified.	Tr	eated.	Vision unim-	Vision im-	Total Blind-	Deaths
di to	150	and the same	At home.	In hospital.	paired.	paired.	ness.	Dourne
1929		56	51	5	56			
1930		42	38	4	42	_	_	_
1931		37	36	1	37		1/ -1	
1932		27	18	9	27	_		1
1933		23	15	8	23	all Lines	_	_
1934		21	10	11	21	-	_	
1935		10	5	5	10	_	_	_
1936		5	1	4	5	D - 100	19.4	_
1937		5	1	4	5	_		_
1938		9	7	2	9	mer_com	9 _	_

#### CASES NOTIFIED AND VISITED.

Number of notifications received				9
Very slight cases		engue		3
Sight of one eye damaged	15, (10	midge	(d) Per	_
Recovered	PETERY	2,193	39.	9
Occurred in Institutions	odt de	w. trre	TUTO S	4
Occurred in the practice of medical p			udt tot	_
Occurred in the practice of midwives		OHOLD		5
Admitted to hospital as in-patients				2
Treated as hospital out-patients		1.0800	**	4
Trantad privatal-	a. vol 30			
Visited by nurse	es gai		D sold	2
visited by fluise	· in	***		4

## Zymotic Enteritis.

Notifications rece	ived (p	atients	under	5 year	s)	104
Under I year					57	In Ber
I to 2 years					31	
2 to 3 years					7	
3 to 4 years			11.00		6	
4 to 5 years					3	
Died before notifie	cation	receive	d	may an	in to pr	4
Visited		OI. IRS	C Jupus	dies cade	101	83
Treated in hospita	als					77

Of the 57 cases of Zymotic Enteritis under I year of age which were notified, 9 died. These were fed as follows:—

Breast fed I; mixed feeding I; hand-fed 7.

Home Nursing Arrangements.

Following upon negotiations, revised agreements were entered into with the three following Nursing Associations:—

- (a) East London Nursing Society;
- (b) The Nursing Sisters of St. John the Divine;
- (c) St. John's (Isle of Dogs) Nursing Association.

The agreements with the East London Nursing Society and the Nursing Sisters of St. John the Divine provided for the nursing of the following cases:—

- (a) Measles, German Measles, Whooping Cough, Zymotic Enteritis (epidemic Diarrhoea), when occurring in children under the age of 10 years;
- (b) Nursing during pregnancy; Puerperal Fever, Pyrexia and other complications where the Midwife has been advised to discontinue attendance; Ophthalmia Neonatorum;
- (c) Pneumonia, Influenza, Malaria, Dysentery, Poliomyelitis, Encephalitis Lethargica;
- (d) Pemphigus, Conjunctivitis, etc., in children under the age of 5 years.

The agreement with the St. John's (Isle of Dogs) Nursing Association provided for the nursing of cases (a), (c) and (d), together with Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

During the negotiations with the Nursing Associations it was apparent that much nursing work for children under 5 years of age had been carried out for which the nursing societies had not claimed payment.

Agreements were entered into from 1st January, 1938, and the Council agreed to pay the following block grants for the calendar year 1938, such grants to be reviewed, in the light of the experience gained, at the end of the year:—

East London Nursing Society	 £160
Nursing Sisters of St. John the Divine	 £40
St. John's (Isle of Dogs) Nursing Association	 £10

At the end of the year the work of the three Nursing Associations was reviewed and for the calendar year 1939 the block grants were revised as follows:—

East London Nursing Society	 £140
Nursing Sisters of St. John the Divine	 £50
St. John's (Isle of Dogs) Nursing Association	 £12

# The following is a summary of visits paid by Nurses during 1938:—

# (This table refers to the whole Borough.)

REGITER		E.L.N.S.	St. John Divine.	St. John's Isle of Dogs.	Totals. Cases. Visits
Oph. Neon.	Cases	1 23	3 147		4 <del>-</del> 170
Slight Inflamma- tion of Eyes*	Cases Visits	7 103	9 128	30	18 — — 261
Measles	Cases Under 5 5-10 Visits Under 5 5-10	97 32 614 367	7 1 89 11	13 3 111 24	117 — 36 — 814 — 402
Pneumonia	Cases Under 5 5-10 Visits Under 5 5-10	41 9 558 102	131	2 38 —	50 — 9 — 727 — 102
Pemphigus	Cases Visits		1 15		1 - 15
Whooping- Cough	Cases Under 5 Visits Under 5	1 9		_ 353V	1 - 9
Zymotic Enteritis	Cases Visits	===	1 6	- 163V	1 - 6
Puerperal Pyrexia	Cases Visits	= 7	1 11	=	1 - 11
Maternity Nursing	Cases Visits	122	28 423	res in paren	32 <u>-</u> 545
Totals	Cases Visits	192 1,898	58 961	20 203	270 — — 3,062

\*Reported by L.C.C.

The tollowing table relates to visited children of ages 1 to 5 years:-

	Year of Birth.					
	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.		
Remaining under supervision:	Divine	rejested p	the mic			
End of first year	-11	-	_	1,737		
,, second year	-	-	1,643	10-10		
,, third year	L-450	1,618	-	-		
" fourth year	1,566	-	- Commen	I That		
Inward Transfers	184	204	132	119		
Visits discontinued	To the	-	has been	TO HOLE		
Outward Transfers	167	235	206	246		
Died	5	4	4	20		
Remaining under supervision:	387	5-10	alleja 1			
End of second year	-	G-offi		1,590		
,, third year	-	91-4	1,565	- 100		
,, fourth year	- 5011	1,583	_	-		
,, fifth year	1,578	-	-	-		
Michaeleria - ar			atial V.	mphigue		
Mortality per 1,000 visited:	To be North	The state of	Tanina in	and the American		
Second year	-0	- dada	111-11	10.8(15.2		
Third year	-	-	2.3 (8.1)	-		
Fourth year		2.2 (6.2)	atl <del>ai</del>	Haran H		
Fifth year	2.9 (1.0)	-	-	-		

The figures in parentheses are the rates for the previous years.

Maternal Deaths.—The Council agreed that the investigation of maternal deaths should continue to be carried out on the lines suggested by the Ministry of Health. There were 6 deaths associated with pregnancy, etc., investigated and the maternal mortality rate was 2.90 per 1,000 total births (live and still.) See list, page 123.

### LIST OF MATERNAL DEATHS AND DEATHS ASSOCIATED WITH PREGNANCY.

	Attended	Attended	Treated in	No. of	Received Ante-natal care or Treatment at	
Cause of Death.	Institution.	at home by	Institution subsequently.	previous pregnancies.	M.C.W. Clinic.	Else- where.
Puerperal Sepsis (3 cases). Rupture of uterus. Obstructed labour. Shock, haemorrhage and sepsis. P.M	No.	Doctor.	Yes.	3	No.	No.
Septicaemia. Septic endometritis. Natural abortion. P.M	No.	Doctor.	Yes.	8	No.	No.
Cerebellar abscess. Abscess of peritoneum following old suppurative peritonitis. Coroner's P.M	No.	Doctor.	Yes.	3	No.	No.
Other Puerperal Causes (2 cases).  Uraemia. Toxaemia of pregnancy. Premature confinement. Ante-partum haemorrhage. Suppurative mastitis	Yes.	SENTENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Yes.	Nil.	No.	Yes at int.
Accidental haemorrhage. Toxaemia of preg- nancy. Anuria	No.	Midwife.	Yes.	6	Yes.	No.
Other Death associated with Pregnancy (1 case). Pulmonary tuberculosis. Pregnancy	Yes.	Name Survey	Yes.	or appression	No.	In Hospital since 17.12.37.

The Council have given serious consideration to the question of maternal mortality, and for some years past arrangements have been made with a Consulting Obstetrician to visit cases of Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia in consultation with general practitioners (see page 88).

The arrangements made with two Consulting Obstetricians for their services to be available at the request of a general practitioner attending any midwifery case which presented special difficulty or abnormality at or after the confinement, were continued.

(During 1938, Consulting Obstetricians were called in to two cases.)

## Infantile Mortality.

The infantile mortality rate was 60.

## Child Life Protection.

Number of Foster Mothers under supervision at	31st De	cember,	
1938			17
Number of Foster Children under supervision at	31st Dec	cember,	1. 6
1938			17
Number of new Foster Mothers registered during	ng 1938		6
Number of children legally adopted during 1938	3		-
Number of children who attained the age of 9 ye	ears duri	ng 1938	I
Under Supervision during some part of 1938:—			
Foster Mothers			21
Foster Children			28
Number of visits:—			
Chief Health Visitor, or Deputy			197
Male Inspectors			17

The Foster Mothers and homes are all satisfactory and although in some cases the payments are in arrears, this has made no difference to the way in which the children have been cared for.

The health of the children was good. Those under 5 years of age attend the Infant Welfare Consultations.

#### Student Health Visitors.

During the year five Student Health Visitors from the Royal College of Nursing have been given a course of practical training.

#### Post-Graduate Course.

Two Health Visitors attended a Post-Graduate Refresher Course during the year.

### Training of Probationers at the Observation Wards.

As in previous years lectures have been given by the Matron, and the Probationers have also attended the Courses arranged by the National Society of Day Nurseries.

#### Observation Wards.

REPORT OF DR. H. St. H. VERTUE, CONSULTING PHYSICIAN AT THE MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE OBSERVATION WARDS.

### Out-patients.

Total number of attendances	 	 334
Attendances for test-feeding	 	 322
Number of new cases	 	 159

Help over difficulty in breast-feeding continues to be one of the most important features of out-patient treatment. Altogether 35 mothers who had difficulty in feeding their infants attended. The results were complete restoration of normal feeding in a little over half the number, preservation of partial breast-feeding in nearly all the remainder, and failure in only a few.

Breast-fed only	 	 17
Partially breast-fed	 	 13
	 	 3
Failed to complete attendances	 	 2

The remaining cases were difficulties in bottle-feeding, suitably dealt with, consultations with the clinic medical officers, or cases for admission.

In-	-patien	ts.			
Admitted			12		92
Recovered					78
Improved					II
Transferred to Hospital				2000	I
Removed by parents					I
Died		- Depth	110.00	May 4	I
Classification of cases.					
Malnutrition	onaur	ado sa	110.20	noitedo	30
Difficulty in Artificial Fe	eding				25
Neuroses (food refusal, in	somni	a, etc.	)		16
Rickets			*****		9
Debility after illness					4
Pyloric stenosis		0			4
Miscellaneous					4
					1 80
					92

### Points of Interest.

Successful treatment of pyloric stenosis by medical measures was continued this year. In this disease the nervous control of the stomach is defective and the child becomes gravely ill from vomiting of a severe type and dies unless relieved by medical or surgical treatment. Until recently all treatment of any value has been surgical. The use of the drug atropine methyl nitrate has enabled one now to dispense with the knife. Welfare centres are ideal places for the application of the new remedy, because there cases can be seen early and treated promptly, matters of much importance. All our little patients did remarkably well. We were much helped by the many virtues of the mothers, who were punctual, regular and enthusiastic in applying the remedy and also in feeding and tending the baby, proud of being pioneers, I think.

The popularity of the wards continues, I am thankful to say, to be high. There are always more children awaiting admission than we can deal with. Indeed we could easily fill a third ward. We regret the death of one child which occurred quite unexpectedly from convulsions not long after admission. A child was transferred to hospital who developed whooping cough. He was isolated in good time and no one else caught it.

We look back upon the last as a year of successful results and good progress.

H. ST. H. VERTUE, M.D.

## Artificial Sunlight Treatment.

REPORT OF DR. E. M. LAYMAN, THE MEDICAL OFFICER IN CHARGE OF LIGHT CLINICS.

I have pleasure in submitting my report on the work of the Light Clinics during 1938.

3II children and 57 mothers are reported on. The children are classified as follows, and I have analysed the results of treatment in the table below:—

Rickets			 	25	cases
(12 severe	, 13 1	nild)			
Disturbed Dentition	on		 	78	,,
Malnutrition			 	34	,,
Debility			 	37	,,
After Illness			 	70	,,
Prematurity			 	14	,,
Prophylactic			 	12	,,
Various Disorders			 	41	,,

## Analysis of Results.

			Marked		Moderate	
			Success	Success	Success	Failure
Rickets		 	9	15	I	_
Disturbed Der	ntition	 	40	29	8	I
Malnutrition		 	21	7	4	2
Debility		 	14	17	5	I
After Illness		 	30	33.	7	-
Prematurity		 	6	7	I	_
Prophylaxis		 	8	3	I	_
Various Disord	ders	 	22	14	2	3
	Totals	 	150	125	29	7

Notes.

Premature children, always anaemic, are particularly good subjects for U.V.R., as they need more sunshine than the rest.

I now invite all the prematures I meet at welfare clinics to take a course.

Prophylactic treatment of infants is a developing line, and well worth the mothers' effort in town conditions. A few mothers have proposed it themselves and I hope more who can will seek us out.

The remaining group (various disorders) is an important one, a good response has been obtained in otitis, catarrh, anaemia and various nervous troubles in elder children. A few have been sent by their own doctors to our great pleasure.

We are all glad to have a garden at both centres. During really hot weather, when U.V.R. is undesirable, the gardens have been enjoyed, with benefit, by toddlers.

Mothers are classified as follows:-

Ante-Natal				20 1
Post-Natal	. (blin	EF 10	nyon I	9
Debility and Anaemia		90	Dentit	13 57
Rheumatism				6
Various				9/

Results:-

The one failure had severe nervous depression. This increased, and I sent her for mental treatment. We had a few striking cures among the "various disorders." Several mothers, also, come regularly every year, having proved the tonic effect on themselves.

Again, as in previous years, I wish to express my deep appreciation of the work of the Sister in Charge and of her thoughtful care for mothers and children; and also to thank Miss Harris for her kindness, patience and efficiency in assisting.

E. M. LAYMAN.

### STATISTICAL SUMMARY.

January 1st to December 31st, 1938.

highThere are always more	Bow.	Poplar.	Totals.
Number of attendances	5,062	2,692	7,754
,, ,, sessions	286	193	479
,, ,, patients	342	200	542

The Royal College of St. Katharine.

REPORT OF DR. H. K. WALLER, SENIOR MEDICAL OFFICER OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF ST. KATHARINE.

Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1938.

(Figures for the same period last year are included for comparison).

	(Figures for the same period last year are in	iciuc	ied for	compar	ison).
	Number of Visits.				
			1937.		1938.
	First visits to Expectant Mothers		729		539
	Re-visits to Expectant Mothers		2,092		1,592
	First visits to children		1,036		1,000
	Re-visits to children		34,615	2	9,946
			38,472	3	3,077
	Measles. Visits to children over five .	danc	l atten		243
				3	3,320
	New births		1,068	MIC IN	1,014
	Total number of children on register		4,028		3,911
	1		house		
as f	ATTENDANCES AT CLINICS ant Clinics.	inhiu			
njo			dbni k		
	New cases		936		875
	Attendances—Under I year		8,764		9,108
	of Penning and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a		6,163		6,477
	3—5 years		2,900		2,571
			17,827	I	8,156
	Average attendance per clinic		71.6		74.I
	Number of individual children		2,116		2,113
	Number of individual mothers		1,761		1,751
1nt	e-Natal Clinics.				
	80				
	New cases		538		531
			1,691		1,720
	Average attendance per clinic		77.00		35.1
	Number of individual mothers		605		592

Post-Natal Clinics.		
	1937.	1938.
New cases	198	252
Total attendances	530	253 653
Average attendance per clinic	10.8	13.6
Number of individual mothers	229	284
Dental Clinics.	anna ser son	ngia)
Mothers.		
New cases	165	164
Total attendances	613	683
Average attendance per clinic	8.6	9.9
Number of individual mothers	265	276
Children.		
New cases	180	077
Total attendances	468	609
Average attendance per clinic	9.7	12.9
Number of individual children	236	289
Artificial Sunlight Clinics.	Sucores. 1	fallure.
New cases	adhid	will.
Total attendances	200	246
Average attendance per clinic	3,512	4,510
Number of individual children	222	18.4
Number of individual mothers	12	11
Garden attendances for oben sin to-	C3.565	
Garden attendances for open-air treatment	1,825	660
Remedial Exercises and Massage Clinics.		
Mothers.		
New Cases		50
Total Attendances		59 87
Average attendance per clinic	age attenda	8.7
Number of individual mothers	Albeit 10 tedi	59
Children and Expectant Mothers.		11111
New cases	rel Clerics	piz-sinja
Total attendances	66	67
Average attendance per clinic	648	817
Number of individual children	7.4 78	9.4
Number of individual mothers	6	73

Sewing Class.	1937.	1938.
New cases	50	47
Total attendances	1,221	1,285
Average attendance per class	27.7	29.2
Cooken, Class		
Cookery Class.		
New Cases	amola	. 19
Total attendances	-	70
Average attendance per class	592 (19)	Hs nº 4.4
Observation Ward.		
Number of children admitted	64	60
Average duration of stay days	31.6	40.2
afterwards.		
Tonsil Clinic.		
Number of children admitted	113	82
Average duration of stay days	5.1	5.I
Tonsil Enquiry. Special Visits	y mave a	299
OUT-PATIENTS' DEPARTMENTS.		
Test-Feeding Department.		
Total attendances	1,291	1,415
Number of mothers who attended with their	-,,-	-,4-3
babies for test feeds	221	212
Treatments.		
Mothers.		
Total treatments given to mothers	200	
Number of individual mothers treated	270	253 46
		40
Children.		
Total treatments given to children	2,388	2,652
Number of individual children treated	362	417
ANTE NATA Des		

## ANTE-NATAL DEPARTMENT.

## Births.

In the area allotted to St. Katharine's there were 982 (1937—1,036) live and 32 (32) stillbirths during the year, making a total of 1,014 (1,068).

- SEPAN-Name TERRIES		Live Births			Attended St. Katharine's Ante-Natal Clinic		
		1938	1937		1938	1937	
Doctor's patients		59	98	2	(3.4%)	8 (8.2%)	
Midwives' patients		200	242	127	(63.5%)	168 (69.4%)	
St. Andrew's Hospital		500	454	311	(62.0%)	294 (64.8%)	
East End Maternity Hospit	tal	161	186	11	(6.8%)	15 (8.1%)	
Other Institutions		62	56	4	(6.4%)	0 (0.0%)	

In all 592 (1937—605) women have attended this department during the year, making 1,720 visits (1,691), or 2.9 (2.8) visits apiece. The average attendance has been 35.1 (33.8) per Clinic. There were 531 new cases during the year.

#### POST-NATAL DEPARTMENT.

284 women (1937—229), or nearly a third (1937 a quarter) of the number confined, have been examined. There were 253 (198) new cases. They have averaged 2.3 (2.3) visits apiece. Total attendances 653 (530).

#### OBSERVATION WARD.

60 infants (1937-64) were admitted during the year and made an average stay of 40.2 days (31.6) each. The reasons for admission were as follows:—

Illness of Mother					19
Nutritional disorders	n. e.) m		sinseto		15
Recovery from tonsilled	tomy		wibpi to	mile	II
Preparation for tonsille	ctomy				2
Nervous disorders					3
Otitis Media					
Atelectasis, Rickets,	Pylo	ric	Obstruc	ction	
, Skin Lesions			MA		7
					-
					60

## Results of admission:—

Fully recovered		 	 	34
Improved		 	 	23
Not improved		 	 	I
Transferred to H	ospital	 	 	2
				-
				60

In addition 82 (II3) children were admitted for the surgical removal of adenoids and unhealthy tonsils. All made good recoveries. The routine length of stay in the ward for this operation is 5 days. Specially delicate children are admitted earlier and kept longer afterwards.

H. K. WALLER, M.D.

Maternity and Child Welfare Dental Clinic.

REPORT OF MR. C. HAMMOND WILLIAMS, L.D.S., R.C.S.(ENG.), DENTAL SURGEON IN CHARGE OF THE MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE DENTAL CLINIC.

I beg to submit my report of the work carried out in the Dental Clinic of the Maternity and Child Welfare Department, at Wellington Road.

The following is a summary:-

100 Sessions have been held.

1,386 Total Attendances.

88 Permanent teeth filled.

171 Temporary teeth filled.

28 Permanent teeth extracted with local anaesthesia.

1,925 Permanent teeth extracted under Nitrous Oxide Gas.

976 Temporary teeth extracted under Ethyl Chloride.

214 Scalings.

In addition, dressings, minor treatment and the fitting of dentures.

421 new patients have attended during the year, which is a considerable increase over the previous year, whilst the average attendance per session has risen to 13.8 as compared with 12.4 in 1937.

In most respects the work compares favourably with previous years, in spite of the temporary cancellation of sessions during the September crisis.

A decrease in the number of temporary teeth extracted will be noted. It is difficult to say whether this decrease is due to a lower number of children attending, or whether it is due to the fact that fewer teeth have to be extracted. My impression, however, is that there are fewer teeth to be extracted, the number of children for total clearance definitely seems to be small nowadays, compared with only a few years ago. This, with other signs, must point to the fact of stronger and healthier children.

I should like to take this opportunity again of thanking those who assist me in the Clinic, and those in any way connected with it, for their essential help and support.

C. HAMMOND WILLIAMS.

Free Milk Scheme.

Milk is supplied to expectant and nursing mothers and to children under 3 years of age (in special circumstances 5 years). In 1937 the scheme was extended and details are given in the report for that year.

Dried milk is supplied under the scheme, with the exception that Pasteurised milk is supplied in special cases (infants) where the Medical Officers in charge of the Council's Child Welfare Clinics consider its use specially desirable.

It is a condition of the supply of free milk that unless prevented on medical grounds, all recipients should be seen at regular intervals at their nearest Maternity and Child Welfare Centre.

During the 52 weeks ended 31st December, 1938, 9,434 applications for free milk were received, of which 7,599 were granted. (The number of persons granted milk was 11,559.) Orders were issued for 159,684 pints of Pasteurised milk, and 26,966 pounds of dried milk, the total commitments amounting to approximately £3,843.

In addition, orders were issued for 1,491 bottles (40z.) of iron solution and 12,808 bottles (40z.) of cod liver oil.

428 cases were investigated by the Enquiry Officer. All cases were found satisfactory.

DISTRIBUTION FROM IST JANUARY, 1938, TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1938.

				Iron S	olution.
			C.L.O.	(40z.	bottles.)
"A."	"G."	"S."	(40z.		Double
lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	bottles.)		strength
16,977	7,426	770	11,363	578	369

The following table shows in comparative form the applications, etc., during the last ten years:—

Year.		A 12	Appli-	Cost	Orders i	issued.	Cases investi-	Unsatis- factory
		Appli- cations.	granted.	(approx:)	Fresh. (Pints)	Dried. (lbs.)	gated by I.O.	cases.
1929		6,849	6,146	2,471	16,810	30,729	588	_
1930		7,216	6,693	2,820	28,247	33,147	610	2
1931		10,562	8,816	3,718	57,736	39,366	656	1
1932		14,914	13,213	5,459	73,512	60,094	633	-
1933		15,859	13,878	5,845	78,373	64,206	646	-
1934		12,762	11,098	5,069	78,902	53,387	493	1
1935		10,568	9,348	4,807	109,102	42,626	384	1
1936		8,661	7,439	3,984	98,000	33,295	547	-
1937		7,547	6,133	3,476	105,658	25,430	461	
1938		9,434	7,599	3,843	159,684	26,966	428	_

Supply of Extra Nourishment-Co-operation with London County Council.

The scheme of co-operation with the Public Assistance Committee has worked smoothly and no case has been reported to be adversely affected.

The amount chargeable to the Public Assistance Committee during 1938 was approximately £558.

#### APPENDIX I.

A BRIEF OUTLINE OF THE AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS WORK CARRIED OUT BY THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT SINCE MIDDLE OF SEPTEMBER, 1938.

Prior to the 26th September, 1938, general approval had been given by the Home Office to Poplar's scheme for dealing with Air Raid casualties. Letters from the Home Office dated 9th and 13th August, 1938, gave general approval to the establishment of four large and two medium First Aid Posts and eight First Aid Party Depots. The four large First Aid Posts were to have been established at three of the Borough Council's Public Baths (Roman Road, East India Dock Road and Glengall Grove), and Marner Street School, and the two medium First Aid Posts at St. Saviour's Church School and Cubitt Town School. Plans for adapting these premises had already been prepared by the Borough Surveyor and were in process of being submitted to the Home Office for approval when the crisis occurred.

During the crisis week members of the Staff were "standing by" night and day and beds and bedding were supplied for use in various Departments. The bedding used was taken from our stocks at the Infectious Disease Shelter.

On the morning of Monday, September 26th, permission was obtained from the Town Clerk to proceed as rapidly as possible with the erection and equipping of the First Aid Posts. The only Posts which could be readily adapted were those which the Council owned, namely, the three Baths. The Borough Surveyor's Department in conjunction with the Baths Department proceeded with all possible speed working day and night, to accomplish this. Meanwhile since no medical supplies were forthcoming, as promised, we proceeded to order what we considered to be essential for equipping the First Aid Posts and supplying the First Aid (Stretcher) Parties with first aid pouches.

As no stretchers were available the then Borough Surveyor agreed to make a sample stretcher to a specification which was given him and within three days the Works Department had produced one hundred stretchers with trestles. One of the Borough Council's disinfecting vans was converted to carry two stretcher cases and six secondhand motor vehicles were purchased, two of which were converted to carry stretchers. If the International situation had not cleared there would have been two fully equipped First Aid Posts by the end of the week, one at Roman Road Baths and the other at Glengall Grove Baths, while the Post at East India Dock Road Baths would have been ready by the following Monday.

Arrangements were made for telephones to be installed in the First Aid Posts and First Aid Party Depots which were not at that time on the telephone.

The method of construction adopted in erecting the three First Aid Posts on the floors of the three Baths was as follows:—

Partition walls consisted of double-faced armoured plywood panels set in deal sectional framing, the roofs of similar panels supported on joists, the wider spans being carried by rolled steel angles. This method of construction allows of marking each section for storage and rapid re-erection. The floor space of each Bath was divided up into various rooms—undressing rooms; decontamination rooms with sprays, hot and cold water and sinks; first aid rooms;

dressing rooms; storage rooms and an adequate supply of chemical closets provided. As the First Aid Unit formed really a building within a building the Electricity Department lit the whole Unit by electricity from a separate meter; secondary means of lighting was provided by means of hurricane lamps. The Electricity Department also supplied for the First Aid rooms electric cookers which served a dual purpose, namely, heating the rooms when necessary and boiling hot water for sterilizing and washing purposes.

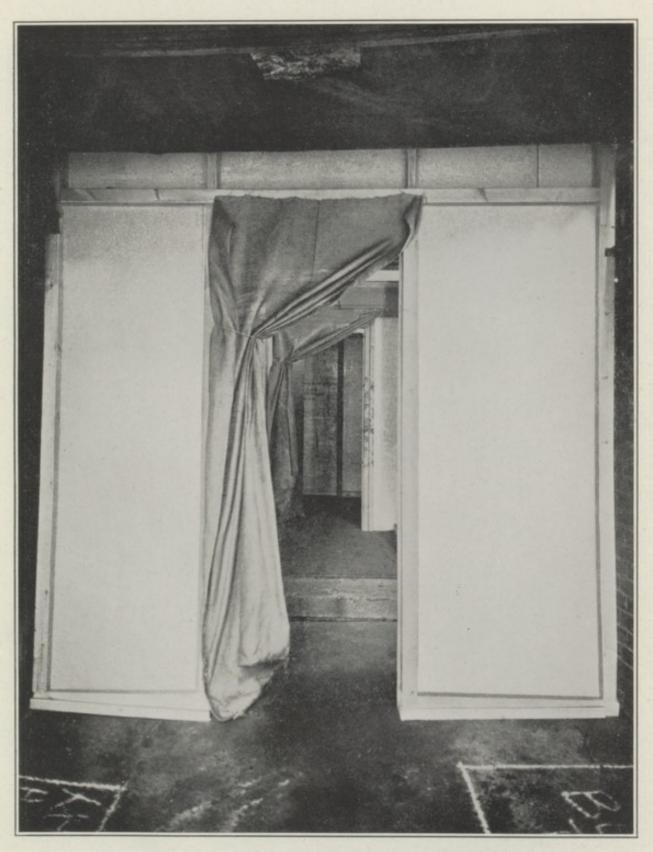
The General Purposes Committee of the Council at a meeting on 5th October, agreed that the fitting out of the East India Dock Road Baths be completed and then dismantled and that the fitting out of the Roman Road Baths and Glengall Grove Baths as First Aid Posts be completed and used for training purposes for First Aid personnel. The Baths were used by the few members of St. John Ambulance Brigade and other persons who had volunteered for First Aid duty. By the 25th November both these Posts were dismantled and stored ready for re-erection.

The following equipment was purchased:—The usual drugs and dressings, sterilisers, splints, sufficient surgical and medical instruments to carry out minor surgery, blankets, hot water bottles, dressing gowns, etc.

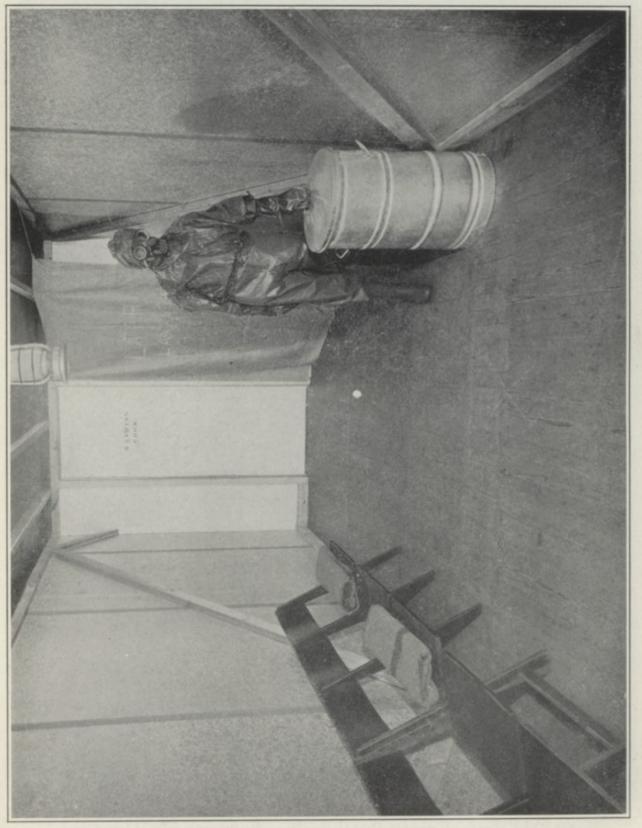
The fact that these First Aid Posts were produced and equipped within a week was entirely due to the loyalty and whole-hearted cooperation of members of the staff of my own department and of the staffs of the Borough Surveyor's, Baths and Electricity Departments. The Borough Treasurer's Department supplied an officer who made a most efficient quarter-master and took charge of all supplies.

The photographs give some idea of the method of construction and final appearances of some of the rooms at the First Aid Posts at Roman Road and Glengall Grove Baths.

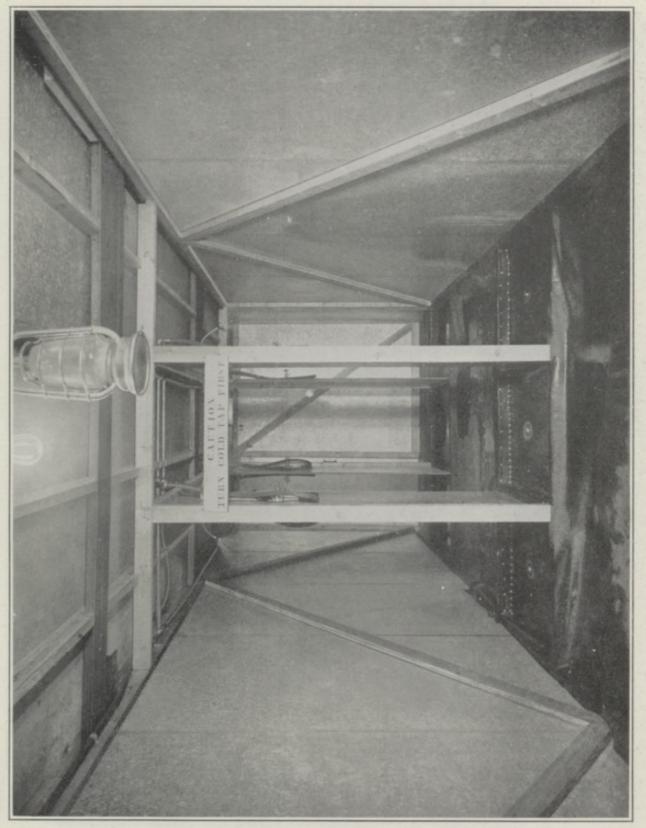
Although the Home Office had not envisaged the presence of Doctors at First Aid Posts it was felt strongly that Doctors should be available and accordingly on Sunday, 25th September, the President of the Tower Hamlets Division of the British Medical Association was approached and as a result a rota of local general practitioners who volunteered for work at First Aid Posts was prepared within a short time.



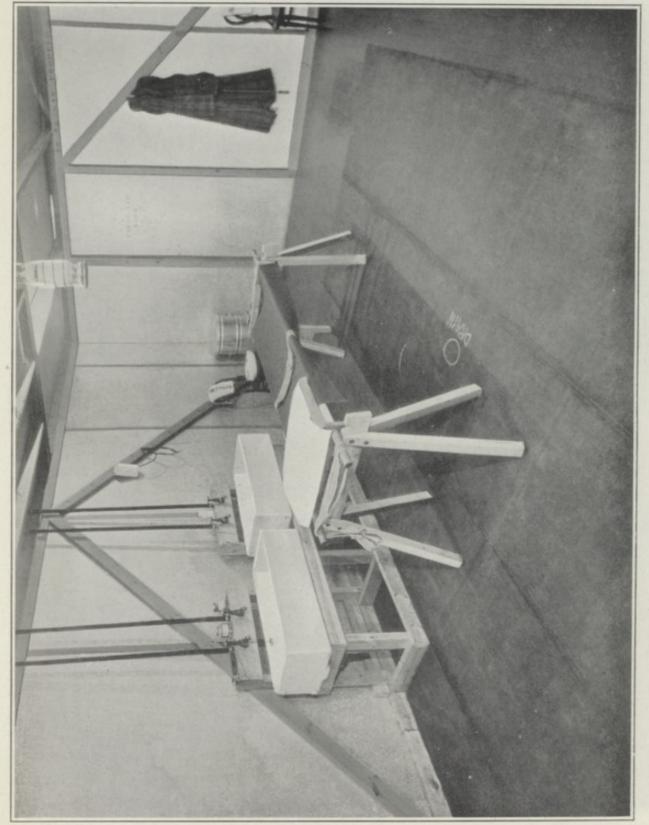
First Aid Post-Roman Road Baths: Entrance for Wounded.



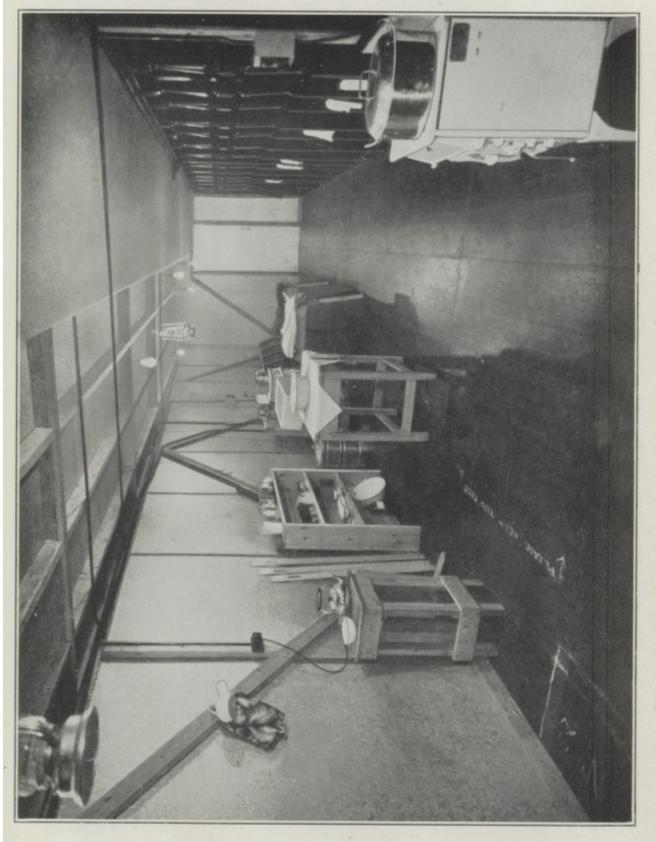
First Aid Post-Roman Road Baths: Undressing Room for contaminated wounded males.



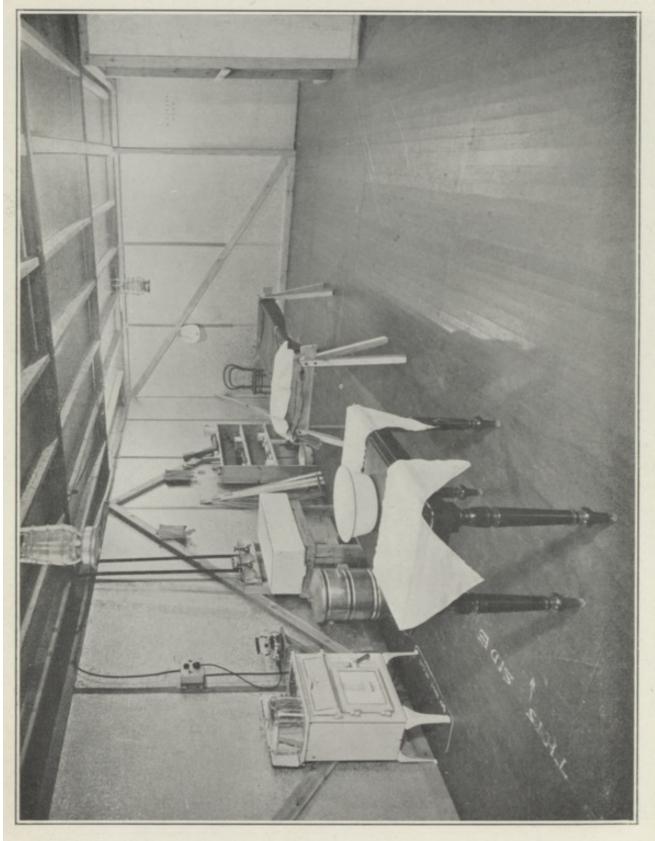
First Aid Post-Glengall Grove Baths: Decontamination Room for unwounded males.



First Aid Post-Roman Road Baths: Decontamination Room for wounded females.



First Aid Post-Glengall Grove Baths: First Aid Room for males.



First Aid Post-Roman Road Baths: First Aid Room for females,

The question of the disposal of the civilian dead was also considered. Four huts were purchased for erection as temporary mortuaries and a representative of the local undertakers was interviewed regarding a scheme for staffing the mortuaries and the burial of the civilian dead.

Steps were taken to augment the training in First Aid and Anti-Gas measures of such volunteers as were available.

Since the crisis the Public Health Department has been continuously engaged in Air Raid Precautions work and has taken over the arrangements for the training of all First Aid personnel and also the arrangements for short courses in First Aid for Air Raid Wardens. Mr. W. J. Colborne, one of the Sanitary Inspectors who is an Instructor (C.A.G.S. Special) has given the course of instruction in anti-gas measures to members of the staffs of the Town Clerk's, Borough Treasurer's, Baths, Libraries and Public Health Departments in addition to lecturing to classes of "key" men in industry, local clergy and school keepers.

Since February, 1939, the Sanitary Inspectors have been engaged in the survey preliminary to the erection of steel shelters and other important matters arising out of Air Raid Precautions measures.

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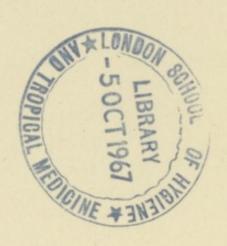
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