### [Report of the Medical Officer of Health for Kensington Borough].

### **Contributors**

Kensington (London, England). Royal Borough. Fenton, James.

### **Publication/Creation**

[1940]

### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/akzgm7bv

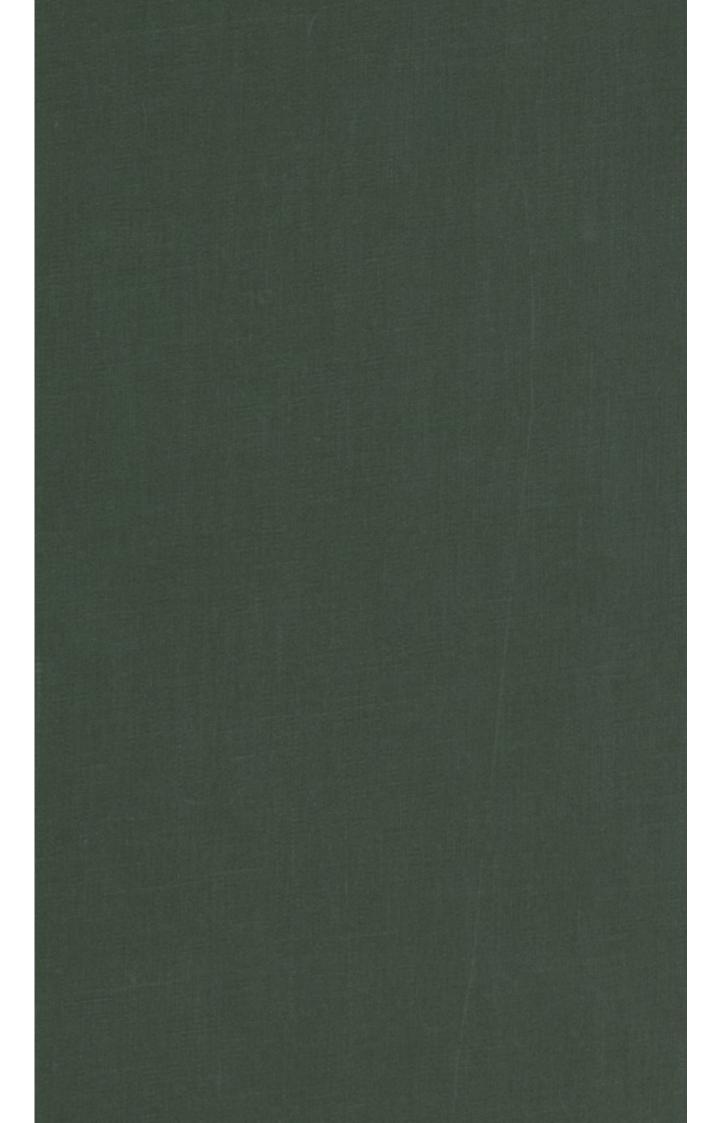
### License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution, Non-commercial license.

Non-commercial use includes private study, academic research, teaching, and other activities that are not primarily intended for, or directed towards, commercial advantage or private monetary compensation. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.















the borough)

是是是不是一个人,但是是一个人的,他们就是一个人的。 第一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一个人们的是一

ANNUAL (INTERIM) REPORT

on he

HEALTH OF THE BOROUGH

for the Year englished of the formal and the formal

1939 / Aur ecul mass de la company de la com

JAMES FENTON, C.B. E., M.D., M. R.C.P., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

------

SUMMARY OF STATISTIC	FOR THE YEAR 1939.
Population (estimated) 172,100 Density of population per acre	Product of a ld. rate £12,910
Live births (legitimate) 1,828 (illegitimate) 236 Stillbirths 65	955 873 ) Binth note 12.0
Deaths 2,072	931 1141 Death rate (after adjustment). 12.2
Deaths from puerperal causes:- D	eaths. Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births.
Puerperal sepsis Other puerperal causes Total	3 3 1.5 6 3.0
Death rate of infants under one year of age:-	Deaths from measles (all ages)
Legitimate infants per 1,000	64 Deaths from cancer (all ages)
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Deaths from whooping cough 81 (all ages)
Deaths from phthisis	81 Deaths from diarrhoea (under 2 years of age) 25
Deaths from all forms of tuberculosis	
Deaths from the zymotic	28
	Zymotic death rate 0.24 (lowest rate recorded for

th gas cleaneing a stidue and dasand to corvers and a nervice of oar anaport. The public health alm so tween and the second of the second of

br. Cherles Ney, the deputy medical officer of bealth, who saled up for advive downto at the end of August. Dr. Frank tensitel was appainted as officer campahaling offstehen bearers a company, 1939.

AEAT STATISTICS.

\*Up'ra Byrido

The population of the berough as escentified at the census

1 1921 was 180,677 persons, but for the parcose of this report the
opulation for 1939 his been given by the Registrar-General ac

72.100 for estimating the aloth rate, and 158.800 for the decin

ste. The latter figure is approximately the population ascersided by national registration at the commencement of the war.

Arthu. Bestin, and Infant Mortaltty.

notistinged Cool I and O'SI was star utated and

ensington people, was 18.0 per 1.000 population: but when the djusting factors based on the and sex distribution of the oppulation, is applied, the death rate for the borough people. 2.2, which is the figure dand for comparison with other divisit

Town Hall, Kensington, W.8.

25th November, 1940.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Royal Borough of Kensington.

I have the honour to submit my annual report for 1939 on the state of the public health in Kensington.

In accordance with the wishes of the Minister of Health, this report has been considerably curtailed.

The year 1939 was one in which civil defence measures assumed priority over other work, and to a large extent interfered with the normal work of the public health department.

At the beginning of the war, eight full-size first aid posts and one small post were established, these were all equipped with gas cleansing stations and staffed by fully-trained A.R.P. workers. A medical service, composed of doctors practising in the borough, was formed in connection with the first aid posts. Stretcher bearers totalling 500 men were billeted in two depots in the borough, and a service of cars was provided for the purpose of transport. The public health department assisted in the early days of the war in the evacuation of expectant mothers and children under five years of age.

When war was declared, a skeleton maternity and child welfare service was established, but owing to the absence of expected air raids and the consequent gradual return of a large number of women and children to the borough, this service was augmented from time to time. An interesting development of this work was the opening of infant welfare centres at first aid posts, and valuable assistance was rendered by A.R.P. workers at the maternity and child welfare sessions.

Dr. Charles Hay, the deputy medical officer of health, was called up for active service at the end of August. Dr. Frank Stansfield was appointed as officer commanding stretcher bearers in October, 1939.

### VITAL STATISTICS.

### Population.

The population of the borough as ascertained at the census of 1931 was 180,677 persons, but for the purpose of this report the population for 1939 has been given by the Registrar-General as 172,100 for estimating the birth rate, and 158,800 for the death rate. The latter figure is approximately the population ascertained by national registration at the commencement of the war.

### Births, Deaths, and Infant Mortality.

The birth rate was 12.0 per 1,000 population.

The death rate, based on the number of deaths of Kensington people, was 13.0 per 1,000 population; but when the adjusting factor, based on the age and sex distribution of the population, is applied, the death rate for the borough becomes 12.2, which is the figure used for comparison with other districts.

JAMES FENTON, Medical Officer of Health,

### Diphtheria Immunisation.

The following table shows the diphtheria immunisation work carried out during the year:-

No. of school-children immunised	590 339	
Total number of children attending for		ž
pre-immunisation schick tests	64	
No. which gave positive reaction	30	
No. of children presented for schick testing after having received immunisation inocu-		
	534	
	462	
No. proving positive	62	

### Whooping Cough Clinic.

Two hundred and ninety-six children were seen either at the clinic or in day nurseries. One hundred and twenty-seven cough plates were taken.

### TUBERCULOSIS.

One hundred and eighty-seven new cases of tuberculosis were notified, of which 163 were respiratory and 24 non-respiratory cases.

Eighty-one persons died from respiratory tuberculosis and eight from non-respiratory tuberculosis. The death rate for respiratory tuberculosis was 51 and that of non-respiratory 4. The rate for all forms of tuberculosis was 55. This figure is the second lowest recorded for the borough, the lowest rate being 50 in 1935.

### Dispensary Service.

Six hundred and twelve patients were examined. Of these, 122 were suffering from respiratory tuberculosis, 18 from non-respiratory tuberculosis, seven were new cases still under observation at the end of the year, and 465 persons were diagnosed as non-tuberculous.

Seven hundred and nineteen specimens of sputum were examined. Five hundred and ninety-nine radiological examinations were made; and 2,829 visits were paid to the homes of patients by the women health officers.

Twenty-seven patients made 117 attendances at the dental clinic.

Sixty-eight patients received 1,107 artificial pneumothorax treatments.

Ninety-three patients received grants of extra nourishment. Twenty-four patients were assisted with beds and bedding. The district nurses attended 20 cases in their homes and paid 1,335 visits.

### ACUTE RHEUMATISM.

Three hundred and forty-seven patients attended the rheumatism supervisory centre, and 26 notifications were received.

### CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

Two hundred and seventy-one patients attended the chronic rheumatism clinic.

JAMES FENTON.

Medical Officer of Health,

	An sug
панны прантирально портино в пред	
Partition of the same of the s	
de de la se	
Dibuthers of the state of the s	

( uses of Death at Different Pe, 5ds of Life in 1939.													
Cause of Death.	Sex.	All Ages.	Under 1 year.	l and under 2 yrs.	under	5 and under 15 yrs.	15 and under 25 yrs.	25 and under 35 yrs.	35 and under 45 yrs.	45 and under 55 yrs.	55 and under 65 yrs.	65 and under 75 yrs.	75 and upward
ALL CAUSES Whooping cough Diphtheria	(M. (F. (M. (F.	931 1141 3 4 3	79 50 1 3	7 4 2	3 - 1 1 1	6 6 - - P	17 24 - -	32 36 -	45 46	100 68	194	227 295	221
Influenza	(M. (F.	9 32	1	=	- 1,1	-	=	1	1	2 -	2	3 8	1 00
Encephalitis lethargica Tuberculosis of respira-	(M. (F. (M.	5 51	-	-	-	-	1 5	2 6	13	12	10	5	Eotar
tory system	(F. (M. (F.	30 4 4	1	-	-	=	5	9	8 -	3 1 1	1	1	3 -
diseases	(M. (F.	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 -	1 - 1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
General paralysis of insane, tabes dorsalis	(M. (M.	4 2 146	-	-	-	1 -		- 2	3	2 -	53	1 49	26
Cancer, malignant disease	(F. (M.	191	= =	=	-	=	1 -	3 .	11 .	18	53	62	43
Cerebral haemorrhage,	(F. (M. (F.	22 26 56		-	-	=	=	1 -	1	5	6 8 10	10 7	5 6 28
etc Heart disease	(M. (F.	253 314	-	-	-	-	- 8	2 4	5 2	23	50 29	76 82	97 177
Aneurysm	(M. (F.	5 6 47	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	3	1 1 9	2 2 18	3 17
Other circulatory diseases	(F.	86 25	1	-	-	-		-	2	1	10	27	46
Pneumonia (all forms).	(F. (M. (F.	27 53 76	12 7	1 1	=	- 1	- 1	-	3 2	3 3	5 11 8	7 7 24	12 16 29

ause of Death.	Sex.	All Ages.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 2 yrs.	2 and under 5 yrs.	5 and under 15 yrs.	15 and under 25 yrs.	25 and under 35 yrs.	35 and under 45 yrs.	45 and under 55 yrs.	55 and under 65 yrs.	65 and under 75 yrs.	75 and upwards.
respiratory	(M. F.	10	8 - 1	1	1	8-6	-	- 2	2 .	2	1 2	3 8	1 2
ulcer	(M. F.	12	-	-	-	5-	-	-	2	6	2	1	1
oea, etc	(M. F.	18 9	16	1 2	-			-	-	-	=	-	i
icitis	M. F.	5 3	-		-	1	= =	2 -	- 1	1 -	-	1 2	-
sis of liver	(M. (F.	7	9 -	-	-		- [	-	-	1 - 4	6	1	- 1
diseases of liver,	(M. F.	1 12	6.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	ī	5	1 4
digestive diseases	(M. F.	15 16	1 _	7 -	-			_	-	1 3	3	4 3	5 7
and chronic	(M. F.	25			-	-	1	1	/ 2	8 3	2 2	5 3	7 7
ral sepsis	(F.	3 3			-	-		3	2		0.0 200	-	-
ital debility, pre- e birth, malforma-	(a.	41	40	3 -	-			-	-	-	1	3,000	
etc	(F. (M.	26	25	-	-	-	_	-	-	1 -		-c-nda	- 9
ty	(F.	29	=	= -	-	-	- 1	- 4	5	-	7	3	26
e	(F.	1.2	- 3	- 2	-	- 2	2	3 8	1	4	2	-	-
violence	F.	45 82	4 3		1	2	2 6	2	1 5	2 7	3 4	8 9	18
defined diseases.	(F.	81	2		-	3	- 2	2	9	12	13	26	13
ill-defined, or	(M. (F.	1 4	-		-	-			-	_	1	1	- 2

The inflant dead rate and as you is the process, the lowest the second lowest in the heat of the process of the tot the second lowest to the second lowest to the second lower the period let Jaquary to the Sist August was 67, which is lower than in previous years.

												,			

### Material Mortality.

There were aix deaths resulting from prognancy and obildbirth amongst Kendington worlds during 1939, which give a maternal mortality rate for the borough of 3.0 per 1,000.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

### Bacteriological Work.

The year was as follows:-

-: the feligible cars should be seen and the contract out:-

### Sholl and at an termit Lancisse lorg

eterate horaca and and alloance figures off tablianed no agree of the total of the total of the tablian and the total of t

The infant death rate was 64 per 1,000 births, which is the second lowest in the history of the borough, the lowest rate being 60 in 1926. This figure is not entirely due to evacuation for the rate for the period 1st January to the 31st August was 67, which is lower than in previous years.

## Causes of Deaths of Infants Under One Year of Age in Kensington During 1929.

Whooping cough 4
Diphtheria
Influenza 1
Tu'erculosis 1
Bronchitis 3
Pneumonia 19
Diarrhoea 22
Digestive diseases 1
Congenital malformation,
debility, etc 65
Violence 7
Other defined disesses 5
Total 129

### Maternal Mortality,

There were six deaths resulting from pregnancy and childbirth amongst Kensington women during 1939, which give a maternal mortality rate for the borough of 3.0 per 1,000.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

### Bacteriological Work.

The work performed at the council's laboratory during the year was as follows:-

Disease suspected. Examinations.	Positive.
Diphtheria 3,134	14
Scarlet fever 22	6
Tuberculosis 687	47
Typhoid fever (blood) 4	11000
,, (urine) 3	-
,, (faeces) 71	-
Dysentery (Sonne)(faeces) 126	4
Gonorrhoea 8	-

The following examinations were also carried out:-

Milk, general test	109
Milk, for tubercle bacilli	12
Virulence tests	16
Water from public swimming baths	31
Water from wells, etc	31
Miscellan eous	19

### Professional Nursing in the Home.

On behalf of the borough council, the Kensington district nursing association visited 325 cases, paying 5,081 visits. The total number of cases nursed during the year was 1,404, and the total number of visits paid was 36,103.

-morrantocav

ont of SECTION DEPROPER ANTILE TORING TO SECTION OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE SECTION OF THE

(In addition, by the Slet Desember, 1939, 358 certificates of successful vaccination had been received in respect of children living in Kensington who were born outside the borough dest living.

LATERCITY AND CHILD WELFARE SERVICES.

### Health Viniting Soule

gnirub lista gnitiaiv nilani vid ud bomioine, kiew adii 1939 ni beginemani si ordine bila and sad comioine is summeriaed in the

### Intant Felfage Central

nwords at CECL world and the transfer onest to know on?

The state of the series of the

### Vaccination.

There were 2,247 births reported in 1938 to the vaccination officer by the Kensington registrars. By the 31st December, 1939, 61.01 per cent. of these had been vaccinated or were insusceptible to vaccination. The other 38.99 per cent. are accounted for as follows:-

Statutory declarations of objection	12.33%
Died before vaccination	5.25%
Referred to other districts	12.91%
Removed, leaving no trace	7.74%
Postponed, or unaccounted for	0.76%

(In addition, by the 31st December, 1939, 352 certificates of successful vaccination had been received in respect of children living in Kensington who were born outside the borough during 1938.)

### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SERVICES.

### Health Visiting Staff.

The work performed by the health visiting staff during 1939 in regard to maternity and child welfore is summarised in the following table:-

First visits to infanta (0-1 year)	1,509
Re-visits to infants (0-1 year)	6,855
Visits to children between 1 and 5 years	12,441
Stillbirth enquiries	82
Visits to ophthalmia neonstorum cases	
Return visits to ophthalmia cases	17
Visits to measles cases	51
Visits to whooping-couch cases	1,087
Visits to puerperal fever cases	7
Visits to puerperal pyrexia cases	28
Visits to enteritis cases	53
Infantile death onguiries	82
Investigations re milk applications	254
Pre-natul visits	3,826
Half-days at welfare centres	2.000
Special visits	5,284

### Infant Welfare Centres.

The work at these institutions during 1939 is shown in the following table:-

Births occurring in the area suitable for	
welfare attention	1,584
natal consultations	389
sessions during the year	1,212
Attendances of pre-natal mothers	6,656
Individual children who attended during year	873
0-1 year	1,954
Attendances of children during the year	2,040
0-1 year	8,534
1-5 years	6,066
Attendances at centres of children for all purposes	
0-1 year	19,132
1-5 years	12,239
Weighings	29,167

A post-netal clinic is held at No. 304, Westbourne Grove once a week, and during 1939, 105 mothers attended.

### Dental Treatment.

The following table shows the dental treatment performed at the infant welfare centres during the year:-

Patients	1,027
Attendances	2,486
Extractions	1,551
Fillings	243
	125
Other treatments	.1.027

### Maternity Home.

The following is a statement of the work done during the year:-

Applications	for admission	129
,,	accepted	129
,,	withdrawn after acceptance	25
Women confine	ed during the year	86

The gross cost of the scheme to the council during 1939 was £840 3s. Od.

The assessments made in respect of patients whose applications were accepted and not withdrawn during the year amounted to £405 7s. Od. Payments made by patients totalled £403 6s. 9d.

### The Baby Clinic, 92, Tavistock Road.

One hundred and seven individual mothers, and 549 children attended this institution, making respectively 918 and 6,424 attendances. The average number seen at doctors' consultations was, mothers 29 and children 20.

### The Baby Hospital, 1, Ladbroke Square.

One hundred and seventy-five patients were admitted to this hospital during the year for in-patient treatment, and the average duration of stay was 27 days.

# Supply of Extra Nourishment for Expectant and Nursing Mothers and for Infants.

Under the council's scheme, 29,728 packets of dried milk and 728 pints of fresh milk were supplied to expectant and nursing mothers and infants at a cost of £1,760 lls. Od. In addition, 3,520 dinners were supplied at a cost of £62 5s. 9d. Ten thousand, nine hundred and thirty-four packets of dried milk were sold at cost price. The public assistance officer of the London County Council supplied 70 pints of milk at a cost of £1 Os. 5d., and 682 packets of dried milk at a cost of £8 3s. 7d.

### Home Helps.

One hundred and forty-six home helps were supplied under the council's scheme at a cost of £224 17s. 9d.

### Convalescent Homes.

Twenty-one mothers and babies received convalescent home treatment under the council's scheme at a cost of £113 Os. 6d.

### Other Services

The following services, etc., were in operation and records of the work done can be seen in the public health department:-

Midwifery arrangements.
Treatment at infants' and toddlers' clinics.
Orthopaedic treatment.
Artificial sunlight treatment.
Day nurseries.
Day nursery assistance scheme.
Boarding-out of children.
Travelling expenses.
Work of health lecturer.
Work at birth control and gynaecological clinics.
Child life protection.
Work of the advisory committee.

### SANITARY INSPECTION.

The following table shows a summary of the inspections, etc., carried cut by the district and housing inspectors during the year:-

Total complaints received	2,381
Public Health (London) Act, 1936. Complaints received. Houses inspected on complaint. ,, after infectious disease Re-inspections Inspections of mews Smoke observations Other inspections	1,930 1,937 568 6,141 135 9 2,738
By-laws re Houses Let in Lodgings. Complaints received	451 445 313 2,636
Housing Acts. Initial inspections (including preparation or revision of house-to-house card) Re-inspections	601
Underground Living Rooms. Primary inspections	621 3,524
Drainage. Applications made Plans submitted House drains tested and inspected	333 210 507
The following table shows the number of notices a	which

The following table shows the number of notices which have been issued in respect of nuisances, defects, etc. found during the year:-

	ASST London Land	H nt fdng

Public Health (London) Act, 1936. Intimation notices. Statutory notices. Final notices. Summonses issued.  Housing Act, 1936. Section 9 (repairs) Section 157 (entry).  Various. Rent Restriction Act certificates. Report of waste of water to M.W.B. Report of dangerous structures to L.C.C. Other notices.  The following is a summary of works completed the supervision of the district and housing inspectors	471 168 10 33 149 3 117 52 30 under
House drains reconstructed  ,, additions to  Defective drains repaired.  House drains cleansed.  Water-closets reconstructed  , repaired.  , new provided.  y, new provided.  Ventilating pipes new provided.  Sinks, new provided.  Sinks, new provided.  Ventilating pipes, new provided.  Waste pipes, cisterns cleansed.  , covered.  , abolished.  Taps fixed on rising main.  Yards, areas paved, drained, repaired.  Dustbins provided.  Accumulations of filth, etc. removed.  Overcrowding abated.  Animals removed.  Underground rooms, illegal occupation discontinued.  Roofs repaired.  Houses provided with water above basement level Dampness in dwellings remedied.  Ventilated food cupboards provided.  Artificial lighting of staircases provided.  Closing orders made under Housing Acts - underground rocms.  Closing orders determined.  Repairs of houses completed under the Housing Acts.  Infectious disease cases removed.  Houses disinfected after infectious disease (in	86 122 132 162 97 168 144 293 81 111 91 329 358 329 399 89 32 31 160 370 224 126 126 127 11 418 93 92 231
Cluding bedding, clothing, etc.)  Rooms in such houses disinfected after infectious disease  Houses cleansed under houses let in lodgings by-laws	. 485 . 513 . 447 . 117 . 380 . 688 . 44 . 3

### Legal Proceedings.

During the year, 45 summonses were taken out for various offences, and fines and costs amounting to £87 los. Od. were imposed.

### Other Services.

The following activities have also been conducted throughout the year, and records of the work done may be seen in the public health department:-

Work at the public baths and washhouses.

Work at the mertuaries and chapel of rest.

Removal of aged, infirm or physically incapacitated persons.

Rats and mice destruction.

Nuisance from pigeons.

Pouling of footpaths by dogs.

Cleansing of verminous persons.

Disinfection after infectious disease.

Disinfection of library books.

Essinfestation.

### HOUSING.

## Basement Rooms

All the 418 closing orders made during the year were in respect of basement rooms. At the time the orders were made, 47 of the basements were empty and in 110 cases the basement tenants were able to move upstairs to adequate accommodation in the same house or found their own accommodation elsewhere. Thirty-four families (164 persons) were rehoused by the council or, through their agency, by the London county council or housing associations.

### Overcrowding.

At the beginning of the year, there were 1,927 families living under overcrowded conditions, and during the year 14 new families were discovered to be overcrowded. One hundred and sixty-four of these families were renoused during the year, leaving a total of 1,777.

### General.

The Minister of Health requires the following particulars for 1939:-

1.	Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year:- (i)(a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected	
	for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	3,864
	(b) Number of inspections made for purpose (ii)(a) Number of dwelling-houses (included	18,322
	under sub-head (1) above) which were in-	F
	Spected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	601
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	2,636
	(iii) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health	
	as to be unfit for human habitation	1
	(iv) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-	
	head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	1,499

to desper at temperature of the state of the

2.	Remedy of defects during the year without the service of formal notices:-  Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers	Nil.
3. Ac	ction under statutory powers during the year:- (a) Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:-	
(\$ two)	(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs.  (ii) Number of dwelling-houses which were	33
restal ulus no	rendered fit after service of formal notices in 1939 or the previous year  (a) By owners	8.5
	<ul> <li>(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts—</li> <li>(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects</li> </ul>	
	(ii) Number of dwelling-houses in which de- fects were remedied after service of formal notices-	1,466
	(a) by owners	1,466 Nil.
	(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which demolition orders were made	Nil.
A SHA	(d) Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:-  (i) Number of separate tenements or under-	Nil.
	ground rooms in respect of which closing orders were made	191 8 rooms
Total Series	orders were determined, the tenements or rooms having been rendered fit(9	47 3 rooms
4.	Housing Act, 1936, Part IV-Overcrowding:- (a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the	
	end of the year	1,777
	(b) (i) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	7,770
	(ii) Number of 'equivalent' persons concerned in such cases	64
	(c) (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	164
	in such cases	917
	overcrowding	Nil.
	(Note: In obtaining the "number of equivalent person children between the ages of one and ten years are counted as 'half-persons'. Infants under one years not counted.)	е

.

### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

### Milk.

Three hundred and six samples of milk were submitted to to the public analyst, and ten were found to be adulterated.

At the end of the year there were on the register 175 purveyors registered for the sale of milk in sealed containers, 179 dairymen, and 138 dairies and milkshops.

### Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924.

Sixty-two slaughterhouse inspections were made during the year.

### Unsound Food.

No unsound food was seized during the year, but a large amount was voluntarily surrendered.

### Adulteration of Food.

Five hundred and ninety-nine formal samples of food were taken, of which 15; or 2.5%; were adulterated. Four hundred and two informal samples were taken, of which four, or 1%, were adulterated.

### INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

The following table shows the number of cases of infectious disease notified in the various age periods and wards, the number admitted to hospital, and the total deaths from these diseases in 1939:-

Tag	The state of the s	atoT
	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	

1 4 1 m may be		Number of cases notified.												Total cases notified in each ward.									1	1	
		At ages - years.																43	:			-	3	1	
Notifiable disease.	At all ages	Under 1.	1 to 2.	2 to 3.	3 to 4.	4 to 5.	f to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 35.	35 to 45.	45 to 65.	65 & over.	St. Charles	Golborne	Norland.	Pembridge.	Holland.	Earl's Cour	Queens Gate	Redcliffe.	Brompton.	cases admitted to hospital.	Total Deaths.	
Smallpox Scarlet fever	117	-1	-4	9	11	1 09	52	22	8	18	- 2	6	-	40	10	25	15	9	7	3	5	3	1111	-	1
membranous croup) Enteric fever. Puerperal fever. Puerperal pyrexia	102 9 5 34	7	5	7	11	8 -	34	11	3 1 4	5 4	2 1 2	1 -	1 -	39 - 1 9	1 2	4 - 3	3 1 1 4	9816	1 3	11 2 -	12 2 1 -	1 - 1	100 8 5 31	3 3	
ecute influenzal pneumonia Dysentery	109 14 45 2 4	5 2 1 - 1 -	2 4 1	23	1	11	8 3	6 1 2 1 1 1	2 1	.1	11 5	26	8 -	20 5 11 1	37 1 7 - 1	13 4 2 - 2 -	18 - 5 - 1 -	834	5 1	01011	3 1 8	3 - 1	66 12 27 2 4	52 - 5	-13-
encephalitis Pulmonary tuberculosis Other forms of tuberculosis Measles Ophthalmia neonatorum. Whooping cough Malaria +Enteritis (diarrhoea) Food poisoning	4 157 23 31 8 345	- 1 2 8 47 - 26	2 60 -1	6 61 3	1 - 59	1 - 45 - 1	313 69	1 4 3 2 - 2	2813-1	1 59 7 9	25 2 1	25 5 2 1 1 1 1	91	-	10	2 17 3 1 - 14 - 4	27 3 5 1 7	14 2 3 1 2 - 2	21 3 4 - 5	1 1 1	1 9 30 - 1	8 2 1 - 3	3 139 19 15 1 66 - 24	79 7 - 7 - 7 27	
øAcute rheumatism	18		-		-	-	jo	8	-	-	-	-	1	5	2 4	1	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Totals	1061	101	82	92	83	66	163	61	44	187	55	82	45	301	245	95	99	68	55	89	86	23	604	187	1
74	Cas	+ No	tifi ,,		1	,		chi	100	32		r th		7	5	year 		0					***	T.	-