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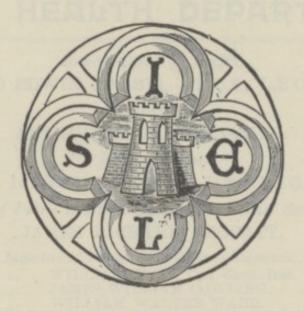
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1896.



FORTY-FIRST

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

HEALTH AND SANITARY CONDITION

OF THE

Panish of St. Many, Islington.

ALFRED EDWIN HARRIS.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

LONDON:

Chas. Straker & Sons, Ltd.,
"Avenue Works," Bishopsgate Avenue, E.C.

1897.

1896



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OFFICERS

OF THE

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health. ALFRED EDWIN HARRIS, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.Edin.

Solicitor.

ARTHUR MELLOR BRAMALL.

Public Analyst. FRANK LITHERLAND TEED, D.Sc., F.I.C., F.C.S.

Superintendent of Public Health Department and Chief Sanitary Inspector. JAMES RICHARD LEGGATT.

Inspectors of Nuisances and Sanitary Inspectors.

District	1		WILLIAM COOK, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
,,	2		JAMES WILLIAM COWLING.
11			WILLIAM WALTER WARD.
27	4		ELIAS JAMES GRIVELL, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
"	5		WILLIAM HOLSGROVE FLOOD, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
12.	6		ALLEN BAGSHAW, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
	7		CHARLES LAWRENCE, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
"	8		JOHN METCALF, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
,,,	9		WILLIAM IRVING, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
	10		HARRY JOHN JAMES WATSON, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
	11		EDWARD ISAAC FORTUNE, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
	12 13	::-	HENRY HILLYARD, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
	13		WILLIAM ROLFE.
,,	14		PATRICK MERNAGH, Cert. Sanit. Inst.
3.5			

Inspector of Factories, Workshops and Bakehouses, and Smoke Nuisances. GEORGE WEST.

> Inspector of Houses let in Lodgings. JAMES JARVIS JORDAN.

Inspector of Factories, Workshops, &c., in which Females are employed. JESSY MACDONALD STEWART GRAY, Cert. Sanit. Inst.

> Engineer in charge of Steam Disinfectors. JOSEPH TWIZELL.

> > Caretaker of Shelter House. MRS. TWIZELL.

Mortuary Keeper. ARTHUR ROBINSON.

Distributor of Disinfectants. JOHN REDDY.

Disinfectors.

JOHN WRIGHT AND THOMAS DIXON.

** **			Cierical	Stall.	
Chief Clerk					GEORGE HAROLD KING.
Second Clerk	0.000	de l'hade	S mallion	in a	HENRY ANGEL.
Third Clerk					ALBERT ERNEST HITCHIN.
Fourth Clark	***				GEORGE JAMES ELDRIDGE.
Fifth Clerk					EDWARD ALBERT ABBOTT.
Sixth Clerk		dinasp	THE PART OF		WALTER JOSEPH WOLFE.
Junior Clerk		State of the last	I avidogo	as Mess	ARTHUR R. WITTRICK.

Messenger.

WILLIAM SMITH.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

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To the Chairman and Members of the Vestry of St. Mary, Islington.

SIR, MADAM, and GENTLEMEN,

Herewith I have pleasure in submitting for your consideration my Report on the Health and Sanitary Condition of your Parish during the year 1896.

It will be found to contain a large amount of information respecting not only the diseases which were prevalent during the year 1896, but also, for comparative purposes, those which had existed during the preceding eleven years.

The most notable events of the year were the epidemic of Measles and the extraordinary action of the School Board in failing to assist the Parish officials in checking it, the outbreak of Small Pox, and the extensive prevalence of Diphtheria. I would also draw your particular attention to the large amount of good work performed by your Sanitary Inspectors, as well as by your Inspectors of Factories and Workshops, and also to the great success which has attended the weekly removal of dust (vide Table K in Appendix).

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

ALFRED E. HARRIS,

Medical Officer of Health

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

VESTRY HALL, UPPER STREET, N.,

31st May, 1897.

Taking the new population as the basis of calculation, it is estimated there were 337,661 persons living in the Parish at the middle

REPORT

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MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

1896.

AREA, POPULATION AND DENSITY OF THE PARISH.

AREA.—The area of the Parish of Islington is 3,109 acres, of which 1,028 form the sub-registration district of Upper Holloway, 813 form South-west Islington, 463 South-east Islington, and 805 Highbury.

POPULATION.—On the night of the 29th of March the first quinquennial census of Islington, in common with the rest of London, was taken, the result of which was as follows:—

Upper Holloway		100.00	98,273	inhabitants.
Islington, South-west		000,00	107,365	"
" South-east		***	66,549	,,
Highbury			64,577	"
The Parish	11.00	*** (8)	336,764	,,,

This is an increase of 17,621 persons on the number taken at the census of 1891, when the parishioners numbered 319,143.

Census	1896	***		 		336,764
**	1891			 		319,143
		Incr	ease	 ,	nd.ell;	17,621

Taking the new population as the basis of calculation, it is estimated there were 337,661 persons living in the Parish at the middle of the year. Previous to the March census the Registrar-General, basing his calculations on the censuses of 1881 and 1891, assumed that the population would have reached 340,010. It was, however, found that this latter figure was incorrect, for the estimate on the revised basis did not reach this number by 2,349.

Estimate	on basis of	censuses	1881	and 1891	340,010
"	"	,,	1891	and 1896	337,661
	Over	estimate	8.1		2,349

In the last enumeration it was ascertained that the increase in the intercural period (5 years) had been the smallest on record, being only 5.5 per cent., equal to a decennial increase of 11.0 per cent., and in this view the following comparative figures are very interesting.

TABLE I.

Census Years.	Populations.	Actual Increase.	Increase per cent.	Natural Increase (excess of Births over Deaths)
1841	55,776	_	-	PARE DOT
1851	95,239	39,463	70-7	Huo Zino
1861	155,341	60,102	63.1	15,906
1871	213,749	58,408	37.1	22,786
1881	282,865	69,116	32.3	43,639
1891	319,143	36,278	12.8	44,768
1896 (5 years)	336,764	17,621	5.5	19,230

In all probability this diminution in the increase will continue until the time, which cannot be far distant, when, as in other parts of the Metropolis, fully built on, a positive decrease will occur. Of the total increase between the two census periods (1891 and 1896) it was found that—

45.61 per cent. occurred in Upper Holloway.

30.55 , , Highbury.

13.56 , , Islington, South-east.

10.26 , , , Islington, South-west.

From these figures it is seen that the most rapidly increasing districts are Upper Holloway and Highbury. This is accounted for by the fact that they have not been completely built on. Any increase that has occurred in Islington South-west, or in Islington South-east, which have been almost covered with houses, has been the result of the greater crowding of the people.

It will be recollected that at this last enumeration of the parish the ages were not taken, and it is therefore impossible to compile an age table on a basis later than that of 1891, at which period the population was distributed as follows:—

Persons under 5 years - - numbered 118 per 1,000 of population.

,,	between	5	and	15	years	1)	206	22	"	"
"	"	15	"	25	"	"	200	"	"	"
"	,,	25	,,	35	"	"	172	,,,	"	"
37	"	35	"	45	"	"	124	"	1,	95
"	,,	45	"	55	"	* "	87	"	>>	,,
,,	,,	55	**	65	,,	,,,	54	>>>	22	,,
,,	,,	65	,,	75	,,	"	28	,.	,,	,,,
,,	above	-	0.16	75	"	,,	11	,,,	"	,,,

It is not supposed, however, that the proportion as to ages and sex can have materially altered in the five years, and, therefore, it becomes possible to construct a table which is believed to be fairly accurate, and which is, therefore, used for the purposes of this report.

TABLE II.

Showing the estimated number of Persons living in the Parish at the middle of 1896, at nine different Age Periods, and distinguishing Males and Females.

1896.

Ages.	Bell	Males.	Females.	Persons.	
0-5		19,252	20,593	39,845	
5-15		34,440	35,121	69,561	
15—25		31,405	36,125	67,530	
25—35		27,691	30,388	58,079	
35-45		19,924	21,946	41,870	
15-55		13,507	15,870	29,377	
55—65		7,766	10,467	18,233	
65—75	3.	3,714	5,740	9,454	
75 and upwards	ai	1,357	2,355	3,712	
All ages		159,056	178,605	337,661	

The population of the several districts at the middle of the year are estimated to have been as follows:—

TABLE III.

Upper Holloway	 	98,682	persons.
Islington, South-west	 	107,457	"
" South-east	 	66,671	"
Highbury	 	64,851	1)
The Parish	 	337,661	e?oda

It is on these figures that the several birth-rates and death-rates have been calculated. A correction, however, has been made owing to the registration year containing 53 weeks, as otherwise the rates could not be compared with preceding years in which there were only 52 weeks.

Density.—It has often been remarked in previous reports that the density of the population of Islington is much greater than that of any of the 33 Great Towns of the country, and in this respect labours under a distinct disadvantage, because great density and high death-rates frequently run hand in hand.

At the present time there are 109 persons living on each acre of the Parish, a number which is far exceeded in the two sub-registration districts of Islington South-west and Islington South-east, where the density of population is respectively 132 and 144 persons per acre.

TABLE IV.

Showing the Area and Density of the several sub-districts and of the Parish.

Sub-Districts.	7-1	Area in Acres.	Persons to an Acre.	Acres to a Person.
Upper Holloway	 000	1,028	96	0.01
South-west Islington.	 	813	132	0.007
South-east Islington	 	463	. 144	0.008
Highbury	 27	805	80	0.01
The Parish	 	3,109	109	0.009

From 1841 to 1896 the density of the population has increased from 18 persons to every acre to 109, or slightly more than six-fold.

1841	the der	sity w	as 18 per	sons per a
1851	"	"	31	"
1861	"	"	50	,,
1871	"	"	69	,,
1881	"	"	91	"
1891	"	22	103	57
1896	- 99 -	25	109	2)

At the present time Islington is more densely populated than any of the 33 great towns, whether taken singly or collectively. This is seen in the following table in which they are placed in order from the least to the greatest density.

TABLE V.

Showing the Estimated Populations, Densities, and Death Rates in the 33 Large Towns, arranged in order of density.

a living on each acre of	Estimated	Density	Death !	Rates.
District.	Populations, Mid., 1896.	(Persons to an Acre).	All Causes.	Zymotic Diseases.
on South-capt, where the	guital tons	38977-113110	norganica.	रेण शामानं
Huddersfield	100,463	8.5	16.47	1.60
Halifax	94,775	11.1	17:33	1.10
Croydon	118,006	13.1	14.22	1.94
Norwich	108,630	14.4	17.38	2.33
Sheffield	347,278	17.7	19.26	2.91
Dlaakhum	129,459	18-6	17.87	1.82
Leeds	402,449	18.7	18.75	2.28
Swansea	98,645	19.4	16.85	1.18
Nottingham	229,775	21.0	17.50	2.47
Bradford	228,809	21.2	16.51	1.58
Leicester	198,639	23.1	16.72	2.97
Wolverhampton	86,530	24.5	19-95	3.11
Rumler	102,805	26-2	17.51	2.19
Cardiff	162,690	26.8	16.84	2.27
Hull	220,844	26.8	18-91	3.32
Preston	113,864	27.8	20.76	1.86
Derby	101,770	29.5	15.65	1.91
Oldham	143,442	30.3	20.27	2.91
Birkenhead	109,343	31.3	19.19	2.97
Gateshead	98,436	31.4	19.09	3.10
Portsmouth	178,639	38-3	16.57	2.11
Newcastle	212,223	39.5	18.46	2.08
Birmingham	501,241	39.5	20.81	3.57
Salford	210,707	40.7	22.64	4.10
Manchester	529,561	41.0	22.64	3.42
Sunderland	140,386	42.6	19.82	3.00
Brighton	120,499	47.6	16.13	1.63
Liverpool	632,512	47.8	22.74	3.01
Bristol	000 000	49.3	16.90	1.90
Bolton	100 000	51.1	20.73	2.80
West Ham	001 007	55.5	16.07	3.00
Plymouth	00 076	58-6	19.57	2.30
London	1 101 055	59.2	18-6	3.14
Islington	907 001	108-6	17.10	2.99

TABLE VI.

Showing the Populations, Areas and Densities of Metropolitan Districts.

		Estimated	Area	Persons	Death Rates.		
DISTRICT.	yes	Population, 1896.	in Acres.	to each Acre.	All Causes.	Zymotic Diseases	
London		4,421,955	74,672	59	18.2	3.11	
Too		38,714	7,006	5.5	13.4	1.9	
Lee		83,795	5,773	11.9	14.3	2.6	
		59,610	3,383	17.6	15.4	3.5	
Plumstead		188,908	9,285	20.3	14.3	2.7	
Wandsworth		75,812	2,248	33.7	11.9		
Hampstead		41,334		36.7	20.5	1.8	
Woolwich			1,126		16.2	0.0	
St. Martin-in-the-Fields		13,003	286	45.4		2.3	
Hammersmith		104,551	2,286	45.7	17.2	2.8	
City of London		31,409	654	48.0	19.6	1.4	
Greenwich		176,293	3,425	51.5	18.5	3.7	
Stoke Newington		33,615	638	52-7	12.7	2.3	
Rotherhithe		40,432	754	53.6	20.3	3.8	
Camberwell		253,975	4,450	57.0	17.8	3.6	
Hackney		213,774	*3,299	64.8	15.7	2.8	
Fulham		115,008	1,701	67-6	17.6	3.6	
St. George, Hanover Square		80,041	1,117	71.6	13.6	1.4	
Poplar		169,379	2,333	72.6	20.6	3.7	
Lambath		296,036	3,941	75-1	16.9	2.4	
Dottoroon		165,864	2,169	76.4	17.7	3.6	
Voncinator		170,660	2,188	77-9	16.8	2.6	
Wastmington		63,477	813	78.0	18.0	2.2	
Ct Danamaa		241,066	2,672	90-2	18.1	2.5	
		11,673	125	93.3	22.0		
St. Olave, Southwark		141,114	1,506	93.7	19-9	4.8	
Marylebone		124,838	1,256	99-3	15.3	3.2	
Paddington					17.1	2.5	
Islington		337,639	3,109	108.6		2.9	
Chelsea		96,657	794	121.7	18:8	3.9	
St. Saviour, Southwark		25,276	204	123.8	22.8	3.2	
Limehouse		58,347	465	125.4	22.9	4.0	
Bermondsey		85,508	627	136-3	21.6	3.8	
St. James', Westminster		22,955	163	140.8	17.0	2.2	
Strand		23,820	166	143.5	22.7	2.4	
St. Giles		38,158	244	156.3	19.0	2.3	
Mile End Old Town		111,226	677	164.3	19.9	3.6	
Bethnal Green	Oil.	129,151	755	170-0	22-1	4.2	
Clerkonwell		66,195	380	174.2	20.7	3.8	
St Luke	100	41,478	237	175.0	25.1	3.8	
Hollhorn		30,932	168	184.1	23.4	3.2	
Shoraditch		122,265	648	188-6	21.4	4.3	
Nominaton		121,191	631	192.0	20.5	3.3	
		47,589	244	195.0	24.5	3.3	
St. George-in-the-East	**	60,301	284	212-3	24.0	4.2	
St. George, Southwark	**	78,886	357	220.7	20.6		
Whitechapel		10,000	001	2201	200	2.6	

In this Table it is seen that there are 25 Metropolitan Sanitary Districts with a lesser, and 17 with a greater density than Islington.

MARRIAGES.

There were 5,938 persons married during the year, representing a marriage rate of 17.25 per 1,000 inhabitants.

The marriages registered in each quarter were:-

		1	No. Persons married.	1,(Persons married per 000 inhabitants.
1st quarter			848	-	10.01
2nd ,,	2.005.		1,538	-	18.22
3rd ,,			1,872	=	22.20
4th ,,			1,680	=	18.50
Т	he year .		5,938	=	17:25

In the preceding five years the marriages and the persons married rate were:

	SEE SA	No. Persons Married.	Persons married pe 1,000 inhabitants	er
1891		5,482	= 16.95	
1892		5,566	= 17.14	
1893		5,306	= 16.16	
1894		5,388	= 16.23	
1895		5,360	= 15.97	
1891-95	000.10	27,102	16.22	
		-		

TABLE VII.

	Ye	ears,	Marriages,	Persons married per 1,000 of the Population.		
1841—50	-914		 112	6,109	16.03	
1851-60	-0		 	10,901	18.12	
1861—70	9-881	. 800		16,194	17.55	
1871—80		**	 	20,958	16.88	
188190	THE !		 100	99 994	15-49	
1891—95	(5 year	s)	 	13,551	16.22	

In London the rate during the year was 18.0, and in England and Wales 15.7 per 1000 inhabitants.

BIRTHS.

There were 9,921 births registered in the 53 weeks constituting the year 1896, of which 5,054 were males and 4,867 females. These were equal to an annual birth-rate of 28.8 per 1,000 inhabitants, as against a rate of 29.6 in the preceding year, which was also the mean rate that had obtained in the five years 1891-5.

It will be seen from the following table that the birth-rate of the parish does not keep up to the high level of former years. The causes of the decrease were discussed in the Annual Report for 1895, and it is, therefore, now only necessary to notice the fact.

TABLE VIII.

Periods in Decades.	Mean Population in each Decade.	Number of Births in each Decade.	Birth Rates.	Average Yearly Number of Births, corrected for Population,
1	2	3	. 4	5
1841—50	. 75,507	20,850	27.61	9,504
1851-60	. 120,290	41,915	34.84	11,992
1861—70., .	. 184,545	67,520	36.58	12,590
187180	. 248,307	89,627	36-08	12,422
1881—90	. 301,009	97,647	32.43	11,163
1891—95 (5 years	326,989	48,479	14.82	5,102

The birth-rates of the country and the several populous places during the year were:—

England and Wales 29.7 per 1.000.
33 Great Towns 30.7 ,,
67 Urban Districts 30·1
London 30.2 ,,
The Encircling Districts 30.3 ,,
St. Pancras 28.6 ,,
Stoke Newington 24.2 ,,
Hackney 29.5 ;;
Hornsey 20.3 ,,
Clerkenwell 32.9 ,,
St. Luke 46.3 ,,
Shoreditch 35.2 ,,
Islington 28.8 ,,

In the great towns whose populations are greater than that of Islington the birth-rates were all higher than the rate of this Parish, and were as follows:—

Birmingham				32.6 per	1,000.
Liverpool				34.9	"
Manchester	pldnf	· ·	. 0	33.0	,,
Leeds	A STATE OF			30.7	"
Sheffield				34.0	

In the three succeeding Tables full particulars are given as to the births and birth-rates in the several quarters of the year, to which are added for comparative purposes the birth-rates that obtained in London and the 33 great towns.

TABLE IX.

Births in 1896.

								BIRTH RATES.			
place	Quarter	Rod .	lere	Males.	Females.	Total.	Birth Rate.	1895,	London, 1896.	33 Great Towns, 1896	
1st	00	Q.J	TOU.	1,264	1,203	2,467	29-22	31.35	30.3	30.4	
2nd				1,214	1,215	2,429	28.77	29-50	30.3	31.1	
3rd				1,139	1,157	2,296	27.20	29.80	20.4	30-1	
4th				1,437	1,292	2,729	30.01	27.71	31-3	30.7	
The	Year			5,054	4,867	9,921	28-82	29. 60	30.2	30.7	
1895				4,963	4,916	9,879	29.60	28-82	30.5	31.3	
Incre	ease or o		ease }	+91	-49	+42	-0.78	notan	Hal		

TABLE X.

Showing the births of Males and Females in each quarter in the several sub-registration districts.

Deathe	Upper Holloway.				Islington South-west.		Islington South-east.		Highbury.			Whole Parish.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1st. Qr.	373	320	693	428	443	871	251	228	479	212	212	424	1,264	1,203	2,467
2nd ,,	397	339	736	399	415	814	227	239	466	191	222	413	1,214	1,215	2,429
3rd ,,	354	338	692	403	364	767	202	241	443	180	214	394	1,139	1,157	2,29
4th ,,	436	372	808	477	461	938	265	240	505	259	219	478	1,437	1,292	2,729
YEAR	1,550	1,369	2,929	1,707	1,683	3,390	945	948	1,893	842	867	1,709	5,054	4,867	9,921

TABLE XI.

Showing the Birth-rates in each quarter and for the year of Islington of London, and of the 33 large Towns.

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Year.
Upper Holloway		28.14	29.83	28.13	30.41	29.11
Islington, South-west		32-49	30.37	28.55	32.42	30-95
Islington, South-east	000	28-83	27.95	26.58	28.13	27.85
Highbury		26.20	25.47	24.30	27.37	25.85
The Parish		29.22	28.77	27.20	30.01	28-82
London		30-3	30.3	29.4	30.7	30.2
33 Large Towns		30.4	31.1	30-1	31.3	30.7

TABLE XII.

Showing the Births, Birth-rates, &c., in Islington, for the year 1896, and
for the preceding 24 years.

Year.	Total Births.	Birth Rate per 1,000 of the Population.	Mules.	Females.	Proportion of Females born to every 100 Males.	Excess of Registered Births over Registered Deaths
1896	9,921	28.82	5,054	4,867	9.63	4,037
1872	8,000	36.1	4,051	3,949	97.5	3,970
1873	8,522	37.4	4,364	4,158	95.3	4,129
1874	8,669	37.0	4,316	4,353	100.9	3,989
1875	9,032	37.5	4,657	4,375	93.9	4,376
1876	9,186	37.1	4,735	4,451	94.0	4,397
1877	9,310	36.6	4,807	4,503	93.7	4,472
1878	9,456	36.1	4,736	4,720	99.7	4,298
1879	9,917	36.8	4,965	4,952	99.7	4,596
1880	9,846	35.5	5,155	4,693	91.1	4,560
1881	9,968	35.1	5,176	4,792	92.6	4,852
1882	10,051	34.9	5,178	4,873	94.8	4,787
1883	9,888	34.0	5,075	4,813	94.8	4,748
1884	10,011	34.0	5,131	4,880	95.1	4,782
1885	9,643	32.3	4,987	4,656	93.3	4,320
1886	9,814	32.5	4,937	4,877	98.8	4,653
1887	9,726	32.2	4,929	4,797	97.3	4,326
1888	9,568	30.9	4,906	4,662	95.0	4,704
1889	9,559	30:5	4,869	4,690	96.3	4,807
1890	9,419	29.7	4,790	4,620	96.4	3,701
1891	9,797	30.6	4,891	4,906	100.3	3,940
1892	9,552	29:5	4,904	4,648	94.7	3,867
1893	9,749	29.8	5,032	4,717	93.7	3,358
1894	9,502	28.7	4,862	4,640	95.4	4,239
1895	9,879	29.6	4,963	4,916	99.0	4,119

DEATHS.

ALL CAUSES.

The number of deaths from all diseases in 1896 was 5,884, of which 3,059 were males and 2,825 females.

In the preceding year 5,760 deaths* were registered, so that making an allowance for the fact that there were 53 weeks in the registration year the numbers are almost identical, the difference being only 14 in favour of 1895.

The 5,884 deaths compare favourably with the corrected mean number registered in the eleven years 1885-95, which, as shown in the following return was 6,246.

		Years.		Deaths.		Death-rate
		1885	 	5,740		19.27
		1886	 	5,434		18.02
		1887	 	5,699		18.67
		1888	 	5,197		16.82
		1889	 aw illami	5,035		16.10
		1890	 	6,152		19.43
		1891	 	6,326		19.74
		1892	 	6,075		18.72
		1893	 	6,391	100	19.45
		1894	 	5,263		15.85
		1895	 	5,760		17.14
Corrected	mean	1885-95	 	6,246		18.15
		1896	 	5,884		17.09

The death-rate was equal to 17.09 per 1,000 inhabitants, or 1.06 below the rate that obtained during the eleven years 1885-95.

The death-rate is also below the standard death-rate of the Parish, which is 17.90.

^{*} There deaths are at the rate of 5,870 deaths in a year of 53 weeks.

† Vide note Table XIV., page 23.

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The previous death-rates of the Parish have averaged in the several decennial periods—

1841-50			19.5	per 1,000	inhabitants
1851-60	110.000	and it	21.0	,	,,
1861-70		closed	22.0	2 1000,	» e
1871-80			21.9	"	,,
1881-90	10.77		18.5	"	,,,

The death-rate in the 33 Great Towns was 19·1 per 1,000 inhabitants, and was 1·6 below the mean rate for the preceding ten years. The Islington death-rate is 2·0 per 1,000 below this rate. Compared with the very great populous towns, that is to say, those whose population exceeds 200,000 inhabitants, it is seen that Islington stands in a good position, for West Ham, Bradford and Bristol alone showed lower death-rates.

Again, when the Islington death-rate is contrasted with those of the districts which encircle it, it is found that the rates of only Stoke Newington, Hackney and Hornsey were less, while those of St. Pancras, Clerkenwell, St. Luke and Shoreditch were greater, than it.

The following return shows the position occupied by the Parish:-

27-81 ofold		Persons to an acre.		Death- rate.
England and Wales	 	19110		17.1
33 Great Towns	 	35.1		18.9
67 Large Towns	 	11.7		17.3
London	 	59.2		18.5
Encircling Districts	 	71.5	100	17.5
St. Paneras	 	90.2		18.1
Stoke Newington	 	52.7		12.7
Hackney	 	64.8		15.7
Hornsey	 	20.4		9.6
Clerkenwell	 	174.2	4**	20.7
St. Luke	 	175.0		25.1
Shoreditch	 	188.6		21.4
West Ham	 	55.5		16.1
II CHO ARISARA				

				Persons to an acre.		Death- rate.
Bristol				49.3	10.1. bu	16.9
Birmingham				39.5		20.8
Nottingham				21.0		17.5
Liverpool		***		47.8		22.7
Manchester				41.0		22.6
Salford		***		40.7		22.0
Bradford	5 TL.	99,00	1 81	21.2	No. IV	16.5
Leeds				18.7		18.8
Sheffield				17.7		19.3
Hull	steps.	1		26.8		18.9
Newcastle				39.5		18.5
Islington				109.0		17.1

So far only the crude death-rate has been compared with the crude death-rates of other places. It has been pointed out in previous reports that this is not an absolutely fair criterion of the health of a district, especially when comparisons are made with other places, because the distribution of the ages as well as the sexes is different in every district.

Thus for instance, in one district there may be 136 persons in every 1,000 of the population under five years, while in another there may be 150 in every 1,000. Similar differences are to be found at every age, and, in fact, to put it shortly, no two places have their populations cast in an identical manner. Consequently, before an exact comparison can be made the crude death-rate must be corrected. This has been done in the two following Tables.

In the Table XIII. showing the death-rate in the London districts it is seen that when the crude death-rates are compared, Islington stands in the fifteenth place, but when the corrected death-rates are contrasted it stands in the twelfth place.

Similarly in Table XIV, showing the mortality rates in the 33 Great Towns the position of Islington in the list is changed from twelfth to ninth place.

TABLE XIII.

Recorded and Corrected Death Rates per 1,000 Persons living in London and in the several Metropolitan Sanitary Districts, arranged in order of their corrected death-rates.

DISTRICT.	Standard Death-rate.	Factor for Correction for Sex and Age Distribution.	Crude or Recorded Death-rate, 1896.	Corrected Death-rate, 1896.	Comparative Mortality Figure, 1896.
England and Wales	19.15	1.0000	17.1	17-1	1000
England and Wales, less }	19-45	0.9845	16-09	15.84	926
33 Towns	17.71	1.0813	18.91	20.45	1196
London	17.97	1.0656	.18.58	19.80	1158
6-81 Inc. 1, 100 8	08			of decrees in	
Stoke Newington	17.85	1.07283	12.7	13.6	795
Hampstead	16.63	1.15153	11:9	13.7	801
Lee	17.67	1.08376	13.4	14.5	848
St. George, Hanover Square	17:34	1.10438	13.6	15.0	877
Wandsworth	17.93	1.06804	14.3	15.3	895
Lewisham	17.92	1.06864	14.3	15.3	895
Plumstead	19.09	1.03458	15.4	15.9	930
Paddington	17.72	1.08070	15.3	16 5	965
Hackney	18:30	1.04645	16.7	17.5	1023
Lambeth	18-24	1.04989	16.9	17.7	1035
Hammersmith	18.05	1.06094	17.2	18.2	1064
Islington	17.90	1.06983	17.1	18.8	1070
Fulham	18-27	1.04817	17.6	18.4	1076
Wannington	17.38	1.10184	14.8	18.5	- 1082
(1 1 11	18.10	1.05801	17.8	18.8	1100
A	18.63	1.02791	18.5	19.0	1111
D-44	17.80			19.0	
CU T 337 . 1 .	17.16	1.07584	17.7		1111
		1.11597	17 0	19.0	1111
St. Pancras	17.89	1.07043	18 1	19.4	1135
St. Martin-in-the-Fields	15.74	1.21665	16.2	19.7	1152
Chelsea	17.95	1.06685	18.8	20.0	1170
Westminster	16.94	1.13046	18.0	20.3	1187
Mile End Old Town	18.58	1.03068	19.9	20.5	1199
Rotherhithe	18.49	1.03569	20.3	21.0	1228
St. Giles	17.27	1.10886	19.0	21.1	1231
Poplar	10 TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROP	1.03569	20.6	21.3	1245
Marylebone		1 07464	19.9	21.4	1251
Newington		1.04531	20.5	21 4	1251
Shoreditch	4 4 4 4	1.03794	21.4	22.2	1298
Whitechapel		1.07948	20.6	22.2	1298
City of London		1.15015	19.6	22-5	1316
St. Olave, Southwark	22 22	1.03963	22.0	22.9	1339
	18-10	1.05801	21.6	22.9	1339
Clerkenwell		1.10822	20.7	22.9	1339
Bethnal Green		1.04133	22.1	23.0	1345
Woolwich		1.12713	20.5	23-1	1350
PH PL 1 PL 13 1		1.04702	22.8	23.8	1392
TT 11		1.08869	22.9	24.9	1456
		1.03683	23.4	25.4	1485
St. George in-the-East		1.03907	24.5	25.5	1491
St. George, Southwark		1.10375	24.0	26.5	1550
	16.24	1-17919	22.7	26.8	1567
Strand St. Luke		1.08070	25.1	27.1	1585

TABLE XIV.

Recorded and Corrected Death-rates per 1000 Persons living in the 33 Great Towns in 1896, and in Islington, arranged in order of their corrected death-rates.;

Towns, in the order of their Corrected Death-rates.	Standard Death-rate.*	Factor for Correction for Sex and Age Dis- tribution.†	Crude or Recorded Death-rate. 1896.	Corrected Death-rate, -1896.‡	Comparative Mortality Figure, 1896.
Cols,	1.	2.	3.	4.	8.0 5.0 W
England and Wales	19.15	1.0000	17:10	17:10	1000
England and Wales, less the 33 Towns	19.45	0.9845	16.09	15.84	926
33 Towns	. 17.71	1.0813	18:91	20.45	1196
Croydon	. 18.37	1.0424	14.22	14.82	867
0-1-14	10.01	1.0110	16.13	16.31	954
N7	10.00	0.9579	17.38	16.65	974
Portsmouth	10.72	1.0224	16.57	16.94	991
Derby	17.96	1.1031	15.65	17.26	1009
West Hem	. 17.75	1.0788	16.07	17.34	1014
D. 1.4.1	10.00	1.0447	16.90	17-66	1033
	17.04	1.0855	16.72	18.15	1061
Tallia adam	17.00	1.0698	17.09	18.28	1070
	. 17.53	1.0924	16.85	18.41	1077
73:00	17-10	1.1159	16.84	18.79	1099
NT-1411	17.01	1.0752	17.50	18.82	1101
D161	10.79	1.1446	16.51	18.90	1105
D143-	. 19.70	0.9720	19.57	19.02	1112
tr. J.J. and C.J.J	. 16.47	1.1627	16-47	19.15	1120
Halifax	17.00	1.1133	17:33	19-29	1128
r 1	. 17-97	1.0656	18.58	19.80	1158
TT 11	. 18.23	1.0504	18-91	19.86	1161
D11-1	. 17.05	1.1231	17.87	20.07	1174
D 1	. 16.67	1.1487	17.51	20.11	1176
NT	. 17.58	1.0892	18.46	20.11	1176
0.1.3.3	. 17.83	1.0740	19.09	20.50	1199
T 1-	17.00	1.1082	18.75	20.78	1215
0 1 1 1 3	18.25	1.0493	19.82	20.80	1216
TYP X X	. 18.30	1.0464	19.95	20.88	1221
D: 1 1 1	. 17.42	1.0993	19.19	21.10	1234
ers on 1.3	. 17-22	1.1120	19.26	21.42	1253
D d	. 17.42	1.0993	20.76	22.82	1335
***	. 17.33	1.1050	20.81	23.00	1345
0111	. 16.72	1.1453	20-27	23.22	1358
73. 34	. 16.90	1.1331	20.73	23.49	1374
4.4	. 17.44	1.0980	22.74	24.97	1460
C 10 11	. 17.03	1.1244	22.64	25.46	1489
44 4 4	16.90	1.1331	22.64	25.65	1500

^{*} The Standard Death-rate signifies the death-rate at all ages calculated on the hypothesis that the rates at each of the twelve age-periods in each town were the same as in England and Wales during the ten years 1881-90, the Death-rate at all ages in England and Wales during that period having been 19 15 per 1,000.

+ The Factor for Correction is the figure by which the Recorded Death-rate should be

multiplied in order to correct for variations of sex and age distribution.

† The Corrected Death-rate is the Recorded Death-rate after Correction has been made for variations of age and sex distribution and may be obtained by multiplying the latter by the Factor for Correction.

§ The Comparative Mortality Figure represents the Corrected Death-rate in each town compared with the Recorded Death-rate at all ages in England and Wales in 1885, taken as 1,000. taken as 1,000.

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The Medical Officer of Health for London provides a table in his Annual Reports which shows the contrast between London and its several districts, London being taken as a 1,000. It will be noticed that Table XIV. in this Report shows the contrast between England and Wales and other places. This has been done in order that Islington and the other London districts might be compared with the great towns, as well as with each other.

MORTALITY IN THE SUB-REGISTRATION DISTRICTS.

UPPER HOLLOWAY.

1,603 deaths were registered, which are equal to the low annual death-rate of 15.93 per 1,000 inhabitants. These deaths are 91 below the average number of deaths registered in the preceding four years.

1892	 2,053	deaths	=	22.30 per	1,000	inhabitants.
1893	 7,702	,,	=	18.14		,,
1894	 1,458	"	=	15.30		"
1895	 1,564	"	=	16.12		"
1896	 1,603	"	=	15.93		"

The death-rate of the district from all causes of death must be considered satisfactory, in the face of the fact that it suffered more than any other sub-district, except south-west Islington, from Zymotic Diseases. Such a district as Upper Holloway is fairly comparable with many of the 33 Great Towns, whose populations are about the same in number. In every instance, however, the death-rates in these places is above the rate that obtained there.

	Po	pulation.	Death-rate.				
Plymouth		90,276		19.6 per	1,000 inhabitants.		
Swansea		98,645		16.8	"		
Wolverhampton	1	86,530		20.0	31		
Halifax		94,775		24.3	,,		
Gateshead		98,436		19.1	,,		
Upper Hollo	way	98,682		15.9	,		

SOUTH-WEST ISLINGTON.

There were 2,099 deaths registered as against 2,023 in the preceding year, and an average of 1,963 in the four years 1892-95. When, however, allowance is made for the fact that there were 53 weeks in the year, it is found that the comparison is between 2,023 and 2,001, representing an increase of 22 in the return under review.

The death-rate was 19.16 per 1,000 inhabitants.

This district may be compared to the following Great Towns, whose populations range from 100,000 to 115,000, as its population is estimated at 107,457.

N			+ ni (Population.	Death-rate.	Product See
Norwich		•••		108,630	 17.4 per	1,000 inhabitants.
Derby				101,770	 15.7	y 22 miles
Birkenhea	d			109,343	 19.2	**
Burnley				102,805	 17.5	***
Preston				113,864	 20.8	**
Huddersfie	eld	***		100,463	 16.5	,,,
Islington	n, 8	South-	west	107,457	 19.2	"

In comparing these districts with South-west Islington, it must not be forgotten that the latter possesses no suburbs, and that it is more densely populated, and, therefore, its death-rate must be held to be remarkably good.

SOUTH-EAST ISLINGTON.

There were 1,185 deaths registered, as against 1,234 deaths in the preceding year, and an average of 1,187 in the four years 1892—95. When this latter figure is corrected so as to afford a contrast with a year of 53 weeks it becomes 1,210; the present mortality return is 23 below it.

The death-rate was 17.44 per 1,000 inhabitants, which for a mixed population like that of this district is very good.

It is impossible to contrast its death-rate with those of any of the great towns, because there is none whose population is so small. There

are several of the lesser towns, however, of about its size, and I append their death-rates:—

		Population.		Persons to an acre.	Death-rate.
Southampton		87,370		43.6	 18.6
Reading		66,739		11.4	 13.6
Northampton		66,432		50.7	 15.8
York		70,867	***	19.0	 18.1
Merthyr Tidfil		64,591		3.6	 21.2
Islington, South-ea	st	66,671		144.0	 17.4

HIGHBURY.

997 deaths were recorded as against 939 in 1895, and an average of 931 in the preceding four years. The latter figure becomes 949 on correction for 53 weeks, so that the present return is 48 in excess of the average. Nevertheless it is very good, for it represents a death-rate of only 15.08 per 1,000 inhabitants, a rate which contrasts very favourably with those towns about the size of Highbury, which I mentioned when dealing with Islington South-west.

TABLE XV.

Showing the deaths and death-rates in the several Sub-districts 1892-5 and in 1896.

	Upper Holloway,		S.W. Islington,		S.E. Islington.		Highbury.	
Years.	Deaths.	Death Rates.	Deaths.	Death Rates.	Deaths.	Death Rates,	Deaths.	Death Rates.
1892	2,053	22.30	1,667	15.72	1,054	16.28	911	15.05
1893	1,702	18.14	2,308	21.65	1,378	21.12	1,003	16-37
1894	1,458	15.30	1,859	17:42	1,081	16-45	865	13-80
1895	1,564	16.12	2,023	18.90	1,234	18.65	939	14.73
Corrected mean	1,767	17-90	1,980	18-42	1,209	18-13	972	14.98
1896	1,603	15.93	2,099	19.16	1,185	17.44	997	15.08

Table XVI.

Showing the Sexes of the persons who died in 1896.

Registration Sub-Districts.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Death Rates.
Upper Holloway	849	754	1,603	15.93
Islington, S.W	1,118	981	2,099	19.16
Islington, S.E	614	571	1,185	17.44
Highbury	478	519	997	15.08
The Parish	3,059	2,825	5,884	17.09

AGES AT DEATH.

The particulars as to the ages at which the deaths occurred are given in the following table:—

TABLE XVII.

Showing the ages at death at thirteen periods of life, together with similar returns for the three preceding years.

Ages.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
0-1 year 1-5 years	1,595	1,229 885	1,416 803	1,490 1,008
Under 5 years $5-15$ years $15-25$,, $25-35$,, $35-45$,, $45-55$,, $55-65$,, $65-75$,, $75-85$,, $85-95$,, 95 and upwards	2,498 301 248 410 537 587 596 664 436 111	2,114 259 231 329 388 452 485 541 389 72	2,219 220 231 333 461 507 561 616 500 104 8	2,498 277 228 290 465 564 493 591 385 91
All ages	6,391	5,263	5,760	5,884

It is a remarkable coincidence that the number of children who died under five years old was exactly the same as in 1893.

TABLE XVIII.

Showing the Population*, Deaths and Death-rates from All Causes at nine age Periods of Males, Females and Persons.

	Males,				EMALES.		Px	,	
		Death Rates.	Population.	Deaths.	Death Rates.	Population.	Deaths.	Death Rates.	
0-5	19,622	1,361	69.36	20,989	1,137	54.17	40,611	2,498	61.51
5-15	35,102	144	4.10	35,797	133	3.71	70,899	277	3.91
15-25	32,009 -	122	3.81	36,820	106	2.88	68,829	228	3.31
25-35	28,223	147	5.21	30,973	143	4.62	59,196	290	4.90
35-45	20,307	243	11.96	22,368	222	9.92	42,675	465	10.90
45-55	13,767	306	22.23	16,175	258	15.95	29,942	564	18.83
55-65	7,916	242	30.57	10,668	251	23.53	18,584	493	26.53
65-75	3,785	304	80.32	5,850	287	49.06	9,635	591	61.34
75 and	1,383	190	137.40	2,400	288	120.00	3,783	478	126.36
upwards	2,000			-,					
All ages	162,114	3,059	18.87	182,040	2,825	15.52	344,154	5,884	17.09

^{*} The population in this table is estimated on the basis of 53 weeks to the year.

The deaths of 523 persons who had come from other districts of London for treatment in the Public Institutions of Islington are excluded from these returns.

SEASONAL MORTALITY.

The least healthy period of the year was the first quarter, in which 1,664 deaths were registered—equal to a death-rate of 19.71 per 1,000, and the most healthy was the third quarter, in which 1,336 deaths occurred, and in which the death-rate was 15.82. In the second quarter the deaths numbered 1,382, the death-rate being 16.37; and in the fourth quarter the deaths were 1,502 and the death-rate 16.52.

1st Q	uarte	er		 1,664	leath	s = 19.71
2nd	,,			 1,382	,,	= 16.37
3rd	,,			 1,336	59	=15.82
4th	,,	***		 1,502	"	=16.52
				-		-
		The	Year	 5,884	,,	= 17.09
						-

An inspection of these death-rates shows that, with the exception of the first quarter, they were fairly equal at each period.

First Quarter. - Although the number of deaths registered was above those of the other quarters of the year, yet when compared with the first quarter returns of the preceding 11 years it is found that it is

29 [1896

115 below the corrected average for those periods. The figures stand thus—

Corrected mean number of deaths
$$1885-95$$
 ... $1,805$ deaths $= 21\cdot38$ death-rate. No. of deaths registered 1896 $1,664$, $= 19\cdot71$, Difference ... 141 , $= 1\cdot67$,

Under these circumstances, the death-rate in the first quarter cannot be considered unsatisfactory.

The death-rate was only very slightly above those of the 33 great towns and of London, which respectively enjoyed a rate of 19.5 and 19.2 per 1,000. It was, however, 1.74 per 1,000 above the rate which obtained in the districts encircling the parish. The excess in the death-rate was entirely due to the presence of Measles, which, while causing 288 deaths, produced a death-rate of 2 00 per 1,000 inhabitants. Had it not been for this epidemic, the first quarter would have been the healthiest on record.

At this period the highest death-rate, 21.22 per 1,000, in the sub-districts was registered in South-west Islington. The lowest death-rate occurred in Highbury, where it was 16.93 per 1,000, while in Upper Holloway it was 19.28, and in South-east Islington 20.83.

Second Quarter.—The returns showed that 1,382 persons died, of whom 728 were males and 654 females. These deaths were 39 below the corrected average for the corresponding period for eleven years.

The deaths were equal to an annual death-rate of 16·37 per 1,000, a rate which compared very favourably with the death-rates registered throughout the country. Thus, in England and Wales it was 17·1 per 1,000, in the 33 Great Towns 18·9, in London 17·4, and the Encircling Districts 16·5 per 1,000.

Measles in this, as in the preceding, quarter was prevalent and disturbed the death-rate to the extent of nearly 1.00 (actually 0.99) per 1,000. It is right, however, to say that this disease had borne a bad record during the eleven previous second quarters, producing a mean death-rate of 1.03 per 1,000 inhabitants.

Third Quarter.—1,336 deaths, 712 being males and 624 females, were registered. These were 39 below the average number, corrected for increase of population, registered during the corresponding third quarters of the eleven preceding years. The mortality rate was satisfactory, whether as compared with the country at large, the Great Towns, London, or with the districts encircling the parish, for it was below that of each of these places. It was 0.5 below the rate that prevailed in England and Wales, 3.2 below the rate of the 33 Great Towns, 1.0 below that of the 67 Other Large Towns, 2.5 below the London rate, and 3.3 below the rate of the Encircling Districts.

At this period the death-rate was as low as 14.25 in Highbury, 14.59 in Upper Holloway, and 15.18 in South-east Islington, while in South-west Islington it was only relatively high at 18.31.

In this quarter diarrhoea was prevalent and influenced the deathrate to the extent of 1.56 per 1,000. It was partly owing to the fact that this rate was below the rate experienced in other places that the Islington general death-rate was so good.

The return, 132 deaths from Diarrhæa, was very satisfactory, for it was not only 9 below that of the corresponding period of last year, but also 32 below the corrected average for the preceding 11 years.

This disease, like Enteric Fever, is peculiarly amenable to sanitation, and it is, therefore, a most welcome fact to find that the decrease is so substantial.

When the comparison is made between the two sexennial periods 1885-90 and 1891-96, the reduction, notwithstanding a greatly increased population, is very striking, being no less than 239.

1885, 3rd	Quar	ter	167	deaths.	1891, 3rd	Qua	rter	115	deaths.
1886,	"			"	1892,	,,		135	,,
1887,	0.0		280	>>	1893,	33	***		"
	**			- 57		21		68	, ,,
1889,	27			"	1895,	"			"
1890,	"		112	"	1896,	"		132	"
1885-90,	"	1	,084	,,	1891-96,	>>		745	,,
Mean,	"		180	,,	Mean,	,,		122	,,

The death-rate for the third quarter was equal to an annual rate of 1.56 per 1,000, and was lower than the death-rate of the whole country,

and considerably lower than that of either the 33 Great Towns, the 67 other Large Towns, London, or than any of the Encircling Districts, Hornsey excepted.

The following was the record of these places:-

England and Wales	 1.58	per 1,000	inhabitants.
33 Great Towns	 2.50	"	"
67 Other Large Towns	 1.94	,,	. 22
London	 2.38	57	. ,,
Encircling Districts	 2.98	"	. ,,
St. Paneras	 2.50	,,	"
Stoke Newington	 2.74	,,	,,
Hackney	 2.98	"	. 37
Hornsey	 1.29	"	,,
Clerkenwell	 4.48	,,	33
St. Luke		"	"
Shoreditch	3.64	"	,,
Islington	 1.56	"	"

The death-rates of the Great Towns whose population exceed 200,000 were, with exception of Bristol and Bradford, above the Islington rate.

In the Parish the deaths in the several sub-districts were: -

```
Upper Holloway ... 38 = 1.54 per 1,000 inhabitants.

South-west Islington... 46 = 1.71 ,, ,,

South-east ,, ... 26 = 1.56 ,, ,,

Highbury ... 22 = 1.36 ,, ,,

The Parish ... 132 = 1.56 ,, ,,
```

This return shows that the death-rates of the several sub-districts were in no way excessive.

```
Deaths.
                               Death-rates.
Upper Holloway
                         38
                              = 1.54 per 1,000 inhabitants.
South-west Islington ...
                         46
South-east
                         26
                                   1.56
Highbury
                         22
                                   1.36
                     ... 132
    The Parish
                                   1.56
                                                     99
```

Diarrhœa began to show itself in a fatal form during the week ending June 20th, when 3 deaths were registered. These were followed in the following week by 4. The disease reached its highest point during its sixth week, when it caused 26 deaths, from which time it slowly decreased to the end of the third quarter.

Table XIX.

Showing the Diarrheal Deaths in the Third Quarter.

1896.			DEATHS.		3		DE	ATH-RATI	ES.		METEOROLOGY.				
WEEK ENDING	U.H.	s.w.	S.E.	н.	TOTAL,	U.H.	s.w	S.E.	н.	TOTAL.	Mean temperature of air in degrees.	Departure from mean temperature.	Temperature of the earth 3 ft. below surface.	Rainfall in inches.	No. of days on which rain fell.
uly 4th , 11th , 18th , 25th	2 7	1 4 6 10	2 3 3 4	2 4 5	3 11 20 26	1.05 3.70 3.70	0·48 1·94 2·91 4·85	1·56 2·34 2·34 3·12	1.60 3.21 4.02	0.46 1.69 3.09 4.01	61·3 68·3 64·9 67·5	-0·1 +6·2 +1·9 +4·7	61·90 63·08 65·49 65·38	0·24 0·03 0·21 0·00	4 1 2 0
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	16	21	12	11	60	2.11	2.54	2.34	2.21	2.31	65.5	+3.6	63.96	0.48	7
Nug. 1st	5 7	8 6 4 4	2 3 3 5	2 2 3 2	17 16 17 13	2.64 2.64 3.70 1.05	3.88 2.91 1.94 1.94	1.56 2.34 2.34 2.64	1.60 1.60 2.41 1.60	2.62 2.47 2.62 2.00	62·4 58·4 60·8 59·0	+0.1 -3.9 -1.6 -2.4	65·18 64·18 62·72 62·28	0.65 0.36 0.59 0.56	2 3 4 3
2 - 2 -	19	22	13	9	63	2.50	2.66	2.54	1.80	2.43	60.1	-1.7	63.59	2.06	12
Aug. 29th	. 1	2 i	1 	i :: :i	3 3 2 1	0·52 0·52 ··· 0·52	0.97	0.78	0.50	0·46 0·46 0·30 0·15	58·1 58·7 59·7 58·2 52·9	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.6 \\ -1.0 \\ +1.2 \\ +0.9 \\ -2.4 \end{array} $	61·35 60·45 60·82 60·40 58·50	0·54 1·22 1·58 1·22 1·40	4 5 6 6 6
	3	3	1	2	. 9	0.31	0.29	0.15	0.32	0.27	57.5	+0.1	60.30	5.54	27
Third quarter .	. 38	46	26	22	132	1.54	1.71	1.56	1.36	1.56	60.4	+0.7	62-61	8.67	46

The following table gives the deaths and death-rates in each of the districts, as well as the chief meteorological conditions which prevailed during the period:—

Fourth Quarter.—The returns for this period were eminently satisfactory and showed that the district enjoyed very good health, and this, too, whether the deaths from all causes or from the zymotic diseases be considered.

The total number of deaths was 1,502, of which 776 were males and 726 were females. This number was 138 below the average (1,640) registered in the fourth quarters of the preceding eleven years, after corrections had been made for increased population and the fact that the quarter contained fourteen weeks.

The death-rate was equal to 16.52 per 1,000 of the population, as against an average rate during the corresponding fourth quarters of the preceding eleven years of 18.03.

In whatever light the death-rate for the quarter is viewed, it must be considered most satisfactory for a large and very densely populated place like Islington. It is below the death-rate that prevailed in England and Wales (17.9), in the 33 Great Towns (18.8), in the 67 Other Large Towns (18.2), in Rural England (17.1), in London (17.7), and in the Encircling Districts (17.5).

In the sub-districts of the parish the several death-rates were also satisfactory; thus, in Upper Holloway the rate was 14.60 per 1,000, in South-west Islington 18.52, in South-east Islington 17.49, and in Highbury 15.12.

TABLE XX.

Showing the Deaths and Death-rates from All Causes in the Four Quarters in the Sub-districts, together with the Death-rates in the Parish during the same periods.

Quarters.	Upper Holloway.			South-west Islington.		South-east Islington.		Highbury.		The Parish.	
	Deaths.	Death- rate.	Deaths.	Death- rate.	Deaths.	Death- rate.	Deaths.	Death- rate.	Deaths.	Death rate.	
First Quarter	475	19.28	569	21.22	346	20.83	274	16.93	1,664	19.71	
Second Quarter	380	15.40	502	18.68	272	16-31	228	14.06	1,382	16-37	
Third Quarter	260	14.59	492	18.37	253	15.18	231	14.25	1,336	15.82	
Fourth Quarter	388	14.60	536	18.52	314	17:49	264	15.12	1,502	16-52	
The Year	1,603	15.93	2,099	19.16	1,185	17.44	997	15.08	5,884	17.09	

TABLE XXI.

Showing the Death-rates from All Causes in the several under mentioned places during each Quarter and during the entire year.

Places.	First Quarter.	Second Quarter.	Third Quarter.	Fourth Quarter.	The Year 1896.
England and Waies	17-9	16.3	16 3	17.9	17.1
33 Great Towns	19:5	18.2	19.1	18.8	18.9
67 Other Large Towns	17.7	16.3	16.8	18.2	17.3
Rural England	16.8	15:1	14:4	17.1	15.8
London (Registration)	19.2	17-4	18.4	17.7	18:2
The Encircling Districts	18.0	16.5	19 1	17:5	16.8
	17.7	- 16.8	20.4	17.6	18.1
E Stoke Newington	11.1	12.5	12.2	14.1	12.7
Hackney	15.9	14.8	17.1	15.0	15.7
Hornsey	9.11	8.83	10.3	9.23	9-6
Clerkenwell	20:8	18.6	22.7	20.7	20.7
St. Luke	24.4	23.8	24.7	27.5	25.1
St. Pancras	23.5	19.5	22.1	20.4	21.4
Islington	19.6	16.4	15.8	16.5	17.1

TABLE XXII.

Showing the Deaths from All Causes in the Four Quarters arranged in Classes.

	Classi	fied Causes of Death.				Quar	rters.		Vann
	Cimoni	ned Causes of Death.		416	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.	Year.
Spren	TO OP E	BBRILE CAUSES		100	7 75 75	1000	THE PARTY	IP MAIN	
. OFECIP	TO OR P	BERLLE CAUSES	**		**			**	
1. M	iasmatic	Diseases	1		340	268	165	136	909
2. D	iarrhoeal				3	12	132	6	153
	alarial	,,							
	oögenous								
	enereal	.,		22	. 2	4	3	1	10
6. Se	ebric				6	10	7	15	38
II. PAR	ASITIC D	ISEASES			99.01	1	2	1	4
III. DIE	TIC	,,			12	9	6	14	41
IV. Con	STITUTIO	NAL DISBASES			249	296	271	306	
					210	200	211	300	1,12
V. DEV	ELOPMEN	TAL ,,			120	95	96	119	430
VI. Loc	AL					11.2		1.2319	
1. D	iseases o	f Nervous System			179	150	147	160	000
2.	**	Organs of Special			4	9	5		636
3.		Circulatory System			128	- 87	104	iii3	432
4.	53	Respiratory			334	200	107	356	997
5.	9.9	Digestive ,,			89	64	129	98	380
6.	99	Lymphatic ,,				1			1
7.	27	Glandlike Organs	s of	un-					INVI
		certain use			1	**	1	2	4
8.	11	Urinary System			36	38	33	33	140
9.	33	Reproductive Syste	m	4.4	11	7	8	11	37
10.	99	Bones and Joints			11	7	9	6	33
11.	11	Integumentary			10	7	5	4	26
VII. Vie	DLENCE								
1 4	anidant -	w Monlinson				1			1000
	lomicide	r Negligence		**	48	44	34	48	174
	uicide				12	8		5	28
		D CAUSES			67	65	69	66	1 24
-					01	- 00	- 00	00	267
		All causes			1,664	1,382	1,336	1,502	5,88

MIASMATIC DISEASES.—This Table shows that Miasmatic Diseases, as a whole, were most fatal in the first quarter, due chiefly to the mortality from Measles, which was greatest in that period. Diphtheria and Whooping Cough were most fatally prevalent in the second quarter, Smallpox in the third, and Enteric Fever in the third and fourth quarters.

1896) 36

DIARRHEAL DISEASES caused most deaths in the third quarter. The periods at which the other classified diseases were most fatal are shown in the Table.

A very full statement will be found in Table VII. in the appendices of the four quarterly reports, so that it is not now necessary to recapitulate them. Moreover, a very full synopsis of the deaths from all causes in each quarter is given in Table C in the appendix of this report.

DEATHS FROM THE PRINCIPAL ZYMOTIC DISEASES.

There were 1,026 deaths registered from these diseases, as against a corrected average of 885 during the preceding eleven years and 639 in the preceding year.

The death-rate was equal to 2.98 per 1,000 of the population, compared with a rate of 2.57 in the years 1885-95, consequently it was 0.41 in excess of the mean death-rate that obtained during these years.

The chief factors in the disturbance of the death-rate were Measles, Diphtheria and Whooping Cough, each of which were more prevalent than usual.

TABLE XXIII.

Showing the Deaths from the principal Zymotic Diseases for the Eleven years 1885-95 and in 1896.

\$5 P	Years.	16	Deaths.	Death- rates.	1.	Year	9.		Deaths.	Death-
1855	35		1,099	3.69	1891				879	2.75
1886		50	760	2.52	1892			**	776	2:40
	100	Sunt P.			1893				871	2.66
887			1,036	3.39	1894				790	2.39
1888	10. In		. 714	2.31	1895				639	1.91
1889	diefty	y	604	1.93	Correcte of dea		an nui 1885-9		} 885	2.57
890			771	2.44	1896				1,026	2.98

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The year's record would have been disheartening were it not for the fact that such diseases as Measles and Whooping Cough are subject to little control, and that Islington does not stand alone with a high mortality from Diphtheria, the increased prevalence of which has been generally ascribed to the aggregation of children in large numbers in schools.

On the other hand, it is gratifying to notice that such diseases as Enteric Fever and Diarrhœa, which are the two diseases most amenable to improved sanitation, show a decreased mortality.

It should be stated that the Zymotic death-rate of the country was generally in excess of the average of the preceding 10 years.

The following is a statement of the death-rates in other populous places:—

England and Wales	500	2:18	per 1,000	inhabitants.
33 Great Towns	20.0	2:86	"	,,
67 Other Large Towns	30	2:51	99	organi, na
Rural England and Wal	es	1.60	,,	"
Registration London		3.11	"	,,
The Encircling Districts		2.96	"	
St. Paneras		2.47	,,	,,
Stoke Newington	200	2.35	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ohma m
Hackney		2.81	"	**
Hornsey		1.15	,,,,	Come "
Clerkenwell		3.78	,,,	0.52 "(2-10
St. Luke		3.82	,,	T (2)
Shoreditch		4.31	,,	,,
Islington	***	2.98	,,	11 . 792

From these figures it does not appear that the Islington death-rate was greatly in excess of other populous places. Thus, it was only slightly higher than the rate that prevailed in the 33 great towns, and was actually less than that of London, while it was practically identical

with the death-rate of the Encircling Districts, and even considerably below some of them.

The death-rates of the Greatest Towns, that is to say, those whose populations exceed 200,000, show the Islington rate in a more favourable light.

		1	Death-rate.		
West Ham			3.00 per	1,000	inhabitants.
Bristol			1.90	,,	,,
Birmingham			3.57	,,	"
Nottingham			2.47	,,	"
Liverpool			3.01	,,	"
Manchester			3.42	**	"
Salford			4.10	,,	,,
Bradford			1.58	,,	,,
Leeds			2.28	,,	,,
Sheffield			2 91	"	"
Hull			3.32	"	,,
Newcastle-on	-Tyne		2.08	"	"
Islington			2.98	,,	"

Here it is seen that no less than six of these populous places had higher Zymotic death-rates than this parish.

Of the London sanitary areas 23 were in a worse position than Islington, viz., Fulham (3.6), Chelsea (3.9), Marylebone (3.2), Holborn (3.2), Clerkenwell (3.8), St. Luke (3.8), Shoreditch (4.3). Bethnal Green (4.2), St. George-in-the-East (3.3), Limehouse (4.0), Mile End Old Town (3.6), Poplar (3.7), St. Saviour, Southwark (3.2), St. George, Southwark (4.2), Newington (3.3), St. Olave, Southwark (4.8), Bermondsey (3.8), Rotherhithe (3.8), Battersea (3.6), Camberwell (3.6), Greenwich (3.7), Woolwich (3.9), and Plumstead (3.5).

The 1,026 deaths from Zymotic diseases were dscribed to the several diseases in the following table, which also shows the corrected mean number registered in the preceding eleven years:—

T1896

TABLE XXIV.

Showing the corrected mean number of deaths from the principal Zymotic Diseases, 1885-95, together with deaths registered in 1896.

Diseases.	Corrected Mean Number of Deaths 1885-95.	1896.	Increase or Decrease.
Small Pox	14	1	- 13
Measles	205	288	+ 83
Scarlet Fever	62	57	- 5
Diphtheria	131	247	+116
Whooping Cough	202	234	+ 32
Typhus Fever	1		- 1
Enteric	51	46	- 5
Diarrhœa	219	153	- 66
The Above Diseases	885	1,026	+131

The 1,026 deaths were distributed in the sub-registration districts in the following manner:—

	TAGGRETTO		D.COLETT -	T.C. P.C.C.	
Upper Holloway	 307	=	3.05	per 1,000	inhabitants.
South-west Islington	 379	=	3.46	"	"
South-east ,,	 191	=	2.81	"	15
Highbury	 141	=	2.25	"	"
The Parish	 1,026	=	2.98	,,	,,

DEATHS IN THE SUB-DISTRICTS.

UPPER HOLLOWAY.

There were 307 deaths—equal to an annual death-rate of 2.98 per 1,000 inhabitants—registered in the above district during the year, as against 199, 231 and 246 in the three years immediately preceding. The increased deaths were chiefly due to Measles, Diphtheria and Whooping Cough, the two latter diseases being especially prevalent, and producing death-rates of 0.85 and 0.86 per 1,000 inhabitants.

The deaths from the several diseases since 1893, together with the deaths and death-rates in 1896, were as follows:—

		1893. Deaths.	1894.	1895.		96.
Small Pox	A	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Death rates.
Measles		24	53	27	53	0.52
Scarlet Fever		19	23	19		
	0001				17	0.16
Diphtheria		54	70	49	86	0.85
Whooping Coug	gh	50	44	16	87	0.86
Typhus Fever		1	30	1	"	
Enteric Fever		17	7	9	13	0.12
Diarrhœa		79	33	77	50	0.49
	-	_				Vacable Congi
Total	46	246	231	199	307	3.05
	BOL.	-	-	_	=	

In the preceding three years the death-rate from these diseases averaged 2.36 per 1,000. The death-rate from Diphtheria was almost identical with that which prevailed in South-west Islington, where it amounted to 0.86 per 1,000 inhabitants.

SOUTH-WEST ISLINGTON.

The returns gave 379 deaths, which is an increase on each of the three preceding years, in which there were respectively registered 239, 322 and 340 deaths. The death-rate for the year was 3.46 per 1,000 of the district population. Here, also, Measles, Diphtheria and Whooping Cough were the diseases which caused the increase. The first mentioned ailment was especially fatal, causing no less than 141 deaths, or a death-rate of 1.29 per 1,000 of the population; a rate which was almost twice that of any other sub-district. Diphtheria was also in excess, the number of deaths being 95, and the death-rate 0.86, which is just a small fraction higher than that which prevailed in Upper Helloway.

The several diseases and the resulting death-rates during 1896, together with the deaths during the preceding three years, were as follows:—

Deaths, Dea	ths. Deaths. Deaths.	
(1 11 11	2 — Deaths.	Death-rate.
Measles 56 100	6 64 141	1.29
Scarlet Fever 40 27	7 22 17	0.15
Diphtheria 68 69	43 95	0.88
Whooping Cough 73 79	37 66	0.60
Typhus Fever — —	liarlica ve leis fit	I moint-pay
Enteric Fever 14 12	8 12	0.10
Diarrhœa 89 27	65 48	0.43
Total 340 322	239 379	3.46

SOUTH-EAST ISLINGTON.

There were 191 deaths from the Zymotic diseases entered in the registers, contrasted with 130 in 1895, 135 in 1894, and 171 in 1893. The death-rate was 2.81 per 1,000. In this district, as in the others already mentioned, the deaths from Measles, Diphtheria and Whooping Cough were the chief factors in the increased mortality. In proportion to the population these diseases were 0.79, 0.53 and 0.72 per 1,000. The death-rate from Measles was only exceeded by the rate experienced in South-west Islington, while that from Whooping Cough was only less than the rate in Upper Holloway.

The following statement gives the deaths from the Zymotic Diseases for the three preceding years, as well as the deaths and death-rates from the same diseases in 1896:—

	1893.	1894.	1895.	I be of Pe	896.
	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths,	Deaths.	Death-rates.
Small Pox	_	-	1- 1	-	
Measles	24	23	34	54	0.79
Scarlet Fever	14	14	14	13	0.19
Diphtheria	48	37	27	36	0.53
Whooping Cough	.30	30	17	49	0.72
Typhus Fever	00 1 6	-	_	-	paid he william
Enteric Fever	. 8	10	6	8	0.11
Diarrhœa	47	21	32	31	0.45
Total	171	135	130	191	2.81

HIGHBURY.

There were 149 deaths ascribed to the Zymotic Diseases in Highbury, representing a death-rate of 2.25 per 1,000 inhabitants. This was the lowest death-rate registered in any of the sub-districts. The most fatal diseases were Measles, with a death-rate of 0.60 per 1,000, Diphtheria of 0.45, and Whooping Cough 0.48. In proportion to population Diarrhea was less fatal than in the other districts.

The deaths during the three years 1893-95 and the deaths and death-rates during 1896 are as follows:—

		1893.	1894.	1895.	18	396.
		Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Death-rates.
Small Pox			_	-	-	
Measles		15 -	17	10	40	0.60
Scarlet Fever		21	5	11	10	0.15
Diphtheria		19	32	18	30	0.45
Whooping Cough	h	28	35	11	32	0.48
Typhus Fever		id E.B	- OMTL	190	MAN WINDS	at-different and
Enteric Fever	10.4	9	7	7	13	0.19
Diarrhœa	1110	22	12	14	24	0.36
Total	07.0	114	108	71	149	2.25

In the two succeeding Tables will be found a summary of the deaths and death-rates of the several sub-districts arising from the Zymotic Diseases during the year.

TABLE XXV.

Showing the Deaths from the principal Zymotic Diseases, inclusive of the deaths of Parishioners in Hospitals outside the Parish.

DISTRICTS.	Small Pox.	Measles,	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Typhus Fever.	Enteric (Typhoid'Fever)	Diarrhea,	TOTALS.
Upper Holloway	1	53	17	86	87		13	50	307
South-west Islington		141	17	95	66		12	48	379
South-east ,,		54	13	36 -	49		8	31	191
Highbury		40	10	30	32		13	24	149
Totals	1	288	57	247	284		46	153	1026

TABLE XXVI.

Showing the Death-rates from the principal Zymotic Diseases, inclusive of the deaths of Parishioners in Hospitals outside the Parish.

DISTRICTS.	Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Typhus Fever.	Enteric (Typhoid Fever)	Diarrhoa.	TOTAL DEATH-RATE.
Upper Holloway	0.00	0.52	0.16	0.85	0.86		0.12	0.49	3.05
South-west Islington		1.29	0.15	0.86	0.00		0.10	0.43	3 46
South-east ,,		0.79	0.19	0.53	0.72		0.11	0.45	2.81
Highbury		0.60	0.15	0.45	0.48	S. T. C. 11	0.19	0.36	2.25
Death-rates	0.00	0.83	0.16	0.71	0.68		0.13	0.44	2.58

It now becomes necessary to examine in detail the deaths from the several Zymotic Diseases and to contrast their present behaviour with that in past years in the Parish, as well as with the mortality which they caused in other populous places during the year under consideration.

MORTALITY FROM THE SEVERAL INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

SMALL POX.

Only one death from Small Pox was recorded during the year, as against an annual average, corrected for increase of population for eleven years, of 14. This death occurred in the third quarter of the year, and in the sub-registration district of Upper Holloway. The patient, a male, aged eight years, was unvaccinated.

TABLE XXVII.

Showing the deaths from Small Pox in the Sub-districts for each quarter and for the year 1896.

Sub-Districts.	Z	lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.	
Upper Holloway				. 1		1	
Islington, South West				'			
Islington, South East							
Highbury						· ·	
The Parish				1		1	

TABLE XXVIII.

Showing the death-rates from Small Pox of the Sub-Districts for each quarter and for the year 1896.

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		 		0:04		0.00
Islington, South West		 al contra		Harton Maria		
Islington, South East		 				
Highbury	**	 attmb	and the same	ologija r	diowi le	out to
The Parish		 		0.01		0.00

The deaths in the Parish during the preceding eleven years were:—

1885			125 deaths.	1892			3 death	ns.
1886			3 ,,	1893			2 ,,	
1887			- "	1894			3 ,,	
1888	Chie.		i-100,,	1895		dunt o	1 ,,	
1889		Tile !	, il	instantia , m		Inginu-	- davin	
1890	1444		e mi ", comes	Correct	ted ave	rage	14 ,,	
1891	· woll	o	n y lo pimit	nolimete		a sile s	i tin an	

1896 ... 1 death.

MEASLES.

Measles was the registered cause of 288 deaths in 1896, which is an increase of 153 deaths on the year immediately preceding, and an excess of 83 on the corrected average (205) of the eleven years 1885-95. In 1895 there were 135 deaths.

The 288 deaths were equal to a death-rate of 0.83 per 1,000 inhabitants.

The particulars as to the deaths and death-rates in the several Sub-districts and in the Parish are given in the two following Tables.

Table XXIX.

Showing the deaths from Measles in the Sub-Districts for each quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter,	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	33	16	4	Jul	53
Islington, South West	94	35	10	2	141
Islington, South East	25	15	7	7	54
Highbury	18	18	4		40
The Parish	170	84	25	9	288

Table XXX.

Showing the death-rates from Measles of the Sub-Districts for each quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	1.33	0.64	0.16	what ned to	0.52
Islington, South West	3 50	1.30	0.37	0.07	1.29
Islington, South East	1.50	0.90	0.42	0.39	0.79
Highbury	1.11	1.11	0.24	11 100 115	0.60
The Parish	2.00	0.99	0.29	0.09	0.83

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From these two Tables it is at once seen that the disease was more or less rife in the Parish during each of the four quarters of the year, the greatest mortality occurring in the first quarter and the least in the fourth. Indeed, Measles slowly, but surely, declined as quarter succeeded quarter.

Not since 1887, when 335 occurred, were so many deaths registered as in 1896, the previous greatest record during eleven years being in 1885, when 294 deaths were entered. The disease, therefore, assumed the dimensions of a very considerable epidemic in 1896. At the beginning of the year it was very prevalent, as it was to a much less degree in the third and fourth quarters of 1895, at which time there was no reason to fear that it would assume the proportions it ultimately reached—which, however, were at no time so great as those which prevailed in other districts bordering on the Parish. Thus, the death-rate in St. Pancras was 0.97 per 1,000, in St. Luke 2.60, and in Clerkenwell 1.43.

It will be interesting to note the movement of Measles in the districts encircling the Parish prior to its assuming epidemic dimensions. For this purpose it will be necessary to go back to the first quarter of 1895. At this period the disease was unusually, although not extraordinarily, prevalent in Shoreditch, where it caused a death-rate of 0.59 per 1.000.

In the second quarter the disease assumed serious proportions, producing a death-rate of 1.63, while at the same time, almost without warning, a heavy epidemic broke out in St. Luke, and at once became very fatal, being responsible for a death-rate of no less than 2.59 per 1.000. In this quarter, too, Measles was fatal in Hackney and Stoke Newington to an extent greater than could be desired.

With the advent of the third quarter the disease became so deadly in St. Luke that the death-rate reached the extraordinary height of 6.81 per 1,000, and Clerkenwell, which had no deaths in the first quarter, now showed a death-rate of 1.20, while in Hackney the rate rose to 0.70, a rate which was exceeded by that of St. Pancras, 0.85 per 1,000. In this quarter, then, the disease was very prevalent to the west (St. Pancras and Clerkenwell), to the east (Hackney) and to the south (Shoreditch and St. Luke) of the Parish.

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In the fourth quarters its severity had increased in St. Pancras, so that the death-rate rose to 2.70 per 1,000, while in Clerkenwell the unusual rate of 4.16 was recorded. In Hackney, too, the death-rate further rose to 0.78. The other districts, however, showed a decreased mortality.

The advent of the first quarter of 1896, saw the disease still prevalent in St. Pancras (0.94), in Clerkenwell (1.75), in St. Luke (0.87), and in Shoreditch (1.64). It was then that Measles assumed a fatal aspect in Islington, and the death-rate which in the three preceding quarters had been 0.49, 0.59 and 0.42 respectively, jumped to 2.00 per 1,000 inhabitants.

With the beginning of May in the second quarter the disease in the Parish began to decline, so that the death-rate fell to 0.99, which was exactly the same rate as that of the Encircling Districts, but lower than the individual rates of Hackney, Clerkenwell, St. Luke and Shoreditch. In the September quarter the death-rate fell to 0.29, and in the last quarter of the year it was as low as 0.09 per 1,000 inhabitants.

In the following Tables the course of the disease is shown for the two years in which it was prevalent in the districts around Islington.

Table XXXI.

Showing the death-rates from Measles in the Encircling Districts in the several quarters of 1895.

Districts.		lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter,	1895.
St. Paneras	 	0.13	0.11	0.85	2.70	0.95
Stoke Newington	 	0.12	0 48	0.48	-	0.21
Hackney	 	0.27	0.53	0.70	0.78	0.57
Hornsey	 	24	_	0.37	0.59	0.24
Clerkenwell	 	200	0.24	1.20	4.16	1.41
St. Luke	 	0.09	2.59	6 81	0 67	2.55
Shoreditch	 	0.59	1.63	0.78	0.46	0.87
The Above Districts	 	0.22	0.63	1.12	1:61	0.90
Islington	 .,	0.03	0.42	0.59	0.49	0.40

TABLE XXXII.

Showing the death-rates from Measles in the several quarters of 1896.

Districts.		1954	lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter,	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	1896.
St. Pancras			0.94	0 73	0.50	0.03	0.54
Stoke Newington			81 48 9	0.36	0.24	inevin !	0.15
Hackney			0.28	1.07	0.41	0.02	0.44
Hornsey			0.19	0.19	0.19	-	0.10
Clerkenwell			1.75	1.09	0.30	0.06	0.79
St. Luke			0.87	1.74	0.39	0.36	0.83
Shoreditch			1.64	1.64	0.98	0.40	1.15
The Above Districts			0.83	0.98	0.49	0.09	0.58
Islington	1.91		2.00	0.99	0.29	0.09	0.83

TABLE XXXIII.

Showing the Deaths registered from Measles in the Parish during each week in 1895 and 1896.

1895.

Ist Qui	arter.	2nd C	luarter.	3rd Qu	narter.	4th Quarter.	
Week.	Deaths.	Week.	Deaths,	Week.	Deaths.	Week.	Deaths
1	1	14	1	27	11	40	0
2	0	15	1	28	6	41	1
3	0	16	1	29	7	42	0
4	0	17	2	30	4	43	1
5	-0	18	3	31	6	44	0
6	0	19	1	32	3	45	1
7	1	20	2	33	4	46	2
8	2	21	3	34	4	47	4
9	1	22	1	35	2	48	2
10	1	23	1	36	1	49	3
11	1	24	2	37	0	50	10
12	0 -	25	8	38	2	51	10
13	0	26	10	39	0	52	8
Total	7	Total	36	Total	50	Total	42

1896.

1	13	14	11	27	2	40	0
2	12	15	12	28	5	41	2
3	14	16	7	29	2	42	0
4	5	17	10	30	2	43	0
5	5	18	6	31	3	44	1
6	6	19	7	32		45	0
7	8	20	6	33	1	46	0
8	17	21	3	34	4	47	0
9	18	22	4	35	0	48	0
10	24	23	3	36	2	49	2
11	15	24	6	37	0	50	0
12	17	25	4	38	2	51	0
13	16	26	5	39	2	52	2
- AND		Description of		anima de la constante de la co	No.	53	2
Total	170	Total	84	Total	25	Total	9

Table XXXIV.

Showing the deaths from Measles in the several quarters, 1885-95.

	Years.			Single State of the State of th	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	TOTAL
1885	Sing of				33	152	88	21	conin
1886	-			100	9	34	15	5	no do
1887					57	213	43	22	-
1888					27	12	17	91	940.
1889	18.00				81	70	15	11	No. ST.
1890					48	114	23	17	NAUG.
1891					29	63	- 39	93	A HILLON
1892	*****				70	56	23	30	
1893					25	52	31	11	Herein
1894	monna				66	112	14	1	
1895		-			7	36	50	42	
1885-95					452	914	358	344	ridus.
erage Number	of death	s per	quarter		. 41	83	32	31	0380
1896	and w	05.0			170	84	25	9	no si

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"Measles," the Registrar-General says in his annual summary, "was the certified cause of 3,697 deaths in London during the year, these deaths being equal to a rate of 0.82" (almost identical with that of Islington) "as compared with 0.61, the decennial average rate. It appears to have been more fatal last year than in any year on record, with the single exception of the year 1864."

Naturally, as the disease was so prevalent, particularly in districts surrounding the Parish, an effort was made to obtain early information of its presence. The method attempted, and how it was thwarted by the extraordinary action of the School Board for London, was described in the return of the Medical Officer for the first quarter of the year, and it is now reprinted:—

Every possible means was adopted to stay its spread, but as the disease is not a notifiable one, information was very generally only obtained as to its presence in a house when a death had occurred. In such instances it was usually found that other children living in the same house had been attending school during the period of the patient's illness. Indeed, in several cases they had been found in attendance even when he lay dead in the house. Under such circumstances it is very difficult for a Public Health Authority or its Medical Officer to prevent its spread. This difficulty was greatly enhanced by the conduct of the London School Board, who, in my opinion, adopted a line of conduct which is impossible to understand, and which cannot be defended, especially when it is recollected that everything that was done was equally in the interest of the schools and the public.

Before writing further on this matter I should say that as there was no compulsory notification of the disease, I made arrangements with the several District Registrars to forward me immediate intelligence of the registration of every death from the disease; and by utilizing this information I was undoubtedly enabled to effect a considerable amount of good.

I also issued, with the full approval of the Public Health Committee, the subjoined circular (p. 52) to the teachers of all schools, public and private, in the Parish; in addition to which I saw several of the head teachers of the Board Schools, and arranged with them to forward me information as to cases of Measles which came to their knowledge. I did this in order that it might not become necessary to close the schools if the epidemic should grow to large dimensions.

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It was, therefore, with boundless astonishment that I was handed the following letter, addressed to the Vestry, to read:—

SCHOOL BOARD FOR LONDON.

VICTORIA EMBANKMENT, 4th February, 1896.

SIR,

The Board have had their attention drawn by the Head Master of their school in Gifford Street, Islington, to a circular letter which he has received from the Medical Officer of Health drawing attention to the prevalence of measles in the South-west Sub-Registration District of Islington, and containing certain instructions for preventing the spread of the disease.

I am directed by the Board to inform your Vestry that the Board have issued instructions to their teachers on the question of dealing with infectious illnesses, and expect their teachers not to take orders from any other body or person.

I am further directed to state that the Board are of opinion that, if the Medical Officer of Health thinks that any variation of the Board's rule is expedient, he should get the Vestry to communicate with the Board on the subject.

I am, SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

(Signed) G. H. CROAD,

Clerk to the Board.

This letter was referred by the Vestry to the Public Health Committee for action, and at a meetingheld on February 10th, 1896, I reported to them as follows:—

To the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee.

MADAM AND GENTLEMBN,

LETTER FROM THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR LONDON RESPECTING MEASURE.

The letter which you have just heard read appears to have originated in the following manner:—

On the 16th of January I addressed a communication to all schools in the South-west District of your Parish, and among them to the Head Teacher of the Gifford Street Board School. The following is the letter:—

VESTRY HALL,

UPPER STREET, N.,

January 16th, 1896.

DEAR SIR OR MADAM,

MEASLES.

I have to inform you that Measles is at present very prevalent in the sub-registration district of Islington South-west, in which your School is situated.

As this disease is likely to attack children attending the Infant School, it becomes a matter of the utmost importance that they should be carefully examined, with the object of excluding suspected children.

The disease usually begins with Catarrhal symptoms, running from the children's eyes and noses, appearing as if they had caught a cold. As it is immediately very infective, such children should not be re-admitted to their classes until they have produced a medical certificate as to their health.

In the case of those children who are known to be suffering from the disease, it is most advisable that they should not be allowed back to school for the period of one month after their convalescence, as the patient is likely to be in an infective condition for that period. It is also most necessary that all children living in the same house as the patients should be excluded from the school for a similar period.

I have also to intimate that it is most advisable during the hours in which the school rooms are unoccupied that the doors and windows should be opened as widely as possible for the purpose of ventilation, but that on the other hand during the class hours the rooms should be kept warm and comfortable by means of open fires.

I have to acquaint you that last week no less than six deaths were registered in the sub-district, making a total of 45 deaths since the commencement of the epidemic, from which you can judge for yourself the absolute necessity that exists for adopting these most reasonable precautions.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

(Signed),

ALFRED E. HARRIS,

Medical Officer of Health.

Accompanying this letter was the following leaflet which you authorised me to distribute:—

PROTECTION AGAINST MEASLES.

To Proprietors of Schools, School Managers and Teachers.

As there is every reason to believe that Measles (which is at present epidemic in the Parish) is spread to a considerable extent by means of Schools, the Public Health Committee are of opinion that it is imperatively necessary that Proprietors, School Managers and Teachers should take every precaution against such disease being introduced into their schools, and with a view of assisting them in this direction I have been desired to make such recommendations* as might seem advisable for effecting that object, and beg to submit the following:—

1.—That at the present time all children suffering from a running at the eyes and nose, and showing symptoms of a cold, should be at once excluded from the School. These are among the first symptoms of Measles, which disease is highly infectious, even in its earlier stages.

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- 2.—That it should be one of the requirements from parents of scholars that they should give notice to the Head Master or Mistress immediately on their becoming aware of the fact that Measles is in their houses.
- 3.—That on receipt of such notice the Master or Mistress should give information thereof to the Medical Officer of Health.
- 4.—That when any child is absent from School on the plea of illness, a letter from the parents or a certificate from a medical man should be required, stating the name of such illness.
- 5.—That a child who has suffered from Measles should not be allowed to re-enter the School without producing a certificate from a medical man, stating that he or she can do so without danger of infecting others.
- 6.—That children should not be allowed to attend School from a house in which Measles is known to exist, as, although not ill themselves, they are very likely to carry the infection to others, and to spread the disease.
- 7.—During the hours in which a School-room is not occupied the doors and windows should be opened as widely as possible, so that the room may be thoroughly ventilated. It is desirable that in all School-rooms there should be means for cross ventilation.
- 8.--During the winter months School-rooms should always be kept warm and comfortable by means of open fires or stoves. It is a false notion to suppose that a number of children in a room is sufficient to keep it warm; no doubt the temperature will be raised, but this is done by the extraction of the heat from the bodies of the children, which cannot but be injurious to their health, whereas an open fire, whilst heating a room and keeping the children warm, also acts very efficiently as a means of ventilation.
- 9.—Cleanliness amongst the scholars should be especially instisted upon, both as regards their clothes and persons. The greater the cleanliness of a School and of the scholars attending it, the less likelihood there will be of Measles spreading, should it by any chance be introduced therein.
- 10.—The School-room floors, desks, and forms should be thoroughly cleansed with soap and water, mixed with disinfectants, and the walls brushed down at least once a week; and at the end of each week the rooms should be disinfected with the fumes of burning sulphur.

ALFRED E. HARRIS,

Medical Officer of Health.

Public Heath Department,

Vestry Hall, Upper Street, N.,

15th January, 1896.

The Head Teacher of Gifford Street Board School, finding that in some respects these recommendations went farther than the Board's secret instructions to their staff—I say "secret"—for up to the receipt of the Board's letter I was not aware of their existence, and so far as I can learn they had never been divulged to the Sanitary Authorities or their Medical Officers of Health.

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Soon after sending my letter to the Teachers I called on the Head Teacher of the Gifford Street Board School, as I had become aware that deaths from Measles had occurred in Beaconsfield Buildings, from which many children attended the School, and arranged with him, as suggested by the memorandum of the Local Government Board, that he should let me know of any cases of the disease which came to his knowlege.

I have now to inform you, whether in consequence of the Board's letter to him or not it is not for me to say, that no case of Measles has been reported to me by him or, indeed, by any other Teacher.

So far as I am concerned I have to say that I have only complied with the memorandum of the Local Government Board, dated July, 1894, which lays down that—

"The attention of School Attendance Officers and of Schoolmasters should also be drawn to the following considerations. Frequently they themselves will obtain the earliest information of the occurrence of infectious diseases among scholars, and it is most desirable that such Officer or Master should without delay communicate the facts to the Medical Officer of Health. Absence of any child from school on the plea that it is suffering under one of the before-mentioned diseases, and absence of several children of one family from school at the same time, no matter what name be given to the complaint that keeps them at home, should be reported to the Health Officer. In practice it has been found that this notification of absentees has materially aided the local Health Officer in taking measures for the suppression of infectious disease, to the advantage alike of the district and of the school. Furthermore, Schoolmasters may properly be asked to take note, especially when an epidemic threatens or is present of symptoms occurring in any of their scholars that may indicate the commencement of disease, febrile in nature. Besides heat of skin, such symptoms are shivering, headache, and languor, especially if commencing suddenly, vomiting, rashes on the skin, and sore throat. When Scarlet Fever or Diphtheria is about, every trace of sore throat should be looked upon as suspicious. In any case where such symptoms are observed, the safest course will be to exclude the child from School until assurance can be had that it may attend school without harm to itself or danger to other scholars."

This is very explicit, and casts a very serious responsibility on the School Board if they should interfere with a Medical Officer of Health in the discharge of his duty. I cannot understand who could have so ill advised the School Board in this matter, but that they have been ill advised is very apparent.

I have to point out that in the Local Government Board's Memorandum the School Board itself is never mentioned, but only the School Managers, attendance officers and teachers.

In conclusion I desire to express my regret that the School Board for London should have taken action to prevent this authority obtaining information to which they are clearly entitled, and which was very essential for the prevention of an epidemic such as that which recently prevailed in Clerkenwell and to a lesser extent in St. Pancras, and where so far as I can learn no action whatsoever had been taken by the Board.

My experience of Measles has been very great, probably greater than any other Medical Officer of Health in England, and I have no hesitation in saying that the course

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which you adopted on my advice was the one and only course to be pursued when a community is threatened with an epidemic.

I am

Your obedient Servant,

ALFRED E. HARRIS,

Medical Officer of Health.

Vestry Hall,
Upper Street, N.,
10th February, 1896.

On the reading of these documents a discussion ensued when it was moved by Mr. Mote, seconded by Mr. Hollyman, and resolved that the School Board for London be informed that, having had the letter in question under consideration, and also a report from the Medical Officer of Health calling attention to Article 18 (6) of an Order of the Local Government Board dated March 23rd 1891, prescribing the relative duties of Medical Officers, of Health and Teachers in Elementary Schools, it would appear that, while the Medical Officer of Health has acted strictly within his powers, the School Board have exceeded theirs, in issuing to their teachers the instructions referred to in the second paragraph of their letter.

It was also resolved that a copy of the correspondence be forwarded to the Local Government Board.

The Vestry Clerk (Mr. W. F. Dewey) in accordance with this resolution addressed the following letters to the School Board for London and to the Local Government Board, to the latter of whom I had also forwarded a copy of my report.

THE VESTRY OF SAINT MARY, ISLINGTON.

VESTRY HALL,
UPPER STREET, N.,
13th February, 1896.

SIR,

Referring to your letter of the 4th instant, with reference to a circular letter received by the Head Teacher of the Gifford Street Board School from the Medical Officer of Health of this Parish, I am directed to inform you that the letter has been submitted to the Vestry and referred by it to the Public Health Committee to be dealt with.

The Public Health Committee now direct me to inform the Board that they have had the letter in question under consideration and also a report from the Medical Officer of Health calling attention to Article 18 (6) of an Order of the Local Government Board dated March 23rd, 1891, prescribing the relative duties of Medical Officers of Health and Teachers in Elementary Schools, from which it would appear that while the Medical

Officer of Health has acted strictly within his powers, your Board have exceeded theirs in issuing to their teachers the instructions* referred to in the second paragraph of your letter.

I enclose a copy of a memorandum† recently published by the Local Government Board, paragraph 7 of which deals with the Article in question.

By direction of the Public Health Committee, I am forwarding a copy of this correspondence to the Local Government Board.

I am,
Your obedient Servant,
(Signed) WM. F. DEWEY,

The Clerk,

School Board for London, Victoria Embankment.

THE VESTRY OF SAINT MARY, ISLINGTON.

VESTRY HALL,

UPPER STREET,

13th February, 1896.

Vestry Clerk.

To the Secretary, Local Government Board, Whitehall, S. W.

I am directed by the Public Health Committee of this Vestry to forward for your information a copy of correspondence which has taken place between the School Board for London and themselves, relative to infectious disease in the neighbourhood of Board Schools.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
(Signed) WM. F. DEWEY,

Vestry Clerk.

In reply to the latter letter the following communication was received:

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
WHITBHALL, S.W.,
23rd March, 1896.

I am directed by the Local Government Board to advert to you letter of the 13th ultimo., forwarding copy of correspondence which has taken place between the School Board for London and the Islington Vestry relative to infectious disease in the neighbourhood of Board Schools.

^{*} i.e., Instructions not to take orders from any other body or person, which practically meant the rejection of advice tendered by the Health Officer in accordance with the order of the Local Government Board.

[†]Memorandum on the circumstances under which the closing of Public Elementary Schools may be required to prevent the spread of disease. July, 1894.

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In reply, I am to inform the Vestry that since the circular which was issued with the Medical Officer of Health's letter of the 16th January last to the Proprietors of Schools School Managers and Teachers and which appears to have been limited to the case of Measles, was only in the form of advice and recommendation, the Board consider that the Medical Officer of Health merely fulfilled his duty which devolves upon him under Article 18 (6) of the Board's General Order of 8th December, 1891.

I am at the same time to state that in view of the instructions to which reference is made in the letter of the Clerk to the School Board of the 4th ultimo, and which, as the Board assume, relate to cases of notifiable disease as well as to those which are not notifiable, it may be well for the Vestry, in dealing with the subject of infectious diseases of the former class, to consider whether, as regards cases in which they may in the future be advised that the exclusion of particular children is desirable, they should not rely upon the exercise of their powers under Article 88 of the Education Code. I am, however, to add that in any case where the Medical Officer of Health finds it expedient to take such action as in the present instance, the Board consider that it is very desirable that he should communicate with the Medical Officer of Health of the School Board on the subject, with a view to secure as far as possible his co-operation in the matter.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

(Signed) C. N. DALTON,

Assistant Secretary.

There can be no doubt that the latter clause of this letter will be read with amazement by Medical Officers of Health, for if its suggestion be carried into effect, then it will at once cripple their hands in dealing promptly with infectious diseases, which, although they are non-notifiable, yet are frequently much more fatal than those which are. If this clause means anything, it means that London Medical Officers of Health cannot proceed to perform their duties - the duties laid down most definitely in the Board's own Order-quickly and expeditiously without first consulting the irresponsible Medical Officer of the London School Board. The health interests of this great metropolis must wait until such period as he amidst his many duties, can spare time to attend to those other duties for which he was never appointed. In matters of this kind delays are dangerous, and that delays will occur is certain, for already his time is so fully employed, that when this question of Measles was a burning one in this district it was not enquired into by himself, but by his assistant. No one doubts his ability, that is beyond dispute, but he cannot do everything, more especially when the fact is taken into consideration that he already holds at least five different public appointments.

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If this letter of the Local Government Board means the initiation of a changed order of things then it becomes a matter of necessity that the duties and responsibilities of the Medical Officers to School Boards should be clearly defined by the Local Government Board, and that legislation should be introduced giving them that *locus standi* in health matters which they do not at present possess.

The new state of affairs can only lead to friction, and, therefore, should be regulated by some order defining the relative duties of the several officers.

As a commentary on the action of the School Board, who were so anxious that advice should not be given to their officers, it may be pointed out that although the Board's private code of regulations for the guidance of managers, correspondents and teachers contains the subjoined very strong clause as to affording information to the Medical Officer of Health, yet not once did information reach me from them, although the teachers up to the time of the letter from the Board had from time to time afforded me valuable information, for which I expressed my appreciation in my Report for the Third Quarter of last year (vide p. 13).

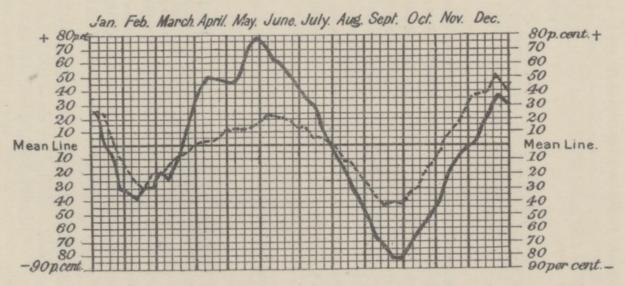
(ii.) "Any child showing symptoms of an infectious disease, or any child coming from a house where an infectious disease exists, must be sent home at once, and the Superintendent of Visitors must be immediately informed of the case, in order that enquiries may at once be made with a view to proper steps being taken to prevent the children living in the same house or tenement from attending school. The Medical Officer of Health for the district must also at the same time be informed of the child's exclusion, and furnished with the name and address of the child and the reason of its exclusion on a form with which the teachers will be supplied by the Head Office" (p. 67). The italics are those of the Medical Officer of Health.

Now if it be recollected that there were 170 deaths from Measles during the quarter, and if the fatality were 5 per cent., and it is not supposed it was higher, then there must have been at least 3,400 cases.

Is it possible that no knowledge of any of these cases came to the Board School Officials? The query cannot be answered by your Medical Officer. All he knows is that no information ever reached him, a fact much to be regretted, for it would have been invaluable in assisting to stay the



MEASLES. (24 Years 1872-95.)



The Mean Line represents an average weekly number of 3 deaths.

The dotted line represents the Deaths from Measles in London during a period of 50 years, (1841-90).

The Mean London Line representing an average weekly number of 34 deaths.

epidemic, which was weekly carrying off so many young lives; but still it is an extraordinary circumstance that no knowledge of cases seems to have come to the school attendance officers and the teachers!

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It is earnestly hoped that on another occasion similar ignorance of cases will not prevail.

The action of the Local Government Board in tying the hands of the London Medical Officers (and by a parity of reasoning every Medical Officer of Health in England, where the School Board may think it advisable to appoint a Medical Officer) is inexplicable, and has, as was anticipated, caused utter astonishment among them. It is therefore to be hoped that the Medical Department of the Local Government Board, to whom the health of the community is of such interest, will speedily annul the objectionable paragraph in the letter addressed to this Vestry on March 23rd, 1896.

In consequence of this epidemic the attention of the Medical Officer of Health has been directed in a special manner towards the seasonal prevalence of measles, and he remarked at page 21 of his return for the second quarter of the year, that when its behaviour in London was represented diagramatically by curves it was remarkable in showing a double maximum and minimum curve, the larger maximum occurring in November, December and January, the cold season of the year, and the smaller in May and June. He also remarked that the larger minimum occurred in August, September and October, and the smaller towards the end of January, February and March. In Islington so far as he could see without having actually charted the deaths, it seemed that the greater maximum occurred in March, April and May, and the lesser in December, January and February. He was only partly correct in this statement, for he finds, vide chart on opposite page, that the Islington curves follow the London curves very closely, but the periods of the year at which the greater and tesser maximum occurs are reversed, and so it is also with the greater and lesser minimum curves. noteworthy circumstance is that the intensity of the curve is much greater in Islington than in London, for whereas the maximum curves rise to 77 and 36 per cent. in Islington, they only reach 25 and 51 per cent. in London, and whereas the minimum curves fall to 30 and 45 per cent.

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in the Metropolis, they go down as low as 40 and 79 per cent. here. In London the disease behaves from year's end to year's end in a more even manner, whereas here it runs to extremes. Indeed, the sharp fall in Islington from the greater maximum to the greater minimum is what the Americans would probably call a "landslide." It is at any rate a very accentuated curve.

It is difficult to understand how it happens that the Islington greater maximum occurs at a warm period of the year, for as shown in the report for the second quarter of this year (page 17), pneumonia, bronchitis and other respiratory diseases are the secondary causes which chiefly carry off persons suffering from measles, and it is of course at the cold period of the year that such diseases are most prevalent, and when consequently their effect would be most felt by patients suffering from a disease, which, by its very nature, renders its victims particularly prone to contract them. (Vide Report Third Quarter, Table VIII).

Of course it may happen that the number of cases occurring at the colder period may be comparatively few, and that the mortality is relatively larger, notwithstanding the fact that the total number of deaths is not so great. Indeed this is the only explanation that is possible in the absence of information as to the number of cases that occurred, for it would be quite reasonable to think that although there might be an extraordinary large number of cases at the time when the greater maximum is reached, yet the case mortality (fatality), might be small, although sufficiently large to exceed the number of deaths which take place in the winter, when the cases are fewer, but the fatality greater.

The matter is one of considerable interest, as bearing upon seasonable influence on diseases, but it is not proposed to discuss it further here.

SCARLET FEVER.

This disease was credited with 57 deaths, which were equal to a death-rate of 0.16 per 1,000. This return is slightly below the return

for the preceding eleven years, after correction has been made for increased population, viz., 60.

In each of the preceding eleven years the figures were:-

1885	 	36 deaths.	1891		 50 deaths.
1886	 	26 ,,	1892		 53 ,,
1887	 	59 ,,	1893		 94 ,,
1888	 	64 ,,	1894		 69 ,.
1889	 	40 ,,	1895		 66 ,,
1890	 	65 ,,	1896	***	 57 ,,

Showing the Deaths from Scarlet Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	3	3	4	7	17
Islington, South West	2	5	7	3	17
Islington, South East	3	2	3	5	13
Highbury	2	1	2	5	10 .
The Parish	10	11	16	20	57

Showing the Death-rates from Scarlet Fever of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	 0.12	0.12	0.16	0.26	0.16
Islington, South West	 0.07	0.18	0.26	0.10	0.15
Islington, South East	 0.18	0.12	0:18	0.28	0.19
Highbury	 0.12	0.06	0.12	0.28	0.15
The Parish	 0.11	0.13	0.19	0.22	0.16

DIPHTHERIA.

247 deaths were registered from Diphtheria, which is the largest number ever known in the parish during one year, the previous record being 208 in 1894.

The returns for the previous eleven years were :-

1885	 	167	1891	 	158
1886	 	72	1892	 	150
1887	 	46	1893	 	180
1888	 	50	1894	 	208
1889	 	62	1895	 	137
1890	 	81	1896	 ***	247

The mean annual number of deaths, after correction for increase of population, in the eleven years was 126.

The death-rate resulting from the 247 deaths was equal to 0.71 per 1,000 inhabitants.

In other populous places the death-rates during the year from Diphtheria were as follows:—

England and	Wales	 		1,000	inhabitants.
33 Great Tov		 	0.35		**
67 other Larg	ge Towns	 	0.24		,,
England and		100			
Towns		 	0.23		,,
London		 	0.57		"
Encircling Distric	ts	 	0.47		"
Hampstead		 	0.39		1)
St. Pancras		 	0.40		"
Stoke Newin	gton	 	0.56		"V alter and partie
Hackney		 	0.47		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Clerkenwell	***	 	0.62		" maldaill
St. Luke		 	0.62		***
Shoreditch		 	0.60		" datast alt
Islington		 	0.71		,,

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The death-rate was higher in this Parish than in any of the above-mentioned places. There were, however, several London districts wherein the death-rate was higher, namely:—

Chelsea				1.17 per 1	,000 inhabitan	ts.
Limehouse				0.83	"	
Mile End				0.86	,,	
St. Saviour				0.70	***	
St. Olave				0.76		
Bermondsey	***			0.84	"	
Camberwell			•••	1.01	"	
Greenwich				0.78	"	
Lewisham			• • • •	0.88	,,	
Woolwich	1275			0.74	"	
Plumstead		***		0.91	"	

Among the Provincial Towns, West Ham (really a metropolitan district) and Wolverhampton alone showed death-rates nearly approaching these, and there the death-rates were in each case 0.60.

It is a noteworthy fact that whereas in the 33 large towns (inclusive of London) the death-rate from Diphtheria rose from 0.27 in ten years to 0.38 or 0.11 per 1,000, yet in London it increased from 0.41 to 0.60 per 1,000, or 0.19.

Why this is so, is really the great health problem of the day in London. This subject has in previous reports been dwelt on at length, and it is not proposed to go into it now, more especially as it will in all probability be the subject of a special report.

TABLE XXXVII.

Showing the Deaths from Diphtheria in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	 28	22	15	21	86
Islington, South West	 12	26	31	26	95
Islington, South East	 7	1,2	7	10	36
Highbury	 9	7	6	8	30
The Parish	 56	67	59	65	247

Table XXXVIII.

Showing the Death-rates of the Sub-districts from Diphtheria for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year,
Upper Holloway	1.13	0.89	0.60	0.79	0.85
Islington, South West	. 0.44	0.96	1:15	0.89	0.86
Islington, South East	0.42	0.72	0.42	0.55	0.53
Highbury	. 0.55	0.43	0.37	0.46	0.45
The Parish	0.66	0.79	0.69	0.71	0.71

WHOOPING COUGH.

Whooping cough was more than usually fatal, causing no less than 234 deaths, as against a corrected average annual number of 196. The death-rate for the year was equal to 0.68 per 1,000 inhabitants.

In each of the preceding eleven years, the number of deaths registered was as follows:—

1885			210 deaths	1891			255 death	IS
1886	-	angle in	214 "	1892	07.10		161 ,,	
1887	10.110		240 ,,	1893	jeut, be		181 ,,	
1888			231 "	1894	ol.lo	origin.	188 ,,	
1889			86 ,,	1895	meldin		81 "	
1890			204 ,,	1896			234 "	

TABLE XXXIX.

Showing the Deaths from Whooping Cough in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	quinter	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year,
Upper Holloway		27	36	18	6	87
Islington, South West		20	27	13	6	66
Islington, South East		24	17	5	3	49
Highbury		5	16	8	3	32
The Parish		76	96	44	18	234

TABLE XL.

Showing the Death-rates from Whooping Cough of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.	
Upper Holloway		 1.09	1.46	0.72	0.22	0.86
Islington, South West	7	 0.74	1.00	0.42	0.20	0.60
Islington, South East		 1.44	1.02	0.30	0.16	0.72
Highbury		 0.30	0.98	0.49	0.17	0.48
The Parish		 0.89	1.13	0.52	0.19	0.68

TYPHUS FEVER.

There was no death from Typhus Fever. The records of the preceding eleven years were:—

1885		 3 6	leaths.	1891		 1 death.
1886		 2	"	1893		 1 ,,
1887		 2	"	1895		 1 ,,
1888	1,000	 1	"		K	

There were no deaths in the years that have been omitted.

ENTERIC FEVER.

There were 46 deaths ascribed to this fever, which is 3 less than the corrected average for the years 1885-95 inclusive.

The death-rate for the year was 0.13 per 1,000 inhabitants, The previous eleven returns for this fever were:—

1885			63 d	leaths.	1891			32	deaths.
1886			60	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1892			41	,,
1887			45	"	1893			48	"
1888	diano	HOL. E	59	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1894	Q., E	Magh.	36	"
1889	bearing	m, ince	61	,,,	1895	1500	· fugo	30	"
1890	Hip a	BW01	39	,,	1896	10.00	la ggil	46	99

TABLE XLI.

Showing the Deaths from Enteric Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts-	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	4	1	5	3	13
Islington, South West	1	2	2	7	12
Islington, South East		100-0	4		8
Highbury	4	2	3	4	13
The Parish	13	5	14	14	46

TABLE XLII.

Showing the Death-rates from Enteric Fever of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	0.16	0.04	0:20	0.11	0.12
(slington, South West	0.03	0.07	0.07	0.24	0.10
Islington, South East	0.24	LEDWINE	0.24		0.11
Highbury	0.24	0.12	0.18	0.23	0.19
The Parish	0.15	0.06	0.16	0.15	0.13

DIARRHŒA.

The 153 deaths for which Diarrhœa was responsible, were 58 below the annual average, after corrections for increased population, of the preceding eleven years. The death-rate was 0.44 per 1,000.

The deaths in the eleven years, 1885-1895, were:-

1885	 197 des	ths.	1891	 ***	159	deaths.
1886	 320	,,	1892	 	189	,,
1887	 		1893	 	237	"
1888	 162	,,	1894	 	93	,,
1889	 178	,,	1895	 	188	"
1890	 180	,,	1896	 	153	"

TABLE XLIII.

Showing the Deaths from Diarrhœa in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub Districts.	2	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year,	
Upper Holloway		1	7	38	4	50	
Islington, South West	2.	9 9	6	46	2	48	
Islington, South East		1	4	26	5	31	
Highbury		12	1	22	3	24	
The Parish		3	12	132	6	153	

TABLE XLIV.

Showing the Death-rates from Diarrhœa of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	0.04	0.04	1.54	0.15	0.49
Islington, South West		0.07	1.71	0.07	0.43
Islington, South East	0.16	3 .5	1.56	1.18	0.15
Highbury	0.06	0.12	1.36	1	0.36
The Parish	0.03	0.06	1.56	0.06	0.44

TABLE XLV.

Showing the Deaths from All Causes, from the principal Zymotic Diseases and from Phthisis belonging to the Parish and to the several Encircling Sanitary Districts registered in the fifty-three weeks of the year 1896.

19	8	Total Deaths from ail Causes.	Total Zymotic Deaths.	Deaths from principal Zymotic Diseases.								E	of der ge.	
DISTRICTS.	Estimated Population.			Small Pox.	Measles.	Scar'et Fev r.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Typhus.	Enteric Fever.	Simple and Undefined Fevers.	Diarrhœa.	Deaths from Phthisis.	Deaths of Infants under I year of age.
St. Pancras	241,066	4,442	608		133	37	- 99	128	1800	31	Tono	180	474	1,182
Stoke Newington	33,615	434	80		5	8	19	16	The last	5		27	28	106
Hackney	213,774	3,414	612		95	36	103	147	I	37	1	192	306	937
Hornsey	62,076	549	66		6	9	12	16	8.0	6		17		135
Clerkenwell	06,195	1,393	255		53	15	42	42		15	1.8	88	145	408
St. Luke	41,478	1,059	161		35	2 I	- 26	23		4		52	123	303
Shoreditch	122,265	2,656	536	I	143	39	74	126		17		136	232	791
All above Districts	780,469	13,947	2,318	I	470	165	375	498	I	115	I	692	1,308	3,862
Islington	337,661	5,884	1028	1	288	57	247	234	1.8	46	2	153	530	1490

PUERPERAL FEVER.

To this disease of childbed were ascribed eleven deaths, one less than in 1895. These were in the proportion of 1.11 deaths to every 1,000 births.

The proportion of deaths to births was least in Upper Holloway, where it was only 0.34 in every 1,000, and greatest in Islington Southeast, where it was 2.11.

TABLE XLVII.

Showing the Deaths from Puerperal Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	-	lat Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway					1	1
TIL O O IL WELL			2	1	3	6
T 11 1 C 11 T - 1		1	1		2	4
Highbary		**		***************************************		
The Parish		1	3	1	- 6	11

TABLE XLVIII.

Showing the Deaths from Puerperal Fever per 1,000 Births in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.	
Upper Holloway	9. 2	3		1.24	0.34	
Islington, South West		2.46	1.30	3.20	1.77	
Islington, South East	2.09	2.15		3.96	2.11	
The Parish	. 0.40	1.23	E 0.43	2.20	1.11	

INFLUENZA.

There were 33 deaths credited to Influenza. These represent an annual death-rate of 0.09 per 1,000.

The returns since 1891 were as follows:-

1891		 183	deaths	=	0.57	per 1,00	0
1892		 175	"		0.53	"	
1893	for Alten	 123	"	=	0.37	17	
1894		 51	. ,,	=	0.12	"	
1895		 176	,,		0.52	"	
1896		 33	,,	=	0.09	,,	

The present return is the lowest since 1891. The greatest number of deaths occurred in the first quarter of the year, when 13 persons died; in the second 5, in the third 6, and in the fourth quarter 9.

ERYSIPELAS.

Fourteen persons died from Erysipelas, as against 16 in the preceding quarter and 15 in 1894.

The death-rate was 0.04 per 1,000 inhabitants.

= 1.22 per 1.000 inhabitants.

CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES.

In this class 1,122 deaths occurred. Of these the greater number arose from the following diseases:—

ose from the following	diseas	ses:-		a plan		1000	1 00	ncrease
				1895.		1896.	ond	OF
						_	D	ecrease.
Dhamatia Favor	7	120		9		17	+	8
Rheumatic Fever				12		12		
Rheumatism		***		9		15	+	6
Gout	***		***	17		12	_	5
Rickets	***			266		291	+	25
Cancer				9		14	+	5
Gangrene				80		81	+	1
Tabes Mesenterica				108		103	_	5
Tubercular Meningitis			•••	568		530	_	38
Phthisis				200	•••	16	+	9
Other Tubercular and S	crofulo	us Dise	ases	9	***	10	_	2
Purpura				2	***	9	-	1
Anæmia, Chlorosis, Le	ucocyt	hæmia		10		19		3
Diabetes				16		19	T	2
Other Diseases				1		3	-	2
						1 100	1	0
	Total			1114	4	1,122	+	0
				-				THE REAL PROPERTY.

Compared with the preceding year there was an increase of 8 deaths, although there were 53 weeks in the 12 months under discussion.

Of these diseases Phthisis and Cancer call for attention.

PHTHISIS.

Phthisis was the cause of 530 deaths, which were equal to a death rate of 1.69 per 1,000.

The deaths occurred as follows:-

Upper Holloway ... 123 deaths = 1.22 per 1000 inhabitants. South-west Islington ... 204 ,, = 1.86 ,, South-east ,, ... 125 ,, = 1.84 ,, Highbury ... 78 ,, = 1.18 ,, $\frac{1.18}{530}$ = $\frac{1.18}{1.54}$

The return is satisfactory, for it is 43 below the mean annual number of deaths recorded in the preceding five years.

The following Table shows the distribution of the disease in the sub-districts and in the several quarters of the year:—

TABLE XLIX.

	Qu	arters.		71	Upper Holloway.	Islington South-west.	Islington South-east.	Highbury.	The Parish.
1st		1.0		8.	29	45	32	20	126
2nd		201		08	37	51	33	17	138
3rd		0.00	**	8.0	24	48	25	17	114
4th*					33	60	35	24	152
	The '	Year		101	123	204	125	78	530

*14 weeks.

⁴⁹ children under five years of age died from this disease.

CANCER.

To Cancer were ascribed 291 deaths, representing a death-rate of 0.84 per 1,000.

The following Table shows the districts and season of the year to which they were referred:—

TABLE L.

Quarters,					Upper Holloway.	Islington South-west.	Islington South-east.	Highbury.	The Parish.
1st				8.5	14	16	10	18	58
2nd					19	29	16	12	76
3rd					26	22	14	15	77
4th					22	19	18	21	80
	The	Year			81	86	58	66	291

Of these 291 persons, 187 or 64 per cent. were women. The ages of all persons were as follows:—

Ages.		Deaths.	Ages.	Deaths.
0-25		6	75—85	21
25-35		13	85—95	4
35—45		30	95 and upwards	10001
45-55		86		-
55-65		68	All ages	291
65—75	nt seels	63	sooned Quarter, towards to	200

THE NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The number of infectious diseases notified during the year was 3,882, which represent a sickness rate of 11.15 per 1,000 inhabitants, as

against an annual rate of 10.2, which prevailed in the quinquennial period, 1891-95.

The previous returns were:-

1891				2,063	=	6.4 I	per 1,000	inhabitants.
1892	noanga	ban a	Pittie	3,320	=	10.3	***	nilol mil
1893				4,853			"	A Cally gornia
1894				3,123			"	39
1895	.000			2,840	=	8.5	"	"
1891-95 \ (mean) }	11 12	Minist .	**	3,240	=	9.9	,,	,,
1896				3,882	-	11.15	,,	,,
Headman			10					

SMALL POX.

Fifty notifications of Small Pox were made during the year of which 49 proved to be genuine cases. With the exception of April, October, November and December, cases occurred in every month.

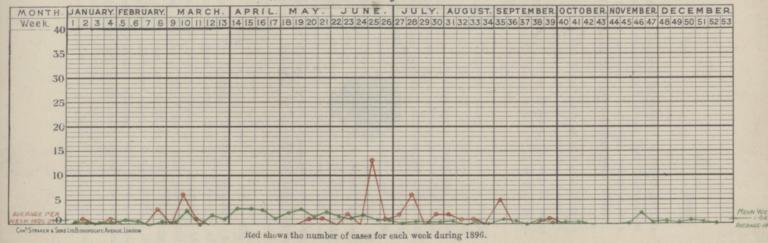
In the First Quarter, 12 cases were notified, of which 7 occurred in Upper Holloway, 1 in South-west Islington, and 4 in Highbury. No case was known in South-east Islington. One of the patients was an infant who was born in the Highgate Hospital for Small Pox, whither the mother of the child had been removed from another district for treatment.

In the Second Quarter, towards the end of May, two cases of Small Pox were notified. These were followed by 16 others during June, making a total of 18 cases. They were practically confined to the Upper Holloway Sub-district, for, with one exception, all the cases occurred there.

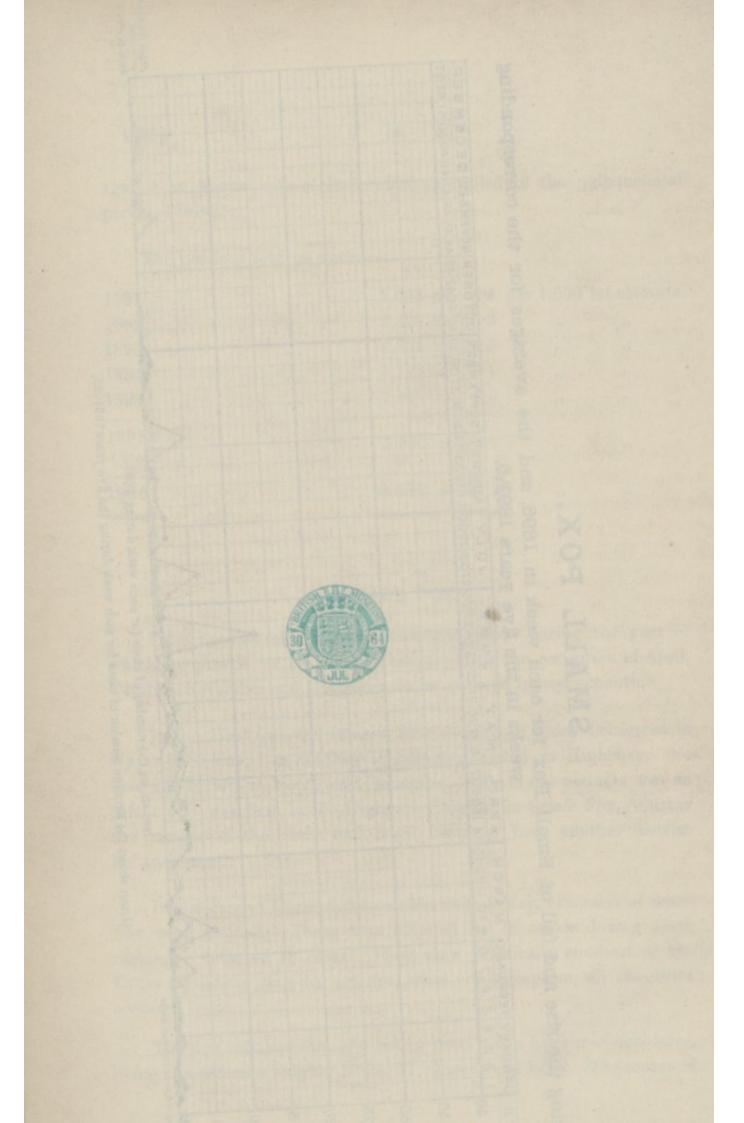
The first case was that of a lad 15 years old, a hawker of boot laces, living at a common lodging house, 11, Queensland Road. The source of

SMALL POX.

Showing the rise and fall of Small Pox for each week in 1896, and the averages for the corresponding weeks in the five years 1891-5.



Green shows the average number of cases for each week during the five years 1891-95.



75 [1896

the disease could not be traced. He had only been a lodger in this house a few days when attacked, from which it is clear that the infection was not contracted in it. He had previously lived with relatives in a house at the opposite side of the street, but they were free from infection.

Twenty cases were notified in the *Third Quarter*, of which 20 cases 10 were notified in July, 4 in August, and 6 in September (5 weeks). The disease was chiefly confined to Upper Holloway, where 12 cases were reported; 2 occurred in Islington South-west, and 6 in Highbury. From South-east Islington no case was notified.

Towards the end of June it became necessary to advise the Public Health Committee that it would be well to employ additional medical assistance so as to make a house-to-house inspection in the streets in which Small Pox had appeared, particularly in Campbell Road, in order to ascertain if any cases remained undiscovered, and also to vaccinate, if permission were given, all persons who had been exposed to infection. The Committee at once gave their assent, and it was fortunate enough to secure the services of Dr. Leslie Thorne (son of Sir Richard Thorne, Medical Officer of the Local Government), who at once commenced his duties, and for four weeks diligently kept watch and ward over those houses and streets in which Small Pox had appeared. This action of the Public Health Committee was most prudent, and was the means of bringing to an end what might have proved a much more serious outbreak.

In this connection it must not be omitted to mention the very ready services afforded by Inspector Sweeney (formerly a Sanitary Inspector of the Islington Vestry, but now Inspector of Common Lodging Houses for the London County Council), as well as by Inspectors Jordan and Grivell, of the Vestry's staff, who spared neither time nor pains in doing what they could to assist in checking the outbreak. It must also be mentioned that to Inspector Ward is due the great credit in tracing the cases of Small Pox at Hornsey Rise, which, but for his timely discovery, might have spread the disease broadcast in the district.

It happened that cases numbered 262, 263 and 264 were discovered in the following manner, for they were never notified.

On July 8th, your Medical Officer received through Dr. Shirley Murphy, Medical Officer of the London County Council, a letter from Dr. Scatterty, Medical Officer of Health of Keighly (Yorks), in which he stated that two cases very like Small Pox had come under his notice, and that they stated that they had been staying at the "Favorite," P.H., Hornsey Rise.

Not knowing of any cases in that neighbourhood, the Medical Officer made a strict investigation, without eliciting any information. Fortunately, it came to Inspector Ward's recollection, that some time previously he had seen a man standing at a door in Hornsey Rise, with a very sore face, from which matter was oozing. He was at once sought out (case 263), and was found at work, although alone, and it was noticed that his face showed unmistakable signs of confluent Small Pox. He had then completely recovered. It was further discovered that his wife had had two or three spots on her face, and enquiries revealed the following history.

On May 10th, she felt very unwell, with severe pains in her back, and next day she had a miscarriage. A few days later, two or three spots appeared on her face, and these were ascribed by her medical attendant "to the feverish condition of her blood, consequent on her miscarriage." Nothing more was thought of the matter.

Fourteen days later, however, her husband was attacked with what must have been confluent Small Pox, if one might judge from the description given to your medical officer by his wife as well, as from the pitted condition of his face when he saw him on July 8th.

He had been treated for Chicken Pox, and his wife was informed by his medical advisers that this was the disease from which he suffered.

During the period of his convalescence he was seen by many persons in the road with matter running from sores on his face, and he

stated that he walked out "because his medical advisers told him that he would not get well until he got out."

Just as he was getting well case 264 took ill (June 22nd), and on the date of your medical officer's visit (July 8th) the pustules on his face had nearly dried up, and he was nearly convalescent. This case had also been diagnosed as Chicken Pox.

It is much to be wondered at that more cases were not propagated by these persons, for in the first place case 262 kept a newspaper and tobacco shop, and was, therefore, in close touch with the public at the time she was nursing her husband. There can be very little doubt, but that it was at her shop the cases reported from Keighly contracted Small Pox, for "The Favorite" P.H. is only a few doors away, and it is, therefore, more than likely that these people visited it. I have been unable to trace any other cases to this source of infection, although one cannot help wondering if case 239 contracted the infection here, as the shop was partitioned so as to make two shops, one of which was a bootmaker's, at which case 264 worked.

At first your medical officer felt inclined to blame the doctors in attendance on these people for failing to diagnose the disease, but when he recollected that very few medical men when students ever see, or have the opportunity of seeing, cases of Small Pox, he was obliged to look on their error in a more lenient light.

This blot on medical training should be removed by the Medical Council making some rule by which students should be compelled to produce certificates, showing that they had seen a certain number of cases of this disease, before being allowed to proceed for their examinations.

In the Fourth Quarter no case of Small Pox was reported, which was without doubt due to the energetic manner in which it had been combatted in the previous three months.

The following Table shows the sex, age, state as to vaccination and the address of the several persons who were notified as suffering from the disease.

Cases of Small Pox notified during the Year 1896.

No. of Case in Regis- ter and date of Certificate	Sex.	Age.	Name.	Address.	State as to Vaccination.	Remarks. Probable orgin of Case.
Jan. 7 (227)	F	6	E—, C—	4, St. Paul's-road	Un- vaccinated.	Patient went to High- gate on 25th Dec. 1895
Jan. 20 (228)	F	36	E, C	4, St. Paul's-road	Unknown.	Caught disease from case No. 227
Feb. 17 (229)	F	3 wks.	C-,	Small Pox and Vaccination Hespital	odd odd	This child was born in Highgate Hospital, the mother being a patient remove from another dis- trict for treatment
Feb. 18 (230)	M	7	J—, C—	69, Yerbury-read	Vaccinated	Origin unknown
Feb. 19 (231)	M	22	S—, E— :	500, Hornsey-road	Vaccinated Re- Vaccinated	Origin unknown
Mar. 3 (232)	M	15 mths	C, A	69, Yerbury-road	Vaccinated	Brother removed on the 18th Feb. 1896 (Case 230)
Mar. 3 (233)	F	9	C, D	69, Yerbury-road	Vaccinated	See case 232
Mar. 4 (234)	F	23	J, A	69, Yerbury-road	Vaccinated	Three other cases taken away from this address. (Cases
	E Al	13.80	bayeaugr of ble		ibom mo	230-2-3)
Mar. 6 (235)	BEER!	24	W—, A—	46, Blackstock-rd.	Vaccinated	Origin unknown
Mar. 6 (236)	F	21	w, c	46, Blackstock-rd.	Vaccinated	Origin unknown
Mar. 7 (237)	M	20	т, н	Small Pox Hospital		Origin unknown
Mar. 11 (238)	M	27	D—, A—	1, Alma-terrace	Un- vaccinated.	Supposed to have been caught from removing infected clothing from 69 Yerbury-road

Cases of Small Pox notified-continued.

No. of Case in Regis- ter and date of Certificate	Sex.	Age.	Name.	Address.	State of Vaccination.	Remarks. Probable origin of Case.
May 13 (239)	M	15	A, W	11, Queensland-rd.	Un- vaccinated.	Patient was a hawker of bootlaces. Ori- gin unknown
May 15 (240)	F	27	B—, L—	85, Campbell-road	Vaccinated	Origin unknown
June 3 (241)	M	15	н—, с—	27, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin uncertain, but probably from case 240
June 3 (242)	M	13	H—, G—	27, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin uncertain, but probably from case 241
June 15 (143)	F	27	В—, Е—	27, Campbell-road	Vaccinated	Contracted from cases 241 and 242
June 15 (244)	M	8	D, J	27, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Contracted from cases 241 & 242. Patient died 24/6/96
June 15 (245)	F	3}	H, C	28, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin uncertain, but probably from cases 241 and 242
June 16 (246)	CI CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE	37	C, E	1, Marcellus-road	Vaccinated	Called in Doctor on 12/6/96, several spots on body, 2nd Doctor called in on 15/6/96, patient was in the habit of attending Hornsey Road Baths, to which the washing of the neighbourhood is taken to be washed. It was stated, but not proved, that clothes from Campbell Rd. had been washed there
June 17 (247)	F	40	E-, E-	23, Thorpedale-rd	Vaccinated 35 years ago.	
June 17 (248)	F	17	F—, E— .	. 6, Vorley-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin unknown
June 18 (249)	F	13	T—, L— .		Un- vaccinated	Contracted from cases 241 and 242
June 18 (250)	M	31	G—, G— .	. 29, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin uncertain, but apparently from cases 241 & 242 who lived in next house

Cases of Small Pox notified-continued.

No.of Case in Regis- ter and date of Certificate	Sex.	Age.	Name.	Address.	State of Vaccination.	Remarks, Probable origin of Case.
June 19 (251)	M	10	K, J	55, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin uncertain, but apparently from cases 241 and 242
June 19 (252)	M	52	R—, J—	10, Campbell-road	Vaccinated	Origin uncertain, but apparently from cases 241 and 242
June 19 (253)	F	25	H—, K—	54, Pooles-park	Vaccinated	Patient worked at Smethurst's Laun- dry on the 8th and 9th June with a girl from Campbell
June 20 (254)	M	34	В—, Ј—	. 23, Thorpedale-rd.	Vaccinated	Road Contracted from case 247
June 20 (255)	F	36	В—, І—	23, Thorpedale-rd.	Vaccinated	Contracted from case 247
June 23 (256)	F	14 mths		25, Campbell-road	Un- vaccinated.	Origin cases 241 and 242. Pustules were visible on this child on Friday 19th June. Doctor saw the case on the 18th but he did not make up his mind thinking it might be chicken pox. The child had been nursed in a ground floor room in the midst of another family, the mother being engaged at a laundry
June 29 (257)	М	12	C E	23, Thorpedale-rd	Un- vaccinated at the time case 247, (2nd	
	lan lan	- The	vaccinated.	Compbe Load	quarter,) was taken ill, was done a week ago.	(912)
July 1 (258)	F	59	E S	27 Ashbrook-road	Vaccinated	Unknown

Cases of Small Pox notified-continued.

-				Cuses	6) Dim	att Fox notifica—con	**********	
No.of Case in Regis- ter and date of Certificate		Age.		Name.		Address.	State of Vaccination.	Remarks. Probable origin of Case.
July 7 (259)	F	2	A-	F		136, Fairbridge-rd.	Un- vaccinated.	This patient con- tracted the disease
5dl 12.					-		raccinatou.	from case 241 along
1 1000		year					-	side of whom her mother sat in the
James .								Great Northern
								Hospital, outdoor department. She
								(the mother) was
							1	attacked with the disease in a very
								modified form, and did not think it was
MY 55		Har						anything infecti-
DI MOON		rinds						ous, and had no medical attendant
July 7	M	3	H-	— F—		136, Fairbridge-rd.	Un-	From case No. 259
(260)		2-17			100		vaccinated.	
July 7 (261)	F	18	L-	— H—		41, Pooles-park	Vaccinated	
Base man			0			pro-reduced to the state of	=± 0 JW	
July 8 (262)	F	25	5-	— M —		37, Hornsey-rise	Vaccinated	Originunknown, Mrs. M—— was taken
In tolsoon		603					10 9	ill on the 10th May, there were only 2
FREER								pustules on her face
July 8 (263)	M	27	A-	— M—		37, Hornsey-rise	Vaccinated	the patient was ill,
The state of		NA.					9-9-9	Inspector Wardsaw him standing at the door with matter
Locali Son					-010		W	oozing from the pustules on his face
July 8 (264)	М	15	E-	— M—		39, Hornsey-rise	Vaccinated	From cases 262 & 263
July 20 (265)	F	25	E-	-0-		Walden House Stables, Dalmeny	Vaccinated	Origin unknown
- CANAL		- 14				road		
July 25 (266)	M	4	W.	т. 0		56, Pooles-park	Un- vaccinated.	Contracted disease from case No. 267
July 27 (267)	F	26	Mrs	s. 0—	lunt 1	56, Pooles-park	Vaccinated	This patient accom- panied a woman
In all the same		39						living next door to
I THE REAL PROPERTY.	W. A	500			Diàna		2	The latter was
Bigging								then suffering from small pox. On July
-910-	77.9	1			Toron			1st Mrs. O was
1	- 1	1						taken ill, and con- sulted Dr. Z

Cases of Small Pox notified—continued.

No.of Case in Regis- ter and date of Certificate	Sex.	Age		Name.		Address.	State of Vaccination	Remarks, Probable origin of Case.
- 000 de competit		STATE OF THE PARTY		Un-	Jhr	althought the same of the same		on July 4th, because she had a number of spots on her face and arms. At the time she had a suspicion it was small pox. She remained at home, and during the period of her convalescence, seems to have made at least one dress. When the
-lineted on had dusbase					20-0			next case (268) was notified, she was finishing a dress in the very room in which the patient was lying. Case discovered by M.O.H.
July 27 (268)	M	28	G.	w. o —		56, Pooles-park	Vaccinated	Contracted disease from cases 266 and 267
Aug. 8 (269)	F	30	E-	- P-		6, Arthur-road	Vaccinated	The husband of case 255 was a porter at Ladbury's, where this woman was employed
Aug. 11 (270)	F	26	Mr	s. P——		106, Bingfield-st.	Vaccinated	Origin unknown
Aug. 25 (271)	F	23	E-	— W—		33, Witherington-road	Vaccinated	Patient visited 20, Aberdeen Road, where 3 cases of Small Pox had occurred.
Aug. 26 (272)	F	15	E-	— E—	000	45, Aubert-park	Vaccinated	Aberdeen Road, where 3 cases of
TOT .016	1	mint						Small Pox had occurred
Aug. 27 (273)	F	20	K	— F—		20, Aberdeen-road	Vaccinated	Patient was supposed to have been suffer- ing from Chicken Pox
Aug. 27 (274)	F	25	M-	— F——	**	20, Aberdeen-road	Vaccinated	
Aug. 27 (275)	F	22	W-	F		20, Aberdeen-road	Vaccinated	See case No. 273
Sept. 26 (276)	F	15	Λ-	— K—		33, Hornsey-street	Vaccina ted	Origin unknown

TABLE LI.

Showing the sickness from Small Pox in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		7	17	12	Service .	36
Islington, South West	**	1		2	portq.]	3
Islington, South East					mun.i	
Highbury		4	1	6	oodbe.	11
The Parish		12	18	20	noil	50

TABLE LII.

Showing the sickness rates from Small Pox of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

BICKNESS-RATES.

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		0.28	0.69	0.48	ostio.	0.35
Islington, South West		0.03		0.07		0.02
Islington, South East						
Highbury	-	0.24	0.06	0.37	Pag. 764	0.16
The Parish		0.14	0.21	0.23	1 1000	0.14

TABLE LIII.

Showing the fatality from Small Pox. (Percentage of Deaths to recorded Sickness).

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	Soldier .	di Maria	8.3		2.7]
Islington, South West	or manage	OF		**	**
Islington, South East	1-14.18 h	David In	n and U		-
Highbury	Y.I. In	0.11	of sign his		
The Parish		10.10.10	5.0		2.0

The occupations followed by the several persons attacked were as follows:—

Barmaid	 	 1 pe	rson.
Bootmaker	 	 1	,,
Bricklayer	 	 1	"
Housewives .	 	 3	,,
Labourer	 	 1	,,
Laundress	 	 2	"
Schoolchildren	 	 4	,,
Servants	 	 3	"
Shop Assistant	 	 1	"
Tobacconist	 	 1	"

The trades carried on in the houses in which they lived were:-

Bootmaking		 1	person.
Confectioner		 1	,,
Common Lodging	House	 7	,,
Dressmaking		 1	,,
'obacconist		 1	"

SCARLET FEVER.

To Scarle Fever were ascribed 2,031 cases of illness, as against 1,692 in 1895, and an average of 1,693 in the five years 1891-95, for which periods the returns were as follows:—

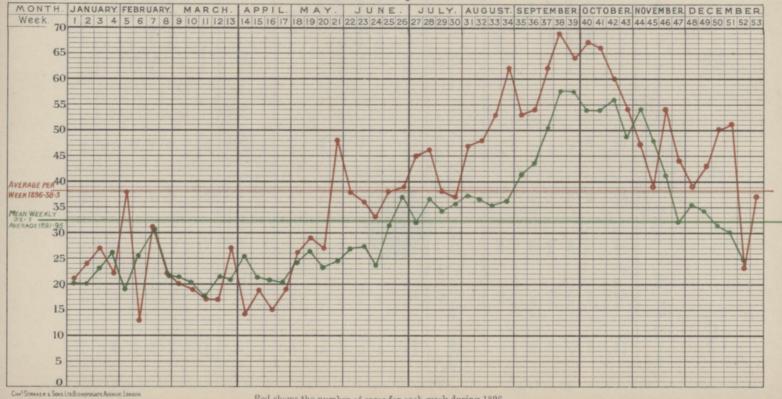
1891	 	 700	cases.
1892	 	 1,703	,,
1893	 	 2,879	"
1894	 	 1,493	99
1895	 	 1,692	,,
1896	 	 2,031	,,

In proportion to population the incidence of the disease was greatest in South-east Islington, a district in which there had not been a single case of Small Pox, and least in South-west Islington. The full particulars are given in Tables LIV. and LV.

The disease was generally of a mild type as shown by the fatality (Table LVI.) which was only 2.8 per cent.

SCARLET FEVER.

Showing the rise and fall of Scarlet Fever for each week in 1896, and the averages for the corresponding weeks in the five years 1891-5.



Red shows the number of cases for each week during 1896.

Green shows the average number of cases for each week during the five years 1891-95.

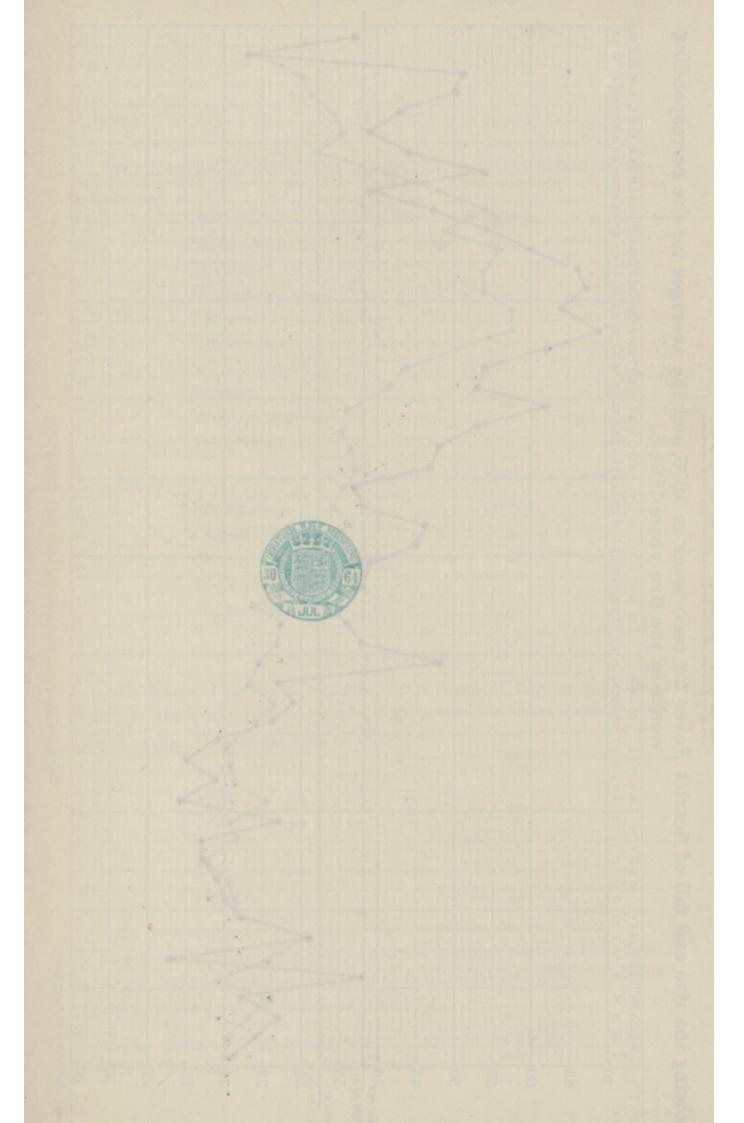


TABLE LIV.

Showing the sickness from Scarlet Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	101	111	195	209	616
Islington, South West	79	112	183	143	517
Islington, South East	60	99	195	187	541
Highbury	58	59	105	135	357
The Parish	298	381	678	674	2,031

TABLE LV.

Showing the sickness rates from Scarlet Fever of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	4.10	4.50	7.90	7.87	6.12
Islington, South West	2.94	4.17	6.81	4.94	4.72
Islington, South East	3.61	5.95	11.70	10.41	7-96
Highbury	3.58	3.64	6.47	7-73	5.40
The Parish	3.51	4.49	8.03	7.41	5.90

TABLE LVI.
Showing the fatality from Scarlet Fever.

(Deaths to 100 cases of Sickness).

Sub-Districts.	1	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	 	3.0	2.7	2.0	3.3	2.3
Islington, South West	 	2.5	4.4	3.8	2.1	3.2
Islington, South East	 	5.0	2.0	1.5	2.6	2.4
Highbury	 	3.4	1.7	1.9	3.7	2.8
The Parish	 	3.3	2.8	2.3	2.9	2.8

DIPHTHERIA.

Last year it was possible to note a "most gratifying decrease in the number of cases of Diphtheria notified during 1895, whether compared with the preceding year, or with any year since notification of the infectious diseases became compulsory." It is much to be regretted that the gratification then experienced does not extend to 1896, for as if to compensate for the small number of cases in 1895, an unusually large number were notified during the year with which this report deals. In 1893, 854 cases were notified; in 1894, 843; in 1895, 564; and in 1896, 1,067. It almost seems as if a law of averages meant that the two last years should show a mean number (815) of cases that would about equal the record of the previous years. In every part of the Parish the disease was more prevalent than in the preceding year.

ni-unc sur			Ca	uses.	Case-1	rate.
			1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
Upper Ho	lloway		191	390	 1.89	3.88
Islington,	South	West	156	401	 1.44	3.66
"	South	East	116	143	 1.77	2.10
Highbury	***		101	133	 1.61	2.01
The	Parish		564	1,067	 1.67	3.10
				-	-	-

The fatality was 23.1 per cent, of the cases, as against 24.2 per cent, in 1895.

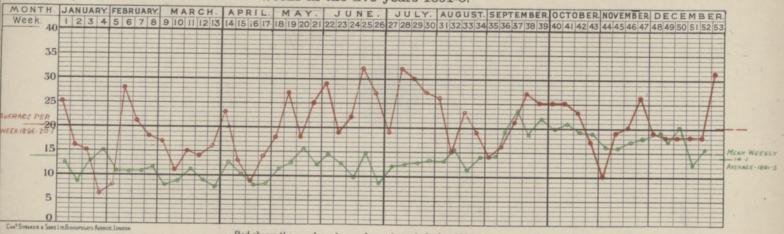
TABLE LVII.

Showing the sickness from Diphtheria in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

ody	Sub-Districts.	unp	lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Uppe	r Holleway ,		99	100	99	92	390
Isling	ton, South West .		48	99	131	123	401
Isling	rton, South East .		31	44	33	35	143
High	bury		32	33	31	37	133
112	The Parish .		210	276	294	287	1,067

DIPHTHERIA.

Showing the rise and fall of Diphtheria for each week in 1896, and the averages for the corresponding weeks in the five years 1891-5.



Red shows the number of cases for each week during 1896.

Green shows the average number of cases for each week during the five years 1891-95.

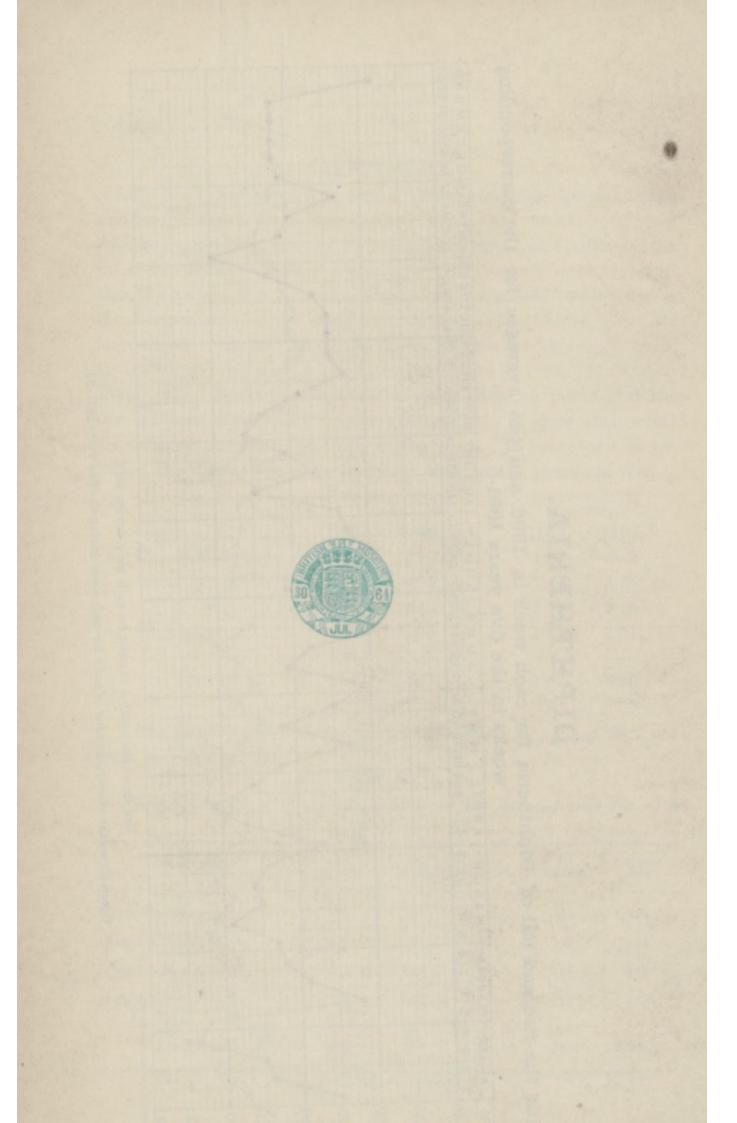


TABLE LVIII.

Showing the sickness rates from Diphtheria of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		4.02	4.06	4.01	3.46	3.88
Islington, South West		1.79	3-69	4.88	4.25	3.66
Islington, South East		1.86	2.64	1.98	1.95	2.10
Highbury		1.89	2.03	1.91	2.12	2.01
The Parish		2.47	3.25	3.48	3.14	3.10

TABLE LIX.

Showing the fatality from Diphtheria.

(Deaths to 100 cases of Sickness).

Sub-Districts.	600	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	314	28.2	22.0	15.1	22.8	22.0
Islington, South West		25.0	26.2	23.6	21.2	23.6
Islington, South East		22.6	27-2	21.2	28.5	25.1
Highbury		28.1	21.2	19.3	21.6	22.5
The Parish	DOCUMENT.	26-6	24.2	20.0	22.6	23.1

MEMBRANOUS CROUP.

Although this disease is notified as distinct from Diphtheria, yet it might really be included with it, as it is practically the same malady.

24 cases were notified, as against 18 in the preceding year. They were equal to a sickness rate of 0.06 per 1,000 inhabitants.

Showing the sickness from Membranous Croup in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts		142	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway			-1		2	3	6
Islington, South Wes	st		1	3	1	3	8
Islington, South East			2		3		5
Highbury		101	4			1	5
The Paris	h		8	3	6	7	24

TABLE LXI.

Showing the sickness rates from Membranous Croup of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

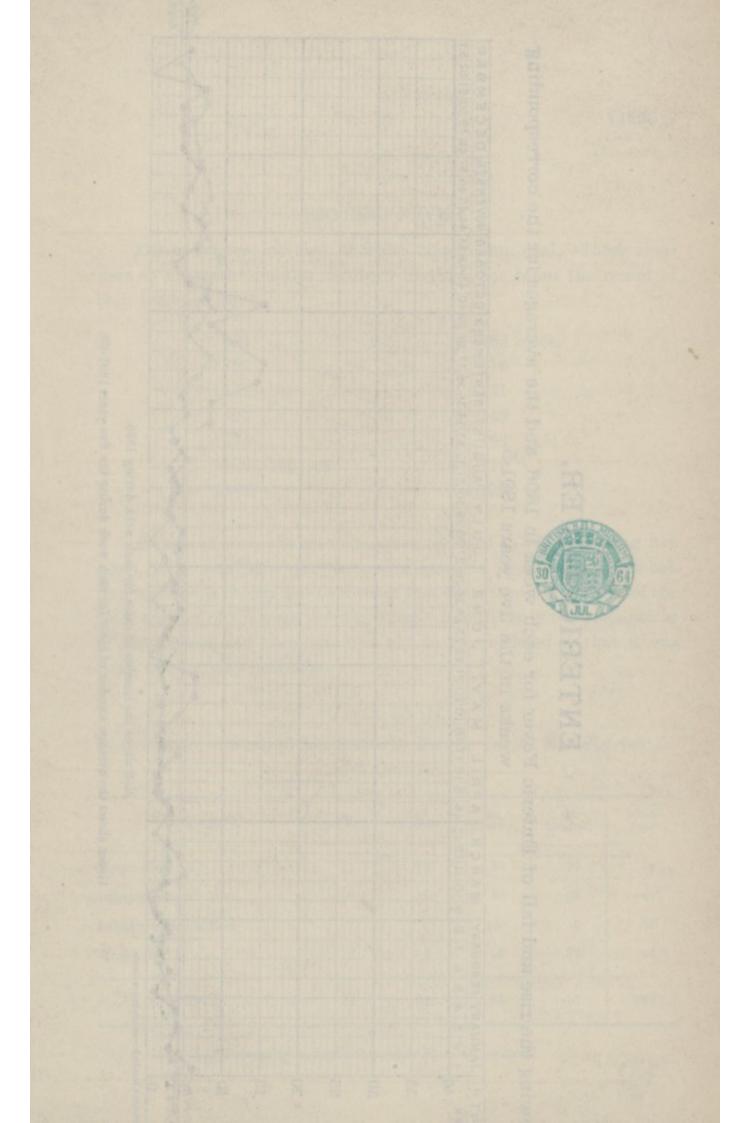
Sub-Districts.	1st Querte:	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	0.04		0.08	0.11	0.05
Islington, South West	0.03	0.11	0.03	0.10	0.07
Islington, South East	0.12	****	0.18		0.07
Highbury	0.24	4*85		0.05	0.07
The Parish	0.94	0.03	0.07	0.07	0.06

TABLE LXII.

Showing the fatality from Membranous Croup.

(Deaths to 100 Cases of Sickness.)

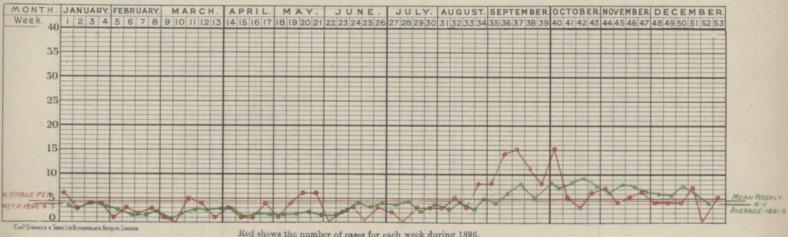
Sub-Districts.	lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	NO EU	MARIE	MM.		
Islington, South West	100.0	66-6	100.0	100-0	87.5
Islington, South East	og si di sa	di Diw	33.3	el gillere	20.0
Highbury	50.0	risg# es	boliffor g	saw Young	40.0
The Parish	. 37.5	66.6	33.3	42.8	41.7



ENTERIC FEVER.

Showing the rise and fall of Enteric Fever for each week in 1896, and the averages for the corresponding weeks in the five years 1891-5.

JUNE



Red shows the number of cases for each week during 1896.

Green shows the average number of cases for each week during the five years 1891-95.

ENTERIC FEVER.

229 cases were notified, of which 20 per cent. died. These cases were 45 above the number returned in 1895, but below the record of both 1893 and 1894.

1891			 	185	cases
1892			 	216	,,
1893			 	251	,,
1894			 	245	,,
1895			 	184	,,
Mean,	1891-9	5	 	216	"
1896			 	229	**

Compared with the mean number recorded in the preceding five years, it is seen that the excess of cases is in no way abnormal. The increase is chiefly due to the fact that the climatic conditions of the third quarter of the year* were peculiarly favourable to the propagation of the disease, and therefore, it is not to be wondered at that it was more than usually prevalent.

Table LXIII.

Showing the sickness from Enteric Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	0.01	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd. Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		11	12	23	12	58
Islington, South West		10	11	35	35	91
Islington, South East		7	7	15	6	35
Highbury		9	4	10	22	45
The Parish	wa gol	37	34	83	75	229

^{*} Especially in September when 56 cases occurred.

TABLE LXIV.

Showing the sickness rates from Enteric Fever of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Snh-Districts.	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter,	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	. 0.44	0.48	0.93	0.45	0.57
Islington, South West	. 0.37	0.41	1.42	1.21	0.83
Islington, South East	. 0.42	0.42	0.90	0.33	0.51
Highbury	. 0.55	0.24	0.64	1.26	0.68
The Parish	. 0.43	0.40	0.98	0.83	0.66

TABLE LXV.

Showing the fatality from Enteric Fever.

(Deaths to 100 cases of Sickness).

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter,	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	 	36-3	8-3	21.7	25.0	22.4
Islington, South West	 	10.0	18.1	5.7	20.0	18.2
Islington, South East	 	57.1	10000	26-6		22.8
Highbury	 	44.4	50.0	30.0	18.1	28.8
The Parish	 	35.1	14.7	16.8	18.6	20.0

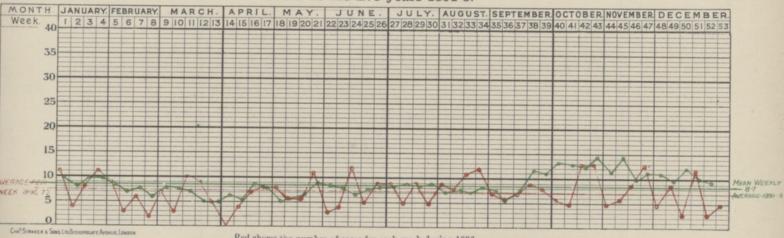
TYPHUS FEVER.

No case was known in the Parish during the twelve months. This disease is happily becoming more rare in London and in the provincial towns, owing entirely to the improved sanitary conditions under which the people live.



ERYSIPELAS.

Showing the rise and fall of Erysipelas for each week in 1896, and the averages for the corresponding weeks in the five years 1891-5.



Red shows the number of cases for each week during 1896.

Green shows the average number of cases for each week during the five years 1891-95,

ERYSIPELAS.

There were 385 cases of Erysipelas reported during the twelve-months, as against 320 in the preceding year, and an average of 456 in the five years 1891-95. The disease was proportionately most prevalent in Upper Holloway, where the case or sickness-rate was 1.38 per 1,000 inhabitants. It is a remarkable fact that the fatality (4.1 per 100 cases) was higher than that of Small Pox or Scarlet Fever.

Table LXVI.

Showing the sickness from Erysipelas in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts,		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		33	30	39	37	139
Islington, South West		29	21	26	30	106
Islington, South East		12	21	19	23	75
Highbury		14	11	23	17	65
The Parish	A of	88	83	107	107	385

Table LXVII.

Showing the sickness rates from Erysipelas of the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Eub-Districts.	100	lst Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway		1.34	1.21	1.58	1.39	1.38
Islington, South West		0.08	0.78	0.96	1.04	0.96
Islington, South East		0.72	1.26	1.14	1.28	1-10
Highbury		0.86	0.67	1.42	0.97	0.98
The Parish		1.03	0.97	1.27	1.17	1.12

TABLE LXVIII.

Showing the fatality from Erysipelas.

(Deaths to 100 Cases of Sickness.)

Sub-Districts.		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	 	3.0	3.0	5.1	5.4	4.3
Islington, South West	 	4000	4.8	3.8	3.0	2.8
Islington, South East	 	16.6	Bevela	5.3		4.0
Highbury	 	7.1		8.7	5.9	6.1
The Parish	 	4.5	2.4	5.6	3.7	4.1

CONTINUED FEVER.

There were six cases returned as Continued Fever, as against nine in the preceding year, and an average of 7 in the five years 1891-95.

TABLE LXIX.

Showing the sickness from Continued Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.		40	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway				1	2		3
Islington, South West			2	.000		Spire.	2 -
Islington, South East				.579		hall, days	
Highbury	"		1	.00			1
The Parish			3	1	2		6

Table LXX.

Showing the sickness rates from Continued Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts	. 3-1	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.	
Upper Holloway		 	0.04	0.08		0.02	
Islington, South Wes	st	 0.07				0.01	
Islington, South East		 			head allow		
Highbury		 0.06					
The Parish		 0.03	0.01	0.02	1.1	0.01	

TABLE LXXI.

Showing the fatality from Continued Fever.

(Deaths to 100 cases of Sickness).

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway	 187-1			MAN COURS	
Islington, South West	 50.0	40		0.00	50.0
Islington, South East	 				V1000000
Highbury	 				
The Parish	 66.6				33.3

PUERPERAL FEVER.

Puerperal Fever, to which 30 cases were ascribed, was slightly more prevalent among parturient women than in the preceding year, when 24 cases were notified.

There were 3.02 cases per 1,000 women who were confined compared with 2.22 in 1895. It was not, however, nearly so fatal as in that year, for whereas 50.0 per cent. of the women then died, only 36.6 died in 1896.

There was no fatal result in Highbury.

TABLE LXXII.

Showing the sickness from Puerperal Fever in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	- Int	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.
Upper Holloway					8	8
Islington, South West		1	5	1	5	12
Islington, South East		2	2	1	2	7
Highbury		3	10-3			3
The Parish	20 0	6	7	2	15	30

TABLE LXXIII.

Showing the sickness rates from Puerperal Fever per 1,000 registered Births in the Sub-districts for each Quarter.

Sub-Districts.	- All	-	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.	
Upper Holloway				100000		9.90	2:73	
Islington, South West			1.15	6.14	1.30	5.33	3.54	
Islington, South East			4.17	4.29	2.26	3.96	3.70	
Highbury			7.07	·e is		24.00	1.75	
The Parish			2.43	2.88	0.87	5.49	3.02	

TABLE LXXIV.

Showing the fatality from Puerperal Fever.
(Deaths to 100 cases of Sickness).

Sub-Districts.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Whole Year.	
Upper Holloway	al mode	nement in	in in the same	12.5	12.5	
Islington, South West		40.0	100.0	60.0	50.0	
Islington, South East	50.0	50.0	92 cests	100.0	57.1	
Highury	COM COMP	moddom	mu .M	508 s, m S		
The Parish	16.6	42.8	50.0	40.0	36.6	

RELAPSING FEVER.

No case was notified.

TABLE LXXV.

Showing the number of cases of Infectious Diseases notified in the Wards during the year 1896.

(Arranged in Wards.)

(N.B.—Duplicate cases have been deducted.)

ULIZU E-WALSE	5113	THE REAL PROPERTY.	The state of		-				1			The same of the sa	The second second
Wards.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever or Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Enteric (Typhoid) Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cholera.	Total.	Cases notified per 1,000 of Population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Upper Holloway	36	616	390	6	58		139	.8	3			1256	I I
Lower Holloway	1	169	89	4	35		51	5				354	1000
Highbury	11	357	133	5	45		65	3	1			620	
Thornhill	1	150	200	3	40		22	5	1			422	1
Barnsbury	1	149	95	1	10		29	2	1			288	
St. Mary's		104	29	1	9		18	1				162	
Canonbury	9.0	191	49	1	12		22	3	1			278	1.5
St. Peter's		295	82	3	20		39	3	4.			442	1.4
Totals	50	2031	1067	24	229		385	30	6			3,822	11.15
1894	89	1493	843	24	245	1	395	23	7	mark of	100	3,120	9.4
1895	25	1602	564	18	184	5	320	22	9	2		2,841	8.46

95

[1806

				18	TAB	LE LX	XVI.						
Showing the	cases	of the	severa	l Infe		Disease ing 18		fied in	the St	ub-regi	stration	n Distric	cts.
Sub-Registration Districts.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever or Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Enteric (Typhoid) Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cholera.	Totals.	Rate per 1,000 of the Population.
Darmenmy	1	140	- 07	-	10		30	200	77	1	7.	000	
Upper Holloway	36	616	390	6	58		139	8	3			1256	12.50
Highbury a		857	138	27	40	7.	0.8	9					18-3
Islington. South West	3	517	401	8	91		106	12	. 2		**	1140	10.41
Islington, South East	30	541	143	5	35		75	7	.:			806	11.86
Highbury	11	357	133	5	45	-	65	3	1			620	9.38
Wante		78	1 1	182	346	1	1	1		125	Mode		100 5
The Parish	50	2031	1067	24	229		385	30	6			3,822	11.15

(All Duplicates have been excluded.)

TABLE LXXVII.

Cases of Infectious Disease about which enquiries were made by the several Sanitary Inspectors

during the Year 1896.

Sanitary Inspectors. No. o the Sanita District	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever or Scarlatina.	Diph- theria.	Mem- branous Croup.	Enteric (Typhoid Fever.)	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Choler.	Total.
Cospector Cook	8 3 8 18 	146 244 103 171 67 124 110 93 131 177 248 136 132 149	113 177 43 75 48 48 40 29 164 46 71 129 46 38	3 3 - 2 2 2 2 - 3 2 - 2 - 2 - 1 4	14 21 9 22 16 20 13 13 34 7 19 19		42 65 10 24 20 31 22 17 19 30 28 33 14 30	1 2 3 4 1 2 1 5 3 3 4 4	1 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 -			328 516 173 315 158 228 191 157 357 266 369 326 204 234
Total, 1896	. 50	2031	1067	24	229	600 July 1	385	30	6	la m	501-18	3822
,, 1895	. 25	1692	564	18	184	5	320	22	9	2	-	2841

Showing the Cases of Infectious Disease which were notified in the several Months during the Year 1896.

N.B.—Duplicate Notifications have been deducted.

MONTH		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever or Scarlatina.	Diph- theria.	1	Mem orano Croup	us	Enteric (Typhoid Fever).	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cholera.	TOTAL EACH MONTH.
Watson .			0.4	111	10			177		0.4	10	2			212
A STATE OF THE STA	 	2	94	6			3	17	-	34	_	_			
	 	3	104	7			4	9	-	20	2	2		_	219
	 	7	100	7	3		1	11	1	34	4	1		-	231
April	 	-	67	5	9 8		2	9	0 -	19	2	1	-	_	159
Мау	 	2	130	8	3 8	-	_	17	9 -	31	3	-	-	_	271
une	 	16	184	12	3		1	8		33	2	7 -	-	-	378
uly	 	10	166	10	8		1	8	0 -	30	0 _	-		_	323
August		4	210	8			1	19	_	40	1	1	-	_	359
September	 	6	302	10	_		4	56		37	1 1	1		_	510
October	 	_	247	9			3	29		37	3	_	_		409
	 		184	7			1	22		33	5				320
November	 1915	SHEET TO					1		100		7	100	10	16 Ton	
December	 	-	243	12	4		3	24		37	1	1000	THE REAL PROPERTY.	1	436
		211	-		-		-				-		-		
TOTALS	 	50	2,031	1,06	7	10.5	24	229	S. 18-	385	30	6	-	_	3,82

TABLE LXXIX.

Showing the number of Cases of the several Infectious Diseases notified during each year since 1891, together with the mean number for the five years 1891-5, and in 1896.

(Duplicate certificates excluded.)

PARTITION DESIGNATION AND	Difference	Lycosty			(Dupitea	te certin	icates ex	cruded.)					
Year.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever or Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Enteric (Typhoid Fever).	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Pever.	Cholera.	Total.	Cases notified per 1,000 of Population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	- 11	12	13	14
1891	1	728	712	44	189	1	343	36	4	1	4	2,063	6.4
1892	42	1,710	695	43	219		550	51	6		4*	3,320	10.3
1893	118	2,880	855	30	251	1	672	38	7		1	4,853	14.8
1894	90	1,493	843	24	245	1	395	23	9			3,123	9.4
1895	25	1,692	564	18	184	. 5	319	22	9	2		2,840	8.5
Mean, 1891-5	55	1,700	734	31	217	2	456	34	7		2	3,240	9.9
1896	50	2,031	1,067	24	229		385	30	6			3,882	11.15
Increase or Decrease on Mean	— 5	+ 331	+ 333	-7	+ 12	-2	— 71	-4	-1	no reigo	-2	+ 642	+ 1.15

^{* 3} of these were Asiatic cholera.

101

TABLE LXXX.

Showing the Streets in which the several cases of Infectious Disease occurred during 1896.

(The large figures denote the number of cases and the small figures the number of infected houses.)

NAME OF STREET.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erystpelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.
Albert S reet, Barnsbury Avenell Road Ashburton Grove	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	10 ⁵ 4 ² 4 ⁴ 3 ¹ 6 ⁶ 2 ¹ 1 ¹ 12 ¹⁰ 3 ³ 5 ³ 2 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹	2° 3° 3° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1° 1°	ii	2 ¹		11 22	11		13 ⁷ 7 ⁶ 7 ⁵ 7 ⁵ 11 ⁸ 5 ⁴ 11 2 ² 16 ¹⁴ 2 ² 5 ⁵ 5 ³ 8 ⁶ 11 11 11 2 ² 4 ² 2 ² 2 ²

Manager		1	1 . 1	22	1			-			65
mbler Road			43	33	**	**	***	**	***	::	35
nnersley Road			***	3"	**	02	**	**		1000	44
rehibald Road			22			22	.,	11	**		11
ndover Street			100			22		11	**		11
lwyne Place						11		17		***	92
lbert Terrace, Archway Road			11	***				11		**	31
Ilma Grove				11					.,		11
dams Cottages, York Road				11					.,		21
lbert Place, Queensland Road			21						.,		de
neona Road		1 5.55						11	13		11
Imington Street		1 255	32	11							43
Flington Square		3000	31	11		11					54
		1000	21								22
berdeen Park	:	4.5	42	11		100		11			72
Ima Terrace, Barnsbury			11					11			22
Imeida Street			46	33							70
Isen Road			11	70	***			100			11
trundel Square			44	ii	***		**				55
Ibion Grove			31	11	4.4						43
Ilbany Place, Hornsey Road			3.	1.	**	**	**	ii			11
Ima Road			***			::	**.	1	***		11
shmount Road			***	***	* * .	11	**	ii	4.5		1710
Ilmorah Road			128	42	* *			1.	**		
shby Road			11			**	***		+1.		11
llwyne Road			42					1.0			42 ot
rthur Mews, Caledonian Road		9 100	21								44
berdeen Place, Brewery Road	1 .		11								11
Derdeen Flace, Diewery Road				.0	11		1 30			2.	11
Titlice 4 revenue amount of				21		100	1 22		122	1	21
nnette Road	350 5		111	100		100	33	100	100		11
Ardilaun Road			22	111				11	1	1	44
Barnsbury Grove			73	2012	111	74	**	33	199		3811
Bemerton Street			1	20.0	1.	1	**	0	**	-	

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NAME OF STREET.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Group.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Eryaipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued -	Total.	
Brecknock Road	1	86	1	1					1		
Beaconsfield Buildings		118	43		72		21 22			10*	
Blundall Street		77	33	11	1.		44			2415	
Blackstock Road	21	54	11	1						1513	
Boleyn Road	-	44	31		11:		11			97	
Buckingham Street			21 -				11		1.2.	87	
Bickerton Road		i	- 17	**		**				21	
Balmorel Grove		47	11							11	
Barnshury Road		65	55		11		03			11	
Baxter Road		70	11		1.		22 22			1413	
Bedford Terrace		111					2.			10°	
Bingfield Street	9.7	44	63	**	11	**		-5.5		111	
Burnard Place		21			1					129	
Britannia Row		92	21		17.5			11		2 ¹ 5 ⁵	
Bryan Street			111		ii i	-1.	21	1.		42	
Birnam Road		32	42	***		**	2	**		72	
Brook Road	1	11	11		11	**	ii	- 1.1		44	
Bryan Place, Caledonian Road .		21	11		1 770					33	
Bryett Road			11	**	-11			**	1	11	
Baxter Grove		11			**					11	
Battledean Road		11			17.3		***	. 5.5		11	
Bismarck Road		11							. 5 *	11	
Brunswick Road		11	74		32.		**			85	
Beaumont Road			22					**		21	
	1	1	00	**						161	

		1		1	1		1			1	1	
Baldwin Terrace	 			22	11	11		- ::	1			31
Bride Street	 			44	11		1	1	111	1	100	64
Barnsbury Street	 			65	11		111	1	11	122	100	86
Brandon Road	 			11			1		1	1	1	11
Blythwood Road	 			11	30		1	1	100	111	100	fr.
Brand Street	 						11		111	1		22
Bracey Street	 			22	11	11	1		1	1	133	31
Balls Pond Road	 			33	21		21	111	111	1		76
Baalbec Road	 			11			1	11	11	1		22
Barbara Street	 			41	100	31	11	111	22	1 33	13	75
Bryantwood Road	 			64	100			100		1		64
Blenheim Road	 			52	11	100			22	1.0	1	86
Brewerv Road	 			55	137		33		55	111	1.1	2618
Beversbrook Road	 			43			1 7	111		111		42
Belitha Villas	 			11	44		1		100			58
Boxworth Grove	 				11						1.	11
Barford Street	 			11	1.				11		1	11
Brunswick Street	 			11	11		11		2.0	1	100	22
Bishops Grove	 				7.		100		32	1		32
Belper Street	 			21	130	2.2	111	111		111		21
Beaumont Villas	 				11		1	- 10	33		100	11
Barnsbury Square	 			32	10		111					31
Barnsbury Park	 			11			1	11	1		1.	11
Benwell Road	 			44	42		1				3.3	87
Beresford Road	 			31	21		21					73
Canonbury Avenue	 			63								63
Cross Street	 			63	21		11	100		300		95
Corbyn Street	 		1.6	127	74	1	1		11	100	100	2012
Caledonian Road	 		1	1816	97	11	33		33	1		3430
Canonbury Street	 				22					1		21
Compton Terrace	 			21								21
*				ARES LX	XX-Way	HIPSON .	-	-	1000			

														1
Calabria Road	100					11	22		44					33
Charlesworth Str	root			7.1		42	32				11	3.0	N.	85
Canonbury Road			**		**	10%	2.0	**	111	3.5	11	**		1210
			**	* *			**	**	4.	2.5	300	53	1.5	42
Charles Street, I	sington	Green		**	5.5	43	55	5.5	11	**	55	**	3.3	75.
Citizen Road						11	31			**	**			44
College Street						33			11					31
Crossley Street	meaning.				-	43	2.0			33	11			54
Charlotte Terrace		4.4		- 333		32	11		11		2.	**	100	54
Crouch Hill	THE REAL PROPERTY.	11	**	**	**	22	21	38	3.5	5.5			* * *	43
Cornwallis Road	**	**	::		1.1.		32	- 5.5	**	3.5	11	55	2.5	157
Committee of the commit		**	* *	2.5	1.1	125	9-	**	1.1	1.1	11	11	1.1	
Carlsbad Street		1.5			* * *	22	6.6	**	11	**	**	1.	1.5	33
Carmarthen Stre						32				**	**	**		31
Conewood Street						11	32		21	**				48
Clarence Terrace	Ruffor	rd Stre				11	43				11			53
Cardozo Road						11	24							11
Caledonia Cresce				30		11			2.7	200	ii.	22	3.00	93
Cloudesley Street			2.2	**	**	11	15	35	11	11		**	11	11
		**	**		**	11	**	337	1.1	11	10	1.1	2.5	11
Cambridge Terra	rce	**	* *		**		3,3	* * *	**	1.5	11	1.1	1.1	43
Clayton Street		**				22	41	11	11	11	5.5	11	1.5	74
Coleridge Road						11		**	11		4.9	11	11	11
Charlotte Street						44	64		ii		11		ii	139
Canning Road	**	11				33			11	11				44
Crinan Street		**		1			24		1	11	11		11	11:
Clephane Road							1.	33	11	**	7.	11	11	11
Canonbury Grove				15390		22	370	100	100	300		200	10220	92
Celia Road						11					11			22
		* *	**				**	**	200	***	133	100	2.0	11
Cromartie Road						2.	11	**	**	**		**	**	51.
Charlton Crescen		SALL.				21		**	**	***	**			
Cloudesley Squar	0					32	41							78
Crane Grove						22	31							55
Canon Street							11							11
				1000		VIII IV	(/ - Church	STREETS'	a training	PART .		17000	1000	

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NAME OF STREET,			Small Fox.	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria.	Memb, Crosup	Typhold Fever.	Typhus Ferer.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever:	Total.	000
Chalfont Road	- 11	3.2		01	-						1	- 22	
Mandadan Dani	**		**	21	11	2.2	11	**	2.5		***	43	
Valahmanka Dam			22	84	55	22	22	22	63	**	2.5	2114	
Thoules Street Develop		**	**	33		**	11		22			65	
Charles Street, Barnsbury				**			**		11	* *		11	
Canonbury Square	5.5	2.2	**	31			.,					32	
Cornelia Street				11			11					21	
Dity Road			2.5	31					11			44	
Compton Avenue				11								11	
Canonbury Lane				11								11	100
ressida Road				11	42							53	9
Prayford Road		**		22							1	22	
Caledonia Street				58	42		31				2.0	125	
Canal Terrace				32							2.2	32	
Courtney Road				22	11				3.5	27	2.7	33	
Outlers Terrace				22	9.			100	7.7	**	27	22	
Canonbury Park North				21	11		188	**	**	**	2.2	33	
Carleton Road				11	i.	15	10	**	**	**	2.2	11	
Chapel Place, Conewood Street	ot			60.	7.0	**	**	7.5	11	**	2.	11	
Carlton House, Cross Street				22	***	2.2	27	**	*	27	2.2	21	
Canonbury Park South		3773	100	11	::	**	2.5	**	27	27	2.2	11	
ardale Street		**	**	11	ii l	**	27	**	2.7	12			
Thursh Grove		**	**	111	8.00	**	**	**	**	**	22	22	
loudeslow Place	**	**	**		ii	- 2.5	99	2.2	**	33	22	11	
antoniona (Domeson	**	**	**		-	**	44	22	99	**	11	22	
anteroury Terrace		* *		**	**		11					1	

Church Road					6.	11	1	1	1	1 11	1	1	88
Clarence Street						11	**			19.	**	1.	11
Downham Road	100	BOTT			22	43				111			70
Danbury Street					22					11			33
Delhi Street					33	87					14.0		1110
Devonshire Street						11							11
Durham Road			0.1		1813	32				ii	1.0		0015
Dagmar Terrace			0.1		1.				***	21		**	21
Duncombe Road		agence.			22	74				11			107
Devonshire Road					1410	85			200	22		10.	2415
Denmark Road					43	1000				11	ii		85
Dibden Street					63					32.	0.00		63
Dartmouth Park Hill					11	ii	***			i			32
Despard Road					22			11	***	11			44
Dresden Road					11	11		100		1000		100	4.
Dame Street					1611	43				22			0015
Dalmeny Avenue			200	**	11	2.72							11
Dennis Street			::		11	21	11		1.0		***		
Dillon Place				**	250	11	1.50						43
Dunford Road			200	**	64	- 1			***	ii			75
Dean Street			**		33	11	**						144
Devenshire House, Cre	oss Str	oot	**		11						**	2.0	11
Drayton Park					43	ji	**	ii	**				64
Duncan Terrace			202		63	11		1	***	ji	**		85
Denmark Street		**		2.5	11	11			22	11	**		33
Dalmeny Rord				ii		52				1.			100
Dorset Street	**					11	-			**			63
Duncan Street				**		11	**	2.5	15.5		2.5	9.	1.
Dibden Street Buildin	org ···		**		3.		**	ii	100	- 17			11
Donalas Pond						ii	**	.1.	4.6	11			22
Davinda Street						1.		111					11
Elthorno Dood					77	55		51		0.5			11
Lithorne Road				**	Tomas Tomas	9-		9,		35			2016

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NAME OF STREET.			Small Pox	Scarlet Fe	Diphtherla	Memb, Or	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus.	Erysipelas	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever,	Total.
DETRINEAGENE					24							J.
Elmore Street				43	11							54
Edinburgh Place				11					11			22
Evershot Road				54	11				11			75
dward Square				22	65				11			99
ssex Road				87	6s				11			1513
verilda Street				No.	22				11	11		43
celesbourne Road				22	11				11			43
Aphinstone Street				11	11							22
Iton Street				42			11		11			64
nkel Street				111	11				.00			22
lfort Road				22	1		11			11		44
llenborough Road				105			gı		11			196
bury Street					11				30		1	11
Illiotts Place		201		10					11		100	11
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		- **	7000	11					30	00		11
THE PARTY OF THE P	**	11		33	11		11		59		100	100
dinburgh Cottages, Popham	Stroot		**	11	760	***	100	777	31	***		11
The state of the s			**	11		**	33		**	'''		44
	**	**	**	43	21	**	11	30	11	**		86
llington Street	**		**	300		**	îı l	**	11	**		22
aton Grove	2.5	2.0	**	11	**	**	100	***	1	**		11
ddington Street	p 1		**	21	***		3.5	**	**	***	**	21
lectric Parade, Seven Sisters		**	**				111	***	100	175		33
dwards Cottages, Canonbury	Road	**	**	**	22		1.	**		12.	**	11
excelsior Mews, Warlters Ro	ad	*.*			11	**		**		**		1.

Elliott's Gardens, Essex Road		1		51				l unl	1	Carl	51
Emily Disco Ossession J Des				0.		11					111
Emily Place, Queensland Roa	a		2.5	1033	**	1 88	***	***	**	100	52
Englefield Road			52					- * *		- 4.4	
Frome Street	41 .11	13.0	11			- * *		21			32
Frederick Street			66	42	11	11					12ª
Fonthill Road		19.0	43	In.				33			87
Fairbridge Road		111	87	22		11		.43		11	1714
Fullbrook Road			44.	11				11			64
Francis Street			62	22							84
Freeling Street			22	158		11		11			1911
Foxham Road			11	33				22			66
Fordham Grove			22	11							33
Florence Street			83	21		11		11			125
Fakenham Street		1	32	11	1	11			11		68
Francis Terrace			41	44		1					84
Ferntower Road		1	11,	7.0			100000	1000		11	22
Painward Dood		14.	l'i	**		300		11			22
Fowler Pond			100	01			***	91			42
Passesses David	4		11	107				17			111
TOTAL AND CONTROL OF THE PARTY				ii	10.5	100	***				11
	Band "			1 11					- * *		25 11
Friends' Cottages, Canonbury	Road		1			111			***	**	
Giesbach Road	** .**		33	.11				155			44
Grovedale Road		1.8.5	22	12.5				42		- * *)	64
GT. NORTHERN HOSPITAL			41	11			- 11	111			52
Goodinge Road			43	55	21			22	**		1310
Goldsmiths' Place						11					-11
George Street			22		200	See.	Bee				22
Grace Street			11	11							21
Gresley Road				11	0						11
Goswell Road			44	1	1	11					55
Garden Villas			21		-						21

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NAME OF STREET,	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhold Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total,
Grove Street Georges' Yard, Blundell Street Gallia Road Green Lanes Grove Road Georges Road Gloucester Road Grafton Road Grifford Street Gordon Street Gainford Street Grovenor Road Gillespie Road Grovenor Street Gibson Square Gerrard Street		11 	3 ¹ 1 ¹ 17 ¹⁴ 1 ¹ 13 ¹¹ 6 ⁴ 7 ⁵ 2 ¹ 2 ² 2 ²		11 22 11 11 12 22 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1		11 11 53 11 11 33 11 33 11 11 33 11 11 33 11 11			4 ² 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 25 ²⁰ 9 ⁷ 18 ¹⁴ 16 ¹⁰ 10 ⁶ 3 ³ 4 ⁵ 11 ¹⁰ 31 ¹⁸ 5 ⁵ 5 ⁵
Gladsmuir Road . Gladstone Street . Graham Street Grenville Road . Girdlestone Road Highgate Hill Holloway Road . Hanley Road .		21 32 32 32 34 1412 85	11 21 11 22 53 106 21		2 ²		2 ²]			54 32 21 43 78 96 32 26 ²⁰ 10 ⁵

	Highbury Quadrant				11			11					22
	Hortslot Dond				43	**	1.	1					43
	TT TO I			ii	2416	44	11	ji					3123
			**	1	42	41.	1	1.		- ::			53
					11		**	**	**	11			95
	Hawthorn Street				A	**	**			30.00	.::		11
	Hilldrop Crescent				33	(0.0					11		44
	Hercules Road				53	200							53
	Highbury Mews				11								11
+3	Hornsey Rise			32	33					22			86
	Hilldrop Road				11	11							22
	Huntingdon Street				22	22		11	1	1		1	55
	Hydes Place, Canonbury Ro	ad								64			64
	Highbury Crescent West				11	0		1					11
	Hatley Road				1	11				22			33
	Hungerford Road	OUT.			14.		-:-	11			1	1	11
	Horsell Road	1			32	4.		21	1			100	53
	Hemingford Road			-:-	73	116	24171	11		11	1 800		2010
	Huddlestone Road				44	77.1		11		31			86
	Hampden Road		-		2313	126	11	11	**				3718
	Hannana Dank			**	43	54				111			108
	TT D 1		***		02	-33	**		1::	1	**		55
	TT (1 T) 1				11	0	**						
					1					**			111
	H.M. PRISON, PENTONVILLE				11	**				11			11
	Hollingsworth Street			**	54	**							54
	Hornsey Street			11	11	31					**		5 ²
	Hatchard Road				22	11				11			44
	Highbury Hill				33	22				22			77
	Hazellville Road				22	11							33
	Havelock Street				11	11		2.		11			33
	Henry Place, Copenhagen S	treet				21				11			32
	Herrick Road				21		4.						21
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NAME OF STREET,		 Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb, Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	8967
Halton Road Highbury Grove Holly Park Highbury New Park Hope Place, Georges Road Highbury Terrace Highbury Place H.M. Prison, Holloway Harberton Road Hamilton Mews, Hamilton Ro Half Moon Crescent Halliford Street Hornsey Rise Gardens Hargrave Road Hardinge Street Hornsey Lane High Street Hilton Road Halse Street Hugo Road Islington Green Isledon Road	ad .		96 11 32 53 22 11 11 11 11 43 22 43 32 11 32 33	11 53		1 ^t		1 ¹	1 ¹		107 22 32 117 22 11 11 11 11 11 84 11 33 75 33 75 11 11 11 94 54 35 271 22 66	112

ISLINGTON WORKHOUSE SCHOOL	8	-		3			2					5
4 4 4 44 4				2	74						1	7
		**			11				11			2
John Street, George's Road		**		107	105	100			21		1	22
Junction Road				189	11	11			11		1	21
The state of the s		**		10		-						1
Jeckson Road				1.	ji ·							1
Jackson Terrace, Cressida Ro	ad				T.		1.					3
Japan Crescent				31								11
Kingsland Green				11		***		**	**			33
King Henry's Walk				22		14.0			11			1 10
Transact Change				58	21					**		75
Kelross Road				11	11							22
King Henry Street				22	11				11			44
TZ				44	22		11					71
17 1 1 D 1				22								2
P'- D-J				11	- 11	11			11			4
	* *				21	11						31
Kinlock Cottages			**	11	11	1000						2
Lambton Road	* *			93			100		33			5
Lesly Street				-	55		11		93			251
Liverpool Road	**	. * *		1613	-		1	**			**	61
LONDON FEVER HOSPITAL				3	3						**	33
Luard Street				32					11		**	3:
Leconfield Road				23					1.			
Lyon Street				44	32		31					10
Lorne Buildings, Benwell Ros				11						*.*)		1,
Legard Road							11					11
Lincoln House, Astey's Row			1	3	11							1
The state of the s				124								12
r					32	2						33
				56	92				11			81
Liverpool Buildings			**	92	116			-	22			15
Langdon Road				2-	4.1							

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NAME OF	STREET,	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	lono
Lavina Grove Lowman Road Little Cumming Street Landseer Road Linton Street Lennox Road Liberia Road Liberia Road Loraine Road Loraine Road Loraine Mews Lady Margaret Road Lidyard Road Middleton Road Middleton Road Mountgrove Road Mountgrove Road Mountgrove Road Moray Road Moray Road Morton Road Morton Road Monnery Road Monnery Road Marlboro' Road Marcellus Road Marcellus Road		·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31 11 12 42 96 96 11 42 21 11 22 33 53 33 22 76 96 54 43 54 74	2 ² 4 ³ 3 ² 3 ¹ 1 ¹ 7 ⁵ 1 ¹ 3 ³ 1 ¹ 4 ⁴ 2 ² 4 ⁴ 5 ⁴		11		1 ¹	11		4 ² 4 ⁴ 6 ⁴ 7 ⁴ 12 ⁷ 9 ⁶ 2 ² 4 ³ 1 ¹ 9 ⁶ 2 ² 2 ² 3 ³ 1 ¹ 3 ³ 5 ³ 6 ⁵ 5 ⁴ 12 ¹¹ 11 ⁷ 10 ⁷ 7 ⁴ 10 ⁹ 17 ¹³	

Manager of Committee									1		1		1
Moreland Street	* *	**				11				100			11
Mayville Grove				2.7		100				11			11
Mentone Road					11								11
Monckley Terrace				2.2	31	1.5			**				21
Mildmay Avenue					22		++						22
Monte Christo Mansion	8				63	- 20							63
Milton Yard					11								11
Maude Terrace, Brando	n Ros	ıd						11				1	11
Marquess Road					85	22	**				11		119
Milner Square					22				**		1		22
Miranda Road					11	*							11
Mayton Street					95	22	11	0.		2.	1		125
Mitford Road					75	11				11			97
Market Street					42	1.		1			1		42
Manor Terrace, Leigh	Road				11	74					1		11
Melgund Road					33	14							33
Mildmay Park					11	11				2.	1 11	1	21
Milton Place										11			11
Montpelier Road			-		00	11		21			1		32
Myddleton Buildings					33	11				31	1		77
Malvern Terrace					. 11			0.0			1	1.	11
Marylebone Street					32	200		I.					42
Mountfort Terrace			10		22						1	100	25
Mary Street			11		11	100	**	20		-	100		11
Milton Grove					7.	23		ii		22			33
Monsell Road				- 10	54	31		11					96
Moon Street					65	.11		200	2.	8	-0.	0.	76
F 132 Ct	COLUMN:			16	11	22	*	3.5	2.5	21	1	33	54
Gildman Dood					11	22	10	111		31	3.5	700	76
Matilda Street			200		44	76	2	13					119
Mildmay Street					51	92		* *		22	**		94

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NAME OF ST	REBT.		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.
Wildman Grone				54	- 03				02			07
Mildmay Grove Montem Street					2 ² 1 ¹				22			97
F 31 TO 3			**	107	1.	* *	ii i	**	**		**	118
F 17 Ct 1	31			21	**	*:	1.	**			**	21
Commists Dond			**	22	ii			***			**	33
Mandala Dond				96	63	**	**	***		**		159
			**	11	0-				11			
Maygood Street		**	**	- 6		**	**	**	22	**	**	22
T. T Charle			**	21	ii		**		2-			2° 3°
			**	11	22	* *	**					
Northampton Street .			**	1.	11		**				**	33
Northampton Grove .			**	::	1.							11
Nelson Terrace				11			**					11
New North Road .		• • •	**	128	21		22		22			1813
Newington Green .			**	2°	11							33
Nicholay Road				83	. 32							114
Nelson Cottages			**	21	::	- 22						21
Norfolk Road				31	35	11			11			88
Noel Street				50			11		11			76
Newington Green Road.		11		32	48							75
Norfolk Street				97								97
North Road				22	11		11					44
Northampton Park .				11								11
Newhall Street				52					22			74
Orpingley Road				11	44				11			66

Oxford Road												
Offord Road 88 21 11 11 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 112 50 20 20 30 111 111 111 32	Oxford Road			95	- 11	1		1				
Ormond Road 33½	Offord Pond					2.5		1.0	1,		**	
Orchard Street 21 107 11 11 11 Outram Street 23 11 11 52 33 Oxford Terrace St. Peter's Street 11 12 22 33 Orleans Road 11 11 32 32 Orleans Road 32 22 54 Offord Terrace 11 0 11 33 Offord Street 11 0 11 11 Park Street 22 11 11 11 Park Pooles Park 52 44 11 11 11 Poylings Road 22 11 11 11 28 Poynings Road 22 11 11 11 28 Poynings Road 22 11 11 11 28 Peabody Buildings 13 11 11 28 Peabody Buildings 13 11 11 25 Pembroke Street 15 107 1	Oumand Day		**		2.		1,	2.0	69		4.0	100.00
Outram Street 2¹ 10¹ 1 12° Ockenden Road 3¹ 1¹ 1¹ 5³ 5³ Oxford Terrace St. Peter's Street 1¹ 1¹ 2² 3⁵ 5³ Orleans Road 1¹ 1¹ 1¹ 3² 0akley Road 3² 2² 5⁴ 5⁴ 06ford Terrace 1¹ 00fford Street 1¹ 0 1¹ 2² 5⁴ 5⁴ 5⁴ 1¹ 0 1¹	CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	**	***	34			**	2.0		2.4		83
Ockenden Road 31 11 11 53 Oxford Terrace St. Peter's Street 11 12 22 33 Orleans Road 12 11 11 33 Oakley Road 32 22 54 Offord Terrace 11 22 54 Offord Street 12 11 22 54 Parkfield Street 22 12 12 11 Parkfield Street 22 12 12 11 Pooles Park 52 44 12 11 11 11 Plimsoll Road 12	ADDITION OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		**					11	11			11
Ockenden Road Oxford Terrace St. Peter's Street Oxford Terrace Offord Terrace Offord Street Parkfield Street Parkfield Street Pooles Park Pooles Park Poynings Road Oxford Terrace Oxford Street Parkfield Street Parkfield Street Parkfield Street Pooles Park Pooles Park Oxford Terrace Oxford Ter				23	107	2.5		1:				120
Oxford Terrace St. Peter's Street Orleans Road Orleans Road Oakley Road Oakley Road Offord Terrace Offord Terrace Offord Street Offord Street Parkfield Street Pooles Park Plimsoll Road Poynings Road Peabody Buildings 13° Packington Street 18° Packington Street Pembroke Street Perbend Street Parolles Road Petherron Road Petherron Road Providence Cottages, Upper Street Plipham Street Plipham Street Pleasant Grove, York Road Pentonville Cottages, Market Street Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Perbend Nouse Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Perbend Nouse Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Perbend Nouse Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Pepabody House Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Pem				31	11				11	222		
Orleans Road Oakley Road Oakley Road Offord Terrace Offord Street Offord Street Parkfield Street Pooles Park Pooles Park Plimsoll Road Poynings Road Poynings Road Poynings Road Peabody Buildings Peabody Buildings Peabody Buildings Peabody Buildings Peabody Buildings Peabody Buildings Perberon Road Perberon R					13				22			750
Oakley Road 33 22 54 Offord Terrace 11 32 11 33 11 11 11 11 11 12 11 11 12 12 14 11 11 12 12 14 11 11 12 12 12 14 11 11 12	Orleans Road				11	1 55					1000	780
Offord Terrace Offord Street Offord Street 11 Parkfield Street 22 11 Pooles Park Plimsoll Road 11 Poynings Road 11 Palmerston Road Peabody Buildings Packington Street 12 Peabody Street 12 Prebend Street 12 Prebend Street 12 Parolles Road 22 11 11 11 11 12 28 Providence Cottages, Upper Street 11 Pleasant Grove, York Road 12 Pentonville Cottages, Market Street Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Pensondy House Pembroke Street 11 Pembroke House, Pembroke Street 11 Pembroke	Oakley Road			32					-			100
Offord Street	Offord Torroso		10.00						-	**		-
Parkfield Street Parkfield S	Offord Street			-	**	**	**		**	* *		
Pooles Park S	Paulsfield Street			(A)		**		2.2		12	**	100
Polynings Road Poly	Pooles Pauls	**		-		**			4.0	++	1.4	11.750
Poynings Road	DI'	**	9.		Ti.	**	11	4.4		2.4	2.4	
Palmerston Road 43 33 11 87 Peabody Buildings 13% 11 149 149 Packington Street 189 55 11 11 2516 Pleasant Buildings, York Road 11 11 12516 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1712 12 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>14</td> <td></td> <td>1.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>28</td>				14		1.2			-			28
Peabody Buildings 13* 1¹ 149 Packington Street 18* 56 1¹ 1¹ 25¹6 Pleasant Buildings, York Road 1¹ 1¹ 1² 1² 1¹ 1²<	Poynings Road		**	-	11		11		11			54
Peabody Buildings			**	42	33				11		100	87
Packington Street 18° 5° 11° 11° 2516 Pleasant Buildings, York Road 11° 11° 11° 11° 11° Prebend Street 5° 10° 11° 11° 11° 1712 Prebend Street 12° 3° 1510 Parolles Road 5° 5° 11° 11° 11° Petherton Road 2° 11° 11° 11° Providence Cottages, Upper Street 1° 1° 1° Pleasant Grove, York Road 1° 1° 1° Popham Street 1° 1° 1° Prospero Road 4° 1° 1° Pentonville Cottages, Market Street 1° 2° Pleasant Passage 1° 1° 1° Pembroke House, Pembroke Street 6° 1° Peabody House 1° 1° 1° Peabody House 1° 1° 1° Peabody House 1° 1° 1° Passage 1° 1° 1° Peabody House 1° 1° Passage 1° 1° 1° Peabody House 1° 1° Passage 1° 1° 1° Passage 1° 1° Peabody House 1° 1° Passage 1° 1°				13*	11		1922				100	149
Pembroke Street	Packington Street										3330	
Pembroke Street 53 107 13 11 1712 Prebend Street 127 38 1510 1510 Parolles Road 51 51 1510 1510 Petherton Road 22 11 11 11 11 Pleasant Grove, York Road 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 12 11 11 12 11 12 11 12 12 11 12 12 11 12	Pleasant Buildings, York Road	1000	1333			(0)0						
Prebend Street 127 31 Parolles Road 51 51 Petherton Road 22 11 Providence Cottages, Upper Street 11 11 Pleasant Grove, York Road 11 11 Popham Street 11 11 Prospero Road 45 11 Pentonville Cottages, Market Street 21 11 Pleasant Passage 11 12 Pembroke House, Pembroke Street 64 12 Peabody House 11 12	Pembroke Street					166						
Parolles Road 51 Petherton Road 51 Providence Cottages, Upper Street 11 Pleasant Grove, York Road 11 Popham Street 11 Prospero Road 4* Pentonville Cottages, Market Street 21 Pleasant Passage 11 Pembroke House, Pembroke Street 64 Peabody House 11	Prehand Street	200		7		**	1.	**	7.	* *		
Petherton Road	Parolles Road				9.	**	13.5	**	**	* *		
Providence Cottages, Upper Street Pleasant Grove, York Road Popham Street Prospero Road Pentonville Cottages, Market Street Pleasant Passage Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Peabody House	Patherton Road	100	**	1000		**						
Pleasant Grove, York Road						**		**	111	1900		33
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	District Cottages, Upper Street			3,								11
Prospero Road 4° Pentonville Cottages, Market Street 2° 1° 3° Pleasant Passage 1° 1° 1° 2° 1° 2° 1°	Pleasant Grove, York Road				11							11
Prospero Road Pentonville Cottages, Market Street Pentonville Cottages, Market Street Pleasant Passage Pembroke House, Pembroke Street Peabody House Peabody House	l'opham Street			11			-					11
Pentonville Cottages, Market Street	Prospero Road			4*		99	1000	1000	0.20		1000	41
Pleasant Passage Pembroke House, Pembroke Street	Pentonville Cottages, Market Street		1				0.00				1	
Pembroke House, Pembroke Street 64	Pleasant Passage		7.00		200	1000	6575	100		100		
Peabody House	Pembroke House, Pembroke Street		278						1			- 200
	Peabody House		1000			**	**					
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Quinn Buildings... Queen's Arms Buildings

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tueensbury Street tueen's Head Street				**	11 ⁷	11 11		11		22	- ::	::	15
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Rotherfield Street	**			3	118	32	1.			22	1	1	161
lock Street		-:-	::		111					1		10	11
liversdale Road					75			22					97
ufford Street			-::		1	11		11				1	2
Chodes Street					33	-			1	111	11	1	5
upert Road					1	1211			1	11			2
oman Road					63	32		- 11		30.			10
ocliffe Street			-::		52	11							6
heidol Terrace					22								2
ailway Street			9.3		11	11	1				11	1	3
egent's Terrace, Wy					11								1
alph Street					32	1	1						3
ingcroft Street		277692			11			hee					1
osemary Street					54	11		11		Be.			7
ichmond Place					10.	21							2
ussell Road					22	33		1000		11			6
ichmond Road					90	2^{2}				11			12
onalds Road					200	3				11			1
odney Place								11		14.			31
oseleigh Avenue										11			1
ichmond Crescent				* **	11	11				11			1
osemary Street		**	**		54	11		11					3
ydon Street				**				11			E		1
unton Street						43					14.		4
omilly Road				2.	22	111							1 3
					100	31	The same of	02/21	1120.1	4772	1000	200	1 3
Raynor Place				**		92	**			* * *	* * *		

		-	-									10.	pa-
NAME OF	STREET		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria.	Mem., Jroup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever,	Erystpelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever,	Total.	[968]
Randall's Road Richard Street Sparsholt Road St. Paul's Street Shaftesbury Road St. John's Road St. John's Road Station Buildings, Ho Sidney Street Sebbon Place St. James Mansions, Sebbon Street St. Philip Street Stanley Road Stanmore Street Stavordale Road Stavordale Road Stroud Green Road St. Clement's Street St. James' Road St. Paul's Road St. Paul's Road Studd Street Studd Street Studd Street Seven Sisters' Road	St. Jame		2 ¹	11 22 64 10° 73 1613 22° 42° 11° 11° 11° 11° 55° 54° 23° 68°	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	ii	22		1 ¹			11 44 75 10° 95 2719 11 11 42 42 11 11 43 144 22 22 52 77 98 10° 44 11 1412	120

. Thomas' Road				65	22		**		22	::		10*
outh Street				11				**	21	11		43
innyside Road				.0	53							53
nepperton Road				107	11	**	11		33			1512
. Paul's Place				3*	22				11			64
ory Street				42	32		43.		+(4)	11		85
. Peter's Street				107	74							179
encer Street				11			100			11		22
James' Street, St. Peter				42			11					51
Jude Street				33					11			44
George's Avenue				22			***		1			21
dney Place, City Road				11	21		-					33
T.L. Charact				11	11							22
44			10	6*	53							118
12 2 22 2				48					11			54
				32	21	11			20			63
dney Grove, City Road				100				201	11			11
outhcote Road	.00			ii	11							22
manufacture and the property of the property o	**			21	11							32
onderburg Road				11	399				100		100	11
ummerfield Road			**	11	21					1		32
tonefield Street			2	1	71		1		1 33	1 00		21
MALL POX HOSPITAL, HIG		**	2	ii			100	1		10	0.0	11
pring Street, Halton Ros				31	22			11.	-	100		53
t. John's Villas, Hollowa	y Road	**	***	21	178		11		11	1		44
udeley Street				21			1		11	111		44
utterton Street				11	11		1 5	**	11	11		42
t. Thomas Street				33	3,	1	1 33		1 3	1 1	1:	64
heen Grove		**		-	9-		550	8.0		300	200	21
t. Aloysious School, Hig	hgate		**	21	**				21			5
t. John's Park				33	01			**				2)
tonenest Street				1	21							-

NAME OF STREET.		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtherla.	Memb. Oroup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever,	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	ores
Spencer Road Sonning Street Southampton Street Sherbourne Street Stock Orchard Crescent Salisbury Road Station Road, Finsbury Park Station Parade Tytherton Road Thornhill Road Thornhill Road Thorpedale Road Fiber Street Fufnell Park Road Frinity Street Tibberton Square Thatched House Buildings, Essex Follington Road Follington Park Twyford Street Thornhill Crescent Theberton Street Thornhill Crescent Theberton Street Travers Road Thornhill Square	Road		21 23 11 127 11 116 11 116 11 11 66 11 11	11 11 32 32 32 32 32 32 31 11 11 21 21		11 11 22 22 11 22 11 11		2 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 2 ² 5 ⁵ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹ 1 ¹	ii		41 44 11 149 11 54 11 32 22 53 179 64 1312 22 22 11 44 11 109 44 33 11 33 44 44 11 109 44 33 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	122

abley Road					11			11		11		11	44
orrens Buildings, City					28		**						2"
yndale Place, Upper S	treet				32	**							32
remlett Grove					44								44
hornhill Grove					11	**		**	**	305			11
2 400					54	76		11			**		1310
The second secon					11	11							2*
nion Square, New No					11				*.*				11
pper Street					44	21		33					99
pper Tollington Road		* *				11			**				11
pper Park Street				*	11	4.5				22			11
ictor Road					22	21		21		11			76
ictoria Road					35	11							43
orley Road				- 11	55	43				22	1.5		1211
ittoria Street					22	11		11			11		55
ictoria Place						11							11
Vall Street					2*	11							31
Vindsor Road					97	5*		11		11			1614
Vellington Terrace, We								11					11
Varner Street					- 74	11				11	**		95
Varrender Road					76	21		11		**	11		118
Vynford Road					74	44				33			1410
Vindsor Street					87	22		31	**	11			1410
Vallace Road						11					1.		11
Vellington Road					55	31		21		22			129
Vhitehall Mansions			-		22	11							33
Vhistler Street					32	83	1 .	-		11		100	12*
Vestbourne Road				.0	44	1.	1 4	13			2.5		55
Vray Crescent	idian.				42	1.						18.	42
Vinchester Street					22	21							44
Wedmore Street				100	21	11	-						32

TABLE LXXX-continued.

NAME OF STREET.		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Group.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever,	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.
Williamson Street			21	24		1		3)			21
Voodville Grove				11		111				1	11
W J-!!!- D J			27	37		1		ii			11
Whitehall Parado			32	11							43
Waterloo Terrace, Upper Street			100	96		ii			11		11
TT 11 111 TT 11 11 TT 1			į i	32		1		11			11
Wadmana Gardone	Exec		44			11		ji			55
Windownore Pood			0.5	32		11		11			43
Walney Dood		**	35	11						1	11
T7117		11	**	21		11 .					43
Wilton Sanoro			43	- 1		11		**	37		54
Whomall Dood		11	4	11		1		33			11
William Street, Wynford Road			2.	11		**			**		11
Wharfdale Road				43		100		ji	**		54
177:11 TO 1			21	4				1.		1	21
William Street, St. Peter's Street		9	21	ii		92	**				54
Wyatt Road			65	1		2-					65
VL:4-1-11 D1-			11			111					22
Willow Dridge Dood	**		22	7.		1.				1	22
Willow Bridge Road	***	22	66	98		22		21		1	
Zoul- Villes		**	42	9-	**	2*	**	2.			1915
		41	62	23	**			21			42
Verbury Road		4.		9.			** .	11		1	146
Yonge Park		***	11		**						11
Zoffany Street	**	10.10	1,		**		**				11

TABLE LXXXI.

Showing the Occupations of Patients Suffering from the several Infectious Diseases during the year 1896.

interest of the state of the st	CCUPA	TIONS.		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	
sombourne.		-									1			
Artist				 * *		1							1	
Artificial Florist				 				**		1			1	
Actress				 						, 1			1	
Advertising Age	ent			 				1					1	
Brush Maker				 **	1			1					2	
Barmaid				 1	2					1			4	
Barman				 	3	1				1			5	
Bookbinder				 	2					1			3	
utcher				 	4	2							6	
uilder				 	1	* * *							1	
aker				 	1					1			2	
ook Folder				 	1			1					2	
oot Maker				 1	1					3			5	
ag Maker				 	1								1	
lacksmith					9			119		100			1	
ox Maker				 		1		1		3			5	
Bricklayer				 i	1.			4	100	3			8	
*3 * 00				 - 1	1 1				-	1			1	
	odin.	możż		 		3.			2.5	1	***	55	1	
rewer				 						1	**		1	
lookkeeper				 				' '		1			1	
rass Moulder			***	 				1				-	1	,
Bookseller				 	rions Store	The state of	mitte.	1					1	

Booknoller,			- 11	- 1	-	ADLE LIZE	XXI-con	PRESENCE.			-				*
0	CCUPAT	rions.			Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fover,	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	Logor
Clerk						16	2		13	-1-	3	1.00		34	
Carpenter						3		1	1		1	1	1:	5	
Cashier					7.	1		1				1		1	
Cork Cutter						i						1-7	1000	1	
Carman						1		1	1		4		1:	6	
Collar Cutter						1	7.							1	
Cook						1					1			2	
Collar Maker						1								1	
Cheesemonger							1							1	-
Charwoman							4		1		2			7	6
Compositor							1							1	
Coal Porter											2			2	
Cooper											1		1	1	
Cattle Attendant	t										1			1	
Compositor									1		2			3	
Cabinet Maker											1			1	
Cricket Bat Mak	er								**		1			1	
Carpet Planner											1		13.4	1	
Cabdriver					.5.			**			1			1	
Conductor									3		- 2			5	
Coach Builder											1			1	
Clergyman							**				2			2	
Collector		ALTON		1		1111					1	100. W		1	
Caretaker									1					1	

					1		1						
			1		100		Marie I	1		9			1
Coachman	**	K. K.	**	**			* *	1	700	102 1			1
Cornehandler							**			i	120	100	7
					3	2		1		1		**	
	matrix 3					1			**	155	**	**	1
Deaconess		**								2			2
Dairyman		**	0.10	**		100000				1			1
Drayman		**	**	**	**	**	4.1		1.00	1			1
Decorator					* 5	**	**	-		2			5
Engineer					1	1	* *	1		ī			14
Errand Boy					12	1			**	*	**	**	2
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					.01	1		1	4.4	2		* *	4
Electrical Engineer	* *				9750 40			1					1
Errand Girl		* *	**		3	13		1					5
Factory Hand						1		3					1
Forewoman		**				1	**			1		1.	1
Feather Dyer							* *	**	**	1			2
Furrier								1.		2			2
Fishmonger							**	* *	**	-	**		1
77 77 77 11 1								1		* *	4.4	**	1
					1								1
Groom				**	2					1		**	3
Grocer					ī		100000						1
Guard				* *	4.0	1							13
Gilder						1		**	**	1000	1000		1
Glass Blower						1		**		.:			0
Z70174 0000 21000 1000								1		1	**	1	1
									**		111	1	1
Gardener				3	9	17		10		26	16	100	81
Housewife				0	1								1
Handy Man			**		1		***			2			3
Hor-ekeeper	ATTORN.				1	12	***	* *			1 3	1	1
Housemaid			**	***	1		4.4				1 1713	11300	2
Hairdresser						2			**	1		*.*	1
Harness Maker										1		4.4	*
Harness Maker										1		1	

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		-	1	-			***		11.						TO
oc	CUPATIO	ons.			Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Memb, Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Poerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	LOROT
Housekeeper			-		-				1		1			1	
Ironer						1		1				1		1	
Insurance Agent							1				2			3	
Jewel Case Mak	er					1	1		1				1	2	
Jeweller										1	1			1	
Joiner											1			1	
Jet Worker									1					1	
Labourer					1	2			3		- 6			12	
Lamp Cleaner						1							122	1	
Laundress					2	3	1		1		2			9	è
Lead Worker							1							1	
Machinist						5	2		1		1			9	
Messenger						4		***	1		1			6	
Matron		*:*				1								1	
Milk Carrier						1					1			2	
Manageress						1								1	
Mothers' Help						2								2	
Milliner						1								1	
Music Teacher						1	1				1			3	
Metal Turner							1							1	
Medical Officer,	Hollow	ay Pr	ison				1							1	
Mattress Maker							1							1	
Manager									1		1			2	
Mantle Maker									1		3			4	

		1									. 1	10
urse		 		4	4	9.0	***		4			12
leedlewoman		 		1		4.4						1
ilman		 		1			**				**	1
ffice Boy		 11	11	2	1							3
ptician		 			1	**				**		1
acker		 44		2		44	-1		**	11		3
rinter		 4.4		1	1	11	**		1	44		3
upil Teacher		 		3		4.4			1	44		4
ainter		 2.4		3	1	2.5	-1	**	3	**		8
orter		 1.		3	-1	24	1		5	44		8
aper Stainer		 		2	**				44	**	11	2
aper Hanger		 		1		4.4	- 44	11	+ 5		4.7	1
age Boy		 		2	1	11						3
ostman		 		2	4.7	11	1					3
ress Agent .		 	11	1						**		- 5
otman		 		1			1		3			5 2
oliceman		 4.1	166	**	1	**			1	14.4		2
lasterer		 			1							1
olisher		 			1	**	1		**			2
lumber		 		.x	1		1					2
ressman		 			1			**	• 8			1
urse Maker .		 	11						1			1
olice Constable (N	.L.R.)	 			11		**		1			1
lush Worker .		 			18				I			35
ianoforte Maker.		 							1			1
latelayer		 					1					1
ianoforte Tuner .		 	1				1					1
icture Seller .		 					1					1
Railway Inspector		 			1	+0						1
deporter		 		2.					1			1
cholar		 	4	735	290	5	32		9			1075

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	Franctorte Tura Picture Seller Hallway Luspe	OCCUPATI	ONS.	-		Small Pox	Scarlet Fe	Diphtheri	Memb. Cr	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas	Poerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.	
	Servant	,				3	16	10		4		5			38	
	Singer Shirt Maker	in (Siria)			**	::	1		**	::	**	::		::	1	
	Salesman Shop Assistant						1	-:	11	2	11	2			5	
	Sorter					1	8	1	**	6	**	**	**	::	16	
	Stable Boy Stoker						1	.,		1.	**				1	
	Silversmith						1	i				::	**	**	2	130
	Schoolmaster Screw Maker											2	**		2 2	0
	Surveyor				::		-3		**			1			1	
	Stay Maker Silk Winder									i	**	1			1	
	Stationer									i		-9			1	
	Sanitary Inspe Seamstress	ctor			::			:	::	i	**		**	1	1	
	Traveller Telegraph Mes	· ·					3	., '				3			6	
	Teacher						3	3		1					7	
	Tailor Tea Packer			**		**	. 1	2		1	**	1			5	
1	Ticket Sorter						î	::				**	**	**	1	
	Tailor's Cutter		3.5	**	**		1								1	

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				111111111111111111111111111111111111111	2.7		177	7.7				
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			333						1			1
		-							1			1

OCCUPATIONS.		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fover. or Scarlatina.	Diphtherla.	Memb. Croup.	Enterio (Typhoid Fever).	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Total.
Artists Artificial Florists Bootmakers Bakers Builders Blockcutting Butchers Bookbinders Brass Finishing Bottle Merchants Boxmakers Booksellers Booksellers Confectioners Connchandlers Cabinet Makers Chemist Cat's Meat Shop Carpenters Common Lodging House Coining Rooms Coctors		··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	1 2 16 7 4 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 5 2 3 1 1 1 3 1			3		1			2 2 28 8 10 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 7 10 2 4 3 1 7 6

Dairy						4	1				1			6
Dressmaking		.1			1	15	10				4		1	31
Decorators						2	1							3
Drapers						3	3 -		3		1			10
Dentists						3					1			4
Engravers						1					1			2
Engineers							1							1
Fishmongers					**	1	2		**					3
Fruiterers						2	2							4
Furniture						1								1
Florist	**					1								1
Furriers						1								1
Fried Fish Shop	**				**	1	****		**					1
Fire Station							1							1
reengrocers		**	**		***	10	3		***	**	1			14
Gilders, etc.						2	***	**						2
General Dealers						8	1	3.61	2		**			11
Grocers						1	2	**						3
Glass Blowers					**	120	2	**		**	***			2
Hair Dressers						3	5							8
Hosiers						1		4 40	***		1:1			1
Harnessmakers											1			1
Hatters						**		1						1
Ironmongers						3								3
India Rubber, et	c.		* *			1	**		.:					1
Jewellers					**		1	**	1	**	1 115			1
Jet Workers									1		**			1.5
Laundry		**		**		9	5				1			15
Leather Sellers	CARLEY !	3.50				1								1
Lodging House	**					1	.:	**		**				1
Lace Collar Mak	ers								**	* *		* *		1

OCCUPATION	s.	200	Small Pox.	Scarlet Ferer	Diphtheria.	Memb. Croup.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever,	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever,	Total.	LAND
Locksmiths			13		100	1	1	100	1	1	10		
Mantle Makers		200	**				1		10.				
Machine Makers				4			2					1 .	
Milk Shop				1		1	1					6	
william onop				6	4		3				1	1	
Milliners				2	2		. 0		1		1	14	
Mangling				10	2			10.			1	4	
Iarine Stores					2	1			4			17	
Ietal Merchants		**			1	11				1		1	
ewsagent.					1								
ilshop				3	2				,			111	
mblie Henry				8	1		1		1			6	134
ublic House ,.				9	4		1		*:			5	He
rovisions, etc.				3	2				1	100		15	
olice Station				1	~	**		**	3			9	
ianoforte Makers		1000		0		***						1	
rinters				2								2	
ino Malrona				1								2	
lumbare				1								1	
ork Butchers				1	1		1					1	
ork Dutchers					1		*		* *			3	
olishers				100								1	
agshop				**					1			1	
hirtmakers		1301	**	2;		* * *			1			1	
enwriters				i i	**							1	
weet Sruff Shop				2									
chool				2	2				i			2	
				2					-		**	5 2	

	Totals			9	212	97	3	25		37	2.6	2	385
					N.	17.00	1 8	S THE	HILL ON	7 7 7	0	100	
						18.8	EA CO	3.8	2 29	1	0.00	0 8	
ashing		***				8 8 1	9	2 8	2		1 1	13	
* **		**			100	- 3		2		1			6
Vine and Spirit						1	1	3.8	=		2.0		1
Toodchoppers	Morehante	***			1		i	9.5			9.3		2
Vire Workers					1			200	8	9.	100	-:-	1
atchmakers				100000	1	是 在		1	B.:			1.3	1
pholsterers			**		3	15 1		5		i		-: 1	4
nderclothing					2	1 4		82			E	- 13	1
ndertakers					2	15		3					2 2
y Makers				110		2 1							0
bacconist		**		2	1	1		1			E		3
ailors					6	1		1	9				8
e Makers			. 1		2	:				1	0.0		3
lversmiths					2	E .		3.5	E	33			2
rgical Instrum	ent Makers	٠			1	1							1
alemakers					1				E				1
ationers					3	1		800		1			5
weeps					1							20	1
lver Chaser												* *	-

FATALITY FROM INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Out of 3,846 cases of Infectious Disease notified to the Medical Officer of Health, 1,862 were treated in hospitals, and 1,984 in their own homes. Of the hospital cases 10.6 per cent. died, and of those treated at home 9.7 per cent., the total fatality being 10.1 per cent.

Full particulars of the fatility from the various diseases are given in the two following Tables.

Generally speaking, the results seem to be in favour of home treat ment, but this is only because, as already noticed in previous reports the milder cases are not sent to hospitals, and consequently, these have to treat only the most severe cases.

TABLE LXXXIII.

Summary of Infecticus Sickness and the Deaths arising therefrom, distinguishing the cases which were treated at Home and in Hospitals.

		Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Enteric (Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cholera.	Totals
treated.	In Hospitals	44	1222	420	28	102		44	2				1862
	At Home	6	809	646	21	127		341	28	6			1984
Cases	Total	50	2031	1066	49	229		385	30	6			3846
ıs.	(In Hospital	I	36	135		19		5	1				197
Deaths.	At Home		21	112	10	27		11	10	2			193
I	(Total	I	57	247	10	46		16	11	2			390

TABLE LXXXIV.

Showing the number of Patients per 100 cases who were removed to Hospital, together with the Fatality among all cases, among cases treated at Home and in Public Institutions.

	createst at 1	LOHOO	COTOCO	010 2		-						-	_
Sections 200	The state of the s	Small Pox.	Scarlet-Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Enteric (Typhoid Fever.)	Typhus Fever.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Continued Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cholora.	Total. Percentages.
Percentages of	In Hospitals	88.0	60.2	39.4	57 1	44.5		11.4	6.6			Teal and a second	48.4
Percentage notified cases	At Home	12.0	39.8	60.6	42.9	55.5		88-6	93'4				51.6
	In Hospital	2.3	2.9	32.1	900	18.6		11.4	50.0				10.6
Percentages of Deaths.	At Home	***	2.6	17.3	47.6	21.3		3.5	35'7	33'3			9.7
Perc of I	Total	2.0	2.8	23.2	20.4	20.1		4.1	36.7	33.3			10.14

HOSPITAL STATISTICS.

TABLE LXXXV.

Showing the number of cases of the several infectious diseases removed from Islington to Metropolitan Asylums Board Hospitals for treatment and isolatuoi during 1896.

50 EE CE			-	_			7.0	
Metropolitan Asylum Board's Hospitals.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diph- theria.	Enterie Fever,	Typhus Fever.	Other Diseases.	Total Admis- sions,	Total Deaths.
Eastern		225	130	29		28	412	43
North Eastern	1	682				8	690	19
North Western	1	205	215	16	E	20	456	83
Western	1	9	19	1		4	33	4
South Western			1				1	andan, l
Fountain	250.50	20.0	1	1000	per lyen.	11	1	dato Z.
South Eastern		1	1		AL ISTO	- SAL	2	1
Small Pex	36						36	1
Totals	36	1,122	367	46		60	1,631	152

TABLE LXXXVI.

Showing the number of Cases notified in the several Metropolitan Districts.

		er.	d	us	Typhoid or Enteric Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Continued Fever.	T	· s	Puerperal Fever.		Population 1896.
Districts in	Small-pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Fer	Fer	E	Cholera.	Erysipelas.	E	ils.	no
which the Patients	-	et.	hth	mbrano Croup.	ho	SD	nec	lou	Sign	era	Totals.	ati
were resident.	ma	Ta	[di	CH	E S	Pd.	tin	5	Sry	Th	H	luc
	00	Sco	A	M	Bu	Th	on			one.	POTE !	Pol
Author by the							0			н.		
Battersea	8	1175	391	28	109		1		253	10	1975	165,115
Bermondsey	4	394	250	8	65				131	5	857	85,475
Bethnal Green	2	1257	425	35	129		4		327	12	2191	129,162
Camberwell	13	1222	1407	23	175	3		1	319	16	3179	253,076
Chelsea	2	571	481	7	66	**	2		120	6	1255	96,646
Clerkenwell	5	461	234	12	67				108	4	891	66,202
Fulham	2	628	342	14	54	**	5	2	99	9	1155	113,781
Freenwich	14	1163	819	17	113		3		242	17	2388	75,774
Hackney	8	1533	570	23	202		7		311	6	2660	213,044
Hammersmith	3	532	209	9	51	1	4		121	9	939	104,199
Hampstead		289	194	5	58	*:	2		54	6	608	75,449
Holborn	1	123	69	3	30	1	1 6		65	2	295 3842	31,208
Islington	50	2051	1067	24	229	**	6	**	385	30	1781	336,764
Kensington	13	1020	361	11	95	*:	14	6	277 355	20	2866	170,465 295,033
Lambeth	18	1595	662	30	165 28	1			37	6	315	38,58
Lee	1	168	75	117	58	**	1.0		79	9	855	83,21
Lewisham		343	361 264	4 6	27		i		110	4	769	58,30
Limehouse		350 811	285	7	107			**	248	3	1465	141,18
Marylebone	4 2	764	541	10	113		2	**	197	5	1634	111,060
Mile End Old Town	1	795	239	8	61		1		119	10	1237	124,500
Paddington	1	363	199	9	29		3	i	43	3	654	59,25
Plumstead	0	964	670	31	184		8	i	315	7	2189	169,26
Poplar Rotherbithe	H H	198	117	6	45		1	1	113	6	492	40,379
21 214-1-	1	708	350	21	117		9		297	3	1596	122,348
St. George-in-the East	0	378	208	6	33		1		89	2	719	47,50
St. George, Hanover Sq	1000	342	123	1	54		1		56	2	580	79,96
St. George, Southwark	3	335	181	12	48				95	3	677	60,27
St. Giles		180	56	4	21		100		80	1	342	38,23
St. James, Westminster	3	75	34	3	6				20	2	143	23,05
St. Luke, Middlesex	2	264	129	4	38	**	2		133	2	574	41,52
St. Margaret and St.)	2	224	107	2	35		2		79	1	452	53,23
John, Westminster		1	100	1					12	1	123	13,07
St. Martin-in-the-Fields	176	73	15	1	18		2		194	9	1379	120,93
St. Mary, Newington	3	677	386	21	88		1		21		136	11,73
St. Olave, Southwark		62	43	1 13	200	**	i		355	21	2144	240,76
St. Pancras	1	1079	469 82	1	9		7		35		271	25,36
St. Saviour, Southwark		140 226	76	4	16			di.	40	1	365	33,48
Stoke Newington		132	36	1	8				11	1	189	23,78
Strand	0	1000	296	3	102	100	8	i	265	11	1688	187,26
Wandsworth	1	638	337	14	62				138	2	1195	77,71
Whitechapel	1	146	100	2	21	1	3		45	1	319	41,31
Woolwich	0	197	71	1	21		1		34		327	30,97
Port of London	1 2	5	6		17				2		35	DA WINE
	-	-	-		3189	6	102	13	6438	278	49696	nletenot
Grand Totals	. 225	25,638	10001	**	0100	0	103	10	DEOC	210	10000	

^{*} Three cases of Relapsing Fever were also notified.

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ANTITOXIN SERUM TREATMENT OF DIPHTHERIA.

The Medical Superintendents of the Metropolitan Asylums Board have published a report on the treatment of Diphtheria with Antitoxin Serum, which is of great interest, as no less than 71.3 per cent. of the total cases admitted to the hospitals (with the exception of the North Western Hospital) were treated with it.

The following tables are taken from that report, and explain themselves:—

ALL THE HOSPITALS. TABLE A.

(Showing day of disease on which the treatment was commenced.)

DAY OF DISEASE	1	t.	20	d.	3r	d.	4t	h.	5th and	after.	Тота	L.	01	
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases,	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Morta per ce	
Under 1	-	0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0	10 35 39 61 61 157 33 3 7	6 16 8 8 6 16 1 0 0	13 41 60 83 77 212 47 8 16	3 1 0	_	2 21 20 20 30 55 12 1 0	28 75 130 155 190 428 113 21 25	16 30 50 68 57 122 20 4 3 370	63 190 292 380 421 1,056 253 38 71 2,764	27 83 98 116 110 238 36 6 3 717	42·8 43·6 33·5 30·5 26·1 22·5 14·2 15·7 4·2 25·9	- 32-2

TABLE B.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.
(In the case of those not treated with antitoxin, day of disease—day of disease on which the patient was admitted to hospital.)

DAT OF DISEASE	1	st.	21	nd.	31	d.	41	h.	5th and	after.	Тотя	LL.		
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Morte per c	
Under 1	9	1 0 2 0 0 1 0 0	11 40 54 74 74 216 67 9 22	7 18 9 12 8 17 2 0 0	16 47 76 105 107 287 83 28 74	5 20 22 26 20 47 4 1	13 48 65 98 114 298 96 33 57	4 28 24 23 31 61 12 2 0	36 103 185 221 265 670 236 63 100	20 43 62 82 74 147 26 5 4	81 240 388 508 569 1,508 493 134 254	37 109 119 143 133 273 44 8 5	45.6 45.4 30.6 28.1 23.3 18.1 8.9 5.9 1.9	39-2
Total	84	4	567	73	823	146	822	185	1,879	463	4,175	871	20.8	
Mortality per cent.		4.7		12.8		17.7		22.5		24.6		20.8		

TABLE C.

All cases of Diphtheria, before use of Antitoxin, 1894.

(Day of disease—day of disease on which patient was admitted to hospital.)

DAY OF DISEASE	1	st.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th and	after.	Tor	LL.	
AGRS.	Cases,	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases,	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	17 15 53 12 6	0 5 7 6 4 6 2 0 0	10 42 55 58 51 179 85 23 36	7 29 27 26 18 34 4 0 1	4 47 51 70 71 215 79 33 82	1 25 22 37 26 71 8 1 1	11 39 44 71 47 208 59 28 59	6 25 26 37 14 60 5 0 6	15 66 91 126 144 420 128 70 92	11 42 50 55 50 109 22 6 10	328 1,075 363 160 273	25 126 132 161 112 280 41 7 18	62.5 61.7 51.3 47.0 34.1 26.0 11.2 4.3 6.5
Mortality per cent.	_	-	-	27.0	-	29.4	566	31.6	1,152	30-8	3,042	29.6	29.6

TABLE D.

Showing Percentage Mortality in relation to Day of Disease on which Cases came under Treatment.

DAY OF DISEASE.	* 1894.	1896.	DIFFERENCE.
1st 2nd	22.5	4.7	17.8
2nd	27.0	12·8 17·7	14.2
4th	31.6	22.5	9.1
5th and over	30.8	24.6	6.2
All Cases	29.6	20.8	8.8

^{*} Antitoxin Serum not in use.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE IN SCHOOLS.

During the year special inquiries were made as to the schools attended by every child who was attacked with an infectious disease, and, in cases where the patients were not scholars, as to the schools

TABLE C.

All cases of Diphtheria, before use of Antitoxin, 1894.

(Day of disease—day of disease on which patient was admitted to hospital.)

DAY OF DISEASE	1	st.	2	nd.	3	ird.	4	th.	5th and	after.	Tor.	AL.	Wester
Agrs.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases,	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1 1 to 2 2 to 3 3 to 4 4 to 5 5 to 10 0 to 15 5 to 20 0 and upwards Total Mortality per cent.	0 10 16 17 15 53 12 6 4	-	-	7 29 27 26 18 34 4 0 1 146	-	1 25 22 37 26 71 8 1 1	-	6 25 26 37 14 60 5 0 6	15 66 91 126 144 420 128 70 92 1,152	11 42 50 55 50 109 22 6 10 355 30.8	40 204 257 342 328 1,075 363 160 273 3,042	25 126 132 161 112 280 41 7 18 902 29.6	62.5 61.7 51.3 47.0 34.1 26.0 11.2 4.3 6.5

TABLE D.

Showing Percentage Mortality in relation to Day of Disease on which Cases came under Treatment.

DAY OF DISEASE.	* 1894.	1896.	DIFFERENCE
1st	22.5	4.7	17.8
2nd	27.0	12.8	14.2
3rd	29.4	17.7	11.7
4th	31.6	22.5	9.1
5th and over	30.8	24.6	6.2
All Cases	29.6	20.8	8.8

^{*} Antitoxin Serum not in use.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE IN SCHOOLS.

During the year special inquiries were made as to the schools attended by every child who was attacked with an infectious disease, and, in cases where the patients were not scholars, as to the schools

TABLE LXXXVII.

Showing the cases of Infectious Sickness occurring in Elementary Schools, during the year ending 2nd January, 1897.

					-	Ассомно	DATION.		PAT	IENTS	WHO	ARE :	SCHOL.	ARS.		ENTS W		TOUSI	S IN W	
	NAME OF SCHOOL.			-	Boys.	Girls,	Infants.	Total.	Small Pox.	Scarlet. Fever.	Diphtheria	Enteric Fever.	Other Fevers.	Total.	Small Pox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria	Enteric Fever.	Other Fevers.	Total.
1	Yerbury Road, B.S.				360	360	473	1,193		22	15	1	1	39	2	11	6	8	5	35
2 8	St. John's, Holloway Road				179	161	194	534		9	4		1	14	**	4	2	1	2	1
					198	136	65	399		10	1		++	11		2	4		1	3
					290	290	334	914	++	0	10		**	15		6	8	1	1	10
					718	718	614	2,050	4.0	18	6			24		8	6	1	9	2
					**		**		**	**	i	**	**	ï		**	i	**		
	The state of the s			-		**	266	266	**	**			**		**	2		**		
	Iron Buildings, Hornsey R St. Mark's, Grove Road, C				139	139	277	555		23	8	i		32	**	1	7			
	St. Paul's, Blenheim Road				128	128	83	339		3				3		1			2	
	the state of the s				393	352	377	1,122		6	6	3		15		9	2	1	4	1
	CO A TO A TO CT				360	360	384	1,104	1	34	37			72	2	10	10	2	6	3
	r 1 m 1 m 0				480	480	631	1,591	1	24	22			47	1	9	11	2	9	3
14	Whittington, B.S				300	300	400	1,000		18	13	++		31	1	10	9	**	5	2
15]					420	420	560	1,400	**	38	ō	**	**	43		11	9	**	2	2
				-	**	**	**		**	**	4		**	4		1	2	**	**	
					257	251	229	737		12	7			19		5	4	i	5	1
	12 - 1 - TO CT				300	300	378	978		3	1		1	5	1	7	4	3	3	1
	COL A 1 PE 65				185	99	120	404		6	1			7	1	2	1		1	
	D. T. L. D. L. D. C.			9	317	317	418	1,052		12	5		**	17	4	8	3	**	3	1
	D D J D D				175	174		349		5	4			9	**	3	3			
	16 1 1 DE TO					22.				2			**	2		1	2	1	1	
					358	358	458	1,174		7	1 2	2	1	11 8		6	3	2 2	3 2	1
					420	420	548	1,388	**	32	8		1	40	i	9	4		12	2
					330	330 156	391 186	1,051		6	1		**	7	î	3	1		4	-
	The state of the s				100	100	100	300		3	1	2		6		1	1		1	
	Catholic School, Eden Gro Caledonian Road, B.S.				352	352	400	1,104		14	4		1	19		5	4	2	3	1
	987 3 D J D O				352	352	459	1,163		11	2			13		4	2	3	5	1
	POR N A TE PER PER PER PER PER PER PER PER PER PE				326	290	283	899		7	4	1		12		4	2	2	2	1
	The second secon					**					1			1		**				
33	Blackstock Road, B.S				416	416	552	1,384		9	**	11		9	1	4	3	4	**	1
34	Gillespie Road, B.S.				360	360	480	1,200	1	39	2	2		8	1	7	**	4	4 2	1
	Drayton Park, C.S	: 00		-	236	177 185	177 170	590 541	**	7 8	1	**	* *	9	**	1	**	1	2	
	St. John's, Conewood Stre				186			041	**	1		::		1	**	4	1		4	13
37	Risinghill Street, B.S. St. Jude's, C.S.				332	**	188	520		9				9		3	2		2	
	St. Matthias, B.S				30	30	40	100		10	4			14		10	3	3	3	1
40	York Road, B.S				518	413	522	1,453		12	22		1	35		6	12	2	1	2
41	Gifford Street, B.S				632	625	692	1,949		7	13	4	**	24	**	6	10	2]
42	St. Thomas', U.S				225	229	219	673		13	17	**	++	30	**	3 5	12	2	1	1
43	St. Clement's, C.S				254	254	218	726		3	13		**	6 29	**	7	8	2	2 3	1 5
44	Blundell Street, B.S.	rie .		- 1	428 218	439 165	566 178	1,433	**	15	2	1	**	9	**	i	1		1	1
	St. Paul's, Dorset Street, Ecclesbourne Road, B.S.				360	360	489	1,209	::	30	6	i		37		19	5			1
46	Milton Road									1	2			3						
48	Tottenham Road, B.S.									6	3		1	10		3			2	
49	Queen's Head Street. B.S.				460	460	540	1,460		30	13		1	44		23	5	2	1	1
50	St. Bartholomew's, C.S.				358	**	100	358		3	1		**	4	**	2	**		11	1
51	Angler's Gardens, B.S.				359	332	488	1.179	**	13	3	1	**	17 33	**	11 4	6	**	1	
52	St. Phillip's, C.S	Street	**	* *	176	151 231	166	493		4	1	**		5		1				
53	St. Mathew's, Rotherfield			**	312	312	374	998	1	29				29		13	3	2	i	
55	Shepperton Road, B.S. 95, Church Road		**							1				1						
56	Buckingham Street, B.S.				308	308	417	1,033		17	19	4		40		5	12	1	3	3
57	Winchester Street, B.S.				434	435	512	1,381		6	3	1		10		3	2	2	3	
58	All Saints', C.S				231	231	120	582		7	3		1	10		1	3	1 3		
59	Vittoria Place, B.S.	**	**		330	330	105	1,129		17	6	2	1	26 19	**	1	11 2	1	8	
60	Holy Trinity, C.S	**	4.9		176 360	176 360	195	1,193		15 20	3		1	23		5	7		3	
61	Richard Street, B.S.			**	360	360	397	1,117	1:	18	5		2	25			2	1	6	
62	Station Road, B.S Thornhill Road, B.S.	**	**	**	360	360	484	1,204	1	49	14	2		65	1	15	6	2	6	1
63	St. Matthew's, City Road,				110	110	191	411	1	9	1	1	1	10		3			2	
65	St. John's, Duncan Terrac				210	198	160	568		19	2			21		1		1	3	1
66	Hanover Street, B.S.				31:1	391	476	1,258		12	10			22	1.	7	2	2		
67	Canonbury Road, B.S.				307	307	369	983		16	3			19		6	2 5	1	-	
	St. Mary's, C.S				248	248	173	669	1	11 3	2	**		13	1	1	5	1.		
68	The state of the s													- 12						-
68	Brewer Street				**		**	1		1 0	**				**			-	-	-

These Schools ar not in the Parish.

TARE LEXXXIVE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY SONODIS STATE OF THE PROPERTY SONOTION OF THE PROPERTY SONODIS STATE OF THE PROPERTY SONOTION SONODIS STATE OF THE PROPERTY SONOTION SONODIS STATE OF THE PROPERTY SONODIS STATE



attended by any children who resided on the premises, and the results are embodied in the Table LXXXVII. Here it is found that 1,252 children attacked with an infectious disease attended school.

Small Pox attacke	d		 3	scholars.
Scarlet Fever ,,			 844	,,
Diphtheria ,,			 355	"
Enteric Fever ,,		**	 28	,,
Other Fevers .,			 12	"
Total		Carried Sta	 ,242	27

On the other hand, the same diseases attacked persons who were not scholars, but who lived in houses in which scholars resided, in the following numbers:—

Small Pox		Same	 17	persons.
Scarlet Fever			 329	, ,,
Diphtheria			240	* **
Enteric Fever			72	","
Other Fevers			 166	>>
Total	there		 824	"

As regards the prevalence of Scarlet Fever in the schools, it will be noticed that the largest number of cases occurred in the following schools:—

Thornhill Road, B.S.		ere	 49	cases.
Gillespie Road, B.S.		1188	 39	"
Grafton Road, B.S.	.000 0	933	 34	"
Pakeman Street, B.S.	. 270	[23]	 32	22
Queen's Head Street, B	.S.	511	 30	**
St. Phillip's, C.S.	.1.08	187	 30	-99-
Shepperton Road, B.S.	.077,8		 29	"
Duncombe Road, B.S.			 24	. ,,
St. Mark's, Grove Road	l, C.S.		 29	"

WORK OF DISINFECTION.

The work of disinfecting articles which had been exposed to the influence of the several infectious diseases was effected in a most thorough and satisfactory manner in the steam disinfectors erected by Messrs. Goddard, Massey, and Warner. The two machines have been worked alternately, one or the other having been used every day of the year, Sundays and holidays alone excepted. The machines have given no trouble and there has been no break down, so that the engineer is now able to report that they are in a most efficient condition.

The work performed by the machines has increased very considerably since they were first erected, as the following statement will show:—

					Articles disinfected.
1895—Six	months	ending	December		17,240
1896	270	,,	June		18,971
1896	22	"	December		24,296
				Total	60,507

Among the larger articles disinfected there were:-

		1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	The Year.
Beds	admin	558	582	791	892	2,823
Blankets		1,032	839	986	1,475	4,332
Bolsters		367	356	454	536	1,713
Carpets		413	357	384	435	1,589
Chair cushi	ons	229	236	293	359	1,117
Mattresses	08	286	298	328	493	1,405
Palliasses	18	569	593	784	883	2,829
Pillows	88	953	977	1,300	1,624	4,854
Quilts	08	447	437	508	617	2,009
Sheets	08	734	804	978	1,174	3,690
Other articl	les	4,134	3,770	4,252	4,750	16,906
	Totals	9,722	9,249	11,058	13,238	43,267

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The enormous number of 43,317 separate articles were disinfected by the Vestry during the year. In past years when complaint had been made by the Vestry respecting "return cases" of Scarlet Fever, the Metropolitan Asylums Board met the charge by saying that it was not that the patients had been discharged too early but that the work of disinfection had been improperly carried out. In the face of the above record of work done by two of the most modern appliances, it will be no longer possible for such an excuse to be made by a body who have always been quite ready to shift the burden of their neglect on to other shoulders. At present there is hardly any place, certainly not in London, in which all the work appertaining to disinfection is so thoroughly carried out as in Islington.

In addition to the work of the Parish, the machines also disinfected all the articles that had been exposed to infection in Stoke Newington.

The report of the Medical Officer of London for 1895, shows that twenty-four sanitary authorities have provided themselves with disinfecting apparatus, in which disinfection is effected by steam, and that six authorities possess apparatus in which disinfection is effected by dry heat, while eight authorities arrange with a contractor.

Destruction of Infected Articles.—The crematory connected with the disinfecting station has been frequently used to destroy infected articles, such as bedding, which were in too foul or too dilapidated a condition to be returned to their owners.

The crematory was also found to be very useful in destroying the unsound food which had been seized by the Inspectors. It performed these duties perfectly, reducing the contents to ash in a very brief time.

Through an oversight, a record of the articles destroyed in it was not kept. This oversight has now been corrected and in future reports a return will be given.

It may, however, be said that, owing to the more efficient means employed to disinfect bedding, &c., many articles that previously would have been destroyed were now saved and returned to their owners, and consequently the Vestry was saved the cost of replacing them Comparatively few London sanitary authorities seem to have made special provision for destruction, most of them destroying infected articles either in their dust destructors, or in furnaces to which they have access. A few authorities continue to destroy them on open ground and in the open air.

From these remarks it will be perceived that Islington occupies a leading position in the matter of dealing with infected articles.

The cost to the Vestry for disinfecting for the year was under £400.

TABLE LXXXVIII.

Showing the Fumigation of Rooms after Infectious Disease.
Year ending 2nd January, 1897.

Sar	nitary Insp a's Distric	ts.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Total
1st	Quarter	de.	66	108	34	69	24	40	25	31	73	44	78	54	32	48	726
2nd	do.		65	93	24	68	40	55	37	26	84	52	96	64	41	35	780
3rd	do.		82	115	37	61	27	48	39	46	89	55	147	100	64	64	974
4th	do.		65	127	44	87	59	43	63	66	61	79	108	89	52	72	1,015
di st	Year		278	443	139	285	150	186	164	169	307	230	429	307	189	219	3,495

TABLE LXXXIX.

Showing the Cleansing of Rooms after Infectious Disease.
Year ending 2nd January, 1897.

Sanitary Inspector's Districts.	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Total
Ist Quarter .		20	23	3	23	4	5	7	13	16	15	34	20	8	6	197
and do		20	20	4	33	7	6	11	4	14	20	33	12	22	7	213
ord do		29	23	11	22	6	9	24	11	30	22	77	28	6	11	309
th do		24	39	.8	26	9	6	32	16	23	38	56	21	9	19	326
Year .		93	105	26	104	26	26	74	44	83	95	200	81	45	43	1,045

Disinfectants Distributed and used.—In the following statement particulars are given of the manner in which the disinfectants were distributed.

and northing 1,000 children born	Disinfecting Powder.	Carbolised Creasote.	Clear Carbolic Acid.
To Inhabitants	Tons. Cwt. 10 16	Gallons. 1,208	Gallons.
Works (Horse and Depôt	_ 5	20	- III
Dept. Sewers	4 16 2 3	580 92	_
Totals	18 0	1,900	80

There were, compared with the preceding year, 95 tons less Powder, 7,815 gallons less Fluid, and 15 gallons less Clear Acid used.

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

There was 1,460 deaths of children under twelve months old These were equal to an infantile mortality rate of 150 per 1,000 children born in the year. This rate is slightly above the rate which prevailed during the thirteen years 1883-95, when it was 145 per 1,000.

The rate contrasts very favourably with the mortality rate experienced in other places.

33	Great Towns		a held	167 per 1,000	inhabitanta.
	Urban Districts			161	" Maria Malillo
Lo	ndon			169	>>
	Hornsey			105	and a sould
00	Stoke Newington			126	.netoogald'sraw
Encircling Districts.	Hackney			146	"
Dis	Shoreditch	***		180	and the st
ing	St. Luke			154	from his orden
circl	Clerkenwell		79555	184	(Mr. J. R. Jug
En	St. Paneras	Maria	mer's	168	made for a statu
	Islington			150	Committee, e

The mortality rates for the preceding thirteen years are set out in the Appendix, in Table B, col. 5.

The mortality was highest in the third quarter owing to the prevalence of Diarrhoea.

```
1st quarter... ... 373 deaths = 151 per 1,000 children born.

2nd ,, ... 318 ,, = 130 ,, ,,

3rd ,, ... 449 ,, = 196 ,, ,,

4th ,, ... 350 ,, = 128 ,, ,,

This year ... 1,490 ,, = 150 ,, ,,
```

The infantile mortality rates in the several sub-districts were-

```
Upper Holloway ... ... 135 per 1,000 children born.

Islington South West ... 165 ,, ,,
,, South East ... 152 ,, ,,
Highbury ... ... 144 ,, ,,

The Parish ... ... 150 ,, ,,
```

THE WORK OF THE SANITARY INSPECTORS.

In the two succeeding Tables the work of the Sanitary Inspectors is fully set out. They speak for themselves, and fully prove that these officials have been doing most useful work.

Altogether, 7,645 houses, not including factories and workshops, were inspected, to which 56,810 visits were paid.

In addition to the work of the Inspectors, and apart altogether from his ordinary visits, the Superintendent and Chief Inspector (Mr. J. R. Leggett) visited every house for which application was made for a statutory notice, and reported thereon to the Public Health Committee.

TABLE XC.

Giving a Summary of the Sanitary Work performed by the Inspectors in 1896.

SERBORNOS PRESENTE SE	90		QUART	ERS.	1551	THE
		First.	Second.	Third.	Fourth.	YEAR.
		1.005	1.015	1,900	1,865	7,645
Number of Houses Inspected		1,965	1,915			1000
Re-inspections, Calls made, &c		15,154	14,220	11,578	15,858	56,810
Visits to Bakehouses		282	229	183	319	1,013
Do. Cowhouses	9.1	8	7	14	37	66
		12	9	33	61	115
Do. Stables and Yards		537	473	556	714	2,280
Do. Factories and Workshops		1,296	1,340	1,202	1,368	5,206
Do. Factories, Horse Slaughter-hou Piggeries, &c., Belle Isle	1808,		6	3		•
Do. Under Sale of Food and Do. Acts	rugs	187	201	169	212	769
Lo. To Registered Lodging House		1,541	1,314	1,644	1,686	6,18
Total Inspections		20,982	19,714	17,282	22,120	80,09

Before closing this part of the report the Medical Officer of Health feels it his duty to bear testimony to the diligent and satisfactory manner in which the staff, clerks as well as Inspectors, performed their work. It was worthy of high praise. He also notices with great satisfaction that they were most punctual every morning in their attendance at the Vestry Hall at nine o'clock. Indeed, the occasions on which members of the staff were late were so few that they could be counted by units. This speaks well for the interest which they have undoubtedly taken in their work.

TABLE XCI.

Giving a summary of the Nuisances discovered by Sanitary Inspectors during the Four Quarters and for the Year 1896, for the abatement of which notices were served.

NUISANCES.			QUARTER	s.		[968
	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	The Year.	
1. The house or part of the house in a dirty condition 2. , , in a damp condition 3. ,, in a dilapidated condition . 4. The inlet of surface drain improperly trapped 5. The water-closet so foul as to be a nuisance 6. , , without a water supply 7. , , with a deficient supply of water . 8. , , improperly constructed so as to be a nuisance . 9. , , so defective as to be a nuisance . 10. , , stopped	93 72 47 336 225 55 82 407 45 27	109 46 50 302 213 51 79 379 69 19	138 88 86 222 239 45 66 309 73	98 74 52 248 219 53 65 339 102	438 280 235 1,108 896 204 292 1,434 289	
11. , , , placed in an improper position 12. Insufficient external ventilation to water-closet 13. Insufficient water-closet accommodation 14. The soil-pipe defective 15. , unventilated 16. , improperly ventilated . 17. The yard in a condition injurious to health by reason of the want of	51 85 16 89 208 54	19 67 26 115 192 -74	24 46 22 79 175 80	14 41 59 24 128 184 68	74 135 257 88 411 759 276	148
18. The yard dirty 19. , undrained 20. A gully trap improperly placed within the house 21. The waste-pipe of sink directly connected with the drain 22. ,, improperly trapped 23. ,, untrapped 24. , of layatory directly connected with the drain	265 29 57 101 251 73 64 14	209 22 40 156 194 72 48	235 31 27 121 152 34 49	256 27 56 184 197 42 66	965 109 180 562 794 221 227	
26. ,, improperly trapped	2 20 8 1 27 39	9 3 41 8 9 49 47	6 3 45 5 8 42 46 118	5 11 31 6 5 33 50 120	34 19 137 27 23 151 182	
32. ,, ,, being placed in an improper position	29 26	26 5	24 6	24 5	494 103 42	

QUARTERS.

INSPECTION OF WORKSHOPS.

The work of the two Inspectors (male and female) was of the most satisfactory character, and fully—indeed, more than—justified the action of the Vestry in appointing them especially for this purpose. They have accomplished a very large amount of work, which has resulted in improved conditions under which work-people labour. Many of the premises inspected had never been visited by any of H.M. Inspectors, and as a result no fewer than 172 such workshops were reported to the Home Office by Miss Gray alone.

Work of the Female Inspector (Miss Gray).—This Inspector made 1,251 inspections of workshops, containing 1,900 workrooms, during the year. In 27 overcrowding occurred, in 10 the ventilation was bad, and in 50 there was uncleanliness. In addition to these 341 other sanitary defects were rectified. 547 workroom cards, stating the number of workers which the rooms would accommodate when working ordinary time, as well as overtime, were distributed. In this connection it was a matter of much regret that one of H.M. Assistant-Inspectors stated to an employer of labour that "they were not worth the paper they were printed on," thereby, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, greatly exceeding his duty and interfering in a most unwarrantable manner with the duties and responsibilities attaching to the Vestry's officers. It is not expected that a similar incident will occur again, as a speedy remonstrance was addressed to the offender by your Medical Officer of Health.

Now these cards are of real service, for they enable workers to at once perceive if unscrupulous employers are overcrowding their work places. That they do so is quite apparent, for Miss Gray came across 27 instances in which this offence was committed, and in her report on her work for the second quarter of the year she pointed out that in one workroom "where there was space for two persons only, there were six at work; and in another with space for four there were eight persons employed." It is to prevent such occurrences that these most valuable cards have been distributed.

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A careful perusal of Miss Gray's report, and especially of the Table appended to it, will give a better insight into her work than any remarks that can be made upon it. It is full of interest to those who desire to keep themselves acquainted with the labour question as it exists in this Parish.

To Dr. A. E. HARRIS,

Medical Officer of Health.

THE VESTRY HALL,
ISLINGTON,
30th January, 1897.

SIR,

I have pleasure in laying before you a report of my work during 1896.

Register.—At the end of the year there are on the register 660 workshops and work-places in which women are employed and 150 "workshop" laundries—i.e., laundries in which more than two persons are employed and in which no mechanical power is used. Thirty-five different trades are carried on in the various workrooms. In the majority articles of wearing apparel are manufactured, as shown in the following Table:—

Nature of Business.	Number of Workshops.
Dress-making	204
Tie-making	74
Millinery	62
Mantle-making	62
Blouse-making	47
Fur-sewing	45
Tailoring	28
Artificial Flower-making	28
Underclothing making	26
Beadwork	20
Leather and Fancy Goods making	15
Boot and Shoe making	8
Box-making	8
Miscellaneous	33

Two hundred and fifty-five workshops have been added to the register during the year.

Inspections.—I have inspected 1,251 workshops, containing 1,990 workrooms, and I have made 1,061 calls and re-inspections.

In addition to the workshops and laundries on the register, I have visited numerous small laundries in which only one or two persons are employed, and also the homes of some of the female out-workers employed in the Parish.

Cleanliness.—I found 50 workrooms in a dirty condition; these have been cleansed and whitewashed.

Ventilation.—In nine workrooms, which were insufficiently ventilated, additional ventilators have been provided. In my experience, it is only in those workrooms in which

the employers understand the importance of fresh air that sufficient attention is paid to ventilation. The employees, as a rule, do not see the necessity for it, and, if left to themselves, keep the windows and ventilators closed. Of course, it is only natural that they, often inadequately clad, should object to sitting ten and a half hours a day in a draught. Much, however, can be done by airing the rooms thoroughly at mealtimes. The practice of heating workrooms by means of gas burners only is much to be deprecated, as generally in those cases gas is only allowed for two hours or so in the morning; consequently the employees are afraid to open the windows, and by the end of the day the state of the atmosphere may be imagined.

Overcrowding.— In twenty-seven workrooms overcrowding has been abated; in most cases additional accommodation has been provided for the extra hands. I have distributed 647 workroom cards, stating the number to be employed in each room.

Sanitary Defects.—I have reported, during the year, 541 nuisances liable to be dealt with under the Public Health Act. I have issued 107 intimation notices and supervised the abatement of 133 nuisances.

Laundries.—On my first inspection of the laundries, I found their condition far from satisfactory. Owing partly to the nature of the business, most of them were in a more or less dirty and dilapidated state. In the ironing-rooms, the walls, ceilings and floors were defective, so much so that in three cases, at least, I found that workers had fallen through the floors! Many of the wash-houses were paved with wood and were, in consequence, in a most insanitary condition. The sanitary arrangements were, as a rule, far from perfect These defects have been remedied and there is now a marked improvement in all sanitary matters. Several new, well-ventilated wash-houses and ironing-rooms have been built during the year, and the plan of having the iron-heating stove in a separate room from the workers (though not required by the provisions of the Factory Act in "workshop" laundries) has been adopted in many places.

I am, SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

JESSY M. S. GRAY, Inspector of Workrooms.

Summary of Factory and Workshop Work from the Female Inspector's Reports, from 30th December, 1895, to 2nd January, 1897.

Summary of Factory and Workshop Work from the Female	1,	Quar	tur o	mdi	200	Ons	rter	end	ing	Qui	arter	end	ing	Qua	rter	end	ing		tal for end l Jar	ing	
DESCRIPTION OF WORK.	Dressmakers &	Ladies Tailors.	Laundries.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Dressmakers & Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Dressmakers & Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Dressmakers & Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Dressmakers & Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Miscellaneous.	Total,
Workshops, Workplaces, Laundries, &c. Number of on the Register, Number of Workrooms therein		41 13 26 10	21 1	08 2 66 1		146	36 67	150 163	332 311	112	27 33	 111 95	250 267	110	123	156 111	389	109	317 287	525	1251 1061
Workrooms, Number of Inspections of			06 1	5 3	85 5 3 28	2 2		10		2		1	3	2		3 2	- 5	6 3		19	9
Workshops, &c., newly discovered and registered during the year . ,, Workrooms therein measured . ,, Reported to H.M. Inspector on discovery . ,, Removed from the Register . Houses visited for enquiry at which no female hands were employed			8	64	56	13	6	22	81 41	27 35 22 20	16 10	10	84	9	8	39 16	68	118 59	31 32	173 81	255 322 172 190
Workroom Cards distributed, showing number of persons permitted in each room	ed	41		29	70	89		145	234 27	84		69	158	36	9	54	96	250 21	53	297 33	547 107
(c) Yards, Floors, Roofs, &c., repaired		2	16 20	3 4 9	3 20 31	5	10 22	1	-	8	4	5	7	1	2 5		2	7	28 51		
(i) Dustbins, wanting or defective		1 1 1 1	15 18 6 5 12 30	21 1 4 2 4 18 6	20 11 8 16 48	1 1	3 1 3 2	5 1 1 1 1	9 2 5	6 4 5 9	1 1 3 3 1	1 1 1	6 7 8 9 16	2	1 3 2 8 15	1 1 1 2	3 5 3 10 21	7 8 6 5	23 11 13	8 6 5 8	24 38 104

^{*}Houses where a Business Plate or the Directory, or Newspaper Advertisements implied probability that Female Workers would be employed, but at which none were found.

Work of the Male Inspector (Mr. Geo. West).—Inspector West, like his colleague Miss Gray, has had a very busy year, and has done a good deal of good work, varied in character, and beneficial to the health of the workpeople of the districts. His duties comprise the inspection of workshops, bakehouses, laundries, and all places in which men work, as well as of smoky chimneys.

Bakehouses.—He made during the year 1,006 visits to bakehouses and on 235 occasions had to call attention to dirty conditions, the bulk of which, however, were not of serious moment. Indeed, it may be said with very great truth that at the present moment the bakehouses of the Parish will bear a favourable comparison with those situated in other districts. In only six instances was it found necessary to serve notices on the occupiers, as the bakers readily complied with the Inspector's requirements. The drains in 15 instances were re-constructed, repaired or improved. In 5 instances new w.c.'s were provided, and in 7 water supplies were fitted. Additional ventilation was provided to 5 bakehouses, and 253 were cleansed and whitewashed, 14 had their yards, floors, and roofs repaired, and additional w.c. accommodation was procured for 2.

As the summary of the Inspector's report on the accompanying Table gives very full particulars it will not be necessary to go through in detail the several workshops which have been visited, but it may be stated that they include—

Tailors' Shops
Bootmakers.
Piano Manufacturers
Brassworkers
Rag Sorters
Glass Works
Bicycle Works
Balloon Works
Screw Stopper Works
Builders' Shops
Cabinet Makers Shops

Summary of Factory and Workshop Work from the Male Inspector's Reports.

Summary of Fa	otory	y a	nd	Wor	rkshoj	p H	orl	e fr	om	the]	Ma	19	In	spe	ecto	rs	Re	por	ts.						
	1			endi			Qua 27th	rter Jun	endi e, 18	ng 96.	261	Qus th Se	rt r epten	endí nber,	ng 1896.	2			endi			2nd J	ear end	ding y, 1897.	
DESCRIPTION OF WORK.	Dressmaker- and Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Bakehouses.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Dressmakers and Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Bakehouses.	Miscellaneous.	Total	Dressmakersand Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Bakehouses.	M'scellaneous.	Total.	Pressmakers and Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Bakehouses,	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Dressmakers and Ladies' Tailors.	Laundries.	Bakehoures.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Workshops, Workplaces, Laundries, &c. Number of on the Register Number of Workrooms therein Number of Inspections of No. of Re-inspections of	11 9		129	3 20 71 259	3 31 250 787	9 39	3 3 18 211		7 9 117 269	10 -12 313 577	 18 104	 14 74		3 5 112 314	3 5 242 577	1 8 43	- 12 134	201 117	5 9 84 339	6 9 305 633	44 225	3 3 85 759	 597 409	18 43 384 1181	22 57 1110 2574
Workrooms, Number of Inspections of		9	1 56	5 2	14 1 58	1111	8 4	1 1 55	29 2 18	38 3 77	2 1		 12	4 2	6 1 14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***	112		1 112	1 1	17 4	235	38 2 22	58 1 5 261
Workshops, &c., newly disc, vered and registered during the year , Workrooms therein measured , Reported to H.M. inspector on discovery , Removed from the Register	10			4 29 3 	4 40 3		3 3		13 43 	13 46 3	1111			6 16	6 16 	1	1		5 15 	5 17 	ii 	 5 3		28 103 3 	28 119 6
Workroom Cards distributed, showing number of persons permitted in each room	··· 6	21	ï	2 15	9 43		5	ï	5 15	5 21		5	···	5 10	5 25	2	.:. 8	3	9	22	17	39	6	12 49	12 111
Works carried out under supervision :— Constructed Improved or repaired Traps fixed	1 6 10	11 53 40	1 3	7 9 21	20 37 74	3 7 11	4 10 32	3 1	6 15 27	14 35 71	2 13 25			1 14 11	3 31 40	1 4 9	5 14 28	1 2 3	13 9 28	20 29 68	7 30 55	20 50 104	3 5 7	27 47 87	57 132 253
Cesspools (Abolished Cleansed or disinfected				***	***		***	***				***	***				***						***		***
Privies and Water Pan, trap & water supply furnished Pan and trap only furnished Water supply furnished Water supply furnished	8 9	24 26	2 2	16 13	50 50	7 7	15 20	1	23 23	46 51	ii 13	2 4	1 1	14 7	28 25	 5 7	15 13	1 3	33 30	54 53	31 36	56 63	₅	86 73	178 179
Dust Bins Constructed Repaired and Covers adapted	2	11 2	1	2	16 2	3	10 2	1	4	18 2	1			2	4	4	9 2	***	1	14	10	31 6		9	52 8
Surface Drains Constructed		9	2	4 3	15 22		12	***	8	20				2	2	3	6		11	20	3	27 19		23 5	55 24
General Water { New recentaries provided Receptacles repaired and cleansed Water supply provided		1 5 1	3	2 2 1	3 10 2	2	3		6	 11	4 1	1 2 1		2	1 8 2		3 6 1		3 4 1	6 10 2	 6 1	5 16 3	3	5 14 2	10 39 6
Additional means of ventilation provided Rooms cleansed and whitewashed vards, Flors, Roofs, &c., repaired Sanitary Conveniences constructed	12	25 29 66 8	2 100	21 17 15 8	56 146 93 18	3 24	13 17 48 11	1 35 4 1	5 2 37 12	22 54 113 24	19 31 	2 14 2	53 5	10 8 17 2	31 61 67 4	5 9	20 20 48 6	2 65 5 	16 21 49 19	43 106 111 25	35 76 1	60 66 176 27	5 253 14 2	52 48 118 41	152 367 384 71
Nuisances which came under notice during the inspections: Drains untrapped, unvent-lated, &c Sinitary Conveniences ill-lighted, unventilated and defective in water supply. Sanitary Conveniences supplied from drinking water elsterns. Cisterns dirty or uncovered Dusthins, wanting or defective Miscellaneous 'Overcrowding" of Workrooms, Cases of, abated		15 16 6 4 13 39 10	1 1 3	13 11 7 5 7 22 7	29 28 13 9 22 65 18	3 1 2	5 1 3 7	1	12 7 3 2 4 21 4	21 8 3 3 7 30 4	22 4 8 3 2 29	7 4 1 2 2 5	1 1 2 8	14 14 3 3 15 4	43 23 19 8 9 57 4	10 2 1 2 4 	4 4 1 1 1 4	1 2 2 1	15 3 2 9	30 11 2 3 3 19 1	35 6 9 4 5 36 1	31 25 8 7 19 55 10	4 1 3 13 1	54 35 10 12 14 67 15	123 70 28 23 41 171 27
Chimneys of Factories, Workshops, &c		***	***	39	39	***	6	1	52	1739		5.	3 971	654	1403	123	366	530	783	1802	701	1812	1602	2902	7017
Totals	135	814	459	685	2073	121	176	542	800	1199	020	100	-11	dou	2300	120	300	-	1.00						_



HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.

At the end of 1895 there were 384 houses on the register, to which 74 were added during 1896, making a total of 458 now registered.

Inspector Jordan, whose labours have been greatly appreciated by the Medical Officer of Health, has had charge of these premises, and during the year has performed very good and most encouraging work—encouraging because it has greatly improved the conditions under which the occupiers live, and also because it will, without doubt, induce the Vestry to be more willing to place tenemented houses, occupied by a careless class of the population, on the register. There are some residences, e.g., Elliott's Place, which, owing to the dirty habits of the tenants, it is almost impossible to keep in a cleanly state; but even here matters are not nearly so bad as they were formerly.

During the twelve months the Inspector made 4,592 inspections, 1,593 calls, and had 1,309 improvements effected. His visits have been for the most part gladly received by the tenants, who as a rule, have assisted him in his efforts, especially when they came to understand that his object was to improve their surroundings.

Among the chief improvements effected were those relating to the provision of extra water closet accommodation when the premises were occupied by more than twelve persons, to choked drains, and to over-crowding. Many premises were also limewashed and cleansed.

In the current years the by-law respecting the cleansing of the premises will be tightened, and the owners will be required to carry out its most salutary obligations. It is confidently believed that this will make an enormous improvement in these houses, which, for want of a special Inspector, have hitherto been sadly neglected. There is nothing which causes the befouling of the atmosphere of occupied dwellings so much as dirty passages, stairs, ceilings and walls, nor anything that tends to promote its purity as limewashing ceilings and walls and washing paint work with soap and water.

A special notice has been sent to the owner of each premises calling on him to comply with the by-law, and notifying him that his neglect will entail a penalty.

The following are the by-laws in question :-

17. The landlord of a lodging-house shall, in the first week of the month of April in every year, cause every part of the premises to be cleansed.

He shall, at the same time, except in such cases as are hereinafter specified, cause every area, the interior surface of every ceiling and wall of every water-closet belonging to the premises, and the interior surface of every ceiling and wall of every room, staircase and passage in the house to be thoroughly lime-washed.

Provided that the foregoing requirement with respect to the lime-washing of the internal surface of the walls of rooms, staircases, and passages shall not apply in any case where the internal surface of any such wall is painted, or where the material of or with which such surface is constructed or covered is such as to render the lime-whiting thereof unsuitable or inexpedient and where such surface is thoroughly cleansed and the paint or other covering is renewed, if the renewal thereof be necessary for the purpose of keeping the premises in a cleanly and wholesome condition.

PENALTY.

21. Every person who shall offend against any of the foregoing by-laws shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty of five pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of forty shillings for each day after written notice of the offence from the Sanitary Authority.

Provided, nevertheless, that the justices or court before whom any complaint may be made or any proceedings may be taken in respect of any such offence may, if they think fit, adjudge the payment as a penalty of any sum less than the full amount of the penalty imposed by this by-law.

The following is a brief summary of the work performed by Inspector Jordan:—

to uni		9011	Inspections	Calls.	Total Visits.	Improvements Effected.
THE PARTY OF	uarter		1,201	340	1,541	355
2nd	,,		903	411	1,314	273
3rd	"		1,112	532	1,644	241
4th	"		1,376	310	1,686	440
T	he yea	r	4,592	1,593	6,185	1,309

It should not be omitted to state that during the third quarter of the year there was an outbreak of Small Pox in Campbell Road and its

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vicinity, and that Inspector Jordan devoted a considerable portion of his time in assisting Dr. Leslie Thorne in making the house to house visitations, which were so successful in stamping out the disease, and prevented it assuming the proportions of an epidemic.

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SUMMARY OF SUMMONSES.—Year ending 31st December, 1896.

to promund for analysis, 126 of these odd by the Public Analysis (Dr. E. L. Test	Prosecutions.	Successful.	Dismissed.	Withdrawn.
"Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, 1875-9"	75	62	2	4
"Public Health (London) Act, 1891"	84	72	2	10
"Margarine Act, 1887"	34	30	4	
Doming Adultanting State	193	171	8	14

Further particulars of these prosecutions will be given by the Vestry Clerk in his Annual Report to the Vestry.

PAUPERISM.

In each of the Quarterly Returns a table was given showing the state of pauperism in the Parish during each week of the several periods. The following table gives a synopsis of these returns:—

TABLE XCII.

Showing the State of Pauperism in the Parish during the year 1896.

-	15	Average	Number Re	liev-d du	ring cach wee	k.	1883		
Quarters.	Indoor	Outdoor	Paupers.		Totals correspond-	Vagrants	Children	Death-	
Quarters.	Paupers, Adults and Children.	Adults.	Children Under 16.	Totals.	ing quarter, 1895.	Relieved.	Boarded out.		
lstQrter.	3076	2271	1429	6776	7031	30	112	19.71	
2nd ,,	2811	2167	1264	6243	6328	23	118	16-37	
3rd ,,	2791	2159	1247	6198	6237	21	120	15.82	
4th ,,	2973	2265	1295	6534	6570	23	120	. 16:52	
The Year	2912	2215	1309	6438	6291	1124	117	17:09	

It will be noticed in this Table that when the largest number of persons were receiving relief the death-rate was highest, and when the number was least the death-rate was at its lowest.

THE ADULTERATION OF FOOD.

During the year 825 samples of drugs and food, including 70 samples of margarine, were procured for analysis. 126 of these, or 15.3 per cent., were returned by the Public Analyst (Dr. F. L. Teed) as being adulterated.

In the following statement will be seen the result of the analysis for each quarter:—

101 6	ach quarte	:r:-	No. of	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Per cent.	adulterated.
1st Q	luarter		Samples. 213	166	31	1896. 14·5	1895. 19·9
2nd	"		211	194	17	8.0	8.0
3rd	"		204	169	35	17.1	17.1
4th	"		197	145	43	21.8	21.8
	Totals	***	825	674	126	15.3	15.7

In the preceding five years the number of samples procured for analysis with the results were as follows:—

Year.	No. of Samples.	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Per. cent.
1891	368	345	23	Adulterated. 6.2
1892	367	302	65	17.7
1893	378	327	51	15.5
1894	411	350	61	14.8
1895	832	701	131	15.7
Totals	2,356	2,025	331	14.4

From this table it is perceived that the percentage of adulteration for 1896 is only about one per-cent. higher than that which obtained during the five years 1891-5.

Compared with many other places the amount of adulteration practised in Islington is small.

Milk.—Out of 468 samples of Milk 50, or 10.6 per cent., were adulterated.

Of these 468 samples 264 were procured on week-days and 21, or 7.9 per cent. were adulterated.

The remaining 174 samples were bought on Sundays, and of these 29, or 16.6 per cent. were adulterated.

Adulteration of milk sold on Sundays was practised to more than twice the extent to that which prevailed during the remainder of the week.

1896.		1	No.	of Samp	ples	No.	of Samp lulterate	oles d.	Percentage Adulterated.				
Quarter	s.	1	On Week-days.	On Sundays.	All Days.	Week-day Milks.	Sunday Milks.	All Milks.	Week-day Milks.	Sunday Milks.	All Milks.		
1st Quarter			58	52	110	12	7	19	20.6	13.5	17.2		
2nd ,,			67	48	115	1	3	4	1.5	6.2	3.5		
3rd ,,			78	56	134	3	11	14	3.8	19-6	10.4		
4th ,,			59	48	107	5	. 8	13	8.4	16.6	12.1		
The Year			264	174	468	21	29	50	7.9	16.6	10 6		

Whiskeys.—13·1 per cent. were sophisticated. 16 samples were analysed and 2 were adulterated.

Butter.—149 samples were procured, of which 20 or 13.4 per cent. were margarine.

Sugars.—14 samples of Demerara sugars were bought for analysis, and of these 12 proved to be "best crystals" or "imitation" cane sugars. The cases were fought most determinedly, indeed, some of the defendants, no doubt having the support of the beet sugar manufacturers in this country, brought forward as witnesses the well-known sugar refiners, Messrs. Tate and Lyle, whose names are household words in the sugar world. When these samples were ordered to be taken, no one had any conception that the sale of beet sugar for cane sugar had assumed anything like the proportion that the analysis revealed.

In the report of the Food Products Committee of the House of Commons, they say that it is "a fraud" to sell beet sugar for Demerara, and it was on account of this strong expression of opinion that these samples were procured.

Since these prosecutions took place, very many have occurred throughout the country, the magistrates universally holding that the purchaser must be given the article for which he asked, and not that which the grocer thought would suit him better.

Prescriptions.—Eight prescriptions were submitted to Pharmaceutical Chemists to be compounded secundum artem, and it is very unsatisfactory to report that in 5 instances they were incorrectly made up.

TABLE XCIII.

No. of Samples	141	Descripti	on.				Genuine.	Adulterate
466	Milk	and the same	Wil.	na l	138		410	112
16	Whisky	777	***	***	***	***	416	50
5	Gin		****	***	***	***	14	2
3	Cocoa			***	***	***	5	_
11	Coffee				***	***	10	2
14	Demerara Sugar				110	***	2	1
5	Black Pepper				***	***	5	12
2	White Pepper				***	***	2	
4	Mustard						4	
1	Arrowroot			***			1	_
1	Flour						E line be	ev lagra
2	Pickles			****			2	
2	Vinegar			***	4		2 2	1
2	Bread		***	***			2	
149	Butter		***	***			129	20
9	Lard			***			9	
27	Cheddar Cheese	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1000	1188	25	2
1	Yeast				***		1 1	-
4 10	Soda Water		***	***	80 .0		4	O SHIP
1	Diluted Acetic Aci	id	***	***	1		- 1	Marine Street
6	Ground Ginger		***		***	***	6	-
4	Solution of Iodine	***				10.0	014	defend
4	Olive Oil		***		***		4	
2 2	Tincture of Rhubar	b	1	***			2	SIDILLI I
	Tincture of Squills	***	110	***			2 4	
4	Cream of Tartar		***	***	***		4	
8	Prescriptions	S CAMPA	1 ***	74	bho#	***	3 0	abrigge
Test and a	une fred do ales	oral Jan	55 BO	- Trimon	100 101	-		masled
755	All Article	s of Food	1				661	94

MARGARINE ACT.

Samples taken.	Description. Samples sold in contravention of Act.	
70	Margarine 19	

MORTUARY AND CORONER'S COURT.

The following table gives a return of the bodies received into the Mortuary and the inquests held by the coroner during years 1895 and 1896.

	1895.		No. of bodies received.	Daily Average.	No. of Inquests held.	1895.		No. of bodies received	Daily Average.	No. of Inquests held.
1st Q	narter		233	2.5	134	1st-Quarter		196	2.1	121
2nd	,,		,144	1.5	80	2nd ,,		175	1.9	.117
3rd	,,		180	1.9	83	3rd ,,		205	2.2	111
th	,,		185	2.0	115	4th ,,		181	2.0	114
Total	for Y	ear	742	2.0	412	Total for Yea	r	757	2.0	463

Showing the Population, Inhabited Houses, Marriages, Births, and Deaths for the year 1886, and 13 warm wascaling.

APPENDIX.

VITAL AND SANITARY STATISTICS, 1896,

TOGETHER WITH

ABSTRACTS FOR THIRTEEN YEARS, 1883-95.

paint. Population of Comme. 1991 ... 210 Ltd - 1 100,000 Median

Average number of persons living on each sere at Consus, 1891 - 102.

TABLE A.

Showing the Population, Inhabited Houses, Marriages, Births, and Deaths for the year 1896, and 13 years preceding.

GROSS NUMBERS.

		Estimated			Regis-	Nu	mber of Dea	iths.	Deaths in
The Y	ear.	Popula-	Inhabited Houses.	Marriages	tered Births.	Total all ages.	Under one year.	Under five.	Public Institutions
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1896		337661		2,969	9,921	5,884	1,490	2,498	1,434
1883		290,711		2,371	9,888	5,140	1,312	2,239	_
1884		294,267		2,394	10,011	5,229	1,506	2,420	-
1885		297,867		2,279	9,643	5,740	1,387	2,377	810
1886	60	301 512		2,177	9,814	5,434	1,512	2,289	817
1887		305,112		2,236	9,726	5,699	1,557	2,530	832
1888		308,936		2,266	9,568	5,197	1,271	2,067	823
1889		312,713		2,443	9,559	5,035	1,261	1,924	864
1890		316,543		2,485	9,419	6,198	1,488	2,390	984
1891	I.	319,991	37,875	2,741	9,797	6,326	1,481	2,388	1,095
1892		323,451		2,783	9,552	6,075	1,417	2,186	1,050
1893		326,958		2,653	9,749	6,391	1,595	2,498	1,128
1894		330,485	39,533	2,694	9,502	5,263	1,229	2,114	1,090
1895		334,058	39,886	2,680	9,879	5,760	1,416	2,219	1,245
Average		312,508		2,477	9,700	5,653	1,418	2,280	976average of 11 years.

Notes.—1. Population of Census, $1891 = 319,143 = \begin{cases} 150,760 \text{ Males.} \\ 168,383 \text{ Females.} \end{cases}$

4. Average number of persons living on each acre at Census, 1891 - 102.

6. ,, in 1896 == 109.

^{2.} Average number of persons in each house at Census, 1891 = 8.47.

Area of Parish in acres = 3,109.

TABLE B.

Showing the Annual Birth and Death Rates, Death-rates of Children, and proportion of Deaths in public Institutions in 1,000 Deaths, for the year 1896 and 13 years preceding:—

Year.	Birth-rates per 1,000 of the population.	Death- rates per 1,000 of the popula- tion.	*Corrected Death-rates per 1,000 of the population.	Deaths of Children under 1 year per 1,000 of Registered Births.	Children .	Deaths of Children under 5 years per 1,000 of Total Deaths.	Deaths in public Institu- tions per 1,000 of Total Deaths
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
1896	28 82	17'09	18:30	150	253	424	244
1883	34.0	17-6	18.8	132	255	435	-
1884	34.0	17.7	18-9	150	288	462	-
1885	32.3	17.8	19.0	144	224	446	141
1886	32.5	17:1	18.3	154	278	443	160
1887	32.2	17.6	18.8	160	273	468	145
1888	30-9	15.7	16.8	133	244	425	158
1889	30-5	15*1	16.1	132	250	404	171
1890	29.7	18.0	19.2	158	240	417	158
1891	30-6	19.8	21.2	151	234	407	173
1892	29.5	18.8	20.1	148	233	384	172
1893	29-8	19.5	20.9	163	249	398	190
1894	28.7	15.9	17.0	129	233	401	207
1895	29.6	17.2	18.4	143	245	385	216
Average of 13 years, 1883-1895.	31.1	17.5	18.7	146	249	421	171 Average of 11 years.

[•] The Death Rates in column 4 are corrected for sex and age distribution for thε purpose of contrasting them on an equal basis with those of England.

TABLE C.

Showing Deaths from All Causes during the Year 1896.

(Deaths of Non-Residents in Hospitals excluded). (Deaths of Residents in Public Institutions are distributed).

of Uniblient,	33/07	-Min	108	Shin	98. 8	Spel	T pr	NB) 3	Algoria.	9.20	3111	Se h	381	BESS	Short	, arou,	
Causes of Death.	Un- der 1	to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 to 75	75 to 85	85 to 95	95 and up-	Under	Over	Males.	Females.	Totals
I. Specific. Febrile. &c	324	529	137	25	24	20	23	15	6	7			853	257	555	555	11
II. Parasitic Diseases	2		1	14.		1	344		-0.0	9			2	2	2	2	
III. Dietic Diseases	7		112	1	8	9	11	3		,			7	34		21	
IV. Constitutional Diseases	119		37	83		L	191	134	100	30	4	1002	232		-	561	
V. Developmental Diseases	-	100	-					7	61	104			210	220			
VI. Local Diseases	527	324	91	102	116		312	1		-		100				223	
VII. Deaths from Violence	-		11	17	20	21	26						851		1430	1274	
VIII. Deaths from Ill-defined Causes	1	199			20		20	11	14	6	***	000	80	126	-	76	
	240	20	***	***	1	***	1	***	1	1	***	***	263	4	154	113	2
TOTALS	1490	1008	277	228	290	465	564	493	591	385	91	2	2498	3386	3059	2825	58
1. Specific or Febrile Causes. 1.—Miasmatic Diseases	100	510	100		4.		0:03		Rich			00					
Vaccinated		512	136	21	14	12	12	6	4	5		***	699	210	452	457	90
Small Pox Unvaccinated		16	1	***		***		***	***		***	***		1	1		
Measles	67	205	16 23	***	ï	***	***	***	1000	***	***		272	16 24	147	141	2
Whooping Cough	10	151	82 10	3	1	***	***	***	***	**	***	***	161	86	126	121	2
Typhus Fever	3		111	***		10	***	***	***	1	***		222	12	102	132	2
Simple Continued & Iil-lefin dFever	2	1	3	16	8	10	3	2	170	***	***	175	4	42	24	22	-
Other Miasmatic Diseases	Z	3	***	1	4	2	9	4	4	4	***		5	28	21	12	1
2,—Diarrhœal Diseases	125	16		***		3	3	3	1	2	***		141	12	85	68	15
Cholera Diarrhœa, Dysentory	***	112	***	***	***		***	***	***	***	***	***	14	***	7	7	
3 Malarial Diseases	114	13			17"	3	3	3	1	2	***		127	12	78	61	1
Ague		***			***			***	***		***		***	***			**
4Zoogenous Diseases	***	***		***				***	***		***	***	***	***	***		-
Cow Pox, Effects of Vaccination Hydrophobia	02							***	***								- "
Glanders Splenic Fever	88	***			***	***	***				***	***					**
5 Venereal Diseases	6	1		***		-1	2	***	***	***	***	***	-7	3	4		
Gonorrhea, Stricture of Urethra	6	1		***		1	1	***					7	2	3	6	1
6Septle Dispases	6	***	1	4	10	4	6	6	1				6	32	14	24	9
Pyæmia, Septicæmia	5	***	ï	1	3	2	4 2	1 5	1	***	***		5	11 10	7	9 4	3
Puerperal Fever	15. 0	6.3	1000	3	6	2	100	15	250		air			11	- · · · ·	11	1
II. Parasitic Diseases	2	0000	1	THE	In	10,8	1.00		SHE		-	0.00	The same	0		- 1	
Thrush	1	***		***	***		***	***	***			***	2	2	2	2	
Worms Other Animal Parasitical Diseases			ï	***	***	* ***	***	***	***	***			***	ï	1		
		***	***			-							-	1		2	

Tames U-Contenued.

TAB	r 10 6	1_/	Brest	invers	A.T.
J. A.D.	Like No	10	NU128-	FERTISC.	100.4

日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日	100	2	63	00	70	81	01	01	00	100			- 150	10013			
Causes of Death.	Un- der 1	to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 53	55 to 65	65 to 75	75 to 85	85 to 95	95 and up-	Under	Over	Males.	Females.	Totals
I. Dietic Diseases				1 ï	8 8	9	11 iï	3 3	1 ï	1	11.		7	34	20 3 	21 4 7	41 7 34
Rheumatic Fever, & Rheum. of Heart Rheumatism Gout Rickets Cancer, Malignant Disease Gangrene Tabes Mesenterica Tuberclr. Meningitis, Hydrocephalus Phthisis Other Tubercular and Scrofulous Dis Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Diathesis Anæmia, Chlorosis, Leucocythæmis Glycosuris, Diabetes Mellitus Other Constitutional Diseases	5 64 28 17 5	113 1 7 1 15 53 32 4 	37 3 2 1 10 16 3 1	83 4 1 3 4 65 1 4	121 4 2 13 1 93 2 1 4	186 2 1 30 1 1 2 145 	191 3 3 86 1 3 93 	134 2 3 3 68 3 53 	104 2 6 63 6 1 16 1 7	30 21 2 2	4		232 1 12 1 79 81 49 9	890 16 12 15 290 14 2 22 481 7 9 19 3	561 7 3 10 8 104 5 43 59 303 11 2 6	\$61 10 9 5 4 187 9 38 44 227 5 7 13 3	1122 17 12 15 12 291 14 81 103 530 16
Developmental Diseases Premature Birth Atelectasis Spina Bifida Cyanosis Congenital Malformations Old Age	169 15 3 6 16	1 						7	- 61 61	104	46	2	210 169 16 3 6 16	220	207 95 16 2 4 10 80	223 74 1 2 6 140	430 169 16 3 6 16 220
I. Local Diseases. 1.—Diseases of Nervous System Inflammation of Brain or Membrane Apoplexy Softening of Brain Hemiplegia Brain Paralysis Insanity,Genl.Paralysis of the Insanit Epilepsy. Convulsions Laryngismus Stridulus Paralysis Agitans Paraplegia Diseases of Spinal Cord Other Diseases of Nervous System 2.—Dis. of Organs of Special Sense Ear, Diseases of Eyes Nose 3.—Diseases of Circulatory System Endocarditis Valvular Diseases of Heart Pericarditis Other Diseases of the Heart Aueurism Embolism, Thrombosis Other Diseases of Blood Vessels 4.—Diseases of Respiratory Syst'n Croup Laryngitis Bronchitis	21 2 2	555 32 1 	18 9 2	16	23 3 3 4 7 3 1 5 1 1 21 22 9 24 21 29 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	56 1 11 17 10 6 5 5 1 1 1 14 2 2 3 2 5 5 1 17 17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	74 30 36 11 17 6 13 67 16 14 5 88 37 37	81 131 66 6 12 4 161 13 81 81 78 35 34	115 4 51 6 5 16 4 2 24 2 2 1 99 13 2 80 117 85 27	75 1 31 4 4 21 21 11 1 46 1 2 42 42 1 83 63 15	14		164 53 3 3 12 6 6 6 6 6 11 1 1 1 1 6 6 3 3 494 20 9 203 259	472 17 166 19 21 2 95 42 11 67 10 26 12 11 1 421 5 84 4 13 293 19 6 1 1 5 84 1 1 5 84 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	352 48 76 13 13 2 51 19 54 8 1 4 5 15 15 14 4 4 4 8 143 13 2 5 15 15 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	284 222 93 6 8 44 233 35 4 5 24 33 17 3 3 211 22 37 5 156 6 6 3 2 2 4 5 156 6 6 8 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	636 70 169 19 21 2 95 42 89 12 6 69 10 32 18 17 1 432 6 85 18 19 29 10 32 44 49 10 40 10 40 10 40 10 40 10 40 10 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40

	Un:	1	5	15	25	95	AE	65	00	l nc	Las	I A	1.	1		1 2	T
Cause of Death.	der 1		to	to	te 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 to 75	to	85 to 95	5.5	Under	Over	Males.	Females	Totals.
5.—Diseases of Digestive System	115		11	20	19	33	44	44	35	14	9	105	150	220	1		
Sore Throat, Quinsey	25				19	99	22	44	30	-	2	***	158	222	191	189	380
Diseases of Stomach	. 6	1	ï	1	1	- 1		***	1			**	1	4	1	4	3
Enteritis	. 62	13	3	i	5	3	2 2	6	6	4	1	***	6	32	17	21	38
Gastritis	. 10	4		1	1	î	2	2	2 4		***		75	14	51	38	89
Peritonitia	1	4	4		4		3	3	2			***	14	26	11 10		20
Hernia		1			2		1	1	111	1		***	2	9	6		11
Stricture of Intestines		***		***	***	2	2	3	1		1	***		9	1	8	9
Obstructive Diseases of Intestines	. 7	ï		2	2	3	4	2 3	4	2				2	2	111	2
Ascites Cirrhesis of Liver		100	1 4	10.	881	19.		78.	1	0			8	20	18	10	28
Other Diseases of Liver		2			1	15	20	15	6				***	57	34	23	57
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	2	ï	***	3	7	5 5	5	6 2	1	***		2	27	12	17	29
6.—Diseases of Lymphatic System Lymphatics and of Spieen		1				***				1	***	***	1	12	10	6	
7.—Diseases of Glandlike Organs of Uncertain Use			***		***	***	***					***	1			î	î
of Uncertain Use				1			2	1						4	0	0	1 3
Bronchocele	***	***		1	3	B	1		***	1	***	***	***	4 2	2	2 2	2
							1	1	***	***	***			2	2		2
8.—Diseases of Urinary System Nephritis	1	2		7	10	19	23	25	33	14	***		4	136	0.00	63	140
Bright's Disease, Albuminuria		1	2 3	1 4	6	11 5	5	11	8 7	1	***		2	43	77 25	20	45
Disease of Bladder	100					5	12	13	10	6	***		1	54	25	30	55
Other Diseases of the Urinary System	4	***		***	***	***	***	***	2	1	***		***	20	16	4	20
		***		2		3	2	1	6	2	***		"1	16	8	9	17
9.—Dis. of Re-productive System A —Of Organs of Generation.	1 10000			3	14	9	7	3	***	1			10000	37		37	37
Male Organs of Generation	***												1				-
Female Organs of Generation		***		***	4	2	6	3		1				16	***	16	16
BOf Parturition. Abortion, Miscarriage	1000										***	***	***	40	***	16	16
Puerperal Convulsions ,	***	***		***	1	1	1		***	***	***	***	***	3	***	3	3
Puerperal Convulsions	***	***	***	***	2	2		***	***	***		***	***	1	***	1	1
	***	***		3	6	4	***		***	***			***	13	***	13	4
10 Diseases of Bones and Joints	1		5		3		4	3	3	-1000		****	···	100		13	13
Caries, Necrosis Arthritis, Ostitis, Periostitis	i	3 2	4	3	1	3 2	1	0	00.	2	2		4 3	29	17	16	33
Other Diseases of Bones and Jointa	***	1	***	***	***	***	3	1	2	1	2		1	9	4	6	14
Spine Diseases	***	***	ï	1	1	1		2	1	1			***	7	2	5	7.
11Dis. of Integumentary System	a			0	1	1				***	***			2	1	1	2
Carbuncle			***	2	1	1	3	7	2	1	9.000		9	17	16	10	26
Phlegmon	***			111	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	447	in	***	***	***	***
Cellulitis	3 6	***		1	1	***	1	7	1	***		***	3	4	5	2	7
		***		1		1	2	7	1	1	3333		6	13	11	8	19
VII. Violance.	59	21	11	17	20	21	26	11	14	G			90	100	100	WO	1000
1.—Accident or Negligence	56	21 21 10	11	17	13	21 14 12	26 18	9 6	13	6 5	1000		80	126	130	76 69	206
Gunshot Wounds	3		6	9	7		14	6	10	3	12.75		13	67	56	24	174
Cut, Stab	***	***	***	**	***	***	***		***	***	***	a.	***	(34)			14
Burn and Scald	2	6	4	3	4	ï	ï	ï	1	ï		***	8	16		15	24
Poison	***	1	";	***			1				2750	***	1	1	9 2	15	24
Buffocation	51	2	1	1	2	***	2	";			***	***	***	4	4	****	4
Otherwise		2	***		2	ï	***	1	1 1	ï			53	5	31	27	58
2.—Homicide				1									ESTIN	4	3	3	6
Manslaughter	8	***	***	î	***	***	***	***	***	1000	7003.7		3	1	1	3	4
Murder	2	***	***					***	***	1			2	1	"1	2	2 2
3.—Suicide	***	***	***	2	7	7	8	2	1	4				28	24	4	28
VIII. Deaths from Ill defined Causes	243	20									T	i	1000	1			
Dropsy	298	20	***	***	1	100	1	***	1	1			263	4	154	113	267
Hæmorrhage	1400	1		***		***			1	1000		***	1	3	1	2	3
Marasmus and Atrophy	68	2			·		***	***	***			***	70	***	39	31	20
Inan tion	114	11 4	***	***	***	***	1	***	***			***	125	1	72	31 54	70 126
Sudden Death	1	i		***			***	***	***				64		39	25	64
Othercauses not specified or ill-defined	***	1			***	***	***	***	***		97	***	2		2		2
											***				**	*	
TOTALS MALES	846	515	144	122 1	147	043	108	042	204	161	00		1001	1000	2010		
TOTALS												1	1361	1698	3059	***	***
	644	493	133	108	43	222 2	58	251 2	287	224	62	2 1	1137	1688	-	2825	***
	-	_	-												1	0020	411

TABLE D.

Showing the Deaths from All Causes registered in each District during the Fifty
Three Weeks ending 2nd January 1897, at three periods of life.

		Upper			Sou	lingto	est.			ingto			10000	ghbu	ry.	
Causes of Death.	Un- der 1	1 to	Over 5	Total		1 to	Over 5	Total	Un- der 1	1 to 5	Over 5	Total	Un- der 1	1 to	Over B.	Tota
I. Specific, Febrile, &c	103	149	80	326	1111	214	82	407	63	99	46	208	47	73	49	169
II. Pa-asitic Diseases	1			1	1		1	2			1	1	100			***
III. Dietic Diseases	1		5	6	2		16	18	1		7	8	3		6	9
IV. Constitutional Diseases	29	31	215	275	46	36	314	396	31	29	197	257	13	17	164	194
V. Developmental Diseases	41	1	59	101	77		83	160	42		37	79	49		41	90
VI. Local Diseases	138	95	538	771	209	126	607	942	98	69	368	535	82	34	340	456
II. Deaths from Violence	16	3	35	54	24	2	44	70	7	13	28	48	12	3	19	34
VIII. Deaths from Ill-defined Causes	66	3		69	91	10	3	104	46	3	0.000	49	40	4	1	4
TOTALS	395	276	932	1603	561	388	1150	2099	288	213	684	1185	246	131	620	997
I. Specific or Febrile Causes.		Lux					-	040	1	00	00	100	0.5	70	40	138
1.—Miasmatic Diseases Vaccinated		136	69	265	64	210	69	343	38	96	32	166	25	70	*0	
Small Pox Unvaccinated	1	***	1	1				***		***	***	1	1000	1	0.1	1
Measles	10	36	7 10	53	36	101	8	141	14	39	1 4	54	7	29	2	1
Diphtheria	4	53	29	17 83	4	58	33	95	2	20	14	36	17	20	10	3
Whooping Cough Typhus Fever	100	40	4	87	23	39	4	66	20	28	1	-	***		ii	1
Enteric or Typhoid Fever Simple Continued & Ill-defined Fever	2	***	11	13		1	12	12	100	***	8	8	1	1	11	1
InfluenzaOther Miasmatic Diseases		1	7	7	1	2	8	11	1	1	3	5			10	1
2.—Diarrhœal Diseases	757	7	3	50	42	4	2	48	23	3	5	31	20	2	2	24
Simple Cholera	10	7 2		12	-				***	1	***	1	1		***	
Diarrhosa, Dysentery	30	5	3	38	42	4	2	48	23	2	5	30	19	2	2	2
Remittent Fever		***	1	***		1		1	-	11.	1		1000		***	
Ague		***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***				
4.—Zoogenous Diseases Cow Pox, Effects of Vaccination			***	***	***	***		***	***	***	***	***		***	.,,	
Hydrophobia	1000	200			***		***	411		***		***		***		
Glanders Splenic Fever				***	133	111	***	***				***		***		
5 Venereal Diseases		***	1	2	4	***	***	4	***	1		***	1	1	2	1 4
Syphilis Gonorrhea, Stricture of Urethra		***	1	6	4	***	***	4	***	500	240	***	1		î	
6.—Septic Diseases	1 1/2		7 5	9	1	-	11	12	2	-	9	11	1	-	5	
Erysipelas	. 1	***	5	6 2	1	1 200	2 3	3	-	100	1 4	3 4	1	***	3 2	
Pyemia, Septicemia			i	î	1		8	6		***	0	4		-		
II. Parasitic Diseases	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	2	1		1	1	1			1
Thrush			***	***	1		- **	1			-	***		***	1 ::	-
Worms			***	***			1	1	520	1000		1				-
Other Animal Parasitical Diseases	. 1	***		1		121	411		***	1	1	1		***	***	-

		Upper	y.	-		ingto th W			Sou	ingto	n, ast.		Hi	ghbu	ry.	
Causes of Death,	Un- der 1		Over 5	Total	Un- ier 5		Over 5	Total	Un- der 1		Over 5	Total	Un- der 1		Over 5	Tot
III. Dietic Diseases	1		5	6	2 2		16	18	1		7	8	3 3		6	
Scurvy Chronic Alcoholism, Delirium Trem.			5	*5			16	16			7	7			6	
IV. Constitutional Diseases Rheumatic Fever, & Rheum. of Heart	29	31	215	275	46	36	314	896	31	29	197	257	13	17	164	19
Rheumatism	***	***	4	4	***	***	3	3		***	3	3	***		2	
Gout	19	2	4	3	1	-	6	6	***	***	3	3 5	***	***	2	
Cancer, Malignant Disease	9.	1	80	81	1	1	86	86	1	4	58	58	2	***	66	1
Gangrene	14	***	4	4	***		8	8	***	***	***	***			2	1
Tabes Mesenterica	1814	15	1	17 25	28	13	10	33	20	7	***	27 23	2	2 9		١.
Tuberelr, Meningitis. Hy drocephalus Phthisis	1	9	113	123	8 9	11	184	204	4	7	112	125	7	5	72	1
Other Tubercular and Scrofulous Dis		2	***	6		2	1	3			3	3	1	***	3	
Purpura, Hæmorrhagie Diathesis	041	5.0	***	***	***	***	2	****	***	***	***	111		***	***	1
Anæmia, Chlorosis, Leucocythæmia Glycosuria, Diabetes Mellitus	2	***	3	3	1	***	3 6	3	***	***	3	3	***	***	7	
Other Constitutional Diseases		***	***		***	***	1	1	***	***	2	2		***		
- L A DA SA E SA	100	100	100	10	00	98	8	las	2521	at Ca	beste	b-1014	lea l	die	O AN	IV.
V. Developmental Diseases	41	1	59	101	77	***	83	160	42	***	37	79	49	441	41	9
Atelectasis	35	ï	***	32	66	***	***	66	33	***	***	33	38	***	***	3
Spina Bifida	1	00.	1 881	i	1	***	3000	1	î	***		î		***	***	
Cyanosis	2	***	***	2	2	***	***	2	***	****	***	***	2	***	***	
Congenital Malformations	3	***	59	59	5	***	83	83	7		37	37	1	1997	41	4
VI. Local Diseases. 1.—Diseases of Nervous Systen Inflammation of Brain or Membran & Apoplexy. Softening of Brain Hemlplegia Brain Paralysis Insanity, Genl. Paralysis of the Insane Epilepsy Convulsions. Laryngismus Stridulus Paralysis Agitans Paraplegia Diseases of Spinal Cord Other Diseases of Nervous System 2.—Dis. of Organs of Special Sense Ear, Diseases of Eyes Nose 3.—Diseases of Circulatory System Endocarditis Valvular Diseases of Heart Pericarditis Other Diseases of the Heart	3 18 1 2 1 1 	8	161 5 47 6 9 1 59 15 1 2 20 4 12 4 3 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	202 16 47 6 9 1 39 15 27 1 2 20 4 15 5 4 1 137 2 24 3 97	42 11 1 25 3 1 1	23 18	154 8 57 6 7 1 26 14 1 23 4 7 5 5 128 123 7 91	219 37 58 6 7 1 26 14 26 5 1 24 4 9 7 7 129 123 7 92	18 1 1 14 1 1 4 4	11 4 1 4 1 1 1	87 26 23 3 :15 9 23 24 22 84 1 21 21 25 55	116 28 2 3 15 9 18 2 2 2 4 4 4 88 1 21 25 9	25 6 17 2 4 1	4 2 1 1 	70 336 5 2 15 4 1 1 1 74 2 16 1 50	999 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Bmbolism, Thrombosis Other Diseases of Blood Vessels	1		7 2 1	7 2 2			2	2	***	***	5	5	2		3 2	To be a second
4.—Diseases of Respiratory Syst'm	72	67	125	264	124	79	177	380	46	46	100		37	23	101	16
Laryngitis	i		1	8 2	3	8	1	8 7	***	4	1	5	1	2	1	
Bronchitis	32	15	52	99	62	21	93	176	29	19	-58	106	18	7	55	8
Pneumonia	37	46	56	139	58	48	69	175	17	23	31	71	17	13	35	6
Emphysema	1	***	1	i	***	1	1	5	***		2	2	***	***	2 2	-
				- 4			100	-	200	200			0.0	2.62	-	
Asthma. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	ï	***	4 5	4		+++	6 2	6 2	***	***	3	4	***	***	5	- 3

		Upper			Sou	lingto th W	on.	T 4 1		ingto	ast.	Total		ghbu	ry.	Tota
Causes of Deaths.	Un- der 1		Over 5	Total	Un- der)		Over	Total	Un- der 1	1 to	Over 5	Total			Over 5	
5.—Diseases of Digestive System	37	8 2	4.6	104	39	19	77	135	25	11 4	45	81	14 2	5 2	41	60
Sore Throat, Quinsey Diseases of Stomach	ï		6	7	3	1	15	18	2	***	5	7	***	***	6	6
Enteritis	25	1	2	28	17	5 2	4	26	12	5	5 3	22	. 8	2	3	13
Gastritis	2	2 2	3 9	7	2	1	2 4	6		***	6	6		ï	7	- 3
Ulceration of Intestines	***	***	4 2	4 2	1	***	3 2	4 2		***	3	3	1	***	2 2	1 3
Hernia Stricture of Intestines	***	***		***	445	***	1	1	***	***			***	***	1 7	
Obstructive Diseases of Intestines	2	100	4	6	4	***	5	9		1	4	5	1	***		7.
Ascites Cirrh sis of Liver	***	***	17	17	***	***	21	21	+++	***	15	15		***	4	
Other Diseases of Liver Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	1	9 2	9 3	2	1	12	13		1	2	3	***	***	2	13
3 Diseases of Lymphatic System	***	1.1	5.			R								1	***	33
Lymphatics and of Spleen		lan.	118			14.11	OIR	00"			Lilie	***		1	***	.7
7.—Diseases of Glandlike Organs of Uncertain Use			2	2		100	1	1	·	***	***			***	1	- 9
Bronchocele	***		1	1	-	***	ï	ï		***	***	***	***	***	***	
Addison's Disease	-		28	29	1	2	42	44	1	***	31	32		***	35	3
3.—Diseases of Urinary System . Nephritis	1	10	10	11	100	1	12	13 16		***	12	12		***	14	1
Bright's Disease, Albuminuria Disease of Bladder	***	1	11	4		1	7	7	***		4	4	T illia		5	1.0
Disease of Prostate Other Diseases of the Urinary System		***	1 2	2		***	7	7	ï	***	ï	2		***	6	
9Dis. of Re-productive System	A SCHOOL STATE	-	11	11	-	100.0	12	12			7	7		***	7	1
A -Of Organs of Generation. Male Organs of Generation			6	6							2	2		***		00
B,-0f Parturition.	100	188	1	1		28.0	- 2	2	S					***	***	
Abortion, Miscarriage Puerperal Convulsions,			1.0	***	1					***	***			***	1	P
Placenta Prævia, Flooding Other Accidents of Childbirth			2 2	2 2	1		5	5		***	1 4	4	***	***	2	18.
10.—Diseases of Bones and Joints	1000	2	8	11		1	6	7			10	10		***	5	10
Caries, Necrosis	. 1	1	2 6	4 7		1	2	3		***	5	5		***	2 2	100
Arthritis, Ostitis, Periostitis Other Diseases of Bones and Joint	5		0		1		4	4		***	2	2	***	***	1	100
Spine Diseases	- "		***			***					2	2		***		1 7
11.—Dis. of Integumentary System	1 1		5	6	3	***	5	8	3	***	2	5	1 2		5	13
Phlegmon	1 100		***	0	ï			***		***	***	25	100	-	1	1
Other Dis. of Integumentary System	i	***	3		2		4	6	2	***	2	4	2	***	4	1
II. V1 lence.	16	3	35	54	24	2	44	70	7	13	28	48	12	3	19	33
Fracture and Contusion	. 14	3	21	38	23	2 2	41	66	7	13	19	39	12	3	16	
Gunshot Wounds					1	***		***	***	***	242	***	-	***		
Burn and Scald		ï	2		-		10	10		5	2	7	ï	***	2	13
Poison						***	1	1		***	2			1		
Drowning		ï	2	14	23		- 9		7	***		2 7	11	1	***	13
Otherwise			S	***		2	9			2	1	3	0	144	3	1
2. Homicide		***			1	***	91 000			***	1	1	- ***	-	**	10
Manslaughter		02	0	1	ï		6	2 7		***						
3.—Suicide			14	14			3	3			8	8	1		3	-
III. Deaths from Ill defined Cause			31		350	10	3		46	3		49	40	4	1	4
Hæmorrhage		***	31 0000			ï		1	***	***						
Debility	. 14	***	***	14	26	1 4		47	19 20	3		19		1 3	ï	
Marasmus and AtrophyInanition	. 20		***	0.3	21	3	100	24	7			7	12			
Sudden Death				***	1	1		2			1	100			***	
Other causes not specified or III-defined	* ***	1	***	1	711	***	***				***	100			***	1

TABLE E.

Showing the Deaths from All Causes registered in each Quarter during the 53 weeks ending 2nd January 1897 at three periods of life.

7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				1	-		-	1	1	9		_	_				
Course of D 11	18	t Qua	rter.			d Qua	rter.		3re	l Qua	rter.		4t)	h Qua	rter.		T
Causes of D ath.	Un- der		Over 5	Total		1 to	Over 5	Fotal	Un-	1 to	Over 5	Tota		1 to	Over 5	Tota	I fe
I. Specific. Febrilo. &c	81	205	65	351	71	159	64	294	152	94	61	307	20	71	67	158	111
II. Parasitic Diseases							1	1	2	***		2		1	1	1	1
III. Dietic Diseases	. 4		8	12	1		8	9			6	6	2	***	12	14	
IV. Constitutional Diseases	23	20	206		31	50		296	42			271	23		bureno		
V. Developmental Diseases	53		67	120	48	6	47	95	52	PAGE	11.58	0123	100	20	P.	306	1
VI. Local Diseases	100		549	803	94					***	44	96	56	1		119	
VII. Deaths from Violence	1770	7	0.5				403		127			548	1 10			783	1
VIII. Deaths from Ill-defined Causes		0.0	40	62	19	3	30	52	6	4	27	87	19	7	29	55	20
	57	9	1	67	54	9	2	65	68	1	***	69	64	1	1	66	26
TOTALS	373	355	936	1664	318	294	770	1382	449	164	723	1336	350	195	957	1502	58
I. Specific or Febrile Causes.											- 11/1		110	Harris !			1
1.—Miasmatic Diseases	1 70	205		340	63	156		268	34	80	51	165	15	71	50	136	90
Small Pox Unvaccinated	1000		***				***		***	***	ï	ï		1		***	
Measles Scarlet Fever (Scarlatina)	38	122	10	170	19	63	2	84	7	14	4	25	3	6	100		28
Diphtheria	3	33	20	10 56	3	40	6 24	67	8	35	5 21	16 59	2	10 43	8 21	20 65	5 24
Whooping Cough	32	41	3	76	41	48	7	96	22	20	2	44	1 8	10		18	23
Simple Continued & Ill-defined Fever	411	1 1	12	13	***		5	5	2	111	12	14	ï	***	13	14	4
Other Miasmatic Dise ses	2	2	9	13		8	5	5	***	***	6	6	***	ï	8	9	3
2Diarrhoeal Diseases	2	***	1	3	8	2	2	12	111	14		100		1		1	
Simple Cholera	***	***							111	14	7	132	4		2	6	15:
D'arrhœa, Dysentery	2	***	ï	3	8	2	2	12	100	ii	7	118	4	***	2	6	139
3.—Malarial Diseases	T				***		5 m.		24					***			***
Ague		***							***	***				***		***	
4.—Zoogenous Diseases					***					***				***			**
Hydro _i mobia Glanders		***			***				***	***	***		***	***	***		***
Splenic Fever	***	***			***	***			***	***	***		***	***	***	***	4.01
5 Venereal Diseases	2 2	***		2	***	1	3	4	3			3	1			1	10
Gonorrhoa, Stricture of Urethrif		***		2	***	1	2	3	3	***		3	1	***	***	1	9
6.—Septic Diseases	2		4	6			10	10	4	***	3	7			15	15	38
Fyamia, Septicaemia	1	***	3	1	***	***	5	5	4	***	2	6	***	***	5	5	16
Puerperal Fever			1	1			3	3	***		ï	1			6	6	11
I. Parasitic Diseases							1	1	2		1	2		1	,1	,	1
Hydatids	***	2			***		***	***	1	***		ĩ		***	1	1	4
Worms Other Animal Parasitical Diseases					**	***				***	****		***	***	ï	1	1
I minorition 1/15cases	***	***		***	***	***	1	1	1	444		1	***				2

L				1	ABLE	E	-coner	reserve.		15.141								
r	Tours of the last of the last of	1st	Quar	ter.	033	2nd	Quar	ter.	2 10	3rd	Quar	ter.		4th	Quar	ter.		Total
	Cause of Death.	Un- der 1	1 to	Over 5	Total	Un- der 1	1 to 5		Total	Un- ler 1	1 to 5	Over 5	Total	Un- der 1		Over 5	Total	for Year
ш	Starvation, Want of Breast Milk Scurvy Chronic Alcoholism, Delirium Trem,	4		8 8	12 4 8	1		8 8	9 1 8			6	6	2		12	14 2 12	41 7 34
IV	Constitutional Diseases Rheumatic Fever, & Rheum. of Heart Rheumatism Gout Rickets Cancer, Malignant Disease Gangren Tabes Mesenterica Tubercir Menigitis, Hydrocephalus Phthisis Other Tubercular and Scrofulous Dis Purpura, Hæmorrhagic Diathesis Anæmia, Chlorosis, Leucocythæmia Glycosuri, Diabetes Mellitus Other Constitutional Diseases	23 2 14 2 4 1 	20	208 5 7 5 53 5 3 118 2 2 1	24.9 57 55 66 58 51 13 126 1	31 2 -15 9 2 3 	50 1 6 25 15 2 	215 25 5 75 1 1 1 5 121 1 	296 1 2 5 2 76 1 22 39 138 6 	42 1 23 11 6 1 	23 1 4 7 9 2	206 5 2 3 77 5 1 6 99 1 3 4 	271 5 2 3 2 77 5 28 24 114 4 	23 	20 2 11 133 4	\$63 6 1 2 80 3 8 143 5 3 10 2	306 6 1 2 2 80 3 13 27 152 5 3 10 2	1122 17 12 15 12 15 12 291 14 81 103 530 16 9 19 3
V	Premature Birth Atelectasis Spina Bifida Cyanosis Congenital Malformations Old Age	1 4		67	120 42 6 1 4 67	48 34 5 1 4 4		47	95 34 5 1 4 4 47	52 44 2 1 1 4		44	96 44 2 1 1 4 44	56 49 2 1 	1	62	119 49 3 1 4 62	430 169 16 3 6 16 220
The transfer or the state of the	I. Local Diseases. I.—Diseases of Nervous System Inflammation of Brain or Membrane Apoplexy Softening of Brain Hemiplegia Brain Paralysis Insanity, Gent. Paralysis of the Insan Epilepsy Convulsions Laryngismus Stridulus, Paralysis Agitans Paralysis Agitans Paralysis of Spinal Cord Other Diseases of Nervous System 2.—Dis. of Organs of Special Sense Ear, Diseases of Eyes Nose	177 3	55 33 11 11 11	6 444 3 6 6 28 16 6 3 20 2 9 9 3 3 3	2 11 4 4 	20 1 17 2 1 1	16 10 3 1 2 3 3 	114 5 44 8 3 1 22 7 1 13 1 9 5 4	16 44 8 3 1 22 7 20 3 1 13 11 11 9 8	35 11 2 20 1 20 1 1 1 1 1	11 7 1 3 	101 3 37 3 4 22 9 1 11 14 7 4 4	21 40 3 4 :22 9 24 1 14 :8 5 5	29 6 20 1 1 1 1	11 7	3 41 5 8 1 23 10 1 20 7 1	160 16 41 5 8 1 23 10 23 2 1 21 7 2	70 169 19 21 2 95 42 83 12 6 6 69 10 32 18 17
	3.—Diseases of Circulatory System Endocarditis Valvular Diseases of Heart Pericarditis Other Diseases of the Heart Aneurism Embolism, Thrombosis Other Diseases of Blood Vessels 4.—Diseases of Respiratory Syst's Croup Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia Pleurisy Emphysema Asthma Other Diseases of Respiratory Organ	1 1 2 2 n 88 1 1 43 44	85 85 8 2 29 46	1 27 2 86 8 8 161 1 1 94 55 1 1	1 28 2 87 8 2 334 10 2 166 145 1	3 50 1 1 24 24 	45 3 10 31	84 1 15 2 58 6 2 105 1 42 43 8 2 2 5 6	87 1 15 2 61 62 200 5 2 76 98 8 2 2 7	2 1 1 25 12 12 12 	20 1 3 16	102 19 26 76 1 2 1 62 2 27 28 2 27 28 2	104 19 27 77 1 2 2 107 3 :::42 56 2 ::13	1 1 116 4 62 49 	1 1 65 5 2 20 37 1 	111 22 7 73 4 2 175 65 4 8 1	113 23 7 74 4 2 356 8 177 151 4 8 1	432 6 85 13 299 19 6 4 997 24 12 461 450 12 6 19 13

		1	st Q	uar	ter.	mitn	2nd	Qua	rter.		3rd	Qua	rter.		4th	Quar	ter.		T
	Causes of Death.	Ui			Over	Total	Uu-	1 to	Over	Total	Up	1 10	Over	Total			-	[otal]	To:
not have	Marie Control of	der	1	5	5		der 1	5	5		der 1		5		der 1	1 to	5		Yes
SI	Diseases of Digestive Syste	m 1	8	9	00	100	1.0		1 30						Sec. 17	2000			
Sor	e Throat Onlynn	***	5	4	62	89	18	7 3	39	64	61	9	59	129	18	18	62	98 3	38
Dis	cases of Stomach		4	***			1		***	10		4	2	11 2	6	5		11	41
@as	tritis	fav.	8	1	9	10	5	1	5	6	2		8	10	2 7		10	12	38
Peri	tonitis	**	2	2	3	7	1	1	2 3	8 5	42	5	6	53	7	6	4	17	89
Her	nia	***	1	1	5	7		2	3 1	5		***	7	6 7	2	1	11	5 12	23
Etric	ture of Intestina	110			3	1 3	1	***	4 2	5 2	1	***	2	7 3	***		2	2	31
Asci							***				***	***	2	2	***	***	2	2	- 9
Cirr	hoele of There	**			6	7	2		2	4	3	***	7	10	ï	ï	5	7	28
Othe	r Diseases of Liver		100		20	20	***	***	9	9	***	***	13	13	***	***	1	1	1
				1	7 6	8		***	7	7	***	***	9	9	***	1	15		57
0 - D	SARSAS Of Tyronhadi-			-	0	0	1	***	2	3	1	***	1	2	***	2	3		29
	Pusacios and of Spicen	000	1 30	**	-7.	**	***	1	***	1	***	100							1
7Di	seases of Glandlike Organ Uncertain Use	18		60		-	179	199	211	4	***	***	***		***	***			î
Bron	chocele		1.		1	1							4		101140	alar se			
	The state of the s			**	ï	"	-	***	***	***	***	***	î	1	***	***	2	2	4
0D1	Seage of Illinous a			-	35	20	***	***			***	***	***		***	***	il	î	2
Bright	t's Dispass Alban .		1 3	7010	10	36	1	7 000	37 1	38	***		32	33	1	3	2 3	3 14	
Disea	se of Blad ton		1	1	17	18	***	***	15	12	***	1	11 10	12	1		10	11 4	45
Disea	ise of Prostate		1		3	3	***	***	6	6		***	5	10	***		6 1		55 20
	ene, ormary Syster	n .	1		5	5	ï	***	3	4						***	2		3
BDi	s. of Re-productive System	1	1 3		11	11	601	19	7		***	***	6		100 La	20	2	2 1	17
Male	Of Organs of Generation.	117	1.0	1			***	***	1	7	***	***	8	8	***	1	1 1	1 3	7
A CHILD	de Organs of Generation	1			4	4	***				***								
B	-UT Partnrition		***			1	***	***	4	4			4	0.1					16
	ion, Miscarriage		***			***	V.12		1	1						AR IN	2		
Place	nta Previa, Flooding Accidents of Childbirth	1		1	ï	1		***	1	4							1		3
40 D	Accidents of Childbirth	***	***		6	6 1	6000		il	1 1		**	3	3			1 1	1 1	4
	seases of Bones and Joints Necrosis		1	1	0 :	11		1	6	7	20 7	1						3 13	
Arthr	itis, Ostitis, Periostitis	-01	1		3 5	5		1	1	2			7 4	5		6	3 6		
Other	Diseases of Bones and Joints	***	***		il	1	75 4 5	**	1	11.		1	2	2]		10	
plume	Discuses	***	***		1	1 .		*					1	- 1		. 1	1	7	7
Carbu	s, of Integumentary System	5	***		5 1	0	1 .		6 .	4	0		_	5				2	
a mile	MANUAL STATE SALESSANDERS	***	***				. 8							0	1			100	1
CHARACTE	GOD THE THE PARTY PARTY NAMED IN COLUMN TO THE PARTY NAMED IN COLUMN TO TH	1		1			ï				W 14 S								
Other	Dis. of Integumentary System	4				01	7 7			3 1	i		2	2	1		1	7	
VII. Viole	onee		125	1	1	1	1	1	1	-			-	01	1 0	. 2	1 3	19	
1Acc	ident or Negligence	15	7	40			9 3	3 30				2	7 3	7 18	9 -	29	1 55	land	-
Fractu	re and Contusion	2	7 3	28	3 4	8 19	9	3 2	4 1	7			1 34	1 18		23	55		
Cut, St	ab	***		9.0	0.8	2	23 3	7 1 6			2 2 2				1 1000	3 13	16	80	
SOUTH IN ST	nd Scard	ï	3	1.	1 .	8											***		
7.0100011	X44-34-54 \$14-14-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4						000		1 3		1 7 7		2	3 .1		7	10	24	
WASHINGTON OF	ingtion	10				1								Lar.	17 17 27		i	2	
CHICK	190	10	1	1					19					17	1	1 2	20	58	
2Hom	ricide	2			1 0				3	1	1	1	3 3		1	***	1	6	
MARISIA	ugliter	***														1	2	4	
3Snic	ide	2	***	***	1 2			1	1000	1		1			a design	1	2	2	
or out		***	See of	12	12			8	8	1		3	3		100	- K		2	1
III. Deat	hs from Ill-defined Causes	erm	-1	13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	5	28	1
Propsy	service traces decreased	57	9	1	67	54	9	2	65	68	1		69	64	1	1	00	loom	
ARACHITUE:	FIRE C.	***	2.0	1	1	1	1	1	1	***				1		1	66	267	
CHARGE LANGERS	us and Atrophy	18	1		19	23	1 6	1	24	6	1	***	6	21	***		***	1	
T1191111111	All the second s	23	4 2		27	22	6	1	29	39	1		40	30	1	***	30	70 126	
	DURLII	1772	1	13	10	1	1	1 2.0	10	22	-		22	13	1		14	64	
PUREL BURGLE	ses not specified or ill-defined		-					2000			Seaso		1						

TABLE F.

Showing the deaths since 1882 from the several diseases specified, under and above five years of age, and the total number of deaths, with death-rate per 1,000.

Year.	Population in the middle of the year.	Ages.	Deaths from the principal diseases of a Zymotic nature.*	Deaths from Tubercular Diseases.	Deaths from Diseases of the Respiratory Organs.	Deaths from Diarrheea.	Deaths from Diseases of the Digestive Organs,	Deaths from Violence.	Total Deaths.	Death Rate per 1,000.
† 1882	2 287,191	under 5 years above 5 ,,	Total. 580) 739	Total. 236 753	Total. 530 1,146	Total. 137) 149	Total. 53 248	Total. 65 126	5,264.	18:3
† 1888	290,711	under 5 years above 5 ,,	385 536 151 536	269 567 836	522 566 1,088	149 13 162	45 227 182 227	53 104	5,140	17.6
† 1884	294,267	under 5 years above 5 ,,	502 181 683	$\begin{bmatrix} 313 \\ 522 \end{bmatrix}$ 835	465) 513) 978	247 19} 266	43 231 274	71 58 129	5,229	17.7
† 1888	297,867	under 5 years above 5 ,,	592 157 749	217) 489) 706	530 667 1,197	$172 \\ 19$ 191	36 232 268	55 102	5,323	17.8
† 1886	801,512	under 5 years above 5 ,,	313 83 396	$ \begin{array}{c} 292 \\ 480 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 772 \end{array} $	495 706} 1,201	291) 307 16) 307	49 182 231	57 70} 127	5,159	17.1
† 1887	305,112	under 5 years above 5 ,	593 94 687	252) 473) 725	492 677 1,169	275) 16) 291	69 177} 246	64 122 58	5,400	17.6
† 1888	308,936	under 5 years above 5 ,,	411 104 515	218 453 671	442 598 1,040	131 15} 146	62 191 258	54 115	4,864	15.7
† 1889	312,713	under 5 years above 5 ,,	326 99} 425	194 } 702	395) 575) 970	157 13 170	67 183 250	60 120	4,752	15-1
† 1890	316,543	under 5 years above 5 ,,	416 80} 496	260 525 785	569 837 1,406	$154 \\ 15$ 169	82) 168) 250	73 93 166	5,718	18.0
† 1891	320,418	under 5 years above 5 ,,	486) 101) 587	207) 510) 717	$624 \\ 852$ 1,476	131 15} 146	82 181 263	65 68 133	5,857	18-2
† 1892	324,339	under 5 years above 5 ,,	378 103 481	198) 479) 677	509 792} 1,301	$\begin{pmatrix} 143 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}$ 156	88 182} 270	71 68 } 139	5,685	17.5
1873	328,303	under 5 years above 5 ,,	466 168 634	224) 758 584) 758	$ \begin{array}{c} 452 \\ 861 \end{array} $ 1,313	223 14 237	136) 243) 379	84 122 206	6,391	19.4
1894	331,901	under 5 years above 5 ,,	547 156 } 703	176 497 } 673	420 \ 973	84 9 93	131 199 } 330	78 95 } 173	5,263	15.85
1895	335,932	under 5 years above 5 ,,	341 109 } 450	$240 \atop 523$ 763	$\begin{pmatrix} 461 \\ 670 \end{pmatrix}$ 1,131	$172 \\ 16$ 188	168 221 } 389	76) 191	5,760	17:14
1896	337,661	under 5 years above 5 ,,	693 } 875	$218 \atop 512$ 730	494 } 997	$\begin{pmatrix} 141 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$ 153	$\frac{158}{222}$ 380	80 206	5,884	17.09

^{*} This includes Small-Pox, Measles, Scarlatina, Typhoid Fever, Diphtheria and Whooping Cough. † The deaths in these years do not include those of residents occurring in outlying institutions.

Table G.

Deaths of Residents in Public Institutions outside Islington distributed to their respective Sub-Registration Districts.

Sub-Registration	Fir	st Quart	er.	Sec	ond Qua	rter.	This	rd Quar	ter.	For	irth Qua	rter.	V	Whole Ye	ar.
Districts.	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
FOR'DEC SPONS OF		N= 91		133	i.	988			- 118			E.	RI	112 6	180
Upper Holloway	30	22	52	15	17	32	19	7	26	26	13	39	90	59	149
South West Islington	36	20	56	38	37	75	44	21	65	45	28	73	163	106	269
South East Islington	21	24	45	16	20	36	24	13	37	21	19	40	82	76	158
Highbury	9	11	20	13	6	19	12	10	22	8	13	21	42	40	82
284,287 shore 2 year		T. 68		212	92	282	918		208		10 2	1	28	130	5,22
The Parish	96	77	173	82	80	162	99	51	150	100	73	173	377	281	658

TABLE H. (Local Government Board Return.)

Deaths during the year 1896 in the Metropolitan Sanitary District of Islington, classified according to Diseases, Ages and Localities.

Dates -		MORTA		FROM A		USES AT	r	3	IORT	ALIT	YFR	om s	UBJO	OINED (CAUS	ES DI	ISTIN	GUIS	HING	DE	ATHS	OF CH	HLDI	RENT	INDER	Five	YE	ARS O	FAGE	
-12-2-2-2-2					1	1	-	100	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Sub-Districts.	At all	Under	and and	5 and	15 and	25 and under	65 and	F. S			-	an		Fi	VER	s.									nia.					
mapak	ages.	year.	5.	15.	25.		wards		Small Pox.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria	Membranous Croup.	Typhus.	Enteric or Typhold.	Continued	Relapsing.	Puerperal.	Cholera.	Erysipelas.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Diarrhora and Dysentery.	Rheumatic Fever.	Phthisis.	Bronchitis, Pneumoni and Pleuri	Heart Disease.	Influenza.	Injuries.	All Other Diseases.	TOTAL.
Upper Holloway	1,603	395	276	84	57	489	302	Under 5		7 10	57 29			2 11			1		1 5	46	83	47	4	10	130 112	2 135	7	19 35	267 455	932
Islington, South West	2,099	561	388	106	77	638	329	Under 5		9	62	6			1		6		1 2	137	62	46	5	20 184	190 166	1 128			385 543	949
Islington, South East	1,185	288	213	50	54	375	205	Under 5 5 upwds		9	22	1		8			4		2	53	48	26	4	13	88 90	4 84	2	20	213	501 684
Highbury	997	246	131	37	40	310	233	Under 5 5 upwds		8 2	20	2		2 *					1 3	26 4	29	22	1 3	6 72	55 92	4 74		15 19	176 315	-
· Totals * 5	5,884	1,490	1,008	277	228	1,812	1,069	Under 5 5 upwds		33 1	112	9 1		4 42	1		11		5	272		141	1 16		463 460	11 421	5 28		1,041	100000
			T	ie subj	oined r	aumber	s have	also to t	e tal	ken i	nto	iccor	int i	n judg	ing	of the	e abo	ve re	ecord	s of	mort	tality.								
Deaths occurring outside the district among persons belonging there-		-	2.201		- I		***	Under 5	The	ese d	eath:	s are	inel	uded i	n ab	ove t	otal.	200	du yr	V. TK	2 10	apost apost	ren Gra		MOVE OF	N L S	Trans.	L THE	HOM	11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1
Deaths occurring with- n the district among persons not belonging thereto.	523	38	32	20	26	329	10	Under 5 Supwds		2 5	0			3			D		2	5 1	3	2 2	1	7 126	14 94	1 37		1 22	30	72 451

^{*} These totals include Deaths of Residents occurring in Public Institutions in the District.

TABLE I. (Local Government Board Return.)

Table of Population, Births, and of New Cases of Infectious sickness coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health, during the year 1896, in the Metropolitan Sanitary District of Islington; classified according to Diseases, Ages and Localities.

sails seruring our	POPULA ALL				NE	W CAS	WLEI	FSI	OF T	HE MI	EACE	H LO	CALI	TY,	COMI F HE	EALT	ro H,	THI	SEV	ERA	r ro	CALL	TIES 1	FOR S	CREA	TME	NT I	n Iso	DLAI	LIOM
			pa .	Aged	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Sub-Districts.	Census	Esti- mated to	Registered Births.	under 5 or over 5.	x.	na.	ria.	snor		FE	VERS			n.	las.	7		- CXC	Da.	ria.	snons.	10	F	VERS			n.	las,	61	10
Report	1891.	middle of 1896.	H	and a	Smallpox.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membrano Croup.	Typhus	Enteric or Typhoid.	Continued	Relapsing.	Puerperal.	Chiblen	Erysipelas		100	Smallpox.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Typhus.	Enteric or Typhoid.	Continued	Relapsing.	Puerperal.	Cholen	Erysipelas	30	82
Upper Holloway	90,235	98,682	2,929	Under 5		144 468	152	6		5 50									74 271				2 15					1 10		99
Islington, South West	105,557	107,457	3,390	Under 5		142 375			2.	8 83									84 245		3		5 46			1		1 13	- C.	
Islington, South East	64,158	66,671	1,893	Under 5		156 385	64		III.										113									7		51 51
Highbury	59,193	64,851	1,709	Under 5		84 273	44 89			7 38	120							100	44 156				3 15	100			M	1 5		1 3
Public Institutions		7.	2 1	Under 5		4	2			3			2		000		2200		4	2			1							115
Totals	319,143	337,661	9,921	Under 5 5 upwds		529 1,505				21 208	1					12	,013				3	1	10 91					3 42	1	5,31

TABLE J.

Summary of Sanitary Work from Inspectors' Reports, from 30th December, 1895, to 2nd January, 1897.

		21000	00	orewe	wi y,	100						55			
APALICA ON NO.						D	IST	RICT	s.			-			Totals.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	To
Number of Houses inspected	364									774					7645
Re-inspections, Calls made, &c Visits to Bakehouses		3474			2622		3870		3714	4675	5446	1609	5374	5051	56810
Do. Cowhouses	3	.:		2				-:	24	2	5	2	21	7	68
Do. Slaughter-houses	8			16		1		6				8	9	4	115
Do. Stables and Yards	100	10	**	14	ME 181	**		12	110	2	46	15	1184	979	2380
Do. Factories and Workshops		1.		6.0						3.	11				
Do. Fields, Lanes, &c	1									100					
Do. Factories, Horse Slaughter-										F. Carlot					
houses, Piggeries, &c., Bell Isle Do. Under Sale of Food and Drugs					**				9		**	**			3
Acts	60	47	68	55	55	200	54	53	49	62	59	61	67	79	769
Dust Removals Ordered		**							15				**		
Registered Lodging Houses					**							3.			
Total Inspections, &c	4662	4367	4044	3760	2999	3891	4147	4635	4396	5538	6372	5134	7263	6593	67801
1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		- 100	1	-	-		-	
Drains-		-					-				-				
Constructed	145	148	74	147	56	107	112	137	149	85	120	180	154	76	1690
Improved or repaired	79					34		41						28	1167
Traps fixed	654	328	480	576	432	416	631	650	671	457	838	595	884	402	8014
Abolished	2			1					10	1	1	15	1	1	32
Cleansed or disinfected	-		77		-					12		1			1
Privies and Water Closets—	200	004	000	000	0.5	1.40	171	010	00	0.0	110				
Pan, trap and water supply furnished Pan and trap only furnished	-292 7	224 78	222	232 56		146								38	2222
Water supply furnished	18		14			44									
Dust Bins—			20			-	-			1	2200				The same
Repaired and Covers adapted	73		33		34	59 42	29		-						-225
Surface Drains and Pavements of		0	10	1	- "	14	-	,	00	7	110	20	11	12	204
Yards—															
Constructed	100	15	140	42	1	55	41	258	59						
General Water—	128	127	148	88	44	76	0	48	164	45	133	131	186	96	1417
New receptacles provided	136	248	4	1	4	11	8	12		5		9	76	2	534
Receptacles repaired and cleansed	8	12	81	7	9	8	6	95							
Water supply provided Other improvements—	14	6	43	18	21	39	15	26	50	118	77	28	65	66	586
Houses generally repaired	7	41	12	49	1	9	1	22	176	29	6	54	34	2	443
Do. &c., cleansed or limewashed	2	79	3	52	2	1	4	21		17	75	72	95	14	437
Do. ventilated Overcrowding abated	1	236	173	110		10	1 2	14	171						1673
Illegal use of underground Rooms for	3			1		0	2	4	0	5	14	19	3		66
sleeping discontinued	2					3	1		3	1	1	24	2	2	39
Other Amendments, or Nuisances abated	and the same of th	545	554	100	074	2.0	100	1005	400	400	***	1105	1705	mac	0450
Rooms disinfected	200	545	554 120	409 150	274 133	13 218		1087							8459 2432
						_	-				_	_			
Total Improvements	2157	2277	2092	2275	1195	1311	1379	3021	2772	2585	3370	3261	4534	2089	34318
Total Premises Improved	474	440	290	443	249	365	320	397	548	559	793	548	1194	457	7077
- Inprovou.	*1.3(110	200	220	230	000	020	001	010	000	100	010	1101	2011	1011

TABLE K.
Summary of Applications for Removal of Dust, from 30th December, 1895, to 4th January 1897.

Ward.	Three Months ending 28th Mar., 1896.	Three Months ending 27th June, 1896.	Three Months ending 26th Sept., 1896.	Three Months ending 4th Jan., 1897.	Total during Twelve Months.	Number of Assessments 25th December, 1895.	Number of Applications to every :60 Assessments.	
1	8	8	3	3	22	4,249	0.518	
2	4	4	6	5	19	4,518	0.420	
3	5	5	4	7	21	4,234	0.496	
4	4	11	2	j	18	4,906	0.367	
5	6	17	4	9	36	5,509	0.653	
6	10	14	15	3	42	4,124	1.018	
7	9	6	4	5	24	3,930	0.611	
8	5	_	1	4	10	2,683	0.373	
9	3	7	4	10	24	2,576	0.932	
10	3	5	3	1	12	3,436	0.349	
11	2	7	3	3	15	4,488	0.334	
			122		-		7 7 6	1 0
Totals	59	84	49	51	243	44,717	0.543	
On Sanitary Inspectors' Reports	- 1	1		1	2			
Total Applications	59	85	49	52	245			



WATER ANALYSIS.

In the following tables I state the analyses (made monthly) of the New River Company's Water recorded during the year.

TABLE L.

ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN FROM THE WORKS OF THE COMPANY.

1896.	Total Solid Matter.	Chlorine.	Equal to Chloride of Sodium.	Nitrogen as Nitrates.	Nitrogen as Ammonia.	Oxygen required to oxidise Organic Matter.	Degree of Hardness.	Degree after boiling 4 of an hour.	Organic Carbon.	Organic Nitrogen.
January February March April May June July August September . October November	23·80 26·00 22·60 21·20 20·60 20·60 19·20 21·20 21·40 23·60 24·00	1·224 1·224 1·224 1·296 1·296 1·296 1·368 1·296 1·368 1·368	2·006 2·006 2·124 2·124 2·124 2·124 2·242 2·124 2·242 2·242 2·242 2·124 2·124	0·264 0·256 0·220 0·190 0·130 0·113 0·120 0·088 0·127 0·186 0·231 0·232	0.000	0.041 0.023 0.015 0.019 0.015 0.015 0.012 0.011 0.004 0.030 0.018 0.020	17·79 17·16 18·00 16·52 16·52 17·58 15·05 15·68 15·47 18·63 18·63 18·22	4·50 4·69 4·69 4·80 4·80 4·50 3·99 4·50 3·99 5·50 4·59 4·99		
Average	21.00	1.296	2.124	0.179	0-000	0.018	17:10	4.63	LIBERT OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	

TABLE M.

ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN FROM THE MAINS OF THE COMPANY.

1896.	Total Solid Matter.	Chlorine.	Equal to Chloride of Sodium.	Nitrogen as Nitrates.	Nitrogen as Ammonia.	Oxygen required to oxidise Organic Matter.	Degree of Hardness.	Degree after boiling ‡ of an hour.	Organic Carbon.	Organic Nitrogen.
January February March April May June July August September Cctober November December		1·314 1·272 1·224 1·224 1·296 1·350 1·368 1·242 1·295 1·278 1·224 1·314	2·153 2·085 2·006 2·006 2·124 2·212 2·242 2·035 2·124 2·094 2·006 2·153	0·237 0·233 0·240 0·222 0·198 0·161 0·213 0·185 0·208 0·213 0·250 0·242	0.000	0·029 0·018 0·024 0·016 0·011 0·019 0·016 0·011 0·022 0·033 0·021 0·039	17·47 17·72 17·47 16·95 16·84 17·05 16·05 15·42 15·61 17·37 18·79 18·27		0·074 0·040 0·056 0·041 0·034 0·037 0·027 0·026 0·032 0·086 0 066 0 099	0·011 0 008 0·009 0·006 0·007 0·005 0·005 0·007 0·011 0·010
Average		1.283	2.103	0.217	0.000	0.021	17:08		0.051	0.008

TABLE N.

INDEX OF CONTENTS TO QUARTERLY REPORTS, 1896.

SUBJECT.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.
NAME .	Payes.	Pages.	Pages.	Pages.
Adulteration of Food	48, 50	54, 56, 57	56, 57	48, 51
Anti-toxin treatment in cases of Diphtheria		7	12.3	
Appointment of additional Clerk and a		by golden B	THEORDING SE	
Messenger	b habren	T TO WESTER TO	manage / 1 m	43
Births	8, 55	5	5	6
Cancer	TARRETT	31	**	**
Continued Fever		38, 69, 70	. 31	
Deaths—All Causes	8, 55, 58	6, 62, 65	6, 54. 67	7, 58, 61
,, in Upper Holloway	55, 58	62, 65	64, 67	58, 61
,, in Islington, South-west	55, 58	62, 65	64, 67	58, 61
,, in Islington, South-east	55, 58	62, 65	64, 67	58, 61
,, in Highbury	55, 58	62, 65	64, 67	58, 61
,, in Public Institutions	57	12, 64	13, 14, 66	14, 00
,, from Zymotic Diseases	13, 56	14, 63	15, 65	16, 59
,, from Respiratory Diseases	00 00 50	07.00	00 00	10
Diarrhoea	26, 32, 56		29, 65	10, 59
Diphtheria		23, 35, 63, 69, 70	23,40,44,65,71,72	19, 27
Disinfection	38	41	12	0.4
Disinfecting Station	39	0 0419	47	34
Disinfecting Vans, Additional		New A	48	disease.
Disinfectants 30	44	**	***	200
Just Shoots	083	00 00 00 00 00	49	01 00 50 05 0
		27, 37, 63, 69, 70		21,28,59,65,60
Crysipelas	32, 62, 63		42, 71, 72	29, 65, 66
atality	29	40	43, 44	29
emale Sanitary Inspector, work of	40	51	52	45
as Supply	65	72	74	68
louses Let in Lodgings	42	53	55	47
Iospital Treatment	**	39	43, 46	32
nfantile Mortality	29	**	11	13
nfluenza	26	28	34	23
nfectious Diseases treated in Hospital	29	0 1229 8	EL OLE	and the same
nfective State of Patients discharged from				
Hospitals of Metropolitan Asylums		10		
Board	/ GOODST	42		10.00
Ieasles	13, 56	16,63	17, 65	17, 59
Iortuary and Coroner's Court	50	60	61	56
Iargacine Act		54	**	10 10
Iortuary Keeper, Death of	90	21 00 00	*** *** ***	42, 43
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