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METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF LAMBETH



ANNUAL REPORT

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OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1963



F. SUMMERS, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health





METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF LAMBETH



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1963



F. SUMMERS, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health

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METROPOLITAN BOROUGH OF LAMBETH

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

(Appointed by the Council on 24th May, 1963)

The Worshipful the Mayor of Lambeth

Mr. Councillor G.F.S. Light, J.P. (*ex-officio*)

Chairman

Mr. Councillor S.H. Gurney

Vice-Chairman

Mr. Councillor Tiras Cleasby

Alderman

Mrs. Mary Marock

Councillors

F. Kings

A.G. McCormack

J.T. Metcalfe

B.J. Perkins

Mrs. W.E. Privett

F.W. Quenault

Miss J. Williams, A.M.I.A.

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

F. Summers M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

PUBLIC ANALYST (PART-TIME)

D.G. Forbes, B.Sc., F.R.I.C.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

J.M. Roberts

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS

(a) District Inspectors

| | | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----|----------------------------|
| W. Bonnin | (1) | (2) | |
| H.F. Bryan | (1) | | (Retired 25.8.63) |
| F.W. Culver | (1) | (2) | (Lewisham M.B.C. 7.7.63) |
| C.S. Dancer | (1) | (2) | (Commenced duties 19.2.63) |
| K.W. Davies | (1) | | (Commenced duties 16.9.63) |
| A.R. Grimston | (1) | (2) | |
| D.J. Huggins | (1) | (2) | |
| E.E. Morgan | (1) | (2) | Retired 22.3.63) |
| J.M. Read | (1) | | (Commenced duties 19.8.63) |
| H.J. Rogers | (1) | | |
| S.G. Starling | (1) | (2) | |
| H. Taylor | (1) | (2) | |
| J.W. Tiffrey | (1) | | (Commenced duties 11.7.63) |
| Three Vacancies | | | |

(b) Food Inspectors

| | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|
| S. Bradley | (1) | (2) | |
| F. Russell | (1) | (2) | (3) |

(c) Housing Inspectors

| | | |
|------------|-----|-----|
| S.G. Ford | (1) | (2) |
| A.E. White | (1) | (2) |

(d) Smoke Inspectors

| | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|
| J. Bowers | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| R.A. Newton | (1) | (2) | |

(e) Rodent Officer *

S. F. Heal (1) (2) (Retired 20.1.63)

(f) Woman Inspector

Miss A.F. Crombie (1) (4) (6)

PUBLIC HEALTH VISITORS (OLD PEOPLE)

Miss M. McNair (5) (6)

Mrs. M. Richards (5) (6) (Commenced duties 15.3.63)

TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS (CLEAN AIR ACT 1956)

J. Millen (Commenced duties 4.3.63)

J.A. Taylor (Commenced duties 4.3.63)

RODENT OFFICER *

W. Deamer (Commenced duties 20.1.63)

CLERICAL STAFF

L. Brann

Mrs. J. Clark

H.C. Collins

Mrs. P. Dubury

Miss M. Eden (Commenced duties 16.9.63)

Miss A.P. Jones

J.A. Keating

Mrs. J. Kincart (Resigned 5.8.63)

E.F. Mannerson

Mrs. K.M. O'Sullivan

Mrs. M. Rogers

E. Walker

STUDENT PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS

Miss E. Fryer (Commenced duties 1.9.63)

M.C. Gunton

J. Marrin (Commenced duties 1.4.63)

J. Martin (Transferred from post of General Assistant 1.4.63)

J.W. Tiffrey (Qualified as Public Health Inspector 11.7.63)

GENERAL ASSISTANTS

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| W. Deamer | (Assistant Rodent Officer. Promoted Rodent Officer 20.1.63) |
| L. Whiston | (Rodent Operative) |
| G.O. Killgallon | (Rodent Operative. Commenced duties 17.6.63. Resigned 20.10.63) |
| J. Martin | (Transferred to Studentship 1.4.63) |
| R. Peaple | (Commenced duties 27.5.63) |

BATHING ATTENDANTS HOME BATHING

SCHEME FOR OLD PEOPLE

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Mrs. R. Bagge | (Commenced duties 18.2.63) |
| Mrs. R. Cullen | (Commenced duties 26.8.63) |
| Mrs. F.M. Gilbert | (Resigned July, 1963) |
| Mrs. F. Hones | |

These bathing attendants are employed part-time.

DISINFECTING STATION

Wanless Road, Loughborough Junction, S.E.24.

Superintendent :- C.E. Church

- 3 Drivers
- 2 Disinfectors
- 1 Stoker
- 1 Apparatus Attendant
- 1 Cleaner (Part-time)

- (1) *Cert. S.I.E.B.*
- (2) *Cert. Meat and other Foods*
- (3) *Smoke Inspectors Certificate*
- (4) *Health Visitors Certificate*
- (5) *State Registered Nurse*
- (6) *State Certified Midwife*

Public Health Department,
Blue Star House,
234/244 Stockwell Road,
S.W.9.

Tel: BRixton 7755

July, 1964

*To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors
of the Metropolitan Borough of Lambeth*

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year 1963 on the health of the Borough of Lambeth.

The birth rate of 22.01 was the highest since the post war peak year of 1947. Of live births 17.4% were illegitimate compared with 17.3% in 1962. This high percentage was commented on in my report last year.

I regret to report that the infantile mortality rate is the highest for 10 years, although the figures for the years 1957, 1958 and 1959 are very close to the present figure. The reason for this rise is not readily apparent but the increase is more in proportion in the illegitimate births than the legitimate although both are affected.

Apart from 2129 cases of measles the year was free from outbreaks of infectious diseases. Three cases of typhoid fever occurred during the year, one of which was certainly, and the other two probably, contracted abroad. Because of this travellers abroad should consider the advisability of being immunised against this disease.

During the year the Council gave serious consideration to the implementation of the provisions of those sections of the Housing Act 1961 dealing with "Houses in Multiple Occupation" but in view of the shortage of staff it was not possible to deal with more than a few cases. Towards the end of the year the appointment of two technical assistants to carry out surveys with a view to action under the Act was authorised and these officers were appointed early in 1964 and action is being taken.

By the end of the year 11 Smoke Control Areas had been declared by the Council and of these 8 were operative.

The work amongst the elderly continues to expand. During the year another visitor was appointed to work in the department and it is probably due to the efforts of these two officers that it was not necessary to remove any old person compulsorily from their homes. In addition the work of the Lambeth Old People's Welfare Association has grown as can be seen from the Association's Annual Report which is included in the body of this report.

There were three retirements from the Public Health Inspectorate during the year, Mr. H. Bryan, Mr. E. Morgan and Mr. S. Heal. Each of these officers had been with the Council many years and their valuable experience of the borough will be greatly missed. To offset this three public health inspectors were appointed and one of the students qualified. At the end of the year there were three vacancies.

In conclusion I am pleased to acknowledge the support given to me by Members of the Council and the Public Health Committee in particular.

My thanks are due also to the other Chief Officers for their co-operation during the year and to members of the staff of the Public Health Department for their loyal and conscientious service.

I am,

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

F. SUMMERS

Medical Officer of Health

SECTION A

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Lambeth is one of the largest Metropolitan Boroughs, both in population and area.

It has common boundaries with Battersea, Wandsworth, Croydon, Penge, Camberwell, Southwark and the Cities of London and Westminster. The total area of the Borough is approximately $6\frac{1}{2}$ square miles. This area excludes tidal water and foreshore, but includes approximately five acres which have been added to the Borough as a result of the new South Bank embankment, part of the river area having been reclaimed.

The land surface rises from 12 feet above sea-level at the river to 50 feet at Brixton, 150 feet at West Norwood and about 379 feet at and near the Crystal Palace. The perimeter of the Borough measures $17\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

The Borough has approximately 328 acres of open space, including Brockwell, Kennington, Ruskin, Norwood, Archbishop's and Vauxhall Parks and Myatt's Fields.

Among the world famous buildings within the boundaries are Lambeth Palace, the Oval cricket ground, the County Hall, the Royal Festival Hall and the Headquarters of the London Fire Brigade.

Lambeth is divided into three Parliamentary Divisions, Vauxhall, Brixton and Norwood, each returning one member of Parliament and three members to the London County Council. These Divisions are, in turn, divided into a total of 21 wards for the purpose of Borough Council elections.

STATISTICS

GENERAL

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Area of Borough | 4,087.5 acres |
| No. of Wards | 21 |
| No. of Parliamentary Constituencies | 3 |
| Population Figure supplied by Registrar General.. .. . | |
| (Mid-year estimate 1963) | 223,120 |
| Population figure Census 1961.. .. . | 223,763 |
| Density of Population i.e. number of Persons per acre (Based on Registrar-General's Estimated Population) | 54.6 |
| Number of marriages during year | 2,098 |
| Marriage rate per 1,000 Population | 9.4 |
| Marriage rate per 1,000 Population England and Wales | 14.9 |
| Rateable Value of District (1963/64) | £12,887,700 |
| Sum represented by Penny Rate (1963/64) | £53,000 |
| Number of separately rated houses and flats (1963/64) | 57,077 |

BIRTHS

Live Births

| | Legitimate | Illegitimate | Totals |
|---------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Males | 2,310 | 482 | 2,792 |
| Females | 2,291 | 497 | 2,788 |
| Totals | <u>4,601</u> | <u>979</u> | <u>5,580</u> |

Live Birth Rate per 1,000 Home Population .. 25.01

Birth Rate corrected for comparison with

other areas 22.01

Comparability Factor supplied by Registrar

General 0.88

Birth Rate per 1,000 Home Population

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| County of London | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20.1 |
|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Birth Rate per 1,000 Home Population

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| England and Wales | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 18.2 |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Corresponding Rate for the Borough of Lambeth

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| for the year 1962 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 21.94 |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|

Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| live births.. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17.4% |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|

STILL BIRTHS

| | Legitimate | Illegitimate | Totals |
|---------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Males | 42 | 13 | 55 |
| Females | 28 | 5 | 33 |
| Totals | <u>70</u> | <u>18</u> | <u>88</u> |

Still Birth Rate per 1,000 Total Births

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| (i.e. live and still) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15.5 |
|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| Still Birth Rate per 1,000 Home Population.. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 0.39 |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Still Birth Rate per 1,000 Total Births

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| England and Wales | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 17.2 |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

DEATHS

| Males | Females | Total |
|-------|---------|-------|
| 1402 | 1330 | 2732 |

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|-------|
| Death Rate per 1,000 Home Population | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12.24 |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|-------|

Death Rate corrected for comparison with

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| other areas | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 13.71 |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|-------|

| | | | |
|--|----|----|------|
| Comparability Factor supplied by Registrar General | .. | .. | 1.12 |
|--|----|----|------|

Death Rate per 1,000 Home Population

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| England and Wales | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12.2 |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Corresponding Rate for the Borough of Lambeth for the

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| year 1962 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 11.1 |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Death Rate per 1,000 Home Population

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| County of London | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12.4 |
|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

MATERNAL MORTALITY

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| Number of Women dying in consequence of childbirth | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3 |
| Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 Total Births | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 0.53 |
| Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 Total Births | | | | | | | | |
| County of London | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 0.52 |

INFANTILE MORTALITY

Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age

| | Legitimate | Illegitimate | Totals |
|---------|------------|--------------|------------|
| Males | 63 | 14 | 77 |
| Females | 47 | 17 | 64 |
| Totals | <u>110</u> | <u>31</u> | <u>141</u> |

Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age per

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 1,000 live births | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25.27 |
|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|

Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| per 1,000 live births County of London | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 21.4 |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age per

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| 1,000 live births, England and Wales | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20.9 |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| Legitimate Infantile Mortality rate | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 23.9 |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|
| Illegitimate Infantile Mortality rate | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 31.6 |
|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|

Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age

| | Legitimate | Illegitimate | Totals |
|---------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Males | 32 | 7 | 39 |
| Females | 28 | 15 | 43 |
| Totals | <u>60</u> | <u>22</u> | <u>82</u> |

Neo-natal Mortality Rate

(Deaths under four weeks per 1,000 live births) 14.7

Neo-natal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births

County of London 14.2

Neo-natal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births

England and Wales 14.2

Deaths of Infants under 1 week of age

| | Legitimate | Illegitimate | Totals |
|---------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Males | 30 | 6 | 36 |
| Females | 25 | 14 | 39 |
| Totals | <u>55</u> | <u>20</u> | <u>75</u> |

Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate

(Deaths under one week per 1,000 live births) 13.4

Perinatal Mortality Rate

(Stillbirths and deaths under one week combined per 1,000

total live and still births) 28.7

Perinatal Mortality Rate England and Wales 29.3

BOROUGH OF LAMBETH
SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE TEN YEAR PERIOD
1954 - 1963

| Year | Population | Deaths | *Death Rate | Live Births | *Live Birth Rate | Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age | Infantile Mortality Rate | Maternal Deaths | Maternal Mortality Rate |
|------|------------|--------|-------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 1954 | 226,200 | 2,298 | 10.26 | 3,684 | 14.33 | 86 | 23.34 | 6 | 1.59 |
| 1955 | 224,200 | 2,385 | 10.74 | 3,597 | 14.12 | 74 | 20.57 | 4 | 1.08 |
| 1956 | 223,900 | 2,389 | 11.10 | 3,915 | 15.74 | 83 | 21.20 | 1 | .25 |
| 1957 | 224,300 | 2,359 | 10.83 | 4,205 | 16.82 | 98 | 23.90 | NIL | NIL |
| 1958 | 223,600 | 2,529 | 11.65 | 4,444 | 17.12 | 111 | 24.98 | 1 | .22 |
| 1959 | 223,300 | 2,483 | 11.38 | 4,685 | 19.09 | 116 | 24.76 | 1 | .21 |
| 1960 | 224,080 | 2,388 | 10.86 | 4,802 | 19.55 | 101 | 21.0 | 2 | .41 |
| 1961 | 221,960 | 2,585 | 11.65 | 4,847 | 19.87 | 109 | 22.41 | 3 | .61 |
| 1962 | 223,370 | 2,479 | 11.10 | 5,329 | 21.94 | 102 | 19.15 | 5 | .92 |
| 1963 | 223,120 | 2,732 | 13.71 | 5,580 | 22.01 | 141 | 25.27 | 3 | .53 |

* As adjusted by Comparability Factor

BOROUGH OF LAMBETH

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1963

| CAUSE OF DEATH | Sex | Total All ages | Under 4 weeks | 4 weeks and under 1 year | AGE IN YEARS | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| | | | | | 1- | 5- | 15- | 25- | 35- | 45- | 55- | 65- | 75 and over |
| 1. Tuberculosis, Respiratory | M | 12 | | | | | | | | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
| | F | 6 | | | | | | | | 2 | 2 | - | 2 |
| 2. Tuberculosis, Other | M | 4 | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | F | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Syphilitic Disease | M | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| | F | 6 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 3 | 2 |
| 5. Whooping Cough | M | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | F | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Meningococcal Infections | M | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | F | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases | M | 3 | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 |
| | F | 4 | | | | | | | 1 | | | 3 | |
| 10. Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach | M | 26 | | | | | | | 2 | 2 | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | F | 28 | | | | | | | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 13 |
| 11. Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus | M | 138 | | | | | | 2 | 3 | 13 | 53 | 50 | 17 |
| | F | 36 | | | | | | | 1 | 3 | 10 | 13 | 9 |
| 12. Malignant Neoplasm, Breast | M | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | F | 46 | | | | | | | 2 | 7 | 8 | 15 | 14 |
| 13. Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus | F | 19 | | | | | | | | 5 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms | M | 121 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 3 | 12 | 29 | 38 | 35 |
| | F | 120 | | | | | | 2 | 6 | 11 | 22 | 42 | 37 |

| CAUSE OF DEATH | Sex | Total All ages | Under 4 weeks | 4 weeks and under 1 year | AGE IN YEARS | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----|-----|--------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------------|
| | | | | | 1- | 5- | 15- | 25- | 35- | 45- | 55- | 65- | 75 and over |
| 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia | M F | 6 6 | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 2 1 | 1 2 |
| 16. Diabetes | M F | 2 8 | | | | | | | | | 1 2 | 1 3 | 3 |
| 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System | M F | 98 163 | | | | | 1 | 1 1 | 5 | 2 7 | 15 17 | 32 49 | 42 89 |
| 18. Coronary Disease, Angina | M F | 277 208 | | | | | | 1 | 9 | 29 5 | 78 19 | 87 69 | 74 114 |
| 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease | M F | 10 23 | | | | | | | | | 2 2 | 5 4 | 3 17 |
| 20. Other Heart Disease | M F | 106 152 | | | | | | 3 | 1 6 | 8 3 | 15 8 | 28 27 | 51 108 |
| 21. Other Circulatory Disease | M F | 64 64 | | 2 | | | | 2 | 2 1 | 5 7 | 14 8 | 18 14 | 21 34 |
| 22. Influenza | M F | 5 10 | | | | | | | 2 | 1 | 2 2 | 2 3 | 1 2 |
| 23. Pneumonia | M F | 111 133 | 1 4 | 12 6 | 4 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 2 | 3 1 | 10 6 | 25 21 | 54 91 |
| 24. Bronchitis | M F | 177 69 | | 5 3 | | | | | 1 1 | 8 5 | 46 7 | 57 13 | 60 40 |
| 25. Other Diseases of Respiratory System | M F | 13 12 | | | | | | | 2 2 | 1 | 2 2 | 5 1 | 3 7 |
| 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum | M F | 10 10 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 6 1 | 2 2 | 1 6 |

18

| CAUSE OF DEATH | Sex | Total All ages | Under 4 weeks | 4 weeks and under 1 year | AGE IN YEARS | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|----------------|
| | | | | | 1- | 5- | 15- | 25- | 35- | 45- | 55- | 65- | 75 and over |
| 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea | M F | 7 9 | | 2 4 | 1 | | 1 | | | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 2 |
| 28. Nephritis and Nephrosis | M F | 6 3 | | | | | | 1 1 | 1 | 1 2 | 2 | 1 | |
| 29. Hyperplasia of Prostate | M | 10 | | | | | | | | | | 6 | 4 |
| 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion | F | 3 | | | | | | 2 | 1 | | | | |
| 31. Congenital Malformations | M F | 18 17 | 6 8 | 6 4 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | | 1 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 32. Other defined and ill-defined Diseases | M F | 96 118 | 31 31 | 9 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 2 | 1 1 | 10 7 | 13 14 | 13 25 | 16 36 |
| 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents | M F | 22 10 | | | | | 8 | 1 | 3 | 2 1 | 2 3 | 5 6 | 1 |
| 34. All other accidents | M F | 27 23 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 1 | 2 1 | 3 | 7 | 1 3 | 6 1 | 5 15 |
| 35. Suicide | M F | 28 21 | | | | | 1 1 | 4 5 | 5 2 | 8 5 | 7 3 | 1 2 | 2 3 |
| 36. Homicide and Operations of War | M F | 1 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| TOTAL ALL CAUSES | M F | 1,402 1,330 | 39 43 | 38 21 | 5 5 | 5 2 | 14 4 | 19 16 | 44 31 | 122 76 | 318 147 | 394 331 | 404 654 |
| GRAND TOTAL | | 2,732 | 82 | 59 | 10 | 7 | 18 | 35 | 75 | 198 | 465 | 725 | 1,058 |

19

VITAL STATISTICS

POPULATION

According to the Registrar-General's estimate for mid-year 1963 the population of the Borough of Lambeth has again declined.

The estimated home population of the Borough was 223,120 compared with 223,763 in 1962, a reduction of 634.

As the number of live births exceeded the number of deaths by 2,848 giving a natural increase in population a movement of residents out of the Borough would appear to be indicated.

BIRTHS

The number of live births increased by 251. This coupled with the reduction in the estimated home population gives an increased corrected birth rate of 22.01 compared with 21.94 in 1962. The crude birth rate was 25.01 per 1,000 home population compared with 23.85 last year. This increase however is not reflected in the corrected rate due to the fact that the comparability figure supplied by the Registrar-General is less than that for the year 1962 and the crude rate has to be multiplied by this figure to obtain the corrected rate.

The rate, however, is higher than either that for the County of London or England and Wales.

Illegitimate births again increased, 979 occurring compared with 921 in 1962.

STILL BIRTHS

The Still Birth Rate at 15.5 per 1,000 total births is less than that for England and Wales which is 17.2.

DEATHS

The total number of deaths was 2,732, 1,402 males and 1,330 females. This was an increase of 253 on the number occurring in 1962 and gives a corrected death rate of 13.71 compared with 11.1 last year.

The rate is higher than those for England and Wales and the County of London which are 12.2 and 12.4 per 1,000 home population respectively.

Male deaths exceeded female by 72.

Heart and Associated diseases accounted for the largest number of deaths.

Deaths from all forms of malignant neoplasms increased, 535 occurring compared with 473 in 1962.

Fatalities from respiratory tuberculosis were not as high as in 1962, 18 deaths occurring compared with 22. Deaths from other forms of the disease increased, however, from 2 in 1962 to 4 in 1963.

Five more deaths occurred as a result of motor vehicle accidents compared with 1962, three more people died as a result of other accidents and six more committed suicide.

INFANTILE MORTALITY

The number of infants who died in the first year of life was 141. This is 39 more than in 1962 and gives an infantile mortality rate of 25.27 per 1,000 live births compared with 19.15 last year which was one of the lowest on record.

The rate compares unfavourably with that for the County of London which is 21.4 and England and Wales which at 20.9 was the lowest ever recorded in the Country.

Eighty two children died under the age of four weeks giving a neo-natal mortality rate of 14.7 compared with 13.3 in 1962.

The early neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 live births) was 13.4 also an increase on last year's figure.

According to the information supplied by the Registrar-General the deaths fell into the undermentioned categories.

| Cause of Death | Male | Female | Total |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Whooping Cough | - | 1 | 1 |
| Meningococcal Infection | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms | 1 | - | 1 |
| Circulatory Disease | 2 | - | 2 |
| Pneumonia | 13 | 10 | 23 |
| Bronchitis | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Congenital Malformations | 12 | 12 | 24 |
| Other defined and ill defined diseases | 40 | 32 | 72 |
| Accidents | - | 1 | 1 |
| Homicide | 1 | - | 1 |
| TOTAL | 77 | 64 | 141 |

MATERNAL MORTALITY

Three women died as a result of childbirth compared with 5 in 1962, giving a maternal mortality rate of 0.53 per 1,000 total births.

DEATHS FROM CANCER OF THE LUNG AND BRONCHUS

The number of deaths from this cause increased to 174. This is the highest number since figures first became available in 1950.

The deaths were split amongst the various age groups as follows.

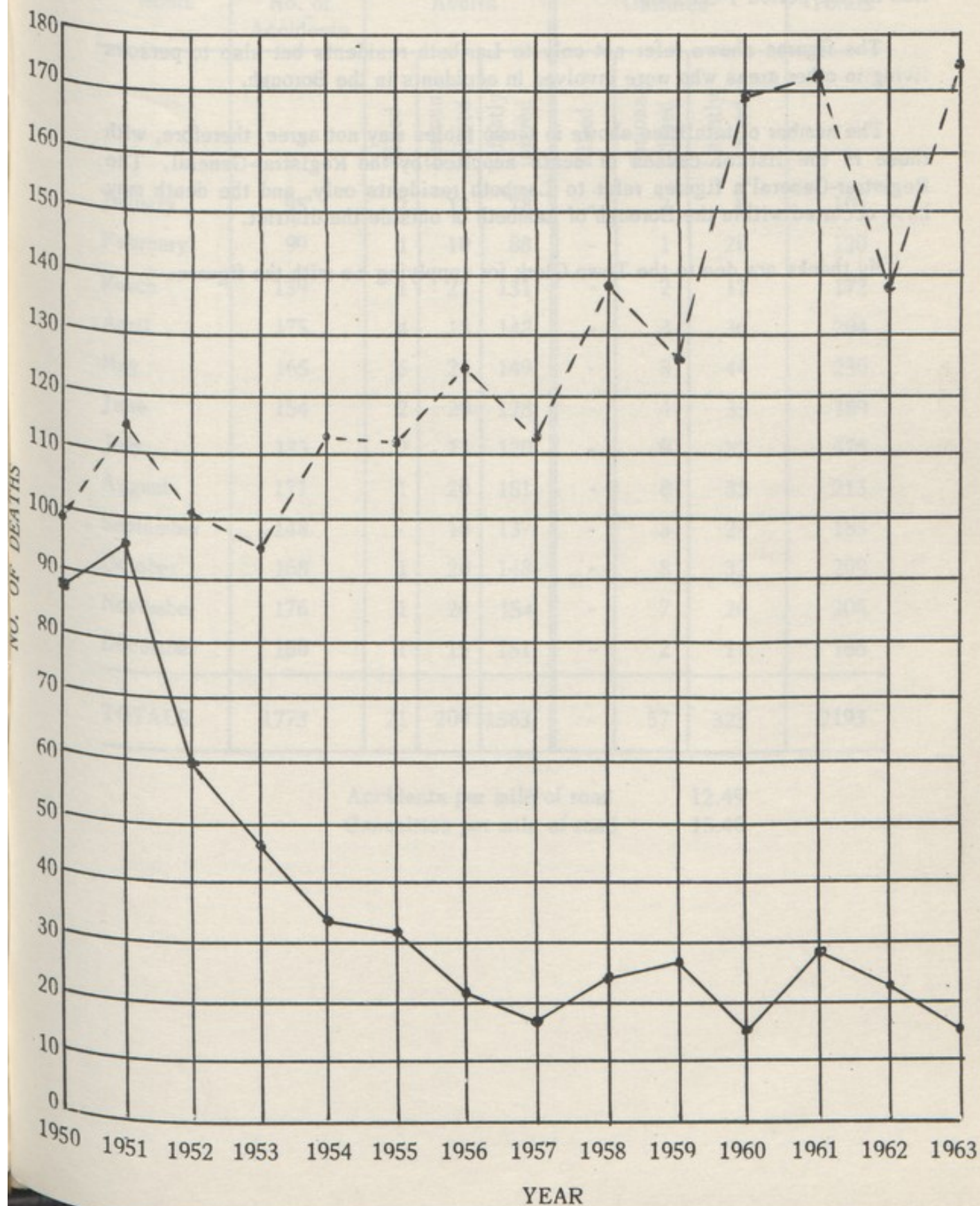
The figures in brackets are those for the year 1962.

| | Males | | Females | | Totals | |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 25-44 years | 5 | (3) | 1 | (-) | 6 | (3) |
| 45-64 years | 66 | (55) | 13 | (14) | 79 | (69) |
| 65-74 years | 50 | (37) | 13 | (11) | 63 | (48) |
| 75 years and over | 17 | (16) | 9 | (2) | 26 | (18) |
| | <u>138</u> | <u>(111)</u> | <u>36</u> | <u>(27)</u> | <u>174</u> | <u>(138)</u> |

During the last 14 years 1,800 people have died from cancer of the lung whilst over the same period 528 deaths have occurred from respiratory tuberculosis.

COMPARISON OF DEATHS FROM RESPIRATORY TUBERCULOSIS AND CANCER OF LUNG AND BRONCHUS

Cancer of Lung and Bronchus - - - - - Respiratory Tuberculosis —————



ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

The following tables show the road traffic accidents occurring within the Borough of Lambeth during the year 1963 and the comparative figures and casualties for the period 1955-1963.

The figures shown refer not only to Lambeth residents but also to persons living in other areas who were involved in accidents in the Borough.

The number of fatalities shown in these tables may not agree, therefore, with those in the list of causes of death supplied by the Registrar-General. The Registrar-General's figures refer to Lambeth residents only, and the death may have occurred within the Borough of Lambeth or outside the district.

My thanks are due to the Town Clerk for supplying me with the figures.



ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS 1963
WITHIN THE BOROUGH OF LAMBETH

| Month | No. of Accidents | Casualties | | | | | | Totals |
|-----------|---------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | Adults | | | Children | | | |
| | | Killed | Seriously injured | Slightly injured | Killed | Seriously injured | Slightly injured | |
| January | 95 | 2 | 13 | 78 | - | 2 | 8 | 103 |
| February | 99 | 1 | 10 | 88 | - | 1 | 20 | 120 |
| March | 139 | 1 | 21 | 131 | - | 2 | 17 | 172 |
| April | 175 | 4 | 13 | 148 | - | 3 | 36 | 204 |
| May | 165 | 5 | 24 | 149 | - | 8 | 44 | 230 |
| June | 154 | 2 | 20 | 128 | - | 4 | 35 | 189 |
| July | 133 | 2 | 13 | 120 | - | 9 | 32 | 176 |
| August | 171 | 1 | 20 | 151 | - | 8 | 33 | 213 |
| September | 148 | - | 16 | 137 | - | 3 | 29 | 185 |
| October | 168 | 1 | 20 | 148 | - | 8 | 32 | 209 |
| November | 176 | 1 | 24 | 154 | - | 7 | 20 | 206 |
| December | 150 | 1 | 15 | 151 | - | 2 | 17 | 186 |
| TOTALS | 1773 | 21 | 209 | 1583 | - | 57 | 323 | 2193 |

Accidents per mile of road 12.49
 Casualties per mile of road 15.40

BOROUGH OF LAMBETH

COMPARATIVE FIGURES OF ACCIDENTS

AND CASUALTIES FOR THE PERIOD 1955 - 1963

| | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Number of accidents involving personal injury | 1,246 | 1,272 | 1,212 | 1,505 | 1,739 | 1,890 | 1,819 | 1,782 | 1,773 |
| Casualties per mile of road | 8.80 | 8.98 | 8.56 | 12.6 | 14.6 | 16.2 | 16.2 | 15.02 | 15.40 |
| Casualty Figures | | | | | | | | | |
| Adults | | | | | | | | | |
| Killed | 14 | 12 | 12 | 17 | 21 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 21 |
| Seriously injured | 187 | 174 | 196 | 240 | 254 | 273 | 281 | 233 | 209 |
| Slightly injured | 1,002 | 1,067 | 1,052 | 1,293 | 1,535 | 1,668 | 1,550 | 1,511 | 1,583 |
| Totals | 1,203 | 1,253 | 1,260 | 1,550 | 1,810 | 1,959 | 1,850 | 1,772 | 1,813 |
| Children | | | | | | | | | |
| Killed | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Seriously injured | 35 | 29 | 24 | 45 | 44 | 59 | 58 | 49 | 57 |
| Slightly injured | 189 | 211 | 175 | 193 | 204 | 276 | 292 | 284 | 323 |
| Totals | 225 | 242 | 200 | 240 | 250 | 338 | 351 | 334 | 380 |
| Combined Adults and Children | | | | | | | | | |
| Totals | 1,428 | 1,495 | 1,460 | 1,790 | 2,060 | 2,297 | 2,201 | 2,106 | 2,193 |

SECTION B

**PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER
INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES**

The undermentioned diseases are compulsorily notifiable within the Borough of Lambeth.

Anthrax
 Cholera
 Diphtheria
 Dysentery
 Encephalitis, acute
 Enteric Fever
 Erysipelas
 Food Poisoning
 Malaria
 Measles
 Membranous Croup
 Meningococcal Infection
 Ophthalmia Neonatorum
 Paratyphoid Fever
 Plague
 Pneumonia, acute influenzal
 Pneumonia, acute primary
 Poliomyelitis, acute
 Puerperal Pyrexia
 Relapsing Fever
 Scabies
 Scarlet Fever
 Smallpox
 Tuberculosis, all forms
 Typhoid Fever
 Typhus Fever
 Whooping Cough

The following tables show the total number of corrected notifications, other than tuberculosis, received during the year.

NOTIFICATIONS (CORRECTED) EXCLUDING TUBERCULOSIS

| Disease | 1st Quarter | | 2nd Quarter | | 3rd Quarter | | 4th Quarter | | Totals | | Grand Total |
|---|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|----|--------|-------|-------------|
| | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | |
| Scarlet Fever | 10 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 13 | 37 | 39 | 76 |
| Whooping Cough | 4 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 35 | 35 | 22 | 40 | 70 | 94 | 164 |
| Acute Poliomyelitis | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-Paralytic | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Measles | 520 | 491 | 433 | 449 | 106 | 104 | 10 | 16 | 1,069 | 1,060 | 2,129 |
| Dysentery | 32 | 40 | 19 | 13 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 70 | 67 | 137 |
| Meningococcal Infection | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Pneumonia | 13 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 25 | 23 | 48 |
| Acute Encephalitis (Post Infectious) | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Typhoid Fever | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Erysipelas | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Food Poisoning | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 14 | 17 |
| Puerperal Pyrexia | - | 7 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 13 | 13 |
| Ophthalmia Neonatorum | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Scabies | 2 | 5 | 3 | - | 8 | 4 | - | 3 | 13 | 12 | 25 |
| TOTALS | 583 | 570 | 481 | 492 | 175 | 178 | 56 | 91 | 1,295 | 1,331 | 2,626 |

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE - AGE DISTRIBUTION

| Age Groups | Scarlet Fever | | Whooping Cough | | Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic | | Noh-Paralytic | | Measles | | Dysentery | | Meningococcal Infection | | Scabies | | Totals |
|-------------------|---------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------------------|---|---------------|---|---------|-------|-----------|----|-------------------------|---|---------|----|--------|
| | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | |
| Under 1 year | - | - | 14 | 16 | - | - | - | - | 50 | 47 | 4 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 133 |
| 1 year | 1 | 1 | 6 | 11 | - | - | - | - | 155 | 159 | 5 | 6 | - | - | - | - | 344 |
| 2 years | - | 2 | 8 | 10 | - | - | - | - | 156 | 164 | 8 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 352 |
| 3 years | 3 | 2 | 10 | 8 | - | - | - | - | 154 | 158 | 6 | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | 344 |
| 4 years | 5 | 1 | 6 | 11 | - | - | - | - | 144 | 128 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | 300 |
| 5-9 years | 20 | 20 | 20 | 34 | - | - | - | - | 383 | 377 | 13 | 16 | - | - | - | - | 883 |
| 10-14 years | 5 | 11 | 2 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 19 | 14 | 7 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 66 |
| 15-24 years | 3 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 52 |
| 25 years and over | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 | 18 | 23 | 1 | - | 6 | 6 | 62 |
| TOTALS | 37 | 39 | 70 | 94 | - | - | - | 1 | 1,069 | 1,060 | 70 | 67 | 3 | 1 | 13 | 12 | 2,536 |

| Age Groups | Pneumonia | | Acute Encephalitis Infective | | Post Infectious | | Typhoid Fever | | Erysipelas | | Food Poisoning | | Puerperal Pyrexia | | Ophthalmia Neonatorum | | Totals |
|-------------------|-----------|----|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|---------------|---|------------|---|----------------|----|-------------------|----|-----------------------|---|--------|
| | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | |
| Under 5 years | 4 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 18 |
| 5-14 years | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| 15-44 years | 11 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 11 | - | 13 | - | - | 46 |
| 45-64 years | 7 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 16 |
| 65 years and over | 1 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| TOTALS | 25 | 23 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 14 | - | 13 | 1 | 2 | 90 |

GRAND TOTAL 2,626

PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCIES

Number of cases of Infectious Disease notified in each Parliamentary Constituency of the Borough.

| Disease | Parliamentary Constituency | | | Total |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|-------|
| | Vauxhall | Brixton | Norwood | |
| Scarlet Fever | 34 | 19 | 23 | 76 |
| Whooping Cough | 49 | 64 | 51 | 164 |
| Acute Poliomyelitis | | | | |
| Non-Paralytic | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Measles | 719 | 794 | 616 | 2,129 |
| Dysentery | 67 | 22 | 48 | 137 |
| Meningococcal | | | | |
| Infection | 2 | 2 | - | 4 |
| Pneumonia | 5 | 19 | 24 | 48 |
| Acute Encephalitis | | | | |
| (Post Infectious) | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| Typhoid Fever | 1 | 2 | - | 3 |
| Erysipelas | - | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Food Poisoning | 3 | 12 | 2 | 17 |
| Puerperal Pyrexia | 8 | 4 | 1 | 13 |
| Ophthalmia Neonatorum | 3 | - | - | 3 |
| Scabies | 6 | 4 | 15 | 25 |
| TOTALS | 898 | 943 | 785 | 2,626 |

NOTIFICATIONS OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS

The number of corrected notifications received during the year increased from 1,001 in 1962 to 2,626 in 1963.

This was due almost entirely to an outbreak of measles, 2,129 cases being notified compared with 523 in 1962.

Other diseases to show an increase were Scarlet Fever, 76 compared with 65; Whooping Cough, 164 compared with 64; Pneumonia, 48 compared with 35; Food Poisoning, 17 compared with 15; Scabies 25 compared with 17 and Erysipelas 5 compared with 3. Other notifiable diseases decreased.

Poliomyelitis

As in 1962 one case only, an adult female, was notified. This case was of the non-paralytic type.

Food Poisoning

The seventeen cases of Food Poisoning were distributed throughout the year as follows :-

| | |
|----------------|-------|
| First Quarter | 1 |
| Second Quarter | 3 |
| Third Quarter | 5 |
| Fourth Quarter | 8 |
| | <hr/> |
| | 17 |
| | <hr/> |

Salmonella Typhimurium was identified in 10 cases. In the remaining 7 cases the causative agent was not identified.

A small outbreak of food poisoning due to Salmonella Typhimurium occurred amongst the nursing staff at a hospital in the Borough.

There were only seven cases although the number at risk could have been as many as 500. The vehicle was thought to be cottage pie but unfortunately none was available for examination by the time the outbreak occurred.

Salmonella Infections not Food - Borne

In addition to the notified cases of food poisoning already mentioned the following salmonella infections were brought to the notice of the Public Health Department.

| Salmonella Type | Number of Outbreaks | | No. of cases involved in outbreaks | No. of single cases | Total No. of cases |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | Family | Other | | | |
| Blockley | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Bovis Morbificans | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Derby | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Stanley | | 1 | 4 | | 4 |
| Tennessee | 1 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Typhi-Murium | | | | 2 | 2 |
| TOTAL | 1 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 11 |

Typhoid Fever

Three cases of typhoid fever were notified during the year. Of these, one definitely originated abroad and the other two were probably contracted outside the United Kingdom. No other associated cases were discovered either in the Borough or in known contacts elsewhere in the Country.

The first case was a male aged 27 years who developed the disease on 29th June having spent a holiday in Majorca from 1st - 15th June with an organised holiday party.

The second case was diagnosed in a local hospital in a New Zealand teacher who had been living in Europe and was resident in another London Borough. She was taken ill on 10th June having come to England on 16th May and spent some time in the West Country before coming to London just before the onset of her illness. It is possible therefore that she may have contracted the disease in this Country but investigations along these lines yielded negative results. There was some anxiety concerning this incident as a close contact of this case was a cookery teacher in a large school in the Borough. She was immediately suspended from duty and no infection occurred either in this contact or the school.

The third case was in a female aged 27 years who was taken ill some 25 days after returning from a holiday in Spain and was admitted to hospital as a possible case of typhoid fever. Tests in hospital proved negative until some three weeks after her admission to hospital, when the organism was finally isolated. There was a possibility that the disease was contracted in this Country but investigations were again negative.

BOROUGH OF LAMBETH

IMMUNISATION - 1963

| Completed Cases | Welfare Centres and Nurseries | | General Practitioners | | Totals |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| | Under 5 years | 5 - 14 years | Under 5 years | 5 - 14 years | |
| Diphtheria Prophylaxis only | 12 | 76 | 2 | 5 | 95 |
| Combined Antigen - Diphtheria and Whooping Cough | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Triple Antigen - Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus | 3,716 | 30 | 836 | 29 | 4,611 |
| Diphtheria and Tetanus | 70 | 81 | - | 1 | 152 |
| Diphtheria - boosting doses - all ages | 4,057 | | 807 | | 4,864 |
| Whooping Cough only all ages (completed cases) | - | | - | | - |

Diphtheria immunisation is the responsibility of the London County Council, but may also be carried out by general practitioners and I am indebted to Dr. W. H. S. Wallace, Divisional Medical Officer of Division 8 for supplying me with the above figures.

INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATES OF VACCINATION

International Certificates of vaccination for persons travelling to certain countries abroad are required in respect of Smallpox, Yellow Fever and Cholera.

Vaccination against any disease other than yellow fever can be done by a person's own doctor, or exceptionally (by arrangement) at a hospital. So long as vaccination is done under the National Health Service, whether by a person's own doctor or at a hospital, no charge may be made for it, but in either case the doctor may charge for issuing an International Certificate.

Yellow fever vaccination must, for international and technical reasons, be done only at a Centre designated by the Government, in London the Hospital for Tropical Diseases, 4, St. Pancras Way, N.W.1., Medical Department, Unilever House, Blackfriars, E.C.4., and West London Designated Vaccinating Centre, 53, Great Cumberland Place, W.1.

An International Certificate of vaccination against yellow fever will be supplied, after vaccination, at the Centre at which the vaccination is done.

The International Certificates for smallpox and cholera (for completion by the person's own doctor) must be obtained by the traveller himself and taken to the doctor, it is NOT for the Doctor, or a Local Authority, or their Medical Officer of Health, to supply them. The forms can usually be obtained by the traveller from the Company arranging his transport, or he can get them from the Ministry of Health, Alexander Fleming House, Elephant and Castle, S.E.1.

After completion by the vaccinator, certificates must be franked with an approved stamp.

Approved stamps have been prescribed for the United Kingdom. If the vaccinator is not himself an authorised user of a stamp, the person vaccinated must take or send the certificate for stamping to a local Authority.

In England and Wales this is the Town Hall, Urban District Council or Rural District in whose area the vaccinator practices. It should be noted that this is not necessarily the area in which the person vaccinated lives.

During the year 3,535 International Certificates of Vaccination were stamped by the Public Health Department.

TUBERCULOSIS

Notification

The following table shows the number of cases of tuberculosis notified for the first time during the year 1963 excluding transfers into the district and cases brought to notice other than by formal notification.

| Age Group | Respiratory | | Non-respiratory | | Total all Forms |
|-------------------|-------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| | Male | Female | Male | Female | |
| Under 5 years | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 4 |
| 5 - 14 years | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| 15 - 24 years | 11 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 19 |
| 25 - 44 years | 16 | 14 | 4 | 3 | 37 |
| 45 - 65 years | 23 | 5 | 3 | - | 31 |
| 65 years and over | 11 | 2 | - | 1 | 14 |
| TOTAL | 64 | 28 | 9 | 6 | 107 |

These primary notifications were distributed amongst the Parliamentary Constituencies as follows :-

| | |
|----------|----|
| Norwood | 34 |
| Brixton | 44 |
| Vauxhall | 29 |

The number of cases of tuberculosis remaining on the Register at the end of the year is as follows :-

| | Respiratory | Non-respiratory | Total |
|----------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| Men | 1,766 | 70 | 1,836 |
| Women | 1,373 | 80 | 1,453 |
| Children | 133 | 47 | 180 |
| TOTAL | 3,272 | 197 | 3,469 |

HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES

| Parliamentary Constituency | Respiratory | | | | Non-respiratory | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----|------------|----|-----------------|---|------------|---|
| | Admitted | | Discharged | | Admitted | | Discharged | |
| | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| Vauxhall | 25 | 5 | 10 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Brixton | 15 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - |
| Norwood | 7 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | - |
| TOTAL | 47 | 17 | 28 | 13 | 5 | 5 | 3 | - |

According to the figures supplied by the Registrar General, the following deaths from tuberculosis occurred during the year.

| Tuberculosis of Respiratory system | | | Other forms of Tuberculosis | | | All forms of Tuberculosis | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|------------------------------|--------|-------|
| Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
| 12 | 6 | 18 | 4 | - | 4 | 16 | 6 | 22 |

The following table shows the primary notification of tuberculosis for the ten year period 1954 - 1963.

| Year | Respiratory | Non-respiratory | Totals | Rate per 1,000 population |
|------|-------------|-----------------|--------|------------------------------|
| 1954 | 352 | 17 | 369 | 1.63 |
| 1955 | 232 | 21 | 253 | 1.13 |
| 1956 | 180 | 18 | 198 | 0.88 |
| 1957 | 199 | 10 | 209 | 0.93 |
| 1958 | 189 | 21 | 210 | 0.94 |
| 1959 | 155 | 15 | 170 | 0.76 |
| 1960 | 137 | 9 | 146 | 0.65 |
| 1961 | 126 | 18 | 144 | 0.65 |
| 1962 | 122 | 10 | 132 | 0.59 |
| 1963 | 92 | 15 | 107 | 0.48 |

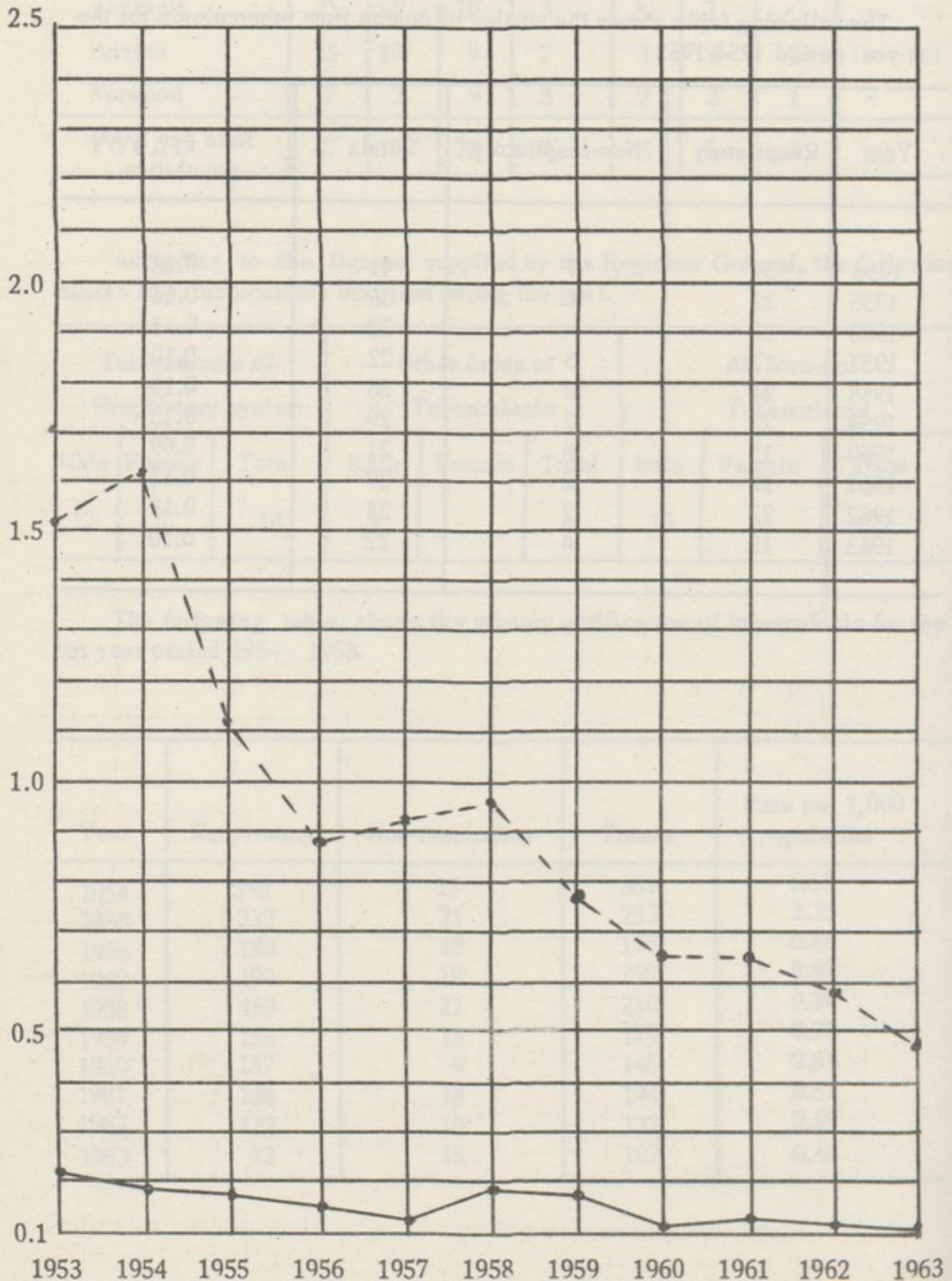
The following table shows the number of deaths from tuberculosis for the ten year period 1954-1963.

| Year | Respiratory | Non-respiratory | Totals | Rate per 1,000 population |
|------|-------------|-----------------|--------|---------------------------|
| 1954 | 34 | 7 | 41 | 0.18 |
| 1955 | 32 | 4 | 36 | 0.16 |
| 1956 | 22 | - | 22 | 0.11 |
| 1957 | 17 | 5 | 22 | 0.10 |
| 1958 | 24 | 2 | 26 | 0.13 |
| 1959 | 27 | 2 | 29 | 0.13 |
| 1960 | 15 | 6 | 21 | 0.09 |
| 1961 | 27 | 2 | 29 | 0.13 |
| 1962 | 22 | 2 | 24 | 0.11 |
| 1963 | 18 | 4 | 22 | 0.10 |

DEATH RATE FROM ALL FORMS
OF TUBERCULOSIS PER 1,000 POPULATION
AND NOTIFICATION RATE PER
1,000 POPULATION

Deaths
Notifications

Ten Year Period
1954 - 1963



I am indebted to Dr. Price, Consultant Chest Physician at St. Francis Hospital, for the following report on the work of the Chest Clinic during the year.

REPORT ON CHEST CLINIC WORK 1963

Table 1 is an extract of the Annual return of Chest Clinic work as now prepared for the Ministry of Health. It includes observation cases of tuberculosis not formally notified under the Tuberculosis Regulations. These are cases of cured disease or of very doubtful activity where a period of observation is a necessary precaution against possible breakdown or infectivity.

TABLE 1

1. Number of cases of tuberculosis (whether notified or not) on the register as being under treatment or supervision at 31st December.

| RESPIRATORY | | | | NON-RESPIRATORY | | | |
|-------------|-------|----------|-------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|
| Men | Women | Children | Total | Men | Women | Children | Total |
| 793 | 574 | 44 | 1,411 | 20 | 22 | 3 | 45 |

2. Number of cases (whether notified or not) added to the register during the year ended 31st December who have radiological evidence of respiratory tuberculosis.

| NOT BACTERIOLOGICALLY CONFIRMED | | | | | BACTERIOLOGICALLY CONFIRMED | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|----------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | Men | Women | Children | Total | Men | Women | Children | Total |
| Group I | 28 | 14 | - | 42 | 4 | 3 | - | 7 |
| Group II | 34 | 10 | - | 44 | 5 | 4 | - | 9 |
| Group III | 14 | 9 | 1 | 24 | 3 | 2 | - | 5 |
| Totals | 76 | 33 | 1 | 110 | 12 | 9 | - | 21 |

3. Number of cases of non-respiratory tuberculosis (whether notified or not) added to Clinic Register.

| Men | Women | Children | Total |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 5 |

4. Number of cases included in 1. whose broncho-pulmonary secretion was positive during the year 7

Whilst this Table now gives a more accurate picture of Chest Clinic work it may give a false impression of the incidence of new cases of tuberculosis as compared with previous years.

Table 1A following shows the number of cases first diagnosed as suffering from respiratory tuberculosis during 1963 and notified under the Tuberculosis Regulations.

TABLE 1A

| | Respiratory Tuberculosis | | | | Non-Respiratory Tuberculosis | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| | Men | Women | Child- ren | Total | Men | Women | Child- ren | Total |
| Number of Cases diagnosed during the year 1963 | 30 | 15 | 1 | 46 | 2 | 1 | - | 3 |
| Deaths | 13 | 4 | - | 17 | - | - | - | - |

Deaths

Out of a total of 17 deaths, 13 male and 4 female, 12 were directly due to tuberculosis, 10 of these male 2 female. They were all pulmonary cases and all were over 60 years of age, half of them were more than 70 years old. 4 were residents of the Hostel for Tuberculous Men. Of the female deaths 1 was aged 77 years and had been ill at home, neglected for sometime and was without early medical attention. The other was a patient with long standing disease, aged 65 years who had consistently declined or neglected her treatment. Of the Hostel deaths 2 occurred in patients with resistant organisms following as a result of inadequate co-operation in chemotherapy. Male deaths again reflected neglect of aged sufferers and 4 old men, 3 of whom were over 70 years old who had been ill for quite a long time were referred for advice and treatment when the disease was far too advanced for effective treatment. To a slight extent the death rate in the borough is inflated by deaths among residents at the Tuberculosis Hostel which receives patients from the Greater London area.

Respiratory Tuberculosis

The decrease in incidence continued during the year and the lowest number ever, 46 were added to the Tuberculosis Register. The majority of these cases were at an early stage of the disease fully amenable to treatment. The decrease in the number of new cases occurred almost entirely among women and children 15 females and 1 child only being diagnosed during the year.

Non-Respiratory Tuberculosis

No case of bovine infection was recorded. 3 adult cases only were diagnosed traceable to an initial primary lung infection.

Tuberculosis Incidence

TABLE 2

| Year | Total on register | New cases diagnosed | Deaths |
|------|-------------------|---------------------|--------|
| 1951 | 1,541 | 266 | 62 |
| 1952 | 1,512 | 152 | 38 |
| 1953 | 1,434 | 115 | 39 |
| 1954 | 1,395 | 159 | 20 |
| 1955 | 1,281 | 86 | 12 |
| 1956 | 1,242 | 80 | 21 |
| 1957 | 1,252 | 128 | 7 |
| 1958 | 1,214 | 118 | 7 |
| 1959 | 1,240 | 86 | 8 |
| 1960 | 1,239 | 89 | 12 |
| 1961 | 1,159 | 77 | 23 |
| 1962 | 1,144 | 60 | 18 |
| 1963 | * 1,411 | 46 | 17 |

* includes observation

Table 2 compares Chest Clinic figures since 1951 and demonstrates the continued fall in incidence and death rate. No significant racial preponderance was suggested in the incidence pattern but it is worthy of record that out of 64 new cases, 7 were of direct Eirean descent. It is to be noted that the total number of cases on the Register has apparently increased following the Ministry instruction to include observation cases in the total for statistical purposes.

Treatment

Chemotherapy is now an established form of treatment for tuberculosis and is successful in the majority of cases. Initial treatment is given in hospital and a ward for male cases is available in Dulwich Hospital. Female patients may be admitted to Grove Park Hospital or the Lenham Chest Hospital. Subsequently long term chemotherapy is given as out-patients attending the Chest Clinic for a period up to 2 years. An average of 90 such patients were under treatment during the year.

B.C.G. Vaccination

This procedure is now reserved at Chest Clinics for contacts at special risk, for new born contacts and for hospital staff. 240 such vaccinations were performed during the year.

Health Visiting

The London County Council continued to provide 2 full time Tuberculosis Health Visitors based on the Chest Clinic at St. Francis' Hospital to cover health visiting duties in the South Lambeth area. A total of 3,880 visits were made to patient's homes during the year.

Welfare

Close liaison was maintained with the National Insurance and National Assistance Officers who are now able to meet the needs of most patients. Where necessary, however, extra nourishment was provided by the London County Council on the Chest Physician's recommendation and 46 patients were supplied with milk butter and eggs during the year. In other neccesitous cases and in those with special needs help may be provided by the Chest Clinic Samaritan Fund supported by the Mayor of Lambeth under the Chairmanship of the Consultant Chest Physician. The day to day administration of the fund is the responsibility of the Chest Physician's Secretary who is also Secretary to the Samaritan Fund Committee and who was responsible for so assisting 150 patients during the year.

SECTION C

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Care of the Aged

The appointment of the additional Visitor approved by the Council in 1962 was made in March 1963.

The work continued to expand and the number of visits made by the two visitors increased by 317.

During the year 584 new cases were brought to the notice of the Public Health Department, an increase of 31 over the number of new cases for 1962.

The age groups into which these new cases were divided were as follows :-

| | Male | Female | Totals |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 60-69 years | 35 | 72 | 107 |
| 70-74 years | 32 | 67 | 99 |
| 75-79 years | 43 | 79 | 122 |
| 80-84 years | 35 | 108 | 143 |
| 85-89 years | 28 | 63 | 91 |
| 90-94 years | 8 | 11 | 19 |
| 95 years and over | - | 3 | 3 |
| | <u>181</u> | <u>403</u> | <u>584</u> |

The total number of visits made during the year was 3,817.

The number of old people persuaded to enter hospitals and institutions voluntarily was 245. It was not found necessary to use powers under the National Assistance Act 1948 or the National Assistance (Amendment) Act 1951. The fact that compulsory powers of removal were not used is due to the good work done by the two lady visitors and credit is due to them.

In addition a total of 540 persons received help in some form or another, and in 2 instances help was refused.

The number of cases on the register, including those from previous years is 2,563.

Laundry Service for Aged Incontinent

The arrangements made with Southwark Borough Council for carrying out this service continued during the year.

The total number of persons receiving benefit from the scheme during the year was 161 (146). The total visits made were 3,087 (2,758) and the total number of soiled articles collected and taken to Southwark Cleansing Station was 37,516 (28,412). The total weight of the laundry cleansed was 28,092 lbs (24,953 lbs). The figures given in brackets are those for the year 1962.

Home Bathing Service

An increasing number of aged persons are benefiting from this service and during the year 2,728 baths were given. This is an increase of 328 over the figure for 1962.

Old People's Holidays, 1963.

During four successive weeks in May and two weeks in September, 1963 parties of old folk were taken to Brighton by coach for a week's holiday under the Council's holiday scheme.

Some of these parties were seen off by His Worship The Mayor, the Mayoress and Chairman of the Public Health Committee.

Letters of appreciation received and verbal expressions of thanks on their return from holiday and at the reunion held in December confirm that the old folk had a very enjoyable holiday.

An extra coach outing for all parties was arranged by Rutland Tours Ltd., in addition to the outing and theatre trip officially arranged, and this, of course, added to the enjoyment of the old folk.

The tables set out below show the age groups, and parliamentary divisions of participants in the Spring and Autumn holidays.

OLD PEOPLE'S HOLIDAYS, 1963

SPRING

| | Males | | | | Females | | | | Totals | M/C * |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|-------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|
| | 65/70 | 71/75 | 76/80 | 81 & over | 60/70 | 71/75 | 76/80 | 81 & over | | |
| Vauxhall | 7 | 5 | 11 | 5 | 14 | 14 | 9 | 5 | 70 | 8 |
| Brixton | 9 | 10 | 2 | 3 | 21 | 14 | 18 | 7 | 84 | 12 |
| Norwood | 8 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 19 | 16 | 15 | 9 | 81 | 10 |
| Totals | 24 | 22 | 16 | 12 | 54 | 44 | 42 | 21 | 235 | 30 |

5 places cancelled too late to fill

AUTUMN

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|-----|----|
| Vauxhall | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 11 | 4 | 43 | 6 |
| Brixton | 8 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 59 | 11 |
| Norwood | 4 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 11 | 55 | 11 |
| Totals | 16 | 10 | 18 | 9 | 32 | 23 | 29 | 20 | 157 | 28 |

3 cancellations due to illness were made too late to replace

* Married couples included in totals.

I am indebted to the Chairman and Members of the Executive Committee of the Lambeth Old People's Welfare Association for allowing me to include the following report on the activities of the Association.

It should be noted that the Association's year ~~covers~~ the period from 1st April 1963 to 31st March 1964 and therefore does not co-incide strictly with the period covered by my Annual Report.

REPORT

During the year, many changes have taken place in the Association. First and foremost was the resignation of Miss Roith, who had been Secretary to the Association since 2nd January, 1961 and it was with regret that the Committee accepted the termination of her services on the 13th September, 1963. Miss Doris M. Beer, who had been Secretary to the Southwark Old People's Welfare Committee for six years was appointed in September and took up her duties on the 4th November.

The expansion of services which was the main concern of the new Executive Committee at its first meeting in July, 1962, has now taken place. The Deputy Organising Secretary who is a trained and experienced Social Worker, commenced her duties on the 1st April, 1963 and one of her tasks is the oversight of all the case work done in the Borough. There are now six Welfare Visitors, one of whom is a man. The Borough has been divided into five districts, and each of the women Welfare Visitors is responsible for a district. It was felt by the Association that one of the Visitors should be a man as there are many instances when a man's help is needed, and for this reason, he was not given a particular district but is called in on any occasion to all parts of the Borough.

General Welfare Work

Much constructive and re-habilitative work among the aged of the Borough has been made possible with the introduction of the six Welfare Visitors. 10,874 new contacts have been made with old people already known to the Association, and 1,886 new people became known and most of these presented a problem of some sort. Many were of temporary nature, and after a little help and understanding, the old people settled down again with just an occasional friendly visit to ensure that everything was alright, but in many other cases a lot of time and hard work has been needed to straighten out a difficult situation. Applications come from varied sources and all day long the telephone is ringing with calls for help.

Some of the requests for assistance relate to decorating and the Association is very grateful for the really practical help given in this direction by the members of the Lambeth and Camberwell group of the International Voluntary Service. On one occasion, the Croydon group of the I.V.S. also assisted with decorating. In all these cases, the old people concerned have very much appreciated, not only the help with the actual decorating, but the interest shown by the members of the I.V.S.

It is of the utmost importance that our Visitors should be well informed about all the services available to old people, and they have attended short courses arranged by the London Council of Social Service, in conjunction with the National Old People's Welfare Council.

Friendly Visiting

It is becoming more evident that, with the increase of visits made by our Welfare Visitors, there is a tremendous need for friendly visiting. Our Visitors' task is to try to meet any needs of the old people; to solve their problems, to help them to enjoy the closing years of their lives, and in many cases, to rehabilitate them and to bring them back into the Community from which, through age, disability, or loneliness, they have withdrawn. Quite often this means visiting daily for some time to support the old person in his or her time of need, but when the problem is solved the Visitor is no longer able to spend so much time, as there are many more waiting for this specialised attention. This is the time for the friendly visitor to take over. Sometimes we are asked to visit someone, and when the Visitor arrives, she finds the old person is just lonely. One old lady said "I want someone to come to tea" - she was not asking for help, she wanted to give. But she was very lonely because no one came to tea. We all know how we enjoy the friend who "pops" in whenever she has a minute to spare, especially if she brings all the interesting items of local news, and how much more does this apply to someone whose life has become restricted through age. If everyone who reads this report would "adopt" an old person, this would make a tremendous contribution towards solving the problem of loneliness in old age. The old person adopted may never meet the family, but through photographs, and interesting chatter about its various members would come to feel a part of it and would no longer be isolated and shut away.

Meals-on-Wheels

In the past year 886,636 meals were taken to people in their own homes by the Meals-on-Wheels service. 30,862 of these were delivered by the Women's Voluntary Service in the southern part of the Borough. The remaining 55,774 were supplied by the Association's six vans in the northern section. The largest number of people served on any one day 416.

Over the year L.O.P.W.A. has had a gradual rise in the demand for meals, but the startling increase experienced during the winter '62-'63 was not repeated. The milder weather could have meant less illness and enabled more old people to manage for themselves. In these circumstances it was not necessary to purchase a further vehicle during the year, so it was decided to exchange the oldest van for a new one. In such an essential service it is vital that transport is always available and vans must be kept in perfect running order.

The Association realises that the meals staff gives more than a meal to their customers. Sometimes they are almost the only contact with the outside world and their daily call is eagerly awaited. Often odd jobs are undertaken by the drivers and escorts in their own time, such as haircutting and needlework. Visits during the long Bank Holidays have been made by some of the staff, and

these have been much appreciated. It has always been regretted that so little time can be spared with each person but with an average of forty meals per van, it is not possible to stay longer than is necessary.

Thanks are due to all those who give so much to make the Meals-on-Wheels Service such a vital part of the Association's work.

Lunch Clubs

Prior to May, 1963 there were three centres in the Borough providing meals for the mobile elderly person at the same price as the person receiving Meals-on-Wheels. They were King George VI Memorial Club for the Infirm, St. Thomas' Senior Club at Northcote House, and the Gothic Restaurant.

It was felt that Lunch Clubs offered an opportunity, not only to provide a hot meal at a reasonable price, but they also gave pensioners the chance to make social contacts with others in similar circumstances, especially those who do not belong to Clubs.

The Association decided to experiment with this scheme and on May 13th 1963, Springfield Hall, Wandsworth Road was opened as the first centre for this purpose. Meals were cooked on the premises, and up to March 31st this year, 11,063 meals were consumed. In addition, 19,548 meals were provided for the Meals-on-Wheels service.

Chiropody

Since this service was first introduced by the Association in 1949 when one session was held and seven old people treated, there has been a gradual overall increase in the service available to the elderly. It is comforting to know that, during the year ended 31st March, 1964 the needs of 2,580 old people were met. In all, 31 sessions per week were held at five clinics, three at a private surgery, and eight in the domiciliary service. A total of 14,213 treatments were given.

There continues to be an ever increasing demand for chiropody treatment and, although the expansion forecast in the 1963 report has taken place, the waiting lists for both clinics and the domiciliary service continues to rise.

It has been necessary, therefore, to ask the London County Council for an increased grant to finance the additional expansion required. If approved a considerable improvement in the existing service should be achieved, and it should be possible to open two new clinics in areas not already covered by this vital service.

The Association would like to thank all the chiropodists who continue to give such valuable service in alleviating one of the main needs of the elderly and to thank all the receptionists who give their unfailing voluntary help to the chiropody service.

Boarding out Scheme

The objects of a boarding out scheme are :-

- (a) To discover elderly persons who are in need of other accommodation, who would like to live in someone else's household but are not able to arrange this for themselves.
- (b) To find householders or families willing to offer a home to an old person; and
- (c) To match up the elderly people requiring accommodation and the hostesses offering homes so that each will suit the other as far as can reasonably be foreseen.

This is a very real service, although by its very nature it will only serve a small proportion of old people in the Borough. It is limited by lack of accommodation and the suitability of the old people needing such accommodation. The success of this service can never be judged by numbers. All Organisations who have established a Boarding Out Scheme are agreed that it is important to begin in a small way and to build up the service gradually. It is work that needs infinite patience and care and the delicate matching up of elderly person and hostess cannot be hurried.

The Boarding Out Officer has been appointed and commenced her duties on the 6th January. Arrangements were made for her to spend some time with the Lewisham Old People's Welfare Committee, who already have this scheme in operation, working with and learning from the Boarding Out Officer. We would like to acknowledge here our appreciation of the help given. Although our scheme, has only been operating since the end of February, already we have been instrumental in helping two old people to find happiness in more pleasant surroundings.

Lambeth Centre for the Elderly

This purpose built unit was opened in June 1962 and caters for the needs of the elderly living in close proximity to the Centre. It is a two storey building with the workrooms on the ground floor. The top floor is used mainly as a rest or recreation centre and both services are in operation at the same time.

The ages of those attending range from 60 - 80 years. Of the present total of 69, nine are physically handicapped, three could be classified as mentally handicapped, and eight are rehabilitation cases. There is, however, a sufficient flow of work to cater for all sorts of handicap and enthusiasms, thus providing a constant source of interest for all.

A very successful Christmas celebration was held with everyone present, having an excellent Christmas dinner and tea and a food parcel. The Chairman presided at the dinner and declared a week's paid holiday to the delight of all present.

The Rest Room is very much appreciated by all those who use it. Some like to come to relax and read, others to play cards, some just to chat; there is always a welcome from the staff, and the things so dear to most people's hearts "a cup of tea". There are 70 on the register (60 women and 10 men) and an average attendance in the Rest Room of about 30.

The Centre does provide a worthwhile service within the community and there is ample evidence that it has been instrumental in giving a number of old people a new interest in life.

Clubs

There are now 29 clubs, some meeting two or three times a week, others only once, but all play a vital part in the welfare of the old people. Activities are varied, handicrafts, entertainments, cards, outings, parties, and club holidays are all features enjoyed. Some Clubs have their own visiting committee and many friendships are made through meeting at the Club.

During the year under review there was an increase in the number of applications received, and in all, 21 grants were made towards rent or its equivalent, purchase of equipment, and fees or expenses of entertainers at the clubs. The Entertainment Grant of up to £5. has helped Clubs to maintain an interest for their members, and it is hoped that no club has had to cut down on its activities owing to the lack of finance.

The Association would like to pay tribute to the Club Leaders for their untiring efforts in bringing happiness to so many lonely old people, and for their wholehearted support in all the work being done for the aged in the Borough.

The Inter-Club Competition and Exhibition of Work. This was held again in October and there were over 600 individual items of entry. The judging was carried out by Miss Cuthbertson, the Principal of the Stockwell and Waterloo Institute, together with her deputy, Mr. E.C. Thompson and Miss King. The cookery entries were judged by Mrs. Everard of the South Eastern Gas Board. The very considerable care taken by all the Judges was very much appreciated and thanks are due to the Mayor and Mayoress who attended and distributed the prizes. The Competition Shield was again won by the Springfield Club.

Christmas Concerts. Unfortunately, because of the weather, only a few old people attended the "Club Christmas Concert", but those who did so, enjoyed their afternoon's entertainment, and sincere thanks are due to Mr. Walker who compared the afternoon for us.

On the 19th December an *Evening Concert* was given by the Chatsworth Choir and the Monotype Works Band. As it was a bitterly cold evening, there were only about 50 old people present but the evening was very much enjoyed and we wish to thank both the choir, the band and the conductor, Mr. M. Mitchell.

Inter-Borough Talent Contest. Seven clubs were represented among the twelve entries for the Lambeth heats held in March. The judging was carried out by the Mayor, assisted by Miss May Barry and Mr. Tom Lewis. Mrs. Dimmock of St. Anne's Club at Vauxhall was the successful competitor and the Association again hired a coach to take a party of old people to the main competition at St. Pancras Town Hall. All those who had entered the Lambeth heat as competitors, accompanied Mrs. Dimmock and the remaining seats in the coach were offered to members of the St. Anne's Club.

King George VI Memorial Club (Camberwell and Lambeth)

During the year ending 31st March, 1964, the total number of attendances was 11,765. The number of members during the year was 456 (an increase of 28 on 1962/1963) and 134 came off the Register for various reasons. The actual number of members at 31st March, 1964 was 322, and there were 190 referrals during the year. 157 people started during the year, but 105 are still waiting to join, some of whom were on the 1962/1963 list. The youngest member is aged 63, and the oldest will be 102 on 3rd June.

63 members went away for holidays through schemes organised by the Borough Council, U.G.S. Settlement, Old People's Welfare Associations, London County Council etc.

Outings included invitations to Women's Institutes and "Over 60" Clubs in the Country, tours around the Hopfields, and a trip to the seaside for each of the five Club days. Christmas parties were enjoyed by all members on their respective Club days, and the Management Committee is grateful to their many friends for their generous donations which contribute to the success of these functions.

The Monday Club won the Handwork Competition and a sale of the many and various items was held.

The high standard of services provided i.e. bathing, chiropody, hairdressing, personal shopping, taking members to appointments at hospitals, dental surgeries and opticians, giving advice on many welfare problems etc., is being maintained.

Half-Day Summer outings

Once again, the Association arranged outings for older more infirm people not belonging to Clubs. There were three outings during the Summer, a total of 111 people participated and more than half of these were over eighty years of age. Two groups of ten people were entertained by the Kennington Toc H at a private house in Chessington, the Association's Kenebus being lent to them on both occasions. The three outings were made possible by the generosity of the Hedgerley (Bucks), Sidlow Bridge nr. Reigate (Surrey) and Iwade nr. Sitting-

bourne (Kent) Women's Institutes who provided tea and entertainment; and the Rotary Club of Brixton which paid for all three coaches. Again, every effort was made to offer these outings to people who lead restricted lives because of physical or mental infirmity and there is no doubt that they were greatly appreciated and of considerable value. The Association thanks the members of the Women's Institutes, the Rotary Club and Toc H, without whose co-operation and help this type of service would be impossible.

Holidays

400 old people went on the Holiday organised by the Lambeth Borough Council through its Scheme and 7 old people were sent away under the Infirm Holiday Scheme.

A total of 53 women saved with the Association for two weeks holiday with the Women's Holiday Fund and 12 also went away at Christmas

Good Neighbour and Sitter-in Service

This, like that of the Boarding Out Service has only just started. A part-time Day Care Officer was appointed in January. For a month her duties were primarily to understand the functions of the service and for this reason she spent some time with Mrs. Paynton who pioneered this scheme in St. Pancras. We would like to express our appreciation of the help given by Mrs. Paynton in this direction.

The functions of "Good Neighbours" vary considerably from case to case according to the type of infirmity, living conditions and other help available. In addition to seeing that the old people are safe, befriending them and ensuring that all is well, they shop, collect pensions, light and attend to fires, check gas, prepare a light meal, call a doctor or welfare worker, get prescriptions, help tidy or make beds, empty commodes, persuade the old people to wash, to change personal and household linens and arrange laundry. They give the old people the security of knowing that there will be one person constantly in and out on whom they can rely, and to whom they can confide their worries and who will be their main contact with the outside world. This security can have a tremendous effect upon morale.

The functions of "Sitters-In" are fairly clear cut. They relieve the strain on relatives simply by staying in the house with the aged and infirm person while the relatives go out, free from worry. They provide companionship, may prepare light meals and undertake simple tasks concerned with the comfort and welfare of the old person. Old people liable to fall may need support when going to the lavatory and so on.

Both "Sitters-In" and "Good Neighbours" appointed under the Day Care Service are paid. They are used only when there is no other adequate support, and when the regular and continued care necessary is beyond what anyone will or can be expected to undertake on a voluntary basis for any length of time.

The success of this service has already been proved by a number of old people living happily in their own homes who otherwise would have had to be admitted to a Welfare Home or into Hospital.

Acknowledgments

Throughout the year the work of the Association is furthered by the support of many organisations and individuals some of whom are mentioned in the Report and others in the list of donations. In addition acknowledgment and thanks must be given to the following :-

The Lambeth Borough Council whose outstanding generosity has made it possible for the Association to expand and extend its services; and the Medical Officer of Health and other Council staff who are always ready to give help and advice.

The members and officers of the various voluntary and statutory bodies represented on the Association whose co-operation ensures that the most effective use is made of the resources and goodwill available for the assistance of the elderly.

The undermentioned for their donations or co-operation in the distribution of gifts at Christmas time and practical help throughout the year.

The Worshipful the Mayor of Lambeth
 The Staff of the Central Office of Information
 Norwood Girls' School
 Anonymous donor of pre-packed Christmas Dinners
 Brixton Rotary Club
 Lambeth Endowed Charities
 Norwood and District Welfare Fund
 British Red Cross Society
 Women's Voluntary Service
 Vauxhall Young Socialists
 Kennington Toc H
 Norwood Toc H
 Telephone Girls, Westminster
 N.A.A.F.I. Kennings Way
 Kennington Boys' School
 Dulwich College
 Alleyns School
 Dick Sheppard School
 Times Furnishing Co.
 Staff of Marks and Spencer
 Lambeth Youth Council

The many people who remember the Association when they wish to dispose of unwanted clothes, beds, bedding, wheelchairs, home nursing equipment, etc.,

Office

The office of the Lambeth Old People's Welfare Association is situated in Room 1 at the Town Hall, Brixton Hill, S.W.2. (Telephone BRixton 7755, Extension 206).

The office hours are from 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday, to Fridays and 10 a.m. to 12 noon on Saturdays.

HOSPITALS

Lambeth is within the catchment area of two hospital groups, the Lambeth and Camberwell Groups. These in turn are administered by two different Regional Hospital Boards, the South West Metropolitan and South East Metropolitan respectively. The areas served by the two hospital groups extend beyond the Borough boundaries. The Lambeth group has premises outside the Borough whilst the Camberwell Group has none in it.

In addition to hospitals within the normal hospital framework of the National Health Service there are two teaching hospitals in the Borough, King's College Hospital and St. Thomas's Hospital each with its own board of Governors.

The following is a list of hospitals within the Borough :-

Lambeth Hospital Group (S.W. Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board)

Lambeth Hospital, Brook Drive, S.E.11.
South Western Hospital, Landor Road, S.W.9.
Annie McCall Maternity Hospital, Jeffreys Road, S.W.4.

King's College Hospital Group

King's College Hospital, Denmark Hill, S.E.5.
Belgrave Hospital for Children, Clapham Road, S.W.9.

St. Thomas's Hospital Group

Stl Thomas's Hospital, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1.
St. Thomas's Babies Hospital, Black Prince Road, S.E.11.
General Lying-in-Hospital, York Road, S.E.1.
Royal Waterloo Hospital, Waterloo Road, S.E.1.

PERSONAL HEALTH SERVICES

It is the duty of the Local Health Authority, in the case of the Borough of Lambeth, the London County Council, either to provide these services or arrange for their provision by some other organisation.

The County Council does in fact administer the maternity and child welfare services, the vaccination and immunisation, health visiting and domestic help services from the Divisional Health Offices, 2, Walworth Road, S.E.1.

Vaccination and immunisation is also done by general practitioners.

The midwifery, ambulance and mental health services are administered direct from the Public Health Department, County Hall, S.E.1. and home nursing is carried out on behalf of the County Council by voluntary organisations.

The voluntary nursing associations working in the Borough are as follows :-

Brixton District Nursing Association
Camberwell District Nursing Association
Norwood & District Nursing Association
Ranyard Nurses
Roman Catholic Nurses' Institute
South London District Nursing Association
Southwark, Newington and Walworth District
Nursing Associations

PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY SERVICE

The Public Health Laboratory Service provides a comprehensive service for the examination of specimens submitted by local authorities and general practitioners. The local Laboratory is situated at County Hall and is under the direction of Dr. A. J. H. Tomlinson.

SECTION D

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply

I am indebted to Dr. E. Windle Taylor, Director of Water Examination, Metropolitan Water Board, for the following report on the water supplied to the Borough.

The supply to the Borough of Lambeth has been satisfactory both for quantity and quality during 1963. The source of water supply is mainly River Thames derived water with a small admixture of water from Honor Oak well in the Summer months.

There were no new sources of supply instituted by the Board in the Borough during the year, but new trunk mains were laid in Lambeth to the extent of 1,462 yards. There were no changes in the general scheme of supply in the Borough but lengths of small service mains were laid to the extent of 673 yards. All new and repaired mains are chlorinated before being brought in or restored to service and samples of the water from them are tested bacteriologically to ensure that its quality is up to that normally supplied.

The number of samples taken during the year was as follows :-

| | Chemical Examination | Bacteriological Examination |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Honor Oak Well | 1 | 59 |
| Thames - derived South of River | 156 | 1,873 |
| | <u>157</u> | <u>1,932</u> |

The average results were as follows :-

Average Results of Chemical Examination

Milligrammes per litre (unless otherwise stated)

| Description of the Sample | No. of Samples | Ammoniacal Nitrogen | Albuminoid Nitrogen | Nitrate Nitrogen | Chlorides as Cl. | Oxygen abs. from KMnO_4 4 hrs. at 27 C. |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Honor Oak Well | 1 | 0.065 | 0.022 | - | 16 | Nil |
| Thames-derived South of River | 156 | 0.20 | 0.079 | 3.8 | 32 | 1.18 |

| Description of the Sample | Turbidity units | Colour (Burgess) scale | Hardness (total) | Hardness (non-carbonate) | pH value | Phosphate as PO_4 | Silicate as SiO_2 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Honor Oak Well | 2.4 | 10 | 292 | 28 | 7.3 | | |
| Thames-derived South of River | 0.3 | 10 | 266 | 66 | 7.8 | 1.3 | 11 |

| Description of the Sample | Sulphate as SO_4 | Magnesium as Mg | Natural Fluoride as F | Surface-active material as Manoxol OT | Sodium as Na | Potassium as K | Electrical Conductivity (micromhos) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Honor Oak Well | | | | | 11.0 | 3.2 | 510 |
| Thames-derived South of River | 62 | 5 | 0.25 | 0.08 | | | 550 |

Bacteriological Results-Yearly Averages, 1963

| Source of supply | BEFORE TREATMENT | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Number of samples | Agar plate count per ml. | | Coliform count | | Escherichia coli count | |
| | | 20-24 hours at 37 C. | 3 days at 22 C. | Per cent. samples negative in 100 ml. | Count per 100ml. | Per cent. samples negative in 100 ml. | Count per 100 ml. |
| Honor Oak Well | 57 | 0.4 | 20 | 98.25 | - | 100.0 | - |
| Thames-derived South of River | | | | | | | |

| Source of supply | AFTER TREATMENT | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Number of samples | Agar plate count per ml. | | Coliform count | E. coli count | |
| | | 20-24 hours at 37 C. | 3 days at 22 C. | Per cent. samples negative in 100 ml. | Per cent. samples negative in 100 ml. | |
| Honor Oak Well | 59 | 0.0 | 4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Thames-derived South of River | 1873 | 12.5 | - | 99.41 | 99.47 | |

Water from Wells

There are a number of wells in use, the majority of which however, supply water used only for industrial purposes. The water from two wells is used for drinking purposes, or for the preparation of food. Reports of the analyses of water from these wells are received regularly and have been satisfactory for the year under review.

Sewers

I am indebted to the Borough Engineer for supplying me with the following information with regard to sewers within the Borough.

A sum of £27,000 was provided in the estimates for the reconstruction of defective sewer in Greet Street, Speenham Road, Knatchbull Road, Miles Street and Baylis Road.

The local sewers which are nearly 150 miles in length are maintained by the Borough Council whilst the main sewers, into which the local sewers eventually discharge, are maintained by the London County Council.

The routine cleansing and flushing of the local sewer is carried out by the Council's direct labour force.

SUMMARY OF VISITS AND INSPECTIONS

BY INSPECTORIAL STAFF

Dwellinghouses

| | Visits | Re-visits |
|--|--------|-----------|
| In respect of nuisances | 1,743 | 4,046 |
| In respect of Certificates under the Rent Act, 1957 | 41 | 9 |
| In respect of Rehousing | 98 | 63 |
| In respect of Infectious Diseases | 200 | 6 |
| Other reasons | 476 | 136 |

Clean Air Act, 1956

| | | |
|--|--------|-------|
| Timed observations | 207 | - |
| Untimed observations | 516 | - |
| Other visits, private and industrial premises .. | 10,912 | 3,783 |

Factories Acts

| | | |
|--|-----|----|
| Factories with mechanical power | 276 | 33 |
| Factories without mechanical power | 139 | 11 |
| Outworkers | 205 | - |

Drainage

| | Visits | Re-visits |
|---|--------|-----------|
| New Buildings | 90 | 837 |
| Alteration to existing drainage, etc. | 2,208 | 2,483 |

Other Inspections

| | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Bakehouses | 52 | - |
| Butchers Shops | 553 | - |
| Restaurants | 191 | 5 |
| Fried Fish Shops | 20 | - |
| Ice Cream Premises | 93 | - |
| Milkshops | 189 | - |
| Public Houses | 25 | - |
| Other Food premises | 375 | 3 |
| Animals improperly kept | 1 | - |
| Personal uncleanness | - | - |
| Exhumations | 4 | - |
| Hairdressers and Barbers | 123 | 70 |
| Pet Animals Act, 1951 | 35 | 1 |
| Rodent Control | 1,389 | 400 |
| Unclassified | 856 | 287 |
| Caravans | 6 | 2 |
| | <u>21,023</u> | <u>12,175</u> |

COMPLAINTS

| | |
|---|-------|
| The number of complaints received, including rat and mouse infestations, was | 4,942 |
|---|-------|

DRAIN TESTING

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Number of Drains tested by District Inspectors | 1,503 |
| Number of Drains tested by Rodent Officer | <u>19</u> |
| | <u>1,522</u> |

DANGEROUS STRUCTURES

| | |
|--|----|
| Dangerous structures notified to London County Council.. .. . | 30 |
|--|----|

SUMMARY OF DEFECTS AND NUISANCES

FOUND AS A RESULT OF ROUTINE

INSPECTION AND INSPECTION FOLLOWING COMPLAINT

| | |
|--|-----|
| Dirty Premises | 10 |
| Verminous Premises | 6 |
| Defective Roofs | 637 |
| Defective rainwater pipes and gutters | 370 |
| Damp Premises | 430 |
| Defective drainage and sanitary fittings | 904 |
| Choked drainage | 428 |
| Lighting and ventilation | 28 |
| Defective water supplies | 198 |
| Dustbins etc. | 47 |
| General defects and dilapidations | 543 |

NOTICES SERVED

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Number of Intimation Notices Served | <u>1,629</u> |
| Number served under Public Health (London) Act, 1936 - | |

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Section 40 | 214 |
| Section 82 | 245 |
| Section 93 | 31 |
| Section 105 | 3 |
| Section 108/9 | 258 |

Under the London County Council (General Powers)
Act, 1955 -

| | |
|--------------------|-----|
| Section 27 | 164 |
|--------------------|-----|

Under the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949 -

Under the London County (General Powers) Act,
1956 - Section 63 Lambeth Borough Council Bye-laws 3

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Section 25(1) | 172 |
| Section 25(2) | 84 |
| Section 26 | 6 |

1,180

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

PUBLIC HEALTH (LONDON) ACT, 1936

In respect of 64 summonses returnable to the Lambeth Magistrates Court and Petty Sessional Court, 16 Abatement Orders were made, 20 cases were adjourned sine die and 15 were withdrawn, the nuisances being abated by the respective owners by the date of the hearing.

DWELLING HOUSES RENDERED FIT

| | |
|---|-------|
| Number of dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action | 707 |
| Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice | |
| (a) by landlords | 673 |
| (b) by Council in default of landlords under the Fifth Schedule of Public Health (London) Act, 1936.. .. | 1 |
| Under Sections 40, 108/109 and 93 of the Public Health (London) Act, 1936 and Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949 | 47 |
| Under Sections 27, 25(1) and 25(2) of London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1955.. .. . | 36 |
| | <hr/> |
| | 84 |
| | <hr/> |

Outstanding cases from previous year are included.

SECTION 95 PUBLIC HEALTH (LONDON) ACT, 1936

In 1963 Certificates of Habitation were issued in respect of 366 new dwellings in regard to the provision of a proper and sufficient water supply.

DRAINAGE PLANS

All plans are registered with the Borough Engineer but the Public Health Inspectors are responsible for seeing that the work is carried out in accordance with the drainage bye-laws.

56 plans of new buildings and 62 plans of alterations to existing drains were deposited. Combined drainage was carried out in 9 cases.

DISINFECTION

The following is a summary of the work carried out by the staff of the Wanless Road Disinfecting Station :-

| | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|-------|
| Number of premises sprayed in which cases of | | | | | |
| Infectious Disease have occurred .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 128 |
| Number of rooms included in above .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 190 |
| Total number of rooms sprayed for all purposes .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1,665 |
| Number of articles disinfected .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8,204 |
| Number of library books disinfected .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1,466 |
| Number of disinfection certificates issued .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 35 |

DISINFESTATION

Bed Bugs

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| Number of houses visited .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 215 |
| Number of rooms sprayed .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 693 |
| Number of houses revisited .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 35 |

The rooms were sprayed with a preparation of 5 per cent D.D.T. Lindane with Pybuthrin as a "Knockdown".

There were many complaints during the year of insect infestation. The usual offenders were wood boring beetles, ants, cockroaches, drugstore beetles, carpet beetles, clothes moths, weevils and silver fish.

The total number of visits made by the staff of the Disinfecting Station for all purposes was 1,980.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

Rat destruction in dwelling houses and business premises is carried out under the direction of the Rodent Officer, and two Rodent operatives working under his supervision. Sewer treatment is carried out by the department of the Borough Engineer in conjunction with the Rodent Officer and his staff.

In all cases of dwelling houses treatment is undertaken by the Local Authority free of charge, but in the case of business premises a charge is made.

During the year, 1,340 complaints were received. Of this number 181 were not justified; 1,066 were in respect of brown rats, and 93 in respect of mice. During the course of investigation 1,146 baitings were made and 55 defective drains discovered.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

PART 1 OF THE ACT

1. **Inspections** for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspectors).

| Premises | Number on Register | Number of Inspections | Written Notices |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| (i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities | 201 | 154 | 1 |
| (ii) Factories not included in (i) which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority | 719 | 309 | 4 |
| (iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) | 61 | 61 | - |
| TOTAL | 981 | 524 | 5 |

2. Cases in which Defects were found -

| Particulars | Number of cases in which defects were found | | | |
|---|---|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Found | Remedied | Referred | |
| | | | To H.M. Inspector | By H.M. Inspector |
| Want of Cleanliness (S.1.) | 2 | 2 | - | 2 |
| Overcrowding (S.2) | - | - | - | - |
| Unreasonable temperature (S.3) | - | - | - | - |
| Inadequate ventilation | - | - | - | - |
| Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6) | - | - | - | - |
| Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) - | | | | |
| (a) Insufficient | - | - | - | - |
| (b) Unsuitable or defective | - | - | - | - |
| (c) Not separate for sexes | - | - | - | - |
| Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork) | 4 | 4 | - | 4 |
| TOTAL | 6 | 6 | - | 6 |

NO PROSECUTIONS WERE INSTITUTED

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK

(Sections 133 and 134)

| Nature of Work | No. of out-workers in August list required by Section 110(1) (c)(3) |
|---|---|
| Wearing } Making, etc. Apparel } Cleaning and washing | 136 |
| Electrical | - |
| Handbags | - |
| Cotton Bags | - |
| Paper Bags | - |
| Artificial flowers | 3 |
| Bedding | - |
| Onions | - |
| Embroidery | - |
| The making of boxes or other receptacles or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper | 9 |
| Carding etc., of buttons etc. | 69 |
| Stuffed toys | - |
| Cosaques, Christmas crackers, Christmas stockings, etc. | - |
| Lampshades | 3 |
| TOTAL | 220 |

NO NOTICES WERE SERVED OR PROSECUTIONS INSTITUTED

RENT ACT, 1957

| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| (a) Applications for Certificates of Disrepair | 21 | |
| Applications outstanding from 1962 | - | <u>21</u> |
| Decisions not to issue Certificates | | - |
| Decisions to issue Certificates | | |
| (a) in respect of some but not all defects | 11 | |
| (b) in respect of all defects | <u>10</u> | 21 |
| Applications awaiting action at end of year | - | - |
| | | <u>21</u> |
| (b) Number of cases where decisions were made to issue Certificates but were awaiting action by the landlords at the end of 1962 | - | <u>2</u> |
| Undertakings given by landlords under paragraph 5 of the First Schedule of the Act | | 11 |
| Undertakings refused under proviso to paragraph 5 of the First Schedule of the Act | | - |
| Certificates of disrepair issued | | 8 |
| Certificates still to be issued or undertakings still to be received from landlords at end of year | | 2 |
| | | <u>21</u> |
| (c) Applications for certificates as to the remedying of defects specified in a landlord's undertaking | | |
| (a) by landlords | | 7 |
| (b) by tenants | | 2 |
| (c) applications outstanding from 1962 | | - |
| | | <u>9</u> |
| Certificates issued | | |
| (a) defects remedied | | 4 |
| (b) defects not remedied | | 5 |
| (c) applications awaiting action at end of year | | - |
| | | <u>9</u> |

| | |
|--|-----------|
| (d) Applications by landlords for cancellation of Certificates of Disrepair | 15 |
| Applications outstanding from 1962 | - |
| | <u>15</u> |
| Certificates cancelled | 10 |
| Cancellation refused | 5 |
| Applications still to be dealt with at the end of year | - |
| | <u>15</u> |

In connection with the applications from landlords for cancellation of Certificates of Disrepair objections to cancellation were lodged in 5 cases.

REHOUSING AND OVERCROWDING

APPLICATIONS FOR REHOUSING

The following is a report of the activities of the Public Health Department during the twelve months ended 31st December, 1963 :-

1,033 cases have been dealt with on the following grounds :-

London County Council

| | Cases |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Health | 4 |
| Insanitary conditions | 9 |
| Overcrowding | 2 |

During the period 41 cases, previously investigated have been checked as being rehoused by the London County Council.

Lambeth Borough Council

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Health | 823 |
| Insanitary conditions | 70 |
| Overcrowding | 1 |
| Closing Orders | 9 |

During the period 58 cases, previously investigated have been checked as being rehoused by the Lambeth Borough Council.

Enquiries from other sources 16.

HOUSING ACT, 1957**RECORD OF WORK CARRIED OUT BY
HOUSING INSPECTORS****Individual Unfit Houses**

Inspected - no action under Part II of the Housing Act :

1 Haycroft Road
18 Radnor Terrace
20 Rosetta Street
27 Rosetta Street
21 Somerleyton Road

Underground Rooms and Parts of Buildings

Inspected - no action under Part II of the Housing Act :

3 Chestnut Road
5 Cotswold Street
13 Dulwich Road
63 Norwood High Street
33 Thurlow Hill
96 Thurlow Park Road

Closing Orders :

82 Lothian Road - 1 room
38 Norwood High Street - 2 rooms (varied)

Made fit - Closing Order determined :

1 Brailsford Road
39 Cleaver Square
1 Crawshay Road
20 Lansdowne Gardens
8 Pratt Walk
1 Stockwell Terrace

Voluntarily made fit :

41 Fentiman Road
156 Lambeth Road
2 Oakden Street
4 Oakden Street
8 Oakden Street
14 Oakden Street
16 Oakden Street

Voluntarily made fit :

7 Oakden Street
35 Ravensdon Street
55 Richborne Terrace

Slum Clearance 1961 - 1965

Manor Cottages Area

1-6 Manor Cottages (6 houses)

Represented 18th February 1963
Declared 13th March 1963

Monkton Street Area

10, 12, 24, 26, 28 and 30 Monkton Street (6 houses)

Represented 25th March 1963
Declared 17th April 1963

Morrish Road Area

23, 25 and 27 Morrish Road (3 houses)

Represented 29th April 1963
Declared 22nd May 1963

Curnicks Lane Areas

1-7 Curnicks Lane (7 houses)

Represented 16th September 1963
Compulsory Purchase Order made 13th November 1963

10-12 Elder Road (2 houses)

Represented 16th September 1963
Compulsory Purchase Order made 13th November 1963

Kenbury Street Area

66, 68, 70 and 72 Kenbury Street (4 houses)

Represented 25th November 1963
Declared 18th December 1963

Wheatsheaf Lane Area

29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34 Wheatsheaf Lane (6 houses)
29 and 30 Rosetta Street (2 houses)

Represented 21st October 1963
Declared 13th November 1963

Discretionary Grants

Applications for Discretionary Grants were received in respect of the following addresses. A comparatively high standard of fitness is required as the premises must provide satisfactory housing for thirty years. The accommodation must be self-contained and restrictions are imposed on rents.

These premises have been inspected and the applications which have received approval are so marked.

| | |
|----------------------------|----------|
| 5 Aldebert Terrace | |
| 228B Brixton Hill | Approved |
| 66 Brixton Road | |
| 23 Claylands Road | |
| 57 Cleaver Square | |
| 1-7 Curnicks Lane | |
| 31 Knollys Road | |
| 8A Lancaster Avenue | |
| Langton Hall, Langton Road | |
| 317A Leigham Court Road | Approved |
| 83 Lothian Road | Approved |
| 26 Stockwell Park Crescent | |

Standard Grants

Standard Grants, which were introduced under the House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959, cover half the cost, up to a maximum of £155, of installing five basic improvements - a bath or shower, a wash-hand basin, a water closet, a hot water system and a food store. Grants may be made for all or some of these improvements and the conditions imposed are less rigorous than those for Discretionary Grants.

Applications for Standard Grants were received in respect of the following addresses. The premises have been inspected and the applications which have received approval are so marked.

| | |
|---------------------|----------|
| 39 Barnwell Road | Approved |
| 41 Barnwell Road | Approved |
| 28 Berridge Road | |
| 30 Brading Road | |
| 23 Branksome Road | Approved |
| 66 Brixton Road | Approved |
| 19 Camden Hill Road | |
| 37 Canterbury Grove | Approved |
| 39 Canterbury Grove | Approved |
| 38 Carson Road | |
| 10 Chaucer Road | |
| 351 Clapham Road | |
| 21 Claylands Road | Approved |

| | |
|--------------------------|----------|
| 23 Claylands Road | Approved |
| 25 Cleaver Square | |
| 29 Cleaver Square | Approved |
| 72 Clive Road | Approved |
| 77 Crown Dale | Approved |
| 11 Dodbrooke Road | |
| 11 Dodbrooke Road | |
| 109 Dorset Road | |
| 69 Durban Road | |
| 101 Effra Parade | Approved |
| 26 Elm Park | |
| 58 Fentiman Road | |
| 71 Ferndale Road | |
| 52 Finsen Road | Approved |
| 52 Finsen Road | Approved |
| 217 Gipsy Road | |
| 16 Glendall Street | |
| 83 Hackford Road | |
| 87 Hackford Road | Approved |
| 36 Hanover Gardens | |
| 22 Hargwyne Street | Approved |
| 34 Hawarden Grove | Approved |
| 49 Horsford Road | Approved |
| 89 Hubert Grove | Approved |
| 137 Hubert Grove | Approved |
| 55 Jeffreys Road | |
| 4 Kay Road | Approved |
| 176 Kennington Park Road | |
| 55 Knollys Road | Approved |
| 36 Ladas Road | Approved |
| 54 Ladas Road | Approved |
| 60 Ladas Road | Approved |
| 204 Lambeth Walk | Approved |
| 205 Lambeth Walk | Approved |
| 78 Larkhall Lane | Approved |
| 14 Lavengro Road | |
| 317A Leigham Court Road | Approved |
| 75 Mayall Road | |
| 219 Mayall Road | |
| 247 Mayall Road | |
| 13 Merredene Street | Approved |
| 37 Mervan Road | |
| 28 Mordaunt Street | |
| 38 Norwood High Street | Approved |
| 114 Norwood High Street | |
| 281 Norwood Road | |
| 26 Nursery Road | |
| 28 Nursery Road | |

| | |
|----------------------------|----------|
| 164 Old South Lambeth Road | |
| 12 Plato Road | |
| 17 Probert Road | Approved |
| 203 Railton Road | Approved |
| 18 Raleigh Gardens | Approved |
| 63 Rattray Road | Approved |
| 35 Ravensdon Street | Approved |
| 15 Rita Road | Approved |
| 45 Robson Road | Approved |
| 36 Romola Road | Approved |
| 9 Rosetta Street | Approved |
| 3 St. Louis Road | Approved |
| 9 St. Louis Road | Approved |
| 10 St. Louis Road | Approved |
| 80 Shakespeare Road | Approved |
| 14 Sidney Road | Approved |
| 197 South Lambeth Road | |
| 230 South Lambeth Road | |
| 251 South Lambeth Road | Approved |
| 3 Speenham Road | |
| 33 Strathleven Road | Approved |
| 73 Thornlaw Road | |
| 69 Tivoli Road | |
| 33 Trent Road | Approved |
| 6 Trigon Road | |

TOTAL INSPECTIONS AND REVISITS DURING THE YEAR - 1,536

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

CLEAN AIR ACT 1956

Smoke Control Areas

Additional Areas in the Borough were brought into Smoke Control bringing the total coverage at 31st December, 1963 to 949.31 acres made up as follows :-

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Operative Areas Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6 | = 398.58 acres |
| No. 3 | = 151.98 acres |
| (operative 1st July, 1964) | |
| No. 7 | = 91.16 acres |
| (operative 1st Sept. 1964) | |
| No. 8 | = 13.18 acres |
| (operative 1st Sept. 1964) | |
| No. 9 | = 71.11 acres |
| (not yet confirmed) | |
| No. 10 | = 97.3 acres |
| (not yet confirmed) | |
| No. 11 | = <u>126.0</u> acres |
| (not yet confirmed) | |
| | <u>949.31 acres</u> |

During the year, due to the appointment of two technical assistants and to the modification and simplification of administrative procedures envisaged in the Ministry's Circular 3/62, it became necessary to revise and expand the Five Year Programme for the years 1962/1966. Areas centering around Myatts Field, Herne Hill Library, Effra Parade, Knight's Hill Railway (Goods) Station, and Idmiston Road were included in the Programme. The total area to be covered by the Programme (including Areas already operative) is 1669.06 acres. Circular 69/63 dated 17th December, 1963 was received from the Ministry of Housing and Local Government. This stated that due to the rapid technological advance in the Gas Industry, a shortage of solid smokeless fuel suitable for burning upon open fires necessitated a reassessment of policy in the establishment of future Smoke Control Areas. In particular, it foresaw a change over from open firegrates to openable stoves, gas fires, electrical night-storage heaters (but not appliances subject to "peak load" fluctuation) or fixed oil fired appliances.

Measurement of Atmospheric Pollution

In addition to the five pollution measuring Stations situated in strategic points in the Borough, which are maintained daily, an automatic device, termed a Sequential Smoke Stain Recorder, is in occasional use in the Public Health Department offices (Blue Star House, Stockwell Road). This can be operated to give a continuously comparative indication of the pollution of the air by suspended smoke particles at intervals of 1 hour, 3 hours, 8 hours or 24 hours as necessary. It is used, particularly, to provide an hour by hour record of pollution levels during the incidence of "smog".

The following figures show the number of visits and revisits made by the Smoke Inspectors and the Technical Assistants during the year.

| | Visits | Revisits |
|---|--------|----------|
| Timed Observations | 207 | - |
| Untimed Observations | 516 | - |
| Other visits, private and industrial premises | 10,912 | 3783 |

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD AND FOOD PREMISES

There have been no significant changes in the pattern or disposition of food manufacturing, processing or sale since the last report. The previous trend towards self-service in retail shops continues to expand and with it an even greater demand for pre-packed articles of food. Self-service introduced by two firms of wholesale grocers and provision merchants is now well established. They cater mainly for the smaller class of retailer who collects his supplies, providing his own transport for the purpose.

An additional ice-cream factory has moved to premises outside the district, With one exception ice-cream is made on the premises where it is sold. In the main, the type of ice-cream favoured by these smaller manufacturers is the "complete cold mix" and sterilised mix types which avoids many of the hazards associated with the full scale manufacture requiring heat treatment of the raw materials. The sale of ice-cream, mainly "soft" ice-cream, by itinerant vendors continued but on a diminished scale, probably because of the poor summer.

The last surviving butcher selling meat from a stall in the street gave up business during the year.

The following Regulations and Orders, relating to food, were made during the year :-

| Regulation or Order | Operative date |
|---|----------------------|
| Soft Drinks Regulations, 1963 | 20th July, 1964 |
| Ice Cream (Heat treatment, etc.) (Amendment) Regulations, 1963 | 18th June, 1963 |
| Bread and Flour Regulations, 1963 | 1st September, 1963 |
| Meat Inspection Regulations, 1963 | 1st October, 1963 |
| Merchandise Marks (Imported Goods) (Raw Cucumbers) Order, 1963 | 30th October, 1963 |
| Milk (Special Designation) Regulations 1963 | 29th September, 1963 |
| Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963 | 1st January, 1964 |

Food Premises

During the year under review 1,861 inspections were made to food premises in the Borough.

These inspections and revisits were made up as follows :-

| | | | | | Inspections | Revisits |
|--------------------|----|----|----|----|--------------|-----------|
| Food Factories | .. | .. | .. | .. | 303 | 39 |
| Bakehouses | .. | .. | .. | .. | 52 | - |
| Butchers | .. | .. | .. | .. | 553 | - |
| Fried Fish Shops | .. | .. | .. | .. | 20 | - |
| Ice Cream Premises | .. | .. | .. | .. | 93 | - |
| Milk Shops | .. | .. | .. | .. | 189 | - |
| Public Houses | .. | .. | .. | .. | 25 | - |
| Restaurants | .. | .. | .. | .. | 191 | 5 |
| Dairies | .. | .. | .. | .. | 60 | - |
| Other | .. | .. | .. | .. | 375 | 3 |
| | | | | | <u>1,861</u> | <u>47</u> |

The approximate number of food premises by type of business in the area is as follows :-

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----|----|----|-----|
| Grocery and provisions | .. | .. | .. | 363 |
| Greengrocery and fruit | .. | .. | .. | 165 |
| Fish shops, wet dry and fried | .. | .. | .. | 98 |
| Bakers | .. | .. | .. | 94 |
| Butchers | .. | .. | .. | 142 |
| Restaurants | .. | .. | .. | 202 |
| Confectioners | .. | .. | .. | 279 |

Food and Drugs Act 1955 - Section 16

The number of registered premises is as follows :-

| | |
|--|-----|
| Manufacture and/or sale of ice cream. | 614 |
| Manufacture of sausages and preparation of preserved etc. food | 294 |

Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959 - Regulation 8

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of registered distributors | 284 |
| Number of registered dairies | 2 |

Milk (Special Designation) Regulations 1960

The following table shows the number of licences in force :-

* Dealers' Licences (Pre-packed)

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|-----|
| Tuberculin Tested | .. | .. | .. | 161 |
| Pasteurised | .. | .. | .. | 245 |
| Sterilised | .. | .. | .. | 253 |
| Dealers' (Pasteuriser's) Licence | .. | | | 2 |
| Dealers' (Tuberculin Tested) Licence | | | | 2 |

* Licences issued are valid for a period of 5 years.

SAMPLING OF FOOD AND DRUGS

Chemical Analysis

Two hundred samples were procured formally, 118 of which were of milk, and 1,300 samples were procured informally.

Set out below is a table of samples reported by the Public Analyst to be adulterated or otherwise unsatisfactory, showing action in each case.

Informal Samples

| Articles | Result of Analysis | Action Taken |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Ground Almonds | Poor quality and tendency to rancidity | Formal sample purchased and found satisfactory. |
| Channel Island Milk | Contained extraneous water | Series of Formal samples taken and found genuine. |
| Sal Volatile | Deficiency of ammonia | Subsequent sample satisfactory. |
| Borax and Honey | Contained excess borax | Formal sample satisfactory |
| Prunes (Canned) | Contaminated with tin and containing gas (hydrogen) | Balance of stock surrendered and destroyed. |
| Sal Volatile | Deficient in ammonium carbonate and ammonia | Formal sample purchased. |
| Sal Volatile | Deficient in ammonium carbonate - also labelling offence | Formal sample purchased. |
| Ravioli | Deficient in meat | Formal sample purchased. |
| Pork Luncheon Meat | Deficiency of meat | Formal sample purchased. |
| Pork Luncheon Meat | Deficiency of meat | Formal sample purchased. |
| Shredded suet | Deficiency of beef fat | Formal sample purchased. |
| Rice pudding | Insignificant amount of sugar present | Stock in shop inspected - The one can left of this batch withdrawn from sale. Packers attention called to Analyst's report |

Informal Samples (continued)

| Articles | Result of Analysis | Action Taken |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Pork Luncheon Meat | 7½% deficient in meat | Formal sample purchased and found satisfactory. |
| Pork Luncheon Meat | 2½% deficient in meat | Formal sample purchased and found satisfactory. |
| Yoghourt | Residue of fine sand adhering to inside of base | Attention of Vendor and Packer called to complaint. |
| Tinned peas | Deposit of grease containing rust in and around seams | Complaint justified - Tin replaced - Manufacturers investigated matter and extra precautions now taken. |
| Bottle of Milk | Residue of vegetable and animal tissue, mould, sand and starch | Prosecution not instituted after taking legal advice. Attention of bottling firm called to complaint. |
| Creamed rice | Sour and coagulated | Matter investigated - all stock of this batch withdrawn from sale. |
| Burgundy | Strength comparable with similar wines. Labelling did not conform with requirements of Labelling Order, 1953 | Complaint not justified - Strength in order, Labelling error rectified and now conforms with requirements of Labelling Order 1953 |
| Pears in Syrup | Excessively acid, but otherwise not contaminated. | Tin replaced by shopkeeper. |
| Sandwich Spread | Incipient rancidity | Attention of vendor called to Analyst's report. Further sample purchased found satisfactory. |
| Casserole Steak | 32% deficient in meat | Formal sample purchased. |
| Salad Cream | 7% deficient in fat | Formal sample purchased - found satisfactory. |
| Seidlitz Powders | Outside B.P.C. Weight | Further samples purchased. Letter to manufacturers asking for comment on Public Analyst's report. |

Informal Samples (continued)

| Articles | Result of Analysis | Action Taken |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Pork sausages | 6% deficient in meat | Formal sample taken - result satisfactory. |
| Pork sausages | 12% deficient in meat | Formal sample taken - result satisfactory. |
| Sweetening tablets | Exact proportion of ingredients not clear | Referred to Council's legal Department for legal interpretation. |
| Vegetable oil | Not described by common or usual name | Referred to Council's legal Department for legal interpretation. |
| Pressurised Cooking oil | Propellant not described by its common or usual name in the list of ingredients | Referred to Council's legal Department for legal interpretation. |
| Dundee Cake | Contained a fragment of glass | Bakery inspected - Clean. Precautionary measures against entry of foreign matter reasonable. Bakers attention called to complaint. |
| Sweetening tablets | Exact proportion of ingredients not clear | Referred to legal Department for interpretation regarding labelling. |
| Sal Volatile | Incorrectly labelled "B.P.". Should have been "B.P.C." | Suppliers advised of wrong labelling and agreed to rectify the matter. |
| Spirit of Sal Volatile | 55% deficient in ammonia | Formal samples taken. |
| Spirit of Sal Volatile | Free ammonia virtually absent. 61% deficient in ammonium carbonate. | Formal samples taken. |
| Evaporated Milk | Soured; cheesy flavour; some corrosion of tin. | Tin returned for examination to the manufacturers. |
| "Tia Maria" Liqueur | 19% deficient in Proof spirit, slight excess of acidity | Complaint via Kennington Police. Referred to legal Department. Case pending. |

Informal Samples (continued)

| Articles | Result of Analysis | Action Taken |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Bun | Contained a blue stain caused by copper compounds equivalent to about 0.04 per cent of copper. Calculated on the whole sample. | Extensive enquiries and inspections carried out - Unable to trace source. No other complaints, no reports from any source of similar trouble. |
| Raisin Bran Flakes | Misleading wording and Pictorial Device | New label approved and now in use. |
| Top of the Milk | Correct fat content declared but insufficient to comply with Food Standards (Cream) Order, 1951 | Referred to legal department for decision regarding necessity to comply with Food Standards (Cream) Order, 1951 |

Formal Samples

| Articles | Result of Analysis | Action Taken |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Spirit of Sal Volatile | 24% deficient in ammonia | Letter to supplier - Supplier replied confirming Analyst's report and stated that all stocks had been withdrawn and destroyed. |
| Spirit of Sal Volatile | 80% deficient in ammonia 79% deficient in ammonium carbonate | As above. |
| Shredded suet | Deficient in beef fat | Attention of packers called to deficiency. |
| Minced Beef | Contained Sulphur Dioxide | Butchers advised to discontinue immediately use of product known as Iyinta - Subsequent sample satisfactory. |
| Minced Chicken in jelly | 5.5% deficient in meat | Attention of manufacturers called to deficiency. |
| Casserole Steak | 32% deficient in meat | Legal proceeding instituted. Defendant given absolute discharge on payment of £10.10.0. costs to the Council. |

Bacteriological and other Examinations

The following samples were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for examination. Articles marked with an asterisk were suspected of having caused food poisoning, but in none of these cases was the food poisoning organism isolated.

| | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----|
| | Ice cream and Ice Cream Mix | 37 |
| | Soft Ice Cream | 6 |
| | Chocolate Coated Ice Cream | 1 |
| * | Corned Beef | 1 |
| | Creamed Rice | 2 |
| | Canned Hamburgers | 8 |
| * | Frozen Cheese-Burgers | 1 |
| * | Plaice Fillet | 1 |
| | Canned Ham | 6 |

In the course of the year two comparatively large ice-cream factories have transferred their operations to districts outside the Borough. This, together with the factory which closed down in 1962 has changed the pattern of sampling of ice-cream which is now confined mainly to the smaller shopkeeper and caterer and to mobile ice-cream Vendors.

of the 44 samples of ice-cream examined and submitted to the Methylene Blue Test, 12 fell into grades 3 and 4 representing 27% of the total. This does not appear to compare favourably with previous years when the greater proportion of samples was factory samples and to this extent the comparison is not relevant.

Samples of milk were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for examination under the Milk (Special Designation) Regulations as follows:-

Methylene Blue Test 198 (4 were void, the atmospheric shade temperature being over 65 ° F.).

Three failed to satisfy the prescribed test.

Phosphatase Tests 198

One failed the prescribed test.

A thorough investigation into the causes of the failures was carried out in each case. Time and temperature tests were carried out on the plant but did not show any defect. There have been no failures during the six months following

Labelling of Food

Mainly because of the progressive increase in pre-packed foods, scrutiny of declarations on labels attached to such food has become a routine duty of the Public Analyst and the Food Inspectors.

Two main methods of approach are employed. The labels on foods purchased informally for routine analysis are inspected first by the food inspectors in respect of the administrative requirements of the Labelling of Foods Order and later in the light of the Public Analyst's report. In addition food manufacturers, packers and labellers in the Borough are encouraged to submit their proposals for labelling their products before distribution. This reduces the incidence of adverse reports by other authorities.

INSPECTION OF FOOD

Inspection at Shops, Stores, Factories and Wharf

Large quantities of food of all varieties were inspected and as a result the following food was surrendered as unfit for human consumption and unsound certificates were issued.

| Canned | Tons | Cwts. | Qrts. | Lbs. |
|--------------------------|------|-------|-------|------|
| Meat | 3 | 10 | 3 | 4¾ |
| Vegetables | | 15 | 2 | 14½ |
| Fruit | 1 | 10 | 2 | 21 |
| Fish | | - | 2 | 8¾ |
| Milk | | 2 | 2 | 16½ |
| Cream | | 2 | 1 | 14¾ |
| Soup | | 5 | 3 | 11½ |
| Creamed rice | | 3 | - | 17 |
| Baby food | | - | - | 27¾ |
| Fruit juice | | 3 | 1 | 18 |
| Spaghetti | | - | 2 | 9 |
| Mustard | | - | - | - ¼ |
| Steak and Kidney Pudding | | | - | 14 |
| Stewed steak | | | 2 | 20¾ |
| Tomato Puree | | | - | 27¾ |
| Chocolate pudding | | | - | 2½ |
| Frankfurter sausages | | 2 | 2 | 2¾ |
| Tomato Juice | | - | 2 | 5 |
| Tomato paste | | | 1 | 2 |
| Steak and Kidney pie | | | | 15½ |
| Rice | | | - | 2½ |
| Chicken | | | - | 4¾ |
| Frozen whole egg | | 1 | 1 | - |
| Frozen egg white | | 1 | - | 6½ |
| Jam | | | 3 | 25 |
| Pease pudding | | - | - | 9 |
| Ravioli | | | - | 16½ |

Canned (continued)

| | Tons | Cwts. | Qtrs. | Lbs. |
|------------------------|------|-------|-------|------------------|
| Curry powder | 1 | 13 | 1 | 22 |
| Sauer Kraut | | | - | 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Cheese flips | | | - | 2 |
| Custard | | | - | 4 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Olive Oil | | | - | 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Prawns | | | - | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Hamburgers | | | - | 1 |
| Sweet Corn | | | - | 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Potato salad | | | - | 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Milanese | | | - | 1 |
| Minced beef and onions | | | - | 1 |
| Sago pudding | | | - | 2 |
| Golden syrup | | | - | 14 |
| Vegetable juice | | | - | 4 |
| Shrimps | | | - | 1 |
| Fruit cocktail | | | 1 | 4 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Crab | | | - | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Asparagus tips | | | - | $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Creamed sago | | | - | 3 |
| Marmalade | | | - | 2 |
| Rice pudding | | | - | $\frac{3}{4}$ |

| | | | |
|---|----|---|------------------|
| 8 | 17 | 1 | 24 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
|---|----|---|------------------|

Untreated

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----|----|---|------------------|
| Meat | | 13 | 1 | 21 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| Turkey | | | | 18 |
| Rabbits | | | 1 | 2 |
| Cucumbers | 3 | 5 | 1 | - |
| Fish | | 3 | 1 | - |
| Tomatoes | 14 | 12 | 3 | - |
| Chicken | | 4 | 1 | 24 |
| Winkles | | 3 | - | - |
| Pig tails in brine | 1 | 15 | 2 | 24 |
| Carrots | 12 | 1 | - | - |
| Pigs spleens | | | 1 | - |
| Fish roes | | | 3 | 14 |
| Prawn tails | | 7 | 2 | 7 |
| Yams | | 16 | 1 | 26 |
| | 34 | 4 | 1 | 24 $\frac{1}{4}$ |

| Prepared | Tons | Cwts. | Qtrs. | Lbs. |
|------------------|------|-------|-------|------|
| Bacon | 2 | 11 | 2 | 14 |
| Frozen Food | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8¾ |
| Biscuits | | | - | 5¼ |
| Pickle | | | - | 2¼ |
| Marmalade | | | - | 9 |
| Jam | | 1 | - | 26 |
| Sauce | | | - | 5½ |
| Raisins | | | - | 2¼ |
| Chicken spread | | | - | 2½ |
| Tomato Ketchup | | | - | 23 |
| Steak pie | | | - | 1 |
| Cheese | | | 1 | 16 |
| Dried peel | | | 2 | - |
| Dried figs | | | 3 | 20 |
| Dried apricots | | | 2 | 21 |
| Fruit juice | | | - | 3 |
| Beetroot | | | - | 3¾ |
| Stuffed olives | | | - | ¾ |
| Tomato puree | | | - | ¾ |
| Salmon spread | | | - | 2¾ |
| Rice | | | - | 1 |
| Gravey browning | | | - | ¼ |
| Flour | | | 1 | 18 |
| Salad cream | | | - | 27¾ |
| Fish cakes | | | 2 | - |
| Dried Milk | | | - | ½ |
| Vinegar | | | - | 1¼ |
| Sandwich spread | | | - | ½ |
| Mushroom Ketchup | | | 1 | 13¼ |
| Mincemeat | | | - | 1 |
| Onions | | | - | 1¼ |
| | 4 | 8 | - | 8¼ |
| Total Weight | 47 | 10 | 0 | 0¾ |

The method of disposal of food surrendered or condemned as unsound.

Animal products where practicable were released to firms specialising in the manufacture of glue and similar commodities and from whom satisfactory guarantees as to disposal have been obtained. As an additional precaution unfit meat is stained.

Some vegetable waste which was suitable was diverted to approved sources for utilisation as pig food.

The balance was destroyed by incineration in accordance with arrangements entered into with Camberwell Borough Council.

FOOD COMPLAINTS - 1963

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. ½ pint milk bottle | Watered milk |
| 2. Tin of Pilchards | Contained grub |
| 3. 1 pint bottle of milk | Dirt suspended in milk |
| 4. Sausages | Contained elastic band |
| 5. Frozen beans | Contained glass |
| 6. Tin of peas | Contained wasp |
| 7. Dutch butter | Rancid |
| 8. Brown bread | Contained maggots |
| 9. Bread | Contained fly |
| 10. Mince pie | Contained piece of wood |
| 11. Chipolata pork sausages | Mouldy condition |
| 12. Milk bottle | Dirty |
| 13. Tin of peas | Dirty tin |
| 14. Bread roll | Contained rusty nail |
| 15. Bottle of Yoghourt | Foreign matter (sand) |
| 16. Bottle of milk | Dirty |
| 17. Easter egg | Thought to be contaminated by mice |
| 18. Can of creamed rice | Suspected to be cause of food poisoning |
| 19. Can of creamed rice | Suspected to be cause of food poisoning |
| 20. 1/3 pint milk bottle | Contained pip of citrusfruit |
| 21. Jar of pickled red cabbage | Out of condition |
| 22. Packet of dates | Dirty |
| 23. Bread | Contained string |
| 24. Oranges | One bad |
| 25. Bread | Mouldy |
| 26. Fried fish (plaice) | Bad |
| 27. Orange squash | Unpleasant taste |
| 28. Loaf of bread | Mouldy |
| 29. Tin of peas | Unpleasant taste |
| 30. Butter | Green and rancid |
| 31. Pork pie | Mouldy |
| 32. 1/3 pint milk bottle | Contained metal cap |
| 33. Apple turnover | Mouldy |
| 34. 4 pint bottles of milk | Small black coloured objects suspended in milk |
| 35. Wholemeal bread | Metal embedded in crumb, and mould on underside |
| 36. ¼ lb. Ham | Alive with maggots |
| 37. 1 pint milk bottle | Black dirty looking object floating in bottle |
| 38. Bread | Black substance |
| 39. Minced meat | Unpleasant smell and taste |
| 40. Green streaky bacon | Live maggot |
| 41. Sliced white loaf | Mouldy |
| 42. Sausage rolls | Mouldy |
| 43. Bread | Mouldy |
| 44. Coconut snow cake | Mouldy |
| 45. Sausages | Mouldy |
| 46. Milk T.T. (1 pint) | Piece of wood in bottle |
| 47. Bottle of orange drink | Dirt adhering to inside of bottle |
| 48. Bread | Contained small screw |
| 49. Wonderloaf | Mouldy |
| 50. Bacon | Maggotty |
| 51. Milk | Contained foreign body |
| 52. Veal and ham pie | Mould on crust |
| 53. Milk | Dirty bottle |
| 54. Meat pie | Mouldy |
| 55. Pint bottle of milk | Dirty |
| 56. Bun | Bitter taste |
| 57. Cakes | Mouldy |
| 58. Swiss roll | Contained foreign matter |
| 60. Corned beef | Tasted bad |
| 60. Cake | Tasted of soap |
| 61. Milk bottle | Dirty |
| 62. Cake | Contained glass |

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 63. Milk bottle | Dirty |
| 64. Chocolate pipes | Infested with insects |
| 65. Crust of loaf | Dirty |

No. of justified complaints in 1963 - 65

No. of complaints - 98

All complaints were investigated, the main object of which was to discover the cause and take necessary steps to prevent recurrences. Advice was given where appropriate.

Some of these foods were prepared outside the Borough, and a few overseas. In such cases the Medical Officer of Health of the district concerned, or where appropriate, the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, was informed.

In one case legal proceedings were instituted, the result being as follows :-

17. Easter Egg Contaminated by mice.

The defendant pleaded guilty, a fine of £2.0.0. was imposed and the defendant ordered to pay £1.0.0. costs.

Street Markets

Markets are held in The Cut, Lower Marsh, Lambeth Walk and Wilcox Road in the Inner Wards, and in Popes Road, Electric Avenue and Brixton Station Road. All these are inspected regularly.

Slaughter of Animals Act

No application was made during the year for the issue of a licence under the provisions of this Act.

SECTION F

GENERAL

Public Swimming Baths

I am indebted to the Scientific Adviser of the London County Council for the following report on the results of Bacteriological Examinations of the water from Kennington Park and Brockwell Park Swimming Baths.

These samples were taken during the year 1963 and cover the summer and winter seasons.

| 1963 | No. of samples | Agar count 1 ml. 37 C. 48 hrs. | | | Presumptive coli. without faecal | Faecal coli. |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | | 0-10 | 11/100 | Over 100 | | |
| <u>Brockwell</u> | | | | | | |
| Summer | 10 | 6 | | | 3 | 1 |
| Winter | 6 | 2 | 2 | | 1 | 1 |
| <u>Kennington</u> | | | | | | |
| Summer | 12 | 10 | 2 | | | |
| Winter | 4 | 2 | 2 | | | |

The following comments apply to the incidence of coliform pollution at Brockwell Park :-

Summer 1963 - The coliform pollution was found at times of heavy bathing loads, when free chlorine residuals although ranging from 0.3 to 1.0 p.p.m. did not prove adequate for immediate bactericidal action. To remedy these residuals were rapidly increased.

Winter 1963 - During the winter season, chemical dosing is done by hand and the incidence of coliform pollution was due to low, chlorine residuals. This was, however speedily rectified.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT 1948

Section 50 - Burials

Under Section 50 of the National Assistance Act 1948, the Lambeth Borough Council is required to arrange for the burial or cremation of any person who has died or been found dead in its area if in such cases it appears to the Council that no suitable arrangements for the disposal of the body have been or are being made.

During the year 27 funerals were arranged involving 16 males and 11 females.

The amount paid to funeral contractors was £273. 6s. 0d. The sum of £113. 13s. 6d. was recovered by way of grants, insurance policies and money found.

The actual cost to the Council was therefore £159. 12s. 6d.

LAND CHARGES ACT 1925

During the year 3,319 enquiries were received and dealt with in respect of searches under the above mentioned Act.

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT 1933

The number of persons entered or retained on the list under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933 (Section 21) Part II was 140.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT 1951

Twenty two samples of various filling materials were submitted to a prescribed Analyst for examination.

One sample failed the test the trash content being in excess of the permitted maximum of 7.5%. The balance complied with the test under the Regulations for 1951

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

This Act provides that no person shall keep a pet shop except under the authority of a licence granted in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

A local authority may, on application, grant to a person who is not for the time being disqualified from keeping a pet shop a licence to keep a pet shop at such premises in their area as may be specified in the application, and subject to compliance with such conditions as may be specified in the licence.

In determining whether to grant a licence for the keeping of a pet shop, a local authority shall in particular have regard to the need for securing :-

- (a) That animals will at all times be kept in accommodation suitable respects size, temperature, lighting, ventilation and cleanliness;
- (b) that animals will be adequately supplied with suitable food and drink and (so far as necessary) visited at suitable intervals.
- (c) that animals, being mammals, will not be sold at too early an age;
- (d) that all reasonable precautions will be taken to prevent the spread among animals of infectious diseases;

(e) that appropriate steps will be taken in case of fire or other emergency.

During the year 19 licences were issued under the Act.

No. of Inspections - 35

No. of re-visits - 1

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL (GENERAL POWERS) ACT 1954

Hairdressers and Barbers

On 6th July, 1955 the Lambeth Borough Council made bye-laws in respect of hairdressers and barbers under the above mentioned Act.

The total number of premises on the register at the end of the year was as follows :-

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Premises | ... | ... | ... | 202 |
| Number of inspections | | | ... | 123 |
| Number of re-visits | ... | ... | ... | 70 |

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL (GENERAL POWERS) ACT 1959

Control of Movable Dwellings

Section 22 of the above mentioned Act covers the control of caravan sites and came into operation on the 1st October, 1960.

The Council adopted the standards drawn up by the Metropolitan Boroughs' Standing Joint Committee and the recommendations made by the London County Council in relation to :-

- (i) Density
- (ii) Water Supply
- (iii) Sanitary Accommodation
- (iv) Disposal of Waste
- (v) Fire fighting equipment
- (vi) Footways and Hard Standing.

At the end of 1962 two caravan sites were in existence.

Application for renewal of the licence was received in 1 case but was refused until planning permission has been granted.

No application for renewal of the licence was received in the second case and legal proceedings are being considered.



