Report on the sanitary condition of the Borough of Bermondsey for the year 1935.

Contributors

Bermondsey (London, England). Metropolitan Borough. Connan, D. M.

Publication/Creation

London : Henry Richardson, 1936.

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/acmdchd3

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution, Non-commercial license.

Non-commercial use includes private study, academic research, teaching, and other activities that are not primarily intended for, or directed towards, commercial advantage or private monetary compensation. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org



Borough of

K4378



Bermondsey.



REPORT

ON THE

SANITARY CONDITION

OF THE

BOROUGH OF BERMONDSEY

For the Year

1935

BY

D. M. CONNAN, M.D., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.



BER 48

Borough of



Bermondsey.

REPORT

ON THE

SANITARY CONDITION

OF THE

BOROUGH OF BERMONDSEY

For the Year

1935

BY

D. M. CONNAN, M.D., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT-	-		Р	AGE
Public Health Committee				4
Maternity and Child Welfare Com	mittee			4
Staff				5
				-
VITAL STATISTICS-				
Area				8
Dwellings				8
Rateable Value				8
Population				8
Births				8
Deaths		••	••	9
Marriages	•• ••	••	• •	9
Infantile Mortality Rates	•• ••	• • •	• •	10
Deaths from Tuberculosis	•• ••		• •	
Vital Statistics of District				10
				-
Causes of Deaths	•• ••			
Deaths from Zymotic Diseases				16
Infantile Mortality, Causes of Dea	ths			17
INFECTIOUS DISEASES-				
Diseases Notifiable				18
Diphtheria				18
Scarlet Fever				-0
Small Pox				
Measles				19
O 1 11 1 1 NT				19
December 1 D ·				20
Disinfection	•••••••			20
			••	20
Shelter	•• ••	•••		
Shelter	••••••	• •	• •	21
Bacteriological Laboratory	•• ••			
Food Poisoning Foot Clinic				22
T I I DI L I DI L				22
Insulin for Diabetic Patients	•• ••			
Nursing Cases Notified in 1935	•• ••			
Cases Notified in 1935	•• ••			
Cases Notified for last ten years	•• ••			26
TUBERCULOSIS-				
New Cases and Deaths				27
Period between Notifications and	Deaths			27
Nursing and Extra Nourishment	Deatins		• •	36
	••••••	• •	•••	36
Lady Almoner	•• ••		• •	37

			AGE
Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis)			- 0 9 5
1925			37
Work of the Tuberculosis Dispensary			38
Summary of Notifications			39
Cases on the Register			40
LIGHT TREATMENT-			
LIGHT TREATMENT — Work done in the Solarium			41
Levsin Patients		fi dente de	45
Leysin Patients	La la corre		
Changes in Scheme during 1935			46
Fairby Grange Convalescent Home			
Midwifery Service			18
Midwifery Service			10
Infant Life Protection		•••	48
Maternal Mortality	•••	••	48
Work of the Health Visitors		• •	49
Attendances at Centres			50
Statistics for 1935		• •	51
DENTAL TREATMENT-			
Particulars of Children Treated			53
Particulars of Treatment and Work for 1935			54
PROPAGANDA			55
	19.1	offering	00
SANITARY ADMINISTRATION-			
Housing			
Housing Act, 1935-Overcrowding Survey			59
Inspections and Proceedings			61
Work of the District Inspectors			
Factories and Workshops—Homework Factories and Workshops—Inspections			66
Factories and Workshops—Inspections			67
Bakehouses			68
House, Trade and Market Refuse			69
Offensive Trades			69
Mortuary			69
Street Markets			69
Drainage Work			70
Work of Factories and Shops Inspector			70
FOOD CONTROL-		0.0	0.0
			70
Unsound Food-Shops and Stalls.		•••	72
Imported Food Regulations-Samples Take			72
Work of the Wharves and Food Inspectors	•••	••	75
Milk Premises			76
Milk Licences			76
Milk Sampling			76
Ice Cream			77
Ice Cream			78
Food and Drugs-Prosecutions			82
Unsound Food-Wharves, etc			83
HEALTH SERVICES			88

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE, 1935.

Chairman	Cor	uncillor E. J. Gl	IBSON,	19	34-35,	1935-36
		C. J. LE	εe.			1934-35
,, ,,		" S. Ř. W	EIGHTMA	N		1935-36
Alderman		A. E. Hatcher	Councillor	A. V.	Kidd	
			,,	Mrs.	R. E. I	laker
Councillor	Mrs.	S. C. Amos		Miss	E. M. 1	Nix
		H. A. Beal			J. G. I	Page
,, ,,		W. T. Cockett	,,	Mrs.	F . A. I	Powell
,,	Mrs.	E. V. Coyle	,,		J.W.Si	mmonds
,,		K. Groves	,,		G. H. S	Stean
		A. M. Hatcher	,,		W. A. S	stocker
"		F. Humphreys	,,		J. A. V	Vright
"		F. I. M. Husk				

Ex-officio :

Councillor S. R. WEIGHTMAN, J.P., Mayor of Bermondsey, 1934-35.

Councillor G. LOVELAND, J.P., Mayor of Bermondsey, 1935-36.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE, 1935.

Chairman	Councillor Mrs. E.	V. COYLE, 1934-35, 1935-36
Vice-Chairn	nan Mrs.A.M	I. HATCHER, 1934-35, 1935-36
Alderman	G. R. Balleine,	Councillor Mrs. F. I. M. Husk
	M.A.	" Mrs. R. E. Laker
,,	Mrs. D. A. Green	W. S. McKay
	Miss M. I. Henrich	" Miss E. M. Nix
	Mrs. A. M. Fortescue	,, Mrs. A. E. Pitt
,,	E. J. Gibson	" Mrs. F. A. Powell
,,	Mrs. L. A. Glasson	bus sepude theory barrade

Co-opted Members :

Mrs. E. R. Balman Mrs. H. Richardson Miss E. M. Haslam Mrs. E. C. Starr

Ex-officio :

Councillor S. R. WEIGHTMAN, J.P., Mayor of Bermondsey,

1934-35.

Councillor G. LOVELAND, J.P., Mayor of Bermondsey, 1935-36



(5)

STAFF :--

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

D. M. Connan, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

SANITARY INSPECTORS :

J. G. Frankson, Wharves and Food Inspector.

G. A. Hoskins, Wharves and Food Inspector.

G. F. J. Toll, Wharves and Food Inspector.

E. J. Pitts, Market Inspector.

H. E. Butcher, Food and Drugs Inspector.

W. C. Tapsfield, Factories and Shops Inspector.

District Inspectors.

W. Davis, Senior District Inspector and Drainage Inspector

No. 1-F. J. Carpenter	No. 5-A. W. Hancock
No. 2-H. J. Bailey	No. 6-W. A. Pilson
No. 3-L. T. Knott	No. 7-O. W. R. Smart
No. 4-W. A. Campbell	No, 8-F. L. Richardson

TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health and Clinical Tuberculosis Officer-C. H. C. Toussaint, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant Tuberculosis Officer-E. J. O'Keeffe, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Lady Almoner-Olive Pike.

Tuberculosis Nurse-Celia Clapson

Solarium Nurses-Mrs. Dorothy Cottier, Estelle Jagôt and Muriel Coleby.

Caretaker-H. J. Madasa.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

Assistant Medical Officers for Maternity and Child Welfare-Ruth W. Plimsoll, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.; Florence L. Telfer, M.D.

Health Visitors.

Rosa Bache Sarah Bowles Lucy Brown Amy Carlton Marie Helden Elizabeth Lawrence

Gwendolen Riches Edith Rilev Florence Robson Florence Wadds Isabel White

Fairby Grange Convalescent Home : Matron-Florence Child Nurse-Ann O'Meara

DENTAL DEPARTMENT:

Municipal Dental Surgeon-

Grantley Smith, L.M.S.S.A., H.D.D.Edin., L.D.S.Eng.

Assistant Dental Surgeon-W. H. Shapland, L.D.S.Eng.

Dental Nurses-Winifred Lambert and Mrs. Daisy Hodgson

Prosthetic Assistants-G. W. Clarke, W. B. Monger and T. H. Baggott

FOOT CLINIC:

Chiropodists-Ethel Cook, Mrs. Florence Rock and E. F. Part.

PUBLIC ANALYST.

A. Prideaux Davson, A.R.C.Sc., F.I.C., F.C.S.

PROPAGANDA AND ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER : H. W. Bush, F.I.P.A., M.I.H.

CLERICAL STAFF:

A. I. Fair, Chief Clerk
F. W. Smith, Second Clerk
C. W. Whye, General Clerk
A. Manning, General Clerk
C. F. Yaxley, General Clerk
Rose Dutch, Clerk & Dispenser
C. F. Lumley, General Clerk
H. J. Smith, General Clerk

F. R. Parker, General Clerk
C. H. Harris, General Clerk
J. W. J. Saward, General Clerk
Alice Jones, General Clerk
J. A. Blake, General Clerk
J. F. M. Brooker, Junior Clerk
F. Cornwell, Junior Clerk
H. D. White, Junior Clerk

DISINFECTING AND CLEANSING STATION:

A. C. Davidson, Foreman in Charge.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT. MUNICIPAL OFFICES,

SPA ROAD, S.E.Id.





Borough of Bermondsey.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Bermondsey.

SIR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report for the year 1935. There are no points of outstanding interest upon which to comment, but I may perhaps be allowed to draw attention to the welcome, though slight decrease in the number of cases of infectious disease.

Although it is unwise to attach too much importance to statistics, yet it may be noted that during this year there have been no maternal deaths and consequently the maternal mortality rate is nil.

It is my very pleasant duty to thank the Chairmen and Members of Committees for their unfailing support. I desire also to offer my thanks to the staff in general for their loyalty and ungrudging industry during the year, and to Mr. F. W. Smith in particular who has, as in previous years, prepared the material for this report.

A number of changes have taken place in the staff and I would like to make reference here to two of them. Dr. Turner, who has been a part-time Medical Officer in the Maternity and Child Welfare Department for many years, has resigned to the great regret of her colleagues. She will be missed by many of the mothers at the Princess Club Centre. Mr. G. L. Scott, Wharves Inspector, has also retired, having reached the age limit. Mr. Scott has been an Inspector in the borough for more than thirty-four years, and as a result of his long experience and high personal character he had achieved a position in the affection and esteem of his colleagues which it is the happy lot of few to attain.

I am, Sir, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

D. M. CONNAN.

I.-VITAL STATISTICS.

GENERAL.

The area of the Borough (exclusive of area covered by water) is 1,336 acres.

The number of inhabited houses at the end of 1935 according to the Rate Books was 19,146.

The rateable value of the Borough on the 31st December, 1935 was £877,181, the product of a penny rate being £3,452.

Cer	ISUS	Estim Registrar	ate of General	
1921	1931	to 30th June, 1934	to 30th June, 1935	
119,452	111,542	105,060	102,700	

POPULATION.

BIRTHS.

The total number of births belonging to the Borough registered during 1935 was 1487, consisting of 771 males and 716 females. The number for 1934 was 1,557.

The birth rate for 1935 was 14.5 per 1,000 persons living, compared with 14.8 for 1934.

DEATHS.

The total number of deaths belonging to the Borough registered during 1935 was 1,201, consisting of 670 males and 531 females. The number for 1934 was 1,304.

The death rate for 1935 was 11.7 per 1,000 persons living, compared with 12.4 for 1934.

MARRIAGES.

The total number of marriages in the Borough in 1935 was 1,027, being 23 below the number for 1934, and 15 above the average for the last 10 years.

The figures have been supplied by the Superintendent Registrar. This makes a marriage rate of 20.00 per 1,000 of the population, compared with a marriage rate last year of 19.91.

		Ye	ar		NT TO	No.	Rate
1925						1,038	16.88
1926						994	16.15
1927						1,021	16.88
1928						1,055	18.32
1929						994	17.47
1930						1,021	17.94
1931						1,001	17.81
1932						936	17.00
1933						1,007	18.77
1934						1,050	19.91
Averag	ge for ye	ears 19	25—19	34		1,012	17.71
	1651	1935				1,027	20.00

Year				Whole	Borough	London		
	ICa			No. of Deaths	Rate per 1,000 Births	No. of Deaths	Rate per 1,000 Births	
1925				210	79	5,599	68	
1926				146	60	5,067	64	
1927				149	67	4,357	59	
1928				178	85	4,879	67	
1929				160	71	4,995	71	
1930				130	63	4,109	59	
1931				112	57	4,270	65	
1932				103	56	4,143	67	
1933				92	61	3,377	60	
1934		•••		100	64	3,832	67	
Average for 1925-1934		rs }		138	66	4,463	65	
1935				103	69	3,229	* 58	

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

TUBERCULOSIS OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

In the following Table will be found particulars of deaths from Tuberculosis of the Respiratory System since the year 1925.

Sub-District		Bermond- sey	Rother- St. hithe Olave			hole ough	London		
Year		No.	No.	No.	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	
1925		99	35	11	145	1.18	4361	0.95	
1926		100	39	12	151	1.23	4066	0.88	
1927		87	42	15	144	1.19	4140	0.91	
1928		88	43	12	143	1.24	3985	0.89	
1929		78	31	8	117	1.03	4230	0.96	
1930		81	36	15	132	1.16	3826	0.87	
1931		81	30	5	116	1.03	3907	0.90	
1932		71	34	11	116	1.05	3564	0.82	
1933		68	23	8	99	0.92	3530	0.82	
1934	••	64	22	4	90	0.86	3227	0.76	
Averages for years									
1925-1934	••	82	33	10	125	1.09	3884	0.88	
1935		70	23	5	98	0.95	2847	0.68	

		Bin	rths	Tot	Total Deaths registered in the District				Deaths of Non-	Deaths of Resi-	all	Net Deaths at all Ages belonging to	
	Population	nated			r 1 Year Age	At all	Ages	Total Deaths in	Resi- dents regis-	dents regis- tered in		District	
Year 1	to Middle of each Year 2	Year No. Rate Rate per 1,000 No. Births No. Rate District regis- tered	tered in Public Institu- tions, etc. in the District 10	Public Institu- tions beyond the District 11	No. 12	Rate							
1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934	123,000 123,100 121,000 115,200 113,800 113,800 112,400 110,100 107,300 105,060	2.652 2,414 2,233 2,086 2,252 2,059 1,958 1.831 1,500 1,557	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \cdot 6 \\ 19 \cdot 6 \\ 18 \cdot 5 \\ 18 \cdot 1 \\ 19 \cdot 8 \\ 18 \cdot 1 \\ 17 \cdot 4 \\ 16 \cdot 6 \\ 14 \cdot 0 \\ 14 \cdot 8 \end{array}$	188 126 119 143 127 90 91 81 72 77	$71 \\ 52 \\ 53 \\ 69 \\ 56 \\ 44 \\ 46 \\ 44 \\ 48 \\ 49 $	$\begin{array}{c} 1.280\\ 1,163\\ 1,236\\ 1,230\\ 1,304\\ 1,169\\ 1,169\\ 1,169\\ 1,147\\ 1,216\\ 1,223\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10{\cdot}4\\ 9{\cdot}4\\ 10{\cdot}2\\ 10{\cdot}7\\ 11{\cdot}4\\ 10{\cdot}3\\ 10{\cdot}4\\ 10{\cdot}4\\ 11{\cdot}3\\ 11{\cdot}6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 669\\ 624\\ 616\\ 671\\ 696\\ 686\\ 596\\ 689\\ 720\\ 784 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 47\\31\\22\\39\\32\\46\\92\\189\\215\\229\end{array}$	321 352 352 329 378 365 331 368 339 310	$\begin{array}{c} 1,554\\ 1,484\\ 1,566\\ 1,520\\ 1,650\\ 1,488\\ 1,408\\ 1,326\\ 1,340\\ 1,304 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \cdot 6 \\ 12 \cdot 1 \\ 12 \cdot 9 \\ 13 \cdot 2 \\ 14 \cdot 5 \\ 13 \cdot 1 \\ 12 \cdot 5 \\ 12 \cdot 0 \\ 12 \cdot 5 \\ 12 \cdot 4 \end{array}$	
Averages for years 1925-1934	114,476	2,054	17.8	111	53	1,214	10-6	675	94	344	1,464	12.8	
1935	102,700	1,487	14.5	99	67	1,142	11.1	756	255	314	1,201	11.7	

VITAL STATISTICS OF WHOLE DISTRICT DURING 1935 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

(11)

OTHER INSTITUTIONS, Etc., Etc.

L	II.	III.	
Institutions, etc.,	Institutions outside		
within the District	the District receiv-	Other Institutions, etc., the Death	hs in
receiving sick and in-	ing sick and infirm	which have been distributed amon	g the
firm persons from out-	persons from the	several localities in the Distri	et
side the District.	District.		
			No. of
No. of	No. of		Deaths
Deaths	Deaths	All Saints' Hospital, Southwark	1
St. Olave's Hos-	Ladywell	Ambulances on way to Hospital	5
pital 236	Institution 42	Archway Hospital, Islington	1
		Bexley Mental Hospital	4
Bermondsey		Broadmoor Asylum, Crowthorne	1
Medical Mission		Brook Hospital, Shooters Hill	2
Hospital 2		Catholic Nursing Institute, Lambeth	1 I
110011101 =		Charing Cross Hospital	1
		Children's Hospital, Great Ormond	
Deaths in		Street	1
River Thames,		Claybury Mental Hospital	1
Surrey		Colindale Hospital, Hendon	1
Commercial		Constance Road Institution, Camb	
Docks,		well Darenth Training Colony	1
Wharves, etc. 15		Darenth Training Colony Downs Hospital, Sutton Dulwich Hospital	1
		Downs Hospital, Sutton	0
		Durnien reoppieur	
Grand Surrey Canal 1		East Sussex County Mental Hospit	1
		Hellingley	1
D		East View, Rainham, Essex	5
Private Houses 1		Evelina Hospital Farnborough Hospital, Orpington	1
		General Hospital, Willesden	1
Total 255		Golden Square Hospital, Westminste	
Total 255		Grove, The, Epsom	4
		Grove Park Hospital, Mottingham	2
		Guy's Hospital	65
			1
		Hermitage Convalescent Home, Has	it-
		ings	1
		Holborn & Finsbury Institution	on,
		Shoreditch	1
		Horton Hospital, Epsom	*
		Hospital, The, Chartham	1
		Hospital, The, Coulsdon	4
		Hundred Acres, Epsom Infants' Hospital, Westminster	
		Isolation Hospital, East Malling	i î
		King's College Hospital	î
		Ladywell Institution	42
		Lambeth Hospital	9
		Leavesden Mental Hospital	3
		Lewisham Hospital	2
		Manor, The, Epsom	2
		Middlesex Hospital	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \end{array}$
		Miller Hospital, Greenwich	2
		Municipal Hospital, Hastings	1
		National Hospital for Diseases of t	the
		Heart, St. Marylebone	1
		Newington Institution, Southwark	1

OTHER INSTITUTIONS, Etc., Etc.-continued

Institutions, etc., within the District receiving sick and in- firm persons from out- side the District.	Institutions outside the District receiv- ing sick and infirm persons from the District.	Other Institutions, etc., the Deaths in which have been distributed among the several localities in the District.
		Normanhurst Nursing Home, Wands-
		worth
	13461244	Norwood Children's Hospital 2 Papworth Village Settlement 1
		Papworth Village Settlement 1 Park Hospital, Hither Green 6
		Peckham House Mental Hospital 1 Petersfield Lodge Nursing Home,
	1.13231877177131	Lewisham 1
		Podkin Farm, Biddendon 1
	Carlos Carlos Carlos	Poplar Institution
	550 -110	Princess of Elizabeth of York Hospital,
		Shadwell 2 Private Houses 2
		Queen Mary's Hospital, Bromley 1
		Queen Mary's Hospital for Children,
	JEN TO PA	Carshalton 3
		Queen Mary's Hospital, Chislehurst 1
		Royal Waterloo Hospital 2 St. Alfege's Hospital, Greenwich 13
	Concernation of the	St. Alfege's Hospital, Greenwich 13 St. Alfege's Institution, Greenwich 10
		St. Bartholomew's Hospital 3
		St. Benedict's Hospital, Wandsworth 2
		St. George-in-the-East Hospital, Step-
		ney
		St. Giles' Hospital, Camberwell 5 St. John's Hospital, Battersea 1
		St. John's Hospital, Battersea 1 St. Joseph's Home, Edmonton 1
	man and the state	St. Joseph's Hospice, Hackney 2
		St. Luke's Hospital, Paddington 1
		St. Nicholas Hospital, Woolwich 2
		St. Pancras Institution
		St. Peter's Hospital, Hackney 1 St. Peter's Hospital, Westminster 1
		St. Stephen's Hospital, Fulham 1
		St. Thomas's Hospital 6
	Berry B. Markers	"Sandhill," Pembury, Kent 1
	A A	Seaman's Hospital, Greenwich 4
		South-Eastern Hospital, New Cross 8
	Stad William	South London Hospital, Wandsworth 1 Southern Hospital, Dartford 2
	1. 1. 2. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2.	Street 5
	3 6 8	Tooting Bec Hospital 18 West Middlesex County Hospital,
	2.12381.11	Isleworth 1
	2 1722	West Park Mental Hospital, Epsom 3
		Workplaces 1
	E STREAME	Total 314

					s at the su er occurri				,	
Causes of Death		All Ages	Under 1	1 and under 2	2 and under 5	5 and under 15	15 and under 25	25 and under 45	45 and under 65	65 and up wards
All Certified Causes Uncertified	::	1200 1	103	17	22	29	52	120	307	550 1
Syphoid and Paratyphoid Fever		-		-	-	_	_	-	_	-
leasles		4		2	2	-	-	-		-
carlet Fever		-				-		-	-	-
Whooping Cough		5	2	2	1		-		-	-
Diphtheria		10			5	5	_	-	-	-
nfluenza	• •	10	-	1	-	-	1	1	3	4
Encephalitis Lethargica		1	-		_	-		1	-	
Cerebro-spinal Fever		3		1	1	-	1	-	-	
Cuberculosis of Respiratory System	• •	98					22	42	28	6
Other Tuberculous Diseases	••	9		-	3	2	1	2	1	-
Syphilis		1			-		-	-	-	1
2	tabes									
dorsalis	••	4	-		-	-	-	2	2	
Cancer, Malignant Disease		147		1	-	1	1	13	65	66
Diabetes	••	11 111	5	-	-	1	1		3 28	6 74
Derebral Hæmorrhage, etc		231		-	-		5	3 12	28 75	137
					-	2				
Aneurysm		4		-	-	-	-	-	23	2 15
Other Circulatory Diseases Bronchitis	•••	18 69	3	_	_	_	-	3	3 15	48

CAUSES OF, AND AGES AT, DEATHS DURING THE YEAR 1935.

CAUSES OF, AND AGES AT, DEATHS DURING THE YEAR 1935-continued.

						ges of " R beyond th			
Causes of Death	All Ages	Under 1	1 and under 2	2 and under 5	5 and under 15	15 and under 25	25 and under 45	45 and under 65	65 and up- wards
Pneumonia (all forms)	116	25	4	3	1	5	12	23	43
Other Respiratory Diseases	18		2	1	_	1	1	10	3
Peptic Ulcer	16	-	-	-	-	1	3	7	5
Diarrhœa, etc	35	28	3		1			1	2
appendicitis	8	-	-	1			2	2	3
irrhosis of Liver	4	-	-		-			2	2
Other Diseases of Liver, etc,	2		-			-	-	-	2
ther Digestive Diseases	10						-	1	9
acute and Chronic Nephritis	68						4	9	55
Puerperal Sepsis	—	-				-			-
Other Puerperal Causes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	·	
formations, etc,	35	35	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Senility	42		-			-	-	-	42
Suicide	3			-	-		1	2	-
Other Violence	41	1		2	7	7	6	6	12
Other Defined Causes	66	4	1	3	9	5	12	18	14
auses ill-defined or unknown	1		-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	1201	103	17	22	29	52	120	307	551

Year	All	Causes	Zyn	ncipal notic eases	Sma	allpox	Me	asles		arlet ever		iph- ieria		ooping ough		teric ever	Dia	rrhœa
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934	$\begin{array}{r} 1484\\ 1566\\ 1520\\ 1650\\ 1488\\ 1408\\ 1326\\ 1326\\ 1340 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12.9\\ 13.2\\ 14.5\\ 13.1\\ 12.5\\ 12.0\end{array}$	96 94 45 137 62 101 24 67 45 87	$ \begin{array}{r} .78 \\ .76 \\ .37 \\ 1.19 \\ .54 \\ .89 \\ .21 \\ .61 \\ .42 \\ .83 \\ \end{array} $			20 24 9 77 1 61 3 25 9 38	-16 -19 -07 -67 -01 -54 -03 -23 -08 -36			$29 \\ 42 \\ 13 \\ 16 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 10$	$\begin{array}{r} \cdot 24 \\ \cdot 34 \\ \cdot 11 \\ \cdot 14 \\ \cdot 05 \\ \cdot 07 \\ \cdot 05 \\ \cdot 10 \\ \cdot 12 \\ \cdot 10 \end{array}$	$27 \\ 1 \\ 10 \\ 26 \\ 33 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 16 \\ 5 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 $	-22 -01 -08 -23 -29 -05 -04 -15 -05 -10			17 21 12 14 19 17 9 14 14 14 28	·14 ·17 ·09 ·12 ·17 ·15 08 ·13 ·13 ·26
Average for years 1925-1934	1464	12.8	76	•66	_	-	27	·23	3	·02	15	·13	14	·12	_	-	16	·14
1935	1201	11.7	54	.53	-	_	4	•04	-	_	10	·10	5	·05	_	_	35	·34

DEATHS	FROM	ZYMOTIC	DISEASES,	1935.
--------	------	---------	-----------	-------

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

Deaths from Stated Causes at Various Ages under One Year of Age, 1935.

Cause of Death			Under 1 week	1—2 weeks	2—3 weeks	3—4 weeks	Total under 1 month	13 months	3—6 months	6—9 months	9—12 months	Total under I year
	Et al					-			2.172			
Measles			-	-		-	-					_
Scarlet Fever			-	-		-	-	-	2 - 8			_
Whooping Cough			-		-	-	-	-		1	1	2
Diphtheria			-			-	-				- 1	_
Influenza			-		-	-	-	2			_	-
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis						-	- 1	_				_
Tuberculous Meningitis			-			-	-	-			_	-
Other forms of Meningitis			-			-	-	-		-	_	_
Tuberculosis of Respiratory	System		-		-	-	-	-		_		-
Other Tuberculous Diseases		• •		-		-	- 1		-		- 1	
Syphilis			-		-		-				-	-
Bronchitis			-	-	-	-	- 1		1	2	-	3
Pneumonia (all forms)			-	1	5	- 1	6	6	5	6	2	25
Other Respiratory Diseases				-	-		-			-	_	_
Diarrhoea and Enteritis			-	1	2	1	4	4	11	4	4	27
Congenital Debility and Mal	formati	on,										
Premature Birth		• •	12	5	3	1	21	3	1	1		26
Injury at Birth				-			- 1	-	2 2		-	_
Other Causes	••		10	3	1	1	15	3	1	-	1	20
	Totals		22	10	11	3	46	16	19	14	8	103

(17)

II.--INFECTIOUS DISEASES, ETC.

The following diseases are n	otifiable :—
Anthrax	Acute Polioencephalitis
Acute Poliomyelitis	Acute Primary Pneumonia
Acute Influenzal Pneumonia	Cholera
Cerebro Spinal Meningitis	Continued Fever
Diphtheria	Dysentery
Enteric Fever and Typhoid Fever Glanders	Encephalitis Lethargica Erysipelas Hydrophobia in Man
Malaria	Membranous Croup
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Puerperal Fever
Puerperal Pyrexia	Relapsing Fever
Scarlet Fever and Scarlatina	Small Pox
Typhus	Tuberculosis-all forms

Owing to the housing conditions of the Borough, it is the practice to remove to hospital nearly all cases of diphtheria and scarlet fever.

DIPHTHERIA.

There has been a fall of 98 in the number of cases of Diphtheria this year as compared with 1934, the number of cases for the year being 273. Of this number 27 cases were reported from hospital to be "not suffering" from Diphtheria, so that the net total for the year was 246 as against a net total last year of 344. Ten children died; five of these children were under five years of age, three were six years old, and the two remaining children were aged nine and thirteen respectively. Seven of these deaths were due to cardiac failure; one child died on the day of admission to hospital and one case was notified after death. In three cases tracheotomy was performed.

From the attached table which shows the attendances at the Schick Clinic during the year, it will be observed that there has been a gratifying increase in the number of new patients and in the





total number of attendances which are more than five times as many as in 1934. A second Schick Clinic was opened in November at 98 Rotherhithe New Road.

Clinic	No. of Sessions	No. of new patients	Total Attendances
98 Rotherhithe New Road	$51 \\ 6$	$\begin{array}{c} 243 \\ 46 \end{array}$	1,150 110
Totals .	 57	289	1,260

SCARLET FEVER.

The number of cases of this disease notified during the year was 367. This shows a substantial reduction compared with the figure of 597 in 1934. Thirty cases were returned from hospital as "not suffering" from Scarlet Fever, and there were no deaths.

SMALL-POX.

There were no cases of Small-pox, and only one re-vaccination was performed under the Public Health (Small-pox Prevention) Regulations, 1917.

MEASLES.

361 cases of Measles were reported to me. This was not an epidemic year and the figures cannot therefore be usefully compared with those of my last report. Seventy-three patients were removed to hospital and nursing was provided for 23 patients at home. There were four deaths, two at home and two in hospital.

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.

The subjoined table shows the number of cases of this disease notified during the year. The total number of cases last year was six.

Cases		Millison		S. STERE			
Notified	Trea	ted	Vision Un-	Vision	Total	Deaths	
Notified	At home	In Hospital	Impaired	Impaired	Blindness		
5	2	3	5	_	_		

PUERPERAL FEVER AND PUERPERAL PYREXIA.

There were 3 cases of Puerperal Fever this year as compared with 2 last year and 6 in 1933, and 19 cases of Puerperal Pyrexia as compared with 13 last year and 24 in 1933. There were no deaths.

Facilities are provided by the Council for assistance in the diagnosis and treatment of these cases. These facilities include the provision of the services of a consultant and of a nurse where necessary. We also undertake bacteriological examinations and arrange for the admission of patients to hospital where this is desired.

Facilities	No. of Cases		
Second Opinions .	 		1
Nursing provided	 		1
Bacteriological examinations	 		1
Admitted to Hospital	 		18

DISINFECTION.

The following table sets out the work of the Disinfecting Station during the year. It will be noted that 287 houses were disinfected prior to the removal of families to new estates, and that 76 houses were disinfected prior to demolition.

Disinfection of premises and of articles exposed to infection is insisted upon in all cases of notifiable infectious disease. Respect is always had as far as possible to the convenience and comfort of the householder. Rooms are sealed up for disinfection and beds, bedding, clothes and other articles are removed and disinfected at the station.

Beds		 868	Pillows	2,201
Blankets		 2,269	Pillows (cases)	1,944
Bolsters		 738	Quilts	1,284
,, (cas	ses)	 315	Sheets	1,760
Books		 219	Miscellaneous	5,843
Cushions		 251	Verminous Clothing	2,981
Mattresses		 45	,, Bedding	
Overlays		 839	Scabies, Clothing	20,266

32,668 new tabs were used to replace those taken off mattresses, palliasses, and cushions before disinfection.

(21)

Number of rooms disinfected		2,955
Number of houses disinfected prior to families removing new estates	-	287
Number of houses disinfected before demolition		76
Number of mattresses and other articles destroyed Furniture, Floorcloth, etc. destroyed		2,644 Loads

CLEANSING STATION.

Verminous persons of	leanse	d	 Adult Fer Adult Ma	les 85
Persons treated for	Scabi	ies :	Children	3,566
			Number treated	Number of baths given
Adult Females			 59	134
Adult Males			 35	79
Children-Females			 228	1,463
Children-Males			 186	959

SHELTER.

Four flats are provided in The Neckinger for the temporary housing of families or persons while their premises are being disinfected. The number of families accommodated during the year was 75, 1 for Scarlet Fever, 4 for Scabies and 70 for verminous condition's the total number of persons accommodated being 362.

BACTERIOLOGICAL LABORATORY.

The work of the laboratory consists very largely in the examination of sputa for Tuberculosis and of throat swabs for K.L.B. We are called upon occasionally to do other pathological examinations such as blood counts, Widal or Wassermann tests and to examine urines, but general practitioners do not make as much use as they might of the facilities provided. Sterile outfits for throat swabs and sputum pots for the examination of sputa are supplied free on application to the Medical Officer of Health. All Diphtheria contacts of school age are excluded from school until the swab is negative. A positive result necessitates a further examination, treatment being provided in the meantime by the general practitioner. Proved "carriers" are usually referred to the London County Council "Carrier" Clinic at Guy's Hospital. In addition to the examination of swabs and sputa other bacteriological investigations are undertaken on request, and it will be seen from the accompanying table that the number of these "various" investigations shows a slight increase this year.

Nature of Specimen	To Exan		Results of Examination						
	tio	ns	Posi	tive	Negative				
	1934	1935	1934	1935	1934	1935			
DIPHTHERIA (specimens taken by Medical Officer of Health) Ditto (taken by general	-537	430	21	23	516	407			
practitioners)	1826	1748	139	111	1687	1637			
DIPHTHERIA (total specimens taken)	2363	2178	160	134	2203	2044			
PHTHISIS	1194	1244	193	192	1001	1052			
VARIOUS	185	355	9	70	176	285			
Total specimens taken	3742	3777	362	396	3380	3381			

FOOD POISONING.

Thirty-five cases of Food Poisoning were notified to me during the year under the London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1932, section 7. There was one death which occurred as the result of eating an imported duck's egg.

FOOT CLINIC.

Three whole-time chiropodists, two ladies and a gentleman, are employed in these clinics. The fee for treatment is two shillings per attendance, which is subject to reduction in the case of inability to pay the full fee. Patients are seen by appointment only. Treatment is given for corns, callosities, bunions, ingrowing and thickened toenails, warts and other similar affections of the feet. Orthopaedic cases are not treated and are referred to private practitioners or to hospital.

Particulars of the number of attendances during the year are given in the following table.

Clinic	Men	Women	Total		
Bermondsey	1,743	4,644	6,387		
Rotherhithe	1,392	3,473	4,865		
Totals	3,135	8,117	11,252		

INSULIN FOR DIABETIC PATIENTS.

Under Section 77 of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891 the Minister of Health has sanctioned the temporary supply of insulin for those poorer inhabitants of the borough who are suffering from Diabetes. Practitioners applying for supplies of insulin are required :—

- (a) To give the name, address, age and sex of the patient.
- (b) To supply a quarterly report to the Medical Officer of Health showing :—
 - (1) The number of doses of insulin administered.
 - (2) The results of blood and urine tests.
 - (3) The progress of the patient.

Nineteen patients have been supplied during the year as compared with nine patients in 1934.

NURSING.

The following table shows the number of patients nursed under the Council's Scheme, the diseases from which these patients were suffering and the number of visits paid. Under this scheme the Council assists in the provision of nursing for expectant and nursing mothers, children under five, and for patients suffering from the following diseases :—Measles, German Measles, Whooping Cough, Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia, Epidemic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Influenza, Ophthalmia Neonatorum, Polio-myelitis, Encephalitis Lethargica, Malaria, Acute Primary and Acute Influenzal Pneumonia and Tuberculosis.

The fee payable by the Borough Council to the Nursing Associations is 1s. per visit.

Disease	Dist Nur	lave's trict sing iation	Que	rhithe en's sing iation	Totals whole Borough			
	Cases	Visits	Cases	Visits	Cases	Visits		
Pneumonia	37	1,226	12	215	49	1,441		
Broncho pneumonia	6	139	3	58	9	197		
Bronchitis	19	470	4	35	23	505		
Influenza	19	443	3	46	22	489		
Measles	20	422	3	49	23	471		
Whooping Cough	1	20	-	-	1	20		
(a) Respiratory								
System	42	1,757	26	2,696	68	4,453		
(b) Other Forms	8	812			8	812		
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	77			1	77		
Puerperal Fever	_							
Pregnancy and Labour	33	1016	5	76	38	1,092		
Diseases of the Digestive		1.000						
System	28	283	13	56	41	339		
Infantile Diarrhoea		000000						
(under 2 years)		-						
Discharging Ears	2	74	2	12	4	86		
Discharging Eyes	10	235	2	23	12	258		
Post-operative cases :								
(a) Tonsils & Adenoids	9	68	1	3	10	71		
(b) Other cases	5	74	1	7	6	81		
Other diseases	39	551	7	106	46	657		
Totals	279	7,667	82	3.382	361	11,049		

(24)

		NI	JMBER	OF C.	ASES N	OTIFI	ED			-	BER	MON	DSEY	v	-	RO	THE	RHIT	THE		ST 0	LAV	Е	
		1		At	Ages-Y	ear			-	1						1				-		9		Total Cases
OTIFIABLE DISEASE	At all Ages	Under 1 year	1 and under 5 years	5 and under 15 years	15 and under 25 years	25 and under 45 years	45 and under 65 years	65 and up- wards	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total	1	2	3	Total	St. John	St Olave	St. Thomas	Total	removed to Hospital
mall-pox					_	-	1	-		-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria (including								1 19										12.5			1000		17.	- Trians
Membranous Croup)	273	1	73	149	30	17	3	-	17		28	26		23		45	28	23	96	15		6	28	
Crysipelas	53	2	-	4	2	9	23	13	3	5		10			32	4	9	3	16	1	2	22	5	
carlet Fever	367	6	113	202	40	6	-	-	41	38		36	30	23	215	49	38	36	123	14	13	2	29	360
Meningitis	2		1	-	1	_	-	-	_	_	-	1	_	-	1	_	_	_	-	_	1	_	- 1	2
cute Polio-Myelitis	~		-		-			1000				-			1								-	
nd Acute Polio Ence-																								the second
L . 1547-				1		-	102				1	-	_	_				2	_		-	_	-	
phthalmia	1 7 1					1																		and the second
Neonatorum	5	5										2	1		3		1	1	2					3
and the second	0	0				-	-			-		-			0		1		-			-		0
Contraction and the second s	3	_		1	1	1				1			1	1	3								122	2
	3			1	1	2			1	1	100	1	-	1	3			10	-				-	3
	19	-	COLUMN 1	_	9	10	_		2	2	-	3	-	9	13	-	3	2	- 0		1000	-	_	15
uerperal Pyrexia	19			_	9	10	_	-	2	2	4	0		4	10	1	0	-	0	_	100	_	1	10
Incephalitis								-															1000	1000
Lethargica	-	_	-	1	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0			-	-	
ysentery	3	-	1	1	1	-	-		-	-	1		-		1	1	1	-	2		-	-	-	3
Ialaria	-	-				-			-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
neumonia (Acute																					1000			
Primary and Acute			-		10									_	-			-	-			0	-	
Influenzal)	113	5	29	21	10	13	20	15	11	16	14	15	17	7	80	15	8	5	28	2		3	Ð	
uberculosis—										1				1					-					C. STATIS
Respiratory System	129	-	2	4	45	48	24	6	10	14	23	21	6	8	82	15	13	10	38	3	4	2	9	
ther forms of Tuber-																								
culosis	34	10	5	12	7	6	3	1	1	4	3	6	4	4	22	6	2	1	9	1	1	1	3	
								100																
Totals	1004	19	224	394	147	112	73	35	00	110	100	101	0.0	7.0	604	100	100	01	000	0.0	28	10	80	689

(25)

Notifiable Disease.		1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
mall Pox		_	_	1	46	47	3	16	21	7	_
Diphtheria (including Membranous	Croup)	714	481	603	463	462	263	263	386	372	273
Crysipelas		30	25	43	45	41	49	49	68	73	53
carlet Fever		426	601	493	584	507	310	446	640	597	367
erebro-Spinal Meningitis		5	3	2	4	5	9	9	4	2	2
cute Polio-Myelitis and Acute Polio	0-		1.1.								1
Encephalitis		1	4	2	2	1	1	3	1		
phthalmia Neonatorum		10	13	8	11	13	14	10	7	6	- 5
nthrax		4	_	2	1	1	-		-	1	-
nteric Fever		3	1	2	2	5	1	2	2	2	3
uerperal Fever		9	9	7	12	14	13	8	6	2	3
uerperal Pyrexia		11	21	20	20	19	37	27	24	13	19
Incephalitis Lethargica		8	5	4	1	4	1	2	_	2	_
ysentery			_			_		-	1	_	3
lalaria						2	_	_	_	-	_
falaria (induced)		-			1	_		_	_		
neumonia (Acute Primary and Ac											
Influenzal)		113	126	53	110	119	167	102	136	121	113
uberculosis :			100						200		
Respiratory System		206	231	184	194	208	175	177	182	141	129
Other forms of Tuberculosis		59	65	54	40	46	40	35	34	32	34
Totals		1,599	1,585	1,478	1,536	1,494	1,083	1,149	1,512	1,371	1,004
		-,	-,	-,-,-	-,	-,	1,000				-,001

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED DURING THE YEARS 1926-1935.

(26)

III.-TUBERCULOSIS.

In Table I are set out particulars of new cases and deaths during the year, and Table II shows the period elapsing between notification and death. TABLE I.

TUBERCULOSIS,		193		EW	CAS		ND DEATHS.					
						3		DEA	THS			
ACE DEDIOD		Pulmo	onary	No Pulme		Pulm	onary	Non- Pulmonary				
AGE—PERIOD	no .		М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
0			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
1			-	2	3	2	-	-	2	1		
5			2	-	7	1	-		-	-		
10			-	2	6	1	-	-	1	1		
15			10	8	3	4	1	4	1	-		
20		.	11	20	1	2	9	8	-	-		
25			23	16	1	4	15	13	1	-		
35			12	4	177	2	7	7	12-25	1		
45			8	8	1	1	12	4	-	-		
55			8	2	101200	3	11	1	1000	1		
65 and upwards			7	-	-	1	5	1	_	-		
			81	62	21	21	60	38	5	4		

TABLE II. TUBERCULOSIS, 1935-PERIOD BETWEEN NOTIFICATION AND DEATH.

Period		Respirate	ory Sy	ystem	Other Forms							
Between Notification and Death	Males	Females	Total	Percentage of Total Deaths	Males	Females	Total	Percentage of Total Deaths				
Not notified	4	2	6	6.12	1	2	3	33.34				
0-1 month	7	3	10	10.20	1	1	2	22.22				
1-3 months	5	4	9	9.18	_		_	10000000				
3-6 months	3	2	5	5.10	-	-	-					
6-12 months	9	3	12	12.25	-	-	-	-				
1-2 years	9	6	15	15.31	1	_	1	11.11				
2-5 years	17	12	29	29.59	1		1	11.11				
Over 5 years	6	6	12	12.25	1	1	2	22.22				
Totals	60	38	98	100.00	5	4	9	100-00				

REPORT BY DR. C. H. C. TOUSSAINT, CLINICAL TUBERCULOSIS OFFICER.

During the year there was an increase of eight in the deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis, and a continued fall in the deaths from non-pulmonary forms of the disease. This has led to a slight increase in the death rate from respiratory tuberculosis, but the rate, .95, which had fallen to fresh low records during the two preceding years is below the average for the last ten years.

The decline in the number of new cases has continued, and should lead to a further fall in the death rate.

In Table II. are reported six deaths from pulmonary disease, of patients who had not been notified during life. Of these, two were men, aged 81 and 63 respectively, whose deaths were sudden and were the subject of Coroners' enquiries. One death was that of a man, aged 41, who died from general peritonitis following a perforated gastric ulcer, together with lobar pneumonia, evidence of tuberculosis being found only on post-mortem examination.

Of the other three cases, one a girl, aged 22, died from a sudden fatal haemoptysis, not having been under medical care previously, and the other two, one a man aged 28, and the other a woman aged 24, both died in local municipal hospitals, soon after admission, from acute forms of pulmonary tuberculosis.

During the last few years there has been a slow but steady increase in the average period between notification and death, in pulmonary cases. During 1935 one to five years, or more, elapsed between notification and death in 57% of fatal cases, as compared with 53% in 1934. This indicates an increase in the expectation of life in such persons.

In view, however, of the fact that just over 40% of fatal cases die within one year of notification, still further efforts are needed to secure detection of the disease at the earliest possible moment. Pulmonary Tuberculosis, the most fatal form of the disease, affects, in the main, young members of the population aged 16 to 30 years. Prompt reference to the Tuberculosis Officer of such persons, disabled with influenza, debility, anaemia or similar complaints, would lead to a greater number of cases being diagnosed soon after the onset of the disease, which is too often mistaken, at first, for one or other of the disabilities mentioned.

Five years ago a meeting of local practitioners was held at which a recognised consultant gave an address on the principles of early diagnosis in pulmonary tuberculosis. This was much appreciated and led to a close co-operation between the practitioners of the district and the tuberculosis dispensary service. It is hoped in the near future to hold a similar meeting with the object of acquainting practitioners with the most recent advances made in diagnosis and treatment of chest diseases.

On page 38 are set out details of the work done in the dispensary during the year. During the year an alteration was made in the arrangements for home visiting. This is now undertaken by the Health Visitors, each one of whom attends a dispensary session at regular intervals.

Efforts have been made to continue the intensive examination of contacts, both with a view to detecting cases at the earliest possible moment, and also in order to discover, if possible, the source of infection.

In the report for the year 1928 was inserted a table showing the human sources of infection which had given rise to cases of meningeal or miliary tuberculosis in young children. This investigation has, since then, been continued firstly with the cooperation of Dr. E. J. MacIntyre and latterly of Dr. E. J. O'Keeffe, and, on pages 32-34 are set outparticulars of contact examination of the families of children aged 0-10, who have died from meningeal
or miliary tuberculosis during the years 1928 to 1935 inclusive. Much has been said of the grave dangers of infection with the bovine type of tubercle bacillus, conveyed by infected milk. It would, however, appear that infection from the adult human, suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, is of far greater importance.

In the table on pages 32-34 the words "Refused examination" refer to the contacts of the child and indicate that complete examination of themselves was not agreed to by both the father and the mother, although they may have agreed to examination of the other children in the family. "M" indicates municipal hospital and "V" voluntary hospital.

Results may be summarised, as follows :---

Deaths from Miliary Tuberculosis or Tuberculous Meningitis for the period 1928 to 1935 (inclusive) of children aged 0 to 10 years.

Total cases					80
Contacts refused examination					26
Number of families investigated					54
Probable human source of infec	tion	found	(fathe	er 26,	
mother 7, both 1, others 12)				46 (85.2	%)
Possible human source of infectio	n				3
Human source not found				5 (9.3	3%)

On page 35 is a further table, covering a similar period of years, indicating the probable sources of infection in cases of pulmonary tuberculosis (all sputum positive) occurring in children of school age at date of onset. Here again the important part played by human infection is emphasised. Artificial pneumothorax treatment has been continued by the Tuberculosis Officers, a special evening session being held for patients at work, and during the year 571 refills were given. The following table shows the condition of patients, on December 31st, 1935, of the patients treated by this method.

Treatment	reatment Total		Present condition							
commenced	Number	Arrested	Quiescent	Stationary	Dead					
129.51					122					
1923	1	1	-	-	-					
1927	1	1	-	-	-					
1928	1	1	-	-	_					
1929	5	2	-	-	3 (2)*					
1930	14	8	1	1	4 (3)					
1931	26	8 (1)	6	3 (1)	9 (4)					
1932	17	7 (I)	5 (1)	3 (1)	2 (2)					
1933	20 ·	-	14 (8)	2 (1)	4 (2)					
1934	9	-	9 (4)							

* One of these three deaths was due to suicide in an arrested case.

No.	Initials	Sex	Age at Death	Certified Cause of Des	th	P.M Exa	Notif befo Dea	re	Human Contact		Place of Death
YEAR	1928										
3012	A.G.	M.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	2.3	М.
8028	M.C.	F.	6	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Two Sp.—cases in house		М.
035	E.C.	M.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 Yes	 No		Refused examination		V.
3057	J.G.	M.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 Yes	 No		Father : Pul. Tub		М.
3059	E.C.	M.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Refused examination		V.
3067	R.C.	F.	4 m.	Miliary Tuberculosis		 Yes	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		V.
8115	J.Y.	M.	7 m.	Miliary Tuberculosis		 No	 No		Mother : Pul. Tub		Μ.
8161	S.H.	M.	13 m.	Miliary Tuberculosis		 Yes	 No		Refused examination		V.
8178	E.S.	F.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 Yes	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		V.
8180	W.K.	M.	11	Tuberculosis of lungs		 No	 No		Refused examination		V.
8203	R.S.	M.	3	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Refused examination		М.
3230	J.M.	M.	13 m.	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Father ; Pul. Tub. Sp. +		М.
3233	J.C.	M.	7 m.	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Mother : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		М.
YEAR	1929										
8285	A.B.	M.	13 m.	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Refused examination		M.
3298	A.H.	M.	14 m.	Tub. Br. Pneumonia		 Yes	 No		Refused examination		H.
8315	R.R.	F.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Sp. $+$ cases in house		М.
8338	E.N.	F.	2	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		H.
3341	M.B.	F.	ī	Tub. Meningitis		 Yes	 No		$Sp. + cases in house \dots$		V.
8356	A.B.	F.	8	Tub, Meningitis		 No	 No		Refused examination		М.
3357	R.R.	M.	2	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		$Sp. + case in house \dots$		M.
8181	R.H.	M.	.23 m.	Tub. Meningitis and Dad		 No	 Yes		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		M.
8344	A.B.	M.	17 m.	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		V.
8366	H.P.	F.	6	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 Yes		Refused examination		M.
8368	G.S.	M.	5	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Nil found		M.
3376	H.D.	M.	4	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Refused examination		M.
3400	E.P.	F.	10 m.	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		V.
3346	J.B.	F.	16 m.	General Tuberculosis		 No	 Yes		Refused examination		M.
3403	J.C.	F.	Sm.	Tub. Meningitis		 No	 No		Mother : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		M.
8492	I.W.	F.	13 m.	Tub. Meningitis		No	 No		Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +		M.
8499	D.H.	M.	2	Tub. Meningitis		 Yes	 No		Refused examination		V.

HUMAN SOURCES OF INFECTION IN PRIMARY TUBERCULOSIS OF CHILDHOOD.

No.	Initials	Sex	Age at Death	Certified cause of Death	P.M. Exam.	Notified before Death	Human Contact	Place of Death
EAR	1930		1					
8552	A.R.	M.	10	Tub. Moningitis	No	Yes	Refused examination	М.
3568	R.F.	F.	2	Tub. Mo.ingitis	No	No	Father: Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М.
3596	S.H.	M.	5 m.	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	No	Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	V.
605	K.F.	F.	5	Tub. Meningitis	No	No	Refused examination	M.
624	C.S.	M.	20 m.	Tub. Br. Pneumonia	Yes	No	Father : Pul. Tub	М.
625	D.R.	F.	3	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	No	Brother: Pul. Tub. Sp. +	V.
634	H.B.	M.	10 m.	Miliary Tuberculosis	Yes	No	Refused examination	V.
8655	L.S.	F.	19 m.	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	Yes	Refused examination	V.
672	O.M.	F.	19 m.	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	No	Refused examination	V.
681	A.T.	M.	10	Tub. Meningitis	No	No	Brother : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М.
686	G.M.	M.	7	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	No	Refused examination	M.
693	R.L.	M.	2	Acute Miliary Tub	No	Yes	Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М.
707	C.C.	М.	14 m.	Tub. Meningitis	No	No	Father: Pul. Tub. Sp. +	V.
3711	N.N.	F.	13 m.	Tub. Meningitis	No	Yes	Father: Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М,
734	S.B.	М.	3	Tub. Meningitis	No	Yes	Mother : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М.
8770	P.T.	F.	21 m.	Tub. Meningitis	No	No	Father and Mother:	
YEAR	1931						Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М,
851	W.G.	M.	6	Tub. Meningitis	No	No	? Hospital infection	Fev.
852	M.J.	F.	2	Miliary Tuberculosis	No	No	Refused examination	V.
863	I.D.	F.	10	Tub. Meningitis	No	No	Nil found	М.
865	G.A.	M.	8	Ac. Tub. Right Lung	Yes	No	Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	V.
869	I.D.	F.	5	Pul. Tuberculosis Lobar Pneumonia	No	Yes	Sp. + case in house	М.
890	E.P.	F.	2	Tub. Meningitis and Radius	No	Yes	Nil found	M.
947	R.K.	F.	2	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	No	Refused examination	М.
948	G.P.	M.	3	Acute Miliary Tub	Yes	No	Refused examination	М.
970	D.W.	F.	3	Tub. Meningitis	Yes	Yes	Refused examination	V.
987	R.M.	F.	4	Tub. Toxaemia, Psoas abscess	Yes	No	Grandfather : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	М.
028	E.R.	F.	6	Tub. Meningitis and Spine	No	Yes	Refused examination	H.

HUMAN SOURCES OF INFECTION IN PRIMARY TUBERCULOSIS OF CHILDHOOD-Contd.

No.	Initials	Sex	Age at Death	Certified Cause of Death	P.M. Exam.	Notified before Death	Human Contact	Place of Death
YEAR	1932							
9121 9157 9206 9212 Year	W.G. D.K. J.C. E.H. 1933	М. М. М. М.	$\begin{array}{c}2\\6\\10\\4\end{array}$	Tub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisMiliary Tuberculosis	No Yes Yes No	No No No Yes	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} \mathrm{Sp.}+\mathrm{case} \mbox{ in house } & \ldots & \ldots \\ \mathrm{Brother}: \mathrm{Pul.} \mbox{ Tub. } \mbox{ Sp.} + & \ldots \\ \mathrm{Refused} \mbox{ examination } & \ldots & \ldots \\ \mathrm{Brother} \mbox{ died. } \mbox{ Sp.} + 3 \mbox{ years ago} \end{array}$	M. V. M. M.
9313 9399 9409 9464 9487 9513 8556	A.M. J.L. J.F. A.W. L.R. P.S. G.T.	F. F. M. M. M. M.	10 m. 2 19 m. 2 10 m. 12 m. 9 m.	Tub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. Br. Preumonia	Yes No Yes No Yes	No No No Yes No No No	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V. M. V. V. M. H. V.
YEAR 9629 9642 9632 9662 9672 9720 9720 9748 9757	1934 J.S. J.S. R.S. D.A. J.M. S.B. P.P. T.R.	F. F. F. F. F. M.	2 3 m. 23 m. 22 m. 23 m. 4 11 m. 7 m.	Tub. MeningitisTub. of AbdomenTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisTub. MeningitisMiliary Tuberculosis	Yes Yes No Yes No No	Yes No Yes No Yes Yes Yes	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	M. M. V. V. M. M. M.
YEAR 9819 9430 9860 9864	1935 D.C. W.C. J.E. B.S.	F. M. M. F.	$ \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{array} $	Miliary Tuberculosis Tub. Meningitis Tub. Meningitis Miliary Tuberculosis	Yes Yes Ne No	No Yes Yes Yes	Refused examination Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. + Mother : Pul. Tub. Sp. + Father : Pul. Tub. Sp. +	V. M. M. V.

HUMAN SOURCES OF INFECTION IN PRIMARY TUBERCULOSIS OF CHILDHOOD-Contd.

PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS (SPUTUM POSITIVE)-CHILDREN OF SCHOOL AGE AT DATE OF ONSET.

No.	Initials	Age at onset	Date onset	Red Sex	Previous History	Lungs affected R. or L.	Source of infection
0.40	0.0	- 3	Mar. 1007	M	Nil	D (EG)	Pathon Sn 1
849 8267	G.C. H.A.	$7\frac{3}{4}$ 9	May 1927 Dec. 1928	M. F.	AT'I	R. (Eff.) R.	Father Sp. + Grandfather died P.T. same house 1927
	T.B.	11	Sep. 1928	M.	37.0	R. & L.	Unknown
277	1.Б. М.М.	11 13		F.	3713	R. & L. R. & L.	
372	S.B.	13		F.	Br. Pneum. at	R. & L.	Brother Sp. +
8551	D.D.	104	21/10/29	r.	2 : Nil else	IV. & L.	Nil in family ; 2 cases in next house Last died 19/9/27
3580	E.C.	12	Oct. 1929	F.	37/1	R	Father Sp. +
8608	D.C.	91	Mar. 1930	F.	3.7.13	T	Brother died P.T. January 1930
8665	G.P.	101	1/4/30	M.	3713	75 0 7	Mother died P.T. 1925
8722	A.E.	102	Mar. 1930	F.	37/1	1 M	Brother died P.T. Dec. 1929
8755	F.H.	13	13/8/30	M.	3721	25 6 7	Sister died P.T. 1928
8877	R.C.	41	May 1930	M.	NT/I	T	Brother Sp. +
0011	n.c.	48	May 1550		NII	R	Sister Sp. +
9178	J.B.	9	May 1932	F.	Pneum, at		bister op. T
0110	0.1.	0	may 1002	A.s.	21; Nil else	L	Mother Sp. +
9199	E.W.	12	June 1932	F.	Nil	R	Brother died T.B. Meningitis. Aunt Pleural Effusion
0100		1	ouno 1002	*.			Grandmother suspect
9253	M.R.	12	Mar. 1932	F.	Nil	R	Sister died P.T. April 1928. Mother Sp. +
9308	M.E.	12	Dec. 1932	F.	Nil	L	Brother died P.T. Dec. 1929.
0000							Sister died P.T. Aug. 1930
9429	F.C.	13	May 1933	F.	Nil	R. & L	Unknown
9660	E.W.	111	Aug. 1933	F. F. F.	Nil	R	Doubtful. Slept with grandmother-suspect
9808	B.S.	12	Feb. 1935	F.	Nil	R	Father Sp. +
9822	L.T.	13	Mar. 1935	F.	Nil	R	Mother Sp. +
		1 10					and the second sec

Possible 3 cases—15% Unknown 2 cases—11%

(35)

NURSING AND EXTRA NOURISHMENT.

The aid of the District Nursing Associations has been enlisted in 76 cases during the year. Much can be done by careful nursing to alleviate suffering and improve conditions, and as tuberculosis is notably a slow disease the average number of visits paid to each patient is high. During 1935 more than 5,000 visits were paid by the district nurses to patients suffering from tuberculosis. In advanced cases of tuberculosis where the patient is living at home, it has been our practice for a long time now to arrange for daily visits from the district nurse where the patient is willing for this to be done. By this means we are often enabled to help the patient and at the same time to reduce the risk of infection to other members of the household. The amount of extra nourishment which the scheme allows us to supply to tuberculous patients is very limited and it usually takes the form of milk and eggs, and is only supplied on the recommendation of the Tuberculosis Officer; a total of 167 patients have been thus assisted during the year.

SHELTERS.

For many years the Council has loaned shelters free for the use of patients suffering from tuberculosis. The shelters are built by the Works Department and are of the ordinary sanatorium fixed type, so constructed that even when completely closed, ample ventilation through louvres is provided. The use of a shelter diminishes the risk of infection which is so serious in an overcrowded home, but the instances in which a shelter can be erected are few, since the garden space available is usually either insufficient or unsuitable. Beds and bedding are supplied with the shelter and in some cases arrangements have been made for electric light to be installed. There are 17 shelters at present in use, 2 having been erected during the year and 7 dismantled owing to the death or removal of the patient.

In addition to the supply of shelters, beds and bedding are supplied on loan for the use of patients at home where suitable use can be made of them. By this means we are often enabled to arrange for a patient to sleep alone and so lessen the risk of infection. Forty-four beds are in use at present.

LADY ALMONER.

The work of the Lady Almoner is varied and arduous, and shows no sign of decreasing. She visits the homes of patients who are away in sanatoria or convalescent homes, and arranges for the supply of extra nourishment on the recommendation of the Tuberculosis Officer ; altogether 717 visits were paid during the year. She is also responsible for the loan of shelters, beds, bedding, bed-pans, air rings and other similar articles of invalid furniture. Much of her time is taken up in arranging holidays or periods of change in convalescent homes for contacts of tuberculosis cases. By the kindness of the Mayor, Councillor S. R. Weightman, 33 children were sent to the seaside this year; holidays were also arranged for a number of other children and women. Articles of clothing were supplied to 60 patients during the year, and a large number of other patients were assisted in various ways. It is part of the work of the Almoner to assist patients to find employment, and a good deal of time is occupied in this endeavour, unfortunately but with scant success. In addition to these duties she interviews various mothers who are recommended for admission to Fairby Grange and receives payments for the first week's stay there. Another duty performed by the Lady Almoner is in connection with the supply of Insulin to diabetic patients ; she supplies the Insulin to such patients and visits them in their homes. She also acts as Infant Protection Visitor under the Children's Act, visiting the homes in which foster-children are received in order to see that foster-mothers comply with the conditions of the act. In some of these activities help is received from voluntary sources, and thanks are due to the Bermondsey United Charities, the Rotherhithe Consolidated Charities, the British Red Cross Society, Queen Alexandra Rose Day Fund, Queen Mary's Needlework Guild per Lady Ludlow, the Friends of the Poor, the Charity Organisation Society and the Invalid Children's Aid Association for help in various ways.

310

PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1925.

It was not found necessary to take any action under these Regulations in 1935.

RETURN SHOWING THE WORK OF THE DISPENSARY DURING THE YEAR 1935.

		PULM	ONARY		N	ON-PUL	MONAR	Y		To	TAL			
DIAGNOSIS	Ad	ults	Chil	dren	Ada	ults	Chil	dren	Ad	ults	Chi	ldren	GRAND	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M	F.	M	F.		
 A.—New Cases examined during the year (excluding contacts) :— (a) Definitely tuberculous (b) Diagnosis not completed (c) Non-tuberculous 	59 	47	3	3	4		8 	3	63 5 117	59 5 119	11 1 36	6 2 29	453	
B.—CONTACTS examined during the year :— (a) Definitely tuberculous	2	4.	2	3	111	1	2	111	$\frac{2}{62}$	5 1 112	4 1 132	3 1 142	465	
 Cases written off the Dispensary Register as (a) Recovered (b) Non-tuberculous (including any such cases previously diagnosed and entered on the Dispensary Register as tuberculous) (b) Dispensary Register as tuberculous) 	9	8	6	4	2	1	7	8	11	9 238	13	12	815	(15
 D.—NUMBER OF CASES on Dispensary Register on December 31st : (a) Definitely tuberculous	288	220	50	43	3 6	56	70	56	324 5	276 6	120 2	99	835	(8)
 Number of cases on Dispensary Register on Janu Number of cases transferred from other areas, returned after discharge under Head 3 in prev. Number of cases transferred to other areas, desiring further assistance under the scheme, "lost sight of" Cases written off during the year as Dead (all cau	and ca ious ye cases : and ca uses) (includ ioners 	ases ears not uses a,7 ent 2	92 208	9. 1 10. 1 11. 1 12. 1	Number for Di Number (a) Sp (b) X- Number Regist Number Decen	g perso of visit ispensa- of :	onal con ts by N ry purp s of spu amination work Geoverat l include B. plus st	nsultation furses of oses atum, et ons mail ed " cases 	ons) r Healt tc., exan de in ca ses rest (a) and s on Dis 	h Visit mined onnectio ored to A (b) ab	ors to l on with Dispe ove y Regis 	nomes Dis-	959 2,756 880 584 326	

							I	Formal	notifica	tions					
				1	Number	of prin	mary n	otificat	ions of	new ca	ses of	Tubercu	losis		
Age Periods		0 to 1	1 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 and up- wards		'otal ages)	Total Notifications
Pulmonary, Males		-	-	2	-	9	11	19	11	7	7	6		72	89
" Females		- :	2	-	2	8	17	14	4	8	2	-		57	69
Non-Pulmonary Males		-	3	7	5	1	1	1	-	-		-		18	20
" Females	·]	_	2	_	_	3	2	3	2	1	2	1		16	19
New cases of Tuberci iormal notification. Age Periods	ulosis (coming	to the	0 to 1	l dge of t 1 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 35	to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 and up- wards	aerwise than by Total
Pulmonary Males				-	-	-	-	1	-	4	1	1	1	1	9
" Females				-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	5
Ion-Pulmonary Males				-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1930.

Summary of Notifications during the period from the 1st January, 1935, to the 31st December, 1935.

(40)

Returns rendered under the PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1930. 1st QUARTER, 1935.

	Respir Syst	atory em	Other Forms		
	M.	F.	М.	F.	
Number of Cases on Register at commence-			1		
ment of Quarter	431	302	138	131	
Number of Cases notified during Quarter.	19	18	5	5	
Inward Transfers, Un-notified Deaths, etc.	2		2	-	
Number of Cases removed from the Register	23	15	5	7	
Number of Cases remaining on the Register					
at end of Quarter	429	305	140	129	

2nd QUARTER, 1935.

		Respiratory System		her ms
	М.	F.	M.	F.
Number of Cases on Register at commence-				
ment of Quarter	429	305	140	129
Number of Cases notified during Quarter.	20	16	7	2
Inward Transfers, Un-notified Deaths, etc.	3	_	-	27
Number of Cases removed from the Register	28	23	7	7
Number of Cases remaining on the Register				
at end of Quarter	424	298	140	126

3rd QUARTER, 1935.

	Respir Syst		Other Forms		
	М.	F.	M	F.	
Number of Cases on Register at commence- ment of Quarter	424	298	140	126	
Number of Cases notified during Quarter	21	15	2	4	
Inward Transfers, Un-notified Deaths, etc. Number of Cases removed from the	2	2	1	2	
Register	25	18	3	4	
at end of Quarter	422	297	140	128	

4th QUARTER, 1935.

	Respin Syst		Other Forms		
	М.	F.	M.	F.	
Number of Cases on Register at commence- ment of Quarter	422	297	140	128	
Number of Cases notified during Quarter	12	8	4	5	
Inward Transfers, Un-notified Deaths, etc.	2	3	-	1	
Number of Cases removed from the Register Number of Cases remaining on the Register	40	27	9	12	
at end of Quarter	396	281	135	122	

(41)

IV. LIGHT TREATMENT.

REPORT BY DR. E. J. O'KEEFFE. Assistant Medical Officer of Health.

During the year the old Solarium building was demolished to make way for the building of the new Health Centre, and since 4th September, 1935, the Light Clinic has been accommodated temporarily in the ground and first floors of that part of the new building which has been erected. The change to temporary quarters has been made smoothly and there has been no falling off in attendances or in the numbers of new cases accepted for treatment.

The apparatus in use is the same as that used in the old building, except that, owing to limited accommodation, it is not at present possible to use the carbon arc lamp.

An addition has been made to the Solarium staff by the appointment of a masseuse, Miss Coleby, who commenced duties on 30th April, 1935. Massage and remedial exercises are applied in suitable cases, and are an essential complement to light and heat therapy in many cases.

The number of massage cases and general review of the results of treatment are given below :

Number of attendances and General Treatments		27,068
Number of Local Treatments		4,232
Number of Examinations		1,934
Number of Massage Treatments		451
Number of New Patients		488
Number of Discharges		525
Number of Maternity and Child Welfare Cases 1	under	
treatment during the year		303
Number of Tuberculous Patients under treat	ment	Empire
during the year		26
Total number of other classes under treatment d	uring	
the year		543

(The Maternity and Child Welfare patients formed 27.6 per cent. of the total number under treatment and the Tuberculosis patients 2.7 per cent.).

All patients attending for treatment are recommended by general practitioners or by medical officers of the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres, the Tuberculosis Dispensary or Hospitals. Every patient is examined by a member of the medical staff before and during treatment and a Medical Officer is on duty in the Solarium during eight of the sessions each week.

A list of the principal diseases treated, together with the number of patients who completed treatment during the year is given below :

TUBERCULOSIS.

Pulmonary				 	 	2
Glandular				 	 	6
Hip				 	 	4
Skin (Lupus	and Ba	zin's D	isease)	 	 	2
Other non-p	ulmonar	ry cond	litions	 	 	11

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

Ante-natal					 	 7
Rickets					 	 42
Marasmus,	Debility,	Malnut	trition	, etc.	 	 67
Bronchitis					 	 38
Adenitis (n	on-tuberc	ulous)			 	 21
Other cond	itions				 	 4

OTHER DISEASES.

Acne					 	 8
Adenitis (n	on-tuberc	ulous)			 	 10
Alopecia					 	 25
Asthma					 	 1
Bronchitis	(including	chror	nic)		 	 36
Chronic Rh	neumatic o	onditi	ions		 	 74
Dermatitis						3
Emphysem	a				 	 3
Fibroid lun	ıg				 	
Malnutritio	n, Debilit	y, Ana	aemia	etc.	 	 123
Miscellaneo	ous conditi	ons			 	33
Psoriasis					 	 2

Light treatment has been found invaluable in cases of surgical tuberculosis following treatment in sanatorium. 23 cases of nonpulmonary tuberculosis completed treatment during the year with good results in all but one case.

Of 74 cases of bronchitis who completed treatment during the year 53 showed marked improvement. Especially noticeable was the relief which the majority of cases of the "asthmatic" type got from the dyspnoeic attacks.

As in previous years the numbers of infants and school children treated for nutritional disorders and debility following acute illness, and the numbers of adults treated for chronic rheumatic conditions formed the two largest groups of the total number of patients undergoing treatment.

In the first group the most marked benefit from treatment was noticed in children suffering from debility following acute illness. Under "Malnutrition, Anaemia, Rickets, Marasmus" the majority of infants treated were referred from the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres, and from the Tuberculosis Dispensary and school in the case of older children. In these cases treatment provides a powerful stimulant to the metabolism, increasing the vital body functions and causing increase of appetite and muscular tone. The majority of children showed marked improvement in general condition and increased weight.

It must be born in mind that ultra-violet light therapy is but part of the treatment of cases of nutrition disturbances, and that other causal factors have to be remedied. In the case of infants these are fully investigated at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres, whilst it is noted that most of the children referred from school for treatment have milk at school.

A small proportion of children showed a little or no improvement following treatment. In many cases faulty nutrition at early, probably pre-natal, age results in a frail body framework, and later efforts to form a robust constitution end in failure.

Good results were noted in the ante-natal cases treated during the year. These were later reflected in the health of the child at birth. In the second large group, those suffering from chronic rheumatic conditions, cases showed a varying degree of crippling due to pain and muscular spasm, in many cases there being a total incapacity to follow their usual occupations. This incapacity is bound to have far reaching effects on the patient's family as a whole, as it reduces the family income for long and recurring periods. Our results in the treatment of these cases have been excellent. In most cases, after a period of light and radiant heat treatment crippling disappears; and later, with treatment combined with massage in cases to promote absorption of fibrotic nodules or bands, functional capacity returns.

It is realised that treatment is not a cure as has been emphasised in previous reports, but it does prevent more serious development in early cases, and it maintains functional capacity in the more advanced cases, which is important from the occupational point of view, as many of the sufferers from these maladies become totally unemployable.

During the year 19 cases of alopecia completed treatment. Of these 7 cases were cured and 10 showed very definite improvement.

Acne was found to respond well to treatment by ultra-violet light. Many of these cases had previously had prolonged treatment of varying forms, including vaccines, without apparent benefit; 6 cases completed treatment during the year, and of these 5 were greatly improved and 1 was cured.

LEYSIN PATIENTS. In the following table will be found a complete list of patients who have been sent to Leysin by the Borough Council.

Initials of Patient	Age	Sex	Localisation of Disease	Period previously under Medicai Treatment prior to going to Leysin	Date sent to Leysin	Date returned from Leysin	Result
S.B.	12	М.	Left Foot	5 years	. 28/7/24	5/7/27	Well and at work
IR.	10	F.	Glands of Neck	5 "	28/7/24	6/10/25	Removed from District
MS	15	F.	Right Knee	6	28/7/24	6/10/25	Well. Now married
A.L.	19	F.	Glands of Neck	2	1/10/24	6/10/25	
C.P	37	F.	Forearm & Peritoneum	2	1/10/24	6/10/25	Well and at work
M.B.	28	F.	Glands of Neck	15 ,,	26/10/25	22/2/27	
E.C.	16	F.	Right Knee	5 .,	26/10/25	8/7/27	
H.C.	10	M.	Glands of Neck	2	26/10/25	20/2/27	
A.H	21	F.	Left Hip	9	17/5/26	29/6/28	25 35
E.W.	23	F.	Spine and Right Hip	18 "	17/5/26	17/9/27	Well
G.B	20	F.	Left Ankle	2	9/2/27	28/4/29	Removed from District
L.T.	19	M.	Abscess of Ribs	2 "	9/2/27	8/5/28	33 33 39
C.P.	24	M.	Spine	7	5/2/27	8/5/28	Keeping well
A.R	26	F.	Glands of Neck	3	5/2/27	8/6/29	Removed from District
EG	16	M.	Lupus of Nose	4 "	20/6/28	8/6/29	Well and at work
C.P.	26	M.	Tuberculide of Skin	1	20/6/28	8/6/29	
H.S	18	M.	Right Hip	3 "	20/6/28	26/9/30	
I.S	23	F.	Right Hip	8 "	31/5/29	5/8/32	
CC.	27	F.	Multiple Lupus	20 "	20/1/30	6/5/32	Undergoing further treatment
AP.	16	F.	Glands of Neck	4 months	20/1/30	20/3/31	Well and at work
E.W.	18	M.	Left Knee	1 year	15/4/30	1/2/33	Well and working
G.L.	15	M.	Spine	10 months	13/10/30		Dead (Tuberculous Meningitis)
V.B.	16	F.	Lupus of Nose	1 year	6/2/31	6/5/32	Well and at work
D.R.	34	M.	Spine	4 years	4/7/31		Dead (Cerebro-spinal Meningitis)
J O'B.	17	M	Right Knee	7 months	30/7/32		Still at Leysin
E.B.	20	F.	Left knee		10/5/33	14/6/35	Seen recently, keeping well.
F.H.	22	F.	Left wrist	3 months	27/1/36		Still at Leysin

V.--MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

There have been several changes of importance during the year in the Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme to which it is necessary to call attention. I am very pleased to be able to record that a satisfactory arrangement has been arrived at with regard to the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre at the Central Hall. The number of Health Visitors employed by the Central Hall authority has been increased so that there are now one part-time and two whole-time Health Visitors. The part-time Medical Officers are employed and paid by the Borough Council and work under the direction of the Medical Officer of Health. Mothers and children are now seen by appointment so that the attendances are more evenly spread out over the whole of the sessions, and many other smaller points of difference have been adjusted to the satisfaction of both parties.

In October following the resignation of one of the Tuberculosis Nurses, I submitted a report suggesting that the remaining nurse, Miss Riley, should be appointed as a Health Visitor and the work of visiting tuberculous patients should then be divided amongst all the Health Visitors. Both committees agreed to these proposals which are now in force and working satisfactorily.

In the early part of the year the committee had under consideration the question of providing for the examination and treatment of women at the menopause. It was the intention to provide the services of an expert in diseases peculiar to women for three classes of patients :—

- POST-NATAL.—Women suffering from trouble following confinement.
- 2. MENOPAUSE.—Patients suffering from diseases associated with the "change of life."
- 3. DISEASES OF THE FEMALE GENERATIVE ORGANS, including, amongst other things, cancer and other tumours.

After careful consideration the Council authorised the establishment of two such clinics weekly, one to be held at 110 Grange Road and one at 98 Rotherhithe New Road. These clinics were opened early in July and particulars of the attendances are appended.

A report was approved by the Council in October authorising the establishment of two Health Centres, one in Rotherhithe and one in Bermondsey, the Housing Committee having kindly agreed to allocate two new flats to the Maternity and Child Welfare Committee or this purpose. It is intended to use these centres for a variety of purposes.

- 1. INFANT WELFARE CENTRES.—One Health Visitor will attend daily from 9.30 to 10.30 a.m. to see mothers and babies and weigh babies, if necessary, and to give such advice as is within her province and ordinarily given by her at any infant welfare clinic. When necessary she will make appointments for mothers to see the doctor at the next ordinary infant welfare centre in the district. She will also see and advise ante-natal patients and make appointments for such patients to see the doctor at the ante-natal clinic.
- 2. TODDLERS' PLAY CENTRES.—These are intended to take up to a maximum of twelve children between the ages of one and five years, the object being to take care of these children for short periods not exceeding three hours, so as to free the mother. It is not intended to take care of children whose mothers go out to work.
- 3. DOMESTIC TEACHING.—Arrangements will be made for demonstrations in home management, budgetting and cookery to be given at these centres from time to time.
- 4. FOOT CLINIC.—One session each week will be held at each centre.
- 5. INVALID CHILDREN.—Many children suffer from sequelae following infectious diseases; a certain number of these children make very slow recoveries and require examination and sometimes prolonged convalescent treatment. Clinics for the examination of such children will be held at intervals.

It is hoped that these centres will be opened by the end of February or the beginning of March next year,

(48)

FAIRBY GRANGE CONVALESCENT HOME.

The number of patients in the home of necessity remains about the same from year to year; particulars of admissions during 1935 are shewn hereunder:—

Number of women admitted	 	 222
Number of babies admitted	 	 97
Number of toddlers admitted	 	 153

MIDWIFERY SERVICE.

Under this scheme 410 patients "booked" during the year. compared with 301 patients last year. In 216 of these cases the full fee of the midwife was paid by the Council and a proportion of the fee was paid in 166 other cases; the remaining 28 cases were assessed to pay the full fee.

OBSTETRIC AND PUERPERAL FEVER CONSULTANTS.

The names of the gentlemen who have agreed to act in this capacity will be found on page 89.

The number of consultation	ıs du	ring the	year w	ras as fo	ollows	-:-
Obstetric Consultations						Nil
Puerperal Fever Consultations						1

INFANT LIFE PROTECTION.

The number of foster-mothers and children in this borough is happily very small, and no difficulty has been experienced in dealing with these cases during the year. There were 15 fostermothers with 16 children and 76 visits were paid by the visitor and 2 by the Medical Officer of Health.

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

It gives me great pleasure to report that there were no maternal deaths during the year; the maternal death rate is therefore nil.

HEALTH VISITORS.

The following table shows the work done by the Municipal and Voluntary Centres and Health Visitors during 1935 :----

for ground to	1	1	s		s to In d Child	ren	Expe	ts to ectant	Puer Fever Puer	r and peral		nalmia torum	r 8 Dices		h	
Distr	int		Births Notified		Re-v	isite	Mot	hers	Pyr	exia	and the second		Other Visits	Sudance Centres	Health Talks	
Distr	ict		Bi No	First Visits	Under 1 year		Pri- mary Visits	Re- visits	Савев	Visits	Cases	Visite	00	Attendances at Centres	HH.	
Miss Robson			87	94	712	1225	48	136	2	2	-	-	527	192	-	
Central Hall			13	13	84	198	7	6	-	-		-	35	26	-	
Miss Bowles			75	91	502	726	62	129	- 1	-	-		613	239	11	
Miss Lawrence			124	135	945	1172	49	110	3	3		-	418	227	- 1	
St. George's Hall			83	91	959	1231	53	201	1	1	-		750	110	26	
Miss Riches			61	72	618	978	44	140	2	2	-	-	620	241	-	
Miss Brown			51	75	295	815	52	117	-	-	1	1	570	216	7	
Miss Riley			9	8	60	57	4	10	-	-	-	-	74	19	-	
Miss Helden			95	115	515	1124	70	195	2	2	-	10 - 5	800	235	92	
Fulford Street			132	139	792	1092	106	180	-	-		-	566	153	32	
Miss Carlton			145	149	1181	1279	77	188	2	2	-	-	320	221	25	
Miss White			141	157	931	1164	94	217	4	4	2	3	481	174	30	
Miss Wadds			89	90	889	1428	53	340	3	3	1	2	249	202	26	
Miss Bache		1.	125	134	760	990	60	141	3	3	1	3	128	242	-	
Salomon's Centre			100	103	830	2394	542	537	-	-		-	8	300	17	
Totals			1330	1466	10073	15873	1321	2647	22	22	5	9	6159	2797	266	

* From 16th November, 1935.

Course 11		Chil	dren's C	onsultati	ons	Distant.	Ante	natal C	linie	Sewing	Class	Gynae	cologica	l Clinic
Name of Centre	No. of	New		To		No. seen		New	Total	North	No. of	No. of	New	Total Attend-
	Sessions	Under 1 year	1-5 years	Under 1 year	1-5 years	by Doctor	No. of Sessions	Cases	Attend- ances	No. of Sessions		Sessions		ances
110 Grange Road	196	197	40	3,535	2,921	4,103	47	139	796	41	239	22	91	181
98 Rotherhithe New Road	152	195	17	3,702	2,485	3,172	82	151	870	-	-	23	77	105
Trinity Road	51	39	2	554	540	944	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bermondsey Gospel Mission		107	25	2,041	1,953	2,173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roseberry Street	47	84	13	1,468	985	1,138	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Salomon's Centre	151	96	4	2,482	1,392	1,278	200	476	3,015	-	-	-	-	-
Princess Club	159	102	10	2,032	1,891	2,922	51	71	408	85	1,392	-	-	-
Fulford Street	99	151	24	1,968	1,541	2,360	50	135	646	-	-	-	-	-
St. George's Hall	65	61	14	990	1,007	1,235	-	-	-	42	655	-	-	
*Central Hall	36	36	9	1,170	2,230	1,416	-	-	-	8	155	-	-	
Totals	1,053	1,068	158	19,942	16,945	20,741	430	972	5,735	176	2,441	45	168	286

ATTENDANCES AT MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE CENTRES.

The following table shows attendances at Maternity and Child Welfare Centres during 1935 :—

* Commencing 26th October, 1935.

(51)

Maternity and Child Welfare. STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR, 1935

Borough Council of Bermondsey.

POPULATION according to the Census of 1931.-111,542.

Births.

Registered-

riegisieren-		Total	Males	Females
Live Births Legiti	mate		753	694
Linegit	imate		18	22
Birth Rate per 1,	000 of the esti		al Males	14.5 Females
Stillbirths		41		26
Rate per 1,000 to	tal (live and sti			27
Notified within 36 hours of	birth—			
 (1) Live Births, 1,436. (1) By Midwives, 241. 	(2) Stillbirt (2) By Par	ths, 37. ents and Doctor	(3) Total, 1 rs, 1,232.	,473
	Total.	Males.	Females	
Deaths	1,201	670	531	
Death Rate per 1,00			population	11.7
Maternal Deaths.				
Deaths from puerperal cau	1868 :	Rate n	er 1,000 tot	al
	Deaths.		d still) birth	
Puerperal Sepsis	Nil		Nil	
Other puerperal cause			Nil	
Total	Nil		Nil	
Death Rate of Infants under All Infants per 1,000 l Legitimate infants per	live births			69 66
				175
Illegitimate infants pe	r 1,000 megru	mate five offens		170
Health Visitors. Visits paid To Expectant Mothers To Infants under 1 To Children, 1-5.	 (1) First Visit (1) First Visit 	ts, 1,321. (2 ts, 1,466. (2	2) Total Vis 2) Total Vis	its, 10,073
Convalescent Homes for Child	dren under 5.			
Number of Beds, 16. Nur		n under 5 receiv	ed during the	e year, 250.
Day Nurseries.				
Number of day nurseries .	2	(both voluntary	7).	
Number of places for child				
Summer months		Winter mont		
Total number of attendand	ces of children 11,385		ries during t	be year :-
Deaths from Meas	les (all ages)			4
Deaths from Who				5
Deaths from Dian				31
A CANTO LIGHT TAN	inter lanaer w	A sure or abol		

VI. DENTAL TREATMENT.

One alteration in the time-tables of the dental centres has been made during the year. In the first week of May the Friday evening session at 110 Grange Road was closed and an additional session was added to those at 98 Rotherhithe New Road.

The total number of patients treated during the year was 7,634, a very slight increase as compared with last year; the number of attendances has also risen and generally speaking every branch of the work shows a slight increase this year. Both centres are working almost to full capacity, and on one or two occasions prosthetic work has had to be sent out in order to avoid undue delay in the provision of dentures.

The building operations do not seem to have interfered with the work of the centre at 110 Grange Road, and we are anticipating with pleasure the opening of the new building with its more commodious quarters. Alterations are contemplated also at 98 Rotherhithe New Road, and it is hoped that the accommodation of the dental clinic there will be increased, particularly with regard to the waiting-room for patients.

		Add add po po po po add Add Anashined Number of Patients Treated Number of Extractions Local Local Anasthetics General Number of Fillings	Treated	ons	Anæsthetičs				Fitted	to Dentures	1068
CENTRE	Type of Case		Number of Scalings	Number of Dentures Fitted	Number of Repairs to Dentures	Number of Attendances					
	Maternity Cases	878	1014	2756	724	238	49	20	214	83	1997
Bolenelusen	Women	1325	1430	2290	1200	113	219	24	148	110	2432
110,	Men	1960	2085	3598	2100	47	267	37	209	140	3411
GRANGE	Tuberculosis Cases	48	43	111	47	6	54	1	18	9	177
ROAD.	Children (Table I.)	896	844	2834	209	638	325	-	6 <u>1.9</u> 109	-	2079
anon and and and	Totals	5107	5416	11589	4280	1042	914	82	589	342	10096
	Maternity Cases	494	500	1961	265	253	32	25	137	25	1221
98,	Women	387	428	1007	268	134	60	8	56	30	882
ROTHERHITHE	Men	572	593	1085	544	52	59	19	65	24	1023
NEW	Tuberculosis Cases	5	5	13	1	3	-	1	-	-	12
ROAD.	Children (Table I.)	708	692	2255	63	574	258	8	0	-	1451
Barrie and a	Totals	2166	2218	6321	1141	1016	409	61	258	79	4589

DENTAL TREATMENT CARRIED OUT DURING 1935

(53)

CENTRE	Age Group	nined	ed	tractions	Ansasthetics		lings	lings	Number of Attendances for Orthodontics	Total Number of Attendances
		Number Examined	Number Treated	Number of Extractions	Local	General	Number of Fillings	Number of Scalings	Number of Atte	Total Number
110, GRANGE ROAD.	Under 5 years Over 5 years	3 09 587		1463 1371	7 202	313 325	6 319		 301	598 1481
	Totals	896	844	2834	209	638	325	-	301	2079
98, ROTHERHITHE NEW ROAD.	Under 5 years Over 5 years	252 456		1033 1222	26 37	234 340	45 213	- 8	1 1	491 960
	Totals	708	692	2255	63	574	258	8	-	1451

TREATMENT OF CHILDREN DURING 1935

VII.-PROPAGANDA.

During the year 1935 the following lectures and demonstrations, each illustrated by lantern slides and cinema films, were given :—

				Lectures.	Audiences.
Schools			 	70	12,940
Clubs and o	ther Ins	titutions	 	36	1,867
Open-air wi	th cinem	na van	 	64	29,360
				170	44,167
					-

During the same period 244 children attending schools in the Borough entered, after recognised training, for the Borough Council's examination in Personal Hygiene and Home Nursing, and the following certificates were granted :—

Primary		 	 141
Intermedi	iate	 	 36
Final		 	 12

Four of the final passes also gained proficiency medals for obtaining over 70 per cent. of marks throughout the examination.

Propaganda work in Bermondsey has been a recognised section of the Public Health Service for the past eleven years, and the experience gained shows that it is an essential part of any complete scheme of Preventive Medicine.

The most valuable work in Health Publicity is that done in the schools, and it is the aim of the staff to steadily increase the number of lectures and demonstrations each year. During 1935 seventy such lectures were given, the lecturer on each occasion being a medical man or woman, and in every case the lecture was illustrated by lantern slides and films. Just recently a junior clerk was appointed in the Department and 23 applicants for the post, between the ages of 16 and 17, were given an educational test, part of which was to write an essay. A choice of subjects was given, one of them being one of the school lectures. Of the 23 candidates, 18 had attended Bermondsey Schools and of these, 17 chose the school lecture for the essay. In every case the writer showed an intimate knowledge of his subject and some really good essays were submitted.

A steadily increasing number of children are taking the Bermondsey Hygiene Course at school, and during the past year a record number of Borough Council certificates were granted to successful candidates. The teachers responsible for this work are most enthusiastic and the children keenly interested. The examinations take two days, one for the theory and another for practical work, and are taken very seriously by the children.

VIII.-SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

HOUSING.

During the year 1935 fourteen new areas were represented, comprising in all a total of 601 dwelling houses and 28 dwelling houses with shops attached.

No. of Area in No. of Dwelling Title of Clearance Area Date sq. ft. Dwelling houses (approx.) Houses and Shops Adams Gardens ... 5/2/35 80,302 104 2 .. Tunnel Road .. 5/2/35 5,196 3 Nil Kintore Street 5/3/35 24,819 20 Nil Tyers Gateway ... 2/4/35 14,496 26 Nil Cloyne Row 2/4/35 3,640 8 Nil Arnolds Place 7/5/35 186,310 ... 204 6 17,685 Rowley Buildings 4/6/35 7 • • 19 . . Whites Grounds, No. 2 2/7/35 3,932 Nil .. 4 Prospect Street, No. 1 ... Prospect Street, No. 2 ... 2/9/35 44,127 65 1 ... 2/9/35 14,161 15 Nil . . Adams Gardens, No. 2 ... 24/9/35 1,839 4 Nil ... Lynton Mews 1/10/35 13,213 12 Nil **Kipling Street** 5/11/35 85,432 111 8 Queens Place 5/11/35 3,248 10 Nil . .

The following are the areas represented :--

Of the areas represented, eleven have been declared by the Council during the year and the particulars of these are given hereunder :---

Title of Clearance Area	Area in sq. ft. (Approx.)	No. of dwelling houses		Per- sons	Date declared by Council
Adams Gardens and lands ad-	00.050		100		110
joining	86,250	107	137	536	26/2/35
Funnel Road	5,196	3	5	17	26/2/35
Kintore Street and lands ad-			12.11	(IIIIO))	
joining	30,721	21	25	120	28/5/35
Fyers Gateway	14,496	26	28	112	28/5/35
Cloyne Row	3,640	8	8	30	28/5/35
Arnolds Place and lands ad-			17.00		1.1.1.1.1
joining	301,230	252	368	1481	25/6/35
Rowley Buildings	17,685	26	35	128	23/7/35
Whites Grounds No. 2 and		and the second	1		2011100
lands adjoining	4,739	6	7	26	24/9/35
Prospect Street, No. 1, and	-,		1		24/0/00
lands adjoining	91,904	78	89	328	26/11/35
Prospect Street, No. 2	14,795	15	18		
Lynton Mews	13,213	10	10	47	26/11/35 17/12/35

The clearing of these areas necessitate the demolition of 554 dwelling houses, and the rehousing of 730 families consisting of 2,880 inhabitants.

The building of new houses by the Council has been continued in accordance with the policy of the Council, and 459 cottages and flats have been erected during the year.

Position				Numl	No. of families accommodated			
Whites Grounds Est	ate		55	flats				55
Albion Estate			4	,,				4
T			45	,,	and 1	shop		45
Swan Mead			14	,,				14
West Lane (Cherry	Garde	n						
Place)			19	,,				19
Amos Éstate			28					28
Cranbourn House			26					26
Bethel Estate			23	**				23
Elim Estate			27			shop		27
Purbrook Estate			79			shop		79
Crosby Row (Porloc	k Stre	et)						2
Redriff Estate				flats				26
Rotherhithe Street V								
No. 11			17					17
Neptune Street			20	"			- 2025	20
Creasy Estate (Lero;			21	,,			•••	21
Westfield House			21	"				21
T2 TT			10	,,	•••	••	•••	10
	•••		10	,,	•••	••		10
Rotherhithe Street,			1 1	antter				1
Block No		•••		cottage		••	••	1
Bryan House	••	• •	21	flats	• •	• •		21

Particulars of these are given hereunder :---

The following dwellings were in course of erection at the end of the year :—

Position.		Number of flats, cot- tages and shops	
Whites Grounds Estate			30 flats
Elim Estate			61 ,,
Cherry Garden Place			21 ,,
T 11 T			24 "
Purbrook Estate			34
Rotherhithe Street, Block	k No. 10	0	
Bryan House			
Alice Street site			34 flats
Redriff Estate			51 ,,
Southwark Park Estate			58 ,, and 4 shops
Adams Gardens			59 ,, and 1 shop

HOUSING ACT, 1935-OVERCROWDING SURVEY.

The overcrowding survey was made by the Housing Department, and the following report was submitted to the Council on the 25th February, 1936 :—

"The following information has been forwarded to the London County Council in connection with the recent overcrowding survey carried out by the Council :—

Form A.	Preliminary enumeration	 18,350 houses visited.
Form B.	Doubtful overcrowding	 5,027 houses revisited
		and all rooms in each

Form C. This is a summary showing the result of the completed survey and a copy of the summary for the Borough of Bermondsey as submitted to the London County Council is attached to this report. This shows a total of 27,488 families included in the return, 3,142 families being overcrowded and 24,346 families not overcrowded. Dividing the Borough into its twelve electoral wards the results are as under :—

house measured up

Ward	1			No. of families overcrowded	No. of families not overcrowded	Total number of families
St. Jol	nn			166	1,019	1,185
St. Ola	ve			93	257	350
St. The	omas			47	246	293
B.1				493	1,799	2,292
B.2				481	2,635	3,116
B.3				337	3,518	3,855
B.4				148	3,849	3,997
B.5				122	2,339	2,461
B.6				391	1,435	1826
R.1				483	2,552	3,035
R.2				186	3,277	3,463
R.3				195	1,420	1,615
		Tota	als	3,142	24,346	27,488

The 3,142 overcrowded families included in the return on Form C are contained in 2,734 separate dwelling-houses. It will be seen from Form C that no provision has been made for families of more than 13 persons or for houses which would accommodate. families of more than 13 persons. It has been pointed out to the London County Council that there are some families and houses in Bermondsey where the number of persons is higher than provided for on Form C., and they are considering the matter to see if the form can be amended to provide for these ; if this is done there will be a very slight variation in the total number of families

shewn on the form.

" It has also been found that no provision was made on Form C. for families occupying one room only having a floor area of less than 50 or 70 sq. ft. In the first case no persons would be allowed to sleep in the room and in the second case only half a person (child under 10 years of age). It was found that in one case one adult person was sleeping in a room of less than 50 sq. ft. and in six cases single rooms of between 50 and 70 sq. ft. were being used for sleeping purposes by 1, 11 or 2 persons. These have been included in the first downward column of Form C. showing permitted accommodation for one person and the matter has been mentioned to the London County Council. For the carrying out of the overcrowding survey, 30 enumerators and 20 survey assistants were engaged for a period of four weeks and ten survey assistants for a further period of one week. The total wages paid to these enumerators and survey assistants was £877 12s. 6d., and the agreed proportion of this to be met by the London County Council is £404 1s. 3d.; the net cost to the Borough Council, is, therefore, £473 11s. 3d."

NUMBER OF		UMBER	R OF	FAMIL	IES CO	NTAIN	IING E	QUIVAI	NUM	BER S	R OF HOWN	PERSO AT T	NS IN	THE AD O	FIRST			CCUPYI	NG DV	VELLIN	GS W	тн ти	HE PE	RMITTE	D	TOTAL	LS OF FAN	AILIES.
IN FAMILY	1	11	2	21	3	31	4	41	5	51	6	61	7	71	8	81	9	91	10	10i	11	111	12	121	13	OVER. GROWDED	NOT OVER. GROWDED	TOTAL
1	49	1974	310	901	142	3	323	7	41	3	88	1	3	3	19			17			3				2		3,889	3,889
11	4	4	13	40	6		6		1		1													-	-	4	71	75
2	10	43	364	2347	575	7	1754	50	231	10	753	16	17	21	166	3	4	110			26		1	-	8	53	6,463	6,516
21	3	78	35	40	978	2	678	15	84	1	204	11	8	10	44	1	1	26			11			-	2	116	2,116	2,232
3	2	52	31	37	906	7	1354	58	212	18	1037	38	38	60	322	8	4	203	5		58		1	-	17	122	4.346	4,468
31		13	3	290	86	2	385	14	108	4	277	7	18	19	71		-	33			8			-	2	392	947	1,339
4	1	18	6	320	89	22	53	98	874	21	870	43	40	48	359	12	7	273	3		70	1	2	-	19	456	2,593	3,049
41	-	9	2	87	20	5	17	21	201	4	200	10	8	15	74	2	1	33			5			-	2	140	576	716
5		3	3	147	23	12	28	44	349	17	512	18	39	37	270	7	7	241	4	2	56	2	3	-	9	260	1,573	1,833
51		1		52	18	3	143	5	38	8	182	12	7	13	70	1	2	47	1	-	3	-		-	-	258	346	-
6		2		75	5	7	216	12	87	17	44	68	71	71	179	15	8	148	6	2	47		2	-	14	391		604
61		2		20	3	1	73	4	15	10	35	24	27	13	62	2	-	35	0	1	8		-	-	100		673	1,064
7		1		28	3	3	100	7	21	20	29	41	40	27	90	4	4	95	3		27			-	1	163	163	326
71				17			32	2	5	7	12	16	12	10	34		4	22							4	253	295	548
8				16	2	-	31	3	4		99	16	7	9	-	3		42	1		5					103	99	202
81				6	-		16	1	2	3	41	3			3	11	10	46	5	_	18		2		3	186	103	289
9				3			15		3	1	44		1	2	2	1	8	19	-		3		1		2	77	31	108
91				-			5	1	0			2	3	4	2	10	4	24	2		5		-		1	91	36	127
10	-			2			3				13		2	3	1	1			3		3	1	1		1	26	9	35
101	-										10	_			1	1	2	2	1	3	5				2	21	11	32
11		-						-		-	4		1		5	2		3	2		2					18	2	20
11;			-												1		1	1		1	1				1	5	2	7
12				-			1			-	4				1					1					1	6	1	7
121	-				-														1						1	1	1	2
13																												
1 0												-	_				-						-					
AGA DVCA-	20	222	80	1099	249	53	882	79	143	58	295	78	28	18	12	14	3	6	3	2						3,142		
CALCUNCT	49	1978	687	3328	2607	21	4553	263	1901	86	4168	248	314	347	1758	70	60	1392	34	8	384	5	13		92		24,346	
TOTAL	69	2200	767	4427	2856	74	5235	342	2044	144	4463	326	340	385	1770	84	63	1398	37	10	364	5	13		92			27,488

NOTE.—The numbers of overcrowded families are shown below the stepped diagonal line. All numbers above the stepped diagonal line are families not overcrowded.



INSPECTIONS. PROCEEDINGS, ETC.

Hereunder will be found particulars of Inspections, Proceedings, etc., for the year 1935 :---

I NSPEC	TION OF DWELLING HOUSES DURING THE YEAR ;
	 (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)
	(b) Number of Inspections made for the purpose 39,264
(2)	 (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Con- solidated Regulations, 1925
	(b) Number of Inspections made for the purpose 4,298
(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as
(4)	to be unfit for human habitation 643 Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub- head) found not to be in all respects
	reasonably fit for human habitation 63
NU	mber of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers
ACTION	UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR :
(A)	Proceedings under Sections 17, 18 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1930 :
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs 63
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices :—
	(a) By owners Nil
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners
(B)	Proceedings under Public Health Acts :
(1)	 (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring
	defects to be remedied 5,772

	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—
	(a) By owners 2,298
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners
(C)	Proceedings under Sections 19 and 21 of the Housing Act, 1930 :
	 Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made 4
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders
(D)	Proceedings under section 20 of the Housing Act, 1930 :-
	(1) Number of separate tenements or under- ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made
	 (2) Number of separate tenements or under- ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit Nil
	Total number of houses in the Borough

REGISTERED PREMISES-

Premises	Number on Register at end of 1935	Number of Inspections	Number of Prosecutions
Common Lodging Houses	3	88	- 11
Seamen's Lodging Houses Milkshops	2 290	11 727	
Houses let in lodgings	1,205	4,273	- 10
Ice Cream Premises Offensive Trades (including Poultry	145	:93	
Slaughter-houses)	15	103	-

SMOKE NUISANCES-

Number of observations	5	 	 	23
Number of notices		 	 	5
Number of complaints		 	 	4
Number of summonses		 .,	 	Nil

WATER SUPPLY TO TENEMENT HOUSES-

Premises supplied	 	 	 52
Prosecutions	 	 	 Nil

SALE OF FOOD-

Number	of	premises	used	other	than	ice-cream		
premis	es,	milk shops	and	cowshee	ds			636
Number	of i	nspections						2,93 0

RAG FLOCK ACTS, 1911 AND 1928-

There are four premises in the District where rag flock is used, and each of these premises was inspected twice during the year, the total number of inspections being eight.

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919-

Two notices were served under this Act.

WATER SUPPLY-

Most of the houses in the borough have the water supply either on the ground floor or in the yard, and many of these houses are, inhabitated by more than one family. Water supply has been installed on one of the storeys of 52 tenement houses, after service of notices.

WATER CLOSET ACCOMMODATION-

Practically every house in the borough has one water-closet, which is, in many cases, shared by two or more families. Many of the flats have one water-closet to two families.

SCHOOLS-

The sanitary accommodation in each of the schools has been inspected twice during the year,
NUMBER OF PROSECUTIONS UNDER BY-LAWS UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1891 :---

(a)	For prevention of nuisance arising from offensive matter running out of any manufactory, etc	_
(b)	For the prevention of keeping of animals in such a manner as to be injurious to health	_
(c)	As to paving of yards, etc., of dwelling houses	-
(<i>d</i>)	In connection with the removal of offensive matter, etc.	8
(e)	As to removal and disposal of refuse, etc.	
(<i>f</i>)	For securing the cleanliness of tanks, cisterns, etc	
(g)	With respect to water closets, etc	_
(<i>h</i>)	With respect to sufficiency of water supply to water closets	-
(1)	With respect to drainage, etc. (Metropolis Management Act, Sec. 202)	-
(<i>j</i>)	With respect to deposit of plans as to drainage, etc. (Metropolis Management Acts Amendment (By-laws) Act, 1899)	-
Nu	mber of prosecutions under the Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924	-
Nu	(Consolidation) Act, 1915	

Number of prosecutions under the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926

4

WORK OF DISTRICT INSPECTORS, 1935.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2	3
(1) Accessing, etc. (2) Cristopherogicus (2) Cristopherogicus (House-to-House	Special Inspections	Complaints	-	Factories & Workshops Specially Inspected	Offensive Trades	Outworkers' Bi-Annual Inspection	Underground Conveniences	Drains Tested	Other Calls and Visits	Chimneys watched	Bakehouses	Common and Seamens Lodging Houses	Butchers	Fishmongers, Friers and Curers	Food Stores	Fruiterers and Greengrocers	Ice Cream	Markets	Restaurants and Eating Houses	Destruction of Food	Various	Visits TOTALS	Ints.
District No. 1 , No. 2 , No. 3 , No. 4 , No. 5 , No. 6 , No. 7 , No. 8	616 575 593 493 472 459 603 487	1340 1212 1480 966 966 1377 1312 1396	381 300 482 335 537 436 334 424	137 108 148 130 110 97 151 99	70 55 55 			2	$\begin{array}{r} 47\\ 41\\ 38\\ 35\\ 21\\ 36\\ 62\\ 65\end{array}$	1623 2898 2582 2785 2725 2675 2754 2666	222111664224	26 24 33 29 39 48 29 47	1	54 109 97 53 77 55 75 82	100 20 12 21 28	160 81 196 61 146 149 232 88	35 50 25 14 25	36 26 51 39 25 41 41 34	45 80 60 61 88 87 70 306	25 85 42 10 27 63	3 1 2 2 3 1 7	13 9 11 69 65	6057	59 75 72 76 78 73 74 69

(65)

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKPLACES, AND HOMEWORK. HOMEWORK.

	Outworkers' Lists, Section 107								Outwork in Unwholesome Premises Section, 108			Outwork in Infected Premises (Sections 109, 110)			
States and a second second second	Lists received from Employers			Ontw	Outworkers Notices		Prosecutions				1				
NATURE OF WORK	Lists	Outv Resider Bermor	vorkers at in adse y	Resident	reside Bermo received other D	ntin ndsey 1 from	served on Occupiers as to keeping or sending	Failing to keep	Failing to send	In- stances	Notices served	Prosecu- tions	In- stances	Notices served	Prosecu- tions
(1)	(2)	Con- tractors (3)	Work. men (4)	other Districts (5)	Con- tractors (6)	Work- men (7)	lists (8)	lists (9)	lists (10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Wearing Apparel :	21	-	43	46	4	47	12	-	=	10	10	-	6	=	=
(2) Cleansing and washing Fur pulling	_	_	=	=	1			=	-	=	-	-	=	-	-
Umbrellas, etc Sacks Paper, etc., Boxes, Paper Bags	62	-	58	1 2	=	$\frac{1}{11}$	52	E	=	2	2	=	3	=	-
Brush making	-	-	_	-	-	2 2	-	=	=	-	=	=	=	=	=
Leather Goods Surgical Instruments	42	_	5	10 2	_	-	1	=	=	=	=	=	1	=	=
Coathangers	2	_	17	21	_	1	1	=	=	1	1	=	1	=	=
Onion Peeling Games and Toys	Ξ	-	Ξ	Ξ	=	2 3	-	-	=	1	1 _	=	-	-	=
Total	37	-	78	82	5	69	24	-	-	14	14	-	11	-	

(66)

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKPLACES AND HOMEWORK.

INSPECTION.

	Logoral	Number of	
Premises	Inspections	Written Notices	Prosecutions
Factories (including Factory Laundries)	1,022	53	
Workshops (including Workshop Laundries)	542	53	-
Workplaces (other than Out workers' Premises)	219	12	-10
Total	1,783	118	Cort Carlos C

DEFECTS FOUND.

bodies received administy in	Nu	mber of Del	fects	Number
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	Number of Prosecu- tions
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts — Want of Cleanliness Want of Ventilation Overcrowding Want of Drainage of Floors Other Nuisances Sanitary Accommodation— Insufficient Not separate for Sexes	7 1 1 44 6 57 1	7 1 		
Offences under the Factory and Workshop Act Illegal Occupation of Under- ground Bakehouse (s. 101) Breach of Special Sanitary Re- quirements for Bake-houses (ss. 97 to 100) Other Offences Total	 65 1 183	 65 1 183		

OTHER MATTERS.

Number	Class.									
			-	otories-	of Fac	pectors	atters notified to H.M. Insp			
-	133)	Act (s.	rkshop	and Wo	ictory a	the Fa	Failure to affix Abstract of			
6	rs	spector	H.M. In	ed by I	Notifi	s re	Action taken in matters ferred by H.M. Inspector			
	Rent	takén	action	te lot	Renou		remediable under the Pi			
6	Dente						Health Acts, but not u			
		10)	Broow	L. ML. II	101	maer.				
2					-		the Factories Act (s. 7)			
-				•••		1011.	Other			
	1000						nderground Bakehouses (8.			
10							Certificates granted during			
18		••	••				In use at end of 1935			
18							orkshop Bakehouses			
418		•••	1935	end of	at the	s. 131)	orkshops on the Register (s			
436			-		shann	Wenk	Total Number of			

No. OF BAKEHOUSES IN THE BOROUGH.

In	Use	Not in	n Use
Underground	Above ground	Above ground	Underground
18	35	4	1

35 of these are Factory Bakehouses

HOUSE, TRADE AND MARKET REFUSE.

The following table shows the amount of house, trade and market refuse disposed of during 1935 :—

Disposal	Loads	tons	cwts.	qrs.
House Refuse to Barge	16,661	21,095	14	
Trade Refuse ,, Barge Street Markets Refuse to Barge	2,553 2,243	1,974 2,099	2	2
Totals	21,457	25,168	16	2

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

The offensive trades	on the	Register are as follows :	
Fellmongers	3	Fatmelters	2
Glue and size makers	3	Dresser of Fur Skins	7

MORTUARY.

During the year Mr. J. C. Stockwell, Mortuary Keeper, retired on account of ill-health, and owing to the difficulties in obtaining the services of a suitable temporary mortuary keeper, consideration was given by the Committee to the fact that the number of bodies received annually into the mortuary is so small as hardly to justify the employment of a whole-time official. It was finally decided that the London County Council should be approached with a view to ascertaining whether they would be prepared to act as agents for the Borough Council and receive into the newly constructed mortuary at St. Olave's Hospital, those bodies for which it is the duty of the Borough Council to provide accommodation under the Public Health (London) Act, 1891. The London County Council expressed willingness to assist in this matter, and at the present moment an agreement for this purpose is in course of preparation.

Particulars of bodies removed to the mortuary during the year are, as follows :---

Number of infectious bodies remove	d	 22
Total number of bodies removed		 70

STREET MARKETS.

The market scheme continues to work smoothly and satisfactorily.

Number of	f Licences in	operat	ion	 		551
Income				 	£3,011	6s. 9d.

There have been 6 prosecutions during the year.

DRAINAGE WORK.

Hereunder w carried out by the	ill be fo	ound pa	rticular ector d	s of dra uring 19	ainage 935:—	work,	&c.,
						615	
Drains Test		• ••				_	
Intimation						429	
Visits to Un							
Other Visit	S		• •••	***		3,444	
WORK OF THE	E FACT	ORIES	AND	SHOPS	INSPE	CTOR	
	(Fro	m 26th	April,	1935.)			
Shops.							747
Visits .						•••	64
Notices serv	red unde	r Shops	Act, 19	34			04
Notices serv	ved und	ler Pub	lic Hea	lth (Lo	ondon)	Act,	
1891 .	• •					• •	39
Factories.							
Visits .			• • •				343
Notices serv	ved .					•••	36
Workshops.	*						
Visits							456
Notices serv	ved						53
Visits to Offensi	ve Trad	e premis	ses				47
Various Visits							110
Chimneys watch							1

.

IX.-FOOD CONTROL.

Early in the year Mr. A. H. Merryman resigned from the post of Food and Drugs Inspector after many years' service in the borough and was succeeded by Mr. H. E. Butcher, and in July Mr. G. L. Scott retired, having reached the age limit, his place being taken by Mr. G. F. J. Toll. Although the work of the food inspectors has the merit of variety, it is only occasionally that incidents occur of sufficient general interest to justify mention in the Annual Report.

Under the Public Health (Preservatives in Food) Regulations a successful prosecution was undertaken by the Town Clerk against three firms implicated in the sale to Mr. Butcher, the Food and Drugs inspector, of "Drywite Potato Preparation" which was described in terms likely to lead to its being used as a preservative. Each of the defendant companies was also summoned for selling the preparation-not being labelled in accordance with the Second Schedule of the Regulations-as a preservative. These latter summonses were not dealt with separately by the magistrate. The preparation was intended to be added to water in which peeled potatoes could be soaked for several hours and then dried ready for frying. The label stated that " Drywite " is a most powerful deodouriser. A little added to the water when washing the fish will instantly remove any unpleasant odour." A sample examined by the Public Analyst was found to contain 3.5% of Sulphur Dioxide. A solution was prepared in accordance with the directions on the label. Potatoes, soaked in this solution and subsequently dried and fried, were found to contain no Sulphur Dioxide. Cod fillets dipped in the solution without being cooked, were found to contain 3.8 parts of Sulphur Dioxide per million, and when the fillets were dipped in the solution and then drained for two hours they were found to contain 4.7 parts of Sulphur Dioxide per million. Defending counsel said

that he could not resist the submission that the label might lead to the sale of uncooked fish containing prohibited preservative and he therefore entered a plea of guilty and informed the magistrate that his clients would discontinue the use of the offending label. The use of preservative for fish and potatoes prior to frying does not appear to be prohibited by the Regulations, and the attention of the Ministry has been drawn to this point.

UNSOUND FOOD.

The general inspection of food in shops and on stalls forms part of the duty of the District Sanitary Inspectors and of the Market Inspector. Food, in the quantities stated, came under the notice of the Inspectors during the year, and being found unfit for human consumption was destroyed.

D	Weight							
Description of Food					Tons	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.
Cheese					_	18	_	
Fresh Fish					-	7	2	18
Shell Fish					-	-	2	
Fresh Fruit	t				-	10		-
Canned Fra	iit				-	3	-	18
Honey					1		_	_
Poultry					-	_		16
Vegetables	•••					7	3	20
		-	Total		3	7	1	16

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925.

Thirty-nine samples have been taken during the year by the Wharves Inspectors. Of this number, 1 sample was submitted to bacteriological examination; 14 were examined for the presence of metals; 7 were examined for preservative and 4 samples were examined for contamination. The remaining samples were taken in order to ascertain the composition.

In addition, 2 samples have been taken by other officers for special purposes :---

	_	-	
	7	21	
		-	
- 1		~,	

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925 .- continued

Articles Examined	No. of samples	Examination	Result	Action taken
Compound Roseline	1	To ascertain Composition	Mixture of vege- table and Whale	Released
Compound Lard	1	,,	Oils Mixture of Vege- table Oils	"
Concentrated)	1	For the pres- ence of Cop-	Tin—Nil Copper 30 parts	**
Fomato Puree	1	per and Tin	per million Tin 2.9 grains per lb. Copper 38 parts	Destroyed
Comato Puree	1	"	per million Tin 2.0 grains per lb. Copper 20 parts	Destroyed
l'omato Puree	1	,	per million Tin 1.52 grains per lb. Copper 10 parts	Released
Fomato Puree	1	"	per million Tin 1.60 grains per lb. Copper 30 parts per million	,,
Fomato Conserve	1	"	Tin 1.15 grains per lb. Copper 10 parts	33
Peeled Tomatoes	1	"	per million Tin 0.4 grains per lb. Copper 5 parts	,,
Egyptian Butter (Ghee)	1	To ascertain composition	per million Genuine	"
Sild	5	For the pres- ence of Tin	Tin 0.20 grains per lb.	
		,,	Tin 0.50 grains per lb. Tin 1.54 grains per	27
			lb. Tin 1.90 grains per	33 73
		,,	lb. Tin 0.35 grains per lb.	a "mag antes
Red Currant Pulp	1	For preservative	Sulphur Dioxide 220 parts per mil- lion	
Black Currant Pulp	1	"	Sulphur Dioxide 1050 parts per mil- lion	"
l'omato Puree	1	For the pres- ence of Copper and Tin	Tin 0.41 grains per lb. Copper 20 parts per million	33
Lard	6	To ascertain composition	Genuine	Released
Vegetable Fat	1	» ···	» · · · ·	»>

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925 .- continued

Articles examined	No. of Sam- ples	Examination	Result	Action taken
Mellamid Impure Tallow)	1	To ascertain composition	An emulsion—gum- my matter to hold moisture in mixture	Released for technical purposes only
Plastic Pastry Fat	1	""".	Genuine Vegetable Fat	Released
Grape Fruit Juice	2	Contamina- tion	Unpleasant smell and fermenting 1. Sulphur Dioxide 217 parts per mil- lion 2. Sulphur Dioxide 244 parts per million	Destroyed
Tinned Cream	1	For the pres- ence of metals	Tin 0.20 grains per lb.	Released
Duck Eggs (12)	1	Bacteriologi-	No pathogenic organisms	,,
Bacon Rind	1	Analysis of stain ? copper	Harmless	
Smoked Samolax	1	For colouring matter	Harmless	and the second states
Smoked Samolax	1	For preservative	Benzoic Acid 75 parts per million	Still under detention
Smoked Sealax	1	,, ,,	Benzoic Acid 100 parts per million	Released
Fish Conserves	1	,, ,,	Satisfactory	**
Tunny Fish	1	,, ,,	,,	,,
Preserved Mushrooms	1	., ,,	,,	"

Samples Examined for Special Purposes.

Drinking Water Sausage	1	Chemical Analysis To ascertain composition and colouring matter	Satisfactory ,,	

1 9		1	MA	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				11				
	Foo	Food Factories												1	Num	ber of S	ampl	es take	n	
Visits	Jam	Butter and Margarine	Other	Fish Curers	Food Stores	Food Wharves and Depots	Milksellers	Restaurants	Destruction of Food	Nuisances Found	Intimations Served	Various	Food and Drugs	Imported Food Regulations	Milk (Special Designation) Order	Samples of Milk for presence of Tubercle Bacilli	Drinking Water	Ice Cream (Bacteriological Examination)	Samples of Milk for presence of Bacillus Abortus	Eggs for Bacillus Aertrycke
Mr. Soott	4	1	15	-	54	810	-		66	-	-	8	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Hoskins	1	17	125	- 3	361	1508	-	-	211	2	-	33	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	12
Mr. Frankson	27	-	54	12	141	1618	-	-	201	1	1	4		16	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Toll	36	1	147	16	95	483	-	-	81	20	9	61	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Butcher	-	4	-	-	-	83	727			3	3	246	1501	-	218	8	1	104	4	8
Totals	68	23	341	28	651	4502	727	-	559	26	13	352	1501	39	218	8	1	104	4	20

WORK OF THE WHARF AND FOOD INSPECTORS, 1935.

(75)

MILK PREMISES.

MILK AND DAIRIES (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1922.

Forty-two milksellers were registered under the above Act during 1935, and 50 names were removed from the Register, making a total of 290 milksellers on the Register at the end of the year under report.

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATIONS) ORDER, 1923.

During the year under report, the following Licences were granted :--

Dealers' Licences :--

To bottle and sell Grade "A" (Tuberculin	n Test	
Milk		9
To sell Grade " A " (Tuberculin Tested) Milk		
To sell Grade "A" Pasteurised Milk		
To sell "Pasteurised" Milk		
To sell "Certified "Milk		1
Pasteuriser's Licence : To sell Milk as "Pasteurised "		1
Supplementary Licences : To sell "Certified " Milk		3
To sell Grade "A" (Pasteurised) Milk		4
To sell Grade " A " (Tuberculin Tested) Milk		7
To sell " Pasteurised " Milk	••	7

All premises used for the sale of milk are regularly inspected to ensure that the standard of cleanliness laid down is maintained.

MILK SAMPLING.

Arrangements exist for the sampling of the milk supplied to all schools in the borough. Samples are taken for both bacteriological and chemical analysis; and so far a good standard has been maintained.

"For chemical (i.e., Fat and non-Fatty Solids) Examination."

Liquid milk undesig	nated			414
Condensed milk (inf				6
Dried milk (informa				3
Grade A (Tuberculit		milk		3
Pasteurised milk (in	formal)			49
Separated milk		••		1
Sterilised milk	••	••	••	32

508

MILK SAMPLING-continued

"For bacteriological examination."

Grade 'A' (T.T.) milk		 	139
Grade 'A' Pasteurised n	nilk	 	6
Pasteurised milk		 	73
For tubercle bacilli		 	8
For bacillus abortus		 	4
			230

ICE CREAM.

One hundred and nine samples of ice cream have been examined with the following results :--

1. Bacterial Count.

Below 100,000 per l c.c	 	79
Over 100,000, but below 200,000 per 1 c.c.	 	6
Over 200,000, but below 400,000 per 1 c.c.	 	4
Over 400,000 but below 600,000 per 1 c.c.	 	3
Over 600,000, but below 1 million per 1 c.c.	 	5
Over 1 million	 	7

2. Presence of B. Coli.

B.Coli present in l c.c. 1/10th c.c. and 1/100t	h c.c.		32
B. Coli present in 1 c.c. and 1/10th c.c.			23
B. Coli present in l c.c			19
B. Coli absent in tests ranging from l c.c. to 1	/100th	c.c.	30

3. Chemical Analysis.

Fat	12.70	per	cent.	 	 	 1
			cent.	 		1
	17.75			 	 	 1
	18.80			 	 	 1
Fat	19.35	per	cent.	 	 	 1

(77)

		AND DR			
Articles submitted for Analysis			Number Genuine	Number Adulterated	Percentages of Articles Adulterated
Ale, draught		2	2		
43 3 /1 / 71		ī	ī		-
Ale, brown (informal)	••	î	î		
Ale, pale (informal)		1	î		
Apricots, dried (informal)		1	i		
Apricots, dried	••	1	1		
Apples, dried (informal)	• •	1	7		-
Almonds, ground	••	-			
Aspirin Tablets		5	5		
Aspirin Tablets (Informal)		2	2		
Aspro Tablets		1	1		
Arrowroot		2	2		
Baking Powder		1	. 1	-	
Barley, Pearl		8	8		-
Barley, Pot		1	1		
Barley, Flaked		1	1		-
		1	1		-
Barley, puffed and toasted Beef, Galantine		1	1		-
Bicarbonate of Soda		3	3		-
Bismuthated Magnesia Tablets		1	1		
Bloater Creme		1	1	-	-
Borax, Powdered		6	6		-
		i	ĩ		-
Balsam of Honey and Aniseed		î	î		_
Balsam of Glycerine, Honey and Len		3	3		
Beer, bitter	••		1		_
Beer, ginger	••	1	1000000		
Butter Brawn	* *	98	98		
Brawn	• •	18	18		
Brawn, Pork		2	2	-	
Cabbage, Pickled Red	• •	2	2		
Cakes, Sponge		1	1	-	
Candied Peel, Lemon (informal)		1	1		-
Candied Peel, Citron (informal)		1	1		
Candied Peel, Citron		1	1		-
Candied Peel, Orange		1	1	-	-
Castor Oil (informal)		1	1		
Cheese		12	12		-
Cheese in foil, Crustless		6	6		
Cheese in Foil, Cheddar		8	8		
Cheese, Cheddar		1	1		
A		$\hat{2}$	2		
Cheese, Dutch		ĩ	ī		
Cherries, Glace	•••	î	î		
Cherries in Syrup	•••	1	1		_
Chicken and Ham Galantine	• •	0	2		
Chicken and Ham Roll	••	2	2		
Cider	••	1	1		
Cinnamon and Quinine Mixture	• •	1	1		
Chocolate, Nut Milk	• •	1	1		
Chocolate, Milk		1	1		
Cocoa		9	9	-	
Cocoa, Malted Milk		1	1	-	
Cocoa, Milk		1	1		-
Coffee		7	7		
Coffee Essence		2	2		
Coffee and Chicory		3	3		-
Coffee and Chicory Essence		2	2		
Cornflour		2	2		

FOOD AND DRUGS.

(78)

FOOD	AND	DRUGS	-continued.

(79)

Articles submitted fo	r			Number	Number Adulterated	Percentages of Articles Adulterated
Analysis			Taken	Genuine	Aduiterated	Aduiterated
Cocoanut, Desiccated			5	5	_	
Cream			5	5	_	Torrent with the
Cream, Fresh (Informal)		••	2	2	al a land	ALL STREET
Cream, Coffee		•••	ĩ	ĩ		The second
		••	1 1	1		
Cream, Tinned		• •	1	1		
Cream, Tinned (Informal)		• •	9	9	-	_
Cream, Devonshire		••	1	1		
Currants		• •	1	1		
Curry Powder			6	6		-
Custard Powder			6	6		
Devonshire Splits, Real Cream	L		1	1		
Dripping			73	73		hithi
Egg Substitute Powder			3	3		Line Long
Epsom Salts			1	1		
Fish Fried (Informal)			2	2	and the second second	Magnet, City
Fish, Boiled (Informal)			2	2		Married Co.
Fish, Uncooked (Informal)			1	ĩ		
731			5	5		1
731 73			1	i		Verman Vielan V
Flour, Self-Raising		••	13	12	1	7.7
Flour, Self-Raising (Informal)		•••	10	12		1.1
Flour, Solf Deising (Informal)	tituto	•••	1	1		A Contract of the
Flour, Self-Raising-Egg Subs		•••	1 1	1	-	
Fruit-Ade		•••	1	1	-	
Fruit, Dried Mixed (Informal)		••	1	1	-	
Fruit, Dried Mixed with Peel)		• •	1	1	-	-
Gelatine (Informal)		• •	1	1	-	-
Gherkins, Pickled			1	1		
Ginger Beer Tablets			1	1		Margary Propaga
Ginger Cordial			1	1	-	A Star - Star Star
Ginger, Ground			5	5		
Ginger, Preserved in Syrup			1	1		10012-0017
Glauber Salts (Informal)			1	1	- 500	
Glycerine			3	3	······	1071 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Glycerine of Thymol			2	2	In the second	001-001 10
Glycerophosphates, Syrup of			ī	ī		Cit. Carrier
Grape Fruit Crush	1		î	î		(11)
Grape Fruit Powder			î	î		Litt Vinte 11/1
Gravy Thick		••	i	1		
Ham Plate		•••	1	1		and and and all a
TT 1 312 1		•••	3	3	and the second	Last and the second second
Honey, Glycerine and Lemon	Mixtur	••	1	0		And a province of the local of
	AIXtur		1	1	and the second s	
Hydrogen Peroxide—10 vols.		• •	1	1		and the second s
Ice Cream		• •	23	2	- CALL ALL -	
Ich Cream (Informal)		• •		3		
Iodine, Tincture of	••	• •	22	2	dente-	Ponta - shared
Jam, Apricot		• •	2	2		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Jam, Apricot (Informal)		• •	1	1	-	Partie - all
Jam, Blackcurrant		• •	32	22	1	33.3
Jam, Blackcurrant (Informal)				2	-	-
Jam, Grapefruit			1	1		-
Jam, Plum			3	3		
Jam, Plum, Stoneless			3	3	and the second	
Jam, Raspberry			7	7		
Jam, Raspberry (Informal)			1	1		Salid
Jam, Strawberry			5	5		
Jam, Strawberry (Informal)		•••	1	1		
Jam, Strawberry and Apple			1	1		
oun, out a borry and reppie			*	- I		1 Contraction of the local distribution of t

		(80)		
D	AND	DRUGS	-continuea	t
		Total Samples Taken	Number Genuine	

FOOD

Articles submi Analysis			Total Samples Taken	Number Genuine	Number Adulterated	Percentage of Articles Adulterate
Jelly, Grapefruit			1	1	-	
Jelly, Raspberry Crysta			1	1		
			2	2	-	
			39	37	2	5.13
Lard Substitute			1	1	_	
			2	2	_	
Lemon Barley Powder		•••	2			
	•• ••	•••	2	2 2 8 2		
Lemon Cheese		• •	2	2		
Lemonade Powder and	Crystals	• •	8	8		
Lentils			2	2		
Lime Juice Cordial			1	1		
Linetus, Lung			1	1	-	
Macaroni			2	2		
Magnesia, Citrate of			3	3		
Magnesia, Cream of			1	1	-	
Margarine			60	60	-	
Marmalade, Orange			1	1		
		•••	i	î		
Marmalade, Pineapple		• •	414	402	12	2.9
Milk		• •	414			2.0
Milk, Condensed (Inform		• •	6	6		
Milk, Dried (Informal)		• •	3	3	-	00.0
Milk, Grade 'A' (Tubere			3	2	. 1	33.3
Milk, Pasteurised (Infor	mal)		49	49	-	
Milk, Separated			1	1	-	
Milk, Sterilized			32	32		
Mincomeat			1	1	-	
Mint, Prepared Dried			6	6	_	
Mints, Clear			i	ĩ	_	
Mustard :.			13	13		-
		• •	1	1		
Nitre, Sweet Spirit of		•••	2	2		
Oil, Camphorated		• •			1 CONTRACTOR	
Oil, Cod Liver		• •	5	5		
Oil, Cod Liver Cream E	mulsion		1	1		
Oil, Ground Nut			1	1		
Oil, Olive			3	3		
Oil, Soya Bean			1	1		
Ointment, Sulphur			1	1		
Ointment, Wintergreen			1	1	-	-
Ointment, Zinc			6	6		
Orangeade Powder			1	1		
			Å	4		
Paraffin, Liquid		•••	1	1		
Paste, Chicken, Ham an	nd Tongue	••	1	5		
Paste, Fish		• •	5			
Paste, Salmon and Shri	imp	• •	10	10	1100	
Peas, Green			3	3		1000
Peas, Split			3	3		
Pepper			31	31		-
Pickle, Sweet			2	2		-
Potatoes (Informal)			4	4	-	
Potato Preparation			1	1	-	-
Potato Preparation (In			2	2		-
Province in Ter			ĩ	2		
Prawns in Jar			2	2		
Prunes, Dried		•••	1	ĩ		-
Puff Pastry		• •		2		
Quinine, Ammoniated	Lincture of	• •	2			
Raisins			1 1	1		1

Articles submitted for Analysis		Total Samples Taken	Number Genuine	Number Adulterated	Percentage of Articles Adulterated
		1	1	digitation in	107
Raspberry Crystals Rice		18	18		
		10	4		
Rice, Flaked		1	1		STILLA LANT
Rice, Ground		4	4		
Roast Pork and Stuffing Roll		4	4		
Sago		1	4	-	
Sauce, Bostall		1	1		TANK I
Sauce, Daddies		1	1	-	
Sauce, Civil		1	1	-	
Sauce, Lakedale		1	4		
Sauce, Mint		1	1	-	The second
Sauce, Mint Dry		1	1	-	
Sauce, Tomato		3	3	-	
Sauce, Worcestershire		1	1		1.1
Sausages, Beef		33	32	1	3.03
Sausages, Chipolata		8	7	1	12.5
Sausage, Breakfast		17	17		-
Sausages, Empire Meat		1	1	-	
Sausage, Luncheon		9	9		
Sausage, Liver		2	2		-
Sausages, Parisian		ī	1		
Sausages, Pork	100000	23	22	1	4.35
Sherbet Powder		2	2	_	_
Sherry, British		ĩ	ĩ		
		3	3		··· <u>1</u> 115
Spice, Mixed		1	1	-	
Sponge and Cake Mixture		1	1	_	
Squash, Grapefruit		1	4	a a state had	APTICAL STATE
Squash, Orange		4	4	_	
Suet (Informal)		1	1	- Translation	4.54
Suet, Shredded Beef		22	21	1	4.04
Sugar		4	4	_	T
Sultanas		1	1	-	frad T 19
Syrup, Catarrh		1	1	-	-
Syrup of Figs		1	1	-	
Syrup of Hypophosphites		1	1	-	Inter T So
Tapioca		7	7	-	
Fapioca, Flaked		1	1	-	-
Tartaric Acid		1	1	-	
Tea		15	15		and the second
Tonic, Adults Nerve		2 2	2	-	-
Tonic, Quinine and Iron		2	2	-	-
Veal and Ham Roll		2	2 2 2 1	_	
Veal, Jellied		ī	ĩ	_	
Vegetable Extract (Yeastral)		î	î		-
Vinogar		44	44	_	-
Vinegar	10.00	32	29	3	9.37
		1	1	-	
17		1	1		
Vinegar, Spiced Wheat, Shredded		1	1		
Wheat, Shredded		1	1		La Cara
Whisky		2 1 1 1 2	2		
Whisky (Informal)		1	1		
Whiskey, Irish		a al	1		
Wine and Cordial, Fruit		1	1	-	_
Whiskey, Irish		~ ~		-	-
wine, Orange (non-alcoholic)	2.4	1	1	-	
Wine, Orange Quinine		1	1	-	
		2	2		
wme, Port		-			
Wine, Raisin		$\begin{array}{c}2\\1\end{array}$	1	a la competition of the	
Wine, Port		1		=	-

(81)

Total

1501

1477

24

1.599

PROSECUTIONS IN CONNECTION WITH SAMPLES TAKEN DURING 1935.

No.	Samj	ple		Adulteration or Infringement	Remarks
		_		Intringement	
74a	Milk .	•		Carrying on trade of dairyman within Bor- ough without being regis-	Fined 30/ Costs £2 2s.
74b	" .			tered Selling milk from van without having name and address conspicuously	Fined 10/-
74e	".			inscribed thereon Filling with milk and clos- ing bottles otherwise than	Fined 20/-
78a	» ·	•		on registered premises Sale of milk deficient in milk fat 9.3 per cent. 8.0 per cent. 15.0 per cent.	Dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act, 1907, on pay- ment of £3 costs (OWNER)
78b	,, ,	•		» » » ··	Fined 10/- on each of three sum monses plus costs, £2 5s. Total £6 15s. (SERVANT.)
.49	,, .	•		Sale of milk deficient in milk fat; 22.7 per cent.	Dismissed under Probation o Offenders Act, 1907, on pay ment of costs £1 1s.
80	,, .			Filling with milk and clos- ing bottle otherwise than on registered premises	Fined £3. Costs £1 1s.
81	Shredded	Suet		Sale of shredded suet de- ficient in fat 18.2 per cent.	Fined £1. Costs £2 2s.
87	Self-raisin Flour	g		Selling plain flour as self- raising flour to the preju- dice of the purchaser	Dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act, 1907, on pay ment of costs, £2 2s.
91	Lard .			Selling lard substitute in- stead of lard to the preju-	Fined £3. Costs £2 2s.
92 95	Lard . Milk .		::	dice of the purchaser "" Selling milk deficient in	Dismissed Dismissed under Probation of
				milk fat 17.3 per cent.	Offenders Act, 1907, on pay ment of costs, £3 3s.
97 (i.)	" Drywite Potato Preparatio			Selling article described or referred to in the label thereon in terms likely to	Manufacturers Fined £2. Costs £21
				lead to its being used as a preservative contrary to Regulation 4 (1) of the Public Health (Preserva- tives, etc., in Food) Regu- lations	
97 (ii.)	"	"		lations Selling a preparation as a preservative not being la- belled in accordance with Rules in Second Schedule of the Regulations	London Distributors and the Wholesalers in Bermondsey wer each fined 20/- plus 30/- costs
				SUMMARY.	£ s. d.
		Fines			15 10 0

£58 8 0

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925.

Towns		1		Quantity	Unsound	1		
Articles		for Purposes Human Food	Des	troyed		or Sorting under S.A.	Ex	ported
A fillingen	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weigh
MEAT. Beef. Fresh Beef Tinned and Corned Beef Fresh Veal Tinned Jellied Veal Casings	1 top bit 3,807 tins 12 cases and 1,409 tins 	tons cwt qr lbs 3 10 9 18 1 2 	583cases and 271 tins 50 casks	tons ewt qr lbs		t ons cwt qr lbs		tons cwt qr II
Fresh Pork Sucking Pig Tinned Hams and Shoulders Tinned Pork Tinned Tongues	2 fore-ends 1 collar and pieces 	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 carcase 1 carcase 2 cases and 865 tins 22 cases and	$ \begin{array}{c} - & - & - & - \\ - & 2 & 3 & 12 \\ - & - & - & 11 \\ 6 & 12 & 3 & 17 \\ - & 12 & - & 23 \\ \end{array} $	156 bales		 5 cases 	
Tinned Brawn Pig Skins Tongues in Brine	49 tins 	-2214 	17 tins 1 cask 		demonski 		 1 cask	
Rabbits Fresh Rabbits			_		7 cases	- 3 2 -	_	

10000000				Quantity	Unsound			
Articles	Disposed of other than	d of for Purposes han Human Food Destroyed Removed for Sorting under S.A. Export				ported		
	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight
Various. Horse Casings Catsmeat Kidneys in Brine Lambs Testicles Sausage Meat		tons owt qr lbs	4 bags 1 cask	tons cwt qrlbs	2 casks	tons cwt qr lbs	1 keg	tons owt qr lbs
DAIRY PRODUCE Butter Cheese Cream Eggs Lard Milk	1 cask and 2 boxes Trimmings 749 cartons 	$\begin{array}{c} - & 2 & - & - \\ - & 11 & 1 & 11 \\ 5 & - & 1 & 7 \\ - & - & - & - \\ - & 1 & - & - \\ - & 2 & - & - \end{array}$	Trimmings Various 2 cases and 2,685 tins 11 cases 796 tins	$ \begin{array}{r} - & 2 & 2 & 11 \\ 9 & 3 & 2 & 23 \\ - & - & - & - \\ 111 & 17 & 1 & - \\ - & - & - & - \\ - & 14 & 3 & 15 \\ \end{array} $			 5 boxes	
Fresh. Apples Grapefruit			50 bags 1277 cases 6,755 cases 1 box 24 crates	$ \begin{array}{r} 3 & 5 & - & - \\ 57 & 17 & 3 & - \\ 249 & 3 & - & - \\ - & - & 1 & - \\ - & 3 & - & - \\ \end{array} $				

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925-continued

			and the second second		Quan	tity Unsound			
Articles	Articles		Disposed of for Purposes other than Human Food		troyed	Removed for Sorting under S.A.		1	Exported
		Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight
Biro amoranda			tons cwt qrlbs.		tons cwt qr lbs		tons cwt qr lbs		tons cwt qr ll
Canned and Juice.					1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Loosent's			
Apple Pectin		-		2 cases and 1 tin	- 1 - 8	-		-	T
Apricots		_		4 cases and					
inprecess				23 tins	- 5	_			
Apricot Pulp				11 cases					
				and 33		Contraction of the last			
· indulation has			And the second s	tins	- 14 3 17	- 1		-	
Bilberries				25 cases	- 8	-		-	
Blackeurrants		and the second second		_		10 cases	- 4 1 4		
Cherries		-		147 cases					
				and 283					
		COT I A COLOR		tins	4 1	-			
Damsons		-				10 cases	- 4 1 4		
Grapefruit	••	-		12 cases and					
· · · · · ·				45 tins	- 1 - 22	-			
Grapefruit Juice	••			10 casks	2 10	-		_	
Lemon Skins	•••	-		1 cask	- 5	-			
Loganberries Oranges	••	-		34 tins 226 tins	- 2	-			
73 I		distant in the		80 cases				dimension in	
Peaches				and					
		arnal round	a starter a starter	78 tins	1 6 - 7				
Pineapple			1	67 cases	1 . 0	Construction 11	married concert		
T monthing				and 202					-
				tins	2 5 3 8			-	
				1			-		Provide State Stat

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925-continued

					Quantit	y Unsound			41
Articles			for Purposes Human Food	Des	troyed	Removed for	r Sorting under S.A.	Ex	ported
		Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight
Raspberry Pulp Red Currant Pulp Tomatoes Various ried.	 	 377 cases	tons ewt qr lbs.	5 tins 1 cask 504 cases and 69 tins Various	$ \begin{array}{r} \text{tons ewt qr lbs} \\ \underline{- \ - \ 1 \ 22} \\ \underline{- \ 4 \ - \ -} \\ 53 \ 11 \ - \ 22 \\ 32 \ 6 \ 3 \ 6 \\ \end{array} $		tons cwt qr lbs		tons cwt qr ll
CurrantsDatesFigsPlumsSultanas		323 cases 1,089 cases 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$ \begin{array}{c} - & - & - & - \\ - & 3 & - & - \\ - & 8 & 1 & - \\ - & - & 1 & - \\ \end{array} $	120 cases 	3		
EREALS, etc. Barley Cornflour Rice Rice Sweepings Tea Salvaged Wheat Wheat Flour	··· ·· ·· ··	448 bags — — 2,396 bags	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
Chickens Tinned Chicken	 	=		147 cases 1 case and 13 tins	2 19 1			-	
Turkeys				1 Turkey	12	4 cases	- 4		

PUBLIC HEALTH (IMPORTED FOOD) REGULATIONS, 1925

		Quantity Unsound									
Articles	12 100	Disposed of for Purposes other than Human Food		Destroyed		Removed for Sorting under S.A.		Exported			
		Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight	Quantity	Weight		
/EGETABLES. Canned Baked Beans Cauliflowers Canned Cucumbers Horseradish Potatoes Vegetables in Brine		23 tins 	tons cwt qrlbs.	66 tins 126 packages 194 tins 2 bags 274 bags 3 casks	$\begin{array}{c} \text{tons ewt qr lbs} \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 9 \\ -19 \\ 2 \\ -2 \\ \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ \\ -15 \\ \end{array}$	 110 bags	tons cwt qr lbs		tons cwt qr I		
FISH. Canned Crayfish Eels Canned Sild Canned Sea Salmon		111		1 case 13 cases 330 tins	$ \begin{array}{c} - & - & 1 & 20 \\ - & 17 & 2 & - \\ - & - & 3 & - \\ - & - & - & - & - \\ \end{array} $	1111		 15 cases			
PICES. Ginger Mustard Seed Pepper		=		1 bag		34 bags 3179 bags	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	nulli			
ARIOUS. Almonds Canned Goods Tallow		5 casks		63 bags Various	$ \begin{array}{c} 5 & 10 & -\!\!- \\ 106 & 5 & 2 & 7 \\ - & - & - & - \end{array} $	Carlos Carlos	====	 32 casks			
Total			363 7 - 15	R. C.	692 11 3 10	32	198 6 3 15	1.2	31 18 3 2		

X.-HEALTH SERVICES. MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE CENTRES.

110 Grange Road.

Monday, 2.0 p.m4.0 p.m.	Tuesday, 9.45 a.m12 noon Thursday, 2.0 p.m4.0 p.m.		
Wednesday, 9.45 a.m12 noon			
	Tuesday, 4.30 p.m6.30 p.m.		
Sewing Class	Wednesday, 1.45 p.m4.0 p.m.		

98 Rotherhithe New Road.

Tuesday, 9.45 a.m.-12 noon Friday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Ante-natal Clinic .. Thursday, 4.30 p.m.-7.30 p.m. Sewing Class

Wednesday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Thursday, 9.45 a.m.-12 noon

Monday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Bermondsey Gospel Mission, 1-3, Jamaica Road.

Monday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Manor Chapel, Roseberry Street. Monday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Trinity Road.

Thursday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Princess Club, Jamaica Road.

Friday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Tuesday, 9.45 a.m.-12 noon Ante-natal Clinic Thursday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Sewing Classes ... Tuesday and Wednesday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Toddlers Clinic .. Second and Fourth Wednesday in each month, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

Alice Barlow House, Fulford Street.

Friday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Thursday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Ante-natal Clinic .. Wednesday, 10.0 a.m.-12 noon. Sewing Class Wednesday, 2 p.m.-4 p.m.

Central Hall, Bermondsey Street.

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

(88)

St. George's Hall, Old Kent Road.

Tuesday	 	2.0 p.m4.0 p.m.
Sewing Class	 	Thursday, 2.0 p.m4.0 p.m.
Toddlers Clinic	 	First Wednesday in each month
		2.0 p.m4.0 p.m.

Salomons Centre, Newcomen Street.

Monday 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

. .

Thursday 10.0 a.m.-12 noon and 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Ante-natal Clinics :—

Monday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noon. Tuesday, 1.30 p.m.-4.0 p.m. Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noon. Friday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noon

SPECIAL CLINICS FOR WOMEN.

110, Grange Road.

..

Wednesday

98, Rotherhithe New Road.

Thursday

.. 2.0 p.m.-4.0 p.m.

4.30 p.m.-6.30 p.m.

PUERPERAL FEVER-CONSULTANTS.

Mr. A. J. McNair, F.R.C.S.,

10 Queen Anne Street, W.1. (Telephone : Langham 2861.) Mr. G. F. Gibberd, F.R.C.S.,

14 St. Thomas's Street, S.E.1. (Telephone: Hop 6618); and 20 Harley Street, W.1. (Telephone: Langham 4032.)

Applications for the services of a Consultant should be made to the Medical Officer of Health.

OBSTETRIC CONSULTANTS.

Mr. A. J. McNair, F.R.C.S., and Mr. G. F. Gibberd, F.R.C.S., as above.

Applications for the services of a Consultant should be made to the Medical Officer of Health.

DAY NURSERIES.

Newcomen Day Nursery, 66-67 Snowsfields.

Monday to Friday (inclusive), 7.0 a.m.-7.0 p.m. Saturday, 7.0 a.m.-1.0 p.m.

"Alice Barlow "Social Welfare Centre, 14 Fulford Street. Monday to Friday (inclusive), 7.30 a.m.-6.30 p.m. Saturday, 7.30 a.m.-12.30 p.m.

(90)

FAIRBY GRANGE CONVALESCENT HOME,

Hartley, near Longfield, Kent.

For mothers, and children under 5 only. Application Forms and full particulars can be obtained at any of the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres.

DENTAL TREATMENT CENTRES.

110 Grange Road.

98 Rotherhithe New Road.

Monday, Thursday and Friday, 2.0 p.m.-5.0 p.m. Tuesday 2.0 p.m.-7.30 p.m. Wednesday, 10 a.m.-7.30 p.m. From 5.0 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. the Centres are open only for patients who cannot attend during the day.

TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY,

108 Grange Road.

Patients are seen by appointment only. Evening sessions are held for patients at work.

LIGHT TREATMENT CENTRE,

The Solarium, 108 Grange Road.

Monday to Thursday (inclusive), 9.30 a.m.-5.30 p.m. Friday, 9.30 a.m.-1 p.m.

Monday and Thursday, 6.0 p.m.-8.0 p.m.

Patients are seen by appointment only, and only patients who cannot attend during the day are seen at the evening sessions.

SCHICK TEST CLINICS.

Municipal Offices, Spa Road.

Monday at 10.0 a.m.

98 Rotherhithe New Road. Friday at 10.0 a.m.

DIPHTHERIA "CONTACTS" CLINIC, Municipal Offices, Spa Road.

Monday and Thursday at 9.30 a.m. For school-children only.

DIPHTHERIA "CARRIER" CLINIC,

Guy's Hospital.

Wednesday at 2.30 p.m. For school-children only by appointment.

L.C.C. SCHOOL TREATMENT CENTRES.

Bermondsey School Treatment Centre, Bermondsey Settlement, Farncombe Street.

Minor Ailments .. Monday to Friday (inclusive), 10.30 a.m.-1.0 p.m. and 3.0 p.m.-6.0 p.m. Saturday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noon.

Dental Monday to Friday (inclusive), 9.0 a.m.-4.30 p.m. (Monday afternoons and alternate Thursday afternoons excepted.)

Ear, Nose and Throat Alternate Mondays, 2.0 p.m.-4.30 p.m.

Bermondsey Medical Mission Hospital, 44 Grange Road.

Minor Ailments .. Monday to Friday (inclusive), 10.30 a.m.-1.0 p.m. and 3.0 p.m.-6.0 p.m. Saturday, 9.30-12 noon.

Dockhead School Treatment Centre, George Row.

Minor Ailments .. Monday to Friday (inclusive), 10.30 a.m.-1.0 p.m. and 3.0 p.m.-6.0 p.m.

Rotherhithe School Treatment Centre, Lady Gomm Dispensary, Hawkstone Road.

Minor Ailments .. Monday to Friday (inclusive), 10.3 a.m.-1.0 p.m. and 3.0 p.m.-6.0 p.m. Saturday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noon.

163 Abbeyfield Road.

Dental

Monday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noon. Tuesday, 1.30 p.m.,-4.0 p.m. Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.-4.0 p.m. Thursday and Friday, 9.30 a.m.-12 noop. (92)

Trinity School Treatment Centre, Redriff Lane.

Minor Ailments Monday to Friday, 12 noon-1 p.m.

INVALID CHILDREN'S AID ASSOCIATION (Bermondsey Branch) Municipal Offices, Spa Road.

Office hours

Monday to Friday (inclusive), 9.30a.m.-5.30 p.m. Saturday, 9.30 a.m.-12.30 p.m. Tuesday, 5.30 p.m.-7.30 p.m. (by appointment only).

NURSING ASSOCIATIONS.

St. Olave's District Nursing Association, 13 Cherry Garden Street.

Rotherhithe Queen's District Nursing Association, 149 Lower Road.

FOOT CLINICS.

Town Hall, Spa Road.

Monday to Friday (inclusive), 9.30 a.m. to 1.0 p.m.; 2.0 p.m. to 5.0 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. to 8.0 p.m. Saturday, 9.30 p.m. to 12 noon.

98 Rotherhithe New Road.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday, 9.30 a.m. to 1.0 p.m.; 2.0 p.m. to 5.0 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. to 8.0 p.m.

Thursday, 2.0 p.m. to 5.0 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. to 8.0 p.m.; Saturday, 9.30 a.m. to 12.0 noon.

Patients are seen by appointment only. Appointments can be made either by personal call or by letter.

VENEREAL DISEASE CLINIC,

Guy's Hospital.

Monday to Saturday (inclusive), 9.0 a.m.-8.0 p.m. Bank holidays, 10.0 a.m.-12 noon.

PUBLIC VACCINATOR.

Dr. V. A. JAYNES, 149 Jamaica Road. Monday to Friday (inclusive), 9.15 a.m.-11.0 a.m.

(93)

AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

The following facilities are afforded by the London Ambulance Service of the London County Council. Ambulances are provided free of cost except where otherwise stated.

Infectious Cases.

Telephone—Waterloo 3311 At any hour of the day or night. Patients will not be removed to hospital unless a medical certificate stating definitely the nature of the disease is handed to the ambulance nurse.

Infectious cases are conveyed to hospitals other than the L.C.C. hospitals for infectious diseases at a minimum fee of 12/6.

Non-Infectious Cases.

Telephone—Waterloo 3311. At any hour of the day or night. Minimum fee 12/6.

Accident Cases.

Ask telephone operator for "Ambulance." At any hour of the day or night.

Serious Illness.

Telephone—Hop 6000, New Cross 2645, Central 6301, or Regent 4000. At any hour of the day or night.

Ambulances are provided for persons suffering from illnesses in their homes if a medical practitioner certifies that the case is one of life or death, and that arrangements have been made for the reception of the patient in a hospital.

Maternity Cases.

Telephone—Hop 6000, New Cross 2645, Central 6301, or Regent 4000.

Urgent Cases .. At any hour of the day or night on application by a doctor or certified midwife, provided that either a doctor or midwife accompanies the case and that arrangements for the reception of the patient in a hospital have been made. Non-urgent Cases

At any hour of the day or night—provided that admission to a maternity bed has been previously arranged and a card (issued by the London County Council to hospitals, maternity homes, etc.) for such admission obtained. This card must be handed to the ambulance attendant at the time of removal. The husband or a female friend must accompany the patient.

HENRY RICHARDSON LTD., PRINTERS, 4, Church Street, Greenwich, S.E.10.