Astronomy: a diagram showing how to determine latitude. Coloured engraving by J. Emslie, 1851, after himself.

## Contributors

Emslie, John, 1813-1875.

## **Publication/Creation**

London (174 Strand) : J. Reynolds.

## **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/z2jdwwzg

## License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org



In this Diagram the size of the Earth has necessarily been exaggerated; but supposing it had been drawn to scale, the distance to the nearest fixed star, in order to be proportionate to its size on the Diagram, would be no less than 44,000 statute miles. The Earth, therefore, is as a mere speck in the Universe, and for all practical purposes the lines L H, L N, and L S, must be assumed as parallel, or identical with, L'H, U/N, and L'S. In order to find the Latitude of the place L on the Diagram, three methods may be employed. 1st—Observe distance between the Horizon (H) and the North Pole Star (N), and the angle N L'H (N L H) will indicate the latitude desired, viz. 53°. Instead of the Pole Star, any other Fixed Star, the distance of

which from the Pole is known, may be made use of. 2nd.—Observe distance between the Zenith (Z) of L, and the Celestial Pole (N \. The angle N L' Z (N L Z) substracted from 90° (N L' Horizon), will give the desired latitude, viz. 53°. 3rd.—We are acquainted with the daily declination of the Sun at noon, that is, his distance from the Equator, North or South. On the 21st June this declination is 23% North: if we observe on that day the distance of the Sun from the Zenith (Z) of L, we obtain the angle Z L'S Z L S) equal to 29% to which must be added 23% the known northern declination of the Sun, in order to obtain the desired latitude, viz. 53°.

London: James Reynolds, 174, Strand; G. Musgrave , Jurnham Green. W.