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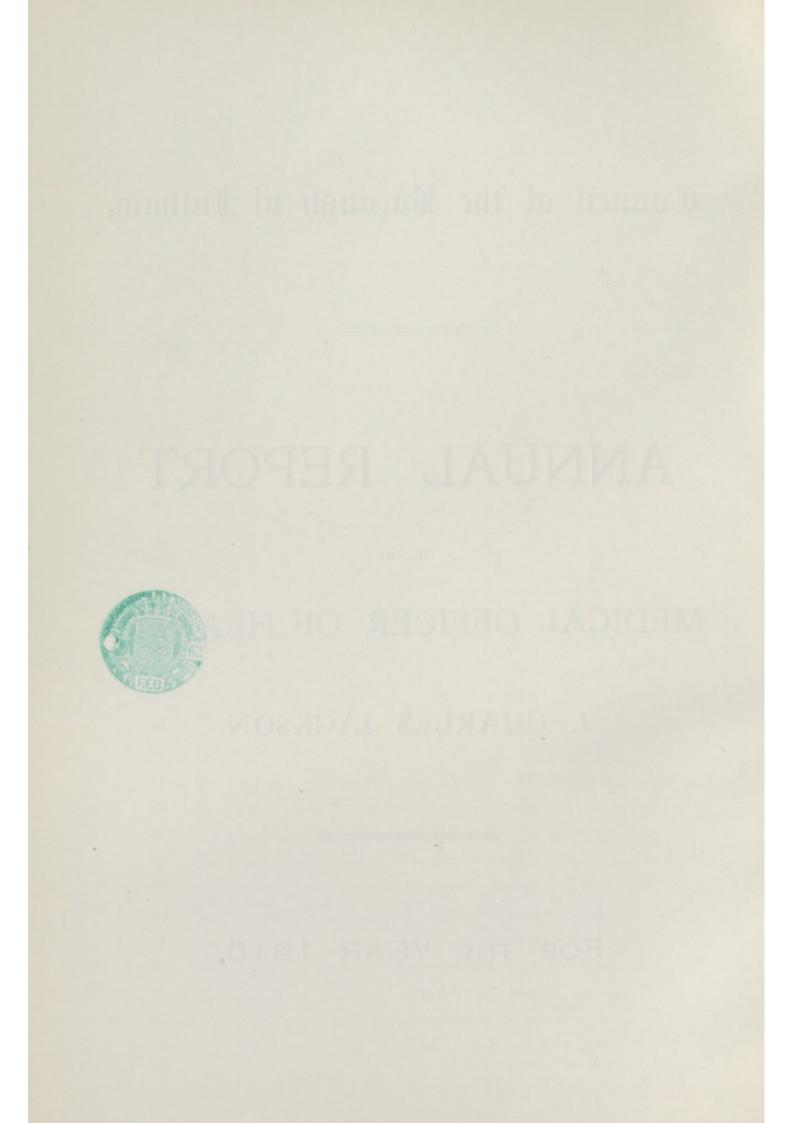
ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

J. CHARLES JACKSON.

FOR THE YEAR 1910.



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TOWN HALL,

FULHAM, S.W.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Metropolitan Borough of Fulham.

SIR AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present to you my Annual Report on the vital statistics and the conditions affecting the health of the borough for the year 1910.

The statistics of births, deaths and infectious diseases relate to the fifty-two weeks ended December 31st, 1910.

POPULATION.

The population of the Borough in the middle of 1910, as estimated by the Registrar-General on the assumption that the rate of increase which prevailed between 1896 and 1901 has been maintained since, was 181,282.

Estimated on the number of rated houses, and assuming the same number to a house as at the Census, the population was 158,307, and on this figure the statistics in this report are based, though as at the present time there are, especially in Sands End Ward, many empty tenements, which, owing to the compounding system, are not shown in the rate-books, it is not improbable that even this may be too high an estimate, though not sufficiently so to seriously affect the accuracy of the mortality rates. The following table shows the increase of the Borough in the last sixty years :----

Year.	Population.	Increase per cent, during previous intercensal period,	Persons to the Acre,	Rateable Value.
M.Z. MAND				£
1851 Census	11,866	-	7.0	47,492
1861 "	15,539	30.9	9.1	55,916
1871 "	23,378	50.5	13.7	96,661
1881 "	42,900	83.5	25.2	149,899
1891 "	91,640	113.6	53.8	385,407
1896 "	113,781	24.4	66.8	560,965
1901 ,,	137,289	20.6	80.6	677,332
1910 estimated	158,307	the <u>dep</u> then	93.1	911,822

TABLE I.

MARRIAGES AND MARRIAGE-RATE.

The number of marriages registered during the year was 1,273, compared with 1,308, 1,205 and 1,182 in the three preceding years.

The marriage-rate—*i.e.*, the number of persons married per 1,000 inhabitants—was 16.1, the average rate for the previous ten years being 15.9.

		BIRTH REGISTER		TOTAL DE	ATHS REGISTER	ED IN THE I	DISTRICT.	TOTAL	Deaths of	Deaths of	NETT DEA	GES
YEAR.	Population Estimated to Middle of each	THE DIST	TRICT.	Under 1 Year of Age.		At all Ages.		DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	Non-residents Registered in Public	Residents Registered in Public	Belonging to the District.	
	Year.	Number.	Rate.*	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Births Registered.	Number.	Rate.*	IN THE DISTRICT.	Institutions in the District,	Institutions beyond the District.	Number.	Rate.*
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	II	12	13
1900	133,496	4,525	33.9	666	146	2,498	18.8	698	376	225	2,347	17.7
1901	138,426	4,596	33.3	700	152	2,298	16.6	669	367	248	2,179	15.8
†1902	143,102	4,790	32.9	708	148	2,587	17.7	766	403	304	2,488	17.1
1903	147,780	4,790	32.5	605	127	2,180	14.8	732	411	278	2,047	13.9
1904	151.750	4,905	32.3	752	153	2,332	15.4	695	300	314	2,346	15.5
1905	154,900	4,760	30.7	692	145	2,354	15.2	746	331	341	2,364	15.2
1906	157,100	4,767	30.3	649	136	2,192	14.0	723	302	327	2,217	14.1
1907	157,850	4,507	29.2	565	125	1,967	12.5	586	153	381	2,195	13.9
†1908	158,125	4,607	28.6	545	118	1,999	12.4	604	163	321	2,157	13.4
1909	158,227	4,199	26.6	466	111	1,940	12.2	642	154	329	2,115	13.4
Averages for years 1900-1909.	150,076	4,645	31.0	635	136	2,235	15.0	686	296	307	2,246	15.0
1910	158,307	4,213	26.6	462	110	1,701	10.7	507	99	306	1,908	12.1

TABLE II. VITAL STATISTICS OF WHOLE DISTRICT DURING 1910 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

Rates in Columns 4, 8, and 13 calculated per 1,000 of estimated population. +53 weeks in 1902 and 1908. NOTE.—The deaths included in Column 7 of this table are the whole of those registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district. The deaths included in Column 7 of this table are the number in Column 7, corrected by the subtraction of the number in Column 10 and the addition of the number in Column 11.
By the term "Non-residents" is meant persons brought into the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and dying in public institutions there; and by the term "Residents" is meant persons who have been taken out of the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and have died in public institutions elsewhere.
The "Public Institutions" taken into account for the purpose of these tables are those into which persons are habitually received on account of sickness or infirmity, such as hospitals, workhouses, and lunatic asylums.
The births are not corrected by the distribution of those occurring in Lying-in Institutions.
Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water), 1,703.5.

137:249) 18,534 At Census of 1901. 7.4 2

BIRTHS AND BIRTH-RATE.

The births registered in the Borough numbered 4,213— 2,122 males and 2,091 females—and were equal to an annual rate of 26.6 per 1,000 of the estimated population, which is 4.4 per 1,000 below the mean rate of the ten years 1900-1909.

Of the births registered, 15 were of children whose mothers did not reside in Fulham, while the births of 112 children whose mothers belonged to Fulham occurred in lying-in institutions situate in other Boroughs, so that the nett number of births was 4,310, and the corrected birth-rate 27.2. The birth-rate of the County of London was 23.6, being the lowest recorded since civil registration was adopted, and among the several Metropolitan Boroughs, the rates, after being corrected by distributing those which occurred away from home to the Boroughs in which the mothers ordinarily resided, ranged from 13.3 in the City of London, 14.0 in Hampstead, and 15.3 in Westminster, to 31.6 in Bermondsey, 31.7 in Shoreditch, and 32.1 in Bethnal Green.

The continuous decline in the birth-rate in Fulham, which is shared by all civilised communities, is shown in the chart, which gives the birth and mortality rates since 1886, when Fulham was separated from Hammersmith.

Unfortunately this decline is chiefly marked among the most serviceable of the community, while there seems but little check to the fertility of the unfit. Thus in Heckfield Place, which is tenanted by as undesirable a class as exists in the whole of London, there were 74 births in an enumerated population of 1,250, representing a birth-rate of 59.2 per 1,000.

The following table gives the number of births and the birth-rates in the various wards, corrected by the distribution of the births in Fulham Workhouse, and inclusive of those occurring in outside Maternity Institutions :—

Ward.		Males.	Females,	Total Births.	Birth-rate.
Baron's Court	 	95	110	205	16.0
Lillie	 	319	341	660	27.6
Walham	 	188	196	384	30.0
Margravine	 	297	296	5 93	32.1
Munster	 1.1	595	605	1,200	30.4
Hurlingham	 	124	109	233	25.9
Sands End	 	415	373	788	29.2
Town .	 	139	108	247	19.0
		2,172	2,138	4,310	27.2

TABLE III.

Fertility Rate.

In comparing the birth-rates of communities, it will be remembered that, when calculated on the total population, the birth-rate is, of course, largely influenced by the constitution of the population as regards age, sex and condition as to marriage, and a more accurate measure of the fertility of the population is obtained by calculating the birth-rate on the proportion of legitimate births to married women aged 15 to 45 years. In 1910 the legitimate birth-rate of Fulham per 1,000 married women aged 15 to 45 years was 182.8, and the corresponding rate of the County of London was 186.1.

Illegitimacy.

The illegitimates numbered 163, or 3.9 per cent. of the births registered in the Borough. Information was not obtained respecting the status of those born outside the Borough, but the percentage of illegitimacy would be much higher among them.

Still-born Children.

133 still-born children were buried in Fulham Cemetery, being in the proportion of 1 still-born child to every 32 living.

Excess of Births over Deaths.

The natural increase of the population by the excess of births over deaths was 2,402, compared with 2,422, 2,553 and 2,191 in the three preceding years.

TABLE IV.

Causes of	, and 1	Ages at,	Death	during	Year	1910.
-----------	---------	----------	-------	--------	------	-------

		THE AT T		IN OR BI						F ALL A		OCCUR	RING D			TOTAL DEATH WHETHER
CAUSES OF DEATH.	All ages.	Under 1 year.	: and under 5-	s and under 15-	15 and under 25.	25 and under 65.	65 and up- wards.	Barons Court Ward.	Lillie Ward.	Walham Ward.	Margravine Ward,	Munster Ward,	Hurlingham Ward,	Sands End Ward.	Town Ward,	" RESIDEN OR "NOS RESIDENT IN POBLI INSTITUTIO IN THE DISTRIC
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
mallpox			::	• •	• •						12					
leasles	65	.16	44	4		1		3	9	9	16	14	1	11	2	21
carlet fever	7	1.1	5	1		1		2	2		1	1		1		18
Whooping-cough Diphtheria and mem-	60	27	31	2				3	10	10	14	12	2	9		15
branous croup	14	1	9	4				1		1	2	2	2	5	1	43
roup			1						••	100		-				
Typhus										••		••	•••	••	••	
ever Enteric	2	••	•••			•••			1		1	••	•••	•••		14
Other continued.											1		••	•••		14
pidemic influenza	28		2	••		12	13	•••	2	5	3	4	4	••	5	
nolera	100		-		1	12	15	1	4	5	0	4	4	4	9	
		• •	••						••		••	••	••	••		
ague		10	in		••						::	::	**	::	.:	
iarrhœa	58	46	12	•:	••			4	8	6	14	14	••	11	1	23
nteritis	21	15	2	1		• • •	3	3	5	2	3	1	.:	4	3	4
astritis	16	9				7			5	1	••	7	1	1	1	
uerperal fever	5					5		2		1	2					2
rysipelas hthisis (Pulmonary	4	••			1	1	2		•••	••	1	2	1	•••		4
Tuberculosis)	170	2	2	5	18	135	8	10	33	15	30	38	12	22	10	76
her tuberculous																
diseases	60	13	21	15	5	5	1	3	10	4	11	17	3	6	6	11
ncer, malignant disease	143			1	1	96	45	18	19	12	19	18	9	24	24	29

*

*

٩.

Bronchitis Pneumonia Pleurisy Other diseases of respi-	145 187 12	$30 \\ 62 \\ 2$	4 50 3	1 4 1	 3 	44 36 3	66 32 3	14 15 	17 21 1	15 20 1	18 38 5	27 56 1	75	31 27 3	16 5 1	36 29 3	
ratory organs	13		4	1		5	3	2	1	1	2	4		2	1		
Alcoholism }	23					20	3	3	1	8		6		2	3	6	
Venereal diseases	16	13	1			2	4.4	1	3	2	1	6	•••	14	2	11 6	
Premature birth Diseases and accidents of	86	86			•••	•••	•••	3	19	12	4	27	3	14	4	0	
parturition	6				1	5		1			2	1	1	1	34	1	
Heart diseases	155			5	6	88	56	8	21	14	26	34	10	25	17	27 5	
Accidents	62	22	3	7	4	21	5	5	7	8	10	12	5	10	5	5	1
Suicides	13		••		1	12		1	4	1	1	4	-1		1	1	
All other causes	537	118	15	12	16	185	191	44	69	58	62	121	36	90	57	122	
All causes	1908	462	208	65	58	684	431	147	268	206	286	429	103	304	165	507	-

An extended table of the causes of death is given in the appendix.

*

DEATHS AND DEATH-RATE.

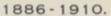
The deaths of 1,701 persons—853 males and 848 females were registered in Fulham during 1910; but of these, 99—53 males and 46 females—were of persons not belonging to the Borough, who died within it, while the deaths of 306 residents in Fulham—164 males and 142 females—occurred outside the Borough, chiefly in various public institutions. There were, therefore, 1,908 deaths of persons belonging to Fulham—964 males and 944 females—representing an annual rate of 12.1 per 1,000 of the estimated population, which is the lowest yet recorded, and 2.9 per 1,000 below the average rate of the preceding ten years.

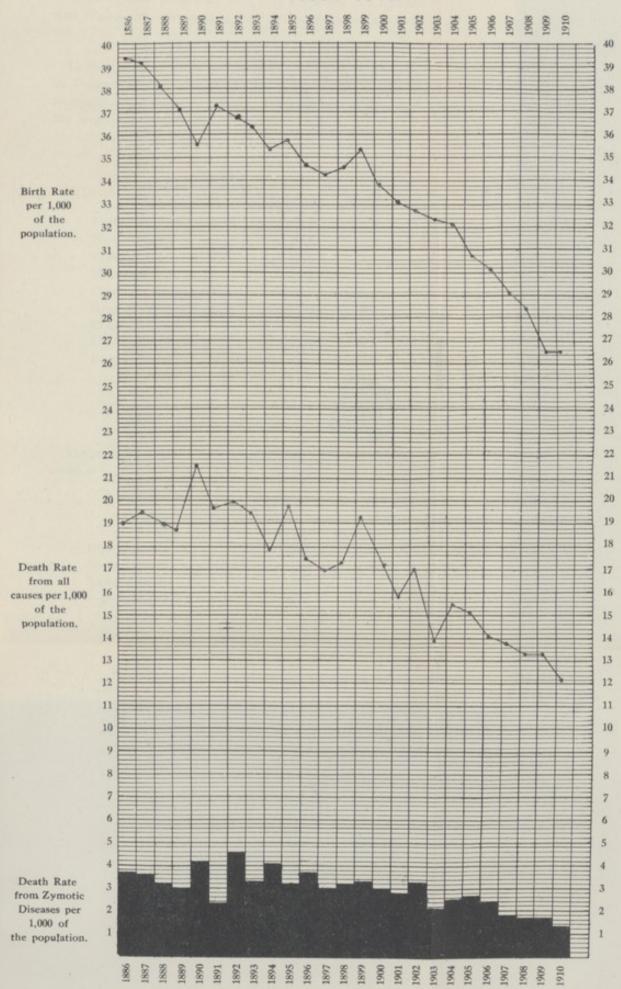
The death-rate of males was 12.9, and of females 11.3, assuming the sex constitution of the population to be the same as in 1901. The death-rate of the County of London was 12.7, and among the several Metropolitan Boroughs the lowest death-rates were 8.6 in Hampstead, 9.6 in Lewisham, and 10.2 in Wandsworth, while the highest were 16.7 in Shoreditch, 17.6 in Finbury, and 17.7 in Bermondsey.

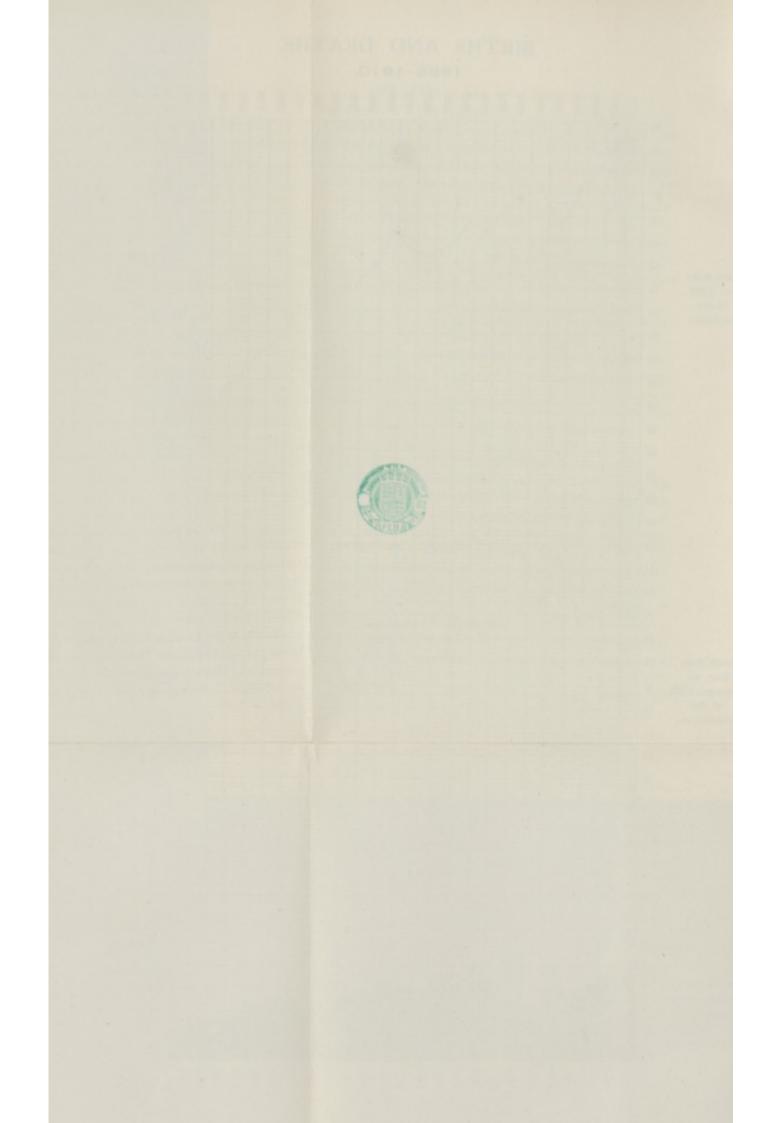
Corrected Death-rate.

Death-rates vary considerably in different localities according to the age constitution of the populations, and in a district with a population comprising a large number of infants or very old people, the death-rate, other things being similar, would of necessity be higher than that of one containing a large proportion of people of middle age. For the correction of the differences due to age and sex constitution, factors of correction have been published by the Registrar-General for the provincial towns, and by the Medical Officer of Health of the London County Council for the metropolitan boroughs, and the multiplication of the recorded death-rate of a district by its factor of correction gives the death-rate which would obtain if the age and sex constitution of the population

BIRTHS AND DEATHS,







were in the same proportion as it is in the whole of England and Wales, thus eliminating the differences due to age and sex.

In the following table the crude and corrected death-rates of Fulham may be compared with those of the adjoining boroughs, the County of London, England and Wales, and the large and small towns.

TABLE V.

Decendral R.

			th-rate,		ath-rate,
Fulham	1.187		12:1		12,6
Kensington			11,9		12,8
Chelsea			12,6		13,1
Hammersmith			12,2		12.7
County of London			12.7		13,4
England and Wales .			13,4		'13,4
77 Great Towns			13,4	, , ,	14,3
136 Smaller Towns			12,4		12,9
England and Wales,	less 1	the			
213 towns			13,6		12.8

Seasonal Mortality.

TABLE VI.

		I	Deaths.		eath-rate,	te,	
First quarter	 .17.8	0.21.	520		13,1		
Second quarter	 	1.000	450		11.4		
Third quarter			414		10.5		
Fourth quarter			524		13.2		

Mortality in Former Years.

In Table II. will be found the number of deaths and the death-rate in each of the ten preceding years. The difference between the rate for 1910 and the average of the ten years 1900-1909 represents a saving of 458 lives.

Distribution of Deaths.

Table IV. gives the number and causes of deaths in the several wards of the borough, and Table VII. gives the annual death-rates of each ward for 1910 and the ten preceding years.

TABLE VII.

		Baron's Court Ward.	Lillie Ward.	Walham Ward.	Margravine Ward.	Munster Ward.	Hurlingham Ward.	Sands End Ward.	Town Ward.
1900		12.9	18.3	20.2	19.4	18.2	13.1	16.3	15.9
1901		10.9	16.5	17.5	16.2	15.6	14.7	18.2	12.9
1902		13.5	16.8	20.2	20.0	16.3	14.5	18.5	14.3
1903		10.9	14.5	15.5	18.4	12.5	13.0	13.1	14.1
1904		13.6	15.8	19.7	16.2	15.0	15.1	14.5	14.3
1905		13.0	16.1	17.8	16.6	13.9	15.1	15.1	14.1
1906		11.3	14.3	17.5	17.9	13.1	13.5	13.0	12.0
1907		12.5	14.9	16.6	19.1	12.6	12.2	12.1	11.5
1908		11.6	14.2	16.8	13.8	12.4	15.5	13.8	10.6
1909	•••	12.3	14.5	17.8	15.8	12.0	12.5	12.2	12.7
Average 10 3 1900-1909	yra.	12.3	15.6	18.0	17.3	14.2	13.9	14.7	13.2
1910		11.4	11.2	16.1	15.4	10.9	11.4	11.3	12.7

Death-rate per 1,000 persons in each Ward.

MORTALITY AT DIFFERENT AGES.

Infantile Mortality.

Of the 1,908 deaths registered, 462 were of infants under one year of age, and the rate of infant mortality, measured by the proportion of deaths under one year to births registered in Fulham, was 110 per 1,000, and 107 per 1,000 after the inclusion of the births in metropolitan maternity institutions. This is the lowest infantile deathrate yet recorded, and is 26 per 1,000 below the average rate of the preceding ten years. It should, however, be noted that the fall in the infantile death-rate in Fulham last year was not so marked as that in the death-rate at all ages, the deaths of infants under one year of age forming 24.4 per cent. of the total deaths, as against 22 per cent. in 1909.

The corresponding rate of the County of London was 103 per 1,000, and the position of Fulham in relation to other metropolitan boroughs was worse than last year, only nine boroughs having a higher infantile mortality, as against eleven in 1909, the rates ranging from 60 per 1,000 in Hampstead to 146 per 1,000 in Shoreditch.

In England and Wales the infantile mortality was in the proportion of 106 deaths to 1,000 births, and the 77 great towns had a rate of 115 per 1,000. The cold summer of last year was, of course, very favourable to a low rate of infantile mortality, but it is improbable that the marked improvement of late years, as shown by the accompanying chart, has been entirely due to weather conditions, though we must wait for some hot and dry summers before we decide as to what extent the mortality has been influenced by the efforts made to reduce it.

Causes of Infantile Mortality.

Table VIII. gives the causes of infantile mortality at various periods under one year, and the following gives the proportion of deaths occurring at certain age periods :---

TABLE IX. Age Period.		Percentage of Total Deaths under one Year.
Under one week	 	21.2
Over one and under four weeks	 	13.4
One and under three months	 	18.8
Three and under six months	 	16.9
Six and under nine months	 	18.0
Nine and under twelve months	 	11.7

Table X. gives the infantile death-rates of the several wards of the borough, corrected by the distribution of the birth in Fulham Infirmary since 1901, when the particulars of the births registered in the borough were first obtained.

TABLE X.

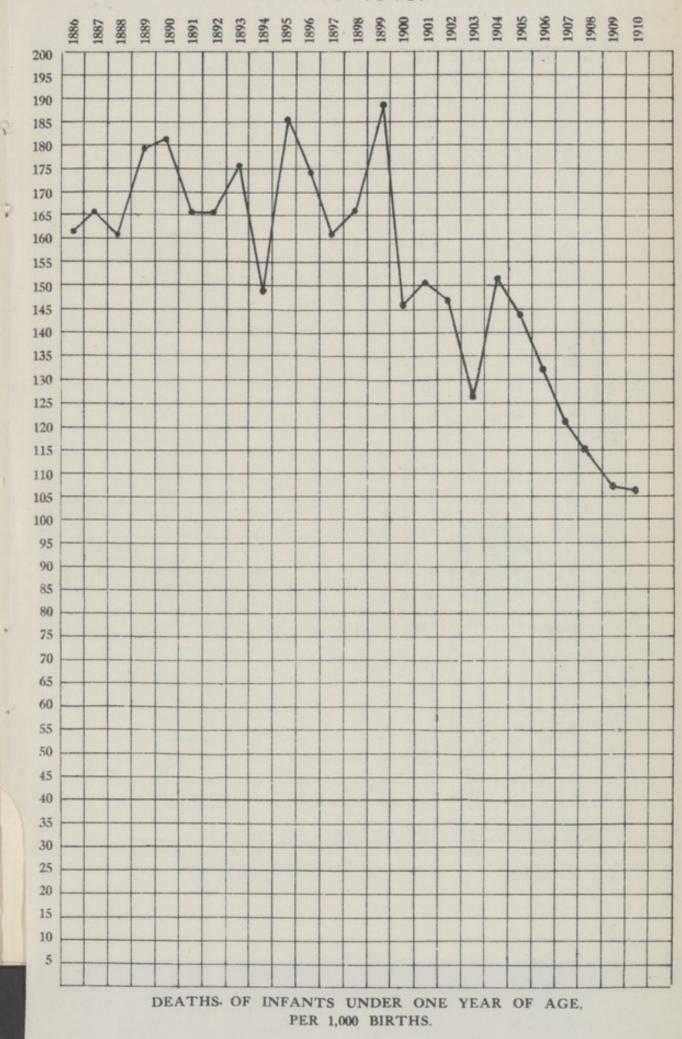
Deaths under one year per 1,000 births.

WARD.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910
Baron's Court	152	134	98	181	108	88	146	91	75	122
Lillie	149	159	138	137	147	137	151	106	122	103
Walham	195	164	142	185	183	166	184	152	140	156
Margravine	138	157	144	179	153	171	136	129	133	135
Munster	139	130	125	140	137	142	116	120	102	103
Hurlingham	147	99	104	159	98	150	99	81	76	43
Sands End	174	182	121	156	168	127	107	136	94	109
Town	118	106	76	121	105	72	64	64	98	81

* The figures for 1909 and 1910 include the births in outside Maternity Institutions.

INFANTILE MORTALITY,

1886-1910.



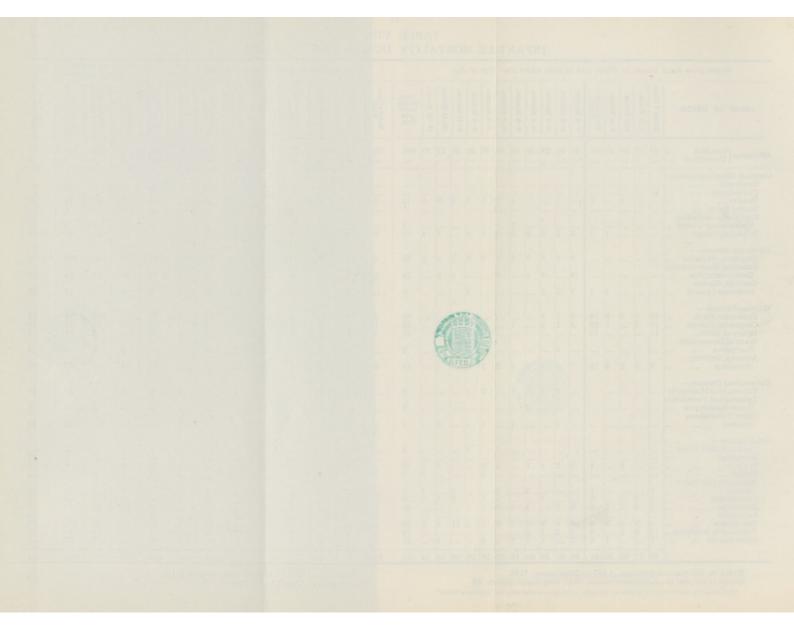
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		15						IN	IF	AN	TI	LE	М	OI				VIII. DUR		THE	YEA	.R 191	0.							
Deaths from states	l Ca	14503	in in	Wee	ths a	nd N	Iont	hs u	nder	on	e Y	ear	of 2	Age.					Deaths	under O	ne year	r belong	ing to L	ocalitie	s.,			under revious	One yea years.	r
CAUSE OF DEATH.	Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-2 Months.	2-3 Months.	3-4 Months.	45 Months.	5-6 Months.	6-7 Months.	7-8 Months.	8-9 Months.	10	10-11 Months.	11-12 Months.	Total Deaths under One Year,	Baron's Court Ward.	Lillie Ward.	Walham Ward.	Margravine Ward.	Munster Ward.	Hurlingham Ward.	Sands End Ward.	Town Ward.	Total Deaths under 1 year, 1109.	Total Deaths under 1 year, 1908.	Total Deaths under 1 year, 1907.	Total Deaths under 1 year, 1906.	Total Deaths under 1 year, 1905.
All Causes { Certified			20		161		31										462	25 	68 	60 	70	123	10 	86	20	466	544 1	564 1	647 2	691 1
Measles Scarlet Fever Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)			``i 		 1 1		 1			1	2	``i 	···	3	6	 	 16 1 27	 2 1	 2 3	 4 3	 2 13	 4 4		 2 1 3		 1 14 3 21	 19 3 14	 10 1 3 41	 10 1 4 11	 25 36
Diarrhœal diseases— Diarrhœa, all forms Enteritis, Muco-enteritis Gastro-enteritis Gastritis, Gastro-					1	9 4 3	1	5	7	5	7	2	6	ī 1 	2 2	1	46 15 9	4 2	7 4 2	5 1 	11 3 	8		10 2 1	1 3 1	82 15 2	97 18 5	69 21 8	192 24 12	165 16 10
Wasting diseases— Premature Birth Congenital Defects Injury at Birth Want of Breast-milk, Starvation Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus	16 11 	3		1 	78 20 11 	6 3 7	1	2		 1 3			1				86 28 11 2 46	3 1 3 2	19 4 1 1 4	12 6 1 1 8	4 4 1 6	27 2 2 	3 1 1 	14 9 2 	4 1 	76 30 8 5 44	101 40 8 2 45	100 32 8 2 57	94 39 11 3 47	97 19 4 1
Tuberculous diseases— Tuberculous Meningitis Tuberculous Peritonitis: Tabes Mesenterica Other Tuberculous							1	1	 2	1		2	1				6 2 7	1	3	····	 1 2	 1 2	 1 	1	1	4 2 10	8 6 11	4 3 17	10 3 12	18 1 13
Other Causes- Cerebro-Spinal Fever			 1		 1 	:::2		 	 		1	2	1				2 13 2	 1		 2 1		1 	 	1 1 	 1 	1 23 5	 16 2	 8 3	 1 9 2	• 1 • 1 18
culous) Convulsions Bronchitis Laryngitis Suffocation, overlying Other Causes	1	··· 1 3 ··· 3 ···	2 3 1	2	28 :85	: :8 :632	···7 ···4 2	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	$2 \\ \\ 1 \\ \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1$	 1 1	2 1 3 8 1	··· 1 1 5 6	···· 1 ··· 2 ···			1 1 2 	7 9 30 62 14 21	 1 1 2	2 5 6 1 1	 2 9 1 4	1 5 9 2 6	4 3 6 25 4 5	1 2 1 	1 2 11 9 2 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ \dots \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array} $	$3 \\ 10 \\ 24 \\ 1 \\ 53 \\ 11 \\ 18$	8 10 21 74 14 22	7 50 67 15 32	10 20 19 52 18 45	10 25 47 2 59 13 43
	99	22	20	20	161	56	31	29	30	18	37	26	20	20	21	13	462	25	68	60	70	123	. 10	86	20	466	545	565	649	692

Births in the year—Legitimate, 4,147; Illegitimate, *163. Deaths in the year of—Legitimate infants, 414; Illegitimate infants, 48. "Not including those occurring outside the Borough, which are included with the Legitimate Births

Population—158,307 (estimated to middle of 1910). Deaths from all Causes at all Ages—1,908.



The rate in Walham Ward is, as usual, much above that of the rest of the borough, which is mainly due to the excessive mortality in Heckfield Place, where it was in the proportion of 284 deaths to 1,000 births. Excluding Heckfield Place, the infantile death-rate of Walham Ward was 125 per 1,000.

Prevention of Infant Mortality. Notification of Births Act.

3,327 notifications were received under the above Act, 3,263 of living and 64 of still-born children, 79 per cent. of the births registered being notified. Of these, 2,010, or 60.4 per cent., were notified by midwives; 1,004, or 30.2 per cent., by medical practitioners; and 313 by the fathers or some other relative.

788 mothers were visited by the Sanitary Inspector, Mrs. Davies, who gives personal advice, leaves printed instructions as to feeding, etc., and secures the removal of insanitary defects in the home. It is to be regretted that more cannot be done in this direction, as experience proves that to produce the best results frequent visiting is essential, as the work of educating adult women with ideas of their own is a slow process, and I would again press upon the Council the necessity for the appointment of a Health Visitor for this, and also for other work in connection with the infectious ailments of children, such as Measles and Whooping Cough, and notified cases of Consumption, for which properly trained women are especially suited.

The Fulham School for Mothers, which was founded in 1908 with the object of endeavouring to reduce the excessive mortality among infants by the systematic instruction of nursing mothers, has again made most satisfactory progress during the year, as 326 babies were registered by the

в

Honorary Medical Officers at the consultations held at 92, Greyhound Road, who made 2,287 attendances, as compared with 255 babies registered, with 1,041 attendances, in 1909. The notable increase in the number of attendances is especially gratifying, showing, as it does, the anxiety of the mothers for the welfare of their babies, and their appreciation of the advice given. The school, too, undertakes a considerable amount of home visiting, as it is necessary to supplement the advice given by the doctors at the consultations by practical demonstrations at the homes, and the Committee report that the good results of the visits by the Superintendent of the School are seen in the improved conditions of the homes and more intelligent methods of domestic economy.

Dinners are provided at the school for nursing and expectant mothers, when recommended by the doctors, at a charge of 2d. a meal, which is just under the actual cost of the food, and in 1910 3,750 were supplied, and the Medical Officers emphasise the satisfactory results obtained by thus nourishing the child through the mother.

Deaths of Illegitimate Infants.

Of the children who died before attaining the age of one year, 48 were illegitimate, the mortality among them being in the proportion of 281 deaths per 1,000 births, against 102 per 1,000 among children born in wedlock.

The following table gives the causes of death among the illegitimates:----

TABLE XI.

Deaths of Illegitimate infants from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One year of age.

CAUSE OF DEATH.		Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-2 Months.	2-3 Months.	3-4 Months.	4-5 Months.	5-6 Months.	6-7 Months.	7-8 Months.	8-9 Months.	9-10 Months.	10-11 Months.	11-12 Months.	Total Death: under One Year.
Common Infectious diseas	0.00																	
Control II Deser							1.13											
Chicken-Pox	•••	***																***
Measles											1		1		1	2		5
Scarlet Fever																		
Diphtheria (includin																		
Membranous Croup													S					
Whooping Cough										1		1		2				4
Diarrhœal diseases— Diarrhœa, all forms Enteritis, Muco-enteri	 tie					2	2	1	2	3	1	3			1			13
Gastro-enteritis							0.0											
Gastritis, Gastro-																		
intestinal Catarrh								1										1
interstation of the second																		
Wasting diseases—													in a					-
Premature Birth		6				6												6
Congenital Defects		2				2	***											2 3
Injury at Birth		3				3							•••		•••		••••	3
Want of Breast-milk,																		
Starvation												••••	•••		•••	••••	•••	
Atrophy, Debility,														_				2
Marasmus								1		1								-
n	3. 10	19				Land	1.11				0.3	100	1.8	10	,11	ail		
Tuberculous diseases-							·							1				
Tuberculous Meningit																		
Tuberculous Peritonit			-															
Tabes Mesenterica																		
Other Tuberculous diseases						3.5		10.11	No.	305.0								
diseases																		
Other Causes—	-	-	1.00			10.1	1.0	lot	1.90	100	100	8.	18	101	18	8 1		
Erysipelas																		
Syphilis							1											1
Rickets													1					1
Meningitis (not Tuber-											1	-			1			
culous)																		
Convulsions																		
Bronchitis																••••		
Pneumonia								1		2			2		2	1		
Suffocation, overlying																		2
Other Causes		2				2	••••	•••						***				-
	-	13				13	3	4	- 0	7	2	4	4	2	4	3		48
		1.5				1.0	1		1	/	14	-		100	1	20		

B 2

Deaths of Children under Five Years of Age.

Between the ages of one and five years 208 deaths were recorded, so that the deaths of children under the age of five years numbered 670, or 35.1 per cent. of the deaths at all ages. The number corresponds to a death-rate of 32.7 per 1,000 of the children estimated to be living at that age, which is the lowest yet recorded in Fulham.

Insurance of Infants.

Certificates under the Friendly Societies Act, 1896, were issued in respect of 319 children under five, 47.6 per cent. of the children dying at that age period being insured.

Mortality at School Age.

At the ages of five to fifteen years, which is approximately the school period of life, there were sixty-five deaths, or 3.5 per cent. of the total number, representing a mortality of 2.0 per 1,000 of those living at that age.

Mortality at Adolescence.

Between the ages of fifteen and twenty-five years, fiftyeight, or 3.0 per cent. of the total deaths, were recorded, the rate at this age period being 2.1 per 1,000.

Mortality at Maturity.

684, or 35.8 per cent. of all the deaths, occurred between the ages of twenty-five and sixty-five years, the mortality being at the rate of 9.5 per 1,000.

Mortality at Decline.

At the age of sixty-five and upwards there were 431 deaths, or 22.6 per cent. of those at all ages, equal to a death-rate of 83.2 per 1,000.

DEATHS FROM EPIDEMIC DISEASES.

To the seven principal epidemic diseases, 206 deaths were ascribed, representing a death-rate of 1.30 per 1,000, which is 1.1 below the mean rate of the decennium 1900-1909, and the lowest yet recorded in Fulham.

The corresponding rate of the County of London was 1.1 per 1,000, and in the several metropolitan boroughs the rates ranged from 0.60 in Hampstead to 2.1 in Southwark.

In Table XII. will be found the number of deaths from each of the principal epidemic diseases in 1910 and the ten preceding years, and in Table XIII. the death-rates from them per 1,000 of the estimated population of each ward in 1910.

	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906,	1907.	190 8.	1909.	Mean number of Deaths 1900-1909.	Mean Death- rate 1900-1909.	Deaths 1910.	Death- rate 1910.
Smallpox	 	3	13								1.6	0.01		0.00
Measles	 80	37	168	62	64	85	53	69	71	74	76	0.51	65	0.41
Scarlet Fever	 23	20	19	8	4	23	18	14	17	10	16	0.17	7	0.04
Whooping Cough	 54	76	65	48	58	82	31	75	34	48	57	0.38	60	0.38
Diphtheria	 65	48	51	24	24	24	33	38	32	39	38	0.25	14	0.08
Enteric Fever	 19	22	9	16	6	10	13	8	10	4	12	0.08	2	0.01
Diarrhœa	 156	181	129	167	224	200	243	83	112	97	159	1.06	58	0.37
	397	387	454	325	380	424	391	287	276	272	360	2.4	206	1.29

TABLE XII. Deaths from the seven principal Infectious Diseases.

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TABLE XIII.

Deaths from the seven principal epidemic diseases per 1,000 of the population in each Ward in 1910.

1000	1.000	1000	1	Small-pox.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever,	Diph- theria.	Whooping Cough.	Enteric Fever.	Diarrhœa.	Total.
Baron's Court War	d			 0.00	0.24	0.16	0.08	0.24	0.00	0.32	1.04
Lillie Ward				 0.00	0.38	0.08	0.00	0.46	0.04	0.34	1.30
Walham Ward				 0.00	0.70	0.00	0.08	0.78	0.00	0.47	2.03
Margravine Ward				 0.00	0.87	0.06	0.12	0.76	0.06	0.76	2.63
Munster Ward				 0.00	0.35	0.03	0.05	0.30	0.00	0.35	1.08
Hurlingham Ward				 0.00	0.11	0.00	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.55
Sands End Ward				 0.00	0.41	0.04	0.19	0.33	0.00	0.41	1.38
Town Ward				 0.00	0.15	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.31
The Borough				 0.00	0.41	0.04	0.08	0.38	0.01	0.37	1.29

SICKNESS FROM NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Table XIV. gives the number of cases of infectious diseases notified in Fulham since 1890, when compulsory notification came into force, excluding duplicate notifications.

Table XV. gives the number of cases notified in and removed from each ward in 1910, and Table XVI. the number of cases notified per 10,000 of the estimated population of each ward.

The chart shows the number of cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria notified in each week of 1910, together with the average number notified in the corresponding weeks of the ten years 1900-1909.

1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 Smallpox... ... Scarlet Fever ... Diphtheria Membranous Croup _ _ Enteric Fever ... Continued Fever .. _ ____ -_ _ _ _ Typhus Fever -----Cholera ... _ _ _ -_ -_ _ ----_ _ _ _ -----_ ... Puerperal Fever ... Erysipelas Epidemic Cerebro-spinal Meningitis _ 1,224 1,073 1,149 1,354 1,488 1,683 1,459 1,534 1,277 1,288 1,280 1,477 1,183 1,027 773 TOTALS

TABLE XIV. Cases of Infectious Diseases notified to Medical Officer of Health.

	C	ASES		FIED		VHOI	E	Т	OTAL			OTIFI LITY.		N EAG	сн							MOVE		
Notifiable Disease,	At all Ages.	Under 1.	1 to 5. TV	5 to 15.	15 to 25.	25 to 65, 52	65 and upwards.	Baron's Court Ward.	Lillie Ward.	Walham Ward.	Margravine Ward.*	Munster Ward	Hurlingham Ward.	Sands End Ward.	Town Ward.	Baron's Court Ward.	Lillie Ward.	Walham Ward.	Margravine Ward.*	Munster Ward.	Hurlingham Ward.	Sands End Ward.	Town Ward.	Total cases removed to Hospital.
mall-pox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
holera	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)	257	3	90	130	23	11	10	18	30	24	43	56	20	53	13	15	26	23	41	51	14	48	12	230
Erysipelas	115	2	4	8	10	70	21	6	18	19	31	16	8	11	6	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
carlet Fever	354	8	119	184	22	21	-	10	53	25	43	116	18	64	25	9	48	24	41	106	14	57	19	318
yphus Fever	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interic Fever	18	-	101	5	10	3	-	2	3	1	3	1	2	6	-	1	3	1	3	1	2	6	-	17
Relapsing Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Continued Fever	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
uerperal Fever	20	-	-	-	-	20	-	3	1	2	6	5	3	-	-	2	1	2	3	3	1	-	-	12
Plague	_	-	-	_	_	-1	1	-	100	_	10	10	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
erebro-spinal Fever	7	3	1	1	-	2	-	1	1	2	4	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	1	1	1	-	7
TOTALS	773	-16	214	328	65	129	21	40	107	73	126	196	52	135	44	28	80	52	88	163	32	112	31	586

TABLE XV. Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1910.

TABLE XVI.	

WARD.	Small-pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Enteric Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Cerebro- spinal Meningitis.	Total.
	Sma	Sc Fe	Diph	En Fe	Erys	Pue Fé	Cer	To
Baron's Court	0.0	7.5	14.1	1.6	4.7	2.3	0.8	31.3
Lillie	0.0	22.2	10.5	1.3	7.5	0.4	0.4	42.3
Walham	0.0	19.5	18.7	0.8	14.8	1.4	1.4	56.6
Margravine	0.0	23.2	23.2	1.6	16.8	3.2	0.0	58.0
Munster	0.0	29.4	14.2	0.3	4.1	1.3	0.3	49.6
Hurlingham	0.0	20.0	22.2	2.2	8,9	3.3	1.1	57.7
Sands End	0.0	23.7	19.6	2.2	4.1	0.0	0.4	50 .0
Town	0.0	19.2	10.0	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	38.8
The Borough	0.0	22,4	16,2	1.1	7.3	1.3	0.4	48.7

Cases of Infectious Disease notified per 10,000 inhabitants.

SMALL-POX.

There has been no case of small-pox in Fulham since 1903. In the County of London only seven cases were notified in 1910, with no deaths.

Primary Vaccination.

The following tables, furnished by Mr. Davies, Vaccination Officer, give the vaccination returns for 1909 and the first six months of 1910:—

TABLE XVII.

Supplemental Return for 1909 for the Borough of Fulham.

No. of Births Registered from Jan. 1st, 1909, to Dec. 31st, 1909,	Successfully Vaccinated.	Insusceptible of Vaccination.	Dead Unvaccinated.	Postponed by Medical Certificate.	Certificates granted under Clause 2 of Vaccination Act, 1898.	Removed to Districts in which Vaccina- tion Officer has been notified.	Removed to places unknown.	Outstanding.
4,215	2,984	17	295	59	403	28	414	15

TABLE XVIII.

Return of Vaccination for the period from January to June, 1910, for the Borough of Fulham.

No. of Births Registered from Jan. 1st, 1910, to June Joth, 1910.	Successfully Vaccinated.	Insusceptible of Vaccination.	Dead Unvaccinated.	Postponed by Medical Certificate.	Certificates granted under Clause 2 of Vaccination Act, 1898.	Removed to Districts in which Vaccina- tion Officer has been notified.	Removed to places unknown.	Outstanding.
2,172	1,554	5	136	44	213	15	196	9

The proportion of the children born in 1909 not finally accounted for, including cases postponed, amounted to 24.2 per cent. of the total births, or nearly double the average of the previous ten years.

SCARLET FEVER.

The notified cases of scarlet fever were 354, compared with 668, 594 and 511 in the three preceding years.

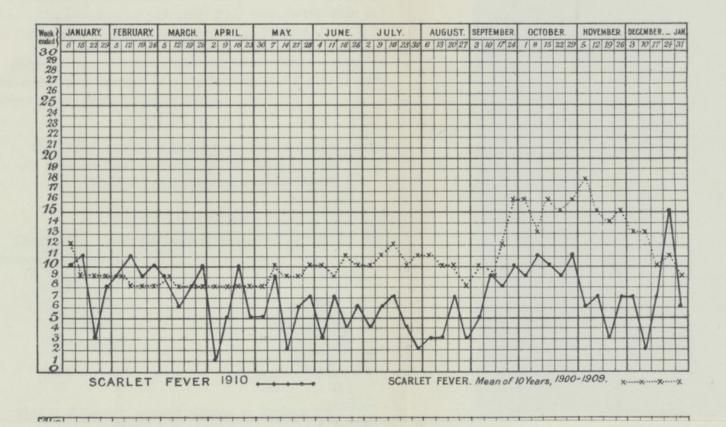
The returns for the four quarters were :---

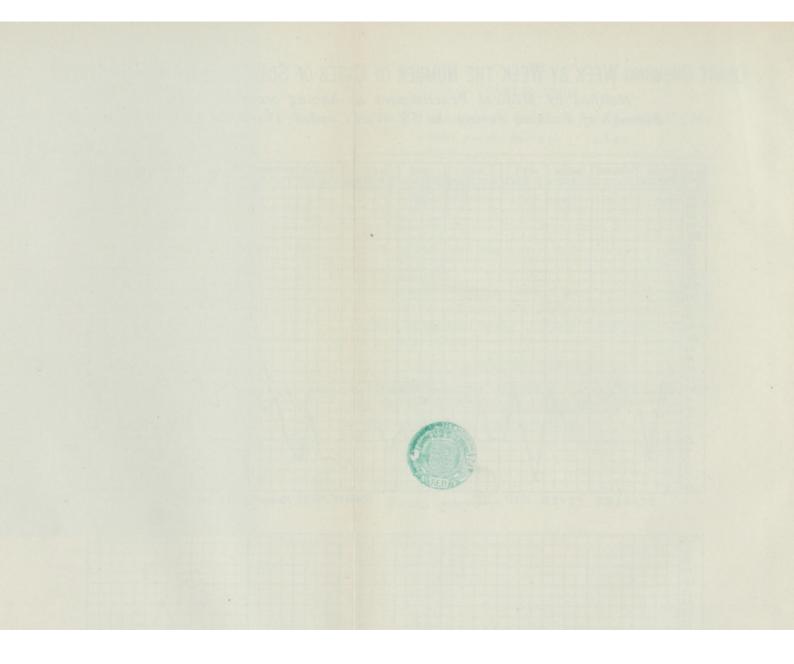
First quarter				2	Cases. 104	 Deaths. 3
Second quart	er				71	 3
Third quarte	r .	nobac			77	 1
Fourth quart	er				102	
					1	_
					354	7
					=	=
The cases occurre	d in	297 h	ouses	as	under	
Houses with	one	case	1.1.			 257
,,	two	cases				 29
,,	thre	e cases	5			 7
,,	four	cases				 2
,,	five	cases				 2

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CHART SHEWING WEEK BY WEEK THE NUMBER OF CASES OF SCARLET FEVER AND DIPHTHERIA. Notified by Medical Practitioners as having occurred in the Borough of Fulham during the 52 Weeks ended December 31st, 1910.





Isolation.—Of the patients notified, 318, or 89.8 per cent., were removed to the hospital for treatment.

Fatality.—The deaths from the disease—7 in number—represent a case mortality of just under 2 per cent., or the same as in 1909, which was the lowest recorded in Fulham.

Return Cases.—Six cases occurred within fourteen days of the return from hospital of a child living in the same house after recovery from a similar attack.

Distribution of Cases.

In Table XV. will be found the number of cases notified in and removed from each ward in the borough, and Table XVI. shows the proportional prevalence in the wards.

DIPHTHERIA.

The cases of diphtheria notified in the four quarters of the year were as under :---

First quarter	 		Cases. 74	 Deaths. 7	
Second quarter	 	:	42	 1	
Third quarter	 		37	 2	
Fourth quarter	 		104	 4	
			257	14	
				-	

This is the lowest number notified in Fulham since 1893, and represents a case rate of 16.2 per 10,000 of the population, as compared with an average of 28.2 per 10,000 in the preceding decennium.

The cases occurred in 231 houses as under :---

Houses with	one case	 	 211
,,	two cases	 	 14
	three cases	 	 6
Network 6 1			
			231

Isolation.—Of the cases notified, 230, or 89.5 per cent., were removed to hospital for treatment.

Fatality.—There were 14 deaths from the disease, representing a case mortality of 5.4 per cent., which is the lowest yet recorded in Fulham.

Supply of Diphtheria Antitoxin.

With the view of facilitating the prompt use of diphtheria antitoxin in the cases of persons who may be attacked by or exposed to the infection of the disease, the Local Government Board made an order in August last, under Section 77 of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, sanctioning the provision by the Council of a temporary supply of diphtheria antitoxin, and arrangements have been made for its supply to medical practitioners in the borough. The demand for this has been limited, only six applications having been received, since most of the patients are at once removed to hospital; but in cases with laryngeal symptoms, in which, owing to the absence of visible, membrane, a definite diagnosis can only be made by bacteriological examination, the prompt administration of antitoxin without waiting for this result goes far towards preventing a fatal termination should the case prove to be one of larvngeal diphtheria.

ENTERIC FEVER.

Of enteric fever 18 cases were notified with 2 deaths, the sickness and mortality rates being the lowest recorded in Fulham from this disease. During the ten years 1900-1909 the mean number of cases notified was 66, and the mean number of deaths 12.

In 3 cases the infection was contracted outside the borough, and in 2 mussels had been eaten within a fortnight of the commencement of the illness.

Typhoid Carriers.

The investigation instituted by Dr. Theodore Thomas on behalf of the Local Government Board as to the proportion of patients who are supposed to remain infective after recovery from typhoid owing to their harbouring the *bacillus typhosus* was continued last year, and specimens of urine and fæces from five patients who had been discharged from hospital were sent to the Lister Institute, but all the examinations— 20 in number—showed the absence of the bacillus.

Errors of Diagnosis in Notified Infectious Diseases.

Of the patients certified as suffering from scarlet fever, 13, or 3.7 per cent., from diphtheria, 14, or 5.4 per cent., and from enteric fever, 2, or 11.1 per cent., were subsequently ascertained not to be suffering from those diseases.

PUERPERAL FEVER.

Twenty cases of puerperal septicæmia, or 4.7 per 1,000 births, of which 5, or 1.2 per 1,000, births proved fatal.

There was a decline in the number of cases as compared with last year, when 34 cases were notified with 13 deaths, but, in proportion to the population, there were more cases in Fulham than in any metropolitan borough.

ERYSIPELAS.

112 persons were certified to be suffering from erysipelas, and 4 deaths were attributed to this disease.

CEREBRO-SPINAL MENINGITIS.

Seven patients were notified as suffering from cerebrospinal fever, but in two cases the diagnosis was not confirmed. There were 3 deaths from the disease, all of which occurred in hospital. In London, in 1910, 115 cases were notified, with 10 deaths.

SICKNESS AND DEATHS FROM NON-NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Measles.

The deaths from measles in the four quarters of the year were :---

1st Q	uarter	 	 	11
2nd	,,	 	 	25
3rd	,,	 	 	6
4th	,,	 	 	23
				65

The death-rate was 0.41 per 1,000, being the same as that of the County of London, and 0.11 per 1,000 below the average rate in Fulham in the preceding ten years. Of the deaths, 56, or 86 per cent., were of children under three years of age.

677 cases were reported by the Schools, and, in addition to excluding from school attendance all children from infected houses who were attending the infant classes, and also the children from the same houses in the boys' or girls' departments who had not had measles, the following classes were closed during the periods stated :—

NAME OF SCHOOL.	C	LASSROOM.	PERIOD OF EXCLUSION.
St. Dunstan's Road		F.	16 Feb. to 1st March.
Langford Road		G.	21st Feb to 4th March.
St. Dunstan's Road		G.	2nd March to 9th March.
Fulham Palace Road		F.	18th April to 20th April.
St. John's		A & C.	18th and 19th April.
Do		A.	21st to 25th April.
Harwood Road		dl under 5	23rd April to 13th May.
Finlay Street		Do.	25th April to 13th May.
North End Road		Do.	4th to 13th May.
Halford Road		Do.	5th to 13th May.
Beaufort House		A.	18th and 19th May.
Kingwood Road		A.	9th June to 14th June.

Class-rooms closed on Account of Measles during 1910.

NAME OF SCHOOL.	CLASSROOM.	PERIOD OF EXCLUSION.
North End Road	all under 5	30th May to 10th June.
Hugon Road	G.	8th July to 20th July.
Langford Road	all under 5	27th June to 11th July.
Hugon Road	G.	8th July to 15th July.
Langford Road	all under 5	11th July to 20th July.
Lillie Road	Do.	30th Sept. to 14th Oct.
Hugon Road	E.	10th Oct. to 14th Oct.
Fulham Palace Road	A.	3rd to 18th Nov.
Do. do	B.	7th to 21st Nov.
Sherbrooke Road	all under 5	10th to 30th Nov.
Langford Road ·	F.	14th to 18th Nov.
Fulham Palace Road	E.	14th Nov. to 2nd Dec.
William Street	<u> </u>	17th Nov to 2nd Dec.
St. Dunstan's Road Everington Street	D, A & B.	21st Nov. to 25th Nov. 19th Dec. to holidays.
Beaufort House	A.	12th Dec. to holidays.
St. John's	A.	Do.

Hospital Treatment of Measles.

In December last the managers of the Metropolitan Asylums Board were empowered by the Local Government Board to receive into their hospitals children suffering from measles or whooping cough who are either in the institutions of the Poor Law Guardians or can be admitted into a Poor Law Infirmary by order of the Relieving Officer, and it is to be hoped that this Order will be extended so as to empower the Managers to admit, so far as their hospital accommodation will allow, other besides Poor Law cases of measles into their hospitals, since, as I have on several occasions pointed out, a large proportion of those who succumb to the disease would recover if they could be removed from their unfavourable surroundings and properly nursed.

Whooping Cough.

Whooping cough was the assigned cause of 60 deaths, or 2 over the decennial average; 58 of the deaths were of children under five years of age. Unfortunately, like

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measles, whooping cough is usually looked upon as a very trivial ailment, and comparatively little care is taken of the sufferers, who usually succumb to one of the pulmonary complications of the disease, often induced by neglect.

Diarrhæa.

The deaths from diarrhœa in the four quarters of the year were :---

e.

			No.	of De	eaths,	Death-rate
1st Q	uarter	 		8		0.20
2nd	,,	 		5		0.13
3rd	,,	 		31		0.79
4th	,,	 1		14		0.35
				_		
				58		0.37

The mortality was the lowest yet recorded in Fulham, and compared more favourably with that of other metropolitan boroughs than is usually the case, 9 boroughs having higher rates than Fulham, as compared with 4 in 1909.

DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOUS DISEASES.

There was a marked decline in the mortality from these diseases in 1910—170 deaths (106 of males and 64 of females) being registered from phthisis (tuberculosis of the lungs), and 65 from other tuberculous diseases, against decennial averages of 200 and of 78 respectively.

Of the deaths from phthisis, 96 (67 of males and 29 of females) occurred in public institutions.

In the several wards of the borough, the death-rates from phthisis and other tuberculous diseases were as under :---

	Death-rate from Phthisis.	Death-rate from other Tuberculous Diseases.	Death-rate from all Tuberculous Diseases.
Baron's Court Ward	 0.80	0.23	1.03
Lillie Ward	 1.38	0.42	1.80
Walham Ward	 1.17	0.32	1.49
Margravine Ward	 1.62	0.59	2.21
Munster Ward	 1.96	0.44	1.36
Hurlingham Ward	 1.33	0.33	1.66
Sands End Ward	 0.82	0.22	1.04
Town Ward	 0.77	0.45	1.22
The Borough	 1.07	0.41	1.48
	Contraction of the second		mi montunita

Deaths per 1,000 of the population of each Ward from Phthisis and other Tuberculous Diseases.

Notification of Phthisis.

The following notifications of pulmonary tuberculosis were received during the year :---

(<i>a</i>)	Notifications	of I	nmates o	of Full	nam Ii	nfirmar	y	229
	Notifications	of	Inmates	of In	stituti	ons out	tside	
	Fulham							16
(b)	Notifications	by I	District M	Iedical	Office	ers		180
(c)	Notifications	of	Persons	leavi	ng F	ulham	In-	
	firmary		nin					135
	Notification	of F	Persons 1	eaving	outsi	de Ins	titu-	
	tions							8
(d)	Notifications	by]	Relieving	g Offic	ers of	person	s re-	
	moving							3

37

571

Of these, 312 were renotifications, the new Poor Law cases notified in 1910 numbering 259.

In addition to the cases notified under the Poor Law Tuberculosis Regulations, the following notifications respecting persons suffering from tuberculosis were received :---

From	hospitals				 50
From	private medical	practi	tioners		 35
From	the Education I	Depart	ment,	L.C.C.	 7

of which 25 were duplicate notifications, so that the total number of new cases reported was 326.

In my report for 1909 I commented on the present unsatisfactory methods of dealing with the notified cases of phthisis, and suggested that of local measures the most suitable would be the establishment in Fulham of a tuberculosis dispensary, modelled on the lines of the Royal Victoria Dispensary for Consumptives in Edinburgh, founded by Dr. R. W. Philip, and it is satisfactory to know that a movement is now on foot, which it is hoped will shortly materialise, to found such an institution in this borough.

The essential feature of the system is the provision of the services of a doctor, who not only sees the patients when they come to the dispensary, but visits them in their homes, and examines other members of the household ; and the value of the latter is shown by the fact that of some 1,500 cases which have been dealt with by the Paddington dispensary nearly one-third were discovered by this home visiting, and in early recognition and treatment lies the chief hope of cure. The doctor, too, is assisted by a trained nurse, who makes periodical visits and endeavours to ensure that patients treated at home shall carry out the instructions they have received. The dispensary also provides the means for classifying the cases and for securing for each the most appropriate treatment, whether in a hospital, sanatorium, or patient's home, and, by co-operation with the various charitable agencies, endeavours to find suitable work for the patient and to assist the family during the incapacity of the breadwinner.

DEATHS FROM OTHER DISEASES. Influenza.

Twenty-eight deaths were certified to be due to influenza, the numbers for the three preceding years being 33, 33 and 29.

Diseases of the Respiratory System.

From these diseases there were 356 deaths, or 18.7 per cent. of the deaths from all causes, being 75 below the decennial average, of which 187 were ascribed to pneumonia and 145 to bronchitis.

Although pneumonia is usually classed with diseases of the respiratory system, it must be looked upon as a specific febrile disease of bacterial origin analogous to the recognised infectious diseases, such as diphtheria, scarlet fever, etc., and its infectiousness is illustrated by the following cases, which came under my notice last year :---

A. B., male, aged 44, residing in Kinnoul Road, was taken ill on March 16th with symptoms of pneumonia, and died on March 24th.

J. B., male, aged 19, son of A. B., residing in same house, was taken ill on March 30th with the same symptoms as his father, but his illness was less severe, and he recovered, being convalescent about the middle of April.

E. T., female, aged 56, sister of A. B., residing in Tasso Road, nursed A. B. during his illness, was taken ill on April 1st, and died on April 8th.

R. C., female, aged 21, living in same house as E. T., visited J. B. during his illness, was taken ill on April 13th, and after a very severe illness recovered.

The physical signs in all the cases were those of patchy consolidation of both lungs. The sputum was very viscid, but not rust-coloured, and the report of the Lister Institute on a specimen from R. C. was to the effect that a pure culture of the pneumococcus was isolated, to which it was considered the disease was due, and that the presence in large numbers of another organism morphologically resembling the bacillus of Friedlander, but not giving the cultural reactions of any wellknown pathological organism, was not of importance.

Cancer.

Malignant diseases caused 143 deaths, the average of the preceding ten years being 127.

Violence.

The deaths of Fulham residents from accident or negligence numbered 62, of which 14 (nearly one-fourth) were caused by suffocation in bed.

Other classes of disease caused the followin	ig dea	aths :—
Venereal Diseases		16
Diseases of the Nervous System		97
Diseases of the Circulatory System		240
Diseases of the Digestive System		100
Diseases of the Urinary System		73

CERTIFICATION OF THE CAUSES OF DEATH.

Of the 1,907 deaths registered, 1,758, or 92.5 per cent., were certified by registered medical practitioners, and the remainder by coroners after inquest, no death being uncertified.

DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS. Fulham Infirmary and Workhouse.

The deaths of 388 persons (216 males and 172 females) occurred in Fulham Infirmary, and of 27 (18 males and 9 females) in the Workhouse. Of these, 399 belonged to Fulham, and 16 to other districts.

Western Fever Hospital.

In the Western Fever Hospital there were 92 deaths, 47 males and 45 females, of whom 22 belonged to Fulham, and 70 to other boroughs.

Deaths occurring outside the Borough among persons belonging thereto.

The deaths of Fulham residents in public institutions and elsewhere outside the borough numbered 306, and occurred in the following institutions :—

Charing Cross Hospital	2
Kensington and Fulham General Hospital	1
King's College Hospital	1
Middlesex Hospital	5
St. Bartholomew's Hospital	2
St. George's Hospital	66
St. Mary's Hospital	3
St. Thomas's Hospital	. 4
Temperance Hospital	1
University College Hospital	. 3
West London Hospital	53
Westminster Hospital	. 3
Royal Berkshire Hospital	. 1
Belgrave Hospital for Children	. 1
Infants' Hospital	. 2
Hospital for Children, Great Ormond Street	t 4
Victoria Hospital for Children	29
Chelsea Hospital for Women	. 2
General Lying-in Hospital	. 1
Queen Charlotte's Hospital	. 2
Brompton Hospital	. 2
Cancer Hospital	. 9
Royal Ear Hospital	. 1
Alexandra Hospital, Queen Square	. 1
Lock Hospital	
Friedenheim	. 2
House of Compassion, Paddington	1

Atkinson Morley Convalescent Home	
St. Joseph's Home, Chiswick	1
St. Luke's Home, Kensington	3
Banstead Asylum 1	4
Camberwell House Asylum	1
Cane Hill Asylum	6
Claybury Asylum	3
Colney Hatch Asylum	3
Hanwell Asylum 1	2
Horton Asylum	3
Leavesden Asylum	1
Long Grove Asylum I I	2
Peckham House Asylum	1
Tooting Bec Asylum	4
Children in Infirmary, Carshalton	5
Battersea Infirmary	1
Camberwell Infirmary	1
Chelsea Infirmary	1
Hammersmith Infirmary	6
Holborn Infirmary	2
Kensington Infirmary	1
St. George's Infirmary	21
Wandsworth Infirmary	1
Paddington Workhouse	1
St. Pancras Workhouse	1
Elsewhere 1	7
Diseases of the Directory Strength and the	-
30	6

Of the deaths registered, 710, or 37.2 per cent., took place either in workhouses, in hospitals or in public lunatic asylums.

The percentages in Fulham and in the County of London in the various classes of institutions were as under :---

	Fulham.	London.
Deaths in workhouses or workhouse infirmaries	21.8	22.4
Deaths in Metropolitan Asylums		
Board Hospitals	1.5	1.2
Deaths in other hospitals		16.1
Deaths in public lunatic and imbecile		
asylums	3.2	3.7
	37.2	43.4

GENERAL SANITARY ADMINISTRATION. DISINFECTION.

All infected articles were disinfected at the Council's Disinfecting Station, Townmead Road. The total cost of the station for the year was £893 11s. 8d., including £70 for interest on loans for building and plant, and £216 for repayment of principal. The cost during the last three years the work was done by a contractor averaged £1,257.

1,358 rooms were disinfected and cleansed, viz. :--

After	Scarlet Fever		 	 355
,,	Diphtheria		 	 250
,,	Enteric Fever		 	 25
,,	Erysipelas		 	 54
,,	Puerperal Fev	ver	 	 22
,,	Measles		 	 295
,,	Phthisis		 	 300
,,	other diseases		 	 25
Verm	inous		 	 32

PUBLIC MORTUARY.

147 bodies were removed to the Mortuary during the year, and were admitted as follows :---

At the re	quest of t	the Coroner				105
Brought	in by the	Police				21
At the re	quest of t	he Medical O	fficer of	Healt	th	1
,,	,,	Relieving	Officer			5
For conv	enience t	ill funeral				15
					_	

147

Inquests were held on 125, and post-mortem examinations made in 73 of the above cases.

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

The facilities afforded by the Council for the bacteriological examination of suspected material as an aid to diagnosis continue to be much appreciated by medical practitioners, and the following specimens were examined during the year by the Lister Institute :—

Material from cases of suspected Diphtheria:-

tone by a contractor evening d 21 20 and	Number	
Klebs Löffler or true diphtheria bacillus isolated	92	
Pseudo diphtheria bacillus of Hoffmann isolated	30	
Negative result	214	
Lighersen luthrmary		336
Examinations of blood from cases of suspected enteric fever:—		
Widal or typhoid reaction obtained	12	
,, ,, not obtained	6	
Start diamand a line said		18
Examinations of sputa from cases of suspected		
tuberculosis:		
Tubercle bacillus found	67	
., ,, not found	280	
		347
Examinations of cerebro-spinal fluid :		
Meningococcus isolated		
Negative	2	
The second second in Fully and any little in the second se		2
Other examinations		5
		708
	-	

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

The workshops where women are employed have been regularly inspected by your Sanitary Inspector, Mrs. Davies, and were found to be in a fairly satisfactory condition. Thirty-eight notices served by her on account of want of cleanliness were complied with. The other workshops are supervised by the Sanitary Inspectors in their respective districts.

Outworkers.

261 visits were made to the homes of outworkers, and six notices were served in respect of nuisances observed. No case of infectious illness was reported in any outworker's home.

Bakehouses.

There are 70 bakehouses on the register, of which 50 are underground. Five breaches of the special requirements for bakehouses were dealt with.

The following tables prepared at the request of the Secretary of State for the Home Department give a summary of the work done in connection with the Factory Act :---

Administration of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, in connection with Factories, Workshops, Workplaces and Homework.

1.—INSPECTION OF FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspectors of Nuisances.

	Number of						
Premises.	Inspections.	Writter Notices.	Prosecutions.				
Factories	105	6	1011 <u> </u>				
Workshops	520	42	in suites in a				
Workplaces	153	17					
Total	778	65	-				

of auisances diserved	Nu	mber of Def	ects.	Number
Particulars.	Found,	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	Prosecu- tions.
Shire Laffinger Dynamouth	ald use	198. april	and and an	int'
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts :*			baberry	
Want of cleanliness	40	40		
Want of ventilation	_	-		
Overcrowding	1	1	-	
Want of drainage of floors	•			-
Other nuisances	5	5	-	
Sanitary accommodation—		A 1 111 113	a output of	
Insufficient	3	3	inte tennes	
Unsuitable or defective	4	4		
Not separate for sexes	2	2	Instruction	1.1-
Offences under the Factory and Workshop Act : Illegal occupation of under-		ction will nework.	in conne	
ground bakehouse (s. 101) Breach of special sanitary re-	ATT	NOIT	INSPEC	
quirements for bakehouses	5	-		
(ss. 97 to 100)	5	5	1	
Other offences (excluding offences relating to outwork which are included in Part 3		Inspa		
of this Report)	-+	-	-	-
Writter Protections.				
Total	60	60	-	

2.—DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

• Including those specified in sections 2, 3, 7 and 8, of the Factory and Work shop Act as remediable under the Public Health Acts.

		OUTWORKERS' LISTS, SECTION 107. OUTWORK IN UNWHOLESOME INFECTED																	
		Lists	received f	from E	mployers.			Outworkers, Notices		utworkers. Notices Prosecutions.			UNWHOLESOME PREMISES, SECTION 108.				PREMISES, SECTIONS 109, 110.		
NATURE OF WORK.		Sending ty in the ye			Sending o in the ye		Received		served on Oc- cupiers	Failing to keep	Failing	tions of Out-					Orders	Prose	
		Outwo				orkers.	other to other keeping in		or permit inspec- tion of	to send lists.	workers' premises	In- stances.	Notices served.	Prose- cutions.	In- stances.	made (Sec.	cution (Secs.		
(1)	Lists (2)	Con- tractors. (3)	Work- men. (4)	(5)	Con- tractors. (6)	Work- men. (7)	(8)	(9)	ing lists. (10)	lists.	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	110). (18)	(19)	
R. C. K.							1											1	
earing Apparel-	18	14	50	9	_	14	233	27	9	_		254	5	5	_				
1) making, &c 2) cleaning&washing	4	4		-			200		-	I I	_	2 2	-	-	_	1			
ice, lace curtains and																			
nets	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
tificial flowers	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ets, other than wire			_	_	_	_	_			_		_		_	3		_		
nets nts	_	-	_		_	_	_			I		_	_	_					
cks				_			_		-	_	-		_	_	_	_	_	-	
rniture and uphol-												3						1	
stery	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2-	-	-	-	
r pulling	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ather sorting nbrellas, &c		-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	Ξ	_	_	_	_				_	
rding, &c. of but-	-	-								TO									
tons, &c	-	_		_		-	-	-	_	-	-		_	_	-	_	-	-	
per bags and boxes	-	-	_	1	5		-	-	- 1	- 1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
sket making	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ush making	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
cquet & tennis balls		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
iffed toys e making	-	-	Ξ			_		_	-	I	I	_	=		_		_	_	
ctro-plate	_	_		_	_		-	_				5_ 11			-		_	_	
bles and chains	_	_			_	_	_	2-2	_	-		-	-	_	_	_	_	_	
chors and grapnels		-	_	-	-	_	-	-	4-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	
rt gear	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
cks, latches, and		24			2.53			12 3	2						Z				
keys	_	_	=	_	_	3	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
picking	_																		
TOTAL	22	18	50	10	5	14	233	27	9	-	-	261	5	5	- 1	_	_	-	

4.-REGISTERED WORKSHOPS.

Class.										
Workshops on the Register	r (s. 13	31) at ti	he end	of the	year-					
Laundries								56		
Dressmakers, Milliner	s, Blo	usemak	ers, &c					123		
Tailors, Outfitters, &c								34		
Bootmakers								46		
Motor and Cycle Worl	ks							27		
Cabinet Makers, &c.								29		
Bakehouses						•••	•••	70		
Other Traders	•••							92		
other fraders	••	••						34		
Total number of	works	hops on	Regist	er				477		

5.—OTHER MATTERS.

Class								
Matters notified to H.M. Inspector of Fa Failure to affix Abstract of the Factor Action taken in matters referred by H.M. Inspector as remediable under the Public Health Acts, but not under the Factory and Workshop Act (s. 5)		orksho				7		
Part danis part and	Report	s (of to H.M			n) 	7		
Other Underground Bakehouses (s. 101) : Certificates granted during the year	•••			•••		-		
In use at the end of the year	•••					49		

FOOD SUPPLY. Milk.

There are 172 milk shops on the register which have been kept under supervision by your Food Inspector.

The power which the Council possesses under the London County Council General Powers Act, 1908, to remove unsuitable premises from the register has enabled us to secure better conditions for safeguarding the purity of the milk while stored in the retail shops.

Cowsheds and Slaughterhouses.

The licences of the undermentioned cowsheds and slaughterhouses were renewed by the London County Council in October, no objections being raised by the Borough Council:---

Cowsheds.

	Premise	s.		Licencee.
2,	Haldane	Road	 	W. Pettitt.
25,	Vanston	Place	 	R. Turvey.

Slaughterhouses.

Premises.	Licencee.
611, Fulham Road	T. S. Payne.
105, Hammersmith Ro	bad R. W. Goodwin.
640, King's Road	E. Vaughan.
603, King's Road	S. Stone.

Unsound Food.

The stalls and shops where food is sold or stored were regularly inspected by the Sanitary Inspectors in rotation.

The following proceedings were taken under Section 47 of the Public Health (London) Act:-

Defendant.		Offence.	Result.	Pe	nal	Costs.		
J. Humphries		Exposing for sale unsound herrings.	Convicted.		s. 5	d. 0	s. 2	d. 0
T. Grond		Exposing for sale 4 unsound ducks.	>>	0	10	0	2	0
J. Sand		Exposing for sale unsound pears.	,,	0	5	0	2	0

A complaint having been received that some unsound meat had been sold by a butcher, an inspection of his premises was made, and a quantity of unsound meat was found in the ice safe, which was seized by the Sanitary Inspector and condemned by the magistrate, but proceedings were not taken against the owner by the Public Health Committee, as they were of opinion that the meat was not exposed for sale or deposited for the purpose of sale, as the seizure was made on a Monday morning, and it was represented that the meat had not been examined by the shopman since the evening of the preceding Saturday.

10 boxes of fish.

- 3 boxes of dried fish.
 - 2 sacks of shell-fish.
 - 2 cases of strawberries.
 - 2 sacks of potatoes.

Proceedings under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.

The undermentioned samples were purchased for analysis in 1910:-

Article.	No. of Samples taken Officially.	Number Adulter- ated.	No. of Samples taken Unofficially	Number Adulter- ated.	Total Samples.	Total Adulter- ated.	Percentage of Adultera- tion.
State of State	000				077	3	11.0
Milk	269	31	8	2	277	3	11.9 16.7
Separated Milk	17	3	2		18 2	3	10.7
Dried Milk	10	-		18	355		0.0
Butter	48	6	307	18	355	24	6.8
Margarine	1	-	1	-	2	-	100.0
Bread and Butter			15	1	15	1	100.0
Cheese	-	-	15	T	15 79	2	2.6
Lard	4	1	75 20	1	-20	2	2.0
Beef Dripping		1		2	11	3	27.3
Coffee	3	1	8	4	4	3	21.3
Coffee and Chicory		27	88	30	117	57	48.7
Cocoa	29	- 21	2	30	2	57	40.7
Tea		-	1		1	_	
Chocolate	-	-	18		18	_	1.12
Mustard		_	18	1	18	_	
Pepper			10		10		
Salt		-	10		10		
Corned Beef		_	5	_	9	_	
Jam	1	1	0	and the second	4	1	25.0
Malt Vinegar	4	1	6		6	1	20.0
Rice	C	In the second second	0	nauri	6	100 1000	DOL
Camphorated Oil Seidlitz Powders	=				5		-
	10 1000	17110	2	()TTHE	2	The second	
Sweets			3	2	3	2	66.6
Prescriptions	1		5	4	5		00.0
Rum Brandy	1 2 12 11 11	1.16.5311	3	12.	3	1 Descare	(Deres)
Whiskey		-	5	1	5	1	20.0
	390	70	609	57	999	127	12.7

In the 10 preceding years the samples purchased for analysis were as under :---

	Number of Samples,	Samples ulterated.	Percentage of Adulteration.
1900	 363	 21	 5.8
1901	 366	 24	 6.6
1902	 354	 18	 5.1
1903	 487	 54	 11.1
1904	 673	 115	 17.1
1905	 613	 141	 22.4
1906	 559	 163	 28.1
1907	 659	 85	 12.9
1908	 997	 162	 16.3
1909	 1,000	 81	 8.1

The percentage of adulterated samples of milk was higher than in 1909, 12.2 per cent. being certified as below the standard of the Board of Agriculture, compared with 8.4 per cent. in that year; but in 17 of the 36 milks certified as adulterated the deficiency in fat or the excess of water did not exceed 4 per cent.

The average composition of the 277 samples purchased as new milk was :---

Solids	other	than	fat	 	8.67
Fat				 	3.52
Water				 	87.81

Milk Warranties.

In April last summonses were issued against two vendors for having sold milk from which 16 per cent. of the original fat had been abstracted, which were dismissed in each case on the ground that the milk had been purchased with a warranty as to its purity, and was sold in the same condition in which it was received. The samples had been purchased by the Inspector within a short time of each other on the same day, and had been supplied to the retailers by the same wholesale firm under identical warranties, and as both showed, according to the Analyst's certificate, exactly the same amount of adulteration, on which fact the magistrate commented, summonses were issued under section 20 of the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, 1899, against the wholesale company for having given a false warranty in respect of the milk.

The magistrate, after hearing the evidence, stated that he was satisfied that the retailer had sold the milk in the same state as he received it, and that it was in such a state when it arrived at Paddington Station. He held that the wholesale company must take every reasonable precaution to justify their belief in the warranty, and they had not done so. The contract with the farmer was not signed, and the company had therefore no warranty from her to support their own. The churns had been sent unlocked, so that it was an easy thing for anyone to tamper with a churn during transit, which was what had probably happened. The Company had not insisted on churns being locked as they should, and could easily have done, and therefore they had not satisfied him as to the sufficiency of the reason for their belief. He found the warranty given by them was false, and imposed a penalty of $\pounds, 5$, with $\pounds, 3$ 3s. costs.

The company subsequently appealed to the County of London Sessions against the conviction, when, after hearing the evidence and the arguments of the counsel for respondent and the appellants, the Chairman (Mr. Wallace, K.C.), in giving the decision of the Court, stated that the magistrate had practically held that unless the churns were locked the appellants had not complied with their obligations. There was nothing in the Act to justify such a contention, and the Court held that the appellants believed the warranty to be true, and the appeal was therefore allowed and the conviction quashed, with costs against the Borough Council.

Particulars of this case were forwarded by the Borough Council to the Local Government Board and the Board of Agriculture, with the intimation that they were satisfied that it is useless in future to institute proceedings with regard to false warranties in milk cases with any likelihood of success, unless the existing provisions of the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts relating thereto are considerably amended and strengthened, and that, pending such amendment, they do not propose to prosecute in respect of false warranties in milk cases. Under the law as it stands, the Local Authority must take proceedings against the vendor of the milk, and on being met with a warranty must proceed in turn against the wholesale dealer and farmer, being in each case met with evidence they have no means either of testing or rebutting, and the responsibility for the adulteration is eventually placed upon the cow, and although the milk has undoubtedly been tampered with no one is punished, and, in spite of the expense they incur, the Local Authority is unable to effectively protect the public. The simplest course would be to make the person actually selling the adulterated milk responsible and liable to conviction for such sale, and if he has obtained a warranty from the person who supplied him, he should be entitled to recover damages against such person for any loss he may sustain owing to the conviction, provided he proves that he sold the milk in the same condition as he received it.

Another case in which the proceedings taken by the Council in respect of adulterated milk failed was one in which an itinerant vendor of milk, on being overtaken by the Inspector, whom he had endeavoured to evade, informed him that he was not selling milk but " milk and water," and a sample was

D 2

purchased by the Inspector as "milk and water." The certificate of the Analyst was to the effect that the sample consisted of :—

Milk deprived of at least 43 per cent.

of its fat	 	 	54	per cent.
Added water	 	 	46	,,

and had, therefore, the composition of "skimmed milk" and water.

A summons was issued against the vendor for having sold to the prejudice of the purchaser "milk and water" which was not of the nature, substance and quality demanded, in that it had the composition of "skimmed milk" and water.

The summons was dismissed by the magistrate, with $\pounds 2$ 2s. costs against the Council, on the ground that, as the Analyst was unable to state in his evidence that no "milk" at all was present in the sample, the purchaser was not prejudiced, as he had purchased it as milk and water; and even if there were but a spoonful of milk to a bucket of water, the sample consisted of milk and water.

Cocoa.

Proceedings were taken in respect of a number of samples of cocoa, which were certified by the Analyst to be adulterated by the addition of "cocoa shell." In the manufacture of cocoa, the cocoa bean after being roasted, is crushed and winnowed, whereby the light shell is removed, which is used for other purposes, and its presence in what is sold as pure cocoa, except in a minute proportion, must be looked upon as an adulteration. Convictions were obtained in the cases in which the shell amounted to 30 per cent. or over, but in a case in which the sample was certified to contain 18 per cent. of shell, the summons was dismissed, the magistrate holding that its presence to this extent did not constitute adulteration. Prosecutions under the Sale of Foods and Drugs Acts were instituted by the Council in the following cases :---

Defendant.	OFFENCE.	RESULT.	PENALTY.	Costs.		
Edward W. Lewis, 37, Field Road	Selling margarine for butter	Convicted	£ s. d. 5 0 0	£ s. d. 0 14 6		
Jane Williams, Dawes Road	Selling margarine for butter	Convicted	1 0 0	0 14 6		
The National Dairy Co., Ltd., Cardiff	Selling milk from which 11% of the original fat had been ab- stracted	Convicted	1 0 0	0 12 6		
Tom Marsh, 319, Lillie Road	Selling margarine for butter	Convicted	50 0 0	2 2 0		
Do.	Selling margarine other- wise than in a pro- perly marked wrap- per	Convicted	1 0 0	020		
David Greig, 103, Fulham Palace Road	Selling lard consisting of fat other than lard	Convicted	0 10 0	0 2 6		
Edward H. Evans, 135, Dawes Road	Selling margarine for butter	Convicted	10 0 0	0 16 6		
David Rowlands, 157, St. Olaf's Road	Selling milk adulterated with 6% of added water	Convicted	1 0 0	0 12 6		
James Walter Wayth, 14, Purcell Crescent	Selling milk adulterated with 8% of added water	Convicted	1 0 0	0 12 6		
William Everett, 604, King's Road, Fulham	Selling margarine for butter	Convicted	3 0 0	0 12 6		
Thomas Jenkins, 511, King's Road	Selling milk from which 16% of the original fat had been ab- stracted	Dismissed (warranty proved)	Arthur Sältar do Street			
Davies Davies, 84, Wandsworth' Bridge Road	Do. do.	Dismissed (Warranty proved)	Built alor	15		

DEFENDANT.	Offence.	RESULT.	PENALTY.	Costs.
Sam Isaacs, Ltd., 320, North End Rd.	Selling milk from which 13% of the original fat had been ab- stracted	Convicted	£ s. d. 2 0 0	£ s. d 0 12 0
George Bull, 174, Lillie Road	Selling coffee adul- terated with 15% of chicory	Convicted	0 2 6	0 12
Great Western and Metropolitan Dairies, Ltd., 9, Harrow Road, W.	Giving a false warranty in respect of certain milk sold to David Davies	Convicted	500	3 3 (
Great Western and Metropolitan Dairies	Appeal against convic- tion for giving a false warranty to D. Davies. County of London Sessions	Appeal allowed with costs		T S
Frederick Taylor, Old King's Arms, Acton Vale	Selling "milk and water," which con- sisted of 54% of milk deprived of 43% of its fat, and 46% of water, and was there- fore "skimmed milk and water."	Dismissed. £2 2s. costs allowed de- fendant		
The Star Tea Co.,Ltd., 389, North End Rd.	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 20% of powdered cocoa shell	Dismissed (warranty proved)	in Trach	
William Davies, 2 and 3, Normand Road	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 60% of powdered cocoa shell	Convicted	2 0 0	5 5 (
James Hedges, 59, Langthorne St.	Delivering to the Ful- ham Guardians, in pursuance of a con- tract, 6 churns of milk deficient respec- tively in 3%, 4%, 7%, 9%, 11% and 19% of fat (6 sum- monses)	Convicted	12 0 0	3 15 (
Walter Arthur Sellar, 1, Silvio Street	Selling milk adul- terated with 10% of added water	Convicted	076	0 12 0
Edward John Bagge, 5, Sandilands Road	Selling milk from which 58% of fat had been abstracted	Convicted	15 0 0	1 18

Defendant.	OFFENCE.	RESULT.	PENALTY.	Costs	
William Henry Jones, 609, King's Road	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 35% of ground cocoa shell	Convicted	£ s. d. 0 15 0	£ s. 0 15	
Alfred Davis, 2, New King's Road	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 40% of ground cocoa shell	Convicted	0 15 0	0 15	(
Frederick Hasell, 12, Jerdan Place	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 45% of ground cocoa shell	Convicted	1 5 0	0 15	(
Henry Fairhead, 87, Waterford Road	Selling malt vinegar adulterated with 90% of vinegar other than malt vinegar	Convicted	0 2 6	0 12	
Amy Mildred Clark 7, Rostrevor Man- sions	Selling milk from which 9% of its original fat had been abstracted	Convicted	0 7 6	0 12	(
Gapps, Ltd., 63, New King's Rd.	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 35% of ground cocoa shell	Convicted	2 0 0	0 12	
Gertrude Gandee, 382, North End Rd.	Selling coffee adul- terated with 30% of chicory	Convicted	1 0 0	0 12	•
Joseph Eames, 184, North End Rd.	Selling margarine as butter	Convicted	2 0 0	0 12	
Do.	Selling margarine with- out a proper label	Convicted	0 5 0	0 2	(
Charles Ironside, 59, High Street	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 35% of ground cocoa shell	Convicted	2 0 0	0 12	(
Gapps, Ltd., 13 & 15, Jerdan Place	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 33% of ground cocoa shell	Withdrawn on payment of costs	The area	0 15	(
Edward Gate Miller, 674, Fulham Road	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 18% of ground cocoa shell	Dismissed	ino tai T		
Walter Newdick, 49, Bayonne Road	Selling cocoa adul- terated with 20% of ground cocoa shell	Withdrawn	ni y <u>a</u> Ionarapal	-	
THE PLANE INCLUDING	price managements called	£	120 10 0 £	29 18	(

HOUSING, TOWN PLANNING, &c., ACT, 1909.

In September last the Local Government Board issued regulations under section 17 (1) of the Housing, Town Planning, &c., Act, 1909, for enforcing the systematic inspection of dwelling-houses.

The Medical Officer of Health is required to report upon the particular dwelling-houses which in his opinion require inspection. Records of all inspections made are to be kept, which must contain information as to :--

- (a) The arrangements for preventing the contamination of the water supply.
- (b) Closet accommodation.
- (c) Drainage.
- (d) The conditions of the dwelling-houses in regard to light, the free circulation of air, dampness and cleanliness.
- (e) The paving, drainage and sanitary condition of any yard or outhouse belonging to the premises.
- (f) The arrangements for the deposit of refuse and ashes.
- (g) The existence of any room which would, in pursuance of section 17 (7), be a dwelling-house so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation.
- (h) Any defect in other matters which may tend to render the dwelling-house dangerous or injurious to the health of an inhabitant.

The following list of houses, of which, in my opinion, an early inspection was necessary, was submitted to the Public Health Committee.

Heckfield Place.	Lundy Street.
Hatfield Street.	Prince of Wales Mews.
Norfolk Terrace.	61 & 63, Aspenlea Road.
Francis Street.	Guiver's Cottages.
Field Road.	Burlington Road.
Caroline Place.	Elysium Road.
Carlton Mews.	2-32, Peterborough Road.
Burlington Gardens.	Cambria Street.
Northampton Place.	Edith Row.
48-82, Parson's Green Lane.	Hartopp Avenue.
Sotheron Road.	Lodge Avenue.
Walham Avenue.	Bedford Place.
Melton Street.	Werley Avenue.
Shotley Street.	Rock Avenue.

The number of dwelling-houses inspected under and for the purposes of Section 17 was as under :---

Houses inspected.	Houses represented as unfit for habitation.	Closing Orders made.	Houses in which defects were reme lied without making Closing Orders.	Houses in which repairs were not completed on Dec. 31st, 1910.
103	22	6	25	50

Notices under the Public Health (London) Act, requiring the abatement of the nuisances discovered, have been served in respect of some of the houses outstanding; at others the owners, after visiting them with me, have arranged to carry out the necessary repairs. The following were the houses represented by me as being in such a state as to be unfit for human habitation :—

Houses represented as unfit for habitation.	Action of Council.
2, 4, 6, 12 and 18 Peterborough Road	Closing Orders made.
The Cottage, Peterborough Mews	Closing Order made
48-68 (even Nos.) Parson's Green Lane.	Consideration adjourned.
74-78 (even Nos.) Parson's Green Lane.	1, 2,

The owner of the houses in Parsons Green Lane came before the Public Health Committee, and offered to close these houses within six months, and not to relet any house that became vacant during that period. On that undertaking the Public Health Committee adjourned the consideration of making closing orders in respect of the houses.

In addition to the houses represented as unfit for habitation under the Housing Act, 13 houses in Langford Road and 3 in Bagley's Lane, containing 48 tenements, were closed by the owner on receipt of intimation notices, under the Public Health (London) Act. Of these, six, after thorough repair, have been reoccupied, while the remaining ten are still closed.

Regulations as to Underground Rooms habitually used as Sleeping Places.

Section 17 (7) of the Housing, Town Planning, &c., Act provides that-

A room habitually used as a sleeping place, the surface of the floor of which is more than 3ft. below the surface of the part of the street adjoining or nearest to the room, shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be a dwelling-house so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation, if the room either—

- (a) Is not on an average at least 7ft. in height from floor to ceiling; or
- (b) Does not comply with such regulations as the local authority, with the consent of the Local Government Board, may prescribe for securing the proper ventilation and lighting of such rooms, and the protection thereof against dampness, effluvia, or exhalation. Provided that if the Local Sanitary Authority fail to make such regulations, or such regulations as the Board approve, the Board may themselves make them, and the regulations so made shall have effect as if they had been made by the local authority, with the consent of the Board.

Provided that a closing order made in respect of a room to which this sub-section applies shall not prevent the room being used for purposes other than those of a sleeping place; and that, if the occupier of the room, after notice of an order has been served upon him, fails to comply with the order, an order to comply therewith may, on summary conviction, be made against him.

Suggested regulations in accordance with the above were submitted by me to the Public Health Committee on July 5th, and are still under the consideration of the Council.

CERTIFICATES UNDER THE REVENUE ACTS.

Applications were received for certificates under the Revenue Acts for exemption from an abatement of inhabited house duty in respect of 625 tenements, of which 158 were granted, 415 were given after certain specified works had been completed, and 42 were refused.

Certificates in respect of 422 dwellings, which had been granted for a limited period, were renewed.

DRAINAGE OF BUILDINGS.

During the year the following drainage plans were submitted to and approved by the Public Health Committee :—

Plans of drainage of new houses	17
Plans of drainage of workshops, etc	9
Plans of drainage of additions to existing	
buildings	16
Plans of the reconstruction of the drainage	
of existing buildings	143

Combined Drainage.

Four systems of combined drainage for portions of which the Council was liable, owing to certain of the pipes which received the drainage of more than one building, forming "sewers" within the meaning of the Metropolis Local Management Act, were reconstructed during the year at a cost to the Council of £178 4s. 3d., the work being carried out by a contractor under a schedule of prices. The sum of £58 19s. was also paid to owners in respect of work executed by them in compliance with notices served by the Council at eight houses in connection with house drains, which were "sewers" as defined by the Metropolis Management Act.

HOUSES INFESTED WITH VERMIN.

Notices were served in respect of 28 rooms under section 20 of the London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1904, which gives power to the sanitary authority to require the cleansing of any house infested with vermin.

CLEANSING OF CHILDREN.

A communication was received from the London County Council asking whether the Borough Council would be willing to co-operate with the London County Council in carrying out a scheme for the cleansing of school children infested with vermin, on the following lines:—

- That the cleansing stations provided by the various Metropolitan Borough Councils should, as far as possible, be utilised by agreement with the Borough Councils.
- 2. That the treatment of children should be entirely distinct from any establishment used for the isolation of suspected cases of infectious disease contacts.
- 3. That the exclusive use of the baths for the cleansing of children should be allowed on certain days.
 - 4. That the cleansing station should be in a convenient position, and that the children should be efficiently supervised, with female attendants for the treatment of the girls.
 - 5. That a uniform payment to the Borough Councils at the rate of 2s. per child, irrespective of the number of baths required before the child can be regarded as cleansed, should be arranged throughout London.
 - 6. That this scheme be subject to the Borough Council's undertaking, where necessary, to deal with the homes of the children cleansed.

As the Borough Council have no cleansing station, I reported to the Public Health Committee respecting the acquirement of some premises I considered suitable for the purpose, and the probable cost of the equipment and maintenance; but the Committee, after considering the matter, decided to take no action, and informed the County Council that they could not see their way to recommend the Borough Council to co-operate on the lines indicated.

PUBLIC SANITARY CONVENIENCES.

These have been kept under regular supervision by the Inspectors. A notice under section 22 of the London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1904, requiring the reconstruction of a convenience attached to a public house was served, and is being complied with.

Many complaints have again been received respecting the constantly recurring nuisance at and adjacent to the convenience attached to the public house in Hammersmith Road, opposite Olympia, owing to the accommodation being wholly inadequate for the needs of the public using it. As has been frequently pointed out, the provision of a public sanitary convenience in this locality is much needed.

GENERAL SANITARY WORK.

1,182 complaints were received and dealt with by the Sanitary Inspectors, and 1,672 intimation and 372 statutory notices were served.

Proceedings under the Public Health (London) Act.

A summons was issued against W. Hancock, under section 42 of the Public Health (London) Act, for so repairing a drain as to be a nuisance, and a fine of £5, with £2 2s. costs, was imposed.

The following summary has been prepared at the request of the Medical Officer of Health of the London County Council:--

PREMISES.	N	UMBER O	OF PLACES		Number Number N		
	On regis- ter at end of 1909.	Added in 1910.	Removed in 1910.	On regis- ter at end of 1910.	Inspec- tions, 1910,	of Notices, 1910.	of Prosecu- tions, 1910.
Milk premises	193	28	46	175	640	5	-
Cowsheds	2	winch	hel-m	2	20	-	-
Slaughter-houses	4	- in	DB - rie	her-red	64	1	_
Other offensive trade premises	and Aires	which	not ann		le toda	14-1	IL.
Ice cream pre- mises	136	8	15	129	180	4	_
Registered houses let in lodgings	114		_	ectored	_	_	-

Total number of intimation notices served for	
all purposes 1,	,672
Overcrowding, 1910-	
Number of dwelling rocms overcrowded	35
Number remedied	35
Number of prosecutions	-
Underground rooms-	
Illegal occupation dealt with during year	7
Number of rooms closed	7
Insanitary houses-	
Number closed under the Public Health	
(London) Act, 1891	16
Number closed under the Housing, Town	
Planning, &c., Act	6
Number of rooms cleansed under sec. 20 of	
the London County Council (General	
Powers) Act, 1904	28

Shelters provided under sec. 60 (4) of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891—

Number of persons accommodated during the year

Revenue Acts-

Number of tenements for which applications were received during the year ... 1,037 Number of tenements for which certificates

were-				
(<i>a</i>)	granted	 		158
(b)	refused	 	·	42
- (c)	deferred	 		415
(<i>d</i>)	renewed	 		422

Number of prosecutions under Bye-laws under Public Health Act, 1891

Number of prosecutions with respect to deposit of plans as to drainage, &c., Metropolis Management Act — Amendment (Byelaws) Act, 1899

Mortuaries-

Total number of bodies removed ... 135 Total number of infectious bodies removed 1

In conclusion, I would thank all the members of the Public Health Department for the faithful and willing assistance they have at all times rendered me.

I am, Sir and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J. CHARLES JACKSON, Medical Officer of Health,

April, 1911,

APPENDIX.

F

TABLE A.

DEATHS REGISTERED FROM ALL CAUSES DURING THE YEAR 1910

(Exclusive of the Deaths of Non-Parishioners at Public Institutions within the Borough, but inclusive of the Deaths of Parishioners at Public Institutions without the Borough).

For a Summary of this Table see page 10.

		1																	
Diseases.	0-1.	1-2.	2-3.	3-4.	4.5.	Total under 5.	5-10.	10-15.	15-25.	25-35.	35-45.	45-55.	55-65.	65-75.	75-85.	Over 85.	Males.	Females.	Total
Smallpox	$ \begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 27 \\ 1 \\ - \\ - \\ 46 \\ 2 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 19 \end{array} $				2 1 4 	60 5 58 10 58 2 2 2 14							5				35 5 27 7 1	30 2 33 7 1 	

									AGES.										
Diseases.	0-1.	1-2.	2-3.	3-4.	4-5.	Total a under 5.	5-10.	10-15.	15-25.	25-35.	35-45.	45-55.	55-65.	65-75.	75-85.	Over 85.	Males.	Females.	Total all ages.
Erysipelas	2 6 225 86 11					2 2 2 3 4 3 8 1 1 2 3 4 3 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 3 1 3 1 1 1 40 2 1 1 1 1 40 2 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 5	-2 1 -2 1 -2 -1 2 -1 1	 		1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 33 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 	1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	4 5 2 6 6 4 2 3 7 7 1 1 2 1700 5 199 3 1

DISEASES.	1-2.	2-3.	3-4.	4-5.	Total under 5.	5-10.	5.	5.	5.	5.	0.		10		85.	50	des.	1 5
Heart — Syncope, Heart Disease (not specified) — Angina Pectoris —		-			T	5-	10-15.	15-25.	25-35.	35-45.	45-55.	55-65.	65-75.	75-85.	Over 85.	Males.	Females.	Total
Cerebral Hæmorrhage, Em- bolism, Thrombosis 1 Apoplexy, Hemiplegia — Cambolism, Thrombosis (not cerebral) — Cerebral — Aneurism — Genile Gangrene — Varicose Veins — Other Diseases of Heart and Blood Vessels — Croup — Other Diseases of Larynx and Trachea — Acute Bronchitis 30 Chronic Bronchitis 30 Chobar Pneumonia 43 Pneumonia (not specified) 17 Emphysema, Asthma — 2 2	 				1 1 3 34 4 84 24 5					$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 13 8 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 8 3 1 7 1	3 15 1 12 2 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 - 5 2 3 1 1 - 5 2 3 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4 19 1 14 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 5 4 4 11 3 1	2 7 18 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 6 2		$\begin{array}{c} 5\\ 24\\ 2\\ 28\\ 5\\ -4\\ 3\\ -1\\ 2\\ -29\\ 37\\ 10\\ 49\\ 40\\ 3\\ 6\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 8\\ 35\\ -\\ 30\\ 10\\ 2\\ 1\\ -\\ -\\ 1\\ -\\ 31\\ 48\\ 11\\ 45\\ 32\\ 4\\ 6\\ \end{array} $	

									A	GES.								_	
Diseases.	0-1.	1-2.	2-3.	3-4.	4-5.	Total under 5.	5-10.	10-15.	15-25.	25-35.	35-45.	45-55.	55-65.	65-75.	75-85.	Over 85.	Males.	Females.	Total
Ilcer of Stomach and Duo-																			
denum			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	
astritis	9	-		-		9	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	11	5	1.3
Other Diseases of Stomach	2		-	_	-	2	-	-	-	-			1	1	-	-	3	1	
Enteritis	15	2	_		-	17	1	_	-	-	-		-	2	1	-	12	9	
Appendicitis	_			_	-		1	1	2	1	4	1	1	1	3		8	7	
Obstruction of Intestine	5		_			5	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	1	-	1	10	
Other Diseases of Intestine	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	-			1	2	1	-	-	2	2	
Cirrhosis of Liver	_	_			_		-	_	_	1	3	4	7	2	1	-	10	8	
Other Diseases of Liver	_				1	1	_	_	-	_	1		_	1	1	-	3	1	
	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	i	1		1	_	_	2	1	
					_	_			_			_		_	-		-	- 1	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-								1	
Diseases of Lymphatic Sys-	1		0			1	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	1	_	_	3	3	
tem and Glands	1	-	-	-	-		10220-022	1000		î	1	ĩ	_	_	1	_	2	2	
Acute Nephritis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	4	13	14	19	5	1	37	25	
Bright's Disease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						_	-	-	_	
Calculus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	1			
Diseases of Prostate and					1.00								1	1	4	1	7	1	
Bladder	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		1	1	4	1	1		
Other Diseases of Urinary								1										1	
System	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-		1		-	-	-	-	1	
Diseases of Testis and Penis	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diseases of Ovaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	-	1	
Diseases of Uterus and Ap-																		0	
pendages	-	-			-	-	-	-		1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Diseases of Vagina and Ex-									1.0										
ternal Genitals	-		-	-	-	_	-	-		1	-		-	-	-	-	-	1	
Diseases of Breast	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	_	-		_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Convulsions		-	-		_	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	
Placenta Prævia, Flooding			_		_	_	_	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	

								AGES.	-							_			
Diseases.	0-1.	1-2.	2-3.	3-4.	4-5.	Total under 5.	5-10.	10-15.	15-25.	25-35.	35-45.	45-55.	55-65.	65-75.	75-85.	Over 85.	Males.	Females.	Total
Arthritis, Ostitis, Periostitis Other Diseases of Osseous System Eczema Pemphigus Other Diseases of Integu- mentary System ACCIDENTS AND NEGLI- GENCE. In Mines and Quarries In Vehicular Traffic On Railways On Railways Do Ships, Boats, &c. (not Drowning) In Building Operations By Machinery By Weapons & Implements Burns and Scalds Poisons, Poisonous Vapours Surgical Narcosis Effects of Electric Shock Corrosions by Chemicals Drowning Suffocation, overlaid in bed Jan building otherwise Falls not specified	 									2							-2 2 1 -9 2 -2 1 -1 57 5 2 -2	2 1 1 3 3 2 7 1 4	

							A	GES.											
Diseases.	0-1.	1-2.	2-3.	3-4.	4-5.	Total under 5.	5-10.	10-15.	15-25.	25-35.	35-45.	45-55.	55-65.	65-75.	75-85.	Over 85.	Males.	Females.	Total
Iomicide		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_		-	-	-	-
SUICIDE.										-							1.9	-	
By Poison	_	_	-	-		_	-	_	-	-	1	-	2	-	-		-	3	
By Asphyxia		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
y Hanging and Strangula-		-							-			_							
tion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	
y Drowning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-		1	2	
y Cut or Stab y Precipitation from Ele-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
vated Places	_		_	_	-	_	-	_	-	1	_	_		_	_	_	1	-	
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y other and unspecified			-	10	-	1	0.10 -	1		1		1.000.007	-						
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idden Death, Cause not						1.7	1	1				1 TEL		-		-			
ascertained	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
l-defined and unspecified	4		1.00				1		1					12			0	3	
causes	4	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.0	1		2	3	
				-				0.8								-	-		
Total Deaths	462	139	33	17	19	670	39	26	58	111	169	185	219	224	166	41	964	944	19

TABLE B.

Showing the localities in which the cases of Notifiable Infectious Diseases and Deaths from Measles, Diarrhœa and Phthisis occurred during the year.

(The figures in brackets denote the number of houses in which the cases occurred. The asterisks denote the fatal cases of Notifiable Diseases.)

		Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas,	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhœa and Enteritis.	Deaths from Phthisis,
Acfold Road Ackmar Road Adeney Road Aintree Street Alderville Road Allestree Road Althea Street Ancill Street Anselm Road Archel Road Argon Mews Armadale Road Ashcombe Street Ashington Road Ashton Terrace Aspenlea Road Atalanta Street Auriol Road Avalon Road Averil Street Avonmore Road	··· 2 ··· 2 ··· 1 ··· 4 ··· 3 ··· 2 ··· 4 ··· 3 ··· 2 ··· 1 ··· 4 ··· 3 ··· 1 ··· 4 ··· 3 ··· 1 ··· 4 ··· 3 ··· 1 ··· 4 ··· 3 ··· 1 ··· 3 ··· 4 ··· 4 ···· 4 ····· 4 ····· 4 ····· 4 ····· 4 ········	 (1) (4) (3) 	$\begin{array}{c} & \ddots \\ & 3 & (2) \\ *4 & (4) \\ 1 \\ & \ddots \\ & \ddots \\ 1 \\ 2 & (2) \\ 3 & (2) \\ 1 \\ & \ddots \\ & \ddots \\ 1 \\ & \ddots \\ *2 & (2) \\ 1 \\ & \ddots \\ 2 & (2) \\ & \ddots \end{array}$	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··	··· 3 (3) 1 ··· 2 (2) ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··	$ \begin{array}{c} $
Bagley's Lane Barclay Road Baron's Court Ro Barton Street Basuto Road Bayonne Road Beaufort Mews Beaumont Cresce	ad 1 	· (2) ··· ··	· · · · · · · ·	··· ·· ·· ··	··· ·· ·· ··	1 2 (2) 	 1 	··· ··· ··· 1 ···	2 (2) 2 (2)

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			10					
	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhora and Enteritis	Deaths from Phthisis.
Bedford Place Beltran Road Beryl Road Bettridge Road Biskop King's Road Bishop King's Road Bishop's Pk. Mans Bishop's Road Blake Road Blake Road Blake Road Bothwell Road Bothwell Road Bowerdean Street Bradbourne Street Bradbourne Street Brandenburgh Road Branksea Street Breer Street Breer Street Britannia Road Brookville Road Brookville Road Bronsart Road Bronsart Road Buer Road Buer Road Buullow Road Buurington Gardens Burlington Gardens Burlington Road Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Burnfoot Avenue Cambria Street Cambria Street Campell Street Carnworth Street Carnworth Street Carnworth Street Cassidy Road Castletown Road Challoner Street	$\begin{array}{c} & \ddots \\ & \ddots \\ & 2 & (2) \\ & \ddots \\ & 2 & (2) \\ & \ddots \\ & 2 & (2) \\ & \ddots \\ & 1 \\ & \ddots \\ & 2 & (2) \\ & 3 & (3) \\ & 5 & (2) \\ & 3 & (3) \\ & 5 & (2) \\ & 3 & (3) \\ & 5 & (2) \\ & 3 & (3) \\ & 5 & (2) \\ & 3 & (3) \\ & \ddots \\ & & 2 & (2) \\ & \ddots \\ & & 3 & (3) \\ & 1 \\ & & \ddots \\ & & \ddots \\ & & & 1 \\ & & & 1 \\ & & & \ddots \\ & & & 1 \\ & & & & 1 \\ & & & & \ddots \\ & & & & & 1 \\ & & & & & 1 \\ & & & & &$	$ \begin{array}{c} $			$ \begin{array}{c} $			··· 2 (2) ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·
Chancellors Road								2 (2)

	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhosa and Enteritis	Deaths from Pbthisis.
Charleville Road		pring 1	10 792		1			-
Chelmsford Street	1	2 (2)	1		2 (2)		1	
Chesilton Road	3 (3)	4 (2)	1		1		10.000	1
Chesson Road	1	2 (2)	1		1			î
Chiddingstone Street		- \-/						
Chipstead Street								
Church Path							3 (3)	
Clancarty Road								
Claxton Grove	2 (2)	3 (3)						2 (2)
Claybrook Road	4 (3)	*1					1	3 (3)
Cloncurry Street	4 (3)							
Clonmel Road								
Colehill Lane		1						1
Comeragh Mews				1				
Comeragh Road	1							
Conan Street								
Coniger Road					Ing			1
Coomer Road		1		••	1		1	
Cornwall Street		1	••	••]	1			
Cortayne Road			••	••	••			
Crabtree Lane	1 2 (0)	1	••	••				
Cranberry Road Crefeld Road	3(2)	1	••		1		1	
Createrd Deed	4 (3)	••	••	•••	1	•••	1	
Carallham Day 1				••		••	•••	1
C'I D 1	5 (1)			••			••	1
Cristowe Road	5 (1)							
Crown Mews	1							
Cumberland Crescent								
ouniocrand orescent								
Dalebury Road					1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Dancer Road	2 (2)	2 (1)						1
Danehurst Street	1	- (-)						
Darlan Road	1						1	
Dawes Road	2 (2)	2 (2)			1			1
Dawson Street						1		
Delaford Street					1			1
Delorme Street		3 (2)						2 (2)
Delvino Road								
De Morgan Road	*1	*2 (2)					1	
Devonshire Street		1						
Dieppe Street	*2 (2)							
Dimsdale Road								1
Disbrowe Road								1
	1		1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1				

	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Rever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhœa and Enteritis.	Deaths from Phthisis.
Distillary Long								1
Distillery Lane	•• ••							1
Dolby Road Doneraile Street	•• ••							
						••		
Doria Road		1			1			
Dorncliffe Road Dowell Mews		1			1			1
Durrell Road	•• ••							1
		1						1
Dymock Street	1	1.						
Eddiscombe Road		1 2 12		1				
Edenvale Street	•• ••	1		1			1	
Edgarley Terrace	•• ••	1						
Edith Road								
Edith Row								
Edith Villas		1			1			
Eelbrook Terrace								
Effie Road								
Elbe Street				101 0				
Eli Mews								
Eli Street	•••	1						
Ellerby Street	2 (2	2)						
Elmdale Street		1				3 (2)		
Elmstone Road						- (-)		
Elthiron Road	1			10.0				
Elysium Mews	1							
Epirus Mews								
Epirus Road	2 (1	0						
Epple Road	1				1		1	
Estcourt Road	2 (2	2) 1					1	1
Eustace Road	1				1	1		
Everington Street	3 (3	3)			1	1		
Ewald Road	1	1		1				
					133.2			
Fabian Road	2 (2	2)						1
Fairholme Road								
Fane Street		1					1	
Farm Lane	1		1					1
Favart Road		1						
Felden Street	1							
Fernhurst Road	1							
Field Road					· · · ·	1	1	4 (4)
Filmer Road	2 (1
Finlay Street	3 (3	3) 2 (2)						
Firth Gardens	1							
				5 (8)	(6) 3	63		Nois-is

And a	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fover.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhœa and Enteritis.	Deaths from Phthisis.
Fitzgeorge Avenue								
Foskett Road	1	1						1
Francis Street	1			1		2 (2)	1	
Friston Street						,		
Fulham Palace Road	4 (3)	1			3 (3)		1	2 (2)
Fulham Pk. Gardens	1							1
Fulham Park Road								
Fulham Road	4 (4)	*7 (6)			1		1	2 (2)
Furness Road	2 (2)	*2 (2)			1	1	1	
C		0.00					0.400	
Garvan Road	1	? (2)	**	••	1.2.2		2 (2)	1
Gastein Road	3 (3)	1	*1				1	
George Square .		1						0 (0)
Gilstead Road		1			••			3 (3)
Gironde Road				• •	• •		•••	•••
Glazbury Road Gledstanes Road				••	. 10			
Glenrosa Street	2 (2)	2 (2)						
Gliddon Road	2 (2)	2(2)						
Goodson Road								
Gorlestone Street	1	1			1			
Gowan Avenue		i						4 (4)
Greswell Street	1	*1						
Greyhound Road	1	3 (3)			1		3 (3)	3 (3)
Grimston Road								
Grove Terrace								
Guion Road	2(1)						1.009	
Guiver's Cottages		1						
Gunterstone Road	1		1					
Gwendyr Road .		* a					1.1	m?
Haldane Road	1		1	1.00%	2 (2)	1. 200	116 00)	
Halford Road	2 (2)				2 (2)			1
Hamble Street	2(2)							1
Hammersmith Road								1
Hannell Road	1						3 (3)	1
Harbledown Road							0 (0)	
Harbord Street	7 (6)	3 (2)						
Hartismere Road	. (0)	1						
Hartopp Avenue		1				1		1
Harwood Road	1	3 (3)						
Harwood Terrace	1		1					1
Hatfield Street	1			2.2	1			
Hawksmoor Street		1						
Hazlebury Road	5 (5)	5 (3)				1		
				1000				

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	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhoa and Enteritia	Deaths from Phthisis.
Heckfield Place . Hestercombe Avenu High Street . Hilmer Street . Hildyard Road . Holyport Road . Homestead Road . Horder Road . Hugon Road . Humbolt Road . Humbolt Road . Hurlingham Road . Imperial Cottages . Inglethorpe Street . Irene Road .	$ \begin{array}{c} \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & 2 (2) \\ \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & 1 \\ \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & 1 \\ \cdot $	$3 (3) \\ \\ \\ 1 \\ \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 (2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ $	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*1 1	3 (3) 1 1 	3 (3) 1 1 1 	4 (4) 1 2 (2) 1 1 1 	4 (4) 1 1 1
Ismalia Road . Jerdan Place . Jervis Road .		1 						··· 1
Kelvedon Road Kempson Road Kenneth Road Kensington Hall Gardens Kenyon Street Kilmaine Road Kimbell Gardens King's Road Kingwood Road Kinnoul Road Kilkie Street Knivet Road	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	··· 2 (1) ··· ·· 1 1 1 1	··· ··· ··· ··· ···		··· ··· ··· ··· 1 ··· ··· 2 (1)	1 	··· ··· ··· 1 ··· 1 ···	··· ··· ··· ··· 1 1
Lalor Street . Lambrook Terrace . Landridge Road . Lanfrey Place . Langford Road . Langthorn Street . Laundry Road . Lawn Terrace .	. 2 (2) . 1 . 3 (2) . 1	1 3 (2) 2 (2) 6 (6)	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· * a	*1	······································	··· ··· 1 ··· 1 ··· 1 ···	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···

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	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhoea and Enteritis.	Deaths from Phthisis,
					1	1	1	
Lilyville Road							1	
Lindrop Street	1						1	
Lintaine Grove	8 (3)				2 (1)	3 (3)		1
Linver Road	••			• •				2(1)
Lisgar Terrace								
Lodge Avenue	0 (1)	1	1					
Lochaline Street	2 (1)			1			1	
Lundy Street	2 (0)	0 (1)	•••	1				
Lurgan Avenue	3 (2)	2 (1)				1	1	
Lysia Street			1					1
Mahlatharpa Doad	0 (9)	1			1.1	1	Concession of	
Mablethorpe Road Macmurdo Road	6 (3)	1				1		•••
					1			
Margravine Gardens		1			1	1	••	1
Margravine Road Marinefield Road		1				1	•••	1
Marrilla Dood	••							••
Matheren Dood	••	1						
Maxwell Dood	1	1	•••		1		•••	
May Street	1	1			1		1	
Malmoth Dlaca	1						-	
Malton Street		1			1			1
Mendora Road	1	2 (2)			î	2 (2)		
Merrington Road	-	~ (2)			1	~ (2)		
Mimosa Street								1
Mirabel Road	2 (2)				111.8			2 (2)
Molesford Road	- (-)							
Mooltan Street						1	1	
Moore Park Road					10.0			1
Mornington Avenue								
Moylan Road		1						
Mulgrave Road					2 (2)	1	1	2 (2)
Mund Street								
Munden Place								2 (1)
Munden Street		3 (2)				1		1
Munster Road	*2 (1)			1	1			2 (2)
Musard Road					1			
Musgrave Crescent	1							
Micklethwaite Road	1							
					12181	Jasil	2 Invoites	
Napier Avenue	1	1						
Narborough Street	2 (2)	1						
New King's Road		*2 (2)			2 (2)	1		4 (4)
Niton Street	4 (2)	3 (3)						1
1							1	

		-						
	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarthos and Enteritie	Deaths from Phthisis.
Normand Gardens Normand Road Northampton Place North End Road Norfolk Terrace Novello Street Oakbury Road Orbain Road Orbain Road Orchard Place Orchard Street Oxberry Avenue Ongar Road Palliser Road Parfrey Street Parkville Road Parson's Green Lane Parson's Green Lane Parthenia Road Pellant Road Peterborough Road Peterborough Road Peterborough Villas Petley Road Petley Road Petley Road Phayfair Street Portend Place Pownall Road Prince of Wales Mews Protheroe Road	$ \begin{array}{c} $	$ \begin{array}{c} $		··· * b ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·				$\begin{array}{c} & \ddots & & \ddots \\ & & \ddots & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & 2 \\ & & & &$
Purcell Crescent Purser's Cross Road Quarrendon Road Queen's Club Gdns. Queerin Street Queensmill Road Radipole Road Radipole Road Rainville Road Rainville Road Ranelagh Avenue Ranelagh Gardens	1 1 2 (1) 4 (3) 3 (1) 	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 (1) \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 3 (3) \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ \cdots$	··· ··· ··· ··· ··	1 	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	1 3 (2) 1 	··· ··· 1 2 (2) ··· ··· ···	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··

b Not notified.

Image: Second				-	1	1			
Rectory Road 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		t Fever.	eria and sranous oup.	c Fever.	al Fever	ipelas.	is from tsles.	s from teritis.	s from nisis.
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Reportion Road111Rickett StreetRigault RoadRigault RoadRock Avenue13 (1)1111Rosaville Road2 (2)11Rosebank Terrace111 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>A.</th> <th>H</th> <th>Å</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th>			A.	H	Å			-	
Richmond Road 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1							
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Rosebank Terrace 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Rosebury Road 1 1 1 Rosebury Road 1 1 1 1 1 Rowallan Road 1 <td>Rosaline Road</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Rosaline Road	1	1			1			
Rosebury Road 3 (3) 1 1 1 1 1 Rostrevor Road 4 (4) 1 1 2 (2) 1 1 Rowallan Road 1 2 (2) 1 1 Roxby Place 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>2 (2)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>2 (2)</td></t<>		2 (2)						1	2 (2)
Rostrevor Road 4 (4) 1 1 2 (2) 1 1 Rowallan Road 1 2 (2)			1					••	
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Ruby Terrace					1	2 (4)		1.1	
Rycroft Street11 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td>								1	
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St. Dunstan's Road $2 (2)$ $3 (3)$ $$ $*1$ $$ $$ $2 (2)$ $$ St. Maur Road $$ <	St Alban's Terrace	1	1		12121	1 34 14		orije g	and a second
St. Maur Road			3 (3)		*1			2 (2)	
St. Olaf's Road 1 2 (1) 1 St. Peter's Terrace 1 St. Thomas' Road 1 1 Sandilands Road 1 1 Sandilands Road 1 1 Sands End Lane 1 Seagrave Mews		- (2)	0 (0)		1			2 (2)	
St. Peter's Terrace <td< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2 (1)</td><td></td><td>1</td></td<>		1					2 (1)		1
Sandilands Road1	St. Peter's Terrace								
Sands End Lane1Seagrave Mews1Seagrave Road**3 (1)1Seddlescombe Road12 (1)1Settrington Street12 (2)1Sherbrooke Road112 (2)Sherbrooke Road111Shorrold's Road13 (1)1		1							1
Seagrave Mews		1							
Seagrave Road**3 (1)1					12	1.0			1
Seddlescombe Road12 (1)11Settrington Street12 (2)Sherbrooke Road112 (2)3 (3)Shorrold's Road13 (1)13 (3)Shotrold's Road13 (3)Shotley Road13 (3)Shotley Road13 (3)Shotley Road1Shotley Road1Shotley Road1Sotheron Road1Stamford Road2 (1)2 (2)1									
Settrington Street 1 2 (2) 3 (3) Sherbrooke Road 1 1 2 (2) 3 (3) Shorrold's Road 1 3 (1) 1 3 (3) Shotley Road 1 Sotheron Road		1 (1)	1 2 (1)			1	••		
Sherbrooke Road 1 1 $2(2)$ $3(3)$ Shorrold's Road 1 $3(1)$ 1 $3(3)$ Shotley Road 1 $3(3)$ Shotley Road 1 $3(3)$ Shotley Road 1 $3(3)$ Shotley Road 1 $3(3)$ Shotley Road 1 $$ Sotheron Road $$		1				1		••	
Shorrold's Road 1 3 (1) 1 1 3 (3) Shotley Road 1 3 (3) Shotley Road 1 3 (3) Shotley Road 1 <			1			2 (2)			3 (3)
Shotley Road 1		i	3 (1)			1			
Shottendane Road 1						1			
Stamford Place		1							
Stamford Road $2(1)$ $2(2)$ $$ $$ $$ 1 Stamford Street $$	Sotheron Road							1	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2 (1)	2 (2)						1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
Star Road 1 1 1 2 (2) 1 Stephendale Road 5 (5) *4 (4) 1 2 (2)	-		••						1
Stephendale Road 5 (5) *4 (4) 1 2 (2) 2 (2) 2 (2) Stevenage Road <		1	•••		1	1		2 (0)	1
Stevenage Road		5 (5)	*1 (4)	1	1	1	0 (0)		2 (9)
			4 (4)	1	•••		2 (2)	2 (2)	2 (2)
	Stokenchurch Road		1						
Stonor Road					1	1		100 1100	1

	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Deaths from Diarrhora and Enteritis.	Deaths from Phthisis.
Strode Road Studdridge Road Swift Street Sylvio Street Sedbury Street	2 (2) 	1 1 	 	 	··· ·· ··	1 		
Talgarth RoadTamworth StreetTasso RoadTilton StreetTournay RoadTownmead RoadTrevanion RoadTurneville Road	2 (2) *1 1 2 (1)	2 (2) 4 (2) 3 (3) 2 (2)	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	··· ··· ··· ···	1 1 	··· ··· ··· ··	··· ·· ·· ·· ··	 1 1
Tynemouth StreetTyrawley RoadVanstone PlaceVarna RoadVera RoadVereker RoadVernon Street	··· ··· 2 (1) ··· 1	2(2) 1 2(2)		··· ··· ··· ··	··· ··· 1 ···	··· ··· 1 ···	··· ··· ··· ·· 1	······································
Victoria Road Waldemar Avenue Walham Avenue Walham Grove Wandon Road Wandsworth Bridge Road	2 (2) 1 6 (6)	1 *1 1	··· ··· ··	··· ··· ··	··· 1 ··· 1	··· 2 (1) ···	 1 	1 1
Wardo Avenue Waterford Road Werley Avenue Westbury Terrace Wheatsheaf Terrace Whittingstall Road	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 (0) \\ 4 (3) \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} $	1 1 1 	··· ··· ··· ···	··· ··· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 	··· ··· ···	1
Wigan Street William Street Wyfold Road Winchendon Road Woodlawn Road West Kensington Mansions	··· ··· 1 ···	··· ··· ··· 1	··· ··· ···	··· ··· ··	··· ··· ···	··· ··· ··	··· ·· ··	··· ··· ···

			84					
And a stand	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Deaths from Measles.	Ueaths from Diarrhora and Enteritis.	Deaths from Phthisis.
Whiteley's Cottages Woolneigh Street					::: 2		Rossi dge.Ro	
Yeldham Road	1	•••	*.**		1		itres) Street	3 (3)
Fulham Union Infiry.		2		(2) 2	*5		h Rand	
Fulham Workhouse	2	1		(2.) (A	10		.1.1.so	
The second secon	1 4 4			10.10	1			
Shutter Russ Rhad -								

WEEK E	NDING	Mean Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Lowest Temperature.	Mean Temperature of the earth 3 ft. below the surface.	Mean height of the Barometer.	Rainfall in inches.	Sunshine in hours.	I	Prevailing Wind		Total Deaths.	Deaths under 1 year.	Deaths over 60.	Deaths from Respiratory, Diseases,	Deaths from Phthisis.	Deaths from Zymotic Diseases, excluding Diarrhora.	Deaths from Diarrhœa and Enteritis.
January	8	43.2	55.3	36.7	44.5	30.2	0.05	1.4		SW.		50	11	27	10	4	4	-
	15	39.6	53.0	26.9	44.2	29.5	0.16	10.8		SW. & NW.		41	12	11	8	3	4	1
,,	22	43.9	53.1	31.0	44.5	29.8	0.30	16.5		SW.		38	9	9	9	3	3	1
,,	29	34.2	44.9	20.3	41.8	29.0	1.15	19.5		SW. & NW.		53	13	19	10	5	6	1
February	5	37.4	50.7	27.5	40.3	29.6	0.09	9.4		S & SW.		37	8	13	10	1	4	2
	12	42.0	54.0	28.6	41.4	29.8	0.38	15.6		SW.		51	8	14	11	7	4	2
,,	19	44.7	56.0	32.1	41.8	29.3	0.69	23.7		SSW.		41	7	15	11	2	4	1
	26	42.5	50.6	31.3	42.9	29.3	1.40	22.9		SSW.		43	8	13	9	1	3	3
March	5	41.8	57.0	30.1	42.4	29.8	0.15	44.7		Variable		34	5	15	8	2	2	-
,,	12	46.0	57.7	38.1	43.1	29.8	0.95	14.6		SW. & NE.		31	4	13	8	2	2	-
	19	40.1	54.2	28.9	43.3	29.9	0.13	41.6		SW. & N.	·	33	5	10	11	1	3	1
,,	26	42.0	53.8	25.5	42.7	30.2	0.00	23.6		NE.		41	8	8	9	5	6	-
April	2	41.9	57.3	29.5	43.5	30.2	0.00	46.8		NE.		27	2	6	7	2	5	-

Giving the Meteorological Conditions of the 52 Weeks ending December 31st, 1910, together with the number of Deaths from certain Diseases and at certain Ages.

TABLE C.

WEEK	ENDING	Mean Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Lowest Temperature.	Mean Temperature of the earth 3 ft. below the surface.	Mean height of the Barometer.	Rainfall in inches.	Sunshine in hours.	Prevailing Win	d.	Total Deaths.	Deaths und er 1 year.	Deaths over 80.	Deaths from Respiratory Diseases.	Deaths from Phthisis.	Deaths from Zymotic Diseases, excluding Diarrhoea.	Deaths from Diarrhoea and Ententie
April	9	42.8	56.0	25.5	43.5	29.7	0.11	24.2	NNE.		57	11	10	16	10	6	-
	16	48.8	63.8	39.1	44.9	29.3	1.86	29.1	S.		52	14	17	9	5	3	-
	23	49.3	65.5	34.3	46.6	29.9	0.23	8.3	Variable		37	13	6	7	1	3	-
	30	45.4	60.0	34.9	47.2	29.6	0.42	50.1	SW. & NW.		34	11	6	8	3	3	-
May	7	46.3	58.3	36.6	47.3	29.7	0.74	44.6	NW. & SW.		34	9	10	101	2	8	1
	14	47.5	67.0	30.4	47.3	29.7	0.42	53.8	Variable		39	9	11	6	5	6	2
	21	58.9	76.0	48.2	50.0	29.6	0.89	49.2	NE. & Variat	ole	31	14	7	8	1	3	-
,,	28	49.3	78.0	45.6	53.2	29.9	0.08	60.2	NE.		32	11	5	5	3	2	2
June	4	49.5	74.9	45.1	54.4	29.6	0.27	36.8	SW.		29	8	4	3	1	3	1
,,	11	62.2	79.9	50.9	55.7	29.7	0.44	28.4	NE.		22	5	8	3	3	2	1
	18	58.8	74.2	43.6	57.8	30.0	0.01	52.7	NW. & E.		27	5	8	3	3	-	-
	25	62.3	82.2	50.1	59.3	29.1	1.11	52.3	SW.		35	11	6	6	1	4	1
July	2	56.5	69.0	45.1	59.1	29.5	1.00	33.5	WSW.		21	7	5	1	5	1	-

WEEK ENDING	Mean Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Lowest Temperature.	Mean Temperature of the earth 31t. below the surface.	Mean height of the Barometer.	Rainfall in inches.	Sunshine in hours.	F	Yrevailing Wind		Total Deaths.	Deaths under 1 year.	Deaths over 60.	Deaths from Respiratory Discases.	Deaths from Phthisis.	Deaths from Zymotic Diseases, excluding Diarrhoea.	Deaths from Diarrhora and Enteritis.
Iu ¹ y 9	55.2	67.0	48.1	58.2	29.8	1.29	18.0		NW.		34	9	8	1	4	2	2
16	57.9	71.0	50.1	58.0	29.9	0.01	34.5		NE.		30	5	6	7	5	1	-
,, 23	59.2	73.2	47.9	58.8	29.7	1.22	17.6		NE. & SW.		34	5	10	6	2	1	1
,, 30	58.8	75.7	47.4	59.1	29.6	0.35	29.5		SW.		37	7	17	6	-	1	2
August 6	60.2	74.0	49.2	60.1	29.6	0.85	49.6	s	W. & Varial	ole	34	10	9	1	4	2	3
,, 13	60.7	77.4	49.1	60.5	29.8	0.18	27.7		SW. & NE.		29	7	5	3	6	2	1
,, 20	62.7	75.8	51.4	61.1	29.8	0.19	52.7		SW.		39	12	6	3	5	4	3
" 27	59.9	75.0	49.1	61.3	29.7	0.80	37.1		SW.		25	4	9	-	2	1	4
Septem. 3	58.3	69.5	48.9	60.6	29.8	0.41	38.6		WSW.		25	6	10	1	1	2	3
,, 10	54.7	65.6	39.1	59.7	30.1	0.02	15.7		N.		24	12	6	2	3	2	-
" 17	56.1	67.0	45.7	58.7	30.0	0.66	21.2		NNE.		35	11	5	3	6	2	6
,, 24	53.8	65.7	39.3	58.0	30.1	0.00	55.4		N.		33	8	10	3	3	1	3
October 1	58.6	75.2	43.7	57.3	29.9	0.10	30.7		SE. & SW.		35	9	9	3	1	2	8

WEEE ENDING	Mean Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Lowest Temperature,	Mean Temperature of the earth 3 ft. below the surface	Mean height of the Barometer.	Rainfall in inches.	Sunshine in hours.]	Prevailing Wind	 Total Deaths.	Deaths under I year.	Deaths over 60.	Deaths from Respiratory Diseases	Deaths from Phthisis.	Deaths from Zymotic Diseases, excluding Diarrhoea.	Deaths from Diarrhoen and Enteritis.
October 8	57.4	73.2	47.2	57.6	30.1	0.08	33.6		Variable	 36	10	9	3	8	1-	5
,. 15	53.1	69.2	43.2	57.2	29.9	0.61	8.8		SW. & NE.	 38	13	4	3	1	1	8
,, 22	51.4	60.6	42.3	55.7	29.7	0.63	14.6		SW. & NE.	 24	10	7	2	-	1	5
,, 29	51.2	61.4	39.6	54.4	29.7	0.30	7.3		E.	 27	9	7	2	3	1	1
Novem. 5	42.7	54.9	27.6	53.1	29.3	1.03	11.5		Variable	 28	7	10	4	3	2	1
, 12	46.8	51.6	28.4	49.8	29.4	0.31	24.7		SW. & NW.	 48	12	15	11	5	1-2	_
,, 19	40.0	51.6	23.4	48.2	29.4	0.53	14.5		SW. & NW.	 54	11	8	14	6	6	-
,, 26	34.1	42.0	22.3	45.6	29.8	0.62	1.9		Variable	 47	9	14	16	3	4	1
Decem. 3	39.2	52.0	28.8	44.0	29.6	2.52	0.0		Variable & E	 64	16	22	25	6	9	1
,, 10	47.8	53.9	40.1	45.0	29.1	0.71	2.9		SE. & SW.	 53	13	19	18	4	3	1
,, 17	48.6	55.0	42.1	46.6	29.2	1.38	6.7		SW.	 40	10	16	17	2	1	-
., 24	44.8	53.0	33.1	46.7	29.9	0.09	6.4		W.	 29	3	13	7	6	1	1
" 31	38.8	46.0	27.1	45.5	29.9	0.13	3.8		NW. & NE.	 36	6	7	9		6	1

TABLE D.

Showing the number of Cases of Infectious Diseases notified to the several Metropolitan Medical Officers of Health during the Year 1910.

	of		NO	DTIFIEI	CA	SES OF	7 IN	FECTI	IOUS I	DISEA	SE.	
CITIES AND BOROUGHS.	Estimated population in the middle of 1910.	Small-pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.*	Typhus Fever.	Enteric Fever.	Other continued Fevers.	Puerperal Fever.	Erysipelas.	Cerebro-spinal Meningitis.	Total.	Annual rate per 1000
LONDON	4,859,727	7	10,509	5494	3	1284	16	292	3982	115	21,705	4.5
West Districts.			1									
Fulham Paddington Kensington Hammersmith Chelsea City of Westmin-	158,307 153,004 184,635 127,413 75,457		354 261 263 341 120	257 120 155 165 83	11111	18 40 37 31 16	2 	20 9 10 9 3	$ \begin{array}{r} 115 \\ 100 \\ 142 \\ 62 \\ 20 \\ \end{array} $	7722	773 537 612 612 242	4.9 3.5 3.3 4.8 3.2
ster	167,233	1	248	149	-	48	-	6	117	2	481	3.9
North Districts. St. Marylebone Hampstead St. Pancras Islington Stoke Newington Hackney	125,195 95,729 237,792 353,356 54,838 239,979	 	208 144 681 731 85 403	127 51 263 473 53 190	1	22 20 63 89 10 64	 	$ \begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 2 \\ 13 \\ 20 \\ 3 \\ 16 \\ \end{array} $	117 32 191 213 31 254	2 2 10 16 1 6	481 251 1221 1545 183 933	3.9 2.6 5.1 4.4 3.3 3.9
Central Districts.												
Holborn Finsbury City of London	53,142 94,578 17,132	=	68 165 21	45 150 20		$\begin{array}{c} 25\\30\\4\end{array}$			42 170 16	1 4 1	181 526 63	3.4 5.6 3.7
East Districts.												
Shoreditch Bethnal Green Stepney Poplar	114,387 131,579 314,379 172,432	2 1	213 236 554 470	131 182 404 175	1	48 108 118 62		8 13 29 15	130 174 381 209	5 7 7 3	537 721 1493 936	4.7 5.5 4.8 5.4
South Districts.												
Southwark Bermondsey Lambeth Battersea Wandsworth Camberwell Deptford Greenwich Lewisham Woolwich	$\begin{array}{c} 211,832\\ 127,238\\ 327,074\\ 188,222\\ 305,838\\ 286,058\\ 119,642\\ 112,935\\ 164,899\\ 135,422 \end{array}$		419 364 908 488 681 511 301 171 573 526	284 210 327 227 286 272 130 168 224 172	111111111	54 38 78 45 54 76 24 20 29 10	 1 2 2 2 	$ \begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 6 \\ 19 \\ 16 \\ 20 \\ 7 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 8 \end{array} $	$244 \\ 130 \\ 193 \\ 170 \\ 182 \\ 219 \\ 144 \\ 89 \\ 61 \\ 90$	35555211221	$1020 \\ 754 \\ 1531 \\ 953 \\ 1228 \\ 1089 \\ 604 \\ 454 \\ 894 \\ 808 \\$	$\begin{array}{r} 4.8\\ 5.9\\ 4.7\\ 5.1\\ 4.0\\ 5.8\\ 5.1\\ 4.0\\ 5.4\\ 6.0\\ \end{array}$
Port of London	_	_	1	1	_	3	-	-	3	-	8	

* Including membranous croup.

