Sheep dipping paste: directions.

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DIRECTIONS,-Read carefully and only use at strength recommended

MIXING .- Use pond or rain water, the softer the water the better. First fill the bath with the required quantity of water, according to the number of packages you are going to use, carefully measure the water. Take a bucket, pour a little water into it just sufficient to cover the bottom, take off paper cover and place the block of paste into bucket, with flat piece of wood crush it down thoroughly, then add a little more water and stir into a thick cream, empty this steadily into bath seeing that no unmixed paste is put in, repeat this with each package until the required quantity is mixed. If through frost or other causes the paste is hard, place block in bucket, cover with water, and soak for a few minutes, it will soon crush down. leaving the bath. It is important to keep the bath well stirred just before beginning to dip and occasionally during the dipping, especially after any stoppage. Don't choke the sheep.

Dipping for Sheep Scab and under the Sheep Scab and Sheep Dipping Orders of the Minister or regulations of a Local Authority thereunder. (See end panel for official instructions).- This package contains sufficient SHEEP DIPPING PASTE to make 20 gallons of hand or swim bath. The sheep should be kept in the bath at least one minute by the watch and on the move, so that the liquid can The heads of the sheep should be completely immersed just before leaving Un-weaned lambs must be kept from the ewes for 2 or 3 hours after dipping. With the surplus liquid all posts, hurdles, &c., must be disinfected.

It is advisable that the sheep do not return to the same scabby parts from whence they

came, if it can be avoided, scab being very contagious, c'ean fresh the ture greatly assists.

FOR ORDINARY DIPFING. TO KILL TIOKS, KEDS, LICE, and prevent the fly striking.—20 gallons of water which package. Keep the sheep in the bath a full minute by the trates. See that the head is kept above the liquid, but when taking the animal out let the dipper rub some liquid on the head.

The sheep should not be turned on to any herbage until they are thoroughly drained.

Dip on a fine day, but the sheep should not be heated or thirsty.

WHEN USING THE SWIM BATH FOR ORDINARY DIPPING.

-25 gallons of water instead of 20 gallons to each package. Keep the sheep moving about in the bath for one minute by the watch, and plunge the head under before leaving the bath. Don't choke the sheep, let them breathe freely.

HAND-POURING OR BOTTLING .- To the contents of this package add 10 gallons of water to make a solution correct strength for pouring. Apply with can or bottle until the fleece is thoroughly saturated, stir and well shake up the mixture."

This dip is of a poisonous nature, so care should be taken that all buckets, &c., used for mixing are thoroughly sed. The wrappers should be destroyed. If the above directions are followed there is no danger in using this preparation. The sheep should not be dipped when in an over-heated state, or if affected by scour, &c. Cut or wounded sheep should not be dipped. If it is very cold weather, a little hot water should be added to the bath at each mixing, but the bath must never be more than new milk warm.

Take care the sheep are well drained before leaving the draining pens, and on no account let them drip upon any herbage that may be in proximity to the bath. If rain falls during the process, the sheep should not return to their pasture until they have ceased dripping. Dip in fine weather, if possible, so that the fleece is allowed to

get dry, this makes the effects of the dipping more lasting.

The men should see their hands are free from sores or wounds when dipping, and should cleanse their clothing

and person after dipping. Keep rinsing the hands and arms in cold water if they are tender or the weather hot.

This DIP makes a soft bath and does not leave the wool harsh and dry, it is also a good disinfectant and gives a fresh healthy smell to the animals. Some of the parasites may be found alive when the sheep are taken out of the bath, but all insects will be dead within a few days of dipping, also their deposits, which is a very important matter as to the lasting qualities of any sheep dip.

This DIP must not be used as a salve, or in any other way than directed. It is only suitable for sheep and lambs, no other animals. Contains Poison